



## Joyful View Subdivision Final Drainage Report

December 2023

HR Green Project No: 2202179

PCD File No. SF2231

#### **Prepared For:**

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## Engineer's Statement

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors omissions on my part in preparing this report.

		Please stamp and sign
Colleen Monahan, PE, LEED AP	Date	
State of Colorado No.		
For and on behalf of HR Green Develop	ment, LLC	
Developer's Statement		
I, the developer, have read and will comp	ply with all of the requir	ements specified in this drainage report and plan.
Authorized Signature		Date
Kevin O'Neil	PO Box 1385,	Colorado Springs, CO 80901
Printed Name	Address	
El Paso County Certificat	ion	
•	ts of the Drainage Crite	eria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County mended.
Joshua Palmer, P.E.		Date
County Engineer/ECM Administrator		
Conditions:		



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## I. General Purpose, Location and Description

#### a. Purpose

The purpose of this Final Drainage Report (FDR) for Joyful View Subdivision is to describe the onsite and offsite drainage patterns and impacts on downstream facilities. This report is based on the guidelines and criteria presented in El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual and is intended to fulfill the requirements for a Final Drainage Report in support of the Final Plat process for this property.

#### b. Location

Joyful View Subdivision, referred to as 'the site' herein, is a proposed 9-lot rural single-family residential subdivision located in El Paso County, Colorado. The site lies within a portion of the southern half of Section 33, Township 13 South, Range 63 West of the 6th Principal meridian in El Paso County, Colorado. The site is approximately 70.18 acres located approximately 600 feet east of North Peyton Hwy and approximately 2.0 miles north of SH94. The parcel #'s are 3300000466 and 3300000467 and they are currently unplatted Grand View Subdivision Tracts 2 and 3. A vicinity map is presented in Appendix A.

#### c. Description of Property

The site is currently undeveloped land with existing vegetation consisting of native grasses. The property is zoned RR-5 (rural residential), allowing for 5-acre minimum lot sizes, and the proposed subdivision is fully in conformance with the existing zoning for the site. The development will plat 9 single family residential lots with access to the lots off of a proposed private local gravel cul-de-sac (Ellas Way) extending from a proposed private local gravel road connection (Joyful View) to North Peyton Hwy within an existing 30-ft access easement. North Peyton Hwy is an improved, asphalt paved public road (2-lane Major Collector) located approximately 600 feet west of the proposed Ellas Way cul-de-sac road entrance. The site is bordered by other RR-5 zoned rural residential properties on all sides.

The site is located in the Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin. Flows from the site generally sheet flow southeasterly into unnamed tributary that traverses the south part of the site and into the Haegler Channel which is tributary to the West Fork of Black Squirrel Creek. The onsite elevations range from 6270' – 6243' with slopes ranging 1-2%, and up to 10% at the unnamed tributary.

There is an above-ground electric line that runs along the northern property line of the site. There are no existing irrigation facilities, major utilities, or significant encumbrances impacting the site.

Water for the site will be from individual wells. Wastewater service will be provided by On Site Wastewater Treatment (OSWT).

Per a NRCS soil survey, the site's soil is comprised of Blakeland Loamy Sand (8) which has a Hydrologic Soil Group A, and Blendon Sandy Loams (10) with a Hydrologic Soil Group B. The NRCS soil survey is presented in Appendix A.

#### d. Floodplain Statement

A portion of the south side of the site is located within a designated FEMA 100-year floodplain Zone AE according to the information published in the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Plan Map No. 08041C0805G, dated December 7, 2018 and LOMR #20-08-0369P-080059 dated February 16, 2021. Base flood elevations are provided and shown on Drainage Maps in Appendix D. See Firmette exhibit in Appendix A.





## II. Drainage Basins and Subbasins

#### a. Major Basin Description

The site is located within the Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin. Drainage from this site flows to existing natural drainage channels draining southeasterly. There is an existing Drainage Basin Planning Study (DBPS) on file for this drainage basin that studied the site's drainage characteristics:

1. "Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study" prepared by URS, May 2009, File No. MP091.

Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin is a 16.6 square mile watershed located in El Paso County. The basin is tributary to Black Squirrel Creek and is generally located north of the Town of Falcon, and bound by just past Eastonville Road to the west, McDaniels Road to the East.

The DBPS identified no improvements needed in the project site area. No significant impact is anticipated within the Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin from the Joyful View Subdivision.

#### b. Subbasin Description

The existing 70.18-acre site is currently undeveloped. An existing dirt drive is located off N. Peyton Hwy along the north side of the westerly adjacent Tract 1 Grand View Estates III to service an existing home within that tract. A 30-foot travel easement is located along the north property line of the adjacent Tract 1 and Tracts 2 and 3, but currently no road exists within Tracts 2 and 3. The existing drainage basins lying in and around the proposed development are on the existing Drainage Map DR-1 in Appendix D. The property has been delineated as three on-site developed drainage basins (EX1-EX3) flowing to existing drainage channels along the southeast side of the property.

The site is impacted by off-site drainage areas on the west, south and north sides of the property (OS1-OS3). OS1 flows affect a culvert under the proposed Joyful View at the intersection of N. Peyton Highway. OS2 affects a culvert that will also be under proposed Joyful View near the intersection of proposed Ellas Way.

Developed runoff in this subdivision will continue to follow historic paths.

## III. Drainage Design Criteria

#### a. Drainage Criteria

Hydrologic data and calculations were performed using Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1 of El Paso County (EPCDCM), with County adopted Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual (CCSDCM), May 2014 revised January 2021.

Onsite drainage improvements are designed for the 5-year storm (minor event) and 100-year storm (major event) using rainfall values from EPCDCM Table 6-2 below. Runoff was calculated per CCSDCM Section 6.3.0 - Rational Method.



Table 6-2: Rainfall Depths for El Paso County		
Return Period (yr)	5	100
1-hr Rainfall Depth (in)	1.50	2.52

5-year and 100-year runoff coefficients are as follows (source: Table 6-6: Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method, UDFCD 2001).

Undeveloped, Pasture/Meadow Areas: C5: 0.09 C100: 0.36

Developed, Proposed Building/Pavement areas: C5: 0.90 C100: 0.96

Refer to composite runoff coefficient calculations in Appendix B.

Hydrologic calculations can be found in Appendix B, and peak design flows are identified on the drainage plan drawings.

The private full spectrum sand filter basin is designed per the EPCDCM criteria using the Mile High Flood District UD-Detention Spreadsheet.

Culverts were sized per the methods described in EPCDCM Volume 1 Section III Chapter 9- Culvert Design. Swales were sized per Chapter 10- Open Channels and Structures. Culvert and swale calculations can be found in Appendix C.

## IV. Drainage Planning Four Step Process

El Paso County Drainage Criteria require drainage planning to include a Four Step Process for receiving water protection that focuses on reducing runoff volumes, treating the water quality capture volume (WQCV), stabilizing drainageways, and implementing long-term source controls. As stated in DCM Volume 2, the Four Step Process is applicable to all new and re- development projects with construction activities that disturb 1 acre or greater or that disturb less than 1 acre but are part of a larger common plan of development. This project disturbs more than 1 acre. The Four Step Process has been implemented as follows in the planning of this project.

#### Step 1: Employ Runoff Reduction Practices

Swales are provided to convey stormwater runoff from impervious areas to the private full spectrum sand filter basin. These swales will promote infiltration of runoff prior to sand filter basin. The sand filter basin has been designed to store and treat the WQCV and EURV.

#### Step 2: Stabilize Drainageways

Portions of Lots 4 and 5 lie within the floodplain that lies around the drainageway through the southern part of the site. Subdivision development will be restricted to outside of the floodplain limit by 'No Build Area' as shown on the Plat and Proposed Drainage Map (DR-2) in Appendix D. No improvements will occur within the existing floodplain and drainageway. With the utilization of a full spectrum sand filter basin which restricts flow via an outlet structure orifice plate, development of the proposed subdivision will result in no increase in developed flow from the site, and runoff remains consistent with pre-development drainage conditions. Rip-Rap will be provided at the outfall from the sand filter and discharges of grass Swales 2 and 3 to dissipate energy and mitigate impacts from flows prior to discharge into the existing channel. All runoff that leads to the





floodplain will sheet flow overland over the 5-acre tracts prior to entering the drainageway. No significant subdivision development impact is anticipated for the drainageways.

#### Step 3: Provide Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)

Water quality treatment is required for the roadways proposed in this development (private gravel roads Joyful View & Ellas Way). WQ treatment is provided in a full spectrum sand filter basin which also provides flood control to mitigate effects on downstream properties and drainage ways.

#### Step 4: Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMPs

No industrial or commercial land uses are proposed as part of this development.

## V. General Drainage Recommendations

The developed drainage plan for the site is to provide and maintain positive drainage away from structures and conform to the established drainage patterns for the overall site. It is recommended that positive drainage be established and maintained away from all structures within the site in conformance with applicable building codes and geotechnical engineering recommendations.

Individual lot grading is the sole responsibility of the individual builders and property owners. Final grading of each home site should establish proper protective slopes and positive drainage in accordance with HUD guidelines and building codes. In general, main floor elevations for each home should be established a minimum of 32" above the finished grade of the adjoining gravel road and a minimum of 1 foot above the BFE of the FEMA floodplain. In addition, 'No Build' areas have been established on the Plat and shall be respected in the Individual Construction of the home sites.

In general, it is recommended that a minimum of 6 inches clearance from the top of concrete foundation walls to adjacent finished site grades be established. Positive drainage slopes should be maintained away from all structures, with a minimum recommended slope of 5 percent for the first 10 feet away from buildings in landscaped areas, a minimum recommended slope of 2 percent for the first 10 feet away from buildings in paved areas, and a minimum slope of 1 percent for paved areas beyond buildings.

## VI. Drainage Basins and Subbasins

#### a. General Concept

The general concept for management of developed storm runoff is to establish site grading to provide positive drainage away from the building pads and divert runoff to drainage swales following historic drainage patterns.

#### b. Existing Drainage Conditions

Historic drainage conditions are depicted on Figure DR-1 (Appendix D). The property is currently undeveloped. There are two existing drainageways within the property and one existing floodplain which also contains a drainageway. The 3 drainageways combine approximately 500 feet easterly of the site into the floodplain as shown on DR-1. There are 2 existing culverts that are impacted by the proposed entrance roadway Joyful View. OS1 flows affect a culvert under the proposed Joyful View at the intersection of N. Peyton Highway. OS2 affects a culvert that will also be under proposed Joyful View near the intersection of proposed Ellas Way.





Basin OS-1 is 25.98 acres of offsite undeveloped land that flows overland southerly to DP1 at the intersection of Joyful View and N. Peyton Highway. Existing stormwater ( $Q_5 = 4.5$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 30.1$  cfs) flows south along N. Peyton Hwy to an existing 18" culvert at DP1. Flow continues in swale along the east side of N. Peyton Highway to the unnamed tributary (floodplain) that traverses the site and discharges offsite at DP3.

Basin OS-2 is 30.52 acres of offsite undeveloped land north of Joyful View. Existing stormwater ( $Q_5$  = 6.0 cfs  $Q_{100}$  = 40.2 cfs) flows to an existing 18" culvert at DP5. Flow then traverses the site in an existing swale and discharges offsite at DP6.

Basin OS-3 is 2.77 acres of offsite land that contains part of N. Peyton Highway and roadside ditch. Existing stormwater ( $Q_5 = 2.3$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 4.6$  cfs) is conveyed to DP2 and to the unnamed tributary (floodplain) that traverses the site and discharges offsite at DP3.

Basin EX1 is 70.82 acres of undeveloped onsite and offsite land. Existing stormwater ( $Q_5 = 7.9$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 53.2$  cfs) drains southeast both by overland sheet flow and through the unnamed tributary (floodplain). Flows discharge offsite by sheet flow off the east property line and at DP3 in the unnamed tributary.

Basin EX2 is 18.22 acres of undeveloped onsite and offsite land. Existing stormwater ( $Q_5 = 2.8$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 18.6$  cfs) drains southeast both by overland sheet flow and in an existing swale. Flows discharge offsite by sheet flow off the east property line and at DP9 in the existing swale.

Basin EX3 is 27.31 acres of undeveloped onsite and offsite land. Existing stormwater ( $Q_5 = 4.1$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 27.8$  cfs) drains southeast both by overland sheet flow and in an existing swale. Flow discharge offsite by sheet flow off the east property line and at DP6 in the existing swale.

The 3 drainageways that discharge at DP3, DP6, and DP9 combine approximately 500 feet easterly of the site into the floodplain as shown on DR-1.

#### c. Proposed Subbasin Description

The proposed site has been divided into 9 proposed basins.

