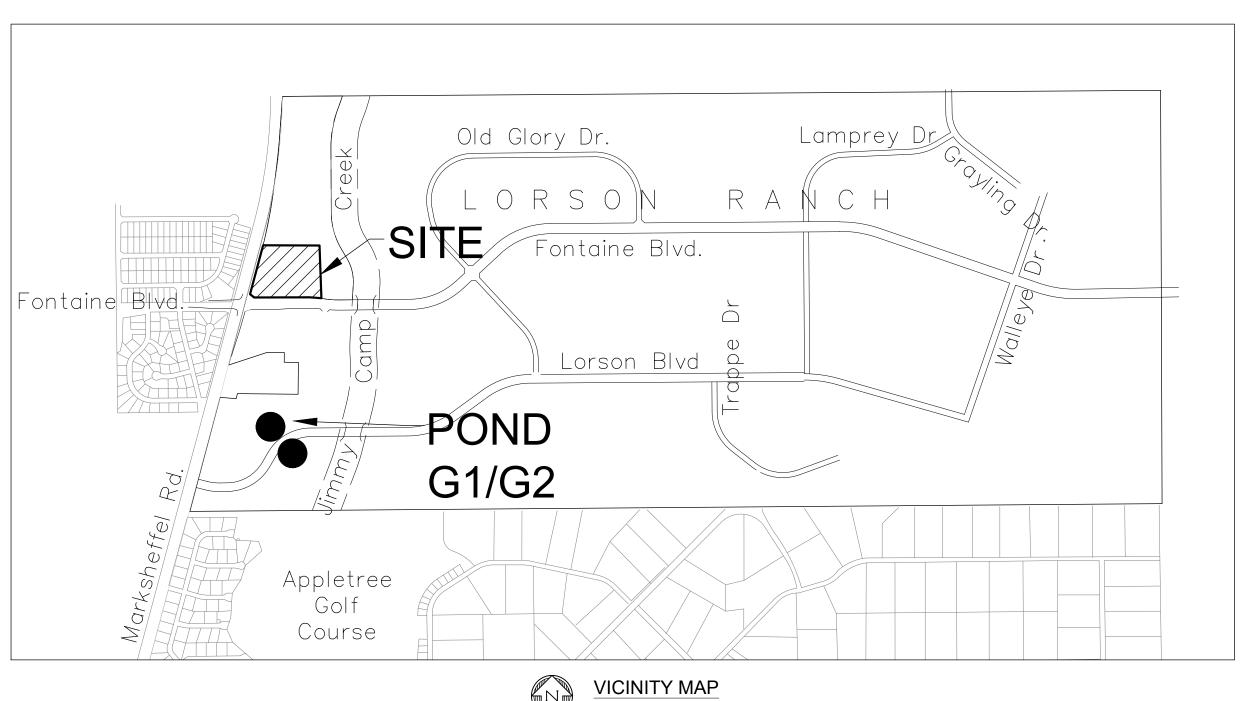
VILLAGE AT LORSON RANCH FIL. NO. 1

FINAL GRADING / EROSION CONTROL PLANS



LEGEND PROPOSED STORM SEWER

WATER / SANITARY WIDEFIELD WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT 8495 FONTAINE BLVD.

COMCAST P.O. BOX 173838 DENVER, CO 80217 970-641-4774

MOUNTAIN VIEW ELECTRIC 11140 E. WOODMEN RD. COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80831 719-495-2283

SECURITY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT 400 SECURITY BOULEVARD SECURITY, CO 80911 719-392-7121

PREPARED FOR: LORSON, LLC N. WAHSATCH AVE., SUITE 301 719-635-3200 CONTACT: JEFF MARK

PREPARED BY: 15004 1ST AVENUE S. 719-570-1100 CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER P.E.

TELEPHONE

COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80925

719-390-7111

CENTURYLINK 7925 INDUSTRY ROAD COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80939 719-278-4651

GAS BLACK HILLS ENGERGY 7060 ALLEGRE ST. FOUNTAIN, CO 80817 719-393-6639

EL PASO COUNTY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY

DEVELOPMENT 2880 INTERNATIONAL CIRCLE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80910 719-520-6300

BASIS OF BEARING

BEARINGS ARE BASED ON THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTH HALF OF SECTION 23, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN AS BEING SOUTH 89°41'52" WEST. THE EAST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 23 IS A FOUND 3-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP MONUMENT AND THE WEST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 23 IS A FOUND 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP MONUMENT

BENCHMARK

FIMS MONUMENT F204 LOCATED AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF FONTAINE BLVD AND COTTONWOOD GROVE DR. ELEVATION 5724.072 (N.G.V.D. 29)

TRAFFIC CONTROL NOTE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND MONITORING NECESSARY TO SAFELY COMPLETE THE WORK SHOWN IN THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS IN CONFORMANCE WITH M.U.T.C.D. GUIDELINES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLETE ALL NECESSARY WORK FOR PLAN REVIEW, PERMITS AND PROCESSING. TRAFFIC CONTROL WILL NOT BE PAID SEPARATELY BUT IS INCLUDED IN THE COST OF THE PROJECT.

Call before you dig.

EXCAVATE FOR THE MARKING OF UNDERGROUND MEMBER UTILITIES

SHEET INDEX				
SHEET NO.	SHEET DESCRIPTION			
CO.1	COVER SHEET			
C0.2	NOTES (GENERAL, GRADING, EROSION CONTROL)			
C0.3	TYPICAL SECTIONS			
C4.1	GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN			
C12.1 ~ C12.3	DETAILS			

DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT

I, THE OWNER/DEVELOPER HAVE READ AND WILL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.



EL PASO COUNTY

County plan review is provided only for general conformance with County Design Criteria. The County is not responsible for the accuracy and adequacy of the design, dimensions, and/ or elevations which shall be confirmed at the job site. The County through the approval of this document assumes no responsibility for completeness and / or accuracy of this document.

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, and Engineering Criteria Manual, as amended.

In accordance with ECM Section 1.12, these construction documents will be valid for construction for a period of 2 years from the date signed by the El Paso County Engineer. If construction has not started within those 2 years, the plans will need to be resubmitted for approval, including payment of review fees at the Planning and Community Development Director's discretion.

11/13/2024

DATE

JOSHUA PALMER, P.E., COUNTY ENGINEER/ECM ADMINISTRATOR CONDITIONS:

ENGINEER'S APPROVAL

THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. SAID PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTY FOR GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS. I ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LIABILITY CAUSED BY NEGLIGENT ACTS, ERRORS, OR OMISSIONS ON MY PART IN PREPARING THIS PLAN

RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E. # 33997 FOR AND ON BEHALF OF CORE ENGINEERING GROUP



AUG 12, 2024

PROJECT NO. 100.070 SHEET NUMBER

C0.1 TOTAL SHEETS:

CORE ENGINEERING GROUP

DESIGNED: RLS CHECKED: RLS:

> AN Д GRADING SHE FINAL

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. ALL WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH THE CODES AND POLICIES FOR EL PASO COUNTY.
- 2. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS GRADING PLAN WAS OBTAINED FROM AERIAL CONTOURS AND PREVIOUS CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO EXAMINE THE SITE AND BE FAMILIAR WITH THE EXISTING CONDITIONS.
- 3. DEPTH OF MOISTURE—DENSITY CONTROL FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: BASE OF ALL CUTS AND FILLS — 12 INCHES, FULL DEPTH OF ALL EMBANKMENTS
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF ALL SURVEY MONUMENTS DISTURBED WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL WORK AREAS AND FACILITIES FROM FLOODING AT ALL TIMES. AREAS AND FACILITIES SUBJECTED TO FLOODING, REGARDLESS OF THE SOURCE OF WATER, SHALL BE PROMPTLY DEWATERED AND RESTORED.
- 6. PRIOR TO PAVING OPERATIONS, THE ENTIRE SUBGRADE SHALL BE PROOF—ROLLED WITH A LOADED 988 FRONT—END LOADER OR SIMILAR HEAVY RUBBER TIRED VEHICLE (GVW OF 50,000 POUNDS WITH 18 KIP PER AXLE AT TIRE PRESSURES OF 90 PSI) TO DETECT ANY SOFT OR LOOSE AREAS. IN AREAS WHERE SOFT OR LOOSE SOILS, PUMPING OR EXCESSIVE MOVEMENT IS OBSERVED, THE EXPOSED MATERIALS SHALL BE OVER—EXCAVATED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF TWO FEET BELOW PROPOSED FINAL GRADE OR TO A DEPTH AT WHICH SOILS ARE STABLE. AFTER THIS HAS BEEN COMPLETED, THE EXPOSED MATERIALS SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A DEPTH OF 12 INCHES AND MOISTURE CONDITIONED. THE SUBGRADE SHALL THEN BE UNIFORMLY COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% OF STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY (ASTMM D—698) AT 0 TO +4.0% OF OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT FOR A—6 AND A—7—6 SOILS ENCOUNTERED. OTHER SUBGRADE TYPES SHALL BE UNIFORMLY COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% OF MODIFIED PROCTOR DENSITY (ASTM D—1557) AT PLUS OR MINUS 2.0% OF OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT. AREAS WHERE STABLE NATURAL SOILS ARE ENCOUNTERED AT PROPOSED SUBGRADE ELEVATION SHALL ALSO BE SCARIFIED (18 INCHES FOR A—7—6 SOILS BELOW FULL—DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE) AND COMPACTED AS OUTLINED ABOVE PRIOR TO PAVING OPERATIONS. SUBGRADE FILL SHALL BE PLACED IN SIX—INCH LIFTS AND UNIFORMLY COMPACTED, MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS AS PREVIOUSLY DESCRIBED.
- 7. SUBGRADE MATERIALS DEEMED UNSUITABLE BY THE ENGINEER SHALL BE EXCAVATED, DISPOSED OF AND REPLACED WITH APPROVED MATERIALS.
- 8. FILL SHALL BE PLACED IN 8-INCH MAXIMUM LOOSE LIFTS AND SHALL BE COMPACTED PRIOR TO SUCCESSIVE LIFTS.
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PREVENTING AND CONTROLLING EROSION DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AT ALL TIMES DURING GRADING AND CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES:
 - HAY BALE BARRIERS WHERE NEEDED AND/OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - SILT FENCE WHERE NEEDED AND/OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION BASINS WHERE NEEDED AND/OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - MULCHING AND SEEDING OF EXCESSIVE SLOPED AREAS AS NEEDED OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - TEMPORARY VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL AS NEEDED AND/OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - CONCRETE WASH AREAS.INLET PROTECTION.

