

PRELIMINARY/FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

FOR

JUDGE ORR ROAD RV PARK & STORAGE DEVELOPMENT

**Prepared For:
Prairie Stone, LLC
9476 Dakota Dunes Lane
Peyton, CO 80831-4138**

**Prepared By:
Associated Design Professionals, Inc.
3520 Austin Bluffs Parkway
Colorado Springs, CO 80918
719.266-5212**

**ADP Project No.160301
February 15, 2019**

PCD Project #PPR-16-040





ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports, and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Michael A. Bartusek, P.E. #23329

DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:

I, the Developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

By: _____
Andrea Minnich

Title: President

Address: Prairie Stone, LLC
9476 Dakota Dunes Lane
Peyton, CO 80831-4138

Filed in accordance the El Paso County Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, and the Engineering Criteria Manual, as amended.

Jennifer Irvine, County Engineer/ECM Administrator

Date

Conditions:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

General	1
Soils	1
Floodplain Statement	1
Method of Computation	1
Water Quality/Detention Concepts	2
Existing Drainage Conditions	2
Developed Drainage Conditions	4
Water Quality	5
Detention	6
Private Drainage Facilities Estimated Cost	6
Drainage Fees	7
Conclusions	7
References	8
Appendix A – Maps	A
Appendix B – Calculations	B
Appendix C – Design Charts	C
Back Pocket – Drainage Map	

**PRELIMINARY/FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT
JUDGE ORR ROAD RV PARK & STORAGE DEVELOPMENT**

GENERAL

The Judge Orr Road RV Park & Storage project consists of 35.0 acres located along Judge Orr Road just east of US 24 and approximately two miles northeast of Falcon, Colorado. The project is located within the previously approved Meadowlake Commons Master Plan area. The site is further described as being located in central El Paso County within the Southwest Quarter of Section 33, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, El Paso County, Colorado.

The proposed development lies within the Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study area, prepared by URS Corporation in 2007. It is also included in the Meadowlake Commons MDDP, prepared by Springs Engineering in 2008. For this report, the existing flows for this project utilize the findings of the Meadowlake Commons MDDP.

SOILS

The Soil Conservation Service (NRCS) soil survey for El Paso County has identified the soil type in this study area as follows:

Map Symbol No.	Soil Name	Hydrologic Soil Group
19	Columbine Gravelly Sandy Loam	A

FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

A small portion of the site is located within a Zone A floodplain as determined by FEMA on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Panel 08041CO575F, dated March 17, 1997.

METHOD OF COMPUTATION

The methodology used for this report is in accordance with the *City/County Drainage Criteria Manual*. The Rational Method for computation of runoff was used for local basin design.

$$Q = cia$$

Where	Q	=	Maximum rate of runoff in cubic feet per second
	c	=	Runoff coefficient representing drainage area characteristics
	i	=	Average rainfall intensity, in inches per hour, for the duration required for the runoff to become established
	a	=	Drainage basin size in acres

The overall drainage for the area including off-site flows was calculated using the US Army Corp of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering Center – Hydrologic Modeling System, Version 3.1.0 (HEC-HMS). The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) (since renamed National Resources Conservation Service - NRCS) curve number method was selected for calculating the runoff volumes from the drainage basins per the DCM. Runoff rates for the five-year minor storm and 100-year major design storm were calculated.

Times of concentration were estimated using the SCS procedures described in the DCM based upon the hydrologic soil type, the natural conditions found in the basins and the runoff curve numbers (CN) chart from Table 5-4 of the DCM.

The 100-year, 24-hour storm precipitation selected from the NOAA isopluvial map in Figure 5-4e from the DCM was 4.6 inches. The ten-year, 24-hour storm precipitation selected from the rainfall depth-duration relationship chart in Figure 5-6 from the DCM was 3.1 inches. The five-year, 24-hour storm precipitation was derived from Figure 5-6 of the *City/County Drainage Criteria Manual*. The calculated rainfall amount was 2.6 inches. These numbers, along with SCS information, were used as input.

WATER QUALITY/DETENTION CONCEPTS

In accordance with current NPDES requirements, stormwater quality BMPs will be incorporated into the development of this project. Water quality facilities will be included in all proposed full spectrum detention facilities.

EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

The existing site is only minimally developed with some gravel roads and two existing structures. The site is covered with Rangeland grasses and generally drains to the southeast at an average slope of three percent. An existing channel and a Zone A floodplain exist within the far northeastern corner of the project area. An existing, broad swale bisects the site and travels through an abandoned stock pond prior to exiting the site. All flows from Judge Orr Road are intercepted by a roadside ditch which continues past the site to the east.

There are currently two culvert crossings running under US 24. One crossing is a 24-inch CMP culvert located approximately 1,000 feet northeast of the US 24/Judge Orr Road intersection. This pipe is estimated to accommodate flows of 12.9 cfs for the five-year storm and 54.1 cfs for the 100-year storm. The second crossing consists of twin 54-inch CMP culverts. These pipes are located approximately 2,900 ft northeast of the intersection. The twin culverts carry offsite flows of 44.2 cfs for the five-year storm and 192.7 cfs for the 100-year storm and enter the project in the northeast corner, enter the existing channel located in the far northeast corner of the site and cross the property north of the project site.

The existing area located northwest of the parcel is designated as Sub-Basin OS1. This sub-basin drains existing pasture land and produces flows of 3.3 cfs for the 5-year storm and 15.2 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows are intercepted by an existing ditch which carries the flows south along the property line to a low point from Sub-Basin OS2.

Sub-Basin OS2 drains the area just west of the parcel. This area is currently vacant and produces flows of 4.0 cfs and 28.0 cfs respectively. These flows combine with the flows from Sub-Basin OS1 at DP1 for total flows of 6.4 cfs for the 5-year storm and 39.0 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows travel east through a broad swale located in Sub-Basin A2 and into an existing stock pond within Sub-Basin A2

Sub-Basin A1 drains the northeastern portion of the site. It is currently vacant and covered with rangeland grasses. This sub-basin produces flows of 2.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 16.5 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows leave the site in a southeasterly direction approximately 600 ft north of the main channel. These flows eventually join the main channel about 500 ft east of the site.

Sub-Basin A2 drains the major portion of the site and contains the stock pond and farm residence. The site also contains an existing stock pond which has been breached and is covered with rangeland grasses. This sub-basin produces flows of 3.1 cfs and 24.0 cfs respectively. These flows combine with the flows from DP1 at DP2 to produce total flows of 7.9 cfs for the 5-

year storm and 52.1 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows leave the site in the southeast area of the site.

Sub-Basin OS3 drains an area west of SH24 and drains to the east into Sub-Basin OS4 through a 24" CMP. This area is currently zoned A-35 and is primarily open range. This sub-basin produces flows of 17.8 cfs and 62.0 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin OS4 drains an area west of the parcel. The area is vacant and covered with rangeland grasses. It slopes to the southeast and flows east along Judge Orr Road. It produces flows of 8.2 cfs and 36.7 cfs respectively. These flows combine with the flows from OS3 at DP3 to produce flows of 24.8 cfs for the 5-year storm and 94.8 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-Basin A3 drains the southern area of the site and is mostly vacant with a barn and some gravel drives located in the western portion of the site. It produces flows of 1.1 cfs and 5.3 cfs respectively and drains into the roadside ditch. OS5 drains the area between the property line and the center line of Judge Orr Road. This area produces flows of 1.3 and 3.3 respectively, and combines with the flows from A3 at DP4 within the Judge Orr roadside ditch to produce total flows of 2.0 cfs for the 5-year storm and 7.6 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows combine with the flows from DP3 at DP4 to produce total flows of 23.3 cfs for the 5-year storm and 89.0 cfs for the 100-year storm within the roadside ditch. These flows leave the site in a northeasterly direction and join with the main channel about 300 ft east of the property. These flows eventually combine with the flows from DP2 and Sub-Basin A1 at DP6 to produce total flows in the main channel of 33.3 cfs for the 5-year storm and 156.2 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-Basin B drains a small portion of the site in the northern corner. It produces flows of 0.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 1.6 cfs for the 100-year storm.

The estimated runoff amounts produced for the project under existing conditions are shown in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1 – EXISTING CONDITIONS		
Sub-Basin	Q₅CFS	Q₁₀₀ CFS
OS1	3.3	15.3
OS2	4.0	28.0
OS3	17.8	62.0
OS4	8.2	36.7
OS5	1.3	3.3
A1	2.2	16.5
A2	3.1	24.0
A3	1.1	5.3
B	0.2	1.6
DP1 (OS1 + OS2)	6.4	39.0
DP2 (DP1 + A2)	7.9	52.1
DP3 (OS3 + OS4)	24.8	94.8
DP4 (DP3+OS5 + A3)	23.3	89.0
DP5 (DP2 + DP4 + A1)	33.3	156.2

Revise to 30" if this is the same storm system discussed on the previous sentence.

Consider revising the storm sewer crossing the road to an RCP pipe if the intent is to eventually dedicate the road to the County for ownership and maintenance when the future development to the east occurs.

Alternative would be to identify in the narrative that the pipe will have to be removed replaced by the developer prior to dedicating the roadway to the County.

(ECM Chapter 3, Section 3.3.1.J.1 - All storm sewers within the County's right-of-way are required to be RCP min Class 3, Wall B)

northern portion of the site
ern area will be covered by 4
ad sites with asphalt roads

s delineated in the existing
in a swale toward the RV
orm sewer and routed directly
into the Judge Orr Road ditch as delineated on the Developed Conditions Map.

Existing historic flows from the property to the west will be transported through the site by way of a 30" HDPE storm sewer. The proposed 30" HDPE storm sewer will be located near the west property line to facilitate the connection from a future detention facility once the property to the west has been developed. The overflow spillway will also be directed to the 36" storm sewer when the west property develops. This design has been coordinated with the current property owner, as has the proposed swale within the west property. OS1 and OS2 will flow down the existing swale on the west property and into a 4' wide swale which outlets at the same location as detention Pond 2. In the future a new detention pond will replace the swale and will tie directly into the 30" private HDPE storm sewer. This storm sewer will direct the flows around the RV storage site and outlet onto the adjacent property to the east adjacent to the Pond 2 outlet and will be maintained by the owner of the west property. The storm sewer will be placed within a drainage easement in the future when the property is platted. A conceptual 4.6 acre foot pond (Pond 1) was calculated for the future neighborhood commercial site with an estimated outflow of 0.1 cfs for the 5-year storm and 50.7 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-Basin A1 will drain the northern part of the site. This area will be used for RV storage and will be covered by 4 inches of loose gravel. This area will produce flows of 12.3 cfs and 26.0 cfs for the five- and 100-year storms. A 12" berm will keep the flows within the sub-basin. The flows will travel along the berm, cross the drive in a concrete pan and flow into a ditch which will take the flows into Pond 2.

Sub-Basin A2 drains the area between the west property line and the RV storage and will contain the future public road. It will produce flows of 5.8 cfs and 12.2 cfs respectively and will flow into Sub-Basin A4.

Sub-basin A3 drains the central area of the site between the gravel parking area to the north and the storm sewer to the south. Flows from this RV park area will sheet flow toward a proposed swale. It will produce of 6.5 cfs and 17.3 cfs respectively. These flows will be intercepted by a Type C inlet and an 18" private HDPE storm sewer and transported into Pond 2.

Sub-Basin A4 drains the western and southern part of the developed parcel. This area will be developed as an RV park with private streets and gravel parking areas for RV's. The RV Park area will have asphalt roads with natural grass areas between the parking pads. Flows will travel to the southeast and be intercepted by a main road and transported into the detention basin. It will produce flows of 12.4 cfs and 31.7 cfs respectively. These flows will combine with the flows from Sub-Basin A2 to produce total flows into the detention basin at DP2 of 15.9 cfs and 38.9 cfs respectively. The total flows into Pond 2 at DP3 will be 30.2 cfs and 37.5 cfs for the five- and 100-year storms. The proposed 2.67 AF detention basin will release these flows

through an outlet structure with a 36 inch RCP pipe at a rate of 1.0 cfs for the 5-year storm and 37.7 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-Basin A5 drains the western and southernmost area of the site. This area contains a proposed cinder trail and 75 ft future Judge Orr Road right-of-way. This area will produce flows of 0.4 cfs and 2.9 cfs respectively. OS5 drains the area between the property line and the centerline of Judge Orr Road. This area produces flows of 1.0 cfs and 2.6 cfs respectively and combines with the flows from A5 and DP5 at DP6 to produce total flows in this area of 18.3 cfs for the 5-year storm and 62.8 cfs for the 100-year storm. These flows will combine with the detained flows at DP7 to produce total flows of 19.3 cfs for the 5-year storm and 138.2 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Sub-Basin B in the northeastern portion of the site will contain a landscaped area and produce flows of 0.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 1.6 cfs for the 100-year storm.

Table 2 shows the estimated runoff which will be produced for the project under developed conditions.

TABLE 2 – PHASE I DEVELOPED CONDITIONS		
Sub-Basin	Q₅CFS	Q₁₀₀ CFS
OS1	3.3	15.3
OS2	7.2	54.9
OS3	17.8	62.0
OS4	3.7	10.1
OS5	1.0	2.6
A1	12.3	26.0
A2	5.8	12.2
A3	6.9	18.0
A4	12.4	31.7
A5	0.4	2.9
B	0.2	1.6
DP1 (OS1+OS2)	9.7	66.4
DPD1 (Detained DP1)	0.1	50.7
DP2 (A2+A4)	15.9	38.9
DP3 (DP2 +A1+ A3)	30.2	71.5
DPD2 (Detained DP2)	1.0	37.7
DP4(DPD2+DPD1)	1.1	90.3
DP5 (OS3+OS4)	18.5	62.4
DP6 (A5+OS5)	18.3	62.8
DP7 (DP5+DP6)	19.3	138.2

WATER QUALITY

The water quality basin for this project is incorporated with the detention basin for this project and is designed with current NPDES requirements as provided by the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual as amended for an EDB. The required water quality capture volume is 0.489 AC-FT. The basin will be constructed with a 2.5-foot permanent micro-pool and a forebay. Design forms for this basin can be found in Appendix B. The design summary is below.

Update to match the UD-Detention worksheet

TABLE 3 – WATER QUALITY DESIGN SUMMARY				
Location	Depth	Size (CF)	Depth (FT)	Size (IN)
Pond 2	2.96	21,300	0,2.81,3.97	1.88,1.88,1.88

DETENTION

Developed flows from this project will be reduced to historic levels by using a privately owned and maintained detention facility. The *UDFCD Design for Full Spectrum Detention Basins* is used for the basin. Since a neighborhood commercial development is proposed for the property to the west, a conceptual detention basin, Pond 1, was designed for the area and routed around the site. The site detention for the RV project was routed through Pond 2 with the flows from Ponds 1 & 2 combined at the outlet structure for Pond 2.

TABLE 4 DETENTION BASIN DETAILS				
Location	Size (AF)	Pipe Outlet	Outlet Structure	Riprap Weir Width
2	2.641	36"	Typical Outlet Structure OS-2	40'

Flows from the detention basins drain into a broad grasses swale. The swale is located within an existing pasture area with an existing slope of approximately 1.7%. It has an average bottom width of 8 ft. with 8:1 side slopes. The detention basin outflow of 33.7 cfs plus the future Pond 1 flows of 50.7 cfs will only produce a flow depth of 1.2 ft. and a velocity of 4.1 fps. Once the Judge Orr ditch flows combine with the detained flows, the 138.2 cfs, approximately 300 ft. east of the project, will produce a flow depth of 1.2 ft and a velocity of 4.10 fps. These flows are below the existing condition flows and the existing grassed swale is hydraulically adequate with a Froude number at 0.84. There are no downstream manmade drainage systems in the area to tie into.

