

**Final Drainage Report
The Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11
El Paso County, Colorado**

Prepared for:
Widefield Investment Group
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Prepared by:


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Kiowa Project No. 19016

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PCD Project No. SF-204

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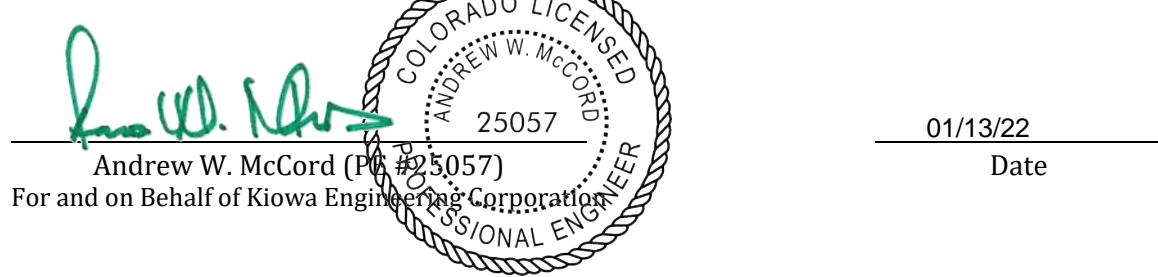
List of Figures and Tables (Refer to the Appendix Table of Contents)

STATEMENTS AND APPROVALS

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Kiowa Engineering Corporation, 1604 South 81st Street, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80904



Andrew W. McCord (PE #25057)
For and on Behalf of Kiowa Engineering Corporation

DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:

I, the Developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

By: 

Jan 13th 2022
Date

Print Name: J. Ryan Watson, Glen Development Company

Address: 3 Widefield Boulevard
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80911

EL PASO COUNTY:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 & 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, and Land Development Code, as amended.

Jennifer Irvine, P.E.
El Paso County Engineer/ECM Administrator

APPROVED
Engineering Department
01/18/2022 3:21:32 PM
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EPC Planning & Community Development Department

I. GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11 (Filing 11) subdivision will be developed as a single-family residential subdivision located in the Widefield area of El Paso County. The subject property is located to the west of Marksheffel Road and north of Mesa Ridge Parkway. The site is located in the southwest portion of Section 22, Township 15 South, Range 65 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, in El Paso County, Colorado. The site is bounded on east by Marksheffel Road, the south and west by the Glen at Widefield Filing No. 8-10, to the northwest by the Glen at Widefield Future Filing No. 12 (preliminarily platted as Glen at Widefield East), and the north by undeveloped raw land, currently unplatted. The property covers approximately 45.0 acres and is currently overlot-graded under grading permit to approximate finished grade conditions. The property has previously been rough graded as a part of the Glen at Widefield East. Extended Detention Basin 'D' is partially constructed in the southern portion of the site. The detention basin was originally graded under permit as a sedimentation basin. As a part of Glen at Widefield Filing No. 10 (Filing No. 10), the basin is planned to be fitted with a 3-stage outlet structure, emergency spillway and access road for maintenance. With Filing No. 11, the basin is to receive final grading, slope contouring, and perimeter maintenance roads, along with a low-flow trickle channel. Some outlet plate modification is expected within the outlet structure to accommodate final calculated values for the tributary areas impacted by development. A vicinity map of the site is shown on Figure 1 included in the Appendix.

The existing vegetative cover within the development is in poor to fair condition with minimal grasses throughout the site. The existing ground slopes within the property range from 0.2 to 25 percent. Soils within the subject site are classified to be within Hydrologic Soils Group C as shown in the *El Paso County Soils Survey*. For the purposes of computing the existing and proposed hydrology for the site, Hydrologic Soil Group C was used with weighted coefficients.

Existing utilities within or adjacent to the site include a pair of thirty-inch (30") Colorado Interstate Gas (CIG) now Kinder-Morgan mains that run along portions of the westerly property boundary (see maps in Appendix D).

Poa Annua Street will be extended west into the site from Marksheffel Road and will be improved further with this development with sidewalks and pedestrian ramps.

Existing Roadside Ditch along Marksheffel was designed and built by others under a project called *Marksheffel Road Improvements Project South - Link Road to US 24 (Link Road Project)*. The Link Road Project proposed the existing trapezoidal channel lying along each side of the roadway at the time of this reporting and which is sized to convey the 100-year flow for the project. A new box culvert crossing is planned at Poa Annua Street to convey the flows in the west side ditch.

Appendix A provides excerpts from the Link Road Project's approved drainage report, and highlights relevant structures, and reflects forward their declared flow volumes and design values.

II. MAJOR DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUBBASINS

The site lies within the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin. The majority of the overall site presently drains towards the south and southeast by a combination of overlot sheet flow along with curb, gutter, pipe and open channel conveyances to a minor drainage that combines with the West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek just downstream of Mesa Ridge Parkway (Sub-basins EX-1 through EX-4 - See Drainage Map Sheet 1 of 3). The north portion of the site drains east and south within proposed roadway corridors to proposed extended Detention Basin 'D'. The south portion of the site is conveyed north to proposed extended Detention Basin 'D'. The tributary basins to Basin 'D' are prefaced with the letter 'D' and are numbered sequentially D1 to D24.

The remaining portions of the site consist of rear lot margins which cannot be captured due to topography. These marginal areas are expected to consist of lawn and rear slope areas which will substantially match historic conditions. These marginal areas will achieve 60% Water Quality treatment through best practices of bioinfiltration (Permanent BMP - IRF). The existing drainage patterns for the site are shown on Drainage Plan Sheet 1 provided in a map pocket at the end of this report, and developed flows are compared on Sheets 2 & 3 to reflect pre- and post-development impacts.

The drainage reports that were reviewed in the process of preparing this drainage report are included in the References section. The Glen at Widefield East area was studied as a part of the *Master Development Drainage Plan (MDDP) for the Glen at Widefield* and the *West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study (DBPS)*. A detention basin shown on the west side of the creek (DP 3101) was designed and constructed as part of the Filing No. 6 improvements. Two additional regional detention basins were identified for the site in the *MDDP*: one to serve the westerly side of the site with flows released west to the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek (DP 3091), and the other to serve the easterly side of the site with flows released east across Marksheffel Road to a channel along the north side of Peaceful Valley Road and ultimately to the Jimmy Camp Creek main branch (DP 4021). The detention basin shown in the *MDDP* and *DBPS* at DP 3091 was designed and constructed as part of the Glen at Widefield Filing No. 7 improvements as Basin C. However, due to the proposed grading and drainage patterns north of Filing No. 7, two additional detention basins to serve the westerly side of the site were planned and constructed: one for Filing No. 8 (Basin B) and one for Filing No. 9 (Basin A), which is located just north of the Filing No. 8 area. The detention basin shown in the *MDDP* and *DBPS* at DP 4021 (Basin D) is designed herein and will be constructed to serve Filing 10, Filing 11, and Future Filing 12 within the Glen at Widefield master planned area.

The subject property limits are shown on Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) 08041C0956G and 08041C0957G (both with effective dates of December 7, 2018) that are included in the Appendix. The FIRMs also show that the property to be developed with buildable lots is located outside of the FEMA regulated floodplain in an unshaded Zone X area, which is described as "Area of Minimal Flood Hazard."

III. DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

Hydrologic and hydraulic calculations for the site were performed using the methods outlined in the *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual*. Topography for the site was compiled using a two-foot contour interval and is presented on the Historic Conditions map. The hydrologic calculations were made for the historic and proposed site conditions. The Drainage Plan presents the drainage patterns for the site, including the 'D'-series sub-basins. The peak flow rates for the sub-basins were estimated using the Rational Method. The 5-year (Minor storm) and 100-year (Major storm) recurrence intervals were determined. The one-hour rainfall depth was determined from Table 6-2 of the *Drainage Criteria Manual*. These depths are shown in the runoff calculations spreadsheet. The peak flow data generated using the rational method was used to verify street capacities and to size inlets and storm sewers within the subdivision. The drainage basin area, time of concentration, and rainfall intensity were determined for each of the sub-basins within the property. The onsite soils were assumed to be mostly Hydrologic Soil Group C, based on the *Soil Survey* and the result of earth-moving operations. For existing conditions, runoff coefficients were determined using a land use of pasture/meadow. The land use for the proposed development will be residential with a density of approximately 4 lots per acre.

The onsite hydraulic structures were sized using the methods outlined in the *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual*. The hydraulic capacities of the streets and curb inlets were determined using the UD-Inlet spreadsheet developed by the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District (UDFCD),

considering the County criteria for the Minor (5-year) and Major (100-year) storms. Ramp curbs will be used throughout the development, except for curb returns, where a 6-inch vertical curb will be used. Hydraulic calculations are provided in Appendix C for the proposed streets, pipe outlet erosion protection and open channel capacities.

The on-site detention basin is planned to be an Extended Detention Basin (EDB) that uses Full Spectrum Detention. The UD-Detention spreadsheets created by UDFCD were used to size and design the detention basin with water quality enhancement, per the County's recommendation.

The supporting calculations associated with hydraulic functioning for this development's storm system are included in Appendix C of this report. Appendix C includes UD_Sewer and EPA-SWMM report summaries. The system was analyzed in EPA-SWMM in order to capture surface flows and pipe flows simultaneously. The major event results in some inlet flooding at the intersection of Pennycress Drive and Golden Buffs Drive. The Depth of Node Flooding is calculated to be 0.427' above the lowest inlets at Peak Flow (T_{PK}) which occurs at about 55 minutes. This demonstrates that the overall capture is theoretically 100% as Depth of Flow does not exceed the depth of the surrounding roadway corridor. The Node Flooding Value is the critical value for determination of function in this case, and is highlighted in Appendix C for clarity.

IV. DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

The drainage of the site will be accomplished through a combination of sheet flow, gutter flow and pipe conveyance systems which will outlet directly to the planned extended detention basin (Basin 'D'). Two inflow points are identified with this development, and each will terminate within a pre-sedimentation forebay (Inflows 'H' & 'J') (See map exhibit sheet 2).

The proposed drainage patterns for the site are shown on the Final Drainage Plan for the developed condition (Sheets 2 and 3) provided in the map pocket at the end of this report. The hydrologic and hydraulic calculations are provided in the Appendix. Refer to the Drainage Design Criteria section for additional information on the hydrologic and hydraulic calculations.

Evaluations related to sizing of onsite drainage improvements was carried out in accordance with the *County Storm Drainage Criteria Manual*. The capacities of the proposed onsite facilities were calculated in accordance with the *Criteria Manual* and current UDFCD supporting software.

Offsite runoff (from Sub-basin OS-2) is directed east to the existing roadside ditch along Marksheffel Road and conveyed within open channel sections and culvert sections (by others). These flows accumulate and increase as the channel travels south along the east margin of the site. Ultimately these flows will combine with flows discharged at Basin 'D'. Areas at the extreme north and east margins of the site ('E' Series) will sheet flow onto and across grassed hillsides, which are designed to provide Water Quality treatment via infiltration, and so that downstream elements are not adversely impacted.

The detention basin will include two pre-sedimentation forebays along with trickle channel to a planned three-stage outlet structure which was planned for construction as part of Filing 10, but will be revised with this report due to updated County criteria, related to MS4 impacts at Filing 11.

Under fully developed conditions, Basin D will incorporate some pond shaping for additional storage, a perimeter maintenance trail, inflow sedimentation forebays, and a concrete trickle channel. The detention basin will be a private facility and will be maintained by the district.

The following is a description of the on-site storm sewer system:

The system will begin with sheet flow at the lot areas. Some sheet flow will reach the EDB in historic pattern across unplatted and undeveloped land. However, most of the flows will begin as sheet flow

on the lot areas and will be directed via overlot grades to existing and proposed street corridors. Inlets and pipes planned with this filing will convey the Minor event (5-year) and most of the Major event (100-year) directly to the planned detention basin.

Two principal storm trunklines are planned, at Pennycress Drive and at Golden Buffs Drive that will convey captured flow to 100-year capacity curb inlets in a sump condition at DP 79, DP 81, DP 89 and DP 93a, and 93b, and ultimately convey those flows directly to existing Detention Basin 'D' (DP 94 is the Outlet Structure). Runoff from Sub-basins D19.1, D20, D-21, D-22 and D-23 will be captured in new curb and gutter of Pennycress Drive and conveyed to Detention Basin 'D' from the south. The flows from the south rely on surface conveyance, and inflow to Basin 'D' at a low point along Pennycress Drive identified as 'Inflow J'. An inlet pair at this location (Inlets J-1 & J-2) capture both Minor storm event (5yr) and Major storm event (100yr) flows.

The fully completed extended detention basin will occupy the location of partially constructed extended detention basin D planned with Filing No. 10. The basin is proposed to fully accommodate water quality separation and the emergency conveyance of flow associated with Filing 10, Filing 11, and Future Filing No. 12.

The storm sewer system will provide storage and intercept most of the flows with some 100-year flows exceeding and by-passing inlets in the Major event. The Minor event is fully intercepted by the inlet and pipe systems.

WATER QUALITY METHODOLOGY (4-STEP PROCESS):

STEP 1: RUNOFF REDUCTION PRACTICES

New construction will utilize existing and proposed grassed areas as buffers, allowing sediment to drop out of the storm runoff and helping to reduce runoff. The existing grassed swales along the east side of the site shall remain undisturbed. Sub-basins E-1 through a portion of E-4 are vegetated hillsides which provide some runoff reduction benefit, along with some biofiltering. Runoff Reduction calculations and IRF Reduction Exhibit are provided in Appendix E for the zone encompassing Sub-basins E-1 thru E-4 (Zones 1 thru 4). IRF Reduction Analysis for this zone resulted in a treatment value of at least 60% of the expected overall WQCV.

STEP 2: IMPLEMENT BMP'S THAT SLOWLY RELEASE THE WATER QUALITY CAPTURE VOLUME

Treatment and slow release of 40 hours of the water quality capture volume (WQCV) will be accomplished by the implementation of the proposed private Full-Spectrum extended detention basin.

STEP 3: STABILIZE DRAINAGEWAYS

There are no major drainageways affected by the development. No improvements to any downstream drainageways are required or anticipated, at this time. The project discharges into an existing EDB via new pipe systems.

STEP 4: IMPLEMENT SITE SPECIFIC & SOURCE CONTROL BMP'S

There are no potential sources of contaminants that could be introduced to the County MS4 that will not be controlled by temporary construction BMPs. Maintenance and sweeping of parking areas is recommended to limit sediment transport to new inlets, pipes and detention areas. Construction BMPs in the form of vehicle tracking control, concrete washout area, inlet protection, rock socks, and silt fences will be utilized during construction activities to protect receiving waters.

The Following is a description of the on-site drainage sub-basins:

Basin D

Sub-basins D-1 thru D-24 are not all located within Filing No. 11 but are all tributary to Detention Basin 'D'. Basins D1-D24 comprise approximately 60 acres. Some edge areas are released undetained and these are accounted for in the B-Series and E-Series of sub-basins discussed later in this report. The E-Series 'edge area' basins are substantially unchanged from their historic condition and flowrate.

The Sub-basins herein are generally organized and map-labeled in the order they sit from highest in elevation to lowest.

Detained flows released from Detention Basin 'D' will be conveyed to the existing roadside ditch along Marksheffel Road. Design Point D10-1 released flows are discharges from the outlet structure of the Extended Detention Basin within a reinforced trapezoidal channel. Under developed conditions the channel will discharge 59.6 cfs during the Major Event. Downstream Culverts have been analyzed for expected flow volume and channel capacity. Flow declarations are provided on the Developed Map Exhibit along both sides of Marksheffel Rd. Capacity appears to be adequate.

Sub-basins D-1 thru D-19 have similar characteristics with a mix of street, and residential lot area. Refer to Map Sheet 3 of 3 (D-2). The Following is a description of these sub-basins:

Sub-basin D-1 is approximately 2.53 acres in area and is located north and west of the subject property (Future Filing 12). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and concentrate in rough-cut street sections. This basin combines with Sub-basin D-2.

Sub-basin D-2 is approximately 1.46 acres in area and is located west of the subject property (Future Filing 12) with the exception of its extreme southeast corner which is on-site. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and concentrate in rough-cut street sections until reaching a 12 ft curb inlet at DP69 (Inlet E-2).

Sub-basin D-3 is approximately 1.62 acres in area and is located north and west of the subject property (Future Filing 12). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and concentrate in rough-cut street sections. This basin combines with Sub-basin D-4.

Sub-basin D-4 is approximately 2.07 acres in area and is located north and west of the subject property (Future Filing 12) with the exception of its extreme eastern corner which is on-site. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and concentrate in rough-cut street sections. It will also combine with concentrated runoff from upstream Sub-basin D-3 until reaching a 12 ft curb inlet at DP71 (Inlet E-1).

Sub-basin D-5 is approximately 2.41 acres in area and is located west of the subject property (Future Filing 12) with the exception of its extreme eastern corner which is on-site. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow north and concentrate in the south half of a rough-cut street section until reaching an interim storm inlet at DP72 (Inlet A-4). A-4 is actually a future storm manhole which is planned to be left as an area inlet until the time of future development (Filing No. 12).

Sub-basin D-6 is approximately 0.41 acres in area and is located in the north and west portion of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and concentrate in Pennycress Drive and be conveyed by curb and gutter to the south (DP73) where it will continue across a crossspan at the intersection of Lance Leaf Drive and combine with additional surface flows from Sub-basin D-7.

Sub-basin D-7 is approximately 3.12 acres in area and is located along the westerly margin of the subject property. Some of the northwesterly margins of this sub-basin lie within Future Filing No. 12. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and east and concentrate in Pennycress Drive and be conveyed by curb and gutter to the south to on-grade inlet E-6 (DP75). In the Major storm event,

2.0 cfs of bypass flow will continue across a crosspan at the intersection of Marsh Elder Drive and combine with additional surface flows from Sub-basin D-8.

Sub-basin D-8 is approximately 1.76 acres in area and is located along the westerly margin of the subject property. Some of the northwesterly margins of this sub-basin lie within Future Filing No. 12. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and east and concentrate within The Marsh Elder Place cul-de-sac and within Pennycress Drive and be further conveyed by curb and gutter to the south within the Pennycress roadway corridor at DP76. In the Minor event, 2.2 cfs of bypass flow will continue south as gutter flow. In the Major storm event, 9.7 cfs of bypass flow will continue south as gutter flow (at DP 78) and combine with additional surface flows from Sub-basin D-10.

Sub-basin D-9 is approximately 2.11 acres in area and is located west of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow southeast and concentrate in a temporary diversion ditch which terminates at Structure F-2 – an interim inlet consisting of the base portion of Manhole F-2. At such time as Filing No 12 is constructed, the temporary inlet will be converted to an enclosed manhole with cone section, and it will be fitted with an upstream RCP pipe for future flows concentrating in The Basin at DP77. For the purpose of hydraulic analysis, Developed Flows from Basin D-9 have been used in calculation and sizing of the storm system.

Sub-basin D-10 is approximately 2.99 acres in area and is located along the westerly margin of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and east and concentrate within Pennycress Drive and be further conveyed by curb and gutter to the south within the Pennycress roadway corridor to a 20-foot curb inlet (Inlet H-2) at DP79. In the Minor event, 2.2 cfs of bypassed flow from upstream sub-basins D7 & D-8 will combine with flows from this sub-basin and continue south as gutter flow. In the Major storm event, 9.7 cfs of bypassed flow is received and will continue south as gutter flow to DP 79. Inlet H-2 lies in a sump condition along with a series of other inlets at this intersection which are all hydrostatically interconnected in the Major Event. These inlets collectively intercept one hundred percent (100%) of the Major Event. Hydraulic Analysis (HGL/EGL) using EPA SWMM was performed to validate the storm system's performance at this final junction in the Major Event. The SWMM Model results are included in Appendix C.

Sub-basin D-11 is approximately 3.96 acres in area and is located in the central area of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and west and concentrate in Pennycress Drive and be conveyed by curb and gutter to the south (DP80) where it will continue across a crosspan at a knuckle cul-de-sac (See Sub-basin D-12).

Sub-basin D-12 is approximately 1.39 in area and is located in the central area of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and west and concentrate in Pennycress Drive and be combined with gutter flow from Sub-basin D-11. 4.50 cfs in the Minor event, and 13.0 cfs in the Major event will combine with sub-basin flows and be conveyed by curb and gutter to the south to Inlet G-4 (DP81). Inlet G-4 lies in a sump condition along with a series of other inlets at this intersection which are all hydraulically connected. These inlets collectively intercept one hundred percent (100%) of the Major storm event.

Sub-basin D-13 is approximately 2.07 acres in area and is located in the central area of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and east and concentrate in Golden Buffs Drive and be conveyed by curb and gutter to the south to on-grade curb inlet D-4 at DP82.

Sub-basin D-14 is approximately 3.30 acres in area and is located in the central area of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and east and concentrate in Golden Buffs Drive and be conveyed by curb and gutter to the south to on-grade curb inlet G-3 at DP83. Some bypass flows (2.3 cfs) from Sub-basin D-13 will combine within the street's gutter section in the Major storm event.

Sub-basin D-15 is approximately 2.80 acres in area and is located north and west of the subject property (Future Filing 12). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and east and concentrate in rough-cut street sections at DP84. This basin combines with Sub-basin D-16 via future crosspan.

Sub-basin D-16 is approximately 2.14 acres in area and is located north and west of the subject property (Future Filing 12) excepting a very small portion of its easternmost edge. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and concentrate in rough-cut street sections. This basin combines with upstream Sub-basin D-15 at the point of a planned future crosspan. Combined flows continue east in the north half of the rough-cut street section (Future Golden Buffs Drive) to the subject property and the beginning of improved street Golden Buffs Drive. Combined flows continue east about another 80 feet to Inlet B-1 (DP84.1). Some bypass flow will continue east (5.2 cfs) to Sub-basin D-16.1 in the Major storm event.

Sub-basin D-16.1 is approximately 1.69 acres in area and is located in the north margins of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow southwest and concentrate within Golden Buffs Drive. Flows from this basin combine with concentrated gutter flow from upstream Sub-basin D-16 at the point of a planned crosspan (DP84.1). Combined flows continue east in the north half of Golden Buffs Drive to Mouse Ear Place cul-de-sac (DP85) and the location of Inlet C-1. Some bypass flow will continue southeast (2.2 cfs) to Sub-basin D-17 in the Major storm event.

Sub-basin D-17 is approximately 2.29 acres in area and is located in the northeast area of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow west and concentrate in Golden Buffs Drive, and within cul-de-sac gutter sections at Mouse Ear Place, and Kitten Tail Court. These flows combine at Inlet D-1 (DP86). Some bypass flow will continue south (1.7 cfs) to Sub-basin D-18 in the Major storm event.

Sub-basin D-18 is approximately 1.98 acres in area and is located in the east area of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow west and concentrate in Golden Buffs Drive, and within cul-de-sac gutter sections at Horse Mint Trail. These flows combine at the east half of Golden Buffs Drive within the gutter section and ahead of an unnamed knuckle cul-de-sac (DP87). Some bypass flow will continue south to Sub-basin D-19; 2.3 cfs in the Minor storm event, and 8.2 cfs in the Major event.

Sub-basin D-19 is approximately 2.02 acres in area and is located in the southeast area of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow west and concentrate in Golden Buffs Drive, and within an unnamed knuckle cul-de-sac. Concentrated gutter flows will combine with upstream bypassed flows from Sub-basin D-18. These combined flows will continue south (1.7 cfs) to Inlet G2 (DP88). Bypassing flows from Inlet G-2 are expected to overtop to Inlet G-1 in the Minor storm event and overtop to inlet G-1 and H-1 and J-2 in the Major storm event.

Sub-basin D-19.1 is approximately 0.15 acres in area and is located in the southeasterly corner of the subject property. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow west and concentrate in Pennycress Drive. These flows combine at Inlet G-1 (DP89). Some bypass flows will contribute to this inlet in both the Minor storm (0.1 cfs) and the Major storm event (5.7 cfs).

Sub-basins D20-24 have varying surface characteristics, and these are reflected in the weighted coefficients assigned to each basin through Rational methodology. These basins comprise the tributary areas inflowing to Basin 'D' from the south. Refer to Map Sheet 2 of 3 (D-1). The Following is a description of the southerly sub-basins:

Sub-basin D-20 is approximately 0.90 acres in area and is located south of the subject property. It is comprised of Pennycress Drive and some captured landscape areas. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow west and concentrate in Pennycress Drive at Inlet J-1 (DP92a). These flows combine at Inlet J-2 with flows from Sub-basin D-23 and inflow directly to Detention basin 'D'. There are no bypass flows.

Sub-basin D-21 is approximately 4.02 acres in area and is located south of the subject property within Filing No. 10. Sub-basin D-21 has similar surface characteristics to Sub-basins D-1 thru D-19. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow south and east and concentrate first within Peaceful Valley Road, and Buffalo Bur Trail, and then within Pennycress Drive existing street sections (DP90). These flows currently combine with flows from Sub-basin D-22 and are conveyed to the intersection of Pennycress Drive and Peaceful Valley Road. A crosspan conveys the flows to a point where the existing street terminates. From the street's terminus, a temporary outfall ditch, planned for construction with Filing No. 10 conveys these flows directly to Basin 'D'. Under proposed conditions, the temporary outfall ditch is eliminated in favor of extending Pennycress Drive north.

Sub-basin D-22 is approximately 1.15 acres in area and is located south of the subject property within Filing No. 10. It is comprised of existing sections of Peaceful Valley Road and some captured overlot areas. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow southwest and concentrate in Peaceful Valley Road (DP91). These flows combine with flows from Sub-basin D-21 and inflow directly to Detention Basin 'D'. There are no inlets. All flows from this sub-basin contribute to the north side gutter section of Pennycress Drive and are no longer ditch flow, but rather gutter flow within Sub-basin D-23.

Sub-basin D-23 is approximately 0.52 acres in area and is located south of the subject property. It is comprised of Pennycress Drive and some captured landscape areas. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow east and concentrate in Pennycress Drive at Inlet J-2 (DP92b). These flows combine at Inlet J-1 with flows from Sub-basin D-23 and inflow directly to Detention basin 'D'. There are no bypass flows.

Sub-basin D-24 is approximately 9.79 acres in area and is located along the west side of the subject property. This sub-basin encompasses all of the planned detention basin area, as well as off-site flows received from the west which traverse the Colorado Interstate Gas Pipeline Easement (C.I.G. Easement). These flows will remain unchanged from historic condition excepting roadway improvements. Flows from this sub-basin accumulate within rear lot areas north and west of the detention basin and are conveyed along shallow slopes with minimal velocity. There are no bypass flows, or inlets.

Basin E

The 'E' Series Basins are located along the easterly edge of the site between the property and Marksheffel Road. Sub-basins E-1 through E-5 drain offsite to the existing roadside ditch along Marksheffel Road.

A description of each of the 'E' Series Sub-basins follows:

Sub-basin E-1 contains 5.27 acres and is located within Filing No 11. This basin abuts existing Marksheffel Road and is historically tributary to the west-side ditch for the roadway. The overall characteristics of these basins is unchanged from historic conditions. A narrow strip along the north margin discharges nuisance flows to an east-west drainage that ends at Marksheffel Rd. For purposes of water quality treatment, that portion of these sub-basins discharging from within the Filing No 11 Boundary was analyzed using the IRF Runoff Reduction Method. An Exhibit and MHFD Calculation Sheet (*UD-BMP_v3.07.xls*) are provided in Appendix E. Developed Runoff from this basin will sheet flow southeast to the existing roadside ditch along Marksheffel Road (DP 95) as it does currently. A new box culvert crossing at Poa Annua will be installed with this project to receive and discharge ditch flows. The Poa Annua Culvert will consist of a two-foot high by three-feet wide double box culvert with wingwalls at each end, and aprons with cutoff walls. The culvert will pass flows from the Minor Event, and overtop some flow in the Major Event. Full Capacity (Q_{pipe}) is calculated to be 93.58 cfs (See Appendix C), with an additional 6.42 cfs overtopping (Q_{overtop}) in the Major Event

Sub-basin E-2 contains 0.50 acres and is located within Filing No 11 along the north side of planned Poa Annua Street. This basin also partially abuts existing Marksheffel Road and is historically

tributary to the west-side ditch for the roadway. The overall characteristics of these basins is unchanged from historic conditions. For purposes of water quality treatment, that portion of these sub-basins discharging from within the Filing No 11 Boundary was analyzed using the IRF Runoff Reduction Method. An Exhibit and MHFD Calculation Sheet (*UD-BMP_v3.07.xls*) are provided in Appendix E. Developed Runoff from this basin will sheet flow southeast to the existing roadside ditch along Marksheffel Road (DP 96) as it does currently.

Sub-basin E-3 contains 1.67 acres and is located within Filing No 11 along the south side of planned Poa Annua Street. This basin also abuts existing Marksheffel Road and is historically tributary to the west-side ditch for the roadway. The overall characteristics of these basins is unchanged from historic conditions. For purposes of water quality treatment, that portion of these sub-basins discharging from within the Filing No 11 Boundary was analyzed using the IRF Runoff Reduction Method. An Exhibit and MHFD Calculation Sheet (*UD-BMP_v3.07.xls*) are provided in Appendix E. Developed Runoff from this basin will sheet flow southeast to the existing roadside ditch along Marksheffel Road (DP 97) as it does currently.

Sub-basin E-4 contains 1.17 acres and is located within Filing No 11 and lies between planned Pennycress Drive and existing Marksheffel Rd. It is historically tributary to the west-side ditch for the roadway. The overall characteristics of these basins is unchanged from historic conditions. For purposes of water quality treatment, that portion of these sub-basins discharging from within the Filing No 11 Boundary was analyzed using the IRF Runoff Reduction Method. An Exhibit and MHFD Calculation Sheet (*UD-BMP_v3.07.xls*) are provided in Appendix E. Developed Runoff from this basin will sheet flow southeast to the existing roadside ditch along Marksheffel Road (DP 98) as it does currently. Sub-basin E-4 terminates at an existing six-foot wide by two-foot-high concrete box culvert with two barrels (6'x2' Double CBC) at Design Point 10-2. Just upstream a small eighteen-inch culvert crosses Marksheffel Road and connects the east and west borrow ditches hydraulically (Ref: HDR Report, Structure 'CV152'). This culvert appears to function as a transfer pipe to allow for redundant outflow.

WATER QUALITY

Storm water quality measures are required by the County in Volume 2 of the County's *Drainage Criteria Manual*. The water quality measures to be instituted for the development will include:

1. Water quality enhancement of the detention basin. Existing Sedimentation Basin 'D' was operating as a temporary sedimentation basin prior to construction of the Extended Detention Basin (planned for construction with Filing No 10). Final improvements at this basin will impact water quality through the addition of pre-sedimentation forebays, trickle channel, and perimeter surface treatments.
2. Water Quality Treatment via IRF Methodology at the north and east margin of the site.
3. The outlet structure will include a water quality orifice plate modification to match design.

A. COST OF PROPOSED DRAINAGE FACILITIES

Table 2 presents a cost estimate for the construction of drainage improvements (Public) for The Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11 development.

B. DRAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES

The site lies within the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin. The current drainage basin fee associated with the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin is \$13,066 per

impervious acre. The current bridge fee associated with the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin is \$3,866 per impervious acre. The Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11 subdivision encompasses 45.00 acres. Table 1 details the fees due as part of this development.

V. CONCLUSIONS

The Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11 will be a single-lot family residential subdivision covering approximately 45.00 acres (with 62.07 Acres Tributary to the EDB). Onsite drainage will include the use of surface conveyance elements such as gutter, crosspan, and inlets to route the runoff from the site to Detention Basin 'D'.

Basin D serves Filing 10 along with northern tributary area Filing 11 and Future Filing 12 (see maps). Detained runoff from the site will be conveyed to the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek. With detention serving the site and existing downstream conveyance elements in place, the development of the Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11 property will not adversely impact or deteriorate improvements or natural drainageways downstream of the property.

VI. REFERENCES

- 1) Preliminary Drainage Report, The Glen at Widefield East, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated December 16, 2015.
- 2) Final Drainage Report, The Glen at Widefield Filing No. 7, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated January 11, 2016.
- 3) Amended Master Development Drainage Plan, The Glen at Widefield, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated June 21, 2007.
- 4) Final Drainage Report, The Glen at Widefield Filing No. 6, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated December 6, 2007.
- 5) Preliminary and Final Drainage Report, Mesa Ridge Parkway Final Design, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated November 29, 2010.
- 6) Mesa Ridge Parkway Roadway Design, Autumn Glen Avenue to Marksheffel Road and Widening from Powers Boulevard to Autumn Glen Avenue, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated December 8, 2010.
- 7) Master Development Drainage Plan for the Glen at Widefield, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated December 10, 1999.
- 8) West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated October 17, 2003.
- 9) City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County Flood Insurance Study, prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, dated March 1997.
- 10) El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual (Volumes 1 and 2) and Engineering Criteria Manual, current editions.
- 11) Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado, prepared by United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service, dated June 1981.
- 12) Final Drainage Report Marksheffel Road South - Link Road to US-24, El Paso County, CO, HDR Engineering, August 2015.
- 13) Final Drainage Report The Glen Filing No 10 Kiowa Engineering, September 2019 (Pending Review)

APPENDIX TABLE OF CONTENTS

APPENDIX

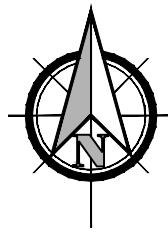
Figure 1: Vicinity Map

Figure 2: Soils Map

FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (Panels 956 and 957)

Table 1: Impervious Area and Drainage Basin & Bridge Fee Calc

Table 2: Opinion of Cost – Drainage Facilities



SCALE: NTS

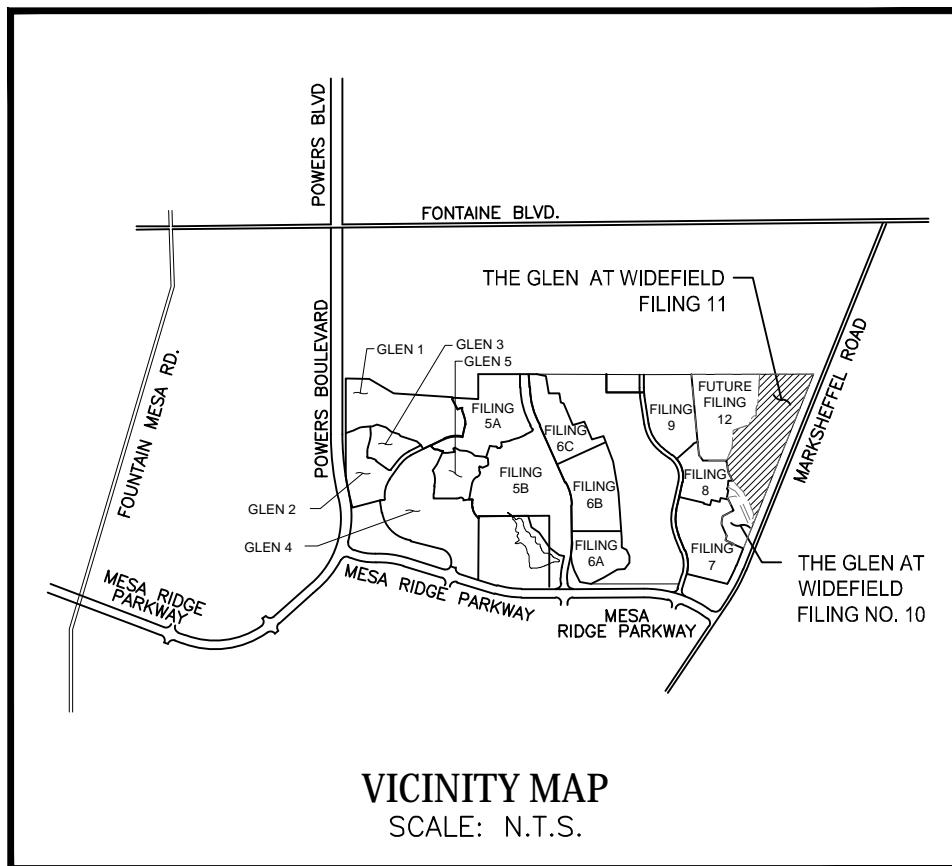
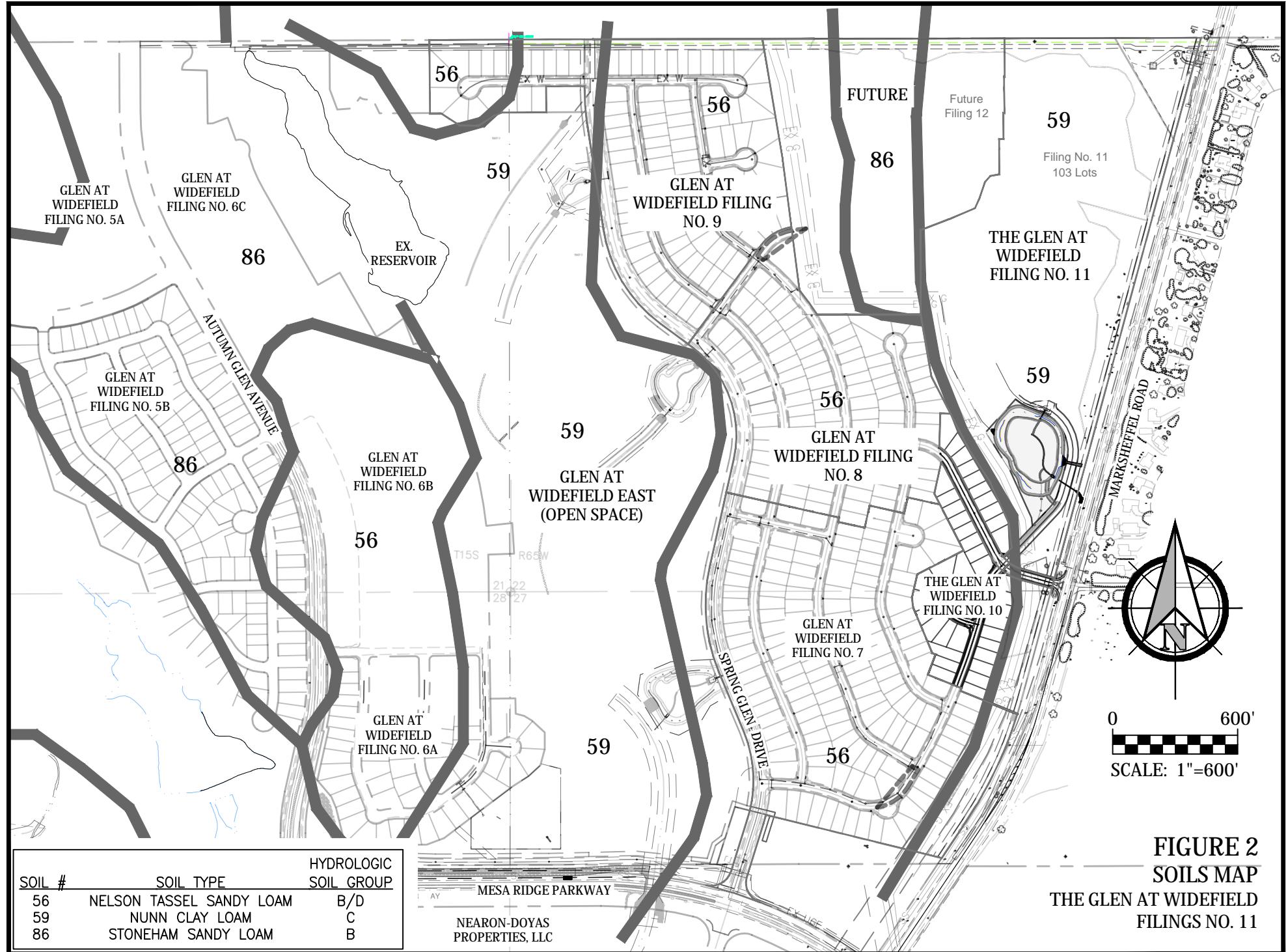


FIGURE 1
VICINITY MAP
THE GLEN AT WIDEFIELD FILING NO. 11



National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend

SEE THIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on **9/26/2019 at 12:16:52 PM** and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRMS effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

**Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11
Drainage Basin and Bridge Fees**

Table 1: Impervious Area and Drainage Basin & Bridge Fee Calculation

Total Lots =	103 lots
Total Development Area =	44.996 ac
Total Undeveloped Acres =	<u>11.800 ac</u>
Total Developed Area =	<u>33.2 ac</u>
Building/Patio/Drive Per Lot =	2,500 sf
Total Building/Patio/Drive Area =	5.911 ac
Total Street/Sidewalk Area =	6.700 ac
Total Impervious Area =	<u>12.611 ac</u>
% Impervious Area =	<u>37.99 %</u>

West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin

Drainage Basin Fee and Bridge Fee Calculations			
Drainage Basin Fee =	\$13,066 / ac	Drainage Basin Fee =	\$ 164,780.38
Bridge Fee =	\$3,866 / ac	Bridge Fee =	\$ 48,755.62

Less Previous Drainage Fee Credit (Carry Over from Glen at Widefield Filing No. 7)	<u>\$0.00</u>	\$ 0.00
Drainage Basin Fee Reimbursement	<u>\$0.00</u>	
Total Drainage Basin Fee Credit Available	<u>\$0.00</u>	

	Drainage Basin	Bridge
Total Fees Due for the Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11	\$164,780.38	\$ 48,755.62

Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11
Opinion of Cost

Table 2: Opinion of Cost - Public Drainage Facilities

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Item Total
18" RCP Class III	1,015	LF	\$ 72.00	\$ 73,044.00
21" RCP Class III	596	LF	\$ 84.00	\$ 50,038.80
24" RCP Class III	411	LF	\$ 96.00	\$ 39,472.32
27" Equiv HERCP Class III (19x30)	112	LF	\$ 102.00	\$ 11,424.00
30" RCP Class III	505	LF	\$ 102.00	\$ 51,510.00
33" RCP Class III	1,289	LF	\$ 116.00	\$ 149,524.00
36" RCP Class III	78	LF	\$ 128.00	\$ 9,984.00
36" RCP Class IV	250	LF	\$ 142.00	\$ 35,500.00
48" Equiv HERCP	102	LF	\$ 140.00	\$ 14,232.40
2'x3' Concrete Box Culvert	180	LF	\$ 160.00	\$ 28,800.00
Curb Inlet 10' (Type R)	9	EA	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 67,500.00
Curb Inlet 15' (Type R)	2	EA	\$ 8,000.00	\$ 16,000.00
Curb Inlet 15' (Type R) Modified Width	2	EA	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
Curb Inlet 20' (Type R) Modified Width	2	EA	\$ 12,000.00	\$ 24,000.00
Storm Manhole 4ft Diameter	9	EA	\$ 4,575.00	\$ 41,175.00
Storm Manhole 5ft Diameter	13	EA	\$ 4,925.00	\$ 64,025.00
Storm Manhole 5ft Dia (No Cone)	3	EA	\$ 6,500.00	\$ 19,500.00
Storm Manhole 6ft Dia (No Cone)	2	EA	\$ 8,500.00	\$ 17,000.00
End Treatment - Wingwall, Apron, Cutoff	2	EA	\$ 2,400.00	\$ 4,800.00
Geotextile (Erosion Control)	2,416	SY	\$ 6.00	\$ 14,496.00
Rip Rap, d50 Size from 6" to 24"	18	CY	\$ 95.00	\$ 1,710.00
Drainage Channel Construction, Size (18 x 2)	265	LF	\$ 28.00	\$ 7,420.00
Channel Lining, Rip Rap	8	CY	\$ 112.00	\$ 896.00
Channel Lining, Grass	3	AC	\$ 1,287.00	\$ 3,861.00
Detention Outlet Structure (Plate Only)	1	EA	\$ 525.00	\$ 525.00
Detention Emergency Spillway (Partial)	0	EA	\$ 800.00	\$ 0.00
Presedimentation Forebay	2	EA	\$ 6,850.00	\$ 13,700.00
Gravel Maintenance Access Trail	352	SY	\$ 20.00	\$ 7,044.00
Type II Bedding	112	CY	\$ 35.00	\$ 3,920.00
Detention Basin Seeding and Mulch	3	AC	\$ 520.00	\$ 1,528.80

Estimated Storm Drainage Facilities Cost: **\$ 792,630.32**

APPENDIX A

Hydrologic Calculations

Existing Condition – Runoff Co-eff, Time of Concentration and Runoff Calcs
Excerpts from Markscheffel Road Improvements Project **South - Link Road to US-24**
Developed Condition – Runoff Co-eff, Time of Concentration and Runoff Calcs

KIOWA ENGINEERING CORPORATION

JOB 14044 - GLEN AT WIDERFIELD EAST

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2
 CALCULATED BY CJC DATE 4/24/15
 CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____
 SCALE _____

RUNOFF COEFF. CALC'S. - EXISTING CONDITION

USE UNDEVELOPED - "PASTURE/MEADOW" LAND USE:

B SOILS -	$C_5 = 0.08$	$C_{100} = 0.35$	
B/D SOILS -	$C_5 = 0.15$	$C_{100} = 0.50$	(ASSUME C/D SOILS)
C SOILS -	$C_5 = 0.15$	$C_{100} = 0.50$	

