

# Final Drainage Report

# Eagle Rising Filing No. 1

Project No. 61145

September 6, 2024

PCD File No. SF2225

# **Final Drainage Report**

For

**Eagle Rising Filing No. 1** 

Project No. 61145

## September 6, 2024

Prepared for

MyPad, Inc., and Casas Limited Partnership #4 5390 N. Academy Boulevard, Suite 300 Colorado Springs, CO 80918

Prepared by

M.V.E., Inc. 1903 Lelaray Street, Suite 200 Colorado Springs, CO 80909 (719) 635-5736

Copyright © M.V.E., Inc., 2024

# Statements and Acknowledgments

#### **Engineer's Statement**

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the approache master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

9/13/24	7/30/2024
malle C City	
Charles C. Crum, P. L. Colorado No. 13348	Date
For and on Behalf of NVE. Inc.	
OF COL	
Owner's Statement	
I, the owner, has read and will comply with all of the requirements	specified in this drainage report
and plan.	
Staph foros h	- 7/30/zy
Stephen J. Jacobs, Jr., President	Date
MyPad, Inc.,General Partner of Casas Limited Partnership #4	
5390 N. Academy Boulevard, Suite 300	
Colorado Springs, CO 80918	
Developer's Statement	
I, the developer, has read and will comply with all of the require	ments specified in this drainage
report and plan.	
Stept Sacol fr	7/30/24
Stephen J. Jacobs, Jr., President	Date
MyPad, Inc.	
5390 N. Academy Boulevard, Suite 300	
Colorado Springs, CO 80918	
El Paso County	
Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criter	ia Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El
Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Developmen	
 Joshua Palmer, P.E.	 Date
County Engineer / ECM Administrator	
Conditions:	

# Contents

1. Ge	eneral Location and Description	2
1.1.	Location	2
1.2.	Description of Property	2
2. Dr	ainage Basins and Sub-Basins	4
2.1.	Major Basin Description	∠
2.2.	Other Drainage Reports	∠
2.3.	Sub-Basin Description	∠
3. Dr	ainage Design Criteria	5
3.1.	Development Criteria Reference	5
3.2.	Hydrologic Criteria	5
4. Dr	ainage Facility Design	6
4.1.	General Concept	ε
4.2.	Hydrologic Conditions	7
4.2.1	. Existing Hydrologic Conditions	7
4.2.2	. Developed Hydrologic Conditions	10
5. Er	osion Control	14
6. Wa	ater Quality Enhancement Best Management Practices	15
7. Dr	ainage Facilities	16
7.1.1	. Maintenance and Maintenance Access for Cottonwood Creek	17
8. Dr	ainage and Bridge Fees	18
9. Co	onclusion	18
Refere	ences	20
Appen	idices	22
10. G	eneral Maps and Supporting Data	22
11. H	ydrologic Calculations	23
12. H	ydraulic Calculations	24
13. Re	eport Maps	25

## Final Drainage Report

The purpose of this Final Drainage Report is to identify drainage patterns and quantities within and affecting the proposed Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision. The development project is a residential subdivision with ten (10) 2.5± to 7.1± acre lots, and three (3) tracts. The report will identify specific solutions to problems on-site and off-site resulting from the proposed project. The report and included maps present results of hydrologic and drainage facilities analyses. The report will discuss the recommended drainage improvements to the site and identify drainage requirements relative to the proposed project. This report has been prepared and submitted in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County development approval process. An Appendix is included with this report with pertinent calculations and graphs used in the drainage analyses and design.

#### 1. General Location and Description

#### 1.1. Location

The proposed Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 is located within the east one-half of Section 29, Township 12 South, Range 65 west of the 6th principal meridian in El Paso County, Colorado. The Eagle Rising Filing No.1 site is situated northeast of Black Forest Road and Briargate Parkway. The site contains two existing single-family residences, a large barn, and several ancillary buildings. The El Paso County Assessor's Schedule Number for the site is 5229000034. The proposed site has never been platted. A Vicinity Map is included in the Appendix. The site is in El Paso County's Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin.

The site is adjacent to unplatted parcel 5229000035 (10115 Kurie Road) on the east and south. Property **east** of the site boundary contains Cottonwood Creek and two ponds. The potential public right-of-way for Briargate Parkway is located on property **south** of the site. Lots 8, 10 & 11 Eagle Wing Estates (zoned RR-2.5) and an unplatted parcel zoned RR-5, each containing a single-family residence, are located adjacent to the **west** side of the site. **North** of the site are Lot 14 block 18 and Lot 13 Block 18, Park Forest Estates Filing No. 2, each containing a single-family residence and zoned RR-5.

#### 1.2. Description of Property

Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 contains 35.258 acres and is zoned RR-2.5 (Residential Rural -2.5 Acres). The property is the location of two (2) single-family residences, a large barn, several ancillary buildings with two existing gravel driveways. There is a small stock pond

located on the site. The proposed large lot single-family residential subdivision is shown to not require detention in this report.

The site is covered with native grass and weeds (i.e., diverse, mature wetland fauna, upland shrubs, and riparian overstory – see ERO Natural Resources Assessment) in good condition, and coniferous trees. The existing site topography slopes toward Cottonwood Creek with grades that range from 1% to 12%. Cottonwood Creek flows north to southeast of Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision with all storm runoff from said Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision flowing into Cottonwood Creek. The site is 2% of the 1,750-acre upstream Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin. The flows from Cottonwood Creek are tributary to Monument Creek.

According to the National Resource Conservation Service, there are two (2) soil types in the Eagle Rising site. Kettle gravelly loamy sand (map unit 40) makes up a portion of the soil in the northern end of the site. The soil is deep and somewhat excessively drained. Permeability is moderately rapid, surface runoff is slow, and the hazard of erosion is slight to moderate. Kettle gravelly loamy sand is classified as being part of Hydrologic Soil Group B.

The other soil type is Pring Coarse Sandy Loam (map unit 71) which makes up the rest of the site. The soil is deep and well drained. Permeability is moderately rapid, surface runoff is slow, and the hazard of erosion is slight to moderate. Pring Coarse Sandy Loam is classified as being part of Hydrologic Soil Group B.

A portion of the Soil Map and data tables from the National Cooperative Soil Survey and relevant Official Soil Series Descriptions (OSD) are included in the **Appendix**. <sup>1</sup>

Cottonwood Creek, a major drainage way flows north to south to the east of the Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision. The 100-year water surface elevation for the drainage-way was determined by hydraulic analysis utilizing HEC-RAS as prepared by M.V.E., Inc., which was included in the approved MDDP / Preliminary Drainage Report and is also included and accepted in this report. No-build areas are shown on the Final Plat for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1. The No-build areas established two feet above the 100-year inundated area determined in the hydraulic analyses as well as Construction/Disturbance Limits from the Wetland Determination Mapping for the project.

The current Flood Insurance Study of the region includes Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM), effective on December 7, 2018.<sup>3</sup> The proposed subdivision is included in the Community Panels Numbered 08041C0527 G and 08041C0535 G of the Flood Insurance Rate Maps for the El Paso County. No area in Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 is shown to be

<sup>2</sup> OSD

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> WSS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> FIRM

included in a 100-year flood hazard area as determined by FEMA. A portion of the current FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps with the site delineated is included in the **Appendix**.

#### 2. Drainage Basins and Sub-Basins

#### 2.1. Major Basin Description

Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision is in the Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin (FOMO2200) of the Fountain Creek Major Drainage Basin. The Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Covers an area of approximately 19 square miles and drains to Monument Creek. The Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study Final Report<sup>4</sup> (DBPS), July 2019, prepared by Matrix Design Group provides development recommendations and requirements for drainage development in the Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin. The Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin encompasses a part of the northeast portion of the City of Colorado Springs and extends to the north and east. The drainage basin and Cottonwood Creek drain southwest into Monument Creek. The Eagle Rising site is located north of Cottonwood Creek as it flows offsite towards Monument Creek. The site is in portions of sub-basins UC100, UC120, and UC130 upstream of Design Point UUC126 and downstream of Design Point JUC 82 of the DBPS. No improvements are recommended on or near the Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision.

#### 2.2. Other Drainage Reports

The "Master Development Drainage Plan / Preliminary Drainage Report" for Eagle Rising prepared by MVE, Inc. dated March 7, 2024 was reviewed in preparation of this Final Drainage Plan for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1. Calculations in said "Master Development Drainage Plan/Preliminary Drainage Report" was found to be in compliance with the current Drainage Design and used for the preparation of this report.

#### 2.3. Sub-Basin Description

The existing drainage patterns of the Eagle Rising development project are described by various sub-basins making up Existing Design Points and Developed Design Points. All existing sub-basin delineations and data are depicted on the attached **Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 Existing (On-Site) Drainage Map.** 

#### 2.4. Access to Lots

Access to Eagle Rising Filing No. 1, Lots 1, 2, 3, 6, 8 & 9 is directly from the proposed public paved Eagle Wing Drive cul-de-sac and the existing private unpaved Eagle Wing View roadway. Legal access to Lots 4, 5 & 7 is from the lot flag stems that connect to

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> DBPS

Eagle Wing View. However, actual physical access will be by way of the Access and Water Easement as depicted on the Final Plat which is located in Lot 6. Access to Lot 6 shall be through a separate driveway separated from the access easement for Lots 4, 5 & 7. The driveway culvert for Lot 6 shall be 30" RCP w/ FES & 5'wx11'l Type L riprap pad at outlet The existing pond located adjacent to the private Eagle Wing View cul-de-sac within Lots 3, 4, 5 & 6 is planned to stay in place. This pond (discussed below) has associated water rights in accordance with the water decree for the property. The pond has an existing 12" CSP outlet pipe that extends beneath the access easement. In the event of pond overflow condition, the flows are directed by the existing topography to the ditch located along the east side of private Eagle Wing View and then to Pond 2. Additionally, physical access to Lot 7 shall be across the aforementioned easement in lieu of the platted flag stem.

Alternate access for lots 4 and 5, 6 & 7 shall be 30" RCP w/ FES & 5'wx11'l Type L riprap pad at outlet should, in the future, all the owners of Lots 3, 4, 5, & 6 decide to fill in the existing pond or Lot 7 use the flag stem to access Lot. Culverts to be installed by individual Lot owners. Engineering consultation recommended.

#### 3. Drainage Design Criteria

#### 3.1. Development Criteria Reference

This Final Drainage Report for Eagle Rising has been prepared according to the report guidelines presented in the latest edition of El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM)<sup>5</sup>. The County has also adopted portions of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, especially concerning the calculation of rainfall runoff flow rates.<sup>6</sup> <sup>7</sup> The hydrologic analysis is based on a collection of data from the DCM, the NRCS Web Soil Survey<sup>8</sup>, and existing topographic data by Land Resource Associates.

#### 3.2. Hydrologic Criteria

This Final Drainage Report, the Rational Method as described in the Drainage Criteria Manual has been used for all Storm Runoff calculations, as the development and all subbasins are less than 130 acres in area. "Colorado Springs Rainfall Intensity Duration Frequency" curves, Figure 6-5 in the DCM, were used to obtain the design rainfall values; a copy is included in the **Appendix**. The "Overland (Initial) Flow Equation" (Eq. 6-8) in the DCM, and Manning's equation with estimated depths were used in time of concentration calculations. "Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method", Table 6-6 in the DCM, was utilized as a guide in estimating runoff coefficient and Percent Impervious

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> DCM Section 4.3 and Section 4.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> CS DCM Vol 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> CS DCM Vol 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> WSS

values; a copy is included in the **Appendix**. Peak runoff discharges were calculated for each drainage sub-basin for both the 5-year storm event and the 100-year storm event with the Rational Method formula, (Eq. 6-5) in the DCM.<sup>9</sup>

#### 4. Drainage Facility Design

#### 4.1. General Concept

The intent of the drainage concept presented in Final Drainage Report is to allow for the development Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 which consists of ten (10) 2.5+ to 7.1 acre lots, and three (3) tracts while maintaining the existing drainage patterns on the site. The site will follow the County's Stormwater Management regulations. Major and minor storm flows will continue to be safely conveyed through the site and downstream.

No additional drainage conveyance, stabilizing or protective facilities are required for the development of Eagle Rising Filing No. 1. The proposed land use of 2.5+ acre rural residential lots does not lead to the necessity of onsite drainage facilities, other than the existing culverts that convey the existing and proposed flows under the existing private roadway and driveways. Areas within the proposed 2.5+ acre lots are exempt from water quality treatment requirements, but the existing and proposed roadways will have water quality PBMP/PCM's as discussed in the Step 3 section of the Four Step Process in this report.

The drainage basins presented in this report for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 are identical to those found in the approved MDDP / Preliminary Drainage Report for Eagle Rising. Runoff from all drainage basins flow into Cottonwood Creek as it traverses the adjacent unplatted property to the east, into one of the two existing ponds located in Cottonwood Creek, or offsite to the south and then into the creek. Some of the design points are located outside of Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 and the developed flows are calculated based on the potential future development of the adjacent unplatted parcel to the east according to the approved Preliminary Plan for Eagle Rising. The identical drainage basins as the approved MDDP / Preliminary Drainage Report are provided in this report because the eastern boundary line of Filing No. 1 has many segments and angle points which are not coincident with the topography that defines the drainage basins. The drainage basins presented in this report also aid in understanding the overall effects of the Eagle Rising development on creek hydrology, which establishes that development in Eagle Rising Final Plat No. 1 has insignificant impact on Cottonwood Creek.

The existing and proposed drainage hydrologic conditions are described in more detail below. Input data and results for all calculations are included in the **Appendix**. Drainage maps for the hydrologic analysis are also included in the **Appendix**.

-

<sup>9</sup> DCM

#### 4.2. Hydrologic Conditions

#### 4.2.1. Existing Hydrologic Conditions

The Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision development is approximately 35.3+/- acres in size. The site primarily consists of grass land with slopes ranging from 4% to 12% and greater adjacent to Cottonwood Creek. The Cottonwood Creek main stem and several tributary branches are located to the east of the Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision eastern boundary. There are two existing single – family residences, a large barn, and several ancillary buildings present. Existing gravel roadway provides access. There is no evidence of severe erosion or degradation of the existing channel.

Wetland areas are defined in the Natural Resources Assessment Eagle Rising Subdivision'<sup>10</sup>, prepared by ERO Resources Corporation, Denver, CO and dated June 23, 2022, denotes most of the on-site Cottonwood Creek natural drainageway as wetlands. Any future proposed construction of grade control structures within the wetlands would require the approval by the Corps of Engineers of a Section 404 permit and appropriate Colorado wetlands permits. Note that damage to the natural wetlands compared to the benefit of any grade control structures would be more detrimental than beneficial to Cottonwood Creek.

A brief description of each existing drainage basin adjacent to and affecting the proposed Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision including runoff rates, and drainage patterns is provided for in this section of the report. A summary of existing runoff for the basins and designated design points are depicted on the EXISTING (ON–SITE) DRAINAGE MAP in the **Appendix**. The off-site drainage area impacting Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision and more particularly on-site drainage areas have been divided into existing drainage basins described as follows:

The included Eagle Rising Hydrology Maps (Existing On-Site) depict the existing topographic mapping, drainage basin delineations, drainage patterns, existing drives, drainage facilities, and runoff quantities with a data table including drainage areas and flow rates. The existing hydraulic calculations for this 'Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 - Final Drainage Report' are included in the **Appendix**.

#### COTTONWOOD CREEK 2019 CHANNEL DESIGN POINTS

The Master Development Drainage Plan/Preliminary Report for Eagle Rising established the 100-year water surface elevations in the Cottonwood Creek Channel. These 100-year water surface elevations were used to establish the 'No Build Areas' at a minimum of 2' above said 100-year water surface elevations on the Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 Subdivision Plat. Analysis of the creek and supporting calculations can be found in the Master Development Drainage Plan/Preliminary Report for Eagle Rising.

\_

#### **OFF-SITE DESIGN POINTS**

**Design Point 4 (DP 4)** storm water flows (Q5=9.2 cfs, Q100=52.2 cfs) are generated from off-site basin OS-B1A consisting of 24.9 acres. This sub-basin has been created to determine the storm water flow at the northern and western site boundary line. This basin consists of 2.5 Acre Rural Residential, Woods (Fair Condition), Natural Open Space (Fair Condition), and Civic uses.

**Design Point 5 (DP 5)** storm water flows (Q5=11.9 cfs, Q100=76.7 cfs) are generated from off-site basin OS-B1B consisting of 41.0 acres. This sub-basin has been created to determine the storm water flow at the western site boundary line. to the basin line. This basin consists of 2.5 Acre Rural Residential, Woods (Fair Condition), and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition).

**Design Point E7 (DP E7)** storm water flows (Q5=0.6 cfs, Q100=4.0 cfs) are generated from off-site basin OS-B1C consisting of 1.8 acres. Off-site basin OS-B1C consists of Natural Open Space (Fair Condition).

**Design Point E8 (DP E8)** storm water flows (Q5=1.6 cfs, Q100=11.8 cfs) are generated from off-site basin OS-B1D consisting of 6.0 acres. Off-site basin OS-B1C consists of Natural Open Space (Fair Condition).

**Design Point E10 (DP E10)** storm water flows (Q5=3.1 cfs, Q100=20.5 cfs) are generated from off-site basin OS-B1E consisting of 10.1 acres. Off-site basin OS-B1C consists of 2.5 Acre Rural Residential, and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition).

**Design Point E11 (DP E11)** storm water flows (Q5=3.8 cfs, Q100=21.3 cfs) are generated from off-site basin OS-B3A consisting of 9.1 acres. Off-site basin OS-B3A consists of 2.5 Acre Rural Residential, and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition).

**Design Point E13 (DP E13)** storm water flows (Q5=1.1 cfs, Q100=6.2 cfs) are generated from off-site basin OS-B3B consisting of 2.5 acres. Off-site basin OS-B3B consists of 2.5 Acre Rural Residential, and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition). Storm water flows exit said basin via a 15" CS pipe.

**Design Point E15 (DP E15)** storm water flows (Q5=2.5cfs, Q100=13.9cfs) are generated from off-site basin OS-B3C consisting of 5.95 acres. Off-site basin OS-B3C has been created to determine the flow at the western site boundary and does not mix with on-site flow. This basin consists of 2.5 Acre Rural Residential, and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition) adjacent to the western boundary of the Eagle Wing proposed preliminary plan.

#### **ON-SITE DESIGN POINTS**

**Design Point 6 (DP 6)** storm water flows (Q5=22.0 cfs, Q100=134.1 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP 4** and **DP 5**, and on-site basins EX-B and EX-C consisting totally of 71.87 acres. The summation of these flows at **DP 6** are combined in an existing small local depression area. The depression appears to be man-made, possibly for livestock watering. The current condition of the depression appears to hold some water at certain

times of year but not continually. The downstream end of the depression area is a small bank to trap the water in the existing natural swale. The depression area is proposed to be left intact and not disturbed.

**Design Point 6A (DP 6A)** storm water flows (Q5=3.6 cfs, Q100=12.6 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E7** and on-site basin EX-E1 consisting totally of 5.25 acres. The summation of these flows at **DP 6A** will combine with **DP 6B** and enter Cottonwood Creek.

**Design Point 6B (DP 6B)** storm water flows (Q5=23.5 cfs, Q100=141.5 cfs) are generated from on-site **DP 6** and on-site basin EX-D consisting totally of 78.97 acres. The summation of these flows at **DP 6B** will combine with **DP 6A** and enter Cottonwood Creek.

**Design Point 6C (DP 6C)** storm water flows (Q5=26.6 cfs, Q100=152.3 cfs) are generated from on-site **DP 6A** and **DP 6B** consisting totally of 84.22 acres. The summation of these flows at **DP 6C** enter Cottonwood Creek. Also, on-site Basins EX-A1 storm water flows (Q5=1.5 cfs, Q100=10.7 cfs) consisting of 4.95 acres and EX-A2 storm water flows of (Q5=0.5 cfs, Q100=3.9 cfs) consisting of 1.74 acres enter Cottonwood Creek. These storm water flows are included in the Cottonwood Creek channel storm water flows.

**Design Point 7 (DP 7)** storm water flows (Q5=8.6 cfs, Q100=27.0 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E8** and on-site basin EX-F1 consisting totally of 11.23 acres. On-site basin EX-F1 consists of a single-family residence, a portion of a barn, a portion of a gravel road, and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition).

**Design Point 8 (DP 8)** storm water flows (Q5=4.7 cfs, Q100=18.6 cfs) are generated from on-site basin EX-E2 consisting of 7.77 acres. On-site basin EX-E2 consists of a portion of a storage barn, a garage, and a small hot house, and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition). These storm water flows enter Cottonwood Creek and are included in the Cottonwood Creek channel storm water flows.

**Design Point 8A (DP 8A)** storm water flows (Q5=9.2 cfs, Q100=50.8 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E10** and **DP E11** and on-site basins EX-H and EX-I consist totally of 24.92 acres. On-site basin EX-F1 consists of a portion of a gravel road, and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition). Storm water flows exit basin at the existing 2 - 24" R.C. Pipes under said gravel road.

**Design Point 9 (DP 9)** storm water flows (Q5=1.8 cfs, Q100=7.7 cfs) are generated from on-site basin EX-F2 consisting of 3.24 acres. On-site basin EX-F2 consists of Natural Open Space (Fair Condition).

**Design Point 10 (DP 10)** storm water flows (Q5=9.0 cfs, Q100=30.8 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E8** and **DP E11** and on-site basins EX-F1 AND EX-G consisting totally of 14.25 acres. On-site basins EX-F1 and EX-G consists of a portion of a gravel road, and Natural Open Space (Fair Condition). Storm water flows exit basin and enter Cottonwood Creek and are included in the Cottonwood Creek channel storm water flows.

**Design Point 11 (DP 11)** storm water flows (Q5=2.3cfs, Q100=13.5 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E13** and on-site basin EX-M consisting totally of 6.60 acres. On-site basin

EX-M consists of Natural Open Space (Fair Condition). These storm water flows enter Cottonwood Creek and are included in the Cottonwood Creek channel storm water flows.

**Design Point 12 (DP 12)** storm water flows (Q5=9.8 cfs, Q100=53.6 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E10, DP E11, DP 8A,** and on-site basins EX-J consisting totally of 27.34 acres. On-site basin EX-J consists of Natural Open Space (Fair Condition). These storm water flows enter Cottonwood Creek and are included in the Cottonwood Creek channel storm water flows.

**Design Point 13 (DP 13)** storm water flows (Q5=2.9 cfs, Q100=17.4 cfs) are generated from off-site E 15 on-site basin EX-L consisting totally of 8.09 acres. On-site basin EX-L consists of Natural Open Space (Fair Condition) and storm water flows exit the site along the southern boundary line.

#### 4.2.2. Developed Hydrologic Conditions

No additional drainage conveyance, stabilizing or protective facilities are required for the development of Eagle Rising Filing No. 1. The private road improvements exist and are considered in the hydrologic analysis in this report. Existing drainage facilities on-site have been analyzed and are discussed below and calculations included in the Appendix. A new hydraulic analysis of Cottonwood Creek was performed for the reach within the new Preliminary Plan for Eagle Rising. These hydraulic calculations were performed with the new & current El Paso Drainage Criteria and provided in the Master Development Drainage Plan/Preliminary Drainage Report. The proposed use of the land being 2.5± to 7.1± acre lots does not lead to the necessity of onsite drainage facilities, other than existing culverts to convey the existing and proposed flows under the existing roadway and driveways. The existing channel is currently witnessing close to the ultimate flows from the existing upstream developed property. The channel will be left in a natural condition for its aesthetic value, better water quality conditions, for both engineering and economic considerations. The 100-year storm water flow level has been established by said Master Development Drainage Plan/Preliminary Drainage Report and has been used to provide the no build easements above said 100-year levels for the Lots that are impacted in this Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision. The Cottonwood Creek channel is not located in Eagle Rising Final Plat Filing No. 1.

The impact to the proposed Lots was found to be only the increase in water surface elevation up to the said 100-year storm water flow level. The No-Build easements are placed at a minimum of 2' above said 100-year studied elevation. No geologic hazards or soil hazards were found to impact these areas.

A brief description of each developed drainage basin including developed runoff rates, drainage patterns and any drainage facilities for each basin is provided in this section of the report. A summary of peak developed runoff for the basins and designated design points are depicted on the Proposed Hydrologic Map (on-site) in the **Appendix**. The site has been divided into twenty-two developed drainage basins described as follows:

**Design Point 6 (DP 6)** storm water flows (Q5=22.5 cfs, Q100=134.7 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP 4** and **DP 5**, and on-site developed basins B and C consisting totally of

71.87 acres. The summation of these flows at **DP 6** are combined in an existing small local depression area. The depression appears to be man-made, possibly for livestock watering. The current condition of the depression appears to hold some water at certain times of year but not continually. The downstream end of the depression area is a small bank to trap the water in the existing natural swale. No documentation exists for this historic condition and no action is necessary. The depression area is proposed to be left intact, non-disturbed, and is within a drainage easement. Developed storm water flow increases from existing hydraulic conditions at this **DP 6** by 0.5 cfs for Q5 and by 0.6 cfs for Q100. These are negligible increases for the developed condition and are very close to the existing conditions. Regarding surface water rights, this existing depression is allowed and included in the March 15, 2013 Findings Of Fact, Conclusions of Law, Ruling of the Referee, Judgment and Decree which is included in the approved MDDP / Preliminary Drainage Report where it is referred to as Eagle Rising Pond No. 3 aka Stock Pond.

A drainage easement is proposed for the existing swale between **DP 4** and through basin B with storm water flows of Q5=11.6 cfs, Q100=63.3 cfs. The slope of the existing swale is approximately 2.7% for the Reach. The velocities are 1.8 fps and 3.4 fps, depths of 0.2' and 0.5' during the 5yr and 100yr storms respectively for the Reach. The velocity values are within the permissible velocities denoted in the Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard Study for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc. and dated June 29, 2022 (Revised December 13, 2022) for this project the velocity values are between 4 to 7 fps with 7 fps being used for established vegetation. The Reach is therefore considered non-erosive in nature. Therefore, no improvements are proposed for this Reach.

A drainage easement is proposed for the existing swale between **DP 5** and through basin C with storm water flows of Q5=12.6 cfs, Q100=80.7 cfs. The slope of the existing swale is approximately 1.6% for the Reach. The velocities are 2.1 fps and 3.5 fps, depths of 0.4' and 1.0' during the 5yr and 100yr storms respectively for the Reach. This velocity values are within the permissible velocities denoted in the Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard Study for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc. and dated June 29, 2022 (Revised December 13, 2022) for this project the velocity values are between 4 to 7 fps with 7 fps being used for established vegetation. The Reach is therefore considered non-erosive in nature. Therefore, no improvements are proposed for this Reach.

**Design Point 6A (DP 6A)** storm water flows (Q5=3.6 cfs, Q100=12.6 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E7** and on-site basin E1 consisting totally of 5.25 acres. Developed storm water flow at this **DP 6A** remains the same as the existing. The summation of these flows at **DP 6A** will combine with **DP 6B** and enter Cottonwood Creek. The combined minimal increase of flows and minimal velocities do not create a need for improvements to the existing drainage swale.

**Design Point 6B (DP 6B)** storm water flows (Q5=24.4 cfs, Q100=142.6 cfs) are generated from on-site **DP 6** and on-site basin D consisting totally of 78.97 acres. Developed storm water flow therefore increases at this **DP 6B** by 0.9 cfs for Q5 and by 1.1 cfs for Q100. These are negligible increases for the developed condition and are very close to the existing conditions. The summation of these flows at **DP 6B** will combine with **DP 6A** and enter Cottonwood Creek.

**Design Point 6C (DP 6C)** storm water flows (Q5=27.5 cfs, Q100=153.4 cfs) are generated from on-site **DP 6A** and **DP 6B** consisting totally of 84.22 acres. Developed storm water flow therefore increases at this **DP 6C** by 0.9 cfs for Q5 and by 1.1 cfs for Q100. These are negligible increases for the developed condition and are very close to the existing conditions. No detention of storm waters is required for this insignificant increase in the Developed Peak Runoff Rates. The summation of these flows at **DP 6A** and **DP 6B** will combine and enter Cottonwood Creek. At the downstream end of the drainage-way, flows reach Cottonwood Creek. Since the drainage-way outfall is immediately adjacent to the creek, short in nature, well vegetated, no required improvements are recommended these Reaches.

Also, on-site Basins EX-A1 storm water flows (Q5=1.5 cfs, Q100=10.7 cfs) consisting of 4.95 acres and EX-A2 storm water flows of (Q5=0.5 cfs, Q100=3.9 cfs) consisting of 1.74 acres enter Cottonwood Creek. There is no increase or decrease to these storm water flows as there is no change in the existing condition. These storm water flows were included in the Cottonwood Creek channel **Design Points**.

**Design Point 7 (DP 7)** storm water flows (Q5=9.0 cfs, Q100=27.4 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E8** and on-site basin F1 consisting totally of 11.23 acres. Sub-basin F1 contains a portion of the existing private roadway, the existing barn area, the existing small pond, and portions of lots proposed for future residential development. Developed storm water flow increases at **DP 7** by 0.4 cfs for Q5 and by 0.4 cfs for Q100. These are negligible increases for the developed condition and represent no meaningful impact. These flows travel offsite to the adjacent unplatted parcel and to Cottonwood Creek in the existing natural drainage flow paths. Due to the previously discussed access easements in Lot 6, the pond can remain in place without hinderance to access for Lots 4 & 5. Should, in the future, filling the pond be desired by all of the owners of Lots 3, 4, 5 & 6, alternate access for lots 4 and 5, 6 & 7 shall be by the platted Lot flag stems facilitated by 30" RCP w/ FES & 5'wx11'l Type L riprap pad at outlet. Culverts to be installed by individual Lot owners. Engineering consultation recommended.

**Design Point 8 (DP 8)** storm water flows (Q5=5.3cfs, Q100=19.2 cfs) are generated from on-site basin E2 consisting totally of 7.77 acres. These storm water flows for the developed condition increases at this **DP 8** by 0.6 cfs for Q5 and by 0.6 cfs for Q100. These are increases for the developed condition and are close to the existing conditions. The storm water flows leave basin E2 generally uniformly along basin line which joins Cottonwood Creek. A small, localized point of concentrated flow enters Cottonwood Creek that is currently lined with type VL riprap. The existing riprap rundown is stable and shows no signs of erosion. Calculations for this riprap and rundown are included in the **Appendix.** No detention of storm waters is required for this insignificant increase in the Developed Peak Runoff Rates which are close to the existing conditions. No detention of storm waters is required for this insignificant increase in the Developed Peak Runoff Rates.

**Design Point 9 (DP 9)** storm water flows (Q5=2.3 cfs, Q100=8.2 cfs) are generated from on-site basin F2 consisting totally of 3.24 acres. Developed storm water flow therefore increases at **DP 9** by 0.5 cfs for Q5 and by 0.5 cfs for Q100. These are negligible decreases for the developed condition and are close to the existing conditions. No

detention of storm waters is required for this insignificant increase in the Developed Peak Runoff Rates. The summation of these flows at DP 9 will enter Cottonwood Creek. A drainage easement is proposed for the existing swale which will convey the flows into the Cottonwood Creek Channel. The slope of the existing swale is approximately 3.8% for Reach 1 and 5.7% for Reach 2. At the steepest and most defined point along Reach 2 the velocities are 2.8 fps and 4.0 fps, depths of 0.5' and 0.8' during the 5yr and 100yr storms respectively. These velocity values are within the permissible velocities denoted in the Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard Study for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc. and dated June 29, 2022 (Revised December 13, 2022). For this project the velocity values are between 4 to 7 fps with 7 fps being used for established vegetation. Reach 1 & 2 are therefore considered non-erosive in nature. Therefore, no improvements are proposed. At the downstream end of the drainage-way, flows reach Cottonwood Creek at an existing type VL riprap rundown. The existing riprap rundown is stable and shows no signs of erosion. Calculations for this riprap and rundown are included in the **Appendix**. Since the drainage-way outfall is immediately adjacent to the creek, short in nature, well vegetated and riprap lined, no required additional improvements are recommended these Reaches.

**Design Point 8A (DP 8A)** storm water flows (Q5=10.0 cfs, Q100=51.8 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E10** and **DP E11** and on-site basins H and I consisting totally of 24.92 acres. Storm water flows exit basin at the existing 2 - 24" R.C. Pipes under the existing gravel road with existing rip rap outfall aprons. Developed storm water flow increases at this **DP 8A** by 0.8 cfs for Q5 and by 1.0 cfs for Q100. These are negligible increases for the developed condition and are very close to the existing conditions. The ponding area upstream was determined by the headwater of the culverts and a drainage easement is proposed along an elevation 2' higher than said ponding elevation. No additional storm drainage improvements are required at **DP 8A**.

**Design Point 10 (DP 10)** storm water flows (Q5=9.7 cfs, Q100=31.7 cfs) are generated from on-site **DP 7** and on-site sub basin G consisting totally of 14.25 acres. Developed storm water flow therefore increase at **DP 10** by 0.7 cfs for Q5 and by 0.9 cfs for Q100. These are negligible increases for the developed condition and are close to the existing conditions. No detention of storm waters is required for this insignificant increase in the Developed Peak Runoff Rates. The summation of these flows at DP 10 will enter Cottonwood Creek. A drainage easement is proposed for the existing swale through Lot 8 which will convey the flows into the Cottonwood Creek Channel. The slope of the existing swale is approximately 4.4% for Reach 1 and 8.0% for Reach 2. At the steepest and most defined point along Reach 2 the velocities are 4.7 fps and 6.5 fps, depths of 0.6' and 1.0' during the 5yr and 100yr storms respectively. These velocity values are within the permissible velocities denoted in the Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard Study for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc. and dated June 29, 2022 (Revised December 13, 2022). For this project the velocity values are between 4 to 7 fps with 7 fps being used for established vegetation. Reach 1 & 2 are therefore considered non-erosive in nature. Therefore, no improvements are proposed. The existing riprap rundown is stable and shows no signs of erosion. Calculations for this rundown are included in the **Appendix**. Since the drainage-way outfall is immediately adjacent to the

creek, short in nature, well vegetated and riprap lined, no required additional improvements are recommended these Reaches.

Design Point 12 (DP 12) storm water flows (Q5=11.0 cfs, Q100=55.1 cfs) are generated from on-site **DP 8A** and on-site basin J consisting totally of 27.34 acres. Developed storm water flow increases at this DP 12 by 1.2 cfs for Q5 and by 1.5 cfs for Q100. These are negligible decreases for the developed condition and are close to the existing conditions. No detention of storm waters is required for this insignificant increase in the Developed Peak Runoff Rates. The summation of these flows at **DP 12** will enter Cottonwood Creek. A drainage easement is proposed for the existing swale between **DP 8A** and **DP 12** with storm water flows of Q5=11.0 cfs, Q100=55.1 cfs. The slope of the existing swale is approximately 4.8% for the Reach. The velocities are 3.6 fps and 5.5 fps, depths of 0.6' and 1.1' during the 5yr and 100yr storms respectively for the Reach. These velocity values are within the permissible velocities denoted in the Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard Study for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 prepared by Entech Engineering, Inc. and dated June 29, 2022 (Revised December 13, 2022). For this project the values are between 4 to 7 fps with 7 fps being used for established vegetation. The Reach is therefore considered nonerosive in nature. Therefore, no improvements are required for this Reach. At the downstream end of the drainage-way, flows reach Cottonwood Creek. Since the drainage-way outfall is immediately adjacent to the creek, short in nature, well vegetated, no proposed improvements are recommended to these Reaches.

**Design Point 11 (DP 11)** storm water flows (Q5=2.7 cfs, Q100=14.1 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E13** and on-site basin M consisting totally of 6.60 acres. Developed storm water flow therefore increases at this **DP 11** by 0.4 cfs for Q5 and by 0.6 cfs for Q100. These are negligible increases for the developed condition and are close to the existing conditions. No detention of storm waters is required for this insignificant increase in the Developed Peak Runoff Rates. The summation of these flows at **DP 13** flow overland across the Eagle Rising southern boundary and eventually will enter Cottonwood Creek.

**Design Point 13 (DP 13)** storm water flows (Q5=3.4 cfs, Q100=18.0 cfs) are generated from off-site **DP E15** and on-site basin L consisting totally of 8.09 acres. Developed storm water flow therefore increases at this **DP 13** by 0.5 cfs for Q5 and by 0.6 cfs for Q100. These are negligible increases for the developed condition and are close to the existing conditions. No detention of storm waters is required for this insignificant increase in the Developed Peak Runoff Rates. The summation of these flows at **DP 13** flow overland across the Eagle Rising southern boundary and eventually will enter Cottonwood Creek.

#### 5. Erosion Control

The only public infrastructure construction to be associated with this subdivision is the Eagle Wing Drive turnaround and will require construction control measures (CCM's). Private infrastructure consisting of a short extension of the right-of-way transitioning to the existing gravel drive to remain. The CCM's for the Eagle Wing Drive turn around are shown on the Grading & Erosion Control Plan for Eagle Rising Filing No.1. The total disturbed for the construction of the Eagle Wing Drive turnaround will be 0.82 acres. Any

required construction control measures (CCM's) for the individual lot home construction will be handled on the BESQCP for each lot at time of building permit.

It shall be the responsibility of the home builder and subsequently the homeowner to ensure flows from stormwater are appropriately routed around said structures to prevent flooding and damage to property. This can be accomplished using broad swales as opposed to ditches which tend to concentrate flows and are therefore more susceptible to erosion. Swales shall be protected from erosion until such time that vegetation is established. A civil engineer can aid in determination of swale placement and erosion control measures to be used. Should, in the future, filling the pond be desired by all of the owners of Lots 3, 4, 5 & 6, alternate access for lots 4 and 5, 6 & 7 shall be by the platted Lot flag stems facilitated by 30" RCP w/ FES & 5'wx11'l Type L riprap pad at outlet. Culverts to be installed by individual Lot owners. Engineering consultation recommended.

#### 6. Water Quality Enhancement Best Management Practices

The El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual (Appendix I, Section I.7.2) and Drainage Criteria Manual (Section 4.1) requires the consideration of a "Four Step Process for receiving water protection that focuses on employing Runoff Reduction practices, stabilizing drainage ways, treating the water quality capture volume (WQCV), and considering the need for industrial and commercial CM's. The proposed limits of disturbance is only 0.82 ± acres and is not subject to water quality or detention mitigation as the overall disturbance of this project is less than 1 acre.

The Four Step Process is incorporated in this project and the elements are discussed below.

- Runoff Reduction Practices are employed in this project. Impervious surfaces have been reduced as much as practically possible. There is only minimal concrete or other hard surfaces proposed. Minimized Directly Connected Impervious Areas (MDCIA) is employed on the project because runoff passes through a private roadside ditch and an open space meadow area before leaving the site.
- 2. All minor drainage paths on the site have been previously stabilized with riprap protection. Calculations are included in this report showing riprap design sizing is adequate as installed. The Cottonwood Creek drainageway is located primarily offsite of the Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision on a property having different ownership than the currently proposed subdivision. Portions of the 100-year water surface cross several lots in this Filing. Drainage easements encompass these areas. Stabilization measures within Cottonwood Creek that are required as referenced in the MDDP / Preliminary Drainage Report will be undertaken with the future plat filings associated with the approved Preliminary Plan.

3. The runoff generated from the impervious areas of the private gravel road contained in Tract A will be treated for water quality by utilizing the Runoff Reduction standard in accordance with Section I.7.1.C.3 of the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual. Stormwater from the existing roadway runs off onto the vegetated side slopes and roadside ditches and then infiltrates into the ground, evaporates, or evapotranspires a quantity of water equal to at least 60% of what the calculated WQCV would be if all impervious area for the applicable development site discharged without infiltration. The WQCV Reduction was calculated using MHFD's UD-BMP (Version 3.07) with a Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm of 0.42 inches. That value was chosen based on this project's location on Figure 3-1 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2, Chapter 3. Figure 3-1, Runoff Reduction calculations, and the Basin Area ID Map are included in the appendix. The Grading and Erosion Control Plan identifies those areas requiring uniform turf grass vegetation at a minimum of 80% ground cover. The areas to be vegetated shall be properly prepared in accordance with Detail EC-2, Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 included in the Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP). Irrigation is required (temporary or permanent) to ensure the establishment of sufficient vegetation and not weeds.

