

Revise back to "Preliminary
Drainage Report"



Final Drainage Report

Waterview East Commercial El Paso County, Colorado

Prepared for:

Heath Herber

Waterview Commercial Investors, LLC

2727 Glen Arbor Drive

Colorado Springs, CO 80920

Prepared by:

Jessica McCallum, P.E

Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

2 North Nevada Avenue, Suite 900

Colorado Springs, CO 80903

(719) 284-7275

Project #: 196195000

PCD Filing No.: SP-22-009

Prepared: May 23, 2023

Kimley»Horn

CERTIFICATION

DESIGN ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparation of this report.

SIGNATURE (Affix Seal): _____

Jessica McCallum, PE
Colorado P.E. No. 59054

Date

OWNER/DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all the requirements specified in this Drainage Report and Plan.

Name of Developer

Authorized Signature

Date

Printed Name

Title

Address:

EL PASO COUNTY

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development Code as amended.

Josh Palmer, P.E.
County Engineer/ ECM Administrator

Date

Conditions:

Contents

CERTIFICATION	1
DESIGN ENGINEER'S STATEMENT	1
OWNER/DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT	1
EL PASO COUNTY	1
INTRODUCTION	3
PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF STUDY	3
LOCATION	3
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY	3
DRAINAGE BASINS	4
MAJOR BASIN DESCRIPTIONS	4
MASTER DRAINAGE REPORT STUDY	4
EXISTING SUB-BASIN DESCRIPTIONS	4
PROPOSED SUB-BASIN DESCRIPTIONS	5
DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA	11
DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA REFERENCE	11
HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP	11
HYDROLOGIC CRITERIA	11
HYDRAULIC CRITERIA	11
INLET AND PIPE SIZING	11
DETENTION POND SUMMARY	11
DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN	12
GENERAL CONCEPT	12
DRAINAGE FEE	13
THE FOUR STEP PROCESS	13
SUMMARY	15
REFERENCES	15
APPENDIX	16
APPENDIX A – VICINITY MAP	17
APPENDIX B – FEMA FIRM PANEL AND SOILS MAP	18
APPENDIX C – HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS	19
APPENDIX D – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS	20
APPENDIX E – SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS	21
APPENDIX F – DRAINAGE EXHIBITS	22

INTRODUCTION

PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF STUDY

The purpose of this report is to outline the required storm sewer and drainage improvements necessary to support the Waterview East Subdivision project, (the “Property”), in El Paso County, Colorado (the “County”). This Final Drainage Report identifies on-site and off-site drainage patterns, storm sewer and inlet locations, areas tributary to the Site and proposes to safely route developed storm water to adequate outfalls. The Property is 22.1 acres.

The Property is located within the Big Johnson and West Fork of the Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basins and is part of the subject area of the *Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East and Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge* prepared by Matrix Design Group dated September 2019. Reference the **Appendix E** for applicable excerpts from the Drainage Letter

LOCATION

The Project is located within part of the West ½ of Section 9, Township 15 South, Range 65 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, County of El Paso, State of Colorado (“the Site”). The Site is bounded by Powers Boulevard (Highway 21) on the west, The Trails at Aspen Ridge Filing No. 1 to the east and to the south, and Bradley Road to the north. A vicinity map has been provided in the **Appendix A** of this report.

The Site is currently owned by Waterview East Development, LLC. The site is currently unplatted.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The Site is approximately 22.1 acres consisting of undeveloped land with native vegetation and is classified as Vegetation within the site is characterized primarily by prairie grasses along with some area of scrub brush and a limited occurrence of small oaks. The Site does not currently provide water quality or detention for the Project area. The existing land use is undeveloped vacant land. There are no existing irrigation ditches on the Site.

The existing topography consists of slopes ranging from 1% to 33%.

According to NRCS soil mapping data, USCS Type A and B soils are the primary soil type within the site. Soils present at the Site consist mainly of “Blakeland loamy sand” which represent a moderate hazard for erosion. **Appendix B** contains detailed NRCS soil data.

The development of this site will include commercial developments, including convenience store, restaurants, storage units and retail stores. Roadway improvements to the site will include mowing, clearing, and grubbing, weed control, paved access road construction, roadway grading, three onsite extended detention basins, native seeding, and water quality features.

A Topographic field survey was completed and updated for the Project by Ridgeline Land Surveying dated February 7th, 2023 and is the basis for design for the drainage improvements.

DRAINAGE BASINS

MAJOR BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

The western half of the Property lies within the Big Johnson drainage basin, and the eastern half of the Property lies within the West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin. The watershed is generally located in the central portion of El Paso County. Refer to **Appendix A** for the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) number 08041C0768G effective date, December 7, 2018. Previous reports used in reference to the Site include the following: Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East and Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge prepared by Matrix Design Group dated September 2019. Please reference **Appendix E** for excerpts of the Master Development Drainage Plan. Additional reports previously conducted for the Site include: Waterview East Preliminary Drainage Report prepared by Stantec Consulting, Inc and dated June 2018.

Include reference to DPBS reports back in.

MASTER DRAINAGE REPORT STUDY

The Waterview East commercial development project is part of the “Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge” Prepared by: Matrix Design Group September 2019. As outlined in the Master Drainage Plan, the “East Pond” was sized to include flows from the future “Commercial Lot south of Bradley Road and West of Legacy Drive”. In these watershed calculations a conservative weighted imperviousness value of 95% was used. This value is substantially higher than the calculated impervious value of 55% in proposed conditions.

As noted in the Master Drainage Plan, the eastern portion of the Site which is part of the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin will require on site detention. As noted in the Master Drainage Plan, the western portion of the Site which is part of the Big Johnson Reservoir drainage basin for future development of this lot “...On-site detention will be required and must discharge to the Powers Boulevard ditch.” Based on the pond sizing calculations and required on site detention, the proposed development is in compliance with the above-mentioned Master Drainage Plan. Offsite flows are addressed in the existing sub-basin descriptions below.

EXISTING SUB-BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

Historically, runoff from the Site is split almost directly down the center. With the eastern portion of the Site heading east and the western portion of the site heading west. The site has been divided into three (3) existing onsite subbasins, EX-1 to EX-3 and one (1) tributary off-site basin, OS-1.

Type R inlets are in 5' increments.

Sub-Basin EX-1

The on-site sub-basin EX-1 is undeveloped consisting of native grasses and shrubs with an area of 10.45 acres comprising the eastern half of the property. Drainage flows overland from west to the east at slopes ranging from 1-33%. Flows are collected in the existing curb and gutter along Legacy Drive and are conveyed to an existing 12' CDOT Type R inlet at the intersection of Legacy Drive and Frontside Drive. Flows are then carried through existing storm infrastructure into East Pond as outlined in the “Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge” Prepared by: Matrix Design Group September 2019. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 3.53 cfs and 24.72 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin EX-2

The on-site sub-basin EX-2 is undeveloped consisting of native grasses and shrubs with an area of 11.41 acres comprising the western half of the property. Drainage flows overland from northeast to southwest at slopes ranging from 1-33%. Flows are collected in the existing roadside ditch along Powers Blvd and travel south where they are conveyed west through an existing 60" CMP under Powers Blvd and into Big Johnson Reservoir. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.62 cfs and 22.34 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin EX-3

The on-site sub-basin EX-3 is undeveloped, consisting of native grasses and shrubs, with a curb cut access. It has an area of 0.24 acres comprising a portion of the eastern site boundary. Drainage flows overland from west to east at slopes ranging from 1-25%. Flows are collected in the existing Frontside Drive curb and gutter and travels south where they are conveyed to existing storm infrastructure into the East Pond as outlined in the "Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge" Prepared by: Matrix Design Group September 2019. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.22 cfs and 0.93 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin OS-1

See comment on basin Ex-1.

The off-site sub-basin OS-1 is undeveloped consisting of native grasses and shrubs with an area of 0.59 acres comprising the northern boundary of the Site. Drainage flows overland from north to south at slopes ranging from 5-33%. Flows convey through Basin EX-1 and are ultimately collected via existing curb and gutter along Legacy Drive, which are conveyed to an existing 12' CDOT Type R inlet at the intersection of Legacy Drive and Frontside Drive. Flows are then carried through existing storm infrastructure into East Pond as outlined in the "Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge" Prepared by: Matrix Design Group September 2019. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.19 cfs and 1.61 cfs respectively.

Refer to **Appendix F** for the Existing Drainage Conditions Map.

PROPOSED SUB-BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

For the proposed condition, stormwater will generally maintain historic flow patterns for the east and west portions of the site. Proposed roadways internal to the site will alter some of the existing flow paths. Proposed curb and gutter, and proposed storm inlets will convey flows to one of three proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basins. From there flows will outfall to existing historic drainage paths, which will ultimately outfall to existing natural drainage channels, sub regional pond, or water quality features. The proposed project has been divided into twenty-nine (29) on-site sub-basins and one (1) off-site basin.

Sub-Basin A1

Basins A1 thru A16 have wrong pond listed. Please revise and check other basin descriptions that all have correct pond listed.

The on-site sub-basin A1 consists of proposed parking, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.90 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 57%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a crossspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 1. Flows will then be conveyed to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (sub-basin A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.91 cfs and 5.28 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A2

The on-site sub-basin A2 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.37 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 58%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 2. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.85 cfs and 2.32 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A3

The on-site sub-basin A3 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.38 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 80%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 3. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.15 cfs and 2.82 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A4

The on-site sub-basin A4 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.31 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 95%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 4. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.04 cfs and 2.40 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A5

The on-site sub-basin A5 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.29 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 92%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump 5' CDOT Type R inlet, design point 5. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.02 cfs and 2.39 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A6

The on-site sub-basin A6 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.30 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 89%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 6. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.97 cfs and 2.29 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A7

The on-site sub-basin A7 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.40 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 92%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 7. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed

stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.48 cfs and 3.44 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A8

The on-site sub-basin A8 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.46 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 94%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 8. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.72 cfs and 3.98 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A9

The on-site sub-basin A9 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.45 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 94%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 9. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.68 cfs and 3.88 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A10

The on-site sub-basin A10 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.61 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 88%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private in sump 10' Type R inlet, design point 10. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.09 cfs and 4.95 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A11

The on-site sub-basin A11 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.26 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 75%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 11. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.62 cfs and 1.56 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A12

The on-site sub-basin A12 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 1.05 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 79%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump 10' CDOT Type R inlet, design point 12. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.59 cfs and 6.32 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A13

The on-site sub-basin A13 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.33 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 78%. Runoff in this

basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 13. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.94 cfs and 2.32 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A14

The on-site sub-basin A14 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.34 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 93%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 14. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A14). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.12 cfs and 2.60 cfs respectively. (A24)

Sub-Basin A15

The on-site sub-basin A15 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.44 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 90%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 15. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A15). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.48 cfs and 3.48 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A16

The on-site sub-basin A16 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.31 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 85%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 16. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.95 cfs and 2.27 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A17

The on-site sub-basin A17 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 0.82 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 95%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 17. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.44 cfs and 3.88 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A18

The on-site sub-basin A18 consists of proposed drive aisle, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 1.34 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 95%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 18. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 4.57 cfs and 10.60 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A19

The on-site sub-basin A19 consists of proposed drive aisle, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 0.60 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 95%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 19. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.14 cfs and 4.96 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A20

The on-site sub-basin A20 consists of proposed drive aisle, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 0.34 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 90%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan through a proposed curb cut at design point 20. Flows will then be conveyed down a proposed riprap channel directly into the proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.85 cfs and 2.02 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A21

The on-site sub-basin A21 consists of proposed drive aisle, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 0.50 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 93%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crossspan through a proposed curb cut at design point 21. Flows will then be conveyed down a proposed riprap channel directly into the proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.99 cfs and 4.65 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A22

The on-site sub-basin A21 consists of landscaping and proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A22). The sub-basin has an area of 0.34 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 2%. Runoff in this basin will flow directly into the extended detention pond. **Flows from A22 will outfall into the existing roadside ditch along Powers Blvd. Runoff** during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.10 cfs and 0.85 cfs respectively.

remove or revise this statement, as it's release rates from Pond A22 that will release into the Powers ditch

Sub-Basin A23

The on-site sub-basin A23 consists of landscaping, roofing, and proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A23). The sub-basin has an area of 0.84 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 18%. Runoff in this basin will flow directly into the extended detention pond. Flows from A23 will outfall into the proposed storm infrastructure and flow into existing stormwater infrastructure located in Frontside Drive. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.57 cfs and 2.59 cfs respectively.

at DP 26

Sub-Basin A24

The on-site sub-basin A24 consists of landscaping and proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (A24). The sub-basin has an area of 0.48 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 3%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland directly into the extended detention basin. Flows from A24 will outfall into the proposed storm infrastructure and flow into existing stormwater infrastructure located in Frontside Drive. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.16 cfs and 1.25 cfs respectively

Missing Basin A25.
Please include

According to the PBMP Summary Table on the Proposed Drainage Map, basin A26 will be treated via Runoff Reduction. So revise this statement accordingly and support with calcs.

Sub-Basin A26

The on-site sub-basin A26 consists of landscaping, and drive aisle along the eastern property line. The sub-basin has an area of 4.30 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 77%. Runoff in this basin will sheet flow directly into Legacy Hill Dr where it will be carried by curb and gutter into the existing storm water infrastructure. Flows from this sub-basin will follow existing flow patterns. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 8.38 cfs and 20.58 cfs respectively.

A large portion of this basin is landscaping. According to the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, Section 1.7.1.B.7, This landscape area classifies as "Land Disturbance to Undeveloped Land that will Remain Undeveloped." This area will follow native drainage patterns and remain undisturbed with no buildings or pavement and therefore classify as an exclusion.

The portions of the drive aisle from this basin that flow offsite will sheetflow into the existing offsite in sump CDOT Type R Inlets within Frontside Drive. These areas exceed the County's maximum requirement of 20%, not to exceed 1 acre of total onsite imperviousness being untreated. However, after referencing the Master Development Drainage Report for the basin, it was determined that the East Pond (Design Point M) has adequate capacity and can treat this additional flow. Please reference **Appendix E** for the UD-Detention spreadsheet for this pond with relevant acreages highlighted, as well as the Proposed Drainage Map showing tributary basins.

Discuss WQ treatment for each of these basins that will utilize Runoff Reduction according to Proposed Drainage Map and provide calcs.

Sub-Basin A27

The on-site sub-basin A22 consists primarily of landscaping along the r sub-basin has an area of 0.97 acres and a weighted imperviousness of will flow directly into the existing swale bordering Bradley Road and Po the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.74 cfs and 5.79 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A28

The on-site sub-basin A28 consists primarily of landscaping along the sub-basin has an area of 2.02 acres and a weighted imperviousness of will flow directly into the existing swale bordering Powers Blvd. Runc 100-year events are 0.65 cfs and 5.51 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A29

The on-site sub-basin A29 consists of landscaping, and drive aisle along the eastern property line. The sub-basin has an area of 0.57 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 82%. Runoff in this basin will sheet flow directly into Frontside Drive where it will be carried by curb and gutter into the existing storm water infrastructure. Flows from this sub-basin will follow existing flow patterns. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.47 cfs and 3.56 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin OS1

The off-site sub-basin OS1 consists of landscaping, and drive aisle east of the eastern property line. The sub-basin has an area of 0.22 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 64%. Runoff in this basin will sheet flow directly into Legacy Hill Dr where it will be carried by curb and gutter into the existing storm water infrastructure. Flows from this sub-basin will follow existing flow patterns. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.57 cfs and 3.56 cfs respectively.

Refer to **Appendix F** for the Proposed Drainage Conditions Map.

Unresolved:
Per MDDP information provided in a inlets in Frontside Dr have stubs in t for the commercial site to connect to being released into the road instead stubs? Proposed storm will need to existing stubs. Frontside Dr and exis to be analyzed (street & Inlet capaci handle the additional flow since it ap originally designed to carry and cap thru A29 & OS1

DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA REFERENCE

The proposed storm facilities are designed to be in compliance with the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2 (The “CRITERIA”) and the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (the “MANUAL”). Site drainage is not significantly impacted by such constraints as utilities or existing development.

HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP

According to NRCS soil mapping data, USCS Type A and B soils are the primary soil type within the site. Soils present at the Site consist mainly of “Blakeland loamy sand” which represent a moderate hazard for erosion. **Appendix B** contains detailed NRCS soil data.

HYDROLOGIC CRITERIA

The 5-year and 100-year design storm events were used in determining rainfall and runoff for the proposed drainage analysis per chapter 5 of the CRITERIA. Design runoff was calculated using the Rational Method for developed conditions as established in the CRITERIA and MANUAL. Runoff coefficients for the proposed development were determined using Table 5-1 of the CRITERIA by calculating weighted impervious values for each specific site basin. Based upon this approach, the drainage design provided for the Site is conservative and in keeping with the zoning and historic drainage concept for the area.

HYDRAULIC CRITERIA

The proposed drainage facilities are designed in accordance with Floodplain identification was determined using FIRM panels by FEMA and information provided in the Criteria. **Hydraulic calculations were computed using StormCAD using the Standard Method.** The inlet and street capacity were designed using the MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022) Excel worksheet. The existing inlets will be receiving less direct flow due to the proposed storm system. See **Appendix D** for inlet capacity calculations.

StormCAD design is not provided in appendix. Please remove this statement. Add back in statement that detailed sizing will be done with Final Drainage Report.

VARIANCES FROM CRITERIA

There are no proposed variances from the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria, dated May 2014 (Revised January 2021), for the proposed development.

EPC Drainage Criteria Manual

DETENTION REQUIREMENTS

Preliminary detention pond and water quality calculations have been completed. A total of three proposed private full spectrum extended detention basins have been designed for WQCV, EURV and 100-year flows. The three EDBs have been summarized below.

Pond	Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume Required (ac-ft)	Approximate WQCV Required (ac-ft)	Proposed 100-yr Volume (ac-ft)	Cumulative 100-yr Tributary Runoff (cfs)
A22	0.626	0.106	0.902	26.97
A23	1.005	0.166	1.618	54.89
A24	0.251	0.042	0.397	13.86

These should match 100-yr volume on second sheet of MHFD spreadsheet

Unresolved: Cannot determine where these flows were obtained from.

Pond A24 services mainly the lot at the Northeast corner of the property. Flows are released below historic rates and are conveyed to Design Point 24 where it enters existing storm infrastructure.

Revise statement as this basins tributary to Pond 23.

Pond A23 consists of the northern half of the property not tributary to Pond A23. Flows are released below historic rates and are conveyed to Design Point 27 where storm infrastructure.

Per MHFD spreadsheet Q5 is more than historic (2.1 ratio). see comment on spreadsheet

Are flows entering through pipe/stubout in inlet, or as c&g flow being intercepted by inlet?

Both Pond A23 and Pond A24 will combine flows and enter the existing 12' CDOT Type R Inlet within Frontside Drive. The proposed outlet structure for pond A23 has been designed to release at a rate of 0.3 cfs and 2.9 cfs for the minor and major storm, respectively. The proposed outlet structure for pond A24 has been designed to release at a rate of 0.1 cfs and 2.6 cfs for the minor and major storm, respectively.

Where did these flows come from? Need to indicate what total flows in ditch will be with pond outflow.

Pond A22 consists of the southern half of the Boulevard ditch, which accounts for 1.5 cfs in the 100-year condition, and 1.1 cfs in the 100-year condition. The proposed outlet structure has been designed to release at a rate of 0.4 cfs and 1.8 cfs for the minor and major storm, respectively.

Increase/decrease over existing. Include analysis of ditch to ensure it's adequate to convey flows.

Spreadsheet was not found in appendix D. Please provide.

UD-detention Pond calculations are provided in **Appendix D**. Additionally, a separate spreadsheet delineating ponds by tributary impervious and total acreages has been included in the **Appendix D**.

Ponds will be maintained by the metro district for the overall development. A maintenance access road will be provided with each pond, built per County standards.

DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

GENERAL CONCEPT

The proposed development includes commercial buildings, landscape, and drive aisles. The proposed development will decrease permeability on the site. This decrease has been accounted for in the Master Drainage Plan. The proposed drainage patterns will match historic patterns as much as possible and not significantly increase developed flows. The runoff within

the site will be captured and treated via proposed private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basins before being released into historic discharge points. There will be three (3) proposed Full Spectrum Detention Basins, also referred to as Pond A22, Pond A23, and Pond A24, throughout this report.

Provided in **Appendix C** are the hydrologic calculations used in pond sizing. Provided in **Appendix D** are preliminary pond sizing calculations. Existing and proposed Drainage Maps can be found in **Appendix F**.

No stormCAD model was provided. Also need to address Powers Ditch for release of pond 22 in terms of downstream capacity.

Downstream Infrastructure Capacity

The existing, public downstream pipe that will convey flows from the proposed storm system under Frontside Drive was analyzed within the proposed StormCAD model. Results from the StormCAD model demonstrate that the 100-yr HGL is contained within 1.0' of the surface grade.

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

Grading and Erosion Control Plans will be submitted separately as a standalone construction document.

FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

According to Flood Insurance Rate Map Number 08041C0768G, dated December 7, 2018,, the entire subject Property lies within Zone X, "Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance Floodplain. The FIRM Map is included in **Appendix B**.

Replace with statement from previous report that fees will be finalized with final drainage report

DRAINAGE FEE

The project is within the Big Johnson drainage basin, and the West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin which is a part of the El Paso County Drainage Basin Fee Program. **Total fees associated with this project total \$XX.XX. reference Appendix E for a breakdown of applicable drainage and bridge fees.** Drainage fees shall be paid at the time of final plat recordation.

GROUNDWATER CONSIDERATIONS

Per the Geotechnical Engineering Study prepared by Entech, on May 25, 2022, groundwater was not encountered in any of the test borings which were drilled to 20 feet. This indicates that groundwater will have little effect on shallow foundations proposed for the Site based on final grades and depth of excavation. The proposed improvements are not anticipated to be negatively affected by groundwater. Reference **Appendix E** for the Geotechnical Report prepared by Entech.

THE FOUR STEP PROCESS

The Project was designed in accordance with the four-step process to minimize adverse impacts of urbanization, as outlined in the El Paso County Engineering Manual for BMP selection as noted below:

Step 1. Employ Runoff Reduction Practices – Currently the Site is undeveloped with no existing stormwater infrastructure on-site. The re-development of the Site will decrease current runoff totals. The existing Site has an overall imperviousness of 4%. The proposed improvements will increase imperviousness to 55%. See **Appendix C** for supplemental information showing the calculations for the net imperviousness. The existing maximum release

rate into the public storm sewer system along public Frontside Drive is 27.36 cfs. This includes runoff generated from sub-basins EX1, EX3, and OS1. The proposed private stormwater system is designed to provide a controlled maximum release of 5.5 cfs into the existing public storm sewer system along public Frontside Drive and ultimately West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek. This includes flows from sub-basins A1 to A16, A23, A24, and A25. The existing maximum release rate into the existing grass swale along Powers Boulevard is 22.34 cfs. This includes runoff generated from sub-basin EX2. The proposed private stormwater system is designed to provide a controlled maximum release of 20.22 cfs into the existing ditch along Powers Boulevard and ultimately the Big Johnson drainage basin. This includes flows from sub-basins A17 to A21, A 22, and A26 to OS1. Therefore, the Site produces a controlled release rate into the existing system that is less than the undeveloped major design storm rate.

The proposed development is not anticipated to have negative impacts to downstream infrastructure. Implementation of landscaping throughout the Site will help slow runoff and encourage infiltration. Stormwater runoff reduction techniques will be used to promote stormwater infiltration and reduce the amount of developed runoff exiting the Site. As documented in the runoff reduction calculations and exhibit found in the **Appendix C**, the site was divided into Upstream Impervious Areas (UIA), Receiving Pervious Area (RPA), Directly Connected Impervious Area (DCIA), and Separate Pervious Area (SPA) per the City of Colorado Springs Green Infrastructure Manual. Where feasible, developed stormwater runoff from the Site will be directed over the various RPA's. Reference **Appendix C** for Green Infrastructure Exhibit. The resulting total WQCV reduction is 28%, which is greater than the minimum required reduction of 10%.

Step 2. Implement BMPs That Provide a Water Quality Capture Volume with Slow Release

– Water quality treatment will be provided through infiltration and the use of a proposed private extended detention basins. Water quality will be provided through infiltration for sub-basins A17 to A21, A 22, and A26 to OS1. Reference the runoff reduction spreadsheet and exhibit in the **Appendix C**. Water quality will be provided through extended detention for flows from sub-basins A1 to A16, A23, A24, and A25. The sub-basins treated for water quality via extended detention basins account for 14.24 acres or 64.43% of the total disturbed area. Sub-basins treated for water quality account for 22.1 acres or 100% of the total disturbed area. Thus, over 95% of the total disturbed area is treated for water quality.

Step 3 Stabilize Drainageways– Stabilizing proposed roadside ditches, swales, and channels by designing them with slopes that control the flow rates. Placement of riprap upstream and downstream of culverts to help reduce erosion of the roadside ditches. Check dams will be used in areas with steeper grades to slow the runoff. We anticipate this will minimize erosion. Existing drainage ways will be graded to reduce the velocity of the water to minimize erosion.

Step 4. Implement Site Specific and Other Source Control BMPs – The Site does not require “Covering of Storage/Handling Areas” or “Spill Containment and Control” (specialized BMPs) in the final constructed condition. There is no proposed material storage or other Site operations that would introduce contaminants to the City’s MS4 that would require Site specific control or source control BMP for the proposed project.

All flows leaving the Site will be released at or below historic rates and will cause no impact to downstream facilities and additional off-site improvements are not required by this Project. Reference the Downstream Infrastructure Capacity section of this report for details.

