

LOTS 3, 4, AND 5 NORTHCREST CENTER FILING NO 2 PHASE 1 SUBDIVISION REFERRED TO AS: "NORTHCREST CENTER" FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

2510 & 2522 CANADA DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80922

PREPARED FOR: LEISURE CONSTRUCTION 3443 TAMPA ROAD, SUITE B PALM HARBOR, FL 34684 (727) 242-5121

PCD FILE NO. PPR-21-036

November 8, 2021

Prepared by Scott Marvel, P.E. Rocky Mountain Group 2910 Austin Bluffs Blvd. | Colorado Springs, CO 80918 | 719-434-5638



SIGNATURE PAGE

LOTS 3, 4, AND 5 NORTHCREST CENTER FILING NO 2 PHASE 1 SUBDIVISION

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

SIGNATURE (Affix Seal):

Scott Marvel, P.E. No.: 52138

Date:

DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT

I, the owner/developer have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

 Name of Developer

 Authorized Signature
 Date

 Printed Name

 Title

 Address

EL PASO COUNTY:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development Code as amended.

Jennifer Irvine, P.E.
County Engineer / ECM Administrator

Date

Conditions:

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I. PURPOSE

This report is a Final Drainage Report for Lots 3, 4 & 5 Northcrest Center Subdivision, a currently unaddressed set of lots, for the development for a multi-unit commercial development, Northcrest Center.

The purpose of this report is to identify on-site and off-site drainage patterns, assess stormwater conditions per delineated basin and sub-basins, demonstrate adequate design standards for storm water flow and release into the existing storm water system or right-of-way, and provide a narrative for any other drainage considerations related to the development of this parcel.

II. GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

A. LOCATION

The proposed development of thirteen 2,280 square foot commercial buildings, is located at the address of Northcrest Center (formerly Lots 3, 4, & 5) in the City of Colorado Springs, Colorado in El Paso County within the Northcrest Center Subdivision. The parcel schedule numbers are 5332309004, 5332309006, and 5332309005 and the legal descriptions are Lot 3 Northcrest Center, A Vacation & Replat Of Tract B Northcrest Fil No 2 Phase 1, Lot 5 Northcrest Center, A Vacation & Replat Of Tract B Northcrest Fil No 2 Phase 1, and Lot 4 Northcrest Center, A Vacation & Replat Of Tract B Northcrest Fil No 2 Phase 1. The parcel is located to the north of Constitution Avenue, west of Canada Drive, east of Peterson Road, and south of Bismark Road.

The surrounding parcels are as follows:

North of Lots 3, 4 & 5 Northcrest Center, A Vacation & Replat of Tract B Northcrest Fil No 2 Phase 1 (Northcrest Center (formerly Lots 3, 4, & 5)) from west to east:

2508 Weyburn Way, Schedule No. 5332308031, Zoning RS-6000 CAD-O, Plat No. 10281, Lot 15 Constitution Hills Fil No 8

2507 Weyburn Way, Schedule No. 5332308032, Zoning RS-6000 CAD-O, Plat No. 10281, Lot 14 Constitution Hills Fil No 8

2630 Tibburn Way, Schedule No. 5332308040, Zoning RS-6000 CAD-O, Plat No. 10281, Lot 6 Constitution Hills Fil No 8

2610 Tibburn Way, Schedule No. 5332308041, Zoning RS-6000 CAD-O, Plat No. 10281, Lot 5 Constitution Hills Fil No 8

2605 Tibburn Way, Schedule No. 5332308042, Zoning RS-6000 CAD-O, Plat No. 10281, Lot 4 Constitution Hills Fil No 8

2624 Tibburn Way, Schedule No. 5332308043, Zoning RS-6000 CAD-O, Plat No. 10281, Lot 3 Constitution Hills Fil No 8

East of Lots 3, 4 & 5 Northcrest Center, A Vacation & Replat of Tract B Northcrest Fil No 2 Phase 1 (Northcrest Center (formerly Lots 3, 4, & 5)) from north to south:

2535 Canada Drive, Schedule No. 5332310002, Zoning RS-6000 CAD-O, Plat No. 8956, Lot 1 Living Waters Sub

2525 Canada Drive, Schedule No. 5332310003, Zoning PUD CAD-O, Plat No. 8956, Lot 2 Living Waters Sub

2455 Canada Drive, Schedule No. 5405207050, Zoning RM-30 CAD-O, Plat No. 7588, Lot 2 Northcrest Fil No 4

South of Lots 3, 4 & 5 Northcrest Center, A Vacation & Replat of Tract B Northcrest Fil No 2 Phase 1 (Northcrest Center (formerly Lots 3, 4, & 5)) from west to east:

6855 Constitution Avenue, Schedule No. 5405218002, Zoning CC CAD-O, Plat No. 9808, Lot 1 Eight Line Sub

West of Lots 3, 4 & 5 Northcrest Center, A Vacation & Replat of Tract B Northcrest Fil No 2 Phase 1 (Northcrest Center (formerly Lots 3, 4, & 5)) from north to south:

6805 Bismark Road, Schedule No. 5332309007, Zoning CC CAD-O, Plat No. 7776, Lots 1 & 2 Northcrest Center, A Vacation & Replat of Tract B Northcrest Fil No 2 Phase 1

B. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY – EXISTING CONDITIONS

Lots 3, 4, and 5 (Northcrest Center (formerly Lots 3, 4, & 5)) is approximately 144,776 square feet combined (3.32 acres) and is located on the north side of Constitution Avenue, east side of Peterson Road, West of Canada Drive, and south of Bismark Road. The parcels fall within the SW 1/4 of Section 32, Township 13 South, Range 65 West of the 6th P.M. of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado.

The property currently consists of undeveloped natural vegetation. There is existing curb and gutter along Bismark Drive, Canada Drive, and Constitution Avenue.

The existing percent imperviousness is approximately 1.5 percent on Lots 3, 4, and 5.

The existing topography consists of grades between 5.3 and 19.17 percent. Drainage patterns sheet flow across the parcel southeasterly to the corner of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue.

C. EXISTING SOILS

The soils indicative to the site are classified as Truckton sandy loam by the USDA Soil Conservation Service and are listed as NRCS (National Resources Conservation Service) Hydrologic Soil Group A. A USDA Soil Map is provided in the Appendix.

A subsurface soils investigation was conducted for Commercial Development Site Constitution and Peterson, with a letter entitled *Geotechnical Report* by RMG – Rocky Mountain Group dated

February 23, 2021. The investigation "revealed similar substance subsurface soil conditions across the site, being primarily silty sand extending from the ground surface to the extent of the test borings. Neither expansive clay soil not bedrock were encountered in the borings."

The study found that "groundwater was not encountered in the test borings during field exploration."

D. EXISTING DRAINAGE

The existing topography consists of grades between 5.3 and 19.17 percent within the entire parcel that ultimately flows southeast. The existing imperviousness of the lot is approximately 1.5 percent. The existing vegetation consists of native grasses and has been identified via site visits and aerial photography as well as survey data and pictures.

The existing drainage pattern from storm runoff is generally characterized as overland flow to the southeast of the parcel across pervious landscaped yard. The runoff from this parcel and the surrounding neighborhood flows via curb and gutter in the public right of way of Bismark Road, Constitution Avenue, and Canada Drive. The runoff flows south on Canada Drive into the existing Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet located at the northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue. This Public Storm Inlet is a branch of the Public 24" RCP Storm Main that flows west to east along the north side of Constitution Avenue and ultimately outfalls into Jimmy Camp Creek.