The following 6 basins, a total of 150.89 acres of onsite and offsite areas will not be detained but will follow existing drainage patterns and will be discharged at less than historic conditions. See below for basin descriptions:

Design Point 3 - Contributing Basin OS-1, O3-1, and A

Basin OS-1 will remain unchanged and is 25.98 acres of offsite undeveloped land that flows overland southerly to DP1 at the intersection of Joyful View and N. Peyton Highway. The existing 18" culvert located at DP1 will be replaced with dual 24" RCP culverts that will convey the flow under proposed Joyful View. Stormwater ( $Q_5 = 4.5$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 30.1$  cfs) continues in the existing swale that runs along the south side of N. Peyton Highway to DP2 then into the unnamed tributary (floodplain) that traverses the site and discharges offsite at DP3. Basin OS-1 will remain as-is.

Basin OS-3 is 2.77 acres of offsite undeveloped land, paved roadway, and existing swale. Stormwater ( $Q_5$  = 2.3 cfs  $Q_{100}$  = 4.6 cfs) discharges at DP2, continues through Basin A, and discharges offsite at DP3. Basin OS-3 will remain as-is.

Basin A is 69.83 acres of undeveloped offsite and developed onsite area and will contain 1 house on 5+ acre lots. Stormwater ( $Q_5 = 7.9 \ Q_{100} = 52.3 \ cfs$ ) follows historic drainage patterns by flowing southeast both by overland sheet flow and through the unnamed tributary (floodplain). Flows discharge offsite by sheet flow off





the east property line and at DP3 in the unnamed tributary. Runoff from the house and backs of lots in this drainage area will sheet flow over the 5+ acre tracts prior to discharging by sheet flow off the east property line or entering the drainageway to DP3.

#### Design Point 6 - Contributing Basins OS-2, D, and C

Basin OS-2 is 30.52 acres of offsite undeveloped land north of Joyful View. The existing 18" culvert located at DP5 will be replaced with dual 24" RCP culverts that will convey the flow under proposed Joyful View and into proposed Swale 3. Stormwater ( $Q_5 = 6.0$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 40.2$  cfs) continues to the unnamed tributary that traverses the site and discharges offsite at DP6. Basin OS-2 will remain as-is.

Basin D is 0.37 acres of offsite area that will be developed with proposed gravel road and asphalt road of Joyful View. Stormwater ( $Q_5 = 0.9$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 1.8$  cfs) is conveyed via an existing swale along the north side of Joyful View to DP4 and then DP5 where it is conveyed under Joyful View to proposed Swale 3 via dual 24" RCP culverts. Stormwater continues in Swale 3 and discharges at DP6. Due to layout and grading limitations confined within the existing 30' Travel Easement, runoff from the 0.37 acres of developed offsite area in Basin D is not receiving water quality treatment per exclusions in ECM Section I.7.1.C.1.a.

Basin C is 14.16 acres of developed onsite area to contain three houses on 5+ acre lots. Stormwater ( $Q_5$  = 3.5  $Q_{100}$  = 21.6 cfs) follows historic drainage patterns by overland sheet flow and in an existing swale. Flow discharge offsite by sheet flow off the east property line and at DP6 in Swale 3 and discharges offsite at DP6. Future culvert sizes for the individual homesite owners on Lots 8 and 9 are noted on the proposed drainage map and the construction drawings for installation by the future homeowners.

#### Design Point 9 - Contributing B3

Basin B3 is 7.26 acres of undeveloped offsite and developed onsite area and will contain one house on a 5+ acre lot. Stormwater ( $Q_5 = 2.0 Q_{100} = 10.8$ ). This flow will be undetained and will sheet flow through the 5+ acre tracts prior to discharging by sheet flow off the east property line or entering the swale to DP9.

#### Design Point 10 -- Contributing Basins B1, B2, Sand Filter A

The following 2 basins, B1 and B2, a total of 23.65 acres of developed onsite area, will be treated and detained in proposed Sand Filter A. See below for basin descriptions:

Basin B1 is 0.50 acres of proposed gravel road and proposed roadside Swale 1 along the south side of Joyful View. Stormwater ( $Q_5 = 0.7$  cfs  $Q_{100} = 1.6$  cfs) is conveyed in a roadside Swale 1 to DP7 at the intersection of Joyful View and Ellas Way where it travels south in Swale 2 along the west side Ellas Way to DP8 and is detained in Sand Filter A.

Basin B2 is 23.15 acres of undeveloped offsite and developed onsite area and contains the entirety of the gravel road of Ellas Way and will contain three houses on 5+ acre lots. Stormwater ( $Q_5$  = 4.9  $Q_{100}$  = 26.0 cfs) follows historic drainage patterns to proposed Swale 2 that discharges to a proposed 18" culvert at DP8 and will convey flows under Ellas Way and into proposed Sand Filter A. Flows will be and will be detained in Sand Filter A.

Total Developed Flows Offsite - Contributing Basins: DP3, DP6, DP9 and Sand Filter A Release

DP3, DP6, DP9 and Sand Filter A Release flow into the 3 drainageways that flow downstream offsite combining approximately 500 feet easterly of the site into the floodplain as shown on DR-1 and DR-2.



Proposed hydrologic calculations for proposed conditions and Sand Filter release are contained in Appendix B and C. The flow comparison is shown in Table 1 below.

#### d. Comparison of Developed to Historic Discharges

Based on the hydrologic calculations in Appendix B and Sand Filter A calculations in Appendix C, the comparison of developed to historic discharges at key design points is summarized as follows:

Table 1 – Flow Comparison				
DESIGN POINT	EX Q <sub>5</sub> (cfs)	PR Q₅ (cfs)	EX Q <sub>100</sub> (cfs)	PR Q <sub>100</sub> (cfs)
DP-3	10.6	10.6	62.7	62.2
DP-6	8.8	8.0	58.8	50.5
DP-9	2.8	1.7	18.6	10.8
DP-10 (SAND FILTER)	-	1.7	-	16.1
TOTAL	22.2	21.9	140.1	139.5

The flow increases due to gravel roads and impervious area from the developed lots will be mitigated by infiltration and a full spectrum sand filter basin. Runoff from developed lots that are not detained by the sand filter will sheet flow overland over the 5+ acre tracts before flowing offisite. With proper site drainage and erosion control measures within the site, the proposed rural residential subdivision will not have any significant developed drainage impact.

Rip-Rap will be provided at the outfall from the sand filter to dissipate energy prior to discharge into the existing channel. The drainage outfalls at design points 3, 6, 9, and 10 have capacity and have no visual erosion degradation at this time. Rip-Rap will also be used to mitigate impacts from flows at discharge of grass Swale 3. Rip-rap sizing calculations can be found in Appendix D

As shown in Table 1, Sand Filter A release rate was set so that total proposed offsite flow rates will be less than historic values, and meeting drainage criteria. With the utilization of a full spectrum sand filter and infiltration of runoff from within swales, development of the proposed subdivision is anticipated to result in no increase in developed runoff from the site, and runoff remains consistent with pre-development drainage conditions.

## VII. Water Quality and Detention Facilities

#### a. Water Quality Sand Filter Basin

There is one full spectrum sand filter basin that is proposed on site. The full spectrum detention sand filter basin "Sand Filter A" is designed to provide the required volume stages for the Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV), Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV), and the 100-year stage. The WQCV and EURV are treated by Sand Filter A. The UD-Detention spreadsheet is utilized to determine basin sizing and create a stage-storage table to design the outlet structures with orifice plates and restrictor plates. The outlet structures and plates are designed to achieve the target release rates of the various stages: WQCV at a minimum of 40



hours, EURV between 68-72 hours (may vary based on sand filter conditions), and the 100-year volume at less than 120 hours. The developed condition outlet flow rates are not to exceed predeveloped conditions.

**Sand Filter A** provides full spectrum detention and water quality treatment for the stormwater runoff from Basins B1 and B2. These basins include gravel roadway, grass swales, undeveloped area, as well as future lot developments. Sand Filter A has a tributary area of 23.65 acres with an imperviousness of 9% which includes assumed future gravel driveways and impervious roofs. The sand filter includes 1.0-foot of freeboard to the top of berm and the 100-year water surface elevation is below the crest of the emergency spillway weir.

The MHFD UD-Detention spreadsheet yields the following sizing results:

#### **Proposed Sand Filter A**

EURV	100-year	Total Required
(ac-ft)	(ac-ft)	Volume (ac-ft)
0.078	0.632	0.831

Sand Filter hydraulics are described in the following table:

	Peak Inflow (cfs)	Design Release/Outflow (cfs)	Pre-Development Release(cfs)	Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hrs)
Minor Storm (Q5)	5.9	1.7	4.9	77
Major Storm (Q100)	23.4	16.1	22.2	68

Sand Filter A includes a concrete forebay sized for the required volume of the inflow, riprap, minimum required filter area, a 4" perforated pvc underdrain, and an outlet structure that is designed as a single CDOT Type C Inlet that is to include a top trash rack, orifice plate, restrictor plan on the underdrain pipe, and restrictor plate on the outlet pipe. Sand Filter A will release its detained flows to DP10 at ( $Q_5 = 1.7 Q_{100} = 16.1$ ). Forebay design calculations have been provided in Appendix D.

Sand Filter A includes a 10' width maintenance path with vehicular access to the bottom of sand filter to access forebay and outlet structure for continued maintenance. The pathway has access from the public right-of-way and proper turning radii and longitudinal and cross slopes for a maintenance vehicle. The sand filters include 1.0' of freeboard to the emergency spillway berm of the sand filter with the crest elevation at or above the 100-year water surface elevation. The spillways are sized with a trapezoidal weir for the 100-year inflow with rip-rap prescribed for the outflow velocity.

Per ECM Section I.7.1.C.1.a, 20% of the site may free release offsite, not to exceed 1 acre. Because of the constraints of grading and layout within the existing 30' Travel Easement to get to the site, proposed Basin D1 free release off-site into an existing swale, totaling 0.37 acres and less than 1% of the total site area. This basin also generally reflects existing drainage pattern in this area. Since the basin is less than 20% of the site and does not exceed 1 acre, the project site complies with Per ECM Section I.7.1.C.1.a

#### b. On-Site Stormwater Conveyance Design





Developed drainage basins and drainage patterns are depicted on the enclosed Proposed Drainage Map (DR-2 in Appendix D). Two existing culverts that traverse under Joyful View will need to be upgraded as part of this project. Grass-lined swales will convey the stormwater along the gravel road to the proposed Sand Filter. The culvert and swale sizing are in the Appendix. Water quality treatment is provided by the full spectrum sand filter basin "Sand Filter A". Calculations are contained in the Appendix.

Future culverts have been sized for Lots 8 and 9 that will be required to be installed during individual homesite construction of those lots. The culvert sizes are identified on the Construction Drawings and the Proposed Drainage Map at the end of this report.

#### c. Analysis of Existing and Proposed Downstream Facilities

The proposed subdivision area will drain easterly to existing, natural drainage swales that are within the Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin. Development of this property as a rural residential subdivision will have no significant impact on downstream drainage facilities.

There is no evidence of erosive conditions at the outfall points, and the existing downstream grass-lined drainage channels provide a hydrologically and hydraulically adequate outfall system. Rip-rap will be used at the outfalls from the swales to further protect downstream facilities.

#### d. Anticipated Drainage Problems and Solutions

The drainage plan for this subdivision consists of maintaining positive drainage away from home sites and conveying surface drainage through the site in general conformance with historic drainage patterns. The primary drainage problems anticipated within this type of development consist of maintenance of proper drainage patterns and erosion control.

Care will need to be taken to implement proper erosion control measures associated with the proposed driveways, home sites, and drainage swales. Proposed drainage facilities, such as the sand filter basin, swales and culverts, will be owned and maintained by the Joyful View HOA.

## VIII. Grading and Erosion Control Plan

Due to the project disturbance area, a separate Grading and Erosion Control plan is required. Additionally, during individual homesite construction, contractors and owners will need to implement and maintain proper Best Management Practices (BMP's) and control measures for erosion and sediment control during and after construction. Erosion control measures should include a vehicle tracking control pad at access points, riprap protection at culvert outlets, and revegetation of disturbed areas. Cut slopes will need to be stabilized during excavation as necessary and vegetation will need to be re-established as soon as possible for stabilization of graded areas.

## IX. Floodplain Protection

The designated FEMA 100-year floodplain Zone AE is part of unnamed drainage channel tributary to the West Fork of Black Squirrel Creek which runs through the south end of the site. This development will not disturb any of the 100-yr floodplain. This development will also not direct any additional generated site runoff into this channel or floodplain. Any runoff that leads to the floodplain will sheet flow overland over the 5-acre tracts prior to entering the floodplain. No additional stabilization or improvements are necessary in the floodplain at the time of this development.



