

FALCON HIGHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

WATER RESOURCE FEASIBILITY REPORT For FALCON HIGHLANDS FILING #3 SKETCH PLAN AMENDMENT

OCTOBER 2021

Prepared By:



CONSULTANTS, INC.

FALCON HIGHLANDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT FALCON HIGHLANDS FILING #3 SKETCH PLAN AMENDMENT

WATER RESOURCE FEASIBILITY REPORT

October 2021

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide a water feasibility report for the Falcon Highlands Metropolitan District (FHMD) and address the potential needs of Falcon Highlands Filing #3 Sketch Plan Amendment in Falcon, CO.

2.0 PROJECTED LAND USES

2.1 Projected Land Uses

The lands proposed for the Falcon Highlands Filing #3 Sketch Plan Amendment are included within the Falcon Highlands District boundary. Lands within the subject area were previously planned to anticipate 1.58 single-family homes on 114.9 acres of land. This proposal anticipates increasing density to 1.00 - 2.99 dwelling units (DU) per acre over 19.8 acres, and 3.00 - 5.99 DU/acre for the remaining 95.1 acres. No specific plan provides a finite land use allocation, so no exact water definition is possible.

From this range of densities, Falcon Highlands Filing #3 could range anywhere from 305 SFE to 628 SFE. The feasibility report suggests that a mid-range of these densities (about 467 SFE) would be feasible for Falcon Highlands Metropolitan District.

2.2 Projected Points of Tie-In

The locations for system tie-in are already established and the stub-out locations are in place.

3.0 WATER NEEDS AND CURENT SUPPLY

3.1 Water Demand

Based on the previously submitted water reports, prepared by URS and dated March 2004, which were the basis for initial development of the water requirements, a water need of 0.23 acre-feet (AF) per single-family equivalent (SFE) for indoor use and 0.0566 AF/SFE for outdoor use result in a total water use of 0.2866 AF/SFE. This is roughly equal to the neighboring Woodmen Hills Metropolitan District's (WHMD's) actual annual average of 0.285 AF/SFE. Actual metered use over the last two years is an average of 0.2955 AF/SFE, which remains extremely close to the original, anticipated values.

Existing users represent 348 single-family homes, 16 commercial taps being the equivalent of 75 SFEs, and 6 irrigation taps being the equivalent of 27 SFEs. This yields a total current 451 SFEs in Falcon Highlands (see Table 3.1).

Table 3.1: Two-Year Use History (June through July)

Year	Annual Water	SFEs	Unit User
	Use (AF)	(No.)	Characteristic (AF/SFE)
2019	130.94	451	0.290
2020	135.88	451	0.301

Based on the unit user characteristics shown in Table 3.1, the resultant user characteristic has been rounded to 0.30 AF/SFE.

can you clarify if this is todays data or is this using the old 2004/2005 data as stated above. If it is its not correct and does need to be revised to todays supply and demand.

Current Demand versus Supply

<u>Legal Supply Component</u>: The District's formal water inventory is noted in Table 3.2 below. Table 3.2 shows the relationship between annual allocation following the 300-year rule. Each of the water sources listed in Table 3.2 is paired with its corresponding tributary status, volume, and resulting annual allocations.