THESE AND ALL EROSION CONTROL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS SHOWN IN THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS SHALL BE STRICTLY ADHERED TO.

- 10. FINISHED CONTOURS/SPOT ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON REPRESENT FINISHED GRADES. ALL PAVEMENT SUBGRADES ARE BASED ON THE COMPOSITE ASPHALT PAVEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS MADE IN THE "GEOTECHNICAL STUDY" FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 11. ALL GRADING SHALL CONFORM TO THE GEOTECHICAL RECOMMENDATIONS PREPARED BY RMG, "PRELIMINARY SOILS AND GEOLOGY FOR VILLAGE AT LORSON RANCH", DATED APRIL, 2024.

12. THERE MAY BE SOME TOPSOIL WITHIN LORSON RANCH EAST THAT IS NOT SUITABLE FOR RE-USE. CONTRACTOR SHALL AMEND THE TOPSOIL AS NECESSARY AND RE-SPREAD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS. IF TOPSOIL CANNOT BE AMENDED IT SHALL BE USED AS FILL WHERE NO FUTURE STRUCTURES OR ROADS WILL BE BUILT.

EL PASO COUNTY STANDARD CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- 1. ALL DRAINAGE AND ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS/EL PASO COUNTY DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, VOLUMES 1 AND 2, AND THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE NOTIFICATION AND FIELD NOTIFICATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, WHETHER SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR NOT, BEFORE BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CALL 811 TO CONTACT THE UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO (UNCC).
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP A COPY OF THESE APPROVED PLANS, THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), THE SOILS AND GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, AND THE APPROPRIATE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AT THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIMES, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:
- a. EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL (ECM)
- b. CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS/EL PASO COUNTY DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, VOLUMES 1 AND 2 c. COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION
- d. CDOT M & S STANDARDS
- 4. NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING DEPICTED IN THESE PLANS IN WORDS OR GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION, ALL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO ROADS, STORM DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE RELEVANT ADOPTED EL PASO COUNTY STANDARDS, INCLUDING THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, THE ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL, THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, AND THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME 2. ANY DEVIATIONS FROM REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS MUST BE REQUESTED, AND APPROVED, IN WRITING. ANY MODIFICATIONS NECESSARY TO MEET CRITERIA AFTER—THE—FACT WILL BE ENTIRELY THE DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO RECTIFY.
- 5. IT IS THE DESIGN ENGINEER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ACCURATELY SHOW EXISTING CONDITIONS, BOTH ONSITE AND OFFSITE, ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. ANY MODIFICATIONS NECESSARY DUE TO CONFLICTS, OMISSIONS, OR CHANGED CONDITIONS WILL BE ENTIRELY THE DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO RECTIFY.
- 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH EL PASO COUNTY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT (PCD) INSPECTIONS, PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION.
- 7. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO UNDERSTAND THE REQUIREMENTS OF ALL JURISDICTIONAL AGENCIES AND TO OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO EL PASO COUNTY EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PERMIT (ESQCP), REGIONAL BUILDING FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS—ISSUED 401 AND/OR 404 PERMITS, AND COUNTY AND STATE FUGITIVE DUST PERMITS.
- 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DEVIATE FROM THE PLANS WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND DSD. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DESIGN ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERY OF ANY ERRORS OR INCONSISTENCIES.
- 9. ALL STORM DRAIN PIPE SHALL BE CLASS III RCP UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED AND APPROVED BY PCD.
- 10. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE GEOTECHNICAL TESTING PER ECM STANDARDS. PAVEMENT DESIGN SHALL BE APPROVED BY EL PASO COUNTY PCD PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF CURB AND GUTTER AND PAVEMENT.
- 11. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER/EXIT THE SITE AT APPROVED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS.
- 12. SIGHT VISIBILITY TRIANGLES AS IDENTIFIED IN THE PLANS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL INTERSECTIONS.
 OBSTRUCTIONS GREATER THAN 18 INCHES ABOVE FLOWLINE ARE NOT ALLOWED WITHIN SIGHT TRIANGLES.
- 13. SIGNING AND STRIPING SHALL COMPLY WITH EL PASO COUNTY PUBLIC WORK DEPARTMENT AND MUTCD CRITERIA.
- 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ANY PERMITS REQUIRED BY EL PASO COUNTY PWD, INCLUDING WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT—OF—WAY AND SPECIAL TRANSPORT PERMITS.
- 15. THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL REMAIN WITHIN THE PROPERTY LINE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. THE OWNER/DEVELOPER SHALL OBTAIN WRITTEN PERMISSION AND EASEMENTS, WHERE REQUIRED, FROM ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNER(S) PRIOR TO ANY OFF—SITE DISTURBANCE, GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION.

ADDITIONAL SWMP PLAN CONTRACTOR NOTES.

- 1. CONTRACTOR MUST ADD THEIR CONTACT INFORMATION TO THE SWMP PLANS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION
- 2. IF THE GRADING IS TO BE PHASED THE CONTRACTOR MUST PROVIDE PHASING MAPS FOR INSERTION INTO THE SWMP PLANS.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR MUST PROVIDE THE CLIENT THE LOCATION OF ANY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF POLUTIONS SUCH AS FUELING AREAS, ETC TO BE INSERTED INTO THE SWMP PLANS.
- 4. THE ON-SITE SWMP PLAN SHALL BE LOCATED AT THE SE CORNER OF FONTAINE BLVD AND MARKSHEFFEL ROAD UNLESS OTHERWISE DOCUMENTED.
- 5. EXISTING VEGETATION WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION CONSISTS OF NATIVE GRASSES AND WEEDS. GROUND COVER IS ESTIMATED AT 70% DENSITY AND SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

STANDARD NOTES FOR EL PASO COUNTY GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS

- 1. Stormwater discharges from construction sites shall not cause or threaten to cause pollution, contamination, or degradation of State Waters. All work and earth disturbance shall be done in a manner that minimizes pollution of any on—site or off—site waters, including wetlands.
- 2. Notwithstanding anything depicted in these plans in words or graphic representation, all design and construction related to roads, storm drainage and erosion control shall conform to the standards and requirements of the most recent version of the relevant adopted El Paso County standards, including the Land Development Code, the Engineering Criteria Manual, the Drainage Criteria Manual, and the Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 2. Any deviations from regulations and standards must be requested, and approved, in writing.
- 3. A separate Stormwater Management Plan (SMWP) for this project shall be completed and an Erosion and Stormwater Quality Control Permit (ESQCP) issued prior to commencing construction. Management of the SWMP during construction is the responsibility of the designated Qualified Stormwater Manager or Certified Erosion Control Inspector. The SWMP shall be located on site at all times during construction and shall be kept up to date with work progress and changes in the field.
- 4. Once the ESQCP is approved and a "Notice to Proceed" has been issued, the contractor may install the initial stage erosion and sediment control measures as indicated on the approved GEC. A Preconstruction Meeting between the contractor, engineer, and El Paso County will be held prior to any construction. It is the responsibility of the applicant to coordinate the meeting time and place with County staff.
- 5. Control measures must be installed prior to commencement of activities that could contribute pollutants to stormwater. control measures for all slopes, channels, ditches, and disturbed land areas shall be installed immediately upon completion of the disturbance
- 6. All temporary sediment and erosion control measures shall be maintained and remain in effective operating condition until permanent soil erosion control measures are implemented and final stabilization is established. All persons engaged in land disturbance activities shall assess the adequacy of control measures at the site and identify if changes to those control measures are needed to ensure the continued effective performance of the control measures. All changes to temporary sediment and erosion control measures must be incorporated into the Stormwater Management Plan.
- 7. Temporary stabilization shall be implemented on disturbed areas and stockpiles where ground disturbing construction activity has permanently ceased or temporarily ceased for longer than 14 days.
- 8. Final stabilization must be implemented at all applicable construction sites. Final stabilization is achieved when all ground disturbing activities are complete and all disturbed areas either have a uniform vegetative cover with individual plant density of 70 percent of pre—disturbance levels established or equivalent permanent alternative stabilization method is implemented. All temporary sediment and erosion control measures shall be removed upon final stabilization and before permit closure.
- 9. All permanent stormwater management facilities shall be installed as designed in the approved plans. Any proposed changes that effect the design or function of permanent stormwater management structures must be approved by the ECM Administrator prior to implementation.
- 10. Earth disturbances shall be conducted in such a manner so as to effectively minimize accelerated soil erosion and resulting sedimentation. All disturbances shall be designed, constructed, and completed so that the exposed area of any disturbed land shall be limited to the shortest practical period of time. Pre—existing vegetation shall be protected and maintained within 50 horizontal feet of a waters of the state unless shown to be infeasible and specifically requested and approved.
- 11. Compaction of soil must be prevented in areas designated for infiltration control measures or where final stabilization will be achieved by vegetative cover. Areas designated for infiltration control measures shall also be protected from sedimentation during construction until final stabilization is achieved. If compaction prevention is not feasible due to site constraints, all areas designated for infiltration and vegetation control measures must be loosened prior to installation of the control measure(s).
- 12. Any temporary or permanent facility designed and constructed for the conveyance of stormwater around, through, or from the earth disturbance area shall be a stabilized conveyance designed to minimize erosion and the discharge of sediment off site.
- 13. Concrete wash water shall be contained and disposed of in accordance with the SWMP. No wash water shall be discharged to or allowed to enter State Waters, including any surface or subsurface storm drainage system or facilities. Concrete washouts shall not be located in an area where shallow groundwater may be present, or within 50 feet of a surface water body, creek or stream.
- 14. During dewatering operations of uncontaminated ground water may be discharged on site, but shall not leave the
- site in the form of surface runoff unless an approved State dewatering permit is in place.

