Preliminary Drainage Report

Waterview East Commercial
El Paso County, Colorado

Prepared for:
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Prepared by:
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Project #: 196195000

PCD Filing No.: SP-22-009

Prepared: July 5, 2023

Kimley»Horn

CERTIFICATION

DESIGN ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparation of this report.

SIGNATURE (Affix Seal): _____

Jessica McCallum, PE
Colorado P.E. No. 59054 Date

OWNER/DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all the requirements specified in this Drainage Report and Plan.

_____
Name of Developer

_____
Authorized Signature Date

_____
Printed Name

_____
Title

_____
Address:

EL PASO COUNTY

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development Code as amended.

_____ _____
Josh Palmer, P.E. Date
County Engineer/ ECM Administrator

Conditions:

Contents

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INTRODUCTION

PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF STUDY

The purpose of this report is to outline the required storm sewer and drainage improvements necessary to support the Waterview East Subdivision project, (the "Property"), in El Paso County, Colorado (the "County"). This Final Drainage Report identifies on-site and off-site drainage patterns, storm sewer and inlet locations, areas tributary to the Site and proposes to safely route developed storm water to adequate outfalls. The Property is 22.1 acres.

The Property is located within the Big Johnson and West Fork of the Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basins and is part of the subject area of the *Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East and Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge* prepared by Matrix Design Group dated September 2019. Reference the **Appendix E** for applicable excerpts from the Drainage Letter

LOCATION

The Project is located within part of the West ½ of Section 9, Township 15 South, Range 65 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, County of El Paso, State of Colorado ("the Site"). The Site is bounded by Powers Boulevard (Highway 21) on the west, The Trails at Aspen Ridge Filing No. 1 to the east and to the south, and Bradley Road to the north. A vicinity map has been provided in the **Appendix A** of this report.

The Site is currently owned by Waterview East Development, LLC. The site is currently unplatted.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The Site is approximately 22.1 acres consisting of undeveloped land with native vegetation and is classified as Vegetation within the site is characterized primarily by prairie grasses along with some area of scrub brush and a limited occurrence of small oaks. The Site does not currently provide water quality or detention for the Project area. The existing land use is undeveloped vacant land. There are no existing irrigation ditches on the Site.

The existing topography consists of slopes ranging from 1% to 33%.

According to NRCS soil mapping data, USCS Type A and B soils are the primary soil type within the site. Soils present at the Site consist mainly of "Blakeland loamy sand" which represent a moderate hazard for erosion. **Appendix B** contains detailed NRCS soil data.

The development of this site will include commercial developments, including convenience store, restaurants, storage units and retail stores. Roadway improvements to the site will include

mowing, clearing, and grubbing, weed control, paved access road construction, roadway grading, three onsite extended detention basins, native seeding, and water quality features.

A Topographic field survey was completed and updated for the Project by Ridgeline Land Surveying dated February 7th, 2023 and is the basis for design for the drainage improvements.

DRAINAGE BASINS

MAJOR BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

The western half of the Property lies within the Big Johnson drainage basin, and the eastern half of the Property lies within the West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin. The watershed is generally located in the central portion of El Paso County. Refer to **Appendix A** for the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) number 08041C0768G effective date, December 7, 2018. Previous reports used in reference to the Site include the following: Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East and Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge prepared by Matrix Design Group dated September 2019. Please reference **Appendix E** for excerpts of the Master Development Drainage Plan. Additional reports previously conducted for the Site include: Waterview East Preliminary Drainage Report prepared by Stantec Consulting, Inc and dated June 2018. There was a Drainage Basin Planning Study conducted for the Big Johnson basin in February 1992; however, there has not been one conducted for the Sand Creek basin.

The site is not within the Sand Creek Basin. Please remove.

MASTER DRAINAGE REPORT STUDY

The Waterview East commercial development project is part of the “Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge” Prepared by: Matrix Design Group September 2019. As outlined in the Master Drainage Plan, the “East Pond” was sized to include flows from the future “Commercial Lot south of Bradley Road and West of Legacy Drive”. In these watershed calculations a conservative weighted imperviousness value of 95% was used. This value is substantially higher than the calculated impervious value of 55% in proposed conditions.

As noted in the Master Drainage Plan, the eastern portion of the Site which is part of the West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin will require on site detention. As noted in the Master Drainage Plan, the western portion of the Site which is part of the Big Johnson Reservoir drainage basin for future development of this lot “…On-site detention will be required and must discharge to the Powers Boulevard ditch.” Based on the pond sizing calculations and required on site detention, the proposed development is in compliance with the above-mentioned Master Drainage Plan. Offsite flows are addressed in the existing sub-basin descriptions below.

EXISTING SUB-BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

Historically, runoff from the Site is split almost directly down the center. With the eastern portion of the Site heading east and the western portion of the site heading west. The site has been divided into three (3) existing onsite subbasins, EX-1 to EX-3 and one (1) tributary off-site basin, OS-1.

Sub-Basin EX-1

The on-site sub-basin EX-1 is undeveloped consisting of native grasses and shrubs with an area of 10.45 acres comprising the eastern half of the property. Drainage flows overland from west to the east at slopes ranging from 1-33%. Flows are collected in the existing curb and gutter along Legacy Drive and are conveyed to an existing 10' CDOT Type R inlet at the intersection of Legacy Drive and Frontside Drive. Flows are then carried through existing storm infrastructure into East Pond as outlined in the "Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge" Prepared by: Matrix Design Group September 2019. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 3.53 cfs and 24.72 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin EX-2
The on-site sub-basin EX-2 is undeveloped consisting of native grasses and shrubs with an area of 11.41 acres comprising the western half of the property. Drainage flows overland from northeast to southwest at slopes ranging from 1-33%. Flows are collected in the existing roadside ditch along Powers Blvd and travel south where they are conveyed west through an existing 60" CMP under Powers Blvd and into Big Johnson Reservoir. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.62 cfs and 22.34 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin EX-3
The on-site sub-basin EX-3 is undeveloped, consisting of native grasses and shrubs, with a curb cut access. It has an area of 0.24 acres comprising a portion of the eastern site boundary. Drainage flows overland from west to east at slopes ranging from 1-25%. Flows are collected in the existing Frontside Drive curb and gutter and travels south where they are conveyed to existing storm infrastructure into the East Pond as outlined in the "Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge" Prepared by: Matrix Design Group September 2019. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.22 cfs and 0.93 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin OS-1
The off-site sub-basin OS-1 is undeveloped consisting of native grasses and shrubs with an area of 0.59 acres comprising the northern boundary of the Site. Drainage flows overland from north to south at slopes ranging from 5-33%. Flows convey though Basin EX-1 and are ultimately collected via existing curb and gutter along Legacy Drive, which are conveyed to an existing 10' CDOT Type R inlet at the intersection of Legacy Drive and Frontside Drive. Flows are then carried through existing storm infrastructure into East Pond as outlined in the "Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge" Prepared by: Matrix Design Group September 2019. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.19 cfs and 1.61 cfs respectively.

Refer to **Appendix F** for the Existing Drainage Conditions Map.

PROPOSED SUB-BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

For the proposed condition, stormwater will generally maintain historic flow patterns for the east and west portions of the site. Proposed roadways internal to the site will alter some of the existing flow paths. Proposed curb and gutter, and proposed storm inlets will convey flows to one of three proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basins. From there flows will outfall to existing historic drainage paths, which will ultimately outfall to existing natural drainage channels, sub regional pond, or water quality features. The proposed project has been divided into twenty-nine (29) on-site sub-basins and one (1) off-site basin.

4 ponds are discussed in the report please revise.