Portions of Lots 4 and 5 lie within the floodplain. Subdivision development will be restricted to outside of the floodplain limit by a No Build Area as shown on the Plat and Proposed Drainage Map (DR-2) in Appendix D. No improvements will occur within the existing floodplain. No significant subdivision development impact is anticipated for the floodplain.

## X. Proposed Channel Improvements

There are no proposed channel improvements as part of this project. With the utilization of a full spectrum sand filter basin, development of the proposed subdivision will result in no increase in developed flow from the site, and runoff remains consistent with pre-development drainage conditions. Rip-Rap will be provided at the outfall from the Sand Filter and discharge of grass Swale 3 to dissipate energy and mitigate impacts from flows prior to discharge into the existing channel. The drainage outfalls have capacity and have no visual erosion degradation at this time. Any drainage or stormwater runoff from the backs of lots will sheet flow across the 5-acre tracts and will not cause degradation to the downstream areas. Additionally, the channel and floodplain area on the west side of the property has been designated as 'No Build' areas and any flows to this channel will sheet flow across the backs of lots.

### XI. Maintenance

After completion of construction, the drainage facility (Sand Filter A) will be privately owned and maintained by Joyful View Home Owners Association.

## XII. Cost Estimate and Drainage Fees

The developer will finance all costs for the required subdivision improvements, and there are no public drainage facilities proposed as part of this subdivision plat.

The estimated cost of the private sand filter basin "Sand Filter A" is provided below:

Private PBMP Cost Estimate				
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price		Cost
Concrete Forebay	1	\$5,000	EA	\$5,000
Riprap Inflow Protection	4	\$50	/CY	\$200
Sand Filter Media	112	\$100	/CY	\$11,200
4" Perforated PVC Underdrain	176	\$10	/LF	\$1,760
12" ABC Maintenance Access	80.5	\$40	/CY	\$3,220
Outlet Structure w/ Orifice Plate	1	\$5,000	EA	\$5,000
Riprap Spillway Protection	48	\$50	/CY	\$2,400
18" RCP Outlet Pipe	246.5	\$115	/LF	\$28,348
18" RCP FES	1	\$1,750	EΑ	\$1,750
10% Contingency				\$5,888
TOTAL:				\$64,765

The property is located entirely within the Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin, which has a 2022 drainage basin fee of \$11,891 and \$1,755 bridge fee per impervious acre. Applicable drainage basin fees are calculated as follows:

On-site Total Area =70.18 acres



#### On-site Road Area =

Gravel Pavement = 66,102 sf \* 80% Impervious =52,882 sf (1.21 ac.)

On-Site Impervious Road Area = 1.21 ac.

#### On-site Subdivision Area =

Developed Lots= Total Area- Road Area= 70.18 ac. - 1.21 ac. = 68.97 acres

On-Site Percent Impervious Area = 7% (per Table 3-1 Typical Values of Percent Impervious in ECM Appendix L of the DCM)

On-Site Estimated Subdivision Impervious area = 4.82 ac.

On-Site Estimated Reduced\* Subdivision Impervious area = 3.62 ac.

\*(includes 25% reduction on drainage fees for 2.5 to 5- acre lots per ECM Appendix L Section 3.10.2a)

Total Calculated Impervious area = (3.62 + 1.21) acres = 4.83 acres

Drainage Basin Fee = (4.83 ac.) @ \$11,891/ac. = \$57,444.53

Bridge Fee = (4.83 ac.) @ \$1,755/ac. = \$8,476.65

Total Onsite Fee = \$65,921.18

Total Drainage Fee

\$65,921.18

## XIII. Conclusion

The Joyful View Subdivision is a proposed rural residential subdivision consisting of nine (9) lots on a 70.18-acre site. With the utilization of a full spectrum sand filter and infiltration of runoff from swales, development of the proposed subdivision is anticipated to result in no increase in developed runoff from the site, and runoff mains consistent with pre-development drainage conditions. The proposed development will not adversely affect downstream stormwater infrastructure or surrounding developments. Erosion control best management practices will be implemented to mitigate developed drainage impacts. There are no significant adverse drainage impacts anticipated on downstream properties or drainage facilities associated with the Joyful View development.

## XIV. Drawings

Please refer to the appendices for vicinity and drainage basin maps.

## XV. References

- 1. City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, May 2014, Revised January 2021.
- 2. Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Urban Drainage Flood Control District, January 2018.
- 3. El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual- Vol 1, 2014





APPENDIX A - VICINITY MAP, SOIL MAP, FEMA MAP

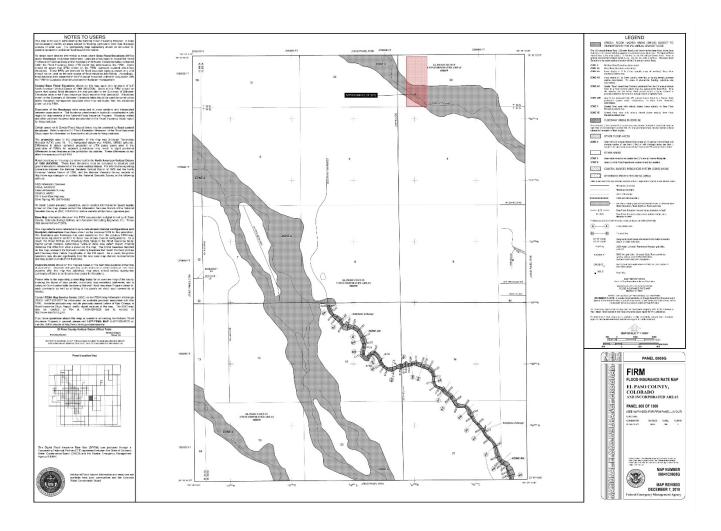


#### **VICINITY MAP**



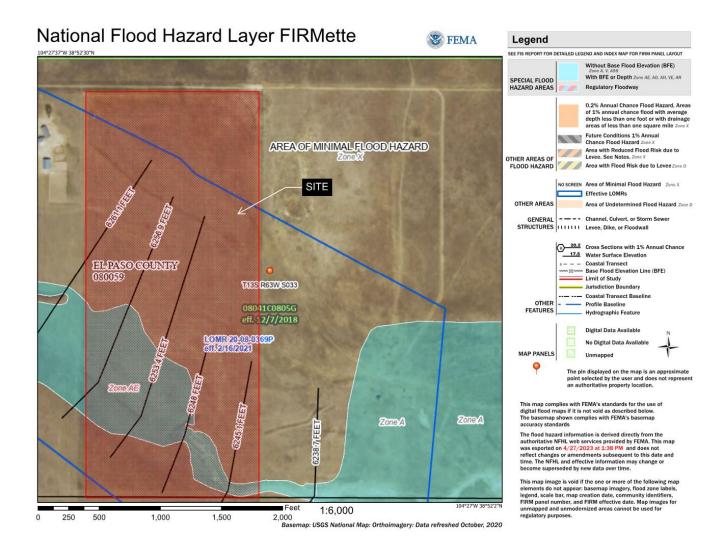


#### **FEMA FIRM MAP**



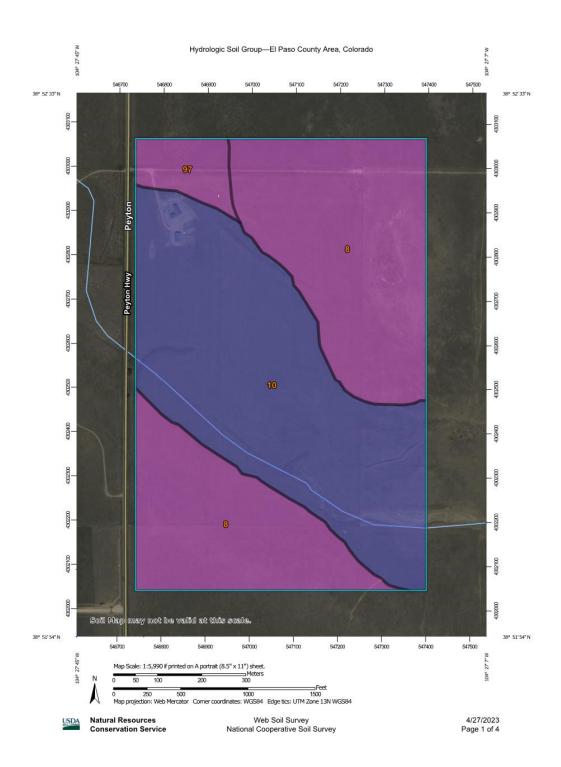


#### **FEMA MAP**



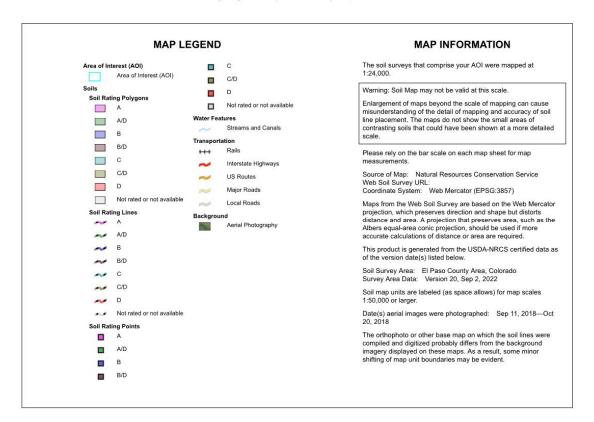


#### **SOILS MAP**





Hydrologic Soil Group-El Paso County Area, Colorado





Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey 4/27/2023 Page 2 of 4



Hydrologic Soil Group-El Paso County Area, Colorado

#### **Hydrologic Soil Group**

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	A	83.1	49.7%
10	Blendon sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	В	76.9	46.0%
97	Truckton sandy loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	A	7.1	4.2%
Totals for Area of Inter	rest		167.1	100.0%

#### Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.





**APPENDIX B - HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS** 



JOYFUL VIEW	Calc'd by:	AXB
EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	СМ
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	11/17/2023

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE				
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q <sub>5</sub> (cfs)	Q <sub>100</sub> (cfs)
EX1	70.82	2	7.9	53.2
EX2	18.22	2	2.8	18.6
EX3	27.31	2	4.1	27.8
OS1	25.98	2	4.5	30.1
OS2	30.52	2	6.0	40.2
OS3	2.77	67	2.3	4.6

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE			
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ <sub>5</sub> (cfs)	ΣQ <sub>100</sub> (cfs)
1	OS1	4.5	30.1
2	OS3	2.3	4.6
3	OS1,OS3,EX1	10.6	62.7
5	OS2	6.0	40.2
6	OS2, EX3	8.8	58.8
9	EX2	2.8	18.6

1433
HRGreen

JOYFUL VIEW		Calc'd by:	АХВ	
EXISTING CONDITIONS		Checked by:	СМ	
EL PASO COUNTY, CO		Date:	11/17/2023	

# COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS

BASIN	UNDEVELOPED	PAVED	TOTAL	SOIL	UNI	DEVEL	OPED		P.A	VED	COMPOSITE IMPERVIOUSNESS & C			
	A	CRES		TYPE	<b>%</b> I	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	<b>%I</b>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	%I	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	
EX1	70.82	0.00	70.82	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	
EX2	18.22	0.00	18.22	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	
EX3	27.31	0.00	27.31	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	
OS1	25.98	0.00	25.98	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	
OS2	30.52	0.00	30.52	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	
OS3	0.94	1.83	2.77	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	67	0.63	0.76	
Total			175.62											



JOYFUL VIEW	Calc'd by:	АХВ
EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	СМ
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	11/17/2023

	TIME OF CONCENTRATION												
BAS	IN DATA	1	OVER	LAND TIM	E (T <sub>i</sub> )		TRAV	EL TIME (	T <sub>t</sub> )		TOTAL		
DESIGNATION	C <sub>5</sub>	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t <sub>i</sub> (min)	C <sub>V</sub>	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t <sub>t</sub> (min)	$t_c$ (min)		
EX1	0.09	70.82	300	4.1	20.0	10	3178	1.2	1.1	48.4	68.4		
EX2	0.09	18.22	270	2.1	23.8	10	1783	1.2	1.1	27.1	50.9		
EX3	0.09	27.31	244	2.0	23.0	10	1766	1.1	1.0	28.1	51.0		
OS1	0.09	25.98	300	2.6	23.3	10	1898	2.4	1.5	20.4	43.7		
OS2	0.09	30.52	300	2.2	24.7	10	1312	3.3	1.8	12.0	36.7		
OS3	0.63	2.77	20	2.0	3.1	10	2635	0.5	0.7	62.1	65.2		

FORMULAS:

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \qquad V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient,  $C_{\nu}$ 

Type of Land Surface	$C_{\nu}$
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

For buried riprap, select C<sub>v</sub> value based on type of vegetative cover.



