

December 23, 2020

4-Way Joint Venture, LLC  
c/o Peter Martz  
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Colorado Springs, Colorado 80949



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COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80907  
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Attn: Peter Martz

Re: Soil, Geology and Geologic Hazard Addendum  
Waterbury, Filings 1 and 2  
PUD Amendment and Preliminary Plan  
El Paso County, Colorado

Dear Mr. Martz:

A Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard and Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation was previously prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc., March 22, 2013 for the above referenced site (Reference 1). This addendum addresses updates made to the development plan. The revised Development Plan is presented in Figure 1.

The site was revisited by personnel of Entech Engineering, Inc., December 17, 2020. The site is relatively unchanged from the conditions observed at the time of the original Soil, Geology and Geologic Hazard Study. Recent site photographs, taken December 17, 2020 are included in Appendix A. The original Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard Study, and Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation is included in Appendix B (Reference 1).

Current site conditions in the area of the proposed structure are consistent with what is described in the original Geologic Hazard Study by Entech (Reference 1, Appendix B). The grading and topography in the area of the proposed site appears to be relatively unchanged. The *Geologic Map of the Falcon Quadrangle* distributed by the Colorado Geological Survey in 2012, is presented in Figure 2. (Reference 2). Site-specific geologic mapping was performed as a part of the Geologic Hazard Study by Entech (Reference 1) and revised based off recent mapping by the Colorado Geological Survey (Reference 2, Figure 2). The site is mapped as Qa1: Recent Alluvium of Quaternary Age along the drainages and Qa3: Alluvium Three of Quaternary Age which consists of stream terrace deposits. The bedrock underlying the site is the Dawson Formation of Tertiary to Cretaceous Age (References 1 through 3). The updated Geology/Engineering Geology Map is presented in Figure 3.

The geologic hazards identified on this site include physiographic floodplains and seasonal and potentially seasonal shallow groundwater areas. These hazards and recommended mitigation have been addressed in the Geologic Hazard Investigation, Appendix B and are briefly discussed below. These areas can be either avoided or mitigated through grading and proper design and construction practices.

According to the proposed grading plan, Figure 1, fill depths of 2 to 8 feet are proposed on the site with approximately 4 feet of fill proposed across the majority of the site. Drainages along the eastern and western portions of the site are to be contained in drainage tracts. A minor drainage that enters the site below an earthen dam immediately north of the site will be regraded during future filings. The drainage area from where it enters the subject site (Filing 2) is to be regraded

and water collected and directed via storm sewer. A detention basin is proposed in the southwest corner of the site. Additionally, areas of seasonal shallow groundwater have been mapped in the southern portion of the site that are to be regraded. The drainage areas along the eastern and western side of the site have been mapped as physiographic floodplains. These are to be avoided by development or modified with minor grading. Proposed site grading will further raise foundation above the groundwater level. Any fill placed on the site should be compacted at a minimum of 95 % of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density ASTM D-1557. Where structures encroach on these areas, drains may be necessary to help prevent the intrusion of water into areas below grade. Recommendations and drain details have been provided in the Soil, Geology, and Geologic Hazard Investigation (Reference 1, Appendix B) and remain valid.

The proposed building areas of the site are not mapped in any floodplain zones according to the FEMA Map No. 08041CO552G, December 7, 2018 (Reference 4, Figure 4). A drainage located along the western side of the site has been mapped in a floodplain zone that will be avoided by building sites. Lots adjacent to the floodplain may require drains to mitigate the potential for shallow groundwater during periods of high runoff. Finished floor must be a minimum of one foot above floodplain levels. Exact floodplain locations and drainage studies are beyond the scope of this report. Specific recommendations have been made in the Soil, Geology and Geologic Hazard Investigation (Reference 1, Appendix B).

A detention pond is proposed in the southwestern portion of the site. The soils encountered in the area of the proposed detention pond consisted of silty to slightly silty sand overlying clayey sandstone bedrock at 14 feet (Test Boring No. 300, Reference 1, Appendix B). Groundwater was encountered at 6.5 feet in the test boring. In general, the site soils encountered in the test borings are suitable for the proposed detention pond. Groundwater may be encountered in the deeper cuts. Dewatering of the area may be required during site grading and embankment construction. Saturated unstable soil conditions may be encountered during construction of the basin and embankment. Excavation of saturated soils will be difficult with rubber-tired equipment. Stabilization using shot rock or geogrids may be necessary in areas where groundwater is approached or encountered.

Any areas to receive new fill should have all topsoil, organic material or debris removed. Fill must be properly benched and compacted to minimize potentially unstable conditions in slope areas. Fill slopes should be 3:1 or flatter. The subgrade should be scarified and moisture conditioned to within 2% of optimum moisture content and compacted to a minimum of 95% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557, prior to placing new fill. Areas receiving fill may require stabilization with shotrock or fabric if water is encountered or approached. Any soft/loose areas should be removed and recompacted.

New fill should be placed in lifts not to exceed 6 inches after compaction while maintaining at least 95% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557. These materials should be placed at a moisture content conducive to compaction, usually  $\pm 2\%$  of Proctor optimum moisture content. The placement and compaction of fill should be observed and tested by Entech during construction/grading. Entech should approve any import materials prior to hauling them to the site.

4-Way Joint Venture, LLC  
Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard Addendum  
Waterbury, Filings 1 and 2  
PUD Amendment and Preliminary Plan  
El Paso County, Colorado

Minor unstable slope areas have been mapped along a drainage immediately southeast of the site. According to the Soil and Geology Study, a building setback of 20 feet from the unstable slopes was recommended. According to the proposed development plan, it appears there is sufficient distance to allow for the building setback. Additional foundation reinforcement may be necessary should the foundations encroach on this area. Specific recommendations have been made in the Soil, Geology and Geologic Hazard Investigation (Reference 1, Appendix B) and remain valid.

It is our opinion the conclusions and recommendations in the Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard and Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation remain valid and the report may be used for the proposed development.

We trust that this has provided you with the information you required. If you have any questions or need further information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully Submitted,

ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC.



Kristen A. Andrew-Hoeser, P.G.  
Engineering Geologist

KAH/kah

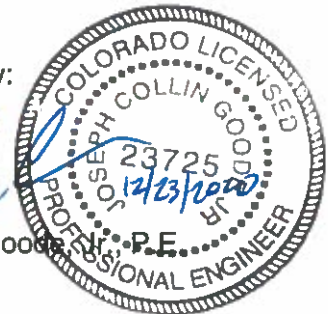
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Entech Job No. 202770  
AA Projects/2020/202770 geohaz addendum

Reviewed by:



Joseph C. Good, Jr., P.E.  
President



## BIBLIOGRAPHY

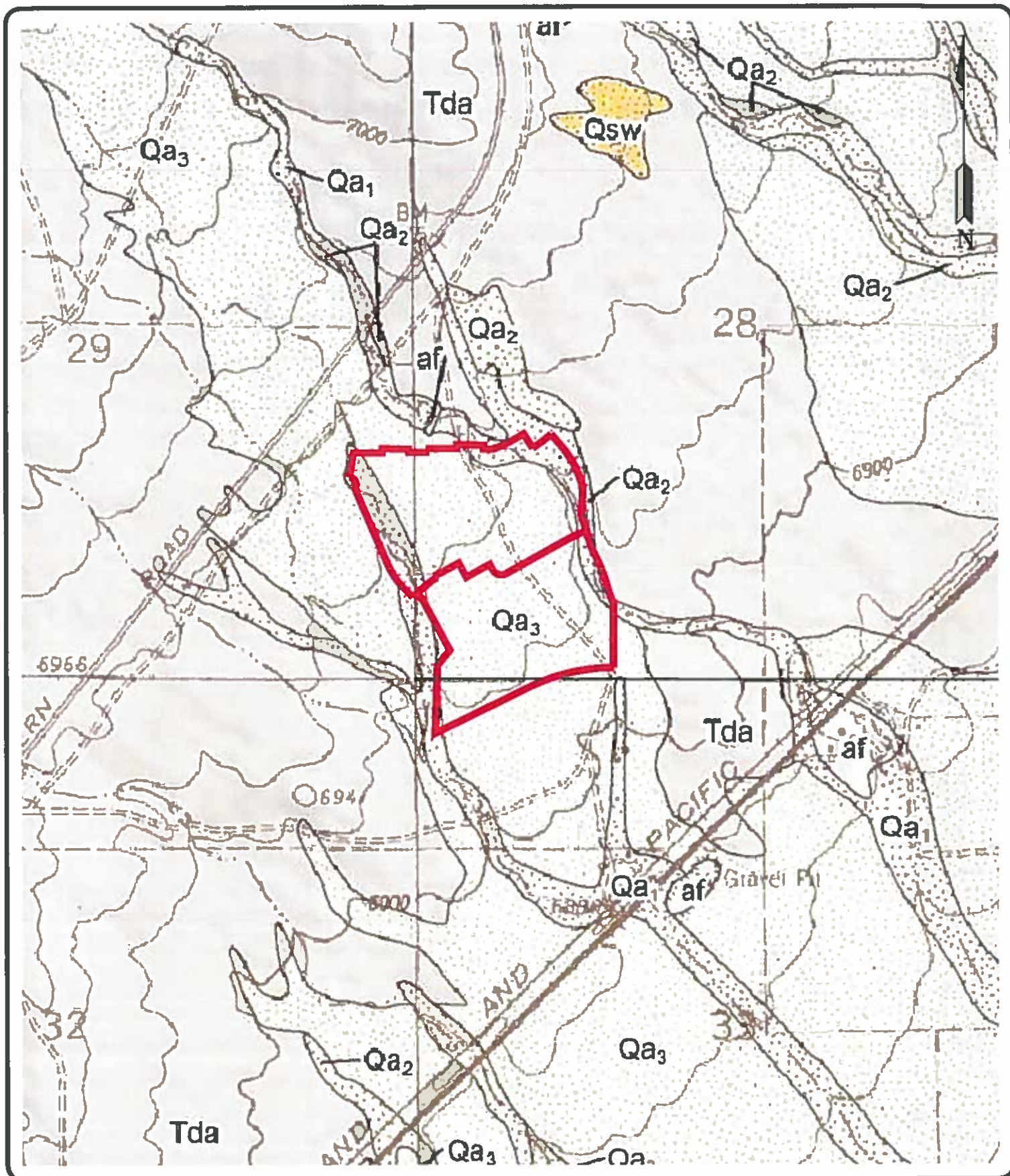
1. Entech Engineering, Inc. July 21, 2010. *Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard and Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation, Waterbury, Phase 1, El Paso County, Colorado*. Entech Job No. 130377.
2. Morgan, ML and White, JL. 2012. *Geologic Map of the Falcon Quadrangle, El Paso County, Colorado*. Colorado Geological Survey. Open-File Report 12-05.
3. Trimble, Donald E. and Machette. Michael N., 1979. *Geologic Map of the Colorado Springs-Castle Rock Area, Front Range Urban Corridor, Colorado*. U.S. Geological Survey. Map I-847-F.
4. Federal Emergency Management Agency, December 7, 2018. *Flood Insurance Rate Maps for the City of Colorado Springs, Colorado*. Map Number 08041CO552G.

## FIGURES









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**FALCON QUADRANGLE GEOLOGY MAP  
WATERBURY PUD FILING 1 & 2  
EL PASO COUNTY, CO  
FOR: 4-WAY JOINT VENTURE**

DRAWN:  
JAC

DATE:  
12/22/20

CHECKED:  
KAH

DATE:

JOB NO.:  
202770

FIG NO.:  
2



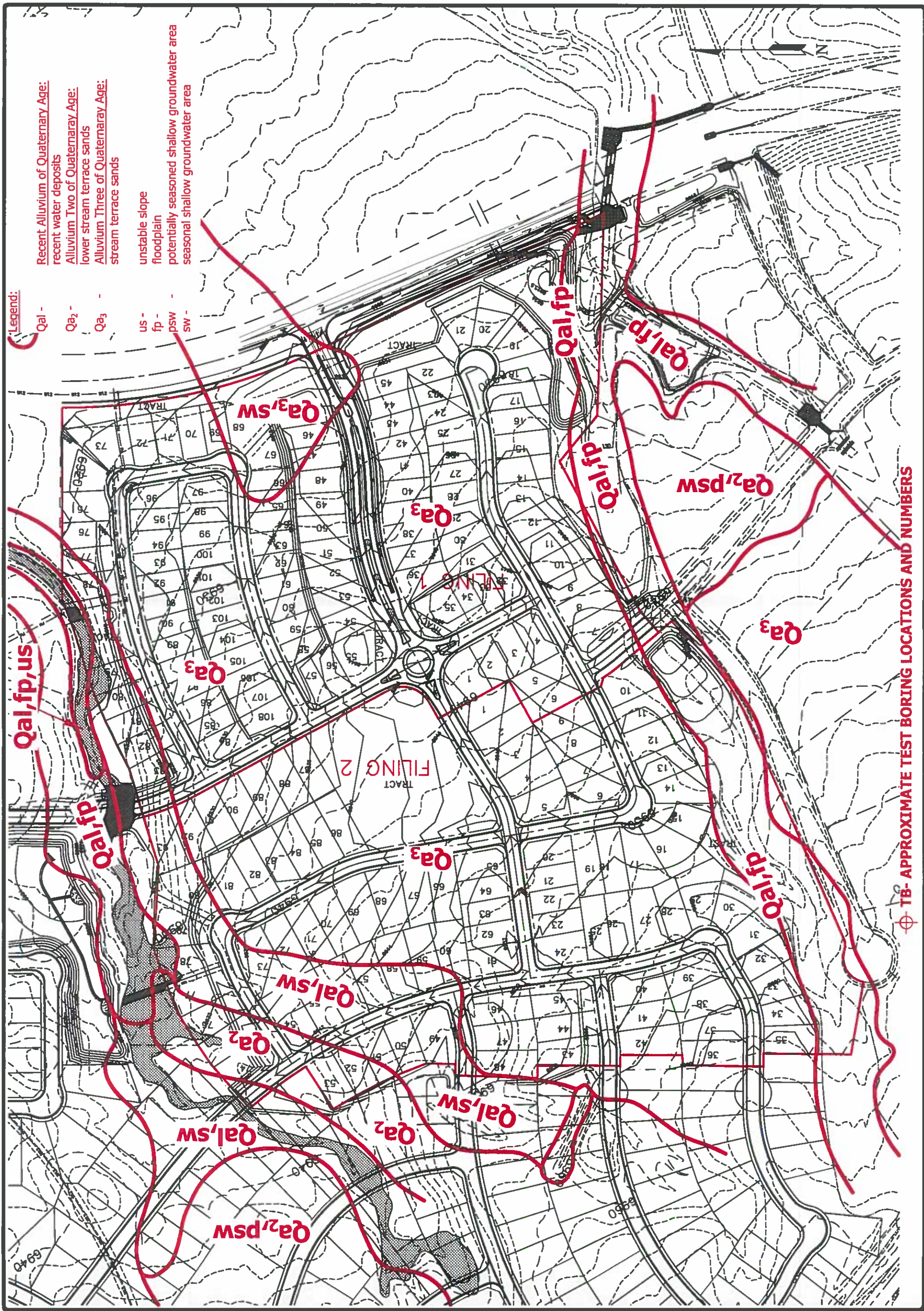
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GEOLOGY/ENGINEERING GEOLOGY MAP  
WATERBURY PUD FILING 1 & 2  
EL PASO COUNTY, CO  
FOR: 4-WAY JOINT VENTURE

TRAIN	JAC	
CHECKED	KAH	
DATE	12/22/20	
SQUAD	AS SHOWN	
JOB NO.	202770	
FIGURE NO.	3	





LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS INUNDATED BY 100-YEAR FLOOD

- ZONE A No base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE AE Base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE AH Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.
- ZONE A99 To be protected from 100-year flood by Federal flood protection system under construction; no base elevations determined.
- ZONE V Coastal flood with velocity hazard (wave action); no base flood elevations determined.
- ZONE VE Coastal flood with velocity hazard (wave action); base flood elevations determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

- ZONE X Areas of 500-year flood; areas of 100-year flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 100-year flood.

OTHER AREAS

- ZONE X Areas determined to be outside 500-year floodplain.
- ZONE D Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined.

UNDEVELOPED COASTAL BARRIERS

- Identified 1983
- Identified 1990
- Otherwise Protected Areas
- Coastal barrier areas are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

- Flood Boundary
- Floodway Boundary
- Zone D Boundary

- Boundary Dividing Special Flood Hazard Zones, and Boundary Dividing Areas of Different Coastal Base Flood Elevations Within Special Flood Hazard Zones.

- Base Flood Elevation Line; Elevation in Feet. See Map Index for Elevation Datum.
- Cross Section Line

- Base Flood Elevation in Feet Where Uniform Within Zone. See Map Index for Elevation Datum.
- Elevation Reference Mark

- River Mile
- Horizontal Coordinates Based on North American Datum of 1927 (NAD 27) Projection.

5/3

(EL 987)

RM7 X

M2

97°07'30": 32°22'30"



REVISION BY	

ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC. 505 ELKTON DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80907 (719) 531-5598



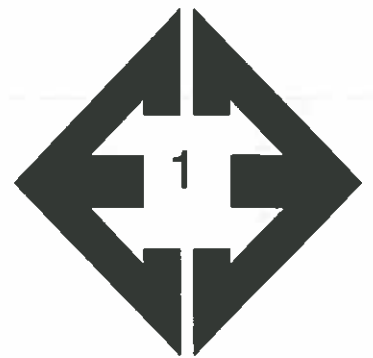
FLOODPLAIN MAP WATERBURY PUD FILING 1 & 2 EL PASO COUNTY, CO FOR: 4-WAY JOINT VENTURE

DATE	12/16/20
BY	JAC
CHECKED	KAB
SCALE	AS SHOWN
JOB NO.	208770
PROJECT	WATERBURY PUD
SHEET	4



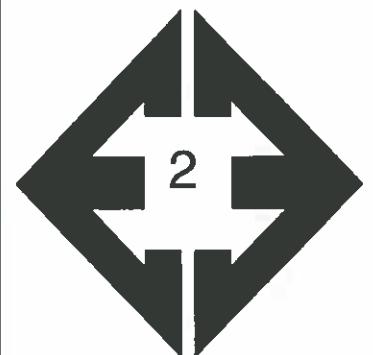
## **APPENDIX A: Site Photographs**





**Looking northwest  
from the south-central  
portion of the lot.**

December 17, 2020



**Looking northeast  
from the south-central  
portion of the lot.**

December 17, 2020

**APPENDIX B: Entech Engineering, Inc. Soil, Geology, Geologic  
Hazard, and Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation  
Entech Job No. 130377**





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**SOIL, GEOLOGY,  
GEOLOGIC HAZARD AND  
PRELIMINARY SUBSURFACE SOIL INVESTIGATION  
WATERBURY, PHASE I  
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO**

Prepared for

**4 Way Joint Venture, LLC  
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P.O. Box 50223  
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Attn: Peter Martz

March 22, 2013

Respectfully Submitted,

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KAH/mat

Encl.

Entech Job No. 130377

2MSW/rep/GeoRep/2013/130377/soil/geo/geo haz

Reviewed by:

Joseph O. Goode, Jr., P.E.  
President



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Table 2: Summary of Laboratory Test Results from Entech Job No. 120675 (Reference 6)
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Figure 1: Vicinity Map	Figure 9: Geology Map/Engineering Geology
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Figure 5 and 6: Soil Survey Descriptions	Figure 13: Typical Underslab Drainage Layer
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Figure 8: Falcon Geology Map	Figure 15: Potential Shallow Bedrock Map

APPENDIX A: Site Photographs

APPENDIX B: Test Boring Logs From the Profile Holes

APPENDIX C: Profile Hole Logs

APPENDIX D: Laboratory Test Results

APPENDIX E: Test Boring Logs and Laboratory Test Results from Entech Job No. 120675



## **1.0 SUMMARY**

### ***Project Location:***

The project lies in portions of Sections 28, 29, 32 and 33, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> Principal Meridian. The site is located north of Highway 24, approximately 3 miles northeast of Falcon, Colorado, in El Paso County.

### ***Project Description:***

Total acreage involved in the project is approximately 62 acres. The proposed site development is to consist of primarily single-family residential development with areas of open space and park areas. The development will utilize central water and sewer.

### ***Scope of Report:***

The report presents the results of our geologic investigation and treatment of engineering geologic hazards. This report is the result of our geologic reconnaissance, a review of available maps, aerial photographs and our conclusions with respect to the impacts of the geologic conditions on development. Preliminary foundation recommendations are also included.

### ***Land Use and Engineering Geology:***

This site was found to be suitable for the proposed development. Geologic conditions will impose some constraints on this phase of the development. These include areas of seasonal shallow groundwater, areas where there is a potential for ponded water, floodplains, unstable slopes, artificial fill, the potential for shallow bedrock, loose soils, and expansive soils. Based on the proposed development plan, it appears that these areas will have some impact on the development. Site conditions will be discussed in greater detail in this report.

In general, it is our opinion that the development can be achieved if the observed geologic conditions on site are either avoided or properly mitigated. All recommendations are subject to the limitations discussed in the report.

## **2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

The site lies in portions of Sections 28, 29, 32 and 33, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> Principal Meridian, in El Paso County, Colorado. The site is located north of Highway 24, approximately 3 miles northeast of Falcon, Colorado. The location of the site is shown on the Vicinity Map, Figure 1.

The topography of the site is gently to moderately generally sloping to the southeast. Several drainages exist on the site that flow in southeasterly directions. The area of the site is indicated on the USGS Map, Figure 2. The site contains primarily low field grasses and weeds. Past uses have included grazing and pasture land. Site photographs are included in Appendix A. The locations and directions of the photographs are indicated on Figure 3.

Total acreage involved in the proposed development is approximately 62 acres. The proposed development is to consist of 196 single-family residential lots ranging from 4500 to 13,430 square feet and areas of open space and parks. The Development Plan is shown on Figures 3, 9 and 15.

## **3.0 SCOPE OF THE REPORT**

The scope of this report will include the following:

- A general geologic analysis of the site utilizing published geologic data, and subsurface soils information.
- Detailed site-specific mapping will be conducted to obtain general information in respect to major geographic and geologic features, geologic descriptions, geologic hazards, and their effects on development of the property.
- Recommended mitigation of geologic hazards where they affect development.
- Preliminary recommendations pertaining to foundations, floor slabs and concrete, and land use.



## **4.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION**

The site was previously investigated in a *Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard and Wastewater Study and Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation* by Entech Engineering, Inc. January 22, 2004 (Entech Job No. 61992, Reference 1). The previous investigation addressed the entire 558 acre 4-Way Ranch parcel and included a wastewater study for individual water treatment systems. The southwestern portion of 4-Way Ranch has been platted and several single-family residential structures have been constructed. Three addendums were written by Entech Engineering, Inc. May 18, 2004 (Reference 2), June 25, 2004 (Reference 3) and January 26, 2009 (Reference 4). The third addendum (Reference 4) addressed the southern portion of the 558 acre site (south of Stapleton Road) where commercial and multi-family residential development was proposed. At the time of this investigation Stapleton Road had been constructed, paved and curb and gutter installed.

A *Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard and Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation Report* addressing the Waterbury PUD development proposed for the area north of Stapleton Road, north of the proposed commercial and multi-family area and east of the platted single-family residential areas was prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc. May 16, 2012, Entech Job No. 121481, Reference 5. The investigation for the entire 558-acre parcel was used in evaluation of the Waterbury PUD site. Additionally, A *Subsurface Soil Investigation/Bedrock/Groundwater Investigation* was conducted on the site July 18, 2012. (Entech Job No. 120675, Reference 6). The investigation consisted of drilling an additional 19 test borings on the Waterbury PUD site to evaluate soil, bedrock and groundwater conditions where utilities are proposed. This report is for Phase I of the Waterbury PUD. Information from these reports was used in evaluating the site. The Waterbury PUD area was revisited by personnel of Entech Engineering, Inc. May 10, 2012, and the Waterbury Phase I area was observed on March 15, 2013. No significant changes to the land were observed. Site photographs taken March 15, 2013 are included in Appendix A.

Twenty-five (25) test borings were drilled as a part of a preliminary subsurface soil investigation for the entire site (Reference 1). Five (5) of these test borings were drilled on or immediately adjacent to Phase I of the development. The borings were drilled with a power driven continuous flight auger drill rig to depths ranging from 10 to 20 feet. Samples were obtained during drilling using the Standard Penetration Test, ASTM D-1586, utilizing a 2-inch O.D. Split Barrel Sampler. Results of the penetration tests are shown on the drilling logs to the right of the sampling point. The locations of the test borings are included on the Test Boring Location Plan, Figure 3. The drilling logs are included in Appendix B.

Twenty-eight (28) percolation tests were performed on the site (References 1 through 3) to determine general suitability of the site for the use of individual wastewater treatment systems. Four (4) of these percolation tests were drilled on Phase I of the development. The profile holes of the percolation tests were used in evaluating the site. The locations of these profile holes are shown on Figure 3. The profile hole logs are included in Appendix C.

Laboratory testing was performed to classify and determine the soils engineering characteristic. Laboratory tests included moisture content, ASTM D-2216, grain size analysis, ASTM D-422 and Atterberg Limits, ASTM D-4318. Swell tests included both FHA and Denver Swell/Consolidation Testing. Results of the laboratory testing are included in Appendix D. A Summary of Laboratory Test Results is presented in Table 1.

Nineteen test borings were drilled on the Waterbury PUD site as a part of a *Subsurface Soil Investigation/Bedrock/Groundwater Investigation* (Reference 6). Seven (7) of these test borings were drilled on Phase I of the development. The locations of these test borings are indicated on the Test Boring Location Map, Figure 3. The Test Boring Logs and Laboratory Test Results are included in Appendix E. A Summary of Laboratory Test Results is presented in Table 2.

The geologic analysis was performed using information from the preliminary subsurface soil investigations (References 1 and 6), site-specific mapping and published sources including the *Geologic Map of the Pueblo 1° x 2° Quadrangle, South-Central Colorado* distributed by the U.S. Geological Survey (Reference 7) and a study performed by Charles S. Robinson and Associates, Inc. for El Paso County Planning Department (References 8,9). The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Survey was also reviewed to evaluate the site.

## **5.0 SOIL, GEOLOGY AND ENGINEERING GEOLOGY**

### **5.1 General Geology**

Physiographically, the site lies in the western portion of the Great Plains Physiographic Province. Approximately 17 miles to the west is a major structural feature known as the Rampart Range Fault. This fault marks the boundary between the Great Plains Physiographic Province and the Southern Rocky Mountain Province. The site exists within the southern edge of a large structural feature known as the Denver Basin. Bedrock in the area tends to be very gently dipping in a northerly direction (Reference 10). The rocks in the area of the site are sedimentary in nature, and typically Tertiary to Cretaceous in age. The bedrock underlying the site itself is the Dawson Formation. Overlying the Dawson are unconsolidated deposits of alluvial and residual soils. The site's stratigraphy will be discussed in more detail in Section 5.3.

### **5.2 Soil Conservation Service**

The Soil Conservation Service (Reference 11) has mapped two soil types on the site (Figure 4). In general, the soils consist of gravelly sandy loam over a yellowish and pale brown gravelly, loamy sand subsoil. Soils are described as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Description</u>
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0-3% slopes
83	Stapleton sandy loam, 3-8% slopes

Complete descriptions of the soils are presented in Figures 5 and 6. The soils have been described to have very rapid to rapid permeabilities. Limitations for development on Soil Type 83 include frost action potential and soil blowing as described by the Soil Conservation Service. Special design for roadways may be necessary due to frost heave. Limitations on Soil Type 19 include the hazard of flooding in some areas. Cut banks in excavations are susceptible to caving as described in Table 8 from the Soil Survey (Reference 11). The soil blowing hazard is severe if vegetation is removed. Possible hazards with soil erosion are present on the site. The erosion potential can be controlled with vegetation. The soils have been described to have moderate erosion hazards.



### **5.3 Site Stratigraphy**

The Colorado Geologic Map showing the location of the site is presented in Figure 7 (Reference 7). The Geology Map prepared for the Falcon Quadrangle by Charles S. Robinson and Associates, Inc. for the El Paso County Planning Department (Reference 8) showing the location of the site is presented in Figure 8. The Geology Map prepared for the site is presented in Figure 9. Four mappable units were identified on this site which are discussed as follows:

- **Qaf Artificial Fill of Quaternary Age:** These are man-made deposits associated with earthen dams on site.
- **Qal Recent Alluvium of Quaternary Age:** These are recent water deposited soils associated with the bed of streams and along valley floors. The soils consist of silt, clay, and sands.
- **Qp Piney Creek Alluvium of Quaternary Age:** These are water deposited terraces along the present streams. The material generally consists of silty sand and may be highly stratified, containing lenses of silt, clay or gravel.

The bedrock underlying the site is Dawson Formation of Tertiary to Cretaceous Age. This formation consists of coarse grained arkosic sandstone with interbedded claystone and siltstone. Typically overlying the Dawson in many areas is a layer of residual soil derived from the in-situ weathering of the bedrock materials on-site.

The soils listed above were mapped from the Robinson Study for El Paso County Planning Department (Figure 8, Reference 8), the *Geologic Map of the Pueblo 1° x 2° Quadrangle* (Figure 7, Reference 7), and site specific mapping of the site. The test borings and profile holes of the percolation tests were also used in evaluating the site and are included in Appendices A, C and E. A summary of the geologic units mapped on this site by Charles Robinson and Associates, Inc. is included on Table 4 (Reference 12).

#### **5.4 Soil Conditions**

The soils encountered in the test borings and profile holes for the entire site can be grouped into six general soil types. The soils were classified using the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS).

Soil Type 1 consists of slightly silty and silty sands (SW-SM, SP-SM). Areas of clayey sands (SC) were also encountered in the test borings. The sands were encountered in the upper soil profile of most of the test borings and profile holes. These soils were encountered at loose to dense states and dry to wet conditions. Soil Type 1 has 6 to 25 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. The soils tested in the test borings and profile holes are non-expansive and generally non-plastic. A FHA Swell pressure of 290 psf was obtained on a sample of silty sand (Reference 6, Appendix E) indicating the sand has low swell potential.

Soil Type 2 consists of silty to sandy clay (CL). The clays were encountered in the upper soil profile in two of the test borings. The clays were encountered at very stiff consistencies and at moist conditions. The samples tested have 76 and 95 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. An FHA Swell pressure of 1470 psf was measured on the clays. A swell of 1.5% was measured on the clays in the Swell/Consolidation Test. These swells are in the moderate expansion range.

Soil Type 3 consists of clayey silts (ML). The silts were encountered in two of the test borings at stiff consistencies and moist conditions. The silts generally have low plasticity and low swelling properties.

Soil Type 4 consists of clayey, very silty to slightly silty and slightly clayey sandstone bedrock (SC, SM, SM-SW, SW-SC). The sandstone was encountered in most of the test borings and many of the profile holes at depths ranging from the surface to 18 feet below the surface. The sandstones were encountered at very dense states and at moist to wet conditions. The samples tested have 7 and 48 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. FHA Swell pressures of 350 psf and 860 psf were measured on the slightly clayey and clayey sandstones. These swells are in the low expansion range. The silty sandstones are non-plastic and non-expansive. A consolidation of 0.3 % was measured in the Swell/Consolidation Test on the sandstone, indicating low potential for consolidation.

Soil Type 5 consists of silty and sandy claystone (CL). The claystones were encountered in 21 of the test borings at depths ranging from 3 to 14 feet below the surface. The claystones were encountered at hard consistencies and at moist conditions. The samples tested have 56 to 93 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. FHA Swell pressures of 1015 psf to 1470 psf were measured on the claystones. These swells are in the moderate expansion range. Swells of 0.6% and 1.7% were measured in the Swell/Consolidation Test on the claystone (Reference 6, Appendix E). These swells are in the low to moderate expansion range.

Soil Type 6 consists of clayey and sandy siltstone (ML). The siltstones were encountered in 5 of the test borings at depths ranging from 0 to 12 feet below the surface. The siltstones were encountered at hard consistencies and at moist conditions. The samples tested have 62 and 82 percent passing the No. 200 sieve and generally are non-plastic. FHA Swell pressures of 1150 psf and 1818 psf and a Denver swell of 3.8% were measured on the siltstones. These swell pressures are in the moderate to high expansion range.

The laboratory results are summarized in Tables 1 and 2. Laboratory results are included in Appendices D and E. A summary of depth to bedrock for the test borings from Entech Job No. 120675 (Reference 6) is shown in Table 3. The depth to bedrock from Entech Job No. 61992 (Reference 1) are summarized in Tables included in Appendices B and C.

### **5.5 Groundwater**

Groundwater was encountered in all of the test borings drilled on or immediately adjacent Phase I of the development, as a part of the Subsurface Soil Investigation/Bedrock/Groundwater Investigation (Figure 3, Reference 6) at depths ranging from 4 to 11.5 feet. A summary of groundwater depths is presented in Table 3 and included in Appendix E.

Groundwater was encountered in all of the test borings drilled on or immediately adjacent Phase I, ranging from the surface to 8 feet below the surface (Figure 3, Reference 1). A summary of groundwater depths for all of the test borings drilled during the on the entire development is included in Appendix B.



Groundwater was encountered in all of the profile holes of the percolation tests drilled on or immediately adjacent to Phase I of the development, at depths ranging from 4 to 9.5 feet below the surface (Figure 3, Reference 1). A Summary of Groundwater Depths for the profile holes on the entire development is included in Appendix C.

Fluctuation in groundwater conditions may occur due to variations in rainfall and other factors not readily apparent at this time. Isolated sand layers within the variable soil profile, sometimes only a few feet in thickness and width, can carry water in the subsurface. Water may also flow on top of the bedrock. Contractors should be cognizant of the potential for the occurrence of such subsurface water features during construction on-site.