 15. Erosion control blanketing or other protective covering shall be used on slopes steeper than 3:1.
- 16. Contractor shall be responsible for the removal of all wastes from the construction site for disposal in accordance with local and State regulatory requirements. No construction debris, tree slash, building material wastes or unused building materials shall be buried, dumped, or discharged at the site.
- 17. Waste materials shall not be temporarily placed or stored in the street, alley, or other public way, unless in accordance with an approved Traffic Control Plan. control measures may be required by El Paso County Engineering if deemed necessary, based on specific conditions and circumstances.
- 18. Tracking of soils and construction debris off—site shall be minimized. Materials tracked off—site shall be cleaned up and properly disposed of immediately.

 19. The owner/developer shall be responsible for the removal of all construction debris, dirt, trash, rock, sediment,
- soil, and sand that may accumulate in roads, storm drains and other drainage conveyance systems and stormwater appurtenances as a result of site development.
- 20. The quantity of materials stored on the project site shall be limited, as much as practical, to that quantity required to perform the work in an orderly sequence. All materials stored on—site shall be stored in a neat, orderly manner, in their original containers, with original manufacturer's labels.
- 21. No chemical(s) having the potential to be released in stormwater are to be stored or used onsite unless permission for the use of such chemical(s) is granted in writing by the ECM Administrator. In granting approval for the use of such chemical(s), special conditions and monitoring may be required.
- 22. Bulk storage of allowed petroleum products or other allowed liquid chemicals in excess of 55 gallons shall require adequate secondary containment protection to contain all spills onsite and to prevent any spilled materials from entering State Waters, any surface or subsurface storm drainage system or other facilities.
- 23. No person shall cause the impediment of stormwater flow in the curb and gutter or ditch except with approved sediment control measures.
- 24. Owner/developer and their agents shall comply with the "Colorado Water Quality Control Act" (Title 25, Article 8, CRS), and the "Clean Water Act" (33 USC 1344), in addition to the requirements of the Land Development Code, DCM Volume II and the ECM Appendix I. All appropriate permits must be obtained by the contractor prior to construction (1041, NPDES, Floodplain, 404, fugitive dust, etc.). In the event of conflicts between these requirements and other laws, rules, or regulations of other Federal, State, local, or County agencies, the most restrictive laws, rules, or regulations shall apply.
- 25. All construction traffic must enter/exit the site only at approved construction access points.
- 26. Prior to construction the permittee shall verify the location of existing utilities.
- 27. A water source shall be available on site during earthwork operations and shall be utilized as required to minimize dust from earthwork equipment and wind.
- 28. The soils report for this site has been prepared by RMG and shall be considered a part of these plans. See Note 11 of Construction notes for report name and date.
- 29. At least ten (10) days prior to the anticipated start of construction, for projects that will disturb one (1) acre or more, the owner or operator of construction activity shall submit a permit application for stormwater discharge to the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Water Quality Division. The application contains certification of completion of a stormwater management plan (SWMP), of which this Grading and Erosion Control Plan may be a part. For information or application materials contact:

Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Water Quality Control Division
WQCD — Permits
4300 Cherry Creek Drive South
Denver, CO 80246—1530
Attn: Permits Unit

| NO. | DESCRIPTION | DESCRIPTION | DATE | H### | H### | CORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO SP

D'N

OVERLOT
TE GRADING
NOTES

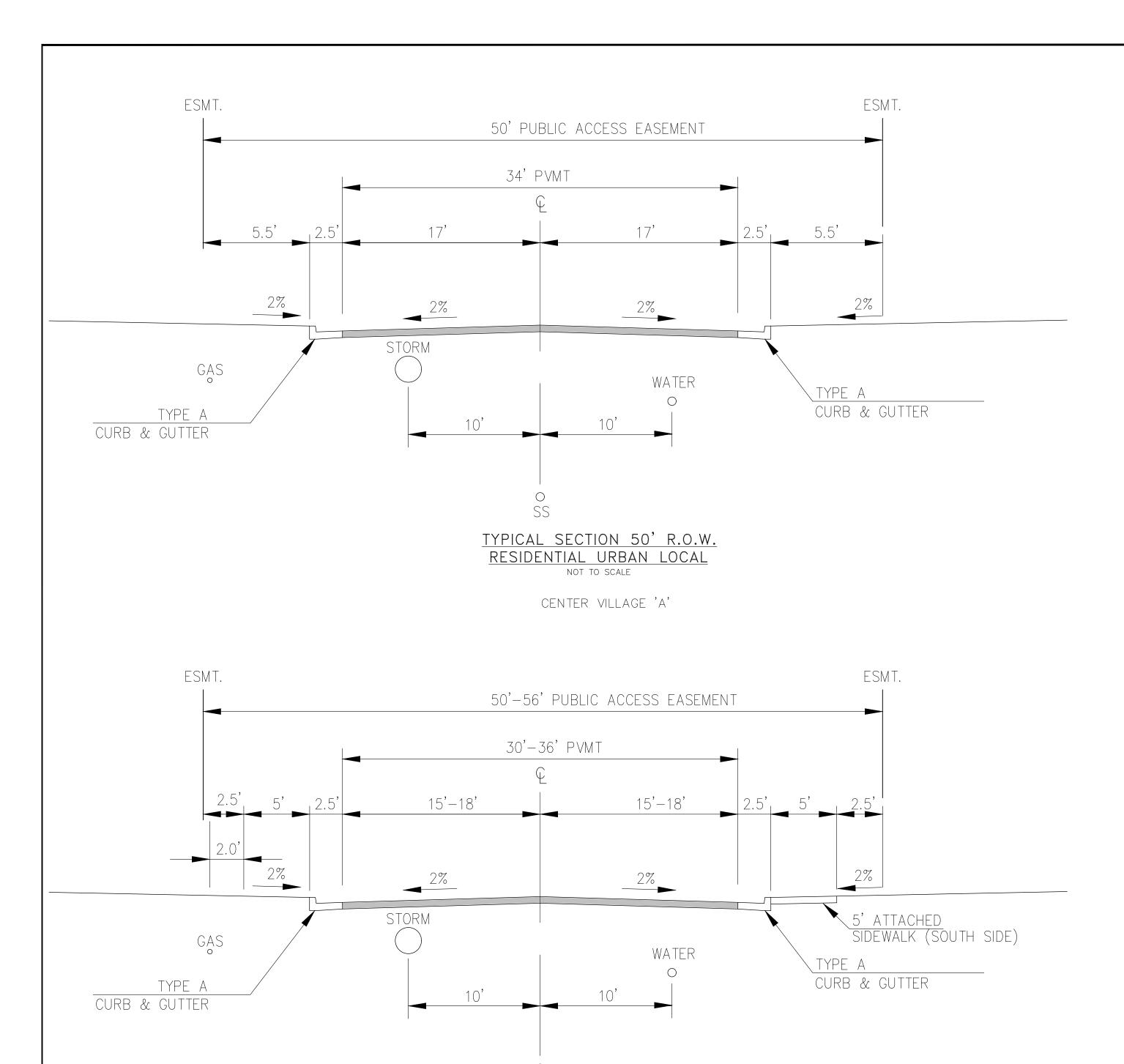
CHECKED: RLS:



DATE: AUG 12, 2024

100.070
SHEET NUMBER
C0.2

PROJECT NO.



TYPICAL SECTION 50' R.O.W.

