

WYOMING ESTATES SUBDIVISION

FILING NO. 2

(A REPLAT OF A PORTION OF WYOMING ESTATES FILING NO. 1)

PRELIMINARY/FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

PREPARED BY

Mike Bartusek
RESPEC
5540 Tech Center Dr., Suite 100
Colorado Springs, CO 80919
719-640-8057

PREPARED FOR

Home Run Restorations, Inc.
710 S. Blaney Road
Colorado Springs, CO 80929
719-649-7241

FEBRUARY 2024

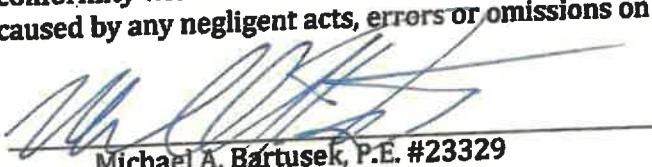
Project Number W0562.23001

PCD File No. SP237 and SF2322



**ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:**

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports, and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.



Michael A. Bartusek, P.E. #23329

**DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:**

I, the Developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

By:



Shawn Shafer

Title: Owner

Address: Home Run Restorations, Inc.
 710 S. Blaney road
 Colorado Springs, CO 80929

Filed in accordance with the El Paso County Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, and the Engineering Criteria Manual, as amended.

El Paso County Engineer/ECM Administrator

Date

Conditions:

PRELIMINARY/FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT
WYOMING ESTATES SUBDIVISION FILING NO. 2

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This drainage report is for the development of the Wyoming Estates Subdivision Filing No. 2 which is a replat of a portion of Wyoming Estates Subdivision Filing No.1. Wyoming Estates Subdivision Filing No. 2 encompasses 25.34 of the total 40.01 acres site. The project is located west of Curtis Road approximately 2.5 miles north of SH 94. Of the 40.01 acres, 3.53 acres have been dedicated to El Paso County for future Curtis Road expansion. It is further described as the southern portion of Section 33, Township 13 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian in El Paso County, Colorado.

All of this development is located in the Curtis Ranch and Livestock Company Drainage Basin. Flows from the site drain into the west ditch of Curtis Road and flow north to the West Fork of Squirrel Creek.

SOILS

The soil on the site can be described as having a rapid permeability, medium-surface runoff, and moderate to high hazard of erosion. The soils within the site are:

- | | | |
|------|----------------------|---|
| • 8 | Blakeland Loamy Sand | A |
| • 95 | Truckton Sandy Loams | B |

FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

No portion of the developed site is located within a designated FEMA 100-year floodplain according to the information published in the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Plain Map No. 08041CO785G, dated December 7, 2018.

METHOD OF COMPUTATION

The methodology utilized for this report is in accordance with the *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1*, dated May 2014. The Rational Method for computation of runoff was used for determining Sub-Basin flows.

$Q = cia$

Where

Q = maximum rate of runoff in cubic feet per second

c = runoff coefficient representing drainage area characteristics

i = average rainfall intensity, in inches per hour, for the duration required for the runoff to become established

a = drainage basin size in acres

EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

Currently the site improvements are completely developed with all roadway and drainage structures in place.

DEVELOPED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

The proposed replatted portion of the subdivision will consist of four (4) lots with Lot 1 containing 5.13 acres, Lot 2 containing 5.41 acres, Lot 3 containing 9.44 acres and Lot 4 containing 6.36 acres. The remaining portion of Wyoming Estates Subdivision Filing No. 1 will consist of two (2) lots with Lot 2 containing 5.08 acres and Lot 3 containing 5.06 acres. It also contains an existing asphalt cul-de-sac located across from Patton Drive with an existing private

gravel road extending from the cul-de-sac and connecting to the existing access road to the west. These new lots are assumed to be developed with 3000 sf homes and 12 ft gravel drives. No overlot grading will take place within the proposed subdivision. No revisions to the Sub-basin boundaries delineated in the approved Final Drainage Report for the Wyoming Estates Subdivision Filing No. 1 are required.

Sub-Basin A contains 3.66 acres and will continue to drain to the southwest corner of the site. It produces flows of 0.9 cfs for the 5-year storm and 7.1 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows travel off the site to the south.

Sub-Basin B1 contains 4.75 acres and will contain one (1) home and drains the eastern area of the site adjacent to Curtis Road. This area drains to the east and northeast and is tributary Sub-Basin OS1 which contains the west ditch along Curtis Road. This sub-basin produces flows of 1.6 cfs for the 5-year storm and 10.1 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-basin OS1A contains 2.62 acres and is located east of the site and contains the Curtis Road ROW. This Sub-basin will produce flows of 1.5 cfs and 6.6 cfs respectively. The combined flows from Sub-Basins B1 and OS1A at DP1 will be 3.0 cfs for the 5-year storm and 16.4 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-basin B2A1 contains 0.20 acres and is located in the area northcentral area of the site, along the south side of the gravel road. This roadway area sheet flows into the ditch in Sub-basin B2B1 and produces flows of 0.4 cfs for the 5-year storm and 1.0 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-Basin B2B1 contains 1.20 acres and drains the northcentral portion of the site and contains a small portion of Lot 1. This area drains to the northeast toward the proposed ditch along Teleo Point. This sub-basin produces flows of 0.8 cfs for the 5-year storm and 3.1 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will combine with the flows from Sub-basin B2A1 at DP2 to produce flows of 1.1 cfs for the 5-year storm and 3.8 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows continue east into Sub-Basin B2B2.

Sub-basin OS2A contains 1.26 acres and is located northwest of the site. This undeveloped area sheet flows onto the site and produces flows of 0.3 cfs for the 5-year storm and 1.9 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows sheet flow into Sub-Basin B2.

Sub-Basin B2B2 contains 16.31 acres and will contain three (3) homes and drains the northcentral portion of the site. It contains a large portion of Lots 2, 3 and 4 and a small portion of Wyoming Estates Subdivision Filing No. 1 Lot 3. This area drains to the northeast toward the proposed ditch along Teleo Point. This Sub-basin produces revised flows of 4.0 cfs for the 5-year storm and 28.1 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will combine with the flows from Sub-basin OS2A at DP3 to produce flows of 3.9 cfs for the 5-year storm and 27.6 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will combine with the flows from DP2 at DP4 to produce flows of 5.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 31.4 cfs for the 100-year storm. These ditch flows continue east toward the Curtis Road ditch. They will then combine with the flows from DP1 at the proposed public 30"x19" RCEP culvert under the Teleo Point cul-de-sac. The combined flows of DP1 and DP4 at DP5 will be 7.4 cfs for the 5-year storm and 43.5 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows continue north into Sub-Basin OS1B.

