# PRELIMINARY/FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR JUDGE ORR RANCHETTES

October, 2017

Prepared for:

John Jennings 2030 Tabor Ct. Colorado Springs, CO 80919

Prepared By:



PCD FILE NO's: SP-17-011

SF-17-021

# PRELIMINARY/FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT JUDGE ORR RANCHETTES

#### **Engineer's Statement:**

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according the criteria established for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

#### **Certification Statement:**

This report and plan for the preliminary and final drainage design for the <u>Judge Orr Ranchettes</u> was prepared by me (or under my direct supervision) in accordance with the provisions of City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2 Drainage Design and Technical Criteria for the owners thereof. I understand that El Paso County does not and will not assume liability for drainage facilities designed by others.

David L. Mijares, Colorado PE #40510 For and on behalf of Catamount Engineering	Date
Developer's Statement:  I, the developer have read and will comply with all of the requi	irements specified in this drainage report and plan.
John Jennings hereby certifies that the drainage facilities for <u>J</u> the design presented in this report. I understand that El Paso drainage facilities designed and or certified by my engineer pursuant to Colorado Revised Statues, Title 30, Article 28; but that final drainage design review will absolve <u>John Jennings</u> at for improper design. I further understand that approval of the drainage design.	County does not and will not assume liability for the and that the El Paso County reviews drainage plans t cannot, on behalf of <u>Judge Orr Ranchettes</u> , guarantee nd/or their successors and/or assigns of future liability
John R. Jennings	_
Business Name	
Ву:	<del>-</del>
Title:	<u>-</u>
Address: 2030 Tabor Ct.	-
Colorado Springs, CO 80919	-
El Paso County: Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County manual Volumes 1 and 2, and the El Paso County Engineering	
Jennifer Irvine, PE County Engineer/ECM Administrator	Date
Conditions:	

# PRELIMINARY/FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT for JUDGE ORR RANCHETTES

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this drainage report is to identify existing drainage patterns, quantify developed storm water runoff, and establish outfall scenarios from the proposed development. Additionally this analysis will establish compliance with previous drainage studies.

#### **GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION**

The subject 40.67 acres is proposed to be platted into 7 residential lots and public ROW and is located within the southeast ½ of Section 33, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> principal meridian El Paso County, Colorado.

The parcel is bounded on the north by unplatted land and Stapleton Drive, on the east by unplatted residential parcels, on the south by Judge Orr Road, and on the west by residential parcels.

The site is sparsely vegetated with native grasses. Some volunteer shrubs and trees are evident within the roadside ditch along the north side of Judge Orr Road. The existing terrain generally slopes to the east and southeast at a 1.9% grade. A swale along the south edge of the project running from west to east has been formed adjacent to the Judge Orr Road embankment. The site lies within the Haegler Ranch Basin.

Soils in the development parcel consist of Columbine gravelly sandy loam and Blakeland loamy sand, both Hydrologic Group 'A' soils, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey. Hydrologic Group A soils were used in analysis.

A portion of the development lies within an F.E.M.A. designated floodplain, Zone AE with base flood elevations determined, per FIRM 08041C0575 F, as revised to reflect LOMR Case No16-08-1065P. The revised F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map and LOMR determination have been provided in the appendix. The area identified as Zone AE has been included in a no build easement to be dedicated to El Paso County with plat recordation.

#### **EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS**

The site was previously studied in the "GIECK RANCH DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY", prepared by Drexel, Barrell & Co., revised February 10, 2010. In the DBPS the parcel is indicated as the parcel is identified as tributary to reach HD-R4 of the Haegler basin diversion. The estimated major storm event exhibits a flow of  $Q_{100}$ =468 cfs at the eastern end of the reach. The reach was not proposed to receive structural improvements in implementation of the DBPS plan.

Flows through the reach were further studied with development of LOMR case No. 16-08-1065P, developed by Kiowa Engineering for implementation of Stapleton Road Improvements. The Kiowa LOMR finalized in Stapleton road crossing. The LOMR analysis, Effective Date June 15, 2017, provided base flood elevations for the reach through the Judge Orr Ranchettes property. Flows of  $Q_{100}$ =592 cfs were utilized in analysis of the reach identified as Haegler Ranch Tributary 2 in the LOMR. Flows of 592 CFS were accepted in the Preliminary/Final Drainage Report for Judge Orr Ranchettes.

A swale exists along the western edge of the property conveying offsite flows from the northern portion of the property to reach HD-R4 of Haegler Creek. An additional small swale is evident along the southern portion of the property conveying offsite flows to the roadside ditch along Judge Orr Rd. At the north easterly limit of the parcel a dual 36" RCP crossing was installed with Stapleton Road Improvements conveying flows across Stapleton to the west prior to entering the property. A small offsite basin tributary to the northerly limits of the parcel, Basin OS-A (2.22 Acres, Q<sub>2</sub>=0.1 cfs, Q<sub>5</sub>=0.4 cfs, Q<sub>10</sub>=0.9 cfs, Q<sub>25</sub>=1.6 cfs, Q<sub>50</sub>=2.2 cfs, and Q<sub>100</sub>=2.8 cfs), was modeled as this basin will be diverted to the dual 36" RCP crossing with installation of temporary gravel roadway until El Paso County secures right of way to develop permanent connection to Stapleton Road.

Off-site Basin OS-B (8.00 Acres,  $Q_2$ =0.5 cfs,  $Q_5$ =1.4 cfs,  $Q_{10}$ =2.9 cfs,  $Q_{25}$ =4.9 cfs,  $Q_{50}$ =6.6 cfs, and  $Q_{100}$ =8.5 cfs) represents the southerly limits of the Haegler Basin tributary to the existing roadside ditch north of Judge Orr Road. Existing basins were modeled as agricultural land as the tributary portions of upstream properties to basin OS-A and OS-B remain largely in an undeveloped state.

The northern portion of the parcel modeled as basin EX-A (31.32 Acres,  $Q_2$ =0.9 cfs,  $Q_5$ =3.2 cfs,  $Q_{10}$ =7.1 cfs,  $Q_{25}$ =12.5 cfs,  $Q_{50}$ =16.7 cfs, and  $Q_{100}$ =21.7 cfs) sheet flows to the southeast and is intercepted either by reach HD-R4 of Haegler Creek or Stapleton Road improvements and is conveyed to the dual 4'x8' box culvert crossing of Stapleton Drive.

The southern portion of the parcel modeled as basin EX-B (9.31 Acres,  $Q_2=1.0$  cfs,  $Q_5=2.3$  cfs,  $Q_{10}=4.3$  cfs,  $Q_{25}=7.0$  cfs,  $Q_{50}=9.3$  cfs, and  $Q_{100}=11.8$  cfs) sheet flows to the southeast and is tributary to the existing Judge Orr Road side ditch. Combined flows from basin EX-B and OS-B at design point 3 of  $Q_2=1.2$  cfs,  $Q_5=3.0$  cfs,  $Q_{10}=5.9$  cfs,  $Q_{25}=9.8$  cfs,  $Q_{50}=12.9$  cfs, and  $Q_{100}=16.6$  cfs are conveyed in the roadside ditches of Judge Orr Road and Stapleton Road to the Box Culvert Crossing of Stapleton Drive.

#### **DEVELOPED DRAINAGE BASINS**

Due to the 5.0 minimum lot size developed basins were modeled as predominantly agricultural land with 1.0 acre of each parcel to be developed at a residential density. Roadways and shoulders were modeled as pavement and gravel roadways where proposed.

Basin A-1 (0.81 Acres,  $Q_2=1.4$  cfs,  $Q_5=1.8$  cfs,  $Q_{10}=2.2$  cfs,  $Q_{25}=2.6$  cfs,  $Q_{50}=2.9$  cfs, and  $Q_{100}=3.3$  cfs) represents the westerly portion of the proposed roadway north of Haegler Creek. Runoff generated within this basin will be collected in the roadside swale and conveyed south to Haegler Creek.

Basin A-2 (30.33 Acres,  $Q_2=1.9$  cfs,  $Q_5=4.8$  cfs,  $Q_{10}=9.2$  cfs,  $Q_{25}=15.2$  cfs,  $Q_{50}=20.2$  cfs, and  $Q_{100}=25.6$  cfs) consists of the easterly half of the roadway, the southerly portion of the proposed temporary access, and proposed 5 acre lots north of Haegler Creek. Runoff generated within basin A-1 will sheetflow to the southeast and is intercepted either by reach HD-R4 of Haegler Creek or Stapleton Road improvements and is conveyed to the dual 4'x8' box culvert crossing of Stapleton Drive. Runoff from Basin A-2 represents a minor increase in flows to undeveloped flows from basin EX-A.

Basin A-3 (0.18 Acres,  $Q_2$ =0.4 cfs,  $Q_5$ =0.5 cfs,  $Q_{10}$ =0.6 cfs,  $Q_{25}$ =0.7 cfs,  $Q_{50}$ =0.8 cfs, and  $Q_{100}$ =0.9 cfs) consist of the northerly half of the proposed temporary gravel roadway. Flows from Basin A-3 will be conveyed in a constructed roadside ditch with flows from Basin OS-A to the existing dual 36" RCP outfall at Design Point P1. Design Point P-1 representing off-site and site addition to the existing crossing of Stapleton is  $Q_2$ =0.3 cfs,  $Q_5$ =0.6 cfs,  $Q_{10}$ =1.2 cfs,  $Q_{25}$ =2.0 cfs,  $Q_{50}$ =2.6 cfs, and  $Q_{100}$ =3.3 cfs).

Basin B-1 (0.54 Acres,  $Q_2=1.2$  cfs,  $Q_5=1.6$  cfs,  $Q_{10}=1.9$  cfs,  $Q_{25}=2.3$  cfs,  $Q_{50}=2.6$  cfs, and  $Q_{100}=2.9$  cfs) consists of the westerly half of the proposed roadway south of Haegler Creek. Runoff generated within this basin will be collected in the roadside swale and conveyed south to the existing Judge Orr Road ditch. Runoff from Basin B-1 will be combined with runoff from Basin OS-B at design point P4. Flows from design point P-4 of  $Q_2=1.0$  cfs,  $Q_5=2.1$  cfs,  $Q_{10}=3.7$  cfs,  $Q_{25}=5.9$  cfs,  $Q_{50}=7.7$  cfs, and  $Q_{100}=9.7$  cfs will be conveyed in a 30" RCP culvert under the proposed roadway and continue in the Judge Orr Road ditch to design point P3.

