STANDARD CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- . ALL DRAINAGE AND ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS/EL PASO COUNTY DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUMES 1 AND 2, AND THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE NOTIFICATION AND FIELD LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, WHETHER SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR NOT, BEFORE BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CALL 811 TO CONTACT THE UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO SPRINGS.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP A COPY OF THESE APPROVED PLANS, THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN, THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), THE SOILS AND GEOTECHNICAL REPORT AND THE APPROPRIATE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AT THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIME INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING: 3.1 EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL (ECM)
- 3.2 CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS/EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUMES 1 AND 2.
 3.3 COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT) STANDARDS SPECIFICATION FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION.
- 3.4 CDOT M&S STANDARDS.
- 4. IT IS THE DESIGN ENGINEERS RESPONSIBILITY TO ACCURACY SHOW EXISTING CONDITION BOTH ONSITE AND OFFSITE ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS. ANY MODIFICATION NECESSARY DUE TO CONFLICT OMISSIONS OR CHANGED CONDITIONS WILL BE ENTIRELY THE DEVELOPERS RESPONSIBILITY TO RECTIFY.
- 5. ONCE THE ESQCP HAS BEEN ISSUED, THE CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL THE INITIAL STAGE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS AS INDICATED ON THE GEC. A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, AND EL PASO COUNTY WILL BE HELD PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT TO COORDINATE THE MEETING TIME AND PLACE WITH COUNTY PCD INSPECTIONS STAFF.
- 6. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO UNDERSTAND THE REQUIREMENTS OF ALL JURISDICTIONAL AGENCIES AND TO OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO EL PASO COUNTY EROSION AND STORM WATER QUALITY CONTROL PERMIT (ESQCP), US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEER ISSUED 401 AND/OR 404 PERMITS AND COUNTY AND STATE FUGITIVE DUST PERMITS.
- 7. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER/EXIT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AT APPROVED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS.
- 8. ANY TEMPORARY SIGNAGE AND STRIPING SHALL COMPLY WITH EL PASO COUNTY DOW AND MUTCD CRITERIA.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ANY PERMITS REQUIRE BY EL PASO COUNTY DOT INCLUDING WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND SPECIAL TRANSPORT PERMITS.
- 10. THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL REMAIN WITHIN THE PROPERTY LINE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. THE OWNER/DEVELOPER SHALL OBTAIN WRITTEN PERMISSION AND EASEMENTS, WHERE REQUIRED, FROM ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNER(S) PRIOR TO ANY OFFSITE DISTURBANCE GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION.

GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES:

