

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

ALBUQUERQUE DISTRICT, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS SOUTHERN COLORADO REGULATORY OFFICE 200 SOUTH SANTA FE AVENUE, SUITE 301 PUEBLO, COLORADO 81003-4270

July 18, 2018

Regulatory Division

SUBJECT: No Permit Required – Palmer Solar (Action No. SPA-2018-00184-SCO)

Mr. Stuart Coles juwi Inc. 1710 29th Street, Suite 1068 Boulder, CO 80301

Dear Mr. Coles:

This is only for overhead lines. It does not address the solar array areas....

I am writing this letter in response to your request for a determination of Department of the Army permit requirements for the proposed construction of an overhead utility line downstream of Calhan Reservoir at approximately latitude 38.630112, longitude -104.654611, in El Paso County, Colorado. The work, as described in your request, will involve placement of multiple poles spanning multiple potential waters of the U.S. with pole placements avoiding all potential jurisdictional areas. We have assigned Action No. SPA-2018-00184-SCO to this project. Please reference this number in all future correspondence concerning the project.

Based on the information provided, we have determined that a Department of the Army permit is not required since the project would not result in the discharge of dredged/fill material into waters of the United States.

This decision is based on an approved jurisdictional determination (JD) (attached) that there are no waters of the United States on the project site. The basis for this JD is that the project site contains entirely uplands. A copy of this JD is also available at http://www.spa.usace.army.mil/reg/JD. This approved JD is valid for five years unless new information warrants revision of the determination before the expiration date.

You may accept or appeal this approved JD or provide new information in accordance with the attached Notification of Administration Appeal Options and Process and Request for Appeal (NAAOP-RFA). If you elect to appeal this approved JD, you must complete Section II of the form and return it to the Army Engineer Division, South Pacific, CESPD-PDS-O, Attn: Tom Cavanaugh, Administrative Appeal Review Officer, 1455 Market Street, Room 1760, San Francisco, CA 94103-1399 within 60 days of the date of this notice. Failure to notify the Corps within 60 days of the date of this notice means that you accept the approved JD in its entirety and waive all rights to appeal the approved JD.

If you have any questions concerning our regulatory program, please contact me at (719) 543-6914 or by e-mail at <u>Joshua.G.Carpenter@usace.army.mil</u>. At your convenience, please complete a Customer Service Survey on-line available at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=136:4:0.

Sincerely,

Joshua G. Carpenter Senior Project Manager

Enclosure

DRY LAND APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM¹ **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD):
- B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Albuquerque District, Palmer Solar, SPA-2018-00184-SCO
- C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

State: CO County/parish/borough: El Paso County City:

Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 38.630112 °, Long. -104.654611°

Universal Transverse Mercator: 530062.97 W, 4275787.59 N, Zone 13

Name of nearest waterbody: Fountain Creek

Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): Fountain 11020003

Check if map/diagram of review area is available upon request.

Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc...) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form.

REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

Office (Desk) Determination. Date: July 11, 2018

Field Determination. Date(s):

SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.

There are no "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area.

B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.

There are no "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area.

SEO

CTIO	N III: DATA SOURCES.
	PORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked and
	ested, appropriately reference sources below):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant:
	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant.
	Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report.
	Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps:
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: Arkansas-White-Red Region
	USGS NHD data.
	USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
	U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: 1:24K; Fountain
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation:
	National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: Fountain
	State/Local wetland inventory map(s):
	FEMA/FIRM maps:
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodectic Vertical Datum of 1929)
~	Photographs: 🔽 Aerial (Name & Date): 2018 Google Earth
	or Cher (Name & Date):
	Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter:
	Applicable/supporting case law:
	Applicable/supporting scientific literature:
	Other information (please specify):

B. REOUIRED ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD. EXPLAIN RATIONALE FOR DETERMINATION THAT THE REVIEW AREA ONLY INCLUDES DRY LAND:

The utility line spans multiple wetlands and the Calhan Reservoir Ditch. Pole placement was selected to avoid any impacts to potential jurisdictional areas.

¹ This form is for use only in recording approved JDs involving dry land. It extracts the relevant elements of the longer approved JD form in use since 2007 for aquatic areas and adds no new fields.

