

**GRADING, EROSION AND STORMWATER  
QUALITY CONTROL PLAN**

for

**WINDERMERE**

N. Marksheffel Road  
El Paso County, Colorado

July 2, 2020

PCD File No.:  
SP-19-003

Prepared For:

**Windsor Ridge Homes**  
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Qualified Stormwater Manager:

**TBD**

Prepared by:

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Contractor:

**TBD**

**GRADING, EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PLAN  
WINDERMERE**

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## 1.0 STORMWATER QUALITY STATEMENT & OBJECTIVES


Stormwater quality best management practices shall be implemented to minimize soil erosion, sedimentation, increased pollutant loads and changed water flow characteristics resulting from land disturbing activity, to the maximum extent practicable, so as to minimize pollution of receiving waters.

Per Appendix A of the Colorado Department of Health, Water Quality Control Division's (the Division) "General Permit Application for Stormwater Discharge Associated with Construction Activities", the goal of the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) is:

"To identify possible pollutant sources that may contribute pollutants to stormwater, and identify Best Management Practices (BMPs) that, when implemented, will reduce or eliminate any possible water quality impacts. The SWMP must be completed and implemented at the time the project breaks ground, and revised if necessary as construction proceeds to accurately reflect the conditions and practices at the site."

This document is not intended to address training, site specific operational procedures, logistics, or other "means and methods" required to construct this project.

Attach inspection log and the state inspection checklist/form to appendix



This document must be kept at the construction site at all times. Inspections are to be made at least every 14 days and after any precipitation event. El Paso County requires that the inspector be contacted 48 hours prior to initial and final inspections. An inspection log entry shall be completed with each inspection performed. The inspection log shall be kept with the SWMP. The conditions of the SWMP and General Permit for Stormwater Discharges associated with the construction activity will remain in effect until final stabilization is achieved, and a notice of inactivation is sent to CDPHE Stormwater Quality Division. All pertinent records must be kept for at least 3 years from the date the site is stabilized.

Drexel, Barrell & Co. has been retained to provide civil engineering services for the design of this project. Drexel, Barrell & Co. is not responsible for implementation and maintenance of the Stormwater Management Plan.

## 2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 DESCRIPTION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

The project involves the development of Windermere in El Paso County, CO, a single family home subdivision. The proposed development consists of approximately 52.07 acres of residential development which will consist of 202 single family lots. The entire project area will be disturbed. The current area of disturbance is required to be updated by the Contractor on the SWMP as changes occur.

The site work will include overlot grading, utility and drainage infrastructure, and roadway construction followed by single-family home construction.

### 2.2 EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

The site is currently undeveloped and is 90% covered with native grass and vegetation, as determined by visual site inspection. Historically, this site drains in all directions with a large hill in the southern half of the site and an existing temporary detention facility located at the northern end. There is a large roadside ditch adjacent to Marksheffel Road that routes off-site runoff to the existing 24" CMP storm culvert under Marksheffel Road. There are no stream crossings located within the project area.

### 2.3 ADJACENT AREAS

The site is bound on the west by Antelope Ridge Dr., on the north by the Chateau at Antelope Ridge subdivision, on the east by Marksheffel Rd., and on the south by N. Carefree Cir. All of the construction activities are to take place on the site. The surrounding areas should not be affected by the land disturbing and stabilization activities.

### 2.4 SOILS

From the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), the soils on the site as mapped by the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) are of the Truckton sandy loam, which is a hydrologic soil group A soil. Hydrologic Soil Group A soils have a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission. Potential

**Item 8. Include soil erosion potential and impacts on discharge**

effects of soil erosion include compaction, loss of soil structure, nutrient degradation, soil salinity and increased sediment load downstream.

## 2.5 AREAS AND VOLUME STATEMENT

The project site consists of approximately 52.07 acres. Unadjusted overlot earthwork volumes within the construction site are approximately 150,000 CY of cut to fill.

update date if this hasn't happened yet

## 2.6 CONTROLS AND MEASURES DURING CONSTRUCTION

Stabilization activities are anticipated to begin in the summer of 2019. A construction schedule will be prepared by the contractor prior to land disturbing activities. Installation of stabilization measures will be completed in one phase. The general sequence of major construction activities is as follows:

1. Temporary Erosion Control Measures – Temporary erosion control measures, such as silt fence and construction of vehicle tracking pads and staging area will be completed prior to any other large scale activity. The vehicle tracking pad will ensure a reduction of tracking of soil on and off the construction site. The staging area will house the materials, petroleum product storage (if any), trash dumpster, sanitary facilities and hazardous spill clean-up areas. These are all potential pollutants that are not sediment related.
2. Trash and Debris Removal – Existing trash and debris shall be removed from the site and hauled to designated receiving facility.
3. Site Clearing – The area to be disturbed for construction will be cleared and grubbed, as necessary to the perimeter of erosion control. The sequence of the areas to be cleared and grubbed are subject to the contractor's means and methods of construction of the site; however, the general plan is to work towards where the vehicle tracking pads are located in order to eliminate backtracking over areas that have already been completed.
4. Overlot Grading – Overlot grading will occur to bring the site to the proposed sub-grade elevations in paved areas, and to finished grade elevations in the

landscape and detention areas. Spoils from the site will be removed from the site and hauled to a designated receiving facility or location.

5. Utility Installation – Utility installation will consist of water, sanitary sewer, electric, and telephone and natural gas service lines. Storm drain lines will also be installed. Utility locations will be obtained prior to commencement of construction activities.
6. Final Grading – The site will be brought to final elevations with the installation of the proposed paving and final blending to existing grades on the perimeter of the improvement area.
7. Permanent Re-vegetation – Erosion control blanket will be installed at all areas graded to a 3:1 slope and greater. Areas not paved will be re-vegetated and/or landscaped by the contractor or owner on an as-needed basis. Vegetation and stabilization of soil will aid in the trapping of sediment and reducing soil erosion.
8. Removal of Temporary BMP's – Temporary erosion control measures may be removed once the site has achieved final 70 percent of pre disturbance levels and vegetation cover is capable of reducing soil erosion. All permanent BMPs shall be cleaned and functioning before any temporary BMPs are removed.
9. Housekeeping – The best BMP for a job site is good housekeeping around the site. Routine site trash pickup and routine BMP inspection and maintenance are paramount for keeping a job site clean and tidy. All petroleum storage areas in the staging area should be checked daily for leaks. Any leaks shall be reported to the site foreman for clean up. All personnel on site for both the contractor and subcontractors should be briefed on spill cleanup and containment procedures. Employees shall also be briefed as to where the spill cleanup materials can be found if a spill should occur. The spill plan shall be produced by the general contractor for the project and remain onsite for the duration of the project. Contractor shall coordinate with the County to obtain the necessary contacts in the case that a spill occurs.

Item 26 - clarify there there will or won't be any control measure owned or operated by another entity.

## 2.7 POTENTIAL POLLUTION SOURCES

Any substances with the potential to contaminate either the ground or ground surface water shall be cleaned up immediately following discovery, or contained until appropriate cleanup methods can be employed. Manufacturer's recommended methods for cleanup shall be followed, along with proper disposal methods. All waste and debris created by construction at the site or removed from the site shall be disposed of in accordance with all laws, regulations and ordinances of the Federal, State and local agencies. The following is a summary of potential pollution sources and their associated measures intended to minimize the risk of pollution for this project.