BASIN EX-1 = TYPE C AND B/D SOILS

AREA = 48.60 AC (AREAS FROM CAD, TYP.)

$$C_5 = 0.15$$

$$C_{100} = 0.50$$

BASIN EX-2 = TYPE C AND B/D SOILS

AREA = 33.12 AC

$$C_5 = 0.15$$

$$C_{100} = 0.50$$

BASIN EX-3 = TYPE C AND B/D SOILS

AREA = 61.01 AC

$$C_5 = 0.15$$

$$C_{100} = 0.50$$

BASIN EX-4 = TYPE C AND B/D SOILS

AREA = 10.51 AC

$$C_5 = 0.15$$

$$C_{100} = 0.50$$

BASIN EX-5: TYPE B SOIL - 12.2 AC ±

TYPE C SOIL - 39.3 AC ± } FROM
TYPE B/D SOIL - 23.2 AC ± } SOILS
MAP

AREA = 74.74 AC

$$C_{5, \text{WTD}} = \frac{0.08(12.2) + 0.15(39.3 + 23.2)}{74.74} = 0.14$$

$$C_{100, \text{WTD}} = \frac{0.35(12.2) + 0.50(39.3 + 23.2)}{74.74} = 0.48$$

KIOWA ENGINEERING CORPORATION

JOB 14044 - GLEN AT WILDFIELD EAST

SHEET NO. 2 OF 2
CALCULATED BY CJC DATE 4/24/15
CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____
SCALE _____

BASIN EX-6 = TYPE C AND B/D SOILS

AREA = 8.83 AC

$C_5 = 0.15$

$C_{100} = 0.50$

TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALC'S. - EXISTING CONDITION

BASIN OS-1 : FROM MDDP, NEC-1 MODEL INPUT : BASIN 3060

BASIN AREA (BA) = 0.119 SQ.MI. \times 640 = 76.2 AC

SCS CURVE NO. (LS) = 79

SCS LAG TIME (UD) = 0.257 HRS. = 0.6 t_c

$$t_c = 1.6 (0.257) (60 \text{ min/hr}) = \underline{24.7 \text{ min.}}$$

BASIN OS-2 : BA = 0.19 sq.mi. \times 640 = 121.6 AC (BASIN 4010)

LS = 86

UD = 0.497 HRS.

$$t_c = 1.6 (0.497) (60) = \underline{47.7 \text{ min.}}$$

The Glen at Wildenfield

Existing Condition

Runoff Coefficient and Percent Impervious Calculation

Basin / DP	Basin or DP Area (DP contributing basins)	Soil Type	PV	Area 1 Land Use	HI	Area 2 Land Use	US1	Area 3 Land Use	US2	Area 4 Land Use	RO	Area 5 Land Use	
			% Imperv	Land Use Area	% Imperv								
EX-1	2,117,068 sf	48.60ac	C	100%	0%	48.60ac	100%	0%	85%	0%	90%	0%	0.0%
EX-2	1,442,828 sf	33.12ac	C	100%	0%	33.12ac	100%	0%	85%	0%	90%	0%	0.0%
EX-3	2,657,513 sf	61.01ac	C	100%	0%	61.01ac	100%	0%	85%	0%	90%	0%	0.0%
EX-4	457,877 sf	10.51ac	C	100%	0%	10.51ac	100%	0%	85%	0%	90%	0%	0.0%
EX-5	3,255,509 sf	74.74ac	C	100%	0%	74.74ac	100%	0%	85%	0%	90%	0%	0.0%
EX-6	384,815 sf	8.83ac	C	100%	0%	8.83ac	100%	0%	85%	0%	90%	0%	0.0%

Basin Runoff Coefficient is based on UD/FCD % Impervious Calculation

Runoff Coefficients and Percents Impervious

Hydrologic Soil Type:	C	Runoff Coef Calc Method						%Imp	C ₁₀₀	
		C ₀	A _{Blb}	%	C ₂	C ₅	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₅₀	
Commercial Area	GO	95%	0.80	0.82	0.84	0.87	0.89	0.89	0.89	Weighted
Drives and Walks	DR	90%	0.73	0.75	0.77	0.80	0.83	0.83	0.83	A
Streets - Gravel (Packed)	GR	40%	0.28	0.35	0.42	0.50	0.55	0.58	0.58	B
Undevelop-Pasture/Meadow	HI	0%	0.04	0.15	0.25	0.37	0.44	0.50	0.50	C
Lawns	LA	0%	0.04	0.15	0.25	0.37	0.44	0.50	0.50	D
Off-site flow-Undeveloped	OF	45%	0.31	0.37	0.44	0.51	0.56	0.59	0.59	
Park	PA	7%	0.09	0.19	0.29	0.40	0.47	0.52	0.52	
Playground	PL	13%	0.13	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.49	0.54	0.54	
Streets - Paved	PV	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.96	
Roofs	RO	90%	0.73	0.75	0.77	0.80	0.83	0.83	0.83	
User Input 1	US1	85%	0.66	0.68	0.71	0.75	0.78	0.79	0.79	
User Input 2	US2	78%	0.57	0.60	0.64	0.68	0.72	0.73	0.73	

Equations (% Impervious Calculation):

$$C_A = K_A + (1.31i^3 - 1.44i^2 + 1.135i - 0.12) \quad [\text{Eqn RO-6}]$$

$$C_{CD} = K_{CD} + (0.858i^3 - 0.786i^2 + 0.774i + 0.04) \quad [\text{Eqn RO-7}]$$

$$C_B = (C_A + C_{CD}) / 2$$

I = % imperviousness/100 as a decimal (See Table RO-3)

A = Runoff coefficient for NRCS Type A Soils

B = Runoff coefficient for NRCS Type B Soils

C = Runoff coefficient for NRCS Type C and D Soils

D = Runoff coefficient for Type C & D Soils

K_A = For Type A Soils

K_A (2-yr) = 0

K_A (5-yr) = -0.08i + 0.09

K_A (10-yr) = -0.14i + 0.17

K_A (25-yr) = -0.19i + 0.24

K_A (50-yr) = -0.22i + 0.28

K_A (100-yr) = -0.25i + 0.32

K_{CD} = For Type C & D Soils

K_{CD} (2-yr) = 0

K_{CD} (5-yr) = -0.10i + 0.11

K_{CD} (10-yr) = -0.18i + 0.21

K_{CD} (25-yr) = -0.28i + 0.33

K_{CD} (50-yr) = -0.33i + 0.40

K_{CD} (100-yr) = -0.39i + 0.46

Correction Factors - Table RO-4

The Glen at Wdefield
Existing Condition
Time of Concentration Calculation

Basin / Design Point	Contributing Basins	Area	C_5	Time of Concentration Estimate						Comp.	Final t_c	Notes		
				Initial/Overland Time (t_i)	Length	Slope	t_i	Travel Time (t_j)	Land Type	C_v	Velocity	t_t	t_c	
EX-1	48.60ac	0.15	300lf	5.3%	17.3 min.	2200lf	1.9%	GW	15	2.1 ft/sec	17.7 min.	35.0 min.		
EX-2	33.12ac	0.15	300lf	4.8%	17.9 min.	1370lf	3.2%	GW	15	2.7 ft/sec	8.5 min.	26.4 min.		
EX-3	61.01ac	0.15			0.0 min.	2500lf	0.9%	GW	15	1.4 ft/sec	29.3 min.	29.3 min.		
EX-4	10.51ac	0.15	300lf	4.0%	19.0 min.	900lf	4.9%	GW	15	3.3 ft/sec	4.5 min.	23.5 min.		
EX-5	74.74ac	0.14	300lf	5.7%	17.0 min.	3250lf	1.0%	GW	15	1.5 ft/sec	36.1 min.	53.2 min.		
EX-6	8.83ac	0.15	150lf	0.5%	26.8 min.	630lf	5.5%	GW	15	3.5 ft/sec	3.0 min.	29.8 min.		
DP 1	OS-1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--		
DP 2	OS-1, EX-1	124.80ac	0.15		0.0 min.	1000lf	1.0%	GW	15	1.5 ft/sec	11.1 min.	24.7 min.	DP 3060 from MDDP	
DP 3	EX-2	33.12ac	0.15	300lf	4.8%	17.9 min.	1370lf	3.2%	GW	15	2.7 ft/sec	8.5 min.	35.8 min.	DP 1 routed to DP 2
DP 4	OS-1, EX-1, EX-2	157.92ac	0.15		0.0 min.	300lf	0.5%	GW	15	1.1 ft/sec	4.7 min.	26.4 min.		
DP 5	OS-1, EX-1, EX-2, EX-3	218.93ac	0.15	300lf	4.0%	19.0 min.	800lf	1.3%	GW	15	1.7 ft/sec	7.8 min.	40.8 min.	DP 2 and DP 3 routed to DP 4
DP 6	EX-4	10.51ac	0.15		0.0 min.	900lf	4.9%	GW	15	3.3 ft/sec	4.5 min.	23.5 min.	DP 4 routed to DP 5	
DP 7	OS-1, EX-1, EX-2, EX-3, EX-4	229.44ac	0.15		0.0 min.	200lf	0.3%	GW	15	0.8 ft/sec	4.1 min.	53.6 min.	DP 5 and DP 6 routed to DP 7	
DP 8	OS-2	121.60ac	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	47.7 min.	47.7 min.	DP 4011 from MDDP	
DP 9	OS-2, EX-5	196.34ac	0.15		0.0 min.	1550lf	0.6%	GW	15	1.1 ft/sec	23.2 min.	70.9 min.	DP 8 routed to DP 9	
DP 10	EX-6	8.83ac	0.15	150lf	0.5%	26.8 min.	630lf	5.5%	GW	15	3.5 ft/sec	3.0 min.	29.8 min.	

Equations:

$$t_i (\text{Overland}) = 0.395(1.1 - C_5)L^{0.5} S^{-0.33}$$

C_5 = Runoff coefficient for 5-year

L = Length of overland flow (ft)

S = Slope of flow path (ft/ft)

t_c Check = $(L/180) + 10$ (Developed Cond. Only)

L = Overall Length

Velocity (Travel Time) = $C_v S^{0.5}$

C_v = Conveyance Coef (see Table)

S = Watercourse slope (ft/ft)

Nearly Bare Ground

Paved Area

Riprap (Not Buried)

Short Pasture/Lawns

Tillage/Fields

Land Surface Type	Land Type
Grassed Waterway	GW
Heavy Meadow	HM
Nearly Bare Ground	NBG
Paved Area	PV
Riprap (Not Buried)	RR
Short Pasture/Lawns	SP
Tillage/Fields	TF

The Glen at Widefield
Existing Condition
Runoff Calculation

Basin / Design Point	Contributing Basins	Drainage Area	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Time of Concentration	i ₅	i ₁₀₀	Runoff Q ₅	Runoff Q ₁₀₀	Basin / DP	Notes
EX-1		48.60 ac	0.15	0.50	35.0 min.	2.2 in/hr	3.8 in/hr	16.4 cfs	91.7 cfs	EX-1	
EX-2		33.12 ac	0.15	0.50	26.4 min.	2.7 in/hr	4.5 in/hr	13.3 cfs	74.3 cfs	EX-2	
EX-3		61.01 ac	0.15	0.50	29.3 min.	2.5 in/hr	4.2 in/hr	23.0 cfs	128.9 cfs	EX-3	
EX-4		10.51 ac	0.15	0.50	23.5 min.	2.8 in/hr	4.8 in/hr	4.5 cfs	25.1 cfs	EX-4	
EX-5		74.74 ac	0.14	0.48	53.2 min.	1.6 in/hr	2.7 in/hr	17.0 cfs	97.7 cfs	EX-5	
EX-6		8.83 ac	0.15	0.50	29.8 min.	2.5 in/hr	4.2 in/hr	3.3 cfs	18.5 cfs	EX-6	
DP 1	OS-1	76.20 ac	--	--	24.7 min.	2.8 in/hr	4.7 in/hr	48 cfs	163 cfs	DP 1	
DP 2	OS-1, EX-1	124.80 ac	0.15	0.50	35.8 min.	2.2 in/hr	3.7 in/hr	41 cfs	232 cfs	DP 2	
DP 3	EX-2	33.12 ac	0.15	0.50	26.4 min.	2.7 in/hr	4.5 in/hr	13 cfs	74 cfs	DP 3	
DP 4	OS-1, EX-1, EX-2	157.92 ac	0.15	0.50	40.8 min.	2.0 in/hr	3.4 in/hr	48 cfs	268 cfs	DP 4	
DP 5	OS-1, EX-1, EX-2, EX-3	218.93 ac	0.15	0.50	48.6 min.	1.8 in/hr	2.9 in/hr	58 cfs	323 cfs	DP 5	
DP 6	EX-4	10.51 ac	0.15	0.50	23.5 min.	2.8 in/hr	4.8 in/hr	4 cfs	25 cfs	DP 6	
DP 7	OS-1, EX-1, EX-2, EX-3, EX-4	229.44 ac	0.15	0.50	53.6 min.	1.6 in/hr	2.7 in/hr	55 cfs	310 cfs	DP 7	
DP 8	OS-2	121.60 ac	--	--	47.7 min.	1.8 in/hr	3.0 in/hr	38 cfs	153 cfs	DP 8	
DP 9	OS-2, EX-5	196.34 ac	0.15	0.50	70.9 min.	1.2 in/hr	2.0 in/hr	35 cfs	196 cfs	DP 9	
DP 10	EX-6	8.83 ac	0.15	0.50	29.8 min.	2.5 in/hr	4.2 in/hr	3 cfs	18 cfs	DP 10	

Equations (taken from Fig 6-5, City of Colorado Springs DCM):

$$i_2 = 1.19 \ln(T_J) + 6.035$$

$$i_5 = 1.50 \ln(T_J) + 7.583$$

$$i_{10} = 1.75 \ln(T_J) + 8.847$$

$$i_{25} = 2.00 \ln(T_J) + 10.111$$

$$i_{50} = 2.25 \ln(T_J) + 11.375$$

$$i_{100} = -2.52 \ln(T_J) + 12.735$$

P1	Inches
WQCV	0.60 in
2 yr	1.19 in
5 yr	1.50 in
10 yr	1.75 in
25 yr	2.00 in
50 yr	2.25 in
100 yr	2.52 in

Q = Peak Runoff Rate (cubic feet/second)
C = Runoff coef representing a ratio of peak runoff rate to ave rainfall intensity for a duration equal to the runoff time of concentration.

i = average rainfall intensity in inches per hour

A = Drainage area in acres

KIOWA ENGINEERING CORPORATION

JOB 14044 - GLEN AT WIDEFIELD EAST

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2
 CALCULATED BY CJC DATE 5/19/15
 CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____
 SCALE _____

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALC'S. - DEVELOPED CONDITION
(RESIDENTIAL AREAS)

A-BASINS = $A = 10.17 \text{ AC} > 3.24 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $33 \text{ LOTS} > 3.5 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $A = 7.98 \text{ AC} > 3.76 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $30 \text{ LOTS} > 3.5 \text{ LOTS/AC}$

BY INTERPOLATING FROM TABLE 6-6, $I = \underline{\underline{35\%}}$
 $\Rightarrow C_5 = \frac{0.33}{0.57} > \text{SOIL GROUP C}$

B-BASINS = $A = 20.05 \text{ AC} > 4.04 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $81 \text{ LOTS} > 4.2 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $A = 6.86 \text{ AC} > 4.37 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $30 \text{ LOTS} > 4.2 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 FROM TABLE 6-6, $I = \underline{\underline{41\%}}$
 $\Rightarrow C_5 = \frac{0.35}{0.58} > \text{SOIL GROUP C}$

C-BASINS = $A = 46.12 \text{ AC} > 4.34 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $200 \text{ LOTS} > 4.3 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $A = 35.29 \text{ AC} > 4.19 \text{ LOTS/AC}$
 $148 \text{ LOTS} > 4.19 \text{ LOTS/AC}$

FROM TABLE 6-6, $I = \underline{\underline{42\%}}$
 $\Rightarrow C_5 = \frac{0.31}{0.50} > \text{SOIL GROUP B}$

KIOWA ENGINEERING CORPORATION

JOB 14044 - GLEN AT WIDEFIELD EAST

SHEET NO. 2 OF 2
CALCULATED BY CJC DATE 5/19/15
CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____
SCALE _____

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALC'S -- DEVELOPED CONDITION (CONT'D.):
(RESIDENTIAL AREAS)

D-BASINS : $A = 38.97 \text{ AC.}$ $\frac{147 \text{ LOTS}}{3.77 \text{ LOTS/AC.}}$ $\rightarrow 3.7 \text{ LOTS/AC.}$

$A = 3.52 \text{ AC.}$ $\frac{13 \text{ LOTS}}{3.69 \text{ LOTS/AC.}}$

FROM TABLE 6-6, $I = \underline{\underline{37\%}}$

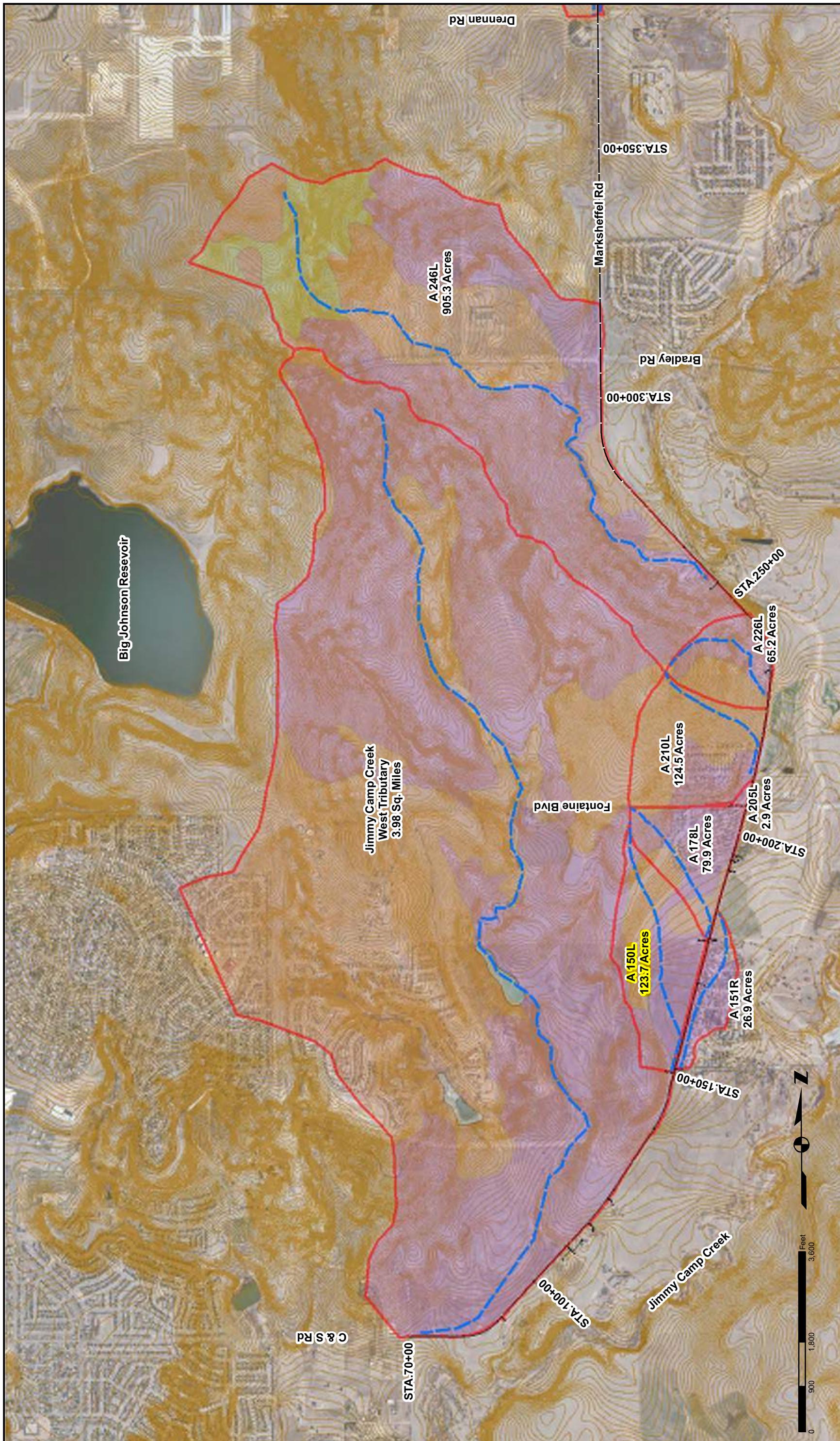
$\Rightarrow C_5 = \underline{\underline{0.34}}$ $C_{100} = \underline{\underline{0.58}}$ \rightarrow SOIL GROUP C

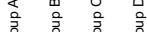
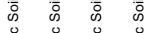
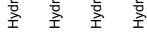
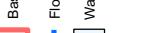
E-BASINS : $A = 2.81 \text{ AC.}$ $\frac{7 \text{ LOTS}}{2.49 \text{ LOTS/AC.}}$ $\rightarrow 2.5 \text{ LOTS/AC.}$

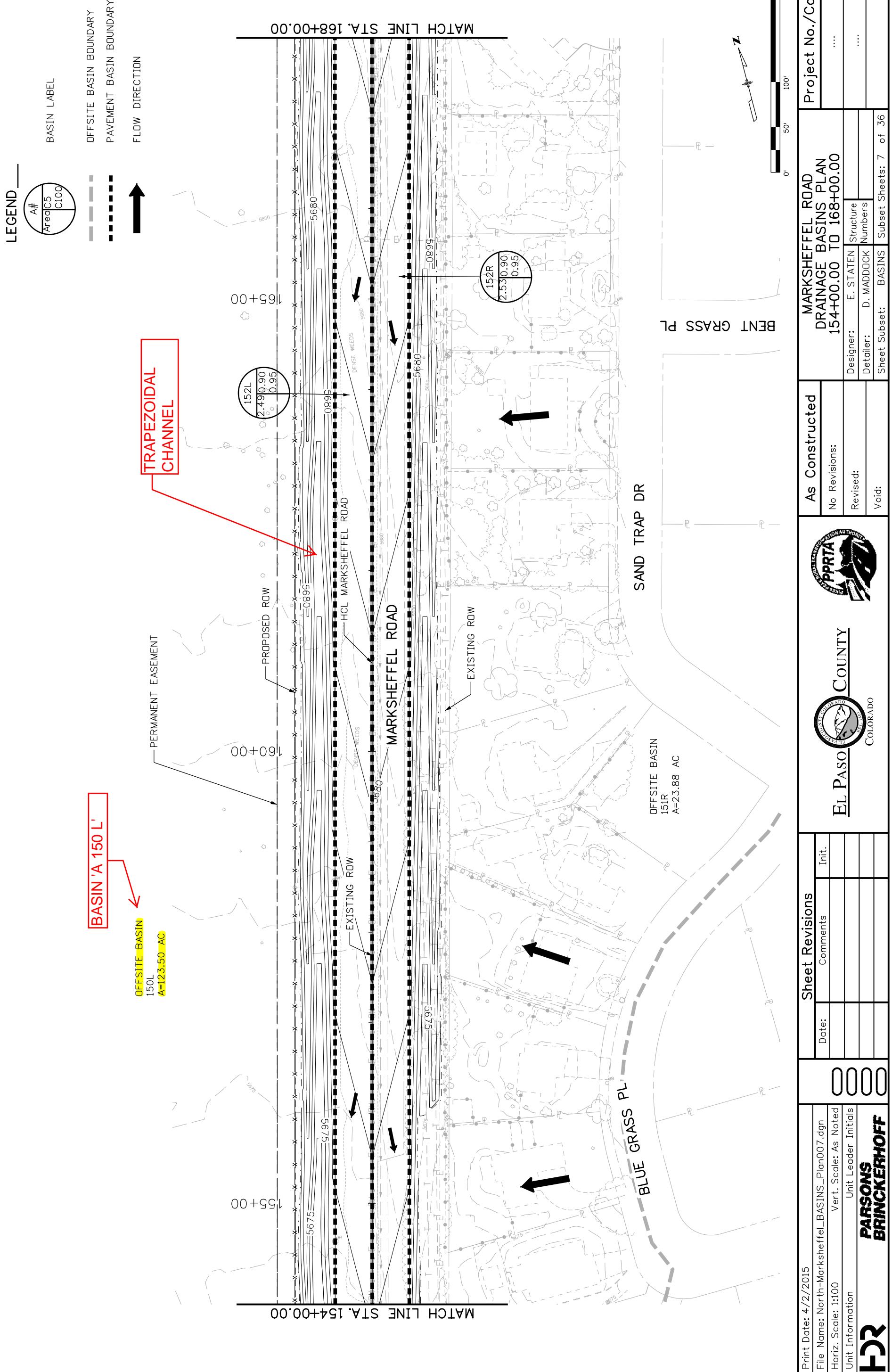
$A = 1.6 \text{ AC.}$ $\frac{4 \text{ LOTS}}{2.5 \text{ LOTS/AC.}}$

FROM TABLE 6-6, $I = \underline{\underline{28\%}}$

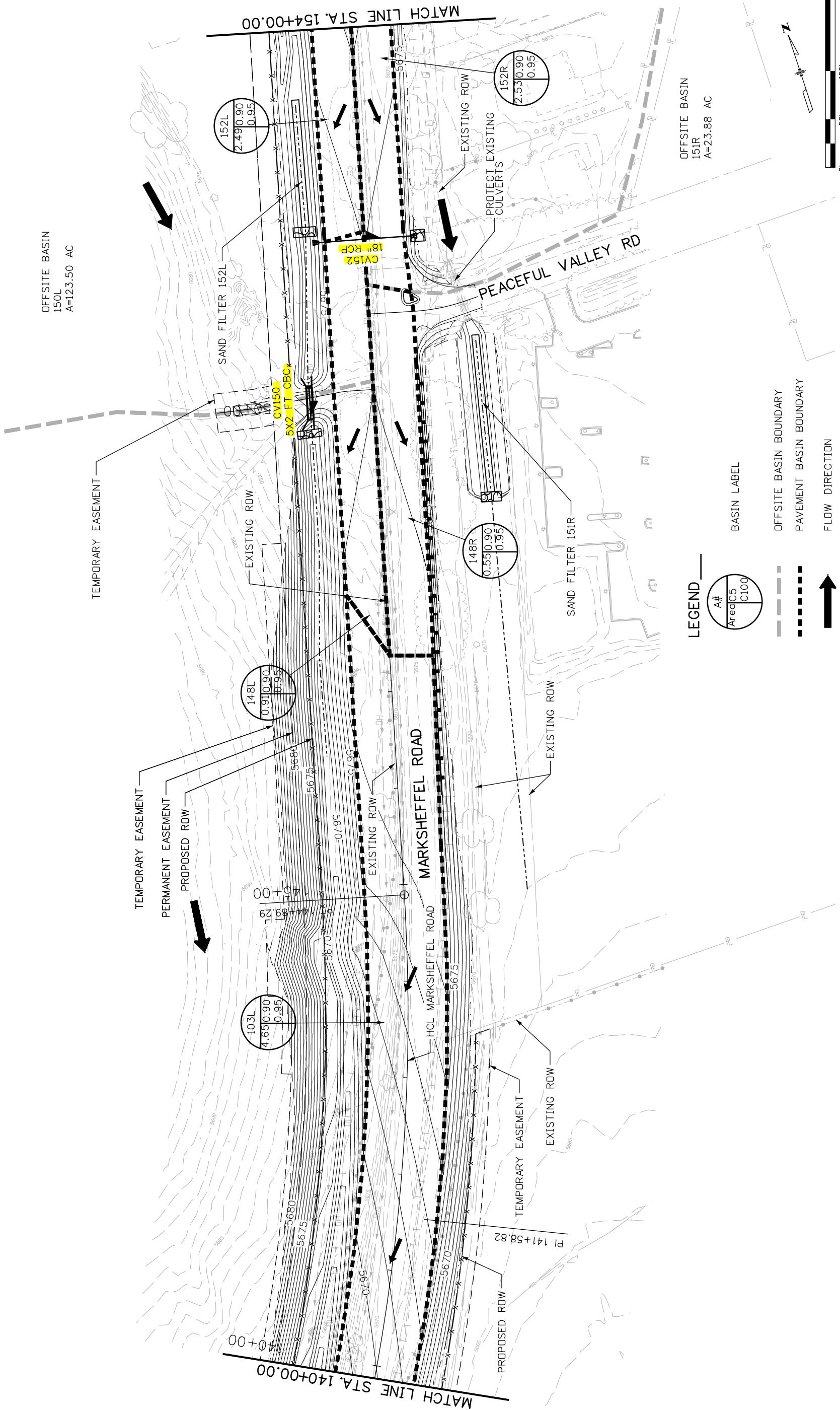
$\Rightarrow C_5 = \underline{\underline{0.30}}$ $C_{100} = \underline{\underline{0.56}}$ \rightarrow SOIL GROUP C



Project No./Code	
As Constructed	MARKSHEFFEL ROAD DRAINAGE BASIN
No Revisions: Revised:	Designer: E. Staten Detailer: M. Johnson
Void:	Structure Numbers Subset Sheets: 1 of 3
 EL PASO COUNTY  COLORADO	   
Print Date: 10/14/2014 File Name: Basins_BL_20141009.mxd Horiz. Scale: None Vert. Scale: None Unit Information: Unit Leader Initials PARSONS BRINCKERHOFF	  
Sheet Number: 1	



Print Date: 4/2/2015		Sheet Revisions		Project No./Code	
File Name: North-Marksheffel-BASINS_Plan007.dgn		Date:	Comments	Init.	
Horiz. Scale: 1:100	Vert. Scale: As Noted				
Unit Leader Initials					
PARSONS BRINCKERHOFF					
PPRTA PARKS & RECREATION AUTHORITY					
EL PASO COUNTY COLORADO					
No Revisions:					
Revised:					
Void:					
Designer: E. STATION					
Detailer: D. MADDOK					
Structure Numbers					
Sheet Subset: BASINS					
Subset Sheets: 7 of 36					
7					



Print Date: 4/2/2015		Sheet Revisions		Project No./Code	
File Name: North-Marksheffel-BASINS-Plan006.dgn		Date:	Comments	Init.	
Horiz. Scale: 1:100	Vert. Scale: As Noted				
Unit Leader Initials					
PARSONS BRINCKERHOFF					
Sheet Subsets:	BASINS	Subset Sheets:	6 of 36		
					6

Culvert Calculator Report

CV150

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary

Allowable HW Elevation	5,676.34 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	2.36
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,676.32 ft	Discharge	118.82 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,676.32 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,671.50 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,675.71 ft	Control Type	Inlet Control

Grades

Upstream Invert Length	5,671.60 ft 35.00 ft	Downstream Invert Constructed Slope	5,671.50 ft 0.002857 ft/ft
------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------

Hydraulic Profile

Profile	PressureProfile	Depth, Downstream	2.00 ft
Slope Type	N/A	Normal Depth	N/A ft
Flow Regime	N/A	Critical Depth	2.00 ft
Velocity Downstream	9.90 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.011013 ft/ft

Section

Section Shape	Box	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	6.00 ft
Section Size	6 x 2 ft	Rise	2.00 ft
Number Sections	1		

Outlet Control Properties

Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,675.71 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	1.52 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.30 ft

Inlet Control Properties

Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,676.32 ft	Flow Control	Submerged
Inlet Type	90° headwall w 45° bevels	Area Full	12.0 ft ²
K	0.49500	HDS 5 Chart	10
M	0.66700	HDS 5 Scale	2
C	0.03140	Equation Form	2
Y	0.82000		

Culvert Calculator Report

CV152

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary

Allowable HW Elevation	5,675.19 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.27
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,673.97 ft	Discharge	8.68 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,673.89 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,671.52 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,673.97 ft	Control Type	Outlet Control

Grades

Upstream Invert Length	5,672.06 ft 108.00 ft	Downstream Invert Constructed Slope	5,671.52 ft 0.005000 ft/ft
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Hydraulic Profile

Profile	M2	Depth, Downstream	1.14 ft
Slope Type	Mild	Normal Depth	N/A ft
Flow Regime	Subcritical	Critical Depth	1.14 ft
Velocity Downstream	6.02 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.007955 ft/ft

Section

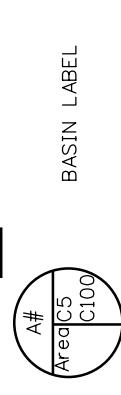
Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	1.50 ft
Section Size	18 inch	Rise	1.50 ft
Number Sections	1		

Outlet Control Properties

Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,673.97 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.38 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.08 ft

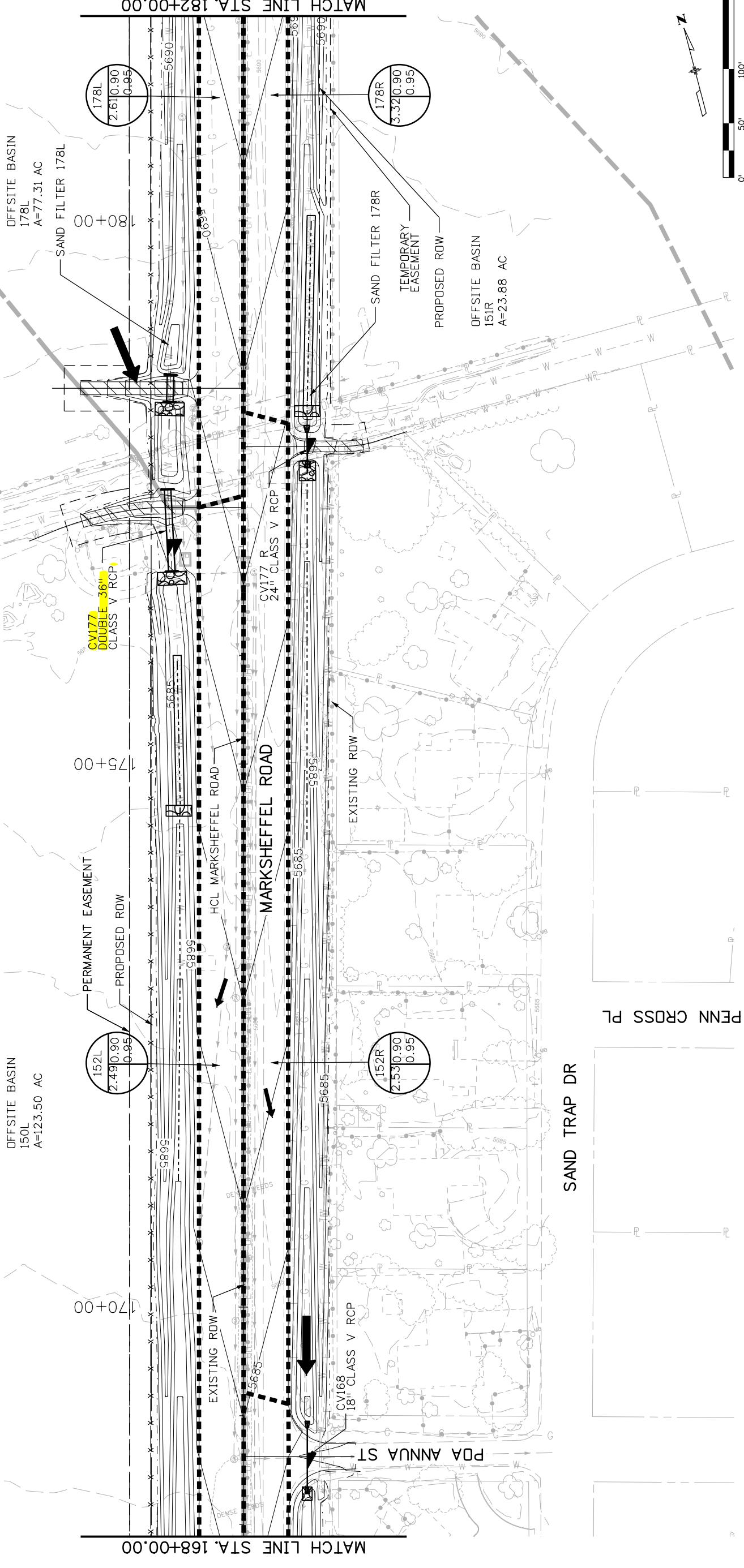
Inlet Control Properties

Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,673.89 ft	Flow Control	N/A
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	1.8 ft ²
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

LEGEND

OFFSITE BASIN BOUNDARY
PAVEMENT BASIN BOUNDARY

FLOW DIRECTION



Print Date: 4/2/2015

File Name: North-Marksheffel-BASINS_Plan008.dgn
Horiz. Scale: 1:100 Vert. Scale: As Noted
Unit Information PARSONS BRINCKERHOFF

As Constructed		Sheet Revisions		Project No./Code	
No Revisions:		Date:	Comments	Init.	
Revised:				E. STATION	
Void:				D. MADDOCK	Structure Numbers
				BasINS	Subset Sheets: 8 of 36

0'	50'	100'	200'
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Sheet Subset: BASINS Subset Sheets: 8 of 36

8

Culvert Calculator Report

CV177

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary

Allowable HW Elevation	5,688.70 ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.13
Computed Headwater Elevation	5,688.17 ft	Discharge	87.06 cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.06 ft	Tailwater Elevation	5,684.52 ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.17 ft	Control Type	Outlet Control

Grades

Upstream Invert Length	5,684.78 ft 77.00 ft	Downstream Invert Constructed Slope	5,684.52 ft 0.003377 ft/ft
------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------

Hydraulic Profile

Profile	M2	Depth, Downstream	2.15 ft
Slope Type	Mild	Normal Depth	N/A ft
Flow Regime	Subcritical	Critical Depth	2.15 ft
Velocity Downstream	8.03 ft/s	Critical Slope	0.005723 ft/ft

Section

Section Shape	Circular	Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Section Material	Concrete	Span	3.00 ft
Section Size	36 inch	Rise	3.00 ft
Number Sections	2		

Outlet Control Properties

Outlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.17 ft	Upstream Velocity Head	0.74 ft
Ke	0.20	Entrance Loss	0.15 ft

Inlet Control Properties

Inlet Control HW Elev.	5,688.06 ft	Flow Control	Transition
Inlet Type	Beveled ring, 33.7° bevels	Area Full	14.1 ft ²
K	0.00180	HDS 5 Chart	3
M	2.50000	HDS 5 Scale	B
C	0.02430	Equation Form	1
Y	0.83000		

Standard Form SF-1 . Time of Concentration

Corridor / Design Package: Marksheffel
System Name: South

Computed: MAJ Date: 6/28/2014
Checked: EVS Date: 6/30/2014

SUB-BASIN DATA				INITIAL/OVERLAND FLOW (t _i)				TRAVEL TIME (t _c)				Total		
Basin ID	Description	C _s	Area (ac)	Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	t _i (min)	t _w (ft/ft)	Code	Type of Land Surface		Convey Coef (C _v)	Velocity (ft/s)	Travel Time (min)	t _c = t _i + t _w (min)
ZONE 3														
A 256L	Sta 256+30 to 264+29	0.90	0.77	57	0.05263	1.63	190	0.00090	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.42	2.23	5.00
A 256R	Sta 256+30 to 264+30	0.90	0.77	63	0.06349	1.61	190	0.00090	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.42	2.23	5.00
A 247L	Sta. 246+00 to 256+30	0.90	0.96	56	0.07143	1.46	1020	0.0199	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	2.11	8.04	9.50
A 246R	Sta. 246+00 to 256+30	0.90	1.01	56	0.07143	1.46	1020	0.0199	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	2.11	8.04	9.50
A 246L	Sta 246+00 to No Work Zone	0.25	905.26	300	0.01667	23.23	9985	0.00951	3	Short pasture and lawns	7.00	0.68	243.73	266.96
A 229R	Sta. 229+00 to 232+00	0.90	0.31	56	0.05357	1.61	300	0.00953	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.46	3.41	5.02
A 226L	Sta. 226+00 to 246+00	0.28	65.23	300	0.03667	17.31	2440	0.02254	3	Short pasture and lawns	7.00	1.05	38.69	56.00
A 212L	Sta. 212+00 to 229+00	0.90	1.55	61	0.06557	1.57	1640	0.0083	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.37	20.00	21.57
A 212R	Sta. 212+00 to 229+00	0.90	1.55	57	0.07018	1.48	1640	0.0083	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.37	20.00	21.49
A 210L	Sta. 210+60 to 226+00	0.31	124.50	300	0.02667	18.43	2868	0.0268	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	2.41	19.84	38.27
A 210L_S1	Sta. 212+00 to 229+00	0.31	56.88	300	0.02667	18.51	2868	0.0258	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	2.41	19.84	38.34
A 208R	Sta. 207+50 to 212+00	0.90	0.44	57	0.07018	1.48	453	0.01044	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.53	4.93	6.41
A 206L	Sta. 205+00 to 212+00	0.90	0.74	61	0.06557	1.57	660	0.01045	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.53	7.17	8.74
A 205L	Sta 205+00 to 210+60	0.25	2.87	100	0.01	15.90	550	0.00364	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	0.90	10.13	26.03
A 178L	Sta. 179+00 to 205+00	0.34	79.92	300	0.01667	20.79	2880	0.01181	3	Short pasture and lawns	7.00	0.76	63.11	83.90
A 178R	Sta. 178+00 to 207+00	0.90	3.32	54	0.07407	1.42	2865	0.00999	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.50	31.86	33.27
A 152L	Sta. 152+00 to 178+00	0.90	2.49	53	0.0566	1.54	2600	0.00527	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.09	39.80	41.33
A 152R	Sta. 152+00 to 178+00	0.90	2.53	54	0.05556	1.56	2610	0.00523	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.09	40.09	41.65
A 151R	Sta. 152+00 to 178+00	0.42	39.34	300	0.01	22.03	2978	0.00168	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	0.61	80.75	102.78
A 150L	Sta. 150+00 to 179+00	0.25	123.68	300	0.01	21.88	4718	0.00763	3	Short pasture and lawns	7.00	0.61	128.60	150.48
A 148L	Sta. 148+00 to 152+00	0.90	0.41	54	0.05556	1.56	400	0.00183	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	0.64	10.40	11.96
A 148R	Sta. 147+80 to 152+00	0.90	0.55	55	0.07273	1.44	470	0.00145	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	0.57	13.73	15.17
ZONE 4														
A 125R	Sta. 124+50 to 137+50	0.90	1.08	44	0.09091	1.20	1285	0.00987	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.49	14.37	15.57
A 103L	Sta. 103+00 to 148+00	0.90	4.65	100	0.06	2.07	4386	0.00876	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.40	52.06	54.13
A 103R	Sta. 100+00 to 114+00	0.90	0.57	37	0.08108	1.14	1090	0.00758	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.31	13.91	15.05
A 92L	Sta. 92+00 to 103+00	0.90	0.53	36	0.11111	1.01	1143	0.00726	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.28	14.91	15.93
A 92R	Sta. 92+00 to 103+00	0.90	0.58	36	0.11111	1.01	1150	0.0071	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.26	15.16	16.17
A 70L	Sta. 70+38 to 92+00	0.90	1.72	55	0.07273	1.44	2087	0.00631	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.19	29.19	30.63
A 70R	Sta. 70+38 to 78+00	0.90	0.27	33	0.12121	0.94	717	0.00904	5	Grassed waterway	15.00	1.43	8.38	9.32

Notes:

$t_i = (1.87 * (1.1 * C_g) * (L * 0.5)) / (S * 0.33)$, from COS DCM page 5-11

Velocity from $V = C_v * S_w^{0.5}$, from UDfCD Eqn R-4.C, from Table R-2 (See Sheet Design Info)

$t_w = L / 60V$

Standard Form SF-2 . Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)