Should a 20 ft. breach occur in the detention embankment, the outflow would be approximately 185 cfs and would produce an initial wave of approximately 1.7 ft., a velocity of 5.0 fps and a Froude number at 0.84. This wave would dissipate within the 850 ft. prior to flows crossing Judge Orr Road. No structures exist prior to this crossing.

PUBLIC DRAINAGE FACILITIES

Item	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost
38" x 24" RCEP	LF	38	\$94	\$ 35,720.00
Concrete HDWL	EA	4	\$1,000	\$ 4,000.00
			Sub-Total	\$39,720.00
			10% Contingency & Engineering	\$ 5,958.00
			TOTAL	\$45,678.00

Move to private. These are driveway culverts which are the owners responsibility to maintain.

PRIVATE DRAINAGE FACILITIES

Item	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost
30" HDPE FES	EA	1	\$650	\$ 650.00
18" HDPE FES	EA	1	\$500	\$ 500.00
30" HDPE	LF	1657	\$75	\$124,275.00
18" HDPE	LF	130	\$69	\$ 8,970.00
Type C Inlet	EA	1	\$3,270	\$3,275.00
Storm MH Type II	EA	4	\$4,575	\$18,300.00
Detention Outlet Structure	EA	1	\$5,000	\$ 8,000.00

Emergency Spillway	EA	1	\$,500	\$ 1,500.00
			Sub-Total	\$165,470.00
			15% Contingency & Engineering	\$ 24,820.50
			TOTAL	\$190,290.50

DRAINAGE BASIN FEES

The entire project lies within the Haegler Ranch Drainage Basin. However, the parcel is not being platted at this time, so no fees are due. In the future when this site is platted the drainage and bridge fees will be determined based on the percent of imperviousness of the platted subdivision.

CONCLUSION

The proposed development and subsequent lot developments follow the “Four Step Process” as mandated by the EPA as follows:

Step 1: Employ runoff reduction practices

Runoff has been reduced by disconnecting impervious areas where possible, eliminating “unnecessary” impervious areas and encouraging infiltration into suitable soils.

- Impervious areas have been directed to earth swales to encourage infiltration.
- Gravel will be used throughout the site to reduce the impervious of the areas.

Step 2: Stabilize drainageways

All drainageways, ditches and channels have been stabilized by the following methods:

- Tributaries have been left in their relatively natural state where possible.
- New drainageways and swales have been stabilized with either riprap or erosion control fabric depending on the erosion potential.

New roadside ditches have been designed to be stable and handle the design capacity.

Step 3: Provide water quality capture volume (WQCV)

The proposed development will disturb approximately 30 acres, a WQCV of 0.489 ac-ft will be provided.

Step 4: Consider need for industrial and commercial BMP's.

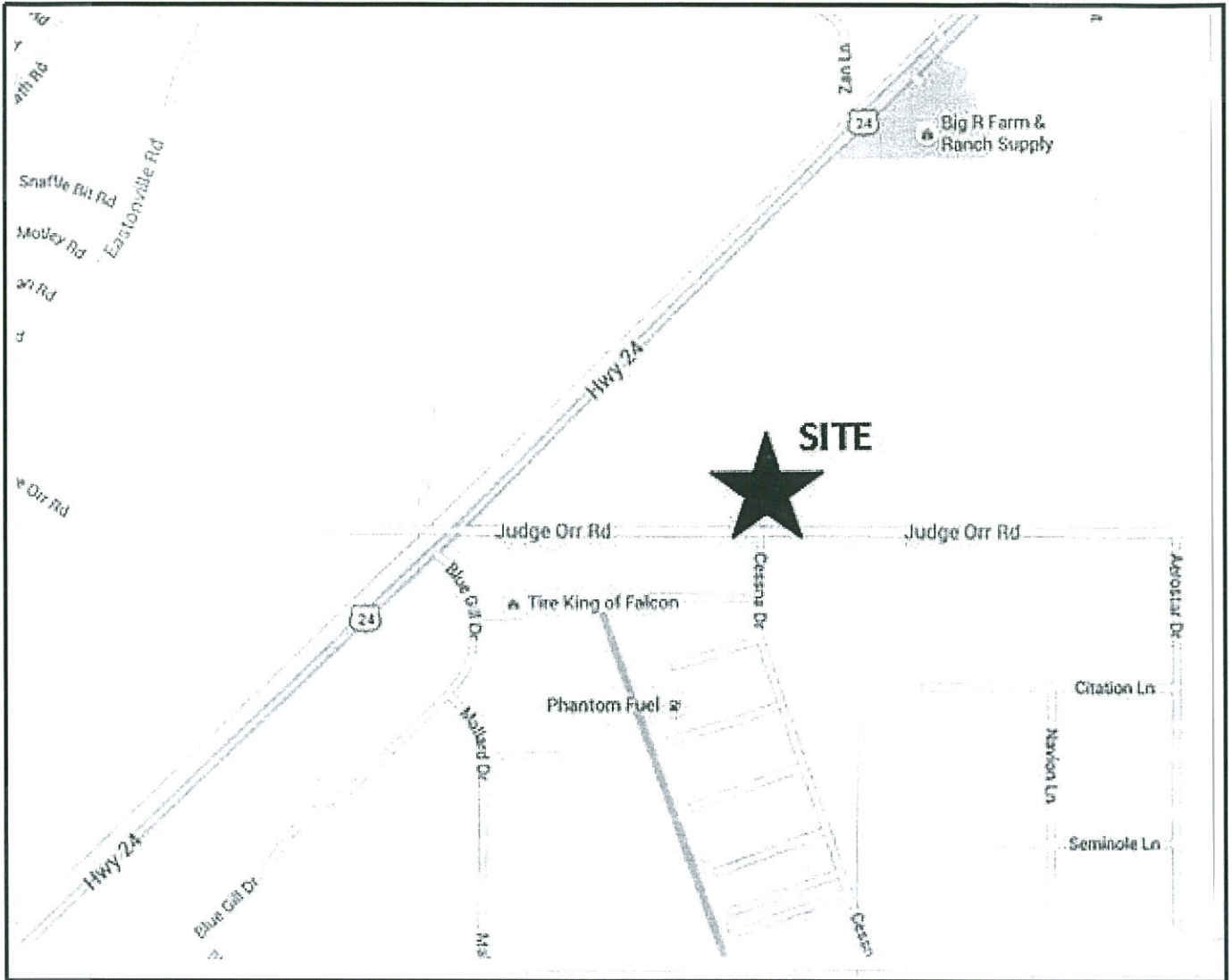
The site is being developed as an RV Park with minimal impervious area therefore no industrial or commercial BMP's are required.

REFERENCES

1. City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County (1994). *Drainage Criteria Manual Volume I* (DCM).
2. City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County (1994). *Drainage Criteria Manual Volume II* (DCM).
3. Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado by USDA, NRCS.
4. *El Paso County (January 2006) Engineering Criteria Manual*.
5. Urban Drainage and Flood Control District (June 2011). *Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 1-3*.
6. Meadowlake Commons MDDP by Springs Engineering, dated July, 2008.
7. Heagler DBPS by URS Corporation dated July, 2007.

APPENDIX A

MAPS



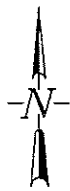
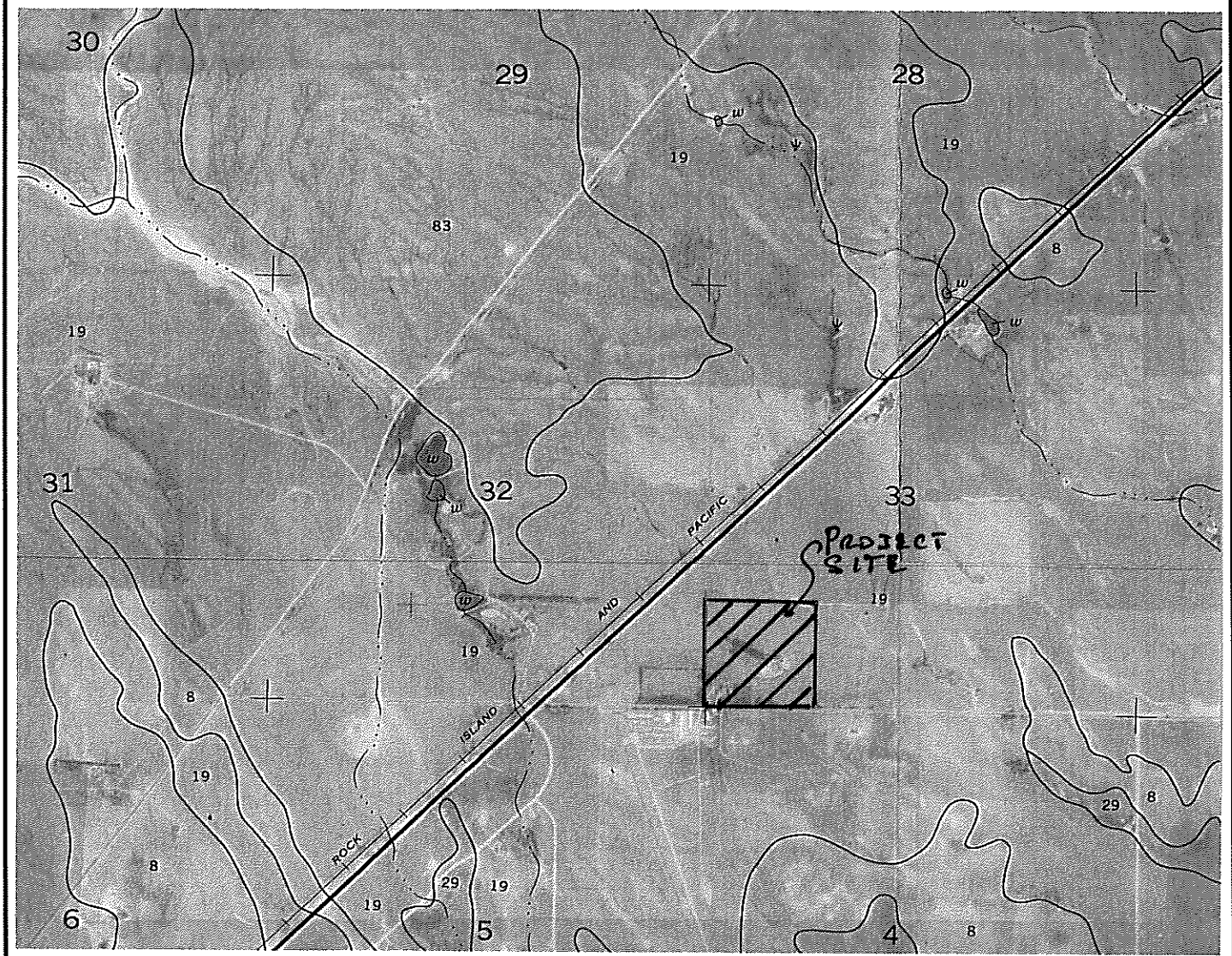
VICINITY MAP

N.T.S.

ADPcIVIL

ENGINEERING FOR THE FUTURE

3520 Austin Bluffs Pkwy, Suite 102
 Colorado Springs, CO 80918
 (719) 266-5212
 fax: (719) 266-5341



SOILS MAP

N.T.S.

ADPCIVIL
ENGINEERING FOR THE FUTURE

3520 Austin Bluffs Pkwy, Suite 200
Colorado Springs, CO 80918
(719) 266-5212
fax: (719) 266-5341



APPROXIMATE SCALE IN FEET
0 2000

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

**FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP**

EL PASO COUNTY,
COLORADO AND
INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 575 OF 1300
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR PANELS NOT PRINTED)

CONTAINS:
COMMUNITY

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
COLORADO SPRINGS, CITY OF	080300	0675	F
EL PASO COUNTY UNINCORPORATED AREAS	360228	0675	F

