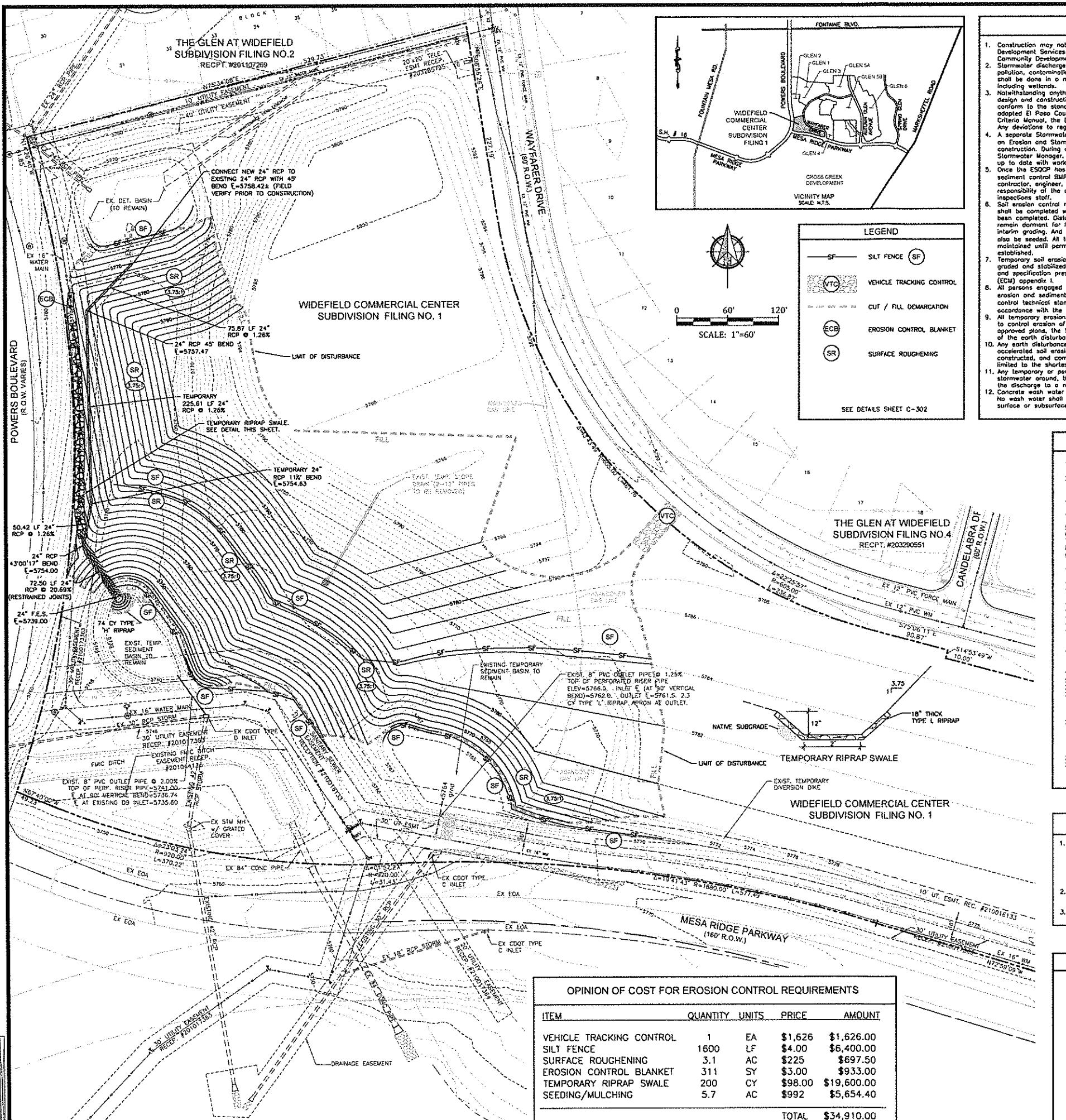


## WIDEFIELD COMMERCIAL CENTER SUBDIVISION PLAN

### OVERLOT GRADING & EROSION CONTROL

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO



### STANDARD EPC GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- Development may not commence until a Construction Permit is obtained from Construction Services and a Preconstruction Conference is held with Planning and Community Development Department.
- Stormwater discharges from construction sites shall not cause or threaten to cause pollution, contamination, or degradation of State Waters. All work and earth disturbance shall be done in a manner that minimizes pollution of any on-site or off-site waters, including wetlands.
- No person shall do anything depicted in these plans in words or graphic representation, all design and construction related to roads, storm drainage and erosion control shall conform to the standards and requirements of the most recent version of the relevant adopted El Paso County standards, including the Land Development Code, the Engineering Criteria Manual, the Drainage Criteria Manual, and the Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 2.
- A separate Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) for this project shall be completed and submitted to the El Paso County Engineering Division (ECDP) prior to commencing construction. During construction, the SWMP shall be maintained by the designated Stormwater Manager. The SWMP shall be located on site at all times and shall be kept up to date with work progress and changes in the field.
- Once the ESDP has been issued, the contractor may install the initial stage erosion and sediment control BMP's as indicated on the CEC. A preconstruction meeting between the contractor, engineer, and El Paso County will be held prior to any construction. It is the responsibility of the applicant to coordinate the meeting time and place with the CEC and inspection staff.