Sub-basin B3A1 contains 0.165 acres and is located in the northwest area of the site, along the south side of the gravel road. This roadway area sheet flows into the ditch in Sub-basin B3B and produces flows of 0.4 cfs for the 5-year storm and 0.9 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-basin B3A2 contains 0.165 acres and is located in the northwest area of the site approximately 275 ft from the west property line along the south side of the gravel road. This roadway area sheet flows into the ditch in Sub-basin B3B and produces flows of 0.4 cfs for the 5-year storm and 0.9 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-basin OS2B contains 5.60 acres and is located in the northwest area of the site. This undeveloped area sheet flows onto the site and produces flows of 1.1 cfs for the 5-year storm and 8.2 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows sheet flow into Sub-Basin B3.

Sub-Basin B3B contains 4.11 acres and will contain one (1) home and drains the northwestern portion of the site and contains a large portion of Lot 1. This area drains to the east toward the proposed ditch and sump along the new gravel access road. This sub-basin produces flows of 1.1 cfs for the 5-year storm and 8.0 cfs for the 100-year storm. The flows from Sub-basin B3B will combine with the flows from Sub-basin OS2B at DP8 to produce flows of 1.9 cfs for the 5-year storm and 13.7 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will combine with the flows from Sub-basins B3A1 and B3A2 at DP9 to produce flows of 2.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 14.6 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows travel into Sub-Basin B4A2 through a private 30" cmp.

Sub-basin B4A1 contains 0.44 acres and is located in the northwest area of the site, along the north side of the gravel road. This roadway area sheet flows south along the roadway and into Sub-basin B4A2 and produces flows of 0.7 cfs for the 5-year storm and 2.1 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will combine with the flows from DP9 at DP10 to produce flows of 2.5 cfs for the 5-year storm and 15.4 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-Basin B4A2 contains 4.40 acres and drains the northeastern portion of the site and contains Lot 2. This area drains to the east toward the existing ditch along the west property line which will be enlarged and stabilized. This sub-basin produces flows of 1.3 cfs for the 5-year storm and 9.0 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will combine with the flows from DP10 at DP11 to produce flows of 3.1 cfs for the 5-year storm and 19.2 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will then flow into the ditch along Curtis Road.

Sub-Basin B4B1 contains 0.38 acres and drains the northern portion of the Teleo Point gravel road. This area drains to the east toward Curtis Road. This sub-basin produces flows of 0.5 cfs for the 5-year storm and 1.6 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will then flow into Sub-basin B4B2.

Sub-Basin B4B2 contains 0.56 acres and drains the northern portion of the Teleo Point asphalt road. This area drains to the east toward Curtis Road. This sub-basin produces flows of 1.4 cfs for the 5-year storm and 3.3 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will combine with the flows from DP5 at DP6 to produce flows of 8.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 45.5 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will then flow into the ditch along Curtis Road.

Sub-basin OS1B contains 0.91 acres and is located east of the site and north of Teleo Point cul-de-sac and contains the Curtis Road ROW. Sub-basin will produce flows of 0.6 cfs and 2.6 cfs respectively. These flows will combine with the flows from DP6 at DP7 to produce flows of 8.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 44.8 cfs for the 100-year storm.

The combined flows of OS1B, DP7 and DP11 at DP12 will be 10.1 cfs for the 5-year storm and 58.1 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will continue within the west Curtis Road ditch to the West Fork of Squirrel Creek.

WATER QUALITY AND DETENTION

Water quality basins are not required for subdivisions containing lots greater than 5.0 acres per the Engineering Criteria Manual Section 1.7.1.B.5. Runoff Reduction calculations have been provided to eliminate the need for water quality basins.

Based on the large lots and longer Time of Concentration distances, the estimated Developed flows are less than the Existing Conditions flows so no detention facilities are warranted.

PRIVATE DRAINAGE FACILITIES

The proposed drainage improvements have been constructed. The private culvert and ditch improvements construction and maintenance will be the responsibility of Wyoming Estates Subdivision HOA.

DRAINAGE BASIN FEES

The proposed development is located within the Curtis Ranch and Livestock Company drainage basin. The Livestock Company Drainage Basin encompasses 3.66 acres of the site and has fees associated with it. The Curtis Ranch Drainage Basin encompasses the remainder of the area and has no fees associated with it. Fees were paid at the time of the Wyoming Estates Subdivision Filing No. 1 plat approval assuming 3.6% imperviousness, since the requirement is 7% imperviousness, the fees are required at this time and are as follows:

$$3.66 \text{ acres} \times (7\% - 3.6\%) \text{ (imperviousness)} = 0.124 \text{ acres}$$

Livestock Company Drainage Basin Fee = \$22,973/acre

Livestock Company Bridge Fee = \$273/acre

Basin Fee Required = $0.124 \times \$22,973 = \$2,849$

Bridge Fee Required = $0.256 \times \$273 = \34

CONCLUSION

The proposed development and subsequent lot developments follow the "Four Step Process" as mandated by the EPA as follows:

Step 1: Employ runoff reduction practices

Runoff has been reduced by disconnecting impervious areas where possible, eliminating "unnecessary" impervious areas and encouraging infiltration into suitable soils.

- Impervious areas have been directed to the existing earth swales and ditches to encourage infiltration.
- A gravel roadway has been used for the upper portion of the project to reduce the impervious of the areas.

Step 2: Stabilize drainageways

All drainageways, ditches and channels have been stabilized by the following methods:

- Tributaries have been left in their relatively natural state where possible.
- New ditches have been stabilized with either riprap or erosion control fabric depending on the erosion potential.

Step 3: Provide water quality capture volume (WQCV)

Based on the Runoff Reduction calculations performed for the proposed development, the 2.2 acres for the asphalt and gravel roadway construction does not require any water quality basins, however a temporary sedimentation basin will be constructed.

Step 4: Consider need for industrial and commercial BMP's.

No industrial and commercial development is proposed for the site.

