



Grandview Reserve Phase 2 Early Grading (Initial GEC) Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP)

December 2024

HR Green Project No: 201662.20

El Paso County No. PUDSP236

Prepared For (Applicant/Owner):

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Prepared By:

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Engineer's Statement

The Stormwater Management Plan was prepared under my direction and supervision and is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said Plan has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County and State for Stormwater Management Plans.

Name: Ken Huhn, P.E. Date: _____

Phone Number: 720-602-4965

Seal

I. Site Location & Description

Location

The Grandview Reserve Phase 2 site is located in unincorporated El Paso County, Colorado. The Phase 2 location (referred to as the site herein) is located northwest of Grandview Reserve Filings 1-4 and Channel B, and southeast of the intersection of Eastonville Road & Rex Road.

The site lies within a tract of land within Sections 21 and 28, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, in El Paso County, State of Colorado. A Vicinity Map is included in **Appendix A**.

The site is bound by a segment of Rex Road to be developed with this project to the northeast and undeveloped land that has historically been used as ranching lands. The east of the site will be a future phase of the Grandview Reserve Subdivision. The south and west of the site is bound by Grandview Reserve Filings 1-4 and Channel B.

The Gieck Ranch Tributary #2 "Channel B" is a part of the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin tributary to Black Squirrel Creek. The channel draining through the site is an ongoing project with an associated approved CLOMR Report, prepared by HR Green, approved November 15, 2024 (PCD File No. is CDR228, Case #24-08-0102R). A receipt of the approval is included in Appendix H. The channel will be constructed according to its CLOMR report, prior to development of this project, and the Grandview Reserve improvements will follow any requirements of that report. There is another floodplain channel to the north of Rex Road that will not be disturbed by this phase of development and studies as a future project.

The existing surrounding platted developments include the Grandview Reserve Phase 1 Filings 1-4, and the Meridian Ranch Subdivision is west of the site on the west side of Eastonville Road.

Description of Property

The site is approximately 70.67 acres with 68.61 acres of proposed residential development with associated right of way, open space tracts, public improvements, and stormwater treatment infrastructure.

The existing groundcover and topography of the site is native grasses/weeds and exposed soil on gently rolling hillside with slopes ranging from 2% to 4%.

Per a NRCS soil survey, the site is made up of Type A Columbine gravelly sandy loam. Hydrologically these soils have been treated as Type B since they will be disturbed. The NRCS soil survey is presented in **Appendix A**.

Gieck Ranch Tributary #2 (Channel B) traverses the site along its southwestern boundary and forms the southwest boundary for Phase 2. The channel is being studied in a separate project, a CLOMR report is ongoing and pending approval for this channel. Gieck Ranch Tributary #3 (Channel C) traverses the site along its northeastern boundary and forms the northeast boundary for Phase 2 along Rex Road. This channel will not be disturbed by this phase of development and will be studied at a later date.

The ultimate receiving waters for stormwater runoff and detained sediment basin discharge is Gieck Range Tributary #2, which flows southeast along the southern border of the Phase 2 property boundary.

There is no anticipated allowable non-stormwater discharge from natural springs, irrigation, or any other discharge covered by CDPHE Low Risk Guidance. Ground Water is anticipated and will be discharged to temporary sediment basins where it can be infiltrated back into the ground.

There are no known existing utilities or other encumbrances on site.

Neighboring Areas

The surrounding area to the north is a parcel of land currently zoned A35 and dedicated to grazing with an area of 186.58 acres. To the west and south of the property is Grandview Phase 1, Filings 1-4, which has a dedicated land use of single family residential. To the east is the future phase 3 of Grandview Reserve which will also be dedicated to single family residential.

Construction Activity

The proposed development is to only include the early grading activities. Early grading will include overlot grading out future building pads, the over excavation of roadways by a depth of two feet, and the installation of temporary sediment basins, two of which will serve as the property's permanent extended detention basins. No utilities or proposed roadways will be installed during this time. No grading will take place within the FEMA identified 100-year zone A floodplain, map number 08041C0553G, effective date 12/7/2018, until the appropriate CLOMR permit has been approved.

Construction will begin with setting up perimeter erosion control measures and construction fencing which will then be followed by the over excavation of roadway corridors. Temporary stabilization measures such as silt fence installation and vehicle tracking control will be installed prior to construction. Note that street sweeping may be required outside of the construction area. Stabilized staging area(s) and stockpile management area(s) are shown on the GEC plans. During construction, temporary stabilization measures such as sediments basins, earth dikes and drainage swales, check dams, and temporary erosion control blankets will be utilized to control stormwater runoff. The two proposed ponds will serve as temporary sediment basins to collect stormwater runoff and sediment during construction activities for disturbed areas. One other temporary sediment basin will capture runoff and sediment for the areas of disturbance greater than one acre that are not tributary to the larger permanent ponds. Once construction activities have been completed, all disturbed areas within the site will receive temporary seeding and mulching. Upon stabilization, temporary erosion control measures will be left in place until the next stage of construction activities are completed.

No off-site disturbance is anticipated. No concrete batch plants are anticipated. No control measures will be located outside the property line and limits of disturbance.

II. Construction Phasing

Phasing and Sequence Schedule

The proposed sequence of major construction activities and Construction Control Measures for the project as are follows:

1. Install VTC, SSA, CWA, TSB and other perimeter erosion and stormwater control measures (i.e. silt fence, construction fence etc.) (Summer 2025)
2. Clear grub and grade site for improvements. Install the initial phase control measures for perimeter control and temporary conditions stormwater diversion including silt fence, diversion ditches, check dams, and the required temporary sediment basins per Early Grading GEC and Drainage plans. (Summer 2025).
3. Landscaping, restoration, and final stabilization. Provide surface roughening (or slope tracking), erosion control blankets and install temporary seeding and mulching and ensure final stabilizations is

achieved prior to site closure is to take place as part of a future full construction phasing SWMP and is not within the scope of this report.

This project will not rely on any control measures owned or operated by another entity and all control measures for the site will be internal.

Construction Documentation

Construction drawings are provided with this document showing the Early Grading and Erosion Control plan for this project. This SWMP is intended to be a “living” document used by the SWMP Manager to document construction activities during the early grading process. See Appendix E for record log.

III. Pre-Development Conditions and Soils

Floodway

Based on FEMA Firm map 08041C0552G & 08041C0556G (eff. 12/7/2018), the site contains flood Zone A through the site which is part of the Gieck Ranch Tributary #2. See FEMA Firm Maps in **Appendix A**. This floodplain (Channel B) is being studied and revised in the Gieck Ranch Tributary # 2 CLOMR report. A copy of the current revised floodplain map is also provided in **Appendix A**. There is an additional Zone A floodplain northeast of the site (Channel C) which will not be altered with this projects improvements. The grading proposed within the Channel B floodplain will only be done once the corresponding CLOMR has been approved. **It is proposed that the early grading shown outside of the floodplain can be completed without the CLOMR approval.**

Existing Vegetation

The existing vegetative cover is 90 percent as evidenced by a field survey and aerial imagery. The existing vegetation includes native grasses and weeds, and shrubs.

Existing Drainage Patterns

Gieck Ranch Tributary #2 (Channel B) traverses the site along its southwestern boundary and forms the southwest boundary for Phase 2. The channel is being studied in a separate project, a CLOMR report is ongoing and pending approval for this channel. Gieck Ranch Tributary #3 (Channel C) traverses the site along its northeastern boundary and forms the northeast boundary for Phase 2 along Rex Road. This channel will not be disturbed by this phase of development and will be studied at a later date.

Existing Slopes

Phase 2 of Grandview Reserve generally slopes southeast with varied slopes between 1% and 6%.

Soils

According to the US Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey of El Paso County, Colorado, the primary soil through site is Type A columbine gravelly sandy loam.

The existing soil type has a slight potential for erosion which can be mitigated by employing appropriate downstream construction BMPs before/during/after construction to limit potential impacts to stormwater discharges. The potential impacts are sediment discharge into the existing Gieck Ranch Tributary #3 and downstream properties.

IV. Description of Potential Pollutants

Potential sources of sediment to stormwater runoff include earth moving and concrete activities associated with grading, residential structure construction including concrete foundations and hardscape, and landscaping.

Potential pollutants and sources other than sediment to stormwater runoff include trash, debris, fueling and equipment failure. Materials of significance stored on the project site include: sediment, concrete washout, cement, trash & debris, fuels and oils.

Construction activities can produce a variety of pollutants that can potentially cause stormwater contamination. Grading activities remove rocks, vegetation and other erosion controlling surfaces and can result in the exposure of underlying soil to the elements, which can then be displaced into water sources.

Wind erosion and vehicular transport can produce sediment debris.

Potential Sources of Pollution:

1. Potential sources of pollution from construction activities include
 - a. Disturbed or stored soils
 - b. Vehicle tracking of sediment (Street sweeping required as needed)
 - c. Loading & unloading operations
 - d. Outdoor Storage activities
 - e. Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance/Fueling
 - f. Dust or Particulate Generating Processes
 - g. Routine maintenance activities involving fertilizers, pesticides, detergents, fuels, solvents etc.
 - h. On-site waste management (waste piles, liquid wastes, dumpsters)
 - i. Concrete truck/equipment washing (washing truck chute and associated fixtures)
 - j. Dedicated asphalt, concrete batch plants and masonry mixing stations (not anticipated)
 - k. Non-industrial waste (worker trash and portable toilets)

V. Areas and Volumes

The phase total 70.67 acres is expected to be disturbed per the Early Grading and Erosion Control Plan for over excavation of proposed lot pads and roadway corridors. The early grading will be the entirety of the construction process for this submittal with an anticipated limits of disturbance/construction of the entire 70.67 acres of the site.

Early Grading Earthwork Quantities:

Cut Quantity : 82,905 c.y.

Fill Quantity: 196,342 c.y.

Net: 113,438 c.y. Fill

The full build-out earthwork quantities cannot be quantified at this stage as each respective lot disturbance and construction will vary by architecture, layout, and plot plan.

VI. Self-Inspections

Self-inspections of the Construction Control Measures must be completed by the certified GEC Administrator. The below provides the minimum to satisfy the El Paso County self-inspection requirements. A more frequent self-inspection schedule may be required to ensure Control Measures are operating in compliance with the approved GEC plan.

1. Inspection Schedules:

- a. The GEC Administrator shall make a thorough inspection of the Control Measures:
 - i. At least once every fourteen (14) calendar days.
 - ii. Within 24 hours following any precipitation event (i.e. rain, snow, hail etc.) that causes surface erosion.
 - Alternatively, the GEC Administrator can perform a thorough inspection of the Control Measures once every seven (7) days and forego post-precipitation inspections.
- b. For sites where construction activities have completed and final stabilization measures installed but final stabilization has not yet been achieved, the GEC Administrator shall make a thorough inspection of the Control Measures:
 - i. At least once every month
 - ii. Within 72 hours following any precipitation event that causes surface erosion

2. Inspection Procedures:

- a. Site Inspection & Observation Items:
 - i. Limits of disturbance perimeter and stormwater discharge points
 - ii. All disturbed areas to ensure necessary Construction Control Measures are in place to control potential stormwater runoff.
 - iii. Areas used for material/waste storage.
 - iv. Any areas having a signification potential for storm water pollution (i.e site entrances, concrete washout areas etc.)
 - v. All Construction Control Measures identified on the GEC plans.
- b. Inspection Requirements:
 - i. Determine any locations, or potential locations, where pollutants and stormwater may be exiting the site/entering the receiving waters.
 - ii. Evaluate Construction Control measures and determine if they are constructed in accordance with the latest revision of the approved GEC plan and operating effectively.
 - iii. Provide recommendations for the need of additional Construction Control measures and the maintenance of existing measures in disrepair to ensure complication with the El Paso County Stormwater Construction Manual.
- c. Construction Control Measure Maintenance/Replacement:
 - i. The GEC administrator shall ensure sediment has been removed from perimeter controls and relocated to an area without the potential for sediment to discharge from the site
 - ii. The GEC administrator shall ensure diversion ditches and temporary sediment ponds have not accumulated excess sediment that impedes their functionality.
 - iii. The GEC administrator shall ensure that failed Control Measures are repaired/reinstalled within three (3) calendar days, according to the El Paso County Stormwater Control

Measure details, to ensure pollutants and/or sediment do not discharge from the site.
GEC details are provided in Appendix B.

- d. Documentation:
 - i. All Inspection logs shall be signed by the GEC administrator
 - ii. Update the GEC plan to document the installation/revision of Control Measures
 - iii. Identify Control Measure deficiencies and that noncompliance is resolved within three (3) calendar days.
 - iv. Identify Self-Inspection schedule in most recent inspection form
 - v. Complete and submit Self-Inspection forms with GEC administrator signature to El Paso County within five (5) business days of the completed inspection
 - vi. Ensure Self-Inspections are available, either physically or electronically, throughout the duration of the project
 - vii. Self-Inspection Report shall contain at least the following:
 - Inspection Date
 - Name and title of the GEC Administrator performing inspection
 - Location(s) of illicit discharges of stormwater, sediment or pollutants from the site
 - Location(s) of Construction Control Measures in need of maintenance/repair
 - Location(s) of Construction Control Measures that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate
 - Location(s) of additional Construction Control Measures not shown on the latest, approved revision of the GEC plan
 - Any deviations from the minimum inspection schedule

VII. Materials Handling

1. General Materials Handling Practices:
 - a. Potential pollutants shall be stored and used in a manner consistent with the manufacturer's instructions in a secure location. To the extent practical, material storage areas should be located away from storm drain inlets and should be equipped with covers, roofs or secondary containment as required to prevent stormwater from contacting stored materials. Chemicals that are not compatible shall be stored in segregated areas so that spill materials cannot combine and react.
 - b. Disposal of materials shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and applicable local, state, and federal regulations.
 - c. Materials no longer required for construction shall be removed from the site as soon as possible.
 - d. Adequate garbage, construction waste, and sanitary waste handling and disposal facilities shall be provided as necessary to keep the site clear of obstruction and Control Measures clear and functional. Waste disposal facilities shall be checked weekly for leaks and emptied on a weekly basis (or when facility is at capacity). Appearance of leaks/overflow will be cleaned and cleared immediately.
 - e. Portable toilets will be located a minimum of 10 feet from stormwater inlets and 50 feet from state waters. They will be secured at all four corners to prevent overturning and cleaned on a weekly basis. They will be inspected daily for spills.
2. Specific Materials Handling Practices:

- a. All pollutants, including waste materials and demolition debris, that occur onsite during construction shall be handled in a way that does not contaminate stormwater.
- b. All chemicals including liquid products, petroleum products, water treatment chemicals, and wastes stored onsite shall be covered and protected from vandalism.
- c. Maintenance, fueling, and repair of all equipment and vehicles involving oil changes, hydraulic system drain down, degreasing operation, fuel tank drain down and removal, and other activities which may result in the accidental release of contaminants, shall be conducted under cover during wet weather and on an impervious surface to prevent release of contaminants onto the ground. Materials spilled during maintenance operations shall be cleaned up immediately and properly disposed of.
- d. Wheel wash water shall be settled and discharged onsite by infiltration.
- e. Application of agricultural chemicals, including fertilizers and pesticides, shall be conducted in a manner and at application rates that will not result in loss of chemical to stormwater runoff. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for application rates and procedures.
- f. pH-modifying sources shall be managed to prevent contamination of runoff and stormwater collected onsite. The most common sources of pH-modifying materials are bulk cement, cement kiln dust (CKD), fly ash, new concrete washing and curing waters, waste streams generated from concrete grinding and sawing, exposed aggregate processes, and concrete pumping and mixer washout waters.

VIII. Spill Prevention & Response Plan

1. The primary objective in responding to a spill is to quickly contain the material and prevent or minimize their mitigation into stormwater runoff and conveyance systems. If the release has impacted onsite stormwater, it is critical to contain the released materials onsite and prevent their release into receiving waters.
2. Spill Response Procedures:
 - a. Notify site superintendent immediately when a spill, or the threat of a spill, is observed. The superintendent shall assess the situation and determine the appropriate response.
 - b. If spills represent an imminent threat of escaping onsite facilities and entering the receiving waters, site personnel shall respond immediately to contain the release and notify the superintendent once the situation has stabilized.
 - c. The site superintendent shall be responsible for completing a spill reporting form and for reporting the spill to the appropriate agency.
 - d. Spill response equipment shall be inspected and maintained as necessary to replace any materials used in spill response activities.
3. Spill kits shall be on-hand at all fueling sites. Spill kit locations shall be reported to the GEC administrator.
4. Absorbent materials shall be on-hand at all fueling areas for use in containing advertent spills. Containers shall be on-hand at all fueling sites for disposal of used absorbents.
5. Recommended components of spill kits include the following:
 - a. Oil absorbent pads
 - b. Oil absorbent booms
 - c. 55-gallon drums
 - d. 9-mil plastic bags
 - e. Personal protective equipment including gloves and goggles

6. Concrete wash water: unless confined in a pre-defined, bermed containment area, the cleaning of concrete truck delivery chutes is prohibited at the job site.
7. Notification procedures:
 - a. In the event of an accident or spill, the GEC administrator shall be notified.
 - b. Depending on the nature of the spill and material involved, the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, downstream water users, or other agencies may also need to be notified.
 - c. Any spill of oil which 1) violates water quality standards, 2) produces a “sheen” on a surface water, or 3) causes a sludge or emulsion, or any hazardous substance release, or hazardous waste release which exceeds the reportable quantity, must be reported immediately by telephone to the National Response Center Hotline at (800) 424-8802.

IX. Implementation of Control Measures

Stormwater control measures must be installed according to El Paso County design specifications, presented in Appendix D, and the approved Grading and Erosion Control plan this report supports. Within the context of this SWMP’s construction activities the following control measures, at a minimum, are required:

- Perimeter Silt Fence
- Vehicle Tracking Control
- Stabilized Staging Area
- Concrete Washout
- Construction Fence
- Stockpile Management
- Inlet Protection
- Culvert Inlet Protection
- Check Dams
- Erosion Control Blanket
- Surface Roughening
- Diversion Ditches (Earth Dikes & Drainage Swales)
- Temporary Sediment Basins
- Temporary Seeding & Mulching

Additional control measures may be required at the discretion of the County Stormwater Inspector.

X. Final Stabilization & Long-Term Stormwater Management Plan

1. Ensure stabilization is achieved prior to site closure. Final stabilization is to take place as a part of a future construction phasing SWMP and is not within the scope of this report.
2. Temporary seeding and mulching will be installed to provide interim stabilization prior to final landscaping installation (Refer to approved Landscape Plan). Final stabilization will be achieved at time of final landscaping. See approved landscaping plans for final stabilization details. Final stabilization is met when 70% of pre disturbance levels, not including noxious weeds, are stabilized. Final stabilization must be

achieved prior to removal of temporary stormwater control measures. Anticipated date of final stabilization is Fall 2025; however this is subject to change. Long term stormwater management will be provided in the onsite, private full spectrum detention ponds. See the Permanent Control Measure Plans for construction details of the permanent full spectrum detention pond. See below for seeding and mulching details:

- a. Prior to seeding, fill any eroded rills and gullies with topsoil.
- b. Ensure all areas are seeded and mulched per the County Stormwater Construction Manual.
- c. Continue monthly self-inspections of final stabilization methods and the stormwater management system to ensure proper function. If repairs are needed, reseed and re-mulch as needed.
- d. Control noxious weeds in a manner acceptable to the GEC inspector.
- e. Seed Mix: See Appendix D for approved seed mixes.
- f. Seeding Requirements:
 - i. Drill seed whenever possible, seed depth must be $1/3$ to $1/2$ inch when drill-seeding. Cross drilling should be used whenever possible with the seed divided between the two operations. The second drilling should be perpendicular to the first.
 - ii. When drill seeding is not possible or on slopes greater than 3:1, hydro-seeding with tackifier may be substituted at the discretion of the GEC inspector. Hydro-seeding must be lightly raked into soil. Seeding rates are presented in Appendix D.
 - iii. All seeded areas must be mulched.
- g. Mulching Requirements:
 - i. Mulching shall be completed as soon as practical after seeding but no more than fourteen (14) days after planting. Erosion control blanket can be used in place of the below mulching methods.
 - ii. Hay or straw mulch:
 1. Only certified weed-free and certified-seed free mulch may be used. Must be applied at 2 tons/acre and adequately secured.
 2. Crimping shall not be used no slopes greater than 3:1, tackifier must be used in place.
 - iii. Hydraulic mulching:
 1. Allowable on steep slopes or areas with limited access
 2. If hydro-seeding is used, mulching must be applied secondly.
 3. Wood cellulose fibers mixed with water must be applied at a rate of 2,000-2,500 lbs/acre, and tackifier applied at a rate of 100 lbs/acre.

