



**Planning and Community  
Development Department**  
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## **DEVIATION REQUEST AND DECISION FORM**

Updated: 6/26/2019

### **PROJECT INFORMATION**

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Project Name : SF227: The Ridge at Lorson Ranch Filing 3

Schedule No.(s) : #5500000274, 5500000275, 5500000371

Legal Description : A PARCEL OF LAND IN THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER (SE 1/4) OF SECTION 13, T15S, R65W OF THE 6th P.M., EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO, BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS;

BEGINNING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE EASTERLY LINE OF THE 100 FOOT WIDE "TRI-STATE GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION ASSOCIATION INC. EASEMENT" AS RECORDED IN BOOK 2665 AT PAGE 715 AND IN BOOK 2846 AT PAGE 719 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY RECORDS AND THE NORTHERLY RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF GRAYLING DRIVE AS SHOWN ON THE PLAT OF "THE HILLS AT LORSON RANCH FILING NO. 1" AS RECORDED UNDER RECEPTION NO. 221714880 IN THE EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO RECORDS;

THENCE N38°22'41"E ALONG SAID EASTERLY LINE, 1,158.91 FEET TO THE EAST-WEST CENTERLINE OF SECTION 13;

THENCE N89°31'44"E ALONG SAID CENTERLINE A DISTANCE OF 1,424.38 FEET TO THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER (SE 1/4) SECTION 13;

THENCE S00°13'35"E ALONG THE EASTERLY LINE THEREOF A DISTANCE OF 900.29 FEET;

THENCE S89°46'13"W A DISTANCE OF 294.37 FEET THENCE N78°46'08"W A DISTANCE OF 51.17 FEET;

THENCE S88°58'20"W A DISTANCE OF 290.80 FEET;

THENCE N01°01'40"W A DISTANCE OF 54.00 FEET;

THENCE N43°58'20"E A DISTANCE OF 43.84 FEET THENCE N01°01'40"W A DISTANCE OF 50.00 FEET;

THENCE S88°58'20"W A DISTANCE OF 250.65 FEET TO A POINT OF CURVE;

THENCE 198.68 FEET ALONG THE ARC OF A CURVE TO THE LEFT, SAID CURVE HAVING A RADIUS OF 225.00 FEET, A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 50°35'40", THE CHORD OF 192.29 FEET BEARS S63°40'30"W TO A POINT OF TANGENT;

THENCE S38°22'41"W A DISTANCE OF 39.64 FEET;

THENCE S78°40'32"W A DISTANCE OF 45.09 FEET;

THENCE S38°22'41"W A DISTANCE OF 50.00 FEET;

THENCE S06°13'26"E A DISTANCE OF 20.17 FEET;

THENCE S38°22'41"W A DISTANCE OF 492.52 FEET TO THE NORTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF GRAYLING DRIVE AS SHOWN ON THE AFORESAID PLAT OF "THE HILLS AT LORSON RANCH FILING NO. 1";

THENCE ALONG SAID NORTHERLY LINE THE FOLLOWING TEN (10) COURSES:

1) THENCE S83°22'41"W A DISTANCE OF 19.80 FEET;

2) THENCE N51°37'19"W A DISTANCE OF 94.90 FEET TO A POINT OF CURVE;

3) THENCE 141.30 FEET ALONG A CURVE TO THE LEFT, SAID CURVE HAVING A RADIUS OF 630.00 FEET, A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 12°51'04", THE CHORD OF 141.01 FEET BEARS N58°02'51"W TO A POINT OF TANGENT;

4) THENCE N64°28'23"W A DISTANCE OF 56.25 FEET;

5) THENCE N27°31'10"W A DISTANCE OF 33.27 FEET;

6) THENCE N64°28'23"W A DISTANCE OF 50.00 FEET;

7) THENCE S78°34'24"W A DISTANCE OF 33.27 FEET;

8) THENCE N64°28'23"W A DISTANCE OF 122.30 FEET TO A POINT OF CURVE;

9) THENCE 210.78 FEET ALONG A CURVE TO THE RIGHT, SAID CURVE HAVING A RADIUS OF 970.00 FEET, A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 12°27'02", THE CHORD OF 210.37 FEET BEARS N58°14'52"W TO A POINT OF TANGENT;



**DEVIATION REQUEST** (Attach diagrams, figures, and other documentation to clarify request)

A deviation from the standards of or in Section **El Paso County Standard Drawing of the Engineering Criteria Manual (ECM) Detail SD 4-20**, is requested.

Identify the specific ECM standard which a deviation is requested:

The ECM manual does not include chemical grout as a repair method for roadways and utility trenches. Currently, the ECM standard drawings, previously found in Appendix F, Detail SD\_4-20, outline the process for utility trench repair in asphalt pavement. This process involves excavating down to the bottom of the utility line, compacting the soil in 6-inch lifts, and then placing a new base course followed by new pavement.

State the reason for the requested deviation:

Deviation request for the use of the chemical grout to stabilize the soils within the roadway and utility trenches where settlement and distress were observed and to lift and relevel pavement, concrete flatwork, and stormwater catch basins. The deviation request is requested for The Ridge at Lorson Ranch Filing 3 (File# SF227)

Explain the proposed alternative and compare to the ECM standards (May provide applicable regional or national standards used as basis):

The proposed alternative of chemical grouting to stabilize the observed settlement/distress is a less invasive methodology that doesn't require excavation and replacement of asphalt, sidewalks, or curb/gutters. El Paso County – Engineering Criteria Manual, Revision 6. December 13, 2016, utility trench repair detail for asphalt pavement (File name SD\_4-20) was utilized in the northern half of Lorson Ranch Hills Filing 1. However, more than half of the repaired locations are exhibiting ongoing settlement. The proposed chemical grout injection alternative addresses the settlement by injecting an initial stabilizing layer/lens at a depth of approximately 4', approximately 1' above the existing water lateral, and a second lifting layer/lens at approximately a depth of 1.5' to 2'. The initial stabilizing layer minimizes overburden pressure/stresses from further compacting the soils below 4'. The second lifting injection works similarly but also mitigates surficial dynamic loads from further compacting underlying soils. Together, the multiple layers of injection, when controlled and monitored, can effectively stabilize, lift, and relevel pavement, stormwater structures, and concrete flatwork in minimal time without excavation and its associated disturbance and disruption. Chemical grout injection as a repair method to stabilize soils and lift/relevel foundations/roads/concrete has been utilized in the construction industry since the 1980s and is considered common and customary.