RESIDENTIAL URBAN LOCAL

NOT TO SCALE

CENTER VILLAGE 'B'

OVERLOT SITE GRADING TYPICAL ROADWAY SECTIONS

DRAWN: BRN: DESIGNED: RLS CHECKED: RLS:

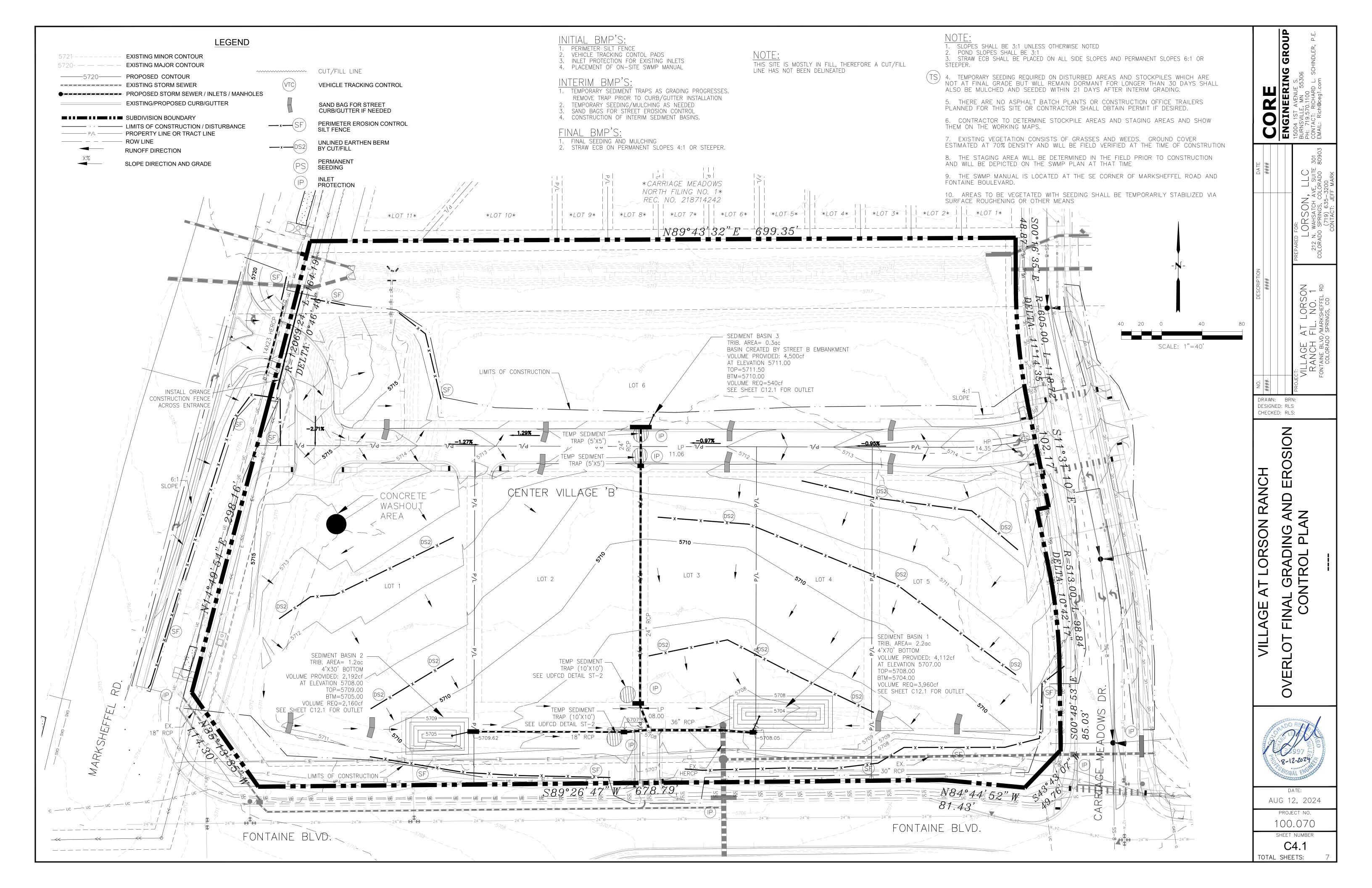
CORE ENGINEERING GROUP

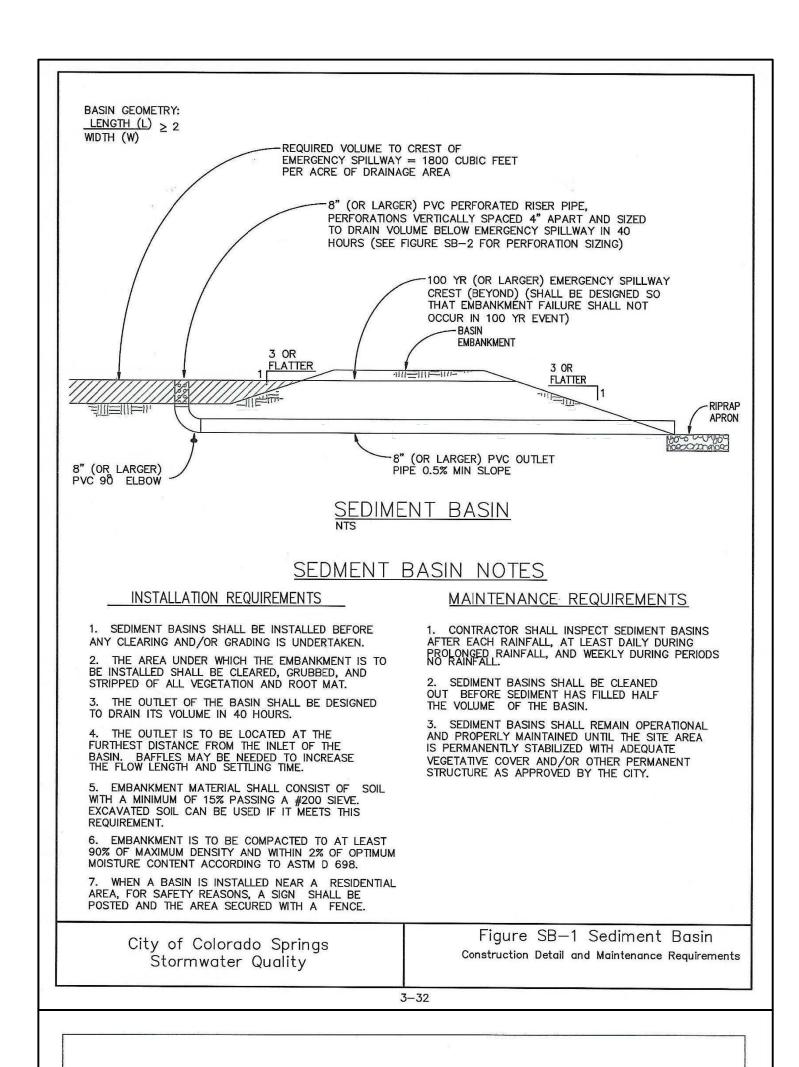
3/2997 5 8-12-2024 5 8-12-2024 5
DATE:

date: AUG 12, 2024

PROJECT NO. 100.070

SHEET NUMBER





					Depth at C	Outlet (ft)			
		1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5
	2	15.04	7.71	5.10	3.76	2.95	2.41	2.02	1.73
	1	7.52	3.86	2.55	1.88	1.48	_ 1.21	1.01	0.87
=	0.6	4.51	2.31	1.53	1.13	0.89	0.72	0.61	0.52
ė.	0.4	3.01	1.54	1.02	0.75	0.59	0.48	0.40	0.35
(ac	0.2	1.50	0.77	0.51	0.38	0.30	0.24	0.20	0.17
me	0.1	0.75	0.39	0.26	0.19	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.09
Volume (acre-ft)	0.06	0.45	0.23	0.15	0,11	0.09	0.07	0.06	0.05
2	0.04	0.30	0.15	0.10	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.03
Design	0.02	0.15	0.08	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02
ă	0.01	0.08	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

TABLE SB-1

(in)			rea per Row (in ²)	
1/1	(in)	n = 1	n = 2	n = 3
1/4	0.250	0.05	0.10	0.15
5/16	0.313	80.0	0.15	0.23
3/8	0.375	0.11	0.22	0.33
7/16	0.438	0.15	0.30	0.45
1/2	0.500	0.20	0.39	0.59
9/16	0.563	0.25	0.50	0.75
5/8	0.625	0.31	0.61	0.92
11/16	0.688	0.37	0.74	_ 1.11
3/4	0.750	0.44	0.88	1.33
7/8	0.875	0.60	1.20	1.80
1	1.000	0.79	1.57	2.36
1 1/8	1.125	0.99	1.99	2.98
1 1/4	1,250	1.23	2.45	3.68
1 3/8	1.375	1.48	2.97	4.45
1 1/2	1,500	1.77	3.53	5.30
1 5/8	1.625	2.07	4.15	6.22
1 3/4	1.750	2.41	4.81	7.22
1 7/8	1.875	2.76	5.52	8.28
2	2.000	3.14	6.28	9.42
	n = Number	of columns of per	forations	hand the same of t

TABLE SB-2

3-33

City of Colorado Springs Stormwater Quality

Outlet Sizing Application Techniques and Maintenance Requirements

Figure SB-2

SEDIMENT BASIN 1

• 8" PVC AT 0.5% SLOPE • VOLUME = 4,112cf (0.094ac-ft), 3'