- 1) Disturbed and stored soils: Straw wattles/fiber rolls, straw bale check dams and gravel bag check dams.
- 2) Vehicle tracking and sediments: VTC and Street Sweeping
- 3) Vehicle and equipment maintenance and fueling: Spill prevention procedures.
- 4) Dust or particulate generation from earthmoving activities and vehicle movement: water trucks for site watering.
- 5) On site waste management of solid wastes (construction debris): Waste container placement, covering and disposal.
- 6) Worker trash and portable toilets: Container placement, covering and disposal.
- 7) Equipment repair or maintenance beyond normal fueling operations: Spill prevention procedures.

The following items are not anticipated to be potential pollution sources for this project:

- 1) Management of contaminated soils.
- 2) Outdoor storage of fertilizers, chemicals or potentially polluting construction material.

specify that this is for minimizing dust

- 3) Dedicated asphalt or concrete batch plants.

## 2.8 NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES

Non-stormwater discharges possibly encountered during construction may include: watering down of the site, construction staging area, and excess dirt storage during high winds to minimize wind erosion and water utilized in soil compaction efforts.

## 2.9 RECEIVING WATER

Runoff generated by the proposed project will be passed to the onsite storm sewer system and detention ponds prior to discharging into the existing storm sewer system that continues to Sand Creek to the south. The Extended Detention Basins will provide for both stormwater detention and water quality for the site.

## 3.0 SITE MAP

Attached as part of this plan is a Site Map (See Appendix C). The drawing identifies the following:

- 1) Project area boundary
- 2) Area used for staging area
- 3) Location of erosion control facilities or structures (BMP's)
- 4) Boundaries of 100-year floodplains (if applicable)

The following items may not be indicated on the attached drawings, but will be determined by the individual contractors prior to and during construction activities:

- 1) Areas used for storage of construction materials, soils, or wastes
- 2) Location of portable toilets and waste receptacles
- 3) Location of additional BMP's that may become necessary as work progresses

These items shall be added to the Site Map by the Contractor.

Toilets: Portable toilets will be located a minimum of 50 feet from state waters. They shall be adequately staked and cleaned on a weekly basis. They will be inspected daily for spills.



#### 4.0 BMP's FOR STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION

Best management practices (BMPs) used throughout the site shall include: surface roughening, silt fence, inlet protection, vehicle tracking control, temporary sediment basins, straw bale check dams, mulching and reseeding and concrete washout.

##### 4.1 EROSION CONTROL – STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

A list of the Structural CMP's for erosion and sediment control implemented on the site to minimize erosion and sediment are as follows. Refer to the SWMP Drawings for installation and maintenance requirements and location for each structural BMP.

- a) Concrete Washout Area (CWA): A shallow excavation with a small perimeter berm to isolate concrete truck washout operations.
- b) Erosion Control Blanket (ECB): Slopes steeper than or equal to 3 (horizontal) to 1 (vertical) shall be protected with an erosion control blanket.
- c) Inlet Protection (IP): Installed to filter stormwater before entering any watercourses.
- d) Temporary Sediment Basin (TSB): An impoundment that captures sediment laden runoff and releases it slowly, providing prolonged settling times to capture coarse and fine grained soil particles.
- e) Straw Bale Check Dams (CD): Consists of straw bales designed to form a semi-porous filter able to withstand overtopping.
- f) Seeding and Mulching (SM): Temporary seeding and mulching can be used to stabilize disturbed areas that will be inactive for an extended period of time. Permanent seeding should be used to stabilize areas at final grade that will not otherwise be stabilized.

Add sub-sections for permanent BMPs:  
- brief description of ponds - quantity and type (2 full spectrum EDB's), location, purpose

- g) Silt Fence (SF): A temporary sediment barrier constructed of woven fabric stretched across supporting posts.
- h) Stabilized Staging Area (SSA): Consists of stripping the topsoil and spreading a layer of granular material in the area to be used for a trailer, parking, storage, unloading and loading.
- i) Temporary Stockpile Areas (SP): Temporary stockpiles of excess excavated material and stockpiles for imported materials. Slopes shall not be steeper than 3 to 1.
- j) Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC): Consists of a rock pad that is intended to help strip mud from tires prior to vehicles leaving the construction site. Installed at all entrance/exit points to the site. The number of access points shall be minimized.

Minimal clearing and grubbing may be necessary prior to installing the initial erosion control features.

No clearing, grading, excavation, filling or other land disturbing activities shall be permitted until signoff and acceptance of the Grading and Erosion Control Plan is received from the County.

Once signoff and acceptance is received the approved erosion and sediment control measures must be installed before land-disturbing activities are initiated so that no adverse effect of site alteration will impact surrounding property.

#### 4.2 EROSION CONTROL – NON-STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

Non-structural practices for erosion and sediment control to be used to minimize erosion and sediment transport are:

- a) Seeding and mulching and landscape installation in areas that will not be hard surfaced, while minimizing the amount of vegetation to be removed during construction, leaving native vegetation in place when possible.
- b) Street sweeping around the construction site will be utilized when tracking of mud occurs on paved streets. The sweeping will be required after any significant tracking has occurred; significant meaning any visible amount

that cannot be completely cleaned by hand. The adjacent paved drive surfaces will be cleaned at the end of each day of construction activities. Sweeping efforts will continue as necessary until construction operations are completed.

#### 4.3 MATERIALS HANDLING & SPILL PREVENTION

The SWMP administrator will inspect daily to ensure proper use and disposal of materials on site including building materials, paints, solvents, fertilizers, chemicals, waste materials and equipment maintenance or fueling procedures. All materials stored onsite will be stored in a neat and orderly manner in the original containers with the original manufacturer's label, and if possible under a roof or other enclosure to prevent contact with stormwater. Chemicals should be stored within berms or other secondary containment devices to prevent leaks and spills from contacting stormwater runoff. Before disposing of the container, all of a product will be used up whenever possible and manufacturer's recommendations for proper disposal will be followed according to state and local regulations.

Material and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept in the material storage are on site. Manufacturer's recommendations for spill cleanup will be posted and site personnel will be made aware of the procedures along with the location of the information and cleanup supplies.

The contractor shall have spill prevention and response procedures that include the following:

- a) Notification procedures to be used in the event of an accident. At the very least, the SWMP administrator should be notified. Depending on the nature of the spill and the material involved, the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (24-hour spill reporting line (877) 518-5608), downstream water users or other agencies may also need to be informed.
- b) Instructions for clean up procedures and identification of spill kit location(s).

- c) Provisions for absorbents to be made available for use in fuel areas and for containers to be available for used absorbents.
- d) Procedures for properly washing out concrete truck chutes and other equipment in a manner and location so that the materials and wash water cannot discharge from the site and never into a storm drain system or stream.

#### 4.4 DEDICATED CONCRETE OR ASPHALT BATCH PLANTS

No dedicated concrete or asphalt batch plants will be used.

#### 4.5 GROUNDWATER & STORMWATER DEWATERING

In the event that groundwater is encountered or stormwater enters an excavation and dewatering is necessary, a separate CDPHE construction discharge (dewatering) permit will be required for groundwater dewatering and shall be obtained by the SWMP administrator. During groundwater or stormwater dewatering, locations and practices to be implemented to control stormwater pollution from excavations, etc., must be noted on the SWMP. Construction dewatering cannot be discharged to surface water or to storm sewer systems without separate permit coverage. The discharge of Construction Dewatering water to the ground, under specific conditions, may be allowed by the Stormwater Construction Permit when appropriate BMP's are implemented. Refer to USDCM Volume III (UDFCD) for County acceptable means of dewatering.