Table 3.2 Falcon Highlands Legal Water Supply

Unper Black Squirrel Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe Suduction by 11 56 around AF 100 for prior Denver Outside UBS Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe Potential Relingquishment	141 BD 142-BD appropriation BD-143 01CW065	NT NT NT4%	Acre-Feet Currently A 12,796 11820 18931 4910	A-F/Year vailable Water 127.96 118.20 189.31	A-F/Year Legal Sources 42.65 39.40 63.10 145.16	57949-F 57950-F	449 acres UBS Only 449 acres UBS Only 449 acres UBS Only	Area A Area A Area A
Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe Raduction by 11.56 around AF 200 for prior Denver Outside UBS Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe	142-BD appropriation BD-143	NT NNT 4 %	12,796 11820 18931	127.96 118.20 189.31	42.65 39.40 63.10		449 acres UBS Only	Area A
Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe Raduction by 11.56 around AF 200 for prior Denver Outside UBS Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe	142-BD appropriation BD-143	NT NNT 4 %	11820 18931	118.20 189.31	39.40 63.10		449 acres UBS Only	Area A
Arapahoe Peduction by 11.56 annual AF 200 for prior of Denver Outside UBS Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe	142-BD appropriation BD-143	NT NNT 4 %	11820 18931	118.20 189.31	39.40 63.10		449 acres UBS Only	Area A
Outside UBS Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe	appropriation BD-143 01CW065	NNT 4 %	18931	189.31	63.10	57950-F	2000	
Outside UBS Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe	BD-143 01CW065				0.0000		449 acres UBS Only	Area A
Outside UBS Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe	01CW065				0.0000		449 acres UBS Only	Area A
Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe		NT	4910	49.10	145.16			
Laramie Fox Hills Arapahoe		NT	4910	49.10				
Arapahoe		NT	4910	49.10				
Arapahoe		NI	4910		16.37		183 acresNon UBS	Area C
There we transcrude when	0103065			12.110	10.37		Use on or off Property	AleaC
There we transcrude when	01030065						92 92	
Potential Relingquishment	01CW005	NT	5760	57.60	19.20		183 acresNon UBS	Area C
Potential Relingquishment				127/201	0.01		Use on or off Property	
	-	2 % of 01 CW 065		-0.71	-0.71		If 01 CW 065 is used outside of Sand Creek, this relingquishment should be considered	
					34.86		una remigquiatinent anodo de considered	
						180.01		
Laramie Fox Hills	83 CW 134	NT	6455	100000000	0.00		179 acres Non UBS	Area B
Laramie Fox Hills Laramie Fox Hills Sands	Split By SEO Sept 07			48.70 15.85	16.23 5.28		179 acres Non UBS	Area B
Latanie Tox Tinis Saids				15.05	.0.20			
	01 CW 110	Augmentation-V	acated			64	55 Annual AF set aside as augmentationVacated	
							for 00 CW 110	
Arapahoe	83 CW 133	NNT	5970	0.00	0.00		179 acres Non UBS	
	00 CW 110 06 CW 102	Augmentation Va Aug by Bissel	cated 3490	34.90	11.63		19.9 Annual AF augmented by 00 CW 110 Anywhere in current future Dist	
	00 CW 102	Aug by Dissel	3430	34.30	11.03		Anywhere in current tuture Dist	
Denver	83 CW 135	NNT	480	0.00	0.00		179 acres Non UBS	
	00 CW 110	Augmentation Va	cated		100010000		1.6 Annual AF augmented by 00 CW 110	
	06 CW 102	Augmentation			0.00 33.15		Can only be used on 179 acres	
otal Current Legal Supply			70,612	640.91	213.16	213.16		

can you claify is this as of 12/2021 or 2004/2005

The total legal water supply for the District is estimated at 213.16 AF when considered on a 300-year basis. Based on the previously established allocation standard, this will provide adequate 300-year supply to 710 total SFEs.

The District, therefore, has adequate legal supply for 710 SFEs less (minus) the existing 451 SFEs, resulting in a remaining 259 SFEs available.

<u>Physical Supply Component</u>: The District has been limited in recent years by the actual available, physical supply. Past operational characteristics limited the current supply to nearly the existing taps. However, in 2019, FHMD contracted with WHMD for operation and maintenance of the system. Numerous minor upgrades and operational advancements improved the available physical supply to roughly 501 SFEs. However, the legal supply of 710 SFEs still exceeds this value.

The 2022/2023 addition of an Arapahoe well outside of the Upper Black Squirrel (UBS) boundary will bridge the remaining difference between available physical and legal supply. This will bring the number of potential SFEs within FHMD up to the 710 SFEs in legal supply by the end of 2022/23.

Adequacy of Water Supply: When the addition of the Arapahoe well is complete, an additional 210 SFEs (in excess of the achieved 710 SFEs) would potentially be available for Falcon Highlands #3 and other limited infill areas. With the land use planning expected, FHMD would commit to whatever number might be associated with a preliminary plan which falls within that number. Our recommendation is that Falcon Highlands limit their Filing #3 Preliminary Plan to 206 SFEs in order to remain within the expected system capacity at the end of 2022/23 and allow for 50 +/- SFEs to be developed within the existing area as infill.