Basin B-2 (8.76 Acres,  $Q_2=1.1$  cfs,  $Q_5=2.6$  cfs,  $Q_{10}=4.6$  cfs,  $Q_{25}=7.4$  cfs,  $Q_{50}=9.7$  cfs, and  $Q_{100}=12.2$  cfs) consist of the easterly half of the proposed roadway and proposed 5 acre residential lots south of Haegler Creek and tributary to the Judge Orr Roadside ditch. Runoff from basin B-2 will sheetflow to the southeast and the Judge Orr Roadside ditch to design point P3. Anticipated flows at design point P-3 of  $Q_2=1.7$  cfs,  $Q_5=3.6$  cfs,  $Q_{10}=6.4$  cfs,  $Q_{25}=10.3$  cfs,  $Q_{50}=13.4$  cfs, and  $Q_{100}=17.0$  cfs represents a minor increase in flows at Design Point P3.

#### **CONVEYANCE**

#### DP-P1-

100-Yr flow of 3.3 cfs will be conveyed to the existing dual 36" RCP crossing of Stapleton Boulevard in a proposed 17' wide roadside swale with 4:1 side slopes and a longitudinal slope of 2% at a depth of 0.55' with a velocity of 3.5 ft/s.

#### DP-P3-

100-Yr flow of 17.0 cfs will be conveyed in the existing Judge Orr Road ditch to design point DP-P3. The existing roadside ditch was modeled from the topographic survey as approximately 30' wide from top of bank on the north to pavement edge as approximately 30' wide with an

The drainage map shows an existing culvert at DP 3. Provide the calculation and analysis.

average depth of 6.0'. The existing ditch has an approximately 2.5:1 cross slope and a longitudinal slope of .033%. 100-YR flows will be conveyed at a depth of 1.16' and a velocity of 5.12 ft/s.

#### DP-P4-

100-yr flow of 9.7 cfs will be conveyed in a proposed 17' wide roadside swale with 4:1 side slopes and a longitudinal slope of 1.6% at a depth of 0.84' with a velocity of 4.1 ft/s to the proposed 30" RCP culvert. The proposed 30" RCP culvert will convey developed flows generating an approximate headwater depth of 1.5'.

See Appendix for Calculations.

#### WATER QUALITY/4-STEP PROCESS

The development addresses Low Impact Development strategies primarily through the utilization of large impervious areas and utilization of landscape swales receiving runoff generated within impervious roadways.

#### Step 1-

Impervious areas generated within the development will flow across pervious disconnected areas prior to offsite discharge. Runoff generated within roadway improvements will be directed to grassed roadside ditches and conveyed to grassed channels. Curb or storm sewer improvements are not proposed within the development.

#### Step2-

The historic reach of Haegler Basin that runs through the project is defined as 100-YR ZONE AE floodplain and all areas within the floodplain are designed as a no build zone.

#### Step3-

Permanent water quality facility is not proposed for development of 5 acre lots per the requirements of El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual section I.7.1B.

#### Step4-

A Grading, Erosion Control, and Stormwater Quality Plan and narrative have been submitted concurrently for the development and will be subject to county approval prior to any soil disturbance. The erosion control plan included specific source control BMP's as well as defined overall site management practices for the construction period.

List each step and provide a narrative for how each step was implemented or considered. **Unresolved.** 

#### Replace sub-header with

Step 1: Employ Runoff Reduction Practices

Step 2: Stabilize Drainageway

Step 3: Provide Water Quality Capture Volume

Step 4: Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMPs

Step 2 Update the narrative for step 2 to address stabilization.

#### **COST ESTIMATE**

Private Improvements Non-reimbursable

30" RCP	75 LF	@\$	65/LF	\$ 4,875
30" FES	2 EA	<u>@</u> \$	350/EA	\$ 700
Rip Rap Outfall	1 EA	@\$	300/EA	\$ 300
	SUI	BTOTAL		\$ 5,875
	15%	6 CONTIN	<i>IGENCY</i>	\$ 881
	TO	TAL		\$ 6,756

#### **DRAINAGE FEE CALCULATION**

The development proposes to plat 40.67 acres within El Paso County, all contained within the Haegler Drainage Basin. ECM Appendix L part 1 Section 3.10.2a allows for a 25% reduction in drainage fees for low density lots.

Impervious Acreage Calculation:

Single Family-5 acre lots is given a typical value of 7% impervious from EMC Appendix L table 3-1.

Impervious Acres:

40.67 Acres X 7% = 2.847 Impervious Acres

Drainage Fee:

(2.847 X Impervious Acres X 75% X \$8,844/ac)	=	\$ 18,884.15
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Bridge Fee:

(2.847 Impervious Acres X 75% X \$1,305/ac) = \$2,786.50

TOTAL \$23,709.82

#### **DRAINAGE METHODOLOGY**

This drainage report was prepared in accordance to the criteria established in the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, as revised May 2014.

The rational method for drainage basin study areas of less than 100 acres was utilized in the analysis. For the Rational Method, flows were calculated for the 2, 5, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year recurrence intervals. The average runoff coefficients, 'C' values, are taken from Table 6-6 and the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves are taken from Figure 6-5 of the City Drainage Criteria Manual. Time of concentration for overland flow and storm drain or gutter flow are calculated per Section 3.2 of the City Drainage Criteria Manual. Calculations for the Rational Method are shown in the Appendix of this report. Flows developed in LOMR Case No. 16-08-1065P were accepted for the reach of Haegler Creek flowing through the parcel.

#### **SUMMARY**

The Judge Orr Ranchettes Development consists of large lot development with minor increases in impervious areas consistent with development proposed in the Drainage Basin Planning Study. The development proposes no development and a setback approach in regards to the reach of the Haegler drainage within the parcel. A no-build easement has been established outside of the limits of the 100-YR floodplain. Development of the parcel is in conformance of current El Paso County criteria and will not adversely affect downstream properties or facilities.

#### **REFERENCES:**

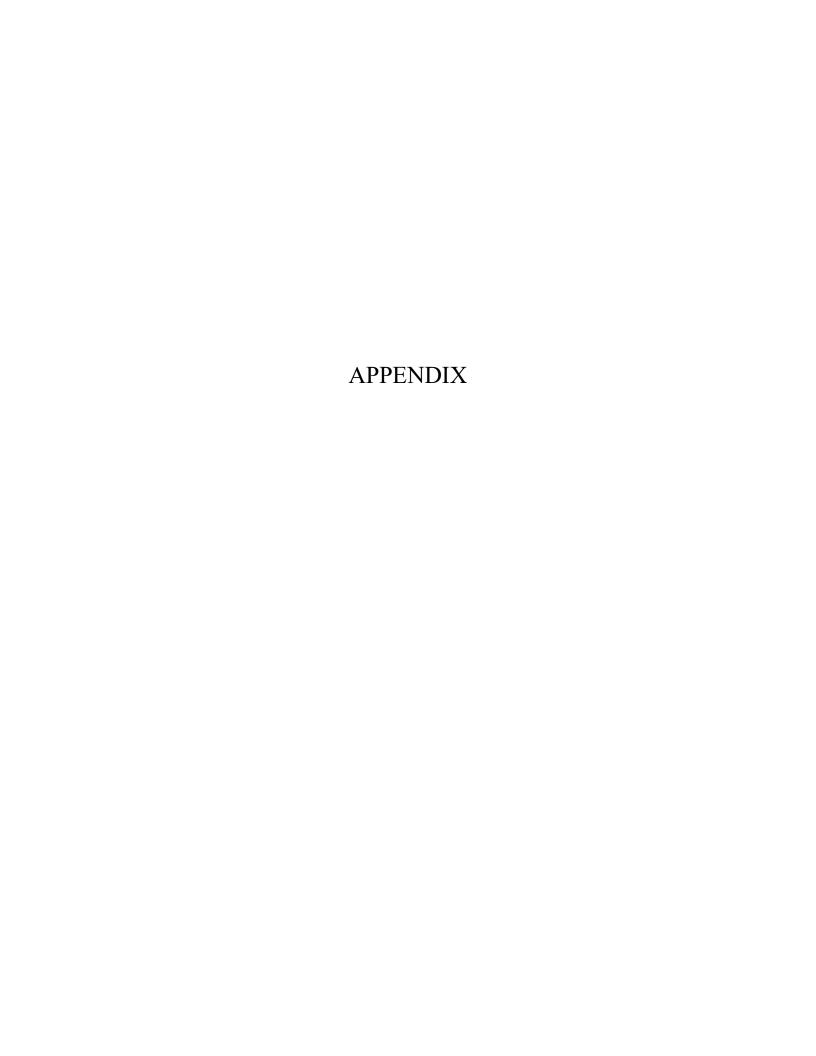
City of Colorado Springs Engineering Division Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, revised May 2014

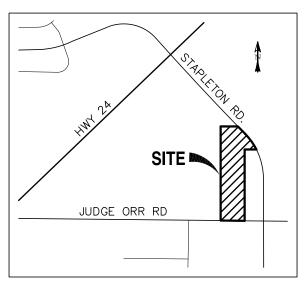
"Geick Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study El Paso County, Colorado", prepared by Drexel, Barrell & Co., revised February 10, 2010.

"Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) Stapleton Drive", prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, dated December 20, 2013

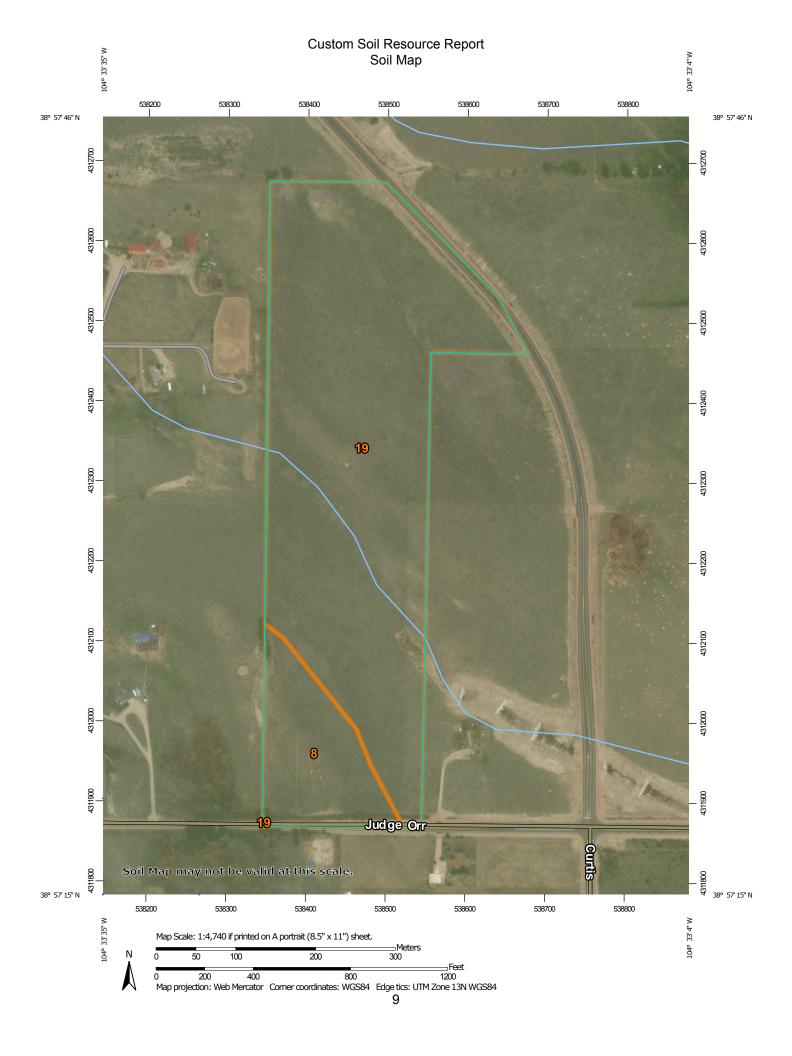
Flood Insurance rate map 08041C0575 F, as revised to reflect LOMR Case No. 16-08-1065P

Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey





VICINITY MAP SCALE: N.T.S.



#### MAP LEGEND

#### Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

#### Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



Soil Map Unit Points

#### Special Point Features

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Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill



Lava Flow Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Spoil Area



Stony Spot Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

#### Water Features

Streams and Canals

#### Transportation

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Rails

Interstate Highways

**US Routes** 

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Major Roads Local Roads

#### Background

Aerial Photography

#### MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 23, 2016

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 22, 2016—Mar 9. 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

#### Map Unit Legend

	El Paso County Are	a, Colorado (CO625)	
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	6.4	15.0%
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	36.4	85.0%
Totals for Area of Interest	'	42.8	100.0%

### **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the

#### El Paso County Area, Colorado

#### 8—Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 369v Elevation: 4,600 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Blakeland and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Blakeland**

#### Setting

Landform: Flats, hills

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, talf

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium derived from sedimentary rock and/or eolian deposits

derived from sedimentary rock

#### Typical profile

A - 0 to 11 inches: loamy sand AC - 11 to 27 inches: loamy sand

C - 27 to 60 inches: sand

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 1 to 9 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (5.95

to 19.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: Sandy Foothill (R049BY210CO)

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Other soils

Percent of map unit: Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Pleasant**

Percent of map unit: Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### 19—Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 367p Elevation: 6,500 to 7,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Columbine and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Columbine**

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plains, fan terraces, fans

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium

#### Typical profile

A - 0 to 14 inches: gravelly sandy loam
C - 14 to 60 inches: very gravelly loamy sand

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (5.95

to 19.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: Gravelly Foothill (R049BY214CO)

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

#### **Minor Components**

#### Fluvaquentic haplaquolls

Percent of map unit: Landform: Swales Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Other soils

Percent of map unit: Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Pleasant**

Percent of map unit: Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes



Washington, D.C. 20472

#### LETTER OF MAP REVISION **DETERMINATION DOCUMENT**

	COMMUNITY AND REVISION INFORMATION	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	BASIS OF REQUEST
COMMUNITY	El Paso County Colorado (Unincorporated Areas)	CHANNELIZATION CULVERT	HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS UPDATED TOPOGRAPHIC DATA
	COMMUNITY NO.: 080059		
IDENTIFIER	Stapleton Drive LOMR	APPROXIMATE LATITUDE AND LONG SOURCE: USGS QUADRANGLE	GITUDE: 38.961, -104.559 DATUM: NAD 83
	ANNOTATED MAPPING ENCLOSURES	ANNOTATED ST	UDY ENCLOSURES
TYPE: FIRM*	NO.: 08041C0575F DATE: March 17, 1997	DATE OF EFFECTIVE FLOOD INSURA PROFILES: 367P, 367P(a)	NCE STUDY: August 23, 1999

\* FIRM - Flood Insurance Rate Map

#### FLOODING SOURCE AND REVISED REACH

Haegler Ranch Tributary 2 - from approximately 3,300 feet upstream of the confluence with Geick Ranch West Tributary to U.S. Highway 24

	SUMMARY OF REV	ISIONS		
Flooding Source	Effective Flooding	Revised Flooding	Increases	Decreases
Haegler Ranch Tributary 2	Zone A	Zone AE	YES	YES
	No BFEs*	BFEs	YES	NONE

\* BFEs - Base Flood Elevations

#### **DETERMINATION**

This document provides the determination from the Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) regarding a request for a Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) for the area described above. Using the information submitted, we have determined that a revision to the flood hazards depicted in the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report and/or National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) map is warranted. This document revises the effective NFIP map, as indicated in the attached documentation. Please use the enclosed annotated map panel revised by this LOMR for floodplain management purposes and for all flood insurance policies and renewals in your community.

This determination is based on the flood data presently available. The enclosed documents provide additional information regarding this determination. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Map Information eXchange toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 847 South Pickett Street, Alexandria, VA 22304-4605. Additional information about the NFIP is available on our website at http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program.

> Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbibit, P.E., Branch Chief **Engineering Services Branch** Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration



Washington, D.C. 20472

# LETTER OF MAP REVISION DETERMINATION DOCUMENT (CONTINUED)

#### **COMMUNITY INFORMATION**

#### APPLICABLE NFIP REGULATIONS/COMMUNITY OBLIGATION

We have made this determination pursuant to Section 206 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-234) and in accordance with the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (Title XIII of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, P.L. 90-448), 42 U.S.C. 4001-4128, and 44 CFR Part 65. Pursuant to Section 1361 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, communities participating in the NFIP are required to adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations that meet or exceed NFIP criteria. These criteria, including adoption of the FIS report and FIRM, and the modifications made by this LOMR, are the minimum requirements for continued NFIP participation and do not supersede more stringent State/Commonwealth or local requirements to which the regulations apply.

NFIP regulations Subparagraph 60.3(b)(7) requires communities to ensure that the flood-carrying capacity within the altered or relocated portion of any watercourse is maintained. This provision is incorporated into your community's existing floodplain management ordinances; therefore, responsibility for maintenance of the altered or relocated watercourse, including any related appurtenances such as bridges, culverts, and other drainage structures, rests with your community. We may request that your community submit a description and schedule of maintenance activities necessary to ensure this requirement.

#### **COMMUNITY REMINDERS**

We based this determination on the 1-percent-annual-chance flood discharges computed in Letter of Map Revision 04-08-0587P, without considering subsequent changes in watershed characteristics that could increase flood discharges. Future development of projects upstream could cause increased flood discharges, which could cause increased flood hazards. A comprehensive restudy of your community's flood hazards would consider the cumulative effects of development on flood discharges subsequent to the publication of the FIS report for your community and could, therefore, establish greater flood hazards in this area.

Your community must regulate all proposed floodplain development and ensure that permits required by Federal and/or State/Commonwealth law have been obtained. State/Commonwealth or community officials, based on knowledge of local conditions and in the interest of safety, may set higher standards for construction or may limit development in floodplain areas. If your State/Commonwealth or community has adopted more restrictive or comprehensive floodplain management criteria, those criteria take precedence over the minimum NFIP requirements.

We will not print and distribute this LOMR to primary users, such as local insurance agents or mortgage lenders; instead, the community will serve as a repository for the new data. We encourage you to disseminate the information in this LOMR by preparing a news release for publication in your community's newspaper that describes the revision and explains how your community will provide the data and help interpret the NFIP maps. In that way, interested persons, such as property owners, insurance agents, and mortgage lenders, can benefit from the information.

This determination is based on the flood data presently available. The enclosed documents provide additional information regarding this determination. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Map Information eXchange toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 847 South Pickett Street, Alexandria, VA 22304-4605. Additional information about the NFIP is available on our website at http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program.

Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbibit, P.E., Branch Chief Engineering Services Branch Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration



Washington, D.C. 20472

# LETTER OF MAP REVISION DETERMINATION DOCUMENT (CONTINUED)

We have designated a Consultation Coordination Officer (CCO) to assist your community. The CCO will be the primary liaison between your community and FEMA. For information regarding your CCO, please contact:

Ms. Jeanine D. Petterson
Director, Mitigation Division
Federal Emergency Management Agency, Region VIII
Denver Federal Center, Building 710
P.O. Box 25267
Denver, CO 80225-0267
(303) 235-4830

#### STATUS OF THE COMMUNITY NFIP MAPS

We are processing a revised FIRM and FIS report for El Paso County in our countywide format; therefore, we will not physically revise and republish the FIRM and FIS report for your community to incorporate the modifications made by this LOMR at this time. Preliminary copies of the countywide FIRM and FIS report, which present information from the effective FIRMs and FIS reports for your community and other incorporated communities in El Paso County, were submitted to your community for review on July 29, 2015. We will incorporate the modifications made by this LOMR into the countywide FIRM and FIS report before they become effective.

This determination is based on the flood data presently available. The enclosed documents provide additional information regarding this determination. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Map Information eXchange toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 847 South Pickett Street, Alexandria, VA 22304-4605. Additional information about the NFIP is available on our website at http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program.

Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbibit, P.E., Branch Chief Engineering Services Branch Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration

16-08-1065P

102-I-A-C



Washington, D.C. 20472

# LETTER OF MAP REVISION DETERMINATION DOCUMENT (CONTINUED)

#### PUBLIC NOTIFICATION OF REVISION

A notice of changes will be published in the *Federal Register*. This information also will be published in your local newspaper on or about the dates listed below, and through FEMA's Flood Hazard Mapping website at <a href="https://www.floodmaps.fema.gov/fhm/bfe\_status/bfe\_main.asp">https://www.floodmaps.fema.gov/fhm/bfe\_status/bfe\_main.asp</a>.