The chemical grout injection should be high-density polymer resins that, when mixed, will create a rapidly expanding (full rise time of between approximately 15 to 30 seconds or less at the intended injection temperature [115 to 130 degrees Fahrenheit]) polyurethane foam that can lift, realign, and fill voids under concrete slabs and asphalt being supported by base soils. Hydrophilic or permeation-type chemical grouts should not be utilized. In addition, the resulting polyurethane foam should be a closed-cell material that is hydro-insensitive and should have an unconfined expansion ratio of between 15:1 and 20:1 and 4-5 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) free rise density. Once injected, the recommended resin mixture should rapidly expand into the composite material (foam), binding and densifying soils, filling voids, and exerting a controlled compressive uplift force under a limited area of the slab/pavement. The foam should then cure to 90 percent of its compressive strength within 25 minutes of injection into a stable replacement base material.

The chemical grout should initially be injected approximately 4 feet on center within the utility trenches through a 1/2" injection rod advanced to a depth no greater than 4 feet below land surface (bls) through 5/8" diameter drilled holes. After an initial stabilizing injection volume that will be determined on a case-by-case basis, the injection rod tip will be raised to approximately 1.5' to 2' bls or within 0' to 1' ft bls of the base of the cement-treated subgrade (CTS) to lift and relevel the concrete slabs or pavement. When being utilized to relevel installed stormwater vaults, concrete sidewalks, or concrete curbs, the material will be injected directly beneath the concrete. The elevations of the pavement/slabs should be monitored continuously during the chemical grouting process.

The proposed materials will consist of Utah Foam Products, Inc., AT-840-8 or AT-840-10, or NCFI Polyurethanes NCFI-4RH (formerly 24-003). The material utilized will depend on the outside temperature, pavement temperature (colder pavement will deflect/bend less), the presence/absence of CTS, and/or product availability. The contractor is offering a two-year warranty on the

Explain the proposed alternative and compare to the ECM standards (May provide applicable regional or national standards used as basis):

injected areas such that if some additional settlement of significance occurs, the contractor will return to reinject that area. Note that the rate of expansion can be adjusted via the injection plant preheating temperature, with high temperatures resulting in quicker reaction/rise times.

**LIMITS OF CONSIDERATION**

(At least one of the conditions listed below must be met for this deviation request to be considered.)

- The ECM standard is inapplicable to the particular situation.
- Topography, right-of-way, or other geographical conditions or impediments impose an undue hardship and an equivalent alternative that can accomplish the same design objective is available and does not compromise public safety or accessibility.
- A change to a standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem, and if not modified, the standard will impose an undue hardship on the applicant with little or no material benefit to the public.

Provide justification:

The proposed alternative of chemical grouting to stabilize the observed settlement/distress is much quicker and less invasive methodology that doesn't require excavation and replacement of asphalt, sidewalks, or curb/gutters. El Paso County – Engineering Criteria Manual, Revision 6. December 13, 2016, utility trench repair detail for asphalt pavement (File name SD\_4-20) was utilized in the northern half of Lorson Ranch Hills Filing 1. However, more than half of the repaired locations are exhibiting ongoing settlement.

**CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL**

Per ECM section 5.8.7 the request for a deviation may be considered if the request is **not based exclusively on financial considerations**. The deviation must not be detrimental to public safety or surrounding property. The applicant must include supporting information demonstrating compliance with **all of the following criteria**:

The deviation will achieve the intended result with a comparable or superior design and quality of improvement.

The requested deviation will achieve the intended results of repair by stabilizing and lifting/releveling roadways, concrete flatwork, and stormwater structures that have been affected by ground settlement with a reduced risk to the underlying utilities when compared to the current standard of excavation and backfill. Additionally, the requested deviation will be accomplished in far less time (hours compared to days), with minimal disturbance to the public.

The deviation will not adversely affect safety or operations.

The deviation will not affect safety or operations. The chemical grout repair is non-invasive and causes minimal disturbance to the public. The injected material (structural polyurethane foam) is safe (inert and non-reactive) and can be excavated, by hand, or machine, if necessary, and disposed of as normal waste.

The deviation will not adversely affect maintenance and its associated cost.

The deviation will not affect maintenance and its associated cost. The chemical grout can be hand-excavated and excavated without issues and can be disposed as normal waste

The deviation will not adversely affect aesthetic appearance.

The deviation will not affect aesthetic appearance. The chemical grout is injected into the subsurface soils and helps reduce observed settlement by re-leveling roadways and sidewalks. This method will reduce the number of locations that will require surficial patching and, therefore, will improve aesthetic appearance when compared to the current method of excavation and patching.

The deviation meets the design intent and purpose of the ECM standards.

The deviation is a common industry repair and stabilization method and, based on previous attempts of repair by the design content of Detail SD\_4-20 that still show signs of ongoing settlement, will improve upon the intent and purpose of the ECM standard.

The deviation meets the control measure requirements of Part I.E.3 and Part I.E.4 of the County's MS4 permit, as applicable.

Not Applicable

**REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION:**

**Approved by the ECM Administrator**

This request has been determined to have met the criteria for approval. A deviation from Section \_\_\_\_\_ of the ECM is hereby granted based on the justification provided.

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**Denied by the ECM Administrator**

This request has been determined not to have met criteria for approval. A deviation from Section \_\_\_\_\_ of the ECM is hereby denied.

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**ECM ADMINISTRATOR COMMENTS/CONDITIONS:**

## **1.1. PURPOSE**

The purpose of this resource is to provide a form for documenting the findings and decision by the ECM Administrator concerning a deviation request. The form is used to document the review and decision concerning a requested deviation. The request and decision concerning each deviation from a specific section of the ECM shall be recorded on a separate form.

## **1.2. BACKGROUND**

A deviation is a critical aspect of the review process and needs to be documented to ensure that the deviations granted are applied to a specific development application in conformance with the criteria for approval and that the action is documented as such requests can point to potential needed revisions to the ECM.

## **1.3. APPLICABLE STATUTES AND REGULATIONS**

Section 5.8 of the ECM establishes a mechanism whereby an engineering design standard can be modified when if strictly adhered to, would cause unnecessary hardship or unsafe design because of topographical or other conditions particular to the site, and that a departure may be made without destroying the intent of such provision.

## **1.4. APPLICABILITY**

All provisions of the ECM are subject to deviation by the ECM Administrator provided that one of the following conditions is met:

- The ECM standard is inapplicable to a particular situation.
- Topography, right-of-way, or other geographical conditions or impediments impose an undue hardship on the applicant, and an equivalent alternative that can accomplish the same design objective is available and does not compromise public safety or accessibility.
- A change to a standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem, and if not modified, the standard will impose an undue hardship on the applicant with little or no material benefit to the public.

## **1.5. TECHNICAL GUIDANCE**

The review shall ensure all criteria for approval are adequately considered and that justification for the deviation is properly documented.

