

**FINAL DRAINAGE PLAN**

**CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH**  
**AT**  
**LORSON RANCH**

**PUD SP-16-002**

**MARCH, 2017**

The inlet calculations for DP-13 and DP 13a are not in this report, please add.

***Prepared for:***

Lorson, LLC  
212 N. Wahsatch Ave, Suite 301  
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903  
(719) 635-3200

***Prepared by:***

Core Engineering Group, LLC  
15004 1<sup>ST</sup> Avenue South  
Burnsville, MN 55306  
(719) 570-1100

Project No. 100.030



**CORE**  
**ENGINEERING GROUP**

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

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<i>ENGINEER'S STATEMENT</i> .....	1
<i>OWNER'S STATEMENT</i> .....	1
<i>FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT</i> .....	1
<i>1.0 LOCATION and DESCRIPTION</i> .....	2
<i>2.0 DRAINAGE CRITERIA</i> .....	3
<i>3.0 EXISTING HYDROLOGICAL CONDITIONS</i> .....	3
<i>4.0 DEVELOPED HYDROLOGICAL CONDITIONS</i> .....	5
<i>5.0 HYDRAULIC SUMMARY</i> .....	10
<i>6.0 DETENTION and WATER QUALITY PONDS</i> .....	24
<i>7.0 DRAINAGE and BRIDGE FEES</i> .....	26
<i>8.0 CONCLUSIONS</i> .....	27
<i>9.0 REFERENCES</i> .....	28

### **APPENDIX A**

*VICINITY MAP*

*SCS SOILS INFORMATION*

*FEMA FIRM MAP*

### **APPENDIX B**

*HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS*

### **APPENDIX C**

*HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS*

### **APPENDIX D**

*POND AND HYDRAFLOW CALCULATIONS*

### **APPENDIX E**

*STORM SEWER SCHEMATIC & HDR Hydraulic Memo*

### **BACK POCKET**

*EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE MAP*

*DEVELOPED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE MAP*

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**ENGINEER'S STATEMENT**

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The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by El Paso County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

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Richard L. Schindler, P.E. #33997

Date

For and on Behalf of Core Engineering Group, LLC

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**OWNER'S STATEMENT**

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I, the Owner, have read and will comply with all the requirements specified in the drainage report and plan.

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Lorson, LLC

Date

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By  
Jeff Mark

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Title  
Manager

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Address  
212 N. Wahsatch Avenue, Suite 301, Colorado Springs, CO 80903

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**FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT**

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To the best of my knowledge and belief, this development is located within a designated floodplain as shown on Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel No. 08041C0957 F, Dated March 17, 1997, Revised to Reflect LOMR Effective Aug. 29, 2007. (See Appendix A, FEMA FIRM Exhibit)

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Richard L. Schindler, #33997,

Date

For and on Behalf of Core Engineering Group, LLC

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**EL PASO COUNTY**

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Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 1 and 2, and Engineering Criteria Manual, As Amended.

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(Jennifer Irvine), County Engineer / ECM Administrator

Date

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**Conditions:**

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## 1.0 LOCATION and DESCRIPTION

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The purpose of this Final Drainage Report is to provide an overview of the overall drainage impacts/mitigation due to development in the proposed Carriage Meadows South development located in Lorson Ranch. The study area of this report is approximately 110 acres. See **Appendix A** for vicinity map.

**Carriage Meadows South at Lorson Ranch** is located southeast of the intersection of Fontaine Boulevard and Marksheffel Road in El Paso County Colorado. The site is located on approximately 106.64 acres of vacant land. A portion of this study area is occupied by an existing single family residence that is not part of this development. For purposes of this report this offsite residence has been included as existing conditions. Also included in this report and plan is the proposed layout for Carriage Meadows South which is located southeast of the intersection of Fontaine Boulevard and Marksheffel Road. The land is currently owned by Lorson LLC or its nominees for Lorson Ranch. The first phase of development will consist of 235 single-family homes. Future development in this area will develop as commercial land uses.

The site is located in the Northeast  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Section 22 and the Northwest  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Section 23, Township 15 South and Range 65 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> Principal Meridian; it is currently unplatted and zoned RR3, Rural Residential District. The property is bounded on the north by the Fontaine Boulevard, on the east by the relocated Jimmy Camp Creek, a major Drainage conveyance system, on the west by Marksheffel Road, on the south by Peaceful Valley Country Club Estates, and the old Appletree Golf Course. For reference, a vicinity map is included in Appendix A of this report.

### Conformance with applicable Drainage Basin Planning Studies

There is an existing (unapproved) DBPS for Jimmy Camp Creek prepared by Wilson & Company in 1987 [3], adopted by El Paso County, and is referenced in this report. The only major drainage improvements for this study area according to the 1987 Wilson study was the reconstruction of the main stem of Jimmy Camp Creek. In 2006 the main stem of Jimmy Camp Creek and the FMIC relocation within Lorson Ranch was reconstructed in accordance with the 1987 study. In 2015 a new DBPS for Jimmy Camp Creek was completed by Kiowa Engineering. The Kiowa Engineering DPBS has been adopted by the City of Colorado Springs and partially adopted by El Paso County for the entire Jimmy Camp Creek Basin, including the main channel of Jimmy Camp Creek located on the east side of this site. El Paso county has not approved the drainage fees detailed in the Kiowa DBPS so current county drainage fees apply to this development. The Kiowa DBPS shows the reconstructed channel of Jimmy Camp Creek and the existing Fontaine Boulevard bridge over the main channel. According to the Kiowa DBPS all major drainage infrastructure has been constructed and there are no new requirements for channel/bridge improvements on Jimmy Camp Creek for development of Carriage Meadows South. The only major infrastructure not shown in the Kiowa DBPS is the future bridge over the main channel at Lorson Boulevard. The Lorson Boulevard bridge is not needed for this site but is included for discussion purposes.

### Reconstruction of Jimmy Camp Creek and FMIC relocation

In 2006 Jimmy Camp Creek was re-aligned and reconstructed within Lorson Ranch from the southern boundary to the northern boundary. The construction plans were prepared by Drexel Barrell & Company (project number C-7668-2) and were approved on September 6, 2005 by El Paso County (#2801). Construction was based more or less on recommendations in the 1987 Wilson DBPS for Jimmy Camp Creek. The construction consisted of a trapezoidal channel section, armored creek banks with a sand bottom. Construction started at the south property line of Lorson Ranch and extended north 5,300 feet to the north line of Lorson Ranch. In 2006 the FMIC ditch in Lorson Ranch was also relocated in conjunction with the creek improvements. The FMIC through Lorson Ranch was relocated adjacent to the creek on the west bank and was constructed at the same time as the creek improvements. Pentacor Engineering prepared the FMIC relocation construction plans (project number 6000.0002) which were approved by El Paso County on November 22, 2005. Both the creek and FMIC

relocation were completed in 2006 from the south property line of Lorson Ranch and extended north 5,300 feet to the north line of Lorson Ranch

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## **2.0 DRAINAGE CRITERIA**

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The supporting drainage design and calculations were performed in accordance with the City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County "Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM)", dated November, 1991, the El Paso County "Engineering Criteria Manual", Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual dated May 2014, and the UDFCD "Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1, 2 and 3 for full spectrum pond sizing. No deviations from these published criteria are requested for this site. The proposed improvements to the Lorson Ranch Development will be in substantial compliance with the "Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study", prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corp., Colorado Springs, CO.

The Rational Method as outlined in Section 6.3.0 of the May 2014 "Drainage Criteria Manual" and in Section 3.2.8.F of the El Paso County "Engineering Criteria Manual" was used for basins less than 130 acres to determine the rainfall and runoff conditions for the proposed development of the site. The runoff rates for the 5-year initial storm and 100-year major design storm were calculated.

Current updates to the Drainage Criteria manual for El Paso County states the if detention is necessary, Full Spectrum Detention will be included in the design, based on this criteria, Full Spectrum Detention will be required for this development

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## **3.0 EXISTING HYDROLOGICAL CONDITIONS**

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The site is currently undeveloped with native vegetation (grass with no shrubs) and moderate slopes in a southerly direction to an existing sediment basin located at the southeast corner of the site, these flows then continue east to Jimmy Camp Creek. The soils across the site consists of the Ellicott loamy course sand, a deep somewhat excessively drained soil with 0 - 5% slopes, the Fort Collins loam and clay loam, a deep well drained soil with 0 – 3% slopes and the Manzanola clay loam, also a deep well drained soil with 1 – 3% slopes according to the Soil Survey of El Paso County Area. Other onsite soil types consist of Ustic Torrifluvents, Fluvaquentic Haploquolls, Blakeland Loamy Sand, Blendon Sandy Loam, Truckton Sandy Loam, Stoneham Sandy Loam, Keith Silt Loam, Olney Sandy Loam, Manzanola Clay Loam, Nunn Clay Loam and Sampson loam. Since the majority of this site will consist of import material, soil type C/D has been assumed for the hydrologic conditions. See Appendix A for SCS Soils Map.

Offsite drainage from the future Carriage Meadows 1, Marksheffel Road, and Fontaine Boulevard impact this development. The storm sewer system and streets accommodate the offsite flows.

The following on-site pre-development basins are briefly discussed as follows:

### Basin EX-1

Basin EX-1 is an on-site, undeveloped basin is located east of Marksheffel Road, south of Fontaine Boulevard and extends southerly to Peaceful Valley Country Club Estates at the SW corner of Lorson Ranch. This basin has moderate to gentle slopes and flows southerly and westerly to the existing swale on the east side of Marksheffel Road. The existing contours shown on Marksheffel Road show the reconstructed road as it is nearly completed at the time of this report. The total pre-development flow from this 15.54 acre basin is 3.0cfs for the 5-year storm event and 22.0cfs for the 100-year storm event.

#### Basin EX-2

Basin EX-2 is primarily Marksheffel Road, flows are directed to the existing barrow ditch on the east side of the road. This small basin has moderate slopes and runoff sheet flows westerly, then southerly within the aforementioned ditch. The existing contours shown on Marksheffel Road and the barrow ditch show the reconstructed road as it is nearly completed at the time of this report. The total pre-development flow from this 4.87 acre basin is 2.5cfs for the 5-year storm event and 8.6cfs for the 100-year storm event.

#### Basin EX-3

Basin EX-3 is the main undeveloped basin and includes off-site and on-site drainage and is located east of Marksheffel Road, north and south of Fontaine Boulevard and west of the relocated of Jimmy Camp Creek. The existing conditions map show Fontaine as it has been constructed to show the basin boundaries but the runoff has been calculated based on the land being un-developed. There is no flow entering this basin from the north and east due to the relocated FMIC ditch. The contours on the east side of the basin reflect grading done in 2005 as part of the Jimmy Camp Creek CLOMR/LOMR project. The existing drainage patterns in this basin reflect historic patterns which ultimately drain to Jimmy Camp Creek in the SE corner of this site. This basin has moderate to gentle slopes and flows in a southerly and easterly direction; runoff is directed to an existing sediment basin in the SE corner of the site and then to Jimmy Camp Creek. The total pre-development flow from this 78.0 acre basin is 18.7cfs for the 5-year storm event and 125.8cfs for the 100-year storm event.

#### Basin EX-4

Basin EX-4 is an on-site, undeveloped basin is located adjacent and north of the Appletree Golf Course and approximately 800 feet east of Marksheffel Road. This basin has moderate slopes and runoff sheetflows southerly to the Appletree Golf Course. The total pre-development flow from this 5.22 acre basin is 2.6cfs for the 5-year storm event and 14.8cfs for the 100-year storm event.

#### Basin EX-5

Basin EX-5 is an on-site, undeveloped basin is located easterly of Marksheffel Road, north and adjacent to the Peaceful Valley Country Club Estates. This small basin has moderate slopes and flows southwesterly via to the Marksheffel Road east barrow ditch. The total pre-development flow from this 5.23 acre basin is 2.8cfs for the 5-year storm event and 15.4cfs for the 100-year storm event.

#### Basin EX-6

Basin EX-5 is an on-site, undeveloped basin that encompasses Jimmy Camp Creek. This basin flows south in the re-constructed channel of the creek to the Apple Tree Golf Course. The total pre-development flow from this 23.4 acre basin is 9.9cfs for the 5-year storm event and 55.3cfs for the 100-year storm event.

#### Design Point DP-1

Design Point DP-1 was included in this report to determine the existing flow in the Marksheffel Road east barrow ditch. The flow at this design point is from Basin EX-1 and EX-2. The flow is contained in a newly constructed barrow ditch as part of the Marksheffel Road reconstruction project by El Paso County DOT. The road reconstruction project constructed two-24" RCP pipe culverts in this location for an existing road crossing and have sized the new culverts for existing 100-year flow. The pre-development flows entering the culverts are 5.2cfs and 29.5cfs in the 5/100-year storm events. The pre-development 100-year flows at this design point will not be allowed to be increased when development of Carriage Meadows occurs.

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## 4.0 DEVELOPED HYDROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

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Hydrology for the **Carriage Meadows South** drainage report was based on the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria. Sub-basins that lie within this project were determined and the 5-year and 100-year peak discharges for the developed conditions have been presented in this report. Based on these flows, storm inlets will be added when the street capacity is exceeded.

The time of concentration for each basin and sub-basin was developed using an overland, ditch, street and pipe flow components. The maximum overland flow length for developed conditions was limited to 100 feet. Travel time velocities ranged from 2 to 6 feet per second. The travel time calculations are included in the back of this report.

Runoff coefficients for the various land uses were obtained from the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual.

The hydrology analysis necessary for sizing the storm sewer system is preliminary only and will be finalized when the construction documents are prepared.

Drainage concepts for each of the basins are briefly discussed as follows:

### Basin G1.1

Basin G1.1 consists of future commercial development. Runoff is directed southwest to a proposed Type "D" inlet on the east side of Carriage Meadows Drive at Design Point 1. Upon development of this basin the storm sewer at the SE corner may need to be extended easterly to Rubicon Drive. The peak developed flow from this 3.09-acre basin is 11.2cfs and 20.7cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G1.2

Basin G1.2 consists of residential development. Runoff is directed north in curb/gutter in Rubicon Drive and then west overland to Design Point 1 to a proposed Type "D" inlet on the east side of Carriage Meadows Drive. When areas in Basin G1.1 develop, the storm sewer at Design Point 1 may need to be extended east to Rubicon Drive. The peak developed flow from this 2.22-acre basin is 4.3cfs and 9.5cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G1.3

Basin G1.3 consists of residential development. Runoff is directed north in curb/gutter in Rubicon Drive and then west overland to Design Point 1 to a proposed Type "D" inlet on the east side of Carriage Meadows Drive. When areas in Basin G1.1 develop, the storm sewer at Design Point 1 may need to be extended east to Rubicon Drive. The peak developed flow from this 0.45-acre basin is 0.8cfs and 1.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G1.4

Basin G1.4 consists of future development on Carriage Meadows Drive and residential development on Mandan Drive. Runoff is directed north to a low point and a proposed Type "R" inlet on the east side of Carriage Meadows Drive at Design Point 2. The peak developed flow from this 3.53-acre basin is 10.3cfs and 19.0cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G1.5

Basin G1.5 consists of residential development and Carriage Meadows Drive. Runoff is directed to a low point and a proposed Type "R" inlet on the west side of Carriage Meadows Drive at Design Point 3. Additional future commercial area in Basin G1.7 might be able to flow east to Carriage Meadows Drive but the street and inlet capacities at Design Point 3 would need to be checked. The peak developed flow from this 0.83-acre basin is 3.0cfs and 5.4cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G1.6

Basin G1.6 is an offsite basin and consists of future commercial development (north of Fontaine Boulevard) and runoff from Fontaine Boulevard. Runoff is directed south to existing inlets and an existing storm sewer (42" HERCP) under Fontaine Boulevard. Runoff will then flow south overland to Interim Detention Pond G1.7 at Design Point 4. The peak developed flow from this 19.74-acre basin is 61.2cfs and 111.6cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations. Detention and Water Quality for this offsite basin is included in Pond G1/G2.

#### Basin G1.7

Basin G1.7 consists of future commercial development. Runoff is directed south to Detention Pond G1.7 at Design Point 4. The peak developed flow from this 11.6-acre basin is 37.8cfs and 68.9cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. A swale in the south side of this basin will re-direct runoff east and south to Pond G1.7 so developed runoff does not flow south onto the Brownsville Subdivision No. 2. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G1.8a

Basin G1.8a consists of future commercial and residential areas in Lorson Ranch, Marksheffel Road, and from the Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 which is an existing single lot residential subdivision. The Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 is not part of the Lorson Ranch but we have included it in this drainage report because runoff from Lorson Ranch enters the subdivision from the north and exits back onto Lorson Ranch on the south side. Runoff is directed south to Detention Pond G1.8. For the Lorson Ranch future commercial areas the runoff has been calculated as fully developed but for the Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 we have kept runoff at existing values. If Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 should re-develop in the future and increase runoff they will have to detain runoff to pre-development amounts. Water Quality for Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 (if redevelopment occurs) is included in Pond G1/G2 but cannot be used unless an agreement is made with Lorson Ranch. The peak developed flow from this 11.6-acre basin is 37.8cfs and 68.9cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G1.8b

Basin G1.8b consists of residential areas and the east half of Marksheffel Road. Runoff is directed south to Design Point 6 in roadside barrow ditches on the east side of Marksheffel Road. A new roadside swale is proposed in the future ROW area for Marksheffel Road. If Marksheffel Road were to be widened the existing swale could be filled to make room for the additional road width and the new swale will convey runoff from the road south to Design Point 6. We have routed all the runoff from this basin to Design Point 6 which connects to Pond G1/G2. This reduces the developed runoff flowing south to Lorson Boulevard where storm facilities are very shallow shall making it impractical to construction detention ponds at Lorson Boulevard/Marksheffel Road. The peak developed flow from this 5.11-acre basin is 7.1cfs and 15.6cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G1.9

Basin G1.9 consists of residential development and Mandan Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Mandan Drive to a low point at Design Point 7 on the west side of Mandan Drive. The peak developed flow from this 2.97-acre basin is 5.4cfs and 11.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G1.10

Basin G1.10 consists of residential development and Mandan Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Mandan Drive to a low point at Design Point 7a on the east side of Mandan Drive. The peak developed flow from this 4.3-acre basin is 6.2cfs and 13.6cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G1.11

Basin G1.11 consists of residential development and Pond G1/G2. Runoff is directed overland to the G1 side of Pond G1/G2. The peak developed flow from this 3.10-acre basin is 5.6cfs and 11.5cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G1

Basin G1 consists of runoff from Basins G1.1-G1.11 that enters into Pond G1/G2 on the G1 side. The peak developed flow from this 66.69-acre basin is 132.2cfs and 273.3cfs for the 5/100-year storm event and flows to Design Point 9. This overall basin was included to design the storm sewer linking G1 side (north) to G2 side (south). See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G2.1

Basin G2.1 consists of residential development and Rubicon Drive. Runoff is directed southwest in curb/gutter in Rubicon Drive to an on-grade inlet at Design Point 10 on the north side of Rubicon Drive. The peak developed flow from this 3.4-acre basin is 5.2cfs and 11.4cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G2.2

Basin G2.2 consists of residential development and Galpin Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Galpin Drive to a low point at Design Point 14 on the east side of Galpin Drive. The peak developed flow from this 1.95-acre basin is 3.0cfs and 6.6cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G2.3

Basin G2.3 consists of residential development and Galpin Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Galpin Drive to a low point at Design Point 14a on the west side of Galpin Drive. The peak developed flow from this 3.7-acre basin is 5.5cfs and 12.1cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G2.4

Basin G2.4 consists of residential development and Rubicon Drive/Lorson Blvd. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Rubicon Drive to a low point at Design Point 12a on the east side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 4.00-acre basin is 6.7cfs and 14.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G2.5

Basin G2.5 consists of residential development and Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Rubicon Drive to a low point at Design Point 12b on the west side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 0.21-acre basin is 0.4cfs and 0.9cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G2.6

Basin G2.6 consists of residential development and Rubicon Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Rubicon Drive to a low point at Design Point 13b on the south side of Rubicon Drive at Pond G1. The peak developed flow from this 1.43-acre basin is 2.4cfs and 5.3cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G2.6a

Basin G2.6a consists of residential development and Rubicon Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Rubicon Drive to a low point at Design Point 13 on the north side of Rubicon Drive at Pond G1. The peak developed flow from this 0.3-acre basin is 0.7cfs and 1.1cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.7

Basin G2.7 consists of residential development and Rubicon/Clatsop Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Rubicon Drive to a low point at Design Point 16 on the north side of Rubicon Drive. The peak developed flow from this 2.40-acre basin is 4.6cfs and 10.2cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.8

Basin G2.8 consists of residential development and Rubicon/Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Rubicon/Wando Drive to a low point at Design Point 17 on the west side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 1.01-acre basin is 2.2cfs and 4.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.9

Basin G2.9 consists of residential development and Lorson Blvd/Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Lorson Blvd/Wando Drive to a low point at Design Point 17 on the west side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 0.23-acre basin is 0.4cfs and 0.9cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.10

Basin G2.10 consists of residential development and Rubicon/Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Rubicon/Wando Drive to a low point at Design Point 18 on the east side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 0.68-acre basin is 1.2cfs and 2.6cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.11a

Basin G2.11a consists of residential development and Lorson Blvd. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Lorson Blvd to a low point at Design Point 15 on the north side of Lorson Boulevard. The peak developed flow from this 1.61-acre basin is 2.6cfs and 5.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.11b

Basin G2.11b consists of residential development and Lorson Blvd. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Lorson Blvd to a low point at Design Point 20 on the north side of Lorson Boulevard. The peak developed flow from this 0.64-acre basin is 1.1cfs and 2.5cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.12a

Basin G2.12a consists of residential development and Lorson Blvd. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Lorson Blvd to a low point at Design Point 15a on the south side of Lorson Boulevard. The peak developed flow from this 1.14-acre basin is 2.0cfs and 4.5cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.12b

Basin G2.12b consists of residential development and Lorson Blvd/Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Lorson Blvd to a low point at Design Point 22 on the south side of Lorson Boulevard. The peak developed flow from this 1.16-acre basin is 2.2cfs and 4.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.13

Basin G2.13 consists of residential development and Simcoe Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Simcoe Drive to a low point at Design Point 24 on the west end of Simcoe Drive. The peak developed flow from this 1.54-acre basin is 2.8cfs and 6.2cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2.14

Basin G2.14 consists of residential development and Pond G2. The peak developed flow from this 4.59-acre basin is 7.7cfs and 17.00cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G2

Basin G2 consists of runoff from Basins G2.1-G2.14 that enters into Pond G1/G2 from the G2 side (south). The peak developed flow from this 29.34-acre basin is 42.5cfs and 93.5cfs for the 5/100-year storm event and flows to Design Point 25. This overall basin was included to design Pond G1/G2.

#### Basin G3.1

Basin G3.1 consists of residential development and Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Wando Drive to a low point at Design Point 26 on the north side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 0.69-acre basin is 1.2cfs and 2.6cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G3.2

Basin G3.2 consists of residential development and Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Wando Drive to a low point at Design Point 26 on the north side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 0.68-acre basin is 1.2cfs and 2.7cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

Text for Basin G3.2 has been duplicated. Please

#### Basin G3.2

Basin G3.2 consists of residential development and Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Wando Drive to a low point at Design Point 26 on the north side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 0.68-acre basin is 1.2cfs and 2.7cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G3.3

Basin G3.3 consists of residential development and Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Wando Drive to a low point at Design Point 27 on the south side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 0.74-acre basin is 1.3cfs and 2.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G3.4

Basin G3.4 consists of residential development and Wando Drive. Runoff is directed in curb/gutter in Wando Drive to a low point at Design Point 27 on the south side of Wando Drive. The peak developed flow from this 3.46-acre basin is 5.6cfs and 12.4cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G3.5

Basin G3.5 consists of residential development and Pond G3. The peak developed flow from this 4.59-acre basin is 1.0cfs and 2.2cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin G3

Basin G3 consists of runoff from Basins G3.1-G3.5 that enters into Pond G3. The peak developed flow from this 6.09-acre basin is 9.9cfs and 21.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event and flows to Design Point 29. This overall basin was included to design Pond G3.

#### Basin G4

Basin G4 consists of residential development. Runoff is from backyards and is directed south onto the Appletree Golf Course as in pre-development conditions. The peak developed flow from this 1.32-acre basin is 2.6cfs and 5.8cfs for the 5/100-year storm event which is less than the pre-development conditions in Basin EX-4. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G5

Basin G5 consists of backyards and open space south of Lorson Boulevard. Runoff is from open space and is directed south onto the Appletree Golf Course and land north of Peaceful Valley Country Club estates as in pre-development conditions. The peak developed flow from this 0.89-acre basin is 1.8cfs and 4.0cfs for the 5/100-year storm event which is less than the pre-development conditions in Basin EX-5. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G6.1

Basin G6.1 consists of backyards and Lorson Boulevard. Runoff is directed south and west in curb/gutter in Lorson Boulevard to curb chase that flows north into the Marksheffel Road east barrow ditch. This basin also includes a swale in the future ROW of Marksheffel Road that will collect runoff from backyards. All flow from this basin flows to Design Point 30 into two proposed 24" culverts under Lorson Boulevard and flows south in an existing roadside swale to two existing 24" culverts constructed in 2016 as part of El Paso County's Marksheffel Road widening project. The peak developed flow from this 5.55-acre basin is 8.7cfs and 19.1cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. Per the El Paso County's Marksheffel Road widening project the two existing 24" culverts can handle up to 28.6cfs in the 100-year storm event. See attached memo dated March 11, 2016 from HDR in Appendix E. See the appendix for detailed calculations. A portion of existing basin EX-1 (Developed basins G1.8a/b) has been diverted east into Pond G1/G2 at Design Point 6 so that runoff from Basin G6.1 can flow south to Design Point 30 and not exceed the capacity of the two existing 24" culverts in the roadside barrow ditch.

### Basin G6.2

Basin G6.2 consists of Lorson Boulevard. Runoff is directed south and west in curb/gutter in Lorson Boulevard to a curb chase that flows south into the Marksheffel Road east barrow ditch. All flow from this basin flows to Design Point 31. The peak developed flow from this 0.77-acre basin is 3.1cfs and 5.6cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

### Basin G6

Basin G6 consists of runoff from Basins G6.1-G6.2 that flows to Design Point 31. The peak developed flow from this 6.32-acre basin is 9.8cfs and 21.5cfs for the 5/100-year storm event and flows to Design Point 31. This overall basin was included and verifies that developed flows are less than the 100-year pre-development flows at existing Design Point DP-1 (5.2cfs/29.5cfs for 5/100year storm). The proposed flow is also lower than the allowable flow from the HDR drainage memo (Appendix E) for the hydraulic design of the two culverts which is 28.6cfs in the 100-year storm. There should be no downstream impacts due to our development since we have lowered the runoff to Marksheffel Road in this basin.

See the Developed Conditions Hydrology Calculations in the back of this report and the Developed Conditions Drainage Map (Map Pocket) for the 5-year and 100-year storm event amounts.

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## **5.0 HYDRAULIC SUMMARY**

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The sizing of the hydraulic structures and detentions ponds were prepared by using the *StormSewers* and *Hydrographs* computer software programs developed by Intellisolve, which conforms to the methods outlined in the "City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual".

It is the intent of this drainage report to use the proposed curb/gutter and storm sewer in the streets to convey runoff to detention and water quality ponds then to Jimmy Camp Creek. Inlet size and location are preliminary only as shown on the storm sewer layout in the appendix. See Appendix C for detailed hydraulic calculations and the storm sewer model.

All storm sewer is to be part of a public system including Detention Pond G1/G2, G3, and Swale G1.8. Detention Pond G1.7 is an interim detention pond and may move in the future when the commercial areas are developed including the Brownsville Subdivision No. 2. Detention Pond G1.7 will be an interim district detention pond until

the remaining commercial areas are developed and the pond location has been finalized, then it will become public.

Table 1: Street Capacities (100-year capacity is only ½ of street)

Street Slope	Residential Local		Residential Collector		Principal Arterial	
	5-year	100-year	5-year	100-year	5-year	100-year
0.5%	6.3	26.4	9.7	29.3	9.5	28.5
0.6%	6.9	28.9	10.6	32.1	10.4	31.2
0.7%	7.5	31.2	11.5	34.6	11.2	33.7
0.8%	8.0	33.4	12.3	37.0	12.0	36.0
0.9%	8.5	35.4	13.0	39.3	12.7	38.2
1.0%	9.0	37.3	13.7	41.4	13.4	40.2
1.4%	10.5	44.1	16.2	49.0	15.9	47.6
1.8%	12.0	45.4	18.4	50.4	18.0	50.4
2.2%	13.3	42.8	19.4	47.5	19.5	47.5
2.6%	14.4	40.7	18.5	45.1	18.5	45.1
3.0%	15.5	39.0	17.7	43.2	17.8	43.2
3.5%	16.7	37.2	16.9	41.3	17.0	41.3
4.0%	17.9	35.7	16.2	39.7	16.3	29.7
4.5%	19.0	34.5	15.7	38.3	15.7	38.3
5.0%	19.9	33.4	15.2	37.1	15.2	37.1

Note: all flows are in cfs (cubic feet per second)

Design Point 1

Design Point 1 is located east of Carriage Meadows Drive and west of Rubicon Drive.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G1.1-G1.3	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 1
<b>Upstream flowby:</b> 0	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 14.9 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> CDOT Type D	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> will need inlets when future development occurs	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G1.1-G1.3	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 1
<b>Upstream flowby:</b> 0	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 29.2 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> CDOT Type D	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> will need inlets when future development occurs	
<b>Comments:</b> The CDOT Type D is only for interim conditions. Additional inlets will be needed upstream to convey flow.	

Design Point 2 and 2a

Design Point 2 is located on Carriage Meadows Drive at a low point just north of Mandan Drive and Design Point 2a is the flow in the storm sewer

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.4

**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 2

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 10.3 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 15' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** The street capacity may be exceeded which will require additional inlets and storm sewer from Design Point 1 to be extended north to reduce the size of this basin. The un-developed conditions in Basin G1.4 do not exceed street capacity.

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.4

**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 2

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 19.0 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 15' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** The street capacity is not exceeded in the 100-year storm event but the 5-yr storm may require additional inlets and storm sewer from Design Point 1 to be extended north to reduce the size of this basin. The un-developed conditions in Basin G1.4 do not exceed street capacity.

**Comments:** Pipe flow in culvert is 24.3cfs/46.5cfs in the 5/100-year storm events at Design Point 2a. Storm sewer size is 30" RCP

Design Point 3 and 3a

Design Point 3 is located on Carriage Meadows Drive at a low point just north of Mandan Drive. Design Point 3a is the flow in the storm sewer into Pond G1.7

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.5

**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 3

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 3.0 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 5' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 7 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay.

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.5

**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 3

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 5.4 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 5' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 14 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street) okay.

**Comments:** Pipe flow in culvert is 26.9cfs/51.2cfs in the 5/100-year storm events at Design Point 3a. Storm sewer size is 30" RCP

Design Point 4

Design Point 4 is located on the north side of Pond G1.7 and includes Basins G1.6 & G1.7

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.6 & G1.7  
**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:**  
**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 83.2 cfs  
**Inlet Size:**  
**Street Capacity:**

**Flow Bypassed:**

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.6 & G1.7  
**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:**  
**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 151.7 cfs  
**Inlet Size:**  
**Street Capacity:**

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Comments:** A swale with 5' bottom, 0.5% slope, and 3:1 side slopes will carry 100cfs. Full development of these basins will require additional storm sewer into Pond G1.7. The swale is okay for interim undeveloped conditions.

Design Point 5

Design Point 5 is located on the south side of Pond G1.7 and includes Basins G1.1-G1.7. The total inflow to Pond G1.7 is 106.4cfs in the 5-year storm event and 195.9cfs in the 100-year storm event. Pond G1.7 will detain runoff so the downstream storm sewer can be accommodated in a 48" storm sewer outfall. Pond G1.7 is an interim pond that could be moved depending on whether or not Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 is developed as part of Lorson Ranch in the future.

Design Point 6

Design Point 6 is located south of Swale G1.8 and includes Basins G1.8a, G1.8b, Detention Pond G1.7, and flow from Swale G1.8. It is our intent to divert as much runoff from Marksheffel Road as possible to the on-site detention Pond G1/G2 for detention and water quality. This will allow Lorson Ranch to drain a portion of the Southwest corner of this site to the southwest without constructing a detention/WQ pond. The resultant tributary area is significantly reduced thus maintaining offsite flow rates in the Marksheffel Road barrow ditch. By diverting the upstream Marksheffel Road areas we can also utilize the WQ facilities in the barrow ditch to treat runoff from Lorson Boulevard and backyards in the SW corner. The total flow at this design point is 47.4cfs in the 5-year storm and 96.7cfs in the 100-year storm event. All flow will be in a 48" RCP that drains to Pond G1/G2. The 48" RCP does have additional capacity should upstream areas change in land use when they are platted. This design point was modeled in hydraflow hydrographs.

Design Point 7

Design Point 7 is located on the west side of Mandan Drive at a low point west of Pond G1.

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.9

**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 7

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 5.4 cfs

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 7.1 cfs at 0.63% ---street capacity okay.

**Flow Bypassed:**

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.9

**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 7

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 11.8 cfs

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 14.8 cfs at 0.63% ---street capacity (1/2 of street) okay.

**Flow Bypassed:**

Design Point 7a

Design Point 7a is located on the east side of Mandan Drive at a low point west of Pond G1.

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.10

**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 7a

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 6.2 cfs

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 7.1cfs at 0.63% ---street capacity okay

**Flow Bypassed:**

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G1.10

**Upstream flowby:** 0

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 7a

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 13.6 cfs

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 14.8 cfs at 0.63% ---street capacity (1/2 of street) okay

**Flow Bypassed:**

Design Point 8

Design Point 8 is located west of Design Point 7a and is the total flow from Basins G1.9 and G1.10 in a storm sewer flowing into Pond G1. The total flow in the storm sewer is 12.6cfs in the 5-year storm event and 27.7cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 9

Design Point 9 is located on the south side of Pond G1 and includes Basins G1.1-G1.11, G2.2 & G2.3. The total inflow was calculated in Hydraflow Hydrographs and included Pond G1.7 and Swale G1.8 which detains upstream flow. The total inflow to Pond G1 is 60cfs in the 5-year storm event and 117cfs in the 100-year storm event. Pond G1 is connected directly to Pond G1/G2 and will included in the full spectrum detention calculations. This design point was added to design the interconnection pipe between Pond G1 and G2 and to determine a suitable emergency overflow for the "G1" side of the pond. The total outflow from Pond G1 to G2 into the 48" RCP interconnection pipe is 28cfs in the 5-year storm event (elev 5687.92) and 58cfs in the 100-year storm event (elev 5689.12) . The 48" RCP will also function as an emergency overflow for Pond G1 to the south. The emergency overflow capacity of the 48" RCP is 120cfs at a headwater depth of 5690.60

Design Point 10

Design Point 10 is located on Rubicon Drive northeast of Galpin Drive

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.1	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 10
<b>Upstream flowby:</b> 0	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 4.9 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b> 0.3 cfs to DP14
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 10' Type R Inlet on grade	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 6.9 cfs at 0.6% ---street capacity okay	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.1	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 10
<b>Upstream flowby:</b> 0	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 7.7 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b> 3.7cfs to DP14
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 10' Type R Inlet	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 14.4 cfs at 0.6% ---street capacity (1/2 of street) okay	

Design Point 11

Design Point 11 is located at Manhole 11 on Rubicon Drive and is the flow in the 24" RCP storm sewer at Manhole 11. Flow at this point is from Design Point 10 and Design Point 12. The total flow in the pipe is 11.9cfs in the 5-year storm event and 23.1cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 12a

Design Point 12a is located at a low point on Wando Drive.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.4	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 12a
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 6.7 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 15' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay since 1/3 of flow is from Lorson Blvd	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.4	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 12a
<b>Upstream flowby:</b> 0	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 14.8 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 15' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street) okay.	

Design Point 12b

Design Point 12b is located at a low point on Wando Drive.

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.5  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 12b  
**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 0.4 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 5' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay since 1/3 of flow is from Lorson Blvd

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.5  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 12b  
**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 0.9 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 5' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).

**Comments:**

Design Point 12

Design Point 12 is located at Manhole 12 on Rubicon Drive and is the flow in the 24" RCP storm sewer at Manhole 12. Flow at this point is from Design Point 12a and Design Point 12b. The total flow in the pipe is 7.0cfs in the 5-year storm event and 15.4cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 13

Design Point 13 is located at a low point on the north side of Rubicon Drive next to Pond G1.

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.6a  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 13  
**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 0.7 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 6.8 cfs at 0.56% ---street capacity okay

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.6a  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 13  
**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 1.1 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 13.5 cfs at 0.56% ---street capacity (1/2 of street) okay.

Design Point 13a

Design Point 13a is located at Manhole 13a on Rubicon Drive and is the flow in the 48" RCP storm sewer at Manhole 13a. Flow at this point is from Design Point 13, Design Point 11, and the outflow from Pond G1 (28cfs/58cfs in the 5/100-year storm events). The total flow in the pipe is 40.6cfs in the 5-year storm event and 82.2cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 13b

Design Point 13b is located at a low point on the south side of Rubicon Drive next to Pond G1.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.6	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 13b
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 2.4 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 10' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 6.8 cfs at 0.56% ---street capacity okay	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.6a	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 13b
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 5.3 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 10' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 13.5 cfs at 0.56% ---street capacity (1/2 of street) okay.	

Design Point 13c

Design Point 13c is located downstream of Design Point 13b and is the flow in the 48" RCP storm sewer. Flow at this point is from Design Point 13b and Design Point 13a. The total flow in the pipe is 43cfs in the 5-year storm event and 87.5cfs in the 100-year storm event. The emergency overflow swale from Design Point 13c to Lorson Blvd is 12' wide, 1.2% slope, 1' deep, and has a capacity of 100cfs to handle the flow should the inlets become clogged.

Design Point 14

Design Point 14 is located at a low point on the east side Galpin Drive next to Pond G1.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.2	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 14
<b>Upstream flowby:</b> 0.3cfs from Des. Pt. 10	<b>Total Street Flow:</b> 3.3cfs
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 3.3cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity okay	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.2	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 14
<b>Upstream flowby:</b> 3.7cfs from Des. Pt. 10	<b>Total Street Flow:</b> 10.3cfs
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 9.8 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b> 0.5cfs to Des. Pt. 14a
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).	

Design Point 14a

Design Point 14a is located at a low point on the west side of Galpin Drive next to Pond G1.

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.3

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 14a

**Upstream flowby:**

**Total Street Flow:** 5.5cfs

**Flow Intercepted:** 5.5cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 7.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity okay

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.3

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 14a

**Upstream flowby:** 0.5cfs from Des. Pt. 14

**Total Street Flow:** 12.6cfs

**Flow Intercepted:** 12.6cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 15.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).

Design Point 14c

Design Point 14c is located on Galpin Drive where the storm sewer from Design Point 14c flows west to Pond G1. All flow is routed in a 24" RCP to Pond G1. The total flow in the pipe is 8.8cfs in the 5-year storm event and 22.4cfs in the 100-year storm event. The emergency overflow swale from Design Point 14c to Pond G1 is 8' wide, 1.2% slope, 1' deep, and has a capacity of 40cfs to handle the flow should the inlets become clogged.

Design Point 15

Design Point 15 is located at a low point on the north side of Lorson Boulevard at Pond G2

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.11a

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 15

**Upstream flowby:**

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 2.6 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 7.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity okay

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.11a

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 15

**Upstream flowby:**

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 5.8 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 15.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).

Design Point 15a

Design Point 15a is located at a low point on the south side of Lorson Boulevard at Pond G2

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.12a

**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 15a

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 2.0 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 7.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity okay

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.12a

**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 15a

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 4.5 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 15.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).

Design Point 15b

Design Point 15b is located downstream of Design Point 15a and is the flow in the 48" RCP storm sewer. Flow at this point is from Design Point 15 & 15a and Design Point 13c. The total flow in the pipe is 47.6cfs in the 5-year storm event and 97.8cfs in the 100-year storm event flowing into Pond G2

Design Point 16

Design Point 16 is located at a low point on Rubicon Drive.

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.7

**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 16

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 4.6 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 7.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity okay

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** G2.7

**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet 16

**Total Street Flow:**

**Flow Intercepted:** 10.2 cfs

**Flow Bypassed:**

**Inlet Size:** 10' Type R Inlet in sump

**Street Capacity:** 15.3 cfs at 0.67% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).

Design Point 17

Design Point 17 is located at a low point on the west side of Wando Drive north of Lorson Blvd.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.8 & G2.9	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 17
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 2.3 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay since 1/3 of flow is from Lorson Blvd	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.8 & G2.9	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 17
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 5.0 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).	

Design Point 18

Design Point 18 is located at a low point on the east side of Wando Drive north of Lorson Blvd.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.10	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 18
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 1.2 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay since 1/3 of flow is from Lorson Blvd	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.10	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 18
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 2.6 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).	

Design Point 19

Design Point 19 is flow in storm sewer located on Wando Drive just north of Lorson Boulevard Flow is routed in a 24" RCP to Design Point 21 and then to Pond G2. The total flow in the pipe is 7.4cfs in the 5-year storm event and 16.2cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 20

Design Point 20 is located at a low point on the north side of Lorson Boulevard.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.11b	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 20
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 1.1 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.11b	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 20
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 2.5 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).	

Design Point 21

Design Point 21 is pipe flow in storm sewer located on Lorson Boulevard just north of Pond G2 and pipe flow from Design Point 19 and 20. Flow is routed in a 24" RCP to Design Point 22 and then to Pond G2. The total flow in the pipe is 10.4cfs in the 5-year storm event and 22.8cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 22

Design Point 22 is located at a low point on the south side of Lorson Boulevard.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.12b	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 22
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 2.2cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.12b	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 22
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 4.8 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).	

Design Point 23

Design Point 23 is pipe flow in storm sewer located on Lorson Boulevard draining into Pond G2 from Design Point 22. Flow is routed in a 24" RCP to Pond G2. The total flow in the pipe is 14.5cfs in the 5-year storm event and 32.0cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 24

Design Point 24 is located at a low point on the west end of Simcoe Drive

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.13	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 24
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 2.8cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G2.13	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 24
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 6.2 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).	

Design Point 25

Design Point 25 is pipe flow in storm sewer draining Pond G2. This pipe was sized by the full spectrum detention pond (UD Detention) worksheets provided by Denver Urban Drainage. The pond outflow pipe is 36" RCP at a 0.4% slope. The total flow in the pipe is 4.5cfs in the 5-year storm event and 61.6cfs in the 100-year storm event per the full spectrum spreadsheets.

Design Point 26

Design Point 26 is located at a low point on the north side of Wando Drive downstream of Pond G2.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G3.1 & G3.2	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 26
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 2.4cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G3.1 & G3.2	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 26
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 5.2 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 5' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).	

Design Point 27

Design Point 27 is located at a low point on the south side of Wando Drive downstream of Pond G2.

<u>(5-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G3.3 & G3.4	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 27
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 6.8cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 10' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 7.2 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity okay	
<u>(100-year storm)</u>	
<b>Tributary Basins:</b> G3.3 & G3.4	<b>Inlet/MH Number:</b> Inlet 27
<b>Upstream flowby:</b>	<b>Total Street Flow:</b>
<b>Flow Intercepted:</b> 15.0 cfs	<b>Flow Bypassed:</b>
<b>Inlet Size:</b> 10' Type R Inlet in sump	
<b>Street Capacity:</b> 15 cfs at 0.65% ---street capacity (1/2 of street).	

Design Point 28

Design Point 28 is pipe flow in storm sewer located on Wando Drive draining into Pond G3 from Design Point 27. Flow is routed in a 24" RCP to Pond G3. The total flow in the pipe is 9.0cfs in the 5-year storm event and 19.9cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 29

Design Point 29 is the total flow from G3 basins draining to Pond G3. This pond was sized by the full spectrum detention pond (UD Detention) worksheets provided by Denver Urban Drainage. The pond outflow pipe is 18" RCP at a 0.5% slope. The 18" will connect into the 36" pipe from Pond G2 and drain east to Jimmy Camp Creek. The total flow into Pond G3 is 9.9cfs in the 5-year storm event and 21.8cfs in the 100-year storm event.

Design Point 30

Design Point 30 is runoff from Basin G6.1 on the north side of Lorson Boulevard. Runoff in Lorson Boulevard will drain west to Marksheffel Road and then north in a curb chase to a barrow ditch on the east side of Marksheffel Road. Two proposed 24-inch RCP storm sewer pipes will be necessary to convey flow from this basin under Lorson Boulevard and will drain into the existing storm sewer system constructed as part of the Marksheffel Road improvement project consisting of two existing downstream pipes are 24" RCP pipes at 0.28% slope. The calculated flow in the proposed pipes is calculated to be 8.7cfs in the 5-year storm event and 19.1cfs in the 100-year storm event. A portion of existing basin EX-1 (Developed basins G1.8a/b) has been diverted east into Pond G1/G2 at Design Point 6 so that developed runoff from Basin G6.1 can flow south to Design Point 30 and not exceed the capacity of the two existing 24" culverts in the roadside barrow ditch.

Design Point 31

Design Point 31 is runoff from Basins G6.1-G6.2 and is the total flow in the barrow ditch of Marksheffel Road just downstream of Lorson Boulevard. Runoff in Lorson Boulevard, backyards, and the future Marksheffel Road will drain south in a barrow ditch on the east side of Marksheffel Road to two existing 24" culverts under an access road. The total flow from all the G6 basins is 9.8cfs in the 5-year storm event and 21.5cfs in the 100-year storm event. This developed flow will not exceed the capacity of the two existing downstream 24" RCP pipes at 0.28% slope. Per the County's design of Marksheffel Road, the two pipes have a total capacity of 28.6cfs in the 100-year storm event. See Appendix E for the drainage memo from HDR regarding design of the two 24" storm sewer culverts.

### Design Point 32

Design Point 32 is the total flow in the 36" pipe to Jimmy Camp Creek. The total flow consists of flow from Pond G1/G2 and Pond G3 and is 4.5cfs in the 5-year storm event and 65.7cfs in the 100-year storm event. All flow discharges to Jimmy Camp Creek onto a rip rap pad. The existing flow to Jimmy Camp per the UDCF pre-development flow rates are 69cfs in the 100-year storm event. The proposed runoff rate is less than the pre-development flow rate.

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## **6.0 DETENTION AND WATER QUALITY PONDS**

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Detention and Storm Water Quality for Carriage Meadows South is required per El Paso County criteria. We have implemented the Full Spectrum approach for detention for Carriage Meadows South per the Denver Urban Drainage Districts specifications. There is one interim detention pond and two permanent full spectrum ponds proposed for this development. The interim detention pond does not have full spectrum or water quality features and is strictly to slightly reduce runoff so the downstream storm sewer (48" Storm Sewer) can accommodate the increased flows from the developed conditions. The two permanent full spectrum ponds incorporate storm water quality features. The detention ponds in Carriage Meadows South will be owned and maintained by the Lorson Ranch Metropolitan District.

### Interim Conditions for Ponds

It is the intent to utilize Interim Pond G1.7, and permanent full spectrum ponds G1/G2, and G3 as interim sedimentation basins until the storm sewer system is constructed and the roads have been paved. The interim sediment basins will consist of a 1.5'-2' high rip rap berm with a perforated standpipe per Detail SB-1 of the DCM Volume 2 located upstream of the storm sewer outlet pipe. When the streets/utilities have been constructed Ponds G1/G2, and G3 will require permanent sedimentation forebays, concrete low flow channels, and permanent outlet structures for full spectrum detention. We are recommending construction of the storm sewer pipes to interconnect the interim ponds which would drain to JCC in case the street/utility construction lags behind the early overlot grading. If the storm sewer interconnection pipes are not constructed the interim ponds would become retention ponds which is not the intent of this report.

### Interim Pond G1.7 (Interim District Pond)

This is an interim detention pond located north of the residential areas and west of Carriage Meadows Drive. If the Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 develops as part of Lorson Ranch all or a portion of this pond could be moved to a more effective location to the southwest. Interim Pond G1.7 reduces the size of the downstream storm sewer to a 48" diameter that flows south to Swale G1.8. The smaller size outfall pipe is necessary to maintain cover over the pipe. This pond was modeled in Hydraflow and does not include water quality features. Pond G1.7's developed inflow hydrograph has a 35 minute duration and the outflow hydrograph stores and drains the pond volume in around 110 minutes. Pond G1.7 will fill and drain out in less than two hours because of the large 48" diameter storm sewer outfall pipe. Pond G1.7 does not overdetermine runoff when compared to existing conditions.

- Incoming flows: 107cfs/196cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event
- Detained flows: 62.7cfs/95cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event
- Pipe Outlet: 48" RCP at 0.5%
- 5-yr WSEL= 5695.10, 100-yr WSEL=5696.94
- Volume: 1.22 ac-ft storage in 5-year, 2.40 acre-ft storage in 100-year

### Swale G1.8 (District Facility)

This swale is located west of the residential areas adjacent to Marksheffel Road. The swale does have some storage volume in it which is why it is included in the hydraulic calculations. If the Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 develops as part of Lorson Ranch all or a portion of this swale could be moved to a more effective location or changed into a pond. Swale G1.8 helps reduce the size of storm sewer

necessary to convey drainage from Design Point 6 to Pond G1. This swale was modeled in Hydraflow and does not include water quality features.

- Incoming flows: 74cfs/120cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event
- Detained flows: 52.8cfs/105cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event
- Pipe Outlet: 42" RCP at 0.5%
- 5-yr WSEL= 5692.86, 100-yr WSEL=5694.33
- Volume: 0.9 ac-ft storage in 5-year, 1.48 acre-ft storage in 100-year

#### Hydraulic Design of the "G1" portion of Pond G1/G2 (District Facility)

This analysis was added to provide a hydraulic model of the "G1" side of Pond G1/G2 to ensure the storm sewer interconnection pipes were sized adequately. See Pond G1/G2 for full spectrum calculations. The hydraulic model utilized the storage volume in Pond G1.7 and Swale G1.8 (tributary areas) and the site runoff directly entering the G1 side to determine the total flow entering the G1 side. The G1 side (north of Lorson Boulevard) was then hydraulically modeled in Hydraflow to determine the flow in the interconnect pipe flowing to the G2 side (south). The interconnection pipe will also serve as an emergency overflow with a capacity of over 120cfs. In addition, a sideyard overflow swale will also be constructed which has a capacity of 100cfs.

