

# LATIGO PRESERVE FILING 9

## A PARCEL OF LAND LOCATED IN THE SOUTH QUARTER OF SECTION S17 TOWNSHIP 12 SOUTH, RANGE 64 WEST OF THE 6TH P.M., EL PASO COUNTY, STATE OF COLORADO

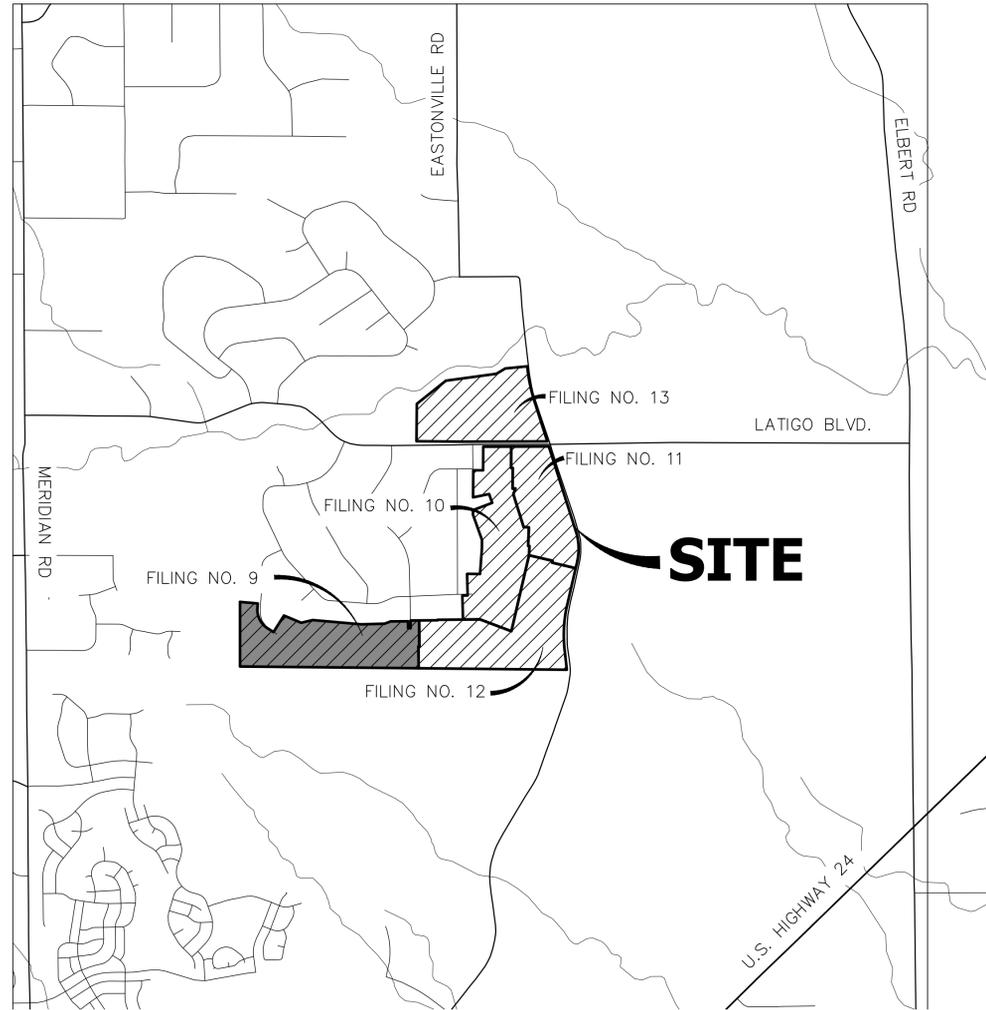
# GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL

### STANDARD NOTES FOR EL PASO COUNTY CONSTRUCTION PLANS

- ALL DRAINAGE AND ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS/EL PASO COUNTY DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, VOLUMES 1 AND 2, AND THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE NOTIFICATION AND FIELD NOTIFICATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, WHETHER SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR NOT, BEFORE BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CALL 811 TO CONTACT THE UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO (UNCC).
- CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP A COPY OF THESE APPROVED PLANS, THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), THE SOIL AND GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, AND THE APPROPRIATE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AT THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIMES, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:
  - EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL (ECM)
  - CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS/ EL PASO COUNTY DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, VOLUMES 1 AND 2
  - COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION M&S STANDARDS
- NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING DEPICTED IN THESE PLANS IN WORDS OR GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION, ALL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO ROADS, STORM DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOST RECENT VERSIONS OF THE RELEVANT ADOPTED EL PASO COUNTY STANDARDS, INCLUDING THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, THE ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL, THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, AND THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME 2. ANY DEVIATIONS FROM REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS MUST BE REQUESTED, AND APPROVED, IN WRITING. ANY MODIFICATIONS NECESSARY TO MEET CRITERIA AFTER-THE-FACT WILL BE ENTIRELY THE DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO RECTIFY.
- IT IS THE DESIGN ENGINEER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ACCURATELY SHOW EXISTING CONDITIONS, BOTH ONSITE AND OFFSITE, ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. ANY MODIFICATIONS NECESSARY DUE TO CONFLICTS, OMISSIONS, OR CHANGED CONDITIONS WILL BE ENTIRELY THE DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO RECTIFY.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH EL PASO COUNTY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT INSPECTIONS, PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION.
- IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO UNDERSTAND THE REQUIREMENTS OF ALL JURISDICTIONAL AGENCIES TO OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO EL PASO COUNTY EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PERMIT (ESQCP), REGIONAL BUILDING FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS-ISSUED 401 AND/OR 404 PERMITS, AND COUNTY AND STATE FUGITIVE DUST PERMITS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DEVIATE FROM THE PLANS WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND PCD. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DESIGN ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERY OF ANY ERRORS OR INCONSISTENCIES.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE GEOTECHNICAL TESTING PER ECM STANDARDS. PAVEMENT DESIGN SHALL BE APPROVED BY EL PASO COUNTY PCD PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF CURB AND GUTTER AND PAVEMENT.
- ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER/EXIT THE SITE AT APPROVED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS.
- SIGHT VISIBILITY TRIANGLES ARE IDENTIFIED IN THE PLANS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL INTERSECTIONS. OBSTRUCTIONS GREATER THAN 18 INCHES ABOVE FLOWLINE ARE NOT ALLOWED IN SIGHT TRIANGLES.
- SIGNING AND STRIPING SHALL COMPLY WITH EL PASO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND MUTCD CRITERIA.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ANY PERMITS REQUIRED BY EL PASO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, INCLUDING WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND SPECIAL TRANSPORT PERMITS.
- THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL REMAIN WITHIN THE PROPERTY LINE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. THE OWNER/DEVELOPER SHALL OBTAIN WRITTEN PERMISSION AND EASEMENTS, WHERE REQUIRED, FROM ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNER(S) PRIOR TO ANY OFF-SITE DISTURBANCE, GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL STORM DRAIN PIPE SHALL BE CLASS III RCP UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED AND APPROVED BY PCD.