#### 5.0 TIMING SCHEDULE

← update anticipated dates

The project is anticipated to begin construction in the summer of 2019 and be completed by Fall of 2020. The contractor shall be responsible for producing a schedule that will show at a minimum: start and completion times including site grading operations, utility construction and the removal of the temporary erosion and sediment control measures.

#### 6.0 FINAL STABILIZATION AND LONG-TERM STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Final stabilization shall not be considered complete until 70% of new vegetated cover is established on areas not to be hard-surfaced. Temporary sediment and erosion control measures installed prior to the construction phase will remain in place until this time.

Discuss EDB's in this section as well (a brief reference to relevant sub-sections in 4.0 above would suffice)

Any sediment that collects within the site’s drainage system is considered unstabilized soil and must be removed prior to the site being considered finally stabilized.

add "or snowmelt event that causes surface erosion"

**7.0 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

A site inspection of all erosion control facilities will be conducted every 14 days and within 24 hours after every precipitation event. The entrance to the construction site shall be inspected daily and existing street cleaned, as necessary, of all materials tracked out of the site.

specify that the inspections will be performed by the QSM

The construction site perimeter, disturbed areas, and areas used for material storage that are exposed to precipitation shall be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system. Erosion and sediment control measures identified in the SWMP shall be observed to ensure that they are operating correctly.

Based on the results of the inspection, the description of potential pollutant sources and the pollution prevention and control measures that are identified in this plan shall be revised and modified as appropriate as soon as practicable after such inspection. Modification to control measures shall be implemented in a timely manner, but in no case more than seven (7) calendar days after the inspection.

Item 25 - inspection logs to be signed by QSM

change to QSM

The operator shall be responsible for documenting inspections and maintaining records. Uncontrolled releases of mud or muddy water or measurable quantities of sediment found off the site shall be recorded with a brief explanation as to the measures taken to prevent future releases as well as any measure taken to clean up the sediment that has left the site. All signed inspection record/logs should be kept on site and made available to the El Paso County or CDPHE personnel upon request.

All temporary and permanent erosion and sediment control facilities shall be maintained and repaired per manufacturer’s specifications to assure continued performance of their intended function. Repairs should be completed within 24 to 48 hours. Silt fences may require periodic replacement.

Per ECM Appendix I.5 --- Specify that inspections will be performed by a Qualified Stormwater Manager who has documentation of their credentials (PE, certified erosion control inspector/specialist, certified in a City-approved inspection training program, etc). And that the documentation of credentials will be provided and attached to SWMP once QSM has been determined.

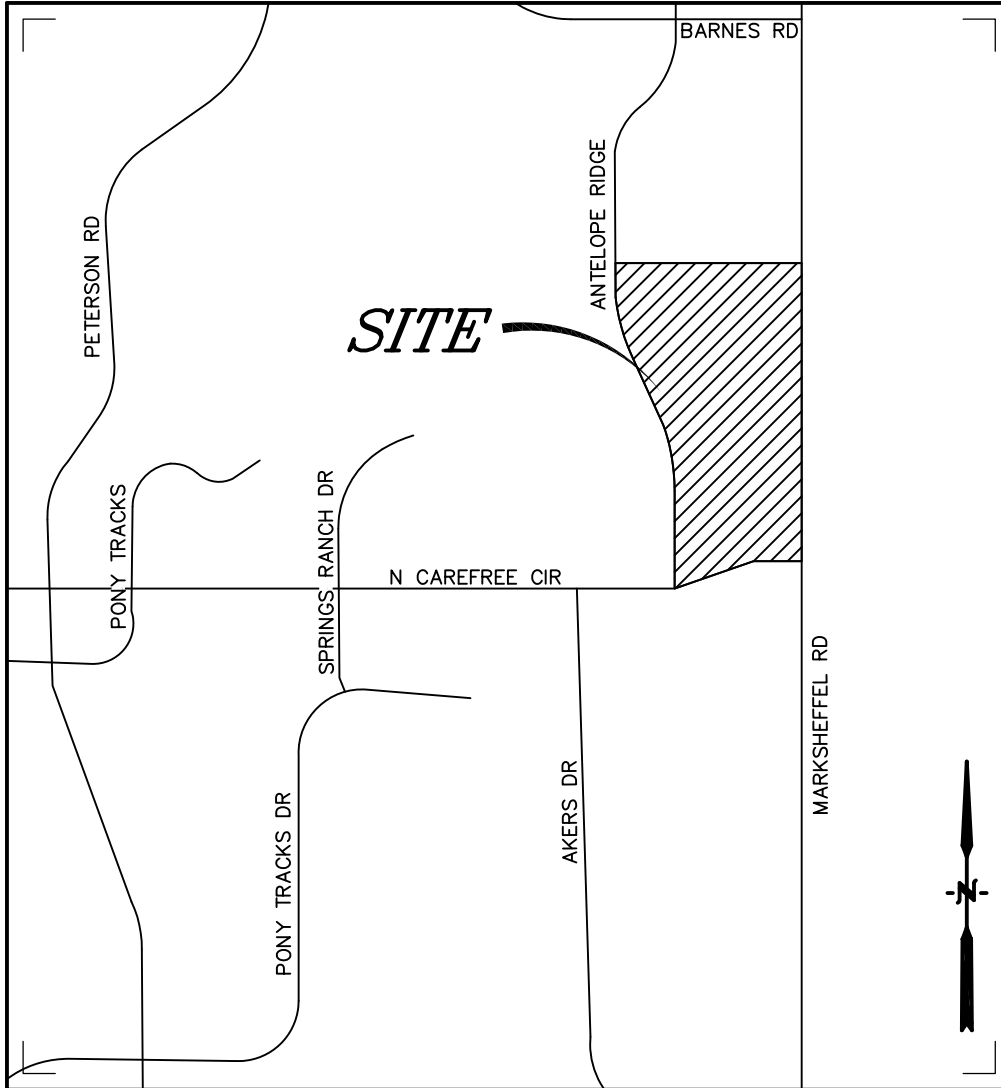
## 8.0 REFERENCES

- [1] General Permit Application and Stormwater Management Plan Preparation Guidance for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activities. Prepared by the Colorado Department of Health, Water Quality Control Division. Revised 7/2009.
- [2] City of Colorado Springs– Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2 “Stormwater Quality Procedures and Best Management Practices (BMPs). November 1, 2002, amended August 10, 2010.
- [3] NRCS Web Soil Survey, [www.websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov](http://www.websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov)

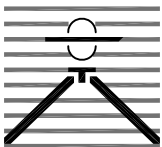
Include a section about how to revise and maintain the SWMP and where specifically onsite it will be located (if known, otherwise state location TBD)

Add text stating that the SWMP should be viewed as a “living document” that is continuously being reviewed and modified as a part of the overall process of evaluating and managing stormwater quality issues at the site. The Qualified Stormwater Manager shall amend the SWMP when there is a change in design, construction, operation or maintenance of the site which would require the implementation of new or revised BMPs or if the SWMP proves to be ineffective in achieving the general objectives of controlling pollutants in stormwater discharges associated with construction activity or when BMPs are no longer necessary and are removed.