- Incoming flows: 56cfs/113.5cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event
- Outflow to "G2" side: 28cfs at elevation 5687.92 in the 5-year storm event
- Outflow to "G2" side: 58cfs at elevation 5689.12 in the 100-year storm event
- Volume: 2.25 ac-ft storage in 5-year, 3.79 acre-ft storage in 100-year
- Pipe Outlet: 48" RCP at 0.4%

#### Detention Pond G1/G2 (Full Spectrum Design), (District Facility)

This is an on-site permanent full spectrum detention pond that includes water quality. Pond G1/G2 is designed as a single pond in the UDCF Full Spectrum spreadsheets. The full spectrum print outs are in the appendix of this report. See map in appendix for watershed areas. This pond is sized to provide full spectrum and water quality for the Brownsville Subdivision No. 2 should it become a part of Lorson Ranch.

- Watershed Area: 96 acres
- Watershed Imperviousness: 79%
- Hydrologic Soils Group A, B, C/D
- Zone 1 WQCV: 2.301 ac-ft, WSEL: 5683.93
- Zone 2 EURV: 8.104 ac-ft, WSEL: 5686.29
- Zone 3 (100-yr): 12.881 ac-ft, WSEL: 5687.93
- Pipe Outlet: 36" RCP at 0.4%
- 5-yr outflow = 4.2cfs, 100-yr outflow = 55.6cfs

#### Detention Pond G3 (Full Spectrum Design), (District Facility)

This is an on-site permanent full spectrum detention pond that includes water quality. Pond G3 is designed per the UDCF Full Spectrum spreadsheets. The full spectrum print outs are in the appendix of this report. See map in appendix for watershed areas.

- Watershed Area: 6.02 acres
- Watershed Imperviousness: 65%
- Hydrologic Soils Group B
- Zone 1 WQCV: 0.11 ac-ft, WSEL: 5684.94
- Zone 2 EURV: 0.39 ac-ft, WSEL: 5686.41
- Zone 3 (100-yr): 0.51 ac-ft, WSEL: 5686.98
- Pipe Outlet: 18" RCP at 0.5%
- 5-yr outflow = 0.3cfs, 100-yr outflow = 10.1cfs

### Water Quality Design

Water Quality for all the G1, G2, and G3 basins is provided in the on-site full spectrum ponds. The G4 and G5 basins are from the backyards of residential lots and open space and have been reduced in area as much as possible. The WQ for the G6 basins is provided by an existing sand filter basin in the east barrow ditch of Marksheffel Road near the SW corner of this site. The sand filter basin was constructed as part of the Marksheffel Road project by El Paso County. The sand filter basin was designed for all of Marksheffel Road but we have diverted most of the northern sections of Marksheffel Road (Basins G1.8a/b) into Pond G1/G2 which will allow the flows in the G6 basins to be treated by the existing sand filter basin. The main reason for diverting runoff is that there is not enough elevation difference to construct a pond in the SW corner with a suitable outfall.

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## **7.0 DRAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES**

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Carriage Meadows South is located within the Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin which is currently a fee basin in El Paso County. Current El Paso County regulations require drainage and bridge fees to be paid for platting of land as part of the plat recordation process. Lorson Ranch Metro District has negotiated a development agreement with El Paso County which defines major drainage infrastructure to be constructed as part of the district.

Lorson Ranch Metro District will compile and submit to the county on a yearly basis the Drainage and bridge fees for the approved plats, and shall show all credits they have received for the same yearly time frame.

Carriage Meadows South contains 106.64 acres. The 106.64 acres will be assessed Drainage, Bridge and Surety fees. This project consists of 34.02 acres of open space (7% impervious), 13.69 acres of commercial (95% impervious), and the remaining 58.93 acres is residential (65% impervious) for a total impervious percentage of 50.4%

The 2017 drainage fees are \$15,720, bridge fees are \$735 and Drainage Surety fees are \$7,000 per impervious acre. The fees are due at plat recordation and are calculated as follows:

**Table 1: Drainage/Bridge Fees**

Type of Land Use	Total Area (ac)	Imperviousness	Drainage Fee	Bridge Fee	Surety Fee
Residential	58.93	65%	\$602,657	\$28,177	\$268,359
Open Space	34.02	7%	\$37,435	\$1,750	\$16,669
Commercial	13.69	95%	\$204,446	\$9,559	\$91,038
Total			\$844,538	\$39,486	\$376,066

**Table 2: Storm Drainage Facility Costs (non-reimbursable)**

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Item Total
Rip Rap	60	CY	\$50/CY	\$3,000
Inlets/Manholes	27	EA	\$5000/EA	\$135,000
18" Storm	490	LF	\$35	\$17,150
24" Storm	1504	LF	\$40	\$60,160
30" Storm	80	LF	\$45	\$3,600
36" Storm	407	LF	\$55	\$22,385
42" Storm	175	LF	\$65	\$11,375
48" Storm	1228	LF	\$85	\$104,380
			Subtotal	\$357,050
			Eng/Cont (15%)	\$53,557
			Total Est. Cost	\$410,607

**Table 3: Lorson Ranch Metro District Drainage Facility Costs (non-reimbursable)**

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Item Total
Rip Rap	100	CY	\$50/CY	\$5,000
Channel Lining	1300	SY	\$5/SY	\$6,500
Full Spectrum Ponds and Outlet	2	LS	\$50,000	\$100,000
			Subtotal	\$111,500
			Eng/Cont (15%)	\$16,725
			Total Est. Cost	\$128,225

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## 8.0 CONCLUSIONS

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This drainage report has been prepared in accordance with the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. The proposed development and drainage infrastructure will not cause adverse impacts to adjacent properties or properties located downstream. Several key aspects of the development discussed above are summarized as follows:

- Developed runoff will be conveyed via curb/gutter and storm sewer facilities
- Jimmy Camp Creek is realigned and Marksheffel Road has been reconstructed within this study area
- Detention and water quality for this study area has been provided

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## 9.0 REFERENCES

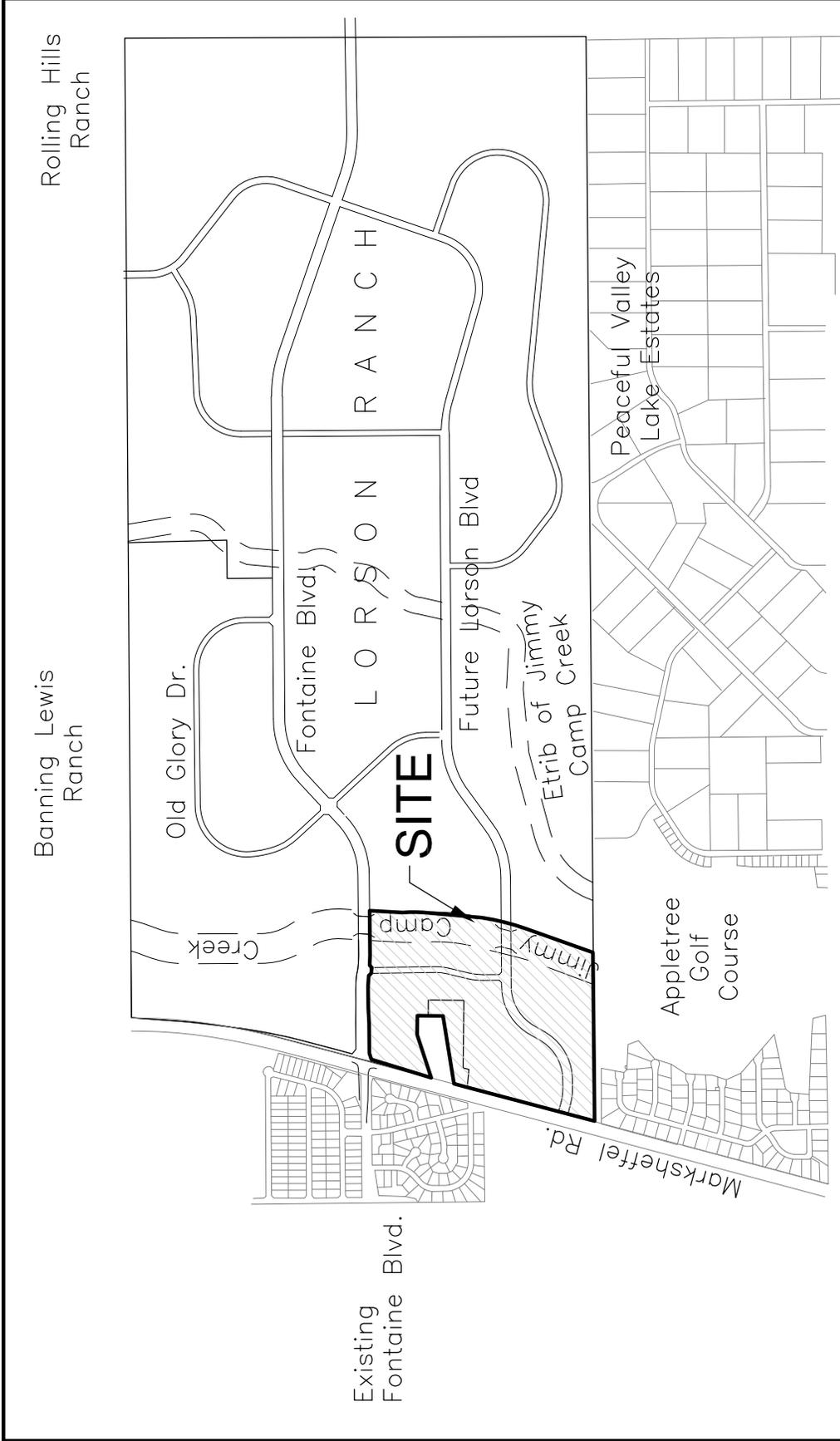
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1. City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual DCM, dated November, 1991
2. Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual dated May 2014
3. Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado by USDA, SCS
4. Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, 1987, Wilson & Co.
5. City of Colorado Springs "Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2
6. El Paso County "Engineering Criteria Manual"
7. Final Drainage Report for Fontaine Boulevard, Old Glory Drive, and Marksheffel Road Phase 1 Improvements, Dated February 6, 2006, Revised September 7, 2006, by Pentacor Engineering.
8. Drainage Basin Planning Study, Dated March 9, 2015, by Kiowa Engineering Corporation
9. Drainage memo from HDR for Marksheffel Road project, dated March 11, 2016
10. Jimmy Camp Creek Reconstruction plans by Drexel, Barrell & Co, dated September 6, 2005, county plans #2801.

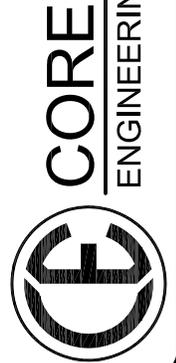
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**APPENDIX A – VICINTIY MAP, SOILS MAP, FEMA MAP**

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**VICINITY MAP**  
NO SCALE



**CORE**  
ENGINEERING GROUP

15004 1ST AVE. S.  
BURNSVILLE, MN 55306  
PH: 719.570.1100

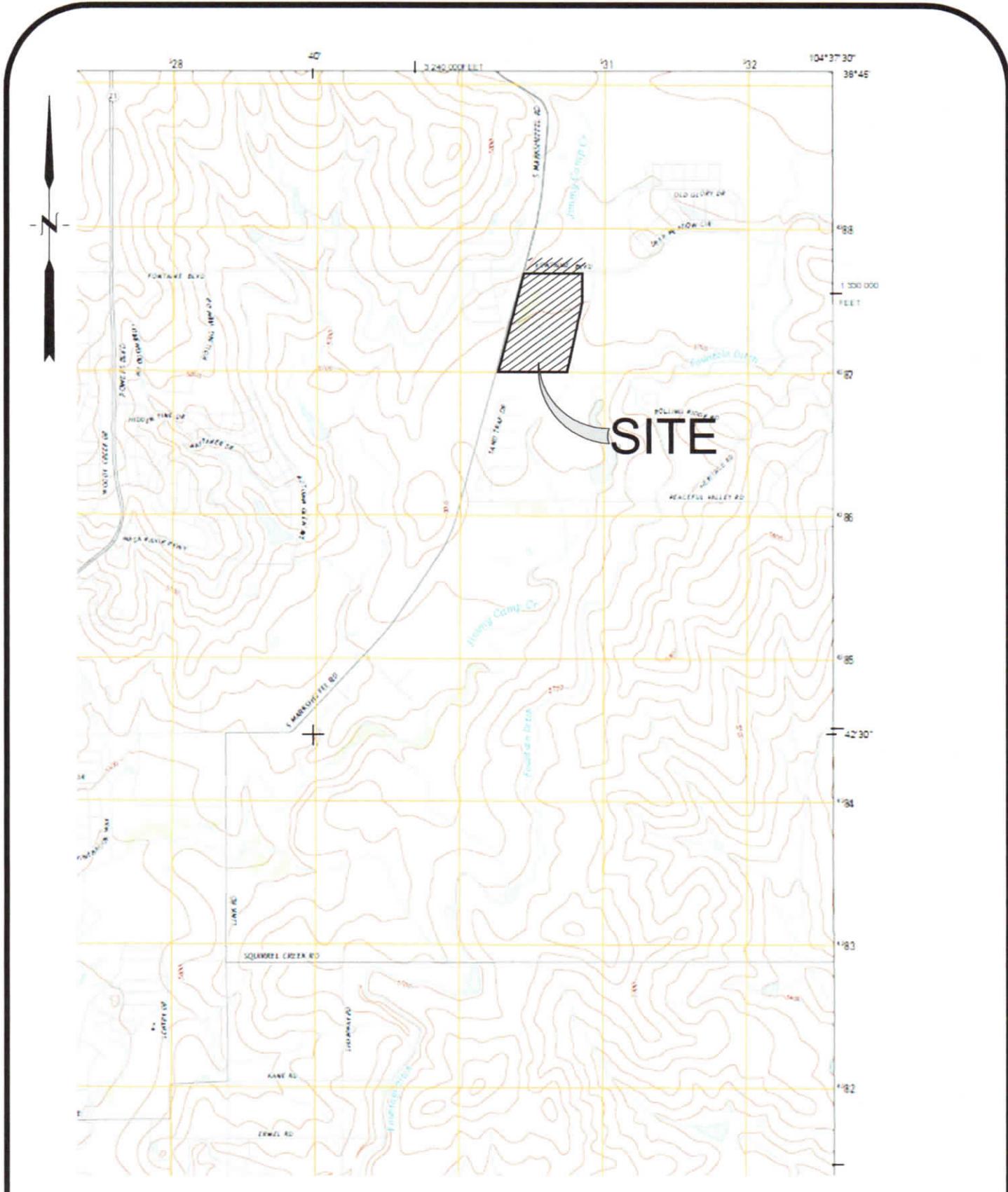
CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
EMAIL: Rich@ceg1.com

**CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH**  
VICINITY MAP

SCALE:  
NTS

DATE:  
OCTOBER, 2016

FIGURE NO.  
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**CORE  
ENGINEERING GROUP**

15004 1ST AVENUE S.  
BURNSVILLE, MN 55306  
PH: 719.570.1100  
CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
EMAIL: Rich@ceg1.com

**CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH  
LOCATION MAP**

SCALE: NTS	DATE: FEBRUARY 24, 2016
---------------	----------------------------

FIGURE NO.  
1

Custom Soil Resource Report  
Soil Map

study area



Map Scale: 1:5,750 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.

0 50 100 200 300 Meters

0 250 500 1000 1500 Feet

Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 13N WGS84



## Map Unit Legend

El Paso County Area, Colorado (CO625)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
28	Ellicott loamy coarse sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	50.3	46.1%
30	Fort Collins loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	25.0	22.9%
52	Manzanst clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	33.5	30.8%
59	Nunn clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	0.2	0.2%
<b>Totals for Area of Interest</b>		<b>109.0</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic

## Custom Soil Resource Report

classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

## El Paso County Area, Colorado

### 28—Ellicott loamy coarse sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

*National map unit symbol:* 3680  
*Elevation:* 5,500 to 6,500 feet  
*Mean annual precipitation:* 13 to 15 inches  
*Mean annual air temperature:* 47 to 50 degrees F  
*Frost-free period:* 125 to 145 days  
*Farmland classification:* Not prime farmland

#### Map Unit Composition

*Ellicott and similar soils:* 85 percent  
*Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

#### Description of Ellicott

##### Setting

*Landform:* Flood plains, stream terraces  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Tread  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Parent material:* Sandy alluvium

##### Typical profile

*A - 0 to 4 inches:* loamy coarse sand  
*C - 4 to 60 inches:* stratified coarse sand to sandy loam

##### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 5 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches  
*Natural drainage class:* Somewhat excessively drained  
*Runoff class:* Very low  
*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* High to very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)  
*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* Frequent  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Available water storage in profile:* Low (about 4.1 inches)

##### Interpretive groups

*Land capability classification (irrigated):* None specified  
*Land capability classification (nonirrigated):* 7w  
*Hydrologic Soil Group:* A  
*Ecological site:* Sandy Bottomland (R069XY031CO)  
*Other vegetative classification:* SANDY BOTTOMLAND (069AY031CO)

#### Minor Components

##### Fluvaquentic haplaquoll

*Percent of map unit:*  
*Landform:* Swales

##### Other soils

*Percent of map unit:*

## Custom Soil Resource Report

### Pleasant

*Percent of map unit:*  
*Landform:* Depressions

## 30—Fort Collins loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

*National map unit symbol:* 3683  
*Elevation:* 5,200 to 6,500 feet  
*Mean annual precipitation:* 14 to 16 inches  
*Mean annual air temperature:* 48 to 52 degrees F  
*Frost-free period:* 135 to 155 days  
*Farmland classification:* Prime farmland if irrigated

### Map Unit Composition

*Fort collins and similar soils:* 85 percent  
*Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

### Description of Fort Collins

#### Setting

*Landform:* Flats  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Talf  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Parent material:* Loamy alluvium

#### Typical profile

*A - 0 to 9 inches:* loam  
*Bt - 9 to 16 inches:* clay loam  
*Bk - 16 to 21 inches:* clay loam  
*Ck - 21 to 60 inches:* loam

#### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 3 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches  
*Natural drainage class:* Well drained  
*Runoff class:* Low  
*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately high to high  
(0.57 to 2.00 in/hr)  
*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* None  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile:* 15 percent  
*Salinity, maximum in profile:* Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)  
*Available water storage in profile:* High (about 10.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

*Land capability classification (irrigated):* 2e  
*Land capability classification (nonirrigated):* 4e

## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Hydrologic Soil Group:* B

*Ecological site:* Loamy Plains, LRU's A & B 10-14 Inches, P.Z. (R069XY006CO)

*Other vegetative classification:* LOAMY PLAINS (069AY006CO)

### Minor Components

#### Other soils

*Percent of map unit:*

#### Pleasant

*Percent of map unit:*

*Landform:* Depressions

## 52—Manzanst clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

*National map unit symbol:* 2w4nr

*Elevation:* 4,060 to 6,660 feet

*Mean annual precipitation:* 14 to 16 inches

*Mean annual air temperature:* 50 to 54 degrees F

*Frost-free period:* 130 to 170 days

*Farmland classification:* Prime farmland if irrigated

### Map Unit Composition

*Manzanst and similar soils:* 85 percent

*Minor components:* 15 percent

*Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

### Description of Manzanst

#### Setting

*Landform:* Terraces, drainageways

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Tread

*Down-slope shape:* Linear

*Across-slope shape:* Linear, concave

*Parent material:* Clayey alluvium derived from shale

#### Typical profile

*A - 0 to 3 inches:* clay loam

*Bt - 3 to 12 inches:* clay

*Btk - 12 to 37 inches:* clay

*Bk1 - 37 to 52 inches:* clay

*Bk2 - 52 to 79 inches:* clay

#### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 3 percent

*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches

*Natural drainage class:* Well drained

*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches

## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Frequency of flooding:* None  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile:* 15 percent  
*Gypsum, maximum in profile:* 3 percent  
*Salinity, maximum in profile:* Slightly saline (4.0 to 7.0 mmhos/cm)  
*Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile:* 10.0  
*Available water storage in profile:* High (about 9.0 inches)

### Interpretive groups

*Land capability classification (irrigated):* 3e  
*Land capability classification (nonirrigated):* 4c  
*Hydrologic Soil Group:* C  
*Ecological site:* Saline Overflow (R067BY037CO)

### Minor Components

#### Ritoazul

*Percent of map unit:* 7 percent  
*Landform:* Interfluves, drainageways  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Rise  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Ecological site:* Clayey Plains (R067BY042CO)

#### Arvada

*Percent of map unit:* 6 percent  
*Landform:* Drainageways, interfluves  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Ecological site:* Salt Flat (R067XY033CO)

#### Wiley

*Percent of map unit:* 2 percent  
*Landform:* Interfluves  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Ecological site:* Loamy Plains (R067BY002CO)

## 59—Nunn clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

*National map unit symbol:* 3693  
*Elevation:* 5,400 to 6,500 feet  
*Mean annual precipitation:* 13 to 15 inches  
*Mean annual air temperature:* 46 to 50 degrees F  
*Frost-free period:* 135 to 155 days  
*Farmland classification:* Prime farmland if irrigated

### Map Unit Composition

*Nunn and similar soils:* 85 percent  
*Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

## Description of Nunn

### Setting

*Landform:* Terraces, fans  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Parent material:* Mixed alluvium

### Typical profile

*A - 0 to 12 inches:* clay loam  
*Bt - 12 to 26 inches:* clay loam  
*BC - 26 to 30 inches:* clay loam  
*Bk - 30 to 58 inches:* sandy clay loam  
*C - 58 to 72 inches:* clay

### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 3 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches  
*Natural drainage class:* Well drained  
*Runoff class:* Low  
*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)  
*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* None  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile:* 15 percent  
*Gypsum, maximum in profile:* 2 percent  
*Salinity, maximum in profile:* Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)  
*Available water storage in profile:* High (about 9.8 inches)

### Interpretive groups

*Land capability classification (irrigated):* 2e  
*Land capability classification (nonirrigated):* 3c  
*Hydrologic Soil Group:* C  
*Ecological site:* Clayey Plains (R069XY042CO)  
*Other vegetative classification:* CLAYEY PLAINS (069AY042CO)

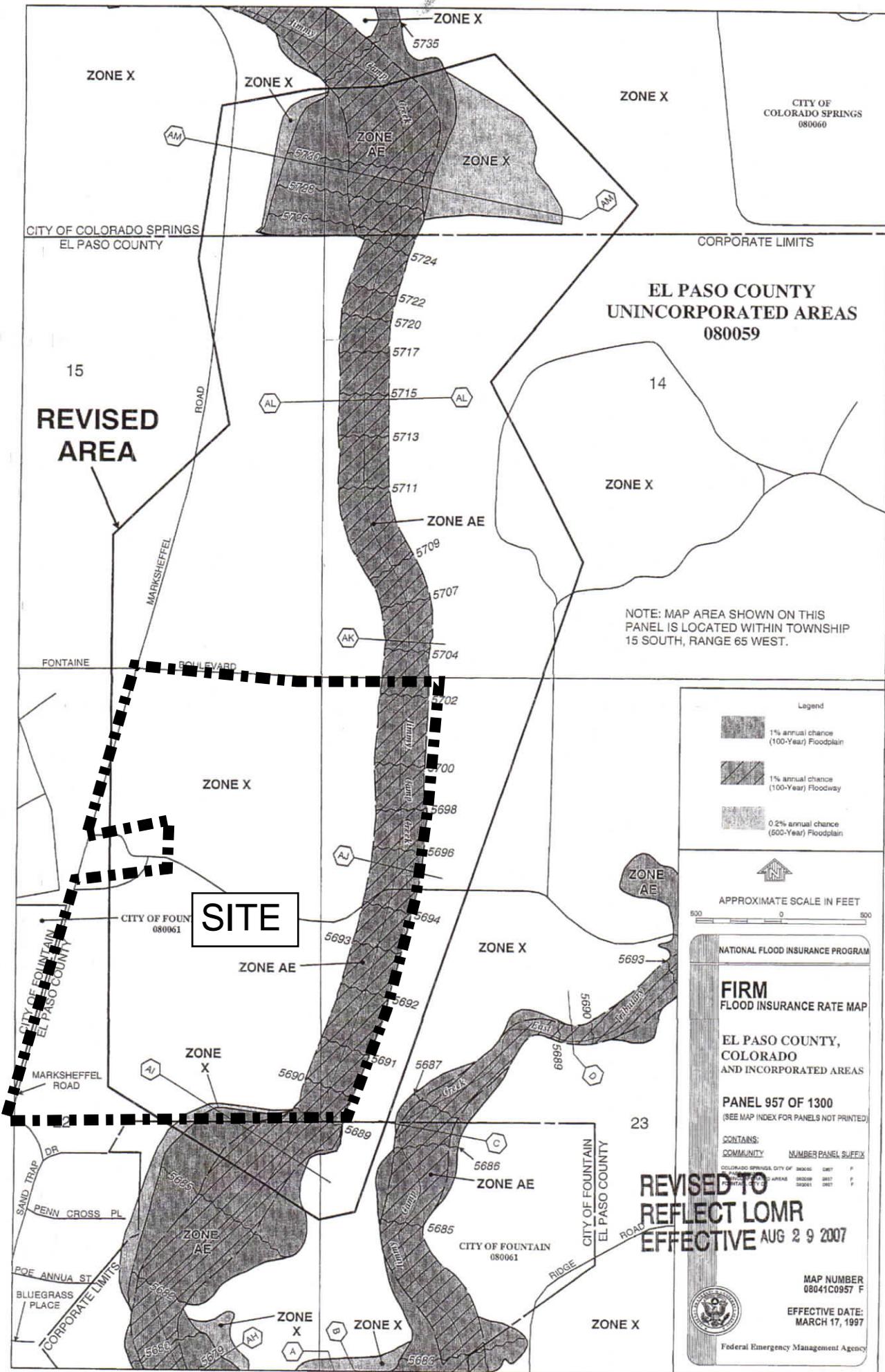
## Minor Components

### Other soils

*Percent of map unit:*

### Pleasant

*Percent of map unit:*  
*Landform:* Depressions



CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS  
080060

CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS  
EL PASO COUNTY

CORPORATE LIMITS

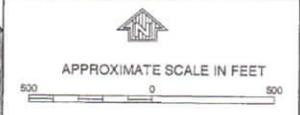
EL PASO COUNTY  
UNINCORPORATED AREAS  
080059

15  
**REVISED AREA**

14  
ZONE X

NOTE: MAP AREA SHOWN ON THIS  
PANEL IS LOCATED WITHIN TOWNSHIP  
15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST.

- Legend
- 1% annual chance (100-Year) Floodplain
  - 1% annual chance (100-Year) Floodway
  - 0.2% annual chance (500-Year) Floodplain



NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

**FIRM**  
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

EL PASO COUNTY,  
COLORADO  
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 957 OF 1300  
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR PANELS NOT PRINTED)

CONTAINS:	COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
COLORADO SPRINGS, CITY OF	080060	0807	F	
UNINCORPORATED AREAS	080059	0807	F	
EL PASO COUNTY	080059	0807	F	

**REVISED TO  
REFLECT LOMR  
EFFECTIVE AUG 29 2007**

MAP NUMBER  
08041C0957 F

EFFECTIVE DATE:  
MARCH 17, 1997



Federal Emergency Management Agency

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**APPENDIX B – HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS**

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**Standard Form SF-2. Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: May 23, 2016  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030  
 Project: Carriage Meadows South  
 Design Storm: **5 & 100 - Year Event, Pre-Dev. Conditions**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Direct Runoff				Total Runoff				Street		Pipe		Travel Time		Remarks		
		Area (A)	Runoff Coeff. (C)	t	CA	in/hr	Q	t	Σ (CA)	in/hr	Q	Slope	Flow	Slope	Length		Velocity	ft
<b>5 - Year Event, Pre-Developed Conditions</b>																		
Basin EX-1		15.54	0.08	31.4	1.24	2.41	3.0											
Basin EX-2		4.87	0.18	24.9	0.89	2.76	2.5		Existing Road & Borrow Ditch									
DP-1		20.41	0.10					31.4	2.13	2.41	5.2							
Basin EX-3		78.00	0.10	31.6	7.80	2.40	18.7											
Basin EX-4		5.22	0.15	16.6	0.78	3.37	2.6											
Basin EX-5		5.23	0.15	15.0	0.78	3.52	2.8											
Basin EX-6		23.40	0.15	24.0	3.51	2.82	9.9											
<b>100 - Year Event, Pre-Developed Conditions</b>																		
Basin EX-1		15.54	0.35	31.4	5.44	4.05	22.0											
Basin EX-2		4.87	0.38	24.9	1.85	4.63	8.6		Existing Road & Borrow Ditch									
DP-1		20.41	0.39					31.4	7.29	4.05	29.5							
Basin EX-3		78.00	0.35	31.6	27.30	4.03	110.1											
Basin EX-4		5.22	0.50	16.6	2.61	5.66	14.8											
Basin EX-5		5.23	0.50	15.0	2.62	5.91	15.4											
Basin EX-6		23.40	0.50	24.0	11.70	4.73	55.3											



**Standard Form SF-2- Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: May. 23, 2016  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030  
 Project: Carriage Meadows South  
 Design Storm: **5 - Year Event, Proposed Conditions**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Area Design				Direct Runoff				Total Runoff				Street		Pipe			Travel Time		Remarks
		Area (A)	Runoff Coeff. (C)	t <sub>c</sub> min.	Q <sub>a</sub>	in/hr	Q cfs	t <sub>c</sub> min	Z (CA)	in/hr	Q cfs	Slope %	Street Flow cfs	Design Flow cfs	Slope %	Pipe Size in	Length ft	Velocity ft/sec	t min		
G1.1					3.09	0.81	7.9	2.50	4.49	11.2											
G1.2					2.22	0.45	8.8	1.00	4.31	4.3											
G1.3					0.45	0.45	10.7	0.20	4.02	0.8											
	<b>1</b>	5.76										10.7	3.70	4.03	14.9						
G1.4	<b>2</b>		3.53	0.77	12.6	2.72	3.78	10.3													
	<b>2a</b>	9.29										12.6	6.42	3.78	24.3						
G1.5	<b>3</b>		0.83	0.83	8.7	0.69	4.34	3.0													
	<b>3a</b>	10.12										12.6	7.11	3.78	26.9						
G1.6			19.74	0.81	12.2	15.99	3.83	61.2													
G1.7			11.60	0.82	11.1	9.51	3.98	37.8													
(G1.6 & G1.7)	<b>4</b>	31.34										17.8	25.50	3.26	83.2						
(G1.1 - G1.7)	<b>5</b>	41.46										17.8	32.61	3.26	106.4						
G1.8a			9.16	0.52	20.3	4.76	3.07	14.6													
G1.8b			5.11	0.45	20.2	2.30	3.08	7.1													
(G1.1 - G1.8)	--	55.73										20.5	39.68	3.05	121.2						
G1.9	<b>7</b>		2.97	0.45	10.7	1.34	4.02	5.4													



**Standard Form SF-2. Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: May. 23, 2016  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030  
 Project: Carriage Meadows South  
 Design Storm: **5 - Year Event, Proposed Conditions**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Direct Runoff				Total Runoff				Street		Pipe			Travel Time		Remarks	
		Area (A)	Runoff Coeff. (C)	t <sub>r</sub> min.	CA	i in/hr	Q cfs	t <sub>r</sub> min	Σ (CA)	i in/hr	Q cfs	Slope %	Flow cfs	Slope %	Pipe Size in	Length ft		Velocity ft/sec
G1.10	7a	4.30	0.45	18.8	1.94	3.18	6.2											
G1.11		3.10	0.45	12.9	1.49	3.74	5.6											
G2.1		3.40	0.45	16.4	1.53	3.38	5.2											
G2.2	10	3.40	0.45	15.9	1.53	3.38	5.2	16.4	1.53	3.39	5.2							
G2.3		1.95	0.45	17.5	0.88	3.44	3.0											
G2.4		3.70	0.45	17.5	1.67	3.29	5.5											
G2.5	12a	4.00	0.45	13.1	1.80	3.73	6.7											
(G2.4 - G2.5)	12b	0.21	0.45	10.1	0.09	4.12	0.4											
G2.6	12	4.21						13.3	1.89	3.70	7.0							
G2.6a	13b	1.43	0.45	13.2	0.64	3.71	2.4											
	13	0.30	0.45	5.0	0.14	5.17	0.7											



**Standard Form SF-2. Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley

Date: May. 23, 2016

Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030

Project: Carriage Meadows South

Design Storm: **5 - Year Event, Proposed Conditions**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Direct Runoff				Total Runoff				Street		Pipe			Travel Time		Remarks	
		Area (A)	Runoff Coeff. (C)	t <sub>r</sub> min.	CA	in/hr	Q cfs	t <sub>r</sub> min	Σ (CA)	in/hr	Q cfs	Slope %	Design Flow cfs	Slope %	Pipe Size in	Length ft		Velocity ft/sec
G2.14		4.59	0.45	13.0	2.07	3.74	7.7											
G2	25	29.99		18.4	13.50	3.22	43.4											
G3.1		0.69	0.45	12.2	0.31	3.83	1.2											
G3.2		0.68	0.45	10.3	0.31	4.08	1.2											
(G3.1 - G3.2)	26	1.37		12.2	0.62	3.83	2.4											
G3.3		0.74	0.45	12.7	0.33	3.77	1.3											
G3.4		3.46	0.45	14.1	1.56	3.61	5.6											
(G3.3 - G3.4)	27	4.20		14.1	1.89	3.61	6.8											
(G3.1 - G3.4)	28	5.57		14.1	2.51	3.61	9.0											
G3.5		0.52	0.45	8.7	0.23	4.34	1.0											
G3	29	6.09		14.1	2.74	3.61	9.9											
G4		1.32	0.45	8.2	0.59	4.43	2.6											
G5		0.89	0.45	7.6	0.40	4.53	1.8											
G6.1		5.55	0.45	15.5	2.50	3.47	8.7											
G6.2		0.77	0.90	7.8	0.69	4.51	3.1											
G6		6.32	0.45	15.9	2.84	3.43	9.8											



**Standard Form SF-2. Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: May 23, 2016  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030  
 Project: Carriage Meadows South  
 Design Storm: **100 - Year Event, Proposed Conditions**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Direct Runoff				Total Runoff				Street			Pipe			Travel Time		Remarks
		Area (A) ac.	Runoff Coeff. (C)	t <sub>c</sub> min.	CA	- in/hr	Q cfs	t <sub>c</sub> min	Σ (CA) in/hr	Q cfs	Slope %	Street Flow cfs	Design Flow cfs	Slope %	Pipe Size in	Length ft	Velocity ft/sec	
G1.1		3.09	0.89	7.9	2.75	7.54	20.7											
G1.2		2.22	0.59	8.8	1.31	7.24	9.5											
G1.3		0.45	0.59	10.7	0.27	6.75	1.8											
	<b>1</b>	5.76																
G1.4	<b>2</b>	3.53	0.85	12.6	3.00	6.35	19.0											
	<b>2a</b>	9.29																
G1.5	<b>3</b>	0.83	0.90	8.7	0.75	7.29	5.4											
	<b>3a</b>	10.12																
G1.6		19.74	0.88	12.2	17.37	6.43	111.6											
G1.7		11.60	0.89	11.1	10.32	6.68	68.9											
(G1.6 & G1.7)	<b>4</b>	31.34																
(G1.1 - G1.7)	<b>5</b>	41.46																
G1.8a		9.16	0.68	20.3	6.23	5.15	32.1											
G1.8b		5.11	0.59	20.2	3.01	5.17	15.6											
(G1.1 - G1.8)	--	55.73																
G1.9	<b>7</b>	2.97	0.59	10.7	1.75	6.75	11.8											



**Standard Form SF-2. Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: May 23, 2016  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030  
 Project: Carriage Meadows South  
 Design Storm: **100 - Year Event, Proposed Conditions**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Area Design				Direct Runoff				Total Runoff			Street			Pipe			Travel Time		Remarks
		Area (A)	Runoff Coeff. (C)	t <sub>c</sub>	CA	-	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Slope	Street Flow	Design Flow	Slope	Pipe Size	Length	Velocity	ft	min	
		ac.		min.		in/hr	cfs		in/hr	cfs		in/hr	cfs	%	cfs	cfs	%	ft	ft/sec		
G1.10	<b>7a</b>	4.30	0.59	18.8	2.54	5.34	13.6														
G1.11		3.10	0.59	12.9	1.83	6.29	11.5														
G2.1		3.40	0.59	16.4	2.01	5.68	11.4														
G2.2	<b>10</b>																				
G2.3	<b>14</b>	1.95	0.59	15.9	1.15	5.77	6.6														
G2.3	14a	3.70	0.59	17.5	2.18	5.52	12.1														
G2.4		4.00	0.59	13.1	2.36	6.26	14.8														
G2.5	<b>12a</b>	0.21	0.59	10.1	0.12	6.92	0.9														
(G2.4 - G2.5)	<b>12</b>																				
G2.6	<b>12b</b>	4.21																			
G2.6	13b	1.43	0.59	13.2	0.84	6.23	5.3														
G2.6a	<b>13</b>	0.30	0.59	13.2	0.18	6.23	1.1														
G2.7		2.40	0.59	9.0	1.42	7.21	10.2														



**Standard Form SF-2. Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: May. 23, 2016  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030  
 Project: Carriage Meadows South  
 Design Storm: **100 - Year Event, Proposed Conditions**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Direct Runoff				Total Runoff				Street			Pipe			Travel Time		Remarks					
		Area (A)	Runoff Coeff. (C)	t <sub>c</sub>	CA	-	Q	t <sub>c</sub>	Σ (CA)	-	Q	Slope	Design Flow	Slope	Pipe Size	Length	Velocity		ft	min			
		ac.		min.		in/hr	cfs	min		in/hr	cfs	min			cfs	%	cfs	%	in	ft	ft/sec	min	
(G2.7)	<b>16</b>	2.40						8.9	1.42	7.23	10.2												
G2.8		1.01	0.59	6.2	0.60	8.12	4.8																
G2.9		0.23	0.59	10.4	0.14	6.85	0.9																
(G2.8 - G2.9)	<b>17</b>	1.24		10.4	0.73	6.85	5.0																
G2.10		0.68	0.59	12.5	0.40	6.37	2.6																
(G2.10)	<b>18</b>	0.68						12.5	0.40	6.37	2.6												
(G2.7 - G2.10)	<b>19</b>	4.32						12.5	2.55	6.37	16.2												
G2.11a		1.61	0.59	13.7	0.95	6.14	5.8																
G2.11b		0.64	0.59	11.0	0.38	6.69	2.5																
G2.12a		1.14	0.59	11.0	0.67	6.69	4.5																
G2.12b		1.16	0.59	9.6	0.68	7.04	4.8																
G2.13		1.54	0.59	10.3	0.91	6.85	6.2																
(G2.13)	<b>24</b>	1.54						10.3	0.91	6.85	6.2												
G2.14		4.59	0.59	13.0	2.71	6.28	17.0																





**CORE**  
ENGINEERING GROUP

**Standard Form SF-1. Time of Concentration-Proposed**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
Date: May 23, 2016  
Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030  
Project: Carriage Meadows South

Sub-Basin Data			Initial Overland Time (ti)					Travel Time (tt)					tc Check (urbanized Basins)			Final tc
BASIN or DESIGN	C5	AREA (A) acres	NRCS Convey.	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	ti minutes	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	Tt minutes	Computed tc Minutes	TOTAL LENGTH (L) feet	Regional tc tc=(L/180)+10 minutes	USDCM Recommended tc=t+tt (min)	
G1.1	0.81	3.09	20.0	44.00	18.41%	0.55	1.33	735.00	0.88%	1.88	6.53	7.86	779.00	14.33	7.86	
G1.2	0.45	2.22	7.0	71.00	16.90%	0.30	3.89	143.00	1.75%	0.93	2.57					
			20.0					253.00	0.79%	1.78	2.37	8.84	467.00	12.59	8.84	
G1.3	0.45	2.40	20.0	100.00	2.40%	0.19	8.82	178.00	0.60%	1.55	1.91	10.74	278.00	11.54	10.74	
G1.4	0.77	3.53	7.0	100.00	4.60%	0.46	3.61	86.00	1.16%	0.75	1.90					
			20.0					800.00	0.88%	1.88	7.11	12.62	986.00	15.48	12.62	
G1.5	0.83	0.83	20.0	23.00	3.04%	0.24	1.63	812.00	0.92%	1.92	7.05	8.68	835.00	14.64	8.68	
G1.6	0.81	19.74	20.0	100.00	1.00%	0.32	5.24	855.00	1.53%	2.47	5.76					
			34"x53"					317.00	0.50%	4.28	1.24	12.23	1272.00	17.07	12.23	
G1.7	0.82	15.02	20.0	63.00	9.52%	0.55	1.91	530.00	1.32%	2.30	3.84					
			15.0					485.00	1.03%	1.52	5.31	11.07	1078.00	15.99	11.07	
<b>DP-4</b>	0.82	34.76	20.0	100.00	1.00%	0.33	5.06	855.00	1.53%	2.47	5.76					
			34"x53"					317.00	0.50%	4.28	1.24					
			20.0					755.00	1.19%	2.18	5.77	17.82	2027.00	21.26	17.82	
G1.8a	0.52	9.16	15.0	90.00	1.67%	0.18	8.39	1157.00	1.10%	1.57	12.26					
			7.0					27.00	31.89%	3.95	0.11					
			15.0					584.00	0.40%	0.95	10.26	31.02	1858.00	20.32	20.32	



**CORE ENGINEERING GROUP**

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Job No: 100.030  
 Project: Carriage Meadows South

Sub-Basin Data			Initial Overland Time (ti)					Travel Time (tt)					tc Check (urbanized Basins)			Final tc
BASIN or DESIGN	C5	AREA (A) acres	NRCS Convey.	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	Ti minutes	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	Tt minutes	Computed tc Minutes	TOTAL LENGTH (L) feet	Regional tc tc=(L/180)+10 minutes	USDCM Recommended tc=ti+tt (min)	
G1.8b	0.45	5.11	20.0	68.00	1.78%	0.14	8.03	127.00	3.15%	3.55	0.60					
			15.0					1633.00	1.41%	1.78	15.28	23.91	1828.00	20.16	20.16	
<b>DP-6</b>	0.82	34.76	20.0	100.00	1.00%	0.33	5.06	855.00	1.53%	2.47	5.76					
			34"x53"					317.00	0.50%	4.28	1.23					
			20.0					883.00	2.50%	3.16	4.65					
			48"					508.00	0.68%	9.41	0.90					
			Chnl					847.00	0.30%	4.92	2.87	20.47	3510.00	29.50	20.47	
G1.9	0.45	2.97	20.0	45.00	2.43%	0.13	5.89	1317.00	0.62%	1.57	13.94	19.83	1362.00	17.57	17.57	
G1.10	0.45	5.04	20.0	100.00	2.30%	0.19	8.95	1483.00	0.68%	1.65	14.99	23.94	1583.00	18.79	18.79	
G1.11	0.45	3.10	7.0	67.00	1.49%	0.13	8.42	458.00	2.62%	1.13	6.74	15.16	525.00	12.92	12.92	
G1	0.72	66.69	20.0	100.00	1.00%	0.24	6.86	3081.00	3.80%	3.90	13.17	20.03	3181.00	27.67	20.03	
G2.1	0.45	3.95	7.0	81.00	1.73%	0.15	8.81	56.00	2.14%	1.02	0.91					
			20.0					1020.00	0.76%	1.74	9.75	19.48	1157.00	16.43	16.43	
G2.2	0.45	1.40	20.0	42.00	1.33%	0.10	6.92	1015.00	0.83%	1.82	9.28	16.21	1057.00	15.87	15.87	
G2.3	0.45	3.04	20.0	97.00	2.47%	0.19	8.58	1254.00	0.73%	1.71	12.23	20.81	1351.00	17.51	17.51	
G2.4	0.45	4.00	7.0	71.00	15.49%	0.30	4.00	141.00	1.49%	0.85	2.75					
			20.0					687.00	0.82%	1.81	6.32	13.08	899.00	14.99	13.08	



**CORE ENGINEERING GROUP**

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Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: May 23, 2016  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030  
 Project: Carriage Meadows South

Sub-Basin Data			Initial Overland Time (ti)					Travel Time (tt)					tc Check (urbanized Basins)			Final tc
BASIN or DESIGN	C5	AREA (A) acres	NRCS Convey.	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	Ti minutes	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	Tt minutes	Computed tc Minutes	TOTAL LENGTH (L) feet	Regional tc tc=(L/180)+10 minutes	USDCM Recommended tc=t+tt (min)	
G2.5	0.45	0.21	20.0	77.00	1.30%	0.14	9.44	57.00	0.60%	1.55	0.61	10.06	134.00	10.74	10.06	
G2.6	0.45	1.43	20.0	73.00	2.05%	0.15	7.91	504.00	0.58%	1.52	5.51	13.43	577.00	13.21	13.21	
G2.7	0.45	2.40	20.0	44.00	2.50%	0.13	5.75	418.00	1.17%	2.16	3.22	8.97	462.00	12.57	8.97	
G2.8	0.45	1.01	20.0	55.00	2.36%	0.14	6.58	5.95	0.92%	1.92	0.05	6.63	60.95	10.34	6.63	
G2.9	0.45	0.23	20.0	85.00	1.76%	0.16	9.01	137.00	0.73%	1.71	1.34	10.35	222.00	11.23	10.35	
G2.10	0.45	0.68	20.0	70.00	1.29%	0.13	9.07	376.00	0.69%	1.66	3.77	12.84	446.00	12.48	12.48	
G2.11a	0.45	1.61	20.0	77.00	2.34%	0.16	7.78	554.00	0.60%	1.55	5.96	13.74	631.00	13.51	13.51	
G2.11b	0.45	0.64	20.0	50.00	2.00%	0.13	6.60	120.00	0.60%	1.55	1.29	7.89	170.00	10.94	10.94	
G2.12a	0.45	1.14	20.0	25.00	2.00%	0.09	4.67	560.00	0.54%	1.47	6.35	11.02	585.00	13.25	11.02	
G2.12b	0.45	1.16	20.0	30.00	2.00%	0.10	5.11	400.00	0.54%	1.47	4.54	9.65	430.00	12.39	9.65	
G2.13	0.45	1.54	20.0	44.00	1.82%	0.11	6.39	345.00	0.64%	1.60	3.59					
			18"					184.00	2.17%	8.76	0.35	10.33	184.00	11.02	10.33	
G2.14	0.45	4.59	7.0	97.00	3.09%	0.20	7.97	46.00	18.48%	3.01	0.25					
			7.0					388.00	0.50%	0.49	13.06	21.28	531.00	12.95	12.95	
G3.1	0.45	0.69	20.0	84.00	1.90%	0.16	8.70	401.00	0.92%	1.92	3.48	12.19	485.00	12.69	12.19	
G3.2	0.45	0.68	20.0	30.00	2.00%	0.10	5.11	582.00	0.86%	1.85	5.23	10.34	612.00	13.40	10.34	
G3.3	0.00	0.74	20.0	69.00	2.17%	0.09	12.78	425.00	0.87%	1.87	3.80	16.57	494.00	12.74	12.74	



**CORE**  
ENGINEERING GROUP

**Standard Form SF-1. Time of Concentration-Proposed**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.030

Date: May 23, 2016

Project: Carriage Meadows South

Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Sub-Basin Data			Initial Overland Time (ti)				Travel Time (tr)				tc Check (urbanized Basins)		Final tc		
BASIN or DESIGN	C5	AREA (A) acres	NRCS Convey.	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	ti minutes	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	Tt minutes	Computed tc Minutes	TOTAL LENGTH (L) feet	Regional tc tc=(L/180)+10 minutes	USDCM Recommended tc=ti+tr (min)
G3.4	0.45	3.46	7.0	36.00	16.67%	0.22	2.78	318.00	3.77%	1.36	3.90				
			20.0					796.00	0.79%	1.78	7.46	14.14	1150.00	16.39	14.14
G3.5	0.45	0.52	7.0	85.00	8.47%	0.27	5.35	106.00	0.57%	0.53	3.34	8.69	191.00	11.06	8.69
G4	0.45	1.32	7.0	86.00	2.56%	0.18	7.98	33.00	15.15%	2.72	0.20	8.18	119.00	10.66	8.18
G5	0.45	0.89	7.0	45.00	3.33%	0.14	5.29	143.00	2.10%	1.01	2.35	7.64	188.00	11.04	7.64
G6.1	0.45	5.55	15.0	86.00	3.26%	0.19	7.37	900.00	0.70%	1.25	11.95	19.32	986.00	15.48	15.48
G6.2	0.90	0.77	20.0	30.00	1.67%	0.30	1.67	696.00	0.90%	1.90	6.11	7.78	726.00	14.03	7.78
G6	0.45	6.32	15.0	86.00	3.26%	0.19	7.37	975.00	0.70%	1.25	12.95	20.32	1061.00	15.89	15.89

Preliminary Drainage Plan

PROPOSED CONDITIONS COEFFICIENT "C" CALCULATIONS

BASIN	Soil No.	Hydro Group	Area	Cover (%)	C5	Wtd. C5	C100	Wtd. C100	Impervious	Type of Cover
G1.4		A/B	2.53	71.67%	0.81	0.58	0.88	0.63	95.0%	Commercial
		C/D	0.60	17.00%	0.82	0.14	0.89	0.15	95.0%	Commercial
		A/B	0.40	11.33%	0.45	0.05	0.59	0.07	65.0%	Proposed Residential
			3.53	100.00%		0.77		0.85		
G1.5		A-D	0.71	85.54%	0.90	0.77	0.95	0.81	95.0%	Carriage Meadows Dr.
		B	0.12	14.46%	0.45	0.07	0.59	0.09	65.0%	Proposed Residential
			0.83	100.00%		0.83		0.90		
G1.6		A	15.35	77.76%	0.81	0.63	0.88	0.68	95.0%	Commercial
		C	4.39	22.24%	0.82	0.18	0.89	0.20	95.0%	Commercial
			19.74	100.00%		0.81		0.88		
G1.7		C	10.46	90.17%	0.82	0.74	0.89	0.80	95.0%	Commercial
		B	1.14	9.83%	0.81	0.08	0.88	0.09	95.0%	Commercial
			11.60	100.00%		0.82		0.89		
G1.8a		C	1.35	14.74%	0.82	0.12	0.89	0.13	95.0%	Commercial
		B	1.17	12.77%	0.81	0.10	0.88	0.11	95.0%	Commercial
		C	1.57	17.14%	0.90	0.15	0.96	0.16	100.0%	Pavement
		C	1.57	17.14%	0.15	0.03	0.50	0.09	0.0%	Roadside Swale
		B	0.17	1.86%	0.90	0.02	0.96	0.02	100.0%	Pavement
		B	0.16	1.75%	0.08	0.01	0.35	0.01	0.0%	Roadside Swale
		B	1.67	18.23%	0.08	0.01	0.35	0.06	0.0%	Lawn
		B	1.50	16.38%	0.45	0.07	0.59	0.10	65.0%	Proposed Residential
			9.16	100.00%		0.52		0.68		

**Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method**  
(Source: UDFCD 2001)

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percent Impervious	Runoff Coefficients											
		2-year		5-year		10-year		25-year		50-year		100-year	
		HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D
<b>Business</b>													
Commercial Areas	95	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
Neighborhood Areas	70	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.53	0.57	0.58	0.62	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.68
<b>Residential</b>													
1/8 Acre or less	65	0.41	0.45	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.65
1/4 Acre	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
1/3 Acre	30	0.18	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.52	0.47	0.57
1/2 Acre	25	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.41	0.51	0.46	0.56
1 Acre	20	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.26	0.27	0.34	0.35	0.44	0.40	0.50	0.44	0.55
<b>Industrial</b>													
Light Areas	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Heavy Areas	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
<b>Parks and Cemeteries</b>													
Parks and Cemeteries	7	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.19	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.40	0.34	0.46	0.39	0.52
Playgrounds	13	0.07	0.13	0.16	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.48	0.41	0.54
Railroad Yard Areas	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
<b>Undeveloped Areas</b>													
Historic Flow Analysis-- Greenbelts, Agriculture	2	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.38	0.31	0.45	0.36	0.51
Pasture/Meadow	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Forest	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Exposed Rock	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Offsite Flow Analysis (when landuse is undefined)	45	0.26	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.48	0.55	0.51	0.59
<b>Streets</b>													
Paved	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Gravel	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
<b>Drive and Walks</b>													
Drive and Walks	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
<b>Roofs</b>													
Roofs	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
<b>Lawns</b>													
Lawns	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50

### 3.2 Time of Concentration

One of the basic assumptions underlying the Rational Method is that runoff is a function of the average rainfall rate during the time required for water to flow from the hydraulically most remote part of the drainage area under consideration to the design point. However, in practice, the time of concentration can be an empirical value that results in reasonable and acceptable peak flow calculations.