Corridor / Design Package: Marksheffel

System Name: South

Computed: MAJ Date: 6/28/2014
Checked: EVS Date: 6/30/2014

Design Storm: **5-yr**

LOCATION	DESIGN POINT	DIRECT RUNOFF						TOTAL RUNOFF				PIPE		TRAVEL TIME		REMARKS
		AREA (AC) ^a	DESIGN POINT (name) ^a	RUNOFF COEFF. ^b	CAP. (MIN) ^c	CAP. (IN / HR) ^c	SUM (C.A.) (MIN) ^a	STEEP (CFS) ^d	PIPE SIZE (%) ^e	LENGTH (FT) ^f	VELOCITY (FPS) ^g	MIN. (MIN) ^h	(21)	(22)		
ZONE 3	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	Design Storm: 5-yr	
1 Sia. 256+30 to 264+29	A 256L	0.77	0.90	5.00	0.69	3.55	2.46									
2 Sia. 256+30 to 264+30	A 256R	0.77	0.90	5.00	0.69	3.55	2.46									
3 Sia. 246+00 to 256+30	A 247L	0.96	0.90	9.50	0.86	2.79	2.41									
4 Sia. 246+00 to 256+30	A 246R	1.01	0.90	9.50	0.91	2.79	2.54									
5 Sia. 246+00 to No Work Zone	A 246L	905.26	0.25	266.96	227.44	0.45	101.89									
6 Sia. 229+00 to 232+00	A 229R	0.31	0.90	5.02	0.28	3.55	0.99									
7 Sia. 226+00 to 246+00	A 226L	65.23	0.28	56.00	18.23	1.08	19.69									
8 Sia. 212+00 to 229+00	A 212L	1.55	0.90	21.57	1.40	1.90	2.65									
9 Sia. 212+00 to 229+00	A 212R	1.55	0.90	21.49	1.40	1.90	2.65									
10 Sia. 210+60 to 226+00	A 210L	124.50	0.31	38.27	39.03	1.42	55.43									
Sia. 212+00 to 229+00	A 210L S1	56.88	0.31	38.34	17.65	1.42	25.06									
11 Sia. 207+60 to 212+00	A 208R	0.44	0.90	6.41	0.40	3.36	1.33									
12 Sia. 205+00 to 212+00	A 206L	0.74	0.90	8.74	0.67	2.98	1.99									
13 Sia. 205+00 to 210+60	A 205L	2.87	0.25	26.03	0.72	1.72	1.23									
14 Sia. 179+00 to 205+00	A 178L	79.92	0.34	83.90	27.19	0.86	23.38									
15 Sia. 178+00 to 207+00	A 178R	3.32	0.90	33.27	2.99	1.51	4.51									
16 Sia. 152+00 to 178+00	A 152L	2.49	0.90	41.33	2.24	1.36	3.05									
17 Sia. 152+00 to 178+00	A 152R	2.53	0.90	41.65	2.28	1.36	3.10									
18 Sia. 152+00 to 170+50	A 151R	39.34	0.42	102.78	16.52	0.74	12.22									
19 Sia. 150+00 to 179+00	A 150L	123.68	0.25	150.48	31.04	0.53	16.45									
20 Sia. 148+00 to 152+00	A 148L	0.41	0.90	11.96	0.37	2.50	0.92									
21 Sia. 147+80 to 152+00	A 148R	0.55	0.90	15.17	0.50	2.12	1.05									
ZONE 4																
22 Sia. 124+50 to 137+50	A 125R	1.08	0.90	15.57	0.97	2.12	2.06									
23 Sia. 103+00 to 148+00	A 103L	4.65	0.90	54.13	4.19	1.12	4.69									
24 Sia. 100+00 to 114+00	A 103R	0.57	0.90	15.05	0.51	2.12	1.09									
25 Sia. 92+00 to 103+00	A 92L	0.53	0.90	15.93	0.48	2.12	1.01									
26 Sia. 92+00 to 103+00	A 92R	0.58	0.90	16.17	0.52	2.08	1.09									
27 Sia. 70+38 to 92+00	A 70L	1.72	0.90	30.63	1.55	1.57	2.43									
28 Sia. 70+38 to 78+00	A 70R	0.27	0.90	9.32	0.24	2.79	0.68									

Standard Form SF-2 - Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)

Corridor / Design Package: Marksheffel

System Name: South

Computed: MAJ Date: 6/28/2014
Checked: EVS Date: 6/30/2014

Design Storm: 100-yr

LOCATION	DESIGN POINT	DIRECT RUNOFF				TOTAL RUNOFF				PIPE	TRAVEL TIME	REMARKS	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)				
ZONE 3													
1 Sta. 256+30 to 264+29	A 256L	0.77	0.95	5.00	0.73	9.53	6.97						
2 Sta. 256+30 to 264+30	A 256R	0.77	0.95	5.00	0.73	9.53	6.97						
3 Sta. 246+00 to 256+30	A 247L	0.96	0.95	9.50	0.91	7.49	6.83						
4 Sta. 246+00 to 256+30	A 246R	1.01	0.95	9.50	0.96	7.49	7.19						
5 Sta. 246+00 to No Work Zone	A 246L	905.26	0.35	266.96	317.88	1.25	397.36						
6 Sta. 229+00 to 232+00	A 229R	0.31	0.95	5.02	0.29	9.53	2.81						
7 Sta. 226+00 to 246+00	A 226L	65.23	0.38	56.00	24.61	2.95	72.59						
8 Sta. 212+00 to 229+00	A 212L	1.55	0.95	21.57	1.47	5.08	7.48						
9 Sta. 212+00 to 229+00	A 212R	1.55	0.95	21.49	1.47	5.08	7.48						
10 Sta. 210+60 to 226+00	A 210L	124.50	0.43	38.27	53.71	3.82	205.15						
11 Sta. 212+00 to 229+00	A 210L S1	56.88	0.42	38.34	24.11	3.82	92.09						
11 Sta. 207+60 to 212+00	A 208R	0.44	0.95	6.41	0.42	9.02	3.77						
12 Sta. 205+00 to 212+00	A 206L	0.74	0.95	8.74	0.70	8.00	5.63						
13 Sta. 205+00 to 210+60	A 205L	2.87	0.95	26.03	1.00	4.59	4.61						
14 Sta. 179+00 to 205+00	A 178L	79.92	0.46	83.90	36.89	2.36	87.06						
15 Sta. 178+00 to 207+00	A 178R	3.32	0.95	33.27	3.15	4.06	12.81						
16 Sta. 152+00 to 178+00	A 152L	2.49	0.95	41.33	2.37	3.67	8.68						
17 Sta. 152+00 to 178+00	A 152R	2.53	0.95	41.65	2.40	3.67	8.82						
18 Sta. 152+00 to 170+50	A 151R	39.34	0.56	102.78	21.87	2.03	44.39						
19 Sta. 150+00 to 179+00	A 150L	123.68	0.35	150.48	43.39	1.48	64.22						
	1 150L_178L												
20 Sta. 149+00 to 152+00	A 148L	0.41	0.95	11.96	0.39	6.72	2.62						
21 Sta. 147+80 to 152+00	A 148R	0.55	0.95	15.17	0.52	5.67	2.96						
ZONE 4													
22 Sta. 124+50 to 137+50	A 125R	1.08	0.95	15.57	1.03	5.67	5.82						
23 Sta. 103+00 to 148+00	A 103L	4.65	0.95	54.13	4.42	3.05	13.47						
24 Sta. 100+00 to 114+00	A 103R	0.57	0.95	15.05	0.54	5.67	3.07						
25 Sta. 92+00 to 103+00	A 92L	0.53	0.95	15.93	0.50	5.67	2.85						
26 Sta. 92+00 to 103+00	A 92R	0.58	0.95	16.17	0.55	5.57	3.07						
27 Sta. 70+38 to 92+00	A 70L	1.72	0.95	30.63	1.63	4.20	6.86						
28 Sta. 70+38 to 78+00	A 70R	0.27	0.95	9.32	0.26	7.49	1.92						

- (1) Basin Description linked to C-Value Sheet
(2) Basin Design Point
(3) Enter the Basin Name from C-Value Sheet
(4) Basin Area linked to C-Value Sheet
(5) Composite C linked to C-Value Sheet
(6) Time of Concentration linked to C-Value Sheet
(7) =Column 4 X Column 5
(8) = $28.5^2 / (104 \times \text{Column } 6) \times 0.786$
(9) =Column 7 X Column 8
(10) =Column 6 + Column 21
(11) Add the Basin Areas (7) to get the combined basin AC
(12) = $28.5 \text{ ft} / (104 \times \text{Column } 10) \times 0.786$
(13) Sum of Qs
(14) Additional Flow Length
(15) Additional Street Overland Flow
(16) Design Pipe Flow
(17) Pipe Slope
(18) Pipe Size

(19) Sum of Qs

(20) Additional Street Overland Flow

(21) Design Pipe Flow

(22) Pipe Slope

(23) Pipe Size

The Glen at Widefield
Developed Condition
Time of Concentration Calculation

Sub-Basin Data					Time of Concentration Estimate									Min. Tc in Urban		Final t_c	
Basin	Design Point	Contributing Basins	Area	C_5	Initial/Overland Time (t_i)			Travel Time (t_t)					Comp.	Tc Check (urban)			
					Length	Slope	t_i	Length	Slope	Land Type	Cv	Velocity		t_t	t_c	Total Length	t_c Check
E-1	DP 95		5.27ac	0.15	100lf	2.3%	13.2 min.	1800lf	1.9%	GW	15	2.1 ft/sec	14.5 min.	27.7 min.	1900lf	20.6 min.	20.6 min.
E-2	DP 96		0.50ac	0.28	100lf	1.5%	13.0 min.	675lf	0.8%	PV	20	1.8 ft/sec	6.3 min.	19.3 min.	775lf	14.3 min.	14.3 min.
E-3	DP 97		1.60ac	0.15	70lf	1.2%	13.7 min.	260lf	0.5%	PV	20	1.4 ft/sec	3.1 min.	16.8 min.	330lf	11.8 min.	11.8 min.
E-4	DP 98		1.17ac	0.25	50lf	2.4%	8.2 min.	160lf	1.9%	PV	20	2.8 ft/sec	1.0 min.	9.1 min.	210lf	11.2 min.	9.1 min.
E-5	DP 99		1.32ac	0.21	100lf	4.0%	10.2 min.	200lf	1.9%	PV	20	2.8 ft/sec	1.2 min.	11.4 min.	300lf	11.7 min.	11.4 min.

Equations:

$$t_i \text{ (Overland)} = 0.395(1.1-C_5)L^{0.5} S^{-0.333}$$

C_5 = Runoff coefficient for 5-year

L = Length of overland flow (ft)

S = Slope of flow path (ft/ft)

t_c Check = $(L/180)+10$ (Developed Cond. Only)

L = Overall Length

$$\text{Velocity (Travel Time)} = CvS^{0.5}$$

Cv = Conveyance Coef (see Table RO-2)

S = Watercourse slope (ft/ft)

Land Surface Type	Type	Cv
Grassed Waterway	GW	15
Heavy Meadow	HM	2.5
Nearly Bare Ground	NBG	10
Paved Area	PV	20
Riprap (Not Buried)	RR	6.5
Short Pasture/Lawns	SP	7
Tillage/Fields	TF	5

The Glen at Widefield

Developed Condition

Runoff Calculation

Basin	Design Point	Contributing Basins	Drainage Area	C_5	C_{100}	Time of Concentration	Rainfall Intensity							Runoff		Basin / DP
							i_{WQCV}	i_2	i_5	i_{10}	i_{25}	i_{50}	i_{100}	Q_5	Q_{100}	
E-1	DP 95		5.27 ac	0.15	0.50	20.6 min.	1.2 in/hr	2.4 in/hr	3.0 in/hr	3.6 in/hr	4.1 in/hr	4.6 in/hr	5.1 in/hr	2.4 cfs	13.5 cfs	E-1
E-2	DP 96		0.50 ac	0.28	0.49	14.3 min.	1.4 in/hr	2.9 in/hr	3.6 in/hr	4.2 in/hr	4.8 in/hr	5.4 in/hr	6.0 in/hr	0.5 cfs	1.5 cfs	E-2
E-3	DP 97		1.60 ac	0.15	0.41	11.8 min.	1.5 in/hr	3.1 in/hr	3.9 in/hr	4.5 in/hr	5.2 in/hr	5.8 in/hr	6.5 in/hr	0.9 cfs	4.3 cfs	E-3
E-4	DP 98		1.17 ac	0.25	0.55	9.1 min.	1.7 in/hr	3.4 in/hr	4.3 in/hr	5.0 in/hr	5.7 in/hr	6.4 in/hr	7.2 in/hr	1.3 cfs	4.6 cfs	E-4
E-5	DP 99		1.32 ac	0.21	0.53	11.4 min.	1.6 in/hr	3.1 in/hr	3.9 in/hr	4.6 in/hr	5.2 in/hr	5.9 in/hr	6.6 in/hr	1.1 cfs	4.6 cfs	E-5

Summ: 6.2 cfs 28.5 cfs

Equations (taken from Fig 6-5, City of Colorado Springs DCM):

$$i_2 = -1.19 \ln(T_c) + 6.035$$

$$i_5 = -1.50 \ln(T_c) + 7.583$$

$$i_{10} = -1.75 \ln(T_c) + 8.847$$

$$i_{25} = -2.00 \ln(T_c) + 10.111$$

$$i_{50} = -2.25 \ln(T_c) + 11.375$$

$$i_{100} = -2.52 \ln(T_c) + 12.735$$

$$Q = CiA$$

Q = Peak Runoff Rate (cubic feet/second)

C = Runoff coef representing a ration of peak runoff rate to ave rainfall

intensity for a duration equal to the runoff time of concentration.

i = average rainfall intensity in inches per hour

A = Drainage area in acres

P1	Inches
WQCV	0.60 in
2 yr	1.19 in
5 yr	1.50 in
10 yr	1.75 in
25 yr	2.00 in
50 yr	2.25 in
100 yr	2.52 in

The Glen at Widefield
Inlet Summary and Calculations

Inlet ID	Design Flow (Basin or DP)	Flow to Inlet			Upstream Inlet(s)	Carry Over Flow		Flow to Inlet including Carry Over		Street Flow Depth		Street Section Capacity		Inlet Type	Inlet Condition	Inlet Capacity		Flow Not Captured by Inlet		to
		2yr	5yr	100yr		5yr	100yr	5yr	100yr	5yr	100yr	5yr	100yr			5yr	100yr	5yr	100yr	
A-1	DP 84		3.0cfs	8.6cfs	None	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	3.0cfs	8.6cfs	6.0in	6.2in	8.2cfs	11.3cfs	10' Type R	On Grade	3.0 cfs	6.9 cfs	0.0cfs	1.7cfs	to B-1
A-4	'A-4' (Temp)		4.4cfs	12.7cfs	A-1	0.0cfs	1.7cfs	4.4cfs	14.4cfs	6.0in	12.0in	10.0cfs	24.0cfs	Temp. Grate at MH	In Sump	10.0 cfs	24.0 cfs	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	to C-1
B-1	D-16		2.5cfs	7.3cfs	A-1	0.0cfs	1.7cfs	2.5cfs	9.0cfs	6.0in	6.2in	8.2cfs	11.3cfs	10' Type R	On Grade	5.0 cfs	9.6 cfs	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	to C-1
C-1	DP 85		2.4cfs	6.9cfs	A-1, B-1	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	2.4cfs	6.9cfs	6.0in	6.2in	8.2cfs	11.3cfs	10' Type R	On Grade	2.4 cfs	5.8 cfs	0.0cfs	1.1cfs	to D-1
D-1	DP 86		4.4cfs	12.7cfs	A-1, B-1, C-1	0.0cfs	1.1cfs	4.4cfs	13.8cfs	6.0in	6.2in	10.3cfs	14.2cfs	10' Type R	On Grade	4.3 cfs	8.1 cfs	0.1cfs	5.7cfs	to G-2
D-4	DP 82		3.8cfs	11.1cfs	A-1, B-1, C-1	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	3.8cfs	11.1cfs	6.0in	6.2in	8.2cfs	11.3cfs	15' Type R	On Grade	3.8 cfs	9.9 cfs	0.0cfs	1.2cfs	to G-4
G-1	DP 89		0.3cfs	0.7cfs	None	0.0cfs	15.5cfs	0.3cfs	16.3cfs	6.0in	6.2in	11.1cfs	11.1cfs	20' Type R	In Sump	10.8 cfs	19.9 cfs	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	N/A
G-2	DP 88		6.2cfs	18.1cfs	A-1 thru D-1	0.1cfs	5.7cfs	6.3cfs	23.7cfs	6.0in	6.2in	7.7cfs	10.6cfs	15' Type R	On Grade	6.3 cfs	13.6 cfs	0.0cfs	10.1cfs	to G-1
G-3	DP 81		5.7cfs	16.4cfs	None	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	5.7cfs	16.4cfs	6.0in	6.2in	11.1cfs	11.1cfs	20' Type R	In Sump	10.8 cfs	19.9 cfs	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	N/A
G-4	DP 83		3.8cfs	11.0cfs	D-4	0.0cfs	1.2cfs	3.8cfs	12.2cfs	6.0in	6.2in	9.1cfs	12.8cfs	15' Type R	On Grade	3.8 cfs	7.1 cfs	0.0cfs	5.1cfs	J-1
E-1	DP 71		3.4cfs	9.9cfs	None	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	3.4cfs	9.9cfs	6.0in	6.2in	10.2cfs	14.1cfs	10' Type R	On Grade	3.4 cfs	8.5 cfs	0.0cfs	1.4cfs	to E-6
E-2	DP 69		2.6cfs	7.5cfs	None	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	2.6cfs	7.5cfs	6.0in	6.2in	10.2cfs	14.1cfs	10' Type R	On Grade	2.6 cfs	6.1 cfs	0.0cfs	1.4cfs	to E-6
E-6	DP 75		3.7cfs	10.8cfs	E-1, E-2	0.0cfs	2.9cfs	3.8cfs	13.7cfs	6.0in	6.2in	11.6cfs	16.0cfs	15' Type R	On Grade	3.9 cfs	11.1 cfs	0.0cfs	2.6cfs	to H-2
F-1	DP 77		2.3cfs	6.6cfs	None	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	2.3cfs	6.6cfs	6.0in	6.2in	11.1cfs	11.1cfs	10' Type R	In Sump	8.7 cfs	11.2 cfs	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	to H-2
H-2	DP 79		5.4cfs	15.5cfs	A thru H	0.0cfs	5.5cfs	5.4cfs	21.0cfs	6.0in	6.2in	11.1cfs	11.1cfs	20' Type R	In Sump	18.2 cfs	19.9 cfs	0.0cfs	1.1cfs	to J-2
J-1	DP 92a		1.0cfs	2.6cfs	DP 20 Only + Overtopping	0.0cfs	5.1cfs	1.0cfs	7.7cfs	6.0in	6.2in	11.1cfs	11.1cfs	10' Type R	In Sump	8.7 cfs	8.7 cfs	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	to J-1
J-2	DP 92b		0.8cfs	1.5cfs	DP 23 Only + Overtopping	0.0cfs	1.1cfs	0.8cfs	2.6cfs	6.0in	6.2in	11.1cfs	11.1cfs	10' Type R	In Sump	8.7 cfs	8.7 cfs	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	G-1

G-2	BYPASSES	0.0cfs	10.1cfs	Note: Street Capacity Exceeded at Inlets G-2, G-4, and H-2
G-3	BYPASSES	0.0cfs	0.0cfs	Per Design, Flow Depth in excess of five inches (5")
G-4	BYPASSES	0.0cfs	5.1cfs	will overtop to surrounding inlets:
H-2	BYPASSES	0.0cfs	1.1cfs	G-1, J-1 & J-2 to accomplish 100% inlet capture (as Backflow).
	SUB TOTAL:	0.0cfs	16.3cfs	
G-1	RECEIVES	0.0cfs	10.1cfs	
J-1	RECEIVES	0.0cfs	5.1cfs	
J-2	RECEIVES	0.0cfs	1.1cfs	

APPENDIX A.1
Supporting Hydrologic Tables and Figures

Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method
 (Source: UDFCD 2001)

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percent Impervious	Runoff Coefficients											
		2-year		5-year		10-year		25-year		50-year		100-year	
		HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D
Business													
Commercial Areas	95	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
Neighborhood Areas	70	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.53	0.57	0.58	0.62	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.68
Residential													
1/8 Acre or less	65	0.41	0.45	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.65
1/4 Acre	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
1/3 Acre	30	0.18	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.52	0.47	0.57
1/2 Acre	25	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.41	0.51	0.46	0.56
1 Acre	20	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.26	0.27	0.34	0.35	0.44	0.40	0.50	0.44	0.55
Industrial													
Light Areas	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Heavy Areas	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Parks and Cemeteries	7	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.19	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.40	0.34	0.46	0.39	0.52
Playgrounds	13	0.07	0.13	0.16	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.48	0.41	0.54
Railroad Yard Areas	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
Undeveloped Areas													
Historic Flow Analysis--Greenbelts, Agriculture	2	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.38	0.31	0.45	0.36	0.51
Pasture/Meadow	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Forest	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Exposed Rock	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Offsite Flow Analysis (when landuse is undefined)	45	0.26	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.48	0.55	0.51	0.59
Streets													
Paved	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Gravel	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Drive and Walks	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Roofs	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Lawns	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50

3.2 Time of Concentration

One of the basic assumptions underlying the Rational Method is that runoff is a function of the average rainfall rate during the time required for water to flow from the hydraulically most remote part of the drainage area under consideration to the design point. However, in practice, the time of concentration can be an empirical value that results in reasonable and acceptable peak flow calculations.

For urban areas, the time of concentration (t_c) consists of an initial time or overland flow time (t_i) plus the travel time (t_t) in the storm sewer, paved gutter, roadside drainage ditch, or drainage channel. For non-urban areas, the time of concentration consists of an overland flow time (t_i) plus the time of travel in a concentrated form, such as a swale or drainageway. The travel portion (t_t) of the time of concentration can be estimated from the hydraulic properties of the storm sewer, gutter, swale, ditch, or drainageway. Initial time, on the other hand, will vary with surface slope, depression storage, surface cover, antecedent rainfall, and infiltration capacity of the soil, as well as distance of surface flow. The time of concentration is represented by Equation 6-7 for both urban and non-urban areas.

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	C_v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

* For buried riprap, select C_v value based on type of vegetative cover.

The travel time is calculated by dividing the flow distance (in feet) by the velocity calculated using Equation 6-9 and converting units to minutes.

The time of concentration (t_c) is then the sum of the overland flow time (t_i) and the travel time (t_t) per Equation 6-7.

3.2.3 First Design Point Time of Concentration in Urban Catchments

Using this procedure, the time of concentration at the first design point (typically the first inlet in the system) in an urbanized catchment should not exceed the time of concentration calculated using Equation 6-10. The first design point is defined as the point where runoff first enters the storm sewer system.

$$t_c = \frac{L}{180} + 10 \quad (\text{Eq. 6-10})$$

Where:

t_c = maximum time of concentration at the first design point in an urban watershed (min)

L = waterway length (ft)

Equation 6-10 was developed using the rainfall-runoff data collected in the Denver region and, in essence, represents regional “calibration” of the Rational Method. Normally, Equation 6-10 will result in a lesser time of concentration at the first design point and will govern in an urbanized watershed. For subsequent design points, the time of concentration is calculated by accumulating the travel times in downstream drainageway reaches.

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes.

3.2.5 Post-Development Time of Concentration

As Equation 6-8 indicates, the time of concentration is a function of the 5-year runoff coefficient for a drainage basin. Typically, higher levels of imperviousness (higher 5-year runoff coefficients) correspond to shorter times of concentration, and lower levels of imperviousness correspond to longer times of

For Colorado Springs and much of the Fountain Creek watershed, the 1-hour depths are fairly uniform and are summarized in Table 6-2. Depending on the location of the project, rainfall depths may be calculated using the described method and the NOAA Atlas maps shown in Figures 6-6 through 6-17.

Table 6-2. Rainfall Depths for Colorado Springs

Return Period	1-Hour Depth	6-Hour Depth	24-Hour Depth
2	1.19	1.70	2.10
5	1.50	2.10	2.70
10	1.75	2.40	3.20
25	2.00	2.90	3.60
50	2.25	3.20	4.20
100	2.52	3.50	4.60

Where Z= 6,840 ft/100

These depths can be applied to the design storms or converted to intensities (inches/hour) for the Rational Method as described below. However, as the basin area increases, it is unlikely that the reported point rainfalls will occur uniformly over the entire basin. To account for this characteristic of rain storms an adjustment factor, the Depth Area Reduction Factor (DARF) is applied. This adjustment to rainfall depth and its effect on design storms is also described below. The UDFCD UD-Rain spreadsheet, available on UDFCD's website, also provides tools to calculate point rainfall depths and Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves² and should produce similar depth calculation results.

2.2 Design Storms

Design storms are used as input into rainfall/runoff models and provide a representation of the typical temporal distribution of rainfall events when the creation or routing of runoff hydrographs is required. It has long been observed that rainstorms in the Front Range of Colorado tend to occur as either short-duration, high-intensity, localized, convective thunderstorms (cloud bursts) or longer-duration, lower-intensity, broader, frontal (general) storms. The significance of these two types of events is primarily determined by the size of the drainage basin being studied. Thunderstorms can create high rates of runoff within a relatively small area, quickly, but their influence may not be significant very far downstream. Frontal storms may not create high rates of runoff within smaller drainage basins due to their lower intensity, but tend to produce larger flood flows that can be hazardous over a broader area and extend further downstream.

- **Thunderstorms:** Based on the extensive evaluation of rain storms completed in the Carlton study (Carlton 2011), it was determined that typical thunderstorms have a duration of about 2 hours. The study evaluated over 300,000 storm cells using gage-adjusted NEXRAD data, collected over a 14-year period (1994 to 2008). Storms lasting longer than 3 hours were rarely found. Therefore, the results of the Carlton study have been used to define the shorter duration design storms.

To determine the temporal distribution of thunderstorms, 22 gage-adjusted NEXRAD storm cells were studied in detail. Through a process described in a technical memorandum prepared by the City of Colorado Springs (City of Colorado Springs 2012), the results of this analysis were interpreted and normalized to the 1-hour rainfall depth to create the distribution shown in Table 6-3 with a 5 minute time interval for drainage basins up to 1 square mile in size. This distribution represents the rainfall

APPENDIX B

Detention Basin Calculations

Full Spectrum Detention Basin/Extended Detention Basin
Detention Volume and Emergency Spillway
Outlet Structure Calculations
Trickle Channel Capacity and Outlet Structure Sizing
Trash Rack and Safety Grate Sizing
Forebay Sizing Calculations

The Glen at Widefield
Detention Volume Calculations

Detention Basin 'D' Earthwork (November 27, 2019)

Elevation	Avg. Area (A)	Area	Volume	Depth	Cumulative Volume	Elev.	
5670.35	26sf						
5671	26sf	26sf	17cf	0.6 ft	17cf	0.00ac-ft	5671
5672	4,698sf	2,362sf	2,362cf	1.6 ft	2,379cf	0.05ac-ft	5672
5673	24,450sf	14,574sf	14,574cf	2.6 ft	16,953cf	0.39ac-ft	5673
5674	46,873sf	35,662sf	35,662cf	3.6 ft	52,614cf	1.21ac-ft	5674
5675	58,751sf	52,812sf	52,812cf	4.6 ft	105,426cf	2.42ac-ft	5675
5676	66,008sf	62,380sf	62,380cf	5.6 ft	167,806cf	3.85ac-ft	5676
5677	73,878sf	69,943sf	69,943cf	6.6 ft	237,749cf	5.46ac-ft	5677
5678	82,194sf	78,036sf	78,036cf	7.6 ft	315,785cf	7.25ac-ft	5678

Average End Area Formula: $V = (A_1+A_2)/2 \times \text{Elev Difference}$

WQCV =	34,800 cf	0.99 ac-ft	5685.73 ft
100yr Volume =	158,123 cf	3.63 ac-ft	5676.00 ft
100yr Volume + 1/2 WQCV =	178,160 cf	4.09 ac-ft	5676.38 ft
Detention Freeboard Depth =		1.62 ft	
Spillway Crest =	211,050 cf	4.85 ac-ft	5677.00 ft

Original Detention Basin 'D' Earthwork (Preliminary)

Elevation	Avg. Area (A)	Area	Volume	Depth	Cumulative Volume	Elev.	
5665.7	0sf						
5667	39,170sf	19,585sf	25,461cf	-3.4 ft	25,461cf	0.58ac-ft	5667
5668	42,246sf	40,708sf	40,708cf	-2.4 ft	66,169cf	1.52ac-ft	5668
5669	45,423sf	43,835sf	43,835cf	-1.4 ft	110,004cf	2.53ac-ft	5669
5670	48,700sf	47,062sf	47,062cf	-0.4 ft	157,065cf	3.61ac-ft	5670
5671	52,078sf	50,389sf	50,389cf	0.6 ft	207,454cf	4.76ac-ft	5671
5672	55,556sf	53,817sf	53,817cf	1.6 ft	261,271cf	6.00ac-ft	5672
5673	59,134sf	57,345sf	57,345cf	2.6 ft	318,616cf	7.31ac-ft	5673

Average End Area Formula: $V = (A_1+A_2)/2 \times \text{Elev Difference}$

WQCV =	34,800 cf	0.99 ac-ft	5667.23 ft
100yr Volume =	158,123 cf	3.63 ac-ft	5670.02 ft
100yr Volume + 1/2 WQCV =	178,160 cf	4.09 ac-ft	5670.42 ft
Detention Freeboard Depth =		2.58 ft	
Spillway Crest =	308,232 cf	7.08 ac-ft	5673.00 ft

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 3

Designer:	M Kahnke
Company:	Kiowa Engineering
Date:	January 5, 2021
Project:	The Glen at Widefield - Filing No 11
Location:	Widefield, CO

1. Basin Storage Volume

- A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I_a
- B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a / 100$)
- C) Contributing Watershed Area
- D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm
- E) Design Concept
(Select EURV when also designing for flood control)
- F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time
 $V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area)$
- G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region,
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
 $(V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = (d_6 * (V_{DESIGN}/0.43)))$
- H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
(Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)
- I) NRCS Hydrologic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed
 - i) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils
 - ii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils
 - iii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type C/D Soils
- J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume
 - For HSG A: $EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}$
 - For HSG B: $EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}$
 - For HSG C/D: $EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}$

$$I_a = \boxed{32.9} \%$$

$$i = \boxed{0.329}$$

$$Area = \boxed{62.150} \text{ ac}$$

$$d_6 = \boxed{0.42} \text{ in}$$

Choose One

- Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)
- Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)

$$V_{DESIGN} = \boxed{\quad} \text{ ac-ft}$$

$$V_{DESIGN\ OTHER} = \boxed{\quad} \text{ ac-ft}$$

$$V_{DESIGN\ USER} = \boxed{0.827} \text{ ac-ft}$$

$$\begin{aligned} HSG_A &= \boxed{0} \% \\ HSG_B &= \boxed{0} \% \\ HSG_{C/D} &= \boxed{100} \% \end{aligned}$$

$$EURV_{DESIGN} = \boxed{1.871} \text{ ac-ft}$$

$$EURV_{DESIGN\ USER} = \boxed{\quad} \text{ ac-ft}$$

2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio

(A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)

$$L : W = \boxed{2.0} : 1$$

3. Basin Side Slopes

- A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes
(Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)

$$Z = \boxed{6.00} \text{ ft / ft}$$

4. Inlet

- A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:

2 Presedimentation Forebays ('Inflow H' and 'Inflow J')

5. Forebay

- A) Minimum Forebay Volume
 $(V_{FMIN} = \boxed{3\%} \text{ of the WQCV})$

$$V_{FMIN} = \boxed{0.025} \text{ ac-ft}$$

- B) Actual Forebay Volume

$$V_F = \boxed{0.025} \text{ ac-ft}$$

- C) Forebay Depth
 $(D_F = \boxed{30} \text{ inch maximum})$

$$D_F = \boxed{30.0} \text{ in}$$

- D) Forebay Discharge

$$Q_{100} = \boxed{100.40} \text{ cfs}$$

$$Q_F = \boxed{2.01} \text{ cfs}$$

- i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge
- ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow
($Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}$)

Choose One

- Berm With Pipe
- Wall with Rect. Notch
- Wall with V-Notch Weir

$$\text{Calculated } D_F = \boxed{\quad} \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Calculated } W_N = \boxed{7.8} \text{ in}$$

- E) Forebay Discharge Design

- F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches)
- G) Rectangular Notch Width

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 2 of 3

Designer:	M Kahnke
Company:	Kiowa Engineering
Date:	January 5, 2021
Project:	The Glen at Widefield - Filing No 11
Location:	Widefield, CO

<p>6. Trickle Channel</p> <p>A) Type of Trickle Channel</p> <p>F) Slope of Trickle Channel</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Concrete <input type="radio"/> Soft Bottom</p> <p>FOR A CONCRETE TRICKLE CHANNEL, SLOPE SHOULD BE BETWEEN 0.004 AND 0.010 FT/FT.</p> <p>S = <input type="text" value="0.0025"/> ft / ft</p>
<p>7. Micropool and Outlet Structure</p> <p>A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum)</p> <p>B) Surface Area of Micropool (10 ft² minimum)</p> <p>C) Outlet Type</p> <p>D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing (Use UD-Detention)</p> <p>E) Total Outlet Area</p>	<p>D_M = <input type="text" value="2.5"/> ft</p> <p>A_M = <input type="text" value="17"/> sq ft</p> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Orifice Plate <input type="radio"/> Other (Describe):</p> <hr/> <hr/> <p>D_{orifice} = <input type="text" value="10.00"/> inches</p> <p>A_{col} = <input type="text" value="240.00"/> square inches</p>
<p>8. Initial Surcharge Volume</p> <p>A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches)</p> <p>B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of 0.3% of the WQCV)</p> <p>C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool</p>	<p>D_{IS} = <input type="text" value="4"/> in</p> <p>V_{IS} = <input type="text" value="108"/> cu ft</p> <p>V_s = <input type="text" value="5.7"/> cu ft</p>
<p>9. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: A_t = A_{col} * 38.5*(e^{-0.095D})</p> <p>B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open area to the total screen area for the material specified.)</p> <p>C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')</p> <p>D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)</p> <p>E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E)</p> <p>F) Height of Water Quality Screen (H_{TR})</p> <p>G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening (W_{opening}) (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended)</p>	<p>A_t = <input type="text" value="3,573"/> square inches</p> <p>Aluminum Amico-Klemp SR Series with Cross Rods 4" O.C.</p> <hr/> <hr/> <p>User Ratio = <input type="text"/></p> <p>A_{total} = <input type="text" value="4641"/> sq. in.</p> <p>H = <input type="text" value="3.66"/> feet</p> <p>H_{TR} = <input type="text" value="71.92"/> inches</p> <p>W_{opening} = <input type="text" value="64.5"/> inches</p>

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 3 of 3

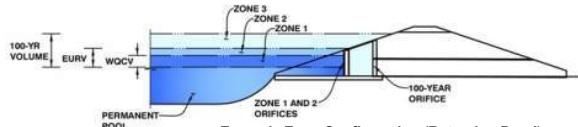
Designer:	M Kahnke
Company:	Kiowa Engineering
Date:	January 5, 2021
Project:	The Glen at Widefield - Filing No 11
Location:	Widefield, CO

10. Overflow Embankment A) Describe embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping: B) Slope of Overflow Embankment (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)	10' Width Earthen Berm where elevated above grade with buried riprap spillway, per criteria. $Ze = \boxed{4.00}$ ft / ft
11. Vegetation	Choose One <input checked="" type="radio"/> Irrigated <input type="radio"/> Not Irrigated AVOID PLACING IRRIGATION HEADS IN THE BOTTOM OF THE BASIN
12. Access A) Describe Sediment Removal Procedures	Sedimentation forebays will capture light sediment. Detention basin planned with access road. Perimeter maintenance road is drivable. Concrete trickle channel throughout low-flow section. Outlet structure has trash rack, per criteria. O & M Manual provided, per criteria.
Notes: _____ _____ _____	

Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: The Glen at Widefield Filing 10 - 'Interim' Condition
Basin ID: Full Spectrum Detention Basin 'D' 'Interim' Condition (Filings 10 Only with All Off-Site Tributary Land as Undeveloped)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Stage (ft)	Zone Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.79	0.192	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	1.94	0.066	Not Utilized
(100+1/2WQCV)	3.48	1.525	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
		1.783	Total
			0

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)
Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = N/A ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter = N/A inches

Underdrain Orifice Area = N/A ft²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid = N/A feet

Calculated Parameters for Plate

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)
Invert of Lowest Orifice = 0.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = 1.94 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = N/A inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = N/A inches

WQ Orifice Area per Row = N/A ft²
Elliptical Half-Width = N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid = N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Area = N/A ft²

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)
Not Selected Not Selected
Invert of Vertical Orifice = N/A ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice = N/A ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter = N/A inches

Vertical Orifice Area = N/A ft²
Vertical Orifice Centroid = N/A feet

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox) and Grate (Flat or Sloped)
Zone 3 Weir Not Selected
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H_o = 3.58 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length = 8.00 feet
Overflow Weir Slope = 4.00 H:V (enter zero for flat grate)
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = 5.00 feet
Overflow Grate Open Area % = 70% %, grate open area/total area
Debris Clogging % = 50% %

Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t = 4.83 feet
Over Flow Weir Slope Length = 5.15 feet
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area = 17.70 should be \geq 4
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris = 28.86 ft²
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris = 14.43 ft²

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)
Zone 3 Restrictor Not Selected
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = 0.33 ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter = 30.00 inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = 11.00 inches

Outlet Orifice Area = 1.63 ft²
Outlet Orifice Centroid = 0.54 feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe = 1.30 radians

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)
Spillway Invert Stage = 6.33 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length = 46.00 feet
Spillway End Slopes = 4.00 H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface = 1.00 feet

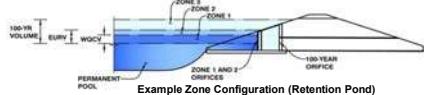
Spillway Design Flow Depth = 0.97 feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard = 8.30 feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = 2.21 acres

Routed Hydrograph Results

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	0.53	1.07	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.20
Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.192	0.257	0.206	0.604	1.572	3.916	5.451	7.431	11.340
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =									
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	0.191	0.257	0.206	0.604	1.573	3.919	5.448	7.439	11.353
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.14	0.40	0.95	1.26	1.64	2.41
Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	1.1	8.3	24.5	58.1	77.2	100.3	148.1
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	3.9	5.2	4.1	12.0	30.9	76.1	105.0	142.2	214.3
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	1.0	13.6	17.2	18.8	84.2
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Overflow Grade 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	42	44	42	49	52	45	42	39	35
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	45	47	45	56	65	64	60	56	48
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.74	1.89	1.77	2.41	3.25	4.37	5.01	5.95	6.91
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.37	0.45	0.39	0.76	1.38	1.59	1.68	1.81	1.96
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.170	0.231	0.185	0.546	1.447	3.155	4.200	5.837	7.644

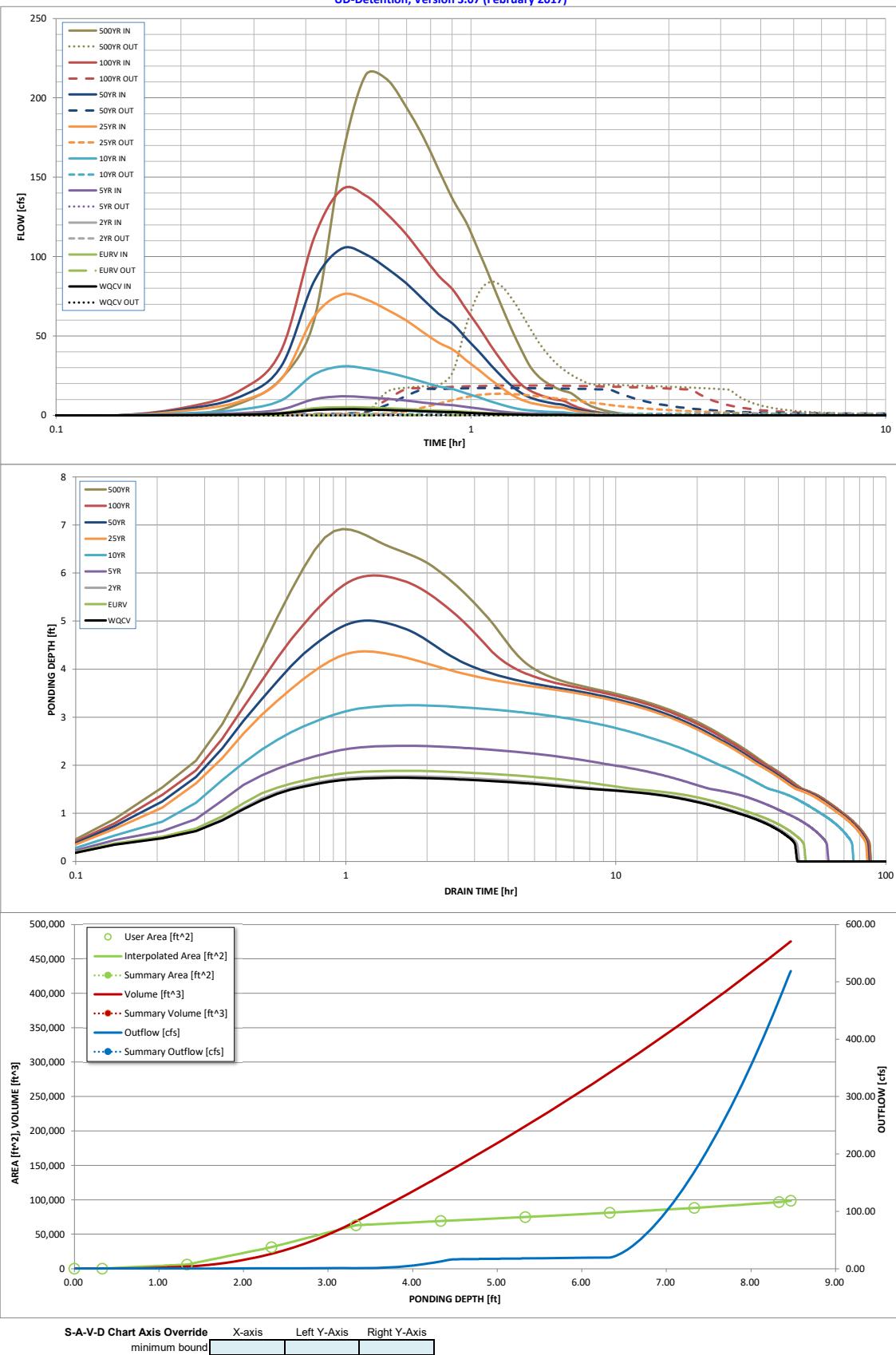
DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: The Glen at Widefield Filing No. 11 Basin ID: Detention Basin "D" (Ultimate Condition)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
 <p>Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)</p>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
Required Volume Calculation <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">Selected BMP Type =</td> <td style="width: 15%; text-align: right;">EDB</td> <td style="width: 15%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Watershed Area =</td> <td>62.07</td> <td>acres</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Watershed Length =</td> <td>1,660</td> <td>ft</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Watershed Slope =</td> <td>0.017</td> <td>ft/ft</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Watershed Imperviousness =</td> <td>32.90%</td> <td>percent</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =</td> <td>0.0%</td> <td>percent</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =</td> <td>0.0%</td> <td>percent</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =</td> <td>100.0%</td> <td>percent</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Desired WQCV Drain Time =</td> <td>40.0</td> <td>hours</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =</td> <td colspan="9">User Input</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =</td> <td>0.829</td> <td>acre-feet</td> <td colspan="9" style="background-color: #cccccc;">Optional User Override 1-hr Precipitation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =</td> <td>1.868</td> <td>acre-feet</td> <td colspan="9"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =</td> <td>1.721</td> <td>acre-feet</td> <td>1.19</td> <td>inches</td> <td colspan="9"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) 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Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

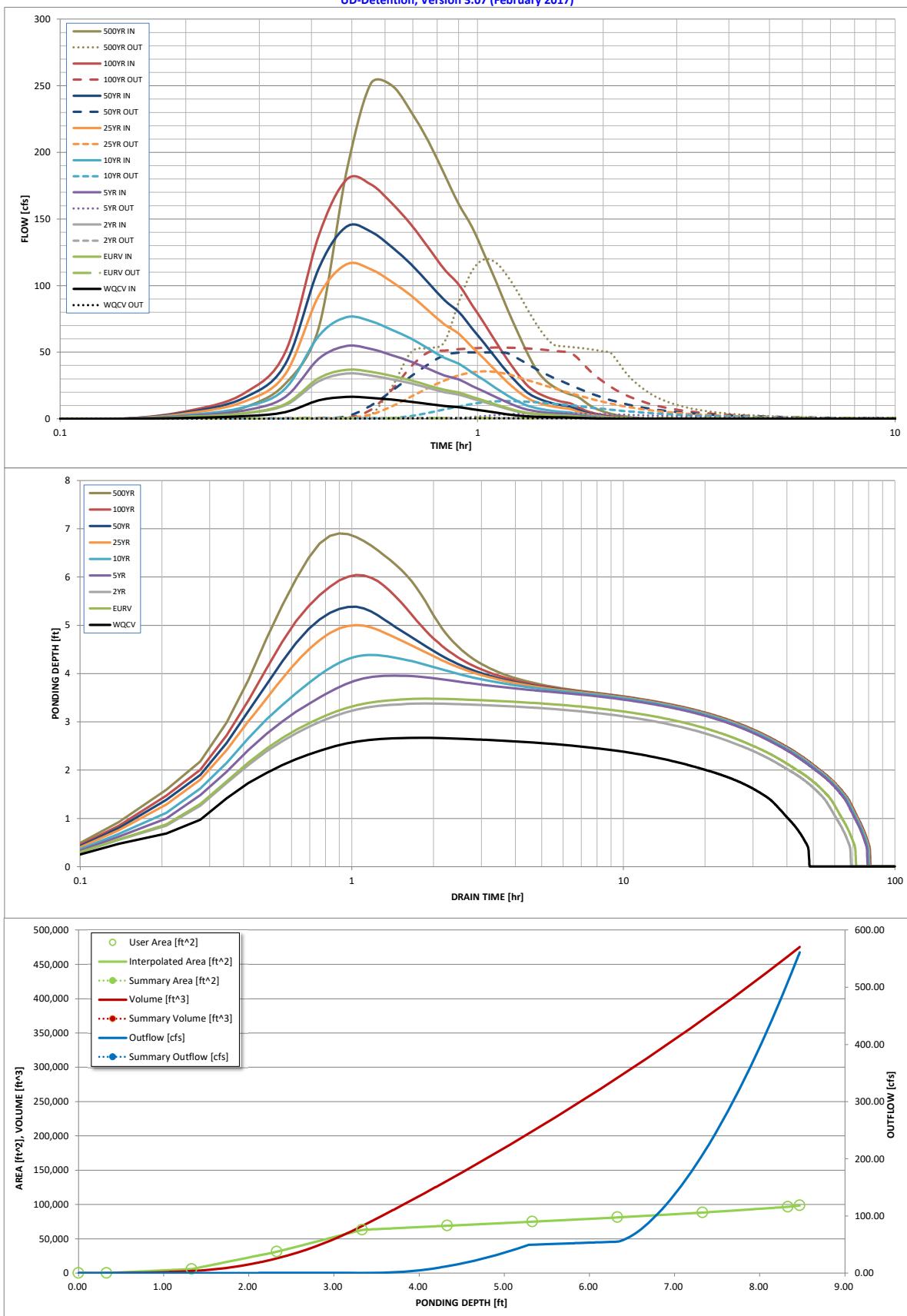
UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override X-axis Left Y-axis Right Y-axis
minimum bound

Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



Presedementation / Forebay Sizing

Forebay	100 Yr Flow	Detention WQCV	Total Req'd Forebay Vol	Tributary Area	% Total Trib Area	Required Forebay Volume	Forebay Design			Discharge Design Flow	Calc'd Open Width (1" min)	Design Width
			3.0% WQCV				Area	Depth	Volume			
H	94.5cfs	36,285cf	1,089cf	44.87ac	97.6%	1,062cf	556sf	1.92-ft	1,068 cf	0.94 cfs	5.4-inch	5.5-inch
J	5.9cfs			1.12ac	2.4%	26cf	413sf	1.00-ft	413 cf	0.06 cfs	2.7-inch	2.5-inch
Totals			36,285cf		1,089cf	45.99ac						
									1,480 cf			
									Forebay			

Opening Width Equation for Rectangular Opening

$$L = Q / (CH^{1.5}) \times 12 + 0.2xHx12 \text{ (UD-BMP Spreadsheet - EDB tab)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C &= \frac{5.5}{H} \\ C &= \frac{2.5}{J} \end{aligned}$$

Forebay Overflow Calculation

Forebay	Water Surf Elev	Crest Elev	Crest Length	Flow Depth	Calc'd Flow
H	5,673.53	5,673.3	14.0 ft	0.25 ft	5.3 cfs
J	5,672.49	5,672.2	8.0 ft	0.25 ft	3.0 cfs

Weir Equation:

$$Q = CLH^{1.5}$$

$$C = \text{Weir coefficient (dimensionless), } C = 3.0 \text{ (most cases)}$$

L = Length of weir at Crest, in ft. Not including sideslopes.

