

1. ALL DRAINAGE AND ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS/EL PASO COUNTY DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUMES 1 AND 2, AND THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL.

- GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES:

- SHEET INDEX

SHEET 1	COUNTY TITLE SHEET
SHEET 2	CITY TITLE SHEET
SHEET 3	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN
SHEET 4	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN
SHEET 5	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
SHEET 6	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
SHEET 7	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
SHEET 8	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
SHEET 9	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

STAGING, PORTABLE TOILETS, STOCKPILE, AND CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS
TO BE DETERMINED BY CONTRACTOR IN THE FIELD. THE LOCATIONS
SHALL BE DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN BY THE CONTRACTOR.

THE EROSION CONTROL DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN SHALL BE REGULARLY
UPDATED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

EXISTING SITE TERRAIN GENERALLY SLOPES FROM NORTH TO SOUTHWEST AT GRADE RATES THAT VARY BETWEEN 2% TO 9%.

THERE ARE NO BATCH PLANTS ON SITE.

NO PORTION OF THIS PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN A DESIGNATED FEMA FLOODPLAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAPS (FIRM) 08041C0754G, 08041C0756G, & 08041C0758G EFFECTIVE DATES DECEMBER 7, 2018.

EXISTING, ON-SITE VEGETATION CONSISTS OF SPARSE NATIVE GRASSES (APPROX. 60% COVER). A VISUAL, POST CONSTRUCTION COMPARISON CAN BE MADE TO ADJACENT, UNDEVELOPED PROPERTY.

VICINITY MAP

N.T.S.



SITE MAP

N.T.S.

QUALIFIED STORMWATER MANAGER'S
INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE OF BMP'S:

- 1) MAKE THOROUGH INSPECTION OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AFTER EACH PRECIPITATION EVENT THAT CAUSES RUNOFF.
- 2) IF ANY DEFICIENCIES ARE NOTED, THEY MUST BE CORRECTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER BEING NOTED
- 3) RECORDS OF THE SIGNED SITE INSPECTIONS OR MODIFICATIONS MUST BE KEPT AT THE SITE UNLESS AN ALTERNATE PLACE IS APPROVED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY INSPECTOR AND MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.
- 4) INSPECTIONS MUST TAKE PLACE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETE, BUT LOT IS NOT SOLD
- 5) MONTHLY INSPECTIONS MUST TAKE PLACE ON SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETE, BUT VEGETATIVE COVER IS STILL BEING ESTABLISHED.

THE SOUTHEASTERLY LINE OF CDOT RIGHT OF WAY SH-24
(PROJECT NO. NH0243-058: UNIT 2) FROM STA.
320+28.40 (125.00' RT) TO STA. 327+61.58 (125.00'
RT), MONUMENTED AT BOTH POINTS WITH 3-1/4"
ALUMINUM CDOT MONUMENTS STAMPED "PLS 25381" AND
BEARS N33°35'09"E A DISTANCE OF 733.37'. THE UNIT OF
MEASUREMENT IS THE U.S. SURVEY FOOT.

1. NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929
BENCHMARK R-76 IS A DISK SET IN TOP OF A CONCRETE
MONUMENT STAMPED "R 76 1935", IS PROJECTED ~0.25'
AND IS LOCATED ~160' SOUTH OF THE CENTER OF HWY
24 ON THE NORTH SIDE OF SPACE VILLAGE AVENUE
ELEV: 6286.32'

2. #4 REBAR IN AIR LANE NEAR ELECTRIC VAULT ON HILL
TOP
N: 57321.99
E: 39206.06
ELEV: 6374.05'

COMMUNICATIONS: QWEST COMMUNICATIONS
(U.N.C.C. LOCATORS) (800) 922-1987
AT&T (LOCATORS) (719) 635-3674

THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. SAID PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTY FOR GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS. I ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LIABILITY CAUSED BY ANY NEGLIGENT ACTS, ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON MY PART IN PREPARING THIS PLAN.

THE OWNER/DEVELOPER HAVE READ AND WILL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.

COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES LLC

DANNY MIENKTA
90 SOUTH CASCADE AVE. SUITE 1500
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 800903
(719) 745-7621

COUNTY PLAN REVIEW IS PROVIDED ONLY FOR GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH COUNTY DESIGN CRITERIA. THE COUNTY IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY AND ADEQUACY OF THE DESIGN, DIMENSIONS, AND/OR ELEVATIONS WHICH SHALL BE CONFIRMED AT THE JOB SITE. THE COUNTY THROUGH THE APPROVAL OF THIS DOCUMENT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETENESS AND/OR ACCURACY OF THIS DOCUMENT.

FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE EL PASO COUNTY LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUMES 1 AND 2, AND ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL AS AMENDED.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ECM SECTION 1.12, THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS WILL BE VALID FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE SIGNED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEER. IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT STARTED WITHIN THOSE 2 YEARS, THE PLANS WILL NEED TO BE RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL, INCLUDING PAYMENT OF REVIEW FEES AT THE PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR'S DISCRETION.

JENNIFER IRVINE, P.E.
COUNTY ENGINEER/ECM ADMINISTRATOR

DATE _____

Replace with

Joshua Palmer, P.E.

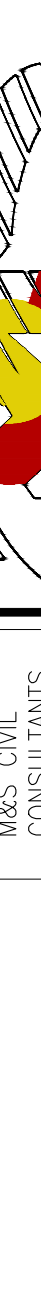
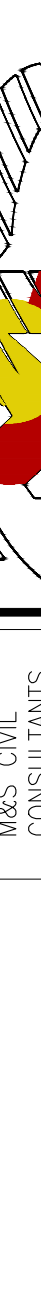
Interim County Engineer/ECM Administrator



FOR LOCATING
& MARKING
GAS,
ELECTRIC,
WATER &
TELEPHONE
LINES

FOR BURIED UTILITY INFORMATION
48 HRS BEFORE YOU DIG
CALL 1-800-922-1987

EL PASO COUNTY FILE NO. SP 20-207

REVISIONS: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">NO.</th> <th style="width: 10%;">DATE</th> <th style="width: 40%;">DESCRIPTION</th> <th style="width: 10%;">APPRO'D. BY:</th> <th style="width: 10%;">DATE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>		NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPRO'D. BY:	DATE																																																			THE ENGINEER PREPARING THESE PLANS WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES TO OR USE OF THESE PLANS. ALL CHANGES TO THE PLANS MUST BE IN WRITING AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE PREPARER OF THESE PLANS.		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> FOR AND ON BEHALF OF M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC. </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	APPRO'D. BY:	DATE																																																								
VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ, COLORADO P.E. NO. 37760		<div style="text-align: center;">  </div>																																																										
217 N. WASHCATCH AVE. STE. 305 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80903 PHONE: 719.555.5485		<div style="text-align: center;"> CROSSROADS NORTH EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN </div>																																																										
PROJECT NO. 18-001		SCALE: HORIZONTAL: N/A DESIGNED BY: CWW DRAWN BY: CWW CHECKED BY: VAS		DATE: 03/24/2022																																																								
SHEET 1 OF 9		GR01																																																										

CROSSROADS NORTH

CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO

EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

GRADING GENERAL NOTES:

- ANY LAND DISTURBANCE BY ANY OWNER, DEVELOPER, BUILDER, CONTRACTOR, OR OTHER PERSON SHALL COMPLY WITH THE BASIC GRADING, EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS AND GENERAL PROHIBITIONS NOTED IN THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME II.
- NO CLEARING, GRADING, EXCAVATION, FILLING OR OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES SHALL BE PERMITTED UNTIL SIGNOFF AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE GRADING PLAN AND EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PLAN IS RECEIVED FROM CITY ENGINEERING.
- THE INSTALLATION OF THE FIRST LEVEL OF TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES AND BMP'S SHALL BE INSTALLED AND INSPECTED PRIOR TO ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OPERATIONS TAKING PLACE. CALL CITY STORMWATER INSPECTIONS, 385-5977, 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- SEDIMENT (MUD AND DIRT) TRANSPORTED ONTO A PUBLIC ROAD, REGARDLESS OF THE SIZE OF THE SITE, SHALL BE CLEARED AT THE END OF EACH DAY.
- CONCRETE WASH WATER SHALL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO OR ALLOWED TO RUNOFF TO STATE WATERS, INCLUDING ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR FACILITIES.
- SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL SLOPES, CHANNELS, DITCHES, OR ANY DISTURBED LAND AREA SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN TWENTY-ONE (21) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING OR FINAL EARTH DISTURBANCE HAS BEEN COMPLETED. DISTURBANCE AREAS AND STOCKPILES WHICH ARE NOT AT FINAL GRADE BUT WILL REMAIN DORMANT FOR LONGER THAN 30 DAYS SHALL ALSO BE MULCHED WITHIN 21 DAYS AFTER INTERIM GRADING. AN AREA THAT IS GOING TO REMAIN IN AN INTERIM STATE FOR MORE THAN 60 DAYS SHALL ALSO BE SEEDED. ALL TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND BMP'S SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED.
- THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WILL BE SUBJECT TO RE-REVIEW AND RE-ACCEPTANCE BY THE CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS ENGINEERING. SHOULD ANY OF THE FOLLOWING OCCUR: GRADING DOES NOT COMMENCE WITHIN 12 MONTHS OF THE CITY ENGINEER'S ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN, A CHANGE IN PROPERTY OWNERSHIP, PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT CHANGES, OR PROPOSED GRADING REVISIONS.
- THE PLAN SHALL NOT SUBSTANTIALLY CHANGE THE DEPTH OF COVER, OR ACCESS EXISTING UTILITY LINES. ACCEPTANCE OF THIS PLAN DOES NOT CONSTITUTE APPROVAL TO GRADE IN ANY UTILITY EASEMENT OR RIGHT-OF-WAY. APPROVALS TO GRADE WITHIN UTILITY EASEMENTS MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY. IT IS NOT PERMISSIBLE FOR ANY PERSON TO MODIFY THE GRADE OF THE EARTH ON ANY COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES EASEMENT OR UTILITY RIGHT-OF-WAY WITHOUT THEIR WRITTEN APPROVAL. THE PLAN SHALL NOT INCREASE OR DIVERT WATER TOWARDS UTILITY FACILITIES. ANY CHANGES TO EXISTING UTILITY FACILITIES TO ACCOMMODATE THE PLAN MUST BE OBTAINED PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTING THE PLAN. THE COST TO RELOCATE OR PROTECT EXISTING UTILITIES OR TO PROVIDE INTERIM ACCESS IS THE APPLICANTS EXPENSE.

TIMING: CROSSROADS NORTH

SPRING 2022 - WINTER 2023
ANTICIPATED STARTING AND COMPLETION TIME PERIOD OF SITE GRADING:
SPRING 2023
EXPECTED DATE ON WHICH THE FINAL STABILIZATION WILL BE COMPLETED:

AREAS: CROSSROADS NORTH

TOTAL AREA OF THE SITE TO BE CLEARED, EXCAVATED OR GRADED:	~64.9 AC.
CITY PROPERTY OF THE SITE TO BE CLEARED, EXCAVATED OR GRADED:	~19 AC.

RECEIVING WATERS:

SAND CREEK VIA EAST FORK SAND CREEK SUBTRIBUTARY
JIMMY CAMP CREEK

SOIL TYPES:

BLAUELAND LOAMY SAND-HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP A

EROSION CONTROL NOTES:

- AT ALL TIMES DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SYSTEMS SHALL BE MAINTAINED TO PREVENT DAMAGING FLOWS ON THE SITE AND IN THE WATERSHED BELOW THE SITE. CONTROL SYSTEMS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO STRIPPING OF NATIVE VEGETATIVE COVER AND AS GRADING PROGRESSES. CONTROL SYSTEMS SHALL INCLUDE, AS A MINIMUM, STRAW BALE SEDIMENT TRAPS (OR EQUAL) ALONG NATURAL DRAINAGE WAYS PRIOR TO GRADING AND UTILIZATION OF DESIGNED STORM DETENTION BASINS PRIOR TO FINAL GRADING REVEGETATION. AS AN AVERAGE, SEDIMENT TRAPS WITH A CAPACITY OF 15 CUBIC YARDS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR EACH ACRE OF DISTURBED SOIL.
- ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS WILL BE CLEANED AND MAINTAINED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE PROTECTION FROM SOIL LOSS UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THEY ARE NO LONGER NEEDED.
- WHERE AREAS ARE TO BE LEFT BARE FOR EXTENDED PERIODS (TOPSOIL, STOCKPILES, EMPTY LOTS, RIGHTS-OF-WAY, HOME SITES AWAITING PURCHASE, ETC.) MECHANICAL MULCHING (STRAW CRIMP) IN ACCORDANCE WITH CDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADE IS REACHED ON ANY PORTION OF THE SITE. SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN 30 DAYS TO DISTURBED AREAS WHICH MAY NOT BE AT FINAL GRADE BUT WILL BE LEFT DORMANT FOR LONGER THAN 60 DAYS.
- TOPSOIL WILL BE STOCKPILED AND USED AS A TOP DRESSING OVER CUT AND FILL AREAS TO HELP IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF ADAPTED VEGETATION. TOPSOIL STOCKPILE WILL BE SEEDED AND/OR MULCHED TO MINIMIZE SOIL LOSS UNTIL TOPSOIL IS USED.
- TEMPORARY STOCKPILES (8' MAX. HEIGHT) DUE TO UTILITY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE KEPT MOIST BY THE CONTRACTOR TO PREVENT BLOWING SOILS.
- AREAS LEFT OPEN FOR 30 DAYS OR MORE, OTHER THAN FOR UTILITY AND DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SEEDED AND/OR MULCHED.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING MEASURES TO PREVENT EROSION OF DISTURBED SOIL BY ABNORMAL WINDS.
- ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION.
- "ALL UTILITY INSTALLATIONS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHOWN ON THE PLAN ARE COVERED UNDER THIS PLAN. LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES WITHIN LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE MAY BE MODIFIED AFTER PLAN APPROVAL AS A FIELD CHANGE. UTILITY INSTALLATIONS RELATED TO PRIVATE DEVELOPMENT THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE LARGER DEVELOPMENT, AND THEREFORE REQUIRE A PLAN MODIFICATION OR SEPARATE PLAN FOR THE ADDITIONAL DISTURBANCE AREA."
- "APPLICANT REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS THAT THEY HAVE THE LEGAL AUTHORITY TO GRADE AND/OR CONSTRUCT IMPROVEMENTS ON ADJACENT PROPERTY. THE CITY HAS NOT REVIEWED THE DEVELOPER'S AUTHORITY TO MODIFY ADJACENT PROPERTY."
- ALL PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURES REQUIRE AN ANNUAL INSPECTION AND APPLICABLE MAINTENANCE PER THE CITY M54 PERMIT AND THE COLORADO SPRINGS AIRPORT INDUSTRIAL STORMWATER PERMIT. ALL COLORADO SPRINGS AIRPORT TENANTS WITH PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURES NEED TO SUBMIT ALL ANNUAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE FORMS TO AIRPORT ENVIRONMENTAL ANNUALLY BY MAY 15TH SO ALL DOCUMENTATION CAN BE SUBMITTED TO CITY SWENT PRIOR TO THE END OF MAY EACH YEAR.