- 1. STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM CONSTRUCTION SITES SHALL NOT CAUSE OR THREATEN TO CAUSE POLLUTION, CONTAMINATION, OR DEGRADATION OF STATE WATERS. ALL WORK AND EARTH DISTURBANCE SHALL BE DONE IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES POLLUTION OF ANY ON-SITE OR OFF-SITE WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS.
- 2. NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING DEPICTED IN THESE PLANS IN WORDS OR GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION, ALL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO ROADS, STORM DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE RELEVANT ADOPTED EL PASO COUNTY STANDARDS, INCLUDING THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, THE ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL, THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, AND THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME 2. ANY DEVIATIONS FROM REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS MUST BE REQUESTED, AND APPROVED, IN WRITING.
- 3. A SEPARATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SMWP) FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE COMPLETED AND AN EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PERMIT (ESQCP) ISSUED PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. MANAGEMENT OF THE SWMP DURING CONSTRUCTION IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DESIGNATED QUALIFIED STORMWATER MANAGER OR CERTIFIED EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR. THE SWMP SHALL BE LOCATED ON SITE AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE KEPT UP TO DATE WITH WORK PROGRESS AND CHANGES IN THE FIELD.
- 4. ONCE THE ESQCP IS APPROVED AND A "NOTICE TO PROCEED" HAS BEEN ISSUED, THE CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL THE INITIAL STAGE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS INDICATED ON THE APPROVED GEC. A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, AND EL PASO COUNTY WILL BE HELD PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT TO COORDINATE THE MEETING TIME AND PLACE WITH COUNTY STAFF.
- 5. CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ACTIVITIES THAT COULD CONTRIBUTE POLLUTANTS TO STORMWATER. CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL SLOPES, CHANNELS, DITCHES, AND DISTURBED LAND AREAS SHALL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF THE DISTURBANCE.
- 6. ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND REMAIN IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION UNTIL PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED AND FINAL STABILIZATION IS ESTABLISHED. ALL PERSONS ENGAGED IN LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL ASSESS THE ADEQUACY OF CONTROL MEASURES AT THE SITE AND IDENTIFY IF CHANGES TO THOSE CONTROL MEASURES ARE NEEDED TO ENSURE THE CONTINUED EFFECTIVE PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTROL MEASURES. ALL CHANGES TO TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INCORPORATED INTO THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN.
- 7. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED ON DISTURBED AREAS AND STOCKPILES WHERE GROUND DISTURBING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS PERMANENTLY CEASED OR TEMPORARILY CEASED FOR LONGER THAN 14 DAYS.
- 8. FINAL STABILIZATION MUST BE IMPLEMENTED AT ALL APPLICABLE CONSTRUCTION SITES. FINAL STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED WHEN ALL GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS EITHER HAVE A UNIFORM VEGETATIVE COVER WITH INDIVIDUAL PLANT DENSITY OF 70 PERCENT OF PRE-DISTURBANCE LEVELS ESTABLISHED OR EQUIVALENT PERMANENT ALTERNATIVE STABILIZATION METHOD IS IMPLEMENTED. ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED UPON FINAL STABILIZATION AND BEFORE PERMIT CLOSURE.
- 9. ALL PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS DESIGNED IN THE APPROVED PLANS. ANY PROPOSED CHANGES THAT EFFECT THE DESIGN OR FUNCTION OF PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ECM ADMINISTRATOR PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.
- 10. EARTH DISTURBANCES SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER SO AS TO EFFECTIVELY MINIMIZE ACCELERATED SOIL EROSION AND RESULTING SEDIMENTATION. ALL DISTURBANCES SHALL BE DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED, AND COMPLETED SO THAT THE EXPOSED AREA OF ANY DISTURBED LAND SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE SHORTEST PRACTICAL PERIOD OF TIME. PRE-EXISTING VEGETATION SHALL BE PROTECTED AND MAINTAINED WITHIN 50 HORIZONTAL FEET OF A WATERS OF THE STATE UNLESS SHOWN TO BE INFEASIBLE AND SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED AND APPROVED.
- 11. COMPACTION OF SOIL MUST BE PREVENTED IN AREAS DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION CONTROL MEASURES OR WHERE FINAL STABILIZATION WILL BE ACHIEVED BY VEGETATIVE COVER. AREAS DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL ALSO BE PROTECTED FROM SEDIMENTATION DURING CONSTRUCTION UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED. IF COMPACTION PREVENTION IS NOT FEASIBLE DUE TO SITE CONSTRAINTS, ALL AREAS DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION AND VEGETATION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE LOOSENED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE CONTROL MEASURE(S).
- 12. ANY TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT FACILITY DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF STORMWATER AROUND, THROUGH, OR FROM THE EARTH DISTURBANCE AREA SHALL BE A STABILIZED CONVEYANCE DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND THE DISCHARGE OF SEDIMENT OFF SITE.
- 13. CONCRETE WASH WATER SHALL BE CONTAINED AND DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SWMP. NO WASH WATER SHALL BE DISCHARGED TO OR ALLOWED TO ENTER STATE WATERS, INCLUDING ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR FACILITIES. CONCRETE WASHOUTS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WHERE SHALLOW GROUNDWATER MAY BE PRESENT, OR WITHIN 50 FEET OF A SURFACE WATER BODY, CREEK OR STREAM.
- 14. DURING DEWATERING OPERATIONS OF UNCONTAMINATED GROUND WATER MAY BE DISCHARGED ON SITE, BUT SHALL NOT LEAVE THE SITE IN THE FORM OF SURFACE RUNOFF UNLESS AN APPROVED STATE DEWATERING PERMIT IS IN PLACE.
- 15. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETING OR OTHER PROTECTIVE COVERING SHALL BE USED ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1.
- 16. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL WASTES FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FOR DISPOSAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL AND STATE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS. NO CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, TREE SLASH, BUILDING MATERIAL WASTES OR UNUSED BUILDING MATERIALS SHALL BE BURIED, DUMPED, OR DISCHARGED AT THE SITE.
- 17. WASTE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE TEMPORARILY PLACED OR STORED IN THE STREET, ALLEY, OR OTHER PUBLIC WAY, UNLESS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN. CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED BY EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING IF DEEMED NECESSARY, BASED ON SPECIFIC CONDITIONS AND CIRCUMSTANCES.
- 18. TRACKING OF SOILS AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS OFF-SITE SHALL BE MINIMIZED. MATERIALS TRACKED OFF-SITE SHALL BE CLEANED UP AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IMMEDIATELY.
- 19. THE OWNER/DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, DIRT, TRASH, ROCK, SEDIMENT, SOIL, AND SAND THAT MAY ACCUMULATE IN ROADS, STORM DRAINS AND OTHER DRAINAGE CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS AND STORMWATER APPURTENANCES AS A RESULT OF SITE DEVELOPMENT.
- 20. THE QUANTITY OF MATERIALS STORED ON THE PROJECT SITE SHALL BE LIMITED, AS MUCH AS PRACTICAL, TO THAT QUANTITY REQUIRED TO PERFORM THE WORK IN AN ORDERLY SEQUENCE. ALL MATERIALS STORED ON-SITE SHALL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER, IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS, WITH ORIGINAL MANUFACTURER'S LABELS.
- 21. NO CHEMICAL(S) HAVING THE POTENTIAL TO BE RELEASED IN STORMWATER ARE TO BE STORED OR USED ONSITE UNLESS PERMISSION FOR THE USE OF SUCH CHEMICAL(S) IS GRANTED IN WRITING BY THE ECM ADMINISTRATOR. IN GRANTING APPROVAL FOR THE USE OF SUCH CHEMICAL(S), SPECIAL CONDITIONS AND MONITORING MAY BE REQUIRED.
- 22. BULK STORAGE OF ALLOWED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS OR OTHER ALLOWED LIQUID CHEMICALS IN EXCESS OF 55 GALLONS SHALL REQUIRE ADEQUATE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT PROTECTION TO CONTAIN ALL SPILLS ONSITE AND TO PREVENT ANY SPILLED MATERIALS FROM ENTERING STATE WATERS, ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR OTHER FACILITIES.
- NO PERSON SHALL CAUSE THE IMPEDIMENT OF STORMWATER FLOW IN THE CURB AND GUTTER OR DITCH EXCEPT WITH APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.
 OWNER/DEVELOPER AND THEIR AGENTS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE "COLORADO WATER QUALITY CONTROL ACT" (TITLE 25, ARTICLE 8, CRS), AND THE "CLEAN WATER ACT" (33 USC 1344), IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, DCM VOLUME II AND THE ECM APPENDIX I. ALL APPROPRIATE PERMITS MUST BE OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION (1041, NPDES, FLOODPLAIN, 404, FUGITIVE DUST, ETC.). IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICTS BETWEEN THESE REQUIREMENTS AND OTHER LAWS, RULES, OR REGULATIONS OF OTHER FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, OR COUNTY AGENCIES, THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LAWS, RULES, OR REGULATIONS SHALL APPLY.
- 25. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER/EXIT THE SITE ONLY AT APPROVED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS.
- 26. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION THE PERMITTEE SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES.
- 27. A WATER SOURCE SHALL BE AVAILABLE ON SITE DURING EARTHWORK OPERATIONS AND SHALL BE UTILIZED AS REQUIRED TO MINIMIZE DUST FROM EARTHWORK EQUIPMENT AND WIND.
- 28. THE SOILS REPORT FOR THIS SITE HAS BEEN PREPARED BY CTL THOMPSON, INC., TITLED GEOLOGIC HAZARD EVALUATION AND, PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION, CROSSROADS NORTH, MARKSHEFFEL ROAD AND STATE HIGHWAY 24, EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO, DATED OCTOBER 6, 2020, AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED A PART OF THESE PLANS.
- 29. AT LEAST TEN (10) DAYS PRIOR TO THE ANTICIPATED START OF CONSTRUCTION, FOR PROJECTS THAT WILL DISTURB ONE (1) ACRE OR MORE, THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL SUBMIT A PERMIT APPLICATION FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGE TO THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, WATER QUALITY DIVISION. THE APPLICATION CONTAINS CERTIFICATION OF COMPLETION OF A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), OF WHICH THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN MAY BE A PART. FOR INFORMATION OR APPLICATION MATERIALS CONTACT:

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT WATER QUALITY CONTROL DIVISION

WQCD – PERMITS 4300 CHERRY CREEK DRIVE SOUTH

DENVER, CO 80246–1530 ATTN: PERMITS UNIT

COLORADO SPRINCS AIRPORT NOTE

- COLORADO SPRINGS AIRPORT NOTE:
- I. ALL PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURES REQUIRE AN ANNUAL INSPECTION AND APPLICABLE MAINTENANCE PER THE CITY MS4 PERMIT AND THE COLORADO SPRINGS AIRPORT INDUSTRIAL STORMWATER PERMIT. ALL COLORADO SPRINGS AIRPORT TENANTS WITH PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURES NEED TO SUBMIT ALL ANNUAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE FORMS TO AIRPORT ENVIRONMENTAL ANNUALLY BY MAY 15TH SO ALL DOCUMENTATION CAN BE SUBMITTED TO CITY SWENT PRIOR TO THE END OF MAY EACH YEAR.