JOYFUL VIEW	Calc'd by:	АХВ
EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	СМ
DESIGN STORM: 5-YEAR	Date:	11/17/2023

				DII	RECT	RUNOI	F		TO	OTAL F	RUNOFF		SI	JRFA	CE		PII	PE		TR	AVEL	TIME	REMARKS
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	င်	t <sub>c</sub> (min)	C <sub>5</sub> *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	<i>t<sub>c</sub> (</i> min)	C <sub>5</sub> *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q <sub>street</sub> (cfs)	C <sub>5</sub> *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q <sub>PIPE</sub> (cfs)	C <sub>5</sub> *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (in)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)	TRAVEL TIME (min	
	1	OS1	25.98	0.09	43.7	2.34	1.92	4.5					4.5	2.34	1.0					3254	2.0	27.12	BASIN OS1 FLOW, CAPTURED IN 18" CUVLERT @ DP1, SWALE FLOW TO DP2
	5	OS2	30.52	0.09	36.7	2.75	2.18	6.0					6.0	2.75	1.1					1149	2.1	9.13	BASIN OS2 FLOW, CAPTURED IN 18" CULVERT @ DP5, SWALE FLOW TO DP6
	2	OS3	2.77										2.3	1.73	1.4					2078	2.4	14.64	BASIN OS3 FLOW IN SWALE TO DP2, SWALE FLOW TO DP3
		EX1	70.82																				BASIN EX1 SWALE FLOW @ DP3
	3		10.02	0.00	00.1	0.01	1120	7.0		10.44	1.01	10.6											SWALE FLOW FROM DP1, DP2, AND EX1 @DP3, DISCHARGE OFFSITE
	9	EX2	18.22	0.09	50.9	1.64	1.69	2.8		10.11	1.01	10.0											BASIN EX2 SWALE FLOW @ DP9, DISCHARGE OFFSITE
	0	EX3	27.31																				BASIN EX 3 SWALE FLOW @ DP6
	6	2,0	27.01	5.05	31.0	2.40	1.00	7.1	51.0	5.20	1.68	8.8											SWALE FLOW FROM EX3 AND DP5 @DP6, DISCHARGE OFFSITE
	0								31.0	3.20	1.00	0.0											STIALE I LOW THOM EAS AND DES GOPS, DISCHARGE OFFSITE

1 1	$\neg \neg$									JOYF	FUL V	IEW									Cal	c'd by	y <u>:</u> AXB
	$\dashv$	i							EXIS	TING	CON	DITI	ONS	;							Chec	cked b	by: CM
1 1	را	<u> </u>							DESIG	SN ST	ORM:	100-Y	EAR								D	ate:	11/17/2023
HR	Gree	n																					
				DIRECT RUNOFF TOTAL RUNOFF SURFACE PIPE T									PII	PE	TR	AVEL	TIME	: REMARKS					
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C <sub>100</sub>	t <sub>c</sub> (min)	C <sub>100</sub> *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t <sub>o</sub> (min)	C <sub>100</sub> *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q <sub>street</sub> (cfs)	C <sub>100</sub> *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q <sub>PIPE</sub> (cfs)	C <sub>100</sub> *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (in)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)	TRAVEL TIME (min	
		OS1	25.98	0.36			2.04	30.1					30.1	9.35						3254	2.0	27.1	
	5	OS2		0.36		10.99							40.2	10.99	1.1					1149	2.1	9.13	BASIN OS2 FLOW, CAPTURED IN 18" CULVERT @ DP5, SWALE FLOW TO DP6
	2	OS3	2.77			2.10							4.6	2.10	1.4					2078	2.4	14.6	64 BASIN OS3 FLOW IN SWALE TO DP2, SWALE FLOW TO DP3
		EX1	70.82	0.36	68.4	25.50	2.09	53.2															BASIN EX1 SWALE FLOW @ DP3
	3								79.8	36.94	1.70	62.7											SWALE FLOW FROM DP1, DP2, AND EX1 @DP3, DISCHARGE OFFSITE
	9	EX2	18.22	0.36	50.9	6.56	2.83	18.6															BASIN EX2 SWALE FLOW @ DP9, DISCHARGE OFFSITE
		EX3	27.31	0.36	51.0	9.83	2.83	27.8															BASIN EX 3 SWALE FLOW @ DP6
	6								51.0	20.82	2.83	58.8											SWALE FLOW FROM EX3 AND DP5 @DP6, DISCHARGE OFFSITE

11/17/2023



JOYFUL VIEW	Calc'd by:	СВМ
PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Checked by:	SPC
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	12/19/2023

	SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE											
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q <sub>5</sub> (cfs)	Q <sub>100</sub> (cfs)								
А	69.83	2	7.9	52.3								
B1	B1 0.50 54 0.7 1.6											
B2	23.15	8	4.9	26.0								
B3	7.26	4	1.7	10.8								
С	14.16	5	3.5	21.6								
D	0.37	82	0.9	1.8								
OS1	25.98	2	4.5	30.1								
OS2	30.52	2	6.0	40.2								
OS3	2.77	67	2.3	4.6								

	RUNOFF DISCHARGE TABLE										
DESIGN POINT	GN EX O <sub>2</sub> (cfs) PR O <sub>2</sub> (cfs) EX O <sub>322</sub> (cfs) PR										
1	4.5	4.5	30.1	30.1							
2	2.3	5.4	4.6	25.3							
3	10.6	10.6	62.7	62.2							
4		0.9	-	1.8							
5	6.0	6.5	40.2	41.2							
6	8.8	8.0	58.8	50.5							
7	-	0.7	-	1.6							
8	-	5.3	-	26.9							
9	2.8	1.7	18.6	10.8							
10 (POND)	-	1.7	-	16.1							
3+6+9+10	22.2	21.9	140.1	139.5							

DES	DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE									
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ <sub>5</sub> (cfs)	ΣQ <sub>100</sub> (cfs)							
1	OS1	4.5	30.1							
2	2 OS1, OS3 5.4 29									
3	OS1, 0S3, A	10.6	62.2							
4	D	0.9	1.8							
5	D, OS2	6.5	41.2							
6	D, OS2, C	8.0	50.5							
7	B1	0.7	1.6							
8	B1, B2	5.3	26.9							
9	B3	1.7	10.8							
10 POND RELEASE 1.7 16.1										



# JOYFUL VIEW Calc'd by: CBM PROPOSED CONDITIONS Checked by: CM EL PASO COUNTY, CO Date: 12/19/2023

Date: COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS COMPOSITE **GRAVEL ASPHALT** UNDEVELOPED **UNDEVELOPED** ROOFS **TOTAL GRAVEL ROAD ASPHALT ROAD** ROOFS **BASIN IMPERVIOUSNESS & C ROAD ROAD TYPE** ACRES **%**I **%**I C<sub>5</sub> **%**I C<sub>100</sub> C<sub>5</sub> C<sub>100</sub> C<sub>5</sub> C<sub>100</sub> C<sub>5</sub> C<sub>100</sub> C<sub>5</sub> C<sub>100</sub> 69.62 0.00 0.07 69.83 A/B 2 0.09 0.36 80 0.59 0.70 100 0.90 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 2 0.09 0.36 Α 0.14 В1 0.17 0.33 0.00 0.00 0.50 A/B 2 0.09 0.36 80 0.59 0.70 100 0.90 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 54 0.42 0.59 B2 21.52 1.42 0.00 0.21 23.15 A/B 2 0.09 0.36 80 0.59 0.70 100 0.90 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 8 0.12 0.38 В3 7.12 0.07 0.00 0.07 7.26 A/B 2 0.09 0.36 80 0.59 0.70 100 0.90 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 0.09 0.36 С 0.24 0.00 2 13.71 0.21 14.16 A/B 0.09 0.36 80 0.59 0.70 100 0.90 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 0.10 0.37 5 D 0.33 0.04 0.00 0.37 2 0.09 0.00 A/B 0.36 80 0.59 0.70 100 0.90 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 82 0.62 0.73 OS1 25.98 0.00 0.00 0.00 25.98 A/B 2 0.09 0.36 80 0.59 0.70 100 0.90 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 2 0.09 0.36 OS2 30.52 0.00 0.00 0.00 30.52 A/B 2 0.09 0.36 80 0.59 0.70 100 0.90 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 2 0.09 0.36 OS3 0.94 0.00 1.83 0.00 2.77 A/B 2 0.59 0.90 67 0.63 0.36 80 0.70 100 0.96 90 0.08 0.35 0.76 0.09 AVG HOUSE - 3000 SF WITH AVE 250 X 12 GRAVEL DRIVEWAY Pond Summary Basins: Area: 23.65 Pond A B1,B2 9 Total 174.54 4.46



JOYFUL VIEW	Calc'd by:	СВМ
PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Checked by:	
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	12/19/2023

TIME OF CONCENTRATION												
BAS	BASIN DATA     OVERLAND TIME $(T_i)$ TRAVEL TIME $(T_t)$										TOTAL	
DESIGNATION	C <sub>5</sub>	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t <sub>i</sub> (min)	C <sub>V</sub>	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t <sub>t</sub> (min)	$t_c$ (min)	
Α	0.09	69.83	300	4.1	20.0	10	3198	1.2	1.1	48.7	68.7	
B1	0.42	0.50	20	2.0	4.4	15	1123	1.0	1.5	12.5	16.9	
B2	0.12	23.15	300	2.0	24.7	10	1200	0.7	0.8	23.9	48.6	
B3	0.09	7.26	265	2.1	23.4	10	450	1.0	1.0	7.5	30.9	
С	0.10	14.16	150	1.7	18.8	15	988	1.0	1.5	11.0	29.8	
D	0.62	0.37	34	2.0	4.0	15	560	1.0	1.5	6.2	10.3	
OS1	0.09	25.98	300	2.6	23.3	10	1898	2.4	1.5	20.4	43.7	
OS2	0.09	30.52	300	2.2	24.7	10	1312	3.3	1.8	12.0	36.7	
OS3	0.63	2.77	20	2.0	3.1	10	2635	0.5	0.7	62.1	65.2	
							·					

FORMULAS:

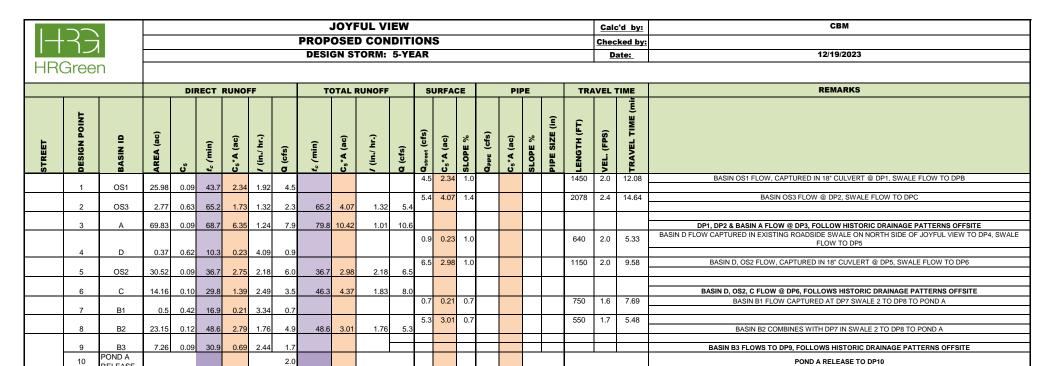
$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \qquad V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$

25.99476

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient,  $C_{\nu}$ 

Type of Land Surface	$C_{\nu}$
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

For buried riprap, select C<sub>v</sub> value based on type of vegetative cover.