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

STAGING, PORTABLE TOILETS, STOCKPILE, AND CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS TO BE DETERMINED BY CONTRACTOR IN THE FIELD. THE LOCATIONS SHALL BE DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN BY THE CONTRACTOR.

THE EROSION CONTROL DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN SHALL BE REGULARLY UPDATED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

EXISTING SITE TERRAIN GENERALLY SLOPES FROM NORTH TO SOUTHWEST AT GRADE RATES THAT VARY BETWEEN 2% TO 9%.

THERE ARE NO BATCH PLANTS ON SITE.

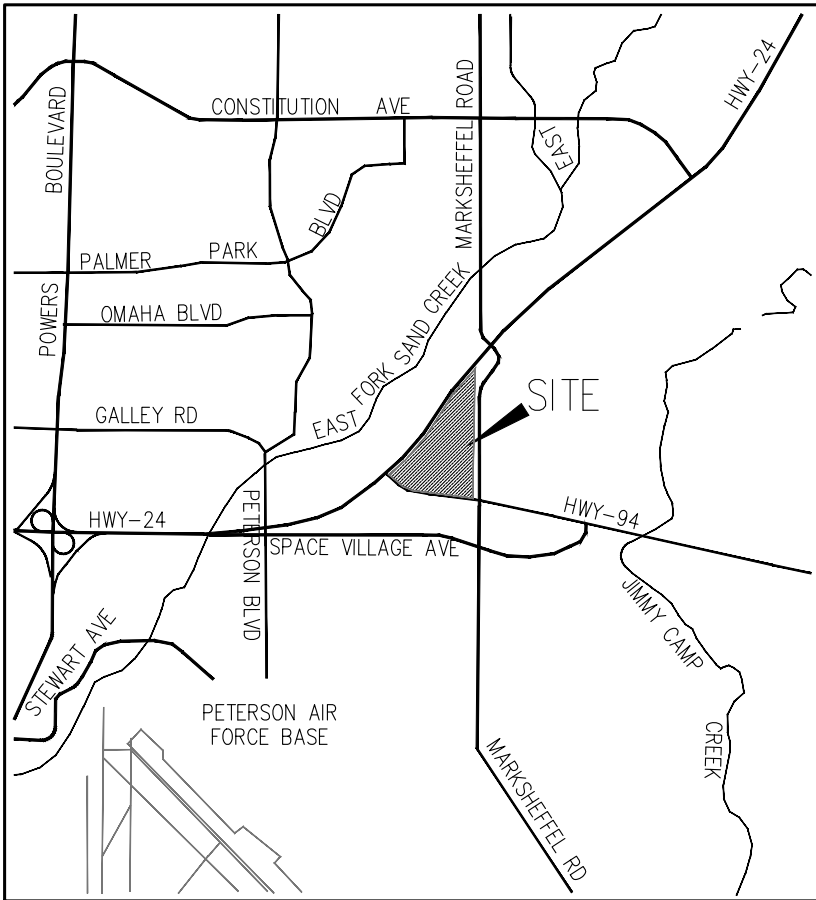
NO PORTION OF THIS PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN A DESIGNATED FEMA FLOODPLAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAPS (FIRM) 08041C0754G, 08041C0756G, & 08041C0758G EFFECTIVE DATES DECEMBER 7, 2018.

EXISTING, ON-SITE VEGETATION CONSISTS OF SPARSE NATIVE GRASSES (APPROX. 60% COVER). A VISUAL, POST CONSTRUCTION COMPARISON CAN BE MADE TO ADJACENT, UNDEVELOPED PROPERTY.

QUALIFIED STORMWATER MANAGER'S INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE OF CCM'S:

- MAKE THOROUGH INSPECTION OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AFTER EACH PRECIPITATION EVENT THAT CAUSES RUNOFF.
- IF ANY DEFICIENCIES ARE NOTED, THEY MUST BE CORRECTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER BEING NOTED
- RECORDS OF THE SIGNED SITE INSPECTIONS OR MODIFICATIONS MUST BE KEPT AT THE SITE UNLESS AN ALTERNATE PLACE IS APPROVED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY INSPECTOR AND MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.
- INSPECTIONS MUST TAKE PLACE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETE, BUT LOT IS NOT SOLD
- MONTHLY INSPECTIONS MUST TAKE PLACE ON SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETE, BUT VEGETATIVE COVER IS STILL BEING ESTABLISHED.

MARCH 2022



VICINITY MAP

N.T.S.



SITE MAP

N.T.S.

BASIS OF BEARINGS:

THE SOUTHEASTERLY LINE OF CDOT RIGHT OF WAY SH-24 (PROJECT NO. NHO243-058: UNIT 2) FROM STA. 320+28.40 (125.00' RT) TO STA. 327+61.58 (125.00' RT), MONUMENTED AT BOTH POINTS WITH 3-1/4" ALUMINUM CDOT MONUMENTS STAMPED "PLS 25381" AND BEARS N33°35'09"E A DISTANCE OF 733.37'. THE UNIT OF MEASUREMENT IS THE U.S. SURVEY FOOT.

BENCHMARK(S)

- NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929; BENCHMARK R-76 IS A DISK SET IN TOP OF A CONCRETE MONUMENT STAMPED "R 76 1935", IS PROJECTED ~0.25', AND IS LOCATED ~160' SOUTH OF THE CENTER OF HWY 24 ON THE NORTH SIDE OF SPACE VILLAGE AVENUE ELEV:6286.32'
- #4 REBAR IN AIR LANE NEAR ELECTRIC VAULT ON HILL TOP
N: 57321.99
E: 39208.06
ELEV: 6374.05'

CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS GRADING & EROSION CONTROL REVIEW:

THIS GRADING PLAN IS FILED IN ACCORDANCE CITY CODE. THIS PLAN IS REVIEWED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STORMWATER CONSTRUCTION MANUAL; LATEST REVISIONS

FOR THE SWENT MANAGER _____ DATE _____

NOTES: _____

APPLICANT REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS THAT THEY HAVE THE LEGAL AUTHORITY TO GRADE AND/OR CONSTRUCT IMPROVEMENTS ON ADJACENT PROPERTY. THE CITY HAS NOT REVIEWED THE DEVELOPER'S AUTHORITY TO MODIFY THE ADJACENT PROPERTY.

AGENCIES

OWNER:	COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES LLC 90 SOUTH CASCADE, SUITE 1500 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 DANNY MIENTKA (719) 475-7621
CIVIL ENGINEER:	M & S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC. 212 N. WAHSATCH AVENUE, SUITE 305 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ P.E. (719) 491-0818
ENGINEERING DIVISION:	CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS 30 S. NEVADA AVE., SUITE 401 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 PATRICK MORRIS (719) 385-5075
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING:	CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS 30 S. NEVADA AVE., SUITE 401 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 ZAKER ALAZZEH (719) 385-5468
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES:	COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES 1521 HANCOCK EXPRESSWAY COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 MIKE GACKLE (719) 668-8262
GAS DEPARTMENT:	COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES 7710 DURANT DR. COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80947 TIM WENDT (719) 668-3556
ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT:	COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES 7710 DURANT DR. COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80920 SARAH LABARRE (719) 668-4933
COMMUNICATIONS:	QWEST COMMUNICATIONS (U.N.C.C. LOCATORS) (800) 922-1987 AT&T (LOCATORS) (719) 635-3674

CROSSROADS NORTH: CITY PROPERTY

(5) EA INLET PROTECTION @ \$110/EA	\$ 550.00
(1) VT DEVICES @ \$1325/EA	\$ 1325.00
(14) STRAW BALES @ \$18.00/EA	\$ 252.00
(19) ACRES RESEEDING @ \$525.00/AC	\$ 9,975.00
(669) LF SILT FENCE @ \$2.50/LF	\$ 1672.50
(0) CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA \$760/EA	\$ 0.00
(2) TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS @ \$ 2,000/EA	\$ 4,000.00

SUBTOTAL:	\$ 17,774.50
MAINTENANCE 40%	\$ 7,109.80
TOTAL:	\$ 24,884.30

M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS CANNOT AND DOES NOT GUARANTEE THAT THE CONSTRUCTION COST WILL NOT VARY FROM THESE OPTIONS OF PROBABLY CONSTRUCTION COST. THESE OPTIONS REPRESENT OUR BEST JUDGMENT AS A DESIGN PROFESSIONAL FAMILIAR WITH THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY AND IN THIS DEVELOPMENT.

GRADING PLAN / EROSION CONTROL STATEMENTS:

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

THIS EROSION CONTROL/GRADING PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. IF INDICATED GRADING IS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PLAN, THE WORK WILL NOT BECOME A HAZARD TO LIFE AND LIMB, ENDANGER PROPERTY, OR ADVERSELY AFFECT THE SAFETY, USE OR STABILITY OF A PUBLIC WAY, DRAINAGE CHANNEL OR OTHER PROPERTY.

VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ, COLORADO P.E. #37160 _____ DATE _____

OWNER'S STATEMENT:

THE OWNER WILL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION CONTROL MEASURE, INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS AND FINAL STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS ACCORDING TO THE CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS STORMWATER CONSTRUCTION MANUAL. I ACKNOWLEDGE THE RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ON THESE PLANS REQUIRE COLORADO DISCHARGE PERMIT SYSTEM (CDPS) PERMITTING FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGES ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY.

OWNER SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: _____

NAME OF OWNER: DANNY MIENTKA PHONE: (719)-475-7621

TITLE: OWNER/DEVELOPER EMAIL: DANNY@THEEQUITYGROUP.NET

ON BEHALF OF:

COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES LLC
90 SOUTH CASCADE AVENUE, SUITE 1500
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903

STATEMENT:

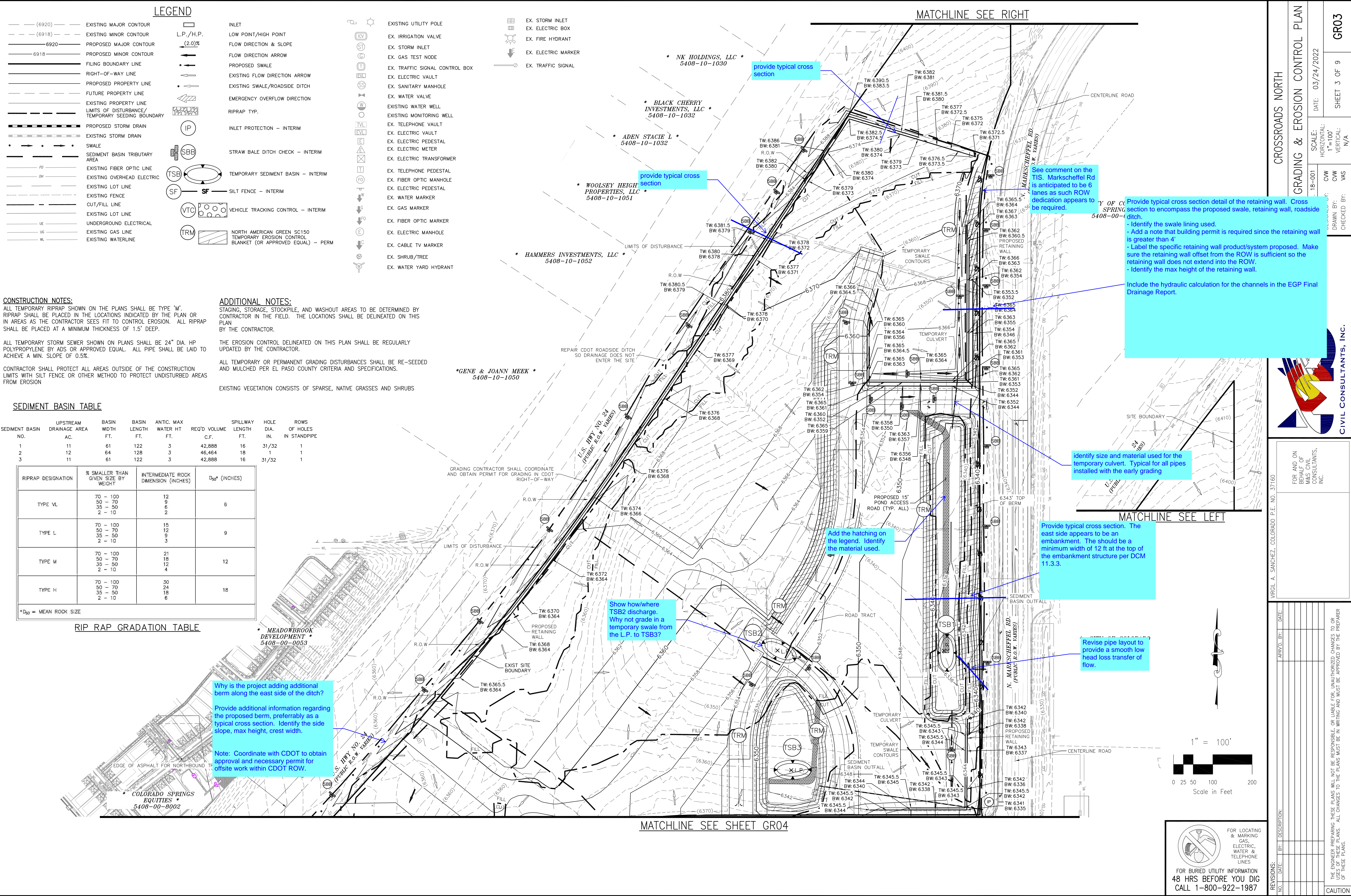
THE CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS RECOGNIZES THE DESIGN ENGINEER AS HAVING RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DESIGN; THE CITY HAS LIMITED ITS SCOPE OF REVIEW ACCORDINGLY. RESUBMITTAL REQUIRED IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT COMMENCED WITHIN 180 DAYS AFTER APPROVAL DATE.



FOR LOCATING & MARKING GAS, ELECTRIC, WATER & TELEPHONE LINES

FOR BURIED UTILITY INFORMATION
48 HRS BEFORE YOU DIG
CALL 1-800-922-1987

CROSSROADS NORTH		EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN	
PROJECT NO. 18-001		DATE: 03/24/22	
DESIGNED BY: CW		SCALE: HORIZONTAL: N/A VERTICAL: VAS	
DRAWN BY: CW		SHEET 2 OF 9	
CHECKED BY: VAS		GR02	
212 N. WAHSATCH AVE., STE 305 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 PHONE: 719.555.5465			
 M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.			
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.			
VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ, COLORADO P.E. NO. 37160			
DATE: _____			
APPROVED BY: _____			
DATE: _____			
DESCRIPTION: _____			
NO. DATE: _____			
REVISIONS: _____			
THE ENGINEER PREPARES THESE PLANS WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES TO OR USES OF THESE PLANS. ALL CHANGES TO THE PLANS MUST BE IN WRITING AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE PREPARER OF THESE PLANS.			
CAUTION			



LEGEND

---	(6920)	---	EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
---	(6918)	---	EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR
---	6920	---	PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR
---	6918	---	PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR
---		---	FILING BOUNDARY LINE
---		---	RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE
---		---	PROPOSED PROPERTY LINE
---		---	FUTURE PROPERTY LINE
---		---	EXISTING PROPERTY LINE
---		---	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE/TEMPORARY SEEDING BOUNDARY
---		---	PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
---		---	EXISTING STORM DRAIN
---		---	SWALE
---		---	SEDIMENT BASIN TRIBUTARY AREA
---		---	EXISTING FIBER OPTIC LINE
---		---	EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRIC
---		---	EXISTING LOT LINE
---		---	EXISTING FENCE
---		---	CUT/FILL LINE
---		---	EXISTING LOT LINE
---		---	UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL
---		---	EXISTING GAS LINE
---		---	EXISTING WATERLINE

	IP	INLET PROTECTION - INTERIM
	SBB	STRAW BALE DITCH CHECK - INTERIM
	TSB	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN - INTERIM
	SF	SILT FENCE - INTERIM
	VTC	VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL - INTERIM
	TRM	NORTH AMERICAN GREEN SC150 TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (OR APPROVED EQUAL) - PERM

	INLET	LOW POINT/HIGH POINT
	FLOW DIRECTION & SLOPE	FLOW DIRECTION ARROW
	PROPOSED SWALE	EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION ARROW
	EXISTING SWALE/ROADSIDE DITCH	EMERGENCY OVERFLOW DIRECTION
	RIPRAP TYP.	

	EX. STORM INLET	EX. STORM INLET
	EX. ELECTRIC BOX	EX. FIRE HYDRANT
	EX. ELECTRIC MARKER	EX. TRAFFIC SIGNAL
	EX. STORM INLET	EX. GAS TEST NODE
	EX. TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROL BOX	EX. ELECTRIC VAULT
	EX. SANITARY MANHOLE	EX. WATER VALVE
	EXISTING WATER WELL	EXISTING MONITORING WELL
	EX. TELEPHONE VAULT	EX. ELECTRIC VAULT
	EX. ELECTRIC PEDESTAL	EX. ELECTRIC METER
	EX. ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER	EX. TELEPHONE PEDESTAL
	EX. FIBER OPTIC MANHOLE	EX. ELECTRIC PEDESTAL
	EX. WATER MARKER	EX. GAS MARKER
	EX. FIBER OPTIC MARKER	EX. ELECTRIC MANHOLE
	EX. CABLE TV MARKER	EX. SHRUB/TREE
	EX. WATER YARD HYDRANT	

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

ALL TEMPORARY RIPRAP SHOWN ON THE PLANS SHALL BE TYPE 'M'. RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED IN THE LOCATIONS INDICATED BY THE PLAN OR IN AREAS AS THE CONTRACTOR SEES FIT TO CONTROL EROSION. ALL RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED AT A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 1.5' DEEP.

ALL TEMPORARY STORM SEWER SHOWN ON PLANS SHALL BE 24" DIA. HP POLYPROPYLENE BY ADS OR APPROVED EQUAL. ALL PIPE SHALL BE LAID TO ACHIEVE A MIN. SLOPE OF 0.5%.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS WITH SILT FENCE OR OTHER METHOD TO PROTECT UNDISTURBED AREAS FROM EROSION

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

STAGING, STORAGE, STOCKPILE, AND WASHOUT AREAS TO BE DETERMINED BY CONTRACTOR IN THE FIELD. THE LOCATIONS SHALL BE DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN BY THE CONTRACTOR.

THE EROSION CONTROL DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN SHALL BE REGULARLY UPDATED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

ALL TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT GRADING DISTURBANCES SHALL BE RE-SEEDDED AND MULCHED PER EL PASO COUNTY CRITERIA AND SPECIFICATIONS.

EXISTING VEGETATION CONSISTS OF SPARSE, NATIVE GRASSES AND SHRUBS

SEDIMENT BASIN TABLE

SEDIMENT BASIN NO.	UPSTREAM DRAINAGE AREA AC.	WIDTH FT.	LENGTH FT.	ANTIC. WATER HT. FT.	MAX REQ'D VOLUME C.F.	SPILLWAY LENGTH FT.	HOLE DIA. IN.	ROWS OF HOLES IN STANDPIPE
1	11	61	122	3	42,888	16	31/32	1
2	12	64	128	3	46,464	18	1	1
3	11	61	122	3	42,888	16	31/32	1

RIPRAP DESIGNATION	% SMALLER THAN GIVEN SIZE BY WEIGHT	INTERMEDIATE ROCK DIMENSION (INCHES)	D ₅₀ (INCHES)
TYPE VL	70 - 100 50 - 70 35 - 50 2 - 10	12 9 6 2	6
TYPE L	70 - 100 50 - 70 35 - 50 2 - 10	15 12 9 3	9
TYPE M	70 - 100 50 - 70 35 - 50 2 - 10	21 18 12 4	12
TYPE H	70 - 100 50 - 70 35 - 50 2 - 10	30 24 18 6	18

*D₅₀ = MEAN ROCK SIZE

RIP RAP GRADATION TABLE

TYPE VL	70 - 100 50 - 70 35 - 50 2 - 10	12 9 6 2	6
TYPE L	70 - 100 50 - 70 35 - 50 2 - 10	15 12 9 3	9
TYPE M	70 - 100 50 - 70 35 - 50 2 - 10	21 18 12 4	12
TYPE H	70 - 100 50 - 70 35 - 50 2 - 10	30 24 18 6	18

* MEADOWBROOK DEVELOPMENT *
5408-00-0053

* COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES *
5408-00-8002

* GENE & JOANN MEEK *
5408-10-1050

* ADEN STACIE L *
5408-10-1032

* BLACK CHERRY INVESTMENTS, LLC *
5408-10-1032

* NK HOLDINGS, LLC *
5408-10-1030

* WOOLSEY HEIGHT PROPERTIES, LLC *
5408-10-1051

* HAMMERS INVESTMENTS, LLC *
5408-10-1052

* MEADOWBROOK DEVELOPMENT *
5408-00-0053

* COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES *
5408-00-8002

* GENE & JOANN MEEK *
5408-10-1050

* ADEN STACIE L *
5408-10-1032

* BLACK CHERRY INVESTMENTS, LLC *
5408-10-1032

* NK HOLDINGS, LLC *
5408-10-1030

* WOOLSEY HEIGHT PROPERTIES, LLC *
5408-10-1051

* HAMMERS INVESTMENTS, LLC *
5408-10-1052

* ADEN STACIE L *
5408-10-1032

* BLACK CHERRY INVESTMENTS, LLC *
5408-10-1032

* NK HOLDINGS, LLC *
5408-10-1030

* MEADOWBROOK DEVELOPMENT *
5408-00-0053

* MEADOWBROOK DEVELOPMENT *
5408-00-0053

* COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES *
5408-00-8002

* GENE & JOANN MEEK *
5408-10-1050

* ADEN STACIE L *
5408-10-1032

* BLACK CHERRY INVESTMENTS, LLC *
5408-10-1032

* NK HOLDINGS, LLC *
5408-10-1030

* MEADOWBROOK DEVELOPMENT *
5408-00-0053

* COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES *
5408-00-8002

* GENE & JOANN MEEK *
5408-10-1050

* ADEN STACIE L *
5408-10-1032

* BLACK CHERRY INVESTMENTS, LLC *
5408-10-1032

* NK HOLDINGS, LLC *
5408-10-1030

* MEADOWBROOK DEVELOPMENT *
5408-00-0053

* COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES *
5408-00-8002

* GENE & JOANN MEEK *
5408-10-1050

* ADEN STACIE L *
5408-10-1032

* BLACK CHERRY INVESTMENTS, LLC *
5408-10-1032

* NK HOLDINGS, LLC *
5408-10-1030

CROSSROADS NORTH

GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

DATE: 03/24/2022

SCALE: HORIZONTAL: 1"=100' VERTICAL: N/A

SHEET 3 OF 9

GR03

CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

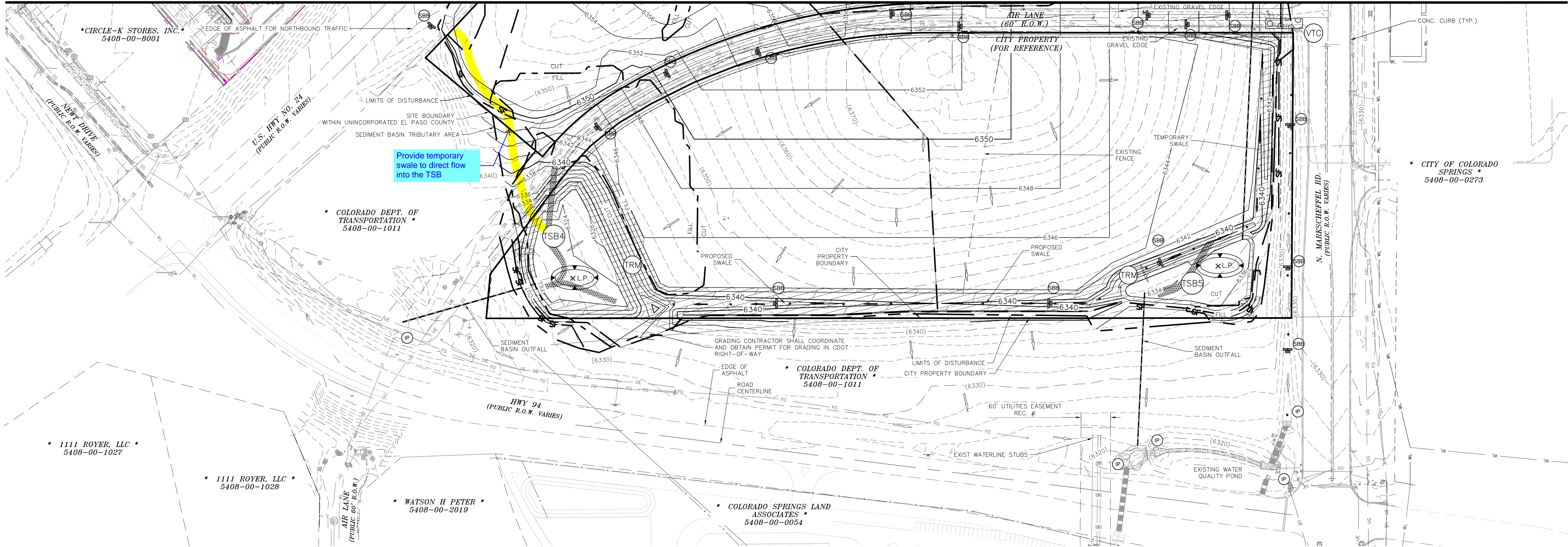
VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ, COLORADO P.E. NO. 37160

NO. DATE: DESCRIPTION: BY: APPROVED BY: DATE:

THE ENGINEER PREPARING THESE PLANS WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE, OR LIABLE FOR, UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES TO OR USES OF THESE PLANS. ALL CHANGES TO THE PLANS MUST BE IN WRITING AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE PREPARER OF THESE PLANS.