## **6.0 ENGINEERING GEOLOGY**

The Engineering Geology Map of the Falcon Quadrangle as mapped by Charles Robinson and Associates, Inc. for El Paso County Planning Department is presented in Figure 10 (Reference 9). The Robinson Study map and site-specific mapping were utilized to produce an Engineering Geology Map, Figure 9. This map shows the location of various geologic conditions of which the developers and planners should be cognizant during the planning, design and construction stages of the project. The hazards identified on this site include floodplains, seasonally shallow groundwater areas, potentially seasonal shallow groundwater areas, areas of seepage or springs, area of ponded water, unstable slopes, artificial fill, loose soils, and expansive soils. These hazards and the recommended mitigation techniques are as follows:

### **Expansive Soils**

The clays, silts and some of the bedrock encountered in the test borings are expansive. While the majority of the upper sandy soils on the site are non-expansive, expansive clays will likely be encountered in building excavations. These clays, if encountered beneath foundations, can cause differential movement in the structure foundation. Due to the sporadic nature of these occurrences, none have been indicated on the maps. These occurrences should be identified and mitigated on an individual basis.

Mitigation: Should expansive soils be encountered beneath the foundation, mitigation will be necessary. Mitigation of expansive soils will require special foundation design. Overexcavation and replacement with non-expansive soils at 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557 is a suitable mitigation which is common in the area. The use of drilled pier foundation systems is another option on highly expansive soils. Floor slabs on expansive soils should be expected to experience movement. Overexcavation and replacement has been successful in minimizing slab movements. The use of structural floors should be considered for basement construction on highly expansive clays. Final recommendations should be determined after additional investigation of each building site.

#### Slope Stability and Landslide Hazard

The majority of the slopes observed on the site are gently to moderately sloping. Small areas of unstable slopes were identified along a few of the drainages on site. These areas are subject to failure due to erosion by the creeks. These areas lie east of Phase I. According to the grading plan (Figure 9), much of this area is to be filled and the drainage rerouted through a drainage easement. No known past landslides have been mapped on the site (References 7, 8, 9).

Mitigation: Due to the location of these slopes associated with the floodplains and a drainage easement, it is anticipated these areas will be avoided by development. A minimum setback of 20 feet should be maintained between buildings and the crest of any remaining unstable slopes. Another option is to stabilize the slopes by either regrading to no steeper than 3:1 or the use of engineer designed retaining walls. According to the development plan, there appears to be sufficient room on the affected lots to allow building areas outside the recommended setback limits. Site grading will mitigate the slopes in many of these areas as well. Some erosion protection may be necessary in order to prevent further erosion by the creeks during high water.

#### Groundwater and Floodplain Areas

Groundwater was encountered at depths ranging from the surface to 11.5 feet in the test borings and profile holes drilled on Phase I of the development. Areas were observed on the site that will experience shallow groundwater on a seasonal basis. Additionally, areas where ponded water could accumulate, and floodplain areas exist on this site. These areas are discussed as follows:

sw - Seasonal shallow groundwater areas: In these areas, we would anticipated the potential for periodically high subsurface moisture conditions, frost heave potential, and highly organic soils. The majority of these areas are to be filled and regraded or designated as open space according to the grading plan, Figure 9. Three to nine feet of fill is proposed in these areas. Construction in these areas, should follow these precautions:

Mitigation: In these locations, foundations are subject to severe frost heave and should penetrate to a sufficient depth so as to discourage the formation of ice lenses beneath foundations. At this location and elevation, a foundation depth for frost protection of 3 feet is recommended. In areas where high subsurface moisture conditions are anticipated periodically, a subsurface perimeter drain will be necessary to help prevent the seepage of water into areas below grade. A typical perimeter drain detail is presented in Figure 12. Any grading in these areas should be done in a manner that directs surface flow around construction to avoid areas of ponded water. Areas of organic material will require removal prior to any fill placement. Unstable soil conditions should be expected in areas of shallow groundwater. Where foundations approach the groundwater level, stabilization of the excavations utilizing shot rock may be necessary. Underslab drains or capillary breaks, and interceptor drains may be necessary to prevent the intrusion of water into areas below grade. Typical drain details are presented in Figures 13 and 14.

w - Areas of ponded water: These are areas where water could potentially pond behind existing earthen dams. According to the grading plan, Figure 9, this area is to be regraded and the dam removed. All soft and organic soils should be removed prior to fill placement. All uncontrolled fill associated with the dams should be recompacted at a minimum of 92% of its maximum Modified Dry Density ASTM D-1557.

fp - Floodplain: Areas of the site have been mapped as floodplains according to the FEMA Map No. 08041CO575F (Figure 11, Reference 13). The physiographic floodplains on site have been mapped on the Engineering Geology Map (Figure 9). Areas of flowing water, not identified as floodplains on the FEMA map (Figure 11) have been mapped as a physiographic floodplain hazard on Figure 9. It is our understanding a Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) has been submitted for the site and that some drainage improvements and channelization are proposed. A Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) is to be



submitted for the proposed drainage improvements. The exact floodplain locations should be determined in a drainage study. It should be possible to avoid the floodplain areas with structures on most of the site. The majority of the floodplain areas have been designated as open space. Those areas that currently lie within the FEMA floodplain area will require approval of the Drainage Report. Finished floor levels should be a minimum of one foot above the floodplain level. Structures should not block drainages. Specific floodplain locations and drainage studies are beyond the scope of this report.

#### Artificial Fill

Areas of artificial fill may be encountered on site associated with the small earthen dams observed on site. These areas are limited and it is anticipated they will be either avoided by development or removed during site grading. Any uncontrolled fill encountered beneath foundation will require removal and recompaction at 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557.

#### Collapsible Soils

Areas of loose soils and possible collapsible soils were encountered in two of the test borings drilled on the entire development. These soils are subject to settlement if encountered beneath foundations.

Mitigation: Should loose or collapsible soils be encountered beneath foundations, removal and recompaction of the upper 2 feet with thorough moisture conditioning at 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557 will be necessary. Specific recommendations should be made after additional investigation of each building site.

## **7.0 RADIOACTIVITY**

Radon levels for the area have been reported by the Colorado Geologic Survey in the Open-File, Report No. 91-4 (Reference 14). Radon levels ranging from 0 to 20 pci/l have been measured in the area. Only one reading had been taken in the area and it is between 4 and 10 pci/l. The minimal information from this report is not sufficient to determine if radon levels are higher for this site. Occurrences of radioactive minerals have been identified 11 miles east and 10 miles west of the site (Reference 15). This occurrence to the west is associated with a limonite deposit in the Dawson Formation. The occurrence to the east is in a carbonaceous clay in the Ogallala Formation. No known occurrences exist on the site.

While it is anticipated that radon levels for the site would not be considered excessive, the potential exists for radon gas to build up in areas of the site. Build-ups of radon gas can be mitigated by providing increased ventilation of basements and crawlspaces and sealing of joints. Specific requirements for mitigation, if any, should be based on site specific testing after the site is constructed.

## **8.0 EROSION CONTROL**

The soil types observed on the site are mildly to moderately susceptible to wind erosion, and moderately to highly susceptible to water erosion. A minor wind erosion and dust problem may be created for a short time during and immediately after construction. Should the problem be considered severe enough during this time, watering of the cut areas or the use of chemical palliative may be required to control dust. However, once construction has been completed, and vegetation reestablished, the potential for wind erosion should be considerably reduced. With regard to water erosion, loosely compacted soils will be the most susceptible to water erosion, residually weathered soils and weathered bedrock materials become increasingly less susceptible to water erosion. For the typical soils observed on site, allowable velocities or unvegetated and unlined earth channels would be on the order of 3 to 4 feet/second, depending upon the sediment load carried by the water. Permissible velocities may be increased through the use of vegetation to something on the order of 4 to 7 feet/second, depending upon the type

of vegetation established. Should the anticipated velocities exceed these values, some form of channel lining material may be required to reduce erosion potential. These might consist of some of the synthetic channel lining materials on the market or conventional riprap.

In cases where ditch-lining materials are still insufficient to control erosion, small check dams or sediment traps may be required. The check dams will serve to reduce flow velocities, as well as provide small traps for containing sediment. The determination of the amount, location and placement of ditch linings, check dams and of the special erosion control features should be performed by or in conjunction with the drainage engineer who is more familiar with the flow quantities and velocities.

Cut and fill slope areas will be subjected primarily to sheetwash and rill erosion. Unchecked rill erosion can eventually lead to concentrated flows of water and gully erosion. The best means to combat this type of erosion is, where possible, the adequate re-vegetation of cut and fill slopes. Cut and fill slopes having gradients more than three (3) horizontal to one (1) vertical become increasingly more difficult to re-vegetate successfully. Therefore, recommendations pertaining to the vegetation of the cut and fill slopes may require input from a qualified landscape architect and/or The Natural Resource Conservation Service (previously the Soil Conservation Service).

## **9.0 ECONOMIC MINERAL RESOURCES**

Some of the sandy materials on-site could be considered a low grade sand resource. According to the *El Paso County Aggregate Resource Evaluation Map* (Reference 16), the area is mapped as upland deposits. According to the *Atlas of Sand, Gravel and Quarry Aggregate Resources, Colorado Front Range Counties* distributed by the Colorado Geological Survey (Reference 17), areas of the site are mapped as U4 - Upland deposits: probably aggregate resource and A3 - Alluvial fan: sand resource. According to the *Evaluation of Mineral and Mineral Fuel Potential* (Reference 18), the area of the site has been mapped as "Good" for industrial minerals. Several mines exist in the area of the site for sand and gravel. A gravel quarry is located immediately south of the site. Considering the silty to clayey nature of much of these materials and abundance of similar materials through the region, they would be considered to have little significance as an economic resource.



According to *the Evaluation of Mineral and Mineral Fuel Potential of El Paso County State Mineral Lands* (Reference 18), the site is mapped within the Denver Basin Coal Region. However, the area of the site has been mapped as "Poor" for coal resources. No active or inactive mines have been mapped in the area of the site. The *El Paso County Aggregate Resource Map* (Reference 16) has mapped coal resources in the Falcon area, 1 mile south of the site; however, none are mapped on the site itself. No metallic mineral resources have been mapped on the site (Reference 18).

The site has been mapped as "Fair" for oil and gas resources (Reference 18). No oil or gas fields have been discovered in the area of the site. An exploratory well was drilled northeast of the site to 8,263 feet deep in 1955. The sedimentary rocks in the area lacked the essential elements for oil or gas; therefore, the well was plugged and abandoned.

## **10.0 RELEVANCE OF GEOLOGIC AND SITE CONDITIONS TO LAND USE PLANNING**

### *Site Conditions and Development Considerations*

It is our opinion that the existing anticipated geologic and engineering geologic conditions will impose some constraints on the proposed development and construction. The most significant problem affecting development will be that of shallow groundwater, potentially shallow bedrock, and floodplains. Other anticipated constraints such as expansive soils can be mitigated through proper engineering design and construction. Geologic conditions and land use considerations are presented in Table 4 (Reference 12).

The upper soils are typically at loose to very dense states. Expansive layers may be encountered. Expansive soils, if encountered, will require special foundation design and/or overexcavation and replacement with non-expansive material compacted at 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density ASTM D-1557. These soils will not prohibit development. Loose or collapsible soils, if encountered, may also require recompaction at 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557.

Small earthen dams observed on site can be avoided by development or regraded. Small erosion berms can be penetrated by foundations or regraded. Should any uncontrolled fill be encountered beneath foundations, it will require recompaction at 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557.

Areas of shallow groundwater and floodplains exist on this site. The floodplains are to be either avoided by development or channelized and preserved as open space in drainage easements. Some areas will require approval of the Drainage Report that excludes them from the FEMA floodplain prior to construction. Finished floor levels must be a minimum of one foot above the floodplain level. Exact floodplain locations are beyond the scope of this report. The majority of the floodplain areas are in proposed open space areas. According to the grading plan (Figure 9), the minor drainages are to be filled and will mitigate the hazard. Areas of perched groundwater were encountered on this site. Shallow groundwater was encountered in the area of Test Boring Nos. 301, 303, and 305 and Profile Hole No. 7. According to the grading plan, 3 to 9 feet of fill is proposed in these areas. It is anticipated the majority of the areas where shallow groundwater exists on the site will be mitigated with the proposed grading. Subsurface drains may be necessary in some areas to prevent the intrusion of water below grade. Dewatering systems may be necessary in some areas where seepage and perched water occurs. Unstable conditions should be expected where excavations approach the groundwater level. Stabilization using geofabric or shot rock may be necessary.

Shallow bedrock may be encountered on portions of this site where the overlying alluvial materials are thinner. Shallow bedrock areas encountered in the test borings and profile holes are indicated on the Shallow Bedrock Map, Figure 15. Depths of bedrock are indicated on Figure 15. Higher bearing capacities for foundations can be expected in areas of shallow bedrock. Additionally, difficult excavation can be expected in areas of shallow bedrock. The use of track mounted equipment may be necessary in areas of shallow bedrock. Rubber tired equipment can be used where bedrock is not encountered.

*Preliminary Foundation Recommendations*

Shallow foundations are anticipated for the structures on this site including standard spread footing/stemwall systems in conjunction with recompaction of loose soils or overexcavation of expansive soils where encountered. Reinforcing for foundations should be designed to span a minimum of 10 feet under the design load and should extend a minimum of 30 inches below finished grade for frost protection. Interior support columns may be supported by isolated concrete pads. Bearing capacities of 2000 to 2400 psf are anticipated for foundations bearing on native granular soils. A bearing capacity of 2400 to 2800 psf is anticipated for foundation members bearing on compacted structural fill. Bearing capacities of 3000 to 4000 psf are anticipated for foundations on shallow sandstone. Actual bearing capacities should be determined after additional investigation and at the time of the excavation observations.

Foundation walls should be designed to resist lateral pressures generated by the soils on this site. An equivalent hydrostatic fluid pressure (in the active state) of 45 pcf is anticipated for the granular soils and 50 for the clayey soils.

It should be noted that these values apply to level backfill conditions. Pressures will increase substantially depending on the conditions adjacent to the walls. Surcharge loading should be considered in wall designs. Equivalent fluid pressures for sloping conditions should be determined on an individual basis.

*Additional Investigation and Foundation Excavation Observation*

Additional investigation of building sites is required to provide foundation recommendations. During construction, the open foundation excavation should also be observed prior to construction of the foundation in order to verify that no anomalies are present, that materials at the proper design bearing capacity have been encountered, and that no soft spots or debris are present in the foundation area. Areas requiring overexcavation should also be determined during the excavation observation of each lot. Final drainage recommendations should also be determined at the time of the observation.

*Floor Slabs*

The medium dense to dense granular soils will provide adequate support for floor slabs. Removal and replacement of loose soils is recommended to minimize slab movement. Floor slabs placed on expansive clays should be expected to experience movement. Floor slabs should be separated from structure components to allow for vertical movement. Control joints in concrete slabs are recommended at 10 to 15 feet spacing each direction.

*Surface and Subsurface Drainage*

Positive surface drainage must be maintained around all structures to minimize infiltration of surface water. A minimum gradient of 10% in the first 10 feet adjacent to foundation walls is recommended. The use of drainage swales may be required on the upslope of the structures. All downspouts should be extended to discharge well beyond the backfill zone of the structures.

Subsurface perimeter drains are recommended for useable space below finished ground surfaces or are required around the entire structure if expansive soils are encountered. Subdrains are not required for slab-on-grade construction. Drains should consist of a perforated drainpipe, gravel collector and approved filter fabric. Any drains should be provided with a free gravity outlet. If such an outlet is not available, a sump and pump will be required. A typical perimeter drain detail is presented in Figure 12. In areas that approach groundwater level, underslab drains will be necessary to prevent the intrusion of water into areas below grade. A typical underslab drain detail is presented in Figure 13. In areas of seepage or directional flows, interceptor drains may be necessary for dewatering. A typical interceptor drain detail is presented in Figure 14.

*Concrete*

Type II cement is typically recommended for all concrete in the vicinity on this site. Additional testing is recommended to evaluate the soils corrosive characteristics prior to construction. Concrete should not be placed on frozen or wet ground. If concrete is placed during periods of cold temperatures, the concrete must be kept from freezing. This may require covering the concrete with insulated blankets and heating the concrete to prohibit freezing.



**Backfill**

Backfill placed around the foundations and in utility trenches should be compacted to a minimum of 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557. Material should be placed in lifts having a compacted thickness of six inches or less and a moisture content conducive to adequate compaction, usually  $\pm 2\%$  of optimum Proctor moisture content. Mechanical methods should be used in placement of backfill; however, heavy equipment should be kept away from foundation walls. No water flooding techniques of any type should be used in compaction of backfill on the site.

Trench backfill should be performed in accordance with City of Colorado Springs specifications. All excavating should be performed in accordance with OSHA guidelines.

**Structural Fill**

Any areas to receive fill should have all topsoil, organic material, or debris removed. Any uncontrolled fill should be recompacted prior to placing new fill. The surface should be scarified and moisture conditioned to within 2% of optimum moisture content and compacted to a minimum of 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557, prior to placing new fill. New fill should be placed in thin lifts not to exceed 6 inches after compaction while maintaining at least 92% of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557. Fill material should be free of vegetation or other unsuitable material and shall not contain rocks or pieces greater than six (6) inches. Topsoil and strippings should not be mixed in the structural fill. Fill material should be placed at a moisture content conducive to compaction, usually  $\pm 2\%$  of Proctor optimum moisture content. The placement and compaction of fill should be observed and tested by the Soils Engineer during construction. Any import materials should be approved by the Soils Engineer prior to hauling to the site.

## **11.0 CLOSURE**

It is our opinion that the existing geologic engineering and geologic conditions will impose minimal constraints on development and construction of the site. The proposed development is consistent with the geologic and engineering conditions observed on the site.

It should be pointed out that because of the nature of data obtained by random sampling of such variable and non-homogeneous materials as soil and rock, it is important that we be informed of any differences observed between surface and subsurface conditions encountered in construction and those assumed in the body of this report. Reporting such discrepancies to Entech Engineering, Inc. soon after they are discovered would be greatly appreciated and could possibly help avoid construction and development problems. Individual investigations of building sites is required prior to construction. Planning and design personnel should be made familiar with the contents of this report.

This report has been prepared for Four Way Joint Venture, LLC. for application to the proposed project in accordance with generally accepted geologic soil and engineering practices. No other warranty expressed or implied is made.

We trust this report has provided you with all the information you required. Should you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact Entech Engineering, Inc.

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## TABLES

**TABLE 1**

**SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS**  
from Entech Job No. 61992 (Reference 1)

CLIENT LAND RESOURCE GROUP, INC.  
PROJECT 4-WAY RANCH  
JOB NO. 61992

SOIL TYPE	TEST BORING NO.	DEPTH (FT)	PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	LIQUID LIMIT (%)	PLASTIC INDEX (%)	FHA SWELL (PSF)	SWELL/CONSOL (%)	UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION
1	PH-6	5-10'	15.3%	19	3			SM	SAND, SILTY, GRAVELLY
1	TB1	2-3'	9.7%					SW-SM	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
1	TB11	2-3'	25.0%					SM	SAND, SILTY
1	TB4	2-5'	9.4%	NV	NP			SW-SM	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
2	TB23	2-3'	76.5%			1467		CL	CLAY, SILTY
3	TB4	10'		32	1			ML	SILT, CLAYEY
4	PH-1	10'				861		SC	SANDSTONE, CLAYEY
4	PH-2	5-10'	17.3%	28	13			SC	SANDSTONE, CLAYEY
4	TB11	10'	48.0%	NV	NP			SM	SANDSTONE, VERY SILTY
4	TB11	10'					0.0%	SM	SANDSTONE, VERY SILTY
4	TB16	5'	11.2%			351		SW-SC	SANDSTONE, SLIGHTLY CLAYEY
5	PH-9	10'	56.4%			1014		CL	CLAYSTONE, VERY SANDY
5	PH-8	10'	68.3%	39	23			CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY
5	TB6	15'	92.9%			1467		CL	CLAYSTONE, SILTY
6	PH-7	10'	62.5%	27	2	1818		ML	SILTSTONE, SANDY
6	TB14	2-3'				1150		ML	SILTSTONE, CLAYEY
6	TB2	10'					3.8%	ML	SILTSTONE, CLAYEY
6	TB2	10'	82.1%	29	0			ML	SILTSTONE, CLAYEY

**TABLE 2**  
**SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS**  
from Entech Job No. 120675 (Reference 6)

CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH  
JOB NO. 120675

SOIL TYPE	TEST BORING NO.	DEPTH (FT)	WATER (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	LIQUID LIMIT (%)	PLASTIC INDEX (%)	SULFATE (WT %)	FHA SWELL (PSF)	SWELL/CONSOL (%)	UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION
1	301	2-3			6.2			0.01			SM-SW	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
1	305	5			7.7						SM-SW	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
1	305	10			18.9	NV	NP		290		SM	SAND, SILTY
1	311	5			10.9						SM-SW	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
1	317	5			5.6						SM-SW	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
2	312	5	16.4	107.5	94.7					1.5	CL	CLAY, SANDY
3	318	10	12.8	119.4	28.9	NV	NP	0.00		-0.3	SM	SANDSTONE, SILTY
3	303	15			6.6	NV	NP				SM-SW	SANDSTONE, SLIGHTLY SILTY
3	307	5			34.4	NV	NP	0.00			SM	SANDSTONE, SILTY
3	308	5			18.7						SM	SANDSTONE, SILTY
3	312	10			19.1						SM	SANDSTONE, SILTY
4	302	15				40	15	0.02			CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY
4	308	10	16.4	115.5	61.0					0.6	CL	CLAYSTONE, VERY SANDY
4	314	10			56.6	35	17		1360		CL	CLAYSTONE, VERY SANDY
4	315	10	15.8	116.5	77.1					1.7	CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY
4	316	15			66.0						CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY

**TABLE 3**

Depth to Bedrock and Groundwater  
FROM ENTECH JOB NO. 120675 (REFERENCE 6)

Test Boring No.	Depth to Bedrock (ft.)	Depth to Groundwater (ft.)
300	14	6.5
301	9	4
302	13	8
303	14	6
304	12	8.5
305	12	5.5
306	3	12
307	4	4
308	3	>15
309	9	11.5
310	7	4.5
311	8	5.5
312	7	14.5
313	3	5.5
314	4	13
315	7	24.5
316	4	14
317	11	8.5
318	9	4.5

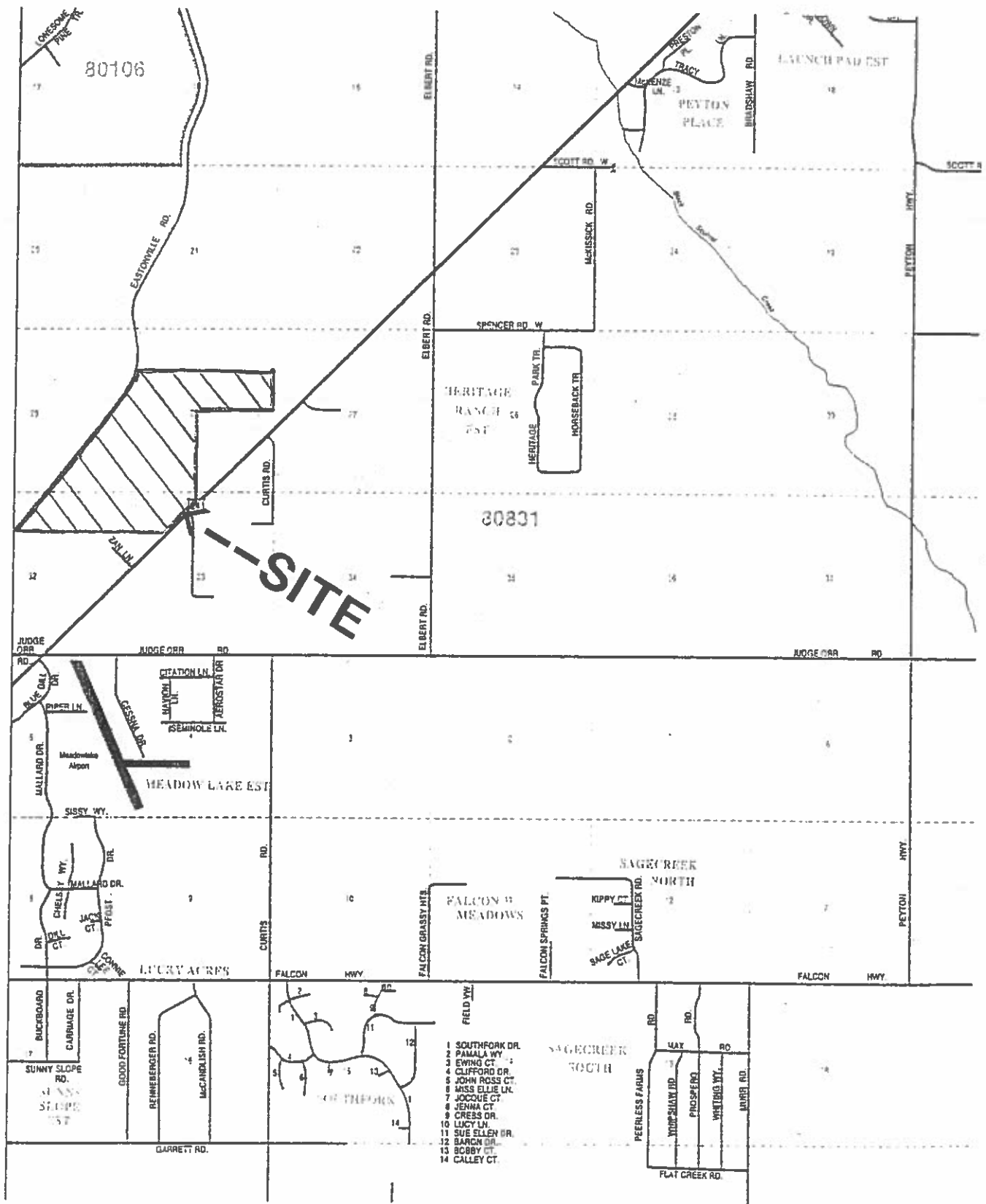


Table 4: Summary of Geologic Units/ Land Use Considerations

Map Symbol	Map Unit, description	Workability	Surface drainage, erodibility, groundwater	Suitability for waste disposal	Foundation stability	Potential Geologic hazards	Geologic resources
al	ALLUVIUM: Silt, sand, gravel and boulders in the bed of streams, on valley floors and in the lowest terraces along streams.	Excavation and compaction easy except where bouldery.	Infiltration: Medium to high.  Runoff: Moderate.  Subject to stream scour and stream bank erosion. Water table may be permanently or seasonally within a few feet of the surface.	Septic Systems: Unsatisfactory, generally within or adjacent to waterway and in area of seasonal high ground water.  Dump sites: Unsatisfactory because of high ground water or seasonal flooding.	Poor; loose and erodible materials.	Deposits are subject to annual or periodic flooding. Low terrace banks may be undercut by stream erosion.	Source of sand and gravel.
Op	PINEY CREEK ALLUVIUM: Organic rich clayey silt and sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders in terraces along most of the present streams. Locally alluvium, derived from expansive bedrock will have a low to high potential for swelling. Top of terraces is about 20 feet above stream level.	Excavation and compaction easy.	Infiltration: Medium to low.  Runoff: Moderate to rapid. Locally water may stand in flat areas for several days following heavy precipitation.  Moderately resistant to erosion. Water table may be permanently or seasonally within a few feet of the surface. Yield to wells range 1 to 100 gallons per minute. Along Fountain Creek south of Colorado Springs yield in excess of 1000 gallons per minute.	Septic Systems: Excellent to poor. In some areas ground water table may be too high.	Good to poor. May have expansive clay or high ground water in some areas.	Locally expansive soils; low areas may be subject to flooding. Steep slopes along stream channels may be unstable or undercut by stream erosion.	Source of sand and gravel.

Map Symbol	Map Unit, description	Workability	Surface drainage, erodibility, groundwater	Suitability for waste disposal	Foundation stability	Potential Geologic hazards	Geologic resources
Tkd	<p>COLLUVIUM DAWSON FORMATION (upper part) (includes areas of bedrock): Coarse-grained and pebbly arkosic sand, clay and silty derived from arkosic sandstone, claystone and shale. Claystone and shale may be expansive.</p> <p>Lowest unit of sandstone forms cliffs at Austin Bluffs, Pulpit Rock and Palmer Park.</p>	Excavation and compaction moderately difficult to difficult in cliff forming units.	<p>Infiltration: Medium to high.</p> <p>Runoff: Low to high in clays and shales.</p> <p>Highly erodible by gullying and slope wash. Yield to wells ranges from 4 to 500 gallons per minute.</p>	<p>Septic Systems: Excellent to poor, depending on percolation.</p> <p>Dump Sites: Unsuitable because of potential of polluting major ground water aquifers.</p>	Fair to excellent. Clay and claystone may be expansive.	Expansive clay. Talus deposits form at base of cliffs and steep slopes may be unstable.	Locally may contain seams of lignite.

## FIGURES



**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.

505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-3599

VICINITY MAP  
WATERBURY PH1  
FOR: LAND RESOURCE CORP.

DRAWN:  
RJO

DATE:  
10CT02

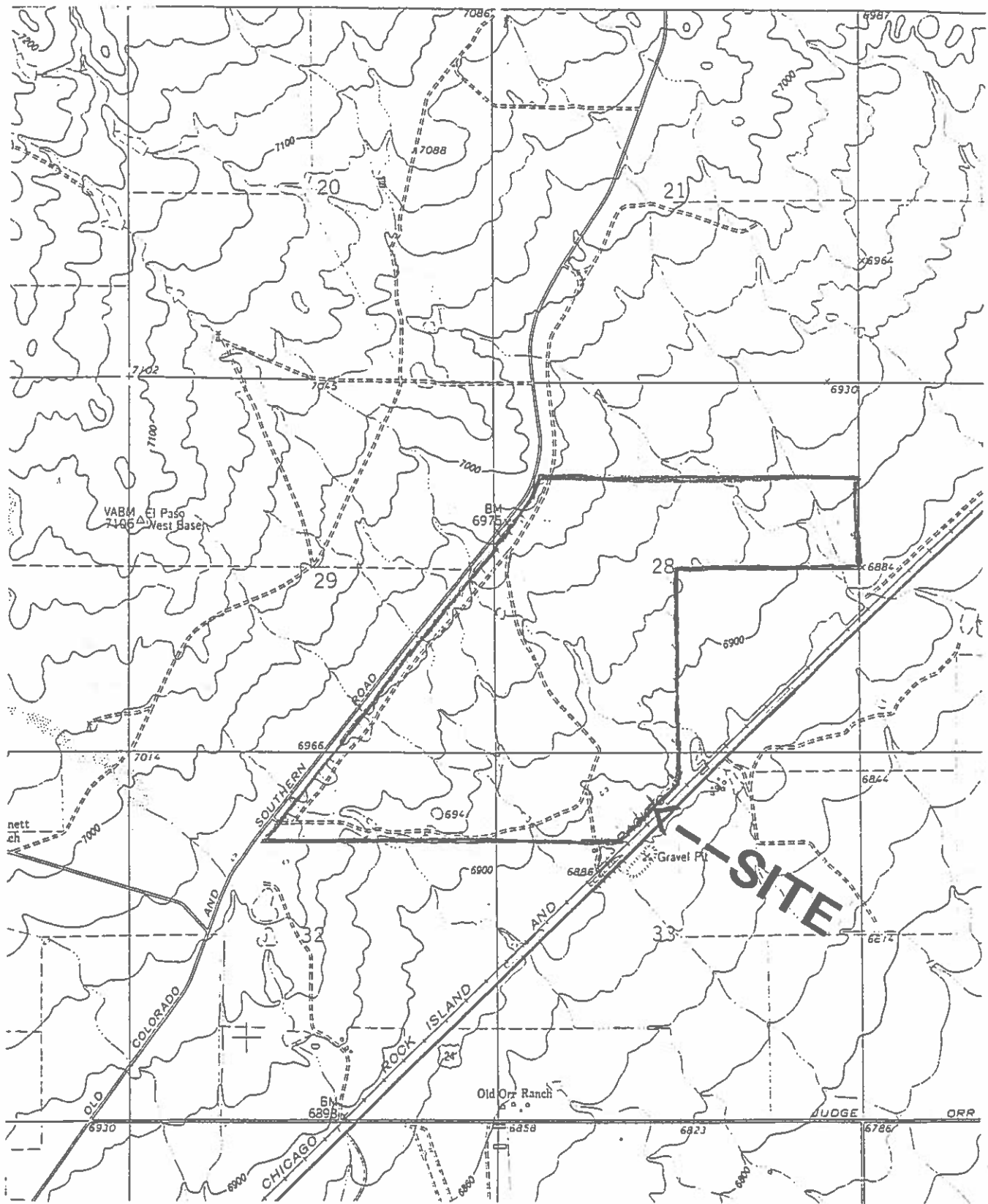
CHECKED:  
KAB

DATE:  
12/1/03

JOB NO.:  
130377

FIG NO.:  
1





**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

USGS MAP  
WATERBURY PH1  
FOR: LAND RESOURCE CORP.

