

Chapter 1 Section 15: Definitions of Specific Terms and Phrases

Carport: ~~Temporary~~—A detached ~~covered~~ structure consisting of a roof supported on posts with three or four open sides without walls that is not subject to the building code and is used to offer limited protection to vehicles from rain and snow.

Chapter 5 Use and Dimensional Standards

Table 5-2 Accessory Uses

Use Type	Agricultural Zoning Districts			Residential Zoning Districts												Commercial Zoning Districts			Industrial Zoning Districts		Obsolete Zoning Districts				Subject to Specific Use Standards?	Site Development Plan Required to Initiate Use?	Site Plan Required Initiating Use?	
	F-5	A-35	A-5	RR-5	RR-2.5	RR-0.5	RS-20000	RS-6000	RS-5000	RM-12	RM-30	RT	MHP	MHS	MHPR	RVP	CC	CR	CS	I-2	I-3	C-1	C-2	M				R-4
Carports	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A										A	YES		YES ⁸

- Add carports as an accessory use.
- Add Footnote No. 8: A site plan is only required for accessory structures greater than 200 square feet in area, however setback compliance is required for all structures.

5.2.16 Carports: The following standards apply only to carports located in the front, and/or side yard setbacks:

A. Size and Height Requirements. Carports shall not exceed five hundred (500) square feet and shall not exceed twelve (12') feet at the highest point.

B. Access. Carports must be accessed from an approved driveway access.

C. Side panels and/or screening limited.

1. Carports may have one enclosed side only if the enclosed side abuts the principal structure.
2. Carports shall not have side panels or screening in the area between grade level and sixty (60) inches above grade level.

D. Materials Used.

- Carports shall be made of wood and/or galvanized metal and shall be painted to match the color of the body or trim of the primary structure.
- Carports shall not be made of non-durable or flexible materials, including but not limited to, canvas, plastic, polyester, or other tent-like materials.

E. Compliance with the Building Code Required. Carports shall comply with all applicable provisions of the Pikes Peak Regional Building Code.

A. Other Applicable Standards. Carports shall meet all other applicable standards in this Code for accessory use structures unless specifically modified by this Section.

Table 5-4 Density and Dimensional Standards for Agricultural, Residential, and Special Purpose Districts

- Footnote 11: The side yard setback for an accessory structure shall be 10 feet, unless the structure is at least 60 feet from the front property line or nearest road right of way, where a 5 foot setback is allowed. In no instance shall an accessory structure be closer to the front property line than the principal structure (excluding carports).

5.4.3. (E) Projection into Setbacks.

(1) Projections in Residential Zoning Districts. For property located in residential zoning districts (including a residential PUD), containing a minimum required lot size of ½ acre or less:

- ~~An open sided temporary One carport, metal or canvas, which is not classified as a structure under the Building Code,~~ may extend into the required front yard setback to a point 15 feet of no less than five (5) feet from the property line as long as any site visibility is maintained, and into the side and/or rear yard setback. Adequate sight distance at all driveway access points shall not be obstructed by the installation of a carport. No portion shall project into a pedestrian or equestrian walkway, a private or public right of way, or any utility or drainage easement unless written permission of the agency or agencies having jurisdiction over the easement has been obtained. except with the permission the agency or agencies having jurisdiction over the easement. ~~Approval of a residential site plan is required prior to placement or construction of a carport.~~

Carports shall comply with clear zone requirements in Section 2.3.2 and Table 2-7 of the ECM.