Sub-Basin A1

The on-site sub-basin A1 consists of proposed parking, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.90 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 57%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a crosspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type D area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 1. Flows will then be conveyed to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.91 cfs and 5.28 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A2

The on-site sub-basin A2 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.37 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 58%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type D area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 2. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.85 cfs and 2.32 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A3

The on-site sub-basin A3 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.38 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 80%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type D area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 3. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.15 cfs and 2.82 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A4

The on-site sub-basin A4 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.31 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 95%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type D area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 4. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.04 cfs and 2.40 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A5

The on-site sub-basin A5 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.29 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 92%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump 5’ CDOT Type R inlet, design point 5. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.02 cfs and 2.39 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A6

The on-site sub-basin A6 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.30 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 89%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type D area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 6. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention

Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.97 cfs and 2.29 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A7

The on-site sub-basin A7 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.40 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 92%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 7. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.48 cfs and 3.44 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A8

The on-site sub-basin A8 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.46 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 94%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 8. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.72 cfs and 3.98 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A9

The on-site sub-basin A9 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.45 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 94%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 9. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.68 cfs and 3.88 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A10

The on-site sub-basin A10 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.61 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 88%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private in sump 10’ Type R inlet, design point 10. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.09 cfs and 4.95 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A11

The on-site sub-basin A11 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.26 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 75%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type D area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 11. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.62 cfs and 1.56 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A12

The on-site sub-basin A12 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 1.05 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 79%. Runoff in this

basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump 10' CDOT Type R inlet, design point 12. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.59 cfs and 6.32 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A13

The on-site sub-basin A13 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.33 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 78%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 13. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.94 cfs and 2.32 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A14

The on-site sub-basin A14 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.34 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 93%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 14. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.12 cfs and 2.60 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A15

The on-site sub-basin A15 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.44 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 90%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 15. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.48 cfs and 3.48 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A16

The on-site sub-basin A16 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, roofing, and sidewalk. The sub-basin has an area of 0.31 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 85%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 16. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 23). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.95 cfs and 2.27 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A17

The on-site sub-basin A17 consists of proposed drive aisle, landscaping, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 0.82 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 95%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 17. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 22). Runoff during the

5-year and 100-year events are 1.44 cfs and 3.88 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A18

The on-site sub-basin A18 consists of proposed drive aisle, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 1.34 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 95%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan to a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 18. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 4.57 cfs and 10.60 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A19

The on-site sub-basin A19 consists of proposed drive aisle, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 0.60 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 95%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump CDOT Type C area inlet with HS-20 rated grate, design point 19. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.14 cfs and 4.96 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A20

The on-site sub-basin A20 consists of proposed drive aisle, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 0.34 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 90%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan through a proposed curb cut at design point 20. Flows will then be conveyed down a proposed riprap channel directly into the proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.85 cfs and 2.02 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A21

The on-site sub-basin A21 consists of proposed drive aisle, and roofing. The sub-basin has an area of 0.50 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 93%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland and into a proposed crosspan through a proposed curb cut at design point 21. Flows will then be conveyed down a proposed riprap channel directly into the proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 22). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.99 cfs and 4.65 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A22

The on-site sub-basin A22 consists of landscaping and proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin. The sub-basin has an area of 0.34 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 2%. Runoff in this basin will flow directly into the extended detention pond. The controlled release rates from the pond will outfall into the existing roadside ditch along Powers Blvd at or less than historic rates. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.10 cfs and 0.85 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A23

The on-site sub-basin A23 consists of landscaping, roofing, and proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin. The sub-basin has an area of 0.84 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 18%. Runoff in this basin will flow directly into the extended detention pond.

Flows from A23 will outfall into the proposed storm infrastructure and flow into existing stormwater infrastructure located in Frontside Drive at DP 26. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.57 cfs and 2.59 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A24

The on-site sub-basin A24 consists of landscaping and proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin. The sub-basin has an area of 0.48 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 3%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland directly into the extended detention basin. Flows from A24 will outfall into the proposed storm infrastructure and flow into existing stormwater infrastructure located in Frontside Drive at DP 26. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.16 cfs and 1.25 cfs respectively.

Please provide EDARP filing number for where this MDDP can be located.

Sub-Basin A25

The on-site sub-basin A25 consists of landscaping, parking, sidewalk, and drive aisle. The sub-basin has an area of 1.78 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 70%. Runoff in this basin will travel overland into a proposed private in sump 10' CDOT Type R inlet, design point 25. Flows from this sub-basin will follow existing flow patterns. Flows will then be conveyed via proposed stormwater infrastructure to proposed Private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin (Design Point 24). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 4.95 cfs and 12.61 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A26

The on-site sub-basin A26 consists of landscaping, and drive aisle along the eastern property line. The sub-basin has an area of 2.66 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 29%. Runoff in this basin will sheet flow directly into Legacy Hill Dr where it will be carried by curb and gutter into the existing storm water infrastructure. Flows from this sub-basin will follow existing flow patterns. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 2.28 cfs and 8.15 cfs respectively.

The portions of the drive aisle from this basin that flow offsite will sheetflow into the existing offsite in sump CDOT Type R Inlets within Frontside Drive. These areas exceed the County's maximum requirement of 20%, not to exceed 1 acre of total onsite imperviousness being untreated. However, after referencing the Master Development Drainage Report for the basin, it was determined that the East Pond (Design Point M) has adequate capacity and can treat this additional flow. Please reference **Appendix E** for the UD-Detention spreadsheet for this pond with relevant acreages highlighted, as well as the Proposed Drainage Map showing tributary basins.

Add "East Pond" to the PBMP Summary table for this sub-basin on the PBMP Summary Table on the last page.

Sub-Basin A27

The on-site sub-basin A27 consists primarily of landscaping along the north side of the site and a portion of the drive aisle that branches from Legacy Hill Drive into the site. The sub-basin has an area of 2.60 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 15%. Runoff in this basin will flow directly into the existing swale bordering Bradley Road and Powers Blvd, sheet flow into the pond, or enter a 10' curb cut and channel and be routed to the proposed Private Full Spectrum Detention Pond (Design Point 27). Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 3.17 cfs and 11.55 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A28

The on-site sub-basin A28 consists primarily of landscaping along the west side of the site. The

Address the need for WQ treatment (or applicability to WQ exclusions) and detention for these basins.

sub-basin has an area of 2.02 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 2%. Runoff in this basin will flow into the existing swale bordering Powers Blvd, curb and gutter in the private drive aisle. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.65 cfs and 5.51 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin A29

The on-site sub-basin A29 consists of landscaping, and drive aisle along the eastern property line. The sub-basin has an area of 0.57 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 82%. Runoff in this basin will sheet flow directly into Frontside Drive where it will be carried by curb and gutter into the existing storm water infrastructure. Flows from this sub-basin will follow existing flow patterns. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 1.47 cfs and 3.56 cfs respectively.

Sub-Basin OS1

The off-site sub-basin OS1 consists of landscaping, and drive aisle east of the eastern property line. The sub-basin has an area of 0.22 acres and a weighted imperviousness of 64%. Runoff in this basin will sheet flow directly into Legacy Hill Dr where it will be carried by curb and gutter into the existing storm water infrastructure. Flows from this sub-basin will follow existing flow patterns. Runoff during the 5-year and 100-year events are 0.57 cfs and 3.56 cfs respectively.

Refer to **Appendix F** for the Proposed Drainage Conditions Map.

DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA REFERENCE

The proposed storm facilities are designed to be in compliance with the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2 (The “CRITERIA”) and the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (the “MANUAL”). Site drainage is not significantly impacted by such constraints as utilities or existing development.

HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP

According to NRCS soil mapping data, USCS Type A and B soils are the primary soil type within the site. Soils present at the Site consist mainly of “Blakeland loamy sand” which represent a moderate hazard for erosion. **Appendix B** contains detailed NRCS soil data.

HYDROLOGIC CRITERIA

The 5-year and 100-year design storm events were used in determining rainfall and runoff for the proposed drainage analysis per chapter 5 of the CRITERIA. Design runoff was calculated using the Rational Method for developed conditions as established in the CRITERIA and MANUAL. Runoff coefficients for the proposed development were determined using Table 5-1 of the CRITERIA by calculating weighted impervious values for each specific site basin. Based upon this approach, the drainage design provided for the Site is conservative and in keeping with the zoning and historic drainage concept for the area.

HYDRAULIC CRITERIA

The proposed drainage facilities are designed in accordance with the Criteria and Manual. Floodplain identification was determined using FIRM panels by FEMA and information provided

in the Criteria. Detailed sizing will be completed with the Final Drainage Report. The proposed inlet and street capacity and existing inlet were designed using the MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022) Excel worksheet. Cross pan calculations will be completed with the Final Drainage Report. See **Appendix D** for inlet capacity calculations.

VARIANCES FROM CRITERIA

There are no proposed variances from the EPC Drainage Criteria Manual for the proposed development.

DETENTION REQUIRMENTS

Preliminary detention pond and water quality calculations have been completed. A total of four proposed private full spectrum extended detention basins have been designed for WQCV, EURV and 100-year flows. The four EDBs have been summarized below.