For urban areas, the time of concentration ( $t_c$ ) consists of an initial time or overland flow time ( $t_i$ ) plus the travel time ( $t_t$ ) in the storm sewer, paved gutter, roadside drainage ditch, or drainage channel. For non-urban areas, the time of concentration consists of an overland flow time ( $t_i$ ) plus the time of travel in a concentrated form, such as a swale or drainageway. The travel portion ( $t_t$ ) of the time of concentration can be estimated from the hydraulic properties of the storm sewer, gutter, swale, ditch, or drainageway. Initial time, on the other hand, will vary with surface slope, depression storage, surface cover, antecedent rainfall, and infiltration capacity of the soil, as well as distance of surface flow. The time of concentration is represented by Equation 6-7 for both urban and non-urban areas.

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## APPENDIX C – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

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# Culvert Report

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Wednesday, Jan 25 2017, 4:24 AM

## G1 side 48-inch Interconnection Emergency Overflow

Invert Elev Dn (ft) = 5684.00  
 Pipe Length (ft) = 320.00  
 Slope (%) = 0.40  
 Invert Elev Up (ft) = 5685.28  
 Rise (in) = 48.0  
 Shape = Cir  
 Span (in) = 48.0  
 No. Barrels = 1  
 n-Value = 0.013  
 Inlet Edge = Projecting  
 Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k = 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.5

### Embankment

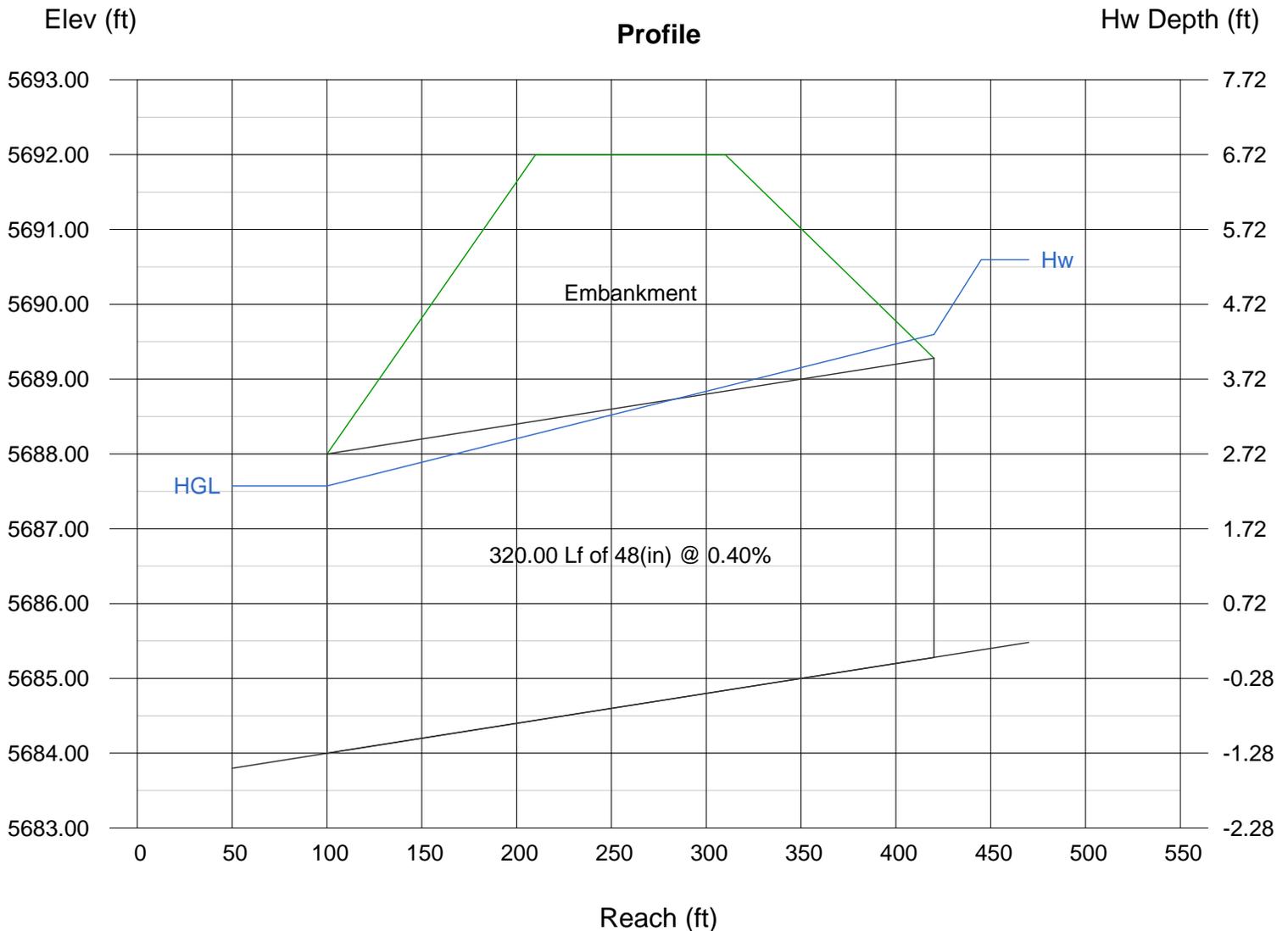
Top Elevation (ft) = 5692.00  
 Top Width (ft) = 100.00  
 Crest Width (ft) = 50.00

### Calculations

Qmin (cfs) = 50.00  
 Qmax (cfs) = 120.00  
 Tailwater Elev (ft) = (dc+D)/2

### Highlighted

Qtotal (cfs) = 113.00  
 Qpipe (cfs) = 113.00  
 Qovertop (cfs) = 0.00  
 Veloc Dn (ft/s) = 10.03  
 Veloc Up (ft/s) = 9.55  
 HGL Dn (ft) = 5687.57  
 HGL Up (ft) = 5689.60  
 Hw Elev (ft) = 5690.60  
 Hw/D (ft) = 1.33  
 Flow Regime = Inlet Control



# Channel Report

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Tuesday, Feb 7 2017, 5:33 AM

## 4FT WIDE CURB CHASE AT LORSON BLVD AND MARKSHEFFEL

### Rectangular

Bottom Width (ft) = 4.00

Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00

Slope (%) = 1.50

N-Value = 0.013

### Calculations

Compute by: Known Depth

Known Depth (ft) = 0.50

### Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.50

Q (cfs) = 15.20

Area (sqft) = 2.00

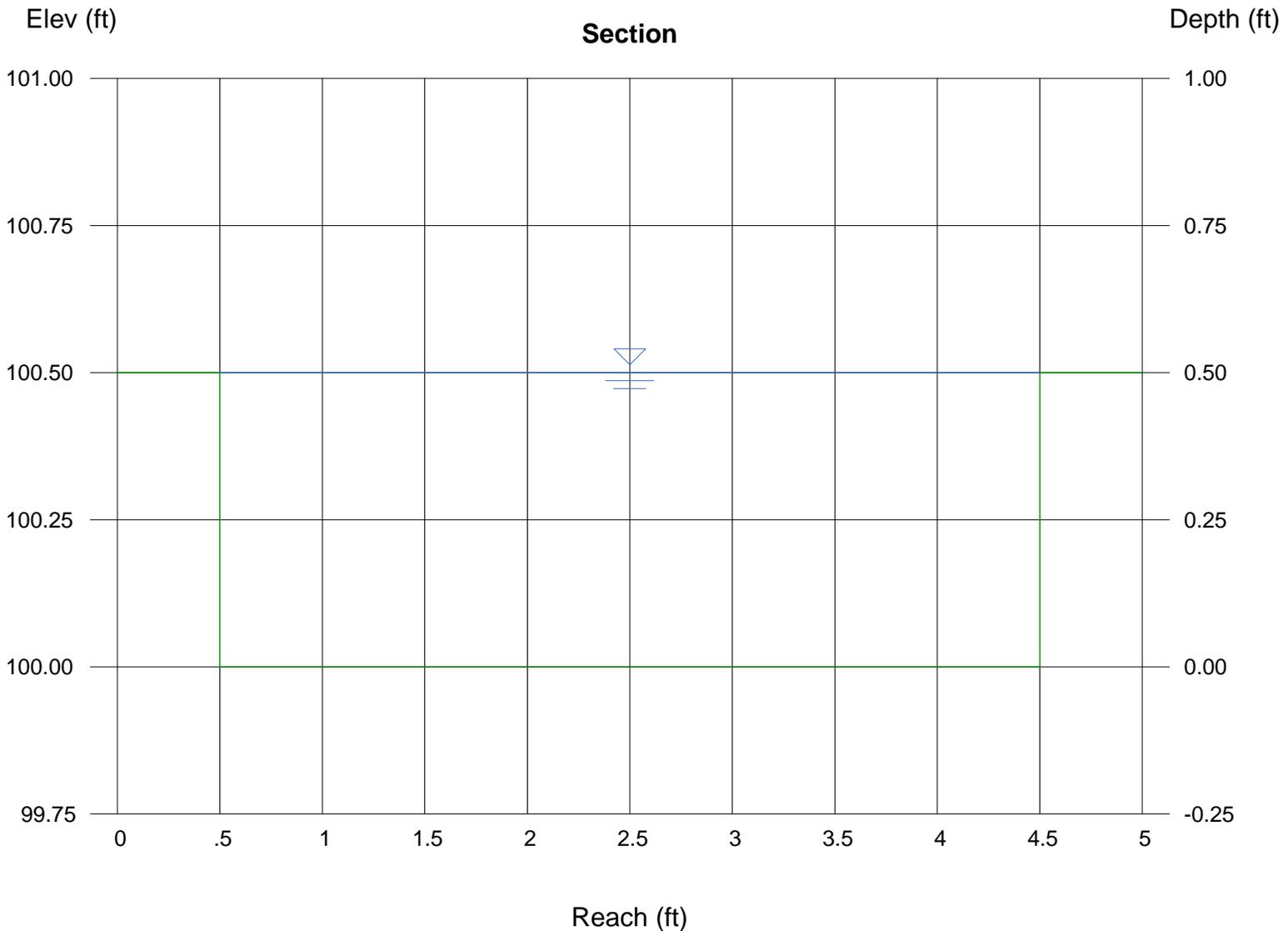
Velocity (ft/s) = 7.60

Wetted Perim (ft) = 5.00

Crit Depth,  $Y_c$  (ft) = 0.50

Top Width (ft) = 4.00

EGL (ft) = 1.40



# Channel Report

EMERGENCY OVERFLOW "A"

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Monday, Feb 20 2017, 10:6 AM

## Galpin Emergency Overflow to Lorson Blvd.

### Trapezoidal

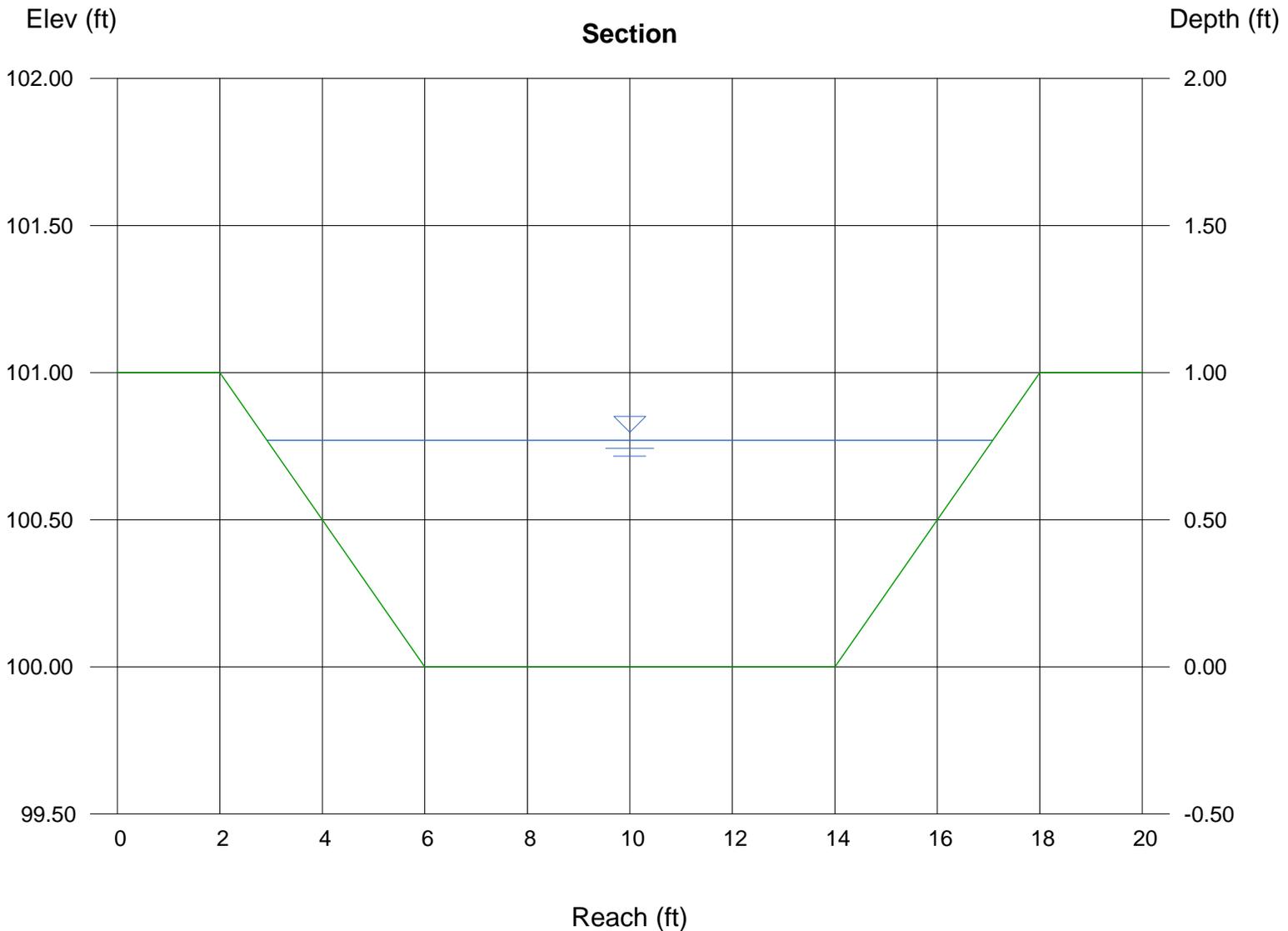
Bottom Width (ft) = 8.00  
Side Slope (z:1) = 4.00  
Total Depth (ft) = 1.00  
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00  
Slope (%) = 1.20  
N-Value = 0.024

### Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.77  
Q (cfs) = 40.00  
Area (sqft) = 8.53  
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.69  
Wetted Perim (ft) = 14.35  
Crit Depth,  $Y_c$  (ft) = 0.80  
Top Width (ft) = 14.16  
EGL (ft) = 1.11

### Calculations

Compute by: Known Q  
Known Q (cfs) = 40.00



# Channel Report

EMERGENCY OVERFLOW "B"

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Saturday, Feb 18 2017, 7:31 AM

## Rubicon Emergency Overflow to Lorson Blvd.

### Trapezoidal

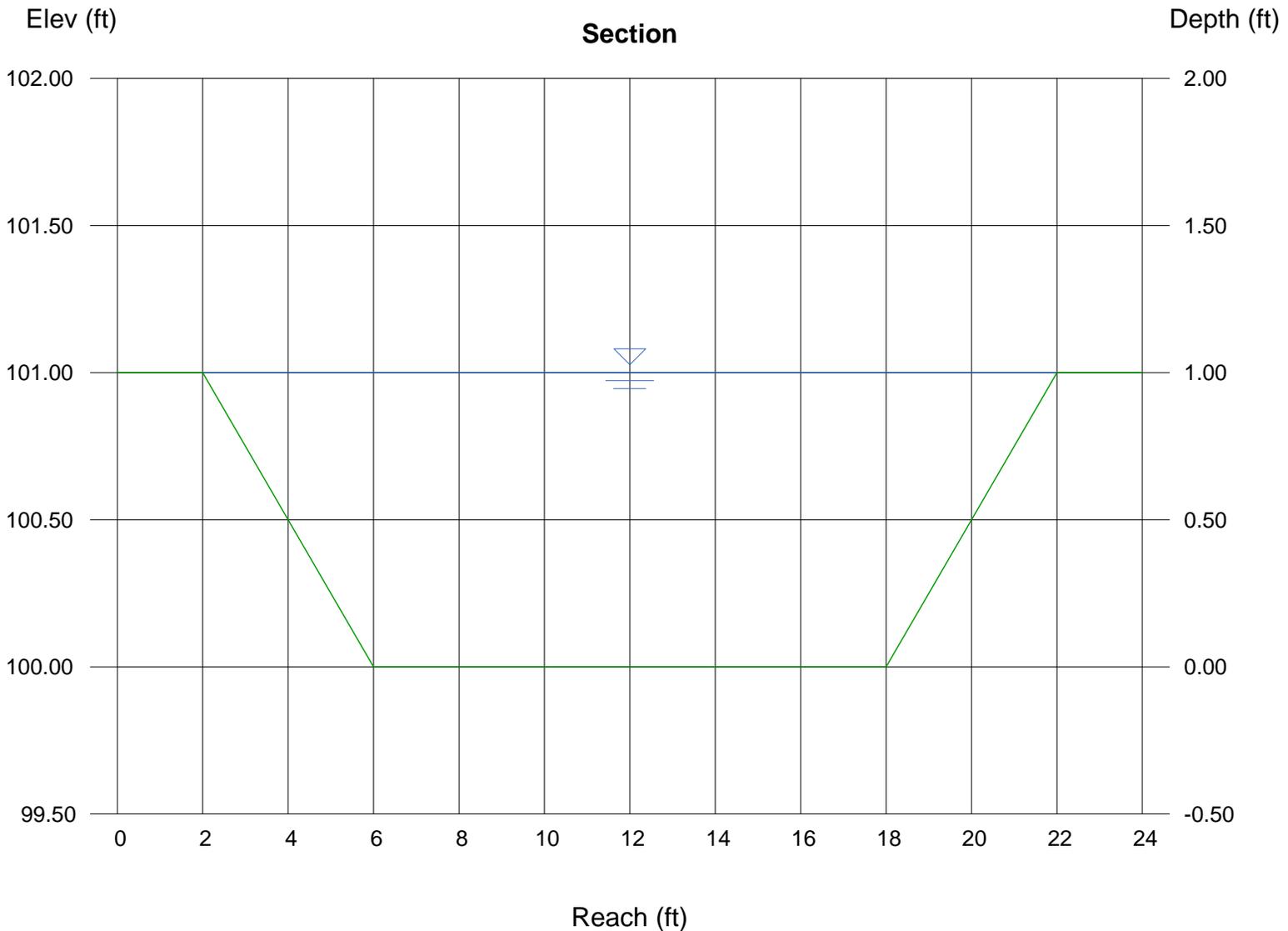
Bottom Width (ft) = 12.00  
Side Slope (z:1) = 4.00  
Total Depth (ft) = 1.00  
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00  
Slope (%) = 1.20  
N-Value = 0.020

### Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.00  
Q (cfs) = 111.31  
Area (sqft) = 16.00  
Velocity (ft/s) = 6.96  
Wetted Perim (ft) = 20.25  
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.00  
Top Width (ft) = 20.00  
EGL (ft) = 1.75

### Calculations

Compute by: Known Depth  
Known Depth (ft) = 1.00



# Channel Report

EMERGENCY OVERFLOW "C"

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Wednesday, Feb 22 2017, 8:6 AM

## Simcoe Emergency Overflow to Pond G2

### Triangular

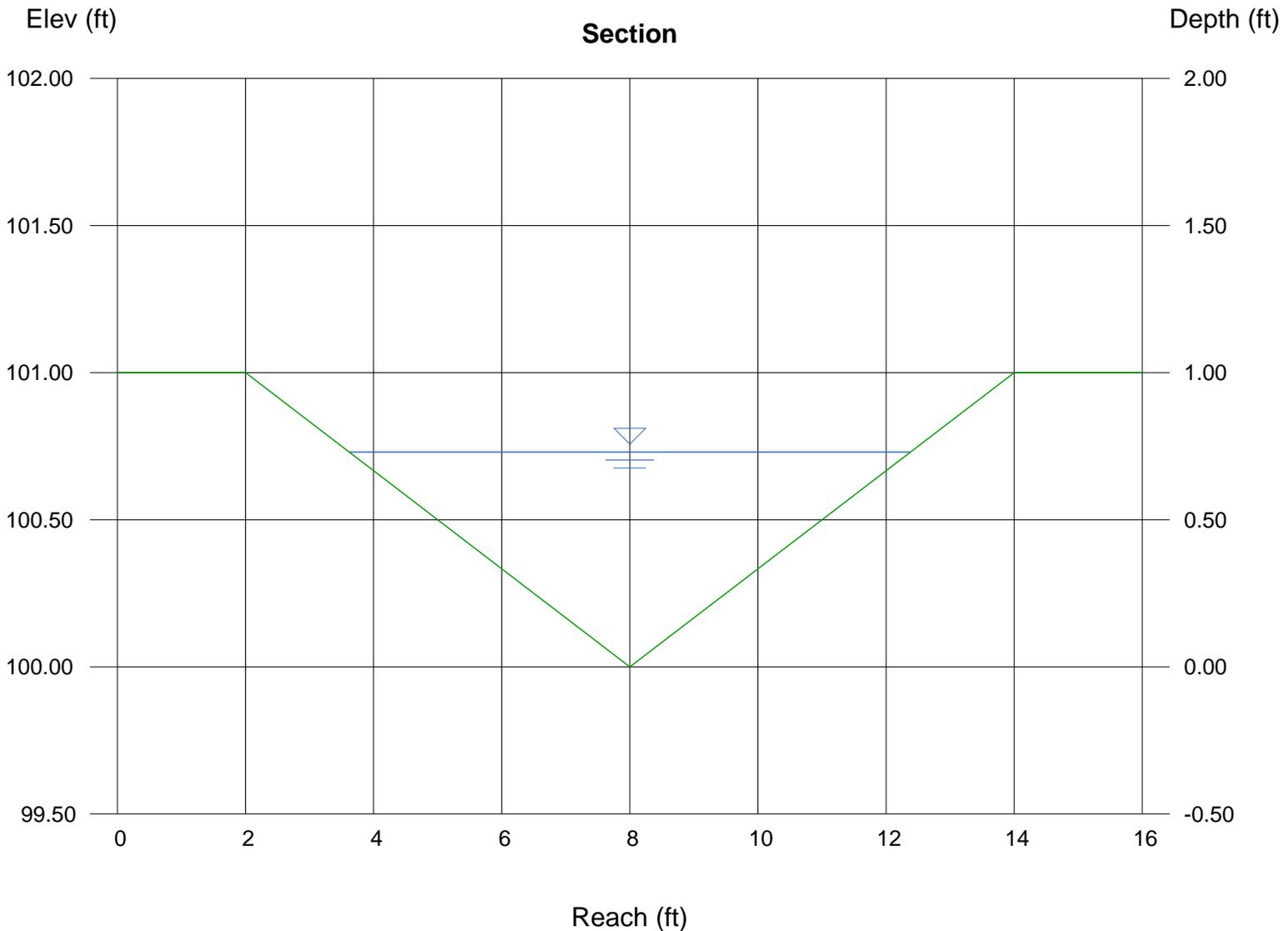
Side Slope (z:1) = 6.00  
Total Depth (ft) = 1.00  
  
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00  
Slope (%) = 1.00  
N-Value = 0.024

### Calculations

Compute by: Known Q  
Known Q (cfs) = 10.00

### Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.73  
Q (cfs) = 10.00  
Area (sqft) = 3.20  
Velocity (ft/s) = 3.13  
Wetted Perim (ft) = 8.88  
Crit Depth,  $Y_c$  (ft) = 0.71  
Top Width (ft) = 8.76  
EGL (ft) = 0.88



# Channel Report

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Monday, Jun 20 2016, 6:37 AM

Basin G1.7 Swale to  
Pond G1.7

## Trapezoidal

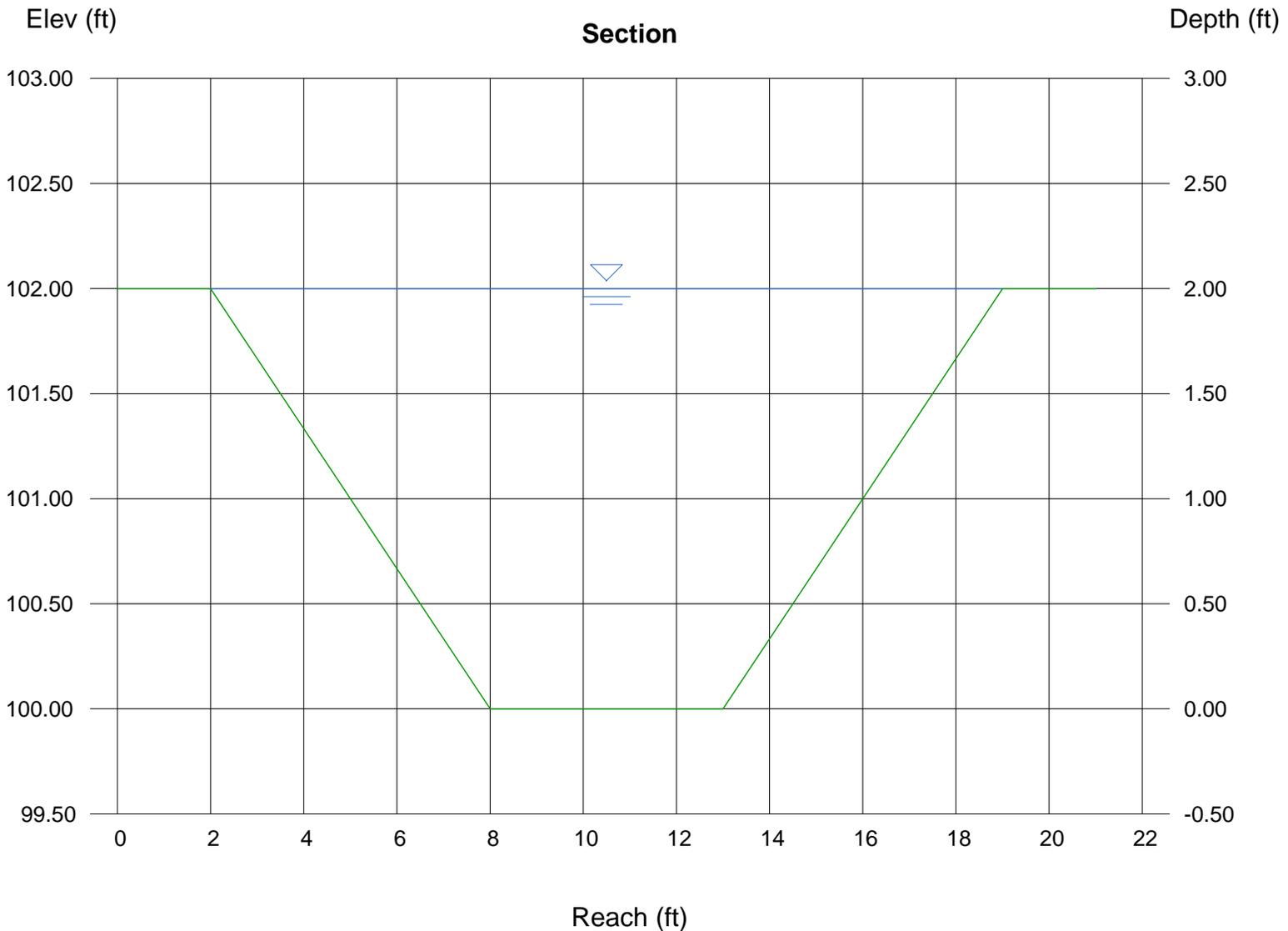
Bottom Width (ft) = 5.00  
Side Slope (z:1) = 3.00  
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00  
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00  
Slope (%) = 0.50  
N-Value = 0.025

## Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 2.00  
Q (cfs) = 107.11  
Area (sqft) = 22.00  
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.87  
Wetted Perim (ft) = 17.65  
Crit Depth,  $Y_c$  (ft) = 1.55  
Top Width (ft) = 17.00  
EGL (ft) = 2.37

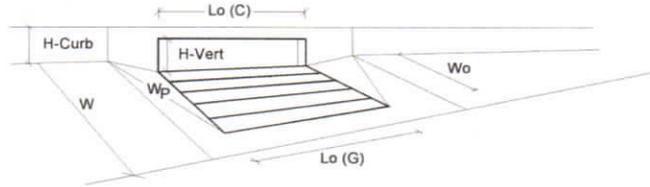
## Calculations

Compute by: Q vs Depth  
No. Increments = 10



## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-2 (G1.4)

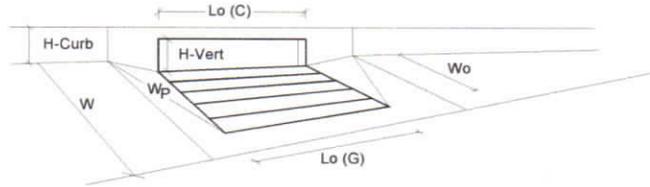


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow)	3.00	1.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.1	8.0	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	15.00	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	19.3	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	0.10	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	3.60	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	0.67	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	15.00	15.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.04	0.04	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	10.83	21.18	cfs
Interception with Clogging	10.36	20.25	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	29.58	33.57	cfs
Interception with Clogging	28.29	32.11	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	16.65	24.80	cfs
Interception with Clogging	15.92	23.72	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	10.36	20.25	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	15.00	15.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	19.3	27.0	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.5	2.4	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	10.4	20.3	cfs
<b>Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub></b>	10.3	19.0	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-3 (G1.5)



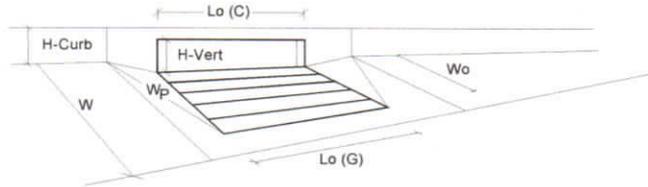
Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	3.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.1	8.0	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	0.00	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	0.00	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.10	0.10	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	6.29	10.97	cfs
Interception with Clogging	5.66	9.87	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	9.86	11.19	cfs
Interception with Clogging	8.87	10.07	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.33	10.30	cfs
Interception with Clogging	6.59	9.27	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	5.66	9.27	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	19.3	27.0	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.5	2.4	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	5.7	9.3	cfs
<b>Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub></b>	3.0	5.4	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030

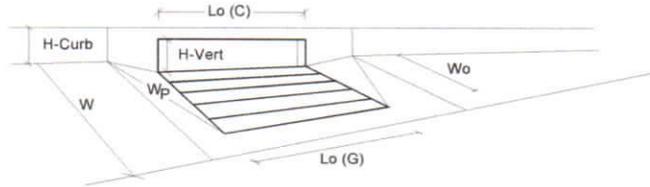
Inlet ID = Inlet DP-7 (G1.9)



Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow)	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	5.5	8.0	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths		
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	10.00	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	10.00	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>			
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as a Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>			
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.06	0.06	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	6.99	17.34	cfs
Interception with Clogging	6.56	16.26	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	18.72	22.38	cfs
Interception with Clogging	17.55	20.98	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>			
Interception without Clogging	10.64	18.32	cfs
Interception with Clogging	9.98	17.18	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	6.56	16.26	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>			
Total Inlet Length	10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	16.6	27.0	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.0	2.4	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>			
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)	6.6	16.3	cfs
Q PEAK REQUIRED	5.4	11.8	cfs

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-7a (G1.10)

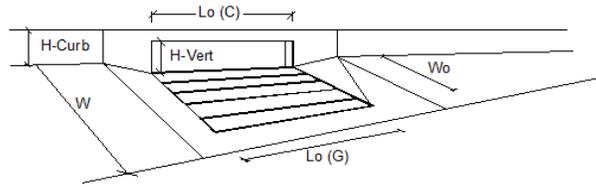


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.5	8.0	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	7.00	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	3.00	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	0.15	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.06	0.06	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	10.72	17.34	cfs
Interception with Clogging	10.05	16.26	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	20.22	22.38	cfs
Interception with Clogging	18.96	20.98	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	13.69	18.32	cfs
Interception with Clogging	12.84	17.18	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	10.05	16.26	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	20.7	27.0	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.9	2.4	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	10.1	16.3	cfs
<b>Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub></b>	7.2	15.9	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

## INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

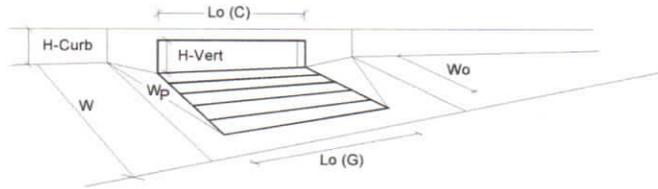
Project: Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID: Inlet DP-10 (G2.1)



Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	10.00	10.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W from Q-Allow)	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	0.10	0.10	
<b>Street Hydraulics: OK - Q &lt; maximum allowable from sheet 'Q-Allow'</b>			
	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Design Discharge for Half of Street (from Sheet Q-Peak)</b>	5.2	11.4	cfs
Water Spread Width	14.7	17.0	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	5.0	6.4	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T <sub>max</sub> )	0.0	0.8	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	0.406	0.296	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T <sub>x</sub>	3.1	8.0	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	2.1	3.4	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	0.0	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	2.28	4.10	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	2.3	2.8	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	8.0	9.4	inches
<b>Grate Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	N/A	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	N/A	N/A	
<b>Under No-Clogging Condition</b>			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	N/A	N/A	
Interception Capacity	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Under Clogging Condition</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	N/A	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	N/A	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	N/A	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	N/A	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q <sub>c</sub> -Q <sub>a</sub> (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
	MINOR	MAJOR	
Equivalent Slope S <sub>e</sub> (based on grate carry-over)	0.096	0.076	ft/ft
Required Length L <sub>T</sub> to Have 100% Interception	12.19	20.33	ft
<b>Under No-Clogging Condition</b>			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L <sub>c</sub> , L <sub>T</sub> )	10.00	10.00	ft
Interception Capacity	5.0	8.0	cfs
<b>Under Clogging Condition</b>			
Clogging Coefficient	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	0.06	0.06	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	8.75	8.75	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	4.9	7.7	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q <sub>b(GRATE)</sub> -Q <sub>a</sub>	0.3	3.7	cfs
<b>Summary</b>			
	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	4.86	7.72	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	0.3	3.7	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q <sub>i</sub> /Q <sub>o</sub> =	93	68	%

# INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-12a (G2.4)

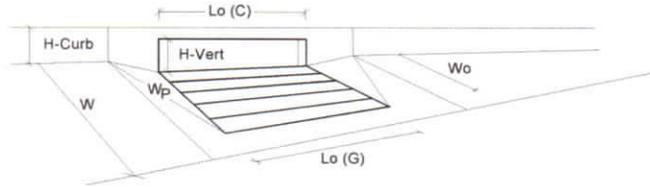


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow)	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	5.5	8.5	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	15.00	15.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.04	0.04	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.99	24.46	cfs
Interception with Clogging	7.64	23.39	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	28.08	34.57	cfs
Interception with Clogging	26.85	33.06	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	13.93	27.04	cfs
Interception with Clogging	13.32	25.86	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	7.64	23.39	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	15.00	15.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	16.6	29.1	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.0	2.9	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
	7.6	23.4	cfs
<b>WARNING: Inlet Capacity less than Q Peak for MAJOR Storm</b>	Q PEAK REQUIRED =	24.8	cfs

1.4 cfs TOPS CROWN & FLOWS TO INLET @ DP-12b (MAJOR STORM)

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-12b (G2.5)

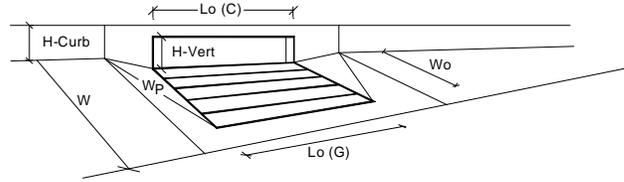


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	5.5	8.5	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.10	0.10	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	4.89	12.37	cfs
Interception with Clogging	4.40	11.13	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	9.36	11.52	cfs
Interception with Clogging	8.42	10.37	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	6.29	11.10	cfs
Interception with Clogging	5.66	9.99	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	4.40	9.99	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	16.6	29.1	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.0	2.9	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	4.4	10.0	cfs
Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub>	0.4	2.3	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

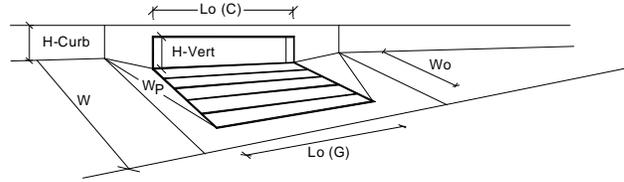
Project = **Carriage Meadows South #100.030**  
 Inlet ID = **Inlet DP-14 (G2.2)**



<b>Design Information (Input)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	$a_{local} = 3.00$	$3.00$	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	$N_o = 1$	$1$	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	$Ponding\ Depth = 6.5$	$8.4$	inches <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
<b>Grate Information</b>			
Length of a Unit Grate	$L_o(G) = N/A$	$N/A$	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	$W_o = N/A$	$N/A$	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	$A_{ratio} = N/A$	$N/A$	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_r(G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	$C_w(G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_o(G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>			
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_o(C) = 5.00$	$5.00$	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	$H_{vert} = 6.00$	$6.00$	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	$H_{throat} = 6.00$	$6.00$	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	$\Theta = 63.40$	$63.40$	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	$W_p = 2.00$	$2.00$	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_r(C) = 0.10$	$0.10$	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_w(C) = 3.60$	$3.60$	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_o(C) = 0.67$	$0.67$	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	$Coef = N/A$	$N/A$	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	$Clog = N/A$	$N/A$	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{wi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{wa} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{oi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{oa} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>			
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{mi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{ma} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	$Q_{Grate} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	$Coef = 1.00$	$1.00$	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	$Clog = 0.10$	$0.10$	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{wi} = 7.08$	$12.08$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{wa} = 6.37$	$10.87$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{oi} = 10.12$	$11.46$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{oa} = 9.11$	$10.31$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>			
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{mi} = 7.87$	$10.94$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{ma} = 7.08$	$9.85$	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	$Q_{Curb} = 6.37$	$9.85$	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>			
Total Inlet Length	$L = 5.00$	$5.00$	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	$T = 20.7$	$28.7$	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	$d_{CROWN} = 0.9$	$2.8$	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>			
	$Q_a = 6.4$	$9.8$	cfs
<b>WARNING: Inlet Capacity less than Q Peak for MAJOR Storm</b>	$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED} = 3.3$	$10.3$	cfs

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

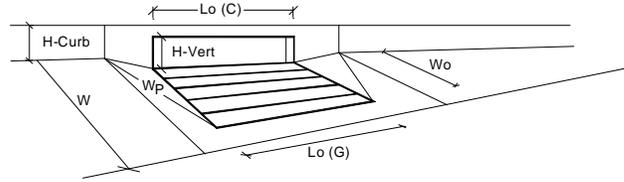
Project = **Carriage Meadows South #100.030**  
 Inlet ID = **Inlet DP-14a (G2.3)**



Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	a <sub>local</sub> = 3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No = 1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth = 5.5	8.0	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>			
Length of a Unit Grate	L <sub>o</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W <sub>g</sub> = N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A <sub>ratio</sub> = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C <sub>r</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C <sub>w</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C <sub>o</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>			
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L <sub>o</sub> (C) = 10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H <sub>vert</sub> = 6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H <sub>throat</sub> = 6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta = 63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W <sub>p</sub> = 2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C <sub>r</sub> (C) = 0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C <sub>w</sub> (C) = 3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C <sub>o</sub> (C) = 0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog = N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>wi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>wa</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>oi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>oa</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>mi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>ma</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	<b>Q<sub>Grate</sub> = N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>cfs</b>
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef = 1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog = 0.06	0.06	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>wi</sub> = 6.99	17.34	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>wa</sub> = 6.56	16.26	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>oi</sub> = 18.72	22.38	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>oa</sub> = 17.55	20.98	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>mi</sub> = 10.64	18.32	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>ma</sub> = 9.98	17.18	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	<b>Q<sub>Curb</sub> = 6.56</b>	<b>16.26</b>	<b>cfs</b>
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>			
Total Inlet Length	L = 10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	T = 16.6	27.0	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	d <sub>CROWN</sub> = 0.0	2.4	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>			
	<b>Q<sub>a</sub> = 6.6</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>cfs</b>
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)	Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> = 5.5	12.6	cfs

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

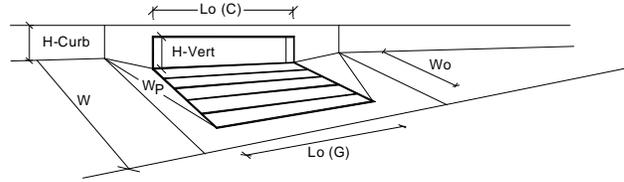
Project = **Carriage Meadows South #100.030**  
 Inlet ID = **Inlet DP-15 (G2.11a)**



<b>Design Information (Input)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	a <sub>local</sub> = 3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No = 1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth = 6.5	8.4	inches <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Grate	L <sub>o</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W <sub>g</sub> = N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A <sub>ratio</sub> = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C <sub>r</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C <sub>w</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C <sub>o</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L <sub>o</sub> (C) = 10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H <sub>vert</sub> = 6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H <sub>throat</sub> = 6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta = 63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W <sub>p</sub> = 2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C <sub>r</sub> (C) = 0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C <sub>w</sub> (C) = 3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C <sub>o</sub> (C) = 0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog = N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>wi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>wa</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>oi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>oa</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>mi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>ma</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	Q <sub>Grate</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef = 1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog = 0.06	0.06	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>wi</sub> = 10.76	19.11	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>wa</sub> = 10.09	17.91	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>oi</sub> = 20.23	22.91	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>oa</sub> = 18.97	21.48	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>mi</sub> = 13.72	19.46	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>ma</sub> = 12.87	18.24	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	Q <sub>curb</sub> = 10.09	17.91	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	L = 10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	T = 20.7	28.7	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	d <sub>CROWN</sub> = 0.9	2.8	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	Q <sub>a</sub> = 10.1	17.9	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)	Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> = 2.6	5.8	cfs

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

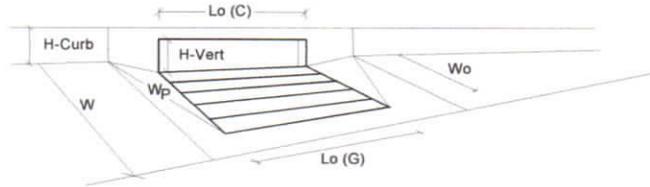
Project = **Carriage Meadows South #100.030**  
 Inlet ID = **Inlet DP-15a (G2.12a)**



<b>Design Information (Input)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	$a_{local} = 3.00$	$3.00$	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	$N_o = 1$	$1$	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth = $6.5$	$8.4$	inches <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Grate	$L_o (G) = N/A$	$N/A$	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	$W_o = N/A$	$N/A$	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	$A_{ratio} = N/A$	$N/A$	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_r (G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	$C_w (G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_o (G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_o (C) = 10.00$	$10.00$	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	$H_{vert} = 6.00$	$6.00$	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	$H_{throat} = 6.00$	$6.00$	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	$\theta = 63.40$	$63.40$	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	$W_p = 2.00$	$2.00$	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_r (C) = 0.10$	$0.10$	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_w (C) = 3.60$	$3.60$	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_o (C) = 0.67$	$0.67$	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	$Coef = N/A$	$N/A$	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	$Clog = N/A$	$N/A$	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{wi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{wa} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{oi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{oa} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{mi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{ma} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	$Q_{Grate} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	$Coef = 1.25$	$1.25$	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	$Clog = 0.06$	$0.06$	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{wi} = 10.76$	$19.11$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{wa} = 10.09$	$17.91$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{oi} = 20.23$	$22.91$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{oa} = 18.97$	$21.48$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{mi} = 13.72$	$19.46$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{ma} = 12.87$	$18.24$	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	$Q_{Curb} = 10.09$	$17.91$	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	$L = 10.00$	$10.00$	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	$T = 20.7$	$28.7$	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	$d_{CROWN} = 0.9$	$2.8$	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	$Q_a = 10.1$	$17.9$	cfs
<b>Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (&gt;Q PEAK)</b>	$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED} = 2.0$	$4.5$	cfs

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-16 (G2.7)

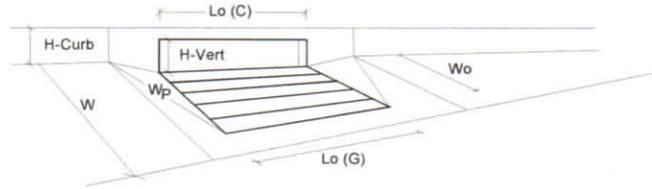


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow)	3.00	1.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.5	8.0	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as a Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.06	0.06	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	10.72	17.34	cfs
Interception with Clogging	10.05	16.26	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	20.22	22.38	cfs
Interception with Clogging	18.96	20.98	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	13.69	18.32	cfs
Interception with Clogging	12.84	17.18	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	10.05	16.26	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	20.7	27.0	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.9	2.4	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	10.1	16.3	cfs
Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub>	4.6	10.2	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

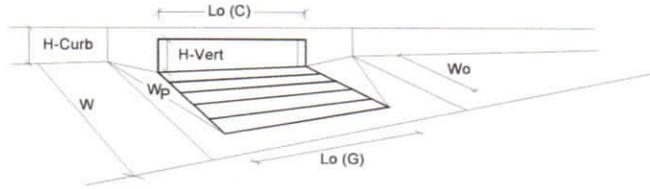
Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-17 (G2.8 & G2.9)



Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.5	8.0	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.10	0.10	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.06	10.97	cfs
Interception with Clogging	6.35	9.87	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	10.11	11.19	cfs
Interception with Clogging	9.10	10.07	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.86	10.30	cfs
Interception with Clogging	7.07	9.27	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	6.35	9.27	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	20.7	27.0	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.9	2.4	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	6.4	9.3	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)	Q PEAK REQUIRED = 2.3	5.0	cfs

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-18 (G2.10)

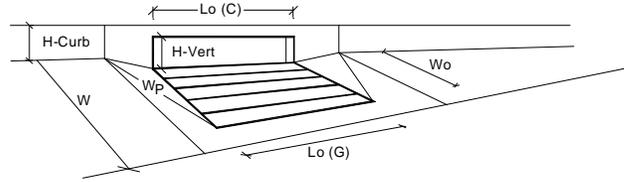


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow)	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.5	8.0	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	7.00	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	2.00	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	0.15	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	1.50	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	0.67	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.10	0.10	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.06	10.97	cfs
Interception with Clogging	6.35	9.87	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	10.11	11.19	cfs
Interception with Clogging	9.10	10.07	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.86	10.30	cfs
Interception with Clogging	7.07	9.27	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	6.35	9.27	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	20.7	27.0	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.9	2.4	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	6.4	9.3	cfs
<b>Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub></b>	1.2	2.6	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

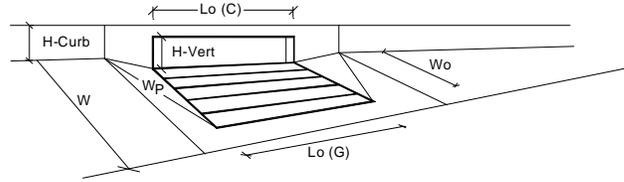
Project = **Carriage Meadows South #100.030**  
 Inlet ID = **Inlet DP-20 (G2.11b)**



<b>Design Information (Input)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	$a_{local} = 3.00$	$3.00$	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	$N_o = 1$	$1$	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth = $6.5$	$8.0$	inches <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Grate	$L_o (G) = N/A$	$N/A$	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	$W_o = N/A$	$N/A$	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	$A_{ratio} = N/A$	$N/A$	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_r (G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	$C_w (G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_o (G) = N/A$	$N/A$	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_o (C) = 5.00$	$5.00$	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	$H_{vert} = 6.00$	$6.00$	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	$H_{throat} = 6.00$	$6.00$	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	$\theta = 63.40$	$63.40$	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	$W_p = 2.00$	$2.00$	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_r (C) = 0.10$	$0.10$	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_w (C) = 3.60$	$3.60$	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_o (C) = 0.67$	$0.67$	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	$Coef = N/A$	$N/A$	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	$Clog = N/A$	$N/A$	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{wi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{wa} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{oi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{oa} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{mi} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{ma} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	$Q_{Grate} = N/A$	$N/A$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	$Coef = 1.00$	$1.00$	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	$Clog = 0.10$	$0.10$	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{wi} = 7.06$	$10.97$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{wa} = 6.35$	$9.87$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{oi} = 10.11$	$11.19$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{oa} = 9.10$	$10.07$	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{mi} = 7.86$	$10.30$	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{ma} = 7.07$	$9.27$	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	$Q_{Curb} = 6.35$	$9.27$	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	$L = 5.00$	$5.00$	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	$T = 20.7$	$27.0$	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	$d_{CROWN} = 0.9$	$2.4$	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	$Q_a = 6.4$	$9.3$	cfs
<b>Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (&gt;Q PEAK)</b>	$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED} = 1.1$	$2.5$	cfs