RELEASE

12/19/2023 J:\2022\2202179\Design\Calc\FDR\Appendix B - Hydrologic\Pr\_Drainage\_Calcs

	$\supset$		JOYFUL VIEW														Calc'd by:						
1-	-≺∹													S			Chec	ked by:	ed by:				
	امرا		DESIGN STORM: 100-Y					/EAR <u>Date:</u>								D:	ate:	12/19/2023					
HR	Gree	n																					
				DIF	RECT	RUNO	FF		T	OTAL F	RUNOFF		SI	JRFA	CE		PII	PE		TRA	VEL 1	REMARKS	
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C <sub>100</sub>	<i>t<sub>c</sub> (</i> min)	C <sub>100</sub> *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t <sub>c</sub> (min)	C <sub>100</sub> *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q <sub>street</sub> (cfs)	C <sub>100</sub> *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q <sub>PIPE</sub> (cfs)	C <sub>100</sub> *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (in)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)	TRAVEL TIME (mir	
	1	OS1	25.98	0.36	43.7	0.25	3.21	30.1					30.1	9.35	1.0					1450	2.0	12.08	BASIN OS1 FLOW, CAPTURED IN 18" CULVERT @ DP1, SWALE FLOW TO DPB
	'	031	23.90	0.36	43.7	9.33	3.21	30.1					25.3	11.45	1.4					2078	2.4	14.64	BASIN OS3 FLOW @ DP2, SWALE FLOW TO DPC
	2	OS3	2.77	0.76	65.2	2.10	2.21	4.6	65.2	11.45	2.21	25.3											
	3	Α	69.83	0.36	68.7	25.18	2.08	52.3	79.8	36.63	1.70	62.2											DP1, DP2 & BASIN A FLOW @ DP3, FOLLOW HISTORIC DRAINAGE PATTERNS OFFSITE
	4	D	0.37	0.73	10.3	0.27	6.87	1.8					1.8	0.27	1.0					640	2.0	5.33	BASIN D FLOW CAPTURED IN EXISTING ROADSIDE SWALE ON NORTH SIDE OF JOYFUL VIEW TO DP4, SWALE FLOW TO DP5
	5	OS2	30.52			10.99			36.7	11.26	3.66	41.2	41.2	11.26	1.0					1150	2.0	9.58	BASIN D, OS2 FLOW, CAPTURED IN 18" CUVLERT @ DP5, SWALE FLOW TO DP6
	Ŭ	002	00.02	0.00	00.7	10.00	0.00	40.2	00.1	11.20	0.00	71.2											
	6	С	14.16	0.37	29.8	5.18	4.18	21.6	46.3	16.43	3.07	50.5	4.0	0.00	0.7					750	4.0	7.00	BASIN D, OS2, C FLOW @ DP6, FOLLOWS HISTORIC DRAINAGE PATTERNS OFFSITE
	7	B1	0.5	0.59	16.9	0.29	5.61	1.6					1.6	0.29	0.7					750	1.6	7.69	BASIN B1 FLOW CAPTURED AT DP7 SWALE 2 TO DP8 TO POND A
	8 9	B2 B3	23.15 7.26	0.38		8.82		26.0	48.6	9.11	2.95			9.11	0.7					550	1.7	5.48	BASIN B2 COMBINES WITH DP7 IN SWALE 2 TO DP8 TO POND A BASIN B3 FLOWS TO DP9, FOLLOWS HISTORIC DRAINAGE PATTERNS OFFSITE
	POND A							16.1															POND A RELEASE TO DP10

J:\2022\2202179\Design\Calc\FDR\Appendix B - Hydrologic\Pr\_Drainage\_Calcs





**APPENDIX C - HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS** 

## **Culvert Report**

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Oct 18 2023

= 1.07

= Inlet Control

## Culvert 1 (Q100 = 30.1 CFS - DP1)

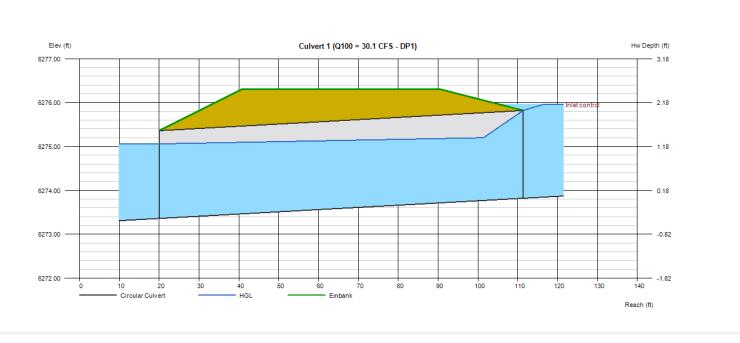
Invert Elev Dn (ft) Pipe Length (ft) Slope (%) Invert Elev Up (ft) Rise (in)	= 6273.36 = 91.37 = 0.50 = 6273.82 = 24.0	Calculations Qmin (cfs) Qmax (cfs) Tailwater Elev (ft)	= 30.10 = 30.10 = (dc+D)/2
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 24.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 30.10
No. Barrels	= 2	Qpipe (cfs)	= 30.10
n-Value	= 0.013	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	= Circular Concrete	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 5.29
Culvert Entrance	<ul><li>= Groove end projecting (C)</li></ul>	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 6.42
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.2	HGL Dn (ft)	= 6275.06
		HGL Up (ft)	= 6275.22
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 6275.96

Hw/D (ft)

Flow Regime

#### **Embankment**

Top Elevation (ft) = 6276.30Top Width (ft) = 50.00 Crest Width (ft) = 100.00



## **Culvert Report**

Top Width (ft)

Crest Width (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

= 26.00

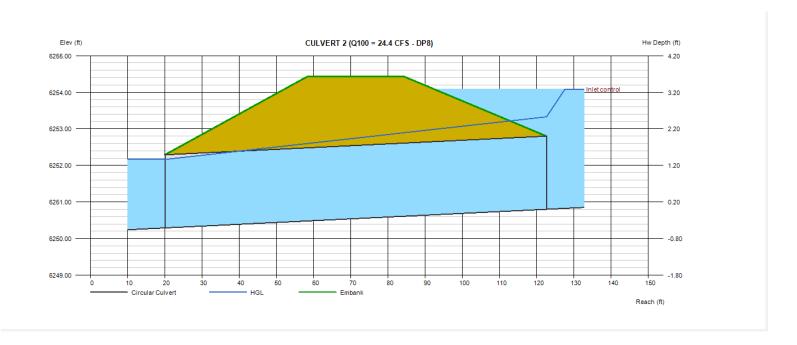
= 100.00

Thursday, Dec 21 2023

= Inlet Control

## **CULVERT 2 (Q100 = 24.4 CFS - DP8)**

Invert Elev Dn (ft) Pipe Length (ft) Slope (%) Invert Elev Up (ft) Rise (in)	= 6250.29 = 102.60 = 0.50 = 6250.80 = 24.0	Calculations Qmin (cfs) Qmax (cfs) Tailwater Elev (ft)	= 24.40 = 24.40 = (dc+D)/2
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 24.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 24.40
No. Barrels	= 1	Qpipe (cfs)	= 24.40
n-Value	= 0.013	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	= Circular Concrete	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 7.98
Culvert Entrance	= Groove end projecting (C)	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 7.77
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.2	HGL Dn (ft)	= 6252.16
		HGL Up (ft)	= 6253.33
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 6254.09
Top Elevation (ft)	= 6254.43	Hw/D (ft)	= 1.64



Flow Regime

Top Width (ft)

Crest Width (ft)

= 10.00

= 40.00

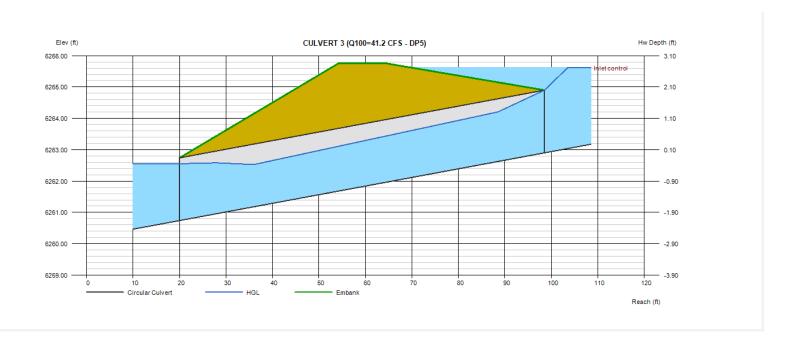
Monday, Oct 16 2023

= Inlet Control

## CULVERT 3 (Q100=41.2 CFS - DP5)

Invert Elev Dn (ft)	= 6260.74	Calculations	
Pipe Length (ft)	= 78.50	Qmin (cfs)	= 41.20
Slope (%)	= 2.75	Qmax (cfs)	= 41.20
Invert Elev Up (ft)	= 6262.90	Tailwater Élev (ft)	= (dc+D)/2
Rise (in)	= 24.0	, ,	, ,
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 24.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 41.20
No. Barrels	= 2	Qpipe (cfs)	= 41.20
n-Value	= 0.012	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	<ul><li>Circular Concrete</li></ul>	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 6.88
Culvert Entrance	<ul><li>= Groove end projecting (C)</li></ul>	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 7.53
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.2	HGL Dn (ft)	= 6262.55
		HGL Up (ft)	= 6264.53
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 6265.62
Top Elevation (ft)	= 6265.76	Hw/D (ft)	= 1.36

Flow Regime



## **Channel Report**

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 17 2023

### **SWALE 1 - JOYFUL VIEW**

Triangular	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.67
Invert Flev (ft)	= 1.00

Slope (%) = 0.94N-Value = 0.035

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 1.60 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.57

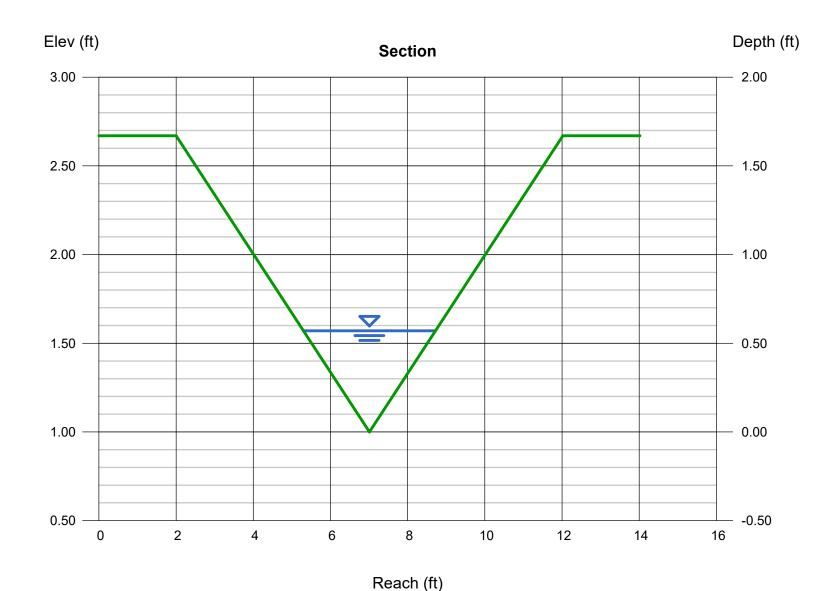
Q (cfs) = 1.600

Area (sqft) = 0.97

Velocity (ft/s) = 1.64
Wetted Perim (ft) = 3.60
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.45
Top Width (ft) = 3.42

EGL(ft) = 0.61

Fr= 1.64/ (sqrt ((32.17\* 0.57))= 0.38 < 0.90



## **Channel Report**

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 17 2023

## Swale 2 (DP8)

Triangular
------------

Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00Total Depth (ft) = 2.75

Invert Elev (ft) = 1.00 Slope (%) = 0.60 N-Value = 0.035

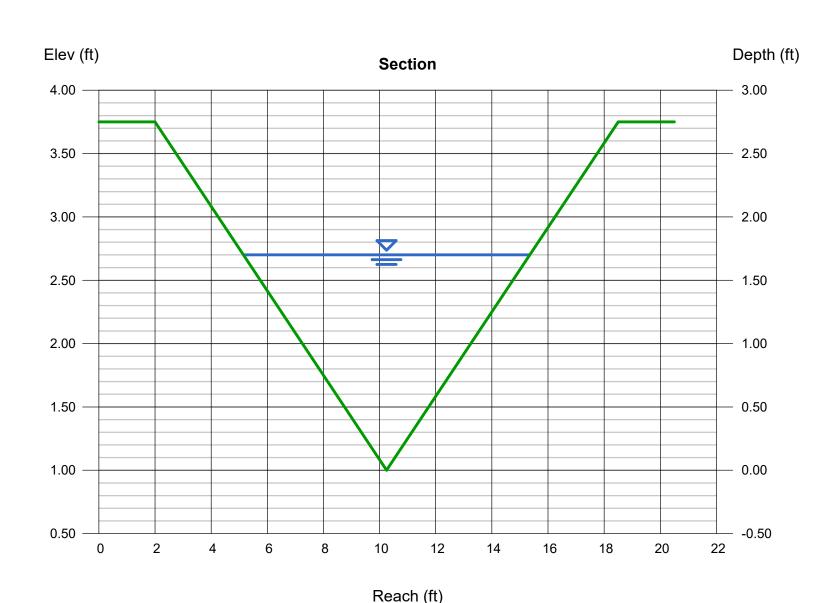
#### **Calculations**

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 24.40

## Highlighted

= 1.70Depth (ft) Q (cfs) = 24.40Area (sqft) = 8.67Velocity (ft/s) = 2.81 Wetted Perim (ft) = 10.75Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.33Top Width (ft) = 10.20EGL (ft) = 1.82

