CHERRY CREEK CROSSING, FILING NO. 1 LOT 111

OVERLOT GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

GENERAL NOTES

- . ALL NEW CONSTRUCTION TO CONFORM TO THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE EL PASO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICES. ANY ASPHALT REMOVED IS TO BE REPLACED TO MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE EL PASO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICES.
- A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING SHALL BE HELD WITH THE EL PASO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION.

 APPROVED PLANS, EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL, ETC. IS REQUIRED TO BE ON-SITE
- ALL NECESSARY PERMITS, SUCH AS WORKING IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY, SWMP, FUGITIVE DUST, ESOCP, ACCESS, C.O.E. 404, ETC. SHALL BE OBTAINED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. PROFILE DESIGN LINES AND HORIZONTAL STATIONING ARE BASED ON CENTERLINE, AS SHOWN, UNLESS
- OTHERWISE, NOTED.

 FOR CENTERLINE DESIGN, CURB AND GUTTER, ROAD SIDE DITCH LOCATIONS AND SIDEWALK SEE INDIVIDUAL PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS. PAVEMENT DESIGN TO BE BASED ON RESISTANCE VALUE 'R' DERIVED FROM HYEEM TESTS AND ARE TO BE APPROVED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES PRIOR TO WORK ABOVE SUBGRADE.
- ALL VERTICAL DESIGN AND TOP OF CURB ARE BASED ON THE DESIGN POINT AS SHOWN IN THE TYPICAL CROSS SECTION.
- 8. AT INTERSECTIONS, ALL RADII TO EDGE OF ASPHALT SHALL BE 20-FOOT UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- AT INTERSECTIONS, ALL RAUIT TO EDGE OF ASPMALT SHALL BE 20-FOOT ONLESS STHERMSE WORLD. THE LOCATIONS OF THE EXISTING UTILITIES HAVE BEEN SHOWN ACCORDING TO THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD LOCATION AND VERIFICATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK. IF IT APPEARS THAT THERE COULD BE A CONFLICT WITH ANY UTILITIES, WHETHER INDICATED ON THE PLANS OR NOT, THE CONTRACTOR IS TO NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND OWNER IMMEDIATELY. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION AND REPAIR (IF NECESSARY) OF ALL UTILITIES.
- 10. WHERE APPROPRIATE, NEATLY SAW CUT ALL EXISTING CONCRETE AND ASPHALT. REPAIR/REPLACE ALL DISTURBED EXISTING ITEMS WITH LIKE MATERIALS AND THICKNESSES. MINIMUM ASPHALT THICKNESS SHALL BE 4-INCHES.
- 11. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE REVEGETATED WITH NATIVE GRASSES WITHIN 21 DAYS OF EXCAVATION PER EROSION CONTROL PLAN.
- PER EROSION CONTROL PLAN.

 12. THE PREPARED EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN IS TO BE CONSIDERED A PART OF THESE PLANS AND ITS REQUIREMENTS ADHERED TO DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT.

 13. ALL STORM AND SANITARY SEWER PIPE LENGTHS AND SLOPES ARE FIGURED FROM CENTER OF MANHOLE OR BEND. CULVERT PIPE LENGTHS ARE DETERMINED FROM THE END OF THE FLARED END SECTIONS. PIPE LENGTHS ARE GIVEN AS A HORIZONTAL LENGTH.

 14. ALL STORM SEWER BEDDING TO BE PER CDOT STANDARDS.
- 15. ALL STORM SEWER PIPE CLASS AND TYPE IS CALLED OUT ON THE PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS.

 16. CONCRETE PIPE JOINT FASTENERS ARE REQUIRED ON THE FIRST TWO PIPE JOINTS FROM THE DOWNSTREAM FLARED END SECTION OF A DRAINAGE PIPE.
- ALL WYES AND BENDS USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF STORM SEWER FACILITIES SHALL BE FACTORY FABRICATED, UNLESS APPROVED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES.
- 18. CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS USED IN ALL STORM AND SANITARY SEWER MANHOLES SHALL BE PER SPECIFICATIONS, STORM SEWER RADIAL DEFLECTIONS TO BE GROUTED OR INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURERS
- 19. STORM SEWER MANHOLE SIZES AS FOLLOWS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN:

ABBREVIATIONS

ASSY = ASSEMBLY
BNOY = BOUNDARY
B.O.P. = BOTTOM OF PIPE
C. = CONTRETUNE
C. = CONTRETUNE
CRA = CONCRETE REVERSE ANCHOR
CRB = CONCRETE INFRUST BLOCK
CR = POINT OF CURB RETURN
DIP = DUCTLE RON PIPE
ELEVATION
ESMT = ELEVATION
ESMT = ELEVATION
ESM = EASSEMBLY
F.C. = EXSEMBLY
F.C. = FARED CURB
FLANDE
F.A. = CURB
F.A. = CUR

SMT = EASCHEAT

J.X. = EXISTING

FC = FACE OF CURB

FES = FLARED END SECTION

FLG = FLANGE

FL = FLOWLINE

GB = GRADE BREAK

HP = HIGH POINT

HORZ, HORIZONTAL

HYO = HYDRANT

LD. = INSIDE DIAMETER

LT = LEFT

LF = LINEAR FEET

LP = LOW POINT

MAX. = MAXIMUM

- IONM SEWER MANHOLE SIZES AS FOLLOWS UNLESS DIFFERENCES SHOWN:

 18" THRU 36" USE 48" I.D. MANHOLE

 42" THRU 48" USE 60" I.D. MANHOLE

 54" THRU 60" USE 72" I.D. MANHOLE

 NOTE: MANHOLE SIZES TABULATED HERE SHALL BE INCREASED, IF NECESSARY, TO ACCOMMODATE INCOMING LATERALS.
- 20. DESIGN SPEED HODGEN ROAD 40MPH.
- ALL EARTHWORK, MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION ASSOCIATED WITH THE EXCAVATION, EMBANKMENT AND ASPHALT PAVING TO BE CARRIED OUT IN THIS PROJECT ARE TO BE COMPLETED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE EL PASO COUNTY ECM AND THE PIKES PEAK ASPHALT PAVING SPECIFICATIONS.

BRASS CAP IN CONCRETE NEAR THE SE COR LOT 111 - NGS MONUMENT "4BB RESET

BASIS OF REARING: THE BEARINGS & DISTANCES SHOWN ON FILING 1. CHERRY CREEK CROSSING

MH = MANHOLE
MIN = MANHOLE
MIN S SCALE
O.D. = WINSOE SCALE
O.D. = C = POINT OF HORIZONTAL CURVATURE
PCC = POINT OF CURVATURE ON HORIZ, CURVE
PP = PROPOSED
PT = POINT OF TANGENCY ON HORIZ, CURVE
PVC = POINT OF TANGENCY ON HORIZ, CURVE
PVC = POINT OF HORIZONTAL TANGENCY
PVC = POINT OF HORIZONTAL CURVATURE
PVC = POINT OF VERTICAL TANGENCY
RC3 = REHYDRECED CONCRETE BOX
RC4 = RIGHT OF MAY
RT = RIGHT OF MAY
RT = RIGHT OF MAY
RT = RIGHT SEMEN
STD = STANDARD
STD = STANDARD
TO.P. = TOP OF PIPE
TYP = TYPICAL
VC = VERTICAL CURVE
VERTICAL

HODGEN ROAD VICINITY MAP

INDEX OF SHEETS

- OVERLOT GRADING & FROSION CONTROL PLAN
- CULVERT EXTENSION DETAILS EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
- EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
- EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

DEVELOPER:

1604 South 21st Street. Colorado Springs, Colorado 80904 (719) 630-7342

PREPARED BY:

Jowa

NATHAN MILLER COLORADO SPRINGS 382 LTD. PARTNERSHIP 6070 CAMINO ALMONTE **TUCSON, AZ 85718**

Kiowa Project No. 14028 July 27, 2018

- 1. ALL DRAINAGE AND ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE EL PASO COUNTY DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL. VOLUMES 1 AND 2, AND THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL.

 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE NOTHFICATION AND FIELD NOTHFICATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, WHETHER SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR NOT, BEFORE BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CALL 811 TO CONTACT THE UTILITY NOTHFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO (UNCC).