XI. References

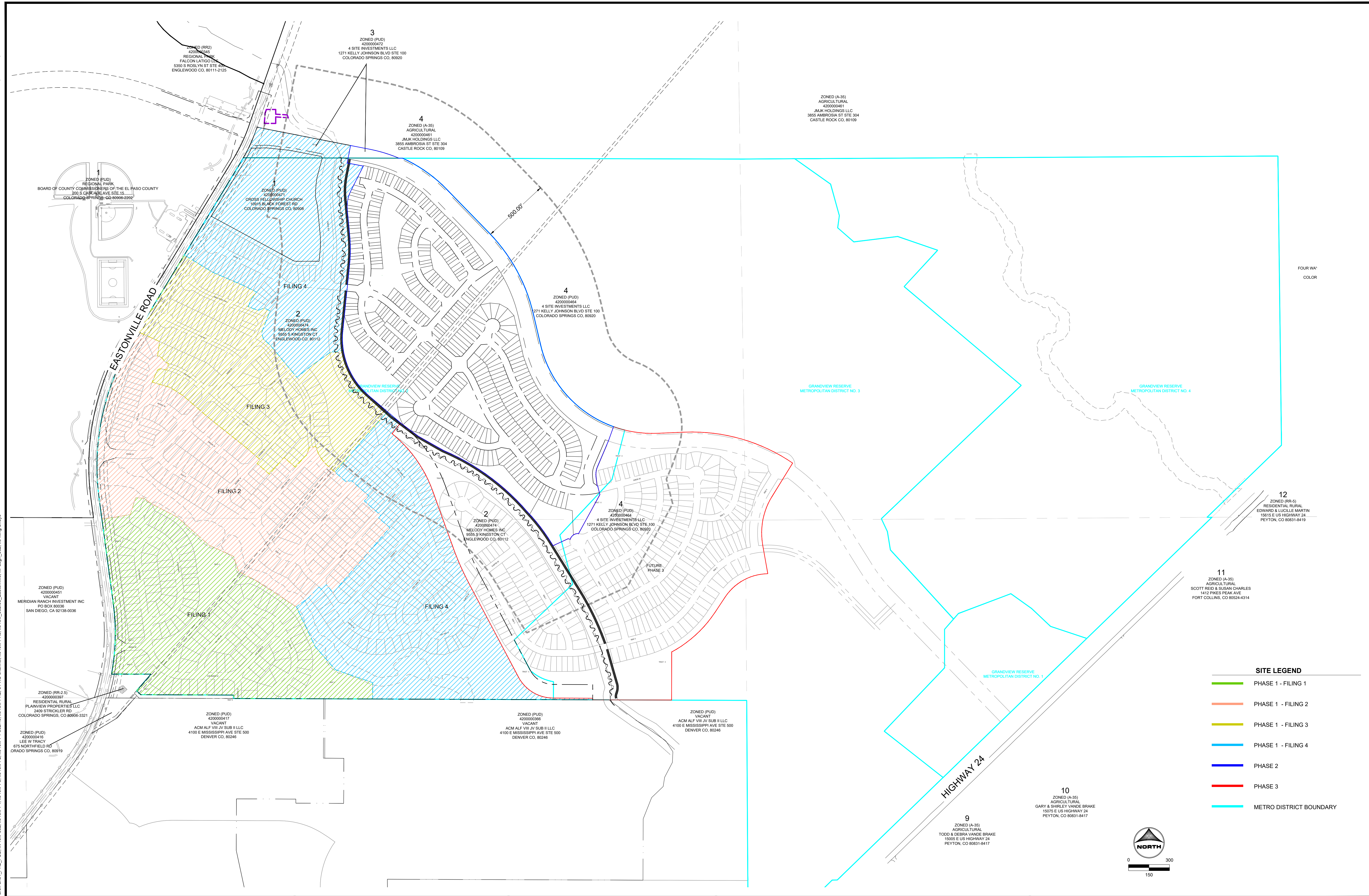
El Paso County – Drainage Criteria Manual, latest revision October 31, 2018

El Paso County – Engineering Criteria Manual, latest revision October 14, 2020

Mile High Flood District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1, 2, and 3; latest revisions

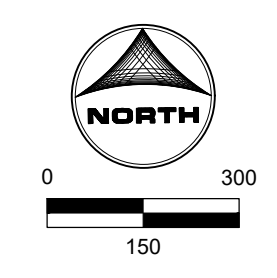


APPENDIX A – VICINITY MAP & NRCS SOIL SURVEY & FEMA MAP



FOUR WA COLOR

- SITE LEGEND**
- PHASE 1 - FILING 1
 - PHASE 1 - FILING 2
 - PHASE 1 - FILING 3
 - PHASE 1 - FILING 4
 - PHASE 2
 - PHASE 3
 - METRO DISTRICT BOUNDARY



DRAWN BY: DLH JOB DATE: ---
 APPROVED: KMH JOB NUMBER: 201662.2
 CAD DATE: 12/15/2023
 CAD FILE: J:\2020\201662\CAD\DWG\CIPUD_Phase_2_662.202\Exhibit\Vicinity_Map

BAR IS ONE INCH ON OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
 0 1" IF NOT ONE INCH, ADJUST SCALE ACCORDINGLY.

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION

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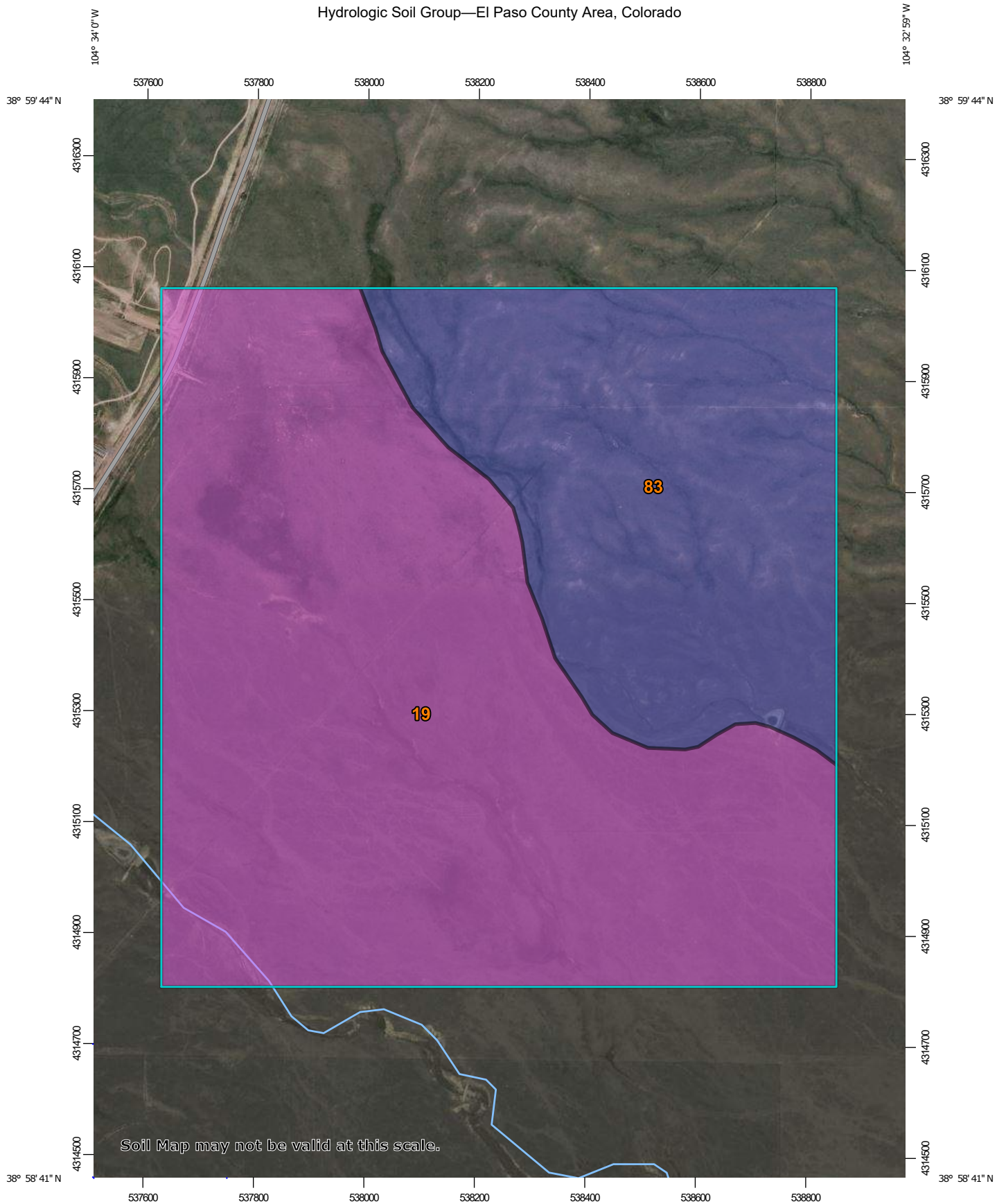
GRANDVIEW RESERVE - PHASE 2
 D.R. HORTON
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO

D-R HORTON
America's Builder

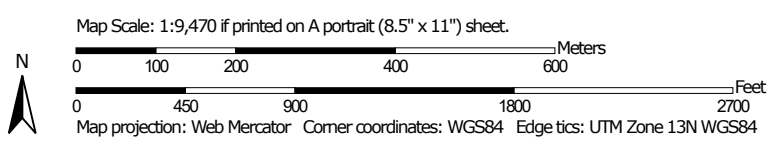
GRANDVIEW PHASE 2
 VICINITY MAP

SHEET MAP
 1

Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado



Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.



MAP LEGEND

- Area of Interest (AOI)**
 - Area of Interest (AOI)
- Soils**
 - Soil Rating Polygons**
 - A
 - A/D
 - B
 - B/D
 - C
 - C/D
 - D
 - Not rated or not available
 - Soil Rating Lines**
 - A
 - A/D
 - B
 - B/D
 - C
 - C/D
 - D
 - Not rated or not available
 - Soil Rating Points**
 - A
 - A/D
 - B
 - B/D
- C
- C/D
- D
- Not rated or not available
- Water Features**
 - Streams and Canals
- Transportation**
 - Rails
 - Interstate Highways
 - US Routes
 - Major Roads
 - Local Roads
- Background**
 - Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
 Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
 Survey Area Data: Version 20, Sep 2, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 11, 2018—Jun 12, 2021

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	254.0	66.5%
83	Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	127.8	33.5%
Totals for Area of Interest			381.8	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

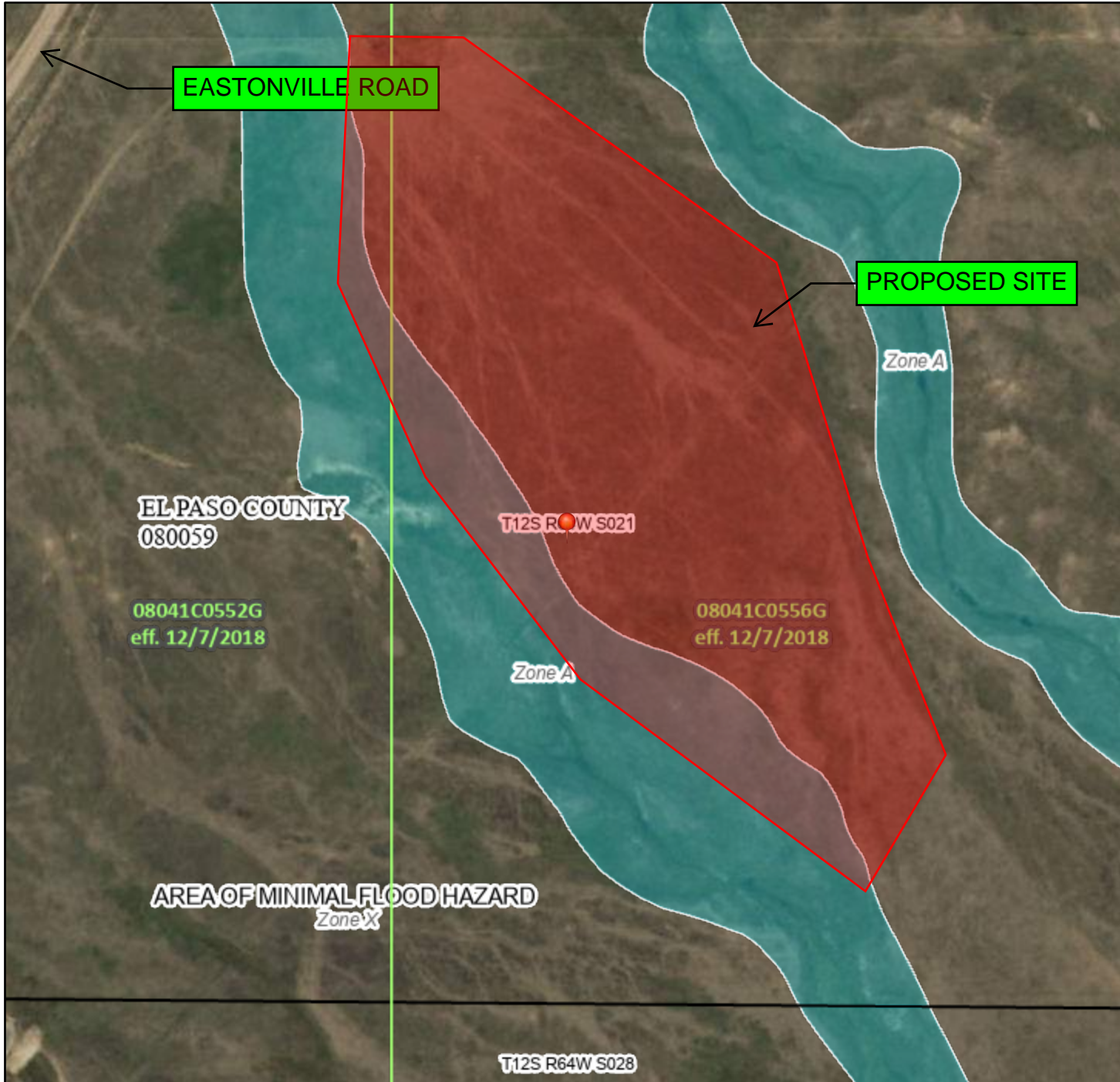
Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

DWLRQD O RRG EPUGDHU) 6VWH



FHOG

1) 638 35(6) 35 35

638 35(6) 35 35	<p>LWLRW %DVHJRRG OHYDLRQ % -FCH\$ 9 \$</p> <p>LWK%RUFBWK -FCH\$ 33-9 \$</p> <p>5HODWRUJDRRQ</p>
26352 2635	<p>5000 800HJRRG EPUG 5HJ/ R 0000 FROFHJRRG ZWKDHU DH G-BWKOHV WKOQRCHIRW RU ZWKGUJLQ DJHD/ R OHV WKOQRCHV DUEOH#CH;</p> <p>XWXUH 800 VLRLQ/ 5000 800HJRRG EPUG -FCH;</p> <p>5HJZWK 5GTHJDRRG 5NGHWR HHH 6H RVH -FCH;</p> <p>5HJZWKDRRG 5NGHWR HHH -FCH;</p>
26356	<p>5HJR OQLBO DRRG EPUG -FCH;</p> <p>(HFWL YHJ</p> <p>5HJR 83WHUEGJDRRG EPUG -FCH;</p>
638 35(6) 35 35	<p>8000 80YHUW RU 6VRUR#ZU</p> <p>HHLNH RU DRRQDO</p>
26356	<p>5URV 6FVLRQ/ ZWK5000 800H DVHU 6UIDFH OHYDLRQ</p> <p>8000 7UDDHFW</p> <p>%DVHJRRG OHYDLRQ LQ %</p> <p>LEW R 6VXG</p> <p>-XULVL FVLRQ% 8000</p> <p>8000 7UDDHFW %DVHJRRG</p> <p>3URLOH %DVHJRRG</p> <p>3URUD8LFJ DVXUH</p>
638 35(6) 35 35	<p>LLWDD DWD\$DLODEOH</p> <p>RLJLWDD DWD\$DLODEOH</p> <p>8000-G</p>
638 35(6) 35 35	<p>7HSLQQL VSDHGRQWKHESLV DQDSSURLBDWH SRLQV VHOHFWHGEWKHXHU DQGGRH/QRW UHSHU DQDWRKULWDWL YHSURSHUW OREYDLRQ</p>

7LV BSB8DLV ZWK 5V WDDQDUG/ IRU WKHXHR GLJWDD IOFRG B/LI LW LV QRW YRLGDV GHVULBGE BDRZ 7HEDHBS VFRQFR8DLV ZWK 5V EDHBS DFXUR WDDQDUG/

7HIOFRGKQJGLQRUBMLRQLV GHULYHG GLUHFWO IUFRWKH DWRKULWDWL YH 7ZE VHYL FHV SURLGGE 7LV BSB ZV HSRUWHGRQ DV 3 DQGGRH/QRW UHOHFW FROQH RU DQDQVW VEHXHQV WRLV GDVH DQD WLF 7H 7DQGH HIFWL YHL QRUBMLRQB FROQRU BFRFVSHUWHGE QZDQDVRFHU WLF

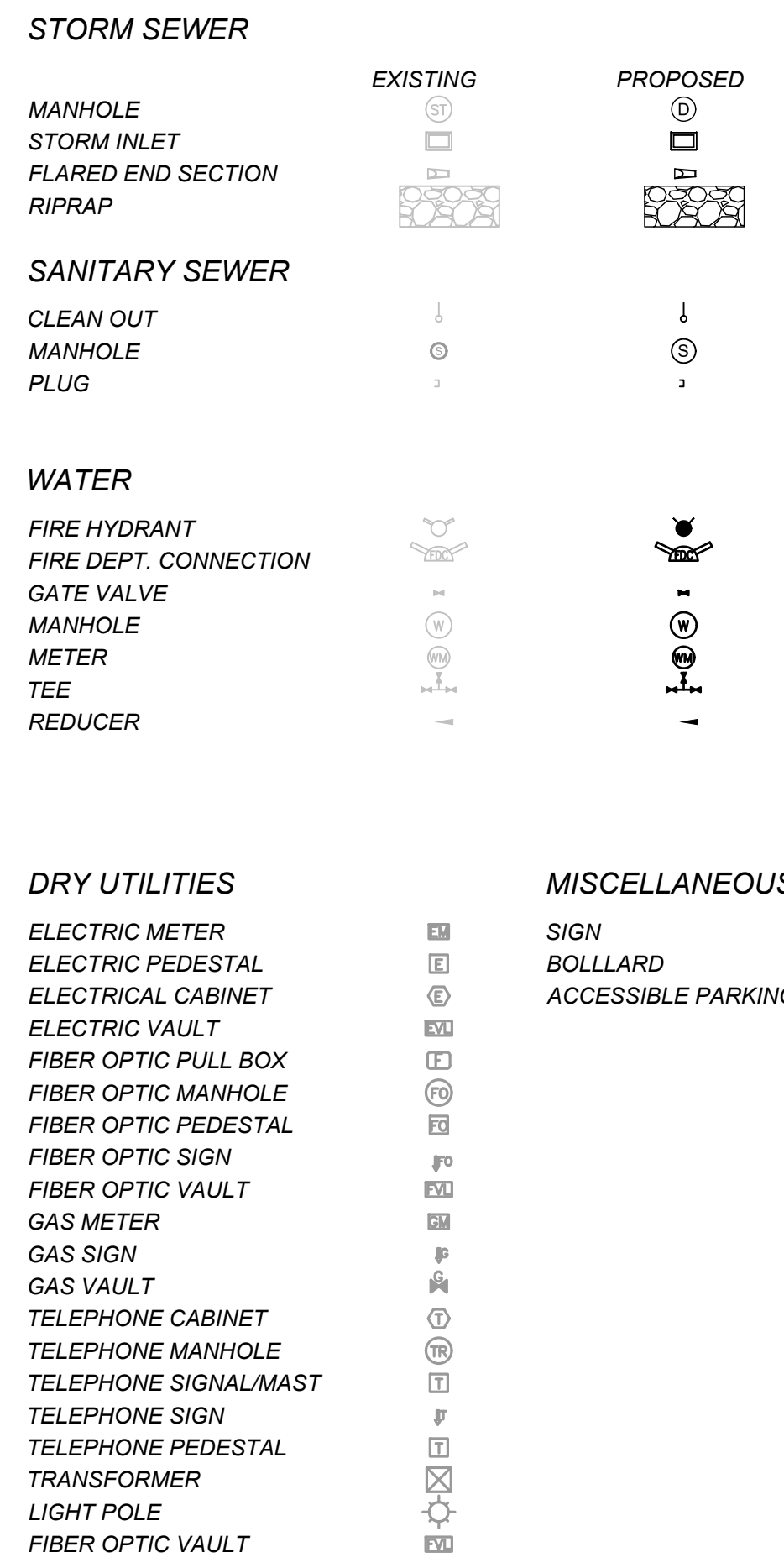
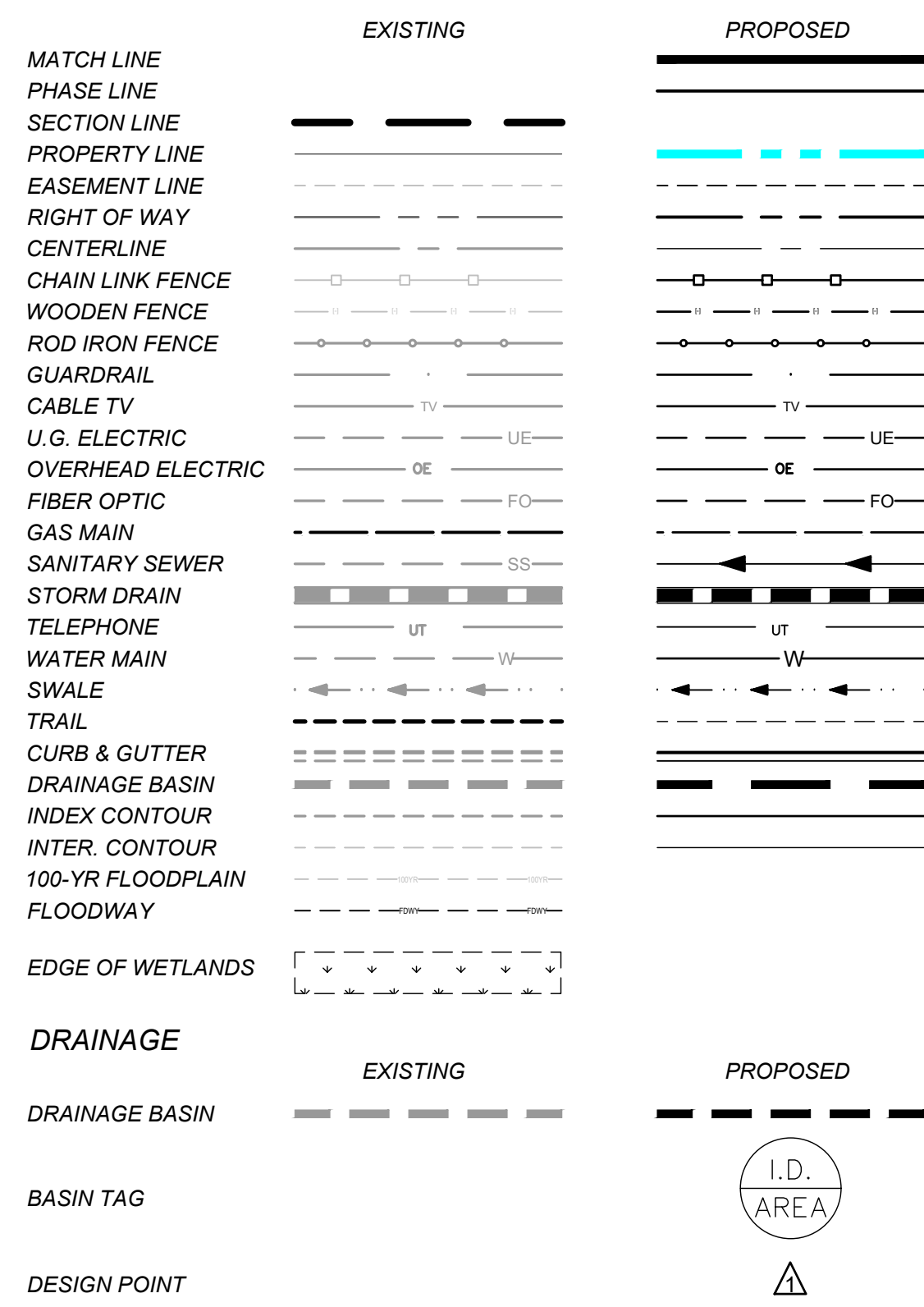
7LV BSBHLV YRLGLI WKHQRU RUHRI WKHIROFRZQBES HDHQRW GRQRW DSSDU EDHBSLBHU IOFRGFRHDEHV OHHGE VDDHEDU BSRUHWLRLQGDVH FRQLWLGQMLLHV)SSQHD QEHU DQGH HIFWL YHG DVH DSLBHV IRU X000-G DQGH XRGUQLJG DJHDV FROQRW BHXVHGRU UHODWRUJ SURVH



