Traffic Engineer's Statement

The attached traffic report and supporting information were prepared under my responsible charge and they comport with the standard of care. So far as is consistent with the standard of care, said report was prepared in general conformance with the criteria established by the County for traffic reports.

effrey R. Blanck

Jeffrey R. Planck, P.E., PE #53006

<u>August 4, 2021</u> Date

Developer's Statement

I, the Developer, have read and will comply with all commitments made on my behalf within this report.

110.

Ms. Kelly Nelson Pikes Peak Investments LLC c/o The Equity Group 90 South Cascade Avenue Suite 1500 Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903

8-16-2021 Date

August 4, 2021

Ms. Kelly Nelson Pikes Peak Investments LLC c/o The Equity Group 90 South Cascade Avenue Suite 1500 Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903

Re: Meadowbrook Park Traffic S El Paso County, Colorado Review 1 comment: Please identify Puthether Lany escrow will be required/provided for off-stee 0005T improvements such as the 3 through lanes on all four approaches at Hwy 24/Marksheffel shown in the Master TIS table 16. Please provide this on a separate letter.

Review 2: Unresolved. Please coordinate with CDOT and address the above. Also identify if a CDOT access permit will be required for this development

	Marksnettel Road (#1)		
5	US-24 &	Designate westbound dual left turn lanes	Crossroads North & Reagan Ranch 2026
	Marksheffel Road (#2)	Three through lanes on all four approaches	All Four Development Areas
			2040

Dear Ms. Nelson:

This traffic study letter has been prepared for a proposed residential development, Meadowbrook Park, to be located north of Newt Drive between Meadowbrook Parkway and US-24 in El Paso County, Colorado. This letter is an addendum to the *Crossroads-Meadowbrook-Reagan Ranch Master Traffic Impact Study* (MTIS) completed by Kimley-Horn and Associates in April 2021. This supplement to the MTIS is to provide a site-specific analysis addressing comments from master traffic impact study for the Meadowbrook Park. For the purposes of this analysis, full buildout of Meadowbrook Park is expected to include 67 single family residences using private internal roads. A conceptual site plan of the project is attached.

A vicinity map illustrating the location of the property is attached as **Figure 1**. The surrounding area primarily consists of vacant land, industrial uses, and residential use. The existing site is comprised of undeveloped land while residential and industrial uses are located north and northeast of the project site, respectively. The site area is shown in the aerial of attached **Figure 2**.

The purpose of this study is to identify project traffic generation characteristics and to develop an internal roadway circulation plan for the project based on daily traffic volumes projections, as well as to address comments specific to Meadowbrook Park from the MTIS. The proposed private access intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway was evaluated. The project proposes a shared access with the existing access along Meadowbrook Parkway to Circle K; however, the connection to the project will be gated and will only allow access for emergency vehicles. Therefore, the emergency access to the project was not evaluated.

As requested by El Paso County, it should be noted that all known development traffic studies have been included in this study in the last five years and this includes the *Crossroads-Meadowbrook-Reagan Ranch Master Traffic Impact Study* (MTIS) completed by Kimley-Horn and Associates in April 2021. Applicable documents from this master traffic impact study are attached.

Existing Roadway Network

Regional access to the project is provided by Interstate 25 (I-25) and US-24 while primary access to the project will be provided by Meadowbrook Parkway, State Highway 94 (SH-94), and Newt Drive. Direct access will be provided by one private street access, Spatium View, located along the south side of Meadowbrook Parkway.

Meadowbrook Parkway is an El Paso County Urban Non-Residential Collector roadway that provides one lane of travel in each direction with a 35 mile per hour speed limit through the study area. Newt Drive extends northwest and southeast with one through lane of travel in each direction.

Trip Generation

Site-generated traffic estimates are determined through a process known as trip generation. Rates and equations are applied to the proposed land use to estimate traffic generated by the development during a specific time interval. The acknowledged source for trip generation rates is the *Trip Generation Manual*¹ published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE). ITE has established trip rates in nationwide studies of similar land uses. Project generated traffic volumes are identified on a weekday daily as well as on a morning peak hour and afternoon peak hour basis. The morning peak hour is the highest one-hour time period of adjacent street traffic during four consecutive 15-minute intervals during the morning peak hour, between 7:00 am and 9:00 am. The afternoon peak hour is the highest one-hour time period of four consecutive 15-minute intervals between the hours of 4:00 pm and 6:00 pm representing the afternoon peak hour.

For this study, Kimley-Horn used the ITE Trip Generation Manual fitted curve equations that apply to Single-Family Detached Housing (ITE 210) for traffic associated with the Meadowbrook Park development.

Meadowbrook Park is expected to generate approximately 720 daily weekday trips with 52 of these trips occurring during the morning peak hour and 69 trips occurring during the afternoon peak hour. Calculations were based on the procedure and information provided in the ITE Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition – Volume 1: User's Guide and Handbook, 2017. **Table 1** provides the estimated trip generation for the project with calculation worksheets attached.

			Weekday Vehicle Trips									
			AM	Peak H	our	PM Peak Hour						
Use	Quantity	Daily	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total				
Meadowbrook Park												
Single Family Housing (ITE 210)	67 Units	720	13	39	52	43	26	69				

Table 1 – Meadowbrook Parkway Project Traffic Generation

Project Access Spacing Requirements and Internal Roadway Classifications

The proposed access intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway is proposed to align with Preble Drive and is located approximately 750 feet northeast of Newt Drive and 480 feet south of the Cole View and Meadowbrook Parkway intersection (measured centerline to centerline).