SUMMARY

COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS

The drainage design presented within this report the Waterview East Commercial project, conforms to the El Paso County Stormwater Criteria Manual, and the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Manual. Additionally, the Site runoff and storm drain facilities will not adversely affect the water quality or peak flows downstream in Big Johnson Reservoir or West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage basin , or surrounding developments.

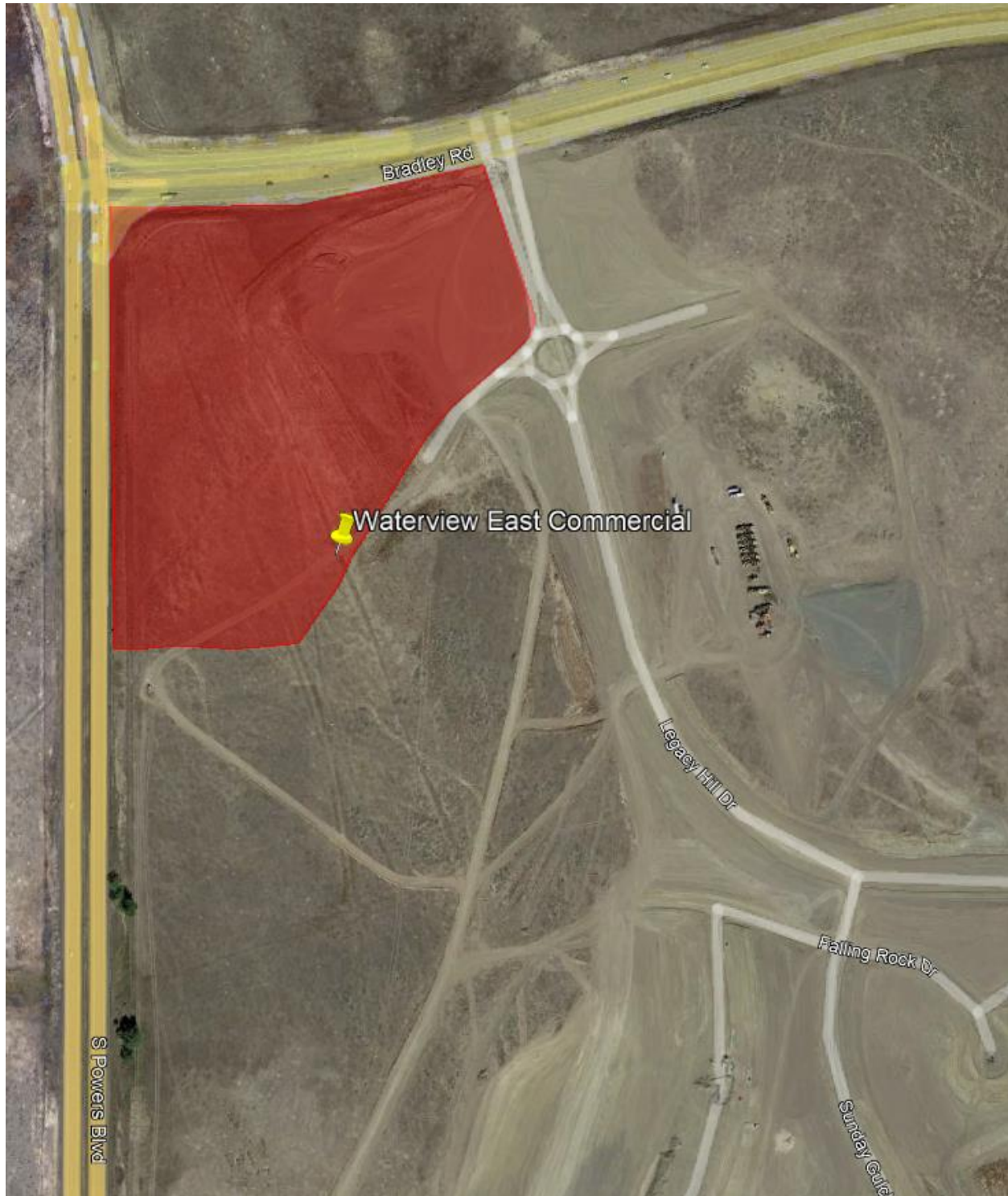
REFERENCES

1. El Paso County "Engineering Criteria Manual" Volumes 1 & 2, December 2004, revised October 2018
2. Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), April 2022.
3. Flood Insurance Rate Map, El Paso County, Colorado and Incorporated Areas, Map Number 08041C0768G, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), December 7, 2018
4. Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge, Matrix Design Group, June 2019, Revised: September 2019.
5. Waterview East Preliminary Drainage Report, Stantec Consulting Incorporated, June 2018.
6. Preliminary Subsurface Soils Investigation Waterview Commercial Site, Entech Engineering, Inc, May 2022.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX A – VICINITY MAP

Waterview East Commercial Vicinity Map (Not to Scale)



APPENDIX B – FEMA FIRM PANEL AND SOILS MAP

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



104°41'3"W 38°45'44"N



0 250 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 Feet

1:6,000

104°40'25"W 38°45'16"N

Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS		Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99
		With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR
		Regulatory Floodway
OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD		0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X
		Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X
		Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X
		Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D
OTHER AREAS		NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X
		Effective LOMRs
		Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D
GENERAL STRUCTURES		Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
		Levee, Dike, or Floodwall
OTHER FEATURES		20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		17.5
		Coastal Transect
		Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
		Limit of Study
		Jurisdiction Boundary
		Coastal Transect Baseline
		Profile Baseline
MAP PANELS		Digital Data Available
		No Digital Data Available
		Unmapped



The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on **4/29/2022 at 2:29 PM** and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



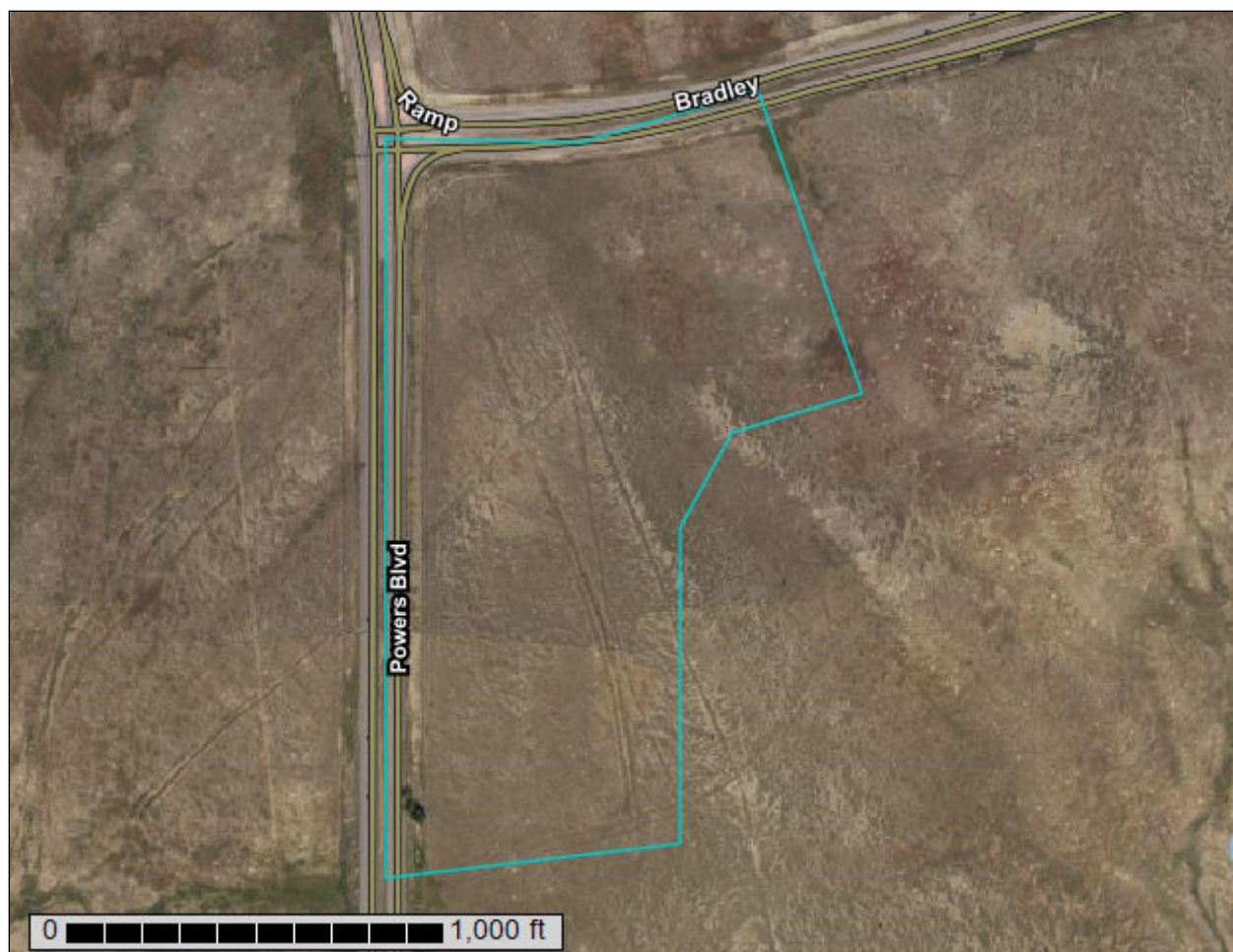
United States
Department of
Agriculture

NRCS

Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service

A product of the National
Cooperative Soil Survey,
a joint effort of the United
States Department of
Agriculture and other
Federal agencies, State
agencies including the
Agricultural Experiment
Stations, and local
participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for **El Paso County Area, Colorado**



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (<http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/>) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (<https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs>) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require

alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

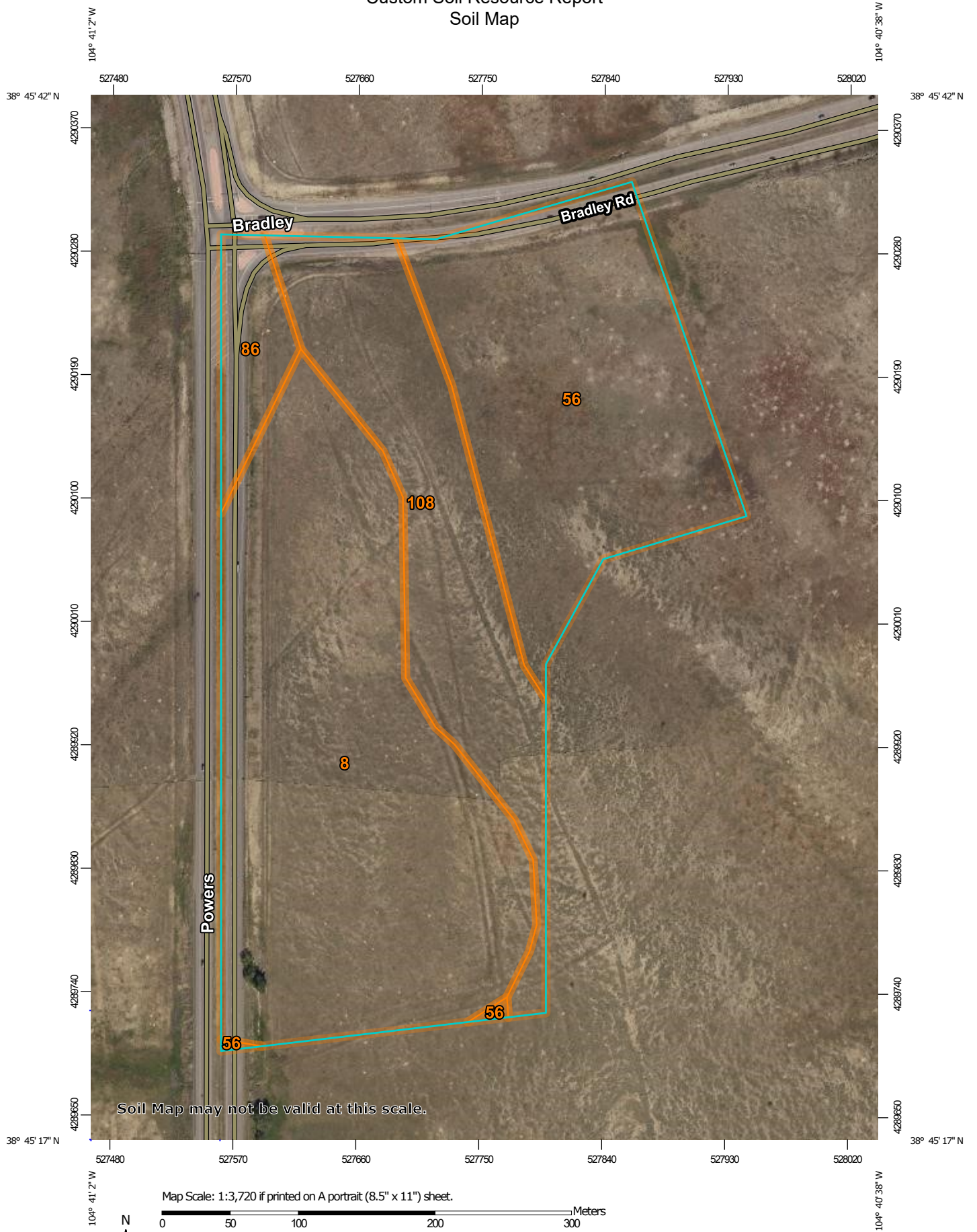
Contents

Preface	2
Soil Map	5
Soil Map.....	6
Legend.....	7
Map Unit Legend.....	8
Map Unit Descriptions.....	8
El Paso County Area, Colorado.....	10
8—Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes.....	10
56—Nelson-Tassel fine sandy loams, 3 to 18 percent slopes.....	11
86—Stoneham sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes.....	13
108—Wiley silt loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes.....	14
Soil Information for All Uses	16
Suitabilities and Limitations for Use.....	16
Land Management.....	16
Erosion Hazard (Road, Trail).....	16
References	21

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map



Custom Soil Resource Report

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

 Blowout

 Borrow Pit

 Clay Spot

 Closed Depression

 Gravel Pit

 Gravelly Spot

 Landfill

 Lava Flow

 Marsh or swamp

 Mine or Quarry

 Miscellaneous Water

 Perennial Water

 Rock Outcrop

 Saline Spot

 Sandy Spot

 Severely Eroded Spot

 Sinkhole

 Slide or Slip

 Sodic Spot

 Spoil Area

 Stony Spot

 Very Stony Spot

 Wet Spot

 Other

 Special Line Features

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails

 Interstate Highways

 US Routes

 Major Roads

 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 14, 2018—Sep 23, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	19.2	45.9%
56	Nelson-Tassel fine sandy loams, 3 to 18 percent slopes	12.2	29.3%
86	Stoneham sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1.8	4.3%
108	Wiley silt loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	8.6	20.5%
Totals for Area of Interest		41.8	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

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The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

El Paso County Area, Colorado

8—Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 369v
Elevation: 4,600 to 5,800 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F
Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Blakeland and similar soils: 98 percent
Minor components: 2 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Blakeland

Setting

Landform: Hills, flats
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, talus
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Alluvium derived from sedimentary rock and/or eolian deposits
derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 11 inches: loamy sand
AC - 11 to 27 inches: loamy sand
C - 27 to 60 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 9 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Ecological site: R049XB210CO - Sandy Foothill
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

56—Nelson-Tassel fine sandy loams, 3 to 18 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 3690

Elevation: 5,600 to 6,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 14 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 155 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Nelson and similar soils: 55 percent

Tassel and similar soils: 40 percent

Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Nelson

Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Calcareous residuum weathered from interbedded sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam

Ck - 5 to 23 inches: fine sandy loam

Cr - 23 to 27 inches: weathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 12 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high
(0.06 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 10 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.8 inches)

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Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: R067BY045CO - Shaly Plains
Other vegetative classification: SHALY PLAINS (069AY046CO)
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Tassel

Setting

Landform: Hills
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Calcareous slope alluvium over residuum weathered from sandstone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam
C - 4 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam
Cr - 10 to 14 inches: weathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 18 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 6 to 20 inches to paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 10 percent
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s
Hydrologic Soil Group: D
Ecological site: R067BY045CO - Shaly Plains
Other vegetative classification: SHALY PLAINS (069AY046CO)
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Depressions
Hydric soil rating: Yes

86—Stoneham sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 36b2
Elevation: 5,100 to 6,500 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 15 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 155 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Stoneham and similar soils: 95 percent
Minor components: 5 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Stoneham

Setting

Landform: Hills
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Calcareous loamy alluvium

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: sandy loam
Bt - 4 to 8 inches: sandy clay loam
Btk - 8 to 11 inches: sandy clay loam
Ck - 11 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 9.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: R067BY024CO - Sandy Plains

Custom Soil Resource Report

Other vegetative classification: SANDY PLAINS (069AY026CO)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

108—Wiley silt loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 367b

Elevation: 5,200 to 6,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 14 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 155 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Wiley and similar soils: 95 percent

Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wiley

Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Calcareous silty eolian deposits

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: silt loam

Bt - 4 to 16 inches: silt loam

Bk - 16 to 60 inches: silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 9 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high
(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Custom Soil Resource Report

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 11.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: R067BY002CO - Loamy Plains

Other vegetative classification: LOAMY PLAINS (069AY006CO)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Soil Information for All Uses

Suitabilities and Limitations for Use

The Suitabilities and Limitations for Use section includes various soil interpretations displayed as thematic maps with a summary table for the soil map units in the selected area of interest. A single value or rating for each map unit is generated by aggregating the interpretive ratings of individual map unit components. This aggregation process is defined for each interpretation.

Land Management

Land management interpretations are tools designed to guide the user in evaluating existing conditions in planning and predicting the soil response to various land management practices, for a variety of land uses, including cropland, forestland, hayland, pastureland, horticulture, and rangeland. Example interpretations include suitability for a variety of irrigation practices, log landings, haul roads and major skid trails, equipment operability, site preparation, suitability for hand and mechanical planting, potential erosion hazard associated with various practices, and ratings for fencing and waterline installation.

Erosion Hazard (Road, Trail)

The ratings in this interpretation indicate the hazard of soil loss from unsurfaced roads and trails. The ratings are based on soil erosion factor K, slope, and content of rock fragments.

The ratings are both verbal and numerical. The hazard is described as "slight," "moderate," or "severe." A rating of "slight" indicates that little or no erosion is likely; "moderate" indicates that some erosion is likely, that the roads or trails may require occasional maintenance, and that simple erosion-control measures are needed; and "severe" indicates that significant erosion is expected, that the roads or trails require frequent maintenance, and that costly erosion-control measures are needed.

Numerical ratings indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the specified aspect of forestland management (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

Custom Soil Resource Report

The map unit components listed for each map unit in the accompanying Summary by Map Unit table in Web Soil Survey or the Aggregation Report in Soil Data Viewer are determined by the aggregation method chosen. An aggregated rating class is shown for each map unit. The components listed for each map unit are only those that have the same rating class as listed for the map unit. The percent composition of each component in a particular map unit is presented to help the user better understand the percentage of each map unit that has the rating presented.


Other components with different ratings may be present in each map unit. The ratings for all components, regardless of the map unit aggregated rating, can be viewed by generating the equivalent report from the Soil Reports tab in Web Soil Survey or from the Soil Data Mart site. Onsite investigation may be needed to validate these interpretations and to confirm the identity of the soil on a given site.

Custom Soil Resource Report
Map—Erosion Hazard (Road, Trail)








MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)






 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils






Soil Rating Polygons

 Very severe
 Severe
 Moderate
 Slight
 Not rated or not available


Soil Rating Lines

 Very severe
 Severe
 Moderate
 Slight
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points




 Very severe
 Severe
 Moderate
 Slight
 Not rated or not available

Water Features


 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails
 Interstate Highways

 US Routes
 Major Roads
 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
 Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 14, 2018—Sep 23, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

APPENDIX C – HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

$$I = \frac{28.5 P_1}{(10 + T_D)^{0.786}}$$

Where:

I = rainfall intensity (inches per hour)

P₁ = one-hour rainfall depth (inches) from NOAA Atlas 14

Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates, Colorado Springs, CO

T_c = storm duration (minutes)

	<u>2-yr</u>	<u>5-yr</u>	<u>10-yr</u>	<u>100-yr</u>
P ₁ =	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.75

Time Intensity Frequency Tabulation

TIME	2 YR	5 YR	10 YR	100 YR
5	3.43	4.38	5.29	9.33
10	2.73	3.49	4.22	7.44
15	2.29	2.93	3.54	6.24
30	1.58	2.02	2.45	4.31
60	1.02	1.30	1.58	2.78
120	0.63	0.80	0.97	1.71

Weighted Imperviousness Calculations - Existing Conditions

SUB-BASIN	AREA (SF)	AREA (Acres)	ROOF AREA	ROOF IMPERVIOUSNESS	ROOF				LANDSCAPE AREA	LANDSCAPE IMPERVIOUSNESS	LANDSCAPE				PAVEMENT AREA	PAVEMENT IMPERVIOUSNESS	PAVEMENT				WEIGHTED IMPERVIOUSNESS	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS			
					C2	C5	C10	C100			C2	C5	C10	C100			C2	C5	C10	C100		C2	C5	C10	C100
EX-1	451188	10.45	0	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	10.12	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.33	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	5%	0.06	0.12	0.19	0.38
EX-2	501101	11.41	0	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	11.41	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
EX-3	11114	0.24	0	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.20	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.04	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	19%	0.18	0.23	0.30	0.46
OS-1	28574	0.59	0	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.59	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
TOTAL	963,403	22.69	0.00	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	22.32	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.37	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	4%	0.04	0.10	0.18	0.37

Waterview East Commercial
Drainage Report
El Paso County, CO

3/15/2023
Calculated by: JAR

Waterview East Commercial																
Existing Runoff Calculations																
Time of Concentration					Watercourse Coefficient											
					Forest & Meadow 2.50			Short Grass Pasture & Lawns 7.00			Grassed Waterway 15.00					
					Fallow or Cultivation 5.00			Nearly Bare Ground 10.00			Paved Area & Shallow Gutter 20.00					
DESIGN POINT	SUB-BASIN DATA				INITIAL / OVERLAND TIME			TRAVEL TIME T(t)					T(c) CHECK (URBANIZED BASINS)			FINAL T(c) min.
	DRAIN BASIN	AREA sq. ft.	AREA ac.	C(5)	Length ft.	Slope %	T(i) min	Length ft.	Slope %	Coeff.	Velocity fps	T(t) min.	COMP. T(c)	TOTAL LENGTH	L/180+10	
1	EX-1	451,188	10.36	0.12	100	3.4%	12.1	742	9.7%	7.00	2.2	5.7	17.8	842	14.7	14.7
2	EX-2	501,101	11.50	0.09	100	2.8%	13.1	1710	5.6%	7.00	1.7	17.2	30.3	1810	20.1	20.1
3	EX-3	11,114	0.26	0.23	100	9.6%	7.5	40	0.6%	7.00	0.5	1.2	8.7	140	10.8	8.7
4	OS-1	28,574	0.66	0.09	34	33.0%	3.4	625	2.8%	7.00	1.2	8.9	12.3	659	13.7	12.3

Waterview East Commercial Existing Runoff Calculations (Rational Method Procedure)												
BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	EX-1	10.36	0.12	14.7	1.19	2.96	3.53				3.53	
2	EX-2	11.50	0.09	20.1	1.04	2.53	2.62				2.62	
3	EX-3	0.26	0.23	8.7	0.06	3.67	0.22				0.22	
4	OS-1	0.66	0.09	12.3	0.06	3.20	0.19				0.19	

Waterview East Commercial Existing Runoff Calculations (Rational Method Procedure)												
Design Storm 100 Year												
BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	EX-1	10.36	0.38	14.7	3.92	6.30	24.72				24.72	
2	EX-2	11.50	0.36	20.1	4.14	5.40	22.34				22.34	
3	EX-3	0.26	0.46	8.7	0.12	7.83	0.93				0.93	
4	OS-1	0.66	0.36	12.3	0.24	6.83	1.61				1.61	

Waterview East Commercial

Existing Runoff Calculations

Design Storm 10 Year

(Rational Method Procedure)

BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	EX-1	10.36	0.19	14.7	2.00	3.58	7.16					
2	EX-2	11.5	0.17	20.1	1.96	3.06	5.99					
3	EX-3	0.255	0.30	8.7	0.08	4.44	0.34					

$$I = \frac{28.5 P_1}{(10 + T_D)^{0.786}}$$

Where:

I = rainfall intensity (inches per hour)

P₁ = one-hour rainfall depth (inches) from NOAA Atlas 14

Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates, Colorado Springs, CO

T_c = storm duration (minutes)

	<u>2-yr</u>	<u>5-yr</u>	<u>10-yr</u>	<u>100-yr</u>
P ₁ =	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.75

Time Intensity Frequency Tabulation

TIME	2 YR	5 YR	10 YR	100 YR
5	3.43	4.38	5.29	9.33
10	2.73	3.49	4.22	7.44
15	2.29	2.93	3.54	6.24
30	1.58	2.02	2.45	4.31
60	1.02	1.30	1.58	2.78
120	0.63	0.80	0.97	1.71

Weighted Imperviousness Calculations

SUB-BASIN	AREA (SF)	AREA (Acres)	ROOF AREA	ROOF IMPERVIOUSNESS	ROOF				LANDSCAPE AREA	LANDSCAPE IMPERVIOUSNESS	LANDSCAPE				PAVEMENT AREA	PAVEMENT IMPERVIOUSNESS	PAVEMENT				WEIGHTED IMPERVIOUSNESS	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS			
					C2	C5	C10	C100			C2	C5	C10	C100			C2	C5	C10	C100		C2	C5	C10	C100
A1	39274	0.90	0.25	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.37	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.28	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	57%	0.48	0.52	0.56	0.67
A2	16059	0.37	0.13	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.14	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.10	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	58%	0.49	0.52	0.57	0.67
A3	16515	0.38	0.16	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.06	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.16	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	80%	0.67	0.70	0.73	0.80
A4	13339	0.31	0.16	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.15	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	95%	0.80	0.81	0.83	0.88
A5	12691	0.29	0.10	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.01	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.17	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	92%	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.88
A6	13229	0.30	0.12	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.02	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.16	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	89%	0.76	0.78	0.80	0.86
A7	17626	0.40	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.03	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.37	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	92%	0.82	0.83	0.86	0.91
A8	20134	0.46	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.03	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.43	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	94%	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.92
A9	19638	0.45	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.03	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.42	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	94%	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.92
A10	26556	0.61	0.10	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.07	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.44	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	88%	0.77	0.78	0.81	0.87
A11	11290	0.26	0.07	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.06	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.13	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	75%	0.64	0.67	0.70	0.78
A12	45715	1.05	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.23	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.82	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	79%	0.70	0.72	0.76	0.83
A13	14227	0.33	0.07	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.07	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.19	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	78%	0.68	0.70	0.73	0.81
A14	14821	0.34	0.01	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.02	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.30	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	93%	0.82	0.84	0.86	0.91
A15	19172	0.44	0.25	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.02	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.17	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	90%	0.75	0.77	0.79	0.85
A16	13705	0.31	0.04	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.04	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.23	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	85%	0.74	0.76	0.79	0.86
A17	35681	0.82	0.29	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.30	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.24	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	61%	0.52	0.55	0.59	0.69
A18	58375	1.34	0.72	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.66	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	95%	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.88
A19	26189	0.60	0.30	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.66	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	95%	0.80	0.82	0.84	0.89
A20	14910	0.34	0.34	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.66	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81
A21	21940	0.50	0.43	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.66	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	93%	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.86
A22	14829	0.34	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.34	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
A23	36700	0.84	0.15	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.69	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	-	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	18%	0.15	0.21	0.27	0.44
A24	21078	0.48	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.48	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	3%	0.04	0.10	0.18	0.36
A25	77446	1.78	0.29	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.52	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.97	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	70%	0.61	0.64	0.67	0.76
A26	187365	4.30	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.99	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	3.31	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	77%	0.69	0.71	0.75	0.82
A27	42055	0.97	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.97	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36		100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
A28	87847	2.02	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	2.02	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36		100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
A29	25004	0.57	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.11	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.47	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	82%	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.85
TOTAL	963,410	22.1	4.00	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	10.09	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	8.83	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	55%	0.48	0.51	0.56	0.67

SUB-BASIN	AREA (SF)	AREA (Acres)	ROOF AREA	ROOF IMPERVIOUSNESS	ROOF				LANDSCAPE AREA	LANDSCAPE IMPERVIOUSNESS	LANDSCAPE				PAVEMENT AREA	PAVEMENT IMPERVIOUSNESS	PAVEMENT				WEIGHTED IMPERVIOUSNESS	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS			
					C2	C5	C10	C100			C2	C5	C10	C100			C2	C5	C10	C100		C2	C5	C10	C100
OS1	9455	0.22	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.08	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.14	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	64%	0.57	0.60	0.64	0.74

This usually indicates there's a circular reference somewhere in your formulas. Please verify there are no issues.