Lots 3, 4, and 5 do not lie within a designated floodplain according to information published in the Federal Emergency Management Agency Floodplain Map No. 08041C0752G, dated December 7, 2018. The FEMA Floodplain map is provided in Appendix C showing it lies within Zone X, a minimal flood hazard area.

There are no known non-stormwater discharges that contribute to the storm water systems on site and downstream, both private and public.

E. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY – PROPOSED CONDITIONS

The proposed development consists of thirteen 2,280 square foot commercial units and 68,606 square feet of concrete and asphalt pavement for drive accesses, sidewalks, and curb and gutter. Other on-site features include 29,020 square feet of landscaping, 756 linear feet of retaining wall, and 2,432 square feet for a full spectrum detention pond.

There is no existing access point to the property. Two new curb cuts are proposed along Canada Drive.

III. DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS

A. EXISTING MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN AND SUB-BASINS

The parcel is delineated into sub-basins according to the existing and proposed grading for existing and developed conditions.

Basin E is the entirety of the parcel representing existing conditions and consists of one on-site sub-basin. There are no off-site flows that enter the property due to the slope of the existing drive aisle between this lot and the neighboring lot.

Sub-basin E-1 (3.24 ac.; $Q_5 = 0.81$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 5.27$ cfs) is the entirety of Lots 3, 4, and 5 to be replatted via vacation into a single lot which contains natural vegetation that flows to the right of ways of Bismark Road, Canada Drive, and Constitution Ave. Those right of ways have curb and gutter directly adjacent to the lot that flow to a Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet. This public stormwater system is connected to a Public 24" RCP Storm Main that runs west to east along the south side of the lot within Constitution Avenue. The Public 15' & 5' CDOT Type R Curb Inlets located at the northwest and northeast corners, respectively, of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue. The public stormwater main within Constitution Avenue. The public stormwater main within Constitution Avenue.

EP1 is the existing conditions design point representing the Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet at the northwest corner at the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue where subbasin E-1 flows over the pervious lot containing native grasses and vegetation to the public roadways. The emergency flow route of this public storm inlet is due east along the north side of Constitution Avenue.

B. DEVELOPED MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN AND SUB-BASINS

Basin D is the entirety of the developed parcel representing developed conditions and consists of eight sub-basins. There are no off-site flows that enter the property due to grading of the drive accesses to divert storm water away from the property near the property boundary.

Sub-basin D-1 (0.32 ac. ; $Q_5 = 0.70$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 1.58$ cfs) is the northwestern area of the development consisting of an asphalt drive access off of the common drive access for this property and the neighboring lot from Bismark Road as well as enclosed storage and large vehicle parking area that consists of compacted gravel. The sub-basin is sloped southeast and overland flow is directed to a concrete drainage pan within the drive aisle and channeled to a Private 3'x3' CDOT Type C Depressed Inlet with Grate.

DP1 is the Design Point representing the Private 3'x3' CDOT Type C Depressed Inlet with Grate for Sub-basin D-1. The Private Storm Inlet flows downstream to subsequent Design Points via the Private Storm Sewer system. The emergency flow route for DP1 is an overflow condition of the Private Storm Inlet that would cause storm water pooling within the northern drive aisle and would flow due east into Canada Drive and ultimately to the Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet at the northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue.

Sub-basin D-2 (0.41 ac. ; $Q_5 = 0.88$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 2.00$ cfs) is the middle-north area of the development consisting of an asphalt drive access off of the common drive access for this property as well as enclosed storage and large vehicle parking area that consists of compacted gravel. The sub-basin is sloped southeast and overland flow is directed to the concrete drain pan within the drive aisle and channeled to a Private 3'x3' CDOT Type C Depressed Inlet with Grate, the second in a series of storm inlets in the northern area.

DP2 is the Design Point representing the Private 3'x3' CDOT Type C Depressed Inlet with Grate for Sub-basin D-2. The Private Storm Inlet flows downstream to subsequent Design Points via the Private Storm Sewer system. The emergency flow route for DP2 is an overflow condition of the Private Storm Inlet that would cause storm water pooling within the northern drive aisle and would flow due east into Canada Drive and ultimately to the Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet at the northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue.

Sub-basin D-3 (0.52 ac. ; $Q_5 = 0.93$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 2.29$ cfs) is the northeast area of the development consisting of an asphalt drive access off of the common drive access for this property as well as enclosed storage and large vehicle parking area that consists of compacted gravel. The sub-basin is sloped southeast and overland flow is directed to the concrete drain pan within the drive aisle and channeled to a Private 3'x3' CDOT Type C Depressed Inlet with Grate, the third and last in a series of storm inlets in the northern area that conveys storm water via the Private Storm system south and toward a Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin.

DP3 is the Design Point representing the Private 3'x3' CDOT Type C Depressed Inlet with Grate for Sub-basin D-3. The Private Storm Inlet flows downstream to subsequent Design Points via the Private Storm Sewer system. The emergency flow route for DP3 is an overflow condition of the Private Storm Inlet that would cause storm water pooling within the northern drive aisle and would flow due east into Canada Drive and ultimately to the Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet at the northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue.

Sub-basin D-4 (0.46 ac. ; $Q_5 = 1.64$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 3.01$ cfs) is the southeast area of the development consisting of roof runoff from Units 9 through 13 as well as the south frontage parking lot. The sub-basin is generally sloped southeast within the parking lot, with other storm water conveyances via roof drains and curb and gutter. The sub-basin flows to a low point in the south parking curb and gutter where a proposed Private 10' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet collects storm water and conveys it to the Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin via the Private Storm Sewer system.

DP4 is the Design Point representing the Private 10' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet for Sub-basin D-4. The Private Storm Inlet flows downstream to the Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin via the Private Storm Sewer system. The emergency flow route for DP4 is an overflow condition of the Private Storm Inlet that would cause storm water pooling within the southern drive aisle indicated as a right turn only exit aisle and would flow due east into Canada Drive and ultimately to the Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet at the northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue. Sub-basin D-5 (0.79 ac. ; $Q_5 = 2.86$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 5.22$ cfs) is the southwest and middle-south area of the development consisting of roof runoff from Units 1 through 8 as well as the south frontage parking lot. The sub-basin is generally sloped southeast within the parking lot with other storm water conveyances via roof drains and curb and gutter. The sub-basin flows to a low point in the south parking curb and gutter just west of the proposed EDB where a proposed Private 20' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet collects storm water and conveys it to the Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin via the Private Storm Sewer system.

DP5 is the Design Point representing the Private 20' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet for Sub-basin D-5. The Private Storm Inlet flows downstream to the Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin via the Private Storm Sewer system. The emergency flow route for DP4 is an overflow condition of the Private Storm Inlet that would cause storm water pooling within the southern parking lot area and would pool for 6" before spilling into the landscaping area surrounding the EDB and ultimately entering the EDB. Based on proposed contours, water will spill onto sidewalk before entering EDB.

Sub-basin D-6 (0.07 ac. ; $Q_5 = 0.08$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 0.26$ cfs) accounts for the tributary area of the development that consists of the Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin footprint. Runoff in this area is directly collected by the basin.

DP6 is the Design Point representing the Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin that is designed to detain a major storm event for the developed lot and provide Water Quality. The EDB is proposed to consist of 6-foot high Redirock structural walls with a detention volume of 16,500 cubic feet. The EDB consists of concrete trickle channel, micropool, and outlet structure with an engineered orifice plate to comply with release rates for Water Quality Capture Volume, Excess Urban Runoff Volume, and the 100-Year Major Storm Event. The emergency spillway of the Design Point results in storm water spilling over the walls and flowing due south to Constitution Avenue, ultimately flowing into the existing Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet (DP7) at the northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue.