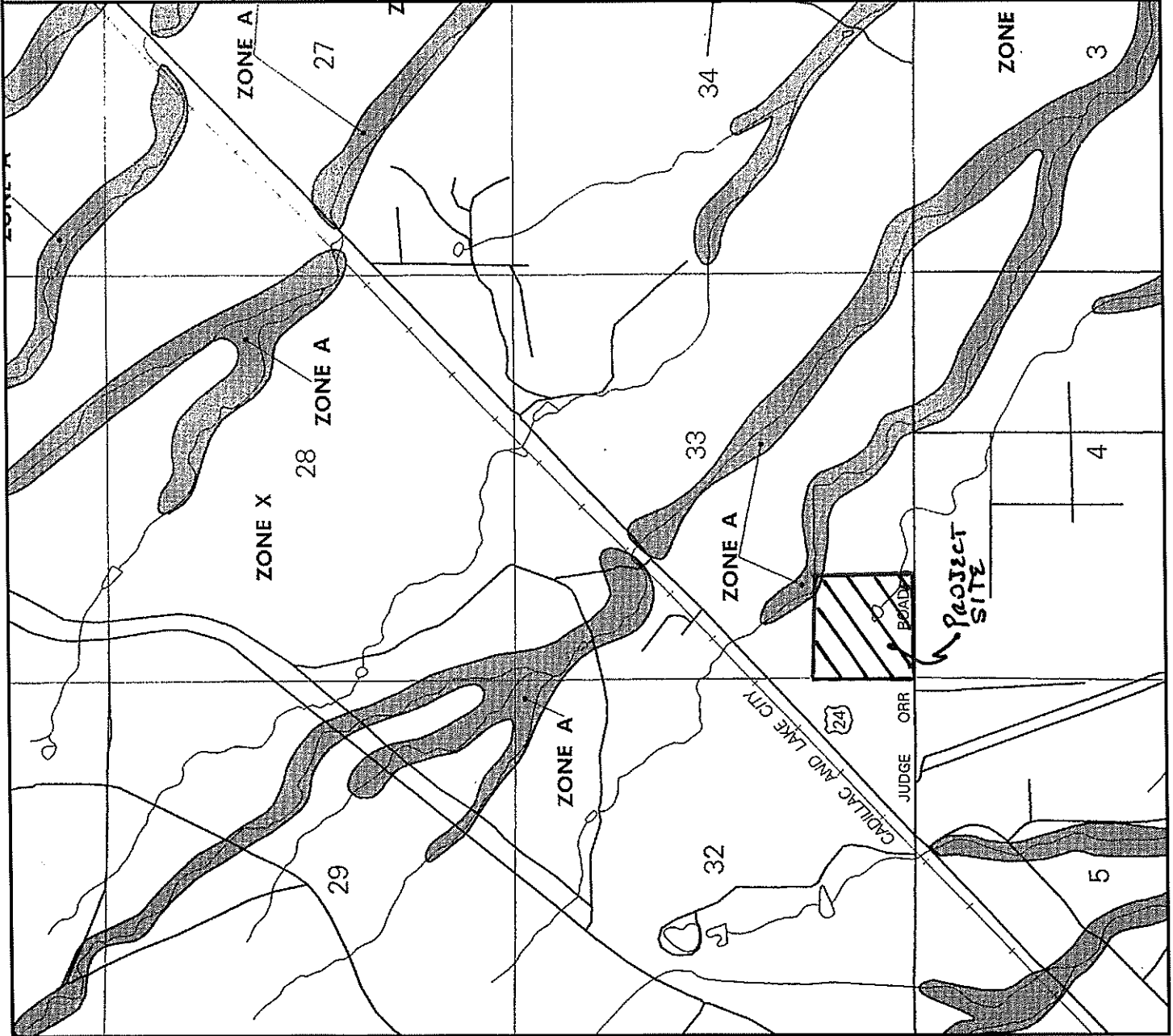
MAP NUMBER
08041C0575 F

EFFECTIVE DATE:
MARCH 17, 1997



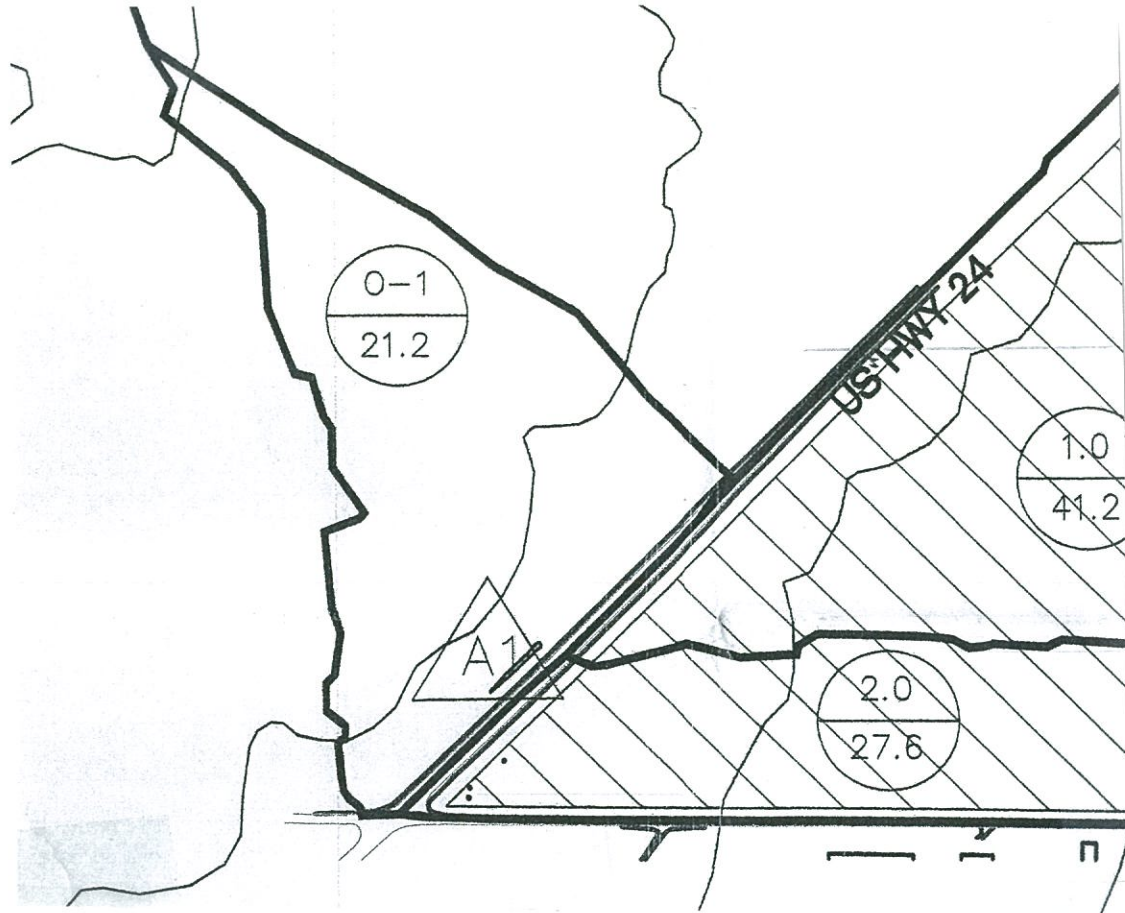
Federal Emergency Management Agency

This is an official copy of a portion of the above referenced flood map. It was extracted using F-MIT On-Line. This map does not reflect changes or amendments which may have been made subsequent to the date on the title block. For the latest product information about National Flood Insurance Program flood maps check the FEMA Flood Map Store at www.msc.fema.gov



APPENDIX B

DESIGN CALCULATIONS



NOTE: SUBBASIN O-1* RENAMED AS SUBBASIN OS3 IN THIS REPORT

* FROM MEADOWLAKE COMMONS MDDP BY SPRINGS ENGINEERING, DATED JULY 2008

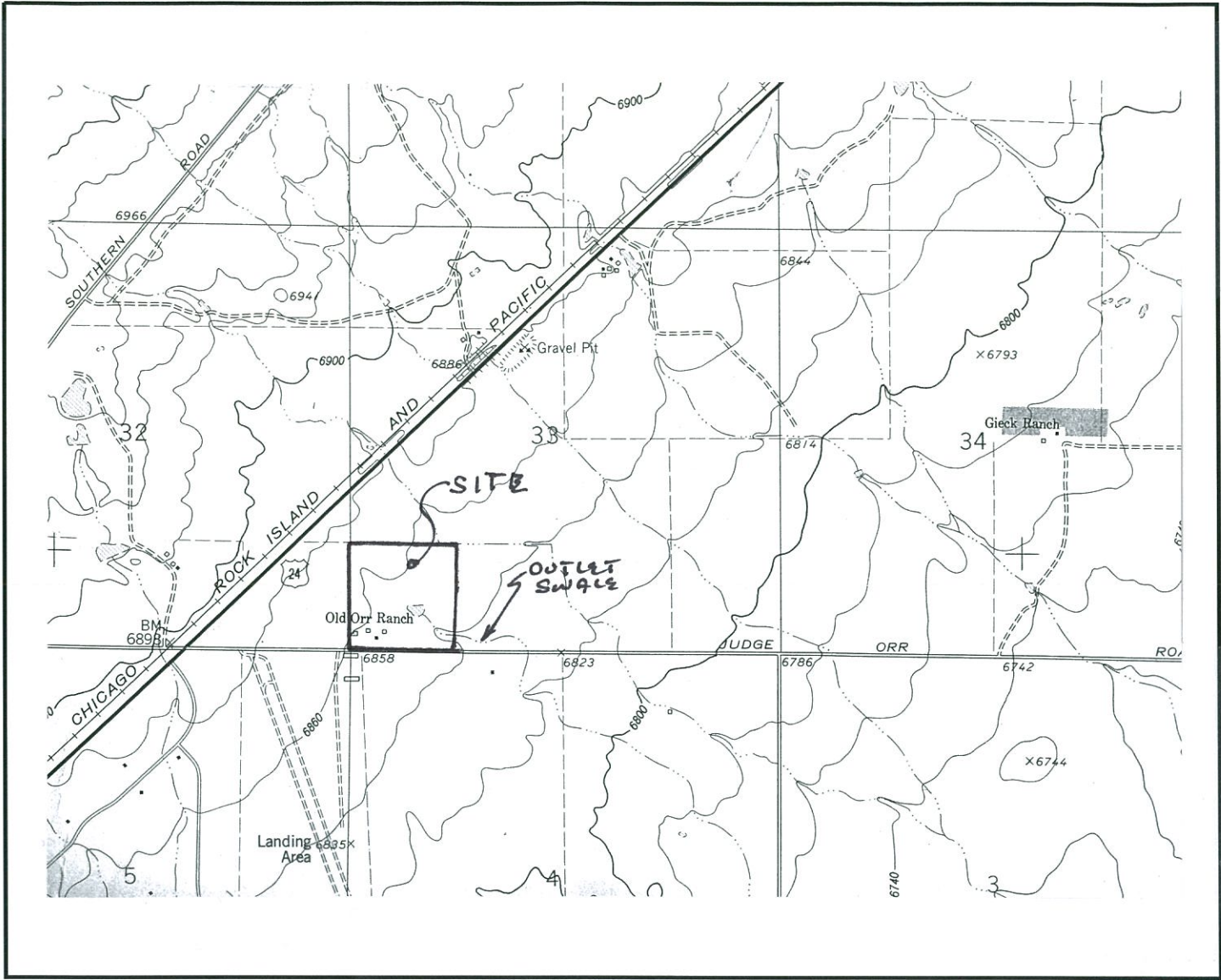


OFFSITE
DRAINAGE MAP

SCALE: 1" = 500'



3520 Austin Bluffs Pkwy, Suite 102
 Colorado Springs, CO 80918
 (719) 266-5212
 fax: (719) 266-5341



OFFSITE DRAINAGE MAP

SCALE; 1"=2000'



3520 Austin Bluffs Pkwy, Suite 102
 Colorado Springs, CO 80918
 (719) 266-5212
 fax: (719) 266-5341

Developed Conditions							
	TOTAL	SURFACE CONDITION AREAS				CALCULATED C	
AREA	AREA	GRASSED	LOOSE	GRAVEL	PAVED	5	100
		SURFACE	GRAVEL	RV	ROADS		
DESIG.	(acre)			PARKING		YR	YR
A1	8.30	0.61	7.69	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.67
A2	2.63	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.75	0.63	0.76
A3	6.85	3.88	0.00	1.15	1.82	0.38	0.57
A4	12.57	9.18	0.00	1.49	1.90	0.26	0.48
Total @Pond	30.35	14.55	7.69	2.64	5.47		
A5	1.80	1.72	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.38
% Impervious		0%	80%	80%	100%		
Imp x A		0	6.15	2.11	5.47		
Total I x A	13.73						
Total Imp	13.73/30.35 = 45.2%						
B	0.87	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.35
OS1	7.81	7.19	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.15	0.40
OS2	42.70	19.20	0.00	0.00	23.50	0.53	0.69
OS3	27.21	From Heagler DBPS				0.30	0.60
OS4	4.18	2.82	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.35	0.55
OS5	0.70	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.41	0.59
Pond 1							
% Impervious							
	TOTAL	GRASSED	NEIGHBORHOOD				
	AREA	SURFACE	COMMERCIAL				
OS1	7.81	7.81					
OS2	42.70	1.65	41.05				
	50.51	9.46	41.05				
% Impervious		0%	70%				
Imp x A		0	28.74				
Total I x A	28.74						
Total Imp	28.74/50.51 = 56.9%						

JUDGE ORR ROAD RV PARK & STORAGE DEVELOPMENT																			
PROJ. #160301																			
DRAINAGE CALCULATION SHEET																			
file:judge orr rv1 dr																			
02/12/19																			
AREA DESIG.	AREA (acre)	C5 (5 yr)	C100 (100 yr)	C5 X A	C100 X A	Initial Tci		Travel Time		TC (min)	Tt (min)	I5 (in/hr)	I100 (in/hr)	Q5 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)	length L (feet)	vel. V (fps)	^t (min)	AREA DESIG.
						Slope (%)	ti (min)	L (ft)	Slope (%)										
EXISTING CONDITIONS																			
A1	11.75	0.08	0.35	0.94	4.11	200	2.00	21.46	1150	1.90	2.10	2.29	4.00	2.15	16.47				A1
OS1	7.81	0.15	0.40	1.17	3.12	150	2.00	17.31	600	1.18	2.35	2.80	4.89	3.28	15.27	450	4.50	1.67	OS1
OS2	22.10	0.09	0.36	1.99	7.96	150	2.00	18.40	1400	1.20	1.20	19.44	37.85	4.00	27.97				OS2
DP1	29.91			3.16	11.08									6.36	38.95	1250	2.10	9.92	DP1
A2	17.47	0.08	0.35	1.40	6.11	250	3.20	20.55	1400	1.90	2.10	11.11	31.66	3.14	23.98				A2
DP2	47.38			4.56	17.19									7.91	52.10				DP2
OS3	27.21	0.30	0.60	8.16	16.33	250	2.00	18.82	1570	2.90	1.80	14.54	33.35	17.76	62.04	1800	4.00	7.50	OS3
OS4	25.14	0.16	0.41	4.02	10.31	250	2.00	22.11	1800	1.00	2.00	15.00	37.11	8.20	36.68				OS4
DP3	52.35			12.19	26.63									24.83	94.79	1050	2.25	7.78	DP3
A3	2.80	0.14	0.39	0.39	1.09	100	2.00	14.28	1050	1.23	2.25	7.78	22.06	1.08	5.27				A3
OS5	0.82	0.41	0.60	0.34	0.49	10	2.00	3.25	1050	1.23	2.25	7.78	11.02	1.31	3.34				OS5
DP4	55.97			12.91	28.22									23.32	89.02				DP4
DP5	115.10			18.41	49.52									33.25	156.23				DP5
B	0.87	0.08	0.35	0.07	0.30	80	2.00	13.57	650	1.30	2.30	4.71	18.28	0.21	1.62				B
DEVELOPED CONDITIONS																			
OS1	7.81	0.15	0.40	1.17	3.12	150	2.00	17.31	600	1.18	2.35	4.26	21.56	3.28	15.27	450	4.50	1.67	OS1
OS2	42.70	0.08	0.35	3.42	14.95	150	2.00	18.58	1200	1.20	1.20	16.67	35.25	7.19	54.91				OS2
DP1	50.51			4.59	18.07									9.65	66.39				DP1
DPD1	50.51			0.05	13.81									0.10	50.70	70	10.00	0.12	DPD1
*Adjusted C Factor for Detention Basin																			
A1	8.30	0.56	0.68	4.65	5.64	100	2.00	8.03	1150	1.50	1.20	15.97	24.01	12.26	26.00	650	1.20	9.03	A1
A3	6.85	0.38	0.57	2.60	3.90	100	2.00	10.71	950	1.50	1.20	13.19	23.91	6.88	18.03				A3
A2	2.63	0.63	0.76	1.66	2.00	35	2.00	4.14	700	1.50	1.20	9.72	13.86	5.81	12.23	1000	1.20	13.89	A2
A4	12.57	0.39	0.57	4.90	7.16	100	2.00	10.56	1100	1.50	1.20	15.28	25.84	12.40	31.65				A4
DP2	15.20			6.56	9.16									15.92	38.86	230	1.20	3.19	DP2
DP3	30.35			13.81	18.71									30.22	71.53	150	5.00	0.50	DP3
DPD2	30.35			0.46	9.87									1.00	37.70				DPD2
DP4	30.35			0.51	23.68									1.12	90.52				DP4
OS3	27.21	0.30	0.60	8.16	16.33	250	2.00	18.82	1570	2.90	1.80	14.54	33.35	17.76	62.04	1800	4.00	7.50	OS3
OS4	4.18	0.35	0.55	1.46	2.30	100	2.00	11.16	1800	1.00	2.00	15.00	26.16	3.67	10.09				OS4
DP5	31.39			9.63	18.63									18.47	62.40	1020	5.00	3.40	DP5

