

FINAL DRAINAGE PLAN AND REPORT

MURR SUBDIVISION

A PROPOSED 4-LOT SUBDIVISION AT 14090 DAVIS ROAD

Southeast quarter of the Southwest quarter of Section 33, Township 13 South, Range 64 Wet, of the 6th P.M., County of El Paso, State of Colorado, Except the West 66 feet and Except the East 68.4 feet of the Southerly 373.8 feet, thereof

PCD File: MS231

December 29, 2022

Revised
April 14, 2023

Revised
August 8, 2023

Revised
October 25, 2023

Prepared for
Erik and Sharon Murr
14090 Davis Road
Peyton, CO 80831-7502

Oliver E. Watts, Consulting Engineer, Inc.
Colorado Springs, Colorado

OLIVER E. WATTS, PE-LS
OLIVER E. WATTS, CONSULTING ENGINEER, INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING AND SURVEYING
614 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907
(719) 593-0173
fax (719) 265-9660
olliewatts@aol.com
Celebrating over 44 years in business

October 25, 2023

El Paso County Planning and Community Development
2880 International Circle
Colorado Springs, CO 80910

ATTN: *Joshua Palmer, P.E.*

SUBJECT: Final Drainage Plan and Report
Murr Subdivision

Transmitted herewith for your review and approval is the drainage plan and report for the proposed Murr Subdivision at 14090 Davis Road in El Paso County. This report will accompany the minor subdivision submittal. The plan has been revised in accordance with your comments, our meetings with Elizabeth and our meeting with Charlene.

Please contact me if I may provide any further information.

Oliver E. Watts, Consulting Engineer, Inc.

BY: _____
Oliver E. Watts, President

Table of Contents

1. Cover
2. Transmittal Letter
3. Table of Contents
4. Signatures / approvals page
5. Drainage Report 4 pages
6. 10-23-23 email from Colorado Division of Water Resources, Chris Grimes
7. Vicinity Map
8. Computations, 2 pages
9. FEMA Panel No. 08041C0780 G
10. SCS Soils Map and Interpretation Sheet, 2 pages
11. Backup Information, 4 pages
12. Existing Conditions Drainage Map
13. Proposed Developed Condition Drainage Map

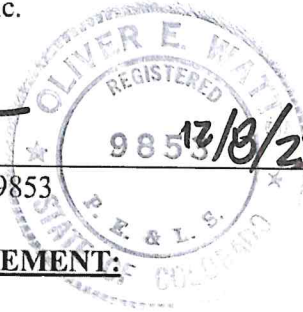
1. ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Oliver E. Watts, Consulting Engineer, Inc.



Oliver E. Watts Colo. PE-LS No. 9853 12/18/23 date



2. OWNERS / DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:

I the owner / developer have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.


Erik and Sharon Murr


By: _____
14090 Davis Road
Peyton, CO 80831-7502

EL PASO COUNTY:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, and the Engineering Criteria Manual, as amended.

Approved
By: Gilbert LaForce, P.E.
Engineering Manager
Date: 12/12/2023 4:02:48 PM
El Paso County Department of Public Works

 _____ date

erator

Conditions:

4. LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION:

The proposed Murr Subdivision is located at 14090 Davis Road, being The Southeast quarter of the Southwest quarter of Section 33, Township 13 South, Range 64 West, of the 6th P.M., County of El Paso, State of Colorado, together with the west 66 feet of the Northeast quarter of the Southwest quarter and Except the East 68.4 feet of the Southerly 373.8 feet, thereof. The site is zoned RR-5. The site current has a single family home and two out buildings in the southwest corner. We propose to subdivide the property into four, single family, residential lots and two tracts for existing roads. There will be three, 5-acre lots along the north boundary and one lot on the south, which contains said existing house and outbuildings. Tract A will be right-of-way for existing Davis Road, and is located along the south boundary of Lot 4. Tract B will be the existing access drive along the west boundary of the site. This proposed subdivision is 40.266 acres total.

The site, other than the home is used for livestock. The majority of the lot is native grasses. The terrain slopes from the northwest to the south, east and southeast. Access for the site is a private drive, off of Davis Road (Tract B).

The property is in the Livestock Company drainage basin.

5. FLOOD PLAIN STATEMENT:

This subdivision is not within the limits of a flood plain or flood hazard area, according to FEMA map panel number 08041C0780 G, dated December 7, 2018, a copy of which is enclosed for reference.

6. METHOD AND CRITERIA:

The method used for all computations is that specified in the City-County Drainage Criteria Manual, using the rational method for areas of the size of the development. All computations are enclosed for reference and review.

The soils in the subdivision have been mapped by the local USDA/SCS office, and a soils map and interpretation sheet are enclosed for reference. All soils in this area are of the Blakeland complex, being in hydrologic group "A".

7. DESCRIPTION OF RUNOFF:

EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

As shown on the existing conditions drainage map, the site is adjacent to and north of Davis Road. Access to the subdivision will be along the westerly boundary, where an existing access exists. The subdivision area consists of drainage basins A, B and C. and an offsite basin (O-1) will drain into the access road, developing 1.0 cfs \ 7.4 cfs (5-year / 100-year runoffs. The access road will divert the runoff onto Davis Road, which will drain easterly. Basin A lies north of Davis Road and will drain easterly with 2.3 cfs / 17.1 cfs into an existing "buffalo wallow" near the southeast corner and thence across Davis Road. As shown on the enclosed topography, Davis Road has a substantial crown and is elevated, creating more that adequate capacity. Basis B will drain 1.4 cfs / 10.5 cfs southerly into the same outfall point. Basin C consists of the northerly portion of the subdivision, draining easterly with 2.3 cfs / 16.7 cfs onto adjacent range lands.

PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

The area will be graded to conform to the existing topography shown on the drainage plans and existing routing will remain. All runoff will be routed to and contained within the private site, terminating at the historic outfall points. The offsite Basin O-1 will continue to be routed southerly along the access roadway and will increase to 1.7 cfs / 8.1 cfs. Basin A is the existing residence and will remain unchanged and continue to discharge into the Buffalo Wallow with 3.1 cfs / 17.9 cfs runoff. Basin B is also part of the existing lot and will continue to share the same outfall point, with 1.6 cfs / 11.5 cfs. The Buffalo wallow will continue to provide detention benefits and should not be re-graded, having a total runoff of 4.5 cfs / 27.6 cfs into it. The total runoff at this point is essentially equal to the historic value and no improvements will be necessary. Our conversations with the State Engineer's office indicate that this condition is essentially none of their concern. Basin C will continue to drain easterly to adjacent range land and will increase to 4.0 cfs / 16.9 cfs when the three 5-acre lots are developed. This runoff is distributed evenly over the basin width and will not be concentrated. This area is stable and should not require improvement, Basins A, B, and C runoffs are not concentrated into stream configurations short of the outfall points. The existing private roadway along the westerly boundary will required continued maintenance similar to that of a County road, and this subdivision will have negligible affect on that. A roadway will be constructed along the north boundary of lots 1-3 for common access, and that will require similar maintenance for roadside ditches, but no concentration is anticipated. Individual driveways will require culverts where they meet the common access roadway and 18" CMP's are normally sufficient.

FOUR STEP PROCESS: The proposed development will disturb less than 1 acre total.

- Step 1: **Employ Runoff Reduction Practices** – Runoff is not anticipated to increase appreciably across all 4 lots. A combined flow from the lots is anticipated to only increase by 0.2 cfs. The existing prairie grass and natural buffalo wallows in the area will provide further runoff reduction.
- Step 2: **Stabilize Drainageways** – The development of this project does not anticipate having any negative effects on downstream drainageways. The existing prairie grass will act as a natural stabilizer, no additional installation is needed.
- Step 3: **Provide Water Quality Capture Volume** – The existing prairie grass is a natural water quality capture and control device. There is no need to install any additional devices. This part of the county has several natural buffalo wallows which provide natural historic capture volume.
- Step 4: **Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMP's** – The site is a 4 lot residential subdivision across 37 acres. The site is covered with prairie grass and said grass acts as a natural BMP for stormwater runoff. It absorbs the flows and reduces/eliminates potential erosion.

8. COST ESTIMATE:

No storm sewers appear to be required at this time. The construction of the private accesses may create areas that could require private culverts.

9. FEES:

This site is within the Livestock Company Drainage Basin. Fees are due. The 5- acre lots will have about 5% impervious area and comprise about one-third of the subdivision, with the remainder being unchanged. Therefore it is estimated to result in approximately 2% impervious density.

Basin Fee: \$21,351.00 per impervious acre

Bridge: \$254.00

Total Fees Estimated: ($\$ 21,351.00$ at 37.134 acres $\times 2\%$) – 25% (Large Lot Drainage Basin Fee Reduction) = $\$ 11,892.72$

Bridge Fee: $\$ 254.00 \times 37.134 \times 0.02 = \$ 188.64$

10. SUMMARY

The proposed Murr Subdivision is a 4-lot, minor subdivision in the RR-5 zone. Two thirds of the subdivision will not be developed further so there will be no change in the historic runoff amounts for this portion, which outfalls into the existing County culvert on Davis Road, which is in good condition and more than adequate. The runoff for the remaining development is relatively minor and is not concentrated. The existing grasses in the sandy soil will hold this runoff to near historic levels. There will be no adverse effects on downstream or surrounding properties.

The drainage analysis has been prepared in accordance with the current El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. Supporting information and calculations are included in this report.

References

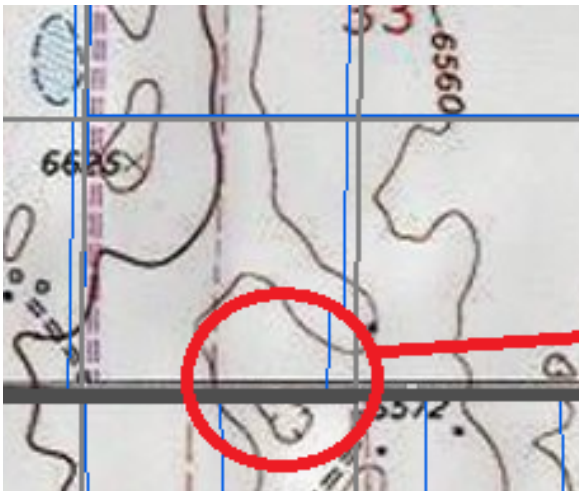
1. El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, December 13, 2016
2. City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, May, 2014

Subject: **Stormwater question in Upper Black Squirrel Creek Des. Basin (Murr Sub.)**
 Date: 10/23/2023 9:08:30 AM Mountain Daylight Time
 From: chris.grimes@state.co.us
 To: olliewatts@aol.com, CharleneDurham@elpasoco.com, GilbertLaForce@elpasoco.com
 Cc: joanna.williams@state.co.us, jeff.deatherage@state.co.us, kathleen.fuller@state.co.us