• 0.15sqin FROM TABLE SB-1

• 1 COLUMN, 7/16" HOLES

SEDIMENT BASIN 2 8" PVC AT 0.5% SLOPE

VOLUME = 2,192cf (0.05ac-ft), 3'

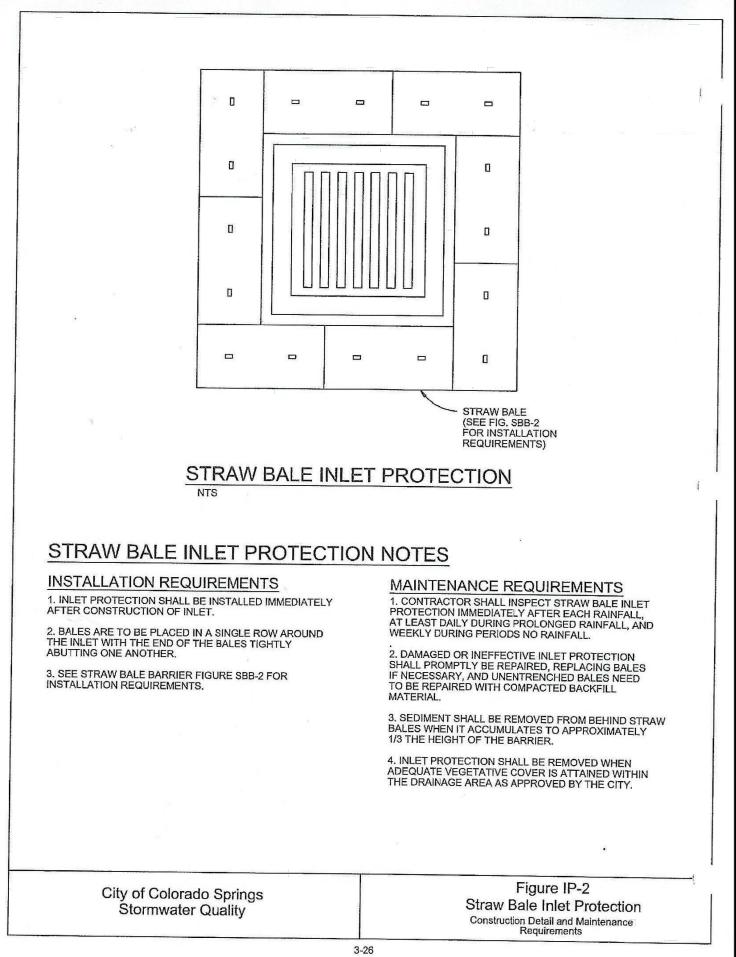
• 0.07sqin FROM TABLE SB-1 • 1 COLUMN, 5/16" HOLES