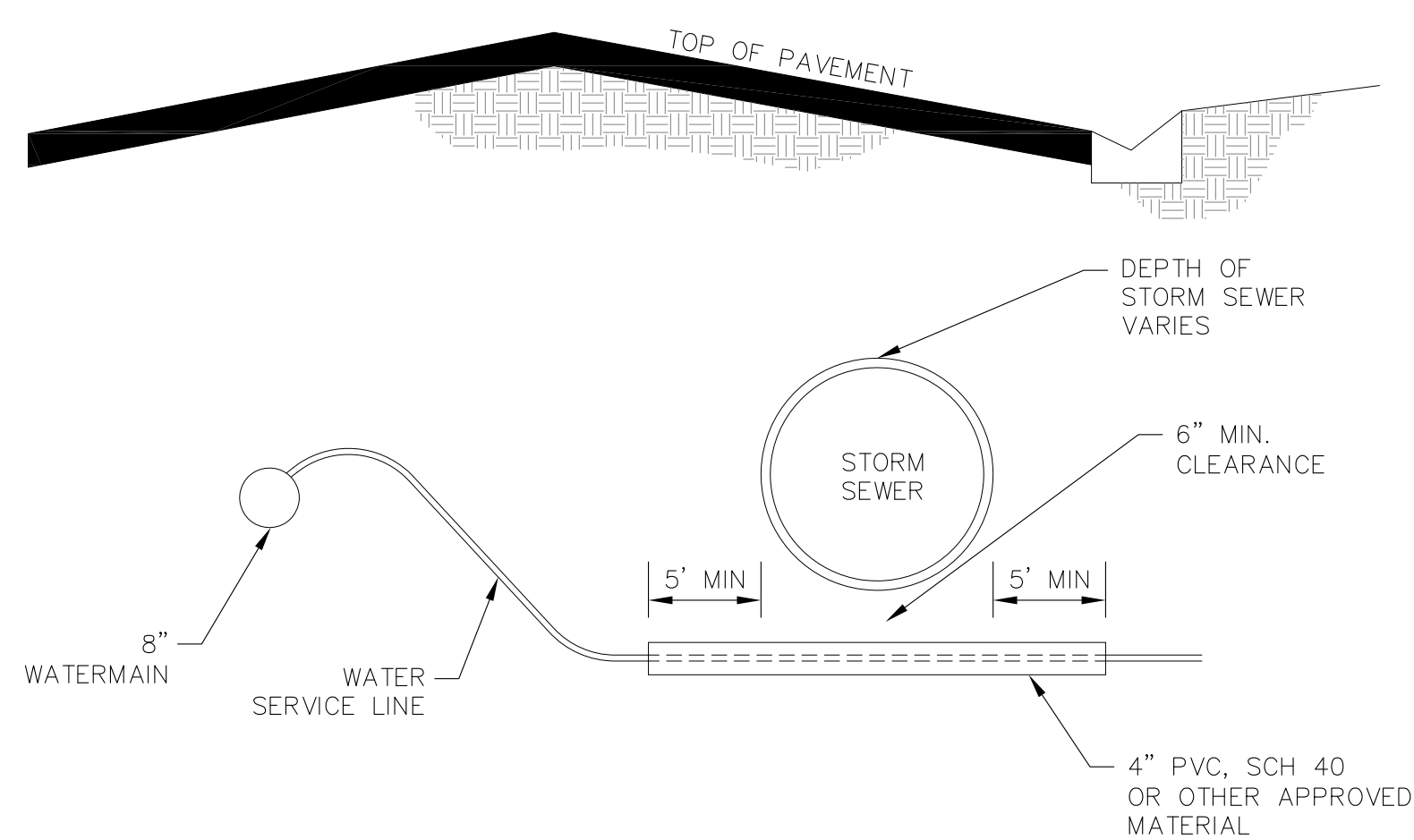
## **1.6. LIMITS OF APPROVAL**

Whether a request for deviation is approved as proposed or with conditions, the approval is for project-specific use and shall not constitute a precedent or general deviation from these Standards.

## **1.7. REVIEW FEES**

A Deviation Review Fee shall be paid in full at the time of submission of a request for deviation. The fee for Deviation Review shall be as determined by resolution of the BoCC.