APPENDIX B – GEC PLANS (SEE EARLY GEC PLANS)

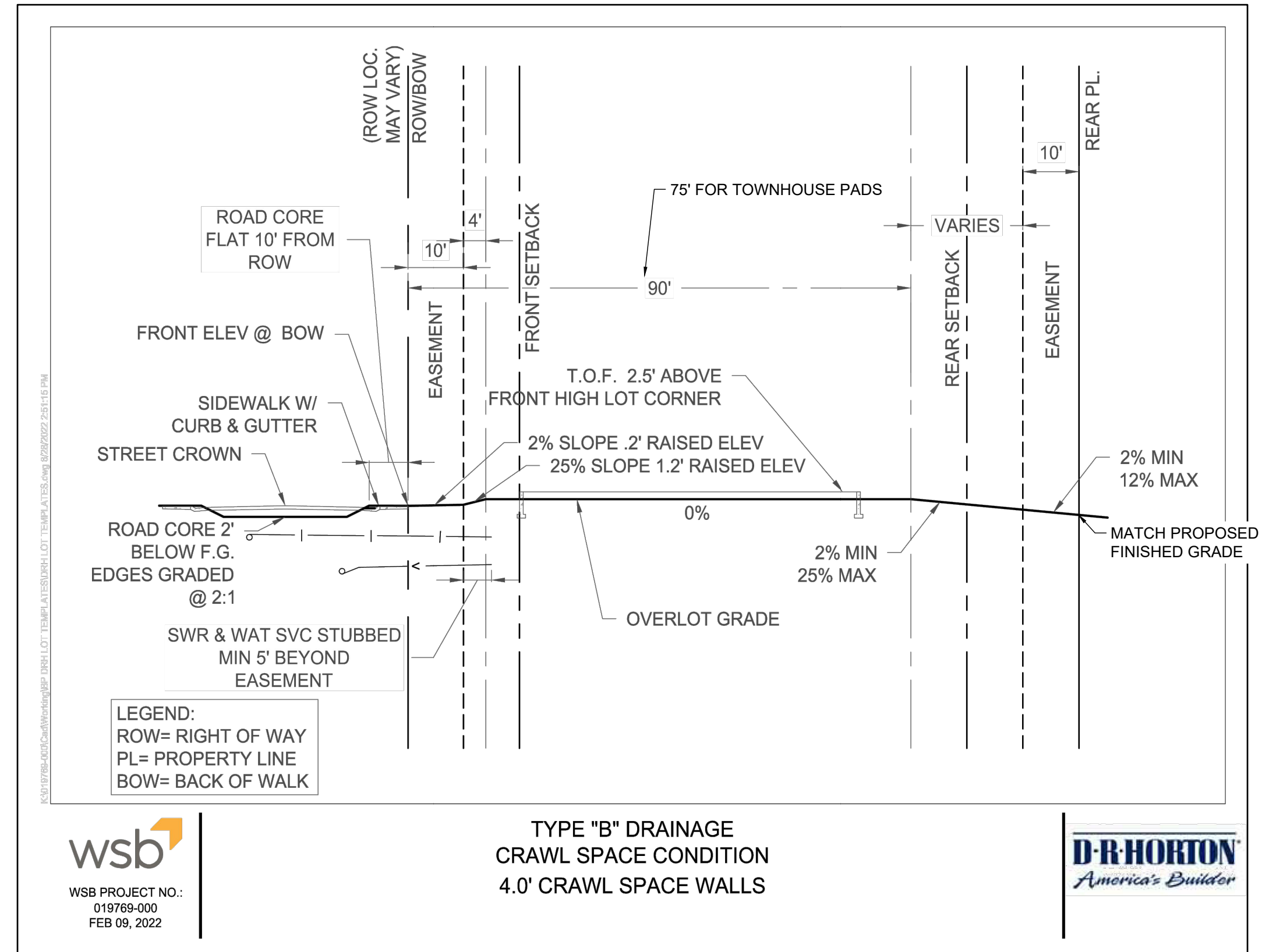
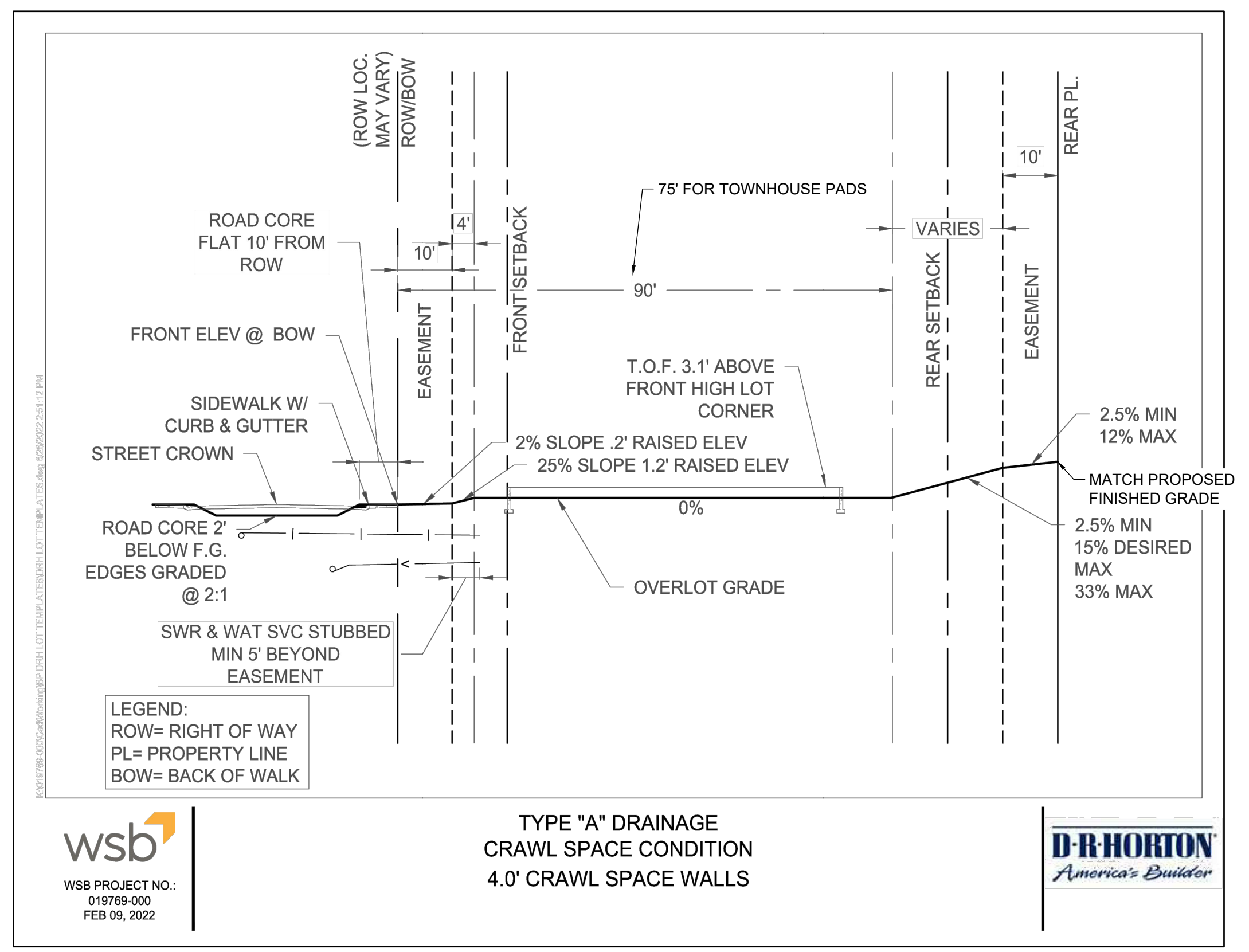
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LEGEND



GRANDVIEW RESERVE PHASE 3 EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

A TRACT OF LAND BEING A PORTION SECTIONS 21,22,27, & 28, TOWNSHIP 12 SOUTH, RANGE 64 WEST OF THE 6TH/ PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO



DRAWN BY: DLH JOB DATE: 12/4/2023 BAR IS ONE INCH ON OFFICIAL DRAWINGS. APPROVED: KMH JOB NUMBER: 201662.2 IF NOT ONE INCH, ADJUST SCALE ACCORDINGLY. CAD DATE: 7/15/2024 CAD FILE: J:\2020\201662\CAD\DWG\CIPUD_Phase_2_662.202\GEC_Early_GradingNotes_EarlyGrading

Table with 4 columns: NO., DATE, BY, REVISION DESCRIPTION

HR Green logo and contact information for HR Green - Colorado Springs.

Project information: GRANDVIEW RESERVE - PHASE 3, D.R. HORTON, EL PASO COUNTY, CO.

Project title: EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS, TYPE "A" DRAINAGE CRAWL SPACE CONDITION, 4.0' CRAWL SPACE WALLS.

Sheet information: SHEET TYP 2

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION LAND USE REVIEW FILE NO: PUDSP-

wsb logo and project number: 019769-000, FEB 09, 2022

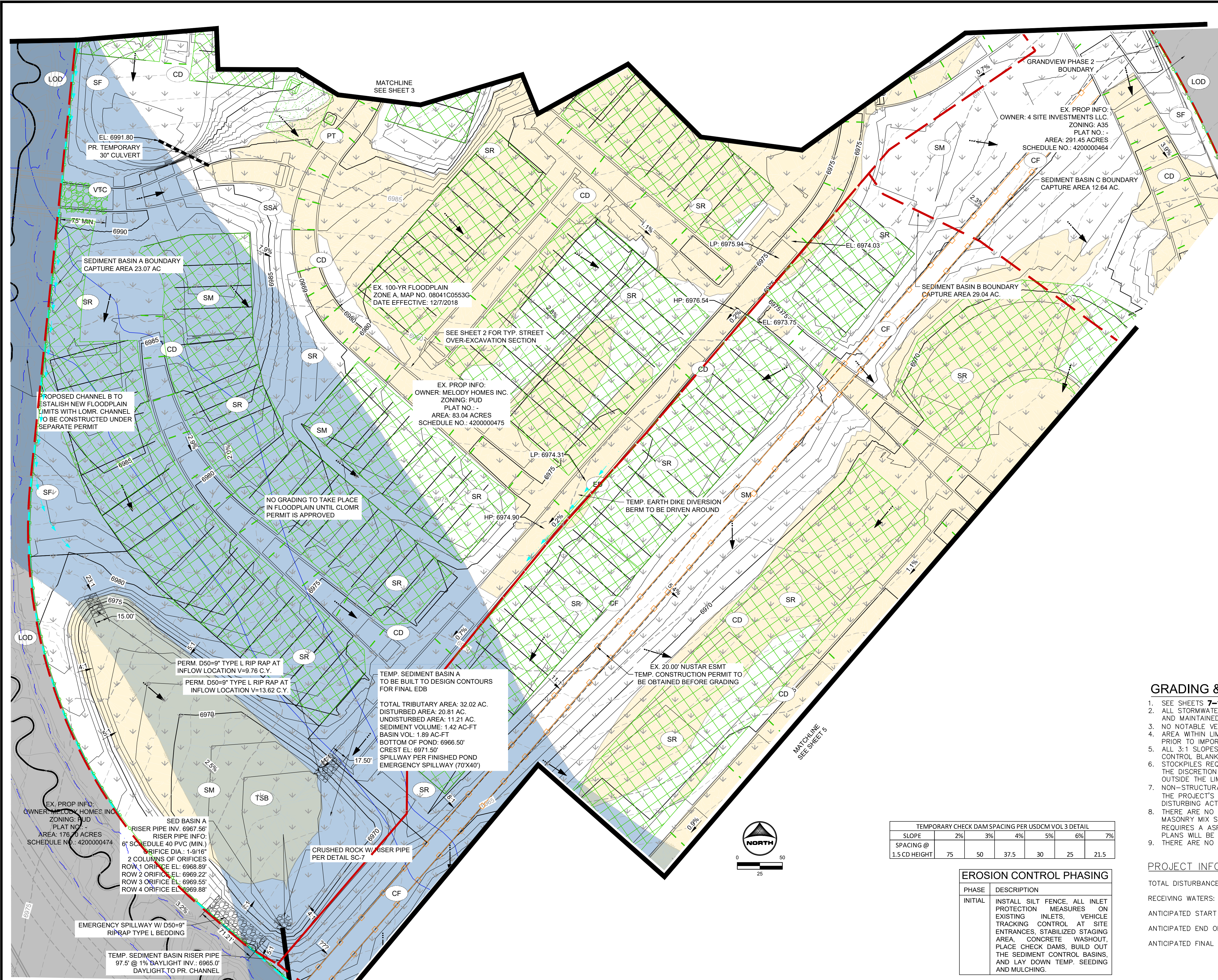
D-R HORTON America's Builder logo

wsb logo and project number: 019769-000, FEB 09, 2022

D-R HORTON America's Builder logo

WALTON, CHRIS, 7/15/2024, 3:17 PM

HR GREEN Xrefs: xref-1-sarc01.dwg, P102_PUD, xrow-662, xrow-PH2, xrow-PH3, xrow-F4, xcdgn-F4, xcdgn-F3, xrow-F3, 01-XC-channel, key_map, key_map2, key_map3, gce, legend, gce_plan, notes, x-dgn, 662, EC, Planning, Schedule, Phase 2, Earthwork, 01-XC-PR, 100YR, FP, DELINEATION



- GEC LEGEND:**
- CWA CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA
 - ED/DS EARTH DIKE & DRAINAGE SWALE
 - IP INLET PROTECTION
 - CIP CULVERT INLET PROTECTION
 - SF SILT FENCE
 - CF CONSTRUCTION FENCE
 - SSA STABILIZED STAGING AREA
 - SP STOCKPILE PROTECTION
 - VTC VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL
 - LOD LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION/DISTURBANCE (CUT/FILL LIMIT)
 - SM TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING
 - PT PORTABLE TOILET
 - CD CHECK DAM
 - TSB TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN
 - ECB EROSION CONTROL BLANKET
 - SR SURFACE ROUGHENING
 - TW/BW ELEVATION OF TOP/BOTTOM OF WALL
 - DO NOT DISTURB/ PROPOSED WORK BY OTHERS
 - AREA OF CUT
 - PROP FLOW DIRECTION
 - EX FLOW DIRECTION
 - EX FLOODPLAIN
 - PR. FLOWLINE OF CHANNEL B
 - PR. FLOODPLAIN (PER CHANNEL B LOMR)

- GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN NOTES:**
- SEE SHEETS 7-11 FOR EL PASO COUNTY GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS.
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SLOPE	2%	3%	4%	5%	6%	7%
SPACING @ 1.5 CD HEIGHT	75	50	37.5	30	25	21.5

PHASE	DESCRIPTION
INITIAL	INSTALL SILT FENCE, ALL INLET PROTECTION MEASURES ON EXISTING INLETS, VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL AT SITE ENTRANCES, STABILIZED STAGING AREA, CONCRETE WASHOUT, PLACE CHECK DAMS, BUILD OUT THE SEDIMENT CONTROL BASINS, AND LAY DOWN TEMP. SEEDING AND MULCHING.

PROJECT INFO:

TOTAL DISTURBANCE AREA = 69.1 AC

RECEIVING WATERS: **BLACK SQUIRREL CREEK**

ANTICIPATED START OF CONSTRUCTION: **SPRING 2025**

ANTICIPATED END OF LAND DISTURBANCE: **SUMMER 2025**

ANTICIPATED FINAL STABILIZATION: **FALL 2025**

LAND USE REVIEW FILE NO: PUDSP-23-006

DRAWN BY: DLH JOB DATE: 7/15/24
 APPROVED: KMH JOB NUMBER: 201662.2
 CAD DATE: 7/15/2024
 CAD FILE: J:\2020\201662\CAD\DWG\CIPUD_Phase_2_662.202\GEC_Early_Grading\GEC_EarlyGrading.dwg

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION

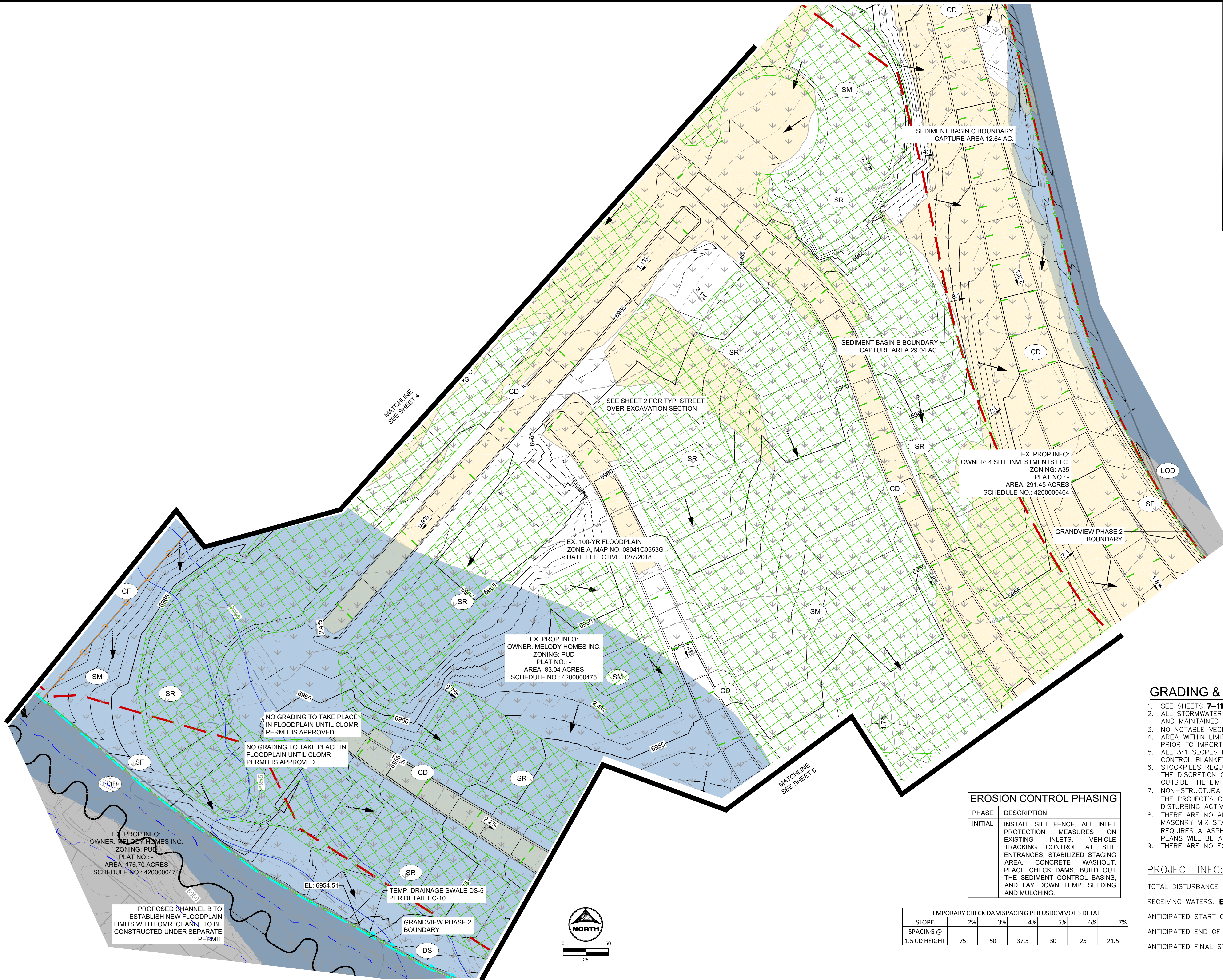
HRGreen
 HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
 1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
 COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
 PHONE: 719.300.4140
 FAX: 713.965.0044

GRANDVIEW RESERVE - PHASE 2
 D.R. HORTON
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO



EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS
 GEC INITIAL

SHEET
GEC
 4



KEY MAP
SCALE: NTS

- GEC LEGEND:**
- CWA CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA
 - ED/DS EARTH DIKE & DRAINAGE SWALE
 - IP INLET PROTECTION
 - CIP CULVERT INLET PROTECTION
 - SF SILT FENCE
 - CF CONSTRUCTION FENCE
 - SSA STABILIZED STAGING AREA
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 - ECB EROSION CONTROL BLANKET
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 - TW/BW ELEVATION OF TOP/BOTTOM OF WALL
DO NOT DISTURB/ PROPOSED WORK BY OTHERS
 - AREA OF CUT
 - PROP FLOW DIRECTION
 - EX FLOW DIRECTION
 - EX FLOODPLAIN
 - PR. FLOWLINE OF CHANNEL B
 - PR. FLOODPLAIN (PER CHANNEL B LOMR)

EX. PROP. INFO.
OWNER: 4 SITE INVESTMENTS LLC.
ZONING: A35
PLAT NO.: -
AREA: 291.45 ACRES
SCHEDULE NO.: 420000464

EX. PROP. INFO.
OWNER: MELODY HOMES INC.
ZONING: PUD
PLAT NO.: -
AREA: 83.04 ACRES
SCHEDULE NO.: 420000475

EX. 100-YR FLOODPLAIN
ZONE A, MAP NO. 08041C0553G
DATE EFFECTIVE: 12/7/2018

EX. PROP. INFO.
OWNER: MELODY HOMES INC.
ZONING: PUD
PLAT NO.: -
AREA: 176.70 ACRES
SCHEDULE NO.: 420000474

NO GRADING TO TAKE PLACE IN FLOODPLAIN UNTIL CLOMR PERMIT IS APPROVED

NO GRADING TO TAKE PLACE IN FLOODPLAIN UNTIL CLOMR PERMIT IS APPROVED

PROPOSED CHANNEL B TO ESTABLISH NEW FLOODPLAIN LIMITS WITH LOMR. CHANNEL TO BE CONSTRUCTED UNDER SEPARATE PERMIT

EROSION CONTROL PHASING

PHASE	DESCRIPTION
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TEMPORARY CHECK DAM SPACING PER USDCM VOL 3 DETAIL

SLOPE	2%	3%	4%	5%	6%	7%
SPACING @ 1.5 CD HEIGHT	75	50	37.5	30	25	21.5

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ANTICIPATED FINAL STABILIZATION: **FALL 2025**

DRAWN BY: DLH JOB DATE: 7/15/24
APPROVED: KMH JOB NUMBER: 201662.2
CAD DATE: 7/15/2024
CAD FILE: J:\2020\201662\CAD\DWG\CIPUD_Phase_2_662.202\GEC_Early_Grading\GEC_EarlyGrading