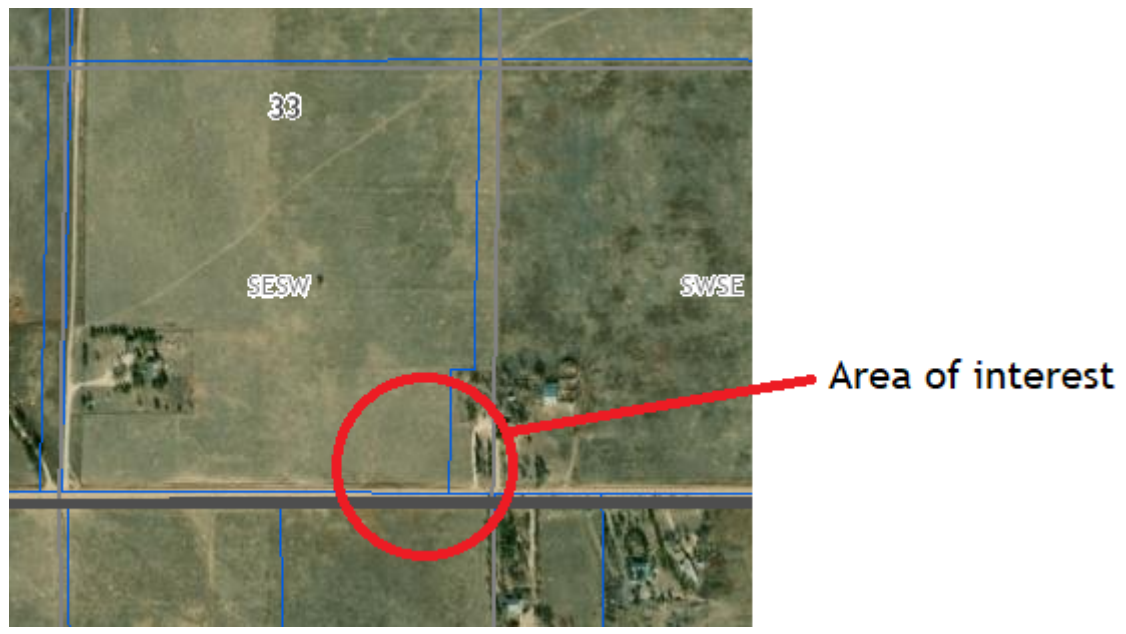
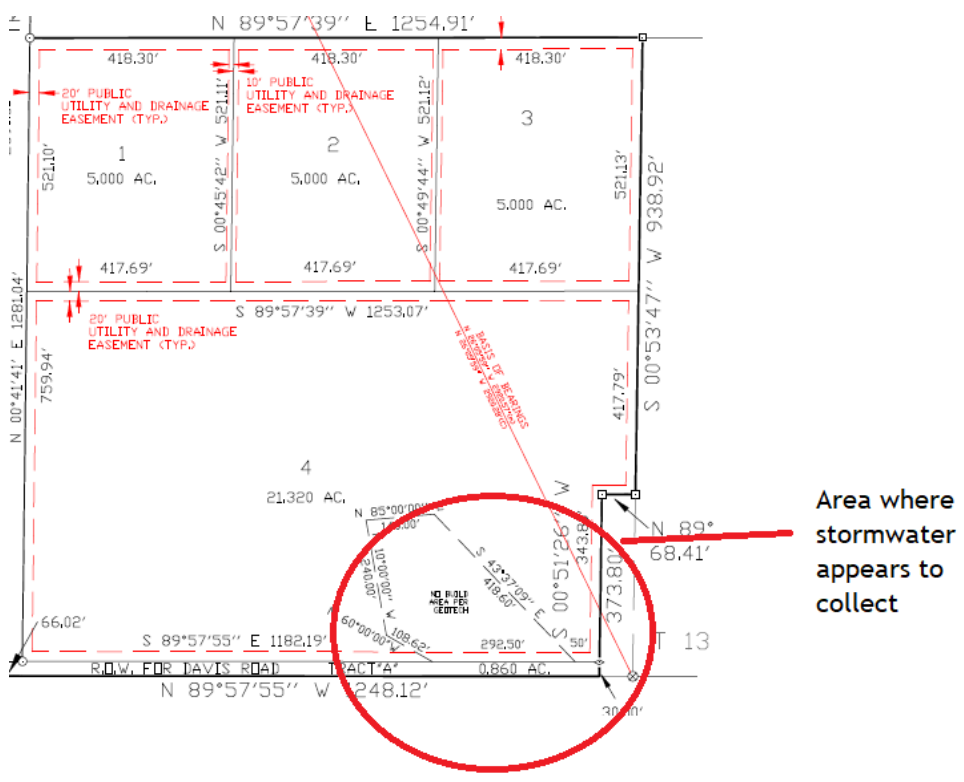
DRAFT RESPONSE

Ollie, Erik, Charlene, and Gilbert -

I am following up on a question submitted by Erik Watts through our AskDWR portal. It is my understanding that Erik is on staff at the Oliver E Watts Consulting Engineer Inc. and he is working on the Murr Subdivision in El Paso County. Erik was asked by El Paso county to reach out to us to discuss water ponding on the development site. Specifically, Erik was asked to obtain, *"an email or letter from the state (DWR) saying they are ok with the water ponding and being retained at that southeast corner of the site (see images below). Knowing that there's no existing outlet for flows to continue thru, but realizing that there are no changes being made to the site that would require any upgrades to the corner."* (as relayed in an email from Charlene Durham to Erik dated 10/19/2023.



**Area where
stormwater
appears to collect.**



The Colorado Ground Water Commission ("Commission") is the regulatory and adjudicatory body (under the Division of Water Resources) authorized to administer groundwater resources in those geographic areas identified as designated groundwater basins. The Murr Sub. is within the Upper Black Squirrel Creek Designated Groundwater Basin ("UBSC Basin"), and therefore the Commission works in tandem with the State Engineer to ensure groundwater resources are protected in those basins. Ponding that is not determined to be naturally occurring is an issue the Commission is looking more closely at in the UBSC Basin.

On May 25, 2023 Kate Fuller of DWR, completed her review of the water supply plan for the Murr Subdivision as referred to her by El Paso County. Kate's response to the county referral is attached ("Murr Subdivision"). In her response letter, Kate indicated the following, *"Should the development include construction and/or modification of any storm water structure(s), the Applicant should be aware that, unless the structure can meet the requirements of a "storm water detention and infiltration facility" as defined in Designated Basin Rule 5.11,*

the structure may be subject to administration by this office. The Applicant should review Rule 5.11 to determine whether the structure meets the requirements of the Rule and ensure any notification requirement is met."

As noted above, the County has requested our opinion on the ponding/pooling occurring in the SE1/4 of the Murr Sub. development site.

The collection site does not qualify as a stormwater detention/infiltration facility as referenced in Kate's comment letter, nor does it require administration by our office at this time. We have examined the area in question and determined that while there is a low area at this location that may be collecting occasional surface runoff, the low area appears to be a natural, existing condition. No alteration or excavation of the land appears to have occurred (or is being proposed) in the low area that would expand what is already naturally occurring, and while the three new lots proposed north of the low area may result in some small additional amounts of water collecting in the natural low, this is not something the Commission requires to be addressed at this time. If land improvements/modifications/trenching is performed for the specific purposes of diverting water to that low area, the site is intended to be used as a stormwater detention or retention facility for the proposed development, AND/OR that low area's storage volume is expanded/deepened through construction, the Commission reserves the right to reexamine this matter.

It should be noted that the county road (Davis Road?) runs through the low area in question and may be acting as an impoundment structure, preventing collected water from gravity flowing down gradient. It has been reported that there are no culverts at the location in question for water to flow past the road, though we do note that there is no natural channel at that location for water to flow down. Installation of culverts at that location may help address excessive collection of water and facilitate its movement past the road into the fields to the south but this is not something the Commission is requiring.