The intersection offsets surrounding the proposed access intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway meets the El Paso County spacing standards of 330 feet along collector roadways with access to local streets.

As the project is only anticipated to generate 720 daily vehicle trips and the internal streets to the project will not have any cut through traffic, all internal streets to the project meet El Paso County average daily traffic threshold standard of 300 vehicles per day for an Urban Local Low Volume street except for Spatium View and the segment of Nova View between Spatium View and Tenebris Point which are classified as an Urban Local street. Specifically, all the internal streets are expected to have daily traffic volumes less than 750 vehicles per day. Attached **Figure 3** illustrates the circulation plan and street classification map for roadways internal to Meadowbrook Park.

¹ Institute of Transportation Engineers, Trip Generation Manual, Tenth Edition, Washington DC, 2017.

Project Access: Lane Configurations, Operational Analysis, and Turn Lane Requirements

The future access intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway will align with Preble Drive. Left turn movements entering this project access will be provided from an existing two-way left turn lane along Meadowbrook Parkway. The westbound exiting approach of Spatium View should provide stop control with installation of a R1-1 "STOP" sign. Based on the original master traffic impact study, all movements at the intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway are expected to operate acceptably during the peak hours throughout the 2040 horizon. Applicable documents from the master traffic impact study including intersection operational outputs, traffic volume projections, and recommended lane configurations and control are attached.

A vehicle queuing analysis was conducted for the Spatium View/Meadowbrook Parkway intersection. The queuing analysis was performed using Synchro presenting the results of the 95th percentile queue lengths. Results are shown in the following **Table 2** with calculations provided within the level of service operational sheets.

Intersection Turn Lane	Existing Turn Lane Length (feet)	2026 Calculate d Queue (feet)	2026 Recommended Length (feet)	2040 Calculated Queue (feet)	2040 Recommended Length (feet)
Preble Dr/Spatium View & Meadowbrook Pkwy Southbound Left	125' TWLTL	25'	125' TWLTL	25'	125' TWLTL

Table 2 – Turn Lane Queuing Analysis Results

As shown in the above table, the vehicle queues for the southbound left turn movements along Meadowbrook Parkway is calculated as 25 feet (one vehicle). Therefore, it is believed that the southbound left turn queue at the intersection of Preble Drive/Spatium View will be accommodated in the existing two-way left turn lane.

The El Paso County ECM was used to determine if a right turn lane is warranted along Meadowbrook Parkway at the project access. El Paso County classifies Meadowbrook Parkway as an Urban Non-Residential Collector. According to El Paso County ECM guidelines for Minor Arterials and Lower Classifications, a right turn lane is required for any access with a projected peak hour right turning volume of 50 vehicles per hour or greater.

Based on 2040 traffic volume projections, right turn lane requirements at the intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway are as follows:

• A northeastbound right turn lane <u>is not</u> warranted for the intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway based on projected 2040 total traffic volumes being 30 northbound right turns during the peak hour and the threshold being 50 vehicles per hour.

Sight Distance Evaluation

It is recommended that appropriate sight distance triangles be provided at the future access intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway to give drivers exiting the development areas a clear view of oncoming traffic. Landscaping and objects within sight triangles must not obstruct drivers' views of the adjacent travel lanes. Intersection sight distances for left turn from stop and right turn from stop were analyzed for the proposed project access along Meadowbrook Parkway.

With El Paso County standards and a design speed of 40 miles per hour along Meadowbrook Parkway, the intersection sight distance for a vehicle turning from stop is 445 feet. Therefore, all

Meadowbrook Park Traffic Letter 096956015 Page 5

obstructions for turning vehicles from stop should be clear to the right and left within the triangle created with a vertex point located 13 feet (10 feet from local roads) from the edge of the major road traveled way (typical position of the minor road driver's eye when stopped) and a line of sight distance of 445 feet located in the middle of the northeastbound and southwestbound through lanes along Meadowbrook Parkway. It is believed that the project access is appropriately located to provide the necessary sight distance needed but verification should be provided with sight distance triangles incorporated within the design plans.

Road Impact Fee

Road impact fees were evaluated based on the El Paso County Road Impact Fee Schedule. Based on these fee schedule guidelines, the fee per single-family dwelling unit is \$3,830. Therefore, the road impact fee for the proposed 67 single family residences is expected to be \$256,610. Road impact fee calculations are shown in **Table 3**. During the final plat process, the project team will determine if the impact fees are paid up front or if the property will be included in one of the available public improvement districts with reduced upfront costs. The project team will determine payment methods with the final plat.

Table 3 – Road Impact Fees

Use	Units	Fee / Unit	Total Fee
Single Family Housing (ITE 210)	67	\$3,830.00	\$256,610.00

Conclusions and Recommendations

In summary, this traffic study provides project traffic generation estimates to identify potential project traffic related impacts on the local street system with the proposed Meadowbrook Park project. Based on the analysis presented in this study, Kimley-Horn believes the proposed Meadowbrook Park development will be successfully incorporated into the existing and future roadway network. A deviation request has been submitted to El Paso County to propose the use of private roads within a 50-foot private road easement and tract. The easement includes drainage, public improvement, public utility, landscaping, sidewalks, and pedestrian easement as identified on the planned unit development subdivision preliminary. Ownership and maintenance of the private road facilities will be the responsibility of the Meadowbrook Crossing Metropolitan District No. 1.