LOCAL NEWSPAPER

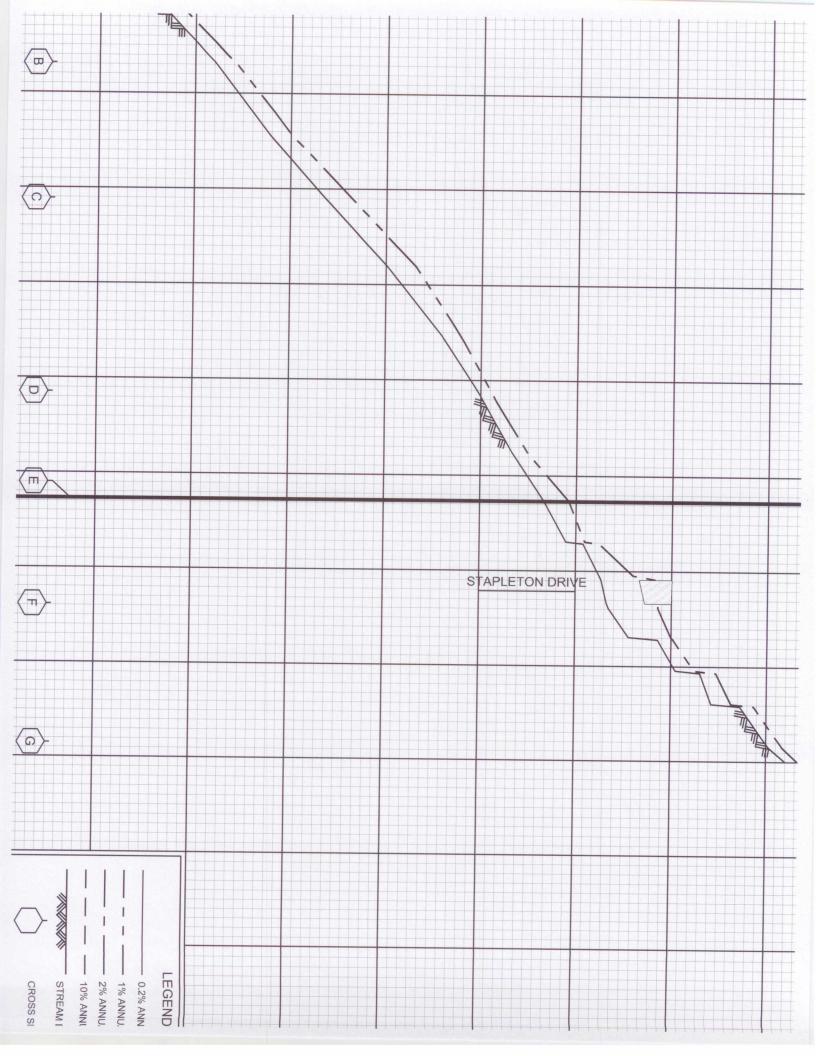
Name: The Colorado Springs Gazette

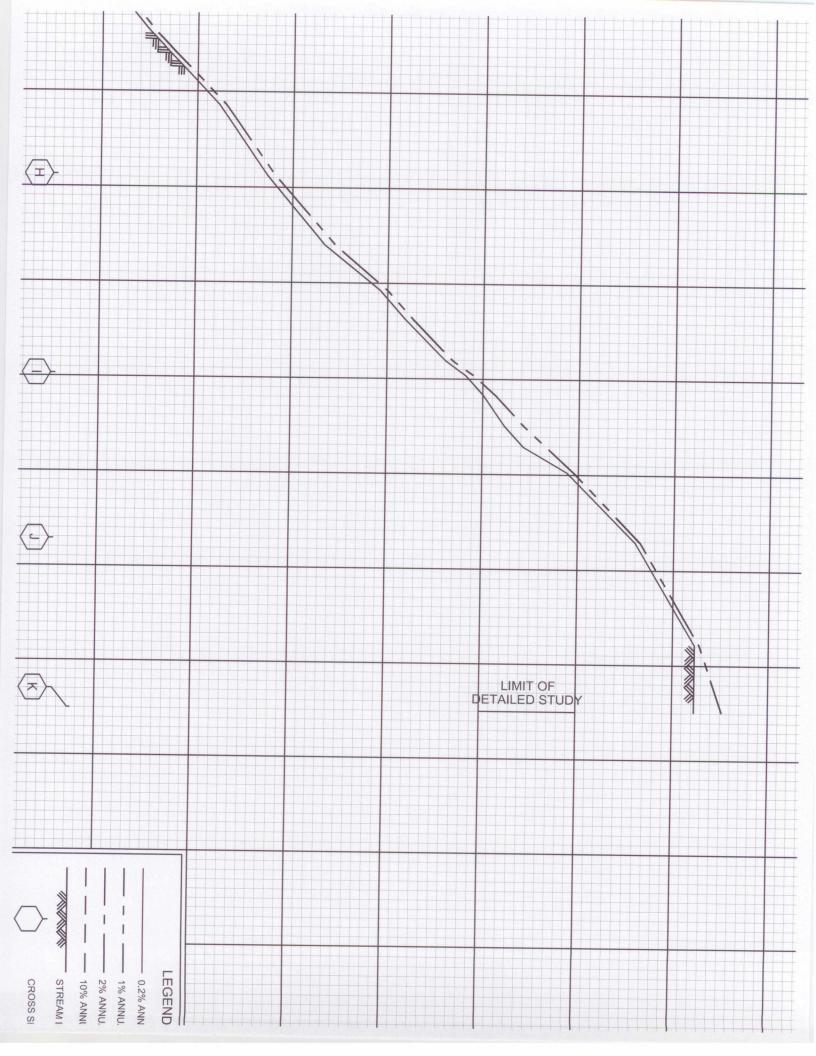
Dates: February 8, 2017 and February 15, 2017

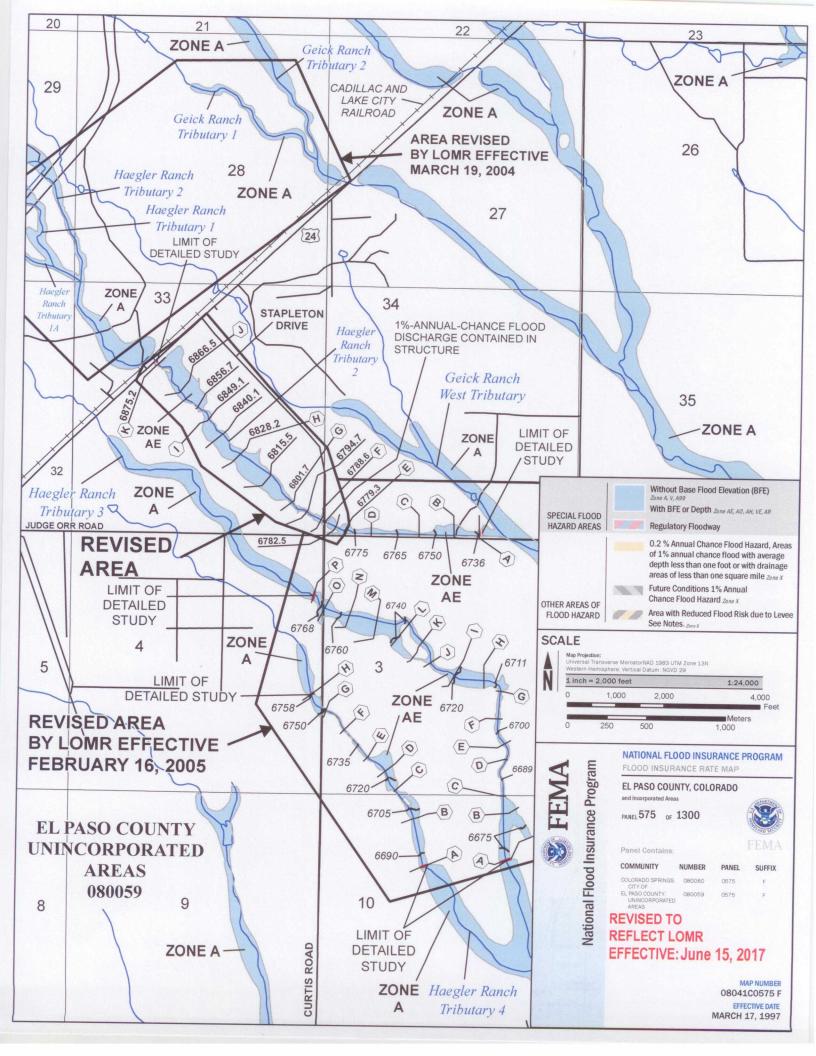
Within 90 days of the second publication in the local newspaper, any interested party may request that we reconsider this determination. Any request for reconsideration must be based on scientific or technical data. Therefore, this letter will be effective only after the 90-day appeal period has elapsed and we have resolved any appeals that we receive during this appeal period. Until this LOMR is effective, the revised flood hazard determination presented in this LOMR may be changed.

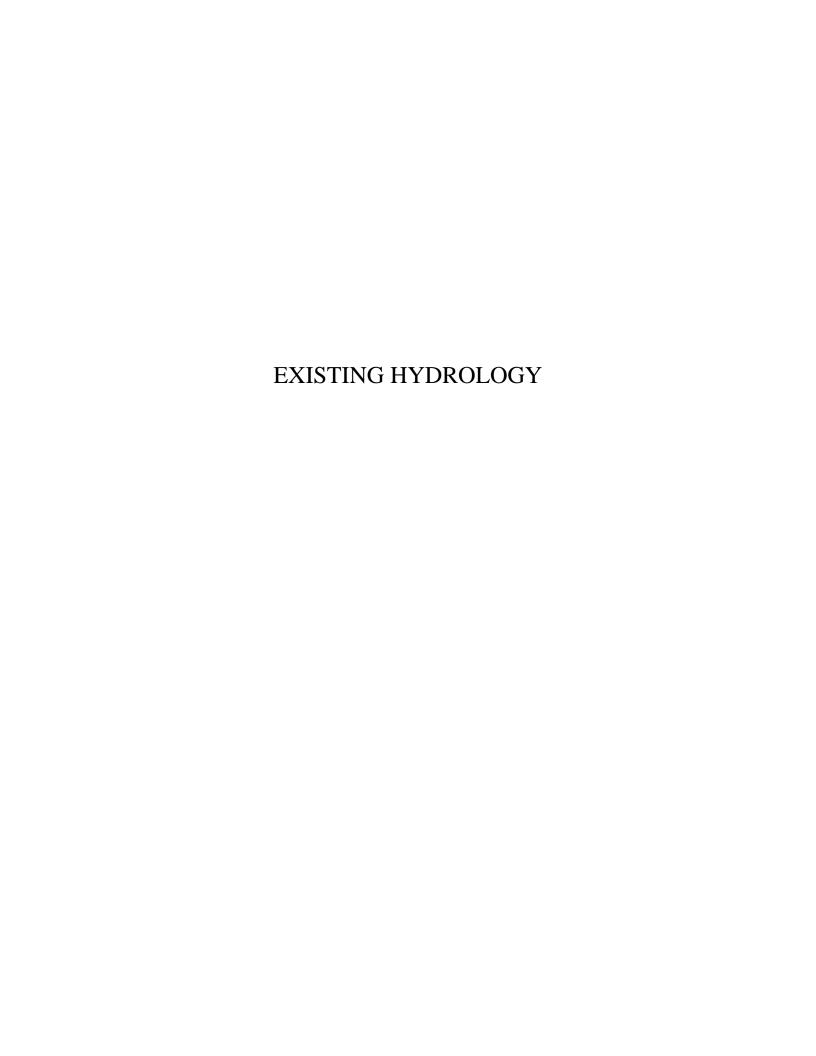
This determination is based on the flood data presently available. The enclosed documents provide additional information regarding this determination. If you have any questions about this document, please contact the FEMA Map Information eXchange toll free at 1-877-336-2627 (1-877-FEMA MAP) or by letter addressed to the LOMC Clearinghouse, 847 South Pickett Street, Alexandria, VA 22304-4605. Additional information about the NFIP is available on our website at http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program.