Sub-basin D-7 (0.54 ac. ; $Q_5 = 0.55$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 1.87$ cfs) is the tributary area within the property boundary that flows toward the adjacent right of ways of Bismark Road, Canada Drive, and Constitution Avenue. The sub-basin consists mostly of proposed landscaped areas, public concrete sidewalk, and ingress/egress curb cuts. The sub-basin flows to Design Point 7 via the adjacent roadways' curb and gutter, ultimately to the Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet at the northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue.

DP7 is the Design Point representing the Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet at the northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue. This Public Storm Inlet is a branch line of the Public Storm Main that runs west to east within Constitution Avenue and is the ultimate recipient of storm water flow from the developed lot as it is proposed to be connected to the outlet structure of the EDB (DP6). The emergency flow route of this public storm inlet is due east along the north side of Constitution Avenue.

Appropriate spillway needs to be constructed, cannot just overflow sidewalls of pond 62.5 percent, is 16.97 cfs.

Sub-basin D-8 (0.10 ac. : $Q_5 = 0.40$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 0.74$ cfs) is the tributary area within the property boundary that consists of the common drive access off of Bismark Road to be extended to the south parking lot frontage of the development as well as a small landscaped portion at the south side of the lot. This sub-basin previously flowed southeast to the public storm system and is proposed to flow to the existing water quality control measure constructed for the neighboring lot. If existing drainage patterns were adhered to at the west property boundary, the new development would take on excess storm water runoff from the neighboring parcel. Grading of the extended drive aisle due south is to create a slight slope due west as originally intended to keep storm water of the respective lots directed toward their respective control measures.

confirm	DD9: 41, D D
	DP8 is the Design Point representing the water Quality Capture Volume BMP/control measure
that this	constructed for the neighboring lot (Northcrest Center Fil No 2 Lots 1 & 2). The emergency
offsite	overflow of DP8 is via a sidewalk chase directly south to the curb and gutter of Constitution
WQ Pond	Avenue and ultimately to the existing Public 15' CDOT Type R Curb Inlet (DP7) at the
was sized	northwest corner of the intersection of Canada Drive and Constitution Avenue.
for inflow	
from the	The difference between Basin E and Basin D results in an overall increase of the 100-year storm
Site.	water volume overall due to increased impervious surfaces.
Provide	
UD	The total storm water flow generated from the entirety of the 3.24 acre lot for the major (100-
Detention	year) storm event for existing conditions, with an effective imperviousness of 1.5 percent, is 5.27
Form	cfs. The major storm event runoff for developed conditions, with an effective imperviousness of

Of the total 3.24-acre lot, a tributary area of 2.59 acres with an effective imperviousness of 68.1 percent drains to the Full Spectrum Detention Basin, totaling 14.36 cfs, 87 percent of the total site runoff.

The remaining 0.65 acres has an effective 29.8 percent imperviousness and flows over mostly landscaped area and public concrete sidewalk to the respective roadways, ultimately to the public storm system. The combined 3.24-acre lot has a composite imperviousness of 62.6%. The developed conditions yield a major storm runoff of 2.61 cfs that flows directly to the public storm system for the 100yr storm. This is directly comparable to the existing drainage condition that yielded 5.27 cfs of storm water runoff for a major storm event. This is an approximately 50 percent decrease in runoff directly captured by the existing drainage system.

A Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin is proposed for the site to provide water quality and detention prior to attenuated storm water release to the public storm system.

It is anticipated that there will be no negative impact to downstream developments or infrastructure as a result of this development.

IV. DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

A. REGULATIONS

The hydrological and hydraulic calculations and design of the site conform to the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manuals I and II (latest revision, May 2014) as well as the Mile High Flood District Drainage Criteria manuals revised August 2018.

B. DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA REFERENCE AND CONSTRAINTS

The parcel falls within the Sand Creek major drainage basin (East Fork Sand Creek) designated by the City of Colorado Springs Water Resources Engineering Department with the ultimate receiving waters of Arkansas River. The drainage on this parcel will have no effect on downstream infrastructure or facilities, streets, utilities, transit, or further development of adjacent lots. Relevant criteria for the calculations shown further include equations and design criteria for the rational method, volumes and runoff of carious storm events.

C. HYDROLOGICAL CRITERIA

The rational method was used to calculate the peak runoff of the delineated sub-basins using the manuals referenced prior with the C, I, and P1 values from the Design Criteria Manual Volume I, Chapter 6 as well as the Colorado Springs designated IDF curve values. Specific calculations and tables are provided further with inputs including design rainfall, sub-basin acreage and percent imperviousness, runoff coefficients, one-hour rainfall depths, rainfall intensities, time of concentration, and peak discharge of various storm events. The default rainfall intensities and volumes use runoff coefficients based on soil types. Weighted runoff coefficients were calculated for each basin and sub-basin due to the mix of impervious surfaces, shown in the Appendix exhibits.

D. FOUR-STEP PROCESS

The selection of appropriate control measures is based on the characteristics of the site and potential pollutants. The Four-Step Process provides a method of going through the selection process. The following applies the four-step process to the Development Plan for the Northcrest Center.

Step 1: Employ Runoff Reduction Practices

The Development Plan including the Landscape Plan utilizes landscaping areas for plantings and grass or mulch wherever possible without obstructing utilities or drainageways. Given the proposed land use, the majority of the site is to be paved for vehicular use. Within the mostly-impervious site, the storm water runoff is kept to the site limits by use of grading, a private storm system and all other areas are to be landscaped, including the right of way landscape buffer areas.

Step 2: Provide Water Quality Capture Volume

The Development Plan and Final Drainage Report indicate the use of a storm water detention pond as a control measure for capturing storm water runoff and properly treating the storm water

prior to release either via percolation into the soil or attenuated to the public storm system. The detention pond is to be installed and the configuration is sized for capture of the WQCV as well as the EURV and full-spectrum detention, and 100-year detention.

Step 3: Stabilize Drainageways

The drainage within the site is stabilized by way of pavement with features such as drainage pans, curb and gutter, and sloped pavement to direct storm water to the private storm system. There are no unpaved or unstabilized drainageways on this site.

Step 4: Implement Site Specific and Other Source Control BMPs

No control measures beyond the Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin are proposed as there are no unusual land uses that would result in the need for other source control BMPs.

V. DRAINAGE INFRASTRUCTURE COSTS AND FEES

A. DRAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES

The development falls within the Sand Creek drainage basin (FOFO4000) which has a drainage basin fee of \$20,387 per impervious acre and a bridge fee of \$8,339 per impervious acre according to the 2021 El Paso County Drainage Basin Fees document. The development has a total impervious acreage of 2.03 acres (3.24 acres * 62.6% imperviousness).

Drainage Basin Fee: \$20,387/impervious acre * 2.03 impervious acres = \$41,385.61

Bridge Fee: \$8,339/impervious acre * 2.03 impervious acres = \$16,928.17

Since the site is already platted, drainage fees are assumed to have already been paid. Since this development is increasing imperviousness, the County shall review their records and make a decision on fee requirements.

Any outstanding fees must be paid prior to plat recordation.

B. STORM DRAIN SYSTEM QUANTITIES AND COSTS ESTIMATE

The following summarizes the Engineer's Opinion of Probable Cost for the proposed storm facilities for the development (installation plus materials).