Trickle Channel Calculation

Location	100yr Flow	Req'd Flow	Bottom Width	Flow Depth	Side Slope	Slope	Manning 'n'	Top Width	Flow Area	Wetted Perimeter	Hydraulic Radius	Flow Velocity	Capacity
		1.0% 100yr											
H	94.5cfs	0.9cfs	2.0 ft	0.50 ft	0.0:1	0.4%	0.013	2.0 ft	1.00 sf	3.0 ft	0.33 ft	3.4 ft/sec	3.4 cfs
J	5.9cfs	0.1cfs	2.0 ft	0.50 ft	0.0:1	0.5%	0.013	2.0 ft	1.00 sf	3.0 ft	0.33 ft	3.9 ft/sec	3.9 cfs

Equations:

$$\text{Area (A)} = b(d) + zd^2 \quad \text{Perimeter (P)} = b + 2d*(1+z^2)^{0.5}$$

b = width

d = depth

z = side slope

Hydraulic Radius = A/P

$$\text{Velocity} = (1.49/n)R_n^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

S = Slope of the channel

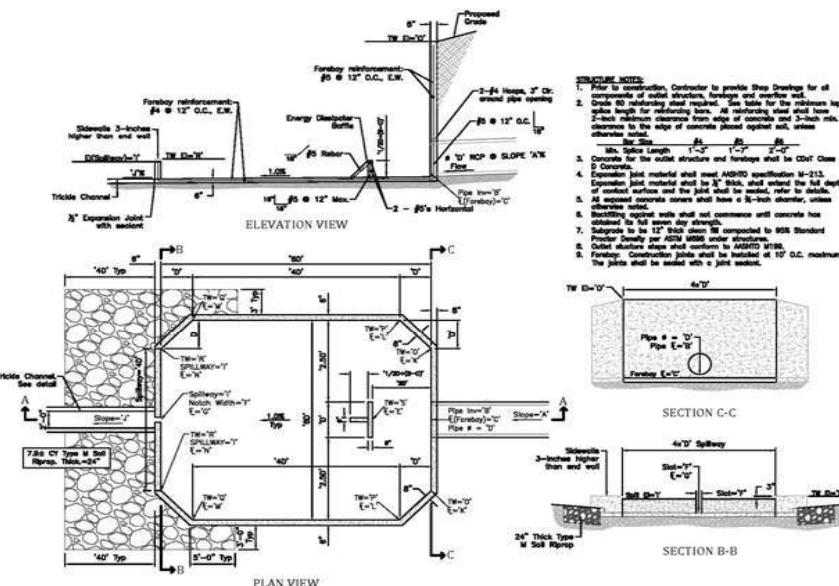
n = Manning's number

R_n = Hydraulic Radius (Reynold's Number)

$$\text{Flow} = (1.49/n)AR_n^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

Variable	Presedementation	Trunkline	
		H	J
A	Pipe Slope%	0.60	0.50
B	Pipe Inv In	5672.32	5672.11
C	Forebay Inv In	5671.82	5671.61
D	Pipe Size (ft)*	3.50	2.00
E	Baffle Face Inv	5671.75	5671.57
F	Slot Width	5.50	2.50
G	Forebay Inv Out	5671.61	5671.49
H	Spillway Inv	5672.86	5672.74
I	Spillway Top	5673.11	5672.99
J	Trickle Pan Slope	0.38	0.50
K	Toe of Wall	5671.82	5671.61
L	Toe of Wall	5671.81	5671.60
M	Toe of Wall	5671.75	5671.56
N	Toe of Wall	5671.74	5671.55
O	Top of Wall	5676.82	5675.11
P	Top of Wall	5675.58	5673.85
Q	Top of Wall	5673.53	5672.49
R	Top of Wall	5673.53	5672.49
S	Baffle Wall Top*	5675.25	5673.57

*Idealized. Pipes are HERCP.



APPENDIX B.1
Supporting Detention Basin Tables and Figures

beneficial if a project is being phased or when adequate land is not available to combine all of the elements in one facility.

4.1.1 Flood Control Volume

UDFCD has developed empirical equations for estimating the total required storage volume that can be applied to on-site, multi-level ponds or to on-site or sub-regional FSD ponds. The empirical equations include:

$$V_i = K_i A \quad \text{Equation 13-1}$$

For NRCS soil types B, C and D.

$$K_{100} = (1.78 \cdot I - 0.002 I^2 - 3.56) / 900 \quad \text{Equation 13-2}$$

$$K_5 = (0.77 \cdot I - 2.65) / 1,000 \quad \text{Equation 13-3}$$

For NRCS soil Type A:

$$K_{100A} = (-0.00005501 \cdot I^2 + 0.030148 \cdot I - 0.12) / 12 \quad \text{Equation 13-4}$$

Where:

V_i = required volume, with i = year storm, acre-feet

K_i = empirical volume coefficient, with i = year storm

i = return period for storm event, years

I = fully developed tributary basin imperviousness, %

A = tributary drainage basin area, acres

These equations can be applied to calculate the total detention storage for drainage basins up to about 130 acres. When more than one soil type or land use is present in the drainage basin, the storage volume must be weighted by the proportionate areas of each soil type and/or land use. For FSDs, the EURV need not be added to this volume. See UDFCD Manual Volume 2, Storage Chapter for a full description of this method.

4.1.2 EURV

UDFCD has developed empirical equations for estimating the EURV portion of the storage volume that can be applied to on-site, sub-regional or regional FSD ponds.

The empirical equations are as follows:

For NRCS Soil Group A:

$$\text{EURV}_A = 1.1 (2.0491(I/100) - 0.1113) \quad \text{Equation 13-5}$$

For NRCS Soil Group B:

$$\text{EURV}_B = 1.1 (1.2846(I/100) - 0.0461) \quad \text{Equation 13-6}$$

For NRCS Soil Group C/D:

$$\text{EURV}_{\text{CD}} = 1.1 (1.1381(I/100) - 0.0339)$$

Equation 13-7

Where:

EURV_K = Excess Urban Runoff Volume in watershed inches, K=A, B or C/D soil group

I = drainage basin imperviousness, %

These equations apply to all FSDs and the EURV need not be added to the flood control volume or to the WQCV. When more than one soil type or land use is present in the drainage basin, the EURV must be weighted by the proportionate areas of each soil type and/or land use. If hydrologic routing is used to size the flood control volume, the EURV remains the same as calculated by these equations and is included in the pond's stage/storage configuration for modeling.

4.1.3 Initial Surcharge Volume

The initial surcharge volume is at least 0.3 percent of the WQCV and should be 4- to 12-inches deep. The initial surcharge volume is included in the WQCV and does not increase the required total storage volume.

4.1.4 Design Worksheets

The Full Spectrum Worksheet in the UD-Detention Spreadsheet performs all of these calculations for the standard designs. For multi-level ponds, the flood control volumes are calculated for the two design storm frequencies: the major storm and the minor storm.

4.2 Allowable Release Rates

Allowable release rates from detention facilities vary with the type of facility and with the storage volume type, as follows:

- **Flood Storage Volume:** The flood storage release rates are determined by the allowable release rates that are intended to approximate storm event runoff rates from the undeveloped upstream drainage basin.
- **EURV:** The EURV release rate is determined based on a 72-hour drain time. The purpose of this slow release rate is to mitigate the impacts of increased runoff volumes due to development by reducing the potential for downstream erosion.
- **WQCV:** The WQCV release rate is determined based on a 40-hour drain time for extended detention basins. The purpose of this slow release rate is to provide time for pollutants to settle. The WQCV is incorporated into the EURV and works with it to release less erosive flows. The method for determining this design rate is described in Chapter 3 of Volume 2 of this Manual.

4.2.1 Flood Storage Release Rates

Allowable releases rates from the flood storage element of detention may be based on generalized average unit runoff rates or estimates of pre-development runoff rates. Allowable unit release rates (cfs/ac) may be used for any type of detention, however, when a hydrograph routing method is applied (for regional or

Safety Grates

Safety grates are intended to keep people and animals from inadvertently entering a storm drain. They are sometimes required even when debris entering a storm drain is not a concern. The grate on top of the outlet drop box is considered a safety grate and should be designed accordingly. The danger associated with outlet structures is the potential associated with pinning a person or animal to unexposed outlet pipe or grate. See the *Culverts and Bridges* chapter of Volume 2 of this manual for design criteria related to safety grates.

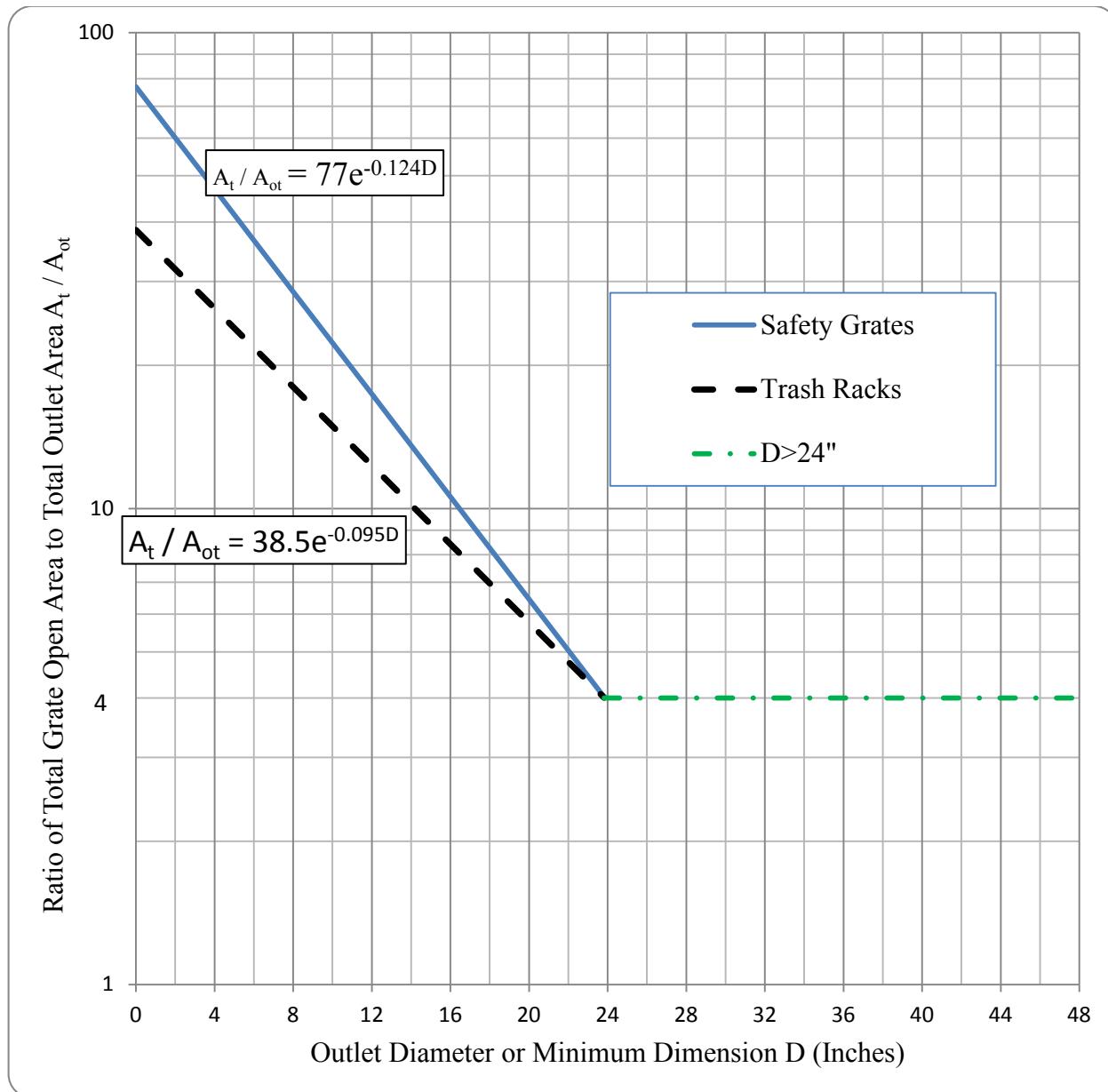
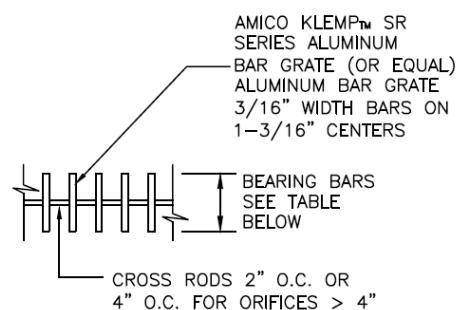
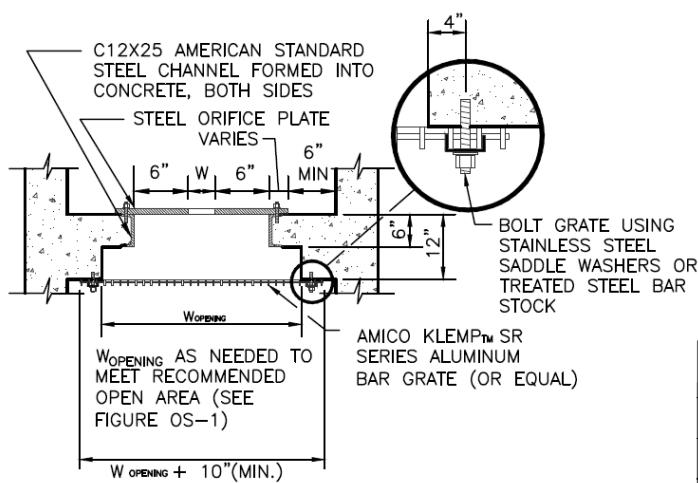
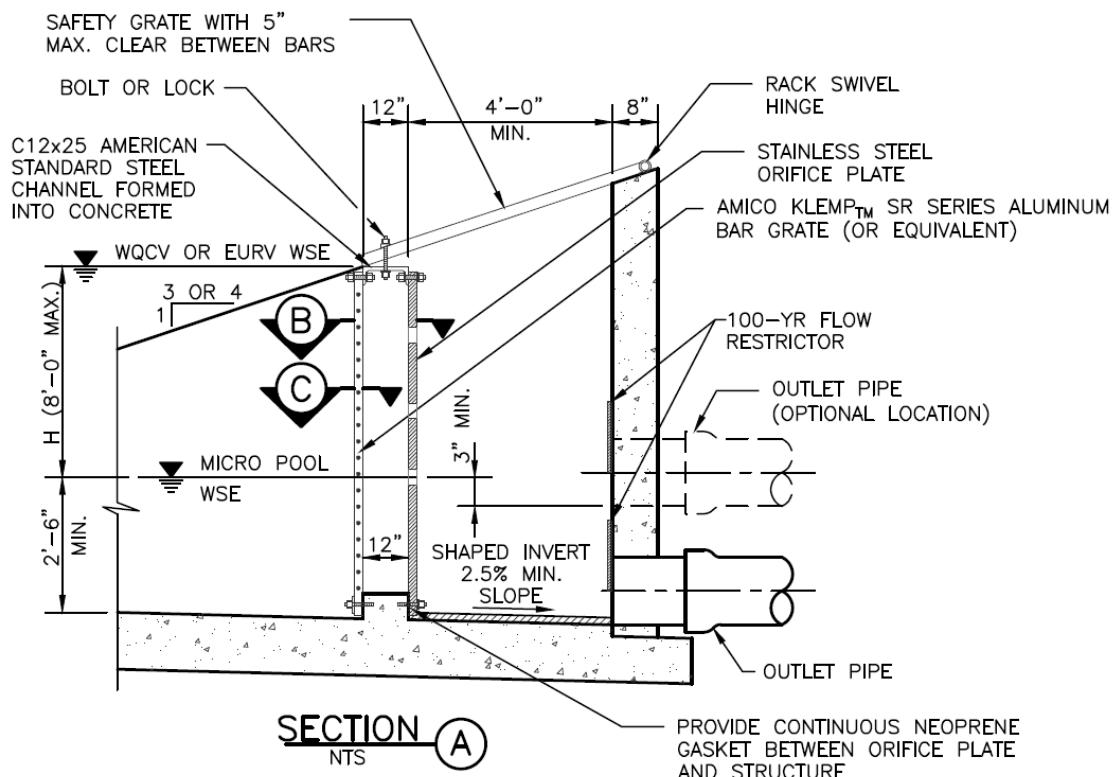


Figure OS-1. Trash Rack Sizing

Table OS-2. Thickness of steel water quality plate

		Steel plate thickness (in inches) based on design depth and span of plate									
		Head (feet)									
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Span (feet)	1	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875
	2	0.1875	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500
	3	0.2500	0.2500	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.5000
	4	0.2500	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000



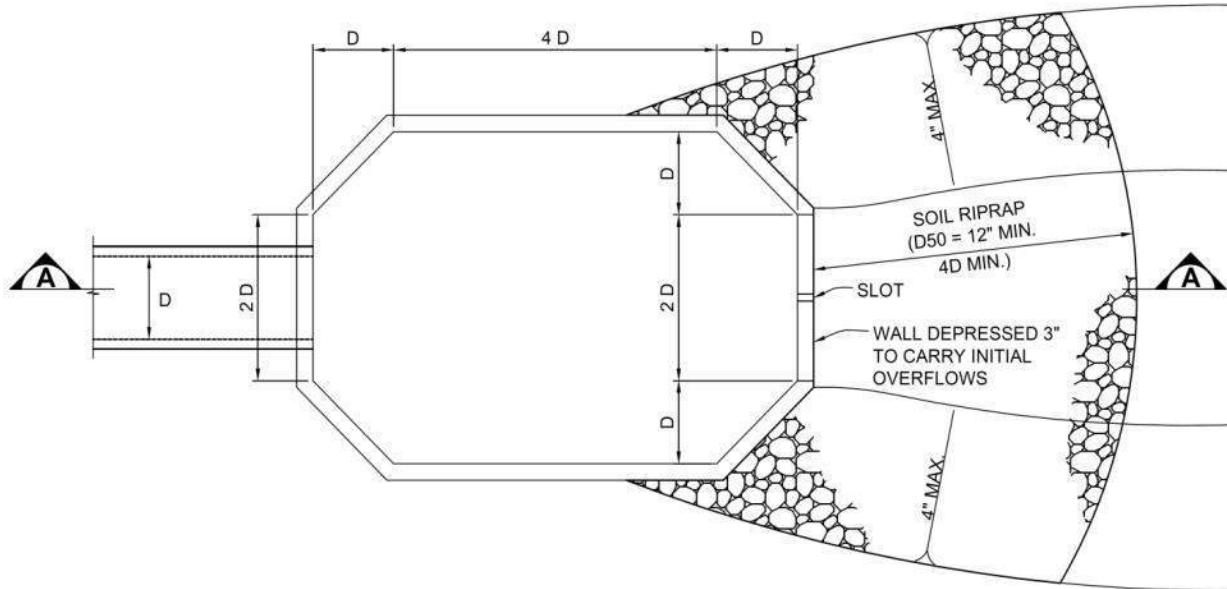
WATER DEPTH ABOVE LOWEST OPENING, H	MINIMUM BEARING BAR SIZE, BARS ALIGNED VERTICALLY
2.0 FT.	1" x 3/16"
3.0 FT.	1-1/4" x 3/16"
4.0 FT.	1-3/4" x 3/16"
5.0 FT.	2" x 3/16"
6.0 FT.	2-1/4" x 3/16"

R VALUE=(NET OPEN AREA)/GROSS RACK AREA)
=0.71 FOR CROSS RODS ON 2" CENTERS
=0.77 FOR CROSS RODS ON 4" CENTERS

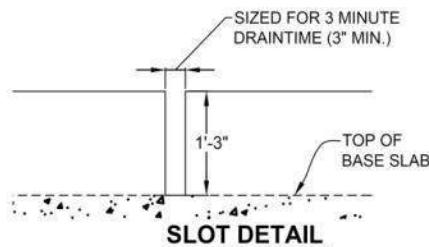
SECTION C
NTS

Figure OS-6. Typical outlet structure with bar grate trash rack

Figure 13-9. Concept for Integral Forebay at Pipe Outfall

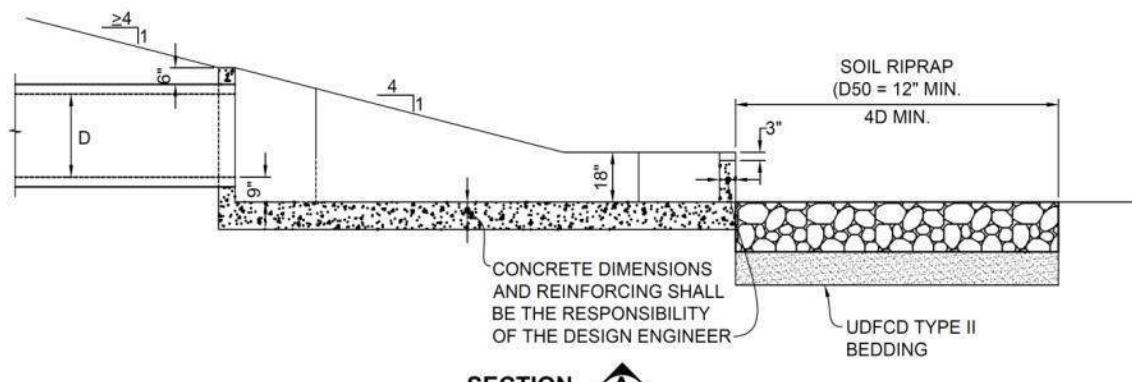


PLAN

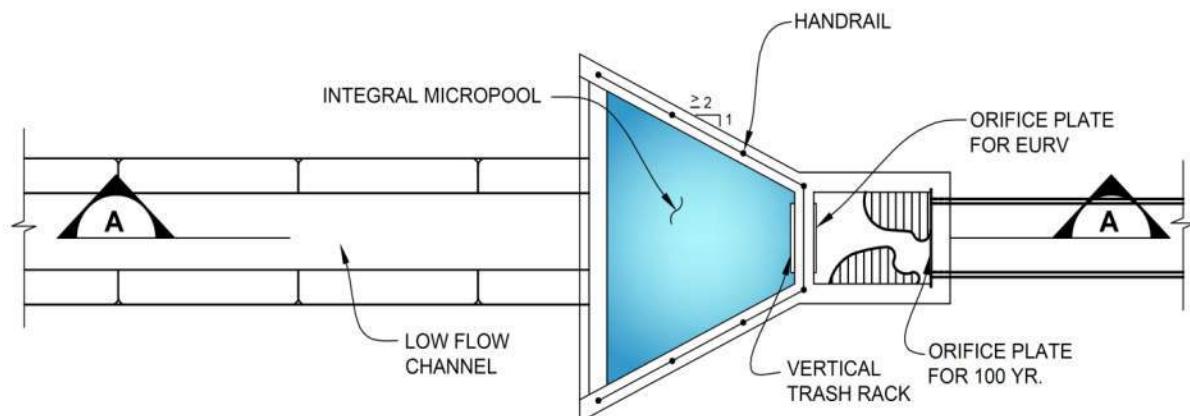


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE MINIMUMS AND APPLY TO FOREBAYS WITHIN MODIFIED EXTENDED DETENTION BASINS. FOREBAYS IN STANDARD EXTENDED DETENTION BASINS SHALL BE SIZED BASED ON UDFCD CRITERIA.
2. FOR DEPTH \geq 2.5 FEET, FOREBAY REQUIRES RAMP INTO BOTTOM AND ACCESS ROAD LEADING TO STREET.



**Figure 13-11. Concept for Outlet Structure with Flared Wingwalls and Handrail
(Integral Micropool Shown)**



PLAN VIEW

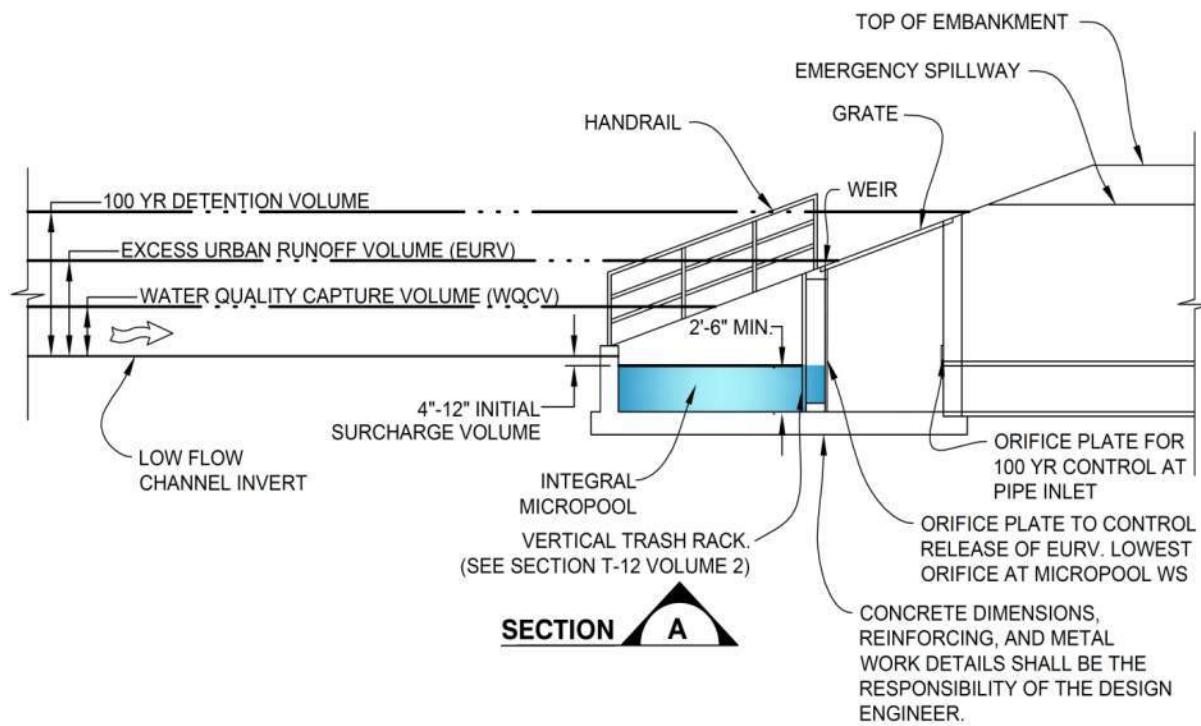
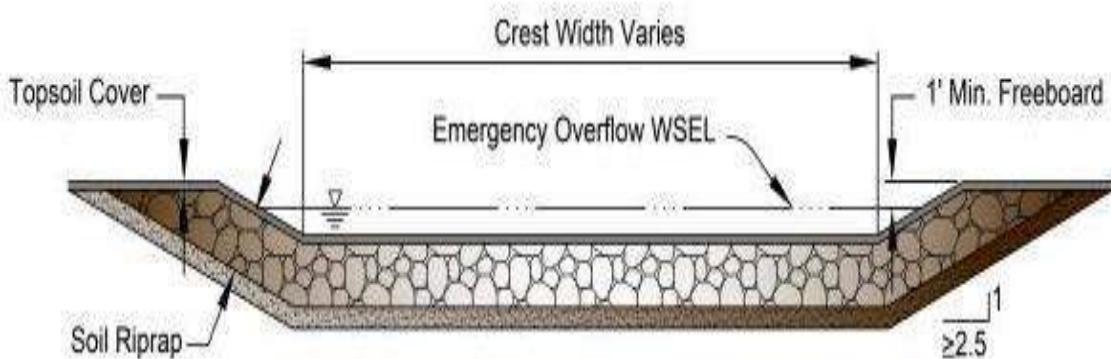
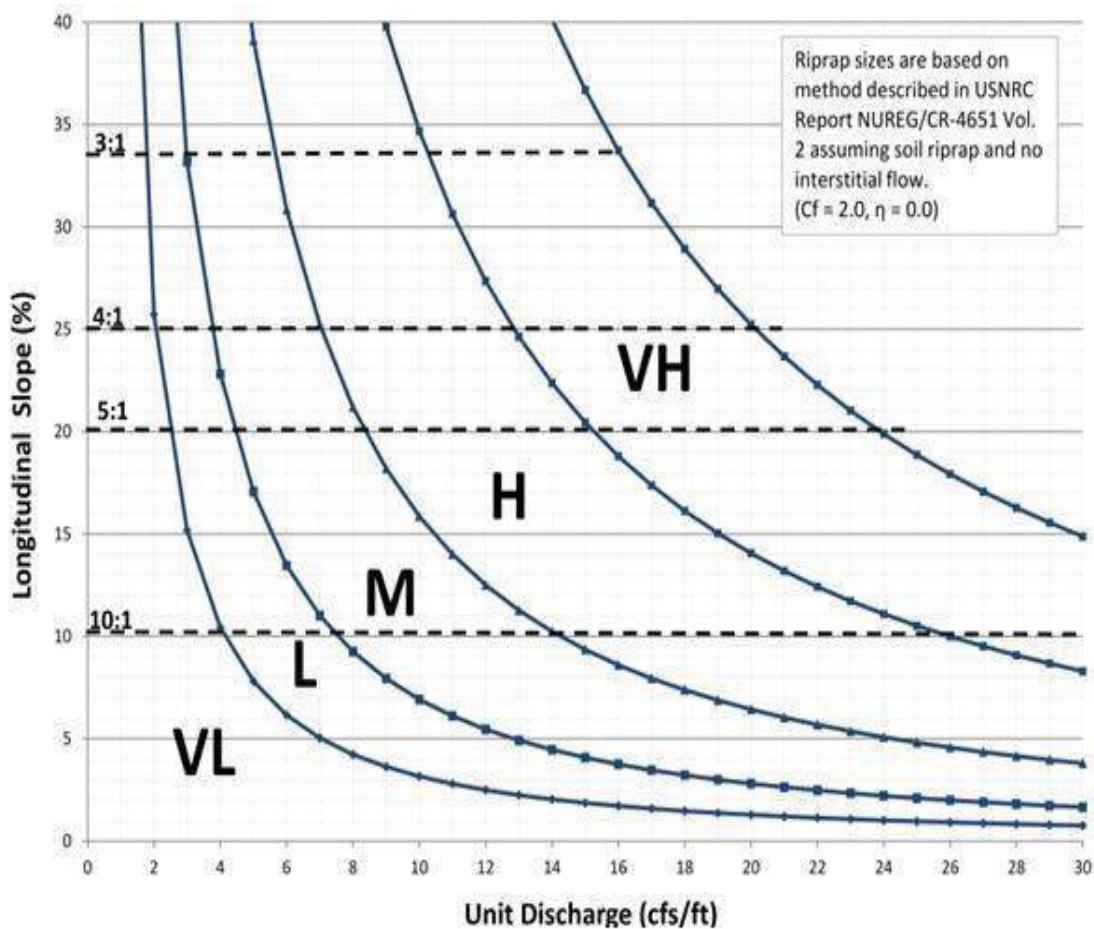


Figure 13-12c. Emergency Spillway Protection**Figure 13-12d. Riprap Types for Emergency Spillway Protection**

APPENDIX C
Hydraulic Calculations
EPA-SWMM HGL/EGL Open Channel and Pipe System Report
UD_Sewer HGL Analysis and Report
MHFD Inlet Summaries & Calculations

Culvert Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Dec 30 2020

Culvert Crossing at Poa Annua

Invert Elev Dn (ft)	= 5677.36
Pipe Length (ft)	= 90.00
Slope (%)	= 0.50
Invert Elev Up (ft)	= 5677.81
Rise (in)	= 24.0
Shape	= Box
Span (in)	= 36.0
No. Barrels	= 2
n-Value	= 0.012
Culvert Type	= Flared Wingwalls
Culvert Entrance	= 30D to 75D wingwall flares
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.026, 1, 0.0347, 0.81, 0.4

Embankment

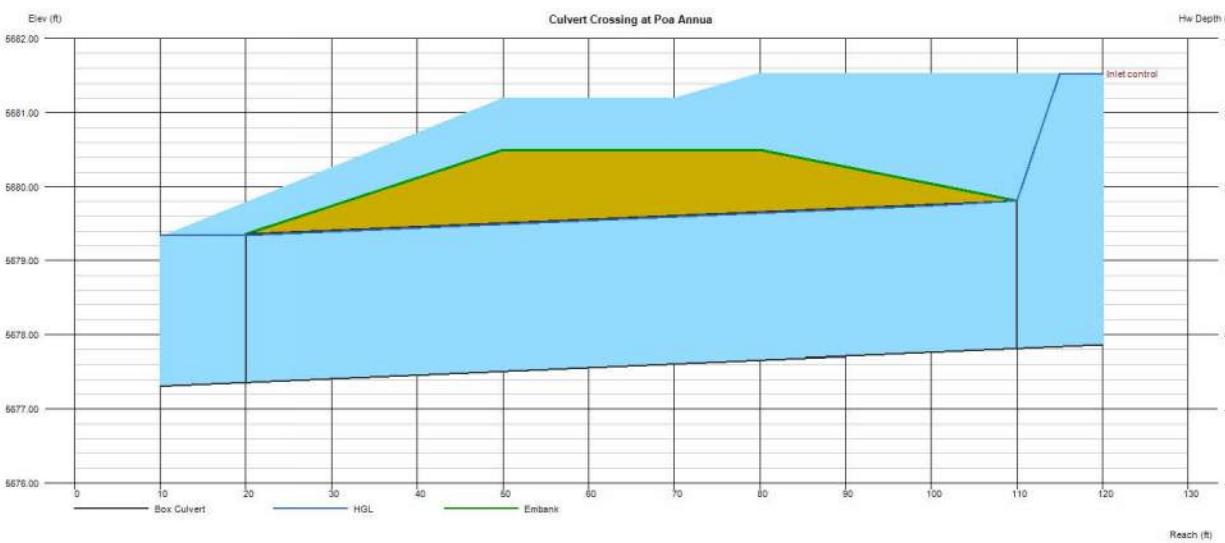
Top Elevation (ft)	= 5680.50
Top Width (ft)	= 30.00
Crest Width (ft)	= 2.00

Calculations

Qmin (cfs)	= 48.00
Qmax (cfs)	= 102.00
Tailwater Elev (ft)	= $(dc+D)/2$

Highlighted

Qtotals (cfs)	= 100.00
Qpipe (cfs)	= 93.58
Qovertop (cfs)	= 6.42
Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 7.87
Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 7.87
HGL Dn (ft)	= 5679.34
HGL Up (ft)	= 5679.79
Hw Elev (ft)	= 5681.54
Hw/D (ft)	= 1.86
Flow Regime	= Inlet Control



Channel Report

Detention Basin D Outfall Channel

Trapezoidal

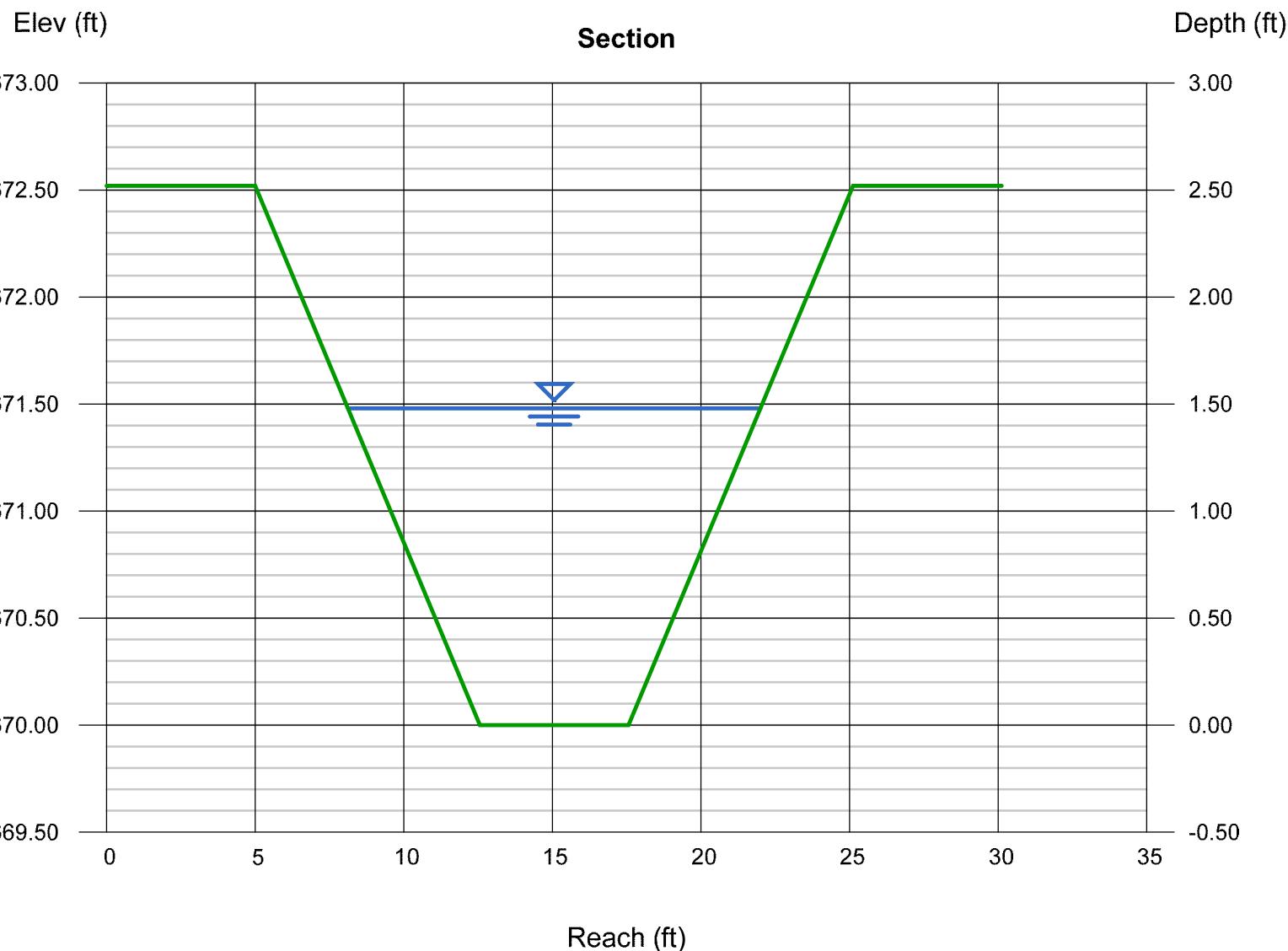
Bottom Width (ft) = 5.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 2.52
Invert Elev (ft) = 5670.00
Slope (%) = 0.50
N-Value = 0.024

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 59.60

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.48
Q (cfs) = 59.60
Area (sqft) = 13.97
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.27
Wetted Perim (ft) = 14.36
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.27
Top Width (ft) = 13.88
EGL (ft) = 1.76



INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	B-1	C-1	D-1	D-4
Site Type (Urban or Rural)	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	On Grade	On Grade	On Grade	On Grade
Inlet Type	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R

USER-DEFINED INPUT**User-Defined Design Flows**

Minor Q _{Known} (cfs)	5.5	2.4	4.4	3.8
Major Q _{Known} (cfs)	15.9	6.9	12.7	11.1

Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream

Receive Bypass Flow from:	A-1	B-1	C-1	No Bypass Flow Received
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	1.3	5.7	2.9	0.0

Watershed Characteristics

Subcatchment Area (acres)				
Percent Impervious				
NRCS Soil Type	C	C	C	C

Watershed Profile

Overland Slope (ft/ft)				
Overland Length (ft)				
Channel Slope (ft/ft)				
Channel Length (ft)				

Minor Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)				
C ₁				
C ₂				
C ₃				
User-defined C				
User-defined 5-yr C ₅				
User-defined T _c				

Major Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)				
C ₁				
C ₂				
C ₃				
User-defined C				
User-defined 5-yr C ₅				
User-defined T _c				

CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	5.5	2.4	4.4	3.8
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	17.2	12.6	15.6	11.1
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	5.7	2.9	4.4	0.5

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	G-1	G-2	G-3	G-4
Site Type (Urban or Rural)	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	In Sump	On Grade	On Grade	In Sump
Inlet Type	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R

USER-DEFINED INPUT**User-Defined Design Flows**

Minor Q _{Known} (cfs)	0.3	6.2	3.8	5.7
Major Q _{Known} (cfs)	0.7	14.5	10.9	16.4

Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream

Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	D-1	D-4	No Bypass Flow Received
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	4.4	0.5	0.0

Watershed Characteristics

Subcatchment Area (acres)				
Percent Impervious				
NRCS Soil Type	C	C	C	C

Watershed Profile

Overland Slope (ft/ft)				
Overland Length (ft)				
Channel Slope (ft/ft)				
Channel Length (ft)				

Minor Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)				
C ₁				
C ₂				
C ₃				
User-defined C				
User-defined 5-yr C ₅				
User-defined T _c				

Major Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)				
C ₁				
C ₂				
C ₃				
User-defined C				
User-defined 5-yr C ₅				
User-defined T _c				

CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	0.3	6.2	3.8	5.7
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	0.7	18.9	11.4	16.4
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	N/A	0.1	0.0	N/A
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	N/A	7.0	2.2	N/A

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	E-1	E-2	E-6	H-2
Site Type (Urban or Rural)	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	On Grade	On Grade	On Grade	In Sump
Inlet Type	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R

USER-DEFINED INPUT**User-Defined Design Flows**

Minor Q _{Known} (cfs)	3.4	2.6	3.9	15.1
Major Q _{Known} (cfs)	9.9	7.5	11.3	43.8

Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream

Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	User-Defined	E-6
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	1.8	3.1

Watershed Characteristics

Subcatchment Area (acres)				
Percent Impervious				
NRCS Soil Type	C	C	C	C

Watershed Profile

Overland Slope (ft/ft)				
Overland Length (ft)				
Channel Slope (ft/ft)				
Channel Length (ft)				

Minor Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)				
C ₁				
C ₂				
C ₃				
User-defined C				
User-defined 5-yr C ₅				
User-defined T _c				

Major Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)				
C ₁				
C ₂				
C ₃				
User-defined C				
User-defined 5-yr C ₅				
User-defined T _c				

CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	3.4	2.6	3.9	15.1
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	9.9	7.5	13.1	46.9
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	1.4	0.4	3.1	N/A

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	J-1	J-2	F-1	A-1
Site Type (Urban or Rural)	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	In Sump	In Sump	In Sump	On Grade
Inlet Type	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R

USER-DEFINED INPUT**User-Defined Design Flows**

Minor Q _{Known} (cfs)	1.0	0.8	2.3	3.0
Major Q _{Known} (cfs)	2.6	1.5	6.6	8.6

Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream

Receive Bypass Flow from:	User-Defined	User-Defined	No Bypass Flow Received	User-Defined
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)			0.0	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	8.2	9.5	0.0	0.9