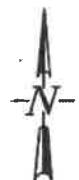
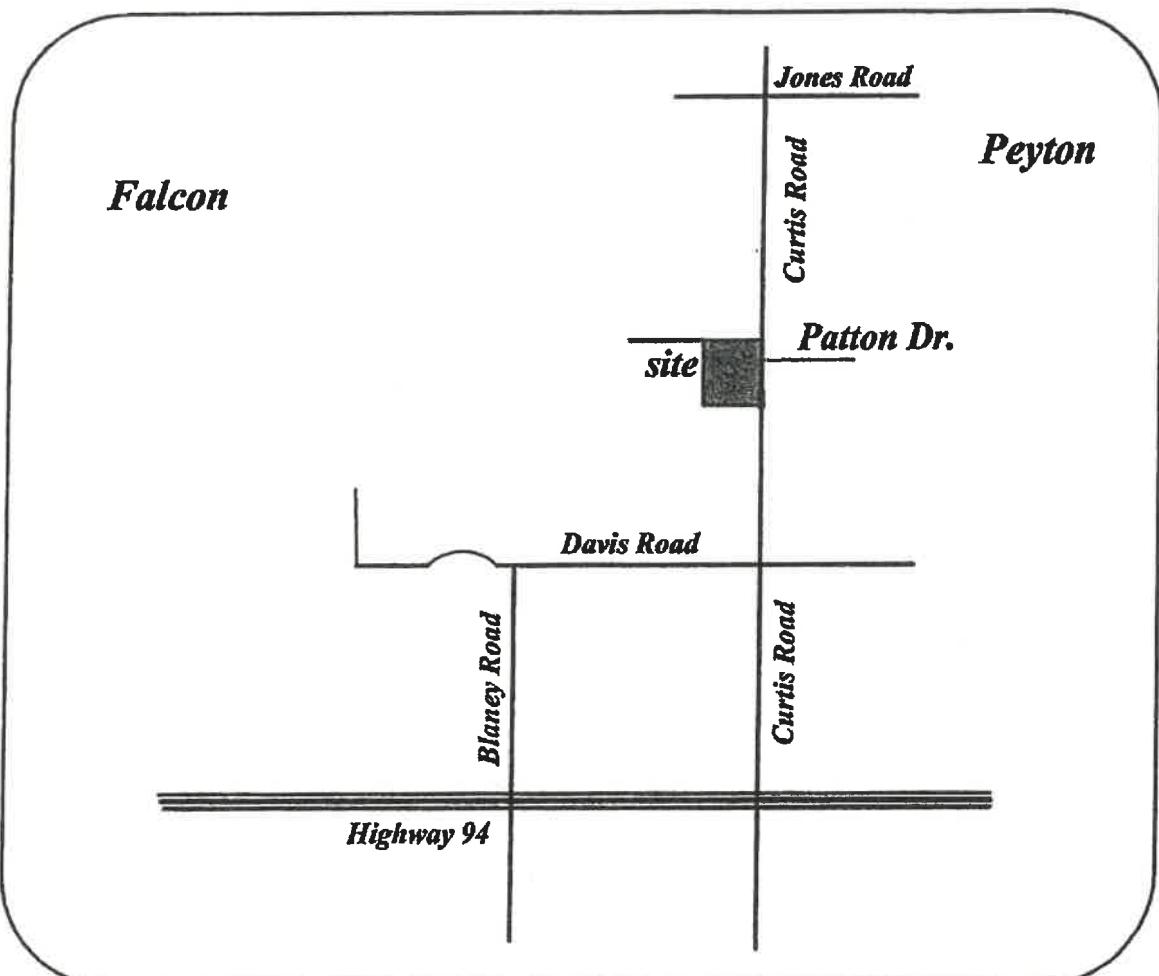
Based on longer times of concentration and minimal development, the proposed development flows of 58.1 cfs for the 100-year storm are below the historic levels of 63.5 cfs for the 100-year storm. Therefore, the proposed development will not adversely affect downstream or surrounding properties.

REFERENCES

1. City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County (2014). *Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1* (DCM).
2. City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County (2014)
3. *Drainage Criteria Manual Volume II* (DCM) as amended.
4. Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado by USDA, NRCS.
5. *El Paso County (January 2016) Engineering Criteria Manual*.
6. Urban Drainage and Flood Control District (June 2017). *Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 1-3*.
7. Final Drainage Report Wyoming Estates Subdivision, prepared by Respec, Nov. 2020.

APPENDIX A

MAPS

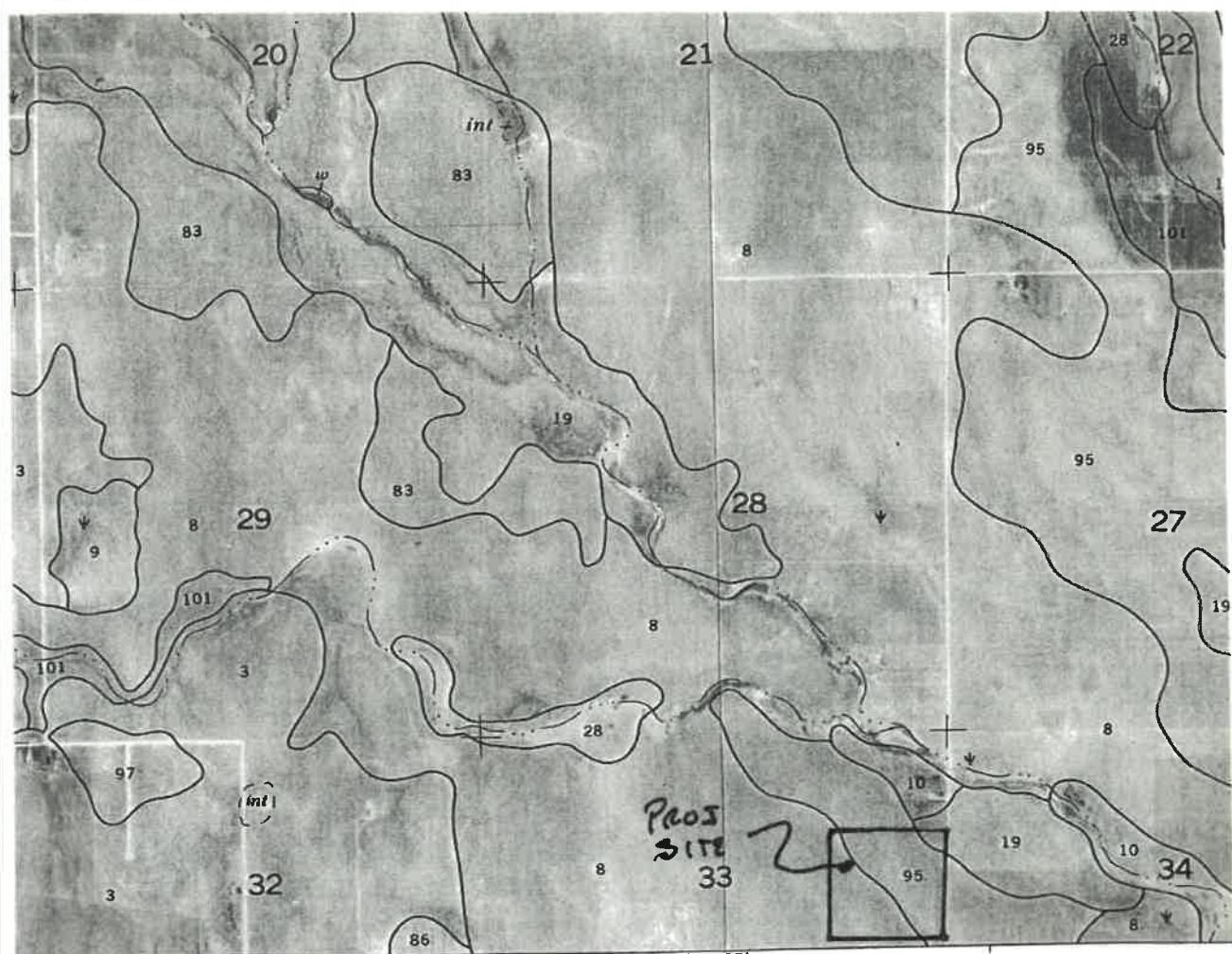


VICINITY MAP

N.T.S.



121 S Tejon St., Suite 1110 Colorado Springs, CO 80903
Phone: (719) 283-7671



SOILS MAP

N.T.S.