Location	Q5 cfs	Q100 cfs	S %	B ft	n	Z	D ft	d100 ft	V fps	Froude #	Riprap Size in	Riprap Size in	2.41	4.21	0.35	2.88	A5
A5	1.80	0.08	0.38	0.14	0.68	180	2.00	20.36	1050	1.23	2.25	7.78	28.14	2.41	0.35	2.88	A5
OS5	0.70	0.41	0.59	0.29	0.42	10	2.00	3.26	1300	1.23	2.25	9.63	12.89	3.62	1.04	2.63	OS5
DP6	33.89			10.06	19.72								44.25	1.82	18.33	62.80	DP6
DP7	64.24			10.57	43.40								44.25	1.82	19.26	138.19	DP7
B	0.87	0.08	0.35	0.07	0.30	80	2.00	13.57	650	1.30	2.30	4.71	18.28	3.05	0.21	1.62	B
* C Factor Adjusted to Model Flows from Detention Model into Rational Method Design																	
DITCH CAPACITY CALCULATION SHEET																	
Swale Location	Q5 cfs	Q100 cfs	S %	B ft	n	Z	D ft	d100 ft	V fps	Froude #	Riprap Size in	Riprap Size in					
Swale A	6.4	39.0	1.00	4.00	0.035	3:1	3.00	1.30	3.70	0.71							
Swale B	3.0	10.0	1.00	0.00	0.035	3:1	1.50	1.10	2.75	0.65							
Swale C	17.2	36.5	1.40	0.00	0.035	3:1, 1%	1.00	1.10	2.75	0.65							
Swale D	17.2	36.5	1.50	0.00	0.035	3:1	2.00	1.70	4.40	0.86							
Swale E	6.5	17.3	1.40	0.00	0.035	15:1	1.00	0.70	2.50	0.74							
Swale F	15.9	38.9	1.50	0.00	0.015	56:1	0.25	0.3*	2.80	1.56	asphalt road						
Judge Orr Rd								*45									
Ditch G	18.5	62.4	1.60	4.00	0.035	3:1/4:1	2.00	1.40	4.90	0.91							
Ditch H	18.3	62.8	1.60	4.00	0.035	3:1/4:1	2.50	1.40	4.90	0.91							
Spillway K	30.2	71.5	5.00	40.00	0.040	3:1	2.00	0.40	4.40	1.25	0.20	Use 12"					
Spillway Swale L	30.2	71.5	5.00	10.00	0.040	3:1	2.00	0.90	6.60	1.37	0.45	Use 12"					
Exist Swale At																	
E PL Line	1.0	90.5	1.70	8.00	0.040	8:1	6.00	1.20	4.10	0.82							
*Swale 300'																	
E of PL	19.3	138.2	1.70	8.00	0.040	8:1	6.00	1.50	4.60	0.84							
*Det Breach																	
Flow	---	185.0	1.70	8.00	0.040	8:1	6.00	1.70	5.00	0.84							
*Flows from the development travel within a natural swale covered with rangeland grasses. No downstream manmade facilities exist.																	
STORM SEWER HYDRAULIC GRADELINE CALCULATION SHEET																	
Location	Pipe Size	Slope %	Q5	Q100	Pipe Cap	Critical d	Invert										
DPD1	30"	1.3	1.3	50.7	54.5	2.3	6855.5	Future Pond Flows									
A3	18"	5.7	6.7	18.0	29.2	1.45	6842.1										
DP5	(2) 38"x24"	1.0	16.3	59.6	44	1.36	6856.0										
DP6	(2) 38"x24"	1.0	16.3	60.1	44	1.36	6841.6										

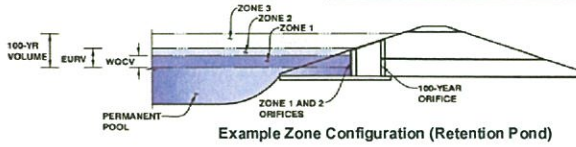
SPILLWAY CALCULATIONS		FOREBAY CALCULATIONS	
b = 40'		2% OF WQV	
d = 1.0'		0.02 X 0.489 = 0.0098 AF = 426 CF	
C = 3.0			
		FOREBAY NOTCH CALCULATIONS	
Q = d ^{1.5} xbxc		0.02 OF 100YR FLOW	
Q100 = 71.5 cfs		0.02 X 117.6 = 1.43 CFS	
QMAX=120.0 cfs		W = Q/(D ^{1.5} X C)	
		W = 1.43/(1X3.0) = 0.48 FT	
OUTLET PIPE RIPRAP SIZE CALCULATIONS			
Q100 = 71.5 cfs			
36" RCP @ 3.0%			
yt=Downstream tailwater			
Y=1.4'			
yt/D=1.4/2.5=0.56			
Q/D ^{1.5} =77.5/(2.5 ^{1.5})=19.6			
Use Type M Riprap per Table 5-7, 5'x10'			

Update the Basin ID to match the Detention Basin Stage-Storage Table Builder worksheet.

Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: Judge Orr Road RV Park and Storage
 Basin ID: Pond 2 (Basins A1+A2)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Stage (ft)	Zone Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.96	0.489	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	5.33	0.965	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	7.46	1.187	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total		2.641	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
 Underdrain Orifice Diameter = inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area = ft²
 Underdrain Orifice Centroid = feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = inches
 Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = sq. inches (diameter = 1-7/8 inches)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row = ft²
 Elliptical Half-Width = feet
 Elliptical Slot Centroid = feet
 Elliptical Slot Area = ft²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.99	3.97					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	2.81	2.81	2.81					
	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

	Not Selected	Not Selected	
Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A	ft ²
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A	feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox) and Grate (Flat or Sloped)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H _o =	5.33	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	5.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Slope =	4.00	N/A	H:V (enter zero for flat grate)
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	5.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Grate Open Area % =	70%	N/A	%, grate open area/total area
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H ₁ =	6.58	N/A	feet
Over Flow Weir Slope Length =	5.15	N/A	feet
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	42.02	N/A	should be ≥ 4
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	18.04	N/A	ft ²
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	9.02	N/A	ft ²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.00	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	36.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	4.00	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Outlet Orifice Area =	0.43	N/A	ft ²
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.20	N/A	feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	0.68	N/A	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 Spillway Crest Length = feet
 Spillway End Slopes = H:V
 Freeboard above Max Water Surface = feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Design Flow Depth = feet
 Stage at Top of Freeboard = feet
 Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = acres

Routed Hydrograph Results

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	0.53	1.07	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.01
Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.489	1.455	1.161	1.599	2.210	3.185	3.852	4.726	6.237
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =									
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	0.500	1.485	1.186	1.632	2.257	3.253	3.933	4.826	6.364
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.20	0.66	0.91	1.23	1.74
Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.6	6.1	20.0	27.7	37.3	52.8
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	8.1	23.8	19.0	26.1	35.9	51.5	62.1	75.9	99.4
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.2	0.5	0.4	1.0	5.0	5.6	19.2	37.7	65.0
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.7	0.8	0.3	0.7	1.0	1.2
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Plate	Plate	Overflow Grate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway	Spillway	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	38	67	61	69	68	66	65	62	58
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	71	64	73	73	74	74	73	71
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	2.87	5.23	4.60	5.48	6.14	7.51	7.98	8.16	8.36
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.32	0.48	0.44	0.50	0.54	0.63	0.66	0.67	0.69
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.481	1.409	1.120	1.591	1.879	2.670	2.981	3.095	3.231

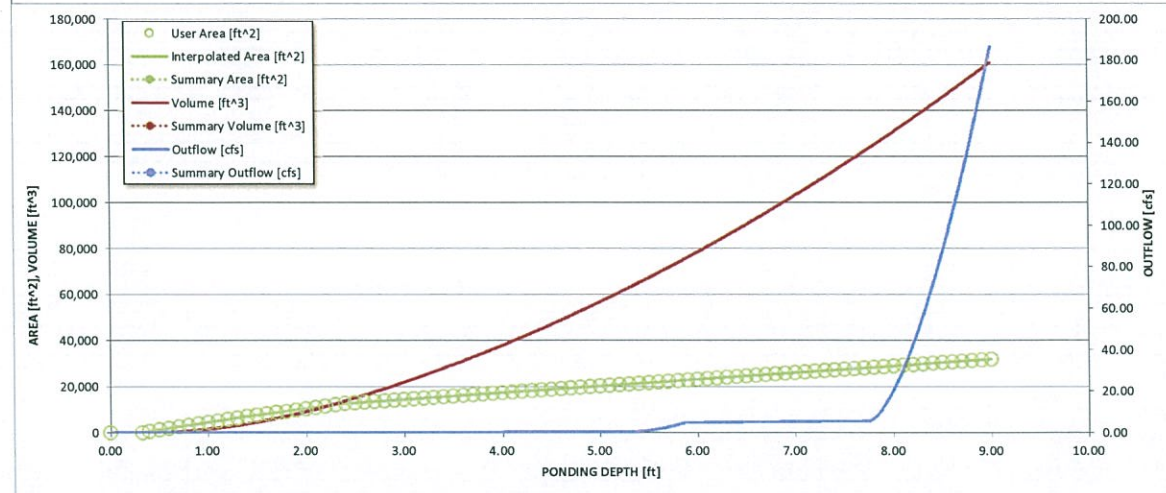
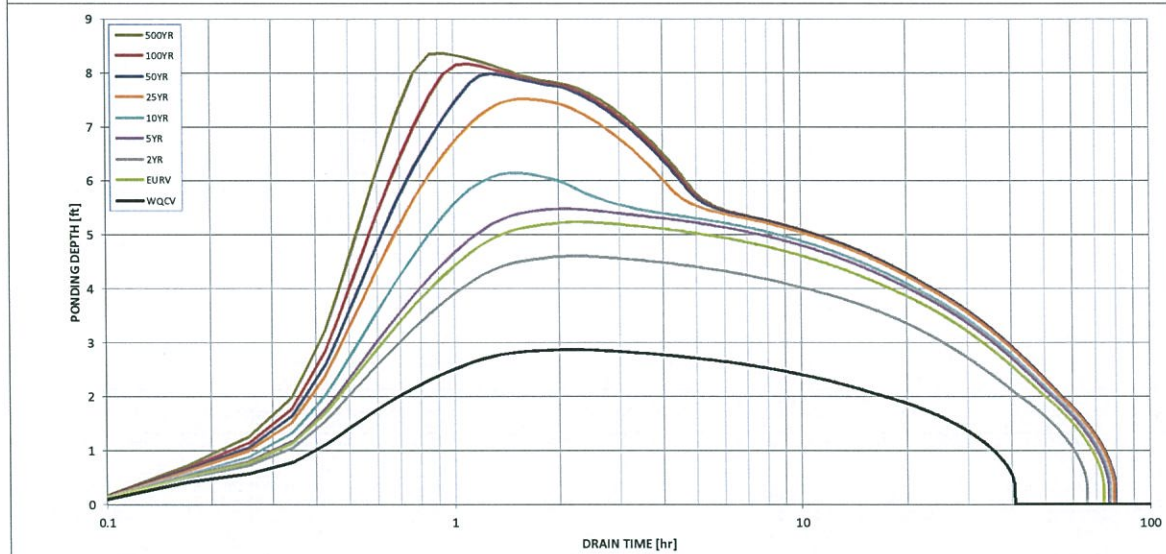
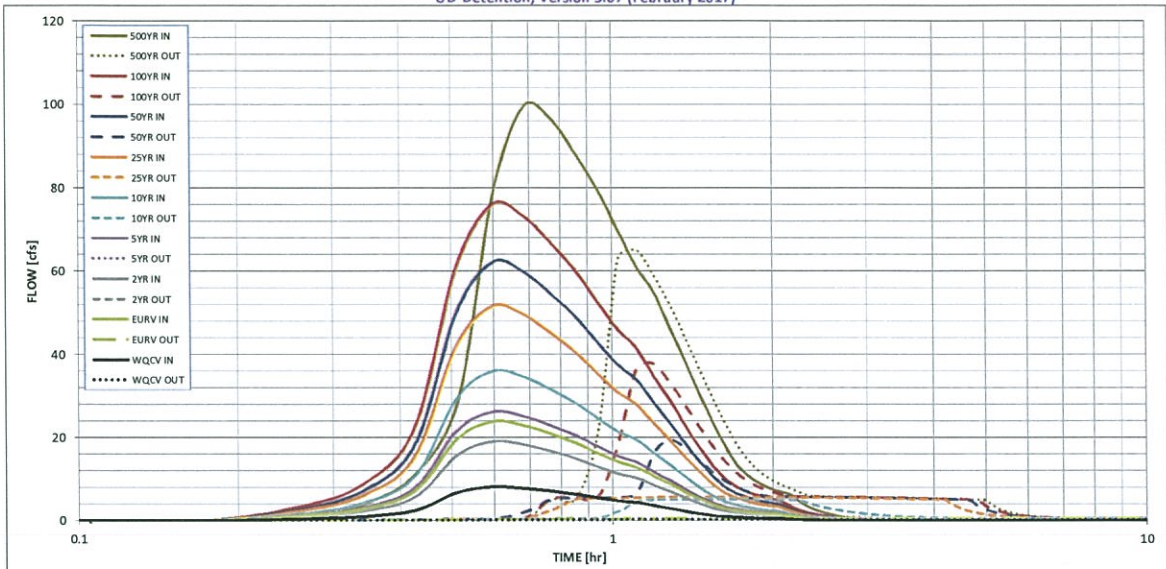
Unresolved.

1. 5yr must be at or below historic rate.
2. Revise design so 50 yr and 100yr goes through the outlet pipe.

Staff recommendation to address the two comments is to adjust the Zone 3 weir height higher than 5.33 ft.

Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

UD-DETENTION, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: Judge Orr Road RV Park and Storage

Basin ID: Pond 2 (Basins A1+A2+A3+A4)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Required Volume Calculation

Selected BMP Type =	EDB
Watershed Area =	30.35 acres
Watershed Length =	1,000 ft
Watershed Slope =	0.018 ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	45.20% percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	0.0% percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	100.0% percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group C/D =	0.0% percent
Desired WQCV Drain Time =	40.0 hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depth =	Denver - Capital Building
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.489 acre-foot
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	1.455 acre-foot
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =	1.181 acre-foot
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) =	1.509 acre-foot
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	2.210 acre-foot
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	3.185 acre-foot
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	3.852 acre-foot
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.52 in.) =	4.728 acre-foot
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.01 in.) =	6.237 acre-foot
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	1.086 acre-foot
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	1.502 acre-foot
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	2.022 acre-foot
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	2.233 acre-foot
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	2.338 acre-foot
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	2.641 acre-foot

Optional User Override 1-hr Precipitation	
1.19	inches
1.50	inches
1.75	inches
2.00	inches
2.25	inches
2.52	inches
3.01	inches

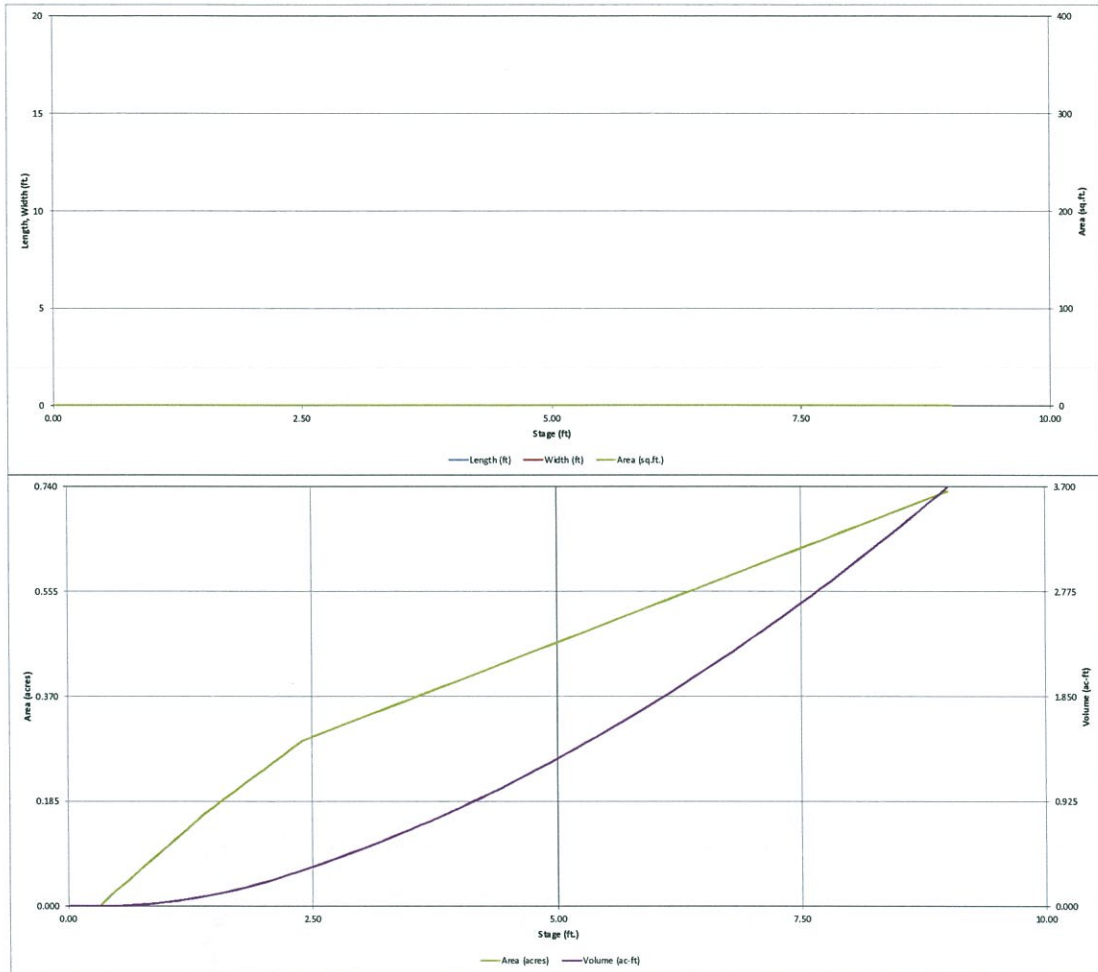
Stage-Storage Calculation

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.489	acre-foot
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.965	acre-foot
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	1.187	acre-foot
Total Detention Basin Volume =	2.641	acre-foot
Initial Surcharge Volume (SV) =	user	acre-foot
Initial Surcharge Depth (SD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H _{avail}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H _{tc}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S _{tc}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S _{main}) =	user	ft/ft
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R _{L/W}) =	user	
Initial Surcharge Area (A _{sv}) =	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length (L _{sv}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W _{sv}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H ₁₀₀) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L ₁₀₀) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W ₁₀₀) =	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A ₁₀₀) =	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor (V ₁₀₀) =	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin (H _{main}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L _{main}) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W _{main}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A _{main}) =	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin (V _{main}) =	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V _{total}) =	user	acre-foot