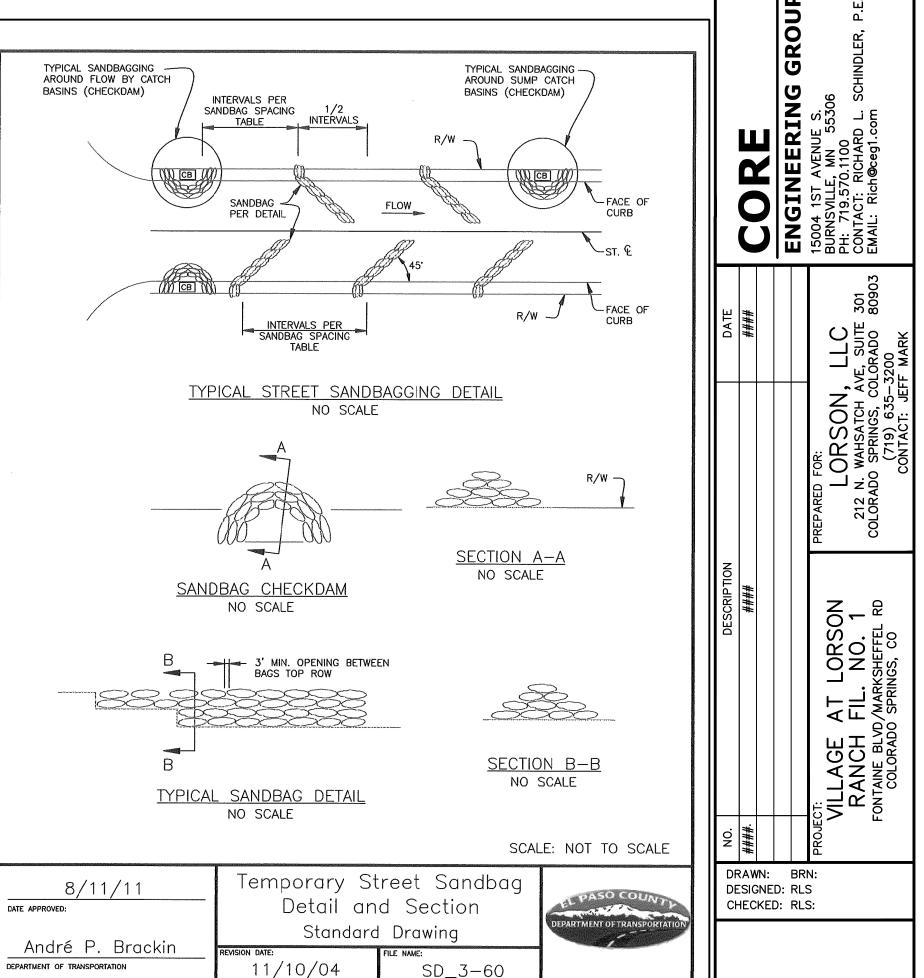
SEDIMENT BASIN 3

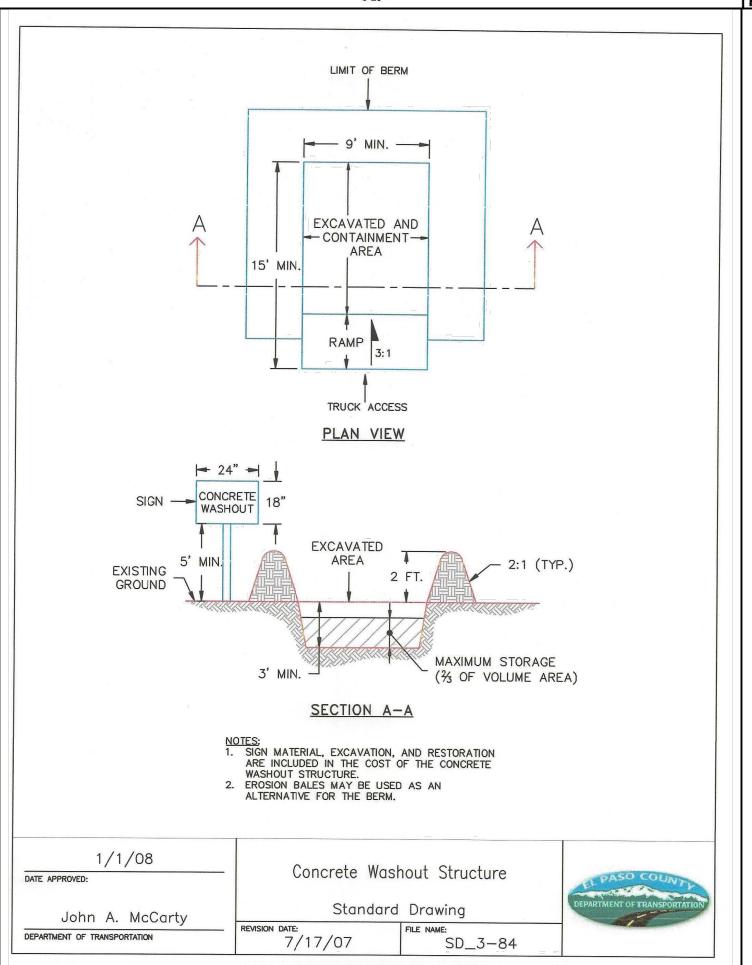
• 8" PVC AT 0.5% SLOPE, INV=5708.00

• VOLUME = 540cf (0.01ac-ft), 1' DEEP • 0.08sqin FROM TABLE SB-1

• 1 COLUMN, 5/16" HOLES



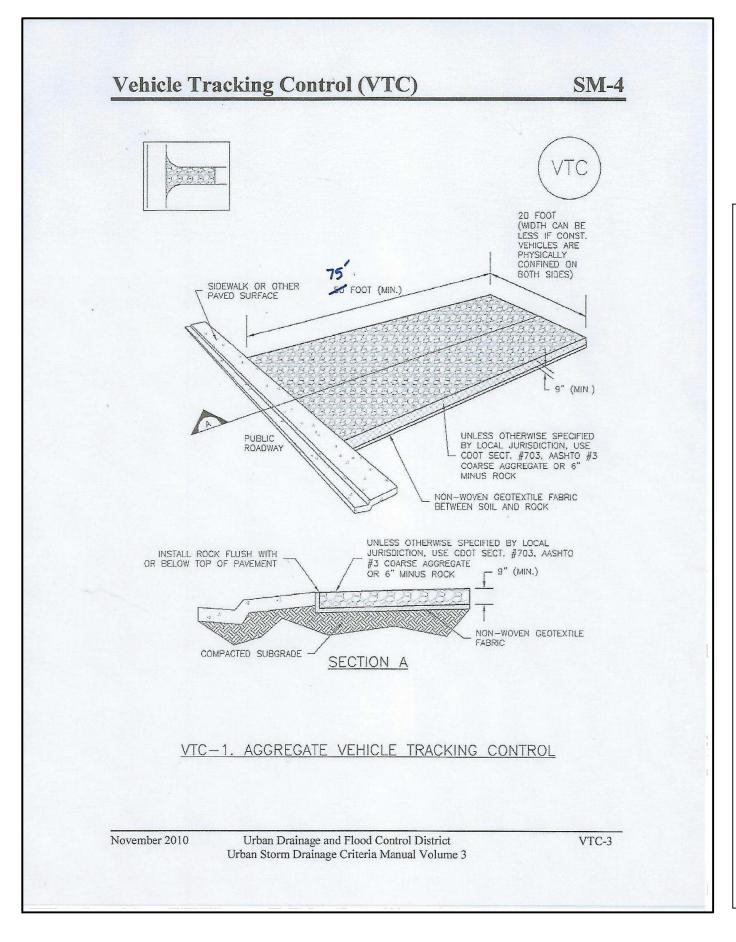


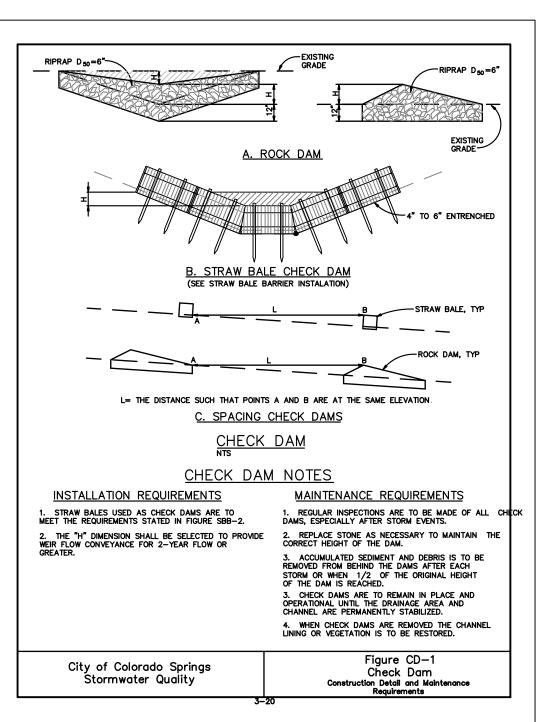


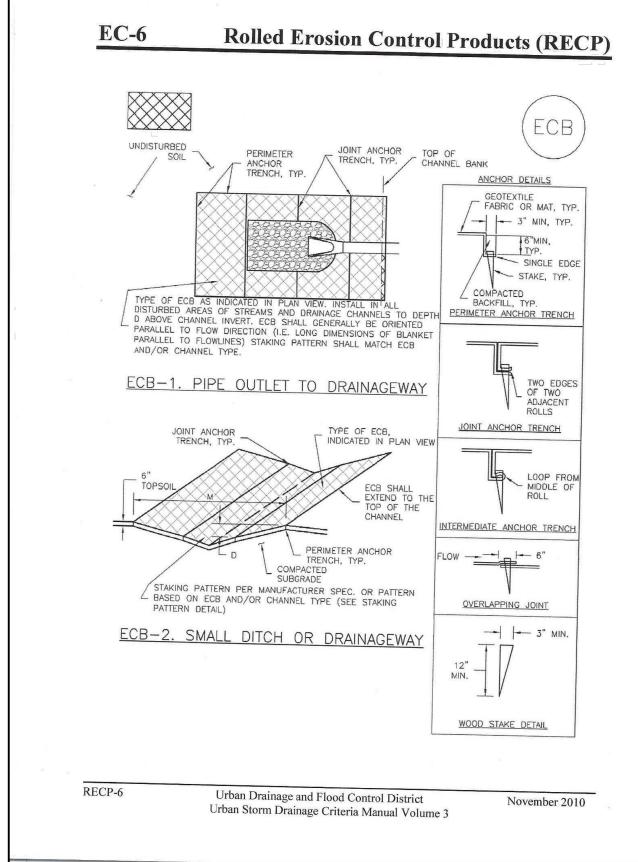


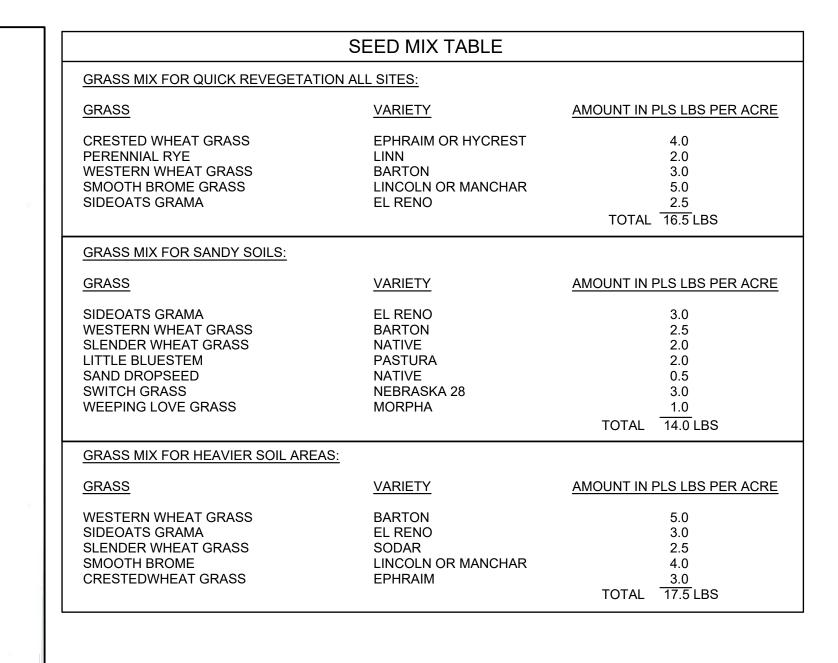


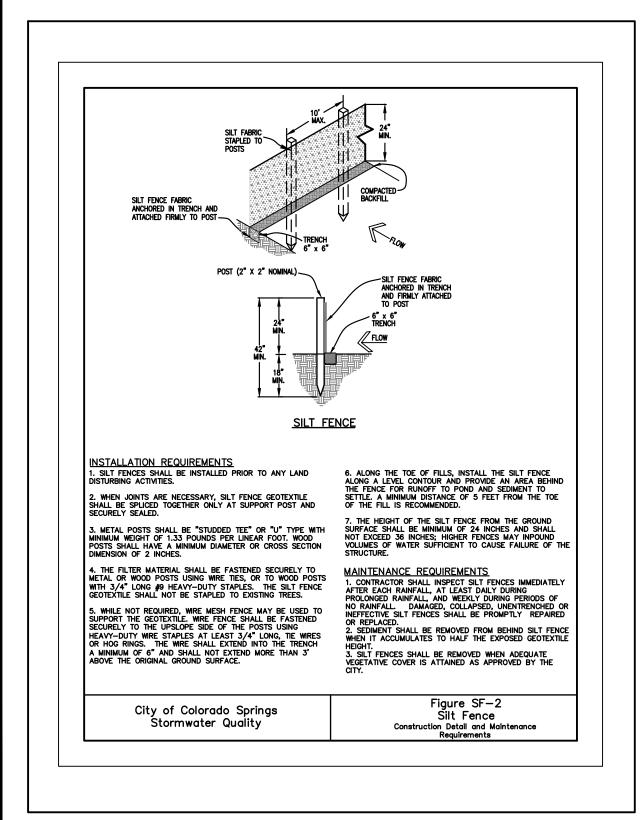
AUG 12, 2024 PROJECT NO. 100.070 SHEET NUMBER C12.1