The intersection offsets surrounding the proposed access intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway meets the El Paso County spacing standards of 330 feet along collector roadways with access to local streets. It is believed that the Meadowbrook Parkway and Spatium View intersection is appropriately located to provide the necessary intersection sight distance set forth by El Paso County.

The future access intersection of Spatium View and Meadowbrook Parkway will align with Preble Drive. Left turn movements for entering this project access will be provided from an existing two-way left turn lane along Meadowbrook Parkway. The westbound exiting approach of this driveway should provide stop control with installation of a R1-1 "STOP" sign.



Meadowbrook Park Traffic Letter 096956015 Page 6

The development of Meadowbrook Park is not expected to trigger any of the offsite improvements identified in the *Crossroads-Meadowbrook-Reagan Ranch Master MTIS*. The project is anticipated to be accommodated by the existing street network. If you have any questions or require anything further, please feel free to call me at (720) 943-9962.

Sincerely,

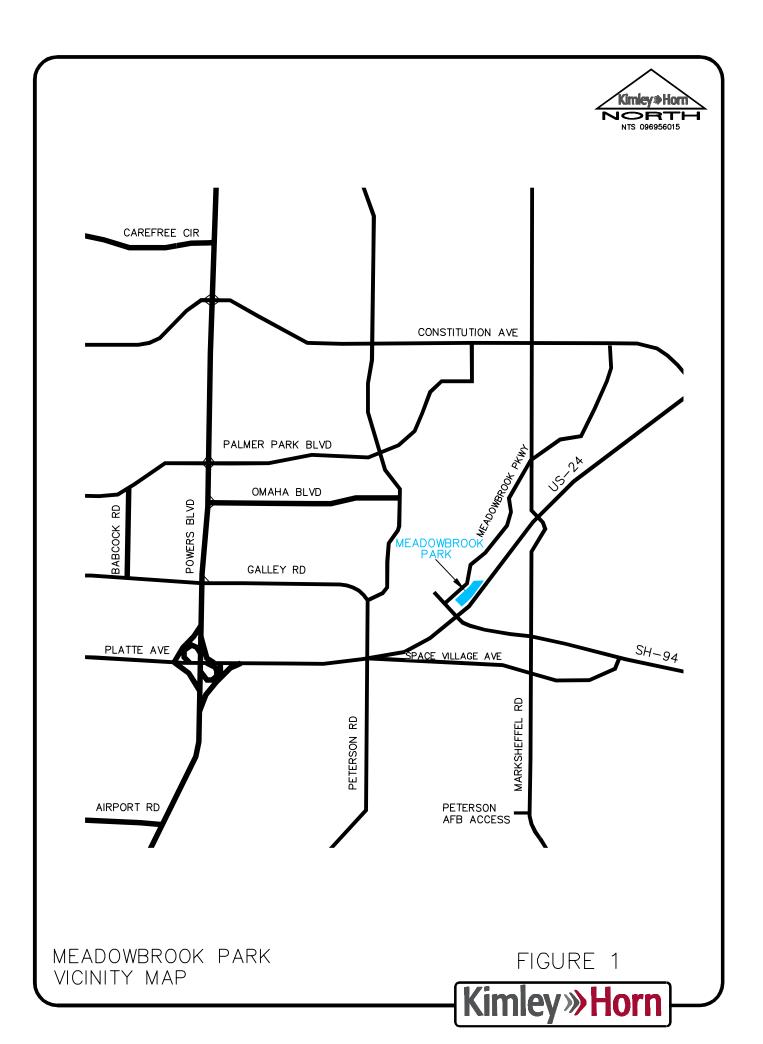
KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