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

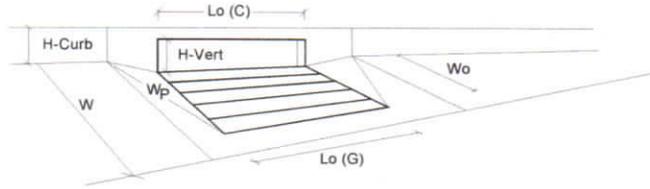
Project = **Carriage Meadows South #100.030**  
 Inlet ID = **Inlet DP-22 (G2.12b)**



<b>Design Information (Input)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	a <sub>local</sub> = 3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No = 1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth = 6.5	8.1	inches <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
<b>Grate Information</b>			
Length of a Unit Grate	L <sub>o</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W <sub>g</sub> = N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A <sub>ratio</sub> = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C <sub>r</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C <sub>w</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C <sub>o</sub> (G) = N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>			
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L <sub>o</sub> (C) = 5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H <sub>vert</sub> = 6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H <sub>throat</sub> = 6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta = 63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W <sub>p</sub> = 2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C <sub>r</sub> (C) = 0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C <sub>w</sub> (C) = 3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C <sub>o</sub> (C) = 0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog = N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>wi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>wc</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>oi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>oc</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>mi</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>mc</sub> = N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	<b>Q<sub>Grate</sub> = N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>cfs</b>
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef = 1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog = 0.10	0.10	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>wi</sub> = 7.06	11.24	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>wc</sub> = 6.35	10.12	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>oi</sub> = 10.11	11.26	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>oc</sub> = 9.10	10.13	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>			
Interception without Clogging	Q <sub>mi</sub> = 7.86	10.46	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q <sub>mc</sub> = 7.07	9.42	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	<b>Q<sub>Curb</sub> = 6.35</b>	<b>9.42</b>	<b>cfs</b>
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>			
Total Inlet Length	L = 5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	T = 20.7	27.5	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	d <sub>CROWN</sub> = 0.9	2.5	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>			
<b>Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (&gt;Q PEAK)</b>	<b>Q<sub>a</sub> = 6.4</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>cfs</b>
	Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> = 2.2	4.8	cfs

# INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-24 (G2.13)

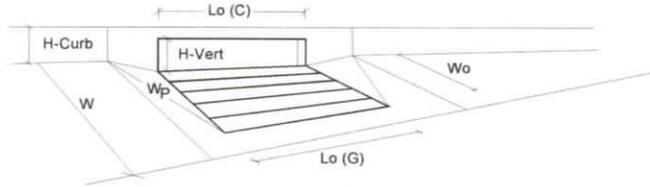


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow)	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.5	8.1	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.10	0.10	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.06	11.24	cfs
Interception with Clogging	6.35	10.12	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	10.11	11.26	cfs
Interception with Clogging	9.10	10.13	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.86	10.46	cfs
Interception with Clogging	7.07	9.42	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	6.35	9.42	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	20.7	27.5	ft.>T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.9	2.5	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	6.4	9.4	cfs
<b>Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub></b>	2.8	6.2	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-26 (G3.1 & G3.2)

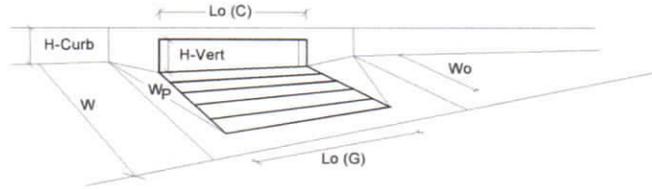


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow)	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.5	8.1	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.10	0.10	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.06	11.24	cfs
Interception with Clogging	6.35	10.12	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	10.11	11.26	cfs
Interception with Clogging	9.10	10.13	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	7.86	10.46	cfs
Interception with Clogging	7.07	9.42	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	6.35	9.42	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	20.7	27.5	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.9	2.5	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	6.4	9.4	cfs
<b>Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub></b>	2.4	5.2	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

# INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

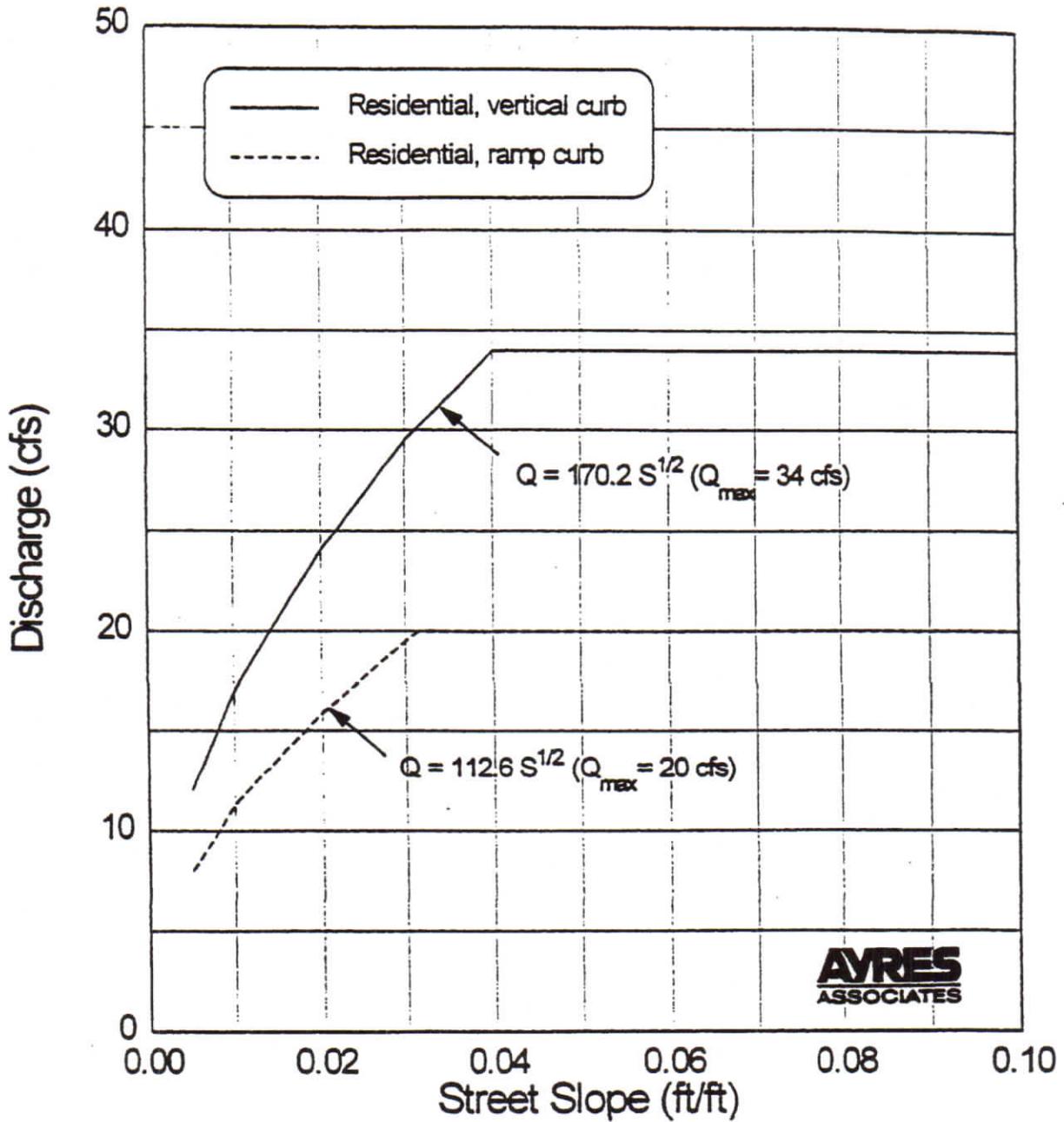
Project = Carriage Meadows South #100.030  
 Inlet ID = Inlet DP-27 (G3.3 & G3.4)



Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	6.5	8.1	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as a Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.06	0.06	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	10.72	17.78	cfs
Interception with Clogging	10.05	16.67	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on UDFCD - CSU 2010 Study)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	20.22	22.52	cfs
Interception with Clogging	18.96	21.11	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	13.69	18.61	cfs
Interception with Clogging	12.84	17.44	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	10.05	16.67	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on sheet Q-Allow geometry)	20.7	27.5	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.9	2.5	inches
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	MINOR	MAJOR	
<b>Q<sub>a</sub></b>	10.1	16.7	cfs
<b>Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub></b>	6.8	15.0	cfs

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

### RESIDENTIAL STREET (34' Flowline to flowline)

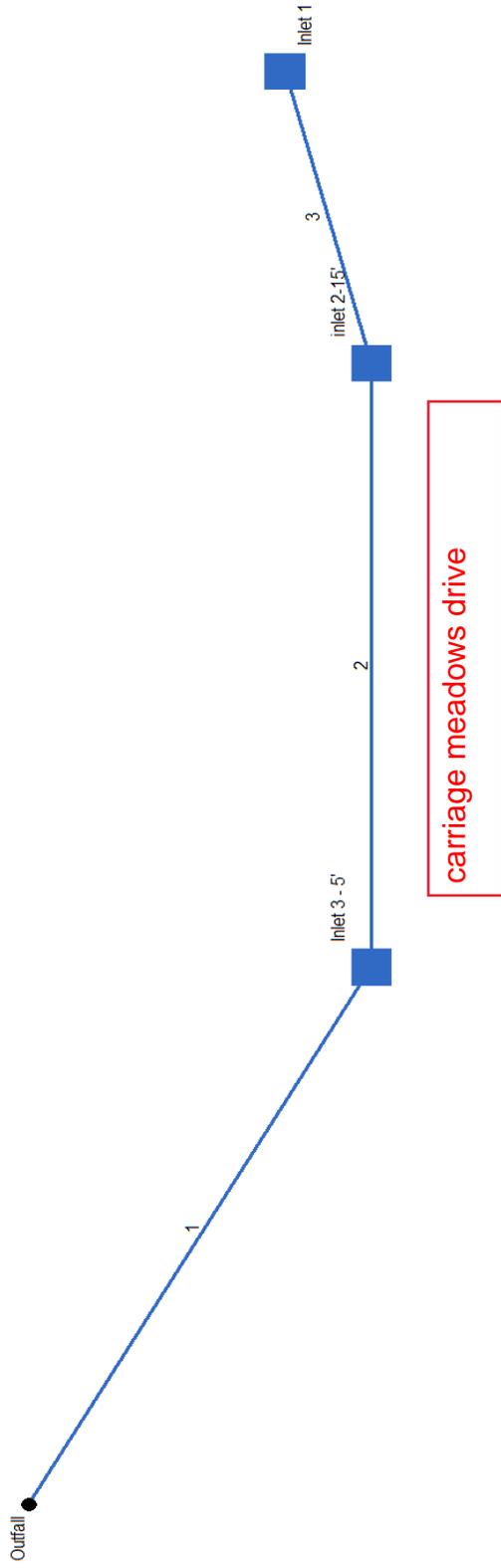


Interim Release October 12, 1994  
City of Colorado Springs

Use this graph to determine the allowable street capacity per side, initial storm, for the typical street section using a 2% crown.

# Hydraflow Plan View

Storm Line 1



# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1 - 30" RCP	26.90	30 c	37.0	5692.80	5693.10	0.812	5694.53	5694.83	n/a	5694.83	End
2	L2 - 30" RCP	24.30	30 c	36.0	5693.60	5693.89	0.806	5695.31	5695.54	n/a	5695.54	1
3	L3 - 24" RCP	14.90	24 c	18.0	5694.39	5694.53	0.776	5695.97	5695.92	0.00	5695.92	2

Project File: 100.030 DP-3b Storm Drain-5yr.stm	Number of lines: 3	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 5 Yrs.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr (min)	Syst (min)	Size (in)	Slope (%)					Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)			
1	End	37.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.2	0.0	26.90	36.95	7.41	30	0.81	5693.10	5692.80	5694.83	5694.53	5700.00	5697.00	L1 - 30" RCP
2	1	36.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	24.30	36.81	6.95	30	0.81	5693.89	5693.60	5695.54	5695.31	5700.00	5700.00	L2 - 30" RCP
3	2	18.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.90	19.92	6.01	24	0.78	5694.53	5694.39	5695.92	5695.97	5698.00	5700.00	L3 - 24" RCP
Project File: 100.030 DP-3b Storm Drain-5yr.stm														Number of lines: 3				Run Date: 06-21-2016				

NOTES: Intensity = 68.28 / (Inlet time + 13.10) ^ 0.89; Return period = 5 Yrs.

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1 - 30" RCP	51.20	30 c	37.0	5692.80	5693.10	0.812	5695.30*	5695.88*	0.00	5695.88	End
2	L2 - 30" RCP	46.50	30 c	36.0	5693.60	5693.89	0.806	5696.17*	5696.64*	0.00	5696.64	1
3	L3 - 24" RCP	29.20	24 c	18.0	5694.39	5694.53	0.776	5696.69*	5696.99*	0.00	5696.99	2

Project File: 100.030 DP-3b Storm Drain-100yr.stm	Number of lines: 3	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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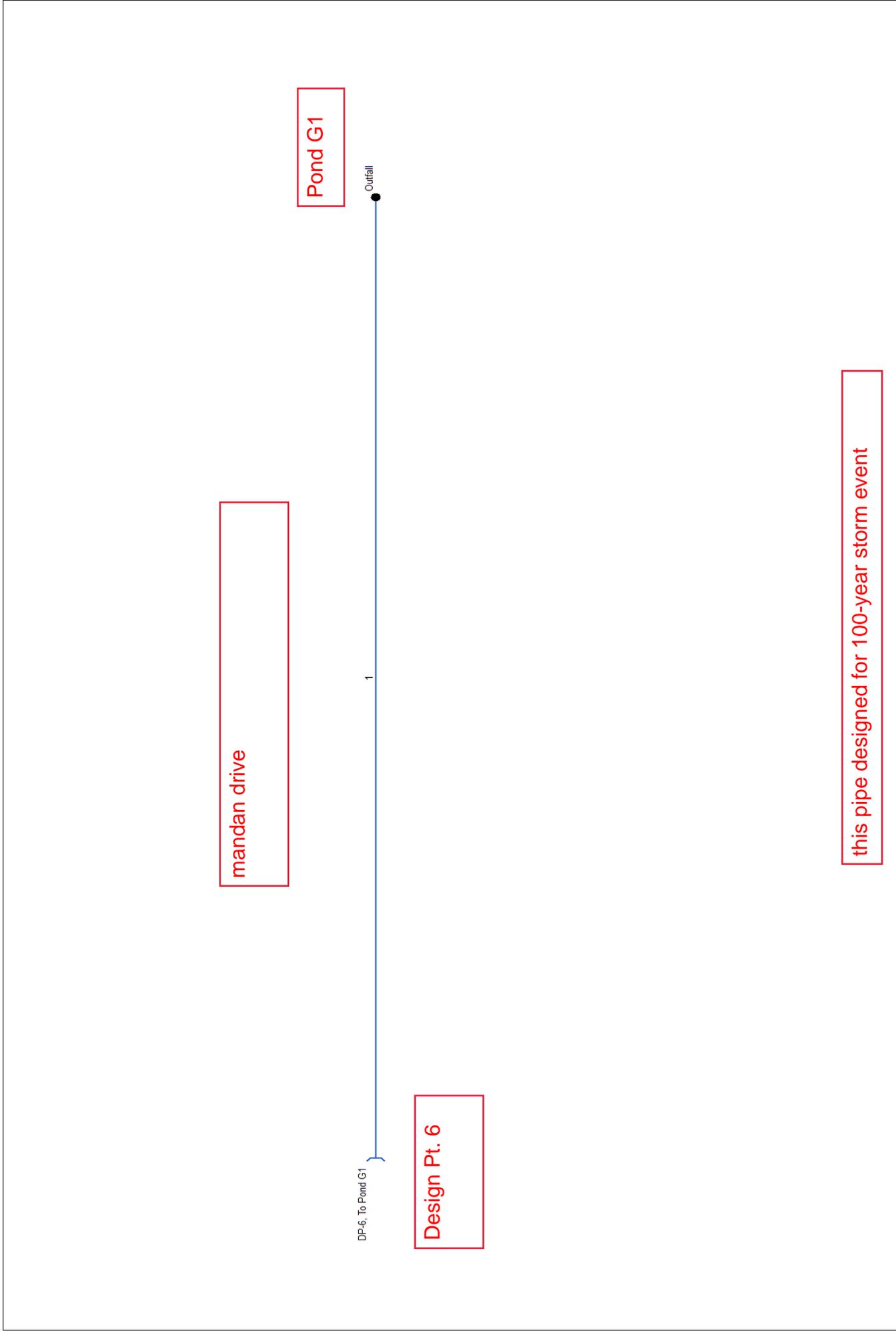
NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs. ; \*Surcharged (HGL above crown).

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr (min)	Syst (min)	Size (in)	Slope (%)					Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)			
1	End	37.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.1	0.0	0.0	51.20	36.95	10.43	30	0.81	5693.10	5692.80	5695.88	5695.30	5700.00	5697.00	L1 - 30" RCP
2	1	36.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	46.50	36.81	9.47	30	0.81	5693.89	5693.60	5696.64	5696.17	5700.00	5700.00	L2 - 30" RCP
3	2	18.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.20	19.92	9.30	24	0.78	5694.53	5694.39	5696.99	5696.69	5698.00	5700.00	L3 - 24" RCP
Project File: 100.030 DP-3b Storm Drain-100yr.stm														Number of lines: 3				Run Date: 06-21-2016				

NOTES: Intensity = 58.48 / (Inlet time + 7.70) ^ 0.75; Return period = 100 Yrs.

# Hydraflow Plan View



Project File: 100.030 DP-6 Storm Drain-100yr.stm

No. Lines: 1

06-21-2016

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	P1 - 48" RCP	120.0	48 c	198.0	5685.86	5686.85	0.500	5689.28	5690.83	0.00	5690.83	End

Project File: 100.030 DP-6 Storm Drain-100yr.stm	Number of lines: 1	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr	Total	Inlet (min)	Syst (min)					Size (in)	Slope (%)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	
1	End	198.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	120.0	101.6	10.02	48	0.50	5686.85	5685.86	5690.83	5689.28	5693.00	5693.00	P1 - 48" RCP
Project File: 100.030 DP-6 Storm Drain-100yr.stm														Number of lines: 1		Run Date: 06-21-2016						

NOTES: Intensity = 58.48 / (Inlet time + 7.70) ^ 0.75; Return period = 100 Yrs.

# Hydraflow Plan View

Storm Line 2

Outfall

Pond G1

10' Type R Inlet, DP-7

10' Type R Inlet, DP-7a

2

1

mandan drive

Project File: 100.030 DP-7 Storm Drain-5yr.stm

No. Lines: 2

06-21-2016

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1 - 24" RCP	12.60	24 c	50.0	5685.80	5686.80	2.000	5687.14	5688.06	n/a	5688.06 j	End
2	L2 - 18" RCP	5.40	18 c	35.0	5687.30	5688.00	2.001	5688.48	5688.89	n/a	5688.89 j	1

Project File: 100.030 DP-7 Storm Drain-5yr.stm	Number of lines: 2	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 5 Yrs. ; j - Line contains hyd. jump.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr (min)	Syst (min)	Size (in)	Slope (%)					Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)			
1	End	50.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.2	0.0	12.60	31.99	5.84	24	2.00	5686.80	5685.80	5688.06	5687.14	5692.63	5689.00	L1 - 24" RCP
2	1	35.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.40	14.85	4.29	18	2.00	5688.00	5687.30	5688.89	5688.48	5692.63	5692.63	L2 - 18" RCP
Project File: 100.030 DP-7 Storm Drain-5yr.stm														Number of lines: 2		Run Date: 06-21-2016						

NOTES: Intensity = 68.28 / (Inlet time + 13.10) ^ 0.89; Return period = 5 Yrs.

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1 - 24" RCP	27.70	24 c	50.0	5685.80	5686.80	2.000	5687.62	5688.62	n/a	5688.62	End
2	L2 - 18" RCP	11.80	18 c	35.0	5687.30	5688.00	2.001	5689.25*	5689.69*	0.00	5689.69	1

Project File: 100.030 DP-7 Storm Drain-100yr.stm	Number of lines: 2	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs. ; \*Surcharged (HGL above crown).

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr (min)	Syst (min)	Incr (in)	Slope (%)					Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)			
1	End	50.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.1	0.0	0.0	27.70	31.99	9.21	24	2.00	5686.80	5685.80	5688.62	5687.62	5692.63	5689.00	L1 - 24" RCP
2	1	35.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.80	14.85	6.68	18	2.00	5688.00	5687.30	5689.69	5689.25	5692.63	5692.63	L2 - 18" RCP

Project File: 100.030 DP-7 Storm Drain-100yr.stm

Number of lines: 2

Run Date: 06-21-2016

NOTES: Intensity = 58.48 / (Inlet time + 7.70) ^ 0.75; Return period = 100 Yrs.



# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1	47.60	48 c	51.0	5683.54	5683.74	0.393	5685.61	5685.80	0.00	5685.80	End
2	L2	45.60	48 c	47.0	5683.74	5683.93	0.404	5686.42	5686.44	0.00	5686.44	1
3	L3	43.00	48 c	146.0	5683.93	5684.51	0.397	5686.73	5686.80	0.00	5686.80	2
4	L4	40.60	48 c	7.0	5684.51	5684.54	0.432	5686.86	5686.86	0.00	5686.86	3
5	L5	28.70	48 c	27.0	5684.54	5684.65	0.407	5687.11	5687.11	0.00	5687.11	4
6	L6	11.90	24 c	215.0	5687.24	5688.53	0.600	5688.45	5689.76	0.00	5689.76	4
7	L7	4.90	18 c	27.0	5689.03	5689.30	1.000	5690.18	5690.15	0.00	5690.15	6
8	L8	7.00	24 c	361.0	5688.73	5690.90	0.601	5690.22	5691.84	n/a	5691.84 j	6
9	L9	7.00	24 c	28.0	5691.20	5691.37	0.607	5692.13	5692.31	0.00	5692.31	8
10	L10	6.70	18 c	34.0	5691.87	5692.07	0.587	5692.92	5693.11	0.00	5693.11	9

Project File: 100.030 G2.1-G2.6 Storm Drain-5yr.stm	Number of lines: 10	Run Date: 02-21-2017
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 5 Yrs. ; j - Line contains hyd. jump.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area (ac)		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr	Total		Incr	Total	Inlet (min)	Syst (min)					Size (in)	Slope (%)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	
1	End	51.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.0	0.0	47.60	90.00	7.27	48	0.39	5683.74	5683.54	5685.80	5685.61	5690.50	5688.00	L1
2	1	47.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.8	0.0	0.0	45.60	91.32	5.29	48	0.40	5683.93	5683.74	5686.44	5686.42	5690.50	5690.50	L2
3	2	146.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.0	0.0	0.0	43.00	90.51	5.18	48	0.40	5684.51	5683.93	5686.80	5686.73	5692.06	5690.50	L3
4	3	7.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.0	0.0	0.0	40.60	94.47	5.32	48	0.43	5684.54	5684.51	5686.86	5686.86	5691.82	5692.06	L4
5	4	27.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.70	91.63	3.46	48	0.41	5684.65	5684.54	5687.11	5687.11	5692.06	5691.82	L5
6	4	215.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.1	0.0	0.0	11.90	17.52	5.94	24	0.60	5688.53	5687.24	5689.76	5688.45	5693.72	5691.82	L6
7	6	27.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.90	10.50	4.07	18	1.00	5689.30	5689.03	5690.15	5690.18	5694.24	5693.72	L7
8	6	361.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.4	0.0	0.0	7.00	17.54	3.82	24	0.60	5690.90	5688.73	5691.84	5690.22	5696.00	5693.72	L8
9	8	28.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.1	0.0	0.0	7.00	17.62	4.87	24	0.61	5691.37	5691.20	5692.31	5692.13	5695.71	5696.00	L9
10	9	34.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.70	8.05	5.10	18	0.59	5692.07	5691.87	5693.11	5692.92	5695.71	5695.71	L10
Project File: 100.030 G2.1-G2.6 Storm Drain-5yr.stm														Number of lines: 10				Run Date: 02-21-2017				
NOTES: Intensity = 68.28 / (Inlet time + 13.10) ^ 0.89; Return period = 5 Yrs.																						

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1	97.80	48 c	51.0	5683.54	5683.74	0.393	5687.54	5687.74	0.00	5687.74	End
2	L2	93.30	48 c	47.0	5683.74	5683.93	0.404	5687.80*	5688.00*	0.00	5688.00	1
3	L3	87.50	48 c	146.0	5683.93	5684.51	0.397	5688.10*	5688.64*	0.00	5688.64	2
4	L4	82.20	48 c	7.0	5684.51	5684.54	0.432	5688.73*	5688.76*	0.00	5688.76	3
5	L5	59.10	48 c	27.0	5684.54	5684.65	0.407	5689.08*	5689.12*	0.00	5689.12	4
6	L6	23.10	24 c	215.0	5686.99	5688.29	0.605	5688.99*	5691.23*	0.00	5691.23	4
7	L7	7.70	18 c	27.0	5689.03	5689.30	1.000	5691.78*	5691.93*	0.00	5691.93	6
8	L8	15.40	24 c	361.0	5688.73	5690.90	0.601	5691.70*	5693.38*	0.00	5693.38	6
9	L9	15.40	24 c	28.0	5691.20	5691.37	0.607	5693.38*	5693.51*	0.00	5693.51	8
10	L10	14.80	18 c	34.0	5691.87	5692.07	0.587	5693.51*	5694.18*	0.00	5694.18	9

Project File: 100.030 G2.1-G2.6 Storm Drain-100yr.stm	Number of lines: 10	Run Date: 02-20-2017
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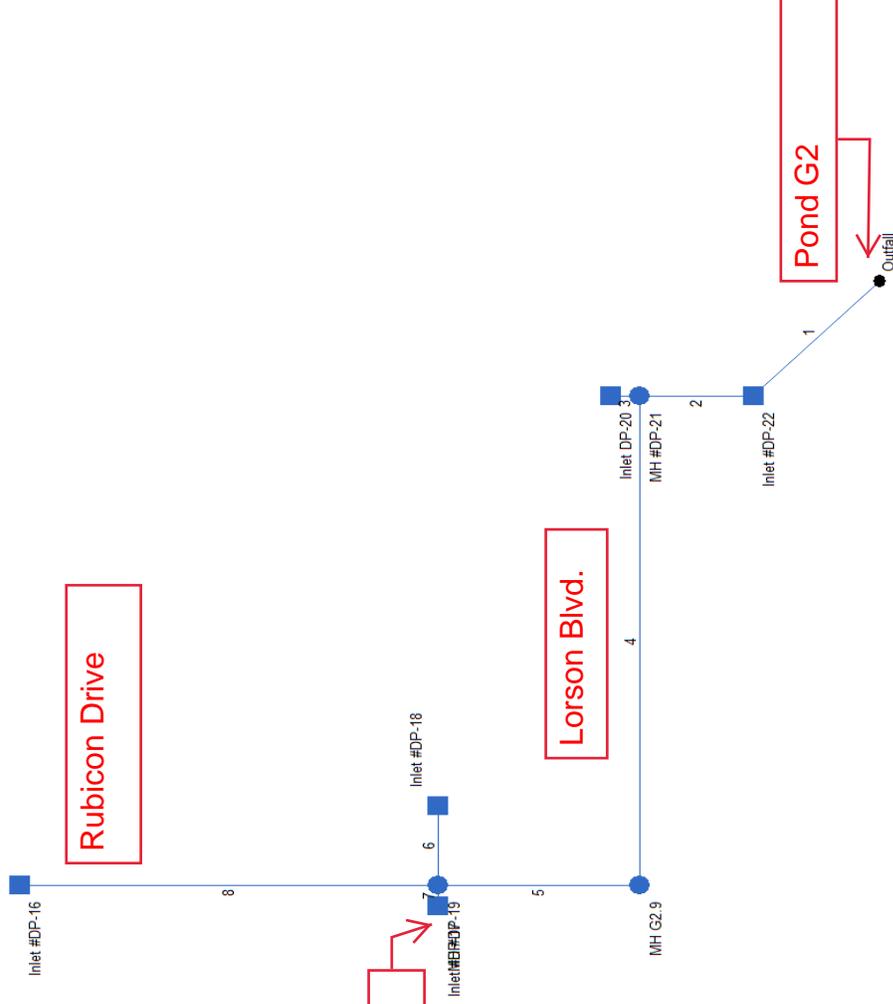
NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs. ; \*Surcharged (HGL above crown).

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area (ac)		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr	Total		Incr	Total	Inlet (min)	Syst (min)					Size (in)	Slope (%)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	
1	End	51.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	2.4	0.0	97.80	90.00	7.78	48	0.39	5683.74	5683.54	5687.74	5687.54	5692.85	5693.00	L1
2	1	47.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	93.30	91.32	7.43	48	0.40	5683.93	5683.74	5688.00	5687.80	5692.83	5692.85	L2
3	2	146.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	87.50	90.51	6.96	48	0.40	5684.51	5683.93	5688.64	5688.10	5692.70	5692.83	L3
4	3	7.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	82.20	94.47	6.54	48	0.43	5684.54	5684.51	5688.76	5688.73	5692.40	5692.70	L4
5	4	27.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	59.10	91.63	4.70	48	0.41	5684.65	5684.54	5689.12	5689.08	5692.64	5692.40	L5
6	4	215.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	1.4	0.0	23.10	17.59	7.35	24	0.60	5688.29	5686.99	5691.23	5688.99	5693.72	5692.40	L6
7	6	27.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.70	10.50	4.36	18	1.00	5689.30	5689.03	5691.93	5691.78	5694.24	5693.72	L7
8	6	361.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.2	0.0	15.40	17.54	4.90	24	0.60	5690.90	5688.73	5693.38	5691.70	5696.00	5693.72	L8
9	8	28.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.1	0.0	15.40	17.62	4.90	24	0.61	5691.37	5691.20	5693.51	5693.38	5695.71	5696.00	L9
10	9	34.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.80	8.05	8.38	18	0.59	5692.07	5691.87	5694.18	5693.51	5695.71	5695.71	L10
Project File: 100.030 G2.1-G2.6 Storm Drain-100yr.stm														Number of lines: 10				Run Date: 02-20-2017				
NOTES: Intensity = 58.48 / (Inlet time + 7.70) ^ 0.75; Return period = 100 Yrs.																						

# Hydraflow Plan View

## Storm Line 4



# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1	14.50	24 c	55.0	5684.06	5684.34	0.509	5685.41	5685.87	0.00	5685.87	End
2	L2	10.40	24 c	35.0	5684.84	5685.02	0.515	5686.19	5686.24	0.00	5686.24	1
3	L3	3.50	18 c	9.0	5685.52	5685.61	0.998	5686.48	5686.45	0.00	5686.45	2
4	L4	7.40	24 c	166.0	5685.22	5686.05	0.500	5686.57	5687.01	n/a	5687.01 j	2
5	L5	7.40	24 c	62.0	5686.25	5686.56	0.500	5687.31	5687.53	n/a	5687.53 j	4
6	L6	1.20	18 c	27.0	5687.06	5687.20	0.519	5687.85	5687.85	0.00	5687.85	5
7	L7	2.30	18 c	7.0	5687.06	5687.13	0.997	5687.88	5687.86	0.00	5687.86	5
8	L8	4.60	18 c	129.0	5687.06	5687.71	0.504	5687.91	5688.56	0.00	5688.56	5

Project File: 100.030 G2.7-G2.12 Storm Drain-5yr.stm	Number of lines: 8	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 5 Yrs. ; j - Line contains hyd. jump.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr	Total	Inlet (min)	Syst (min)					Size (in)	Slope (%)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	
1	End	55.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	2.6	0.0	14.50	16.13	6.03	24	0.51	5684.34	5684.06	5685.87	5685.41	5690.66	5688.00	L1
2	1	35.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	10.40	16.23	4.91	24	0.51	5685.02	5684.84	5686.24	5686.19	5690.66	5690.66	L2
3	2	9.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.50	10.49	3.19	18	1.00	5685.61	5685.52	5686.45	5686.48	5690.66	5690.66	L3
4	2	166.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	7.40	15.99	4.11	24	0.50	5686.05	5685.22	5687.01	5686.57	5691.56	5690.66	L4
5	4	62.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	7.40	15.99	4.65	24	0.50	5686.56	5686.25	5687.53	5687.31	5690.51	5691.56	L5
6	5	27.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.20	7.57	1.44	18	0.52	5687.20	5687.06	5687.85	5687.85	5690.75	5690.51	L6
7	5	7.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.30	10.49	2.51	18	1.00	5687.13	5687.06	5687.86	5687.88	5690.75	5690.51	L7
8	5	129.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.60	7.45	4.44	18	0.50	5687.71	5687.06	5688.56	5687.91	5691.82	5690.51	L8

Project File: 100.030 G2.7-G2.12 Storm Drain-5yr.stm

Number of lines: 8

Run Date: 06-21-2016

NOTES: Intensity = 68.28 / (Inlet time + 13.10) ^ 0.89; Return period = 5 Yrs.

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1	32.00	24 c	55.0	5684.06	5684.34	0.509	5686.06*	5687.16*	0.00	5687.16	End
2	L2	22.80	24 c	35.0	5684.84	5685.02	0.515	5687.96*	5688.31*	0.00	5688.31	1
3	L3	7.60	18 c	9.0	5685.52	5685.61	0.998	5688.84*	5688.89*	0.00	5688.89	2
4	L4	16.20	24 c	166.0	5685.22	5686.05	0.500	5688.72*	5689.57*	0.00	5689.57	2
5	L5	16.20	24 c	62.0	5686.25	5686.56	0.500	5689.57*	5689.89*	0.00	5689.89	4
6	L6	2.60	18 c	27.0	5687.06	5687.20	0.519	5690.27*	5690.28*	0.00	5690.28	5
7	L7	5.00	18 c	7.0	5687.06	5687.13	0.997	5690.18*	5690.19*	0.00	5690.19	5
8	L8	10.20	18 c	129.0	5687.06	5687.71	0.504	5689.89*	5691.11*	0.00	5691.11	5

Project File: 100.030 G2.7-G2.12 Storm Drain-100yr.stm	Number of lines: 8	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs. ; \*Surcharged (HGL above crown).

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area (ac)		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr	Total		Inlet (min)	Syst (min)	Incr	Total					Size (in)	Slope (%)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	
1	End	55.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	1.2	0.0	32.00	16.13	10.19	24	0.51	5684.34	5684.06	5687.16	5686.06	5690.66	5688.00	L1
2	1	35.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	22.80	16.23	7.26	24	0.51	5685.02	5684.84	5688.31	5687.96	5690.66	5690.66	L2
3	2	9.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.60	10.49	4.30	18	1.00	5685.61	5685.52	5688.89	5688.84	5690.66	5690.66	L3
4	2	166.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	16.20	15.99	5.16	24	0.50	5686.05	5685.22	5689.57	5688.72	5691.56	5691.56	L4
5	4	62.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	16.20	15.99	5.16	24	0.50	5686.56	5686.25	5689.89	5689.57	5690.51	5691.56	L5
6	5	27.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.60	7.57	1.47	18	0.52	5687.20	5687.06	5690.28	5690.27	5690.75	5690.51	L6
7	5	7.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.00	10.49	2.83	18	1.00	5687.13	5687.06	5690.19	5690.18	5690.75	5690.51	L7
8	5	129.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.20	7.45	5.77	18	0.50	5687.71	5687.06	5691.11	5689.89	5691.82	5690.51	L8

Project File: 100.030 G2.7-G2.12 Storm Drain-100yr.stm

Number of lines: 8

Run Date: 06-21-2016

NOTES: Intensity = 58.48 / (Inlet time + 7.70) ^ 0.75; Return period = 100 Yrs.

# Hydraflow Plan View

Storm Line 5

Simcoe Drive

Inlet #DP-24

2

Bend

1

Outfall

Pond G2

Project File: 100.030 G2.13 Storm Drain-5yr.stm

No. Lines: 2

06-21-2016

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1	2.80	18 c	26.0	5684.10	5684.57	1.807	5684.74	5685.21	n/a	5685.21 j	End
2	L2	2.80	18 c	148.0	5684.57	5687.23	1.797	5685.41	5687.87	n/a	5687.87 j	1

Project File: 100.030 G2.13 Storm Drain-5yr.stm	Number of lines: 2	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 5 Yrs. ; j - Line contains hyd. jump.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr	Total	Inlet (min)	Syst (min)					Size (in)	Slope (%)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	
1	End	26.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	1.6	0.0	2.80	14.11	3.90	18	1.81	5684.57	5684.10	5685.21	5684.74	5692.00	5686.00	L1
2	1	148.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.80	14.08	3.33	18	1.80	5687.23	5684.57	5687.87	5685.41	5692.20	5692.00	L2
Project File: 100.030 G2.13 Storm Drain-5yr.stm														Number of lines: 2		Run Date: 06-21-2016						
NOTES: Intensity = 68.28 / (Inlet time + 13.10) ^ 0.89; Return period = 5 Yrs.																						

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1	6.20	18 c	26.0	5684.10	5684.57	1.807	5685.05	5685.52	n/a	5685.52	End
2	L2	6.20	18 c	148.0	5684.57	5687.23	1.797	5685.76	5688.18	n/a	5688.18 j	1

Project File: 100.030 G2.13 Storm Drain-100yr.stm	Number of lines: 2	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs. ; j - Line contains hyd. jump.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr	Total	Inlet (min)	Syst (min)					Size (in)	Slope (%)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	
1	End	26.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.7	0.0	6.20	14.11	5.25	18	1.81	5684.57	5684.10	5685.52	5685.05	5692.00	5686.00	L1
2	1	148.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.20	14.08	4.69	18	1.80	5687.23	5684.57	5688.18	5685.76	5692.20	5692.00	L2

Project File: 100.030 G2.13 Storm Drain-100yr.stm

Number of lines: 2

Run Date: 06-21-2016

NOTES: Intensity = 58.48 / (Inlet time + 7.70) ^ 0.75; Return period = 100 Yrs.

# Hydraflow Plan View

Storm Line 6

DP-26, 5' Type R Inlet (G3.1&G3.2)

2

Wando Drive



DP-27, 10' Type R Inlet (G3.3&G3.4)

1

Pond G3



Outfall

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1-24"RCP	9.00	24 c	25.0	5685.00	5685.15	0.600	5686.06	5686.22	0.00	5686.22	End
2	L2 - 18"RCP	2.40	18 c	35.0	5685.65	5685.86	0.600	5686.62	5686.62	0.00	5686.62	1

Project File: 100.030 G3.1-G3.4 Storm Drain-5yr.stm	Number of lines: 2	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 5 Yrs.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Inlet (min)	Syst (min)	Incr (in)	Slope (%)					Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)			
1	End	25.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.4	0.0	0.0	9.00	17.51	5.29	24	0.60	5685.15	5685.00	5686.22	5686.06	5689.89	5688.00	L1-24"RCP
2	1	35.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.40	8.13	2.32	18	0.60	5685.86	5685.65	5686.62	5686.62	5689.89	5689.89	L2 - 18"RCP
Project File: 100.030 G3.1-G3.4 Storm Drain-5yr.stm														Number of lines: 2		Run Date: 06-21-2016						

NOTES: Intensity = 68.28 / (Inlet time + 13.10) ^ 0.89; Return period = 5 Yrs.

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1-24"RCP	19.90	24 c	25.0	5685.00	5685.15	0.600	5687.00	5687.15	0.00	5687.15	End
2	L2 - 18"RCP	5.20	18 c	35.0	5685.65	5685.86	0.600	5687.64*	5687.72*	0.00	5687.72	1

Project File: 100.030 G3.1-G3.4 Storm Drain-100yr.stm	Number of lines: 2	Run Date: 06-21-2016
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs. ; \*Surcharged (HGL above crown).

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Inlet (min)	Syst (min)	Incr (in)	Slope (%)					Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)			
1	End	25.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.2	0.0	19.90	17.51	6.34	24	0.60	5685.15	5685.00	5687.15	5687.00	5689.89	5688.00	L1-24"RCP
2	1	35.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.20	8.13	2.94	18	0.60	5685.86	5685.65	5687.72	5687.64	5689.89	5689.89	L2 - 18"RCP

Project File: 100.030 G3.1-G3.4 Storm Drain-100yr.stm

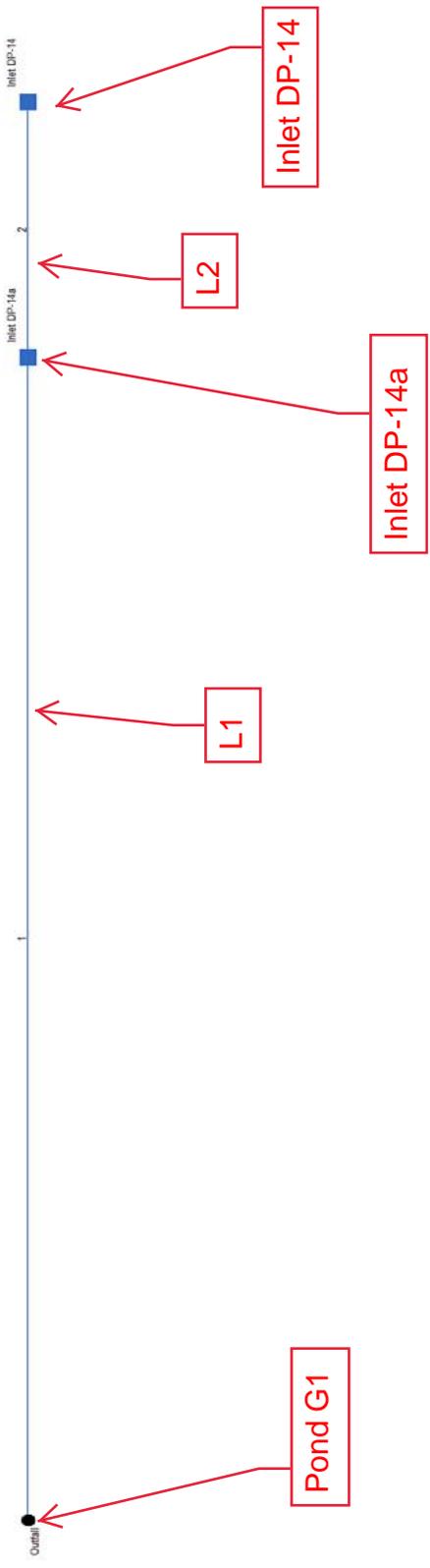
Number of lines: 2

Run Date: 06-21-2016

NOTES: Intensity = 58.48 / (Inlet time + 7.70) ^ 0.75; Return period = 100 Yrs.

# Hydraflow Plan View

Basin G2.2-G2.3  
Storm Line



# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1 - 24" RCP	8.80	24 c	155.0	5686.00	5687.55	1.000	5687.05	5688.60	0.00	5688.60	End
2	L2 - 18" RCP	3.30	18 c	34.0	5688.05	5688.39	1.001	5688.98	5689.08	n/a	5689.08 j	1

Project File: 100.030 DP-14 Storm Drain-5yr.stm

Number of lines: 2

Run Date: 02-21-2017

NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 5 Yrs. ; j - Line contains hyd. jump.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr (min)	Syst (min)	Incr (in)	Slope (%)					Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)			
1	End	155.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.3	0.0	8.80	22.62	5.26	24	1.00	5687.55	5686.00	5688.60	5687.05	5692.45	5688.00	L1 - 24" RCP
2	1	34.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.30	10.51	3.50	18	1.00	5688.39	5688.05	5689.08	5688.98	5692.45	5692.45	L2 - 18" RCP

Project File: 100.030 DP-14 Storm Drain-5yr.stm

Number of lines: 2

Run Date: 02-21-2017

NOTES: Intensity = 68.28 / (Inlet time + 13.10) ^ 0.89; Return period = 5 Yrs.

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	L1 - 24" RCP	22.40	24 c	155.0	5686.00	5687.55	1.000	5687.68	5689.23	n/a	5689.23 j	End
2	L2 - 18" RCP	9.80	18 c	34.0	5688.05	5688.39	1.001	5689.73*	5690.03*	0.00	5690.03	1

Project File: 100.030 DP-14 Storm Drain-100yr.stm	Number of lines: 2	Run Date: 02-21-2017
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NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs. ; \*Surcharged (HGL above crown). ; j - Line contains hyd. jump.

# Storm Sewer Tabulation

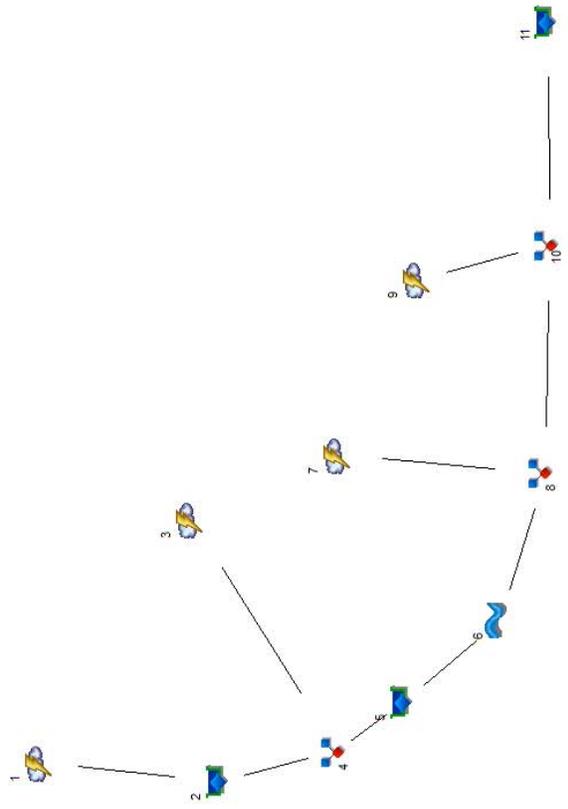
Station Line	To Line	Len (ft)	Drng Area		Rnoff coeff (C)	Area x C		Tc		Rain (l) (in/hr)	Total flow (cfs)	Cap full (cfs)	Vel (ft/s)	Pipe		Invert Elev		HGL Elev		Grnd / Rim Elev		Line ID
			Incr (ac)	Total (ac)		Incr (min)	Syst (min)	Incr (in)	Slope (%)					Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)	Up (ft)	Dn (ft)			
1	End	155.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.1	0.0	0.0	22.40	22.62	7.96	24	1.00	5687.55	5686.00	5689.23	5687.68	5692.45	5688.00	L1 - 24" RCP
2	1	34.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.80	10.51	5.55	18	1.00	5688.39	5688.05	5690.03	5689.73	5692.45	5692.45	L2 - 18" RCP
Project File: 100.030 DP-14 Storm Drain-100yr.stm														Number of lines: 2		Run Date: 02-21-2017						

NOTES: Intensity = 58.48 / (Inlet time + 7.70) ^ 0.75; Return period = 100 Yrs.

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**APPENDIX D – POND AND HYDRAFLOW CALCULATIONS**

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**Legend**

Hvd.	Origin	Description
1	Rational	Commercial (G1.1 to G1.7)
2	Reservoir	Pond G1.7
3	Rational	Sub-Basin G1.8a
4	Combine	inflow to Pond G1.8
5	Reservoir	Pond G1.8
6	Reach	Route flow to des. pt. 6
7	Rational	Basin G1.8b
8	Combine	Flow at Des. Pt. 6
9	Rational	Basin G1.9-G1.10-G1.11
10	Combine	Total Detained Flow into Pond G1
11	Reservoir	Pond G1

# Hydrograph Summary Report

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to peak (min)	Volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Maximum storage (cuft)	Hydrograph description	
1	Rational	106.94	1	18	115,493	---	-----	-----	Commercial (G1.1 to G1.7)	
2	Reservoir	62.65	1	25	115,483	1	5695.10	53,518	Pond G1.7	
3	Rational	14.66	1	20	17,588	---	-----	-----	Sub-Basin G1.8a	
4	Combine	73.96	1	24	133,070	2, 3	-----	-----	inflow to Swale G1.8	
5	Reservoir	52.83	1	34	133,065	4	5692.86	39,288	Swale G1.8	
6	Reach	52.64	1	36	132,976	5	-----	-----	Route flow to des. pt. 6	
7	Rational	7.126	1	19	8,124	---	-----	-----	Basin G1.8b	
8	Combine	53.71	1	35	141,100	6, 7	-----	-----	Flow at Des. Pt. 6	
9	Rational	26.41	1	17	26,940	---	-----	-----	Basin G1.9-G1.10-G1.11, G2.2, G2.3	
10	Combine	59.98	1	24	168,040	8, 9	-----	-----	Total Detained Flow into Pond G1	
11	Reservoir	28.06	1	58	167,438	10	5687.92	97,961	Pond G1	
100.030 G1.7 Ponds G1 & G2-5yr.gpw					Return Period: 5 Year			Monday, Feb 20 2017, 2:27 PM		

# Hydrograph Summary Report

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to peak (min)	Volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Maximum storage (cuft)	Hydrograph description
1	Rational	196.13	1	18	211,821	---	-----	-----	Commercial (G1.1 to G1.7)
2	Reservoir	95.15	1	27	211,811	1	5696.94	104,641	Pond G1.7
3	Rational	32.37	1	20	38,846	---	-----	-----	Sub-Basin G1.8a
4	Combine	119.53	1	23	250,657	2, 3	-----	-----	inflow to Swale G1.8
5	Reservoir	105.09	1	32	250,651	4	5694.33	64,525	Swale G1.8
6	Reach	104.64	1	33	250,563	5	-----	-----	Route flow to Des.Pt.6
7	Rational	16.56	1	19	18,879	---	-----	-----	Basin G1.8b
8	Combine	109.00	1	33	269,442	6, 7	-----	-----	Total Flow at Des. Pt. 6
9	Rational	58.42	1	17	59,593	---	-----	-----	Basins G1.9-G1.11, G2.2, G2.3
10	Combine	117.04	1	31	329,035	8, 9	-----	-----	Total Flow into Pond G1
11	Reservoir	57.96	1	54	328,418	10	5689.12	165,167	Pond G1 to G2 flow

# Pond Report

## Pond No. 2 - Pond G1.7

### Pond Data

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)
0.00	5692.00	300	0	0
1.00	5693.00	18,612	9,456	9,456
2.00	5694.00	20,476	19,544	29,000
3.00	5695.00	23,445	21,961	50,961
4.00	5696.00	27,847	25,646	76,607
5.00	5697.00	31,984	29,916	106,522
6.00	5698.00	34,000	32,992	139,514

### Culvert / Orifice Structures

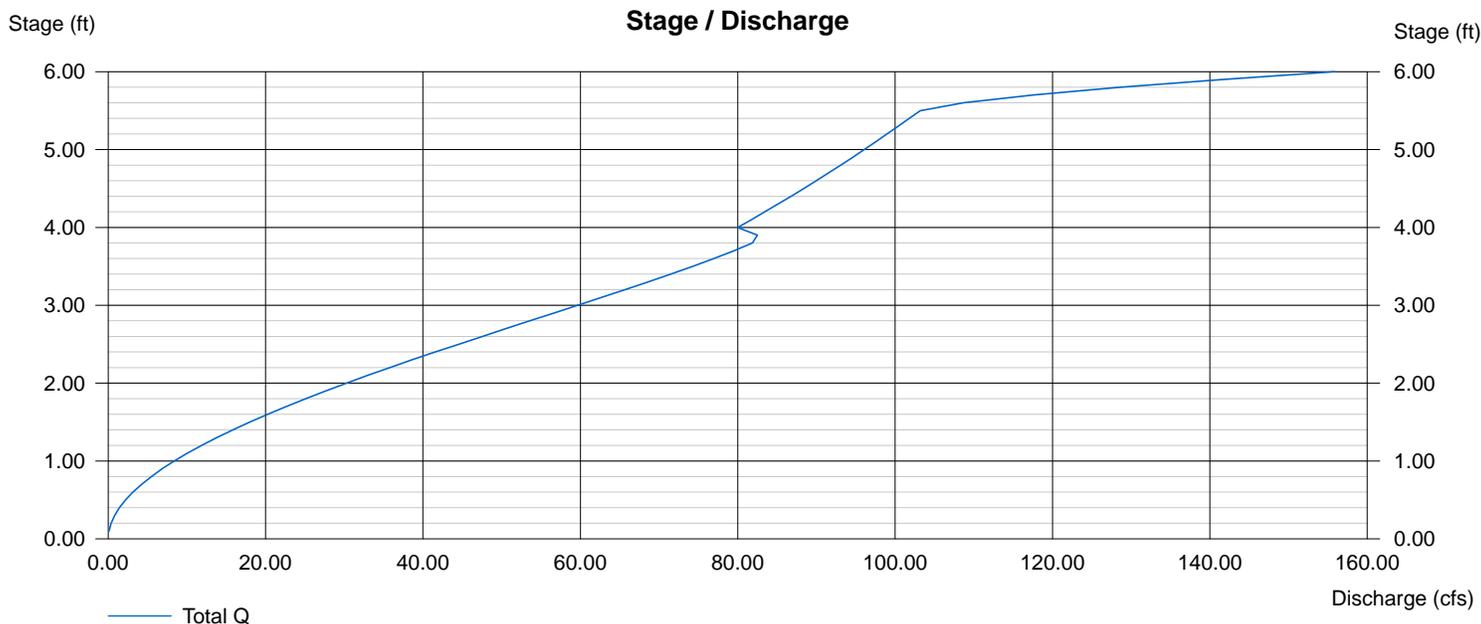
	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 48.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 48.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	0	0	0
Invert El. (ft)	= 5692.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Length (ft)	= 426.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Slope (%)	= 0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
N-Value	= .013	.000	.000	.000
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No

### Weir Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Crest Len (ft)	= 50.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crest El. (ft)	= 5697.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Weir Coeff.	= 2.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
Weir Type	= Broad	---	---	---
Multi-Stage	= No	No	No	No

Exfiltration = 0.000 in/hr (Contour) Tailwater Elev. = 0.00 ft

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.



