

FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

FOR

CROSSROADS NORTH

EARLY GRADING

CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

SEPTEMBER 2023

Prepared for:

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Prepared by:



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Project #18-006 PCD Project #EGP-23-001

SP207

DRAINAGE PLAN STATEMENTS

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

CONDITIONS:

This report and plan for the early grading drainage design of Crossroads North was prepared by me (or under my direct supervision) and is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report and plan has been prepared in accordance with the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual and is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I understand that the City of Colorado Springs does not and will not assume liability for drainage facilities designed by others. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Virgil A. Sanchez, P.E. #37160 For and on Behalf of M&S Civil Consultants, Inc **DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT** Colorado Springs Equities LLC., hereby certifies that the early grading drainage facilities for Crossroads North shall be constructed according to the design presented in this report. I understand that the City of Colorado Springs does not and will not assume liability for the drainage facilities designed and/or certified by my engineer and that are submitted to the City of Colorado Springs pursuant to Section 7.7.906 of the City Code; and cannot, on behalf of Crossroads North, guarantee that the early grading drainage design review will absolve Colorado Springs Equities L.C., and/or their successors and/or assigns of future liability for improper design. I further understand that approval of the final plat does not imply approval of my engineer's drainage design. DATE: 9-15-2023 BY: TITLE: Developer ADDRESS: Colorado Springs Equities LLC 90 S. Cascade, Suite 1500 Colorado Springs, CO 80903 CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS Filed in accordance with Section 7.7.906 of the Code of the City of Colorado Springs 2001, as amended, DATE: _____ BY: For the City Engineer

DRAINAGE PLAN STATEMENTS

ENGINEERS STATEMENT

The attached drainage plan and report was prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report

on my part in preparing this report.	STRUM DO REGIONALE
Virgil A. Sanchez, P.E. #37160 For and on Behalf of M&S Civil Consultants, Inc	09-14-23
DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT	WALL CONTENTS
I, the developer(s) have read and will comply with a report and plan.	all the requirements specified in this drainage
TITLE: Manacora	DATE: 9-15-2023
ADDRESS: Colorado Springs Equities LLC 90 S. Cascade, Suite 1500 Colorado Springs, CO 80903	
EL PASO COUNTY'S STATEMENT	
Filed in accordance with the requirements of El Par Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, and the Engine	
BY:	DATE:

CONDITIONS:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PURPOSE	5
GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION	5
JIMMY CAMP CREEK DBPS & MARKSHEFFEL ROAD FDR	6
WETLANDS	6
CHANNEL IMPROVEMENTS	6
SOILS	6
HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS	6
HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS	6
FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT	7
DRAINAGE CRITERIA	7
FOUR STEP PROCESS	7
EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS	7
PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS	12
EROSION CONTROL	17
DRAINAGE & BRIDGE FEES	17
CONSTRUCTION COST OPINION	17
TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TABLE	18
SUMMARY	18
REFERENCES	19

APPENDIX Vicinity Map

Soils Map FIRM Panels Hydrologic Calculations Hydraulic Calculations / Pond Calculations Marksheffel Road Final Drainage Report Excerpts Jimmy Camp Creek DBPS Excerpts

Reagan Ranch MDDP Excerpts Drainage Maps

PURPOSE

This document is intended to serve as the Final Drainage Report for Crossroads North's Early Grading. This phase consists of overlot grading, retaining wall installation, and typical permanent control measure practices (PCM's) associated with an early grading plan. The purpose of this document is to identify and analyze the onsite drainage patterns during this phase, and to ensure that post development runoff is routed through the site safely and in a manner that satisfies the requirements set forth by the El Paso County and City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual. The purpose of the overlot grading is to balance the earthworks and to prepare the site for future development. A final drainage report with site plan and final grading will be provided as each lot develops. The parcel is currently zoned by El Paso County for commercial regional, industrial, and light industrial as CR, M, and I-2, respectively.

GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

Crossroads North is located northeast of Highway 24 and Highway 94, in a portion of the south half of Section 8 and the northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 14 South, Range 65 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, within unincorporated El Paso County, Colorado. The site is bound on the south by Colorado Highway 94, to the north by Colorado Highway 24 and Marksheffel Road, and to the east by Marksheffel Road. Drainage flows from this site are tributary to the Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin and Peterson Field Drainage Basin.

Crossroads North consists of approximately 44.34 acres within unincorporated El Paso County and is presently undeveloped. Improvements proposed for early grading are overlot grading to balance the earthworks, prepare the site for future development, provide temporary sediment basins, surface roughing and temporary mulching and seeding. As a part of the Crossroads North development, approximately 19 acres of property owned by the City of Colorado Springs along Highway 94 will also be partially graded. The total disturbance of the entire project is approximately 65 acres. Existing vegetation is sparse, consisting of native grasses. Existing site terrain generally slopes from north to southwest, and north to southeast, at grade rates that vary between 2% and 9%.

Land use for Crossroads North is currently listed as AG (Grazing Land). The total disturbance of the entire project is approximately 65 acres. A request for approval of early grading plans has been submitted with this Final Drainage Report and Preliminary Plan.

Six (6) temporary sediment basins will be provided for the proposed overlot grading. Five (5) of the temporary sediment basins will tie into the existing swale provided along Marksheffel Road and will eventually outfall into the existing extended detention basin provided at the southeast corner of the site. The one (1) temporary sediment basin at the southwest corner of the site will outfall to the existing 48" storm system at the northeast corner of Highway 24 and Highway 94. Temporary sediments basins have been sized per the Mile High Flood District (MHFD) Drainage Criteria manual (SB-5 and SB-6 details). The early grading (GEC) and MHFD detail SB-5 and SB-6 will accompany this submittal. Temporary sediment basins (TSB 3, 4, 5 and 6) have been oversized to prepare the site for future development and future detention ponds and to balance the earthwork on site. A final drainage report with site plan, final

hydraulic design (including storm sewer), associated calculations and final grading will be provided as each lot develops.

JIMMY CAMP CREEK DBPS & MARKSHEFFEL ROAD FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

Excerpts of these two reports are include in the appendix of this report. The DBPS "Future Conditions Planning Information" map delineates this property as "Remaining areas with no detailed development plan". The "Future Conditions Land Use Map" delineates this site as "Low-Med Single Family Res, 4-8 Du/Ac, 40-50% percent impervious, and a Curve Number as 75-87". Since the proposed site will utilize the DBPS recommended Full Spectrum Detention method, the DBPS land use assumptions do not change the project's release rates. Excerpts from the Marksheffel Road Final Drainage Report (MRFD) is provided in the appendix to show and verify the drainage calculations for the existing facilities in Marksheffel Road and Highway 94. This report uses this data to compare the design flows in the existing system with the proposed early grading and erosion control flows for this development.

WETLANDS

There are no apparent wetlands within the boundary of this project.

CHANNEL IMPROVEMENTS

The proposed project is not adjacent to Jimmy Camp Creek or any other significant drainageway. No channel improvements are necessary as a part of this project.

SOILS

Soils for this project are delineated by the map in the appendix as Blakeland Loamy Sand (8) and have been characterized as Hydrologic Soil Types "A". Soils in the study area are shown as mapped by S.C.S. in the "Soils Survey of El Paso County Area". See Appendix for soils report.

HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

Hydrologic calculations were performed using the El Paso County and City of Colorado Springs Storm Drainage Design Criteria manual and where applicable the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual. The Rational Method was used to estimate storm water runoff anticipated from design storms with 5-year and 100-year recurrence intervals. Basins were analyzed and delineated (see Existing Conditions Map & Proposed Conditions Map in the Appendix) in order to determine areas and C coefficients. Overland flow and channelized flow paths were analyzed for each sub-basin in order to determine times of concentration. Table 6-6 Volume 1 of DCM was used for corresponding runoff coefficients.

HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

Hydraulic calculations were estimated using the methods described in the City of Colorado Springs Storm Drainage Design Criteria Manual (DCM) along with the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District (UDFCD) manual. UD-Inlet v4.05 from UDFCD was used to calculate street and inlet capacities. Manning's Equation was used for hydraulic analysis of diversion swales and the determine the sizing of existing storm sewer facilities. The pertinent data sheets are included in the appendix of this report.

FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Panel Nos. 08041C0756G, 08041C0758G and 08041C0754G revised December 7, 2018. No portion of this site is located within the 100-year floodplain. See Appendix.

DRAINAGE CRITERIA

This drainage analysis has been prepared in accordance with the current City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. Calculations were performed to determine runoff quantities for the 5-year and 100-year frequency storms for developed conditions using the Rational Method as required for basins having areas less than 100 acres. See Appendix for calculations.

FOUR STEP PROCESS

- **Step1 Employ Runoff Reduction Practices** Runoff will be reduced through the use of temporary sediment ponds and in the interim condition until the ground has been stabilized with vegetation.
- Step 2 Stabilize Drainageways —The site is several miles upstream of the Jimmy Camp Creek or Sand Creek Drainageway. Crossroads North's Early Grading proposes six (6) Temporary Sediment Basins, will capture site runoff and slowly release it to allow time for settling of sediment prior to discharge to the existing two systems at the southwest and southeast corners of the site. The developed flows from the onsite temporary sediment basins discharge less than historic 5 year and 100-year flows into the existing systems. These sediment basins are designed with respect to the UDFCD detail SB-5 and SB-6 guidelines for this particular sedimentation facility for the entire site and, therefore, we do not anticipate having negative effects on these downstream drainageways.
- Step 3 Provide Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Six (6) Temporary Sediment Basin facilities are proposed and have been adequately sized to provide sedimentation collection from the site and maintain existing water quality levels.
- Step 4 Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial Permanent Control Measure (PCM) This submittal provides an early grading and erosion control plan with appropriate PCMs in place. The proposed project will use silt fence, vehicle tracking control pads, straw bale barriers, sediment basins, erosion control blanketing, inlet protection, mulching and reseeding, and other PCM's to mitigate the potential for erosion across the site. Specialized PCM's shall be considered with the final condition Final Drainage Report (and subsequent, individual lot reports) due to the nature of the proposed commercial uses.

EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

There are major basin divides which occur within the Crossroads North (Hillcrest Acres Subdivision). The major basin divide between the Sand Creek and Jimmy Camp Creek watersheds is formed by US Highway 24 that borders the northwest boundary of the subdivision. The major basin divide between the Jimmy Camp Creek and the Peterson Field basin runs near the southwest corner of the site. Most of the land within the Hillcrest Acres subdivision discharges to the Marksheffel Road right-of-way. The City property along Highway 94 drains to the Hwy 94 right-of-way and concentrates at either the intersection of Hwy 94/24 or the intersection at Hwy 94 and Marksheffel Road.

Refer to the drainage basin descriptions below as well as the Existing Drainage Map located within the Appendix of this report for detailed descriptions of historic drainage patterns.

Detailed Drainage Discussion

Design Point 1

Basin 664R consists of approximately 1.09 acres of the eastern half of existing Marksheffel Road and a portion of Highway 24 located to the north and east of the site. The basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface, curb and gutter and a raised concrete median. Runoff from the basin is collected and conveyed within the roadway and 6" vertical curb and gutter to an existing public 5' Type R inlet (IN664) located at Design Point 1 (Q5=5.1 Q100=9.1 cfs). Runoff collected by the inlet (IN664) (Q5=2.7 Q100=3.4 cfs) is conveyed within a public 24" storm sewer (PR664) that discharges to an existing 5'wide trapezoidal swale located within the Marksheffel Road ROW. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer and existing riprap check dams have been installed below DP1 to aid in damping discharge and preventing erosion. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure Design Point 5.

Design Point 2

Basin 662L consists of approximately 1.21 acres of existing western half of Marksheffel Road and a portion of Highway 24 located to the north and east of the site. The basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=5.6, Q100=10.0 cfs) is collected and conveyed within the western 6" vertical curb and gutter and pavement to a 5' Type R inlet (**IN662**) located at **Design Point 2**. Runoff collected by the inlet (**IN662**) (Q5=3.0 Q100=3.8 cfs) is conveyed within a public 24" storm sewer (**PR662**) that discharges within the Marksheffel Road ROW 5' wide swale. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure **Design Point 3**.

Design Point 3

Basin 661L consists of approximately 0.07 acres of the western half of Marksheffel Road located to the north and east of the site. The basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.3, Q100=0.6 cfs) is collected and conveyed within the western 6" vertical curb and gutter and pavement to a 5' Type R inlet (**IN661**) located at **Design Point 3**. Runoff from **Basin 661L** combines with flow by from **IN662** at peak flow rates of 2.9 and 6.7 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year events respectively. Runoff collected by the inlet (**IN661**) (Q5=1.9, Q100=3.2 cfs) is conveyed within a public 18" storm sewer (**PR661**) that discharges within the Marksheffel Road ROW 5' swale. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure **Design Point 7**.

Design Point 4

Basin A consists of approximately 4.67 acres within public right of way, north of the site which occurs as a result of the relocation of Marksheffel Road. This area is currently undeveloped and is covered in sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. The assumptions in the **MDDP** were conservative and with reexamination of this site, it was determined the length of overland flow for the existing condition would be 300 feet (non-urban land use) instead of the 100 feet stated in the **MDDP** Existing Conditions Drainage Calculations Rational sheet, hence an increased time of concentration leading to a lower flow rate. Runoff from the basin (Q5=1.1, Q100=7.8 cfs) drains northwest to the southeast where it combines with the upgradient roadway discharge from **DP's 1-3** within the existing Marksheffel Road ROW existing swale at **Design Point 4**. The combined runoff at **DP4** has been calculated to reach peak flow rates of 5.3 and 13.6 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year storm events respectively. The runoff continues south into **Basin B**.

Design Point 5

Basin 654R consists of approximately 1.62 acres of existing Marksheffel Road, located to the east of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=7.1, Q100=12.8 cfs) drains from the west across the street onto the east side gutter, and then flows south until it combines with flow by of **IN664** is collected by an existing Type R 5' inlet

(IN654: Q5=3.8, Q100=5.0 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet (IN654) will be conveyed within a 24" public storm sewer (PR654) across to the western side of the road where it will discharge into the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale. The combined flows for the 5 year and 100-year events that reach the Design Point 5 are Q5=9.4 and Q100=18.2 cfs. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure Design Point 7.

Design Point 6

Basin B consists of 3.64 undeveloped acres, where a majority of the area is in Lots 19, 20, and the 5' swale on the west side of Marksheffel Road. Currently the basin consists of undeveloped land covered by sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. **Basin B** is situated in the northeast corner of the proposed site. Runoff produced within **Basin B** is anticipated to reach peak runoff rates of Q5=0.8 and Q100=6.1 cfs and will flow south towards **Design Point 6**, where it combines with runoff of **DP4** and **PR654**. The combined flows for the 5 year and 100-year events in this basin are 7.8 and 21.3 cfs, respectively. Runoff from this design point continues to flow south to **Design Point 9**.

Design Point 7

Basin 646R consists of approximately 0.75 acres of the east side of existing Marksheffel Road, located to the east of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=3.5, Q100=6.2 cfs) drains from the crown of the road down to the east side gutter and combines with FBIN661 and FBIN654 and is collected by an existing Type R 5' inlet IN646 at the design point (Q5=3.4, Q100=4.7 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet will be conveyed to the western side of the road by entering a 24" public storm sewer PR646 where it will discharge into the existing onsite swale. The total combined 5 year and 100-year flows at Design Point 7 are 8.1 and 18.5 cfs, respectively. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure Design Point 14.

Design Point 8

Basins C, D and **F** consist of approximately 2.51, 2.10 and 1.0 acres, respectively, of existing U.S. Highway 24 located to the northwest of the site. These basins consist of an asphalt paved roadway, and a grass-lined swale on the east side of U.S. Highway 24. Runoff from the three basins (**Basin C**: Q5=5.0, Q100=10.2 cfs; **Basin D**: Q5=3.7, Q100=8.8; **Basin F**: Q5=1.5, Q100=3.9) are conveyed south in the swale towards **Design Point 22.** The combined flowrates at **Design Point 8** are Q5=7.2, Q100=16.2 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year events, respectively. CDOT will repair this ditch so that flows do not enter the site. In the interim the proposed early grading will provide a grading berm until CDOT can properly repair the ditch.

Design Point 9

Basin E consists of approximately 10.82 acres of Lots 17, 18, and 19 located on the north side of the site. Currently the basin consists of undeveloped land covered by sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. Runoff from the basin (Q5=2.2, Q100=15.9 cfs) combines with runoff from **DP6** and **PR646** in the 5' Marksheffel Road ROW swale. The combined runoff at **DP9** has been calculated to reach peak flow rates of 10.9 and 36.2 cfs in the 5 and 100-year storm events, respectively. Runoff from this design point continues to flow south.

Design Point 10

Basin H consists of approximately 15.03 acres of Lots 13, 14, and 15, along the west side of the site. This undeveloped basin is sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. Runoff from the basin (Q5=3.0, Q100=22.1 cfs) drains from the south to north until it collecting in a localized depression area. The effects from temporary ponding were not considered in hydrologic analysis. Runoff continues east, where it enters **Basin G**.

Design Point 11

Basin G consists of approximately 8.99 acres of Lots 15, 16, and 18 located near the center of the site. This basin consists of undeveloped land covered by sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. The assumptions in the **MDDP** were conservative and with re-examination of this site (visual examination), it was determined **Basin F** runoff will continue south along the swale. **Basin G** (Q5=1.9, Q100=13.9 cfs) drains west to east where it collects with flow from **DP10** in the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale. The combined flow at **DP11** has been calculated to reach peak flow rates of 3.6 and 26.6 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year storm events, respectively. Runoff from this design point continues to flow south to **Design Point 13**.

Design Point 12

Basin 641L consists of approximately 1.58 acres of the west side of Marksheffel Road, located east of the site. This basin is mainly comprised of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=5.8, Q100=10.4 cfs) is directed to a 5' Type R existing inlet at the design point (**IN640:**Q5=2.9, Q100=3.8 cfs). Runoff collected by this inlet is conveyed to an existing swale via a public 24" storm sewer, **PR640**. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure **Design Point 18**.

Design Point 13

Basin I consists of approximately 4.22 acres of Lots 12 and 16, located along the east side of the site. This undeveloped basin is covered by sparse prairie grasses and vegetation, and a portion of a dirt road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=1.0, Q100=7.0 cfs) drains from the southern side of the basin, flows northeast and combines with flows from **DP9**, **DP11**, and **PR640**. An existing private 36" culvert (**PR639**) directs runoff under the Air Lane Drive entrance. The combined flow for the 5 year and 100-year events at the **Design Point 13** is 15.5 and 67.4 cfs, respectively. Flow from here will continue to head south in an existing swale into the next basin.

Design Point 14

Basin 637R consists of approximately 0.91 acres of the eastern side of Marksheffel Road, located to the east of the site. This basin consists of a roadway surface and curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=3.1, Q100=5.5 cfs) drains from the median on the west side into the east side gutter which flows south and combines with FBIN646 at Design Point 14 with 5 year and 100-year runoff of 6.0 and 14.8 cfs, and is collected by an existing Type R 5' inlet (IN636: Q5=3.0, Q100=4.3 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet is conveyed to the western side of the road through an existing public 24"storm sewer (PR636) where it will discharge into the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure Design Point 17.

Design Point 15

Basin J consists of approximately 2.88 acres of Lots 10, 11, and 12, on the east side of the site. This undeveloped basin is covered by sparse prairie grasses and vegetation, a portion of a dirt road, and a swale on the west side of the road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.7, Q100=5.3 cfs) drains from the western side of the basin, and then flows east until it combines with flows from **DP13** and **PR636**. The combined flow for the 5 year and 100-year events at **DP15** are 16.4 and 68.3 cfs, respectively. This flow continues south within an existing swale on the west side of the road.

Design Point 16

Basin J1 consists of approximately 2.67 acres of Lots 10 and 11, and a portion of the swale on the located on the southeast side of the site. This undeveloped basin is comprised of sparse prairie grasses and vegetation, and a portion of the existing swale on the west of the road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.6, Q100=4.3 cfs) drains from the western side of the basin, and then flows southeast until it combines with flows from **DP15**. The combined flow for the 5 year and 100-year events at the design point are 15.2 and 64.6 cfs, respectively. This flow will collect in an existing Type C area inlet and will continue south-

southwest through an existing 24" public storm sewer, **PRE2** (Q5=15.2, Q100=64.6 cfs), into an existing extended detention basin. An existing rip rap rundown is provided to prevent erosion.

Design Point 17

Basin 631R consists of approximately 0.56 acres of the existing eastern side of Marksheffel Road, located to the southeast of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=2.4, Q100=4.2 cfs) drains from the median on the west side into the east side gutter, then flows south and combines with FBIN636 at 5 year and 100-year peak runoffs of 4.1 and 11.9 cfs, and is collected by an existing Type R 5' inlet at the design point (IN630A: Q5=2.6, Q100=4.1 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet is conveyed to the western side of the road through an existing public 24" storm sewer (PR630A) where it will discharge into existing public 24" storm sewer (PR630B), which then discharges into the existing water quality pond. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet will wrap around the curb return and continue south and east to the downstream infrastructure to an existing inlet along HWY 94.

Design Point 18

Basin 632L consists of approximately 1.21 acres of the existing western side of Marksheffel Road, located to the southeast of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=4.5, Q100=8.1 cfs) drains from the median on the east side into the west side gutter, then flows south combining with FBIN640 at rates of Q5=5.8 and Q100=11.6 cfs until it is collected by an existing Type R 15' inlet at the design point (IN630B: Q5=5.8, Q100=10.3 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet is conveyed west through an existing public 24" storm sewer (PR630B: Q5=8.9, Q100=15.2 cfs), where it discharges into the existing extended detention basin. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet will wrap around the curb return and continue south and west to the downstream infrastructure to Design Point 19.

Design Point 19

Basin L consists of approximately 0.35 acres of the existing western side of Marksheffel Road, on the southeast side of the site, which curves and turns into U.S. Highway 94, located to the south of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface with an existing curb and gutter along a portion of the road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=1.6, Q100=2.9 cfs) drains from the median on the south side into the north side gutter, and then drains east. It combines with **FBIN630B** at rates of 1.6 and 4.9 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year events, and is then collected by an existing public 12" plastic corrugated pipe (**PRE1**: Q5=1.6, Q100=4.9 cfs) at **DP19** (Q5=1.6, Q100=4.9 cfs). The collected flows are then conveyed north to an existing water quality detention pond 630. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the plastic storm sewer. In the event any runoff will bypass this flared-end section, the runoff will bypass the curb and gutter and outfall into an existing water quality detention pond 630.

Design Point 20

Basin K consists of approximately 3.33 acres of Lot 11 public right of way on the south side of the site. This undeveloped basin is comprised of sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.8, Q100=5.9 cfs) drains from the northern side of the basin to the south until it combines with flows from **PR630B**, **PRE1** and **PRE2** in the existing extended detention basin at the southeastern end of the site. A rip rap pad is located at the terminus of the outlet structure. The combined flow for the 5 year and 100-year events at the **Design Point 20** is 21.0 and 77.8 cfs, respectively. From here the flow will continue to drain west. These flows will be routed through the outlet structure as designed in the **MRFD**. The flows calculated at **DP20** (Q5=21.0 cfs, Q100=77.8 cfs) are less than the flows calculated in the **MRFD** (Q5=35.98 cfs, Q100=97.97 cfs).

Design Point 21

Basin M consists of approximately 13.93 acres of Lots 9, 10, 16 and public right of way, and is located on the south side of the site. This undeveloped basin is comprised primarily of sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. Runoff from the basin (Q5=3.0, Q100=22.2 cfs) drains from the northern side of the basin

to the south until it combines with flows from **DP20. Basin N** consists of approximately 0.71 acres of the existing northern side of U.S. Highway 94, located to the south of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing grassy swale on the north side of the road. Runoff from this basin (Q5=3.3, Q100=5.9 cfs) drains from the median on the south side into the aforementioned swale to the north, and then flows east until it combines with flows from **Basin M** and **DP20 (PRE5,** (Q5=21.0 cfs, Q100=77.8 cfs)). Combined flows at **DP21** for the 5 year and 100-year events are 24.1 and 93.3 cfs, respectively. From here, the combined flows drain offsite to the south through an existing 42" CMP storm sewer (**E3:** Q5=24.1, Q100=93.3 cfs), which discharges into a broad, natural swale.