Patrick "Rick" F. Sacbibit, P.E., Branch Chief Engineering Services Branch Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration







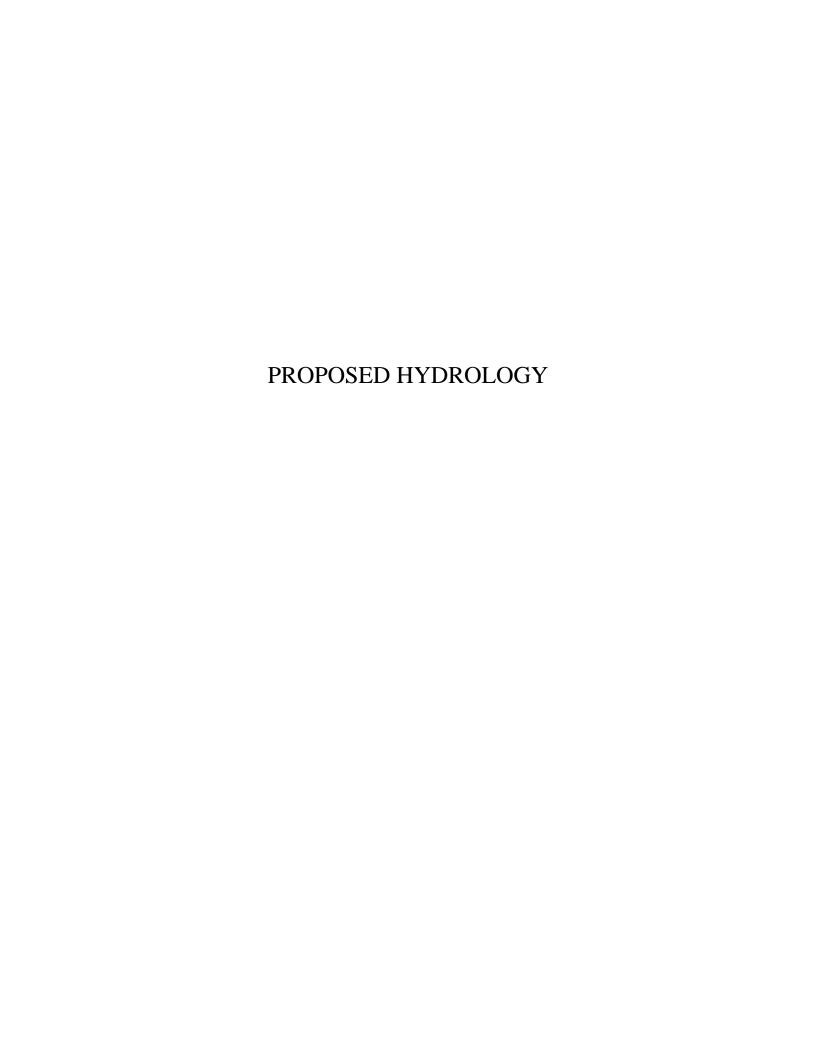


												CO	NVEY	ANCE	TC		TT			INTEN	SITY				T	OTAL	FLOW	S	$\neg$
BASIN	AREA TOTAL	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>10</sub>	C <sub>25</sub>	C <sub>50</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	Length	Height	TI	Length	Height	$\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{V}}$	Slope	Velocity	TC	TOTAL	$\mathbf{I}_2$	I <sub>5</sub>	I <sub>10</sub>	I <sub>25</sub>	I <sub>50</sub>	I <sub>100</sub>	$Q_2$	Q <sub>5</sub>	Q <sub>10</sub>	$Q_{25}$	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>
	(Acres)							(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(ft)		(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)
OS-A AGRICULTURE	2.22	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.26	0.31	0.36	200	5	20.2	788	16	5	2.0%	0.7	18.4	38.6	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.5	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.8
OS-B AGRICULTURE	8.00 7.90	<b>0.04</b> 0.03	0.09	<b>0.18</b> 0.17	<b>0.27</b> 0.26	<b>0.32</b> 0.31	<b>0.37</b> 0.36	200	6	18.8 DP-3	1278 663	24 7	5 15	1.9% 1.1%	0.7 1.5	31.1 7.2	49.9	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.9	0.5	1.4	2.9	4.9	6.6	8.5
ROADWAY  EX-A  AGRICULTURE	31.32	0.89	0.90 <b>0.09</b>	0.92 <b>0.17</b>	0.94 <b>0.26</b>	0.95 <b>0.31</b>	0.96	200	4	21.7	1058	5	5	0.5%	0.3	51.3	73.0	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	0.9	3.2	7.1	12.5	16.7	21.7
EX-B  ACRICULTURE  ROADWAY	9.31 8.91 0.40	0.07 0.03 0.89	0.12 0.09 0.90	0.20 0.17 0.92	0.29 0.26 0.94	0.34 0.31 0.95	0.39 0.36 0.96	200	4	21.0	922	19	5	2.1%	0.7	21.4	42.4	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.3	1.0	2.3	4.3	7.0	9.3	11.8

Calculated by:	DLM	
Date:	10/1/2017	

				WEIG	HTED			TT			INTEN	ISITY			TOTAL FLOWS							
DESIGN	AREA TOTAL	$C_2$	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>10</sub>	C <sub>25</sub>	C <sub>50</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	TOTAL	$\mathbf{I_2}$	I <sub>5</sub>	I <sub>10</sub>	$I_{25}$	I <sub>50</sub>	$I_{100}$	$\mathbf{Q}_2$	$Q_5$	$Q_{10}$	$Q_{25}$	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>		
POINT	(Acres)								(in/hr)		(in/hr)		(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)		
DP-1 BASIN OS-A	2.22	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.26	0.31	0.36	38.6	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.5	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.8		
DP-2 LOMR																				592.0		
DP-3 BASIN OS-B	<b>17.31</b> 8.00	<b>0.05</b> 0.04	<b>0.11</b> 0.10	<b>0.19</b> 0.18	<b>0.28</b> 0.27	<b>0.33</b> 0.32	<b>0.38</b> 0.37	57.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	1.2	3.0	5.9	9.8	12.9	16.6		
BASIN EX-B	9.31	0.07	0.12	0.20	0.29	0.34	0.39															

Date: 10/1/2017



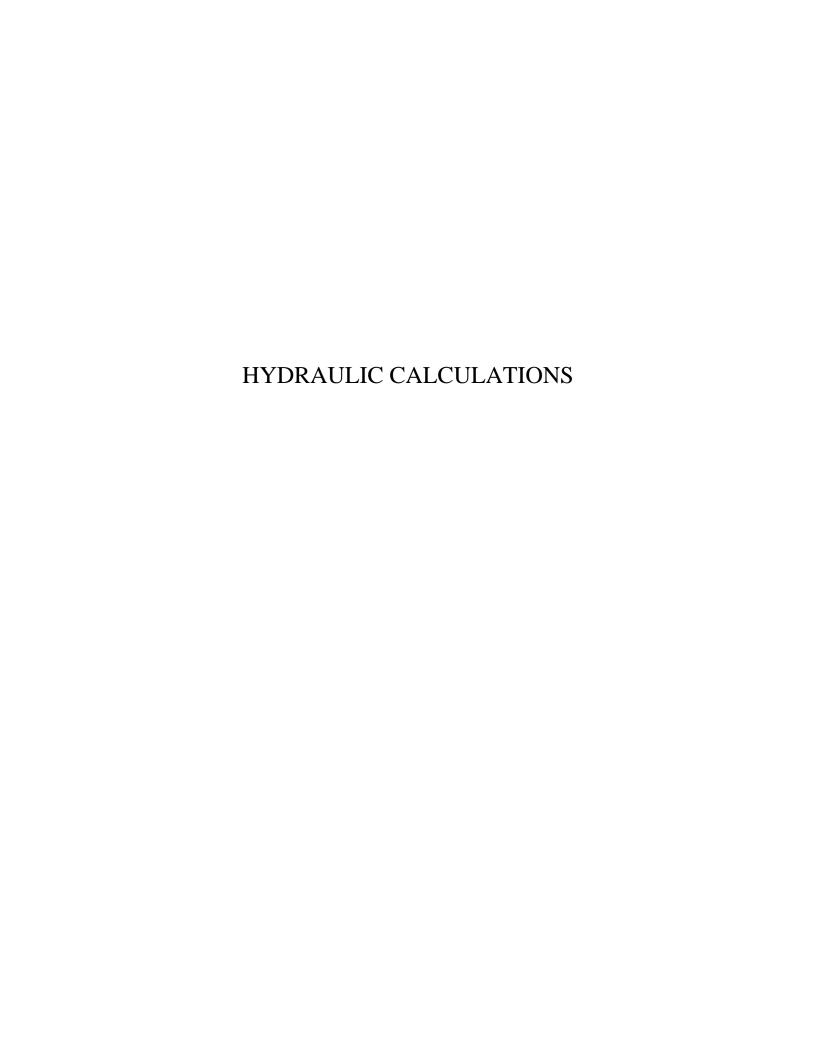
												CC	NVEY	ANCE	TC		TT			INTEN	SITY				Т	OTAL	FLOW	S	
BASIN	AREA TOTAL	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>10</sub>	C <sub>25</sub>	C <sub>50</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	Length	Height	TI	Length	Height	$\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{v}}$	Slope	Velocity	TC	TOTAL	$I_2$	$I_5$	I <sub>10</sub>	I <sub>25</sub>	I <sub>50</sub>	I <sub>100</sub>	$Q_2$	$Q_5$	$Q_{10}$	$Q_{25}$	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>
	(Acres)							(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(ft)		(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)
OS-A	2.22	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.26	0.31	0.36	200	5	20.2	788	16	5	2.0%	0.7	18.4	38.6	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.5	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.8
AGRICULTURE																													
OS-B	8.00	0.04	0.10	0.18	0.27	0.32	0.37	200	6	18.8	1278	24	5	1.9%	0.7	31.1	49.9	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.9	0.5	1.4	2.9	4.9	6.6	8.5
AGRICULTURE	7.90	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.26	0.31	0.36			DP-3	663	7	15	1.1%	1.5	7.2													
ROADWAY	0.10	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96																						
A-1	0.81	0.72	0.74	0.77	0.79	0.81	0.82	15	1	1.4	1088	9	10	0.8%	0.9	19.9	21.4	2.4	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.3
GRAVEL	0.43	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.70																						
ROADWAY	0.38	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96																						
A-2	30.33	0.06	0.12	0.20	0.28	0.33	0.38	100	2	15.0	1043	5	5	0.5%	0.3	50.2	65.2	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.2	1.9	4.8	9.2	15.2	20.0	25.6
ACRICULTURE	24.88	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.26	0.31	0.36																						
RESIDENTIAL	5.00	0.12	0.20	0.27	0.35	0.40	0.44																						
ROADWAY	0.45	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96																						
A-3	0.18	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.70	15	1	2.0	372	4	10	1.1%	1.0	6.0	8.0	3.6	4.5	5.2	6.0	6.7	7.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
GRAVEL																													
B-1	0.54	0.72	0.73	0.76	0.79	0.81	0.82	15	1	1.4	784	14	10	1.8%	1.3	9.8	11.2	3.2	4.0	4.6	5.3	5.9	6.6	1.2	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.6	2.9
GRAVEL	0.29	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.70																						
ROADWAY	0.25	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96																						
B-2	8.76	0.07	0.13	0.20	0.29	0.33	0.37	100	2	14.7	907	19	5	2.1%	0.7	20.9	35.6	1.8	2.2	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	1.1	2.6	4.6	7.4	9.7	12.2
ACRICULTURE	6.01	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.26	0.31	0.36																						
RESIDENTIAL	2.00	0.12	0.20	0.27	0.35	0.40	0.44																						
ROADWAY	0.25	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96																						