DRAWN:  
RJO

DATE:  
10CT02

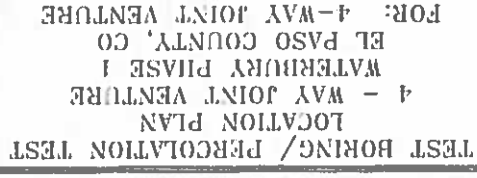
CHECKED:  
KAA

DATE:  
12/1/03

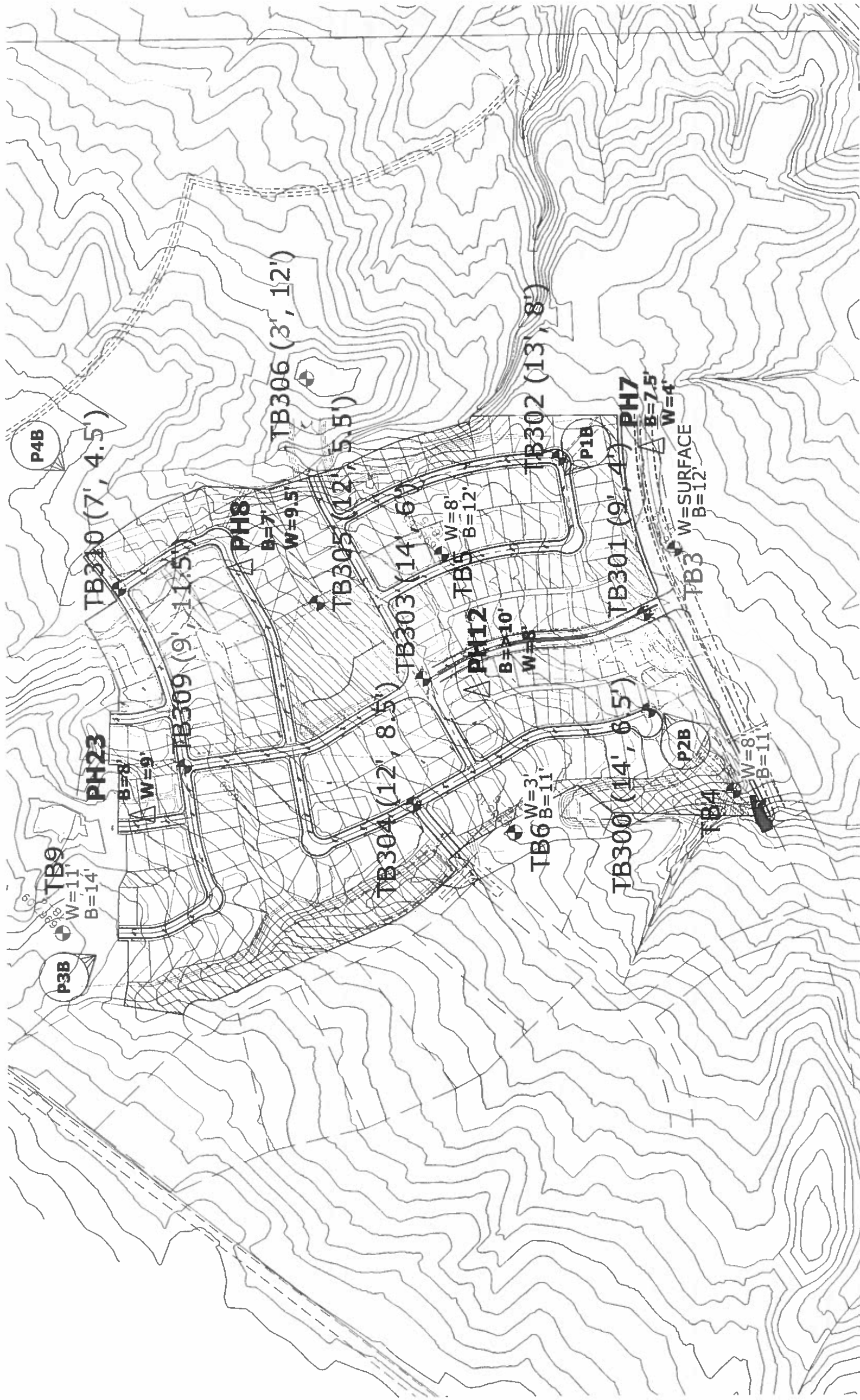
JOB NO.:  
130377

FIG NO.:  
2

**ENTTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
CLYDE, OH 44907  
(216) 531-5599

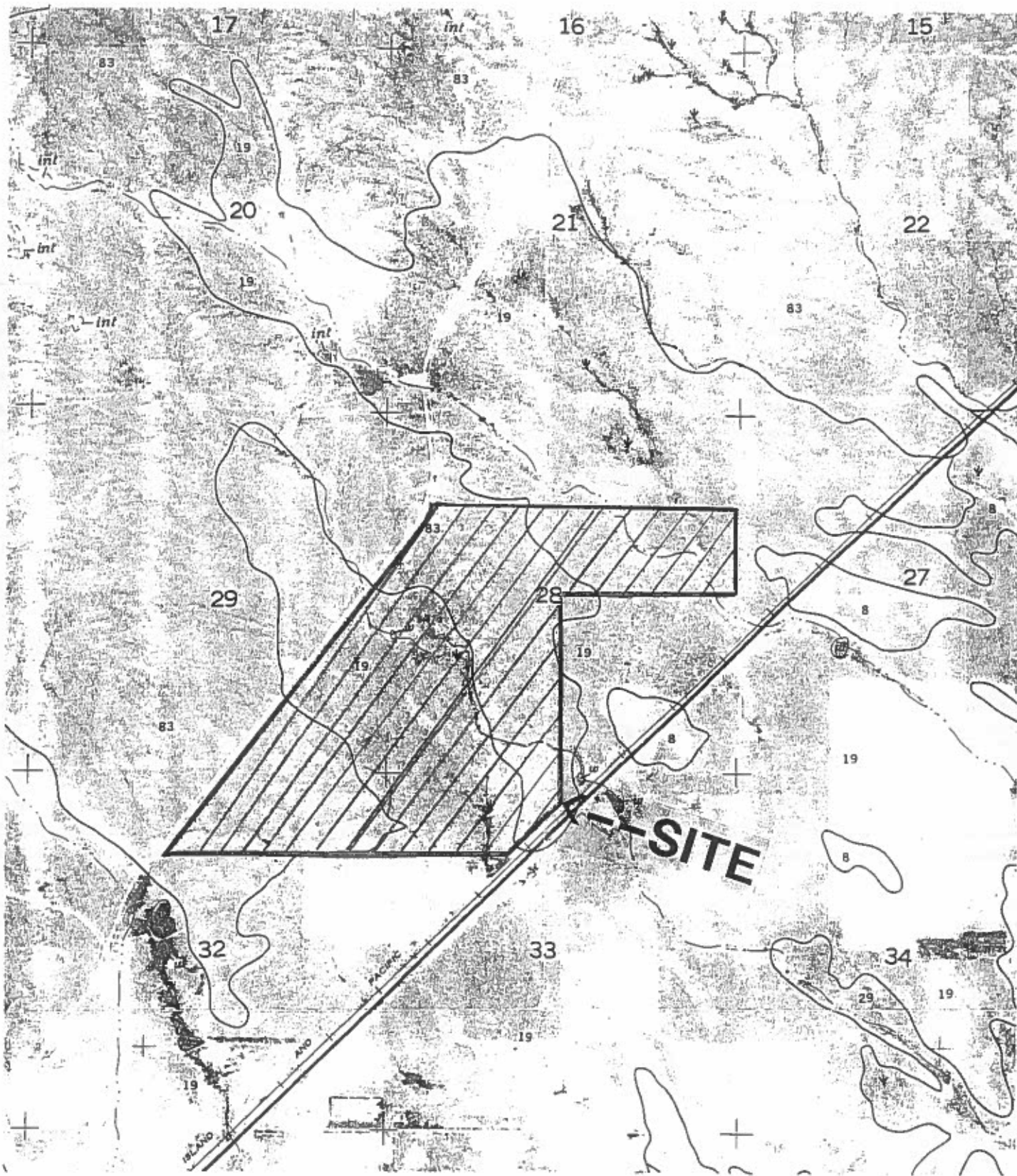


DRAWN BY: R. MCGRIDE  
DESIGNED BY: KAH  
CHECKED BY:  
DATE: 09/20/13  
SCALE: 1" = 150'  
JOB NO.: 130377  
FIGURE NO.: 3



 TB (14', 6.5') - INDICATES APPROXIMATE TEST BORING LOCATION & NUMBER (DEPTH TO BEDROCK, DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER)  
 PH (4', >10') - INDICATES APPROXIMATE PERCOLATION TEST LOCATION & NUMBER (DEPTH TO BEDROCK, DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER)

 - INDICATES APPROXIMATE PHOTOGRAPH LOCATION & DIRECTION TAKEN MARCH 15, 2013



**ENTECH**  
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385 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

SCS MAP  
WATERBURY PH 1  
FOR: LAND RESOURCE CORP.

DRAWN:  
RJO

DATE:  
10CT02

CHECKED:  
Kant

DATE:  
12/1/03

JOB NO.:  
130571

FIG NO.:  
4

19—Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes. This deep, well drained to excessively drained soil formed in coarse textured material on alluvial terraces and fans and on flood plains. Elevation ranges from 6,500 to 7,300 feet. The average annual precipitation is about 15 inches, the average annual air temperature is about 47 degrees F, and the average frost-free period is about 135 days.

Typically, the surface layer is grayish brown gravelly sandy loam about 14 inches thick. The underlying material is light yellowish brown very gravelly loamy sand.

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; Blendon sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes; Louviers silty clay loam, 3 to 18 percent slopes; and Fluvaquent Haplaquolls, nearly level. In places the parent arkose beds of sandstone or shale are at a depth of 0 to 40 inches.

Permeability of this Columbine soil is very rapid. Effective rooting depth is 60 inches or more. Available water capacity is low to moderate. Surface runoff is slow, and the hazard of erosion is slight to moderate.

This soil is used mainly for grazing livestock and for wildlife habitat. It is also used for homesites.

Native vegetation is mainly western wheatgrass, side-oats grama, needleandthread, and little bluestem. The main shrub is true mountainmahogany.

Proper location of livestock watering facilities helps to control grazing.

Windbreaks and environmental plantings are fairly well suited to this soil. Blowing sand and low available water capacity are the principal limitations to the establishment of trees and shrubs. The soil is so loose that trees need to be planted in the rows. Supplemental irrigation may be needed to insure survival. Trees that are best suited and have good survival are Rocky Mountain juniper, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine, and Siberian elm. Shrubs that are best suited are skunkbush sumac, lilac, and Siberian peashrub.

Rangeland wildlife, such as pronghorn antelope, cottontail, coyote, and scaled quail, is best adapted to life on this droughty soil. Forage production is typically low, and proper livestock grazing management is necessary if wildlife and livestock share the range. Livestock watering developments are also important and are used by various wildlife species.

The main limitation of this soil for urban development is a hazard of flooding in some areas. Care must be taken when locating septic tank absorption fields because of possible pollution as a result of the very rapid permeability of this soil. Capability subclass VIe.



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### SCS SOIL DESCRIPTION

Drawn	Date	Checked	Date
		10/26/03	12/1/03

Job No.

130377-

Fig. No.

5



83—Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes. This deep, noncalcareous, well drained soil formed in sandy alluvium derived from arkosic bedrock on uplands. Elevation ranges from 6,500 to 7,300 feet. The average annual precipitation is about 15 inches, the average annual air temperature is about 47 degrees F, and the average frost-free period is about 135 days.

Typically, the surface layer is grayish brown sandy loam about 11 inches thick. The subsoil is grayish brown gravelly sandy loam about 6 inches thick. The substratum extends to a depth of 60 inches or more. It is pale brown gravelly sandy loam in the upper part and grades to gravelly loamy sand in the lower part.

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Louviers silty clay loam, 3 to 18 percent slopes; Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes; Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes; and Fluvaquent Haplaquolls, nearly level. Also included are areas where arkose beds of sandstone and shale are at a depth of 0 to 40 inches. Included areas make up about 20 percent of the mapped acreage.

Permeability of this Stapleton soil is rapid. Effective rooting depth is 60 inches or more. Available water capacity is moderate. Surface runoff is slow, and the hazards of erosion and soil blowing are moderate.

This soil is used as rangeland, for wildlife habitat, and as homesites.

Native vegetation is mainly western wheatgrass, side-ouls grama, needleandthread, and little bluestem. The predominant shrub on this soil is true mountainmahogany. Yucca occurs in some areas.

Deferred grazing late in summer and in fall improves the condition of the range. Properly locating livestock watering facilities helps to control grazing.

Windbreaks and environmental plantings are generally suited to this soil. Soil blowing is the principal limitation for the establishment of trees and shrubs. This limitation can be overcome by cultivating only in the tree rows and leaving a strip of vegetation between the rows. Supplemental irrigation may be needed when planting and during dry periods. Trees that are best suited and have good survival are Rocky Mountain juniper, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine, Siberian elm, Russian-olive, and hackberry. Shrubs that are best suited are skunkbush sumac, lilac, and Siberian peashrub.

This soil is suited to habitat for openland and rangeland wildlife. Rangeland wildlife, such as pronghorn antelope, can be encouraged by developing livestock watering facilities, properly managing livestock grazing, and reseeding range where needed.

The main limitation of this soil for urban use is frost-action potential. Special design of roads and streets is necessary to minimize frost heave damage. Special practices must be provided to minimize water erosion and soil blowing on construction sites where vegetation has been removed. Access roads must have adequate cut-slope grade and be provided with drains to control surface runoff. Capability subclass IVe.



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## SCS SOIL DESCRIPTION

Drawn	Date	Checked	Date
		KAW	12/1/03

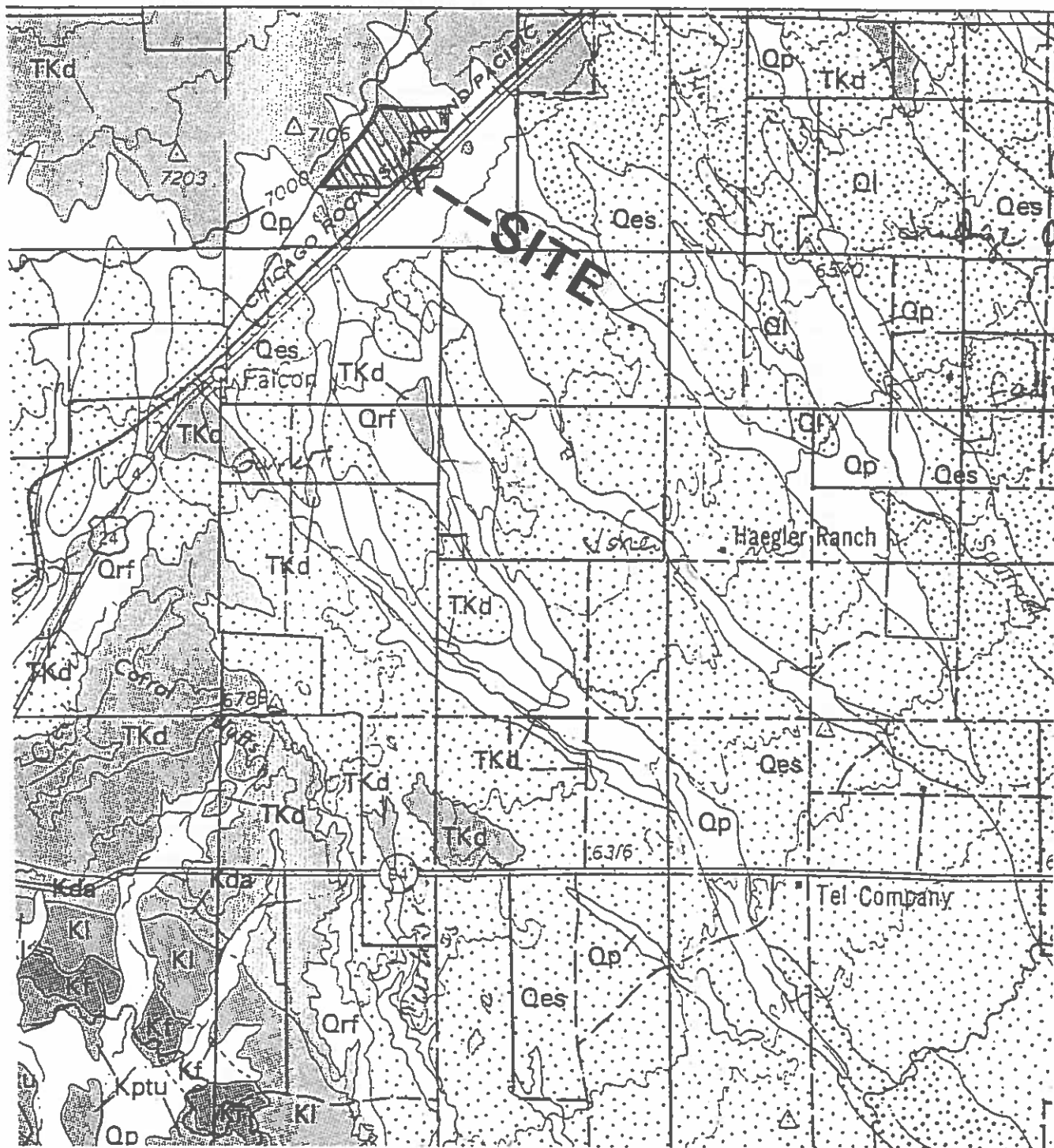
Job No.

130377

Fig. No.

6





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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

COLORADO GEOLOGY MAP  
WATERBURY PH1  
FOR: LAND RESOURCE CORP.

DRAWN:  
RJO

DATE:  
10CT02

CHECKED:  
KAB

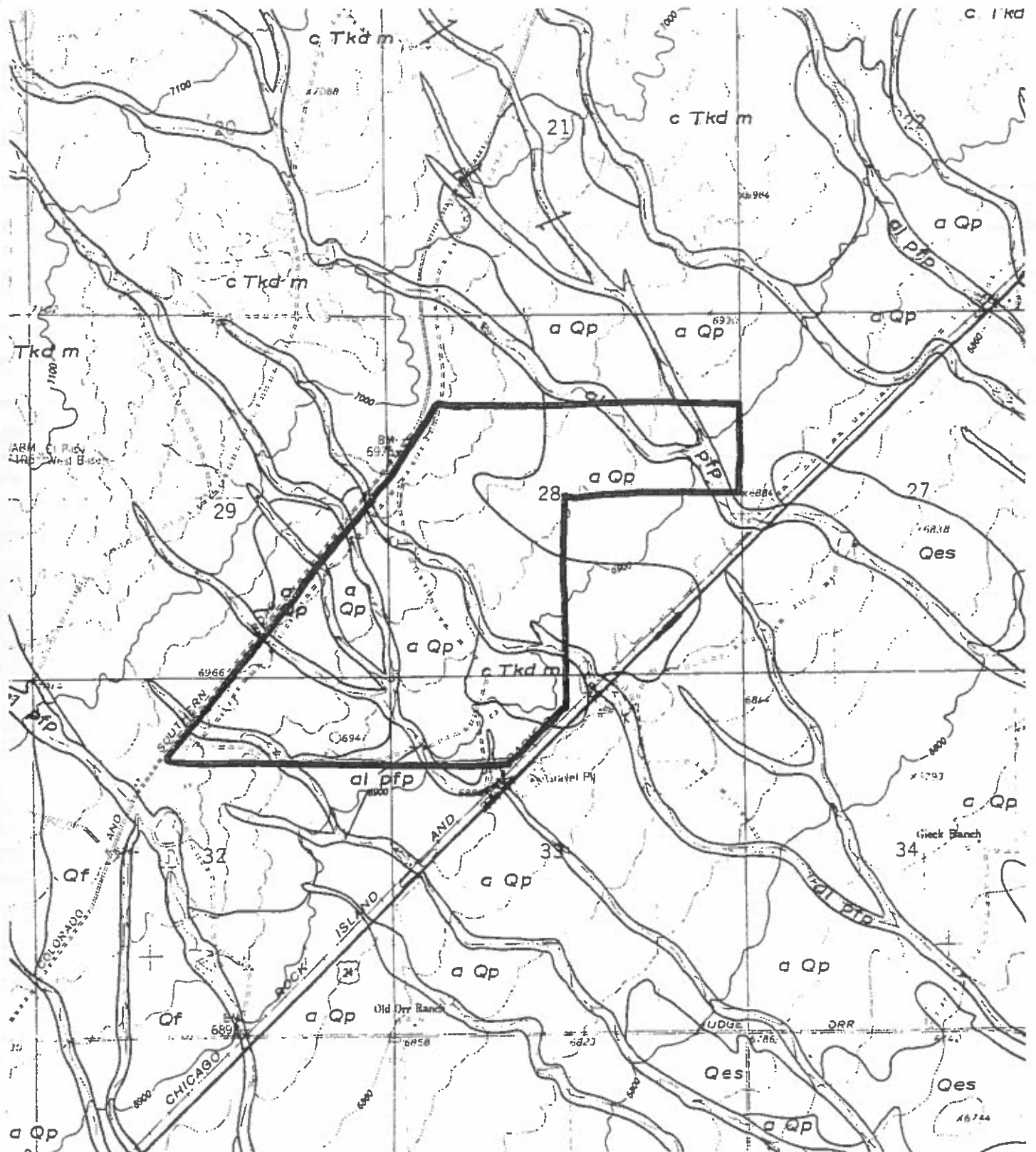
DATE:  
12/1/03

JOB NO.:

130377

FIG NO.:

7



# LEGEND

al : ALLUVIUM  
 fp : FLOODPLAIN  
 Qp : PINEY CREEK ALLUVIUM OF QUATERNARY AGE.  
 Tkd : DAWSON FORMATION OF TERTIARY TO CRETACEOUS AGE



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FALCON GEOLOGY MAP  
 WATERBURY PH1  
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO.  
 FOR: LAND RESOURCE GROUP

DRAWN:  
 RJO

DATE:  
 27OCT03

CHECKED:  
 KAT

DATE:  
 12/1/05

JOB NO.:

130377

FIG NO.:

B

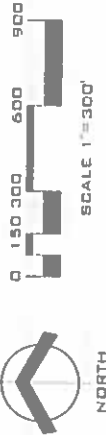
REVISION	DATE	BY

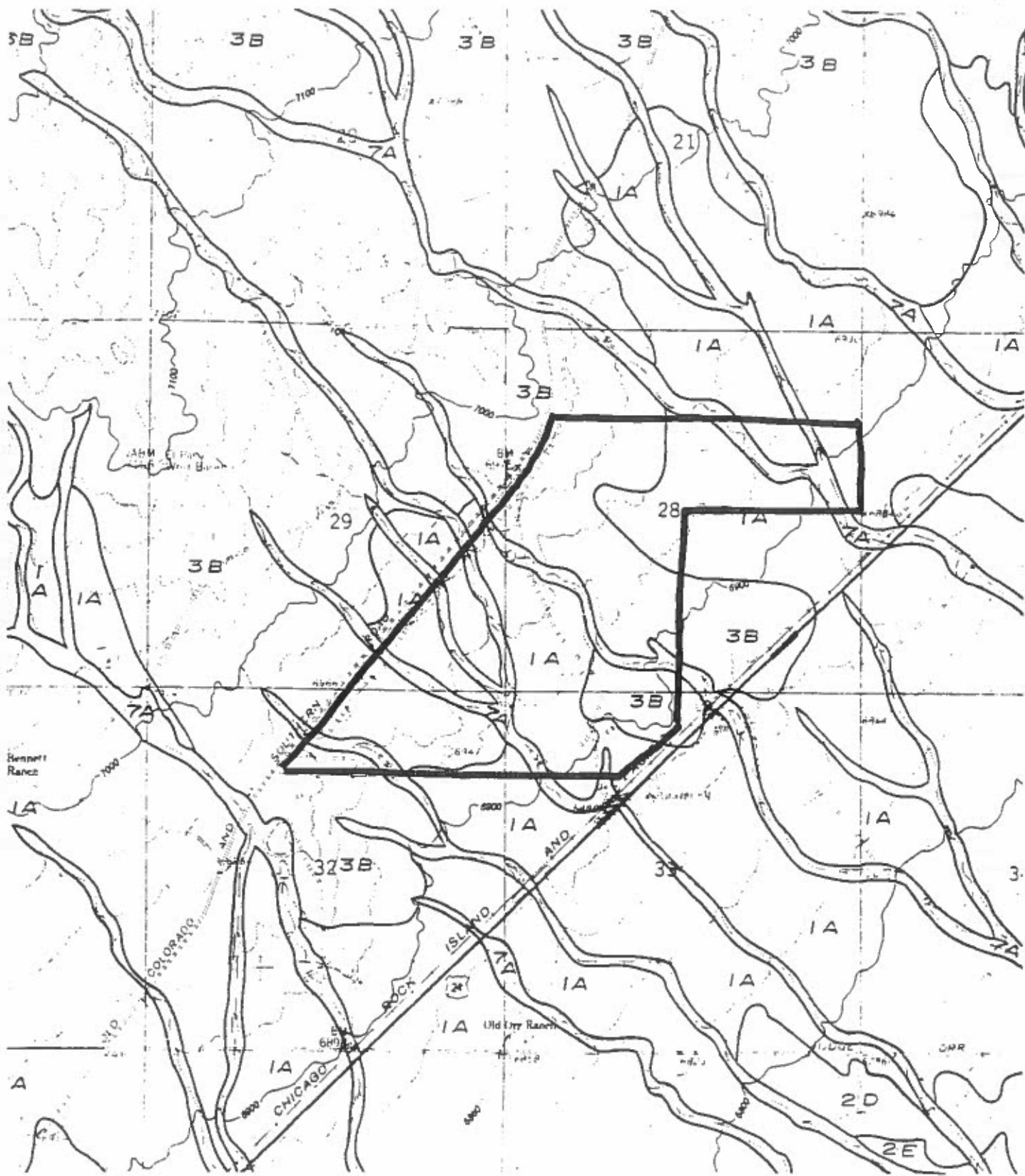
ENTTECH  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELK CREEK DRIVE  
COLGROVE SPRINGS, CO 80907  
(719) 531-5599



GEOLOGY/ENGINEERING GEOLOGY MAP  
4 - WAY JOINT VENTURE  
WATERBURY PHASE 1  
EL PASO COUNTY, CO  
FOR: 4-WAY JOINT VENTURE

DESIGNED BY	
CHECKED BY	
DATE	03/20/13
SCALE	1" = 300'
FIG. NO.	133377
FIGURE NO.	9





**LEGEND**

1A: STABLE ALLUVIUM

3B: EXPANSIVE SOIL AND BEDROCK ON FLAT TO MODERATE SLOPES(0% - 12%)

7A: PHYSIOGRAPHIC FLOODPLAIN. INCLUDES 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN



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COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

FALCON ENGINEERING GEOLOGY MAP  
WATER BURY PH1  
EL PASO COUNTY, CO.  
FOR: LAND RESOURCE GROUP

DRAWN:  
RJO

DATE:  
27OCT03

CHECKED:  
Kalt

DATE:  
12/1/02

JOB NO.:

130377

FIG NO.:

10



LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS INUNDATED BY 100-YEAR FLOOD

ZONE A No base flood elevations determined.

ZONE AE Base flood elevations determined.

ZONE AH Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); base flood elevations determined.

ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.

ZONE A99 To be protected from 100-year flood by Federal flood protection system under construction; no base elevations determined.

ZONE V Coastal flood with velocity hazard (wave action); no base flood elevations determined.

ZONE VE Coastal flood with velocity hazard (wave action); base flood elevations determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

ZONE X Areas of 500-year flood; areas of 100-year flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 100-year flood.

OTHER AREAS

ZONE X Areas determined to be outside 500-year floodplain.

ZONE D Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined.

UNDEVELOPED COASTAL BARRIERS



Identified 1983



Identified 1990



Otherwise Protected Areas

Coastal barrier areas are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

Flood Boundary

Floodway Boundary

Zone D Boundary

Boundary Dividing Special Flood Hazard Zones, and Boundary Dividing Areas of Different Coastal Base Flood Elevations Within Special Flood Hazard Zones.

Base Flood Elevation Line; Elevation in Feet. See Map Index for Elevation Datum.

Cross Section Line

Base Flood Elevation in Feet Where Uniform Within Zone. See Map Index for Elevation Datum.

Elevation Reference Mark

River Mile

Horizontal Coordinates Based on North American Datum of 1927 (NAD 27) Projection.

513



(EL 987)

RM7 X

M2

97°07'30", 32°22'30"

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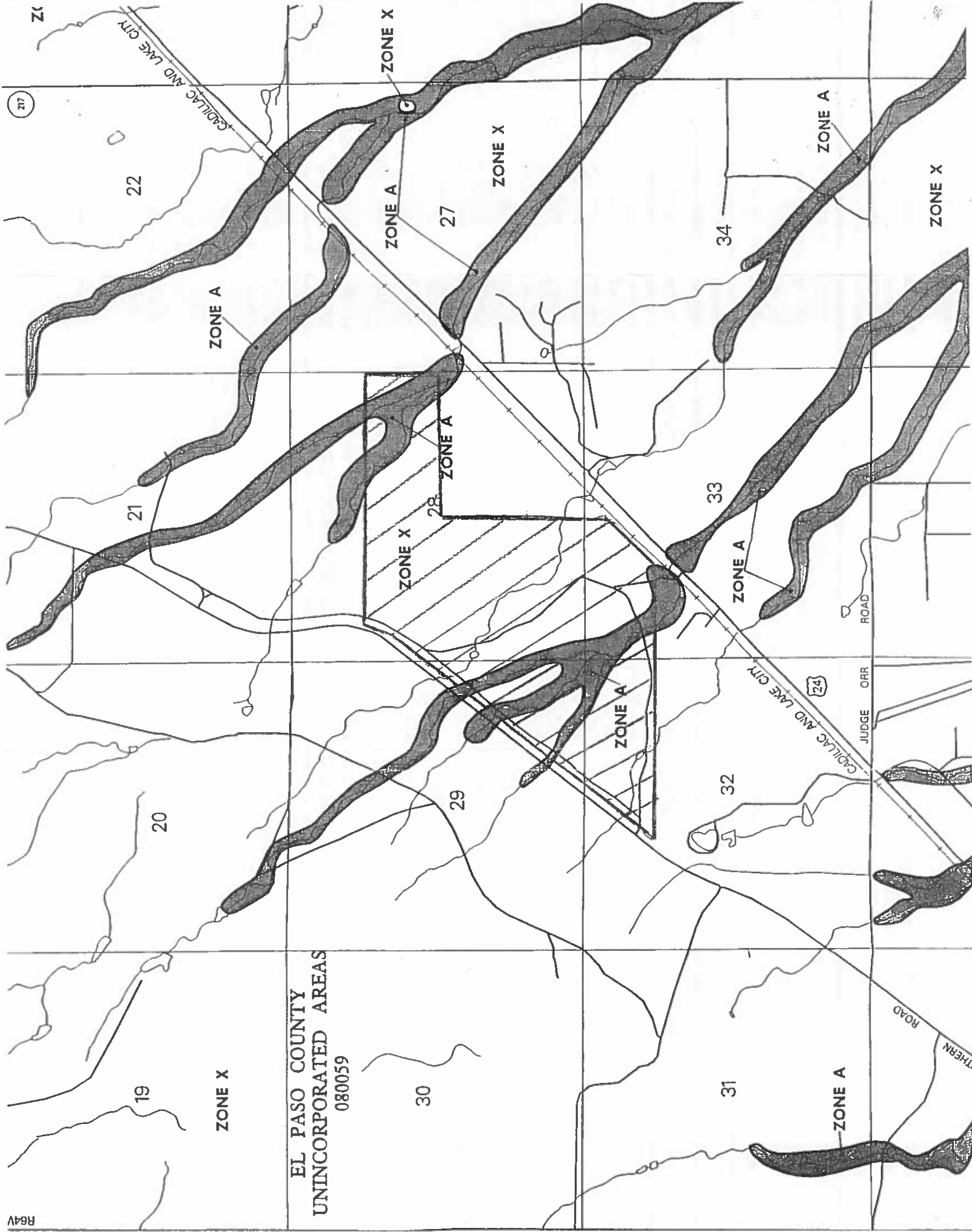


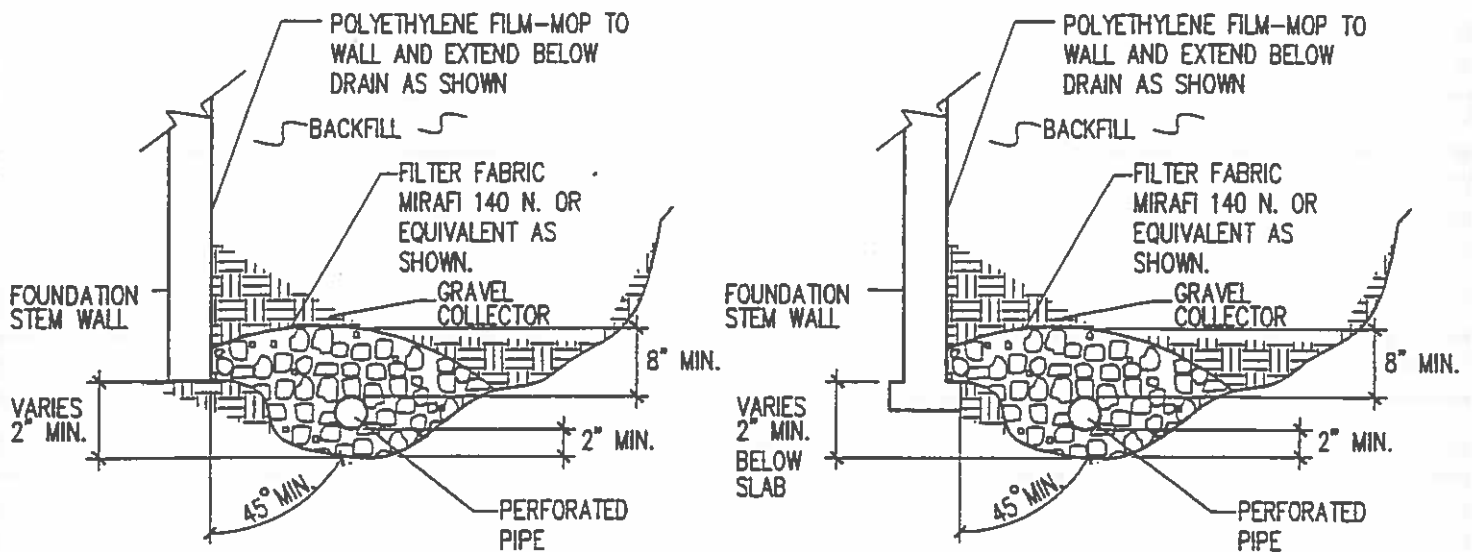
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907  
(719) 531-5599

FLOODPLAIN MAP  
WATERBURY  
FOR: LAND RESOURCE CORP.

DATE: 10/11/97  
DRAWN BY: R. J. OLSON  
CHECKED BY: K. L. HARRIS  
SCALE: AS SHOWN  
JOB NO.: 130377  
DATE: 10/11/97

REVISION	BY





**NOTES:**

-GRAVEL SIZE IS RELATED TO DIAMETER OF PIPE PERFORATIONS-85% GRAVEL GREATER THAN 2x PERFORATION DIAMETER.