<u>Longer-Term Plans</u>: FHMD is currently seeking additional water rights to develop either in their own right or in conjunction with a neighboring District. The District is seeking as much as 50 AF₃₀₀ to 150 AF₃₀₀ of new water in order to satisfy ultimate demands. With an additional 100 AF₃₀₀, the total available legal supply would be roughly 314 AF₃₀₀ and could serve a service area of roughly 1,045 SFEs, which would ultimately exceed the total expected development, even with the sketch plan change.

4.0 LONG TERM AND MASTER PLANNING ELEMENTS

4.1 El Paso County Water Planning Area
FHMD is within the El Paso County Water Planning Area 3. The County Water
Master Plan does not show a recent exclusion from the District; the actual District
size has been pared down to roughly 500 acres.

4.2 Adequacy of Water Rights 2040 and 2060 Needs

Current water rights holdings (with 2022 facility expansions) are adequate for current demands and an SFE capacity of 710. The prior estimated buildout was between 750 and 760 SFEs, but this proposed sketch plan amendment suggests that buildout would potentially be between 853 SFEs and 939 SFEs. This would leave the District with a possible shortfall of between 88 AF₃₀₀ and 118 AF₃₀₀. Expansion of the District is unlikely, and buildout is expected to fall within the 2040 timeframe.

Current Use (2020) 133 AF₃₀₀

Current Legal Supply 213.16 AF₃₀₀

Current Physical Supply 150 AF₃₀₀

2022/23 Physical Supply 213.16 AF₃₀₀

Buildout Need 256 AF₃₀₀ – 281 AF₃₀₀

<u>Future Plans</u>: FHMD is currently seeking additional water rights to develop either in their own right or in conjunction with a neighboring District. The District is seeking as much as 50 AF₃₀₀ to 150 AF₃₀₀ of new water in order to satisfy ultimate demands. With an additional 100 AF₃₀₀, the total available legal supply would be roughly 314 AF ₃₀₀ and could serve a service area of roughly 1,045 SFEs, which would ultimately exceed the total expected development, even with the sketch plan change.

Options for future supply include:

- Off-site purchase near existing District
- Off-site purchase with participation from other adjacent entities
- Colorado Springs Utilities
- Regional Water Project

4.3 Municipal Interconnects

FHMD now has an interconnect with WHMD. This facility was installed in 2019. WHMD in turn has interconnects with Cherokee Metropolitan District and Meridian Service Metropolitan District.

4.4 Recent and Upcoming System Expansions

Recent Expansions 2019/2020: The District is now operated and maintained by WHMD, which has initiated numerous minor improvements to the system, including:

- Revised raw water metering
- Replacement of media in main filters
- Replacement of booster pumps
- Rehabilitation of LFH-2 well

These improvements have dramatically enhanced the physical supply capacity.

<u>Upcoming Improvements:</u> FHMD is preparing to be in a position to initiate bond funding to add a new Arapahoe Well (A-2), which will expand available physical supply from roughly 150 AF₃₀₀ to 213.16 AF₃₀₀.

There are several additional upcoming improvements which include combining treatment into a single, more efficient system, as well as rehabilitation of tank coatings. Additionally, funds are being budgeted for additional water acquisitions.

5.0 WATER SYSTEM FACILITIES AND PHYSICAL SUPPLY

5.1 Source of Supply

The District has three wells in the Falcon area in the Arapahoe and Laramie-Fox Hills formations. These wells are all within the District's Service Area boundary.

The District has adequate legal water supply for the existing customers and substantial addition. However, the District has had certain limitations in physical supply which should be addressed with the addition of an Arapahoe well (A-2) in 2022/23. An additional well in *Well Field 2* will more fully develop the on-site legal supply and is being funded for 2022 construction.

5.2 Water Treatment

The District owns and operates two water treatment plants and provides water treatment to its entire supply. The plants are all within the service area and treat the following capacities per filter plant:

Filter Plant #1 1.300 MGD Maximum Treatment Capacity
Filter Plant #2 0.216 MGD Maximum Treatment Capacity

5.3 Water Storage

The District currently owns and operates one water storage tank. The total capacity is just over 1.0 million gallons.