Watershed Characteristics

Subcatchment Area (acres)				
Percent Impervious				
NRCS Soil Type	C	C	C	C

Watershed Profile

Overland Slope (ft/ft)				
Overland Length (ft)				
Channel Slope (ft/ft)				
Channel Length (ft)				

Minor Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)				
C ₁				
C ₂				
C ₃				
User-defined C				
User-defined 5-yr C ₅				
User-defined T _c				

Major Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)				
C ₁				
C ₂				
C ₃				
User-defined C				
User-defined 5-yr C ₅				
User-defined T _c				

CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	1.0	0.8	2.3	3.0
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	10.8	11.0	6.6	9.5
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.3

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

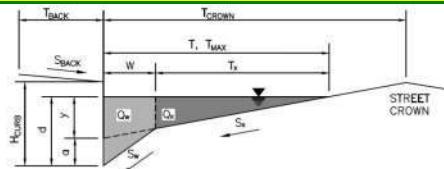
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

B-1

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)



check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

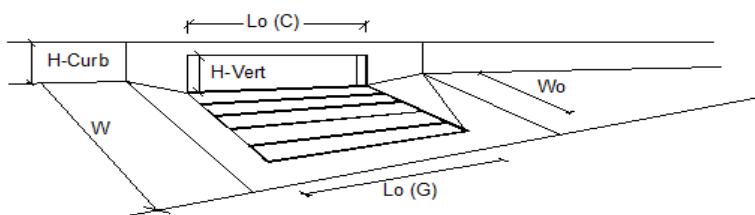
Q_allow = cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R	
		MINOR	MAJOR
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R		
a_{LOCAL} =	4.0	4.0	inches
No =	3	3	
L_o =	4.00	4.00	ft
W_o =	N/A	N/A	ft
$C_{r,G}$ =	N/A	N/A	
$C_{r,C}$ =	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - $Q < \text{Allowable Street Capacity}$			
		MINOR	MAJOR
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	$Q =$	5.5	11.4
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b =$	0.0	5.7
Capture Percentage = $Q_b/Q_o =$	$C\% =$	100	67
cfs			
%			

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

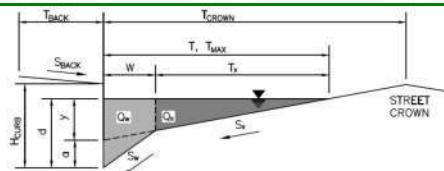
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

C-1

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

 $T_{BACK} = 8.0$ ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

 $H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

 $T_{CROWN} = 17.0$ ft

Gutter Width

 $W = 2.00$ ft

Street Transverse Slope

 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

 $S_o = 0.006$ ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

 $T_{MAX} = 17.0$ ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

 $d_{MAX} = 6.0$ inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

 check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

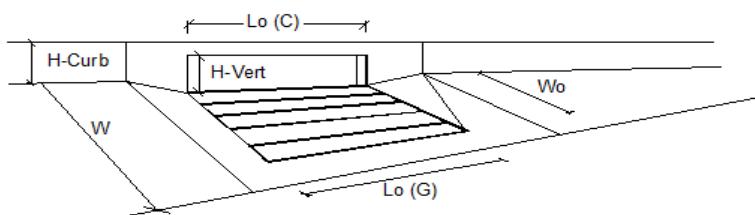
 $Q_{allow} = 8.2$ cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R	
		MINOR	MAJOR
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R		
a_{LOCAL} =	4.0	4.0	inches
No =	3	3	
L_o =	4.00	4.00	ft
W_o =	N/A	N/A	ft
$C_{r,G}$ =	N/A	N/A	
$C_{r,C}$ =	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - $Q < \text{Allowable Street Capacity}$			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR	MAJOR	
Q =	2.4	9.7	cfs
Q_b =	0.0	2.9	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_b/Q_o =	100	77	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

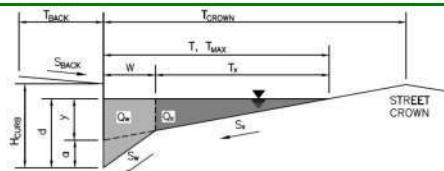
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

D-1

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

 $T_{BACK} = 8.0$ ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

 $H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

 $T_{CROWN} = 17.0$ ft

Gutter Width

 $W = 2.00$ ft

Street Transverse Slope

 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

 $S_o = 0.040$ ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

 $T_{MAX} = 15.8$ ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

 $d_{MAX} = 4.6$ inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

 check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

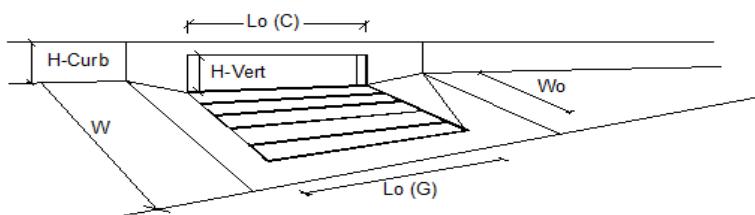
 $Q_{allow} = 11.0$ cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R		
Type of Inlet	MINOR MAJOR			
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R			
a _{LOCAL} =	4.0	4.0	inches	
No =	2	2		
L _o =	4.00	4.00	ft	
W _o =	N/A	N/A	ft	
C _r G =	N/A	N/A		
C _r C =	0.10	0.10		
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'				
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR MAJOR			
Q =	4.1	8.0	cfs	
Q _b =	0.3	7.6	cfs	
Capture Percentage = Q _s /Q _o =	92	51	%	

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

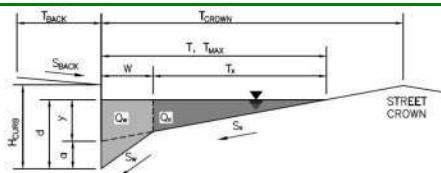
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

D-4

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

 check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

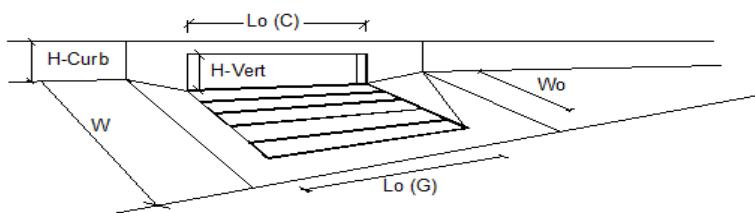
Q_allow = cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017

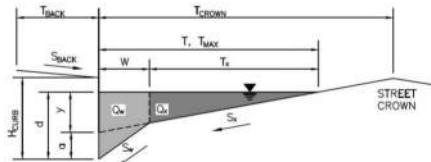


Design Information (Input)	Colorado Springs D-10-R	
Type of Inlet	MINOR MAJOR	
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R	
a_{LOCAL} =	4.0	4.0
No =	4	4
L_o =	4.00	4.00
W_o =	N/A	N/A
$C_{r,G}$ =	N/A	N/A
$C_{r,C}$ =	0.10	0.10
Street Hydraulics: OK - $Q < \text{Allowable Street Capacity}$		
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR MAJOR	
Q =	3.8	10.6
Q_b =	0.0	0.5
Capture Percentage = Q_b/Q_o =	100	95

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11
 Inlet ID: G-1

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

 $T_{BACK} = 20.0$ ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

 $H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

 $T_{CROWN} = 20.0$ ft

Gutter Width

 $W = 2.00$ ft

Street Transverse Slope

 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

 $S_o = 0.000$ ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

	Minor Storm	Major Storm
T_{MAX}	20.0	20.0

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

	Minor Storm	Major Storm
d_{MAX}	6.0	10.8

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

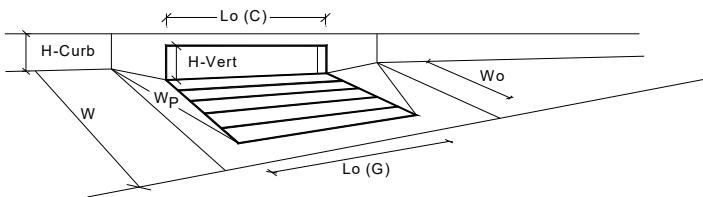
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

SUMP SUMP

cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Type of Inlet: CDOT Type R Curb Opening Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths			
Grate Information Length of a Unit Grate Width of a Unit Grate Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70) Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60) Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		Type: CDOT Type R Curb Opening a _{local} = 3.00 3.00 inches No = 1 1 Ponding Depth = 6.0 6.3 inches	
Curb Opening Information Length of a Unit Curb Opening Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		L _o (C) = 15.00 15.00 feet H _{vert} = 6.00 6.00 inches H _{throat} = 6.00 6.00 inches Theta = 63.40 63.40 degrees W _p = 2.00 2.00 feet C _r (C) = 0.10 0.10 C _w (C) = 3.60 3.60 C _o (C) = 0.67 0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated) Depth for Grate Midwidth Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		d _{Grate} = N/A N/A ft d _{Curb} = 0.33 0.36 ft RF _{Combination} = 0.57 0.60 RF _{Curb} = 0.79 0.81 RF _{Grate} = N/A N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)			
Q _a = 9.7 11.2 cfs Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} = 0.3 0.7 cfs			

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

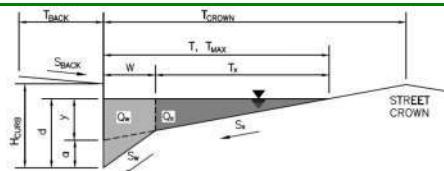
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

G-2

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

7.8

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)



check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

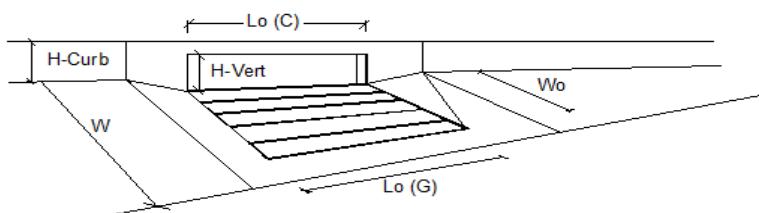
Q_allow = cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017

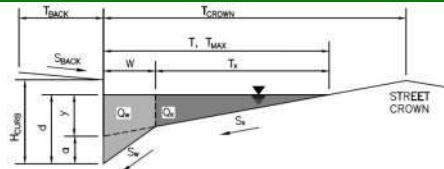


Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R		
Type of Inlet	MINOR MAJOR			
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R			
a_{LOCAL} =	4.0	4.0	inches	
No =	3	3		
L_o =	4.00	4.00	ft	
W_o =	N/A	N/A	ft	
$C_{r,G}$ =	N/A	N/A		
$C_{r,C}$ =	0.10	0.10		
Street Hydraulics: OK - $Q < \text{Allowable Street Capacity}$				
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR MAJOR			
Q =	6.3	12.9	cfs	
Q_b =	0.2	9.2	cfs	
Capture Percentage = $Q_b/Q_o =$	97 58 %			

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11
 Inlet ID: G-3

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)



check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

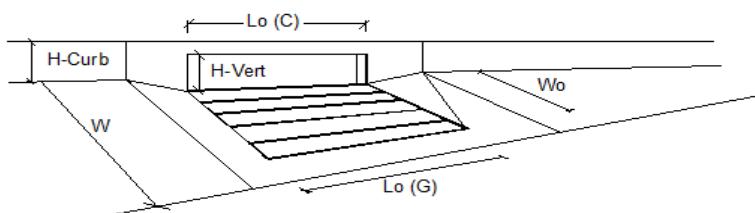
Q_allow = cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017

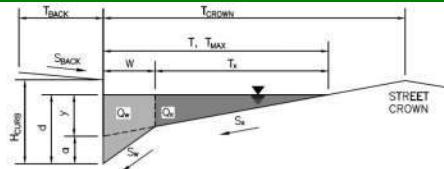


Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R		
Type of Inlet	MINOR MAJOR			
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R			
a_{LOCAL} =	4.0	4.0	inches	
No =	3	3		
L_o =	4.00	4.00	ft	
W_o =	N/A	N/A	ft	
$C_{r,G}$ =	N/A	N/A		
$C_{r,C}$ =	0.10	0.10		
Street Hydraulics: OK - $Q < \text{Allowable Street Capacity}$				
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR	MAJOR		
Q =	3.8	9.2	cfs	
Q_b =	0.0	2.2	cfs	
Capture Percentage = Q_b/Q_o =	100	81	%	

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11
 Inlet ID: G-4

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = 20.0 ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = 0.020 ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK = 0.020

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = 6.00 inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = 17.0 ft

Gutter Width

W = 2.00 ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = 0.020 ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = 0.083 ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = 0.000 ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET = 0.016

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

	Minor Storm	Major Storm
T_MAX	17.0	17.0

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

	Minor Storm	Major Storm
d_MAX	6.0	7.8

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

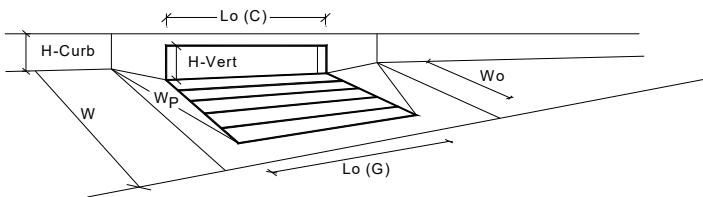
Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

SUMP SUMP cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R
Type of Inlet		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		
Grate Information		
Length of a Unit Grate		
Width of a Unit Grate		
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		
Curb Opening Information		
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		
Depth for Grate Midwidth		
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	inches
a _{local} =	4.00	4.00	inches
No =	4	4	
Ponding Depth =	5.6	6.3	inches
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
C _r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MINOR MAJOR
L _o (C) =	4.00	4.00	feet
H _{vert} =	8.00	8.00	inches
H _{throat} =	8.00	8.00	inches
Theta =	81.00	81.00	degrees
W _p =	2.00	2.00	feet
C _r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MINOR MAJOR
d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.35	ft
RF _{Combination} =	0.53	0.59	
RF _{Curb} =	0.76	0.80	
RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MINOR MAJOR
Q _a =	13.1	17.8	cfs
Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	5.7	16.4	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

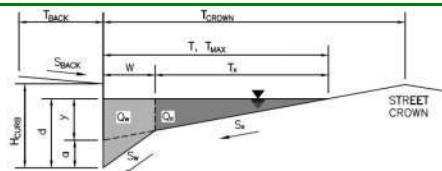
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

E-1

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)



check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

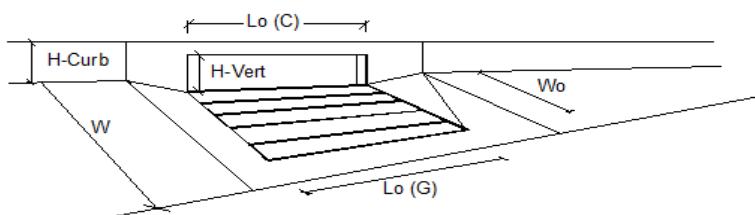
Q_allow = cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R	
Type of Inlet			
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')			
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)			
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)			
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)			
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR	MAJOR	
$Q =$	3.4	8.5	cfs
$Q_b =$	0.0	1.4	cfs
Capture Percentage = $Q_s/Q_o =$	100	86	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

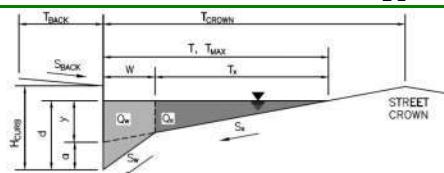
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

E-2

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

7.8

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

 check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

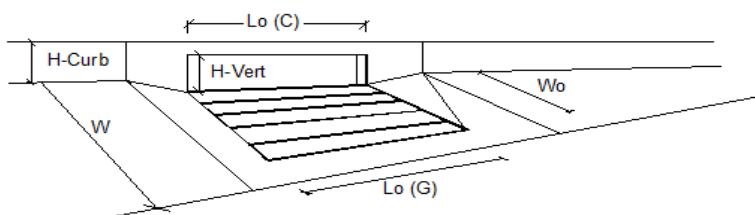
Q_allow = cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017

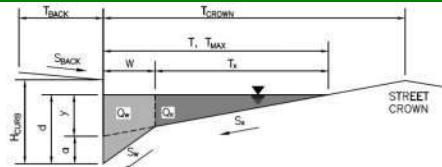


Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R	
Type of Inlet			
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')			
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)			
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)			
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)			
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR	MAJOR	
$Q =$	2.6	7.1	cfs
$Q_b =$	0.0	0.4	cfs
Capture Percentage = $Q_s/Q_o =$	100	94	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11
 Inlet ID: E-6

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = 20.0 ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = 0.020 ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK = 0.020

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = 6.00 inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = 17.0 ft

Gutter Width

W = 2.00 ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = 0.020 ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = 0.083 ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = 0.011 ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET = 0.016

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = 17.0 17.0 ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = 6.0 7.8 inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)



check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

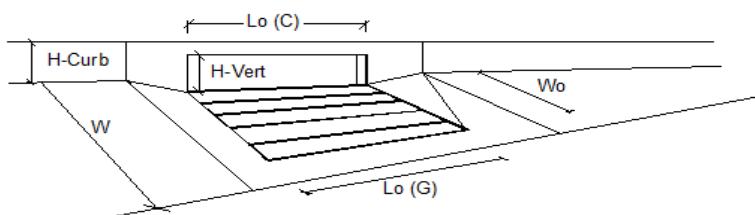
Q_allow = 11.6 33.7 cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R		
Type of Inlet				
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')				
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)				
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)				
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)				
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)				
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)				
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'				
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR	MAJOR		
$Q =$	3.9	10.0	cfs	
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b =$	0.0	3.1	cfs
Capture Percentage = $Q_b/Q_o =$	C% =	100	76	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

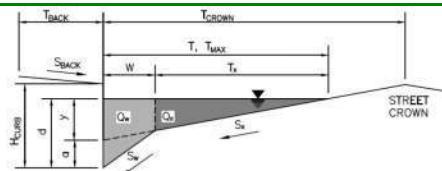
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

H-2

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

 Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)

Minor Storm Major Storm

y = inches

Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")

d_c = inchesGutter Depression ($d_c = (W * S_x * 12)$)a = inches

Water Depth at Gutter Flowline

d = inchesAllowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W ($T - W$)T_x = ft

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)

E_o = cfsDischarge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x Q_x = cfsDischarge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_T - Q_x$)Q_w = cfs

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Q_back = cfs**Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread**Q_t = cfs

Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section

V = fps

V*d Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

V*d = **Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth**

Theoretical Water Spread

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_th = ftTheoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W ($T - W$)T_x_th = ft

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)

E_o = 0.224 cfsTheoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section $T_{x,th}$ Q_x_th = cfsActual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, (limited by distance T_{crown})Q_w = cfsDischarge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_d - Q_x$)Q_back = cfs

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Q = cfs

Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)

V = fps

Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section

V*d =

V*d Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth

R = cfsSlope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ($d \geq 6"$) StormQ_d = cfs

Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)

d = inches

Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)

d_crown = inches

Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

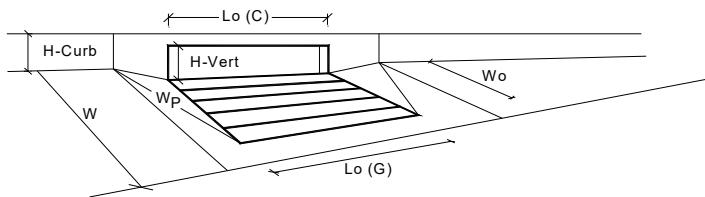
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Q_allow = cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



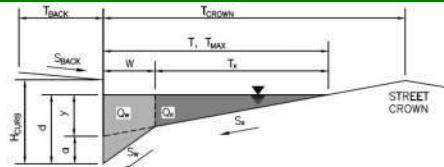
Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R
Type of Inlet		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		
Grate Information		
Length of a Unit Grate		
Width of a Unit Grate		
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		
Curb Opening Information		
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		
Depth for Grate Midwidth		
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		
WARNING: Inlet Capacity less than Q Peak for Major Storm		

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R		
a _{local} =	4.00	4.00	inches
No =	4	4	
Ponding Depth =	6.0	7.8	inches
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths			
L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
C _r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
MINOR			MAJOR
L _o (C) =	4.00	4.00	feet
H _{vert} =	8.00	8.00	inches
H _{throat} =	8.00	8.00	inches
Theta =	81.00	81.00	degrees
W _p =	2.00	2.00	feet
C _r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
MINOR			MAJOR
d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
d _{Curb} =	0.33	0.48	ft
RF _{Combination} =	0.57	0.74	
RF _{Curb} =	0.79	0.88	
RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
MINOR			MAJOR
Q _a =	16.0	31.2	cfs
Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	15.1	46.9	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11
 Inlet ID: J-1

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

	Minor Storm	Major Storm
T_MAX =	<input type="text" value="17.0"/>	<input type="text" value="17.0"/> ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX =	<input type="text" value="6.0"/>	<input type="text" value="7.8"/> inches
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Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm	Major Storm
-------------	-------------

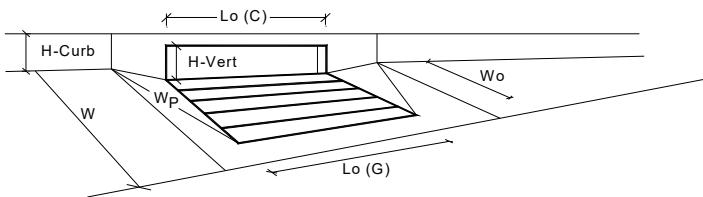
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

SUMP	SUMP
------	------

Q_allow =

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R	<input type="button" value="▼"/>
Type of Inlet			
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)			
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)			
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)			
Grate Information			
Length of a Unit Grate			
Width of a Unit Grate			
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)			
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)			
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)			
Curb Opening Information			
Length of a Unit Curb Opening			
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches			
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches			
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)			
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)			
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)			
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)			
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			
Depth for Grate Midwidth			
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation			
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			
WARNING: Inlet Capacity less than Q Peak for Major Storm			
<input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths			
feet			
MINOR		MAJOR	
Type = Colorado Springs D-10-R			
a _{local} = 4.00		4.00	inches
No = 3		3	
Ponding Depth = 5.6		5.6	inches
MINOR		MAJOR	
L _o (G) = N/A		N/A	feet
W _o = N/A		N/A	feet
A _{ratio} = N/A		N/A	
C _r (G) = N/A		N/A	
C _w (G) = N/A		N/A	
C _o (G) = N/A		N/A	
MINOR		MAJOR	
L _o (C) = 4.00		4.00	feet
H _{vert} = 8.00		8.00	inches
H _{throat} = 8.00		8.00	inches
Theta = 81.00		81.00	degrees
W _p = 2.00		2.00	feet
C _r (C) = 0.10		0.10	
C _w (C) = 3.60		3.60	
C _o (C) = 0.67		0.67	
MINOR		MAJOR	
d _{Grate} = N/A		N/A	ft
d _{Curb} = 0.30		0.30	ft
RF _{Combination} = 0.53		0.53	
RF _{Curb} = 0.84		0.84	
RF _{Grate} = N/A		N/A	
MINOR		MAJOR	
Q _a = 10.8		10.8	cfs
Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} = 1.0		10.8	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

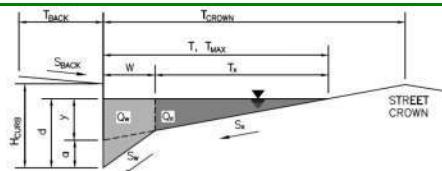
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

J-2

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

 $T_{BACK} = 20.0$ ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

 $H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

 $T_{CROWN} = 17.0$ ft

Gutter Width

 $W = 2.00$ ft

Street Transverse Slope

 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

 $S_o = 0.000$ ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

	Minor Storm	Major Storm
T_{MAX}	17.0	17.0
d_{MAX}	6.0	7.8

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

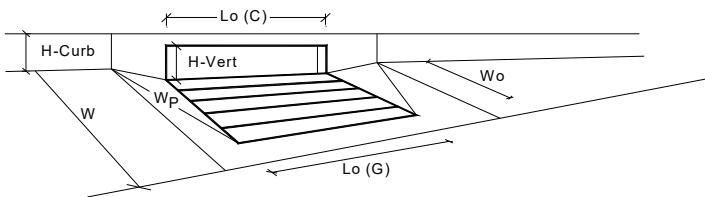
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm
Q_{allow}	SUMP	SUMP

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R	<input type="button" value="▼"/>
Type of Inlet			
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)			
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)			
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)			
Grate Information			
Length of a Unit Grate			
Width of a Unit Grate			
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)			
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)			
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)			
Curb Opening Information			
Length of a Unit Curb Opening			
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches			
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches			
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)			
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)			
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)			
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)			
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			
Depth for Grate Midwidth			
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation			
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			
WARNING: Inlet Capacity less than Q Peak for Major Storm			
<input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths			
feet			
MINOR		MAJOR	
Type = Colorado Springs D-10-R			
a _{local} = 4.00		4.00	inches
No = 3		3	
Ponding Depth = 5.6		5.6	inches
MINOR		MAJOR	
L _o (G) = N/A		N/A	feet
W _o = N/A		N/A	feet
A _{ratio} = N/A		N/A	
C _r (G) = N/A		N/A	
C _w (G) = N/A		N/A	
C _o (G) = N/A		N/A	
MINOR		MAJOR	
L _o (C) = 4.00		4.00	feet
H _{vert} = 8.00		8.00	inches
H _{throat} = 8.00		8.00	inches
Theta = 81.00		81.00	degrees
W _p = 2.00		2.00	feet
C _r (C) = 0.10		0.10	
C _w (C) = 3.60		3.60	
C _o (C) = 0.67		0.67	
MINOR		MAJOR	
d _{Grate} = N/A		N/A	ft
d _{Curb} = 0.30		0.30	ft
RF _{Combination} = 0.53		0.53	
RF _{Curb} = 0.84		0.84	
RF _{Grate} = N/A		N/A	
MINOR		MAJOR	
Q _a = 10.8		10.8	cfs
Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} = 0.8		11.0	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

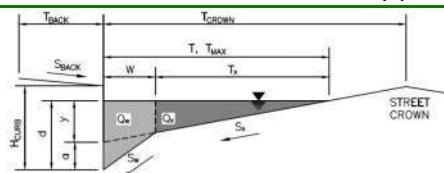
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

F-1

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm
T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

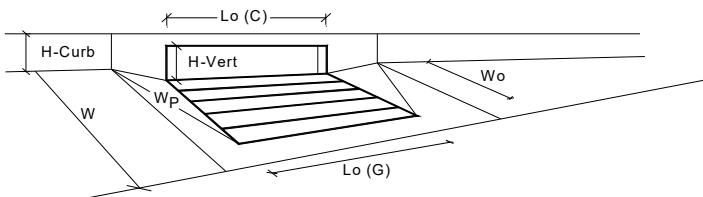
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm
Q_allow = cfs

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R
Type of Inlet		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		
Grate Information		
Length of a Unit Grate		
Width of a Unit Grate		
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		
Curb Opening Information		
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		
Depth for Grate Midwidth		
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R	Colorado Springs D-10-R	inches
a _{local} =	4.00	4.00	inches
No =	2	2	
Ponding Depth =	5.6	5.6	inches
			<input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
C _r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
			<input type="checkbox"/> street
L _o (C) =	4.00	4.00	feet
H _{vert} =	8.00	8.00	inches
H _{throat} =	8.00	8.00	inches
Theta =	81.00	81.00	degrees
W _p =	2.00	2.00	feet
C _r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
			<input type="checkbox"/> feet
d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.30	ft
RF _{Combination} =	0.56	0.56	
RF _{Curb} =	0.99	0.99	
RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
			<input type="checkbox"/> ft
Q _a =	8.3	8.3	cfs
Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	2.3	6.6	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

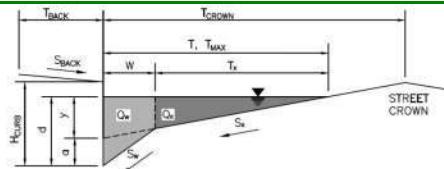
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Inlet ID:

A-1

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

T_BACK = ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

S_BACK = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_BACK =

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

H_CURB = inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

T_CROWN = ft

Gutter Width

W = ft

Street Transverse Slope

S_x = ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

S_w = ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

S_o = ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

n_STREET =

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm Major Storm

T_MAX = ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

d_MAX = inches

17.0 7.8

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

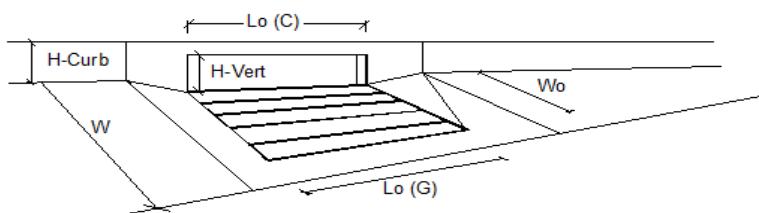
Q_allow = cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		Colorado Springs D-10-R		
Type of Inlet	MINOR MAJOR			
Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R			
a_{LOCAL} =	4.0	4.0	inches	
No =	3	3		
L_o =	4.00	4.00	ft	
W_o =	N/A	N/A	ft	
$C_{r,G}$ =	N/A	N/A		
$C_{r,C}$ =	0.10	0.10		
Street Hydraulics: OK - $Q < \text{Allowable Street Capacity}$				
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	MINOR MAJOR			
Q =	3.0	8.2	cfs	
Q_b =	0.0	1.3	cfs	
Capture Percentage = Q_b/Q_o =	100	87	%	

Program: UDSEWER Math Model Interface 2.1.1.4

Run Date:

3/16/2021 9:01:47 AM

UDSewer Results Summary

Project Title: The Glen Filing No 11

Project Description: Major Storm Event (100 Year)

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System Input Summary

Rainfall Parameters

Rainfall Return Period: 100

Rainfall Calculation Method: Formula

One Hour Depth (in): 2.52

Rainfall Constant "A": 28.5

Rainfall Constant "B": 10

Rainfall Constant "C": 0.786

Rational Method Constraints

Minimum Urban Runoff Coeff.: 0.20

Maximum Rural Overland Len. (ft): 500

Maximum Urban Overland Len. (ft): 300

Used UDFCD Tc. Maximum: Yes

Sizer Constraints

Minimum Sewer Size (in): 18.00

Maximum Depth to Rise Ratio: 0.90

Maximum Flow Velocity (fps): 18.0

Minimum Flow Velocity (fps): 2.0

Backwater Calculations:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 5673.90

Manhole Input Summary:

Manhole Output Summary:

Element Name	Local Contribution					Total Design Flow				Comment
	Overland Time (min)	Gutter Time (min)	Basin Tc (min)	Intensity (in/hr)	Local Contrib (cfs)	Coeff. Area	Intensity (in/hr)	Manhole Tc (min)	Peak Flow (cfs)	
'H-3' (Forebay)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.72	11.70	0.07	125.40	
'H2-H3'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	125.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	125.40	
'H1-H2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	93.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	93.10	
'G2-H1'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.90	Surface Water Present (Downstream)
'G1-G2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.30	Surface Water Present (Downstream)
'G4-H1'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.50	Surface Water Present (Downstream)
'G3-G4'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.40	Surface Water Present (Downstream)
D12-H1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
D11-D12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
D10-D11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
D9-D10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
D8-D9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
D7-D8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
'D6-D7'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
'D5-D6'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
'D4-D5'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	39.70	
'D2-D4'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.80	
'D1-D2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.10	
C3-D2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.70	
'C2-C3'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	21.70	
'C2-C1'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.80	
'B4-C2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.90	
'B3-B4'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.90	
'B2-B3'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.90	
'A4-B2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	
'A3-A4'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	
'A2-A3'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	
'A1-A2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.90	
'B1-B2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.00	
'F7-H2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	
'F6-F7'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	
'F5-F6'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	
'F4-F5'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	
'F3-F4'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.30	
'E7-F3'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.70	
'E6-E7'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.70	
'E5-E6'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.60	
'E4-E5'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.60	
'E3-E4'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.60	
'E2-E3'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.60	
'E1-E2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.50	
'F2-F3'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.60	
'F1-F2'	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.60	

Sewer Input Summary:

		Elevation			Loss Coefficients			Given Dimensions		
Element Name	Sewer Length (ft)	Downstream Invert (ft)	Slope (%)	Upstream Invert (ft)	Mannings n	Bend Loss	Lateral Loss	Cross Section	Rise (ft or in)	Span (ft or in)
'H2-H3'	45.54	5672.32	0.6	5672.59	0.013	0.03	0.00	ELLIPSE	38.00 in	60.00 in
'H1-H2'	55.96	5672.59	0.5	5672.87	0.013	0.05	0.00	ELLIPSE	38.00 in	60.00 in
'G2-H1'	29.60	5673.60	0.7	5673.81	0.013	1.32	0.25	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in
'G1-G2'	36.18	5674.07	0.6	5674.29	0.013	0.29	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
'G4-H1'	10.28	5673.60	0.8	5673.68	0.013	1.32	0.25	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in
'G3-G4'	37.88	5673.80	0.8	5674.10	0.013	0.29	0.00	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in
D12-H1	94.06	5673.04	0.5	5673.51	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
D11-D12	155.35	5673.56	0.5	5674.34	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
D10-D11	78.14	5674.34	0.5	5674.73	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
D9-D10	80.51	5674.74	0.6	5675.22	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
D8-D9	83.20	5675.26	1.2	5676.26	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
D7-D8	78.70	5676.30	1.2	5677.24	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
'D6-D7'	85.26	5677.46	1.0	5678.31	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in
'D5-D6'	216.49	5678.31	1.0	5680.47	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in
'D4-D5'	161.24	5680.40	0.8	5681.69	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in
'D2-D4'	212.13	5681.69	0.6	5682.96	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in
'D1-D2'	27.71	5683.72	0.7	5683.91	0.013	1.32	0.25	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in
C3-D2	177.80	5683.20	0.6	5684.27	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in
'C2-C3'	92.14	5684.27	0.6	5684.82	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in
'C2-C1'	29.13	5685.58	2.0	5686.16	0.013	1.32	0.25	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in
'B4-C2'	77.97	5685.36	0.7	5685.91	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	27.00 in	27.00 in
'B3-B4'	80.62	5685.88	0.8	5686.52	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	27.00 in	27.00 in
'B2-B3'	168.24	5686.60	0.7	5687.78	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	27.00 in	27.00 in
'A4-B2'	153.59	5688.03	0.6	5688.95	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in
'A3-A4'	125.80	5688.95	0.6	5689.70	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in
'A2-A3'	124.91	5689.95	0.6	5690.70	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in
'A1-A2'	33.67	5690.70	1.0	5691.04	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
'B1-B2'	29.70	5688.14	1.6	5688.62	0.013	1.32	0.25	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
'F7-H2'	107.50	5672.60	0.5	5673.14	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
'F6-F7'	75.03	5673.24	0.5	5673.62	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
'F5-F6'	189.19	5673.61	0.5	5674.56	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in
'F4-F5'	250.09	5674.89	0.7	5676.64	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in
'F3-F4'	63.47	5676.65	0.8	5677.16	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in
'E7-F3'	64.32	5677.42	0.8	5677.93	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in
'E6-E7'	117.29	5677.96	0.8	5678.90	0.013	0.08	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in
'E5-E6'	156.79	5679.45	1.0	5681.02	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in
'E4-E5'	189.25	5681.02	1.0	5682.91	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in
'E3-E4'	189.40	5682.92	1.0	5684.81	0.013	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in
'E2-E3'	29.61	5684.80	2.3	5685.48	0.013	1.06	0.00	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in
'E1-E2'	37.39	5685.50	1.8	5686.17	0.013	1.06	0.00	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in
'F2-F3'	292.03	5677.47	0.7	5679.51	0.013	1.32	0.25	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
'F1-F2'	197.94	5679.61	4.0	5687.53	0.013	0.25	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in

Sewer Flow Summary:

	Full Flow Capacity		Critical Flow		Normal Flow						
Element Name	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (fps)	Depth (in)	Velocity (fps)	Depth (in)	Velocity (fps)	Froude Number	Flow Condition	Flow (cfs)	Surcharged Length (ft)	Comment
'H2-H3'	111.59	10.24	38.00	11.51	38.00	11.51	0.00	Pressurized	125.40	45.54	
'H1-H2'	101.86	9.35	34.92	9.33	35.19	9.25	0.98	Pressurized	93.10	55.96	
'G2-H1'	18.98	6.04	24.00	9.52	24.00	9.52	0.00	Pressurized	29.90	29.60	
'G1-G2'	8.16	4.62	18.00	9.22	18.00	9.22	0.00	Pressurized	16.30	36.18	
'G4-H1'	20.29	6.46	24.00	7.48	24.00	7.48	0.00	Pressurized	23.50	10.28	
'G3-G4'	20.29	6.46	17.52	6.67	16.36	7.19	1.14	Pressurized	16.40	37.88	
D12-H1	47.29	6.69	24.61	7.71	25.25	7.49	0.95	Pressurized	39.70	94.06	
D11-D12	47.29	6.69	24.61	7.71	25.25	7.49	0.95	Pressurized	39.70	155.35	
D10-D11	47.29	6.69	24.61	7.71	25.25	7.49	0.95	Pressurized	39.70	78.14	
D9-D10	51.80	7.33	24.61	7.71	23.62	8.08	1.08	Pressurized	39.70	80.51	
D8-D9	73.26	10.36	24.61	7.71	18.88	10.57	1.66	Pressurized	39.70	83.20	
D7-D8	73.26	10.36	24.61	7.71	18.88	10.57	1.66	Supercritical Jump	39.70	40.28	
'D6-D7'	53.03	8.93	25.15	8.17	21.30	9.79	1.39	Supercritical	39.70	0.00	
'D5-D6'	53.03	8.93	25.15	8.17	21.30	9.79	1.39	Supercritical	39.70	0.00	
'D4-D5'	47.43	7.99	25.15	8.17	23.10	8.94	1.19	Supercritical	39.70	0.00	
'D2-D4'	41.08	6.92	21.77	7.17	20.84	7.54	1.09	Supercritical Jump	29.80	5.16	
'D1-D2'	13.29	5.53	12.67	5.34	11.84	5.80	1.14	Pressurized	8.10	27.71	
C3-D2	31.86	6.49	19.00	6.62	18.16	6.98	1.09	Supercritical	21.70	0.00	
'C2-C3'	31.86	6.49	19.00	6.62	18.16	6.98	1.09	Supercritical	21.70	0.00	
'C2-C1'	22.47	9.34	10.64	4.74	7.28	7.83	2.07	Supercritical Jump	5.80	3.55	
'B4-C2'	25.98	6.53	16.69	6.16	15.26	6.86	1.19	Supercritical	15.90	0.00	
'B3-B4'	27.78	6.99	16.69	6.16	14.64	7.22	1.28	Supercritical	15.90	0.00	
'B2-B3'	25.98	6.53	16.69	6.16	15.26	6.86	1.19	Supercritical	15.90	0.00	
'A4-B2'	12.31	5.12	11.65	5.04	11.24	5.26	1.07	Supercritical	6.90	0.00	
'A3-A4'	12.31	5.12	11.65	5.04	11.24	5.26	1.07	Supercritical	6.90	0.00	
'A2-A3'	12.31	5.12	11.65	5.04	11.24	5.26	1.07	Supercritical	6.90	0.00	
'A1-A2'	10.53	5.96	12.20	5.41	10.62	6.36	1.31	Supercritical	6.90	0.00	
'B1-B2'	13.32	7.54	13.93	6.13	10.84	8.09	1.64	Pressurized	9.00	29.70	
'F7-H2'	47.29	6.69	22.13	7.09	21.84	7.20	1.03	Pressurized	32.30	107.50	
'F6-F7'	47.29	6.69	22.13	7.09	21.84	7.20	1.03	Pressurized	32.30	75.03	
'F5-F6'	47.29	6.69	22.13	7.09	21.84	7.20	1.03	Pressurized	32.30	189.19	
'F4-F5'	44.37	7.47	22.69	7.42	20.89	8.15	1.17	Pressurized	32.30	250.09	
'F3-F4'	47.43	7.99	22.69	7.42	19.98	8.59	1.28	Supercritical Jump	32.30	11.17	
'E7-F3'	36.79	7.49	20.73	7.10	18.47	8.10	1.25	Supercritical	25.70	0.00	
'E6-E7'	36.79	7.49	20.73	7.10	18.47	8.10	1.25	Supercritical	25.70	0.00	
'E5-E6'	22.68	7.22	16.52	6.33	14.01	7.67	1.38	Supercritical	14.60	0.00	
'E4-E5'	22.68	7.22	16.52	6.33	14.01	7.67	1.38	Supercritical	14.60	0.00	
'E3-E4'	22.68	7.22	16.52	6.33	14.01	7.67	1.38	Supercritical	14.60	0.00	
'E2-E3'	34.40	10.95	16.52	6.33	10.92	10.50	2.22	Supercritical	14.60	0.00	
'E1-E2'	21.32	8.86	12.99	5.44	9.22	8.36	1.93	Supercritical Jump	8.50	16.11	
'F2-F3'	8.81	4.99	11.93	5.31	11.62	5.47	1.05	Pressurized	6.60	292.03	
'F1-F2'	21.07	11.92	11.93	5.31	6.92	10.54	2.84	Supercritical Jump	6.60	16.43	

Sewer Sizing Summary:

			Existing		Calculated		Used			
Element Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Cross Section	Rise	Span	Rise	Span	Rise	Span	Area (ft^2)	Comment
'H2-H3'	125.40	ELLIPSE	38.00 in	60.00 in	54.00 in	54.00 in	38.00 in	60.00 in	10.90	
'H1-H2'	93.10	ELLIPSE	38.00 in	60.00 in	48.00 in	48.00 in	38.00 in	60.00 in	10.90	**
'G2-H1'	29.90	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	3.14	**
'G1-G2'	16.30	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	1.77	**
'G4-H1'	23.50	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	3.14	**
'G3-G4'	16.40	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	3.14	
D12-H1	39.70	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
D11-D12	39.70	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
D10-D11	39.70	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
D9-D10	39.70	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
D8-D9	39.70	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
D7-D8	39.70	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
'D6-D7'	39.70	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	5.94	
'D5-D6'	39.70	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	5.94	
'D4-D5'	39.70	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	5.94	
'D2-D4'	29.80	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	5.94	
'D1-D2'	8.10	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	2.41	
C3-D2	21.70	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
'C2-C3'	21.70	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
'C2-C1'	5.80	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	2.41	
'B4-C2'	15.90	CIRCULAR	27.00 in	27.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	3.98	
'B3-B4'	15.90	CIRCULAR	27.00 in	27.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	3.98	
'B2-B3'	15.90	CIRCULAR	27.00 in	27.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	3.98	
'A4-B2'	6.90	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	2.41	
'A3-A4'	6.90	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	2.41	
'A2-A3'	6.90	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	2.41	
'A1-A2'	6.90	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	1.77	
'B1-B2'	9.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	1.77	
'F7-H2'	32.30	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
'F6-F7'	32.30	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
'F5-F6'	32.30	CIRCULAR	36.00 in	36.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	36.00 in	36.00 in	7.07	
'F4-F5'	32.30	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	5.94	
'F3-F4'	32.30	CIRCULAR	33.00 in	33.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	33.00 in	33.00 in	5.94	
'E7-F3'	25.70	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
'E6-E7'	25.70	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
'E5-E6'	14.60	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	3.14	
'E4-E5'	14.60	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	3.14	
'E3-E4'	14.60	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	3.14	
'E2-E3'	14.60	CIRCULAR	24.00 in	24.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	3.14	
'E1-E2'	8.50	CIRCULAR	21.00 in	21.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	21.00 in	21.00 in	2.41	
'F2-F3'	6.60	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	1.77	
'F1-F2'	6.60	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	1.77	

- **Existing height is smaller than the suggested height. Exceeds max. Depth/Rise

Grade Line Summary: Tailwater Elevation (ft): 5673.90

	Invert Elev.		Downstream Manhole Losses		HGL		EGL		
Element Name	Downstream (ft)	Upstream (ft)	Bend Loss (ft)	Lateral Loss (ft)	Downstream (ft)	Upstream (ft)	Downstream (ft)	Friction Loss (ft)	Upstream (ft)
'H2-H3'	5672.32	5672.59	0.00	0.00	5675.48	5675.83	5677.54	0.35	5677.88
'H1-H2'	5672.59	5672.87	0.06	0.00	5676.81	5677.04	5677.94	0.23	5678.18
'G2-H1'	5673.60	5673.81	1.86	0.78	5679.68	5680.19	5681.09	0.51	5681.60
'G1-G2'	5674.07	5674.29	0.38	0.00	5680.66	5681.53	5681.98	0.87	5682.85
'G4-H1'	5673.60	5673.68	1.15	0.92	5679.37	5679.48	5680.24	0.11	5680.35
'G3-G4'	5673.80	5674.10	0.12	0.00	5680.05	5680.25	5680.47	0.20	5680.67
D12-H1	5673.04	5673.51	0.04	0.00	5677.72	5678.06	5678.21	0.33	5678.55
D11-D12	5673.56	5674.34	0.04	0.00	5678.10	5678.64	5678.59	0.55	5679.13
D10-D11	5674.34	5674.73	0.04	0.00	5678.68	5678.96	5679.17	0.28	5679.45
D9-D10	5674.74	5675.22	0.02	0.00	5678.98	5679.27	5679.47	0.28	5679.76
D8-D9	5675.26	5676.26	0.04	0.00	5679.30	5679.60	5679.79	0.29	5680.09
D7-D8	5676.30	5677.24	0.04	0.00	5679.64	5679.64	5680.13	0.18	5680.30
'D6-D7'	5677.46	5678.31	0.03	0.00	5679.67	5680.41	5680.72	0.72	5681.44
'D5-D6'	5678.31	5680.47	0.03	0.00	5680.44	5682.57	5681.57	2.03	5683.60
'D4-D5'	5680.40	5681.69	0.03	0.00	5682.86	5683.79	5683.64	1.19	5684.82
'D2-D4'	5681.69	5682.96	0.02	0.00	5684.45	5684.77	5684.84	0.73	5685.57
'D1-D2'	5683.72	5683.91	0.23	0.35	5685.98	5686.05	5686.15	0.07	5686.22
C3-D2	5683.20	5684.27	0.02	0.00	5685.15	5685.85	5685.59	0.95	5686.53
'C2-C3'	5684.27	5684.82	0.02	0.00	5686.01	5686.40	5686.56	0.53	5687.08
'C2-C1'	5685.58	5686.16	0.12	0.28	5687.39	5687.39	5687.48	0.07	5687.55
'B4-C2'	5685.36	5685.91	0.02	0.00	5686.64	5687.30	5687.37	0.52	5687.89
'B3-B4'	5685.88	5686.52	0.02	0.00	5687.49	5687.91	5687.91	0.59	5688.50
'B2-B3'	5686.60	5687.78	0.01	0.00	5687.92	5689.17	5688.61	1.16	5689.76
'A4-B2'	5688.03	5688.95	0.01	0.00	5689.63	5689.92	5689.77	0.55	5690.31
'A3-A4'	5688.95	5689.70	0.01	0.00	5690.00	5690.67	5690.32	0.74	5691.06
'A2-A3'	5689.95	5690.70	0.01	0.00	5690.89	5691.67	5691.32	0.75	5692.06
'A1-A2'	5690.70	5691.04	0.01	0.00	5691.68	5692.06	5692.22	0.30	5692.51
'B1-B2'	5688.14	5688.62	0.53	0.15	5690.04	5690.25	5690.44	0.22	5690.66
'F7-H2'	5672.60	5673.14	0.02	0.00	5677.58	5677.83	5677.90	0.25	5678.15
'F6-F7'	5673.24	5673.62	0.02	0.00	5677.84	5678.02	5678.17	0.18	5678.34
'F5-F6'	5673.61	5674.56	0.02	0.00	5678.04	5678.48	5678.36	0.44	5678.80
'F4-F5'	5674.89	5676.64	0.02	0.00	5678.50	5679.43	5678.96	0.93	5679.89
'F3-F4'	5676.65	5677.16	0.02	0.00	5679.45	5679.45	5679.91	0.12	5680.03
'E7-F3'	5677.42	5677.93	0.02	0.00	5679.53	5679.66	5680.05	0.39	5680.44
'E6-E7'	5677.96	5678.90	0.03	0.00	5679.69	5680.63	5680.52	0.89	5681.41
'E5-E6'	5679.45	5681.02	0.02	0.00	5680.64	5682.40	5681.53	1.49	5683.02
'E4-E5'	5681.02	5682.91	0.02	0.00	5682.41	5684.29	5683.10	1.81	5684.91
'E3-E4'	5682.92	5684.81	0.02	0.00	5684.30	5686.19	5685.00	1.81	5686.81
'E2-E3'	5684.80	5685.48	0.36	0.00	5686.54	5686.86	5687.42	0.06	5687.48
'E1-E2'	5685.50	5686.17	0.21	0.00	5687.49	5687.49	5687.68	0.10	5687.79
'F2-F3'	5677.47	5679.51	0.29	0.41	5680.50	5681.65	5680.72	1.15	5681.87
'F1-F2'	5679.61	5687.53	0.05	0.00	5681.71	5688.52	5681.92	7.04	5688.96

- Bend and Lateral losses only apply when there is an outgoing sewer. The system outfall, sewer #0, is not considered a sewer.
- Bend loss = Bend K * V_{fi} ^ 2/(2*g)
- Lateral loss = V_{fo} ^ 2/(2*g) - Junction Loss K * V_{fi} ^ 2/(2*g).
- Friction loss is always Upstream EGL - Downstream EGL.