While water quality treatment of the residential Lots 1 – 10 are exempt from the use of WQCV CMs by ECM I.7.1.B.5 by virtue of the large-lot rural residential designation having areas 2.5 acres or larger and having percent imperviousness values of less than 10%. The percent imperviousness value cited for the Drainage Fee calculation in this report includes the roadway surface in Tract A in addition to the individual lot percent imperviousness and is also in accordance with the value cited in Drainage Criteria Manual Appendix L.3.7.3a, Table 3.1.

4. This project contains no industrial or commercial uses that would pose a potential hazard to water quality. The rural residential development is not anticipated to contain storage of potentially harmful substances or use of potentially harmful substances. No site specific industrial or commercial CM's for source controls are required.

#### 7. Drainage Facilities

Cottonwood Creek is located entirely to the east of Eagle Rising Final Plat Filing No. 1 in a parcel offsite to the proposed subdivision. Access to the Cottonwood Creek streambed and banks along with the ponds and pond embankments through the subdivision is provided along the lot line drainage and utility easements which are included on the Final Plat. An exhibit indicating the routes available is included in the **Appendix** of this report.

The Cottonwood Creek channel, offsite of Eagle Rising Filing No. 1, but located within the area designated as the Preliminary Plan for Eagle Rising.

Analysis of the Cottonwood Creek channel and detailed discussion of the existing vegetation are included in the Master Development Drainage Plan / Preliminary Drainage Report.

A deviation was approved that allows the existing channel vegetation to serve as drainage way stabilization for the site in accordance with the MDDP / Preliminary Drainage Report analyses. The deviation is included in the Appendix. A channel sustainability agreement and/or basin drainage maintenance agreement will be established by Eagle Rising Owners Association in a future filing that includes any portion of the channel.

The existing gravel drive through the site has 2 - 24" R.C. pipes crossing under with existing rip rap outfall aprons. These existing pipes are adequate to convey the 100 year flows and a drainage easement is being provided for the upstream ponding area. Calculations for these existing pipes are included in the appendix.

A new driveway for Lot 6 with 30" RCP will be installed separate from the access easement for Lots 4, 5 & 7.

Should, in the future, all the owners of Lots 3, 4, 5, & 6 decide to fill in the existing pond or Lot 7 use the flag stem to access that Lot, a 30" RCP w/ FES & 5'wx11'l Type L riprap pad at outlet will be installed by the individual Lot owners.

#### 7.1.1. Maintenance and Maintenance Access for Cottonwood Creek

Natural, well-established creeks typically do not require maintenance. The creek bed and banks within the subdivision are well-established with dense vegetation as detailed above. However, access for any needed maintenance within Cottonwood Creek is provided within the Public Utility, Drainage and Maintenance Access Easements which are located along each side front, side and rear lot line. Said Easements will be 10' wide on all side lot lines, 15' wide on all front lines and 10' wide on all rear lot lines. Creek access for the southern portion of the subdivision is located in the Drainage Easement shown extending southeast from private Eagle Wing View to the southern Pond 2. A Creek Access Exhibit for Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 is included in the appendix of this report to illustrate potential access routes within the easements where terrain is amenable for this use. Maintenance of the access easements is vested with the individual property owner. The property owners of the creek to which the easements provide access to will preserve and manage the creek bed and vegetation as required by the OA and in accordance with a future channel sustainability agreement and/or basin drainage maintenance agreement to be agreed upon with El Paso County.

ECM Section 3.3.3.K.2 provides that 15' wide access roads on both sides of the channel can be omitted: "Exclusion of Access Road. When the lack of an access road is not considered detrimental to the maintenance and integrity of the channel, the access road can be omitted under the following conditions:

- Where suitable exit-entry ramps are provided to intermediate channels with a minimum bottom width of 8 feet at roadway crossings and at other approved, needed locations to facilitate travel or maintenance of emergency vehicles in the channel bottom. At a minimum, one access ramp must be provided at each end of a channel."
- Where vehicular access to the channel on a maximum spacing of 1,000 feet and at other approved, needed locations is provided to small channels with a bottom width of less than 8 feet."

In the case of Eagle Rising the lack of constructed access roads is not detrimental to maintenance or integrity of the channel since access will be provided through easements along lot lines. Access to the creek bed is practically attainable at several locations throughout the reach utilizing the easements and not constructed roadways.

#### 8. Drainage and Bridge Fees

The site is located within the Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin of Fountain Creek, El Paso Basin Number FOMO2200, which was last studied in 1994. 2022 fees associated with this basin are Drainage Fees of \$21,134 per impervious acre and Bridge Fees of \$1,156 per impervious acre. The percent Imperviousness of the entire 2.5-acre Rural Residential subdivision, for purposes of drainage fee calculation including the roadway and residential lots, is 11% in accordance with El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual Appendix L Table 3-1. Also, reduction in the per acre Drainage Fee are allowed pursuant to El Paso County Resolution 99-383 in the amount of 25% for lots 2.5 acres or larger will be utilized for this project. The Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 subdivision contains 35.282 acres. Drainage and Bridge Fees for the site are calculated below. Fees will be paid at the time of Final Plat recording.

FEE CALCULATION (Cottonwood Creek 2022 Drainage and Bridge Fees)

Drainage Fee = 35.282 Ac. x \$21,134/lmp. Ac. x 0.11 lmp. = \$82,021.48

Less 25% Drainage Fee Reduction per Resolution 99-383 = (20,505.37)

Bridge Fee = 35.282 Ac. x \$1,156/Imp. Ac. x 0.11 Imp. = 4,486.46

Grand Total Drainage and Bridge Fees = \$66,002.57

In addition to the Drainage Fees stated above, the owner has constructed improvements to the two Cottonwood Creek ponds that serve to mitigate flow rates downstream of the ponds and provide stabilization within the reach. The owner reserves the opportunity to seek reimbursement or drainage credits for these improvements from the City/County Drainage Board in accordance with the procedures outlined in DCM Section 3.3 pursuant to an updated or amended DBPS.

#### 9. Conclusion

This Final Drainage Report presents existing and proposed drainage conditions for the proposed Eagle Rising Filing No. 1 project. The development contains 35.3 acres with ten (10) 2.5-acre to 7.1-acre single family residential lots, and associated roadway which will have negligible and inconsequential effects on the existing site drainage and drainage

Final Drainage Report – Eagle Rising Filing No. 1

conditions downstream. The proposed project will not, with respect to stormwater runoff, negatively impact the adjacent properties and downstream properties. Applicable agency permitting requirements will be observed and adhered to in the development of the subdivision.

## References

*NRCS Web Soil Survey.* United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service ("http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx", accessed March, 2018).

NRCS Official Soil Series Descriptions. United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service ("http://soils.usda.gov/technical/classification/osd/index.html", accessed March, 2018).

*Flood Insurance Rate Map.* Federal Emergency Management Agency, National Flood Insurance Program (Washington D.C.: FEMA, December 7, 2018).

Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County. URS Consultants (Colorado Springs, Colorado: . June, 1994)

Cottonwood Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study. Matrix Design Group (Colorado Springs: El Paso County, July, 2019). (Not Adopted by El Paso County)

Eagle Rising Master Development Drainage Plan / Preliminary Drainage Report, MVE, Inc. (Colorado Springs, Colorado: , March, 2024 ).

*NCSS Web Soil Survey.* United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service ("http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx", accessed May, 2017).

El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual. El Paso County, Colorado. (El Paso County, Colorado October 14, 2020.)

Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 2, Stormwater Quality Policies, Procedures and Best Management Practices (BMPs). City of Colorado Spring Engineering Division (Colorado Springs: , May 2014).

City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 1. City of Colorado Springs Engineering Division Staff, Matrix Design Group/Wright Water Engineers (Colorado Springs: , May 2014).

City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. City of Colorado Springs, Department of Public Works, Engineering Division; HDR Infrastructure, Inc.; El Paso County, Department of Public Works, Engineering Division (Colorado Springs: City of Colorado Springs, Revised November 1991).

City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1. City of Colorado Springs Engineering Division with Matrix Design Group and Wright Water Engineers (Colorado Springs, Colorado: , May 2014).

*Soil, Geology, Geologic Hazard Study - Eagle Rising.* Entech Engineering, Inc (Colorado Springs, Colorado: , December 13, 2022).

Water Resource Assessment for Eagle Rising Subdivision. ERO Resources Corporation (El Paso County, Colorado: , September 14, 2012).

Design Procedure Form: Runoff Reduction Spreadsheet. Mile High Flood District ("https://mhfd.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/UD-BMP\_v3.07.xlsm", accessed August, 2022).

ERO Resources Corporation. 2023." Natural Resources Assessment, Eagle Rising Subdivision, El Paso County, Colorado."

ERO Resources Corporation. 2012. "Wetland Delineation Report, Eagles Rising Subdivision, El Paso County, Colorado."

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2020. "National Wetland Plant List."

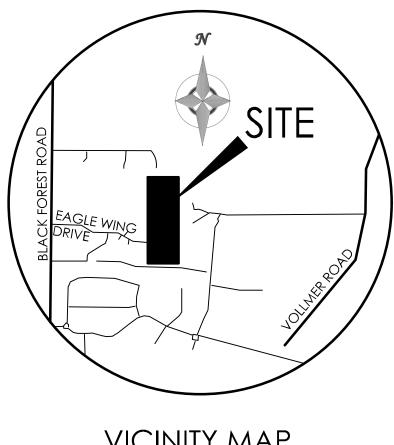
U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2022a. "PLANTS Database." PLANTS Database. 2022. <a href="https://plants.sc.egov.usda.gov/home">https://plants.sc.egov.usda.gov/home</a>.

U.S. Geological Survey. 2016. "National Land Cover Database." 2016. https://www.usgs.gov/node/279743.

# Appendices

#### 10. General Maps and Supporting Data

Vicinity Map
Portions of Flood Insurance Rate Map
NRCS Soil Map and Tables
SCS Soil Type Descriptions
Hydrologic Soil Group Map and Tables
Site Photographs

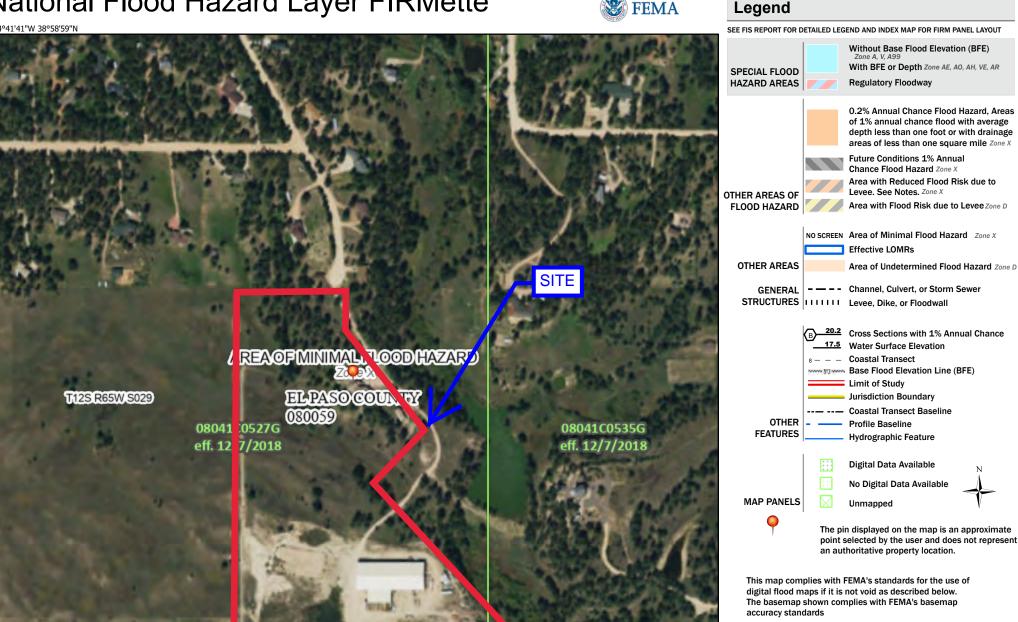


VICINITY MAP

NOT TO SCALE

### National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 11/15/2021 at 6:32 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

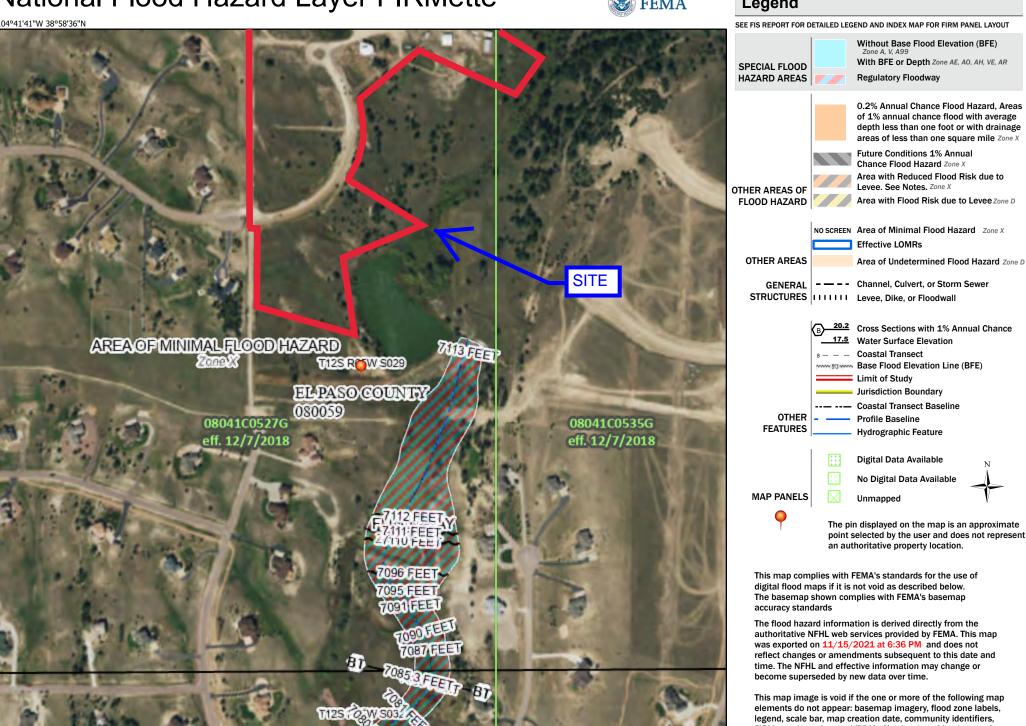
This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

1:6.000 250 500 1,000 1,500 2.000 Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

Feet

### National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





Feet

2.000

250

500

1,000

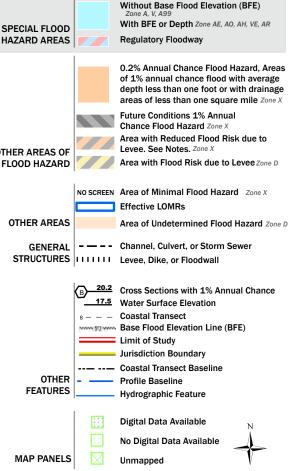
1.500

1:6.000

Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

#### Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 11/15/2021 at 6:36 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



**NRCS** 

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

# Custom Soil Resource Report for El Paso County Area, Colorado



#### **Preface**

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require

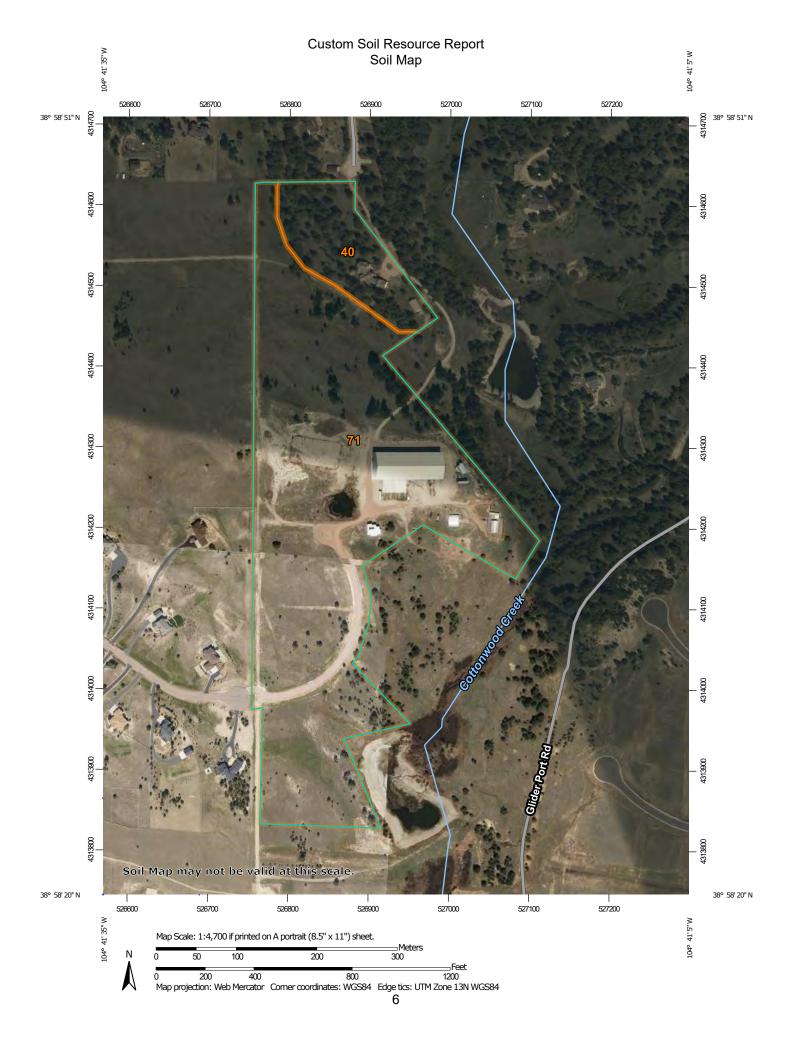
alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

# **Contents**

Preface	2
Soil Map	
Soil Map	
Legend	
Map Unit Legend	8
Map Unit Descriptions	8
El Paso County Area, Colorado	10
40—Kettle gravelly loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	10
71—Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	11

# Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



#### MAP LEGEND

#### Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

#### Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

-

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

#### **Special Point Features**

(o)

Blowout

 $\boxtimes$ 

Borrow Pit

36

Clay Spot

 $\wedge$ 

Closed Depression

\_\_\_\_

.

0.50

Gravelly Spot

0

.

0

Landfill Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp

@

Mine or Quarry

0

Miscellaneous Water

0

Perennial Water
Rock Outcrop

\_\_\_

Saline Spot Sandy Spot

• • •

Severely Eroded Spot

\_

Sinkhole

8

Slide or Slip

Ø

Sodic Spot

#### LGLIND



Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other

Δ

Special Line Features

#### Water Features

\_

Streams and Canals

#### Transportation

Γransp <del>+++</del>

Rails

~

Interstate Highways

US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

#### Background

Marie Control

Aerial Photography

#### MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 20, Sep 2, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 19, 2018—May 26, 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

#### **Map Unit Legend**

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
40	Kettle gravelly loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	4.5	12.2%	
71	Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	32.4	87.8%	
Totals for Area of Interest		36.9	100.0%	

#### **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

# El Paso County Area, Colorado

# 40—Kettle gravelly loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 368g Elevation: 7,000 to 7,700 feet

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Kettle and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Kettle**

#### Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Sandy alluvium derived from arkose

#### **Typical profile**

*E - 0 to 16 inches:* gravelly loamy sand *Bt - 16 to 40 inches:* gravelly sandy loam

C - 40 to 60 inches: extremely gravelly loamy sand

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00

in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F048AY908CO - Mixed Conifer

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

## Other soils

Percent of map unit: Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Pleasant**

Percent of map unit: Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

## 71—Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

## **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 369k Elevation: 6,800 to 7,600 feet

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

## **Map Unit Composition**

Pring and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

## **Description of Pring**

## Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Arkosic alluvium derived from sedimentary rock

#### Typical profile

A - 0 to 14 inches: coarse sandy loam C - 14 to 60 inches: gravelly sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00

in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 6.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: R048AY222CO - Loamy Park

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### **Pleasant**

Percent of map unit: Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

# Custom Soil Resource Report

# Other soils

Percent of map unit: Hydric soil rating: No pricklypear occur. Ample amounts of litter and forage should be left on the soil because of the high hazard of soil blowing.

Windbreaks and environmental plantings are generally well suited to this soil. Summer fallow a year prior to planting and continued cultivation for weed control are needed to insure establishment and survival of plantings. Trees that are best suited and have good survival are Rocky Mountain juniper, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine, Siberian elm, Russian-olive, and hackberry. Shrubs that are best suited are skunkbush sumac, lilac, Siberian peashrub, and American plum.

Depending on land use, this soil can produce habitat that is suitable for either rangeland wildlife, such as antelope, or for openland wildlife, such as pheasant, cottontail, and mourning dove. Availability of irrigation water largely determines the land use. Where no irrigation water is available, this soil is mainly used as rangeland, a use that favors rangeland wildlife. If this soil is used as rangeland, fences, livestock water developments, and proper livestock grazing use are practices that enhance habitat for rangeland wildlife. Production of crops such as wheat, corn, and alfalfa provides suitable habitat for openland wildlife, especially pheasant. Among the practices that increase openland wildlife populations are planting trees and shrubs and providing undisturbed nesting cover.

The main limitation of this soil for urban use is shrinkswell potential. Buildings and roads need to be designed to overcome this limitation. Roads need to be designed to minimize frost-heave damage. Capability subclasses IVe, nonirrigated, and IIe, irrigated.

40—Kettle gravelly loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes. This deep, well drained soil formed in sandy arkosic deposits on uplands. Elevation ranges from 7,000 to 7,700 feet. The average annual precipitation is about 18 inches, the average annual air temperature is about 43 degrees F, and the average frost-free period is about 120 days.

Typically, the surface layer is gray gravelly loamy sand about 3 inches thick. The subsurface layer is light gray gravelly loamy sand about 13 inches thick. The subsoil is very pale brown gravelly sandy loam about 24 inches thick. It consists of a matrix of loamy coarse sand that has thin bands of coarse sandy loam or sandy clay loam. The substratum to a depth of 60 inches or more is light yellowish brown extremely gravelly loamy sand.

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Alamosa loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes; Elbeth sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; Tomah-Crowfoot loamy sands, 3 to 8 percent slopes; and a few rock outcrops.

Permeability of this Kettle soil is rapid. Effective rooting depth is 60 inches or more. Available water capacity is low to moderate. Surface runoff is slow, and the hazard of erosion is slight to moderate. A few gullies have formed in drainageways.

This soil is used for woodland, livestock grazing, wildlife habitat, recreation, and homesites.

This soil is suited to the production of ponderosa pine. It is capable of producing about 2,240 cubic feet or 4,900 board feet (International rule), of merchantable timber per acre from a fully stocked, even-aged stand of 80-year-old trees. The main limitation for the production or harvesting of timber is the low available water capacity. The low available water capacity also influences seedling survival, especially in areas where understory plants are plentiful. Erosion must be kept to a minimum when harvesting timber.

This soil has good potential for mule deer, tree squirrels, cottontail rabbit, and wild turkey. These animals obtain their food and shelter from pine trees, shrubs, and ground cover, which provide browse, forbs, fruit, and seeds. The presence of ponderosa pine and Gambel oak should encourage wild turkey populations; however, where water is not naturally present, wildlife watering facilities must be provided to attract and maintain wild turkey and other wildlife species. Livestock grazing management is vital on this soil if wildlife populations are to be maintained.

This soil has good potential for use as homesites. Plans for homesite development on this soil should provide for the preservation of as many trees as possible in order to maintain the esthetic value of the sites. During seasons of low precipitation, fire may become a hazard to homesites. This hazard can be minimized by installing firebreaks and reducing the amount of litter on the forest floor. Capability subclass VIe.

41—Kettle gravelly loamy sand, 8 to 40 percent slopes. This deep, well drained soil formed in sandy arkosic deposits on uplands. Elevation ranges from 7,000 to 7,700 feet. The average annual precipitation is about 18 inches, the average annual air temperature is about 43 degrees F, and the average frost-free period is about 120 days.

Typically, the surface layer is gray gravelly loamy sand about 3 inches thick. The subsurface layer is light gray gravelly loamy sand about 13 inches thick. The subsoil is very pale brown gravelly sandy loam about 24 inches thick. It consists of a matrix of loamy coarse sand that has thin bands of coarse sandy loam or sandy clay loam. The substratum to a depth of 60 inches or more is light yellowish brown extremely gravelly loamy sand.

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Elbeth sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes; Pring coarse sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes; Tomah-Crowfoot loamy sands, 8 to 15 percent slopes; and a few rock outcrops.

Permeability of this Kettle soil is rapid. Effective rooting depth is 60 inches or more. Available water capacity is low to moderate. Surface runoff is medium, and the hazard of erosion is moderate. Some gullies have formed in drainageways.

The soil is used for woodland, livestock grazing, wildlife habitat, recreation, and homesites.

This soil is suited to the production of ponderosa pine. It is capable of producing 2,240 cubic feet, or 4,900 board

survival are Rocky Mountain juniper, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine, Siberian elm, Russian-olive, and hackberry. Shrubs that are best suited are skunkbush sumac, lilac, and Siberian peashrub.

These soils are suited to habitat for openland and rangeland wildlife. Rangeland wildlife, such as pronghorn antelope, can be encouraged by developing livestock watering facilities, properly managing livestock grazing, and reseeding range where needed.

These soils have a good potential for homesites. The main limitations, especially on the Peyton soil, are low bearing strength and frost-action potential. Buildings and roads can be designed to overcome these limitations. Access roads should have adequate cut-slope grade and be provided with drains to control surface runoff and keep soil losses to a minimum. Capability subclass VIe.

69—Peyton-Pring complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes. These gently to moderately sloping soils are on valley side slopes and on uplands. Elevation ranges from 6,800 to 7,600 feet. The average annual precipitation is about 17 inches, the average annual air temperature is about 43 degrees F, and the average frost-free period is about 120 days.

The Peyton soil makes up about 40 percent of the complex, the Pring soil about 30 percent, and other soils about 30 percent.

Included with these soils in mapping are areas of Holderness loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes; Tomah-Crowfoot loamy sands, 8 to 15 percent slopes; Kettle gravelly loamy sand, 8 to 40 percent slopes; and a few areas of Rock outcrop.

The Peyton soil is commonly on the less sloping part of the landscape. It is deep, noncalcareous, and well drained. It formed in alluvium and residuum derived from weathered, arkosic, sedimentary rock. Typically, the surface layer is grayish brown sandy loam about 12 inches thick. The subsoil, about 23 inches thick, is pale brown sandy clay loam in the upper 13 inches and pale brown sandy loam in the lower 10 inches. The substratum is pale brown sandy loam to a depth of 60 inches or more.

Permeability of the Peyton soil is moderate. Effective rooting depth is 60 inches or more. Available water capacity is high. Surface runoff is medium to rapid, and the hazard of erosion is moderate to high. Some gullies have developed along drainageways and livestock trails.

The Pring soil is deep, noncalcareous, and well drained. It formed in sandy sediment derived from weathered, arkosic, sedimentary rock. Typically, the surface layer is dark grayish brown coarse sandy loam about 4 inches thick. The substratum is dark grayish brown coarse sandy loam about 10 inches thick over pale brown gravelly sandy loam that extends to a depth of 60 inches or more.

Permeability of the Pring soil is rapid. Effective rooting depth is 60 inches or more. Available water capacity is moderate. Surface runoff is medium to rapid, and the hazard of erosion is moderate to high. Some gullies have developed along drainageways and livestock trails.

The soils in this complex are used as rangeland, for wildlife habitat, and for homesites.

These soils are well suited to the production of native vegetation suitable for grazing. The dominant native species are mountain muhly, bluestem grasses, needle-andthread, and blue grama. These soils are subject to invasion of Kentucky bluegrass and Gambel oak. Common forbs are hairy goldenrod, geranium, milkvetch, low larkspur, fringed sage, and buckwheat.

Properly locating livestock watering facilities helps to control grazing. Timely deferment of grazing is needed to protect the plant cover.

Windbreaks and environmental plantings generally are suited to these soils. Soil blowing is the main limitation to the establishment of trees and shrubs. This limitation can be overcome by cultivating only in the tree rows and leaving a strip of vegetation between the rows. Supplemental irrigation may be needed when planting and during dry periods. Trees that are best suited and have good survival are Rocky Mountain juniper, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine, Siberian elm, Russian-olive, and hackberry. Shrubs that are best suited are skunkbush sumac, lilac, and Siberian peashrub.

These soils are well suited to wildlife habitat. They are best suited to habitat for openland and rangeland wildlife. Rangeland wildlife, such as pronghorn antelope, can be encouraged by developing livestock watering facilities, properly managing livestock grazing, and reseeding range where needed.

These soils have good potential for use as homesites. The main limitations are steepness of slope, limited ability to support a load, and frost-action potential. Buildings and roads can be designed to overcome these limitations. These soils also require special site or building designs because of the slope. Access roads should have adequate cut-slope grade, and drains should be provided to control surface runoff and keep soil losses to a minimum. Capability subclass VIe.

70—Pits, gravel. Gravel pits are in nearly level to rolling areas. They are open excavations several feet deep and commonly 5 acres or less in size.

Gravel pits are very low in natural fertility and are highly susceptible to soil blowing. A cover of weeds or straw helps to control erosion.

Windbreaks and environmental plantings generally are not suited to these areas. Onsite investigation is needed to determine if plantings are feasible. Capability subclass VIIIs.

71—Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes. This deep, noncalcareous, well drained soil formed in sandy sediment derived from arkosic sedimentary rock on valley side slopes and on uplands. Elevation ranges from 6,800 to 7,600 feet. The average annual precipitation is about 17 inches, the average annual air temperature is about 43 degrees F, and the average frost-free period is about 120 days.

Typically, the surface layer is dark grayish brown coarse sandy loam about 4 inches thick. The substratum is dark grayish brown coarse sandy loam about 10 inches thick over pale brown gravelly sandy loam that extends to a depth of 60 inches or more.

46 SOIL SURVEY

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Alamosa loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, along drainageways; Cruckton sandy loam, 1 to 9 percent slopes; Peyton sandy loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes; Peyton sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes; and Tomah-Crowfoot loamy sands, 3 to 8 percent slopes. In some places arkose beds of sandstone and shale are at a depth of 0 to 40 inches.

Permeability of this Pring soil is rapid. Effective rooting depth is 60 inches or more. Available water capacity is moderate. Surface runoff is medium, and the hazard of erosion is moderate.

Almost all areas of this soil are used as rangeland. Some areas previously cultivated have been reseeded to grass. This soil is also used for wildlife habitat and homesites.

This soil is well suited to the production of native vegetation suitable for grazing by cattle and sheep. Rangeland vegetation is mainly mountain muhly, little bluestem, needleandthread, Parry oatgrass, and junegrass.

Deferment of grazing in spring helps to maintain vigor and production of the cool-season bunchgrasses. Fencing and properly locating livestock watering facilities help to control grazing.

Windbreaks and environmental plantings generally are suited to this soil. The hazard of soil blowing is the main limitation to the establishment of trees and shrubs. This limitation can be overcome by cultivating only in the tree rows and leaving a strip of vegetation between the rows. Supplemental irrigation may be needed when planting and during dry periods. Trees that are best suited and have good survival are Rocky Mountain juniper, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine, Siberian elm, Russian-olive, and hackberry. Shrubs that are best suited are skunkbush sumac, lilac, and Siberian peashrub.

This soil is suited to habitat for openland and rangeland wildlife. Rangeland wildlife, such as pronghorn antelope, can be encouraged by developing livestock watering facilities, properly managing livestock grazing, and reseeding range where needed.

This soil is well suited for use as homesites. Erosion control practices are needed to control soil blowing and water erosion on construction sites where the ground cover has been removed. Capability subclass IVe.

72—Pring coarse sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes. This deep, noncalcareous, well drained soil formed in sandy sediment derived from arkosic sedimentary rock on valley side slopes and on uplands. Elevation ranges from 6,800 to 7,600 feet. The average annual precipitation is about 17 inches, the average annual air temperature is about 43 degrees F, and the average frost-free period is about 120 days.

Typically, the surface layer is dark grayish brown coarse sandy loam about 4 inches thick. The substratum is dark grayish brown coarse sandy loam about 10 inches thick over pale brown gravelly sandy loam that extends to a depth of 60 inches or more.

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Cruckton sandy loam, 1 to 9 percent slopes; Peyton sandy

loam, 5 to 9 percent slopes; and Tomah-Crowfoot loamy sands, 8 to 15 percent slopes. Arkose beds of sandstone and shale are at a depth of 0 to 40 inches in some places.

Permeability of this Pring soil is rapid. Effective rooting depth is 60 inches or more. Available water capacity is moderate. Surface runoff is medium, and the hazard of erosion is moderate. Some gullies have developed along drainageways.

Almost all areas of this soil are used as rangeland. Some areas previously cultivated have been reseeded to grass. This soil is also used for wildlife habitat and as homesites.

This soil is well suited to the production of native vegetation suitable for grazing by cattle and sheep. The native vegetation is mainly mountain muhly, little bluestem, needleandthread, Parry oatgrass, and junegrass.

Deferment of grazing in spring helps to maintain the vigor and production of the cool-season bunchgrasses. Fencing and properly locating livestock watering facilities help to control grazing.

Windbreaks and environmental plantings generally are suited to this soil. The hazard of soil blowing is the main limitation to the establishment of trees and shrubs. This limitation can be overcome by cultivating only in the tree rows and leaving a strip of vegetation between the rows. Supplemental irrigation may be needed when planting and during dry periods. Trees that are best suited and have good survival are Rocky Mountain juniper, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine, Siberian elm, Russian-olive, and hackberry. Shrubs that are best suited are skunkbush sumac, lilac, and Siberian peashrub.

This soil is suited to habitat for openland and rangeland wildlife habitat. Rangeland wildlife, such as pronghorn antelope, can be encouraged by developing livestock watering facilities, properly managing livestock grazing, and reseeding range where needed.

This soil has good potential for urban uses. The main limitation is slope. Special site or building designs are needed because of the slope. Access roads must have adequate cut-slope grade and be provided with drains to control surface runoff. Capability subclass VIe.

73—Razor clay loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes. This moderately deep, well drained, clayey soil formed in residuum derived from calcareous shale on uplands. Elevation ranges from 5,300 to 6,100 feet. The average annual precipitation is about 13 inches, the average annual air temperature is about 49 degrees F, and the average frost-free period is about 145 days.

Typically, the surface layer is light brownish gray clay loam about 3 inches thick. The subsoil is grayish brown heavy clay loam or clay about 15 inches thick. The substratum is grayish brown clay that grades to calcareous shale at a depth of about 31 inches. Visible lime is in the lower part of the subsoil and in the substratum.

Included with this soil in mapping are small areas of Midway clay loam, 3 to 25 percent slopes; Heldt clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes; and Stoneham sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes.

# 11. Hydrologic Calculations

Runoff Coefficients and Percent Imperviousness Table 6-6
Colorado Springs Rainfall Intensity Duration Frequency Table 6-5
Hydrologic Calculations Summary Form SF-1 for Existing & Developed Conditions
Hydrologic Calculations Summary 5-yr Form SF-2 for Existing & Developed Conditions
Hydrologic Calculations Summary 100-yr Form SF-2 for Existing & Developed Conditions
Runoff Reduction Calculations
Runoff Reduction Map

Hydrology Chapter 6

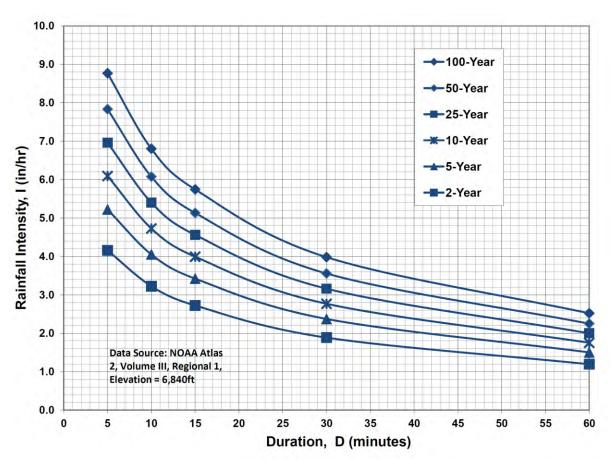


Figure 6-5. Colorado Springs Rainfall Intensity Duration Frequency

# **IDF Equations**

$$I_{100} = -2.52 \ln(D) + 12.735$$

$$I_{50} = -2.25 \ln(D) + 11.375$$

$$I_{25} = -2.00 \ln(D) + 10.111$$

$$I_{10} = -1.75 ln(D) + 8.847$$

$$I_5 = -1.50 \ln(D) + 7.583$$

$$I_2 = -1.19 \ln(D) + 6.035$$

Note: Values calculated by equations may not precisely duplicate values read from figure.