5.4 Distribution, Pumping, and Transmission Lines

The District has a single pressure zone which is a "direct-feed system" from the pump station located near the existing tank.

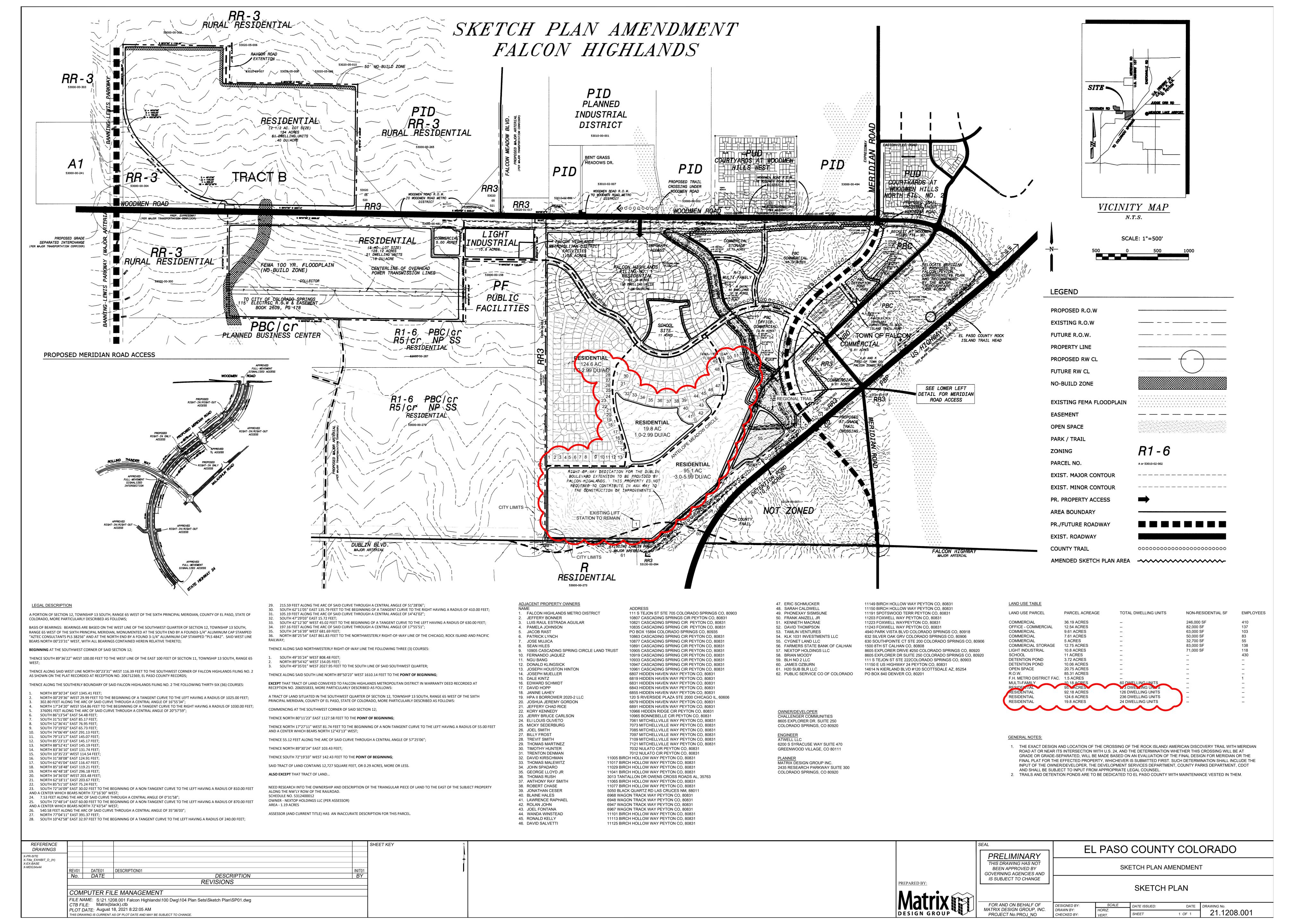
5.5 Water Quality

The District treats and filters 100% of its water supply. Filtration is generally for iron and manganese removal, and water is disinfected and meets and or exceeds all CDPHE Drinking Water Standards. Appendix C is a copy of the 2020 FHMD Consumer Confidence Report which outlines water quality as delivered to District customers.