- Soil erosion control measures for all slopes, channels, ditches, or any disturbed land area shall be completed within 21 calendar days after final grading, or earth disturbance, has been completed. Disturbed areas and stockpiles, which are not of final grade but will remain grading for longer than 30 days, shall also be mulched within 21 days after interim grading. Any area that is going to remain on interim grading more than 30 days shall be treated. All temporary soil erosion and sediment control measures and BMP's shall be maintained until permanent soil erosion control measures are implemented and established.
- Temporary soil erosion control facilities shall be removed and earth disturbance areas graded and stabilized with permanent soil erosion control measures pursuant to standards and specifications prescribed in the DCM Volume II and the Engineering Criteria Manual (ECM) Appendix I.
- All persons engaged with earth disturbance shall implement and maintain acceptable soil erosion and sediment control measures including BMP's in conformance with the erosion control technical standards of the Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM) Volume II and in accordance with the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP).
- All temporary erosion control facilities including BMP's and all permanent facilities intended to control erosion of any earth disturbance operations shall be installed as defined in the approved plans, the SWMP and the DCM Volume II and maintained throughout the duration of the earth disturbance operation.
- Any earth disturbance shall be conducted in such a manner so as to effectively reduce accelerated soil erosion and resulting sedimentation. All disturbances shall be designed, constructed, and completed so that the exposed area of any disturbed land shall be limited to the shortest practical period of time.
- Any earth disturbance facility designed and constructed for the conveyance of stormwater around, through, or from the earth disturbance area shall be designed to the discharge to a non-turbid velocity.
- Concrete wash water shall be contained and disposed of in accordance with the SWMP. No wash water shall be discharged to or allowed to runoff to State Waters, including any surface or subsurface storm drainage system or facilities.