Stage - Storage Description	Stage (ft)	Optional Override Stage (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Optional Override Area (ft ²)	Area (acres)	Volume (ft ³)	Volume (ac-ft)
Top of Forepool	0.00				30		0.001		
6834	0.33				90		0.001	10	0.000
	0.40				608		0.014	26	0.001
	0.50				1,258		0.029	113	0.003
	0.60				1,908		0.044	265	0.006
	0.70				2,558		0.059	482	0.011
	0.80				3,208		0.074	764	0.018
	0.90				3,858		0.089	1,110	0.025
	1.00				4,508		0.103	1,522	0.035
	1.10				5,158		0.118	1,999	0.046
	1.20				5,808		0.133	2,541	0.058
6835	1.30				6,458		0.148	3,148	0.072
	1.40				7,108		0.163	3,819	0.088
	1.50				7,768		0.178	4,552	0.105
	1.60				8,428		0.193	5,342	0.123
	1.70				9,088		0.208	6,187	0.142
	1.80				9,748		0.215	7,088	0.163
	1.90				10,408		0.227	8,045	0.185
	2.00				11,068		0.240	9,058	0.208
	2.10				11,728		0.253	10,238	0.235
	2.20				12,388		0.266	11,368	0.261
6836	2.30				13,048		0.279	12,555	0.288
	2.40				13,708		0.292	13,798	0.317
	2.50				14,368		0.298	15,063	0.346
	2.60				15,028		0.305	16,368	0.376
	2.70				15,688		0.312	17,711	0.407
	2.80				16,348		0.318	19,113	0.438
	2.90				17,008		0.325	20,515	0.471
	3.00				17,668		0.332	21,945	0.504
	3.10				18,328		0.338	23,404	0.537
	3.20				18,988		0.345	24,892	0.571
6837	3.30				19,648		0.352	26,410	0.606
	3.40				20,308		0.358	27,956	0.642
	3.50				20,968		0.365	29,531	0.678
	3.60				21,628		0.372	31,136	0.715
	3.70				22,288		0.378	32,769	0.752
	3.80				22,948		0.385	34,431	0.790
	3.90				23,608		0.392	36,123	0.829
	4.00				24,268		0.398	37,843	0.869
	4.10				24,928		0.405	39,592	0.909
	4.20				25,588		0.412	41,370	0.950
6838	4.30				26,248		0.418	43,178	0.991
	4.40				26,908		0.425	45,014	1.033
	4.50				27,568		0.432	46,879	1.076
	4.60				28,228		0.438	48,774	1.120
	4.70				28,888		0.445	50,697	1.164
	4.80				29,548		0.452	52,649	1.209
	4.90				30,208		0.458	54,631	1.254
	5.00				30,868		0.465	56,641	1.300
	5.10				31,528		0.471	58,680	1.347
	5.20				32,188		0.478	60,748	1.395
6839	5.30				32,848		0.485	62,846	1.443
	5.40				33,508		0.491	64,972	1.492
	5.50				34,168		0.498	67,127	1.541
	5.60				34,828		0.505	69,312	1.591
	5.70				35,488		0.511	71,525	1.642
	5.80				36,148		0.518	73,767	1.693
	5.90				36,808		0.525	76,039	1.746
	6.00				37,468		0.531	78,339	1.798
	6.10				38,128		0.538	80,668	1.852
	6.20				38,788		0.545	83,026	1.906
6840	6.30				39,448		0.551	85,414	1.961
	6.40				40,108		0.558	87,830	2.016
	6.50				40,768		0.565	90,275	2.072
	6.60				41,428		0.571	92,750	2.129
	6.70				42,088		0.578	95,253	2.187
	6.80				42,748		0.585	97,785	2.245
	6.90				43,408		0.591	100,347	2.304
	7.00				44,068		0.598	102,937	2.363
	7.10				44,728		0.605	105,556	2.423
	7.20				45,388		0.611	108,204	2.484
6841	7.30				46,048		0.618	110,882	2.545
	7.40				46,708		0.625	113,588	2.608
	7.50				47,368		0.631	116,323	2.670
	7.60				48,028		0.638	119,088	2.734
	7.70				48,688		0.645	121,881	2.798
	7.80				49,348		0.651	124,703	2.863
	7.90				50,008		0.658	127,555	2.928
	8.00				50,668		0.665	130,435	2.994
	8.10				51,328		0.671	133,344	3.061
	8.20				51,988		0.678	136,282	3.129
	8.30				52,648		0.685	139,250	3.197
	8.40				53,308		0.691	142,246	3.266
	8.50				53,968		0.698	145,271	3.335
	8.60				54,628		0.704	148,325	3.405
	8.70				55,288		0.711	151,409	3.476
	8.80				55,948		0.718	154,521	3.547
	8.90				56,608		0.724	157,663	3.619
	9.00				57,268		0.731	160,833	3.692

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

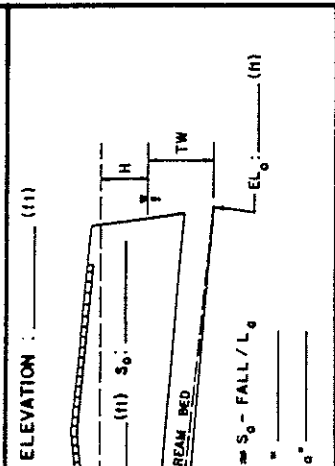
UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



PROJECT: Judge Orr Rd By Pass
Culvert At DP 1

STATION: _____ OF _____
 SHEET _____ OF _____

CULVERT DESIGN FORM
 DESIGNER/DATE: MSB / 2/7/88
 REVIEWER/DATE: _____ / _____



HYDROLOGICAL DATA
 METHOD: RATIONAL
 DRAINAGE AREA: 2991 □ STREAM SLOPE: 1%
 CHANNEL SHAPE: TRAP
 ROUTING: _____ □ OTHER: _____
 DESIGN FLOWS/TAIWATER
 R.I. (YEARS) 100 FLOW (cfs) 39.0 (KUST) TW (ft) _____

CULVERT DESCRIPTION:
 MATERIAL - SHAPE - SIZE - ENTRANCE
HDPE 30" w/Fs

TOTAL FLOW PER BARREL Q (cfs) (1)	INLET CONTROL		HEADWATER CALCULATIONS				OUTLET CONTROL	CONTROL HEADWATER ELEVATION	OUTLET VELOCITY	COMMENTS
	HW ₁ /D (2)	HW ₁ (3)	FALL (3)	EL _{hi} (4)	TW (5)	d _c (6)				
39.0	37.0	1.48	37.0					61.75		

TECHNICAL FOOTNOTES:
 (1) USE Q/NB FOR BOX CULVERTS
 (2) HW₁/D = HW₁/D FROM DESIGN CHARTS
 (3) FALL = HW₁ - (EL_{hd} - EL₀); FALL IS ZERO FOR CULVERTS ON GRADE
 (4) EL_{hd} = HW₁; EL_{hi} (INVERT OF INLET CONTROL SECTION)
 (5) TW BASED ON DOWN STREAM CONTROL OR FLOW DEPTH IN CHANNEL.
 (6) h_o = TW or (d_c + D/2) (WHICHEVER IS GREATER)
 (7) H = [1 + h_o (29n² L) / R133] V² / 2g
 (8) EL_{no} = EL₀ + H + h_o

SUBSCRIPT DEFINITIONS:
 0. APPROXIMATE
 1. CULVERT FACE
 2. DESIGN HEADWATER
 3. HEADWATER IN INLET CONTROL
 4. HEADWATER IN OUTLET CONTROL
 5. INLET CONTROL SECTION
 6. OUTLET CONTROL SECTION
 7. TW BASED AT CULVERT FACE
 8. TAILWATER

COMMENTS / DISCUSSION:
PIPE INLET DESIGNED FOR SEAF. COND. PIPE WILL BE CONNECTED IN THE FUTURE TO AN EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN

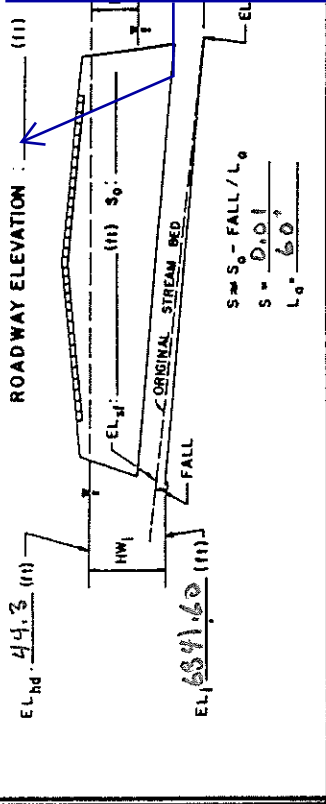
CULVERT BARREL SELECTED:
 SIZE: _____
 SHAPE: _____
 MATERIAL: _____
 ENTRANCE: _____

PROJECT: Jesse Ore Rd By Pass
6.50' Culvert

STATION: _____ OF _____
 SHEET _____

DESIGNER/DATE: AKS / 2/7/8
 REVIEWER/DATE: _____ / _____

Identify the elevation of the driveway to show if overtopping occurs that it meets criteria for depth of flow.



ROADWAY ELEVATION: _____ (II)
 $S = S_0 - \text{FALL} / L_0$
 $S = 0.01$
 $L_0 = 60'$

HYDROLOGICAL DATA
 METHOD: RATION
 DRAINAGE AREA: 33.89 STREAM SLOPE: 1.8%
 CHANNEL SHAPE: TRAP
 ROUTING: _____ OTHER: _____

DESIGN FLOWS/TAIWATER
 R.L. (YEARS) FLOW (cfs) TW (ft)
5 18.3 0.8
100 62.8 1.4

CULVERT DESCRIPTION: MATERIAL - SHAPE - SIZE - ENTRANCE	TOTAL FLOW PER BARREL Q (cfs)	HW ₁ /D (2)	INLET CONTROL			OUTLET CONTROL			COMMENTS
			FALL (3)	EL _{h1} (4)	TW (5)	d _c (6)	h ₀ (7)	EL _{h0} (8)	
<u>100cp- (2) 36" X 24" w/ HDWL</u>	<u>62.8</u>	<u>1.22</u>	<u>2.44</u>	<u>44.04</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>1.8</u>	<u>1.35</u>	<u>44.15</u>	
	<u>18.3</u>	<u>0.59</u>	<u>1.18</u>	<u>42.78</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>1.45</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>42.55</u>	

HEADWATER CALCULATIONS
 (6) $h_0 = TW$ or $(d_c + D/2)$ (WHICHEVER IS GREATER)
 (7) $H = \left[1 + h_0^3 (29n^2 L) / R^{1.33} \right]^{1/3} V^2 / 2g$
 (8) $EL_{h0} = EL_0 + H + h_0$

TECHNICAL FOOTNOTES:
 (1) USE Q/NB FOR BOX CULVERTS
 (2) $HW_1/D = HW/D$ OR HW_1/D FROM DESIGN CHARTS
 (3) $FALL = HW_1 - (EL_{h1} - EL_{h1})$; FALL IS ZERO FOR CULVERTS ON GRADE

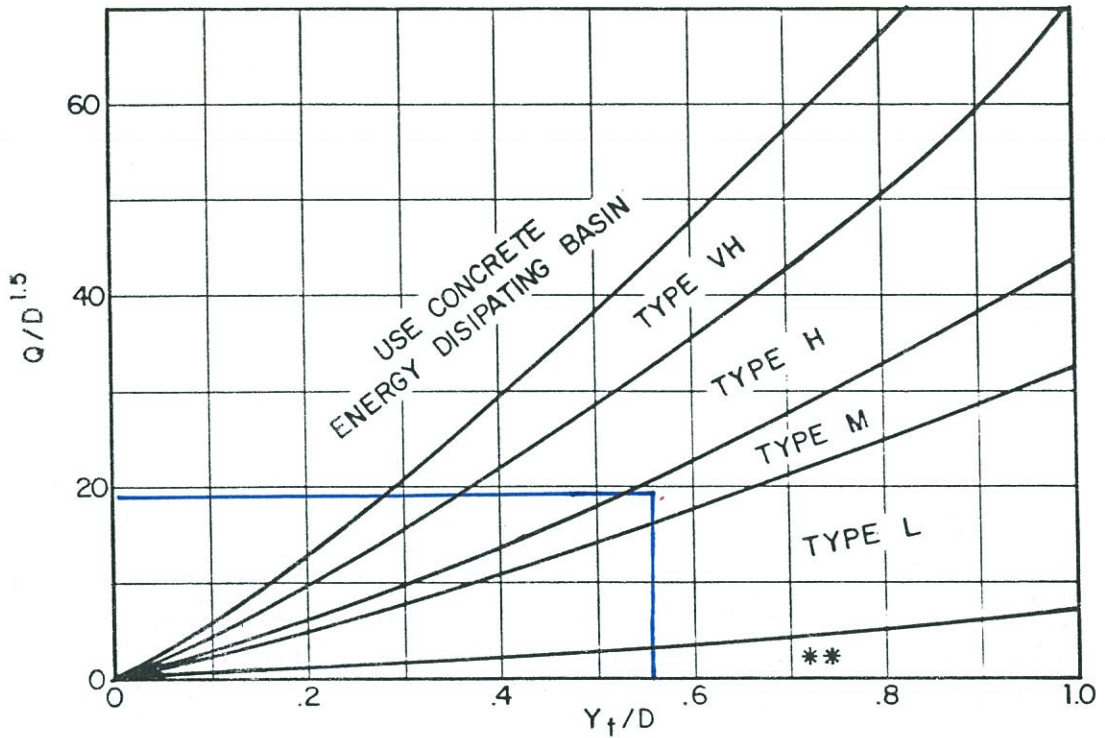
SUBSCRIPT DEFINITIONS:
 0. APPROXIMATE
 1. CULVERT FACE
 2. DESIGN HEADWATER
 3. HEADWATER IN INLET CONTROL
 4. HEADWATER IN OUTLET CONTROL
 5. INLET CONTROL SECTION
 6. OUTLET CONTROL SECTION
 7. TAILWATER AT CULVERT FACE
 8. TAILWATER

COMMENTS / DISCUSSION:
 CULVERT BARREL SELECTED:
 SIZE: _____
 SHAPE: _____
 MATERIAL: _____
 ENTRANCE: _____

Unresolved. Provide the outlet velocity. If it exceeds the allowable for native grass then erosion protection is required.