Drey R. Flanck

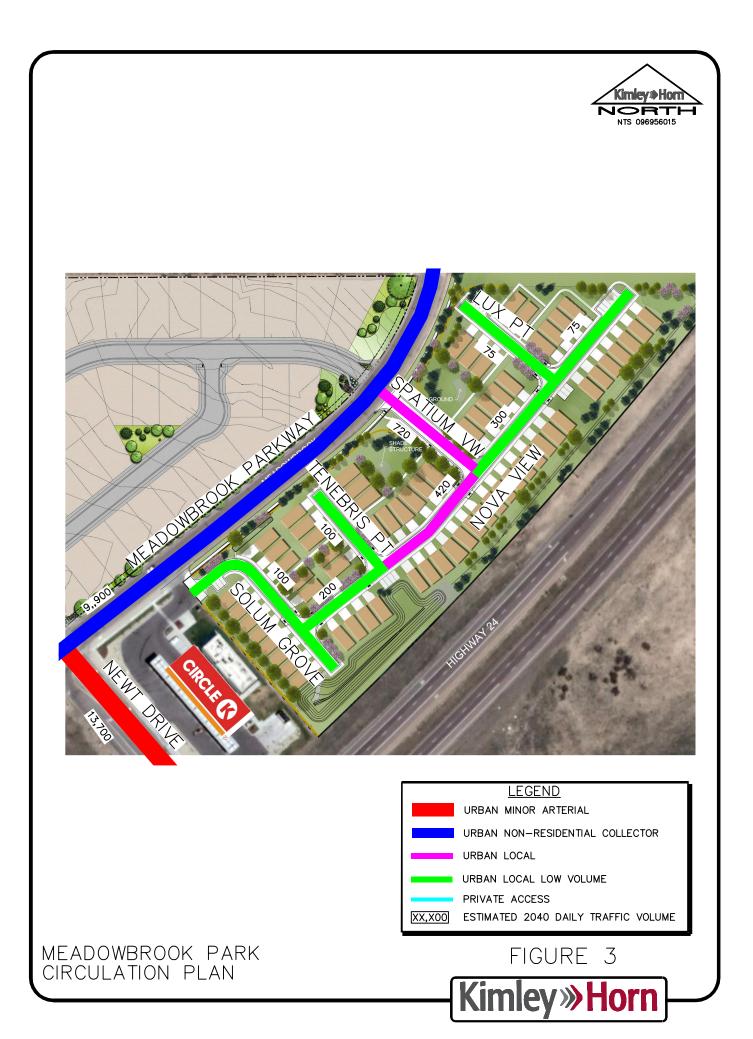
Jeffrey R. Planck, P.E. Project Manager



Figures







Trip Generation Worksheets

Meadowbrook Park Trip Generation Summary

			Weekday Vehicle Trips							
			AM	Peak H	our	PM Peak Hour				
Use	Quantity	In	Out	Total						
	Меа	adowbroo	ok Park							
Single Family Housing (ITE 210)	67 Units	720	13	39	52	43	26	69		

		nch (Meadowbrook P	ark)	
Subject Trip Generation for	e ,			
Designed by JRP		February 08, 2021		
Checked by	Date		Sheet No of	
TRIP GENERATION MANUAL T	ECHNIQUES			
ITE Trip Generation Manual 10th	Edition, Fitted Curv	e Equations		
Land Use Code - Single-Family D	etached Housing(210)		
Independant Variable - Dwelling L	Jnits (X)			
X = <mark>67</mark> T = Average Vehicle Trip En	ds			
Peak Hour of Adjacent Street T	raffic, One Hour B	etween 7 and 9 a.m.	(200 Series Page 3)	
Average Weekday (T) = 0.71 (X) + 4.80 (T) = 0.71 * (67) +		irectional Distribution = 52 Ave 13 entering	rage Vehicle Trip Ends	exit.
		13 + 39	= 52	
Peak Hour of Adjacent Street T	raffic, One Hour B	etween 4 and 6 p.m.	(200 Series Page 4)	
Average Weekday Ln(T) = 0.96 Ln(X) + 0.20 Ln(T) = 0.96 * Ln(67) +	Т	irectional Distribution = 69 Aver 43 entering	rage Vehicle Trip Ends	exit.
		43 + 26	= 69	
Peak Hour of Generator, Saturo	lay (200 Series Pa	ge 8)		
Average Saturday (T) = 0.84 (X) + 17.99 (T) = 0.84 * (67) +		irectional Distribution = 74 Aven 40 entering	: 54% ent. 46% rage Vehicle Trip Ends 34 exiting	exit.
		40 + 34	= 74	
Weekday (200 Series Page 2)				
Average Weekday Ln(T) = 0.92 Ln(X) + 2.71 Ln(T) = 0.92 * Ln(67) +			: 50% entering, 50% exiting rage Vehicle Trip Ends 360 exiting]
		360 + 360	= 720	

Original Traffic Study Documents

Intersection

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations		\$			\$		1	et P		7	4		
Traffic Vol, veh/h	5	0	10	30	0	15	5	280	10	5	365	5	
Future Vol, veh/h	5	0	10	30	0	15	5	280	10	5	365	5	
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	100	-	-	
Veh in Median Storage,	# -	1	-	-	1	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	6	2	2	6	2	
Mvmt Flow	5	0	11	33	0	16	5	304	11	5	397	5	

Major/Minor	Minor2			Minor1			Vajor1		Ν	lajor2				
Conflicting Flow All	738	735	400	735	732	310	402	0	0	315	0	0		
Stage 1	410	410	-	320	320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Stage 2	328	325	-	415	412	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Critical Hdwy	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22	4.12	-	-	4.12	-	-		
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-		
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	334	347	650	335	348	730	1157	-	-	1245	-	-		
Stage 1	619	595	-	692	652	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Stage 2	685	649	-	615	594	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Platoon blocked, %								-	-		-	-		
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	324	344	650	327	345	730	1157	-	-	1245	-	-		
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	439	438	-	440	438	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Stage 1	617	593	-	689	649	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Stage 2	667	646	-	602	592	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Approach	FB			WB			NB			SB				

Approach	EB	WB	NB	SB	
HCM Control Delay, s	11.6	12.9	0.1	0.1	ĺ
HCM LOS	В	В			

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBL	NBT	NBR	NBR EBLn1WBLn1			SBT	SBR
Capacity (veh/h)	1157	-	-	560	507	1245	-	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.005	-	-	0.029	0.096	0.004	-	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.1	-	-	11.6	12.9	7.9	-	-
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	В	В	А	-	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	-	-	0.1	0.3	0	-	-