# Pond Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Wednesday, Jan 25 2017, 7:48 AM

## Pond No. 1 - Swale G1.8

### Pond Data

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)
0.00	5689.00	706	0	0
1.00	5690.00	8,766	4,736	4,736
2.00	5691.00	11,018	9,892	14,628
3.00	5692.00	13,306	12,162	26,790
4.00	5693.00	15,646	14,476	41,266
5.00	5694.00	18,041	16,844	58,110
6.00	5695.00	21,000	19,521	77,630
7.00	5696.00	24,000	22,500	100,130

### Culvert / Orifice Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 42.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 42.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	0	0	0
Invert El. (ft)	= 5689.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Length (ft)	= 150.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Slope (%)	= 0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
N-Value	= .013	.000	.000	.000
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No

### Weir Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Crest Len (ft)	= 50.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crest El. (ft)	= 5694.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Weir Coeff.	= 2.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
Weir Type	= Broad	---	---	---
Multi-Stage	= No	No	No	No

Exfiltration = 0.000 in/hr (Contour) Tailwater Elev. = 0.00 ft

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.

### Stage / Storage / Discharge Table

Stage ft	Storage cuft	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Total cfs
0.00	0	5689.00	0.00	---	---	---	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00
1.00	4,736	5690.00	7.75	---	---	---	0.00	---	---	---	---	7.75
2.00	14,628	5691.00	26.13	---	---	---	0.00	---	---	---	---	26.13
3.00	26,790	5692.00	41.32	---	---	---	0.00	---	---	---	---	41.32
4.00	41,266	5693.00	55.97	---	---	---	0.00	---	---	---	---	55.97
5.00	58,110	5694.00	75.09	---	---	---	0.00	---	---	---	---	75.09
6.00	77,630	5695.00	90.25	---	---	---	130.00	---	---	---	---	220.25
7.00	100,130	5696.00	103.20	---	---	---	367.70	---	---	---	---	470.90



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:28 AM

## Hyd. No. 1

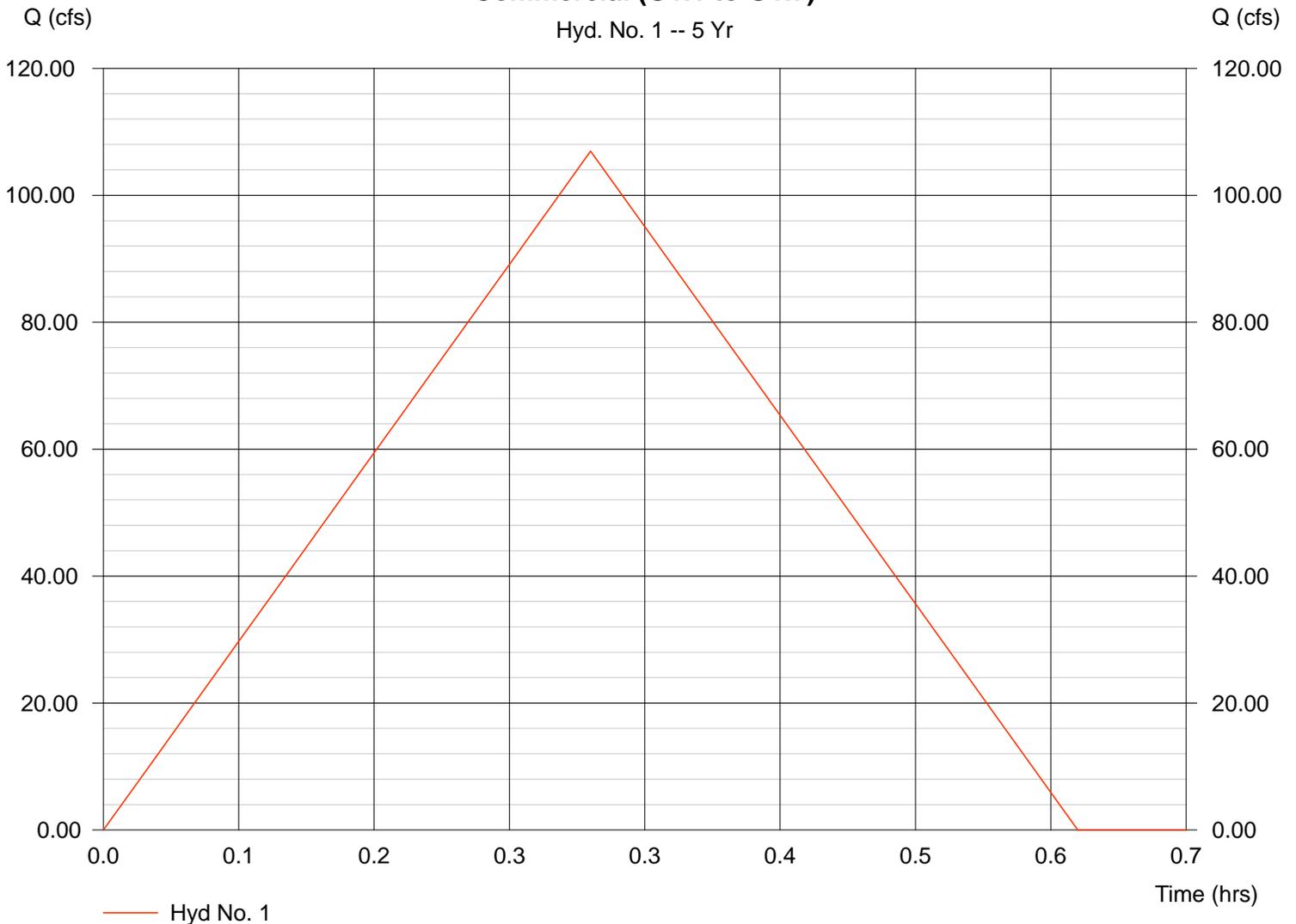
Commercial (G1.1 to G1.7)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 106.94 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 41.460 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.81
Intensity	= 3.184 in/hr	Tc by User	= 18.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs-El Paso County-Table.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 115,493 cuft

### Commercial (G1.1 to G1.7)

Hyd. No. 1 -- 5 Yr



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:28 AM

## Hyd. No. 2

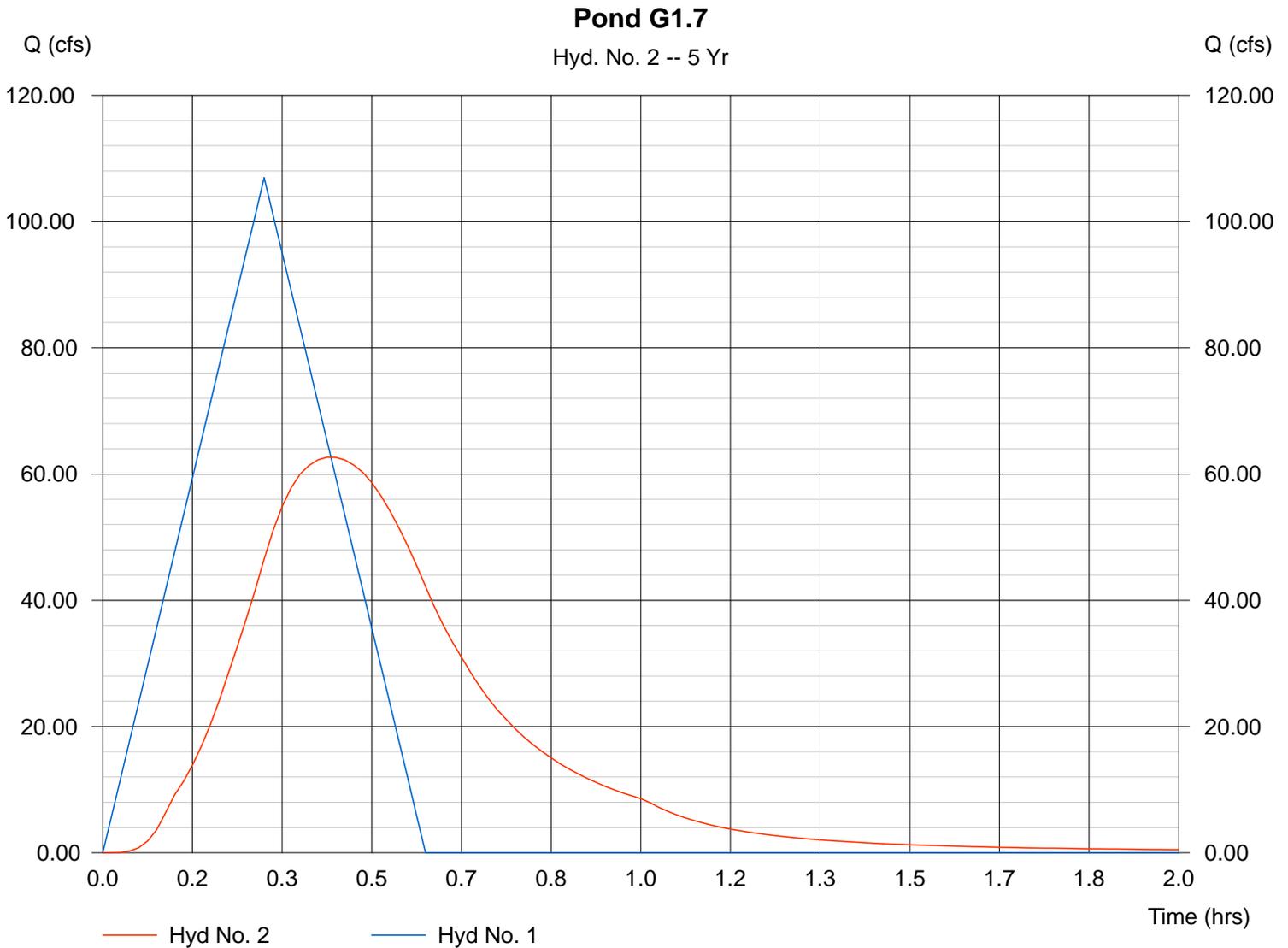
Pond G1.7

Hydrograph type = Reservoir  
Storm frequency = 5 yrs  
Inflow hyd. No. = 1  
Reservoir name = Pond G1.7

Peak discharge = 62.65 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Max. Elevation = 5695.10 ft  
Max. Storage = 53,518 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 115,483 cuft



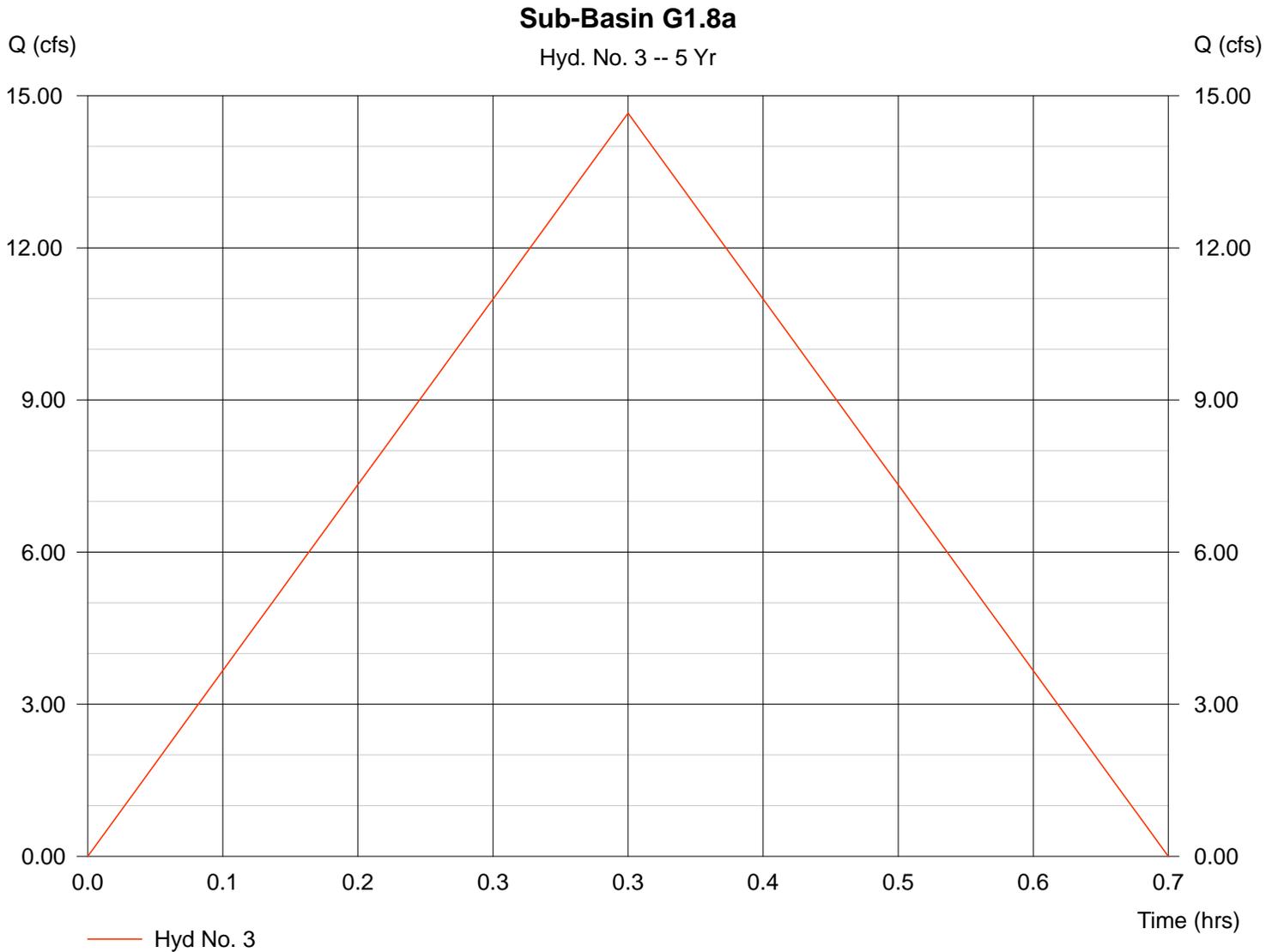
# Hydrograph Plot

## Hyd. No. 3

Sub-Basin G1.8a

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 14.66 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 9.160 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.53
Intensity	= 3.019 in/hr	Tc by User	= 20.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs-El Paso County-Table.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 17,588 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Wednesday, Jan 25 2017, 8:1 AM

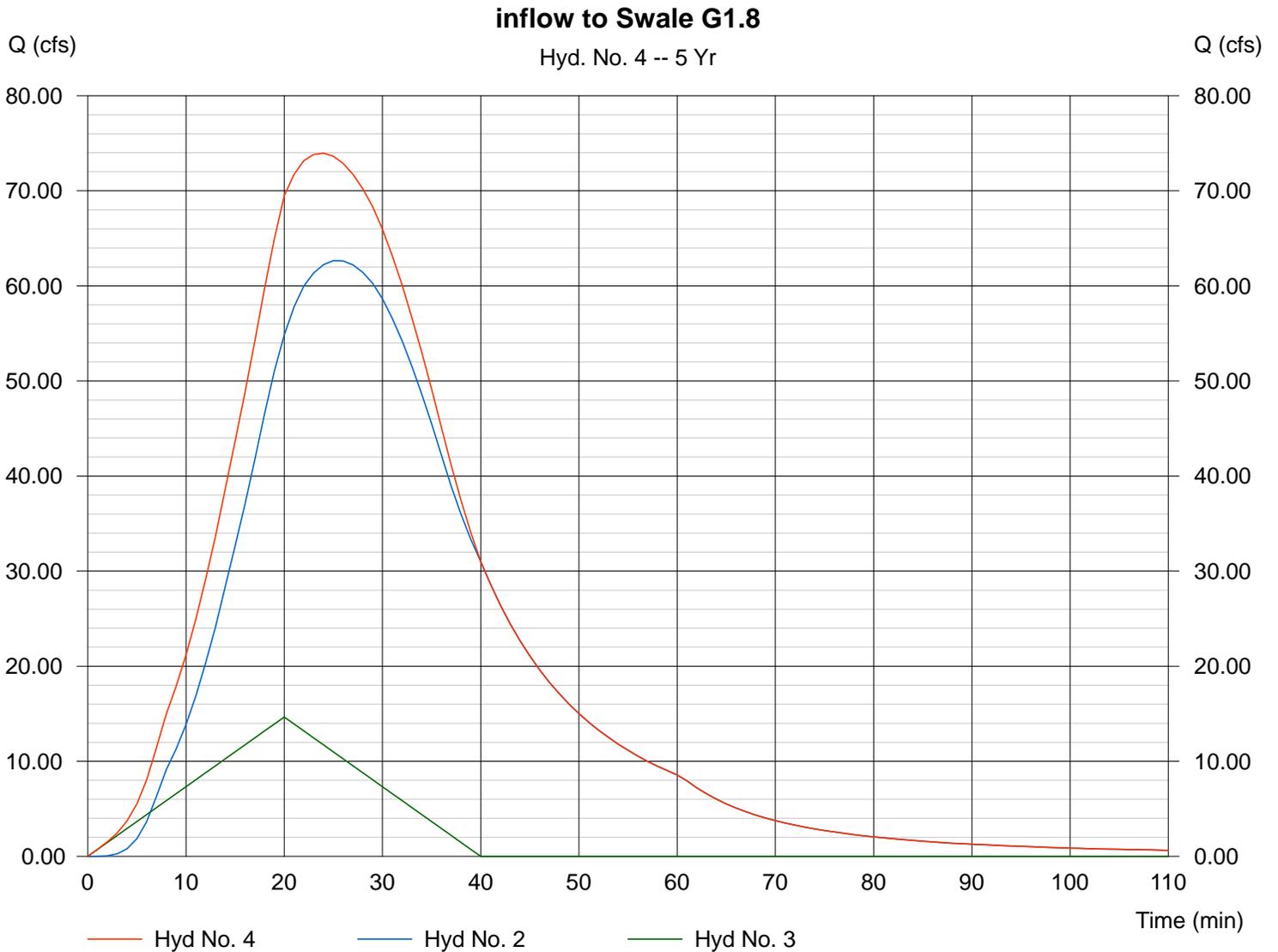
## Hyd. No. 4

inflow to Swale G1.8

Hydrograph type = Combine  
Storm frequency = 5 yrs  
Inflow hyds. = 2, 3

Peak discharge = 73.96 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min

Hydrograph Volume = 133,070 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Wednesday, Jan 25 2017, 8:2 AM

## Hyd. No. 5

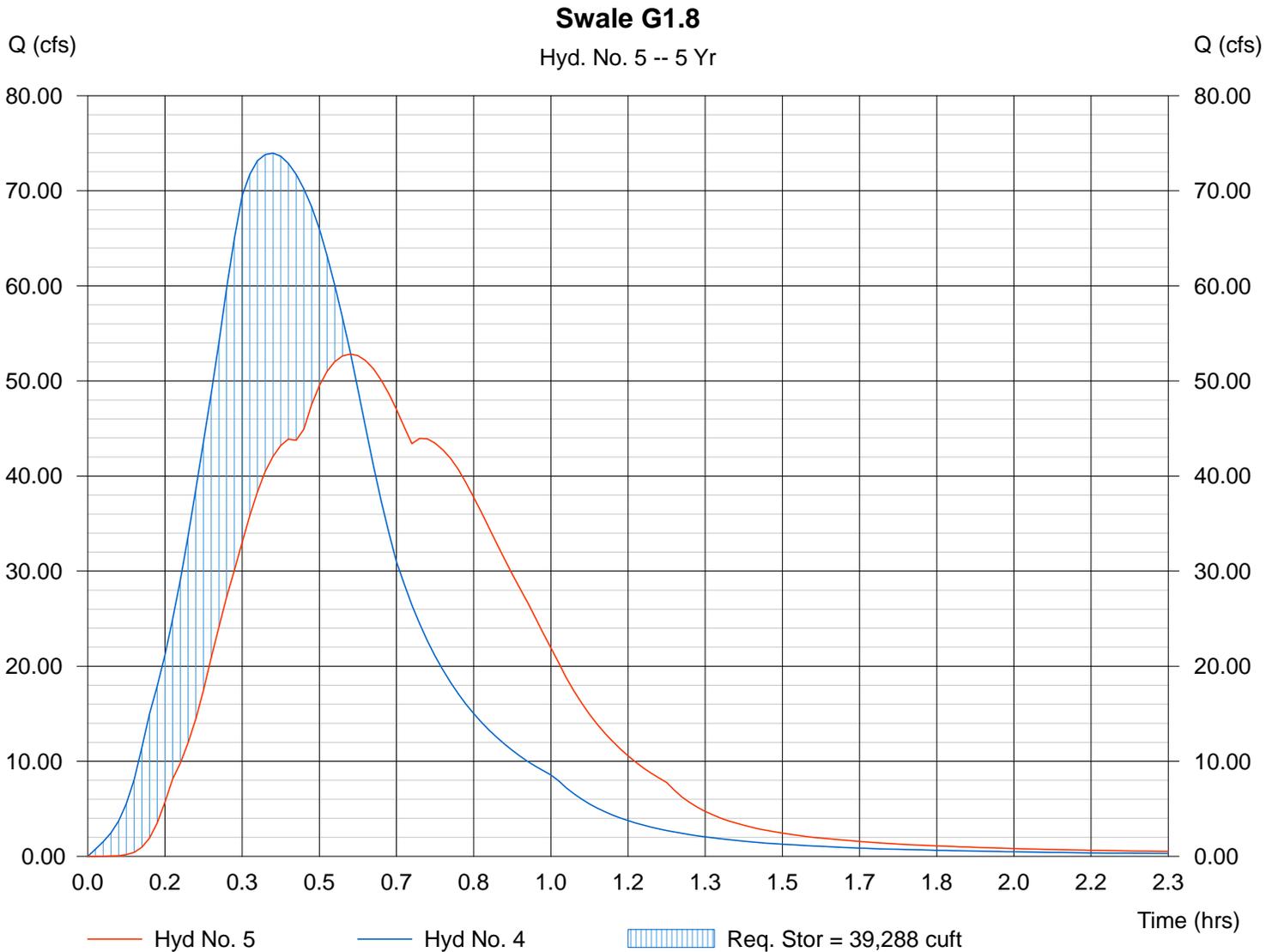
Swale G1.8

Hydrograph type = Reservoir  
Storm frequency = 5 yrs  
Inflow hyd. No. = 4  
Reservoir name = Pond G1.8

Peak discharge = 52.83 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Max. Elevation = 5692.86 ft  
Max. Storage = 39,288 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 133,065 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:28 AM

## Hyd. No. 6

Route flow to des. pt. 6

Hydrograph type = Reach  
Storm frequency = 5 yrs  
Inflow hyd. No. = 5  
Reach length = 256.0 ft  
Manning's n = 0.024  
Side slope = 3.0:1  
Rating curve x = 1.162  
Ave. velocity = 3.02 ft/s

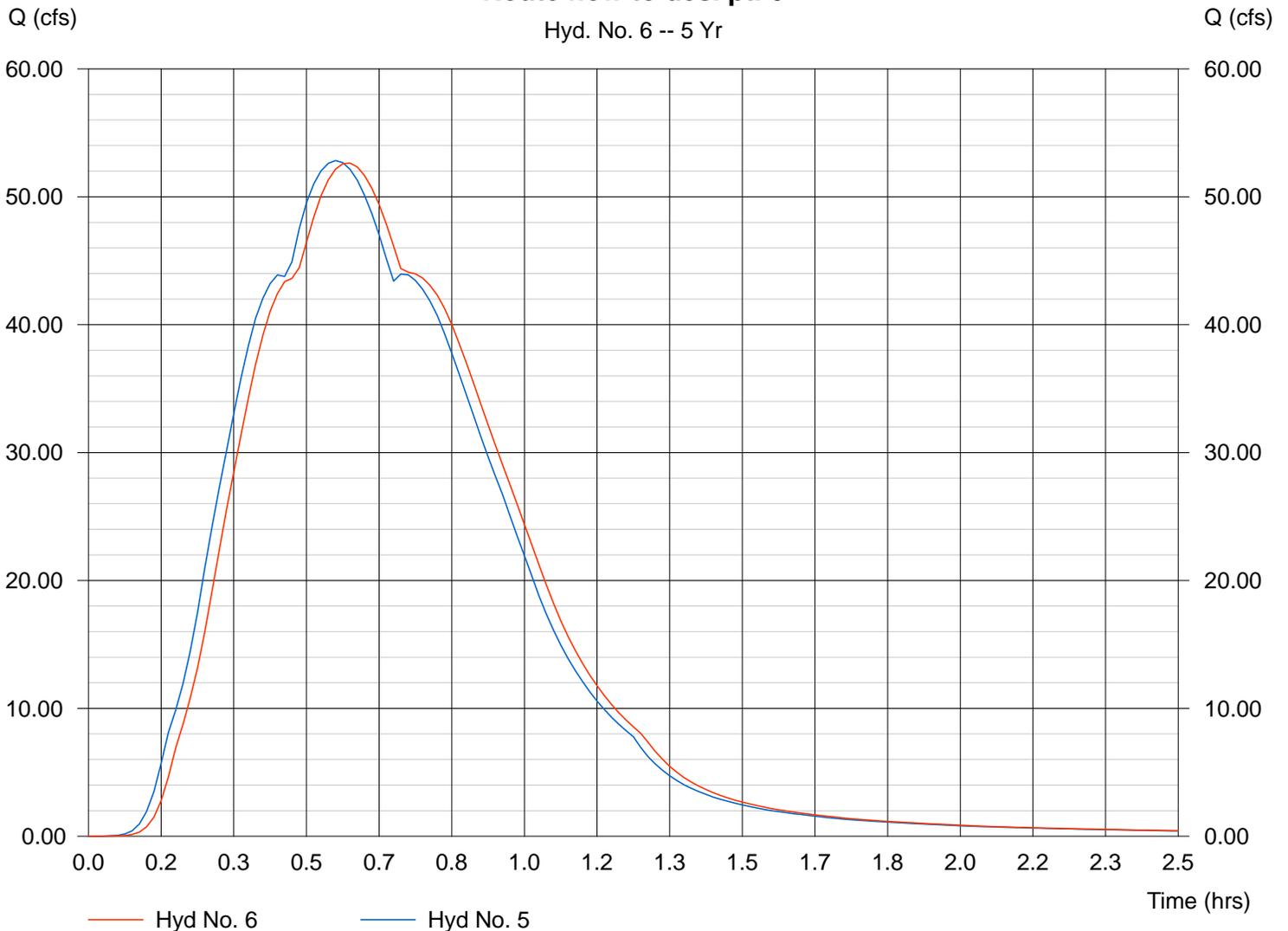
Peak discharge = 52.64 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Section type = Trapezoidal  
Channel slope = 0.3 %  
Bottom width = 5.0 ft  
Max. depth = 4.0 ft  
Rating curve m = 1.334  
Routing coeff. = 0.6417

Modified Att-Kin routing method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 132,976 cuft

### Route flow to des. pt. 6

Hyd. No. 6 -- 5 Yr



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

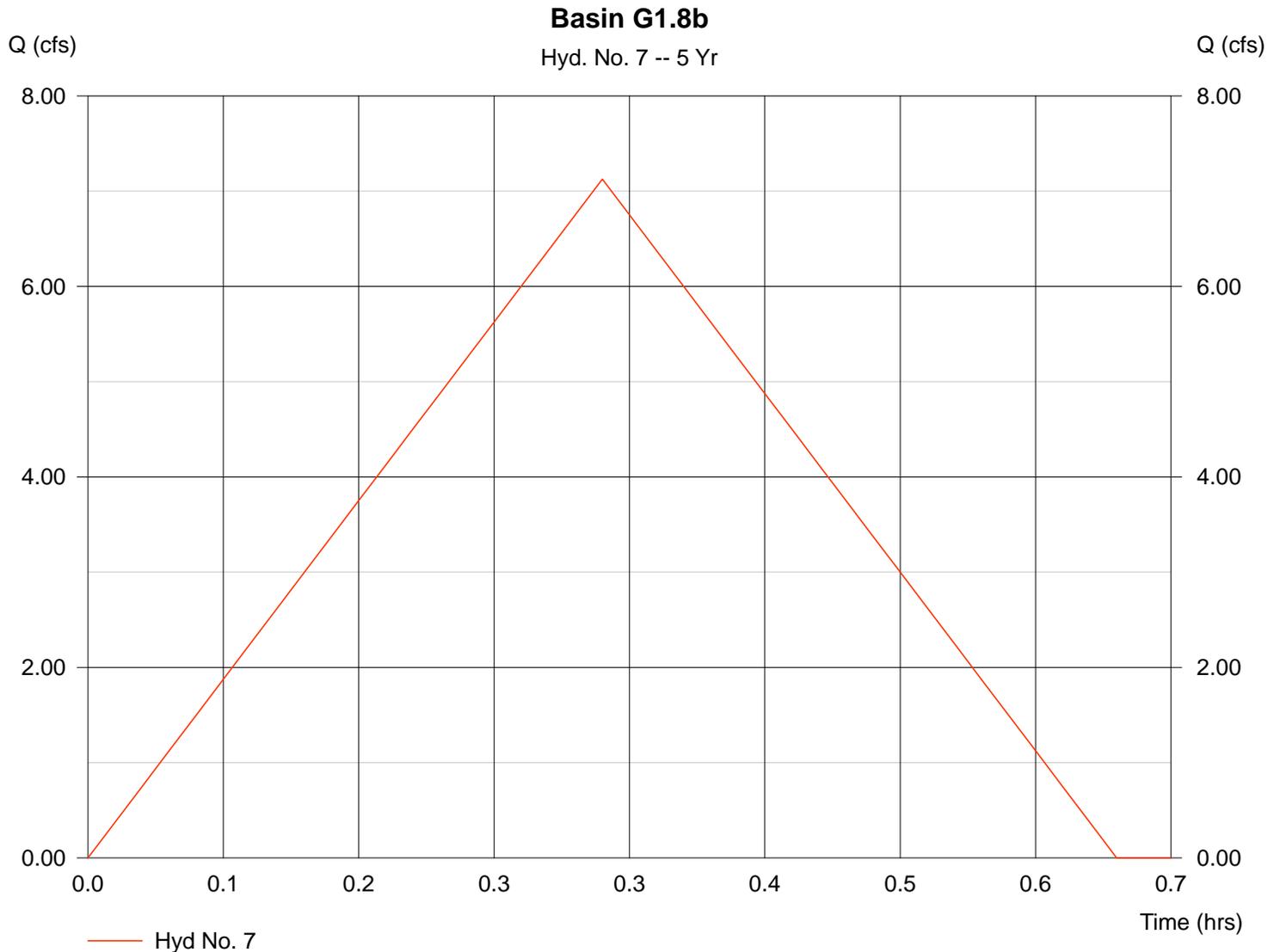
Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:28 AM

## Hyd. No. 7

Basin G1.8b

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 7.126 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 5.110 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.45
Intensity	= 3.099 in/hr	Tc by User	= 19.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs-El Paso County-Table.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 8,124 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:28 AM

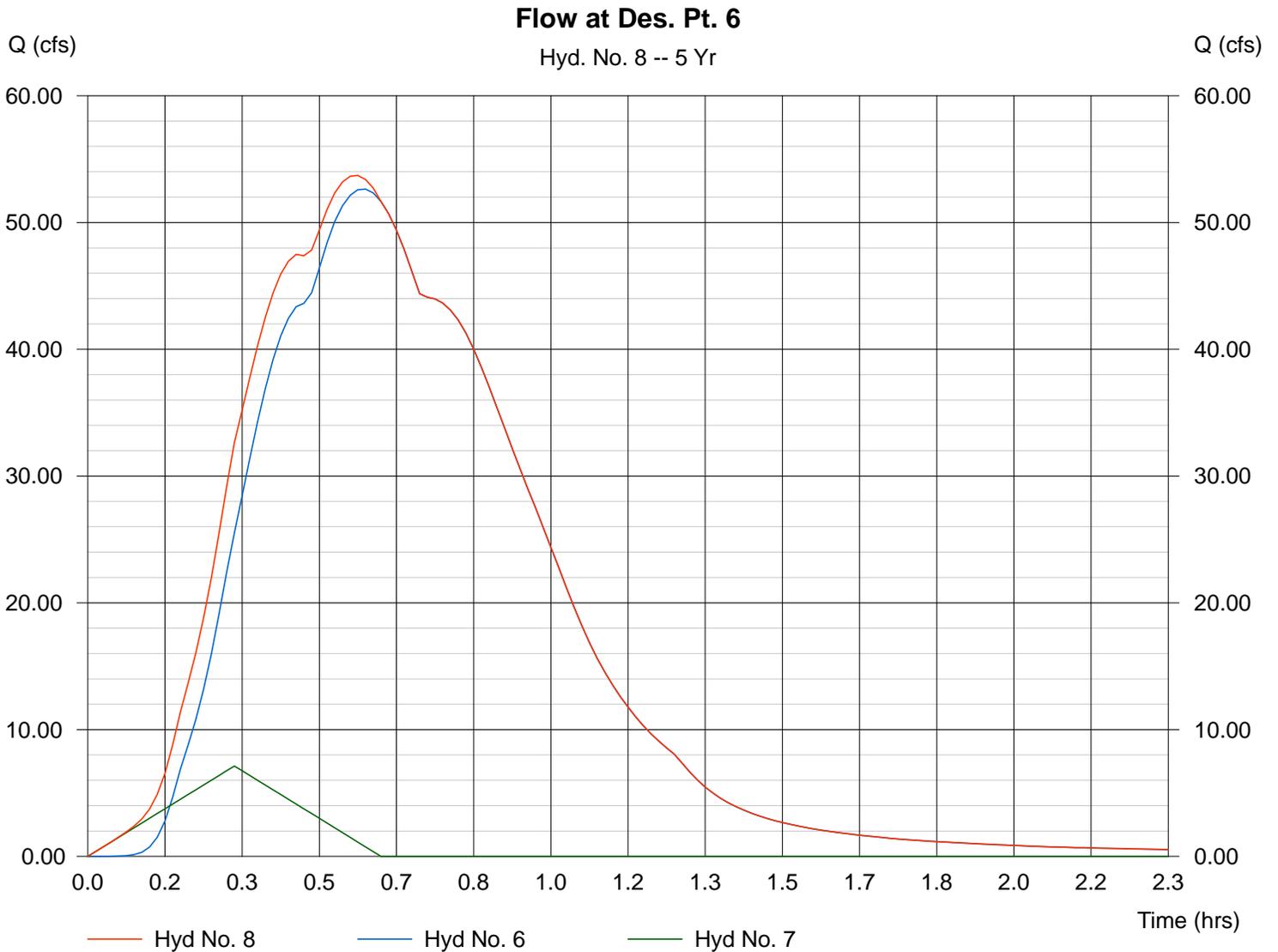
## Hyd. No. 8

Flow at Des. Pt. 6

Hydrograph type = Combine  
Storm frequency = 5 yrs  
Inflow hyds. = 6, 7

Peak discharge = 53.71 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min

Hydrograph Volume = 141,100 cuft



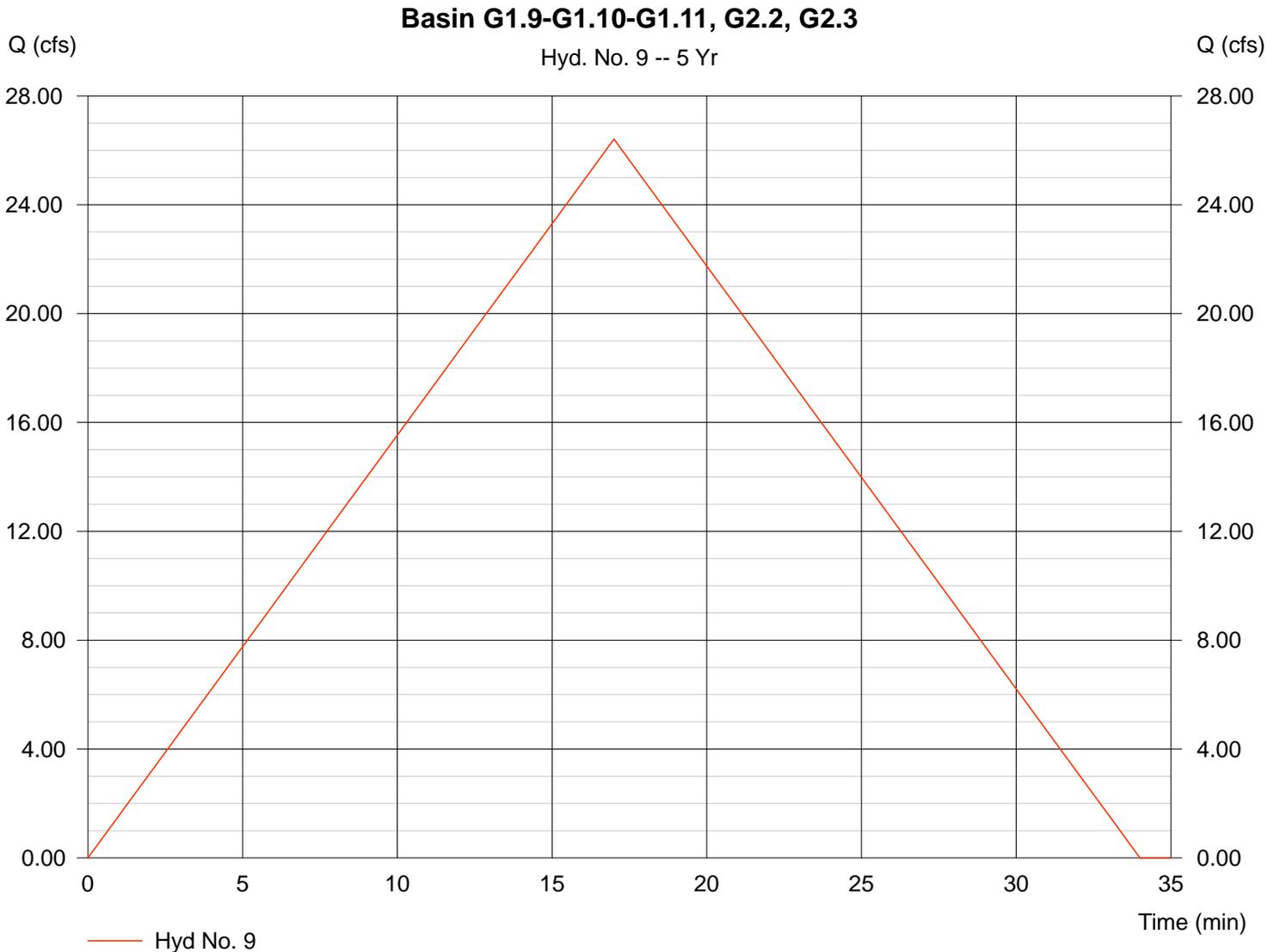
# Hydrograph Plot

## Hyd. No. 9

Basin G1.9-G1.10-G1.11, G2.2, G2.3

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 26.41 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 16.800 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.48
Intensity	= 3.275 in/hr	Tc by User	= 17.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs-El Paso County-Table.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 26,940 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Monday, Feb 20 2017, 2:26 PM

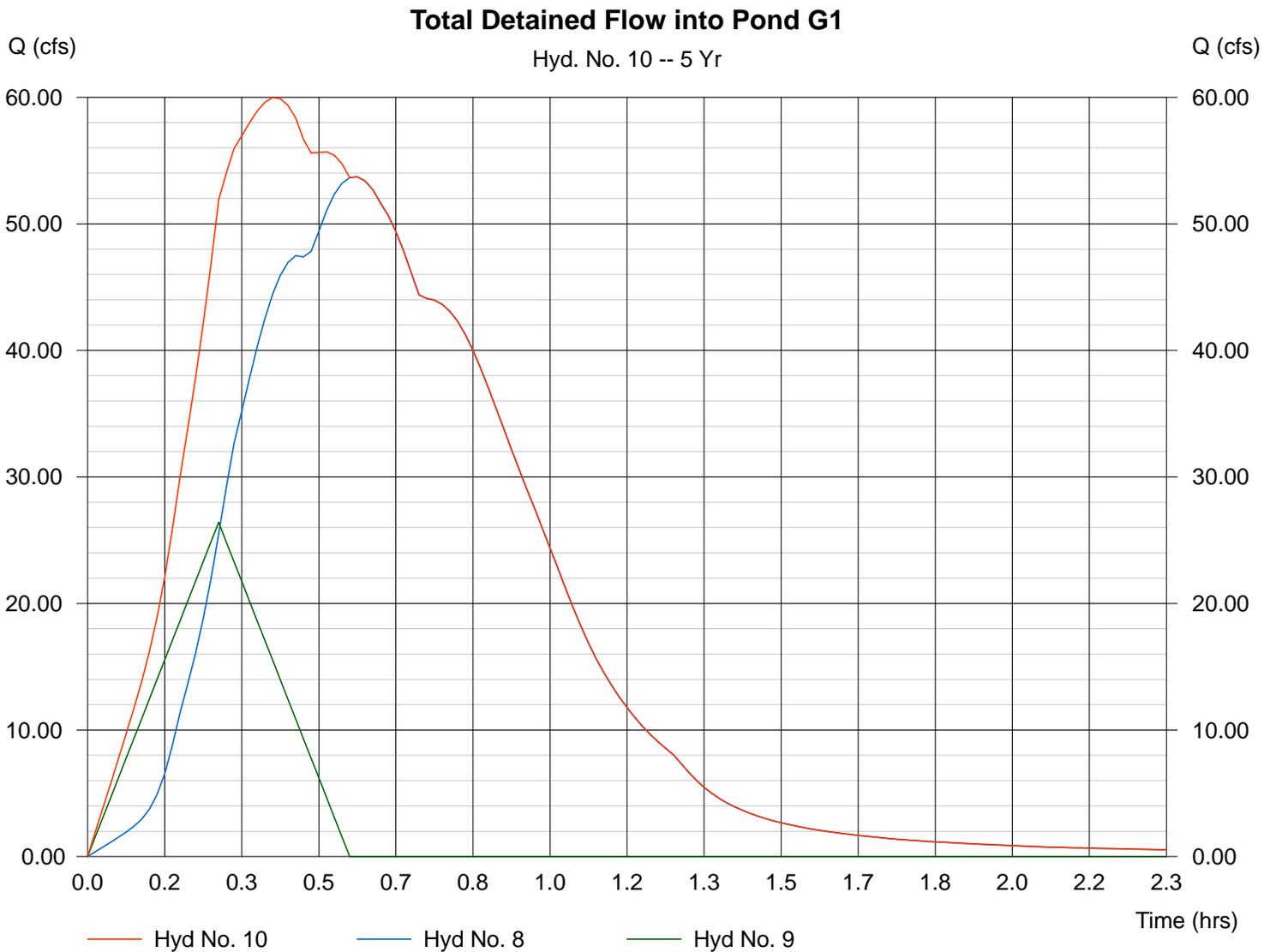
## Hyd. No. 10

Total Detained Flow into Pond G1

Hydrograph type = Combine  
Storm frequency = 5 yrs  
Inflow hyds. = 8, 9

Peak discharge = 59.98 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min

Hydrograph Volume = 168,040 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Monday, Feb 20 2017, 2:26 PM

## Hyd. No. 11

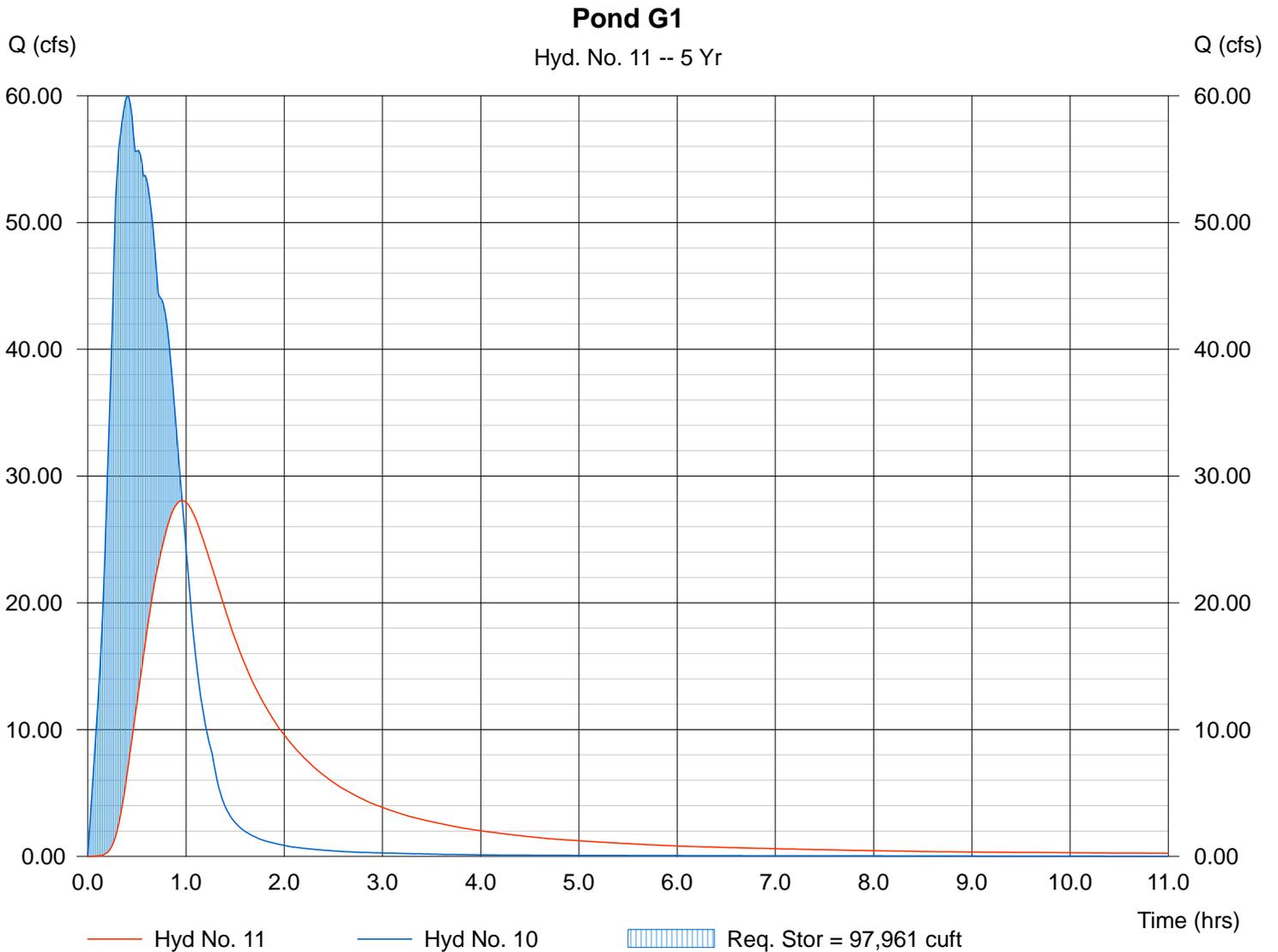
Pond G1

Hydrograph type = Reservoir  
Storm frequency = 5 yrs  
Inflow hyd. No. = 10  
Reservoir name = Pond G1

Peak discharge = 28.06 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Max. Elevation = 5687.92 ft  
Max. Storage = 97,961 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 167,438 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:6 AM