Palmer Solar Facility Wetland Delineation Report

El Paso County, Colorado

Prepared for: Palmer Solar LLC and JSI Construction Group LLC 1710 29th Street, Suite 1068 Boulder, CO 80301

Prepared by:



Ecology and Environment, Inc. 4949 Pearl East Circle, #300 Boulder, CO 80301

June 2018

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents the methods and findings of a wetland delineation that was conducted at the Palmer Solar LLC JSI Construction Group LLC (JSI) Palmer Solar Facility on June 8, 2018. The wetland delineation was completed for areas within the project area identified as wetlands, potential wetlands, intermittent streams, and freshwater emergent wetlands in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetland Inventory. The delineation was performed according to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers methodology and focused specifically on areas near a proposed gen-tie crossing identified by JSI and on three areas identified by the National Wetland Inventory elsewhere on the property.

The wetland delineation confirmed that the proposed power pole locations are in non-wetland areas. In addition, the National Wetland Inventory areas outside of the gen-tie area do not contain wetlands. Descriptions of findings that support this conclusion are provided, along with photos and wetland data sheets. A geospatial file showing delineated wetland boundaries was submitted previously.

this does not address the solar arrays or roads

1. INTRODUCTION

As requested by Palmer Solar LLC and JSI Construction Group LLC (JSI), Ecology and Environment (E & E) conducted a wetland delineation at the proposed Palmer Solar facility (project) in El Paso County, Colorado, on June 8, 2018. The methods used and results obtained from the wetland investigation are presented in this report. This information will facilitate the evaluation of project-related impacts under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, as administered by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

The proposed project is located in southern El Paso County, Colorado, approximately 4 miles south of the town of Fountain, and 1.5 miles east of Fountain Creek and Old Pueblo Road (Figure 1). The site includes Township 16 South, Range 65 West, Portions of Sections 22, 26-28, and 35. Elevations range from 5,360 feet to 5,520 feet. The major land use is rangeland grazing, and the project area contains intermittent stream drainages, dirt roads, and numerous overhead power lines.

The purpose of this wetland delineation is to determine if wetlands (also known as waters of the U.S., and aquatic resources, in USACE terminology) are present on the project site, and if their presence might necessitate a Section 404 Nationwide Permit. JSI requested that the wetland delineation occur in two locations (Figure 1):

- 1) The vicinity of a proposed gen-tie route and, specifically, the proposed location of two power line poles.
- 2) An intermittent stream east of the gen-tie route where two freshwater emergent wetlands have been identified in the National Wetland Inventory (NWI).

Aquatic Resources and Waters of the U.S.

Waters of the U.S. under the jurisdiction of the USACE include streams, wetlands, and other special aquatic sites are regulated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and USACE under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act.

The USACE defines wetlands as "those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas." These wetlands are considered to be waters of the U.S. within the jurisdiction of the USACE (33 Code of Federal Regulations Part 328.3[b]).

Uplands are neither wetlands nor other special aquatic sites, and may include developed or undeveloped land. Activities occurring in these areas are generally not regulated under the Clean Water Act.

2. METHODS

The two areas listed in Section 1 where wetlands were to be delineated were previously observed by E & E on March 30, 2018. At that time, per JSI direction, an approximate wetland boundary was identified near the proposed gen-tie route based on visual examination of vegetation and surface hydrology only, and a protocollevel wetland delineation was not conducted. In March 2018, E & E also observed the second area listed in Section 1 (an intermittent stream), for wetland characteristics and none were found.

Desktop Review

Prior to the June 2018 site visit, E & E reviewed the following information:

- National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP) aerial imagery (USDA 2009).
- The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) National Hydrography Dataset (NHD; USGS 2017).
- USFWS National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) (USFWS 2017).

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soils maps for hydric soils.

Site Visit

An E & E ecologist visited the site and conducted the wetland delineation on June 8, 2018, within the proposed gen-tie area, where the probability of wetland presence had been noted in March 2018, and at the intermittent stream east of the gen-tie area.