### PROJECT SPECIFIC GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- PCD Unresolved**
- All earthwork required of this construction shall be completed in accordance with all applicable sections of the Project Specifications and Soil Investigation Report (Geotechnical Report).
  - Rubbish, including timber, concrete rubble, trees, brush, and asphalt shall not be backfilled adjacent to any of the structures or be in the placement of any disturbed fill. The Contractor shall be responsible for the removal and hauling of such materials to a suitable spoil area. Costs associated with the removal of such materials shall be paid for as documented in the Project Specifications.
  - Excess excavation shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of at the Contractor's expense. The cost of excavated materials shall be paid for as documented in the Project Specifications.
  - Water shall be used as a dust palliative as required and shall be included in the cost for earthwork item(s). No separate payment shall be made for water usage.
  - The road grade shall be cleared of vegetation and the topsoil stockpiled for later use.
  - Excavation shall be in accordance with the Geotechnical Report for the area.
  - Placement of fill for roadway embankments shall be completed in conformance with the Geotechnical Report.
  - Cutting contours shown on this plan are to final grade.
  - Compaction under filled areas, including roadway and detention basin embankments, shall be 95 percent of the maximum Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698) at two (2) percent of optimum moisture content.
  - No rubble or debris shall be placed in the backfill under any of the proposed buildings, streets, curbs & gutters, sidewalk and drainage structures or within five (5) feet of a building footprint. Properly graded rubble may be used in some locations as specified and verified by the Geotechnical Engineer.
  - Contractor is responsible for reviewing the site prior to bidding to verify site conditions.
  - Owner is responsible for providing erosion control measures as approved by the El Paso County Inspector.
  - All slopes equal to or greater than 3:1 shall require anchored soil retention blanket (SRB), Geocoir 700 or equal.
  - All soil used for fill must be approved by a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer.
  - All natural ground to receive fill must be properly secured, watered and compacted prior to placing fill.
  - Independent investigation shall be performed by the Contractor to determine the required dewatering system. The Contractor shall perform such independent investigation as he deems necessary to satisfy himself as to the subsurface groundwater conditions and unstable soil conditions to be encountered throughout the construction. Contractor shall coordinate the dewatering system with El Paso County when associated with public facilities.
  - No fill shall be placed, spread or rolled while it is frozen, thawing or during unfavorable weather conditions. When the work is interrupted by heavy rain, fill operations shall not be resumed until a representative of the Geotechnical Engineer indicates that the moisture content and density of the previously placed fill are as specified.
  - Additional erosion control structures/soil/ggrading may be required during the time of construction.
  - Sediment removal for erosion control facilities shall be performed continuously for proper function.
  - Base mapping was provided by Pinnacle Land Surveying. The date of the last survey update was January 2014.
  - Proposed Construction Schedule:  
Begin Construction: Spring 2018  
End Construction: Summer 2019  
Total Site Work: 12 months
  - Area to be disturbed = 5.7 Acres (est.)  
Existing 100-year runoff coefficient = 0.50  
Proposed 100-year runoff coefficient = 0.50  
Existing Hydrologic Soil Groups: D  
(D = Nelson-Tessell fine sandy loam)
  - Site is currently undeveloped and covered with native grasses on moderate to steep slopes (3%-18%).
  - Site is located in the Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin.

### EROSION CONTROL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

- A THOROUGH INSPECTION OF THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN/STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM SHALL BE PERFORMED EVERY 14 DAYS AS WELL AS AFTER ANY RAIN OR SNOWMELT EVENT THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION
- ANY ACCUMULATED TRASH OR DEBRIS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM OUTLETS.
- AN INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE LOG SHALL BE KEPT.



Know what's below.  
Call before you dig.

### SEED MIX

AREAS DISTURBED BY THE EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES AND NOT RECEIVING OTHER TREATMENT SHALL BE PERMANENTLY REVETEATED WITH THE FOLLOWING SEED MIX.

SPECIES	VARIETY	lbs/acre
SIDEGRASS CRAMA	El Reno	3.0
WESTERN WHEAT GRASS	Bartons	2.5
BLENDED GRASS	Native	2.0
LAWN BLEUETTE	Pasture	2.0
SAND DROPSIED	Native	0.5
SWITCH GRASS	Nebraska 28	3.0
KEEPING LOVE GRASS	Morphis	1.0

SEEDING APPLICATION: DRILL SEED 1/4" TO 1/2" INTO TOPSOIL. IN AREAS INACCESSIBLE TO A DRILL, BROADCAST AT DOUBLE THE RATE AND RAKE 1/4" TO 1/2" INTO THE TOPSOIL. MULCHING APPLICATION: 1-1/2 TONS NATIVE HAY PER ACRE, MECHANICALLY CRIMPED INTO THE TOPSOIL.

### STATEMENTS

**ENGINEER'S STATEMENT**  
THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE EL PASO COUNTY DESIGN CRITERIA FOR GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS. I ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LIABILITY CAUSED BY ANY NEGLECTFUL ACTS, ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON MY PART IN PREPARING THIS PLAN.

ANDREW W. McCORD P.E. 25057  
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF KIOWA ENGINEERING CORPORATION

DATE

**OWNER'S STATEMENT**  
THE OWNER WILL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.

J. MARK WATSON, PRESIDENT  
GLEN DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, 3 WIDEFIELD BOULEVARD, COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80911

DATE

Project No.: 17044  
Date: May 10, 2018  
Design: NRK  
Drawn: CAD  
Check: AWMc  
Revisions:

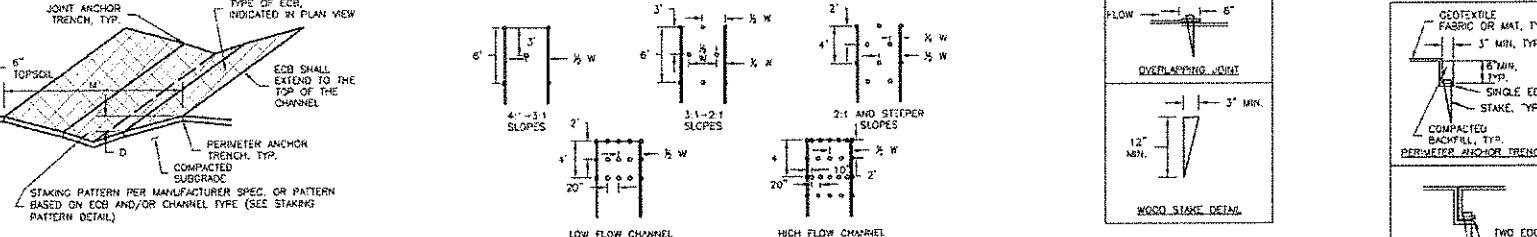
SHEET

C-301

Add PCD File No. CDR-18-004

TABLE ECB-1. ECB MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
TYPE	COCONUT CONTENT	STRAW CONTENT	FELCISOL CONTENT	RIGID/IMPERMEABLE NETTING**
STRAW	-	100%	-	DOUBLE/NATURAL
STRAW-COCONUT	30% MIN	70% MAX	-	DOUBLE/NATURAL
COCONUT	100%	-	-	DOUBLE/NATURAL
EXCELSIOR	-	-	100%	DOUBLE/NATURAL

STRAW/ECB MAY ONLY BE USED OUTSIDE OF STREAMS AND DRAINAGE CHANNELS.



ECB-2. SMALL DITCH OR DRAINAGEWAY

STAKING PATTERNS BY SLOPE OR CHANNEL TYPE

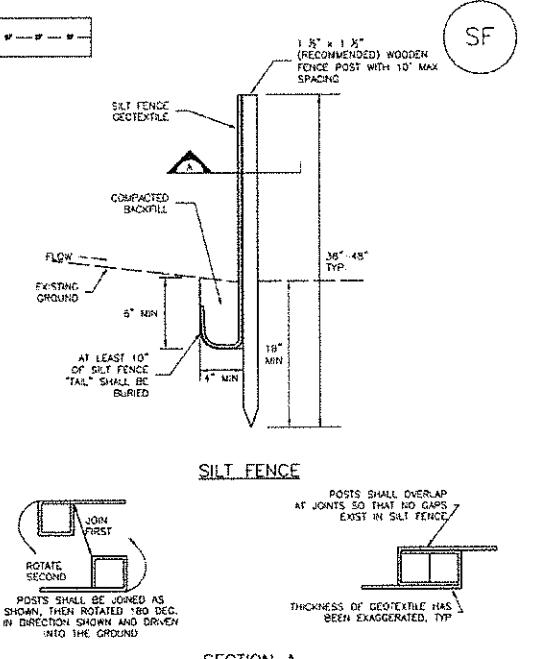
## EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (ECB) NTS

### EROSION CONTROL BLANKET INSTALLATION NOTES

- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:  
-LOCATION OF ECB.  
-TYPE OF ECB (STRAW, STRAW-COCONUT, COCONUT, OR EXCELSIOR).  
-AREA, A, IN SQUARE YARDS OF EACH TYPE OF ECB.
- 100% NATURAL AND BIODEGRADABLE MATERIALS ARE PREFERRED FOR ECB, ALTHOUGH SOME JURISDICTIONS MAY ALLOW OTHER MATERIALS IN SOME APPLICATIONS.
- IN AREAS WHERE ECBs ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE PERIMETER SHALL PLACE TOPSOIL, FERTILIZER, AND ADDITIONAL SURFACE PREPARATION, AND SEEDING AND MULCHING SUBGRADE SHALL BE SMOOTH AND MOIST PRIOR TO ECB INSTALLATION AND THE ECB SHALL BE IN FULL CONTACT WITH SUBGRADE. NO GAPS OR Voids SHALL EXIST UNDER THE BLANKET.
- PERIMETER ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED ALONG THE OUTSIDE PERIMETER OF ALL BLANKET AREAS.
- JUNCTION ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED TO JOIN ROLLS OF ECB TOGETHER (LONGITUDINALLY AND TRANSVERSELY) FOR ALL ECBs EXCEPT STRAW WHICH MAY USE AN OVERLAPPING JOINT.
- INTERMEDIATE ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED AT SPACING OF ONE-HALF ROLL LENGTH FOR COCONUT AND EXCELSIOR ECB.
- OVERLAPPING JOINT DETAIL SHALL BE USED TO JOIN ROLLS OF ECBs TOGETHER FOR ECBs ON SLOPES.
- MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS OF ECBs SHALL CONFORM TO TABLE ECB-1.
- ANY AREAS OF SEEDING AND MULCHING DISTURBED IN THE PROCESS OF INSTALLING ECBs SHALL BE RESEEDED AND MULCHED.

### EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAINTENANCE NOTES

- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- ECBs SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE TO EVENTUALLY BIODEGRADE, UNLESS REQUESTED TO BE REMOVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
- ANY ECB FAILED OUT, TORN, OR OTHERWISE DAMAGED SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REINSTALLED, ANY SUBGRADE AREAS BELOW THE GEOTEXTILE THAT HAVE ERODED OR CREATED A VOID UNDER THE BLANKET, OR THAT REMAIN DEVOID OF TOPSOIL SHALL BE REPAIRED, RESEEDED AND MULCHED AND THE ECB REINSTALLED.



SILT FENCE

SECTION A

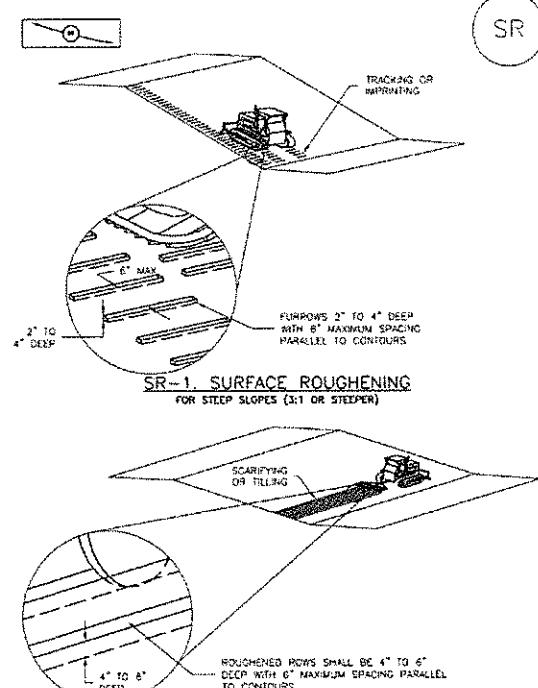
### SILT FENCE INSTALLATION NOTES

- SILT FENCE MUST BE PLACED AWAY FROM THE TOE OF THE SLOPE TO ALLOW FOR WATER PONDING. SILT FENCE AT THE TOE OF A SLOPE SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN A FLAT LOCATION AT LEAST SEVERAL FEET (2-5 FT.) FROM THE TOE OF THE SLOPE TO ALLOW ROOM FOR PONDING AND DEPOSITION.
- A UNIFORM 6" X 4" ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED USING TRENCHER OR SILT FENCE INSTALLATION DEVICE. NO ROAD GRADERS BACKHOES, OR SIMILAR EQUIPMENT SHALL BE USED.
- COMPACT ANCHOR TRENCH BY HAND WITH A "JUMPING JACK" OR BY WHEEL ROLLING. COMPACTION SHALL BE SUCH THAT SILT FENCE RESETS BEING PULLED OUT OF ANCHOR TRENCH BY HAND.
- SILT FENCE SHALL BE PULLED TIGHT AS IT IS ANCHORED TO THE STAKES. THERE SHOULD BE NO NOTICEABLE SAG BETWEEN STAKES AFTER IT HAS BEEN ANCHORED TO THE STAKES.
- SILT FENCE FABRIC SHALL BE ANCHORED TO THE STAKES USING 1" HEAVY CUT STAPLES OR NAILS WITH 1" HEADS. STAPLES AND NAILS SHOULD BE PLACED 3" ALONG THE FABRIC DOWN THE STAKE.
- AT THE END OF A RUN OF SILT FENCE ALONG A CONTOUR, THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE TURNED PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR TO CREATE A "J-HOOK." THE "J-HOOK" EXTENDING PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR SHOULD BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO KEEP RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE END OF THE SILT FENCE (TYPICALLY 10 - 20').
- SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