Design Point 22

Basin O consists of approximately 11.52 acres of Lots 9, 13, 16 and public right of way, and is located on the southwestern side of the site. This undeveloped basin is comprised primarily of sparse prairie grasses and vegetation, with a 31' wide dirt road running through it. Runoff from the basin (Q5=2.3, Q100=17.0 cfs) drains from the northeast side of the basin to the southwest until it runs into a localized depression. **Basin P** has a similar land description as the aforementioned basin, except it is approximately 9.17 acres in size, contains a portion of the grassy swale on the eastern side of U.S. Highway 24, and is comprised of Lot 6, 14, and public right of way. Runoff from this basin (Q5=1.6, Q100=11.9 cfs) drains from north to south, and also drains into the depression. **Basin Q** consists of approximately 1.41 acres of existing U.S. Highway 94, and is located on the southwestern side of the site. This basin is comprised of an asphalt paved roadway surface. Runoff from this basin (Q5=6.6, Q100=11.8 cfs) also drains into the depression. These flows combine with **DP8** for the 5 year and 100-year storms at Design **Point 22** are 11.8 and 42.9 cfs, respectively. This flow then exits the site through an existing public 48" corrugated metal pipe (**E4:** Q5=11.8, Q100=42.9 cfs).

PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHARACTERISTICS

General Concept Drainage Discussion

Improvements proposed for early grading are overlot grading to balance the earthworks, prepare the site for future development, provide temporary sediment basins, surface roughing and temporary mulching and seeding. The outlet structures of the proposed FSD ponds will release runoff to the existing public 42" and 48" CMP public storm sewers located at the southeast and southwest corners of the site, respectively. A visual inspection of these existing structures shall be made before use. The existing public 42" storm sewer connects to a proposed storm sewer system on the adjacent property, where it eventually reaches Jimmy Camp Creek. The concept storm system is proposed with the Reagan Ranch master development. An excerpt map of the MDDP for this development is included in the Appendix to show the general storm system location. The 48" CMP ties into an existing public storm sewer system which will route the remaining treated runoff to Sand Creek. For more information of drainage basins, existing and proposed structures refer to the Proposed Drainage Map located within the Appendix of this report.

Detailed Drainage Discussion

discuss WQ for final design. where will flows be routed and by which pond will they be treated?

Design Point 1

Basin 664R consists of approximately 1.09 acres of the eastern half of existing Marksheffel Road and a portion of Highway 24 located to the north and east of the site. The basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface, curb and gutter and a raised concrete median. Runoff from the basin is collected and conveyed within the roadway and 6" vertical curb and gutter to an existing public 5' Type R inlet (IN664) located at Design Point 1 (Q5=5.1 Q100=9.1 cfs). Runoff collected by the inlet (Q5=2.7 Q100=3.4 cfs) is conveyed within a public 24" storm sewer (PR664) that discharges to an existing 5'wide trapezoidal swale located within the Marksheffel Road ROW. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer and existing riprap check dams have been installed below DP1 to aid in damping discharge and preventing erosion. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure Design Point 5.

Design Point 2

Basin 662L consists of approximately 1.21 acres of existing western half of Marksheffel Road and a portion of Highway 24 located to the north and east of the site. The basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=5.6, Q100=10.0 cfs) is collected and conveyed within the western 6" vertical curb and gutter and pavement to a 5' Type R inlet (**IN662**) located at **Design Point 2**. Runoff collected by the inlet (Q5=3.0 Q100=3.8 cfs) is conveyed within a public 24" storm sewer (**PR662**) that discharges within the Marksheffel Road ROW existing swale. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 3

Basin 661L consists of approximately 0.07 acres of the western half of Marksheffel Road located to the north and east of the site. The basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.3, Q100=0.6 cfs) is collected and conveyed within the western 6" vertical curb and gutter and pavement to a 5' Type R inlet (**IN661**) located at **Design Point 3**. Runoff from **Basin 661L** combines with flow by from **IN662** at peak flow rates of 2.9 and 6.7 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year events respectively. Runoff collected by the inlet (Q5=1.9, Q100=3.2 cfs) is conveyed within a public 18" storm sewer (**PR661**) that discharges within the Marksheffel Road ROW existing swale. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 4

Basin A consists of approximately 4.67 acres within public right of way, north of the site which occurs as a result of the relocation of Marksheffel Road. This area is currently undeveloped and is covered in sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. Runoff from the basin (Q5=1.1, Q100=7.8 cfs) drains northwest to the southeast where it combines with the up-gradient roadway discharge from **DP's 1-3** within the existing Marksheffel Road ROW existing swale at **Design Point 4**. The combined runoff at **DP4** has been calculated to reach peak flow rates of 5.3 and 13.6 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year storm events respectively. The runoff continues south into **Basin B**.

Design Point 5

Basin 654R consists of approximately 1.62 acres of existing Marksheffel Road, located to the east of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=7.1, Q100=12.8 cfs) drains from the west across the street onto the east side gutter, and then flows south until it combines with flow by of IN664 is collected by an existing Type R 5' inlet (IN654: Q5=3.8, Q100=5.0 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet will be conveyed within a 24" public storm sewer (PR654) across to the western side of the road where it will discharge into the existing 5' wide Marksheffel Road ROW swale. The combined flows for the 5 year and 100-year events that reach the Design Point 5 are Q5=9.4 and Q100=18.2 cfs. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 6

Basin B and **Basin D** consists of 2.92 and 1.13 undeveloped acres, where a majority of the area is in Lots 20 and an existing swale on the west side of Marksheffel Road. Currently the basins consist of undeveloped land covered by sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. **Basin B** and **Basin D** are situated in the northeast corner of the proposed site. Runoff produced within **Basin B** and **Basin D** are anticipated to reach peak runoff rates of Q5=0.7 and Q100=5.0 cfs and Q5=0.5 and Q100=3.4 cfs, respectively. This runoff will flow south towards **Design Point 6**, where it combines with runoff of **DP4** and **PR654**. The combined flows for the 5 year and 100-year events for **Design Point 6** is 8.0 and 22.0 cfs, respectively. Runoff from this design point continues to flow south.

via an existing 24" culvert-

Design Point 7

Basin 646R consists of approximately 0.75 acres of the east side of existing Marksheffel Road, located to the east of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=3.5, Q100=6.2 cfs) drains from the crown of the road down to the east side gutter and combines with **FBIN661** and **FBIN654** and is collected by an existing Type R 5' inlet **IN646** at the design point (Q5=3.4, Q100=4.7 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet will be conveyed to the western side of the road by entering a 24" public storm sewer **PR646** where it will discharge into the existing onsite swale. The total combined 5 year and 100-year flows at **Design Point 7** is 8.1 and 18.5 cfs, respectively. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 8

Basins C consist of approximately 2.51 acres of existing U.S. Highway 24 located to the northwest of the site. This basin consists of asphalt paved roadway, and a grass-lined swale on the east side of U.S. Highway 24. Runoff from **Basin** C Q5=8.2, Q100=10.8 cfs is conveyed south in the swale towards **Design Point 22.** The flowrates at **Design Point 8** are Q5=5.2, Q100=10.8 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year events. CDOT will repair this ditch so that flows do not enter the site. In the interim the proposed early grading will provide a grading berm until CDOT can properly repair the ditch.

Design Point 9

Basins F consist of approximately 2.57 acres of partial Lots 18 and 19 located to the northeast of the site. This basin consists of early overlot grading to balance the earthworks and prepare the site for future development. Runoff from **Basin F** Q5=1.5, Q100=8.4 cfs is conveyed south to a temporary sediment basin at **Design Point 9.** The flows from **Temporary Sediment Basin 1 (TSB1)** will discharge through a 6" PVC storm sewer into the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale.

Design Point 10

Basins E consist of approximately 9.53 acres of partial Lots 15, 18 and 19 located to the northeast of the site. This basin consists of early overlot grading to balance the earthworks and prepare the site for future development. Runoff from **Basin E** Q5=3.9, Q100=21.5 cfs is conveyed south to a temporary sediment basin at **Design Point 10.** The flows from **Temporary Sediment Basin 2 (TSB2)** will discharge through a 6" PVC storm sewer into the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale.

Design Point 11

Basin G consists of approximately 1.62 acres located on the northeast side of the site. Currently the basin consists of a small part of Lots 16, 17 and the 5' swale on the west side of Marksheffel Road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.6, Q100=3.7 cfs) combines with runoff from **DP6, DP9, DP10** and **PR646** in the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale. The combined runoff at **Design Point 11** has been calculated to reach peak flow rates of 12.7 and 42.9 cfs in the 5 and 100-year storm events, respectively. Runoff from this design point continues to flow south.

Design Point 12

Basins H consist of approximately 11.25 acres of Lots 13, 14 and part of Lot 15 located to the west of the site. This basin consists of early overlot grading to balance the earthworks and prepare the site for future development. Runoff from **Basin H** Q5=4.5, Q100=24.4 cfs is conveyed south to a temporary sediment basin at **Design Point 12.** The flows from **Temporary Sediment Basin 3 (TSB3)** will discharge through a 6" PVC storm sewer into the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale.

Design Point 13

Basins F1 consist of approximately 12.10 acres of Lots 12, 16 and part of Lot 17 located to the east of the site. This basin consists of early overlot grading to balance the earthworks and prepare the site for future development. Runoff from **Basin F1** Q5=4.7, Q100=25.8 cfs is conveyed south to a temporary sediment

basin at **Design Point 13.** The flows from **Temporary Sediment Basin 4 (TSB4)** will discharge through a 6" PVC storm sewer into the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale.

Design Point 14

Basin 641L consists of approximately 1.58 acres of the west side of Marksheffel Road, located east of the site. This basin is mainly comprised of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=5.8, Q100=10.4 cfs) is directed to a 5' Type R existing inlet at the design point (**IN640:**Q5=2.9, Q100=3.8 cfs). Runoff collected by this inlet is conveyed to the existing swale via a public 24" storm sewer, **PR640**. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 15

Basin J consists of approximately 1.13 acres located on the northeast side of the site. Currently the basin consists of a small part of Lots 16, 12 and the 5' swale on the west side of Marksheffel Road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.5, Q100=2.9 cfs) combines with runoff from **DP11, DP12, DP13** and **PR640** in the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale. The combined runoff at **Design Point 15** has been calculated to reach peak flow rates of 18.5 and 72.0 cfs in the 5 and 100-year storm events, respectively. Runoff from this design point continues to flow south.

Design Point 16

Basin 637R consists of approximately 0.91 acres of the eastern side of Marksheffel Road, located to the east of the site. This basin consists of a roadway surface and curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=3.1, Q100=5.5 cfs) drains from the median on the west side into the east side gutter which flows south and combines with FBIN646 at Design Point 16 with 5 year and 100-year runoff of 6.0 and 14.8 cfs, and is collected by an existing Type R 5' inlet (IN636: Q5=3.0, Q100=4.3 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet is conveyed to the western side of the road through an existing public 24"storm sewer (PR636) where it will discharge into the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 17

Basin J1 consists of approximately 1.14 acres located on the east side of the site. Currently the basin consists of a small part of Lots 11 and the 5' swale on the west side of Marksheffel Road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.5, Q100=2.7 cfs) combines with runoff from **DP15** and **PR636** in the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale. The combined runoff at **Design Point 17** has been calculated to reach peak flow rates of 19.5 and 71.8 cfs in the 5 and 100-year storm events, respectively. Runoff from this design point continues to flow south.

Design Point 18

Basin K consists of approximately 11.16 acres of Lots 16 and part of Lot 9 located to the southwest of the site. This basin consists of early overlot grading to balance the earthworks and prepare the site for future development. Runoff from **Basin K** Q5=4.8, Q100=26.0 cfs is conveyed south to a temporary sediment basin at **Design Point 18.** The flows from **Temporary Sediment Basin 5 (TSB5)** will discharge through a 6" PVC storm sewer to an existing 48" CMP public storm sewer located at the southwest corner of the site, **Design Point 26**.

Design Point 19

Basins I consist of approximately 13.13 acres of Lots 10 and part of Lot 9 located to the southeast of the site. This basin consists of early overlot grading to balance the earthworks and prepare the site for future development. Runoff from **Basin I** Q5=5.2, Q100=28.6 cfs is conveyed south to a temporary sediment basin at **Design Point 19.** The flows from **Temporary Sediment Basin 6 (TSB6)** will discharge through a 6" PVC storm sewer into the existing Marksheffel Road ROW swale.

Design Point 20

Basin 631R consists of approximately 0.56 acres of the existing eastern side of Marksheffel Road, located to the southeast of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=2.4, Q100=4.2 cfs) drains from the median on the west side into the east side gutter, then flows south and combines with **FBIN636** at 5 year and 100-year peak runoffs of 4.1 and 11.9 cfs, and is collected by an existing Type R 5' inlet at the design point (**IN630A**: Q5=2.6, Q100=4.1 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet is conveyed to the western side of the road through an existing public 24" storm sewer (**PR630A**) where it will discharge into existing public 24" storm sewer (**PR630B**), which then discharges into the existing water quality pond. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 21

Basin 632L consists of approximately 1.21 acres of the existing western side of Marksheffel Road, located to the southeast of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing curb and gutter. Runoff from the basin (Q5=4.5, Q100=8.1 cfs) drains from the median on the east side into the west side gutter, then flows south combining with **FBIN640** at rates of Q5=5.8 and Q100=11.6 cfs until it is collected by an existing Type R 15' inlet at the design point (**IN630B**: Q5=5.8, Q100=10.3 cfs). Runoff collected through this inlet is conveyed west through an existing public 24" storm sewer (**PR630B**: **Q5=8.9**, **Q100=15.2 cfs**), where it discharges into the existing extended detention basin. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues south within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 22

Basin L consists of approximately 1.11 acres of a portion of Lots 11, and a portion of the existing 5' swale on the west of the road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.4, Q100=2.5 cfs) drains south and combines with flows from **DP17**. The combined flow for the 5 year and 100-year events at the **Design Point 22** are 18.3 and 67.6 cfs, respectively. This flow will collect in an existing Type C area inlet and will continue south-southwest through an existing 24" public storm sewer, **PRE2** (Q5=18.3, Q100=67.6 cfs), into an existing extended detention basin. An existing rip rap rundown is provided to prevent erosion.

Design Point 23

Basin N consists of approximately 0.35 acres of the existing western side of Marksheffel Road, on the southeast side of the site, which curves and turns into U.S. Highway 94, located to the south of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface with an existing curb and gutter along a portion of the road. Runoff from the basin (Q5=1.6, Q100=2.9 cfs) drains from the median on the south side into the north side gutter, and then drains east. It combines with **FBIN630B** at rates of 1.6 and 4.9 cfs in the 5 year and 100-year events, and is then collected by an existing public 12" plastic corrugated pipe (**PRE1**: Q5=1.6, Q100=5.0 cfs). The collected flows are then conveyed north to an extended detention basin. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the plastic storm sewer. Runoff bypassing the inlet continues east within the curb and gutter to downstream infrastructure.

Design Point 24

Basin L1 consists of approximately 2.24 acres of public right of way on the south side of the site. This undeveloped basin is comprised of sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. Runoff from the basin (Q5=0.7, Q100=5.2 cfs) drains from the northern side of the basin to the south until it combines with flows from PR630B, PRE1 and PRE2 in the existing extended detention basin at the southeastern end of the site. An existing riprap pad is located at the terminus of the outlet structure. The combined flow for the 5 year and 100-year events at the Design Point 24 is 24.1 and 80.1 cfs, respectively. From here the flow will continue to drain west. These flows will be routed through the outlet structure as designed in the MRFD. The flows calculated at DP24 (Q5=24.1 cfs, Q100=80.1 cfs) are less than the flows calculated in the

MRFD (Q5=35.98 cfs, Q100=97.97 cfs). From visual inspection, the existing water quality and detention pond is functioning as intended.

Design Point 25

Basin L2 consists of approximately 7.05 acres of public right of way, and is located on the south side of the site. This undeveloped basin is comprised primarily of sparse prairie grasses and vegetation. Runoff from the basin (Q5=1.9, Q100=14.1 cfs) drains from the northern side of the basin to the south until it combines with flows from DP24. Basin O consists of approximately 0.72 acres of the existing northern side of U.S. Highway 94, located to the south of the site. This basin consists of an asphalt paved roadway surface and existing grassy swale on the north side of the road. Runoff from this basin (Q5=3.4, Q100=6.0 cfs) drains from the median on the south side into the aforementioned swale to the north, and then flows east until it combines with flows from Basin L2 and DP24. The combined flows at DP25 for the 5 year and 100-year events are 26.2 and 86.5 cfs, respectively. From here, the combined flows drain offsite to the south through an existing 42" CMP storm sewer (E3: Q5=26.2, Q100=86.5 cfs), which discharges into a broad, natural swale. The existing 42" CMP has capacity to carry the peak flow of 86.5 cfs. The proposed flows calculated at DP25 (Q5=26.2 cfs, Q100=86.5 cfs) are less than the existing flows calculated in this report (Q5=24.1 cfs, Q100=93.3 cfs), see appendix existing rational calculations and existing conditions drainage map.

Design Point 26

Basin M consists of approximately 11.24 acres of public right of way, and is located on the southwestern side of the site. This undeveloped basin is comprised primarily of sparse prairie grasses and vegetation, with a 31' wide dirt road running through it. Runoff from the basin (Q5=7.0, Q100=28.7 cfs) drains from the northeast side of the basin to the southwest until it runs into a localized depression. **Basin P** consists of approximately 1.41 acres of existing U.S. Highway 94, and is located on the southwestern side of the site. This basin is comprised of an asphalt paved roadway surface. Runoff from this basin (Q5=6.5, Q100=11.7 cfs) also drains into the depression. These flows combine with **DP8** and **DP18** for the 5 year and 100-year storms at **Design Point 26** are 13.5 and 45.9 cfs, respectively. This flow then exits the site through an existing public 48" corrugated metal pipe (**E4:** Q5=13.5, Q100=45.9 cfs). The existing 48" CMP pipe has the capacity to carry the peak flow of 45.9 cfs.

EROSION CONTROL

It is the policy of El Paso County that a grading and erosion control plan be submitted with the drainage report. Proposed silt fence, vehicle traffic control, reseeding and mulching, straw bale barriers, and temporary sediment basins are proposed as a few of the erosion control measures.

DRAINAGE & BRIDGE FEES

Crossroads North subdivision lays within the Jimmy Camp Creek and Peterson Field Drainage Basins. Crossroads North will be platted in one or multiple phases or final plats. Crossroads North will be a re-plat of Hillcrest Acres, originally platted in 1960. The County Drainage Fee program did not exist in 1960, therefore drainage and bridge fees will be required to be paid upon platting and at the time the MDDP for the site is approved

CONSTRUCTION COST OPINION

The construction cost associated with the early grading are for earth moving, proposed silt fence, vehicle traffic control, reseeding and mulching, straw bale barriers, and temporary sediment basins. Assurances will be posted with the submittal early grading plan (GEC).

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT POND SUMMARY

A total of six proposed private temporary sediment basins have been designed per the Mile High Flood District (MHFD) Drainage Criteria manual (SB-5 and SB-6 details). The six temporary sediment basins are summarized below.

Temporary Sediment Pond Table

TSB	Upstream Drainage Basin	Required Volume (cubic-feet)	Provided Volume (cubic-feet)
1	F	7,841	16,117
2	Е	27,007	40,511
3	Н	31,799	68,825
4	F1	34,848	130,680
5	K	31,799	95,832
6	I	37,897	40,511.

SUMMARY

Development of Crossroads North will not adversely affect the surrounding development. The proposed early grading will adequately convey, detain and route runoff from the onsite & offsite flows to existing facilities. All drainage facilities described herein and shown on the included Proposed Drainage Map (See Appendix) are subject to change upon the MDDP being approved for the site. The final drainage report is only for the early grading. Care will be taken to accommodate overland emergency flow routes on site and temporary drainage conditions.

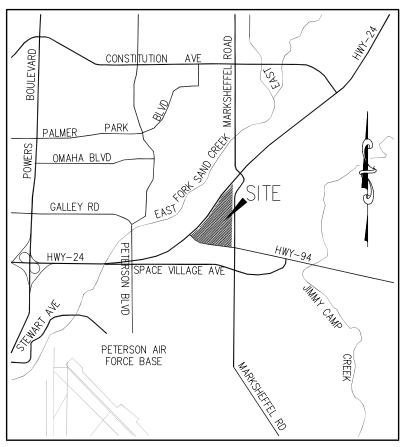
REFERENCES

- 1.) "El Paso County and City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual".
- 2.) "Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual"
- 3.) Web Soil Survey, USDA NRCS Soils Map https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/HomePage.htm
- 4.) FEMA flood Map Service Center, Federal Emergency Management Agency https://msc.fema.gov/portal/home
- 5.) "Master Development Drainage Plan Preliminary and Final Drainage Report Hillcrest Acres Subdivision Parts Depot, El Paso County", last revised February 9, 2017, by Kiowa Engineering Corporation
- 6.) "Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study Development of Alternatives & Design of Selected Plan Report" dated March 9, 2015 by Kiowa Engineering Corporation.
- 7.) "Marksheffel Road South, Link Road to US-24, Final Drainage Report" dated January 2017 by HDR Engineering.
- 8.) "Master Development Drainage Report for Reagan Ranch & Final Drainage Report for High Plains at Reagan Ranch" dated February 2021 by Matrix Design Group.

Comments for this review are preliminary in nature. Revise to provide pond bmp sheets on the next submittal.