Please let me know if you have any additional questions.

Chris Grimes
Ground Water Commission Staff

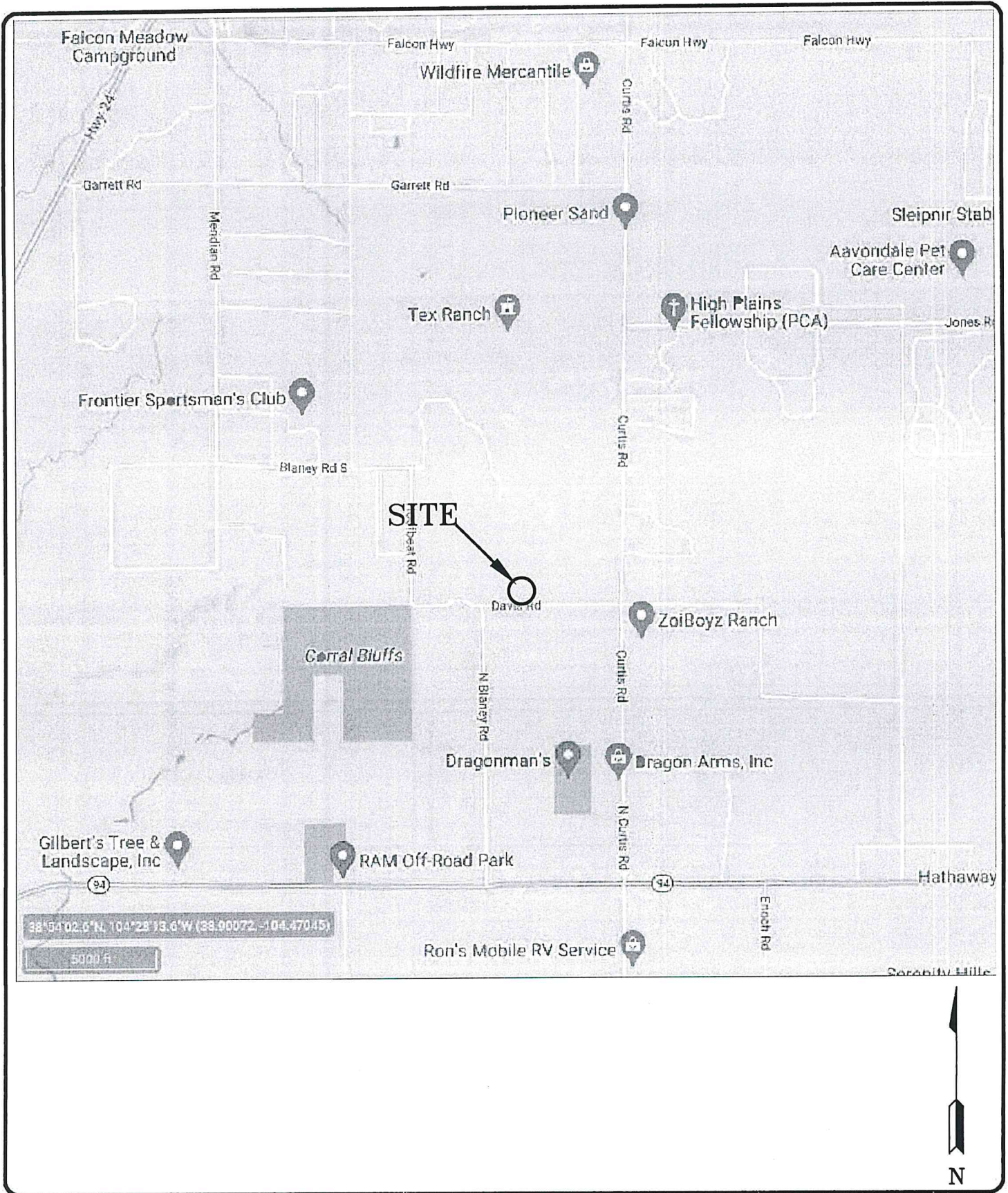


P 303.866.3581 x 8253

C 303-263-6181

1313 Sherman Street, Room 818, Denver, CO 80203

chris.grimes@state.co.us / www.water.state.co.us



Murr Subdivision

VICINITY MAP 4-LOT MINOR SUBDIVISION 14090 DAVIS ROAD EL PASO COUNTY, CO.			
DRAWN:	DATE: 10/27/22	CHECKED:	DATE:



MAJOR BASIN	SUB BASIN	AREA		BASIN		T _c MIN	I in./hr.		SOIL GRP	DEV. TYPE	C		FLOW		RETURN PERIOD	
		PLANIM READ	ACRES	LENGTH -FT.-	HEIGHT -FT.-		5	100			5	100	5-yr q _p -CFS-	100-yr q _p -CFS-	-years-	
Livestock Company	O-1		6.44	300	5	27			A	PASTURE	0.08	0.35			5	100
		K=10	F=1.13	+1090		+16										
						43	2.0	3.3					1.0	7.4	5	100
HISTORIC CONDITIONS	A		12.55	300	14	19										
		K=7	V=1.38	+1080	42	+13										
						32	2.3	3.9					2.3	17.1	5	100
	B		7.17	300	22	17										
		K=7	V=1.17	+710	20	+10										
						27	2.5	4.2					1.4	10.5	5	100
	A+B		19.72			32	2.3	3.9					3.6	26.9	5	100
	C		17.09	300	18	46										
		K=7	V=1.59	+770	40	+8										
						54	17	2.8					2.3	16.7	5	100

HYDROLOGICAL COMPUTATION – BASIC DATA PROJ: MURR SUBDIVISION BY: O.E. WATTS RATIONAL METHOD DATE: 12/30/22, 10/25/23										OLIVER E. WATTS, CONSULTING ENGINEER, INC. 614 ELKTON DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80907					PAGE 1 OF 2	
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-------------------	--