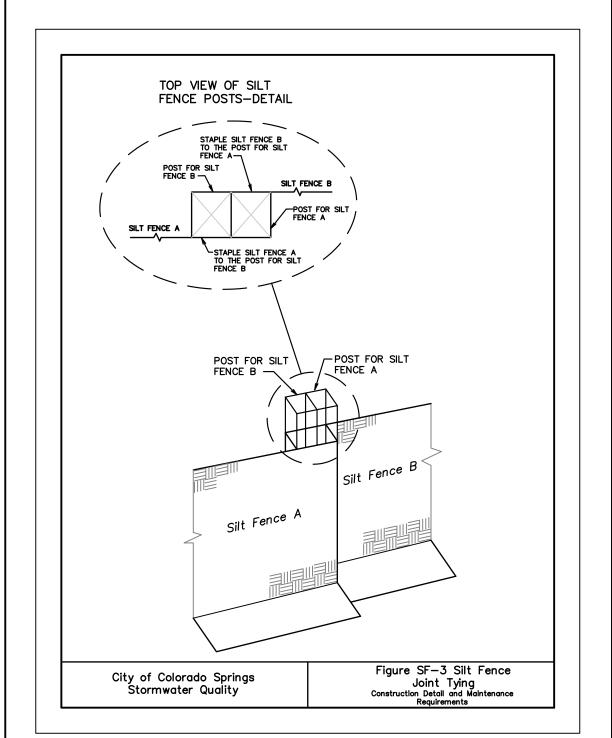


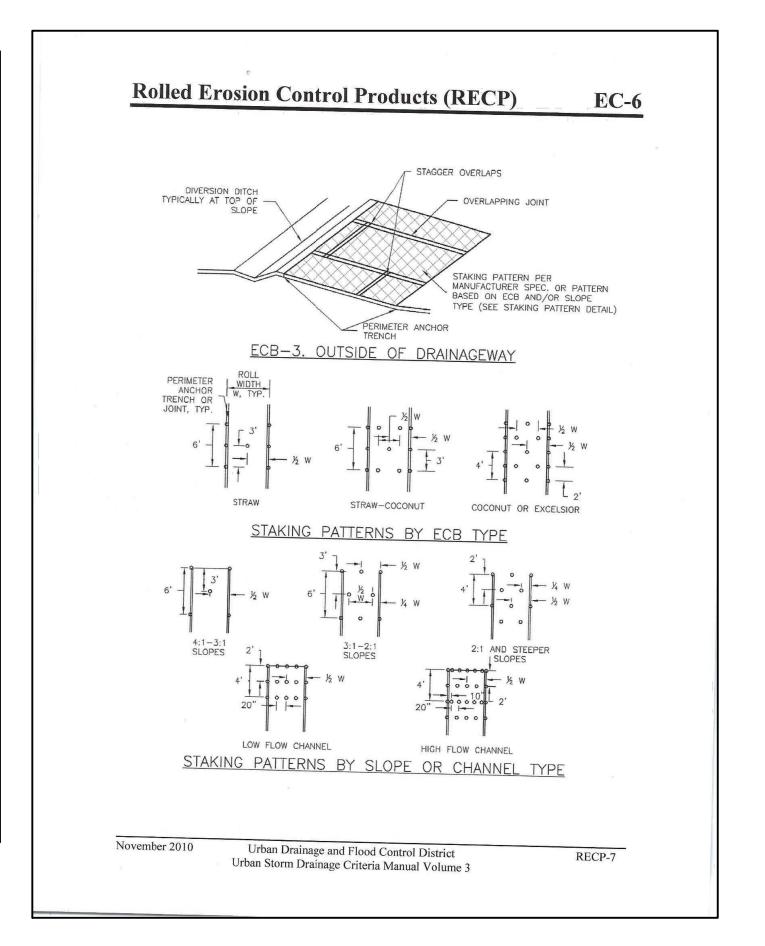


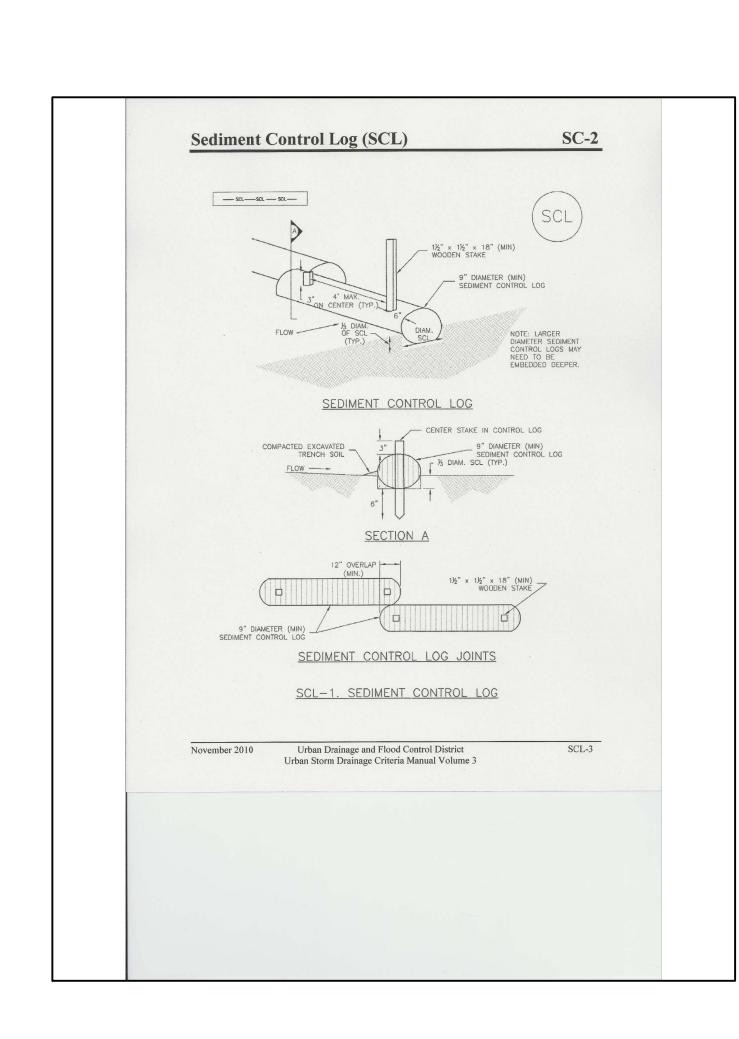


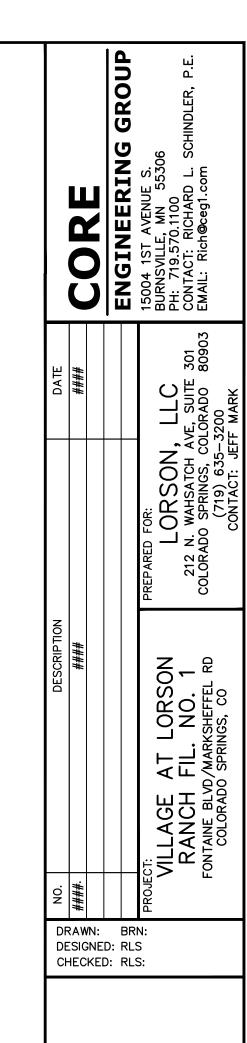




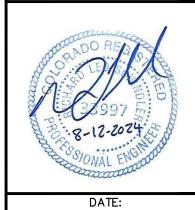








GRADING AND EROSION CONTROI DETAILS



PROJECT NO.
100.070
SHEET NUMBER
C12.2

Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Seeding dates for the highest success probability of perennial species along the Front Range are generally in the spring from April through early May and in the fall after the first of September until the ground freezes. If the area is irrigated, seeding may occur in summer months, as well. See Table TS/PS-3 for appropriate seeding dates.

Table TS/PS-1. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Various Temporary Annual Grasses

Species ^a (Common name)	Growth Season ^b	Pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS)/acre ^c	Planting Depth (inches)	
1. Oats	Cool	35 - 50	1 - 2	
2. Spring wheat	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2	
3. Spring barley	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2	
4. Annual ryegrass	Cool	10 - 15	1/2	
5. Millet	Warm	3 - 15	1/2 - 3/4	
6. Sudangrass	Warm	5–10	1/2 - 3/4	
7. Sorghum	Warm	5–10	1/2 - 3/4	
8. Winter wheat	Cool	20–35	1 - 2	
9. Winter barley	Cool	20–35	1 - 2	
10. Winter rye	Cool	20–35	1 - 2	
11. Triticale	Cool	25–40	1 - 2	

usually produce enough dead-plant residue to provide protection from wind and water erosion for an additional year. This assumes that the cover is not disturbed or mowed closer than 8 inches. Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1 or where access limitations exist. When hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be applied as a separate

operation, when practical, to prevent the seeds from being encapsulated in See Table TS/PS-3 for seeding dates. Irrigation, if consistently applied, may extend the use of cool season species during the summer months. Seeding rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast, or increased by 50 percent if done using a Brillion Drill or by hydraulic seeding.

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Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-2. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Perennial Grasses

Common ^a Name	Botanical Name	Growth Season ^b	Growth Form	Seeds/ Pound	Pounds of PLS/acre
Alakali Soil Seed Mix			L		2 25/11/10
Alkali sacaton	Sporobolus airoides	Cool	Bunch	1,750,000	0.25
Basin wildrye	Elymus cinereus	Cool	Bunch	165,000	2.5
Sodar streambank wheatgrass	Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5
Jose tall wheatgrass	Agropyron elongatum 'Jose'	Cool	Bunch	79,000	7.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
Total			500	110,000	
Fertile Loamy Soil Seed Mix					17.75
Ephriam crested wheatgrass	Agropyron cristatum 'Ephriam'	Cool	Sod	175,000	2.0
Dural hard fescue	Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0
Lincoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Sodar streambank wheatgrass	Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	7.0
Total				110,000	15.5
High Water Table Soil Seed Mix					13.3
Meadow foxtail	Alopecurus pratensis	Cool	Sod	900,000	0.5
Redtop	Agrostis alba	Warm	Open sod	5,000,000	0.25
Reed canarygrass	Phalaris arundinacea	Cool	Sod	68,000	0.23
Lincoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Pathfinder switchgrass	Panicum virgatum 'Pathfinder'	Warm	Sod	389,000	1.0
Alkar tall wheatgrass	Agropyron elongatum 'Alkar'	Cool	Bunch	79,000	5.5
Total					10.75
Transition Turf Seed Mix ^c					
Ruebens Canadian bluegrass	Poa compressa 'Ruebens'	Cool	Sod	2,500,000	0.5
Dural hard fescue	Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0
Citation perennial ryegrass	Lolium perenne 'Citation'	Cool	Sod	247,000	3.0
incoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Total					7.5

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Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-2. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Perennial Grasses (cont.)