Chapter 6 Hydrology

Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method

(Source: UDFCD 2001)

Land Use or Surface	Percent						Runoff Co	efficients					
Characteristics	Impervious	2-у	ear	5-у	ear	10-1	year	25-	/ear	50- <sub>1</sub>	/ear	100-	year
		HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D
Business													
Commercial Areas	95	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
Neighborhood Areas	70	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.53	0.57	0.58	0.62	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.68
Residential													
1/8 Acre or less	65	0.41	0.45	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.65
1/4 Acre	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
1/3 Acre	30	0.18	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.52	0.47	0.57
1/2 Acre	25	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.41	0.51	0.46	0.56
1 Acre	20	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.26	0.27	0.34	0.35	0.44	0.40	0.50	0.44	0.55
Industrial													
Light Areas	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Heavy Areas	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Parks and Cemeteries	7	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.19	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.40	0.34	0.46	0.39	0.52
Playgrounds	13	0.03	0.03	0.12	0.23	0.24	0.23	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.48	0.33	0.54
Railroad Yard Areas	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
Undeveloped Areas													
Historic Flow Analysis Greenbelts, Agriculture	2	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.38	0.31	0.45	0.36	0.51
Pasture/Meadow	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Forest	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Exposed Rock	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Offsite Flow Analysis (when landuse is undefined)	45	0.26	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.48	0.55	0.51	0.59
Streets													
Paved	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Gravel	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Drive and Walks	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Roofs	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Lawns	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50

**Table 3-1. Number of Rainfall Events in the Denver Area** (Adapted from Urbonas et al. 1989)

1	l Rai Deptl nche		Average Annual Number of Storm Events	Percent of Total Storm Events	Percentile of Runoff- producing Storms
0.0	to	0.1	46	61.07%	0.00%
0.1	to	0.5	22	29.21%	75.04%
	≤	0.6	69	91.61%	80.00%
0.5	to	1.0	4.7	6.24%	91.07%
1.0	to	1.5	1.5	1.99%	96.19%
1.5	to	2.0	0.6	0.80%	98.23%
2.0	to	3.0	0.3	0.40%	99.26%
3.0	to	4.0	0.19	0.25%	99.90%
4.0	to	5.0	0.028	0.04%	100.00%
	>	5.0	0	0.00%	100.00%
T	OTA	L:	75	100%	100%

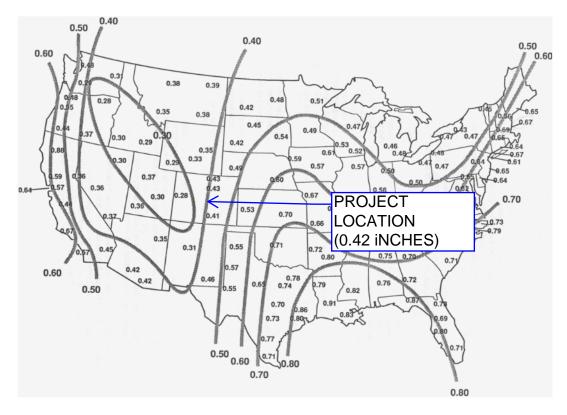


Figure 3-1. Map of the Average Runoff Producing Storm's Precipitation Depth in the United States In Inches

(Source: Driscoll et.al., 1989)

 Job No.:
 61145
 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final (Existing)

Calcs By: O. Ali

Checked By:

Time of Concentration (Modified from Standard Form SF-1)

		Sub-Basi	n Data		(	Overland		;	Shallow	Channel			Channel	ized		t <sub>c</sub> Ch	neck	
Sub-	Area			%	L <sub>0</sub>	S <sub>0</sub>	t <sub>i</sub>	L <sub>0t</sub>	S <sub>0t</sub>	V <sub>0sc</sub>	t <sub>t</sub>	L <sub>0c</sub>	S <sub>0c</sub>	V <sub>0c</sub>	t <sub>c</sub>	L	t <sub>c,alt</sub>	t <sub>c</sub>
Basin	(Acres)	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>100</sub> /CN	Imp.	(ft)	(%)	(min)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(min)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(min)
EX-A1	4.95	0.08	0.35	0%	299	11%	14.6	337	0.059	1.7	3.3	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	636	13.5	13.5
EX-A2	1.74	0.08	0.35	0%	154	13%	9.8	238	0.059	1.7	2.3	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	392	12.2	12.1
EX-B	4.35	0.12	0.38	5%	100	8%	9.1	176	0.031	1.2	2.4	240	0.023	3.2	1.2	516	12.9	12.7
EX-C	1.66	0.08	0.35	0%	100	5%	10.8	238	0.050	1.6	2.5	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	338	11.9	11.9
EX-D	7.10	0.12	0.38	6%	100	7%	9.3	160	0.088	2.1	1.3	621	0.034	4.2	2.5	881	14.9	13.1
EX-E1	3.41	0.28	0.49	30%	100	7%	7.8	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	865	0.016	2.7	5.3	965	15.4	13.1
EX-E2	7.77	0.18	0.42	15%	299	3%	19.3	222	0.054	1.6	2.3	618	0.024	3.8	2.7	1139	16.3	16.3
EX-F1	5.20	0.44	0.60	56%	100	2%	9.4	343	0.012	8.0	7.6	239	0.056	4.9	0.8	682	13.8	13.8
EX-F2	3.24	0.16	0.41	12%	284	5%	17.3	456	0.031	1.2	6.2	241	0.050	3.5	1.1	981	15.5	15.5
EX-G	3.01	0.10	0.36	2%	126	10%	9.6	186	0.032	1.3	2.5	427	0.042	3.6	2.0	739	14.1	14.1
EX-H	4.10	0.14	0.40	8%	100	4%	10.9	382	0.050	1.6	4.1	208	0.058	4.2	0.8	690	13.8	13.8
EX-I	1.64	0.17	0.42	11%	100	9%	8.1	166	0.030	1.2	2.3	147	0.020	1.2	2.0	413	12.3	12.3
EX-J	2.42	0.14	0.39	7%	100	7%	9.1	144	0.076	1.9	1.2	274	0.036	3.4	1.3	518	12.9	11.7
EX-K	2.65	0.08	0.35	0%	150	9%	11.1	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	150	10.8	10.8
EX-L	2.14	0.08	0.35	0%	206	5%	15.2	224	0.020	1.0	3.8	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	430	12.4	12.4
EX-M	4.10	0.10	0.36	2%	108	4%	12.2	453	0.022	1.0	7.3	312	0.032	1.5	3.5	873	14.9	14.9
00 P44	04.00	0.40	0.40	400/	000	00/	47.0	4000	0.047	4.5	44.0	0.44	0.000	0.4	4.0	4044	40.4	40.4
OS-B1A	24.88	0.12	0.40	10%	300	6%	17.0	1000	0.047	1.5	11.0	344	0.020	3.1	1.9	1644	19.1	19.1
OS-B1B	40.97	0.10	0.37	5%	300	5%	18.5	1000	0.055	1.6	10.2	711	0.020	3.0	3.9	2011	21.2	21.2
OS-B1C	1.84	0.08	0.35	0%	300	2%	24.1	228	0.039	1.4	2.7	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	528	12.9	
OS-B1D	6.03	0.08	0.35	0%	300	3%	22.2	942	0.034	1.3	12.2	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	1242	16.9	
OS-B1E	10.12	0.10	0.37	4%	300	7%	16.8	1000	0.035	1.3	12.7	104	0.058	4.5	0.4	1404	17.8	
OS-B3A	9.06	0.12	0.40	11%	300	4%	19.4	638	0.052	1.6	6.7	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	938	15.2	15.2
OS-B3B	2.50	0.12	0.40	11%	300	4%	20.0	336	0.054	1.6	3.5	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	636	13.5	
OS-B3C	5.95	0.12	0.40	11%	300	3%	20.6	694	0.040	1.4	8.2	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	994	15.5	15.5

Job No.: 61145

Project:	Eagle Rising - P	Preliminary/Final	(Existing)
Design Storr	n:	5-Year Storm	(20% Probability)

 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

 Calcs By:
 O. Ali

 Checked By:
 O. Ali

Jurisdiction: DCM

## Sub-Basin and Combined Flows (Modified from Standard Form SF-2)

					Direct I	Runoff			Combine	d Runoff		;	Streetflov	v		Р	ipe Flow			Tı	ravel Tim	ne
	Sub-	Area		t <sub>c</sub>	CA	15	Q5	t <sub>c</sub>	CA	15	Q5	Slope	Length	Q	Q	Slope	Mnngs	Length	$D_{Pipe}$	Length	V <sub>0sc</sub>	t <sub>t</sub>
DP	Basin	(Acres)	C5	(min)	(Acres)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(min)	(Acres)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(%)	(ft)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(%)	n	(ft)	(in)	(ft)	(ft/s)	(min)
EX-DP8  EX-DP9  EX-DP6 EX-DP6A EX-DP6B EX-DP7 EX-DP8A EX-DP10 EX-DP11 EX-DP12 EX-DP13	EX-A1 EX-A2 EX-B EX-C EX-D EX-E1 EX-E2 EX-F1 EX-F2 EX-G EX-H EX-J EX-J EX-L EX-L EX-L	4.95 1.74 4.35 1.66 7.10 3.41 7.77 5.20 3.24 3.01 4.10 1.64 2.42 2.65 2.14 4.10 71.87 5.25 78.97 84.22 11.23 24.92 14.25 6.60 27.34 8.09	0.08 0.08 0.12 0.08 0.12 0.28 0.18 0.44 0.16 0.10 0.14 0.17 0.14 0.08 0.08 0.10 0.10 0.11 0.11 0.25 0.12 0.21 0.11 0.12 0.22	12.1 12.7 11.9 13.1 13.1 16.3 13.8 15.5 14.1 13.8 12.3 11.7 10.8 12.4 14.9	0.40 0.14 0.51 0.13 0.87 0.95 1.40 2.31 0.52 0.30 0.59 0.29 0.34 0.21 0.17	3.68 3.84 3.77 3.87 3.73 3.72 3.39 3.65 3.48 3.62 3.64 3.82 3.89 4.01 3.81 3.54	1.46 0.53 1.92 0.52 3.26 3.53 4.74 8.44 1.82 1.07 2.16 1.09 1.32 0.85 0.65 1.42		7.50 1.10 8.37 9.47 2.80 2.93 3.09 0.70 3.27 0.89	2.93 3.25 2.81 3.06 3.12 2.89 3.24 3.00 3.32	22.0 3.6 23.5 26.6 8.6 9.2 9.0 2.3 9.8 2.9											
	OS-B1A OS-B1B OS-B1C OS-B1D OS-B1E OS-B3A OS-B3B OS-B3C	24.88 40.97 1.84 6.03 10.12 9.06 2.50 5.95	0.12 0.10 0.08 0.08 0.10 0.12 0.12	19.1 21.2 12.9 16.9 17.8 15.2 13.5	2.90 3.95 0.15 0.48 0.96 1.09 0.30 0.71	3.16 3.00 3.74 3.34 3.26 3.50 3.68 3.47	9.16 11.87 0.55 1.61 3.15 3.81 1.10 2.48															

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2

C1: 1.5

Job No.: 61145

Project: <b>E</b>	agie Rising - F	Preliminary/Final	(Existing)
Design Storn	n:	100-Year Storm	(1% Probability)

Date: 8/22/2024 13:16
Calcs By: O. Ali
Checked By:

Jurisdiction: DCM

## Sub-Basin and Combined Flows (Modified from Standard Form SF-2)

					Direct F	Runoff			Combine	ed Runoff		,	Streetflov	v		Р	ipe Flow			Т	ravel Tir	ne
	Sub-	Area		t <sub>c</sub>	CA	I100	Q100	t <sub>c</sub>	CA	I100	Q100	Slope	Length	Q	Q	Slope	Mnngs Ler	igth	D <sub>Pipe</sub>	Length	V <sub>0sc</sub>	t <sub>t</sub>
DP	Basin	(Acres)	C100	(min)	(Acres)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(min)	(Acres)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(%)	(ft)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(%)	n (f	t)	(in)	(ft)	(ft/s)	(min)
EX-DP8 EX-DP9  EX-DP6 EX-DP6A EX-DP6B EX-DP7 EX-DP8A EX-DP10 EX-DP11 EX-DP12 EX-DP13	EX-A1 EX-A2 EX-B EX-C EX-D EX-E1 EX-E2 EX-F1 EX-F2 EX-G EX-H EX-I EX-J EX-K EX-L EX-M	4.95 1.74 4.35 1.66 7.10 3.41 7.77 5.20 3.24 3.01 4.10 1.64 2.42 2.65 2.14 4.10 71.87 5.25 78.97 84.22 11.23 24.92 14.25 6.60 27.34 8.09	0.35 0.38 0.35 0.38 0.49 0.42 0.60 0.41 0.36 0.40 0.42 0.39 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.38 0.44 0.38 0.47 0.39	12.1 12.7 11.9 13.1 16.3 15.5 14.1 13.8 12.3 11.7 10.8 12.4 14.9	1.73 0.61 1.64 0.58 2.70 1.66 3.26 3.13 1.32 1.10 1.63 0.69 0.96 0.93 0.75 1.49	6.17 6.44 6.32 6.50 6.26 6.25 5.70 6.12 5.84 6.07 6.11 6.41 6.73 6.39 5.94	10.69 3.93 10.38 3.79 16.94 10.38 18.55 19.18 7.68 6.66 9.99 4.41 6.25 6.25	22.3 17.9 24.1 20.4 19.5 22.8 18.1 21.2	27.30 2.31 30.00 32.31 5.24 9.68 6.34 2.49 10.64 3.13	4.91 5.46 4.71 4.71 5.14 5.25 4.86 5.44 5.04 5.57	134.1 12.6 141.5 152.3 27.0 50.8 30.8 13.5 53.6 17.4											
	OS-B1A OS-B1B OS-B1C OS-B1D OS-B1E OS-B3A OS-B3B OS-B3C	24.88 40.97 1.84 6.03 10.12 9.06 2.50 5.95	0.40 0.37 0.35 0.35 0.37 0.40 0.40	21.2 12.9 16.9 17.8 15.2 13.5	9.86 15.21 0.64 2.11 3.73 3.63 1.00 2.38	5.30 5.04 6.28 5.61 5.48 5.88 6.17 5.82	52.23 76.72 4.04 11.84 20.46 21.30 6.18 13.87															

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2

C1: 2.52 C1: 12.735 
 Job No.:
 61145
 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final (Developed) Calcs By: O. Ali
Checked By:

Time of Concentration (Modified from Standard Form SF-1)

		Sub-Basi	n Data		(	Overland	d		Shallow	Channel			Chann	nelized		t <sub>c</sub> Cł	neck	
Sub-	Area			%	$L_0$	$S_0$	t <sub>i</sub>	L <sub>0t</sub>	S <sub>0t</sub>	$v_{0sc}$	t <sub>t</sub>	L <sub>0c</sub>	S <sub>0c</sub>	$v_{0c}$	t <sub>c</sub>	L	$t_{c,alt}$	t <sub>c</sub>
Basin	(Acres)	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>100</sub> /CN	Imp.	(ft)	(%)	(min)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(min)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(min)
A1	4.95	0.12	0.38	6%	299	11%	13.9	337	0.059	1.7	3.3	0	0.000	0.0		636	13.5	
A2	1.74	0.08	0.35	0%	154	13%	9.8	238	0.059	1.7	2.3	0	0.000	0.0		392	12.2	12.1
В	4.35	0.15	0.40	9%	100	8%	8.8	176	0.031	1.2	2.4	240	0.023	3.2	1.2	516	12.9	12.5
С	1.66	0.11	0.37	3%	100	5%	10.6	238	0.050	1.6	2.5	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	338	11.9	11.9
D	7.10	0.14	0.40	9%	100	7%	9.1	160	0.088	2.1	1.3	621	0.034	4.2	2.5	881	14.9	12.8
E1	3.41	0.28	0.49	30%	100	7%	7.8	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	865	0.016	2.7	5.3	965	15.4	13.1
E2	7.77	0.20	0.43	17%	299	3%	18.8	222	0.054	1.6	2.3	618	0.024	3.8	2.7	1139	16.3	16.3
F1	5.20	0.47	0.62	59%	100	2%	9.0	343	0.012	8.0	7.6	239	0.056	4.9	0.8	682	13.8	13.8
F2	3.24	0.20	0.44	18%	284	5%	16.5	456	0.031	1.2	6.2	241	0.050	3.5	1.1	981	15.5	15.5
G	3.01	0.14	0.40	8%	126	10%	9.2	186	0.032	1.3	2.5	427	0.042	3.6	2.0	739	14.1	13.7
Н	4.10	0.20	0.44	15%	100	4%	10.3	382	0.050	1.6	4.1	208	0.058	4.2	0.8	690	13.8	13.8
I	1.64	0.21	0.45	17%	100	9%	7.8	166	0.030	1.2	2.3	147	0.020	1.2	2.0	413	12.3	12.0
J	2.42	0.19	0.43	14%	100	7%	8.7	144	0.076	1.9	1.2	274	0.036	3.4	1.3	518	12.9	11.2
K	2.65	0.08	0.35	0%	150	9%	11.1	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	150	10.8	10.8
L	2.14	0.14	0.39	8%	206	5%	14.3	224	0.022	1.0	3.6	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	430	12.4	12.4
М	4.10	0.13	0.39	6%	108	4%	11.8	453	0.022	1.0	7.3	312	0.032	1.5	3.5	873	14.9	14.9
OS-B1A	24.88	0.12	0.40	10%	300	6%	17.0	1000	0.047	1.5	11.0	344	0.020	3.1	1.9	1644	19.1	19.1
OS-B1B	40.97	0.10	0.37	5%	300	5%	18.5	1000	0.055	1.6	10.2	711	0.020	3.0		2011	21.2	
OS-B1C	1.84	0.10	0.35	0%	300	2%	24.1	228	0.039	1.4	2.7	0	0.000	0.0		528	12.9	
OS-B1D	6.03	0.08	0.35	0%	300	3%	22.2	942	0.034	1.3	12.2	0	0.000	0.0		1242	16.9	_
OS-B1E	10.12	0.10	0.37	4%	300	7%	16.8	1000	0.035	1.3	12.7	104	0.058	4.5		1404	17.8	
OS-B1E OS-B3A	9.06	0.10	0.37	11%	300	7 % 4%	19.4	638	0.053	1.6	6.7	0	0.000	0.0		938	15.2	_
OS-B3B	9.00 2.50	0.12	0.40	11%	300	4% 4%	20.0	336	0.052	1.6	3.5	0	0.000	0.0		636	13.5	
OS-B3C	5.95	0.12	0.40	11%	300	3%	20.6	694	0.034	1.6	3.5 8.2	0	0.000	0.0				
U3-B3U	5.95	0.12	0.40	11%	300	3%	20.6	694	0.040	1.4	0.2	ا	0.000	0.0	0.0	994	15.5	15.5

Job No.: 61145

Project: Ea	gle Rising - Preli	minary/Final	(Developed)
Design Storr	n: <u>5-Y</u> e	ear Storm	(20% Probability)

 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

 Calcs By:
 O. Ali

 Checked By:
 O. Ali

Jurisdiction: DCM

## Sub-Basin and Combined Flows (Modified from Standard Form SF-2)

					Direct	Runoff			Combine	d Runoff			Streetflov	v		P	ipe Flow			Tr	avel Tim	ne
	Sub-	Area		t <sub>c</sub>	CA	15	Q5	t <sub>c</sub>	CA	15	Q5		Length	Q	Q		Mnngs	Length	D <sub>Pipe</sub>	Length	V <sub>0sc</sub>	t <sub>t</sub>
DP	Basin	(Acres)	C5	(min)	(Acres)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(min)	(Acres)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(%)		(cfs)	(cfs)	(%)	n	(ft)	(in)	(ft)	(ft/s)	(min)
DP8 DP9 DP6 DP6A DP6B DP6C DP7 DP8A DP10 DP11			0.12 0.08 0.15 0.11 0.14 0.28 0.20 0.47 0.20 0.14 0.20 0.21 0.19 0.08 0.14 0.13 0.11 0.21 0.11 0.21 0.21	(min)  13.5 12.1 12.5 11.9 12.8 13.1 16.3 13.8 15.5 13.7 13.8 12.0 11.2 10.8 12.4 14.9		(in/hr)  3.68 3.84 3.80 3.87 3.75 3.72 3.39 3.65 3.48 3.66 3.64 3.86 3.95 4.01 3.81			7.67 1.10 8.70 9.79 2.93			(%)	(ft)	(cfs)		(%)		(ft)	(in)	(ft)	v <sub>Osc</sub> (ft/s)	
DP12 DP13	OS-B1A OS-B1B OS-B1C OS-B1D OS-B1E OS-B3A OS-B3B OS-B3C	27.34 8.09 24.88 40.97 1.84 6.03 10.12 9.06 2.50 5.95	0.13 0.12 0.10 0.08 0.08 0.10 0.12 0.12	19.1 21.2 12.9 16.9 17.8 15.2	2.90 3.95 0.15 0.48 0.96 1.09 0.30 0.71	3.00 3.74 3.34 3.26 3.50 3.68	9.16 11.87 0.55 1.61 3.15 3.81 1.10 2.48	21.2 17.2	3.66	3.00	11.0 3.4											

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2

C1: 1.5 C1: 7.583 Job No.: 61145

Project:	Eagle Rising - F	Preliminary/Final	(Developed)
Design S	torm:	100-Year Storm	(1% Probability)

 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

 Calcs By:
 O. Ali

 Checked By:
 O. Ali

Jurisdiction: DCM

## Sub-Basin and Combined Flows (Modified from Standard Form SF-2)

DP A1 A2 B C C D D E1 DP8 E2 F1 DP9 F2 G	1 2	Area (Acres) 4.95 1.74 4.35 1.66 7.10 3.41	0.38 0.35 0.40 0.37	12.1 12.5	Direct CA (Acres)  1.89 0.61 1.74	1100 (in/hr) 6.17 6.44	Q100 (cfs) 11.66 3.93	t <sub>c</sub> (min)	Combine CA (Acres)	I100 (in/hr)	Q100 (cfs)	Streetflow Length (ft)	Q (cfs)	Q (cfs)	Mnngs n	Length (ft)	D <sub>Pipe</sub> (in)	Length (ft)	avel Tim v <sub>0sc</sub> (ft/s)	t <sub>t</sub>
A1 A2 B C D D E1 DP8 E2 F1 DP9 F2	1 2 1 2	4.95 1.74 4.35 1.66 7.10	0.38 0.35 0.40 0.37	13.5 12.1 12.5	1.89 0.61	6.17	11.66	(min)	(Acres)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	 - 1	(cfs)	(cfs)	 _	-		_		(min)
A2 B C D E1 DP8 E2 F1 DP9 F2	1 2	1.74 4.35 1.66 7.10	0.35 0.40 0.37	12.1 12.5	0.61															
05 05 05 05 05	2	7.77 5.20 3.24 3.01 4.10 1.64 2.42 2.65 2.14 4.10 71.87 5.25 78.97 84.22 11.23 24.92 14.25 6.60 27.34 8.09 24.88 40.97 1.84 6.03 10.12 9.06 2.500 5.95	0.40 0.49 0.43 0.62 0.44 0.40 0.43 0.35 0.39 0.39 0.48 0.40	12.4 14.9 19.1 21.2 12.9	9.86 15.21 0.64 2.81 1.66 3.38 3.23 1.41 1.19 0.73 1.04 0.93 0.84 1.58	6.38 6.50 6.30 6.25 5.70 6.12 5.84 6.15 6.11 6.47 6.64 6.73 6.39 5.94 5.30 5.04 6.28 5.61 5.48 5.61 5.48	11.07 3.99 17.74 10.38 19.25 19.77 8.22 70.32 4.74 6.89 6.25 5.39 9.41 52.23 76.72 4.04 11.84 20.46 21.30 6.18	22.3 17.9 24.1 24.1 20.4 19.5 22.8 18.1 21.2 17.2	27.42 2.31 30.24 32.55 5.34 9.88 6.53 2.59 10.92 3.22	5.46 4.71 4.71 5.14 5.25 4.86 5.44 5.04	134.7 12.6 142.6 153.4 27.4 51.8 31.7 14.1 55.1 18.0									

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2

C1: 2.52 C1: 12.735

# Sub-Basin OS-B1A (DP4) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area				%				
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	942,816	21.64	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	99,743	2.29	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Pasture/Meadow	41,339	0.95	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	1,083,898	24.88	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.40	10.2%

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	1,644	72	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	300	18	0.060	-	17.0	19.1	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	1,000	47	0.047	1.5	11.0	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	344	7	0.020	3.1	1.9	-	V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 19.1 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.52	3.16	3.68	4.21	4.73	5.30
Runoff (cfs)	4.8	9.2	19.7	32.0	41.9	52.2
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	4.8	9.2	19.7	32.0	41.9	52.2

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin OS-B1B (DP5) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			%					
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	601,016	13.80	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	267,802	6.15	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Pasture/Meadow	915,935	21.03	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	1,784,753	40.97	0.05	0.10	0.18	0.28	0.33	0.37	4.8%

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	2,011	84	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	300	15	0.050	-	18.5	21.2	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	1,000	55	0.055	1.6	10.2	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	711	14	0.020	3.0	3.9	-	V-Ditch

21.2 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.40	3.00	3.50	4.01	4.51	5.04
Runoff (cfs)	4.5	11.9	26.0	45.3	60.2	76.7
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	4.5	11.9	26.0	45.3	60.2	76.7

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin OS-B1C (DP-E7) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	80,078	1.84	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	80,078	1.84	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	528	16	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	300	7	0.023	-	24.1	12.9	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	228	9	0.039	1.4	2.7	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	V-Ditch
				4	420 -	i	

t<sub>c</sub> 12.9 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.99	3.74	4.37	4.99	5.62	6.28
Runoff (cfs)	0.1	0.6	1.2	2.3	3.1	4.0
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.1	0.6	1.2	2.3	3.1	4.0

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin OS-B1D (DP-E8) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	262,653	6.03	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	262,653	6.03	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	und Cover	Short Pastu	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	1,242	41	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	300	9	0.030	-	22.2	16.9	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	942	32	0.034	1.3	12.2	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	- '	V-Ditch
				t <sub>c</sub>	16.9	min.	

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.67	3.34	3.90	4.46	5.01	5.61
Runoff (cfs)	0.3	1.6	3.5	6.7	9.1	11.8
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.3	1.6	3.5	6.7	9.1	11.8

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin OS-B1E (DP-E10) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	168,070	3.86	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
Pasture/Meadow	272,638	6.26	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	440,708	10.12	0.04	0.10	0.18	0.27	0.32	0.37	4.2%

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	1,404	61	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	300	20	0.067	-	16.8	17.8	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	1,000	35	0.035	1.3	12.7	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	104	6	0.058	4.5	0.4	-	V-Ditch
				4	470.	main.	

t<sub>c</sub> 17.8 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.61	3.26	3.81	4.35	4.90	5.48
Runoff (cfs)	1.1	3.1	6.8	12.0	16.0	20.5
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.1	3.1	6.8	12.0	16.0	20.5

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin OS-B3A (DP-E11) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	394,804	9.06	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
Combined	394,804	9.06	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.40	11.0%

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Pastu	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	938	45	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	300	12	0.040	-	19.4	15.2	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	638	33	0.052	1.6	6.7	- 1	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	- '	V-Ditch
				t <sub>c</sub>	15.2 ו	min.	

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.80	3.50	4.08	4.67	5.25	5.88
Runoff (cfs)	2.0	3.8	8.1	13.1	17.1	21.3
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	
Allowed Release (cfs)	2.0	3.8	8.1	13.1	17.1	21.3

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin OS-B3B (DP-E13) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	109,046	2.50	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
Combined	109,046	2.50	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.40	11.0%

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Pastu	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	636	29	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	300	11	0.037	-	20.0	13.5	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	336	18	0.054	1.6	3.5	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	V-Ditch
				t <sub>c</sub>	13.5 ו	min.	

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.93	3.68	4.29	4.90	5.51	6.17
Runoff (cfs)	0.6	1.1	2.4	3.8	5.0	6.2
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.6	1.1	2.4	3.8	5.0	6.2

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin OS-B3C (DP-E15) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	259,332	5.95	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
Combined	259,332	5.95	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.40	11.0%

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Pastu	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	994	38	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	300	10	0.033	-	20.6	15.5	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	694	28	0.040	1.4	8.2	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	V-Ditch
				t <sub>c</sub>	15.5	min.	

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.77	3.47	4.05	4.63	5.20	5.82
Runoff (cfs)	1.3	2.5	5.3	8.5	11.2	13.9
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.3	2.5	5.3	8.5	11.2	13.9

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-A1 Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area				Runoff Coefficient						
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.		
Pasture/Meadow	215,572	4.95	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%		
Combined	215,572	4.95	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%		

215572

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	636	52	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	299	32	0.107	-	14.6	13.5 DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	337	20	0.059	1.7	3.3	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	- V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 13.5 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.93	3.68	4.29	4.90	5.51	6.17
Runoff (cfs)	0.3	1.5	3.2	6.1	8.2	10.7
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.3	1.5	3.2	6.1	8.2	10.7

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-A2 Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	75,899	1.74	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	75,899	1.74	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%

75899

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	Illow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	392	34	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	154	20	0.130	-	9.8	12.2	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	238	14	0.059	1.7	2.3	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 12.1 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.06	3.84	4.48	5.12	5.76	6.44
Runoff (cfs)	0.1	0.5	1.2	2.2	3.0	3.9
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.1	0.5	1.2	2.2	3.0	3.9

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-B Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area	Area			Runoff Coefficient					
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.	
Roofs	1,676	0.04	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%	
Paved	7,329	0.17	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%	
Pasture/Meadow	180,315	4.14	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%	
Combined	189,320	4.35	0.06	0.12	0.19	0.28	0.33	0.38	4.7%	

189320

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	516	19	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	100	8	0.075	-	9.1	12.9 DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	176	6	0.031	1.2	2.4	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	240	6	0.023	3.2	1.2	- V-Ditch

. 12.7 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.01	3.77	4.39	5.02	5.65	6.32
Runoff (cfs)	0.8	1.9	3.5	6.1	8.1	10.4
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.8	1.9	3.5	6.1	8.1	10.4

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-C Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			%					
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	72,522	1.66	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	72,522	1.66	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%

72522

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	338	17	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	5	0.050	-	10.8	11.9	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	238	12	0.050	1.6	2.5	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	V-Ditch
					44.0	min	

t<sub>c</sub> 11.9 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.09	3.87	4.52	5.16	5.81	6.50
Runoff (cfs)	0.1	0.5	1.1	2.1	2.9	3.8
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.1	0.5	1.1	2.1	2.9	3.8

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-D Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area	Area		Runoff Coefficient					
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	5,302	0.12	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	6,215	0.14	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	288,588	6.63	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Gravel	9,370	0.22	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	309,475	7.10	0.07	0.12	0.19	0.29	0.33	0.38	6.0%

309475

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	881	42	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	100	7	0.070	-	9.3	14.9 DCM
Shallow Channel	160	14	0.088	2.1	1.3	- DCM
Channelized	621	21	0.034	4.2	2.5	- V-Dit

t<sub>c</sub> 13.1 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.98	3.73	4.35	4.97	5.59	6.26
Runoff (cfs)	1.4	3.3	5.9	10.1	13.2	16.9
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.4	3.3	5.9	10.1	13.2	16.9

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-E1 Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	15,215	0.35	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Gravel	38,377	0.88	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Pasture/Meadow	94,964	2.18	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	148,556	3.41	0.23	0.28	0.34	0.41	0.45	0.49	29.9%

148556

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	965	21	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	100	7	0.070	-	7.8	15.4 DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel			0.000	0.0	0.0	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	865	14	0.016	2.7	5.3	- V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 13.1 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.97	3.72	4.34	4.96	5.58	6.25
Runoff (cfs)	2.4	3.5	5.0	6.9	8.6	10.4
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	2.4	3.5	5.0	6.9	8.6	10.4

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin EX-E2 (EX-DP8) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

**Basin Land Use Characteristics** 

	Area			Runc	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	12,616	0.29	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Gravel	50,194	1.15	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Pasture/Meadow	275,673	6.33	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	338,483	7.77	0.13	0.18	0.24	0.33	0.37	0.42	15.2%

338483

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	1,139	37	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	299	10	0.033	-	19.3	16.3 DC	M Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	222	12	0.054	1.6	2.3	- DC	M Eq. 6-9
Channelized	618	15	0.024	3.8	2.7	- V-E	Ditch

. 16.3 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.71	3.39	3.96	4.53	5.09	5.70
Runoff (cfs)	2.7	4.7	7.5	11.6	14.8	18.6
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	2.7	4.7	7.5	11.6	14.8	18.6

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-F1 Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	3,679	0.08	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	7,538	0.17	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	70,179	1.61	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Gravel	145,278	3.34	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	226 674	5 20	0.41	0.44	0.40	0.54	0.57	0.60	56.1%
Combined	226,674	5.20	0.41	0.44	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.60	5

226674

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	682	20	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	100	2	0.020	-	9.4	13.8 DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	343	4	0.012	8.0	7.6	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	239	14	0.056	4.9	0.8	- V-Ditch

. 13.8 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.91	3.65	4.26	4.86	5.47	6.12
Runoff (cfs)	6.3	8.4	10.9	13.8	16.3	19.2
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	6.3	8.4	10.9	13.8	16.3	19.2

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin EX-F2 (EX-DP9) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient						%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.	
Pasture/Meadow	119,967	2.75	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%	
Gravel	15,268	0.35	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%	
Roofs	5,761	0.13	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%	
Combined	140,996	3.24	0.11	0.16	0.23	0.32	0.36	0.41	12.3%	

140996

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	Shallow Channel Ground Cover Short Pasture/Lawns									
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7				
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)				
Total	981	39	-	-	-	-				
Initial Time	284	13	0.046	-	17.3	15.5 D	CM Eq. 6-8			
Shallow Channel	456	14	0.031	1.2	6.2	- D	CM Eq. 6-9			
Channelized	241	12	0.050	3.5	1.1	- V	-Ditch			

. 15.5 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.78	3.48	4.06	4.64	5.22	5.84
Runoff (cfs)	1.0	1.8	3.0	4.7	6.1	7.7
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.0	1.8	3.0	4.7	6.1	7.7

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-G Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

**Basin Land Use Characteristics** 

Area					Runoff Coefficient						
(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.			
128,282	2.94	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%			
2,974	0.07	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%			
131,256	3.01	0.04	0.10	0.17	0.27	0.31	0.36	2.3%			
	(SF) 128,282	(SF) (Acres) 128,282 2.94 2,974 0.07	(SF) (Acres) C2 128,282 2.94 0.02 2,974 0.07 0.89	(SF)         (Acres)         C2         C5           128,282         2.94         0.02         0.08           2,974         0.07         0.89         0.9	(SF)         (Acres)         C2         C5         C10           128,282         2.94         0.02         0.08         0.15           2,974         0.07         0.89         0.9         0.92	(SF)         (Acres)         C2         C5         C10         C25           128,282         2.94         0.02         0.08         0.15         0.25           2,974         0.07         0.89         0.9         0.92         0.94	(SF)         (Acres)         C2         C5         C10         C25         C50           128,282         2.94         0.02         0.08         0.15         0.25         0.3           2,974         0.07         0.89         0.9         0.92         0.94         0.95	(SF)         (Acres)         C2         C5         C10         C25         C50         C100           128,282         2.94         0.02         0.08         0.15         0.25         0.3         0.35           2,974         0.07         0.89         0.9         0.92         0.94         0.95         0.96			

131256

## **Basin Travel Time**

Shallow Channel Ground Cover Short Pasture/Lawns									
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7			
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)			
Total	739	36	-	-	-	-			
Initial Time	126	12	0.095	-	9.6	14.1	DCM Eq. 6-8		
Shallow Channel	186	6	0.032	1.3	2.5	-	DCM Eq. 6-9		
Channelized	427	18	0.042	3.6	2.0	-	V-Ditch		

t<sub>c</sub> 14.1 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.89	3.62	4.22	4.82	5.43	6.07
Runoff (cfs)	0.3	1.1	2.1	3.9	5.1	6.7
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.3	1.1	2.1	3.9	5.1	6.7

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-H Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient						%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	164,577	3.78	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Paved	14,101	0.32	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Combined	178,678	4.10	0.09	0.14	0.21	0.30	0.35	0.40	7.9%

178678

## **Basin Travel Time**

Shall	ow Channel Gro	ure/Lawns					
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	690	35	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	4	0.040	-	10.9	13.8	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	382	19	0.050	1.6	4.1	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	208	12	0.058	4.2	8.0	-	V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 13.8 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.91	3.64	4.25	4.86	5.46	6.11
Runoff (cfs)	1.1	2.2	3.7	6.1	7.9	10.0
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.1	2.2	3.7	6.1	7.9	10.0

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-I Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area				%				
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	63,090	1.45	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Paved	8,194	0.19	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Combined	71,284	1.64	0.12	0.17	0.24	0.33	0.37	0.42	11.5%

71284

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_{v}$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	413	17	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	9	0.090	-	8.1	12.3 DCM Eq.	6-8
Shallow Channel	166	5	0.030	1.2	2.3	- DCM Eq.	6-9
Channelized	147	3	0.020	1.2	2.0	- V-Ditch	

t<sub>c</sub> 12.3 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.05	3.82	4.46	5.09	5.73	6.41
Runoff (cfs)	0.6	1.1	1.7	2.7	3.5	4.4
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.6	1.1	1.7	2.7	3.5	4.4

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-J Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	97,872	2.25	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Paved	7,699	0.18	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Combined	105,571	2.42	0.08	0.14	0.21	0.30	0.35	0.39	7.3%

105571

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	518	28	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	7	0.070	-	9.1	12.9	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	144	11	0.076	1.9	1.2	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	274	10	0.036	3.4	1.3	-	V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 11.7 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.11	3.89	4.54	5.19	5.84	6.54
Runoff (cfs)	0.6	1.3	2.3	3.8	4.9	6.3
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.6	1.3	2.3	3.8	4.9	6.3

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-K Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area				%				
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	115,609	2.65	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	115,609	2.65	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%

115609

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	150	13	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	150	13	0.087	-	11.1	10.8	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	V-Ditch
				4	400	main.	

t<sub>c</sub> 10.8 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.20	4.01	4.68	5.35	6.01	6.73
Runoff (cfs)	0.2	0.9	1.9	3.5	4.8	6.3
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.2	0.9	1.9	3.5	4.8	6.3

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-L Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area				%				
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	93,208	2.14	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	93,208	2.14	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%

93208

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	430	16	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	206	11	0.053	-	15.2	12.4	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	224	5	0.020	1.0	3.8	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 12.4 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.04	3.81	4.44	5.08	5.71	6.39
Runoff (cfs)	0.1	0.7	1.4	2.7	3.7	4.8
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.1	0.7	1.4	2.7	3.7	4.8

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin EX-M Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Paved	3,980	0.09	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	174,550	4.01	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	178,530	4.10	0.04	0.10	0.17	0.27	0.31	0.36	2.2%

178530

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	873	24	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	108	4	0.037	-	12.2	14.9 DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	453	10	0.022	1.0	7.3	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	312	10	0.032	1.5	3.5	- V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 14.9 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.82	3.54	4.13	4.72	5.30	5.94
Runoff (cfs)	0.5	1.4	2.8	5.1	6.8	8.8
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.5	1.4	2.8	5.1	6.8	8.8

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP6 Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B1A OS-B1B EX-B EX-C

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	1,210,111	27.78	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	1,543,832	35.44	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	367,545	8.44	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	1,676	0.04	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	7,329	0.17	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	3,130,493	71.87	0.06	0.10	0.19	0.29	0.34	0.38	6.5%

#### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1B	-	2,011	84	-	-	-	-	21.2
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	378	9	77	0	2	5.7	1.1
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			2,389	93					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass  $\begin{matrix} t_c \\ \text{(min)} \end{matrix}$ 

## Storage Volume

			40 -	hr release time		Detention is NO	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	s NOT required	
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desig	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${\cal Q}_{Minor}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.34	2.93	3.42	3.90	4.39	4.91
Site Runoff (cfs)	9.54	21.95	47.25	80.28	106.06	134.13
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	22.0	-	-	-	134.1

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations- DP6A Existing

Includes Basins OS-B1C EX-E1

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	-	0.00	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Gravel	38,377	0.88	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Paved	-	0.00	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	175,042	4.02	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Roofs	15,215	0.35	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Combined	228,634	5.25	0.16	0.21	0.27	0.35	0.40	0.44	19.4%

## **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1C	-	528	16	-	-	-	-	12.9
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	963	36	4	0	2	3.2	5.0
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,491	52					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass t<sub>c</sub> (min)

## Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	I
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${\cal Q}_{Minor}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.60	3.25	3.80	4.34	4.88	5.46
Site Runoff (cfs)	2.16	3.57	5.39	8.06	10.17	12.59
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	3.6	-	-	-	12.6

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations- DP6B Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B1A OS-B1B EX-B EX-C EX-D

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	1,543,832	35.44	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	367,545	8.44	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Gravel	9,370	0.22	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Paved	13,544	0.31	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	1,498,699	34.41	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Roofs	6,978	0.16	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Combined	3,439,968	78.97	0.06	0.11	0.19	0.29	0.34	0.38	6.5%

## **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or Channel Type	Material Type	L (ft)	Elev. $\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Base or Dia (ft)	Sides z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1B	-	2,011	84	-	-	-	-	21.2
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	1,083	32	77	0	2	6.1	2.9
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			3,094	116					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass t<sub>c</sub> (min)

Storage Volume

			40 -	hr release time		Detention is NO	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	s NOT required	
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desig	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${f Q}_{\mbox{\scriptsize Minor}}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.25	2.81	3.28	3.75	4.21	4.71
Site Runoff (cfs)	10.21	23.52	49.78	84.64	111.76	141.47
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	23.5	-	-	-	141.5

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations- DP6C Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B1A OS-B1B EX-B EX-C EX-D OS-B1C EX-E1

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	1,543,832	35.44	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	367,545	8.44	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Gravel	47,747	1.10	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Paved	13,544	0.31	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	1,673,741	38.42	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Roofs	22,193	0.51	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Combined	3,668,602	84.22	0.06	0.11	0.20	0.29	0.34	0.38	7.3%

## **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or Channel Type	Material Type	L (ft)	Elev. $\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Base or Dia (ft)	Sides z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1B	-	2,011	84	-	-	-	-	21.2
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	1,083	32	77	0	2	6.1	2.9
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			3,094	116					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass

τ<sub>c</sub> 24.1 (min)

## Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	I
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 $\begin{array}{ll} Q_{\text{Minor}} & \text{(cfs) - 5-year Storm} \\ Q_{\text{Major}} & \text{(cfs) - 100-year Storm} \end{array}$ 

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.25	2.81	3.28	3.75	4.21	4.71
Site Runoff (cfs)	12.08	26.60	54.43	91.60	120.54	152.34
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	26.6	-	-	-	152.3
DCM: I	= C1 * In	(tc) + C2				

C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP7 Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B1D EX-F1

 Job No.:
 61145
 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

DCM Soil Type

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient					%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	332,832	7.64	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	-	0.00	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	3,679	0.08	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	7,538	0.17	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	145,278	3.34	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	489,327	11.23	0.20	0.25	0.31	0.39	0.43	0.47	26.0%

## **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1D	-	1,242	41	-	-	-	-	16.9
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	869	32	12	0	2	4.2	3.5
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			2,111	73					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass t<sub>c</sub> (min)

## Storage Volume

			40 -	hr release time		Detention is NO	OT required	
EURV	0.00 (	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	s NOT required	
WQCV	0.00 (	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desig	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${\cal Q}_{Minor}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.45	3.06	3.57	4.08	4.59	5.14
Site Runoff (cfs)	5.55	8.56	12.40	17.72	22.02	26.95
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	8.6	-	-	-	27.0
DCM:	1 - C1 * In	(to) + C2				

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP8A Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B1E OS-B3A EX-H EX-I

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	500,305	11.49	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	562,874	12.92	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	-	0.00	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Paved	22,295	0.51	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	1,085,474	24.92	0.07	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39	7.8%

#### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1E	-	1,404	61	-	-	-	-	17.8
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	524	22	20	0	2	5.0	1.7
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,928	83					

19.5

Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	I
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

Q<sub>Minor</sub> (cfs) - 5-year Storm

Q<sub>Major</sub> (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.50	3.12	3.65	4.17	4.69	5.25
Site Runoff (cfs)	4.29	9.16	18.36	30.66	40.24	50.77
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	9.2	-	-	-	50.8

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP10 Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B1D EX-F1 EX-G

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runoff Coefficient					%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	461,114	10.59	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	-	0.00	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	3,679	0.08	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Paved	10,512	0.24	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	145,278	3.34	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	620,583	14.25	0.17	0.22	0.28	0.36	0.40	0.44	21.0%

#### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1D	-	1,242	41	-	-	-	-	16.9
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	1,500	58	12	0	2	4.3	5.9
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			2,742	99					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass  $\begin{matrix} t_c \\ \text{(min)} \end{matrix}$ 

## Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	I
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

 ${f Q}_{\mbox{\scriptsize Minor}}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.32	2.89	3.38	3.86	4.34	4.86
Site Runoff (cfs)	5.53	8.96	13.42	19.84	24.93	30.80
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	9.0	-	-	-	30.8

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations (OS-B3A+I) Existing

Includes Basins OS-B3A EX-I

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urbanization Urbanization

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runoff Coefficient					%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	394,804	9.06	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	-	0.00	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Pasture/Meadow	63,090	1.45	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Paved	8,194	0.19	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Combined	466,088	10.70	0.09	0.13	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.40	11.1%

## **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B3A	-	938	45	-	-	-	-	15.2
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	339	17	21	0	2	5.4	1.0
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,277	62					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass  $\begin{matrix} t_c \\ \text{(min)} \end{matrix}$ 

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 $\begin{array}{ll} Q_{\text{Minor}} & \text{(cfs) - 5-year Storm} \\ Q_{\text{Major}} & \text{(cfs) - 100-year Storm} \end{array}$ 

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.72	3.40	3.97	4.53	5.10	5.71
Site Runoff (cfs)	2.50	4.67	9.46	15.19	19.78	24.62
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	1	0.00	1	1	1	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	4.7	-	-	-	24.6

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## Notes

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP11 Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B3B EX-M

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runoff Coefficient					%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	174,550	4.01	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	109,046	2.50	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	-	0.00	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Paved	3,980	0.09	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	287,576	6.60	0.05	0.11	0.19	0.28	0.33	0.38	5.6%

#### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Type	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B3B	-	636	29	-	-	-	-	13.5
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	873	24	6	0	2	3.2	4.6
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,509	53					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass t<sub>c</sub> (min)

Storage Volume

			40 -	hr release time		Detention is NOT required			
EURV	0.00 (	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	s NOT required		
WQCV	0.00 (	(in)							
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Design Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )				
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total	
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0	
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0	

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

Q<sub>Minor</sub> (cfs) - 5-year Storm

Q<sub>Major</sub> (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.59	3.24	3.78	4.32	4.86	5.44
Site Runoff (cfs)	0.94	2.28	4.67	8.05	10.64	13.55
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)		-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	2.3	-	-	-	13.5

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP12 Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B1E OS-B3A EX-H EX-I EX-J

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runoff Coefficient					
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	598,177	13.73	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	562,874	12.92	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	-	0.00	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Paved	29,994	0.69	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	1,191,045	27.34	0.07	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39	7.7%

#### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Type	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1E	-	1,404	61	-	-	-	-	17.8
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	955	34	20	0	2	4.7	3.4
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			2,359	95					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass

τ<sub>c</sub> 21.2 (min)

## Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	i
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
$K_{i}$ (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

 ${f Q}_{\mbox{\scriptsize Minor}}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.40	3.00	3.51	4.01	4.51	5.04
Site Runoff (cfs)	4.62	9.82	19.41	32.40	42.49	53.64
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	9.8	-	-	-	53.6

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP13 Existing**

Includes Basins OS-B3C EX-L

 Job No.:
 61145
 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area				%				
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	93,208	2.14	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	259,332	5.95	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	-	0.00	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	-	0.00	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	352,540	8.09	0.06	0.11	0.20	0.29	0.34	0.39	8.1%

## **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or Channel Type	Material Type	L (ft)	Elev. $\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Base or Dia (ft)	Sides z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B3C	-	994	38	-	-	-	-	15.5
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	430	16	14	0	2	4.4	1.6
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,424	54					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass

(min) 17.2

## Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	i
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
$K_{i}$ (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

Q<sub>Minor</sub> (cfs) - 5-year Storm

Q<sub>Major</sub> (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.65	3.32	3.87	4.43	4.98	5.57
Site Runoff (cfs)	1.38	2.94	6.31	10.54	13.87	17.44
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	2.9	-	-	-	17.4

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

## **Sub-Basin A1 Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

**Basin Land Use Characteristics** 

	Area				Runoff Coefficient					
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.	
Pasture/Meadow	202,272	4.64	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%	
Roofs	8,500	0.20	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%	
Paved	4,800	0.11	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%	
Combined	215,572	4.95	0.07	0.12	0.19	0.29	0.33	0.38	5.8%	

215572

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	Illow Channel Gro	und Cover	Short Pastu	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	636	52	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	299	32	0.107	-	13.9	13.5	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	337	20	0.059	1.7	3.3	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	- '	V-Ditch
				t <sub>c</sub>	13.5	min.	