### ABBREVIATIONS

AC	ACRE	FL	FLOWLINE	RT	RIGHT
AD	ALGEBRAIC DIFFERENCE	FIL	FILING	S	SOUTH
AH	AHEAD	FO	FIBER OPTIC CABLE	STE	STEEL
ARCH	ARCHITECT	GB	GRADE BREAK	SAN	SANITARY SEWER
ASCE	AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CIVIL ENGINEERS	GE	GAS EASEMENT	SF	SQUARE FOOT
ASSY	ASSEMBLY	GIS	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM	ST	STREET
AVE	AVENUE	QL	QUALITY	STA	STATION
BB	BOX BASE	GPS	GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM	STM	STORM SEWER
BK	BACK	GV	GATE VALVE	SY	SQUARE YARD
BNDY	BOUNDARY	HBP	HOT BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT	SY-IN	SQUARE YARD INCH
BOP	BOTTOM OF PIPE	HC	HANDICAP	TB	THRUST BLOCK
BOV	BLOW OFF VALVE	HDC	HIGH DEFLECTION COUPLING	TBC	TOP BACK OF CURB
BFV	BUTTERFLY VALVE	HDPE	HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE	TBW	TOP BACK OF WALK
BLVD	BOULEVARD	HGL	HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE	TEL	TELEPHONE
BW	BOTTOM OF WALL	HMA	HOT MIX ASPHALT	TN	TON
C&G	CURB & GUTTER	HOA	HOME OWNERS ASSOCIATION	TOA	TOP OF ASPHALT
CATV	CABLE TELEVISION	HP	HIGH POINT	TOB	TOP OF BOX
CB	CATCH BASIN	HR	HOUR	TOC	TOP OF CURB OR CONCRETE
CBC	CONCRETE BOX CULVERT	IR	IRRIGATION	TOF	TOP OF FOUNDATION
CDOT	COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	INT	INTERSECTION	TOP	TOP OF PIPE
CDS	CUL-DE-SAC	INT	INTERSECTION	TW	TOP OF WALL
CF	CUBIC FOOT	INT	INTERSECTION	TY	TYPICAL
CFS	CUBIC FEET PER SECOND	IRR	IRRIGATION	UDFCD	URBAN DRAINAGE AND FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
CL	COMPLETE IN PLACE	KB	KICK (THRUST) BLOCK	UE	UTILITY EASEMENT
CL	CENTER LINE	LB	LOAD	U&DE	UTILITY & DRAINAGE EASEMENT
CLOMR	CONDITIONAL LETTER OF MAP REVISION	LE	LANDSCAPE EASEMENT	UGE	UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC
CLR	CLEAR	LF	LINEAR FOOT	VCP	VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE
CMP	CORRUGATED METAL PIPE	LN	LANE	VPC	VERTICAL POINT OF CURVATURE
CO	CLEAN OUT	LOMR	LETTER OF MAP REVISION	VPI	VERTICAL POINT OF INTERSECTION
COC	CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS	LP	LOW POINT	VPT	VERTICAL POINT OF TANGENCY
CONC	CONCRETE	LS	LUMP SUM	VTC	VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL
CR	CIRCLE	LT	LEFT	W	WEST
CR	CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE	MAX	MAXIMUM	WL	WATER LINE
CSP	COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES	M/D	MOISTURE DENSITY	WL	WATER LINE
CT	COURT	MDDP	MASTER DEVELOPMENT PLAN	WM	WATER MAIN
CTRB	CONCRETE THRUST REDUCER BLOCK	MH	MANHOLE	WRD	WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT
CY	CUBIC YARD	MIN	MINIMUM	WS	WATER SURFACE
DBPS	DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY	MS	MOUNTABLE SIDEWALK	WSE	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION
DE	DRAINAGE EASEMENT	N	NORTH	WTR	WATER
DIA	DIAMETER	NRCF	NON-REINFORCED CONCRETE	YR	YEAR
DIP	DUCTILE IRON PIPE	ODP	OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN		
DR	DRIVE	OHE	OVERHEAD ELECTRIC		
DR	DRIVE	OHU	OVERHEAD UTILITY		
DR	DRIVE	PC	POINT OF CURVATURE		
DR	DRIVE	PCC	POINT OF COMPOUND CURVATURE		
DR	DRIVE	PCR	POINT OF CURB RETURN		
DR	DRIVE	PDP	PRELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT PLAN		
DR	DRIVE	PE	PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER		
DR	DRIVE	PI	POINT OF INTERSECTION		
DR	DRIVE	PKWY	PARKWAY		
DR	DRIVE	PL	PROPERTY LINE		
DR	DRIVE	PP	PROPOSED		
DR	DRIVE	PRC	POINT OF REVERSE CURVATURE		
DR	DRIVE	PT	POINT OF TANGENCY		
DR	DRIVE	PV	PLUG VALVE		
DR	DRIVE	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE		
DR	DRIVE	R	RADIUS		
DR	DRIVE	RCBC	REINFORCED CONCRETE BOX CULVERT		
DR	DRIVE	RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE		
DR	DRIVE	RD	ROAD		
DR	DRIVE	ROW	RIGHT OF WAY		



### VICINITY MAP

SCALE: 1"=2000'

### SHEET INDEX

- : COVER SHEET
- : LEGEND
- : TYPICAL SECTIONS
- 6 : GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN
- 11 : GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
- : TOTAL SHEETS

### CONTACTS:

OWNER/DEVELOPER:	BRJM, LLC ATTN: BOB IRWIN 101 N. CASCADE, SUITE 200 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 P~719-475-7474
ENGINEER/SURVEYOR:	JR ENGINEERING, LLC ATTN: BRYAN LAW 5475 TECH CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 235 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80919 P~303-267-6254
FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT:	FALCON FIRE FPD 7030 N MERIDIAN RD FALCON, CO 80831 P~719-494-4050
DISTRICT / WATER PROVIDER:	MERIDIAN SERVICE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 11886 STAPLETON DR PEYTON, CO 80831 P~719-495-6567
EL PASO COUNTY:	PLANNING AND COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ATTN: BRAD WALTERS 2880 INTERNATIONAL CIRCLE, SUITE 110 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80910 P ~ (719) 520-6819  DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS 3257 AKERS DR COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80910 P ~ (719) 529-6460
ELECTRIC COMPANY:	MOUNTAIN VIEW ELECTRIC ASSOC., INC. 11140 EAST WOODMEN ROAD FALCON, COLORADO 80831 (719) 495-2283

### BASIS OF BEARING

THE SOUTH LINE OF SECTION 17, TOWNSHIP 12 SOUTH, RANGE 64 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, BEING MONUMENTED AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER BY A 3-1/4" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "LS 24964 2008" FLUSH WITH THE GROUND AND AT THE SOUTHWEST CORNER BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "LS 25955 1996" 0.35" BELOW GROUND, BEARING N89°25'55"W.

### BENCHMARK

PP-07: NO. 4 REBAR LOCATED 1615' SOUTH OF INTERSECTION OF EASTONVILLE ROAD AND LATIGO BOULEVARD. 19' WEST OF 28508.7293//18266.5893, WEST OF RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF EASTONVILLE ROAD. EL = 7076.92

### OWNER/DEVELOPER STATEMENT

I, THE OWNER/DEVELOPER HAVE READ AND WILL COMPLY WITH ALL OF THE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THESE DETAILED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

 09/09/22  
ROBERT C. IRWIN, MANAGER DATE

BRJM, LLC  
17 S. WAHSATCH AVE.  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903

### EL PASO COUNTY STATEMENT

COUNTY PLAN REVIEW IS PROVIDED ONLY FOR GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH COUNTY DESIGN CRITERIA. THE COUNTY IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY AND ADEQUACY OF THE DESIGN, DIMENSIONS, AND/OR ELEVATIONS WHICH SHALL BE CONFIRMED AT THE JOB SITE. THE COUNTY THROUGH THE APPROVAL OF THIS DOCUMENT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETENESS AND/OR ACCURACY OF THIS DOCUMENT.

FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE EL PASO COUNTY LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, VOLUMES 1 AND 2, AND ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL AS AMENDED.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ECM SECTION 1.12, THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS WILL BE VALID FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE SIGNED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEER. IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT STARTED WITHIN THOSE 2 YEARS, THE PLANS WILL NEED TO BE RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL, INCLUDING PAYMENT OF REVIEW FEES AT THE PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTORS DISCRETION.

JOSHUA PALMER, P.E.

Approved  
By: Elizabeth Njamp, PE  
Date: 09/29/2023  
El Paso County Department of Public Works

COUNTY ENGINEER/ECM ADMINISTRATOR

### ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. SAID PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTY FOR GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS. I ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LIABILITY CAUSED BY ANY NEGLIGENT ACTS, ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON MY PART IN PREPARING THIS PLANS.

 09/09/22  
BRYAN T. LAW, P.E.  
COLORADO P.E. 25043  
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF JR ENGINEERING, LLC



Know what's below.  
Call before you dig.

PCD FILING NO.: SF2136

UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THESE DRAWINGS ARE APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE REVIEWING AGENCIES, JR ENGINEERING APPROVES THEIR USES DESIGNATED BY WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION.

PREPARED FOR  
BRJM, LLC  
101 N. CASCADE, SUITE 200  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903  
ATTN: BOB IRWIN  
P~(719)-475-7474