## Hyd. No. 1

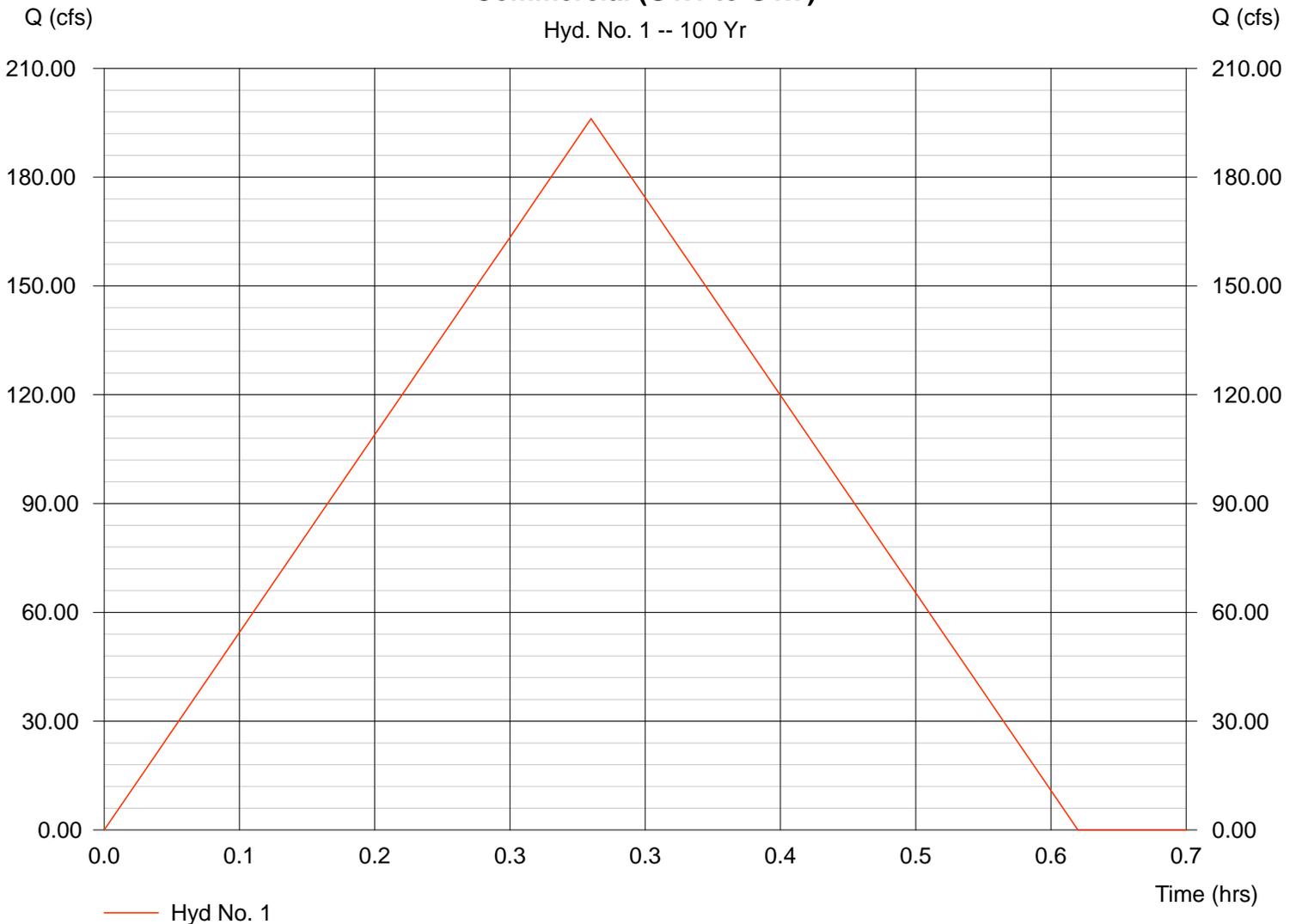
Commercial (G1.1 to G1.7)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 196.13 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 41.400 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.84
Intensity	= 5.640 in/hr	Tc by User	= 18.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs-El Paso County-Table.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 211,821 cuft

### Commercial (G1.1 to G1.7)

Hyd. No. 1 -- 100 Yr



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:6 AM

## Hyd. No. 2

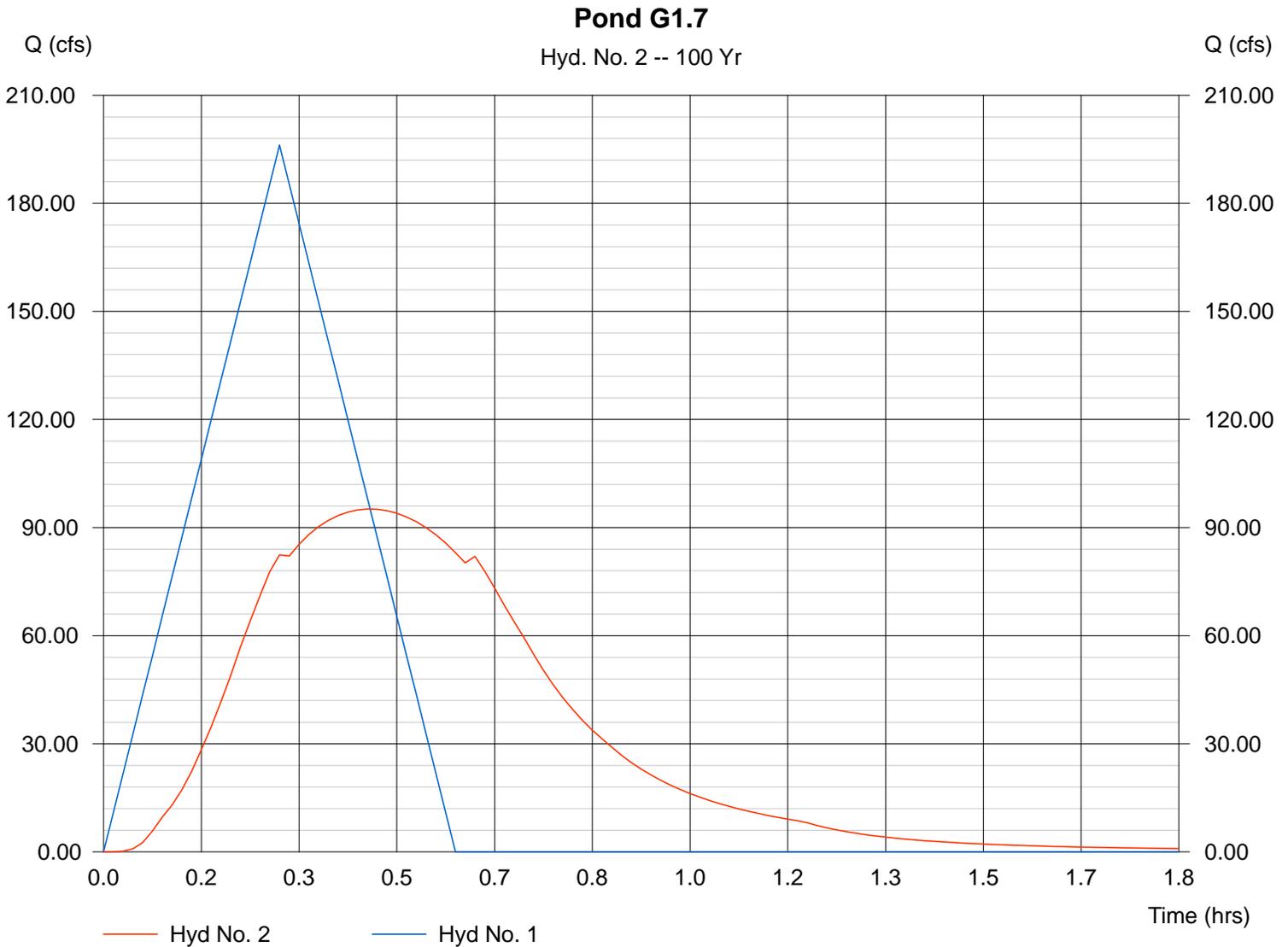
Pond G1.7

Hydrograph type = Reservoir  
Storm frequency = 100 yrs  
Inflow hyd. No. = 1  
Reservoir name = Pond G1.7

Peak discharge = 95.15 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Max. Elevation = 5696.94 ft  
Max. Storage = 104,641 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 211,811 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

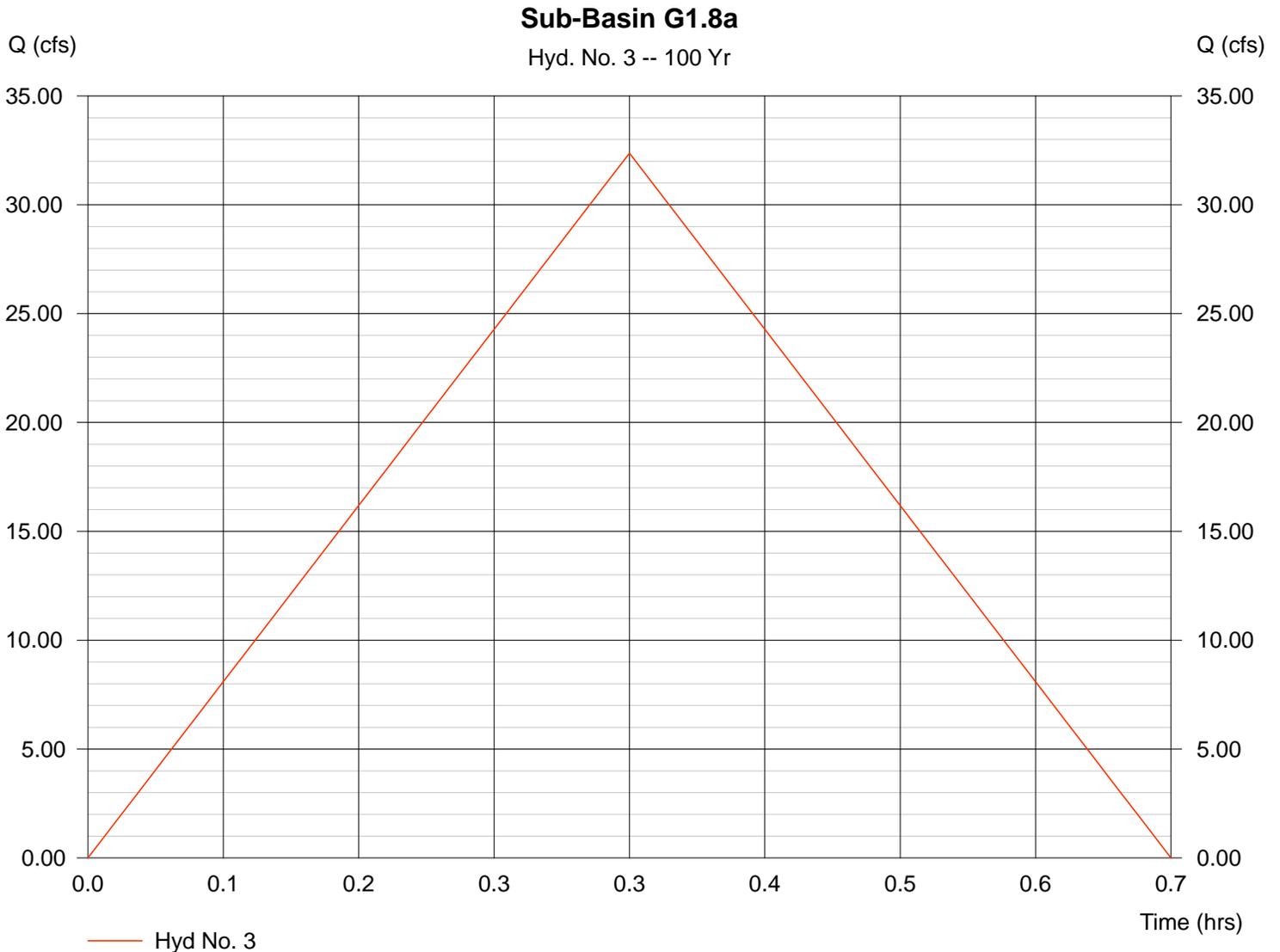
Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:6 AM

## Hyd. No. 3

Sub-Basin G1.8a

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 32.37 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 9.160 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.66
Intensity	= 5.355 in/hr	Tc by User	= 20.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs-El Paso County-Table.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 38,846 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Wednesday, Jan 25 2017, 7:58 AM

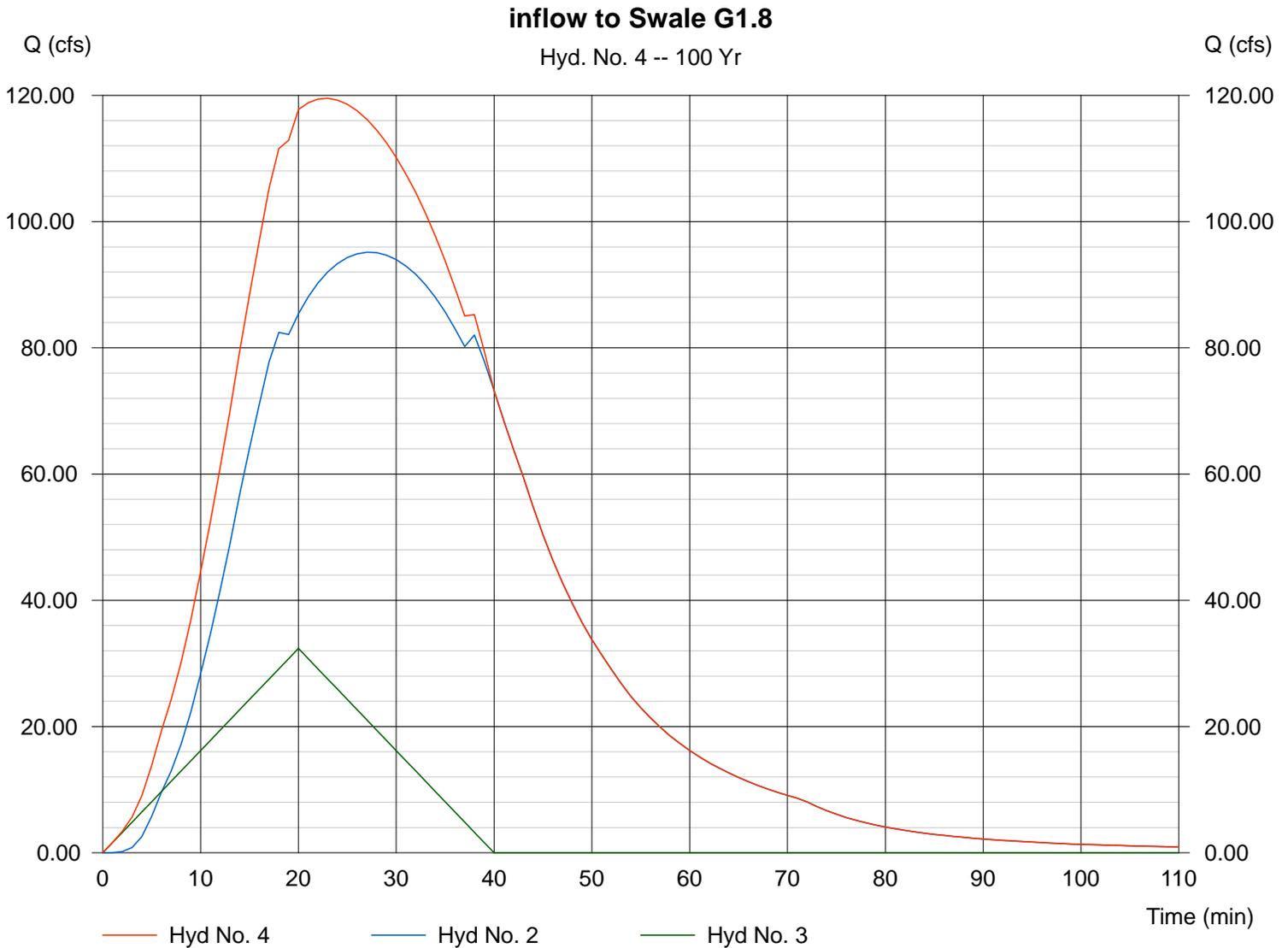
## Hyd. No. 4

inflow to Swale G1.8

Hydrograph type = Combine  
Storm frequency = 100 yrs  
Inflow hyds. = 2, 3

Peak discharge = 119.53 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min

Hydrograph Volume = 250,657 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Wednesday, Jan 25 2017, 7:59 AM

## Hyd. No. 5

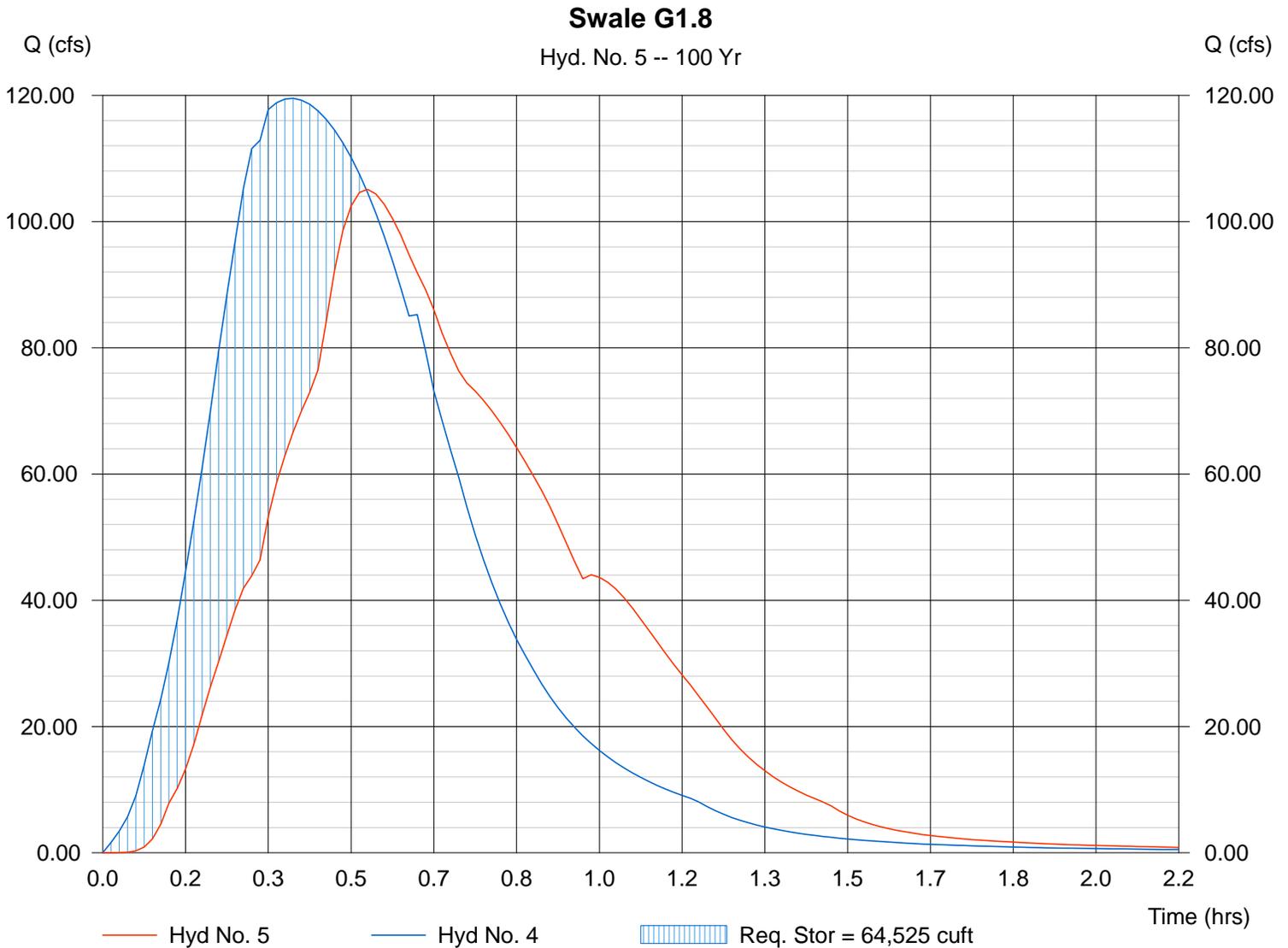
Swale G1.8

Hydrograph type = Reservoir  
Storm frequency = 100 yrs  
Inflow hyd. No. = 4  
Reservoir name = Swale G1.8

Peak discharge = 105.09 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Max. Elevation = 5694.33 ft  
Max. Storage = 64,525 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 250,651 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:6 AM

## Hyd. No. 6

Route flow to Des.Pt.6

Hydrograph type = Reach  
Storm frequency = 100 yrs  
Inflow hyd. No. = 5  
Reach length = 256.0 ft  
Manning's n = 0.024  
Side slope = 3.0:1  
Rating curve x = 1.162  
Ave. velocity = 3.59 ft/s

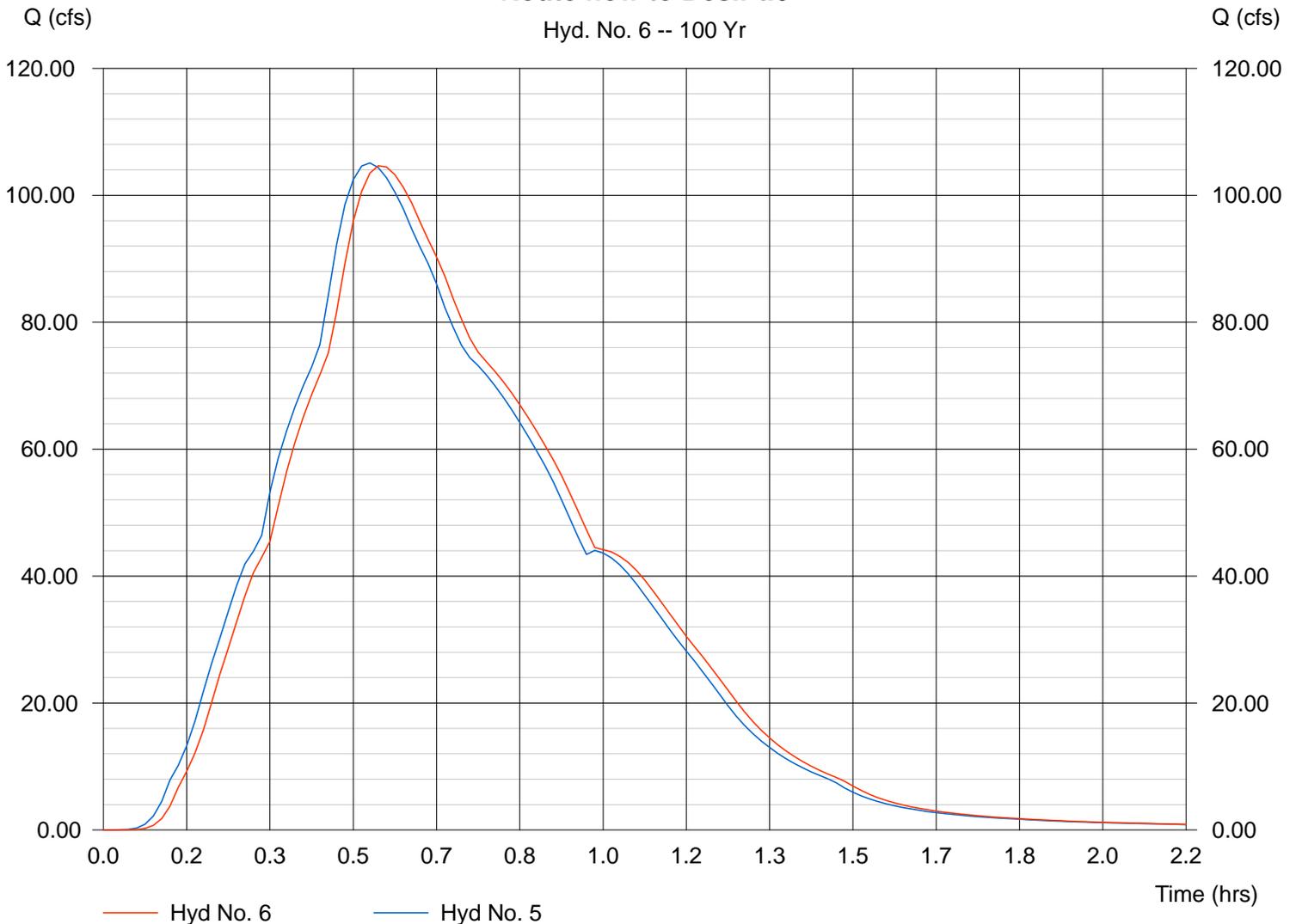
Peak discharge = 104.64 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Section type = Trapezoidal  
Channel slope = 0.3 %  
Bottom width = 5.0 ft  
Max. depth = 4.0 ft  
Rating curve m = 1.334  
Routing coeff. = 0.7189

Modified Att-Kin routing method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 250,563 cuft

### Route flow to Des.Pt.6

Hyd. No. 6 -- 100 Yr



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

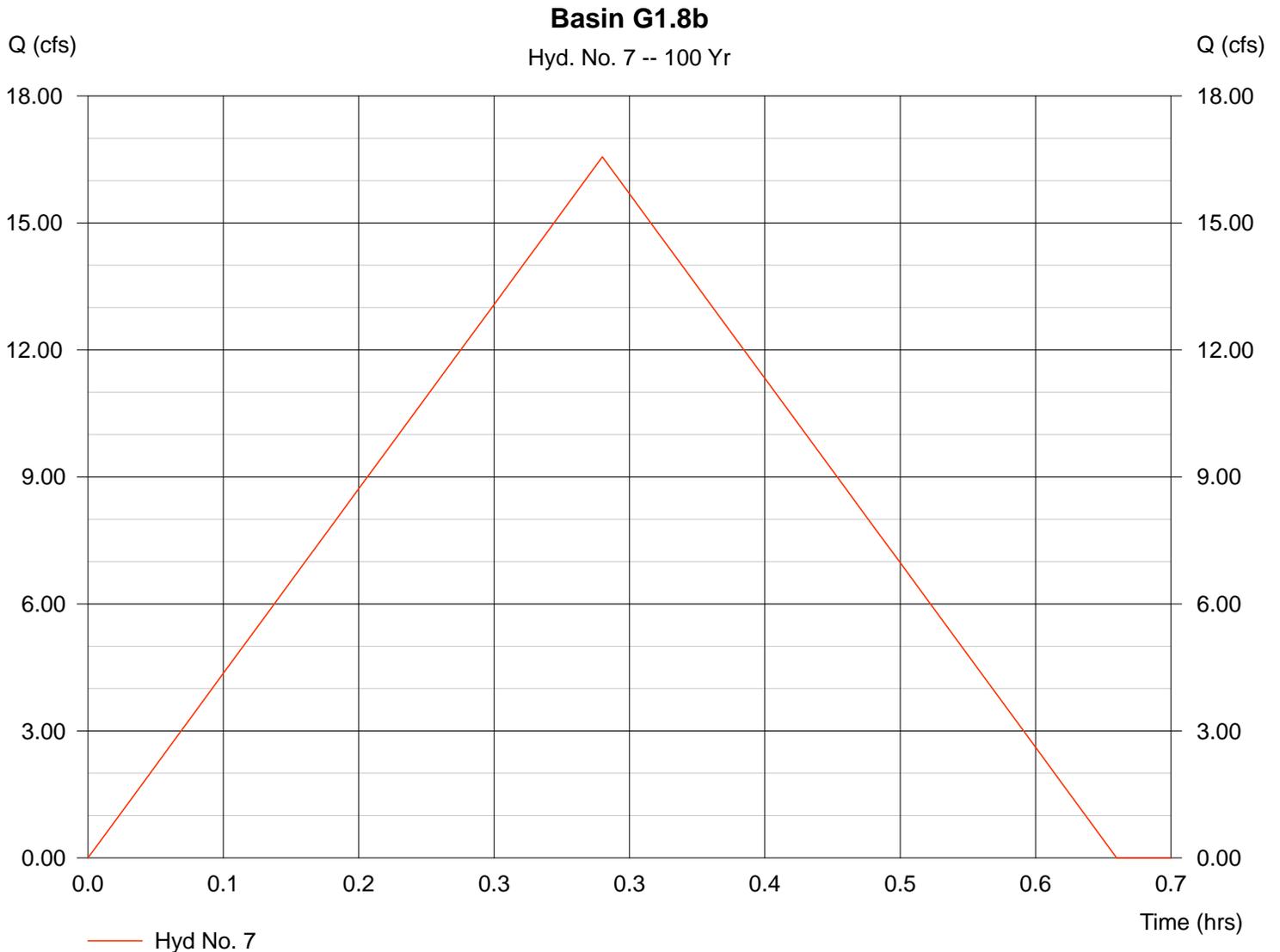
Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:6 AM

## Hyd. No. 7

Basin G1.8b

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 16.56 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 5.110 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.59
Intensity	= 5.493 in/hr	Tc by User	= 19.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs-El Paso County-Table.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 18,879 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Sunday, Oct 2 2016, 8:6 AM

## Hyd. No. 8

Total Flow at Des. Pt. 6

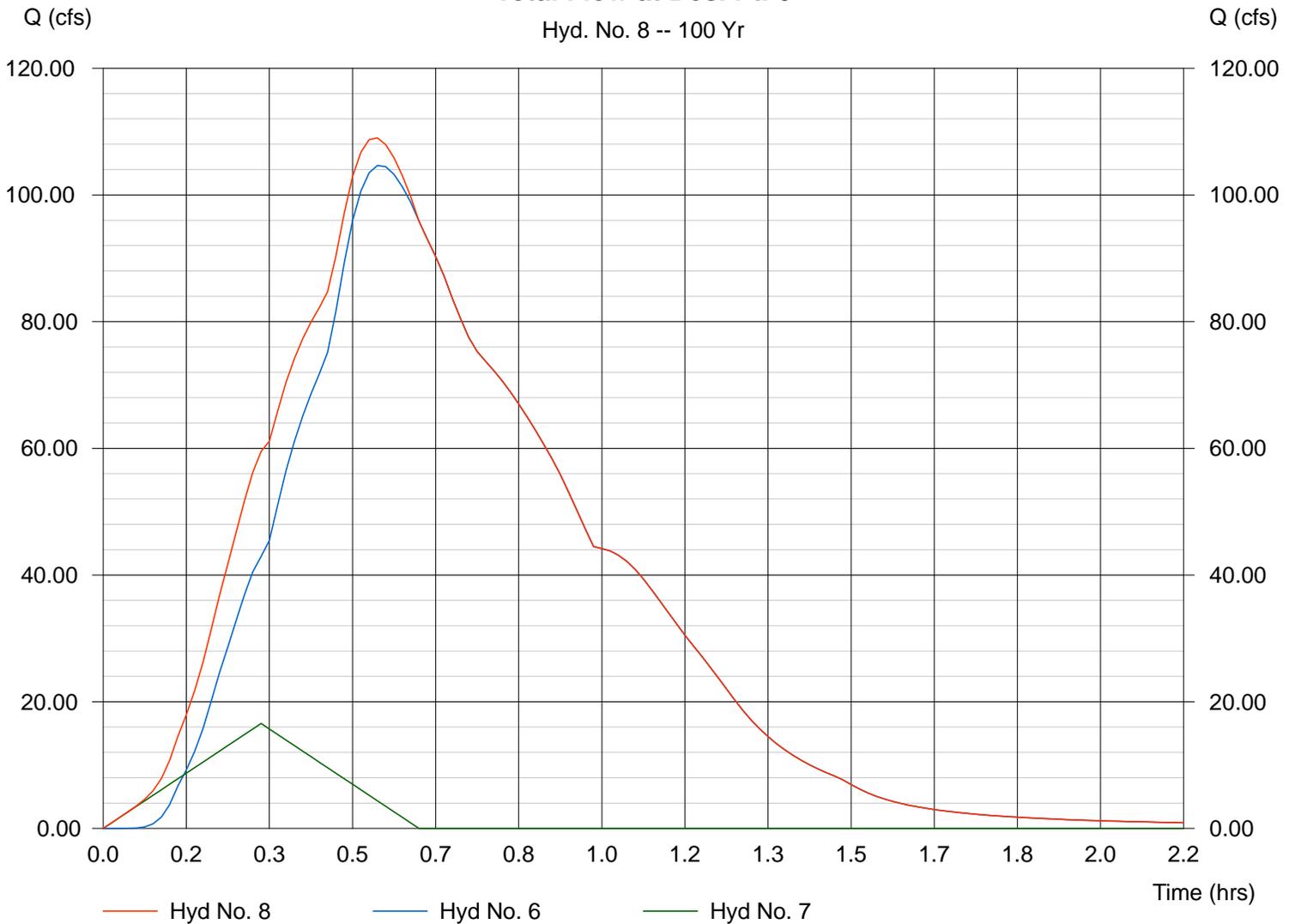
Hydrograph type = Combine  
Storm frequency = 100 yrs  
Inflow hyds. = 6, 7

Peak discharge = 109.00 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min

Hydrograph Volume = 269,442 cuft

### Total Flow at Des. Pt. 6

Hyd. No. 8 -- 100 Yr



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Monday, Feb 20 2017, 2:30 PM

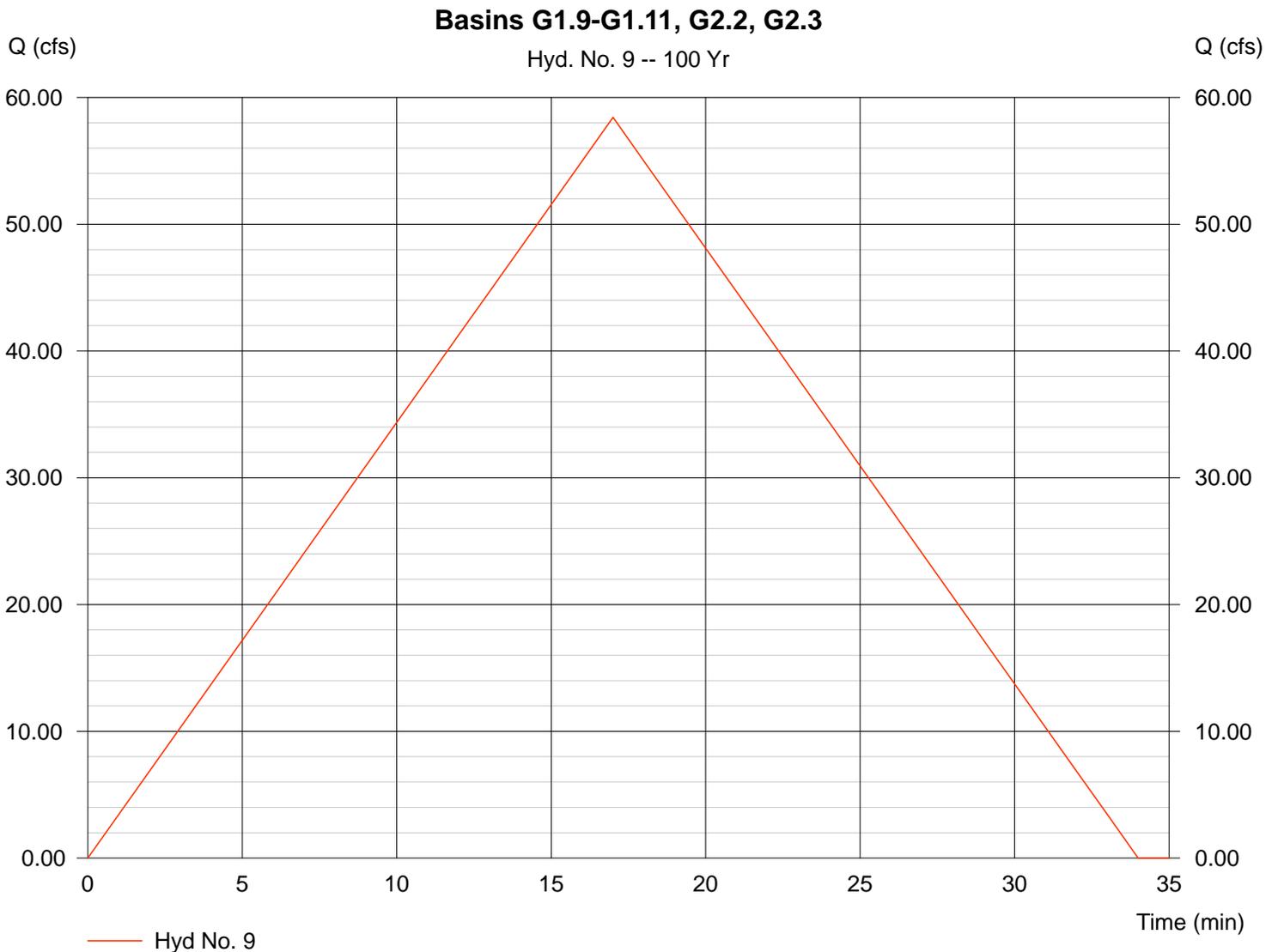
## Hyd. No. 9

Basins G1.9-G1.11, G2.2, G2.3

Hydrograph type = Rational  
Storm frequency = 100 yrs  
Drainage area = 16.800 ac  
Intensity = 5.796 in/hr  
IDF Curve = Colorado Springs-El Paso County-Table.IDF

Peak discharge = 58.42 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Runoff coeff. = 0.6  
Tc by User = 17.00 min  
Asc/Rec limb fact = 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 59,593 cuft



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Monday, Feb 20 2017, 2:30 PM

## Hyd. No. 10

Total Flow into Pond G1

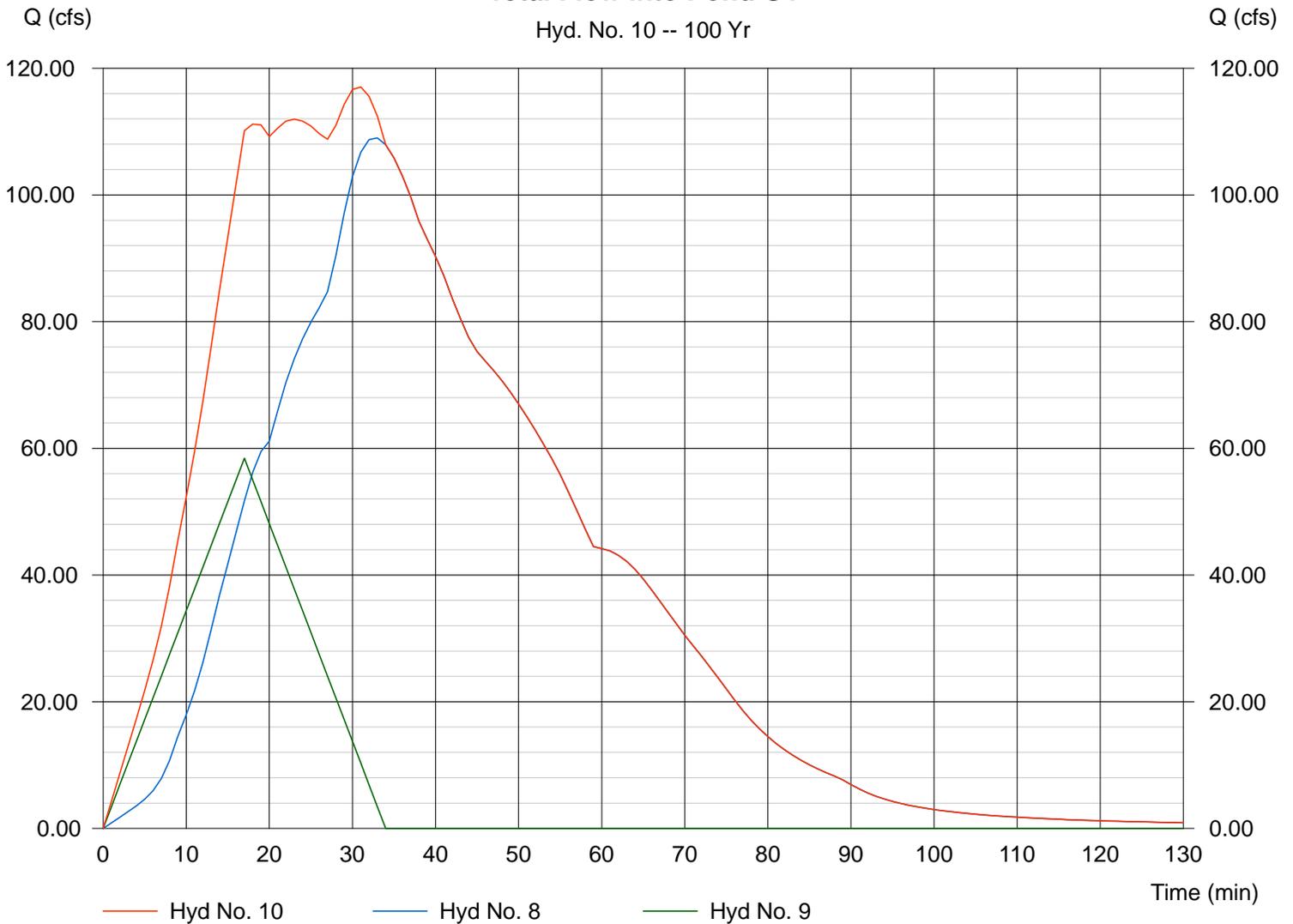
Hydrograph type = Combine  
Storm frequency = 100 yrs  
Inflow hyds. = 8, 9

Peak discharge = 117.04 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min

Hydrograph Volume = 329,035 cuft

### Total Flow into Pond G1

Hyd. No. 10 -- 100 Yr



# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Monday, Feb 20 2017, 2:31 PM

## Hyd. No. 11

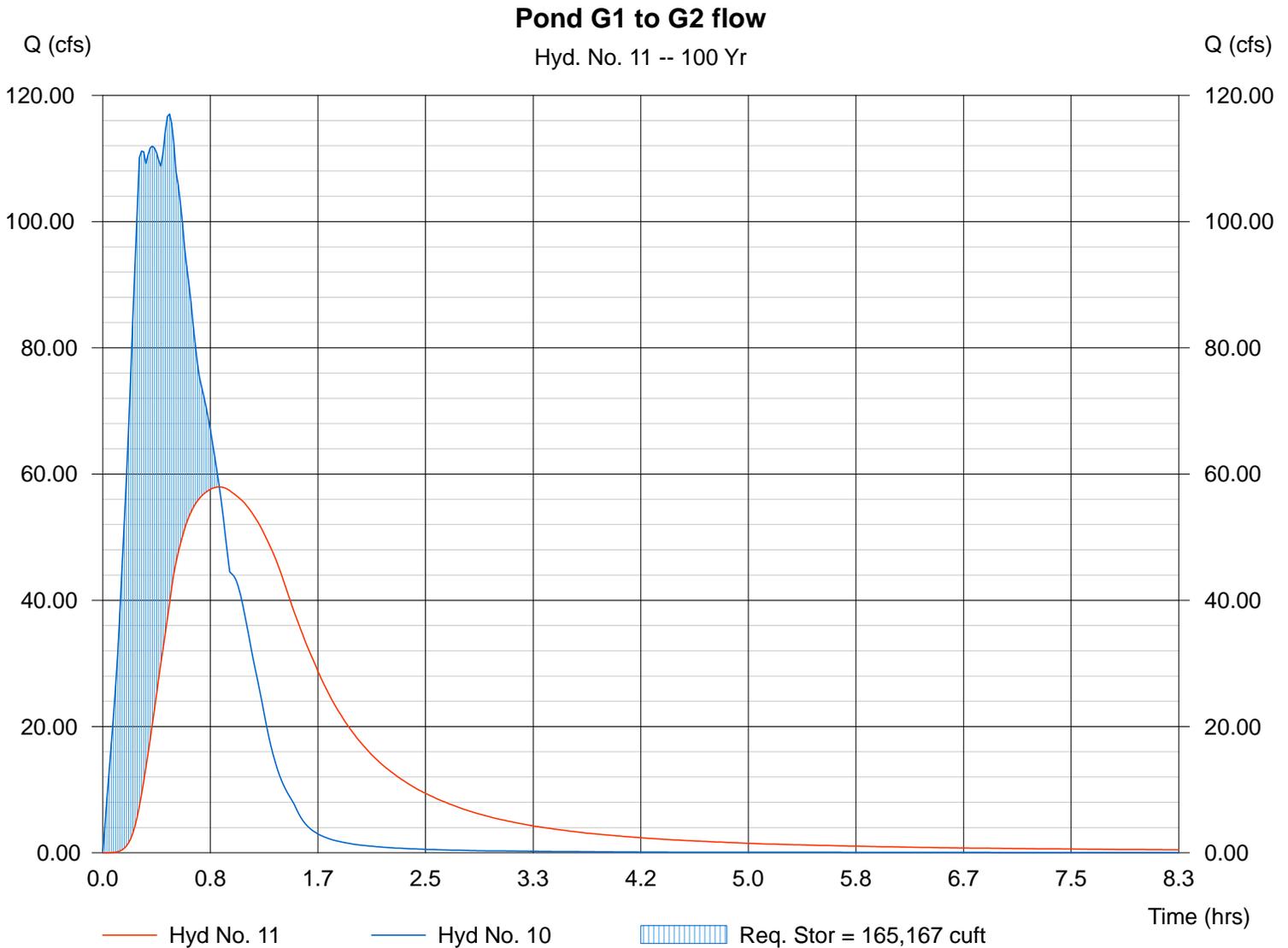
Pond G1 to G2 flow

Hydrograph type = Reservoir  
Storm frequency = 100 yrs  
Inflow hyd. No. = 10  
Reservoir name = Pond G1

Peak discharge = 57.96 cfs  
Time interval = 1 min  
Max. Elevation = 5689.12 ft  
Max. Storage = 165,167 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 328,418 cuft



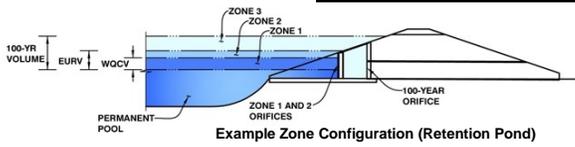


## Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: \_\_\_\_\_

Basin ID: \_\_\_\_\_



	Stage (ft)	Zone Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.06	2.577	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	4.54	6.236	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	5.88	3.918	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
		12.731	Total

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area =	N/A	ft <sup>2</sup>
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	N/A	feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	4.54	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	18.20	inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	22.12	sq. inches (use rectangular openings)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row =	1.536E-01	ft <sup>2</sup>
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft <sup>2</sup>

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.51	3.03					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	22.12	22.12	22.12					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

	Not Selected	Not Selected	
Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A	ft <sup>2</sup>
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A	feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox) and Grate (Flat or Sloped)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	4.15	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	4.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Slope =	6.00	N/A	H:V (enter zero for flat grate)
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	10.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Grate Open Area % =	70%	N/A	%, grate open area/total area
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H <sub>1</sub> =	5.82	N/A	feet
Over Flow Weir Slope Length =	10.14	N/A	feet
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	4.02	N/A	should be ≥ 4
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	28.39	N/A	ft <sup>2</sup>
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	14.19	N/A	ft <sup>2</sup>

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.20	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	36.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	36.00		inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Outlet Orifice Area =	7.07	N/A	ft <sup>2</sup>
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	1.50	N/A	feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	3.14	N/A	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =	8.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	50.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

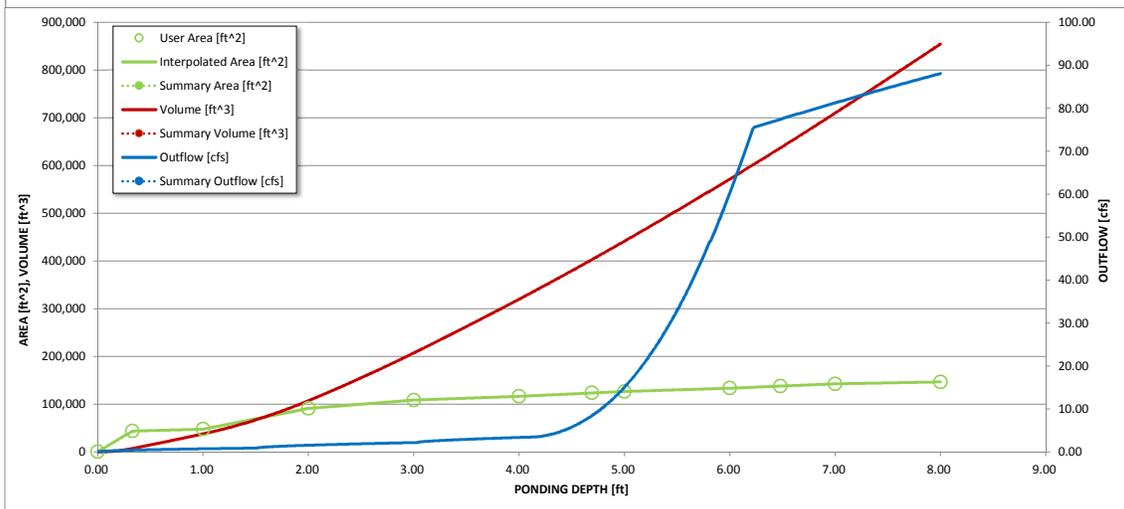
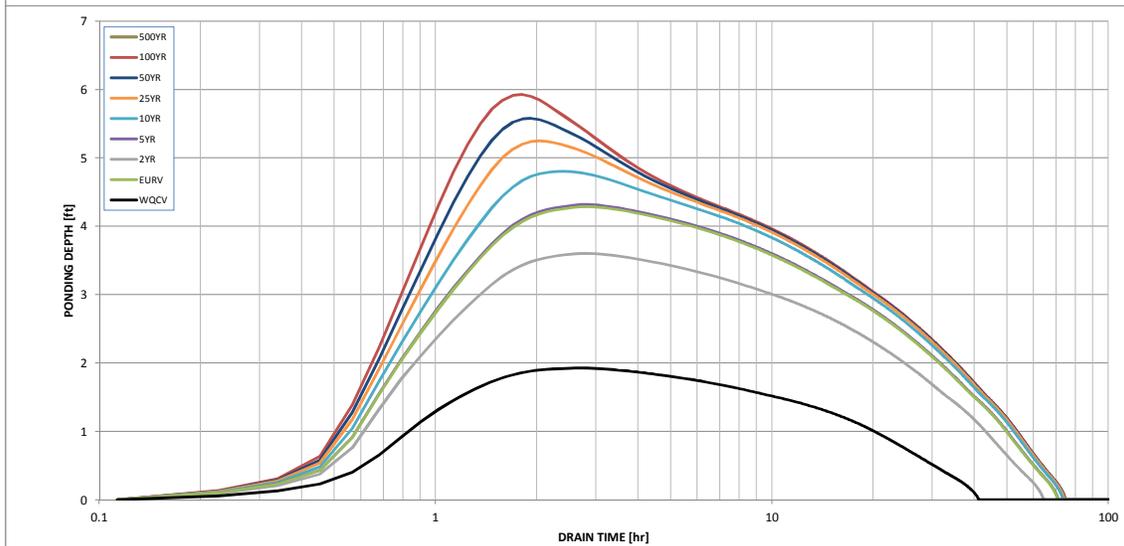
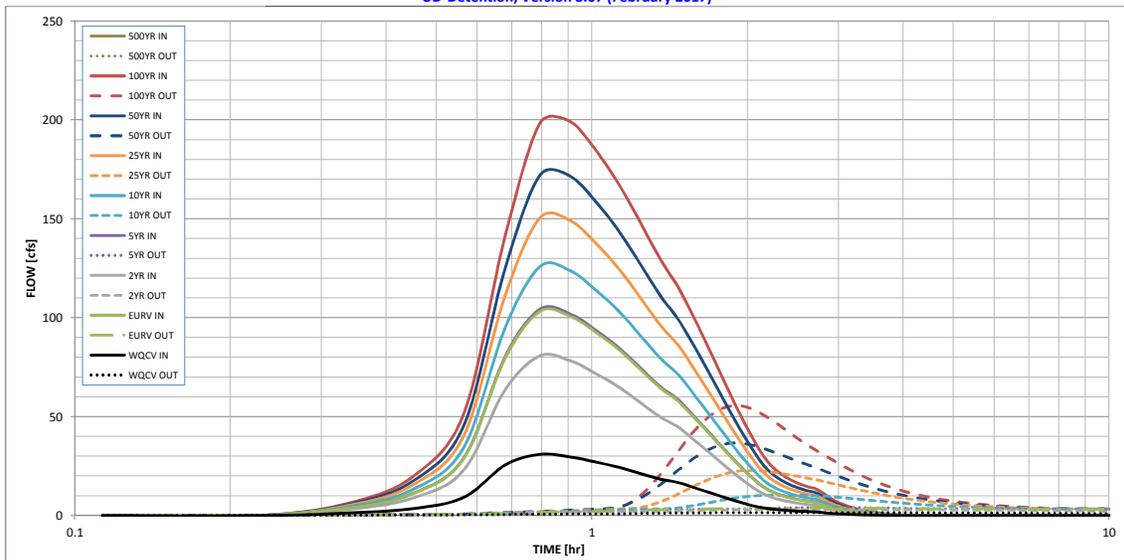
Spillway Design Flow Depth =	1.15	feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	10.15	feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	3.37	acres