Private System

Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Earthwork for cut of Pond (Less than 1,000)	612	СҮ	\$ 8	\$ 4,896
Concrete Drainage Channel	2	CY	\$ 590	\$ 1,180
12" RCP	230	LF	\$ 55	\$ 12,650
18" RCP	226	LF	\$ 65	\$ 14,690
24" RCP	74	LF	\$ 78	\$ 5,772
Curb Inlet (Type R) L=10' 5' ≤ Depth < 10'	1	EA	\$ 8,136	\$ 8,136
Curb Inlet (Type R) L=20' 5' ≤ Depth < 10'	1	EA	\$ 11,005	\$ 11,005
Pond Outlet Structure	1	EA	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Grated Inlet (Type C) Depth < 5'	3	EA	\$ 4,802	\$ 14,406
Storm Sewer Manhole, Box Base	1	EA	\$ 12,034	\$ 12,034

Total Cost	\$ 94,769.0
Engineering	
Contingency (10%)	\$ 9,476.9
Grand Total (w/	
Contingency)	\$ 104,245.9
Non-Reimbursable	\$ 104,245.9

VI. CONCLUSIONS

A. COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS

The criteria used to design the storm water runoff volumes are formulas and figures within the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Manuals as well as the Mile High Flood District Drainage Criteria manual. Grading practices for optimal drainage shall comply with the geotechnical investigative report and City standards. The development of Lots 3-5 is within compliance and standards and meets the requirements for the Northcrest Center.

The proposed grading and drainage is within substantial conformance for the master drainage plan for the Subdivision and Drainage Basin. There is no impact on major drainageway planning studies within the larger drainage basin. This development will not adversely affect downstream development.

VII. **REFERENCES**

Colorado Springs Drainage Manual Volumes I & II (May 2014)

Colorado Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume I (August 2018)

Colorado Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume III (April 2018)

Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume III (November, 2015)

FEMA Flood Map Service Center

United States Department of Agriculture National Resources Conservation Service

Subsurface Soil Investigation prepared by RMG-Rocky Mountain Group Engineers dated February 23, 2021

VIII. Appendices

APPENDIX A – VICINITY MAP



Project: Northcrest Center PEMBs Development - EXISTING CONDITIONS Engineer: Scott Marvel, PE Date: 10/18/2021 Address: TBD Bismark Rd. Colorado Springs, Colorado

 Sub-Basin:
 E-1
 (IDF Curve Equations from Figure 6-5 of the DCM Volume 1)
 I_5 I₁₀ I₅₀ I_{100} I₂ I₂₅ 2.157273203 2.69510908 3.1444606 3.5938121 4.0431636 4.5233433

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

	Coefficient (Table 6-6)																			
Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	<u>Acreage</u>	Coefficient 2	<u>Coefficient s</u>	Coefficient 10	Coefficient 25	Coefficient 50	Coefficient 100	<u>2 Yr: C, * A,</u>	<u>5 Yr: C, * A,</u>	<u>10 Yr: C_i * A</u> i	<u>25 Yr: C_i * A</u> i	<u>50 Yr: C, * A,</u>	<u>100 Yr: C, * A,</u>	2 Yr C _c	5 Yr C _c	10 Yr C _c	25 Yr C _c	50 Yr C _c	100 Yr C _c
Roof	0	0.000	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.033	0.093	0.162	0.261	0.310	0.359
Pavement	2155	0.049	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	0.044	0.045	0.046	0.047	0.047	0.047						
Lawn	139193	3.195	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.064	0.256	0.479	0.799	0.959	1.118						
A _t :	141348.11	3.245																		

Design Points							
Design Point	Q ₅	Q ₁₀	Q ₁₀₀				
EX DP1	0.81	1.65	5.27				
Total Site	0.81	1.65	5.27				

Q Peak Flow (cfs)								
2 Year Q	5 Year Q	10 Year Q	25 Year Q	50 Year Q	100 Year Q			
0.23	0.81	1.65	3.04	4.07	5.27			

Time of Concentration $\mathbf{t}_{c} = \mathbf{t}_{i} + \mathbf{t}_{t}$

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for urban land uses)

S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	E-1	
C ₅ :	0.09	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method]
L:	550	ft
S:	0.045	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots C_{i}A_{i}) / A_{t}$

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	C ₅
Roof	0	0.00	0.73
Pavement	2155	0.05	0.90
Lawn	139193	3.20	0.08
A _t :	141348	3.24	
C _ = (0.90*0.04 + 0.08	0.09		

 $C_c = (0.90*0.04 + 0.08*3.20) / 3.24 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

```
t_i = (0.395*(1.1-0.09)*sqrt(550))/(0.045 ^0.33) =
```

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_b , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_b can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

25.96

mins

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)



$\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{c}} = \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{i}} + \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{t}} =$	26.01	min.

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes

Final t_c:

26.01 min. Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, Cy

Type of Land Surface	C _v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
For buried simply, called C, welling based on type of us	anteting corres

Northcrest Center PEMBs Commercial Development - DEVELOPED CONDITIONS Scott Marvel, PE 10/18/2021 **TBD Bismark Road**

Sub-Basin: (IDF Curve Equations from Figure 6-5 of the DCM D-1 t_t Duration: 7.83 Volume 1) I_2 I_5 $|_{10}$ I₂₅ I_{50} I_{100} 3.585515386 4.495414352 5.2448167 5.9942191 6.7436215 7.5478561

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

Sub-Basin:	D-2	(IDF Curve	Equations fro	m Figure 6-5 o	f the DCM
t _t Duration:	8.08		Volur	ne 1)	
I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₅₀	I ₁₀₀
3.548739946	4.449058756	5.1907352	5.9324117	6.6740881	7.4699787

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

							Coefficient (Ta	ble 6-6)												
Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	<u>Acreage</u>	Coefficient 2	<u>Coefficient 5</u>	Coefficient 10	Coefficient 25	<u>Coefficient 50</u>	Coefficient 100	<u>2 Yr: C_i * A</u> i	<u>5 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>10 Yr: C_i * A</u>	<u>i</u> 25 Yr: C _i * A _i	<u>50 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>100 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	2 Yr C _c	5 Yr C _c	10 Yr C _c	25 Yr C _c	50 Yr C _c	100 Yr C _c
Roof	0	0.000	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.447	0.482	0.528	0.588	0.619	0.649
Pavement	6964	0.160	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	0.142	0.144	0.147	0.150	0.152	0.153						
Lawn & Gravel	7240	0.166	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.003	0.013	0.025	0.042	0.050	0.058						
A _t :	14204	0.326																		
															ſ					

Coefficient (Table 6-6)

Coefficient (Table 6-6)

0.96

0.180 0.182

0.35 0.004 0.017 0.032

0.186

Coefficient 100 2 Yr: C₁ * A₁ 5 Yr: C₁ * A₁ 10 Yr: C₁ * A₁ 25 Yr: C₁ * A₁ 50 Yr: C₁ * A₁ 50 Yr: C₁ * A₁ 100 Yr: C₁ * A₁ 2 Yr C_c 5 Yr C_c 10 Yr C_c 25 Yr C_c 50 Yr C_c 100 Yr C_c

0.190 0.192

0.053 0.063

0.81 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 **0.446 0.482 0.527 0.588 0.618 0.649**

0.194

0.074

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	<u>Square Feet</u>	Acreage	Coefficient 2	Coefficient 5	Coefficient 10	Coefficient 25	Coefficient 50
Roof	0	0.000	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.80
Pavement	8793	0.202	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95
Lawn	9159	0.210	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30
A _t :	17952	0.412					

Sub-Basin:	D-3	(IDF Curve	Equations fro	m Figure 6-5 o	f the DCM					
t _t Duration:	10.08	Volume 1)								
I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₅₀	I ₁₀₀					
3.284994319	4.116606284	52844.8028745.48914176.17540946.9114586								