### SILT FENCE MAINTENANCE NOTES

- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN THE FUNCTIONALITY OF THE BMP. TYPICALLY WHEN DEPTH OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT IS APPROXIMATELY 6".
- REPAIR OR REPLACE SILT FENCE WHEN THERE ARE SIGNS OF WEAR, SUCH AS SAGGING, TEARING, OR COLLAPSE.
- SILT FENCE IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE LMS TEAM DISBURSED AREA IS STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, OR IS REPLACED BY AN EQUIVALENT PERIMETER GROWTH CONTROL BMP.
- WHEN SILT FENCE IS REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDING, AND MULCHING OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.

SILT FENCE SF  
NTS

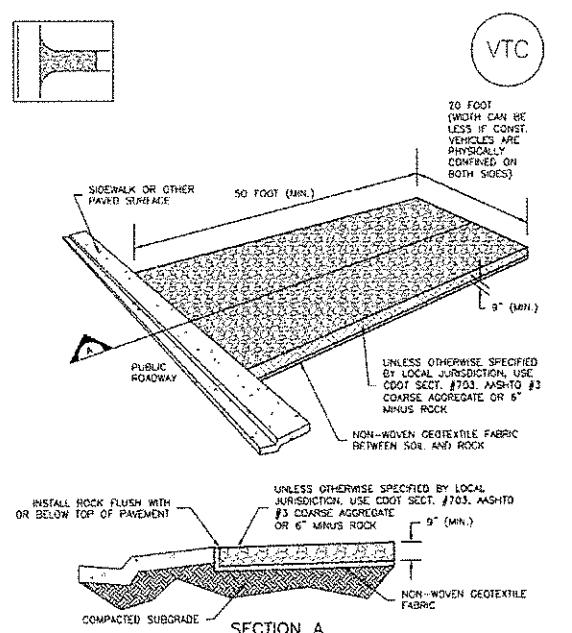


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- WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN THE FUNCTIONALITY OF THE BMP. TYPICALLY WHEN DEPTH OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT IS APPROXIMATELY 6".
- REPAIR OR REPLACE SILT FENCE WHEN THERE ARE SIGNS OF WEAR, SUCH AS SAGGING, TEARING, OR COLLAPSE.
- SILT FENCE IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE LMS TEAM DISBURSED AREA IS STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, OR IS REPLACED BY AN EQUIVALENT PERIMETER GROWTH CONTROL BMP.
- WHEN SILT FENCE IS REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDING, AND MULCHING OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.

SURFACE ROUGHENING VTC  
NTS



### STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT INSTALLATION NOTES

- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:  
-LOCATION OF CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S)/EXIT(S).  
-TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S)/EXIT(S) (WITH/WITHOUT WHEEL WASH, CONSTRUCTION MAT OR TRM).
- CONSTRUCTION MAT OR TRM STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE ONLY TO BE USED ON SHORT DURATION PROJECTS (TYPICALLY RANGING FROM A WEEK TO A MONTH) WHERE THERE WILL BE LIMITED VEHICULAR ACCESS.
- A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE LOCATED AT ALL ACCESS POINTS WHERE VEHICLES ACCESS THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FROM PAVED RIGHT-OF-WAYS.
- STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- A NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL BE PLACED UNDER THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ROCK.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, ROCK SHALL CONSIST OF DOT# 703, ASHTO #3 COARSE AGGREGATE OR 6" (MINUS) ROCK.

### STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT MAINTENANCE NOTES

- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- ROCK SHALL BE REAPPPLIED OR REGRADED AS NECESSARY TO THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE/EXIT TO MAINTAIN A CONSISTENT DEPTH.
- SEDIMENT TRACKED onto PAVED ROADS IS TO BE REMOVED THROUGHOUT THE DAY AND AT THE END OF THE DAY BY SHOVELING OR SWEEPING. SEDIMENT MAY NOT BE WASHED DOWN STORM SEWER DRAINS.

VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL VTC  
NTS

Project No.: 17044  
Date: May 10, 2018  
Design: NRK  
Drawn: CAD  
Check: AWMc  
Revisions:

SHEET

C-302