-PIPE DIAMETER DEPENDS UPON EXPECTED SEEPAGE. 4-INCH DIAMETER IS MOST OFTEN USED.

-ALL PIPE SHALL BE PERFORATED PLASTIC. THE DISCHARGE PORTION OF THE PIPE SHOULD BE NON-PERFORATED PIPE.

-FLEXIBLE PIPE MAY BE USED UP TO 8 FEET IN DEPTH, IF SUCH PIPE IS DESIGNED TO WITHSTAND THE PRESSURES. RIGID PLASTIC PIPE WOULD OTHERWISE BE REQUIRED.

-MINIMUM GRADE FOR DRAIN PIPE TO BE 1% OR 3 INCHES OF FALL IN 25 FEET.

-DRAIN TO BE PROVIDED WITH A FREE GRAVITY OUTFALL, IF POSSIBLE. A SUMP AND PUMP MAY BE USED IF GRAVITY OUT FALL IS NOT AVAILABLE.

DESIGNER	ELIOT CHAPMAN
CHECKED	PAH
DATE	12/1/03
SCALE	NIS
JOB NO.	101992
FILE NO.	12

**PERIMETER DRAIN DETAILS**

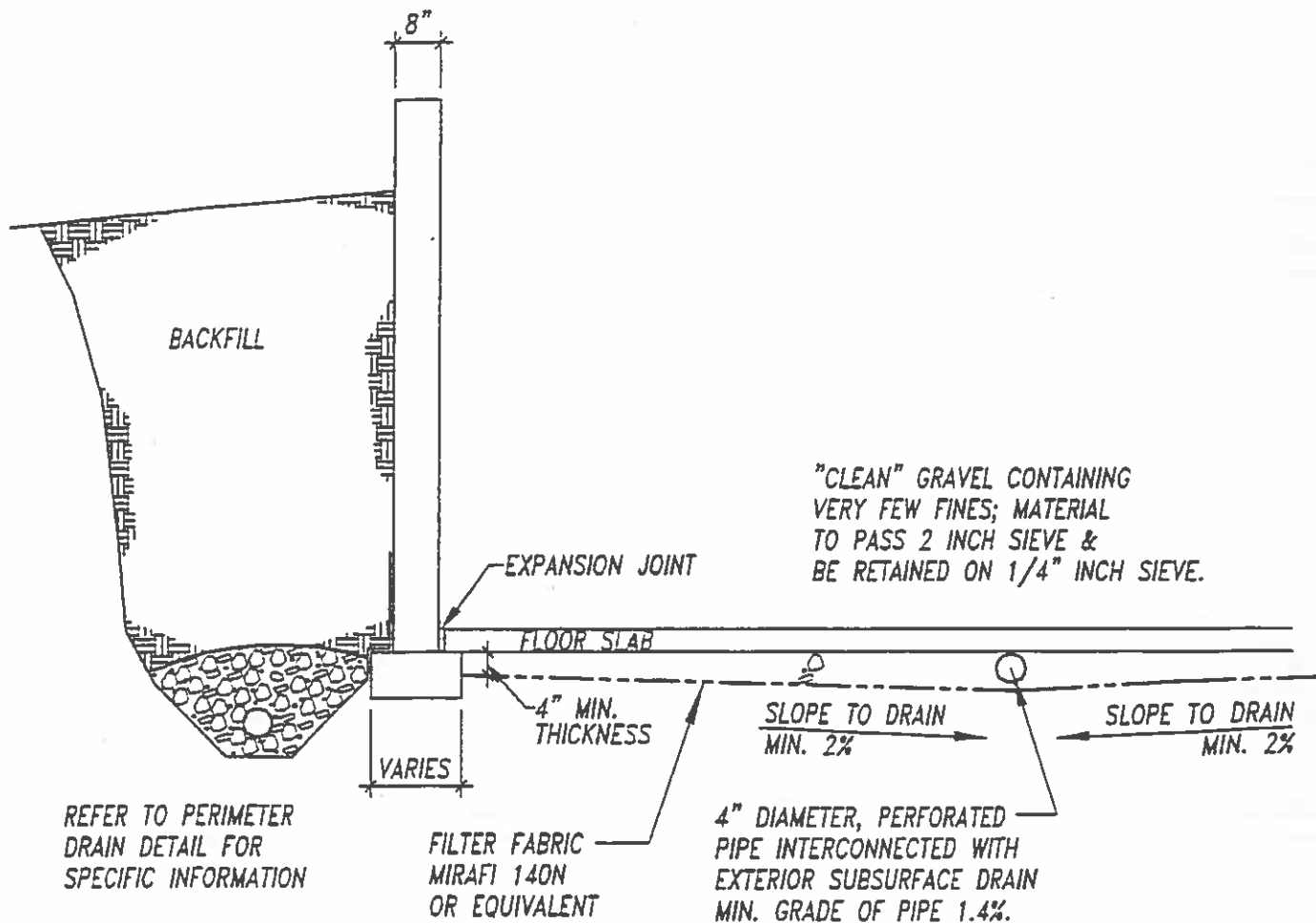


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305 ELKTON DRIVE  
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REVISION	BY





DESIGN	C. WALTON
CHECKED	KAR
DATE	12/1/03
SCALE	NTS
JOB NO.	61492
SHEET	13

TYP. UNDERSLAB DRAINAGE  
LAYER (CAPILLARY BREAK)

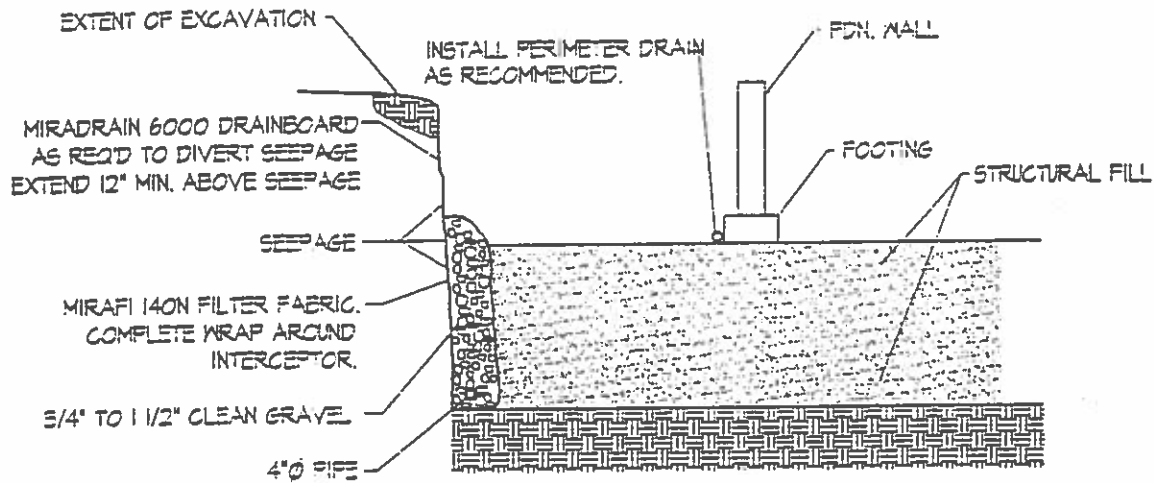


**ENTECH**  
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585 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-3399

REVISION	BY

FIG 12



NOTE:  
EXTEND INTERCEPTOR DRAIN TO DAYLIGHT

## INTERCEPTOR DRAIN DETAIL

N.T.S.

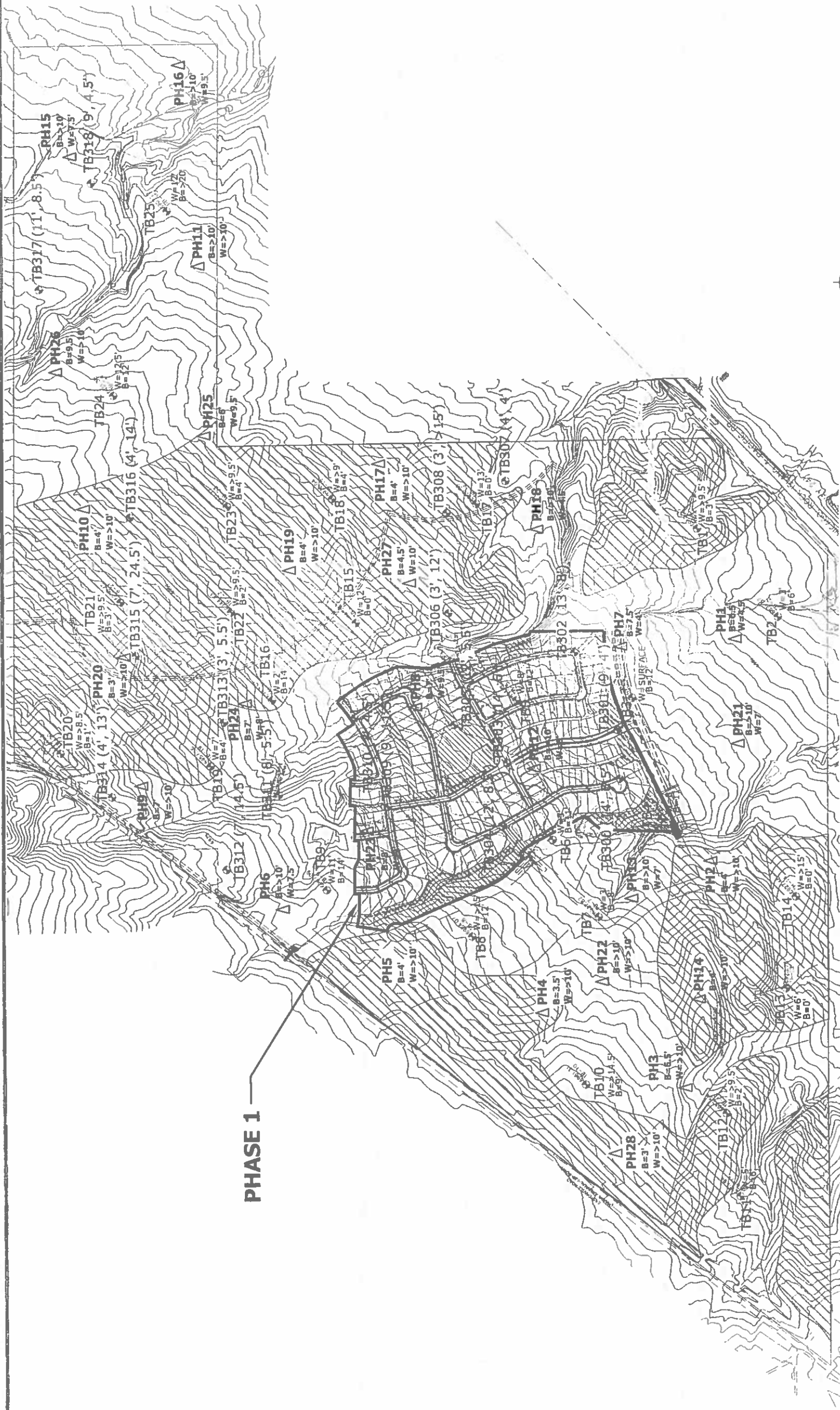
DESIGN	RJ/TET
CHECKED	KALW
DATE	12/11/03
SCALE	NTS
JOB NO.	61992
SHEET	14
OF	14 SHEETS

INTERCEPTOR DRAIN DETAIL



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300 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-3539

REVISION	BY



- CROSSHATCHED AREAS INDICATE AREAS OF POTENTIAL SHALLOW BEDROCK (<6 FT.)

 TB (14', 6.5') - INDICATES APPROXIMATE TEST BORING LOCATION & NUMBER (DEPTH TO BEDROCK, DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER)

Δ PH (4' >10') - INDICATES APPROXIMATE PERCOLATION TEST LOCATION & NUMBER (DEPTH TO BEDROCK, DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER)



SCALE 1"=300'

POTENTIAL SHALLOW BED ROCK MAP  
4 - WAY JOINT VENTURE  
WATERBURY PHASE I  
EL PASO COUNTY, CO  
FOR: 4-WAY JOINT VENTURE

# ENTECH

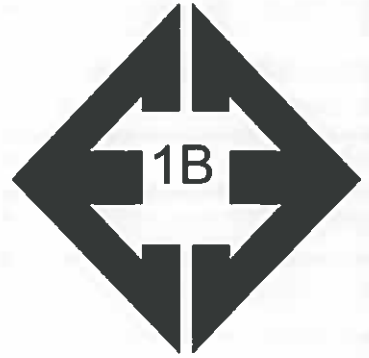


505 E. 4TH DRIVE  
COLUMBIA SPRINGS, IL 60997  
(719) 581-5599

REVISED BY

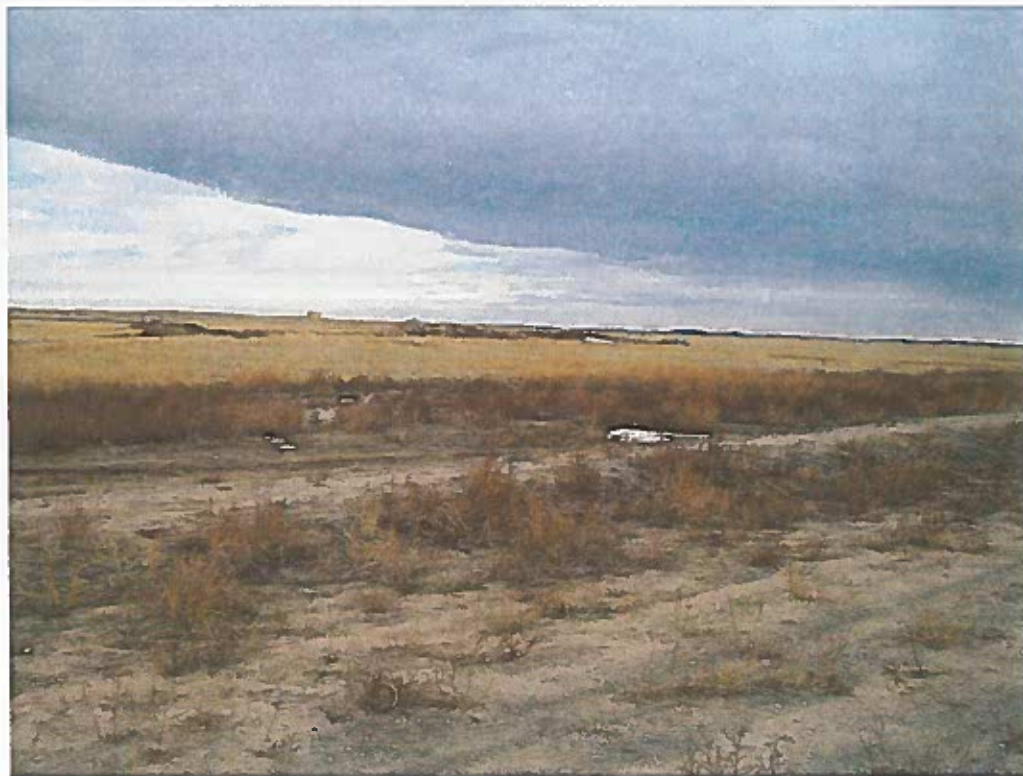
DRAWN BY: R. MCBRIDE	CHECKED BY:	DATE: 03/20/13	SCALE: 1" = 300'	JOB NO. 139377	FIGURE NO. 15
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## **APPENDIX A: Site Photographs**



**Looking northwest  
from the southeast  
portion of the site.**

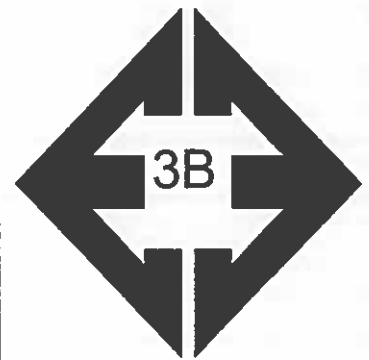
March 15, 2013



**Looking northeast  
from the southwest  
portion of the site.**

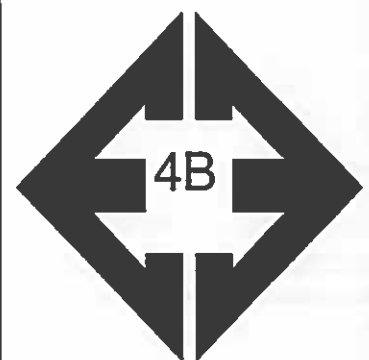
March 15, 2013





**Looking southeast  
from the northwest  
portion of the site.**

March 15, 2013



**Looking southwest  
from the northeast  
portion of the site.**

March 15, 2013



## **APPENDIX B: Test Boring Logs**

**Table 2**  
**Summary of Depth to Bedrock and Groundwater**

Test Boring No.	Depth to Bedrock (ft.)	Depth to Groundwater (ft.)
1	3	>9.5
2	6	3
3	12	0 (surface)
4	11	8
5	12	8
6	11	2.5
7	8	3
8	12	>15
9	14	11
10	9	>14.5
11	6	5
12	2	>9.5
13	0 (surface)	6
14	0 (surface)	>14
15	0 (surface)	12
16	4	2
17	0 (surface)	13
18	4	>9
19	4	7
20	1	>8.5
21	3	>9.5
22	2	>9.5
23	4	>9.5
24	12	12.5
25	>20	12

TEST BORING NO. 1  
 DATE DRILLED 9/11/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 2  
 DATE DRILLED 9/11/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

DRY TO 9.5', 09/13/02

SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY,  
 MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN,  
 DENSE, MOIST  
 SANDSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 COARSE GRAINED, OLIVE  
 TAN, VERY DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			39	3.8	1
			50	8.7	4
			7"		
10			50	9.2	4
			5"		
15					
20					

REMARKS

WATER AT 3', 09/13/02

SAND, CLAYEY, COARSE TO  
 FINE GRAINED, BROWN  
 TO GRAY, MEDIUM  
 DENSE, MOIST TO WET

SILTSTONE, CLAYEY, LIGHT  
 BLUE, HARD, MOIST

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 MEDIUM GRAINED, OLIVE,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			18	13.9	1
			14	15.3	1
10			50	16.8	6
			9"		
15			50	15.1	4
			5"		
20					



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80907 (719) 531-5599

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

K44 10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-1

TEST BORING NO. 3  
 DATE DRILLED 9/11/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 4  
 DATE DRILLED 9/11/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

WATER AT  
 SURFACE,  
 09/13/02

SAND, CLAYEY,  
 GRAYISH BROWN, COARSE  
 GRAINED, MEDIUM DENSE  
 TO DENSE, WET

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 LIGHT BLUE-GRAY, VERY  
 DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
0					
5			22	19.2	1
5			12	19.2	1
10			43	14.9	1
15			50	13.1	4
15			5"		
20					

REMARKS

WATER AT 8', 09/13/02  
 SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY,  
 TAN TO BROWN, DENSE TO  
 MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST  
 TO VERY MOIST

SILT, CLAYEY, DARK BROWN,  
 STIFF, MOIST  
 CLAYSTONE, SILTY, GRAY,  
 HARD, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
0					
5			42	2.6	1
5			22	13.2	1
10			25	21.3	3
15			50	20.4	5
15			6"		
20					



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 305 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-3599

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

KAB

10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-2

TEST BORING NO. 5  
 DATE DRILLED 9/11/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 6  
 DATE DRILLED 9/11/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER AT 8', 09/13/02						
SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, TAN, DENSE TO MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST	5			34	1.6	1
	5			20	2.7	1
SAND, CLAYEY, COARSE TO FINE GRAINED, GRAY, MEDIUM DENSE, WET	10			14	15.3	1
CLAYSTONE, LIGHT BLUISH GRAY, HARD, MOIST	15			50 5"	23.1	5
	20					

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER AT 2.5', 09/13/02						
SAND, SLIGHTLY CLAYEY, COARSE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, LIGHT BLUE TO LIGHT BROWN, MEDIUM DENSE TO DENSE, WET	5			12	17.1	1
	5			24	15.3	1
	10			32	12.5	1
CLAYSTONE, SILTY, LIGHT BLUE, HARD, MOIST	15			50 6"	14.0	5
	20					



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 ENGINEERING, INC.  
 505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5399

### TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*Kat*

10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-3

TEST BORING NO. 7  
 DATE DRILLED 9/11/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 8  
 DATE DRILLED 9/11/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER AT 3', 09/13/02							DRY TO 15', 09/13/02						
SAND, CLAYEY, BLUE-GRAY, MEDIUM DENSE, VERY MOIST TO WET	5			16	12.5	1	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY, CLAYEY, FINE GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST	5			19	1.7	1
	5			12	15.6	1	SAND, VERY SILTY, FINE GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST	5			14	5.3	1
CLAYSTONE, SANDY, BLUE, HARD, MOIST	10			50 3"	20.2	5	SAND, CLAYEY, MEDIUM GRAINED, GRAY, MEDIUM DENSE, VERY MOIST	10			24	11.2	1
	15						SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	15			50 6"	10.1	4
	20							20					



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### TEST BORING LOG

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DATE:

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10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-4



TEST BORING NO. 9  
 DATE DRILLED 9/12/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 10  
 DATE DRILLED 9/13/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

WATER AT 11', 09/13/02

SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY,  
 COARSE GRAINED, BROWN,  
 DENSE, DRY

SAND, SLIGHTLY CLAYEY,  
 COARSE GRAINED, BROWN  
 TO GRAY, MEDIUM DENSE,  
 MOIST TO VERY MOIST

CLAYSTONE, SILTY,  
 GRAY, HARD, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
			39	2.4	1
5			24	5.8	1
10			21	11.2	1
15			50 7"	14.9	5
20					

REMARKS

DRY TO 14.5', 09/16/02

SAND, VERY SILTY,  
 FINE GRAINED, BROWN,  
 MEDIUM DENSE TO DRY  
 SAND, SILTY, MEDIUM  
 GRAINED, GRAY, DENSE,  
 MOIST

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 GRAY TO TAN, VERY DENSE,  
 MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
			15	2.2	1
5			46	5.3	1
10			50 8"	10.2	4
15			50 7"	9.4	4
20					



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TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

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DATE:

KAW

10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-5

TEST BORING NO. 11  
 DATE DRILLED 9/13/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 12  
 DATE DRILLED 9/13/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER AT 5', 09/16/02						
SAND, SILTY, FINE GRAINED, DARK BROWN TO BLUE, MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST TO VERY MOIST	5			18	3.3	1
	5			17	26.5	1
SANDSTONE, VERY SILTY, FINE GRAINED, BLUE TO TAN, VERY DENSE, WET	10			50 9"	20.7	4
	15			50 9"	21.7	4
SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, COARSE GRAINED, BLUE, VERY DENSE, WET	20			50 11"	15.1	4

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
DRY TO 9.5', 09/16/02						
SAND, SILTY, BROWN						1
SANDSTONE, SILTY, MEDIUM TO COARSE GRAINED, TAN TO BLUE VERY DENSE, DRY TO MOIST	5			50 11"	1.7	4
	5			50 8"	11.9	4
	10			50 6"	5.7	4
	15					
	20					



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### TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

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DATE:

KAH

10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-6

TEST BORING NO. 13  
 DATE DRILLED 9/16/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 14  
 DATE DRILLED 9/16/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

WATER AT 6', 09/27/02

SANDSTONE, SILTY, COARSE  
 GRAINED, GRAY, VERY  
 DENSE, MOIST

SANDSTONE, VERY SILTY,  
 VERY FINE GRAINED, OLIVE,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 FINE GRAINED, BLUE-GRAY,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 8"	8.4	4
5			50 8"	11.8	4
10			50 7"	12.1	4
15					
20					

REMARKS

DRY TO 14', 09/27/02

SILTSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 OLIVE BROWN, HARD,  
 MOIST

SANDSTONE, SILTY, BROWN,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

CLAYSTONE, SILTY, BROWN,  
 HARD, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 8"	12.4	6
5			50 8"	14.3	6
10			50 8"	9.7	4
15			50 5"	17.4	5
20					



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TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

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DATE:

RKH 10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-7

TEST BORING NO. 15  
 DATE DRILLED 9/16/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 16  
 DATE DRILLED 9/16/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

WATER AT 12', 09/27/02  
 SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE TO  
 COARSE GRAINED, BROWN,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 MEDIUM GRAINED, BROWN  
 TO OLIVE BROWN, VERY  
 DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 5"	3.9	4
5			50 5"	10.0	4
10			50 9"	13.4	4
15			50 5"	10.2	4
20					

REMARKS

WATER AT 2', 09/27/02  
 SAND, CLAYEY, FINE TO  
 COARSE GRAINED,  
 OLIVE BROWN, LOOSE,  
 WET  
 SANDSTONE, SLIGHTLY  
 CLAYEY TO CLAYEY, MEDIUM  
 GRAINED, BLUE-GRAY, VERY  
 DENSE, VERY MOIST TO  
 WET

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			8	16.4	1
5			50 9"	12.1	4
10			50 4"	23.3	4
15					
20					



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

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DATE:

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10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-8

TEST BORING NO. 17  
 DATE DRILLED 9/16/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 18  
 DATE DRILLED 9/16/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

WATER AT 13', 09/27/02

SANDSTONE, SILTY,  
 FINE TO COARSE GRAINED,  
 VERY DENSE, DRY  
 SANDSTONE, SLIGHTLY  
 CLAYEY TO CLAYEY, FINE  
 TO COARSE GRAINED,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST TO  
 WET



Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 9"	2.5	4
5			50 10"	11.8	4
10			50 8"	16.6	4
15			50 4"	20.7	4
20					

REMARKS

DRY TO 9', 09/27/02

SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY,  
 FINE TO COARSE GRAINED,  
 LIGHT BROWN, DENSE,  
 DRY  
 CLAYSTONE, SILTY, OLIVE  
 BROWN, HARD, MOIST  
 SANDSTONE, VERY SILTY,  
 FINE GRAINED, LIGHT BROWN,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			41	2.0	1
5			50	13.0	5
10			50 2"	8.0	4
15					
20					



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

Ksu 10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-9

TEST BORING NO. 19  
 DATE DRILLED 9/16/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 20  
 DATE DRILLED 9/20/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

WATER AT 7', 09/27/02

SAND, CLAYEY, FINE TO  
 COARSE GRAINED, OLIVE  
 BROWN, DENSE, MOIST

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY TO  
 SILTY, OLIVE BROWN  
 TO TAN, VERY  
 DENSE, MOIST



Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			38	8.8	1
			50 9"	9.9	4
10			50 6"	15.8	4
15					
20					

REMARKS

DRY TO 8.5', 09/27/02

SAND, SILTY, BROWN  
 SANDSTONE, SILTY TO  
 CLAYEY, MEDIUM TO COARSE  
 GRAINED, TAN TO OLIVE,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
					1
			50 6"	3.5	4
5			50 8"	9.9	4
10			50 3"	11.8	4
15					
20					



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 ENGINEERING, INC.  
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 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 521-5599

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

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10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-10



TEST BORING NO. 21  
 DATE DRILLED 9/20/02  
 Job # 61992




TEST BORING NO. 22  
 DATE DRILLED 9/20/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

DRY TO 9.5', 09/27/02

SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY,  
 TAN, MEDIUM DENSE,  
 DRY  
 CLAYSTONE, SILTY, OLIVE,  
 HARD, MOIST

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 COARSE GRAINED, TAN,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			26	2.0	1
5			50 9"	15.5	5
10			50 4"	10.3	4
15					
20					




REMARKS

DRY TO 9.5', 09/27/02

SILT, CLAYEY, LIGHT BROWN

SILTSTONE, CLAYEY, LIGHT  
 OLIVE, HARD, MOIST  
 SANDSTONE, VERY SILTY,  
 FINE GRAINED, LIGHT GRAY,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, COARSE  
 GRAINED, OLIVE, VERY DENSE,  
 MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 10"	9.8	6
5			50 7"	8.1	4
10			50 5"	12.4	4
15					
20					



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TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

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DATE:

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JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-11

TEST BORING NO. 23  
 DATE DRILLED 9/20/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO. 24  
 DATE DRILLED 9/20/02  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

DRY TO 9.5', 09/27/02

CLAY, SILTY, OLIVE, VERY  
 STIFF, MOIST

CLAYSTONE, SILTY,  
 OLIVE, HARD, MOIST

SILTSTONE, SANDY, CLAYEY,  
 RUST, HARD, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			38	12.1	2
5			50 9"	12.5	5
10			50 5"	12.4	6
15					
20					

REMARKS

WATER AT 12.5', 09/27/02

SAND, SILTY TO SLIGHTLY  
 CLAYEY, MEDIUM TO COARSE  
 GRAINED, TAN, LOOSE TO  
 MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST

SILTSTONE, SANDY,  
 OLIVE, HARD, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			9	2.1	1
5			20	3.8	1
10			14	6.1	1
15			50 6"	12.3	6
20					



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TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

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DATE:

KAM

10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-12

TEST BORING NO. 25  
 DATE DRILLED 9/20/02  
 Job # 61992

TEST BORING NO.  
 DATE DRILLED  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

REMARKS

REMARKS

WATER AT 12', 09/27/02

SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY TO  
 SLIGHTLY CLAYEY, MEDIUM TO  
 COARSE GRAINED, TAN TO  
 GRAY, MEDIUM DENSE  
 TO DENSE, MOIST TO  
 WET



Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			19	1.7	1						
			13	2.3	1						
10			25	11.6	1						
15			21	16.9	1						
20			41	14.0	1	20					



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TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

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DATE:

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10/1/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

B-13

## **APPENDIX C: Profile Hole Logs**

**Table 3**  
**Summary of Bedrock/Groundwater**  
**Depths in Profile Borings**

Boring Profile No.	Depth to Bedrock (ft.)	Depth to Groundwater (ft.)
1	6.5	4.5
2	4	>10
3	6.5	>10
4	3.5	>10
5	4	>10
6	>10	7.5
7	7.5	4
8	7	9.5
9	7	>10
10	4	>10
11	>10	>10
12	>10	8
13	>10	7
14	4	>10
15	>10	7.5
16	>10	9.5
17	4	>10
18	>10	4.5
19	4	>10
20	3	>10
21	>10	7
22	>10	>10
23	8	9
24	7	8
25	6	9.5
26	9.5	>10
27	4.5	>10
28	3	>10

PROFILE HOLE NO 1  
 DATE DRILLED 11/6/2003  
 Job # 120481



PROFILE HOLE NO 2  
 DATE DRILLED 11/6/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS

WATER @ 4.5', 11/8/03  
 SAND, SILTY, DARK BROWN

SAND, GRAVELLY, SILTY,  
 TAN



SANDSTONE, CLAYEY,  
 GRAY BROWN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			18		
10			50 10"		
15					
20					

REMARKS

DRY TO 10', 11/7/03  
 SAND, SILTY, TAN

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, GRAY  
 BROWN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 9"		
10			50 7"		
15					
20					



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PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-1

PROFILE HOLE NO 3  
 DATE DRILLED 11/6/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 4  
 DATE DRILLED 11/6/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS

DRY TO 10', 11/7/03  
 SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN  
  
 SAND, GRAVELLY, SILTY,  
 TAN  
  
 SANDSTONE, SILTY, TAN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			17		
10			50 8"		
15					
20					

REMARKS

DRY TO 10', 11/7/03  
 SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN  
  
 SAND, SILTY, TAN  
  
 SANDSTONE, SILTY, TAN TO  
 LIGHT GREEN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 8"		
10			50 7"		
15					
20					



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

JOB NO:

61992

FIG NO:

C-2





PROFILE HOLE NO 5  
 DATE DRILLED 11/6/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 6  
 DATE DRILLED 11/6/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS



DRY TO 10', 11/7/03  
 SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN  
 SAND, TAN  
 SANDSTONE, SILTY, TAN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 11"		
10			50 9"		
15					
20					

REMARKS

WATER @ 7.5', 11/8/03  
 SAND, SILTY, BROWN TO  
 LIGHT BROWN  
 SAND, SILTY, GRAVELLY, TAN



Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			35		
10			41		
15					
20					



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*[Signature]* 5/11/12

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-3

PROFILE HOLE NO 7  
 DATE DRILLED 11/6/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 8  
 DATE DRILLED 11/11/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

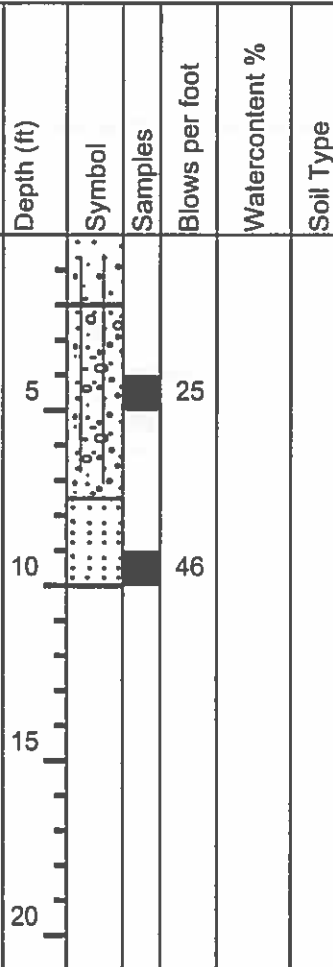
REMARKS

WATER @ 4', 11/8/03

SAND, SILTY, BROWN TO  
 LIGHT BROWN

SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN

WEATHERED SILTSTONE,  
 SANDY



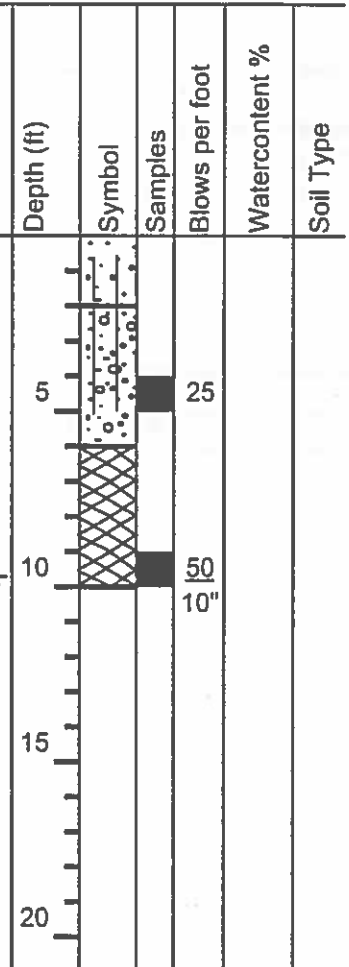
REMARKS

WATER @ 9.5', 11/12/03

SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN

SAND, GRAVELLY, SILTY,  
 TAN

CLAYSTONE, SILTY, GREENISH  
 BROWN



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
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PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-4