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

Sub-Basin:	D-4	(IDF Curve	Equations fro	m Figure 6-5 o	f the DCM
t _t Duration:	5.00		Volur	ne 1)	
I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	۱ ₅₀	I ₁₀₀
4.119768884	5.168843131	6.0304837	6.8921242	7.7537647	8.6792165

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

Sub-Basin: t _t Duration:	D-5 8.50	(IDF Curve	Equations from Volur	m Figure 6-5 o ne 1)	f the DCM
l ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₅₀	I ₁₀₀
3.488148863	4.372683441	5.1016307	5.8305779	6.5595252	7.3416682

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

							Coefficient (Ta	<u>ble 6-6)</u>												
Land Use or Surface Characteristic	<u>Square Feet</u>	Acreage	Coefficient 2	<u>Coefficient s</u>	Coefficient 10	Coefficient 25	<u>Coefficient 50</u>	Coefficient 100	<u>2 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>5 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>10 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>25 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>50 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>100 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	2 Yr C _c	5 Yr C _c	10 Yr C _c	25 Yr C _c	50 Yr C _c	100 Yr C _c
Roof	0	0.000	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.362	0.402	0.452	0.521	0.555	0.589
Pavement	8902	0.204	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	0.182	0.184	0.188	0.192	0.194	0.196						
Lawn	13776	0.316	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.006	0.025	0.047	0.079	0.095	0.111						
A _t :	22678	0.521																		

							Coefficient (Ta	ble 6-6)												
Land Use or Surface Characteristic	<u>Square Feet</u>	<u>Acreage</u>	Coefficient 2	Coefficient 5	Coefficient 10	Coefficient 25	Coefficient 50	Coefficient 100	<u>2 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>5 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>10 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>25 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>50 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>100 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	2 Yr C _c	5 Yr C _c	10 Yr C _c	25 Yr C _c	50 Yr C _c	100 Yr C_c
Roof	12040	0.276	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.196	0.202	0.207	0.216	0.221	0.224	0.781	0.797	0.817	0.843	0.859	0.869
Pavement	8104	0.186	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	0.166	0.167	0.171	0.175	0.177	0.179						
Lawn	45	0.001	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000						
A _t :	20189	0.463																		

						<u>c</u>	Coefficient (Ta	ble 6-6)												
Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	<u>Acreage</u>	Coefficient 2	Coefficient 5	Coefficient 10	Coefficient 25	Coefficient 50	Coefficient 100	<u>2 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>5 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>10 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>25 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>50 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>100 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	2 Yr C _c	5 Yr C _c	10 Yr C _c	25 Yr C _c	50 Yr C _c	100 Yr C_c
Roof	17775	0.408	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.290	0.298	0.306	0.318	0.326	0.331	0.793	0.809	0.829	0.854	0.870	0.880
Pavement	16645	0.382	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	0.340	0.344	0.352	0.359	0.363	0.367						
Lawn	175	0.004	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001						
A _t :	: 34595	0.794																		

		Q Peak I	Flow (cfs)										
2 Year Q	2 Year Q 5 Year Q 10 Year Q 25 Year Q 50 Year Q 100 Year Q												
0.52	0.70	0.89	1.14	1.35	1.58								

		Q Peak I	Flow (cfs)		
2 Year Q	5 Year Q	10 Year Q	25 Year Q	50 Year Q	100 Year Q
0.65	0.88	1.13	1.44	1.70	2.00

		Q Peak I	Flow (cfs)		
2 Year Q	5 Year Q	10 Year Q	25 Year Q	50 Year Q	100 Year Q
0.67	0.93	1.22	1.61	1.93	2.29

		Q Peak I	Flow (cfs)		
2 Year Q	5 Year Q	10 Year Q	25 Year Q	50 Year Q	100 Year Q
1.28	1.64	1.97	2.32	2.66	3.01

	Q Peak Flow (cfs)													
2 Year Q	5 Year Q	10 Year Q	25 Year Q	50 Year Q	100 Year Q									
2.24	2.86	3.42	4.03	4.61	5.22									

Sub-Basin:	D-6 (IDF Curve Equations from Figure 6-5 of the DCM										
t _t Duration:	5.00	Volume 1)									
I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₅₀	I ₁₀₀						
4.119768884	5.168843131	6.0304837	6.8921242	7.7537647	8.6792165						

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

	Coefficient (Table 6-6)																			
Land Use or Surface Characteristic	<u>Square Feet</u>	Acreage	Coefficient 2	Coefficient 5	Coefficient 10	Coefficient 25	Coefficient 50	Coefficient 100	<u>2 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>5 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>10 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>25 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>50 Yr: C_i * A</u> i	i <u>100 Yr: C_i * A</u> i	2 Yr C _c	5 Yr C _c	10 Yr C _c	25 Yr C _c	50 Yr C _c	100 Yr C _c
Roof	0	0.000	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.251	0.310	0.394	0.435	0.477
Pavement	654	0.015	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	0.013	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014						
Lawn	2487	0.057	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.001	0.005	0.009	0.014	0.017	0.020						
A _t :	3141	0.072																		

Coefficient (Table 6-6)

0.35 0.009 0.036 0.068

0.96 0.086 0.087 0.089 0.091 0.092 0.093

0.113 0.135 0.158

Coefficient 50

0.80

0.95

0.30

Coefficient 25

0.78

0.94

0.25

Sub-Basin:	D-7	(IDF Curve Equations from Figure 6-5 of the DCM								
t _t Duration:	9.60	Volume 1)								
I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	۱ ₅₀	I ₁₀₀					
3.343994973	4.190976856	4.8896397	5.5883025	6.2869653	7.036401					

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	Coefficient 2	Coefficient 5	Coefficient 10
Roof	0	0.000	0.71	0.73	0.75
Pavement	4220	0.097	0.89	0.90	0.92
Lawn	19604	0.450	0.02	0.08	0.15
A _t :	23824	0.547			

Sub-Basin: t _t Duration:	D-8 5.00	(IDF Curve Equations from Figure 6-5 of the DCM Volume 1)											
I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	۱ ₅₀	I ₁₀₀								
4.119768884	5.168843131	6.0304837	6.8921242	7.7537647	8.6792165								

Hydrologic Soil Type: A

	Coefficient (Table 6-6)																			
Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	<u>Acreage</u>	Coefficient 2	Coefficient 5	Coefficient 10	Coefficient 25	Coefficient 50	Coefficient 100	<u>2 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>5 Yr: C_i * A</u> i	<u>10 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>25 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>50 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>100 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	2 Yr C _c	5 Yr C _c	10 Yr C_c	25 Yr C _c	50 Yr C _c	100 Yr C_c
Roof	0	0.000	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.808	0.823	0.848	0.875	0.889	0.903
Pavement	4304	0.099	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	0.088	0.089	0.091	0.093	0.094	0.095						
Lawn	446	0.010	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.004						
A _t :	4750	0.109																		