ADDITIONAL NOTES:

STAGING, PORTABLE TOILETS, STOCKPILE, AND CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS TO BE DETERMINED BY CONTRACTOR IN THE FIELD. THE LOCATIONS SHALL BE DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN BY THE CONTRACTOR.

THE EROSION CONTROL DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN SHALL BE REGULARLY UPDATED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

EXISTING SITE TERRAIN GENERALLY SLOPES FROM NORTH TO SOUTHWEST AT GRADE RATES THAT VARY BETWEEN 2% TO 9%.

THERE ARE NO BATCH PLANTS ON SITE.

NO PORTION OF THIS PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN A DESIGNATED FEMA FLOODPLAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAPS (FIRM) 08041C0754G, 08041C0756G, & 08041C0758G EFFECTIVE DATES DECEMBER 7, 2018.

EXISTING, ON-SITE VEGETATION CONSISTS OF SPARSE NATIVE GRASSES (APPROX. 60% COVER). A VISUAL, POST CONSTRUCTION OCMPARISON CAN BE MADE TO ADJACENT, UNDEVELOPED PROPERTY.

QUALIFIED STORMWATER MANAGER'S INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE OF BMP'S:

1.) MAKE THOROUGH INSPECTION OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AFTER EACH PRECIPITATION EVENT THAT CAUSES RUNOFF.

2.) IF ANY DEFICIENCIES ARE NOTED, THEY MUST BE CORRECTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER BEING NOTED

3.) RECORDS OF THE SIGNED SITE INSPECTIONS OR MODIFICATIONS MUST BE KEPT AT THE SITE UNLESS AN ALTERNATE PLACE IS APPROVED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY INSPECTOR AND MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.

4.) INSPECTIONS MUST TAKE PLACE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETE, BUT LOT IS NOT SOLD

5.) MONTHLY INSPECTIONS MUST TAKE PLACE ON SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETE, BUT VEGETATIVE COVER IS STILL BEING ESTABLISHED.

BASIS OF BEARINGS:

THE SOUTHEASTERLY LINE OF CDOT RIGHT OF W (PROJECT NO. NH0243-058: UNIT 2) FROM STA 320+28.40 (125.00' RT) TO STA. 327+61.58 (' RT), MONUMENTED AT BOTH POINTS WITH 3-1/4 ALUMINUM CDOT MONUMENTS STAMPED "PLS 25 BEARS N33'35'09"E A DISTANCE OF 733.37'. TH MEASUREMENT IS THE U.S. SURVEY FOOT. BENCHMARK(S)

1. NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM BENCHMARK R-76 IS A DISK SET IN TOP OF A MONUMENT STAMPED "R 76 1935", IS PROJECT AND IS LOCATED ~160' SOUTH OF THE CENTE 24 ON THE NORTH SIDE OF SPACE VILLAGE AVEN ELEV:6286.32'

2. #4 REBAR IN AIR LANE NEAR ELECTRIC VAU TOP N: 57321.99

E: 39206.06 ELEV: 6374.05'

	AGENCIES				AN	1
	OWNER/DEVELOPER:	COLORADO SPRINGS EQUITIES LLC 90 SOUTH CASCADE, SUITE 1500				GRC
		CULUKADU SPRINGS, CO 80903 DANNY MIENTKA (719) 475-7621 M & S CUME CONCULTANTS (710)			ROL	
	GIVIL ENGINEEK:	M & S GIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC. 212 N. WAHSATCH AVENUE, SUITE 305 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ P.E. (719) 955-548	35		ILNC	<u>5 10</u>
	COUNTY ENGINEERING:	EL PASO COUNTY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT 2880 INTERNATIONAL CIRCLE, SUITE 110 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80910		NORTH	ON C(E: 09/2 EET 1 OF
	TRAFFIC ENGINEERING:	GILBERT LAFORCE (719) 520-7945 EL PASO COUNTY PUBLIC SERVICES & 1 3275 AKERS DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922 JENNIFER IRVINE (719) 520 6460	TRANS. DEPOT	SOADS	EROSI	AL: DAT
	WATER RESOURCES:	CHEROKEE METRO DISTRICT 6250 PALMER PARK COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80905 (719) 597–5080		ROSSF	න ප	SCALE: HORIZONT, N/A VERTICAL
	FIRE DISTRICT:	FALCON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT 2710 CAPITAL DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80939 (719) 495–4050		C	ADIN	S-001 CVW VAS
	GAS DEPARTMENT:	COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES 7710 DURANT DR. COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80947 TIM WENDT (719) 668–3556			ILY GI	LET NO. 18 VED BY: U BY: (ED BY:
	ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT:	COLORADO SPRINGS UTILITIES 7710 DURANT DRIVE. COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80947 (719) 668–3556			EAR	PROJE DESIGN DRAWN CHECK
	COMMUNICATIONS:	QWEST COMMUNICATIONS (U.N.C.C. LOCATORS) (800) 922–1987 AT&T (LOCATORS) (719) 635–3674		VE., STE 305	s, co 80903	
	ENGINEER'S STAT	EMENT:		ATCH A'	SPRING. 255.5485	
	THIS GRADING AND EROSI CORRECT TO THE BEST C THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHE RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY IN PREPARING THIS PLAN	ON CONTROL PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER I F MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. SAID PLAN D BY THE COUNTY FOR GRADING AND EROS LIABILITY CAUSED BY ANY NEGLIGENT ACTS	MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION AND IS HAS BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO SION CONTROL PLANS. I ACCEPT , ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON MY PART	212 N. WAHS/	COLORADO . PHONE: 719.9	
						, Inc.
						TANTS
	VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ, COLC FOR AND ON BEHALF OF	RADO P.E. NO. 37160 M&S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.	DATE			
	DEVELOPER'S STA	TEMENT:				C O O
	I, THE OWNER/DEVELOPER OF THE GRADING AND ER	HAVE READ AND WILL COMPLY WITH THE R DSION CONTROL PLAN.	EQUIREMENTS			
						V U
	COLORADO SPRINGS EQUIT	ES LLC	DATE		ID ON OF VIL	TANTS,
	DANNY MIENKTA 90 SOUTH CASCADE AVE. COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 8 (719) 745–7621	SUITE 1500 00903		37160	FOR AN BEHALF M&S CIV	CONSUL INC.
	EL PASO COUNTY	/.		E. NO.		
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CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED IN THE LOCATIONS INDICATED BY THE PLAN OR IN AREAS AS THE CONTRACTOR SEES FIT TO CONTROL EROSION. ALL RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED AT A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 1.5' DEEP.