Watercourse Coefficient																
Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report					Forest & Meadow		2.50	Short Grass Pasture & Lawns		7.00	Grassed Waterway					15.00
Proposed Runoff Calculations					Fallow or Cultivation		5.00	Nearly Bare Ground		10.00	Paved Area & Shallow Gutter					20.00
Time of Concentration																
DESIGN POINT	SUB-BASIN DATA				INITIAL / OVERLAND TIME			TRAVEL TIME T(t)				T(t) min.	T(c) CHECK (URBANIZED BASINS)			FINAL T(c) min.
	DRAIN BASIN	AREA sq. ft.	AREA ac.	C(5)	Length ft.	Slope %	T(i) min	Length ft.	Slope %	Coeff.	Velocity fps		COMP. T(c)	TOTAL LENGTH	L/180+10	
1	A1	39,274	0.90	0.52	100	7.6%	5.4	110	1.0%	20.00	2.0	0.9	6.3	210	11.2	6.3
2	A2	16,059	0.37	0.52	60	15.6%	3.3	20	3.1%	20.00	3.5	0.1	5.0	80	10.4	5.0
3	A3	16,515	0.38	0.70	70	7.5%	3.2	70	1.6%	20.00	2.5	0.5	5.0	140	10.8	5.0
4	A4	13,339	0.31	0.81	100	0.8%	5.7	23	0.8%	20.00	1.8	0.2	5.9	123	10.7	5.9
5	A5	12,691	0.29	0.80	60	3.0%	2.9	65	2.8%	20.00	3.3	0.3	5.0	125	10.7	5.0
6	A6	13,229	0.30	0.78	100	1.0%	5.9	38	1.0%	20.00	2.0	0.3	6.2	138	10.8	6.2
7	A7	17,626	0.40	0.83	50	2.6%	2.5	216	1.4%	20.00	2.4	1.5	5.0	266	11.5	5.0
8	A8	20,134	0.46	0.85	50	3.2%	2.2	218	2.1%	20.00	2.9	1.3	5.0	268	11.5	5.0
9	A9	19,638	0.45	0.85	50	3.6%	2.1	216	2.9%	20.00	3.4	1.1	5.0	266	11.5	5.0
10	A10	26,556	0.61	0.78	80	3.1%	3.5	220	3.4%	20.00	3.7	1.0	5.0	300	11.7	5.0
11	A11	11,290	0.26	0.67	100	0.8%	8.6	63	1.1%	20.00	2.1	0.5	9.1	163	10.9	9.1
12	A12	45,715	1.05	0.72	100	0.5%	8.7	388	2.8%	20.00	3.3	1.9	10.6	488	12.7	10.6
13	A13	14,227	0.33	0.70	20	0.2%	5.6	92	2.0%	20.00	2.8	0.5	6.1	112	10.6	6.1
14	A14	14,821	0.34	0.84	100	0.5%	6.0	134	0.8%	20.00	1.8	1.2	7.2	234	11.3	7.2
15	A15	19,172	0.44	0.77	60	1.0%	4.7	30	3.0%	20.00	3.5	0.1	5.0	90	10.5	5.0
16	A16	13,705	0.31	0.76	100	2.0%	4.9	329	1.7%	20.00	2.6	2.1	7.0	429	12.4	7.0
17	A17	35,681	0.82	0.55	100	0.5%	12.7	300	0.9%	20.00	1.9	2.6	15.3	400	12.2	12.2
18	A18	58,375	1.34	0.81	100	2.7%	3.8	269	1.4%	20.00	2.4	1.9	5.7	369	12.1	5.7
19	A19	26,189	0.60	0.82	50	3.1%	2.5	240	2.3%	20.00	3.0	1.3	5.0	290	11.6	5.0
20	A20	14,910	0.34	0.73	100	0.5%	8.5	222	0.8%	20.00	1.8	2.1	10.6	322	11.8	10.6
21	A21	21,940	0.50	0.78	100	1.6%	5.0	156	0.8%	20.00	1.8	1.5	6.5	256	11.4	6.5
22	A22	14,829	0.34	0.09	100	1.4%	16.5	247	1.5%	20.00	2.4	1.7	18.2	347	11.9	11.9
23	A23	36,700	0.84	0.21	100	2.0%	13.0	201	4.8%	7.00	1.5	2.2	15.2	301	11.7	11.7
24	A24	21,078	0.48	0.10	100	1.9%	14.8	116	7.0%	7.00	1.9	1.0	15.8	216	11.2	11.2

Waterview East Commercial
Drainage Report
El Paso County, CO

5/23/2023
Calculated by:JAR

Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report Proposed Runoff Calculations Time of Concentration																
					Forest & Meadow 2.50 Short Grass Pasture & Lawns 7.00 Grassed Waterway 15.00 Fallow or Cultivation 5.00 Nearly Bare Ground 10.00 Paved Area & Shallow Gutter 20.00											
DESIGN POINT	SUB-BASIN DATA				INITIAL / OVERLAND TIME			TRAVEL TIME T(t)				T(c) CHECK (URBANIZED BASINS)				FINAL T(c) min.
	DRAIN BASIN	AREA sq. ft.	AREA ac.	C(5)	Length ft.	Slope %	T(i) min	Length ft.	Slope %	Coeff.	Velocity fps	T(t) min.	COMP. T(c)	TOTAL LENGTH	L/180+10	
25	A25	77,446	1.78	0.64	60	15.0%	2.7	60	2.0%	7.00	1.0	1.0	5.0	120	10.7	5.0
26	A26	187,365	4.30	0.71	100	6.1%	3.9	1220	3.0%	7.00	1.2	16.8	20.7	1320	17.3	17.3
27	A27	42,055	0.97	0.09	100	11.3%	8.2	670	1.8%	7.00	0.9	11.9	20.1	770	14.3	14.3
28	A28	87,847	2.02	0.09	50	4.9%	7.7	148	3.9%	7.00	1.4	1.8	9.5	198	11.1	9.5
29	A29	25,004	0.57	0.75	36	3.0%	2.7	625	2.8%	8.00	1.3	7.8	10.5	661	13.7	10.5

Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report
Proposed Runoff Calculations
(Rational Method Procedure)

Design Storm **5 Year**

BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	A1	0.90	0.52	6.3	0.47	4.10	1.91				1.91	
2	A2	0.37	0.52	5.0	0.19	4.38	0.85				0.85	
3	A3	0.38	0.70	5.0	0.26	4.38	1.15				1.15	
4	A4	0.31	0.81	5.9	0.25	4.18	1.04				1.04	
5	A5	0.29	0.80	5.0	0.23	4.38	1.02				1.02	
6	A6	0.30	0.78	6.2	0.24	4.12	0.97				0.97	
7	A7	0.40	0.83	5.0	0.34	4.38	1.48				1.48	
8	A8	0.46	0.85	5.0	0.39	4.38	1.72				1.72	
9	A9	0.45	0.85	5.0	0.38	4.38	1.68				1.68	
10	A10	0.61	0.78	5.0	0.48	4.38	2.09				2.09	
11	A11	0.26	0.67	9.1	0.17	3.62	0.62				0.62	
12	A12	1.05	0.72	10.6	0.76	3.41	2.59				2.59	
13	A13	0.33	0.70	6.1	0.23	4.13	0.94				0.94	
14	A14	0.34	0.84	7.2	0.29	3.92	1.12				1.12	
15	A15	0.44	0.77	5.0	0.34	4.38	1.48				1.48	
16	A16	0.31	0.76	7.0	0.24	3.97	0.95				0.95	
17	A17	0.82	0.55	12.2	0.45	3.22	1.44				1.44	
18	A18	1.34	0.81	5.7	1.08	4.22	4.57				4.57	
19	A19	0.60	0.82	5.0	0.49	4.38	2.14				2.14	
20	A20	0.34	0.73	10.6	0.25	3.41	0.85				0.85	
21	A21	0.50	0.78	6.5	0.49	4.07	1.99				1.99	
22	A22	0.34	0.09	11.9	0.03	3.25	0.10				0.10	
23	A23	0.84	0.21	11.7	0.17	3.27	0.57				0.57	
24	A24	0.48	0.10	11.2	0.05	3.33	0.16				0.16	

Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report

Proposed Runoff Calculations

Design Storm 5 Year

(Rational Method Procedure)

BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
25	A25	1.78	0.64	5.0	1.13	4.38	4.95				4.95	
26	A26	4.30	0.71	17.3	3.07	2.73	8.38				8.38	
27	A27	0.97	0.09	14.3	0.09	2.99	0.26				1.74	
28	A28	2.02	0.09	9.5	0.18	3.56	0.65				0.65	
29	A29	0.57	0.75	10.5	0.43	3.43	1.47				1.47	

Missing Basin OS-1

Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report
Proposed Runoff Calculations
(Rational Method Procedure)

Design Storm **100 Year**

BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	A1	0.90	0.67	6.3	0.60	8.73	5.28				5.28	
2	A2	0.37	0.67	5.0	0.25	9.33	2.32				2.32	
3	A3	0.38	0.80	5.0	0.30	9.33	2.82				2.82	
4	A4	0.31	0.88	5.9	0.27	8.90	2.40				2.40	
5	A5	0.29	0.88	5.0	0.26	9.33	2.39				2.39	
6	A6	0.30	0.86	6.2	0.26	8.77	2.29				2.29	
7	A7	0.40	0.91	5.0	0.37	9.33	3.44				3.44	
8	A8	0.46	0.92	5.0	0.43	9.33	3.98				3.98	
9	A9	0.45	0.92	5.0	0.42	9.33	3.88				3.88	
10	A10	0.61	0.87	5.0	0.53	9.33	4.95				4.95	
11	A11	0.26	0.78	9.1	0.20	7.71	1.56				1.56	
12	A12	1.05	0.83	10.6	0.87	7.26	6.32				6.32	
13	A13	0.33	0.81	6.1	0.26	8.80	2.32				2.32	
14	A14	0.34	0.91	7.2	0.31	8.36	2.60				2.60	
15	A15	0.44	0.85	5.0	0.37	9.33	3.48				3.48	
16	A16	0.31	0.86	7.0	0.27	8.45	2.27				2.27	
17	A17	0.82	0.69	12.2	0.57	6.85	3.88				3.88	
18	A18	1.34	0.88	5.7	1.18	9.00	10.60				10.60	
19	A19	0.60	0.89	5.0	0.53	9.33	4.96				4.96	
20	A20	0.34	0.81	10.6	0.28	7.28	2.02				2.02	
21	A21	0.50	0.86	6.5	0.54	8.67	4.65				4.65	
22	A22	0.34	0.36	11.9	0.12	6.93	0.85				0.85	
23	A23	0.84	0.44	11.7	0.37	6.98	2.59				2.59	
24	A24	0.48	0.36	11.2	0.18	7.11	1.25				1.25	

Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report Proposed Runoff Calculations (Rational Method Procedure) Design Storm 100 Year												
BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
25	A25	1.78	0.76	5.0	1.35	9.33	12.61				12.61	
26	A26	4.30	0.82	17.3	3.53	5.83	20.58				20.58	
27	A27	0.97	0.36	14.3	0.35	6.38	2.23				5.79	
28	A28	2.02	0.36	9.5	0.73	7.59	5.51				5.51	
29	A29	0.57	0.85	10.5	0.49	7.30	3.56				3.56	

Missing Basin OS-1

Waterview East Commercial
Drainage Report
El Paso County, CO

5/23/2023
Calculated by:JAR

Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report												
Proposed Runoff Calculations				Design Storm 10 Year								
(Rational Method Procedure)												
BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	A1	0.902	0.56	6.3	0.51	4.95	2.51				2.51	
2	A2	0.369	0.57	5.0	0.21	5.29	1.11				1.11	
3	A3	0.379	0.73	5.0	0.28	5.29	1.46				1.46	
4	A4	0.306	0.83	5.9	0.25	5.05	1.29				1.29	
5	A5	0.291	0.82	5.0	0.24	5.29	1.27				1.27	
6	A6	0.304	0.80	6.2	0.24	4.98	1.21				1.21	
7	A7	0.405	0.86	5.0	0.35	5.29	1.84				1.84	
8	A8	0.462	0.87	5.0	0.40	5.29	2.14				2.14	
9	A9	0.451	0.87	5.0	0.39	5.29	2.08				2.08	
10	A10	0.61	0.81	5.0	0.49	5.29	2.62				2.62	
11	A11	0.259	0.70	9.1	0.18	4.38	0.79				0.79	
12	A12	1.049	0.76	10.6	0.79	4.12	3.27				3.27	
13	A13	0.327	0.73	6.1	0.24	4.99	1.19				1.19	
14	A14	0.34	0.86	7.2	0.29	4.74	1.39				1.39	
15	A15	0.44	0.79	5.0	0.35	5.29	1.84				1.84	
16	A16	0.315	0.79	7.0	0.25	4.79	1.19				1.19	
17	A17	0.819	0.59	12.2	0.48	3.89	1.88				1.88	
18	A18	1.34	0.83	5.7	1.11	5.11	5.67				5.67	
19	A19	0.601	0.84	5.0	0.50	5.29	2.66				2.66	
20	A20	0.342	0.75	10.6	0.26	4.13	1.06				1.06	
21	A21	0.504	0.80	6.5	0.50	4.92	2.47				2.47	
22	A22	0.34	0.17	11.9	0.06	3.93	0.23				0.23	
23	A23	0.843	0.27	11.7	0.23	3.96	0.91				0.91	
24	A24	0.484	0.18	11.2	0.09	4.03	0.34				0.34	

Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report												
Proposed Runoff Calculations				Design Storm 10 Year								
(Rational Method Procedure)												
BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
25	A25	1.778	0.67	5.0	1.20	5.29	6.33				6.33	
26	A26	4.301	0.75	17.3	3.21	3.30	10.61				10.61	
27	A27	0.965	0.17	14.3	0.16	3.62	0.60				0.60	
28	A28	2.017	0.17	9.5	0.34	4.31	1.48				1.48	

Table 6-6. Runoff coefficient equations based on NRCS soil group and storm return period

NRCS Soil Group	Storm Return Period					
	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	25-Year	50-Year	100-Year
A	$C_A = 0.89i$	$C_A = 0.93i$	$C_A = 0.94i$	$C_A = 0.944i$	$C_A = 0.95i$	$C_A = 0.81i + 0.154$
B	$C_B = 0.89i$	$C_B = 0.93i$	$C_B = 0.81i + 0.125$	$C_B = 0.70i + 0.23$	$C_B = 0.59i + 0.364$	$C_B = 0.49i + 0.454$
C/D	$C_{C/D} = 0.89i$	$C_{C/D} = 0.87i + 0.052$	$C_{C/D} = 0.74i + 0.2$	$C_{C/D} = 0.64i + 0.31$	$C_{C/D} = 0.54i + 0.418$	$C_{C/D} = 0.45i + 0.508$

ROOF						
NRCS Soil Group	Storm Return Period					
	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	25-Year	50-Year	100-Year
A	0.80	0.84	0.85	0.85	0.86	0.88
B						
C/D						

I (%)	
ROOF	90.00%
LANDSCAPE	2.00%
PAVEMENT	100.00%

Soil Type
A
B
C/D

LANDSCAPE						
NRCS Soil Group	Storm Return Period					
	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	25-Year	50-Year	100-Year
A	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.17
B						
C/D						

PAVEMENT						
NRCS Soil Group	Storm Return Period					
	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	25-Year	50-Year	100-Year
A	0.89	0.93	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.96
B						
C/D						

APPENDIX D – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

Include this table back into appendix with pond calculations

Waterview East - Tributary Drainage Basins				
Pond ID	Tributary Basins	Impervious Area	Total Area	% Impervious
Pond 1	A22, PD-1	1.3	2.75	47.3%
Pond 2	A1-A16, PD-2	6.1	7.76	78.6%
Pond 3	A17-A21, PD-3	3.63	4.1	88.5%
Total		11.03	14.61	75.5%

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Basin ID: EDB A22



Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	3.95	acres
Watershed Length =	630	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	290	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.038	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	79.01%	percent
Hydrologic Soil Group A =	80.0%	percent
Hydrologic Soil Group B =	20.0%	percent
Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Detention Time (min) =	40.0	minutes
1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

79.2%

Optional User Overrides

Water Quality Capture volume (WQCV) =	0.106	acre-feet			acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.396	acre-feet			acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.01 in.) =	0.000	acre-feet		1.01	inches
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.29 in.) =	0.000	acre-feet		1.29	inches
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.56 in.) =	0.000	acre-feet		1.56	inches
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.000	acre-feet		2.00	inches
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.000	acre-feet		2.25	inches
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.75 in.) =	0.000	acre-feet		2.75	inches
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.14 in.) =	0.000	acre-feet			inches
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.229	acre-feet			
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.302	acre-feet			
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.377	acre-feet			
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.493	acre-feet			
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.533	acre-feet			
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.626	acre-feet			

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.106	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.290	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.229	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.626	acre-feet
Initial Surge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft ³
Initial Surge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H_{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H_{TC}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S_{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S_{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio ($R_{L/W}$) =	user	

Initial Surcharge Area (A_{ISV})	=	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISV})	=	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISV})	=	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin (H_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN})	=	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN})	=	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{TOTAL})	=	user	acre-feet

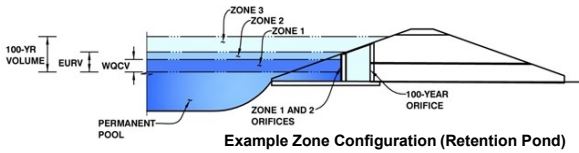
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DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A22



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.90	0.106	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	2.75	0.290	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	3.87	0.229	Weir&Pipe (Rect.)
Total (all zones)		0.626	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = N/A ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter = N/A inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area = N/A ft²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid = N/A feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

Invert of Lowest Orifice = 0.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = 2.75 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = 3.00 inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = 1.21 sq. inches (diameter = 1-1/4 inches)

WQ Orifice Area per Row = 8.403E-03 ft²
Elliptical Half-Width = N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid = N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Area = N/A ft²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.20	0.40	0.60	0.80	1.00	1.20	1.40
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	1.60	1.80	2.00	2.20	2.40	2.60		
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.21		

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

Invert of Vertical Orifice = Not Selected ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice = Not Selected ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter = Not Selected inches

Vertical Orifice Area = Not Selected ft²
Vertical Orifice Centroid = Not Selected feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Gate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe)

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected		Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H _o	3.50	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Height of Gate Upper Edge, H _g	4.50	N/A
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length	5.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Weir Slope Length	4.12	N/A
Overflow Weir Gate Slope	4.00	N/A	H:V	Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area	57.39	N/A
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides	4.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris	14.35	N/A
Overflow Grate Type	Type C Grate	N/A		Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris	7.17	N/A
Debris Clogging %	50%	N/A	%			

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Zone 3 Rectangular	Not Selected		Zone 3 Rectangular	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe	1.00	N/A	ft	Orifice Area	0.25	N/A
Rectangular Orifice Width	18.00	N/A	in	Orifice Centroid	0.08	N/A
Rectangular Orifice Height	2.00	N/A	in	Orifice in Pipe	N/A	N/A

Need to explain in report where and how inflow hydrograph was obtained

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Can't have pre-development flows of 0.0 cfs. Please update spreadsheet

Spillway Invert Stage = 4.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length = 5.00 feet
Spillway End Slopes = 4.00 H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface = 1.00 feet

Spillway Design Flow Depth = 0.26 acres
Stage at Top of Freeboard = 0.90 acre-ft
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = 0.26 acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = 0.90 acre-ft

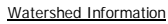
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period	N/A	N/A	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.00	2.25	2.75	3.14
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in)	0.106	0.396	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft)	N/A	N/A	0.233	0.308	0.380	0.519	0.597	0.763	0.890
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre)	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Peak Inflow Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A	4.5	5.8	7.1	10.1	11.7	15.0	17.4
Peak Outflow Q (cfs)	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	1.8	3.2
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q	N/A	N/A	N/A	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Structure Controlling Flow	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Gate 1 (fps)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.1
Max Velocity through Gate 2 (fps)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours)	35	36	38	38	37	36	35	33	31
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours)	40	45	45	46	46	46	46	45	44
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft)	0.90	2.75	1.56	1.95	2.31	2.94	3.28	3.82	4.09
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres)	0.13	0.19	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.19	0.20	0.22	0.23
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft)	0.106	0.398	0.197	0.259	0.319	0.434	0.499	0.614	0.677

Needs to meet 40 hours

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Basin ID: EDB A23

Location for 1 hr Rainfall Depths = User Input

Optional User Overrides

Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume = 1.005

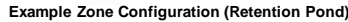
	acre-feet
	acre-feet
1.01	inches
1.29	inches
1.56	inches
2.00	inches
2.25	inches
2.75	inches
	inches

Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R_{LW}) = user

Volume of main basin (V_{MAIN}) =	user
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) =	user

[illegible]

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

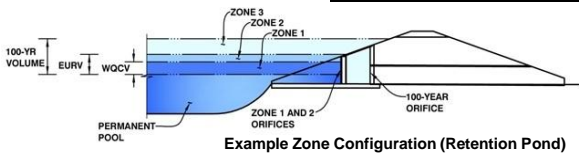
Basin ID: Pond 1 Pond A24

5/23/2023, 5:10 PM

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Project: Waterview East Commercial
Basin ID: Pond 1



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WOCV)	1.01	0.042	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	2.60	0.101	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	3.78	0.108	Weir&Pipe (Rect.)
Total (all zones)		0.251	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WOCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter = inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area = ft²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid = feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WOCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

Invert of Lowest Orifice = 0.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = 2.60 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = 10.40 inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = 0.63 sq. inches (diameter = 7/8 inch)

WQ Orifice Area per Row = 4.375E-03 ft²
Elliptical Half-Width = N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid = N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Area = N/A ft²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.87	1.73					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.63	0.63	0.63					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

	Not Selected	Not Selected
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A

ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
inches

	Not Selected	Not Selected
Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A

ft²
feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Gate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe)

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H _o =	2.60	N/A
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	3.00	N/A
Overflow Weir Gate Slope =	3.00	N/A
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	1.00	N/A
Overflow Gate Type =	Type C Gate	N/A
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A

ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
feet
H:V
feet
%
%

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected
Height of Gate Upper Edge, H ₁ =	2.93	N/A
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	1.05	N/A
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =		N/A
Overflow Gate Open Area w/o Debris =	2.20	N/A
Overflow Gate Open Area w/ Debris =	1.10	N/A

feet
feet
feet
ft²
ft²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Zone 3 Rectangular	Not Selected
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =		N/A
Rectangular Orifice Width =		N/A
Rectangular Orifice Height =		N/A

ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
inches
inches

	Zone 3 Rectangular	Not Selected
Outlet Orifice Area =		N/A
Outlet Orifice Centroid =		N/A
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	N/A	N/A

ft²
feet
radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Invert Stage =	3.80
Spillway Crest Length =	3.00
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00

ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
feet
H:V
feet

Spillway Design Flow Depth =	0.63
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	5.43
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.13
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	0.40

feet
feet
acres
acre-ft

Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WOCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period	N/A	N/A	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.00	2.25	2.75	3.14
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in)	N/A	N/A	0.042	0.143	0.090	0.121	0.155	0.237	0.279
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft)	N/A	N/A	0.090	0.121	0.155	0.237	0.279	0.376	0.446
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft)	N/A	N/A	0.090	0.121	0.155	0.237	0.279	0.376	0.446
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.5	2.1	3.4	4.2
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre)	N/A	N/A	0.01	0.02	0.14	0.69	0.94	1.49	1.87
Peak Inflow Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A	1.7	2.2	2.9	4.7	5.5	7.5	8.9
Peak Outflow Q (cfs)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.8	1.3	2.6	3.7
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9
Structure Controlling Flow	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Plate	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Gate 1 (fps)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Max Velocity through Gate 2 (fps)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours)	37	54	49	52	56	54	53	50	48
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours)	40	60	53	58	62	62	61	59	58
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft)	1.01	2.60	1.74	2.17	2.61	3.08	3.28	3.70	3.90
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres)	0.05	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.11
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft)	0.042	0.144	0.082	0.111	0.144	0.184	0.202	0.242	0.264

Needs to meet 40 hours

Ratio should be closer to 1.0

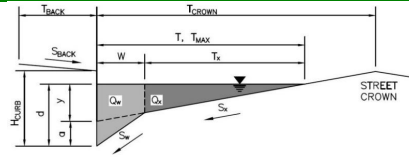
Does not match volume required from sheet 1

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A1

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

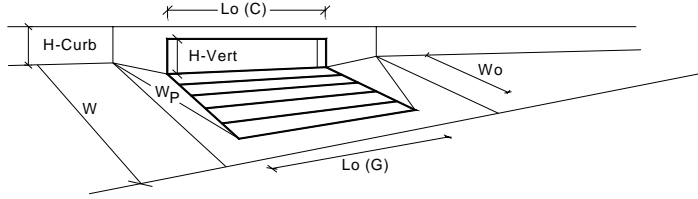
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

Type C & D inlets need to be run as area inlet in a swale, not street scenario. Inlet calcs will be reviewed on next submittal. Calculations for cross pans will need to be provided either now or with FDR. Indicate in report, when they will be provided.