**APPENDIX A**  
Vicinity Map



*Vicinity Map*  
Not to scale



**WINDERMERE  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO  
VICINITY MAP**

**Drexel, Barrell & Co.**  
Engineers • Surveyors

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
JOB NO:  
**21187-00CSCV**

DWG. NO.  
**VMAP**  
SHEET 1 OF 1

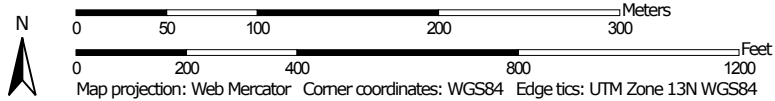


**APPENDIX B**  
**SOILS INFORMATION**

Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado




Map Scale: 1:4,170 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.



### MAP LEGEND

**Area of Interest (AOI)**









 Area of Interest (AOI)

**Soils**

**Soil Rating Polygons**





-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D
-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

**Soil Rating Lines**

-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D
-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

**Soil Rating Points**






-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D

-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available


**Water Features**

 Streams and Canals

**Transportation**

-  Rails
-  Interstate Highways
-  US Routes
-  Major Roads
-  Local Roads

**Background**

 Aerial Photography

### MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

**Warning:** Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service  
 Web Soil Survey URL:  
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado  
 Survey Area Data: Version 15, Oct 10, 2017

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 15, 2011—Jun 17, 2014

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

## Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
97	Truckton sandy loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	A	56.4	100.0%
<b>Totals for Area of Interest</b>			<b>56.4</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

### Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

### Rating Options

*Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition*

*Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified*

**APPENDIX C**  
**SITE MAP**

# WINDERMERE

## EROSION CONTROL AND STORMWATER QUALITY PLAN

### E 1/2 OF SECTION 29, T13S, R65W OF THE 6TH P.M. EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

PREPARED BY:



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**AGENCY CONTACTS**

<b>COUNTY</b>	EL PASO COUNTY PLANNING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT KARI PARSONS, PROJECT MANAGER/PLANNER II 2880 INTERNATIONAL CIRCLE, SUITE 110 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80910 (719) 520-6300	<b>ELECTRIC</b>	MOUNTAIN VIEW ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION LES ULFERS 11140 E. WOODMEN ROAD FALCON, CO 80831 (719) 495-2283
<b>FIRE</b>	CIMARRON HILLS FIRE DEPARTMENT STEVE CONNER, FIRE CHIEF 1835 TUSKEGEE PL COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80915 (719) 591-0960	<b>GAS</b>	COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES TODD STURTEVANT 1521 HANCOCK EXPRESSWAY COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80947 (719) 668-3556
<b>WATER</b>	CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT JONATHON SMITH, SUPERINTENDENT OF WATER & WASTEWATER 6250 PALMER PARK BLVD COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80915 (719) 597-5080	<b>TELEPHONE</b>	CENTURY LINK PATTY MOORE (719) 636-6096 (LOCATORS) (719) 597-8418 AT&T (LOCATORS) (719) 635-3674
<b>WASTEWATER</b>	CHEROKEE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT JONATHON SMITH, SUPERINTENDENT OF WATER & WASTEWATER 6250 PALMER PARK BLVD COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80915 (719) 597-5080	<b>CABLE</b>	COMCAST DALE STEWART 213 N. UNION BLVD COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80909 (719) 442-4733

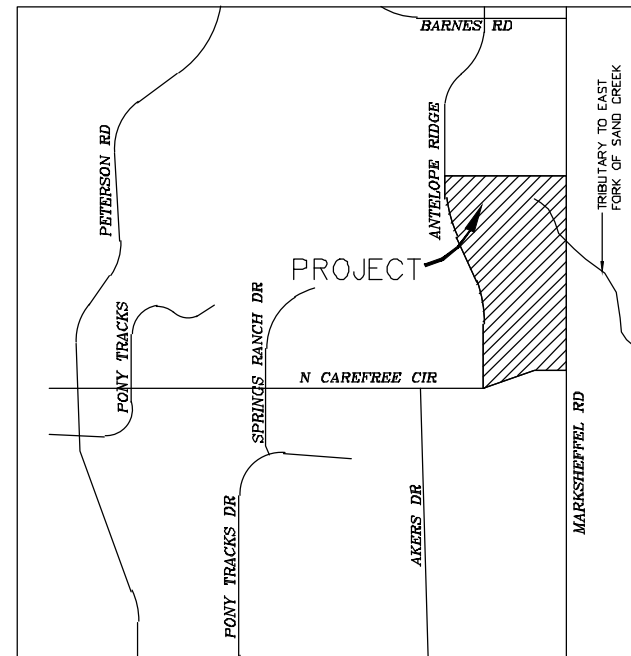
**SHEET INDEX**

EC01	COVER SHEET
EC02	EROSION CONTROL AND STORMWATER QUALITY PLAN
EC03	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
EC04	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
EC05	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

4164 AUSTIN BLUFFS PKWY. #361  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80918  
(719) 200-9594  
CONTACT: JAMES TODD STEVENS

**GRADING, EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY NOTES**

- ANY LAND DISTURBANCE BY ANY OWNER, DEVELOPER, BUILDER, CONTRACTOR, OR OTHER PERSON SHALL COMPLY WITH THE BASIC GRADING, EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS AND GENERAL PROHIBITIONS NOTED IN THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME 2.
- NO CLEARING, GRADING, EXCAVATION, FILLING OR OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES SHALL BE PERMITTED UNTIL SIGN OFF AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE GRADING PLAN AND EROSION AND STORMWATER CONTROL PLAN IS RECEIVED FROM EDRD.
- THE INSTALLATION OF THE FIRST LEVEL OF TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES AND BMP'S SHALL BE INSTALLED AND INSPECTED PRIOR TO ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OPERATIONS TAKING PLACE. CALL CITY STORMWATER INSPECTIONS, 385-5977 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- SEDIMENT (MUD AND DIRT) TRANSPORTED ONTO A PUBLIC ROAD, REGARDLESS OF THE SIZE OF THE SITE, SHALL BE CLEANED IMMEDIATELY.
- CONCRETE WASH WATER SHALL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO OR ALLOWED TO RUNOFF TO STATE WATERS, INCLUDING ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR FACILITIES.
- SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL SLOPES, CHANNELS, DITCHES, OR ANY DISTURBED LAND AREA SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN TWENTY-ONE (21) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING OR FINAL EARTH DISTURBANCE HAS BEEN COMPLETED. DISTURBED AREAS AND STOCKPILES WHICH ARE NOT AT FINAL GRADE BUT WILL REMAIN DORMANT FOR LONGER THAN THIRTY (30) DAYS SHALL ALSO BE MULCHED WITHIN TWENTY-ONE (21) DAYS AFTER INTERIM GRADING. AN AREA THAT IS GOING TO REMAIN IN AN INTERIM STATE FOR MORE THAN SIXTY (60) DAYS SHALL ALSO BE SEEDED. ALL TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND BMP'S SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED.
- THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WILL BE SUBJECT TO RE-REVIEW AND RE-ACCEPTANCE BY EDRD SHOULD ANY OF THE FOLLOWING OCCUR: GRADING DOES NOT COMMENCE WITHIN TWELVE (12) MONTHS OF THE CITY ENGINEER'S ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN, A CHANGE IN PROPERTY OWNERSHIP, PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT CHANGES, OR PROPOSED GRADING REVISIONS.
- THE PLAN SHALL NOT SUBSTANTIALLY CHANGE THE DEPTH OF COVER, OR ACCESS EXISTING UTILITY LINES. ACCEPTANCE OF THIS PLAN DOES NOT CONSTITUTE APPROVAL TO GRADE IN ANY UTILITY EASEMENT OR RIGHT-OF-WAY. APPROVALS TO GRADE WITHIN UTILITY EASEMENTS MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY. IT IS NOT PERMISSIBLE FOR ANY PERSON TO MODIFY THE GRADE OF THE EARTH ON ANY COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES EASEMENT OR UTILITY RIGHT-OF-WAY WITHOUT THEIR WRITTEN APPROVAL. THE PLAN SHALL NOT INCREASE OR DIVERT WATER TOWARDS UTILITY FACILITIES. ANY CHANGES TO EXISTING UTILITY FACILITIES TO ACCOMMODATE THE PLAN MUST BE APPROVED BY THE AFFECTED UTILITY OWNER PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTING THE PLAN. THE COST TO RELOCATE OR PROTECT EXISTING UTILITIES OR TO PROVIDE INTERIM ACCESS IS AT THE APPLICANT'S EXPENSE.
- SEE NOTES IN SECTION 3.2 OF THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOL. 2.