APPENDIX

VICINITY MAP



 $\frac{\text{VICINITY MAP}}{\text{\tiny N.T.S.}}$

SOILS MAP



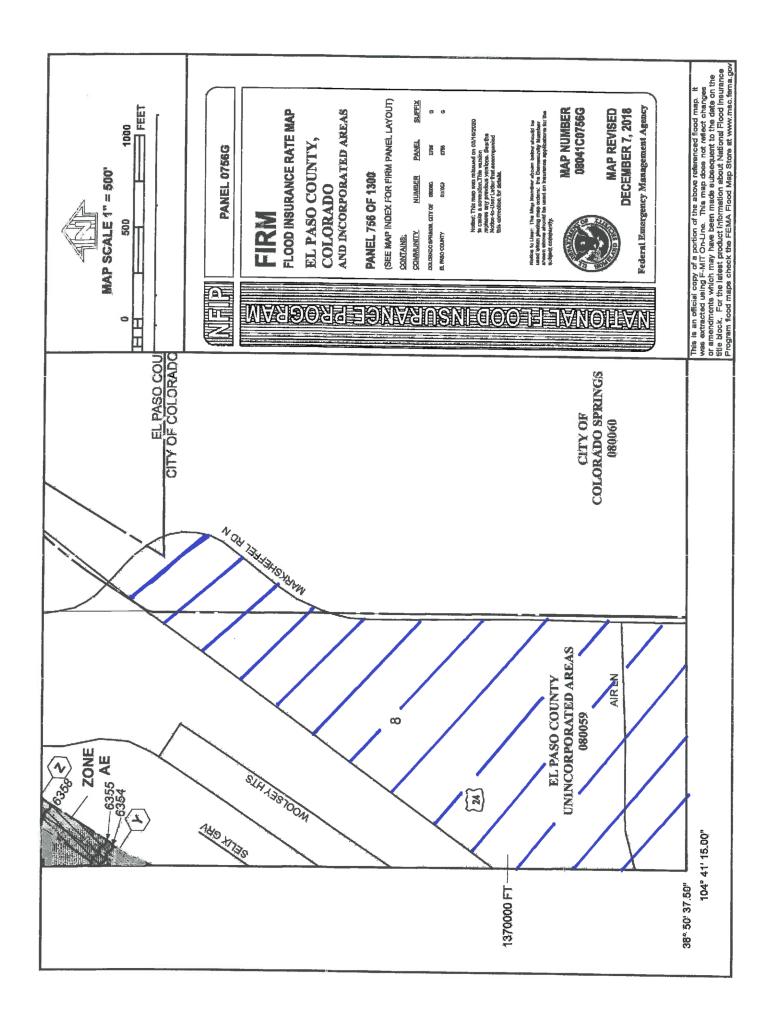
Soil Map—El Paso County Area, Colorado (CROSSROADS)

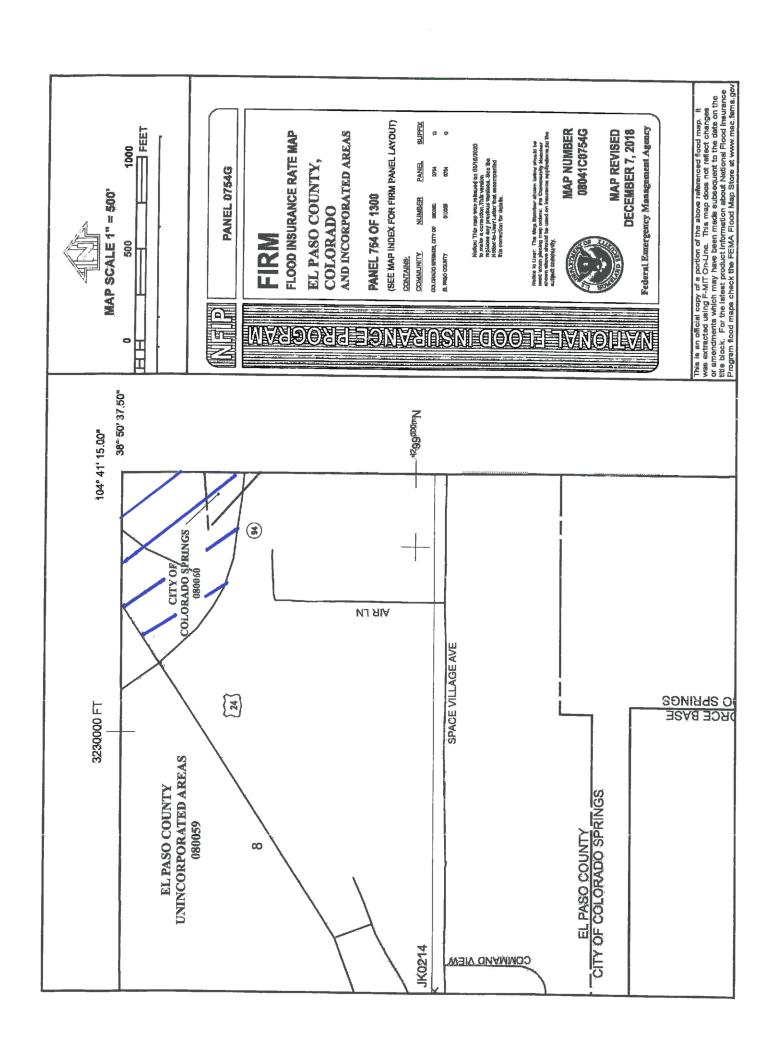
MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) Spoil Area 8 1:24,000. Area of Interest (AOI) ۵ Stony Spot Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Very Stony Spot 8 Soil Map Unit Polygons Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Wet Spot \$ Soil Map Unit Lines misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Δ Other line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of Soil Map Unit Points contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Special Line Features Special Point Features scale. Water Features Blowout \odot Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Streams and Canals Borrow Pit \boxtimes Transportation Clay Spot 36 Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Rails ---Web Soil Survey URL: \Diamond Closed Depression Interstate Highways Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Gravel Pit X US Routes Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Gravelly Spot 0.0 Major Roads 0 Landfill Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more Local Roads \sim accurate calculations of distance or area are required. Lava Flow ٨. Background This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as Marsh or swamp Aerial Photography عليه The same of the version date(s) listed below. Mine or Quarry 汆 Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado 0 Miscellaneous Water Survey Area Data: Version 18, Jun 5, 2020 0 Perennial Water Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales Rock Outcrop Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 19, 2018—Sep Saline Spot Sandy Spot The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background Severely Eroded Spot imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor 0 Sinkhole shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. Slide or Slip 30 Sodic Spot Ø

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	95.2	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		95.2	100.0%

FIRM PANELS





HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

(Area Runoff Coefficient Summary)

			STRE	ETS/DEVEI	LOPED	DE	VELOPED L	OTS	UNDEVI	ELOPED/LA	NDSCAPE	RUNOFF C	OEFFICIENT
BASIN	TOTAL AREA (SF)	TOTAL AREA (Acres)	AREA (Acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	AREA (Acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	AREA (Acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	C ₅	C ₁₀₀
A	203381.3256	4.67	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.59	0.70	4.67	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
В	158516.3618	3.64	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.50	3.64	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
C	109239.8277	2.51	1.59	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.92	0.08	0.35	0.60	0.74
D	91440.6938	2.10	0.91	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.50	1.19	0.08	0.35	0.43	0.61
E	471391.0309	10.82	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.50	10.82	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
F	43435.2924	1.00	0.31	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.69	0.08	0.35	0.34	0.54
G	391802.4147	8.99	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.50	8.99	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
Н	654546.7604	15.03	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.50	15.03	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
I	183810.6797	4.22	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.50	4.22	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
J	125261.6321	2.88	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	2.88	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
J1	116434.8196	2.67	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	2.67	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
K	145033.8974	3.33	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	3.33	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
L	15414.997	0.35	0.35	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
M	606580.5543	13.93	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	13.93	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
N	31084.7798	0.71	0.71	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
0	501674.7436	11.52	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	11.52	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
P	399360.1957	9.17	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	9.17	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
Q	61495.5769	1.41	1.41	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
631R	N/A	0.56	0.56	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
632L	N/A	1.21	1.21	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
637R	N/A	0.91	0.91	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
641L	N/A	1.58	1.58	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
646R	N/A	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.42	0.57	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
654R	N/A	1.62	1.62	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.39	0.55	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
661L	N/A	0.07	0.07	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.36	0.53	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
662L	N/A	1.21	1.21	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.33	0.51	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
664R	N/A	1.09	1.09	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.49	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96

Italized values taken from Marksheffel FDR

Calculated by: GT

Date: 3/24/2023

Checked by: VAS

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

(Area Drainage Summary)

From Area Runoj	ff Coefficient Sumr	nary			OVERL	4ND		ST	REET / CH	IANNEL FLO)W	Time of T	ravel (T _t)	INTEN	SITY *	TOTAL	FLOWS
BASIN	AREA TOTAL	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	C ₅	Length	Height	T _C	Length	Slope	Velocity	T _t	TOTAL	CHECK	I ₅	I ₁₀₀	Q_5	Q ₁₀₀
	(Acres)	From DCM	M Table 5-1		(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)
Α	4.67	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	28	15.3	591	2.9%	1.2	8.3	23.6	15.0	2.8	4.8	1.1	7.8
В	3.64	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	19	17.3	657	7.0%	1.9	5.9	23.3	15.3	2.9	4.8	0.8	6.1
C	2.51	0.60	0.74	0.90	100	2.0	2.9	883	2.1%	1.0	14.5	17.4	15.5	3.3	5.5	5.0	10.2
D	2.10	0.43	0.61	0.90	100	2	2.9	600	3.7%	1.3	7.5	10.3	13.9	4.1	6.8	3.7	8.8
E	10.82	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	26	15.6	1121	3.7%	1.3	13.9	29.5	17.9	2.5	4.2	2.2	15.9
F	1.00	0.34	0.54	0.90	100	2	2.9	285	1.4%	0.8	5.7	8.6	12.1	4.4	7.3	1.5	3.9
G	8.99	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	23	16.3	809	3.2%	1.3	10.8	27.1	16.2	2.6	4.4	1.9	13.9
Н	15.03	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	8	23.1	495	3.2%	1.3	6.6	29.6	14.4	2.5	4.2	3.0	22.1
I	4.22	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	14	19.2	438	4.8%	1.5	4.8	24.0	14.1	2.8	4.7	1.0	7.0
J	2.88	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	25	15.8	303	3.9%	1.4	3.7	19.5	13.4	3.1	5.2	0.7	5.3
J1	2.67	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	19	17.3	729	4.4%	1.5	8.3	25.6	15.7	2.7	4.6	0.6	4.3
K	3.33	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	22	16.5	478	6.7%	1.8	4.4	20.9	14.3	3.0	5.1	0.8	5.9
L	0.35	0.90	0.96	0.90	30	0.5	1.7	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	8.7	1.6	2.9
M	13.93	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	16	18.4	754	6.1%	1.7	7.3	25.6	15.9	2.7	4.6	3.0	22.2
N	0.71	0.90	0.96	0.90	25	0.5	1.4	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	8.7	3.3	5.9
О	11.52	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	14	19.2	917	4.7%	1.5	10.1	29.3	16.8	2.5	4.2	2.3	17.0
P	9.17	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	6	25.4	944	4.6%	1.5	10.5	35.9	16.9	2.2	3.7	1.6	11.9
Q	1.41	0.90	0.96	0.90	90	1.8	2.7	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	8.7	6.6	11.8
631R	0.56	0.90	0.96	0.90	30	0.1	3.4	200	1.8%	0.9	3.5	6.9	9.8	4.7	7.9	2.4	4.2
632L	1.21	0.90	0.96	0.90	53	3.0	1.5	1000	1.8%	0.9	17.7	19.2	9.8	4.2	7.0	4.5	8.1
637R	0.91	0.90	0.96	0.90	77	3.0	2.0	900	0.5%	1.4	10.6	12.6	16.2	3.8	6.3	3.1	5.5
641L	1.58	0.90	0.96	0.90	47	1.0	1.9	1500	2.3%	3.0	8.2	10.2	13.0	4.1	6.9	5.8	10.4
646R	0.75	0.90	0.96	0.90	41	1.0	1.7	78	1.8%	2.7	0.5	5.0	5.0	5.2	8.7	3.5	6.2
654R	1.62	0.90	0.96	0.90	91	5.0	2.0	1000	4.3%	4.1	4.0	6.0	16.1	4.9	8.2	7.1	12.8
661L	0.07	0.90	0.96	0.90	82	3.0	2.1	100	2.7%	3.3	0.5	5.0	5.0	5.2	8.7	0.3	0.6
662L	1.21	0.90	0.96	0.90	75	3.0	2.0	800	4.6%	4.3	3.1	5.1	14.9	5.1	8.6	5.6	10.0
664R	1.09	0.90	0.96	0.90	78	3.0	2.1	600	5.3%	4.6	2.2	5.0	5.0	5.2	8.7	5.1	9.1

^{*} Intensity equations assume a minimum travel time of 5 minutes. Italized values taken from Marksheffel FDR

Calculated by: GT

Date: 3/24/2023

Checked by: VAS

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS (Basin Routing Summary)

	From Area Runoff Coefficient Summary				OVI	ERLAND		PIPE	/ CHA	NNEL FLO	W	Time of Travel (T,)	INTEN	SITY *	TOTAL	FLOWS	
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS/PIPES	CA ₅	CA ₁₀₀	C ₅	Length	Height	T _C	Length	Slope	Velocity	T _t	TOTAL	I ₅	I ₁₀₀	05	Q ₁₀₀	COMMENTS
DESIGNATION	CONTRIBETING BASINS/THES	CAS	CA100	٠,	(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	COMMENTS
1	664R	0.98	1.05		(1)	(1)	(min)	(1)	(70)	(Jps)	(min)	5.0	5.2	8.7	5.1	9.1	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET

					Basin 664	4R Tc was t	ised										
2	662L	1.09	1.16									5.1	5.1	8.6	5.6	10.0	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					Dania 66	2L Tc was ı											
3	FBIN662, 661L	0.57	0.79		Dasiii 00.	ZL IC Was t	5.1	50	2.7%	3.3	0.3	5.3	5.1	8.5	2.9	6.7	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
	1 511 (002) 0012														2.,,	0.7	
					Basin 66	2L Tc was ι	ised	1									
4	PR664, PR662, PR661,	1.85	2.84									23.6	2.8	4.8	5.3	13.6	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
	A				Rasin A	Tc was us	ed										
5	FBIN664, 654R	1.92	2.21		Duom	l re was as	I					6.0	4.9	8.2	9.4	18.2	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
	, , , , ,																
					Basin 65	4R Tc was t											
6	DP4, PR654, B	2.92	4.72				23.6	535	4.9%	3.3	2.7	26.3	2.7	4.5	7.8	21.3	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
	В				Design Poi	int 4 Tc was	used										
7	FBIN661, FBIN654, 646R	2.01	2.73				6.0	800	2.0%	2.8	4.7	10.7	4.0	6.8	8.1	18.5	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
	, ,																
					Basin 65	4R Tc was t											
8	C, D, F	2.75	3.67				17.4	1290	2.1%	2.2	9.9	27.3	2.6	4.4	7.2	16.2	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
					Pagin (Tc was use	nd.										
9	DP6, E, PR646	4.63	9.21		Basin	I C was us	26.3	793	1.8%	2.0	6.6	32.8	2.3	3.9	10.9	36.2	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
	210, 2, 11010		-												10.7	50.2	
					Design Poi	int 6 Tc was	used										
10	Н	1.20	5.26									29.6	2.5	4.2	3.0	22.1	LOCALIZED LOWPOINT
					D : 1	I Tc was us	<u> </u>										
11	G, DP10	1.92	8.41		Basın F	1 Ic was us	29.6	730	1.4%	0.8	14.9	44.5	1.9	3.2	3.6	26.6	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
11	G, DF IU	1.72	0.41				29.0	/30	1.44/0	0.0	14.9	44.3	1.7	3.4	3.0	20.0	EA J BIM EARTH TRAF CHANNEL
					Design Poi	int 9 Tc was	used	1									
12	641L	1.42	1.52									10.2	4.1	6.9	5.8	10.4	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					Basin 64	1L Tc was ι	ısed										

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

(Basin Routing Summary)

	From Area Runoff Coefficient Summary				OVE	ERLAND		PIPE	CHA	NNEL FLO	W	Time of Travel (T _t)	INTEN	SITY *	TOTAL	FLOWS	
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS/PIPES	CA ₅	CA ₁₀₀	C ₅	Length	Height	T _C	Length	Slope	Velocity	T_t	TOTAL	I ₅	I ₁₀₀	Q_5	Q_{100}	COMMENTS
					(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	
13	DP9, DP11, PR640, I	7.60	19.64				32.8	547	0.7%	1.3	7.3	40.1	2.0	3.4	15.5	67.4	EX 36" CULVERT
					D : D :		<u> </u>										
14	FBIN646, 637R	1.98	2.91		Design Poi	nt 9 Tc was	10.7	871	0.5%	1.4	10.3	21.0	3.0	5.1	6.0	14.8	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
14	F D11040, 03 / K	1.98	2.91				10.7	8/1	0.5%	1.4	10.5	21.0	3.0	3.1	0.0	14.0	EX 3 CDOT TIPE R AGINLET
					Design Pt	7 Tc was u	ised										
15	DP13, J, PR636	8.53	21.20				40.1	296	0.5%	1.4	3.5	43.6	1.9	3.2	16.4	68.3	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
16	DD17 11	0.55	22.14		Design Pt	13 Tc was i		550	1.00/			40.2		2.0	15.0	(1)	DV CD CD TWODE C 1 DE 1 DV CD
16	DP15, J1	8.75	22.14				43.6	550	1.2%	1.6	5.6	49.2	1.7	2.9	15.2	64.6	EX CDOT TYPE C AREA INLET W/RIPRAP BYPASS RUNDOWN
					Design Pt	15 Tc was i	used	i									AND 24" RCP
17	FBIN636, 631R	1.49	2.60				21.0	650	1.5%	2.4	4.5	25.4	2.7	4.6	4.1	11.9	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
	•																
					Design Poir	nt 14 Tc was											
18	FBIN640, 632L	1.80	2.13				10.2	986	1.1%	2.1	8.0	18.1	3.2	5.4	5.8	11.6	EX 15' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					Design Pt	12 Tc was i	used	ł									
19	FBIN630B, L	0.32	0.57									5.0	5.2	8.7	1.6	4.9	EX 12" PLASTIC CORR PIPE
					Basin L	Tc was use	ed										
20	PRE1, PRE2, PR630B, K	12.08	26.66									49.2	1.7	2.9	21.0	77.8	EX WQ POND
					Design F	t 16 was us	ed	ł									
21	PRE5, M, N	13.83	31.98									49.2	1.7	2.9	24.1	93.3	EX 42" RCP
	, ,																
					Design Poir	nt 20 Tc was											
22	O, P, Q, DP8	5.68	12.27				27.3	1884	3.1%	2.7	11.8	39.1	2.1	3.5	11.8	42.9	EX 48" CMP
					D : D :	nt 8 Tc was	L .										

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

(Storm Sewer Routing Summary)

					Inten	sity*	Fle	ow
PIPE RUN	Contributing Pipes/Design Points/Struct	Equivalent CA 5	Equivalent CA ₁₀₀	Maximum T _C	I_5	I_{100}	Q 5	Q 100
664	IN664R	0.52	0.39	5.0	5.2	8.7	2.7	3.4
662	IN662L	0.58	0.44	5.1	5.1	8.6	3.0	3.8
661	IN661L	0.37	0.38	5.3	5.1	8.5	1.9	3.2
654	IN654	0.78	0.61	6.0	4.9	8.2	3.8	5.0
646	IN646	0.84	0.69	10.7	4.0	6.8	3.4	4.7
640	IN640	0.71	0.55	10.2	4.1	6.9	2.9	3.8
636	IN636	0.99	0.85	21.0	3.0	5.1	3.0	4.3
630A	IN630A	0.95	0.90	25.4	2.7	4.6	2.6	4.1
630B	IN630B, IN630A	2.75	2.79	18.1	3.2	5.4	8.9	15.2
E1	DP19	0.32	0.57	5.0	5.2	8.7	1.6	4.9
E2	INDP16	8.75	22.14	49.2	1.7	2.9	15.2	64.6
Е3	DP21	13.83	31.98	49.2	1.7	2.9	24.1	93.3
E4	DP22	5.68	12.27	39.1	2.1	3.5	11.8	42.9
E5	DP20	12.08	26.42	49.2	1.7	2.9	21.0	77.1

* Intensity equations assume a minimum travel time of 5 minutes.

Calculated by: GT

DP - Design Point

FB- Flow By from Design Point

Date: 3/24/2023

EX - Existing Design Point

IN- Inlet

Checked by: VAS

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

(Area Runoff Coefficient Summary)

			STRE	ETS/DEVEL	OPED	DEVELOPE	D LOTS/OVER	LOT GRADE	UNDEVI	ELOPED/LA	NDSCAPE	RUNOFF CO	OEFFICIENT
BASIN	TOTAL AREA (SF)	TOTAL AREA (Acres)	AREA (Acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	AREA (Acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	AREA (Acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	C ₅	C ₁₀₀
A	203519	4.67	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.12	0.39	4.67	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
В	127250	2.92	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.27	0.12	0.39	2.65	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
C	109332	2.51	1.59	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.12	0.39	0.92	0.08	0.35	0.60	0.74
D	49197	1.13	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.12	0.39	1.13	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
E	415316	9.53	0.00	0.90	0.96	9.53	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.12	0.39
F	112146	2.57	0.00	0.90	0.96	2.57	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.12	0.39
F1	527158	12.10	0.00	0.90	0.96	12.10	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.12	0.39
G	70439	1.62	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.76	0.12	0.39	0.86	0.08	0.35	0.10	0.37
Н	489911	11.25	0.00	0.90	0.96	11.25	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.12	0.39
I	572019	13.13	0.00	0.90	0.96	13.13	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.12	0.39
J	49015	1.13	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.53	0.12	0.39	0.60	0.08	0.35	0.10	0.37
J1	49759	1.14	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.77	0.12	0.39	0.37	0.08	0.35	0.11	0.38
K	486179	11.16	0.00	0.90	0.96	11.16	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.12	0.39
L	48142	1.11	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.34	0.12	0.39	0.77	0.08	0.35	0.09	0.36
L1	97566	2.24	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.14	0.12	0.39	2.10	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
L2	307202	7.05	0.00	0.90	0.96	0.01	0.12	0.39	7.04	0.08	0.35	0.08	0.35
M	489476	11.24	1.23	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.12	0.39	10.01	0.08	0.35	0.17	0.42
N	15430	0.35	0.35	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
0	31380	0.72	0.72	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
P	61207	1.41	1.41	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.12	0.39	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
631R	N/A	0.56	0.56	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
632L	N/A	1.21	1.21	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.08	0.35	0.90	0.96
637R	N/A	0.91	0.91	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
641L	N/A	1.58	1.58	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
646R	N/A	0.75	0.75	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.42	0.57	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
654R	N/A	1.62	1.62	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.39	0.55	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
661L	N/A	0.07	0.07	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.36	0.53	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
662L	N/A	1.21	1.21	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.33	0.51	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96
664R	N/A	1.09	1.09	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.30	0.49	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.90	0.96

Italized values taken from Marksheffel FDR

Calculated by: GT
Date: 3/29/2023

Checked by: VAS

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

(Area Drainage Summary)

From Area Runoj	ff Coefficient Sumn	nary			OVERLA	1ND		Si	TREET / CH	ANNEL FLO	W	Time of T	ravel (T _t)	INTEN	SITY *	TOTAL	FLOWS
BASIN	AREA TOTAL	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	C ₅	Length	Height	T _C	Length	Slope	Velocity	T _t	TOTAL	CHECK	I ₅	I ₁₀₀	Q_5	Q_{100}
	(Acres)	From DCI	M Table 5-1		(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)
Α	4.67	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	28	15.3	591	2.9%	1.2	8.3	23.5	15.0	2.8	4.8	1.1	7.8
В	2.92	0.08	0.35	0.08	300	19	17.3	657	7.0%	1.9	5.9	23.2	15.3	2.9	4.8	0.7	5.0
C	2.51	0.60	0.74	0.90	100	2.0	2.9	883	2.1%	1.0	14.4	17.3	15.5	3.5	5.8	5.2	10.8
D	1.13	0.08	0.35	0.90	100	6	2.0	281	8.2%	2.0	2.3	5.0	12.1	5.2	8.7	0.5	3.4
E	9.53	0.12	0.39	0.12	100	16	7.1	941	3.0%	1.7	9.1	16.2	15.8	3.4	5.8	3.9	21.5
F	2.57	0.12	0.39	0.90	100	9	1.7	494	4.3%	2.1	4.0	5.7	13.3	5.0	8.3	1.5	8.4
F1	12.10	0.12	0.39	0.90	100	0.5	4.5	1309	2.5%	1.6	13.8	18.3	17.8	3.3	5.5	4.7	25.8
G	1.62	0.10	0.37	0.10	80	21	5.5	759	1.3%	1.7	7.5	13.0	14.7	3.7	6.3	0.6	3.7
H	11.25	0.12	0.39	0.12	100	9	8.6	1203	2.0%	1.4	14.2	22.7	17.2	3.3	5.6	4.5	24.4
I	13.13	0.12	0.39	0.12	100	2	14.1	1169	1.6%	1.3	15.4	29.5	17.1	3.3	5.6	5.2	28.6
J	1.13	0.10	0.37	0.10	50	9	4.9	536	1.3%	1.7	5.2	10.1	13.3	4.1	6.9	0.5	2.9
J1	1.14	0.11	0.38	0.11	100	6	9.9	375	2.4%	2.3	2.7	12.6	12.6	3.8	6.3	0.5	2.7
K	11.16	0.12	0.39	0.12	100	5	10.4	738	5.3%	2.3	5.4	15.8	14.7	3.6	6.0	4.8	26.0
L	1.11	0.09	0.36	0.09	75	16	5.7	528	1.1%	1.6	5.5	11.2	13.4	3.7	6.2	0.4	2.5
L1	2.24	0.08	0.35	0.08	100	6	10.2	190	8.4%	2.0	1.6	11.7	11.6	3.9	6.6	0.7	5.2
L2	7.05	0.08	0.35	0.08	100	9	8.9	1044	1.2%	0.8	22.3	31.2	16.4	3.4	5.7	1.9	14.1
M	11.24	0.17	0.42	0.17	100	4	10.6	569	4.7%	1.5	6.2	16.9	13.7	3.7	6.1	7.0	28.7
N	0.35	0.90	0.96	0.90	25	0.5	1.4	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.1	5.2	8.7	1.6	3.0
0	0.72	0.90	0.96	0.90	25	0.5	1.4	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	8.7	3.4	6.0
P	1.41	0.90	0.96	0.90	90	5	1.9	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.5	5.2	8.7	6.5	11.7
631R	0.56	0.90	0.96	0.90	30	0.1	3.4	200	1.8%	0.9	3.5	6.9	9.8	4.7	7.9	2.4	4.2
632L	1.21	0.90	0.96	0.90	53	3.0	1.5	1000	1.8%	0.9	17.7	19.2	9.8	4.2	7.0	4.5	8.1
637R	0.91	0.90	0.96	0.90	77	3.0	2.0	900	0.5%	1.4	10.6	12.6	16.2	3.8	6.3	3.1	5.5
641L	1.58	0.90	0.96	0.90	47	1.0	1.9	1500	2.3%	3.0	8.2	10.2	13.0	4.1	6.9	5.8	10.4
646R	0.75	0.90	0.96	0.90	41	1.0	1.7	78	1.8%	2.7	0.5	2.2	5.0	5.2	8.7	3.5	6.2
654R	1.62	0.90	0.96	0.90	91	5.0	2.0	1000	4.3%	4.1	4.0	6.0	16.1	4.9	8.2	7.1	12.8
661L	0.07	0.90	0.96	0.90	82	3.0	2.1	100	2.7%	3.3	0.5	2.6	5.0	5.2	8.7	0.3	0.6
662L	1.21	0.90	0.96	0.90	75	3.0	2.0	800	4.6%	4.3	3.1	5.1	14.9	5.1	8.6	5.6	10.0
664R	1.09	0.90	0.96	0.90	78	3.0	2.1	600	5.3%	4.6	2.2	4.2	5.0	5.2	8.7	5.1	9.1