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION

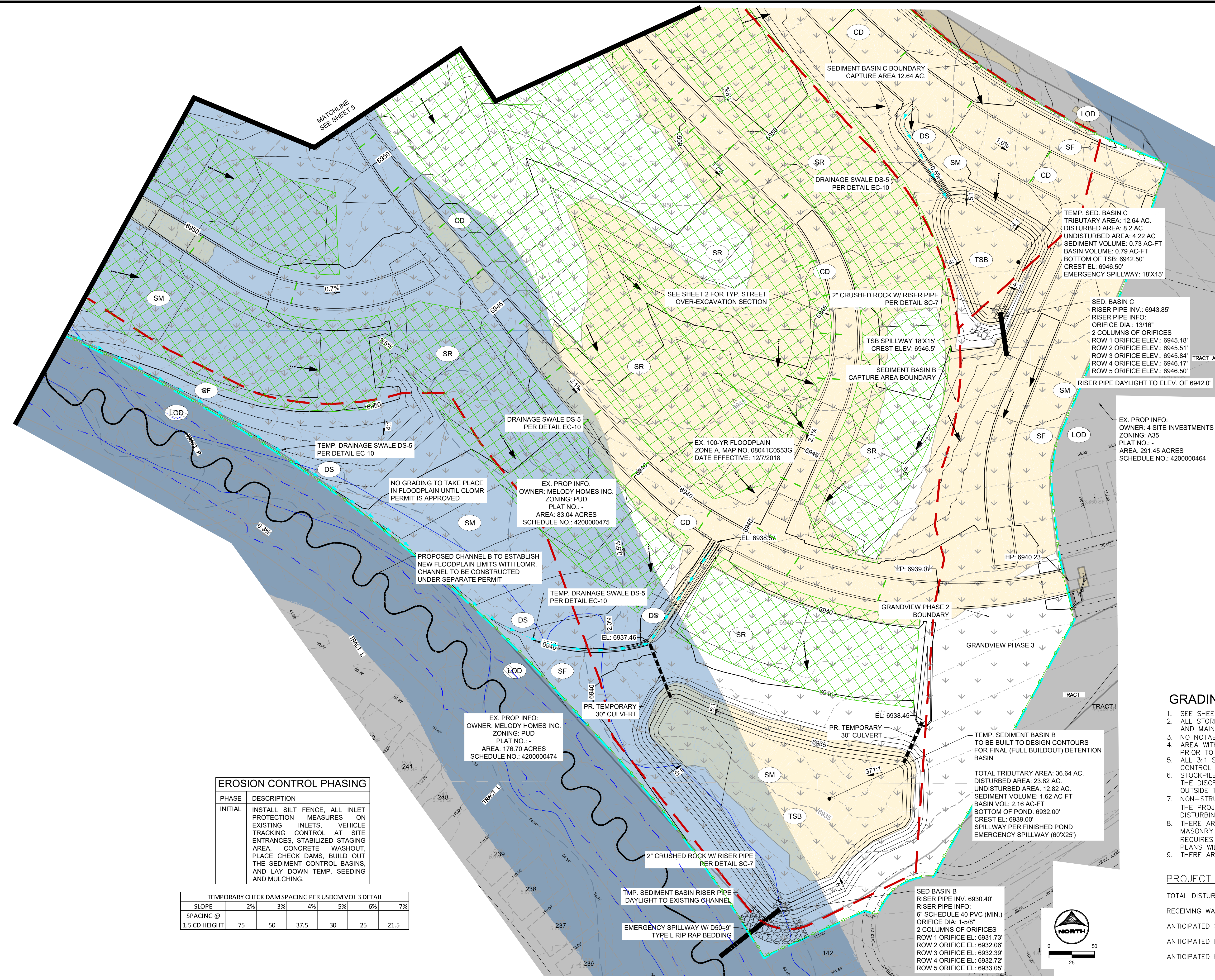
HRGreen
1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
PHONE: 719.300.4140
FAX: 713.965.0044

GRANDVIEW RESERVE - PHASE 2
D.R. HORTON
EL PASO COUNTY, CO



EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS
GEC INITIAL

SHEET
GEC
5



KEY MAP SCALE: NTS

GEC LEGEND:

	(CWA) CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA
	(ED/DS) EARTH DIKE & DRAINAGE SWALE
	(IP) INLET PROTECTION
	(CIP) CULVERT INLET PROTECTION
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	(CF) CONSTRUCTION FENCE
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	(CD) CHECK DAM
	(TSB) TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN
	(ECB) EROSION CONTROL BLANKET
	(SR) SURFACE ROUGHENING
	(TW/BW) ELEVATION OF TOP/BOTTOM OF WALL DO NOT DISTURB/ PROPOSED WORK BY OTHERS
	AREA OF CUT
	PROP FLOW DIRECTION
	EX FLOW DIRECTION
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PLAT NO.:
AREA: 291.45 ACRES
SCHEDULE NO.: 4200000464

EX. PROP INFO:
OWNER: MELODY HOMES INC.
ZONING: PUD
PLAT NO.:
AREA: 83.04 ACRES
SCHEDULE NO.: 4200000475

EX. PROP INFO:
OWNER: MELODY HOMES INC.
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PLAT NO.:
AREA: 176.70 ACRES
SCHEDULE NO.: 4200000474

EROSION CONTROL PHASING

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NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION

HRGreen
 HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
 1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
 COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
 PHONE: 719.300.4140
 FAX: 713.965.0044

GRANDVIEW RESERVE - PHASE 2
 D.R. HORTON
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO



EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS
 GEC INITIAL

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 6

Surface Roughening (SR) EC-1

SR-1. SURFACE ROUGHENING FOR STEEP SLOPES (3:1 OR STEEPER)

SR-2. SURFACE ROUGHENING FOR LOW SLOPES (LESS THAN 3:1)

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 SR-3

EC-1 Surface Roughening (SR)

SURFACE ROUGHENING INSTALLATION NOTES

- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
 - LOCATIONS OF SURFACE ROUGHENING.
- SURFACE ROUGHENING SHALL BE PROVIDED PROMPTLY AFTER COMPLETION OF FINISHED GRADING (FOR AREAS NOT RECEIVING TOPSOIL) OR PRIOR TO TOPSOIL PLACEMENT OR ANY FORECASTED RAIN EVENT.
- AREAS WHERE BUILDING FOUNDATIONS, PAVEMENT, OR SOD WILL BE PLACED WITHOUT DELAY IN THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE, SURFACE ROUGHENING IS NOT REQUIRED.
- DISTURBED SURFACES SHALL BE ROUGHENED USING RIPPING OR TILLING EQUIPMENT ON THE CONTOUR OR TRACKING UP AND DOWN A SLOPE USING EQUIPMENT TREADS.
- A FARMING DISK SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SURFACE ROUGHENING.

SURFACE ROUGHENING MAINTENANCE NOTES

- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACE UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT SHALL NOT BE DRIVEN OVER AREAS THAT HAVE BEEN SURFACE ROUGHENED.
- IN NON-TURF GRASS FINISHED AREAS, SEEDING AND MULCHING SHALL TAKE PLACE DIRECTLY OVER SURFACE ROUGHENED AREAS WITHOUT FIRST SMOOTHING OUT THE SURFACE.
- IN AREAS NOT SEEDED AND MULCHED AFTER SURFACE ROUGHENING, SURFACES SHALL BE RE-ROUGHENED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN GROOVE DEPTH AND SMOOTH OVER RILL EROSION.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM TOWN OF PARKER, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

SR-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-1. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Various Temporary Annual Grasses

Species ^a (Common name)	Growth Season ^b	Pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS)/acre ^c	Planting Depth (inches)
1. Oats	Cool	35 - 50	1 - 2
2. Spring wheat	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2
3. Spring barley	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2
4. Annual ryegrass	Cool	10 - 15	½
5. Millet	Warm	3 - 15	½ - ¾
6. Winter wheat	Cool	20 - 35	1 - 2
7. Winter barley	Cool	20 - 35	1 - 2
8. Winter rye	Cool	20 - 35	1 - 2
9. Triticale	Cool	25 - 40	1 - 2

^a Successful seeding of annual grass resulting in adequate plant growth will usually produce enough dead-plant residue to provide protection from wind and water erosion for an additional year. This assumes that the cover is not disturbed or mowed closer than 8 inches.

Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1 or where access limitations exist. When hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be applied as a separate operation, when practical, to prevent the seeds from being encapsulated in the mulch.

^b See Table TS/PS-2 for seeding dates. Irrigation, if consistently applied, may extend the use of cool season species during the summer months.

^c Seeding rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast, or increased by 50 percent if done using a Brillion Drill or by hydraulic seeding.

TS/PS-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 January 2021

Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2

Table TS/PS-2. Seeding Dates for Annual and Perennial Grasses

Seeding Dates	Annual Grasses (Numbers in table reference species in Table TS/PS-1)		Perennial Grasses	
	Warm	Cool	Warm	Cool
January 1–March 15			✓	✓
March 16–April 30		1,2,3	✓	✓
May 1–May 15			✓	
May 16–June 30	5			
July 1–July 15	5			
July 16–August 31				
September 1–September 30			6, 7, 8, 9	
October 1–December 31			✓	✓

Mulch

Cover seeded areas with mulch or an appropriate rolled erosion control product to promote establishment of vegetation. Anchor mulch by crimping, netting or use of a non-toxic tackifier. See the USDCM Volume 2 *Revegetation* Chapter and Volume 3 *Mulching BMP Fact Sheet (EC-04)* for additional guidance.

Maintenance and Removal

Monitor and observe seeded areas to identify areas of poor growth or areas that fail to germinate. Reseed and mulch these areas, as needed.

If a temporary annual seed was planted, the area should be reseeded with the desired perennial mix when there will be no further work in the area. To minimize competition between annual and perennial species, the annual mix needs time to mature and die before seeding the perennial mix. To increase success of the perennial mix, it should be seeded during the appropriate seeding dates the second year after the temporary annual mix was seeded. Alternatively, if this timeline is not feasible, the annual mix seed heads should be removed and then the area seeded with the perennial mix.

An area that has been permanently seeded should have a good stand of vegetation within one growing season if irrigated and within three growing seasons without irrigation in Colorado. Reseed portions of the site that fail to germinate or remain bare after the first growing season.

Seeded areas may require irrigation, particularly during extended dry periods. Targeted weed control may also be necessary.

Protect seeded areas from construction equipment and vehicle access.

January 2021 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 TS/PS-5

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

ECB-1. PIPE OUTLET TO DRAINAGEWAY

ECB-2. SMALL DITCH OR DRAINAGEWAY

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 RECP-6

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP) EC-6

ECB-3. OUTSIDE OF DRAINAGEWAY

STAKING PATTERNS BY ECB TYPE

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 RECP-7

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET INSTALLATION NOTES

- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
 - LOCATION OF ECB.
 - TYPE OF ECB (STRAW, STRAW-COCOONUT, COCONUT, OR EXCELSIOR).
 - AREA, A, IN SQUARE YARDS OF EACH TYPE OF ECB.
- 100% NATURAL AND BIODEGRADABLE MATERIALS ARE PREFERRED FOR RECPs, ALTHOUGH SOME JURISDICTIONS MAY ALLOW OTHER MATERIALS IN SOME APPLICATIONS.
- IN AREAS WHERE ECBs ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE PERMITTEE SHALL PLACE TOPSOIL AND PERFORM FINAL GRADING, SURFACE PREPARATION, AND SEEDING AND MULCHING. SUBGRADE SHALL BE SMOOTH AND MOST PRIOR TO ECB INSTALLATION AND THE ECB SHALL BE IN FULL CONTACT WITH SUBGRADE. NO GAPS OR VOIDS SHALL EXIST UNDER THE BLANKET.
- PERIMETER ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED ALONG THE OUTSIDE PERIMETER OF ALL BLANKET AREAS.
- JOINT ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED TO JOIN ROLLS OF ECBs TOGETHER (LONGITUDINALLY AND TRANSVERSELY) FOR ALL ECBs EXCEPT STRAW WHICH MAY USE AN OVERLAPPING JOINT.
- INTERMEDIATE ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED AT SPACING OF ONE-HALF ROLL LENGTH FOR COCONUT AND EXCELSIOR ECBs.
- OVERLAPPING JOINT DETAIL SHALL BE USED TO JOIN ROLLS OF ECBs TOGETHER FOR ECBs ON SLOPES.
- MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS OF ECBs SHALL CONFORM TO TABLE ECB-1.
- ANY AREAS OF SEEDING AND MULCHING DISTURBED IN THE PROCESS OF INSTALLING ECBs SHALL BE RESEDED AND MULCHED.
- DETAILS ON DESIGN PLANS FOR MAJOR DRAINAGEWAY STABILIZATION WILL GOVERN IF DIFFERENT FROM THOSE SHOWN HERE.

TABLE ECB-1. ECB MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE	COCONUT CONTENT	STRAW CONTENT	EXCELSIOR CONTENT	RECOMMENDED NETTING*
STRAW*	—	100%	—	DOUBLE/NATURAL
STRAW-COCOONUT	30% MIN	70% MAX	—	DOUBLE/NATURAL
COCONUT	100%	—	—	DOUBLE/NATURAL
EXCELSIOR	—	—	100%	DOUBLE/NATURAL

*STRAW ECBs MAY ONLY BE USED WHERE STRAW AND STRAW-COCOONUT ARE ALLOWED.
*ALTERNATE NETTING MAY BE ACCEPTABLE IN SOME JURISDICTIONS.

RECP-8 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP) EC-6

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAINTENANCE NOTES

- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- ECBs SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE TO EVENTUALLY BIODEGRADE, UNLESS REQUESTED TO BE REMOVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
- ANY ECB PULLED OUT, TORN, OR OTHERWISE DAMAGED SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REINSTALLED. ANY SUBGRADE AREAS BELOW THE GEOTEXTILE THAT HAVE ERODED TO CREATE A VOID UNDER THE BLANKET, OR THAT REMAIN DEVOID OF GRASS SHALL BE REPAIRED, RESEDED AND MULCHED AND THE ECB REINSTALLED.

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO AND TOWN OF PARKER, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 RECP-9

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 APPROVED: KMH JOB NUMBER: ---
 CAD DATE: 7/15/2024
 CAD FILE: J:\2020\201662\CAD\DWG\CIPUD_Phase_2_662.202\GEC_Early_Grading\Early_GEC_Detail

BAR IS ONE INCH ON OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
 IF NOT ONE INCH, ADJUST SCALE ACCORDINGLY.

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION

HRGreen
 HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
 1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
 COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
 PHONE: 719.300.4140
 FAX: 713.965.0044

GRANDVIEW RESERVE - PHASE 2
 D.R. HORTON
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO



EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS
 DETAILS

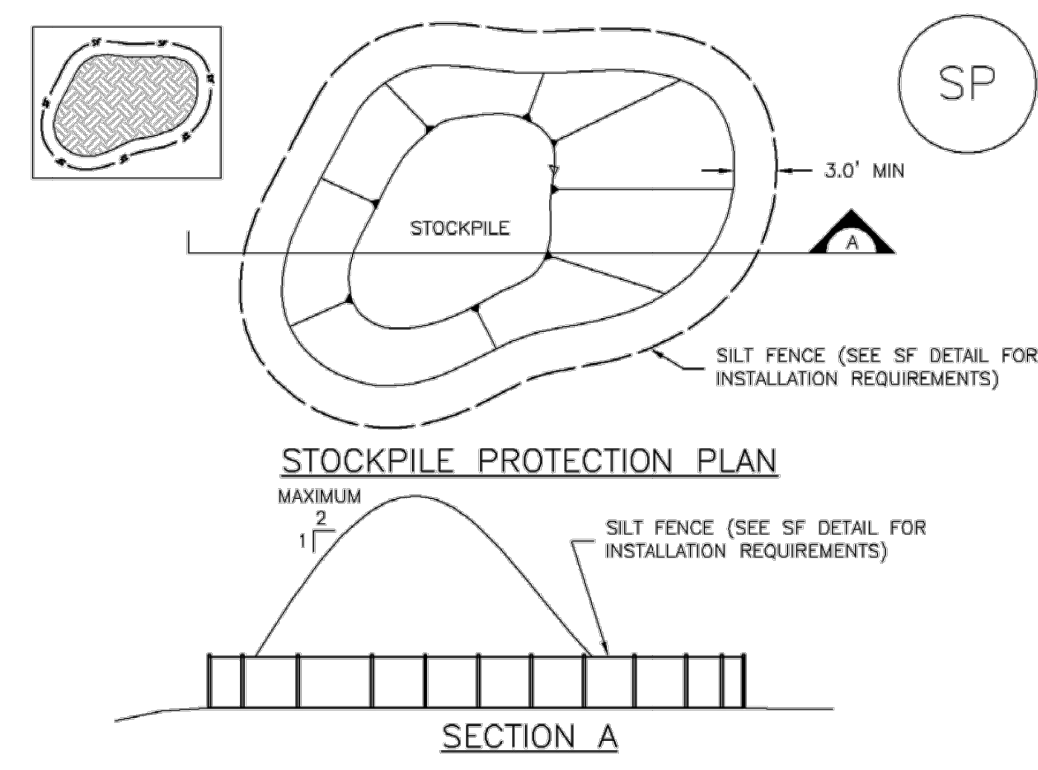
MM-1 Concrete Washout Area (CWA)

CWA MAINTENANCE NOTES

- 1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
4. THE CWA SHALL BE REPAIRED, CLEANED, OR ENLARGED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN CAPACITY FOR CONCRETE WASTE, CONCRETE MATERIALS, ACCUMULATED IN PIT, SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE THE MATERIALS HAVE REACHED A DEPTH OF 2'.
5. CONCRETE WASHOUT WATER, WASTED PIECES OF CONCRETE AND ALL OTHER DEBRIS IN THE SUBSURFACE PIT SHALL BE TRANSPORTED FROM THE JOB SITE IN A WATER-TIGHT CONTAINER AND DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.
6. THE CWA SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL CONCRETE FOR THE PROJECT IS PLACED.
7. WHEN THE CWA IS REMOVED, COVER THE DISTURBED AREA WITH TOP SOIL, SEED AND MULCH OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
(Detail adapted from Douglas County, Colorado and the City of Parker, Colorado, not available in AutoCAD)
NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

CWA-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

MM-2 Stockpile Management (SP)



SP-1. STOCKPILE PROTECTION

STOCKPILE PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

- 1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR: -LOCATION OF STOCKPILES -TYPE OF STOCKPILE PROTECTION.
2. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE DESIGN DETAILS. SILT FENCE IS SHOWN IN THE STOCKPILE PROTECTION DETAILS; HOWEVER, OTHER TYPES OF PERIMETER CONTROLS INCLUDING SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS OR ROCK SOCKS MAY BE SUITABLE IN SOME CIRCUMSTANCES. CONSIDERATIONS FOR DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE TYPE OF PERIMETER CONTROL FOR A STOCKPILE INCLUDE WHETHER THE STOCKPILE IS LOCATED ON A PERVIOUS OR IMPVIOUS SURFACE, THE RELATIVE HEIGHTS OF THE PERIMETER CONTROL AND STOCKPILE, THE ABILITY OF THE PERIMETER CONTROL TO CONTAIN THE STOCKPILE WITHOUT FAILING IN THE EVENT THAT MATERIAL FROM THE STOCKPILE SHIFTS OR SLUMPS AGAINST THE PERIMETER, AND OTHER FACTORS.
3. STABILIZE THE STOCKPILE SURFACE WITH SURFACE ROUGHENING, TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, OR SOIL BINDERS. SOILS STOCKPILED FOR AN EXTENDED PERIOD (TYPICALLY FOR MORE THAN 60 DAYS) SHOULD BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITH A TEMPORARY GRASS COVER ONCE THE STOCKPILE IS PLACED (TYPICALLY WITHIN 14 DAYS). USE OF MULCH ONLY OR A SOIL BINDER IS ACCEPTABLE IF THE STOCKPILE WILL BE IN PLACE FOR A MORE LIMITED TIME PERIOD (TYPICALLY 30-60 DAYS).
4. FOR TEMPORARY STOCKPILES ON THE INTERIOR PORTION OF A CONSTRUCTION SITE, WHERE OTHER DOWNSTREAM CONTROLS, INCLUDING PERIMETER CONTROL, ARE IN PLACE, STOCKPILE PERIMETER CONTROLS MAY NOT BE REQUIRED.