Intersection

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations		\$			\$		1	et 👘		1	et -		
Traffic Vol, veh/h	5	0	10	20	0	10	10	210	30	15	405	5	
Future Vol, veh/h	5	0	10	20	0	10	10	210	30	15	405	5	
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	
RT Channelized	-	-	None										
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	100	-	-	
Veh in Median Storage	,# -	1	-	-	1	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	5	0	11	22	0	11	11	228	33	16	440	5	

Major/Minor	Minor2			Vinor1			Vajor1		1	Major2			
Conflicting Flow All	747	758	443	747	744	245	445	0	0	261	0	0	
Stage 1	475	475	-	267	267	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	272	283	-	480	477	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Critical Hdwy	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22	4.12	-	-	4.12	-	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-	
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	329	336	615	329	343	794	1115	-	-	1303	-	-	
Stage 1	570	557	-	738	688	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	734	677	-	567	556	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Platoon blocked, %								-	-		-	-	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	319	329	615	318	335	794	1115	-	-	1303	-	-	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	427	420	-	422	423	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 1	564	550	-	731	681	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	717	670	-	550	549	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB			

Approach	FR	WB	NB	SB	
HCM Control Delay, s	11.9	12.7	0.3	0.3	
HCM LOS	В	В			

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBL	NBT	NBR E	BLn1	VBLn1	SBL	SBT	SBR
Capacity (veh/h)	1115	-	-	536	500	1303	-	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.01	-	-	0.03	0.065	0.013	-	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.3	-	-	11.9	12.7	7.8	-	-
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	В	В	А	-	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	-	-	0.1	0.2	0	-	-

Intersection

Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations		\$			÷		1	et F		1	el 👘		
Traffic Vol, veh/h	5	0	10	30	0	15	5	315	10	5	420	5	
Future Vol, veh/h	5	0	10	30	0	15	5	315	10	5	420	5	
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	100	-	-	
Veh in Median Storage	e, # -	1	-	-	1	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	6	2	2	6	2	
Mvmt Flow	5	0	11	33	0	16	5	342	11	5	457	5	

Major/Minor	Minor2			Minor1		[Major1		ľ	Najor2			
Conflicting Flow All	836	833	460	833	830	348	462	0	0	353	0	0	
Stage 1	470	470	-	358	358	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	366	363	-	475	472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Critical Hdwy	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22	4.12	-	-	4.12	-	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-	
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	287	304	601	288	306	695	1099	-	-	1206	-	-	
Stage 1	574	560	-	660	628	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	653	625	-	570	559	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Platoon blocked, %								-	-		-	-	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	278	301	601	281	303	695	1099	-	-	1206	-	-	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	400	404	-	400	405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 1	571	558	-	657	625	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	635	622	-	557	557	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB			
LION Control Delaw	10.0			10 /			0.1			0.1			

HCM Control Delay, s	12.2	13.6	0.1	0.1	
HCM LOS	В	В			

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBL	NBT	NBR	EBLn1	VBLn1	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Capacity (veh/h)	1099	-	-	515	466	1206	-	-	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.005	-	-	0.032	0.105	0.005	-	-	
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.3	-	-	12.2	13.6	8	-	-	
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	В	В	А	-	-	
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	-	-	0.1	0.3	0	-	-	