121 S Tejon St., Suite 1110 Colorado Springs, CO 80903
Phone: (719) 283-7671

NFIP

PANEL 0568G

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
EL PASO COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 568 OF 1300

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

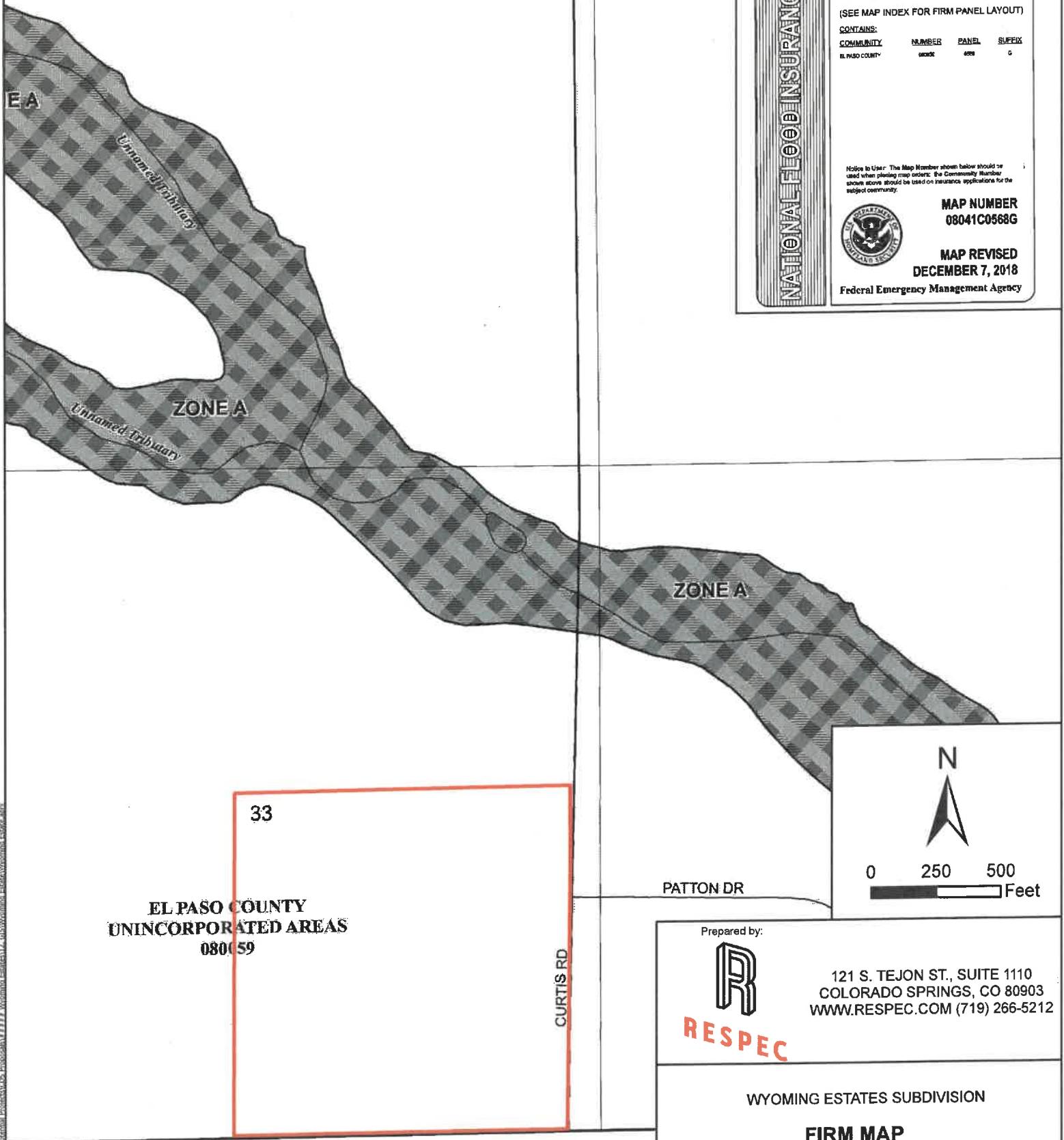
CONTAINS:
COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX
EL PASO COUNTY 08041C0568G

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

MAP NUMBER
08041C0568G

MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 7, 2018

Federal Emergency Management Agency



APPENDIX B

DESIGN CALCULATIONS

Design Procedure Form: Runoff Reduction

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 1

Designer:	Mike Bartusek
Company:	Respec
Date:	February 28, 2024
Project:	Wyoming Estates Sub Fl No. 2
Location:	3050 Curtis Road

SITE INFORMATION (User Input In Blue Cells)

WQCV Rainfall Depth 0.60 inches
 Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm, $d_s =$ 0.43 inches (for Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Figure 3-1 in USDCM Vol. 3)

Downstream Design Point ID	Area Type	UIA:RPA	SPA	UIA:RPA	SPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA	SPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA	SPA
		B2A1	B2B1	B2A2	B2B2+OS2A	B3A1	B3A2	B3B+OS2B	B4A1	B4B1	B4B2	B4A2
2	2	4	4	9	9	9	9	10	6	6	11	
None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	
DCIA (ft^2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
UIA (ft^2)	5,230	—	8,275	—	4,575	4,575	—	9,150	5,230	9,150	—	
RPA (ft^2)	3,500	—	6,970	—	3,485	3,485	—	10,020	22,770	12,200	—	
SPA (ft^2)	—	5,225	—	76,500	—	—	42,300	—	—	—	191,600	
HSG A (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
HSG B (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
HSG C/D (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Average Slope of RPA (ft/ft)	0.250	—	0.250	—	0.250	0.250	—	0.250	0.250	0.250	—	
UIA:RPA Interface Width (ft)	300.00	—	480.00	—	275.00	275.00	—	550.00	300.00	480.00	—	

CALCULATED RUNOFF RESULTS

Area ID	B2A1	B2B1	B2A2	B2B2+OS2A	B3A1	B3A2	B3B+OS2B	B4A1	B4B1	B4B2	B4A2
UIA:RPA Area (ft^2)	8,730	—	15,245	—	8,060	8,060	—	19,170	28,000	21,350	—
L / W Ratio	0.10	—	0.07	—	0.11	0.11	—	0.06	0.31	0.09	—
UIA / Area	0.5991	—	0.5428	—	0.5676	0.5676	—	0.4773	0.1868	0.4286	—
Runoff (in)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Runoff (ft^3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runoff Reduction (ft^3)	218	261	345	3825	191	191	2115	381	218	381	9580

CALCULATED WQCV RESULTS

Area ID	B2A1	B2B1	B2A2	B2B2+OS2A	B3A1	B3A2	B3B+OS2B	B4A1	B4B1	B4B2	B4A2
WQCV (ft^3)	218	0	345	0	191	191	0	381	218	381	0
WQCV Reduction (ft^3)	218	0	345	0	191	191	0	381	218	381	0
WQCV Reduction (%)	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	100%	0%	100%	100%	100%	0%
Untreated WQCV (ft^3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CALCULATED DESIGN POINT RESULTS (sums results from all columns with the same Downstream Design Point ID)