 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP A COPY OF THESE APPROVED PLANS, THE GRADING ARD EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), THE SOILS AND CEOTECHNICAL REPORT, AND THE APPROPRIATE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AT THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIMES, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:

 0. EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL (ECM)

 3. COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

 3. COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

 4. COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

 5. COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION NOTES

'A.G.A./A.P.W.A. STANDARD UTILITY MARKING COLOR CODE

1-800-922-1987

CALL BEFORE YOU

- b. COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION
 C CDOT M & S STANDARDS
 NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING DEPICTED IN THESE PLANS IN WORDS OR GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION, ALL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION
 RELATED TO ROADS, STORM DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOST
 RECENT VERSION OF THE RELEVANT ADOPTED EL PASO COUNTY STANDARDS, INCLUDING THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, THE ENGINEERING
 CRITERIA MANUAL, THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, AND THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME 2. ANY DEVATIONS FROM
 REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS MUST BE REQUESTED, AND APPROVED, IN WRITING, ANY MODIFICATIONS NECESSARY TO MEET CRITERIA
- AFTER-THE-FACT WILL BE ENTIRELY THE DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO RECTIFY.

 IT IS THE DESIGN ENGINEER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ACCURATELY SHOW EXISTING CONDITIONS, BOTH ONSITE AND OFFSITE, ON THE
 CONSTRUCTION PLANS. ANY MODIFICATIONS NECESSARY DUE TO CONFLICTS, OMISSIONS, OR CHANGED CONDITIONS WILL BE ENTIRELY THE
- DEFELUENTS RESPONSIBILITY IN RECIPITY.

 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH EL PASO COUNTY PUBLIC SERVICES DEPARTMENT INSPECTIONS, PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION.
- 7. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO UNDERSTAND THE REQUIREMENTS OF ALL JURISDICTIONAL AGENCIES AND TO OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO EL PASO COUNTY EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PERMIT (ESQCP).
- REGIONAL BUILDING FLOODFLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMITS, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS—ISSUED 401 AND/OR 404 PERMITS, AND COUNTY AND STATE FUGITIVE DUST PERMITS. AND COUNTRACTOR SHALL NOT DEVIATE FROM THE PLANS WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND DSD. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DESIGN ENGINEER OR THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERY OF ANY FRRORS OR INCONSISTENCIES.

- ERRORS OR INCONSISTENCIES.

 ALL STORM DRAIN PIPE SHALL BE CLASS III RCP UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED AND APPROVED BY DSD.

 10. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE GEOTECHNICAL TESTING PER ECM STANDARDS. PAVEMENT DESIGN SHALL BE APPROVED BY EL PASO COUNTY DSD PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF CURB AND GUTTER AND PAVEMENT.

 11. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER/EXIT THE SITE AT APPROVED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS.

 12. SIGHT VISIBILITY TRIANGLES AS IDENTIFIED IN THE PLANS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL INTERSECTIONS. OBSTRUCTIONS GREATER THAN 18 INCHES ABOVE FLOWLINE ARE NOT ALLOWED WITHIN SIGHT TRIANGLES.
- INLIFED ABOVE FLOWLINE AND NOT ALLOWED WITHIN SIGHT INTANGLES.

 3. SIGNING AND STREPING SHALL COMPLY WITH EL PASO COUNTY DOT AND MUTCO CRITERIA. [IF APPLICABLE, ADDITIONAL SIGNING AND STRIPING NOTES WILL BE PROVIDED.]

 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL DATAIN ANY PERMITS REQUIRED BY EL PASO COUNTY PUBLIC SERVICES DEPARTMENT, INCLUDING WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND SPECIAL TRANSPORT PERMITS.

THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL REMAIN WITHIN THE PROPERTY LINE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. THE OWNER/DEVELOPER SHALL OBTAIN WRITTEN PERMISSION AND EASEMENTS, WHERE REQUIRED, FROM ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNER(S) PRIOR TO ANY OFF-SITE DISTURBANCE,

 $\frac{OWNER'S\ STATEMENT}{THE\ OWNER\ WILL\ COMPLY\ WITH\ THE\ REQUIREMENTS\ OF\ THE\ GRADING\ AND EROSION\ CONTROL PLAN.}{}$

ADDRESS: COLORADO SPRINGS 382 LTD. PARTNERSHI 6070 N. CAMINO ALMONTE TUCSON, AZ 85718-3703

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT.
THIS GRADING AND ENGISION CONTROL PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND
SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. SUB PLAN HAS
BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTY FAIR GRADING
AND BESSION CONTROL PLANS. IACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY POR ANY LIABILITY CAREED BY ANY

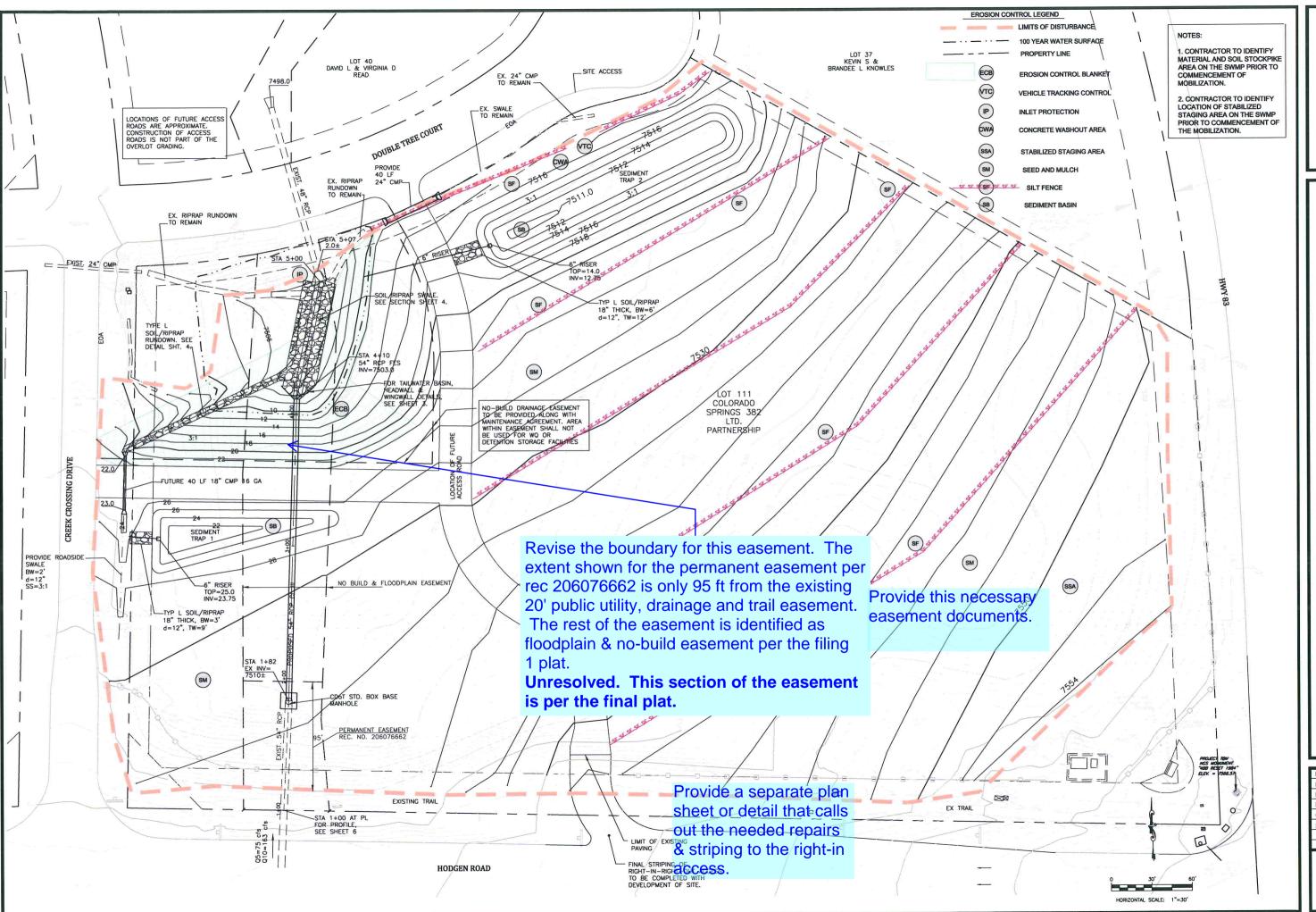
RICHARD N. WRAY P.E. 19310

DATE
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF KIOWA ENGINEERING CORPORATION

EL PASO COUNTY
COUNTY PLAN REVIEW IS PROVIDED ONLY FOR GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH COUNTY DESIGN
CRITERIA. THE COUNTY IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY AND ADEQUACY OF THE
DESIGN, DIMENSIONS, AND/OR ELEVATIONS WHICH SHALL BE CONFIRMED AT THE JOE STE
THE COUNTY THROUGH THE APPROVAL OF THIS DOUMBENT ASSURES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ECM SECTION 1.12, THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS WILL BE VALID FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE SIGNED BY THE BL PASO COUNTY ENGINEER. IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT STARTED WITHIN THOSE YEARS, THE PLANS WILL, NEED TO BE RESUBMITTED FOR APROVAL, INCLUDING PAYMENT OF REVIEW FEES AT THE PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR'S DISCRETION.