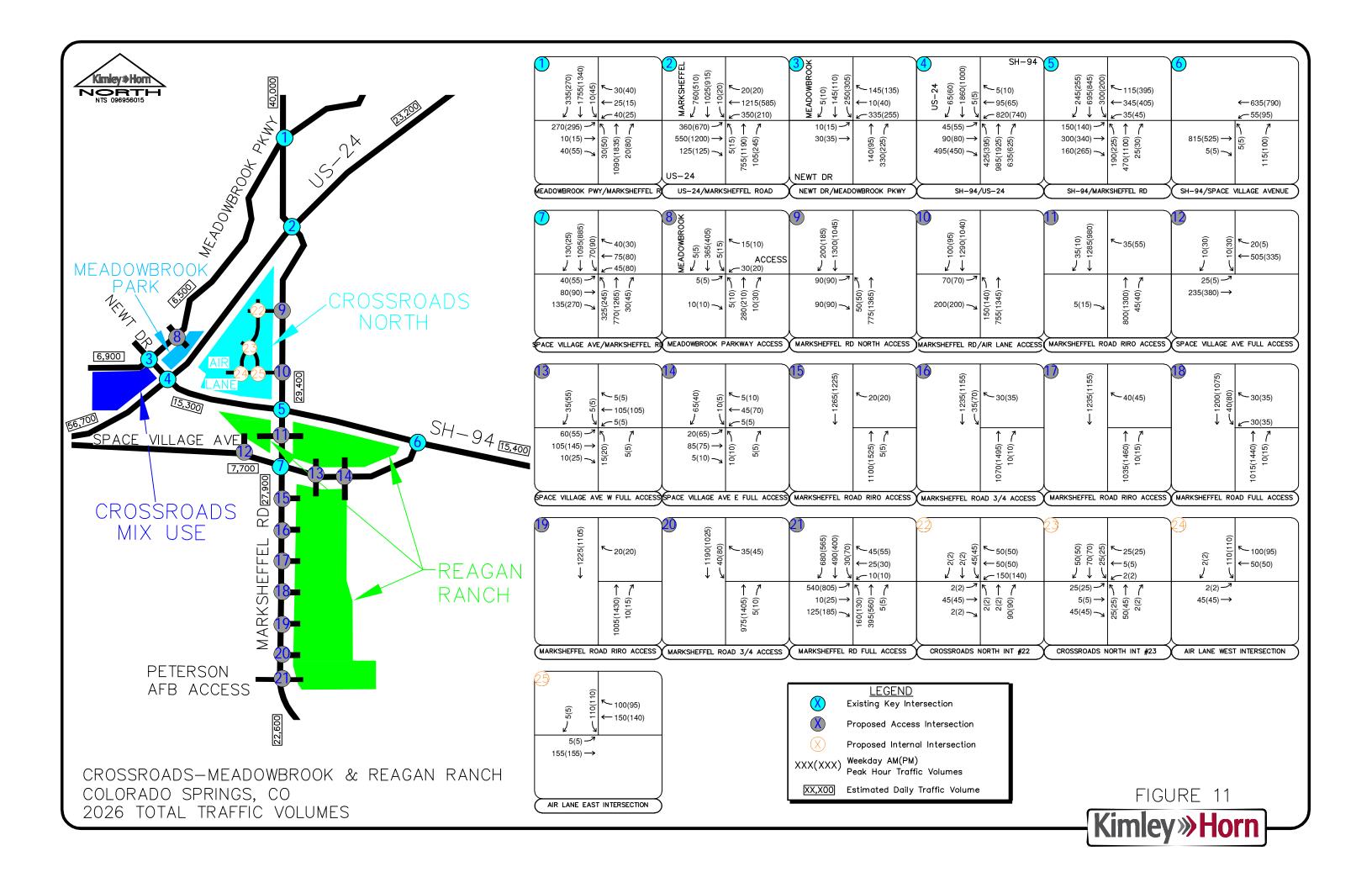
Intersection

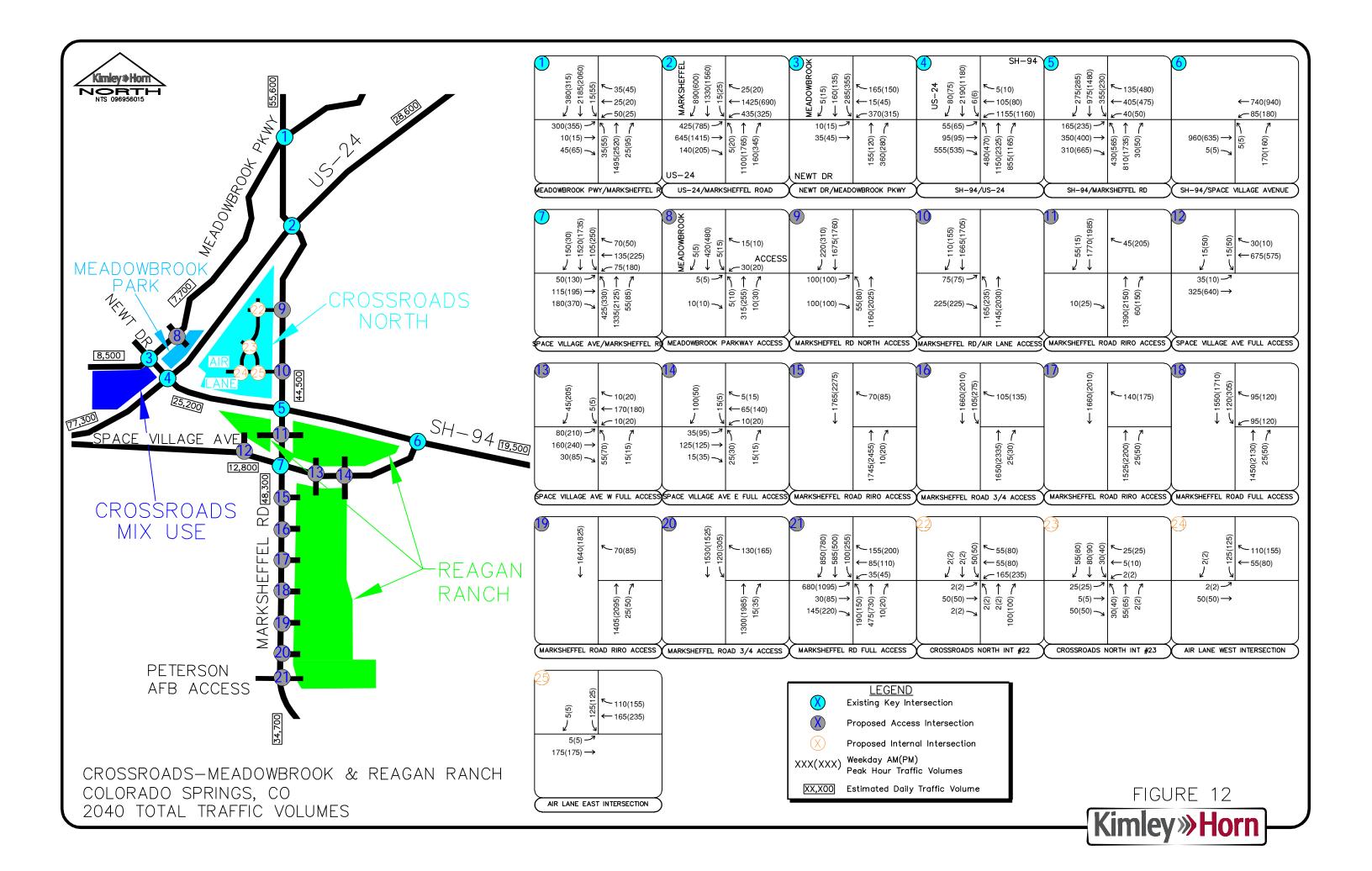
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR	
Lane Configurations		\$			÷		1	et F		1	el e		
Traffic Vol, veh/h	5	0	10	20	0	10	10	255	30	15	480	5	
Future Vol, veh/h	5	0	10	20	0	10	10	255	30	15	480	5	
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sign Control	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	
Storage Length	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	100	-	-	
Veh in Median Storage,	# -	1	-	-	1	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Peak Hour Factor	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Mvmt Flow	5	0	11	22	0	11	11	277	33	16	522	5	