Excavation Estimate:

The trench side slope is 1.0 ft/ft
 The minimum trench width is 2.00 ft

					Downstream			Upstream				
Element Name	Length (ft)	Wall (in)	Bedding (in)	Bottom Width (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Trench Depth (ft)	Cover (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Trench Depth (ft)	Cover (ft)	Volume (cu. yd)	Comment
'H2-H3'	45.54	6.00	8.00	9.00	9.03	5.85	1.02	10.49	6.58	1.74	94.78	Sewer Too Shallow
'H1-H2'	55.96	6.00	8.00	9.00	10.49	6.58	1.74	9.67	6.17	1.33	119.54	Sewer Too Shallow
'G2-H1'	29.60	3.00	4.00	5.50	7.53	4.85	2.02	7.68	4.92	2.09	30.68	
'G1-G2'	36.18	2.50	4.00	4.92	7.65	4.62	2.37	7.02	4.30	2.05	31.38	
'G4-H1'	10.28	3.00	4.00	5.50	7.54	4.86	2.02	8.00	5.08	2.25	10.90	
'G3-G4'	37.88	3.00	4.00	5.50	7.77	4.97	2.13	6.82	4.49	1.66	37.70	Sewer Too Shallow
D12-H1	94.06	4.00	6.00	6.67	7.66	5.66	1.50	8.16	5.91	1.75	135.84	Sewer Too Shallow
D11-D12	155.35	4.00	6.00	6.67	8.05	5.86	1.69	7.60	5.63	1.47	222.44	Sewer Too Shallow
D10-D11	78.14	4.00	6.00	6.67	7.60	5.63	1.47	9.26	6.46	2.30	119.45	Sewer Too Shallow
D9-D10	80.51	4.00	6.00	6.67	9.25	6.46	2.29	9.70	6.68	2.52	136.51	
D8-D9	83.20	4.00	6.00	6.67	9.62	6.64	2.48	9.20	6.43	2.27	140.13	
D7-D8	78.70	4.00	6.00	6.67	9.13	6.40	2.23	8.84	6.25	2.09	126.85	
'D6-D7'	85.26	3.75	6.00	6.38	8.66	6.02	2.14	8.65	6.01	2.14	125.16	
'D5-D6'	216.49	3.75	6.00	6.38	8.66	6.02	2.14	9.15	6.26	2.39	326.80	
'D4-D5'	161.24	3.75	6.00	6.38	9.29	6.33	2.46	10.97	7.17	3.30	279.17	
'D2-D4'	212.13	3.75	6.00	6.38	10.98	7.18	3.30	10.53	6.95	3.08	391.54	
'D1-D2'	27.71	2.75	4.00	5.21	10.02	5.95	3.40	10.17	6.02	3.48	38.11	
C3-D2	177.80	3.50	6.00	6.08	10.29	6.69	3.11	10.22	6.65	3.07	295.88	
'C2-C3'	92.14	3.50	6.00	6.08	10.23	6.65	3.07	10.22	6.65	3.07	152.74	
'C2-C1'	29.13	2.75	4.00	5.21	9.46	5.67	3.12	8.89	5.38	2.84	35.30	
'B4-C2'	77.97	3.25	6.00	5.79	9.38	6.09	2.79	9.25	6.02	2.73	110.22	
'B3-B4'	80.62	3.25	6.00	5.79	9.32	6.06	2.76	8.97	5.88	2.59	111.63	
'B2-B3'	168.24	3.25	6.00	5.79	8.81	5.80	2.51	8.37	5.58	2.29	217.58	
'A4-B2'	153.59	2.75	4.00	5.21	8.37	5.12	2.58	8.29	5.08	2.54	165.07	
'A3-A4'	125.80	2.75	4.00	5.21	8.30	5.09	2.55	8.25	5.06	2.52	134.11	
'A2-A3'	124.91	2.75	4.00	5.21	7.75	4.81	2.27	7.71	4.79	2.25	123.06	
'A1-A2'	33.67	2.50	4.00	4.92	7.95	4.77	2.52	7.98	4.78	2.53	32.18	
'B1-B2'	29.70	2.50	4.00	4.92	8.39	4.99	2.74	8.00	4.79	2.54	29.41	
'F7-H2'	107.50	4.00	6.00	6.67	8.80	6.23	2.06	8.32	5.99	1.83	165.85	Sewer Too Shallow
'F6-F7'	75.03	4.00	6.00	6.67	8.11	5.89	1.72	8.40	6.03	1.87	112.20	Sewer Too Shallow
'F5-F6'	189.19	4.00	6.00	6.67	8.41	6.04	1.87	9.32	6.49	2.33	301.56	Sewer Too Shallow
'F4-F5'	250.09	3.75	6.00	6.38	8.91	6.14	2.27	9.17	6.27	2.40	383.06	
'F3-F4'	63.47	3.75	6.00	6.38	9.15	6.26	2.39	9.03	6.20	2.33	97.71	
'E7-F3'	64.32	3.50	6.00	6.08	8.77	5.93	2.34	8.66	5.87	2.29	89.61	
'E6-E7'	117.29	3.50	6.00	6.08	8.60	5.84	2.26	9.34	6.21	2.63	168.43	
'E5-E6'	156.79	3.00	4.00	5.50	8.74	5.45	2.62	8.56	5.36	2.53	187.10	
'E4-E5'	189.25	3.00	4.00	5.50	8.57	5.37	2.53	9.08	5.62	2.79	231.28	
'E3-E4'	189.40	3.00	4.00	5.50	9.07	5.62	2.78	9.58	5.87	3.04	247.42	
'E2-E3'	29.61	3.00	4.00	5.50	9.60	5.88	3.05	9.20	5.68	2.85	39.07	
'E1-E2'	37.39	2.75	4.00	5.21	9.42	5.65	3.10	7.97	4.92	2.38	42.50	
'F2-F3'	292.03	2.50	4.00	4.92	9.67	5.63	3.38	9.12	5.35	3.10	346.30	
'F1-F2'	197.94	2.50	4.00	4.92	8.92	5.25	3.00	11.00	6.29	4.04	256.56	

Total earth volume for sewer trenches = 6443 cubic yards.

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.015)

The Glen Filing No 11
100-Year HGL/EGL Analysis

WARNING 10: crest elevation raised to downstream invert for regulator Link H2-HighPtS
WARNING 02: maximum depth increased for Node HighPtN
WARNING 02: maximum depth increased for Node 68
WARNING 02: maximum depth increased for Node 73
WARNING 02: maximum depth increased for Node 76
WARNING 02: maximum depth increased for Node 87
WARNING 02: maximum depth increased for Node 80
WARNING 02: maximum depth increased for Node 72

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are
based on results found at every computational time step,
not just on results from each reporting time step.

Analysis Options

Flow Units CFS

Process Models:

Rainfall/Runoff YES

RDII NO

Snowmelt NO

Groundwater NO

Flow Routing YES

Ponding Allowed YES

Water Quality NO

Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE

Surcharge Method EXTRAN

Starting Date 03/16/2021 00:00:00

Ending Date 03/16/2021 03:00:00

Antecedent Dry Days 0.0

Report Time Step 00:05:00

Routing Time Step 30.00 sec

Variable Time Step YES

Maximum Trials 8

Number of Threads 1

Head Tolerance 0.005000 ft

***** Volume Volume

Flow Routing Continuity acre-feet 10^6 gal

***** ----- -----

Dry Weather Inflow 0.000 0.000

Wet Weather Inflow 0.000 0.000

Groundwater Inflow 0.000 0.000

RDII Inflow 0.000 0.000

External Inflow 62.847 20.480

External Outflow 33.918 11.053

Flooding Loss 25.749 8.391

Evaporation Loss 0.000 0.000

Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.001	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.416	0.136
Continuity Error (%)	4.400	

Highest Continuity Errors

Node G1 (41.52%)
Node F5 (7.58%)
Node D9 (5.32%)
Node D2 (-3.17%)
Node C3 (2.77%)

Time-Step Critical Elements

Link H2-H3 (1810.24%)
Link G4-H1 (83.73%)
Link H1-H2 (2.36%)
Link G2-H1 (1.84%)

Highest Flow Instability Indexes

Link G4-G3-Gutter (9)
Link H2-G3-Overtopping (9)
Link G2-H1 (9)
Link G4-H1 (9)
Link G3-G4 (7)

Routing Time Step Summary

Minimum Time Step : 0.12 sec
Average Time Step : 0.65 sec
Maximum Time Step : 1.79 sec
Percent in Steady State : 97.69
Average Iterations per Step : 2.71
Percent Not Converging : 7.09
Time Step Frequencies :
30.000 - 13.228 sec : 0.00 %
13.228 - 5.833 sec : 0.00 %
5.833 - 2.572 sec : 0.00 %
2.572 - 1.134 sec : 14.55 %
1.134 - 0.500 sec : 85.45 %

Node Depth Summary

Node	Type	Average Depth	Maximum Depth	Maximum HGL	Time of Occurrence	Max Days	Reported Max Depth
		Feet	Feet	Feet	days hr:min	Feet	
H2	JUNCTION	3.39	3.47	5676.06	0 00:04		3.47
H1	JUNCTION	3.62	3.69	5676.60	0 00:04		3.69
F7	JUNCTION	3.12	4.63	5677.76	0 00:03		3.21
D12	JUNCTION	3.26	3.44	5676.89	0 00:02		3.34
D11	JUNCTION	3.00	3.10	5677.27	0 00:04		3.10
D10	JUNCTION	2.80	2.91	5677.49	0 00:04		2.90
D9	JUNCTION	2.36	2.44	5677.76	0 00:04		2.44
D8	JUNCTION	1.96	2.02	5678.30	0 00:04		2.02
D7	JUNCTION	1.85	1.90	5678.99	0 00:04		1.90
D6	JUNCTION	1.84	1.89	5679.85	0 00:04		1.89
D5	JUNCTION	1.74	1.78	5682.22	0 00:04		1.78
D4	JUNCTION	1.95	2.00	5683.83	0 00:03		1.98
D2	JUNCTION	1.73	1.84	5685.09	0 00:03		1.75
D1	JUNCTION	0.95	1.12	5685.45	0 00:00		0.95
C3	JUNCTION	1.32	1.48	5685.92	0 00:03		1.34
C2	JUNCTION	1.50	1.59	5686.68	0 00:02		1.52
B4	JUNCTION	1.36	1.46	5687.37	0 00:02		1.38
B3	JUNCTION	1.41	1.49	5688.04	0 00:02		1.43
B2	JUNCTION	1.39	1.46	5689.29	0 00:02		1.40
B1	JUNCTION	1.11	1.39	5689.77	0 00:00		1.12
A4	JUNCTION	1.05	1.21	5690.21	0 00:01		1.07
A3	JUNCTION	1.04	1.14	5690.99	0 00:01		1.05
A2	JUNCTION	1.05	1.11	5691.81	0 00:00		1.05
A1	JUNCTION	0.99	1.19	5692.23	0 00:00		0.99
E1	JUNCTION	1.06	1.30	5687.01	0 00:00		1.06
E2	JUNCTION	1.31	1.59	5686.86	0 00:00		1.31
E3	JUNCTION	1.17	1.54	5686.35	0 00:00		1.17
E4	JUNCTION	1.16	1.21	5684.12	0 00:01		1.17
E5	JUNCTION	1.10	1.19	5682.11	0 00:01		1.12
E6	JUNCTION	1.56	1.67	5680.29	0 00:02		1.58
E7	JUNCTION	1.52	1.63	5679.27	0 00:02		1.54
F3	JUNCTION	1.64	1.76	5678.76	0 00:02		1.67
F2	JUNCTION	1.05	1.07	5680.15	0 00:02		1.07
F1	JUNCTION	0.58	0.58	5688.11	0 00:00		0.58
F4	JUNCTION	1.64	1.88	5678.27	0 00:02		1.68
F5	JUNCTION	2.43	2.51	5676.80	0 00:04		2.51
F6	JUNCTION	3.03	5.24	5678.67	0 00:03		3.12
G3	JUNCTION	2.53	2.58	5676.68	0 00:04		2.58
G4	JUNCTION	2.93	2.98	5676.64	0 00:04		2.98
G2	JUNCTION	2.99	3.05	5676.65	0 00:04		3.05
G1	JUNCTION	2.39	2.43	5676.66	0 00:04		2.43
C1	JUNCTION	0.73	0.77	5686.95	0 00:02		0.73
J2	JUNCTION	0.67	0.98	5673.75	0 00:00		0.67
J1	JUNCTION	0.99	1.12	5673.61	0 00:00		0.99
PA1	JUNCTION	1.83	2.00	5679.81	0 00:00		1.83
PA2	JUNCTION	1.99	2.00	5679.36	0 00:00		2.00
HighPtN	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5677.88	0 00:00		0.00
HighPtS	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5677.88	0 00:00		0.00
68	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5698.00	0 00:00		0.00

70	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5698.00	0 00:00	0.00
84	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5695.00	0 00:00	0.00
73	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5690.25	0 00:00	0.00
76	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5682.75	0 00:00	0.00
87	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5682.00	0 00:00	0.00
80	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5680.75	0 00:00	0.00
72	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5692.00	0 00:00	0.00
H3	OUTFALL	2.41	2.45	5674.70	0 00:04	2.45
Forebay-J	OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	5671.61	0 00:00	0.00

Node Inflow Summary

Node	Type	Maximum Lateral		Max Inflow	Total Inflow	Flow Balance		
		Lateral Inflow	Total Inflow					
		Time of Occurrence	Volume					
Node	Type	CFS	CFS	days	hr:min	10^6 gal	10^6 gal	Percent
H2	JUNCTION	13.70	127.30	0 00:04	1.11	10.2	1.383	
H1	JUNCTION	0.00	77.12	0 00:04	0	6.17	0.252	
F7	JUNCTION	0.00	31.99	0 00:03	0	2.43	0.022	
D12	JUNCTION	0.00	37.06	0 00:04	0	2.96	0.471	
D11	JUNCTION	0.00	38.17	0 00:04	0	3.04	0.118	
D10	JUNCTION	0.00	38.77	0 00:03	0	3.03	-0.181	
D9	JUNCTION	0.00	40.15	0 00:04	0	3.2	5.615	
D8	JUNCTION	0.00	40.68	0 00:04	0	3.25	1.407	
D7	JUNCTION	0.00	40.78	0 00:04	0	3.26	0.297	
D6	JUNCTION	0.00	41.20	0 00:04	0	3.29	1.120	
D5	JUNCTION	0.00	41.24	0 00:04	0	3.3	0.233	
D4	JUNCTION	9.90	41.53	0 00:03	0.8	3.21	-2.594	
D2	JUNCTION	0.00	31.89	0 00:03	0	2.34	-3.072	
D1	JUNCTION	8.10	8.10	0 00:00	0.654	0.654	0.014	
C3	JUNCTION	0.00	22.96	0 00:03	0	1.73	2.847	
C2	JUNCTION	0.00	22.66	0 00:02	0	1.74	0.356	
B4	JUNCTION	0.00	16.69	0 00:02	0	1.27	0.092	
B3	JUNCTION	0.00	16.50	0 00:02	0	1.28	0.175	
B2	JUNCTION	0.00	16.62	0 00:01	0	1.28	0.393	
B1	JUNCTION	9.00	9.00	0 00:00	0.727	0.727	0.052	
A4	JUNCTION	0.00	7.40	0 00:01	0	0.555	0.080	
A3	JUNCTION	0.00	7.24	0 00:01	0	0.556	0.212	
A2	JUNCTION	0.00	7.89	0 00:00	0	0.557	0.227	
A1	JUNCTION	6.90	6.90	0 00:00	0.557	0.557	0.060	
E1	JUNCTION	8.50	8.50	0 00:00	0.687	0.687	0.047	
E2	JUNCTION	6.10	15.82	0 00:00	0.493	1.18	0.052	
E3	JUNCTION	0.00	17.06	0 00:00	0	1.18	0.105	
E4	JUNCTION	0.00	18.21	0 00:00	0	1.18	0.371	
E5	JUNCTION	0.00	15.10	0 00:01	0	1.17	0.144	
E6	JUNCTION	11.10	26.69	0 00:02	0.897	2.07	0.196	
E7	JUNCTION	0.00	27.33	0 00:02	0	2.06	0.090	
F3	JUNCTION	0.00	34.18	0 00:02	0	2.59	0.127	
F2	JUNCTION	0.00	6.64	0 00:00	0	0.532	0.441	
F1	JUNCTION	6.60	6.60	0 00:00	0.533	0.533	0.177	
F4	JUNCTION	0.00	33.99	0 00:02	0	2.59	0.019	
F5	JUNCTION	0.00	35.76	0 00:02	0	2.59	8.202	
F6	JUNCTION	0.00	35.80	0 00:03	0	2.39	-1.256	

G3	JUNCTION	16.40	16.40	0 00:00	1.32	1.32	0.098
G4	JUNCTION	7.10	25.53	0 00:00	0.574	1.57	0.371
G2	JUNCTION	13.60	32.09	0 00:00	1.1	1.68	0.551
G1	JUNCTION	16.30	16.30	0 00:00	1.32	1.32	71.009
C1	JUNCTION	5.80	5.80	0 00:00	0.469	0.469	0.033
J2	JUNCTION	3.70	3.70	0 00:00	0.299	0.299	0.485
J1	JUNCTION	8.70	13.80	0 00:00	0.703	1	-0.115
PA1	JUNCTION	102.00	102.00	0 00:00	8.24	8.24	-0.791
PA2	JUNCTION	0.00	107.99	0 00:00	0	8.3	0.000
HighPtN	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
HighPtS	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
68	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
70	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
84	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
73	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
76	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
87	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
80	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
72	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	0 00:00	0	0	0.000 gal
H3	OUTFALL	0.00	125.61	0 00:04	0	10.1	0.000
Forebay-J	OUTFALL	0.00	13.58	0 00:01	0	1	0.000

Node Surcharge Summary

Surcharging occurs when water rises above the top of the highest conduit.

Node	Type	Max. Height		Min. Depth Below Rim
		Hours	Above Crown	
H1	JUNCTION	2.95	0.523	1.550
F7	JUNCTION	2.95	1.777	0.000
D12	JUNCTION	2.95	0.339	0.701
D11	JUNCTION	2.93	0.000	0.000
F6	JUNCTION	2.93	2.142	0.000
PA1	JUNCTION	0.01	0.000	0.000
PA2	JUNCTION	3.00	0.000	0.000

Node Flooding Summary

Flooding refers to all water that overflows a node, whether it ponds or not.

Node	Total Maximum					
	Hours	Maximum Flooded	Time of Rate CFS	Max Occurrence	Flood Volume 10^6 gal	Ponded Depth Feet
D11	2.93	1.12	0 00:04	0.089	0.000	
G1	2.95	10.91	0 00:03	0.559	0.427	
PA1	0.01	84.62	0 00:00	0.007	0.000	
PA2	3.00	107.99	0 00:00	8.294	0.000	

Outfall Loading Summary

Outfall Node	Flow Freq	Avg Flow Pcnt	Max Flow CFS	Total Volume 10^6 gal
H3	100.00	122.31	125.61	10.050
Forebay-J	100.00	12.37	13.58	1.001
System	100.00	134.68	138.02	11.052

Link Flow Summary

Link	Type	Maximum Flow CFS	Time of Occurrence days	Max Veloc hr:min	Max Full ft/sec	Max/ Full Flow	Max/ Full Depth
A1-A2	CONDUIT	7.89	0 00:00	5.83	0.89	0.75	
A2-A3	CONDUIT	7.24	0 00:01	5.41	0.89	0.71	
A3-A4	CONDUIT	7.40	0 00:01	5.32	0.91	0.74	
A4-B2	CONDUIT	7.72	0 00:01	5.23	0.95	0.78	
B1-B2	CONDUIT	10.54	0 00:00	7.07	1.00	0.84	
B2-B3	CONDUIT	16.50	0 00:02	6.81	0.87	0.72	
B3-B4	CONDUIT	16.69	0 00:02	6.73	0.90	0.74	
B4-C2	CONDUIT	16.87	0 00:02	6.96	0.87	0.72	
C1-C2	CONDUIT	5.87	0 00:00	8.16	0.39	0.62	
C2-C3	CONDUIT	22.96	0 00:03	7.06	0.72	0.63	
C3-D2	CONDUIT	23.79	0 00:03	7.36	0.58	0.63	
D10-D11	CONDUIT	38.17	0 00:04	5.43	0.91	0.98	
D11-D12	CONDUIT	37.06	0 00:04	5.24	0.88	1.00	
D12-H1	CONDUIT	36.97	0 00:04	5.77	0.67	1.00	
D1-D2	CONDUIT	10.48	0 00:00	9.75	0.71	0.76	
D2-D4	CONDUIT	31.63	0 00:03	7.54	0.77	0.67	
D4-D5	CONDUIT	41.24	0 00:04	8.98	0.87	0.72	
D5-D6	CONDUIT	41.20	0 00:04	10.10	0.74	0.65	
D6-D7	CONDUIT	40.78	0 00:04	9.39	0.81	0.69	
D7-D8	CONDUIT	40.68	0 00:04	9.07	0.76	0.71	
D8-D9	CONDUIT	40.15	0 00:04	8.49	0.76	0.79	
D9-D10	CONDUIT	38.77	0 00:03	6.95	0.82	0.94	
E1-E2	CONDUIT	9.72	0 00:00	5.47	0.64	0.74	
E2-E3	CONDUIT	17.06	0 00:00	7.04	0.90	0.75	
E3-E4	CONDUIT	18.21	0 00:00	10.81	0.80	0.59	
E4-E5	CONDUIT	15.10	0 00:01	7.72	0.67	0.60	
E5-E6	CONDUIT	15.59	0 00:02	8.19	0.64	0.59	
E6-E7	CONDUIT	27.33	0 00:02	8.03	0.77	0.66	
E7-F3	CONDUIT	27.55	0 00:02	8.16	0.75	0.65	
F1-F2	CONDUIT	6.64	0 00:00	10.56	0.32	0.39	
F2-F3	CONDUIT	6.64	0 00:02	4.69	0.86	0.78	
F3-F4	CONDUIT	33.99	0 00:02	8.67	0.72	0.64	
F4-F5	CONDUIT	35.76	0 00:02	7.99	0.76	0.74	
F5-F6	CONDUIT	35.80	0 00:03	5.64	0.85	0.92	

F6-F7	CONDUIT	31.99	0 00:03	5.39	1.17	1.00
F7-H2	CONDUIT	32.06	0 00:03	5.40	0.86	1.00
G1-G2	CONDUIT	18.49	0 00:00	7.01	1.19	1.00
G2-H1	CONDUIT	35.02	0 00:00	9.10	0.88	1.00
G3-G4	CONDUIT	18.43	0 00:00	6.67	0.86	1.00
G4-H1	CONDUIT	27.43	0 00:00	9.12	1.30	1.00
H1-H2	CONDUIT	77.08	0 00:04	9.78	1.41	1.00
H2-H3	CONDUIT	125.61	0 00:04	10.36	1.01	0.89
J1-EDB	CONDUIT	13.58	0 00:01	5.76	0.82	0.66
J2-J1	CONDUIT	5.10	0 00:00	3.13	0.29	0.62
PA1-PA2	CONDUIT	107.99	0 00:00	9.46	0.74	1.00
68-69	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
70-71	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
84-A1	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
80-G3	CHANNEL	0.00	0 00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00
H2-HighPtS	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		
87-G2	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		
HighPtN-J2	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		
D4-G4	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		
H2-G1-Overtopping	WEIR	2.36	0 00:04	0.11		
H2-G3-Overtopping	WEIR	4.09	0 00:04	0.16		
73-E6	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		
76-H2	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		
HighPtS-J1	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		
72-D4	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		
G4-G3-Gutter	WEIR	0.41	0 00:04	0.04		
G2-G1-Gutter	WEIR	0.80	0 00:04	0.10		
HighPtN-G1	WEIR	0.00	0 00:00	0.00		

Flow Classification Summary

Conduit	Length	Fraction of Time in Flow Class									
		/Actual	Up Dry	Down Dry	Sub Dry	Sup Crit	Up Crit	Down Crit	Norm Crit	Inlet Ctrl	Ltd Ctrl
A1-A2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	
A2-A3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	
A3-A4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	
A4-B2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
B1-B2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.96	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	
B2-B3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	
B3-B4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	
B4-C2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	
C1-C2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	
C2-C3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	
C3-D2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
D10-D11	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	
D11-D12	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
D12-H1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
D1-D2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	
D2-D4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	
D4-D5	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	
D5-D6	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	
D6-D7	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	

D7-D8	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D8-D9	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
D9-D10	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
E1-E2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E2-E3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E3-E4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
E4-E5	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E5-E6	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
E6-E7	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
E7-F3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
F1-F2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
F2-F3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.99	0.00	0.00
F3-F4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
F4-F5	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
F5-F6	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
F6-F7	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
F7-H2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
G1-G2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
G2-H1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
G3-G4	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
G4-H1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
H1-H2	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
H2-H3	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.96	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
J1-EDB	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
J2-J1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PA1-PA2		1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
68-69	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
70-71	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
84-A1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
80-G3	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Conduit Surcharge Summary

Conduit	Hours		Hours		Capacity	
	Both Ends	Hours Full	Above Full	Dnstream	Normal Flow	Limited
D10-D11	0.01	0.01	2.93	0.01	0.01	
D11-D12	2.94	2.94	2.95	0.01	0.01	
D12-H1	2.95	2.95	2.95	0.01	0.01	
D9-D10	0.01	0.01	2.93	0.01	0.01	
F5-F6	0.01	0.01	2.93	0.01	0.01	
F6-F7	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	
F7-H2	2.95	2.95	2.95	0.01	0.01	
G1-G2	2.95	2.95	2.95	0.04	0.01	
G2-H1	2.95	2.95	2.95	0.01	0.01	
G3-G4	2.95	2.95	2.95	0.01	0.01	
G4-H1	2.95	2.95	2.95	0.06	0.01	
H1-H2	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.96	2.95	
H2-H3	0.01	2.95	0.01	2.93	0.01	
PA1-PA2	0.01	0.01	3.00	0.01	0.01	

Analysis begun on: Wed Apr 14 12:42:25 2021

Analysis ended on: Wed Apr 14 12:42:25 2021

APPENDIX D

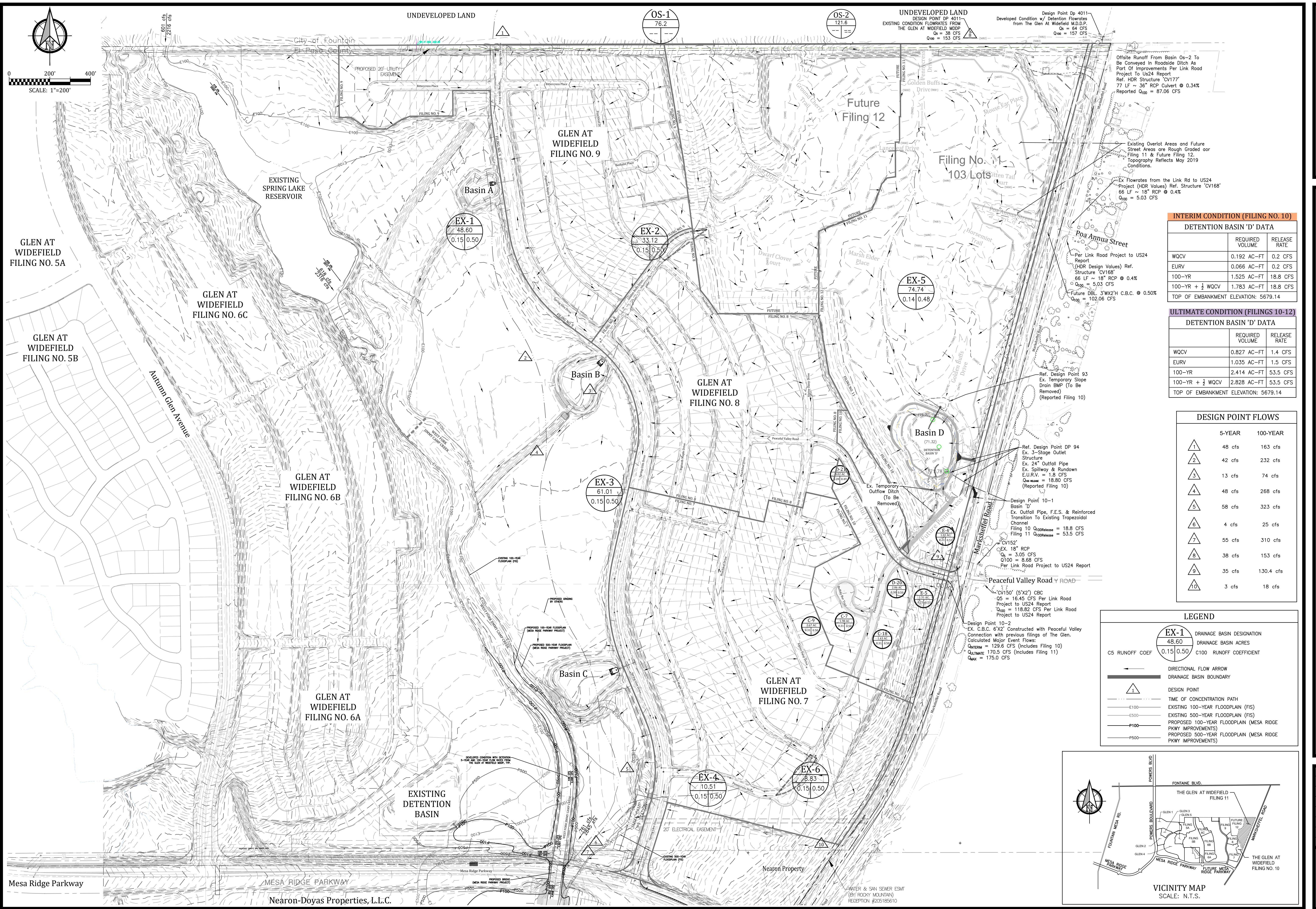
Existing and Proposed Drainage Plans

Sheet 1 – Historic Conditions (Overall)

Sheet 2 - Developed Conditions Onsite (South)

Sheet 3 – Developed Conditions Onsite (North)

THE GLEN AT WIDEFIELD
FILING NO. 11
HISTORIC DRAINAGE BASINS (WITH CURRENT CONDITIONS)
El Paso, County, Colorado



19016 Filing 11 - Historic Conditions.dwg/Jun 23, 2021

1 of 3 Sheets

THE GLEN AT WIDEFIELD
FILING NO. 11
DEVELOPED DRAINAGE BASINS (ON-SITE)
El Paso, County, Colorado

Project No.:	19016
Date:	June 21, 2021
Design:	MJK
Drawn:	MJK
Check:	AMcC
Revisions:	
SHEET	D-1
2 of 3 Sheets	

19016 Filing 11 - Developed Conditions.dwg/jl

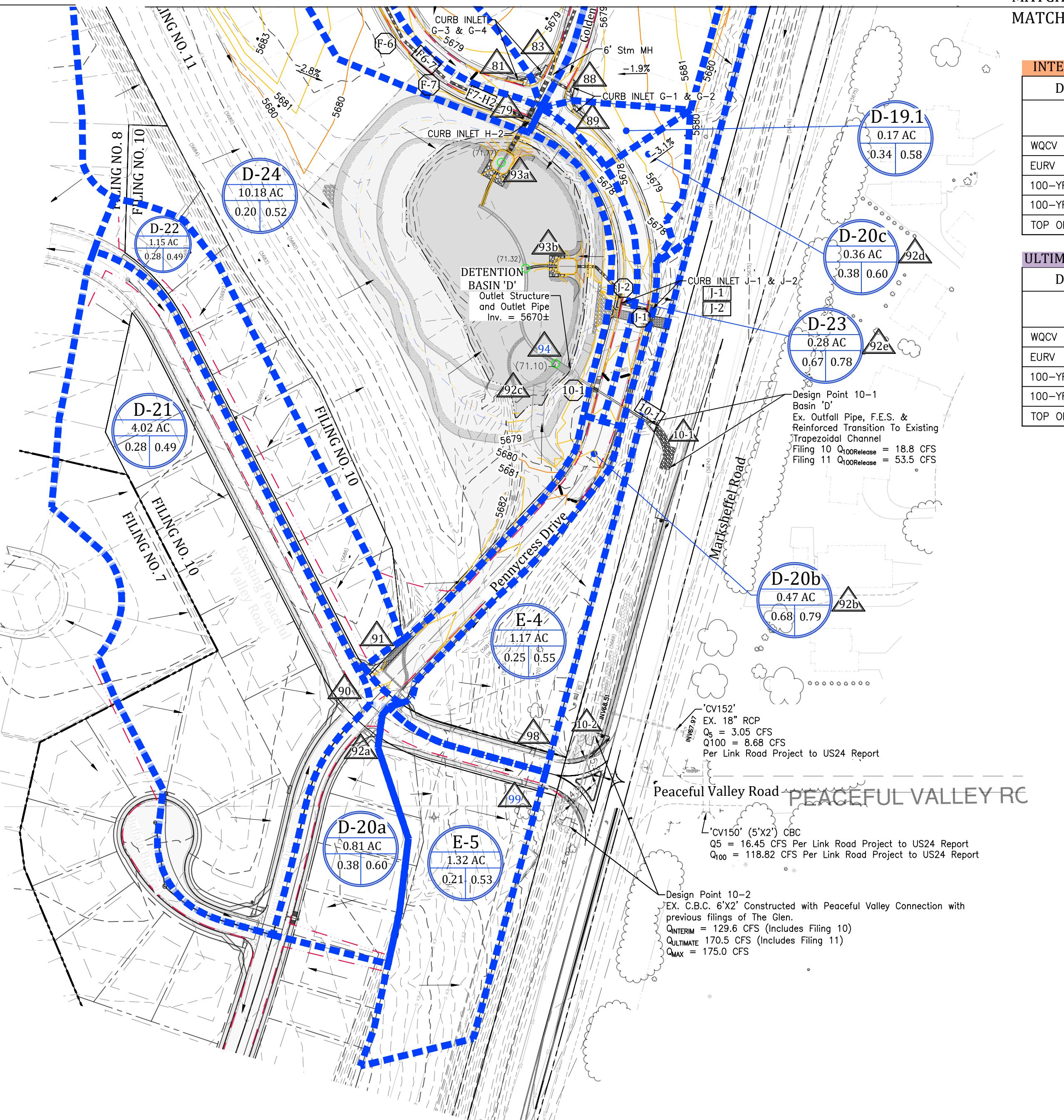
MATCHLINE SEE SHEET D-2
MATCHLINE SEE SHEET D-1

INLET IDENTIFIER (B-1)									
Inlet ID	Design Flow (Basin or DP)	Flow to Inlet			Inlet Capacity	Flow Not Captured by Inlet			to
		2yr	5yr	100yr		Syr	100yr	Syr	
A-1 DP 84	3.0cf/s 8.6cf/s	10' Type R	On Grade	3.0 cf/s 6.9 cf/s	0.0cf/s	1.7cf/s	0.0cf/s	to B-1	
A-4 'A-4' (Temp)	4.4cf/s 12.7cf/s	Temp. Grade at MH	In Sump	10.0 cf/s 24.0 cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	to C-1	
B-1 D-16	2.5cf/s 7.3cf/s	10' Type R	On Grade	5.0 cf/s 9.6 cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	to C-1	
C-1 DP 85	2.4cf/s 6.9cf/s	10' Type R	On Grade	2.4 cf/s 5.8 cf/s	0.0cf/s	1.1cf/s	0.0cf/s	to D-1	
D-1 DP 86	4.4cf/s 12.7cf/s	10' Type R	On Grade	4.3 cf/s 8.1 cf/s	0.1cf/s	5.7cf/s	0.0cf/s	to G-2	
D-4 DP 82	3.8cf/s 11.1cf/s	10' Type R	On Grade	3.8 cf/s 9.9 cf/s	0.0cf/s	1.2cf/s	0.0cf/s	to G-4	
G-1 DP 89	0.3cf/s 0.7cf/s	20' Type R	In Sump	10.8 cf/s 19.9 cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	N/A	
G-2 DP 88	6.2cf/s 18.1cf/s	15' Type R	On Grade	6.3 cf/s 13.4 cf/s	0.0cf/s	10.1cf/s	0.0cf/s	to G-1	
G-3 DP 81	5.7cf/s 16.4cf/s	20' Type R	In Sump	10.8 cf/s 19.9 cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	N/A	
G-4 DP 83	3.8cf/s 11.0cf/s	15' Type R	On Grade	3.8 cf/s 7.1 cf/s	0.0cf/s	5.1cf/s	0.0cf/s	J-1	
E-1 DP 71	3.4cf/s 9.9cf/s	10' Type R	On Grade	3.4 cf/s 8.5 cf/s	0.0cf/s	1.4cf/s	0.0cf/s	to E-6	
E-2 DP 69	2.6cf/s 7.5cf/s	10' Type R	On Grade	2.6 cf/s 6.1 cf/s	0.0cf/s	1.4cf/s	0.0cf/s	to E-6	
E-6 DP 75	3.7cf/s 10.8cf/s	15' Type R	On Grade	3.9 cf/s 11.1 cf/s	0.0cf/s	2.6cf/s	0.0cf/s	to H-2	
F-1 DP 77	2.3cf/s 6.6cf/s	10' Type R	In Sump	8.7 cf/s 11.2 cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	to H-2	
H-2 DP 79	5.4cf/s 15.5cf/s	20' Type R	In Sump	18.2 cf/s 19.9 cf/s	0.0cf/s	1.1cf/s	0.0cf/s	J-2	
J-1 DP 92a	1.0cf/s 2.6cf/s	10' Type R	In Sump	8.7 cf/s 8.7 cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	to J-1	
J-2 DP 92b	0.8cf/s 1.5cf/s	10' Type R	In Sump	8.7 cf/s 8.7 cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	0.0cf/s	G-1	

Note: Storm Monholes A-4 and F-2 will serve as interim inlet pending development of Future Filing No.

12 to the west.

Note: Storm capacity exceeded at PennyCress / Golden Bufls intersection (OP 79) in Major Storm. Flows in excess of 5" depth will overtop asphalt and feed surrounding inlets G-1 & G-4, then J-1 & J-2.