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.93	3.68	4.29	4.90	5.51	6.17
Runoff (cfs)	1.0	2.3	4.0	6.9	9.1	11.7
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.0	2.3	4.0	6.9	9.1	11.7

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin A2 Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

		Runoff Coefficient							
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	75,899	1.74	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	75,899	1.74	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%

75899

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	392	34	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	154	20	0.130	-	9.8	12.2	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	238	14	0.059	1.7	2.3	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	-	V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 12.1 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.06	3.84	4.48	5.12	5.76	6.44
Runoff (cfs)	0.1	0.5	1.2	2.2	3.0	3.9
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.1	0.5	1.2	2.2	3.0	3.9

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin B Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

**Basin Land Use Characteristics** 

	Area	Area		Runoff Coefficient					
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	6,776	0.16	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	10,209	0.23	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	172,335	3.96	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	189,320	4.35	0.09	0.15	0.21	0.31	0.35	0.40	8.6%

189320

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	516	19	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	8	0.075	-	8.8	12.9	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	176	6	0.031	1.2	2.4	-	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	240	6	0.023	3.2	1.2	-	V-Ditch

. 12.5 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.03	3.80	4.43	5.07	5.70	6.38
Runoff (cfs)	1.2	2.4	4.1	6.7	8.7	11.1
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.2	2.4	4.1	6.7	8.7	11.1

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin C Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runc	ff Coeffici	ent			%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	1,698	0.04	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	959	0.02	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	69,865	1.60	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	72,522	1.66	0.05	0.11	0.17	0.27	0.32	0.37	3.4%

72522

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	<b>Short Past</b>	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	338	17	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	100	5	0.050	-	10.6	11.9 DCM Eq. 6-
Shallow Channel	238	12	0.050	1.6	2.5	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	- V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 11.9 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.09	3.87	4.52	5.16	5.81	6.50
Runoff (cfs)	0.2	0.7	1.3	2.3	3.1	4.0
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.2	0.7	1.3	2.3	3.1	4.0

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin D Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area	Area			Runoff Coefficient					
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.	
Roofs	11,254	0.26	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%	
Paved	9,576	0.22	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%	
Pasture/Meadow	279,275	6.41	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%	
Gravel	9,370	0.22	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%	
Combined	309,475	7.10	0.09	0.14	0.21	0.30	0.35	0.40	8.8%	

309475

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_{v}$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	881	42	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	100	7	0.070	-	9.1	14.9 DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	160	14	0.088	2.1	1.3	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	621	21	0.034	4.2	2.5	- V-Ditch

. 12.8 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr			
Intensity (in/hr)	3.00	3.75	4.38	5.00	5.63	6.30			
Runoff (cfs)	1.9	3.9	6.5	10.8	14.0	17.7			
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.9	3.9	6.5	10.8	14.0	17.7			
DCM: I = C1 * In (tc) + C2									

C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin E1 Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	15,215	0.35	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Gravel	38,377	0.88	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Pasture/Meadow	94,964	2.18	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	148,556	3.41	0.23	0.28	0.34	0.41	0.45	0.49	29.9%

148556

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	<b>Short Past</b>	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	965	21	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	7	0.070	-	7.8	15.4 DCM Eq. 6	-8
Shallow Channel			0.000	0.0	0.0	- DCM Eq. 6	-9
Channelized	865	14	0.016	2.7	5.3	- V-Ditch	

t<sub>c</sub> 13.1 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.97	3.72	4.34	4.96	5.58	6.25
Runoff (cfs)	2.4	3.5	5.0	6.9	8.6	10.4
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	
Allowed Release (cfs)	2.4	3.5	5.0	6.9	8.6	10.4

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin E2 (DP8) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Jurisdiction Checked by:

Soil Type

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	26,889	0.62	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	5,760	0.13	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	269,259	6.18	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Gravel	36,575	0.84	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	338,483	7.77	0.15	0.20	0.26	0.35	0.39	0.43	17.5%

338483

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	1,139	37	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	299	10	0.033	-	18.8	16.3 ו	DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	222	12	0.054	1.6	2.3	- 1	DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	618	15	0.024	3.8	2.7	- \	V-Ditch

. 16.3 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.71	3.39	3.96	4.53	5.09	5.70
Runoff (cfs)	3.1	5.3	8.1	12.2	15.5	19.2
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	
Allowed Release (cfs)	3.1	5.3	8.1	12.2	15.5	19.2

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin F1 Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	8,913	0.20	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	10,418	0.24	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	62,065	1.42	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Gravel	145,278	3.34	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	226,674	5.20	0.44	0.47	0.52	0.57	0.59	0.62	59.4%

226674

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	682	20	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	2	0.020	-	9.0	13.8 🗅	CM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	343	4	0.012	0.8	7.6	- D	CM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	239	14	0.056	4.9	8.0	- V	'-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 13.8 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.91	3.65	4.26	4.86	5.47	6.12
Runoff (cfs)	6.7	8.9	11.4	14.3	16.9	19.8
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	6.7	8.9	11.4	14.3	16.9	19.8

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Sub-Basin F2 (DP9) Runoff Calculations

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	10,861	0.25	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	2,777	0.06	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	112,090	2.57	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Gravel	15,268	0.35	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	140,996	3.24	0.15	0.20	0.26	0.35	0.39	0.44	17.6%

140996

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	981	39	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	284	13	0.046	-	16.5	15.5 D	CM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	456	14	0.031	1.2	6.2	- D	CM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	241	12	0.050	3.5	1.1	- V	-Ditch

. 15.5 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.78	3.48	4.06	4.64	5.22	5.84
Runoff (cfs)	1.3	2.3	3.5	5.2	6.6	8.2
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.3	2.3	3.5	5.2	6.6	8.2

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin G Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	5,100	0.12	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	5,870	0.13	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	120,286	2.76	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	131,256	3.01	0.09	0.14	0.21	0.30	0.35	0.40	8.0%

131256

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Pasti	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_{v}$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	739	36	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	126	12	0.095	-	9.2	14.1 DC	M Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	186	6	0.032	1.3	2.5	- DC	M Eq. 6-9
Channelized	427	18	0.042	3.6	2.0	- V-D	itch

. 13.7 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.92	3.66	4.27	4.88	5.49	6.15
Runoff (cfs)	0.8	1.6	2.7	4.4	5.8	7.3
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.8	1.6	2.7	4.4	5.8	7.3

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin H Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

**Basin Land Use Characteristics** 

	Area			Runc	off Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	7,650	0.18	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	19,307	0.44	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	151,721	3.48	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	178,678	4.10	0.14	0.20	0.26	0.35	0.39	0.44	14.7%

178678

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past	ure/Lawns		
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	690	35	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	100	4	0.040	-	10.3	13.8 DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	382	19	0.050	1.6	4.1	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	208	12	0.058	4.2	8.0	- V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 13.8 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.91	3.64	4.25	4.86	5.46	6.11
Runoff (cfs)	1.7	2.9	4.5	6.9	8.8	10.9
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.7	2.9	4.5	6.9	8.8	10.9

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin I Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

JurisdictionDCMSoil TypeBRunoff CoefficientSurface TypeUrbanizationUrban

**Basin Land Use Characteristics** 

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	2,550	0.06	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	9,527	0.22	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	59,207	1.36	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	71,284	1.64	0.16	0.21	0.27	0.36	0.40	0.45	16.6%

71284

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	<b>Short Past</b>	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	413	17	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	9	0.090	-	7.8	12.3 DCM Eq	. 6-8
Shallow Channel	166	5	0.030	1.2	2.3	- DCM Eq	. 6-9
Channelized	147	3	0.020	1.2	2.0	- V-Ditch	

t<sub>c</sub> 12.0 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.08	3.86	4.50	5.14	5.78	6.47
Runoff (cfs)	0.8	1.3	2.0	3.0	3.8	4.7
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.8	1.3	2.0	3.0	3.8	4.7

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin J Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	5,100	0.12	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	9,725	0.22	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	90,746	2.08	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	105,571	2.42	0.13	0.19	0.25	0.34	0.38	0.43	13.6%

105571

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	<b>Short Past</b>	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	ft		$C_v$	7		
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	518	28	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	100	7	0.070	-	8.7	12.9 DCM E	q. 6-8
Shallow Channel	144	11	0.076	1.9	1.2	- DCM E	q. 6-9
Channelized	274	10	0.036	3.4	1.3	- V-Ditch	

t<sub>c</sub> 11.2 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.15	3.95	4.61	5.27	5.93	6.64
Runoff (cfs)	1.0	1.8	2.8	4.3	5.5	6.9
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	
Allowed Release (cfs)	1.0	1.8	2.8	4.3	5.5	6.9

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin K Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runo	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	115,609	2.65	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	115,609	2.65	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.0%

115609

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Pastu	ure/Lawns			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	150	13	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	150	13	0.087	-	11.1	10.8 🛭	OCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel			0.000	0.0	0.0	- 0	OCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	- V	/-Ditch
				t <sub>c</sub>	10.8 r	min.	

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.20	4.01	4.68	5.35	6.01	6.73
Runoff (cfs)	0.2	0.9	1.9	3.5	4.8	6.3
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.2	0.9	1.9	3.5	4.8	6.3

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin L Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	5,100	0.12	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	2,880	0.07	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	85,228	1.96	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	93,208	2.14	0.08	0.14	0.21	0.30	0.35	0.39	8.0%

93208

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past				
	$L_{max,Overland}$	300	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)	
Total	430	16	-	-	-	-	
Initial Time	206	11	0.053	-	14.3	12.4 DCM Ed	դ. 6-8
Shallow Channel	224	5	0.022	1.0	3.6	- DCM Ed	դ. 6-9
Channelized			0.000	0.0	0.0	- V-Ditch	

t<sub>c</sub> 12.4 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	3.04	3.81	4.44	5.08	5.71	6.39
Runoff (cfs)	0.6	1.1	2.0	3.3	4.2	5.4
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.6	1.1	2.0	3.3	4.2	5.4

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## **Sub-Basin M Runoff Calculations**

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

## **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runc	ff Coeffici	ent			%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Roofs	5,100	0.12	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	6,860	0.16	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	166,570	3.82	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Combined	178,530	4.10	0.07	0.13	0.20	0.29	0.34	0.39	6.4%

178530

## **Basin Travel Time**

Sha	allow Channel Gro	ound Cover	Short Past			
	$L_{max,Overland}$	ft		$C_v$	7	
	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	S <sub>0</sub> (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)	t <sub>Alt</sub> (min)
Total	873	24	-	-	-	-
Initial Time	108	4	0.037	-	11.8	14.9 DCM Eq. 6-8
Shallow Channel	453	10	0.022	1.0	7.3	- DCM Eq. 6-9
Channelized	312	10	0.032	1.5	3.5	- V-Ditch

t<sub>c</sub> 14.9 min.

# Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.82	3.54	4.13	4.72	5.30	5.94
Runoff (cfs)	0.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	7.4	9.4
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	0.8	1.9	3.3	5.6	7.4	9.4

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

# Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP6 Developed

Includes Basins OS-B1A OS-B1B B C

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runoff Coefficient					%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	1,199,474	27.54	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	1,543,832	35.44	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	367,545	8.44	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	8,474	0.19	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	11,168	0.26	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	3,130,493	71.87	0.06	0.11	0.19	0.29	0.34	0.38	6.8%

#### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Type	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1B	-	2,011	84	-	-	-	-	21.2
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	378	9	77	0	2	5.7	1.1
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			2,389	93					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass

τ<sub>c</sub> 22.3 (min)

## Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is NOT required			
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	I	
WQCV	0.00	(in)							
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )		
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total	
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0	
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0	

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${\cal Q}_{Minor}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.34	2.93	3.42	3.90	4.39	4.91
Site Runoff (cfs)	9.97	22.46	47.80	80.84	106.66	134.74
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	22.5	-	-	-	134.7

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations- DP6A Developed

Includes Basins OS-B1C E1

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runoff Coefficient					%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	-	0.00	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Gravel	38,377	0.88	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Paved	-	0.00	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	175,042	4.02	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Roofs	15,215	0.35	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Combined	228,634	5.25	0.16	0.21	0.27	0.35	0.40	0.44	19.4%

#### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1C	-	528	16	-	-	-	-	12.9
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	963	36	4	0	2	3.2	5.0
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,491	52					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass

t<sub>c</sub>
(min)

## Storage Volume

			40 -	hr release time		Detention is NOT required				
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	s NOT required			
WQCV	0.00	(in)								
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desig	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )			
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total		
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0		
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0		

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${f Q}_{\mbox{\scriptsize Minor}}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.60	3.25	3.80	4.34	4.88	5.46
Site Runoff (cfs)	2.16	3.57	5.39	8.06	10.17	12.59
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	3.6	-	-	-	12.6

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

## Notes

# Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations- DP6B Developed

Includes Basins OS-B1A OS-B1B B C D

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient					%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	1,543,832	35.44	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	367,545	8.44	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Gravel	9,370	0.22	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Paved	20,744	0.48	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	1,478,749	33.95	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Roofs	19,728	0.45	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Combined	3,439,968	78.97	0.06	0.11	0.20	0.29	0.34	0.38	7.0%

## **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or Channel Type	Material Type	L (ft)	Elev. $\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Base or Dia (ft)	Sides z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1B	-	2,011	84	-	-	-	-	21.2
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	1,083	32	77	0	2	6.1	2.9
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			3,094	116					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass

ι<sub>c</sub> 24.1 (min)

## Storage Volume

			40 -	hr release time		Detention is NOT required				
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	s NOT required			
WQCV	0.00	(in)								
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desig	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )			
$K_{i}$ (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total		
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0		
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0		

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${\cal Q}_{Minor}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.25	2.81	3.28	3.75	4.21	4.71
Site Runoff (cfs)	10.99	24.44	50.77	85.64	112.83	142.58
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	24.4	-	-	-	142.6

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

# Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations- DP6C Developed

Includes Basins OS-B1A OS-B1B B C D OS-B1C E1

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

#### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient						%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	1,543,832	35.44	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	367,545	8.44	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Gravel	47,747	1.10	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Paved	20,744	0.48	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Pasture/Meadow	1,653,791	37.97	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Roofs	34,943	0.80	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Combined	3,668,602	84.22	0.07	0.12	0.20	0.29	0.34	0.39	7.8%

## **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or Channel Type	Material Type	L (ft)	Elev. $\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Base or Dia (ft)	Sides z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1B	-	2,011	84	-	-	-	-	21.2
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	1,083	32	77	0	2	6.1	2.9
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			3,094	116					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass

ι<sub>c</sub> 24.1 (min)

## Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time	Detention is NOT required			
EURV	0.00	0.00 (in)		1		Water Quality is NOT required		
WQCV	0.00	0.00 (in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Design Volume (ft³)			
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

## Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${\cal Q}_{Minor}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

## Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.25	2.81	3.28	3.75	4.21	4.71
Site Runoff (cfs)	12.86	27.52	55.42	92.61	121.61	153.45
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	27.5	-	-	-	153.4

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

### **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP7 Developed**

Includes Basins OS-B1D F1

 Job No.:
 61145
 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient						%
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	324,718	7.45	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	-	0.00	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	8,913	0.20	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Paved	10,418	0.24	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	145,278	3.34	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	489,327	11.23	0.21	0.26	0.32	0.40	0.44	0.48	27.5%

### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or Channel Type	Material Type	L (ft)	Elev. $\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Base or Dia (ft)	Sides z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach Channelized-1	OS-B1D V-Ditch	- 2	1,242 869	41 32	- 12	- 0	2	4.2	16.9 3.5
Channelized-2 Channelized-3	V Biton	-	000	02	12	Ü	2	4.2	0.0
Total			2,111	73					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass t<sub>c</sub> (min)

### Storage Volume

			40 -	hr release time		Detention is NO	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	s NOT required	
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desig	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

### Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 $\begin{array}{ll} Q_{Minor} & \text{(cfs) - 5-year Storm} \\ Q_{Major} & \text{(cfs) - 100-year Storm} \end{array}$ 

### Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr				
Intensity (in/hr)	2.45	3.06	3.57	4.08	4.59	5.14				
Site Runoff (cfs)	5.90	8.97	12.84	18.17	22.49	27.44				
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00				
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	9.0	-	-	-	27.4				
DCM: 1 - C1 * ln (tc) + C2										

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

### **Notes**

## **Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP8A Developed**

Includes Basins OS-B1E OS-B3A H I

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient					%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	483,566	11.10	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	562,874	12.92	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	10,200	0.23	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	28,834	0.66	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	1,085,474	24.92	0.08	0.13	0.21	0.30	0.35	0.40	9.2%

### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1E	-	1,404	61	-	-	-	-	17.8
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	524	22	20	0	2	5.0	1.7
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,928	83					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass  $\begin{matrix} t_c \\ \text{(min)} \end{matrix}$ 

### Storage Volume

			40 -	hr release time		Detention is NO	OT required	
EURV	0.00 (	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	s NOT required	
WQCV	0.00 (	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desig	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

### Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

Q<sub>Minor</sub> (cfs) - 5-year Storm

Q<sub>Major</sub> (cfs) - 100-year Storm

### Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.50	3.12	3.65	4.17	4.69	5.25
Site Runoff (cfs)	5.02	10.02	19.30	31.61	41.24	51.82
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	10.0	-	-	-	51.8

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

### **Notes**

## Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP10 Developed

Includes Basins OS-B1D F1 G

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient					%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	445,004	10.22	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	-	0.00	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	14,013	0.32	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	16,288	0.37	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	145,278	3.34	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	620,583	14.25	0.19	0.24	0.30	0.38	0.42	0.46	23.4%

### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1D	-	1,242	41	-	-	-	-	16.9
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	1,500	58	12	0	2	4.3	5.9
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			2,742	99					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass t<sub>c</sub> (min) 22.8

### Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	i
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
$K_{i}$ (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

### Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

Q<sub>Minor</sub> (cfs) - 5-year Storm

Q<sub>Major</sub> (cfs) - 100-year Storm

### Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.32	2.89	3.38	3.86	4.34	4.86
Site Runoff (cfs)	6.18	9.72	14.25	20.68	25.82	31.73
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	9.7	-	-	-	31.7

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

### **Notes**

## Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations (OS-B3A+I) Developed

Includes Basins OS-B3A I

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urbanization Urbanization

### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient					%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
2-1/2 Acre	394,804	9.06	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	2,550	0.06	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Pasture/Meadow	59,207	1.36	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
Paved	9,527	0.22	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Combined	466,088	10.70	0.09	0.13	0.23	0.32	0.37	0.41	11.9%

### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B3A	-	938	45	-	-	-	-	15.2
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	339	17	21	0	2	5.4	1.0
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,277	62					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass t<sub>c</sub> (min)

### Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas

 ${\rm Q_{Minor}}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm  ${\rm Q_{Major}}$  (cfs) - 100-year Storm

Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.72	3.40	3.97	4.53	5.10	5.71
Site Runoff (cfs)	2.69	4.88	9.69	15.42	20.03	24.88
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	4.9	-	-	-	24.9

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

#### **Notes**

## Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP11 Developed

Includes Basins OS-B3B M

 Job No.:
 61145
 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area			Runoff Coefficient				%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	166,570	3.82	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	109,046	2.50	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	5,100	0.12	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	6,860	0.16	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	287,576	6.60	0.08	0.13	0.21	0.30	0.35	0.39	8.2%

### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B3B	-	636	29	-	-	-	-	13.5
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	873	24	6	0	2	3.2	4.6
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,509	53					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass t<sub>c</sub> (min)

### Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	I
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

### Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

 ${f Q}_{\mbox{\scriptsize Minor}}$  (cfs) - 5-year Storm (cfs) - 100-year Storm

### Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
2.59	3.24	3.78	4.32	4.86	5.44
1.29	2.70	5.13	8.51	11.14	14.06
-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2.7	-	-	-	14.1
	2.59	2.59 3.24 1.29 <b>2.70</b> - <b>0.00</b>	2.59 3.24 3.78 1.29 <b>2.70</b> 5.13 - <b>0.00</b> -	2.59     3.24     3.78     4.32       1.29     2.70     5.13     8.51       -     0.00     -     -       -     -     -     -	2.59     3.24     3.78     4.32     4.86       1.29     2.70     5.13     8.51     11.14       -     0.00     -     -     -       -     -     -     -     -

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

### **Notes**

## Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP12 Developed

Includes Basins OS-B1E OS-B3A H I J

Job No.: 61145 Date: 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urbanization Urban

### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient					%	
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	574,312	13.18	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	562,874	12.92	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	15,300	0.35	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	8.0	0.81	90%
Paved	38,559	0.89	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	1,191,045	27.34	0.09	0.13	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.40	9.6%

### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or	Material		Elev.		Base or	Sides		
	Channel Type	Туре	L (ft)	$\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Dia (ft)	z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B1E	-	1,404	61	-	-	-	-	17.8
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	955	34	20	0	2	4.7	3.4
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			2,359	95					

2 = Natural, Winding, minimal vegetation/shallow grass  $\begin{matrix} t_c \\ \text{(min)} \end{matrix}$ 

### Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	I
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

### Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

Q<sub>Minor</sub> (cfs) - 5-year Storm

Q<sub>Major</sub> (cfs) - 100-year Storm

### Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.40	3.00	3.51	4.01	4.51	5.04
Site Runoff (cfs)	5.61	10.99	20.68	33.69	43.86	55.06
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	11.0	-	-	-	55.1

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

### **Notes**

## Combined Sub-Basin Runoff Calculations - DP13 Developed

Includes Basins OS-B3C L

 Job No.:
 61145
 Date:
 8/22/2024 13:16

Project: Eagle Rising - Preliminary/Final Calcs by: O. Ali

Checked by:

Jurisdiction DCM Soil Type B

Runoff Coefficient Surface Type Urbanization Urban

### **Basin Land Use Characteristics**

	Area		Runoff Coefficient				%		
Surface	(SF)	(Acres)	C2	C5	C10	C25	C50	C100	Imperv.
Pasture/Meadow	85,228	1.96	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.3	0.35	0%
2-1/2 Acre	259,332	5.95	0.08	0.12	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.4	11%
5 Acre	-	0.00	0.06	0.1	0.2	0.29	0.34	0.38	7%
Roofs	5,100	0.12	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.8	0.81	90%
Paved	2,880	0.07	0.89	0.9	0.92	0.94	0.95	0.96	100%
Gravel	-	0.00	0.57	0.59	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.7	80%
Combined	352,540	8.09	0.08	0.13	0.22	0.31	0.36	0.40	10.2%

### **Basin Travel Time**

	Sub-basin or Channel Type	Material Type	L (ft)	Elev. $\Delta Z_0$ (ft)	Q <sub>i</sub> (cfs)	Base or Dia (ft)	Sides z:1 (ft/ft)	v (ft/s)	t (min)
Furthest Reach	OS-B3C	-	994	38	-	-	-	-	15.5
Channelized-1	V-Ditch	2	430	16	14	0	2	4.4	1.6
Channelized-2									
Channelized-3									
Total			1,424	54					

### Storage Volume

			40 -	-hr release time		Detention is No	OT required	
EURV	0.00	(in)	a =	1		Water Quality i	is NOT required	I
WQCV	0.00	(in)						
i (return period)	5-year	10-year	100-year		Desi	gn Volume	(ft <sup>3</sup> )	
K <sub>i</sub> (ft)	0.0000	0.0000	0		% Storage	100-year	WQCV	Total
V <sub>i</sub> (acre-ft)	0.000	0.000	0	EURV	0%	0	0	0
$V_i$ (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0	0	0	WQCV	0%	U	0	0

### Contributing Offsite Flows (Added to Runoff and Allowed Release, below.)

Contributing Basins/Areas OS-B4B

Q<sub>Minor</sub> (cfs) - 5-year Storm

Q<sub>Major</sub> (cfs) - 100-year Storm

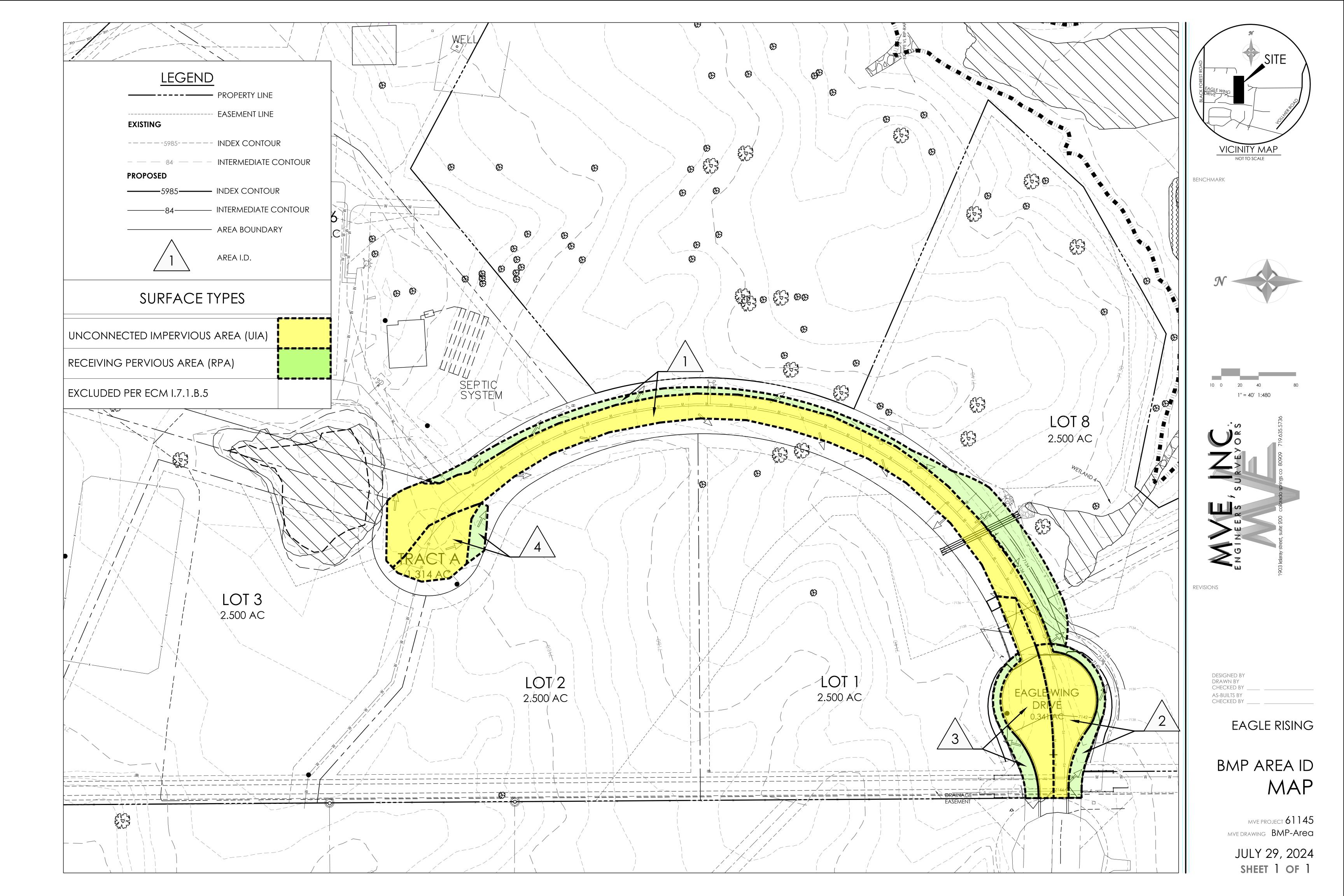
### Rainfall Intensity & Runoff

	2-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr
Intensity (in/hr)	2.65	3.32	3.87	4.43	4.98	5.57
Site Runoff (cfs)	1.74	3.37	6.78	11.01	14.37	17.96
OffSite Runoff (cfs)	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00
Release Rates (cfs/ac)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowed Release (cfs)	-	3.4	-	-	-	18.0

DCM: I = C1 \* In (tc) + C2 C1 1.19 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.52 C2 6.035 7.583 8.847 10.111 11.375 12.735

### **Notes**

			Das!:	ın Dressel	ro Corre	Dunoff D	luotica					
			Desig	n Procedu			uction					Chart C : C 4
Designer:	O. Ali			OD-RMB (A6	ersion 3.07, Ma	Ircn 2018)						Sheet 1 of 1
Company:	M.V.E., Inc.										-	
Date:	May 22, 2024										-	
Project:	Eagle Rising										-	
Location:	Eagle Wing D	rive									_	
SITE INFORMATION (Us	er Input in B	lue Cells)										
(**	-	Rainfall Depth	0.60	inches								
Depth of Average Rui	noff Producing	g Storm, d <sub>6</sub> =	0.42	inches (for V	/atersheds C	utside of the I	Denver Regio	on, Figure 3-1	in USDCM V	ol. 3)		
Area Type	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA								
Area Type Area ID	1	2	3	4								
Downstream Design Point ID	1	2	3	4								
Downstream BMP Type	None	None	None	None								
DCIA (ft²)												
UIA (ft²)	24,531	5,595	6,599	4,030								
RPA (ft²) SPA (ft²)	10,741	2,009	1,788	899								-
HSG A (%)		0%	0%	0%								
HSG B (%)		100%	100%	100%								
HSG C/D (%)		0%	0%	0%								
Average Slope of RPA (ft/ft)		0.167	0.167	0.017								
UIA:RPA Interface Width (ft)	770.00	204.00	204.00	66.00		L						
CALCULATED RUNOFF	RESULTS											
Area ID	1	2	3	4								
UIA:RPA Area (ft²)	35,272	7,604	8,387	4,929								_
L / W Ratio UIA / Area	0.06 0.6955	0.18 0.7358	0.20 0.7868	1.13 0.8176								
Runoff (in)		0.10	0.17	0.20								
Runoff (ft <sup>3</sup> )		60	116	83								
Runoff Reduction (ft <sup>3</sup> )	917	173	159	84								
CALCULATED WQCV RI	EQUIT TQ											
Area ID		2	3	4								
WQCV (ft <sup>3</sup> )	998	228	269	164								
WQCV Reduction (ft <sup>3</sup> )	894	167	153	81								
WQCV Reduction (%)		74%	57%	49%								
Untreated WQCV (ft <sup>3</sup> )	105	60	116	83								
CALCULATED DESIGN I	POINT RESU	LTS (sums re	esults from	all columns v	vith the sam	e Downstrea	m Desian Po	oint ID)				
Downstream Design Point ID	1	2	3	4								
DCIA (ft <sup>2</sup> )		0	0	0								
UIA (ft²)		5,595	6,599	4,030								
RPA (ft²)	10,741	2,009	1,788 0	899 0		-					-	-
SPA (ft <sup>2</sup> ) Total Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	35,272	7,604	8,387	4,929								
Total Impervious Area (ft²)	04.504	5,595	6,599	4,030								
WQCV (ft <sup>3</sup> )		228	269	164								
WQCV Reduction (ft <sup>3</sup> )		167	153	81								
WQCV Reduction (%)		74%	57%	49%								
Untreated WQCV (ft <sup>3</sup> )	105	60	116	83		1					1	
CALCULATED SITE RES	SULTS (sums	s results fron	n all column	s in workshe	et)							
Total Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	56,192											
Total Impervious Area (ft²)												
WQCV (ft <sup>3</sup> )												
WQCV Reduction (ft <sup>3</sup> ) WQCV Reduction (%)		-										
Untreated WQCV (ft <sup>3</sup> )		1										



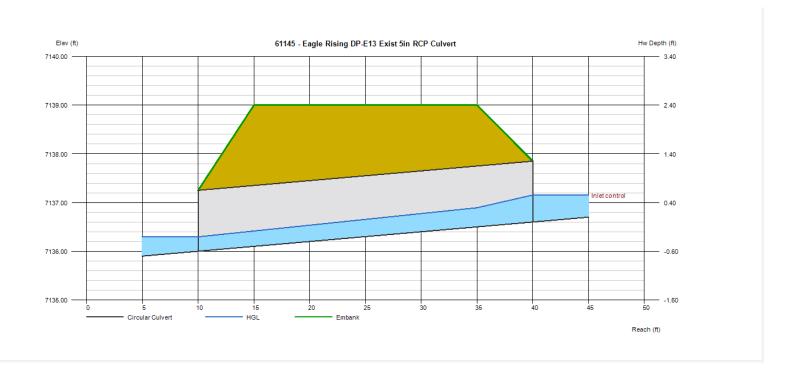
# 12. Hydraulic Calculations

Culvert Calculations
Ditch Flow Calculations

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

# 61145 - Eagle Rising DP-E13 Exist 15in RCP Culvert

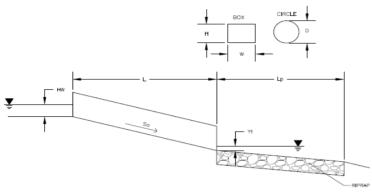
Invert Elev Dn (ft)	= 7136.00	Calculations	
Pipe Length (ft)	= 30.00	Qmin (cfs)	= 1.10
Slope (%)	= 2.00	Qmax (cfs)	= 6.20
Invert Elev Up (ft)	= 7136.60	Tailwater Elev (ft)	= Normal
Rise (in)	= 15.0	. ,	
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 15.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 1.10
No. Barrels	= 1	Qpipe (cfs)	= 1.10
n-Value	= 0.013	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	<ul><li>Circular Concrete</li></ul>	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 4.97
Culvert Entrance	<ul><li>= Groove end projecting (C)</li></ul>	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 3.11
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.2	HGL Dn (ft)	= 7136.30
		HGL Up (ft)	= 7137.01
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 7137.15
Top Elevation (ft)	= 7139.00	Hw/D (ft)	= 0.44
Top Width (ft)	= 20.00	Flow Regime	= Inlet Control
Crest Width (ft)	= 100.00	<u> </u>	



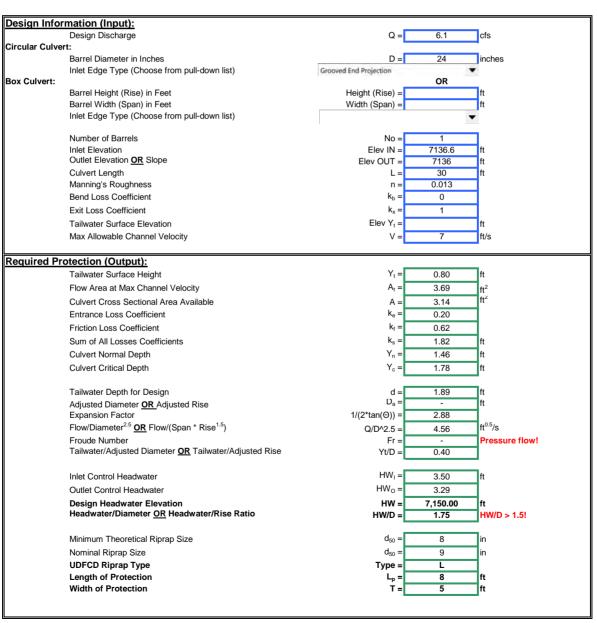
### **Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection**

Project: 61145 - Eagle Rising

Basin ID: DP E13 24in RCP Driveway Culvert







Top Width (ft)

Crest Width (ft)