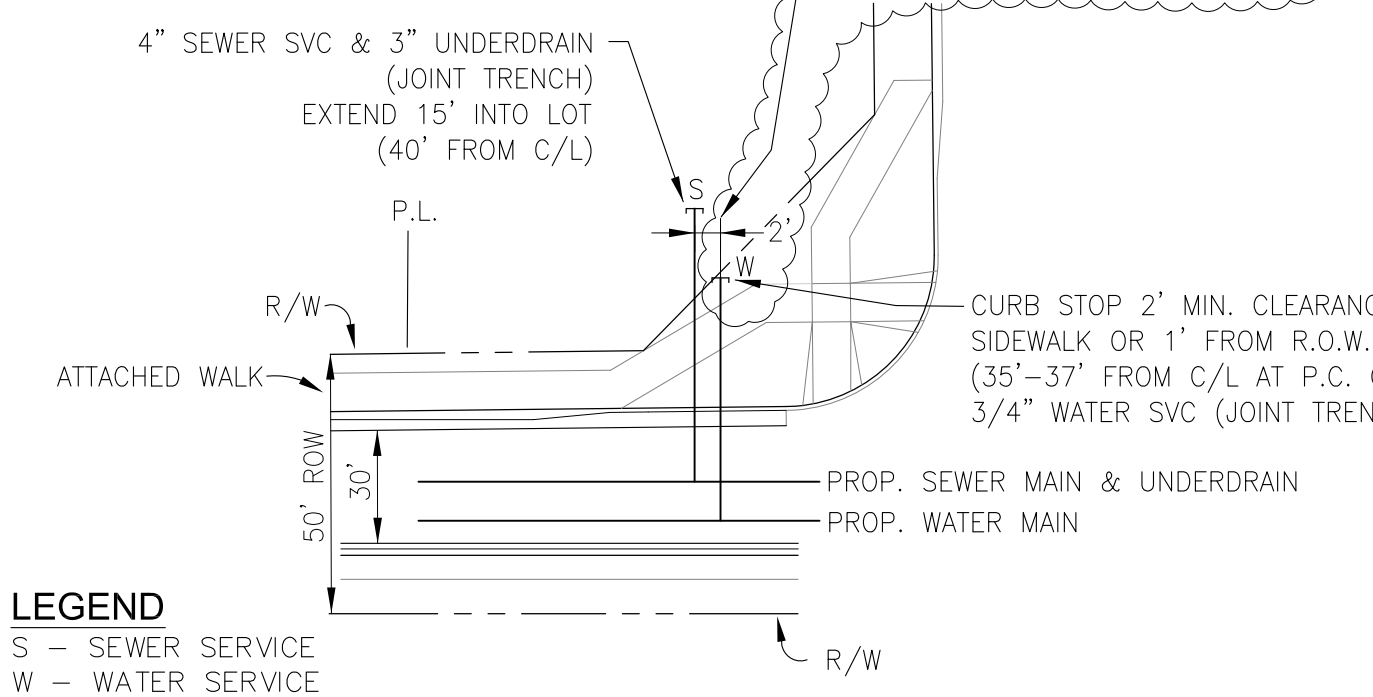
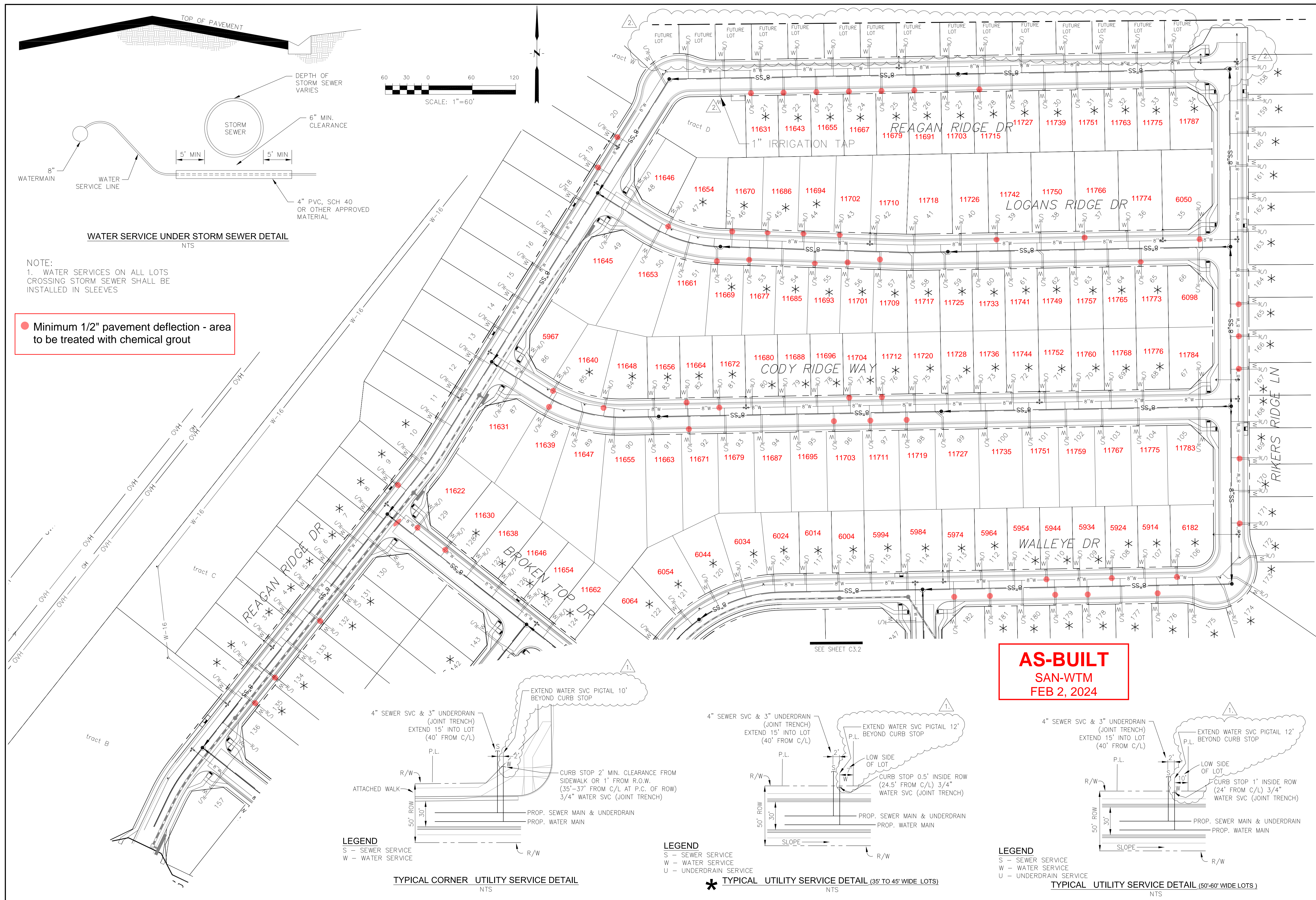
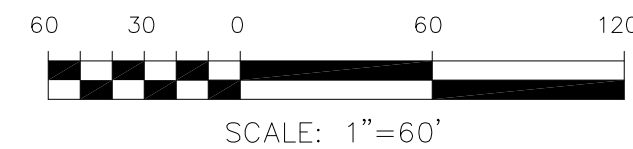
Exhibit showing Chemical  
Grout Locations on The Ridge  
at Lorson Ranch Filing 3



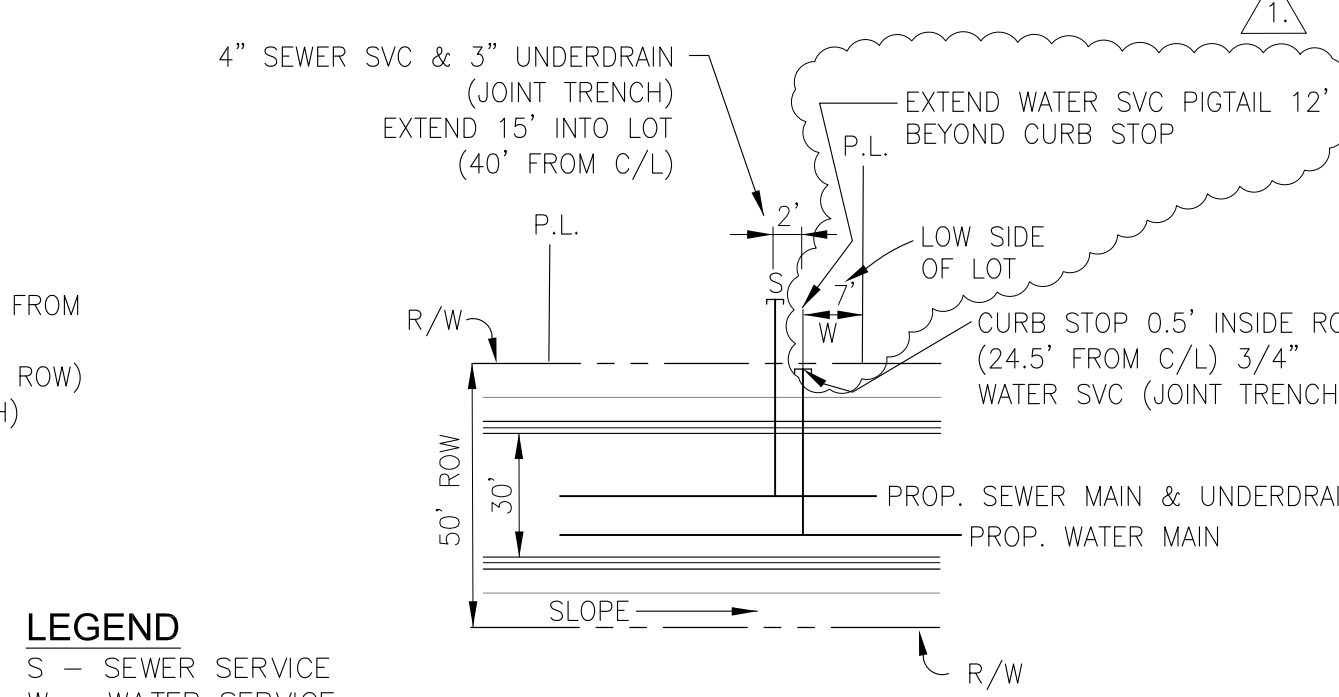
WATER SERVICE UNDER STORM SEWER DETAIL  
NTS