Fr= 2.81/ (sqrt ((32.17\*1.70)) = 0.38 < 0.90



# **Channel Report**

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 17 2023

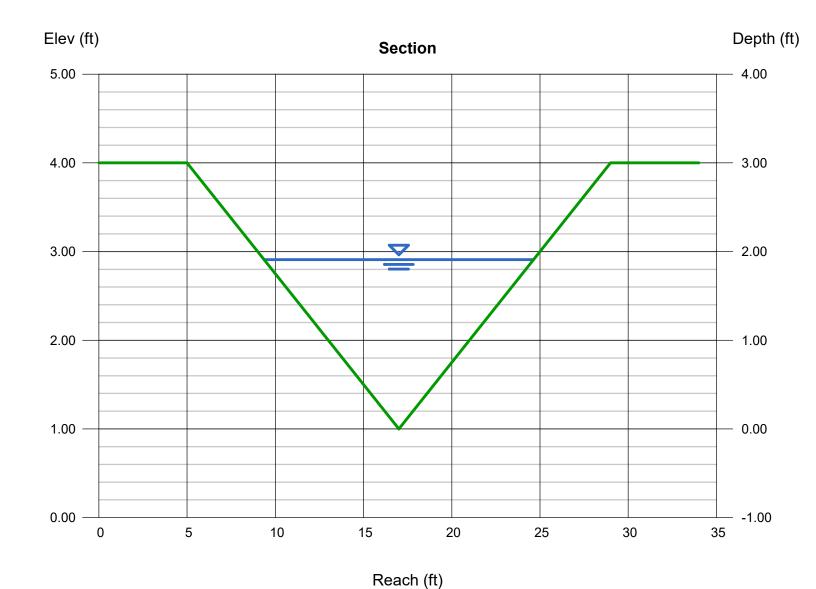
## **SWALE 3 - LOTS 8 & 9**

Side Slopes (z:1) Total Depth (ft)	= 4.00, 4.00 = 3.00
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00
Slope (%)	= 0.50
N-Value	= 0.035

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 41.20

Highlighted		
Depth (ft)	=	1.91
Q (cfs)	=	41.20
Area (sqft)	=	14.59
Velocity (ft/s)	=	2.82
Wetted Perim (ft)	=	15.75
Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	=	1.46
Top Width (ft)		15.28
EGL (ft)	=	2.03



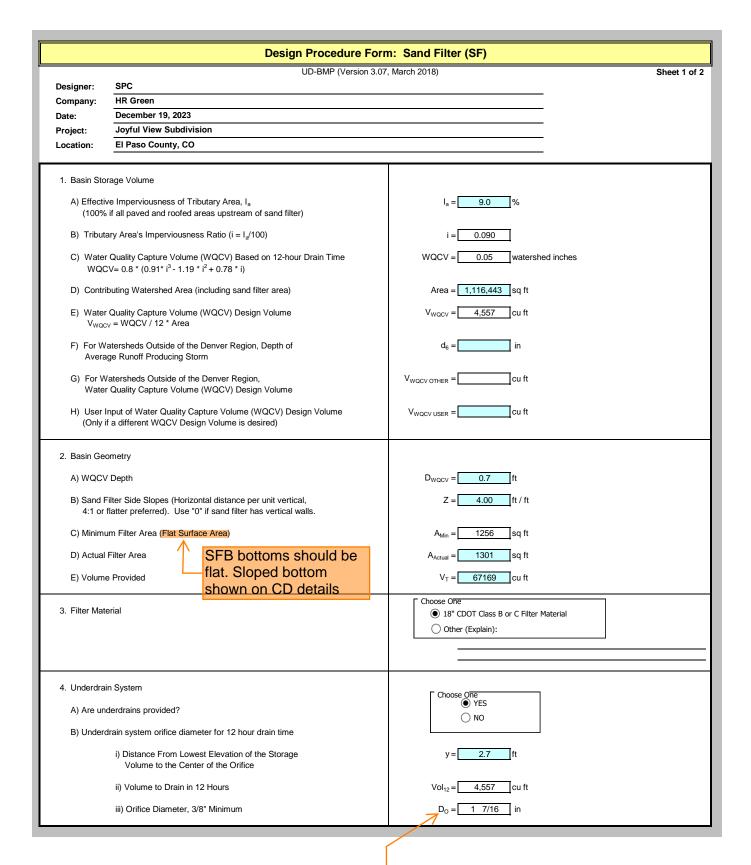
# THIS SHEET IS USED ONLY FOR FOREBAY NOTCH SIZING.

Design Prod	cedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)
	UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018) Sheet 1 of 3
Designer: CM	
Company: HR Green	
Date: October 17, 2023	
Project: Joyful View Subdivision	
Location: EL PASO COUNTY, CO	
Basin Storage Volume	
A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I <sub>a</sub>	I <sub>a</sub> = 9.0 %
B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio (i = I <sub>a</sub> / 100 )	i = 0.090
b) Tributary Area's imperviousness reado (1 – 1 <sub>a</sub> 7 100 )	
C) Contributing Watershed Area	Area = 25.630 ac
D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average	d <sub>6</sub> = in
Runoff Producing Storm	r Choose One -
E) Design Concept	Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)
(Select EURV when also designing for flood control)	Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)
	G Excess orban randin volume (EURV)
F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time	V <sub>DESIGN</sub> = 0.131 ac-ft
( $V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area )$	*UESIGN U.171 GU-IL
G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region,	V <sub>DESIGN OTHER</sub> = ac-ft
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume	- Dealon Other
$(V_{WQCV OTHER} = (d_6^*(V_{DESIGN}/0.43))$	
H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volun	ne V <sub>DESIGN USER</sub> = ac-ft
(Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)	
NRCS Hydrologic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed	
<ul> <li>i) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils</li> <li>ii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils</li> </ul>	HSG <sub>A</sub> = 0 % HSG <sub>B</sub> = 100 %
iii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type D Soils	HSG <sub>C/D</sub> = 0 %
J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume	
For HSG A: EURV <sub>A</sub> = 1.68 * i <sup>1.28</sup>	EURV <sub>DESIGN</sub> = 0.216 ac-f t
For HSG B: EURV <sub>B</sub> = $1.36 * i^{1.08}$ For HSG C/D: EURV <sub>C/D</sub> = $1.20 * i^{1.08}$	
<ul> <li>K) User Input of Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume (Only if a different EURV Design Volume is desired)</li> </ul>	EURV <sub>DESIGN USER</sub> = ac-f t
(Only if a different Earty Besign volume is desired)	
2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio	L:W= 2.0 :1
(A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)	
3. Basin Side Slopes	
A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes	Z = 4.00 ft / ft
(Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)	
4. Inlet	
A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated	
inflow locations:	
5. Forebay	
A) Minimum Forebay Volume	V <sub>FMIN</sub> = 0.003 ac-ft
(V <sub>FMIN</sub> = 2% of the WQCV)	
B) Actual Forebay Volume	V <sub>F</sub> = ac-ft
C) Forebay Depth	
(D <sub>F</sub> = 18 inch maximum)	D <sub>F</sub> = 15.0 in
D) Forebay Discharge	
i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge	Q <sub>100</sub> = 24.40 cfs
ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow	Q <sub>F</sub> = 0.49 cfs
$(Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100})$	
E) Forebay Discharge Design	Choose One
	Berm With Pipe Flow too small for berm w/ pipe
	Wall with Rect. Notch
	Wall with V-Notch Weir
F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches)	Calculated D <sub>P</sub> =
G) Rectangular Notch Width	Calculated W <sub>N</sub> = 4.3 in