J.R. ENGINEERING  
A Western Company  
Central 303-740-9383 • Colorado Springs 719-583-2593  
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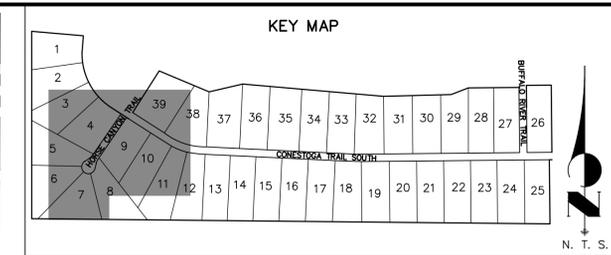
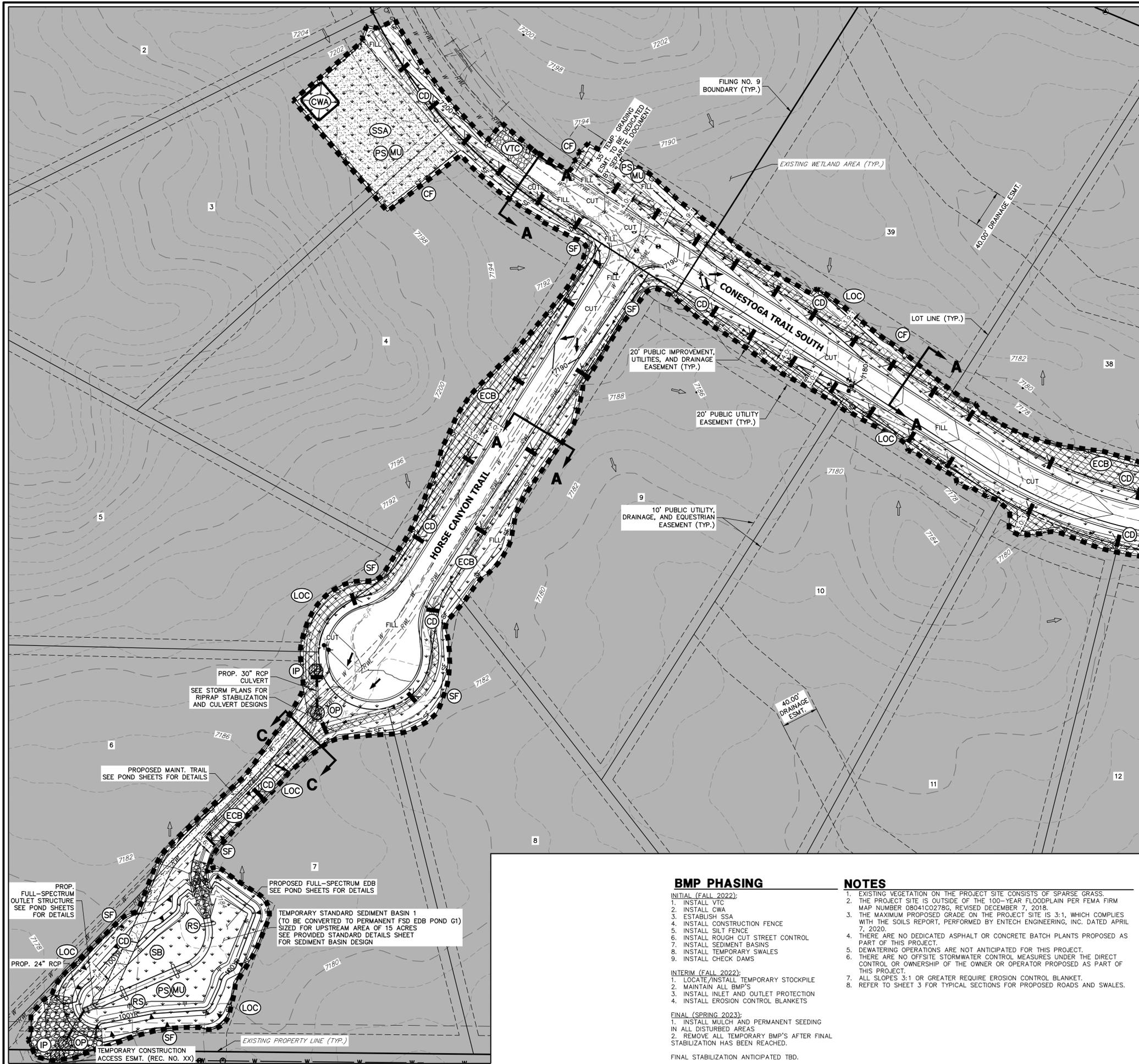
BY	DATE	No.	REVISION

H-SCALE	1"=2000'	N/A	N/A	N/A	QNL
V-SCALE	09/06/22				
DESIGNED BY					
DRAWN BY					
CHECKED BY					

LATIGO PRESERVE FILING 9  
COVER SHEET  
SHEET 1 OF 11  
JOB NO. 25175.01







**LEGEND**

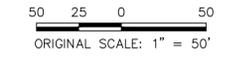
STRAW BALE BARRIER	(STB)	
CHECK DAM	(CD)	
CONSTRUCTION FENCE	(CF)	
CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA	(CWA)	
INLET PROTECTION	(IP)	
LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION/DISTURBANCE	(LOC)	
OUTLET PROTECTION	(OP)	
PERMANENT SEEDING & MULCHING	(PS MU)	
SEDIMENT BASIN	(SB)	
SILT FENCE	(SF)	
STABILIZED STAGING AREA	(SSA)	
TEMPORARY STOCK PILE	(TSP)	
TEMPORARY SWALE	(TSW)	
VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL	(VTC)	
EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	(ECB)	
TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT	(TRM)	
ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL	(RCS)	
ROCK SOCK	(RS)	
CUT AND FILL LINE		
PROPOSED DRAINAGE ARROW		
EXISTING DRAINAGE ARROW		

**BMP PHASING**

- INITIAL (FALL 2022):**
1. INSTALL VTC
  2. INSTALL CWA
  3. ESTABLISH SSA
  4. INSTALL CONSTRUCTION FENCE
  5. INSTALL SILT FENCE
  6. INSTALL ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL
  7. INSTALL SEDIMENT BASINS
  8. INSTALL TEMPORARY SWALES
  9. INSTALL CHECK DAMS
- INTERIM (FALL 2022):**
1. LOCATE/INSTALL TEMPORARY STOCKPILE
  2. MAINTAIN ALL BMP'S
  3. INSTALL INLET AND OUTLET PROTECTION
  4. INSTALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS
- FINAL (SPRING 2023):**
1. INSTALL MULCH AND PERMANENT SEEDING IN ALL DISTURBED AREAS
  2. REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY BMP'S AFTER FINAL STABILIZATION HAS BEEN REACHED.
- FINAL STABILIZATION ANTICIPATED TBD.

**NOTES**

1. EXISTING VEGETATION ON THE PROJECT SITE CONSISTS OF SPARSE GRASS.
2. THE PROJECT SITE IS OUTSIDE OF THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN PER FEMA FIRM MAP NUMBER 08041C0278G, REVISED DECEMBER 7, 2018.
3. THE MAXIMUM PROPOSED GRADE ON THE PROJECT SITE IS 3:1, WHICH COMPLIES WITH THE SOILS REPORT, PERFORMED BY ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC. DATED APRIL 7, 2020.
4. THERE ARE NO DEDICATED ASPHALT OR CONCRETE BATCH PLANTS PROPOSED AS PART OF THIS PROJECT.
5. DEWATERING OPERATIONS ARE NOT ANTICIPATED FOR THIS PROJECT.
6. THERE ARE NO OFFSITE STORMWATER CONTROL MEASURES UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OR OWNERSHIP OF THE OWNER OR OPERATOR PROPOSED AS PART OF THIS PROJECT.
7. ALL SLOPES 3:1 OR GREATER REQUIRE EROSION CONTROL BLANKET.
8. REFER TO SHEET 3 FOR TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR PROPOSED ROADS AND SWALES.



**811**  
Know what's below.  
Call before you dig.  
EPC 3/29/2023

UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THESE DRAWINGS ARE APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE REVIEWING AGENCIES, OR ENGINEERING APPROVES THEIR USE, THESE DRAWINGS ARE DESIGNATED BY WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION.

PREPARED FOR  
**BRJM, LLC**  
101 N. CASCADE, SUITE 200  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903  
ATTN: BOB IRWIN  
P~(719)-475-7474

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BY	DATE	No.	REVISION

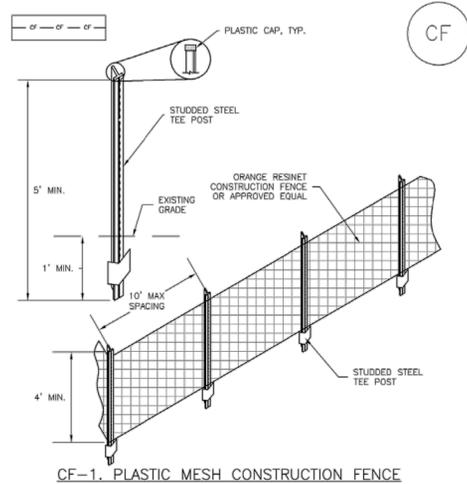
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V-SCALE N/A  
DATE 09/06/22  
DESIGNED BY QNL  
DRAWN BY QNL  
CHECKED BY QNL

LATIGO PRESERVE FILING 9  
GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN  
SHEET 4 OF 11  
JOB NO. 25175.01





**SM-3 Construction Fence (CF)**

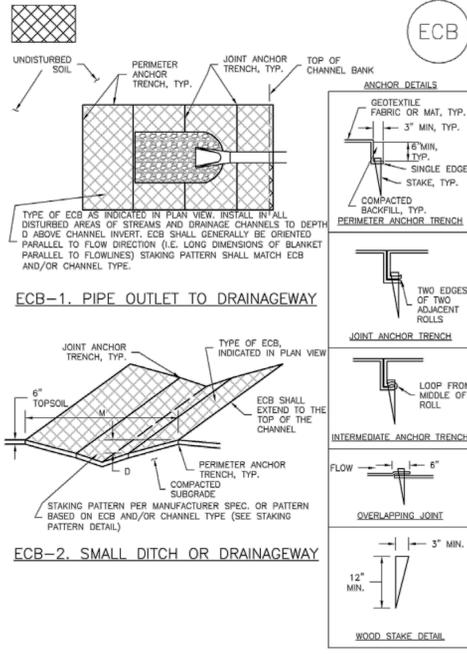


**CF-1. PLASTIC MESH CONSTRUCTION FENCE**

- CONSTRUCTION FENCE INSTALLATION NOTES**
- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
    - LOCATION OF CONSTRUCTION FENCE.
  - CONSTRUCTION FENCE SHOWN SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
  - CONSTRUCTION FENCE SHALL BE COMPOSED OF ORANGE, CONTRACTOR-GRADE MATERIAL THAT IS AT LEAST 4' HIGH. METAL POSTS SHOULD HAVE A PLASTIC CAP FOR SAFETY.
  - STUDDED STEEL TEE POSTS SHALL BE UTILIZED TO SUPPORT THE CONSTRUCTION FENCE. MAXIMUM SPACING FOR STEEL TEE POSTS SHALL BE 10'.
  - CONSTRUCTION FENCE SHALL BE SECURELY FASTENED TO THE TOP, MIDDLE, AND BOTTOM OF EACH POST.