NOTE:  
1. WATER SERVICES ON ALL LOTS CROSSING STORM SEWER SHALL BE INSTALLED IN SLEEVES

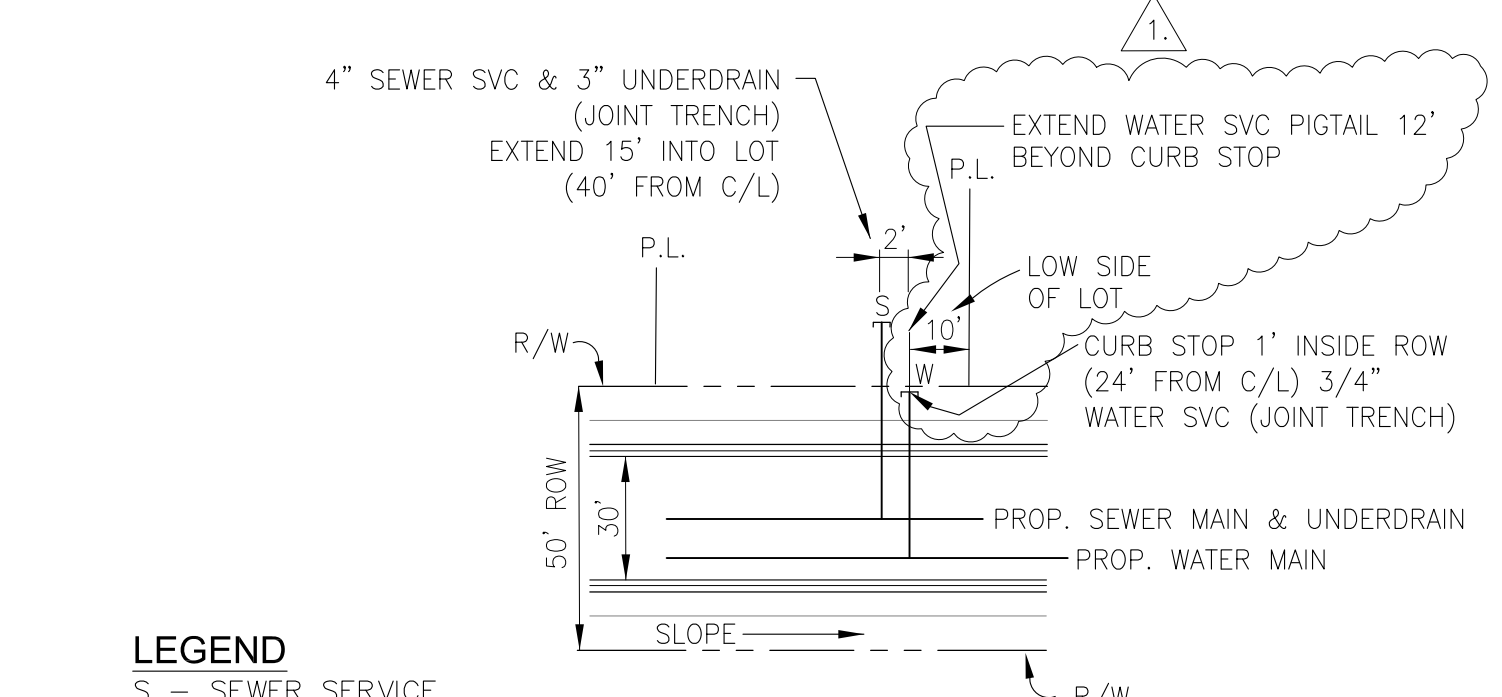
● Minimum 1/2" pavement deflection - area to be treated with chemical grout



TYPICAL CORNER UTILITY SERVICE DETAIL  
NTS



TYPICAL UTILITY SERVICE DETAIL (35' TO 45' WIDE LOTS)  
NTS



TYPICAL UTILITY SERVICE DETAIL (50'-60' WIDE LOTS)  
NTS

**CORE**  
ENGINEERING GROUP  
15004 1ST AVENUE S.  
BURNSVILLE, MN 55306  
PH: 719.570.1100  
CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
EMAIL: rich@cegi.com