Pond	Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume Required (ac-ft)	Approximate WQCV Required (ac-ft)	Proposed 100-yr Volume (ac-ft)	Proposed Pond Volume (ac-ft)	100-Year Pond Release Rate (cfs)
A22	0.611	0.103	0.517	0.902	3.6
A23	1.174	0.200	0.989	1.618	9.6
A24	0.250	0.042	0.204	0.397	3.1
A27	0.108	0.020	0.069	0.144	3.2

Pond A22 captures and treats flows from sub-basins A17-A22 for water quality treatment and detention. The proposed outlet structure has been designed to release at a rate of 0.2 cfs and 3.6 cfs for the minor and major storm, respectively.

Pond A23 captures and treats flows from sub-basins A1-A16 and A23 for water quality treatment and detention. The proposed outlet structure has been designed to release at a rate of 0.3 cfs and 9.6 cfs for the minor and major storm, respectively.

Pond A24 captures and treats flows from sub-basins A24-A25 for water quality treatment and detention. The proposed outlet structure has been designed to release at a rate of 0.1 cfs and 3.1 cfs for the minor and major storm, respectively.

Pond A27 captures and treats flows from sub-basin A27 for water quality treatment and detention. The proposed outlet structure has been designed to release at a rate of 0.2 cfs and 0.9 cfs for the minor and major storm, respectively.

UD-detention Pond calculations are provided in **Appendix D.**

0.0 & 3.2 cfs per pond spreadsheets

See my comment on the previous page and updates these basins if applicable.

Ponds will be maintained by the metro district for the overall development. A maintenance access road will be provided with each pond, built per County standards.

DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

GENERAL CONCEPT

The proposed development includes commercial buildings, landscape, and drive aisles. The proposed development will decrease permeability on the site. This decrease has been accounted for in the Master Drainage Plan. The proposed drainage patterns will match historic patterns as much as possible and not significantly increase developed flows. The runoff within the site will be captured and treated via proposed private Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basins before being released into historic discharge points. There will be three (3) proposed Full Spectrum Detention Basins, also referred to as Pond A22, Pond A23, and Pond A24, throughout this report.

Please revise statement as Pond A27 was added.

Provided in **Appendix C** are the hydrologic calculations used in pond sizing. Provided in **Appendix D** are preliminary pond sizing calculations. Existing and proposed Drainage Maps can be found in **Appendix F**.

Downstream Infrastructure Capacity

The capacity of the existing Powers Boulevard ditch and proposed flows to this ditch were provided in Appendix D.

Unresolved Review Comment: Please address the downstream capacity of Powers Ditch. State what the proposed flows are, ditch capacity, and any required improvements.

EROSION CONTROL PLAN

Grading and Erosion Control Plans w
document.

FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

According to Flood Insurance Rate Map Number 08041C0768G, dated December 7, 2018, the entire subject Property lies within Zone X, “Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance Floodplain. The FIRM Map is included in **Appendix B.**

DRAINAGE FEE

The project is within the Big Johnson drainage basin, and the West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin which is a part of the El Paso County Drainage Basin Fee Program. Total fees will be finalized with the Final Drainage report. Drainage fees shall be paid at the time of final plat recordation.

GROUNDWATER CONSIDERATIONS

Per the Geotechnical Engineering Study prepared by Entech, on May 25, 2022, groundwater was not encountered in any of the test borings which were drilled to 20 feet. This indicates that groundwater will have little effect on shallow foundations proposed for the Site based on final grades and depth of excavation. The proposed improvements are not anticipated to be negatively affected by groundwater. Reference **Appendix E** for the Geotechnical Report prepared by Entech.

What about sub-basins A26, A28, and A29? Discuss.

THE FOUR STEP PROCESS

The Project was designed in accordance with the four-step process to minimize adverse impacts of urbanization, as outlined in the El Paso County Engineering Manual for BMP selection as noted below:

Step 1. **Employ Runoff Reduction Practices** – Currently the Site is undeveloped with no existing stormwater infrastructure on-site. The re-development of the Site will decrease current runoff totals. The existing Site has an overall imperviousness of 4%. The proposed improvements will increase imperviousness to 54%. See **Appendix C** for supplemental information showing the calculations for the net imperviousness.

Each individual lot will be required to implement their own runoff reduction techniques to meet EPC Criteria. These calculations will be provided in the individual lots Final Drainage Reports.

Step 2. Implement BMPs That Provide a Water Quality Capture Volume with Slow Release – Water quality treatment will be provided through the use of a proposed private extended detention basins. Water quality will be provided through extended detention basins for flows from sub-basins A1-A25 and A27. The sub-basins treated for water quality and detention via extended detention basins account for 16.86 acres or 76.3% of the total disturbed area.

Step 3 Stabilize Drainageways– Stabilizing proposed roadside ditches, swales, and channels by designing them with slopes that control the flow rates. Placement of riprap upstream and downstream of culverts to help reduce erosion of the roadside ditches. Check dams will be used in areas with steeper grades to slow the runoff. We anticipate this will minimize erosion. Existing drainage ways will be graded to reduce the velocity of the water to minimize erosion.

Step 4. Implement Site Specific and Other Source Control BMPs – The Site does not require “Covering of Storage/Handling Areas” or “Spill Containment and Control” (specialized BMPs) in the final constructed condition. There is no proposed material storage or other Site operations that would introduce contaminants to the City’s MS4 that would require Site specific control or source control BMP for the proposed project.

All flows leaving the Site will be released at or below historic rates and will cause no impact to downstream facilities and additional off-site improvements are not required by this Project. Reference the Downstream Infrastructure Capacity section of this report for details.

SUMMARY

COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS

The drainage design presented within this report the Waterview East Commercial project, conforms to the El Paso County Stormwater Criteria Manual, and the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Manual. Additionally, the Site runoff and storm drain facilities will not adversely affect the water quality or peak flows downstream in Big Johnson Reservoir or West Fork of Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage basin , or surrounding developments.

REFERENCES

1. El Paso County "Engineering Criteria Manual" Volumes 1 & 2, December 2004, revised October 2018

2. Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), April 2022.

3. Flood Insurance Rate Map, El Paso County, Colorado and Incorporated Areas, Map Number 08041C0768G, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), December 7, 2018

4. Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment for Waterview East & Preliminary Drainage Plan for Trails at Aspen Ridge, Matrix Design Group, June 2019, Revised: September 2019.

5. Waterview East Preliminary Drainage Report, Stantec Consulting Incorporated, June 2018.

6. Preliminary Subsurface Soils Investigation Waterview Commercial Site, Entech Engineering, Inc, May 2022.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX A – VICINITY MAP

Waterview East Commercial
Vicinity Map
(Not to Scale)

APPENDIX B – FEMA FIRM PANEL AND SOILS MAP

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

FEMA

104°41'3"W 38°45'44"N

104°40'25"W 38°45'16"N

0 250 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 Feet

1:6,000

Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS
- Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) *Zone A, V, A99*
- With BFE or Depth *Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR*
- Regulatory Floodway

OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD
- 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile *Zone X*
- Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard *Zone X*
- Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. *Zone X*
- Area with Flood Risk due to Levee *Zone D*

OTHER AREAS
- NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard *Zone X*
- Effective LOMRs
- Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard *Zone D*

GENERAL STRUCTURES
- Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
- Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

OTHER FEATURES
- 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance
- 17.5 Water Surface Elevation
- Coastal Transect
- 513 Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
- Limit of Study
- Jurisdiction Boundary
- Coastal Transect Baseline
- Profile Baseline
- Hydrographic Feature

MAP PANELS
- Digital Data Available
- No Digital Data Available
- Unmapped

N

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 4/29/2022 at 2:29 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