PCD PROJECT NO. CDR-17-003



Engineering Corporation
1804 South 21st Street
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80904

LOT 117 L PLAN CROSSING, FILING NO. 1 LOING and EROSION CONTROL CREEK CRO CHERRY OVERLO

Project No.: 14028

Date: JULY 27, 2018

Design: RNW

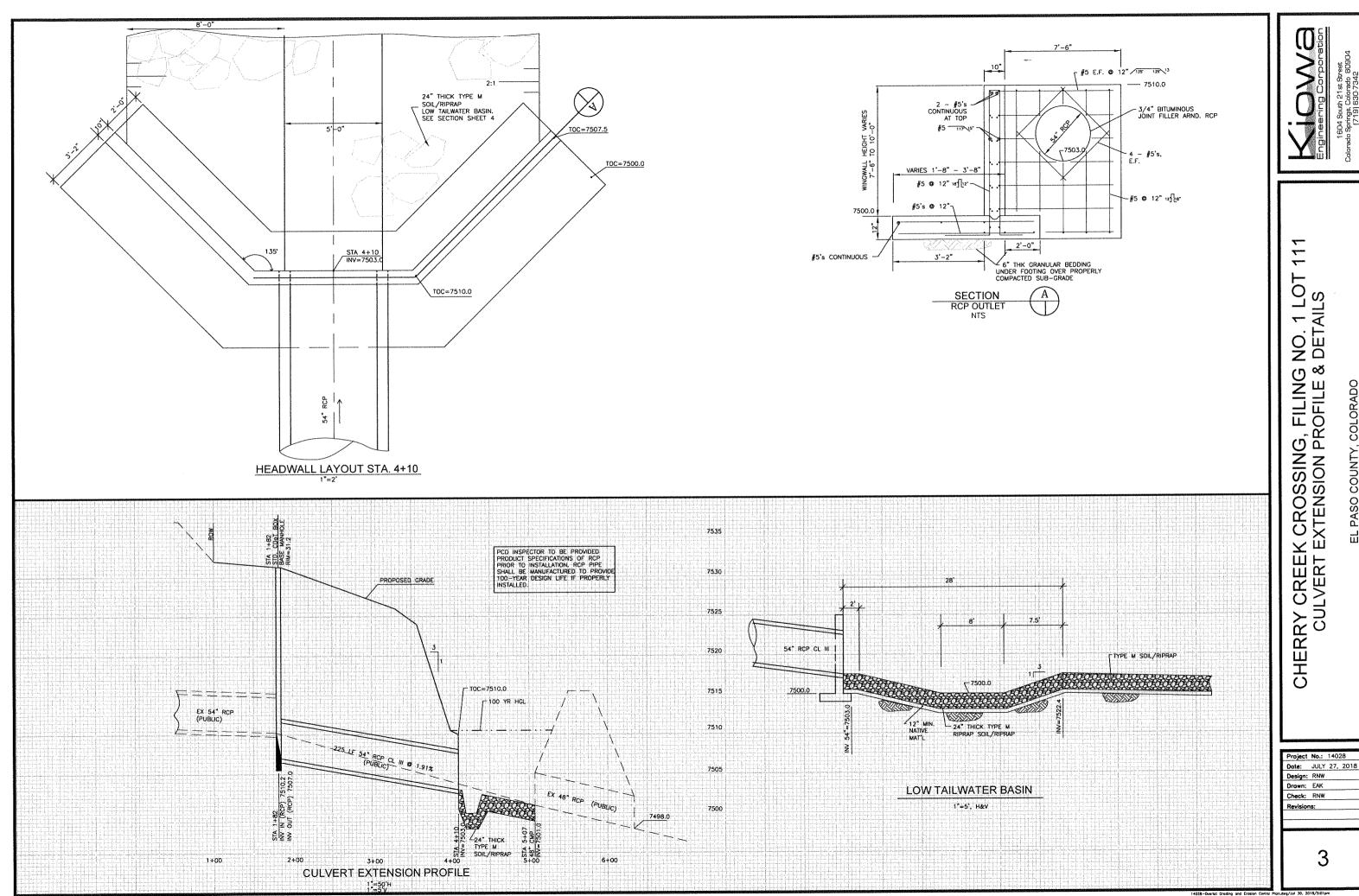
Drawn: EAK

Check: RNW

Revisions:

2

14028-Overlot Grading and Erosion Control Plan.dwg/Jul 30, 2018



PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

닙

Design: RNW Drawn: EAK Check: RNW 3

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COUNTY, COLORADO

PASO

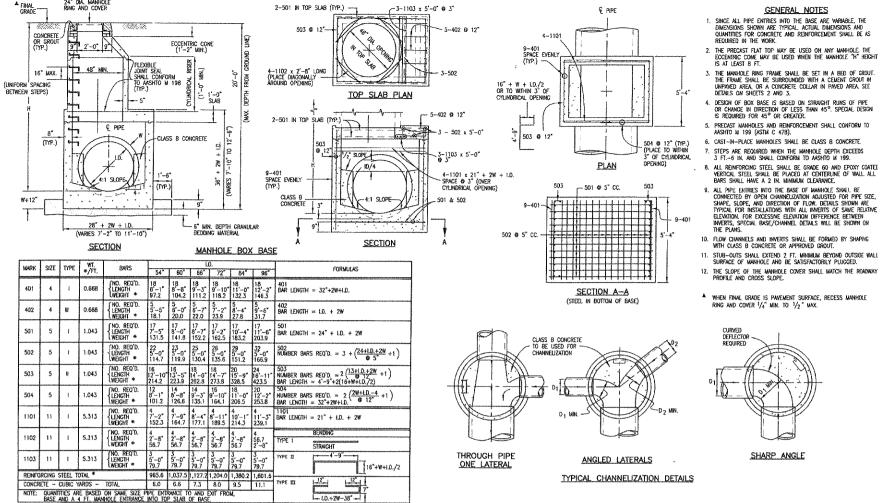
CHERRY CREEK STANDARD

Project No.: 14028 Dote: JULY 27, 2018 Design: RNW

Drawn: EAK

Check: RNW

4



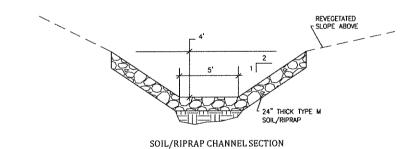
_3-1103 x 5'-0" @ 3"

2-501 IN TOP SLAB (TYP.) --

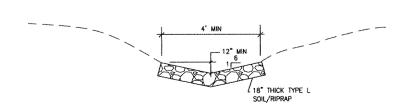
24" DIA. MANHOLE RING AND COVER

NOTE: QUANTITIES ARE BASED ON SAME SIZE PIPE ENTRANCE TO AND EXIT FROM, BASE AND A 4 FT. MANHOLE ENTRANCE INTO TOP SLAB OF BASE.