^{*} Intensity equations assume a minimum travel time of 5 minutes. Italized values taken from Marksheffel FDR

Calculated by: GT

Date: 3/29/2023

Checked by: VAS

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS (Basin Routing Summary)

	From Area Runoff Coefficient Summary				OVE	ERLAND		PIPE	/ CHA	NNEL FLO	W	Time of Travel (T _t)	INTEN	SITY *	TOTAL	FLOWS	
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS/PIPES	CA ₅	CA ₁₀₀	C ₅	Length	Height	T _C	Length	Slope	Velocity	T _t	TOTAL	I ₅	I ₁₀₀	Q_5	Q ₁₀₀	COMMENTS
1	664R	0.98	1.05		(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min) 5.0	(in/hr) 5.2	(in/hr) 8.7	(c.f.s.) 5.1	(c.f.s.) 9.1	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
	W 111														J.1	,	
					Basin 664	R Tc was u	ised										
2	662L	1.09	1.16									5.1	5.1	8.6	5.6	10.0	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					D :		L										
3	FBIN662, 661L	0.57	0.79		Basın 662	L Tc was u	5.1	50	2.7%	3.3	0.3	5.3	5.1	8.5	2.9	6.7	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
3	FBIN002, 001L	0.57	0.79				3.1	50	2.770	3.3	0.5	5.5	5.1	6.5	2.9	0.7	EX 3 CDOT TIPE R AG INCET
					Basin 662	L Tc was u	ısed										
4	PR664, PR662, PR661,	1.85	2.84									23.5	2.8	4.8	5.3	13.6	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
	A																
	EDITION OF THE	4.00	2.21	Av	g DP3 and I	Basin A Tc	was used						4.0		0.4		THE STATE OF STATE OF THE STATE
5	FBIN664, 654R	1.92	2.21									6.0	4.9	8.2	9.4	18.2	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					Basin 654	R Tc was u	ised										
6	DP4, PR654,	2.97	4.88				23.5	535	4.9%	3.3	2.7	26.2	2.7	4.5	8.0	22.0	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
	В, D																
					DP4 T	c was used	l										
7	FBIN661, FBIN654, 646R	2.01	2.73				6.0	800	2.0%	2.8	4.7	10.7	4.0	6.8	8.1	18.5	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					Basin 654	R Tc was u	ised										
8	C	1.50	1.85									15.5	3.5	5.8	5.2	10.8	EX BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
					Basin C	Tc was us	ed										IN CDOT ROW
9	F	0.31	1.00		Basin C	ic was us	eu					5.7	5.0	8.3	1.5	8.4	TEMP SEDIMENT BASIN
	•	0.51	1.00									5.7	5.0	0.5	1.5	0.7	OUTFALL TO MARKSHEFFEL
					Basin F	Te was use	ed										EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
10	E	1.14	3.72									15.8	3.4	5.8	3.9	21.5	TEMP SEDIMENT BASIN
																	OUTFALL TO MARKSHEFFEL
					Basin E	Tc was use											EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
11	DP6, DP9, DP10, G, PR646	5.42	10.89				26.2	793	1.8%	2.0	6.6	32.8	2.3	3.9	12.7	42.9	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
					DD4 3	c was used	<u> </u>										
12	Н	1.35	4.39		ו פיזע	c was used						17.2	3.3	5.6	4.5	24.4	TEMP SEDIMENT BASIN
12	п	1.33	4.39									17.2	3.3	5.0	4.3	24.4	OUTFALL TO MARKSHEFFEL
					Basin H	Te was us	ed										EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
13	F1	1.45	4.72									18.3	3.2	5.4	4.7	25.5	TEMP SEDIMENT BASIN
																	OUTFALL TO MARKSHEFFEL
					Basin F	I Tc was us	sed										EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
14	641L	1.42	1.52									10.2	4.1	6.9	5.8	10.4	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					D : 611	T. T.	L,										
					Basin 641	L Tc was u	ised										

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS (Basin Routing Summary)

	From Area Runoff Coefficient Summary				OVE	ERLAND		PIPI	E / CHA	NNEL FLO)W	Time of Travel (T,)	INTE	VSITY *	TOTAL	FLOWS	
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS/PIPES	CA ₅	CA ₁₀₀	C ₅	Length	Height	T_C	Length	Slope	Velocity	T _t	TOTAL	I,	I ₁₀₀	Q ₅	Q ₁₀₀	COMMENTS
		-	100	,	(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	
15	DP11, DP12, DP13, J, PR640	9.04	20.97				32.8	547	0.7%	1.3	7.3	40.0	2.0	3.4	18.5	72.0	EX 36" CULVERT
					Design Pt	11 Tc was											
16	FBIN646, 637R	1.98	2.91				10.7	871	0.5%	1.4	10.3	21.0	3.0	5.1	6.0	14.8	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					Design Pt	t 7 Tc was i	used	-									
17	DP15, J1, PR636	10.16	22.25				40.0	296	0.5%	1.4	3.5	43.5	1.9	3.2	19.5	71.8	EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
																	OUTFALL TO MARKSHEFFEL
					Design Pt	15 Tc was	used										
18	K	1.34	4.35									14.7	3.6	6.0	4.8	26.0	TEMP SEDIMENT BASIN
					D : 1		<u> </u>										OUTFALL TO HWY 94 CDOT ROW
19	Ī	1.58	5.12		Basın K	Te was us	ed					17.1	3.3	5.6	5.2	28.6	TEMP SEDIMENT BASIN
19	1	1.36	3.12									17.1	3.3	3.0	3.2	20.0	OUTFALL TO MARKSHEFFEL
					Basin I	Te was use	ed										EX 5' BTM EARTH TRAP CHANNEL
20	FBIN636, 631R	1.49	2.60		Daoin 1	TO Was as	21.0	650	1.5%	2.4	4.5	25.4	2.7	4.6	4.1	11.9	EX 5' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
20	1 211 (000), 00 111														***	1117	
					Design Poir	nt 16 Tc wa	is used										
21	FBIN640, 632L	1.80	2.13				10.2	986	1.1%	2.1	8.0	18.1	3.2	5.4	5.8	11.6	EX 15' CDOT TYPE R AG INLET
					Design Pt	14 Tc was											
22	DP17, L	10.26	22.65				43.5	550	2.0%	2.1	4.3	47.9	1.8	3.0	18.3	67.6	EX CDOT TYPE C AREA INLET
					Design Poir	. 17 T											
23	N, FBIN630B	0.32	0.57		Design Poli	it 17 TC wa	is used					5.0	5.2	8.7	1.6	5.0	EX 12" PLASTIC CORR PIPE
23	N, FBIN030B	0.32	0.57									5.0	3.2	0.7	1.0	3.0	EX 12 PLASTIC CORR FIFE
					Design Poir	nt 21 Tc wa	is used										
24	L1, PR630B, PRE1,PRE2	13.51	26.80		-							47.9	1.8	3.0	24.1	80.1	EX WQ POND
					Design Poir	nt 22 Tc wa	is used										
25	L2, O, PRE5	14.72	28.95									47.9	1.8	3.0	26.2	86.5	EX 42" RCP
							L	Į									
					Design Poir	nt 24 Tc wa											
26	M, P,DP8, DP18	6.02	12.23				15.5	3096	3.0%	2.6	19.9	35.3	2.2	3.8	13.5	45.9	EX 48" CMP
					Design Pa	oint 8 was i	used	-									
					Designit	omic o was i	aoca										

CROSSROADS NORTH GEC-PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

(Storm Sewer Routing Summary)

					Inten	sity*	Flo	ow
PIPE RUN	Contributing Pipes/Design Points/Struct	Equivalent CA 5	Equivalent CA ₁₀₀	Maximum T _C	I_5	I_{100}	Q 5	Q 100
664	IN664R	0.52	0.39	5.0	5.2	8.7	2.7	3.4
662	IN662L	0.58	0.44	5.1	5.1	8.6	3.0	3.8
661	IN661L	0.37	0.38	5.3	5.1	8.5	1.9	3.2
654	IN654	0.78	0.61	6.0	4.9	8.2	3.8	5.0
646	IN646	0.84	0.69	10.7	4.0	6.8	3.4	4.7
640	IN641	0.71	0.55	10.2	4.1	6.9	2.9	3.8
636	IN636	0.99	0.85	21.0	3.0	5.1	3.0	4.3
630A	IN630A	0.95	0.90	25.4	2.7	4.6	2.6	4.1
630B	IN630A, IN630B	2.75	2.79	18.1	3.2	5.4	8.9	15.2
E 1	DP23	0.32	0.57	5.0	5.2	8.7	1.6	5.0
E2	INDP22	10.26	22.65	47.9	1.8	3.0	18.3	67.6
E3	DP25	14.72	28.95	47.9	1.8	3.0	26.2	86.5
E4	DP26	6.02	12.23	35.3	2.2	3.8	13.5	45.9
E5	WQ POND	13.51	25.79	47.9	1.8	3.0	24.1	77.1

^{*} Intensity equations assume a minimum travel time of 5 minutes.

Calculated by: GT

DP - Design Point

FB- Flow By from Design Point

Date: 9/30/2022

EX - Existing Design Point

IN- Inlet

Checked by: VAS

HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

Т	The open channe	l flow calcula	tor	
Select Channel Type: Triangle ✓	⊢ T → J y I → D → I Rectangle	Trapezoid	Z1 Z2 Iv	D D Jy
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: F	Feet(ft) ▼		
Channel slope: .01	Water depth(y): 1.02	ft	Bottom W(b)	0
Flow velocity 3.7183 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Zz	2): 4
Flow discharge 15.4742 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n		
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finisl	hed	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 8.41	Flow area 4.16	ft^2	Top width(T)	3.16
Specific energy 1.23	Froude number 0.92		Flow status Subcritical flow	
Critical depth 0.99	Critical slope 0.0117	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.21

EX MARKSHEFFEL SWALE SEC A-A Q5=15.2 cfs

Т	he open channe	l flow calcula	tor	
Select Channel Type: Triangle	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z1 z2 Ty	D D D D
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system:	=eet(ft) ✓		
Channel slope: .01	Water depth(y): 1.75	ft	Bottom W(b)	0
Flow velocity 5.3289 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z to 1 (H:V)	2): 4
Flow discharge 65.2796 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n		
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 14.43	Flow area 12.25	ft^2	Top width(T)	14
Specific energy 2.19 ft	Froude number 1		Flow status Critical flow	
Critical depth 1.75	Critical slope 0.0099	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.44

EX MARKSHEFFEL SWALE SEC A-A Q100=64.4 cfs

7	The open channel flow ca	alculator	
Select Channel Type: Trapezoid ✓	Rectangle Trapezoi	z2 Ly z1 Ly z2 Ly id Triangle	D Circle
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: Feet(ft) ∨		
Channel slope: .01 ft/ft	Water depth(y): 0.43 ft	Bottom W(b)	14
Flow velocity 2.8397 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z ₁): 14 to 1 ((H:V) RightSlope (to 1 (H:V)	(Z2): 14
Flow discharge 24.4455 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025 or sele	ct n	
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finished	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 26.07	Flow area 8.61 ft^2	Top width(T) 26.04
Specific energy 0.56	Froude number 0.87	Flow status Subcritical flo	ow
Critical depth 0.4	Critical slope 0.0133 ft/ft	Velocity hea	d 0.13

EX HWY 94 SWALE SEC B-B Q5=24.1 cfs

Т	he open channe	l flow calcula	tor	
Select Channel Type: Trapezoid ✓	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z1 z2 Ty	D D Jy
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system:	Feet(ft) ✔		
Channel slope: .01	Water depth(y): 0.87	ft	Bottom W(b)	14
Flow velocity 4.1945 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 14	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z to 1 (H:V)	2): 14
Flow discharge 95.5373 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n		
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 38.42	Flow area 22.78	ft^2	Top width(T)	38.36
Specific energy 1.14 ft	Froude number 0.96		Flow status Subcritical flow	,
Critical depth 0.85	Critical slope 0.0108	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.27

EX HWY 94 SWALE SEC B-B Q100=93.3 cfs

Т	he open channe	l flow calcula	tor	
Select Channel Type: Triangle	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z1 z2 Ty	D D D D
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system:	Feet(ft) 🕶		
Channel slope: .02	Water depth(y): 0.9	ft	Bottom W(b)	0
Flow velocity 4.766 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 3	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z	2): 3
Flow discharge 11.5813 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n		
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 5.69	Flow area 2.43	ft^2	Top width(T)	5.4
Specific energy 1.25	Froude number 1.25		Flow status Supercritical flo	ow
Critical depth 0.99	Critical slope 0.0122	ft/ft	Velocity head	0.35

EX HWY 24 SWALE SEC C-C Q5=11.8 cfs

7	The open channe	l flow calcula	tor	
Select Channel Type: Triangle ✓	Fectangle	Z1 Jy Trapezoid	z1 z2 Iy	D D Jy
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: F	eet(ft) 🕶		
Channel slope: .02	Water depth(y): 1.47	ft	Bottom W(b)	0
Flow velocity 6.61 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 3	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Zz	2): 3
Flow discharge 42.8505 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n		
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finisl	hed	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 9.3	Flow area 6.48	ft^2	Top width(T)	8.82
Specific energy 2.15	Froude number 1.36		Flow status Supercritical flo	ow
Critical depth 1.67	Critical slope 0.0103	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.68

EX HWY 24 SWALE SEC C-C Q100=42.9 cfs

Printable Title							
Printable Subtitle							
				Results			
				Flow depth, y	0.8400	ft '	~
				Flow area, a	1.6202	ft^2	~
				Pipe area, a0	7.0688	ft^2	~
Inputs				Relative area, a/a0	22.9208	%	~
Pipe diameter, d₀	3.0	ft 🕶		Wetted perimeter, P _w	3.3456	ft '	•
, , ,	3.0	IL V		Hydraulic radius, R _h	0.4843	ft '	•
Manning roughness, n	0.013			Top width, T	2.6940	ft '	~
Pressure slope (possibly $\frac{2}{2}$ equal to pipe slope), S_0	0.0185	rise/run	~	Velocity, v	9.5873	ft/sed	~
Relative flow depth, y/d ₀	0.28	fraction		Velocity head, h _v	0.6193	psi	~
	0.20	пасион	Y]	Froude number, F	2.18		
				Average shear stress (tractive force), tau	0.5593	psf	¥
				Flow, Q (See notes)	15.5329	cfs	~
				Full flow, Q0	90.7133	cfs	~
				Ratio to full flow, Q/Q0	17.1231	%	~



Notes:

This is the flow and depth inside an infinitely long pipe.

Getting the flow into the pipe may require significantly higher headwater depth. Add at least 1.5 times the velocity head to get the headwater depth or see my 2-minute tutorial for standard culvert headwater calculations using HY-8.

EX 36" CULVERT AIR LANE Q5=15.5 cfs

Printable Title						
Printable Subtitle						
			Results			
			Flow depth, y	1.9500	ft 🕥	,
			Flow area, a	4.8639	ft^2	~
			Pipe area, a0	7.0688	ft^2	~
Inputs			Relative area, a/a0	68.8081	%	~
Pipe diameter, d ₀	3.0	ft 🕶	Wetted perimeter, P _w	5.6265	ft 🕥	•
	3.0	II V	Hydraulic radius, R _h	0.8644	ft 🕥	,
Manning roughness, n	0.013		Top width, T	2.8618	ft ゝ	•
Pressure slope (possibly $\underline{?}$ equal to pipe slope), S_0	0.0185	rise/run 🗸	Velocity, v	14.1078	ft/sec	· •
Relative flow depth, y/d ₀	0.65	fraction ~	Velocity head, h _v	1.3410	psi	~
	0.03	II action +	Froude number, F	1.91		
			Average shear stress (tractive force), tau	0.9984	psf	~
			Flow, Q (See notes)	68.6163	cfs	~
			Full flow, Q0	90.7133	cfs	~
			Ratio to full flow, Q/Q0	75.6408	%	~



Notes:

This is the flow and depth inside an infinitely long pipe.

Getting the flow into the pipe may require significantly higher headwater depth. Add at least 1.5 times the velocity head to get the headwater depth or see my 2-minute tutorial for standard culvert headwater calculations using HY-8.

EX 36" CULVERT AIR LANE Q100=67.4 cfs

Printable Title						
Printable Subtitle						
				Results		
				Flow depth, y	0.9800	ft 🕶
				Flow area, a	2.2053	ft^2 🕶
				Pipe area, a0	9.6214	ft^2 🕶
Inputs				Relative area, a/a0	22.9208	% 🕶
Pipe diameter, d₀	3.5	ft 🕶		Wetted perimeter, P _w	3.9032	ft 🕶
, , ,		IL Y		Hydraulic radius, R _h	0.5650	ft 🕶
Manning roughness, n	0.022			Top width, T	3.1430	ft 🕶
Pressure slope (possibly $\underline{?}$ equal to pipe slope), S_0	0.069	rise/rur	1 Y	Velocity, v	12.1251	ft/sec ➤
Relative flow depth, y/d ₀	28	%	~	Velocity head, h _v	2.2849	ft H2O 🕶
	20	70	•	Froude number, F	2.56	
				Average shear stress (tractive force), tau	2.4338	psf 🕶
				Flow, Q (See notes)	26.7385	cfs 🕶
				Full flow, Q0	156.1547	cfs 🕶
				Ratio to full flow, Q/Q0	17.1231	% ~



Notes:

This is the flow and depth inside an infinitely long pipe.

Getting the flow into the pipe may require significantly higher headwater depth. Add at least 1.5 times the velocity head to get the headwater depth or see my 2-minute tutorial for standard culvert headwater calculations using HY-8.

EXISTING 42" CMP AT DP25 Q5= 26.2 cfs

Printable Title									
Printable Subtitle									
Results									
					Flow, Q (See notes)	86.8889	cfs	~	
Inputs					Velocity, v	16.6630	ft/se	c ~	
Pipe diameter, d ₀	3.5	ft	~		Velocity head, h _v	4.3153	ft H2	2O	~
Manning_roughness,_n	0.022				Flow area	5.2147	ft^2	~	
					Wetted perimeter	5.7290	ft	~	
Pressure slope (possibly ? equal to pipe slope), S ₀	0.069	0.069 rise/run → H		~	Hydraulic radius	0.9102	ft	~	
Percent of (or ratio to) full depth (100% or 1 if flowing full) 53.3 %		Top width, T	3.4924	ft	~				
)			Froude number, F	2.41			
					Average shear stress (tractive force), tau	3.9209	psf	~	,



Notes:

This is the flow and depth inside the pipe.

Getting the flow into the pipe may require significantly higher headwater depth. Add at least 1.5 times the velocity head to get the headwater depth or see my 2-minute tutorial for standard culvert headwater calculations using HY-8.

EXISTING 42" CMP AT DP25 Q100= 86.5 cfs

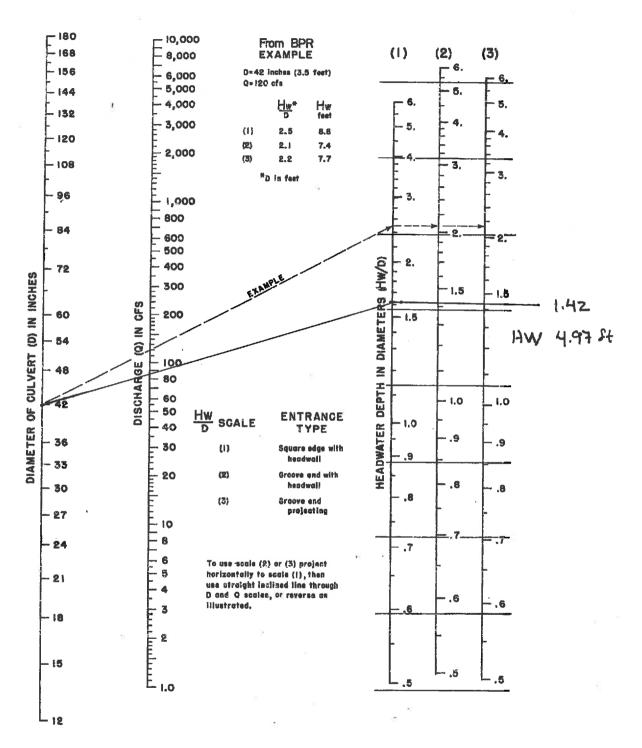


Figure CU-9—Inlet Control Nomograph—Example

DP 25 Ex 42" emp Q.00 = 86.5 css

Printable Title									
Printable Subtitle									
					Results				
					Flow depth, y	0.8400	ft	~	
					Flow area, a	1.9184	ft^2	~	
					Pipe area, a0	12.5668	ft^2	~	
nputs					Relative area, a/a0	15.2658	%	•	•
Pipe diameter, d ₀	4	ft			Wetted perimeter, P _w	3.8083	ft	~	
	4	π	~		Hydraulic radius, R _h	0.5037	ft	~	
<u>Manning roughness, n</u>	0.022				Top width, T	3.2585	ft	~	
Pressure slope (possibly $\frac{2}{3}$ equal to pipe slope), S ₀	0.0316	rise	/run	~	Velocity, v	7.6012	ft/se	C 🕶	
Relative flow depth, y/d ₀	21	%			Velocity head, h _v	0.8980	ft H2	20	~
relative new depth, y/a ₀	21	70			Froude number, F	1.75			
					Average shear stress (tractive force), tau	0.9938	psf	~	
					Flow, Q (See notes)	14.5817	cfs	~	
					Full flow, Q0	150.8757	cfs	~	
					Ratio to full flow, Q/Q0	9.6647	%	•	•



Notes:

This is the flow and depth inside an infinitely long pipe.

Getting the flow into the pipe may require significantly higher headwater depth. Add at least 1.5 times the velocity head to get the headwater depth or see my 2-minute tutorial for standard culvert headwater calculations using HY-8.

EXISTING 48" CMP AT DP26 Q5= 13.5 cfs

Printable Title							
Printable Subtitle							
	Results						
	Flow, Q (See notes)	46.0371	cfs	~			
Inputs			Velocity, v 10.5440 ft.			c ~	
Pipe diameter, d ₀	4	ft 🕶	Velocity head, h _v	1.7278	ft H2	0	~
Manning roughness, n	0.022		Flow area	4.3664	ft^2	~	
			Wetted perimeter	5.3055	ft ·	~	
Pressure slope (possibly ? equal to pipe slope), S ₀	0.0316	rise/run 🗸	Hydraulic radius	0.8230	ft ·	~	
Percent of (or ratio to) full depth (100% or 1 if flowing full) 37.9 %			Top width, T	3.8811	ft '	v	
	Į.		Froude number, F	1.75			
			Average shear stress (tractive force), tau	1.6235	psf	~	•]



Notes:

This is the flow and depth inside the pipe.

Getting the flow into the pipe may require significantly higher headwater depth. Add at least 1.5 times the velocity head to get the headwater depth or see my 2-minute tutorial for standard culvert headwater calculations using HY-8.