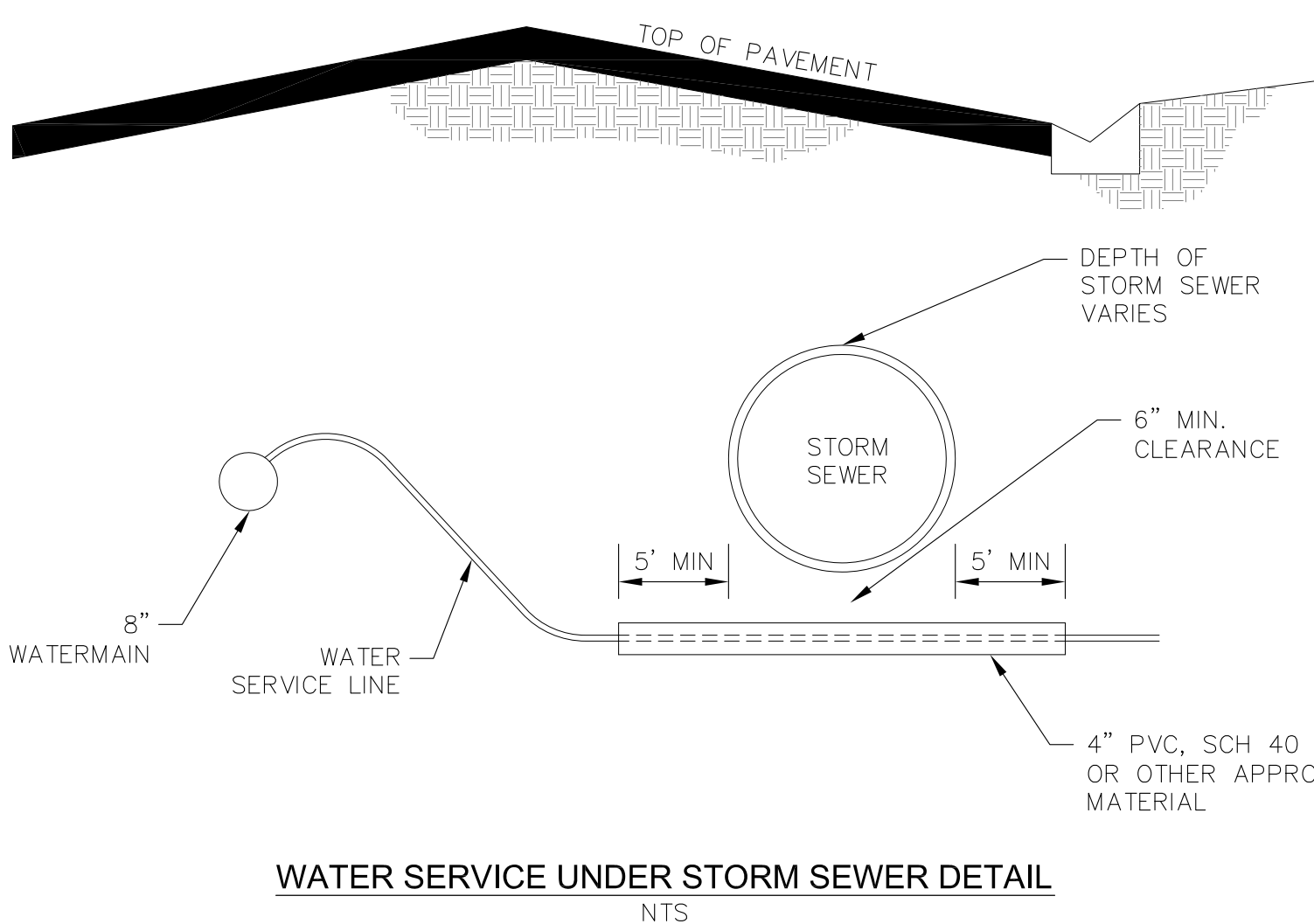
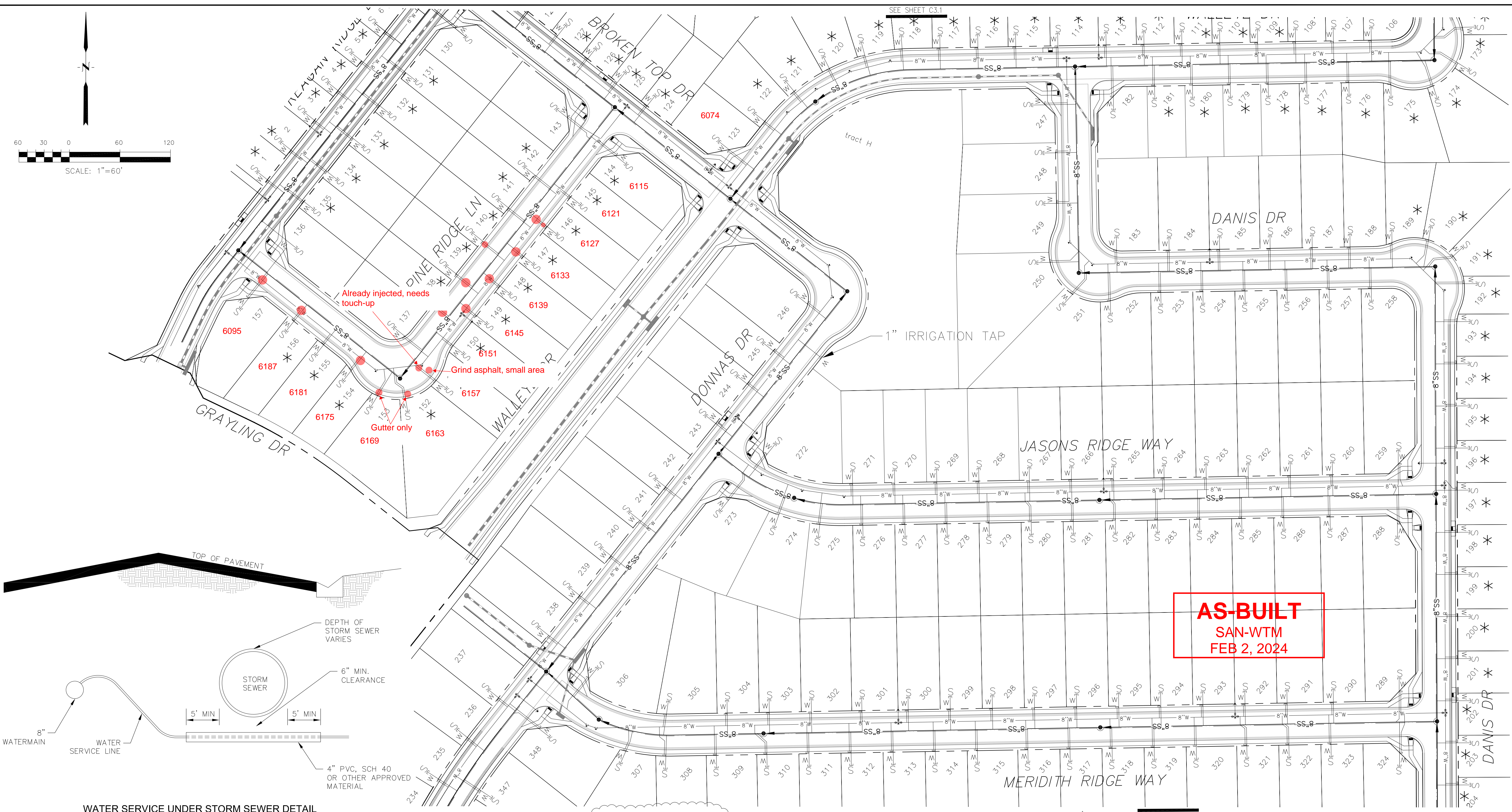
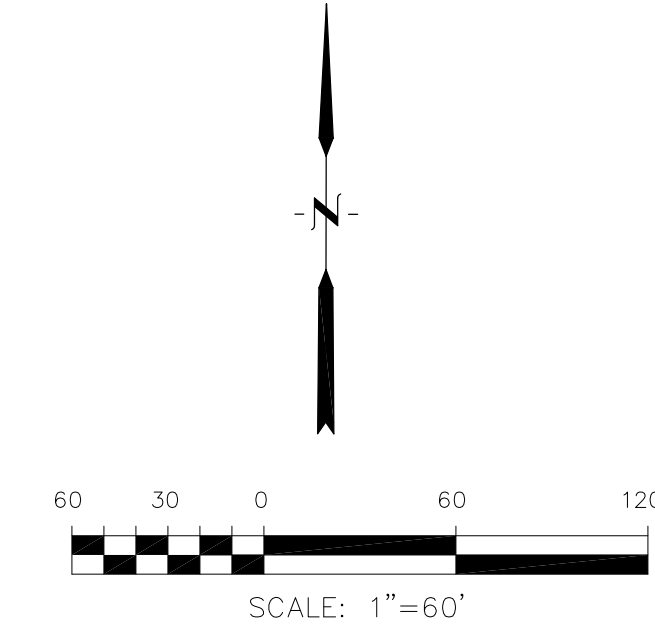
DATE: 3/21/2022  
4/19/2022  
DESCRIPTION: 1. ADD PIGTAIL TO WATER SERVICES  
2. ADD SERVICES TO FUTURE LOTS, CHANGE INTERSECTION, MOVE 1" SERVICE  
PREPARED FOR: LORSON, LLC  
212 N. WAHSATCH AVE, SUITE 301  
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903  
CONTACT: JEFF MARK