= Inlet Control

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

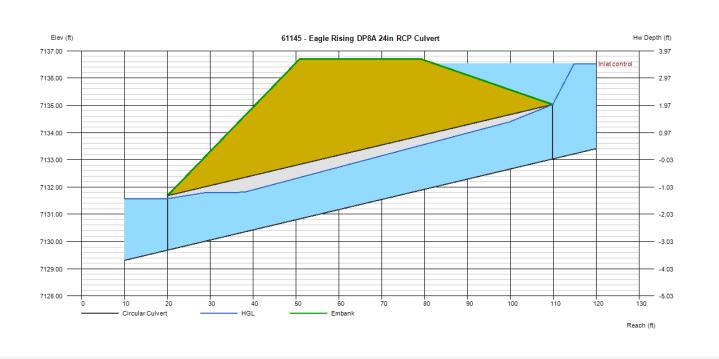
# 61145 - Eagle Rising DP8A 24in RCP Culvert

= 28.00

= 205.00

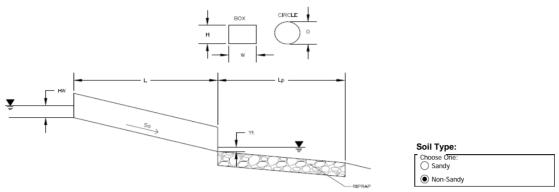
Invert Elev Dn (ft)	= 7129.68	Calculations	
Pipe Length (ft)	= 89.80	Qmin (cfs)	= 0.00
Slope (%)	= 3.73	Qmax (cfs)	= 51.80
Invert Elev Up (ft)	= 7133.03	Tailwater Élev (ft)	= (dc+D)/2
Rise (in)	= 24.0	, ,	
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 24.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 51.80
No. Barrels	= 2	Qpipe (cfs)	= 51.80
n-Value	= 0.013	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	= Circular Concrete	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 8.42
Culvert Entrance	= Groove end projecting (C)	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 8.76
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.2	HGL Dn (ft)	= 7131.57
		HGL Up (ft)	= 7134.81
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 7136.53
Top Elevation (ft)	= 7136.71	Hw/D (ft)	= 1.75
_ `			

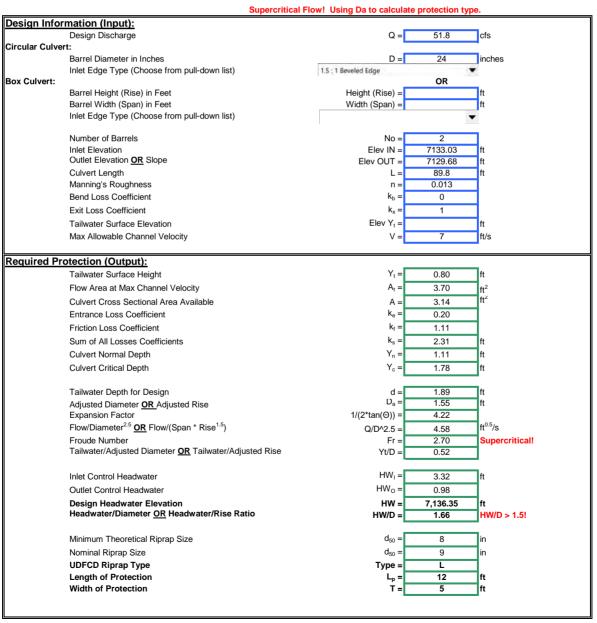
Flow Regime



### **Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection**

Project: 61145 - Eagle Rising
Basin ID: DP8A Double 24in RCP

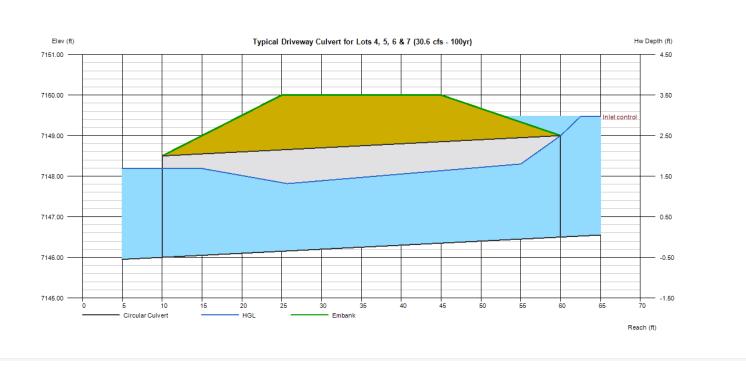




Wednesday, Jul 24 2024

# Typical Driveway Culvert for Lots 4, 5, 6 & 7 (30.6 cfs - 100yr)

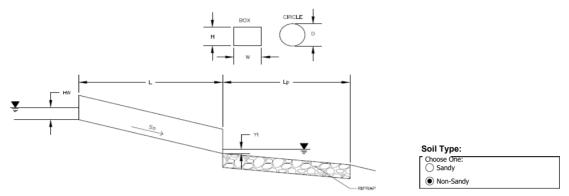
Invert Elev Dn (ft) = 7146.00 Calculations	
Pipe Length (ft) = $50.00$ Qmin (cfs) = $3$	30.60
Slope (%) = $1.00$ Qmax (cfs) = $3$	30.60
Invert Elev Up (ft) = 7146.50 Tailwater Elev (ft) = (	(dc+D)/2
Rise (in) = 30.0	
Shape = Circular Highlighted	
	30.60
No. Barrels = 1 Qpipe $(cfs)$ = 3	30.60
	0.00
Culvert Type = Circular Concrete Veloc Dn (ft/s) = 6	6.71
Culvert Entrance = Groove end projecting (C) Veloc Up (ft/s) = 7	7.71
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k = $0.0045$ , 2, $0.0317$ , $0.69$ , $0.2$ HGL Dn (ft) = $7$	7148.19
HGL Up (ft) = 7	7148.38
<b>Embankment</b> Hw Elev (ft) = 7	7149.47
Top Elevation (ft) = $7150.00$ Hw/D (ft) = 1	1.19
Top Width (ft) = 20.00 Flow Regime = I	Inlet Control
Crest Width (ft) = 115.00	

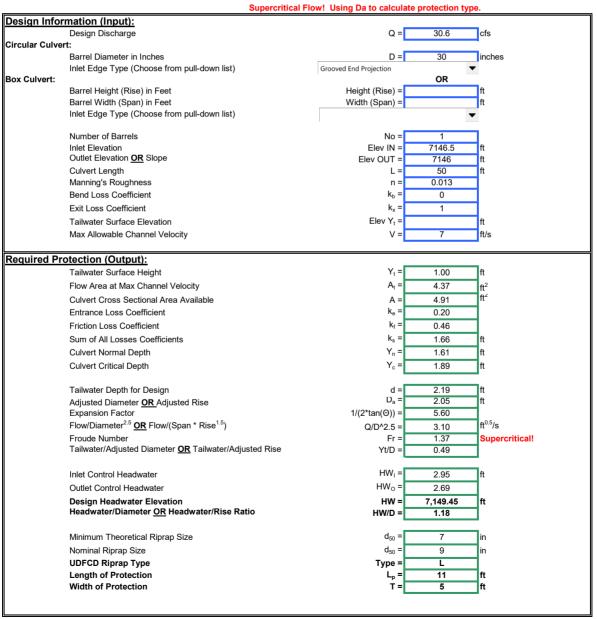


### **Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection**

Project: 61145 - Eagle Rising

Basin ID: Typical 30in RCP Driveway Culvert

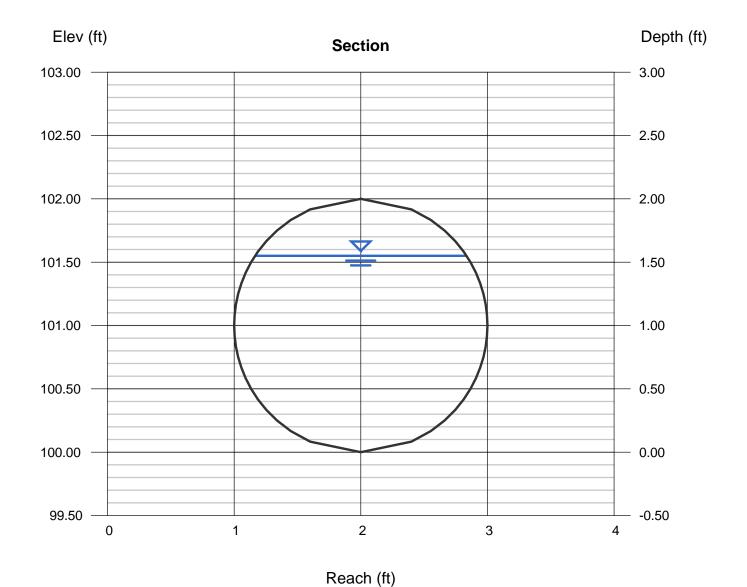




Known Q (cfs) = 21.30

# Design Point E11 (Lot 1) - Redirect Culvert (21.3 cfs 100 Year)

Circular		Highlighted	
Diameter (ft)	= 2.00	Depth (ft)	= 1.55
		Q (cfs)	= 21.30
		Area (sqft)	= 2.62
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 8.15
Slope (%)	= 1.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 4.31
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 1.66
		Top Width (ft)	= 1.67
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 2.58
Compute by:	Known Q		



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Dec 23 2022

## **Basin B - Swale Calculation - Reach (Q5)**

Trapezoidal

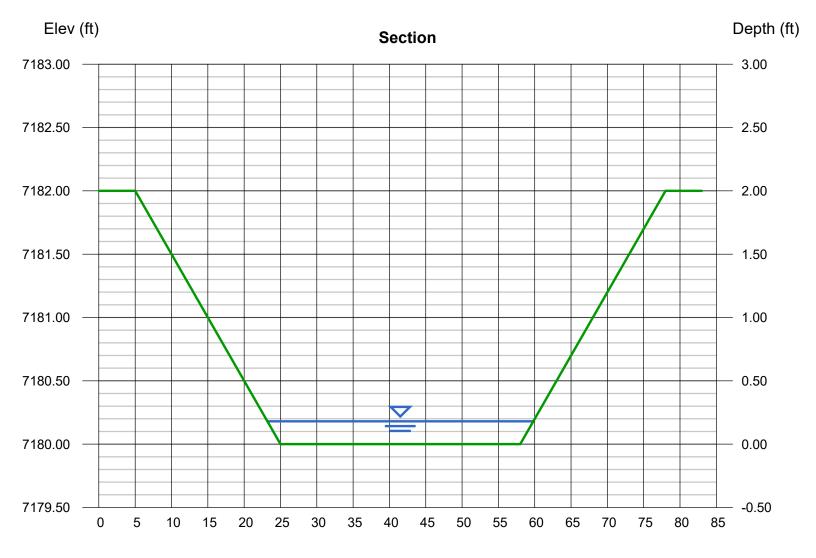
Bottom Width (ft) = 33.00 Side Slopes (z:1) = 10.00, 10.00

Total Depth (ft) = 2.00 Invert Elev (ft) = 7180.00 Slope (%) = 2.70 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 11.60 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.18Q (cfs) = 11.60 Area (sqft) = 6.26Velocity (ft/s) = 1.85Wetted Perim (ft) = 36.62Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.16Top Width (ft) = 36.60EGL (ft) = 0.23



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Dec 23 2022

## Basin B - Swale Calculation - Reach (Q100)

Trapezoidal

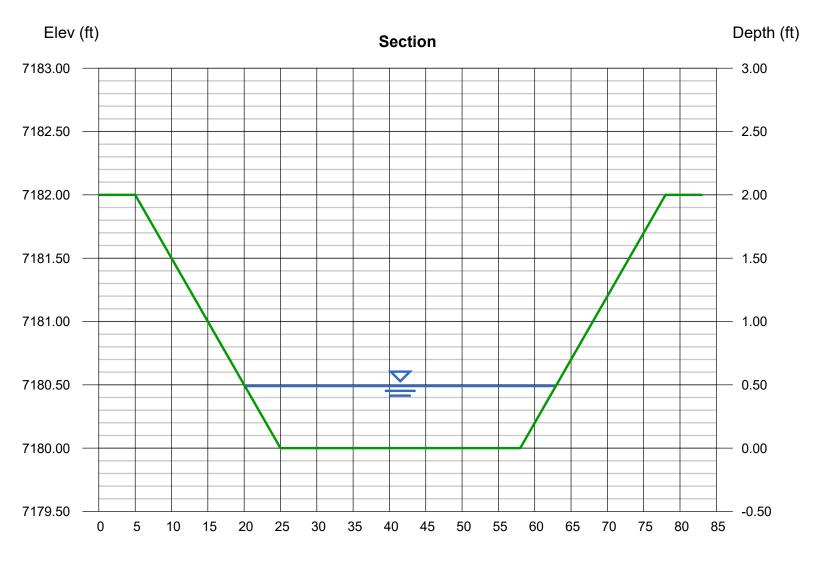
Bottom Width (ft) = 33.00 Side Slopes (z:1) = 10.00, 10.00

Total Depth (ft) = 2.00 Invert Elev (ft) = 7180.00 Slope (%) = 2.70 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 63.30 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.49Q (cfs) = 63.30Area (sqft) = 18.57Velocity (ft/s) = 3.41Wetted Perim (ft) = 42.85Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.47Top Width (ft) = 42.80EGL (ft) = 0.67



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Dec 23 2022

## **Basin C - Swale Calculation - Reach (Q5)**

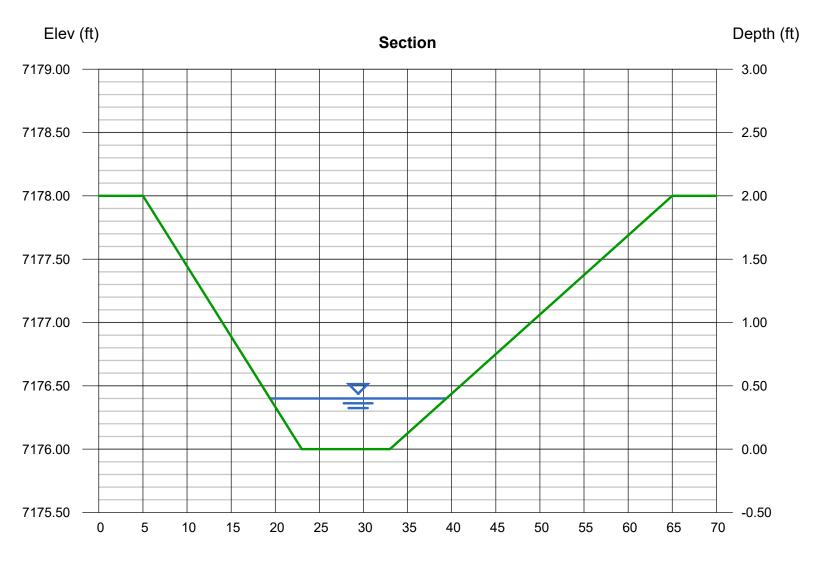
Trapezoidal

Bottom Width (ft) = 10.00 Side Slopes (z:1) = 9.00, 16.00 Total Depth (ft) = 2.00 Invert Elev (ft) = 7176.00 Slope (%) = 1.60 N-Value = 0.040

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 12.60 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.40Q (cfs) = 12.60Area (sqft) = 6.00Velocity (ft/s) = 2.10 Wetted Perim (ft) = 20.03Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.32Top Width (ft) = 20.00EGL (ft) = 0.47



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Dec 23 2022

## **Basin C - Swale Calculation - Reach (Q100)**

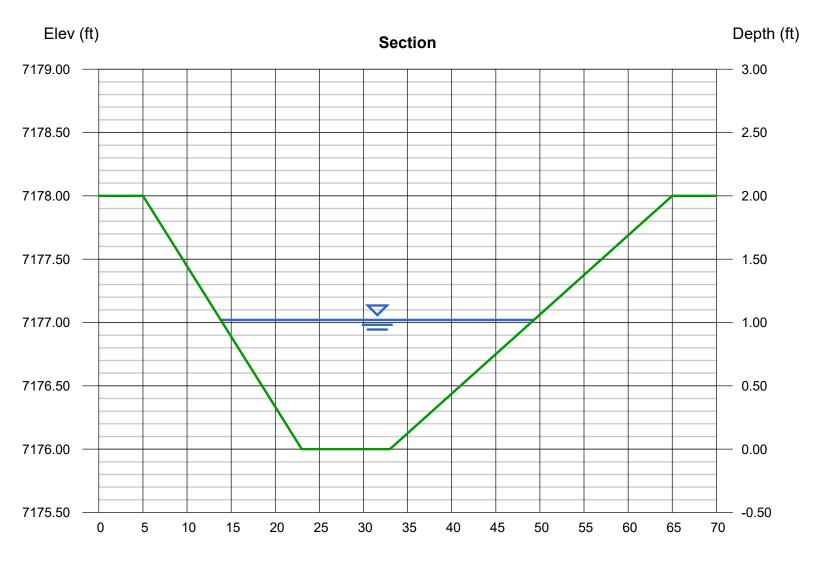
Trapezoidal

Bottom Width (ft) = 10.00 Side Slopes (z:1) = 9.00, 16.00 Total Depth (ft) = 2.00 Invert Elev (ft) = 7176.00 Slope (%) = 1.60 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 80.70 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.02 Q (cfs) = 80.70Area (sqft) = 23.20Velocity (ft/s) = 3.48Wetted Perim (ft) = 35.59Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.89Top Width (ft) = 35.50EGL (ft) = 1.21



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Jan 4 2023

## **Basin D - Swale Calculation - Reach (Q5)**

Trapezoidal

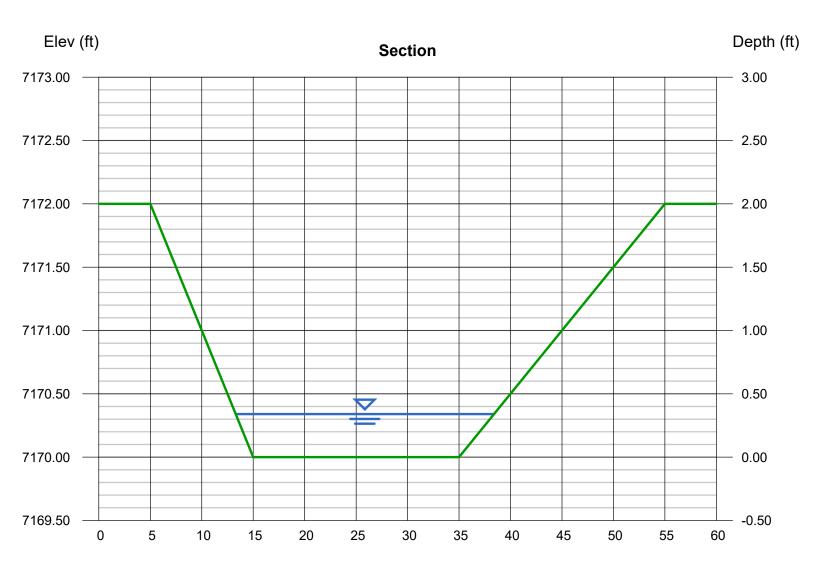
Bottom Width (ft) = 20.00 Side Slopes (z:1) = 5.00, 10.00 Total Depth (ft) = 2.00 Invert Elev (ft) = 7170.00 Slope (%) = 3.70 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 24.40

Highlighted

= 0.34Depth (ft) Q (cfs) = 24.40Area (sqft) = 7.67Velocity (ft/s) = 3.18Wetted Perim (ft) = 25.15 Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.35Top Width (ft) = 25.10EGL (ft) = 0.50



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Jan 4 2023

## Basin D - Swale Calculation - Reach (Q100)

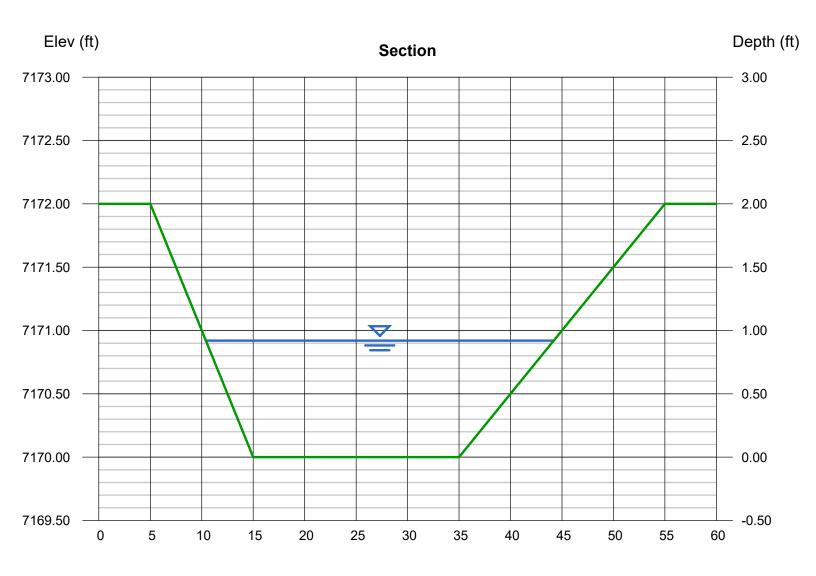
**Trapezoidal** 

Bottom Width (ft) = 20.00 Side Slopes (z:1) = 5.00, 10.00 Total Depth (ft) = 2.00 Invert Elev (ft) = 7170.00 Slope (%) = 3.70 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 142.60 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.92Q (cfs) = 142.60Area (sqft) = 24.75Velocity (ft/s) = 5.76Wetted Perim (ft) = 33.94Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.02 Top Width (ft) = 33.80EGL (ft) = 1.44



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Aug 21 2024

## **Basin F2 Swale Calculation - Reach 1 (Q5)**

Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1) = 10.00, 10.00

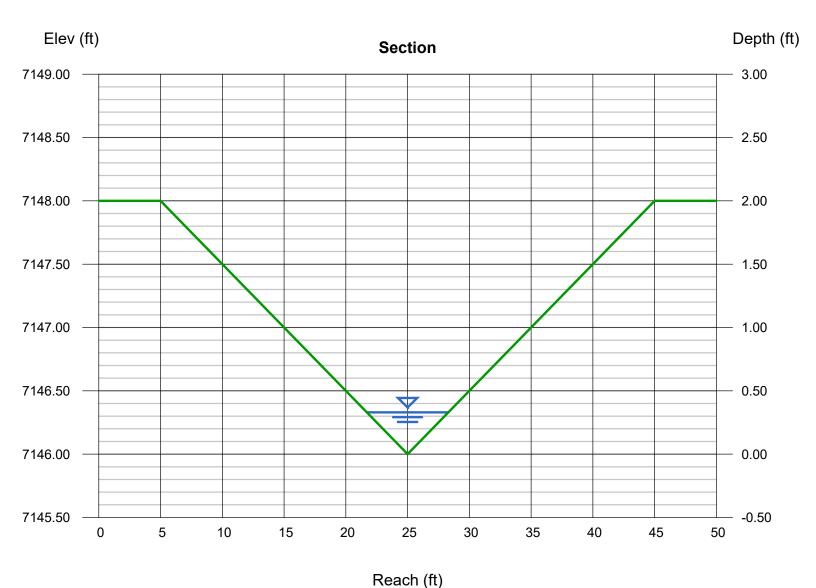
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7146.00 Slope (%) = 3.80 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 2.30 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.33Q (cfs) = 2.300Area (sqft) = 1.09Velocity (ft/s) = 2.11 Wetted Perim (ft) = 6.63Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.32Top Width (ft) = 6.60EGL (ft) = 0.40



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Aug 21 2024

## **Basin F2 Swale Calculation - Reach 1 (Q100)**

Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1) = 10.00, 10.00

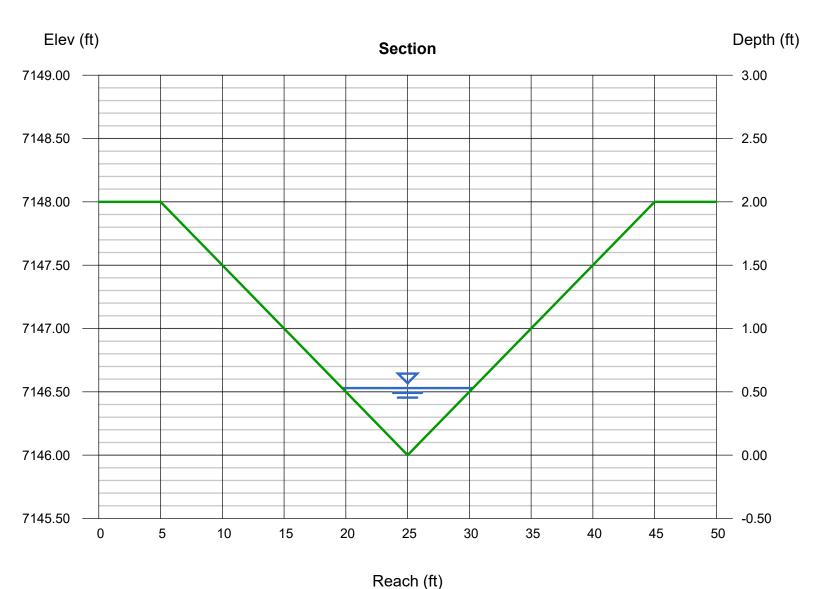
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7146.00 Slope (%) = 3.80 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 8.20 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.53Q (cfs) = 8.200Area (sqft) = 2.81 Velocity (ft/s) = 2.92 Wetted Perim (ft) = 10.65Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.53Top Width (ft) = 10.60EGL (ft) = 0.66



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Aug 21 2024

## **Basin F2 Swale Calculation - Reach 2 (Q5)**

Side Slopes (z:1)	= 6.00, 6.00
Total Depth (ft)	= 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7132.00 Slope (%) = 5.70 N-Value = 0.040

Calculations

Triangular

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 2.30 

 Highlighted

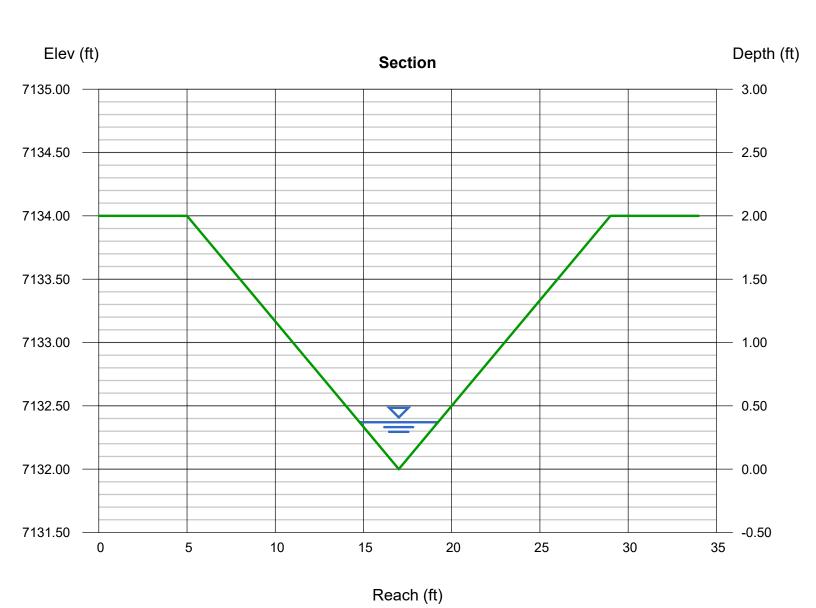
 Depth (ft)
 = 0.37

 Q (cfs)
 = 2.300

 Area (sqft)
 = 0.82

Velocity (ft/s) = 2.80
Wetted Perim (ft) = 4.50
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.40
Top Width (ft) = 4.44

EGL (ft) = 0.49



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Aug 21 2024

## **Basin F2 Swale Calculation - Reach 2 (Q100)**

Triangular
Side Slopes (z:1) = 6.00, 6.00
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7132.00 Slope (%) = 5.70 N-Value = 0.040

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 8.20 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.60

Q (cfs) = 8.200

Area (sqft) = 2.16

Area (sqft) = 2.16

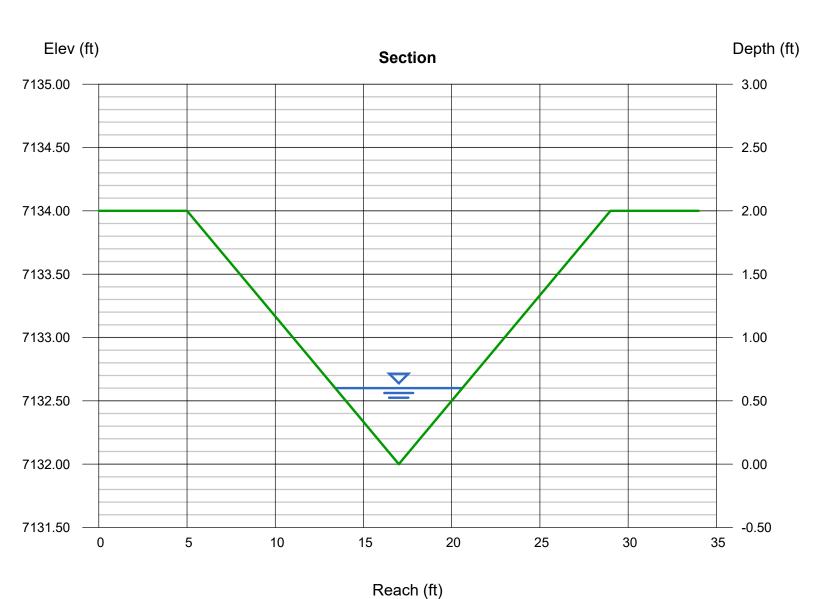
Velocity (ft/s) = 3.80

Wetted Perim (ft) = 7.30

Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.66

Top Width (ft) = 7.20

EGL (ft) = 0.82



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Aug 21 2024

## **Basin G Swale Calculation - Reach 1 (Q5)**

Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1) = 10.00, 10.00

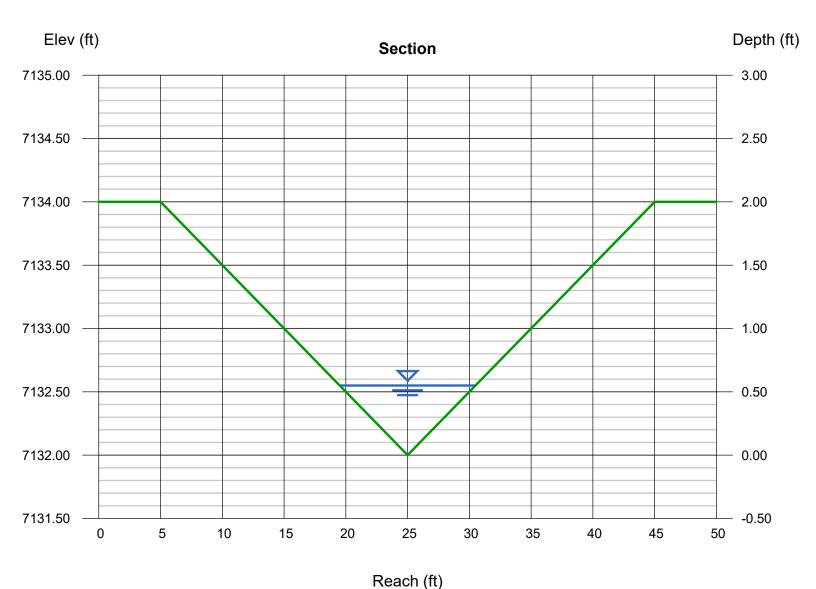
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7132.00 Slope (%) = 4.40 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 9.70 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.55Q (cfs) = 9.700Area (sqft) = 3.02Velocity (ft/s) = 3.21Wetted Perim (ft) = 11.05Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.57Top Width (ft) = 11.00 EGL (ft) = 0.71



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Aug 21 2024

## **Basin G Swale Calculation - Reach 1 (Q100)**

Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1) = 10.00, 10.00

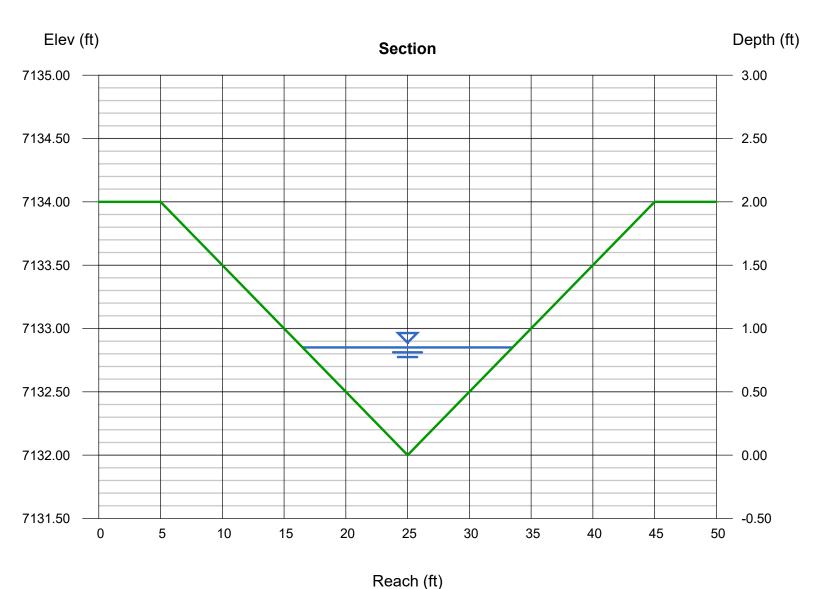
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7132.00 Slope (%) = 4.40 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 31.70 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.85Q (cfs) = 31.70Area (sqft) = 7.22Velocity (ft/s) = 4.39Wetted Perim (ft) = 17.08 Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.92Top Width (ft) = 17.00EGL (ft) = 1.15



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Aug 21 2024

## **Basin G Swale Calculation - Reach 2 (Q5)**

Triangular

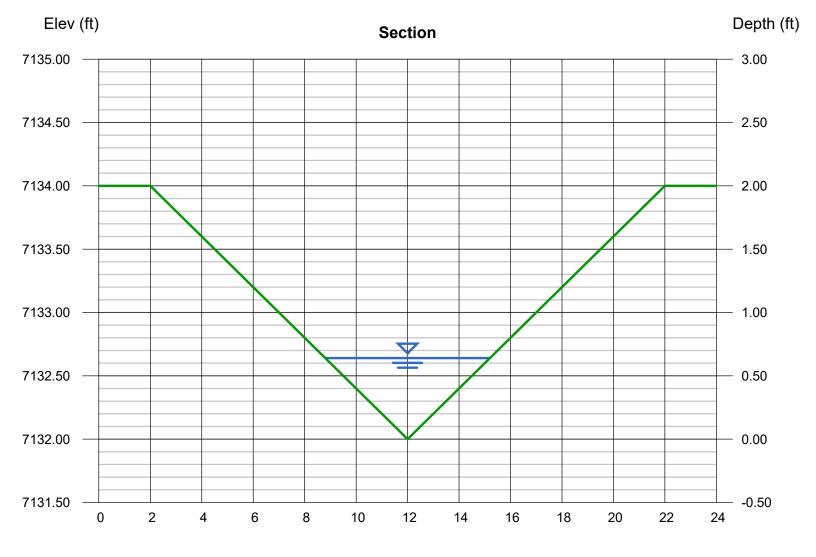
Side Slopes (z:1) = 5.00, 5.00Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7132.00 Slope (%) = 8.00 N-Value = 0.040

**Calculations** 

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 9.70 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.64Q (cfs) = 9.700Area (sqft) = 2.05Velocity (ft/s) = 4.74 Wetted Perim (ft) = 6.53Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.75Top Width (ft) = 6.40EGL (ft) = 0.99



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Aug 21 2024

= 1.64

## **Basin G Swale Calculation - Reach 2 (Q100)**

Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1) = 5.00, 5.00

Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

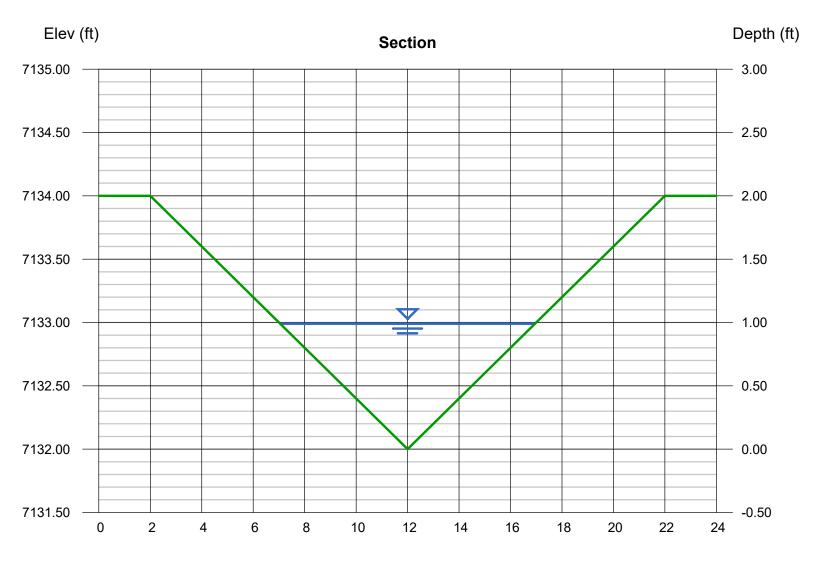
Invert Elev (ft) = 7132.00 Slope (%) = 8.00 N-Value = 0.040

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 31.70 Highlighted

EGL (ft)

Depth (ft) = 0.99
Q (cfs) = 31.70
Area (sqft) = 4.90
Velocity (ft/s) = 6.47
Wetted Perim (ft) = 10.10
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.21
Top Width (ft) = 9.90



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Dec 23 2022

## **Basin J - Swale Calculation - Reach (Q5)**

Triangular

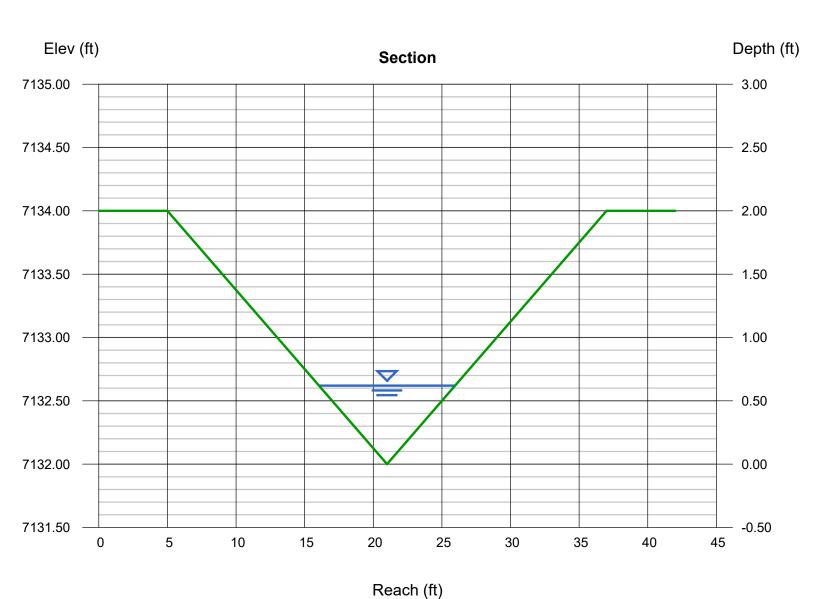
Side Slopes (z:1) = 8.00, 8.00Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7132.00 Slope (%) = 4.80 N-Value = 0.040

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 11.00 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.62Q (cfs) = 11.00 Area (sqft) = 3.08Velocity (ft/s) = 3.58Wetted Perim (ft) = 10.00Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.66Top Width (ft) = 9.92EGL (ft) = 0.82



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Dec 23 2022

## **Basin J - Swale Calculation - Reach (Q100)**

Triangular

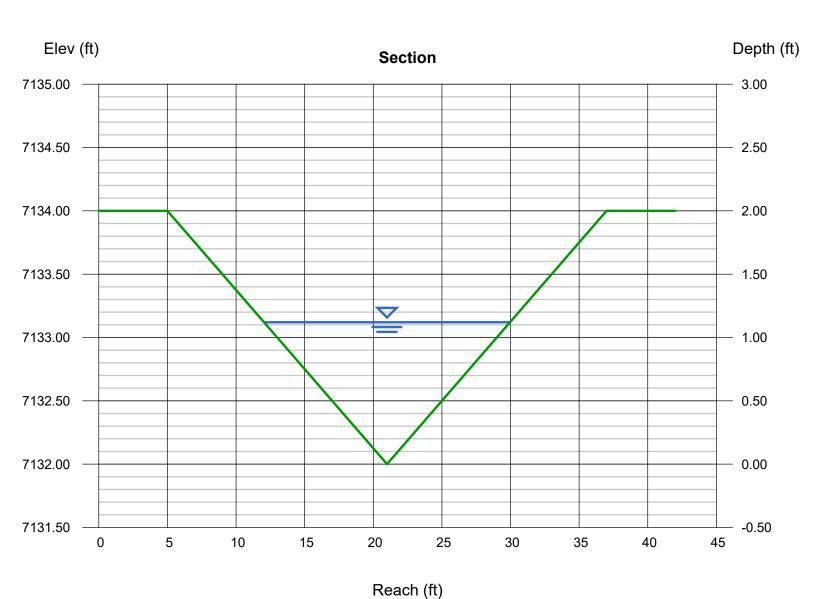
Side Slopes (z:1) = 8.00, 8.00Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