**NOTES**

- IN ACCORDANCE WITH ECM SECTION 1.12, THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS WILL BE VALID FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE SIGNED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEER. IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT STARTED WITHIN THOSE 2 YEARS, THE PLANS WILL NEED TO BE RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL, INCLUDING PAYMENT OF REVIEW FEES AT THE PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR'S DISCRETION.
- AT LEAST 10 DAYS PRIOR TO THE ANTICIPATED START OF CONSTRUCTION, FOR PROJECTS THAT WILL DISTURB 1 ACRE OR MORE, THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL SUBMIT A PERMIT APPLICATION FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGE TO THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, WATER QUALITY CONTROL DIVISION. THE APPLICATION CONTAINS CERTIFICATION OF COMPLETION OF A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), OF WHICH THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN MAY BE A PART. FOR INFORMATION OR APPLICATION MATERIALS CONTACT:

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT  
WATER QUALITY CONTROL DIVISION  
WOOD-PERMITS  
4300 CHERRY CREEK DRIVE SOUTH  
DENVER, CO 80246-1530  
ATTN: PERMITS UNIT

**DESIGN ENGINEER'S STATEMENT**

THESE DETAILED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS WERE PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION. SAID PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTY FOR THE DETAILED ROADWAY, DRAINAGE, GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AND SAID PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH APPLICABLE MASTER DRAINAGE PLANS AND MASTER TRANSPORTATION PLANS. SAID PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS MEET THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE PARTICULAR ROADWAY AND DRAINAGE FACILITIES ARE DESIGNED AND ARE CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. I ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LIABILITY CAUSED BY ANY NEGLIGENT ACTS, ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON MY PART IN PREPARATION OF THESE DETAILED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

TIM D. MCCONNELL \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
P.E. # 33797

**VICINITY MAP**  
NOT TO SCALE



**STRUCTURAL FILL**

DURING EARTHWORK BALANCING ACROSS THE SITE, AREAS TO RECEIVE STRUCTURAL FILL SHOULD HAVE TOPSOIL, ORGANIC MATERIAL, OR DEBRIS REMOVED. LOOSE, WET SOILS, ESPECIALLY THOSE FROM NOTED DRAINAGE AREAS, SHOULD BE EXCAVATED TO DRY SOLID MATERIAL, STOCKPILED AND EVALUATED FOR SUITABILITY OF RE-USE AS STRUCTURAL FILL. IF SOIL IS FOUND TO BE UNSUITABLE AS STRUCTURAL FILL, IT MAY STILL BE SUITABLE AS BACKFILL IN NON-STRUCTURAL APPLICATIONS.

STRUCTURAL FILL COMPOSED OF ON-SITE SOILS SHOULD CONSIST OF GRANULAR, NIL TO LOW-EXPANSIVE MATERIAL. IF CLAYSTONE IS ELECTED TO BE RE-USED IT SHOULD BE THOROUGHLY PROCESSED, MOISTURE CONDITIONED AND BLENDED WITH SAND SOIL. FILL SHOULD BE SPREAD ACROSS THE SITE AND PLACED IN EVEN LOOSE LIFTS NOT EXCEEDING 10-INCHES, MOISTURE CONDITIONED TO FACILITATE COMPACTION (USUALLY WITHIN 2 PERCENT OF THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT), AND COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95 PERCENT OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY THE STANDARD PROCTOR TEST, ASTM D-698. THE MATERIALS SHOULD BE SPREAD AND COMPACTED BY MECHANICAL MEANS.

STRUCTURAL FILL PLACED ON SLOPES SHOULD BE BENCHED INTO THE SLOPE. MAXIMUM BENCH HEIGHTS SHOULD NOT EXCEED 4 FEET, AND BENCH WIDTHS SHOULD BE WIDE ENOUGH TO ACCOMMODATE COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. MATERIALS USED FOR STRUCTURAL FILL SHOULD BE APPROVED BY RMG PRIOR TO USE. STRUCTURAL FILL SHOULD NOT BE PLACED ON FROZEN SUBGRADE OR ALLOWED TO FREEZE DURING MOISTURE CONDITIONING AND PLACEMENT.

**BENCHMARK**

ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES FACILITIES INFORMATION SYSTEM (FIMS), A 2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "BLT100" IN SE CORNER OF CATCH BASIN ON EAST SIDE OF ANTELOPE RIDGE DRIVE 1500'± NORTH OF NORTH CAREFREE CIR., WITH AN ELEVATION OF 6607.03 (NGVD 29).

**LEGAL DESCRIPTION**

THE EAST HALF OF SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 13 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO.

**FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT**

ACCORDING TO THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA) FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) PANEL #08041C0543 F (DECEMBER 7, 2018) THE PROJECT SITE IS WITHIN A DESIGNATED ZONE X AREA DESCRIBED AS "AREAS DETERMINED TO BE OUTSIDE 500-YEAR FLOODPLAIN".

**TIMING**

ANTICIPATED STARTING AND COMPLETION TIME PERIOD OF SITE GRADING: SUMMER 2020-FALL 2021

**AREAS**

TOTAL AREA OF THE SITE TO BE CLEARED, EXCAVATED OR GRADED: APPROXIMATELY 54.9 ACRES

**RECEIVING WATERS**

SAND CREEK

**SOILS**

HYDROLOGIC TYPE A: TRUCKTON SANDY LOAM

**ESTIMATED COST OF TEMPORARY & PERMANENT BMPs INCLUDING INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION (FINAL & INTERIM STAGE)**