POLYPROPYLENE BY ADS OR APPROVED EQUAL. ALL PIPE SHALL BE LAID TO ACHIEVE A MIN. SLOPE OF 0.5%.

CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS WITH SILT FENCE OR OTHER METHOD TO PROTECT UNDISTURBED AREAS FROM EROSION

CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN BUILDING PERMITS PRIOR TO ANY RETAINING WALL CONSTRUCTION





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EXIS	TING MONITORING WELL
EX.	TELEPHONE VAULT
EX.	ELECTRIC VAULT
EX.	ELECTRIC PEDESTAL
EX.	ELECTRIC METER
EX.	ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER
EX.	TELEPHONE PEDESTAL
EX.	FIBER OPTIC MANHOLE
EX.	ELECTRIC PEDESTAL
EX.	WATER MARKER
EX.	GAS MARKER
EX.	FIBER OPTIC MARKER
EX.	ELECTRIC MANHOLE
EX.	CABLE TV MARKER
EX.	SHRUB/TREE
EX.	WATER YARD HYDRANT

	<u>LE</u>	<u>gend</u>	
(6920)	EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR		INLET
<u> </u>	EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR	L.P./H.P.	LOW POINT/HIGH POINT
6920	PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR	(2.0)%	FLOW DIRECTION & SLOPE
	PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR	4	FLOW DIRECTION ARROW
	FILING BOUNDARY LINE	•	PROPOSED SWALE
	RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE	$\langle \square$	EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION ARROW
	PROPOSED PROPERTY LINE	•	EXISTING SWALE/ROADSIDE DITCH
	FUTURE PROPERTY LINE	ATT	
	EXISTING PROPERTY LINE		EMERGENCE OVERFLOW DIRECTION
	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE/ TEMPORARY SEEDING BOUNDARY		RIPRAP TYP.
	PROPOSED STORM DRAIN	(IP)	INLET PROTECTION - INTERIM
	EXISTING STORM DRAIN		
• • •	SWALE		
	SEDIMENT BASIN TRIBUTARY AREA	(SBB)	STRAW BALE DITCH CHECK – INTERIM
FO	EXISTING FIBER OPTIC LINE		SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG - INTERIM
ОН	EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRIC		
	EXISTING LOT LINE		
0000000	EXISTING FENCE		TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN – INTERIM
	CUT/FILL LINE		
	EXISTING LOT LINE		SILT FENCE - INTIAL/INTERIM
UE	UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL	$(\pi \partial P \partial n n)$	VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL - INITIAL /INTERIM
UG	EXISTING GAS LINE EXISTING WATERI INF	U Pañ	
			NORTH AMERICAN GREEN SC150



(6920)	EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR			
<u> </u>	EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR	L.P./H.P.	LOW POINT/HIGH POINT	please adjust
	PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR	(2.0)%	FLOW DIRECTION & SLOPE	directions to
	PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR	-	FLOW DIRECTION ARROW	ulainaye lep
	FILING BOUNDARY LINE		EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION ARROW	
	RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE		EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION ARROW	
	PROPOSED PROPERTY LINE		EMERGENCY OVERFLOW DIRECTION	
	FUTURE PROPERTY LINE		RIPRAP TYP.	
	EXISTING PROPERTY LINE			
	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE/ CONSTRUCTION BOUNDARY	TW:63XX.X	FINISH GRADE AT THE TOP OF WALL	
	CURB & GUTTER FLOW LINE	BW: 63XX.X	FINISH GRADE AT THE BOTTOM OF WALL	
	PROPOSED STORM DRAIN			
	EXISTING STORM DRAIN			





File: 0:\18001A-Crossroads 45\Colorado Springs Equities LLC\dwg\Const Dwg\Early Grading & EC\GR05.dwg Plotstamp: 9/30/2022 10:

EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) soil amendments and rototill them into the soil to a depth of 6 inches or more. Topsoil should be salvaged during grading operations for use and spread on areas to be revegetated later. Topsoil should be viewed as an important resource to be utilized for vegetation establishment, due to its water-holding capacity, structure, texture, organic matter content, biological activity, and nutrient content. The rooting depth of most native grasses in the semi-arid Denver metropolitan area is 6 to 18 inches. At a minimum, the upper 6 inches of topsoil should be stripped, stockpiled, and ultimately respread across areas that will be revegetated. Where topsoil is not available, subsoils should be amended to provide an appropriate plant-growth medium. Organic matter, such as well digested compost, can be added to improve soil characteristics conducive to plant growth. Other treatments can be used to adjust soil pH conditions when needed. Soil testing, which is typically inexpensive, should be completed to determine and optimize the types and amounts of amendments that are required. If the disturbed ground surface is compacted, rip or rototill the surface prior to placing topsoil. If adding compost to the existing soil surface, rototilling is necessary. Surface roughening will assist in placement

of a stable topsoil layer on steeper slopes, and allow infiltration and root penetration to greater depth. Prior to seeding, the soil surface should be rough and the seedbed should be firm, but neither too loose nor compacted. The upper layer of soil should be in a condition suitable for seeding at the proper depth and conducive to plant growth. Seed-to-soil contact is the key to good germination. Seed Mix for Temporary Vegetation

To provide temporary vegetative cover on disturbed areas which will not be paved, built upon, or fully landscaped or worked for an extended period (typically 30 days or more), plant an annual grass appropriate for the time of planting and mulch the planted areas. Annual grasses suitable for the Denver metropolitan area are listed in Table TS/PS-1. These are to be considered only as general recommendations when specific design guidance for a particular site is not available. Local governments typically specify seed mixes appropriate for their jurisdiction. Seed Mix for Permanent Revegetation

To provide vegetative cover on disturbed areas that have reached final grade, a perennial grass mix should be established. Permanent seeding should be performed promptly (typically within 14 days) after reaching final grade. Each site will have different characteristics and a landscape professional or the local