Calculated by: DLM
Date: 10/1/2017

				WEIG	HTED			TT			INTEN	SITY			TOTAL FLOWS							
DESIGN	AREA TOTAL	$\mathbf{C}_2$	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>10</sub>	C <sub>25</sub>	C <sub>50</sub>	C <sub>100</sub>	TOTAL	$\mathbf{I}_2$	I <sub>5</sub>	I <sub>10</sub>	I <sub>25</sub>	I <sub>50</sub>	I <sub>100</sub>	$Q_2$	$Q_5$	$Q_{10}$	$Q_{25}$	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>		
POINT	(Acres)							(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)		
DP-P1	2.22	0.08	0.14	0.22	0.31	0.37	0.42	38.6	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.5	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	2.6	3.3		
BASIN OS-A	2.22	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.26	0.31	0.36															
Basin A3	0.18	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.70															
DP-2 LOMR																				592.0		
DP-P3	17.30	0.08	0.14	0.21	0.29	0.34	0.39	57.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	1.7	3.6	6.4	10.3	13.4	17.0		
Basin B-2	8.76	0.07	0.13	0.20	0.29	0.33	0.37															
DP-P4	8.54	0.08	0.14	0.22	0.30	0.35	0.40															
DP-P4	8.54	0.08	0.14	0.22	0.30	0.35	0.40	49.9	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.9	1.0	2.1	3.7	5.9	7.7	9.7		
Bosin OS-B	8.00	0.04	0.10	0.18	0.27	0.32	0.37															
Basin B-1	0.54	0.72	0.73	0.76	0.79	0.81	0.82															

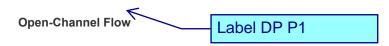
Calculated by:	DLM	

Date: 10/1/2017



#### **Other Calculators**

- Air Flow Conversion Calculator
- Atmospheric Calculator
- Block Wall Calculator
- Concrete Column Calculator
- Concrete Volume Calculator
- ➡ Energy Conversion Calculator
- Isentropic Flow Relations Calculator
- Laser Real Time Unit Converter
- Normal Flow Relations
  Calculator
- Oblique Flow Relations Calculator
- → Open-channel Flow Calculator
- Properties of Welds Treated as Lines Calculator
- ➡ Shaft Speed Calculator
- Torque Transmitted by Clutch Calculator
- → Back to ENGINEERING.com



This calculator uses Chézy and Manning's formula to calculate the wetted perimeter, hydraulic radius, flow area, Chézy coefficient and flow velocity.

For experimental values of Manning's n factor, click here

#### **Required Information**

Enter the Slope:

.02

Enter the Channel Top Width (ft):

Enter the Channel Bottom Width (ft):

[Enter the Channel Height (ft):

Enter the Flow Depth (ft):

.55

Enter the n value:

.025

#### Results

The wetted perimeter is 3.89840! ft The flow is 3.565962! ft<sup>3</sup>/s The flow area is 1.02850! ft<sup>2</sup> The flow is 1600.40388! gal/min

The C value is 47.73083

The hydraulic radius is 0.26382 ft

Calculate Reset

The velocity is 3.467148 ft/s

#### **Other Calculators**

- Air Flow Conversion Calculator
- Atmospheric Calculator
- Block Wall Calculator
- Concrete Column Calculator
- Concrete Volume Calculator
- Energy Conversion Calculator
- Isentropic Flow Relations Calculator
- Laser Real Time Unit Converter
- Normal Flow Relations
  Calculator
- Oblique Flow Relations
   Calculator
- → Open-channel Flow Calculator
- Properties of Welds Treated as Lines Calculator
- Shaft Speed Calculator
- Torque Transmitted by Clutch Calculator
- Water Pump Engineering
- → Back to ENGINEERING.com



This calculator uses Chézy and Manning's formula to calculate the wetted perimeter, hydraulic radius, flow area, Chézy coefficient and flow velocity.

For experimental values of Manning's n factor, click here

#### **Required Information**

Enter the Slope:

.033

Enter the Channel Top Width (ft):

Enter the Channel Bottom Width (ft):

6

Enter the Channel Height (ft):

Enter the n value:

.035

#### Results

The wetted perimeter is 6.24679 ft The flow is 17.21989 ft<sup>3</sup>/s

The flow area is 3.364 ft<sup>2</sup> The flow is 7728.28913 gal/min

The hydraulic radius is 0.53851 ft The velocity is 5.118875 ft/s

1.16

The C value is 38.39883!

Enter the Flow Depth (ft):

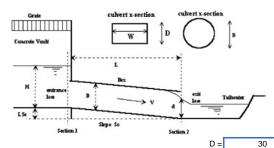
Calculate Reset

#### **CULVERT STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING (INLET vs. OUTLET CONTROL WITH TAILWATER EFFECTS)**

Project: JUDGE ORR RANCHETTES

Basin ID: DP-P4

Status:



#### **Design Information (Input):**

Circular Culvert: Barrel Diameter in Inches Inlet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

OR:

Box Culvert: Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet

Barrel Width (Span) in Feet

Inlet Edge Type (choose from pull-down list)

width (Span) =

Square Edge w/ 30-78 deg. Flared Wingwall

Height (Rise) =

Number of Barrels

Inlet Elevation at Culvert Invert

Outlet Elevation at Culvert Invert OR Slope of Culvert (ft v./ft h.)

Culvert Length in Feet Manning's Roughness Bend Loss Coefficient Exit Loss Coefficient

No =	1	
Inlet Elev =	6803	ft. elev
Outlet Elev =	6802.25	ft. elev
L =	75	ft.
n =	0.012	
$K_b = K_x =$	0	
K <sub>x</sub> =	1	

Grooved End Projection

inches

#### Design Information (calculated):

Entrance Loss Coefficient
Friction Loss Coefficient
Sum of All Loss Coefficients
Orifice Inlet Condition Coefficient
Minimum Energy Condition Coefficient

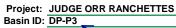
K <sub>e</sub> =	0.20
$K_f =$	0.59
$K_s =$	1.79
$C_d =$	0.95
E <sub>low</sub> =	-0.0373

Calculations of Culvert Capacity (output):

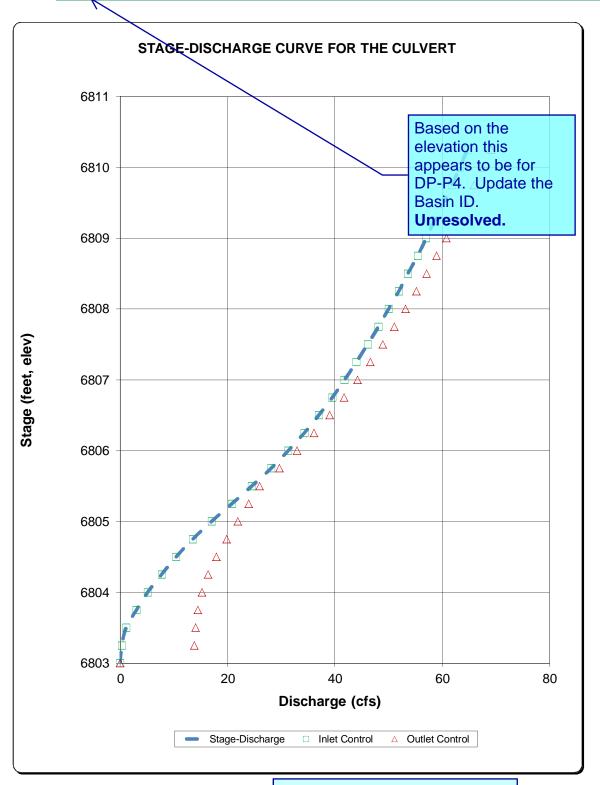
Water Surface	Tailwater	Culvert	Culvert	Controlling	Inlet	Flow
Elevation	Surface	Inlet-Control	Outlet-Control	Culvert	Equation	Control
	Elevation	Flowrate	Flowrate	Flowrate	Used:	Used
	ft	cfs	cfs	cfs		
(ft., linked)				(output)		
6803.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	No Flow (WS < inlet)	N/A
6803.25		0.30	13.82	0.30	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
6803.50		1.10	14.02	1.10	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
6803.75		3.00	14.49	3.00	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
6804.00		5.10	15.24	5.10	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
6804.25		7.70	16.40	7.70	Min. Energy. Eqn.	INLET
6804.50		10.40	17.95	10.40	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6804.75		13.50	19.84	13.50	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6805.00		17.00	21.91	17.00	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6805.25		20.80	23.95	20.80	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6805.50		24.50	25.95	24.50	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6805.75		28.10	29.68	28.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6806.00		31.30	32.97	31.30	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6806.25		34.30	36.10	34.30	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6806.50		37.00	39.01	37.00	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6806.75		39.50	41.70	39.50	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6807.00		41.80	44.24	41.80	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6807.25		44.00	46.61	44.00	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6807.50		46.10	48.90	46.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6807.75		48.10	51.06	48.10	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6808.00		50.00	53.14	50.00	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6808.25		51.90	55.17	51.90	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6808.50		53.60	57.10	53.60	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6808.75		55.40	58.97	55.40	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6809.00		57.00	60.79	57.00	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6809.25		58.60	62.54	58.60	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6809.50		60.20	64.25	60.20	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6809.75		61.80	65.92	61.80	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6810.00		63.30	67.54	63.30	Regression Eqn.	INLET
6810.25		64.70	69.14	64.70	Regression Eqn.	INLET