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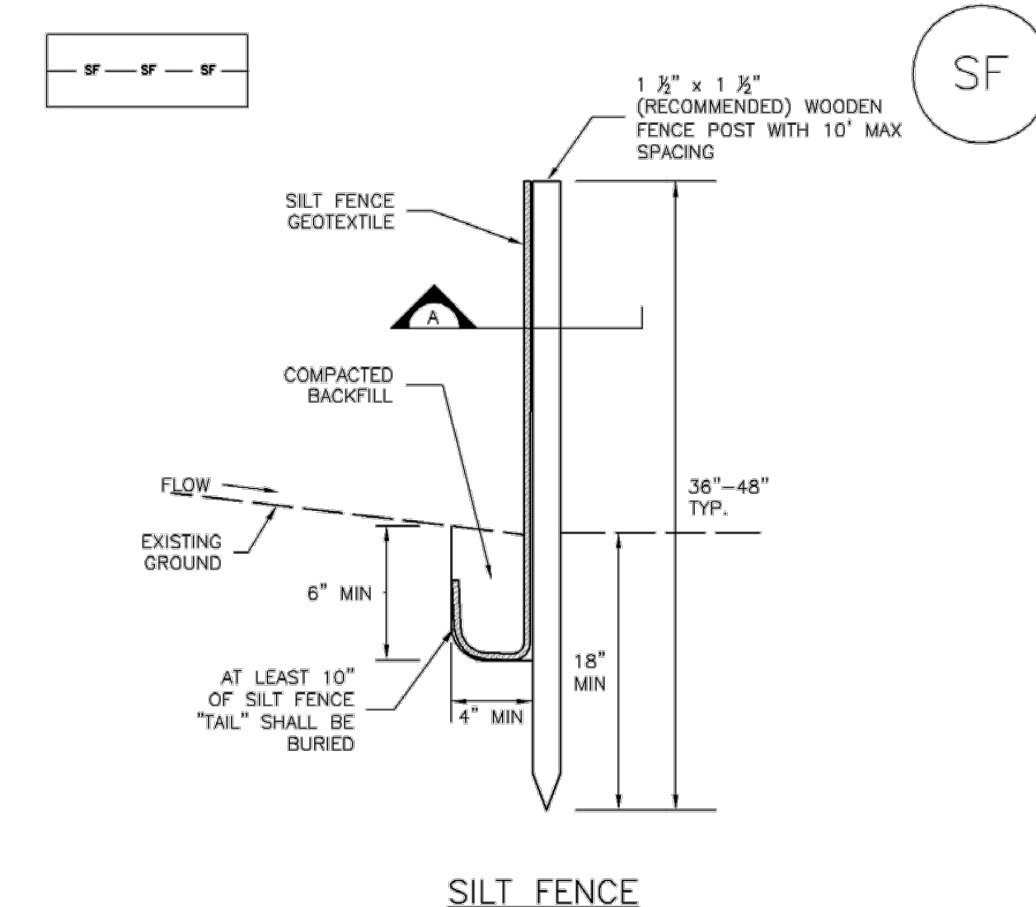
MM-2 Stockpile Management (SM)

STOCKPILE PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

- 1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
4. IF PERIMETER PROTECTION MUST BE MOVED TO ACCESS SOIL STOCKPILE, REPLACE PERIMETER CONTROLS BY THE END OF THE WORKDAY.
5. STOCKPILE PERIMETER CONTROLS CAN BE REMOVED ONCE ALL THE MATERIAL FROM THE STOCKPILE HAS BEEN USED.
(Details adapted from Parker, Colorado, not available in AutoCAD)
NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

SP-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

SF Silt Fence (SF)



SILT FENCE



SECTION A

SF-1. SILT FENCE

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SC-1 Silt Fence (SF)

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION NOTES

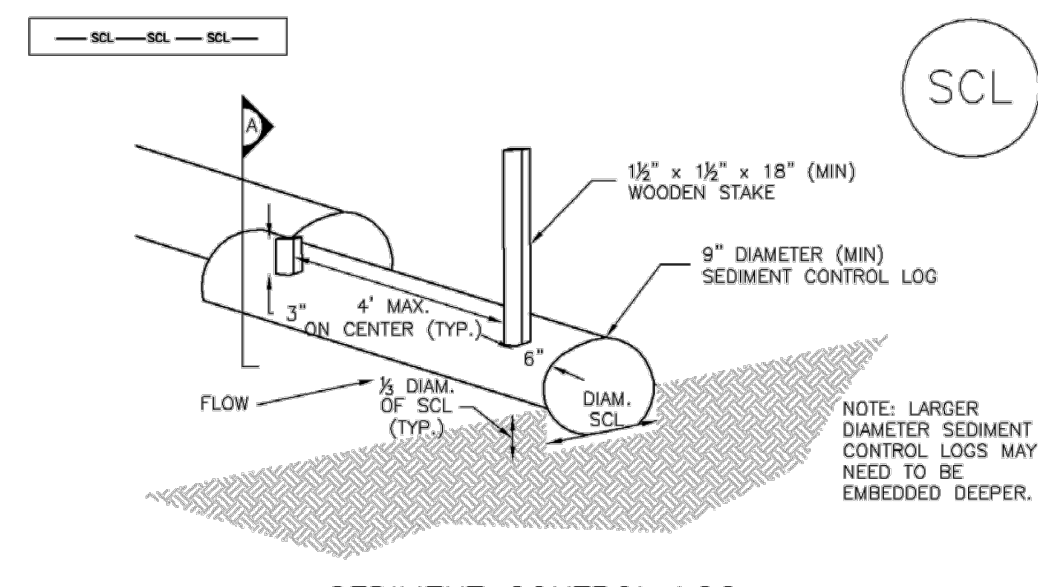
- 1. SILT FENCE MUST BE PLACED AWAY FROM THE TOE OF THE SLOPE TO ALLOW FOR WATER PONDING. SILT FENCE AT THE TOE OF A SLOPE SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN A FLAT LOCATION AT LEAST SEVERAL FEET (2-5 FT) FROM THE TOE OF THE SLOPE TO ALLOW ROOM FOR PONDING AND DEPOSITION.
2. A UNIFORM 6" x 4" ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED USING TRENCHER OR SILT FENCE INSTALLATION DEVICE. NO ROAD GRADERS, BACKHOES, OR SIMILAR EQUIPMENT SHALL BE USED.
3. COMPACT ANCHOR TRENCH BY HAND WITH A "JUMPING JACK" OR BY WHEEL ROLLING. COMPACTATION SHALL BE SUCH THAT SILT FENCE RESISTS BEING PULLED OUT OF ANCHOR TRENCH BY HAND.
4. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PULLED TIGHT AS IT IS ANCHORED TO THE STAKES. THERE SHOULD BE NO NOTICEABLE SAG BETWEEN STAKES AFTER IT HAS BEEN ANCHORED TO THE STAKES.
5. SILT FENCE FABRIC SHALL BE ANCHORED TO THE STAKES USING 1" HEAVY DUTY STAPLES OR NAILS WITH 1" HEADS. STAPLES AND NAILS SHOULD BE PLACED 3" ALONG THE FABRIC DOWN THE STAKE.
6. AT THE END OF A RUN OF SILT FENCE ALONG A CONTOUR, THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE TURNED PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR TO CREATE A "J-HOOK." THE "J-HOOK" EXTENDING PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR SHOULD BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO KEEP RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE END OF THE SILT FENCE (TYPICALLY 10' - 20').
7. SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

SILT FENCE MAINTENANCE NOTES

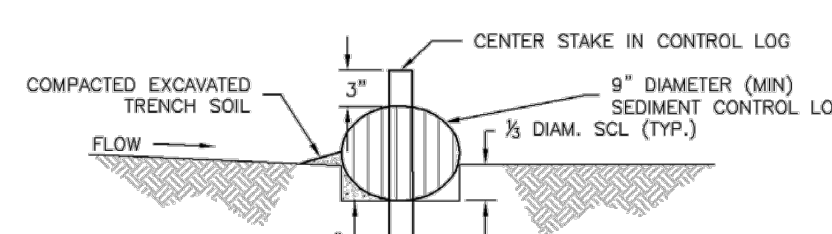
- 1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN THE FUNCTIONALITY OF THE BMP, TYPICALLY WHEN DEPTH OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENTS IS APPROXIMATELY 6".
5. REPAIR OR REPLACE SILT FENCE WHEN THERE ARE SIGNS OF WEAR, SUCH AS SAGGING, TEARING, OR COLLAPSE.
6. SILT FENCE IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, OR IS REPLACED BY AN EQUIVALENT PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL BMP.
7. WHEN SILT FENCE IS REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.
(Detail adapted from Town of Parker, Colorado and City of Aurora, not available in AutoCAD)
NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

SF-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

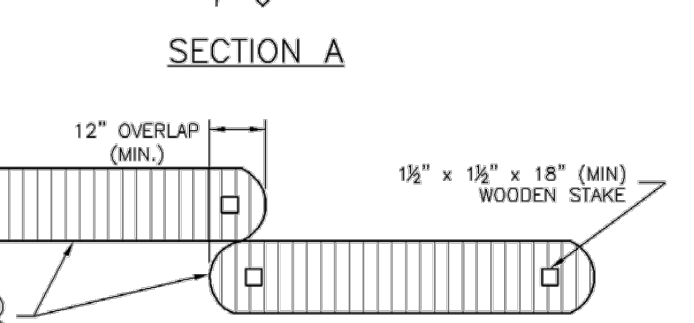
SC-2 Sediment Control Log (SCL)



SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG



SECTION A

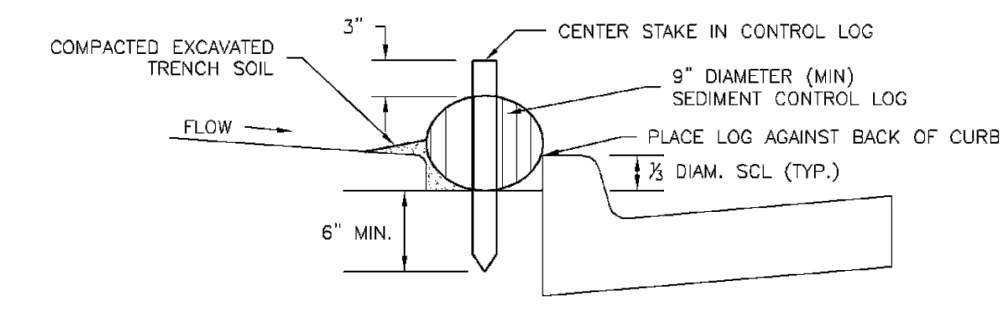


SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG JOINTS

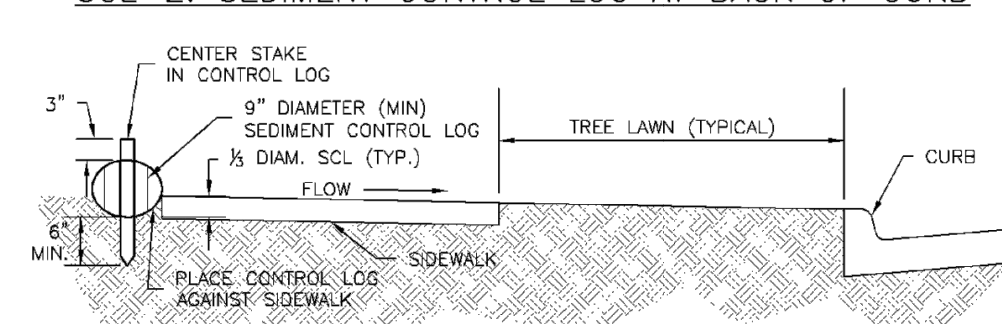
SCL-1. SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 SCL-3

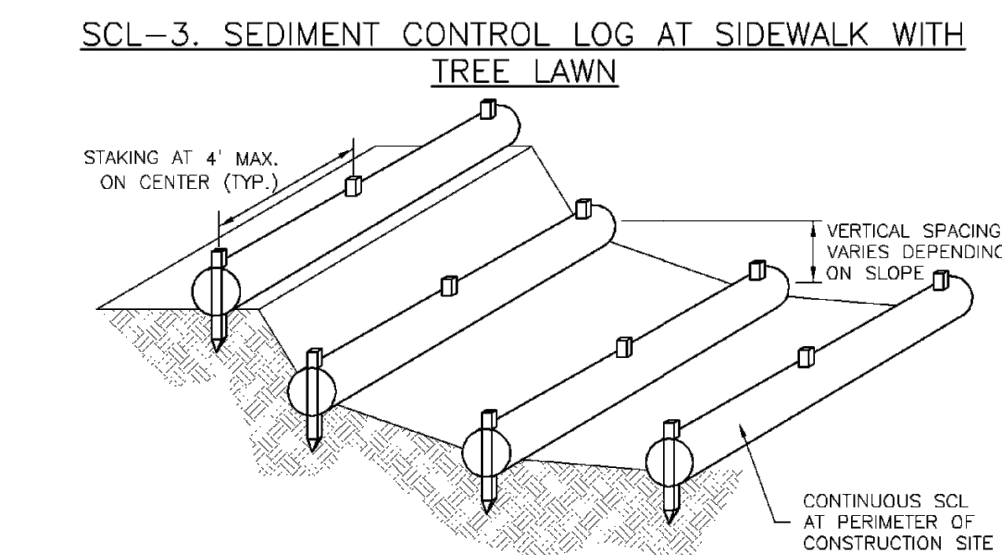
SC-2 Sediment Control Log (SCL)



SCL-2. SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG AT BACK OF CURB



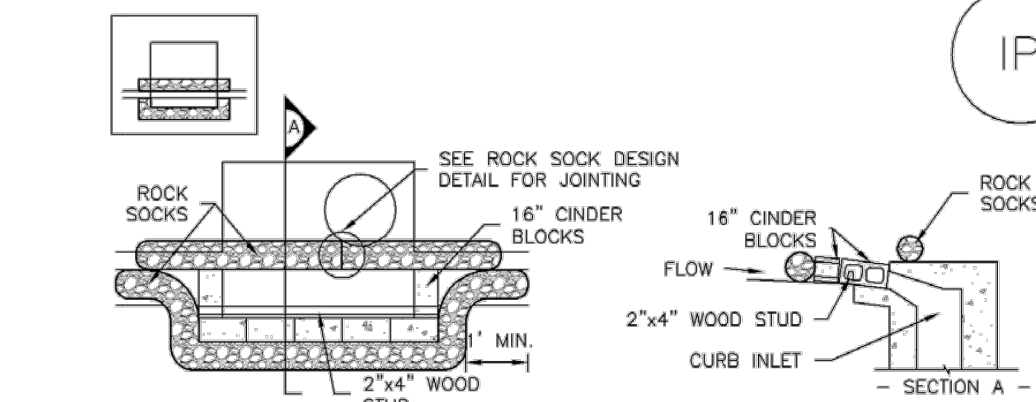
SCL-3. SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG AT SIDEWALK WITH TREE LAWN



SCL-4. SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS TO CONTROL SLOPE LENGTH

SCL-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

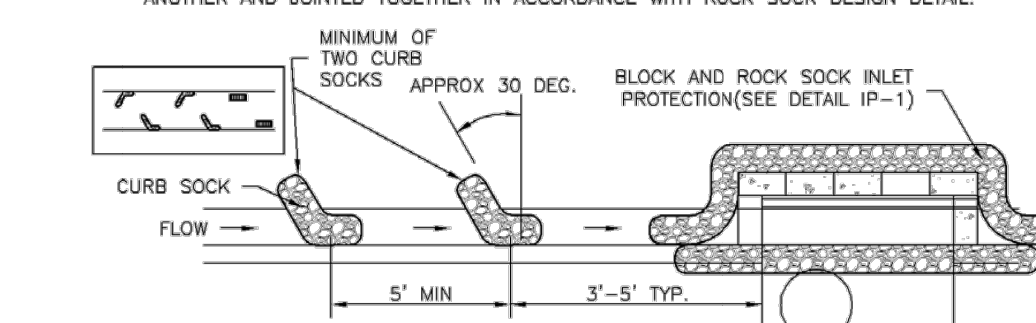
SC-6 Inlet Protection (IP)



IP-1. BLOCK AND CURB SOCK SUMP OR ON GRADE INLET PROTECTION

BLOCK AND CURB SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

- 1. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. CONCRETE "CINDER" BLOCKS SHALL BE LAID ON THEIR SIDES AROUND THE INLET IN A SINGLE ROW, ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER WITH THE OPEN END FACING AWAY FROM THE CURB.
3. GRAVEL BAGS SHALL BE PLACED AROUND CONCRETE BLOCKS, CLOSELY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER AND JOINED TOGETHER IN ACCORDANCE WITH ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL.



IP-2. CURB ROCK SOCKS UPSTREAM OF INLET PROTECTION

CURB ROCK SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

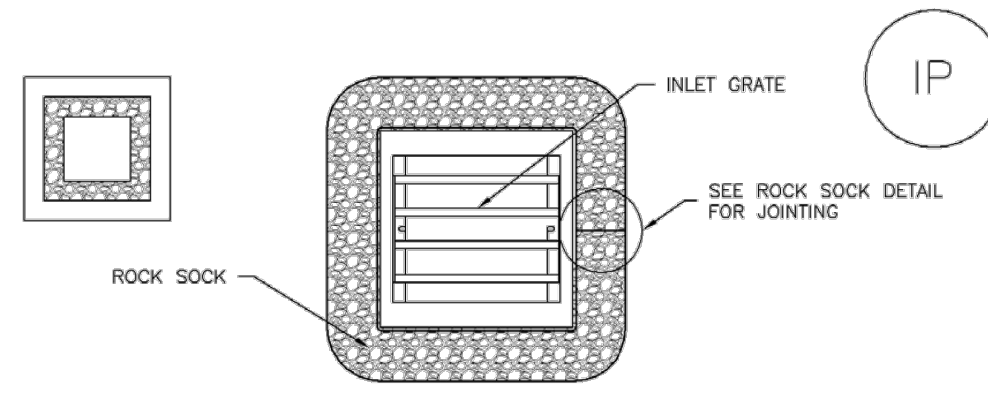
- 1. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. PLACEMENT OF THE SOCK SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 30 DEGREES FROM PERPENDICULAR IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF FLOW.
3. SOCKS ARE TO BE FLUSH WITH THE CURB AND SPACED A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET APART.
4. AT LEAST TWO CURB SOCKS IN SERIES ARE REQUIRED UPSTREAM OF ON-GRADE INLETS.

IP-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 August 2013

Table with 4 columns: NO., DATE, BY, REVISION DESCRIPTION. Contains one row with empty cells.

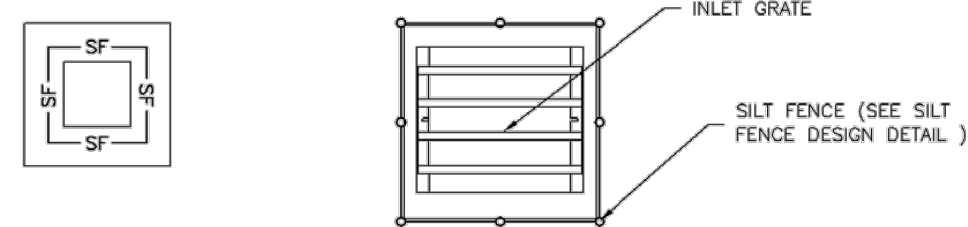
Inlet Protection (IP)

SC-6



IP-3. ROCK SOCK SUMP/AREA INLET PROTECTION

- ROCK SOCK SUMP/AREA INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. STRAW WATTLES/SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF ROCK SOCKS FOR INLETS IN PERVIOUS AREAS. INSTALL PER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG DETAIL.

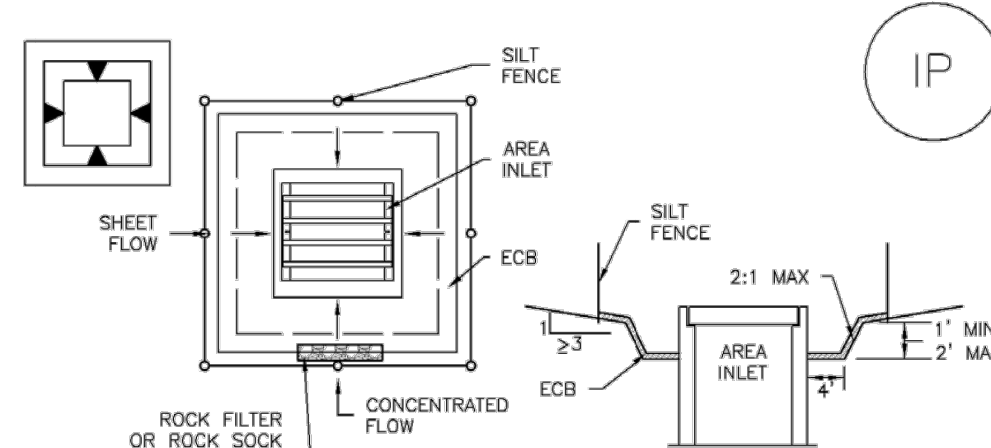


IP-4. SILT FENCE FOR SUMP INLET PROTECTION

- SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SEE SILT FENCE DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. POSTS SHALL BE PLACED AT EACH CORNER OF THE INLET AND AROUND THE EDGES AT A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 3 FEET.
3. STRAW WATTLES/SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF SILT FENCE FOR INLETS IN PERVIOUS AREAS. INSTALL PER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG DETAIL.

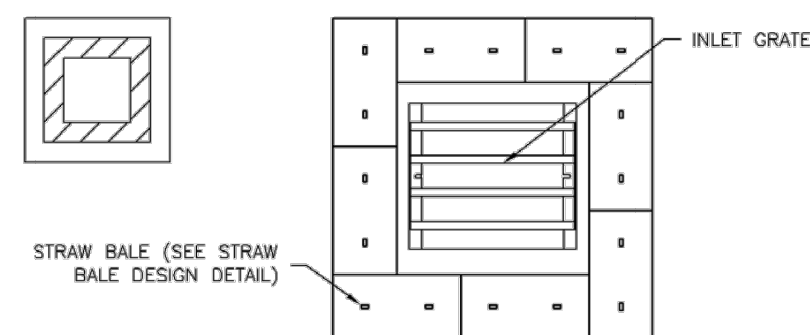
SC-6

Inlet Protection (IP)



IP-5. OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION

- OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. THIS FORM OF INLET PROTECTION IS PRIMARILY APPLICABLE FOR SITES THAT HAVE NOT YET REACHED FINAL GRADE AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY FOR INLETS WITH A RELATIVELY SMALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA.
2. WHEN USING FOR CONCENTRATED FLOWS, SHAPE BASIN IN 2:1 RATIO WITH LENGTH ORIENTED TOWARDS DIRECTION OF FLOW.
3. SEDIMENT MUST BE PERIODICALLY REMOVED FROM THE OVEREXCAVATED AREA.

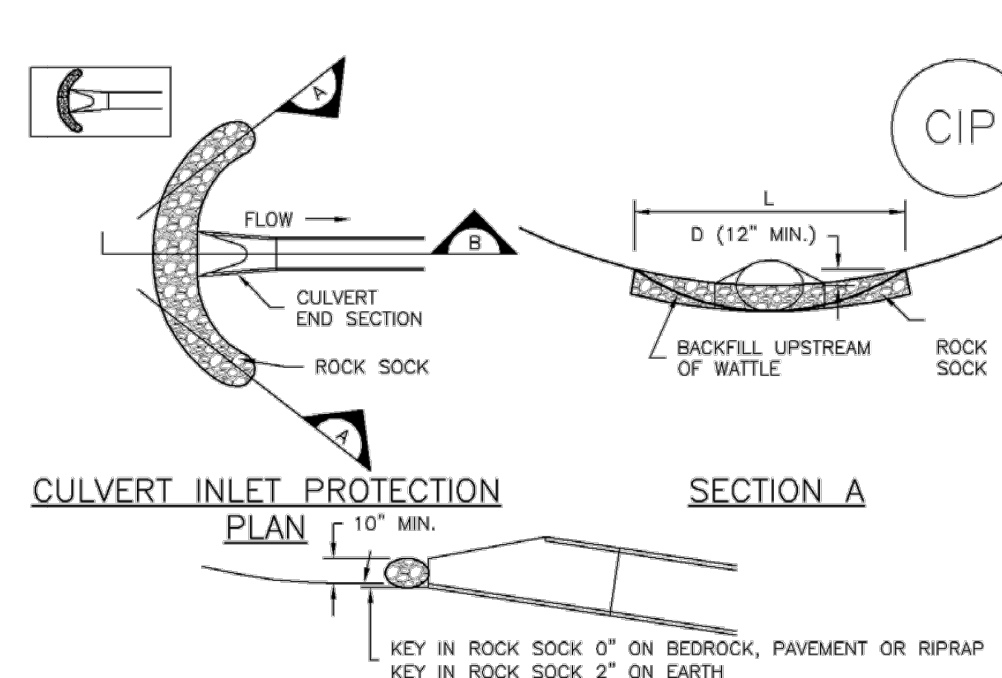


IP-6. STRAW BALE FOR SUMP INLET PROTECTION

- STRAW BALE BARRIER INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SEE STRAW BALE DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. BALES SHALL BE PLACED IN A SINGLE ROW AROUND THE INLET WITH ENDS OF BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER.