CAUTION

MATCHLINE SEE SHEET GR03



ADDITIONAL NOTES:

STAGING, STORAGE, STOCKPILE, AND WASHOUT AREAS TO BE DETERMINED BY CONTRACTOR IN THE FIELD. THE LOCATIONS SHALL BE DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN BY THE CONTRACTOR.

THE EROSION CONTROL DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN SHALL BE REGULARLY UPDATED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

ALL TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT GRADING DISTURBANCES SHALL BE RE-SEEDDED AND MULCHED PER CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS DCM CRITERIA AND SPECIFICATIONS.

EXISTING VEGETATION CONSISTS OF SPARSE, NATIVE GRASSES AND SHRUBS

CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

ALL TEMPORARY RIPRAP SHOWN ON THE PLANS SHALL BE TYPE 'W'. RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED IN THE LOCATIONS INDICATED BY THE PLAN OR IN AREAS AS THE CONTRACTOR SEES FIT TO CONTROL EROSION. ALL RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED AT A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 1.5' DEEP.

ALL TEMPORARY STORM SEWER SHOWN ON PLANS SHALL BE 24" DIA. HP POLYPROPYLENE BY ADS OR APPROVED EQUAL. ALL PIPE SHALL BE LAID TO ACHIEVE A MIN. SLOPE OF 0.5%.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS WITH SILT FENCE OR OTHER METHOD TO PROTECT UNDISTURBED AREAS FROM EROSION.

SEDIMENT BASIN TABLE

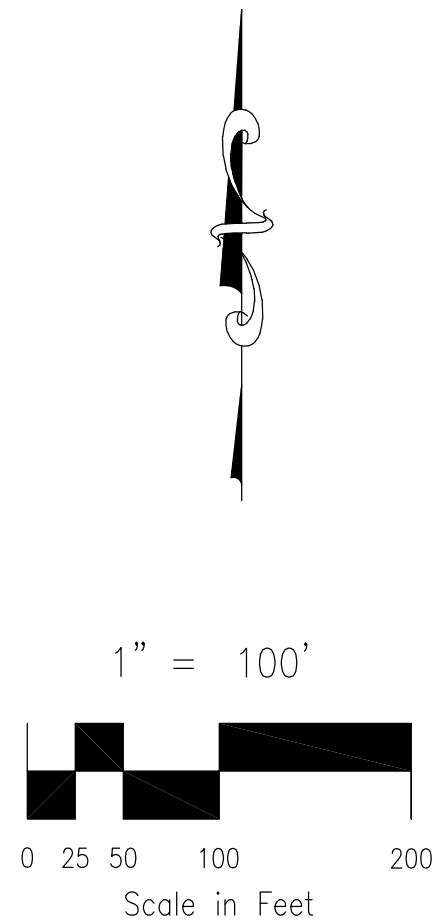
SEDIMENT BASIN NO.	UPSTREAM DRAINAGE AREA AC.	Basin Width FT.	Basin Length FT.	Antic. Max Water HT FT.	Req'd Volume C.F.	Spillway Length FT.	Hole Dia. In.	Rows of Holes in Standpipe
4	14	70.5	141	3	54,706	21	1 1/8	1
5	12	64	128	3	46,464	18	1	1

— (6920) —	EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- - - (6918) - - -	EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR
———— 6920 ————	PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR
———— 6918 ————	PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR
————	FILING BOUNDARY LINE
————	RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE
————	PROPOSED PROPERTY LINE
————	FUTURE PROPERTY LINE
————	EXISTING PROPERTY LINE
————	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE/ TEMPORARY SEEDING BOUNDARY
————	PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
————	EXISTING STORM DRAIN
————	SWALE
————	SEDIMENT BASIN TRIBUTARY AREA
— FO —	EXISTING FIBER OPTIC LINE
— OH —	EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRIC
————	EXISTING LOT LINE
————	EXISTING FENCE
————	CUT/FILL LINE
— UE —	EXISTING LOT LINE
— UG —	UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL
— WL —	EXISTING GAS LINE
— WL —	EXISTING WATERLINE

□	INLET
L.P./H.P. (2.0)%	LOW POINT/HIGH POINT
→	FLOW DIRECTION & SLOPE
→	FLOW DIRECTION ARROW
→	PROPOSED SWALE
→	EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION ARROW
→	EXISTING SWALE/ROADSIDE DITCH
→	EMERGENCY OVERFLOW DIRECTION
▨	RIPRAP TYP.
○ CWA	CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA - INTERIM
○ IP	INLET PROTECTION - INTERIM
⊞ SBB	STRAW BALE DITCH CHECK - INTERIM
○ TSB	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN - INTERIM
— SF —	SILT FENCE - INTERIM
○ VTC	VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL - INTERIM
▨ TRM	NORTH AMERICAN GREEN SC150 TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (OR APPROVED EQUAL) - PERM

LEGEND

☼	EXISTING UTILITY POLE	☼	EX. STORM INLET
⊞ ICV	EX. IRRIGATION VALVE	☼	EX. ELECTRIC BOX
○ ST	EX. STORM INLET	☼	EX. FIRE HYDRANT
⊞ G	EX. GAS TEST NODE	☼	EX. ELECTRIC MARKER
⊞ T	EX. TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROL BOX	☼	EX. TRAFFIC SIGNAL
⊞ EV	EX. ELECTRIC VAULT	⊞ MH	UNKNOWN MANHOLE
⊞ SM	EX. SANITARY MANHOLE		
⊞ V	EX. WATER VALVE		
⊞ W	EXISTING WATER WELL		
⊞ MW	EXISTING MONITORING WELL		
⊞ TV	EX. TELEPHONE VAULT		
⊞ EV	EX. ELECTRIC VAULT		
⊞ EP	EX. ELECTRIC PEDESTAL		
⊞ EM	EX. ELECTRIC METER		
⊞ ET	EX. ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER		
⊞ TP	EX. TELEPHONE PEDESTAL		
⊞ FM	EX. FIBER OPTIC MANHOLE		
⊞ EP	EX. ELECTRIC PEDESTAL		
⊞ WM	EX. WATER MARKER		
⊞ GM	EX. GAS MARKER		
⊞ FM	EX. FIBER OPTIC MARKER		
⊞ EM	EX. ELECTRIC MANHOLE		
⊞ CM	EX. CABLE TV MARKER		
⊞ ST	EX. SHRUB/TREE		
⊞ WH	EX. WATER YARD HYDRANT		



FOR LOCATING & MARKING GAS, ELECTRIC, WATER & TELEPHONE LINES

FOR BURIED UTILITY INFORMATION 48 HRS BEFORE YOU DIG CALL 1-800-922-1987

CROSSROADS NORTH

212 N. WAHATCH AVE. STE 305
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903
PHONE: 719.555.5485

CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

REVISIONS:

NO.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION:

CAUTION

EARLY GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

PROJECT NO. 18-001

DESIGNED BY: CW

DRAWN BY: CW

CHECKED BY: VAS

SCALE: HORIZONTAL: 1"=100' VERTICAL: N/A

DATE: 03/24/2022

SHEET 4 OF 9

GR04

EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

soil amendments and rototill them into the soil to a depth of 6 inches or more.

Topsoil should be salvaged during grading operations for use and spread on areas to be revegetated later. Topsoil should be viewed as an important resource to be utilized for vegetation establishment, due to its water-holding capacity, structure, texture, organic matter content, biological activity, and nutrient content. The rooting depth of most native grasses in the semi-arid Denver metropolitan area is 6 to 18 inches. At a minimum, the upper 6 inches of topsoil should be stripped, stockpiled, and ultimately respread across areas that will be revegetated.

Where topsoil is not available, subsoils should be amended to provide an appropriate plant-growth medium. Organic matter, such as well digested compost, can be added to improve soil characteristics conducive to plant growth. Other treatments can be used to adjust soil pH conditions when needed. Soil testing, which is typically inexpensive, should be completed to determine and optimize the types and amounts of amendments that are required.

If the disturbed ground surface is compacted, rip or rototill the surface prior to placing topsoil. If adding compost to the existing soil surface, rototilling is necessary. Surface roughening will assist in placement of a stable topsoil layer on steeper slopes, and allow infiltration and root penetration to greater depth.

Prior to seeding, the soil surface should be rough and the seedbed should be firm, but neither too loose nor compacted. The upper layer of soil should be in a condition suitable for seeding at the proper depth and conducive to plant growth. Seed-to-soil contact is the key to good germination.

Seed Mix for Temporary Vegetation

To provide temporary vegetative cover on disturbed areas which will not be paved, built upon, or fully landscaped or worked for an extended period (typically 30 days or more), plant an annual grass appropriate for the time of planting and mulch the planted areas. Annual grasses suitable for the Denver metropolitan area are listed in Table TS/PS-1. These are to be considered only as general recommendations when specific design guidance for a particular site is not available. Local governments typically specify seed mixes appropriate for their jurisdiction.

Seed Mix for Permanent Revegetation

To provide vegetative cover on disturbed areas that have reached final grade, a perennial grass mix should be established. Permanent seeding should be performed promptly (typically within 14 days) after reaching final grade. Each site will have different characteristics and a landscape professional or the local jurisdiction should be contacted to determine the most suitable seed mix for a specific site. In lieu of a specific recommendation, one of the perennial grass mixes appropriate for site conditions and growth season listed in Table TS/PS-2 can be used. The pure live seed (PLS) rates of application recommended in these tables are considered to be absolute minimum rates for seed applied using proper drill-seeding equipment.

If desired for wildlife habitat or landscape diversity, shrubs such as rubber rabbitbrush (*Chrysothamnus nauseosus*), fourwing saltbush (*Atriplex canescens*) and skunkbrush sumac (*Rhus trilobata*) could be added to the upland seedmixes at 0.25, 0.5 and 1 pound PLS/acre, respectively. In riparian zones, planting root stock of such species as American plum (*Prunus americana*), woods rose (*Rosa woodsii*), plains cottonwood (*Populus sargentii*), and willow (*Populus spp.*) may be considered. On non-topsoiled upland sites, a legume such as Ladak alfalfa at 1 pound PLS/acre can be included as a source of nitrogen for perennial grasses.

TS/PS-2	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	June 2012
---------	--	-----------

Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2

Table TS/PS-2. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Perennial Grasses (cont.)

Common Name	Botanical Name	Growth Season ^a	Growth Form	Seeds/ Pound	Pounds of PLS/acre
Sandy Soil Seed Mix					
Blue grama	<i>Bouteloua gracilis</i>	Warm	Sod-forming bunchgrass	825,000	0.5
Camper little bluestem	<i>Schizachyrium scoparium 'Camper'</i>	Warm	Bunch	240,000	1.0
Prairie sandreed	<i>Calamovilfa longifolia</i>	Warm	Open sod	274,000	1.0
Sand dropseed	<i>Sporobolus cryptandrus</i>	Cool	Bunch	5,298,000	0.25
Vaughn sideoats grama	<i>Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'</i>	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'</i>	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
Total					10.25
Heavy Clay, Rocky Foothill Seed Mix					
Ephriam crested wheatgrass ^d	<i>Agropyron cristatum 'Ephriam'</i>	Cool	Sod	175,000	1.5
Oahe Intermediate wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron intermedium 'Oahe'</i>	Cool	Sod	115,000	5.5
Vaughn sideoats grama ^a	<i>Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'</i>	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0
Lincoln smooth brome	<i>Bromus inermis leys 'Lincoln'</i>	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'</i>	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
Total					17.5
^a All of the above seeding mixes and rates are based on drill seeding followed by crimped straw mulch. These rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast and should be increased by 50 percent if the seeding is done using a Brillion Drill or is applied through hydraulic seeding. Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1. If hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be done as a separate operation.					
^b See Table TS/PS-3 for seeding dates.					
^c If site is to be irrigated, the transition turf seed rates should be doubled.					
^d Crested wheatgrass should not be used on slopes steeper than 6H to 1V.					
^e Can substitute 0.5 lbs PLS of blue grama for the 2.0 lbs PLS of Vaughn sideoats grama.					

June 2012	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	TS/PS-5
-----------	--	---------

Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2

Seeding dates for the highest success probability of perennial species along the Front Range are generally in the spring from April through early May and in the fall after the first of September until the ground freezes. If the area is irrigated, seeding may occur in summer months, as well. See Table TS/PS-3 for appropriate seeding dates.