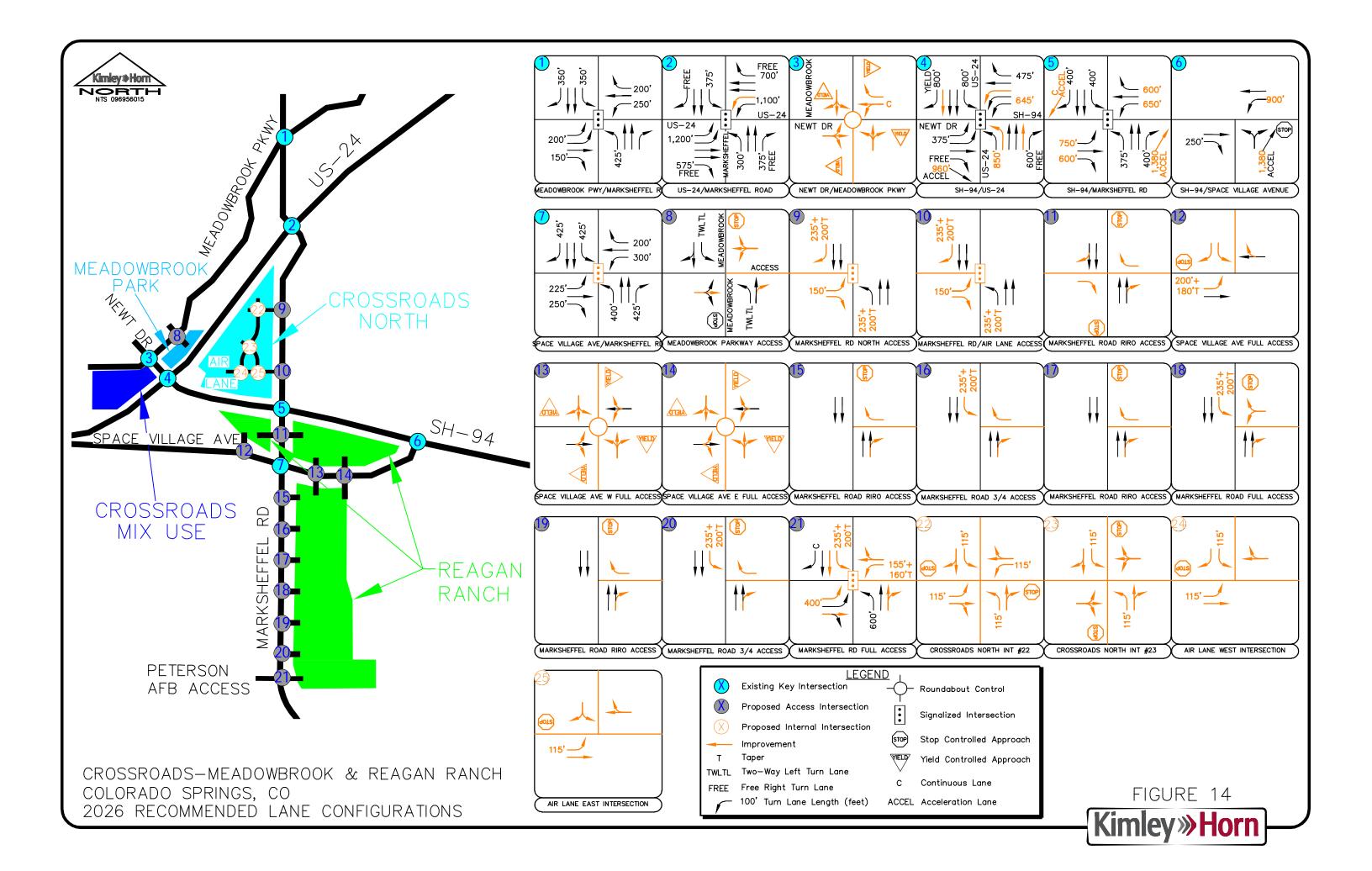
Major/Minor	Minor2		[Vinor1			Major1			M	ajor2			
Conflicting Flow All	878	889	525	878	875	294	527	0	C)	310	0	0	
Stage 1	557	557	-	316	316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	321	332	-	562	559	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Critical Hdwy	7.12	6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22	4.12	-	-	-	4.12	-	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	6.12	5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Follow-up Hdwy	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318	2.218	-	-	- 2	2.218	-	-	
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	268	282	552	268	288	745	1040	-	-	-	1250	-	-	
Stage 1	515	512	-	695	655	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	691	644	-	512	511	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Platoon blocked, %								-	-	-		-	-	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	259	275	552	258	281	745	1040	-	-	-	1250	-	-	