TS/PS-2

SC-1

SF-4

jurisdiction should be contacted to determine the most suitable seed mix for a specific site. In lieu of a specific recommendation, one of the perennial grass mixes appropriate for site conditions and growth season listed in Table TS/PS-2 can be used. The pure live seed (PLS) rates of application recomm in these tables are considered to be absolute minimum rates for seed applied using proper drill-seeding equipmen If desired for wildlife habitat or landscape diversity, shrubs such as rubber rabbitbrush (Chrysothamnus

nauseosus), fourwing saltbush (Atriplex canescens) and skunkbrush sumac (Rhus trilobata) could be added to the upland seedmixes at 0.25, 0.5 and 1 pound PLS/acre, respectively. In riparian zones, planting root stock of such species as American plum (Prunus americana), woods rose (Rosa woodsii), plains cottonwood (Populus sargentii), and willow (Populus spp.) may be considered. On non-topsoiled upland sites, a legume such as Ladak alfalfa at 1 pound PLS/acre can be included as a source of nitrogen for perennial grasses

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Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2

Table TS/PS-2. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Perennial Grasses (cont.)

Common Name	Botanical Name	Growth Season ^b	Growth Form	Seeds/ Pound	Pounds of PLS/acre	
Sandy Soil Seed Mix						
Blue grama	Bouteloua gracilis	Warm	Sod-forming bunchgrass	825,000	0.5	
Camper little bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium 'Camper'	Warm	Bunch	240,000	1.0	
Prairie sandreed	Calamovilfa longifolia	Warm	Open sod	274,000	1.0	
Sand dropseed	Sporobolus cryptandrus	Cool	Bunch	5,298,000	0.25	
Vaughn sideoats grama	Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0	
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5	
Total 10.2						
Heavy Clay, Rocky Foothill Seed M	lix					
Ephriam crested wheatgrass ^d	Agropyron cristatum 'Ephriam'	Cool	Sod	175,000	1.5	
Oahe Intermediate wheatgrass	Agropyron intermedium 'Oahe'	Cool	Sod	115,000	5.5	
Vaughn sideoats grama [®]	Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0	
Lincoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0	
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5	
Total					17.5	
^a All of the above seeding mixes and rates are based on drill seeding followed by crimped straw mulch. These rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast and should be increased by 50 percent if the seeding is done using a Brillion Drill or is applied through hydraulic seeding. Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1. If hydraulic substitution is used, hydraulic mulching should be done as a separate operation.						

If site is to be irrigated, the transition turf seed rates should be doubled.

Crested wheatgrass should not be used on slopes steeper than 6H to 1V. ^e Can substitute 0.5 lbs PLS of blue grama for the 2.0 lbs PLS of Vaughn sideoats grama.

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Silt Fence (SF)

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION NOTES 1. SILT FENCE MUST BE PLACED AWAY FROM THE TOE OF THE SLOPE TO ALLOW FOR WATER PONDING. SILT FENCE AT THE TOE OF A SLOPE SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN A FLAT LOCATION AT LEAST SEVERAL FEET (2-3 FT) FROM THE TOE OF THE SLOPE TO ALLOW ROOM FOR PONDING AND DEPOSITION. 2. A UNIFORM 6" X 4" ANCHOR TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED USING TRENCHER OR SILT FENCE INSTALLATION DEVICE. NO ROAD GRADERS, BACKHOES, OR SIMILAR EQUIPMENT SHALL BE USED.

3. COMPACT ANCHOR TRENCH BY HAND WITH A "JUMPING JACK" OR BY WHEEL ROLLING. COMPACTION SHALL BE SUCH THAT SILT FENCE RESISTS BEING PULLED OUT OF ANCHOR TRENCH BY HAND. 4. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PULLED TIGHT AS IT IS ANCHORED TO THE STAKES. THERE SHOULD BE NO NOTICEABLE SAG BETWEEN STAKES AFTER IT HAS BEEN ANCHORED TO THE STAKES. 5. SILT FENCE FABRIC SHALL BE ANCHORED TO THE STAKES USING 1" HEAVY DUTY STAPLES OR NAILS WITH 1" HEADS. STAPLES AND NAILS SHOULD BE PLACED 3" ALONG THE FABRIC DOWN THE STAKE.

8. AT THE END OF A RUN OF SILT FENCE ALONG A CONTOUR, THE SILT FENCE SHOULD BE TURNED PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR TO CREATE A "J-HOOK." THE "J-HOOK" EXTENDING PERPENDICULAR TO THE CONTOUR SHOULD BE OF SUFFORTI LENGTH TO KEEP RUNOFF FROM FLOWING AROUND THE END OF THE SILT FENCE (TYPICALLY 10' - 20'). 7. SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES. SILT FENCE MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE. NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALMAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMP% IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY. 3. WHERE BMP_{B} have failed, repair or replacement should be initiated upon discovery of the failure. 4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN THE FUNCTIONALITY OF THE BMP, TYPICALLY WHEN DEPTH OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENTS IS APPROXIMATELY 6".

5. REPAIR OR REPLACE SILT FENCE WHEN THERE ARE SIGNS OF WEAR, SUCH AS SAGGING, TEARING, OR COLLAPSE. 6. SILT FENCE IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, OR IS REPLACED BY AN EQUIVALENT PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL BMP. 7. WHEN SILT FENCE IS REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL SEEDED AND MULCHED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION. (DETAIL ADAPTED FROM TOWN OF PARKER, COLORADO AND CITY OF AURORA, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD) NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

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Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2

Seeding dates for the highest success probability of perennial species along the Front Range are generally in the spring from April through early May and in the fall after the first of September until the ground freezes. If the area is irrigated, seeding may occur in summer months, as well. See Table TS/PS-3 for appropriate seeding dates.

Species ^a (Common name)	Growth Season ^b	Pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS)/acre [°]	Planting Depth (inches)	
1. Oats	Cool	35 - 50	1 - 2	
2. Spring wheat	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2	
3. Spring barley	Cool	25 - 35	1 - 2	
4. Annual ryegrass	Cool	10 - 15	1⁄2	
5. Millet	Warm	3 - 15	1/2 - 3/4	
6. Sudangrass	Warm	5-10	¹ /2 - ³ /4	
7. Sorghum	Warm	5-10	1/2 - 3/4	
8. Winter wheat	Cool	20-35	1 - 2	
9. Winter barley	Cool	20-35	1 - 2	
10. Winter rye	Cool	20-35	1 - 2	
11. Triticale	Cool	25-40	1 - 2	
^a Successful seeding of annual grass resulting in adequate plant growth will usually produce enough dead-plant residue to provide protection from wind and water erosion for an additional year. This assumes that the cover is not disturbed or mowed closer than 8 inches. Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1 or where access limitations exist. When hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be applied as a separate operation, when practical, to prevent the seeds from being encapsulated in				
 the mulch. See Table TS/PS-3 for see may extend the use of coordinate the use of coo	eding dates. I I season spec	rrigation, if consistentl ies during the summer	y applied, months.	
Seeding rates should be d	ubled if seed	l is broadcast or increa	and her 50	

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percent if done using a Brillion Drill or by hydraulic seeding.

EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-3. Seeding Dates for Annual and Perennial Grasses

	Annual Grasses (Numbers in table reference species in Table TS/PS-1)		Perennial Grasses	
Seeding Dates	Warm	Cool	Warm	Cool
January 1–March 15			~	~
March 16–April 30	4	1,2,3	1	1
May 1–May 15	4		1	
May 16-June 30	4,5,6,7			
July 1–July 15	5,6,7			
July 16–August 31				
September 1–September 30		8,9,10,11		
October 1–December 31			1	1

Mulch

SC-3

Cover seeded areas with mulch or an appropriate rolled erosion control product to promote establishment of vegetation. Anchor mulch by crimping, netting or use of a non-toxic tackifier. See the Mulching BMP Fact Sheet for additional guidance.

Maintenance and Removal

Monitor and observe seeded areas to identify areas of poor growth or areas that fail to germinate. Reseed and mulch these areas, as needed.

An area that has been permanently seeded should have a good stand of vegetation within one growing season if irrigated and within three growing seasons without irrigation in Colorado. Reseed portions of the site that fail to germinate or remain bare after the first growing season. Seeded areas may require irrigation, particularly during extended dry periods. Targeted weed control may also be necessary.

Protect seeded areas from construction equipment and vehicle access.



Straw Bale Barrier (SBB)