Table TS/PS-1. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Various Temporary Annual Grasses

Species ^a (Common name)	Growth Season ^a	Pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS)/acre ^e	Planting Depth (inches)
1. Oats	Cool	35 - 50	1 - 2
2. Spring wheat	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2
3. Spring barley	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2
4. Annual ryegrass	Cool	10 - 15	½ - ¾
5. Millet	Warm	3 - 15	½ - ¾
6. Sudangrass	Warm	5-10	½ - ¾
7. Sorghum	Warm	5-10	½ - ¾
8. Winter wheat	Cool	20-35	1 - 2
9. Winter barley	Cool	20-35	1 - 2
10. Winter rye	Cool	20-35	1 - 2
11. Triticale	Cool	25-40	1 - 2

^a Successful seeding of annual grass resulting in adequate plant growth will usually produce enough dead-plant residue to provide protection from wind and water erosion for an additional year. This assumes that the cover is not disturbed or mowed closer than 8 inches.

Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1 or where access limitations exist. When hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be applied as a separate operation, when practical, to prevent the seeds from being encapsulated in the mulch.

^b See Table TS/PS-3 for seeding dates. Irrigation, if consistently applied, may extend the use of cool season species during the summer months.

^c Seeding rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast, or increased by 50 percent if done using a Brillion Drill or by hydraulic seeding.

June 2012	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	TS/PS-3
-----------	--	---------

EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-3. Seeding Dates for Annual and Perennial Grasses

Seeding Dates	Annual Grasses (Numbers in table reference species in Table TS/PS-1)		Perennial Grasses	
	Warm	Cool	Warm	Cool
January 1–March 15			✓	✓
March 16–April 30	4	1,2,3	✓	✓
May 1–May 15	4		✓	
May 16–June 30	4,5,6,7			
July 1–July 15	5,6,7			
July 16–August 31				
September 1–September 30		8,9,10,11		
October 1–December 31			✓	✓

Mulch

Cover seeded areas with mulch or an appropriate rolled erosion control product to promote establishment of vegetation. Anchor mulch by crimping, netting or use of a non-toxic tackifier. See the Mulching BMP Fact Sheet for additional guidance.

Maintenance and Removal

Monitor and observe seeded areas to identify areas of poor growth or areas that fail to germinate. Reseed and mulch these areas, as needed.

An area that has been permanently seeded should have a good stand of vegetation within one growing season if irrigated and within three growing seasons without irrigation in Colorado. Reseed portions of the site that fail to germinate or remain bare after the first growing season.

Seeded areas may require irrigation, particularly during extended dry periods. Targeted weed control may also be necessary.

Protect seeded areas from construction equipment and vehicle access.

TS/PS-6	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	June 2012
---------	--	-----------

EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-2. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Perennial Grasses

Common ^a Name	Botanical Name	Growth Season ^a	Growth Form	Seeds/ Pound	Pounds of PLS/acre
Alkali Soil Seed Mix					
Alkali sacaton	<i>Sporobolus airoides</i>	Cool	Bunch	1,750,000	0.25
Basin wildrye	<i>Elymus cinereus</i>	Cool	Bunch	165,000	2.5
Sodar streambank wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'</i>	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5
Jose tall wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron elongatum 'Jose'</i>	Cool	Bunch	79,000	7.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'</i>	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
Total					17.75
Fertile Loamy Soil Seed Mix					
Ephriam crested wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron cristatum 'Ephriam'</i>	Cool	Sod	175,000	2.0
Dural hard fescue	<i>Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'</i>	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0
Lincoln smooth brome	<i>Bromus inermis leys 'Lincoln'</i>	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Sodar streambank wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'</i>	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5
Arriba western wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'</i>	Cool	Sod	110,000	7.0
Total					15.5
High Water Table Soil Seed Mix					
Meadow foxtail	<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>	Cool	Sod	900,000	0.5
Redtop	<i>Agrostis alba</i>	Warm	Open sod	5,000,000	0.25
Reed canarygrass	<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	Cool	Sod	68,000	0.5
Lincoln smooth brome	<i>Bromus inermis leys 'Lincoln'</i>	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Pathfinder switchgrass	<i>Panicum virgatum 'Pathfinder'</i>	Warm	Sod	389,000	1.0
Alkar tall wheatgrass	<i>Agropyron elongatum 'Alkar'</i>	Cool	Bunch	79,000	5.5
Total					10.75
Transition Turf Seed Mix^c					
Ruebens Canadian bluegrass	<i>Poa compressa 'Ruebens'</i>	Cool	Sod	2,500,000	0.5
Dural hard fescue	<i>Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'</i>	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0
Citation perennial ryegrass	<i>Lolium perenne 'Citation'</i>	Cool	Sod	247,000	3.0
Lincoln smooth brome	<i>Bromus inermis leys 'Lincoln'</i>	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Total					7.5

TS/PS-4	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	June 2012
---------	--	-----------

EC-4 Mulching (MU)

- Clean, weed-free and seed-free cereal grain straw should be applied evenly at a rate of 2 tons per acre and must be tacked or fastened by a method suitable for the condition of the site. Straw mulch must be anchored (and not merely placed) on the surface. This can be accomplished mechanically by crimping or with the aid of tackifiers or nets. Anchoring with a crimping implement is preferred, and is the recommended method for areas flatter than 3:1. Mechanical crimpers must be capable of tucking the long mulch fibers into the soil to a depth of 3 inches without cutting them. An agricultural disk, while not an ideal substitute, may work if the disk blades are dull or blunted and set vertically; however, the frame may have to be weighted to afford proper soil penetration.
- Grass hay may be used in place of straw; however, because hay is comprised of the entire plant including seed, mulching with hay may seed the site with non-native grass species which might in turn out-compete the native seed. Alternatively, native species of grass hay may be purchased, but can be difficult to find and are more expensive than straw. Purchasing and utilizing a certified weed-free straw is an easier and less costly mulching method. When using grass hay, follow the same guidelines as for straw (provided above).
- On small areas sheltered from the wind and heavy runoff, spraying a tackifier on the mulch is satisfactory for holding it in place. For steep slopes and special situations where greater control is needed, erosion control blankets anchored with stakes should be used instead of mulch.
- Hydraulic mulching consists of wood cellulose fibers mixed with water and a tackifying agent and should be applied at a rate of no less than 1,500 pounds per acre (1,425 lbs of fibers mixed with at least 75 lbs of tackifier) with a hydraulic mulcher. For steeper slopes, up to 2000 pounds per acre may be required for effective hydroseeding. Hydromulch typically requires up to 24 hours to dry; therefore, it should not be applied immediately prior to inclement weather. Application to roads, waterways and existing vegetation should be avoided.
- Erosion control mats, blankets, or nets are recommended to help stabilize steep slopes (generally 3:1 and steeper) and waterways. Depending on the product, these may be used alone or in conjunction with grass or straw mulch. Normally, use of these products will be restricted to relatively small areas. Biodegradable mats made of straw and jute, straw-coconut, coconut fiber, or excelsior can be used instead of mulch. (See the ECM/TRM BMP for more information.)
- Some tackifiers or binders may be used to anchor mulch. Check with the local jurisdiction for allowed tackifiers. Manufacturer's recommendations should be followed at all times. (See the Soil Binder BMP for more information on general types of tackifiers.)
- Rock can also be used as mulch. It provides protection of exposed soils to wind and water erosion and allows infiltration of precipitation. An aggregate base course can be spread on disturbed areas for temporary or permanent stabilization. The rock mulch layer should be thick enough to provide full coverage of exposed soil on the area it is applied.

Maintenance and Removal

After mulching, the bare ground surface should not be more than 10 percent exposed. Reapply mulch, as needed, to cover bare areas.

MU-2	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	June 2012
------	--	-----------



CROSSROADS NORTH

GRADING & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

PROJECT NO. 18-001
DATE: 03/24/2022
SCALE: HORIZONTAL: N/A
VERTICAL: N/A
DESIGNED BY: CW
DRAWN BY: VAS
CHECKED BY: VAS
SHEET 5 OF 9
GR05

212 N. WAHSATCH AVE., STE 303
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903
PHONE: 719.555.5465

CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

REVISIONS:
NO. DATE BY DESCRIPTION

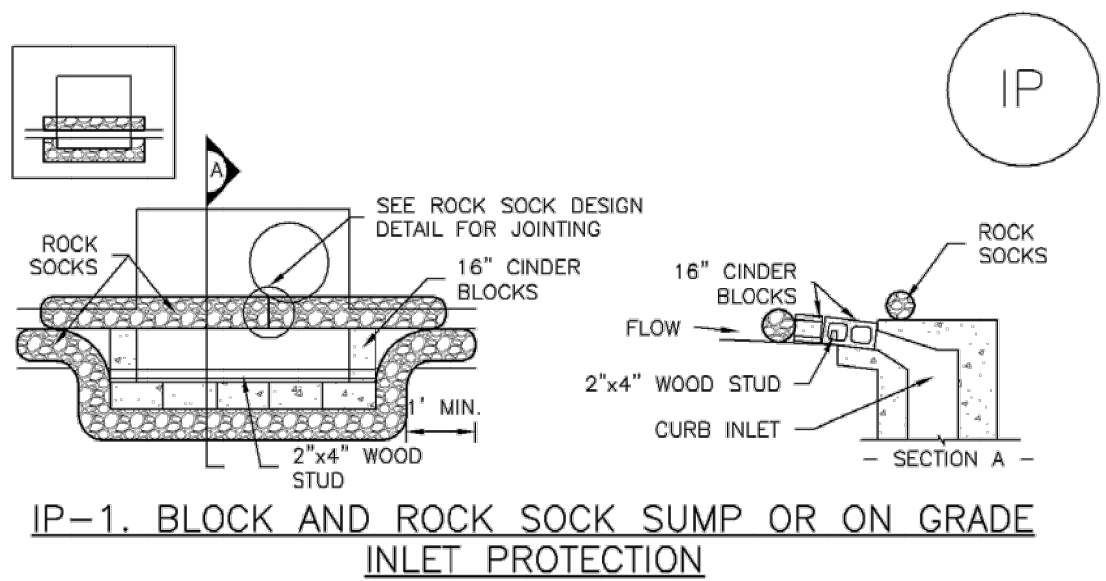
APPROVED BY: DATE:

THE ENGINEER PREPARING THESE PLANS WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES TO OR USES OF THESE PLANS. ALL CHANGES TO THE PLANS MUST BE IN WRITING AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE PREPARER OF THESE PLANS.

CAUTION

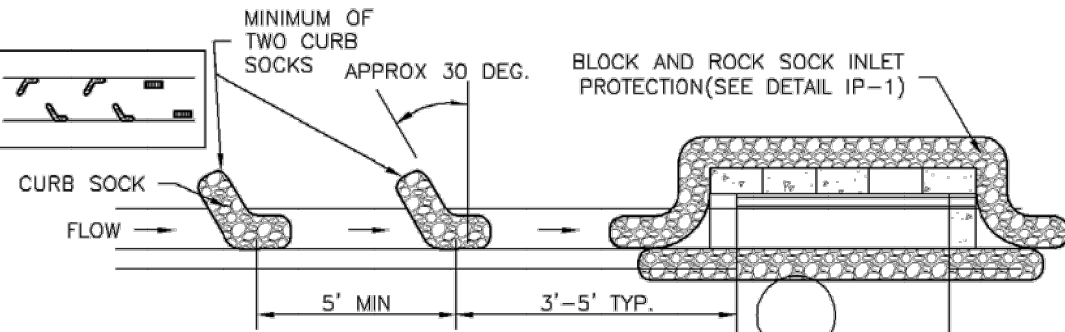
SC-6

Inlet Protection (IP)



BLOCK AND CURB ROCK SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. CONCRETE "CINDER" BLOCKS SHALL BE LAID ON THEIR SIDES AROUND THE INLET IN A SINGLE ROW, ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER WITH THE OPEN END FACING AWAY FROM THE CURB.
3. GRAVEL BAGS SHALL BE PLACED AROUND CONCRETE BLOCKS, CLOSELY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER AND JOINED TOGETHER IN ACCORDANCE WITH ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL.



IP-2. CURB ROCK SOCKS UPSTREAM OF
INLET PROTECTION

CURB ROCK SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. PLACEMENT OF THE SOCK SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 30 DEGREES FROM PERPENDICULAR IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF FLOW.
3. SOCKS ARE TO BE FLUSH WITH THE CURB AND SPACED A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET APART.
4. AT LEAST TWO CURB SOCKS IN SERIES ARE REQUIRED UPSTREAM OF ON-GRADE INLETS

IP-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District August 2013
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

SC-6

Inlet Protection (IP)

GENERAL INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:

- LOCATION OF INLET PROTECTION.
- TYPE OF INLET PROTECTION (FP-1, FP-2, FP-3, FP-4, FP-5, P, G)

2. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED PROMPTLY AFTER INLET CONSTRUCTION OR PAVING IS COMPLETE (TYPICALLY WITHIN 48 HOURS); IF A RAINFALL/RUNOFF EVENT IS FORECAST, INSTALL INLET PROTECTION PRIOR TO ONSET OF EVENT.

3. MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

INLET PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE REMOVED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS, TYPICALLY WHEN STORAGE VOLUME REACHES CAPACITY. A DEPTH OF 6" WHEN SILT FENCE IS USED, OR ¼ OF THE HEIGHT FOR STRAW BALE.

5. INLET PROTECTION IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, UNLESS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVES EARLIER REMOVAL OF INLET PROTECTION IN STREAMS.