PROFILE HOLE NO 9  
 DATE DRILLED 11/11/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 10  
 DATE DRILLED 11/11/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS

DRY TO 10', 11/12/03  
 SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN  
  
 CLAY, SANDY, DARK GREEN  
 BROWN  
  
 CLAYSTONE, VERY SANDY,  
 GREENISH BROWN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			21		
10			50		
			11"		
15					
20					

REMARKS

DRY TO 10', 11/12/03  
 SAND, SILTY, BROWN  
  
 SAND, SILTY TO GRAVELLY,  
 LIGHT BROWN  
 SANDSTONE, LIGHT BROWN  
 TO TAN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50		
			11"		
10			50		
			6"		
15					
20					



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
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PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

h 5/11/12

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-5

PROFILE HOLE NO 11  
 DATE DRILLED 11/11/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 12  
 DATE DRILLED 11/11/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
DRY TO 10', 11/12/03						
SAND, SILTY, BROWN						
SAND, SILTY TO GRAVELLY, LIGHT BROWN	5			8		
SAND, LIGHT BROWN, COARSE GRAINED	10			28		
	15					
	20					

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 8', 11/12/03						
SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN						
SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN	5			23		
	10			21		
	15					
	20					



**ENTECH**  
**ENGINEERING, INC.**

505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *aw*

DATE:

5/11/12

JOB NO:

61992

FIG NO:



C-6

PROFILE HOLE NO 13  
 DATE DRILLED 11/13/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 14  
 DATE DRILLED 11/13/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH



REMARKS

WATER @ 7', 11/14/03  
 SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN  
 SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN  
 SAND, GRAVELLY, CLAYEY,  
 GREENISH BROWN TO TAN  
 CLAY, SILTY, GRAY

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			20		
10			21		
15					
20					

REMARKS

DRY TO 10', 11/14/03  
 SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN  
 SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN  
 SANDSTONE, TAN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50		
10			50		
15					
20					



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*a* 5/11/12

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-7

PROFILE HOLE NO 15  
 DATE DRILLED 11/19/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 16  
 DATE DRILLED 11/19/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

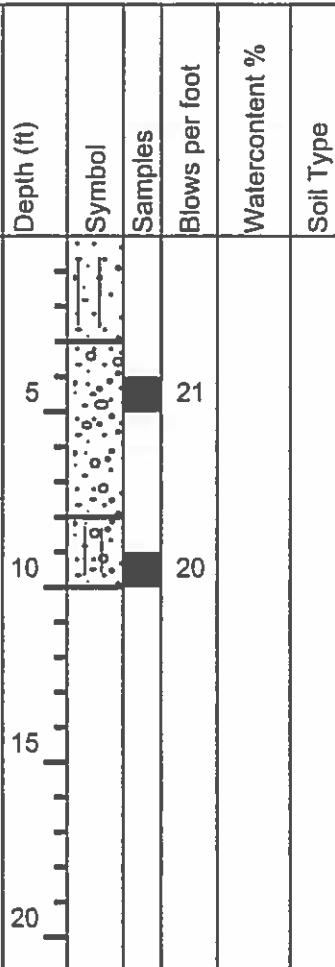
REMARKS

WATER @ 7.5', 11/20/03

SAND, SILTY, BROWN

SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN

SAND, SILTY TO GRAVELLY,  
 LIGHT GRAYISH TAN



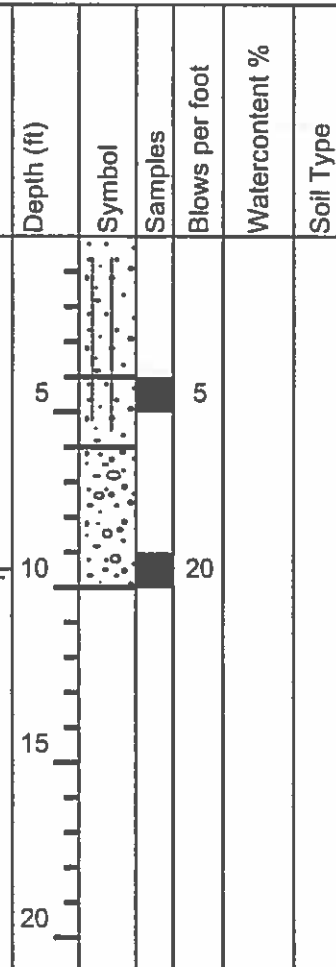
REMARKS

WATER @ 9.5', 11/20/03

SAND, SILTY, BROWN

SAND, SILTY, TAN

SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-8

PROFILE HOLE NO 17  
 DATE DRILLED 11/19/2012  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 18  
 DATE DRILLED 11/19/2012  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS

DRY TO 10', 11/20/03

SAND, SILTY, BROWN

SAND, LIGHT BROWN

SANDSTONE, SILTY TO  
 GRAVELLY, TAN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 10"		
10			50 10"		
15					
20					

REMARKS

WATER @ 4.5', 11/20/03

SAND, SILTY, BROWN

SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN



Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			50 11"		
10			50 6"		
15					
20					



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *W*

DATE:

5/11/12

JOB NO:

61992

FIG NO:

C-9



PROFILE HOLE NO 19  
 DATE DRILLED 11/19/2012  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 20  
 DATE DRILLED 11/19/2012  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
DRY TO 10', 11/20/03							DRY TO 10', 11/20/03						
SAND, SILTY, BROWN							SAND, SILTY, GRAVELLY, BROWN						
SAND, GRAVELLY, LIGHT BROWN-TAN							SANDSTONE, LIGHT GREENISH TAN						
SANDSTONE, LIGHT BROWN TAN	5			50 11"			CLAYSTONE, TAN-BROWN	5			50 5"		
	10			50 4"			SANDSTONE, TAN	10			50 3"		
	15							15					
	20							20					



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *h*

DATE:

5/11/12

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-10

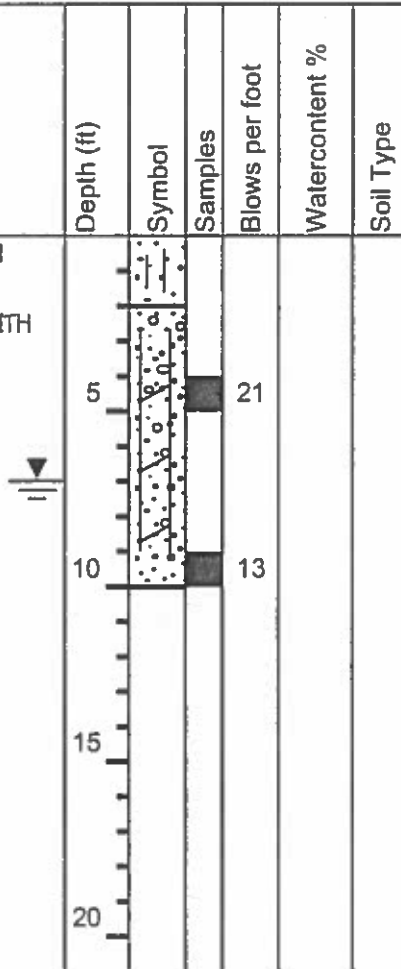
PROFILE HOLE NO 21  
 DATE DRILLED 11/24/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 22  
 DATE DRILLED 11/24/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS

WATER @ 7', 11/25/03  
 SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN

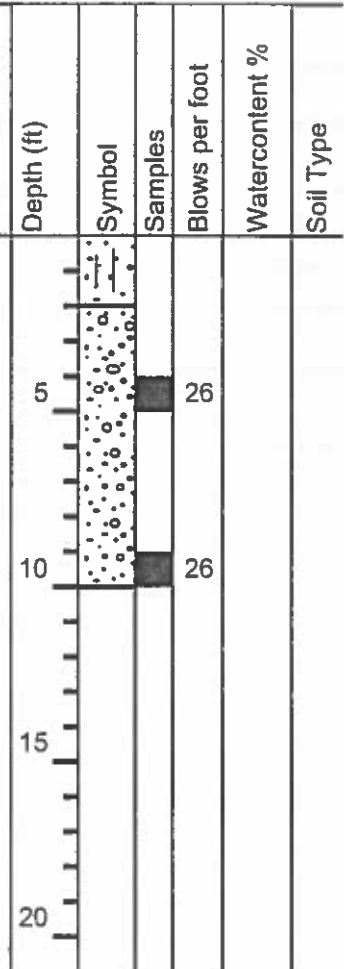
SAND, GRAVELLY, SILTY WITH  
 CLAYEY LENSES, TAN



REMARKS

DRY TO 10', 11/14/03  
 SAND, SILTY, BROWN

SAND, GRAVELLY, LIGHT  
 BROWN, TAN



**ENTECH**  
**ENGINEERING, INC.**

505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*W* *5/11/12*

JOB NO.:

*61992*

FIG NO.:

*C-11*

PROFILE HOLE NO 23  
 DATE DRILLED 11/24/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 24  
 DATE DRILLED 11/24/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 9', 11/25/03							WATER @ 8', 11/25/03						
SAND, SILTY, BROWN							SAND, SILTY, BROWN						
	5			21			SAND, CLAYEY, GRAVELLY, LIGHT GREENISH BROWN	5			32		
SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN													
SAND, CLAYEY, TAN													
SANDSTONE, GRAVELLY, TAN	10			20			SILTSTONE/CLAYSTONE, GRAY	10			50 11"		
	15							15					
	20							20					



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*h* 5/11/12

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-12

PROFILE HOLE NO 25  
 DATE DRILLED 11/24/2012  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 26  
 DATE DRILLED 11/25/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 9.5', 11/25/03							DRY TO 10', 11/26/03						
SAND, SILTY, BROWN							SAND, SILTY, BROWN						
SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN													
SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN	5			35			SAND, GRAVELLY, TAN	5			19		
SANDSTONE, TAN	10			50			SAND, CLAYEY, BROWN	10			36		
				10"			WEATHERED SANDSTONE, TAN						
	15							15					
	20							20					



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

a 5/11/12

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

C-13

PROFILE HOLE NO 27  
 DATE DRILLED 11/25/2003  
 Job # 120481

PROFILE HOLE NO 28  
 DATE DRILLED 11/25/2003  
 CLIENT 4-WAY JOINT VENTURES  
 LOCATION 4-WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
DRY TO 10', 11/26/03 SAND, SILTY, BROWN							DRY TO 10', 11/26/03 SAND, SILTY, BROWN						
SANDSTONE, SILTY, TAN	5			50			SAND, SILTY, LIGHT BROWN SANDSTONE, LIGHT BROWN	5			50 9"		
	10			50 8"				10			50 8"		
	15							15					
	20							20					



**ENTECH**  
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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### PROFILE HOLE LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *h*

DATE: 5/11/12

JOB NO.:

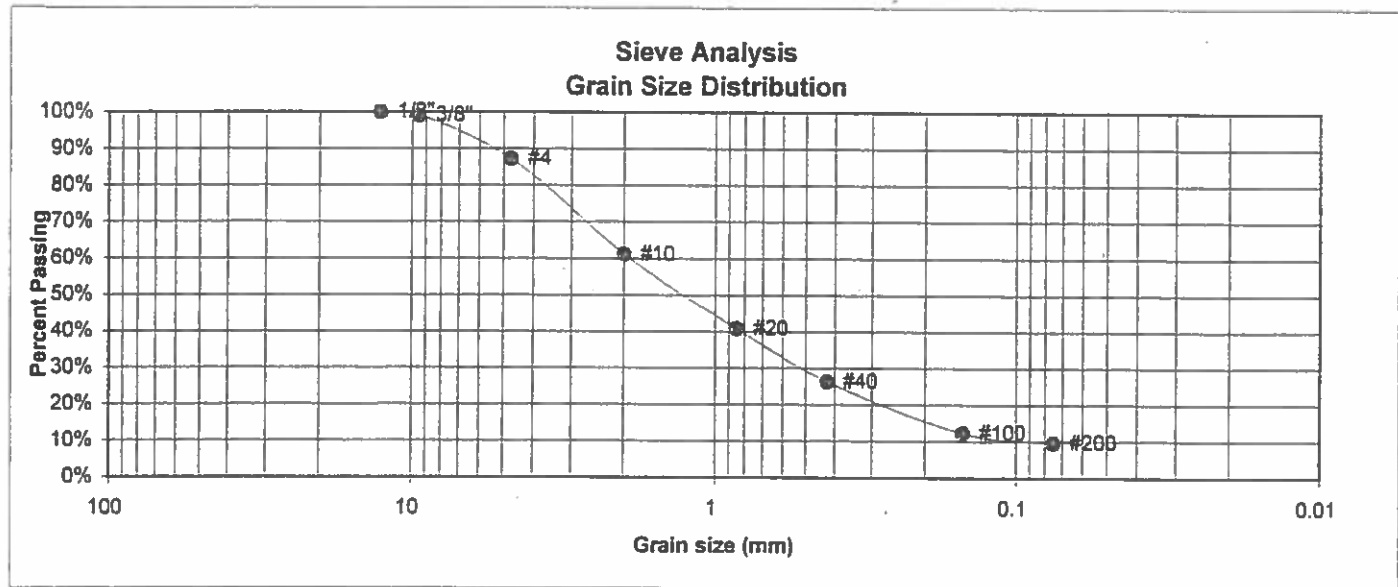
61992

FIG NO.:

C-14

## **APPENDIX D: Laboratory Test Results**

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	SW-SM	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCES
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	1	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	TB1	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	2-3'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	100.0%
3/8"	99.1%
4	87.2%
10	61.2%
20	40.8%
40	26.4%
100	12.3%
200	9.7%

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start  
Moisture at finish  
Moisture increase  
Initial dry density (pcf)  
Swell (psf)



**ENTECH**  
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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*RAH*

*9/27/02*

JOB NO.:

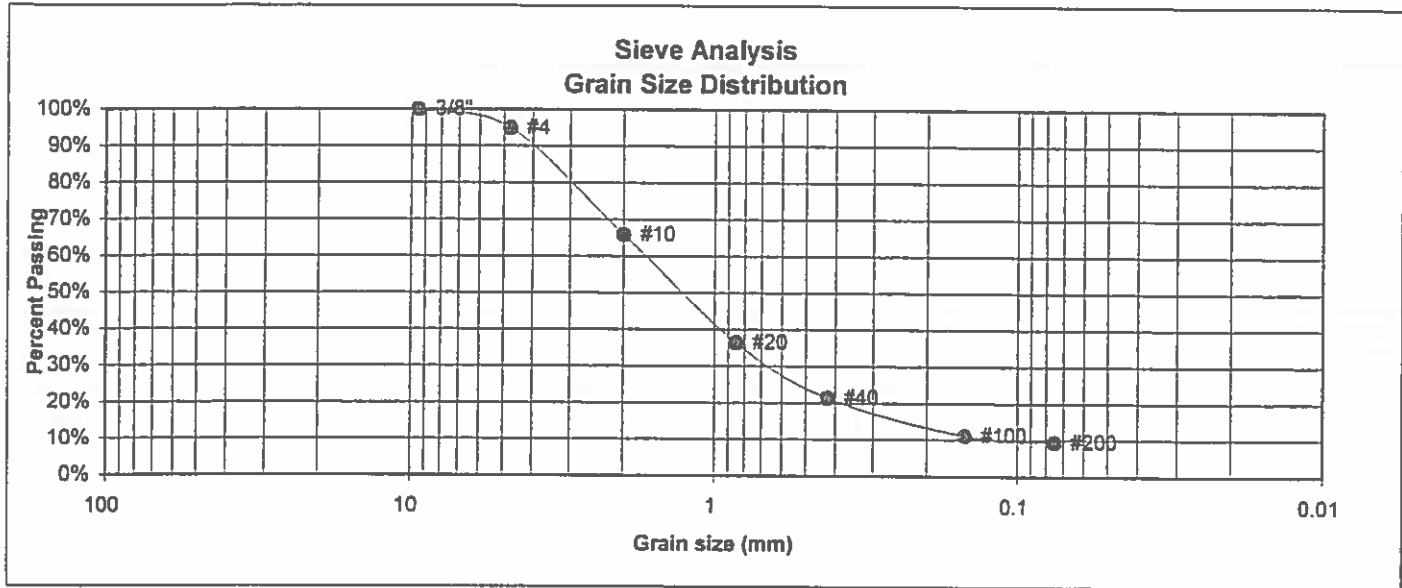
*61992*

FIG NO.:

*D-1*



UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SW-SM	CLIENT	LAND RESOURCES
SOIL TYPE #	1	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
TEST BORING #	TB4	JOB NO.	61992
DEPTH	2-5'	TEST BY	DG



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	95.0%
10	65.9%
20	36.4%
40	21.4%
100	11.2%
200	9.4%

Atterberg Limits	
Plastic Limit	NP
Liquid Limit	NV
Plastic Index	NP

Swell	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



**ENTECH**  
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305 CLAYTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

KAH

9/27/02

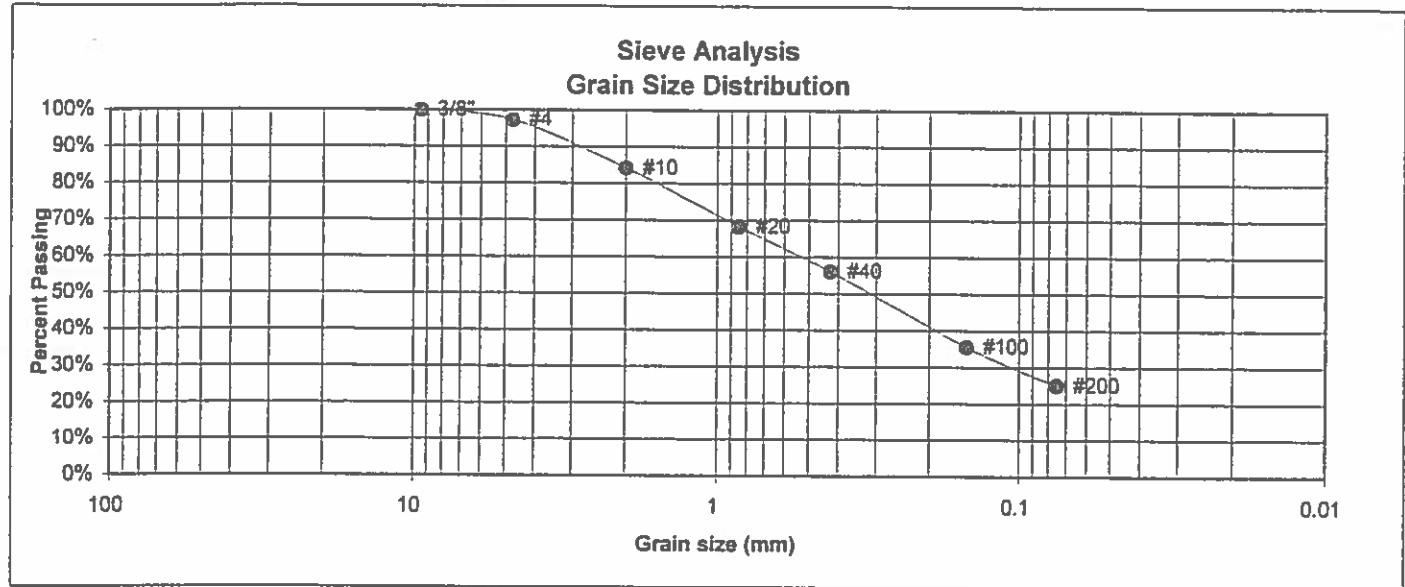
JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-2

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	SM	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCES
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	I	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	TB11	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	2-3'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>	<u>Atterberg Limits</u>
3"		Plastic Limit
1 1/2"		Liquid Limit
3/4"		Plastic Index
1/2"		
3/8"	100.0%	
4	97.3%	
10	84.2%	
20	68.2%	
40	56.1%	
100	35.5%	
200	25.0%	

Swell  
 Moisture at start  
 Moisture at finish  
 Moisture increase  
 Initial dry density (pcf)  
 Swell (psf)



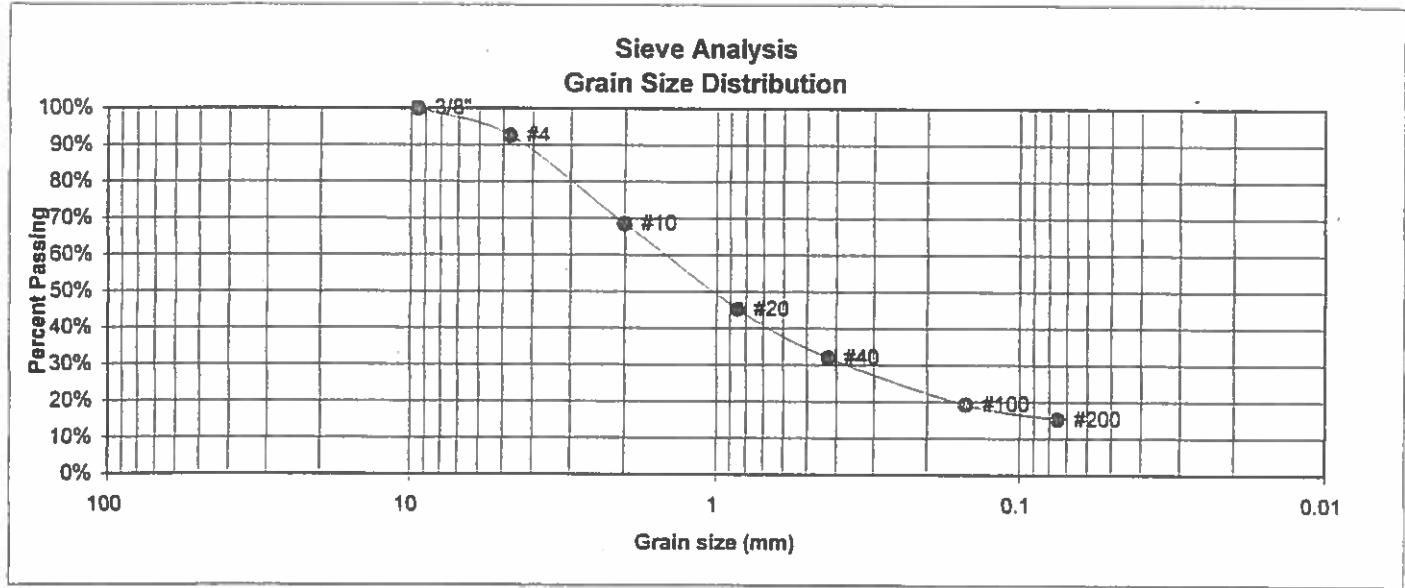
**ENTECH**  
 ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		KAT	9/27/02

JOB NO.:  
61992  
 FIG NO.:  
D-3

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SM	CLIENT	LAND RESOURCE GROUP, INC.
SOIL TYPE #	1	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RD.
TEST BORING #	PH-6	JOB NO.	61992
DEPTH	5-10'	TEST BY	DG



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	92.5%
10	68.6%
20	45.3%
40	32.0%
100	19.3%
200	15.3%

Atterberg Limits	
Plastic Limit	16
Liquid Limit	19
Plastic Index	3

Swell	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
305 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-3399

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		KAT	12/1/03

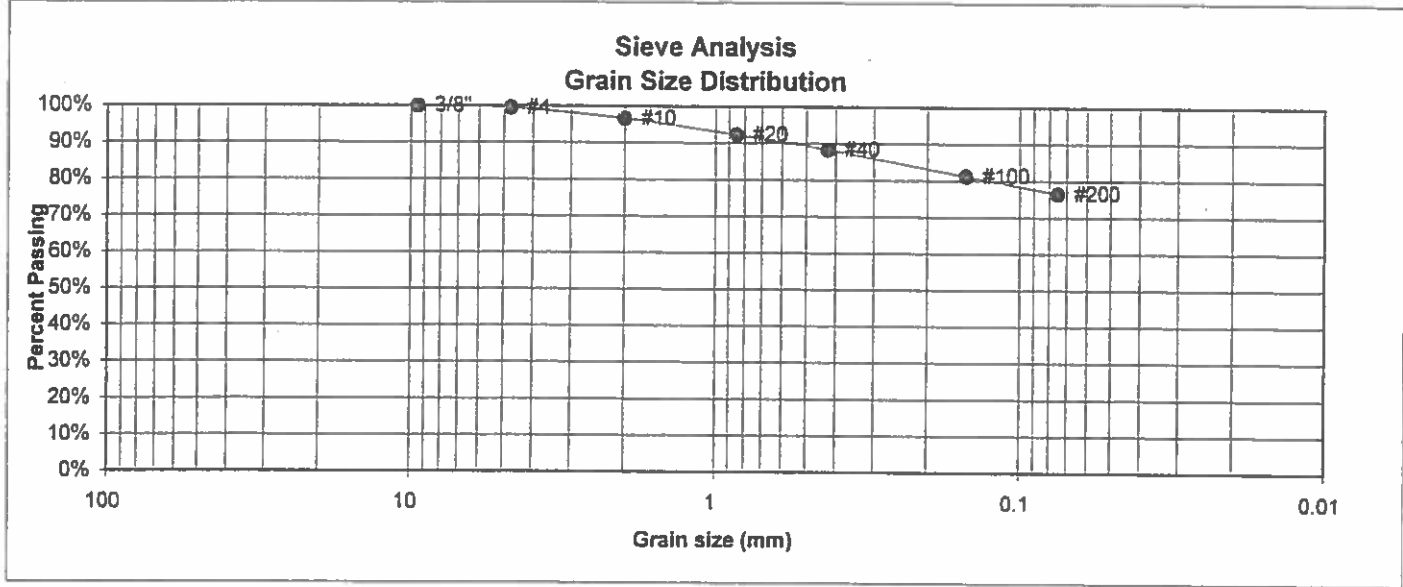
JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-4

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	CL	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCES
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	2	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	TB23	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	2-3'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>	<u>Atterberg Limits</u>	
3"		Plastic Limit	
1 1/2"		Liquid Limit	
3/4"		Plastic Index	
1/2"			
3/8"	100.0%		
4	99.5%	<u>Swell</u>	
10	96.6%	Moisture at start	11.8%
20	92.3%	Moisture at finish	25.0%
40	88.4%	Moisture increase	13.1%
100	81.2%	Initial dry density (pcf)	99
200	76.5%	Swell (psf)	1467



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**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*[Signature]* 9/27/02

JOB NO.:

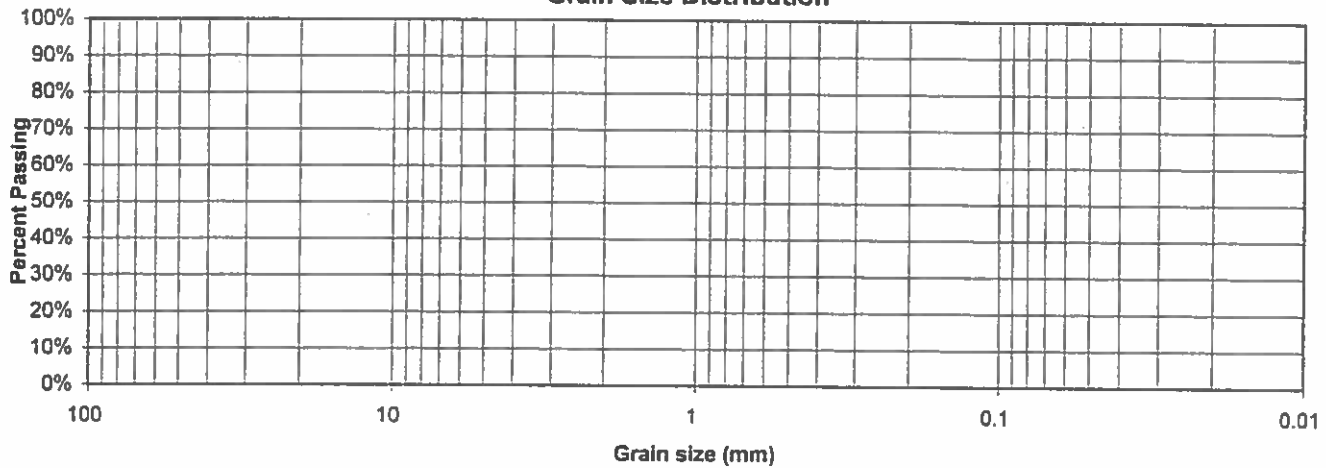
61992

FIG NO.:

D-5

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	ML	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCES
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	3	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	TB4	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	10'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG

**Sieve Analysis  
Grain Size Distribution**



U.S.  
Sieve #  
3"  
1 1/2"  
3/4"  
1/2"  
3/8"  
4  
10  
20  
40  
100  
200

Percent  
Finer

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit           31  
Liquid Limit           32  
Plastic Index           1

Swell  
Moisture at start  
Moisture at finish  
Moisture increase  
Initial dry density (pcf)  
Swell (psf)



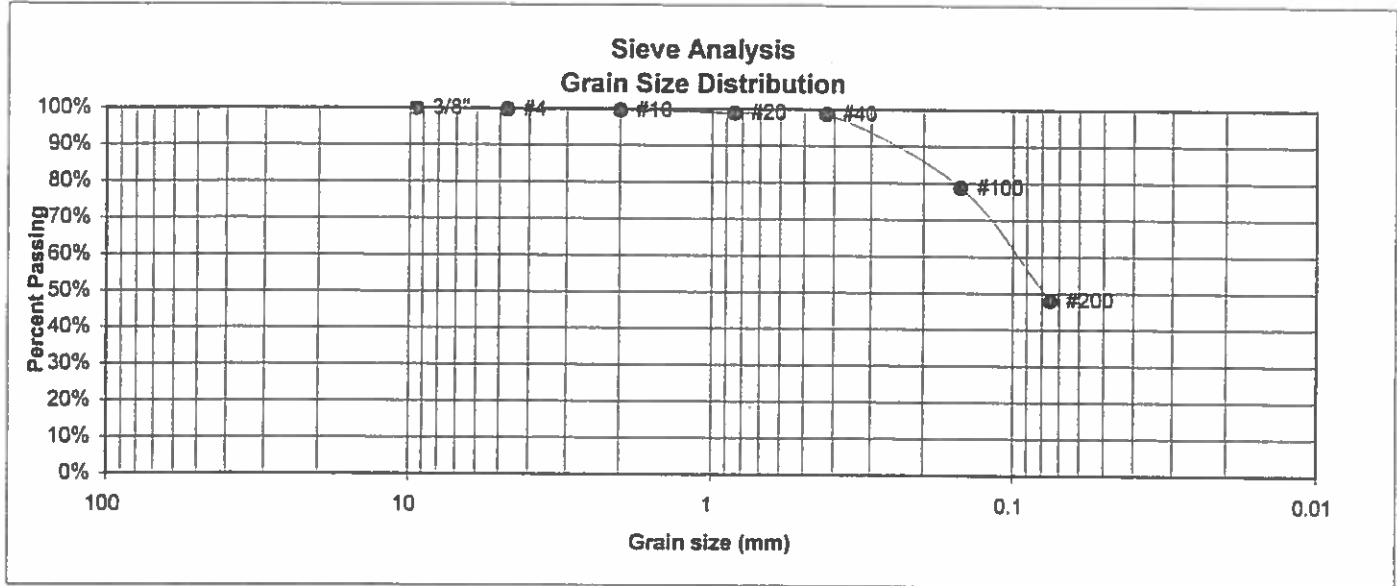
**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		<i>KAH</i>	9/27/02

JOB NO.:  
61992  
FIG NO.:  
D-6

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SM	CLIENT	LAND RESOURCES
SOIL TYPE #	4	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
TEST BORING #	TB11	JOB NO.	61992
DEPTH	10'	TEST BY	DG



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	99.6%
10	99.6%
20	99.0%
40	98.7%
100	78.8%
200	48.0%

Atterberg Limits	
Plastic Limit	NP
Liquid Limit	NV
Plastic Index	NP

Swell  
 Moisture at start  
 Moisture at finish  
 Moisture increase  
 Initial dry density (pcf)  
 Swell (psf)



**ENTECH**  
 ENGINEERING, INC.  
565 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5399

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*Rat*

9/22/02

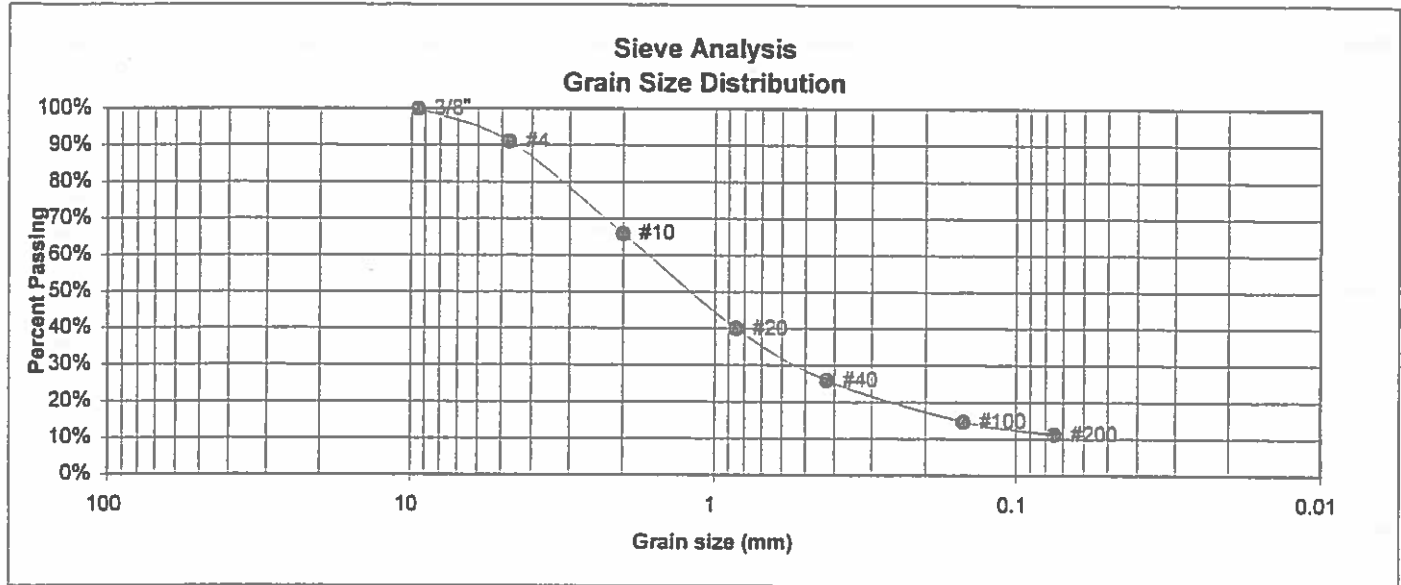
JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-7