Outlet protection calculation is incomplete.
 Show the variables used.
 Additionally, this only provides the riprap sizing, but not the required length for the protection. Use the UD-Culvert worksheet. The length of outlet protection appears to be inadequate.



Use D_d instead of D whenever flow is supercritical in the barrel.
 ** Use Type L for a distance of $3D$ downstream.

FOR POND 2 OUTLET PIPE

FIGURE 5-7. RIPRAP EROSION PROTECTION AT CIRCULAR CONDUIT OUTLET.

APPENDIX C

DETENTION POND

GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS

July 25, 2018



ENTECH
ENGINEERING, INC.

505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80907
PHONE (719) 531-5599
FAX (719) 531-5238

William Guman & Associates, Ltd.
731 North Weber Street, Suite 10
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903

Attn: Bill Guman

Re: Detention Pond
Judge Orr RV Park and Storage
PCD File No. PPR-18-040
El Paso County, Colorado

Dear Mr. Guman:

The detention pond referenced above will be constructed within the Judge Orr RV Park and Storage property at the southeastern corner of the proposed facility, north of the intersection of Judge Orr Road and Cessna Drive. Two soil investigations have been conducted on the property in the vicinity of the detention pond; a Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard, and Wastewater Study dated December 12, 2016, revised July 25, 2018, Job No. 160533 and a Tactile Test Pit Observation & Septic Design Letter dated August 16, 2017, Job No. 160533. The findings and development recommendations are reported under separate covers. This letter should be used in conjunction with our Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard, and Wastewater Study and Tactile Test Pit Observation & Septic Design Letter. This document provides recommendations for constructing a detention pond based on our investigations, laboratory testing, and requirements specified in the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual.

The soils in the vicinity of the pond were recovered from test pits and a profile hole prepared nearby. The location of the test boring/pits and the test boring/pit logs are included in the Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard, and Wastewater Study and Tactile Test Pit Observation & Septic Design Letter. The soils recovered north of the pond were described as fine to coarse grained clayey sand loam, fine to coarse grained sand loam, and sandy clay loam to depths of 8 to 10 feet. The soils south and west of the pond were described as fine to coarse grained clayey sand loam, fine to coarse grained sand loam, and sandy clay loam to depths of 5.5 to 6 feet with underlying sandy claystone. A test boring drilled west of the pond to a depth of 20-feet encountered clayey sand to a 9-foot depth overlying very clayey sandstone. Groundwater was not encountered in the test pits and encountered at a depth of 17-feet in the test boring.

Grading Plans were not finalized, however discussions pertaining to the pond indicate that the pond embankments will be less than 10-feet with significant cuts likely. Based on the existing site topography, cuts of 6 to 9 feet are likely exposing the underlying sandstone and claystone on the western and southern portions of the pond. Laboratory testing on a sample of sandstone obtained from the test boring determined the soil to contain between approximately 9 and 98 percent of the materials passing a No. 200 sieve (SC and CL) and the bedrock to contain 46.3 percent on one sample.

The detention pond design parameters and geometry shall conform to the requirements specified in the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. Sandstone/Claystone will likely be exposed in the southern portion of the supporting the pond embankment based on the soil investigations referenced herein. The undisturbed sandstone/claystone will provide a soil bearing capacity of 3,500 psf, and soil mitigation will likely not be required. The embankment foundation shall be fully exposed and observed by personnel of Entech to determine mitigation requirements, if any, prior to constructing the embankment. Overexcavation of expansive material may be required for the outlet works which should be field determined. Groundwater is not expected at the proposed excavated depth depending on the time of year the pond is constructed. Seasonally perched groundwater is known to exist in the area and dewatering in conjunction with soil stabilization will likely be required if groundwater is encountered during construction.

The embankment soils shall be compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of the soils maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D-1557 at ± 2 percent of the soils optimum moisture content. Periodic observation and density testing will be performed during construction. Based on the suggested compaction efforts for the embankment soils and the expected foundation soils, it is likely that embankment settlement will be less than 3 percent of the embankment height.

We trust this letter has provided you with the information required to construct the proposed detention pond. If you have any questions or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully Submitted,

ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC.


Stan C. Culp, P.E.
Senior Engineer



SCC/sc
Entech Job No. 181205
F:\AA projects\2018\181205\180205 dp

Reviewed By:


Joseph C. Goede, Jr., P.E.
President

APPENDIX D

DESIGN CHARTS

Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method
(Source: UDFCD 2001)

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percent Impervious	Runoff Coefficients											
		2-year		5-year		10-year		25-year		50-year		100-year	
		HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D
Business													
Commercial Areas	95	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
Neighborhood Areas	70	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.53	0.57	0.58	0.62	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.68
Residential													
1/8 Acre or less	65	0.41	0.45	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.65
1/4 Acre	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
1/3 Acre	30	0.18	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.52	0.47	0.57
1/2 Acre	25	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.41	0.51	0.46	0.56
1 Acre	20	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.26	0.27	0.34	0.35	0.44	0.40	0.50	0.44	0.55
Industrial													
Light Areas	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Heavy Areas	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Parks and Cemeteries													
Parks and Cemeteries	7	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.19	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.40	0.34	0.46	0.39	0.52
Playgrounds	13	0.07	0.13	0.16	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.48	0.41	0.54
Railroad Yard Areas	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
Undeveloped Areas													
Historic Flow Analysis-- Greenbelts, Agriculture	2	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.38	0.31	0.45	0.36	0.51
Pasture/Meadow	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Forest	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Exposed Rock	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Offsite Flow Analysis (when landuse is undefined)	45	0.26	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.48	0.55	0.51	0.59
Streets													
Paved	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Gravel	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Drive and Walks													
Drive and Walks	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Roofs													
Roofs	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Lawns													
Lawns	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50

Figure 6-25. Estimate of Average Concentrated Shallow Flow

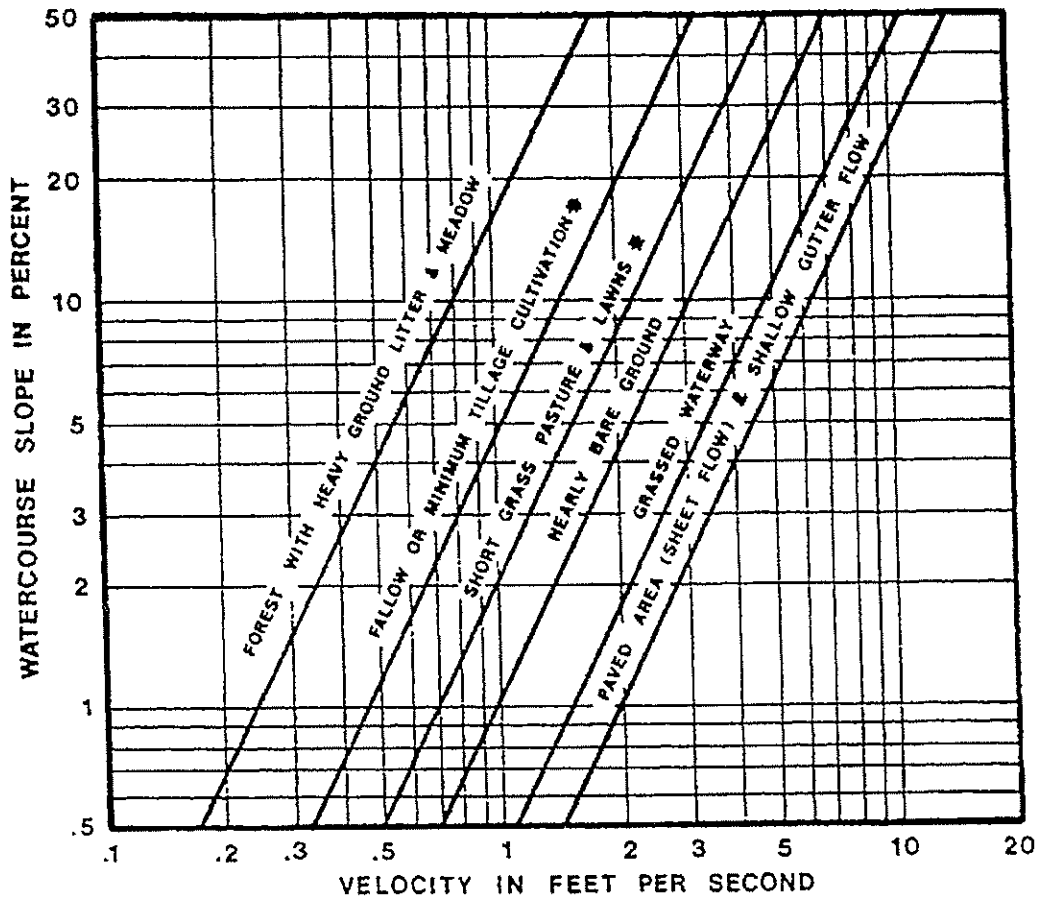
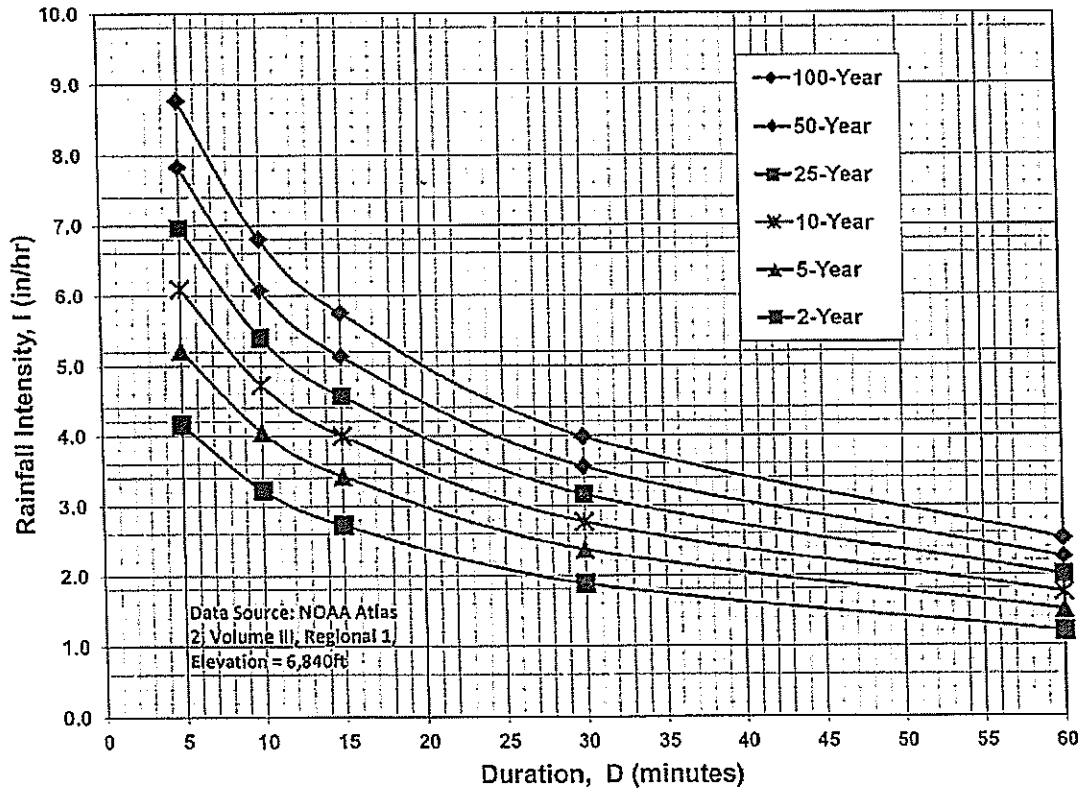


Figure 6-5. Colorado Springs Rainfall Intensity Duration Frequency



IDF Equations

$$I_{100} = -2.52 \ln(D) + 12.735$$

$$I_{50} = -2.25 \ln(D) + 11.375$$

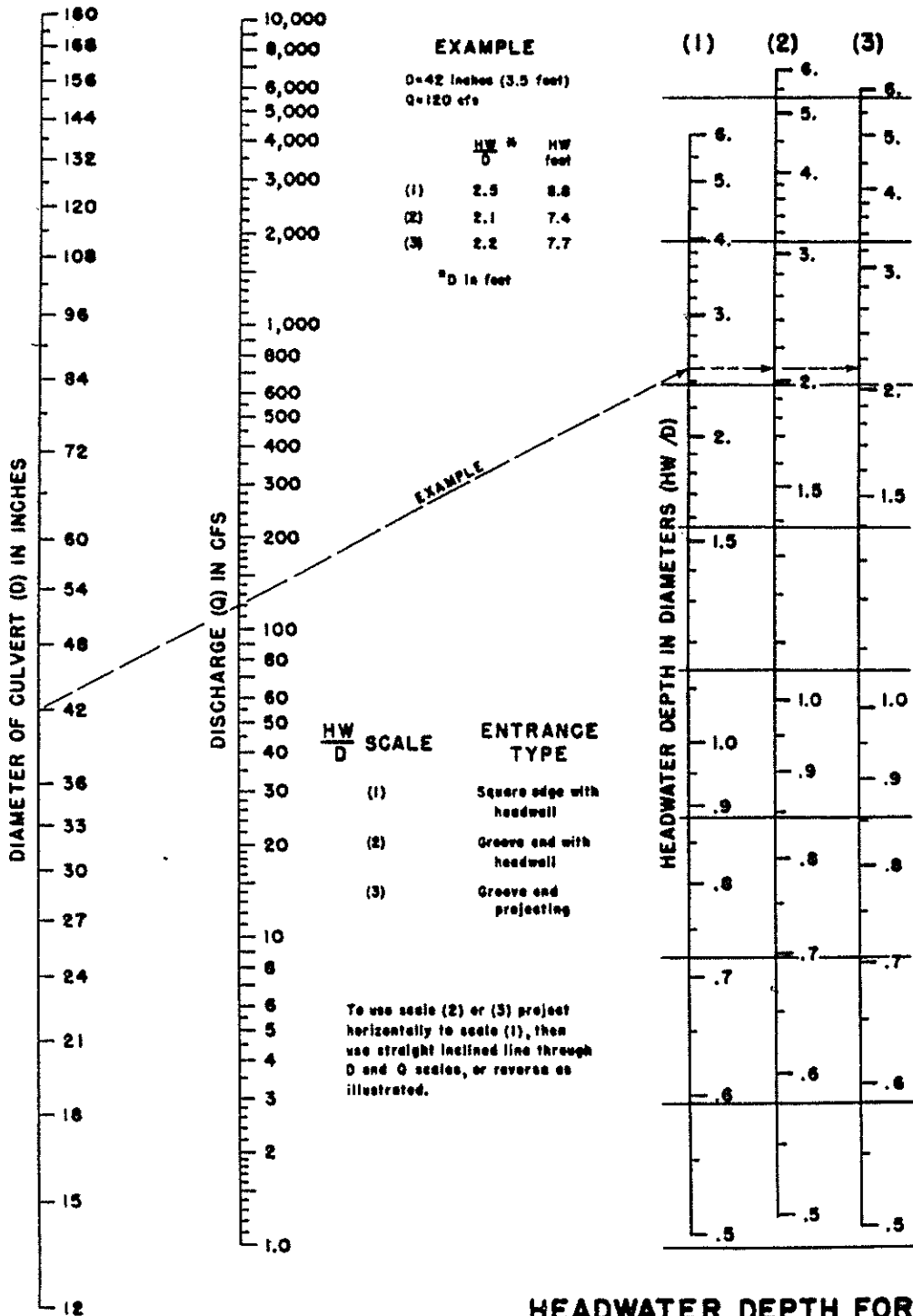
$$I_{25} = -2.00 \ln(D) + 10.111$$

$$I_{10} = -1.75 \ln(D) + 8.847$$

$$I_5 = -1.50 \ln(D) + 7.583$$

$$I_2 = -1.19 \ln(D) + 6.035$$

Note: Values calculated by equations may not precisely duplicate values read from figure.