### Routed Hydrograph Results

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	0.53	1.07	1.16	1.44	1.68	1.92	2.16	2.42	0.00
Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	2.577	8.814	6.842	8.912	10.804	13.017	14.962	17.363	0.000
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =									
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	2.577	8.806	6.841	8.905	10.803	13.008	14.953	17.352	#N/A
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.11	0.29	0.44	0.65	0.00
Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.9	10.2	27.6	42.0	62.5	0.0
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	31.0	103.1	80.7	104.3	125.7	150.4	171.9	199.4	#N/A
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	1.5	4.0	3.0	4.2	10.4	22.8	36.7	55.6	#N/A
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.4	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.9	#N/A
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Overflow Grate 1	Plate	Overflow Grate 1	#N/A				
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.0	0.2	0.7	1.1	1.8	#N/A
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	#N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	38	62	57	62	63	62	61	60	#N/A
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	67	61	67	69	69	69	68	#N/A
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.93	4.29	3.60	4.32	4.80	5.25	5.58	5.93	#N/A
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	2.01	2.74	2.60	2.75	2.86	2.95	3.00	3.05	#N/A
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	2.301	8.104	6.290	8.186	9.532	10.870	11.852	12.881	#N/A

# Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

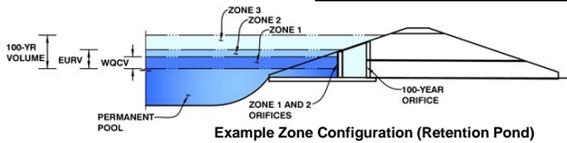




## Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: Carriage Meadows South at Lorson Ranch  
Basin ID: Full Spectrum Pond G3



	Stage (ft)	Zone Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.01	0.127	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	3.58	0.300	Rectangular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	4.56	0.232	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
		0.659	Total

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =  ft (distance below the filtration media surface)  
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =  inches  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =  sq. inches (diameter = 7/8 inch)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Elliptical Half-Width =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Centroid =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.70	1.40					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.61	0.61	0.61					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	<input type="text" value="2.20"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	<input type="text" value="3.58"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Height =	<input type="text" value="2.00"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	inches
Vertical Orifice Width =	<input type="text" value="2.00"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

	Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected	
Vertical Orifice Area =	<input type="text" value="0.03"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	ft <sup>2</sup>
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	<input type="text" value="0.08"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox) and Grate (Flat or Sloped)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	<input type="text" value="3.58"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	<input type="text" value="4.00"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	feet
Overflow Weir Slope =	<input type="text" value="0.00"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	H:V (enter zero for flat grate)
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	<input type="text" value="5.00"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	feet
Overflow Grate Open Area % =	<input type="text" value="70%"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	%, grate open area/total area
Debris Clogging % =	<input type="text" value="50%"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H <sub>1</sub> =	<input type="text" value="3.58"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	feet
Over Flow Weir Slope Length =	<input type="text" value="5.00"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	feet
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	should be ≥ 4
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	<input type="text" value="14.00"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	ft <sup>2</sup>
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	<input type="text" value="7.00"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	ft <sup>2</sup>

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Outlet Orifice Area =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	ft <sup>2</sup>
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =	<input type="text" value="5.50"/>	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	<input type="text" value="30.00"/>	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	<input type="text" value="4.00"/>	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	<input type="text" value="1.00"/>	feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

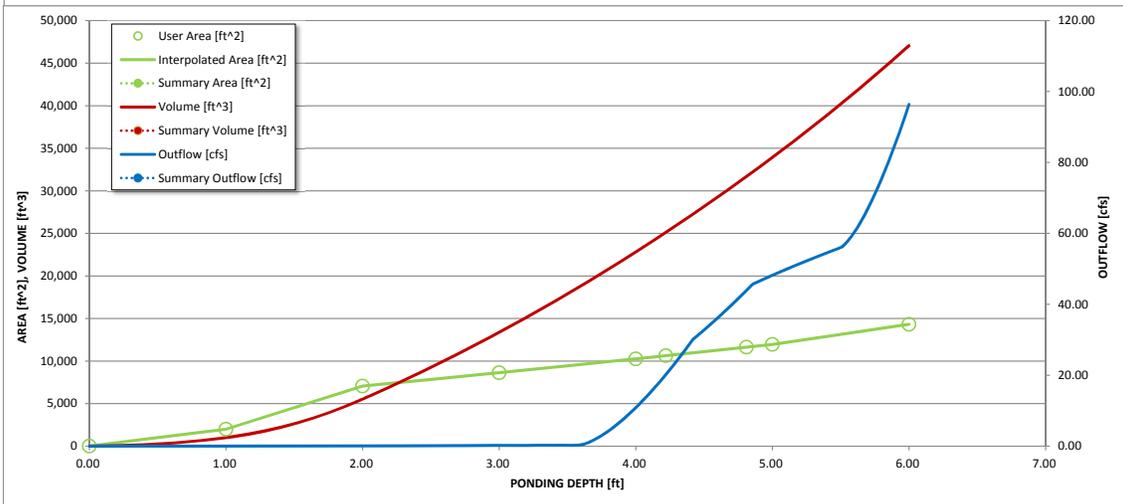
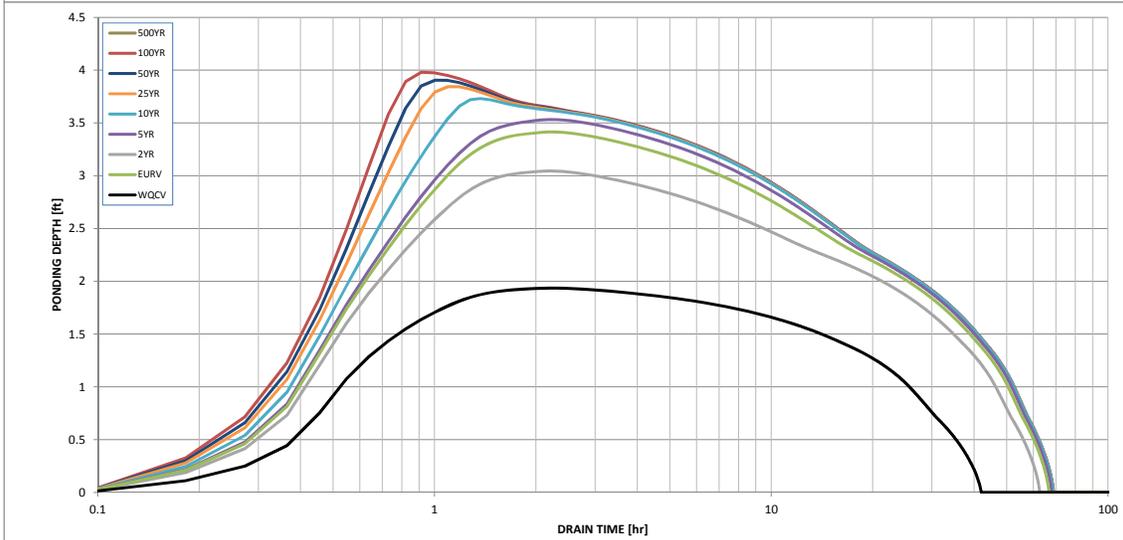
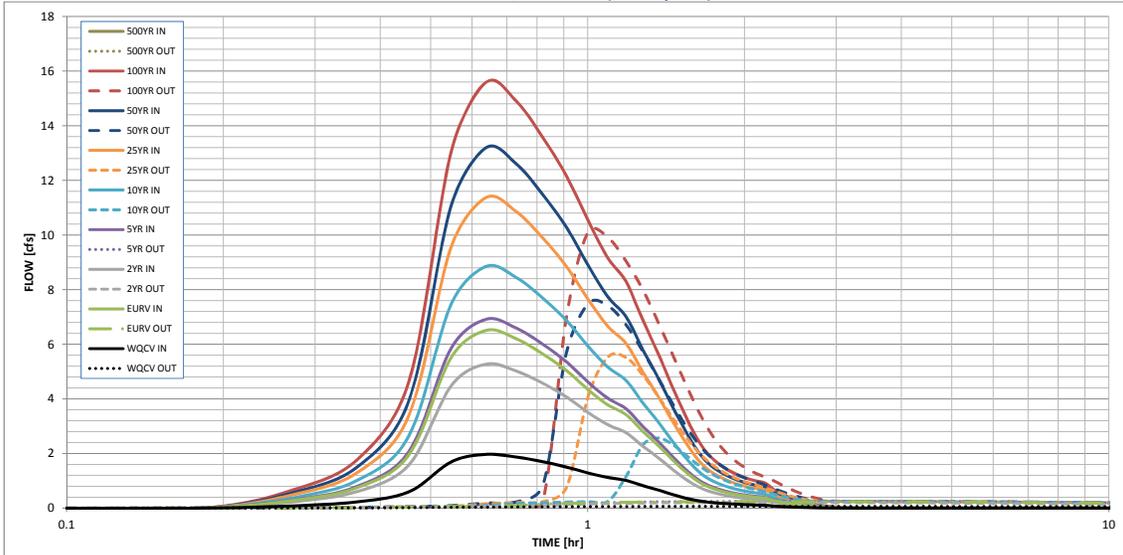
Spillway Design Flow Depth =	<input type="text" value="0.30"/>	feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	<input type="text" value="6.80"/>	feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	<input type="text" value="0.33"/>	acres

### Routed Hydrograph Results

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in)	0.53	1.07	1.16	1.44	1.68	1.92	2.16	2.42	0.00
Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft)	0.127	0.427	0.345	0.454	0.583	0.751	0.873	1.033	0.000
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acre-ft)									
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft)	0.127	0.427	0.345	0.454	0.583	0.751	0.872	1.033	#N/A
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre)	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.17	0.57	0.80	1.08	0.00
Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.0	3.5	4.8	6.5	0.0
Peak Inflow Q (cfs)	2.0	6.5	5.3	6.9	8.9	11.4	13.2	15.6	#N/A
Peak Outflow Q (cfs)	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	2.6	5.5	7.5	10.1	#N/A
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.3	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	#N/A
Structure Controlling Flow	Plate	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Grate 1	Overflow Grate 1	Overflow Grate 1	Overflow Grate 1	#N/A
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	#N/A
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	#N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours)	37	55	53	56	55	53	52	50	#N/A
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours)	40	62	58	63	62	61	60	59	#N/A
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft)	1.94	3.41	3.05	3.53	3.73	3.84	3.91	3.98	#N/A
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres)	0.15	0.21	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	#N/A
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft)	0.116	0.391	0.315	0.417	0.462	0.487	0.500	0.519	#N/A

# Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			



**Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)**

**Designer:** Richard Schindler  
**Company:** Core Engineering Group  
**Date:** January 30, 2017  
**Project:** Carriage Meadows South  
**Location:** Pond G1/G2 Full Spectrum Forebay and WQ Outlet Design

<p>1. Basin Storage Volume</p> <p>A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, <math>I_a</math></p> <p>B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio (<math>i = I_a / 100</math>)</p> <p>C) Contributing Watershed Area</p> <p>D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm</p> <p>E) Design Concept (Select EURV when also designing for flood control)</p> <p>F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time (<math>V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * P^3 - 1.19 * P^2 + 0.78 * P) / 12 * Area)</math>)</p> <p>G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (<math>V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = (d_b * (V_{DESIGN} / 0.43))</math>)</p> <p>H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)</p> <p>I) Predominant Watershed NRCS Soil Group</p> <p>J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume                  For HSG A: <math>EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}</math>                  For HSG B: <math>EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}</math>                  For HSG C/D: <math>EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}</math> </p>	<p><math>I_a =</math> <u>79.0</u> %</p> <p><math>i =</math> <u>0.790</u></p> <p>Area = <u>96.000</u> ac</p> <p><math>d_b =</math> _____ in</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">                 Choose One  <input checked="" type="radio"/> Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)  <input type="radio"/> Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)             </div> <p><math>V_{DESIGN} =</math> <u>2.577</u> ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN\ OTHER} =</math> _____ ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN\ USER} =</math> _____ ac-ft</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">                 Choose One  <input type="radio"/> A  <input type="radio"/> B  <input type="radio"/> C / D             </div> <p style="color: blue; font-size: small;">WQCV selected. Soil group not required.</p> <p>EURV = _____ ac-ft</p>
<p>2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio (A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)</p>	<p>L : W = <u>2.0</u> : 1</p>
<p>3. Basin Side Slopes</p> <p>A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p>Z = <u>4.00</u> ft / ft</p>
<p>4. Inlet</p> <p>A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>

**Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)**

**Designer:** Richard Schindler  
**Company:** Core Engineering Group  
**Date:** January 30, 2017  
**Project:** Carriage Meadows South  
**Location:** Pond G1/G2 Full Spectrum Forebay and WQ Outlet Design

<p>5. Forebay</p> <p>A) Minimum Forebay Volume (<math>V_{FMIN} =</math> <u>3%</u> of the WQCV)</p> <p>B) Actual Forebay Volume</p> <p>C) Forebay Depth (<math>D_F =</math> <u>30</u> inch maximum)</p> <p>D) Forebay Discharge</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow (<math>Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}</math>)</p> <p>E) Forebay Discharge Design</p> <p>F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches)</p> <p>G) Rectangular Notch Width</p>	<p><math>V_{FMIN} =</math> <u>0.077</u> ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_F =</math> <u>0.080</u> ac-ft</p> <p><math>D_F =</math> <u>26.4</u> in</p> <p><math>Q_{100} =</math> <u>301.00</u> cfs</p> <p><math>Q_F =</math> <u>6.02</u> cfs</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Berm With Pipe</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Wall with Rect. Notch</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Wall with V-Notch Weir</p> </div> <p>Calculated <math>D_p =</math> <u>        </u> in</p> <p>Calculated <math>W_N =</math> <u>11.9</u> in</p>
<p>6. Trickle Channel</p> <p>A) Type of Trickle Channel</p> <p>F) Slope of Trickle Channel</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Concrete</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Soft Bottom</p> </div> <p><math>S =</math> <u>0.0040</u> ft / ft</p>
<p>7. Micropool and Outlet Structure</p> <p>A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum)</p> <p>B) Surface Area of Micropool (10 ft<sup>2</sup> minimum)</p> <p>C) Outlet Type</p> <p>D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing (Use UD-Detention)</p> <p>E) Total Outlet Area</p>	<p><math>D_M =</math> <u>2.5</u> ft</p> <p><math>A_M =</math> <u>150</u> sq ft</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Orifice Plate</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other (Describe):</p> </div> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/> <p><math>D_{orifice} =</math> <u>4.70</u> inches</p> <p><math>A_{ot} =</math> <u>66.36</u> square inches</p>

**Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)**

**Designer:** Richard Schindler  
**Company:** Core Engineering Group  
**Date:** January 30, 2017  
**Project:** Carriage Meadows South  
**Location:** Pond G1/G2 Full Spectrum Forebay and WQ Outlet Design

<p>8. Initial Surcharge Volume</p> <p>A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches)</p> <p>B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of 0.3% of the WQCV)</p> <p>C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool</p>	<p><math>D_{IS} = </math> <u>4</u> in</p> <p><math>V_{IS} = </math> <u>336.8</u> cu ft</p> <p><math>V_s = </math> <u>50.0</u> cu ft</p>
<p>9. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: <math>A_t = A_{ot} * 38.5 * (e^{-0.095D})</math></p> <p>B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open are to the total screen are for the material specified.)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Other (Y/N): <u>N</u></p> <p>C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')</p> <p>D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)</p> <p>E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E)</p> <p>F) Height of Water Quality Screen (<math>H_{TR}</math>)</p> <p>G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening (<math>W_{opening}</math>) (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended)</p>	<p><math>A_t = </math> <u>1,635</u> square inches</p> <p><u>Aluminum Amico-Klemp SR Series with Cross Rods 4" O.C.</u></p> <hr/> <hr/> <p>User Ratio =</p> <p><math>A_{total} = </math> <u>2123</u> sq. in.</p> <p><math>H = </math> <u>3.54</u> feet</p> <p><math>H_{TR} = </math> <u>70.48</u> inches</p> <p><math>W_{opening} = </math> <u>30.1</u> inches</p>

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Designer: Richard Schindler  
Company: Core Engineering Group  
Date: January 30, 2017  
Project: Carriage Meadows South  
Location: Pond G1/G2 Full Spectrum Forebay and WQ Outlet Design

<p>10. Overflow Embankment</p> <p>A) Describe embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping:</p> <p>B) Slope of Overflow Embankment (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
<p>11. Vegetation</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Irrigated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Not Irrigated</p>
<p>12. Access</p> <p>A) Describe Sediment Removal Procedures</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
<p>Notes: _____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>	

**Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)**

**Designer:** Richard Schindler  
**Company:** Core Engineering Group  
**Date:** February 21, 2017  
**Project:** Carriage Meadows South  
**Location:** Full Spectrum Pond G3

<p>1. Basin Storage Volume</p> <p>A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, <math>I_a</math></p> <p>B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio (<math>i = I_a / 100</math>)</p> <p>C) Contributing Watershed Area</p> <p>D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm</p> <p>E) Design Concept (Select EURV when also designing for flood control)</p> <p>F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time (<math>V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * P^3 - 1.19 * P^2 + 0.78 * P) / 12 * Area)</math>)</p> <p>G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (<math>V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = (d_b * (V_{DESIGN} / 0.43))</math>)</p> <p>H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)</p> <p>I) Predominant Watershed NRCS Soil Group</p> <p>J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume                  For HSG A: <math>EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}</math>                  For HSG B: <math>EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}</math>                  For HSG C/D: <math>EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}</math> </p>	<p><math>I_a =</math> <u>65.0</u> %</p> <p><math>i =</math> <u>0.650</u></p> <p>Area = <u>6.020</u> ac</p> <p><math>d_b =</math> _____ in</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">                 Choose One  <input checked="" type="radio"/> Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)  <input type="radio"/> Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)             </div> <p><math>V_{DESIGN} =</math> <u>0.127</u> ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN\ OTHER} =</math> _____ ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN\ USER} =</math> _____ ac-ft</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">                 Choose One  <input type="radio"/> A  <input type="radio"/> B  <input type="radio"/> C / D             </div> <p style="color: blue; font-size: small;">WQCV selected. Soil group not required.</p> <p>EURV = _____ ac-ft</p>
<p>2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio (A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)</p>	<p>L : W = <u>2.0</u> : 1</p>
<p>3. Basin Side Slopes</p> <p>A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p>Z = <u>3.00</u> ft / ft  <span style="color: red; font-weight: bold; font-size: small;">DIFFICULT TO MAINTAIN, INCREASE WHERE POSSIBLE</span></p>
<p>4. Inlet</p> <p>A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>

**Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)**

**Designer:** Richard Schindler  
**Company:** Core Engineering Group  
**Date:** February 21, 2017  
**Project:** Carriage Meadows South  
**Location:** Full Spectrum Pond G3

<p>5. Forebay</p> <p>A) Minimum Forebay Volume (<math>V_{FMIN} = \underline{2\%}</math> of the WQCV)</p> <p>B) Actual Forebay Volume</p> <p>C) Forebay Depth (<math>D_F = \underline{18}</math> inch maximum)</p> <p>D) Forebay Discharge</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow (<math>Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}</math>)</p> <p>E) Forebay Discharge Design</p> <p>F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches)</p> <p>G) Rectangular Notch Width</p>	<p><math>V_{FMIN} = \underline{0.003}</math> ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_F = \underline{0.003}</math> ac-ft</p> <p><math>D_F = \underline{18.0}</math> in</p> <p><math>Q_{100} = \underline{22.00}</math> cfs</p> <p><math>Q_F = \underline{0.44}</math> cfs</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Berm With Pipe</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Wall with Rect. Notch</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Wall with V-Notch Weir</p> </div> <p style="color: blue; font-size: small;">(flow too small for berm w/ pipe)</p> <p>Calculated <math>D_p = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> in</p> <p>Calculated <math>W_N = \underline{4.5}</math> in</p>
<p>6. Trickle Channel</p> <p>A) Type of Trickle Channel</p> <p>F) Slope of Trickle Channel</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Concrete</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Soft Bottom</p> </div> <p><math>S = \underline{0.0040}</math> ft / ft</p>
<p>7. Micropool and Outlet Structure</p> <p>A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum)</p> <p>B) Surface Area of Micropool (10 ft<sup>2</sup> minimum)</p> <p>C) Outlet Type</p> <p>D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing (Use UD-Detention)</p> <p>E) Total Outlet Area</p>	<p><math>D_M = \underline{2.5}</math> ft</p> <p><math>A_M = \underline{48}</math> sq ft</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Orifice Plate</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other (Describe):</p> </div> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/> <p><math>D_{\text{orifice}} = \underline{0.88}</math> inches</p> <p><math>A_{\text{ot}} = \underline{1.95}</math> square inches</p>

**Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)**

**Designer:** Richard Schindler  
**Company:** Core Engineering Group  
**Date:** February 21, 2017  
**Project:** Carriage Meadows South  
**Location:** Full Spectrum Pond G3

<p>8. Initial Surcharge Volume</p> <p>A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches)</p> <p>B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of 0.3% of the WQCV)</p> <p>C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool</p>	<p><math>D_{IS} = </math> <u>4</u> in</p> <p><math>V_{IS} = </math> <u>          </u> cu ft</p> <p><math>V_s = </math> <u>16.0</u> cu ft</p>
<p>9. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: <math>A_t = A_{ot} * 38.5 * (e^{-0.095D})</math></p> <p>B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open are to the total screen are for the material specified.)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Other (Y/N): <u>N</u></p> <p>C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')</p> <p>D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)</p> <p>E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E)</p> <p>F) Height of Water Quality Screen (<math>H_{TR}</math>)</p> <p>G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening (<math>W_{opening}</math>) (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended)</p>	<p><math>A_t = </math> <u>69</u> square inches</p> <p><u>S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area</u></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>User Ratio =</p> <p><math>A_{total} = </math> <u>115</u> sq. in.</p> <p><math>H = </math> <u>2.2</u> feet</p> <p><math>H_{TR} = </math> <u>54.4</u> inches</p> <p><math>W_{opening} = </math> <u>12.0</u> inches</p>

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Designer: Richard Schindler  
Company: Core Engineering Group  
Date: February 21, 2017  
Project: Carriage Meadows South  
Location: Full Spectrum Pond G3

<p>10. Overflow Embankment</p> <p>A) Describe embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping:</p> <p>B) Slope of Overflow Embankment (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
<p>11. Vegetation</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Irrigated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Not Irrigated</p>
<p>12. Access</p> <p>A) Describe Sediment Removal Procedures</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
<p>Notes: _____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>	

# Weir Report

## Pond G2 forebay 24-inch RCP with 5-inch wide drain notch

### Rectangular Weir

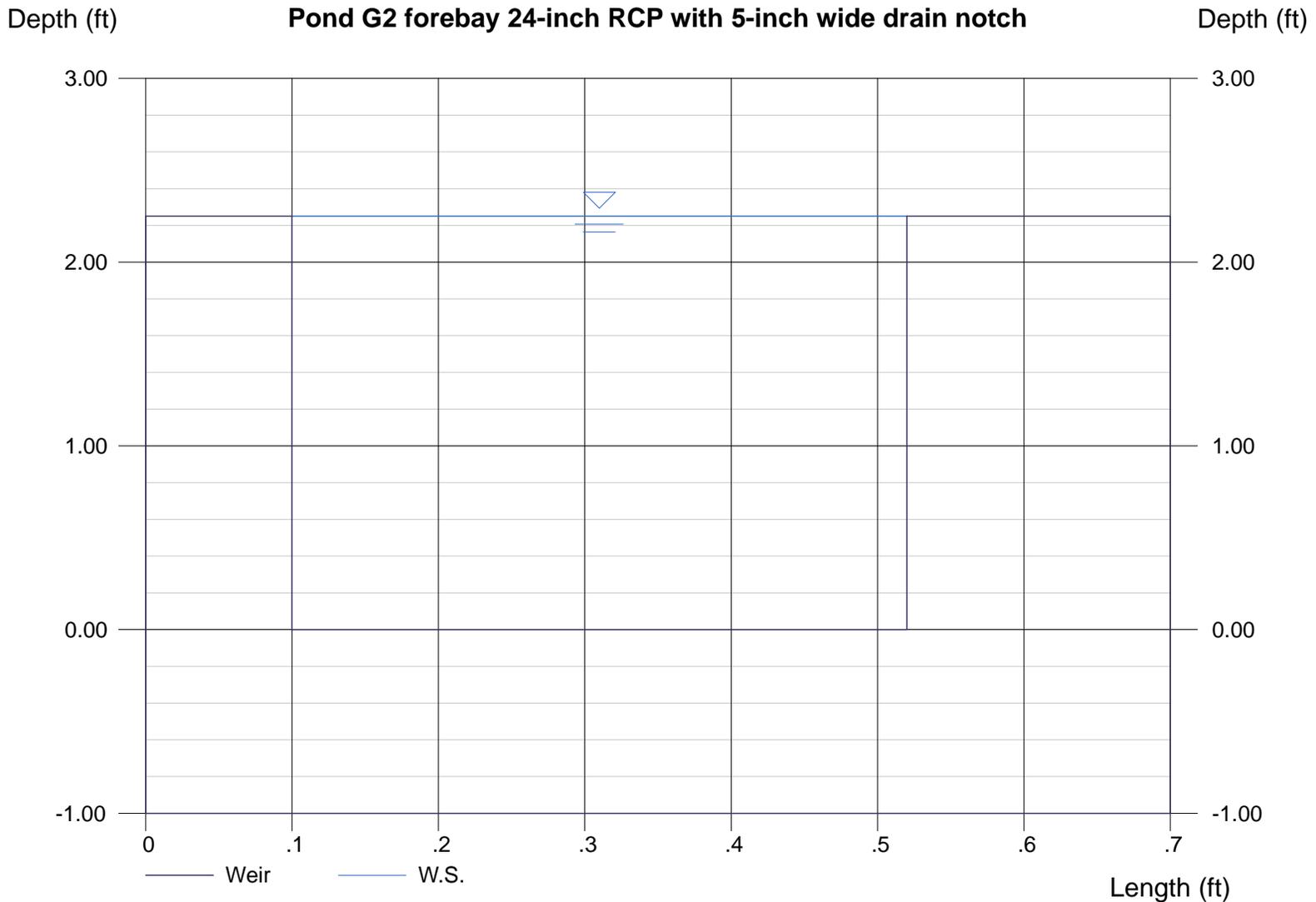
Crest = Sharp  
Bottom Length (ft) = 0.42  
Total Depth (ft) = 2.25

### Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 2.25  
Q (cfs) = 4.720  
Area (sqft) = 0.95  
Velocity (ft/s) = 5.00  
Top Width (ft) = 0.42

### Calculations

Weir Coeff. Cw = 3.33  
Compute by: Known Depth  
Known Depth (ft) = 2.25



# Channel Report

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Thursday, Jan 26 2017, 5:45 PM

## Pond G2 low flow channel from 24-inch RCP

### Rectangular

Bottom Width (ft) = 4.00

Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00

Slope (%) = 0.40

N-Value = 0.013

### Calculations

Compute by: Q vs Depth

No. Increments = 10

### Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.50

Q (cfs) = 7.847

Area (sqft) = 2.00

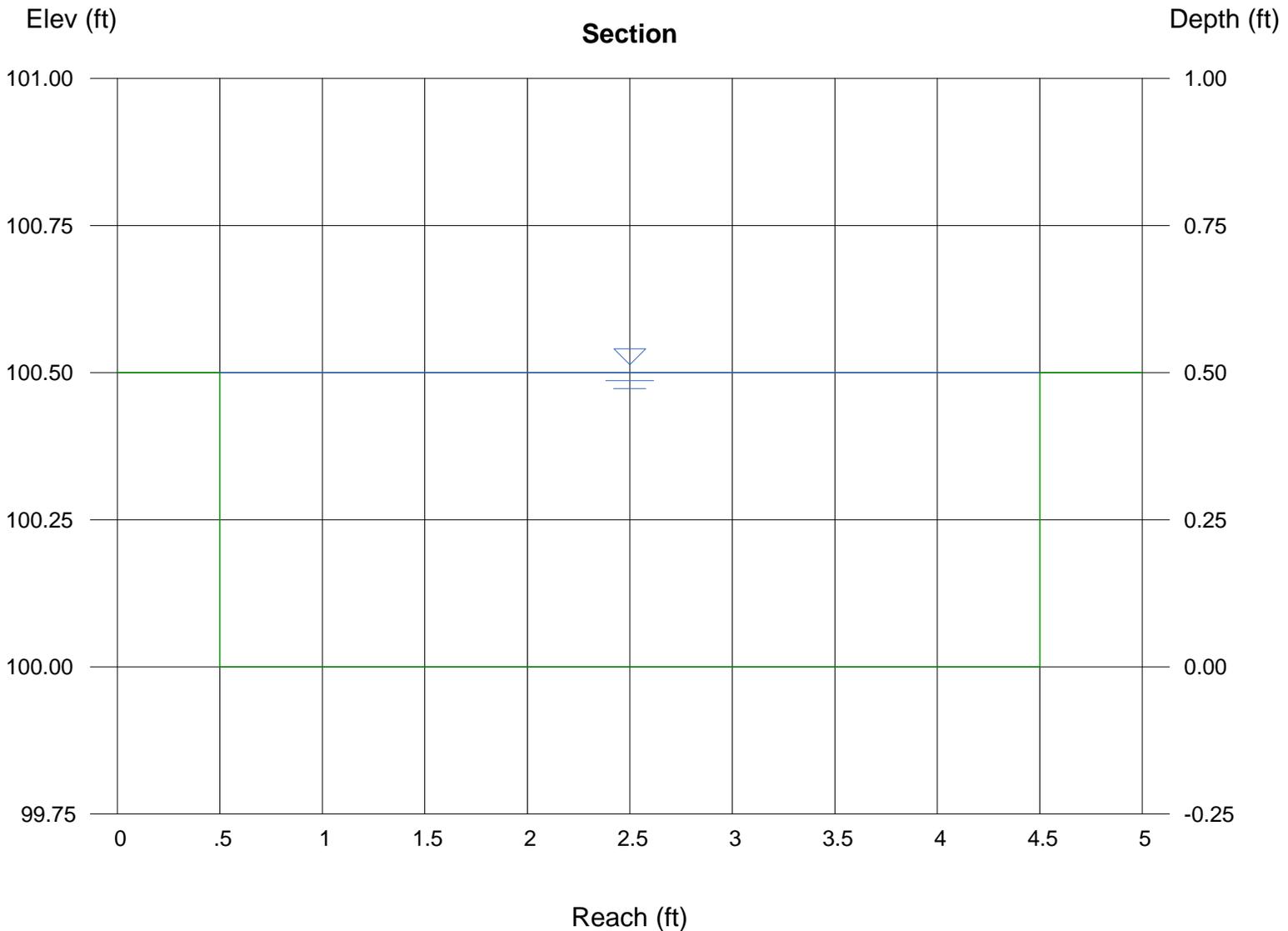
Velocity (ft/s) = 3.92

Wetted Perim (ft) = 5.00

Crit Depth,  $Y_c$  (ft) = 0.45

Top Width (ft) = 4.00

EGL (ft) = 0.74



# Channel Report

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Friday, Jan 27 2017, 7:41 AM

## Pond G2 low flow channel from 48-inch RCP

### Rectangular

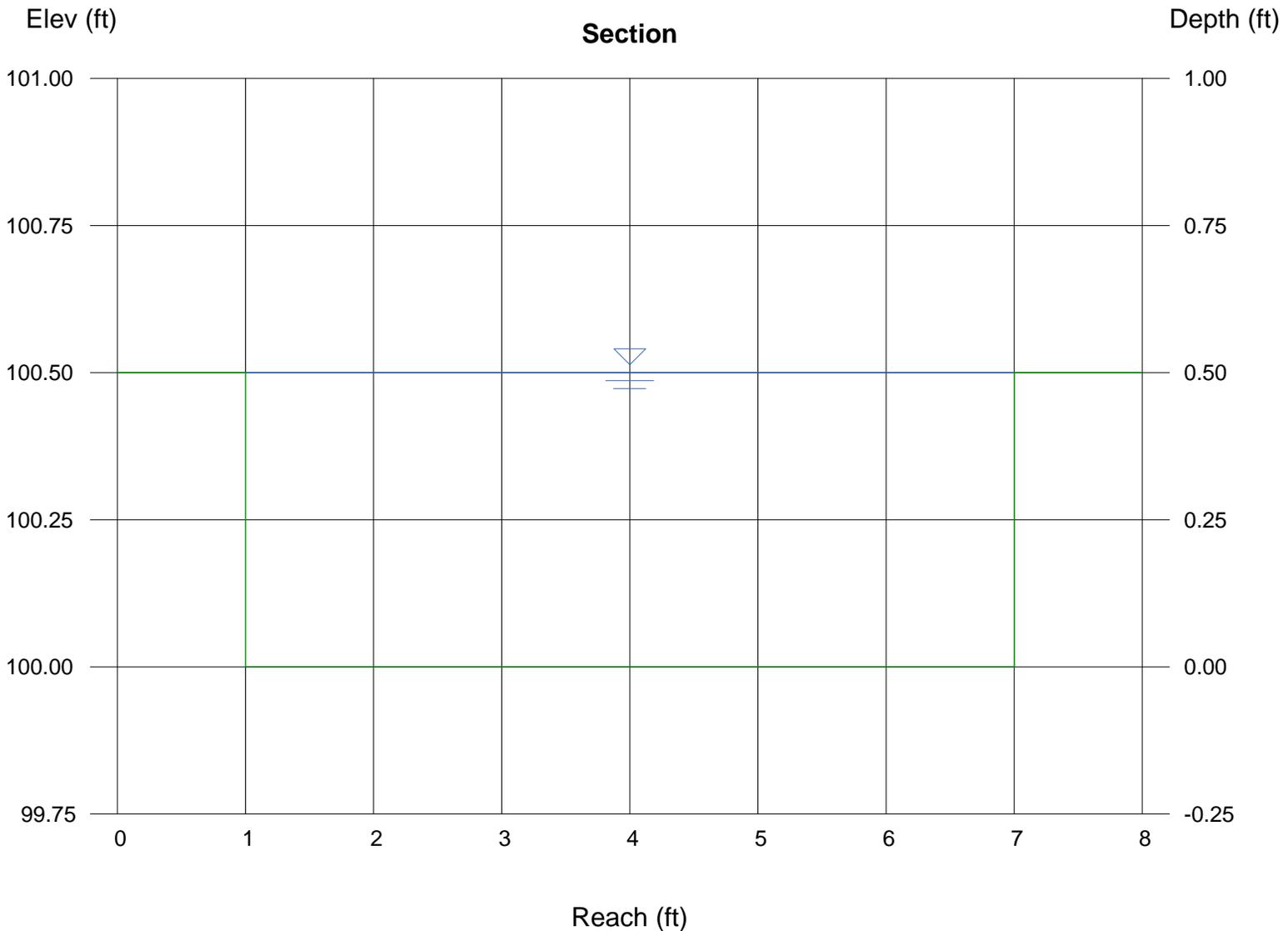
Bottom Width (ft) = 6.00  
Total Depth (ft) = 0.50  
  
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00  
Slope (%) = 0.40  
N-Value = 0.013

### Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.50  
Q (cfs) = 12.32  
Area (sqft) = 3.00  
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.11  
Wetted Perim (ft) = 7.00  
Crit Depth,  $Y_c$  (ft) = 0.50  
Top Width (ft) = 6.00  
EGL (ft) = 0.76

### Calculations

Compute by: Known Depth  
Known Depth (ft) = 0.50



# Channel Report

Hydraflow Express by Intelisolve

Friday, Jan 27 2017, 7:42 AM

## Pond G2 low flow channel

### Rectangular

Bottom Width (ft) = 8.00  
Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

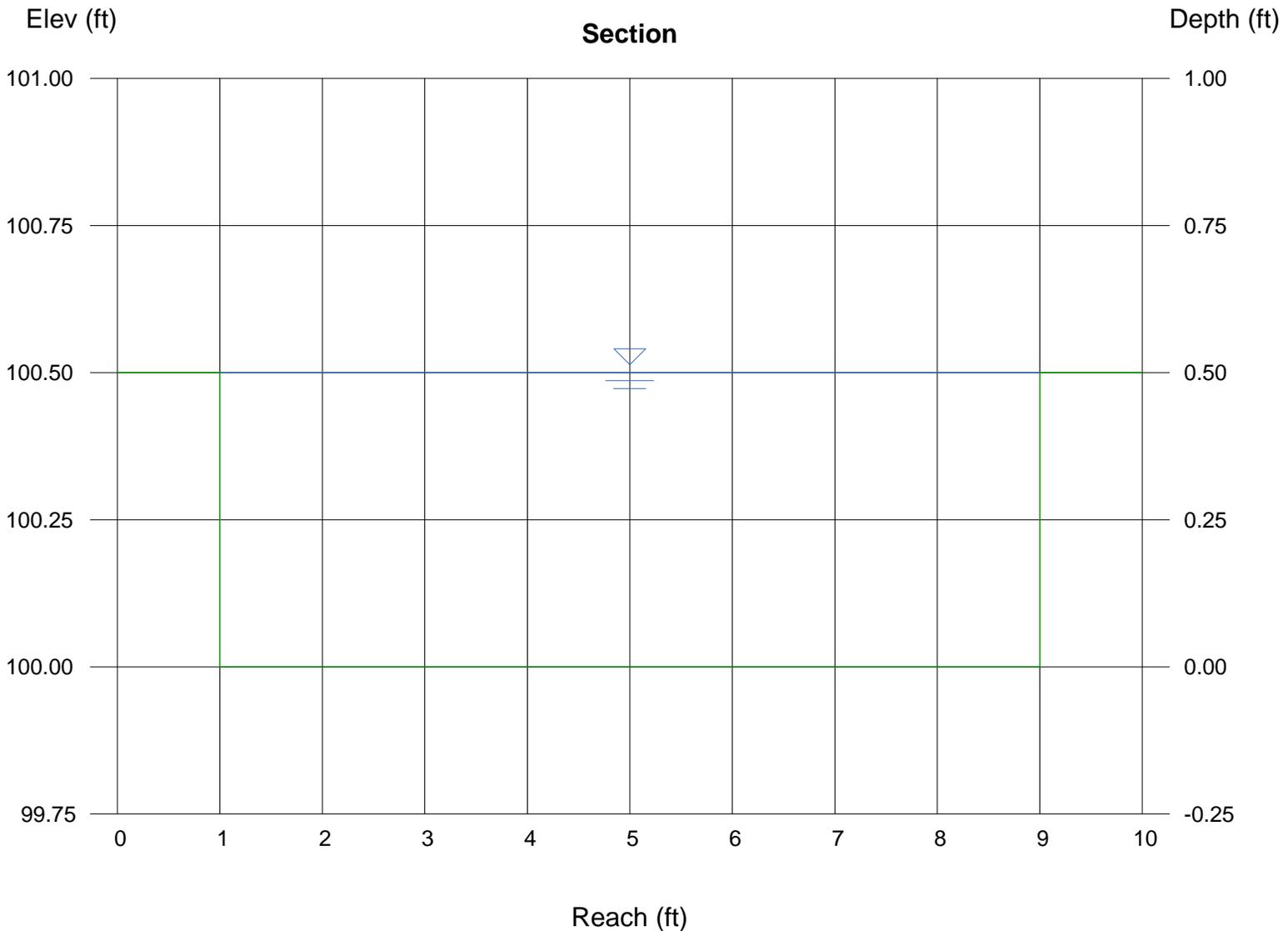
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00  
Slope (%) = 0.40  
N-Value = 0.013

### Calculations

Compute by: Known Depth  
Known Depth (ft) = 0.50

### Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.50  
Q (cfs) = 16.84  
Area (sqft) = 4.00  
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.21  
Wetted Perim (ft) = 9.00  
Crit Depth,  $Y_c$  (ft) = 0.50  
Top Width (ft) = 8.00  
EGL (ft) = 0.78



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**APPENDIX E- STORM SEWER SCHEMATIC**

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# Memo

Date: Friday, March 11, 2016

Project: Marksheffel Road South

To: Dennis Barron, El Paso County

From: Matthew Johnson, HDR Elizabeth Staten, HDR

Subject: 3/11/16 Marksheffel Road South Revisions

This memo serves as a supplement to the August 2015 Marksheffel Road South Final Drainage Report, stamped 8/26/2015, to document changes to the hydraulic design and supporting calculations from the 3/11/16 revisions.

The following plan sheets are affected as part of the revisions:

- D-10a
- D-14
- D-16
- D-18
- D-43
- D-50
- D-58
- D-59

For all revisions see attached calculations.

The changes to the design include the addition of three approach culverts used to convey ditch flow underneath roadway bump outs. The roadway bump outs were added to provide utility manhole access. The approach culverts are all 24" RCP with riprap outlet protection.

Two sand filters are shifted to accommodate access road changes. The affected sand filters are SF 125L and SF 178R. These sand filters are moved downstream so they will still have the ability to treat the required tributary area. Since the shift is downstream there are no required changes to the sand filter's water quality capture volume. Any excess runoff will bypass the sand filters and treatment will still be provided for at the downstream sand filters.

The driveway at station 150+00 LT is shifted to the north and the culvert at the driveway is shifted as well. The shift causes the culvert length to increase and the slope to increase. This culvert has conveyance capacity and significant downstream erosion protection so hydraulics were not performed for these minor changes.



The driveways from station 177+00 LT to 178+50 LT are shifted to the south. Both culverts used to convey runoff under these driveways are shifted and lengths and widths adjusted as appropriate.

The culvert under the access road at station 177+00 RT is upsized from a single 24" RCP to a double 24" RCP. This change is taking place due to updated basin delineation provided by an adjacent developer that estimates a 100-year peak flow of 28.6 cfs at this location. The double 24" RCP will accommodate this flow. Similarly the culvert at 168+00 RT is upsized to a double 24" RCP to accommodate the additional expected runoff.

The culvert CV618 is extended 6 feet at the previous slope of 0.50%. This shift removes the conditions where the toe wall is above a water utility. There is more than 3 feet of vertical clearance from the bottom of culvert to the top of the water utility. Hydraulic calculations are not computed for the change in length since the friction loss for the additional 6 feet of culvert is considered negligible.

The ditch just north of the future Mesa Ridge is changed from a trapezoidal ditch section to a triangular ditch section. This occurs from approximately station 130+00 LT to 140+00 LT. This ditch section is part of basin 103L and is evaluated with the full flow from that basin. The new ditch section has 2:1 side-slopes and a depth of 1.50 feet.

The ditch just south of Fontaine Boulevard on the east is changed from a trapezoidal ditch section to a triangular ditch section. This occurs from approximately station 200+00 RT to 205+00 RT. This ditch section is part of basin 178R and is evaluated with the full flow from that basin. The new ditch section has 2:1 side-slopes and a depth of 1.50 feet.

See the Table below for a summary of changes to pipe quantities.