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	SW-SC	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCES
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	4	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	TB16	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	5'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG



U.S.  
Sieve #  
3"  
1 1/2"  
3/4"  
1/2"  
3/8"  
4  
10  
20  
40  
100  
200

Percent  
Finer  
  
  
  
100.0%  
91.1%  
65.9%  
40.0%  
25.9%  
14.7%  
11.2%

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start 6.2%  
Moisture at finish 21.6%  
Moisture increase 15.5%  
Initial dry density (pcf) 100  
Swell (psf) 351



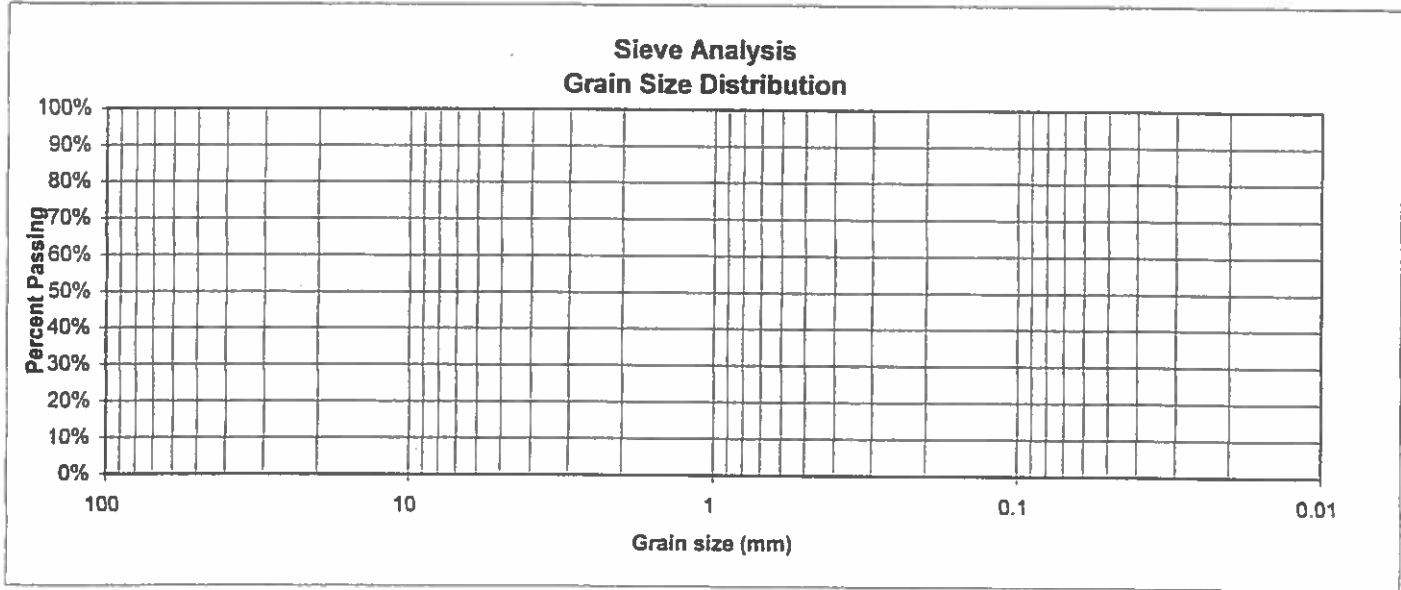
**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		KAB	9/30/02

JOB NO.:  
61492  
FIG NO.:  
D-8

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	SC	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCE GROUP, INC.
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	4	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	PH-1	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	10'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG



U.S.  
Sieve #  
3"  
1 1/2"  
3/4"  
1/2"  
3/8"  
4  
10  
20  
40  
100  
200

Percent  
Finer

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start 9.5%  
Moisture at finish 18.5%  
Moisture increase 9.0%  
Initial dry density (pcf) 106  
Swell (psf) 861



**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

KAT

12/1/03

JOB NO.:

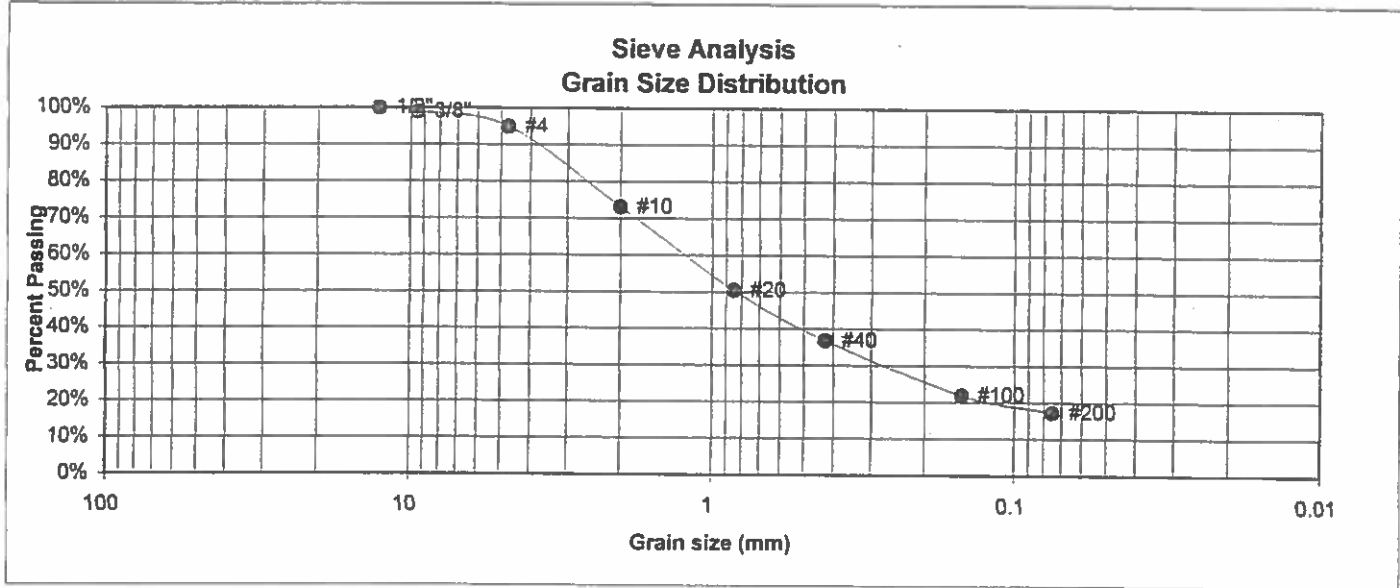
61992

FIG NO.:

D-9



UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SC	CLIENT	LAND RESOURCE GROUP, INC.
SOIL TYPE #	4	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RD.
TEST BORING #	PH-2	JOB NO.	61992
DEPTH	5-10'	TEST BY	DG



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	100.0%
3/8"	98.9%
4	94.9%
10	73.2%
20	50.5%
40	36.9%
100	21.9%
200	17.3%

Atterberg Limits	
Plastic Limit	15
Liquid Limit	28
Plastic Index	13

Swell	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

KAT

12/1/03

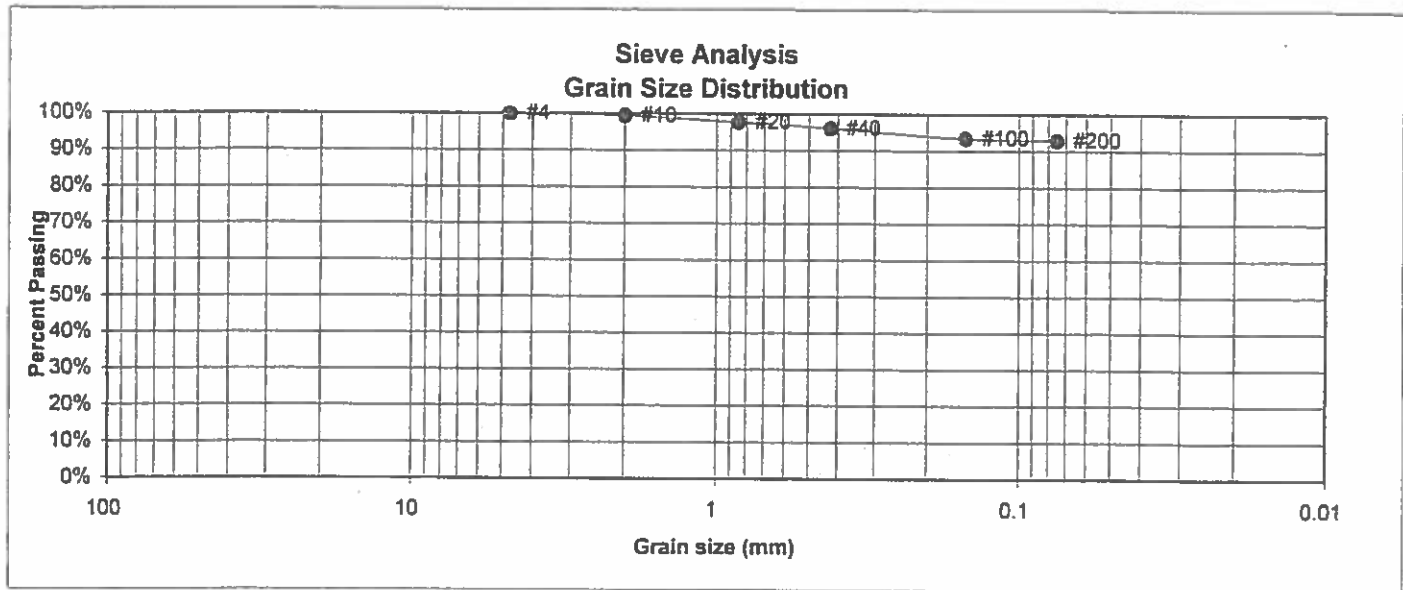
JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-10

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	LAND RESOURCES
SOIL TYPE #	5	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
TEST BORING #	TB6	JOB NO.	61992
DEPTH	15'	TEST BY	DG



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.4%
20	97.7%
40	96.1%
100	93.4%
200	92.9%

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

<u>Swell</u>	
Moisture at start	12.1%
Moisture at finish	23.3%
Moisture increase	11.2%
Initial dry density (pcf)	99
Swell (psf)	1467



**ENTECH**  
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525 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*KAH* 9/27/02

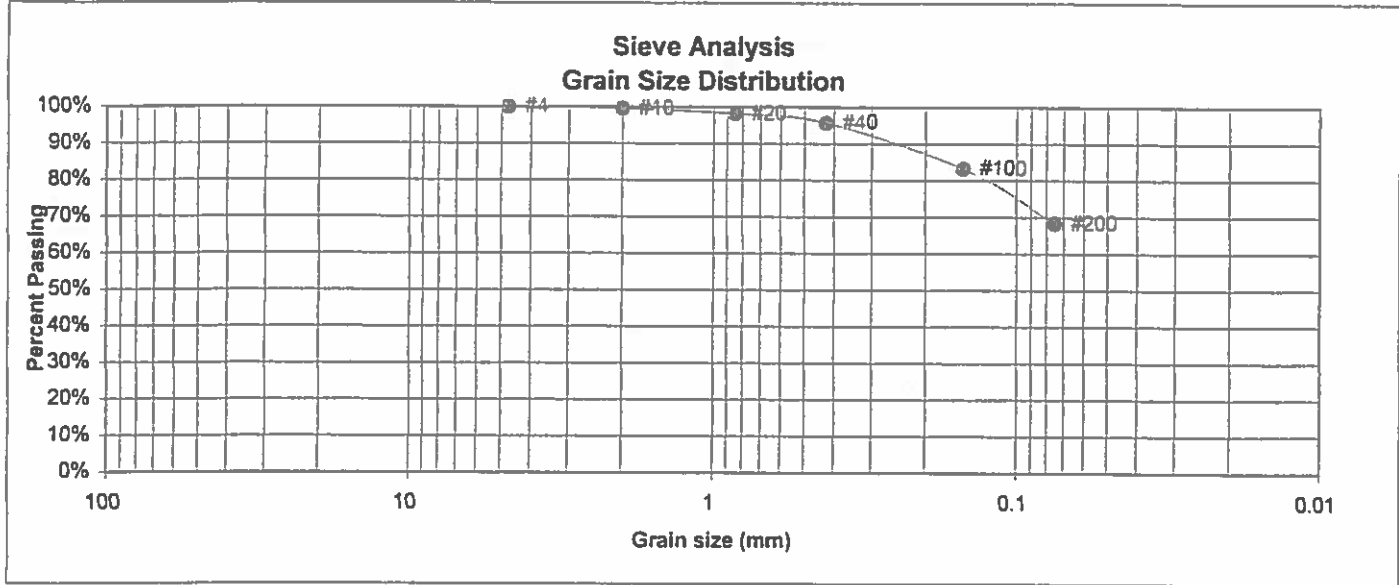
JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-11

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	LAND RESOURCE GROUP, INC.
SOIL TYPE #	5	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RD.
TEST BORING #	PH-8	JOB NO.	61992
DEPTH	10'	TEST BY	DG



U.S.  
Sieve #

Percent  
Finer

3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.6%
20	98.1%
40	95.7%
100	83.3%
200	68.3%

Atterberg  
Limits

Plastic Limit	16
Liquid Limit	39
Plastic Index	23

Swell

Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELIJAH DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-3599

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

KAH

12/1/03

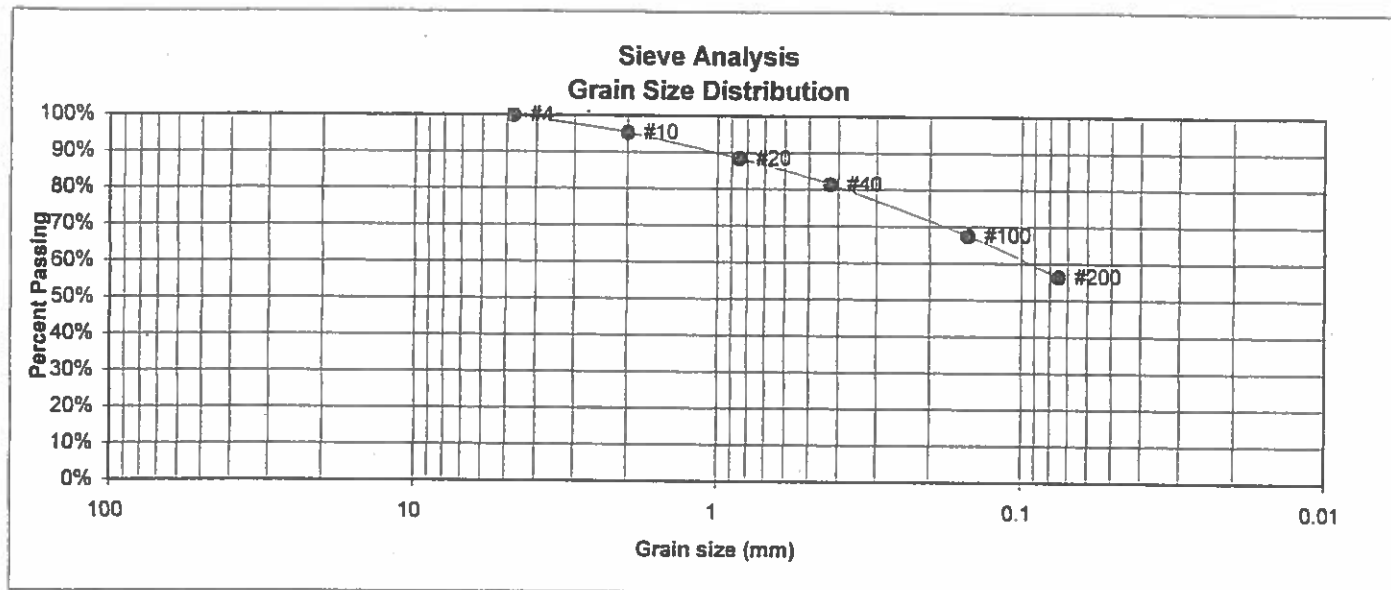
JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-12

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	LAND RESOURCE GROUP, INC.
SOIL TYPE #	5	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RD.
TEST BORING #	PH-9	JOB NO.	61992
DEPTH	10'	TEST BY	DG



U.S.  
Sieve #

Percent  
Finer

Atterberg  
Limits

Plastic Limit

Liquid Limit

Plastic Index

3"

1 1/2"

3/4"

1/2"

3/8"

4

100.0%

10

95.3%

20

88.4%

40

81.4%

100

67.5%

200

56.4%

Swell

Moisture at start

14.9%

Moisture at finish

19.0%

Moisture increase

4.2%

Initial dry density (pcf)

109

Swell (psf)

1014



**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5399

# LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

MAH

12/1/03

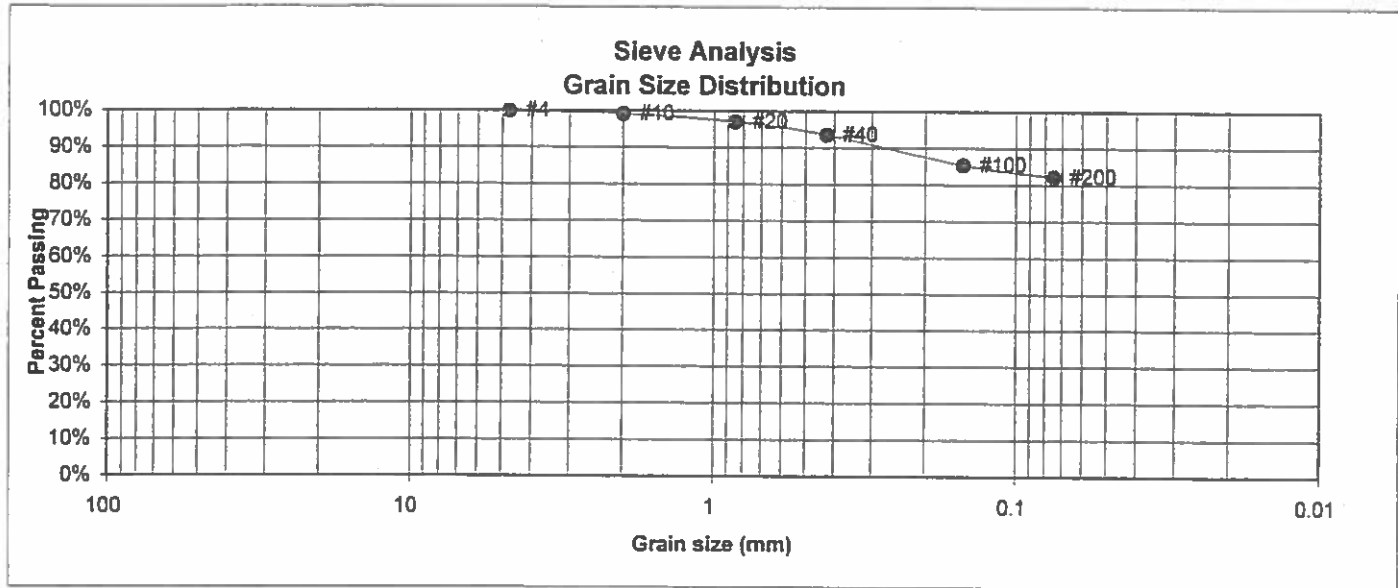
JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-13

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	ML	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCES
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	6	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	TB2	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	10'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.2%
20	97.1%
40	93.6%
100	85.5%
200	82.1%

<u>Atterberg Limits</u>	
Plastic Limit	29
Liquid Limit	29
Plastic Index	0

<u>Swell</u>	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
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### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*Kat*

9/27/02

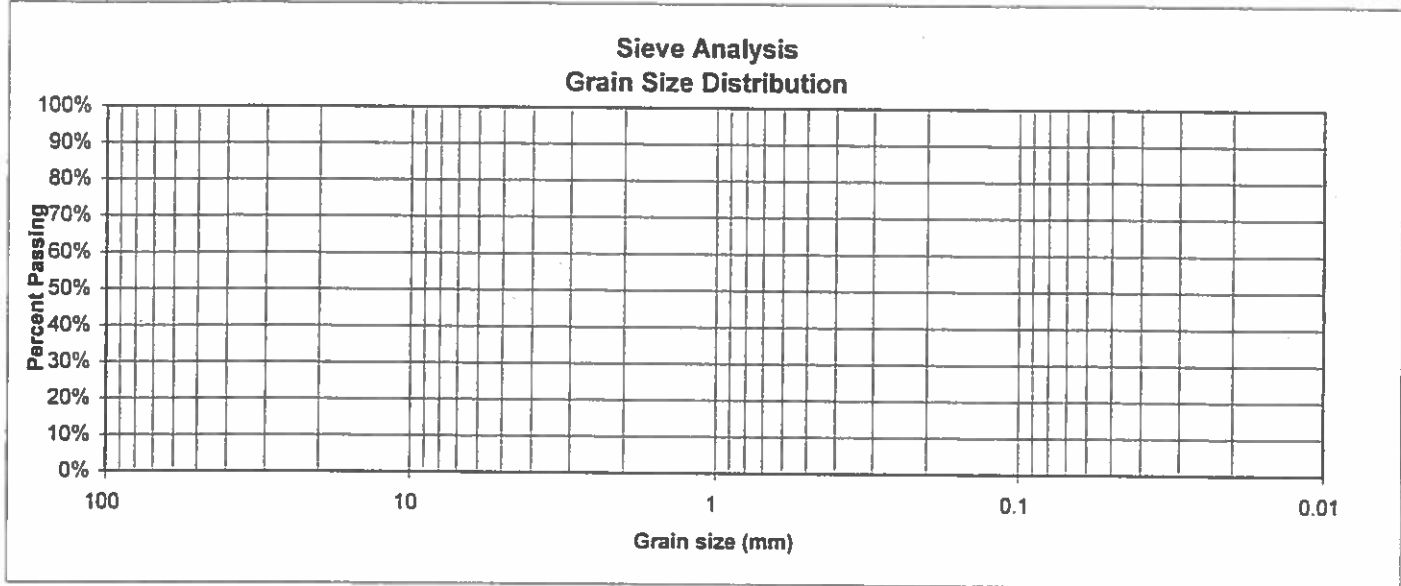
JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-14

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	ML	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCES
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	6	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	TB14	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	2-3'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG



U.S.  
Sieve #  
3"  
1 1/2"  
3/4"  
1/2"  
3/8"  
4  
10  
20  
40  
100  
200

Percent  
Finer

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start 9.5%  
Moisture at finish 22.6%  
Moisture increase 13.1%  
Initial dry density (pcf) 103  
Swell (psf) 1150



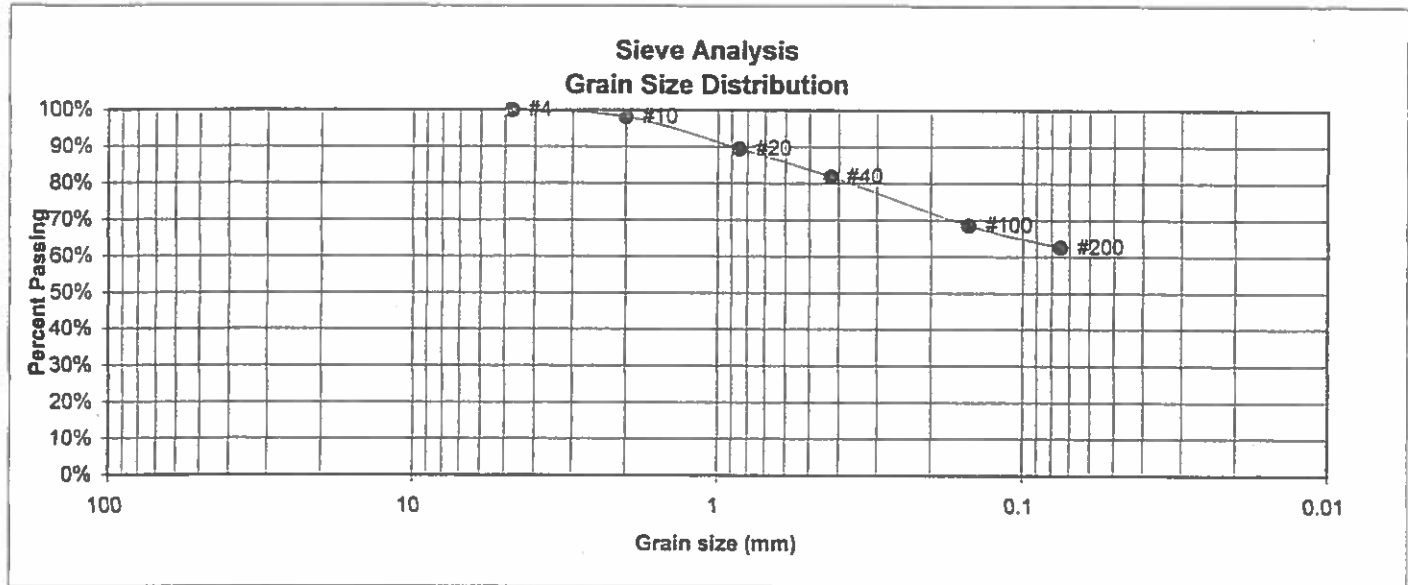
**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: <i>R4H</i>	DATE: <i>9/30/02</i>
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JOB NO.:  
**61992**  
FIG NO.:  
**D-15**

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	ML	<u>CLIENT</u>	LAND RESOURCE GROUP, INC.
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	6	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RD.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	PH-7	<u>JOB NO.</u>	61992
<u>DEPTH</u>	10'	<u>TEST BY</u>	DG



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	98.2%
20	89.4%
40	81.8%
100	68.6%
200	62.5%

<u>Atterberg Limits</u>	
Plastic Limit	25
Liquid Limit	27
Plastic Index	2

<u>Swell</u>	
Moisture at start	11.0%
Moisture at finish	20.5%
Moisture increase	9.6%
Initial dry density (pcf)	105
Swell (psf)	1818



**ENTECH**  
ENGINEERING, INC.  
305 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

<u>DRAWN:</u>	<u>DATE:</u>	<u>CHECKED:</u>	<u>DATE:</u>
		KAH	12/1/03

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

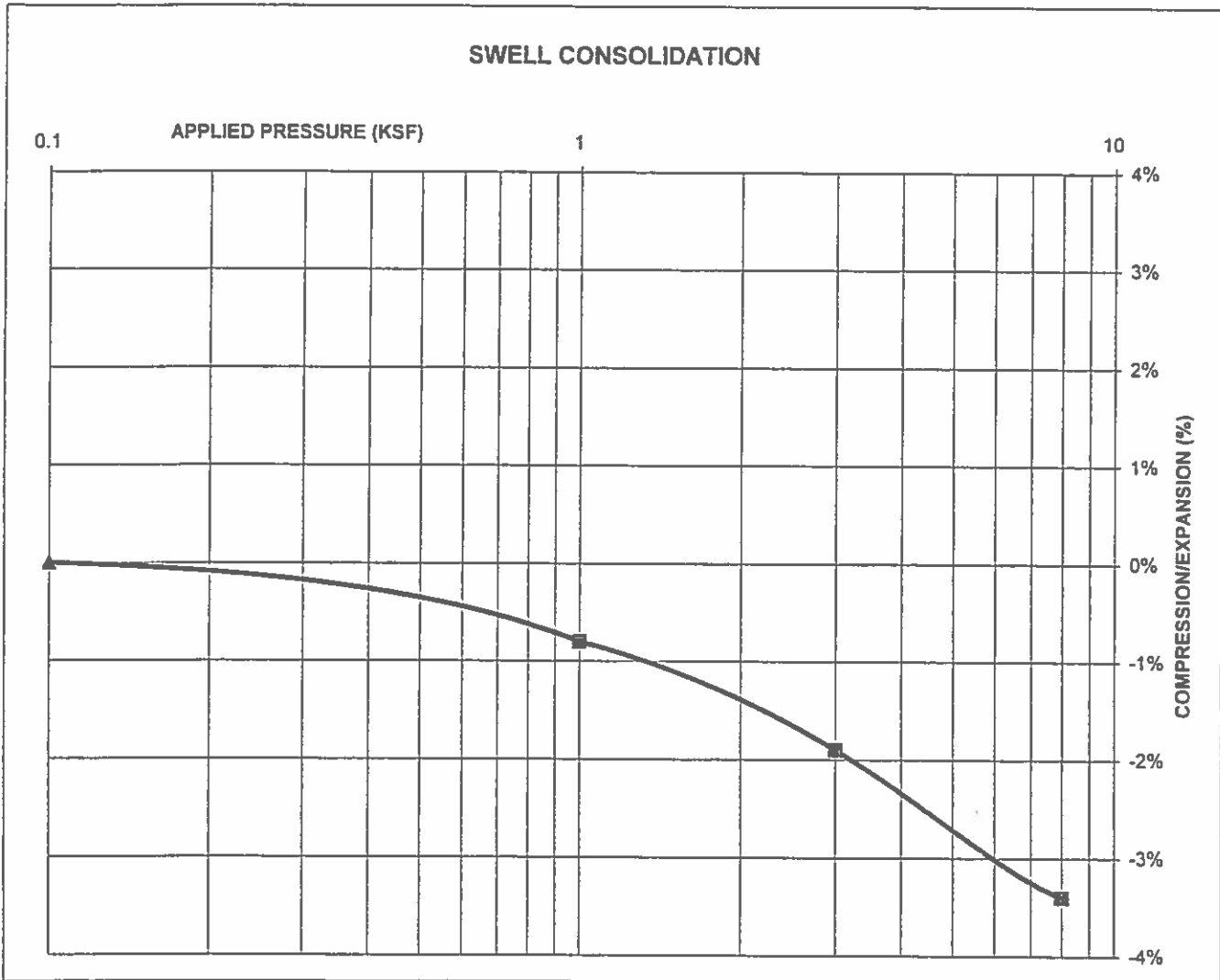
D-16

# CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

SAMPLE FROM:	TB11	AT DEPTH	10'
DESCRIPTION	SM	SOIL TYPE	4
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)			107
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT			20.7%
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)			0.0%

JOB NO. 61992  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 PROJECT FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL

## SWELL CONSOLIDATION



**ENTECH**  
 ENGINEERING, INC.  
 505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

## SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*KAS*

*9/27/00*

JOB NO.:

*61992*

FIG NO.:

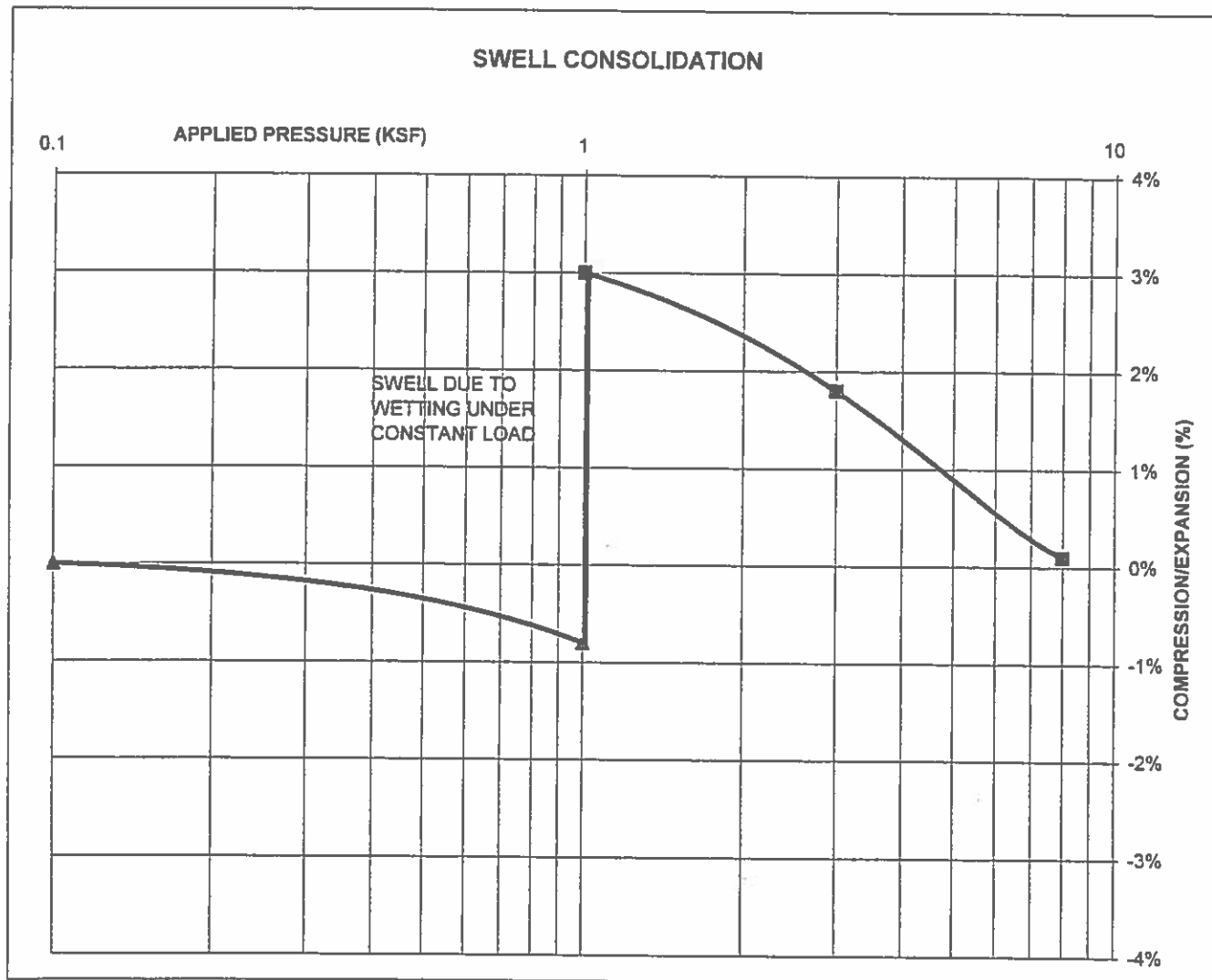
*D-17*



# CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

SAMPLE FROM:	TB2	AT DEPTH	10'
DESCRIPTION	ML	SOIL TYPE	6
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)	111		
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	19.3%		
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)	3.8%		

JOB NO. 61992  
 CLIENT LAND RESOURCES  
 PROJECT FOUR WAY RD., 558 AC. PARCEL



**ENTECH**  
 ENGINEERING, INC.  
 505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

## SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*Kat*

9/30/02

JOB NO.:

61992

FIG NO.:

D-18

**APPENDIX E: Test Boring Logs and Laboratory Test  
Results from Entech Job No. 120675**

TABLE 1

## SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH  
 JOB NO. 120675

SOIL TYPE	TEST BORING NO.	DEPTH (FT)	WATER (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	LIQUID LIMIT (%)	PLASTIC INDEX (%)	SULFATE (WT %)	FHA SWELL (PSF)	SWELL/CONSOL (%)	UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION
1	301	2-3			6.2			0.01			SM-SW	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
1	305	5			7.7						SM-SW	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
1	305	10			18.9	NV	NP		280		SM	SAND, SILTY
1	311	5			10.9						SM-SW	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
1	317	5			5.6						SM-SW	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY
2	312	5	16.4	107.5	94.7					1.5	CL	CLAY, SANDY
3	318	10	12.8	119.4	28.9	NV	NP	0.00		-0.3	SM	SANDSTONE, SILTY
3	303	15			6.6	NV	NP				SM-SW	SANDSTONE, SLIGHTLY SILTY
3	307	5			34.4	NV	NP	0.00			SM	SANDSTONE, SILTY
3	308	5			18.7						SM	SANDSTONE, SILTY
3	312	10			19.1						SM	SANDSTONE, SILTY
4	302	15				40	15	0.02			CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY
4	308	10	16.4	115.5	61.0					0.6	CL	CLAYSTONE, VERY SANDY
4	314	10			56.6	35	17		1360		CL	CLAYSTONE, VERY SANDY
4	315	10	15.8	116.5	77.1					1.7	CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY
4	316	15			68.0						CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY

**TABLE 2**

Depth to Bedrock and Groundwater  
**4- WAY RANCH**  
**120675**

Test Boring No.	Depth to Bedrock (ft.)	Depth to Groundwater (ft.)
300	14	6.5
301	9	4
302	13	8
303	14	6
304	12	8.5
305	12	5.5
306	3	12
307	4	4
308	3	>15
309	9	11.5
310	7	4.5
311	8	5.5
312	7	14.5
313	3	5.5
314	4	13
315	7	24.5
316	4	14
317	11	8.5
318	9	4.5

TEST BORING NO. 300  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 301  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS

WATER @ 6.5', 7/6/12

SAND, SILTY TO SLIGHTLY  
 SILTY, FINE TO COARSE  
 GRAINED, BROWN, MEDIUM  
 DENSE TO DENSE, DRY TO  
 WET



SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE TO  
 MEDIUM GRAINED, GRAY  
 BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST

\* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			*	1.2	1
5			21	6.1	1
10			30	11.0	1
15			50 6"	13.7	3
20					

REMARKS

WATER @ 4', 7/6/12

SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY, FINE  
 TO COARSE GRAINED, TAN,  
 MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST TO WET



CLAYSTONE, SANDY, GRAY  
 BROWN, HARD, MOIST

SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE  
 TO COARSE GRAINED, GRAY  
 BROWN, VERY DENSE, WET

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			10	7.4	1
5			14	11.2	1
10			50 11"	9.2	4
15			50 5"	12.8	3
20					



**ENTECH**  
**ENGINEERING, INC.**

505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

TEST BORING NO. 302  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 303  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 8', 7/6/12							WATER @ 6', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, TAN TO BROWN, MEDIUM DENSE, DRY TO WET	5			19	2.1	1	SAND, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, LIGHT BROWN, MEDIUM DENSE TO DENSE, DRY TO WET	5			*	2.3	1
	5			21	6.6	1		5			22	5.0	1
	10			15	16.0	1		10			39	13.9	1
CLAYSTONE, SANDY, GRAY BROWN, HARD, MOIST	15			50 7"	12.4	4	SANDSTONE, SLIGHTLY SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, GRAY BROWN, VERY DENSE, VERY MOIST	15			50 8"	15.1	3
	20						* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN	20					



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 ENGINEERING, INC.