6. WHEN INLET PROTECTION AT AREA INLETS IS REMOVED, THE DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOP SOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM TOWN OF PARKER, COLORADO AND CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

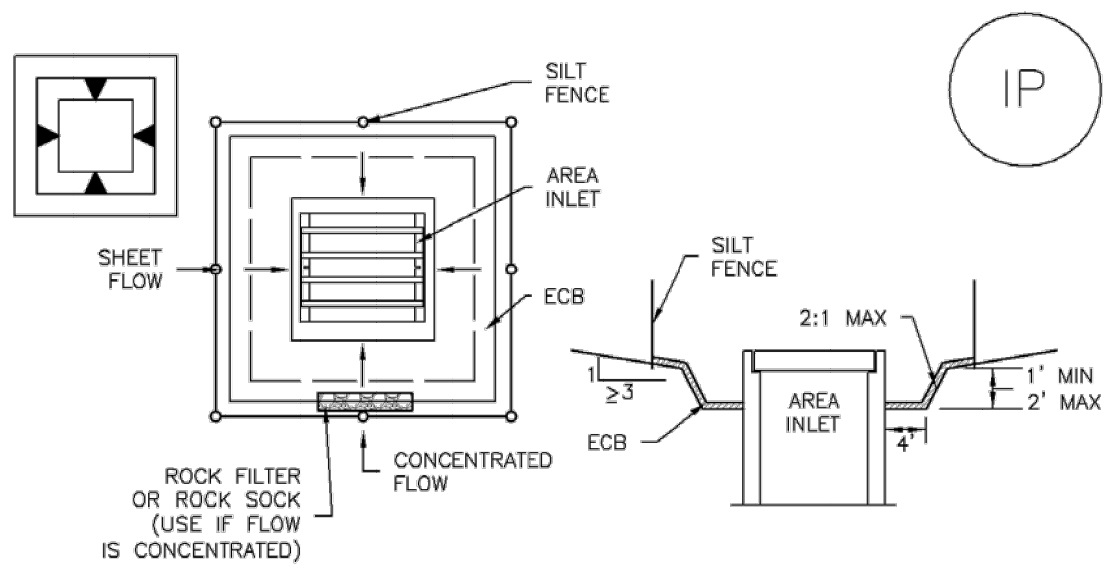
NOTE: THE DETAILS INCLUDED WITH THIS FACT SHEET SHOW COMMONLY USED, CONVENTIONAL METHODS OF INLET PROTECTION IN THE DENSER METROPOLITAN AREA. THERE ARE MANY PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION METHODS ON THE MARKET. UFCD NEITHER ENDORSES NOR DISCOURAGES USE OF PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION; HOWEVER, IN THE EVENT PROPRIETARY METHODS ARE USED, THE APPROPRIATE DETAIL FROM THE MANUFACTURER MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMP AND THE BMP MUST BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AS SHOWN IN THE MANUFACTURER'S DETAILS.

NOTE: SOME MUNICIPALITIES DISCOURAGE OR PROHIBIT THE USE OF STRAW BALES FOR INLET PROTECTION. CHECK WITH LOCAL JURISDICTION TO DETERMINE IF STRAW BALE INLET PROTECTION IS ACCEPTABLE.

IP-8
Urban Drainage and Flood Control District
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3
August 2013

SC-6

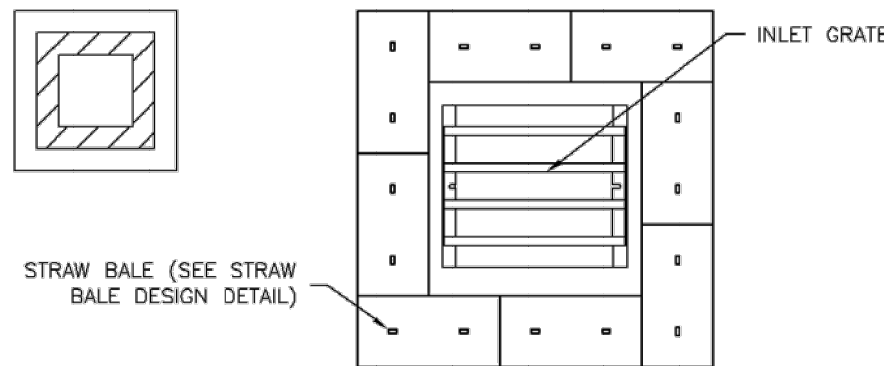
Inlet Protection (IP)



IP-5. OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION

OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. THIS FORM OF INLET PROTECTION IS PRIMARILY APPLICABLE FOR SITES THAT HAVE NOT YET REACHED FINAL GRADE AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY FOR INLETS WITH A RELATIVELY SMALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA.
2. WHEN USING FOR CONCENTRATED FLOWS, SHAPE BASIN IN 2:1 RATIO WITH LENGTH ORIENTED TOWARDS DIRECTION OF FLOW.
3. SEDIMENT MUST BE PERIODICALLY REMOVED FROM THE OVEREXCAVATED AREA.



IP-6. STRAW BALE FOR SUMP INLET PROTECTION

STRAW BALE BARRIER INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE STRAW BALE DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.
2. BALES SHALL BE PLACED IN A SINGLE ROW AROUND THE INLET WITH ENDS OF BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER.

IP-6	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	August 2013
------	--	-------------

SC-6

Inlet Protection (IP)

IP-3. Rock Sock Inlet Protection for Sump/Area Inlet
IP-4. Silt Fence Inlet Protection for Sump/Area Inlet
IP-5. Over-excavation Inlet Protection
IP-6. Straw Bale Inlet Protection for Sump/Area Inlet

Proprietary inlet protection devices should be installed in accordance with manufacturer specifications. More information is provided below on selecting inlet protection for sump and on-grade locations.

Inlets Located in a Sump

When applying inlet protection in sump conditions, it is important that the inlet continue to function during larger runoff events. For curb inlets, the maximum height of the protective barrier should be lower than the top of the curb opening to allow overflow into the inlet during larger storms without excessive localized flooding. If the inlet protection height is greater than the curb elevation, particularly if the filter becomes clogged with sediment, runoff will not enter the inlet and may bypass it, possibly causing localized flooding, public safety issues, and downstream erosion and damage from bypassed flows.

Area inlets located in a sump setting can be protected through the use of silt fence, concrete block and rock socks (on paved surfaces), sediment control logs/straw wattles embedded in the adjacent soil and stacked around the area inlet (on pervious surfaces), over-excavation around the inlet, and proprietary products providing equivalent functions.

Inlets Located on a Slope

For curb and gutter inlets on paved sloping streets, block and rock sock inlet protection is recommended in conjunction with curb socks in the gutter leading to the inlet. For inlets located along unpaved roads, also see the Check Dam Fact Sheet.

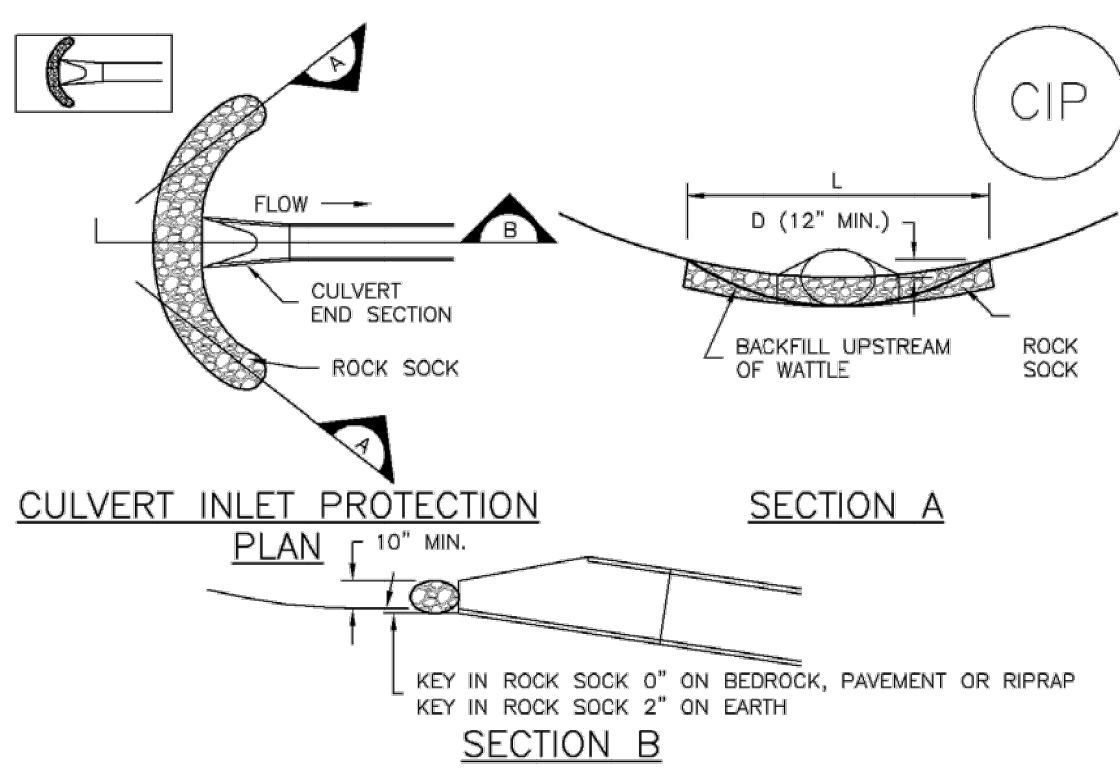
Maintenance and Removal

- Inspect inlet protection frequently. Inspection and maintenance guidance includes:
 - Inspect for tears that can result in sediment directly entering the inlet, as well as result in the contents of the BMP (e.g., gravel) washing into the inlet.
 - Check for improper installation resulting in untreated flows bypassing the BMP and directly entering the inlet or bypassing to an unprotected downstream inlet. For example, silt fence that has not been properly trenched around the inlet can result in flows under the silt fence and directly into the inlet.
 - Look for displaced BMPs that are no longer protecting the inlet. Displacement may occur following larger storm events that wash away or reposition the inlet protection. Traffic or equipment may also crush or displace the BMP.
 - Monitor sediment accumulation upgradient of the inlet protection.

IP-2	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	August 2013
------	--	-------------

Inlet Protection (IP)

SC-6



CIP-1. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION

CULVERT INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR
-LOCATION OF CULVERT INLET PROTECTION.
2. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR ROCK GRADATION REQUIREMENTS AND JOINTING DETAIL.

CULVERT INLET PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROGNOSTIC, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE CULVERT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE SEDIMENT DEPTH IS $\frac{1}{2}$ THE HEIGHT OF THE ROCK SOCK.
5. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CHECK WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

August 2013	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	IP-7
-------------	--	------

Inlet Protection (IP)

SC-6

- Remove sediment accumulation from the area upstream of the inlet protection, as needed to maintain BMP effectiveness, typically when it reaches no more than half the storage capacity of the inlet protection. For silt fence, remove sediment when it accumulates to a depth of no more than 6 inches. Remove sediment accumulation from the area upstream of the inlet protection as needed to maintain the functionality of the BMP.
- Proprietary inlet protection devices should be inspected and maintained in accordance with manufacturer specifications. If proprietary inlet insert devices are used, sediment should be removed in a timely manner to prevent devices from breaking and spilling sediment into the storm drain.

Inlet protection must be removed and properly disposed of when the drainage area for the inlet has reached final stabilization.

August 2013	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	IP-3
-------------	--	------

SM-4 Vehicle Tracking Control (VTC)

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT INSTALLATION NOTES

- 1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR
-LOCATION OF CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S)/EXIT(S).
-TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S)/EXIT(S) (WITH/WITHOUT WHEEL WASH, CONSTRUCTION MAT OR TRM).
- 2. CONSTRUCTION MAT OR TRM STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE ONLY TO BE USED ON SHORT DURATION PROJECTS (TYPICALLY RANGING FROM A WEEK TO A MONTH) WHERE THERE WILL BE LIMITED VEHICULAR ACCESS.
- 3. A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE LOCATED AT ALL ACCESS POINTS WHERE VEHICLES ACCESS THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FROM PAVED RIGHT-OF-WAYS.
- 4. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- 5. A NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL BE PLACED UNDER THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ROCK.
- 6. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION, ROCK SHALL CONSIST OF DOT SECT. #703, AASHTO #3 COARSE AGGREGATE OR 6" (MINUS) ROCK.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT MAINTENANCE NOTES

- 1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- 2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- 3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- 4. ROCK SHALL BE REAPPLIED OR REGRADED AS NECESSARY TO THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE/EXIT TO MAINTAIN A CONSISTENT DEPTH.
- 5. SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO PAVED ROADS IS TO BE REMOVED THROUGHOUT THE DAY AND AT THE END OF THE DAY BY SHOVELING OR SWEEPING. SEDIMENT MAY NOT BE WASHED DOWN STORM SEWER DRAINS.

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM CITY OF BROOMFIELD, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

VTC-6 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District November 2010
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

- Turf Reinforcement Mat (TRM):** A rolled erosion control product composed of non-degradable synthetic fibers, filaments, nets, wire mesh, and/or other elements, processed into a permanent, three-dimensional matrix of sufficient thickness. TRMs, which may be supplemented with degradable components, are designed to impart immediate erosion protection, enhance vegetation establishment and provide long-term functionality by permanently reinforcing vegetation during and after maturation. Note: TRMs are typically used in hydraulic applications, such as high flow ditches and channels, steep slopes, stream banks, and shorelines, where erosive forces may exceed the limits of natural, unreinforced vegetation or in areas where limited vegetation establishment is anticipated.