QUANTITIES FOR CONCRETE MANHOLE BOX BASE



SCALE: NTS



RIPRAP RUNDOWN

8 X 8 MIN.

UNDISTURBED OR J

CWA INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
--CWA INSTALLATION LOCATION

COMPACTED BERM AROUND THE PERIMETER

CONCRETE WASHOUT

CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA PLAN

8 X 8 MIN. SECTION A

CWA-1. CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA

2. DO NOT LOCATE AN UNLINED CWA WITHIN 400' OF ANY NATURAL DRAINAGE PATHWAY OR WATERBOOY. DO NOT LOCATE WITHIN 1,000' OF ANY WELLS OR DRINKING WATER SOURCES. IF SITE CONSTRAINTS MAKE THIS INVESSIBLE, OR IF HIGHLY PERMEABLE SOILS EXIST ON SITE, THE CWA MUST BE INSTALLED WITH AN IMPERMEABLE LINER (15 MIL MIN. THICKNESS) OR SURFACE STORAGE ALTERNATIVES USINC PREFABRICATED CONCRETE WASHOUT DEVICES OR A LINED ABOVE GROUND STORAGE ARE SHOULD BE USED.

4. CWA SHALL INCLUDE A FLAT SUBSURFACE PIT THAT IS AT LEAST 8' BY 8' SLOPES LEADING OUT OF THE SUBSURFACE PIT SHALL BE 3:1 OR FLATTER. THE PIT SHALL BE AT 5. BERM SURROUNDING SIDES AND BACK OF THE CWA SHALL HAVE MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 1".

7. SIGNS SHALL RE PLACED AT THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, AT THE CWA, AND ELSEWHERE AS NECESSARY TO CLEARLY INDICATE THE LOCATION OF THE CWA TO OPERATORS OF CONCRETE TRUCKS AND PUMP RICS.

3. THE CWA SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO CONCRETE PLACEMENT ON SITE.

6. VEHICLE TRACKING PAD SHALL BE SLOPED 2% TOWARDS THE CWA.

B. USE EXCAVATED MATERIAL FOR PERIMETER BERN CONSTRUCTION.

3' MIN.

CWA

VEHICLE TRACKING

CONTROL (SEE
VIC DETAIL) OR
OTHER STABLE
SURFACE

2% SLOPE

VEHICLE TRACKING

PROJECT SPECIFIC GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES

nsible for maintaining erosion control measures until a mature stage of vegetation is

All soils used for fill must be approved by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer.
 All natural ground to receive fill must be properly scarified, watered and compacted prior to placing fill.

The Contractor is solely responsible for the design, maintenance and operation of any required dewatering system. The Contractor shall perform such independent investigation as he deems necessary to satisfy himself as to the

The Contractor shall perform such independent investigation as he deems necessary to satisfy himself as to the subsurface groundwater conditions and unstable soil conditions to be encountered throughout the construction. Contractor shall coordinate the devatering system with El Paso County when associated with public facilities.

18. No fill shall be piaced, spread or rolled while it is frozen, thawing or during unfavorable weather conditions. When the work is interrupted by heavy rain, fill operations shall not be resumed until a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer indicates that the moisture content and density of the previously placed fill are as specified. Fill surfaces may be scarified and recompacted after rainfall if necessary, to obtain proper moisture density relation.

19. Additional ension control structures and/or grading may be required at the time of construction.

20. Sediment removal for erosin control facilities shall be performed continuously for proper function.

21. Base mapping was provided by AM Group Inc. The date of the last survey update was May, 2014.

21. Base mapping was provided by 4M. Group Inc. The date of the Common Scheduler. Proposed Construction Scheduler. Begin Construction: pending End Construction: pending Total Site Area = 7.5 Acres (set.). Existing 100-year runoff coefficient = 0.25 Proposed 100-year runoff coefficient = 0.25 Existing Hydrologic Soil Groups: AG 18 (B. Gruckton SANDY LOAM), (B. Peyton Pring Complex) (A. Ellicott. COURSE SANDY LOAM).

Inlet Protection (IP)

GENERAL INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
-LOCATION OF INLET PROTECTION.
-TYPE OF INLET PROTECTION (IP.1, IP.2, IP.3, IP.4, IP.5, IP.6)

INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED PROMPTLY AFTER INLET CONSTRUCTION OR PAVING IS COMPLETE (TYPICALLY WITHIN 48 HOURS). IF A RAINFALL/RUNOFF EVENT IS FORECAST, INSTALL INLET PROTECTION PRIOR TO ONSET OF EVENT.

MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFOD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

INLET PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMP8 IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

3. WHERE BMP9 HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE REMOVED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS, TYPICALLY WHEN STORAGE VOLUME REACHES SOX OF CAPACITY, A DEPTH OF 6" WHEN SILT FENCE IS USED, OR % OF THE HEIGHT FOR STRAW BALES.

5. INLET PROTECTION IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMAMENTLY STREALIZED, UNLESS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVES EARLIER REMOVAL OF INLET PROTECTION IN STREETS.

6. WHEN INLET PROTECTION AT AREA INLETS IS REMOVED, THE DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOP SOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM TOWN OF PARKER, COLORADO AND CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFOD STANDARD DETAILS.

CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN
DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

NOTE: THE DETAILS INCLUDED WITH THIS FACT SHEET SHOW COMMONLY USED, CONVENTIONAL METHODS OF INLET PROTECTION IN THE DERVER METROPOLITAN AREA, THERE ARE MANY PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION METHODS ON THE MARKET, UDFCD NEITHER ENDORSES NOR DISCOURAGES USE OF PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION; HOWEVER, IN THE EVENT PROPRIETARY METHODS ARE USED, THE APPROPRIATE DETAIL FROM THE MANUFACTURER MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWAP AND THE BMP MUST BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AS SHOWN IN THE MANUFACTURER'S DETAILS.

NOTE: SOME MUNICIPALITIES DISCOURAGE OR PROHIBIT THE USE OF STRAW BALES FOR INLET PROTECTION. CHECK WITH LOCAL JURISDICTION TO DETERMINE IF STRAW BALE INLET PROTECTION IS ACCEPTABLE.

SC-6

CIP

D (12" MIN.) -

BACKFILL UPSTREAM OF WATTLE

SECTION A

Inlet Protection (IP)

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

Concrete Washout Area (CWA)

CWA MAINTENANCE NOTES

November 2010

MM-1

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE, INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, GAND ALMAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. THE CWA SHALL BE REPAIRED, CLEANED, OR ENLARGED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN CAPACITY FOR CONCRETE WASTE, CONCRETE MATERIALS, ACCUMULATED IN PIT, SHALL BE REMOVED DONCE THE MATERIALS HAVE REACHED A DEPTH OF 2° .

5. CONCRETE WASHOUT WATER, WASTED PIECES OF CONCRETE AND ALL OTHER DEBRIS IN THE SUBSURFACE PIT SHALL BE TRANSPORTED FROM THE JOB SITE IN A WATER-TIGHT CONTAINER AND DISPOSED OF PROPERTY.

7. WHEN THE CWA IS REMOVED, COVER THE DISTURBED AREA WITH TOP SOIL, SEED AND MULCH OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO AND THE CITY OF PARKER, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD) NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

STANDARD EPC GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES

Temporary soil erosion control facilities shall be removed and earth disturbance areas graded and

I emporary soil erosion control facilities shall be removed and earth disturbance areas graded and stabilized with permanent soil erosion control measures pursuant to standards and specification prescribed in the DCM Volume II and the Engineering Criteria Manual (ECM) appendix I. All persons engaged with hearth disturbance shall engineering control measures including BMPs in conformance with the erosion control technical standard of the Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM) Volume II and in accordance with the Stormwater Management Plan (SMMP).

of the Drainage Cities Manual (DCM) Volume II and in accordance with the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP or soin control facilities including BMPs and all permanent facilities intended to control erosino if any earth disturbance operations shall be installed as defined in the approved plans, the SVM and the DCM Volume II and maintained throughout the duration of the earth disturbance operation. 10. Any earth disturbance shall be conducted in such a manner so as to effectively reduce accelerated soil erosion and resulting sedimentation. All disturbances shall be designed, constructed, and completed so that the exposed area of any disturbed land shall be limited to the shortest practical period of time. 11. Any temporary or permanent facility designed and constructed for the conveyance of stormwater around, through, or from the earth disturbance area shall be designed to limit the discharge to a non-erosive velocity.

velocity.

12. Concrete wash water shall be contained and disposed of in accordance with the SWMP. No wash water shall be discharged to or allowed to runoff to State Waters, including any surface or subsurface storm drainage system or facilities.

13. Erosion control blanketing is to be used on slopes steeper than 3:1.

14. Building, construction, excavation, or other waste materials shall not be temporarily placed or stored in the

street, alley, or other public way, unless in accordance with an approved Traffic Control Plan. BMPs may be required by El Paso County Department of Public Works if deemed necessary, based on specific

5 Vehicle tracking of soils and construction debris off-site shall be minimized. Materials tracked offsite shall be cleaned up and properly disposed of immediately.