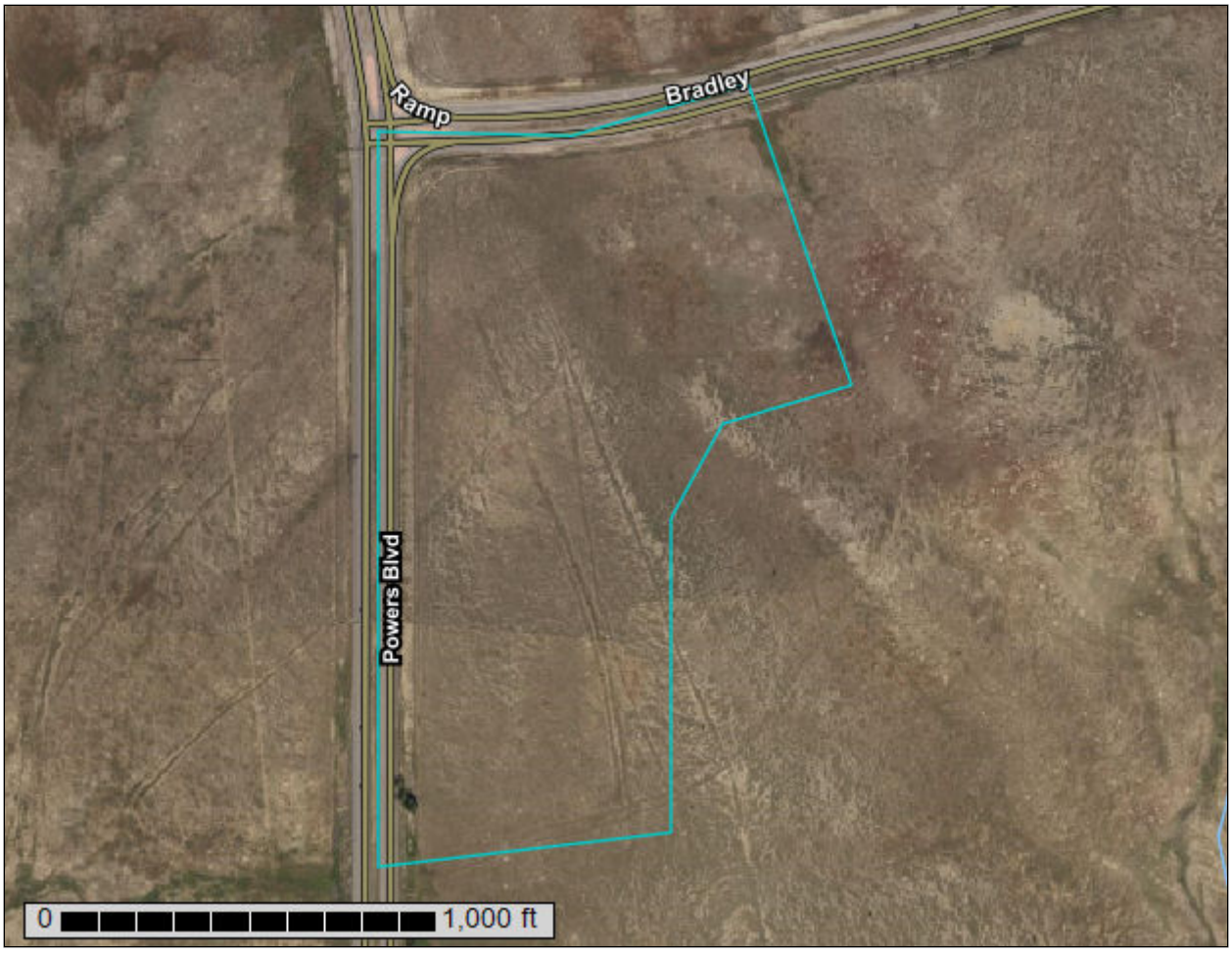
United States Department of Agriculture

NRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service

A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for El Paso County Area, Colorado



April 29, 2022

Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require

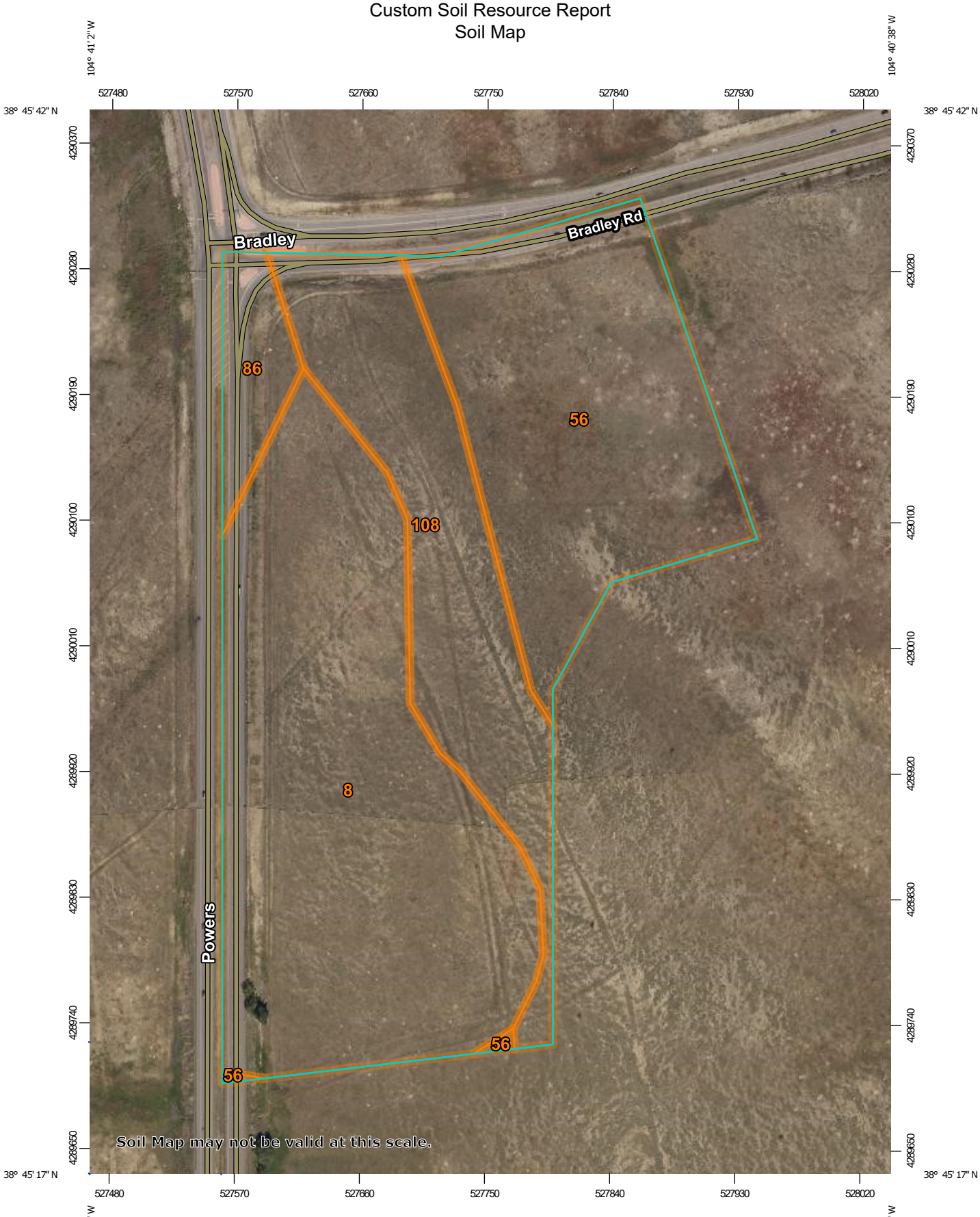
alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Contents

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

Custom Soil Resource Report
Soil Map



Map Scale: 1:3,720 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.

N

Meters: 0 50 100 200 300

Feet: 0 150 300 600 900

Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 13N WGS84

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)
- Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils
- Soil Map Unit Polygons
- Soil Map Unit Lines
- Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features
- Blowout
- Borrow Pit
- Clay Spot
- Closed Depression
- Gravel Pit
- Gravelly Spot
- Landfill
- Lava Flow
- Marsh or swamp
- Mine or Quarry
- Miscellaneous Water
- Perennial Water
- Rock Outcrop
- Saline Spot
- Sandy Spot
- Severely Eroded Spot
- Sinkhole
- Slide or Slip
- Sodic Spot
- Spoil Area
- Stony Spot
- Very Stony Spot
- Wet Spot
- Other
- Special Line Features

Water Features
- Streams and Canals

Transportation
- Rails
- Interstate Highways
- US Routes
- Major Roads
- Local Roads

Background
- Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 14, 2018—Sep 23, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	19.2	45.9%
56	Nelson-Tassel fine sandy loams, 3 to 18 percent slopes	12.2	29.3%
86	Stoneham sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1.8	4.3%
108	Wiley silt loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	8.6	20.5%
Totals for Area of Interest		**41.8**	**100.0%**

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

El Paso County Area, Colorado

8—Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 369v
Elevation: 4,600 to 5,800 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F
Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Blakeland and similar soils: 98 percent
Minor components: 2 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Blakeland

Setting

Landform: Hills, flats
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, talf
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Alluvium derived from sedimentary rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 11 inches: loamy sand
AC - 11 to 27 inches: loamy sand
C - 27 to 60 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 9 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Ecological site: R049XB210CO - Sandy Foothill
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Depressions
Hydric soil rating: Yes