Downstream Design Point ID	2	2	4	4	9	9	9	10	6	6	11
DCIA (ft^2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UIA (ft^2)	5,230	5,230	8,275	8,275	9,150	9,150	9,150	9,150	14,380	14,380	0
RPA (ft^2)	3,500	3,500	6,970	6,970	6,970	6,970	6,970	10,020	34,970	34,970	0
SPA (ft^2)	5,225	5,225	76,500	76,500	42,300	42,300	42,300	0	0	0	191,600
Total Area (ft^2)	13,955	13,955	91,745	91,745	58,420	58,420	58,420	19,170	49,350	49,350	191,600
Total Impervious Area (ft^2)	5,230	5,230	8,275	8,275	9,150	9,150	9,150	9,150	14,380	14,380	0
WQCV (ft^3)	218	218	345	345	381	381	381	381	599	599	0
WQCV Reduction (ft^3)	218	218	345	345	381	381	381	381	599	599	0
WQCV Reduction (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%
Untreated WQCV (ft^3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CALCULATED SITE RESULTS (sums results from all columns in worksheet)

Total Area (ft^2)	696,130
Total Impervious Area (ft^2)	92,370
WQCV (ft^3)	1,924
WQCV Reduction (ft^3)	1,924
WQCV Reduction (%)	100%
Untreated WQCV (ft^3)	0

**WYOMING ESTATES SUBDIVISION
C FACTOR CALCULATION SHEET**

EXISTING CONDITIONS

RUNOFF COEFICIENT

TYPE A/B SOILS

LAND USE	Imperv %	5 YR	100 YR
UNDEV	0	0.08	0.35
GRAVEL ROAD	80	0.59	0.7
ASPHALT ROAD	100	0.9	0.96
ROOFS	90	0.73	0.81

AREA DESIG.	TOTAL AREA (acre)	SURFACE CONDITION AREAS				CALCULATED C	
		UNDEV ROAD	GRAVEL ROAD	ASPHALT ROAD	ROOFS	5 YR	100 YR
Aex	3.66	3.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.35
B1ex	19.80	19.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.35
B2ex	13.02	12.47	0.55	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.36
OS1	3.53	3.17	0.00	0.36	0.00	0.16	0.41
OS2	6.20	6.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.35
Aex+B1ex+B2ex	36.48	35.93	0.55	0.36	0.00		
	0.8	0.00	0.44	0.36	0.00		
Imperviousness = (0.44)/37.29 = 2.2%							

DEVELOPED CONDITIONS

RUNOFF COEFICIENT

TYPE A/B SOILS

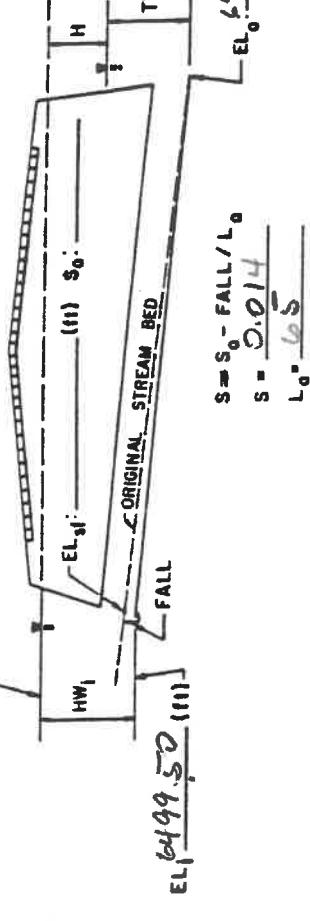
LAND USE	Imperv %	5 YR	100 YR
UNDEV	0	0.08	0.35
GRAVEL ROAD	80	0.59	0.7
ASPHALT ROAD	100	0.9	0.96
ROOFS	90	0.73	0.81

Wyoming Estates Subdivision
PROJ. #03433
DRAINAGE CALCULATION SHEET
filecurtis rd dr
11/23/20

DITCH CAPACITY CALCULATION SHEET

Location	Q5 cfs	Q100 cfs	S %	B ft	Z	D ft	d100 ft	V fips	Froude #	Riprap Size
A1 (DP9)	2.2	14.6	4.5	0.0	4:1.3:1	1.5	0.9	5.2	1.35	ECM
A2 (DP2)	1.1	3.1	6.4	0.0	4:1.3:1	2.0	0.5	4.0	1.45	ECM
A3 (B4B1)	0.5	1.6	6.4	0.0	4:1.3:1	1.5	0.4	3.4	1.39	ECM
B (DP10)	2.5	15.4	6.0	2.0	4:1	1.5	0.6	5.5	0.34	Use Type D50=12" Riprap
C (DP11)	3.1	19.2	10.0	2.0	4:1	1.5	0.6	7.1	2.00	0.67 Use Type D50=12" Riprap
D2 (DP4)	4.8	30.6	8.0	0.0	4:1.3:1	2.0	1.1	7.7	1.36	0.73 Use Type D50=12" Riprap
E (DP1)	3.0	16.4	4.4	2.0	4:1.3:1	2.0	0.7	5.2	1.35	Existing Curtis Rd Ditch
F2 (DP6)	0.9	2.3	8.0	0.0	4:1.3:1	1.5	0.5	4.0	1.58	ECM
G (D7)	8.2	44.8	1.0	2.0	4:1.3:1	2.0	1.6	3.9	0.72	Riprap Size D50=((Vf*0.17)/4.5(2.5:1)\0.66)) ²

Note: In ditches with low velocities & flows but higher Froude Numbers, Erosion Control Mats used in lieu of riprap