505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *h*

DATE: 7/18/12

JOB NO.: 120675  
 FIG NO.: E-3

TEST BORING NO. 304  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 305  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 8.5', 7/6/12							WATER @ 5.5', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN TO TAN, MEDIUM DENSE TO DENSE, DRY TO WET	5			*	1.8	1	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, LIGHT BROWN TO BROWN, MEDIUM DENSE TO DENSE, DRY	5			*	1.1	1
	6.3			23	6.3	1		6.3			26	2.1	1
	10			33	13.5	1	SAND, SILTY, FINE GRAINED, GRAY, DENSE, WET	10			34	23.5	1
SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, GRAY BROWN, VERY DENSE, WET	15			50	10.5	3	SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, GRAY BROWN, VERY DENSE, VERY MOIST	15			50	11.4	3
	6"							6"					
* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN	20						* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN	20					



**ENTECH**  
 ENGINEERING, INC.

505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE: 7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

5-4

TEST BORING NO. 306  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 307  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS

WATER @ 12', 7/6/12  
 SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM  
 GRAINED, BROWN, MOIST

SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE TO  
 COARSE GRAINED, BROWN TO  
 TAN, VERY DENSE, MOIST

\* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
			*	3.9	1
5			$\frac{50}{7''}$	8.8	3
10			$\frac{50}{6''}$	8.7	3
15			$\frac{50}{6''}$	14.1	3
20					

REMARKS

WATER @ 4', 7/6/12  
 SAND, CLAYEY, FINE GRAINED,  
 DARK BROWN, MOIST

SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE  
 GRAINED, GRAY BROWN,  
 VERY DENSE, MOIST

\* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
			*	13.0	1
5			50	16.8	3
10			$\frac{50}{6''}$	15.1	3
15			$\frac{50}{8''}$	15.8	3
20					



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**ENGINEERING, INC.**

505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-5



TEST BORING NO. 308  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 309  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
DRY TO 15', 7/6/12							WATER @ 11.5', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, MOIST				*	5.6	1	SAND, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE, DRY TO MOIST				*	1.3	1
SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE GRAINED, BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	5			50 6"	8.5	3		5			24	3.8	1
CLAYSTONE, VERY SANDY, BROWN, HARD, MOIST	10			50 8"	15.3	4	SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, OLIVE BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	10			50 9"	8.8	3
SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	15			50 5"	9.1	3	* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN	15			50 8"	12.6	3
* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN	20							20					



**ENTECH**  
**ENGINEERING, INC.**

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 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *h*

DATE: 7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-6

TEST BORING NO. 310  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 311  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 4.5', 7/6/12							WATER @ 5.5', 7/6/12						
SAND, CLAYEY, FINE GRAINED, DARK BROWN TO GRAY, MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST TO WET	5			*	14.9	1	SAND, SLIGHTLY SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, DENSE, DRY TO WET	5			*	1.9	1
	5			15	15.7	1		5			38	12.4	1
SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE GRAINED, GRAY BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	10			50 7"	8.0	3	SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, GRAY BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST TO VERY MOIST	10			50 7"	11.7	3
CLAYSTONE, SANDY, GRAY BROWN, HARD, MOIST	15			50 2"	10.5	4		15			50 10"	10.5	3
* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN							* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN						
	20							20					



**ENTECH**  
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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *u*

DATE: 7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-7

TEST BORING NO. 312  
 DATE DRILLED 6/21/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 313  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 14.5', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY, FINE GRAINED, TAN				*	2.6	1
CLAY, SANDY, TAN, VERY STIFF, MOIST	5			37	8.3	2
SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, BUFF TO OLIVE BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	10			50 4"	8.5	3
	15			50 7"	9.3	3
	20					

\* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN

REMARKS

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 5.5', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, BROWN, MOIST				*	3.1	1
SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST TO WET	5			50 8"	10.5	3
CLAYSTONE, SANDY, BLUE GRAY, HARD, MOIST	10			50 9"	17.0	4
	15			50 8"	13.1	4
	20					

\* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

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DATE: 7/16/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-8

TEST BORING NO. 314  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 315  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 13', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, DRY				*	1.5	1
SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	5			50 11"	8.0	3
CLAYSTONE, VERY SANDY, BROWN, HARD, MOIST	10			50 8"	12.8	4
SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE GRAINED, BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	15			50 7"	11.1	3
* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN	20					

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 24.5', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, DENSE, DRY TO MOIST				*	2.3	1
	5			41	7.7	1
CLAYSTONE, SANDY, BROWN, HARD, MOIST	10			50 9"	15.3	4
	15			50 8"	11.3	4
SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BLUE GRAY, VERY DENSE, MOIST	20			50 7"	9.5	3
* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN	25			50 6"	8.7	3



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### TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

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DATE: 7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-9

TEST BORING NO. 316  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO. 317  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 14', 7/6/12							WATER @ 8.5', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, TAN, DRY				*	1.7	1	SAND, SILTY TO SLIGHTLY SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, MEDIUM DENSE TO DENSE, DRY TO WET				*	1.8	1
SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE GRAINED, TAN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	5			50 11"	14.3	3		5			20	5.9	1
SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	10			50 8"	9.2	3		10			33	14.6	1
CLAYSTONE, SANDY, GRAY BROWN, HARD, MOIST	15			50 6"	12.9	4	SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, BLUE GRAY, VERY DENSE, MOIST	15			50 6"	8.0	3
* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN							* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN						



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### TEST BORING LOG

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DATE:

7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-10

TEST BORING NO. 318  
 DATE DRILLED 6/26/2012  
 Job # 120675

TEST BORING NO.  
 DATE DRILLED  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 LOCATION FOUR WAY RANCH

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
WATER @ 4.5', 7/6/12						
SAND, SILTY TO CLAYEY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, BROWN, MOIST TO WET	5			*	4.7	1
	10			50 9"	11.7	3
SANDSTONE, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, GRAY BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	15			50 6"	11.3	3
SANDSTONE, CLAYEY, FINE TO COARSE GRAINED, GRAY BROWN, VERY DENSE, MOIST	20					
* - BULK SAMPLE TAKEN						

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
	5					
	10					
	15					
	20					



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### TEST BORING LOG

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DATE:

JOB NO:

120675

FIG NO:

E-11

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION SM-SW

SOIL TYPE # 1

TEST BORING # 301

DEPTH (FT) 2-3

CLIENT

4 WAY JOINT VENTURE

PROJECT

FOUR WAY RANCH

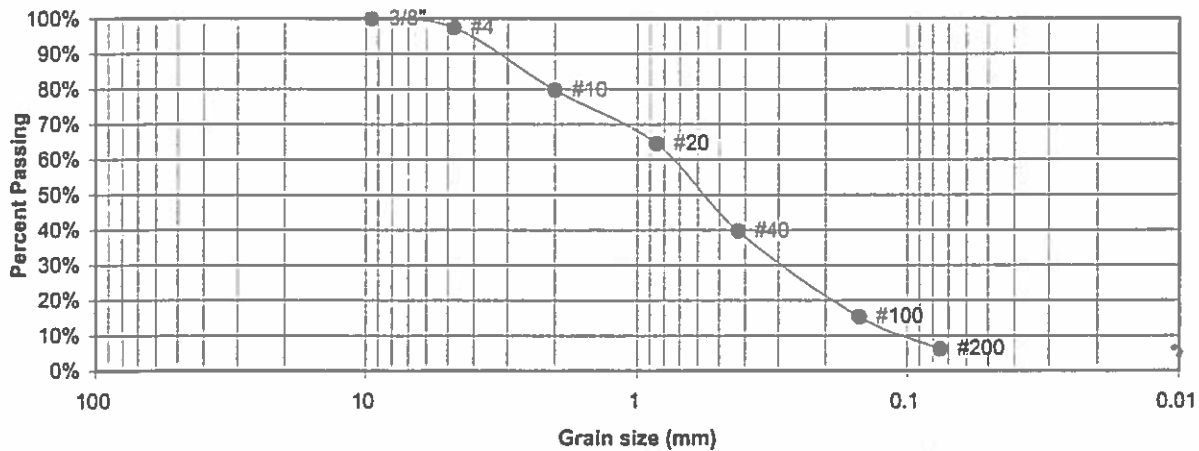
JOB NO.

120675

TEST BY

BL

### Sieve Analysis Grain Size Distribution

U.S.  
Sieve #Percent  
Finer

3"

1 1/2"

3/4"

1/2"

3/8"

4

10

20

40

100

200

100.0%

97.5%

79.7%

64.5%

39.7%

15.4%

6.2%

Atterberg

Limits

Plastic Limit

Liquid Limit

Plastic Index

Swell

Moisture at start

Moisture at finish

Moisture increase

Initial dry density (pcf)

Swell (psf)


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### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

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DATE:

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-12

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION SM-SW

SOIL TYPE # 1

TEST BORING # 305

DEPTH (FT) 5

CLIENT

4 WAY JOINT VENTURE

PROJECT

FOUR WAY RANCH

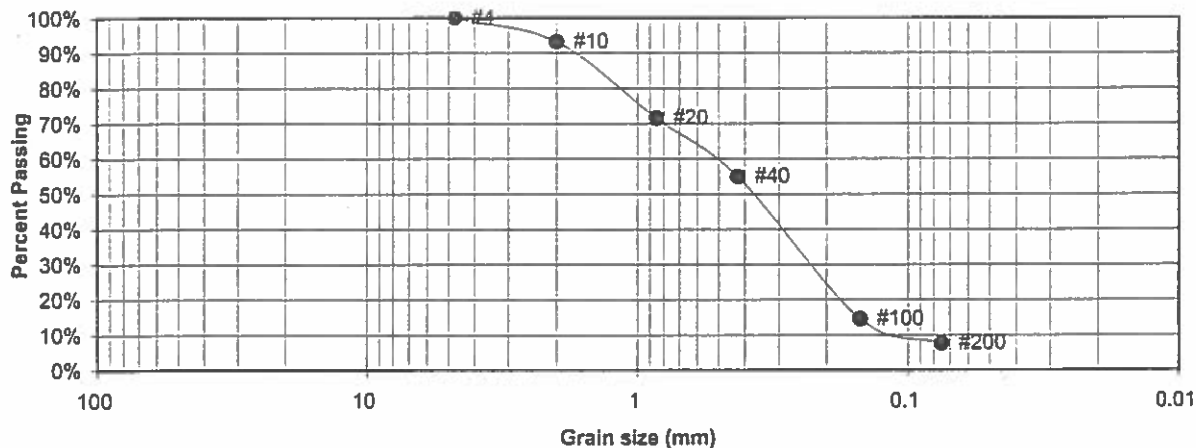
JOB NO.

120675

TEST BY

BL

Sieve Analysis  
Grain Size Distribution



U.S.  
Sieve #

Percent  
Finer

3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	93.2%
20	71.5%
40	55.0%
100	14.6%
200	7.7%

Atterberg

Limits

Plastic Limit

Liquid Limit

Plastic Index

Swell

Moisture at start

Moisture at finish

Moisture increase

Initial dry density (pcf)

Swell (psf)



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LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS

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DATE:

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DATE:

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7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

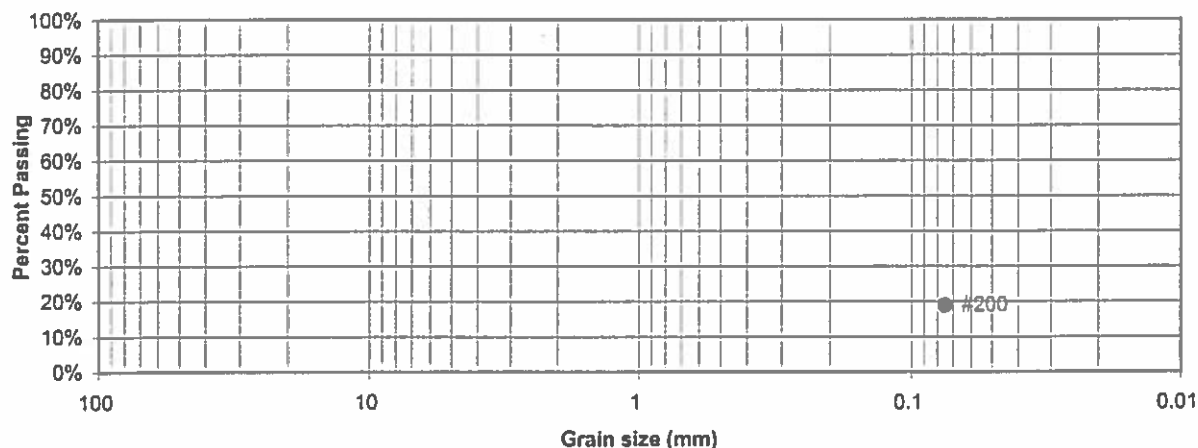
FIG NO.:

E-13



<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u> SM		<u>CLIENT</u>	4 WAY JOINT VENTURE
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	1	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RANCH
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	305	<u>JOB NO.</u>	120675
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	10	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL

**Sieve Analysis  
Grain Size Distribution**



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	
10	
20	
40	
100	
200	18.9%

<u>Atterberg Limits</u>	
Plastic Limit	NP
Liquid Limit	NV
Plastic Index	NP

<u>Swell</u>	
Moisture at start	11.1%
Moisture at finish	20.8%
Moisture increase	9.7%
Initial dry density (pcf)	102
Swell (psf)	290



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**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

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DATE

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JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

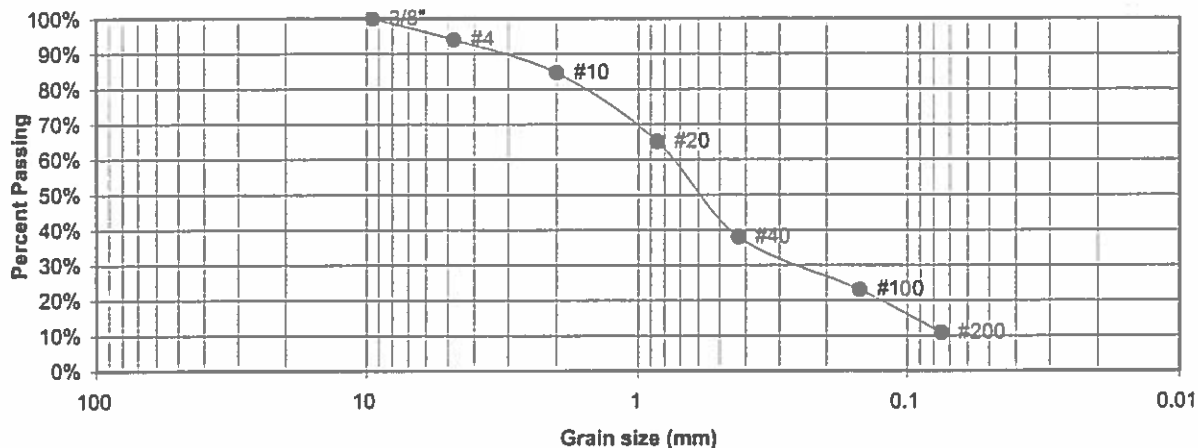
E-14

**UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION** SM-SW

SOIL TYPE # 1  
TEST BORING # 311  
DEPTH (FT) 5

CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH  
JOB NO. 120675  
TEST BY BL

**Sieve Analysis**  
**Grain Size Distribution**



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	94.0%
10	84.6%
20	65.1%
40	38.0%
100	23.1%
200	10.9%

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start  
Moisture at finish  
Moisture increase  
Initial dry density (pcf)  
Swell (psf)



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**LABORATORY TEST**  
**RESULTS**

DRAWN:

DATE

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DATE

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7/18/12

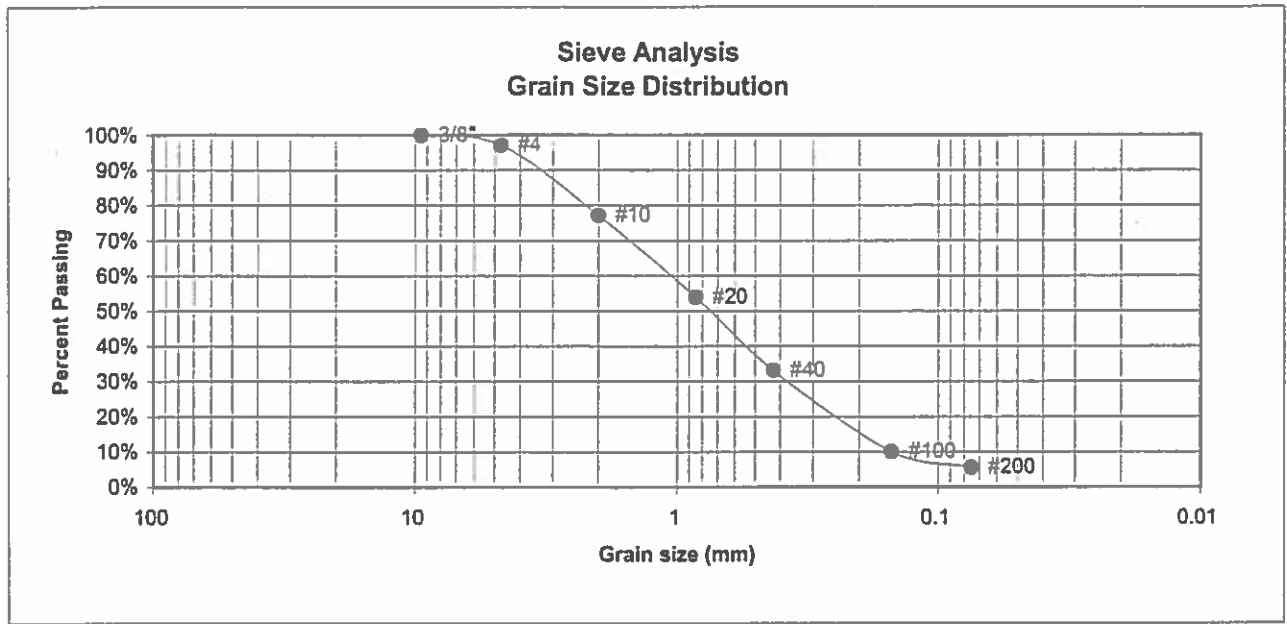
JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-15

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u> SM-SW		<u>CLIENT</u>	4 WAY JOINT VENTURE
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	1	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RANCH
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	317	<u>JOB NO.</u>	120675
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	5	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	97.2%
10	77.2%
20	53.9%
40	33.1%
100	10.0%
200	5.6%

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start  
Moisture at finish  
Moisture increase  
Initial dry density (pcf)  
Swell (psf)



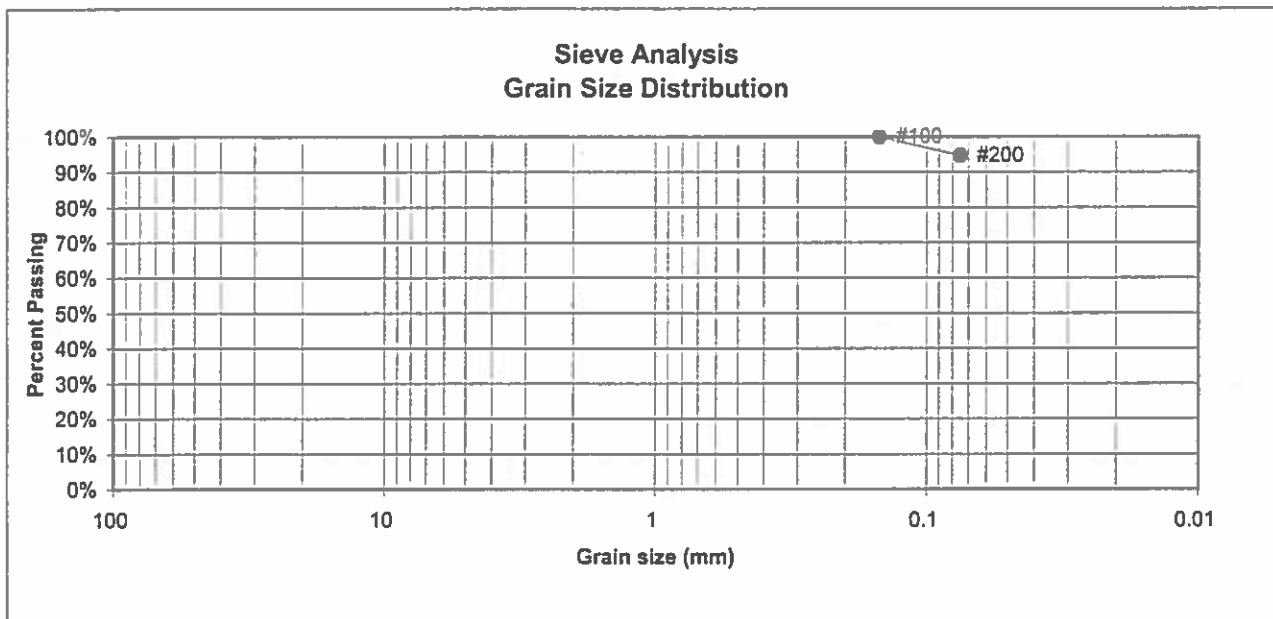
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**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

<u>DRAWN:</u>	<u>DATE:</u>	<u>CHECKED:</u>	<u>DATE:</u>
		<i>[Signature]</i>	7/18/12

JOB NO.:  
**120675**  
FIG NO.:  
**E-16**

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	CL	<u>CLIENT</u>	4 WAY JOINT VENTURE
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	2	<u>PROJECT</u>	FOUR WAY RANCH
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	312	<u>JOB NO.</u>	120675
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	5	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	
10	
20	
40	
100	100.0%
200	94.7%

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start  
Moisture at finish  
Moisture increase  
Initial dry density (pcf)  
Swell (psf)



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### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

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DATE:

7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-17

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION SM-SW

SOIL TYPE # 3

TEST BORING # 303

DEPTH (FT) 15

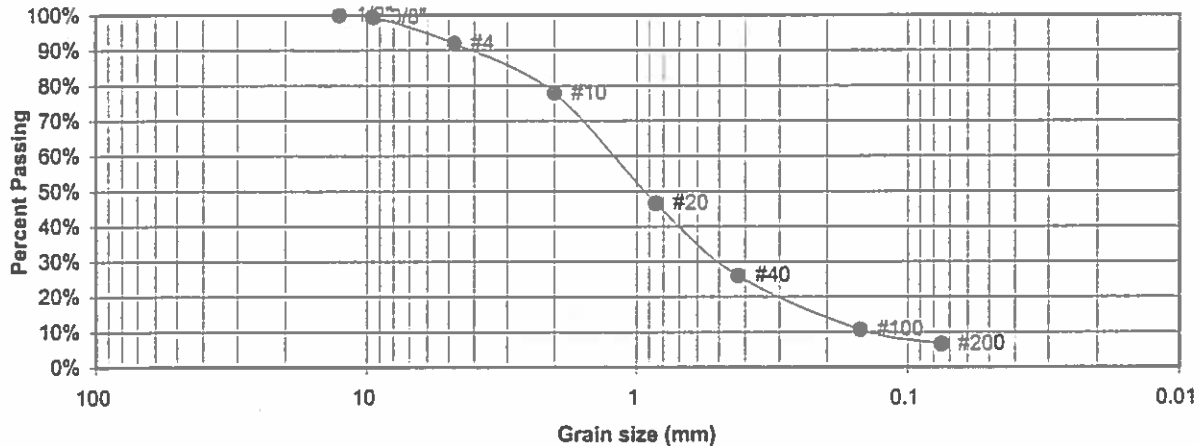
CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE

PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH

JOB NO. 120675

TEST BY BL

Sieve Analysis  
Grain Size Distribution



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	100.0%
3/8"	99.5%
4	92.0%
10	77.9%
20	46.5%
40	26.0%
100	10.7%
200	6.6%

Atterberg Limits	
Plastic Limit	NP
Liquid Limit	NV
Plastic Index	NP

Swell
Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)



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LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS

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DATE:

7/18/12

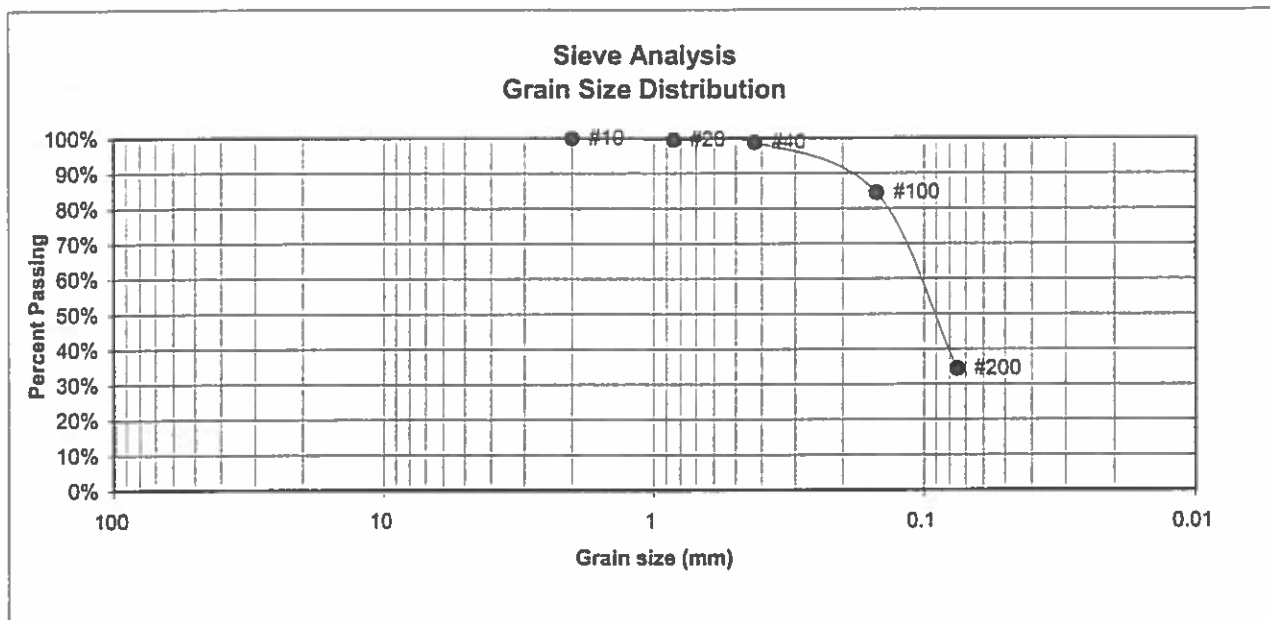
JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-18

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION SM		CLIENT	4 WAY JOINT VENTURE
SOIL TYPE #	3	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RANCH
TEST BORING #	307	JOB NO.	120675
DEPTH (FT)	5	TEST BY	BL



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	
10	100.0%
20	99.5%
40	98.8%
100	84.4%
200	34.4%

Atterberg Limits	
Plastic Limit	NP
Liquid Limit	NV
Plastic Index	NP

Swell	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



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## LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

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DATE:

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JOB NO.:

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FIG NO.:

E-19

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION SM

SOIL TYPE # 3

TEST BORING # 308

DEPTH (FT) 5

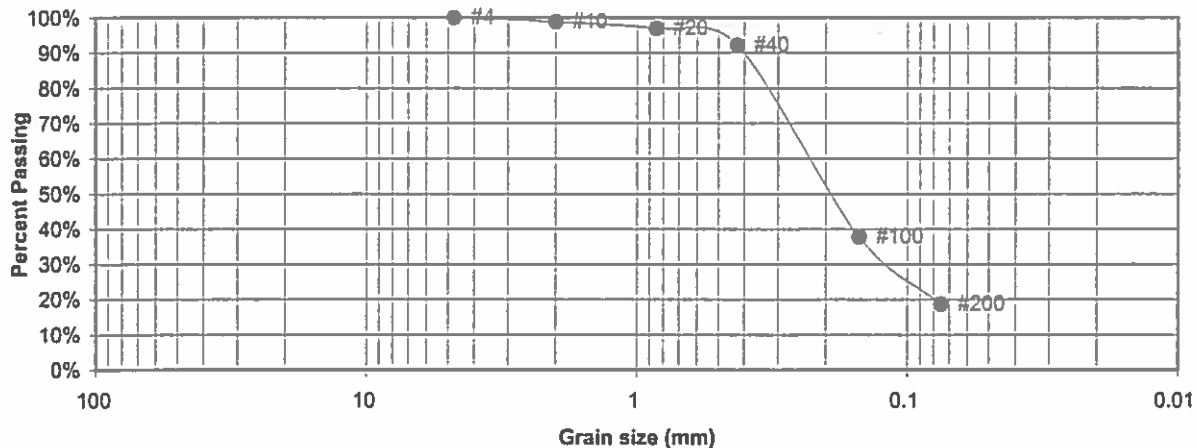
CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE

PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH

JOB NO. 120675

TEST BY BL

### Sieve Analysis Grain Size Distribution



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	98.8%
20	97.0%
40	92.1%
100	37.8%
200	18.7%

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start  
Moisture at finish  
Moisture increase  
Initial dry density (pcf)  
Swell (psf)



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### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

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7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