56—Nelson-Tassel fine sandy loams, 3 to 18 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 3690
Elevation: 5,600 to 6,400 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 14 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 155 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Nelson and similar soils: 55 percent
Tassel and similar soils: 40 percent
Minor components: 5 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Nelson

Setting

Landform: Hills
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Calcareous residuum weathered from interbedded sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 5 inches: fine sandy loam
Ck - 5 to 23 inches: fine sandy loam
Cr - 23 to 27 inches: weathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 12 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.06 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 10 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: R067BY045CO - Shaly Plains
Other vegetative classification: SHALY PLAINS (069AY046CO)
Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Tassel

Setting

Landform: Hills
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Calcareous slope alluvium over residuum weathered from sandstone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: fine sandy loam
C - 4 to 10 inches: fine sandy loam
Cr - 10 to 14 inches: weathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 18 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 6 to 20 inches to paralithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 10 percent
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s
Hydrologic Soil Group: D
Ecological site: R067BY045CO - Shaly Plains
Other vegetative classification: SHALY PLAINS (069AY046CO)
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Depressions
Hydric soil rating: Yes

86—Stoneham sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 36b2
Elevation: 5,100 to 6,500 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 15 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 155 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Stoneham and similar soils: 95 percent
Minor components: 5 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Stoneham

Setting

Landform: Hills
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Calcareous loamy alluvium

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: sandy loam
Bt - 4 to 8 inches: sandy clay loam
Btk - 8 to 11 inches: sandy clay loam
Ck - 11 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 9.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: R067BY024CO - Sandy Plains

Other vegetative classification: SANDY PLAINS (069AY026CO)
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils
Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant
Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Depressions
Hydric soil rating: Yes

108—Wiley silt loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting
National map unit symbol: 367b
Elevation: 5,200 to 6,200 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 14 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees F
Frost-free period: 135 to 155 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition
Wiley and similar soils: 95 percent
Minor components: 5 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wiley

Setting
Landform: Hills
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Calcareous silty eolian deposits

Typical profile
A - 0 to 4 inches: silt loam
Bt - 4 to 16 inches: silt loam
Bk - 16 to 60 inches: silt loam

Properties and qualities
Slope: 3 to 9 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 11.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e
Hydrologic Soil Group: B
Ecological site: R067BY002CO - Loamy Plains
Other vegetative classification: LOAMY PLAINS (069AY006CO)
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 4 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Depressions
Hydric soil rating: Yes

Soil Information for All Uses

Suitabilities and Limitations for Use

The Suitabilities and Limitations for Use section includes various soil interpretations displayed as thematic maps with a summary table for the soil map units in the selected area of interest. A single value or rating for each map unit is generated by aggregating the interpretive ratings of individual map unit components. This aggregation process is defined for each interpretation.

Land Management

Land management interpretations are tools designed to guide the user in evaluating existing conditions in planning and predicting the soil response to various land management practices, for a variety of land uses, including cropland, forestland, hayland, pastureland, horticulture, and rangeland. Example interpretations include suitability for a variety of irrigation practices, log landings, haul roads and major skid trails, equipment operability, site preparation, suitability for hand and mechanical planting, potential erosion hazard associated with various practices, and ratings for fencing and waterline installation.

Erosion Hazard (Road, Trail)

The ratings in this interpretation indicate the hazard of soil loss from unsurfaced roads and trails. The ratings are based on soil erosion factor K, slope, and content of rock fragments.

The ratings are both verbal and numerical. The hazard is described as "slight," "moderate," or "severe." A rating of "slight" indicates that little or no erosion is likely; "moderate" indicates that some erosion is likely, that the roads or trails may require occasional maintenance, and that simple erosion-control measures are needed; and "severe" indicates that significant erosion is expected, that the roads or trails require frequent maintenance, and that costly erosion-control measures are needed.

Numerical ratings indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the specified aspect of forestland management (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

The map unit components listed for each map unit in the accompanying Summary by Map Unit table in Web Soil Survey or the Aggregation Report in Soil Data Viewer are determined by the aggregation method chosen. An aggregated rating class is shown for each map unit. The components listed for each map unit are only those that have the same rating class as listed for the map unit. The percent composition of each component in a particular map unit is presented to help the user better understand the percentage of each map unit that has the rating presented.

Other components with different ratings may be present in each map unit. The ratings for all components, regardless of the map unit aggregated rating, can be viewed by generating the equivalent report from the Soil Reports tab in Web Soil Survey or from the Soil Data Mart site. Onsite investigation may be needed to validate these interpretations and to confirm the identity of the soil on a given site.

Custom Soil Resource Report
Map—Erosion Hazard (Road, Trail)

Map Scale: 1:3,720 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.

N

Meters: 0 50 100 200 300

Feet: 0 150 300 600 900

Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 13N WGS84

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)
- Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons
- Very severe
- Severe
- Moderate
- Slight
- Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines
- Very severe
- Severe
- Moderate
- Slight
- Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points
- Very severe
- Severe
- Moderate
- Slight
- Not rated or not available

Water Features
- Streams and Canals

Transportation
- Rails
- Interstate Highways
- US Routes
- Major Roads
- Local Roads

Background
- Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 14, 2018—Sep 23, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Tables—Erosion Hazard (Road, Trail)

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Component name (percent)	Rating reasons (numeric values)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	Moderate	Blakeland (98%)	Slope/erodibility (0.50)	19.2	45.9%
56	Nelson-Tassel fine sandy loams, 3 to 18 percent slopes	Moderate	Nelson (55%)	Slope/erodibility (0.50)	12.2	29.3%
86	Stoneham sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Moderate	Stoneham (95%)	Slope/erodibility (0.50)	1.8	4.3%
108	Wiley silt loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	Moderate	Wiley (95%)	Slope/erodibility (0.50)	8.6	20.5%
Totals for Area of Interest					**41.8**	**100.0%**

Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Moderate	41.8	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest	**41.8**	**100.0%**

Rating Options—Erosion Hazard (Road, Trail)

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

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APPENDIX C – HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

Unresolved Review Comment:
- Include this table back into appendix with pond calculations and update accordingly.

Waterview East - Tributary Drainage Basins				
Pond ID	Tributary Basins	Impervious Area	Total Area	% Impervious
Pond 1	A22, PD-1	1.3	2.75	47.3%
Pond 2	A1-A16, PD-2	6.1	7.76	78.6%
Pond 3	A17-A21, PD-3	3.63	4.1	88.5%
Total		11.03	14.61	75.5%

$$I = \frac{28.5\ P_1}{(10+T_D)^{0.786}}$$

Where:

I = rainfall intensity (inches per hour)

P_1 = one-hour rainfall depth (inches) from NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates, Colorado Springs, CO

T_C = storm duration (minutes)

	2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	100-yr
P_1 =	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.75

Time Intensity Frequency Tabulation

TIME	2 YR	5 YR	10 YR	100 YR
5	3.43	4.38	5.29	9.33
10	2.73	3.49	4.22	7.44
15	2.29	2.93	3.54	6.24
30	1.58	2.02	2.45	4.31
60	1.02	1.30	1.58	2.78
120	0.63	0.80	0.97	1.71

Weighted Imperviousness Calculations - Existing Conditions

SUB-BASIN	AREA (SF)	AREA (Acres)	ROOF AREA	ROOF IMPERVIOUSNESS	ROOF C2	ROOF C5	ROOF C10	ROOF C100	LANDSCAPE AREA	LANDSCAPE IMPERVIOUSNESS	LANDSCAPE C2	LANDSCAPE C5	LANDSCAPE C10	LANDSCAPE C100	PAVEMENT AREA	PAVEMENT IMPERVIOUSNESS	PAVEMENT C2	PAVEMENT C5	PAVEMENT C10	PAVEMENT C100	WEIGHTED IMPERVIOUSNESS	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C2	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C5	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C10	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C100
EX-1	451188	10.45	0	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	10.12	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.33	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	5%	0.06	0.12	0.19	0.38
EX-2	501101	11.41	0	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	11.41	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
EX-3	11114	0.24	0	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.20	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.04	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	19%	0.18	0.23	0.30	0.46
OS-1	28574	0.59	0	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.59	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
TOTAL	963,403	22.69	0.00	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	22.32	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.37	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	4%	0.04	0.10	0.18	0.37

Waterview East Commercial
Existing Runoff Calculations
Time of Concentration

Watercourse Coefficient

Forest & Meadow	2.50	Short Grass Pasture & Lawns	7.00
Fallow or Cultivation	5.00	Nearly Bare Ground	10.00
Grassed Waterway	15.00		
Paved Area & Shallow Gutter	20.00		