CF-2 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

**EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)**



RECP-6 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

**Construction Fence (CF) SM-3**

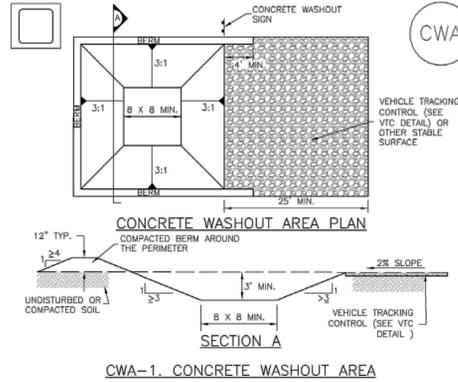
- CONSTRUCTION FENCE MAINTENANCE NOTES**
- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
  - FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
  - WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
  - CONSTRUCTION FENCE SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED WHEN THERE ARE SIGNS OF DAMAGE SUCH AS RIPS OR SAGS. CONSTRUCTION FENCE IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
  - WHEN CONSTRUCTION FENCES ARE REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS ASSOCIATED WITH THE INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE, AND/OR REMOVAL OF THE FENCE SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.
- NOTE:** MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.
- (DETAIL ADAPTED FROM TOWN OF PARKER, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 CF-3

**Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP) EC-6**

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 RECP-7

**Concrete Washout Area (CWA) MM-1**



**CWA-1. CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA**

- CWA INSTALLATION NOTES**
- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
    - CWA INSTALLATION LOCATION.
  - DO NOT LOCATE AN UNLINED CWA WITHIN 400' OF ANY NATURAL DRAINAGE PATHWAY OR WATERBODY. DO NOT LOCATE WITHIN 1,000' OF ANY WELLS OR DRINKING WATER SOURCES. IF SITE CONSTRAINTS MAKE THIS INFEASIBLE, OR IF HIGHLY PERMEABLE SOILS EXIST ON SITE, THE CWA MUST BE INSTALLED WITH AN IMPERMEABLE LINER (16 MIL MIN. THICKNESS) OR SURFACE STORAGE ALTERNATIVES USING PREFABRICATED CONCRETE WASHOUT DEVICES OR A LINED ABOVE GROUND STORAGE ARE SHOULD BE USED.
  - THE CWA SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO CONCRETE PLACEMENT ON SITE.
  - CWA SHALL INCLUDE A FLAT SUBSURFACE PIT THAT IS AT LEAST 8' BY 8' SLOPES LEADING OUT OF THE SUBSURFACE PIT SHALL BE 3:1 OR FLATTER. THE PIT SHALL BE AT LEAST 3' DEEP.
  - BERM SURROUNDING SIDES AND BACK OF THE CWA SHALL HAVE MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 1'.
  - VEHICLE TRACKING PAD SHALL BE SLOPED 2% TOWARDS THE CWA.
  - SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED AT THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, AT THE CWA, AND ELSEWHERE AS NECESSARY TO CLEARLY INDICATE THE LOCATION OF THE CWA TO OPERATORS OF CONCRETE TRUCKS AND PUMP RIGS.
  - USE EXCAVATED MATERIAL FOR PERIMETER BERM CONSTRUCTION.

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 CWA-3

**EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)**

RECP-8 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

**Concrete Washout Area (CWA) MM-1**

- CWA MAINTENANCE NOTES**
- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
  - FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
  - WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
  - THE CWA SHALL BE REPAIRED, CLEANED, OR ENLARGED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN CAPACITY FOR CONCRETE WASTE. CONCRETE MATERIALS, ACCUMULATED IN PIT, SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE THE MATERIALS HAVE REACHED A DEPTH OF 2'.
  - CONCRETE WASHOUT WATER, WASTED PIECES OF CONCRETE AND ALL OTHER DEBRIS IN THE SUBSURFACE PIT SHALL BE TRANSPORTED FROM THE JOB SITE IN A WATER-TIGHT CONTAINER AND DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.
  - THE CWA SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL CONCRETE FOR THE PROJECT IS PLACED.
  - WHEN THE CWA IS REMOVED, COVER THE DISTURBED AREA WITH TOP SOIL, SEED AND MULCH OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
- NOTE:** MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.
- (DETAIL ADAPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO AND THE CITY OF PARKER, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

CWA-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

**Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP) EC-6**

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 RECP-9



**ENGINEER'S STATEMENT**  
 STANDARD DETAILS SHOWN WERE REVIEWED ONLY AS TO THEIR APPLICATION ON THIS PROJECT

*[Signature]*  
 BRYAN T. LAW, P.E.  
 COLORADO P.E. 25043  
 FOR AND ON BEHALF OF JR ENGINEERING, LLC

25043  
 09/09/22

UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THESE DRAWINGS ARE APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE REVIEWING AGENCIES, OR ENGINEERING APPROVES THEIR USE, THESE DRAWINGS ARE DESIGNATED BY WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION.

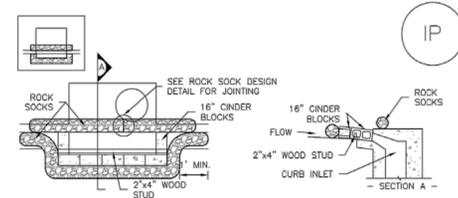
PREPARED FOR  
**BRJM, LLC**  
 101 N. CASCADE, SUITE 200  
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903  
 ATTN: BOB IRWIN  
 P~ (719) 475-7474

**J.R. ENGINEERING**  
 A Westman Company  
 Centennial 303-740-9383 • Colorado Springs 719-583-2583  
 Fort Collins 970-491-9888 • www.jrengineering.com

LATIGO PRESERVE FILING 9  
 GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS  
 GEC PLANS

DESIGNED BY RPD  
 DRAWN BY RPD  
 CHECKED BY

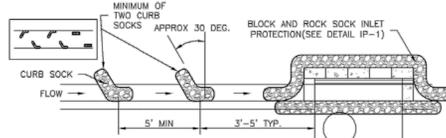
SHEET 7 OF 11  
 JOB NO. 25175.01



IP-1. BLOCK AND ROCK SOCK SUMP OR ON GRADE INLET PROTECTION

**BLOCK AND CURB SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

- SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
- CONCRETE "CINDER" BLOCKS SHALL BE LAID ON THEIR SIDES AROUND THE INLET IN A SINGLE ROW, ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER WITH THE OPEN END FACING AWAY FROM THE CURB.
- GRAVEL BAGS SHALL BE PLACED AROUND CONCRETE BLOCKS, CLOSELY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER AND JOINED TOGETHER IN ACCORDANCE WITH ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL.



IP-2. CURB ROCK SOCKS UPSTREAM OF INLET PROTECTION

**CURB ROCK SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

- SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
- PLACEMENT OF THE SOCK SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 30 DEGREES FROM PERPENDICULAR IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF FLOW.
- SOCKS ARE TO BE FLUSH WITH THE CURB AND SPACED A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET APART.
- AT LEAST TWO CURB SOCKS IN SERIES ARE REQUIRED UPSTREAM OF ON-GRADE INLETS.