EXISTING 48" CMP AT DP26 Q100= 45.9 cfs

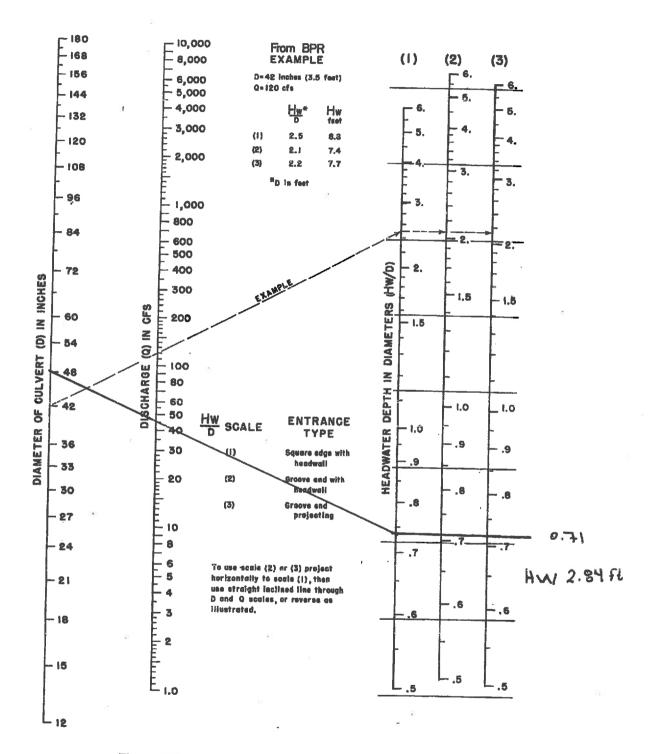


Figure CU-9—inlet Control Nomograph—Example

DP 26 Ex 48" cmp Q100 = 45.9 c83

The open channel flow calculator									
Select Channel Type: Triangle	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z1 z2 Ty	D D Jy					
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system:	Feet(ft) 🕶							
Channel slope: .0256	Water depth(y): 0.6	ft	Bottom W(b)	0					
Flow velocity 4.1767 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z to 1 (H:V)	2): 4					
Flow discharge 6.0145 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n							
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset						
Wetted perimeter 4.95	Flow area 1.44	ft^2	Top width(T)	4.8					
Specific energy 0.87	Froude number 1.34		Flow status Supercritical flo	ow					
Critical depth 0.68	Critical slope 0.0136	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.27					

PROP SEC A-A Q5=4.7 cfs

The open channel flow calculator									
Select Channel Type: Triangle	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z1 z2 Ty	D D D D					
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: [Feet(ft) ✔							
Channel slope: .0256	Water depth(y): 1.04	ft	Bottom W(b)	0					
Flow velocity 6.0269 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z	2): 4					
Flow discharge 26.0746 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n							
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset						
Wetted perimeter 8.58	Flow area 4.33	ft^2	Top width(T)	8.32					
Specific energy 1.6	Froude number 1.47		Flow status Supercritical flo	ow					
Critical depth 1.22	Critical slope 0.0112	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.56					

PROP SEC A-A Q100=25.5 cfs

The open channel flow calculator									
Select Channel Type: Trapezoid ✓	⊢ T → J Jy	Trapezoid	Z1 Z2 Iy	D D Jy					
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: F	Feet(ft) ✔							
Channel slope: .0227	Water depth(y): 0.28	ft	Bottom W(b)	4					
Flow velocity 3.3348 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Zz	2): 4					
Flow discharge 4.7808 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n							
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finish	hed	Reset						
Wetted perimeter 6.31	Flow area 1.43	ft^2	Top width(T)	6.24					
Specific energy 0.45	Froude number 1.23		Flow status Supercritical flo	ow					
Critical depth 0.32	Critical slope 0.0145	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.17					

PROP SEC B-B Q5=4.5 cfs

The open channel flow calculator									
Select Channel Type: Trapezoid ✓	Rectangle Trapezoid	Triangle Circle							
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: Feet(ft) ✓								
Channel slope: .0227	Water depth(y): 0.68 ft	Bottom W(b) 4							
Flow velocity 5.4568 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4 to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z2): 4 to 1 (H:V)							
Flow discharge 24.9355 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025 or select n								
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finished	Reset							
Wetted perimeter 9.61	Flow area 4.57 ft^2	Top width(T) 9.44							
Specific energy 1.14	Froude number 1.38	Flow status Supercritical flow							
Critical depth 0.81	Critical slope 0.0113 ft/ft	Velocity head 0.46							

PROP SEC B-B Q100=24.4 cfs

The open channel flow calculator									
Select Channel Type: Triangle	Rectangle Trapezoid	Triangle Circle							
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: Feet(ft) ✓								
Channel slope: .01 ft/ft	Water depth(y): 0.68 ft	Bottom W(b) 0							
Flow velocity 2.8376 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4 to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z2): 4 to 1 (H:V)							
Flow discharge 5.2485 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025 or select n								
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finished	Reset							
Wetted perimeter 5.61	Flow area 1.85 ft^2	Top width(T) 5.44							
Specific energy 0.81	Froude number 0.86	Flow status Subcritical flow							
Critical depth 0.64	Critical slope 0.0138 ft/ft	Velocity head 0.13							

PROP SEC C-C Q5=5.2 cfs

The open channel flow calculator									
Select Channel Type: Triangle	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z ₁ z ₂ Ly	D D Jy					
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system:	Feet(ft) 🕶							
Channel slope: .01	Water depth(y): 1.29	ft	Bottom W(b)	0					
Flow velocity 4.3485 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z	2): 4					
Flow discharge 28.9455 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n							
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset						
Wetted perimeter 10.64	Flow area 6.66	ft^2	Top width(T)	10.32					
Specific energy 1.58	Froude number 0.95		Flow status Subcritical flow	ı					
Critical depth 1.27	Critical slope 0.0109	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.29					

PROP SEC C-C Q100=28.6 cfs

The open channel flow calculator									
Select Channel Type: Triangle	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z1 z2 Ty	D D Jy					
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: [Feet(ft) 🕶							
Channel slope: .01	Water depth(y): 0.68	ft	Bottom W(b)	0					
Flow velocity 2.8376 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z to 1 (H:V)	2): 4					
Flow discharge 5.2485 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n							
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset						
Wetted perimeter 5.61	Flow area 1.85	ft^2	Top width(T)	5.44					
Specific energy 0.81	Froude number 0.86		Flow status Subcritical flow	,					
Critical depth 0.64	Critical slope 0.0138	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.13					

PROP SEC D-D Q5=5.2 cfs

The open channel flow calculator				
Select Channel Type: Triangle	⊢ T → J J y I → b → I Rectangle	Trapezoid	z1 z2 Ty	D D Jy
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system:	Feet(ft) ✔		
Channel slope: .01	Water depth(y): 1.29	ft	Bottom W(b)	0
Flow velocity 4.3485 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z2): 4 to 1 (H:V)	
Flow discharge 28.9455 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n		
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 10.64	Flow area 6.66	ft^2	Top width(T)	10.32
Specific energy 1.58	Froude number 0.95		Flow status Subcritical flow	1
Critical depth 1.27	Critical slope 0.0109	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.29

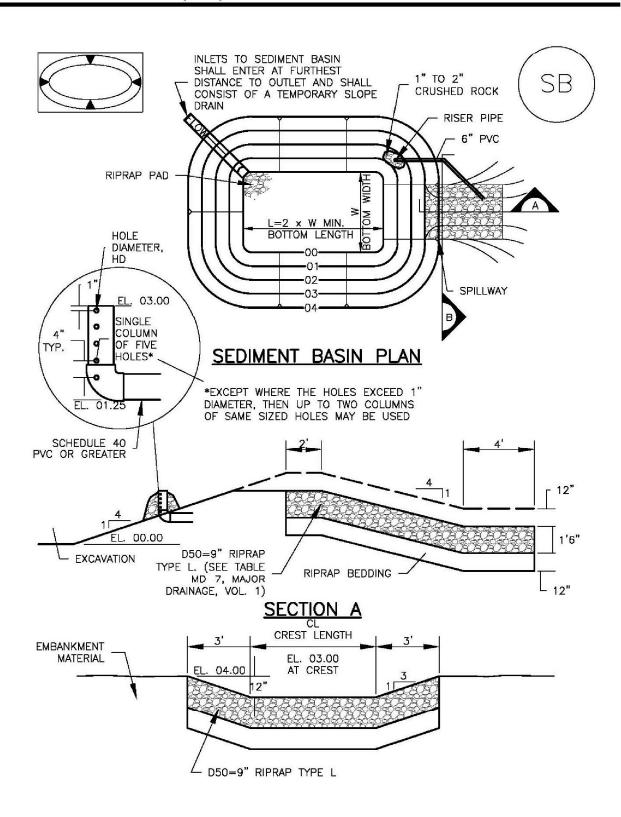
PROP SEC D-D Q100=28.6 cfs

The open channel flow calculator				
Select Channel Type: Triangle ✓	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z ₁ z ₂ Ly	D D Jy
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: [1	Feet(ft) ✔		
Channel slope: .03	Water depth(y): 0.54	ft	Bottom W(b)	0
Flow velocity 4.2148 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z1): 4	to 1 (H:V)	RightSlope (Z2): 4 to 1 (H:V)	
Flow discharge 4.9161 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n		
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 4.45	Flow area 1.17	ft^2	Top width(T)	4.32
Specific energy 0.82	Froude number 1.43		Flow status Supercritical flo	ow
Critical depth 0.62	Critical slope 0.014	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.28

PROP SEC E-E Q5=4.8 cfs

The open channel flow calculator				
Select Channel Type: Triangle	Fectangle	Trapezoid	z1 z2 Ty	D D Jy
Velocity(V)&Discharge(Q) ✓	Select unit system: [Feet(ft) ✔		
Channel slope: .03	Water depth(y): 1.01	ft	Bottom W(b)	0
Flow velocity 6.3982 ft/s	LeftSlope (Z ₁): 4 to 1 (H:		RightSlope (Z2): 4 to 1 (H:V)	
Flow discharge 26.1072 ft^3/s	Input n value 0.025	or select n		
Calculate!	Status: Calculation finis	hed	Reset	
Wetted perimeter 8.33	Flow area 4.08	ft^2	Top width(T)	8.08
Specific energy 1.65	Froude number 1.59		Flow status Supercritical flo	ow
Critical depth 1.22	Critical slope 0.0112	ft/ft	Velocity head ft	0.64

PROP SEC E-E Q100=26.0 cfs

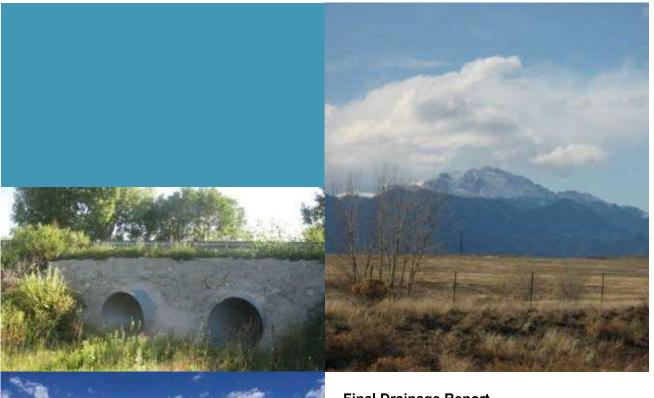


Upstream Drainage Area (rounded to nearest acre), (ac)	Basin Bottom Width (W), (ft)	Spillway Crest Length (CL), (ft)	Hole Diameter (HD), (in)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	12 ½ 21 28 33 ½ 38 ½ 43 47 ¼ 51 55	2 3 5 6 8 9 11 12 13	932 13/6 14 96 21/32 21/32 25/32 27/32 7/8
10 11 12 13 14	58 ¼ 61 64 67 ½ 70 ½	15 16 18 19 21 22	27/32 7/8 15/16 31/32 1 1 1/16 1 1/8

SEDIMENT BASIN INSTALLATION NOTES

- 1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
 -LOCATION OF SEDIMENT BASIN.
 - -TYPE OF BASIN (STANDARD BASIN OR NONSTANDARD BASIN).
 - -FOR STANDARD BASIN, BOTTOM WIDTH W, CREST LENGTH CL, AND HOLE DIAMETER, HD.
 - -FOR NONSTANDARD BASIN, SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR DESIGN OF BASIN INCLUDING RISER HEIGHT H. NUMBER OF COLUMNS N, HOLE DIAMETER HD AND PIPE DIAMETER D.
- 2. FOR STANDARD BASIN, BOTTOM DIMENSION MAY BE MODIFIED AS LONG AS BOTTOM AREA IS NOT REDUCED.
- 3. SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY OTHER LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY THAT RELIES ON ON BASINS AS A STORMWATER CONTROL.
- 4. EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF SOIL FREE OF DEBRIS, ORGANIC MATERIAL, AND ROCKS OR CONCRETE GREATER THAN 3 INCHES AND SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 15 PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING THE NO. 200 SIEVE.
- 5. EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95 PERCENT OF MAXIMUM DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D698.
- 6. PIPE SCH 40 OR GREATER SHALL BE USED.
- 7. THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THESE SHEETS PERTAIN TO STANDARD SEDIMENT BASIN(S) FOR DRAINAGE AREAS LESS THAN 15 ACRES. SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR EMBANKMENT, STORAGE VOLUME, SPILLWAY, OUTLET, AND OUTLET PROTECTION DETAILS FOR ANY SEDIMENT BASIN(S) THAT HAVE BEEN INDIVIDUALLY DESIGNED FOR DRAINAGE AREAS LARGER THAN 15 ACRES.

MARKSHEFFEL ROAD FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT EXCERPTS



Final Drainage Report

Marksheffel Road South

Link Road to US-24

El Paso County, CO

January 2017



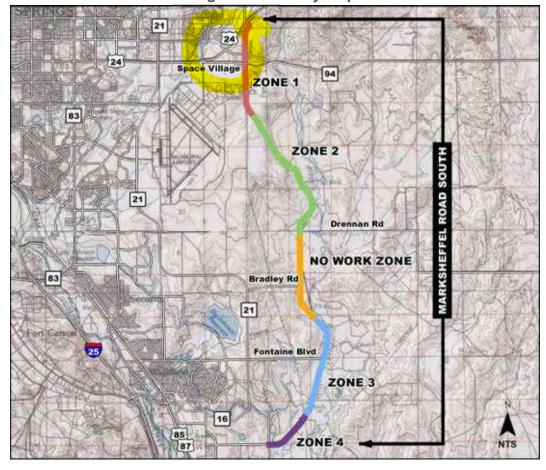


Figure 1 - Vicinity Map

The site is located in multiple townships, ranges and sections as shown in table 1 below.

Table 1: Township Range and Section

Township	ownship Range Section	
14 South	65 West	8, 9, 16, 17, 20, 21, 27, 28, 33, 24
15 South	65 West	10, 15, 22, 27, 28

The majority of the project is located within the Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin and runoff from the surrounding area drains east towards Jimmy Camp Creek crossing Marksheffel Road through a number of culverts. The West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek flows on the west side of Marksheffel following the roadway down to Link Road where it crosses Marksheffel and connects with the main branch of Jimmy Camp Creek. A portion of the project is also located within the Peterson Field Drainage Basin, which receives the majority of Zone 1 runoff.

The offsite topography is rolling plains with mostly undeveloped lands. Generally, the land slopes from north to south and west to east across the project roadway.

are less than the WQCV event. The overall goal of the project is to detain the WQCV along the entire roadway pavement. The required WQCV will be in areas located within the El Paso County & City of Colorado Springs MS4 Permit Boundary, which is within the City boundary and the El Paso County Urbanized Area. Treatment will be provided as possible outside of these boundaries, though it is not required.

Per the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual Vol 2, "Stormwater Quality Policies, Procedures and Best Management Practices," November 1, 2002 approved BMP's - Sand Filters and Extended Detention Basins will be used to provide Water Quality Capture Volume for the project to satisfy the MS4 Permit requirements.

2.4 Floodplain Criteria

See Appendix 11 for all applicable Floodplain Criteria.

3.0 HYDROLOGY

3.1 Precipitation

Design rainfall for this project was determined by using the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Precipitation Frequency Data Server, which delivers the NOAA Atlas 14 precipitation frequency estimates. A single location along Marksheffel Road was chosen to represent the entire project. Estimated rainfall depths for the design durations were obtained from this NOAA webtool. Rainfall intensities for the 1-hour 5 and 100-year events are 1.30 and 2.76-inches per hour respectively. Design rainfall uses NOAA Atlas 14 Volume III, which provides the most up to date information available. See Appendix 3 for further design details.

3.2 Drainage Basins

This project is segmented into four zones for design. The most southern zone, Zone 4 is Sta. 70+83.78 to Sta. 128+00, Zone 3 is Sta. 128+00 to 282+30.48, Zone 2 is 376+00 to Sta. 554+00, and the most northern zone is Zone 1 and is Sta. 554+00 to 670+73.68.

On the East side of Marksheffel is Jimmy Camp Creek, which is an identified and studied floodplain (Zone AE). Jimmy Camp Creek does not cross the Marksheffel Road, but stays to the east and south of the roadway. On the west side of the road an identified unstudied floodplain (Zone A) which crosses the road at Sta. 256+00. Several tributaries to Jimmy Camp Creek do cross the road in Zone 3. At the south end of the project in Zone 4, near Link Road, on the northwest side of Marksheffel Road is the Jimmy Camp Creek West Tributary. This tributary is an identified studied floodplain (Zone AE) which crosses the roadway in multiple locations

On the north portion of this project most of the offsite drainage flows from north to south and crosses east across Marksheffel Road north of Space Village Road, then flows to the southwest through the culvert crossing at Sta. 563+20. From that point, all the off site drainage flows from west to east crossing Marksheffel and following natural drainage paths to Jimmy Camp Creek. The onsite flows will be conveyed in curb and gutter section north of Space Village Road. South of Space Village Road the runoff follows the grade of the road draining into roadside ditches.

In Zone 3, the Farmers Mutual irrigation ditch is located at Sta. 212+00 north of Fontaine Boulevard. Both irrigation and storm flows are collected on the west and piped across Marksheffel Road to the irrigation ditch that continues east.

The majority of flow from Fontaine Boulevard to the south contributes to the Jimmy Camp Creek West Tributary. This basin is 3.98 square miles and crosses Marksheffel Road at Sta. 103+00, 91+00, and 71+00. From there flows converge with the main branch of Jimmy Camp Creek. The West Tributary is a FEMA Zone AE studied floodplain with base flood elevations determined. The roadway and drainage work within this floodplain has been reduced to adding shoulders, and replacing culverts to match the existing culverts. The crown of the roadway is limited to matching the existing roadway crown in order to not impact the floodplain elevations.

Pavement basins are not discussed in the narrative, but are included within the rational method calculations.

3.2.1 **ZONE 1**

This northern portion of the project drains easterly across Marksheffel Road and South to a multicell box culvert at Station 563+20 where the runoff flows back across Marksheffel and onto Peterson Air Force Base.

Basin 640L contains 50.0-acres between Air Lane and US-24 west of Marksheffel Road. Historically the runoff in this area was conveyed west across Marksheffel at Sta. 650+26 through an 18-inch CMP and at Sta. 642+80 through an 18-inch CMP. It is proposed to drain the basin south at Air Lane through a 48-inch RCP, where the runoff enters Basin 631L.

Basin 631L contains 18.1-acres between SH-94 and Air Lane. Currently the basin drains south across SH-94 through an existing 42-inch RCP. In the proposed condition, runoff from Basin 640L and 631L will enter an extended detention basin that provides some detention and water quality. From the pond runoff will drain south to Basin 618L through the existing 42-inch RCP.

Basin 618L contains 38.4-acres between Air Lane and Space Village Road west of Marksheffel Road. This runoff flows southwest and currently crosses diagonally through the intersection with Space Village Road through an existing 18-inch CMP. It is proposed to treat this runoff in an extended detention basin that does not provide for detention and to drain it south across Space Village Road in a 5 x 2-foot CBC, then west across Marksheffel Road through double 45 x 29-inch ERCPs. From there runoff enters Basin 552R.

Basin 608L contains 21.4-acres between Sta. 608+00 and Space Village Road. This runoff flows west to east and crosses Marksheffel Road at the proposed double 45 x 29-inch ERCPs which also carries runoff from the north. From there runoff enters into Basin 552R.

Basin 575L contains 106.1-acres. This runoff flows to the south with flows staying on the west side of Marksheffel Road. Flows from this basin cross the Peterson Air Force Base Access Road near Sta. 574+00 through an existing 24-inch RCP and a proposed 60" x 38" ERCP. From there flows travel to the south into Basin 563L.

existing runoff along historic drainage patterns. Offsite runoff is not being increased as part of this project. It will be the responsibility of future developers to detain flows that result from an increase in runoff from change in land use.

Roadway basins were primarily delineated for water quality determination. Ditches capacities were primarily confirmed using offsite flows and were sized for maintenance concerns.

The results of the basin hydrology are shown in the tables below.

3.3.1 Rational Method

The Rational Basin hydrology is shown below in Table 5. This table includes both the on-site roadway basins and the offsite basins. The Basin IDs generally represent the roadway station each basin outlets to, and the L and R indicate the basin in on the left or right side of the Marksheffel centerline. The basins are listed from the north end of the project to the south generally following the drainage patterns of the project.

Table 5: Basins (Rational Method)

Basin ID	A ** 0 (0 0)	5 -	-Year	100)- Year
Dasiii iD	Area (ac)	C	Q (cfs)	C	Q (cfs)
Zone 1					
664R	1.09	0.90	4.54	0.95	9.87
662L	1.21	0.90	4.79	0.95	10.4
661L	0.07	0.90	0.29	0.95	0.63
654L	1.62	0.90	6.04	0.95	13.1
646R	0.75	0.90	2.63	0.95	5.70
641L	1.58	0.90	4.48	0.95	9.72
640L	50.0	0.25	20.6	0.35	60.0
637R	0.91	0.90	2.22	0.95	4.82
631R	0.56	0.90	2.22	0.95	4.83
632L	1.21	0.90	3.96	0.95	8.61
631L	18.1	0.29	9.95	0.39	27.3
618R	1.41	0.90	4.61	0.95	10.0
618L	38.4	0.27	14.7	0.37	42.1
617R	17.53	0.25	9.55	0.35	27.55
608R	1.12	0.90	3.28	0.95	7.13
608L	21.4	0.28	10.0	0.38	28.2
575L	106	0.27	29.4	0.37	85.8
563R	4.84	0.90	8.45	0.95	18.4
563L	11.7	0.25	4.87	0.35	14.2
Zone 2					
553R	0.80	0.90	2.44	0.95	5.31
553L	0.26	0.90	1.01	0.95	2.20
552R	662	0.27	99.3	0.37	302
547R	0.33	0.90	1.17	0.95	2.53
534R	0.37	0.90	1.38	0.95	3.01
534L	15.5	0.29	7.09	0.39	19.8
498L	1.61	0.90	2.96	0.95	6.43
485L	0.33	0.90	1.38	0.95	3.01
484R	2.64	0.90	4.61	0.95	10.1
484L	142	0.26	44.0	.036	129.5
480L	0.17	0.90	0.68	0.95	1.48

calculated by either the Rational Method or the USGS Regional Regression methodology. A small number of culverts were upsized based on a need for additional capacity to meet current design criteria. Culverts that have been upsized outlet to Jimmy Camp Creek and the runoff follows historic drainage patterns, any increased conveyance through the upsized pipe is not expected to have adverse downstream impacts. The minimum 100-year velocity is 3.71 fps. See Appendix 9 for calculations.

Table 7 lists the proposed culverts through the project corridor.

Table 7: Culvert Design

Culvert	Existing	Proposed	100 Year Flow	100 Year	Allowable	100 Year Velocity (fps)
ID	Size	Size	(cfs)	Headwater	Headwater	(.pc)
Zone 1						
CV639	-	42"	75.4	6337.4	6338.3	9.41
SH-94	42"	_	77.4	6323.2	6325.0	20.51
CV617		2-24"	27.55	6282.6	6284.72	6.17
CV616	-	2-45x29	127	6284.8	8285.0	9.29
CV614	-	18"	15.21	6285.6	6285.8	8.82
CV603	-	18"	3.94	6284.7	6286.4	7.95
CV594	-	18"	8.17	6255.2	6256.8	6.57
CV592	-	18"	9.38	6256.1	6257.4	10.00
CV575	-	60" x 38"	85.75	6203.8	6204.6	17.48
CV563	2-7'x3'	2-7x3 CBC	349	6187.2	6187.7	15.13
Zone 2						
CV533	36"	36"	19.8	6159.3	6163.0	15.00
CV490	-	18"	6.06	6073.5	6075.8	7.08
CV483	36"	2-36"	129	6063.8	6064.7	13.75
CV468	36"	36"	38.0	6033.2	6038.0	12.43
CV447	72"	72"	140	5989.0	5995.9	12.29
CV404	48"	54"	134	5908.8	5909.7	10.37
Zone 3						
CV255	-	18"	6.83	5759.1	5760.0	10.06
CV233	-	24"	16.9	5738.6	5739.5	8.11
CV228	72"	7x4 CBC	75.4	5732.9	5736.7	12.73
CV195	-	18"	9.87	5700.9	5703.0	6.76
CV194	-	18"	10.1	5699.8	5701.8	6.77
CV192	-	18"	10.5	5697.8	5699.8	6.84
CV178L		2-36"	87.1	5688.9	5690.19	8.03
CV177R	24"	2-24"	28.6	5687.56	5689.14	6.27
CV177	-	2-36"	87.06	5688.43	5688.7	8.63
CV168	-	2-24"	33.60	5683.18	5683.94	6.75
CV152	18"	18"	8.68	5674.0	5675.2	6.02
CV150	-	6x2 CBC	119	5676.3	5676.3	9.90
Zone 4						
CV125		24"	8.55	5652.54	5654.11	6.01
CV121	-	24"	9.59	5649.44	5650.77	6.23
CV117	-	24"	11.16	5646.58	5647.78	6.36
CV112	-	18"	1.67	5640.75	5643.25	4.21
CV109	-	18"	2.31	5638.7	5641.2	4.18
CV102	24"	24"	Replaced in	kind to not imp	act floodplain	

			100 Year			100 Year
Culvert	Existing	Proposed	Flow	100 Year	Allowable	Velocity (fps)
ID	Size	Size	(cfs)	Headwater	Headwater	
CV92	24"	30" x 19"	Replaced in	kind to not imp	act floodplain	

4.1.1 Hydraulic Variance

The existing 42-inch culvert at SH-94 has a velocity greater than 18-fps. This is due to the steepness of the culvert, re-routing of the storm system, and ROW limitations that limit what can be detained at that location. A stilling basin has been designed for the outlet of this culvert to counteract the scour forces caused by such high velocities.