INTERIM CONDITION (FILING NO. 10)
DETENTION BASIN 'D' DATA

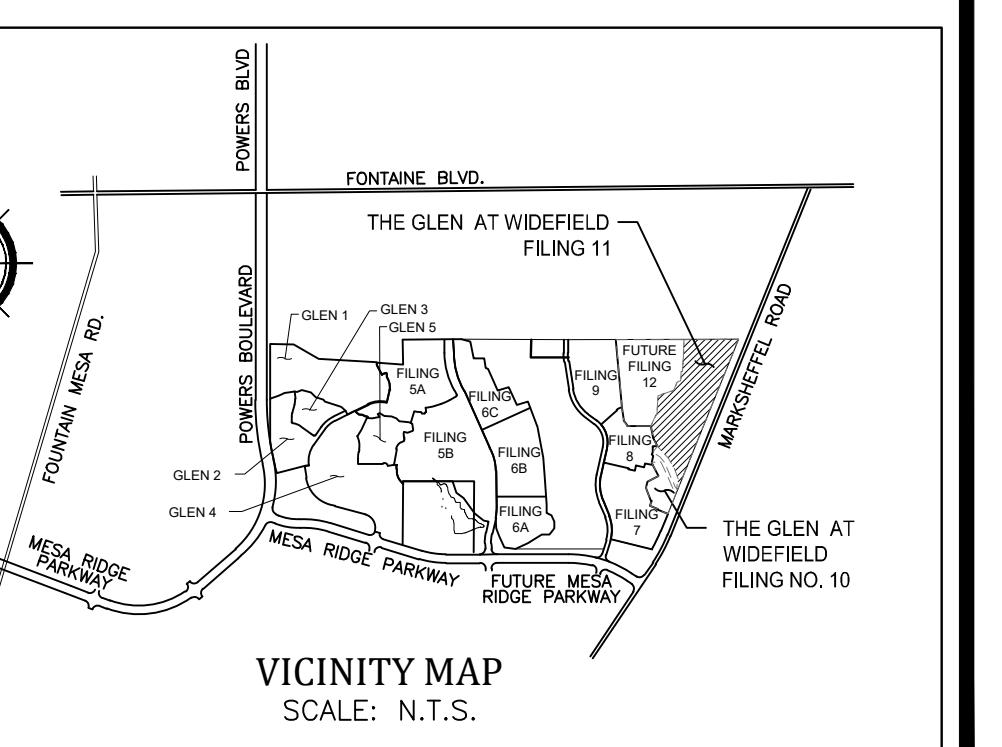
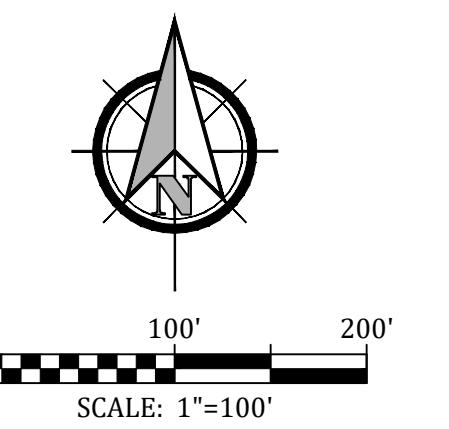
	REQUIRED VOLUME	RELEASE RATE
WQCV	0.192 AC-FT	0.2 CFS
EURV	0.066 AC-FT	0.2 CFS
100-YR	1.525 AC-FT	18.8 CFS
100-YR + $\frac{1}{2}$ WQCV	1.783 AC-FT	18.8 CFS
TOP OF EMBANKMENT ELEVATION:	5679.14	

ULTIMATE CONDITION (FILINGS 10-12)
DETENTION BASIN 'D' DATA

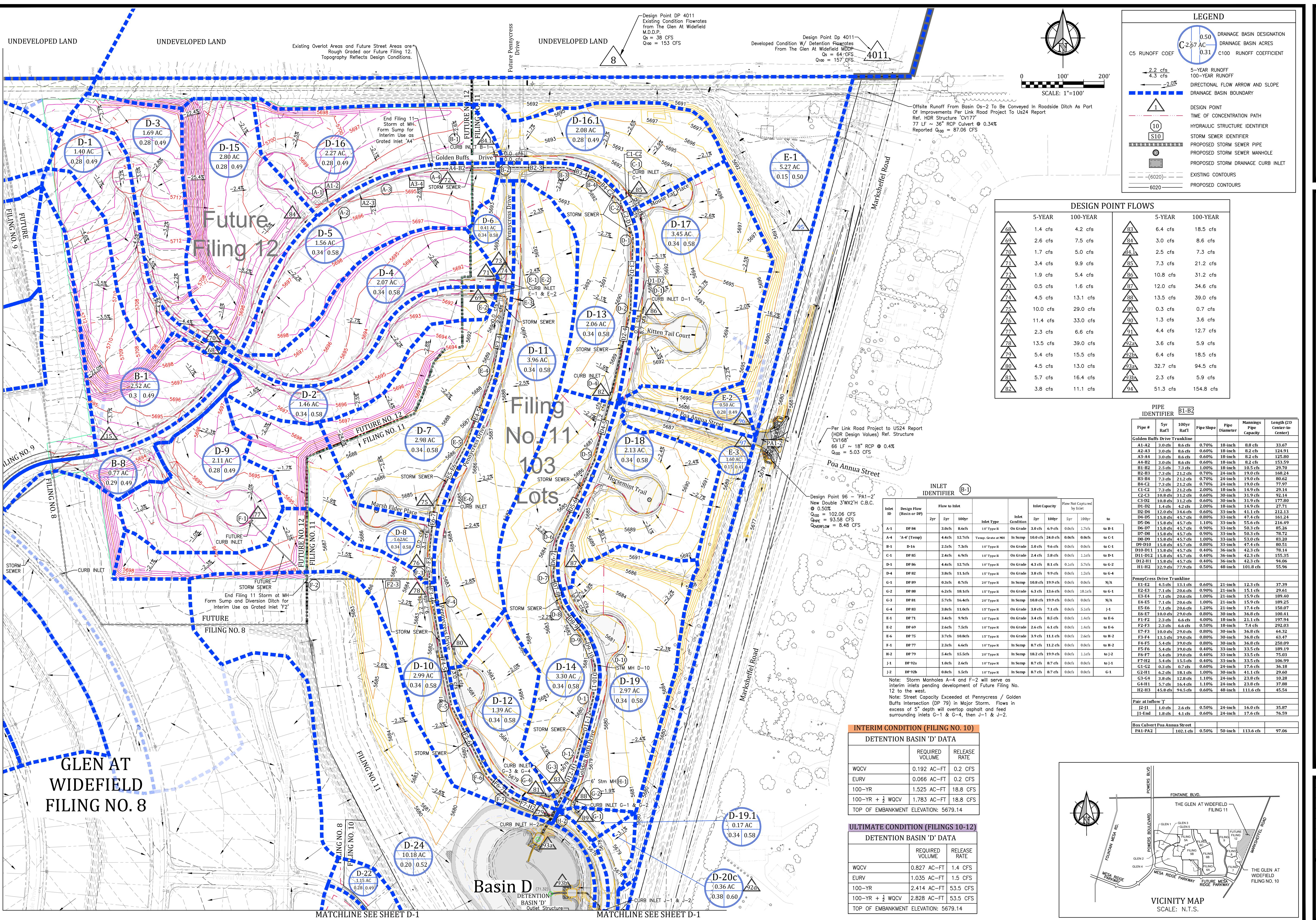
	REQUIRED VOLUME	RELEASE RATE
WQCV	0.827 AC-FT	1.4 CFS
EURV	1.035 AC-FT	1.5 CFS
100-YR	2.414 AC-FT	53.5 CFS
100-YR + $\frac{1}{2}$ WQCV	2.828 AC-FT	53.5 CFS
TOP OF EMBANKMENT ELEVATION:	5679.14	

DESIGN POINT FLOWS

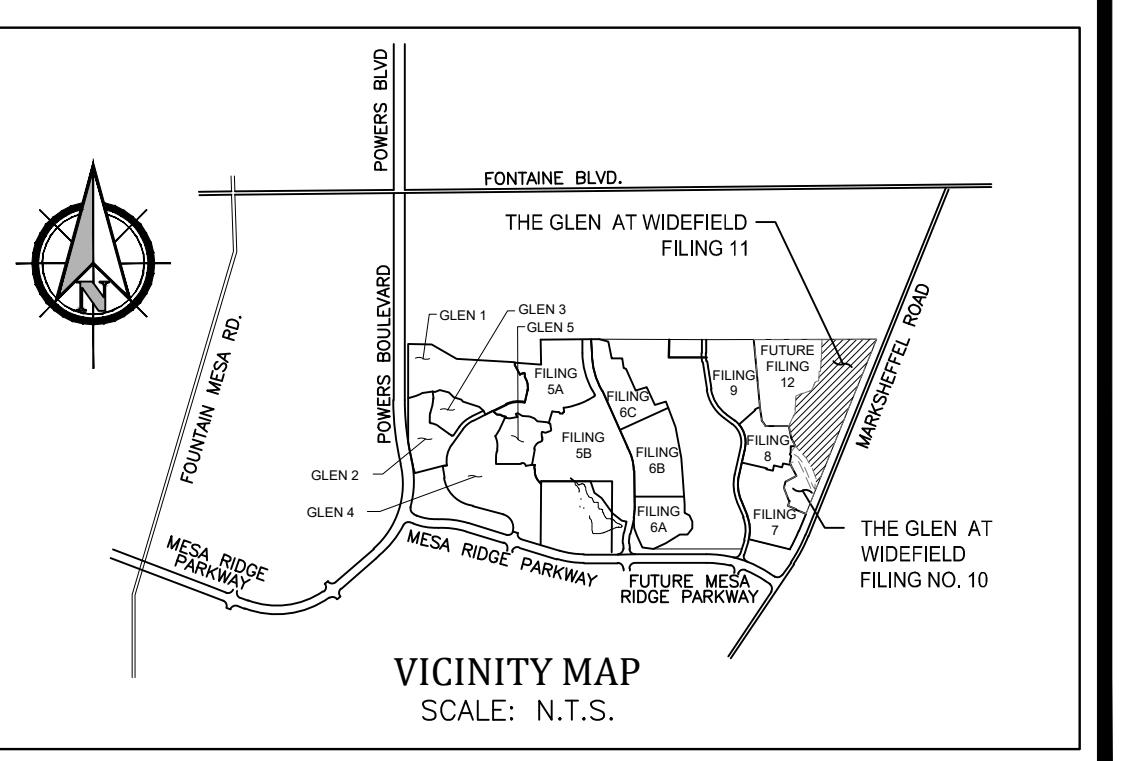
	5-YEAR Filing 10	5-YEAR Filings 10-12	100-YEAR Filing 10	100-YEAR Filings 10-12
79	15.1 cfs	5.4 cfs	43.8 cfs	15.5 cfs
81	5.7 cfs	5.7 cfs	16.4 cfs	16.4 cfs
83	5.4 cfs	6.4 cfs	15.6 cfs	18.5 cfs
88	14.5 cfs	13.5 cfs	42.1 cfs	39.0 cfs
90	0.2 cfs	0.3 cfs	0.7 cfs	0.7 cfs
91	1.3 cfs	1.3 cfs	3.6 cfs	3.6 cfs
92a	4.4 cfs	4.4 cfs	12.7 cfs	12.7 cfs
92b	0.9 cfs	3.6 cfs	2.5 cfs	5.9 cfs
92c	0.7 cfs	6.4 cfs	1.9 cfs	18.5 cfs
92d	2.7 cfs	32.7 cfs	7.7 cfs	94.5 cfs
92da	0.2 cfs	2.3 cfs	1.1 cfs	5.9 cfs
92db	18.1 cfs	51.3 cfs	86.0 cfs	154.8 cfs
10-1	0.5 cfs	4.0 cfs	18.8 cfs	41.8 cfs
98	0.9 cfs	0.9 cfs	3.8 cfs	3.8 cfs
99	1.1 cfs	1.1 cfs	4.6 cfs	4.6 cfs
10-2			129.6 cfs	146.6 cfs




THE GLEN AT WIDEFIELD
FILING NO. 11
DEVELOPED DRAINAGE BASINS (OFF-SITE)
El Paso, County, Colorado

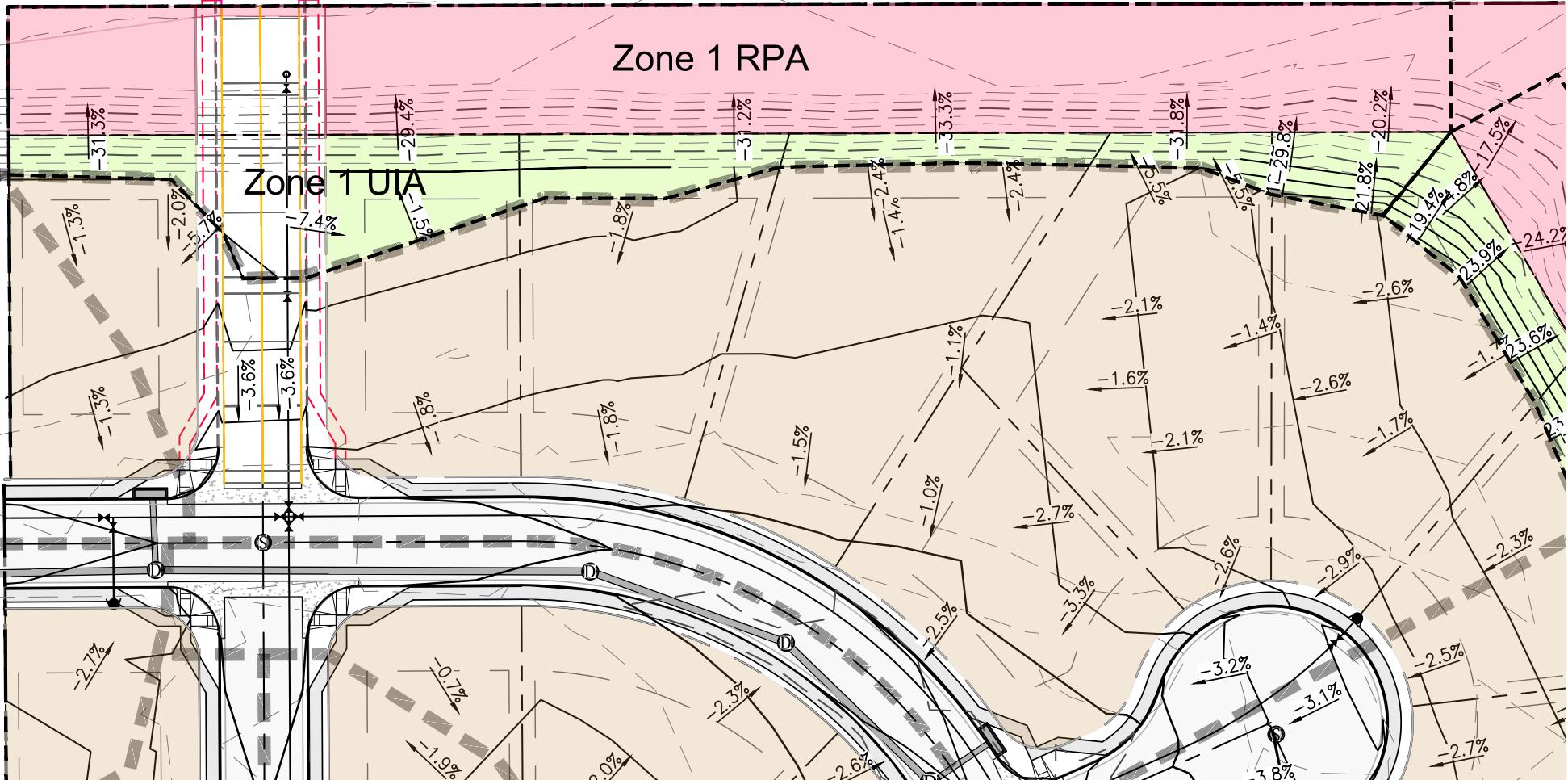


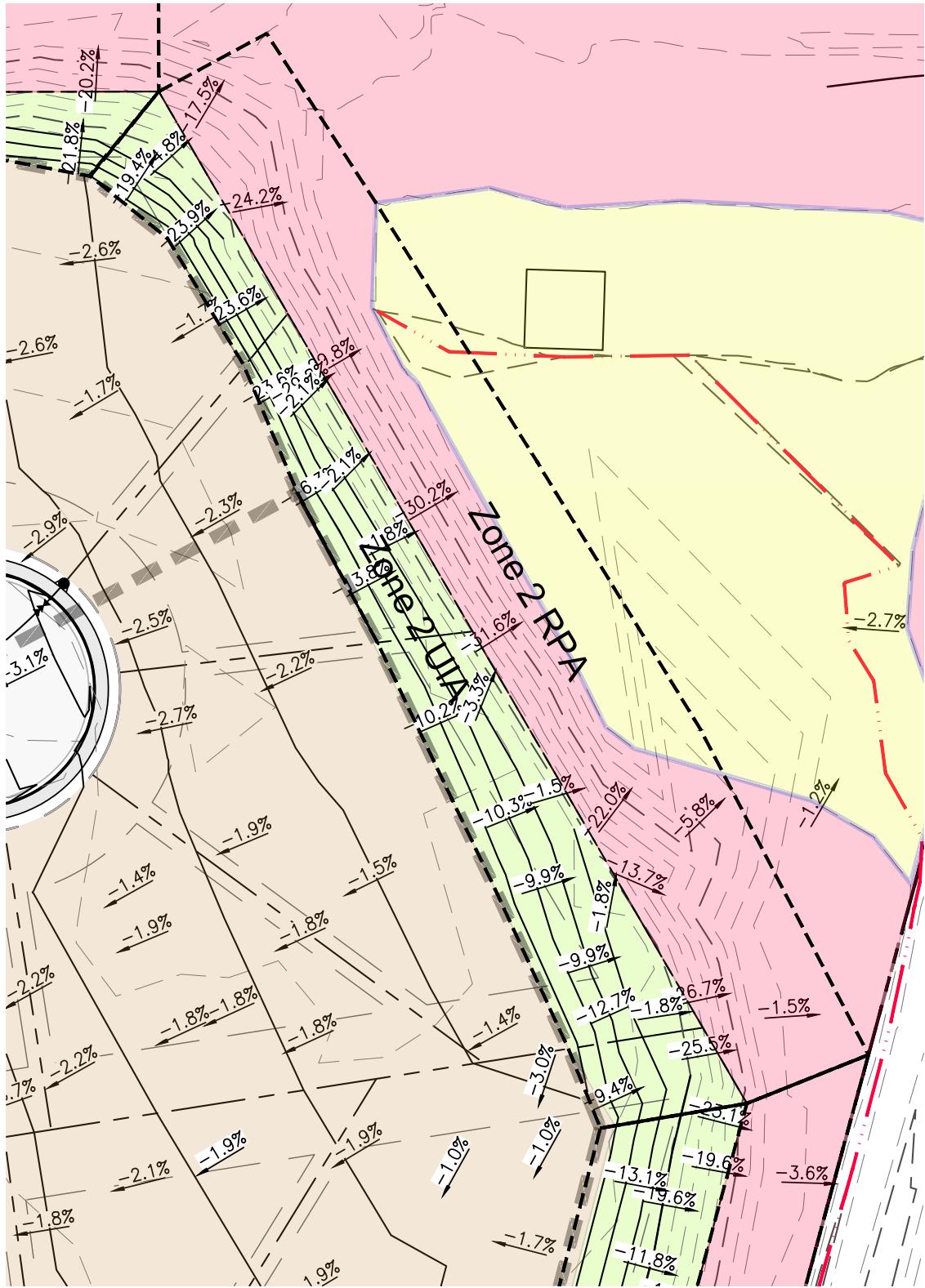
Project No.: 19016
Date: June 21, 2021
Design: MJK
Drawn: MJK
Check: AMcC
Revisions:
SHEET
D-2
VICINITY MAP
SCALE: N.T.S.
3 of 3 Sheets

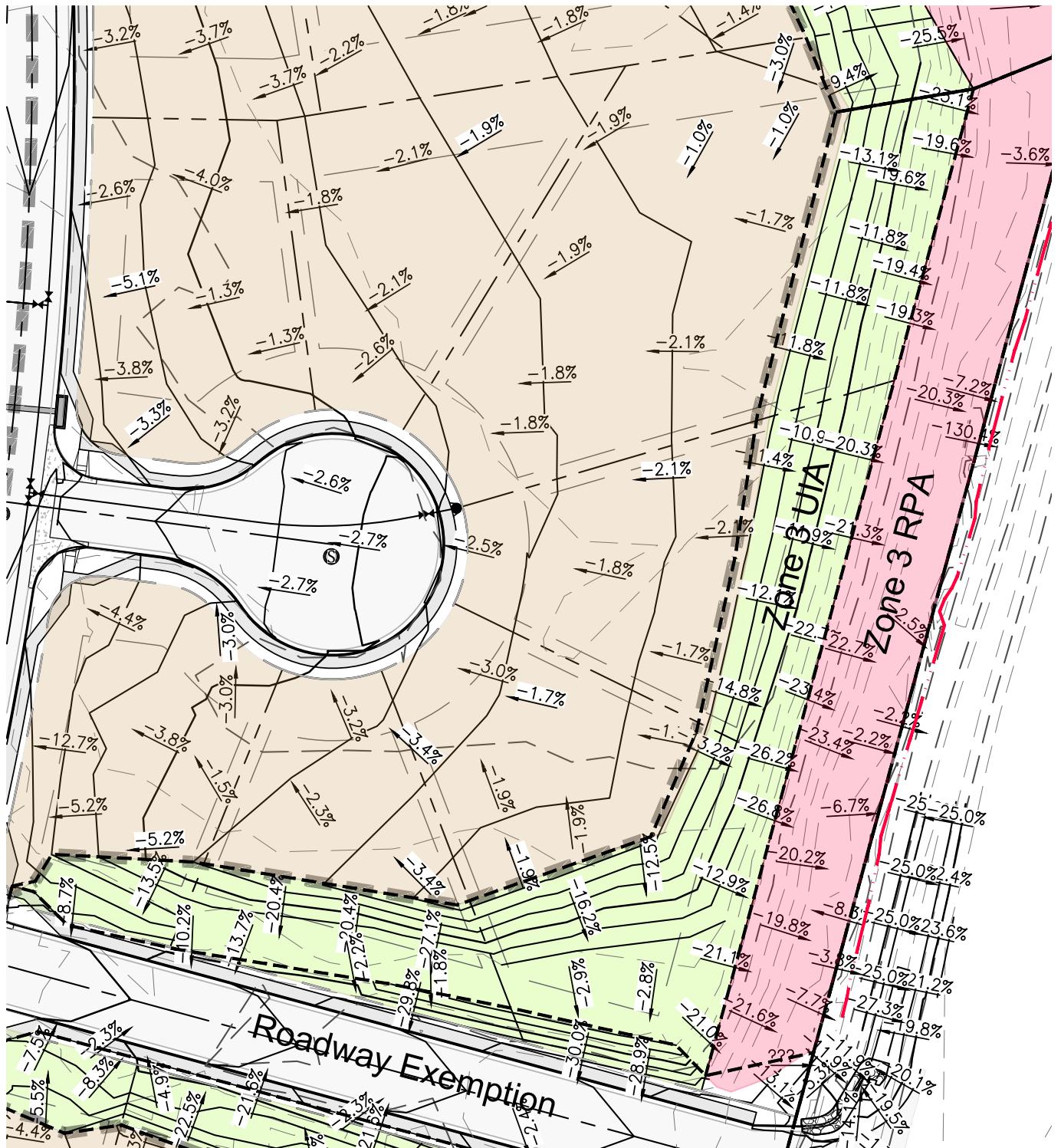


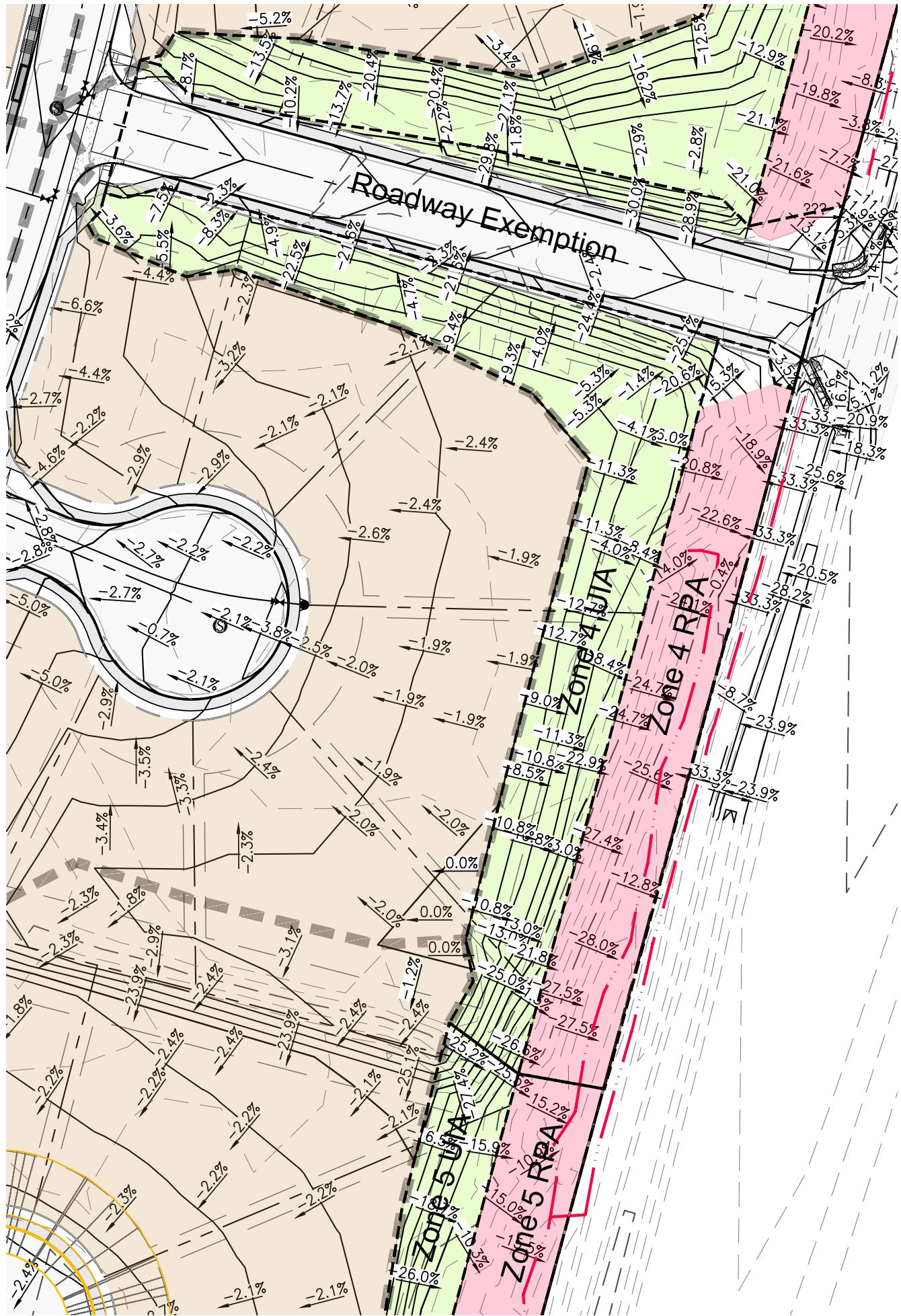
APPENDIX E
IRF Reduction Calculations and Exhibits
IRF Analysis Exhibit (Overall)
IRF Zones 1-5 (UIA/RPA)
IRF UD_BMP Spreadsheet Results

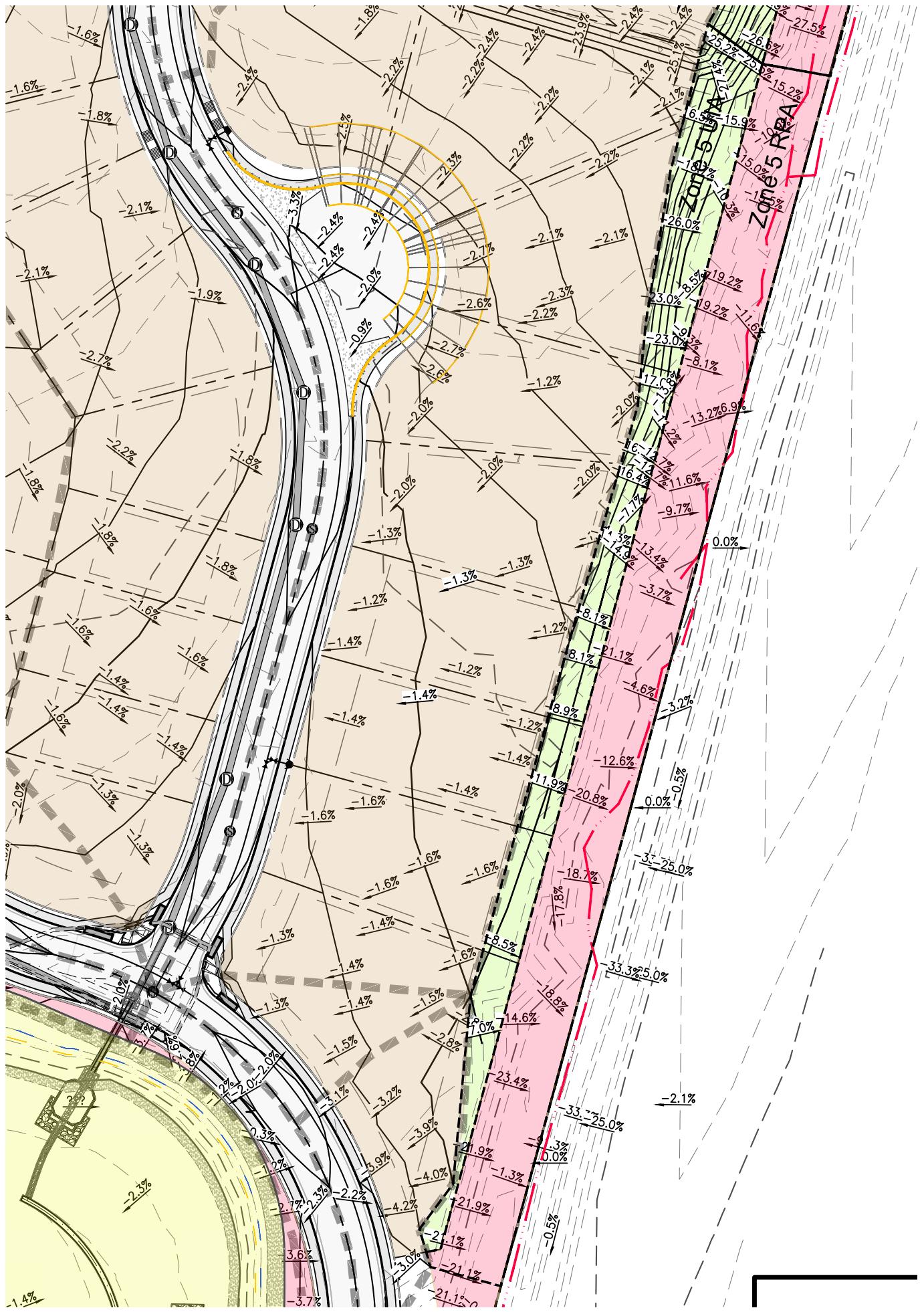












Design Procedure Form: Runoff Reduction

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 1

Designer:	AWMC
Company:	Kiowa Engineering Corporation
Date:	May 7, 2020
Project:	The Glen Filing No 10 & 11 - 'Runoff Reduction' 53676
Location:	Widefield, CO

SITE INFORMATION (User Input in Blue Cells)

WQCV Rainfall Depth 0.60 inches
 Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm, $d_0 = \boxed{0.43}$ inches (for Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Figure 3-1 in USDCM Vol. 3)

Area Type	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA					
Area ID	1	3	4	5	2					
Downstream Design Point ID	1	3	4	5	2					
Downstream BMP Type	None	None	None	None	None					
DCIA (ft^2)	--	--	--	--	--					
UIA (ft^2)	13,193	28,509	23,724	16,086	15,564					
RPA (ft^2)	27,826	16,858	13,992	29,565	23,737					
SPA (ft^2)	--	--	--	--	--					
HSG A (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%					
HSG B (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%					
HSG C/D (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%					
Average Slope of RPA (ft/ft)	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.150	0.150					
UIA:RPA Interface Width (ft)	62.80	80.00	80.00	80.00	80.00					

CALCULATED RUNOFF RESULTS

Area ID	1	3	4	5	2					
UIA:RPA Area (ft^2)	41,020	#REF!	45,367	37,716	45,651	39,301				
L / W Ratio	10.40	#REF!	7.09	5.89	7.13	6.14				
UIA / Area	0.3216	#REF!	0.6284	0.6290	0.3524	0.3960				
Runoff (in)	0.00		0.07	0.08	0.00	0.00				
Runoff (ft^3)	0		268	237	0	0				
Runoff Reduction (ft^3)	550		920	751	670	649				

CALCULATED WQCV RESULTS

Area ID	1	3	4	5	2					
WQCV (ft^3)	550		1188	989	670	649				
WQCV Reduction (ft^3)	550		920	751	670	649				
WQCV Reduction (%)	100%		77%	76%	100%	100%				
Untreated WQCV (ft^3)	0		268	237	0	0				

CALCULATED DESIGN POINT RESULTS (sums results from all columns with the same Downstream Design Point ID)

Downstream Design Point ID	1	3	4	5	2					
DCIA (ft^2)	0	0	0	0	0					
UIA (ft^2)	13,193	28,509	23,724	16,086	15,564					
RPA (ft^2)	27,826	16,858	13,992	29,565	23,737					
SPA (ft^2)	0	0	0	0	0					
Total Area (ft^2)	41,020	45,367	37,716	45,651	39,301					
Total Impervious Area (ft^2)	13,193	28,509	23,724	16,086	15,564					
WQCV (ft^3)	550	1,188	989	670	649					
WQCV Reduction (ft^3)	550	920	751	670	649					
WQCV Reduction (%)	100%	77%	76%	100%	100%					
Untreated WQCV (ft^3)	0	268	237	0	0					

CALCULATED SITE RESULTS (sums results from all columns in worksheet)

Total Area (ft^2)	209,054
Total Impervious Area (ft^2)	97,076
WQCV (ft^3)	4,045
WQCV Reduction (ft^3)	3,540
WQCV Reduction (%)	88%
Untreated WQCV (ft^3)	505

APPENDIX F
Deviation Requests

Request 1 – Shallow Storm Pipe Cover Near Basin 'D'
Request 2 – Shallow Storm Box Culvert Cover at Poa Annua



Planning and Community
Development Department
2880 International Circle
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80910
Phone: 719.520.6300
Fax: 719.520.6695
Website www.elpasoco.com

DEVIATION REQUEST AND DECISION FORM

Updated: 6/26/2019

PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name : The Glen at Widefield Filing No 11

Schedule No.(s) : 5522000009, 5522000007

Legal Description : See Attached Document

APPLICANT INFORMATION

Company : Glen Investment Group VIII, LLC

Name : Ryan Watson

Owner Consultant Contractor

Mailing Address : 3 Widefield Blvd, Colorado Springs, CO 80911

Phone Number : 719-392-0194

FAX Number :

Email Address : ryan@widefieldinvestmentgroup.com

ENGINEER INFORMATION

Company : Kiowa Engineering Corp

Name : Andrew McCord

Colorado P.E. Number : 25057

Mailing Address : 1604 South 21st Street, Colorado Springs, CO 80904-4208

Phone Number : 719-630-7342

FAX Number : 719-630-0406

Email Address : amccord@kiowaengineering.com

OWNER, APPLICANT, AND ENGINEER DECLARATION

To the best of my knowledge, the information on this application and all additional or supplemental documentation is true, factual and complete. I am fully aware that any misrepresentation of any information on this application may be grounds for denial. I have familiarized myself with the rules, regulations and procedures with respect to preparing and filing this application. I also understand that an incorrect submittal will be cause to have the project removed from the agenda of the Planning Commission, Board of County Commissioners and/or Board of Adjustment or delay review until corrections are made, and that any approval of this application is based on the representations made in the application and may be revoked on any breach of representation or condition(s) of approval.

Signature of owner (or authorized representative)

Date

Engineer's Seal, Signature
And Date of Signature

L

J



Planning and Community
Development Department
2880 International Circle
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80910
Phone: 719.520.6300
Fax: 719.520.6695
Website www.elpasoco.com

DEVIATION REQUEST AND DECISION FORM

Updated: 6/26/2019

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Phone Number : 719-392-0194

FAX Number :

Email Address : ryan@widefieldinvestmentgroup.com

ENGINEER INFORMATION

Company : Kiowa Engineering Corp

Name : Andrew McCord

Colorado P.E. Number : 25057

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Phone Number : 719-630-7342

FAX Number : 719-630-0406

Email Address : amccord@kiowaengineering.com

OWNER, APPLICANT, AND ENGINEER DECLARATION

To the best of my knowledge, the information on this application and all additional or supplemental documentation is true, factual and complete. I am fully aware that any misrepresentation of any information on this application may be grounds for denial. I have familiarized myself with the rules, regulations and procedures with respect to preparing and filing this application. I also understand that an incorrect submittal will be cause to have the project removed from the agenda of the Planning Commission, Board of County Commissioners and/or Board of Adjustment or delay review until corrections are made, and that any approval of this application is based on the representations made in the application and may be revoked on any breach of representation or condition(s) of approval.

Signature of owner (or authorized representative)

Date

Engineer's Seal, Signature
And Date of Signature

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DEVIATION REQUEST (Attach diagrams, figures, and other documentation to clarify request)

A deviation from the standards of or in Section **ECM 4.3.6.3** of the Engineering Criteria Manual (ECM) is requested.

Identify the specific ECM standard which a deviation is requested:

Minimum cover for prefabricated pipe shall be 2 feet (2').

State the reason for the requested deviation:

Topographical Constraint

Explain the proposed alternative and compare to the ECM standards (May provide applicable regional or national standards used as basis):

Proposing A Full-depth (6") Concrete Apron/Driving Surface atop a Box Culvert at planned Poa Annua intersection.

There will be no soil cover (0'-0") at this location. The box culvert lid will be designed to specification AASHTO HL-93 at the time of construction/installation either by a structural engineer.

A certification letter from the structural engineer will be provided to El Paso County prior to construction of the box culvert.

LIMITS OF CONSIDERATION

(At least one of the conditions listed below must be met for this deviation request to be considered.)

- The ECM standard is inapplicable to the particular situation.
- Topography, right-of-way, or other geographical conditions or impediments impose an undue hardship and an equivalent alternative that can accomplish the same design objective is available and does not compromise public safety or accessibility.
- A change to a standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem, and if not modified, the standard will impose an undue hardship on the applicant with little or no material benefit to the public.

Provide justification:

Depth Adjustments Due to Public Improvement Project

US 24 Link Road Project impacted the subdivision's original outfall location such that several feet of outfall depth were no longer available for the site to use as a discharge point. At the time of the approved preliminary phase, the left and right side ditches were installed by others. Minimal slopes of less than 0.5% were typically used at these ditches.

See Attached Exhibit 'C' for Plan and Profile of Box Culvert and for the limits of the planned concrete apron.

CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

Per ECM section 5.8.7 the request for a deviation may be considered if the request is not based exclusively on financial considerations. The deviation must not be detrimental to public safety or surrounding property. The applicant must include supporting information demonstrating compliance with all of the following criteria:

The deviation will achieve the intended result with a comparable or superior design and quality of improvement.

The box culvert top section will be designed to HL-93 Specification which exceeds HS-20 loading levels.

A certification letter from the structural engineer will be provided to El Paso County prior to construction of the box culvert.

The deviation will not adversely affect safety or operations.

There are no safety or operational impacts related to this alternate paving section.

The deviation will not adversely affect maintenance and its associated cost.

Their is no anticipated additional maintenance related to this pavement section.

The deviation will not adversely affect aesthetic appearance.

The use of reinforced concrete improves the durability and appearance of the road entrance.

The deviation meets the design intent and purpose of the ECM standards.

The design intent is preserved for the Marksheffel Rd Imps Project and allows for a shallower paving section where acheiving two feet of cover is not possible to attain.

The deviation meets the control measure requirements of Part I.E.3 and Part I.E.4 of the County's MS4 permit, as applicable.

Parts I.E.3 and I.E.4 of the MS4 Permit

The MS4 Permit Parts I.E.3 and I.E.4 are concerned with installation, erosion control, and ongoing maintenance of the subject improvements. We do not anticipate any additional measures beyond those planned within the current Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permitting and any updates made to the permit.

A Permanent Water Quality Facility is associated with this development.

REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION:

Approved by the ECM Administrator

This request has been determined to have met the criteria for approval. A deviation from Section _____ of the ECM is hereby granted based on the justification provided.

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Denied by the ECM Administrator

This request has been determined not to have met criteria for approval. A deviation from Section _____ of the ECM is hereby denied.

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ECM ADMINISTRATOR COMMENTS/CONDITIONS:

1.1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this resource is to provide a form for documenting the findings and decision by the ECM Administrator concerning a deviation request. The form is used to document the review and decision concerning a requested deviation. The request and decision concerning each deviation from a specific section of the ECM shall be recorded on a separate form.

1.2. BACKGROUND

A deviation is a critical aspect of the review process and needs to be documented to ensure that the deviations granted are applied to a specific development application in conformance with the criteria for approval and that the action is documented as such requests can point to potential needed revisions to the ECM.

1.3. APPLICABLE STATUTES AND REGULATIONS

Section 5.8 of the ECM establishes a mechanism whereby an engineering design standard can be modified when if strictly adhered to, would cause unnecessary hardship or unsafe design because of topographical or other conditions particular to the site, and that a departure may be made without destroying the intent of such provision.

1.4. APPLICABILITY

All provisions of the ECM are subject to deviation by the ECM Administrator provided that one of the following conditions is met:

- The ECM standard is inapplicable to a particular situation.
- Topography, right-of-way, or other geographical conditions or impediments impose an undue hardship on the applicant, and an equivalent alternative that can accomplish the same design objective is available and does not compromise public safety or accessibility.
- A change to a standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem, and if not modified, the standard will impose an undue hardship on the applicant with little or no material benefit to the public.

1.5. TECHNICAL GUIDANCE

The review shall ensure all criteria for approval are adequately considered and that justification for the deviation is properly documented.

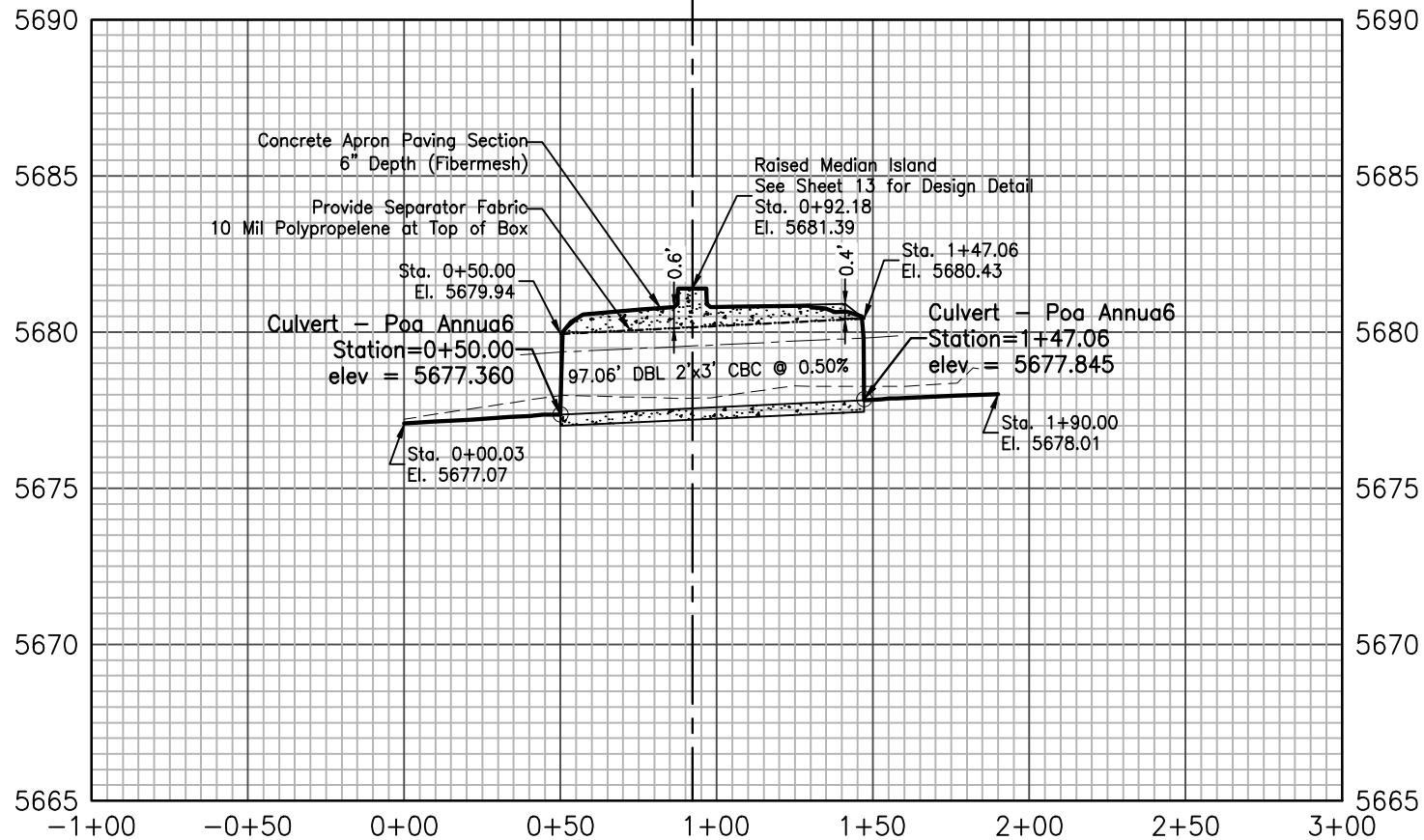
1.6. LIMITS OF APPROVAL

Whether a request for deviation is approved as proposed or with conditions, the approval is for project-specific use and shall not constitute a precedent or general deviation from these Standards.

1.7. REVIEW FEES

A Deviation Review Fee shall be paid in full at the time of submission of a request for deviation. The fee for Deviation Review shall be as determined by resolution of the BoCC.