**GENERAL INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:  
-LOCATION OF INLET PROTECTION.  
-TYPE OF INLET PROTECTION (IP-1, IP-2, IP-3, IP-4, IP-5, IP-6)
- INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED PROMPTLY AFTER INLET CONSTRUCTION OR PAVING IS COMPLETE (TYPICALLY WITHIN 48 HOURS). IF A RAINFALL/RUNOFF EVENT IS FORECAST, INSTALL INLET PROTECTION PRIOR TO ONSET OF EVENT.
- MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

**INLET PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES**

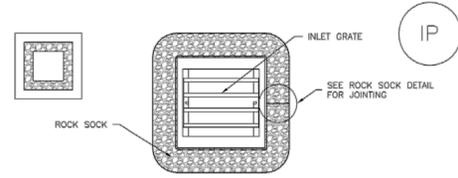
- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE REMOVED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS. TYPICALLY WHEN STORAGE VOLUME REACHES 50% OF CAPACITY, A DEPTH OF 6" WHEN SILT FENCE IS USED, OR 1/4 OF THE HEIGHT FOR STRAW BALES.
- INLET PROTECTION IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, UNLESS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVES EARLIER REMOVAL OF INLET PROTECTION IN STREETS.
- WHEN INLET PROTECTION AT AREA INLETS IS REMOVED, THE DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOP SOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM TOWN OF PARKER, COLORADO AND CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

NOTE: THE DETAILS INCLUDED WITH THIS FACT SHEET SHOW COMMONLY USED, CONVENTIONAL METHODS OF INLET PROTECTION IN THE DENVER METROPOLITAN AREA. THERE ARE MANY PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION METHODS ON THE MARKET. UDFCD NEITHER ENDORSES NOR DISCOURAGES USE OF PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION; HOWEVER, IN THE EVENT PROPRIETARY METHODS ARE USED, THE APPROPRIATE DETAIL FROM THE MANUFACTURER MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE BMP AND THE BMP MUST BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AS SHOWN IN THE MANUFACTURER'S DETAILS.

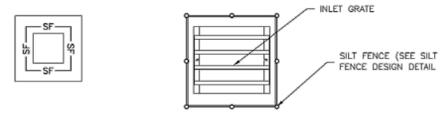
NOTE: SOME MUNICIPALITIES DISCOURAGE OR PROHIBIT THE USE OF STRAW BALES FOR INLET PROTECTION. CHECK WITH LOCAL JURISDICTION TO DETERMINE IF STRAW BALE INLET PROTECTION IS ACCEPTABLE.



IP-3. ROCK SOCK SUMP/AREA INLET PROTECTION

**ROCK SOCK SUMP/AREA INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

- SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
- STRAW WATTLES/SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF ROCK SOCKS FOR INLETS IN PERVIOUS AREAS. INSTALL PER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG DETAIL.



IP-4. SILT FENCE FOR SUMP INLET PROTECTION

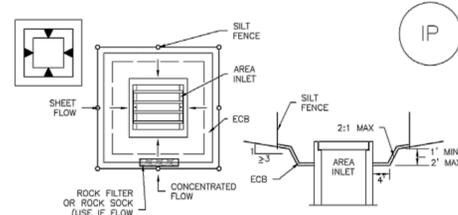
**SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

- SEE SILT FENCE DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
- POSTS SHALL BE PLACED AT EACH CORNER OF THE INLET AND AROUND THE EDGES AT A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 3 FEET.
- STRAW WATTLES/SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF SILT FENCE FOR INLETS IN PERVIOUS AREAS. INSTALL PER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG DETAIL.

- Clean, weed-free and seed-free cereal grain straw should be applied evenly at a rate of 2 tons per acre and must be tacked or fastened by a method suitable for the condition of the site. Straw mulch must be anchored (and not merely placed) on the surface. This can be accomplished mechanically by crimping or with the aid of tackifiers or nets. Anchoring with a crimping implement is preferred, and is the recommended method for areas flatter than 3:1. Mechanical crimpers must be capable of tucking the long mulch fibers into the soil to a depth of 3 inches without cutting them. An agricultural disk, while not an ideal substitute, may work if the disk blades are dull or blunted and set vertically; however, the frame may have to be weighted to afford proper soil penetration.
- Grass hay may be used in place of straw; however, because hay is comprised of the entire plant including seed, mulching with hay may seed the site with non-native grass species which might in turn out-compete the native seed. Alternatively, native species of grass hay may be purchased, but can be difficult to find and are more expensive than straw. Purchasing and utilizing a certified weed-free straw is an easier and less costly mulching method. When using grass hay, follow the same guidelines as for straw (provided above).
- On small areas sheltered from the wind and heavy runoff, spraying a tackifier on the mulch is satisfactory for holding it in place. For steep slopes and special situations where greater control is needed, erosion control blankets anchored with stakes should be used instead of mulch.
- Hydraulic mulching consists of wood cellulose fibers mixed with water and a tackifying agent and should be applied at a rate of no less than 1,500 pounds per acre (1,425 lbs of fibers mixed with at least 75 lbs of tackifier) with a hydraulic mulcher. For steeper slopes, up to 2000 pounds per acre may be required for effective hydrosedding. Hydromulch typically requires up to 24 hours to dry; therefore, it should not be applied immediately prior to inclement weather. Application to roads, waterways and existing vegetation should be avoided.
- Erosion control mats, blankets, or nets are recommended to help stabilize steep slopes (generally 3:1 and steeper) and waterways. Depending on the product, these may be used alone or in conjunction with grass or straw mulch. Normally, use of these products will be restricted to relatively small areas. Biodegradable mats made of straw and jute, straw-coconut, coconut fiber, or excelsior can be used instead of mulch. (See the ECM/TRM BMP for more information.)
- Some tackifiers or binders may be used to anchor mulch. Check with the local jurisdiction for allowed tackifiers. Manufacturer's recommendations should be followed at all times. (See the Soil Binder BMP for more information on general types of tackifiers.)
- Rock can also be used as mulch. It provides protection of exposed soils to wind and water erosion and allows infiltration of precipitation. An aggregate base course can be spread on disturbed areas for temporary or permanent stabilization. The rock mulch layer should be thick enough to provide full coverage of exposed soil on the area it is applied.

**Maintenance and Removal**

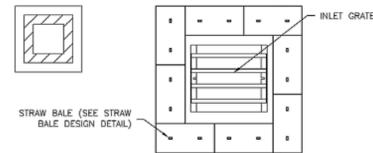
After mulching, the bare ground surface should not be more than 10 percent exposed. Reapply mulch, as needed, to cover bare areas.



IP-5. OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION

**OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

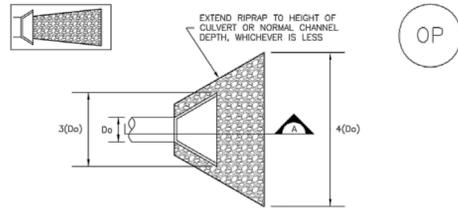
- THIS FORM OF INLET PROTECTION IS PRIMARILY APPLICABLE FOR SITES THAT HAVE NOT YET REACHED FINAL GRADE AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY FOR INLETS WITH A RELATIVELY SMALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA.
- WHEN USING FOR CONCENTRATED FLOWS, SHAPE BASIN IN 2:1 RATIO WITH LENGTH ORIENTED TOWARDS DIRECTION OF FLOW.
- SEDIMENT MUST BE PERIODICALLY REMOVED FROM THE OVEREXCAVATED AREA.



IP-6. STRAW BALE FOR SUMP INLET PROTECTION

**STRAW BALE BARRIER INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

- SEE STRAW BALE DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
- BALES SHALL BE PLACED IN A SINGLE ROW AROUND THE INLET WITH ENDS OF BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER.



TEMPORARY OUTLET PROTECTION PLAN

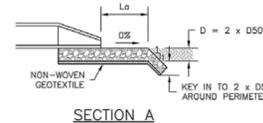
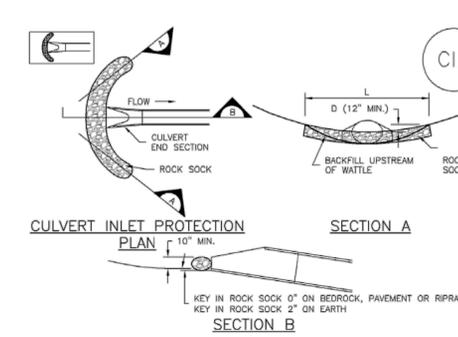


TABLE OP-1. TEMPORARY OUTLET PROTECTION SIZING TABLE

PIPE DIAMETER, D <sub>o</sub> (INCHES)	DISCHARGE, Q (CFS)	APRON LENGTH, L <sub>a</sub> (FT)	RIPRAP D <sub>50</sub> MIN (INCHES)
8	2.5	5	4
	5	10	6
12	5	10	4
	10	13	6
18	10	16	9
	20	23	12
24	30	28	16
	40	30	16

OP-1. TEMPORARY OUTLET PROTECTION



CIP-1. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION

**CULVERT INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:  
-LOCATION OF CULVERT INLET PROTECTION.
- SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR ROCK GRADATION REQUIREMENTS AND JOINING DETAIL.

**CULVERT INLET PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES**

- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE CULVERT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE SEDIMENT DEPTH IS 3/4 THE HEIGHT OF THE ROCK SOCK.
- CULVERT INLET PROTECTION SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

**TEMPORARY OUTLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**

- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:  
-LOCATION OF OUTLET PROTECTION.  
-DIMENSIONS OF OUTLET PROTECTION.
- DETAIL IS INTENDED FOR PIPES WITH SLOPE ≤ 10%. ADDITIONAL EVALUATION OF RIPRAP SIZING AND OUTLET PROTECTION DIMENSIONS REQUIRED FOR STEEPER SLOPES.
- TEMPORARY OUTLET PROTECTION INFORMATION IS FOR OUTLETS INTENDED TO BE UTILIZED LESS THAN 2 YEARS.