16. Contractor shall be responsible for the removal of all wastes from the construction site for disposal in

accordance with local and State regulatory requirements. No construction debris, tree slash, building material wastes or unused building materials shall be buried, dumped, or discharged at the site.

17. The owner, site developer, contractor, and/or their authorized agents shall be responsible for the removal of all constructions debris, dirt, trash, rock, sedment, and sand that may accumulate in the storm sewer owther driving econveyance and stormwater appurtenances as a result of site development.
18. The quantity of materials stored on the project site shall be limited, as much as practical, to that quantity.

18. The quantity of materials stored on the project site shall be limited, as much as practical, to that quantity required to perform the work in an orderly sequence. All materials stored on-site shall be stored in a neat, orderly manner, in their original containers, with original manufacturer's labels.

19. No chemicals are to be used by the contractor, which have the potential to be released in stormwater unless permission for the use of a specific chemical is granted in writing by the ECM Administrator. In granting the use of such chemicals, special conditions and monitoring may be required. 20 Bulk storage structures for petroleum products and other chemicals shall have adequate protection so as to contain all spills and prevent any spilled material from entering State Waters, including any surface or subsurface storm drainage system or facilities.

21. No person shall cause the impediment of stormwater flow in the flow line of the curb and gutter or in the distribiline.

21.No person shalf cause the impediment of stormwater flow in the flow line of the curb and gutter or in the ditchiline.
22. Individuals shall comply with the "Colorado Water Quality Control Act" (Title 25, Article8, CRS), and the Clean Water Act" (33 USC 1344), in addition to the requirements included in the DCM Volume It and the ECM Appendix I, All appropriate permits must be obtained by the Contractor prior to the construction (INPDES, Floodplain, 404, highlier dust, etc.). In the event of conflicts between these requirements and laws, rules, or regulations of other Federal, State, or County Agencies, the more restrictive laws, rules, or regulations shall apply.
2. All construction traffic must enter/exit the site at approved construction access points.
2.4 Prior to actual construction the permittee shall verify the location of existing utilities.
2.5.A water source shall be available on site during earthwork operations and utilized as required to minimize dust from earthwork equipment and wind.
2.6. The soils report for this site entitled "Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation Cheyry Creek Crossing Filing No. 1, Lot 111 EI Paso County. Colorado" has been prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc., and should be considered a part of these plans.

Filing No. 1, Lot 111 EI Paso County, Colorado" has been prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc., and should be considered a part of these plans.

27. At least ten days prior to the anticipated start of construction, for projects that will disturb 1 acre or more, the owner or operator of construction activity shall submit a permit application for stormwater discharge to the Colorado Department of Public Heath and Environment, Water Quality Division. The application contains certification of completion of a stormwater management plan (SVMMP), of which this grading and erosion control plan may be a part For information or application materials contact:

Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment

Water Quality Control Division WQCD - Permits 4300 Cherry Creek Drive South

KEY IN ROCK SOCK O" ON BEDROCK, PAVEMENT OR RIPRAP KEY IN ROCK SOCK 2" ON EARTH SECTION B

CIP-1. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION CULVERT INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

SEE PLAN VIEW FOR
 -LOCATION OF CULVERT INLET PROTECTION.

CULVERT INLET PROTECTION

PLAN [10" MIN.

ROCK SOCK

2. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR ROCK GRADATION REQUIREMENTS AND JOINTING DETAIL

CULVERT INLET PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

INSPECT BNPS EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION.
MAINTENANCE OF BMPS SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPS AS SOON AS
POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE
EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN GMPs in EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FALLED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FALLIRE.

4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE CULVERT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE SEDIMENT DEPTH IS \S THE HEIGHT OF THE ROCK SOCK. 5. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

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Project No.44028

Design: RNW

Drawn: EAK Check: RNV

Revisions:

Date: JULY 27, 2018

SEEDING AND MULCHING MAINTENANCE NOTES

SEED MIXES SHALL BE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:

November 2010

SIDEWALK OR OTHER PAVED SURFACE

TICKETS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO REGULATING AGENCY UPON REQUEST.

DRILL SEEDING MIX SHALL CONFORM TO THE TABLE ON THE RIGHT

SEEDED AND MULCHED AREAS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR REQUIRED

SEEDED AND MULCHED AREAS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR REQUIRED COVERAGE MONTHLY FOR A PERIOD OF TWO YEARS FOLLOWING INTIAL SEEDING. REPAIRS AND RE-SEEDING AND MULCHING SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN AFTER THE FIRST GROWING SEASON FOR ANY AREAS FALING TO MEET THE REQUIRED COVERAGE.
REQUIRED COVERAGE FOR STANDARD, OPEN SPACE AND LOW GROWTH

1. THREE (3) PLANTS PER SQUARE FOOT WITH A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 3

AND SPECIES FOUND IN THE DOUGLAS COUNTY APPROVED MIX AND SPECIES FOUND IN 1 HE DOUGLAS COUNTY-APPROVED MIX.

2 NO BARE AREAS LARGER THAN 4 SQUARE FEET (TWO-FEET BY TWO-FEET OR EQUIVALENT).

3. FREE OF ERODED AREAS.

4. FREE FROM INFESTATION OF NOXIOUS WEEDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH

SECTION 6.4 OF THE GESC CRITERIA MANUAL.
REQUIRED COVERAGE FOR TURF GRASS AREAS SHALL BE DEFINED AS

2. NO BARE AREAS LARGER THAN 4 SQUARE FEET (TWO-FEET BY TWO-FEET OR EQUIVALENT.

3. FREE OF ERODED AREAS.

4. FREE FROM INFESTATION OF NOXIOUS WEEDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 6.4 OF THE GESC CRITERIA MANUAL.

RILL AND GULLY EROSION SHALL BE FILLED WITH TOPSOIL PRIOR TO THE AND THE SECTION SHALL BE FILLED WITH TOPSOIL PRIOR TO

RESEEDING. THE RESEEDING METHOD SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE

1 AT LEAST 80% VEGETATIVE COVER OF GRASS SPECIES PLANTED

2. NO BARE AREAS LARGER THAN 4 SQUARE FEET (TWO-FEET BY

INCHES, THE 3 PLANTS PER SQUARE FOOT SHALL BE OF THE VARIETY

SEE PLAN VIEW FOR - AREA OF SEEDING AND MUI CHING

· v --- v --- v -

FLOW -

November 2010

Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC)

SILT FENCE

SECTION A

SF-1. SILT FENCE

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

75 FOOT (MIN.)

SF

FENCE POST WITH SPACING

THICKNESS OF GEOTEXTILE HAS

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Project No.44028

Design: RNW

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Date: JULY 27, 2018

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and EROSION CC N CONTROL DETAILS COUNTY, COLORADO RADING and EROSION CON

CONSTRUCTION MAT OR TRM STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE ONLY TO BE USED ON SHORT DURATION PROJECTS (TYPICALLY RANGING FROM A WEEK TO A MONTH) WHERE THERE WILL BE LIMITED VEHICULAR ACCESS.

3. A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE LOCATED AT ALL ACCESS POINTS WHERE VEHICLES ACCESS THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FROM PAVED RIGHT-OF-WAYS.

4. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

6. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, ROCK SHALL CONSIST OF DOT SECT. \$703, AASHTO \$3 COARSE AGGREGATE OR 6" (MINUS) ROCK.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT MAINTENANCE NOTES

INSPECT BUP4 EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION.
MAINTENANCE OF BUP9 SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE, INSPECT BUP9 AS SOON AS
POSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE
EROSION, AND PERFORM NICCESSARY MAINTENANCE.

Frequent observations and maintenance are necessary to maintain BMPs in effective operating condition, inspections and corrective measures should be documented thoroughly.

3. WHERE BINPS HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. ROCK SHALL BE REAPPLIED OR REGRADED AS NECESSARY TO THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE/EXIT TO MAINTAIN A CONSISTENT DEPTH.