MAJOR BASIN	SUB BASIN	AREA		BASIN		T _c MIN	I in./hr.		SOIL GRP	DEV. TYPE	C		FLOW		RETURN PERIOD	
		PLANIM READ	ACRES	LENGTH -FT.-	HEIGHT -FT.-		5	100			5	100	5-yr qp -CFS-	100-yr qp -CFS-	-years-	
Livestock	O-1	2.43	6.44	300	5	25			A	5 ACRE	0.13	0.38			5	100
Company		K=10	V1.13	+1090	+6	+16										
						41	2.0	3.4					1.7	8.1	5	100
DEVELOPED																
CONDITIONS	A	4.73	12.55	300	14	18			A	MIX	0.11	0.365				
		K=7	V=1.38	+1080	42	+13										
						31	2.3	3.9					3.1	17.9	5	100
	B	2.70	7.17	300	22	16			A	PASTURE	0.08	0.35				
		K=7	V=1.17	+710	20	+10										
						26	2.8	4.6					1.6	11.5	5	100
	A+B					31	2.3	3.9	A	MIX	0.10	0.36	4.5	27.6	5	100
	C		12.07	300	18	28			A	5 ACRE	0.12	0.38				
		K=7	4.12	+770	40	+8				PASTURE	0.08	0.35				
		V=1.59	17.09			36	2.2	2.8	A	MIX	0.11	0.35	4.0	16.9	5	100

HYDROLOGICAL COMPUTATION – BASIC DATA PROJ: MURR SUBDIVISION BY: O.E. WATTS RATIONAL METHOD DATE: 12/30/22 10/23/25										OLIVER E. WATTS, CONSULTING ENGINEER, INC. 614 ELKTON DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80907					PAGE 2 OF 2	
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-------------------	--

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



104°34'20"W 38°52'21"N



Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

- SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS**
 - Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99
 - With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR
 - Regulatory Floodway

- OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD**
 - 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X
 - Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X
 - Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes, Zone X
 - Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D

- OTHER AREAS**
 - NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X
 - Effective LOMRs
 - Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone I

- GENERAL STRUCTURES**
 - Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
 - Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

- OTHER FEATURES**
 - Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
 - Coastal Transect
 - Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
 - Limit of Study
 - Jurisdiction Boundary
 - Coastal Transect Baseline
 - Profile Baseline
 - Hydrographic Feature

- MAP PANELS**
 - Digital Data Available
 - No Digital Data Available
 - Unmapped



The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on **12/20/2022 at 10:36 AM** and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



104°33'42"W 38°51'53"N

EL PASO COUNTY AREA, COLORADO

TABLE 16.--SOIL AND WATER FEATURES

[Absence of an entry indicates the feature is not a concern. See "flooding" in Glossary for definition of terms as "rare," "brief," and "very brief." The symbol > means greater than]

Soil name and map symbol	Hydro-logic group	Flooding			Bedrock		Potential frost action
		Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth In	Hardness	
Alamosa: 1-----	C	Frequent-----	Brief-----	May-Jun	>60	---	High.
Ascalon: 2, 3-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Badland: 4-----	D	---	---	---	---	---	---
Bijou: 5, 6, 7-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Blakeland: 8-----	A	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
19: Blakeland part-----	A	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Fluvaquentic Haplaquolls part-----	D	Common-----	Very brief-----	Mar-Aug	>60	---	High.
Blendon: 10-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Bresser: 11, 12, 13-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Brussett: 14, 15-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Chaseville: 16, 17-----	A	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
118: Chaseville part-----	A	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Midway part-----	D	None-----	---	---	10-20	Rippable	Moderate.
Columbine: 19-----	A	None to rare	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Connerton: 120: Connerton part-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	High.
Rock outcrop part-----	D	---	---	---	---	---	---
Cruckton: 21-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Cushman: 22, 23-----	C	None-----	---	---	20-40	Rippable	Moderate.
124: Cushman part-----	C	None-----	---	---	20-40	Rippable	Moderate.
Kutch part-----	C	None-----	---	---	20-40	Rippable	Moderate.
Elbeth: 25, 26-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
127: Elbeth part-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.

See footnote at end of table.

EL PASO COUNTY AREA, COLORADO

TABLE 16.--SOIL AND WATER FEATURES--Continued

Soil name and map symbol	Hydro-logic group	Flooding			Bedrock		Potential frost action
		Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth In	Hardness	
Tomah: 192, 193:							
Tomah part-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Crowfoot part--	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Travessilla: 194:							
Travessilla part-----	D	None-----	---	---	6-20	Hard	Low.
Rock outcrop part-----	D	---	---	---	---	---	---
Truckton: 95, 96, 97-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
198:							
Truckton part--	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Blakeland part-	A	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
199, 100:							
Truckton part--	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Bresser part---	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Ustic Torrifluvents: 101-----	B	Occasional-----	Very brief---	Mar-Aug	>60	---	Moderate.
Valent: 102, 103-----	A	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Vona: 104, 105-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Moderate.
Wigton: 106-----	A	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Wiley: 107, 108-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.
Yoder: 109, 110-----	B	None-----	---	---	>60	---	Low.

¹This map unit is made up of two or more dominant kinds of soil. See map unit description for the composition and behavior characteristics of the map unit.

Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method
(Source: UDFCD 2001)

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percent Impervious	Runoff Coefficients											
		2-year		5-year		10-year		25-year		50-year		100-year	
		HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D
Business													
Commercial Areas	95	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
Neighborhood Areas	70	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.53	0.57	0.58	0.62	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.68
Residential													
1/8 Acre or less	65	0.41	0.45	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.65
1/4 Acre	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
1/3 Acre	30	0.18	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.52	0.47	0.57
1/2 Acre	25	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.41	0.51	0.46	0.56
1 Acre	20	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.26	0.27	0.34	0.35	0.44	0.40	0.50	0.44	0.55
Industrial													
Light Areas	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Heavy Areas	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Parks and Cemeteries	7	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.19	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.40	0.34	0.46	0.39	0.52
Playgrounds	13	0.07	0.13	0.16	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.48	0.41	0.54
Railroad Yard Areas	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
Undeveloped Areas													
Historic Flow Analysis-- Greenbelts, Agriculture	2	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.38	0.31	0.45	0.36	0.51
Pasture/Meadow	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Forest	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Exposed Rock	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Offsite Flow Analysis (when landuse is undefined)	45	0.26	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.48	0.55	0.51	0.59
Streets													
Paved	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Gravel	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Drive and Walks	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Roofs	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Lawns	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50

3.2 Time of Concentration

One of the basic assumptions underlying the Rational Method is that runoff is a function of the average rainfall rate during the time required for water to flow from the hydraulically most remote part of the drainage area under consideration to the design point. However, in practice, the time of concentration can be an empirical value that results in reasonable and acceptable peak flow calculations.