5.6 Future Facilities

The District will add an additional well in 2022/23 which will add additional physical supply capabilities.

Appendix A Land Use Exhibits



Appendix B
Projected Points of Tie-In



Appendix C 2020 FHMD Consumer Confidence Report

FALCON HIGHLANDS MD 2021 Drinking Water Quality Report Covering Data For Calendar Year 2020

Public Water System ID: CO0121247

Esta es información importante. Si no la pueden leer, necesitan que alguien se la traduzca.

We are pleased to present to you this year's water quality report. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. Please contact JOSH MILLER at 719-635-0330 with any questions or for public participation opportunities that may affect water quality.

General Information

All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or by visiting epa.gov/ground-water-and-drinking-water.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV-AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk of infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. For more information about contaminants and potential health effects, or to receive a copy of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and microbiological contaminants call the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (1-800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- •Microbial contaminants: viruses and bacteria that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- •Inorganic contaminants: salts and metals, which can be naturallyoccurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- •Pesticides and herbicides: may come from a variety of sources, such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- •Radioactive contaminants: can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.
- •Organic chemical contaminants: including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and also may come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment prescribes regulations limiting the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health.

Lead in Drinking Water

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems (especially for pregnant women and young children). It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. Additional information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Source Water Assessment and Protection (SWAP)

The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment may have provided us with a Source Water Assessment Report for our water supply. For general information or to obtain a copy of the report please visit wqcdcompliance.com/ccr. The report is located under "Guidance: Source Water Assessment Reports". Search the table using 121247, FALCON HIGHLANDS MD, or by contacting JOSH MILLER at 719-635-0330. The Source Water Assessment Report provides a screening-level evaluation of potential contamination that *could* occur. It *does not* mean that the contamination has or will occur. We can use this information to evaluate the need to improve our current water treatment capabilities and prepare for future contamination threats. This can help us ensure that quality finished water is delivered to your homes. In addition, the source water assessment results provide a starting point for developing a source water protection plan. Potential sources of contamination in our source water area are listed on the next page.

Please contact us to learn more about what you can do to help protect your drinking water sources, any questions about the Drinking Water Quality Report, to learn more about our system, or to attend scheduled public meetings. We want you, our valued customers, to be informed about the services we provide and the quality water we deliver to you every day.

Our Water Sources

Sources (Water Type - Source Type)	Potential Source(s) of Contamination
WELL LFH2 (Groundwater-Well) WELL A1 (Groundwater-Well) WELL LFH1 (Groundwater-Well)	There is no SWAP report, please contact JOSH MILLER at 719-635-0330 with questions regarding potential sources of contamination.

Terms and Abbreviations

- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) The highest level of a contaminant allowed in drinking water.
- Treatment Technique (TT) A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
- **Health-Based** A violation of either a MCL or TT.
- **Non-Health-Based** A violation that is not a MCL or TT.
- Action Level (AL) The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment and other regulatory
 requirements.
- Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There
 is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) The level of a drinking water disinfectant, below which there
 is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial
 contaminants.
- Violation (No Abbreviation) Failure to meet a Colorado Primary Drinking Water Regulation.
- **Formal Enforcement Action (No Abbreviation)** Escalated action taken by the State (due to the risk to public health, or number or severity of violations) to bring a non-compliant water system back into compliance.
- Variance and Exemptions (V/E) Department permission not to meet a MCL or treatment technique under certain conditions.
- Gross Alpha (No Abbreviation) Gross alpha particle activity compliance value. It includes radium-226, but excludes radon 222, and uranium.
- **Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)** Measure of the radioactivity in water.
- **Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)** Measure of the clarity or cloudiness of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the typical person.
- Compliance Value (No Abbreviation) Single or calculated value used to determine if regulatory contaminant level (e.g. MCL) is met. Examples of calculated values are the 90th Percentile, Running Annual Average (RAA) and Locational Running Annual Average (LRAA).
- Average (x-bar) Typical value.
- Range (R) Lowest value to the highest value.
- Sample Size (n) Number or count of values (i.e. number of water samples collected).
- Parts per million = Milligrams per liter (ppm = mg/L) One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.
- Parts per billion = Micrograms per liter (ppb = ug/L) One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.
- Not Applicable (N/A) Does not apply or not available.
- Level 1 Assessment A study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
- Level 2 Assessment A very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Detected Contaminants