3. RESULTS

Gen-tie Crossing

Desktop Analysis

The gen-tie crossing area is located downstream from the Calhan Reservoir. The NHD indicates that an agricultural ditch and an un-named intermittent stream drainage occur downstream from the Calhan Reservoir on the project site (Figure 1). The NWI defines three wetland types in this area (Figure 1); however, only one is located in the gen-tie crossing area:

• R5UBFx: Riverine Unknown Perennial Unconsolidated Bottom Semi-permanently Flooded This code describes a wetland occurring within a channel, has less than 30% vegetation cover on the channel bottom, and has surface water throughout the growing season. This designation occurs on a ditch east of the un-named intermittent stream.

An additional area identified by the NWI is located west of the gen-tie location. It is classified as:

• PEM1Ah: Palustrine Emergent Persistent Temporary-flooded
This code describes a non-tidal wetland with herbaceous or woody vegetation that remains standing until
the next growing season and has water present for brief periods during the growing season.

Examination of the aerial imagery determined that wetland characteristics are not present at this area.

The NRCS Soil Survey (NRCS 2018) indicates one area of hydric soil in the drainage downstream from the Calhan Reservoir, in the vicinity of the gen-tie crossing. The NRCS defines hydric soils as those that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part.

A phone conversation with the USACE Pueblo regulatory office (Pers. Comm., Joshua Carpenter, April 24, 2018) verified that it is highly likely that the USACE would determine the intermittent stream and the ditch in the vicinity of the gen-tie crossing to be jurisdictional Waters of the U.S.

Field Survey

In accordance with the methods described in the USACE Great Plains Regional Supplement (USACE 2010), wetlands were identified based on a three-factor approach involving indicators of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology. Under normal circumstances, all three of these parameters must be present for an area to be considered a jurisdictional wetland under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

During fieldwork, the E & E ecologist carried a hand-held GPS unit containing maps showing NWI data, NHD data, the pole location polygons provided by JSI, and the wetland boundary that had been identified on March 30, 2018. During the investigation, the survey was focused on the two pole location polygons.

Plant species were identified according to U.S. Department of Agricultural nomenclature (USDA 2018) and the National Wetland Plant List (Lichvar 2016).

Eastern Pole Location and Sampling Point 1

The E & E ecologist walked the entire eastern pole location provided by JSI and did not observe any indications of wetlands. Dominant vegetation includes three upland species common to the area: blue grama (*Bouteloua gracilis*), plains prickly pear (*Opuntia polycantha*), and Cholla cactus (*Opuntia imbricata*) (Attachment A, Photos 1 and 2).

Because it is adjacent to the eastern pole location and identified by the NWI, the ditch that is east of the intermittent stream was examined for wetland characteristics (Attachment A, Photo 3). At Sampling Point 1, which is in the ditch bottom, vegetation was inventoried, a soil sample pit was dug, and signs of hydrology were observed. All wetland indicators were negative, with the exception of 20% cover of one vegetation species that occurs in wetlands (Table 1, Figure 1). However, the presence of a relatively small percentage of cover of wetland vegetation was not sufficient to define the ditch as a wetland. The data sheet from this sampling point is provided in Attachment B.

Western Pole Location and Sampling Point 2

The western pole location also occurs within an upland. The area is higher in elevation than a nearby wetland, and the soils are dry (Attachment A, Photo 3). The wetland indicator status of the dominant vegetation species, alkali sacaton (*Sporobolus airoides*), is that it could occur either in a wetland or an upland (Table 1, Figure 1). The lack of hydrology and surface water indicate that the vegetation may be responding to fluctuating water table elevations. However, the three wetland indicators are not all present.

The area in between the two possible pole locations was identified as a potential wetland during the March 30, 2018, site visit. A wetland delineation was performed in this area on June 8, 2018, to provide JSI with more definitive information about the location of the wetland boundaries. The E & E ecologist began digging soil sampling holes, starting at the wetland line that was identified in March, closest to the western pole location (Figure 1). There were no indicators of hydric soil or hydrology. Four additional holes were dug to examine soil for hydric characteristics, each moving successively eastward (i.e., away from the pole location and toward the wetland) and lower in elevation from the pole location, until hydric soil indicators were found. Data Sampling Point 2 was established here (Figure 1).