Tables RECP-1 and RECP-2 provide guidelines for selecting rolled erosion control products appropriate to site conditions and desired longevity. Table RECP-1 is for conditions where natural vegetation alone will provide permanent erosion control, whereas Table RECP-2 is for conditions where vegetation alone will not be adequately stable to provide long-term erosion protection due to flow or other conditions.

RECP-2 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District November 2010
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP) EC-6

Staking patterns are also provided in the design details according to these factors:

- ECB type
- Slope or channel type

For other types of RECPs including TRMs, these design details are intended to serve as general guidelines for design and installation; however, engineers should adhere to manufacturer's installation recommendations.

Maintenance and Removal

Inspection of erosion control blankets and other RECPs includes:

- Check for general signs of erosion, including voids beneath the mat. If voids are apparent, fill the void with suitable soil and replace the erosion control blanket, following the appropriate staking pattern.
- Check for damaged or loose stakes and secure loose portions of the blanket.

Erosion control blankets and other RECPs that are biodegradable typically do not need to be removed after construction. If they must be removed, then an alternate soil stabilization method should be installed promptly following removal.

Turf reinforcement mats, although generally resistant to biodegradation, are typically left in place as a dense vegetated cover grows in through the mat matrix. The turf reinforcement mat provides long-term stability and helps the established vegetation resist erosive forces.

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District RECP-5
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP) EC-6

Table RECP-1. ECTC Standard Specification for Temporary Rolled Erosion Control Products (Adapted from Erosion Control Technology Council 2005)

Product Description	Slope Applications*		Channel Applications*	Minimum Tensile Strength ¹	Expected Longevity
	Maximum Gradient	C Factor ^{2,5}	Max. Shear Stress ^{3,4,6}		
Mulch Control Nets	5:1 (H:V)	≤0.10 @ 5:1	0.25 lbs/ft ² (12 Pa)	5 lbs/ft (0.073 kN/m)	Up to 12 months
Netless Rolled Erosion Control Blankets	4:1 (H:V)	≤0.10 @ 4:1	0.5 lbs/ft ² (24 Pa)	5 lbs/ft (0.073 kN/m)	
Single-net Erosion Control Blankets & Open Weave Textiles	3:1 (H:V)	≤0.15 @ 3:1	1.5 lbs/ft ² (72 Pa)	50 lbs/ft (0.73 kN/m)	
Double-net Erosion Control Blankets	2:1 (H:V)	≤0.20 @ 2:1	1.75 lbs/ft ² (84 Pa)	75 lbs/ft (1.09 kN/m)	
Mulch Control Nets	5:1 (H:V)	≤0.10 @ 5:1	0.25 lbs/ft ² (12 Pa)	25 lbs/ft (0.36 kN/m)	24 months
Erosion Control Blankets & Open Weave Textiles (slowly degrading)	1.5:1 (H:V)	≤0.25 @ 1.5:1	2.00 lbs/ft ² (96 Pa)	100 lbs/ft (1.45 kN/m)	24 months
Erosion Control Blankets & Open Weave Textiles	1:1 (H:V)	≤0.25 @ 1:1	2.25 lbs/ft ² (108 Pa)	125 lbs/ft (1.82 kN/m)	36 months

* C Factor and shear stress for mulch control nettings must be obtained with netting used in conjunction with pre-applied mulch material. (See Section 5.3 of Chapter 7 Construction BMPs for more information on the C Factor.)

¹ Minimum Average Roll Values, Machine direction using ECTC Mod. ASTM D 5035.

² C Factor calculated as ratio of soil loss from RECP protected slope (tested at specified or greater gradient, H:V) to ratio of soil loss from unprotected (control) plot in large-scale testing.

³ Required minimum shear stress RECP (unvegetated) can sustain without physical damage or excess erosion (> 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) soil loss) during a 30-minute flow event in large-scale testing.

⁴ The permissible shear stress levels established for each performance category are based on historical experience with products characterized by Manning's roughness coefficients in the range of 0.01 - 0.05.

⁵ Acceptable large-scale test methods may include ASTM D 6459, or other independent testing deemed acceptable by the engineer.

⁶ Per the engineer's discretion. Recommended acceptable large-scale testing protocol may include ASTM D 6460, or other independent testing deemed acceptable by the engineer.

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District RECP-3
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP) EC-6

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAINTENANCE NOTES

- 1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
- 2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
- 3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
- 4. ECBs SHALL BE LEFT IN PLACE TO EVENTUALLY BIODEGRADE, UNLESS REQUESTED TO BE REMOVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
- 5. ANY ECB PULLED OUT, TORN, OR OTHERWISE DAMAGED SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REINSTALLED. ANY SUBGRADE AREAS BELOW THE GEOTEXTILE THAT HAVE ERODED TO CREATED A VOID UNDER THE BLANKET, OR THAT REMAIN DEVOID OF GRASS SHALL BE REPAIRED, RESEEDED AND MULCHED AND THE ECB REINSTALLED.

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO AND TOWN OF PARKER COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District RECP-9
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

Table RECP-2. ECTC Standard Specification for Permanent¹ Rolled Erosion Control Products (Adapted from: Erosion Control Technology Council 2005)

Product Type	Slope Applications	Channel Applications	
TRMs with a minimum thickness of 0.25 inches (6.35 mm) per ASTM D 6525 and UV stability of 80% per ASTM D 4355 (500 hours exposure).	Maximum Gradient	Maximum Shear Stress ^{4,5}	Minimum Tensile Strength ^{2,3}
	0.5:1 (H:V)	6.0 lbs/ft ² (288 Pa)	125 lbs/ft (1.82 kN/m)
	0.5:1 (H:V)	8.0 lbs/ft ² (384 Pa)	150 lbs/ft (2.19 kN/m)
	0.5:1 (H:V)	10.0 lbs/ft ² (480 Pa)	175 lbs/ft (2.55 kN/m)

¹ For TRMs containing degradable components, all property values must be obtained on the non-degradable portion of the matting alone.

² Minimum Average Roll Values, machine direction only for tensile strength determination using [ASTM D 6818](#) (Supersedes Mod. [ASTM D 5035](#) for RECPs)

³ Field conditions with high loading and/or high survivability requirements may warrant the use of a TRM with a tensile strength of 44 kN/m (3,000 lb/ft) or greater.

⁴ Required minimum shear stress TRM (fully vegetated) can sustain without physical damage or excess erosion (> 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) soil loss) during a 30-minute flow event in large scale testing.

⁵ Acceptable large-scale testing protocols may include [ASTM D 6460](#), or other independent testing deemed acceptable by the engineer.

Design and Installation

RECPs should be installed according to manufacturer's specifications and guidelines. Regardless of the type of product used, it is important to ensure no gaps or voids exist under the material and that all corners of the material are secured using stakes and trenching. Continuous contact between the product and the soil is necessary to avoid failure. Never use metal stakes to secure temporary erosion control products. Often wooden stakes are used to anchor RECPs; however, wood stakes may present installation and maintenance challenges and generally take a long time to biodegrade. Some local jurisdictions have had favorable experiences using biodegradable stakes.

This BMP Fact Sheet provides design details for several commonly used ECB applications, including:

ECB-1 Pipe Outlet to Drainageway

ECB-2 Small Ditch or Drainageway

ECB-3 Outside of Drainageway

RECP-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District November 2010
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3



FOR LOCATING
& MARKING
GAS,
ELECTRIC,
WATER &
TELEPHONE
LINES

FOR BURIED UTILITY INFORMATION
48 HRS BEFORE YOU DIG
CALL 1-800-922-1987

CROSSROADS NORTH

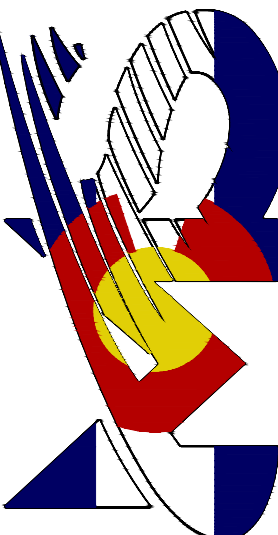
GRADING & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

PROJECT NO. 18-001
DESIGNED BY: CWV
CHECKED BY: VAS

DATE: 03/24/2022
SHEET 8 OF 9

GR08

212 N. WAHATCH AVE., STE 303
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903
PHONE: 719.555.5465



CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

FOR AND ON
BEHALF OF
M&S CIVIL
CONSULTANTS,
INC.

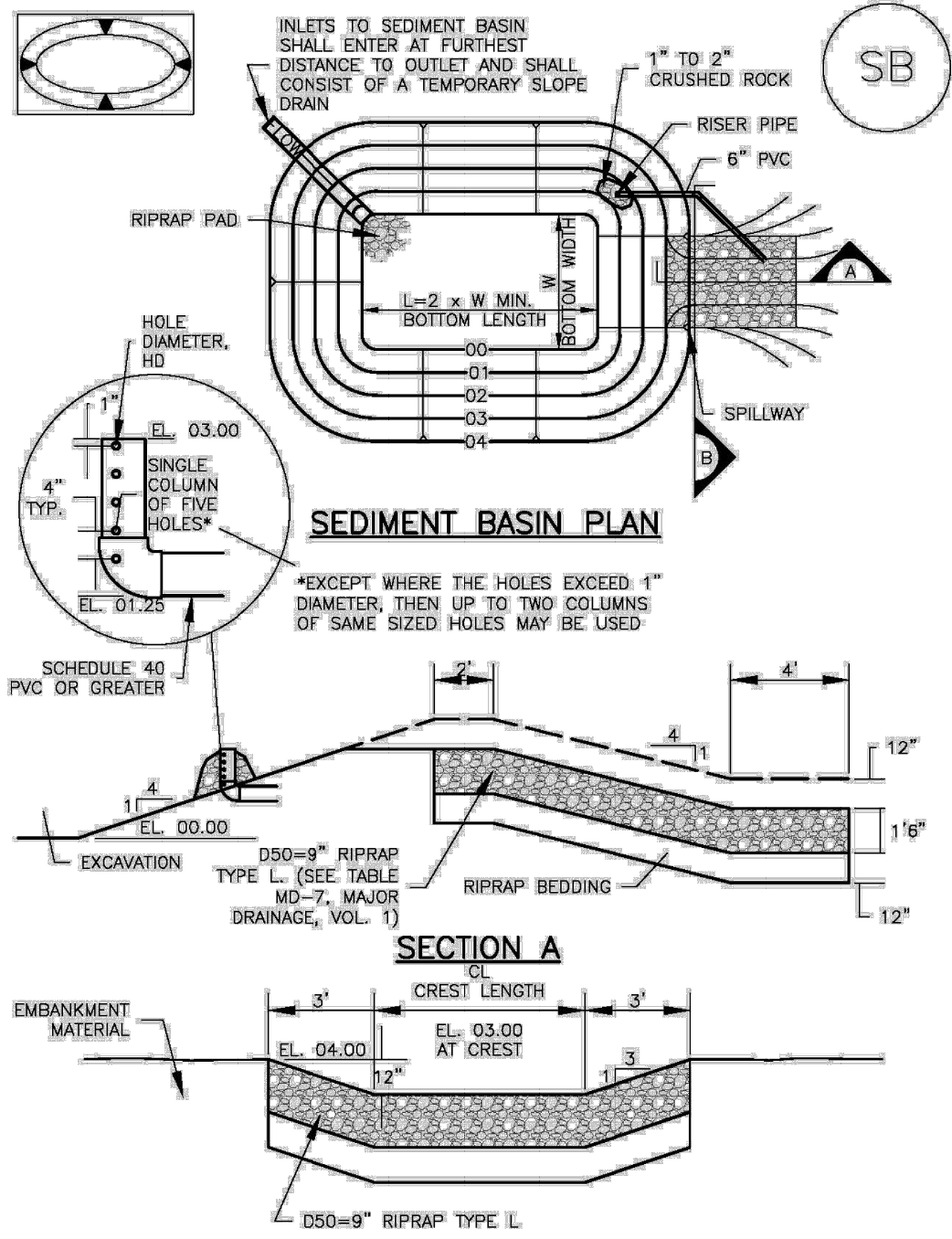
REVISIONS:
NO. DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION: APPROVED BY: DATE:

THE ENGINEER PREPARING THESE PLANS WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE OR LIABLE FOR UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES TO OR USES OF THESE PLANS. ALL CHANGES TO THE PLANS MUST BE IN WRITING AND MUST BE APPROVED BY THE PREPARER OF THESE PLANS.