**TEMPORARY OUTLET PROTECTION INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE NOTES**

- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
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NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM AURORA, COLORADO AND PREVIOUS VERSION OF VOLUME 3, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)



**ENGINEER'S STATEMENT**  
STANDARD DETAILS SHOWN WERE REVIEWED ONLY AS TO THEIR APPLICATION ON THIS PROJECT

*Bryan T. Law*  
BRYAN T. LAW, P.E.  
COLORADO P.E. 25043  
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF JR ENGINEERING, LLC

25043  
09/09/22

H-SCALE	V-SCALE	DATE	DESIGNED BY	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY	No.	REVISION	BY	DATE
LATIGO PRESERVE FILING 9									
GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS									
GEC PLANS									
SHEET 8 OF 11									
JOB NO. 25175.01									

PREPARED FOR  
**BRJM, LLC**  
101 N. CASCADE, SUITE 200  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903  
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**Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2**

Seeding dates for the highest success probability of perennial species along the Front Range are generally in the spring from April through early May and in the fall after the first of September until the ground freezes. If the area is irrigated, seeding may occur in summer months, as well. See Table TS/PS-3 for appropriate seeding dates.

**Table TS/PS-1. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Various Temporary Annual Grasses**

Species* (Common name)	Growth Season*	Pounds of Pure Live Seed <sup>e</sup> (PLS)/acre	Planting Depth (inches)
1. Oats	Cool	35 - 50	1 - 2
2. Spring wheat	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2
3. Spring barley	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2
4. Annual ryegrass	Cool	10 - 15	½
5. Millet	Warm	3 - 15	½ - ¾
6. Sudangrass	Warm	5 - 10	½ - ¾
7. Sorghum	Warm	5 - 10	½ - ¾
8. Winter wheat	Cool	20 - 35	1 - 2
9. Winter barley	Cool	20 - 35	1 - 2
10. Winter rye	Cool	20 - 35	1 - 2
11. Triticale	Cool	25 - 40	1 - 2

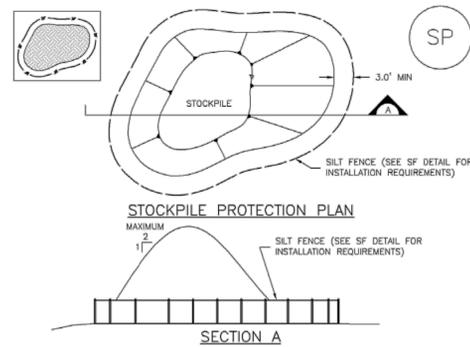
\* Successful seeding of annual grass resulting in adequate plant growth will usually produce enough dead-plant residue to provide protection from wind and water erosion for an additional year. This assumes that the cover is not disturbed or mowed closer than 8 inches.

Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1 or where access limitations exist. When hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be applied as a separate operation, when practical, to prevent the seeds from being encapsulated in the mulch.

<sup>b</sup> See Table TS/PS-3 for seeding dates. Irrigation, if consistently applied, may extend the use of cool season species during the summer months.

<sup>c</sup> Seeding rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast, or increased by 50 percent if done using a Brillion Drill or by hydraulic seeding.

**Stockpile Management (SP) MM-2**



- SP-1. STOCKPILE PROTECTION**
- STOCKPILE PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES**
- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
    - LOCATION OF STOCKPILES
    - TYPE OF STOCKPILE PROTECTION.
  - INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE DESIGN DETAILS. SILT FENCE IS SHOWN IN THE STOCKPILE PROTECTION DETAILS; HOWEVER, OTHER TYPES OF PERIMETER CONTROLS INCLUDING SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS OR ROCK SOCKS MAY BE SUITABLE IN SOME CIRCUMSTANCES. CONSIDERATIONS FOR DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE TYPE OF PERIMETER CONTROL FOR A STOCKPILE INCLUDE WHETHER THE STOCKPILE IS LOCATED ON A PERVIOUS OR IMPERVIOUS SURFACE, THE RELATIVE HEIGHTS OF THE PERIMETER CONTROL AND STOCKPILE, THE ABILITY OF THE PERIMETER CONTROL TO CONTAIN THE STOCKPILE WITHOUT FAILING IN THE EVENT THAT MATERIAL FROM THE STOCKPILE SHIFTS OR SLUMPS AGAINST THE PERIMETER, AND OTHER FACTORS.
  - STABILIZE THE STOCKPILE SURFACE WITH SURFACE ROUGHENING, TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, OR SOIL BINDERS. SOILS STOCKPILED FOR AN EXTENDED PERIOD (TYPICALLY FOR MORE THAN 60 DAYS) SHOULD BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITH A TEMPORARY GRASS COVER ONCE THE STOCKPILE IS PLACED (TYPICALLY WITHIN 14 DAYS). USE OF MULCH ONLY OR A SOIL BINDER IS ACCEPTABLE IF THE STOCKPILE WILL BE IN PLACE FOR A MORE LIMITED TIME PERIOD (TYPICALLY 30-60 DAYS).
  - FOR TEMPORARY STOCKPILES ON THE INTERIOR PORTION OF A CONSTRUCTION SITE, WHERE OTHER DOWNGRADIENT CONTROLS INCLUDING PERIMETER CONTROL, ARE IN PLACE, STOCKPILE PERIMETER CONTROLS MAY NOT BE REQUIRED.

**EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)**

**Table TS/PS-2. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Perennial Grasses**

Common Name	Botanical Name	Growth Season <sup>a</sup>	Growth Form	Seeds/ Pound	Pounds of PLS/acre
<b>Alkali Soil Seed Mix</b>					
Alkali sacaton	<i>Sporobolus airoides</i>	Cool	Bunch	1,750,000	0.25
Basin wildrye	<i>Elymus cinereus</i>	Cool	Bunch	165,000	2.5
Sodar streambank wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'</i>	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5
Jose tall wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron elongatum 'Jose'</i>	Cool	Bunch	79,000	7.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'</i>	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
<b>Total</b>					<b>17.75</b>
<b>Fertile Loamy Soil Seed Mix</b>					
Ephraim crested wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron cristatum 'Ephraim'</i>	Cool	Sod	175,000	2.0
Dural hard fescue	<i>Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'</i>	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0
Lincoln smooth brome	<i>Bromus inermis leysii 'Lincoln'</i>	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Sodar streambank wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'</i>	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5
Arriba western wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'</i>	Cool	Sod	110,000	7.0
<b>Total</b>					<b>15.5</b>
<b>High Water Table Soil Seed Mix</b>					
Meadow foxtail	<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>	Cool	Sod	900,000	0.5
Redtop	<i>Agrostis alba</i>	Warm	Open sod	5,000,000	0.25
Reed canarygrass	<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	Cool	Sod	68,000	0.5
Lincoln smooth brome	<i>Bromus inermis leysii 'Lincoln'</i>	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Pathfinder switchgrass	<i>Panicum virgatum 'Pathfinder'</i>	Warm	Sod	389,000	1.0
Alkar tall wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron elongatum 'Alkar'</i>	Cool	Bunch	79,000	5.5
<b>Total</b>					<b>10.75</b>
<b>Transition Turf Seed Mix<sup>d</sup></b>					
Ruebens Canadian bluegrass	<i>Poa compressa 'Ruebens'</i>	Cool	Sod	2,500,000	0.5
Dural hard fescue	<i>Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'</i>	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0
Citation perennial ryegrass	<i>Lolium perenne 'Citation'</i>	Cool	Sod	247,000	3.0
Lincoln smooth brome	<i>Bromus inermis leysii 'Lincoln'</i>	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
<b>Total</b>					<b>7.5</b>

**MM-2 Stockpile Management (SM)**

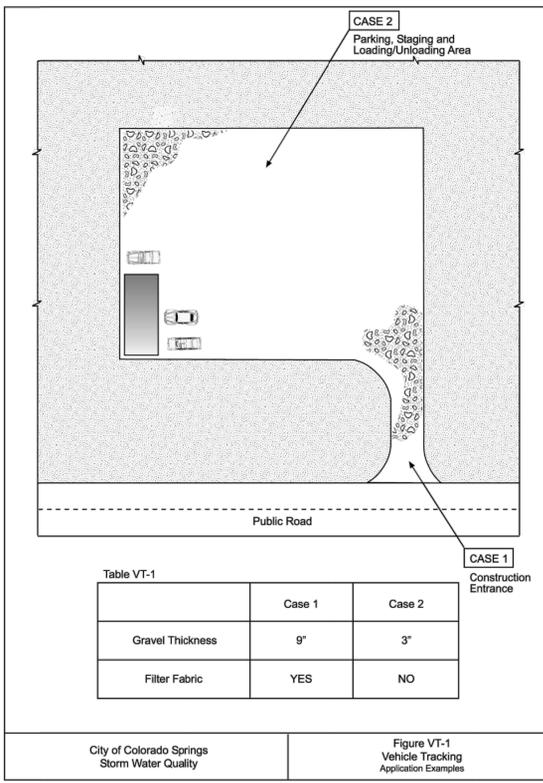
- STOCKPILE PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES**
- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
  - FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
  - WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- STOCKPILE PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES**
- IF PERIMETER PROTECTION MUST BE MOVED TO ACCESS SOIL STOCKPILE, REPLACE PERIMETER CONTROLS BY THE END OF THE WORKDAY.
  - STOCKPILE PERIMETER CONTROLS CAN BE REMOVED ONCE ALL THE MATERIAL FROM THE STOCKPILE HAS BEEN USED.
- (DETAILS ADAPTED FROM PARKER, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)
- NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

**Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2**

**Table TS/PS-2. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Perennial Grasses (cont.)**

Common Name	Botanical Name	Growth Season <sup>a</sup>	Growth Form	Seeds/ Pound	Pounds of PLS/acre
<b>Sandy Soil Seed Mix</b>					
Blue grama	<i>Bouteloua gracilis</i>	Warm	Sod-forming bunchgrass	825,000	0.5
Canper little bluestem	<i>Schizachyrium scoparium 'Canper'</i>	Warm	Bunch	240,000	1.0
Prairie sandreed	<i>Calamovilfa longifolia</i>	Warm	Open sod	274,000	1.0
Sand dropseed	<i>Sporobolus cryptandrus</i>	Cool	Bunch	5,298,000	0.25
Vaughn sidecoats grama	<i>Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'</i>	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'</i>	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
<b>Total</b>					<b>10.25</b>
<b>Heavy Clay, Rocky Foothill Seed Mix</b>					
Ephraim crested wheatgrass <sup>d</sup>	<i>Agropyron cristatum 'Ephraim'</i>	Cool	Sod	175,000	1.5
Oahe Intermediate wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron intermedium 'Oahe'</i>	Cool	Sod	115,000	5.5
Vaughn sidecoats grama <sup>a</sup>	<i>Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'</i>	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0
Lincoln smooth brome	<i>Bromus inermis leysii 'Lincoln'</i>	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'</i>	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
<b>Total</b>					<b>17.5</b>

- <sup>a</sup> All of the above seeding mixes and rates are based on drill seeding followed by crimped straw mulch. These rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast and should be increased by 50 percent if the seeding is done using a Brillion Drill or is applied through hydraulic seeding. Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1. If hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be done as a separate operation.
- <sup>b</sup> See Table TS/PS-3 for seeding dates.
- <sup>c</sup> If site is to be irrigated, the transition turf seed rates should be doubled.
- <sup>d</sup> Crested wheatgrass should not be used on slopes steeper than 6H to 1V.
- <sup>e</sup> Can substitute 0.5 lbs PLS of blue grama for the 2.0 lbs PLS of Vaughn sidecoats grama.



**EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)**

**Table TS/PS-3. Seeding Dates for Annual and Perennial Grasses**

Seeding Dates	Annual Grasses (Numbers in table reference species in Table TS/PS-1)		Perennial Grasses	
	Warm	Cool	Warm	Cool
January 1-March 15			✓	✓
March 16-April 30	4	1,2,3	✓	✓
May 1-May 15	4		✓	
May 16-June 30	4,5,6,7			
July 1-July 15	5,6,7			
July 16-August 31				
September 1-September 30		8,9,10,11		
October 1-December 31			✓	✓

**Mulch**

Cover seeded areas with mulch or an appropriate rolled erosion control product to promote establishment of vegetation. Anchor mulch by crimping, netting or use of a non-toxic tackifier. See the Mulching BMP Fact Sheet for additional guidance.

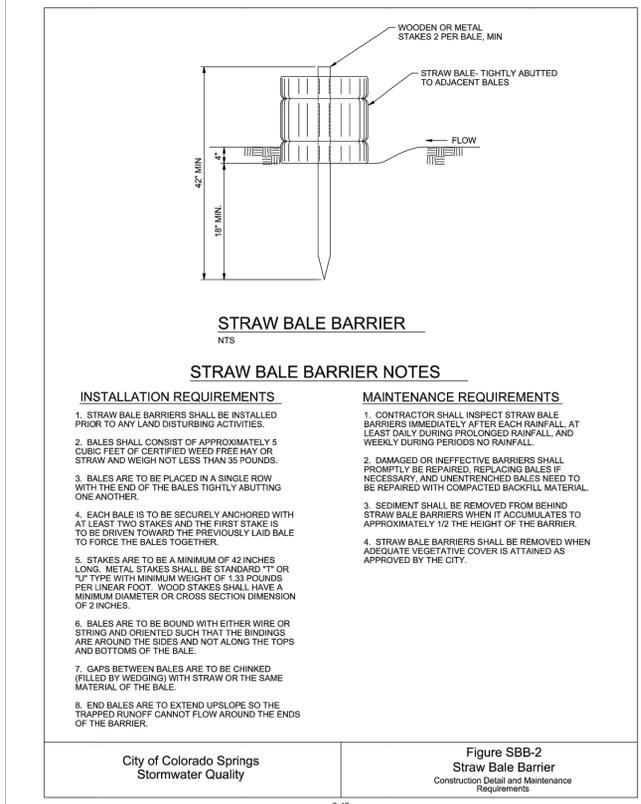
**Maintenance and Removal**

Monitor and observe seeded areas to identify areas of poor growth or areas that fail to germinate. Reseed and mulch these areas, as needed.

An area that has been permanently seeded should have a good stand of vegetation within one growing season if irrigated and within three growing seasons without irrigation in Colorado. Reseed portions of the site that fail to germinate or remain bare after the first growing season.

Seeded areas may require irrigation, particularly during extended dry periods. Targeted weed control may also be necessary.

Protect seeded areas from construction equipment and vehicle access.



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**ENGINEER'S STATEMENT**

STANDARD DETAILS SHOWN WERE REVIEWED ONLY AS TO THEIR APPLICATION ON THIS PROJECT

Bryan T. Law, P.E.  
COLORADO P.E. 25043  
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF JR ENGINEERING, LLC