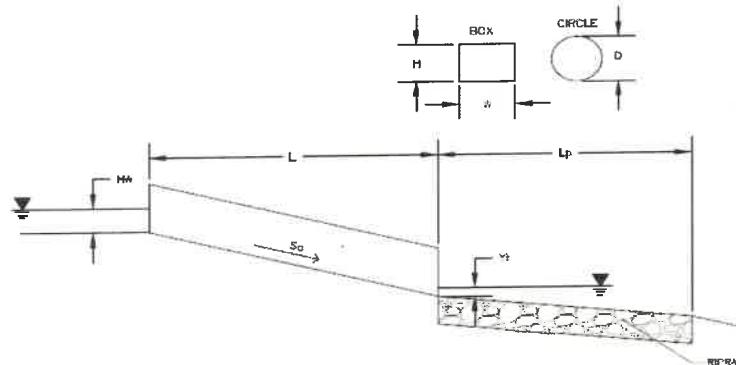
PROJECT: Youngine Estates Sub Fil 2		STATION : 0+37		CULVERT DESIGN FORM	
		DESIGNER / DATE: MAB / 6/1982		REVIEWER / DATE :	
HYDROLOGICAL DATA		SHEET OF		ROADWAY ELEVATION : 6502.29 (III)	
<input type="checkbox"/> METHOD: DATA, OR A.R. <input type="checkbox"/> DRAINAGE AREA: 26.5 <input type="checkbox"/> STREAM SLOPE: 1.0 <input type="checkbox"/> CHANNEL SHAPE: TRAP <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTING: <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER: SEE ADD. SHEETS				ROADWAY ELEVATION : 6502.29 (III) $S = S_0 - \text{FALL} / L_0$ $S = 0.014$ $L_0 = 65$	
DESIGN FLOWS/TAILWATER					
R. I. (YEARS)	FLOW (cfs)	TW (m)			
5	7.4	0.75			
100	43.5	1.55			
HEADWATER CALCULATIONS					
CULVERT DESCRIPTION:					
MATERIAL - SHAPE - SIZE - ENTRANCE					
TOTAL FLOW PER BARREL					
Q (cfs)	Q/N (1)	H/W/D (2)	HW _I (3)	FALL (4)	EL _{hi} (5)
7.4	3.7	0.47	0.74	1.0	99.24
43.5	21.8	1.40	2.21	1.0	99.71
OUTLET CONTROL					
EL _{lo} (6)	d _c (7)	d _{c+d} /2 (8)	h _o (9)	H (10)	EL _{no} (11)
EL _{lo} = EL _{hi} - (EL _{hi} - EL _{lo}) / (d _c + D / 2)	0.75	0.7	1.14	0.2	99.7
	1.35	1.47	1.55	0.2	99.7
	1.35	1.47	1.55	0.2	99.7
COMMENTS					
(4) EL _{hi} = HW _I + EL _i (INVERT OF INLET CONTROL SECTION)					
(5) TW BASED ON DOWN STREAM CONTROL OR FLOW DEPTH IN CHANNEL.					
(6) H _o = TW or (d _c + D / 2) (WHICHEVER IS GREATER)					
(7) H = [1 + h _o + (29n ² L) / R ^{1.33}] V ² / 2g					
(8) EL _{lo} = EL _o + H + h _o					
TECHNICAL FOOTNOTES:					
(1) USE Q/NB FOR BOX CULVERTS					
(2) HW _I / D = HW / D OR H/W / D FROM DESIGN CHARTS					
(3) FALL = HW _I - (EL _{hi} - EL _{lo}); FALL IS ZERO FOR CULVERTS ON GRADE					
SUBSCRIPT DEFINITIONS:					
COMMENTS / DISCUSSION:					
CULVERT BARREL SELECTED:					
SIZE: _____					
SHAPE: _____					
MATERIAL: _____					
ENTRANCE: _____					

REFERENCE : Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Design of Highway Culvert

Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection

Project: Wyoming Subdivision

Basin ID: DP7



Soil Type:

Choose One:

Sandy

Non-Sandy

Supercritical Flow! Using Ha to calculate protection type.

Design Information (Input):

Design Discharge

Circular Culvert:

Barrel Diameter in Inches

Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

Q = cfs

D = inches

Square End Projection

OR

Height (Rise) = ft

Width (Span) = ft

1.5 : 1 Bevel w/ 90 Deg. Headwall

Box Culvert:

Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet

Barrel Width (Span) in Feet

Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

Number of Barrels

No =

Inlet Elevation

Elev IN = ft

Outlet Elevation OR Slope

Elev OUT = ft

Culvert Length

L = ft

Manning's Roughness

n =

Bend Loss Coefficient

k_b =

Exit Loss Coefficient

k_x =

Tailwater Surface Elevation

Elev Y_t = ft

Max Allowable Channel Velocity

V = ft/s

Required Protection (Output):

Tailwater Surface Height

Y_t = ft

Flow Area at Max Channel Velocity

A_t = ft²

Culvert Cross Sectional Area Available

A = ft²

Entrance Loss Coefficient

k_e =

Friction Loss Coefficient

k_f =

Sum of All Losses Coefficients

k_s = ft

Culvert Normal Depth

Y_n = ft

Culvert Critical Depth

Y_c = ft

Tailwater Depth for Design

d = ft

Adjusted Diameter OR Adjusted Rise

H_a = ft

Expansion Factor

1/(2*tan(θ)) = ft^{0.5}/s

Flow/Diameter^{2.5} OR Flow/(Span * Rise^{1.5})

Q/WH^{1.5} =

Froude Number

Fr = Supercritical!