Des	ign Points		Cumula	ative Flows	(Series)	SITE IMPE	RVIOUSNES COMPOS	SITE CALCULATION						
											COMPOSITE	COEFFICIENT,		COMPOSITE
			Design						<u>COEFFICIENT, MINOR STORM (5-</u>	$C_5 * A_i$	IMPERVIOUSNESS (5-	MAJOR STORM	C ₁₀₀ *A _i	IMPERVIOUSNESS
Design Point	Q ₅	Q ₁₀₀	Point	Q_5	Q ₁₀₀		ACREAGE	<u>% OF TOTAL AREA</u>	<u>YR)</u>		YR)	<u>(100-YR)</u>		(100-YR)
DP1	0.70	1.58	DP1	0.70	1.58	Roof	0.684	21.10%	0.73	0.500	15.40%	0.81	0.554	17.09%
DP2	0.88	2.00	DP2	1.58	3.58	Pavement	1.345	41.45%	0.90	1.210	37.31%	0.96	1.291	39.79%
DP3	0.93	2.29	DP3	2.51	5.87	Lawn	1.215	37.45%	0.08	0.097	3.00%	0.35	0.425	13.11%
DP4	1.64	3.01	DP4	4.16	8.88	TOTAL	3.245	100.00%						
DP5	2.86	5.22	DP5	2.86	5.22		IMPERVIOUSNESS:	62.55%	COMPOSITE IMPER	VIOUSNESS:	55.70%			69.99%
DP6	0.08	0.26	DP6	7.09	14.36									
DP7	0.55	1.87	DP7	0.55	1.87		S	EE IRF CALCULATIONS FO	R FINAL EFFECTIVE IMPERVIOUSNE	SS FOR EACH	RESPECTIVE SUB-BAS	SIN & BMP		
DP8	0.40	0.74	DP8	0.40	0.74									
TOTAL	8.04	16.96	5			-								
TOTAL ON-SITE	7.09	14.36	5											
TOTAL OFF-SITE	0.95	2.61												

Q Peak Flow (cfs)												
2 Year Q	5 Year Q	10 Year Q	25 Year Q	50 Year Q	100 Year Q							
0.05	0.08	0.12	0.17	0.21	0.26							

ole 6-6)																Q Peak I	Flow (cfs))	
Coefficient 100	<u>2 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>5 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>10 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>25 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>50 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	<u>100 Yr: C_i * A_i</u>	2 Yr C _c	5 Yr C _c	10 Yr C _c	25 Yr C _c	50 Yr C _c	100 Yr C _c		2 Year Q	5 Year Q	10 Year Q	25 Year Q	50 Year Q	100 Year Q
0.81	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.225	0.286	0.372	0.415	0.458		0.34	0.55	0.81	1.21	1.52	1.87
													-						

	Q Peak Flow (cfs)													
2 Year Q	5 Year Q	10 Year Q	25 Year Q	50 Year Q	100 Year Q									
0.31	0.40	0.48	0.57	0.65	0.74									

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

- t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for urban land uses)
- S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	D-1	
C ₅ :	0.48	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method]
L:	145	ft
S:	0.055	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots C_{i}A_{i})/A_{t}$

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	C ₅	
Roof	0	0.00	0.73	
Pavement	6964	0.16	0.90	
Lawn	7240	0.17	0.08	
A _t :	14204	0.33		
$C_c = (0.90*0.16 + 0.08*0.17) / 0.33 =$			0.48	

 $C_c = (0.90*0.16 + 0.08*0.17) / 0.33 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

```
t_i = (0.395*(1.1-0.48)*sqrt(145))/(0.055 \circ 0.33) =
```

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_b , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_b can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

mins

7.71

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)



$\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{c}} = \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{i}} + \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{t}} =$	7.83	min.

. . .

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes

min.

Final t_c: 7.83 Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	<i>C</i> _v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
For buried riprap, select C _v value based on type of ve	getative cover.

Time of Concentration $\mathbf{t}_{c} = \mathbf{t}_{i} + \mathbf{t}_{t}$

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)/L}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for

urban land uses)

S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	D-2	
C ₅ :	0.48	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method]
L:	135	ft
S:	0.05	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots C_{i}A_{i}) / A_{t}$

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	C ₅	
Roof	0	0.00	0.73	
Pavement	8793	0.20	0.90	
Lawn	9159	0.21	0.08	
A _t :	17952	0.41		
$C_c = (0.90*0.20 + 0.08*0.21) / 0.41 =$ 0.48			0.48	

 $C_c = (0.90*0.20 + 0.08*0.21) / 0.41 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

 $t_i = (0.395*(1.1-0.48)*sqrt(135))/(0.05 \circ 0.33) =$

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_b , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_b can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

7.65

mins

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)



 $t_{c} = t_{i} + t_{t} =$ 8.08 min.

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes.

Final t_c:

8.08 min. Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, Cy

Type of Land Surface	C_{ν}
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
For buried simply, called C, welling based on type of us	astative cover

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)/L}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for urban land uses)

S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	D-3	
C ₅ :	0.40	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method]
L:	155	ft
S:	0.043	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots C_{i}A_{i})/A_{t}$

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	C5
Roof	0	0.00	0.73
Pavement	8902	0.20	0.90
Lawn	13776	0.32	0.08
A _t :	22678	0.52	
$C = (0.90 \times 0.20 \pm 0.08 \times 0.32) / 0.52 = 0.00$			

 $C_c = (0.90*0.20 + 0.08*0.32) / 0.52 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

 $t_i = (0.395*(1.1-0.40)*sqrt(155))/(0.043 ^0.33) =$

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_n , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_n can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

mins

9.79

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

4.05

72.00

17.78

0.30

ft/s

ft

sec.

min.

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)









$t_t = L/V =$	
---------------	--

 $t_{c} = t_{i} + t_{t} =$ 10.08 min.

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes.

Final t_c:

10.08 min. Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	C,
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
* For buried riprap, select Cv value based on type of ve	getative cover.

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

- t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for urban land uses)
- S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	D-4	
C ₅ :	0.82	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method]
L:	90	ft
S:	0.04	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots C_{i}A_{i})/A_{t}$

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	C ₅
Roof	12040	0.28	0.73
Pavement	8104	0.19	0.90
Lawn	45	0.001	0.08
A _t :	20189	0.46	

 $C_c = (0.73*0.28 + 0.90*0.19 + 0.08*0.001) / 0.46 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

 $t_i = (0.395*(1.1-0.82)*sqrt(90))/(0.04^{0.33}) =$

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_t , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_t , can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

0.82

3 08

mins

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)



3.60

min.

 $t_{c} = t_{i} + t_{t} =$

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes.

Final t_c: 5.00 min. Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	<i>C</i> _v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
* For buried riprap, select Cv value based on type of vegetative co	

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for urban land uses)

S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	D-5	
C ₅ :	0.47	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method]
L:	125	ft
S:	0.046	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots C_{i}A_{i})/A_{t}$

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	C ₅
Roof	17775	0.41	0.73
Pavement	16645	0.38	0.90
Lawn	175	0.004	0.08
A _t :	34595	0.794	

 $C_c = (0.73*0.41 + 0.90*0.38 + 0.08*0.004) / 0.794 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

t ; = (0.395*(1.1-0.47)*sqrt(125))/(0.046 ^0.33) =

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_t , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_t , can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

0.47

7.70

mins

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)



 $t_{c} = t_{i} + t_{t} =$ 8.50 min.

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes.

Final t_c: 8.50 min. Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	<i>C</i> _v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
For buried riprap, select Cy value based on type of ve	getative cover.

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

- t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft maximum for non-urban land uses, 100 ft maximum for urban land uses)
- S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	D-6	
C ₅ :	0.33	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method
L:	7	ft
S:	10	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots C_{i}A_{i}) / A_{t}$

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	C ₅
Roof	0	0.00	0.73
Pavement	654	0.02	0.90
Lawn	2487	0.06	0.08
A _t :	3141	0.07	

 $C_c = (0.90*0.02 + 0.08*0.06) / 0.07 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

t _i = (0.395*(1.1-0.33)*sqrt(7))/(0.1 ^0.33) =

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_n , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_n can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

0.33

0.38

mins

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)



 $t_{c} = t_{i} + t_{t} =$ 0.40 min.

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes.