09/09/22

25043

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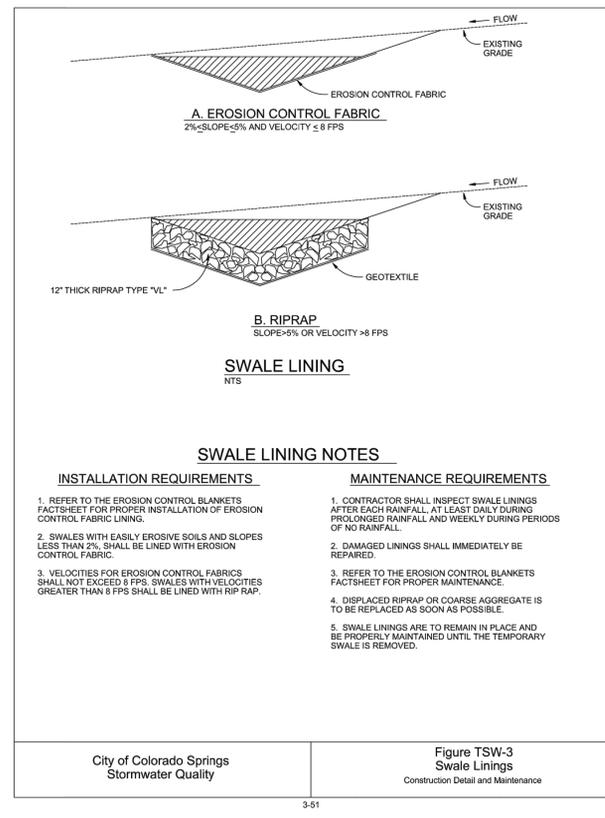
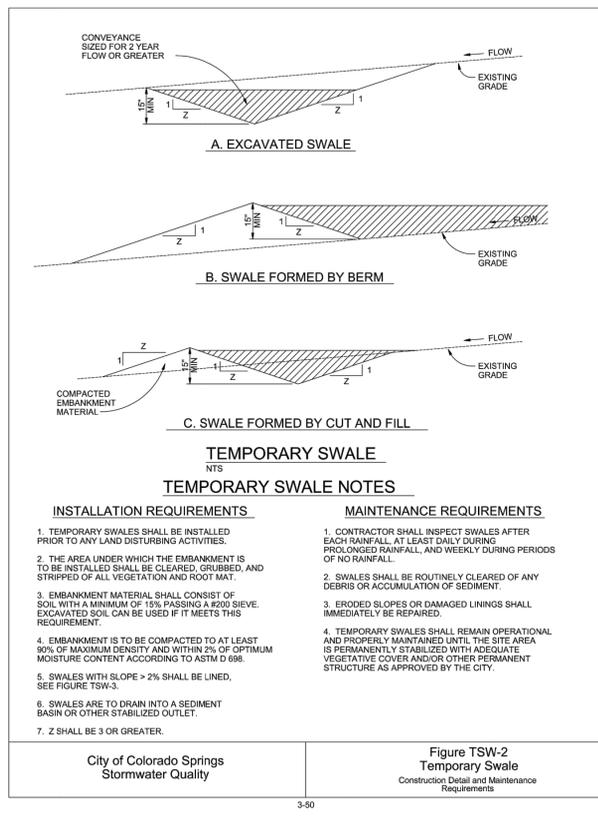
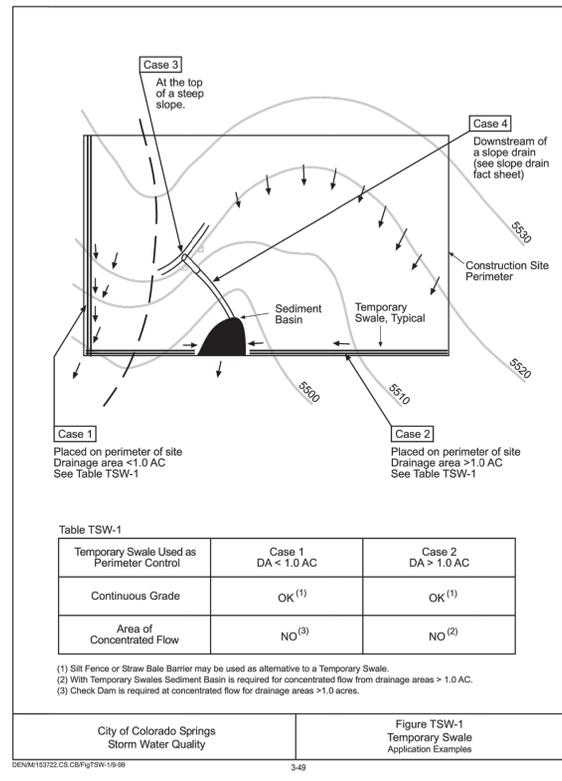
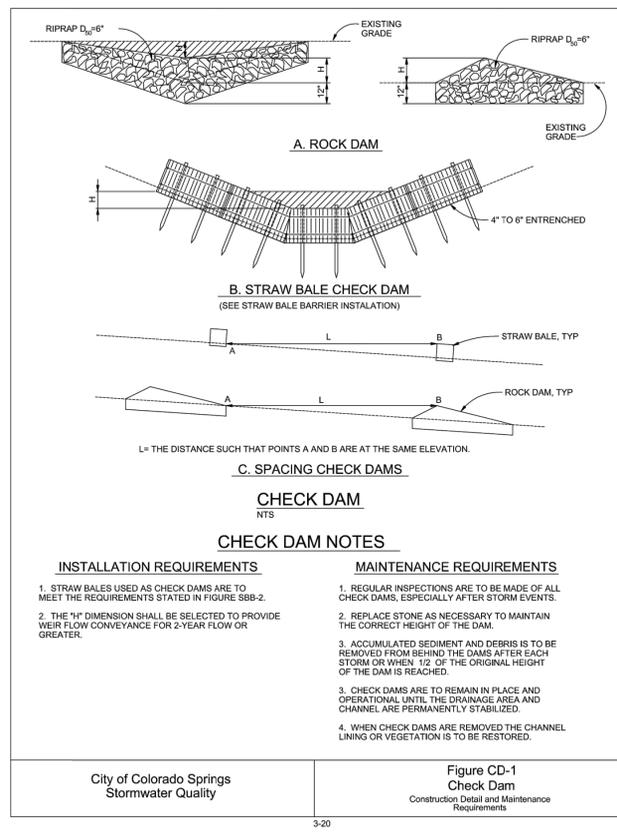
PREPARED FOR  
**BRJM, LLC**  
101 N. CASCADE, SUITE 200  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903  
ATTN: BOB IRWIN  
P~ (719) - 475 - 7474

**J.R. ENGINEERING**  
A Westman Company  
Central 303-740-9888 • Colorado Springs 719-583-2593  
Fort Collins 970-491-9888 • www.jrengineering.com

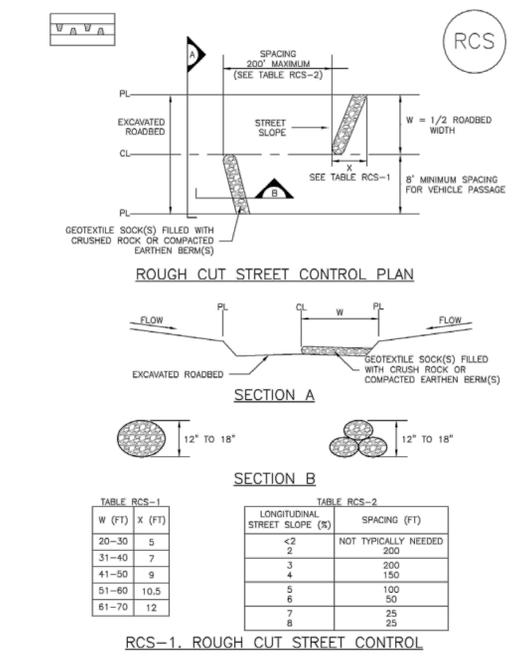
LATIGO PRESERVE FILING 9  
GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS  
GEC PLANS

BY DATE  
No. REVISION  
N/A N/A  
DATE 09/06/22  
DESIGNED BY RPD  
DRAWN BY RPD  
CHECKED BY

SHEET 10 OF 11  
JOB NO. 25158.01



**EC-9 Rough Cut Street Control (RCS)**



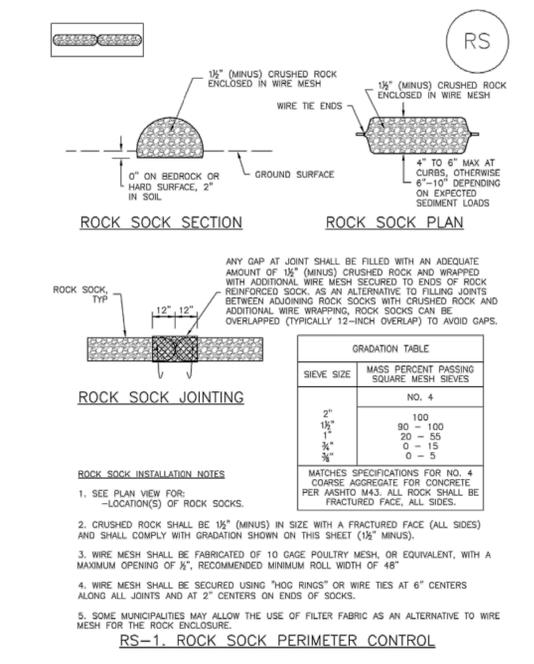
RCS-2 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

**Rough Cut Street Control (RCS) EC-9**



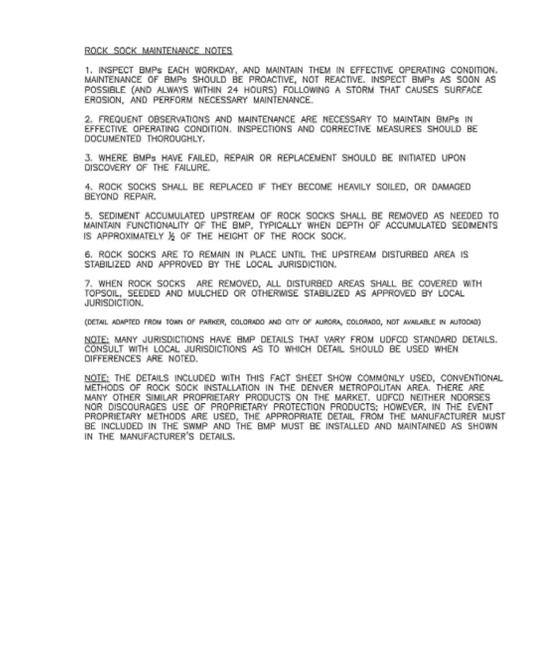
November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 RCS-3

**SC-5 Rock Sock (RS)**



RS-2 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

**Rock Sock (RS) SC-5**



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STANDARD DETAILS SHOWN WERE REVIEWED ONLY AS TO THEIR APPLICATION ON THIS PROJECT

*[Signature]*  
BRYAN T. LAW, P.E.  
COLORADO P.E. 25043  
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF JR ENGINEERING, LLC

25043  
09/09/22

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PREPARED FOR  
**BRJM, LLC**  
101 N. CASCADE, SUITE 200  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903  
ATTN: BOB IRWIN  
P~ (719)-475-7474

**J.R. ENGINEERING**  
A Westman Company  
Central 303-740-9383 • Colorado Springs 719-583-2593  
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BY DATE

No.	REVISION	DATE

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LATIGO PRESERVE FILING 9  
GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS  
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SHEET 11 OF 11  
JOB NO. 25175.01