Tailwater/Adjusted Diameter OR Tailwater/Adjusted Rise

Yt/H =

Inlet Control Headwater

HW_I = ft

Outlet Control Headwater

HW_O = ft

Design Headwater Elevation

HW = ft

Headwater/Diameter OR Headwater/Rise Ratio

HW/H =

Minimum Theoretical Riprap Size

d₅₀ = in

Nominal Riprap Size

d₅₀ = in

UDFCD Riprap Type

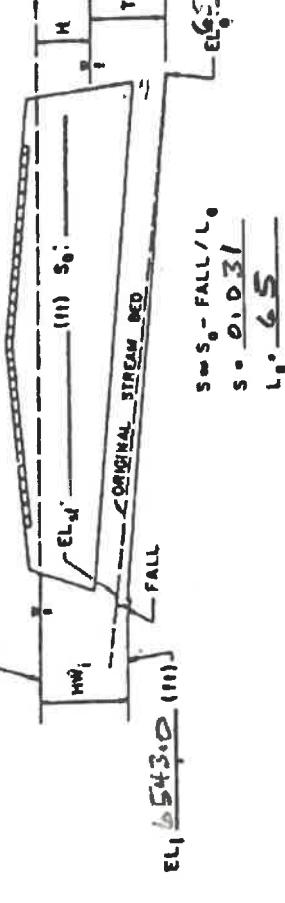
Type =

Length of Protection

L_p = ft

Width of Protection

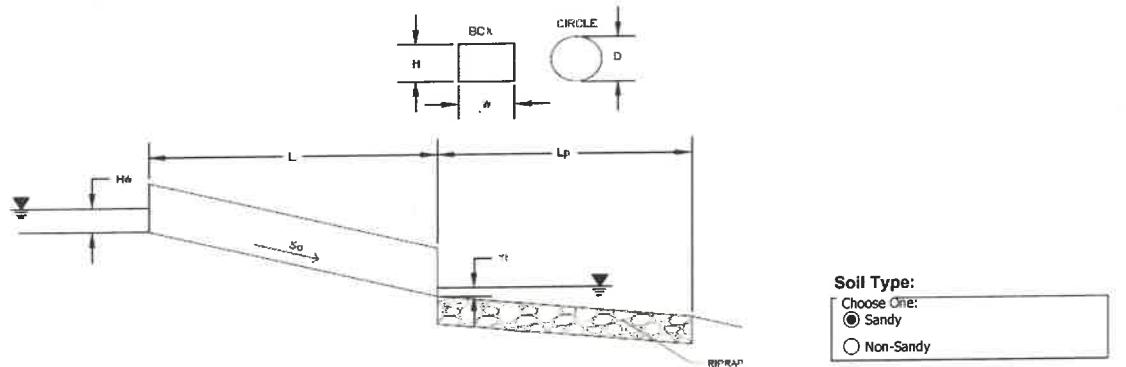
T = ft

PROJECT: <u>Johnson Estates Subd</u> <u>(Ex-5)</u>		STATION: <u>7 + 58.36</u>		CULVERT DESIGN FORM										
		DESIGNER / DATE: <u>MAB / 9/25</u>												
		REVIEWER / DATE: <u>/ /</u>												
HYDROLOGICAL DATA		ROADWAY ELEVATION: <u>65' 4 1/2"</u>												
<input type="checkbox"/> METHOD: <u>BASODA-C</u> <input type="checkbox"/> DRAINAGE AREA: <u>10.16</u> <input type="checkbox"/> STREAM SLOPE: <u>10.7%</u> , <input type="checkbox"/> CHANNEL SHAPE: <u>T-CHP</u> <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTING: <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER: <u> </u>														
DESIGN FLOWS/TAILWATER		S = <u>S_o</u> - FALL/L _g S = <u>0.031</u> L _g = <u>6.5</u>												
R I. (YEARS)	FLOW (cfs)	TW (in)												
<u>5</u>	<u>2.3</u>	<u>0.2</u>												
<u>100</u>	<u>14.8</u>	<u>0.6</u>												
HEADWATER CALCULATIONS														
CULVERT DESCRIPTION:	TOTAL FLOW PER BARREL		INLET CONTROL		OUTLET CONTROL									
	Q (cfs)	Q/N (cfs)	HW/D (ft)	HW/I (ft)		FALL (ft)	ELN (ft)	ELW (ft)	$\frac{q_{c,d}}{2}$	h_o (ft)	H (ft)	EL. ha (ft)	COMBINED HEADWATER ELEVATION	VELOCITY
<u>2 ft Culvert w/ PGS</u>	2.3	2.3	0.3	0.6	2.0	41.6	0.2	0.75	1.38	0.2	0.1	42.43	42.43	5
	14.8	14.8	1.1	2.20	2.0	43.2	0.6	1.40	1.70	0.2	1.6	44.30	44.30	5
TECHNICAL FOOTNOTES:						(4) $EL_N = HW_I - EL_I$ (INVERT OF INLET CONTROL SECTION)						(5) $H_o = TW \text{ or } (\frac{q_{c,d}}{2})$ (WHICHEVER IS GREATER)		
(1) USE Q/NB FOR BOX CULVERTS						(6) $HW = [h_o + (2g)^{1/2} L] / g^{1/2}$						(7) $HW = [h_o + (2g)^{1/2} L] / g^{1/2}$		
(2) $HW_I / D = HW / D$ OR HW_I / D FROM DESIGN CHARTS						(8) $EL_N = EL_o + H_o$						(9) $L = 13' 7\frac{1}{2}$ (P.G.P.D.)		
(3) FALL = $HW_I - EL_N - EL_I$; FALL IS ZERO FOR CULVERTS ON GRADE														
SUBSCRIPT DEFINITIONS:						COMMENTS / DISCUSSION:						CULVERT BARREL SELECTED:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) APPROXIMATE (2) CULVERT FACE (3) DOWNSTREAM HEADWATER (4) HEADWATER IN INLET CONTROL (5) HEADWATER IN OUTLET CONTROL (6) INLET CONTROL SECTION (7) OUTLET STREAMBED AT CULVERT FACE 												SIZE: _____ SHAPE: _____ MATERIAL: _____ ENTRANCE: _____		

Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection

Project: Wyoming Subdivision

Basin ID: DP9 (EXST)



Supercritical Flow! Using Da to calculate protection type.

Design Information (Input):

Design Discharge

Circular Culvert:

Barrel Diameter in Inches

Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

Q = cfs

D = inches

Grooved End Projection

OR

Height (Rise) = ft

Width (Span) = ft

Box Culvert:

Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet

Barrel Width (Span) in Feet

Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

Number of Barrels

Inlet Elevation

Outlet Elevation OR Slope

Culvert Length

Manning's Roughness

Bend Loss Coefficient

Exit Loss Coefficient

Tailwater Surface Elevation

Max Allowable Channel Velocity

No =	1
Elev IN =	6543
Elev OUT =	6541
L =	65
n =	0.024
k _b =	0
k _x =	1
Elev Y _t =	6541.7
V =	5 ft/s

Required Protection (Output):

Tailwater Surface Height

Y _t =	0.70
A _t =	2.92
A =	3.14
k _b =	0.20
k _f =	2.74
k _s =	3.94
Y _n =	1.21
Y _c =	1.38

Flow Area at Max Channel Velocity

d =	1.69
U _a =	1.60
Expansion Factor =	5.50
Flow/Diameter ^{2.5} OR Flow/(Span * Rise ^{1.5}) =	2.58
Froude Number =	1.29
Tailwater/Adjusted Diameter OR Tailwater/Adjusted Rise =	0.44

Culvert Cross Sectional Area Available

HW _i =	2.04
HW _o =	1.01
HW =	6,545.04
HW/D =	1.02

Entrance Loss Coefficient

d ₅₀ =	5 in
d ₅₀ =	6 in
Type =	VL
L _p =	12 ft
T =	5 ft

Friction Loss Coefficient

Sum of All Losses Coefficients

Culvert Normal Depth

Culvert Critical Depth

Tailwater Depth for Design

d = 1.69 ft

Adjusted Diameter OR Adjusted Rise

U_a = 1.60 ft

Expansion Factor

5.50 ft^{0.5}/s

Flow/Diameter^{2.5} OR Flow/(Span * Rise^{1.5})

2.58 ft^{0.5}/s

Froude Number

1.29 Supercritical!

Tailwater/Adjusted Diameter OR Tailwater/Adjusted Rise

0.44

Inlet Control Headwater

HW_i = 2.04 ft

Outlet Control Headwater

HW_o = 1.01 ft

Design Headwater Elevation

HW = 6,545.04 ft

Headwater/Diameter OR Headwater/Rise Ratio

HW/D = 1.02

Minimum Theoretical Riprap Size

d₅₀ = 5 in

Nominal Riprap Size

d₅₀ = 6 in

UDFCD Riprap Type

Type = VL

Length of Protection

L_p = 12 ft

Width of Protection

T = 5 ft

APPENDIX C

DESIGN CHARTS

Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method
 (Source: UDFCD 2001)

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percent Impervious	Runoff Coefficients											
		2-year		5-year		10-year		25-year		50-year		100-year	
		HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D
Business													
Commercial Areas	95	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
Neighborhood Areas	70	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.53	0.57	0.58	0.62	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.68
Residential													
1/8 Acre or less	65	0.41	0.45	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.65
1/4 Acre	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
1/3 Acre	30	0.18	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.52	0.47	0.57
1/2 Acre	25	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.41	0.51	0.46	0.56
1 Acre	20	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.26	0.27	0.34	0.35	0.44	0.40	0.50	0.44	0.55
Industrial													
Light Areas	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Heavy Areas	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Parks and Cemeteries													
Parks	7	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.19	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.40	0.34	0.46	0.39	0.52
Cemeteries	13	0.07	0.13	0.16	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.48	0.41	0.54
Railroad Yard Areas													
40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58	
Undeveloped Areas													
Historic Flow Analysis—Greenbelts, Agriculture	2	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.38	0.31	0.45	0.36	0.51
Pasture/Meadow	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Forest	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Exposed Rock	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Offsite Flow Analysis (when landuse is undefined)	45	0.26	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.48	0.55	0.51	0.59
Streets													
Paved	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96
Gravel	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Driveway and Walks													
100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96	
Roofs													
90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83	
Lawns													
0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50	