<b>Pipe ID</b>	<b>Previous Size</b>	<b>Previous Length (LF)</b>	<b>Updated Size</b>	<b>Updated Length (LF)</b>
CV117	-	-	24"	88
CV121	-	-	24"	103
CV125	-	-	24"	125
CV150	6x2 CBC	35	-	38
CV168	18"	66	2-24"	55
CV177R	24"	39	2-24"	-
CV177	2-36"	77	-	100
CV178L	2-36"	26	-	-
CV618	5x2 CBC	112	-	118

## Runoff Coefficients

Corridor / Design Package: Marksheffel  
 System Name: South Approach Pipes

Computed: MAJ Date: 3/5/2016  
 Checked: EVS Date:

Sub-Basin Data			Composite C		Sub Area (Pavement)			Sub Area (Pervious)		
Basin ID	Description	Total Area (ac)	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	Area (ac)	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	Area (ac)
<b>ZONE 3</b>										
CV233	Onsite flow from 233+00 to 246+00	2.37	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	2.37	0.25	0.35	0.00
P205	Onsite flow from 207+60 to 212+00	0.44	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	0.44	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV205	Onsite flow from 205+00 to 212+00	0.84	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	0.84	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV195	Onsite flow from 195+00 to 205+00	1.68	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	1.68	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV194	Onsite flow from 194+00 to 205+00	1.79	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	1.79	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV192	Onsite flow from 192+00 to 205+00	1.99	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	1.99	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV177R	Onsite & Offsite flow from 177+00 to 205+00	5.51	0.64	0.71	0.90	0.95	3.32	0.25	0.35	2.19
CV168	Onsite flow from 168+00 to 179+00	0.95	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	0.95	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV152	Onsite flow from 152+00 to 177+00	2.49	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	2.49	0.25	0.35	0.00
<b>ZONE 4</b>										
CV125	Onsite flow from 125+00 to 148+00	2.95	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	2.95	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV121	Onsite flow from 121+00 to 148+00	3.31	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	3.31	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV117	Onsite flow from 117+00 to 148+00	3.85	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	3.85	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV112	Onsite flow from 112+00 to 114+00	0.18	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	0.18	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV109	Onsite flow from 109+00 to 114+00	0.27	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	0.27	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV106	Onsite flow from 106+00 to 114+00	0.40	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	0.40	0.25	0.35	0.00
CV99	Onsite flow from 99+00 to 103+00	0.20	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.95	0.20	0.25	0.35	0.00

**Standard Form SF-1 . Time of Concentration**

Corridor / Design Package: Marksheffel  
 System Name: South Approach Pipes

Computed: MAJ Date: 3/5/2016  
 Checked: EVS Date:

SUB-BASIN DATA				INITIAL/OVERLAND FLOW ( $t_i$ )			TRAVEL TIME ( $t_t$ )						Total	
Basin ID	Description	$C_s$	Area (ac)	Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	$t_i$ (min)	Length (ft)	$S_w$ (ft/ft)	Type of Land Surface			Velocity (ft/s)	Travel Time (min)	$t_c = t_i + t_t$ (min)
									Code	Description	Convey Coef ( $C_v$ )			
<b>ZONE 3</b>														
CV233	Onsite flow from 233+00 to 246+00	0.90	2.37	96	0.05208	2.13	1180	0.0288	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	2.55	7.72	9.85
P205	Onsite flow from 207+60 to 212+00	0.90	0.44	57	0.07018	1.48	453	0.01044	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.53	4.93	6.41
CV205	Onsite flow from 205+00 to 212+00	0.90	0.84	61	0.06557	1.57	660	0.01045	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.53	7.17	8.74
CV195	Onsite flow from 195+00 to 205+00	0.90	1.68	70	0.05714	1.75	1170	0.0120	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.64	11.88	13.63
CV194	Onsite flow from 194+00 to 205+00	0.90	1.79	70	0.05714	1.76	1280	0.01172	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.62	13.14	14.90
CV192	Onsite flow from 192+00 to 205+00	0.90	1.99	70	0.05714	1.76	1490	0.01208	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.65	15.06	16.82
CV177R	Onsite & Offsite flow from 177+00 to 205+00	0.64	5.51	54	0.07407	3.25	2865	0.00999	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.50	31.86	35.11
CV168	Onsite flow from 168+00 to 179+00	0.90	0.95	58	0.05172	1.66	978	0.00511	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.07	15.20	16.85
CV152	Onsite flow from 152+00 to 177+00	0.90	2.49	53	0.0566	1.54	2600	0.00527	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.09	39.80	41.33
<b>ZONE 4</b>														
CV125	Onsite flow from 125+00 to 148+00	0.90	2.95	100	0.06	2.07	4386	0.00876	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.40	52.06	54.13
CV121	Onsite flow from 121+00 to 148+00	0.90	3.31	100	0.06	2.07	4386	0.00876	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.40	52.06	54.13
CV117	Onsite flow from 117+00 to 148+00	0.90	3.85	100	0.06	2.07	4386	0.00876	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.40	52.06	54.13
CV112	Onsite flow from 112+00 to 114+00	0.90	0.18	39	0.07692	1.19	262	0.01145	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.61	2.72	5.00
CV109	Onsite flow from 109+00 to 114+00	0.90	0.27	39	0.07692	1.19	492	0.01016	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.51	5.42	6.61
CV106	Onsite flow from 106+00 to 114+00	0.90	0.40	37	0.08108	1.14	677	0.01034	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.53	7.40	8.54
CV99	Onsite flow from 99+00 to 103+00	0.90	0.20	39	0.10256	1.08	330	0.00909	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.43	3.85	5.00

Notes:

$t_i = (1.87 * (1.1 - C_s) * (L^{0.5})) / (S^{0.33})$ , from COS DCM page 5-11

Velocity from  $V = C_s * S_w^{0.5}$ , from UDFCD Eqn RO-4, C, from Table RO-2 (See Sheet Design Info)

$t_t = L / 60V$

**Standard Form SF-2 . Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Corridor / Design Package: Marksheffel  
 System Name: South Approach Pipes

Computed: MAJ Date: 3/5/2016  
 Checked: EVS Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Design Storm: 5-yr

LOCATION	DESIGN POINT	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE		TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS	
		AREA DESIGN (name)	AREA (AC)	RUNOFF COEFF	t <sub>c</sub> (MIN)	C.A. (AC)	I IN / HR	Q (CFS)	t <sub>c</sub> (MIN)	SUM (C*A) (AC)	I (IN / HR)	Q (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	STREET FLOW (CFS)	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	PIPE SIZE	LENGTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FPS)		t <sub>t</sub> (MIN)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
<b>ZONE 3</b>																					
1	Onsite flow from 233+00 to 246+00	CV233	2.37	0.90	9.85	2.13	2.79	5.95													
2	Onsite flow from 207+60 to 212+00	P205	0.44	0.90	6.41	0.40	3.36	1.33													
3	Onsite flow from 205+00 to 212+00	CV205	0.84	0.90	8.74	0.76	2.98	2.25													
4	Onsite flow from 195+00 to 205+00	CV195	1.68	0.90	13.63	1.51	2.31	3.49													
5	Onsite flow from 194+00 to 205+00	CV194	1.79	0.90	14.90	1.61	2.22	3.58													
6	Onsite flow from 192+00 to 205+00	CV192	1.99	0.90	16.82	1.79	2.08	3.73													
7	Onsite & Offsite flow from 177+00 to 205+00	CV177R	5.51	0.64	35.11	3.54	1.48	5.23													
8	Onsite flow from 168+00 to 179+00	CV168	0.95	0.90	16.85	0.86	2.08	1.78													
9	Onsite flow from 152+00 to 177+00	CV152	2.49	0.90	41.33	2.24	1.36	3.05													
<b>ZONE 4</b>																					
10	Onsite flow from 112+00 to 114+00	CV112	0.18	0.90	5.00	0.17	3.55	0.59													
11	Onsite flow from 109+00 to 114+00	CV109	0.27	0.90	6.61	0.24	3.36	0.82													
12	Onsite flow from 106+00 to 114+00	CV106	0.40	0.90	8.54	0.36	2.98	1.07													
13	Onsite flow from 99+00 to 103+00	CV99	0.20	0.90	5.00	0.18	3.55	0.62													

Design Storm: 100-yr

LOCATION	DESIGN POINT	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE		TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS	
		AREA DESIGN	AREA (AC)	RUNOFF COEFF	t <sub>c</sub> (MIN)	C.A. (AC)	I IN / HR	Q (CFS)	t <sub>c</sub> (MIN)	SUM (C*A) (AC)	I (IN / HR)	Q (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	STREET FLOW (CFS)	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	PIPE SIZE	LENGTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FPS)		t <sub>t</sub> (MIN)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
<b>ZONE 3</b>																					
1	Onsite flow from 233+00 to 246+00	CV233	2.37	0.95	9.85	2.25	7.49	16.87													
2	Onsite flow from 207+60 to 212+00	P205	0.44	0.95	6.41	0.42	9.02	3.77													
3	Onsite flow from 205+00 to 212+00	CV205	0.84	0.95	8.74	0.80	8.00	6.38													
4	Onsite flow from 195+00 to 205+00	CV195	1.68	0.95	13.63	1.59	6.19	9.87													
5	Onsite flow from 194+00 to 205+00	CV194	1.79	0.95	14.90	1.70	5.93	10.08													
6	Onsite flow from 192+00 to 205+00	CV192	1.99	0.95	16.82	1.89	5.57	10.53													
7	Onsite & Offsite flow from 177+00 to 205+00	CV177R	5.51	0.71	35.11	3.92	3.96	15.53													
8	Onsite flow from 168+00 to 179+00	CV168	0.95	0.95	16.85	0.90	5.57	5.03													
9	Onsite flow from 152+00 to 177+00	CV152	2.49	0.95	41.33	2.37	3.67	8.68													
<b>ZONE 4</b>																					
	Onsite flow from 125+00 to 148+00	CV125	2.95	0.95	54.13	2.80	3.05	8.55													
	Onsite flow from 121+00 to 148+00	CV121	3.31	0.95	54.13	3.14	3.05	9.59													
	Onsite flow from 117+00 to 148+00	CV117	3.85	0.95	54.13	3.66	3.05	11.16													
10	Onsite flow from 112+00 to 114+00	CV112	0.18	0.95	5.00	0.18	9.53	1.67													See TR-55 Peak Flow
11	Onsite flow from 109+00 to 114+00	CV109	0.27	0.95	6.61	0.26	9.02	2.31													
12	Onsite flow from 106+00 to 114+00	CV106	0.40	0.95	8.54	0.38	8.00	3.04													
13	Onsite flow from 99+00 to 103+00	CV99	0.20	0.95	5.00	0.19	9.53	1.77													

(1) Basin Description linked to C-Value Sheet  
 (2) Basin Design Point  
 (3) Enter the Basin Name from C Value Sheet  
 (4) Basin Area linked to C-Value Sheet  
 (5) Composite C linked to C-Value Sheet  
 (6) Time of Concentration linked to C-Value Sheet

(7) =Column 4 x Column 5  
 (8) =28.5\*P/(10+Column 6)^0.786  
 (9) =Column 7 x Column 8  
 (10) =Column 6 + Column 21  
 (11) Add the Basin Areas (7) to get the combined basin AC  
 (12) =28.5\*P/(10+Column 10)^0.786

(13) Sum of Qs  
 (14) Additional Street Overland Flow  
 (15) Additional Street Overland Flow  
 (16) Design Pipe Flow  
 (17) Pipe Slope  
 (18) Pipe Size

(19) Additional Flow Length  
 (20) Velocity  
 (21) =Column 19 / Column 20 / 60

# Culvert Calculator Report

## CV117

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary			
Allowable HW Elevation	5,647.78 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	0.90
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,646.58 ft	Discharge	11.16 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,646.51 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,644.14 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,646.58 ft	Control Type	Entrance Control

---

Grades			
Upstream Invert	5,644.78 ft	Downstream Invert	5,644.14 ft
Length	88.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.007273 ft/ft

---

Hydraulic Profile			
Profile	S2	Depth, Downstream	1.09 ft
Slope Type	Steep	Normal Depth	1.09 ft
Flow Regime	Supercritical	Critical Depth	1.20 ft
Velocity Downstream	6.36 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.005417 ft/ft

---

Section			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	2.00 ft
Section Size	24 inch	Rise	2.00 ft
Number Sections	1		

---

Outlet Control Properties			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,646.58 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.50 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.10 ft

---

Inlet Control Properties			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,646.51 ft	Flow Control	N/A
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	3.1 ft <sup>2</sup>
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

# Culvert Calculator Report

## CV121

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary			
Allowable HW Elevation	5,650.77 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	0.82
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,649.44 ft	Discharge	9.59 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,649.36 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,647.01 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,649.44 ft	Control Type	Entrance Control

Grades			
Upstream Invert	5,647.79 ft	Downstream Invert	5,647.01 ft
Length	103.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.007573 ft/ft

Hydraulic Profile			
Profile	S2	Depth, Downstream	0.98 ft
Slope Type	Steep	Normal Depth	0.98 ft
Flow Regime	Supercritical	Critical Depth	1.11 ft
Velocity Downstream	6.23 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.005132 ft/ft

Section			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	2.00 ft
Section Size	24 inch	Rise	2.00 ft
Number Sections	1		

Outlet Control Properties			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,649.44 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.45 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.09 ft

Inlet Control Properties			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,649.36 ft	Flow Control	N/A
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	3.1 ft <sup>2</sup>
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

# Culvert Calculator Report

## CV125

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary			
Allowable HW Elevation	5,654.11 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	0.77
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,652.54 ft	Discharge	8.55 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,652.47 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,650.07 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,652.54 ft	Control Type	Entrance Control
Grades			
Upstream Invert	5,651.00 ft	Downstream Invert	5,650.07 ft
Length	125.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.007440 ft/ft
Hydraulic Profile			
Profile	S2	Depth, Downstream	0.93 ft
Slope Type	Steep	Normal Depth	0.93 ft
Flow Regime	Supercritical	Critical Depth	1.04 ft
Velocity Downstream	6.01 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.004968 ft/ft
Section			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	2.00 ft
Section Size	24 inch	Rise	2.00 ft
Number Sections	1		
Outlet Control Properties			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,652.54 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.41 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.08 ft
Inlet Control Properties			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,652.47 ft	Flow Control	N/A
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	3.1 ft <sup>2</sup>
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

# Culvert Calculator Report

## CV168

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary			
Allowable HW Elevation	5,683.94 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.19
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,683.18 ft	Discharge	33.60 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,683.11 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,680.54 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,683.18 ft	Control Type	Outlet Control
Grades			
Upstream Invert	5,680.80 ft	Downstream Invert	5,680.54 ft
Length	66.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.003939 ft/ft
Hydraulic Profile			
Profile	M2	Depth, Downstream	1.48 ft
Slope Type	Mild	Normal Depth	N/A ft
Flow Regime	Subcritical	Critical Depth	1.48 ft
Velocity Downstream	6.75 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.006871 ft/ft
Section			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	2.00 ft
Section Size	24 inch	Rise	2.00 ft
Number Sections	2		
Outlet Control Properties			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,683.18 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.51 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.10 ft
Inlet Control Properties			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,683.11 ft	Flow Control	Transition
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	6.3 ft <sup>2</sup>
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

# Culvert Calculator Report

## CV177

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary			
Allowable HW Elevation	5,688.70 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.12
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,688.43 ft	Discharge	87.06 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.36 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,684.52 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.43 ft	Control Type	Entrance Control

Grades			
Upstream Invert	5,685.08 ft	Downstream Invert	5,684.40 ft
Length	100.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.006800 ft/ft

Hydraulic Profile			
Profile	S2	Depth, Downstream	2.01 ft
Slope Type	Steep	Normal Depth	2.01 ft
Flow Regime	Supercritical	Critical Depth	2.15 ft
Velocity Downstream	8.63 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.005723 ft/ft

Section			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	3.00 ft
Section Size	36 inch	Rise	3.00 ft
Number Sections	2		

Outlet Control Properties			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.43 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	1.00 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.20 ft

Inlet Control Properties			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.36 ft	Flow Control	Transition
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	14.1 ft <sup>2</sup>
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

# Culvert Calculator Report

## CV177R

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary			
Allowable HW Elevation	5,689.14 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.07
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,687.56 ft	Discharge	28.60 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,687.47 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,685.32 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,687.56 ft	Control Type	Outlet Control

Grades			
Upstream Invert	5,685.43 ft	Downstream Invert	5,685.32 ft
Length	39.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.002821 ft/ft

Hydraulic Profile			
Profile	M2	Depth, Downstream	1.36 ft
Slope Type	Mild	Normal Depth	N/A ft
Flow Regime	Subcritical	Critical Depth	1.36 ft
Velocity Downstream	6.27 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.006130 ft/ft

Section			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	2.00 ft
Section Size	24 inch	Rise	2.00 ft
Number Sections	2		

Outlet Control Properties			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,687.56 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.43 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.09 ft

Inlet Control Properties			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,687.47 ft	Flow Control	Unsubmerged
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	6.3 ft <sup>2</sup>
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

# Culvert Calculator Report CV178L

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary			
Allowable HW Elevation	5,690.19 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.12
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,688.90 ft	Discharge	87.06 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.83 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,685.38 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.90 ft	Control Type	Outlet Control
Grades			
Upstream Invert	5,685.55 ft	Downstream Invert	5,685.45 ft
Length	26.00 ft	Constructed Slope	0.003846 ft/ft
Hydraulic Profile			
Profile	M2	Depth, Downstream	2.15 ft
Slope Type	Mild	Normal Depth	2.63 ft
Flow Regime	Subcritical	Critical Depth	2.15 ft
Velocity Downstream	8.03 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.005723 ft/ft
Section			
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	3.00 ft
Section Size	36 inch	Rise	3.00 ft
Number Sections	2		
Outlet Control Properties			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.90 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.84 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.17 ft
Inlet Control Properties			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.83 ft	Flow Control	Transition
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	14.1 ft <sup>2</sup>
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

# Ditch Worksheet for 103L

## Project Description

Friction Method                      Manning Formula  
Solve For                                Normal Depth

## Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.030	
Channel Slope	0.00750	ft/ft
Left Side Slope	2.00	ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	2.00	ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	0.00	ft
Discharge	13.47	ft <sup>3</sup> /s

## Results

Normal Depth	1.45	ft
Flow Area	4.19	ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	6.48	ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.65	ft
Top Width	5.79	ft
Critical Depth	1.23	ft
Critical Slope	0.01789	ft/ft
Velocity	3.21	ft/s
Velocity Head	0.16	ft
Specific Energy	1.61	ft
Froude Number	0.67	
Flow Type	Subcritical	

## GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

## GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	1.45	ft
Critical Depth	1.23	ft
Channel Slope	0.00750	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.01789	ft/ft

## Messages

Notes

## Worksheet for 178R

### Project Description

Friction Method                      Manning Formula  
Solve For                              Normal Depth

### Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.030	
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Left Side Slope	2.00	ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	2.00	ft/ft (H:V)
Discharge	12.81	ft <sup>3</sup> /s

### Results

Normal Depth	1.35	ft
Flow Area	3.63	ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	6.02	ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.60	ft
Top Width	5.39	ft
Critical Depth	1.21	ft
Critical Slope	0.01801	ft/ft
Velocity	3.53	ft/s
Velocity Head	0.19	ft
Specific Energy	1.54	ft
Froude Number	0.76	
Flow Type	Subcritical	

### GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

### GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	1.35	ft
Critical Depth	1.21	ft
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.01801	ft/ft

Instructions: Refer to Section 3.4.3.2 of Vol 2 in UD Manual. Enter values in blue cells. Green cells are calculated.

**Outlet Pipe Information:**

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Type of Pipe: Circular  
Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

**Riprap Size:**

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---

Velocity = 6.36 ft/s <sup>(1)</sup>  
Design Depth, d = 1.09 ft <sup>(2)</sup>  
Gravity, g = 32.2 ft/s<sup>2</sup>

Eqn: HS-16e

$P_d = 8.69$  ft/s

Use Figure HS-20c to find the size and type of riprap to use in the outlet protection basin.

Riprap Selection: Type L  
Riprap Diameter,  $D_{50} = 9$  inches

**Riprap Minimum Thickness:**

---

---

Eqn: HS-17

Thickness, T = 1.31 ft

**Basin Dimensions:**

---

---

Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

Length is defined as being the greater of the following:

$L = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-18  
 $L = (D)^{0.5}(V/2) = 4.50$  ft Eqn: HS-19  
 $L = 8$  ft

Width:

w = width of box culvert  
 $W = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-20 or HS-21

Cutoff Wall:

$B = 2.31$  ft Eqn: HS-22

(1) Obtain Velocity from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

(2) Obtain flow depth from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

Instructions: Refer to Section 3.4.3.2 of Vol 2 in UD Manual. Enter values in blue cells. Green cells are calculated.

**Outlet Pipe Information:**

---

---

Type of Pipe: Circular  
Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

**Riprap Size:**

---

---

Velocity = 6.23 ft/s <sup>(1)</sup>  
Design Depth, d = 0.98 ft <sup>(2)</sup>  
Gravity, g = 32.2 ft/s<sup>2</sup>

Eqn: HS-16e

$P_d = 8.39$  ft/s

Use Figure HS-20c to find the size and type of riprap to use in the outlet protection basin.

Riprap Selection: Type L  
Riprap Diameter,  $D_{50} = 9$  inches

**Riprap Minimum Thickness:**

---

---

Eqn: HS-17

Thickness, T = 1.31 ft

**Basin Dimensions:**

---

---

Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

Length is defined as being the greater of the following:

$L = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-18  
 $L = (D)^{0.5}(V/2) = 4.41$  ft Eqn: HS-19  
 $L = 8$  ft

Width:

w = width of box culvert  
 $W = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-20 or HS-21

Cutoff Wall:

$B = 2.31$  ft Eqn: HS-22

(1) Obtain Velocity from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

(2) Obtain flow depth from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

Instructions: Refer to Section 3.4.3.2 of Vol 2 in UD Manual. Enter values in blue cells. Green cells are calculated.

**Outlet Pipe Information:**

---

Type of Pipe: Circular  
Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

**Riprap Size:**

---

Velocity = 6.01 ft/s <sup>(1)</sup>  
Design Depth, d = 0.93 ft <sup>(2)</sup>  
Gravity, g = 32.2 ft/s<sup>2</sup>

Eqn: HS-16e

$P_d = 8.13$  ft/s

Use Figure HS-20c to find the size and type of riprap to use in the outlet protection basin.

Riprap Selection: Type L  
Riprap Diameter,  $D_{50} = 9$  inches

**Riprap Minimum Thickness:**

---

Eqn: HS-17

Thickness, T = 1.31 ft

**Basin Dimensions:**

---

Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

Length is defined as being the greater of the following:

$L = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-18  
 $L = (D)^{0.5}(V/2) = 4.25$  ft Eqn: HS-19  
 $L = 8$  ft

Width:

w = width of box culvert  
 $W = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-20 or HS-21

Cutoff Wall:

$B = 2.31$  ft Eqn: HS-22

(1) Obtain Velocity from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

(2) Obtain flow depth from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

Instructions: Refer to Section 3.4.3.2 of Vol 2 in UD Manual. Enter values in blue cells. Green cells are calculated.

**Outlet Pipe Information:**

---

---

Type of Pipe: Circular  
Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

**Riprap Size:**

---

---

Velocity = 6.75 ft/s <sup>(1)</sup>  
Design Depth, d = 0.86 ft <sup>(2)</sup>  
Gravity, g = 32.2 ft/s<sup>2</sup>

Eqn: HS-16e

$P_d = 8.56$  ft/s

Use Figure HS-20c to find the size and type of riprap to use in the outlet protection basin.

Riprap Selection: Type L  
Riprap Diameter,  $D_{50} = 9$  inches

**Riprap Minimum Thickness:**

---

---

Eqn: HS-17

Thickness, T = 1.31 ft

**Basin Dimensions:**

---

---

Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

Length is defined as being the greater of the following:

$L = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-18  
 $L = (D)^{0.5}(V/2) = 4.772970773$  ft Eqn: HS-19  
 $L = 8$  ft

Width:

w = width of box culvert  
 $W = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-20 or HS-21

Cutoff Wall:

$B = 2.31$  ft Eqn: HS-22

(1) Obtain Velocity from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

(2) Obtain flow depth from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

Instructions: Refer to Section 3.4.3.2 of Vol 2 in UD Manual. Enter values in blue cells. Green cells are calculated.

**Outlet Pipe Information:**

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---

Type of Pipe: Circular  
Storm Sewer Dia, D = 3 ft

**Riprap Size:**

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Velocity = 8.63 ft/s <sup>(1)</sup>  
Design Depth, d = 2.15 ft <sup>(2)</sup>  
Gravity, g = 32.2 ft/s<sup>2</sup>

Eqn: HS-16e

$P_d = 11.99$  ft/s

Use Figure HS-20c to find the size and type of riprap to use in the outlet protection basin.

Riprap Selection: Type L  
Riprap Diameter,  $D_{50} = 9$  inches

**Riprap Minimum Thickness:**

---

---

Eqn: HS-17

Thickness, T = 1.31 ft

**Basin Dimensions:**

---

---

Storm Sewer Dia, D = 3 ft

Length is defined as being the greater of the following:

$L = 4D = 12$  ft Eqn: HS-18  
 $L = (D)^{0.5}(V/2) = 7.473799235$  ft Eqn: HS-19  
L = 12 ft

Width:

w = width of box culvert = 5 ft  
 $W = 4D = 12$  ft Eqn: HS-20 or HS-21

Cutoff Wall:

B = 2.81 ft Eqn: HS-22

(1) Obtain Velocity from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

(2) Obtain flow depth from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

Instructions: Refer to Section 3.4.3.2 of Vol 2 in UD Manual. Enter values in blue cells. Green cells are calculated.

**Outlet Pipe Information:**

---

---

Type of Pipe: Circular  
Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

**Riprap Size:**

---

---

Velocity = 6.27 ft/s <sup>(1)</sup>  
Design Depth, d = 1.42 ft <sup>(2)</sup>  
Gravity, g = 32.2 ft/s<sup>2</sup>

Eqn: HS-16e

$P_d = 9.22$  ft/s

Use Figure HS-20c to find the size and type of riprap to use in the outlet protection basin.

Riprap Selection: Type L  
Riprap Diameter,  $D_{50} = 9$  inches

**Riprap Minimum Thickness:**

---

---

Eqn: HS-17

Thickness, T = 1.31 ft

**Basin Dimensions:**

---

---

Storm Sewer Dia, D = 2 ft

Length is defined as being the greater of the following:

$L = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-18  
 $L = (D)^{0.5}(V/2) = 4.433559518$  ft Eqn: HS-19  
 $L = 8$  ft

Width:

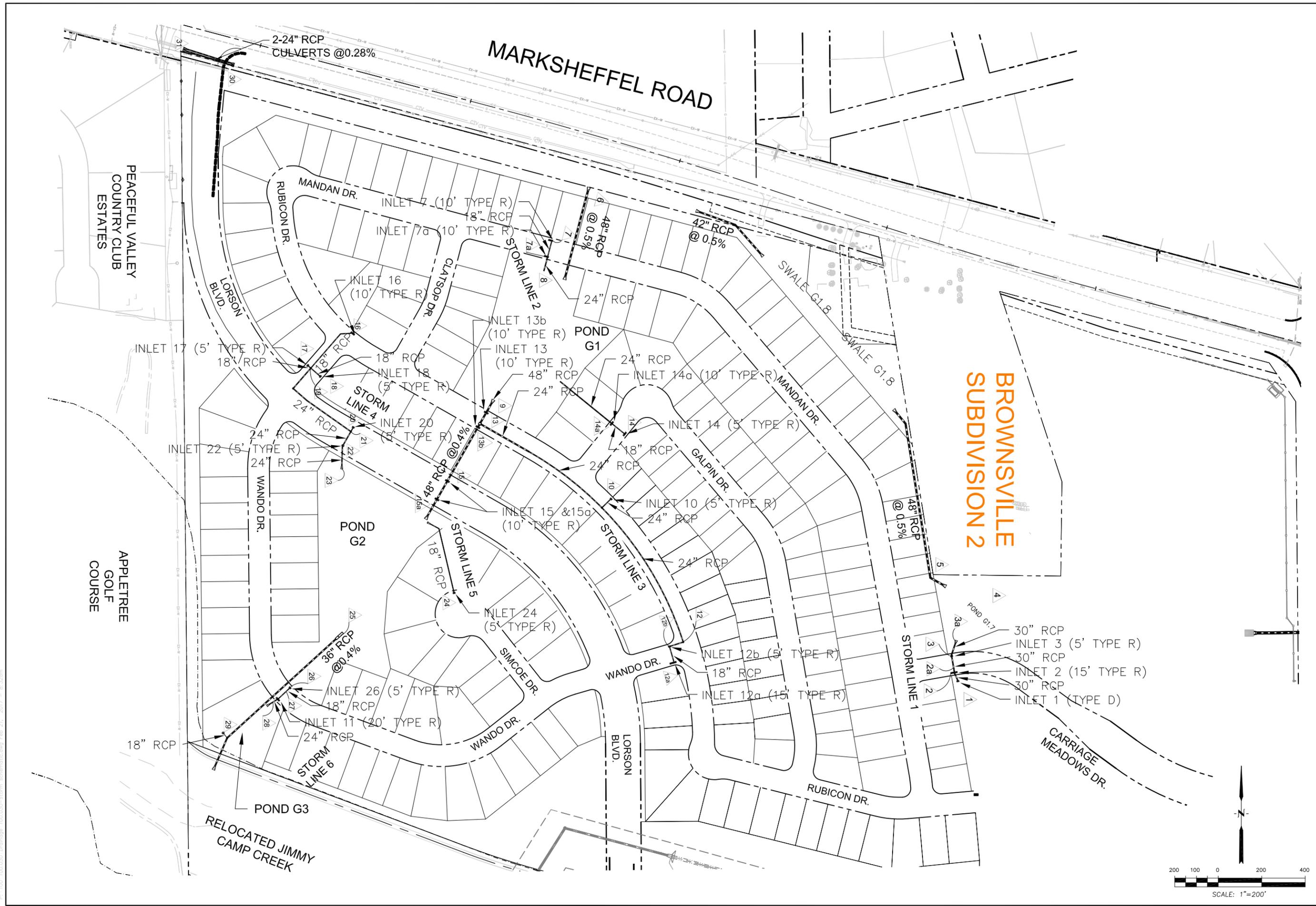
w = width of box culvert  
 $W = 4D = 8$  ft Eqn: HS-20 or HS-21

Cutoff Wall:

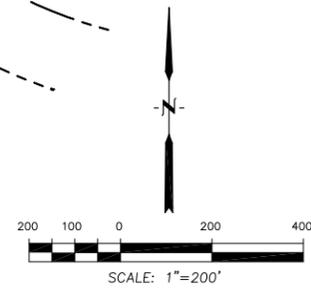
$B = 2.31$  ft Eqn: HS-22

(1) Obtain Velocity from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad

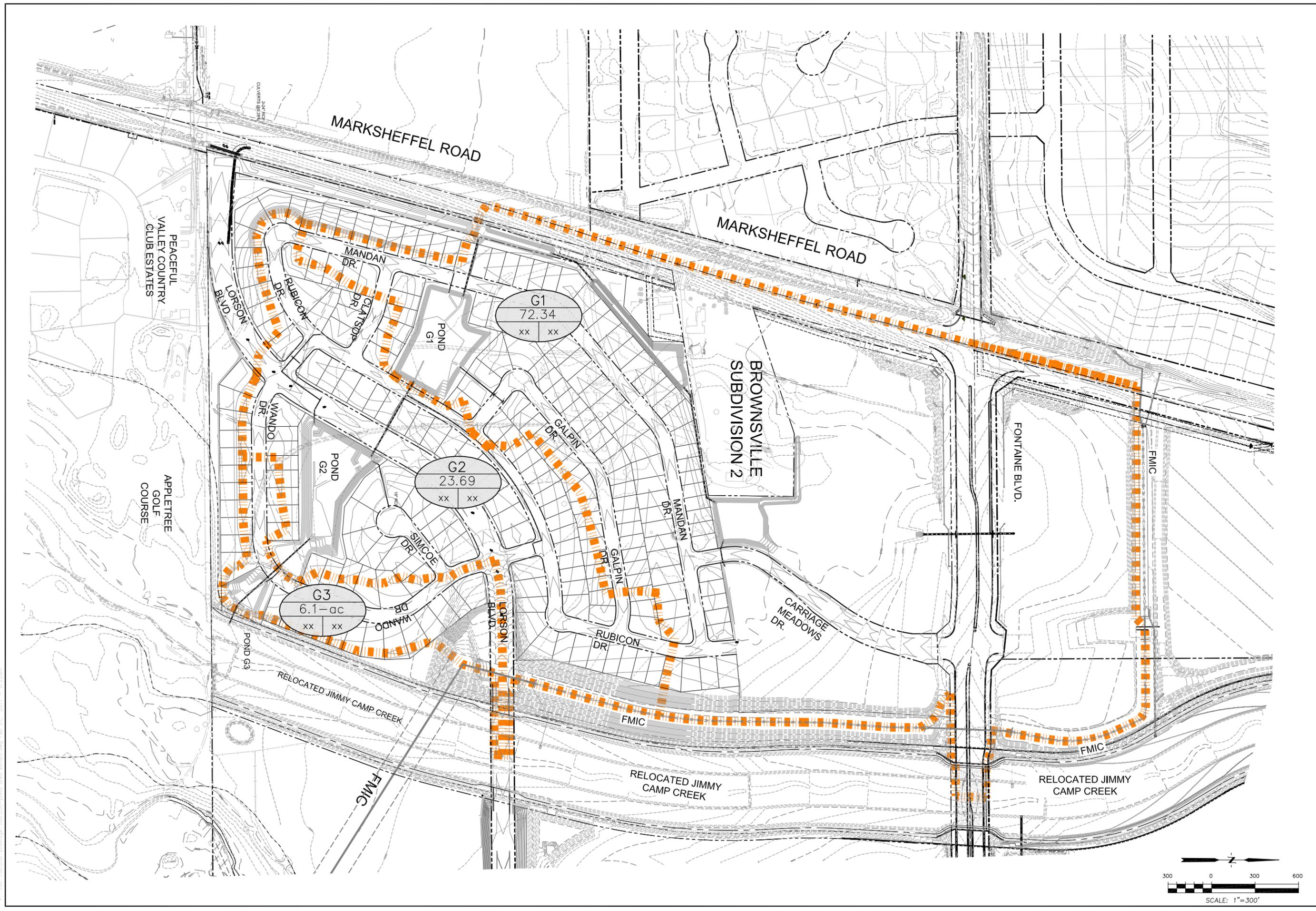
(2) Obtain flow depth from Section 3.4.3.1 of Vol 2 in the UD Manual or program such as FlowMaster or StormCad



P: 100.100.030 - Drainage - 100.030 - storm - schematic.dwg, Feb. 21, 2017, 8:32am



 <b>CORE ENGINEERING GROUP</b> 15004 1ST AVE. S. BURNSVILLE, MN 55306 PH: 719.570.1100 CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E. EMAIL: Rich@cegi.com	
PROJECT NO. _____ DATE _____ DESCRIPTION _____ NO. _____	PREPARED FOR: <b>LORSON, LLC</b> 212 N. WAHSATCH AVE., SUITE 301 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903 CONTRACT: JEFF MARK
<b>STORM SCHEMATIC          DRAINAGE PLAN          CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH</b>	
DRAWN: RLS DESIGNED: LAB CHECKED: LAB	
DATE <b>JANUARY, 2017</b>	
PROJECT NO. <b>100.030</b>	
SHEET NUMBER <b>1</b>	
TOTAL SHEETS: <b>1</b>	



NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

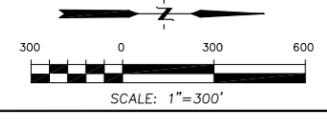
PROJECT: CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH  
FILING NO. 1  
FONTAINE BLVD. - OLD GLORY DRIVE  
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

PREPARED FOR: LORSON, LLC  
212 N. WASHATCH AVE. SUITE 301  
COLORADO SPRING, CO 80903  
CONTACT: JEFF MARK

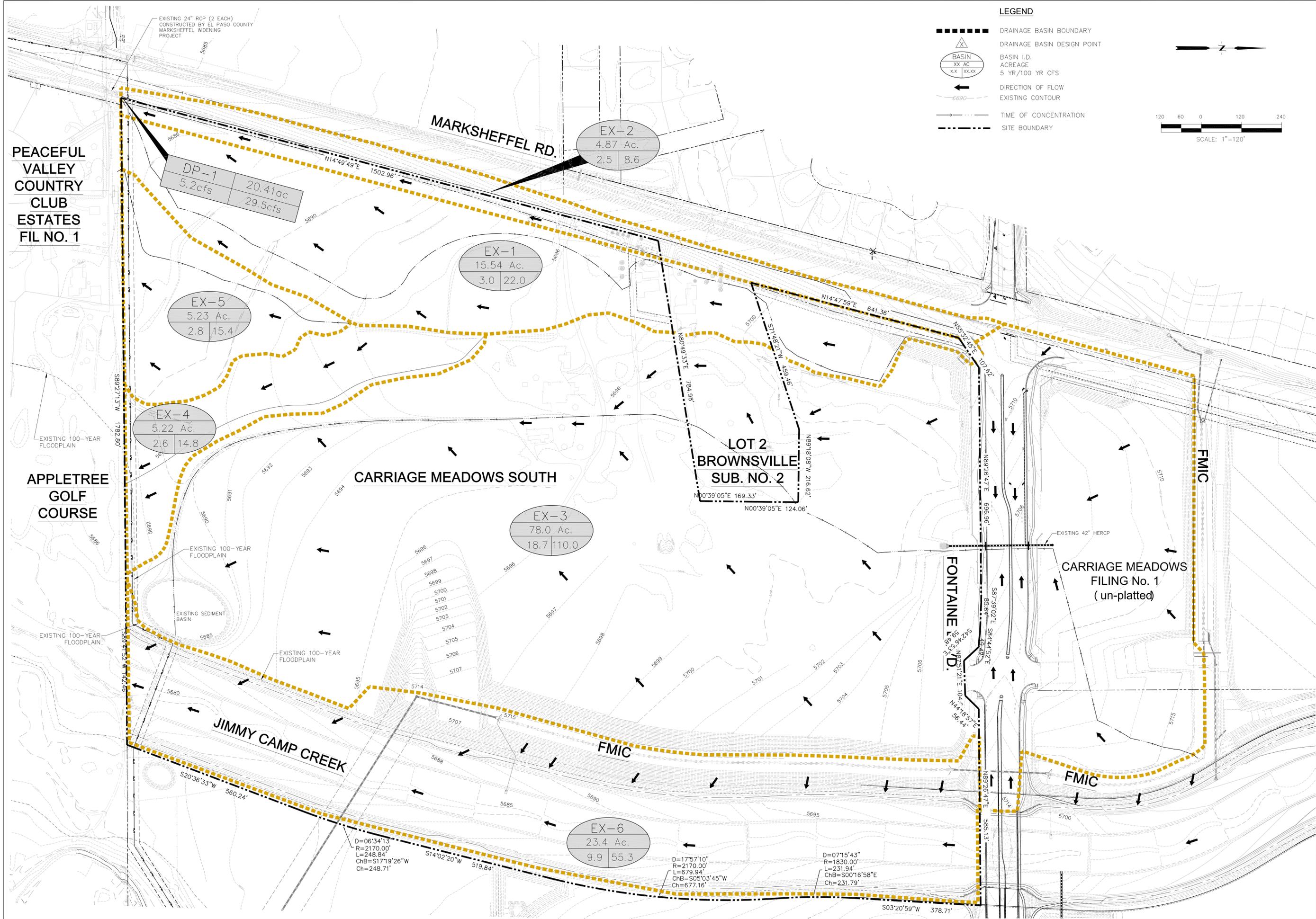
DRAWN: RLS  
DESIGNED: LAB  
CHECKED: LAB

**DETENTION POND WATERSHEDS  
DRAINAGE PLAN  
CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH**

DATE	JANUARY, 2017
PROJECT NO.	100.030
SHEET NUMBER	1
TOTAL SHEETS:	1



P: 100.100.030 (Revised) 100.030-road area exhibit.dwg Edt. 21 - 2017 - 8:22am



PEACEFUL VALLEY COUNTRY CLUB ESTATES FIL NO. 1

APPLETREE GOLF COURSE

CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH

LOT 2 BROWNSVILLE SUB. NO. 2

JIMMY CAMP CREEK

CARRIAGE MEADOWS FILING No. 1 (un-platted)

**CORE ENGINEERING GROUP**  
 15004 1ST AVENUE S.  
 BROOMFIELD, CO 80020  
 PH: 719.570.1100  
 CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
 EMAIL: rich@ceg1.com

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

PREPARED FOR: XXXX LLC  
 211 SMITH AVENUE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903  
 PROJECT: CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH  
 FONTAINE BLVD-MARKSHEFFEL RD  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO  
 CONTACT: JOE SMITH

DRAWN: LAB  
 DESIGNED: LAB  
 CHECKED: RLS

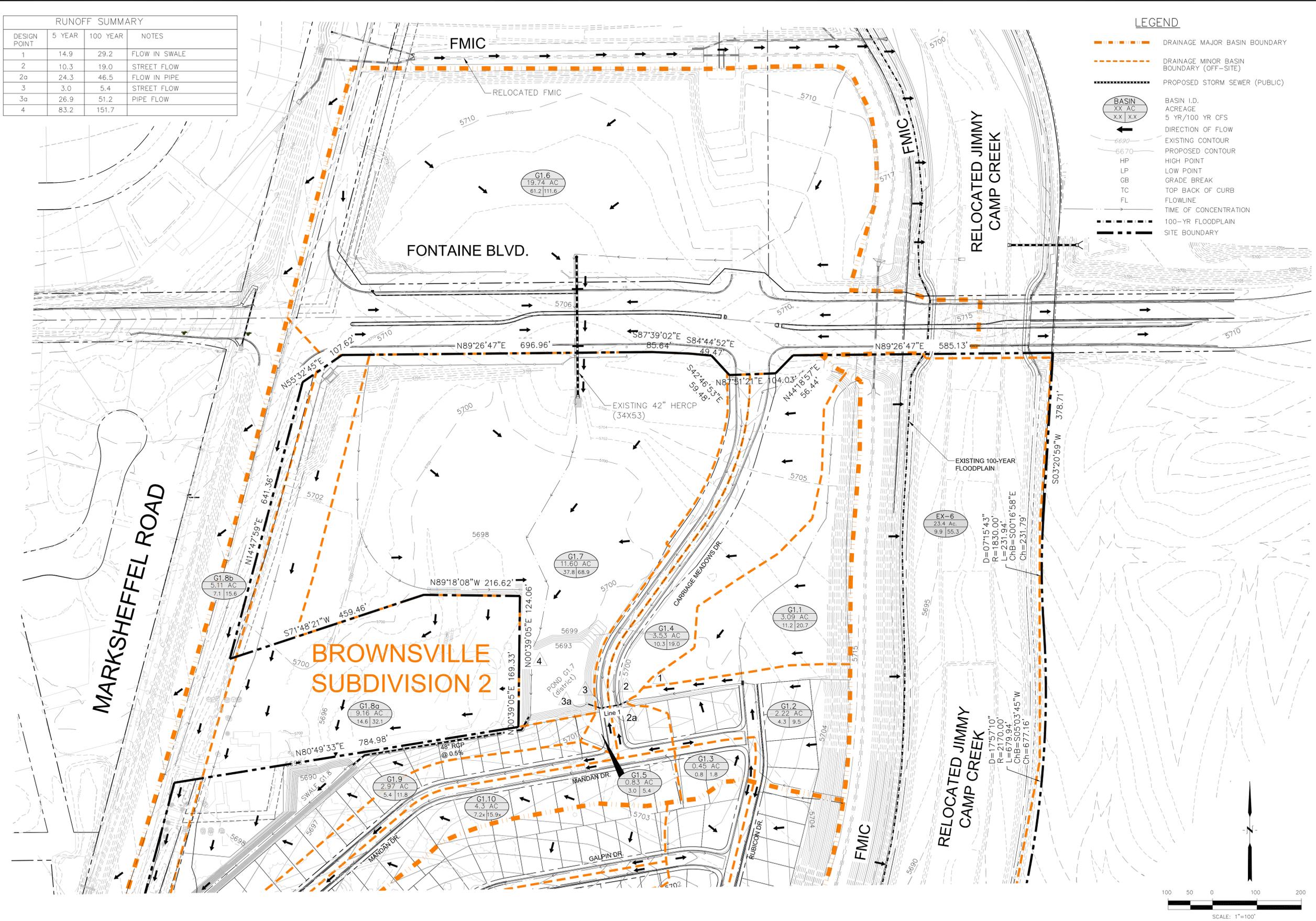
**PRE-DEVELOPED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE PLAN**  
 EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

DATE:	JANUARY, 2017
PROJECT NO.	100.030
SHEET NUMBER	1
TOTAL SHEETS:	1

RUNOFF SUMMARY			
DESIGN POINT	5 YEAR	100 YEAR	NOTES
1	14.9	29.2	FLOW IN SWALE
2	10.3	19.0	STREET FLOW
2a	24.3	46.5	FLOW IN PIPE
3	3.0	5.4	STREET FLOW
3a	26.9	51.2	PIPE FLOW
4	83.2	151.7	

**LEGEND**

- DRAINAGE MAJOR BASIN BOUNDARY
- DRAINAGE MINOR BASIN BOUNDARY (OFF-SITE)
- PROPOSED STORM SEWER (PUBLIC)
- BASIN I.D.  
ACREAGE  
5 YR/100 YR CFS
- DIRECTION OF FLOW
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- PROPOSED CONTOUR
- HIGH POINT
- LOW POINT
- GRADE BREAK
- TOP BACK OF CURB
- FLOWLINE
- TIME OF CONCENTRATION
- 100-YR FLOODPLAIN
- SITE BOUNDARY



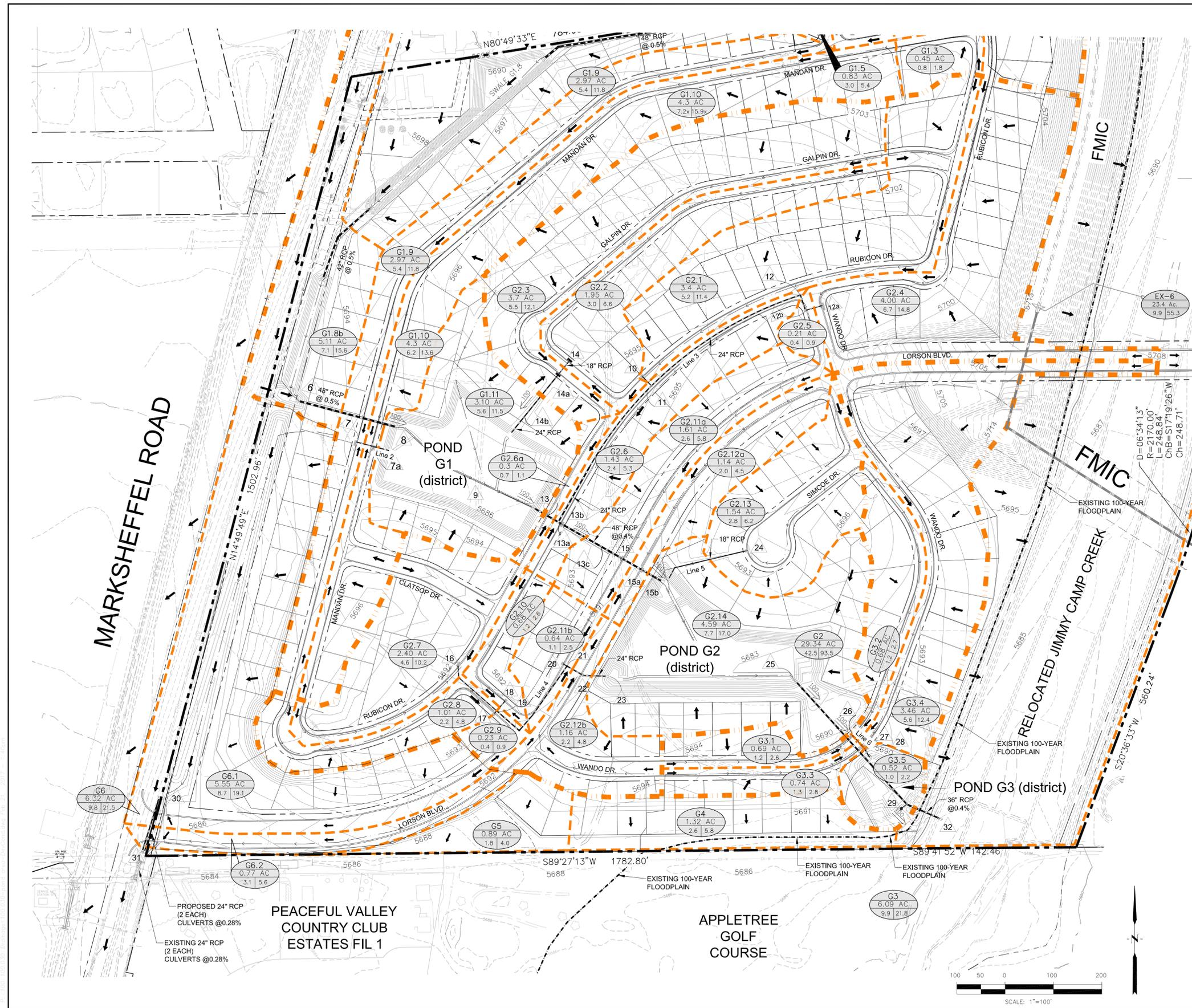
**CORE ENGINEERING GROUP**  
 1500 S. 1ST AVE., SUITE 5506  
 DENVER, CO 80202  
 PH: 719.570.1100  
 CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
 EMAIL: Rich@cegi.com

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
 DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_  
 NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
 PREPARED FOR: LORSON, LLC  
 212 N. WAHSATCH AVE., SUITE 301  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903  
 PROJECT: CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH  
 FILING NO. 1  
 FONTAINE BLVD. - OLD GLORY DRIVE  
 EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO  
 CONTACT: JEFF MARK

DRAWN: RLS  
 DESIGNED: LAB  
 CHECKED: LAB

**DEVELOPED CONDITIONS  
 DRAINAGE PLAN  
 CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH**

DATE: JANUARY, 2017  
 PROJECT NO.: 100.030  
 SHEET NUMBER: 1  
 TOTAL SHEETS: 2



**LEGEND**

- DRAINAGE MAJOR BASIN BOUNDARY
- DRAINAGE MINOR BASIN BOUNDARY (OFF-SITE)
- PROPOSED STORM SEWER (PUBLIC)
- BASIN  
XX AC  
X.X X.X BASIN I.D.  
ACREAGE  
5 YR/100 YR CFS
- DIRECTION OF FLOW
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- PROPOSED CONTOUR
- TIME OF CONCENTRATION
- 100-YR FLOODPLAIN
- SITE BOUNDARY
- EMERGENCY OVERFLOW

**RUNOFF SUMMARY**

DESIGN POINT	5 YEAR	100 YEAR	NOTES
5	106.4	195.9	FLOW INTO POND G1.7
6	47.4	96.7	FLOW IN STORM SEWER
7	5.4	11.8	STREET FLOW
7a	7.2	15.9	STREET FLOW
8	12.6	27.7	FLOW IN STORM SEWER
9	60	117	FLOW INTO POND G1
9	28	58	FLOW IN 48" RCP OUTLET
10	4.9	7.7	STREET FLOW
11	11.9	23.1	PIPE FLOW
12a	6.7	14.8	STREET FLOW
12b	0.4	0.9	STREET FLOW
12	7.0	15.4	PIPE FLOW
13	0.7	1.1	STREET FLOW
13a	40.6	82.2	STREET FLOW
13b	2.4	5.3	STREET FLOW
13c	43.0	87.5	STREET FLOW
14	3.3	10.3	STREET FLOW
14a	5.5	12.6	STREET FLOW
14c	8.8	22.4	PIPE FLOW
15	2.6	5.8	STREET FLOW
15a	2.0	4.5	STREET FLOW
15b	47.6	97.8	FLOW IN 48" STORM SEWER
16	4.6	10.2	STREET FLOW
17	2.3	5.0	STREET FLOW
18	1.2	2.6	STREET FLOW
19	7.4	16.2	FLOW IN STORM SEWER
20	1.1	2.5	STREET FLOW
21	10.4	22.8	FLOW IN STORM SEWER
22	2.2	4.8	STREET FLOW
23	14.5	32.0	FLOW IN STORM SEWER
24	2.8	6.2	STREET FLOW
25	4.5	61.6	FLOW FROM POND G1/G2
26	2.4	5.2	STREET FLOW
27	6.8	15.0	STREET FLOW
28	9.0	19.9	FLOW IN STORM SEWER
29	9.9	21.8	FLOW IN POND G3
30	8.7	19.1	FLOW IN CULVERTS
31	9.8	21.5	FLOW IN DITCH
32	4.5	69	FLOW INTO JCC FROM 36"

**CORE ENGINEERING GROUP**  
1500 S. 1ST AVE. S. SUITE 5506  
PH: 719.570.1100 FAX: 719.570.1100  
CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
EMAIL: Rich@cegi.com

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_  
NO. \_\_\_\_\_

---

PROJECT FOR:  
**CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH**  
FILING NO. 1  
212 N. WAHSATCH AVE., SUITE 301  
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903  
(719) 635-7700  
CONTACT: JEFF MARK

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
DRAWN: RLS  
DESIGNED: LAB  
CHECKED: LAB

---

**DEVELOPED CONDITIONS**  
**DRAINAGE PLAN**  
**CARRIAGE MEADOWS SOUTH**

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
**FEBRUARY, 2017**

PROJECT NO.:  
**100.030**

SHEET NUMBER:  
**2**

TOTAL SHEETS: **2**

# Markup Summary

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## dsdnijkamp (2)

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The inlet calculations for DP-13 and DP 13a are not in this report, please add.

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**Author:** dsdnijkamp  
**Date:** 5/30/2017 3:14:48 PM  
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The inlet calculations for DP-13 and DP 13a are not in this report, please add.

Text for Basin G3.2 has been duplicated. Please remove one.

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**Author:** dsdnijkamp  
**Date:** 5/25/2017 2:43:35 PM  
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Text for Basin G3.2 has been duplicated. Please remove one.

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## RSchindler (58)

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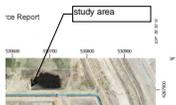


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site boundary



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study area



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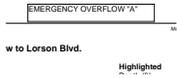


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SITE

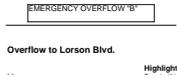


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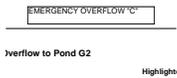
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EMERGENCY OVERFLOW "A"



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EMERGENCY OVERFLOW "B"



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EMERGENCY OVERFLOW "C"

**Channel report**

Hydrow Express by Intellove  
Basin G1.7 Swale to Pond G1.7  
Trapezoidal  
Bottom Width (ft) = 5.00  
Side Slope (z:1) = 3.00  
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

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Basin G1.7 Swale to Pond G1.7

Storm

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Storm Line 1

carriage

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carriage meadows drive

mandan

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mandan drive

Design Pt. 6

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Design Pt. 6

Pond G1

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Pond G1

100-year

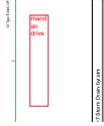
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this pipe designed for 100-year storm event



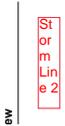
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Pond G1



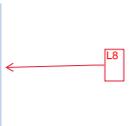
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mandan drive



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Storm Line 2



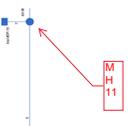
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L8



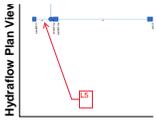
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L2



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MH 11



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L5



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L1



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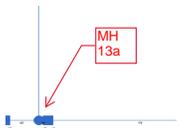
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Inlet 15



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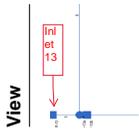
MH 13a



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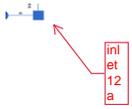
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L4



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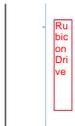
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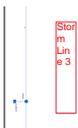
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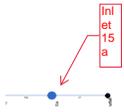
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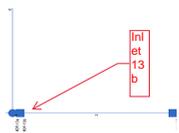
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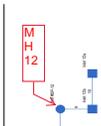
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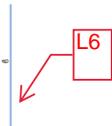
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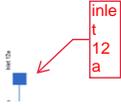
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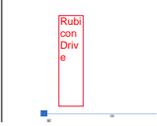
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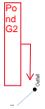
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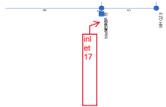
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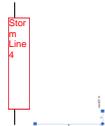
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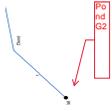
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Pond G2



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Storm Line 5



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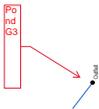
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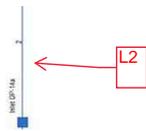
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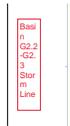
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Pond G3



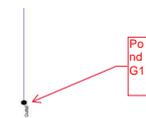
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L2



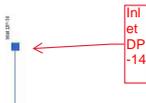
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Basin G2.2-G2.3  
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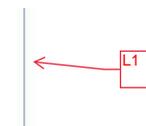
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Pond G1



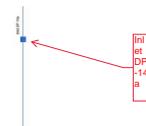
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Inlet DP-14



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L1



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Inlet DP-14a