Common Name	Botanical Name	Growth Season ^b	Growth Form	Seeds/ Pound	Pounds of PLS/acre
Sandy Soil Seed Mix					
Blue grama	Bouteloua gracilis	Warm	Sod-forming bunchgrass	825,000	0.5
Camper little bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium 'Camper'	Warm	Bunch	240,000	1.0
Prairie sandreed	Calamovilfa longifolia	Warm	Open sod	274,000	1.0
Sand dropseed	Sporobolus cryptandrus	Cool	Bunch	5,298,000	0.25
Vaughn sideoats grama	Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
Total					10.25
Heavy Clay, Rocky Foothill See	d Mix				10.23
Ephriam crested wheatgrass ^d	Agropyron cristatum 'Ephriam'	Cool	Sod	175,000	1.5
Dahe Intermediate wheatgrass	Agropyron intermedium 'Oahe'	Cool	Sod	115,000	5.5
Vaughn sideoats grama ^e	Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0
incoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
				110,000	3.3

lydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be done as a separate operation.

- b See Table TS/PS-3 for seeding dates.
- If site is to be irrigated, the transition turf seed rates should be doubled.
- Crested wheatgrass should not be used on slopes steeper than 6H to 1V.

Stockpile Management (SP)

² Can substitute 0.5 lbs PLS of blue grama for the 2.0 lbs PLS of Vaughn sideoats grama.

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STOCKPILE

STOCKPILE PROTECTION PLAN

SECTION A

SP-1. STOCKPILE PROTECTION

2. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE DESIGN DETAILS. SILT FENCE IS SHOWN IN THE STOCKPILE PROTECTION DETAILS; HOWEVER, OTHER TYPES OF

PERIMETER CONTROLS INCLUDING SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS OR ROCK SOCKS MAY BE SUITABLE IN SOME CIRCUMSTANCES, CONSIDERATIONS FOR DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE TYPE OF PERIMETER CONTROL FOR A STOCKPILE INCLUDE WHETHER THE STOCKPILE IS LOCATED ON A PERVIOUS OR IMPERVIOUS SURFACE, THE RELATIVE HEIGHTS OF THE PERIMETER CONTROL AND STOCKPILE, THE ABILITY OF THE PERIMETER CONTROL TO CONTAIN

THE STOCKPILE WITHOUT FAILING IN THE EVENT THAT MATERIAL FROM THE STOCKPILE SHIFTS

3. STABILIZE THE STOCKPILE SURFACE WITH SURFACE ROUGHENING, TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, OR SOIL BINDERS. SOILS STOCKPILED FOR AN

EXTENDED PERIOD (TYPICALLY FOR MORE THAN 60 DAYS) SHOULD BE SEEDED AND MULCHED

DAYS). USE OF MULCH ONLY OR A SOIL BINDER IS ACCEPTABLE IF THE STOCKPILE WILL BE

4. FOR TEMPORARY STOCKPILES ON THE INTERIOR PORTION OF A CONSTRUCTION SITE, WHERE

OTHER DOWNGRADIENT CONTROLS, INCLUDING PERIMETER CONTROL, ARE IN PLACE, STOCKPILE PERIMETER CONTROLS MAY NOT BE REQUIRED.

WITH A TEMPORARY GRASS COVER ONCE THE STOCKPILE IS PLACED (TYPICALLY WITHIN 14

STOCKPILE PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

OR SLUMPS AGAINST THE PERIMETER, AND OTHER FACTORS.

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
-LOCATION OF STOCKPILES.
-TYPE OF STOCKPILE PROTECTION.

Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-3. Seeding Dates for Annual and Perennial Grasses

1.0	(Numbers in	I Grasses table reference able TS/PS-1)	Perennial Grasses	
Seeding Dates	Warm	Cool	Warm	Cool
January 1-March 15			1	
March 16-April 30	4	1,2,3	/	
May 1–May 15	4	- / /	_) *
May 16–June 30	4,5,6,7			-
July 1-July 15	5,6,7			-
July 16-August 31				
September 1–September 30		8,9,10,11		
October 1-December 31		2,7,20,11	1	./

MM-2

SP-3

SP

SILT FENCE (SEE SF DETAIL FOR

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS)

SILT FENCE (SEE SF DETAIL FOR

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS)

Cover seeded areas with mulch or an appropriate rolled erosion control product to promote establishment of vegetation. Anchor mulch by crimping, netting or use of a non-toxic tackifier. See the Mulching BMP Fact Sheet for additional guidance.

Maintenance and Removal

Monitor and observe seeded areas to identify areas of poor growth or areas that fail to germinate. Reseed and mulch these areas, as needed.

An area that has been permanently seeded should have a good stand of vegetation within one growing season if irrigated and within three growing seasons without irrigation in Colorado. Reseed portions of the site that fail to germinate or remain bare after the first growing season.

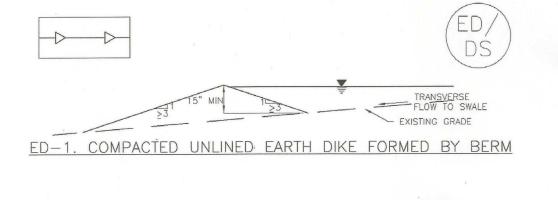
Seeded areas may require irrigation, particularly during extended dry periods. Targeted weed control may

Protect seeded areas from construction equipment and vehicle access.

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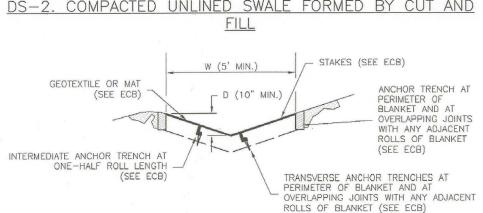
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Earth Dikes and Drainage Swales (ED/DS)



DS-1. COMPACTED UNLINED EXCAVATED SWALE

DS-2. COMPACTED UNLINED SWALE FORMED BY CUT AND

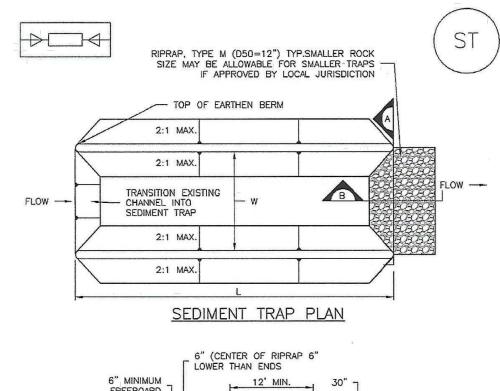


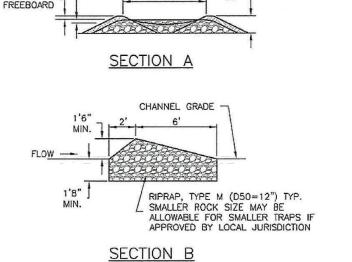
DS-3. ECB LINED SWALE (CUT AND FILL OR BERM)

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

ED/DS-3 Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

Sediment Trap (ST)





ST-1. SEDIMENT TRAP

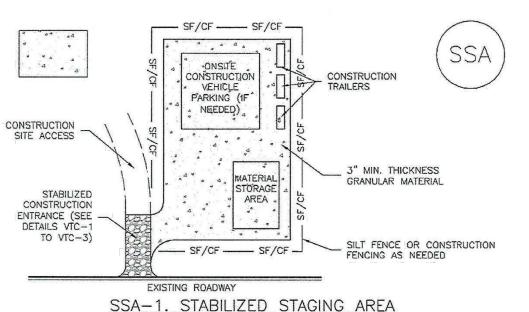
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November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

IN PLACE FOR A MORE LIMITED TIME PERIOD (TYPICALLY 30-60 DAYS)

Stabilized Staging Area (SSA)

SM-6



STABILIZED STAGING AREA INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR

-LOCATION OF STAGING AREA(S).
-CONTRACTOR MAY ADJUST LOCATION AND SIZE OF STAGING AREA WITH APPROVAL

2. STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHOULD BE APPROPRIATE FOR THE NEEDS OF THE SITE. OVERSIZING RESULTS IN A LARGER AREA TO STABILIZE FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION. 3. STAGING AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO OTHER OPERATIONS ON THE SITE.

4. THE STABILIZED STAGING AREA SHALL CONSIST OF A MINIMUM 3" THICK GRANULAR

5. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, ROCK SHALL CONSIST OF DOT SECT. #703, AASHTO #3 COARSE AGGREGATE OR 6" (MINUS) ROCK. 6. ADDITIONAL PERIMETER BMPs MAY BE REQUIRED INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SILT FENCE AND CONSTRUCTION FENCING.

STABILIZED STAGING AREA MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. ROCK SHALL BE REAPPLIED OR REGRADED AS NECESSARY IF RUTTING OCCURS OR UNDERLYING SUBGRADE BECOMES EXPOSED.

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AUG 12, 2024 PROJECT NO.

SHEET NUMBER TOTAL SHEETS:

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