**HEADWATER DEPTH FOR
 CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS
 WITH INLET CONTROL**

HEADWATER SCALES 2&3
 REVISED MAY 1964

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN 1962

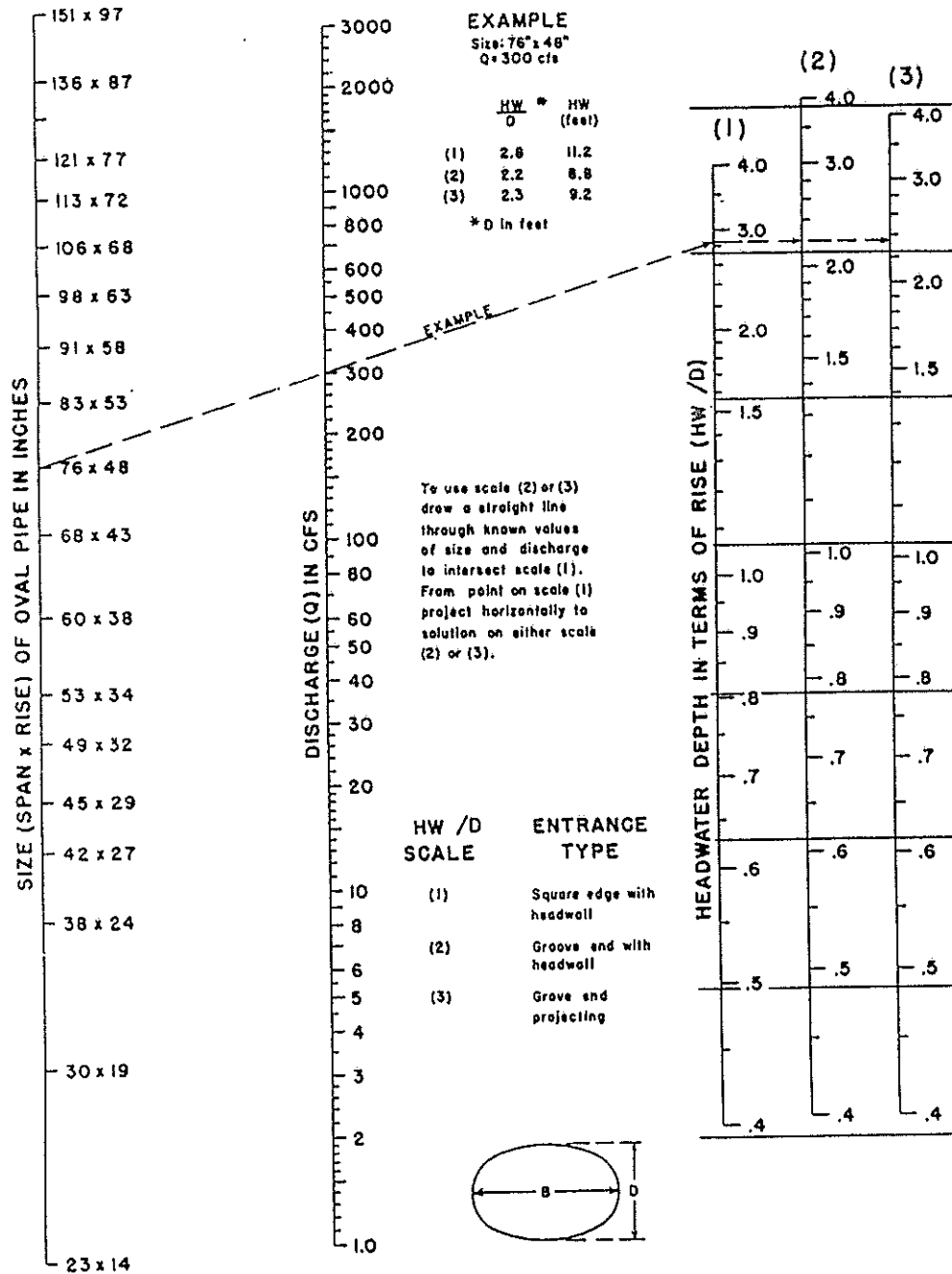


HDR Infrastructure, Inc.
 A Centerra Company

The City of Colorado Springs / El Paso County
 Drainage Criteria Manual

Date
 OCT. 1987

Figure
 9-34



**HEADWATER DEPTH FOR
OVAL CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS
LONG AXIS HORIZONTAL
WITH INLET CONTROL**

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

The City of Colorado Springs / El Paso County
Drainage Criteria Manual

Date
9-30-90

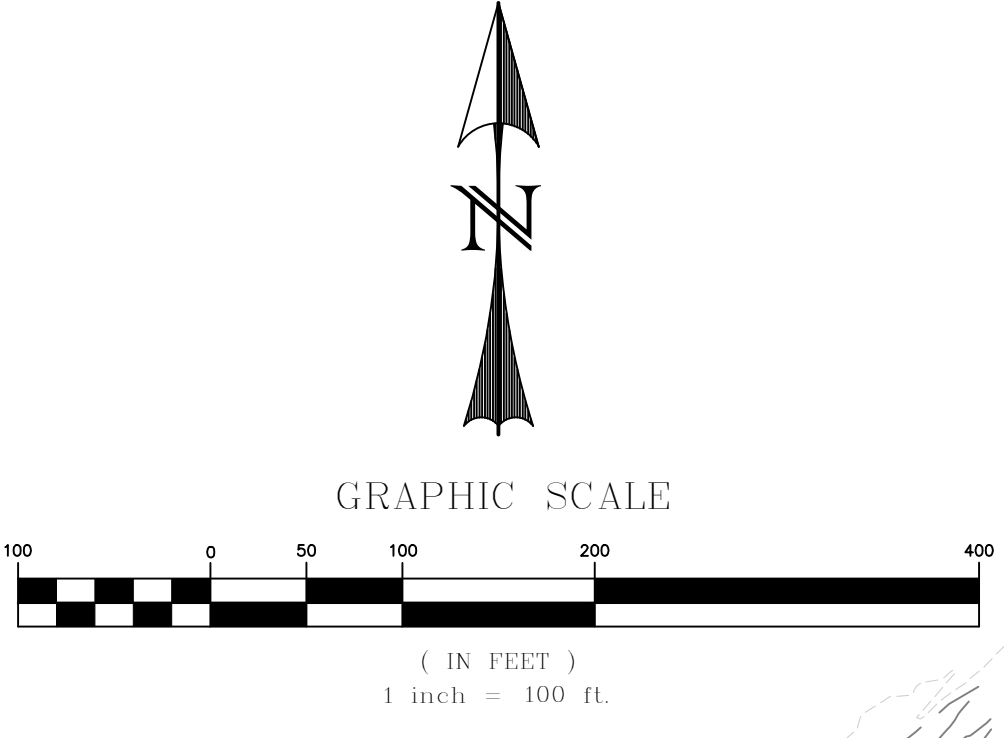
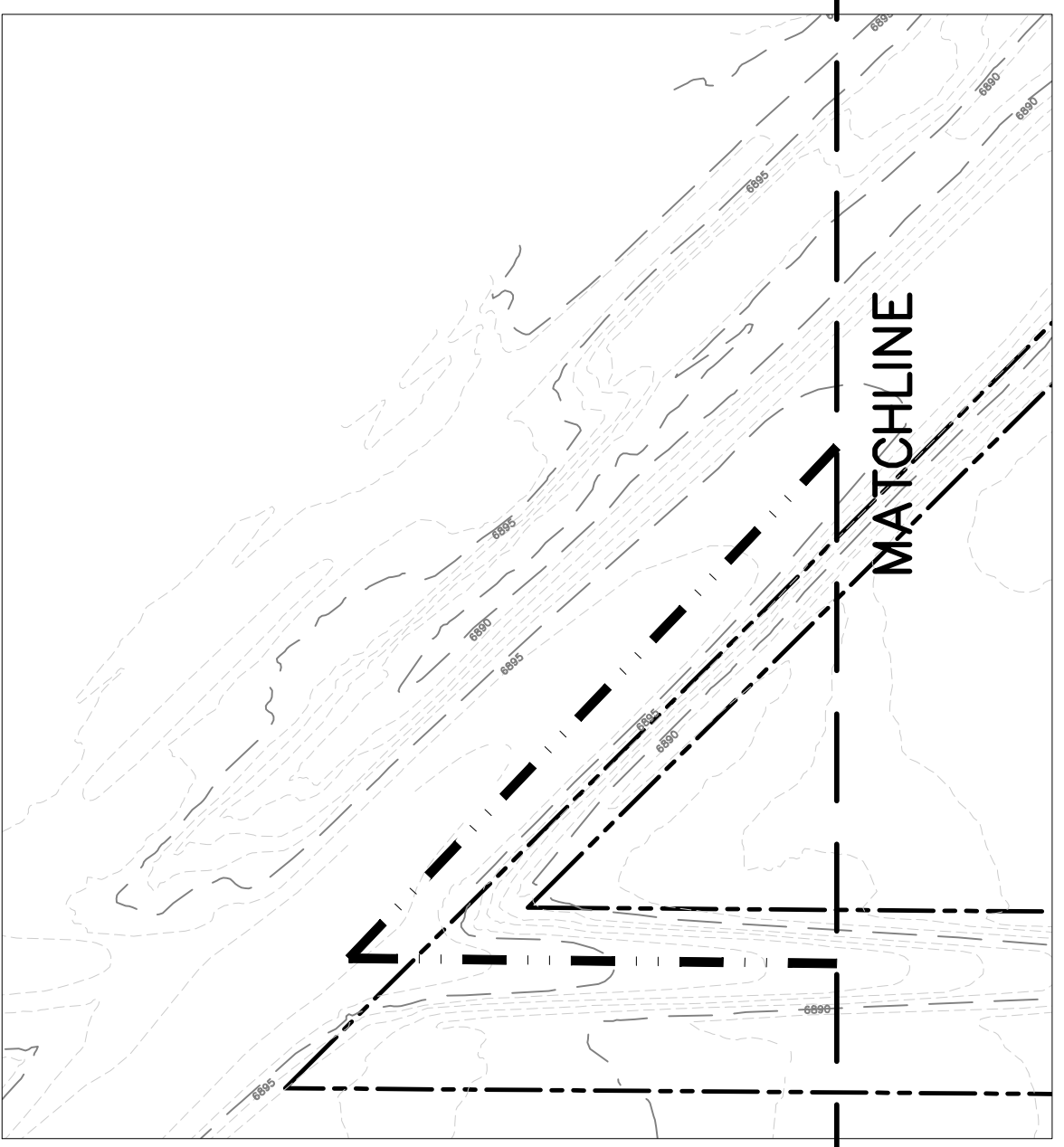
Figure
9-36

M:\LAND PROJECTS\2016\160301-Existing Conditions.dwg, Jim, Fri, 02/15/19, 9:39 AM

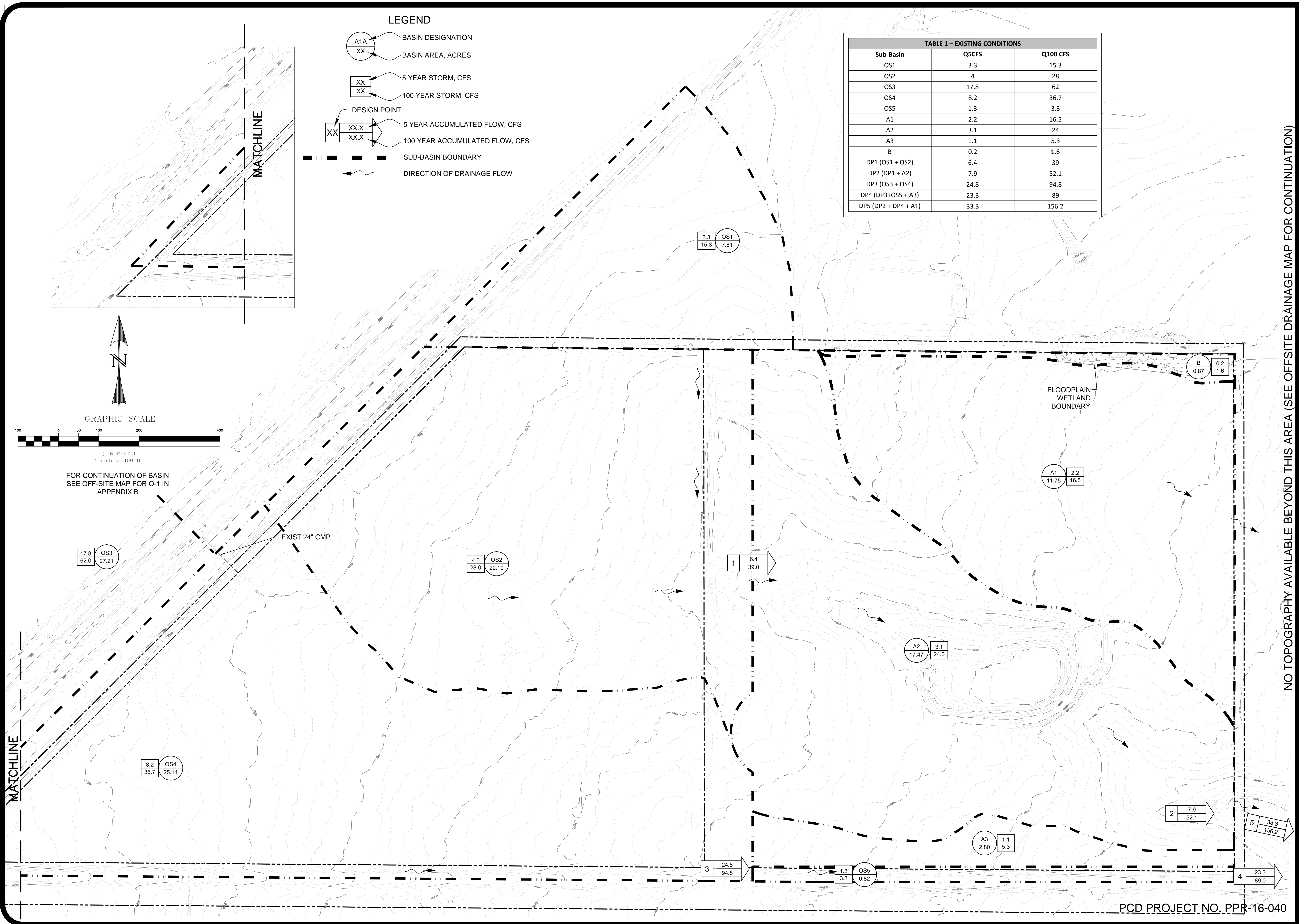
LEGEND

- A1A BASIN DESIGNATION
- XX BASIN AREA, ACRES
- XX 5 YEAR STORM, CFS
- XX 100 YEAR STORM, CFS
- DESIGN POINT
- XX.X 5 YEAR ACCUMULATED FLOW, CFS
- XX.X 100 YEAR ACCUMULATED FLOW, CFS
- SUB-BASIN BOUNDARY
- DIRECTION OF DRAINAGE FLOW