Description	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total	% Complete	Remaining
<b>SECTION 1 - GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL (Construction and Permanent BMPs)</b>						
Gravel						
Less than 1,000: \$5,000 min		CY	\$ 8.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
1,000-5,000: \$6,000 min		CY	\$ 6.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
5,001-20,000: \$10,000 min		CY	\$ 5.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
20,001-60,000: \$10,000 min		CY	\$ 2.50	\$ -	-	\$ -
60,001-200,000: \$175,000 min	140,000	CY	\$ 2.50	\$ 350,000.00	100%	\$ 350,000.00
greater than 200,000: \$200,000 min		CY	\$ 2.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Permanent Seeding (inc. mulch seed augment.)		AC	\$ 900.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Mulching		AC	\$ 750.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Permanent Erosion Control Blanket		SQ	\$ 6.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Permanent Pond BMP Construction		CY	\$ 20.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Permanent Pond BMP (Primary)		EA	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -
Permanent Pond BMP (Outer Structure)		EA	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -
Safety Fence		LF	\$ 3.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Temporary Erosion Control Blanket		SQ	\$ 2.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Vehicle Tracking Control	2	EA	\$ 2,370.00	\$ 4,740.00	100%	\$ 4,740.00
Silt Fence	3,470	LF	\$ 2.50	\$ 8,675.00	100%	\$ 8,675.00
Temporary Seeding	52	AC	\$ 650.00	\$ 33,800.00	100%	\$ 33,800.00
Temporary Mulch	52	AC	\$ 750.00	\$ 39,000.00	100%	\$ 39,000.00
Erosion Mats	75	EA	\$ 25.00	\$ 1,875.00	100%	\$ 1,875.00
Erosion Log/Strae Waddle		LF	\$ 5.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Rock Check Dam		EA	\$ 900.00	\$ -	-	\$ -
Inlet Protection	3	EA	\$ 167.00	\$ 501.00	100%	\$ 501.00
Sediment Basin	3	EA	\$ 1,762.00	\$ 5,286.00	100%	\$ 5,286.00
Concrete Washout Basin	1	EA	\$ 900.00	\$ 900.00	100%	\$ 900.00
<b>MAINTENANCE (25% of Construction BMPs)</b>				\$ 32,771.55		\$ 32,771.55
<b>Section 1 Subtotal</b>				<b>\$476,404.55</b>		<b>\$ 476,404.55</b>

**OWNER'S STATEMENT**

THE OWNER WILL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.

JAMES TODD STEVENS \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

**EL PASO COUNTY**

COUNTY PLAN REVIEW IS PROVIDED ONLY FOR GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH COUNTY DESIGN CRITERIA. THE COUNTY IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY AND ADEQUACY OF THE DESIGN, DIMENSIONS, AND/OR ELEVATIONS WHICH SHALL BE CONFIRMED AT THE JOB SITE. THE COUNTY THROUGH THE APPROVAL OF THIS DOCUMENT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE COMPLETENESS AND/OR ACCURACY OF THIS DOCUMENT.

FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE EL PASO COUNTY LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, AND ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL AS AMENDED.

JENNIFER IRVINE, P.E. \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COUNTY ENGINEER

**ENGINEER OF RECORD**

THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. SAID PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTY AND STATE FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS.

ENGINEER OF RECORD SIGNATURE \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

**REVIEW ENGINEER**

THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN WAS REVIEWED AND FOUND TO MEET THE CHECKLIST REQUIREMENTS EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE NOTED OR ALLOWED BY AN APPROVED DEVIATION REQUEST.

REVIEW ENGINEER \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

**ISSUE**

**DATE**

INITIAL ISSUE	2/21/19
LATEST ISSUE	7/2/20

DESIGNED BY: SBN  
DRAWN BY: SBN  
CHECKED BY: TDM

FILE NAME: 21187-01ECCV

PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION FOR AND ON BEHALF OF DREXEL, BARRELL & CO.

DRAWING SCALE:  
HORIZONTAL: N/A  
VERTICAL: N/A

**COVER SHEET**

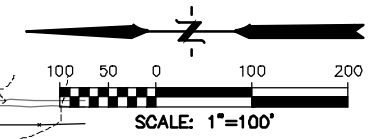
PROJECT NO. 21187-01CSCV

DRAWING NO.

**EC01**

SHEET: 1 OF 5

COUNTY FILE NO.: SP-19-003



PREPARED BY:



**DREXEL, BARRELL & CO.**  
 Engineers & Surveyors  
 3 SOUTH 7TH STREET  
 COLORADO SPGS, COLORADO 80905  
 CONTACT: TIM D. MCCONNELL, P.E.  
 (719) 260-0887  
 BOULDER • COLORADO SPRINGS • GREELEY

CLIENT:

4164 AUSTIN BLUFFS PKWY, #361  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80918  
 (719) 200-9584  
 CONTACT: JAMES TODD STEVENS

**WINDERMERE  
 PRELIMINARY PLAN  
 N. MARKSHEFFEL ROAD  
 EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO**

ISSUE	DATE
INITIAL ISSUE	2/21/19
LATEST ISSUE	7/2/20

DESIGNED BY:	GES
DRAWN BY:	GES
CHECKED BY:	TDM
FILE NAME:	21187-01EC1
PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION FOR AND ON BEHALF OF DREXEL, BARRELL & CO.	

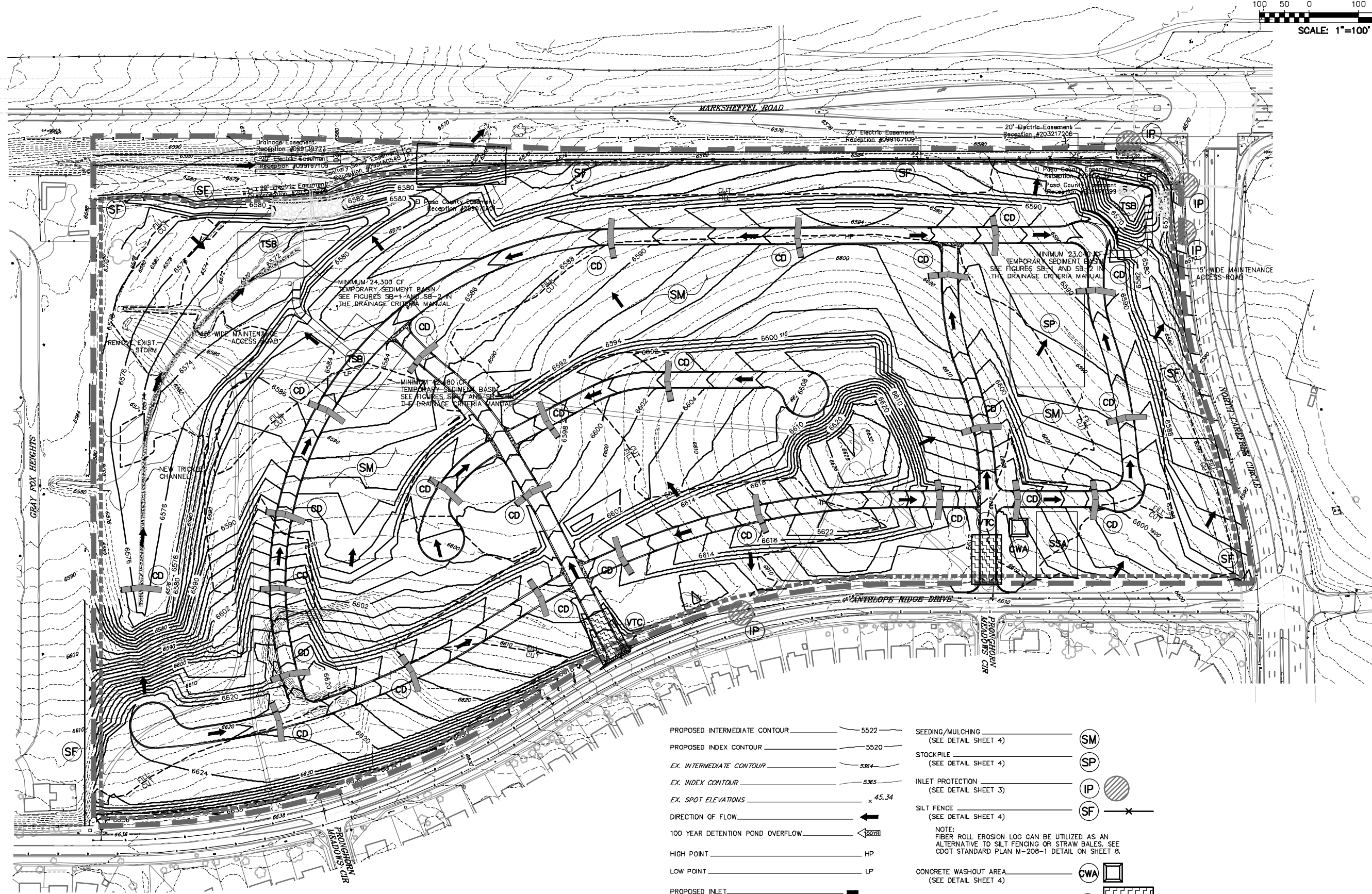
DRAWING SCALE:  
 HORIZONTAL: 1" = 100'  
 VERTICAL: N/A

**PRELIMINARY  
 EROSION CONTROL  
 PLAN**

PROJECT NO. 21187-01CSCV  
 DRAWING NO.