FALCON HIGHLANDS MD routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The following table(s) show all detections found in the period of January 1 to December 31, 2020 unless otherwise noted. The State of

Colorado requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. Therefore, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. Violations and Formal Enforcement Actions, if any, are reported in the next section of this report.

Note: Only detected contaminants sampled within the last 5 years appear in this report. If no tables appear in this section then no contaminants were detected in the last round of monitoring.

	Disinfectants Sampled in the Distribution System TT Requirement: At least 95% of samples per period (month or quarter) must be at least 0.2 ppm <u>OR</u> If sample size is less than 40 no more than 1 sample is below 0.2 ppm Typical Sources: Water additive used to control microbes									
Disinfectant Name	Time Period	Results	Number of Samples Below Level	Sample Size	TT Violation	MRDL				
Chlorine	December, 2020	Lowest period percentage of samples meeting TT requirement: 100%	0	2	No	4.0 ppm				

	Lead and Copper Sampled in the Distribution System												
Contaminant	Time	90 th	Sample	Unit of	90 th	Sample	90 th	Typical Sources					
Name	Period	Percentile	Size	Measure	Percentile	Sites	Percentile						
					AL	Above	AL						
						AL	Exceedance						
Copper	08/03/2020	0.05	10	ppm	1.3	0	No	Corrosion of					
	to							household plumbing					
	08/05/2020							systems; Erosion of					
								natural deposits					
								•					

	Disinfection Byproducts Sampled in the Distribution System											
Name	Year	Average	Range Low – High	Sample Size	Unit of Measure	MCL	MCLG	MCL Violation	Typical Sources			
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2020	1.7	1.7 to 1.7	1	ppb	60	N/A	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection			
Total Trihalome thanes (TTHM)	2020	23.6	23.6 to 23.6	1	ppb	80	N/A	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection			

	I	norganic C	ontaminants Sar	npled at th	e Entry Poi	nt to the	Distributio	on System	
Contaminant Name	Year	Average	Range Low – High	Sample Size	Unit of Measure	MCL	MCLG	MCL Violation	Typical Sources
Barium	2017	0.01	0.01 to 0.01	1	ppm	2	2	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride	2017	0.95	0.95 to 0.95	1	ppm	4	4	No	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrate-Nitrite	2017	0.03	0.03 to 0.03	1	ppm	10	10	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits

Secondary Contaminants**

^{**}Secondary standards are <u>non-enforceable</u> guidelines for contaminants that may cause cosmetic effects (such as skin, or tooth discoloration) or aesthetic effects (such as taste, odor, or color) in drinking water.

Contaminant Name	Year	Average	Range Low – High	Sample Size	Unit of Measure	Secondary Standard
Sodium	2017	110	110 to 110	1	ppm	N/A

Violations, Significant Deficiencies, and Formal Enforcement Actions

No Violations or Formal Enforcement Actions

Appendix D Water Supply Summary

WATER SUPPLY INFORMATION SUMMARY

Section 30-28-133,(d), C.R.S. requires that the applicant submit to the County, "Adequate evidence that a Water supply that is sufficient in terms of quantity, quality, and dependability will be available to ensure an adeuate supply of water"