CAUTION

Sediment Basin (SB)

SC-7



August 2013 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 SB-5

SC-7

Sediment Basin (SB)

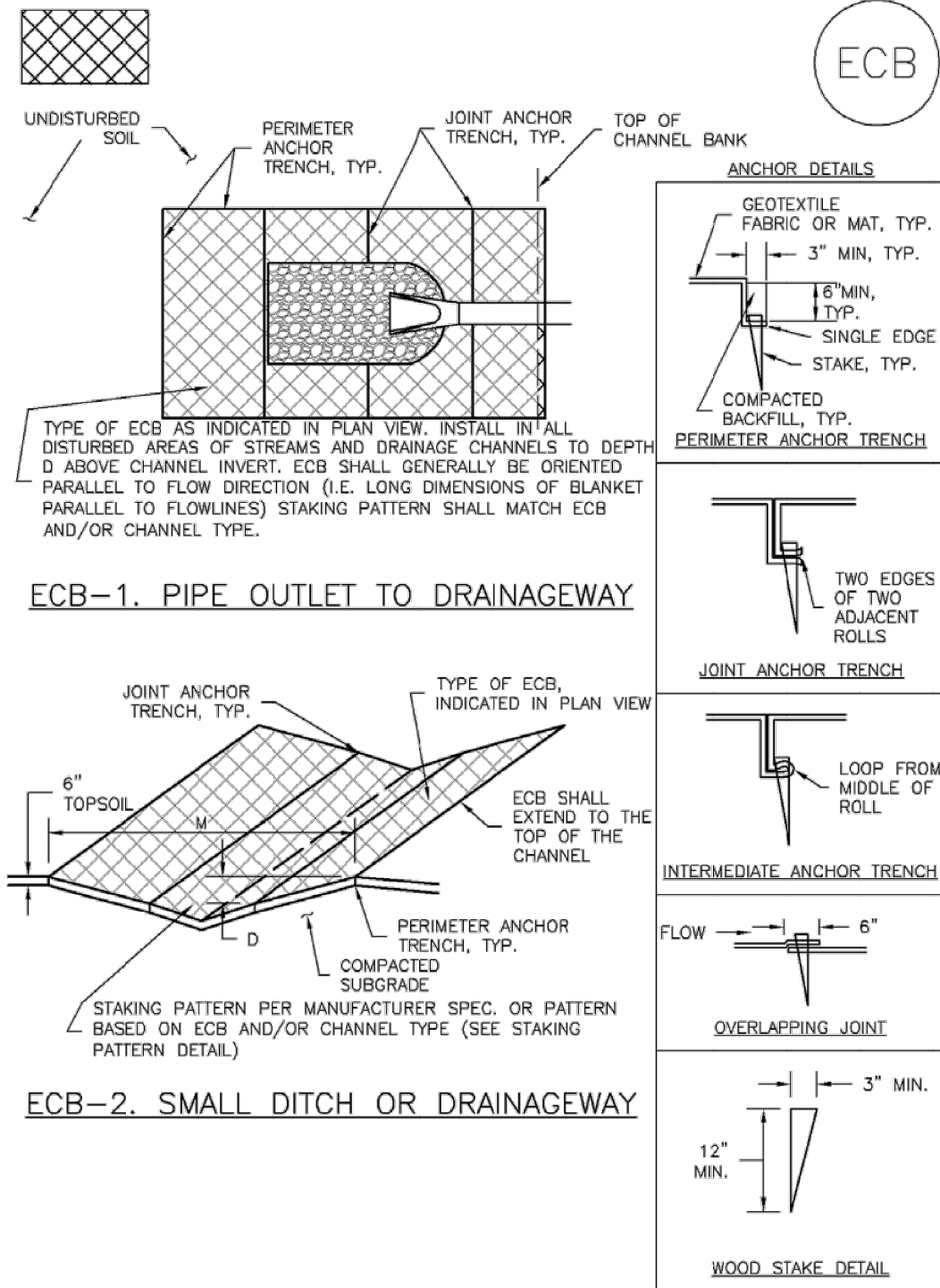
TABLE SB-1. SIZING INFORMATION FOR STANDARD SEDIMENT BASIN			
Upstream Drainage Area (rounded to nearest acs.)	Basin Bottom Width (W), (ft)	Spillway Crest Length (CL), (ft)	Hole Diameter (HD), (in)
1	12 1/2	2	3/2
2	21	3	3/4
3	28	5	3/4
4	33 1/2	6	3/2
5	38 1/2	8	3/2
6	43	9	3/2
7	47 1/2	11	3/2
8	51	12	3/2
9	55 1/2	13	3/2
10	59 1/2	15	3/2
11	61	16	3/2
12	64	18	3/2
13	67 1/2	19	1 1/2
14	70 1/2	21	1 1/2
15	73 1/2	22	1 1/2

- SEDIMENT BASIN INSTALLATION NOTES**
- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
 - LOCATION OF SEDIMENT BASIN.
 - TYPE OF BASIN (STANDARD BASIN OR NONSTANDARD BASIN).
 - FOR STANDARD BASIN, BOTTOM WIDTH W, CREST LENGTH CL, AND HOLE DIAMETER, HD.
 - FOR NONSTANDARD BASIN, SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR DESIGN OF BASIN INCLUDING RISER HEIGHT H, NUMBER OF COLUMNS N, HOLE DIAMETER HD AND PIPE DIAMETER D.
 - FOR STANDARD BASIN, BOTTOM DIMENSION MAY BE MODIFIED AS LONG AS BOTTOM AREA IS NOT REDUCED.
 - SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY OTHER LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY THAT RELIES ON ON BASINS AS A STORMWATER CONTROL.
 - EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF SOIL FREE OF DEBRIS, ORGANIC MATERIAL, AND ROCKS OR CONCRETE GREATER THAN 3 INCHES AND SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 15 PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING THE NO. 200 SIEVE.
 - EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95 PERCENT OF MAXIMUM DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D698.
 - PIPE SCH 40 OR GREATER SHALL BE USED.
 - THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THESE SHEETS PERTAIN TO STANDARD SEDIMENT BASIN(S) FOR DRAINAGE AREAS LESS THAN 15 ACRES. SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR EMBANKMENT, STORAGE VOLUME, SPILLWAY, OUTLET, AND OUTLET PROTECTION DETAILS FOR ANY SEDIMENT BASIN(S) THAT HAVE BEEN INDIVIDUALLY DESIGNED FOR DRAINAGE AREAS LARGER THAN 15 ACRES.

SB-6 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 August 2013

EC-6

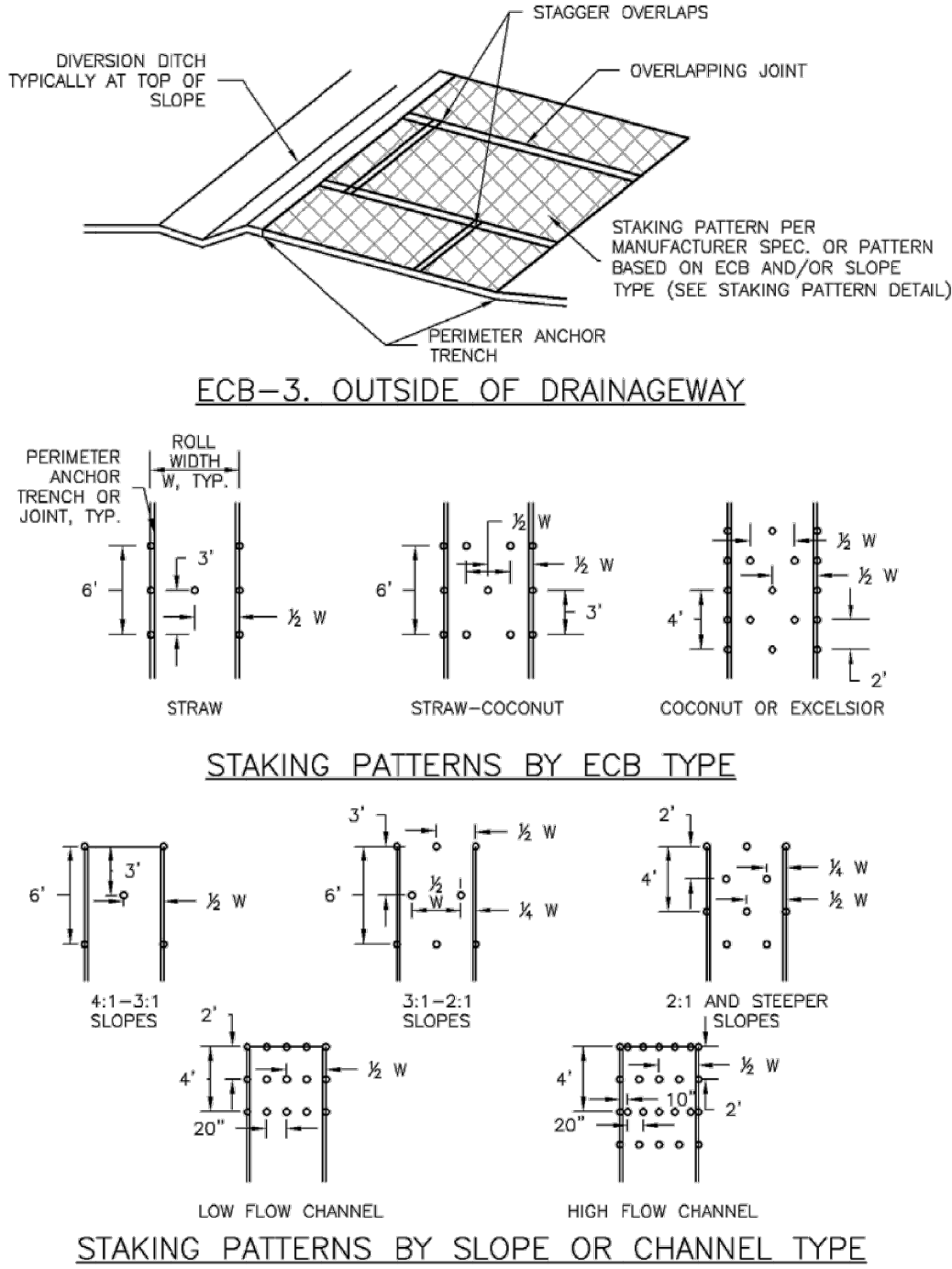
Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)



RECP-6 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

EC-6



November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 RECP-7

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

- EROSION CONTROL BLANKET INSTALLATION NOTES**
- SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
 - LOCATION OF ECB.
 - TYPE OF ECB (STRAW, STRAW-COCONUT, COCONUT, OR EXCELSIOR).
 - AREA, A, IN SQUARE YARDS OF EACH TYPE OF ECB.
 - 100% NATURAL AND BIODEGRADABLE MATERIALS ARE PREFERRED FOR RECPs, ALTHOUGH SOME JURISDICTIONS MAY ALLOW OTHER MATERIALS IN SOME APPLICATIONS.
 - IN AREAS WHERE ECBs ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE PERMITTEE SHALL PLACE TOPSOIL AND PERFORM FINAL GRADING, SURFACE PREPARATION, AND SEEDING AND MULCHING. SUBGRADE SHALL BE SMOOTH AND MOST PRIOR TO ECB INSTALLATION AND THE ECB SHALL BE IN FULL CONTACT WITH SUBGRADE. NO GAPS OR VOIDS SHALL EXIST UNDER THE BLANKET.
 - PERIMETER ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED ALONG THE OUTSIDE PERIMETER OF ALL BLANKET AREAS.
 - JOINT ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED TO JOIN ROLLS OF ECBs TOGETHER (LONGITUDINALLY AND TRANSVERSELY) FOR ALL ECBs EXCEPT STRAW WHICH MAY USE AN OVERLAPPING JOINT.
 - INTERMEDIATE ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE USED AT SPACING OF ONE-HALF ROLL LENGTH FOR COCONUT AND EXCELSIOR ECBs.
 - OVERLAPPING JOINT DETAIL SHALL BE USED TO JOIN ROLLS OF ECBs TOGETHER FOR ECBs ON SLOPES.
 - MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS OF ECBs SHALL CONFORM TO TABLE ECB-1.
 - ANY AREAS OF SEEDING AND MULCHING DISTURBED IN THE PROCESS OF INSTALLING ECBs SHALL BE RESEEDED AND MULCHED.
 - DETAILS ON DESIGN PLANS FOR MAJOR DRAINAGEWAY STABILIZATION WILL GOVERN IF DIFFERENT FROM THOSE SHOWN HERE.

TABLE ECB-1. ECB MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS				
TYPE	COCONUT CONTENT	STRAW CONTENT	EXCELSIOR CONTENT	RECOMMENDED NETTING**
STRAW*	—	100%	—	DOUBLE/NATURAL
STRAW-COCONUT	30% MIN	70% MAX	—	DOUBLE/NATURAL
COCONUT	100%	—	—	DOUBLE/NATURAL
EXCELSIOR	—	—	100%	DOUBLE/NATURAL

*STRAW ECBs MAY ONLY BE USED OUTSIDE OF STREAMS AND DRAINAGE CHANNELS.
**ALTERNATE NETTING MAY BE ACCEPTABLE IN SOME JURISDICTIONS.

RECP-8 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

Sediment Basin (SB)

SC-7

- SEDIMENT BASIN MAINTENANCE NOTES**
- INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.
 - FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.
 - WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.
 - SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED IN BASIN SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS, TYPICALLY WHEN SEDIMENT DEPTH REACHES ONE FOOT (I.E., TWO FEET BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST).
 - SEDIMENT BASINS ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND GRASS COVER IS ACCEPTED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.
 - WHEN SEDIMENT BASINS ARE REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.
- (DETAILS ADAPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO)
- NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

August 2013 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 SB-7

CROSSROADS NORTH

GRADING & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

PROJECT NO. 18-001

DESIGNED BY: CW

DRAWN BY: CW

CHECKED BY: N/A

SCALE: HORIZONTAL: N/A

VERTICAL: N/A

SHEET 9 OF 9

CR09

212 N. WAHATCH AVE., STE 303

COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903

PHONE: 719.555.5465



CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.

VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ, COLORADO P.E. NO. 37160

REVISIONS: NO. DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:

DATE: BY: DESCRIPTION:



FOR LOCATING & MARKING GAS, ELECTRIC, WATER & TELEPHONE LINES

FOR BURIED UTILITY INFORMATION 48 HRS BEFORE YOU DIG CALL 1-800-922-1987

CAUTION