Dominant vegetation at Sampling Point 2 consists of two species: broadleaf cattail (*Typha latifolia*) and common threesquare (*Schoenoplectus pungens*; Attachment A, Photo 4). Both species are hydric (Table 1). Soils showed three different hydric indicators: a dark brown/black matrix; rust-colored patches (when soil is saturated for long periods, iron present in the soil oxidizes and becomes concentrated in patches and along root channels and other ports); and gleying (grayish-colored patches that result from water saturation) (Attachment A, Photo 5). Indicators of the presence of wetland hydrology are a trickle of water near the center of the wetland area and soil saturation within the top 3 inches.

Table 1: Summary of Vegetation Observed at Pole Locations and Sampling Points

Tuble 11 building of regulation observed at 1 of 2 deathons and building 1 ones							
Common Name	Scientific Name	Approximate Cover ¹	Wetland Indicator Status ²	Colorado Noxious Weed Status ³			
Eastern Pole Location							
Blue grama	Bouteloua gracilis	65%	UPL	N/A			
Prickly pear	Opuntia polycantha	20%	UPL	N/A			
Cholla cactus	Opuntia imbricata	3%	UPL	N/A			
Sampling Point 1							
Common threesquare	Schoenoplectus pungens	20%	OBL	N/A			
Common teasel	Dipsacus fullonum	3%	FACU	B List			
Common sunflower	Helianthus annuus	2%	FACU	N/A			
Canada thistle Cirsium arvense		1%	FACU	B List			
Western Pole Location							
Alkali sacaton	Sporobolus airoides	85%	FAC	N/A			
Greasewood Sarcobatus vermiculatus		5%	FAC	N/A			
Sampling Point 2							
Broadleaf cattail	Typha latifolia	75%	OBL	N/A			
Common threesquare	Schoenoplectus pungens	25%	OBL	N/A			
NT 4							

Notes:

Key:

OBL: >99% probability of occurring in a wetland

FAC: 34%-75% probability of occurring in either a wetland or non-wetland

FACU: 67%-99% probability of occurring in a non-wetland

4. INTERMITTENT STREAM EAST OF THE GEN-TIE CROSSING

The NHD identifies two areas within this intermittent stream. Both are classified as:

• PEM1Ah: Palustrine Emergent Persistent Temporary-flooded
This code describes a non-tidal wetland with herbaceous or woody vegetation that remains standing until the next growing season and has water present for brief periods during the growing season.

The NRCS Soil Survey does not include hydric soils in either of these areas.

Former Stock Pond 1

The NWI area at the downstream/west end of the intermittent drainage appears to have not held water in the recent past. No water is present, and soils are dry (Attachment A, Photos 6 and 7). Hydric vegetation is present: broadleaf cattail and arctic rush (*Juncus arcticus*). Yet, due to the lack of supporting hydrology, their heights are a fraction of the normal height were they to occur in wetlands, and they appear to be sprouting from remnant root stock.

Former Stock Pond 2

The NWI area at the upstream end of the intermittent drainage also shows no indication of having held water recently (Attachment A, Photo 8). Hydric soils, hydric vegetation, and a source of hydrology were not observed. The drainage leading into the former stock pond also exhibits no indicators of recent water flow (Attachment A, Photo 9).

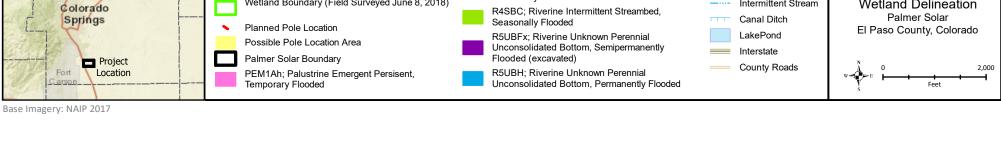
¹By ocular estimation.

²USACE 2016

³CDOA 2018. B-List species must be managed in accordance with state and local provisions.