Final t_c: 5.00 min. Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	<i>C_v</i>
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
* For buried riprap, select Cv value based on type of vegetative cov	

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

- t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for urban land uses)
- S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	D-7	
C ₅ :	0.42	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method]
L:	46	ft
S:	0.02	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots C_{i}A_{i})/A_{t}$

Land Use or Surface Characteristic	Square Feet	Acreage	C ₅
Roof	0	0.00	0.73
Pavement	4220	0.097	0.90
Lawn	19604	0.450	0.08
A _t :	23824	0.547	

 $C_c = (0.73*0.0 + 0.90*0.018 + 0.08*0.027) / 0.044 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

 $t_i = (0.395*(1.1-0.42)*sqrt(24))/(0.07^0.33) =$

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_t , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_t , can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

0.42

6.65

mins

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)



 $t_{c} = t_{i} + t_{t} =$ 9.60 min.

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes

Final t_c: 9.60 min. Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C.

Type of Land Surface	<i>C</i> _v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
For buried riprap, select Cy value based on type of ve	getative cover.

3.2.1 - Overland (Initial) Flow Time

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}}$$
(Eq. 6-8)

Where:

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (min) C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6) L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for urban land uses)

S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

Sub-Basin or DP:	D-8	
C ₅ :	0.41	[Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method]
L:	10	ft
S:	0.02	ft/ft

Composite Runoff Coefficient Calculation:

 $C_{c} = (C_{1}A_{1} + C_{2}A_{2} + C_{3}A_{3} + \dots + C_{i}A_{i})/A_{t}$

Square Feet	Acreage	C ₅
0	0.00	0.73
4304	0.099	0.90
446	0.010	0.08
4750	0.109	
-	Square Feet 0 4304 446 4750	Square Feet Acreage 0 0.00 4304 0.099 446 0.010 4750 0.109

 $C_c = (0.73*0.0 + 0.90*0.027 + 0.08*0.039) / 0.067 =$

 $t_i = (0.395^*(1.1\text{-}C_5)^* sqrt(L))/(S^{0.33})$

 $t_i = (0.395*(1.1-0.41)*sqrt(25))/(0.02^0.33) =$

3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time, t_t , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time, t_t , can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

0.41

3.14

 $V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 C_v = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 S_w = watercourse slope (ft/ft)



 $t_{c} = t_{i} + t_{t} =$ 4.68 min.

3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a t_c of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum t_c for urbanized areas is 5 minutes

min.

Final t_c: 5.00 Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

(Eq. 6-9)

Type of Land Surface	<i>C</i> _v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20
* For buried riprap, select Cy value based on type of ve	getative cover.

mins



100

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Project: Northcrest Center PEMBs Development Basin ID: EDB for DP6 - Sub-Basins DP-1 through DP-6, Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin

Optional User Override

1.19 inches

1.50 inches 1.75 inches 2.00 inches inches 2.25 2.52 inches 3.48 inches

ZONE 3 ZONE 2 ZONE 1 -100-YEAR ORIFICE ZONE 1 AND

Depth Increment = 0.50 Stage - Storage Description

Top of Micropool

ft

Stage (ft)

0.00

Volume (ft ³)

Volume (ac-ft)

Area

(acre)

0.063

(ft²)

2,750

Area

(ft²)

Width

(ft)

Length

(ft)

Stage (ft)

POOL Example Zone	e Configurat	tion (Retention Pond)
Watershed Information		
Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	2.59	acres
Watershed Length =	400	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	175	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.050	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	68.10%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	100.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	0.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

	5	
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.058	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.222	acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =	0.148	acre-feet
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) =	0.193	acre-feet
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	0.229	acre-feet
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.276	acre-feet
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.321	acre-feet
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.52 in.) =	0.376	acre-feet
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.48 in.) =	0.564	acre-feet
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.144	acre-feet
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.189	acre-feet
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.227	acre-feet
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.272	acre-feet
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.299	acre-feet
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.327	acre-feet

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.058	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.164	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.105	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.327	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft ³
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H _{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H _{TC}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S _{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (Smain) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R _{L/W}) =	user	
	-	

ft i Initial Surcharge Area (AISV) = user Surcharge Volume Length (LISV) = user ft Surcharge Volume Width $(W_{ISV}) =$ user Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR}) = user Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR}) = user Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR}) = user Area of Basin Floor (A_{FLOOR}) = user Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR}) = ft i user Depth of Main Basin $(H_{MAIN}) =$ user Length of Main Basin (LMAIN) = user Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) = user Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN}) = Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN}) = user Ĥ user acre-fee Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) = user

		0.50		 -	2,750	0.063	1,375	0.032
		1.00		 	2,750	0.063	2,750	0.063
		1.50		 -	2,750	0.063	4,125	0.095
		2.00		 -	2,750	0.063	5,500	0.126
		2.50		 -	2,750	0.063	6,875	0.158
		3.00		 -	2,750	0.063	8,250	0.189
		3.50		 -	2,750	0.063	9,625	0.221
		4.00		 -	2,750	0.063	11,000	0.253
		4.50		 -	2,750	0.063	12,375	0.284
		5.00		 	2,750	0.063	13,750	0.316
		5.50		 -	2,750	0.063	15,125	0.347
		6.00		 -	2,750	0.063	16,500	0.379
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DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN									
		МНІ	FD-Detention, Ver	sion 4.04 (Februar	y 2021)				
Project: Basin ID:	Northcrest Center	PEMBs Developme	ent Joh DR-6, Full Speci	rum Extended Det	ontion Basin				
ZONE 3	EDB IOI DP0 - Sub	-Basilis DF-1 tillou	igil DP-0, Full Speci	Estimated	Estimated				
				Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type			
VOLUME EURY WOCY			Zone 1 (WOCV)	0.02	0.058		Ì		
± ±			Zone I (WQCV)	2.52	0.058	Orifice Plate			
ZONE 1 AND 2	ORIFICE		ZOTIE Z (LORV)	5.52	0.104	Wain Piace (Destrict)			
POOL Example Zone	Configuration (Re	tention Pond)	Zone 3 (100-year)	5.18 Total (all zanas)	0.105	weir&Pipe (Restrict)			
liser Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typical	v used to drain WO	√ in a Filtration BN	MD)	Total (all zones)	0.327		Calculated Paramet	tors for Underdrain	
Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A	ft (distance below)	the filtration media	surface)	Underg	Irain Orifice Area =	N/A	ft ²	
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches		Surface)	Underdrair	Orifice Centroid =	N/A	feet	
	,						,		
User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orific	es or Elliptical Slot \	Neir (typically used	to drain WQCV and	l/or EURV in a sedii	mentation BMP)		Calculated Paramet	ters for Plate	
Invert of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin	n bottom at Stage =	• 0 ft)	WQ Orifi	ce Area per Row =	N/A	ft ²	
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	3.55	ft (relative to basin	bottom at Stage =	• 0 ft)	Elli	ptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet	
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	9.00	inches			Ellipt	ical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet	
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	inches			E	lliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft²	
Llose Inputs, Stage and Total Area of Each Ovifia	a Daw (numbered f	om lowest to highe	(at)						
User miput. Stage and Total Area of Each Orific	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (ontional)	Row 3 (ontional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (ontional)	Row 7 (ontional)	Row 8 (ontional)	
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)		0.80	1 60	2 40	3 20	Row o (optional)	(optional)	Row o (optional)	
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.00	1.00	1.00	2.40	5.20				
	0.75	1.00	1.65						
	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)	
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								, I – <i>Z</i>	
Orifice Area (sq. inches)									
User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectang	ular)		1				Calculated Paramet	ters for Vertical Orif	
	Not Selected	Not Selected					Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basir	bottom at Stage =	= 0 ft) Ver	tical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A	
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basir	bottom at Stage =	= 0 ft) Vertica	Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A	
vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches						
User Input: Overflow Weir (Drophox with Flat o	r Sloped Grate and	Outlet Pine OR Rec	tangular/Trapezoida	al Weir (and No Out	tlet Pine)		Calculated Paramet	ters for Overflow W	
User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat o	r Sloped Grate and Zone 3 Weir	Outlet Pipe OR Rec	tangular/Trapezoida	al Weir (and No Out	tlet Pipe)		Calculated Paramet	ters for Overflow W	
User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat o Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	r Sloped Grate and Zone 3 Weir 3.75	Outlet Pipe OR Rect Not Selected N/A	tangular/Trapezoida ft (relative to basin t	al Weir (and No Out	tlet Pipe)	e Upper Edge, H _t =	Calculated Paramet Zone 3 Weir 3.75	ters for Overflow W Not Selected N/A	
User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho = Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	r Sloped Grate and Zone 3 Weir 3.75 3.00	Outlet Pipe OR Rect Not Selected N/A N/A	tangular/Trapezoida ft (relative to basin t feet	al Weir (and No Out	t <u>let Pipe)</u> t) Height of Grate Overflow W	e Upper Edge, H _t = /eir Slope Length =	Calculated Paramet Zone 3 Weir 3.75 3.00	ters for Overflow W Not Selected N/A N/A	
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DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program