	SUB-BASIN DATA				INITIAL / OVERLAND TIME			TRAVEL TIME T(t)					T(c) CHECK (URBANIZED BASINS)			FINAL T(c)
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA sq. ft.	AREA ac.	C(5)	Length ft.	Slope %	T(i) min	Length ft.	Slope %	Coeff.	Velocity fps	T(t) min.	COMP. T(c)	TOTAL LENGTH	L/180+10	min.
1	EX-1	451,188	10.36	0.12	100	3.4%	12.1	742	9.7%	7.00	2.2	5.7	17.8	842	14.7	14.7
2	EX-2	501,101	11.50	0.09	100	2.8%	13.1	1710	5.6%	7.00	1.7	17.2	30.3	1810	20.1	20.1
3	EX-3	11,114	0.26	0.23	100	9.6%	7.5	40	0.6%	7.00	0.5	1.2	8.7	140	10.8	8.7
4	OS-1	28,574	0.66	0.09	34	33.0%	3.4	625	2.8%	7.00	1.2	8.9	12.3	659	13.7	12.3

Waterview East Commercial
Existing Runoff Calculations
(Rational Method Procedure)

Design Storm 5 Year

BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	EX-1	10.36	0.12	14.7	1.19	2.96	3.53				3.53	
2	EX-2	11.50	0.09	20.1	1.04	2.53	2.62				2.62	
3	EX-3	0.26	0.23	8.7	0.06	3.67	0.22				0.22	
4	OS-1	0.66	0.09	12.3	0.06	3.20	0.19				0.19	

Waterview East Commercial
Existing Runoff Calculations
(Rational Method Procedure)

Design Storm *100 Year*

BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	EX-1	10.36	0.38	14.7	3.92	6.30	24.72				24.72	
2	EX-2	11.50	0.36	20.1	4.14	5.40	22.34				22.34	
3	EX-3	0.26	0.46	8.7	0.12	7.83	0.93				0.93	
4	OS-1	0.66	0.36	12.3	0.24	6.83	1.61				1.61	

Waterview East Commercial
Existing Runoff Calculations
(Rational Method Procedure)

Design Storm *10 Year*

BASIN INFORMATION				DIRECT RUNOFF				CUMMULATIVE RUNOFF				NOTES
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA ac.	RUNOFF COEFF	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	T(c) min	C x A	I in/hr	Q cfs	
1	EX-1	10.36	0.19	14.7	2.00	3.58	7.16					
2	EX-2	11.5	0.17	20.1	1.96	3.06	5.99					
3	EX-3	0.255	0.30	8.7	0.08	4.44	0.34					

$$I = \frac{28.5\ P_1}{(10+T_D)^{0.786}}$$

Where:

I = rainfall intensity (inches per hour)

P_1 = one-hour rainfall depth (inches) from NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates, Colorado Springs, CO

T_C = storm duration (minutes)

	2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	100-yr
P_1 =	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.75

Time Intensity Frequency Tabulation

TIME	2 YR	5 YR	10 YR	100 YR
5	3.43	4.38	5.29	9.33
10	2.73	3.49	4.22	7.44
15	2.29	2.93	3.54	6.24
30	1.58	2.02	2.45	4.31
60	1.02	1.30	1.58	2.78
120	0.63	0.80	0.97	1.71

Weighted Imperviousness Calculations

SUB-BASIN	AREA (SF)	AREA (Acres)	ROOF AREA	ROOF IMPERVIOUSNESS	ROOF C2	ROOF C5	ROOF C10	ROOF C100	LANDSCAPE AREA	LANDSCAPE IMPERVIOUSNESS	LANDSCAPE C2	LANDSCAPE C5	LANDSCAPE C10	LANDSCAPE C100	PAVEMENT AREA	PAVEMENT IMPERVIOUSNESS	PAVEMENT C2	PAVEMENT C5	PAVEMENT C10	PAVEMENT C100	WEIGHTED IMPERVIOUSNESS	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C2	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C5	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C10	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C100
A1	39274	0.90	0.25	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.37	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.28	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	57%	0.48	0.52	0.56	0.67
A2	16059	0.37	0.13	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.14	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.10	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	58%	0.49	0.52	0.57	0.67
A3	16515	0.38	0.16	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.06	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.16	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	80%	0.67	0.70	0.73	0.80
A4	13339	0.31	0.16	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.15	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	95%	0.80	0.81	0.83	0.88
A5	12691	0.29	0.10	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.01	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.17	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	92%	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.88
A6	13229	0.30	0.12	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.02	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.16	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	89%	0.76	0.78	0.80	0.86
A7	17626	0.40	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.03	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.37	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	92%	0.82	0.83	0.86	0.91
A8	20134	0.46	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.03	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.43	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	94%	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.92
A9	19638	0.45	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.03	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.42	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	94%	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.92
A10	26556	0.61	0.10	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.07	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.44	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	88%	0.77	0.78	0.81	0.87
A11	11290	0.26	0.07	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.06	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.13	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	75%	0.64	0.67	0.70	0.78
A12	45715	1.05	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.23	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.82	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	79%	0.70	0.72	0.76	0.83
A13	14227	0.33	0.07	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.07	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.19	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	78%	0.68	0.70	0.73	0.81
A14	14821	0.34	0.01	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.02	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.30	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	93%	0.82	0.84	0.86	0.91
A15	19172	0.44	0.25	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.02	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.17	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	90%	0.75	0.77	0.79	0.85
A16	13705	0.31	0.04	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.04	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.23	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	85%	0.74	0.76	0.79	0.86
A17	35681	0.82	0.29	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.30	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.24	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	61%	0.52	0.55	0.59	0.69
A18	58375	1.34	0.72	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.62	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	95%	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.88
A19	26189	0.60	0.30	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.30	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	95%	0.80	0.82	0.84	0.89
A20	14910	0.34	0.34	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	-	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36		100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81
A21	21940	0.50	0.43	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.07	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	78%	0.62	0.64	0.67	0.75
A22	14829	0.34	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.34	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
A23	36700	0.84	0.15	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.69	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	-	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	18%	0.15	0.20	0.27	0.44
A24	21078	0.48	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.48	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.00	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	3%	0.04	0.10	0.18	0.36
A25	77446	1.78	0.29	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.52	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.97	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	70%	0.61	0.64	0.67	0.76
A26	116046	2.66	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	1.93	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.73	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	29%	0.27	0.31	0.38	0.53
A27	113318	2.60	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	2.25	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.35	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	15%	0.15	0.20	0.27	0.44
A28	87847	2.02	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	2.02	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36		100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36
A29	25004	0.57	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.11	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.47	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	82%	0.73	0.75	0.78	0.85
TOTAL	963,354	22.1	4.00	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	9.92	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	8.21	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	54%	0.47	0.51	0.55	0.66

SUB-BASIN	AREA (SF)	AREA (Acres)	ROOF AREA	ROOF IMPERVIOUSNESS	ROOF C2	ROOF C5	ROOF C10	ROOF C100	LANDSCAPE AREA	LANDSCAPE IMPERVIOUSNESS	LANDSCAPE C2	LANDSCAPE C5	LANDSCAPE C10	LANDSCAPE C100	PAVEMENT AREA	PAVEMENT IMPERVIOUSNESS	PAVEMENT C2	PAVEMENT C5	PAVEMENT C10	PAVEMENT C100	WEIGHTED IMPERVIOUSNESS	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C2	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C5	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C10	WEIGHTED COEFFICIENTS C100
OS1	9455	0.22	-	90%	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.08	2%	0.03	0.09	0.17	0.36	0.14	100%	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	64%	0.57	0.60	0.64	0.74

Waterview East Commercial - Drainage Report
Proposed Runoff Calculations
Time of Concentration

Watercourse Coefficient

Forest & Meadow	2.50	Short Grass Pasture & Lawns	7.00									Grassed Waterway	15.00			
Fallow or Cultivation	5.00	Nearly Bare Ground	10.00									Paved Area & Shallow Gutter	20.00			