For urban areas, the time of concentration (t_c) consists of an initial time or overland flow time (t_i) plus the travel time (t_t) in the storm sewer, paved gutter, roadside drainage ditch, or drainage channel. For non-urban areas, the time of concentration consists of an overland flow time (t_i) plus the time of travel in a concentrated form, such as a swale or drainageway. The travel portion (t_t) of the time of concentration can be estimated from the hydraulic properties of the storm sewer, gutter, swale, ditch, or drainageway. Initial time, on the other hand, will vary with surface slope, depression storage, surface cover, antecedent rainfall, and infiltration capacity of the soil, as well as distance of surface flow. The time of concentration is represented by Equation 6-7 for both urban and non-urban areas.

$$t_c = t_i + t_t \quad (\text{Eq. 6-7})$$

Where:

t_c = time of concentration (min)

t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min)

t_t = travel time in the ditch, channel, gutter, storm sewer, etc. (min)

3.2.1 Overland (Initial) Flow Time

The overland flow time, t_i , may be calculated using Equation 6-8.

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \quad (\text{Eq. 6-8})$$

Where:

t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min)

C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6)

L = length of overland flow (300 ft maximum for non-urban land uses, 100 ft maximum for urban land uses)

S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_t , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_t , can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

$$V = C_v S_w^{0.5} \quad (\text{Eq. 6-9})$$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	C_v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

*For buried riprap, select C_v value based on type of vegetative cover.

The travel time is calculated by dividing the flow distance (in feet) by the velocity calculated using Equation 6-9 and converting units to minutes.

The time of concentration (t_c) is then the sum of the overland flow time (t_o) and the travel time (t_t) per Equation 6-7.

3.2.3 First Design Point Time of Concentration in Urban Catchments

Using this procedure, the time of concentration at the first design point (typically the first inlet in the system) in an urbanized catchment should not exceed the time of concentration calculated using Equation 6-10. The first design point is defined as the point where runoff first enters the storm sewer system.

$$t_c = \frac{L}{180} + 10 \quad (\text{Eq. 6-10})$$

Where:

t_c = maximum time of concentration at the first design point in an urban watershed (min)

L = waterway length (ft)

Equation 6-10 was developed using the rainfall-runoff data collected in the Denver region and, in essence, represents regional “calibration” of the Rational Method. Normally, Equation 6-10 will result in a lesser time of concentration at the first design point and will govern in an urbanized watershed. For subsequent design points, the time of concentration is calculated by accumulating the travel times in downstream drainageway reaches.

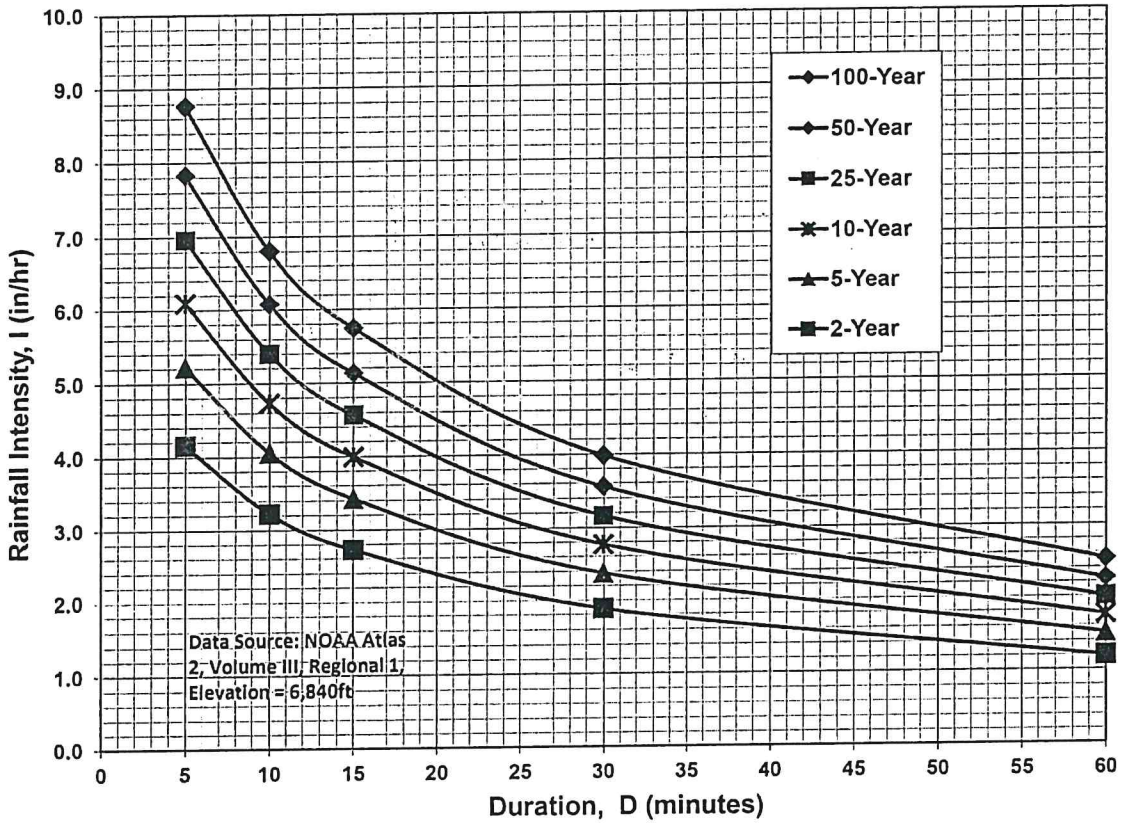
3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes.