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UBFCD STANDARD DETAILS CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

EDETINES ADAPTED FROM CITY OF BROOMFIELD, COLDRADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION NOTES

5. SILT FENCE FABRIC SHALL BE ANCHORED TO THE STAKES USING 1" HEAVY DUTY STAPLES OR NAILS WITH 1" HEADS. STAPLES AND NAILS SHOULD BE PLACED 3" ALONG THE FABRIC

7. SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THOM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION.
MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS
POSSIBLE (AND ALMAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE
EROSION, AND PERFORM INCESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMP# IN FFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE

. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED O MAINTAIN THE FUNCTIONALITY OF THE BIMP, TYPICALLY WHEN DEPTH OF ACCUMULATED

S. REPAIR OR REPLACE SILT FENCE WHEN THERE ARE SIGNS OF WEAR, SUCH AS SAGGING, TEARING, OR COLLAPSE.

6. SILT FENCE IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, OR IS REPLACED BY AN EQUIVALENT PERIMETER SEPMENT CONTROL BUY.

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BUP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM LIDFOO STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

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S. AT THE END OF A RUN OF SILT FENCE ALONG A CONTOUR, THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE TURNED PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR TO CREATE A "L-MOOK" THE "J-MOOK" EXCEPTIONOR FERENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR SHOULD BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO KEEP RUNDFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE END OF THE SILT FENCE (TYPICALLY 10" - 20").

SILT FENCE MAINTENANCE NOTES

(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM TOWN OF PARKER, COLDRADO AND CITY OF AURORA, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

SF.4

SM-4

SF-3

SM-4

Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC

SEEDING AND MULCH

- AREA OF SEEDING AND MULCHING.
- TYPE OF SEED MIX
- ALL BRANDS FURNISHED SHALL BE FREE FROM SUCH NOXIOUS SEEDS AS RUSSIAN OR CANADIAN THISTLE, COARSE FESCUE, EUROPEAN BINDWEED, JOHNSON
GRASS, KNAP WEED AND LEAPY SPURGE.
THE SEEDER SHALL EVRINISH TO THE CONTRACTOR A SIGNED STATEMENT CERTIFYING THAT THE SEED FURNISHED IS FROM A LOT THAT HAS BEEN TESTED BY A
RECOGNIZED LABORATORY, SEED WHICH HAS BECOME WET, MOLDY OR OTHERWISE DAMAGED IN TRANSIT OR IN STORAGE WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE. SEED

SEED (PLS).
PERMANENT SEED MIX SHALL BE USED UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE REGULATING AGENCY.
ALL AREAS TO BE SEEDED AND MULCHED SHALL HAVE NATIVE TOPSOIL. OR APPROVED SOIL AMENDMENTS SPREAD TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 6 INCHES (LOOSE
DEPTH). HAUL ROADS AND OTHER COMPACTED AREAS SHALL BE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF 6 INCHES PRIOR TO SPREADING TOPSOIL.
SOIL IS TO BE THOROUGHLY LOOSENED (TILLED) TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 6 INCHES PRIOR TO SEEDING. THE TOP 6 INCHES OF THE SEED BED SHALL BE FREE OF

ROCKS GREATER THAN 4 INCHES AND SOIL CLODS GREATER THAN 2 INCHES. SEEDING OVER ANY COMPACTED AREAS THAT HAVEN'T BEEN THOROUGHLY LOOSENED

SHALL BE REJECTED.

O. SEED IS TO BE APPLIED USING A MECHANICAL DRILL TO A DEPTH OF 1/4 INCH. ROW SPACING SHALL BE NO MORE THAN 6 INCHES, MATERIAL USED FOR MULCH SHALL CONSIST OF LONG-STEMMED STRAW. AT LEAST 50 PERCENT OF THE MULCH, BY WEIGHT, SHALL BE 10 INCHES OR MORE IN LENGTH, MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AND MECHANICALLY ANCHORED TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 2 INCHES, MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 4000 LB. OF STRAW PER ACRE.

1. IF THE PERMITTEE DEMONSTRATES TO THE REGULATING AGENCY THAT IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO BUILL SEED, SEED IS TO BE UNIFORMLY BROADCAST AT TWO TIMES THE DRILLED RATE, THEN LIGHTLY HARROWED TO PROVIDE A SEED DEPTH OF APPROXIMATELY 1/4 INCH, THEN ROLLED TO COMPACT, THEN MULCHED AS SPECIFIED

ADDVE.

AS DEFINED BY THE REGULATING AGENCY). THIS MAY REQUIRE MULTIPLE MOBILIZATIONS FOR SEEDING AND MULCHING.

13. MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF SEEDING.

DETAILS SEED AVAILABLE ON THE MARKET DOES NOT MEET THE MINIMUM PLIRITY AND GERMINATION PERCENTAGES SPECIFIED. THE SUBCONTRACTOR MUST IF THE SEED AVAILABLE ON THE MARKET DUES NOT MEET THE MINIMUM PURITY AND GENMINATION PERCENTAGES PECUPIED, THE SHECKHILD SEED TO EQUAL THE SPECIFIED PRODUCT. THE COMPENSATE FOR A LESSER PERCENTAGE OF PURITY OR GERMINATION BY FURNISHING SUFFICIENT ADDITIONAL SEED TO EQUAL THE SPECIFIED PRODUCT. THE TAGS FROM THE SEED MIXES MUST BE SUPPLIED TO CONTRACTOR AND FORWARDED TO THE REGULATING AGENCY'S GESC INSPECTOR. THE FORMULA USED FOR DETERMINING THE QUANTITY OF PURE LIVE SEED (PLS) SHALL BE (POUNDS OF SEED) X (PURITY) X (GERMINATION) = POUNDS OF PURE LIVE SEED (PLS).

Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC)

75 FOOT (MIN.)

SM-4

VTC

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, USE COOT SECT. #703, AASHTO #3 COARSE AGGREGATE OR 6"

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, USE COOT SECT. \$703, AASHTO \$3 COARSE AGGREGATE OR 6" MINUS ROCK \$9" (MIN.)

(SM)

SPECIES
WESTERN WHEAT GRASS
SIDEDATS GRAMA
SLENDER WHEAT GRASS
LITTLE BLUESTEM
BLUE GRAMA

SWITCH GRASS

SM-4

SEED MIX

AREAS DISTURBED BY THE EARTHWORK SHALL BE PERMANENTLY REVEGETATED WITH NATIVE GRASSES. NATIVE SEED MIX FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

SEEDING APPLICATION DRILL SEED 1/4' TO 1/2' INTO TOPSOIL. IN AREAS INACCESSIBLE TO A DRILL, HAND BROADCAST AT DOUBLE THE RATE AND RAKE 1/4' TO 1/2' INTO THE TOPSOIL. MILCHING APPLICATION: 1-1/2' TORS NATIVE HAY PER ACRE, MECHANICALLY CRIMPED INTO THE TOPSOIL OR HYDROMULCH.

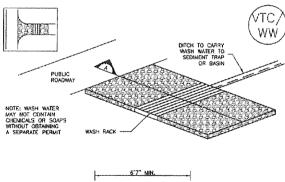
Pasopyrum smithii 3.0
Bouteloua curtipendula 2.0
Elymus trachycaulus 2.0
Schizachyrium scoparium 2.0
Bouteloua gracilis
Panicum virgatum 2.0
Koeleria cristata 0.5

pls/acre

0.5

12.5 lbs

Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC)



REINFORCED CONCRETE RACK (MAY SUBSTITUTE STEEL CATTLE . SECTION A

VTC-2. AGGREGATE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL WITH

NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE COMPACTED SUBGRADE SECTION A

VTC-1. AGGREGATE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL

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VTC-3. VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL W/ CONSTRUCTION MAT OR TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT (TRM)

18" MIN

CONSTRUCTION MAT END OVERLAP INTERLOCK WITH STRAP CONNECTORS

OR AS REQUIRED TO ACCOMMODATE ANTICIPATED ITAPPIC (WIDTH CAN BE LESS IF CONST. VEHICLES ARE PHYSICALLY CONFINED ON BOTH SIDES)

VTC-6

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ECB

ANCHOR DETAILS

PERIMETER ANCHOR TRENCH

JOINT ANCHOR TRENCH

STERMEDIATE ANCHOR TRENCH

OVERLAPPING JOINT

WOOD STAKE DETAIL

EC-6

LOOP FROM MIDDLE OF ROLL

GEOTEXTILE FARRIC OR MAT. TYP

- 3" MIN, TYP. IE'MIN, IDP. SINGLE EDGE DIVERSION I



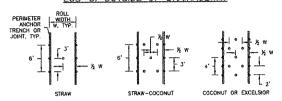
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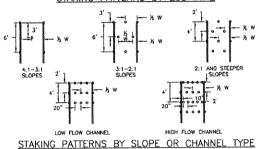
EC-6

ECB-3. OUTSIDE OF DRAINAGEWAY

STAGGER OVERLAPS



STAKING PATTERNS BY ECB TYPE



EROSION CONTROL BLANKET INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:

-TYPE OF ECB (STRAW, STRAW-COCONUT, COCONUT, OR EXCELSIOR).
-AREA, A, IN SQUARE YARDS OF EACH TYPE OF ECB.