Figure 6-25. Estimate of Average Concentrated Shallow Flow

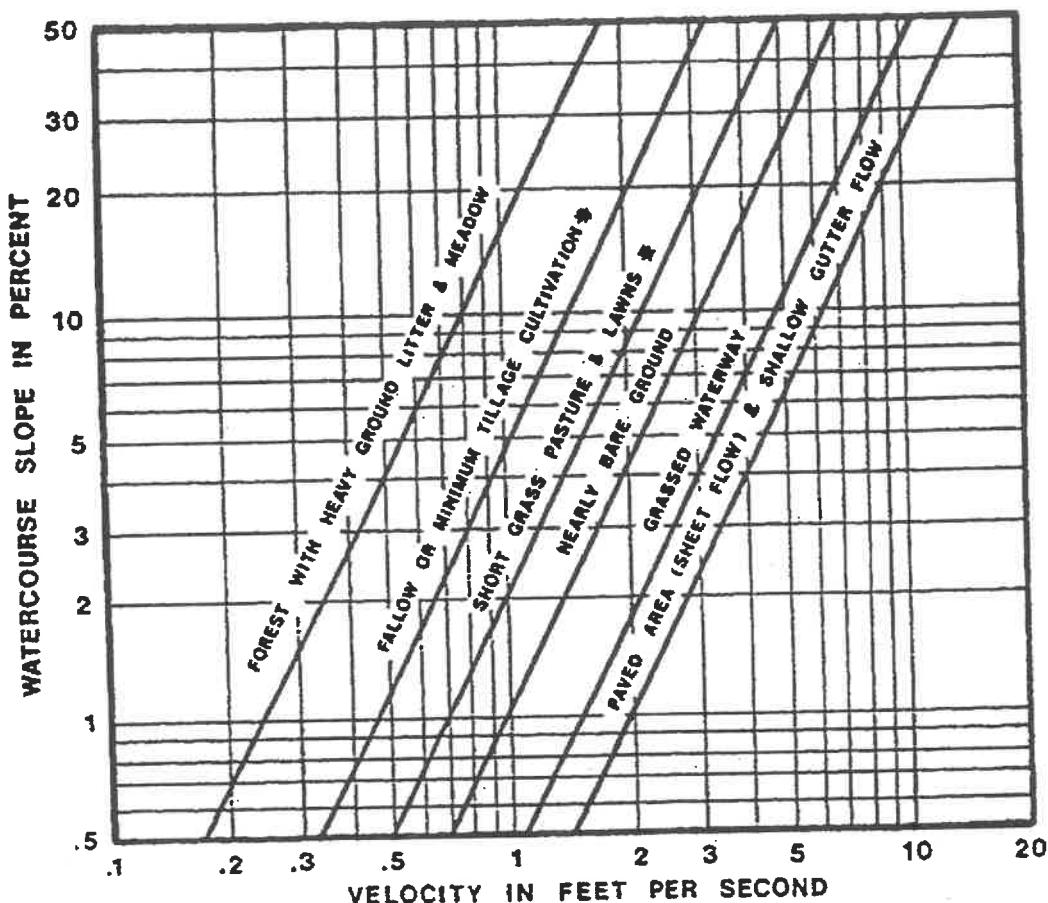
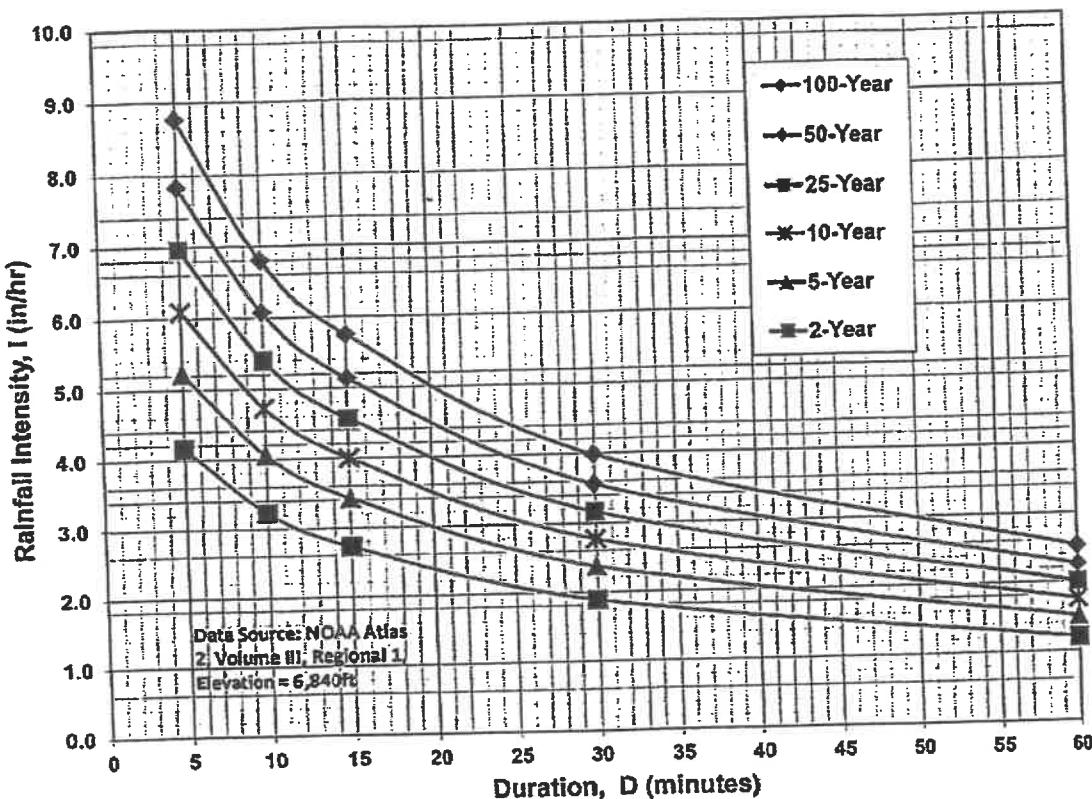


Figure 6-5. Colorado Springs Rainfall Intensity Duration Frequency

**IDF Equations**

$$I_{100} = -2.52 \ln(D) + 12.735$$

$$I_{50} = -2.25 \ln(D) + 11.375$$

$$I_{25} = -2.00 \ln(D) + 10.111$$

$$I_{10} = -1.75 \ln(D) + 8.847$$

$$I_5 = -1.50 \ln(D) + 7.583$$

$$I_2 = -1.19 \ln(D) + 6.035$$

Note: Values calculated by equations may not precisely duplicate values read from figure.