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



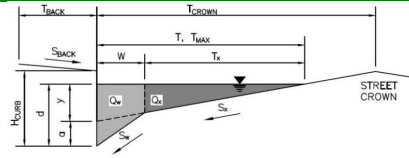
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.72	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.5	2.5	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.9	5.3	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A2

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

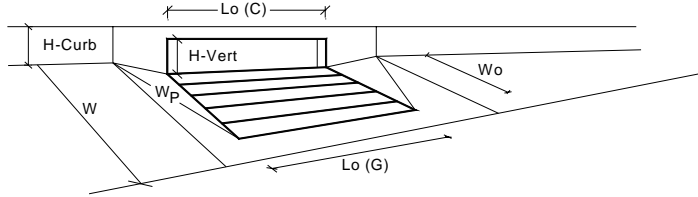
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



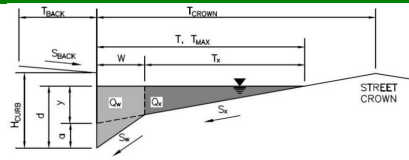
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.72	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_a =	2.5	2.5	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	0.9	2.3	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A3

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

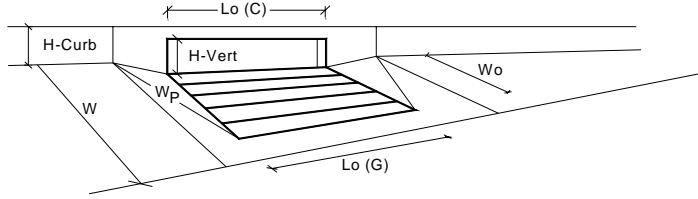
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



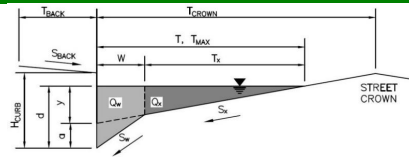
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.72	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.5	2.5	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.2	2.8	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A4

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK}	=	12.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=		ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.020	

H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.0	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.020	ft/ft
S_w	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_0	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX}	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

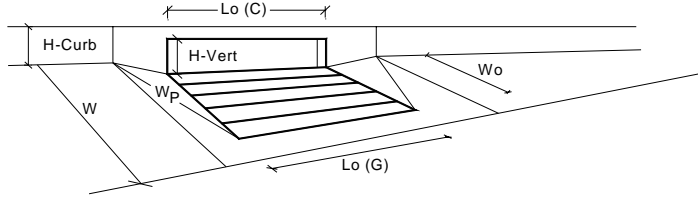
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



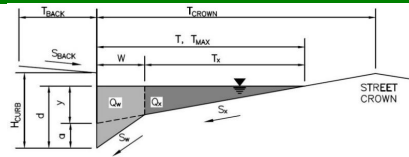
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.72	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_a =	2.5	2.5	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.0	2.4	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A5

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

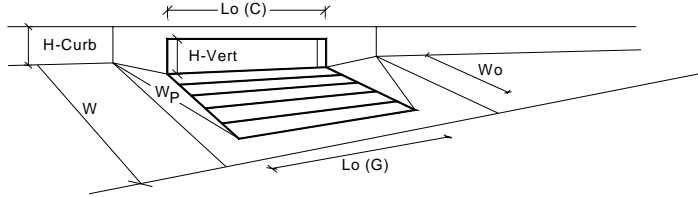
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



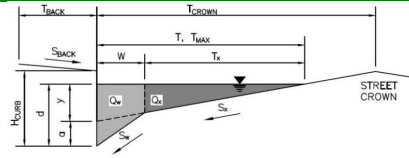
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	5.1	5.1	inches
Grate Information			MINOR	MAJOR	Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C_r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L_o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C_r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	0.18	0.18	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_a =	2.6	2.6	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.0	2.4	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A6

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

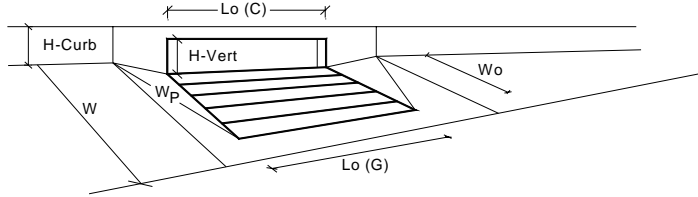
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



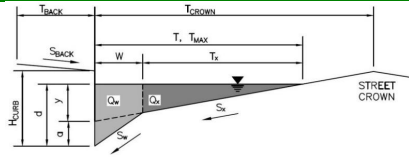
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.72	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_a =	2.5	2.5	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.0	2.3	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A7

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK}	=	12.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=		ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.020	

H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.0	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.020	ft/ft
S_y	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_0	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX}	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

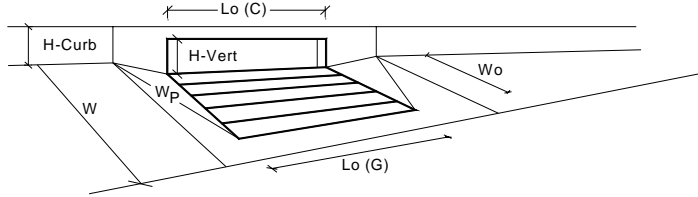
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



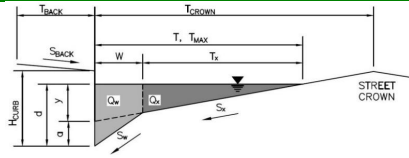
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.5	3.4	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A8

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

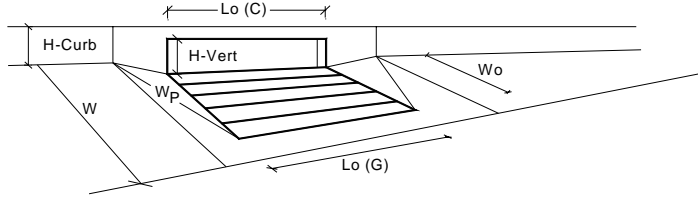
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



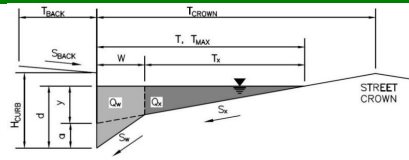
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.7	4.0	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A9

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	12.0	ft
$S_{BACK} =$		ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	12.0	ft
$W =$	3.00	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_0 =$	0.000	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	12.0	12.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

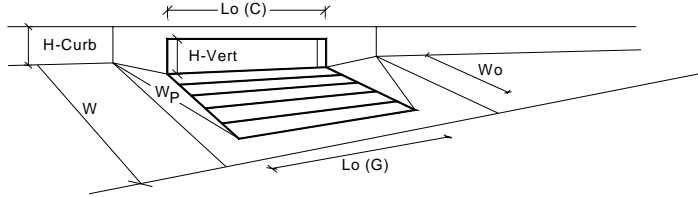
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



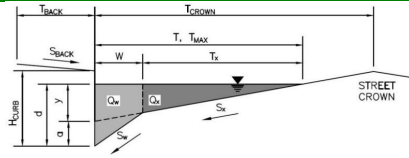
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.7	3.9	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A10

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK}	=	12.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=		ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.020	

H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.0	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.020	ft/ft
S_w	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_0	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX}	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

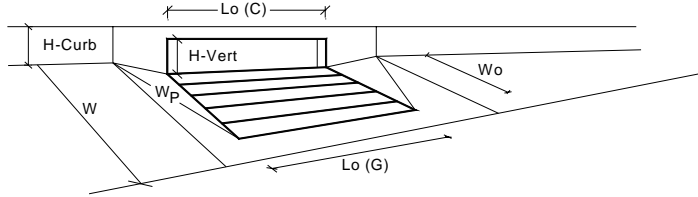
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



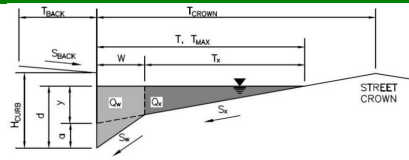
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Grate		L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C_r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L_o (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C_r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	0.25	0.25	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	0.93	0.93	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_a =	6.1	6.1	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	2.1	5.0	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A11

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK}	=	12.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=		ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.020	

H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.0	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.020	ft/ft
S_y	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_0	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm		
T_{MAX}	=	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX}	=	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

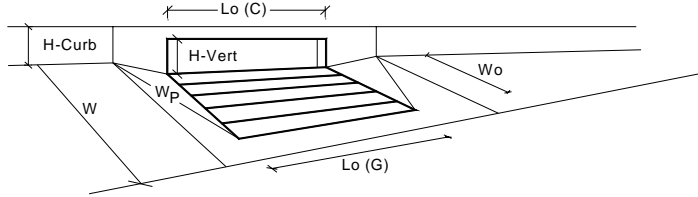
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm		
Q_{allow}	=	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



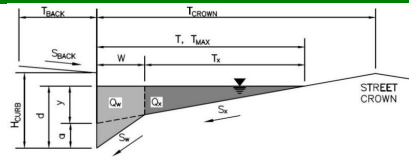
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.72	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_a =	2.5	2.5	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	0.6	1.6	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A12

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_X =	0.020	ft/ft
S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

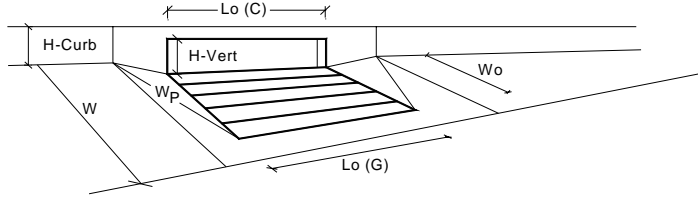
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



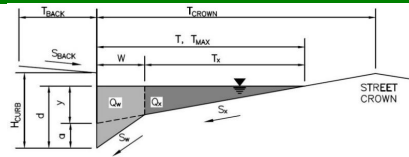
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Grate		L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C_r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L_o (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C_r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	0.25	0.25	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	0.93	0.93	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		MINOR		MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	6.1	6.1	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	2.6	6.3	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A13

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK}	=	12.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=		ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.020	

H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.0	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.020	ft/ft
S_y	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_0	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	=	12.0	12.0
d_{MAX}	=	6.0	6.0
			ft
			inches

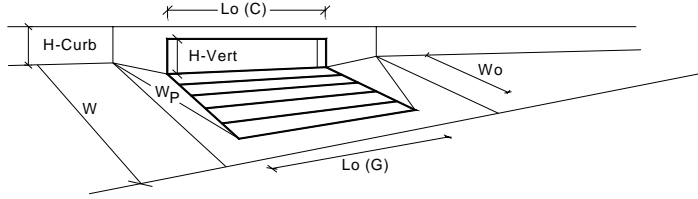
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	=	SUMP	SUMP
			cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



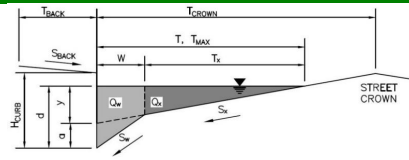
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	0.9	2.3	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A14

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_y =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

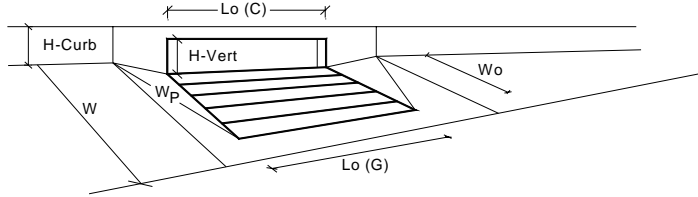
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



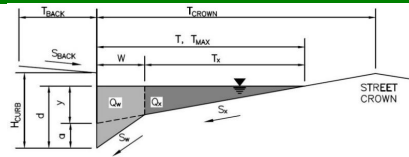
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.1	2.6	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A15

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 12.0$ ft
 $S_{BACK} =$ ft/ft
 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
 $T_{CROWN} = 12.0$ ft
 $W = 3.00$ ft
 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $S_y = 0.083$ ft/ft
 $S_0 = 0.000$ ft/ft
 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	12.0	12.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

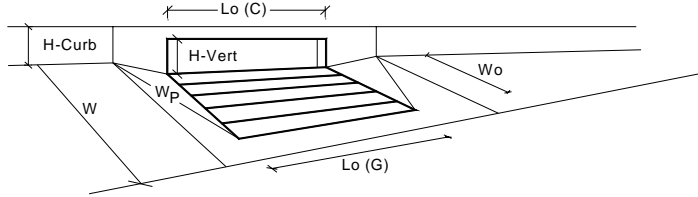
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

$Q_{allow} =$

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



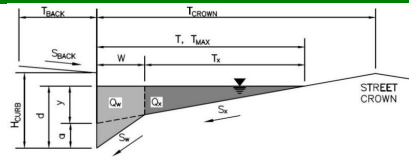
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.5	3.5	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A16

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	12.0	ft
$S_{BACK} =$		ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	12.0	ft
$W =$	3.00	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_0 =$	0.000	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	12.0	12.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

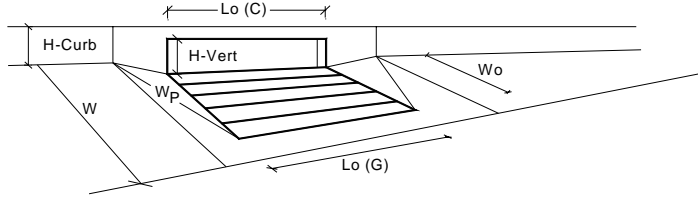
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



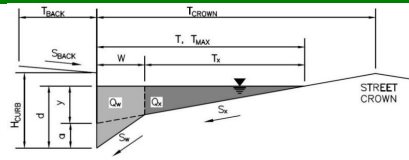
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.0	2.3	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A17

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft
S_o =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

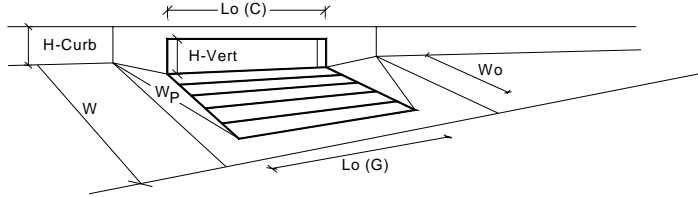
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



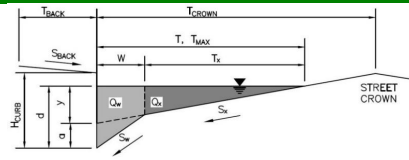
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	1.4	3.9	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A18

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	12.0	ft
$S_{BACK} =$		ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	12.0	ft
$W =$	3.00	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_0 =$	0.000	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	12.0	12.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

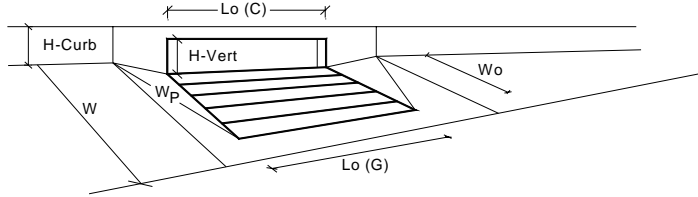
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



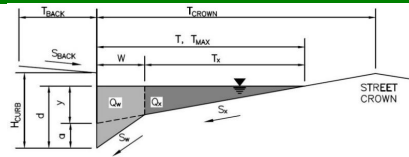
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G)$ =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_r (G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G)$ =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G)$ =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_r (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Minor and Major Storms		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	4.6	10.6	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A19

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK}	=	12.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=		ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.020	

H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.0	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.020	ft/ft
S_y	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_0	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX}	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

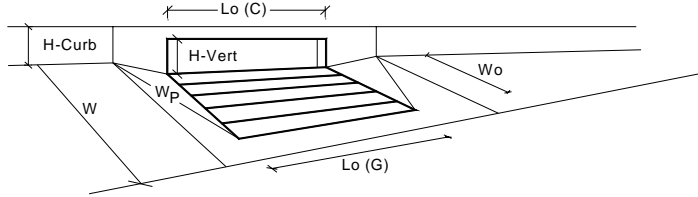
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



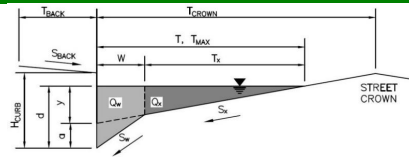
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C Grate	Type =	CDOT Type C Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	0.00	0.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L_o (G) =	2.92	2.92	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	2.92	2.92	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	0.70	0.70	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C_r (G) =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C_w (G) =	2.41	2.41	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C_o (G) =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L_o (C) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C_r (C) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C_w (C) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C_o (C) =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	0.38	0.38	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	0.95	0.95	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Minor and Major Storms		Q_a =	2.0	2.0	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	2.1	5.0	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A25

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK}	=	12.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=		ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.020	

H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.0	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.020	ft/ft
S_w	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_0	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX}	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

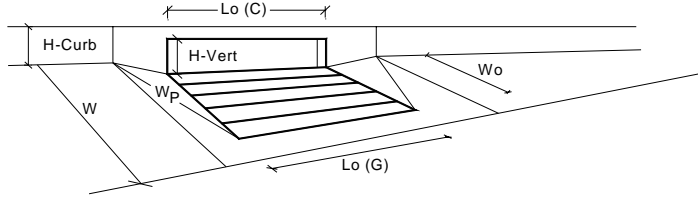
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



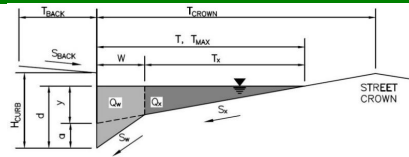
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	0.25	0.25	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	0.93	0.93	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		MINOR		MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm		Q _a =	6.1	6.1	cfs
		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	5.0	12.6	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A26

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
W =	3.00	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft
S_0 =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

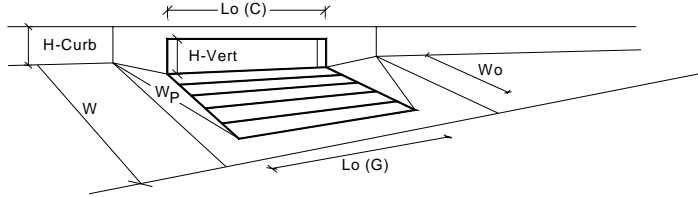
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

Include back in from last report,
analysis of existing inlet in
Frontside Drive.

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C_r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L_o (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C_r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	0.25	0.25	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	0.93	0.93	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Minor and Major Storms		Q_a =	6.1	6.1	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	9.0	24.1	cfs

Provide calculations for
curb cut at A22

A21 CURB CUT

Project Description	
Solve For	Crest Length
Input Data	
Discharge	4.65 cfs
Headwater Elevation	0.50 ft
Crest Elevation	0.00 ft
Tailwater Elevation	0.00 ft
Weir Coefficient	$3.33 \text{ ft}^{1/2}/\text{s}$
Number Of Contractions	0
Results	
Crest Length	3.9 ft
Headwater Height Above Crest	0.50 ft
Tailwater Height Above Crest	0.00 ft
Flow Area	2.0 ft^2
Velocity	2.35 ft/s
Wetted Perimeter	4.9 ft
Top Width	3.95 ft

APPENDIX E – SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS



ENTECH
ENGINEERING, INC.

505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80907
PHONE (719) 531-5599
FAX (719) 531-5238

May 25, 2022

Waterview Commercial Investors, LLC
2727 Glen Arbor Drive
Colorado Springs, CO 80920

Attn: Heath Herber

Re: Preliminary Subsurface Soils Investigation
Waterview Commercial Site
Powers Boulevard and Bradley Road
El Paso County, Colorado

Dear Mr. Herber:

As requested, personnel of Entech Engineering, Inc. performed a Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation at the above referenced site. The site is a vacant parcel to be developed located on the southeast corner of Powers Boulevard and Bradley Road in south central El Paso County, Colorado. The site is indicated on the Vicinity Map, Figure 1. This letter presents the results of our soils investigation, laboratory tests, and preliminary recommendations for construction.

SITE CONDITIONS:

The site is currently undeveloped and the slope is gradual and generally trending to the east/southeast, with the north and west edges of the property sloping moderately towards the streets. Portions of the site have been used as dump sites and vegetation is absent in the northeast corner of the site due to recent grading. The rest consists of field grasses and weeds, and yucca. Previous site uses consist of agricultural grazing.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The project is to consist of developing a 22-acre parcel into a multi-use commercial development.

FIELD INVESTIGATION AND LABORATORY TESTING PROGRAM:

The subsurface conditions on this site were investigated by drilling seven (7) exploratory test borings across the site in the approximate building locations. The approximate locations of the test borings are indicated on the Test Boring Location Map, Figure 2.

The test borings were advanced with a power-driven continuous flight auger drilling rig to depths of 20 feet below the existing ground surface. Samples were obtained during drilling using the Standard Penetration Test, ASTM D-1586, utilizing a California sampler. Results of the Standard Penetration Tests are shown on the Test Boring Logs. The Test Boring Logs are presented in Appendix A.

Water Content, ASTM D-2216, was obtained in the laboratory for the recovered samples. Grain-Size Analysis, ASTM D-422, and determination of Atterberg Limits, ASTM D-4318, were performed on samples for the purposes of classification. Volume change testing was performed on selected samples using the Swell/Consolidation Test (ASTM D-4546) in order to evaluate potential expansion/compression characteristics of the soil and bedrock. Sulfate testing was

performed to determine the corrosive potential of the soils. Laboratory test results are summarized in Table 1 and presented in Appendix B.

SOIL AND GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS:

Two soil types and one bedrock type were encountered in the test borings drilled for the preliminary subsurface investigation: Type 1: native silty to very silty sand (SM), Type 2: sandy clay (CL), and Type 3: native sandy claystone bedrock (CL). The soils were classified in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) using the laboratory testing results and the observations made during drilling.

Soil Type 1 classified as silty to very silty sand (SM). The sand was encountered in six of the seven test borings at the ground surface or 3 feet bgs and extending to depths ranging from 9 to 17 feet bgs or to the termination of borings (20 feet). Standard Penetration Testing on the sand resulted in N-values ranging from 10 to 43 bpf, indicating medium dense to dense states. Water content and grain size testing resulted in water contents of 2 to 8 percent, with 20 to 47 percent of the soil size particles passing the No. 200 sieve. Atterberg Limits testing on the sand resulted in no values. The sand is anticipated to exhibit low to negligible expansion potential. Sulfate testing resulted in less than 0.01 percent soluble sulfate by weight, indicating negligible potential for below grade concrete degradation due to sulfate attack.