**APPENDIX D - WATER QUALITY AND DETENTION CALCULATIONS** 

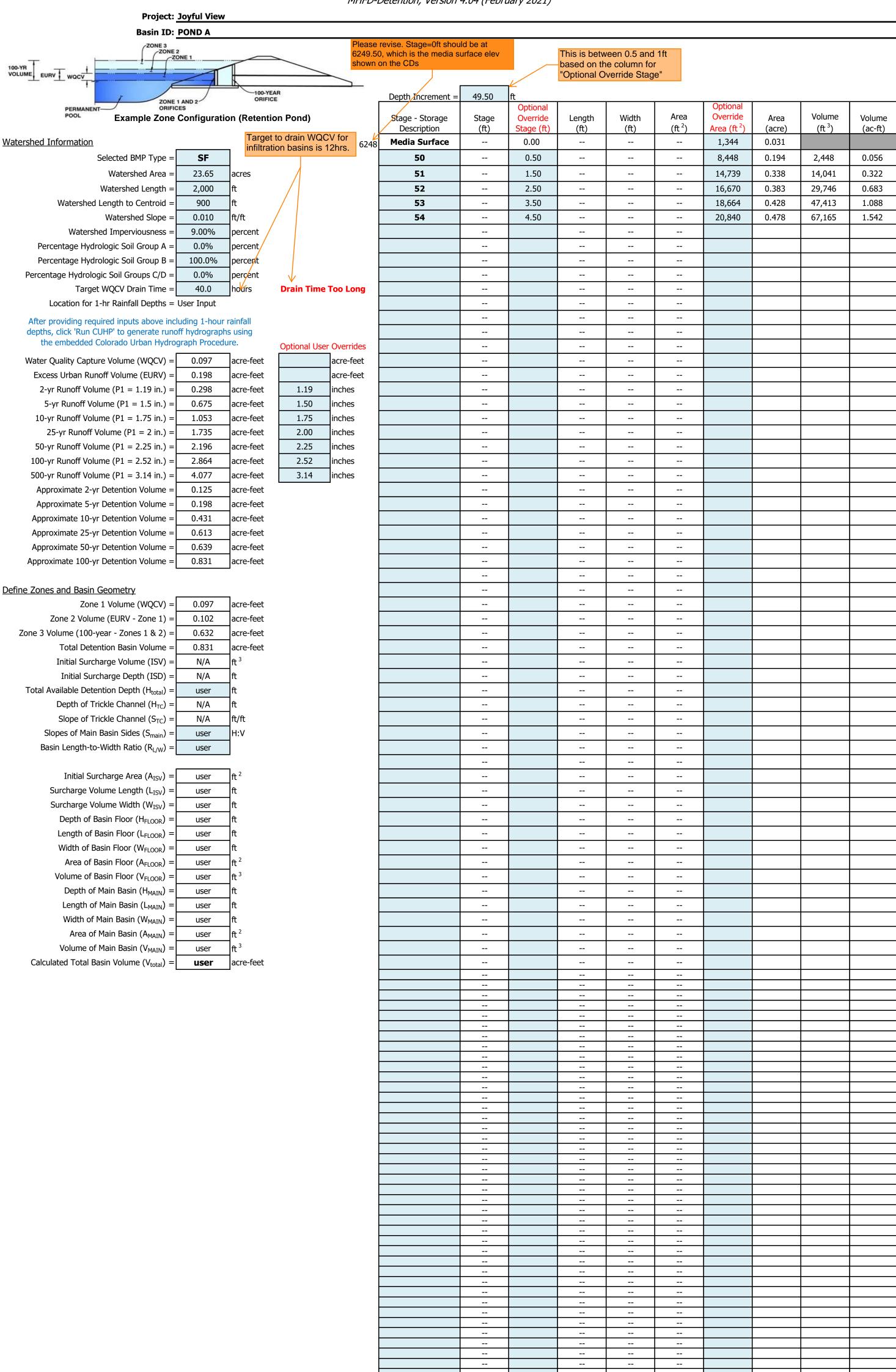


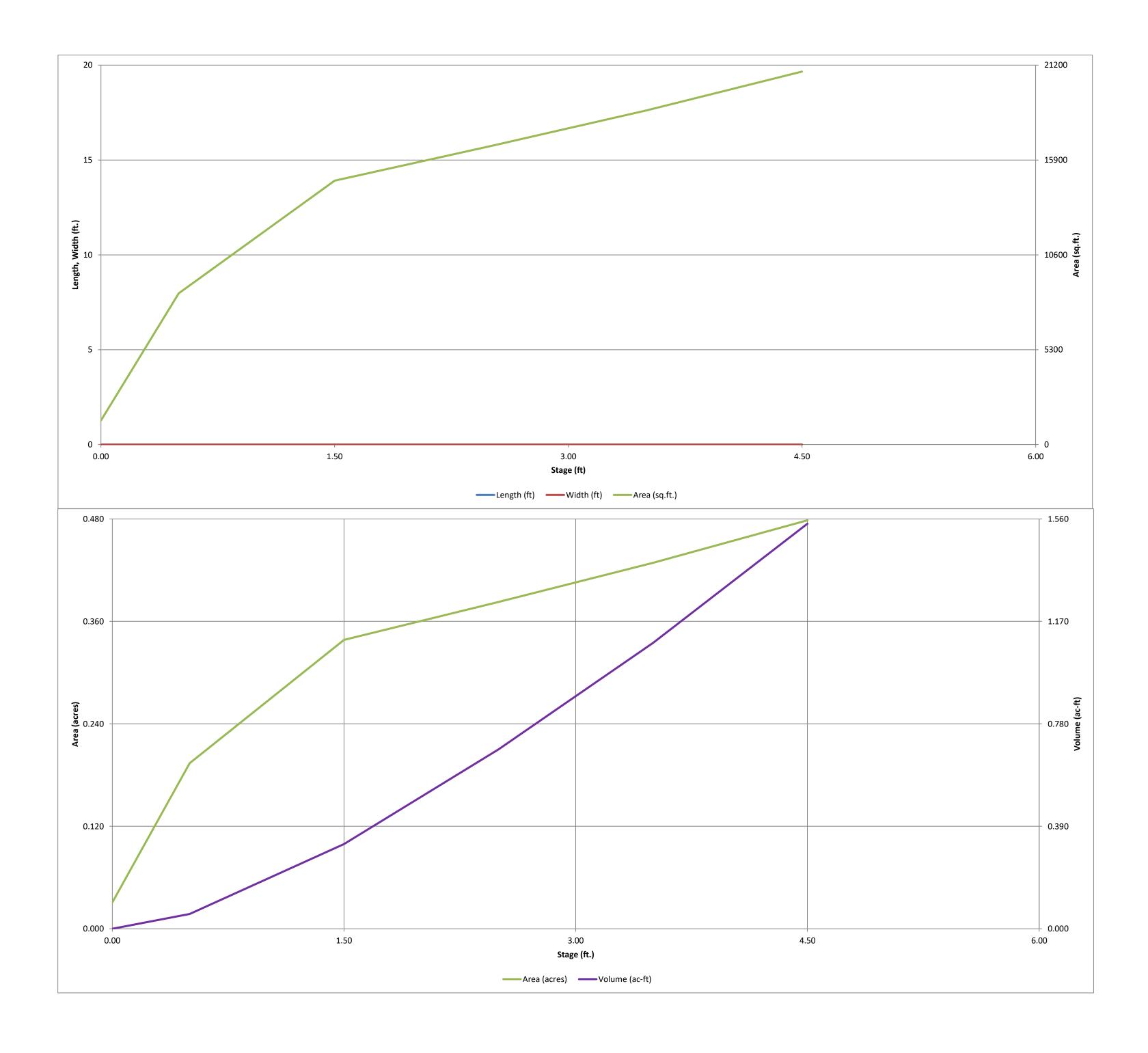
Shown as 0.79" on MHFD-Detention spreadsheet on pg 47 below and on CDs detail.

Design Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)						
Designer:	SPC	Sheet 2 of 2				
Company:	HR Green					
Date:	December 19, 2023					
Project:	Joyful View Subdivision					
Location:	El Paso County, CO					
A) Is an i	able Geomembrane Liner and Geotextile Separator Fabric impermeable liner provided due to proximity uctures or groundwater contamination?	Choose Oñe  ○ YES ● NO				
	tlet Works ribe the type of energy dissipation at inlet points and means of eying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet	Engery dissapation at inlet points provided via concrete forebay, riprap, and means of conveying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet is via the modified type 'C' inlet outlet structure grate, and a restricted outlet pipe.				
Notes:	-					
•						

# DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

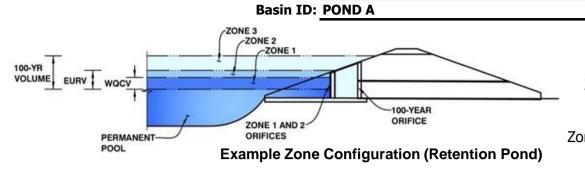




## DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Project: Joyful View



	Estimated	Estimated	
	Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.70	0.097	Filtration Media
Zone 2 (EURV)	1.10	0.102	Rectangular Orifice
one 3 (100-year)	2.88	0.632	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
	Total (all zones)	0.831	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = 2.72 ft (distance below the filtration media surface)

Underdrain Orifice Diameter = 0.79 inches Shown on 1.7/16" on UD-F

Underdrain Orifice Diameter = 0.79 Inches Shown on 1 7/16" on UD-BMP spreadsheet on pg 43 above

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice = N/A ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) WQ Orifice Plate: Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = N/A inches Ellip

N/A

3.50

 $\frac{\text{On BMP})}{\text{WQ Orifice Area per Row}} = \frac{\text{Calculated Parameters for Plate}}{\text{N/A}}$   $\frac{\text{Elliptical Half-Width}}{\text{Elliptical Slot Centroid}} = \frac{\text{N/A}}{\text{N/A}}$   $\frac{\text{ft}^2}{\text{feet}}$   $\frac{\text{Fliptical Slot Area}}{\text{Elliptical Slot Area}} = \frac{\text{N/A}}{\text{N/A}}$ 

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (optional)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A							
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A							

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Vertical Orifice Width =

Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =

	Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	0.84	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	1.10	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Height =	9.00	N/A	inches

inches

inches

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	1.80	N/A	ft (re
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%
·			-

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir Not Selected Zone 3 Weir relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Height of Grate Upper Edge,  $H_t$  = 1.80 N/A feet Overflow Weir Slope Length = 3.00 N/A feet 4.22 N/A Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =  $ft^2$ Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris = 6.26 N/A 3.13 N/A Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

ci inpati catice i ipe vi i iovi itestificati i iate	t Circaiar Crinice/ i	testification in face, or	recearing and restrict y
	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	2.74	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = $0$ ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	14.10		inches Half-Central Angle

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage=	3.00	ft (relative
Spillway Crest Length =	20.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet

Spillway Design Flow Depth= 0.50 feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard = 4.50 feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = 0.48 acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = 1.54 acre-ft

Routed Hydrograph Results

Design Storm Return Period = WQCV EURV 2 Year 5 Year 10 Year 25 Year 50 Year 100 Year 500 Year

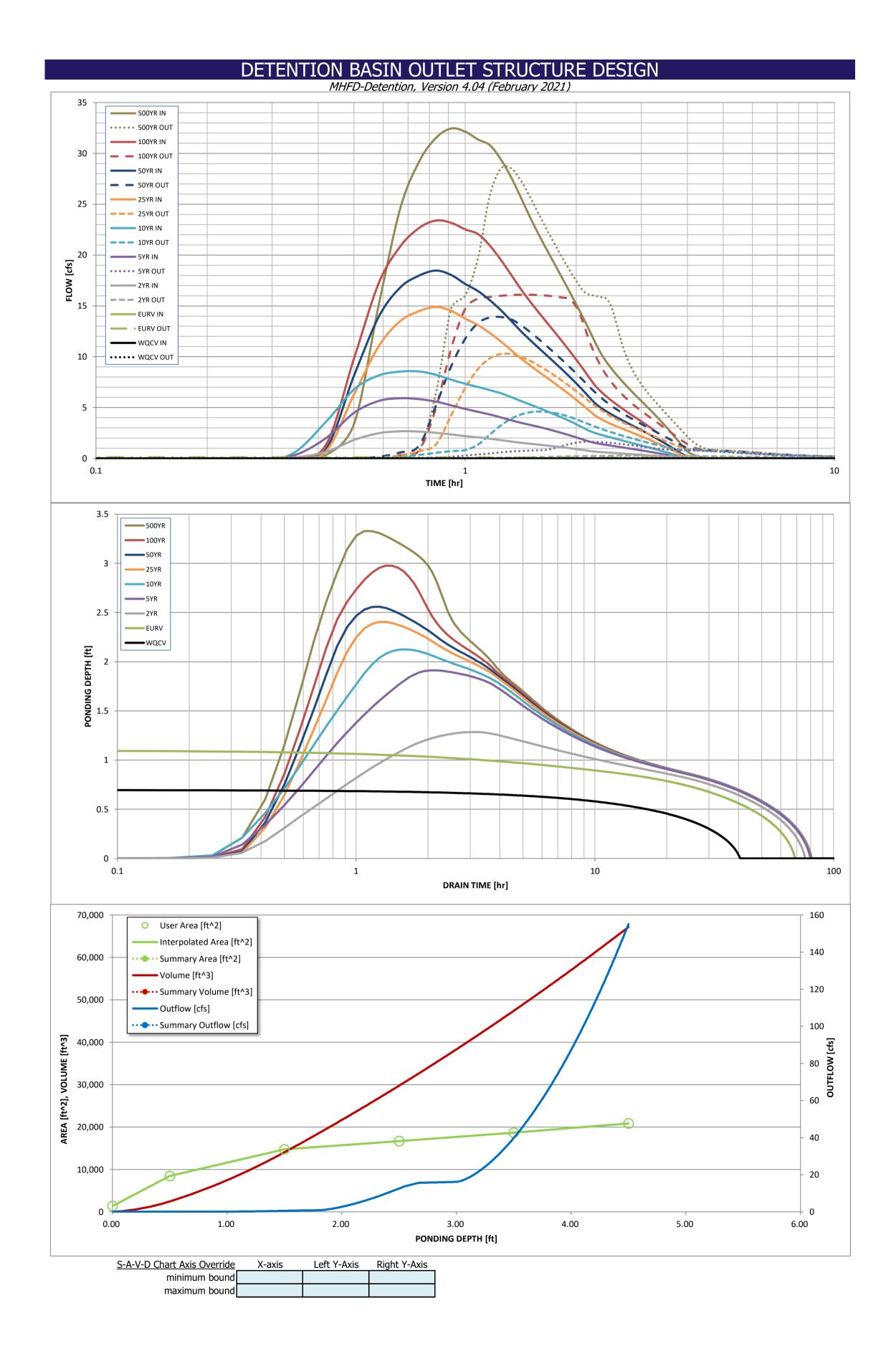
to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) Peak Inflow Q (cfs) Peak Outflow Q (cfs) Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q Structure Controlling Flow Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft)

) =[	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.14
) =	0.097	0.198	0.298	0.675	1.053	1.735	2.196	2.864	4.077
) =	N/A	N/A	0.298	0.675	1.053	1.735	2.196	2.864	4.077
) =	N/A	N/A	1.7	4.9	7.5	13.8	17.3	22.2	31.2
) =	N/A	N/A							
) =	N/A	N/A	0.07	0.21	0.32	0.58	0.73	0.94	1.32
) =[	N/A	N/A	2.7	5.9	8.6	14.9	18.5	23.4	32.4
) =[	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.7	4.6	10.3	13.9	16.1	28.5
) = [	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.3	0.6	0.7	8.0	0.7	0.9
/ = [	Filtration Media	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
=	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.6	1.4	2.0	2.3	2.4
=	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
) =	39	66	72	71	67	58	53	45	30
) =	40	68	75	77	76	73	71	68	63
) =	0.70	1.10	1.29	1.91	2.12	2.40	2.56	2.98	3.33
) =[	0.22	0.28	0.31	0.36	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.40	0.42
) =[	0.098	0.199	0.251	0.465	0.541	0.645	0.702	0.868	1.012