Inlet Protection (IP)

SC-6

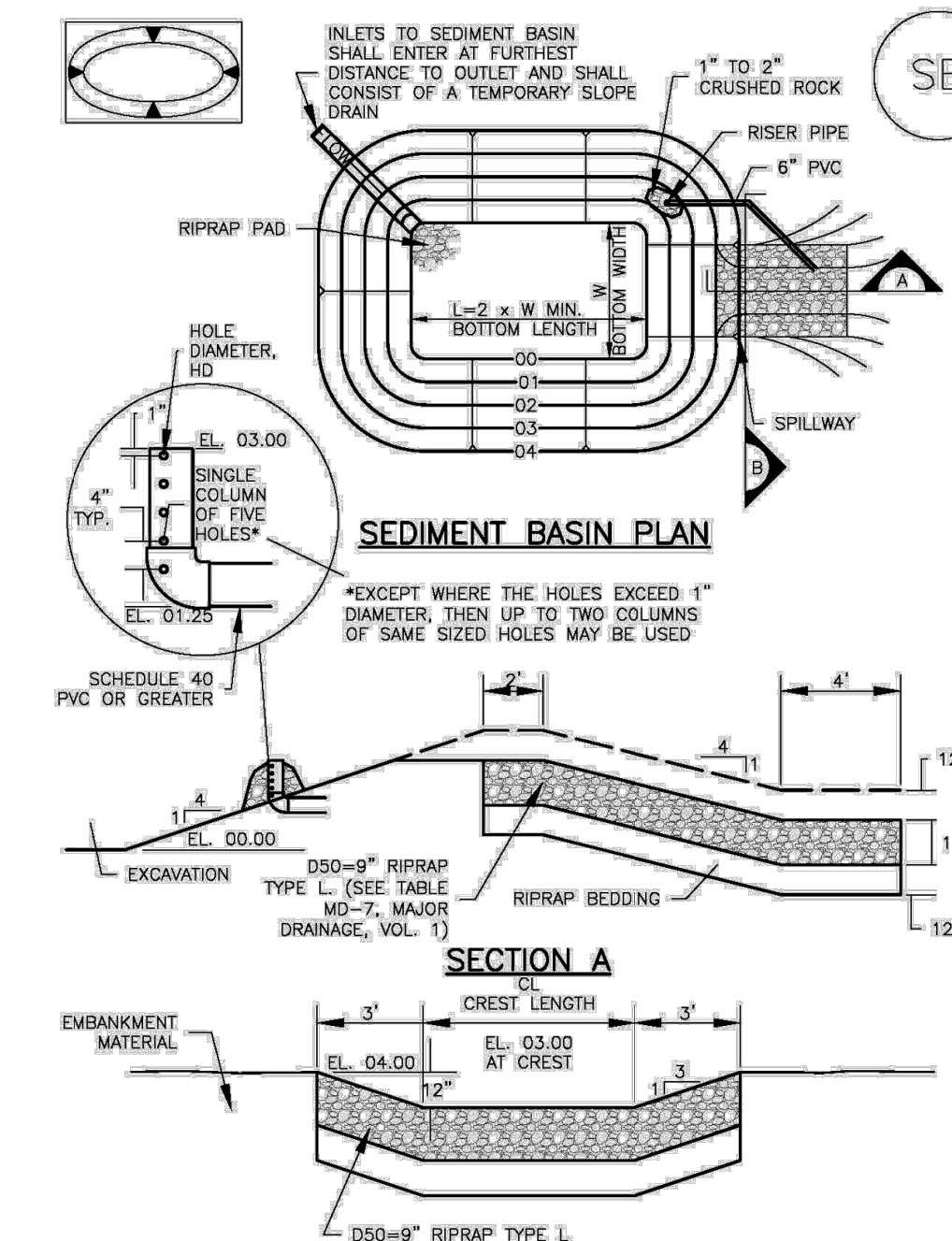


CIP-1. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION

- CULVERT INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR LOCATION OF CULVERT INLET PROTECTION.
2. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR ROCK GRADATION REQUIREMENTS AND JOINING DETAIL.
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE CULVERT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE SEDIMENT DEPTH IS 1/2 THE HEIGHT OF THE ROCK SOCK.
5. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

Sediment Basin (SB)

SC-7



SC-7

Sediment Basin (SB)

Table SB-1. SIZING INFORMATION FOR STANDARD SEDIMENT BASIN. Columns: Upstream Drainage Area (ac), Basin Bottom Width (ft), Spillway Crest Length (ft), Hole Diameter (in).

- SEDIMENT BASIN INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
- LOCATION OF SEDIMENT BASIN.
- TYPE OF BASIN (STANDARD BASIN OR NONSTANDARD BASIN).
- FOR STANDARD BASIN, BOTTOM WIDTH W, CREST LENGTH CL, AND HOLE DIAMETER HD.
- FOR NONSTANDARD BASIN, SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR DESIGN OF BASIN INCLUDING RISER HEIGHT H, NUMBER OF COLUMNS N, HOLE DIAMETER HD AND PIPE DIAMETER D.
2. FOR STANDARD BASIN, BOTTOM DIMENSION MAY BE MODIFIED AS LONG AS BOTTOM AREA IS NOT REDUCED.
3. SEDIMENT BASIN SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY OTHER LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY THAT RELIES ON ON BASINS AS AS A STORMWATER CONTROL.
4. EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF SOIL FREE OF DEBRIS, ORGANIC MATERIAL, AND ROCKS OR CONCRETE GREATER THAN 3 INCHES AND SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 15 PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING THE NO. 200 SIEVE.
5. EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95 PERCENT OF MAXIMUM DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D698.
6. PIPE SCH 40 OR GREATER SHALL BE USED.
7. THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THESE SHEETS PERTAIN TO STANDARD SEDIMENT BASIN(S) FOR DRAINAGE AREAS LESS THAN 15 ACRES. SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR EMBANKMENT, STORAGE VOLUME, SPILLWAY, OUTLET, AND OUTLET PROTECTION DETAILS FOR ANY SEDIMENT BASIN(S) THAT HAVE BEEN INDIVIDUALLY DESIGNED FOR DRAINAGE AREAS LARGER THAN 15 ACRES.

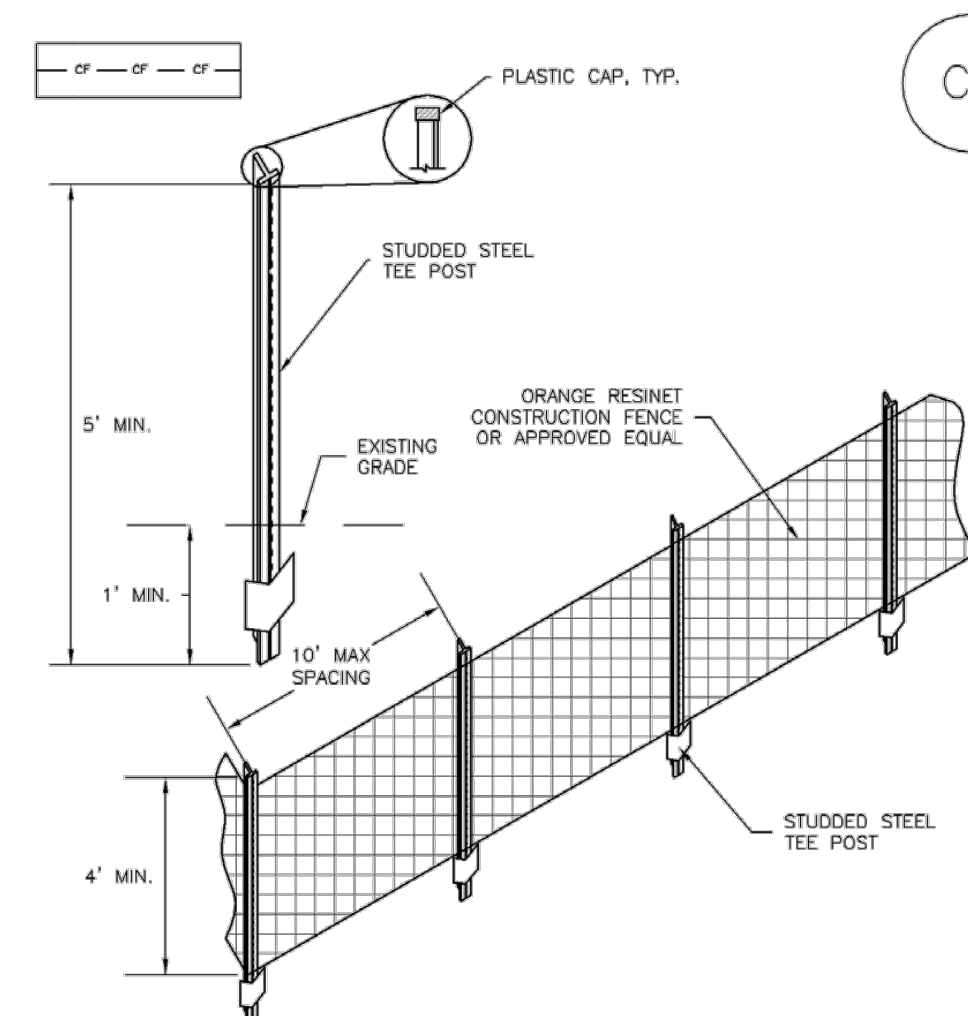
Sediment Basin (SB)

SC-7

- SEDIMENT BASIN MAINTENANCE NOTES
1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED IN BASIN SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS, TYPICALLY WHEN SEDIMENT DEPTH REACHES ONE FOOT (I.E., TWO FEET BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST).
5. SEDIMENT BASINS ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND GRASS COVER IS ACCEPTED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
6. WHEN SEDIMENT BASINS ARE REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.
(Details adapted from Douglas County, Colorado)
NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

SM-3

Construction Fence (CF)



CF-1. PLASTIC MESH CONSTRUCTION FENCE

- CONSTRUCTION FENCE INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
- LOCATION OF CONSTRUCTION FENCE.
2. CONSTRUCTION FENCE SHOWN SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
3. CONSTRUCTION FENCE SHALL BE COMPOSED OF ORANGE, CONTRACTOR-GRADE MATERIAL THAT IS AT LEAST 4' HIGH. METAL POSTS SHOULD HAVE A PLASTIC CAP FOR SAFETY.
4. STUDDED STEEL TEE POSTS SHALL BE UTILIZED TO SUPPORT THE CONSTRUCTION FENCE. MAXIMUM SPACING FOR STEEL TEE POSTS SHALL BE 10'.
5. CONSTRUCTION FENCE SHALL BE SECURELY FASTENED TO THE TOP, MIDDLE, AND BOTTOM OF EACH POST.

Construction Fence (CF)

SM-3

- CONSTRUCTION FENCE MAINTENANCE NOTES
1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
4. CONSTRUCTION FENCE SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED WHEN THERE ARE SIGNS OF DAMAGE SUCH AS RIPS OR SAGS. CONSTRUCTION FENCE IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
5. WHEN CONSTRUCTION FENCES ARE REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS ASSOCIATED WITH THE INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE, AND/OR REMOVAL OF THE FENCE SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.
NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.
(Details adapted from Town of Parker, Colorado, not available in AutoCAD)

Table with columns: NO., DATE, BY, REVISION DESCRIPTION.



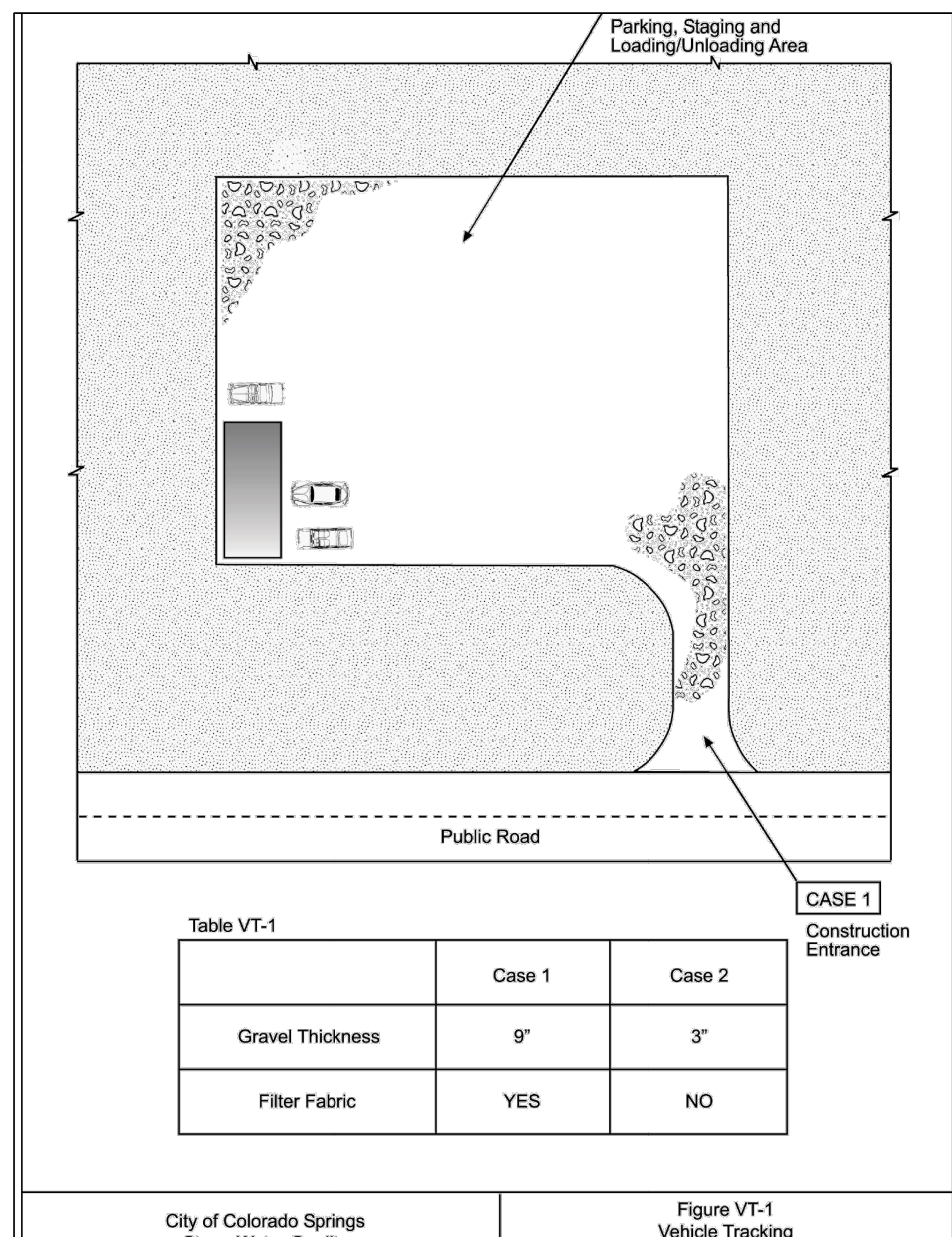
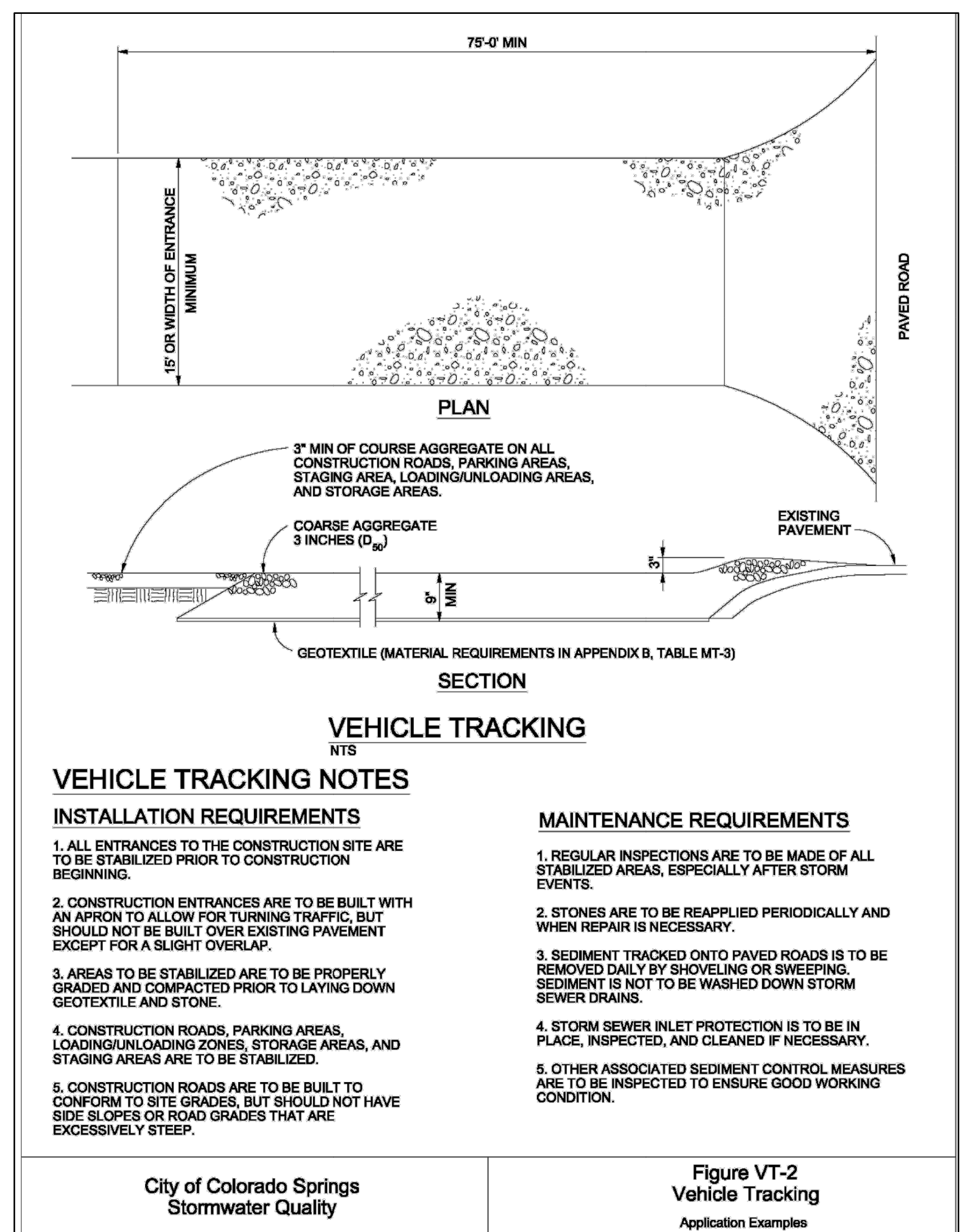


Table VT-1

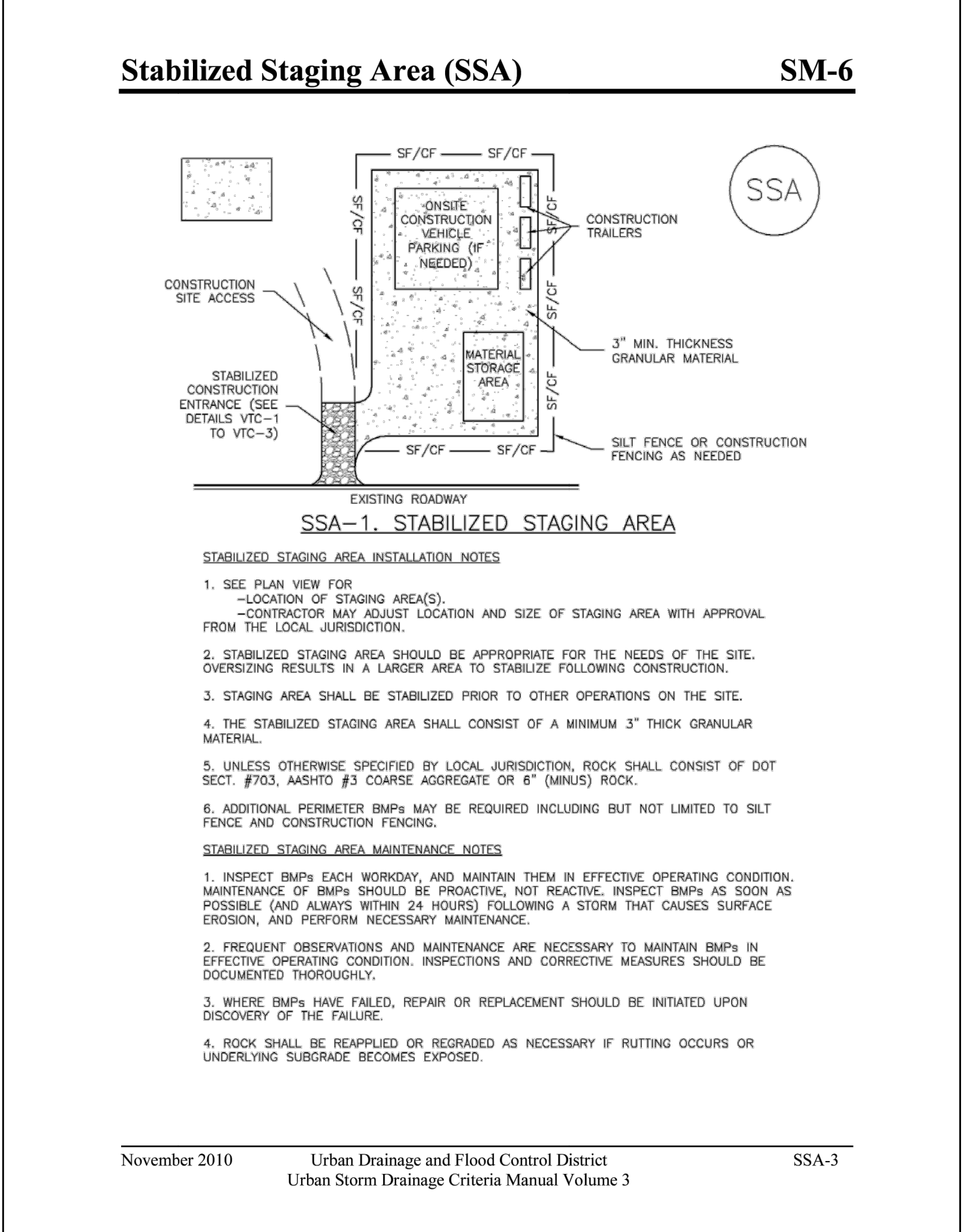
	Case 1	Case 2
Gravel Thickness	9"	3"
Filter Fabric	YES	NO