TABLE 1 - EXISTING CONDITIONS		
Sub-Basin	Q5CFS	Q100 CFS
OS1	3.3	15.3
OS2	4	28
OS3	17.8	62
OS4	8.2	36.7
OS5	1.3	3.3
A1	2.2	16.5
A2	3.1	24
A3	1.1	5.3
B	0.2	1.6
DP1 (OS1 + OS2)	6.4	39
DP2 (DP1 + A2)	7.9	52.1
DP3 (OS3 + OS4)	24.8	94.8
DP4 (DP3+OS5 + A3)	23.3	89
DP5 (DP2 + DP4 + A1)	33.3	156.2



FOR CONTINUATION OF BASIN
SEE OFF-SITE MAP FOR O-1 IN
APPENDIX B



NO TOPOGRAPHY AVAILABLE BEYOND THIS AREA (SEE OFFSITE DRAINAGE MAP FOR CONTINUATION)

DESIGNED BY: MAB
PROJECT ENGINEER: MAB
JOB NO.: 160301
DATE: 9/20/16
PROJECT MANAGER: MAB
CAD FILE NO.: 160301-Existing Conditions.dwg
DRAWN BY: HUG
SCALE: 1" = 100'
VERT. 1" = 100'

PREPARED BY:
ADPCIVIL
ENGINEERING FOR THE FUTURE
3520 Austin Bluffs Parkway Suite 102
Colorado Springs, CO 80918
(719) 266-5212
fax: (719) 266-5341

NO.	DATE	REVISION	BY

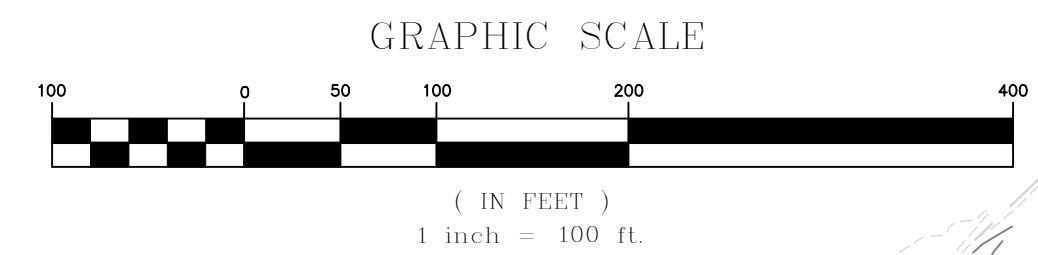
JUDGE ORR ROAD RV PARK & STORAGE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO
DRAINAGE - EXIST OVERALL CONDITIONS

SHEET
1 of 3

LEGEND

- BASIN DESIGNATION
- BASIN AREA, ACRES
- 5 YEAR STORM, CFS
- 100 YEAR STORM, CFS
- DESIGN POINT
- 5 YEAR ACCUMULATED FLOW, CFS
- 100 YEAR ACCUMULATED FLOW, CFS
- SUB-BASIN BOUNDARY
- DIRECTION OF DRAINAGE FLOW

TABLE 2 – PHASE I DEVELOPED CONDITIONS		
Sub-Basin	Q5CFS	Q100 CFS
OS1	3.3	15.3
OS2	7.2	54.9
OS3	17.8	62
OS4	3.7	10.1
OS5	1	2.6
A1	12.3	26
A2	5.8	12.2
A3	6.9	18
A4	12.4	31.7
A5	0.4	2.9
B	0.2	1.6
DP1 (OS1+OS2)	9.7	66.4
DPD1 (Detained DP1)	0.1	50.7
DP2 (A2+A4)	15.9	38.9
DP3 (DP2 +A1+ A3)	30.2	71.5
DPD2 (Detained DP2)	1	37.7
DP4(DPD2+DPD1)	1.1	90.3
DP5 (OS3+OS4)	18.5	62.4
DP6 (A5+OS5)	18.3	62.8
DP7 (DP5+DP6)	19.3	138.2



FOR CONTINUATION OF BASIN
SEE OFF-SITE MAP FOR O-1 IN
APPENDIX B

In the developed condition (pg 4) it noted off-site area remains the same. The design engineer noted on the 8/8/18 meeting that the intent was to pipe OS3 through basin OS2 and discharge to the Judge Orr ditch and not flow within the revised OS2 basin boundary shown on the proposed drainage map.

Update the narrative to discuss and provide analysis for the diversion. Is the ditch still hydraulically adequate with the reroute?

8/8/18 Unresolved
12/4/18 Unresolved
3/12/19 Unresolved. The narrative on page 4 has been updated to note OS2 flowing on the existing swale. There's a disconnect with what is shown on the drainage map versus design versus narrative. If the OS2 (developed) is for the purpose of sizing the bypass stormline then update the narrative to state as such. However the issue is in the present condition flow at DP5 (developed) remains the same as historic (DP3 in historic map). This historic condition shows 94.8 cfs. The design of the elliptical pipes are inadequate for this development.

Analysis needs to extend to the swale. Looking at the contours the section highlighted in yellow does not appear to be hydraulically adequate and may need additional improvements.
8/8/18 Unresolved
12/4/18 Unresolved
3/18/18 Unresolved. The riprap should extend to the bottom of the channel.

NO TOPOGRAPHY AVAILABLE BEYOND THIS AREA (SEE OFFSITE DRAINAGE MAP FOR CONTINUATION)

DESIGNED BY: MAB

PROJECT ENGINEER: MAB

PROJECT MANAGER: MAB

DATE: 9/20/18

JOB NO.: 160301

CAD FILE NO.: 160301-Developed Conditions

SCALE: 1" = 100'

DRAWN BY: HJG

PREPARED BY:

3520 Austin Bluffs Parkway Suite 102
Colorado Springs, CO 80918
(719) 266-5212
fax: (719) 266-5341

NO.	DATE	REVISION

JUDGE ORR ROAD RV PARK & STORAGE

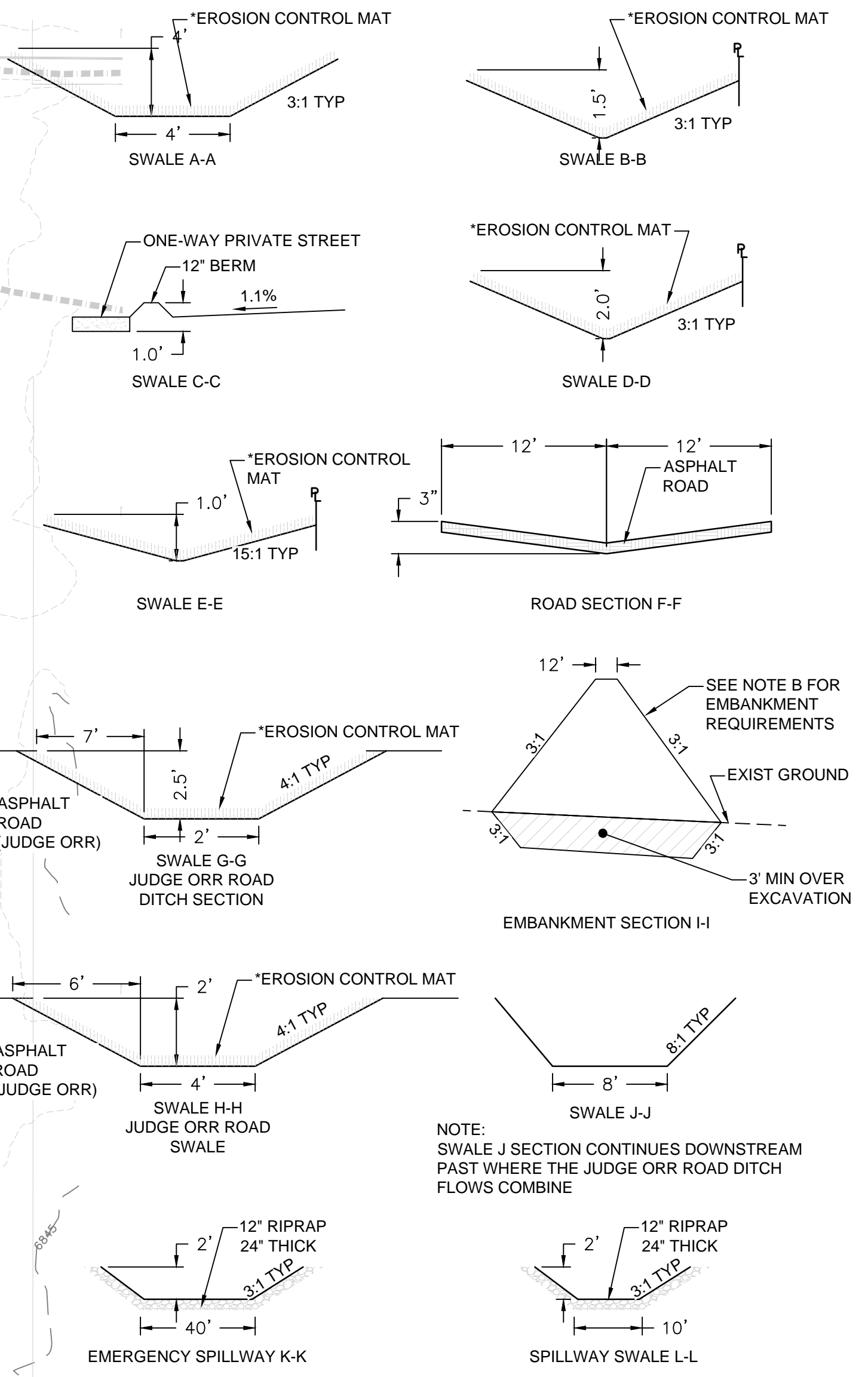
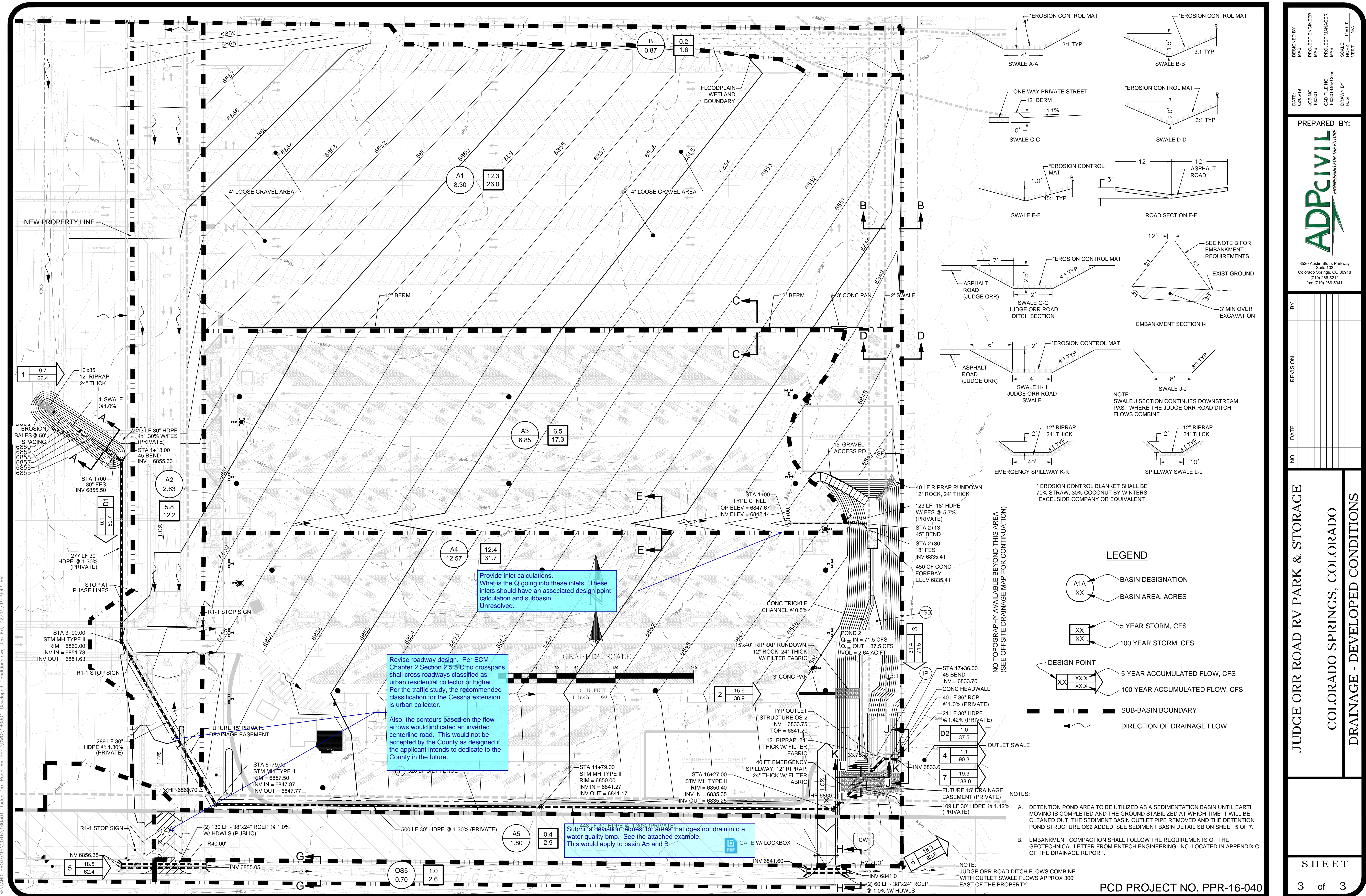
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

DRAINAGE - DEV OVERALL CONDITIONS

SHEET

2 of 3

M:\LAND PROJECTS\2018\160301-Developed Conditions.dwg Jim Felt 02/15/19 10:39 AM



LEGEND

- A1A BASIN DESIGNATION
- XX BASIN AREA, ACRES
- XX 5 YEAR STORM, CFS
- XX 100 YEAR STORM, CFS
- XX XX 5 YEAR ACCUMULATED FLOW, CFS
- XX XX 100 YEAR ACCUMULATED FLOW, CFS
- SUB-BASIN BOUNDARY
- DIRECTION OF DRAINAGE FLOW

- NOTES:**
- A. DETENTION POND AREA TO BE UTILIZED AS A SEDIMENTATION BASIN UNTIL EARTH MOVING IS COMPLETED AND THE GROUND STABILIZED AT WHICH TIME IT WILL BE CLEANED OUT. THE SEDIMENT BASIN OUTLET PIPE REMOVED AND THE DETENTION POND STRUCTURE OS2 ADDED. SEE SEDIMENT BASIN DETAIL SB ON SHEET 5 OF 7.
 - B. EMBANKMENT COMPACTION SHALL FOLLOW THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GEOTECHNICAL LETTER FROM ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC. LOCATED IN APPENDIX C OF THE DRAINAGE REPORT.

Provide inlet calculations. What is the Q going into these inlets. These inlets should have an associated design point calculation and subbasin. Unresolved.

Revise roadway design. Per ECM Chapter 2 Section 2.5.5.C no crosspans shall cross roadways classified as urban residential collector or higher. Per the traffic study, the recommended classification for the Cessna extension is urban collector.

Also, the contours based on the flow arrows would indicated an inverted centerline road. This would not be accepted by the County as designed if the applicant intends to dedicate to the County in the future.

Submit a deviation request for areas that does not drain into a water quality bmp. See the attached example. This would apply to basin A5 and B

DESIGNED BY: MAB
PROJECT ENGINEER: MAB
PROJECT MANAGER: MAB
DATE: 02/05/19
JOB NO: 160301
CAD FILE NO: 160301-Dev Cond
SCALE: 1" = 60'
DRAWN BY: HJG

PREPARED BY:

ADPCIVIL
ENGINEERING FOR THE FUTURE

3520 Austin Builts Parkway
Suite 102
Colorado Springs, CO 80918
(719) 266-5212
fax: (719) 266-5341

NO.	DATE	REVISION

JUDGE ORR ROAD RV PARK & STORAGE

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

DRAINAGE - DEVELOPED CONDITIONS

SHEET

3 of 3

PCD PROJECT NO. PPR-16-040