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	SOURCE	CUHP	CURP	CURP	СОПР	СОПР	CUMP	СОПР	СОПР	
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.01	0.30
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.87	1.08	0.72	0.88	0.88	1.37
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	1.72	2.20	2.56	1.60	1.84	2.00	2.87
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	3.19	4.22	5.08	3.16	3.59	3.86	5.77
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	3.09	3.98	4.60	6.29	7.51	8.54	13.06
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	2.34	2.95	3.39	5.78	6.83	8.42	12.58
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.79	2.18	2.50	4.66	5.50	6.66	9.97
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	1.26	1.61	1.88	3.40	3.99	5.12	7.71
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.91	1.23	1.37	2.68	3.13	3.88	5.91
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.93	1.08	1.86	2.15	2.83	4.28
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.82	0.98	1.40	1.59	2.20	3.35
	1.03.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.78	0.95	1.19	1.36	1.95	3.00
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.76	0.94	0.99	1.15	1.42	2.15
	1.13.00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.70	0.94	0.35	0.95	0.94	1.00
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.03	0.34	0.75	0.85	0.67	0.95
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.57	0.64	0.58	0.65	0.57	0.80
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.56	0.60	0.52	0.59	0.53	0.73
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.47	0.57	0.49	0.55	0.51	0.71
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.43	0.56	0.48	0.54	0.50	0.70
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.40	0.56	0.47	0.53	0.50	0.70
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.39	0.53	0.47	0.53	0.50	0.70
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.36	0.46	0.47	0.53	0.50	0.70
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.19	0.25	0.26	0.29	0.28	0.38
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.11	0.14	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.21
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.11
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.05
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Hydraulic Grade Line and Pipe Capacity

	100-YEAR EVENT										
Pipe	Design Flow Rate	Proposed Pipe Diameter	Slope	80% of Proposed Pipe Diameter	Manning Coefficient	Full Pipe Cross Sectional Area	Full Pipe Flow Rate	Q Design / Q Full	d/D	Hydraulic Grade Line (Depth of Flow)	Depth of Flow Less Than 80% of Pipe Diameter
	Qdes (ft3/sec)	Dpro(in)	S (%)	Dpro*.8 (in)	n	A (ft) = π (Dpro/2)2	Qfull (ft3/s) = A(1.49/n)((Dpro/ 48)2/3)S1/2	Qdes/Qfull	(from Chart)	d (in) = (d/D)*Dpro	(Yes/No)
1-2	1.58	12.0	2.08%	9.6	0.013	0.785	5.150	0.31	0.43	5.16	Yes
2-3	3.58	12.0	2.08%	9.6	0.013	0.785	5.150	0.70	0.68	8.10	Yes
3-4	5.87	18.0	2.08%	14.4	0.013	1.766	15.183	0.39	0.49	8.73	Yes
4-6	8.88	18.0	2.08%	14.4	0.013	1.766	15.183	0.58	0.62	11.07	Yes
5-6	5.22	18.0	2.08%	14.4	0.013	1.766	15.183	0.34	0.45	8.10	Yes
OUTLET	14.36	24.0	2.08%	19.2	0.013	3.140	32.698	0.44	0.52	12.36	Yes

	5-YEAR EVENT										
Pipe	Design Flow Rate	Proposed Pipe Diameter	Slope	80% of Proposed Pipe Diameter	Manning Coefficient	Full Pipe Cross Sectional Area	Full Pipe Flow Rate	Q Design / Q Full	d/D	Hydraulic Grade Line (Depth of Flow)	Depth of Flow Less Than 80% of Pipe Diameter
	Qdes (ft3/sec)	Dpro(in)	S (%)	Dpro*.8 (in)	n	A (ft) = π (Dpro/2)2	Qfull (ft3/s) = A(1.49/n)((Dpro/ 48)2/3)S1/2	Qdes/Qfull	(from Chart)	d (in) = (d/D)*Dpro	(Yes/No)
1-2	0.70	12.0	2.08%	9.6	0.013	0.785	5.150	0.14	0.28	3.30	Yes
2-3	1.58	12.0	2.08%	9.6	0.013	0.785	5.150	0.31	0.43	5.16	Yes
3-4	2.51	18.0	2.08%	14.4	0.013	1.766	15.183	0.17	0.31	5.63	Yes
4-6	4.15	18.0	2.08%	14.4	0.013	1.766	15.183	0.27	0.38	6.84	Yes
5-6	2.86	18.0	2.08%	14.4	0.013	1.766	15.183	0.19	0.34	6.03	Yes
OUTLET	7.09	18.0	2.08%	14.4	0.013	1.766	15.183	0.47	0.53	9.54	Yes

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021) AREA INLET IN A SWALE



MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021) AREA INLET IN A <u>SWALE</u>

NORTHCREST CENTER PEMBs - EL PASO COUNTY



Warning 01: Sideslope steepness exceeds USDCM Volume I recommendation. Warning 02: Depth (d) exceeds USDCM Volume I recommendation.

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021) AREA INLET IN A SWALE



MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021) AREA INLET IN A <u>SWALE</u>

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MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021) AREA INLET IN A SWALE

NORTHCREST CENTER PEMBs - EL PASO COUNTY



Warning 01: Sideslope steepness exceeds USDCM Volume I recommendation. Warning 02: Depth (d) exceeds USDCM Volume I recommendation.



INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



Design Information (Input)	1	MINOR	MAJOR	_
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R	Curb Opening	
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	a _{LOCAL} =	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	2	2	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	L _o =	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	W _o =	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	C _f -G =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	C _f -C =	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'		MINOR	MAJOR	_
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q =	1.6	3.0	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q _b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_a/Q_o =	C% =	100	100	%



INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



Design Information (Input)	a .	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R	Curb Opening	
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	a _{LOCAL} =	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	4	4	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	L _o =	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	W _o =	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_{f}G =$	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	C _f -C =	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q =	2.9	5.2	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_a/Q_a =	C% =	100	100	%

APPENDIX C – FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAP

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend



Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

 $\label{eq:appendix} Appendix \ D-USGS \ Soils \ Survey \ Map$



Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey 3/17/2021 Page 1 of 4



Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	A	0.2	0.4%
97	Truckton sandy loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	A	40.9	99.6%
Totals for Area of Interest		41.1	100.0%	

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

USDA

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher

APPENDIX E - DRAINAGE PLANS