2 max 16.1 max

Pond\_A, Outlet Structure



Pond\_A, Outlet Structure

# DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

## Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	The user can o	verride the calcu	ulated inflow hyd	drographs from	this workbook v	vith inflow hydro	ographs develop	ped in a separate	program.	
	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
İ	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
İ	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04
ľ	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.17	0.30	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.29
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.61	1.91	3.48	0.59	0.77	1.16	3.39
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.82	4.49	6.79	6.28	8.15	9.84	15.09
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	2.48	5.65	8.16	11.04	13.93	17.24	24.54
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	2.67	5.92	8.54	13.50	16.80	20.83	29.17
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	2.64	5.83	8.55	14.48	17.98	22.65	31.51
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	2.52	5.59	8.23	14.89	18.47	23.39	32.44
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	2.36	5.22	7.74	14.51	18.04	23.17	32.14
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	2.20	4.87	7.35	13.75	17.16	22.53	31.36
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	2.08	4.59	7.03	13.12	16.46	22.07	30.80
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	1.94	4.32	6.72	12.33	15.56	20.93	29.39
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	1.80	4.04	6.41	11.50	14.57	19.51	27.62
-	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	1.66	3.75	6.03	10.64	13.52	18.04	25.63
-	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	1.54	3.50	5.65	9.84	12.51	16.63	23.69
ŀ	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.45	3.30	5.30	9.14	11.64	15.42	22.00
}	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.36	3.11	4.97	8.51	10.85	14.34	20.48
ŀ	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.27	2.90	4.64	7.93	10.11	13.35	19.06
}	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	1.18 1.10	2.69 2.49	4.32 4.01	7.37 6.83	9.40 8.72	12.40 11.48	17.71 16.41
}	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.10	2.49	3.69	6.30	8.05	10.58	15.14
ŀ	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.92	2.28	3.36	5.77	7.38	9.71	13.90
ŀ	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.83	1.87	3.03	5.24	6.71	8.84	12.65
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.74	1.67	2.73	4.71	6.04	7.96	11.41
ľ	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.67	1.52	2.50	4.22	5.42	7.16	10.31
ľ	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.63	1.42	2.33	3.87	4.98	6.57	9.47
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.59	1.33	2.18	3.59	4.62	6.08	8.77
l	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.55	1.25	2.03	3.35	4.30	5.65	8.14
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.52	1.17	1.90	3.13	4.01	5.26	7.57
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.48	1.09	1.76	2.92	3.75	4.90	7.04
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.45	1.01	1.64	2.73	3.49	4.56	6.55
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.94	1.51	2.54	3.25	4.24	6.09
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.86	1.39	2.36	3.01	3.95	5.65
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.79	1.28	2.17	2.78	3.65	5.22
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.72	1.16	2.00	2.55	3.35	4.80
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.65	1.05	1.82	2.33	3.06	4.38
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.58	0.94	1.64	2.10	2.77	3.96
-	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.51	0.83	1.46	1.87	2.47	3.54
}	3:25:00 3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.73	1.29	1.65	2.18	3.12
ŀ	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.37	0.62	1.11	1.42	1.89	2.70
ŀ	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.14 0.11	0.30 0.24	0.51 0.40	0.93 0.76	1.20 0.98	1.60 1.30	2.28 1.86
ŀ	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.24	0.30	0.58	0.98	1.01	1.45
ŀ	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	0.20	0.40	0.53	0.72	1.04
ŀ	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.06	0.14	0.24	0.33	0.46	0.70
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.11	0.15	0.22	0.31	0.48
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.08	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.34
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.06	0.10	0.14	0.23
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.07	0.09	0.16
}	4:20:00 4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02 0.01	0.04 0.03	0.03 0.02	0.05 0.03	0.05 0.03	0.10 0.06
}	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.06
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02
ŀ	4:50:00 4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01 0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01 0.01
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
}	5:15:00 5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
}	5:40:00 5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ŀ	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ŀ	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
The state of the s	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pond\_A, Outlet Structure

# DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

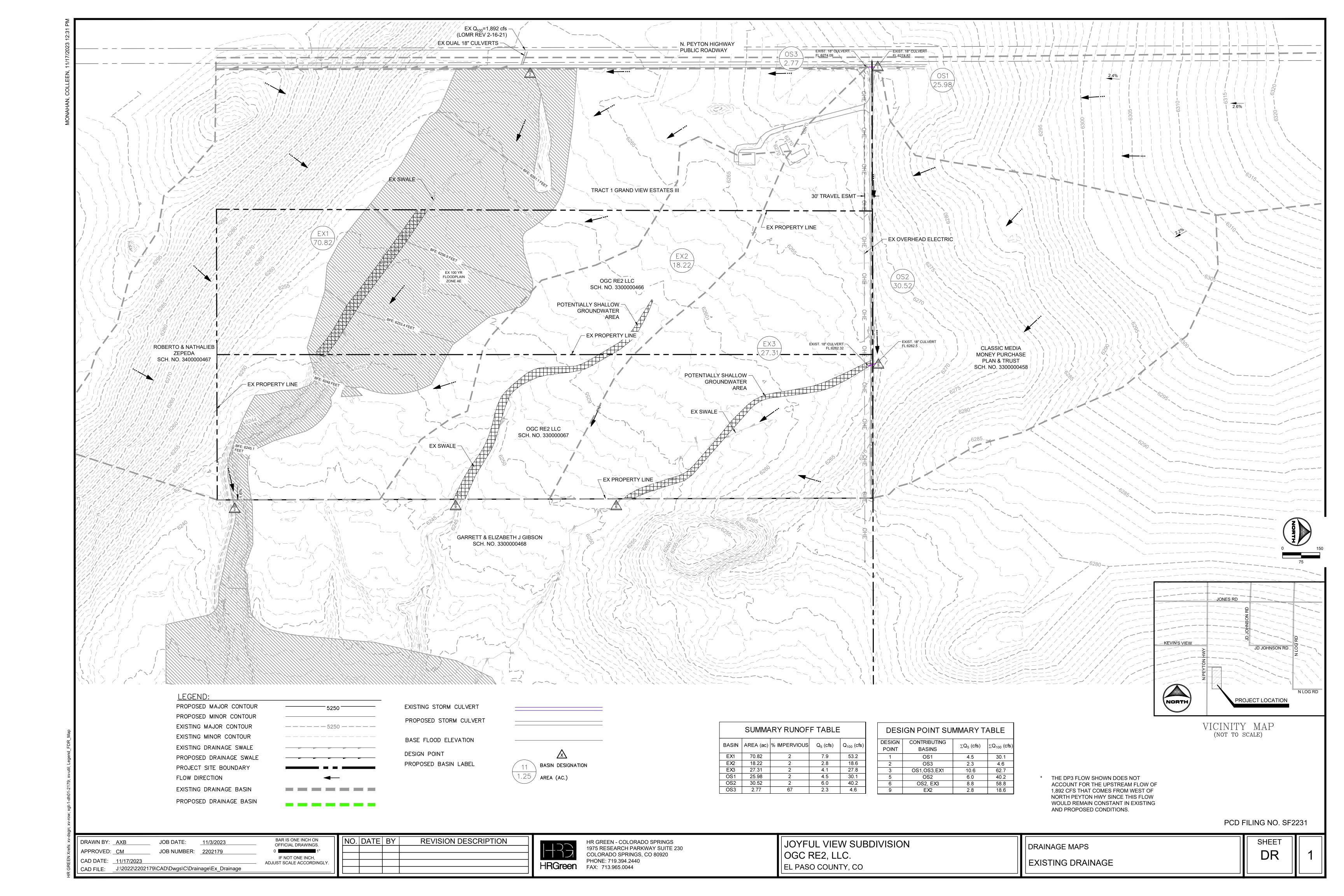
Stage - Storage Description	Stage [ft]	Area [ft <sup>2</sup> ]	Area [acres]	Volume [ft <sup>3</sup> ]	Volume [ac-ft]	Total Outflow [cfs]	
	[ic]	[IC]	[acres]	[ic]	[ac-it]	[cis]	
							For best results, include the stages of all grade slope
							changes (e.g. ISV and Floor
							from the S-A-V table on
							Sheet 'Basin'.
							Also include the inverts of a
							outlets (e.g. vertical orifice,
							overflow grate, and spillway
							where applicable).
							4
							4
							4
							$\dashv$
							-
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			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		†
							<del></del>

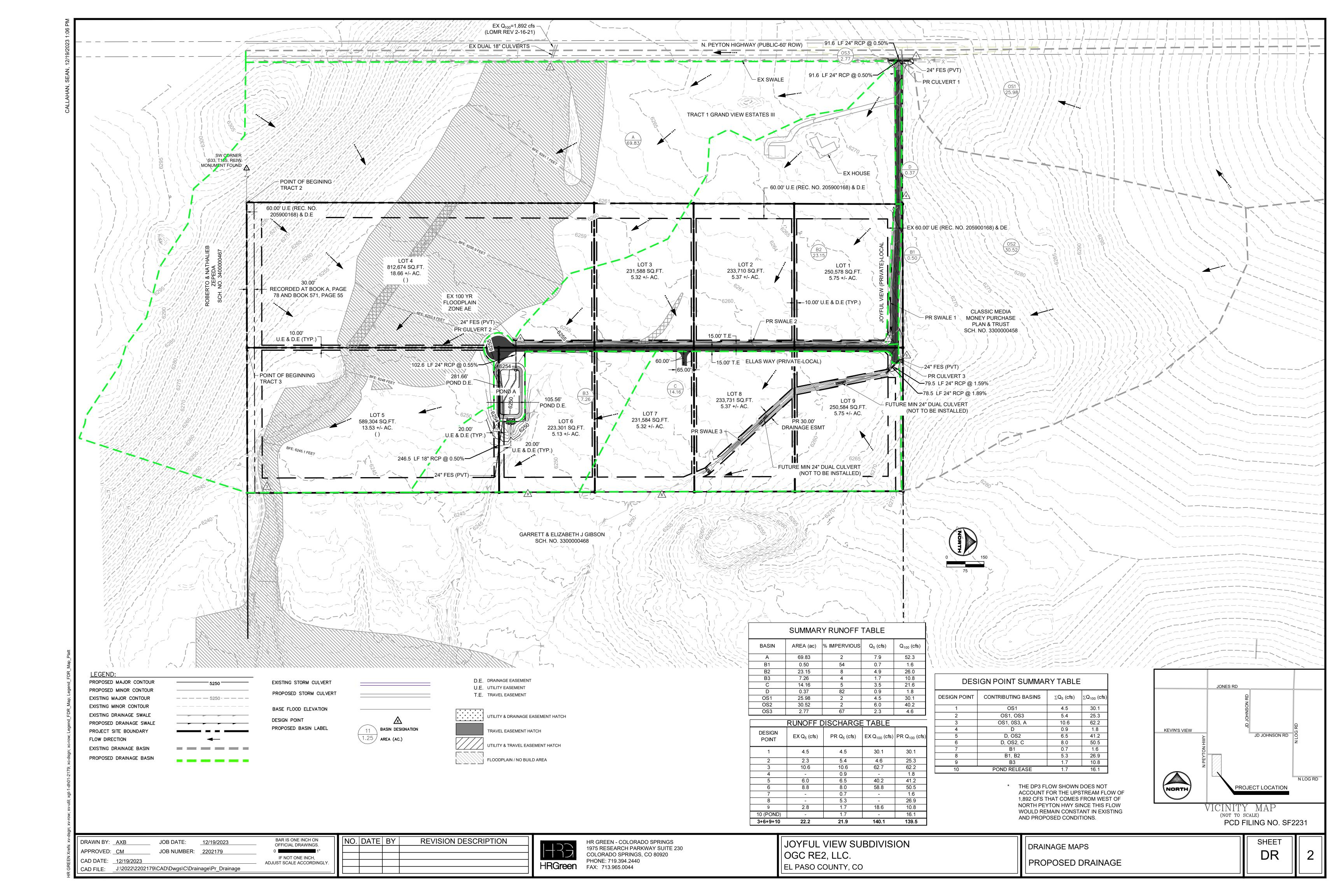
Pond\_A, Outlet Structure 12/22/2023, 1:08 PM





**APPENDIX E - DRAINAGE MAPS** 





## V4\_Drainage Report - Final\_Comments.pdf Markup Summary

#### Highlight (2)

Subject: Highlight Page Label: 2 Author: eschoenheit Date: 1/4/2024 4:15:46 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Developer's Statement

I, the developer, have read and will comp

Subject: Highlight Page Label: 2 Author: eschoenheit Date: 1/4/2024 4:15:48 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

#### SW - Highlight (1)

eferred). Use "0" if sand filter

Area (Flat Surface Area)

Subject: SW - Highlight

Page Label: 21

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 1/3/2024 9:53:36 AM

Status: Color: Laver: Space:

Flat Surface Area

#### SW - Textbox with Arrow (6)



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 21

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 1/3/2024 2:31:57 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

SFB bottoms should be flat. Sloped bottom shown

on CD details

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 23

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 1/3/2024 11:17:58 AM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Target to drain WQCV for infiltration basins is

12hrs.

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 25

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 1/3/2024 10:04:03 AM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Shown on 1 7/16" on UD-BMP spreadsheet on pg

43 above

The Older

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 21

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 1/3/2024 10:05:13 AM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Shown as 0.79" on MHFD-Detention spreadsheet

on pg 47 below and on CDs detail.

JANAGE TABLE BUILDER

# (February 2021)

This is between 0.5 and 18

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 23

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 1/3/2024 2:18:38 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: This is between 0.5 and 1ft based on the column

for "Optional Override Stage"

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 23

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 1/3/2024 3:57:43 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Please revise. Stage=0ft should be at 6249.50, which is the media surface elev shown on the CDs

Text Box (1)

prepared according to the criteria established by th the applicable master plan of the drainage tent acts, errors omissions on my part in Subject: Text Box Page Label: 2 Author: eschoenheit

**Date:** 1/4/2024 4:15:21 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Please stamp and sign