Invert Elev (ft) = 7132.00 Slope (%) = 4.80 N-Value = 0.040

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 55.10 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.12 Q (cfs) = 55.10Area (sqft) = 10.04Velocity (ft/s) = 5.49 Wetted Perim (ft) = 18.06 Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.25Top Width (ft) = 17.92EGL (ft) = 1.59



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Sep 5 2023

## **Design Point DP6A Channel**

			la	

Side Slopes (z:1) = 8.00, 8.00Total Depth (ft) = 2.00

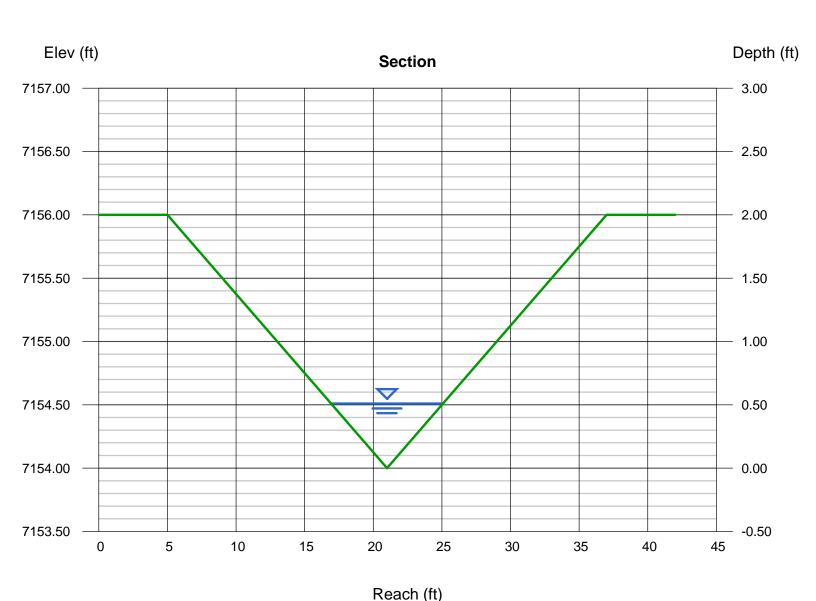
Invert Elev (ft) = 7154.00 Slope (%) = 12.00 N-Value = 0.034

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 12.00

Highlighted

= 0.51Depth (ft) Q (cfs) = 12.00Area (sqft) = 2.08Velocity (ft/s) = 5.77 Wetted Perim (ft) = 8.22Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.68Top Width (ft) = 8.16EGL (ft) = 1.03



Known Q (cfs)

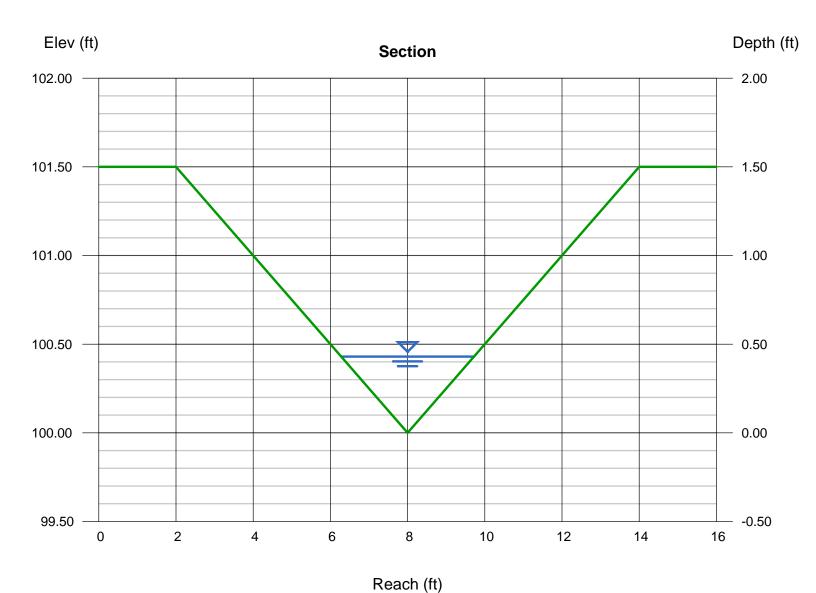
Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

= 2.20

Friday, Nov 17 2023

# Roadside Ditch Calc Sub-Basin H (0.7 ac - 2.2 cfs = 20% of Sub-Basin 100 yr)

Triangular		Highlighted	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 4.00, 4.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.43
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.50	Q (cfs)	= 2.200
		Area (sqft)	= 0.74
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 2.97
Slope (%)	= 4.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 3.55
N-Value	= 0.035	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.46
		Top Width (ft)	= 3.44
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.57
Compute by:	Known Q		



### Rip Rap Sizing Calculations (Mild Slope)

MHFC Eq 8-11

d50 = (V\*S ^0.17/(4.5\*(Gs-1)^0.66)^2

Channel Designation	Q100 (cfs)	V (ft/sec)	S (ft/ft)	Gs	d50 (ft)	d50 (in)	Note
Swale DP6A	12	5.77	0.12	2.6	0.43	5.2	Existing Type VL
Lot 9/10	28.3	5.23	0.25	2.6	0.45	5.4	Existing Type VL
Lot 11	55.1	5.49	0.06	2.6	0.31	3.7	Existing Type VL

Manning's n calculation for riprap

MHFC Eq 8-9

n = 0.0395\*D50^(1/6)

Channel

Typical

D

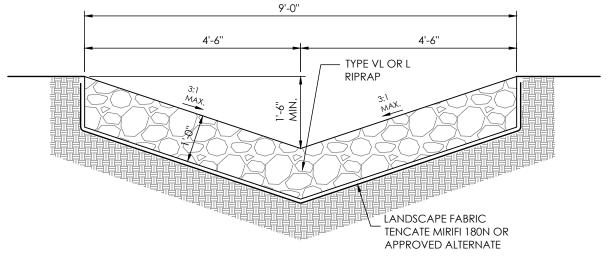
n

Designation

(ft)

0.43 Existing Type VL

0.034



TYPICAL SWALE (TYPE "VL" OR "L")
SCALE 1" = 1.0'



Planning and Community
Development Department
2880 International Circle
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80910

Phone: 719.520.6300 Fax: 719.520.6695

Website www.elpasoco.com

# DEVIATION REQUEST AND DECISION FORM

Updated: 6/26/2019

PRO.	JECT	INFORM	TAN	ION

Project Name: Eagle Rising PCD File No. SP205 & SF2225

Schedule No.(s): 52290-00-034 & 52290-00-035

Legal Description: See Attached

#### **APPLICANT INFORMATION**

Company: Casas Limited Partnership #4, MyPad, Inc., General Partner, Stephen J. Jacobs Jr., President; and

Name: IQ Investors, LLC, Managed by SESMAR Corp., Stephen J. Jacobs, MD., President

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 2076

Colorado Springs, CO 80901

Phone Number: (719) 359-1473

FAX Number:

Email Address: striplejacobs@gmail.com

#### **ENGINEER INFORMATION**

Company: M.V.E., Inc.

Name: David Gorman Colorado P.E. Number: 31672

Mailing Address: 1903 Lelaray St, Ste 200

Phone Number: (719) 635-5736

FAX Number:

Email Address: daveg@mvecivil.com

#### OWNER, APPLICANT, AND ENGINEER DECLARATION

To the best of my knowledge, the information on this application and all additional or supplemental documentation is true, factual and complete. I am fully aware that any misrepresentation of any information on this application may be grounds for denial. I have familiarized myself with the rules, regulations and procedures with respect to preparing and filing this application. I also understand that an incorrect submittal will be cause to have the project removed from the agenda of the Planning Commission, Board of County Commissioners and/or Board of Adjustment or delay review until corrections are made, and that any approval of this application is based on the representations made in the application and may be revoked on any breach of representation or

condition(s) of approval.

Signature of owner (or authorized representati

Date

Engineer's Seal, Signature And Date of Signature

Page **1** of **7** 

PCD File No. SP205 & SF2225

#### **DEVIATION REQUEST (**Attach diagrams, figures, and other documentation to clarify request)

A deviation from the standards of or in Section(s) ECM 3.3.3 B and C of the Engineering Criteria Manual (ECM) is requested.

Identify the specific ECM standard which a deviation is requested:

#### ECM 3.3.3.B: Conformance with DCM Volume 1 Sections 6.5.2, Table 10-4 Channel Velocity,

Concrete, riprap, or soil cement linings as approved by the City/County shall be used where channel bottom velocities exceed 6.0 ft/sec. Grass lined channels shall not be used where velocity exceeds permissible velocities in Table 10-4, or the Froude number is greater than 0.9 for the 100-year storm.

#### DCM Volume 1 Sections 10.2.1 Soft Lined Channels

Grass lined channels are the preferred means of conveying storm water runoff because of their desirability from the standpoint of erosion protection, maintainability, accessibility, and aesthetics.

Grasses typically used for channel lining are Bermudagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, orchardgrass, redtop, Stalian ryegrass, and buffalograss.

#### ECM 3.3.3.C Channel Types

- 1. Soft-Lined Channels
- 2. Hard-Lined Channels

#### State the reason for the requested deviation:

Table 10-4 and DCM Volume 1 Section 10.2.1 do not include provisions or standards for the type of willow, sedge, rush and reed vegetation present in Cottonwood Creek within the project reach. Excellent stream stabilization exists within the subject reach of Cottonwood Creek consisting of mature dense vegetation (grasses, sedges, rushes, reeds, 6 species of willows, numerous shrubs and trees), pond embankments which support wetland vegetation and provide stormwater storage, and large boulder grade check and pond bank lining. For more than a decade, the owners, Entech Engineering, Inc. and ERO Resources Corporation consultants have observed and reported on the natural conditions of stream and riparian corridor within the site. All referenced parties support the preservation of the creek in its existing stabilized and well-vegetated state. See reports uploaded in Applicants submittal EPC Project Numbers SP205, SF2225, SP126 and SF1829.

#### "Natural Channel" is not listed as a channel type in ECM 3.3.3.C

Other sections of the DCM refer to "natural channels" however it is not included as a channel type in the ECM standard. In the DCM Open Channels and Structures 10.1 General Statement "Generally speaking, a stabilized natural channel, or the manmade channel which most nearly conforms to the character of a stabilized natural channel, is the most efficient and the most desirable."

DCM 2.2.1 Channelization "A stable natural channel reaches "equilibrium" over many years."

Explain the proposed alternative and compare to the ECM standards (May provide applicable regional or national standards used as basis):

Utilize the stabilizing value of the existing established pond embankments, existing willow vegetation and existing boulder placements as fully adequate stabilization and not require additional stabilization where hydraulic analysis indicates channel velocities are less than 6 fps, Froude Number values are lower than 1.0 in accordance with the criteria of DCM Section 6.5.2.

The Cottonwood Creek channel within the Eagle Rising Preliminary Plan contains two existing constructed ponds with stabilized embankments, existing boulder thalweg and pond stabilization, along with established dense willow growth that supports established wetlands. The entire wetlands provide natural aesthetic qualities, wildlife habitat, erosion control, and pollutant removal. The aforementioned boulders and pond stabilization were installed over 40 years ago and consist of rocks ranging in size between 4'x4'x2' and 7'x4.5'x5' that are imbedded and integrated with the surrounding soils. Boulder thalweg protection is located just upstream of the northerly pond while the boulder pond protection is located along the east bank of the northerly pond. The two ponds themselves are stabilizing features within the creek that provide the added benefits of controlling flow rates in the creek. Also, an important engineering consideration is that the slope of the creek for the project reach is mild at 1% to 2% with an average of 1.2% as compared to other offsite creek locations in the immediate vicinity. The existing pond spillway at DP 104 will require additional riprap installation at time of final plat as noted on the Drainage Plan. This will further protect the spillway during severe storm water overflows from the pond to the downstream creek drainageway. The Spillway at DP 126 has adequate existing riprap in place. If Pond 2 fills to capacity, the overflows will overtop the embankment at the southeast corner and inundate an open area at the southeast corner of the site. Overflows will then be released at the existing riprap spillway under weir flow conditions. Ponded water in the inundated area is not released at locations other than the riprap protected spillway. The ponds and creek bed have withstood repeated significantly sized rainfall events throughout decades of existence including owner observations of the large rainfall events of 2015 and 2023.

The creek bed, wetland areas and riparian overstory of Cottonwood Creek throughout the site are well vegetated native grasses, shrubs and trees as illustrated by the photos contained in the appendix of this report. The Natural Resources Assessment by ERO

Explain the proposed alternative and compare to the ECM standards (May provide applicable regional or national standards used as basis):

Resources Corporation lists with botanic specificity the various plants found. The ERO report also contains photographic documentation of the plants and site conditions. Wetland areas feature native grasses such as Nebraska Sedge, Baltic Rush, Redtop and Broadleaf Cattail. The wetlands also contain mature, dense and well-established willows which serve to anchor the soil of the creek bed throughout the site. Specific willow species include Sandbar Willow, Greenleaf Willow, Peachleaf Willow, Strapleaf Willow, Park Willow and Shining Willow. The riparian overstory is described as containing Peachleaf Willow and Plains Cottonwood trees. Shrubs present in the riparian corridor through the site include Snowberry, Wood's Rose, Golden Current, and Chokecherry. All these species act together to preserve the existing creek alignment and grades that are observed at the site and documented by photographic evidence as attached.

Supplemental information concerning permissible velocities and permissible shear stresses for channel lining materials is included in the appendix. The information includes suggested permissible values for the native grasses, willows and trees that grow in the project reach. Live willow stakes are included and listed to have permissible velocities of 3 to 10 f/sec with permissible shear stress of 2.10 to 3.10 lbs/sf. However, the supplemental information assumes that the vegetation is newly planted, as in Reed Plantings, Hardwood Tree Plantings and Live Willow Stakes. In this case, the vegetative cover throughout the site is not plantings or stakes, but well established, robust, and dense cover that has served to stabilize the creek bed and banks for decades. The upper end (and beyond) of the permissible value range applies in this project reach.

The results of the hydraulic analysis contained in this report indicate four cross-sections at two locations that exhibit channel flow velocities that approach or exceed 6 fps and/or have Froude Number values that equal or exceed 1.0. Two cross sections are located at the north pond overflow spillway and the two cross sections are located at the south pond overflow spillway are protected with riprap indicated on the Drainage Map contained in the MDDP Drainage Report. The presence of dense vegetation throughout the project reach serves to provide additional stabilization. The existing boulder structure and thalweg protection, located upstream of the pond at DP 104 provides stabilization. Portions of the banks inside the DP 104 pond are lined with large boulders. The boulders have been in place for approximately 40 years and are well embedded and incorporated into the creek terrain. They appear to range in size from 3'x3'x2.5' to 7'x4.5'x5'. Based on site observation and riprap sizing calculations that show Type VL (D50 = 6") is more than adequate to remain in place at this location, it is M.V.E., Inc.'s opinion and engineering judgement, that the existing boulders adequately fulfill stabilization function and will remain in place during the 100-year rainfall event. No further improvements are needed in the creek assuming the existing vegetation is preserved. The vegetation is naturally occurring and has been in place for many years. During this time, it has survived various meteorologic cycles. Additionally, with the present level of development in the upstream watershed, the amount of runoff in this section of Cottonwood Creek is not likely to be altered in the future. Considering all these factors, the exiting vegetation is persistent and not in danger of failing. The owners will preserve and sustain the vegetation.

The allowances in Section 6.5.2 and Table 10-4 do not account for the types and condition of the vegetation present in the creek channel and are not applicable to this case. The type and quality of the existing vegetation, which consists of mature dense grasses, sedges, rushes, reeds, six species of willows, numerous shrubs and trees, are not anticipated in the allowed flow velocities as found in DCM Section 6.5.2 and Table 10-4. Furthermore, hydraulic analysis results for the channel reach comply with the provision of Section 6.5.2 except at the two pond overflow spillways, is expected and addressed with riprap protection at each spillway.

Alternative Information is provided in the form of attached Table 2 containing Permissible Velocity and Shear Stress values for Long Native Grasses, Hardwood Tree Plantings and Live Willow Stakes complete with a list of sources including documentation from U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, U.S. Dept. of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, and others.

The DCM provides that concrete, riprap, or soil cement linings as approved by the City/County shall be used where channel bottom velocities exceed 6.0 ft/sec. Grass lined channels shall not be used where velocity exceeds permissible velocities in Table 10-4 or the Froude number is greater than 0.9 for the 100-year storm. Table 10-4 does not account for the type of vegetation present in the creek throughout the project reach as stated above. Alternatively, M.V.E., Inc. recommends the allowance of velocities associated with willow vegetation and native grasses as shown in the Table 2 that is attached in the Appendix of this request. In the referenced Table 2, Long Native Grasses have permissible velocities of 4 fps to 6 fps, while Live Willow Stakes have permissible velocities of up to 10 fps. Allowable Shear stresses are also noted in the cited sources of up to 3.10 lbs. per sf. Shear Stresses at HEC-RAS model section 3700, 3500, 2703, 2669, 2101, 1900, 1700, 1500, 1400, 1200, 409 and 374 exceed 3.10 lbs. per sf. However, all these locations also have velocities and Froude Number that comply with the DCM. Furthermore, the actual vegetation on the site is well established and exhibits dense growth. The existing plants possess stabilizing characteristics far beyond those of recent plant stakings. Although the hydraulic analysis of the creek reach indicates acceptable velocities in accordance with the DCM, except at pond spillways, a Deviation Request is submitted in support of the higher allowable velocities for the specific type of creek vegetation found at the site. Existing conditions at section 3500 exhibit dense willow growth and native grass vegetation that is well established. There is no evidence of erosion present at this location. Sections 2703 and 2669 is the location of the Pond 1 emergency spillway which will have riprap protection added in developed conditions. Existing conditions at sections 2101, 1900, 1700, 1500, 1400 and 1200 exhibit dense willow growth and native grass vegetation that is well established. There is no evidence of erosion present at these locations. Sections 409 and 374 is the location of the Pond 2 emergency spillway which has existing riprap protection installed. The property owners will preserve and manage the creek bed and vegetation as required through the Owner's Association (OA) or individually in accordance with a drainage maintenance agreement with El Paso County.

Natural well-established creeks typically don't require maintenance. The creek bed and banks within this subdivision are very well established with dense vegetation as detailed above. The owners **elect ECM 3.3.3.K.2.**, which provides that "When the lack of an access road is not considered detrimental to the maintenance and integrity of the channel, the access road can be omitted under

Explain the proposed alternative and compare to the ECM standards (May provide applicable regional or national standards used as basis):

the following conditions: • Where suitable exit-entry ramps are provided to intermediate channels with a minimum bottom width of 8 feet at roadway crossings and at other approved, needed locations to facilitate travel or maintenance of emergency vehicles in the channel bottom. At a minimum, one access ramp must be provided at each end of a channel. • Where vehicular access to the channel on a maximum spacing of 1,000 feet and at other approved, needed locations is provided to small channels with a bottom width of less than 8 feet." The proposed easements will include restrictions on the placement of new trees, fencing, or other new improvements that would prevent effective access over the easement. This access alternative allows lot line easements to serve as access pathways and omits construction of 15' wide access roads which would unnecessarily deface and destabilize the creekside and interfere with the use and enjoyment of the private residential lots. The 15' access road may be omitted in recognition that the available corridors through the lot line easements are adequate with regard to available travel width and the traversable terrain. See the attached Creek Access Exhibit. These access conditions meet the criteria and intent of ECM 3.3.3.K.2.

#### LIMITS OF CONSIDERATION

(At least one of the conditions listed below must be met for this deviation request to be considered.)

- ☐ The ECM standard is inapplicable to the particular situation.
- ☑ Topography, right-of-way, or other geographical conditions or impediments impose an undue hardship and an equivalent alternative that can accomplish the same design objective is available and does not compromise public safety or accessibility.

A change to a standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem, and if not modified, the standard will impose an undue hardship on the applicant with little or no material benefit to the public.

#### Provide justification:

The allowances in Section 6.5.2 and Table 10-4 do not account for the types and condition of the vegetation present in the creek channel and the types of vegetation listed in 10-4 are not present at this site. The existing creek on this site, and potentially others in El Paso County, contains established, mature and dense stands of tall native grasses, sedges, rushes, reeds, six species of willows along with numerous shrubs and trees. The supplemental information provided with this deviation request (Table 2 in the Appendix) suggests allowable flow velocities and shear stresses that are more closely applicable to the type of vegetation found within the subject creek reach and site. The results of hydraulic analysis using this appropriate supplemental engineering data show that all sections of the creek channel comply with the provision of Section 6.5.2.

The two overflow spillways at the two ponds do not contain vegetation, but instead are protected by riprap lining.

Furthermore the U.S. Army Core of Engineers has, after staff viewing the site, verbally recommended that the existing wetlands and natural channel and features not be disturbed, seeing no beneficial outcomes to further structural stabilization.

The application of the requested data to this project will preserve the existing stabilizing vegetation and natural terrain for the benefit of the site, natural aesthetics, wildlife, and future lot owners.

#### CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

Per ECM section 5.8.7 the request for a deviation may be considered if the request is <u>not based exclusively on financial</u> <u>considerations</u>. The deviation must not be detrimental to public safety or surrounding property. The applicant must include supporting information demonstrating compliance with <u>all of the following criteria</u>:

The deviation will achieve the intended result with a comparable or superior design and quality of improvement.

"Generally speaking, a stabilized natural channel, or the man-made channel which most nearly conforms to the character of a stabilized natural channel, is the most efficient and the most desirable." DCM 10.1

Allowance of the deviation is superior to the level of stabilization available from other stabilization options because it does not involve the alteration of the current natural terrain and natural features of the site. The property owners will preserve the creek bed and vegetation as required through the OA or individually as provided in the CCR's to be recorded with the Final Plat and in accordance with the drainage maintenance agreement.

The existing established mature willow growth along with the existing sedges, reeds, rushes, brush, trees and native grasses currently prevent erosion of the creek to a sufficient degree as demonstrated with the photographs contained in the Appendix of this request. Other existing features of the site, consisting of the two ponds and boulder placements which were installed prior to the time of current ownership, act together with the vegetation to promote stability of the creek reach. This deviation allows continuance

The deviation will achieve the intended result with a comparable or superior design and quality of improvement.

of the existing terrain and vegetation, which provides comparable stabilizing effects as other more invasive methods, but without disturbance of the current natural environment. It is desirable that the natural features of the existing riparian creek, wetlands and wildlife habitat be preserved and protected. Therefore, the owners do not wish to see the creek destabilized or the existing terrain, plantings, and natural beauty of the creek harmed or destroyed by the mechanized interventions required to install unnecessary, functionally inferior and maintenance intensive hard drainage structures.

The deviation will not adversely affect safety or operations.

The existing vegetation already fulfills all stabilization requirements for the creek. The allowance of the deviation will not adversely affect safety or operations. The presence of the existing natural terrain and vegetation poses no additional safety risks to people or the environment. Safe and adequate access to the creek is provided within the proposed lot line easements as discussed, which allows performance of potential maintenance. These easements on the site allow physical access to the pond embankments and operation of the pond outlet works.

The deviation will not adversely affect maintenance and its associated cost.

All observation, preservation and management of the creek and riparian corridor within the Drainage Easement will be undertaken by the owners and the Owners Association in accordance with CCR's which are to be recorded at the time of Final Plat recording and in accordance with the drainage maintenance agreement. The deviation will not adversely affect maintenance or maintenance costs.

It is understood that "Grass lined channels" are dependent upon continuous growth of "grass." As noted above, the native willow and other dense vegetation in place is significantly superior to grass and is already very well established. It is naturally occurring and has been in place for many decades. During this time, it has survived various meteorologic cycles from drought to overly wet seasons. Additionally, with the present level of development in the upstream watershed, the amount of runoff in this section of Cottonwood Creek is not likely to be altered in the future. Considering all these factors, the existing vegetation is vigorously persistent and not in danger of failing. The owners agree to continue to observe the waterway and to take appropriate steps to preserve the vegetation if its survival is threatened. No maintenance is anticipated at this time and is to be provided in the drainage maintenance agreement with El Paso County.

The deviation will not adversely affect aesthetic appearance.

"Generally speaking, a stabilized natural channel, or the man-made channel which most nearly conforms to the character of a stabilized natural channel, is the most efficient and the most desirable." DCM 10.1

Preserving the natural aesthetic appearance of the site is exactly the intent of this deviation request. Granting this deviation will continue the beauty and tranquility inherent to the site with its functioning ecosystem. This includes the existing flora and fauna which remain intact and in place. Conversely, the introduction of constructed stabilization irreparably alter the natural features of the site and harm the site's biodynamic stability and aesthetic appearance. It would be a shame if the naturally stabilizing features of the site were to be removed for the sake of installing an artificial means of accomplishing the same level of stabilization that already exists.

The deviation meets the design intent and purpose of the ECM standards.

The supporting documentation provided in this deviation request and the MDDP/Preliminary Drainage Report shows that the existing vegetation has served and will serve as the required stabilization within the creek. The purpose of the ECM standard is met.

The deviation meets the control measure requirements of Part I.E.3 and Part I.E.4 of the County's MS4 permit, as applicable.

- -The proposed deviation request meets the control measure requirements specified by the County's MS4 Permit.
- The allowance of this deviation will avoid and prevent disturbance of the creek bed and banks and therefore prevent erosion and sedimentation within the creek.
- Stormwater quality treatment for the development site will be provided as required.
- Appropriate stormwater control measures will be implemented for any land disturbance as required in accordance with an approved Grading and Erosion Control Plan.

## **REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION:**

This req	ed by the ECM Administrator uest has been determined to have met the criteria for appro granted based on the justification provided.	oval. A deviation from Section 3.3.3 B and C	of the ECM is
Γ	APPROVED Engineering Department 04/16/2024 1:22:21 PM	1	
L	dotnijkamp EPC Department of Public Works	Л	
	by the ECM Administrator		
This required the second the seco	uest has been determined not to have met criteria for appro lenied.	oval. A deviation from Section	of the ECM is
Γ		٦	
L		T	
FCM AD	MINISTRATOR COMMENTS/CONDITIONS:		
This	approval is contingent on completion of the s	stormwater facility maintenance agre	eement.

#### 1.1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this resource is to provide a form for documenting the findings and decision by the ECM Administrator concerning a deviation request. The form is used to document the review and decision concerning a requested deviation. The request and decision concerning each deviation from a specific section of the ECM shall be recorded on a separate form.

#### 1.2. BACKGROUND

A deviation is a critical aspect of the review process and needs to be documented to ensure that the deviations granted are applied to a specific development application in conformance with the criteria for approval and that the action is documented as such requests can point to potential needed revisions to the ECM.

#### 1.3. APPLICABLE STATUTES AND REGULATIONS

Section 5.8 of the ECM establishes a mechanism whereby an engineering design standard can be modified when if strictly adhered to, would cause unnecessary hardship or unsafe design because of topographical or other conditions particular to the site, and that a departure may be made without destroying the intent of such provision.

#### 1.4. APPLICABILITY

All provisions of the ECM are subject to deviation by the ECM Administrator provided that one of the following conditions is met:

- The ECM standard is inapplicable to a particular situation.
- Topography, right-of-way, or other geographical conditions or impediments impose an undue hardship
  on the applicant, and an equivalent alternative that can accomplish the same design objective is
  available and does not compromise public safety or accessibility.
- A change to a standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem, and if not
  modified, the standard will impose an undue hardship on the applicant with little or no material benefit to
  the public.

#### 1.5. TECHNICAL GUIDANCE

The review shall ensure all criteria for approval are adequately considered and that justification for the deviation is properly documented.

# 1.6. LIMITS OF APPROVAL

Whether a request for deviation is approved as proposed or with conditions, the approval is for project-specific use and shall not constitute a precedent or general deviation from these Standards.

#### 1.7. REVIEW FEES

A Deviation Review Fee shall be paid in full at the time of submission of a request for deviation. The fee for Deviation Review shall be as determined by resolution of the BoCC.

#### **NORTH PORTION – (10195 KURIE ROAD)**

#### LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

THAT PORTION OF SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 12 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE  $6^{\mathrm{TH}}$  P.M., EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

COMMENCING AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF THE NORTHEAST ONE-QUARTER OF THE NORTHWEST ONE-QUARTER OF SAID SECTION 29, SAID POINT BEING ON THE SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY OF PARK FOREST ESTATES FILING NO 2 (PLAT BOOK B-2 AT PAGE 52); THENCE S 00° 13'40"E ON THE WEST LINE OF THE EAST HALF OF SAID SECTION 29, A DISTANCE OF 1413.98 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N 00° 13'40"W, 1413.98 FEET; THENCE N89°14'16"E, ON THE SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY OF SAID PARK FOREST ESTATES, A DISTANCE OF 375.32 FEET TO THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF LOT 14, BLOCK 18 OF SAID PARK FOREST ESTATES; THENCE N89°13'46"E ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY, A DISTANCE OF 60.00 FEET TO THE EAST LINE OF KURIE ROAD; THENCE N89°33'17"E ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY, A DISTANCE OF 237.50 FEET; THENCE N89°20'43"E ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY, A DISTANCE OF 149.96 FEET; THENCE S00°39'26"E, DEPARTING SAID SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY OF PARK FOREST ESTATES, A DISTANCE OF 231.57 FEET; THENCE S43°12'03"E, A DISTANCE OF 433.08 FEET; THENCE S43°12'03"E, A DISTANCE OF 56.61 FEET; THENCE N88°33'24"E, A DISTANCE OF 0.10 FEET TO THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF LOT 1 POCO SUBDIVISION ACCORDING TO THE TO THE OFFICIAL MAP THEREOF FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO, AS RECEPTION NO. 2406425: THENCE SOUTHERLY ALONG THE WESTERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 1 THE FOLLOWING SIX (6) COURSES:

S16°04'20"E, 158.01 FEET;

S02°43'41"W, 265.73 FEET:

N84°46'48"W, 71.67 FEET;

S00°11'34"W, 147.46 FEET;

N88°32'26"E, 150.00 FEET;

S01°27'34"E, 275.63 FEET:

THENCE S89°45'28"W DEPARTING SAID WESTERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 1, A DISTANCE OF 766.08 FEET; THENCE N00°14'32"W, 100.00 FEET; THENCE S89°45'28"W, 152.00 FEET; THENCE S00°14'32"E, 200.00 FEET; THENCE S89°45'28"W, 152.00 FEET; THENCE N00°14'32"W, 100.00 FEET; THENCE S89°45'28"W, 201.18 FEET TO A POINT ON SAID WEST LINE OF THE EAST HALF OF SAID SECTION 29, SAID POINT BEING THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

DESCRIPTION PREPARED BY: M & S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC. 102 EAST PIKES PEAK AVE. STE.306 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

## **SOUTH PORTION –(10115 KURIE ROAD)**

#### LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

THAT PORTION OF SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 12 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6<sup>TH</sup> P.M., EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO, MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

COMMENCING AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF THE NORTHEAST ONE-QUARTER OF THE NORTHWEST ONE-QUARTER OF SAID SECTION 29, SAID POINT BEING ON THE SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY OF PARK FOREST ESTATES FILING NO. 2 (PLAT BOOK B-2 AT PAGE 52), THENCE N89°14'16"E, ON THE SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY OF SAID PARK FOREST ESTATES, A DISTANCE OF 375.32 FEET TO THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF LOT 14, BLOCK 18 OF SAID PARK FOREST ESTATES; THENCE N89°13'46"E ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY, A DISTANCE OF 60.00 FEET TO THE EAST LINE OF KURIE ROAD; THENCE N89°33'17"E ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY, A DISTANCE OF 237.50 FEET; THENCE N89°20'43"E ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY BOUNDARY, A DISTANCE OF 149.96 FEET; THENCE S00°39'26"E, DEPARTING SAIDSOUTHERLY BOUNDARY OF PARK FOREST ESTATES, A DISTANCE OF 231.57 FEET; THENCE S43°12'03"E, A DISTANCE OF 433.08 FEET; THENCE S43°12'03"E, A DISTANCE OF 56.61 FEET; THENCE N88°33'24"E, A DISTANCE OF 0.10 FEET TO THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF LOT 1 POCO SUBDIVISION ACCORDING TO THE TO THE OFFICIAL MAP THEREOF FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO, AS RECEPTION NO. 2406425; THENCE SOUTHERLY ALONG THE WESTERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 1 THE FOLLOWING SIX (6) COURSES:

S16°04'20"E, 158.01 FEET;

S02°43'41"W, 265.73 FEET:

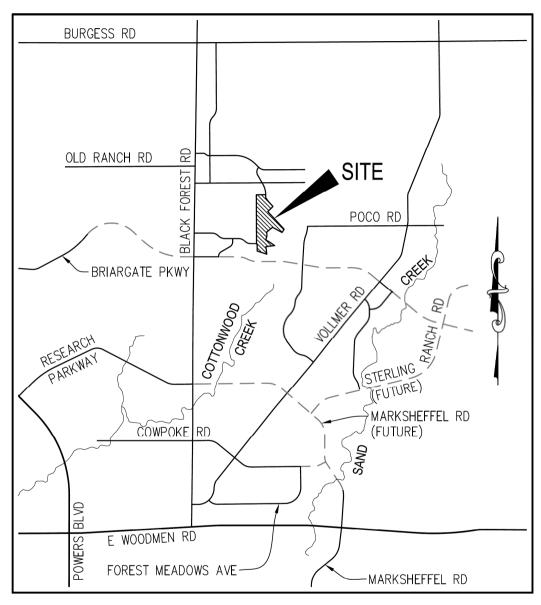
N84°46'48"W, 71.67 FEET:

S00°11'34"W, 147.46 FEET;

N88°32'26"E, 150.00 FEET:

S01°27'34"E, A DISTANCE OF 275.63 FEET TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE S01°27'34"E, A DISTANCE OF 178.87 FEET; THENCE S34°54'56"W, A DISTANCE OF 563.22 FEET; THENCE S00°00'00"E, A DISTANCE OF 344.55 FEET; THENCE N90°00'00"E, A DISTANCE OF 87.56 FEET; THENCE S00°00'00"E, A DISTANCE OF 459.65 FEET; THENCE S89°59'26"W, A DISTANCE OF 1035.05 FEET TO A POINT ON THE WEST LINE OF THE EAST HALF OF SAID SECTION 29; THENCE N00°13'40"W, ALONG SAID WEST LINE, A DISTANCE OF 1439.98 FEET TO A POINT WHICH IS DRAWN S 89° 45'28" W FROM THE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE N 89°45'28"E, A DISTANCE OF 201.18 FEET; THENCE S00°14'32"E, 100.00 FEET; THENCE N 89°45'28"E, 152.00 FEET; THENCE N 80°45'28"E, 152.00 FEET; THENCE N 89°45'28"E, 766.08 FEET, MORE OR LESS TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

DESCRIPTION PREPARED BY: M & S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC. 102 EAST PIKES PEAK AVE. STE 306 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903



VICINITY MAP

N.T.S.

Table 2. Permissible Shear and Velocity for Selected Lining Materials<sup>1</sup>

		Permissible	Permissible	Citation(s)
Boundary Category	Boundary Type	Shear Stress	Velocity	Oltation(3)
Doundary Category	Boardary Type	(lb/sq ft)	(ft/sec)	
<u>Soils</u>	Fine colloidal sand	0.02 - 0.03	1.5	Α
<u> </u>	Sandy loam (noncolloidal)	0.03 - 0.04	1.75	A
	Alluvial silt (noncolloidal)	0.045 - 0.05	2	A
	Silty loam (noncolloidal)	0.045 - 0.05	1.75 – 2.25	A
	Firm loam	0.075	2.5	A
	Fine gravels	0.075	2.5	A
	Stiff clay	0.26	3 – 4.5	A, F
	Alluvial silt (colloidal)	0.26	3.75	A
	Graded loam to cobbles	0.38	3.75	A
	Graded silts to cobbles	0.43	4	A
	Shales and hardpan	0.67	6	A
Gravel/Cobble	1-in.	0.33	2.5 – 5	A
<u> </u>	2-in.	0.67	3-6	A
	6-in.	2.0	4 – 7.5	A
	12-in.	4.0	5.5 – 12	A
<u>Vegetation</u>	Class A turf	3.7	6 – 8	E, N
<u>vegetation</u>	Class B turf	2.1	4 - 7	E, N
	Class C turf	1.0	3.5	E, N
	Long native grasses	1.2 – 1.7	4 – 6	G, H, L, N
	Short native and bunch grass	0.7 - 0.95	3 – 4	G, H, L, N
	Reed plantings	0.1-0.6	N/A	E, N
	Hardwood tree plantings	0.41-2.5	N/A	E, N
Temporary Degradable RECPs	Jute net	0.45	1 – 2.5	E, H, M
Temporary Degradable NEOF 6	Straw with net	1.5 – 1.65	1 – 3	E, H, M
	Coconut fiber with net	2.25	3 – 4	E, M
	Fiberglass roving	2.00	2.5 – 7	E, H, M
Non-Degradable RECPs	Unvegetated	3.00	5 – 7	E, G, M
Non Bogradable NEOF 6	Partially established	4.0-6.0	7.5 – 15	E, G, M
	Fully vegetated	8.00	8 – 21	F, L, M
<u>Riprap</u>	6 – in. d <sub>50</sub>	2.5	5 – 10	H
Ιυριαρ	9 – in. d <sub>50</sub>	3.8	7 – 11	H
	12 – in. d <sub>50</sub>	5.1	10 – 13	H
	18 – in. d <sub>50</sub>	7.6	12 – 16	Н
	24 – in. d <sub>50</sub>	10.1	14 – 18	Ë
Soil Bioengineering	Wattles	0.2 – 1.0	3	C, I, J, N
<u> </u>	Reed fascine	0.6-1.25	5	E E
	Coir roll	3 - 5	8	E, M, N
	Vegetated coir mat	4 - 8	9.5	E, M, N
	Live brush mattress (initial)	0.4 – 4.1	4	B, E, I
	Live brush mattress (grown)	3.90-8.2	12	B, C, E, I, N
	Brush layering (initial/grown)	0.4 – 6.25	12	E, I, N
	Live fascine	1.25-3.10	6-8	C, E, I, J
	Live willow stakes	2.10-3.10	3 – 10	E, N, O
Hard Surfacing	Gabions	10	14 – 19	D D
riara Gariaoing	Concrete	12.5	>18	Н
1	reflect multiple sources of d			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ranges of values generally reflect multiple sources of data or different testing conditions.

**B**. Florineth. (1982)

**D**. Goff, K. (1999).

**A**. Chang, H.H. (1988). **F**. Julien, P.Y. (1995).

**G**. Kouwen, N.; Li, R. M.; and Simons, D.B., (1980). **L**. Temple, D.M. (1980).

C. Gerstgraser, C. (1998). H. Norman, J. N. (1975).

I. Schiechtl, H. M. and R. Stern. (1996).

E. Gray, D.H., and Sotir, R.B. (1996). J. Schoklitsch, A. (1937).

**K**. Sprague, C.J. (1999).

**M**. TXDOT (1999)

N. Data from Author (2001)

O. USACE (1997).

Fischenich, C. (2001). "Stability Thresholds for Stream Restoration Materials," EMRRP Technical Notes Collection (ERDC TN-EMRRP-SR-29), U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Vicksburg, MS.

www.wes.army.mil/el/emrrp

# **REFERENCES**

Chang, H.H. (1988). Fluvial Processes in River Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, New York and other cities, citing Fortier, S., and Scobey, F.C. (1926). "Permissible canal velocities," Transactions of the ASCE, 89:940-984.

Fischenich and Allen (2000). "Stream management," Water Operations Technical Support Program Special Report ERDC/EL SR-W-00-1, Vicksburg, MS.

Florineth, F., (1982). Begrünungen von Erosionszonen im Bereich über der Waldgrenze. Zeitschrift für Vegetationstechnik 5, S. 20-24 (In German).