Soil Type 2 classified as native sandy clay (CL). The native clay was encountered in five of the test borings at depths ranging from the ground surface to 17 feet bgs and extending to 3 feet or to the termination of the borings (20 feet). Standard Penetration Testing on the clay resulted in N-values of 12 to 36 blows per foot, indicating firm to very stiff consistencies. Water content and grain size testing resulted in water contents of 7 to 18 percent, with 81 to 85.5 percent of the soil size particles passing the No. 200 sieve. Atterberg Limits Testing resulted a liquid limit of 33 percent and a plastic index of 14 percent. Swell/Consolidation Testing on two samples of the sandy clay resulted in volume changes of -0.4 to 1.4 percent indicating a low consolidation potential and a low to moderate expansion potential. Sulfate testing resulted in less than 0.01 percent soluble sulfate by weight, indicating negligible potential for below grade concrete degradation due to sulfate attack.

Soil Type 3 classified as native sandy claystone bedrock (CL). The claystone was encountered in Test Boring Nos. 1, 2, and 3 at 14 to 18 feet bgs and extending to the termination of the boring (20 feet bgs). Standard Penetration Testing on the claystone resulted in N-values of 50 to greater than 50 blows per foot, indicating hard consistencies. Water content and grain size testing resulted in water contents of 10 to 14 percent moisture content, with 84 percent of the soil size particles passing the No. 200 sieve. Atterberg Limits Testing resulted in a liquid limit of 43 and a plastic index of 24 percent. Swell/Consolidation Testing resulted in a volume change of 2.1 percent indicating a moderate potential for expansion. Sulfate testing resulted in less than 0.01 percent soluble sulfate by weight, which indicates a negligible potential for below grade concrete degradation due to sulfate attack. The claystone in this area typically has high sulfate levels.

Additional soil descriptions are presented on the enclosed drill logs. (Appendix A). A Summary of Laboratory Test Results is presented in Table 1. Laboratory test results are included in Appendix B. The soils were classified using the results of the laboratory testing, the Unified Soil

Classification System (USCS), and visual classification. The soil types are expected to vary across the site. Also, stratification lines shown on the logs represent the approximate boundary between soil types and the actual transition are expected to be gradual and vary with location.

Groundwater was not encountered in any of the test borings which were drilled to 20 feet. This indicates that groundwater will have little effect on shallow foundations proposed for the site depending on final grades and depth of excavations. Groundwater conditions may vary due to variations in rainfall, drainage and other factors not readily apparent at this time. Development of the property, adjacent properties and associated changes in runoff can affect the groundwater surface elevations.

PRELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

Grading plans were not available at the time of this investigation. The soils in the test borings generally consisted of silty sand and sandy clay overlying claystone bedrock. Bedrock was encountered in three of the test borings at depths of 14 to 18 feet. The clay soils (Test Boring No. 2) will likely require overexcavation. The sandy site soils are suitable to support shallow foundations in their in-situ condition. The foundations should rest entirely on similar bearing soils, medium dense silty sand or on reworked and recompacted on-site granular sands, or structural fill.

Expansive clays encountered will require mitigation, which may include overexcavation and replacement with non-expansive soils or drilled pier foundations. Additionally, loose or soft soils, if encountered beneath foundations, will require overexcavation and recompaction or replacement and potential stabilization. The estimated extent of removal/recompaction or overexcavation should be evaluated after additional drilling is completed, when grading plans are available. The final extent of removal/recompaction or overexcavation should be determined at the time of excavation observations.

Shallow foundations bearing on reworked on-site granular soils, native medium dense sand soils, or structural fill are anticipated for this site. Exterior footings should extend a minimum of 30 inches below the adjacent exterior site grade for frost protection. Drilled piers are a suitable alternative to overexcavation.

Groundwater is not expected to be encountered in shallow foundation excavations depending on final grades and depths of excavations. However, groundwater conditions may vary. Excavation of clay and sand soils will be moderate with rubber-tired equipment, the hard claystone bedrock where encountered will likely require track-mounted equipment.

ON-GRADE FLOOR SLABS:

If standard spread footing foundations are used, any grade supported floor slabs should be separated from other structural components and utility penetrations to allow for possible future vertical movement unless designed as part of the foundation. Uncontrolled fills, and expansive clays at or near slabs grade will require overexcavation. Control joints in grade-supported slabs are recommended at 10 to 15-foot perpendicular spacings to control cracking. We anticipate perimeter drains are not necessary for slab-on-grade construction provided the slabs are positioned above finished exterior site grade, irrigation is minimized and foundation wall backfill is properly placed.

On-grade floor slabs should not be considered unless slab movement can be tolerated. If slab movement cannot be tolerated, then structural floors should be considered.

PRELIMINARY CONCRETE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Sulfate solubility testing was conducted on select samples recovered from the test borings to evaluate the potential for sulfate attack on concrete placed below surface grade. The test results indicated less than 0.01 percent soluble sulfate (by weight). These test results indicate that the sulfate component of the in-place soils present a negligible exposure threat to concrete placed below the site grade. Type II cement is recommended for the soils which pose a negligible to moderate threat, which will include imported structural fill materials. We recommend additional sulfate testing as the site is developed as high sulfate levels are common in this area.

To further avoid concrete degradation during construction it is recommended that concrete not be placed on frozen or wet ground. Care should be taken to prevent the accumulation or ponding of water in the foundation excavation prior to the placement of concrete. If standing water is present in the foundation excavation, it should be removed by ditching to sumps and pumping the water away from the foundation area prior to concrete placement. If concrete is placed during periods of cold temperatures, the concrete must be kept from freezing. This may require covering the concrete with insulated blankets and adding heat to prohibit freezing.

SITE GRADING:

Any areas to receive fill should have all topsoil, organic material or debris removed. Fill must be properly benched and compacted to minimize potentially unstable conditions in slope areas. Completed slopes should be 3:1 or flatter if constructed without reinforcing. Flatter slopes may be required depending upon specific conditions. The ground surface should be scarified, and moisture conditioned to within ± 2 percent of optimum moisture content and compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of its maximum Standard Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-698, prior to placing new fill.

New fill should be placed in thin lifts not to exceed 6 inches after compaction while maintaining at least 95 percent of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557 for granular soils and 95 percent of its maximum Standard Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-698 for cohesive soils. These materials should be placed at a moisture content conducive to compaction, usually ± 2 percent of Proctor optimum moisture content. The placement and compaction of fill should be observed and tested by Entech during construction. Entech should approve any import materials prior to hauling them to the site.

ADDITIONAL SUBSURFACE SOIL INVESTIGATIONS:

Additional subsurface soil investigations are recommended when building locations and grading plans are determined. The individual open foundation excavations should also be observed prior to construction of the foundation in order to verify that no anomalies are present, that materials at the proper design bearing capacity have been encountered, no unsuitable fill soils are present, and that no soft or loose spots or debris are present in the foundation area. Final

Waterview Commercial Investors, LLC
Preliminary Subsurface Soils Investigation
Powers Boulevard and Bradley Road
El Paso County, Colorado

drainage recommendations should also be determined at the time of the excavation observations.

CLOSURE:

The Preliminary Subsurface Investigation, geotechnical evaluation and recommendations presented in this report are intended for use by Waterview Commercial Investors, LLC for the subject site. The borings were located to provide preliminary recommendations, variations in site subsurface conditions not indicated on the borings should be anticipated. Preliminary grading plans with respect to the soils encountered can be evaluated once plans become available. Additional subsurface investigation and testing is recommended to further evaluate the site after development plans are prepared.

In conducting the preliminary subsurface investigation, laboratory testing, engineering evaluation and reporting, Entech Engineering, Inc. endeavored to work in accordance with generally accepted professional geotechnical and geologic practices and principles consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the geotechnical profession currently practicing in same locality and under similar conditions. No other warranty, expressed or implied is made.

If there are any questions regarding the information provided herein or if Entech Engineering, Inc. can be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully Submitted,

ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC.



Stuart Wood
Geologist

LLL/am

Entech Job No. 220689
AAPProjects/2022/220689 pssi



Reviewed by:


Joseph C. Goode, Jr., P.E.
President

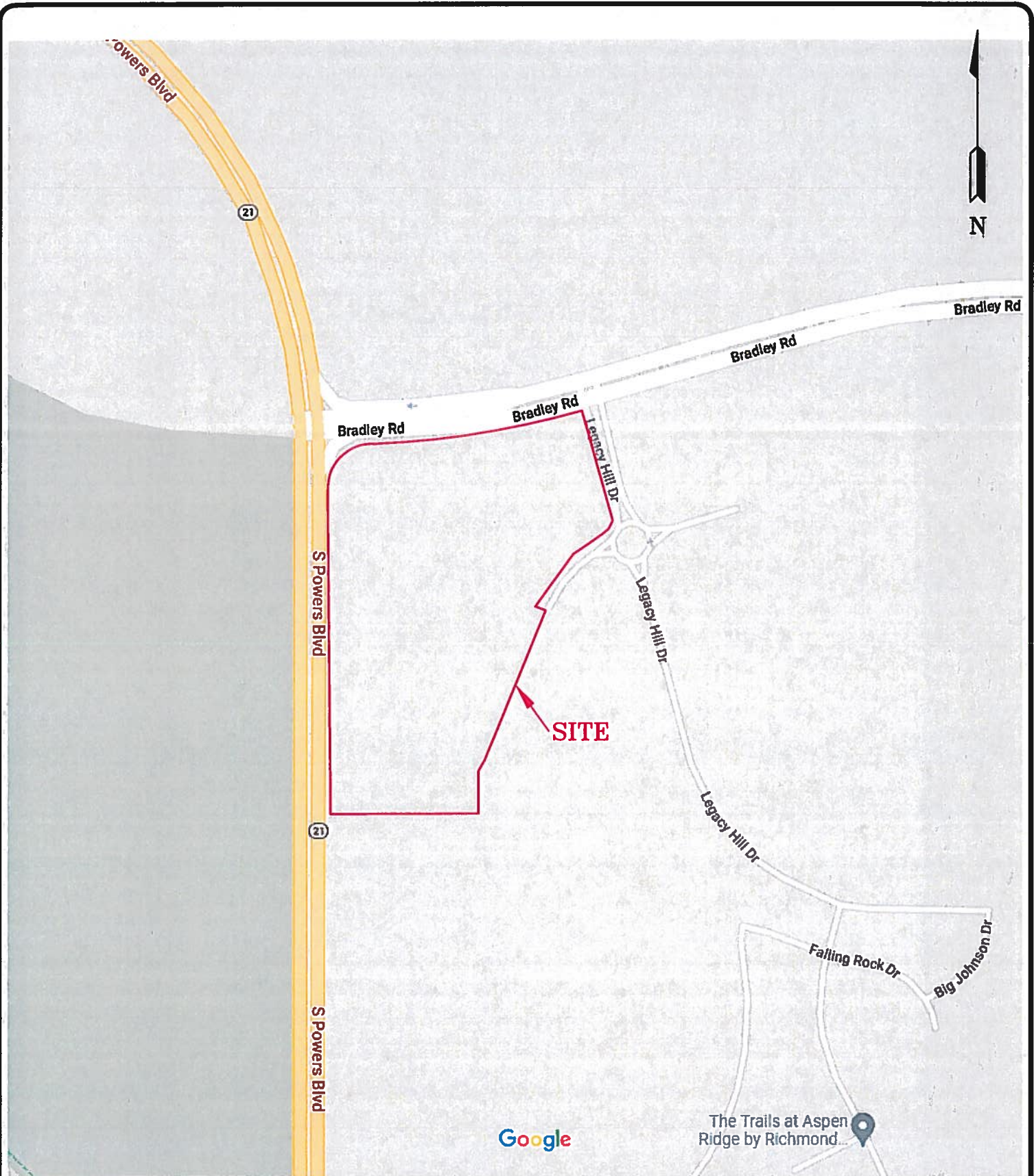
TABLE

TABLE 1
SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

CLIENT WATerview COMMERCIAL
PROJECT WATerview EAST DEV.
JOB NO. 220689

SOIL TYPE	TEST BORING NO.	DEPTH (FT)	WATER (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	LIQUID LIMIT (%)	PLASTIC INDEX (%)	SULFATE (WT %)	FHA SWELL (PSF)	SWELL/ CONSOL (%)	UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION
1	3	2-3			21.7	NV	NP	<0.01			SM	SAND,S ILTY
1	4	5			47.1						SM	SAND, VERY SILTY
1	5	10			20.2						SM	SAND, SILTY
2	2	5	9.7	89.9	81.7	33	14	<0.01		-0.4	CL	CLAY, SANDY
2	6	20	21.9	100.5	81.4					1.4	CL	CLAY, SANDY
2	7	2-3			85.5						CL	CLAY, SANDY
3	1	15	13.9	109.6	84.4	43	24	<0.01		2.1	CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY

FIGURES



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585 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5399

VICINITY MAP
WATerview EAST DEVELOPMENT
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO.
FOR: WATerview COMMERCIAL INVESTORS, LLC

DRAWN:
JAC

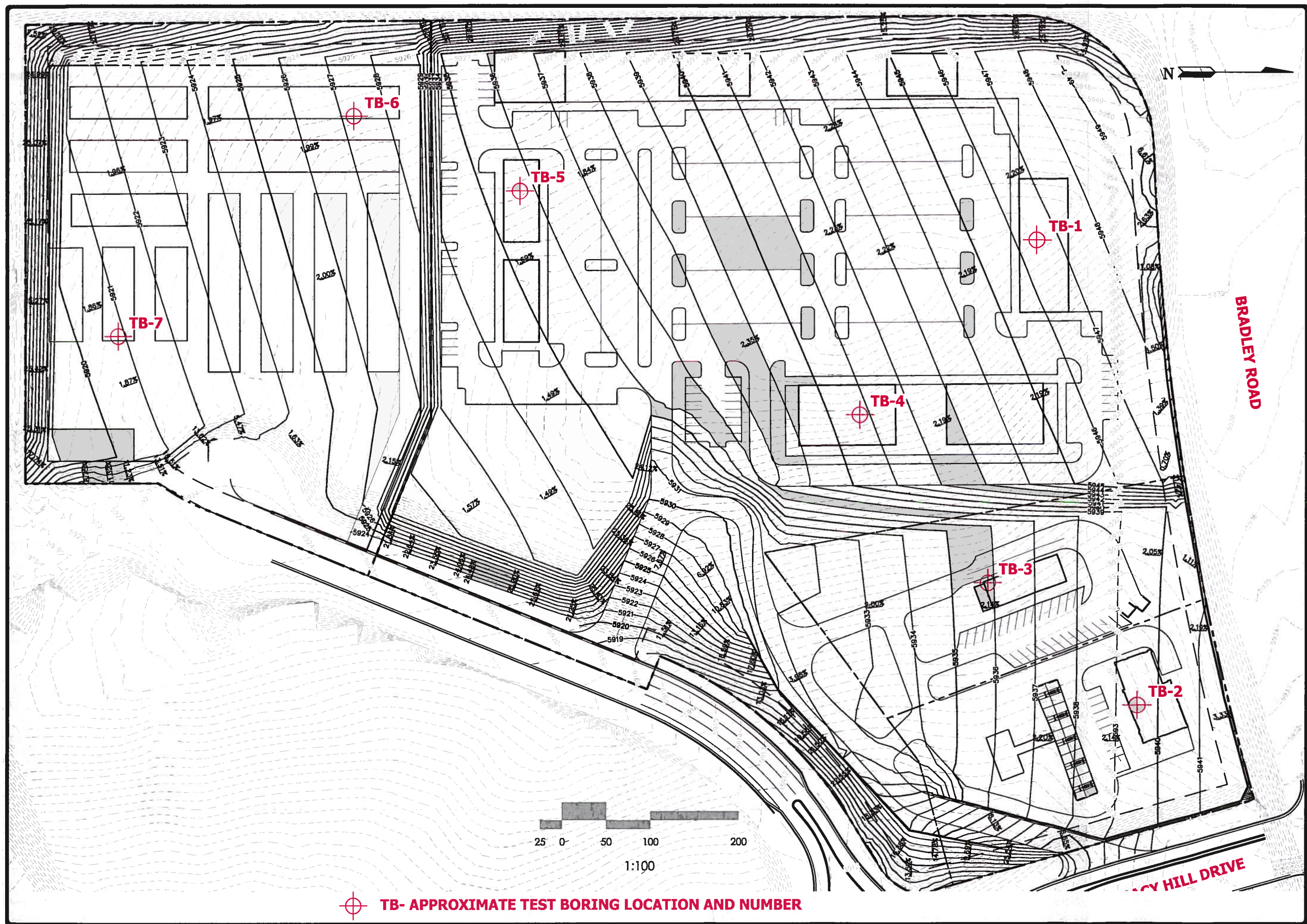
DATE:
4/29/22

CHECKED:
DPS

DATE:

JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:
1



REVISION	BY

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505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907
(719) 531-5599

TEST BORING LOCATION MAP
WATERVIEW EAST DEVELOPMENT
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO.
FOR: WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL INVESTORS, LLC

DATE	4/29/22
SCALE	1:100
JOB NO.	220689
7500' N.	2

APPENDIX A: Test Boring Logs

TEST BORING NO. 1
 DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
 Job # 220689

TEST BORING NO. 2
 DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
 CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
 LOCATION WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	REMARKS	Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
DRY TO 18', 4/14/22							DRY TO 17', 4/14/22						
SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN, DENSE, DRY TO MOIST				35	2.1	1	CLAY, SANDY, DARK BROWN, STIFF TO FIRM, MOIST				15	6.9	2
	5			31	4.9	1		5			22	7.1	2
CLAY, SANDY, BROWN, VERY STIFF, MOIST	10			34	8.4	2		10			13	11.5	2
CLAYSTONE, SANDY, BROWN, HARD, MOIST	15			50 11"	11.1	3		15			17	13.8	2
	20			50	12.3	3	CLAYSTONE, SANDY, BROWN, HARD, MOIST	20			50 2"	10.3	3



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: SW

DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.:
 220689

FIG NO.:
 A- 1

TEST BORING NO. 3
 DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
 Job # 220689

TEST BORING NO. 4
 DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
 CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
 LOCATION WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

REMARKS

DRY TO 18', 4/14/22

SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM
 GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE,
 DRY TO MOIST

CLAY, SANDY, GRAY BROWN,
 VERY STIFF, MOIST

CLAYSTONE, SANDY, GRAY
 BROWN, HARD, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			10	2.8	1
5			14	4.2	1
10			36	12.3	2
15			50 9"	13.4	3
20			50	13.7	3

REMARKS

DRY TO 18', 4/14/22

SAND, VERY SILTY TO SILTY,
 FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN,
 MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5			21	5.3	1
5			12	5.1	1
10			28	3.0	1
15			16	3.4	1
20			19	3.5	1



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: SW

DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.:
 220689

FIG NO.:
 A- 2

TEST BORING NO. 5
 DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
 Job # 220689

TEST BORING NO. 6
 DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
 CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
 LOCATION WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

REMARKS

DRY TO 19', 4/14/22

SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM
 GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE,
 DRY TO MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
			29	2.4	1
5			25	2.0	1
10			21	2.6	1
15			16	3.5	1
20			17	5.5	1

REMARKS

DRY TO 19', 4/14/22

SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM
 GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE,
 MOIST

CLAY, SANDY, BROWN, STIFF,
 MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
			17	4.2	1
5			17	3.7	1
10			25	3.6	1
15			43	4.3	1
20			26	17.3	2



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TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: SW

DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.:
 220689

FIG NO.:
 A- 3

TEST BORING NO. 7
 DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
 Job # 220689

TEST BORING NO.
 DATE DRILLED
 CLIENT
 LOCATION WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
 WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

REMARKS

DRY TO 18.5', 4/14/22

CLAY, SANDY, TAN, FIRM,
 MOIST

SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM
 GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE
 TO DENSE, MOIST

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
			12	18.5	2
5			22	6.0	1
10			23	3.0	1
15			40	3.9	1
20			32	8.6	1

REMARKS

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5					
10					
15					
20					



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 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: SW

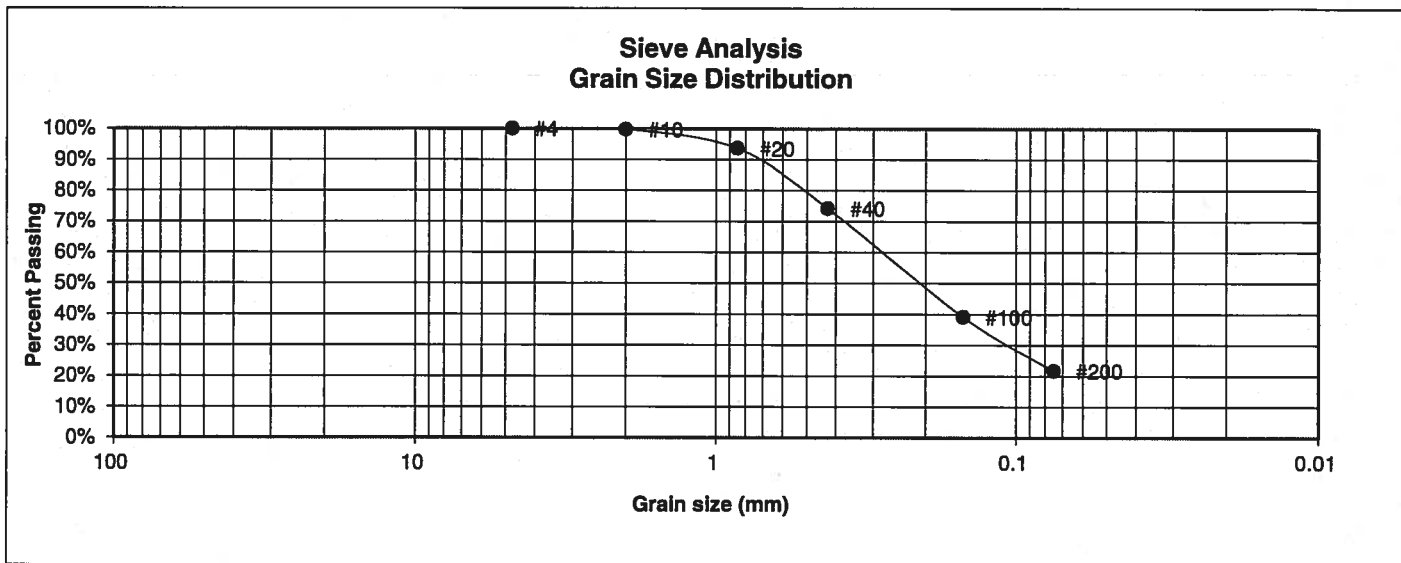
DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.:
 220689

FIG NO.:
 A- 4

APPENDIX B: Laboratory Test Results

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	SM	<u>CLIENT</u>	WATerview COMMERCIAL
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	1	<u>PROJECT</u>	WATerview EAST DEV.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	3	<u>JOB NO.</u>	220689
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	2-3	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.7%
20	93.6%
40	74.1%
100	39.1%
200	21.7%

<u>Atterberg Limits</u>	
Plastic Limit	NP
Liquid Limit	NV
Plastic Index	NP

<u>Swell</u>	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

SW

DATE:

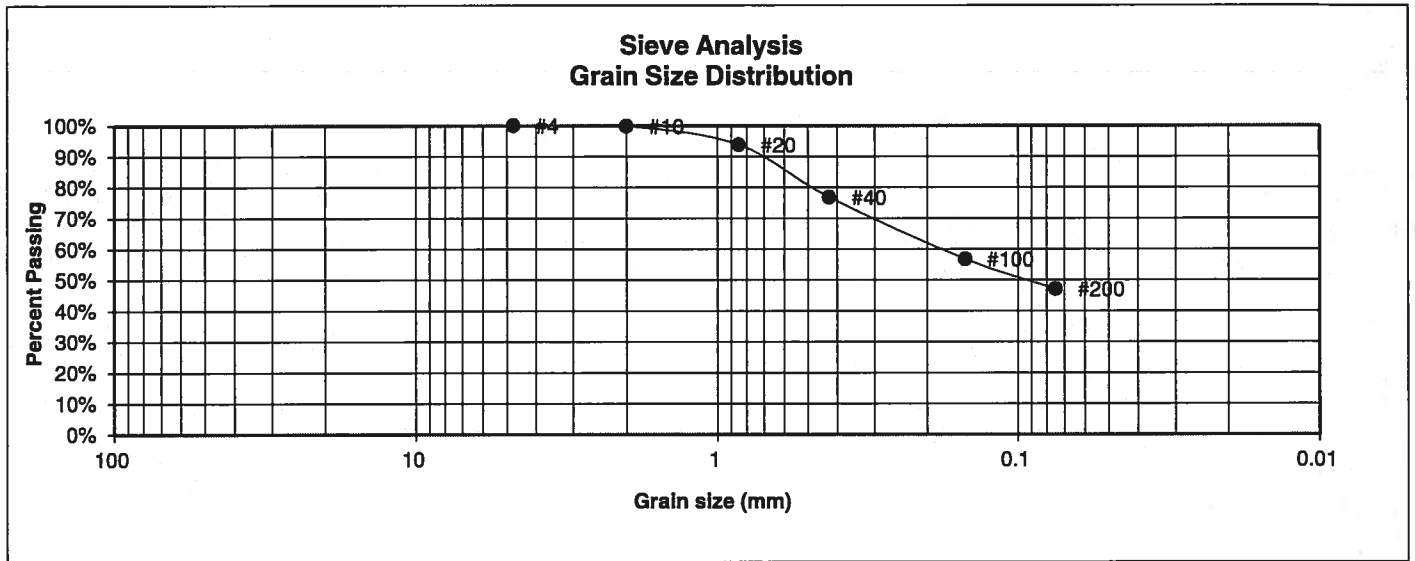
4-26-22

JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:

B-1

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	SM	<u>CLIENT</u>	WATerview COMMERCIAL
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	1	<u>PROJECT</u>	WATerview EAST DEV.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	4	<u>JOB NO.</u>	220689
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	5	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL



U.S.
Sieve #

Percent
Finer

Atterberg
Limits

Plastic Limit
Liquid Limit
Plastic Index

3"

1 1/2"

3/4"

1/2"

3/8"

4

10

20

40

100

200

100.0%

99.9%

93.8%

76.8%

56.8%

47.1%

Swell

Moisture at start

Moisture at finish

Moisture increase

Initial dry density (pcf)

Swell (psf)



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**LABORATORY TEST
RESULTS**

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

SW

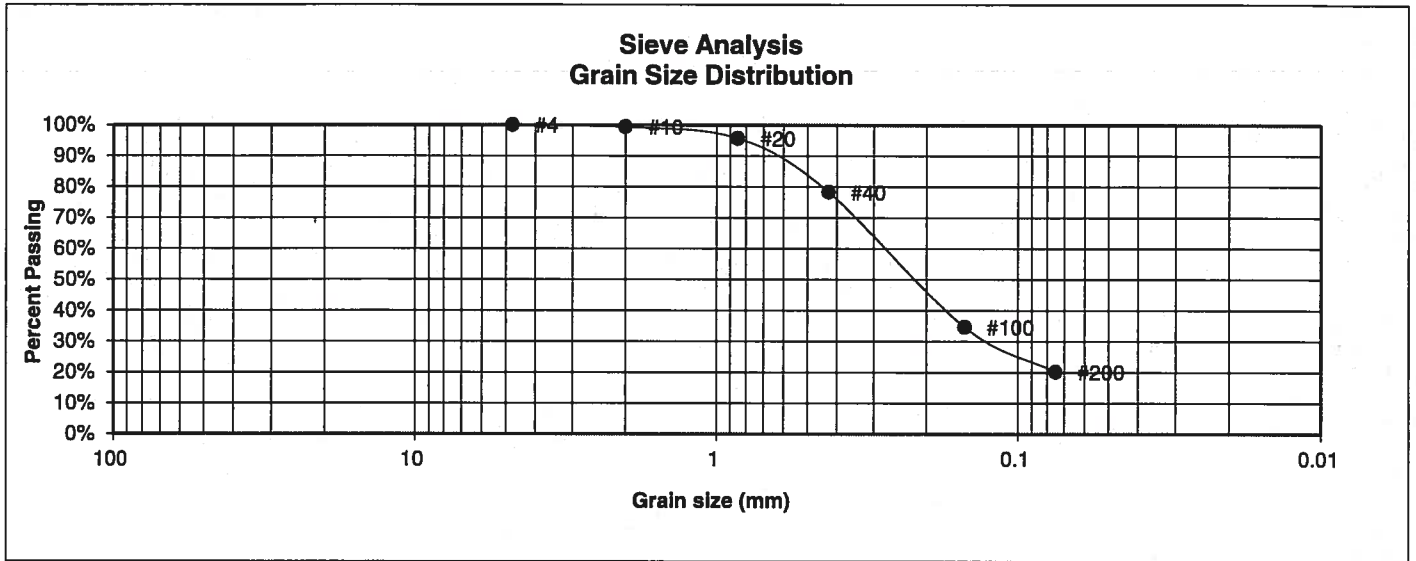
4-26-22

JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:

B-2

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	SM	<u>CLIENT</u>	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	1	<u>PROJECT</u>	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	5	<u>JOB NO.</u>	220689
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	10	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.4%
20	95.7%
40	78.3%
100	34.7%
200	20.2%

Atterberg
Limits
Plastic Limit
Liquid Limit
Plastic Index

Swell
Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)



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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

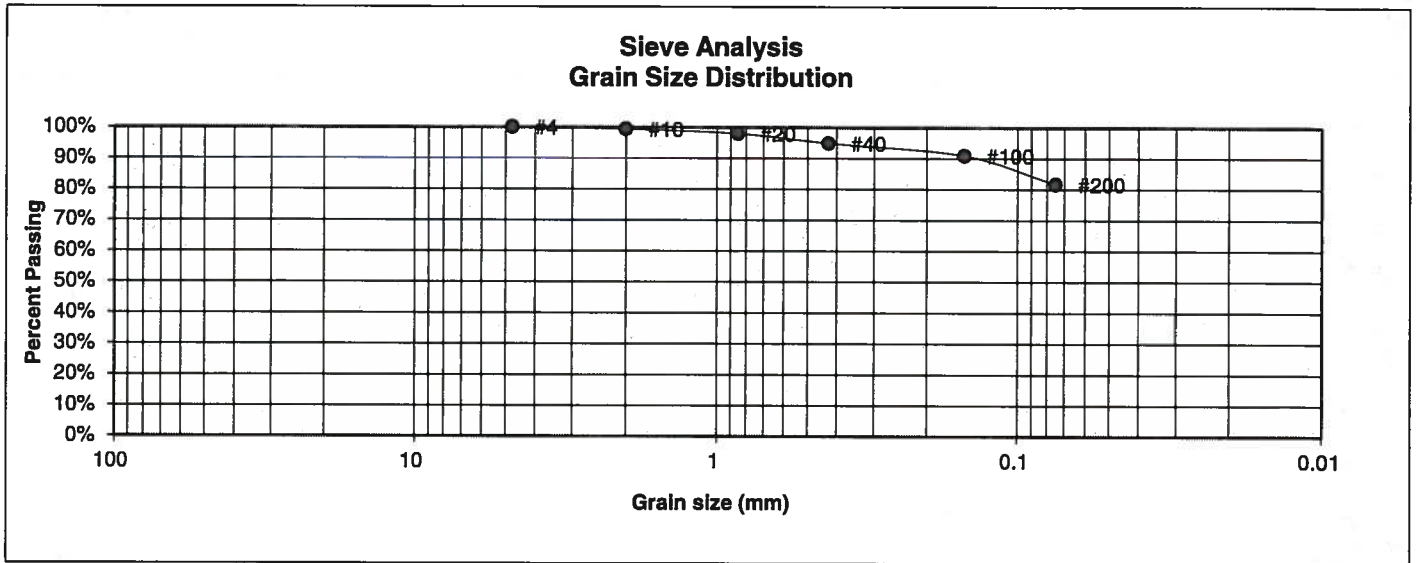
CHECKED: *SW*

DATE: *4-26-22*

JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:
B-3

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	CL	<u>CLIENT</u>	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	2	<u>PROJECT</u>	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	2	<u>JOB NO.</u>	220689
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	5	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.4%
20	98.0%
40	94.8%
100	90.9%
200	81.7%

<u>Atterberg Limits</u>	
Plastic Limit	19
Liquid Limit	33
Plastic Index	14

<u>Swell</u>	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



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LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *SW*

DATE:

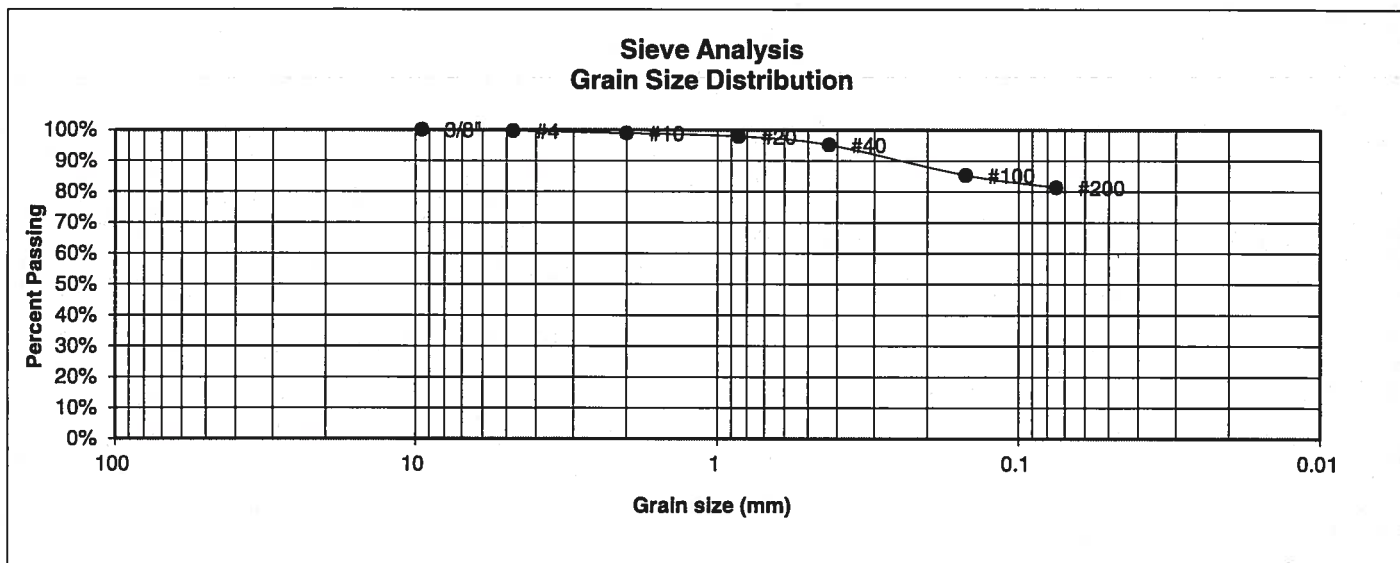
4-26-22

JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:

B-4

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	CL	<u>CLIENT</u>	WATerview COMMERCIAL
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	2	<u>PROJECT</u>	WATerview EAST DEV.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	6	<u>JOB NO.</u>	220689
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	20	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	99.6%
10	98.9%
20	97.9%
40	95.2%
100	85.3%
200	81.4%

Atterberg
Limits
Plastic Limit
Liquid Limit
Plastic Index

Swell
Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)



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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *SW*

DATE: *4-26-22*

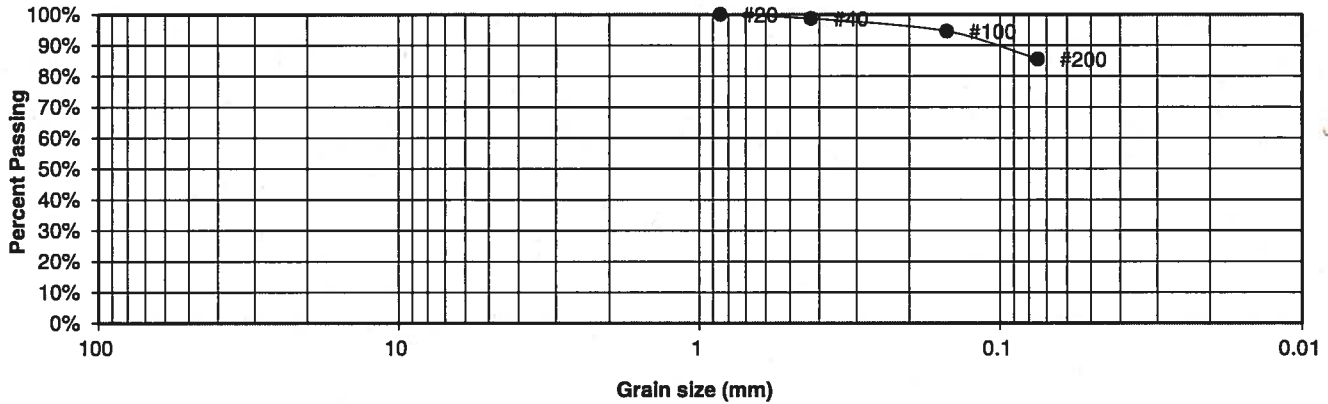
JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:

B-5

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	CL	<u>CLIENT</u>	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	2	<u>PROJECT</u>	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	7	<u>JOB NO.</u>	220689
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	2-3	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL

Sieve Analysis Grain Size Distribution



U.S.
Sieve #

3"
1 1/2"
3/4"
1/2"
3/8"
4
10
20
40
100
200

Percent
Finer

100.0%
98.7%
94.5%
85.5%

Atterberg
Limits

Plastic Limit
Liquid Limit
Plastic Index

Swell

Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)



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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

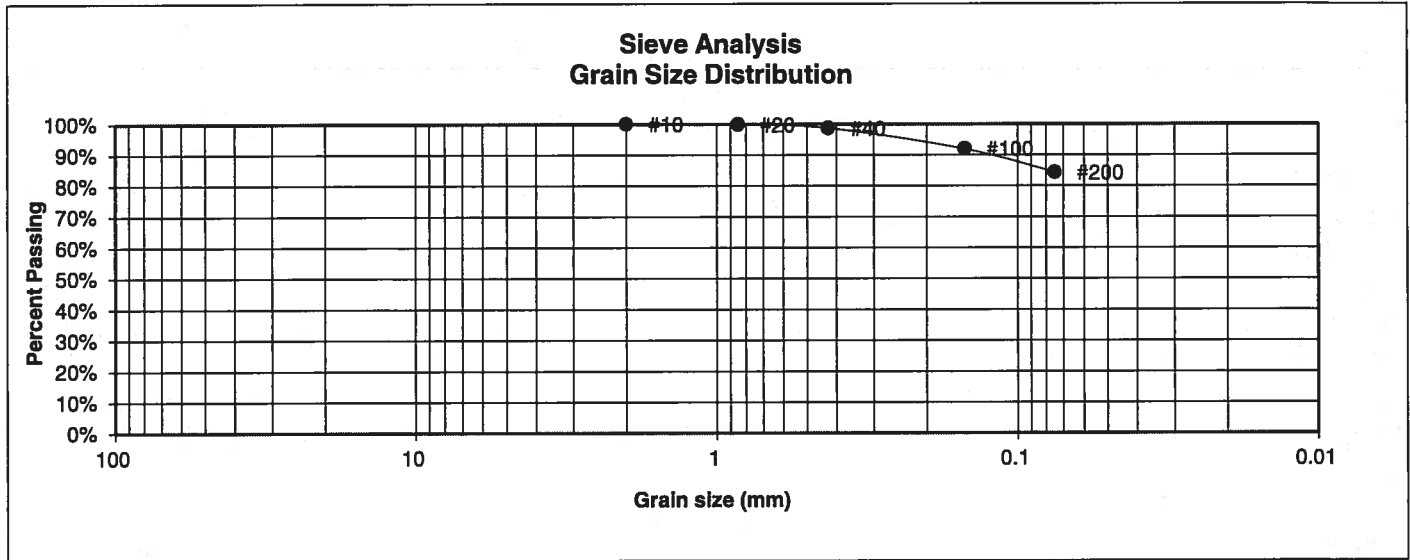
CHECKED: SW

DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:
B-6

<u>UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION</u>	CL	<u>CLIENT</u>	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
<u>SOIL TYPE #</u>	3	<u>PROJECT</u>	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
<u>TEST BORING #</u>	1	<u>JOB NO.</u>	220689
<u>DEPTH (FT)</u>	15	<u>TEST BY</u>	BL



<u>U.S. Sieve #</u>	<u>Percent Finer</u>
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	
10	100.0%
20	99.9%
40	98.7%
100	92.0%
200	84.4%

<u>Atterberg Limits</u>	
Plastic Limit	19
Liquid Limit	43
Plastic Index	24

<u>Swell</u>	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	



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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *SW*

DATE: *4-26-22*

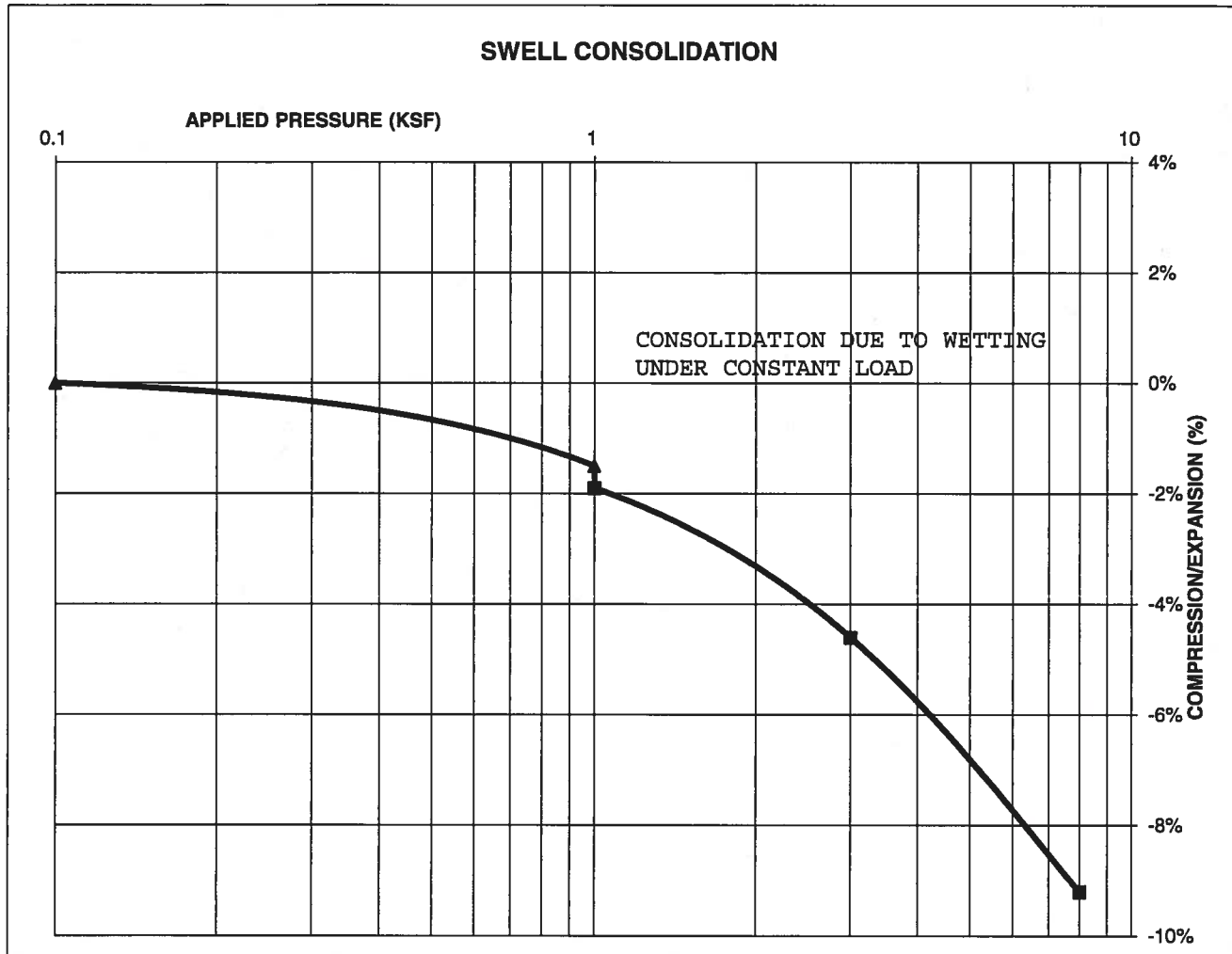
JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:
B-7

CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	2	DEPTH(ft)	5
DESCRIPTION	CL	SOIL TYPE	2
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)	90		
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	9.7%		
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)	-0.4%		

JOB NO. 220689
 CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
 PROJECT WATERVIEW EAST DEV.



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505 ELKTON DRIVE
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *SW*

DATE: *4-26-22*

JOB NO.
220689

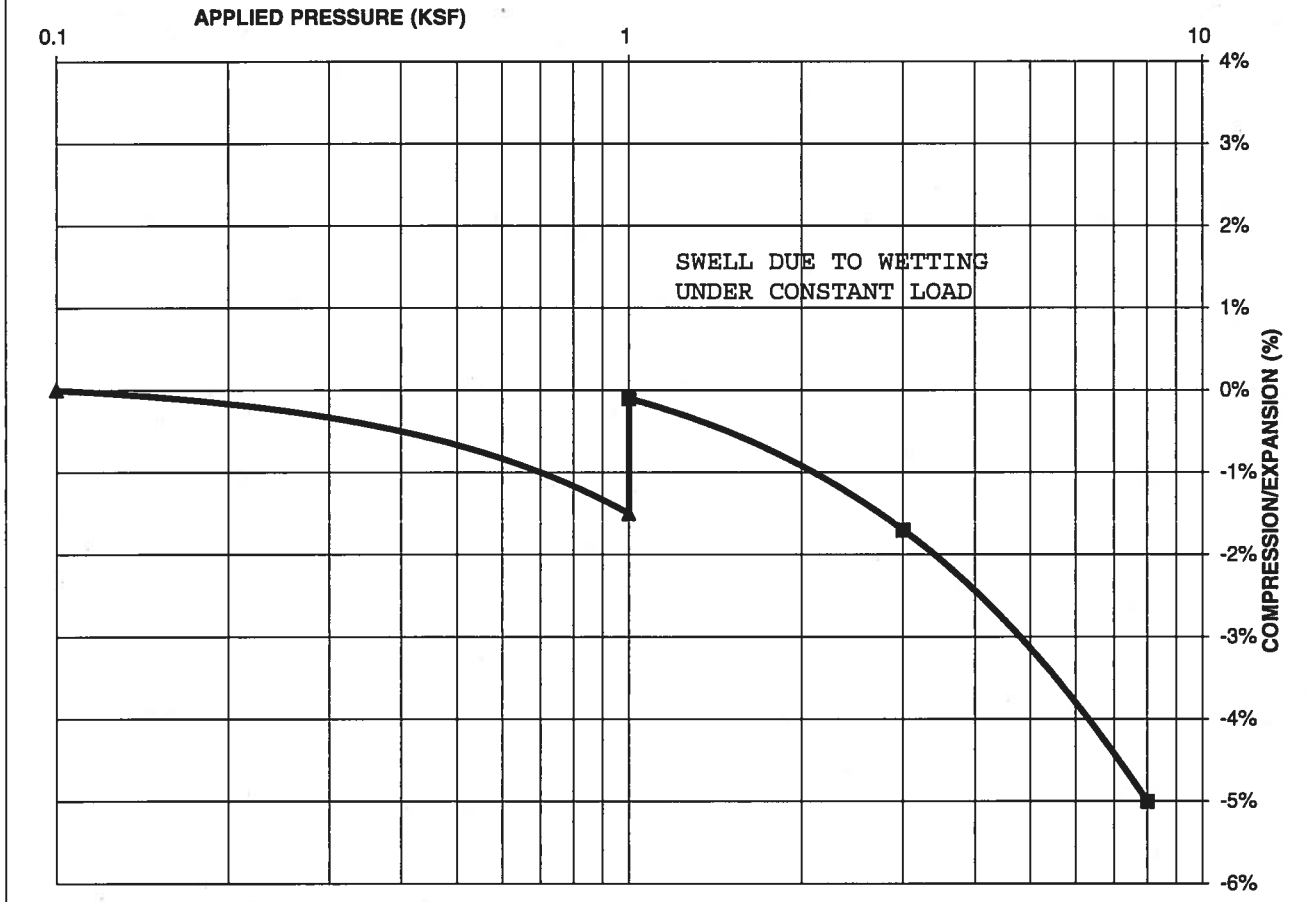
FIG NO:
B-8

CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	6	DEPTH(ft)	20
DESCRIPTION	CL	SOIL TYPE	2
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)	100		
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	21.9%		
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)	1.4%		

JOB NO.	220689
CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

SWELL CONSOLIDATION



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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

SW

4-26-22

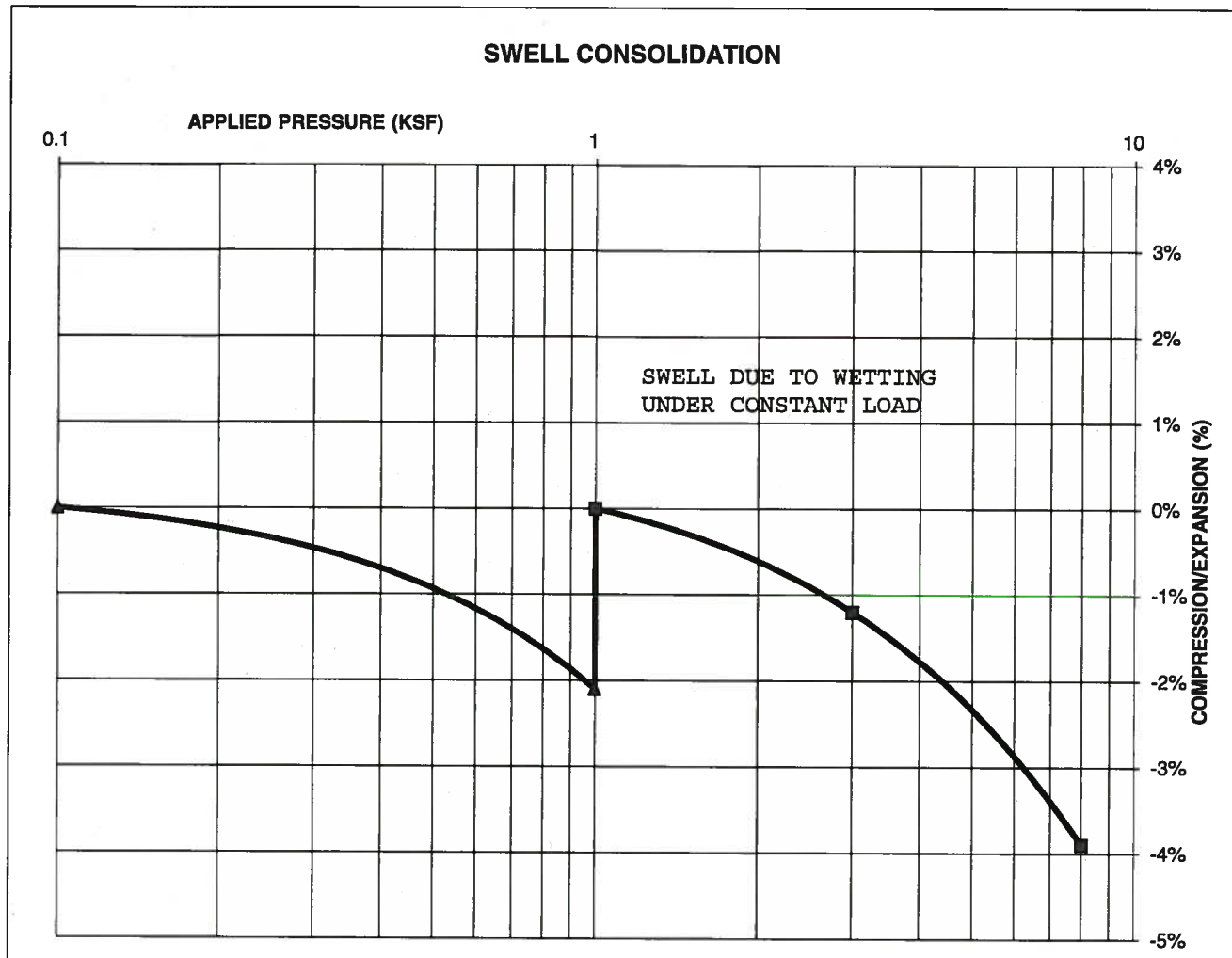
JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:
B-9

CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	1	DEPTH(ft)	15
DESCRIPTION	CL	SOIL TYPE	3
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)	110		
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT	13.9%		
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)	2.1%		

JOB NO. 220689
 CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
 PROJECT WATERVIEW EAST DEV.