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SBB-3

TS

TS/PS-3

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C-2 Tem	porary and Pe	ermane	ent See	ding (T	5/PS)	SC-6	Inl	et Protection (IP)	SC-6	
Table TS/D	S 2 Minimum Duill Soudi	ing Datas for	r Dononniol (Crasses						
Common ^a	S-2. Winimum Drill Seed	Growth	Growth	Grasses Seeds/	Pounds of					7
Name akali Soil Seed Mix	Name	Season ^b	Form	Pound	PLS/acre	Caracata A				
kali sacaton sin wildrye	Sporobolus airoides Elymus cinereus	Cool Cool	Bunch Bunch	1,750,000 165,000	0.25	ROCK	SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR JOINTING	ROCK		
dar streambank wheatgrass e tall wheatgrass	Agropyron riparium 'Sodar' Agropyron elongatum 'Jose'	Cool Cool	Sod Bunch	170,000 79,000	2.5 7.0	SOCKS	16" CINDER 16" CINC BLOCKS BLOCK	DER SOCKS	SHE FL(
riba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5 17.75		2"x4" WOOD STL			
rtile Loamy Soil Seed Mix	Agropyron cristatum		8-4	175.000	2.0			ET SECTION A -		
ral hard fescue	'Ephriam' Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0	IP-1. BLOC	K AND ROCK SOCK SUMP	OR ON GRADE	IS	OR ROCK SOCK (USE IF FLOW CONCENTRATED)
ncoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0					IP-5. OVEREXCAVAT
dar streambank wheatgrass	Agropyron riparium 'Sodar' Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5	1. SEE ROCK SOC	K DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREME	ENTS.	OVERE I. TH YET (EXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION INSTAL IIS FORM OF INLET PROTECTION IS P REACHED FINAL GRADE AND SHOLLD
tal gh Water Table Soil Seed Mix					15.5	2. CONCRETE "CIN SINGLE ROW, ABUT	DER" BLOCKS SHALL BE LAID ON THEIR SIDES TING ONE ANOTHER WITH THE OPEN END FACIN	AROUND THE INLET IN A NG AWAY FROM THE CURB.	SMALL 2. Wi	L CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA.
adow foxtail dtop	Alopecurus pratensis Agrostis alba	Cool Warm	Sod Open sod	900,000 5,000,000	0.5	3. GRAVEL BAGS S ANOTHER AND JOIN	HALL BE PLACED AROUND CONCRETE BLOCKS, ITED TOGETHER IN ACCORDANCE WITH ROCK SC ANIMUM OF	CLOSELY ABUTTING ONE DCK DESIGN DETAIL.	ORIEN 3. SE	JTED TOWARDS DIRECTION OF FLOW. EDIMENT MUST BE PERIODICALLY REM
ed canarygrass	Phalaris arundinacea Bromus inermis leyss 'T incoln'	Cool	Sod	68,000 130,000	3.0		WO CURB SOCKS APPROX 30 DEG. BLOCK AND ROCK PROTECTION(SEE	(SOCK INLET DETAIL IP-1)	[[[[[]	7
hfinder switchgrass	Panicum virgatum 'Pathfinder'	Warm	Sod	389,000	1.0			REFERENCE		
kar tall wheatgrass	Agropyron elongatum 'Alkar'	Cool	Bunch	79,000	5.5					c [
tal ansition Turf Seed Mix [°]					10.75				STRAW BAL BALE	LE (SEE STRAW DESIGN DETAIL)
ebens Canadian bluegrass ral hard fescue	Poa compressa 'Ruebens' Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'	Cool Cool	Sod Bunch	2,500,000 565,000	0.5	IP-2.	CURB ROCK SOCKS UPST	REAM OF		
ation perennial ryegrass	Lolium perenne 'Citation' Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool Cool	Sod	247,000 130,000	3.0	CURB ROCK SOCK	INLET PROTECTION			-6. STRAW BALE FOR
Total	Lincoli				7.5	1. SEE ROCK SOC	C DESIGN DETAIL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.		SIBA	<u>W BALE BASRIER INLET PROTECTION I</u>
						2. PLACEMENT OF IN THE OPPOSITE 3. SOCKS ARE TO	THE SOCK SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 30 DEGN DIRECTION OF FLOW. BE FLUSH WITH THE CURB AND SPACED A MIL	NILLIN OF 5 FEET APART	1. SE 2. B/	E STRAW BALE DESIGN DETAIL FOR I
						4. AT LEAST TWO	CURB SOCKS IN SERIES ARE REQUIRED UPSTRI	NIMOM OF S FEET APART. EAM OF ON-GRADE INLETS.	TIGHTI	LY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER.
		15:								
3/PS-4 Ur Ur	Jrban Drainage and Flood C ban Storm Drainage Criteria	a Manual Vo	ct olume 3	Ju	ne 2012	IP-4 U	rban Drainage and Flood Control District ban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volum	August 2013 ne 3	IP-6	Urban Drainage and Floo Urban Storm Drainage Cri
/C-4			Mu	ulching	<u>(MU)</u>	<u>SC-6</u>	Inl	et Protection (IP)	SC-6	
ean, weed-free and seed-fr	ee cereal grain straw should	l be applied e	evenly at a ra	ate of 2 tons per	acre and				IP-3. Rock Sock Ir	nlet Protection for Sump/Area Inle
ust be tacked or fastened by chored (and not merely pla th the aid of trackifiers or p	y a method suitable for the c aced) on the surface. This c	condition of t an be accomp	the site. Stra plished mech	w mulch must hanically by cri	be mping or				IP-4. Silt Fence In	let Protection for Sump/Area Inlet
commended method for are alch fibers into the soil to a	eas flatter than 3:1. Mechar a depth of 3 inches without of	nical crimper cutting them.	s must be cap An agricult	pable of tucking tural disk, while	g the long e not an	GENERAL INLET PR 1. SEE PLAN VIEW 			IP-5. Over-excavat	tion Inlet Protection
eal substitute, may work if ve to be weighted to afford	the disk blades are dull or b proper soil penetration.	plunted and s	et vertically;	however, the f	rame may		FINEET PROTECTION. LET PROTECTION (IP.1, IP.2, IP.3, IP.4, IP.5, IP ON SHALL BE INSTALLED PROMPTLY AFTER INL	6)	IP-6. Straw Bale Ir	nlet Protection for Sump/Area Inle
ass hay may be used in pla	ace of straw; however, becan	use hay is co	mprised of th	he entire plant i	ncluding	IS COMPLETE (TYP INSTALL INLET PRO	CALLY WITHIN 48 HOURS). IF A RAINFALL/RUN TECTION PRIOR TO ONSET OF EVENT.	OFF EVENT IS FORECAST,	Propriety inlet prot	tection devices should be installed
e native seed. Alternatively d are more expensive than	y, native species of grass has straw. Purchasing and utili	y may be pur izing a certifi	rchased, but ed weed-free	can be difficult e straw is an ea	to find sier and	3. MANY JURISDICT CONSULT WITH LOX DIFFERENCES ARE	IONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDI CAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOUL NOTED.	FCD STANDARD DETAILS. LD BE USED WHEN	More information i	is provided below on selecting inle
ss costly mulching method. ove).	. When using grass hay, fol	llow the same	e guidelines a	as for straw (pr	ovided	INLET PROTECTION	<u>MAINTENANCE NOTES</u> EACH WORKDAY AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFEC	TWE OPERATING CONDITION.	Inlets Located in	ı a Sump
n small areas sheltered from r holding it in place. For st	n the wind and heavy runof teep slopes and special situa	f, spraying a tions where	tackifier on t	the mulch is sat	isfactory	MAINTENANCE OF E POSSIBLE (AND AL EROSION, AND PEF	MP3 SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. IN WAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM FORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.	NSPECT BMP3 AS SOON AS THAT CAUSES SURFACE	When applying inle during larger runof	et protection in sump conditions, in ff events. For curb inlets, the maximum
ntrol blankets anchored wi	th stakes should be used ins	stead of mulc	:h.			2. FREQUENT OBSI EFFECTIVE OPERATI	ERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY NG CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE	TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN MEASURES SHOULD BE	localized flooding.	If the inlet protection height is gr with sediment, runoff will not enter
draulic mulching consists applied at a rate of no less	of wood cellulose fibers mi	ixed with wat (1,425 lbs o	ter and a tack of fibers mixe	kifying agent ar ed with at least	id should 75 lbs of	3. WHERE BMPS H	OUGHLY. AVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD FAILURE	BE INITIATED UPON	localized flooding,	public safety issues, and downstre