Gerstgraser, C. (1998). "Bioengineering methods of bank stabilization," GARTEN & LANDSCHAFT, Vol. 9, September 1998, 35-37.

Goff, K. (1999). "Designer linings," *Erosion Control*, Vol. 6, No. 5.

Gray, D.H., and Sotir, R.B. (1996). Biotechnical and soil bioengineering: a practical guide for erosion control. John Wiley and Sons, New York.

Julien, P.Y. (1995). *Erosion and sedimentation*. Cambridge University Press, New York.

Kouwen, N.; Li, R.-M.; and Simons, D.B. (1980). "A stability criteria for vegetated Waterways." *Proceedings, International Symposium on Urban Storm Runoff.* University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY, 28-31 July 1980, 203-210.

Norman, J. N. (1975). "Design of stable channels with flexible linings," Hydraulic Engineering Circular 15, U.S. Dept. of Transportation, Federal Highway Adm., Washington, DC.

Schiechtl, H. M., and Stern, R. (1996). Water Bioengineering Techniques for Watercourse Bank and Shoreline Protection. Blackwell Science, Inc. 224 pp.

Schoklitsch, A. (1937). *Hydraulic structures; a text and handbook*. Translated by Samuel Shulits. The American Society of Mechanical Engineers, New York.

Shields, A. (1936). "Anwendung der ahnlichkeits-mechanik und der turblenzforschung auf die geschiebebewegung," *Mitt. Preuss. Versuchsanst. Wasser. Schiffsbau*, 26, 1-26 (in German).

Sprague, C.J. (1999). "Green engineering: Design principles and applications using rolled erosion control products," *CE News Online*, downloaded from

http://www.cenews.com/edecp0399.html.

Temple, D.M. (1980). "Tractive force design of vegetated channels, *Transactions of the ASAE*, 23:884-890.

TXDOT (1999). "Field Performance Testing of Selected Erosion Control Products," TXDOT / TTI Hydraulics and Erosion Control Laboratory, Bryan, TX.

USACE TR EL 97-8

# **Eagle Rising Hydraulic Analsyis Results**

#### Velocity, Froude Number & Shear Stress at Selected Channel Sections

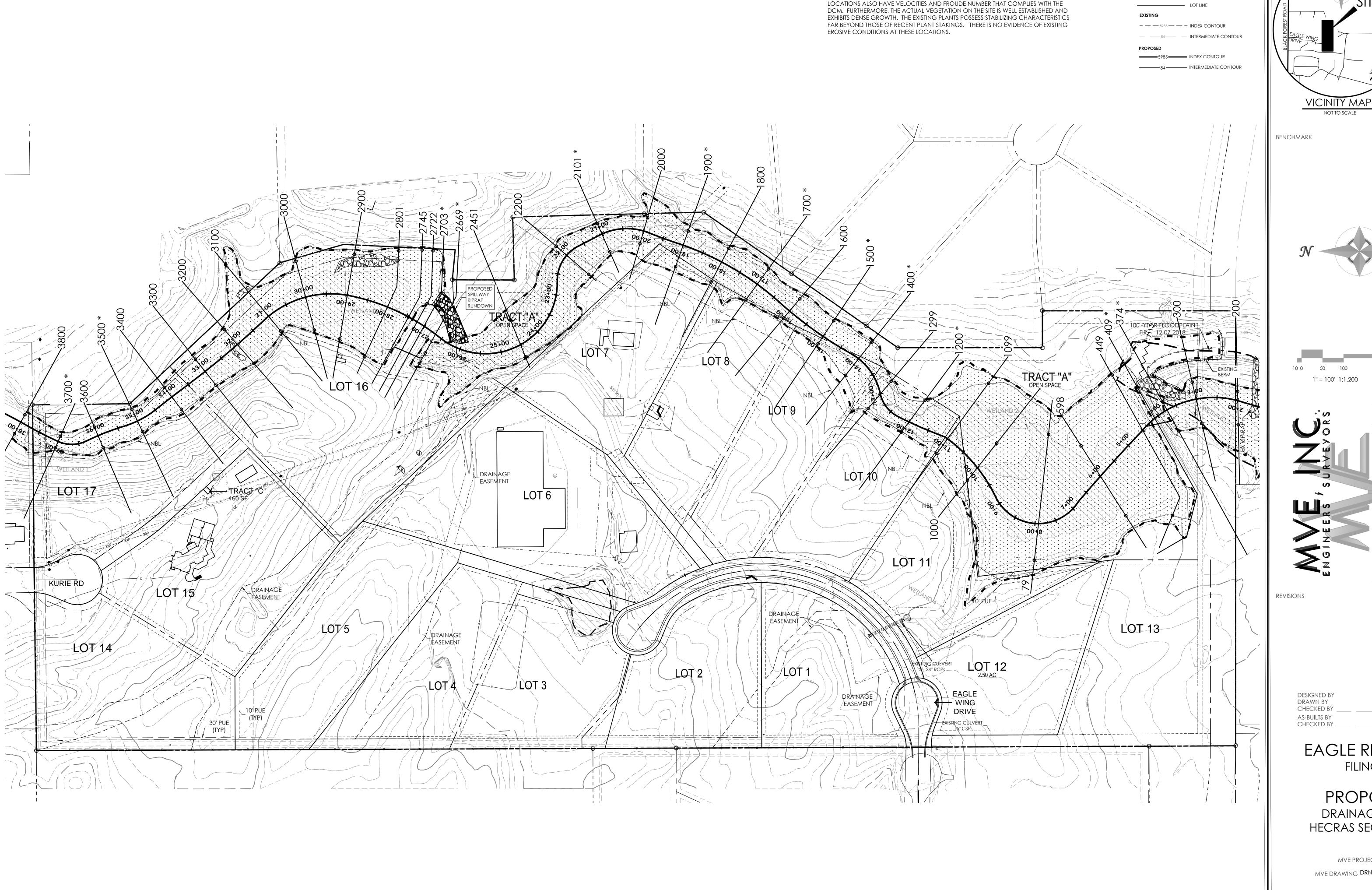
Hydraulic Data from HEC-RAS Analysis, M.V.E., Inc.

Shear Stress  $au=\gamma$ RS Froude No.  $au_{FT}=rac{V}{\sqrt{gD}}$ 

 $\gamma$  = Weight Density of Water (lb/cf) = 62.4 V = Channel Velocity (ft/sec)

R = Hydraulic Radius = Area/Wetted Perimeter (ft) D = Hydr Depth = Flow Area / Top Width
S = Energy Grade Slope (ft/ft) g = Accereration of gravity = 32.2 ft/sec^2

		S	Max	D	Р	R	Α	W	٧	Fr	$\tau$		
Channel	Q100	Energy	Channel	Hydraulic	Wetted	Hydraulic	Flow	Тор	Channel	Froude	Shear	Notes:	
Section		Slope	Depth	(Ave) Depth	Perimeter	Radius R	Area	Width	Velocity	No.	Stress		
	(cfs)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(sf)	(ft)	(ft/sec)		(lbs/sf)		
3800	410	0.013	3.3		72	2.5	180	71	2.3	0.25	1.98	dense vegetation existing	
3700	410	0.026	3.5	2.5	49	2.4	119	48	3.3	0.37	3.98	dense vegetation existing	
3600	410	0.007	4.1	3.1	73	3.1	222	72	1.9	0.19	1.26	dense vegetation existing	
3500	470	0.079	3.0		71	2.1	152	70	3.1	0.38	10.52	dense vegetation existing	Shear Greater than 3.10 - See Report
3400	470	0.010	3.3	2.5	88	2.5	223	88	2.1	0.23	1.58	dense vegetation existing	
3300	470	0.011	2.5	1.9	95	1.9	184	94	2.6	0.32	1.34	dense vegetation existing	
3200	470	0.008	2.1	1.5	115	1.5	175	115	2.7	0.39	0.79	boulder check existing	
3100	470	0.001	3.5	2.2	210	2.2	464	210	1.0	0.12	0.10	native grasses and pond existing	
3000	560	0.001	3.7	2.9	188	2.9	536	187	1.1	0.11	0.10	native grasses and pond existing	
2900	560	0.000	5.4	3.7	223	3.6	814	223	0.7	0.06	0.04	native grasses and pond existing	
2801	560	0.000	6.9	5.0	278	4.9	1372	277	0.4	0.03	0.01	native grasses and pond existing	
2745	700	0.005	2.1	1.2	303	1.2	354	303	2.2	0.36	0.37	native grasses and pond existing	
2722	700	0.018	1.7	1.4	139	1.4	190	139	3.7	0.56	1.56	native grasses and pond existing	
2703	700	0.057	1.8	1.0	122	1.0	123	122	6.1	1.06	3.62	spillway riprap proposed	Shear Greater than 3.10 - Riprap Spillway
2669	700	0.036	3.0	1.6	65	1.6	106	64	7.9	1.09	3.66	spillway riprap proposed	Shear Greater than 3.10 - Riprap Spillway
2451	700	0.015	3.7	2.4	125	2.4	295	124	2.4	0.27	2.25	dense vegetation existing	
2200	700	0.013	3.2	2.7	115	2.7	311	114	2.3	0.24	2.23	dense vegetation existing	
2101	750	0.024	3.4	2.9	84	2.8	238	83	3.2	0.33	4.22	dense vegetation existing	Shear Greater than 3.10 - See Report
2000	750	0.011	3.9	2.2	144	2.2	318	144	2.2	0.27	1.48	dense vegetation existing	
1900	820	0.020	3.4	2.5	117	2.5	291	116	2.8	0.31	3.19	dense vegetation existing	Shear Greater than 3.10 - See Report
1800	820	0.012	3.9	3.2	107	3.2	340	106	2.4	0.24	2.33	dense vegetation existing	
1700	820	0.018	3.4	3.0	100	3.0	298	99	2.8	0.28	3.26	dense vegetation existing	Shear Greater than 3.10 - See Report
1600	820	0.010	5.1	3.7	85	3.6	309	84	2.7	0.25	2.33	dense vegetation existing	
1500	820	0.026	4.6	3.1	80	3.1	244	79	3.4	0.34	5.01	dense vegetation existing	Shear Greater than 3.10 - See Report
1400	820	0.035	4.6	2.5	129	2.4	315	128	2.6	0.30	5.34	dense vegetation existing	
1299	820	0.005	4.4	3.5	105	3.5	369	104	2.2	0.21	1.19	dense vegetation existing	
1200	820	0.036	3.1	1.6	113	1.6	183	113	4.5	0.62	3.64	dense vegetation existing	Shear Greater than 3.10 - See Report
1099	820	0.005	1.9	1.5	243	1.5	375	243	2.3	0.32	0.51	native grass existing	
1000	820	0.000	4.9	3.3	293	3.3	963	293	1.0	0.10	0.06	native grasses and pond existing	
791	820	0.000	6.9	5.3	393	5.3	2092	392	0.4	0.03	0.01	native grasses and pond existing	
598	820	0.000	9.0	6.4	321	6.4	2045	320	0.5	0.03	0.01	native grasses and pond existing	
449	820	0.000	4.9	4.0	409	4.0	1626	409	0.5	0.05	0.02	native grasses and pond existing	
409	820	0.059	2.9	1.8	62	1.7	108	62	7.6	1.01	6.42	spillway riprap	Shear Greater than 3.10 - Riprap Spillway
374	820	0.062	1.8	1.5	77	1.5	116	77	7.0	1.01	5.82	spillway riprap	Shear Greater than 3.10 - Riprap Spillway
300	820	0.003	3.7	2.7	121	2.7	326	121	2.6	0.28	0.55	dense vegetation existing	,
200	820	0.008	3.3		157	2.5	391	156	1.8	0.20	1.19	dense vegetation existing	
100	820	0.050	1.6		184	1.5	282	183	2.9	0.42	4.77	dense vegetation existing	Shear Greater than 3.10 - See Report



\* NOTE:

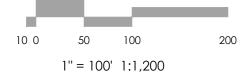
SHEAR STRESSES AT HEC-RAS MODEL SECTION 3700, 3500, 2703, 2669, 2101, 1900, 1700,

1500, 1400, 1200, 409 AND 374 EXCEED 3.10 LBS. PER SF. HOWEVER, ALL THESE

<u>LEGEND</u>

---- EASEMENT LINE







EAGLE RISING

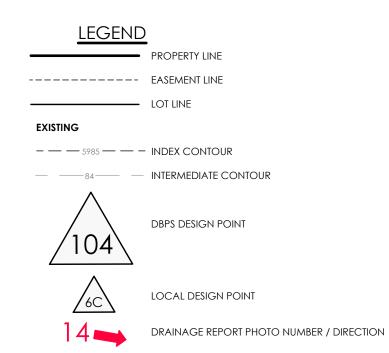
FILING NO.1

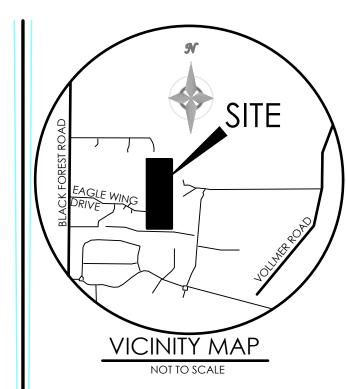
PROPOSED DRAINAGE MAP HECRAS SECTIONS

MVE PROJECT 61145 MVE DRAWING DRN-MAP-HECRAS

MARCH 7, 2024 SHEET 1 OF 1

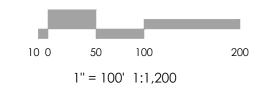
# **HEC-RAS Cross Section Location and** Photo Key Map





BENCHMARK







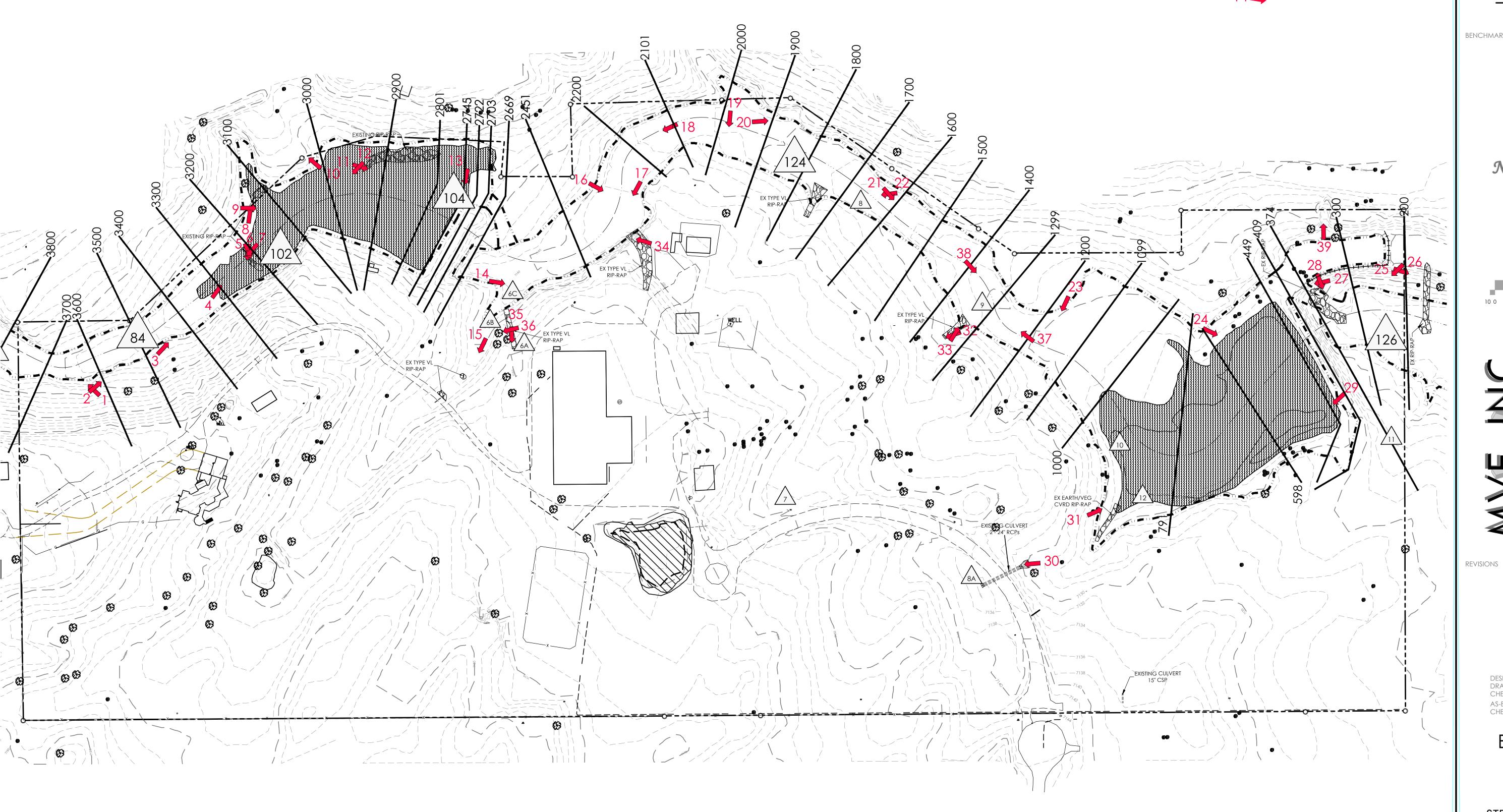
DESIGNED BY DRAWN BY CHECKED BY AS-BUILTS BY CHECKED BY

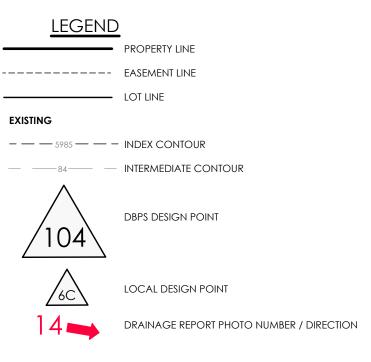
> EAGLE RISING FILING NO.1

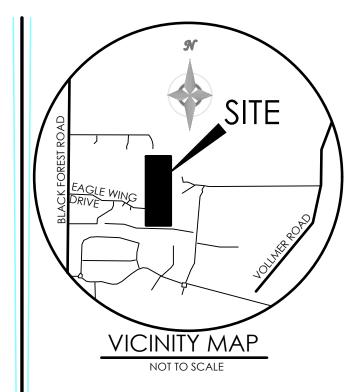
STREAM VEGETATION PHOTO LOCATIONS

> MVE PROJECT 61145 MVE DRAWING DRN-MAP-HECRAS

> > MARCH 7, 2024 SHEET 1 OF 1

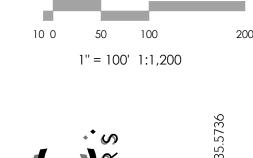






BENCHMARK







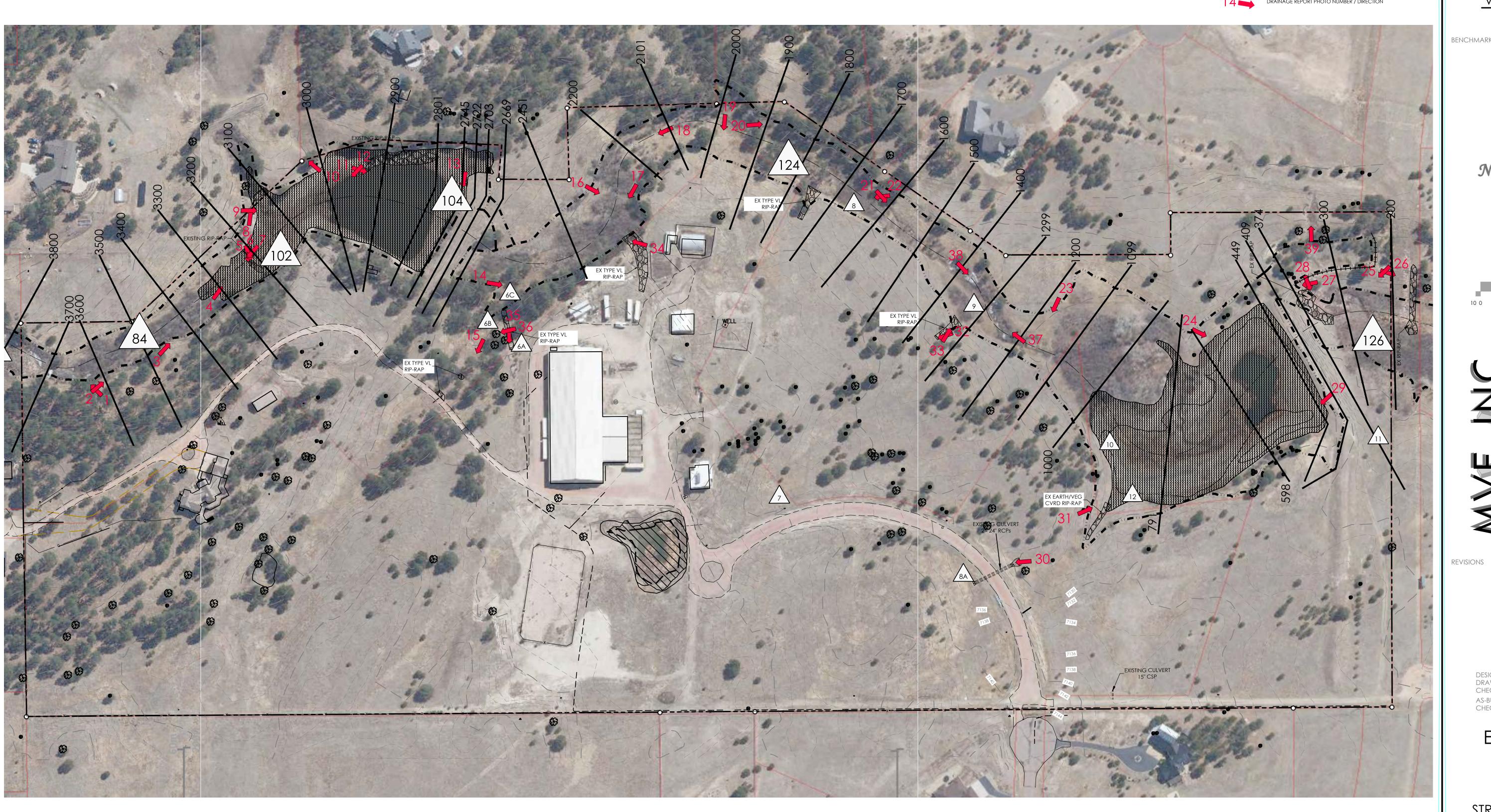
DESIGNED BY DRAWN BY CHECKED BY \_ AS-BUILTS BY CHECKED BY \_

EAGLE RISING FILING NO.1

STREAM VEGETATION PHOTO LOCATIONS

> MVE PROJECT 61145 MVE DRAWING DRN-MAP-HECRAS

MARCH 7, 2024 SHEET 1 OF 1





Looking downstream, from 250 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 82.

September 27, 2022



2

Looking upstream, from 250 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 82.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking downstream, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 84.

September 27, 2022



4

Looking downstream, from 200 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 84.

September 27, 2022 see additional March 1, 2024 photos

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking downstream, from 200 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 84.

March 1, 2024



4

Looking downstream, from 200 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 84.

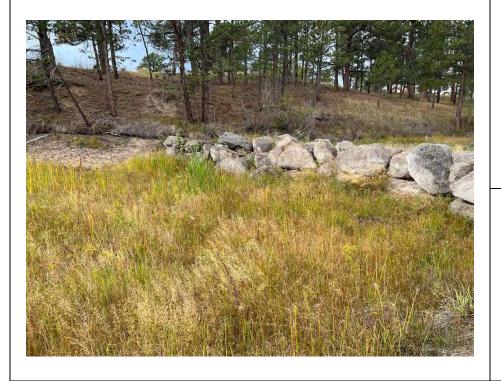
March 1, 2024

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking upstream, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 102.

September 27, 2022



6

Looking upstream, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 102.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking upstream, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 102.

September 27, 2022



8

Looking upstream tributary stream, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 102.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking downstream, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 102.

September 27, 2022



10

Looking northeast, from 100 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 102.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking downstream, from 200 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 102. Emergency spillway on left corner of pond.

September 27, 2022



12

Looking upstream, from 200 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 102.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Buried and partially buried riprap at emergency overflow, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 104.

September 27, 2022



14

Looking at heavy vegetation downstream, from Design Point 6C.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking at riprap upstream tributary flow, from Design Point 6B.

September 27, 2022



16

Looking southwest across stream, from 450 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 104.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking up stream, from 450 feet downstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 104.

September 27, 2022



18

Looking upstream, from 300 feet upstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 124.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking west across channel, from 100 feet upstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 124.

September 27, 2022



20

Looking downstream at the upper banks, from 100 feet upstream of Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 124.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report - Job No. 61145



Looking upstream, from Design Point 8.

September 27, 2022



22

Looking downstream, from Design Point 8.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



On the east side of the creek looking west, from 200 feet downstream of Design Point 9.

September 27, 2022



24

Looking southwest towards pond embankment, from 400 feet downstream of Design Point 10.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking downstream towards offsite pond and riprap, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 126.

September 27, 2022

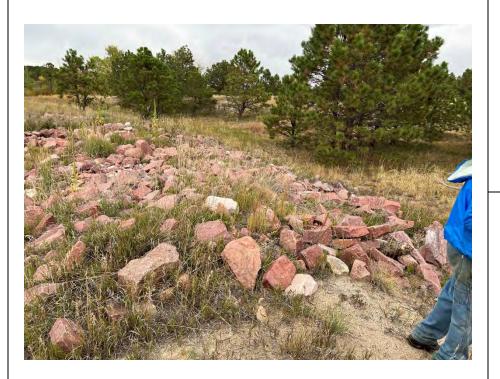
Location is off-site, south of property



26

Looking upstream, from Cottonwood Creek DBPS Design Point 126.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking upstream towards riprap of emergency spillway, from east bank 550 feet downstream of Design Point 10.

September 27, 2022 see additional March 1, 2024 photos



28

Riprap of emergency spillway, from east bank 550 feet downstream of Design Point 10.

September 27, 2022 see additional March 1, 2024 photo

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Pond 2 Emergency Spillway Looking downstream (southwest)

March 1, 2024



Pond 2 Emergency Spillway Looking upstream (northeast)

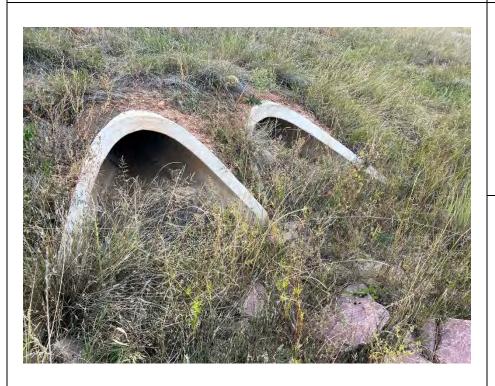
March 1, 2024

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking upstream, from the west bank 500 feet downstream of Design Point 10.

September 27, 2022



30

Looking north at culverts, on the east side of the road from 100 feet south of Design Point 8A.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Riprap lining downstream from DP8A, from 100 feet north of Design Point 12.

September 27, 2022



32

Looking northwest up tributary stream, from 100 feet northwest of Design Point 9.

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



Looking east, on west bank of creek, from 100 feet northwest of Design Point 9.

September 27, 2022



34

Riprap lined swale from barn area to creek, 450 feet downstream of DBPS Design Point 104.

September 27, 2022 Riprap added See additional March 1, 2024 photo

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



35

Looking west, existing riprap lined swale in need of additional riprap from Design Point 6A.

September 27, 2022

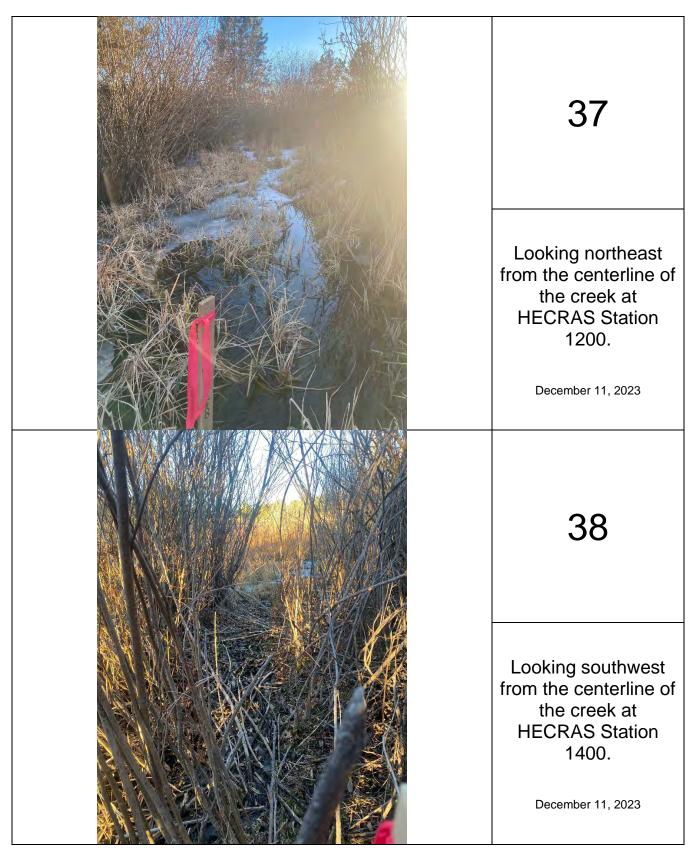


36

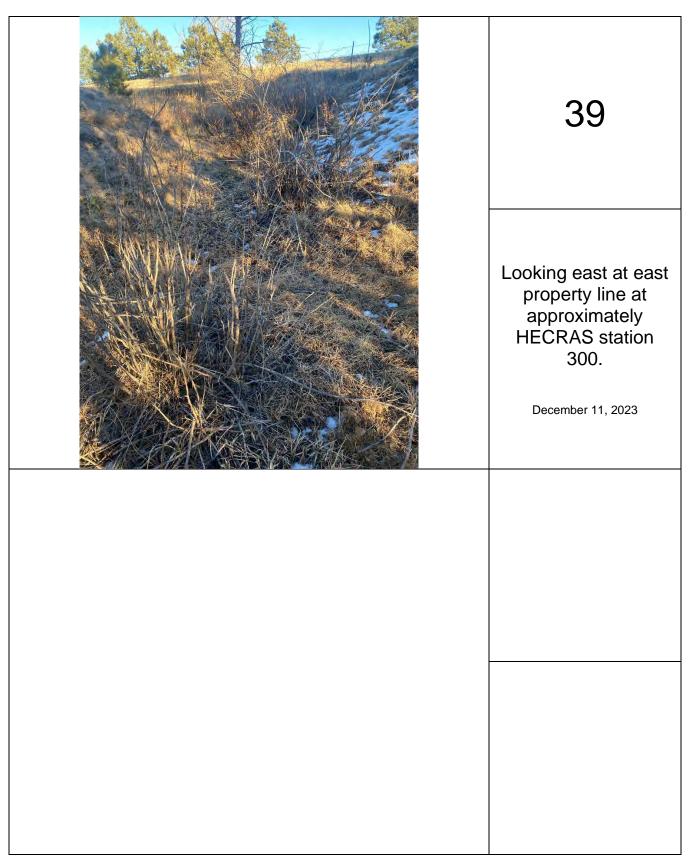
Looking at riprap on tributary flow upstream of DP6B, from Design Point 6A.

September 27, 2022

Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145

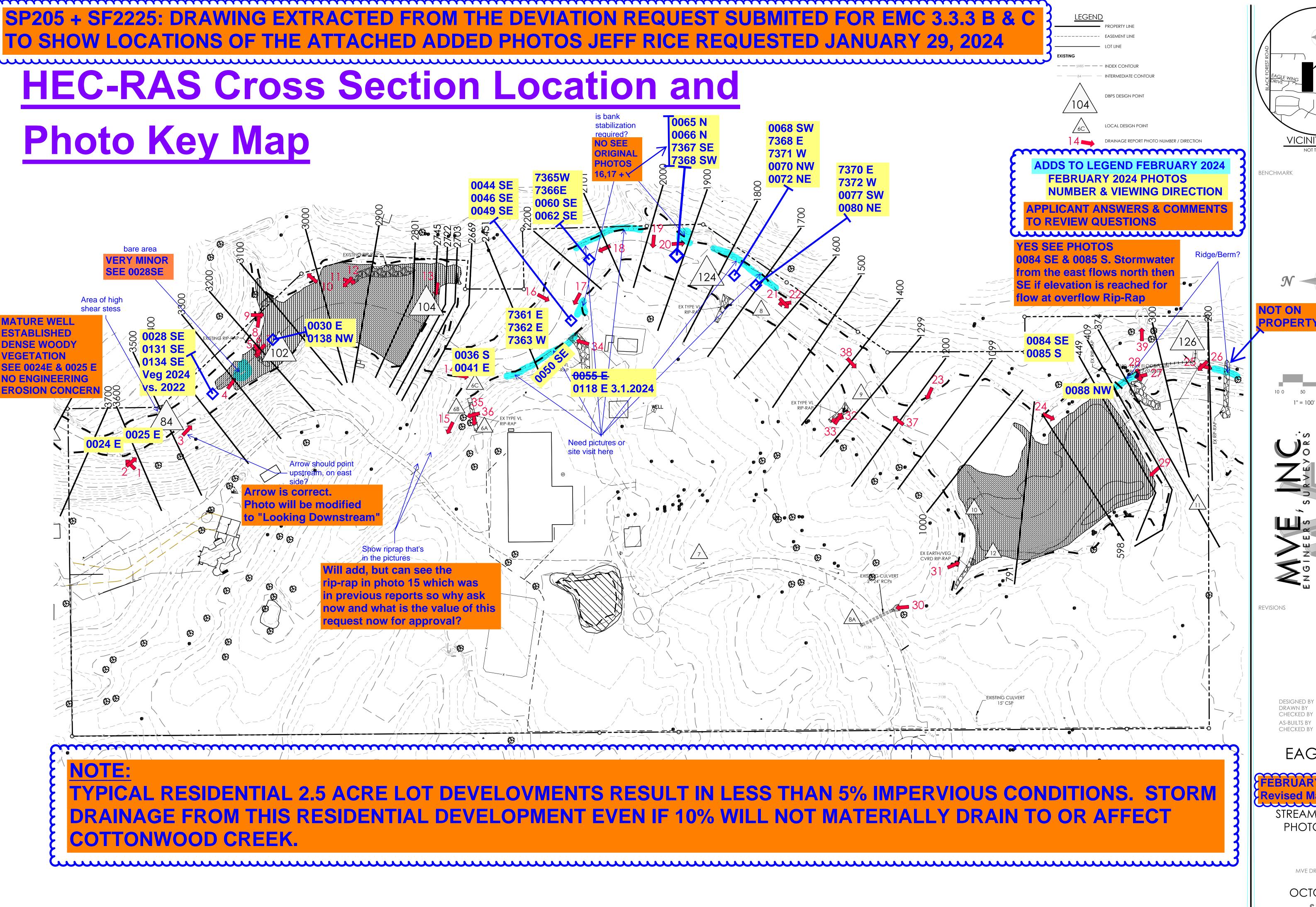


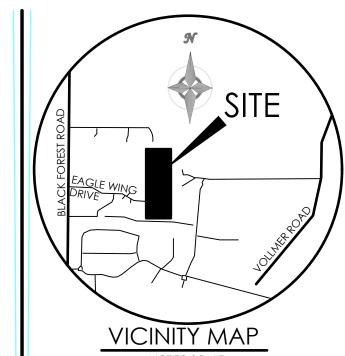
Eagle Rising Preliminary Drainage Report – Job No. 61145



## **Supplimental Photos and Key Map**

February 2024









EAGLE RISING

STREAM VEGETATION PHOTO LOCATIONS

MVE DRAWING DRN-MAP-HECRAS

OCTOBER 31, 2023 SHEET 1 OF 1



February, 28 2024

Revised March 5, 2024 Pages 2 + 6

# Eagle Rising SP205 & SF2225 Added photos requested by Jeff Rice in the EDARP 1.29.2024 Review Comments To the Deviation Request submitted for EMC 3.3.3 B & C





0024 E 0025 E



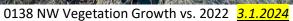


0028 SE Veg Growth vs. 2022

0030 E Boulder dam in place & stable for 40+ years

Commercial Real Estate, Development and Construction Management







0134 SE Vegetation Growth vs. 2022 3.1.2024



0131 SE Vegetation Growth vs. 2022 3.1.2024







7363W



0044 SE



0046 SE







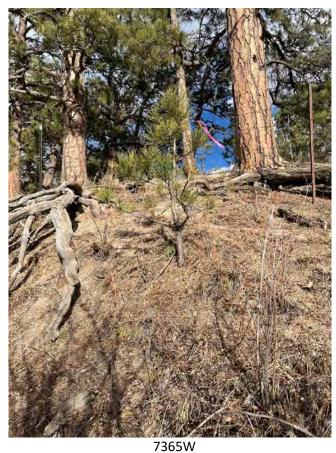








Timura – SP205 + SF2225 J Rice Requested Added Creek Photos v4.0







.



0060 SE



0062 SE





0065 N 0066 N









0068 SW

Timura – SP205 + SF2225 J Rice Requested Added Creek Photos v4.0







7368 E 7371 W



. .

Timura – SP205 + SF2225 J Rice Requested Added Creek Photos v4.0









7370 E

Timura – SP205 + SF2225 J Rice Requested Added Creek Photos v4.0





7372 W



0077 SW





0080 NE



0084 SE



0085 S



0088 NW





be impacted by development of the project area and to identify any significant changes in natural resources since the assessment conducted in 2012.

The project area has been continually influenced by human activities for more than 100 years. Timber was a major industry in the Black Forest in the late 1800's with numerous lumber mills scattered through the area. Grazing and agriculture dominated the land use in the early 1900's, eventually giving way to summer homes, and full-time residences (El Paso County Land Use Department 1987).

### **Methods**

During the 2022 site visits, ERO conducted an updated natural resources assessment of the project area. In addition to the information gathered during the 2022 site visits, natural resource information was obtained from existing databases and sources such as aerial photography, the Colorado Natural Diversity Information Source (NDIS), U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) National Wetlands Inventory database, U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) National Hydrography Dataset (NHD), and other sources ("Google, Inc." 2022; Natural Diversity Information Source 2021; U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, n.d.; U.S. Geological Survey 2022). Based on the information gathered from existing sources and the initial site visit, ERO verified existing vegetation communities and identified important wildlife attributes of the project area.

## **Project Area Description**

The National Land Cover Database maps five land cover types in the project area (U.S. Geological Survey 2016). Grassland/Herbaceous is the most dominant and occurs throughout the majority of the western portion of the project area. The other land cover types in the project area include evergreen forest, scrub/shrub, open water, and barren land.

The project area is on the southern edge of the Black Forest, northeast of Colorado Springs (Figure 1). Vegetation in the project area consists of upland grasslands, patches of ponderosa pine (*Pinus ponderosa*) and upland shrubs, and wetland/riparian vegetation along drainages. Three tributaries to Cottonwood Creek converge at the eastern project area boundary. In the project area, Cottonwood Creek generally flows from north to south and primarily consists of wetlands throughout the channel (Figure 2; Photos 5a through 7a, 5b, 6b). Two ponds (Ponds 1 and 2) occur along Cottonwood Creek in the project area that are contained behind earthen dams (Photos 1a through 4a). As a result of water rights negotiations and drought, the wetlands along Cottonwood Creek and the two ponds were drier in 2022 than what was observed in 2012 (Photos 1b through 4b). A third pond (Pond 3), that was excavated in uplands occurs in the west, central portion of the project area (Figure 2; Photos 6a and 6b)). Wetlands occur in the channel and on benches and terraces along Cottonwood Creek and as small fringes along the ponds. A depressional area and swale consisting of wetland vegetation (Wetland 4) occurs downstream of a culvert in the project area northwest of Pond 2 (Figure 2). Wetlands in the project area are dominated by Nebraska sedge (*Carex nebrascensis*), Baltic rush (*Juncus balticus*), redtop (*Agrostis gigantea*), broadleaf cattail (*Typha angustifolia*), sandbar willow (*Salix exigua*), strapleaf willow

(Salix ligulifolia), park willow (Salix monticola), and shining willow (Salix lucida subsp. caudata). The riparian overstory along Cottonwood Creek is dominated by peachleaf willow (Salix amygdaloides) and plains cottonwood (Populus deltoides subsp. monilifera) trees. Upland shrubs in the riparian corridor include snowberry (Symphoricarpos occidentalis), Woods' rose (Rosa woodsii), golden currant (Ribes aureum), and chokecherry (Padus virginiana) (Photo 10). The soils in the project area primarily consist of Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes (Natural Resources Conservation Service 2022).