**EC02**

SHEET: 2 OF 5



- PROPOSED INTERMEDIATE CONTOUR \_\_\_\_\_ 5522 \_\_\_\_\_
- PROPOSED INDEX CONTOUR \_\_\_\_\_ 5520 \_\_\_\_\_
- EX. INTERMEDIATE CONTOUR \_\_\_\_\_ 5364 \_\_\_\_\_
- EX. INDEX CONTOUR \_\_\_\_\_ 5365 \_\_\_\_\_
- EX. SPOT ELEVATIONS \_\_\_\_\_ x 45.34 \_\_\_\_\_
- DIRECTION OF FLOW \_\_\_\_\_ ← \_\_\_\_\_
- 100 YEAR DETENTION POND OVERFLOW \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_
- HIGH POINT \_\_\_\_\_ HP \_\_\_\_\_
- LOW POINT \_\_\_\_\_ LP \_\_\_\_\_
- PROPOSED INLET \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_
- PROPOSED MANHOLE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_
- PROJECT BOUNDARY \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_
- LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_
- CUT/FILL LINE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_
- SEEDING/MULCHING \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 4)
- STOCKPILE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 4)
- INLET PROTECTION \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 3)
- SILT FENCE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 4)
- NOTE:  
 FIBER ROLL EROSION LOG CAN BE UTILIZED AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO SILT FENCING OR STRAW BALES. SEE CDOT STANDARD PLAN M-208-1 DETAIL ON SHEET 8.
- CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 4)
- VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 3)
- STRAW BALE CHECK DAM \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 3)
- STABILIZED STAGING AREA \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 4)
- TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SEE DETAIL SHEET 5)

**811** Know what's below.  
 Call before you dig.  
 CALL 3-BUSINESS DAYS IN ADVANCE BEFORE YOU DIG, GRADE, OR EXCAVATE FOR THE MARKING OF UNDERGROUND MEMBER UTILITIES.

COUNTY FILE NO.: SP-19-003



DREXEL, BARRELL & CO.
Engineers & Surveyors
3 SOUTH 7TH STREET
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80905
CONTACT: TIM D. MCCONNELL, P.E.
(719)260-0887
BOULDER • COLORADO SPRINGS • GREELEY

4164 AUSTIN BLUFFS PKWY. #361
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80918
(719) 200-9594
CONTACT: JAMES TODD STEVENS

WINDERMERE
PRELIMINARY PLAN
N. MARKSHEFFEL ROAD
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

Table with 2 columns: ISSUE, DATE. Rows include INITIAL ISSUE (2/21/19) and LATEST ISSUE (7/2/20).

DESIGNED BY: SBN
DRAWN BY: SBN
CHECKED BY: TDM

FILE NAME: 21187-01ECDT
PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION FOR AND ON BEHALF OF DREXEL, BARRELL & CO.

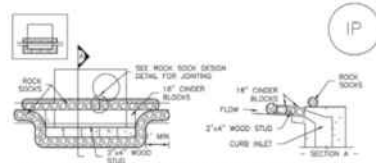
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VERTICAL: N/A

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

PROJECT NO. 21187-01CSCV
DRAWING NO.

EC03

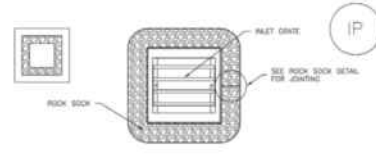
SC-6 Inlet Protection (IP)



IP-1. BLOCK AND ROCK SOCK SUMP OR ON GRADE INLET PROTECTION

- BLOCK AND CURB SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SET ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. CONCRETE 'TANKY' BLOCKS SHALL BE Laid ON THEIR SIDES AROUND THE INLET IN A SINGLE ROW, ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER WITH THE OPEN END FACING AWAY FROM THE CURB.
3. STRAW BATTLES/SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF ROCK SOCKS FOR INLETS IN PERVIOUS AREAS. INSTALL PER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG DETAIL.

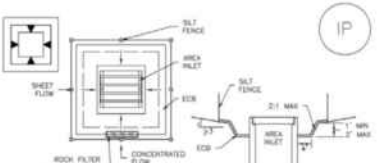
Inlet Protection (IP) SC-6



IP-3. ROCK SOCK SUMP/AREA INLET PROTECTION

- ROCK SOCK SUMP/AREA INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SET ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. STRAW BATTLES/SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF ROCK SOCKS FOR INLETS IN PERVIOUS AREAS. INSTALL PER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG DETAIL.

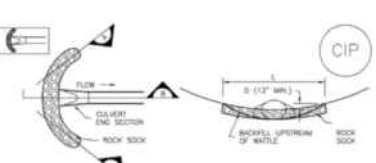
SC-6 Inlet Protection (IP)



IP-5. OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION

- OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. THIS FORM OF INLET PROTECTION IS PRIMARILY APPLICABLE FOR SIZES THAT HAVE NOT YET REACHED FINAL GRADE AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY FOR INLETS WITH A RELATIVELY SMALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA.
2. WHEN USED FOR CONCENTRATED FLOWS, SHAPE BASIN IN 2:1 RATIO WITH LENGTH ORIENTED TOWARD DIRECTION OF FLOW.
3. SEDIMENT MUST BE PERIODICALLY REMOVED FROM THE OVEREXCAVATED AREA.

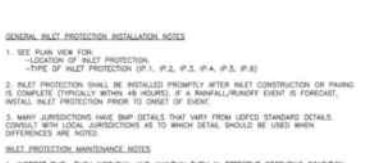
Inlet Protection (IP) SC-6



CIP-1. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION

- CULVERT INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SET PLAN VIEW FOR LOCATION OF CULVERT INLET PROTECTION.
2. SET ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR ROCK SOCKS FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS AND JOINTING DETAIL.
3. INSPECT BIRPS EACH WORKDAY AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BIRPS SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BIRPS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

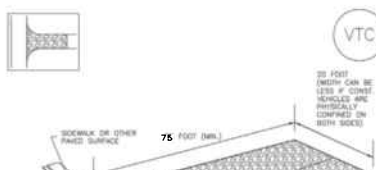
SC-6 Inlet Protection (IP)



IP-2. CURB ROCK SOCKS UPSTREAM OF INLET PROTECTION

- CURB ROCK SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SET ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. PLACEMENT OF THE SOCK SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 30 DEGREES FROM PERPENDICULAR TO THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF FLOW.
3. SOCKS ARE TO BE FLUSH WITH THE CURB AND SPACED A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET APART.
4. AT LEAST TWO CURB SOCKS IN SERIES ARE REQUIRED UPSTREAM OF ON-GRADE INLETS.

Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC) SM-4



VTC-1. AGGREGATE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL

- STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SET PLAN VIEW FOR LOCATION OF CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT.
2. CONSTRUCTION MAT OR TIRE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE ONLY TO BE USED ON SHORT QUANTITIES (TYPICALLY RANGING FROM A WEEK TO A MONTH) WHERE THERE WILL BE LIMITED WHEEL ACCESS.
3. A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE LOCATED AT ALL ACCESS POINTS WHERE VEHICLES ACCESS THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FROM PAVED RIGHT-OF-WAYS.

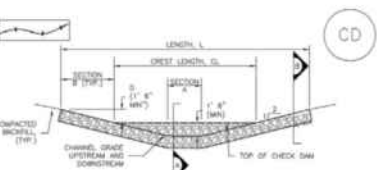
SM-4 Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC)



VTC-2. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

- STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT MAINTENANCE NOTES
1. INSPECT BIRPS EACH WORKDAY AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BIRPS SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BIRPS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BIRPS IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
3. WHERE BIRPS HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

Check Dams (CD) EC-12



CD-1. CHECK DAM

- CHECK DAM INSTALLATION NOTES
1. SET PLAN VIEW FOR LOCATION OF CHECK DAMS.
2. CHECK DAMS INDICATED ON METAL BIRPS SHALL BE INSTALLED AFTER CONSTRUCTION FINISHES, BUT PRIOR TO ANY UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM ACTIVITIES.
3. BIRPS UTILIZED FOR CHECK DAMS SHOULD BE OF APPROPRIATE SIZE FOR THE APPLICATION. TYPICAL TYPES OF BIRPS USED FOR CHECK DAMS ARE TYPE W (300 1/2) OR TYPE S (300 7/8).

EC-12 Check Dams (CD)



CD-2. CHECK DAM PROFILE

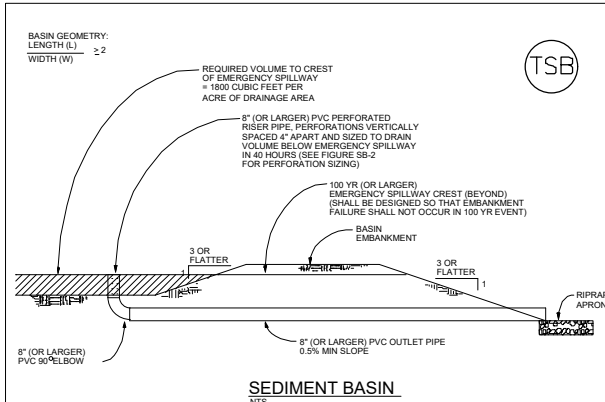
- CHECK DAM MAINTENANCE NOTES
1. INSPECT BIRPS EACH WORKDAY AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BIRPS SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BIRPS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BIRPS IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
3. WHERE BIRPS HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.



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**SEDIMENT BASIN**  
NTS

**SEDIMENT BASIN NOTES**

**INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS**

1. SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL BE INSTALLED BEFORE ANY CLEARING AND/OR GRADING IS UNDERTAKEN.
2. THE AREA UNDER WHICH THE EMBANKMENT IS TO BE INSTALLED SHALL BE CLEARED, GRUBBED, AND STRIPPED OF ALL VEGETATION AND ROOT MAT.
3. THE OUTLET OF THE BASIN SHALL BE DESIGNED TO DRAIN ITS VOLUME IN 40 HOURS.
4. THE OUTLET IS TO BE LOCATED AT THE FURTHEST DISTANCE FROM THE INLET OF THE BASIN. BAFFLES MAY BE NEEDED TO INCREASE THE FLOW LENGTH AND SETTLING TIME.
5. EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF SOIL WITH A MINIMUM OF 15% PASSING A #200 SIEVE. EXCAVATED SOIL CAN BE USED IF IT MEETS THIS REQUIREMENT.
6. EMBANKMENT IS TO BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 90% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY AND WITHIN 2% OF OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT ACCORDING TO ASTM D 698.
7. WHEN A BASIN IS INSTALLED NEAR A RESIDENTIAL AREA, FOR SAFETY REASONS, A SIGN SHALL BE POSTED AND THE AREA SECURED WITH A FENCE.

**MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS**

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT SEDIMENT BASINS AFTER EACH RAINFALL AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL AND WEEKLY DURING PERIODS NO RAINFALL.
2. SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL BE CLEANED OUT BEFORE SEDIMENT HAS FILLED HALF THE VOLUME OF THE BASIN.
3. SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL REMAIN OPERATIONAL AND PROPERLY MAINTAINED UNTIL THE SITE AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED WITH ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE COVER AND/OR OTHER PERMANENT STRUCTURE AS APPROVED BY THE CITY.

City of Colorado Springs  
Stormwater Quality

Figure SB-1  
Sediment Basin  
Construction Detail and Maintenance  
Requirements

3-32

Required Area per Row (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Depth at Outlet (ft)								
	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	
2	15.04	7.71	5.10	3.75	2.95	2.41	2.02	1.73	
1	7.52	3.86	2.55	1.88	1.48	1.21	1.01	0.87	
0.6	4.51	2.31	1.53	1.13	0.89	0.72	0.61	0.52	
0.4	3.01	1.54	1.02	0.75	0.59	0.48	0.40	0.35	
0.2	1.50	0.77	0.51	0.38	0.30	0.24	0.20	0.17	
0.1	0.75	0.39	0.26	0.19	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.09	
0.08	0.45	0.23	0.15	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.06	0.05	
0.04	0.30	0.15	0.10	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.03	
0.02	0.15	0.08	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	
0.01	0.08	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	

**TABLE SB-1**

**Circular Perforation Sizing**

Hole Diameter (ft)	Hole Diameter (in)	Area per Row (ft <sup>2</sup> )		
		n = 1	n = 2	n = 3
1/4	0.250	0.05	0.10	0.15
5/16	0.313	0.08	0.15	0.23
3/8	0.375	0.11	0.22	0.33
7/16	0.438	0.15	0.30	0.45
1/2	0.500	0.20	0.39	0.59
9/16	0.563	0.25	0.50	0.75
5/8	0.625	0.31	0.61	0.92
11/16	0.688	0.37	0.74	1.11
3/4	0.750	0.44	0.88	1.33
7/8	0.875	0.60	1.20	1.80
1	1.000	0.79	1.57	2.36
1 1/8	1.125	0.99	1.99	2.98
1 1/4	1.250	1.23	2.45	3.68
1 3/8	1.375	1.48	2.97	4.45
1 1/2	1.500	1.77	3.53	5.30
1 5/8	1.625	2.07	4.15	6.22
1 3/4	1.750	2.41	4.81	7.22
1 7/8	1.875	2.76	5.52	8.28
2	2.000	3.14	6.28	9.42

**TABLE SB-2**

City of Colorado Springs  
Stormwater Quality

Figure SB-2  
Outlet Sizing  
Application Techniques and Maintenance  
Requirements

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WINDERMERE  
PRELIMINARY PLAN  
N. MARKSHEFFEL ROAD  
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

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PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION FOR AND ON BEHALF OF  
**DREXEL, BARRELL & CO.**

DRAWING SCALE:  
HORIZONTAL: N/A  
VERTICAL: N/A

EROSION CONTROL  
DETAILS

PROJECT NO. 21187-01CSCV  
DRAWING NO.

**EC05**



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