5. REFERENCES

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- Lichvar et. al. 2016. The National Wetland Plant List: 2016 wetland ratings.
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- U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). 2009. National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP). Accessed: March 2018. Available: https://www.fsa.usda.gov/programs-and-services/aerial-photography/imageryprograms/naip-imagery/. Accessed March 26, 2018.
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- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 2017. National Wetlands Inventory Version 2 Surface Waters and Wetlands Inventory. Available: http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/Data-Download.html. Accessed March 26, 2018.
- U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). 2017. USGS National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) for HU-4 Subregions 1408 FileGDB 10.1 Model Version 2.2.1. Available: ftp://rockyftp.cr.usgs.gov/vdelivery/Datasets/Staged/Hydrography/NHD/HU4/HighResolution/GDB/NH D_H_1408_HU4_GDB.zip. Accessed March 26, 2018.



ATTACHMENT A Photos



Photo 1: From eastern pole location, looking north/northeast. 6-8-18



Photo 2: Close-up photo of ground and vegetation, from eastern pole location. 6-8-18



Photo 3: From western pole location, looking east. For visual comparison, wetland is in upper center of photo. 6-8-18



Photo 4: Sampling Point 2, view upstream. 6-8-18



Photo 5: Hydric soils at Sampling Point 2. 6-8-18



Photo 6: Stock Pond 1 soil surface and vegetation. 6-8-18



Photo 7: Stock Pond 1 outlet. 6-8-18



Photo 8: Stock Pond 2. 6-8-18



Photo 9: Intermittent drainage (in center of photo) approximately 100' upstream of Former Stock Pond 2. 6-8-18

ATTACHMENT B Wetland Data Sheets

Landform (hilistope, terrace, etc.): SMALL ANNIANCE. Lat: 38.6.7023 Long: -104.65406 Datum: MAD 83 Soli Map Unit Name: 29.714.704.81 PAQUALS. Now climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes	WETLAND DETERM				0		1 / 0	1 10
Section, Township, Range: \$27, TIES, K & SW Landform fillislope, terrace, etc.): \$192.1 MiNIASA; Local relief (concave)convex, none;: \$1, \$1, \$2, \$1, \$2, \$1, \$2, \$1, \$2, \$1, \$2, \$1, \$2, \$1, \$2, \$2, \$2, \$3, \$3, \$1, \$2, \$2, \$2, \$3, \$3, \$3, \$4, \$3, \$3, \$4, \$3, \$4, \$3, \$4, \$4, \$3, \$4, \$4, \$4, \$4, \$4, \$4, \$4, \$4, \$4, \$4	Project/Site: Taller Solar		City/County		USO	Sampling Da	te: <u> </u>	1.10
Section, Township, Range: \$27, TIES, K & SW	Applicant/Owner: 1 Wi-151 Construction				State:	Sampling Poi	int: Z	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): SINDL Mail Robert Local reside (concave); convex, none): Slope (%): 5% Subtregion (LRR): Lost 28 L 20 23 Long 10 f L6 5 0 L6 Datum: LAD 83 Sol Map Unit Name: 24 Pluy bullen his bit typical for this time of year? Yes No	Investigator(s): 5. Nolderton		Section, To	wnship, Ra	inge: 527, TIGS.	R65h)	
Subregion (LRR): C								5%
No.	Subregion (LRR): (7	Lat: 38	3.6302	3	Long: -104,654	066 = 0	Datum: 1/	Ab 83
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes \ \ No \ (If no, explain in Remarks.) Are Vegetation \ Soil \ or Hydrology \ distributed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes \ No \ No \ Normal Circumstances" present? Ye	Soil Man Unit Name: 29 Fluva Quentic Haplace	sualle	HONHU	lebel	NWI classific	ation: R5U	LBH	
Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) SUMMARY OF FINDINGS — Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No No No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No No No Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No	,		_	_				
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Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No	SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map s	howing	samplin	g point l	ocations, transects	, important	t feature	es, etc
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants. Tree Stratum (Plot size:	Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes V No					No		
Dominant Indicator	Remarks:							
Dominant Indicator								
Dominant Indicator	VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants	 S.						7
That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC			Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test work	sheet:		
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:	Tree Stratum (Plot size: N/A)				Number of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,	pecies	2	(A)
Species Across All Strata;						-	•	
That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: DO (A/B)	J						Z	(B)
Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of:			= Total Co	ver	Percent of Dominant S That Are OBL, FACW,	pecies or FAC:	100	_ (A/B)
OBL species	1				Prevalence Index wor	ksheet:	-	
FACW species x2 =	2				Total % Cover of:	<u>Mu</u>	Itiply by:	_
FAC species x3 = FACU species x4 = UPL species x5 = Column Totals: (A) (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1. Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 7. September 10. Se	3				OBL species	x1=_		
FAC species X 3 = FACU species X 4 =	5				FACW species	x 2 = _		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Wall(3) 1. Brotoleta Taylor			= Total Co	ver				
2. Common Thise Music Schus no pleatily 3. Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 10	1 lot size.							
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2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) ———————————————————————————————————					1 - Rapid Test for	Hydrophytic Ve	egetation	
8								
9					3 - Prevalence Ind	ex is ≤3.0 ¹		
Total Cover Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)					4 - Morphological	Adaptations¹ (F	Provide su	pporting
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:) = Total Cover								
Moody Vine Stratum (Plot size:) Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	10		= Total Co	ver	Problematic Hydro	pnytic vegetal	iion (Expla	ain)
2			=					must
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum O Yes Vegetation Present? Yes V No					Hydrophytic			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum U Present? Yes V NO	A	100%	= Total Co	ver	Vegetation			
Remarks:	% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum		- , 5 (2)		Present? Ye	s V N	°	
	Remarks:							