100% NATURAL AND BIODEGRADABLE MATERIALS ARE PREFERRED FOR RECPS, ALTHOUGH SOME JURISDICTIONS MAY ALLOW OTHER MATERIALS IN SOME APPLICATIONS.

3. IN AREAS WHERE ECB3 ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE PERMITTEE SHALL PLACE TOPSOIL AND PERFORM FINAL GRADING, SURFACE PREPARATION, AND SEEDING AND MULCHING SUBGRADE SHALL BE SMOOTH AND MOST PRIOR TO ECE INSTITULATION AND THE ECB SHALL BE IN FULL CONTACT WITH SUBGRADE, NO GAPS OR VOIDS SHALL EXIST UNDER THE BLANKET.

1. PERIMETER ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED ALONG THE OUTSIDE PERIMETER OF ALL BLANKET AREAS.

5. JOINT ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED TO JOIN ROLLS OF ECBs TOGETHER (LONGITUDINALLY AND TRANSVERSELY) FOR ALL ECBs EXCEPT STRAW WHICH MAY USE AN OVERLAPPHIS JOINT.

8. INTERMEDIATE ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED AT SPACING OF ONE-HALF ROLL LENGTH FOR COCONULT AND EXCELSIOR ECBs.

OVERLAPPING JOINT DETAIL SHALL BE USED TO JOIN ROLLS OF ECBs TOGETHER FOR ECBS ON SLOPES.

8. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS OF ECBs SHALL CONFORM TO TABLE ECB-1.

9. MY AREAS OF SEEDING AND MULCHING DISTURBED IN THE PROCESS OF INSTALLING ECBS SHALL BE RESEEDED AND MULCHED.

10, DETAILS ON DESIGN PLANS FOR MAJOR BRAINAGEWAY STABILIZATION WILL GOVERN IF DIFFERENT FROM THOSE SHOWN HERE.

TYPE	COCONUT	STRAW CONTENT	CONTENT	RECOMMENDED NETTING**
STRAW*	-	100%	-	DOUBLE/ NATURAL
STRAW- COCONUT	30% MIN	70% MAX	-	DOUBLE/ NATURAL
COCONUT	100%	-	-	DOUBLE/ NATURAL
EXCELSIOR	-	-	100%	DOUBLE/ NATURAL

Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

TYPE OF ECB AS INDICATED IN PLAN VIEW, HISTALL INVALL DISTURBED AREAS OF STREAMS AND DRAINAGE CHANNELS TO DEPT O ABOVE CHANNEL INVERT. ECB SHALL GENERALLY BE ORIENTED. PARALLEL TO FLOW DIRECTION (I.E. LONG DIMENSIONS OF BLANKET PARALLEL TO FLOWINGS) STANDING PATTERN SHALL MATCH ECB AND/OR CHANNEL TYPE

ECB-1. PIPE OUTLET TO DRAINAGEWAY

EROSION CONTRO: BLANKET MAINTENANCE NOTES

MISPECT BMPS EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION.
MAINTENANCE OF BMPS SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPS AS SOON AS
POSSIBLE (AND ALMAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE
EROSION, AND PERFORM INCESSARY MAINTENANCE.

PERIMETER ANCHOR TRENCH, TYP.

COMPACTED

STAKING PATTERN PER MANUFACTURER SPEC. OR PATTERN BASED ON ECB AND/OR CHANNEL TYPE (SEE STAKING PATTERN DETAIL)

ECB-2. SMALL DITCH OR DRAINAGEWAY

FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN 84/Ps IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE

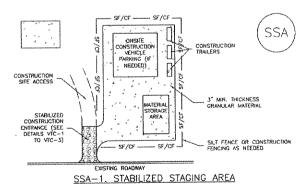
3. WHERE BINPS HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. ECBs SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE TO EVENTUALLY BIODEGRADE, UNLESS REQUESTED TO BE REMOVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION. 5. ANY ECB PULLED OUT, TORN, OR OTHERWISE DAMAGED SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REINSTALLED. ANY SUBGRADE AREAS BELOW THE GEOTEXTILE THAT HAVE ERODED TO CREATED A VOID LINDER THE BLANKET OR THAT REMAIN DEVOID OF GRASS SHALL BE REPAIRED, RESERVED AND MUICHED AND THE EOB REINSTALLED.

(DETALS ADAPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO AND TOWN OF PARKER COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD

Stabilized Staging Area (SSA)

SM-6



STABILIZED STAGING AREA INSTALLATION NOTES

STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHOULD BE APPROPRIATE FOR THE NEEDS OF THE SITE. OVERSIZING RESULTS IN A LARGER AREA TO STABILIZE FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION.

3. STAGING AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO OTHER OPERATIONS ON THE SITE. 4. THE STABRIZED STAGING AREA SHALL CONSIST OF A MINIMUM $\mathbf{3}^{\star}$ THICK GRANULAR NATERIAL.

5. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, ROCK SHALL CONSIST OF DOT SECT. $\sharp 703$, AASHTO $\sharp 3$ COARSE AGGREGATE OR 8" (MINUS) ROCK.

6. ADDITIONAL PERIMETER BMPs MAY BE REQUIRED INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SILT FENCE AND CONSTRUCTION FENCING.

STABILIZED STAGING AREA MAINTENANCE NOTES

INSPECT BUPS EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION.
MAINTENANCE OF BUPS SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BUPS AS 500N AS
POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE
ENGISION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN $\theta M^{\rm D}_{\rm S}$ in effective operating condition. Inspections and corrective measures should be documented thoroughly.

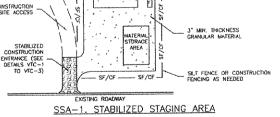
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

ROCK SHALL BE REAPPLIED OR REGRADED AS NECESSARY IF RUTTING OCCURS OR UNDERLYING SUBGRADE BECOMES EXPOSED.

Stabilized Staging Area (SSA)

SSA CONSTRUCTION TRAILERS

SM-6



NEEDED)

STABILIZED STAGING AREA INSTALLATION NOTES

SEE PLAN VIEW FOR
 LOCATION OF STAGING AREA(S).
 CONTRACTOR MAY ADJUST LOCATION AND SIZE OF STAGING AREA WITH APPROVAL FROM THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHOULD BE APPROPRIATE FOR THE NEEDS OF THE SITE. OVERSIZING RESULTS IN A LARGER AREA TO STABILIZE FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION.

3. STACING AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO OTHER OPERATIONS ON THE SITE. 4. THE STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHALL CONSIST OF A MINIMUM 3" THICK GRANULAR

5. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, ROCK SHALL CONSIST OF DOT SECT. #703, AASHTO #3 COARSE AGGREGATE OR 6° (MINUS) ROCK.

6. ADDITIONAL PERIMETER θMP_{1} MAY BE REQUIRED INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SILT FENCE AND CONSTRUCTION FENCING.

STABILIZED STAGING AREA MAINTENANCE NOTES

INSPECT BMP'S EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION.
MAINTENANCE OF BMP'S SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. RISPECT BMP'S AS SOON AS
POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOILOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE
ERGISION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

J. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED. REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

ROCK SHALL BE REAPPLIED OR REGRADED AS NECESSARY IF RUTTING OCCURS OR UNDERLYING SUBGRADE BECOMES EXPOSED.

Project No.14028 Date: JULY 29, 2018

Design: RNV

Drawn: EAK Check: RNV

Revisions:

SC-7

Description

A sediment basin is a temporary pond wilt on a construction site to capture eroded or disturbed soil transported in storm runoff prior to discharge from the site. Sediment basins are designed to canture site runoff and slowly release it to allow time for settling of sediment prior to discharge. Sediment basins are often onstructed in locations that will later be odified to serve as post-construction

Appropriate Uses

Most large construction sites (typically greater than 2 acres) will require one or more sediment basins for effective

nanagement of construction site runoff. On linear construction projects, sediment basins may be appropriate, instead, sediment traps or other combinations of BMPs may be more appropriate.