City of Colorado Springs Figure VT-1 Vehicle Tracking



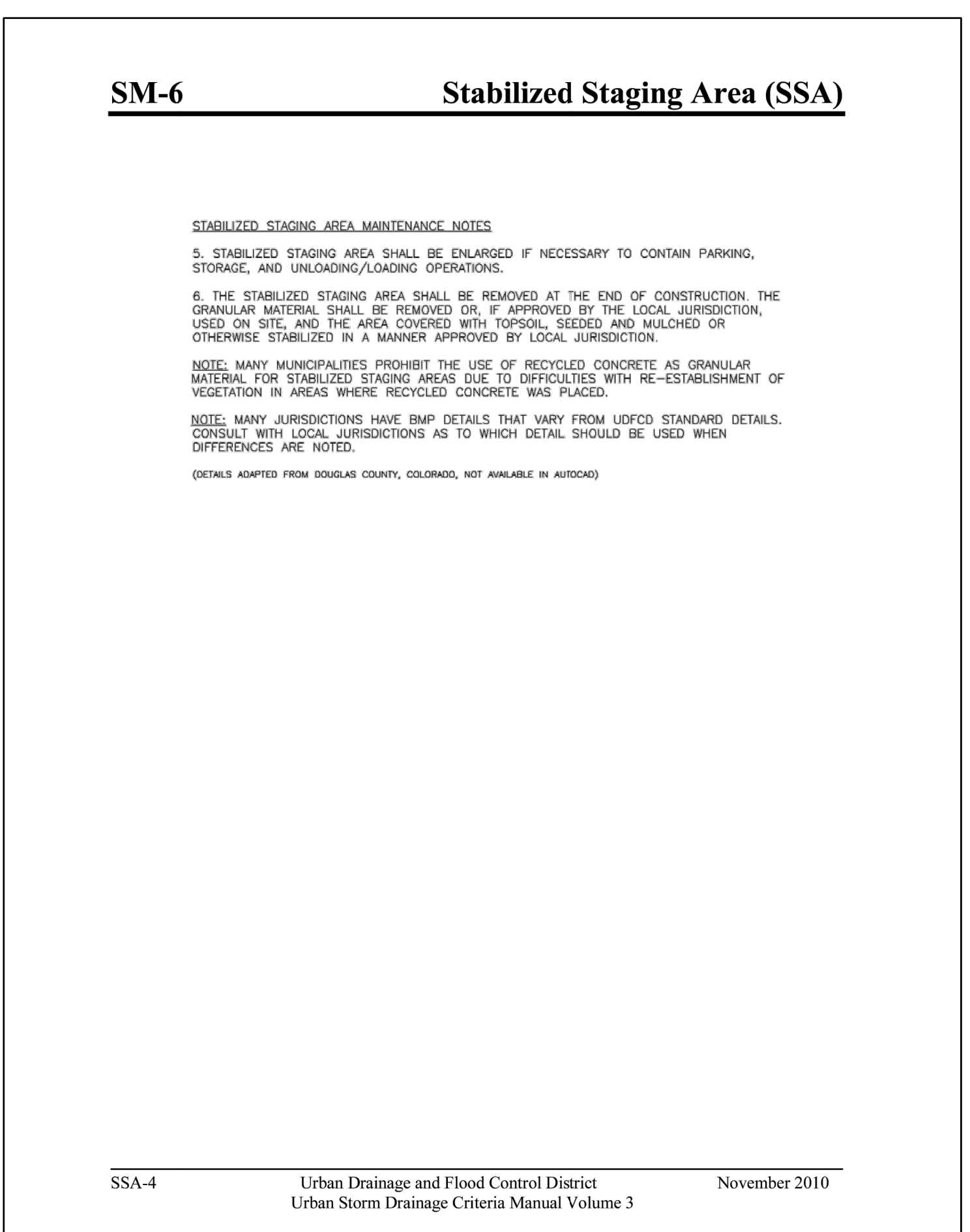
- VEHICLE TRACKING NOTES**
- INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS**
- ALL ENTRANCES TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ARE TO BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION BEGINNING.
 - CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE TO BE BUILT WITH AN APRON TO ALLOW FOR TURNING TRAFFIC, BUT SHOULD NOT BE BUILT OVER EXISTING PAVEMENT EXCEPT FOR A SLIGHT OVERLAP.
 - AREAS TO BE STABILIZED ARE TO BE PROPERLY GRADED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO LAYING DOWN GEOTEXTILE AND STONE.
 - CONSTRUCTION ROADS, PARKING AREAS, LOADING/UNLOADING ZONES, STORAGE AREAS, AND STAGING AREAS ARE TO BE STABILIZED.
 - CONSTRUCTION ROADS ARE TO BE BUILT TO CONFORM TO SITE GRADES, BUT SHOULD NOT HAVE SIDE SLOPES OR ROAD GRADES THAT ARE EXCESSIVELY STEEP.
- MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS**
- REGULAR INSPECTIONS ARE TO BE MADE OF ALL STABILIZED AREAS, ESPECIALLY AFTER STORM EVENTS.
 - STONES ARE TO BE REAPPLIED PERIODICALLY AND WHEN REPAIR IS NECESSARY.
 - SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO PAVED ROADS IS TO BE REMOVED DAILY BY SHOVELING OR SWEEPING. SEDIMENT IS NOT TO BE WASHED DOWN STORM SEWER DRAINS.
 - STORM SEWER INLET PROTECTION IS TO BE IN PLACE, INSPECTED, AND CLEANED IF NECESSARY.
 - OTHER ASSOCIATED SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE INSPECTED TO ENSURE GOOD WORKING CONDITION.

City of Colorado Springs Figure VT-2 Vehicle Tracking Application Examples



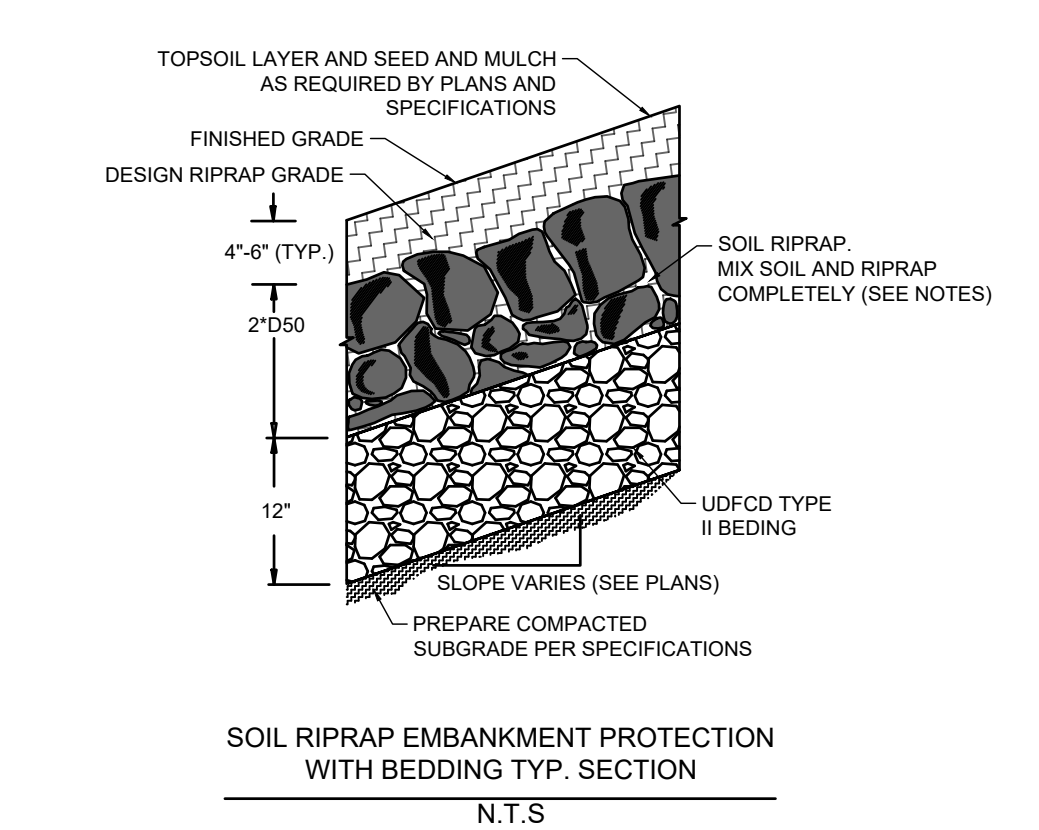
- SSA-1. STABILIZED STAGING AREA**
- STABILIZED STAGING AREA INSTALLATION NOTES**
- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR LOCATION OF STAGING AREA(S). CONTRACTOR MAY ADJUST LOCATION AND SIZE OF STAGING AREA WITH APPROVAL FROM THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
 - STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHOULD BE APPROPRIATE FOR THE NEEDS OF THE SITE. OVERSIZING RESULTS IN A LARGER AREA TO STABILIZE FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION.
 - STAGING AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO OTHER OPERATIONS ON THE SITE.
 - THE STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHALL CONSIST OF A MINIMUM 3" THICK GRANULAR MATERIAL.
 - UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, ROCK SHALL CONSIST OF DOT SECT. #703, AASHTO #1 COARSE AGGREGATE OR 1" (MINUS) ROCK.
 - ADDITIONAL PERIMETER BMPs MAY BE REQUIRED INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SILT FENCE AND CONSTRUCTION FENCING.
- STABILIZED STAGING AREA MAINTENANCE NOTES**
- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
 - FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
 - WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
 - ROCK SHALL BE REAPPLIED OR REGRADDED AS NECESSARY IF RUTTING OCCURS OR UNDERLYING SUBGRADE BECOMES EXPOSED.

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 SSA-3



- STABILIZED STAGING AREA MAINTENANCE NOTES**
- STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHALL BE ENLARGED IF NECESSARY TO CONTAIN PARKING, STORAGE, AND UNLOADING/LOADING OPERATIONS.
 - THE STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHALL BE REMOVED AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION. THE GRANULAR MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED OR, IF APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, USED ON SITE, AND THE AREA COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDING AND MULCHED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.
- NOTE: MANY MUNICIPALITIES PROHIBIT THE USE OF RECYCLED CONCRETE AS GRANULAR MATERIAL FOR STABILIZED STAGING AREAS DUE TO DIFFICULTIES WITH RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION IN AREAS WHERE RECYCLED CONCRETE WAS PLACED.
- NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.
- (DETAILS ADAPTED FROM BOULDER COUNTY, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

SSA-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010



RIPRAP NOTES

- SOIL RIPRAP DETAILS ARE APPLICABLE TO SLOPED AREAS REFER TO THE SITE PLAN ACTUAL LOCATION AND LIMITS.
- MIX UNIFORMLY 65% RIPRAP BY VOLUME WITH 35% OF APPROVED SOIL BY VOLUME PRIOR TO PLACEMENT.
- PLACE STONE-SOIL MIX TO RESULT IN SECURELY INTERLOCKED ROCK AT THE DESIGN THICKNESS AND GRADE. COMPACT AND LEVEL TO ELIMINATE ALL VOIDS AND ROCKS PROJECTING ABOVE DESIGN RIPRAP TOP GRADE. CRIMP OR TACKIFY MULCH OR USE APPROVED HYDROMULCH AS CALLED FOR IN THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- ROCK SHALL BE HARD, DURABLE, ANGULAR IN SHAPE, AND FREE FROM CRACKS, OVERBURDEN, SHALE, AND ORGANIC MATTER.
- NEITHER BREADTH NOR THICKNESS OF A SINGLE STONE SHOULD BE LESS THAN ONE-THIRD ITS LENGTH, AND ROUNDED STONE SHOULD BE AVOIDED.
- THE ROCK SHOULD SUSTAIN A LOSS OF NOT MORE THAN 40% AFTER 500 REVOLUTIONS IN AN ABRASION TEST (LOS ANGELES MACHINE ASTM C-535-69) AND SHOULD SUSTAIN A LOSS OF NOT MORE THAN 10% AFTER 12 CYCLES OF FREEZING AND THAWING (AASHTO TEST 103 FOR LEDGE ROCK PROCEDURE A).
- ROCK HAVING A MINIMUM SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 2.65 IS PREFERRED; HOWEVER, IN NO CASE SHOULD ROCK HAVE A SPECIFIC GRAVITY LESS THAN 2.50.

TYPE L RIPRAP	
INTERMEDIATE ROCK DIMENSION (IN .)	PERCENT PASSING (%)
15	70-100
12	50-70
9	35-50
3	2-10

*TYPE L RIPRAP D50=9" D50=MEAN PARTICLE SIZE (INTERMEDIATE DIMENSION) BY WEIGHT

TYPE M RIPRAP	
INTERMEDIATE ROCK DIMENSION (IN .)	PERCENT PASSING (%)
21	70-100
18	50-70
12	35-50
4	2-10

*TYPE L RIPRAP D50=12" D50=MEAN PARTICLE SIZE (INTERMEDIATE DIMENSION) BY WEIGHT

TYPE H RIPRAP	
INTERMEDIATE ROCK DIMENSION (IN .)	PERCENT PASSING (%)
30	70-100
24	50-70
18	35-50
6	2-10

*TYPE L RIPRAP D50=18" D50=MEAN PARTICLE SIZE (INTERMEDIATE DIMENSION) BY WEIGHT

TYPE VH RIPRAP	
INTERMEDIATE ROCK DIMENSION (IN .)	PERCENT PASSING (%)
41	70-100
33	50-70
24	35-50
9	2-10

*TYPE L RIPRAP D50=24" D50=MEAN PARTICLE SIZE (INTERMEDIATE DIMENSION) BY WEIGHT

*TYPE L RIPRAP D50=6" D50=MEAN PARTICLE SIZE (INTERMEDIATE DIMENSION) BY WEIGHT

DRAWN BY: DLH JOB DATE: 12/11/2023
 APPROVED: KMH JOB NUMBER: ---
 CAD DATE: 7/15/2024
 CAD FILE: J:\2020\201662\CADD\dwgs\CIPUD_Phase_2_662.202\GEC_Early_Grading\Early_GEC_Detail

BAR IS ONE INCH ON OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
 IF NOT ONE INCH, ADJUST SCALE ACCORDINGLY.

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION

HRGreen
 HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
 1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
 COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
 PHONE: 719.300.4140
 FAX: 713.965.0044

GRANDVIEW RESERVE - PHASE 2
 D.R. HORTON
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO

D-R HORTON
 America's Builder

EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS
 DETAILS

SHEET
 DT
 11



APPENDIX C – CALCULATIONS

SEDIMENT BASIN A - POND A
SEDIMENT BASIN STAGE-STORAGE CALCULATIONS

Elevation	Area	Area	Volume	Volume	Cumm Vol	Cumm Vol	Proration	Proration	Elev.
	S.F.	Acre	Cu. Ft.	Acre-Ft	Cu. Ft.	Acre-Ft	Enter Vol.	Enter Vol.	ft.
							in Cu-Ft*	in Acre-Ft*	
6966.5	0								
6967.0	592		99		99	0.002			
6968.0	11497		4,899		4,998	0.115	20,597	0.473	6,968.89
6969.0	24552		17,617		22,615	0.519			
6970.0	34874		29,562		52,177	1.198	61,792	1.419	6,970.24
6971.0	44697		39,684		91,862	2.109			
6972.0	53878		49,216		141,078	3.239			
6973.0	62472		58,122		199,200	4.573			
6974.0									
6975.0									
6976.0									
6977.0									
6978.0									
6979.0									
6980.0									
6981.0									
6982.0									
6983.0									
6984.0									
6985.0									
6986.0									
6987.0									

COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	CENTROID EL.
ORIFICE 1-1	ORIFICE 1-2	6,968.89
ORIFICE 2-1	ORIFICE 2-2	6,969.22
ORIFICE 3-1	ORIFICE 3-2	6,969.55
ORIFICE 4-1	ORIFICE 4-2	6,969.88

SED Basin riser pipe orifice calculations		
A_0 =	area per row of orifices spaced on 4" centers (in ²)	
V=	1.4185 design volume (acre feet) * < 15 ac.	
T_0 =	72 time to drain the prescribed volume (hrs) (Typically 72 hours for EURV)	
H=	1.357 depth of volume (ft)	
S=	0.0001 Trickle channel slope (ft/ft) [Use 0.0001 for flat slope]	
		S=0%
A_0 =	3.6810 in ²	3.6702 in ²
Dia	2.16 in	*EXCEEDS 1", USE TWO COLUMNS @ $A_0=1.86$ in ²
	4.32 Dia=/2	1.86 in ² = 1-9/16 in. dia.
	8.65 Dia=/4	
	17.29 Dia=/8	
	34.59 Dia=/16	
	69.18 Dia=/32	

SEDIMENT VOLUME CALCULATIONS			
Disturbed area-acres	20.810	Acre	
Undisturbed area-acres	11.210	Acre	
Total Area-acres	32.020	Acre	
Sediment volume	61,792	cu-ft	1.4185 Acres-ft
Volume below lowest hole	20,597	cu-ft	0.4728 Acres-ft
Volume above lowest hole	61,792	cu-ft	1.4185 Acres-ft
Total Volume	82,369	cu-ft	1.8909 Acres-ft

Note: Enter values in highlighted cells only.

SEDIMENT BASIN B - POND B
SEDIMENT BASIN STAGE-STORAGE CALCULATIONS

Elevation	Area	Area	Volume	Volume	Cumm Vol	Cumm Vol	Proration	Proration	Elev.
	S.F.	Acre	Cu. Ft.	Acre-Ft	Cu. Ft.	Acre-Ft	Enter Vol.	Enter Vol.	Cu-Ft
							in Cu-Ft*	in Acre-Ft*	
6932.0	0								
6933.0	17869		5,961		5,961	0.137	23,575		6,933.73
6934.0	30861		24,071		30,032	0.689			
6935.0	34515		32,671		62,703	1.439	70,724		6,935.22
6936.0	38511		36,495		99,198	2.277			
6937.0	42664		40,570		139,767	3.209			
6938.0	46975		44,802		184,570	4.237			
6939.0	51087		49,017		233,586	5.362			
6940.0									
6941.0									
6942.0									
6943.0									
6944.0									
6945.0									
6946.0									
6947.0									
6948.0									
6949.0									
6950.0									
6951.0									
6952.0									
6953.0									

COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	CENTROID EL.
ORIFICE 1-1	ORIFICE 1-2	6,933.73
ORIFICE 2-1	ORIFICE 2-2	6,934.06
ORIFICE 3-1	ORIFICE 3-2	6,934.39
ORIFICE 4-1	ORIFICE 4-2	6,934.72
ORIFICE 5-1	ORIFICE 5-2	6,935.05

SED Basin riser pipe orifice calculations		
$A_0 =$	area per row of orifices spaced on 4" centers (in ²)	
$V =$	1.6236 design volume (acre feet) * <15 ac.	
$T_0 =$	72 time to drain the prescribed volume (hrs) (Typically 72 hours for EURV)	
$H =$	1.488 depth of volume (ft)	
$S =$	0.0001 Trickle channel slope (ft/ft) [Use 0.0001 for flat slope]	
		$S = 0\%$
$A_0 =$	4.0940 in ²	4.0819 in ²
Dia	2.28 in	*EXCEEDS 1", USE TWO COLUMNS @ $A_0 = 2.05$ in ²
	4.56	Dia = /2 2.05 in ² = 1-5/8" Dia.
	9.12	Dia = /4
	18.24	Dia = /8
	36.48	Dia = /16
	72.95	Dia = /32

SEDIMENT VOLUME CALCULATIONS			
Disturbed area-acres	23.820	Acre	
Undisturbed area-acres	12.820	Acre	
Total Area-acres	36.640	Acre	
Sediment volume	70,724	cu-ft	1.6236 Acres-ft
Volume below lowest hole	23,575	cu-ft	0.5412 Acres-ft
Volume above lowest hole	70,724	cu-ft	1.6236 Acres-ft
Total Volume	94,275	cu-ft	2.1643 Acres-ft

Note: Enter values in highlighted cells only.

SEDIMENT BASIN C
SEDIMENT BASIN STAGE-STORAGE CALCULATIONS

Elevation	Area S.F.	Area Acre	Volume Cu. Ft.	Volume Acre-Ft	Cumm Vol Cu. Ft.	Cumm Vol Acre-Ft	Proration Enter Vol. in Cu-Ft*	Proration Enter Vol. in Acre-Ft*	Elev. Cu-Ft
6942.5	0								
6943.0	4181		698		698	0.016			
6944.0	7102		5,577		6,275	0.144			
6945.0	8602		7,840		14,115	0.324	15,810		6,945.18
6946.0	10225		9,402		23,517	0.540	31,620		6,946.74
6947.0	11766		10,986		34,504	0.792			
6943.5									
6944.5									
6945.5									
6946.5									
6947.5									
6948.5									
6949.5									
6950.5									
6951.5									
6952.5									
6953.5									
6954.5									
6955.5									
6956.5									
6957.5									
6958.5									

COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	CENTROID EL.
ORIFICE 1-1	ORIFICE 1-2	6,945.18
ORIFICE 2-1	ORIFICE 2-2	6,945.51
ORIFICE 3-1	ORIFICE 3-2	6,945.84
ORIFICE 4-1	ORIFICE 4-2	6,946.17
ORIFICE 5-1	ORIFICE 5-2	6,946.50

SED Basin riser pipe orifice calculations			
$A_0 =$			area per row of orifices spaced on 4" centers (in ²)
$V =$	0.3629		design volume (acre feet) * <15 ac.
$T_0 =$	72		time to drain the prescribed volume (hrs) (Typically 72 hours for EURV)
$H =$	1.557		depth of volume (ft)
$S =$	0.0001		Trickel channel slope (ft/ft) [Use 0.0001 for flat slope]
			$S = 0\%$
$A_0 =$	1.0301	in ²	1.0271 in ²
Dia	1.14	in	*EXCEEDS 1", USE TWO COLUMNS @ $A_0 = 1.027$ in ²
	2.29		Dia=/2 Area of 0.51 in ² = Dia. Of 0.8" = 13/16"
	4.57		Dia=/4
	9.15		Dia=/8
	18.30		Dia=/16
	36.59		Dia=/32

SEDIMENT VOLUME CALCULATIONS			
Disturbed area-acres	8.200	Acre	
Undisturbed area-acres	4.200	Acre	
Total Area-acres	12.400	Acre	
Sediment volume	31,620	cu-ft	0.7259 Acres-ft
Volume below lowest hole	15,810	cu-ft	0.3629 Acres-ft
Volume above lowest hole	15,810	cu-ft	0.3629 Acres-ft
Total Volume	31,620	cu-ft	0.7259 Acres-ft

Note: Enter values in highlighted cells only.