Processing Time:

00.79 Seconds







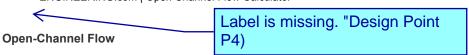
The outlet protection worksheet is missing.

Culvert Calculation for Design Point P3 is missing.

30-rcp, Culvert Rating 10/19/2017, 4:07 PM

#### **Other Calculators**

- Air Flow Conversion Calculator
- Atmospheric Calculator
- Block Wall Calculator
- Concrete Column Calculator
- Concrete Volume Calculator
- Energy Conversion Calculator
- Isentropic Flow Relations Calculator
- Laser Real Time Unit Converter
- Normal Flow Relations
  Calculator
- Oblique Flow Relations Calculator
- → Open-channel Flow Calculator
- Properties of Welds Treated as Lines Calculator
- ➡ Shaft Speed Calculator
- Torque Transmitted by Clutch Calculator
- Water Pump Engineering
- → Back to ENGINEERING.com



This calculator uses Chézy and Manning's formula to calculate the wetted perimeter, hydraulic radius, flow area, Chézy coefficient and flow velocity.

For experimental values of Manning's n factor, click here

#### Required Information

Enter the Slope:

.016

Enter the Channel Top Width (ft):

Enter the Channel Bottom Width (ft):

[Enter the Channel Height (ft):

Enter the Flow Depth (ft):

.025

#### Results

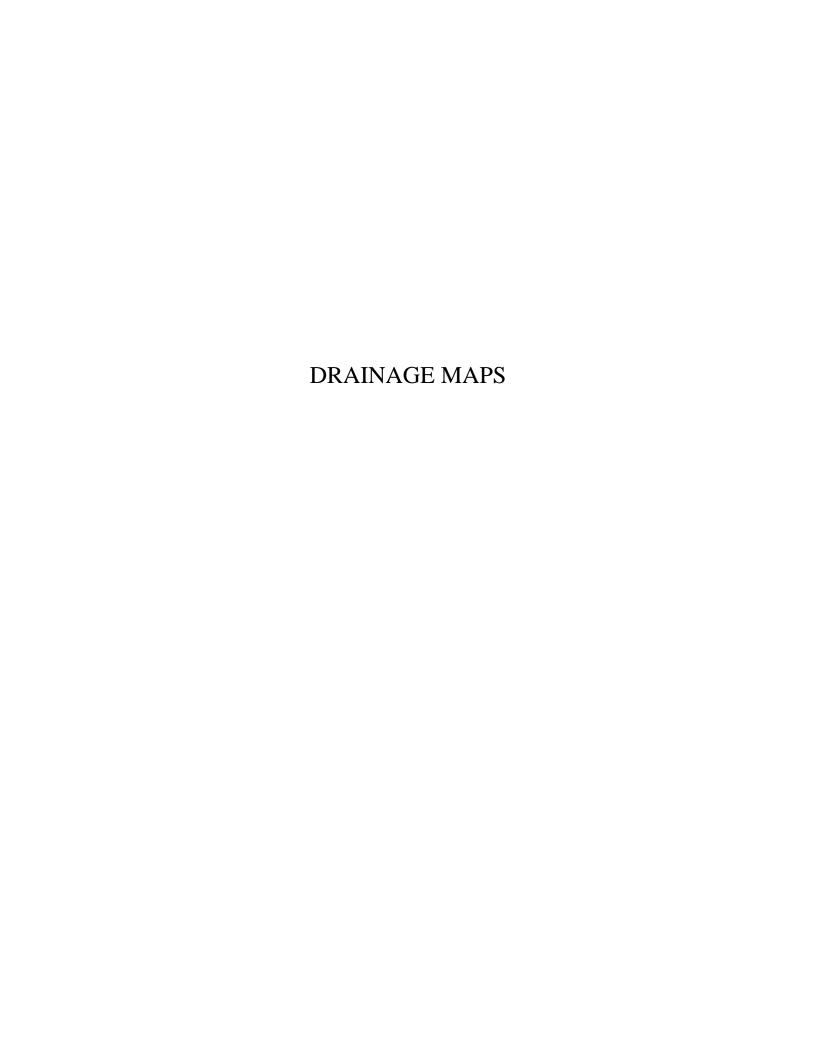
The wetted perimeter is 5.95393 ft The flow is 9.866565 ft<sup>3</sup>/s

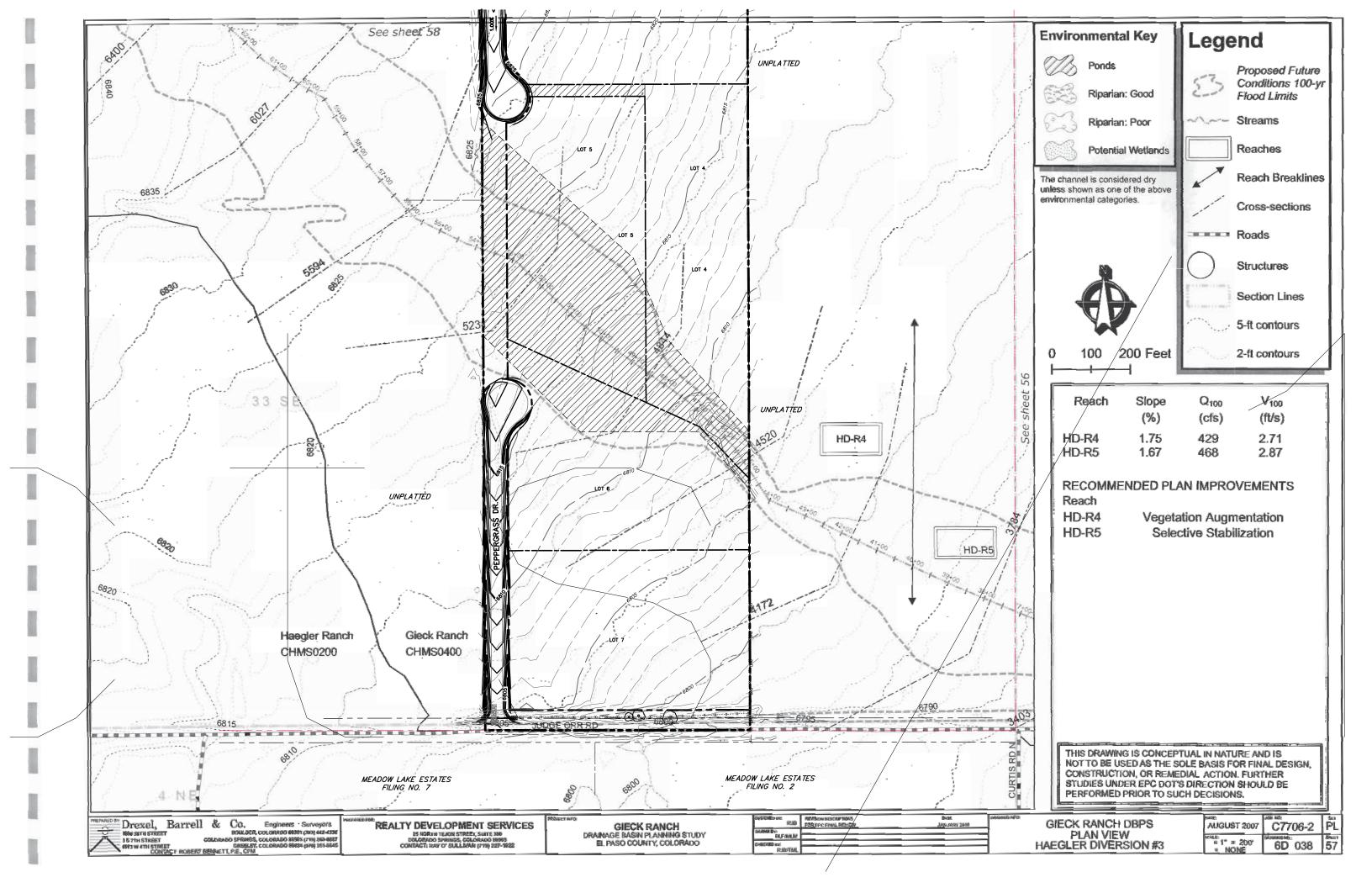
The flow area is 2.39904 ft<sup>2</sup> The flow is 4428.11454 gal/min