Great Plains - Version 2.0

US Army Corps of Engineers

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SOIL								Sampling Point:	
Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the dept	h needed to docum	nent the l	ndicator	or confirm	the absence	of indicators.)	
Depth	Matrix			x Feature:				<u>*</u>	
(inches)	Cotor (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	_Loc ²	<u>Texture</u>	Remarks	
0-6"	10/K Z/1	10090					salidy clay;	moist	
6-12"	JOYR Z/I	45%	7.5 VR 4/6	3%	55				
04 10 "	10VR 6/1	95%	7.5 VR+16	5%	54		a 3" lay	erstaleu	
			7						
									
									
	F10 400								
			Reduced Matrix, CS			d Sand Gra		ation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	
		able to all I	RRs, unless other		-			for Problematic Hydric Solis ³ :	
Histosol	• •		<u>√</u> Sandy 0					uck (A9) (LRR I, J)	
	ipedon (A2)		<u>√</u> Sandy F		•			Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)	
Black His	n Sulfide (A4)			l Matrix (S Mucky Min			11 01 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	urface (S7) (LRR G) ains Depressions (F16)	
	Layers (A5) (LRR I	=)		Gleyed Ma				R H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)	
	ck (A9) (LRR F, G, 1			d Matrix (F			-	ed Vertic (F18)	
	Below Dark Surfac	•	_ ·	Dark Surfa	•			rent Material (TF2)	
Thick Da	rk Surface (A12)		Deplete	d Dark Su	rface (F7)		Very St	nallow Dark Surface (TF12)	
	ucky Mineral (\$1)			Depression				Explain in Remarks)	
	lucky Peat or Peat (ains Depre	-		³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and		
5 cm Mu	cky Peat or Peat (S	3) (LRR F)	(ML	RA 72 & 7	3 of LRR	H)		hydrology must be present,	
Restrictive I	ayer (if present):						uniess	disturbed or problematic.	
Type:									
Cope -	hes):	·					Hydric Soll 1	Present? Yes V No	
Remarks:							<u> </u>		
								į	
HYDROLOG	3Y								
	Irology Indicators:								
	15		; check all that apply	v)			Seconda	ry Indicators (minimum of two required)	
	Nater (A1) Opphyl					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ace Soil Cracks (B6)	
	ter Table (A2)		Aquatic Inv	•	s (B13)		_	sely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	
Saturatio			Hydrogen					nage Patterns (B10)	
Water Ma	arks (B1)		Dry-Seaso		, ,			ized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	
	t Deposits (B2)		Oxidized F			ng Roots (here tilled)	
Drift Dep	osits (B3)			not tilled)				fish Burrows (C8)	
	t or Crust (B4)		Presence of	•	d Iron (C4)		ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7)							morphic Position (D2)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks)						FAC-Neutral Test (D5)			
Water-St	ained Leaves (B9)						Frost	t-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)	
Field Observ	ations:	1000							
Surface Water		es <u>/</u> N							
Water Table	Present? Y		lo V Depth (inc						
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No						Present? Yes V No			
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:									
Remarks:									