3.2.5 Post-Development Time of Concentration

As Equation 6-8 indicates, the time of concentration is a function of the 5-year runoff coefficient for a drainage basin. Typically, higher levels of imperviousness (higher 5-year runoff coefficients) correspond to shorter times of concentration, and lower levels of imperviousness correspond to longer times of

Figure 6-5. Colorado Springs Rainfall Intensity Duration Frequency



IDF Equations

$$I_{100} = -2.52 \ln(D) + 12.735$$

$$I_{50} = -2.25 \ln(D) + 11.375$$

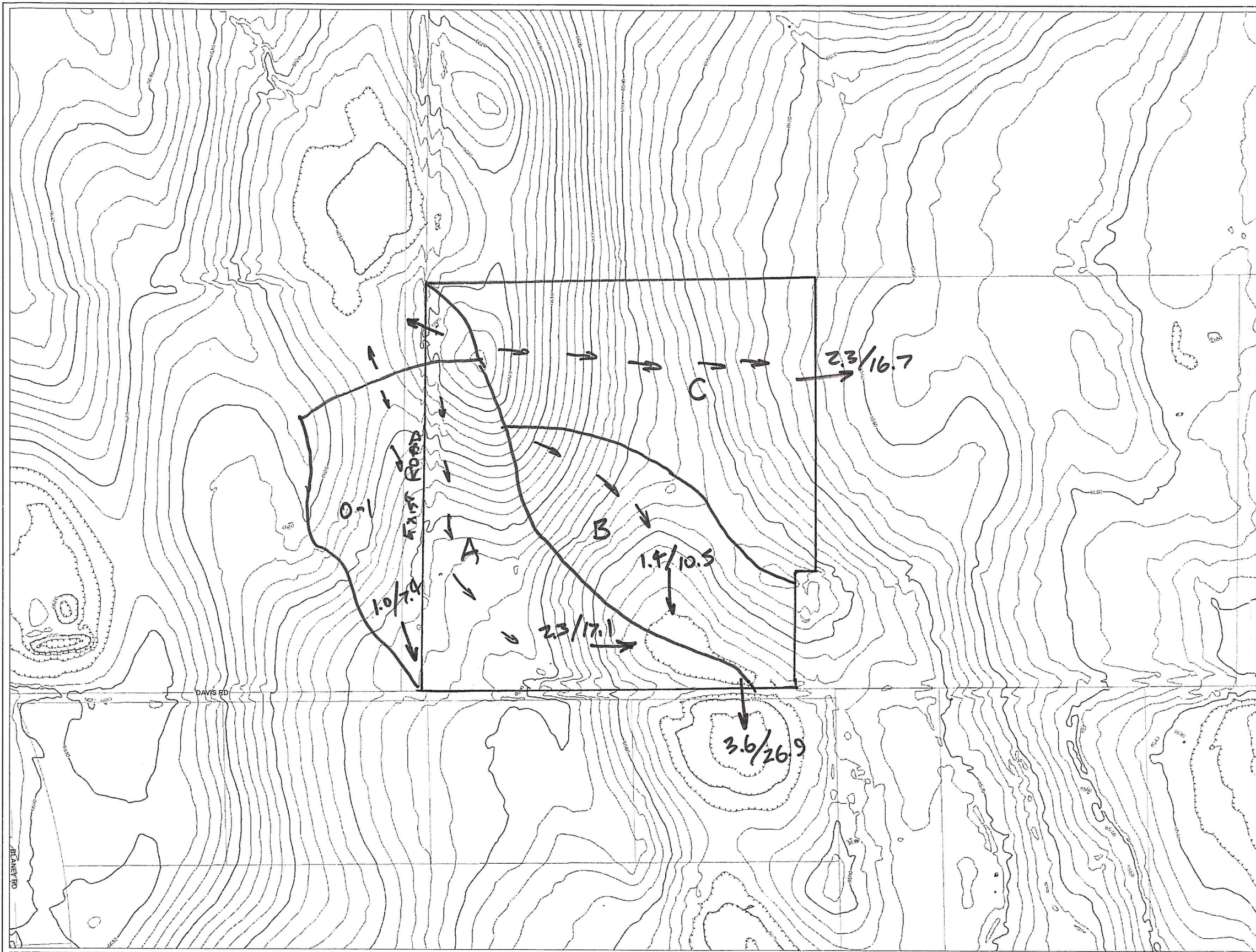
$$I_{25} = -2.00 \ln(D) + 10.111$$

$$I_{10} = -1.75 \ln(D) + 8.847$$

$$I_5 = -1.50 \ln(D) + 7.583$$

$$I_2 = -1.19 \ln(D) + 6.035$$

Note: Values calculated by equations may not precisely duplicate values read from figure.



Murr Subdivision
Drainage Plan
Existing Conditions

HISTORIC CONDITIONS
DRAINAGE BASIN SUMMARY

BASIN	AREA -AC.-	RUNOFF IN CFS	
		5-YEAR	100-YEAR
DS-1	6.44	1.0	7.4
A	12.55	2.3	17.1
B	7.17	1.4	10.5
A+B	19.72	3.6	26.9
C	17.09	2.3	16.7

OLIVER E. WATTS
CONSULTING ENGINEER, INC.
COLORADO SPRINGS

Colorado Springs Utilities
It's how we're all connected

Copyright © 2022 by the City of Colorado Springs on behalf of the Colorado Springs Utilities. All rights reserved. This work, and the data contained herein, may not be reproduced, modified, distributed, published, used to prepare derivative works, publicly displayed or commercially exploited in any manner without the prior express written consent of the City of Colorado Springs and Colorado Springs Utilities. This work was prepared utilizing the best data available at the time of creation. The City of Colorado Springs, Colorado Springs Utilities and their employees expressly disclaim any responsibility for the data contained herein.