	SUB-BASIN DATA				INITIAL / OVERLAND TIME			TRAVEL TIME T(t)					T(c) CHECK (URBANIZED BASINS)			FINAL T(c)
DESIGN POINT	DRAIN BASIN	AREA sq. ft.	AREA ac.	C(5)	Length ft.	Slope %	T(i) min	Length ft.	Slope %	Coeff.	Velocity fps	T(t) min.	COMP. T(c)	TOTAL LENGTH	L/180+10	min.
1	A1	39,274	0.90	0.52	100	7.6%	5.4	110	1.0%	20.00	2.0	0.9	6.3	210	11.2	6.3
2	A2	16,059	0.37	0.52	60	15.6%	3.3	20	3.1%	20.00	3.5	0.1	5.0	80	10.4	5.0
3	A3	16,515	0.38	0.70	70	7.5%	3.2	70	1.6%	20.00	2.5	0.5	5.0	140	10.8	5.0
4	A4	13,339	0.31	0.81	100	0.8%	5.7	23	0.8%	20.00	1.8	0.2	5.9	123	10.7	5.9
5	A5	12,691	0.29	0.80	60	3.0%	2.9	65	2.8%	20.00	3.3	0.3	5.0	125	10.7	5.0
6	A6	13,229	0.30	0.78	100	1.0%	5.9	38	1.0%	20.00	2.0	0.3	6.2	138	10.8	6.2
7	A7	17,626	0.40	0.83	50	2.6%	2.5	216	1.4%	20.00	2.4	1.5	5.0	266	11.5	5.0
8	A8	20,134	0.46	0.85	50	3.2%	2.2	218	2.1%	20.00	2.9	1.3	5.0	268	11.5	5.0
9	A9	19,638	0.45	0.85	50	3.6%	2.1	216	2.9%	20.00	3.4	1.1	5.0	266	11.5	5.0
10	A10	26,556	0.61	0.78	80	3.1%	3.5	220	3.4%	20.00	3.7	1.0	5.0	300	11.7	5.0
11	A11	11,290	0.26	0.67	100	0.8%	8.6	63	1.1%	20.00	2.1	0.5	9.1	163	10.9	9.1
12	A12	45,715	1.05	0.72	100	0.5%	8.7	388	2.8%	20.00	3.3	1.9	10.6	488	12.7	10.6
13	A13	14,227	0.33	0.70	20	0.2%	5.6	92	2.0%	20.00	2.8	0.5	6.1	112	10.6	6.1
14	A14	14,821	0.34	0.84	100	0.5%	6.0	134	0.8%	20.00	1.8	1.2	7.2	234	11.3	7.2
15	A15	19,172	0.44	0.77	60	1.0%	4.7	30	3.0%	20.00	3.5	0.1	5.0	90	10.5	5.0
16	A16	13,705	0.31	0.76	100	2.0%	4.9	329	1.7%	20.00	2.6	2.1	7.0	429	12.4	7.0
17	A17	35,681	0.82	0.55	100	0.5%	12.7	300	0.9%	20.00	1.9	2.6	15.3	400	12.2	12.2
18	A18	58,375	1.34	0.81	100	2.7%	3.8	269	1.4%	20.00	2.4	1.9	5.7	369	12.1	5.7
19	A19	26,189	0.60	0.82	50	3.1%	2.5	240	2.3%	20.00	3.0	1.3	5.0	290	11.6	5.0
20	A20	14,910	0.34	0.73	100	0.5%	8.5	222	0.8%	20.00	1.8	2.1	10.6	322	11.8	10.6
21	A21	21,940	0.50	0.64	100	1.6%	7.2	156	0.8%	20.00	1.8	1.5	8.7	256	11.4	8.7
22	A22	14,829	0.34	0.09	100	1.4%	16.5	247	1.5%	20.00	2.4	1.7	18.2	347	11.9	11.9
23	A23	36,700	0.84	0.20	100	2.0%	13.0	201	4.8%	7.00	1.5	2.2	15.2	301	11.7	11.7
24	A24	21,078	0.48	0.10	100	1.9%	14.8	116	7.0%	7.00	1.9	1.0	15.8	216	11.2	11.2
25	A25	77,446	1.78	0.64	60	15.0%	2.7	60	2.0%	7.00	1.0	1.0	5.0	120	10.7	5.0
26	A26	116,046	2.66	0.31	100	6.1%	7.9	1220	3.0%	7.00	1.2	16.8	24.7	1320	17.3	17.3
27	A27	113,318	2.60	0.20	35	6.8%	5.2	475	3.0%	7.00	1.2	6.5	11.7	510	12.8	11.7
28	A28	87,847	2.02	0.09	50	4.9%	7.7	148	3.9%	7.00	1.4	1.8	9.5	198	11.1	9.5
29	A29	25,004	0.57	0.75	36	3.0%	2.7	625	2.8%	8.00	1.3	7.8	10.5	661	13.7	10.5
30	OS1	9,455	0.22	0.60	18	15.4%	1.6	193	2.4%	14.00	2.2	1.5	5.0	211	11.2	5.0

SUMMARY - PROPOSED RUNOFF TABLE						
DESIGN POINT	BASIN DESIGNATION	BASIN AREA (ACRES)	DIRECT 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	DIRECT 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)
1	A1	0.90	1.91	5.28	1.91	5.28
2	A2	0.37	0.85	2.32	0.85	2.32
3	A3	0.38	1.15	2.82	1.15	2.82
4	A4	0.31	1.04	2.40	1.04	2.40
5	A5	0.29	1.02	2.39	1.02	2.39
6	A6	0.30	0.97	2.29	0.97	2.29
7	A7	0.40	1.48	3.44	1.48	3.44
8	A8	0.46	1.72	3.98	1.72	3.98
9	A9	0.45	1.68	3.88	1.68	3.88
10	A10	0.61	2.09	4.95	2.09	4.95
11	A11	0.26	0.62	1.56	0.62	1.56
12	A12	1.05	2.59	6.32	2.59	6.32
13	A13	0.33	0.94	2.32	0.94	2.32
14	A14	0.34	1.12	2.60	1.12	2.60
15	A15	0.44	1.48	3.48	1.48	3.48
16	A16	0.31	0.95	2.27	0.95	2.27
17	A17	0.82	1.44	3.89	1.44	3.89
18	A18	1.34	4.57	10.60	4.57	10.60
19	A19	0.60	2.14	4.96	2.14	4.96
20	A20	0.34	0.85	2.02	0.85	2.02
21	A21	0.50	1.19	2.96	1.19	2.96
22	A22	0.34	0.10	0.85	0.10	0.85
23	A23	0.84	0.57	2.59	0.57	2.59
24	A24	0.48	0.16	1.25	0.16	1.25
25	A25	1.78	4.95	12.61	4.95	12.61
26	A26	2.66	2.28	8.15	2.28	8.15
27	A27	2.60	1.69	7.99	3.17	11.55
28	A28	2.02	0.65	5.52	0.65	5.52
29	A29	0.57	1.47	3.56	1.47	3.56
30	OS1	0.22	0.57	3.56	0.57	3.56

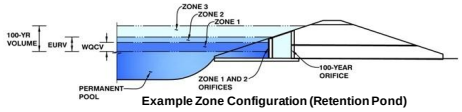
Missing 5-yr and 100-yr Proposed Runoff Calculation spreadsheets (provided in previous report)

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A22 (Sub-basins A17, A18, A19, A20, A21 and A22)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	3.95	acres
Watershed Length =	630	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	290	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.038	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	77.20%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	80.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	20.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

Does not match map.

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

		Optional User Overrides	
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.103 acre-feet		acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.385 acre-feet		acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.01 in.) =	0.227 acre-feet	1.01	inches
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.29 in.) =	0.300 acre-feet	1.29	inches
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.56 in.) =	0.371 acre-feet	1.56	inches
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.509 acre-feet	2.00	inches
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.586 acre-feet	2.25	inches
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.75 in.) =	0.752 acre-feet	2.75	inches
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.14 in.) =	0.879 acre-feet		inches
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.222 acre-feet		
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.294 acre-feet		
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.367 acre-feet		
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.480 acre-feet		
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.520 acre-feet		
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.611 acre-feet		