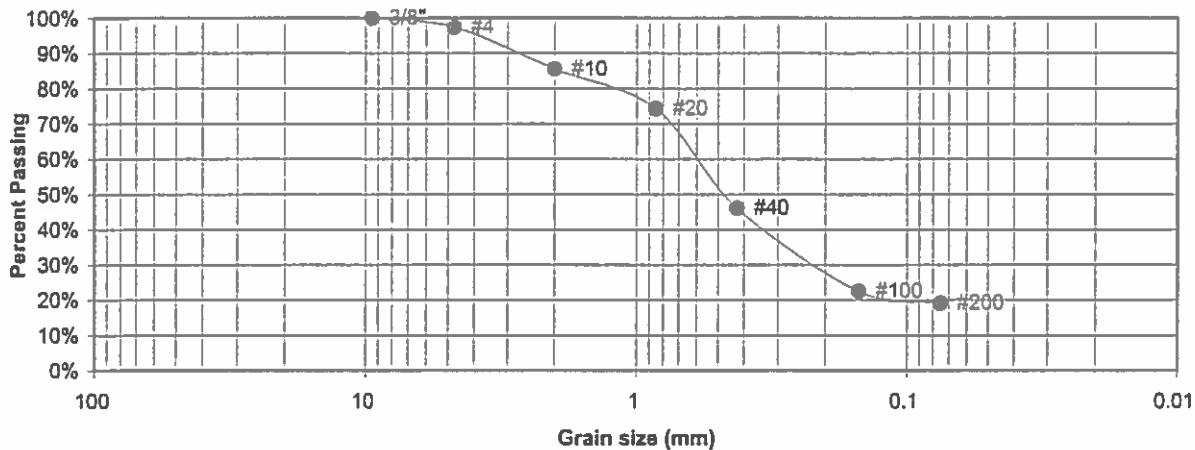
FIG NO.:

E-20

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION SM  
 SOIL TYPE # 3  
 TEST BORING # 312  
 DEPTH (FT) 10

CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH  
 JOB NO. 120675  
 TEST BY BL

Sieve Analysis  
 Grain Size Distribution



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	97.4%
10	85.6%
20	74.3%
40	46.1%
100	22.5%
200	19.1%

Atterberg  
 Limits  
 Plastic Limit  
 Liquid Limit  
 Plastic Index

Swell  
 Moisture at start  
 Moisture at finish  
 Moisture increase  
 Initial dry density (pcf)  
 Swell (psf)



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
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LABORATORY TEST  
 RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*h* 7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

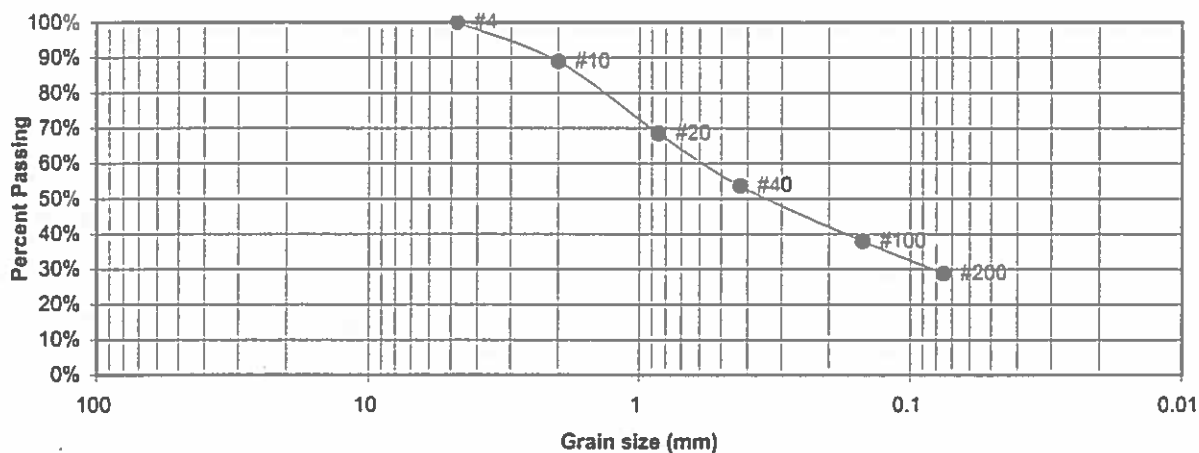
E-21



UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION SM  
 SOIL TYPE # 3  
 TEST BORING # 318  
 DEPTH (FT) 10

CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH  
 JOB NO. 120675  
 TEST BY BL

### Sieve Analysis Grain Size Distribution



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	89.0%
20	68.6%
40	53.6%
100	38.0%
200	28.9%

Atterberg  
 Limits  
 Plastic Limit NP  
 Liquid Limit NV  
 Plastic Index NP

Swell  
 Moisture at start  
 Moisture at finish  
 Moisture increase  
 Initial dry density (pcf)  
 Swell (psf)



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

### LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

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DATE:

*[Signature]* 7/12/12

JOB NO.:

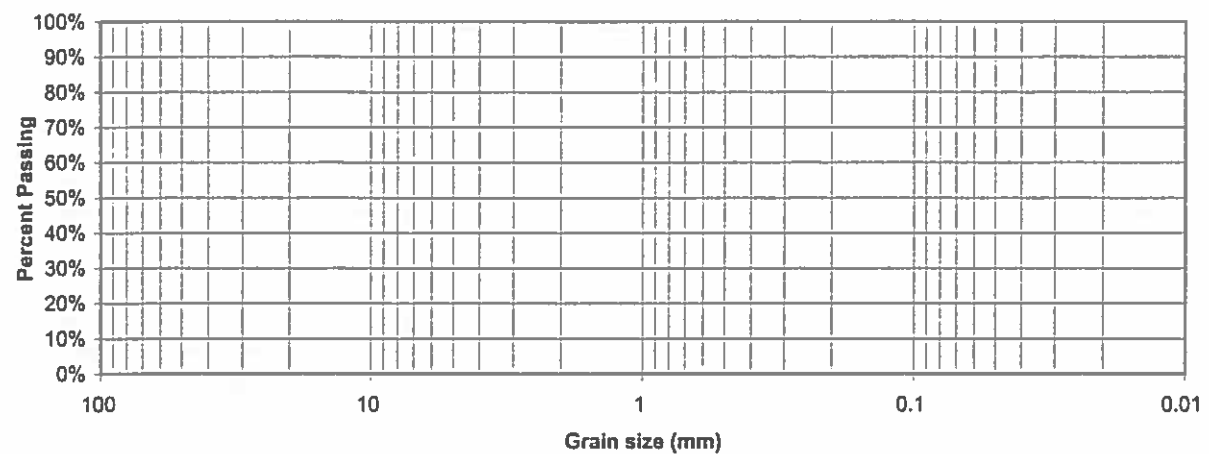
120675

FIG NO.:

E-22

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	4 WAY JOINT VENTURE
SOIL TYPE #	4	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RANCH
TEST BORING #	302	JOB NO.	120675
DEPTH (FT)	15	TEST BY	BL

**Sieve Analysis  
Grain Size Distribution**



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	
10	
20	
40	
100	
200	

<u>Atterberg Limits</u>	
Plastic Limit	25
Liquid Limit	40
Plastic Index	15

<u>Swell</u>
Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)



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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		<i>BL</i>	7/18/12

JOB NO.:  
**120675**  
FIG NO.:  
**E-23**

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION CL

SOIL TYPE # 4

TEST BORING # 308

DEPTH (FT) 10

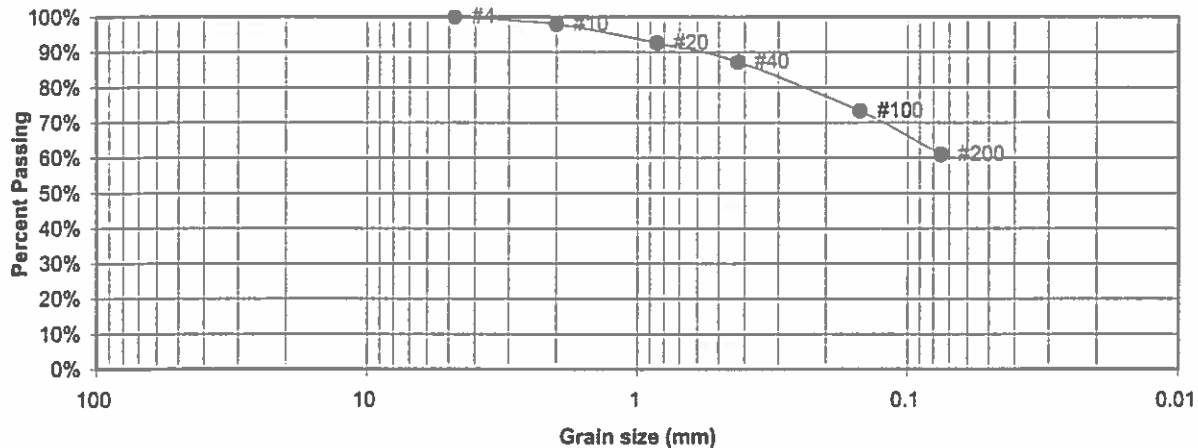
CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE

PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH

JOB NO. 120675

TEST BY BL

Sieve Analysis  
Grain Size Distribution



U.S.  
Sieve #

3"

1 1/2"

3/4"

1/2"

3/8"

4

10

20

40

100

200

Percent  
Finer

100.0%

98.0%

92.6%

87.3%

73.3%

61.0%

Atterberg

Limits

Plastic Limit

Liquid Limit

Plastic Index

Swell

Moisture at start

Moisture at finish

Moisture increase

Initial dry density (pcf)

Swell (psf)



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*[Signature]*

7/19/12

JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-24

**UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION CL**

**SOIL TYPE #** 4  
**TEST BORING #** 314  
**DEPTH (FT)** 10

**CLIENT**

4 WAY JOINT VENTURE

**PROJECT**

FOUR WAY RANCH

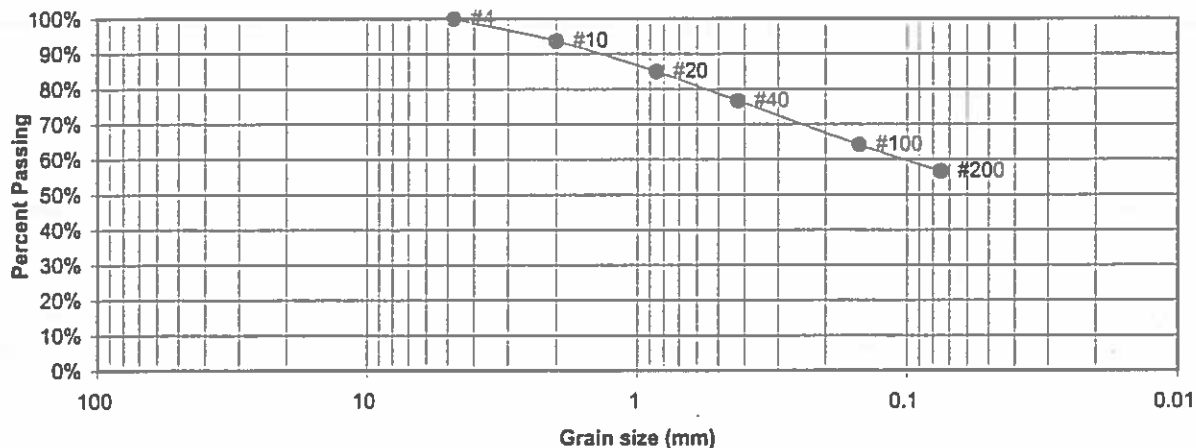
**JOB NO.**

120675

**TEST BY**

BL

**Sieve Analysis**  
**Grain Size Distribution**



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	93.6%
20	85.0%
40	76.6%
100	64.2%
200	56.6%

**Atterberg  
Limits**

Plastic Limit	18
Liquid Limit	35
Plastic Index	17

**Swell**

Moisture at start	12.5%
Moisture at finish	20.1%
Moisture increase	7.6%
Initial dry density (pcf)	105
Swell (psf)	1360



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505 ELKTON DRIVE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

**LABORATORY TEST  
RESULTS**

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

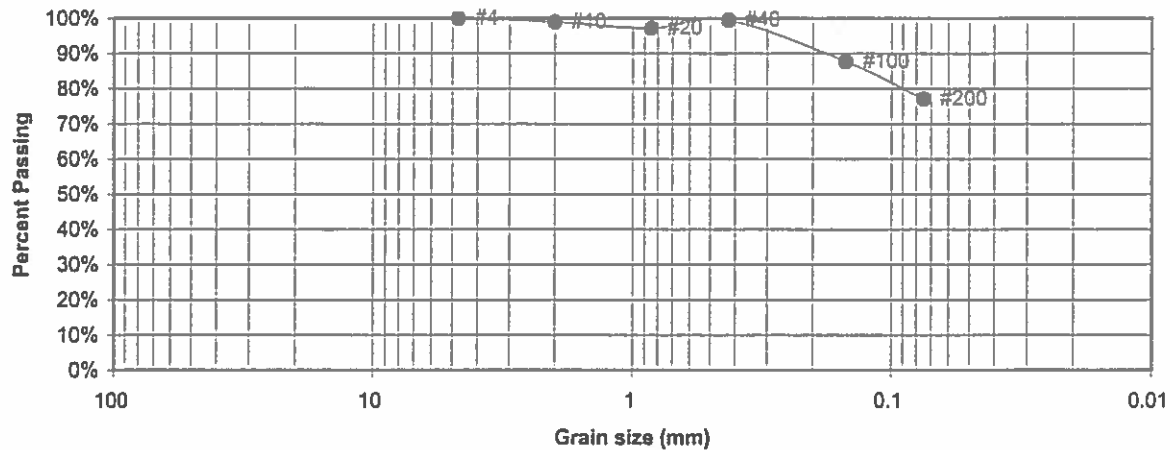
FIG NO.:

E-25

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION CL  
 SOIL TYPE # 4  
 TEST BORING # 315  
 DEPTH (FT) 10

CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH  
 JOB NO. 120675  
 TEST BY BL

Sieve Analysis  
 Grain Size Distribution



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.0%
20	97.3%
40	99.5%
100	87.7%
200	77.1%

Atterberg  
Limits  
 Plastic Limit  
 Liquid Limit  
 Plastic Index

Swell  
 Moisture at start  
 Moisture at finish  
 Moisture increase  
 Initial dry density (pcf)  
 Swell (psf)



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LABORATORY TEST  
 RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

*W*

7/18/12

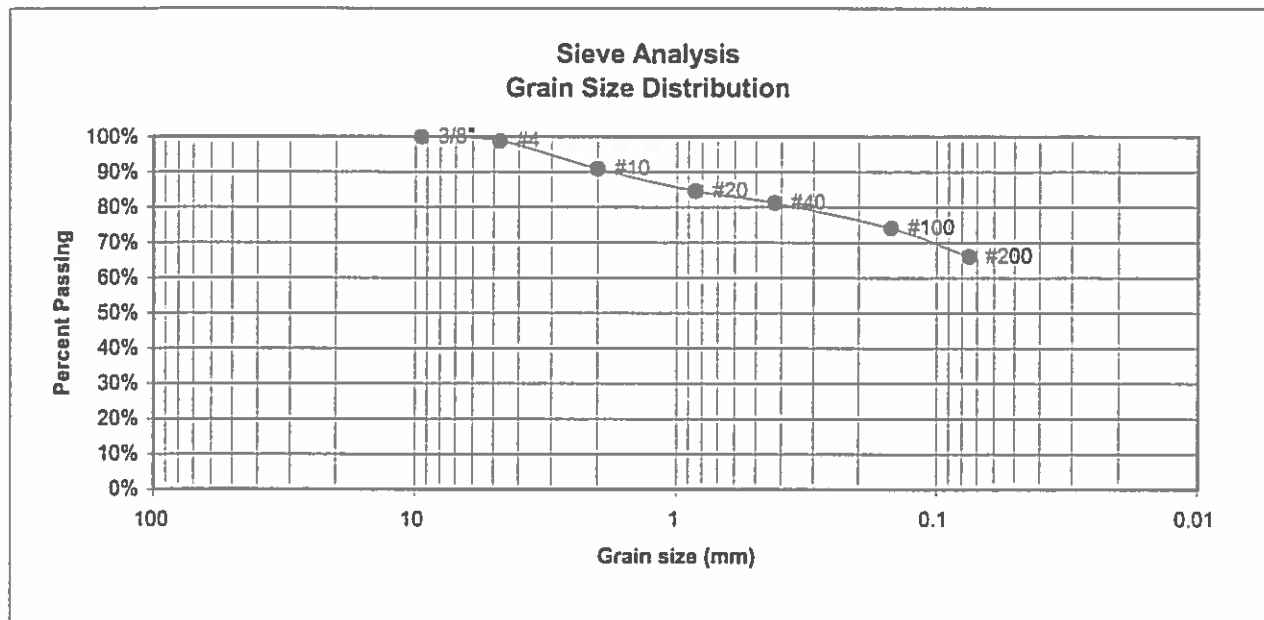
JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-26

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	4 WAY JOINT VENTURE
SOIL TYPE #	4	PROJECT	FOUR WAY RANCH
TEST BORING #	316	JOB NO.	120675
DEPTH (FT)	15	TEST BY	BL



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	98.8%
10	90.9%
20	84.6%
40	81.2%
100	74.1%
200	66.0%

Atterberg  
Limits  
Plastic Limit  
Liquid Limit  
Plastic Index

Swell  
Moisture at start  
Moisture at finish  
Moisture increase  
Initial dry density (pcf)  
Swell (psf)



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## LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

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*[Signature]* 7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

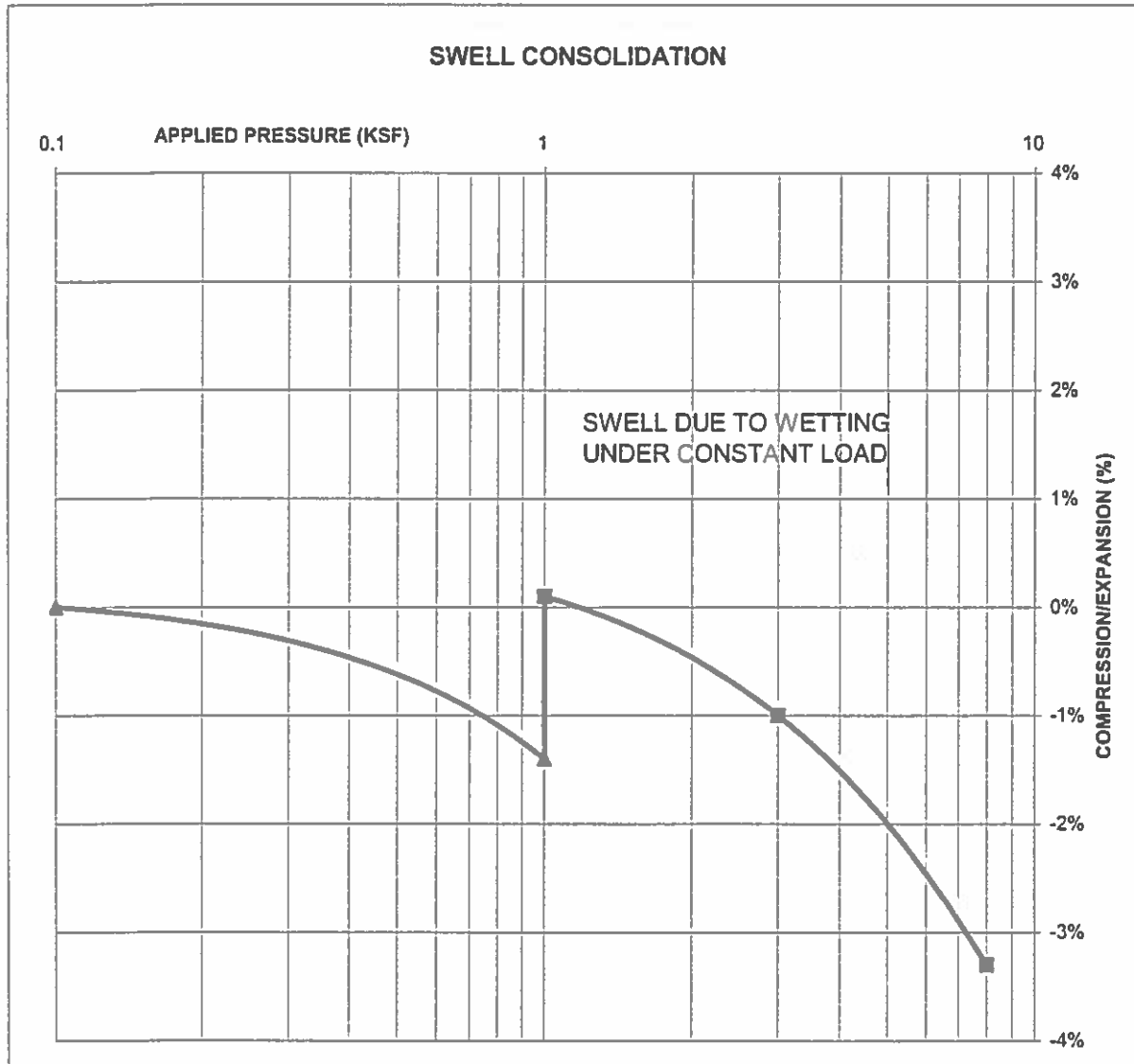
FIG NO.:

E-27

### CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	312	DEPTH(ft)	5
DESCRIPTION	CL	SOIL TYPE	2
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)	108		
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	16.4%		
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)	1.5%		

JOB NO. 120675  
CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH



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### SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

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DATE  
7/18/12

JOB NO.:

120675

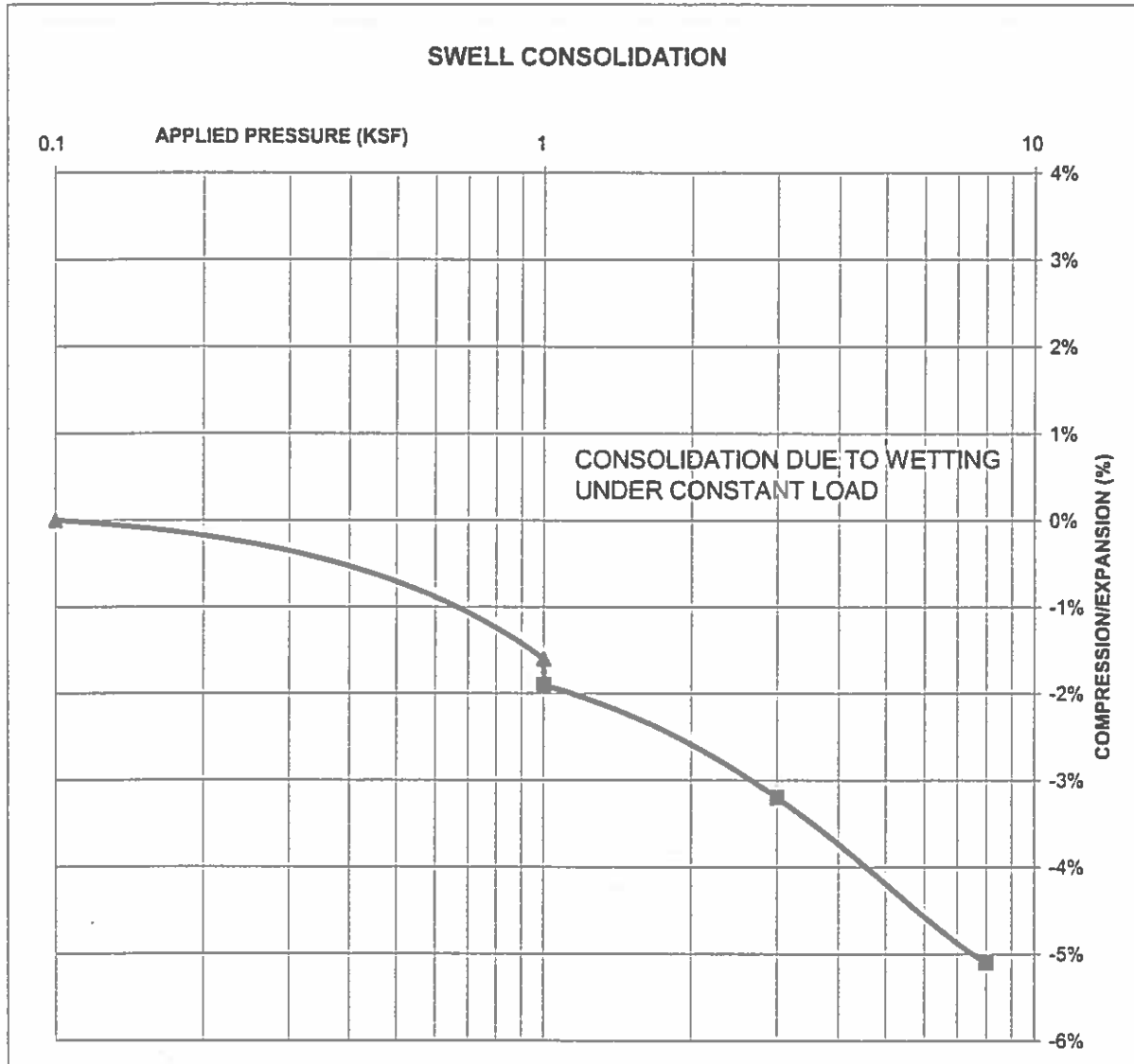
FIG NO.:

E-28

### CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	318	DEPTH(ft)	10
DESCRIPTION	SM	SOIL TYPE	3
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)	119		
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	12.8%		
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)	-0.3%		

JOB NO. 120675  
CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH



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### SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

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DATE:

*ll* 7/18/12

JOB NO:

120675

FIG NO:

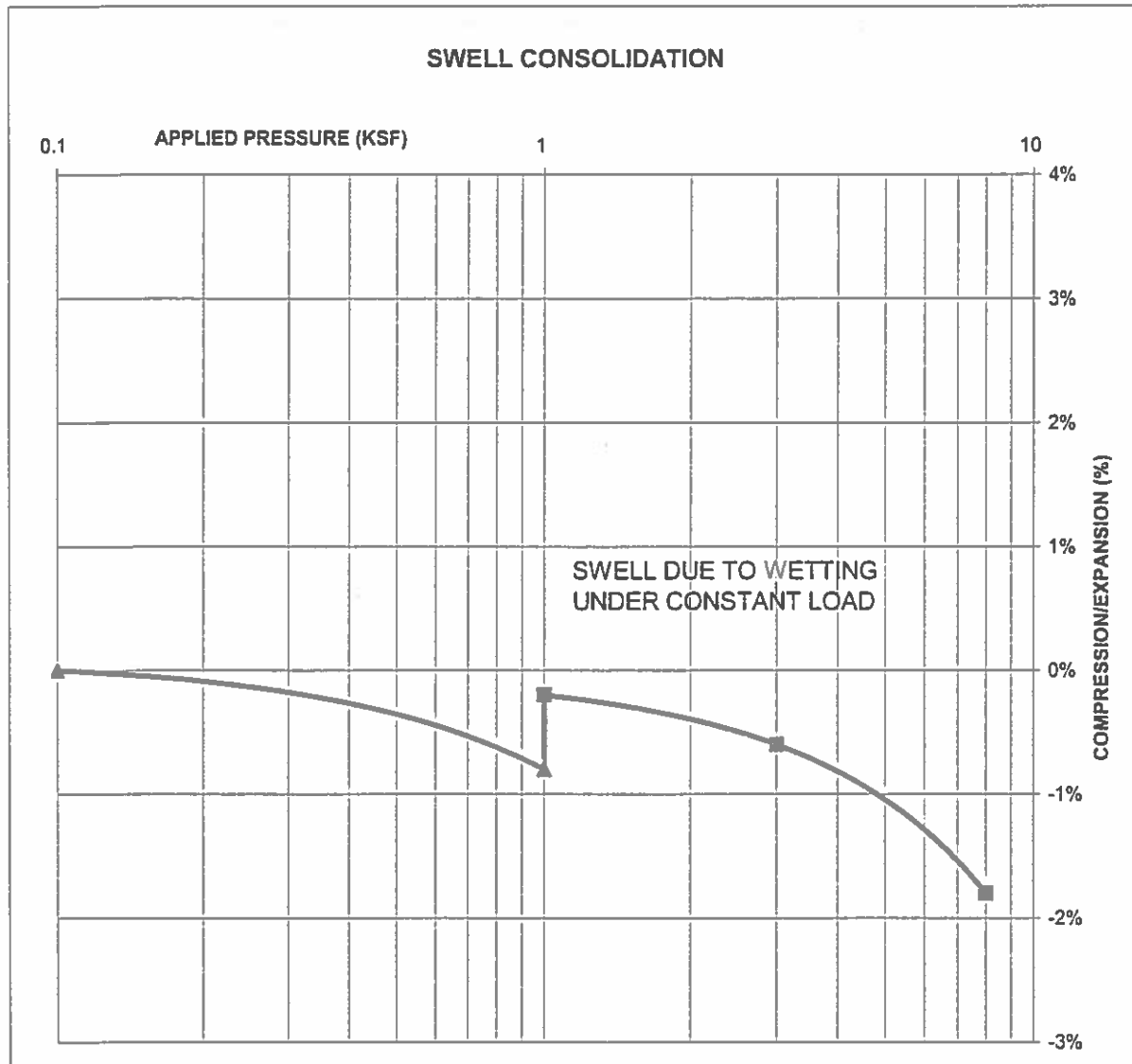
E-29



# CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING # 308 DEPTH(ft) 10  
 DESCRIPTION CL SOIL TYPE 4  
 NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF) 116  
 NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT 16.4%  
 SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%) 0.6%

JOB NO. 120675  
 CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
 PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH



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## SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

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CHECKED:

DATE:

*[Signature]* 7/18/12

JOB NO:

120675

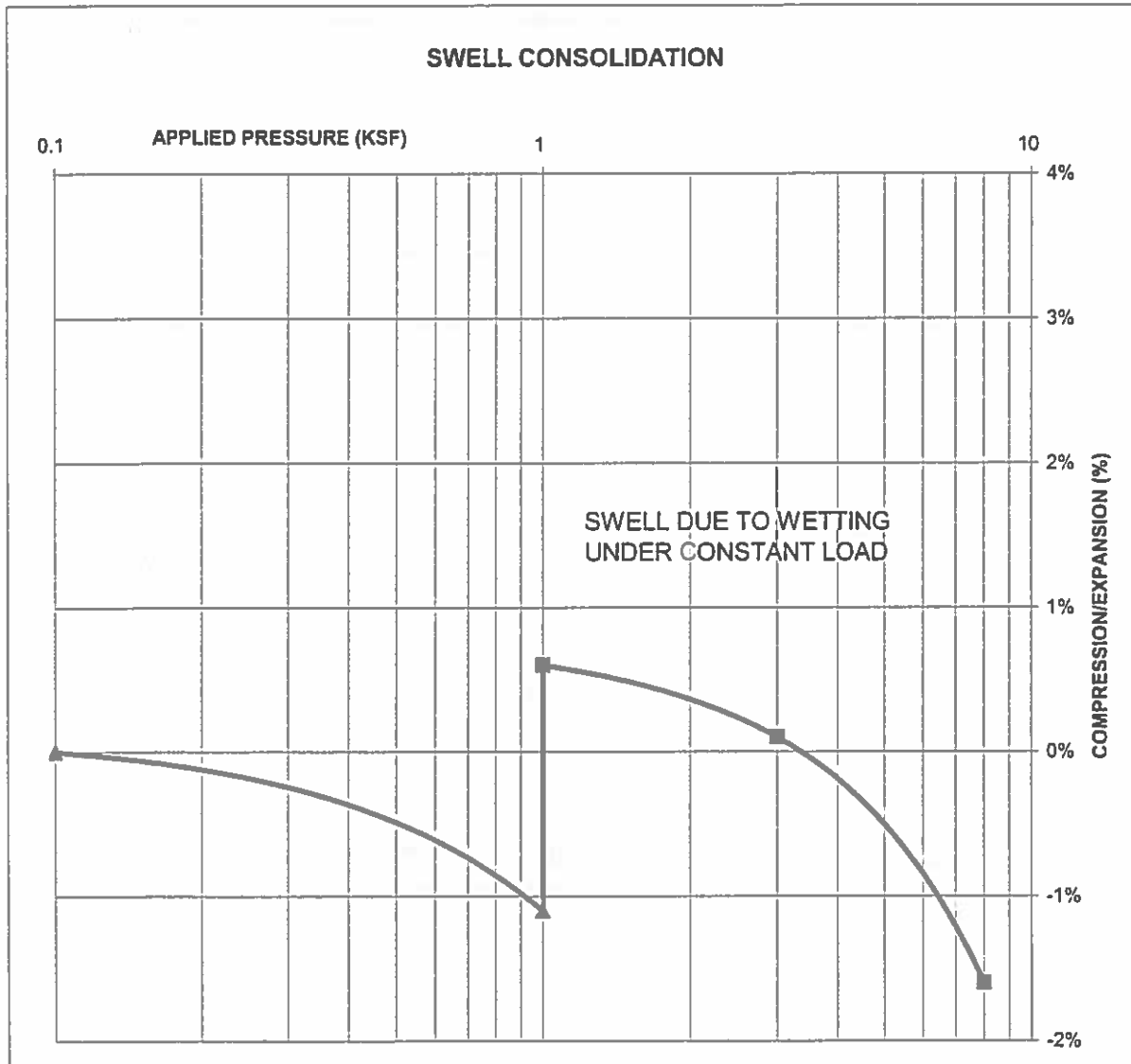
FIG NO:

E-30

### CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	315	DEPTH(ft)	10
DESCRIPTION	CL	SOIL TYPE	4
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)	117		
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	15.8%		
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)	1.7%		

JOB NO. 120675  
CLIENT 4 WAY JOINT VENTURE  
PROJECT FOUR WAY RANCH



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### SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

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DATE:

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JOB NO.:

120675

FIG NO.:

E-31

CLIENT	<u>4 WAY JOINT VENTURE</u>	JOB NO.	<u>120675</u>
PROJECT	<u>FOUR WAY RANCH</u>	DATE	<u>7/10/2012</u>
LOCATION	<u>FOUR WAY RANCH</u>	TEST BY	<u>BL</u>

[illegible]

QC BLANK PASS



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### LABORATORY TEST SULFATE RESULTS

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**CHECKED:**

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

**JOB NO.:**

120675

FIG NO.:

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