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM -	
Project/Site: Palmer Solar City/County: El Pas	So Sampling Date: 6.8.18
Applicant/Owner: 1445 - JSI Construction	State: CO Sampling Point:
Investigator(s): S. Jinux (Vien) Section, Township, Ra	nge: 527 T165 R65W
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): A VCA Local relief (concave,	convex,(none): Slope (%):
Subregion (LRR): Lat: 38.63023	Long: -104, 654066 Datum: NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name: 29 Fluvaquentic Haplaquolle hanty level	NWI classification: N/A In this blee
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are	"Normal Circumstances" present? Yes V No No
	eeded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point I	ocations, transects, important features, etc
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No Is the Samplec	Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No within a Wetlan	
Remarks: Rest agricultual use has charged; divites have been	Hillal ar allaced was
I first paricultural use has changed; directed have been	them of area of
7,142.10	
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.	
. Absolute Dominant Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size:) N/A %Cover Species? Status	Number of Dominant Species
1	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-):
3.	Total Number of Dominant
4.	Species Across All Strata: (B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: = Total Cover	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
1	Prevalence Index worksheet:
2	Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
4	OBL species x1 = 1
5.	FACW species
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 Radius) = Total Cover	FACU species 4 × 4 = 16
1. Common threesquare Schiehneler 20% N OBL	UPL species x 5 =
2. polugohum /patsicana spo solalinas 20% N	Column Totals:
3. common teasel Dipsacu Fullonum 3/2 N FACL	Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.4
4. Chenopadium album 3% N Marin FACH	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
5. Catada thistle-Circium attense 2190 N FACLE 6. helianthus annuus common sunflowez 90 N MAMA FACLE	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7.	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
8.	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
9	4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
10.	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: = Total Cover	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2.	Hydrophytic
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 50% 100% = Total Cover	Vegetation Present? Yes No
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum	1 (could)
Remarks: Photos # 47-51	
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SOIL	Sampling Point:						
Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or o	confirm the absence of Indicators.)						
Depth Matrix Redox Features	•						
	oc ² Texture Remarks						
0-6" 104R311 90 7.5VR 76 10	clau dru -						
6-12" 10 yR312 70 7,5 yR +16 30	clay Food basely moist						
<u> </u>	Cad 131404 BOTELA WOLZA						
¹ Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated S	and Grains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.						
Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :						
Histosof (A1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)						
Histic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Redox (S5)	Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)						
Black Histic (A3) Stripped Matrix (S6)	Dark Surface (S7) (LRR G)						
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	High Plains Depressions (F16)						
Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR F) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	(LRR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)						
1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR F, G, H) Depleted Matrix (F3)	Reduced Vertic (F18)						
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Redox Dark Surface (F6)	Red Parent Material (TF2)						
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)						
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Redox Depressions (F8) 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G, H) High Plains Depressions (F16)	Other (Explain in Remarks) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and						
5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR F)							
	unless disturbed or problematic.						
Restrictive Layer (if present):	diffess distances of problems at						
Type:	989						
Depth (inches):	Hydric Soil Present? Yes No						
	Trydric Soil Fresent? Tes No						
Remarks:							
HYDROLOGY							
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:							
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)						
Surface Water (A1) Salt Crust (B11)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)						
High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)						
Saturation (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)						
Water Marks (B1) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)						
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living	Roots (C3) (where tilled)						
Drift Deposits (B3) (where not tilled)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)						
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)						
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Geomorphic Position (D2)						
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)						
Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)						
Field Observations:							
Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches):							
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches):							
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches):	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No						
(includes capillary fringe)	-						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspec	tions), if available:						
Remarks: 1. 1-1 Dunde Jacobs This wash what s	Stoppielle land wear Herbaranus						
No indications of water presence this year and pregentation is pleasent in distribution - probably would no	1 Las Planta Jan in it						
verexistion is pleasent in didith bottom - probably holded no	THE IT WOLLD WITH IT,						
1 0= 1 F							