The hydraulic radius is 0.40293 ft The velocity is 4.112714 ft/s

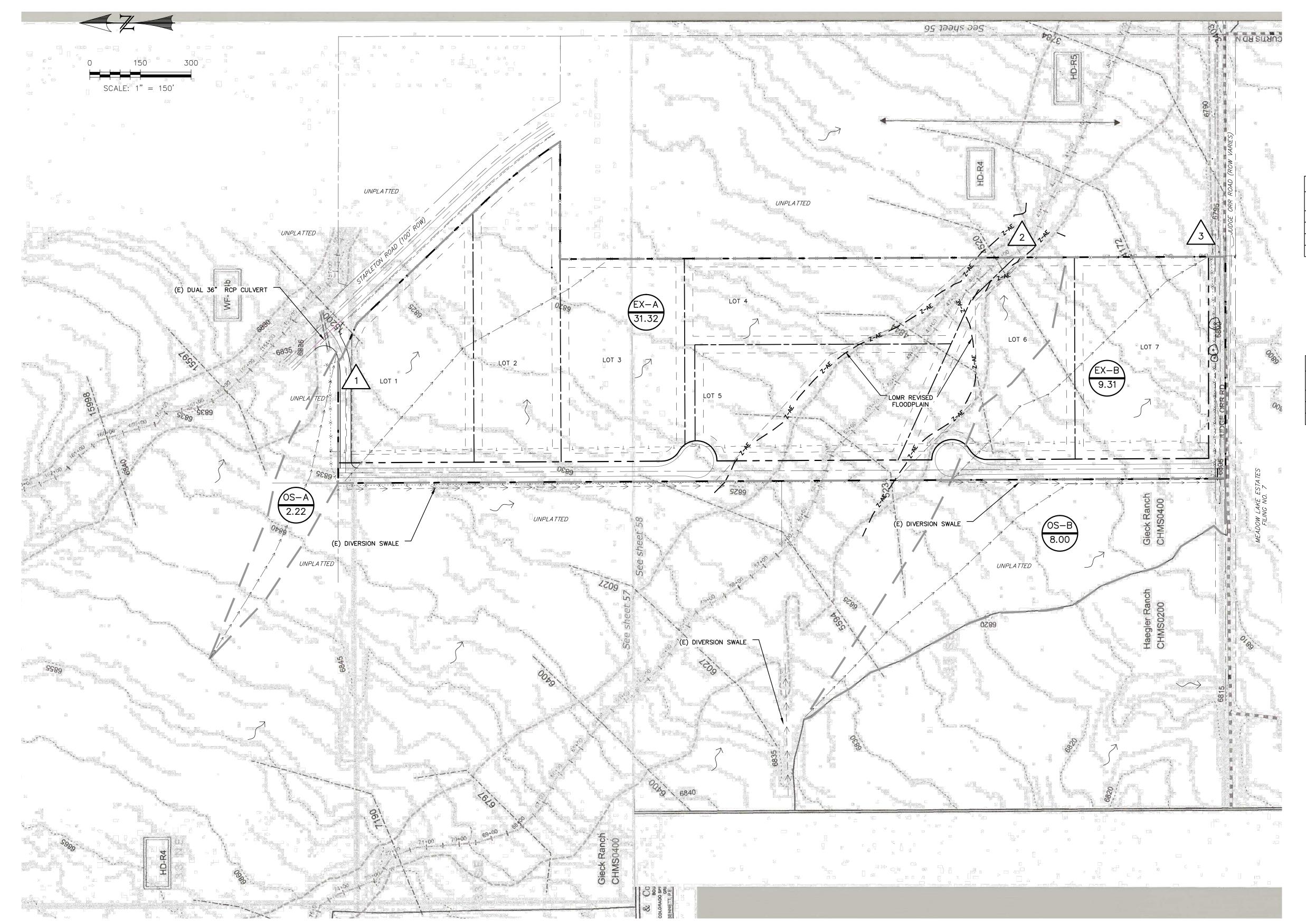
The C value is 51.221444

Calculate Reset





# JUDGE ORR RANCHETTES EXISTING DRAINAGE MAP



EXISTING DRAINAGE BASINS							
BASIN	AREA (ACRES)	Q2 (CFS)	Q5 (CFS)	Q10 (CFS)	Q25 (CFS)	Q50 (CFS)	Q100 (CFS)
OS-A	2.22	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.8
OS-B	8.00	0.5	1.4	2.9	4.9	6.6	8.5
EX-A	31.32	0.9	3.2	7.1	12.5	16.7	21.7
EX-B	9.31	1.0	2.3	4.3	7.0	9.3	11.8

EXISTING DESIGN POINTS						
DESIGN POINT	Q2 (CFS)	Q5 (CFS)	Q10 (CFS)	Q25 (CFS)	Q50 (CFS)	Q100 (CFS)
DP-1	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.8
DP-2						592.0
DP-3	1.2	3.0	5.9	9.8	12.9	16.6

DRAINAGE LEGEND

BASIN IDENTIFIER

BASIN AREA [AC]

DESIGN POINT IDENTIFIERS

3

DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

SURFACE SHEET FLOW DIRECTION

EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR (10')

EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR (2')

PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR (10')
PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR (2')

EXISTING
PROPOSED
FUTURE
SLOPE/DIRECTION
(E) STORM SEWER

(P) (F) 1.00%

SLOPE/DIRECTION

(E) STORM SEWER

(P) STORM SEWER

PREPARED FOR:

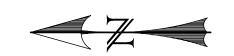
JOHN JENNINGS

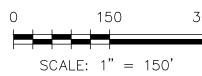
2030 TABOR CT.
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80919

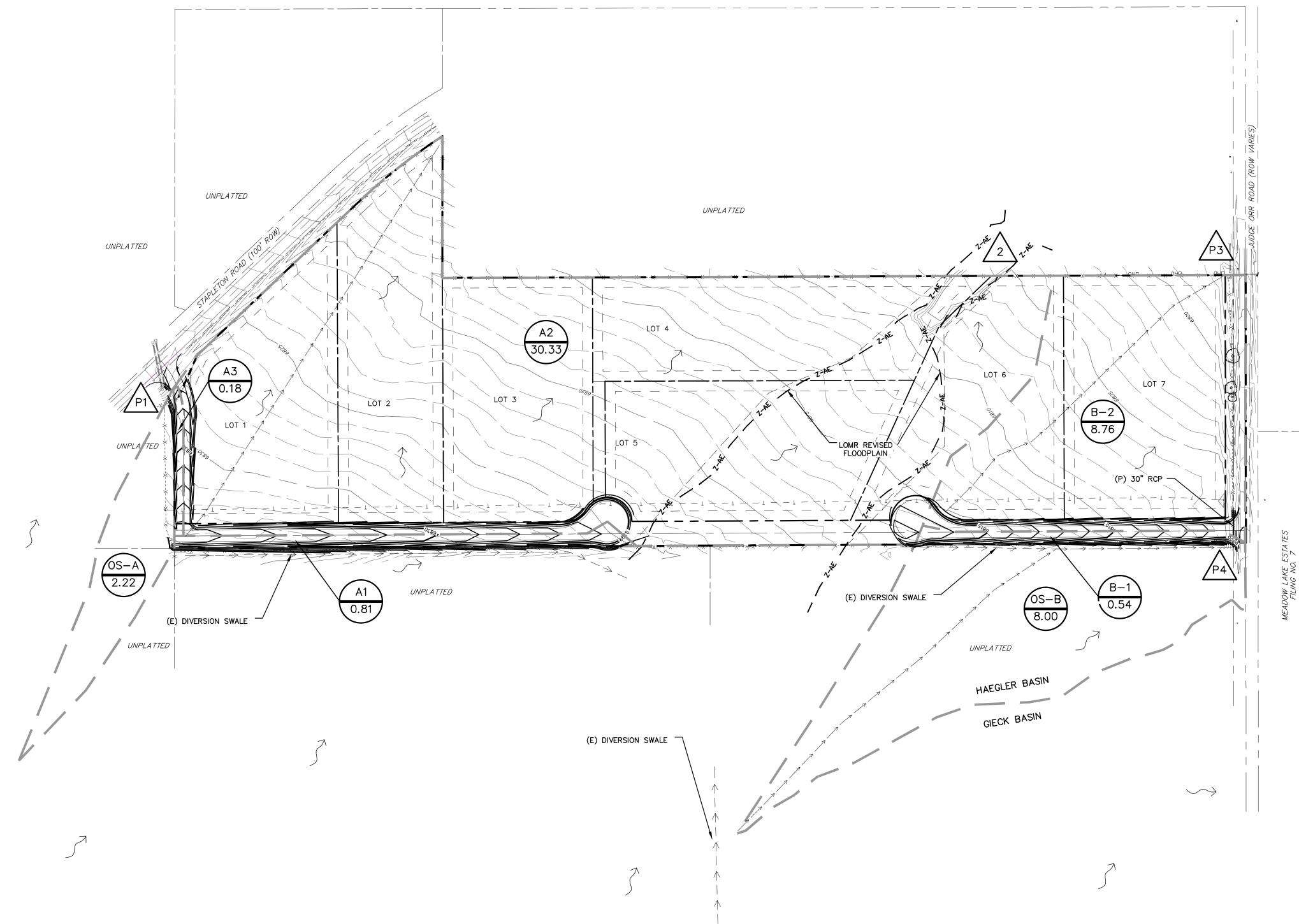


JUDGE ORR RANCHETTES		drawn by: DLM
	SCALE: 1"=150'	DATE: 10/01/17
	JOB NUMBER	SHEET
EXISTING DRAINAGE MAP	16-093	1 OF 1

# JUDGE ORR RANCHETTES PROPOSED DRAINAGE MAP







PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASINS							
BASIN	AREA (ACRES)	Q2 (CFS)	Q5 (CFS)	Q10 (CFS)	Q25 (CFS)	Q50 (CFS)	Q100 (CFS)
OS-A	2.22	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.6	2.2	2.8
OS-B	8.00	0.5	1.4	2.9	4.9	6.6	8.5
A-1	0.81	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.3
A-2	30.33	1.9	4.8	9.2	15.2	20.2	25.6
A-3	0.18	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
B-1	0.54	1.2	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.6	2.9
B-2	8.76	1.1	2.6	4.6	7.4	9.7	12.2

PROPOSED DESIGN POINTS						
DESIGN POINT	Q2 (CFS)	Q5 (CFS)	Q10 (CFS)	Q25 (CFS)	Q50 (CFS)	Q100 (CFS)
P1	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	2.6	3.3
2						592.0
P3	1.7	3.6	6.4	10.3	13.4	17.0
P4	1.0	2.1	3.7	5.9	7.7	9.7

# DRAINAGE LEGEND

BASIN IDENTIFIER
BASIN AREA [AC]

DESIGN POINT IDENTIFIERS

DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

SURFACE SHEET FLOW DIRECTION

EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR (10')

EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR (2')

PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR (2')

EXISTING
PROPOSED
FUTURE

SLOPE/DIRECTION
(E) STORM SEWER

PREPARED FOR:

JOHN JENNINGS

2030 TABOR CT.
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80919



JUDGE ORR RANCHETTES	DRAWN BY:
	SCALE: 1"=150' DATE: 10/01/17
	JOB NUMBER SHEET
PROPOSED DRAINAGE MAP	16-093 1 OF 1

(P) STORM SEWER