**ENTECH
ENGINEERING, INC.**

505 ELKTON DRIVE
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

SWELL CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED: *SW*

DATE: *4-26-22*

JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:
B-10

CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL	JOB NO.	220689
PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.	DATE	4/15/2022
LOCATION	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.	TEST BY	BL

BORING NUMBER	DEPTH, (ft)	SOIL TYPE NUMBER	UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	WATER SOLUBLE SULFATE, (wt%)
TB-1	15	3	CL	<0.01
TB-2	5	2	CL	<0.01
TB-3	2-3	1	SM	<0.01

QC BLANK PASS



ENTECH
ENGINEERING, INC.
505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

**LABORATORY TEST
SULFATE RESULTS**

DRAWN:

DATE:

CHECKED:

DATE:

SW

4-26-22

JOB NO.:
220689

FIG NO.:

B-11

El Paso County Drainage Basin Fees

Resolution No. 21-468

Basin Number	Receiving Waters	Year Studied	Drainage Basin Name	2022 Drainage Fee (per Impervious Acre)	2022 Bridge Fee (per Impervious Acre)
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Drainage Basins with DBPS's:

CHMS0200	Chico Creek	2013	Haegler Ranch	\$11,891	\$1,755
CHWS1200	Chico Creek	2001	Bennett Ranch	\$13,312	\$5,106
CHWS1400	Chico Creek	2013	Falcon	\$34,117	\$4,687
FOFO2000	Fountain Creek	2001	West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek	\$14,470	\$4,281
FOFO2600	Fountain Creek	1991*	Big Johnson / Crews Gulch	\$21,134	\$2,729
FOFO2800	Fountain Creek	1988*	Widfield	\$21,134	\$0
FOFO2900	Fountain Creek	1988*	Security	\$21,134	\$0
FOFO3000	Fountain Creek	1991*	Windmill Gulch	\$21,134	\$317
FOFO3100 / FOFO3200	Fountain Creek	1988*	Carson Street / Little Johnson	\$12,891	\$0
FOFO3400	Fountain Creek	1984*	Peterson Field	\$15,243	\$1,156
FOFO3600	Fountain Creek	1991*	Fisher's Canyon	\$21,134	\$0
FOFO4000	Fountain Creek	1996	Sand Creek	\$21,814	\$8,923
FOFO4200	Fountain Creek	1977	Spring Creek	\$10,961	\$0
FOFO4600	Fountain Creek	1984*	Southwest Area	\$21,134	\$0
FOFO4800	Fountain Creek	1991	Bear Creek	\$21,134	\$1,156
FOFO5800	Fountain Creek	1964	Camp Creek	\$2,342	\$0
FOMO1000	Monument Creek	1981	Douglas Creek	\$13,291	\$294
FOMO1200	Monument Creek	1977	Templeton Gap	\$13,644	\$317
FOMO2000	Monument Creek	1971	Pulpit Rock	\$7,008	\$0
FOMO2200	Monument Creek	1994	Cottonwood Creek / S. Pine	\$21,134	\$1,156
FOMO2400	Monument Creek	1966	Dry Creek	\$16,684	\$604
FOMO3600	Monument Creek	1989*	Black Squirrel Creek	\$9,595	\$604
FOMO3700	Monument Creek	1987*	Middle Tributary	\$17,636	\$0
FOMO3800	Monument Creek	1987*	Monument Branch	\$21,134	\$0
FOMO4000	Monument Creek	1996	Smith Creek	\$8,616	\$1,156
FOMO4200	Monument Creek	1989*	Black Forest	\$21,134	\$575
FOMO5200	Monument Creek	1993*	Dirty Woman Creek	\$21,134	\$1,156
FOMO5300	Fountain Creek	1993*	Crystal Creek	\$21,134	\$1,156

Miscellaneous Drainage Basins: ¹

CHBS0800	Chico Creek	Book Ranch	\$19,830	\$2,871
CHEC0400	Chico Creek	Upper East Chico	\$10,803	\$313
CHWS0200	Chico Creek	Telephone Exchange	\$11,870	\$278
CHWS0400	Chico Creek	Livestock Company	\$19,552	\$233
CHWS0600	Chico Creek	West Squirrel	\$10,192	\$4,229
CHWS0800	Chico Creek	Solberg Ranch	\$21,134	\$0
FOFO1200	Fountain Creek	Crooked Canyon	\$6,381	\$0
FOFO1400	Fountain Creek	Calhan Reservoir	\$5,327	\$310
FOFO1600	Fountain Creek	Sand Canyon	\$3,849	\$0
FOFO2000	Fountain Creek	Jimmy Camp Creek ³	\$21,134	\$989
FOFO2200	Fountain Creek	Fort Carson	\$16,684	\$604
FOFO2700	Fountain Creek	West Little Johnson	\$1,392	\$0
FOFO3800	Fountain Creek	Stratton	\$10,137	\$453
FOFO5000	Fountain Creek	Midland	\$16,684	\$604
FOFO6000	Fountain Creek	Palmer Trail	\$16,684	\$604
FOFO6800	Fountain Creek	Black Canyon	\$16,684	\$604
FOMO4600	Monument Creek	Beaver Creek	\$12,635	\$0
FOMO3000	Monument Creek	Kettle Creek	\$11,413	\$0
FOMO3400	Monument Creek	Elkhorn	\$1,917	\$0
FOMO5000	Monument Creek	Monument Rock	\$9,160	\$0
FOMO5400	Monument Creek	Palmer Lake	\$14,647	\$0
FOMO5600	Monument Creek	Raspberry Mountain	\$4,927	\$0
PLPL0200	Monument Creek	Bald Mountain	\$10,500	\$0

Interim Drainage Basins: ²

FOFO1800	Fountain Creek	Little Fountain Creek	\$2,702	\$0
FOMO4400	Monument Creek	Jackson Creek	\$8,365	\$0
FOMO4800	Monument Creek	Teachout Creek	\$5,809	\$873

1. The miscellaneous drainage fee previous to September 1999 resolution was the average of all drainage fees for basins with Basin Planning Studies performed within the last 14 years.

2. Interim Drainage Fees are based upon draft Drainage Basin Planning Studies or the Drainage Basin Identification and Fee Estimation Report. (Best available information suitable for setting a fee.)

3. This is an interim fee and will be adjusted when a DBPS is completed. In addition to the Drainage Fee a surety in the amount of \$7,285 per impervious acre shall be provided to secure payment of additional fees in the event that the DBPS results in a fee greater than the current fee. Fees paid in excess of the future revised fee will be reimbursed. See Resolution 06-326 (9/14/06) and Resolution 16-320 (9/07/16).

El Paso County Drainage Basin Fee Summary

Total Impervious Acreage	12.83
--------------------------	-------

	2022 Drainage Fee (per Impervious Acre)	2022 Bridge Fee (per Impervious Acre)
West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek	\$ 14,470.00	\$ 4,281.00
Big Johnson/Crews Gulch	\$ 21,134.00	\$ 2,729.00
Total	\$ 456,799.32	\$ 89,938.30

Total Fees	\$ 546,737.62
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b. The **fully developed conditions** for the site are as follows:

1. **Big Johnson Reservoir:**

Under proposed conditions, developed flows for the westernmost drainage basin (Big Johnson Reservoir) will be directed into a proposed full spectrum detention pond on the west side of the site approximately 2,030 feet south of the intersection of Bradley Road and Powers Boulevard. Sub-basins and Design Points within this major basin are summarized in Tables 3.3, 3.4, and 3.5 below:

Table 3.3 Trails at Aspen Ridge Big Johnson Reservoir Proposed Conditions - Sub-basin Summary			
Basin	Area	Q5	Q100
	acres	cfs	cfs
Big Johnson Reservoir	14.1	21.2	46.8
N			
O	11.7	17.4	38.4
P	8.52	22.0	43.9
Q	2.4	4.2	8.8
OS-2	11.4	1.7	11.7

Table 3.4 Trails at Aspen Ridge Big Johnson Reservoir Proposed Design Point Summary					
Design Point	Sub-Basins	Downstream Design Point	Total Area (ac.)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
N	N	P	14.1	21.2	46.8
O	O	P	11.7	17.4	38.4
P (Into West Pond)	N, O, P	West Pond Discharge	34.7	47.6	101.5
West Pond Discharge (UD-Detention)	N, O, P	Powers Ditch		1.0	28.3
Q	Q	Powers Ditch	2.4	4.9	10.3
OS-2 (This sub-basin is just southeast of the Powers and Bradley intersection. Flows which might have flowed across TAR to the Powers ditch will be diverted to the ditch prior to entering the TAR property.)	OS-2	Powers Ditch	11.4	1.7	11.7

Table 3.8 Trails at Aspen Ridge West Fork - Jimmy Camp Creek Proposed Design Point Flow Description	
Design Point	Description
OS-1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This design point is at the downstream end of the offsite sub-basin north of Bradley Road. Flows in this sub-basin will sheet flow to the road ditch running along Bradley and Powers Boulevard. Once channelized in the ditch flows will be directed to a proposed 24-inch RCP storm pipe sleeved into one of the existing 42-inch CMP cross road pipes and conveyed on to design point A. - Please note that approximately 7.3 acres of the area tributary to this design point have been diverted from the Big Johnson Reservoir by CDOT construction of Powers Boulevard. Future development of that portion of the tributary sub-basin must redirect these flows to the Big Johnson Reservoir to maintain compliance with the two relevant DBPS reports. - Development of the OS-1 Sub-basin will require onsite detention and an FDR.
A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This design point is at the manhole (MH-3) receiving flows from DP OS-1 to the north and flows from Sub-basin A captured in the two pairs of inlets on Frontside Drive to the east and west of its intersection with Legacy Drive. These flows will be conveyed on via 30-inch storm pipe to design point B. - Flows from the required onsite detention from the two commercial lots on either side of Legacy Drive will be picked up in the back of the inlets. A 24-inch storm pipe will be stubbed out for the west commercial lot (Inlet 1-A) and an 18-inch will be stubbed out for the east commercial lot (Inlet 3-A).
B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This design point is at a manhole (MH-108) just downstream of an on-grade inlet (1-B) capturing gutter flows from the west half of Legacy Drive reflected in Sub-basin B. These flows are carried downstream via 30-inch storm pipe to design point C.
C	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This design point is a manhole (MH-6) which combines storm sewer flows from design point B with storm sewer flows from Sub-basin C. Flows in Sub-basin C will sheet flow off the residential lots and into the street curb and gutter. The road gutters will convey these flows on to be captured in four pairs of sump inlets (1-C through 8-C) and conveyed to the design point. The combined flows will be conveyed downstream via 42-inch storm pipe to design point D.
D	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This design point is at a manhole (MH-117) just downstream of an at-grade inlet (1-D) capturing flows from Sub-basin D. Flows in Sub-basin D will sheet flow to the Legacy Road curb and gutter. These gutter flows are captured in the at-grade inlet and combined with storm sewer flows from design point C and carried on via 42-inch storm pipe to design point E.
E	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This design point is located at a manhole (MH-15) just downstream of a pair of sump inlets capturing flows from Sub-basin E. Flows in Sub-basin E will sheet flow across the park area until being captured in the curb and gutter along Falling Rock Drive. Concentrated gutter flows will then be captured by the sump inlets and conveyed on via storm sewer to the design point. These flows will be combined with flows from design point D and carried on via 48-inch storm pipe to design point G.

Project Name:
Project Location:
Designer
Notes:

Trails at Aspen Ridge (Waterview II)
El Paso County, CO
JTS
Proposed Condition

Average Channel Velocity
Average Slope for Initial Flow

4 ft/s
0.04 ft/ft

(If specific channel vel is used, this will be ignored)
(If Elevations are used, this will be ignored)

Channel Flow Type Key						
Heavy Meadow 2						
Tillage/Field 3						
Short Pasture and Lawns 4						
Nearly Bare Ground 5						
Grassed Waterway 6						
Paved Areas 7						

Sub-basin	Comments	Area		Rational 'C' Values														Flow Lengths						Channel Flow				Tc	Rainfall Intensity & Rational Flow Rate					SWMM Values	
		sf	acres	Surface Type 1 Residential 1/8 or less (65% Imp.)			Surface Type 2 Pavement (100% Imp.)			Surface Type 3 Park (7% Imp.)			Surface Type 4 Undeveloped (2% Imp.)			Composite		Percent Impervious	Initial	True Initial	Channel	True Channel	Average (decimal)	Initial	Average (%)	Channel Flow Type (See Key above) Ground Type	Velocity (ft/s)	Channel Tc (min)	Total (min)	i5	Q5	i100	Q100	Q5 cfs	Q100 cfs
				C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100		ft	Length ft	ft	Length ft	Slope	Tc (min)	Slope		(ft/s)	Tc (min)		in/hr	cfs	in/hr	cfs		
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek OS-1	- The most northwestern portion of this basin (7.268 Acres) outside of the proposed Trails at Aspen Ridge development was rerouted out of the Big Johnson Reservoir basin by CDOT construction of Powers Boulevard and Bradley Road. Future development of the rerouted area will require routing the flows back to the Big Johnson Reservoir to return the area to compliance with the relevant DBPS studies.	853,954	19.60	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36	853954	0.09	0.36	2.00	780.00	300.00	300.00	780.00	0.10	23.57	1.40	5	1.2	11.0	34.6	2.23	4.0	3.75	26.7	1.1	16.2
A	-Drainage area is upstream of two pairs of inlets near roundabout at intersection of Frontside Dr. and Legacy Dr. -Development of adjacent commercial lots will require FDR and onsite detention. -Note: The Commercial development will have 95% impervious (per DCM), but since it is required to detain prior to discharging to storm sewer the C values reflect undeveloped commercial areas.	804,622	18.47	0.45	0.59	22315	0.90	0.96	78609	0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36	703698	0.18	0.42	13.32	861.00	300.00	869.00	1430.00	0.06	26.77	1.10	7	2.1	11.4	38.1	2.10	7.0	3.54	28.0	5.0	34.6
B	- At grade inlet approximately 400 feet downstream of roundabout.	46,101	1.06	0.45	0.59	46101	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	185.00	185.00	400.00	400.00	0.04	9.86	3.40	7	3.7	1.8	11.7	3.86	1.9	6.48	4.1	2.5	7.0
C	- Includes the area north of Moose Meadow Street and between Beartrack Point and Sidewinder Drive and four pairs of sump inlets	648,154	14.88	0.45	0.59	627120	0.90	0.96	21034	0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.46	0.60	66.14	162.00	162.00	822.00	822.00	0.05	8.51	3.29	7	3.6	3.8	12.3	3.77	26.3	6.34	57.2	19.5	58.9
D	-drainage area upstream of at grade inlet approximately 575 feet south of Moose Meadow Street.	96,065	2.21	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96	14,978	0.65	0.80	81087	0.09	0.36		0.69	0.82	21.50	473.00	300.00	555.00	728.00	0.06	8.85	4.00	7	4.0	3.0	11.9	3.83	5.9	6.44	11.8	4.1	14.2
E	- Located at a pair of sump inlets at the intersection of Sunday Gulch and Falling Rock Drive.	373,189	8.57	0.45	0.59	49513	0.90	0.96	40601	0.65	0.80	283075	0.09	0.36		0.65	0.79	24.81	859.00	300.00	1450.00	2009.00	0.07	12.39	4.00	7	4.0	8.4	20.8	2.96	16.6	4.97	33.9	12.8	39.1
F	-Represents area captured by at grade inlets on Lazy Ridge Drive and Wagon Hammer Drive, as well as sump inlets west of the intersection of Lookout Court and Sunday Gulch.	569,234	13.07	0.45	0.59	569234	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	332.00	300.00	868.00	900.00	0.07	11.14	2.00	7	2.8	5.3	16.4	3.32	19.7	5.57	43.3	15.4	46.2
G	-At grade inlet on the east side of Sunday Gulch near intersection with Lookout Court.	48,227	1.11	0.45	0.59	48227	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	80.00	80.00	667.00	667.00	0.05	6.12	2.45	7	3.1	3.6	9.7	4.15	2.1	6.97	4.6	2.1	6.1
H	-This represents the area draining to Buffalo Horn Drive with the exception any flow by from the at grade inlets in Sub-basin F.	1,022,296	23.47	0.45	0.59	921233	0.90	0.96	39,492	0.65	0.80	61571	0.09	0.36		0.48	0.62	62.86	250.00	250.00	1074.00	1074.00	0.04	11.13	2.00	7	2.8	6.3	17.5	3.22	36.6	5.42	79.1	26.8	80.4

		Area		Rational 'C' Values																Flow Lengths								Channel Flow Type (See Key above)						Tc	Rainfall Intensity & Rational Flow Rate					SWMM Values	
Sub-basin	Comments	sf	acres	Surface Type 1 Residential 1/8 or less (65% Imp.)			Surface Type 2 Pavement (100% Imp.)			Surface Type 3 Park (7% Imp.)			Surface Type 4 Undeveloped (2% Imp.)			Composite		Percent Impervious	Initial ft	True Initial Length ft	Channel ft	True Channel Length ft	Average (decimal) Slope	Initial Tc (min)	Average (%) Slope	Channel Flow Type (See Key above) Ground Type	Velocity (ft/s)	Channel Tc (min)	Total (min)	i5 in/hr	Q5 cfs	i100 in/hr	Q100 cfs	Q5 cfs	Q100 cfs						
				C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100																								
I	-Represents area draining to the proposed sump inlet at the end of the cul-de-sac on Falling Rock Drive.	344,236	7.90	0.45	0.59	305401	0.90	0.96	31104	0.65	0.80	7731	0.09	0.36		0.50	0.63	66.86	153.00	153.00	1104.00	1104.00	0.05	7.88	2.61	7	3.2	5.7	13.6	3.62	14.3	6.08	30.4	10.5	31.8						
J	-Represents drainage area tributary to sump inlets near intersection of Redshirt Point and Big Johnson Drive.	229,049	5.26	0.45	0.59	70187	0.90	0.96	158,862	0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.76	0.85	89.28	266.00	266.00	909.00	909.00	0.09	4.77	3.20	7	3.6	4.2	9.0	4.27	17.2	7.17	32.2	11.1	32.7						
K	-This sub-basin is tributary to the future sump inlets near the intersection of Big Johnson Drive and Roundhouse Drive.	1,414,842	32.48	0.45	0.59	1414842	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	400.00	300.00	1400.00	1500.00	0.06	13.26	3.50	7	3.7	6.7	19.9	3.02	44.5	5.07	98.0	33.3	101.7						
Marksheffel Tributary to Jimmy Camp Creek L	-Represents entire drainage area to the Northeast Pond.	330,836	7.59	0.45	0.59	259741	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80	71095	0.09	0.36		0.49	0.64	52.54	290.00	290.00	490.00	490.00	0.05	10.88	5.40	7	4.6	1.8	12.6	3.73	14.1	6.27	30.5								
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek M	Drainage area in and around East Full Spectrum Detention Pond	447,971	10.29	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80	447971	0.09	0.36		0.65	0.80	7.00	437.00	300.00	10.00	147.00	0.06	9.32	1.00	7	2.0	1.2	10.5	4.02	27.1	6.75	56.0	14.2	61.8						
Big Johnson Reservoir N	-Represents area upstream of sump inlets near intersection of Natural Bridge Trail and Blue Miner Street.	614,283	14.10	0.45	0.59	614283	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	150.00	150.00	1229.00	1229.00	0.03	9.94	2.50	7	3.2	6.5	16.4	3.32	21.2	5.58	46.8								
O	-Represents area upstream of sump inlet at intersection of Rainy Creek Trail and Triple Tree Loop	510,492	11.72	0.45	0.59	510,492	0.90	0.96	0	0.65	0.80	0	0.09	0.36	0	0.45	0.59	65.00	104.00	104.00	1230.00	1230.00	0.02	9.47	1.40	7	2.4	8.7	18.1	3.17	16.8	5.32	37.1								
P	-Drainage area in and around the West Pond.	370,936	8.52	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96	70,884	0.65	0.80	300052	0.09	0.36		0.70	0.83	24.77	560.00	300.00	378.00	638.00	0.06	9.43	2.00	7	2.8	3.8	13.2	3.67	22.0	6.16	43.9								
Q	-This area is infeasible to detain and discharges to the Powers Boulevard Ditch -Less than one acre (0.31 Acres) of developed area is within the Big Johnson Reservoir Basin, therefore, compliance with the county's MS4 permit is maintained.	106,017	2.43	0.45	0.59	38,063	0.90	0.96	0	0.65	0.80	67,954	0.09	0.36	0	0.58	0.72	27.82	143.00	143.00	687.00	687.00	0.06	6.08	3.35	4	1.3	9.0	15.1	3.45	4.9	5.80	10.3								
R	-This area is infeasible to detain and discharges to the swale at the southeast corner of the property. -Less than one acre (0.67 Acres) of developed area is within the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek Basin, therefore, compliance with the county's MS4 permit is maintained.	81,300	1.87	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80	81300	0.09	0.36		0.65	0.80	7.00	21.00	21.00	220.00	220.00	0.33	1.16	10.00	5	3.2	1.2	5.0	5.10	6.2	8.58	12.9	1.7	7.8						
OS-2	- Commercially zoned lot just southeast of the intersection of Bradley and Powers. This area will be required to provide its own detention which must discharge to the Powers Boulevard Ditch.	498,467	11.44	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36	498467	0.09	0.36	2.00	971.00	300.00	1411.00	2082.00	0.04	34.50	2.83	5	1.7	20.7	55.2	1.67	1.7	2.81	11.7								