Culvert - Poa Annua



DEVELOPER:



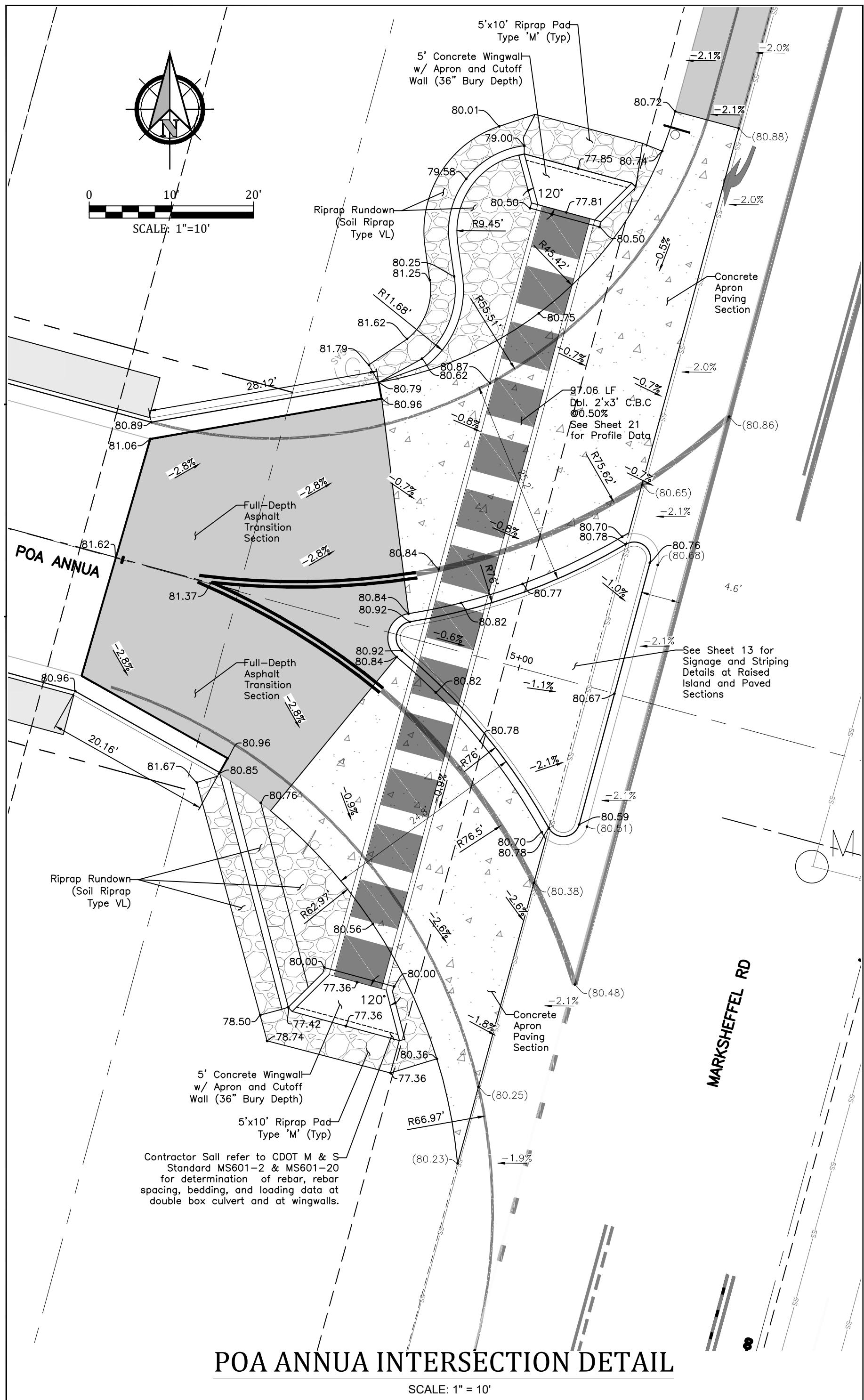
PREPARED BY:



THE GLEN AT WIDEFIELD FILING NO 11
Shallow Cover Storm Sewer (at Box Culvert)

Kiowa Project No. 19016
October 5, 2021

Exhibit 'D'



DEVIATION REQUEST (Attach diagrams, figures, and other documentation to clarify request)

A deviation from the standards of or in Section **ECM 4.3.6.3** of the Engineering Criteria Manual (ECM) is requested.

Identify the specific ECM standard which a deviation is requested:

Minimum cover for storm sewer lines shall be 2 feet (2' measured perpendicularly to the finished road surface).

State the reason for the requested deviation:

Topographical Constraints were imposed on the original planned EDB by Public roadway improvements along Marksheffel Rd performed independently and without notice to the client or engineering team for Filing 11. This was done after preliminary grading approval, and the installation of a Temporary Sediment Control Basin which was provided as an interim facility. The adjacent public corridor was lifted several feet, including the side ditches which were the original discharge location for EDB 'D' of the approved Preliminary Grading & Erosion Control Agreement. As a result, the pipe system forebays and EDB had to be lifted 3 or 4 feet. This forced the lowest sections of the pipe system near the EDB to lie much closer to finish grade than originally planned. Also, over the interim period of original preliminary grading, a revised grading permit was submitted and approved which lifted much the overall site a foot or more. This helped the overall storm pipe system hydraulically, but those portions closest to the EDB would still require shallow cover of less than two feet to make a functional design.

Explain the proposed alternative and compare to the ECM standards (May provide applicable regional or national standards used as basis):

Proposing Alternate Storm Pipe (Class IV) at lower portions of the two main trunklines where topographic constraints limit the available depth of cover over storm pipe. The Criteria calls for Class II pipe typically, with 2' of cover. Depth of Cover in the design drawings is planned for some portions of the system to be at a depth of 1.1' in the worst instance to up to 1.8' (See attached Exhibits).

LIMITS OF CONSIDERATION

(At least one of the conditions listed below must be met for this deviation request to be considered.)

- The ECM standard is inapplicable to the particular situation.
- Topography, right-of-way, or other geographical conditions or impediments impose an undue hardship and an equivalent alternative that can accomplish the same design objective is available and does not compromise public safety or accessibility.
- A change to a standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem, and if not modified, the standard will impose an undue hardship on the applicant with little or no material benefit to the public.

Provide justification:

Depth Adjustments Due to Public Improvement Project

US 24 Link Road Project impacted the subdivision's original outfall location such that several feet of outfall depth were no longer available for the site to use as a discharge point. At the time of the approved preliminary phase, the discharging channel and a temporary sediment basin were installed at the same location and depth as the planned EDB (Basin D).

The overall site was partially raised to improve pipe slopes as much as possible, and Class IV pipe is specified where granular cover, and street section can only provide between one to two feet of cover over Top Of Pipe (T.O.P.). The detention pond (EDB 'D') was reshaped and enlarged to partially accommodate this loss of depth. Minimal slopes were used at the outfall channel, outfall pipe, and at the trickle pan sections to partially accommodate the loss of depth. 6" Drops are still provided in design at both forebay inflow points, and the forebay designs meet all criteria.

See Attached Exhibits 'A' and 'B' for Class IV pipe locations planned with The Glen Filing 11 storm improvements.

CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

Per ECM section 5.8.7 the request for a deviation may be considered if the request is not based exclusively on financial considerations. The deviation must not be detrimental to public safety or surrounding property. The applicant must include supporting information demonstrating compliance with all of the following criteria:

The deviation will achieve the intended result with a comparable or superior design and quality of improvement.

Class IV Pipe will provide adequate structural integrity for the areas indicated as having less than two feet of cover material.

The pipes will meet AASHTO HS-20 Loading values.

Loads and Supporting Strength Tables with Geotechnical Engineer's Stamp is Attached as an appendix to this request.

The deviation will not adversely affect safety or operations.

There are no safety or operational impacts related to using Class IV pipe as an alternate.

The deviation will not adversely affect maintenance and its associated cost.

Class IV pipe does not create any additional maintenance concerns over Class III RCP.

The deviation will not adversely affect aesthetic appearance.

As the pipes are underground we anticipate no aesthetic concerns related to their use.

The deviation meets the design intent and purpose of the ECM standards.

The design intent is preserved by increasing the structural loading strength of pipes for the project where two feet of cover is not possible to attain.

The deviation meets the control measure requirements of Part I.E.3 and Part I.E.4 of the County's MS4 permit, as applicable.

Parts I.E.3 and I.E.4 of the MS4 Permit

The MS4 Permit Parts I.E.3 and I.E.4 are concerned with installation, erosion control, and ongoing maintenance of the subject improvements. We do not anticipate any additional measures beyond those planned within the current Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permitting and any updates made to the permit.

An Extended Detention basin (Basin D) is provided with Filing No 10 Construction, and enhanced with Filing 11 Construction as a permanent water quality facility.

REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION:

Approved by the ECM Administrator

This request has been determined to have met the criteria for approval. A deviation from Section _____ of the ECM is hereby granted based on the justification provided.

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Denied by the ECM Administrator

This request has been determined not to have met criteria for approval. A deviation from Section _____ of the ECM is hereby denied.

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ECM ADMINISTRATOR COMMENTS/CONDITIONS:

1.1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this resource is to provide a form for documenting the findings and decision by the ECM Administrator concerning a deviation request. The form is used to document the review and decision concerning a requested deviation. The request and decision concerning each deviation from a specific section of the ECM shall be recorded on a separate form.

1.2. BACKGROUND

A deviation is a critical aspect of the review process and needs to be documented to ensure that the deviations granted are applied to a specific development application in conformance with the criteria for approval and that the action is documented as such requests can point to potential needed revisions to the ECM.

1.3. APPLICABLE STATUTES AND REGULATIONS

Section 5.8 of the ECM establishes a mechanism whereby an engineering design standard can be modified when if strictly adhered to, would cause unnecessary hardship or unsafe design because of topographical or other conditions particular to the site, and that a departure may be made without destroying the intent of such provision.

1.4. APPLICABILITY

All provisions of the ECM are subject to deviation by the ECM Administrator provided that one of the following conditions is met:

- The ECM standard is inapplicable to a particular situation.
- Topography, right-of-way, or other geographical conditions or impediments impose an undue hardship on the applicant, and an equivalent alternative that can accomplish the same design objective is available and does not compromise public safety or accessibility.
- A change to a standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem, and if not modified, the standard will impose an undue hardship on the applicant with little or no material benefit to the public.

1.5. TECHNICAL GUIDANCE

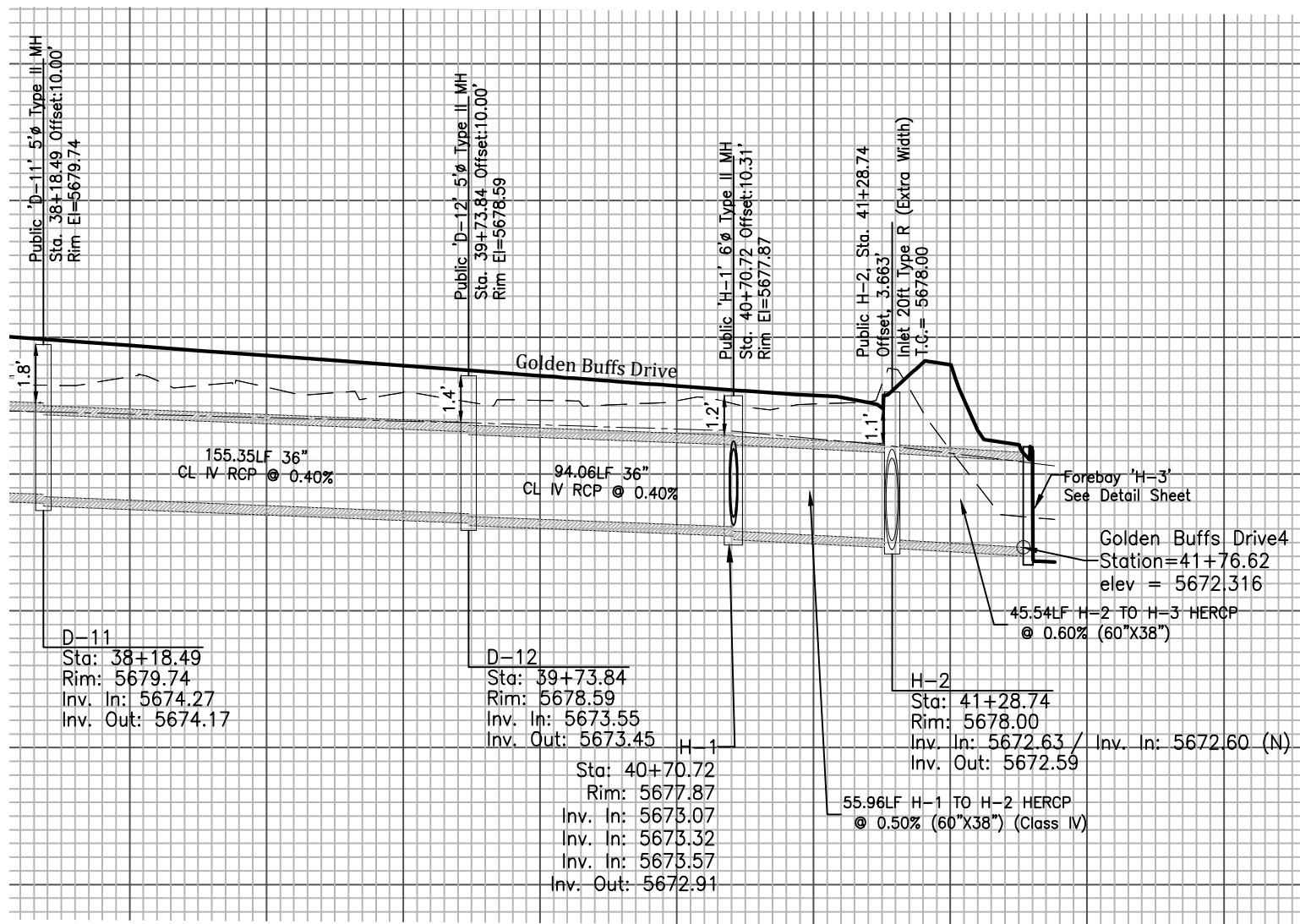
The review shall ensure all criteria for approval are adequately considered and that justification for the deviation is properly documented.

1.6. LIMITS OF APPROVAL

Whether a request for deviation is approved as proposed or with conditions, the approval is for project-specific use and shall not constitute a precedent or general deviation from these Standards.

1.7. REVIEW FEES

A Deviation Review Fee shall be paid in full at the time of submission of a request for deviation. The fee for Deviation Review shall be as determined by resolution of the BoCC.



DEVELOPER:



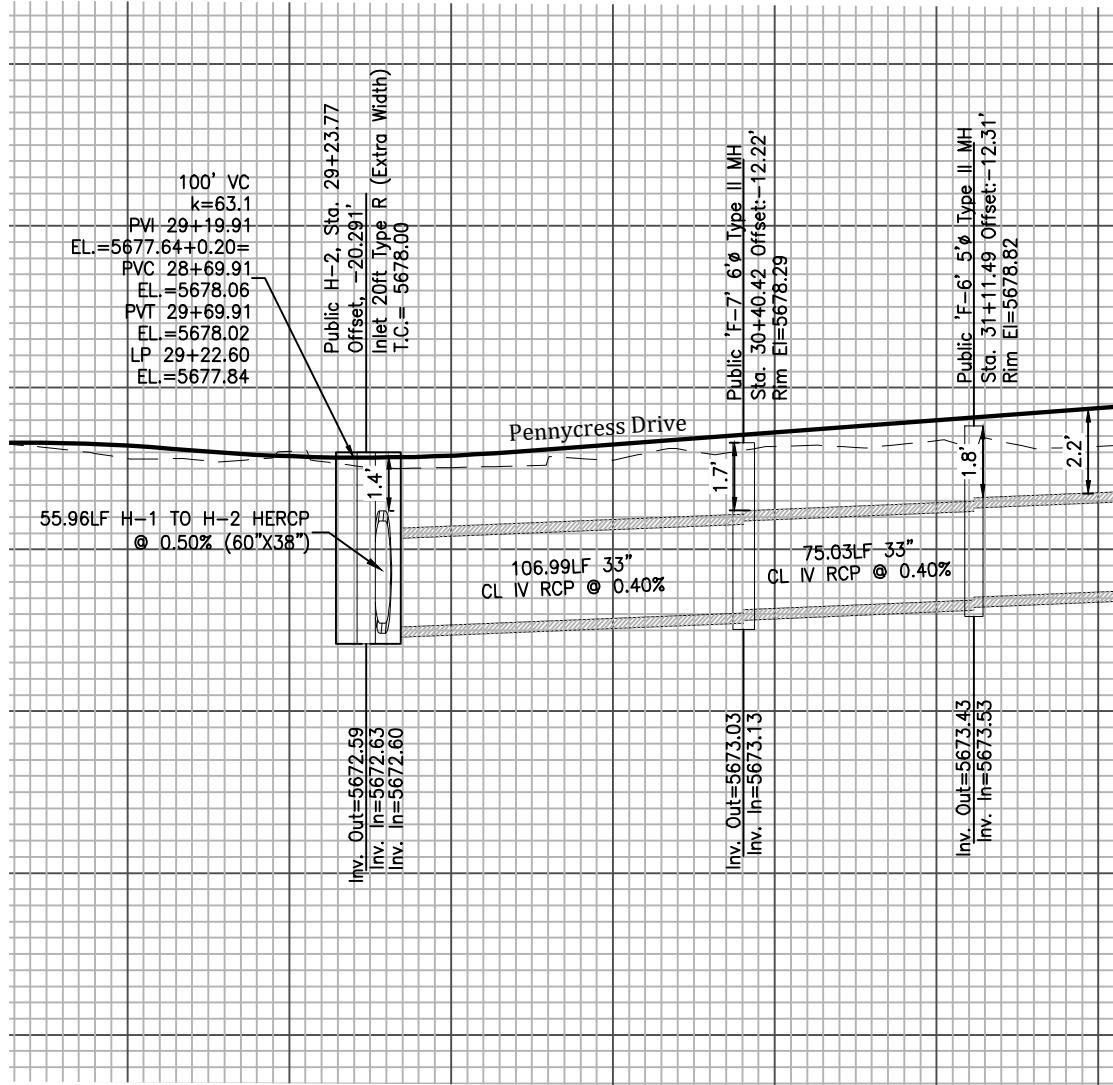
PREPARED BY:



THE GLEN AT WIDEFIELD FILING NO 11 Shallow Storm Sewer (use Class IV RCP)

Kiowa Project No. 19016
April 15, 2021

Exhibit 'A'



DEVELOPER:



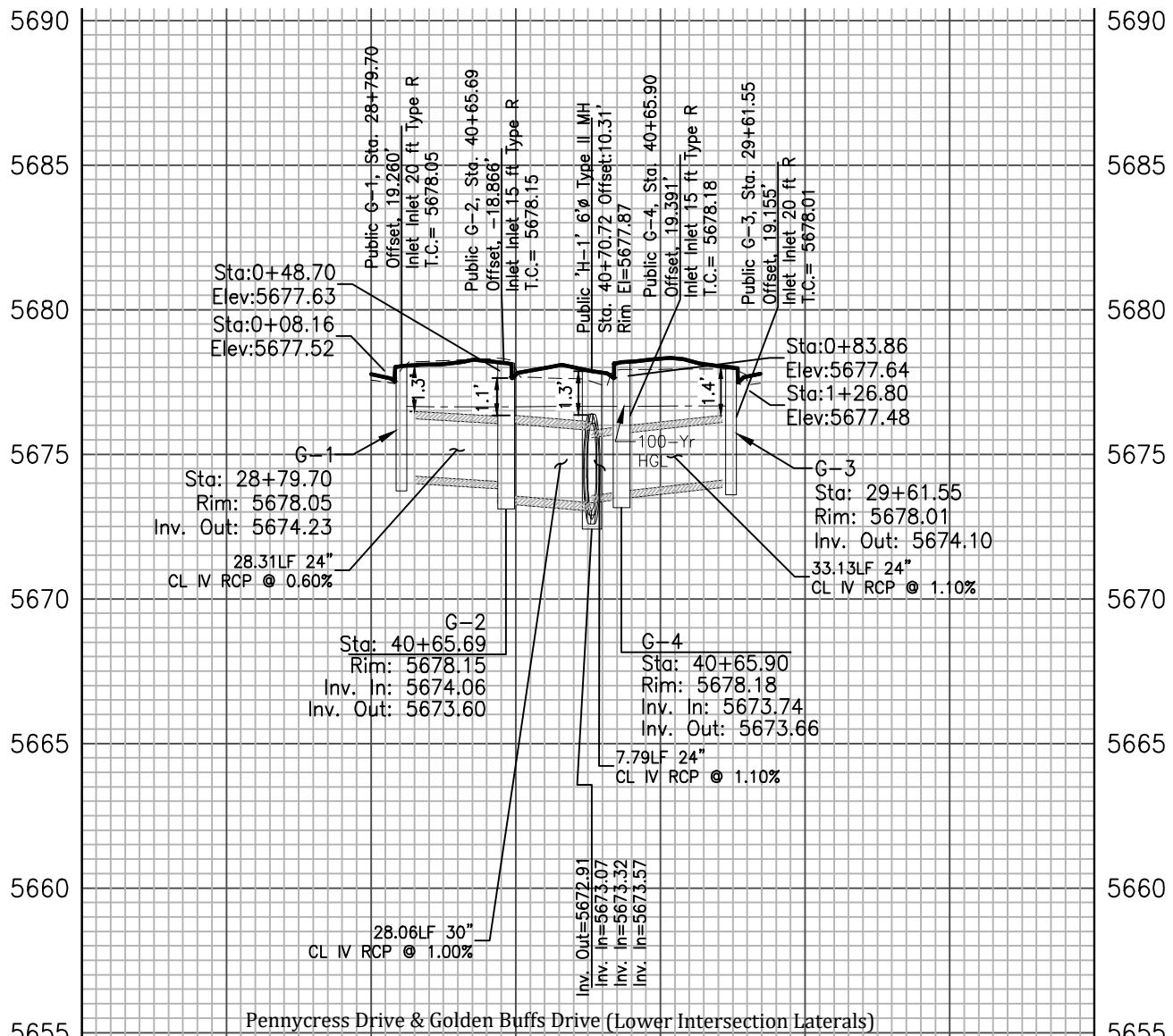
PREPARED BY:



THE GLEN AT WIDEFIELD FILING NO 11 Shallow Storm Sewer (use Class IV RCP)

Kiowa Project No. 19016
April 15, 2021

Exhibit 'B'



DEVELOPER:



3 WIDEFIELD BOULEVARD
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80911

PREPARED BY:



1604 South 21st Street
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80904
(719) 630-7342

THE GLEN AT WIDEFIELD FILING NO 11 Shallow Storm Sewer (use Class IV RCP)

Kiowa Project No. 19016
October 5, 2021

Exhibit 'C'



VIVID Engineering Group, Inc.

1053 Elkton Drive, Colorado Springs, CO 80907

September 21, 2021

Michael J. Kahnke
Sr. Civil Engineering Technician
Kiowa Engineering Corp.
1604 South 21st Street
Colorado Springs, CO 80904-4208
mkahnke@kiowaengineering.com

Subject: RCP Pipe Class Calculations (Shallow Pipe Cover Areas), Pennycress Drive
The Glen at Widefield, Filing 11

VIVID Project No.: D21-2-440

Attached are results of calculations and published tables indicating adequacy of use of 33 and or 36 inch diameter Class IV RCP below Pennycress Drive for areas of less than 2 feet of available cover. Should you have any questions concerning the attached information, please contact the undersigned at 719.896.4356.

Sincerely,

A circular blue seal with a decorative border. The outer ring contains the text "COLORADO REGISTERED" at the top and "PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER" at the bottom. In the center, it says "WILLIAM J. BARREIRE" and "32045" below it. A handwritten signature "William J. Barreire" is written across the center of the seal. At the bottom, the date "9-21-2021" is printed.

William (Bill) J. Barreire, PE
Senior Geotechnical Engineer

LRFD FILL HEIGHT TABLES



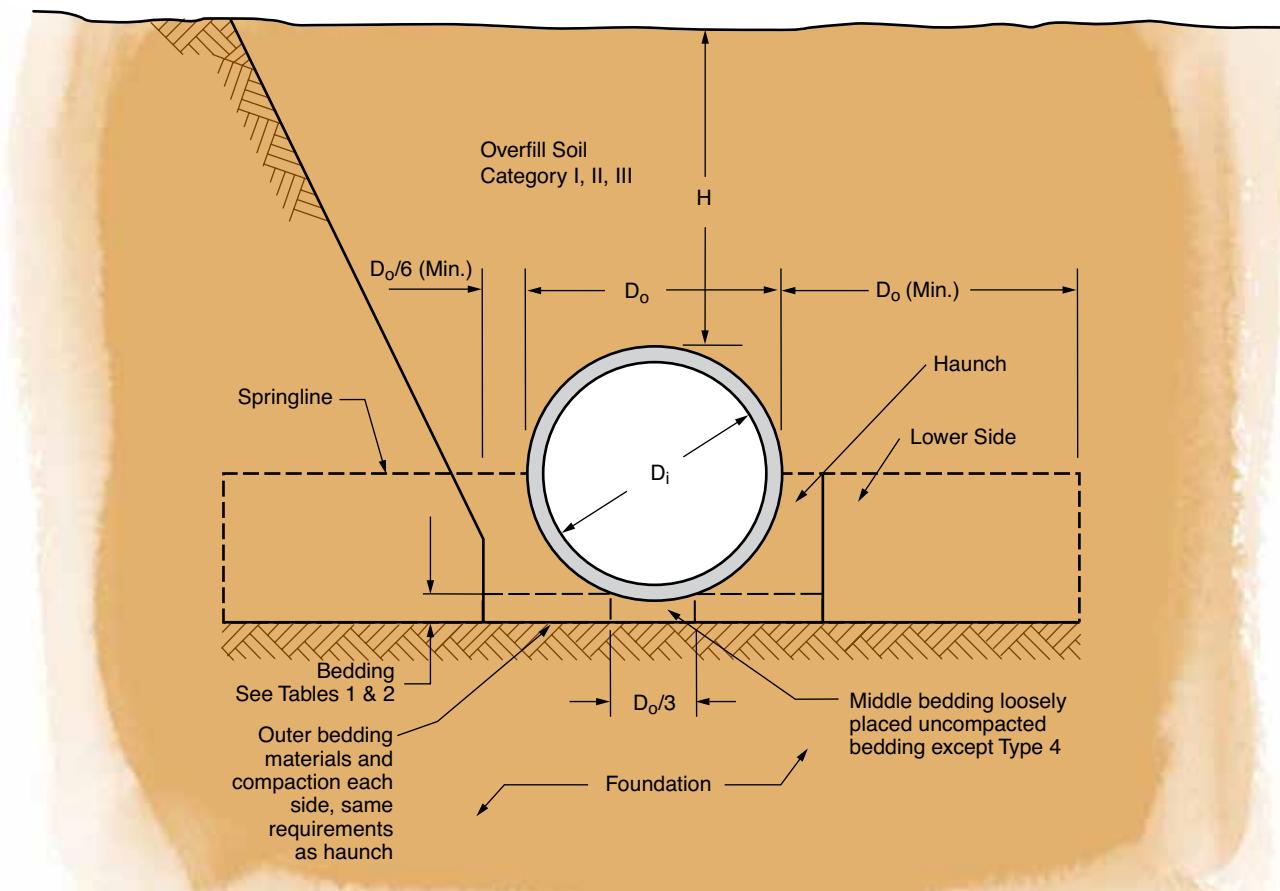
American
Concrete Pipe
Association

FOR CONCRETE PIPE



Standard Trench/Embankment Installation

Concrete pipe should be installed in accordance with the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications, Section 27 or ASTM C1479. Figure 1 shows the basic pipe and soil terminology.



There are four types of Standard Installations, each with its own soil and compaction requirements. Type 1 bedding provides the most support using highly compacted granular material, while Type 4 provides for less support allowing the use of silts and clay soils with little or no compaction. These four choices provide flexibility and versatility for the designer and contractor, as well as performance and economy for the owner that are not available with other types of pipe.

The soil and compaction requirements are provided in Table 1. Table 2 shows the equivalent soil designations per the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) and AASHTO.

To facilitate your selection of the proper reinforced concrete pipe using the most beneficial Standard Installation for the conditions at the site, fill height tables are provided on the following pages. The required 0.01 inch crack D-Loads in units of lbs per linear foot per foot of diameter are provided numerically and the class of pipe per ASTM C76 (AASHTO M 170) meeting this requirement is designated by color of the cell.

Table 1: Standard Installation Soils and Minimum Compaction Requirements

Installation Type	Bedding Thickness	Haunch and Outer Bedding	Lower Side
Type 1	D _o /24 minimum, not less than 3" (75 mm) If rock foundation, use D _o /12 minimum, not less than 6" (150 mm)	95% Category I	90% Category I, 95% Category II, or 100% Category III
Type 2	D _o /24 minimum, not less than 3" (75 mm) If rock foundation, use D _o /12 minimum, not less than 6" (150 mm)	90% Category I or 95% Category II	85% Category I, 90% Category II, or 95% Category III
Type 3	D _o /24 minimum, not less than 3" (75 mm) If rock foundation, use D _o /12 minimum, not less than 6" (150 mm)	85% Category I, 90% Category II, or 95% Category III	85% Category I, 90% Category II, or 95% Category III
Type 4	No bedding required except if rock foundation, use D _o /12 minimum, not less than 6" (150 mm)	No compaction required, except if Category III, use 85%	No compaction required, except if Category III, use 85%

Reference: ASCE 15-98, "Standard Practice for Direct Design of Buried Precast Concrete Pipe Using Standard Installations (SIDD)", 1998.

Table 3: Reinforced Pipe Classes for 0.01 inch Crack Per ASTM C 76 (lbs/ft/ft)

Class I	≤ 800
Class II	≤ 1000
Class III	≤ 1350
Class IV	≤ 2000
Class V	≤ 3000
Special Design	> 3000

D-load Requirement for Class IV pipe



NOTES:

1. Compaction and soil symbols – i.e. “95% Category I” refers to Category I soil material with a minimum Standard Proctor compaction of 95%. See Table 2 for equivalent Modified Proctor values.
2. Soil in the outer bedding, haunch, and lower side zones shall be compacted to at least the same compaction as the majority of soil in the overfill zone.

Table 2: Equivalent USCS and AASHTO Soil Classifications for Standard Installation Soil Designations

Representative Soil Types			Percent Compaction	
SIDD	USCS	AASHTO	Standard Proctor	Modified Proctor
Gravelly Sand (Category I)	SW, SP, GW, GP	A1, A3	100	95
			95	90
			90	85
			85	80
			80	75
			61	59
Sandy Silt (Category II)	GM, SM, ML, Also GC, SC with less than 20% passing #200 sieve	A2, A4	100	95
			95	90
			90	85
			85	80
			80	75
			49	46
Silty Clay (Category III)	CL, MH, GC, SC	A5, A6	100	90
			95	85
			90	80
			85	75
			80	70
			45	40
Not Allowed for Haunch or Bedding	CH	A7	100 95 90 45	90 85 80 40

Reference: ASCE 15-98, "Standard Practice for Direct Design of Buried Precast Concrete Pipe Using Standard Installations (SIDD)", 1998.

The following Fill Height Tables have been developed by the American Concrete Pipe Association (ACPA) using the indirect design method in accordance with Section 12.10.4.3 of the AASHTO LRF Bridge Design Specification, 7th Edition, 2014.

Fill Height Tables are based on:

1. $\gamma_s = 120 \text{pcf}$
2. AASHTO HL-93 live load
3. Positive Projecting Embankment Condition - this gives conservative results in comparison to trench conditions
4. A Type 1 installation requires greater soil stiffness from the surrounding soils than the Type 2, 3, and 4 installations, and is thus harder to achieve. Therefore, field verification of soil properties and compaction levels should be performed.

D-Load (lb/ft/ft) for Type 1 Bedding

	Class I		Class IV
	Class II		Class V
	Class III		Special Design

Pipe Size (in)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
12	1612	1399	888	695	633	620	635	661	544	603	662	721	780	839
15	1546	1344	856	673	614	602	617	644	532	589	646	704	761	818
18	1462	1307	836	660	604	593	608	634	526	583	639	696	752	809
21	1309	1281	823	653	598	588	604	630	525	581	637	693	749	805
24	1287	1262	814	648	Class III or IV Pipe			629	527	583	638	694	750	805
27	1442	1264	815	653	599	591	608	634	530	586	642	697	753	809
30	1581	1272	819	660	605	598	615	640	535	591	646	702	758	814
33	1443	1222	798	651	599	596	615	641	541	597	653	709	765	821
36	1329	1187	780	643	595	595	616	643	547	603	660	716	772	829
42	1151	1099	745	627	587	591	613	641	553	609	665	721	778	834
48	1019	961	713	614	582	589	612	641	560	616	673	729	785	841
54	969	919	689	604	578	589	613	643	569	625	681	737	794	850
60	994	890	670	596	577	590	615	646	578	634	691	747	804	860
66	946	865	657	589	576	592	618	651	588	644	701	758	814	871
72	881	844	647	584	578	595	622	656	598	655	712	769	826	883
78	827	823	637	582	579	597	625	659	606	663	720	777	834	892
84	782	805	629	580	580	600	628	664	615	672	729	786	843	901
90	744	789	622	580	582	603	632	668	712	681	738	795	853	910
96	712	749	616	580	585	606	637	673	718	690	747	805	862	920
102	685	723	623	587	592	614	645	682	727	774	757	814	872	929
108	662	711	629	595	600	623	654	691	736	783	766	824	882	940
114	642	715	636	603	609	631	663	700	745	793	842	834	892	950
120	625	720	642	609	617	640	672	709	755	802	852	844	903	961
126	611	726	649	617	625	649	681	719	764	812	862	913	913	971
132	599	731	651	625	634	658	690	728	774	822	872	924	976	983
138	589	736	645	633	643	667	699	738	784	832	883	934	987	994
144	580	742	651	642	652	676	709	747	794	843	893	945	998	1052

Fill Height Tables are based on:

1. $\gamma_s = 120 \text{ pcf}$
2. AASHTO HL-93 live load
3. Positive Projecting Embankment Condition -
this gives conservative results in comparison to trench conditions

D-Load (lb/ft/ft) for Type 2 Bedding

		Class I	Class IV	
		Class II	Class V	
		Class III	Special Design	

Fill Height in Feet														
Pipe Size (in)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
12	1492	1322	880	727	694	705	741	788	704	781	858	934	1011	1087
15	1434	1272	851	707	676	688	724	771	691	843	841	915	990	1065
18	1358	1240	834	697	668	680	717	763	688	837	835	909	983	1056
21	1220	1218	824	692	665	678	715	762	689	839	836	909	983	1056
24	1202	1203	818	690	Class III Pipe			764	694	844	841	915	988	1062
27	1344	1205	819	694	668	684	721	768	696	846	842	915	989	1062
30	1471	1213	823	701	674	690	727	773	699	850	845	919	992	1065
33	1347	1168	805	693	669	688	727	773	704	855	850	923	996	1069
36	1244	1137	789	687	665	687	728	775	710	861	856	929	1003	1076
42	1084	1059	759	673	659	685	726	773	715	867	861	933	1006	1079
48	966	935	732	663	655	684	726	774	722	874	867	940	1013	1085
54	923	899	712	655	654	685	728	777	731	884	876	948	1021	1094
60	948	875	696	650	654	688	731	781	740	894	885	958	1031	1103
66	906	855	687	646	655	691	736	787	750	906	896	969	1041	1114
72	850	837	679	643	658	696	741	793	761	918	907	980	1053	1126
78	802	820	672	642	660	697	744	796	768	925	913	986	1059	1131
84	763	805	665	641	661	700	747	799	775	932	920	993	1065	1138
90	730	791	660	641	664	703	750	803	863	940	927	999	1072	1144
96	703	756	655	642	666	706	754	807	867	948	934	1006	1078	1151
102	679	734	662	649	674	714	761	814	875	1019	941	1013	1086	1158
108	660	723	668	657	681	721	769	822	882	1027	949	1021	1093	1165
114	643	729	675	665	689	729	776	830	890	1036	1016	1028	1100	1172
120	629	734	682	670	697	737	784	837	898	1044	1024	1036	1108	1180
126	617	740	689	678	705	744	792	845	905	1053	1032	1097	1115	1187
132	607	745	691	686	712	752	800	853	913	1061	1039	1105	1171	1195
138	599	751	686	694	720	760	808	861	921	1070	1047	1112	1178	1203
144	592	757	692	701	728	768	816	869	929	1079	1055	1120	1186	1253

Fill Height Tables are based on:

1. $\gamma_s = 120 \text{pcf}$
2. AASHTO HL-93 live load
3. Positive Projecting Embankment Condition -
this gives conservative results in comparison to trench conditions

D-Load (lb/ft/ft) for Type 3 Bedding

	Class I		Class IV
	Class II		Class V
	Class III		Special Design

Pipe Size (in)	Fill Height in Feet													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
12	1518	1369	947	817	805	838	896	964	902	1000	1098	1196	1294	1392
15	1459	1318	916	794	783	815	872	939	880	975	1070	1165	1260	1355
18	1384	1285	897	781	772	804	860	926	870	963	1057	1150	1243	1337
21	1247	1263	886	775	767	799	855	921	867	959	1051	1144	1236	1329
24	1229	1248	879	772	Class III or IV Pipe			920	868	960	1051	1143	1235	1327
27	1372	1251	881	778	770	804	880	925	872	963	1055	1147	1238	1330
30	1500	1260	887	786	777	812	868	933	878	970	1061	1153	1245	1337
33	1378	1218	871	780	775	813	871	936	886	978	1070	1162	1254	1345
36	1276	1189	857	776	774	815	875	941	895	987	1079	1172	1264	1356
42	1119	1113	829	765	770	815	875	942	903	995	1087	1179	1271	1363
48	1004	992	808	758	770	817	879	946	913	1005	1097	1189	1281	1373
54	963	958	791	753	771	822	884	953	926	1018	1109	1201	1293	1385
60	991	937	778	751	775	828	891	961	939	1031	1123	1216	1308	1400
66	952	920	772	751	779	835	900	970	954	1046	1138	1231	1323	1416
72	898	905	768	751	786	843	909	981	969	1062	1154	1247	1340	1433
78	853	890	762	752	790	847	913	985	977	1070	1162	1255	1348	1440
84	816	878	758	754	794	852	918	991	986	1079	1171	1263	1355	1448
90	786	866	755	756	798	857	924	996	1076	1088	1180	1272	1364	1456
96	760	833	753	759	803	862	930	1003	1083	1097	1189	1281	1373	1464
102	739	814	761	769	813	872	939	1012	1092	1174	1198	1290	1382	1473
108	722	805	770	778	822	882	949	1022	1102	1184	1208	1299	1391	1482
114	708	813	779	788	832	892	959	1032	1112	1194	1277	1309	1400	1492
120	696	821	788	796	842	902	969	1042	1121	1203	1287	1319	1410	1501
126	687	829	798	806	852	912	979	1052	1131	1213	1297	1382	1420	1511
132	679	837	802	816	863	922	989	1062	1141	1223	1307	1391	1477	1521
138	673	845	800	826	873	932	999	1072	1152	1233	1317	1401	1487	1531
144	669	853	808	837	883	943	1010	1082	1162	1244	1327	1411	1497	1583

Fill Height Tables are based on:

1. $\gamma_s = 120 \text{ pcf}$
2. AASHTO HL-93 live load
3. Positive Projecting Embankment Condition -
this gives conservative results in comparison to trench conditions

D-Load (lb/ft/ft) for Type 4 Bedding

	Class I	Class IV
	Class II	Class V
	Class III	Special Design

Pipe Size (in)	Fill Height in Feet													
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
12	1579	1481	1111	1032	1071	1154	1264	1383	1372	1521	1671	1820	1969	2119
15	1519	1426	1073	998	1036	1116	1221	1336	1326	1616	1612	1756	1899	2042
18	1443	1391	1050	978	1015	1093	1195	1307	1297	1580	1576	1715	1854	1994
21	1306	1366	1035	966	Class III or IV Pipe			1288	1279	1557	1552	1688	1825	1961
24	1288	1349	1025	959	994	1070	1168	1276	1267	1541	1535	1670	1804	1938
27	1431	1352	1025	960	993	1068	1165	1271	1259	1531	1524	1657	1790	1922
30	1560	1360	1029	965	995	1070	1166	1270	1254	1524	1517	1648	1780	1911
33	1437	1316	1010	955	988	1064	1160	1264	1252	1520	1512	1642	1773	1903
36	1336	1285	993	947	982	1060	1157	1260	1251	1518	1509	1639	1768	1898
42	1181	1211	966	935	976	1057	1153	1256	1252	1518	1508	1636	1764	1892
48	1068	1090	941	927	973	1056	1152	1255	1257	1522	1511	1638	1765	1892
54	1029	1058	925	921	973	1058	1154	1257	1264	1529	1516	1642	1768	1894
60	1059	1038	912	918	975	1062	1158	1261	1273	1538	1523	1649	1774	1899
66	1021	1022	906	917	978	1066	1163	1266	1282	1548	1532	1657	1781	1906
72	969	1008	902	917	984	1072	1169	1272	1292	1559	1541	1666	1790	1914
78	927	996	899	920	990	1079	1176	1280	1303	1570	1551	1675	1799	1923
84	893	986	898	925	997	1086	1184	1288	1315	1582	1562	1686	1810	1933
90	866	978	898	931	1004	1094	1192	1296	1408	1595	1574	1697	1820	1944
96	844	948	899	936	1012	1102	1201	1305	1417	1608	1585	1708	1831	1955
102	826	932	911	949	1024	1115	1214	1318	1429	1685	1597	1720	1843	1966
108	812	927	923	962	1037	1128	1226	1330	1441	1698	1609	1732	1855	1978
114	801	938	935	975	1050	1141	1239	1343	1454	1712	1682	1745	1867	1990
120	793	949	947	986	1063	1154	1252	1356	1467	1726	1694	1757	1879	2002
126	786	960	959	999	1076	1167	1265	1369	1480	1740	1707	1823	1892	2014
132	782	971	967	1013	1090	1180	1278	1382	1493	1754	1720	1836	1952	2027
138	779	982	968	1026	1103	1194	1292	1395	1506	1769	1733	1848	1965	2040
144	778	994	980	1039	1116	1207	1305	1409	1519	1783	1746	1861	1978	2095

Three Edge Bearing Analysis - Results

Project Description

Project Title: The Glen Fil 11

Project Location: Widefield

Contract Number:

Country: US

Units: US Units

Alternative: 33 diameter, 1 cover

Consultant: VIVID Engineering

Contractor:

Analyzed By: Bill Barreire

Date: 9/21/2021

Comply To: ASTM (AASHTO)

TEB-LOAD REQUIREMENTS FOR A 33 (in) DIAMETER CIRCULAR PIPE

PIPE DATA

Inner Diameter (in.)	33
Wall 'C' Thickness (in.)	4.750

INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

Minimum Depth of Fill (ft)	1.00
Maxmum Depth of Fill (ft)	2.00
Soil Density (lb/cu. ft)	120.0
Installation Type	Positive Projecting Embankment
Positive Projection Ratio	0.70
Soil Lateral Pressure Ratio	0.33
Soil Lateral Pressure/Friction Term ($k\mu$)	0.15
Soil Lateral Fraction 'm'	0.70
Settlement Ratio	0.70

ADDITIONAL LOADS

Live Load	AASHTO HS-SERIES (HS-20)
Single Axle Load = 32 (kips), Double Axle - Load per Axle = 25 (kips), Space = 4.0 (ft)	Live Load Distribution Factor = 1.15
	Default I.F. Used.

Vertical Surcharge (lb/sq. ft) 120.00

FACTOR OF SAFETY

Factor of Safety on Ultimate TEB-Load (Earth, Live) 1.50 1.50

TEB-LOAD REQUIREMENTS FOR 33 in. DIAMETER CIRCULAR PIPE
Results of Analysis for Bedding Type 4

Pipe Depth	Arching Factor	Earth Load (lb/ft)	Live Load (lb/ft)	Surch Load (lb/ft)	Total Load (lb/ft)	Bed Fact DL	Bed Fact LL	Required TEB-Load Ultimate lb/ft)
1.00	1.45	928	3496	455	4879	1.70	1.70	4305 (Class 2)
2.00	1.45	1588	3083	455	5126	1.70	1.70	4523 (Class 3)

Selected Depth: 1 ft. (closest pipe depth: 1 ft)

(N/A) = SAMM analysis is not accurate at this depth use direct analysis for more accurate results.
 (i.e. Bedding Types 2 or 3)

Three Edge Bearing Analysis - Results

Project Description

Project Title: The Glen Fil 11

Project Location: Widefield

Contract Number:

Country: US

Units: US Units

Alternative: 36 diameter, 1 cover

Consultant: VIVID Engineering

Contractor:

Analyzed By: Bill Barreire

Date: 9/21/2021

Comply To: ASTM (AASHTO)

TEB-LOAD REQUIREMENTS FOR A 36 (in) DIAMETER CIRCULAR PIPE

PIPE DATA

Inner Diameter (in.)	36
Wall 'C' Thickness (in.)	4.750

INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

Minimum Depth of Fill (ft)	1.00
Maxmum Depth of Fill (ft)	2.00
Soil Density (lb/cu. ft)	120.0
Installation Type	Positive Projecting Embankment
Positive Projection Ratio	0.70
Soil Lateral Pressure Ratio	0.33
Soil Lateral Pressure/Friction Term ($k\mu$)	0.15
Soil Lateral Fraction 'm'	0.70
Settlement Ratio	0.70

ADDITIONAL LOADS

Live Load	AASHTO HS-SERIES (HS-20)
Single Axle Load = 32 (kips), Double Axle - Load per Axle = 25 (kips), Space = 4.0 (ft)	Live Load Distribution Factor = 1.15
	Default I.F. Used.

Vertical Surcharge (lb/sq. ft) 120.00

FACTOR OF SAFETY

Factor of Safety on Ultimate TEB-Load (Earth, Live) 1.50 1.50

TEB-LOAD REQUIREMENTS FOR 36 in. DIAMETER CIRCULAR PIPE
Results of Analysis for Bedding Type 4

Pipe Depth	Arching Factor	Earth Load (lb/ft)	Live Load (lb/ft)	Surch Load (lb/ft)	Total Load (lb/ft)	Bed Fact DL	Bed Fact LL	Required TEB-Load Ultimate lb/ft)
1.00	1.45	928	3496	455	4879	1.70	1.70	4305 (Class 2)
2.00	1.45	1588	3083	455	5126	1.70	1.70	4523 (Class 3)

Selected Depth: 2 ft. (closest pipe depth: 2 ft)

(N/A) = SAMM analysis is not accurate at this depth use direct analysis for more accurate results.
 (i.e. Bedding Types 2 or 3)