Scale 1" = 200'

Map Created: 12/28/2022

Reference Map

Y-28	Z-29	AE-28
Y-29	Z-30	AE-29
Y-30	Z-31	AE-30
Y-31	Z-32	AE-31

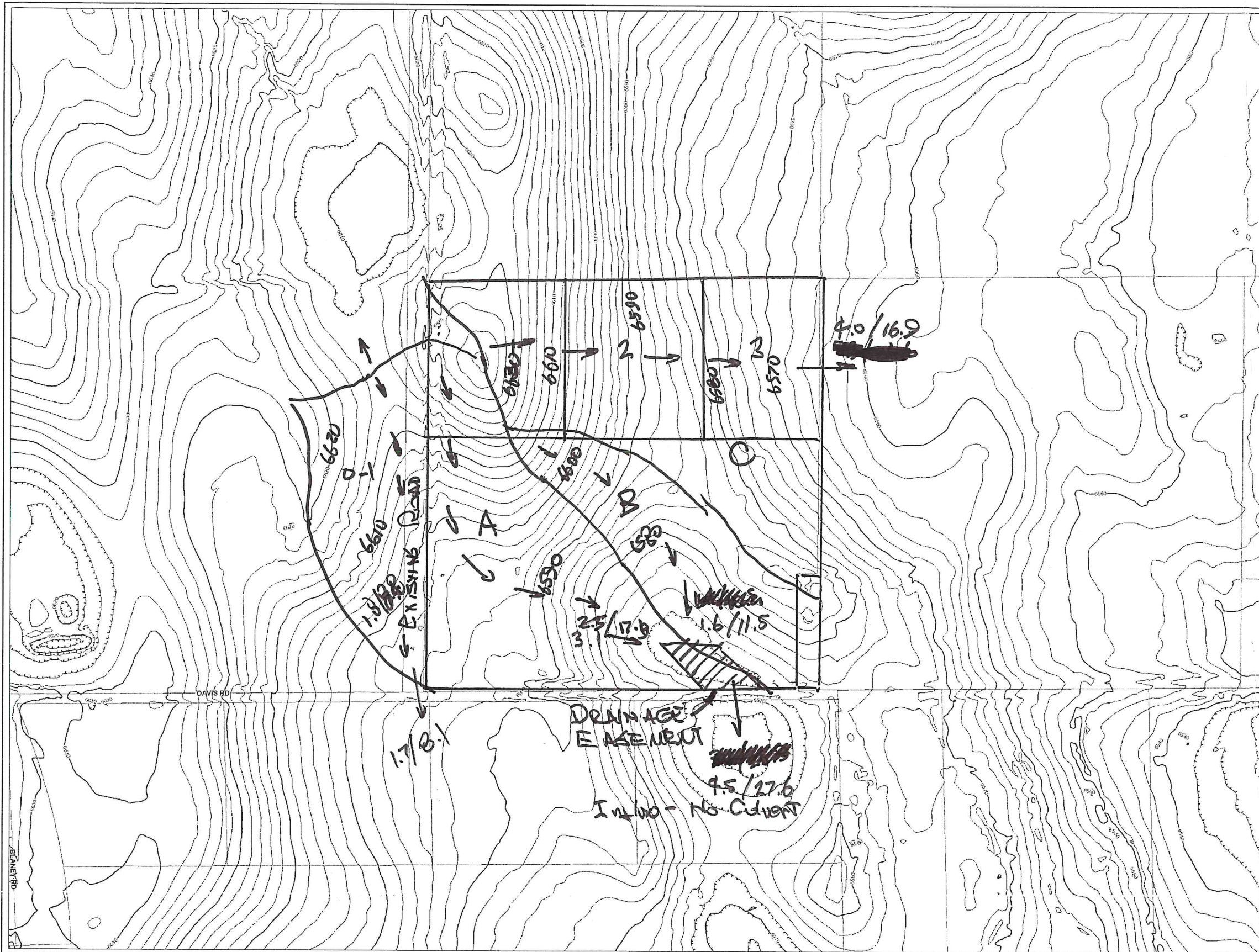
Bridge	Building
Alley	Parcel
Paved Parking	Lake
Unpaved Road	Stream
Paved Road	Intermediate Contour
Fence	Intermediate Depression Contour
Hedge	Intermediate Indefinite Contour
Wall	Intermediate Dep. Indef. Contour
Railroad Track	Index Contour
	Index Depression Contour
	Index Indefinite Contour
	Index Dep. Indef. Contour

Horizontal Datum: State Plane Central CO Zone - NAD83
Vertical Datum: State Plane NGVD29 - US Survey Feet (Utility Data)
Vertical Datum: State Plane NGVD88 - US Survey Feet (Contour & Control Data)

Contours & Parcels Public Access Map

265660

Lower Left: 3264074, 1377203
Upper Right: 3268074, 1380203



OLIVER E. WATTS
CONSULTING ENGINEER, INC.
COLORADO SPRINGS

DEVELOPED CONDITIONS

DRAINAGE BASIN SUMMARY

BASIN	AREA -AC.-	RUNOFF IN CFS	
		5-YEAR	100-YEAR
OS-1	6.44	1.7	8.1
A	12.55	3.1	17.9
B	7.17	1.6	11.5
A+B	19.72	4.5	27.6
C	17.09	4.0	16.9



Scale 1" = 200' *
0 50 100 200 300 400
Feet

Reference Map

Y-28	Z-28	A5-28
Y-29	Z-29	A5-29
Y-30	Z-30	A5-30
Y-31	Z-31	A5-31

- Bridge
- Alley
- Paved Parking
- Unpaved Road
- Paved Road
- Fence
- Hedge
- Wall
- Railroad Track
- Building
- Parcel
- Lake
- Stream
- Intermediate Contour
- Intermediate Depression Contour
- Intermediate Indefinite Contour
- Intermediate Dep. Indef. Contour
- Index Contour
- Index Depression Contour
- Index Indefinite Contour
- Index Dep. Indef. Contour

Rev 10/13/23

Contours & Parcels Public
Access Map



21.5660

Copyright © 2022 by the City of Colorado Springs on behalf of the Colorado Springs Utilities. All rights reserved. This work, and/or the data contained herein, may not be reproduced, modified, distributed, republished, used to prepare derivative works, publicly displayed or commercially exploited in any manner without the prior express written consent of the City of Colorado Springs and Colorado Springs Utilities. This work was prepared utilizing the best data available at the time of creation. The City of Colorado Springs, Colorado Springs Utilities and their employees expressly disclaim any responsibility for the data contained herein.

*Scale is accurate if PDF is printed on standard 22 x 34 D Size paper with page size properly set to 'Actual Size'. Settings other than these may result in an inaccurate verbal map scale but scale bar will be correct.
Map Created: 12/28/2022

Horizontal Datum: State Plane Central CO Zone - NAD83
Vertical Datum: State Plane NGVD29 - US Survey Feet (Utility Data)
Vertical Datum: State Plane NGVD88 - US Survey Feet (Contour & Control Data)

Lower Left: 3264074,1377203
Upper Right: 3268074,1380203

Murr Subdivision
Drainage Plan
Proposed Developed Condition