fective hydroseeding. Hyd plied immediately prior to	iromulch typically requires inclement weather. Applic	up to 2000 pc up to 24 hour ation to road:	rs to dry; the s, waterways	refore, it should s and existing v	l not be getation	4. SEDIMENT ACCU NECESSARY TO MAI	MULATED UPSTREAM OF INLET PROTECTION SH/ NTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS, TYPICALLY WHEN S	ALL BE REMOVED AS STORAGE VOLUME REACHES	Area inlets located rock socks (on pave	in a sump setting can be protected ed surfaces), sediment control loga
ould be avoided.	moremente (reusiter) rippite		o, maior majo	, and emissing ,		50% OF CAPACITY, STRAW BALES.	A DEPTH CF 6" WHEN SILT FENCE IS USED,	OR % OF THE HEIGHT FOR	products providing	; equivalent functions.
eper) and waterways. Dep	ts, or nets are recommended bending on the product, thes	to help stab	ilize steep slo ed alone or in	opes (generally n conjunction w	3:1 and ith grass	S. INLET PROTECTI PERMANENTLY STAR INLET PROTECTION	ON IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTRE BILIZED, UNLESS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION APPE IN STREETS.	EAM DISTURBED AREA IS ROVES EARLIER REMOVAL OF	Inlets Located or	n a Slope
odegradable mats made of straw and jute, straw-coconut, coconut fiber, or excelsior can be used instead mulch. (See the ECM/TRM BMP for more information.)						6. WHEN INLET PR COVERED WITH TOF APPERDVED BY THE	6. WHEN INLET PROTECTION AT AREA INLETS IS REMOVED, THE DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOP SOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISBICTION.			: inlets on paved sloping streets, bl a curb socks in the gutter leading to Days East Shart
me tackifiers or binders may be used to anchor mulch. Check with the local jurisdiction for allowed						(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM	(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM TOTH OF PARKER, COLORADO AND CITY OF XURDRA, COLORADO, NOT XUMUARLE IN AUTOCAD)			Dam Fact Sneet.
r more information on general types of tackifiers.)						NOTE: MANY JURIS CONSULT WITH LOC DIFFERENCES ARE	MOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.			ction frequently. Inspection and m
ock can also be used as mul ows infiltration of precipit	Ich. It provides protection o ation. An aggregate base co	of exposed so ourse can be s	ils to wind a spread on dis	nd water erosio sturbed areas fo	n and r	NOTE: THE DETAILS METHODS OF INLET	INCLUDED WITH THIS FACT SHEET SHOW COM PROTECTION IN THE DENVER METROPOLITAN A	MONLY USED, CONVENTIONAL REA. THERE ARE MANY	 Inspect for tear 	rs that can result in sediment direct
nporary or permanent stabilization. The rock mulch layer should be thick enough to provide full verage of exposed soil on the area it is applied.						PROPRIETARY INLE DISCOURAGES USE PROPRIETARY METH	PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION METHODS ON THE MARKET, UDFCD NEITHER ENDORSES NOR DISCOURAGES USE OF PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION; HOWEVER, IN THE EVENT PROPRIETARY METHODS ARE USED, THE APPROPRIATE DETAIL FROM THE MANUFACTURER MUST			g., gravel) washing into the inlet.
laintenance and Removal						BE INCLUDED IN T IN THE MANUFACTU	BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMP AND THE BMP NUST BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AS SHOWN IN THE MANUFACTURER'S DEFAILS.			saturation resulting in untre- saturation resulting in untre- basing to an unprotected downstre- hed around the inlet can result in fl
ter mulching, the bare ground surface should not be more than 10 percent exposed. Reapply mulch, as						N <u>OLE,</u> Some municipalities discourage or prohibit the use of straw bales for inlet protection. Check with local jurisdiction to determine if straw bale inlet protection is acceptable.			 Look for displa 	aced BMPs that are no longer prot
eded, to cover bare areas.									larger storm ev crush or displa	ents that wash away or reposition are the BMP.
									 Monitor sedime 	ent accumulation upgradient of the
U-2 U Ur	Jrban Drainage and Flood C ban Storm Drainage Criteria	control Distri a Manual Vo	ct olume 3	Ju	ne 2012	IP-8 Uri	rban Drainage and Flood Control District ban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volum	August 2013 ne 3	IP-2	Urban Drainage and Floo Urban Storm Drainage Cri
Straw Bale Ba	rrier (SBB)				SC-3	Vehicle Track	ing Control (VTC)	SM-4	Silt Fence	e (SF)
								\frown		
	TALLATION NOTES							(vtc)		
1. SEE PLAN VIE - LOCATION	EW FOR:							\bigcirc	SF SF	
2. STRAW BALES JURISDICTIONS M	SHALL CONSIST OF CERTIFIED AV REQUIRE PROOF THAT BAL	D WEED FREE ES ARE WEED	STRAW OR HU	AY. LOCAL				20 FOOT (WIDTH CAN BE LESS IF CONST.		
3. STRAW BALES WEIGH NOT LESS	SHALL CONSIST OF APPROXING THAN 35 POUNDS.	MATELY 5 CUE	BIC FEET OF S	STRAW OR HAY A	ND		REVISION:	VEHICLES ARE PHYSICALLY CONFINED ON		GEOTEXTILE
4. WHEN STRAW BE TIGHTLY ABUT	BALES ARE USED IN SERIES	AS A BARRIER	R, THE END O	OF EACH BALE SI	HALL	SIDEWAL	MIN LENGTH= 75 LF OR OTHER <u>50 FOOT (MIN.)</u> URFACE	BOTH SIDES)		
5. STRAW BALE (6. A. UNIFORM AN	DIMENSIONS SHALL BE APPRO	XIMATELY 36")	X18"X18". A DEPTH OF 4	4". STRAW BALES		1 m				COMPACTED
SHALL BE PLACE BALE(S). ALL EXC AND COMPACTED.	D SO THAT BINDING TWINE IS CAVATED SOIL SHALL BE PLAC	ENCOMPASSIN ED ON THE U	NG THE VERTIN JPHILL SIDE O	CAL SIDES OF T OF THE STRAW B/	iE LE(S)					
7. TWO (2) WOODEN STAKES SHALL BE USED TO HOLD EACH BALE IN PLACE, WOODEN STAKES SHALL BE 2"X2"X24", WOODEN STAKES SHALL BE DRIVEN 6" INTO THE GROUND.							(мм.)			
STRAW BALE MAINTENANCE NOTES										- дицоя 6 или "6
I. INSPEUL DRIPS LACH WURKDAT, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPS SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, INCT REACTIVE, INSPECT BMPS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE ERGISION, AND PERFORM INFORSARY MAINTENANCE								UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY LCCAL JURISDICTION, USE - CDOT_SECT. #703, AASHTO #3		AT LEAST 10"
2. FREQUENT OB EFFECTIVE OPERA	SERVATIONS AND MAINTENANC ATING CONDITION, INSPECTIONS	E ARE NECES: AND CORREC	SARY TO MAIN CTIVE MEASURI	(TAIN BMPs IN ES SHOULD RE				COARSE AGGREGATE OR 6" MINUS ROCK		OF SILT FENCE "TAIL" SHALL BE BURIED
JOCUMENTED THO 3. WHERE BMP3	OROUGHLY. HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REF	PLACEMENT SH	OULD BE INIT	TIATED UPON			HALL NON BETW	-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC VEEN SOIL AND ROCK		
DISCOVERY OF TH 4. SIRAW BALES	HE FAILURE.	Y BECOME HE	AVILY SOILED,	ROTTEN, OR		BIRTAL PARK C.		SPECIFIED BY LOCAL CDOT SECT. #703. AASHTO		CII T
JAMAGED BEYON 5. SEDIMENT ACC NEEDED TO MAIN	CUMULATED UPSTREAM OF STR TAIN FUNCTIONALITY OF THE R	RAW BALE BAR BMP, TYPICALL	RIER SHALL E	BE REMOVED AS	TED	OR BELOW TOP OF PA	VEMENT	GATE 9" (MIN.)		<u></u>
SEDIMENTS IS AP	PROXIMATELY ½ OF THE HEIG	HT OF THE ST	TRAW BALE BA	ARRIER.						
STABILIZED AND . 7. WHEN STRAW	APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JUE BALES ARE REMOVED, ALL DI	RISDICTION.	AS SHALL BE	COVERED WITH				NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE	ROTA	
TOPSOIL, SEEDED JURISDICTION.	N TOWN OF PARKER CALORING		AS APPROVE	U BY LOCAL		COMPACTE	D SUBGRADE - <u>SECTION A</u>		POSTS SHOWN,	SHALL BE JOINED AS THEN ROTATED 180 DEG.
(UCTARLS ADAPTED FRO <u>NOTE:</u> MANY JUR CONSULT WITH 10	RISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS	S THAT VARY I HICH DETAIL S	FROM UDFCD SHOULD BE U	STANDARD DETA ISED WHEN	LS.					NTO THE GROUND
DIFFERENCES ARE	E NOTED.									<u>SEC</u>
						<u>VTC-1.</u>	AGGREGATE VEHICLE TRACK	ING CONTROL		<u>SF-1. S</u>
									1	

VTC-3

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Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

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CAUTION