DRAWN: RLS  
DESIGNED: RLS  
CHECKED: RLS

THE RIDGE AT LORSON RANCH  
UTILITY SERVICES PLAN  
NORTH HALF

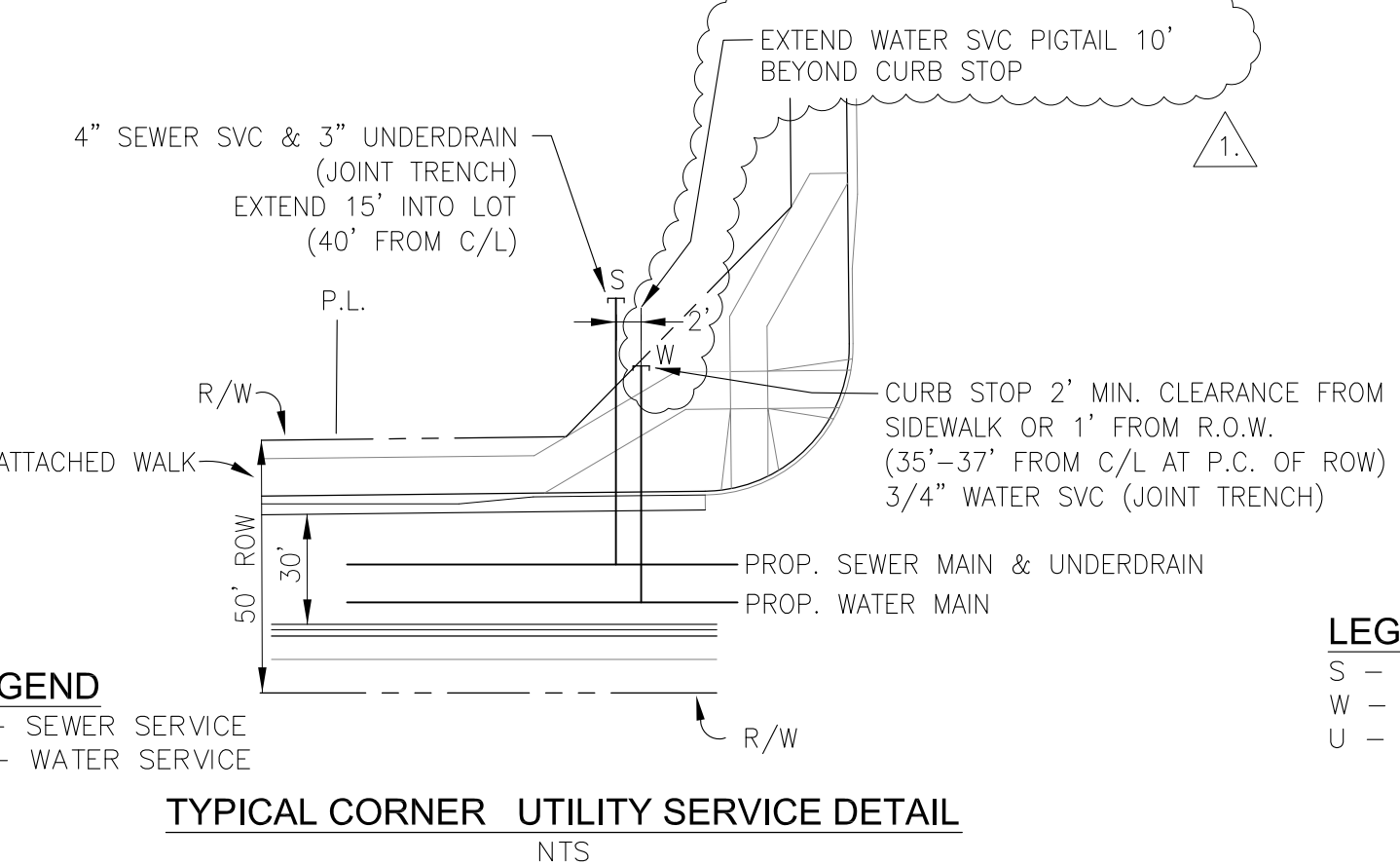


DATE: NOV 5, 2021  
PROJECT NO. 100.064  
SHEET NUMBER C3.1  
TOTAL SHEETS: 75

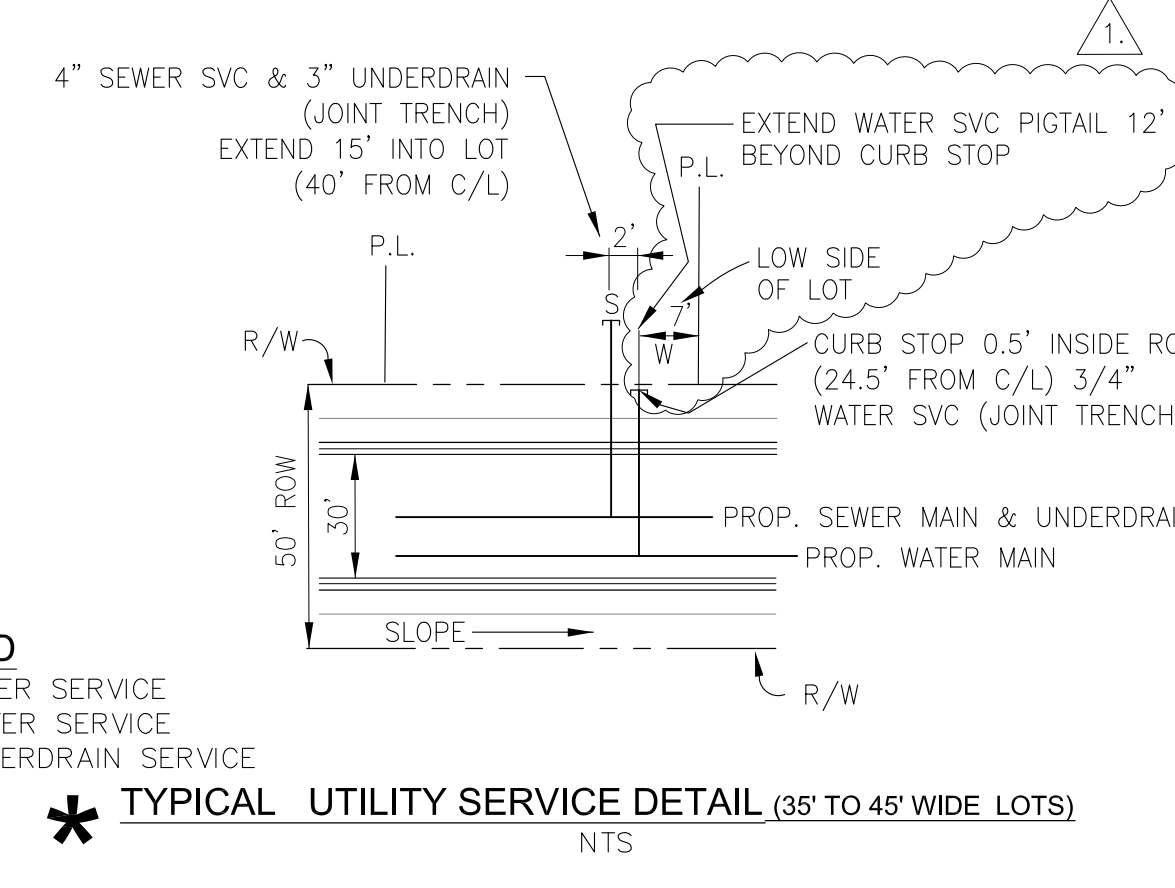


NOTE:  
 1. WATER SERVICES ON ALL LOTS CROSSING STORM SEWER SHALL BE INSTALLED IN SLEEVES

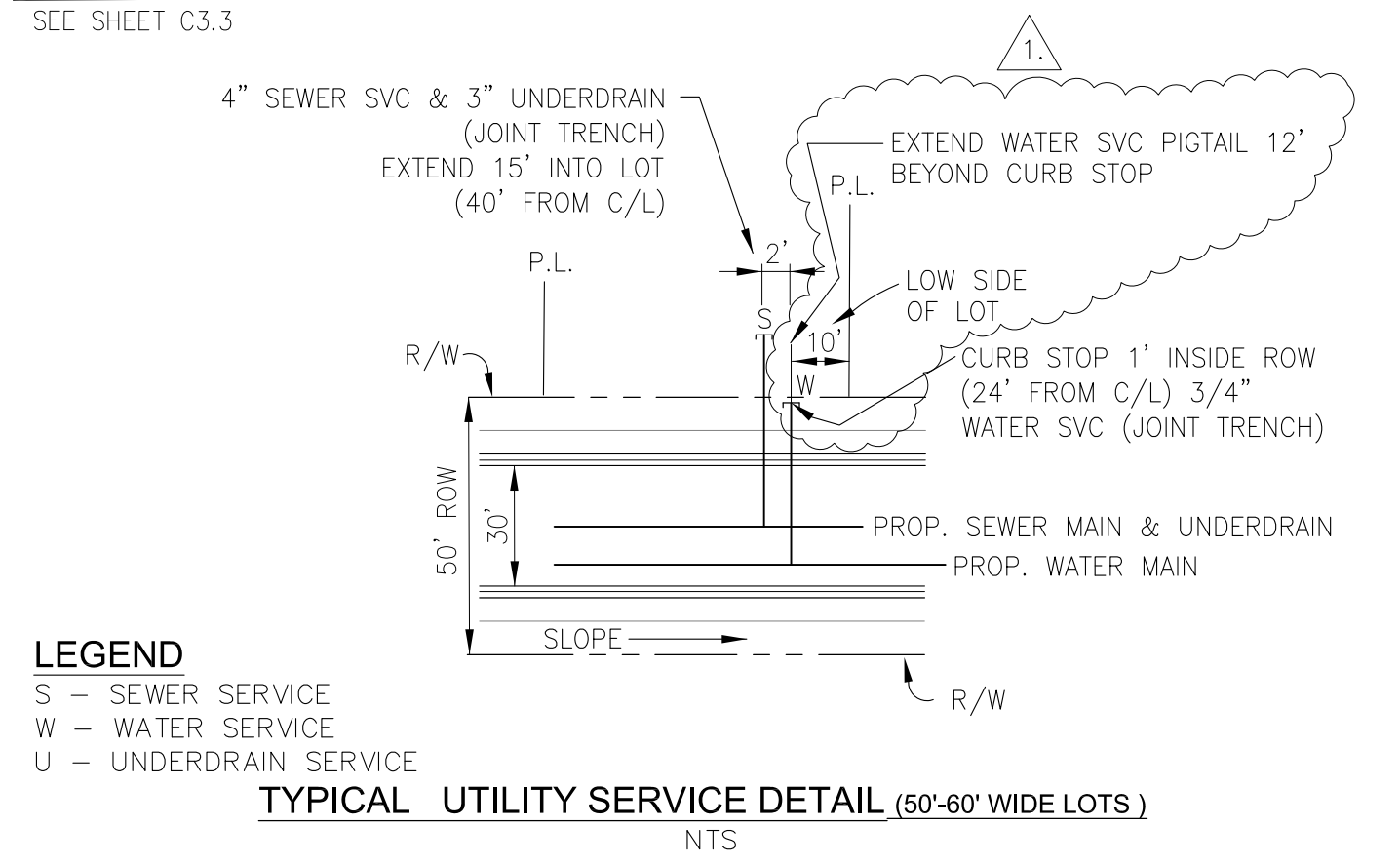
● Minimum 1/2" pavement deflection - area to be treated with chemical grout



LEGEND  
 S - SEWER SERVICE  
 W - WATER SERVICE  
 U - UNDERDRAIN SERVICE



LEGEND  
 S - SEWER SERVICE  
 W - WATER SERVICE  
 U - UNDERDRAIN SERVICE



LEGEND  
 S - SEWER SERVICE  
 W - WATER SERVICE  
 U - UNDERDRAIN SERVICE

<b>CORE ENGINEERING GROUP</b>	
15004 1ST AVENUE S. BURNSVILLE, MN 55306 PH: 719.579.1100 CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E. EMAIL: rich@cegi.com	
DATE	3/21/2022
DESCRIPTION	ADD PIGTAIL TO WATER SERVICES
NO.	1.
PREPARED FOR:	LORSON, LLC
PROJECT:	THE RIDGE AT LORSON RANCH
	212 N. WAHSATCH AVE., SUITE 301 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903 CONTACT: JEFF MARK
DRAWN:	RLS
DESIGNED:	RLS
CHECKED:	RLS
<b>THE RIDGE AT LORSON RANCH UTILITY SERVICES PLAN NORTH HALF</b>	
DATE:	NOV 5, 2021
PROJECT NO.	100.064
SHEET NUMBER	C3.2
TOTAL SHEETS:	75