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	377	377	-	371	379	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 1	509	505	-	687	648	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stage 2	674	637	-	495	504	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
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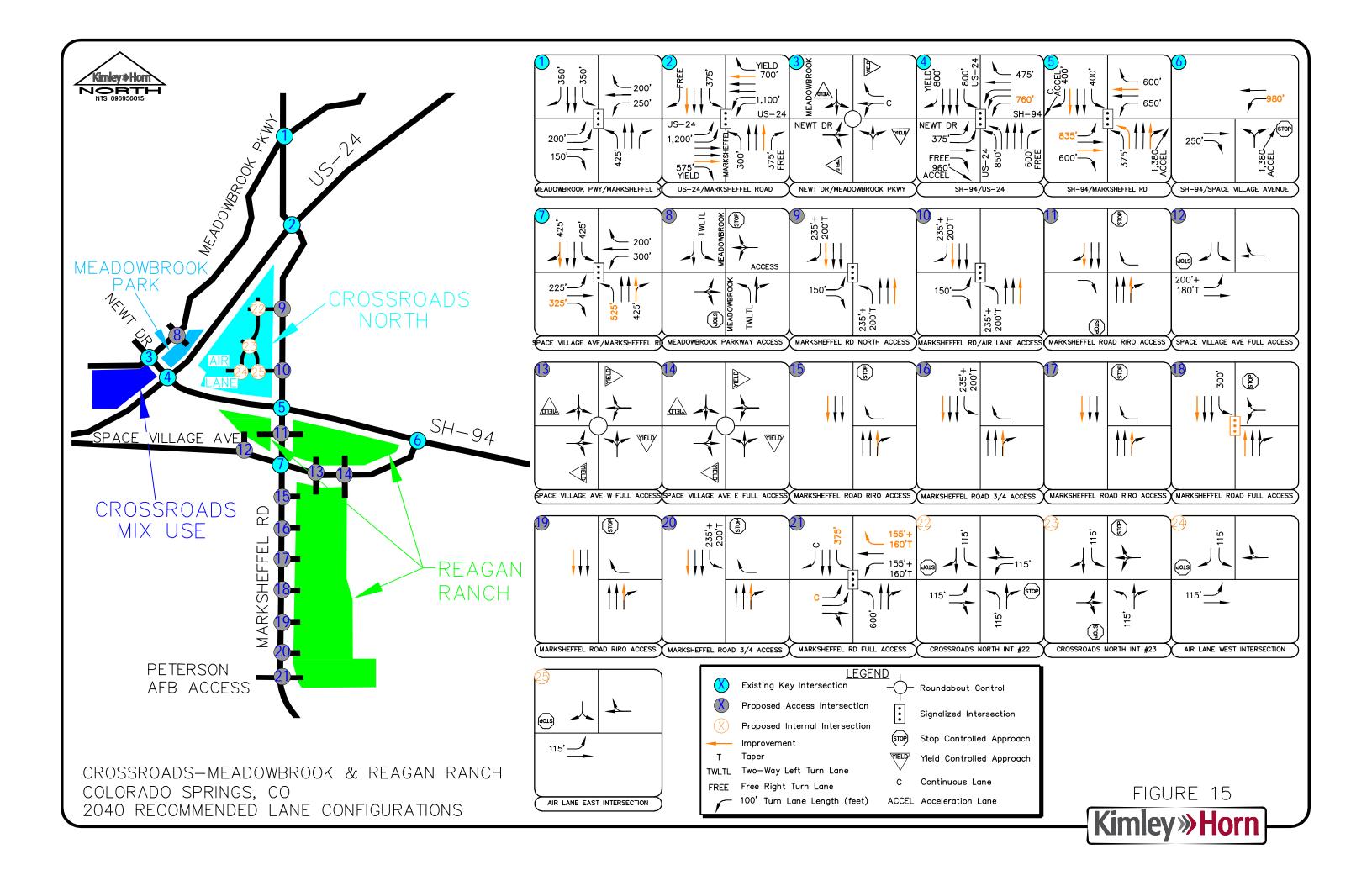
Approach	EB	WB	NB	SB	
HCM Control Delay, s	12.8	13.7	0.3	0.2	
HCM LOS	В	В			

Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBL	NBT	NBR	EBLn1\	WBLn1	SBL	SBT	SBR
Capacity (veh/h)	1040	-	-	478	446	1250	-	-
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.01	-	-	0.034	0.073	0.013	-	-
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.5	-	-	12.8	13.7	7.9	-	-
HCM Lane LOS	А	-	-	В	В	А	-	-
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	-	-	0.1	0.2	0	-	-









Conceptual Site Plans