. NAME OF DEVELOPMENT AS PROPOSED <u>Falcon Highlands Filing #3</u>										
2. LAND USE ACTION			Sketch Plan Am	nendment						
3. NAME OF EXISTING PARC	EL AS RECOR	DED			<u> N/A</u>					
SUBDIVISION	See Above	FILING	<u>3</u>	вьоск	<u>N/A</u>	Lot	<u>N/A</u>			
4. TOTAL ACREAGE	<u>114.9</u>	5. NUMBER	OF LOTS PROPOSE	ED .	<u>305-628</u>	PLAT MA	APS ENCLOSED	✓ YES	See Submittal	
6. PARCEL HISTORY - Please attach copies of deeds, plats, or other evidence or documentation. (In submittal package)										
A. Was parcel recorded with	A. Was parcel recorded with county prior to June 1, 1972?									
B. Has the parcel ever been part of a division of land action since June 1, 1972?										
If yes, describe the previo	us action									
7. LOCATION OF PARCEL - I	nclude a map de	eliniating the p	roject area and tie to a	section corner.	(In submittal)					
A portion of SECTIONS 11 a	nd 12	TOWNSHIP 1	3					N ✓S	RANGE 65	□ E ✓ W
PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN:			✓ 6TH	☐ N.M.	UTE		COSTILLA			
8. PLAT - Location of all wells of	on property mus	t be plotted ar	d permit numbers prov	vided.						
Surveyors plat			YES	✓ NO			If not, scaled hand -c	drawn sketch YE	S NO	N/A
9. ESTIMATED WATER REQU	IREMENTS - G	allons per Da	or Acre Foot per Yea	ır			10. WATER SUPPL	Y SOURCE		
							✓ EXISTING	DEVELOPED	☐ NEW WELLS	
HOUSEHOLD USE # *										
LOWER LIMIT	305	of units	81,686	GPD	91.500	AF	WELLS	SPRING	Proposed Aqu	uifers - (Check One)
UPPER LIMIT	628	of units	168,192	GPD	188.400	AF			Alluvial	Upper Arapahoe
AVERAGE	451	of units	120,788	GPD	135.300	AF			Upper Dawson	Lower Arapahoe
		_							Lower Dawson	Laramie Fox Hills
COMMERCIAL USE #	0.0	Gr. Ac.	0 0	GPD	0.0	AF			Denver	Dakota
		_							Other	
IRRIGATION # **		acres	(GPD		AF				
		_								
STOCK WATERING #		of head	(GPD		AF				
							MUNICIPAL		WATER COURT IN	
OTHER		Multi-fam		GPD		AF	ASSOCIATIO	ON	WATER COURT DI	ECREE CASE NUMBERS
							COMPANY		<u>Deter</u>	<u>minations</u>
TOTAL			81,686	GPD	91.5	AF	✓ DISTRICT		<u>141-BD, 1</u> 4	<u>42-BD, 143-BD</u>
* Based on 0.30 Acre	-Feet/Unit/\	⁄ear					NAME Falcon H	ighlands MD	<u>01CW065, 01C</u>	CW110, 00CW110,
** Irrigation included	in Residenti	al Uses					LETTER OF COM		<u>83CW133, 83</u>	CW134, 83CW135
							SERVICE	YES V NO	NUMEROUS ADDITIONAL	
11. ENGINEER'S WATER SUF				NO		If yes, plea	ase forward with this	form. (This may be required before	or our review is completed)	
12. TYPE OF SEWAGE DISPO	SAL SYSTEM		Central Sewer S	<u>System</u>						
SEPTIC TANK/LEAC	H FIELD					✓ CEN	NTRAL SYSTEM - [DISTRICT NAME:	Woodmen Hills M	etropolitan District
LAGOON						VAU	ILT - LOCATION S	EWAGE HAULED TO:	_	
ENGINEERED SYST	EM (Attach a	copy of en	gineering design)			OTH	HER:		_	

Water Feasibility Document_V1 comment.pdf Markup Summary 12-7-2021

dsdparsons (2)



Subject: Callout Page Label: 5 Author: dsdparsons

Date: 12/7/2021 10:14:44 AM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: can you clarify if this is todays data or is this using the old 2004/2005 data as stated above. If it is its not correct and does need to be revised to todays

supply and demand.

can you clasly is this as of 12/20/21 or any one class of 12/20/21 or apply for the District is ossistant at 213.16 AF when can busic. Based on the providency outsideabed affocusion vide adoption 500-year apply \$6.70 to \$15 ft. sor (minst) the control of the co

Subject: Callout Page Label: 6 Author: dsdparsons

Date: 12/7/2021 9:40:49 AM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: can you claify is this as of 12/2021 or 2004/2005