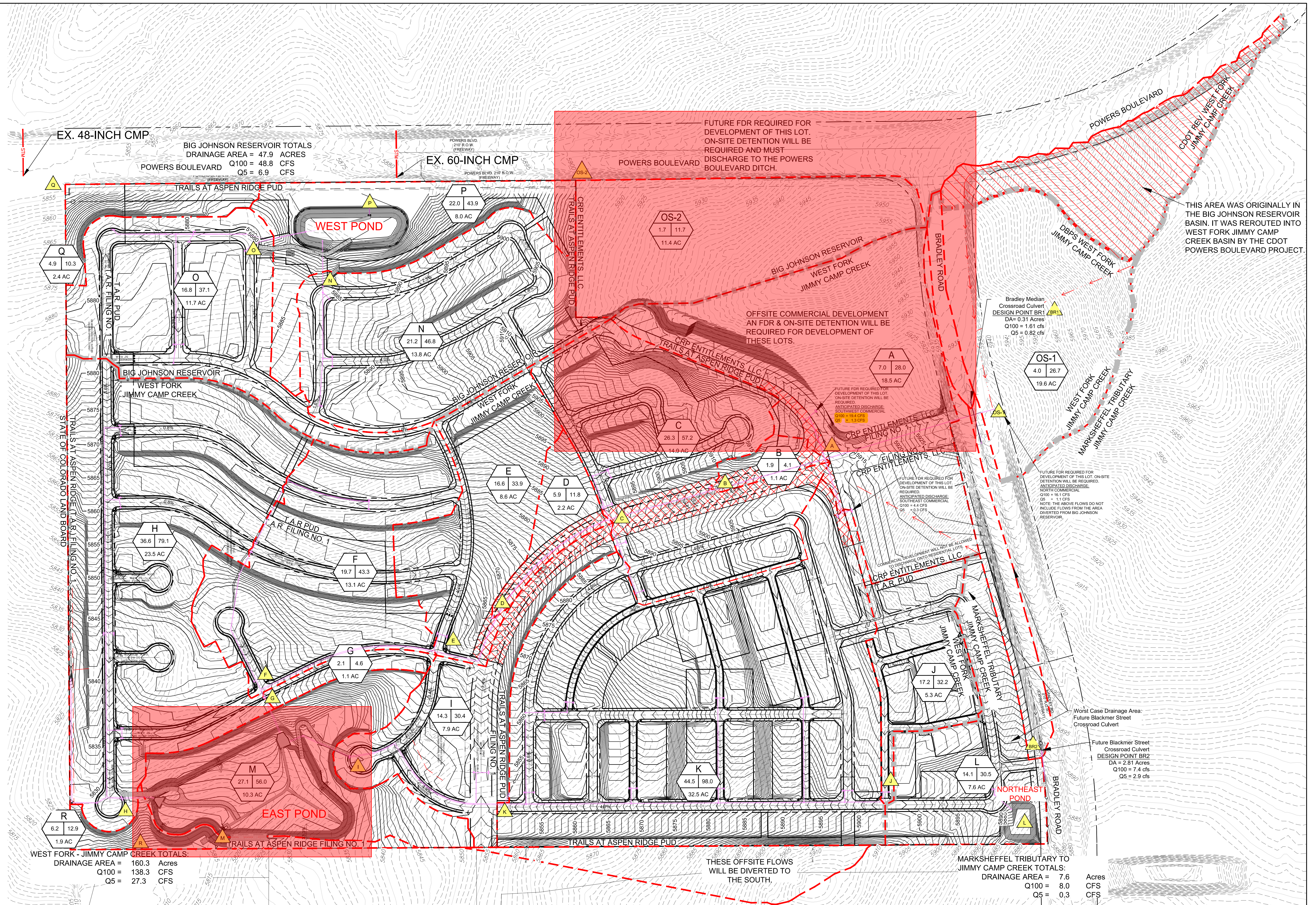


Trails at Aspen Ridge			
Proposed Conditions - Sub-basin Summary			
Basin	Area acres	Q05 cfs	Q100 cfs
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek			
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek OS-1	19.6	1.1	16.2
A	18.5	5.0	34.6
B	1.1	2.5	7.0
C	14.9	19.5	58.9
D	2.2	4.1	14.2
E	8.6	12.8	39.1
F	13.1	15.4	46.2
G	1.1	2.1	6.1
H	23.5	28.8	80.4
I	7.9	10.5	31.8
J	5.3	11.1	32.7
K	32.5	33.3	101.7
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek M	10.3	14.2	61.8
R	1.9	1.7	7.8
Big Johnson Reservoir			
Big Johnson Reservoir N	14.10	21.2	46.8
O	11.72	16.8	37.1
P	8.52	22.0	43.9
Q	2.43	4.9	10.3
OS-2	11.44	1.7	11.7
Marksheffel Tributary to Jimmy Camp Creek			
Marksheffel Tributary to Jimmy Camp Creek	5.3	17.2	32.2
L	0.3	0.8	1.6
BR1	2.8	2.9	7.4

Trails at Aspen Ridge Big Johnson Reservoir Proposed Design Point Summary					
Design Point	Sub-Basins	Downstream Design Point	Total Area (ac.)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
N	N	P	14.1	21.2	46.8
O	O	P	11.7	16.8	37.1
P (Into West Pond)	N, O, P	West Pond Discharge	34.3	47.1	100.6
West Pond Discharge (UD-Detention)	N, O, P	Powers Ditch		1.0	28.3
Q	O	Powers Ditch	2.4	4.9	10.3
OS-2	OS-2	Powers Ditch	11.4	1.7	11.7

Design Point	Sub-Basins	Downstream Design Point	Total Area (ac.)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
OS-1	OS-1	A	19.6	4.0	26.7
A	OS-1 - A	B	38.1	11.6	57.5
B	OS-1, A, B	C	39.1	12.4	58.5
C	OS-1, A, B, C	D	54.0	27.3	90.3
D	OS-1, A, B, C, D	E	56.2	30.2	95.6
E	OS-1, A, B, C, D, E	F	64.8	39.3	111.6
F	F	G	13.1	19.7	43.3
G	OS-1, A, B, C, D, E, F, G	M	79.0	46.9	125.9
H	H	M	23.5	36.6	79.1
I	J	K	5.3	17.2	32.2
J	J, K	I	37.7	57.7	121.7
K	J, K, I	M	45.6	59.7	127.2
M (Into East Pond)	OS-1, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, J, K, I, H, M	East Pond Discharge	158.4	122.6	287.5
East Pond Discharge (SWMM)	OS-1, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, J, K, I, H, M	Offsite Swale		21.1	127.4
R	R	Offsite Swale	1.9	6.2	12.9

Trails at Aspen Ridge Marksheffel Tributary to Jimmy Camp Creek Proposed Design Point Summary					
Design Point	Sub-Basins	Downstream Design Point	Total Area (ac.)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
L	L	Northeast Pond Discharge	7.6	14.1	30.5
Northeast Pond Discharge	L	Bradley Road Ditch		0.3	8
	BR1	Bradley Road Ditch	0.3	0.8	1.6
	BR2	Bradley Road Ditch	2.8	2.9	7.4



REFERENCE DRAWINGS							
x-866-P-R-SITE-F1 x-866-P-R STORM 10415-Sturm Base-2017 x-866-P-R DITCH X-TIME(Drainage) x-866-P-R STORM F1 886-P-R Legacy Drive-Flowout 886-P-R Legacy Drive	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION				BY
			REVISIONS				
			BENCHMARK DATA(ELEV.)				
			(DATUM)				
			(DESCRIPTION)(LOCATION)				

VERTICAL BENCHMARK:

BASIS OF BEARING:

BENCHMARK DATA(ELEV.) _____
 (DATUM) _____
 (DESCRIPTION/LOCATION) _____

PREPARED UNDER MY
DIRECT SUPERVISION, FOR
AND ON BEHALF OF MATRIX
DESIGN GROUP, INC.



2435 Research Parkway, Suite
300 Colorado Springs, CO 80920
Phone 719-575-0100
Fax 719-575-0208

COLA, LLC.

<p>TRAILS AT ASPEN RIDGE: FILING #1 & PUD</p> <p>MDDP-AMENDMENT &</p> <p>PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT</p>
--

DESIGNED BY: JTS DRAWN BY: JTS CHECKED BY:	SCALE	DATE ISSUED: September 2019
	HORIZ: VERT:	SHEET NO. 2 OF 2 SHEETS

DR-02

APPENDIX F – DRAINAGE EXHIBITS

A = BASIN DESIGNATION
B = AREA (ACRES)
C = BASIN IMPERVIOUSNESS
D = 100-YR DESIGN STORM RUNOFF (CFS)



DESIGN POINT
EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
PROPERTY LINE
PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR
PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR
EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
SWALE FLOW DIRECTION

Kimley»»Horn

2022 KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.
2 North Nevada Avenue, Suite 300
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903 (719) 451-1111

DESIGNED BY: JAR
DRAWN BY: JAR
CHECKED BY: EJG
DATE: 05/06/2022

WATERVIEW EAST COMMERCIAL
CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS
EXISTING DRAINAGE MAP

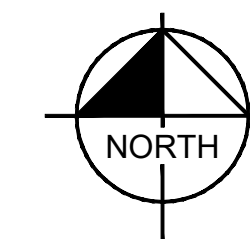
PRELIMINARY
FOR REVIEW ONLY
NOT FOR
CONSTRUCTION
Kimley»Horn
Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

PROJECT NO. 196195000

SHEET

DR-EX

SUMMARY - EXISTING RUNOFF TABLE						
DESIGN POINT	BASIN DESIGNATION	BASIN AREA (ACRES)	DIRECT 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	DIRECT 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)
1	EX-1	10.36	3.54	24.73	3.54	24.73
2	EX-2	11.50	2.62	22.34	2.62	22.34
3	EX-3	0.26	0.21	0.91	0.21	0.91
4	OS-1	0.66	0.19	1.61	0.19	1.61



GRAPHIC SCALE IN FEET

0 40 80 160

A horizontal line with vertical tick marks at 0, 40, 80, and 160 feet. The segment between 0 and 40 is divided into four equal parts by three vertical lines. The segment between 40 and 80 is divided into two equal parts by one vertical line. The segment between 80 and 160 is divided into four equal parts by three vertical lines. The segments from 0 to 40 and 80 to 160 are white, while the segments from 40 to 80 and 0 to 40 (the last part) and 80 to 160 (the last part) are black.

Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

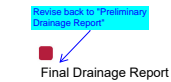


SHEET

DR-1

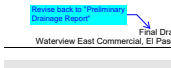
V3_Preliminary Drainage Report.pdf Markup Summary

Callout (63)



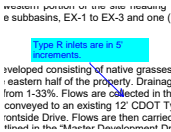
Subject: Callout
Page Label: 1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/19/2023 5:28:11 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Revise back to "Preliminary Drainage Report"



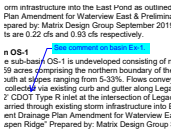
Subject: Callout
Page Label: 2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/19/2023 5:30:28 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Revise back to "Preliminary Drainage Report"



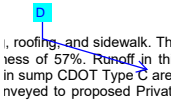
Subject: Callout
Page Label: 5
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/19/2023 5:39:08 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Type R inlets are in 5' increments.



Subject: Callout
Page Label: 6
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 10:54:35 AM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

See comment on basin Ex-1.



Subject: Callout
Page Label: 6
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 1:07:16 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

D



Subject: Callout
Page Label: 7
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 1:11:52 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

D

d stormwater infrastru
A15). Runoff during
vely.
sin A16
site sub-basin A16 con

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 9
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 1:18:27 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

(A24)?

speculatively.

A21 consists of
the (A22). The

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 10
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 1:24:25 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

A22

1 landscaping and proposed Phase 1a Sub-basin
2) Runoff during the 1-year and 100-year events are

1 landscaping and proposed Phase 1a Sub-basin
2) Runoff during the 1-year and 100-year events are

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 10
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 1:26:40 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

remove or revise this statement, as it's release
rates from Pond A22 that will release into the
Powers ditch

into the proposed storm infrastructure an
ated in Frontside Drive. Runoff during the 1
cfs respectively.

consists of landscaping and proposed Pr
124). The sub-basin has an area of 0.48 ac
off in this basin will travel overland direct
124 will outfall into the proposed storm infrast
sure located in Frontside Drive. Runoff during
1.25 cfs respectively

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 10
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 2:12:44 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

at DP 26

n A22 consists of
32 of 0.97 acres

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 11
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 2:31:43 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

A27


ists primarily of landscaping along the n
cres and a weighted imperviousness of
1 swale bordering Bradley Road and Po
are 1.74 cfs and 5.79 cfs respectively.

ists primarily of landscaping along the v
cres and a weighted imperviousness of
1g swale bordering Powers Blvd. Runof
d 5.51 cfs respectively.

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 11
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 2:29:06 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Flows do not match hydrology spreadsheet

conformance with panels by FEMA and information provided and using StormCAD using the Standard and using the MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 will be receiving less direct flow due to the facility calculations.


Subject: Callout
Page Label: 12
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 2:37:11 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

StormCAD design is not provided in appendix. Please remove this statement. Add back in statement that detailed sizing will be done with Final Drainage Report.

new daily stormwater using the designed using the MHFD-Inlet, Versior will be receiving less direct flow due capacity calculations.

EPC Drainage Criteria Manual


Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria, development.

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 12
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 2:37:45 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

EPC Drainage Criteria Manual

Final Drainage Report
w East Commercial, El Paso County, CO


Proposed 100-yr Volume (ac-ft)	Cumulative 100-yr Tributary Runoff (cfs)
0.902	26.97

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:09:37 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

These should match 100-yr volume on second sheet of MHFD spreadsheet

66	1.518	54.89
62	0.397	13.86


is and enter the existing 12" CDOT Type R inlet structure for pond A23 has been designed to the minor and major storm, respectively. The designed to release at a rate of 0.1 cfs and 2.6

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:00:57 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

Revise statement as this basins tributary to Pond 23.

e property. Flows are released where it enters existing storm


existing 12" CDOT Type R Inlet at A23 has been designed to major storm, respectively. The base at a rate of 0.1 cfs and 2.6

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:02:52 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

Are flows entering through pipe/stubout in inlet, or as c&g flow being intercepted by inlet?

them half of the property not tributary to Pond A23. Flows are and are conveyed to Design Point 27 where it enters existing

[illegible]

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:07:31 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

Where did these flows come from? Need to indicate what total flows in ditch will be with pond outflow. Increase/decrease over existing. Include analysis of ditch to ensure it's adequate to convey flows.

signed to release at a rate of 0.1 cfs and 2.5

ie. Flows will be released into the Power
-year condition, and 11.7 cfs in the 100-year
designed to release at a rate of 0.4 cfs and
Appendix D. Additionally, a separate
out and total acreages has been included in

x the overall development. A maintenance
at Ponds structure

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:09:23 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Spreadsheet was not found in appendix D. Please
provide.

relative -yr itary ff (cfs)
.97
.89

Unresolved:
Cannot determine
where these flows
were obtained from.

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:11:19 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Unresolved:
Cannot determine where these flows were
obtained from.

There will be three (3) proposed Ponds
A22, Pond A23, and Pond A24.

used in pond sizing. Provided in
sizing and proposed Drainage Maps

as from the proposed storm system
StormCAD model. Results from the
model within 10' of the surface grade.

safety as a standalone construction

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 14
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:12:46 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

No stormCAD model was provided. Also need to
address Powers Ditch for release of pond 22 in
terms of downstream capacity.

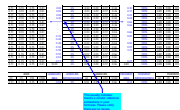
Map Number 08041007880, dated December 7, 2018, in
Zone X. "Ponds determined to be outside the 0.2% annual
flood is included in Appendix B."

with drainage basin, with the West Fork of Jones Camp Creek
the 10 Year County Drainage Basin Plan Program. Total fee
\$30,000, reference Appendix E for a breakdown of applicable
a fee shall be paid at the time of final plan recordation.

47000
Study prepared by Entech, on May 25, 2022, groundwater

Subject: Callout
Page Label: 14
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:13:46 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Replace with statement from previous report that
fees will be finalized with final drainage report



Subject: Callout
Page Label: 30
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:16:29 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

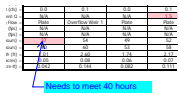
This usually indicates there's a circular reference
somewhere in your formulas. Please verify there
are no issues.

EDB
3.95
530
280
0.038
79.01%
80.0%
20.0%
0.0%

79.2%

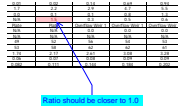
Subject: Callout
Page Label: 41
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:18:07 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

79.2%



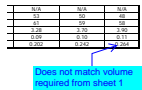
Subject: Callout
Page Label: 46
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:20:33 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Needs to meet 40 hours



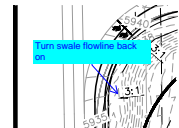
Subject: Callout
Page Label: 46
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:20:43 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Ratio should be closer to 1.0



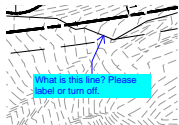
Subject: Callout
Page Label: 46
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:20:52 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Does not match volume required from sheet 1



Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:52:43 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Turn swale flowline back on



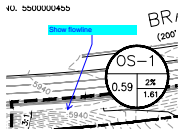
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:53:09 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

What is this line? Please label or turn off.



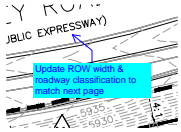
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:53:40 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

What are these lines? Please label or turn off.



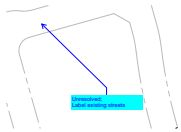
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:55:09 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Show flowline



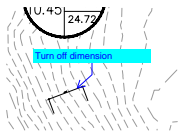
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:55:39 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Update ROW width & roadway classification to match next page



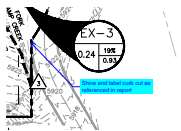
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:56:44 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Unresolved;
Label existing streets



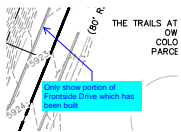
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:57:17 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Turn off dimension



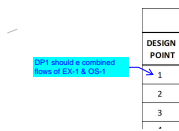
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:58:20 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Show and label curb cut as referenced in report



Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:58:41 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Only show portion of Frontside Drive which has been built



Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:59:14 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

DP1 should e combined flows of EX-1 & OS-1

BASIN ORIGINATOR	BASIN AREA (ACRES)	DIRECT 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	DIRECT 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)
EX-1	10.36	3.54	24.73

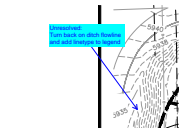
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:59:57 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Areas do not match with information shown on map or hydrology spreadsheet

50-YR CUMULATIVE 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)
3.54	24.73

Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:00:46 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Update DP flows



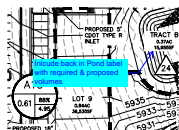
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:01:54 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Unresolved:
Turn back on ditch flowline and add linetype to legend



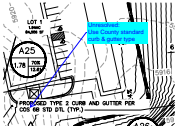
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:02:53 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Do not include size of storm pipes as they have not been sized yet.



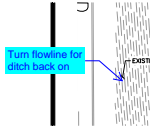
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:04:15 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Inlcude back in Pond label with required & proposed volumes



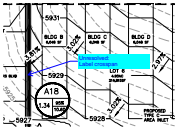
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:05:00 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Unresolved:
Use County standard curb & gutter type



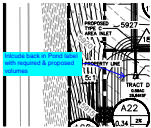
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:06:00 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Turn flowline for ditch back on



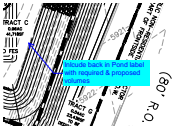
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:06:30 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Unresolved:
Label crossspan



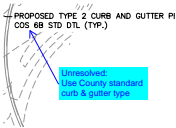
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:07:00 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Include back in Pond label with required & proposed volumes



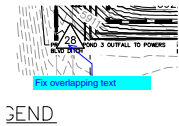
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:07:08 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Include back in Pond label with required & proposed volumes



Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:07:27 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

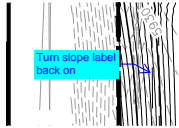
Unresolved:
Use County standard curb & gutter type



3END

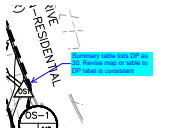
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:07:58 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Fix overlapping text



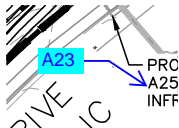
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:09:31 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Turn slope label back on



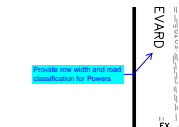
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:10:57 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Summary table lists DP as 30. Revise map or table to DP label is consistent



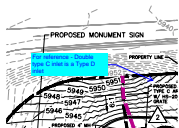
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:11:20 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

A23



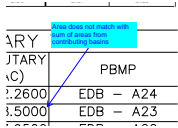
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:11:53 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:


Provide row width and road classification for Powers



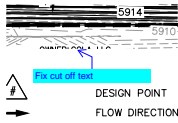
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:12:18 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:


For reference - Double type C inlet is a Type D inlet



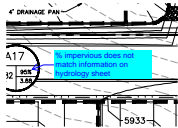
Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:13:06 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


Area does not match with sum of areas from contributing basins



Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:14:40 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

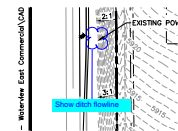
Fix cut off text




Subject: Callout
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:15:07 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

% impervious does not match information on hydrology sheet

Cloud+ (1)




Subject: Cloud+
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:57:58 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

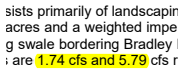
Show ditch flowline


Highlight (12)



Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 10
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 1:26:16 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


Flows from A22 will outfall into the existing roadside ditch along Powers Blvd. Runoff



Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 11
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 2:28:49 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


1.74 cfs and 5.79

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Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 12
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 2:36:16 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


Hydraulic calculations were computed using StormCAD using the Standard Method

0.902

Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 3:25:23 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


0.902

1.618

Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 3:25:25 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


1.618

0.397

Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 3:25:27 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


0.397

at corner of the property. Flows are rele
gn Point 24 where it enters existing
roperty not tributary to Pond A23. Flow
to Design Point 27 where it enters exi
and enter the existing 12' CDOT Type R
ucture for pond A23 has been design

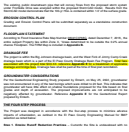
Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 3:59:54 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


not tributary to Pond A23

ng 12' C
23 has b

Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 13
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:02:06 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


12'




Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 14
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:14:02 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

Total fees associated with this project total \$XX.XX. reference Appendix E for a breakdown of applicable drainage and bridge fees



Subject: Highlight
Page Label: 42
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:19:01 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

STATION	(ALRES)	RUNOFF (CFS)
EX-1	10.36	3.54
EX-2	11.50	2.62
EX-3	0.26	0.21
OS-1	0.66	0.19

Subject: Highlight
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:59:25 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

CUMULATIVE 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 10-YR RUNOFF (CFS)
9.54	24.73
2.62	22.34
0.21	0.91


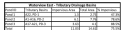

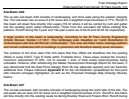
Subject: Highlight
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:00:34 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:


Image (1)



Subject: Image
Page Label: 40
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:22:03 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

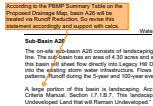
SW - Highlight (1)



Subject: SW - Highlight
Page Label: 11
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Date: 6/20/2023 2:28:14 PM
Status:
Color: 
Layer:
Space:

A large portion of this basin is landscaping. According to the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, Section I.7.1.B.7, This landscape area classifies as "Land Disturbance to Undeveloped Land that will Remain Undeveloped." This area will follow native drainage patterns and remain undisturbed with no buildings or pavement and therefore classify as an exclusion.

SW - Textbox with Arrow (6)



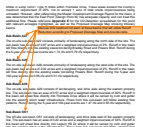
Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Label: 11
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Date: 6/20/2023 2:29:53 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

According to the PBMP Summary Table on the Proposed Drainage Map, basin A26 will be treated via Runoff Reduction. So revise this statement accordingly and support with calcs.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Date: 6/20/2023 2:30:27 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

A23



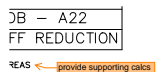
Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Label: 11
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Date: 6/20/2023 2:32:20 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Discuss WQ treatment for each of these basins that will utilize Runoff Reduction according to Proposed Drainage Map and provide calcs.



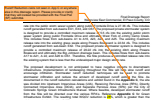
Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Date: 6/20/2023 2:33:03 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Does not match what is discussed on PDF pg 11 above.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Date: 6/20/2023 2:33:38 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

provide supporting calcs



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Label: 15
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Date: 6/20/2023 2:34:28 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Runoff Reduction calcs not seen in App C or anywhere else in this drainage report. Please provide or clarify that they will instead be provided with the Final Plat (SF) submittal.

3G effective date, December 7, 2018. Include the following: Master Development Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at dated September 2019. Please reference ment Drainage Plan. Additional reports view East Preliminary Drainage Report 018. Include reference to DPRS reports back in

Include reference to DPBS reports back in.

(A24)

Missing Basin A25. Please include

Unresolved:
Per MDDP information provided in appendix, existing inlets in Frontside Dr have stubs in the back of the inlets for the commercial site to connect to. Why are flows being released into the road instead of utilizing these stubs? Proposed storm will need to connect to the existing stubs. Frontside Dr and existing inlets will need to be analyzed (street & Inlet capacity) to see if they can handle the additional flow since it appears they were not originally designed to carry and capture flows from A26 thru A29 & OS1

Basins A1 thru A16 have wrong pond listed.
Please revise and check other basin descriptions
that all have correct pond listed.

Per MHFD spreadsheet Q5 is more than historic (2.1 ratio). see comment on spreadsheet

Provide calculations for
curb cut at A22

Subject: Text Box
Page Label: 89
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:08:36 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Provide calculations for curb cut at A22

28	A28	2
29	A29	0

Missing Basin OS-1

Subject: Text Box
Page Label: 34
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:16:51 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Missing Basin OS-1

28	A28	2
29	A29	0

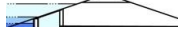
Missing Basin OS-1

Subject: Text Box
Page Label: 36
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:17:02 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Missing Basin OS-1

erview East Commercial

1.1 **Pond A24**



Subject: Text Box
Page Label: 45
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:20:15 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Pond A24

Include this table back into appendix with pond
calculations

Subject: Text Box
Page Label: 40
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:22:20 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Include this table back into appendix with pond
calculations

2023 03/20/2023 09:45:15 AM

Type C & D inlets need to be run as area
inlet in a swale, not street scenario. Inlet
calcs will be reviewed on next submittal.
Calculations for cross pans will need to
be provided either now or with FDR.
Indicate in report, when they will be
provided.

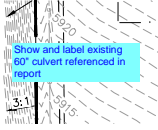
Subject: Text Box
Page Label: 47
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:32:16 PM
Status:
Color:
Layer:
Space:

Type C & D inlets need to be run as area inlet in a
swale, not street scenario. Inlet calcs will be
reviewed on next submittal.
Calculations for cross pans will need to be
provided either now or with FDR. Indicate in report,
when they will be provided.

Include back in from last report, analysis of existing inlet in Frontside Drive.

Subject: Text Box
Page Label: 87
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:33:40 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Include back in from last report, analysis of existing inlet in Frontside Drive.



Subject: Text Box
Page Label: [1] DR-EX
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 4:57:42 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

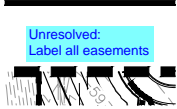
Show and label existing 60" culvert referenced in report



Label all storm facilities as either public or private

Subject: Text Box
Page Label: [1] DR-1
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:03:31 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

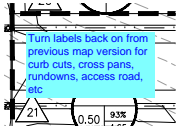
Label all storm facilities as either public or private



Unresolved:
Label all easements

Subject: Text Box
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:08:40 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Unresolved:
Label all easements



Turn labels back on from previous map version for curb cuts, cross pans, rundowns, access road, etc.

Subject: Text Box
Page Label: [1] DR-2
Author: CDurham
Date: 6/20/2023 5:14:27 PM
Status:
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:

Turn labels back on from previous map version for curb cuts, cross pans, rundowns, access road, etc