Utility impacts caused a set of ditch modifications that included a set of bumpouts for access to the utility manholes along the a few sections of the corridor. These bulbouts block the roadside ditch and 24-inch RCPs. These culverts do not have to convey the full 100-year event, but may overtop the bumpouts during large events.

4.2 Storm Pipes

Inlets and storm pipes are used to route water from the curb and gutter section in Zone 1 to the adjacent ditch on the left side of the roadway. In Zone 2 and 3 grate inlets are used in the ditches to route on-site flow from the ditches to crossing culverts where the runoff will follow historic drainage patterns. In Zone 2 Inlets are placed in the ditches and shall follow ditch criteria requirements. In Table 8 and 9, the inlet location and storm system information is summarized.

For the InRoads calculations located in Appendix 7 of this report the Q_5 is only provided for the inlets listed in Table 8 below. This was done because these inlets are in the only curb and gutter section of the project and the Q_5 was analyzed for spread criteria. In other locations the Q_{100} criteria superseded the Q_5 HW/D criteria.

100-Year 5-Year Flow Inlet Pipe Flow Pipe Pipe **Flow** Spread Flow **Spread** Inlet Inlet Size Depth Velocity Depth Velocity ID (ft) Size **Type** (cfs) (ft) (ft) (fps) (cfs) (ft) (ft) (fps) **ZONE 1** IN664 5 24" 4.54 0.21 14.82 4.20 9.87 0.25 20.1 4.56 Type R 8.44 5 24" 4.79 0.30 8.81 7.59 10.4 0.38 12.5 IN662 Type R 5 18" 3.11 0.26 8.95 8.22 0.33 14.4 IN661 Type R 5.05 6.35 IN654 Type R 5 24" 10.5 0.45 7.70 3.76 26.57 0.62 11.1 4.36 24" IN646 Type R 5 10.4 0.48 17.7 4.50 27.8 0.65 26.0 5.31 IN640 Type R 5 24" 4.48 0.38 12.5 6.98 9.72 0.47 17.2 7.85 IN636 Type R 5 18" 2.22 0.23 14.8 3.45 4.68 0.27 22.1 3.72 IN630A 5 24" 2.22 0.23 4.92 4.70 4.83 0.28 7.78 5.31 Type R IN630B 5 24" 3.96 0.27 7.03 10.3 3.54 Type R 3.24 8.61 0.33 IN620 18" 7.89 10.00 11.36 4.61 0.28 2.62 0.35 2.89 Type R

Table 8: Storm System Design

Table 9: Grate Inlet Table

				100-Yea	r
Inlet ID	Inlet Type	Pipe Size	Flow (cfs)	Ponding Depth (ft)	Pipe Velocity (fps)
IN592	Type C	18"		Nuisance Fl	ows
IN533	Type D	36"	3.01	0.71	15.00
IN468B	Type D	36"	5.93	0.34	12.43
IN468	Type D	36"	2.11	0.52	12.43
IN447	Type D	72"	5.01	0.75	12.29
IN403	Type D	18"	1.77	0.15	1.00
IN206	Type C	24"	5.63	0.47	3.85
IN228	Type D	7x4 CBC	2.81	0.64	12.58
IN257	Type D	18"	14.16	0.61	10.55

4.2.1 Hydraulic Variance

P403 in Zone 3 has a velocity below 2.5-fps. This pipe has been steepened as far as is advisable to help increase velocity and reduce sedimentation within the pipe. The site limitations including roadway cover and existing ground limit further steepening of this pipe.

4.3 Curb & Gutter

A curb and gutter section will be located in Zone 1 from Space Village Avenue to US-24 to minimize ROW impacts and coordination with the Colorado Springs Utilities SDS pump station site. See Appendix 8 for calculations.

Table 10: Curb & Gutter Design

Curb & Gutter ID	Slope (ft/ft)	5-yr Discharge (cfs)	Gutter Depth (ft)	Depth Spread Disc		Normal Depth (ft)	Velocity (fps)
664R	0.053	4.54	0.27	7.30	9.87	0.33	7.96
662L	0.046	4.79	0.28	7.78	10.41	0.34	9.60
661L	0.027	0.29	0.12	1.47	0.63	0.16	4.09
654R	0.043	6.04	0.30	8.86	13.136	0.37	7.76
646R	0.018	2.63	0.27	7.28	5.7	0.33	4.63
641L	0.005	4.48	0.37	12.54	9.72	0.46	3.14
637R	0.005	2.22	0.30	9.18	4.82	0.38	2.69
632L	0.005	3.96	0.36	11.89	8.61	0.45	3.06
631R	0.005	2.22	0.30	9.18	4.83	0.38	2.69
618R	0.018	4.61	0.31	9.57	10.01	0.39	5.20

4.4 Ditches

Ditches will be used to convey on-site flow for a majority of the project as they do currently. Ditches will be trapezoidal with a 5-foot flat bottom and 3:1 back slopes and 4:1 fore slopes where possible. The ditches break at cross culverts where runoff will follow historic drainage patterns. Ditch design requirements are addressed in Section 2.1 of this report.

Table 11 below summarizes the ditches and their corresponding attributes. Calculations for ditch sizes can be viewed in Appendix 8.

Table 11: Ditch Design

r			ne II. Dik		,						
Ditch ID	Range	Channel Slope (ft/ft)	5-yr Discharge (cfs)	Normal Depth (ft)	Velocity (fps)	100-yr Discharge (cfs)	Normal Depth (ft)	Velocity (fps)			
ZONE 1		(10,10)	(013)	(10)		(013)	(10)				
641L	Sta. 640+00 to 655+00	0.005	14.49	0.78	2.39	33.79	1.21	3.04			
632L	Sta. 630+00 to 640+00	0.003	30.82	0.76	4.18	80.68	1.46	5.44			
618L *	Sta. 630+00 to 640+00	0.044	4.61	0.23	3.52	77.42	1.06	8.39			
608L	Sta. 618+00 to 631+00	0.013	4.61	0.32	2.35	28.19	0.86	4.07			
608R	Sta. 608+00 to 618+00	0.013	3.28	0.26	2.1	7.13	0.41	2.7			
575L	Sta. 608+00 to 618+00	0.013	29.38	0.88	4.12	85.75	1.51	5.53			
563R	Sta. 575+00 to 608+00	0.026	8.45	0.37	3.61	18.44	0.57	4.6			
ZONE 2		0.020	01.10	0107	0.01	10111	0107				
553L	Sta. 575+00 to 608+00	0.02	1.01	0.12	1.59	2.2	0.19	2.1			
C 575L	Sta. 568+50 to 573+23	0.014	-	0.12	1.00	85.75	1.37	12.48			
553R	Sta. 553+00 to 559+00	0.02	2.44	0.2	2.18	5.31	0.31	2.84			
547R	Sta. 552+00 to 563+00	0.024	1.17	0.12	1.78	2.53	0.19	2.35			
534L	Sta. 547+00 to 552+00	0.014	7.09	0.4	2.76	19.8	0.7	3.78			
534R	Sta. 533+50 to 542+00	0.019	1.38	0.14	1.75	3.01	0.23	2.31			
498L	Sta. 533+50 to 550+00	0.018	2.96	0.23	2.25	6.43	0.35	2.92			
485L	Sta. 498+50 to 534+00	0.033	1.38	0.12	2.09	3.01	0.19	2.76			
484R	Sta. 484+00 to 491+00	0.019	4.61	0.29	2.66	10.06	0.45	3.43			
480L	Sta. 480+00 to 484+00	0.007	0.68	0.13	0.99	1.48	0.2	1.3			
470R	Sta. 484+00 to 534+00	0.025	2.73	0.2	2.44	5.93	0.31	3.17			
470L	Sta. 470+00 to 484+00	0.025	0.97	0.11	1.68	2.11	0.17	2.23			
448L	Sta. 469+00 to 474+00	0.021	47.35	1	5.6	5.01	0.29	2.83			
448R	Sta. 448+00 to 455+00	0.021	2.3	0.19	2.17	5.01	0.29	2.83			
438R	Sta. 447+60 to 469+00	0.019	2.68	0.21	2.22	5.83	0.33	2.88			
422R	Sta. 438+00 to 448+00	0.012	0.81	0.12	1.25	1.77	0.19	1.65			
405L	Sta. 422+00 to 430+00	0.023	5.59	0.3	3.02	12.15	0.47	3.88			
403L	Sta. 404+00 to 444+00	0.02	1.51	0.15	1.84	3.28	0.23	2.42			
403R	Sta. 398+60 to 403+00	0.02	0.81	0.1	1.47	1.77	0.16	1.95			
394L	Sta. 398+60 to 404+00	0.013	0.77	0.11	1.26	1.67	0.18	1.66			
377L	Sta. 394+20 to 398+60	0.017	1.98	0.18	1.92	4.3	0.29	2.51			
376R	Sta. 376+40 to 381+00	0.031	5.79	0.29	3.38	14.42	0.48	4.54			
ZONE 3											
A 256L	Sta 256+30 to 264+29	0.009	2.46	0.25	1.68	6.97	0.25	2.36			
A 256R	Sta 256+30 to 264+30	0.009	2.46	0.25	1.68	6.97	0.25	2.36			
A 247L	Sta. 246+00 to 256+30	0.019	2.41	0.51	2.67	6.83	0.51	3.46			
A 246R	Sta. 246+00 to 256+30	0.019	2.54	0.52	2.7	7.19	0.52	3.5			
A 226L *	Sta. 226+00 to 246+00	0.023	19.69	0.61	4.49	72.59	0.61	6.51			
A 229R	Sta. 229+00 to 232+00	0.0095	0.99	0.14	1.25	2.81	0.14	1.79			
A 210L *	Sta. 210+60 to 226+00	0.0258	25.06	0.65	4.82	92.09	0.65	6.89			
A 212R	Sta. 212+00 to 229+00	0.0083	2.65	0.27	1.68	7.48	0.27	2.35			
A 208R	Sta. 207+60 to 212+00	0.01	1.33	0.17	1.41	3.77	0.17	2.01			
A 206L	Sta. 205+00 to 212+00	0.01	1.99	0.21	1.62	5.63	0.21	2.29			
A 178L	Sta. 179+00 to 205+00	0.012	23.38	8.0	3.75	87.06	0.8	5.39			
A 178R**	Sta. 200+00 to 205+00	• • •				12.81	1.35	3.53			
A 178R	Sta. 178+00 to 207+00	0.01	4.51	0.34	2.13	12.81	0.34	2.95			
A 152L	Sta. 152+00 to 178+00	0.0053	3.05	0.33	1.52	8.68	0.33	2.1			
A 152R	Sta. 152+00 to 178+00	0.0052	3.1	0.33	1.51	8.82	0.33	2.1			
ZONE 4		1	ı	ı	1		1				
A 125R	Sta. 124+50 to 137+50	0.01	2.06	0.22	1.64	5.82	0.22	2.31			
A 103L**	Sta 130+00 to 140+00	0.0075				13.47	1.45	3.21			
A 103L	Sta. 103+00 to148+00	0.088	4.69	0.36	2.07	13.47	0.36	2.86			
A 130L**	Sta 103+00 to 148+00	0.01	4.5.	0.10	4	129.7	1.88	12.6			
A 92L	Sta. 92+00 to 103+00	0.0073	1.01	0.16	1.15	2.85	0.16	1.65			

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Ditch ID	Range	Channel Slope (ft/ft)	5-yr Discharge (cfs)	Normal Depth (ft)	Velocity (fps)	100-yr Discharge (cfs)	Normal Depth (ft)	Velocity (fps)
A 92R	(ft.		1.09	0.17	1.17	3.07	0.17	1.68

^{*} Turf Reinforcement matt required due to high velocities.

There is one concrete lined ditch located in Zone 2 of the project downstream of the culvert at the Peterson Air Force Base. This ditch is rectangular with a 5-foot bottom width and a depth of 1.5 feet. This was done to accommodate ROW limitation in the area and to receive the high velocities from CV575. The minimum ditch slope was used to compute capacity. See C 575L for design information.

There is also a concrete lined ditch at the south end of Zone 3 at Station 130+00 Left. The ditch has been narrowed significantly at this location for a turning lane at the future Mesa Ridge Parkway, and a utility access road.

4.2.1 Ditch Variance

Ditches 618L, 226L, and 210L shall be protected with turf reinforcement due to higher velocities for the 100-YR flow.

Utility impacts caused a set of ditch modifications that included a set of bumpouts for access to the utility manholes along the a few sections of the corridor. These bulbouts block the roadside ditch and 24-inch RCPs. These culverts do not have to convey the full 100-year event, but may overtop the bumpouts during large events.

4.5 Detention

There are two extended detention basins on the project that provide detention in addition to water quality treatment. Pond 630 provides detention to the capacity of the existing 42" CMP that crosses SH-94. Pond 380 provides detention to the capacity of the existing 24" CMP that crosses Drennan on the east side of Marksheffel. See the Water Quality section for further discussion and Appendix 11 for Extended Detention Basin calculations. Table 12 provides the detention design results for these ponds.

10-year 100-year Pond ID Storage Volume Storage Volume Qout (cfs) Q_{in} (cfs) Q_{in} (cfs) (ac-ft) (ac-ft) Q_{out} (cfs) Pond 380 9.14 6.81 0.23 1.56 27.11 6.81 Pond 630 90.41 77.05 0.88

Table 12: Detention Design

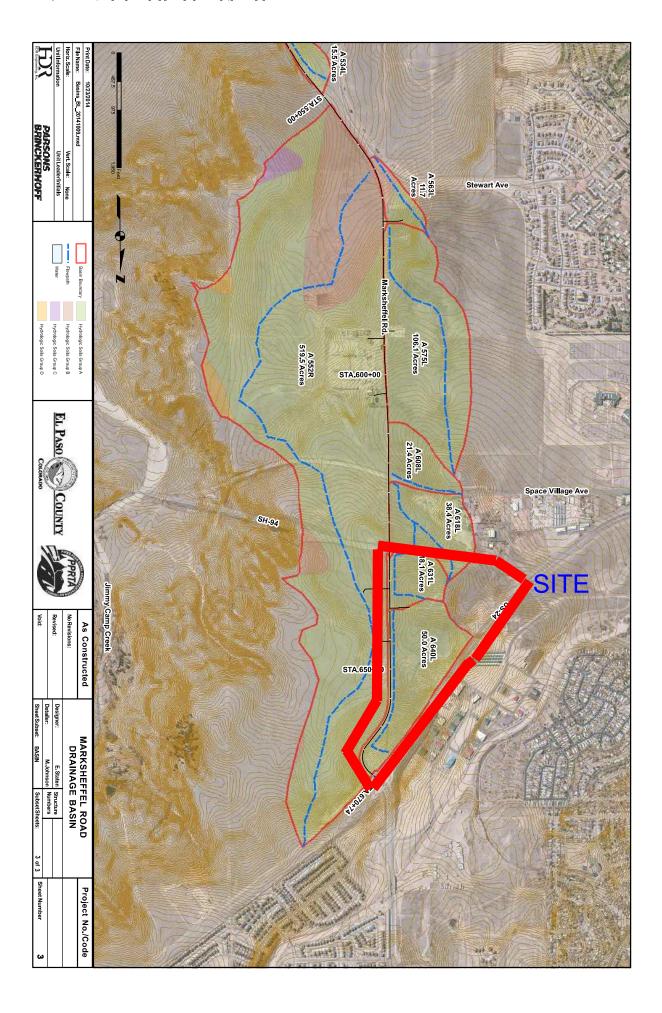
5.0 WATER QUALITY

This section outlines the Treatment BMPs used to fulfill the MS4 Permit requirements on the project. Sand Filters and Extended Detention Ponds were used to provide WQCV on the project. These are approved Treatment BMP's as outlined in the El Paso County and City of Colorado Spring Drainage Design Manual which references Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Criteria.

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^{**} Ditch Section is triangular.



Standard Form SF-2 . Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)

omi or 2 . Storm Dra	iliage əystelli besigli (Kattoliat Metrioti Fracedule)
Corridor / Design Package:	Marksheffei
System Name:	

Computed: MAJ Date: 6/28/2014 Checked: Date:

Design Storm: 5-yr

				DIR	CT RUN	IOFF		d .		TOTAL	RUNOFI	ř `	STF	EET		PIPE		T	RAVEL	TIME
LOCATION	DESIGN	AREA DESIGN (name)	AREA (AC)	RUNOFF	(IMIN)	C.A.	- IN/HR	a (CFS)	t _o (MIN)	SUM (C*A) (AC)	(IN / HR)	Q (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	STREET FLOW (CFS)	DESIGN FLOW (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	PIPE	(FT)	VELOCITY (FPS)	t (MIN)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
	ZON												10000					and the same		
1 Sta, 664+00 to Sta, 670+00		664R	1.09	0.90	5.02	0.98	4.63	4.54				4.54					The second leading to the second	180	6.70	0.45
2 Sta. 662+50 to Sta. 670+00		862L	1.21	0.90	6.19	1.09	4.38	4.79	6.19	1.09	4.38	4.79						50	8.70	0.12
3 Sta. 661+60 to Sta. 662+50		661L	0.07	0.90	5.00	0.06	4.63	0.29	6.31	2.14	4.38	9.36					-	750	6.70	1.87
4 Sta. 646+00 to Sta. 654+00		648R	0.75	0.90	8.25	0.68	3.89	2.63	8.25	2.81	3.89	10.94						560	6.70	1.39
5 Sta. 640+00 to Sta. 655+00		641L	1.58	0.90	12.99	1.43	3.14	4.48	12.99	4.24	3.14	13.30								1,100
6 Sta. 640+00 to Sta. 644+50		640L	50.02	0.25	46.61	12.51	1.65	20.63	46.61	16.74	1.65	27.62						930	5.98	2.59
7 Sta. 637+00 to Sta. 646+00		637R	0.91	0.90	16.24	0.82	2.71	2.22	49.20	17.56	1.57	27.57						770	5.98	2.15
8 Sta. 631+00 to Sta. 637+00		631R	0.56	0.90	6.51	0.51	4.38	2.22	51.35	18.07	1.52	27.46						300	5.98	0.84
9 Sta. 630+00 to Sta. 640+0C		632L	1.21	0.90	9.82	1.09	3.64	3.96	52.19	19.16	1.50	28.74						300	5,98	0.84
10 Sta. 631+00 to Sta. 640+00	SH-94 Pond Entrance	631L	18.14	0.29	37.54	5.32	1.87	9.95	53.02	24.48	1.47	35.98						1300	5.98	3.62
	SH-94 Pond Exit								78.99	24.48	1.15	28.15								
11 Sta. 618+00 to Sta. 631+00	Space Village Pond Entrance	618L	38.41	0.27	56.19	10.51	1.40	14.71	82.61	34.98	1.11	38.83						160	6.11	0.44
12 Sta. 608+00 to Sta. 618+00	CV 616	6081.	21.42	0.28	45.51	6.01	1.67	10.04	83.05	41.00	1.10	45,09								
13 Sta. 575+00 to Sta. 608+00		575L	106.11	0.27	92.38	28.52	1.03	29.38								-				
14 Sta. 563+00 to Sta. 608+00		563R	4.84	0.90	34.21	4.36	1.94	8.45					- WATER-MINES				-			
15 Sta. 563+00 to Sta. 574+50		563L	11,66	0.25	45.65	2.92	1.67	4.87												
	ZON	E2					•													
16 Sta. 552+00 to Sta 563+00		553R	0.80	0.90	10.30	0.72	3.39	2.44				-		******						
17 Sta. 553+00 to Sta. 559+00		553L	0.26	0.90	6.01	0.23	4.38	1.01				-					-			
18 Sta. 552+00 to Sta. 670+00		552R	662.21	0.27	366.65	176.32	0.56	99.27												
19 Sta. 547+00 to Sta. 552+00		547R	0,33	0.90	8.79	0.30	3.89	1,17							-					
20 Sta. 533+50 to Sta. 542+00	And the second s	534R	0.37	0.90	7.79	0.33	4.13	1.38										-		
21 Sta. 533+50 to Sta. 550+00		534L	15.52	0.29	49.91	4.52	1.57	7.09												
22 Sta. 498+50 to Sta. 534+00		498L	1.61	0.90	30.86	1.45	2.04	2.96		_				-						
23 Sta. 484+00 to Sta. 491+00		485L	0.33	0.90	5.52	0.30	4.63	1.38	-						******					
24 Sta. 484+00 to Sta. 534+00		484R	2.64	0.90	34.79	2.38	1.94	4.61												
25 Sta. 484+00 to Sta. 534+00	A SECULAR SALES SA	4841	141.71	0.26	72.35	36.69	1.20	44.03	_						-		-			
26 Sta. 480+00 to Sta. 484+00		480L	0.17	0.90	6.53	0.16	4.38	0.68				-								
27 Sta. 470+00 to Sta. 484+00		470R	0.93	0.90	11.47	0.84	3.26	2.73												
28 Sta. 469+00 to Sta. 474+00		470L	0.23	0.90	5.22	0.21	4.63	0.97												
29 Sta. 469+00 to Sta. 484+00		469L	60.30		124.04	15.34	0.77	11.81	\vdash											
30 Sta. 448+00 to Sta. 455+00		446R	0.62	0.90	7.52	0.56	4.13	2.30		_					and the same of th					
31 Sta. 447+60 to Sta. 469+00		448L	164.16	0.26	80.62	41.91	1.13	47.35									4			
32 Sta, 438+00 to Sta, 448+00		438R	0.68	0.90	6.97	0.61	4.38	2.68										-	-	
33 Sta. 422+00 to Sta. 430+00		422R	0.34	0.90	17.19	0.31	2.66	0.81							-					
34 Sta. 404+00 to Sta 444+00		405L	3.05	0.90	30.85	2.74	2.04	5.59				-						-		
35 Sta. 398+60 to Sta. 403+00		403R	0.20	0.90	5.00	0.18	4.63	0.81												
36 Sta. 398+60 to Sta. 404+00		403L	0.36	0.90	5.19	0.33	4.63	1.51						-					0.00	
37 Sta. 398+60 to Sta. 447+00		404L	206.24	0.26	116.90	53,78	0.82	44.10												
38 Sta. 394+20 to Sta. 398+60	The state of the s	394L	0.18	0.90	5.00	0.17	4.63	0.77												
39 Sta. 376+40 to Sta. 381+00		377L	0.50	0.90	6.35	0.45	4.38	1.98				-								
40 Sta. 376+40 to Sta. 398+60		376R	15.47	0.35	49.14	5.36	1.57	8.41												
41 Sta. 376+40 to Sta. 398+60		376L	82.29	0.35	71.69	21.02	1.21	25.43									-			
71 Joint 010 170 to Old. 330100		JIOL	02.28	U.20	71.08	21.02	1.41	20,43							i					

Standard Form SF-2, Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure) Co

III OI L OIOIII DIGII	alia oliataili nääili	i (Lzanansı) usa	mou rrocedure
orridor / Design Package: N	arksheffei		
System Name:			

Computed: MAJ Date: 6/28/2014 Checked: Date:

Design Storm: 100-yr

					NE	ECT RUN	IOEE					RUNOF					010					
		7.				I RON	IOFF	_				KUNOF		SIR	EET		PIPE		11	RAVEL 1	[IME	
LOCATION		POINT	AREA	AREA (AC)	RUNOFF	(MIN)	C.A.	" IN / HR	a (CFS)	f _c (MIN)	SUM (C*A) (AC)	(IN / HR)	Q (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	STREET FLOW (CFS)	PLOW (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	PIPE	LENGTH (FT)	VELOCITY (FPS)	f, (MIN)	
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(19)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	
		Zone	01										1		111/	(1-)	1.17	(10)	(10)	(20)	(21)	
1 Sta. 664+00 to Sta. 670			664R	1.09	0.95	5,02	1.04	9.53	9.87				9.87						180	6.70	0.45	
2 Sta. 662+50 to Sta. 670-			662L	1.21	0.95	6.19	1.15	9.02	10.41	6.19	1.15	9.02	10.41						50	6.70	0.12	
3 Sta. 661+60 to Sta. 662			661L	0.07	0.95	5.00	0.07	9.53	0.63	6.31	2.25	9.02	20.34						750	6.70	1.87	
4 Sta. 646+00 to Sta. 654-			646R	0.75	0.95	8.25	0.71	8,00	5.70	8.25	2.97	8.00	23.74						560	6.70	1.39	
5 Sta. 640+00 to Sta. 655-			641L	1.58	0.95	12.99	1.51	6.46	9.72	12.99	4.47	6.46	28.89						500	0.70	1.33	
6 Sta. 640+00 to Sta. 644-			640L	50.02	0.35	46.61	17.51	3.43	60.05	46.61	21.98	3.43	75,39				The second second		930	5,98	2.59	
7 Sta. 637+00 to Sta. 646-			637R	0.91	0.95	16.24	0.86	5.57	4.82	49.20	22.84	3.29	75.16						770	5.98	2.15	
8 Sta. 631+00 to Sta. 637-			631R	0.56	0.95	6.51	0.54	9.02	4.83	51.35	23.38	3.19	74.58						300	5.98	0.84	
9 Sta. 630+00 to Sta. 640-			632L	1.21	0.95	9.82	1.15	7.49	8.61	52.19	24.53	3.14	77.02						300	5.98	0.84	
10 Sta. 631+00 to Sta. 640-		ond Entrance	631L	18.14	0.39	37.54	7.08	3.86	27.31	53.02	31.60	3.10	97.97						1300	5.98	3.62	
		4 Pond Exit								78.99	31.60	2.45	77.42						1000	0.00	0.02	
11 Sta. 618+00 tc Sta. 631-	The second secon	ge Pond Entrance	618L	38.41	0.37	56.19	14.28	2.95	42.12	82.61	45.88	2.38	109.20					-	160	6.11	0.44	
12 Sta. 608+00 to Sta. 618-		CV 616	608L	21.42	0.38	45.51	8.10	3.48	28.19		53.98		127,40						100	0.11	0.77	
13 Sta. 575+00 to Sta. 608-			575L	106.11	0.37	92.38	38.98	2.20	85.75						-							
14 Sta. 563+00 to Sta. 608-			563R	4.84	0.95	34.21	4.60	4.01	18.44													
15 Sta. 563+00 to Sta. 574-	+50		563L	11.66	0.35	45.65	4.08	3.48	14.20													
		ZONI	E 2																			
16 Sta. 552+00 to Sta 563+			553R	0.80	0.95		0.76	6.98	5.31													
17 Sta. 553+00 to Sta. 559-			553L	0.26	0.95	6.01	0.24	9.02	2.20													
18 Sta. 552+00 to Sta. 670-			552R	662.21	0.37	366.65	241.71	1.25	302.14													
19 Sta. 547+00 to Sta. 552+			547R	0.33	0.95	8.79	0.32	8.00	2.53													
20 Sta. 533+50 to Sta. 542-			534R	0.37	0.95	7.79	0.35	8.51	3.01				- 1									
21 Sta. 533+50 to Sta. 550+			534L	15.52	0.39		6.02	3.29	19.80			i										
22 Sta. 498+50 to Sta. 534+			498L	1.61	0.95	30.86	1.53	4.20	6.43						-							
23 Sta. 484+00 to Sta. 491+			485L	0.33	0.95	5.52	0.32	9.53	3.01													
24 Sta. 484+00 to Sta. 534-			484R	2.64	0.95	34.79	2.51	4.01	10.06													
25 Sta. 484+00 to Sta. 534+			484L	141.71	0.36	72.35	50.77	2.55	129.45													
26 Sta. 480+00 to Sta. 484+			480L	0.17	0.95	6.53	0.16	9.02	1.48													
27 Sta. 470+00 to Sta. 484+			470R	0.93	0.95	11.47	0.88	6.72	5.93													
28 Sta. 469+00 to Sta. 474-			470L	0.23	0.95	5.22	0.22	9.53	2.11											2		
29 Sta. 469+00 to Sta. 484-			469L	60.30	0.35	124.04	21.35	1.68	35.87													
30 Sta. 448+00 to Sta. 455-			448R	0.62	0.95	7.52	0.59	8.51	5.01						4							
31 Sta. 447+60 to Sta. 469+			448L	164.16	0.35	80.62	58.26	2.41	140.39													
32 Sta. 438+00 to Sta. 448+			438R	0.68	0.95	6.97	0.65	9.02	5.83										-			
33 Sta. 422+00 to Sta. 430+			422R	0.34	0.95	17.19	0.32	5.47	1.77													
34 Sta. 404+00 to Sta 444+			405L	3.05	0.95	30.85	2.89	4.20	12.15													
35 Sta. 398+60 to Sta. 403+			403R	0.20	0.95	5.00	0.19	9.53	1.77													
36 Sta. 398+60 to Sta. 404+			403L	0.36	0.95	5.19	0.34	9.53	3.28													
37 Sta. 398+60 to Sta. 447+			404L	206.24		116.90	74.23	1.78	132.13													
38 Sta. 394+20 to Sta. 398+			394L	0.18	0.95	5.00	0.18	9.53	1.67													
39 Sta. 376+40 to Sta. 381+			377L	0.50	0.95	6.35	0.48	9.02	4.30													
40 Sta. 376+40 to Sta. 398+			376R	15.47	0.44	49.14	6.79	3.29	22.34													
41 Sta. 376+40 to Sta. 398+	+60		376L	82,29	0.36	71.69	29.21	2.57	75.08													

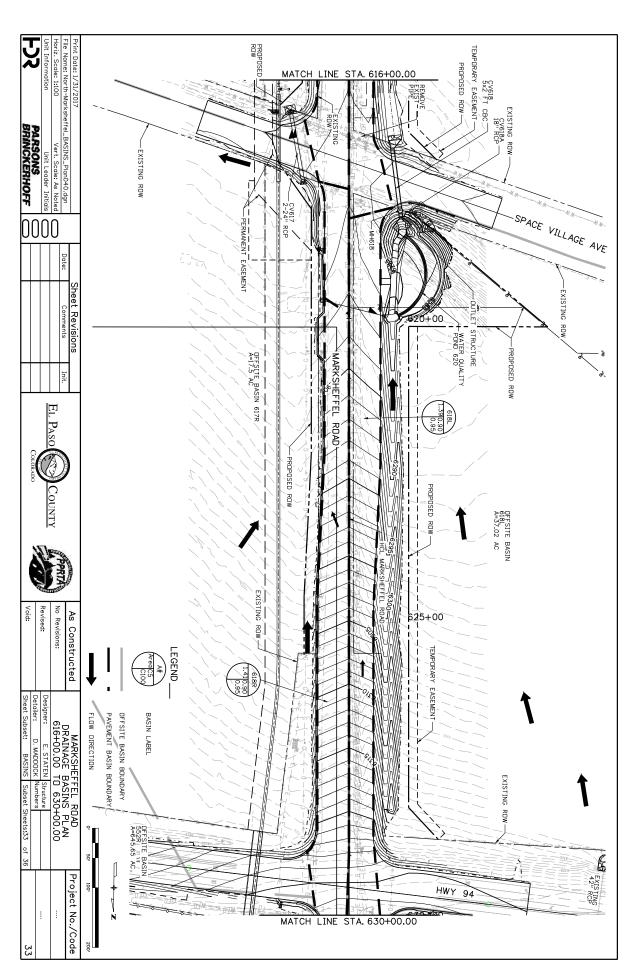
Basin Description linked to C-Value Sheet
 Besin Design Point
 Enter the Basin Name from C Value Sheet
 Basin Area linked to C-Value Sheet
 Composite C finked to C-Value Sheet
 Time of Concentration linked to C-Value Sheet

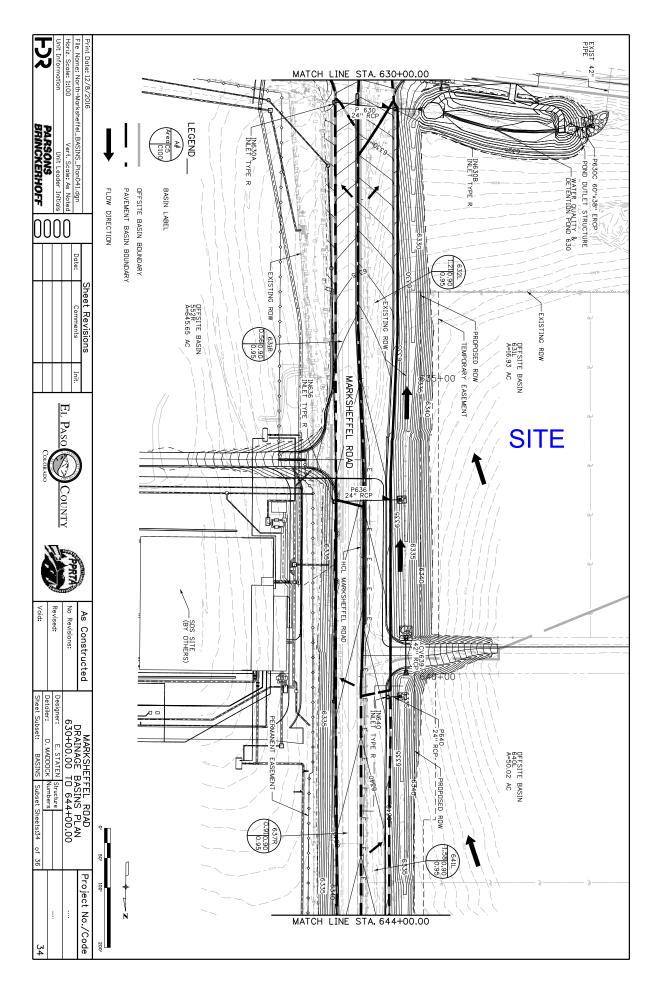
^{(7) =}Column 4 x Column 5 (8) =28,5*P/(10+Column 6)*0.786 (9) =Column 7 x Column 8 (10) ≂Column 6 + Column 21

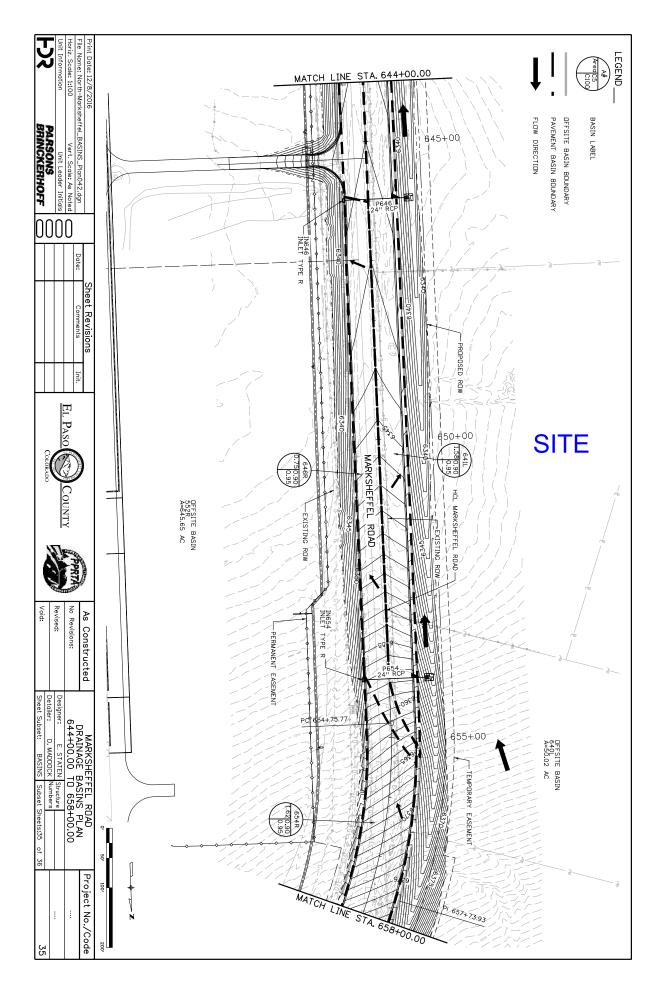
⁽¹¹⁾ Add the Besin Areas (7) to get the combined basin AC (12) =28.5°P/(10+Column 10)*0.786

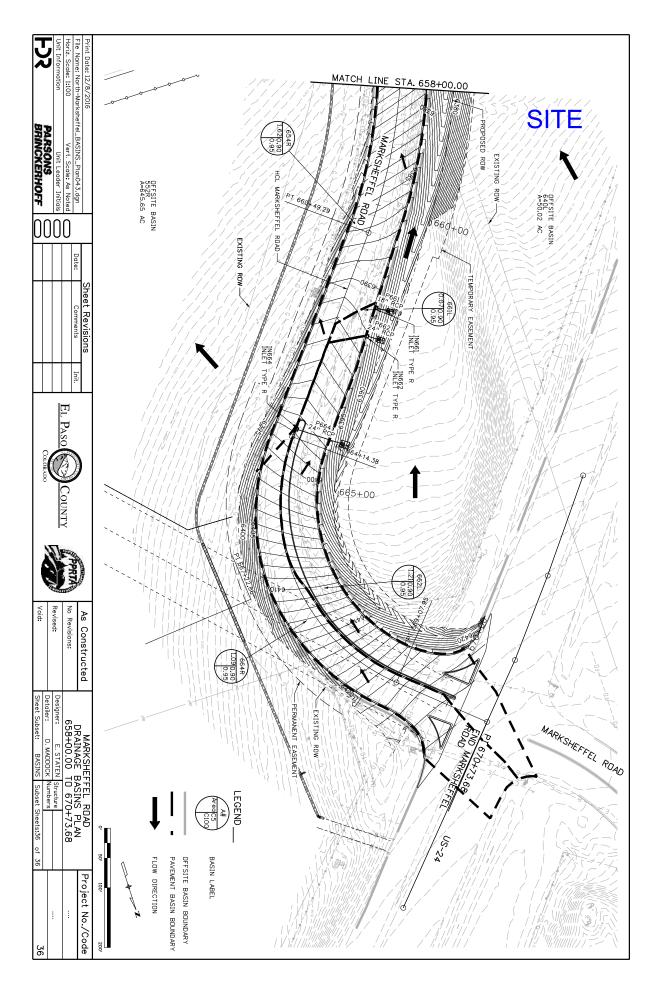
⁽¹³⁾ Sum of Qs (14) Additional Street Overland Flow (15) Additional Street Overland Flow (16) Dealgn Pipe Flow (17) Pipe Stope (18) Pipe Stze

⁽¹⁹⁾ Additional Flow Length (20) Valocity (21) =Column 19 / Column 20 / 80

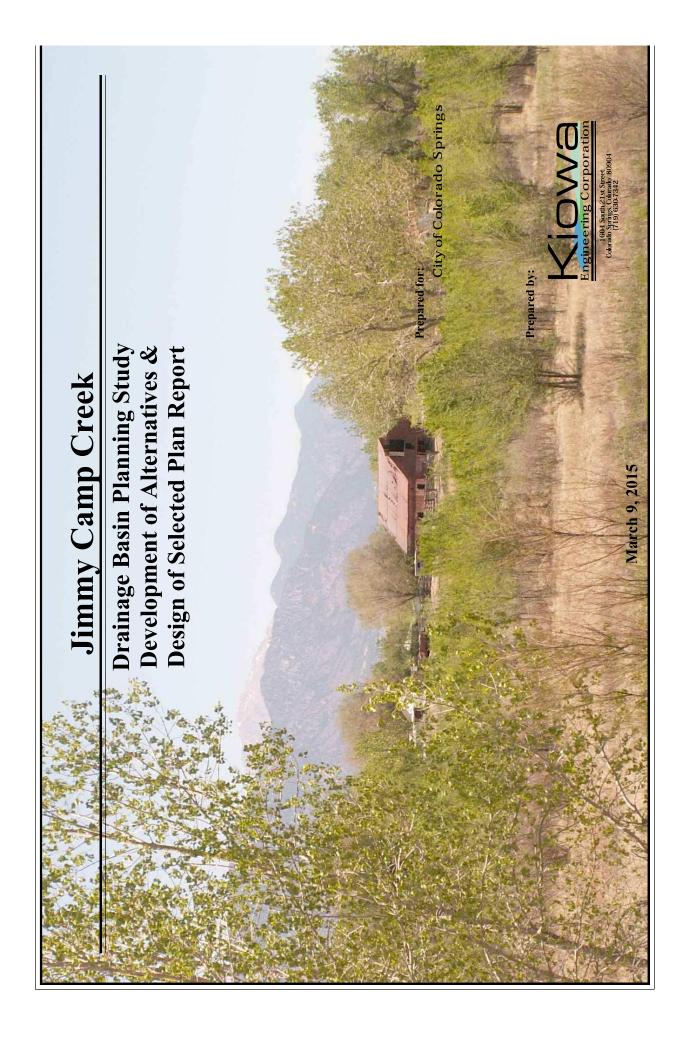


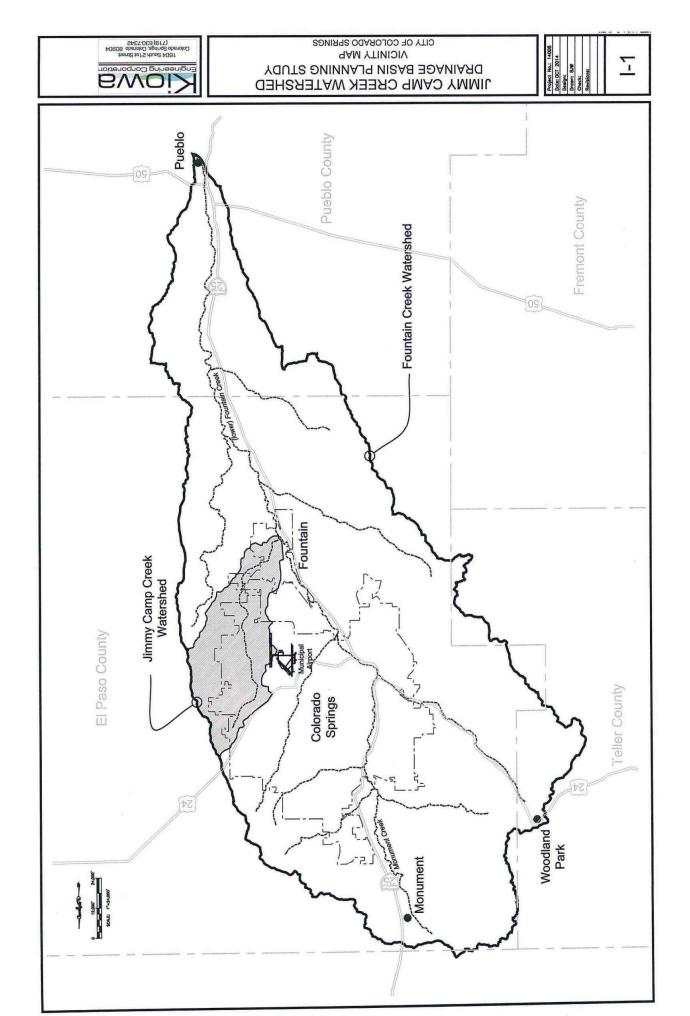


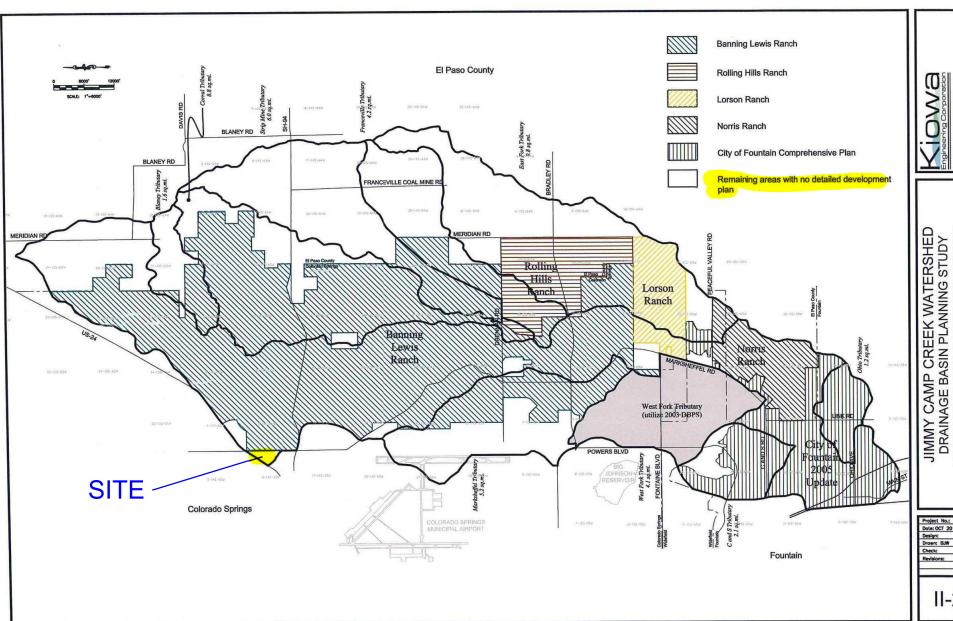




JIMMY CAMP CREEK DRAINAGE REPORT EXCERPTS



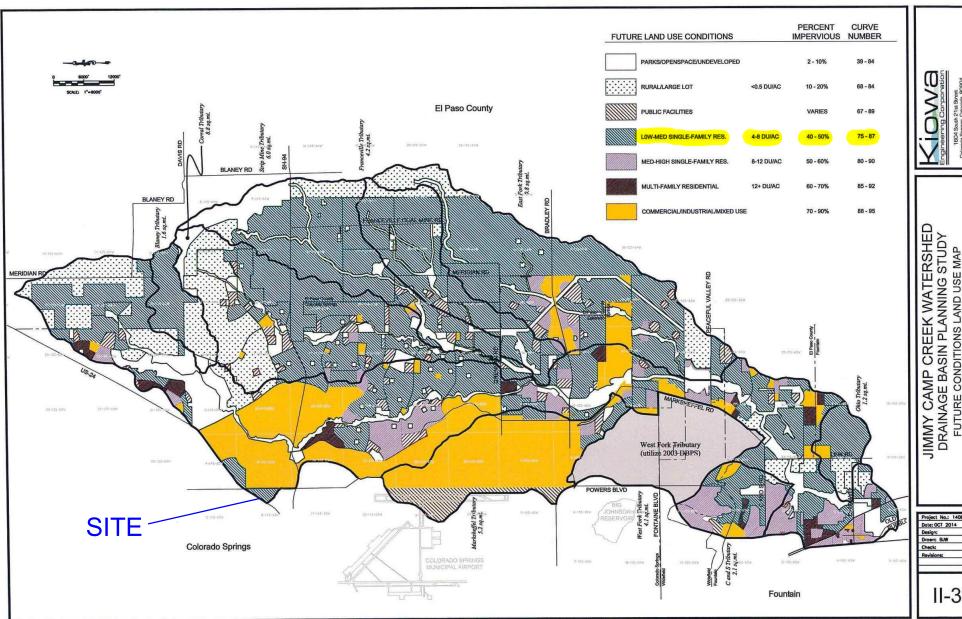






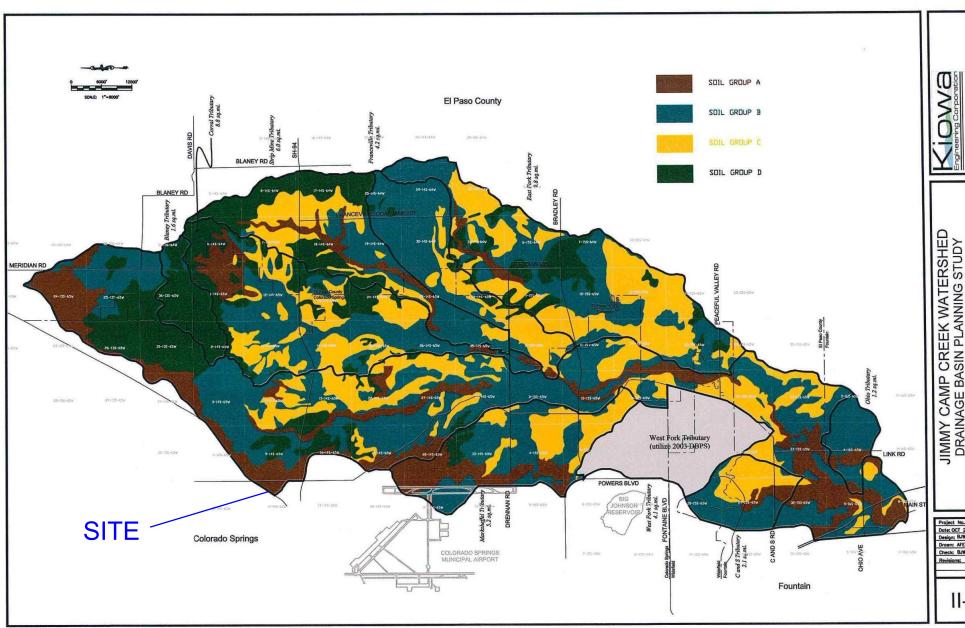
JIMMY CAMP CREEK WATERSHED DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY FUTURE CONDITIONS PLANNING INFORMATION CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS

Project No.: 14008 Date: OCT 2014



JIMMY CAMP CREEK WATERSHED DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY FUTURE CONDITIONS LAND USE MAP CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS

Project No.: 1408 Date: OCT 2014 Design: Drawn: BJW





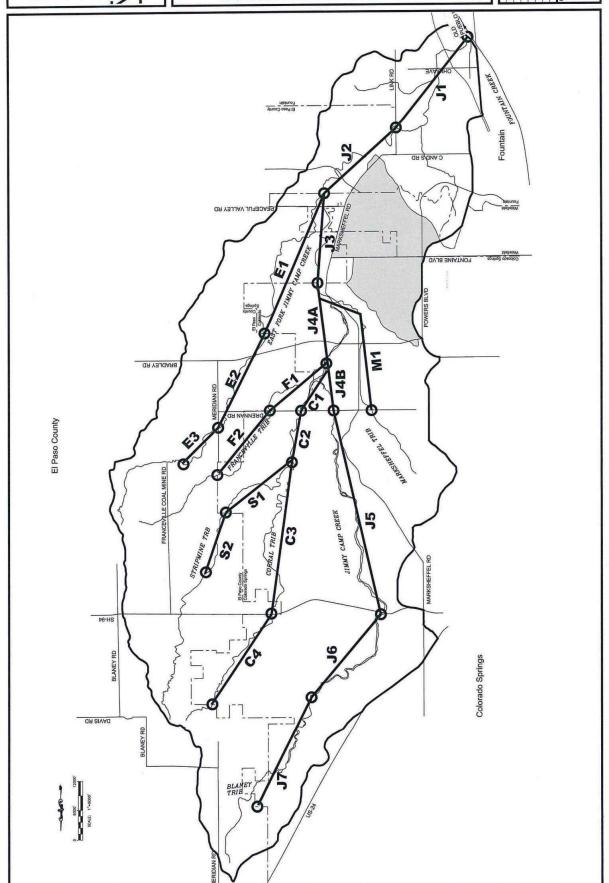
JIMMY CAMP CREEK WATERSHED DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY SOILS MAP

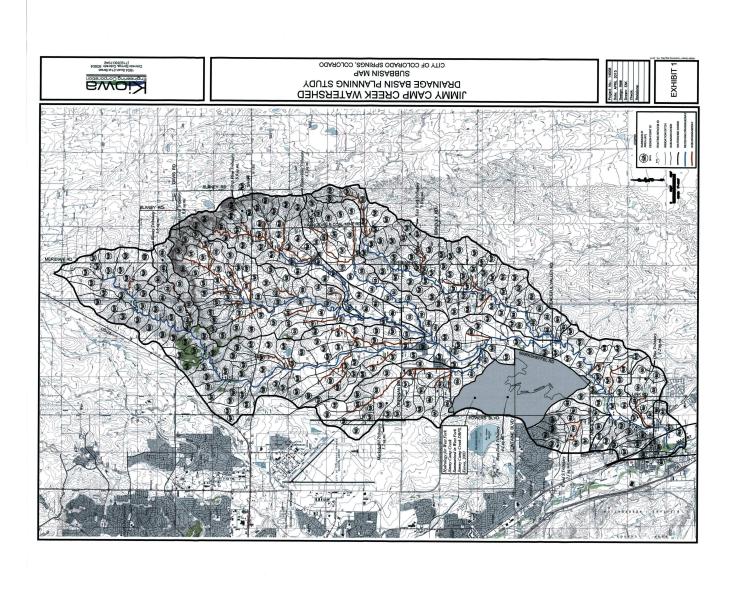
Project No.: 14008
Dote: OCT 2014
Design: BJW
Drown: AFE
Check: BJW

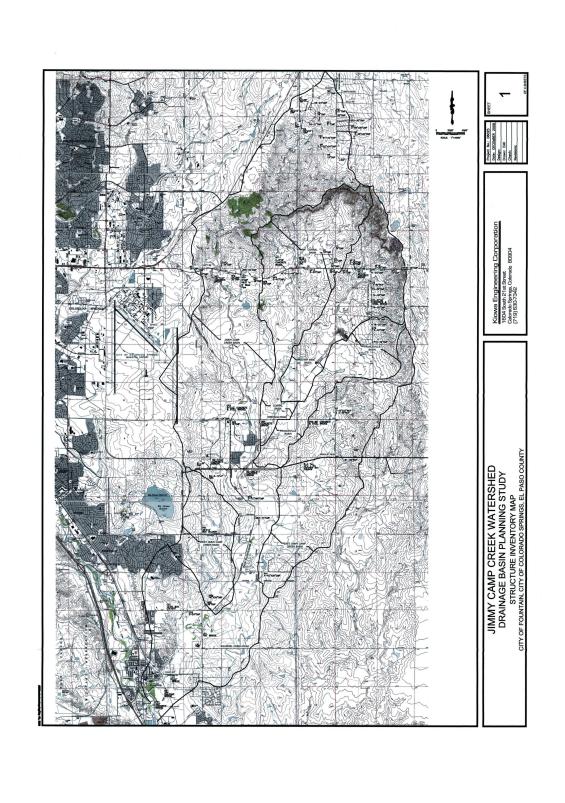
nobenogo Sprinearigna from Sprinearigna sprines control 89904 sprines control 89904 sprines control 89904

JIMMY CAMP CREEK WATERSHED DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY MAJOR DRAINAGEWAY REACH DELINEATION CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO





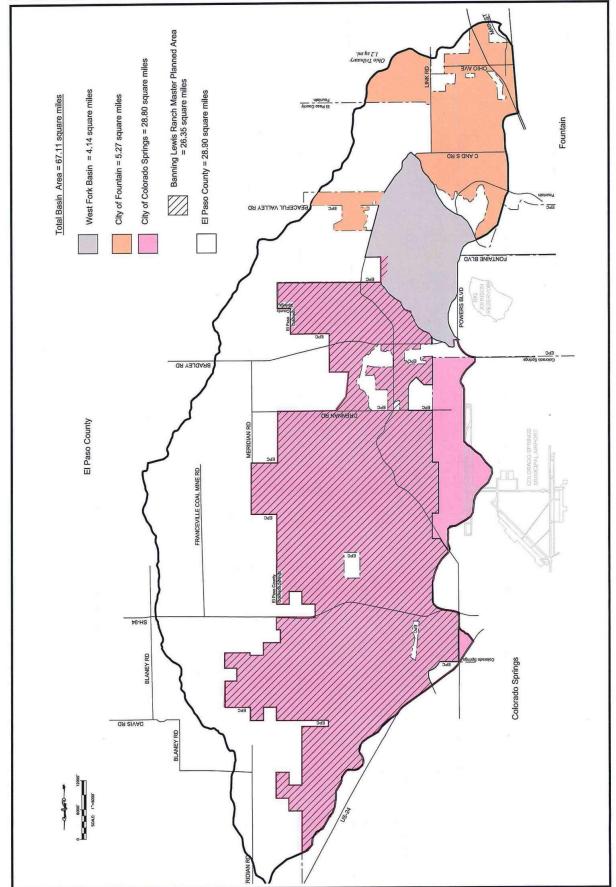


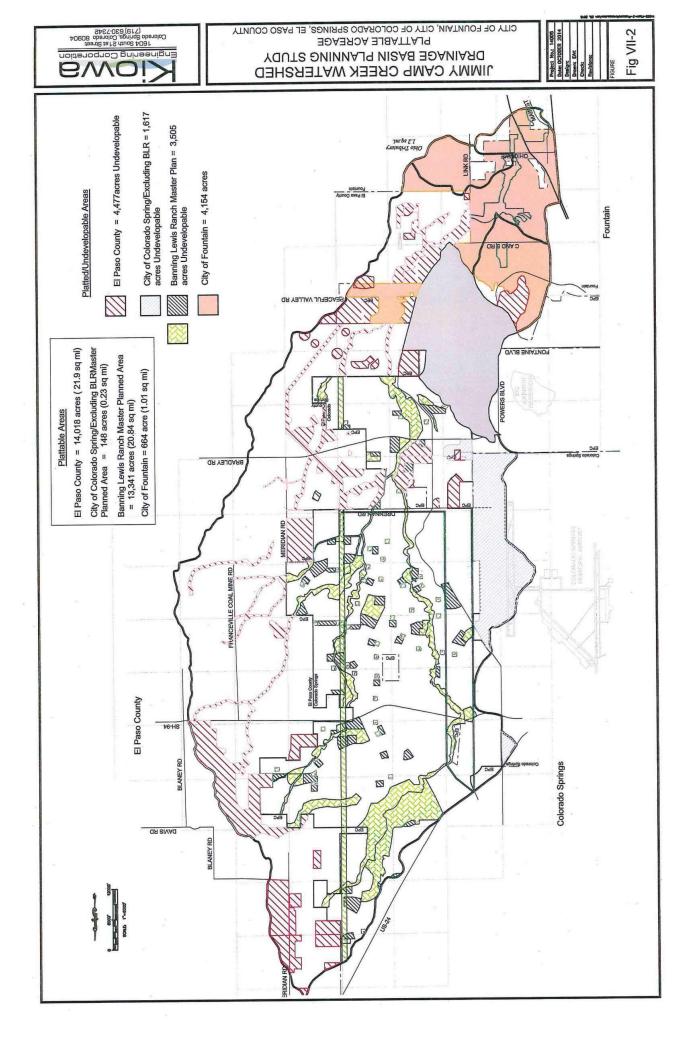


CITY OF FOUNTAIN, CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS, EL PASO COUNTY JURISDICTIONAL BOUNDARIES DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY

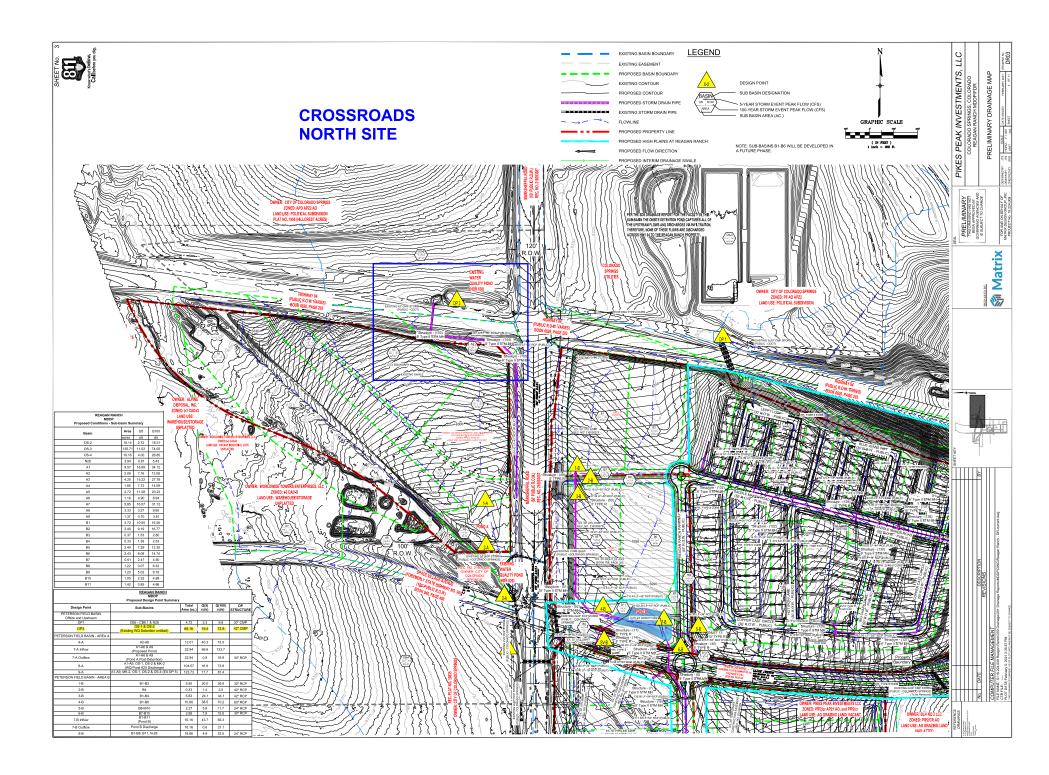








REAGAN RANCH MDDP EXCERPTS



c. The <u>fully developed conditions</u> for the site are as follows:

At this Master Development stage of design for the drainage, general locations of Design Points have been defined in order to size the trunk mains of the proposed storm system (see Appendix D for Storm Exhibit). Each of the proposed sub-basins will have their own internal storm systems that convey the flows to the Design Points mentioned in this report and will be outlined in each parcel's respective Final Drainage Report.

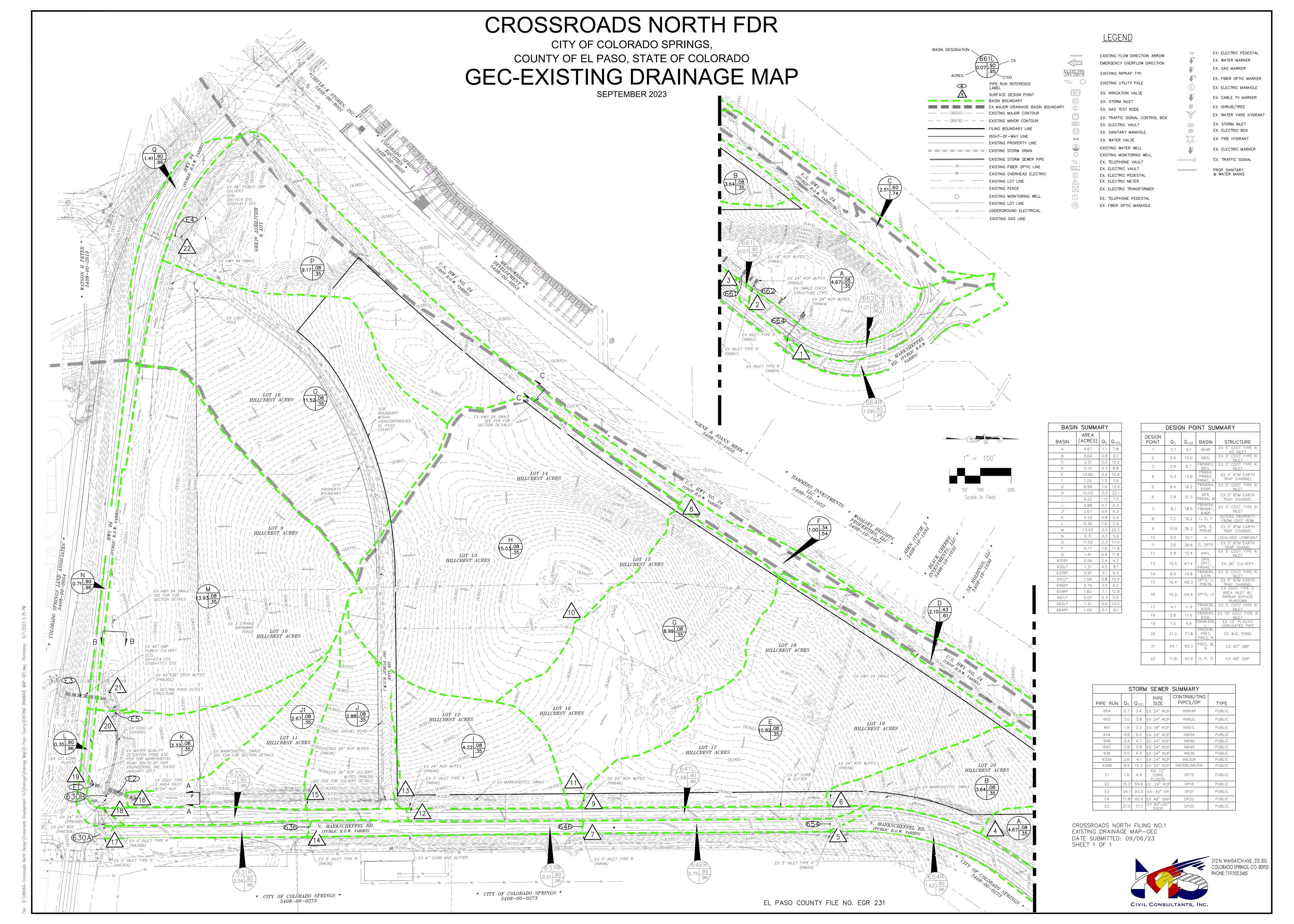
Design Point 1 ($Q_5 = 3.3$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 9.8$ cfs) (Sub-basins CB-5-CB8.1 and N-28 (SDS), Tributary Area: 4.72 Acres) represents the offsite runoff crossing Highway 94 at the existing triple 30" CMP culverts (Public CDOT). This drainage point has a tributary area of approximately 4.7 acres. The drainage area includes a portion of Marksheffel Road north of Highway 94 and the portion of the SDS property which is not captured by the existing SDS detention pond (private) (which provides 100 percent infiltration for its tributary drainage area and does not discharge to the Reagan Ranch development). After crossing Highway 94 this sub-basin drains eastward along the Highway 94 road ditch eventually entering Jimmy Camp Creek. This sub-basin and design point remain unchanged from predevelopment conditions.

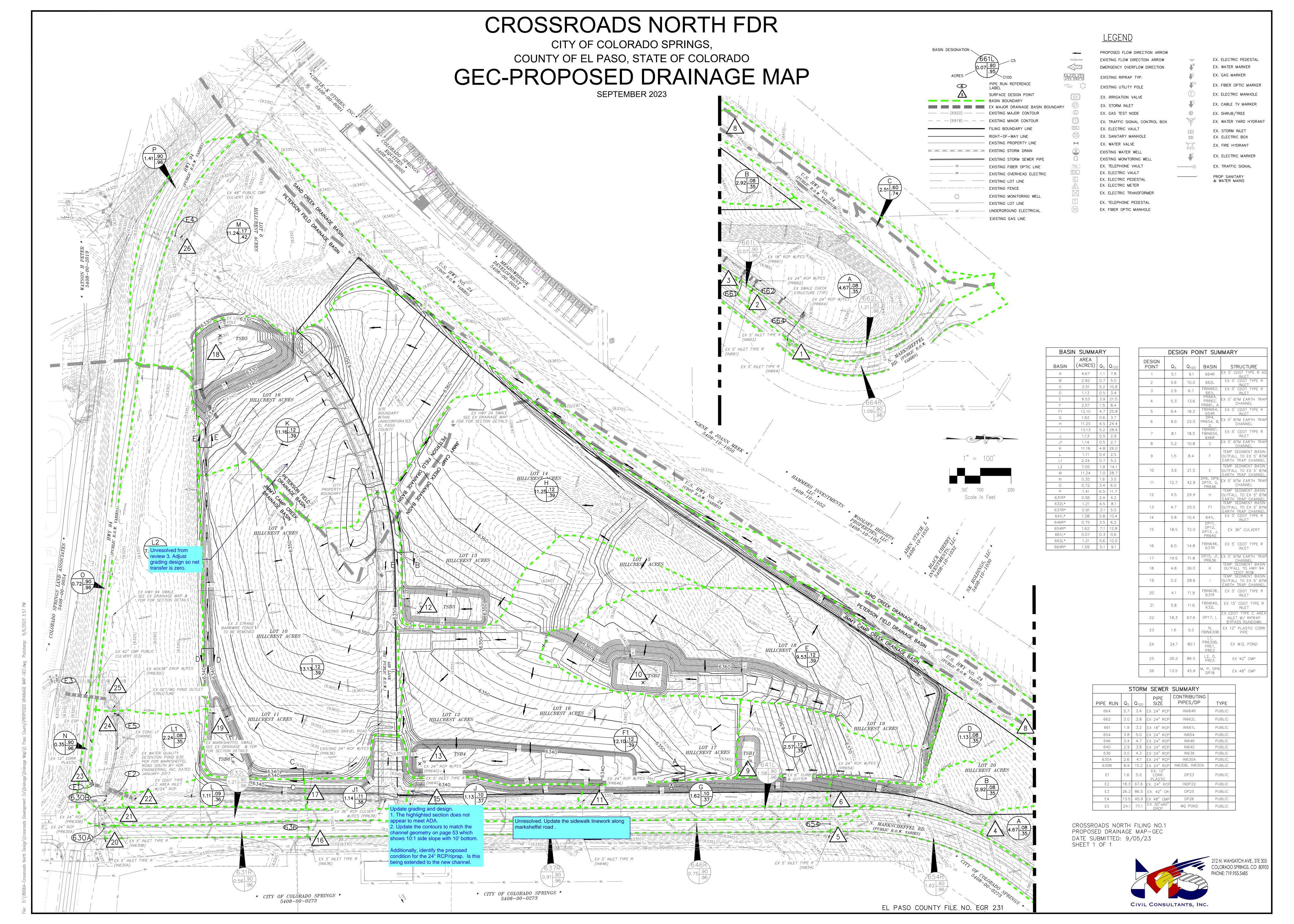
Design Point 3 ($Q_5 = 19.4$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 72.8$ cfs) (Sub-basins OS-1 and OS-2, Tributary Area: 68.2 Acres) represents the offsite flows conveyed across Highway 94 towards the west side of the proposed project. These flows are conveyed across Highway 94 via a 42-inch CMP (Public CDOT). These flows appear to go through the Marksheffel Water Quality Pond (Public-Colorado Springs) located in the NW quadrant of the Marksheffel Road and Highway 94 intersection. This sub-basin and design point remain unchanged from predevelopment conditions.

Notes:

- Analysis of the Proposed Basin areas is conceptual in nature. Greater detail than typical (including some preliminary storm sewer design) is provided in this MDDP in order to accommodate SWMM analysis of the various regions within the development for use in the City of Colorado Springs PCM Preliminary Detention Spreadsheet. Future FDRs for each phase of the site must define the specific storm sewer and drainage patterns. Basin Lettering (i.e. A, B, C, etc.) can be considered to indicate a rough idea of future phases and/or regions which would require on-site detention. Future FDRs must define the drainage within each phase/region.
- The first phase of the Reagan Ranch development which is planned for construction has been named "High Plains at Reagan Ranch" and consists of a small portion of region B and all of regions C and J. Street and inlet calculations for these three regions are included in the report. Similar calculations for the remaining regions will be submitted with future Final Drainage Reports as development progresses. An FDR will be submitted with the High Plains at Reagan Ranch Final Plat.
- For sub-basins within the single-family residential areas, runoff will sheet flow towards the adjacent streets. Once reaching the street these flows will be channelized into gutter flow for conveyance to downstream inlets.

DRAINAGE MAPS





v4_Drainage Report_Comments.pdf Markup Summary

Callout (2)



Subject: Callout Page Label: [1] DM Author: lpackman

Date: 11/15/2023 4:25:37 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Unresolved from review 3. Adjust grading design so net transfer is zero.



Subject: Callout Page Label: [1] DM Author: lpackman

Date: 11/15/2023 4:27:21 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Update grading and design.

1. The highlighted section does not appear to meet

2. Update the contours to match the channel geometry on page 53 which shows 10:1 side slope with 10' bottom.

Additionally, identify the proposed condition for the 24" RCP/riprap. Is this being extended to the new channel.

Contractor (3)

Subject: Contractor Page Label: 13 Author: dotprete

Date: 11/16/2023 4:40:51 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

via an existing 24" culvert

Subject: Contractor Page Label: 12 Author: dotprete

Date: 11/16/2023 4:40:41 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

discuss WQ for final design. where will flows be routed and by which pond will they be treated?

ect #18-006 t #EGP-23-001

SP207

Subject: Contractor Page Label: 1 Author: dotprete

Date: 11/16/2023 4:41:42 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

SP207

Stormwater Comments Color (1)

······

Subject: Stormwater Comments Color

Page Label: 1
Author: dotprete

Date: 11/16/2023 4:41:26 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Text Box (2)



Subject: Text Box Page Label: [1] DM Author: lpackman

Date: 11/15/2023 4:27:52 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Unresolved. Update the sidewalk linework along marksheffel road .



Subject: Text Box Page Label: 19 Author: lpackman

Date: 11/15/2023 4:30:10 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Comments for this review are preliminary in nature. Revise to provide pond bmp sheets on the next

submittal.