The project area is one of the last remaining nonresidential tracts of land along Cottonwood Creek. Rural residential development (2- to 5-acre lots) surrounds the entire project area. Two existing homes are located in the northwest corner of the project area and a large barn, corral, and disturbed area occurs in the north-central portion of the project area (Photo 8a). The uplands in the project area are a mixture of native grassland and disturbed areas (Photos 9a and 9b). The project area has historically been used for cattle grazing, and some limited grazing continues in the southeast corner of the project area. The native upland areas are dominated by blue grama (Bouteloua gracilis), sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus), threeawn (Aristida sp.), soapweed yucca (Yucca glauca), Canada wildrye (Elymus canadensis), intermediate wheatgrass (Thinopyrum intermedium), sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula), muhly (Muhlenbergia sp.), and ponderosa pine (Photos 9a and 9b). The disturbed uplands are dominated by smooth brome (Bromus inermis), diffuse knapweed (Centaurea diffusa), Canada thistle (Cirsium arvensis), musk thistle (Carduus nutans), common mullein (Verbascum thapsus), common teasel (Dipsacus fullonum), and kochia (Bassia scopara).

#### **Conclusions**

On behalf of the project proponent, ERO is requesting an approved JD for the old stock pond and upland vegetated swale in the northeastern portion of the project area, Pond 3 and associated Wetland 5, and Wetland 4. Based on the information in this report, if the Corps determines that the wetlands and waters are not jurisdictional, ERO would appreciate a written determination of this request confirming that no further consultation under Section 404 is required.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at 303-830-1188 or by email at cmarne@eroresources.com. I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

Courtney Marne Biologist/Associate

David Jones - Land Resource Associates cc: Stephen Jacobs - MyPad, Inc.

Attachments: Figures 1 and 2; Photo Log; Routine Wetland Determination Forms; JD Form

### References

- Environmental Laboratory. 1987. "Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual." Wetlands Research Program Technical Report Y-87-1. Vicksburg, Mississippi: U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station. https://www.lrh.usace.army.mil/Portals/38/docs/USACE%2087%20Wetland%20Delineation%20 Manual.pdf.
- ERO Resources Corporation. 2012. "Wetland Delineation Report, Eagles Rising Subdivision, El Paso County, Colorado."
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2010. "Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (Version 2.0)." Vicksburg, Mississippi. https://usace.contentdm.oclc.org/utils/getfile/collection/p266001coll1/id/7646.
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. 2020. "National Wetland Plant List."
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2022a. "PLANTS Database." PLANTS Database. 2022. https://plants.sc.egov.usda.gov/home.
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2022b. "Web Soil Survey." 2022. https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/HomePage.htm.
- U.S. Geological Survey. 2016. "National Land Cover Database." 2016. https://www.usgs.gov/node/279743.

- U.S. Geological Survey. 2022. "National Hydrography Dataset." U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Geological Survey. https://apps.nationalmap.gov/viewer/.
- Weber, William A., Ronald C. Wittmann, and Linna Weber Müller-Wille. 2012. Colorado Flora: Eastern Slope, Fourth Edition. A Field Guide to the Vascular Plants. University Press of Colorado.



**Photo 1a** - Cottonwood Creek at the southern boundary of the project area. View is to the south.



**Photo 1b** - Cottonwood Creek at the southern boundary of the project area. View is to the south.



**Photo 2a** - Wetlands along Cottonwood Creek in the project area. View is to the south.



**Photo 2b** - Wetlands along Cottonwood Creek in the project area. View is to the south.



**Photo 3a** - Pond 1 in the project area. View is to the east.



**Photo 3b** - Immediately upstream of Pond 1 in the project area. View is to the east.



**Photo 4a** - Pond 2 in the project area. View is to the northwest.



**Photo 4b** - Pond 2 in the project area. View is to the northwest.



**Photo 5a** - Vegetated swale upstream of Cottonwood Creek in the project area. View is to the northwest.



**Photo 5b** - Vegetated swale upstream of Cottonwood Creek in the project area. View is to the northwest.



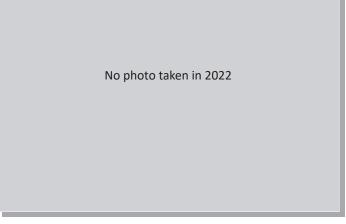
**Photo 6a** - Pond 3 in the project area. View is to the northwest.



**Photo 6b** - Pond 3 and associate Wetland 5 in the project area. View is to the northwest.



**Photo 7a** - Wetland 9 in the project area. View is to the southeast.



**Photo 7b** - Wetland 9 in the project area. View is to the southeast.



**Photo 8a-** Disturbed uplands and barn in the project area. View is to the northeast.



**Photo 8b** - Disturbed uplands and barn in the project area. View is to the northeast.



**Photo 9a** - Native uplands in the project area. View is to the northeast.



**Photo 9b** - Native uplands in the project area. View is to the northeast.

#### EAGLE RISING SUBDIVISION PHOTO LOG MARCH 19, 2012 AND APRIL 27, 2022



**Photo 10a** - Riparian corridor in the project area. View is to the southeast.



**Photo 10b** - Riparian corridor in the project area. View is to the southeast.

# Publication indicating the utilization of willow for stream stabilization



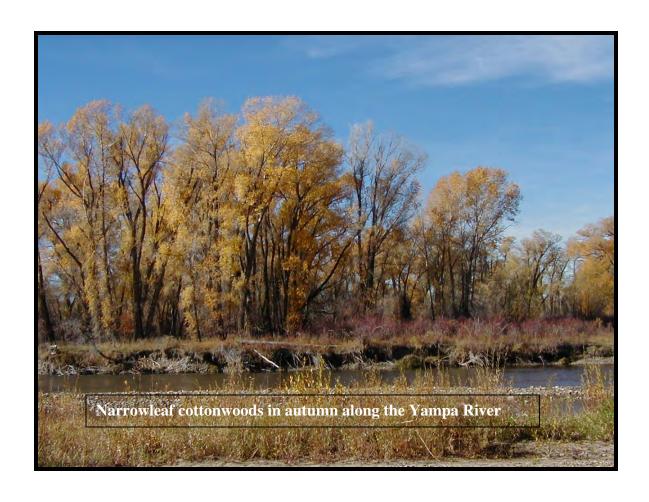
Date Created: April 10, 2002 Revised: April 1, 2005

**Author:** Mindy Wheeler **Parks Affected:** Most

# COLORADO STATE PARKS STEWARDSHIP PRESCRIPTION



Cottonwood and Willow Management





## Publication on utilizatgion of wills for stream stabilization



# RESTORING STREAM BANKS WITH WILLOWS

Willows along a stream serve many important functions. They provide shade and cover for stream life and improve water quality by absorbing and storing chemicals. Their ability to withstand flooding, to stabilize soils, and to grow quickly in saturated areas make them ideal for revegetating stream banks.

Establishing willow cuttings, stakes, and/or wattles on a stream bank will benefit you and the stream. The most appropriate material and method to use will depend upon stream size and planting location.

Willows growing in a nearby area, with

similar soil and moisture conditions as your problem area, should be used as planting stock to help increase tree survival.

If plants are purchased from a nursery, you should buy cuttings and not rooted seedlings. Also, select a native species to enhance survival and decrease competition with other plants.

Recommended species include black willow (Salix nigra), sand bar willow (S. interior), meadow willow (S. petiolaris), heart-leaved willow (S. rigida) and Ward's willow (S. caroliniana).



Collect and plant the willows during the dormant season. Willows planted in the spring before the buds swell seem to do the best. When storing or transporting plants, keep them cool and slightly moist.

## **Willow Cuttings**

Cuttings are used on small streams where flooding and erosion is minimal. This material is easy to obtain, requires few tools and little labor to plant.

(1) Cut ½ - to 1-inch diameter plants or stems and remove all lateral branches.

(2) Cut the stems with a knife or pruning shears into 12- to 24-inch lengths.

(3) Make a horizontal cut on the end which will remain exposed and a 45° angle cut on the

end to be planted. This will prevent you from planting them upside down. Note: Buds on plant

planting them upside down. Note: Buds on plan should face up.

(4) Push cutting directly into soil or produce a pilot hole by pounding a piece of metal rebar into the soil and then push the cutting into the hole. A planting (dibble) bar may also be used. Plant so that only a few inches remain exposed.





#### Willow Stakes

Use stakes where materials need to be driven deeper to improve moisture supply to the stakes.

(1) Cut 1- to 3-inch diameter stems into 18- to 36-inch lengths with a hand saw or chainsaw and remove all lateral stems. (Note: Using an axe or knife to cut the stems may damage the plant.)

(2) Use dibble bar or drive stake with mallet until approximately 3 to 6 inches

remain exposed or to refusal. Do not force and split stake.



#### **Willow Posts**

Posts can also be used to revegetate stream banks. They are most appropriate in situations where a stable moisture supply is deep in the soil and willow materials need to be driven deeper to reach it. This is a very labor intensive method, but posts can withstand relatively high flows.



- (1) Cut 3- to 6-inch diameter trees into 6- to 8-foot lengths with a chainsaw and remove all lateral branches. Sharpen bottom end to ease planting and score 12 to 14 inches.
- (2) Set posts in post holes or drive with post driver so that at least half of the post is buried. Posts must be set deep enough to maintain contact with the water table, but not so deep that they are completely submerged in water year-round.
- (3) The damaged top few inches of each post should be cut after planting if posts were driven.

### Wattles

Use wattles in slow-moving water areas to trap sediments and revegetate banks. This method is more labor intensive than planting cuttings or stakes.

- (1) Cut 1 1/2-inch or less diameter stems into a minimum of 3-foot lengths and remove all lateral branches.
- (2) Bundle stems with ends alternated. The bundle should be 1 to 2 feet longer than the longest stem cut.
- (3) Tightly compress bundle to a diameter of 8 to 10 inches and tie with two wraps of twine every 10 15 inches.
- (4) Beginning at the toe, dig a horizontal trench 8 to 10 inches wide by 5 inches deep. Do not dig the trench more than one hour prior to planting the wattle to minimize soil drying.
- (5) Drive a vertical stake (2 to 3 feet long) on done-hill side of trench every 2 feet.
- (6) Place wattles in trench and drive 2- to 3-foot long stakes through the bundle every 3 feet.
- (7) Cover with soil and tamp wattle so that no more than 20 percent of the wattle is exposed.

A combination of these methods may be needed based on the characteristics of the stream and its banks.



Proper maintenance will be needed to attain long-term success. Protect young, growing willows from livestock. Also, avoid herbicide treatment on planted areas.

Planting willows along and on stream banks provides a number of benefits to the fragile stream environment and the surrounding land. However, this technique does not replace the need for responsible stream corridor management such as maintaining a permanent corridor of trees along streams. It is merely a tool to help mend problem areas. If you have further questions,

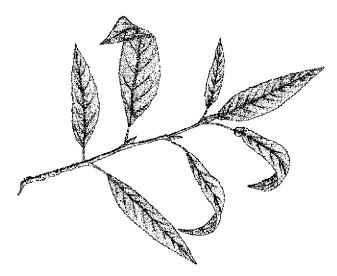
please contact your local Missouri Department of Conservation Regional Office.

## Wetland / Riparian Plant Finder 6: Riparian – Foothills and Canyons

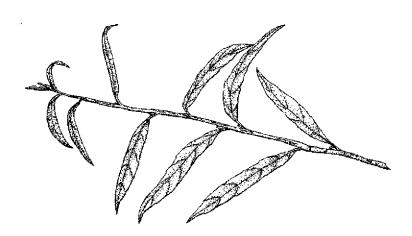
(dominant species in bold type)

## TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

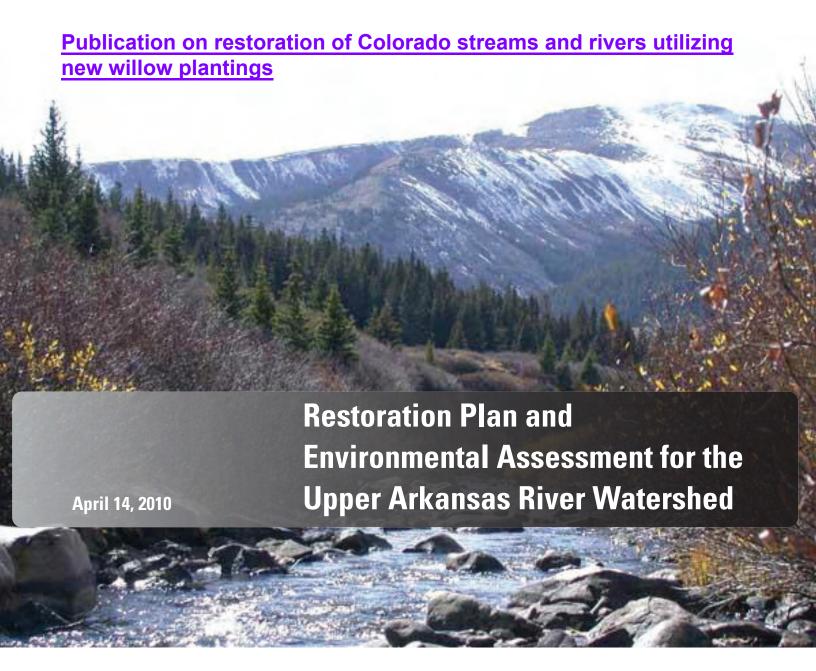
Rubacer parviflorum thimbleberry Salix amygdaloides peachleaf willow Salix bebbiana Bebb willow Salix drummondiana Drummond's willow Salix geyeriana Geyer's willow Salix irrorata bluestem willow Salix lucida shining willow Salix monticola mountain willow Swida sericea red-osier dogwood



Populus angustifolia



Salix exigua



## PREPARED FOR

U.S. Department of the Interior

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

U.S. Bureau of Land Management

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation

State of Colorado Department of Natural Resources Department of Public Health and Environment Department of Law

## PREPARED BY

Stratus Consulting Inc. PO Box 4059 Boulder, CO 80306-4059 303-381-8000 Contact: Diana R. Lane, PhD or Allison Ebbets, MS

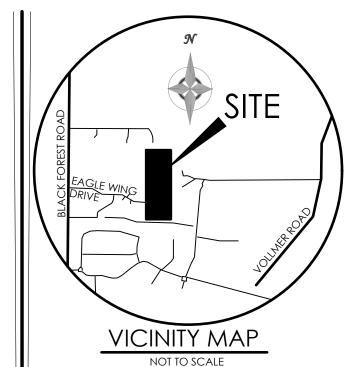
## **ACCESS NOTES:**

ACCESS FOR ANY NEEDED MAINTENANCE WITHIN COTTONWOOD CREEK IS PROVIDED ALONG THE SHOWN ROUTES WITHIN THE EASEMENTS AS INDICATED.

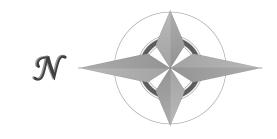
EXISTING GRADE OF SHOWN ACCESS ROUTES IS LESS THAN 10%.

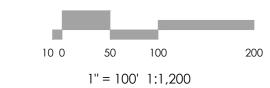
LOT OWNERS SHALL NOT CONSTRUCT FENCES, PLACE TREES OR OTHERWISE IMPEDE ACCESS THROUGH SAID EASEMENTS.

<u>LEGEND</u> ---- EASEMENT LINE NO BUILD LIMIT LINE 100 YEAR STORM WATER FLOOD LEVEL MAINTENANCE ACCESS PATH



BENCHMARK







REVISIONS

DESIGNED BY DRAWN BY CHECKED BY AS-BUILTS BY CHECKED BY

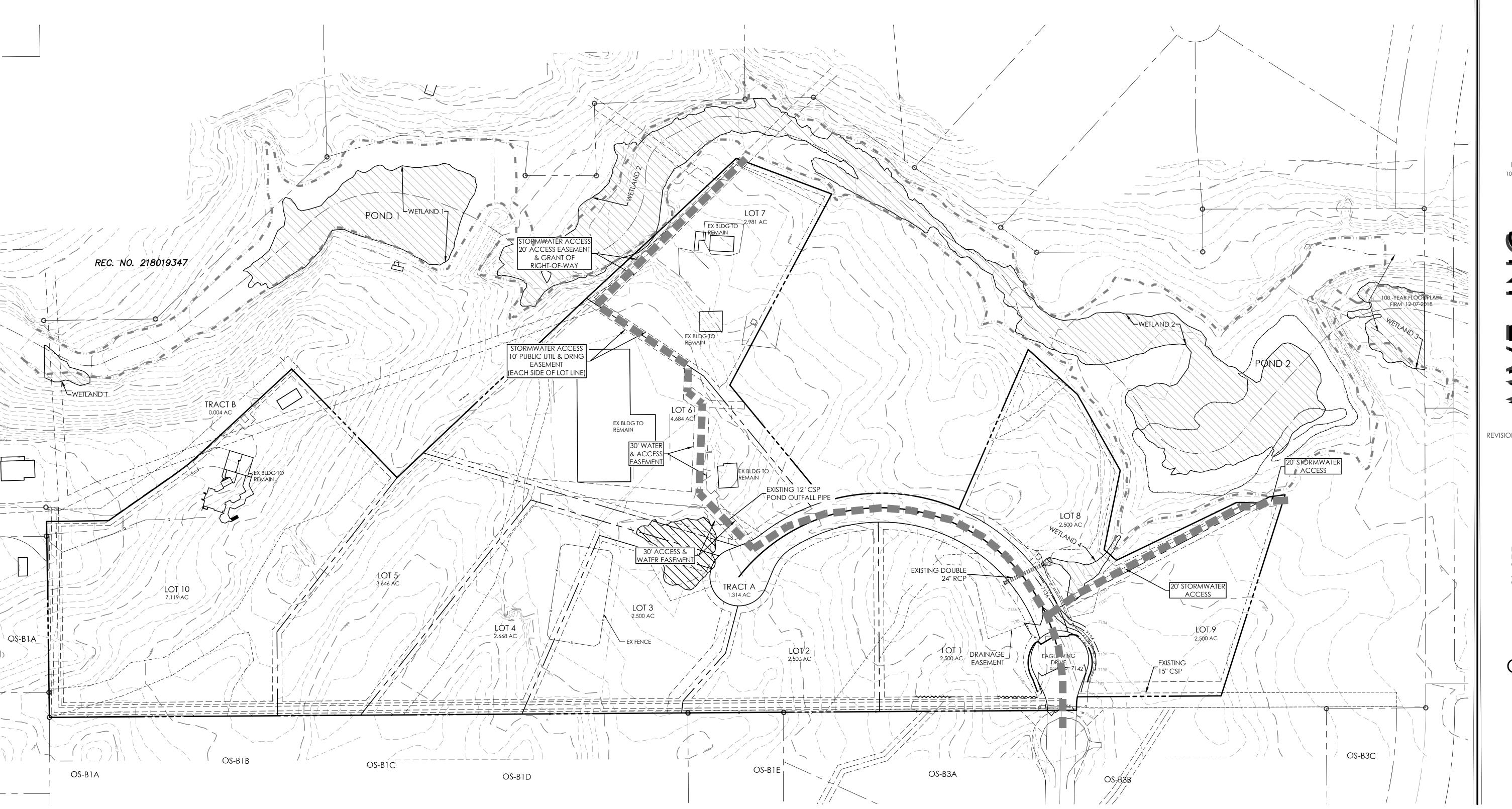
EAGLE RISING FILING NO. 1

CREEK ACCESS

**EXHIBIT** 

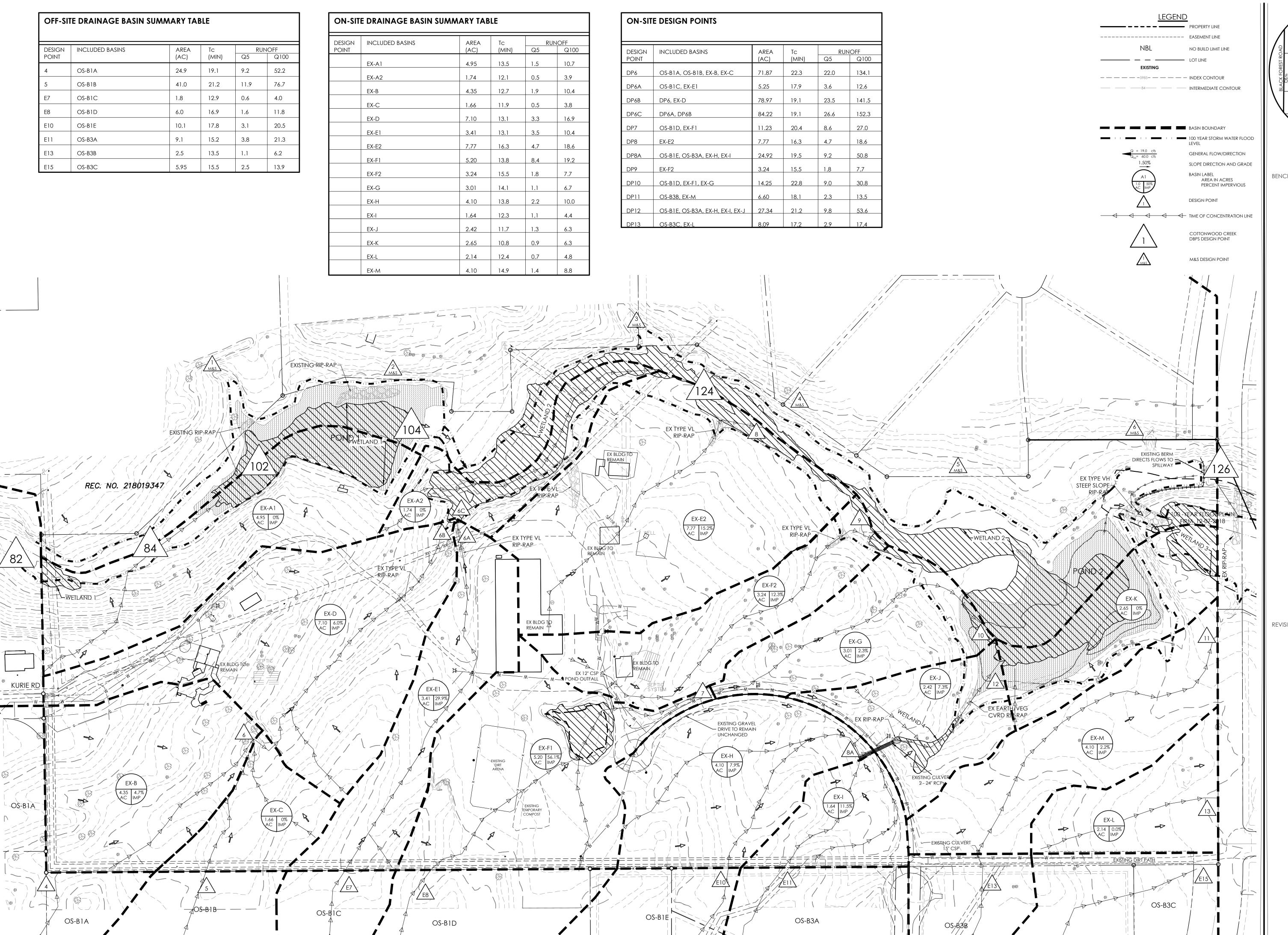
MVE PROJECT 61145 MVE DRAWING DRN-MAP-ACCESS

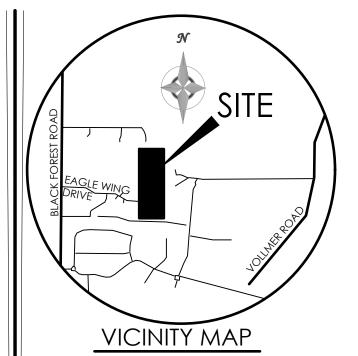
SEPTEMBER 6, 2024 SHEET 1 OF 1



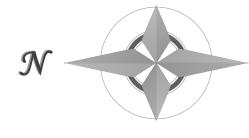
## 13. Report Maps

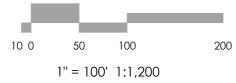
Existing (ON-SITE) Drainage Map Developed (ON-SITE) Drainage Map

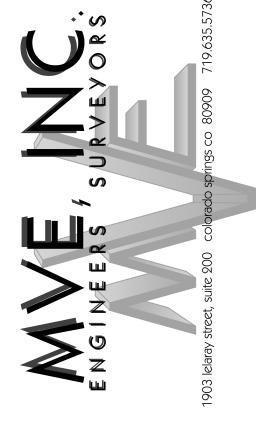




BENCHMARK







REVISIONS

DESIGNED BY DRAWN BY CHECKED BY AS-BUILTS BY CHECKED BY

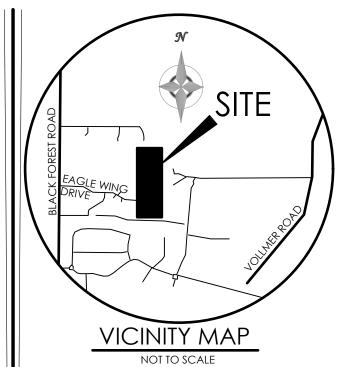
> EAGLE RISING FILING NO. 1

> > EXISTING (ON - SITE) DRAINAGE MAP

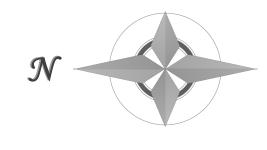
MVE PROJECT 61145 MVE DRAWING DRN-MAP-EX

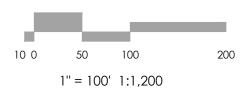
> JULY 24, 2024 SHEET 1 OF 1

OFF-SITE DRAINAGE BASIN SUMMARY TABLE	ON-SITE BASINS	ON-SITE DESIGN POINTS	LEGEND PROPERTY LINE
ESIGN INCLUDED BASINS AREA TC RUNOFF	DESIGN INCLUDED BASINS AREA TC RUNOFF POINT (AC) (MIN) Q5 Q100		PROPOSED DRAINAGE EASEMENT LINE  NBL NO BUILD LIMIT LINE
OINT (AC) (MIN) Q5 Q100	A1 4.95 13.5 2.3 11.7	DESIGN INCLUDED BASINS AREA TC RUNOFF POINT (AC) (MIN) Q5 Q100	——————————————————————————————————————
OS-B1A     24.9     19.1     9.2     52.2       OS-B1B     41.0     21.2     11.9     76.7	A2 1.74 12.1 0.5 3.9	DP6         OS-B1A, OS-B1B, B, C         71.87         22.3         22.5         134.7           DP6A         OS-B1C, E1         5.25         17.9         3.6         12.6	
OS-B1C 1.8 12.9 0.6 4.0	B 4.35 12.5 2.4 11.1 C 1.66 11.9 0.7 4.0	DP6B DP6, D 78.97 19.1 24.4 142.6	PROPOSED
OS-B1D 6.0 16.9 1.6 11.8	D 7.10 12.8 3.9 17.7	DP6C DP6A, DP6B 84.22 19.1 27.5 153.4	——————————————————————————————————————
OS-B1E     10.1     17.8     3.1     20.5       OS-B3A     9.1     15.2     3.8     21.3	E1 3.41 13.1 3.5 10.4	DP7         OS-B1D, F1         11.23         20.4         9.0         27.4           DP8         E2         7.77         16.3         5.3         19.2	BASIN BOUNDARY  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
OS-B3B 2.5 13.5 1.1 6.2	E2     7.77     16.3     5.3     19.2       F1     5.20     13.8     8.9     19.8	DP8         E2         7.77         16.3         5.3         19.2           DP8A         OS-B1E, OS-B3A, H, I         24.92         19.5         10.0         51.8	$Q = 19.0 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 60.0 \text{ cfs}$
OS-B3C 5.95 15.5 2.5 13.9	F2 3.24 15.5 2.3 8.2	DP9 F2 3.24 15.5 2.3 8.2	1.50% SLOPE DIRECTION AND C
	G 3.01 13.7 1.6 7.3	DP10         OS-B1D, F1, G         14.25         22.8         9.7         31.7           DP11         OS-B3B, M         6.60         18.1         2.7         14.1	A1  BASIN LABEL  AREA IN ACRES  PERCENT IMPERVIC
	H 4.10 13.8 2.9 10.9 I 1.64 12.0 1.3 4.7	DP12 OS-B3E, OS-B3A, H, I, J 27.34 21.2 11.0 55.1	DESIGN POINT
	J 2.42 11.2 1.8 6.9	DP13 OS-B3C, L 8.09 17.2 3.4 18.0	COTTONWOOD CREEK
	K 2.65 10.8 0.9 6.3		DBPS DESIGN POINT
	L 2.14 12.4 1.1 5.4  M 4.10 14.9 1.9 9.4		M&S DESIGN POINT
	4.10		
		)   Mass	
	Econ — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
EXISTIN EXISTIN	NG-RIP-RAP		
		124	
		TV TVDE AVI	
EXISTING RIP-RAP	WETLAND 1	RIP-RAP X 8	M&S M
		EX BLDG TO REMAIN	DIRECTS FLOWS TO
DEC -NO 218010747			EX TYPE VH
REC. NO. 218019347	A2 RIP-RAP		RIP-RATE
A1 4.95 5.8%	1.74 0% AC IMP 6C	E2	100 - YEAR FLOOT PLANK
	6B 6A 39 EX TYPE WL	7.77 I7.5% IMP	WETLAND 27 SOLUTION OF THE STAND 27 SOLUTION OF THE STAND 27 SOLUTION OF THE STAND
84	6B 6A 300 EX TYPE VL RIP-RAP EX BLDI	7.77 17.5% AC IMP	WETLAND 2-
84	EX TYPE VI.  RIP-RAP  EX TYPE VI.  RIP-RAP	7.77 17.5% EX TYPE VI RIP-RAP	-WETLAND 2- BOND 2- POND 2-
84	EX TYPE VI RIP-RAP RIP-RAP	7.77   17.5%   EX TYPE VL RIP-RAP	-WETLAND 2- POND  AND  AND  AND  AND  AND  AND  AND
WEILAND 1  TRACT B  0.004 AC	EX TYPE VL RIP-RAP  DRNG ESMI  D  LOT 6	TO STO STORY OF THE PROPERTY O	WETLAND 2  WETLAND 3  AC IMP
WEILAND 1  TRACT B  0.004 AC	6B 6A 30 EX TYPE VI. RIP-RAP  EX TYPE VI. RIP-RAP  D  T.10 8.8% AC IMP  EX BLDG TO REMAIN  EX BLDG TO REMAIN	7.77 17.5% EX TYPE VI RIP-RAP  B  F2  3.24 17.6% AC IMP  DRIVEWAY FOR LOTATORE	WETLAND 2-  POND  AC IMP  NBL-
WEILAND 1  TRACT B  O.004 AC  O.004 AC	// \AC IIAAD /   / // ` /Z / / \X`# \	7.77 I7.5% IMP RIP-RAP  F2  3.24 I7.6% AC IMP  DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 4, 5 & 7.	WEILAND 27  B  DRNG ESMT  AC IMP  10  11  11
WEILAND TRACT B 0.004 AC 0.004 AC 0.005 SEPTIC	AC IMP  REMAIN 4  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 4, 5 & 7. USE 30" RCP W/ FES & 5 WX11"L TYPE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  BEX BLDG TO REMAIN UNCHANGED NO	WETLAND 2—  BY CHANGESMT  ACT IMP  NBL  10  880  880  880
WEILAND I  TRACT B  O,004 AC  OR REMAIN  REMAIN	AC IMP  REMAIN 4  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT	TO TO TO TO THE PROPOSED CONTOURS OF THE PROPO	WETLAND 2-  B DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT  110  DRNG ESMT
WEILAND L  TRACT B  O.OO4 AC  REMAIN  REMAIN	AC IMP  REMAIN 4  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 4, 5 & 7. USE 30" RCP W/ FES & 5 WXI 1"L TYPE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  REMAIN/ REMAIN/ DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE GESMT  OR DRIVE WAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 4, 5 & 8. TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE GESMT  OR DRIVE WAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE GESMT  OR DRIVE WAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE GESMT  OR DRIVE WAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE GESMT  OR DRIVE WAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE GESMT  OR DRIVE WAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE GESMT  OR DRIVE WAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE GESMT  OR DRIVE	DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  LOT 8  2.500 AC  DRING ESMT  10  DRING
TRACT B 0.004 AC 0.00	AC IMP  REMAIN 4  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION HAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 4, 5 & 7 USE 30' RCP W/ FES & 5'WXI I'L SEX SIDG TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OF PROPOSED CONTOU	WETLAND 2  BORNG ESMT  DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  LOT 8  2.65 D98  AC IMP  EX EARTHA-EG  CVED SIP-RAD  AC IMP  CVED SIP-RAD  AC IMP  CVED SIP-RAD  AC IMP  CVED SIP-RAD
WEILAND I TRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAIN  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT  A CONTRACT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS  DRING ESMIT B OLOG TO SEPTIC REMAINS	AC IMP  REMAIN 4  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARE DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 3.5 8.7. USE 30" RCP W/ FES & 5"WX11"L TYPE I, RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET. DRIVE TO REMAIN PROPOSED CONTOURS  OUTFALL PIPE DRING ESMIT  OR DRIVE TO REMAIN D	DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  AC IMP  AC IMP  ALOT 8  AC IMP  ALOT 8  AL
WEILAND L  TRACT B  O,004 AC  ORNG ESMIT  C  DRNG ESMIT	AC IMP  REMAIN 4  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6, 15, 8, 7, USE 30' RCP W/ FEX & 5'WX11'T, USE 30' RCP W/ FEX & 5	DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  10  DRING ESMT  11  DRING ESMT  12  DRING ESMT  10  DRING
TRACT B  O.004 AC  B  ORNG ESMIT  COT 100  7.119 AC	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRNG ESMT  E1  3.41   29.9% AC   IMP  AC   IMP  EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING FI  5.20   59.4% AC   IMP  DRNG ESMT  EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 6 TO AVOID EXISTING DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 6 TO AVOID EXISTING THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 6 TO AVOID EXISTING THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 6	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 4, 5 & 7. DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 4, 5 & 7. DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 8, 5 WILL TYPE I. RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRING ESMIT  TRACT A  JALAC  AC  JALAC  JALAC  AC  JALAC  JALAC  AC  JALAC  JALAC  AC  JALAC  JALAC	AC IMP
TRACT B 0.004 AC 0.00	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND 8 ACCESS FOR LOT 7  THAT IN THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND 8 ACCESS FOR LOT 7  THAT IN THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA LOT 3 2,500 AC  EXISTING DIRT ARENA LOT 3 2,500 AC	TRACT A  TRA	EXISTING CULVER 2-24" RCPs  LOT 9
TRACT B  ONLY  ONL	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND AND ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTING POND ACCESS FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTING POND ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTING POND ACCESS FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTENCE POND ACCESS FOR LOT 8	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 4, 5 & 7, USE 37 FOR WY FES & SWAYI'IL TYPE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET. BY 12" CSP POND OUTFALL PIPE DRING ESMIT  TRACT A  314 AC  AC MP  LOT 2  DRING ESMIT  DRING ESMIT  LOT 2  LOT 2  LOT 2  LOT 1  DRING ESMIT  DRING ESMIT  DRING ESMIT  LOT 2  LOT 2  LOT 1  DRING ESMIT  DRING ESMIT	EXISTING CULVER  2-24" RCPs
DRING ESMI  DRING ESMI  DRING ESMI  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C  C	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTING DIRT ARENA ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTENCE DIRECTED THROUGH LOT 8 TO AVOID EXIS	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 3, 5 & 7. USE SO RCP W/ FES & SWX111 TYPE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET. TYPE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET. DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE TO SEMAN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS OUTFALL PIPE DRIVE SWX	EXISTING CULVER 2-24" RCPs  LOT 9
TRACT B AND COUNTY OF THE MAN TO THE MAN THE M	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND AND ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & 5 TO AVOID EXISTING POND ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTING POND ACCESS FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTING POND ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTING POND ACCESS FOR LOT 8 TO AVOID EXISTENCE POND ACCESS FOR LOT 8	DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 4 5 & 7 1 17 FE L RIFRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRING ESMIT  DRING ESMIT	EXISTING CULVERT  2.24" RCPs  LOT 9  2.500 AC  15" CSP
DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT  C  1.66   3.455    DRNG ESMT	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOTS 4 & 5 TO A VOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR A 5 TO A VOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  BENSTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  COOL 1 THE FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  SHOULD, IN THE PUTURE, FILLING THE DESIRED BY ALL OF THE DRIVEWAY COLOR ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 4TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED AT UNCLAIM FOR LOT 4TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED AT UNCLAIM FOR LOT 4TO BE DRIVE TO REMAIN UNCHANGED. NO PROPOSED CONTOURS DRIVE AT THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE L RIPRAP PAD AT OUTLET.  DRIVE EMPLOY TO BE AND THE LARGE TO BE AND THE LOCATION TO BE AND THE LARGE TO BE AND THE LARGE TO BE AND THE LOCATION TO BE AND THE	EXISTING CULVER 2-24" RCPs  LOT 9
DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT  DRNG ESMT	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOTS 4 & 5 TO A VOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR A 5 TO A VOID EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  ACCESS FOR LOT 7  DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  EXISTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  BENSTING POND & ACCESS FOR LOT 7  COOL 1 THE FOR ACCESS FOR LOT 7  SHOULD, IN THE PUTURE, FILLING THE DESIRED BY ALL OF THE DRIVEWAY COLOR ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY 30'R CP WY FES & SWITCH ACCESS FOR LOTS 4 AND SHALL BE BY THE PLATTED LOT FLAN FACILITATED BY	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT A TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT A 1.5 & 7.  UNCERTAIN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT A 1.5 & 8.  LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT A 1.5 & 8.  UNCERTAIN SHARED DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE SAME DRIVE SAME DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAINED DRIVE SAME DRI	EXISTING CULVER  2-24 RCP  LOT 9  2.500 AC  AC IMP  LOT 9  2.500 AC  2.14 8.0% AC IMP  FYISTING DIPT PATH
TRACT B COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & STO AVOID EXISTING POIND 8 ACCESS FOR LOT 7 ACC MATERIAL 29.999 ACCESS FOR LOT 3 ACC MATERIAL 20.999 ACCESS FOR LOT 3	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT 6 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION HAN SHARED TO SEMINARY PAD A TOULET.  EX RUDOTO  EX RUDOTO  EX RUDOTO  EX RUDOTO  EX RUDOTO  DENGE SMIT  THEL RIFRAP PAD AT OULET.  DRING ESMIT  DRING ES	EXISTING CULVER  2-24 RCP  LOT 9  2.500 AC  AC IMP  LOT 9  2.500 AC  2.14 8.0% AC IMP  FYISTING DIPT PATH
RACT B B DRNG ESMT C C LAS	DRIVEWAY EASEMENT THROUGH LOT 6 FOR LOTS 4 & STO AVOID EXISTING POIND & ACC IMP  ACC IMP  DRING ESMT  EI  3.41 29.9% ACC IMP  DRING ESMT  EI  3.42 29.9% ACC IMP  DRING ESMT  EI  COT 5  A. ACC IMP  DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  EI  COT 4  COMPANIE  DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  DRING ESMT  EI  COT 5  A. ALIERALE ACCESS FOR LOT 3  ARBHA  ARBHA  LOT 3  ARBHA  LOT 3	DRIVEWAY FOR LOT A TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A SEPARATE LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT A 1.5 & 7.  UNCERTAIN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT A 1.5 & 8.  LOCATION THAN SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOT A 1.5 & 8.  UNCERTAIN SHARED DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE SAME DRIVE SAME DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAIN UNCERTAINED DRIVE SAME DRIVE FOR REMAINED DRIVE SAME DRI	EXISTING CHILVER  2-24-RCP  2-500 AC  LOT 9  2-500 AC  2-14 8.0% AC IMP  EXISTING DIRT PATH  EXISTING DIRT PATH  EXISTING DIRT PATH



ENCHMARK







REVISIONS

DESIGNED BY
DRAWN BY
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ AS-BUILTS BY
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_

EAGLE RISING FILING NO. 1

> DEVELOPED (ON - SITE) DRAINAGE MAP

MVE PROJECT 61145

MVE DRAWING DRN-MAP-DEV

JULY 24, 2024 SHEET 1 OF 1