Sediment basins should not be used as stand-alone sediment controls. Erosion and other sediment

When feasible, the sediment basin should be installed in the same location where a permanent postdetention pond will be located.

Design and Installation

The design procedure for a sodiment basin includes these steps:

- Basin Storage Volume: Provide a storage volume of at least 3,600 cubic feet per acre of drainage area. To the extent practical, undisturbed and/or off-site areas should be diverted around sediment basins to prevent "clean" runoff from mixing with runoff from disturbed areas. For undisturbed areas (both on-site and off-site) that cannot be diverted around the sediment basin, provide a minimum of 500 ft³/acre of storage for undeveloped (but stable) off-site areas in addition to the 3,600 ft³/acre for disturbed areas. For stable, developed areas that cannot be diverted around the sediment basin. volume requirements are summarized in Table SB-I
- Basin Geometry: Design basin with a minimum length-to-width ratio of 2:1 (L:W). If this cannot be achieved because of site space constraints, baffling may be required to extend the effective distance between the
- Dam Embankment: It is recommended that embankment slopes be 4:1 (H:V) or flatter and no steeper than 3:1 (H:V) in any location

Sediment Basin (SB)

EL 00.00

inflow point(s) and the outlet to minimize short-circuiting

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			7.3	
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	North We			b.
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Photograph SB-1. Sediment basin at the tee of a slope. Photocountesy of WWE.

6460 Outlet Works: The outlet pipe shall extend through the embankment at a minimum slope of 0.5

Imperviousness (%)

Undeveloped

30

40

50

60

o Riser Pipe (Simplified Detail): Detail SB-1 provides a simplified design for basins treating no

nercent. Outlet works can be designed using one of the following approaches

Inflow Structure: For concentrated flow entering the basin, provide energy dissipation at the point

Table SB-1. Additional Volume Requirements for Undisturbed and Developed Tributary Areas

Draining through Sediment Basins

Per Acre of Tributary Area

500

800

1230

1600

2030

2470

2980

3560 4360

5300

Orifice Plate or Riser Pipe: Follow the design criteria for Full Spectrum Detention outlets in the EDB Fact Sheet provided in Chapter 4 of this manual for sizing of outlet perforations with an emptying time of approximately 72 hours. In fleu of the trash rack, pack uniformly sized 1½ to 2-inch gravel in front of the plate or surrounding the riser pipe. This gravel will need to be cleaned out frequently during the construction period as sediment accumulates within it. The gravel pack will need to be removed and disposed of following construction to reclaim the basin gravel pack will need to be reinived and utspaces to following contract of the form use as a permanent detention facility. If the basin will be used as a permanent extended detention basin for the site, a trash rack will need to be installed once contributing drainage areas have been stabilized and the gravel pack and accumulated sediment have been removed.

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

Functions Erosion Control Sediment Control

Site/Material Management

No

SR-1

SB

SC-7

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SC-6

SB-2

Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume

August 2013

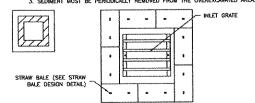
Inlet Protection (IP)

IP-5. OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. THIS FORM OF INLET PROTECTION IS PRIMARILY APPLICABLE FOR SITES THAT HAVE NOT YET REACHED FINAL GRADE AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY FOR INLETS WITH A RELATIVELY SHALL CONTRIBUTION DEPLAYACE AREA

2. WHEN USING FOR CONCENTRATED FLOWS, SHAPE BASIN IN 2:1 RATIO WITH LENGTH DRIENTED TOWARDS DIRECTION OF FLOW.

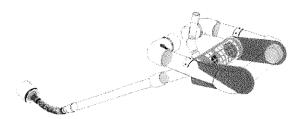
3. SEDIMENT MUST BE PERIODICALLY REMOVED FROM THE OVEREXCAVATED AREA.



IP-6. STRAW BALE FOR SUMP INLET PROTECTION

STRAW BALE BARRIER INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE STRAW BALE DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS. 2. BALES SHALL BE PLACED IN A SINGLE ROW AROUND THE INLET WITH ENDS OF BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER. Sediment Basin (SB)



Histration SB-1. Outlet structure for a temporary sediment basin - Faircloth Skimmer Floating Outlet. Ulustration courtesy of J. W. Faircloth & Sons, Inc., Faircloth Skimmer.com.

- . Ontlet Protection and Smillway: Consider all flow naths for runoff leaving the basin, including protection at the typical point of discharge as well as overtopping
- Outlet Protection: Outlet protection should be provided where the velocity of flow will exceed the maximum permissible velocity of the material of the waterway into which discharge occurs. This may require the use of a riprap apron at the outlet location and/or other measures to keep the waterway from eroding.
- Emergency Spillway: Provide a stabilized emergency overflow spillway for rainstorms that
 exceed the capacity of the sediment basin volume and its outlet. Protect basin embankments from exceed the capacity of the sediment basin volume and its outlet. Profect basin embankments from emission and overtopping. If the sediment basin will be converted to a permanent detention basin, design and construct the emergency spill way(s) as required for the permanent facility. If the sediment basin will not become a permanent detention basin, it may be possible to substitute a heavy polywript membrane or properly bedder orck cover to fine the spillway and downstream embankment, depending on the height, slope, and width of the embankments.

Sediment Basin (SB)

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Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

SC-7

SC-7

SEDMENT BASIN MAINTENANCE NOTES

INSPECT BUPS EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BUPS SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE INSPECT BUPS AS SOOM AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE ENGISION, AND PERFORM INCESSARY MAINTENANCE.

FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN 9MPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING COMDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHY.

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED IN BASIN SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS, TYPICALLY WHEN SEDIMENT DEPTH REACHES ONE FOOT (I.E., TWO FEET BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST).

5. SEDIMENT BASINS ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND GRASS COVER IS ACCEPTED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

6. WHEN SEDIMENT BASINS ARE REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.

/OFFEE S ADMPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

Maintenance and Removal

SC-7

Maintenance activities include the following

- Dredge sediment from the basin, as needed to maintain BMP effectiveness, typically when the design storage volume is no more than one-third filled with sediment.
- Inspect the sediment basin embankments for stability and seepage.
- Inspect the inlet and outlet of the basin, repair damage, and remove debris. Remove, clean and
 replace the gravel around the outlet on a regular basis to remove the accumulated sediment within it
 and keep the outlet functioning.
- Be aware that removal of a sediment basin may require dewatering and associated pennit
- Do not remove a sediment basin until the upstream area has been stabilized with vegetation.

Final disposition of the sediment basin depends on whether the basin will be converted to a permanent Final disposition of the sediment basin depends on whether the basin will be converted to a permanent post-construction stormwater basin or whether the basin area will be returned to grade. For basins being converted to permanent delention basins, remove accumulated sediment and reconfigure the basin and outlet to meet the requirements of the final design for the detention facility. If the sediment basin is not to be used as a permanent detention facility, fill the excavated area with soil and stabilize with vegetation.

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

August 2013

Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

Project No:14028 Bate: JULY 27, 2018 Design: RNW Drawn: EAK Check: RNV Revisions:

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August 2013

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

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SEDIMENT BASIN PLAN

SECTION A

CREST LENGTH

SB-5

[P-6]

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

August 2013 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 SB-7

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DETAIL ORADO

Markup Summary

Steve Kuehster (3)



Subject: Callout Page Label: 2

Author: Steve Kuehster Date: 8/30/2018 9:49:18 AM

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Revise the boundary for this easement. The extent shown for the permanent easement per rec 206076662 is only 95 ft from the existing 20' public utility, drainage and trail easement. The rest of the easement is identified as floodplain & no-build easement per the filing 1 plat. Unresolved. This section of the easement is per the final plat.



Subject: text box Page Label: 2

Author: Steve Kuehster Date: 8/30/2018 9:54:55 AM

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Provide a separate plan sheet or detail that calls out the needed repairs & striping to the right-in access.



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Author: Steve Kuehster Date: 8/30/2018 9:56:43 AM

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Provide this necessary easement

documents.