<u>BMP FEATURE</u>	<u>TOTAL TRIBUTARY AREA (AC)</u>	<u>DISTURBED AREA (AC)</u>	<u>UNDISTURBED AREA (AC)</u>	<u>BOTTOM SIZE (FT)</u>	<u>SEDIMENT VOLUME (AC-FT)</u>	<u>BASIN VOLUME (AC-FT)</u>	<u>BOTTOM ELEVATION</u>	<u>CREST ELEVATION</u>	<u>CREST WxL (FT)</u>	<u>TOP OF POND ELEVATION</u>	<u>LOWEST ORIFICE ELEVATION</u>	<u>AREA OF ORIFICES (SQ IN)</u>	<u># OF ORIFICE COLUMNS</u>	<u>DIA. OF ORIFICES</u>	<u>RISER PIPE INVERT</u>	<u>DAYLIGHT ELEVATION</u>	<u>OUTLET PIPE LENGTH (FT)</u>	<u>OUTLET PIPE SLOPE</u>
SB-A	32.02	20.81	11.21	400' x 140'	1.42	4.57	6966.50	6971.50	60' x 40'	6973.00	6968.89	1.86	2	1-9/16"	6967.56	6964.75	65	4.3%
SB-B	36.64	23.82	12.82	115' x 260'	1.62	5.36	6932.00	6939.00	77.5' x 40'	6939.00	6933.73	2.05	2	1-5/8"	6932.40	6929.20	72	4.4%
SB-C	12.40	8.20	4.20	85' x 124'	0.73	0.79	6942.50	6946.50	18' x 15'	6947.00	6945.18	0.51	2	13/16"	6943.85	6942.00	50	3.7%



Grandview Reserve Phase 2
Stormwater Management Plan
Project No.: 201662.202
El Paso County, Colorado

APPENDIX D – EL PASO COUNTY CONSTRUCTION CONTROL MEASURES (see GEC Plans)



APPENDIX E – SPILL PREVENTION PLAN

Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan

Facility Name: _____
Address: _____

Contact Name: _____
Phone: _____
Fax: _____
Email: _____

Certification: I hereby certify that I have examined the facility, and, being familiar with the provisions of 40 CFR part 112, attest that this SPCC plan has been prepared, or updated within 5 years, in accordance with good engineering practices and meets the requirements listed in 40 CFR part 112.

This plan has been certified by:

Date of certification: _____

Engineer's Seal

Copies of this plan are located at the facility and are available to all employees.

Location(s) of plan(s): _____

I. FACILITY INFORMATION

- a. Facility Name: _____
- b. Mailing Address: _____

- c. Physical address if different: _____

- d. Owner Name: _____
- e. Owner Address: _____

- f. Primary Contact Name: _____
Work Phone Number: _____
Home Phone Number: _____
Mobile Phone Number: _____
- g. Secondary Contact Name: _____
Work Phone Number: _____
Home Phone Number: _____
Mobile Phone Number: _____
- h. Date of Initial Operation: _____

II. SITE ASSESSMENT

a. Location:

Describe where facility is located. For example, “This site is located along Broad Creek about 2 miles north of its confluence with the Choptank River at Holland Point. Road access is from. . . . The site is located on Talbot County ADC map 22 (H5). Latitude is ____ and longitude is ____.”

III. FACILITY DESCRIPTION

a. Acres of land: ____

b. Facilities and Equipment:

Place an X beside all that apply.

- ____ Garage for vehicle processing
- ____ Parts store
- ____ On-site crusher
- ____ Impervious crush pad for crusher
- ____ Impervious pad for outside vehicle processing
- ____ Spill kit/emergency equipment
- ____ Refrigerant (Freon) extractor

- ____ Parts washer
- ____ Other structures and major equipment:

Please list: _____

c. Services:

Place an X beside all that apply.

- ____ Dismantler/Recycler
- ____ Sell used parts
- ____ Sell vehicles for scrap
- ____ Crushing
- ____ Auto body/repair shop
- ____ Sell used cars

____ Other services:

Please list: _____

d. Fixed Storage:

List capacity and contents of each storage container. For example, "One 6,000 gallon above ground tank containing diesel fuel." Be sure to include diesel, gasoline, waste oil, heating oil, kerosene, paint thinner and other solvents. Also describe the construction of the containers, secondary containment for each, liquid level indicators, alarms and method of corrosion protection for each container. _____

e. Non-Fixed Storage:

List capacity and contents of each storage container. For example, "One 55 gallon drum for recycled oil." Be sure to indicate what each container is used for, its condition and construction and how secondary containment is provided. _____

f. Total quantity of stored materials:

The combined quantity of the materials listed above: _____ gallons

IV. OIL SPILL HISTORY

Place an X on the appropriate line and proceed accordingly.

____ There has never been a significant spill at the above named facility.

____ There have been one or more significant spills at the above named facility. Details of such spill(s) are described below.

For each spill that occurred, supply the following information:

- Type and amount of oil spilled
- Location, date and time of spill(s)
- Watercourse affected
- Description of physical damage
- Cost of damage
- Cost of clean-up
- Cause of spill
- Action taken to prevent recurrence

V. POTENTIAL SPILL VOLUMES AND RATES

Fill in all applicable blanks. Be prepared to show the engineer documentation of flow rates. Your fuel vendor and the manufacturer of your storage and dispensing equipment should be able to provide this documentation.

<u>Potential Event</u>	<u>Volume Released</u>	<u>Spill Rate</u>
Complete failure of a full tank*	___ gallons	instantaneous
Partial failure of a full tank*	1 to ___ gallons	gradual to instantaneous
Tank overflow**	1 to ___ gallons	up to ___ gallons per minute
Leaking during unloading***	up to ___ gallons	up to ___ gallons per minute
Pipe failure****	up to ___ gallons	up to ___ gallons per minute
Leaking pipe or valve****	several ounces to gallons	up to ___ gallons per minute
Fueling operations****	several ounces to gallons	up to ___ gallons per minute
Oil and grease	several ounces to quarts	spotting

* Volume of largest tank

** Calculate using the rate at which fuel is dispensed from the delivery truck into your tank(s).

*** Calculate using the rate at which petroleum would be withdrawn from the tank if it should have to be emptied (e.g., if it was being taken out of service).

**** Calculate based on the specifications of your equipment.

VI. SPILL PREVENTION AND CONTROL

a. Spill Prevention:

Provide specific descriptions of containment facilities and practices. Include description of items such as double-walled tanks, containment berms, emergency shut-offs, drip pans, fueling procedures and spill response kits. Also, describe how and when employees are trained in proper handling procedures and spill prevention and response procedures.

b. Spill discharge and flow:

For each potential spill source, describe where petroleum would flow in the event of a spill. For example, “The 6,000 gallon diesel tank has a pre-manufactured secondary containment system capable of holding 110 percent of the total volume of the tank” and, “A spill from engine repair would be contained inside the shop building and quickly cleaned up with oil absorbents.” Incorporate site map by reference (see instructions under *Appendices*).

c. Spill response:

Identify what equipment would be deployed by whom and in what situation. Also, include phone numbers for response agencies, *e.g.*, U.S. Coast Guard, fire department, spill response contractors, etc. A copy of your spill response plan may be attached as an appendix to this SPCC plan in lieu of completing this section.

d. Security

Provide a description of how all containers are protected when the facility is not in operation or unattended. Include a description of fencing, access control, gates, locks, etc. that prevent access by unauthorized individuals.

VII. FACILITY INSPECTIONS

a. Routine Inspections

Name facilities and the frequency with which they are inspected. For example, “The fuel pumps are inspected daily. The materials storage area is inspected monthly.” Describe all facility containers, piping, etc. that is to be inspected. Name the person who has responsibility to implement preventative maintenance programs, oversee on-site inspections, coordinate employee training, maintain records, update the plan as necessary, and ensure that reports are submitted to the proper authorities.

b. Annual Inspections

Include a description of annual comprehensive inspections. For example, “A site inspection is also conducted annually by appropriate responsible personnel to verify that the description of potential pollutant sources are accurate, that the map reflects current site conditions, and that the controls to reduce the pollutants identified in this plan are being implemented and are adequate. This annual inspection will be conducted above and beyond the routine inspections done focusing on designated equipment and areas where potential sources are located.”

VIII. RECORD KEEPING

Describe record keeping procedures. For example, “Record keeping procedures consist of maintaining all records a minimum of three years. The following items will be kept on file: current SPCC plan, internal site reviews, training records, and documentation of any spills or maintenance conducted in regards to these sites.” *Maintenance Inspection, Employee Training, and Record Keeping* logs are included in this template for your use.

IX. MAINTENANCE INSPECTIONS

Maintenance Coordinator: _____ Maintenance Coordinator responsibilities include implementation of preventative maintenance programs and oversight of on-site inspections.

Use this table to record inspections:

Facility Inspected	Date of Inspection	Name of Inspector	Result Pass/Fail	Comments

X. RECORD KEEPING OF INCIDENTAL SPILLS

Record Keeper: _____ . Record Keeper responsibilities include maintaining records of incidents, updating the SPCC plan as necessary and ensuring reports are submitted to the proper authorities when necessary.

Incident No.	Type of Incident	Date of Occurrence	How it was Cleaned Up



APPENDIX F – CSWMP REPORT REVISION LOG



SWMP REPORT REVISION LOG

REVISION #	DATE	BY	COMMENTS



APPENDIX G – CERTIFICATIONS



EnviroCert International, Inc.[®]

certifies that

Staci Kahl

Subscribes to the Code of Ethics and Professional Conduct and has met the requirements established for the CPESC[®] Program as a

Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control[®]

CPESC[®] Number: 14953

Certificate Date: 25-Sep-2023

Robert Anderson, EnviroCert Board President

Jim O'Tousa, EnviroCert Technical Advisory Council





CISEC, Inc.
 P.O. Box 188
 Parker, CO 80134
 Ph: (720) 235-2783
 Fax: 303-841-6383
 E-mail: contactus@cisecinc.org

CISEC, Inc. Wallet Card

Name: Staci Kahl

Order Date February 2023

Below is your wallet card.

Please print this card and keep it in your wallet or your files.

 <p>CISEC, Inc. Board of Directors <i>certifies that</i> Staci Kahl <i>has demonstrated satisfactory evidence of sediment and erosion control inspection skills and successfully passed the certification examination and therefore, as required by CISEC, Inc., is authorized to use the title of</i> Certified Inspector of Sediment and Erosion Control 3561  February 28, 2024</p>	<p><i>As a CISEC Registrant, I agree to the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> At all times, strictly abide by the CISEC, Inc. Code of Ethics, Perform all services in a professional manner and uphold professional standards in relating to the public, to other CISEC, Inc. registrants and to other professionals within the industry, Earn at least 12 CDH's each year after becoming a CISEC registrant and Pay CISEC, Inc. annual renewal fees. <p> CISEC, Inc. P.O. Box 188 Parker, CO 80134 720-235-2783 www.cisecinc.org</p>			
<table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="162 1197 389 1260">CISEC #</td> <td data-bbox="389 1197 600 1260">CISEC, Inc. President</td> <td data-bbox="600 1197 795 1260">Expiration Date</td> </tr> </table>	CISEC #	CISEC, Inc. President	Expiration Date	<p> Signature (required)</p>
CISEC #	CISEC, Inc. President	Expiration Date		



APPENDIX H – CLOMR APPROVALS



Federal Emergency Management Agency

Washington, D.C. 20472

November 15, 2024

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

The Honorable Carrie Geitner
Chair, Board of Commissioners
200 South Cascade Avenue, Suite 100
Colorado Springs, CO 80903

IN REPLY REFER TO:

Case No.: 24-08-0102R
Community Name: El Paso County, CO
Community No.: 080059

104

Dear Chair Geitner:

We are providing our comments with the enclosed Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) on a proposed project within your community that, if constructed as proposed, could revise the effective Flood Insurance Study report and Flood Insurance Rate Map for your community.

If you have any questions regarding the floodplain management regulations for your community, the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) in general, or technical questions regarding this CLOMR, please contact the Director, Mitigation Division of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Regional Office in Denver, at (303) 235-4830, or the FEMA Mapping and Insurance eXchange (FMIX) toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP). Additional information about the NFIP is available on our website at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-insurance>.

Sincerely,

Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbibit, P.E., Branch Chief
Engineering Services Branch
Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration

List of Enclosures:

Conditional Letter of Map Revision Comment Document

cc: Keith Curtis, P.E., CFM
Floodplain Administrator
Pikes Peak Regional Building Department

Greg Panza
Regional Manager
HR Green

Caitlin McDaniel, P.E., CFM
Floodplain Mapping Coordinator
Colorado Water Conservation Board

Marta Blanco Castaño, GISP, CFM
Flood Mapping Program Assistant
Colorado Water Conservation Board

Kevin Houck, P.E., CFM
Chief, Watershed and Flood Protection Section
Colorado Water Conservation Board



Federal Emergency Management Agency

Washington, D.C. 20472

CONDITIONAL LETTER OF MAP REVISION COMMENT DOCUMENT

COMMUNITY INFORMATION		PROPOSED PROJECT DESCRIPTION	BASIS OF CONDITIONAL REQUEST
COMMUNITY	El Paso County Colorado (Unincorporated Areas)	CULVERT CHANNELIZATION	1D HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS UPDATED TOPOGRAPHIC DATA
	COMMUNITY NO.: 080059		
IDENTIFIER	Grandview Reserve Geick Ranch Tributary 2 Improvements	APPROXIMATE LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE: 39.981, -104.556 SOURCE: USGS QUADRANGLE DATUM: NAD 83	
AFFECTED MAP PANELS			
TYPE: FIRM*	NO.: 08041C0552G	DATE: December 7, 2018	* FIRM - Flood Insurance Rate Map
TYPE: FIRM	NO.: 08041C0556G	DATE: December 7, 2018	

FLOODING SOURCES AND REACH DESCRIPTION

Geick Ranch Tributary 2 – From approximately 1,500 feet upstream of US Highway 24 to approximately 1,800 feet upstream of Eastonville Road

PROPOSED PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Flooding Source	Proposed Project	Location of Proposed Project
Geick Ranch Tributary 2	New 8' x 4' RCB Culvert	Approximately 2,800 feet upstream of US Highway 24
	New 7' x 1' RCB Culvert	Approximately 3,800 feet downstream of US Eastonville Road
	New 8' x 4' RCB Culvert	Approximately 1,700 feet downstream of Eastonville Road
	Channelization	From approximately 1,500 feet upstream of US Highway 24 to approximately 1,800 feet upstream of Eastonville Road
	New 10' x 4' RCB Culvert	Approximately 750 feet downstream of Eastonville Road

SUMMARY OF IMPACTS TO FLOOD HAZARD DATA

Flooding Source	Effective Flooding	Proposed Flooding	Increases	Decreases
Geick Ranch Tributary 2	Zone A	Zone AE	Yes	Yes
	No BFEs	BFEs	Yes	None

* BFEs - Base (1-percent-annual-chance) Flood Elevations

COMMENT

This document provides the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA's) comment regarding a request for a CLOMR for the project described above. This document is not a final determination; it only provides our comment on the proposed project in relation to the flood hazard information shown on the effective National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) map. We reviewed the submitted data and the data used to prepare the effective flood hazard information for your community and determined that the proposed project meets the minimum floodplain management criteria of the NFIP. Your community is responsible for approving all floodplain development and for ensuring that all permits required by Federal or State/Commonwealth law have been received. State/Commonwealth, county, and community officials, based on their knowledge of local conditions and in the interest of safety, may set higher standards for construction in the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA), the area subject to inundation by the base flood). If the State/Commonwealth, county, or community has adopted more restrictive or comprehensive floodplain management criteria, these criteria take precedence over the minimum NFIP criteria.

This comment is based on the flood data presently available. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Mapping and Insurance eXchange (FMIX) toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 3601 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite 500, Alexandria, VA 22304. Additional Information about the NFIP is available on the FEMA website at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-insurance>.

Patrick "Rick" F. Sacibit, P.E., Branch Chief
Engineering Services Branch
Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration



Federal Emergency Management Agency
Washington, D.C. 20472

**CONDITIONAL LETTER OF MAP REVISION
COMMENT DOCUMENT (CONTINUED)**

COMMUNITY INFORMATION

To determine the changes in flood hazards that will be caused by the proposed project, we compared the hydraulic modeling reflecting the proposed project (referred to as the proposed conditions model) to the hydraulic modeling used to prepare the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) (referred to as the effective model). If the effective model does not provide enough detail to evaluate the effects of the proposed project, an existing conditions model must be developed to provide this detail. This existing conditions model is then compared to the effective model and the proposed conditions model to differentiate the increases or decreases in flood hazards caused by more detailed modeling from the increases or decreases in flood hazards that will be caused by the proposed project.

The table below shows the changes in the BFEs:

BFE Comparison Table

Flooding Source: Dirty Woman Creek-Lake Fork		BFE Change (feet)	Location of maximum change
Existing vs. Effective	Maximum increase	N/A	N/A
	Maximum decrease	N/A	N/A
Proposed vs. Existing	Maximum increase	5.5	Approximately 1,700 downstream of Eastonville Road
	Maximum decrease	8.0	Approximately 400 feet downstream of Eastonville Road
Proposed vs. Effective	Maximum increase	N/A	N/A
	Maximum decrease	N/A	N/A

Increases due to the proposed project that exceed those permitted under Paragraphs (c)(10) or (d)(3) of Section 60.3 of the NFIP regulations must adhere to Section 65.12 of the NFIP regulations. With this request, your community has complied with all requirements of Paragraph 65.12(a) of the NFIP regulations. Compliance with Paragraph 65.12(b) also is necessary before FEMA can issue a Letter of Map Revision when a community proposes to permit encroachments into the effective regulatory floodway that will cause BFE increases in excess of those permitted under Paragraph 60.3(c)(3)

NFIP regulations Subparagraph 60.3(b)(7) requires communities to ensure that the flood-carrying capacity within the altered or relocated portion of any watercourse is maintained. This provision is incorporated into your community's existing floodplain management ordinances; therefore, responsibility for maintenance of the altered or relocated watercourse, including any related appurtenances such as bridges, culverts, and other drainage structures, rests with your community. We may request that your community submit a description and schedule of maintenance activities necessary to ensure this requirement.

This comment is based on the flood data presently available. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Mapping and Insurance eXchange (FMIX) toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 3601 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite 500, Alexandria, VA 22304. Additional Information about the NFIP is available on the FEMA website at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-insurance>.

Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbbit, P.E., Branch Chief
Engineering Services Branch
Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration



Federal Emergency Management Agency
Washington, D.C. 20472

**CONDITIONAL LETTER OF MAP REVISION
COMMENT DOCUMENT (CONTINUED)**

COMMUNITY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DATA REQUIRED FOR FOLLOW-UP LOMR

Upon completion of the project, your community must submit the data listed below and request that we make a final determination on revising the effective FIRM and FIS report. If the project is built as proposed and the data below are received, a revision to the FIRM and FIS report would be warranted.

- Detailed application and certification forms must be used for requesting final revisions to the maps. Therefore, when the map revision request for the area covered by this letter is submitted, Form 1, entitled "Overview and Concurrence Form," must be included. A copy of this form may be accessed at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-maps/change-your-flood-zone/paper-application-forms/mt-2>.

- The detailed application and certification forms listed below may be required if as-built conditions differ from the proposed plans. If required, please submit new forms, which may be accessed at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-maps/change-your-flood-zone/paper-application-forms/mt-2>, or annotated copies of the previously submitted forms showing the revised information.

Form 2, entitled "Riverine Hydrology and Hydraulics Form." Hydraulic analyses for as-built conditions of the base flood and the regulatory floodway, must be submitted with Form 2.

Form 3, entitled "Riverine Structures Form."

- A certified topographic work map showing the revised and effective base floodplain and floodway boundaries. Please ensure that the revised information ties in with the current effective information at the downstream and upstream ends of the revised reach.
- An annotated copy of the FIRM, at the scale of the effective FIRM, that shows the revised base floodplain boundary delineations shown on the submitted work map and how they tie into the base floodplain boundary delineations shown on the current effective FIRM at the downstream and upstream ends of the revised reach.
- As-built plans, certified by a registered Professional Engineer, of all proposed project elements.
- Documentation of the individual legal notices sent to property owners who will be affected by any widening or shifting of the base floodplain and/or any BFE increases along Geick Ranch Tributary 2.

This comment is based on the flood data presently available. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Mapping and Insurance eXchange (FMIX) toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 3601 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite 500, Alexandria, VA 22304. Additional Information about the NFIP is available on the FEMA website at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-insurance>.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Rick F. Sacibit".

Patrick "Rick" F. Sacibit, P.E., Branch Chief
Engineering Services Branch
Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration



Federal Emergency Management Agency
Washington, D.C. 20472

**CONDITIONAL LETTER OF MAP REVISION
COMMENT DOCUMENT (CONTINUED)**

COMMUNITY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DATA REQUIRED FOR FOLLOW-UP LOMR (continued)

• FEMA's fee schedule for reviewing and processing requests for conditional and final modifications to published flood information and maps may be accessed at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-maps/change-your-flood-zone/status/flood-map-related-fees>. The fee at the time of the map revision submittal must be received before we can begin processing the request. Payment of this fee can be made through a check or money order, made payable in U.S. funds to the National Flood Insurance Program, or by credit card (Visa or MasterCard only). Please either forward the payment, along with the revision application, to the following address:

Colorado Water Conservation Board
Attention: Floodplain Mapping Program Manager
1313 Sherman Street, Rm 718
Denver, CO 80203

or submit the LOMR using the Online LOMC portal at: <https://hazards.fema.gov/femaportal/onlinelomc/signin>

After receiving appropriate documentation to show that the project has been completed, FEMA will initiate a revision to the FIRM and FIS report. Because the flood hazard information (i.e., base flood elevations, base flood depths, SFHAs, zone designations, and/or regulatory floodways) will change as a result of the project, a 90-day appeal period will be initiated for the revision, during which community officials and interested persons may appeal the revised flood hazard information based on scientific or technical data.

This comment is based on the flood data presently available. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Mapping and Insurance eXchange (FMIX) toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 3601 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite 500, Alexandria, VA 22304-6426. Additional Information about the NFIP is available on the FEMA website at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-insurance>.

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Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbbit, P.E., Branch Chief
Engineering Services Branch
Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration



Federal Emergency Management Agency
Washington, D.C. 20472

**CONDITIONAL LETTER OF MAP REVISION
COMMENT DOCUMENT (CONTINUED)**

COMMUNITY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

COMMUNITY REMINDERS

We have designated a Consultation Coordination Officer (CCO) to assist your community. The CCO will be the primary liaison between your community and FEMA. For information regarding your CCO, please contact:

Ms. Jeanine P. Petterson
Director, Mitigation Division
Federal Emergency Management Agency, Region VIII
Denver Federal Center, Building 710
P.O. Box 25267
Denver, CO 80225-0267
(303) 235-4830

This comment is based on the flood data presently available. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Mapping and Insurance eXchange (FMIX) toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 3601 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite 500, Alexandria, VA 22304. Additional Information about the NFIP is available on the FEMA website at <https://www.fema.gov/flood-insurance>.

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Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbbit, P.E., Branch Chief
Engineering Services Branch
Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration



Federal Emergency Management Agency

Washington, D.C. 20472

November 15, 2024

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

The Honorable Carrie Geitner
Chair, Board of Commissioners
200 South Cascade Avenue, Suite 100
Colorado Springs, CO 80903

IN REPLY REFER TO:

Case No.: 24-08-0102R
Community Name: El Paso County, CO
Community No.: 080059

104

Dear Chair Geitner:

We are providing our comments with the enclosed Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) on a proposed project within your community that, if constructed as proposed, could revise the effective Flood Insurance Study report and Flood Insurance Rate Map for your community.

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Sincerely,

Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbibit, P.E., Branch Chief
Engineering Services Branch
Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration

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