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

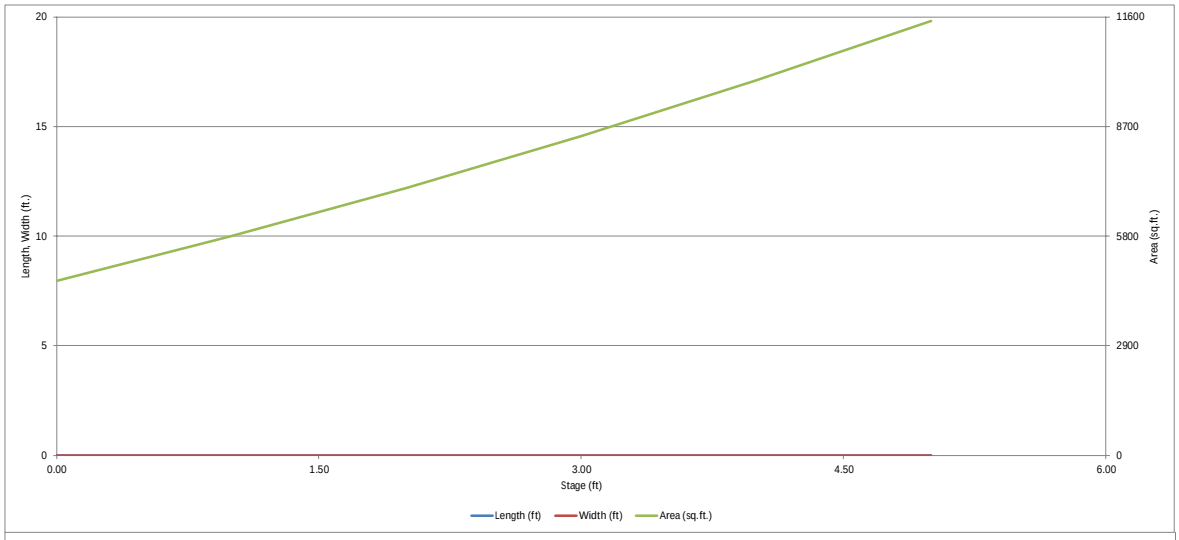
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.103	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.283	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.226	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.611	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft^3
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H_{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H_{TC}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S_{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S_{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R_{LW}) =	user	
Initial Surcharge Area (A_{ISV}) =	user	ft^2
Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft^2
Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft^3
Depth of Main Basin (H_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN}) =	user	ft^2
Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN}) =	user	ft^3
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) =	user	acre-feet

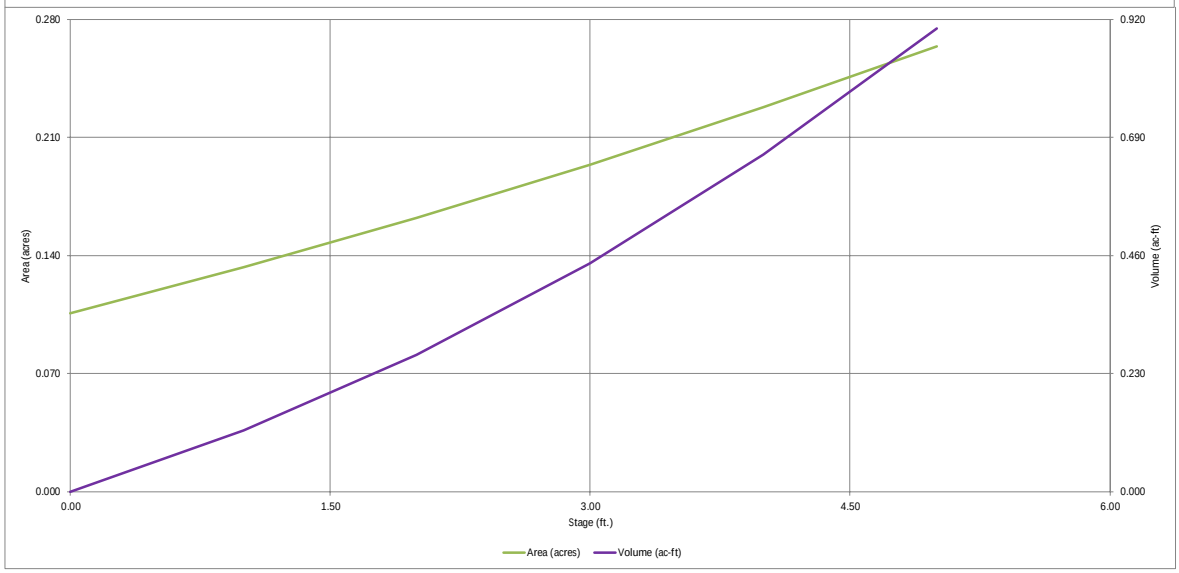
Depth Increment = ft

Stage - Storage Description	Stage (ft)	Optional Override Stage (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (ft^2)	Optional Override Area (ft^2)	Area (acre)	Volume (ft^3)	Volume (ac-ft)
Top of Micropool	--	0.00	--	--	--	4,615	0.106		
	--	1.00	--	--	--	5,793	0.133	5,204	0.119
	--	2.00	--	--	--	7,071	0.162	11,636	0.267
	--	3.00	--	--	--	8,449	0.194	19,396	0.445
	--	4.00	--	--	--	9,928	0.228	28,584	0.656
	--	5.00	--	--	--	11,507	0.264	39,302	0.902

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)



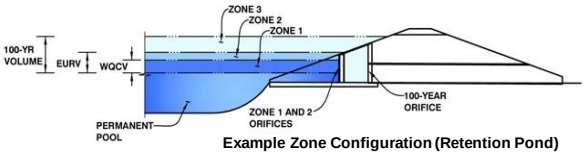


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A22 (Sub-basins A17, A18, A19, A20, A21 and A22)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.88	0.103	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	2.69	0.283	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	3.80	0.226	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		0.611	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)	Underdrain Orifice Area =	N/A	ft²
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches	Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	N/A	feet

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	WQ Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	ft²
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	2.69	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches	Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	sq. inches	Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft²

Calculated Parameters for Plate

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.20	1.79					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	1.60	1.60	1.60					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Not Selected	Not Selected			Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A	ft²
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A	feet
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches				

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected			Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	2.73	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t =	2.73	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	4.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Weir Slope Length =	4.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V	Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	26.32	N/A	
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	4.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	11.14	N/A	ft²
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A		Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	5.57	N/A	ft²
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%				

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected			Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.00	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Outlet Orifice Area =	0.42	N/A	ft²
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches	Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.25	N/A	feet
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	5.20		inches	Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	1.13	N/A	radians

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage=	3.40	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Spillway Design Flow Depth=	0.54	feet
Spillway Crest Length =	10.00	feet	Stage at Top of Freeboard =	4.94	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V	Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.26	acres
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet	Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	0.88	acre-ft

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

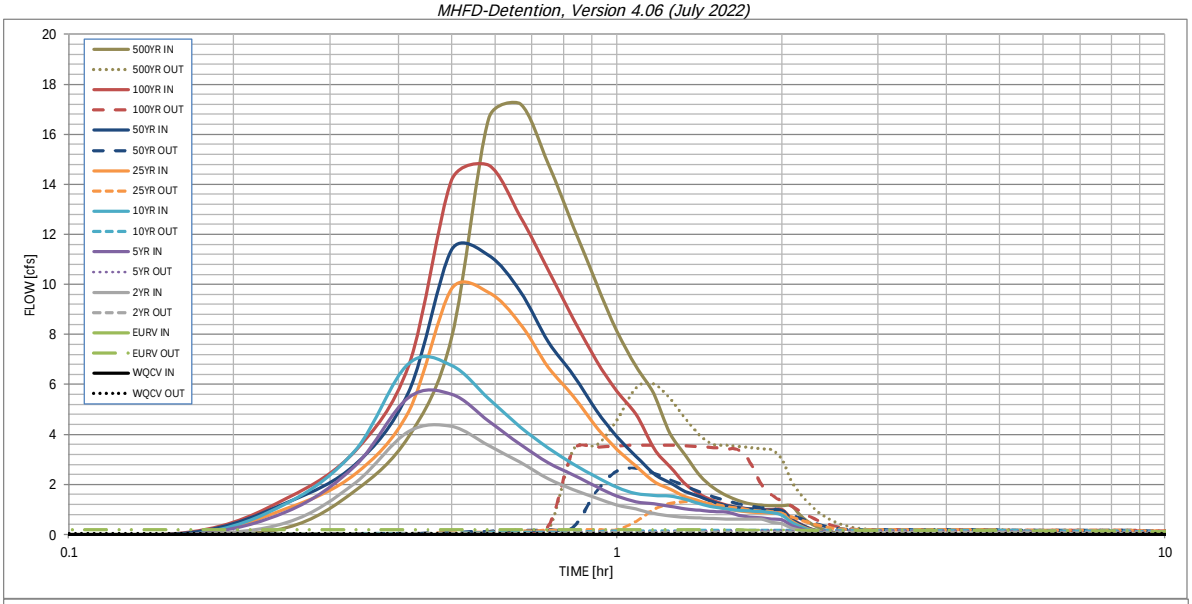
Routed Hydrograph Results

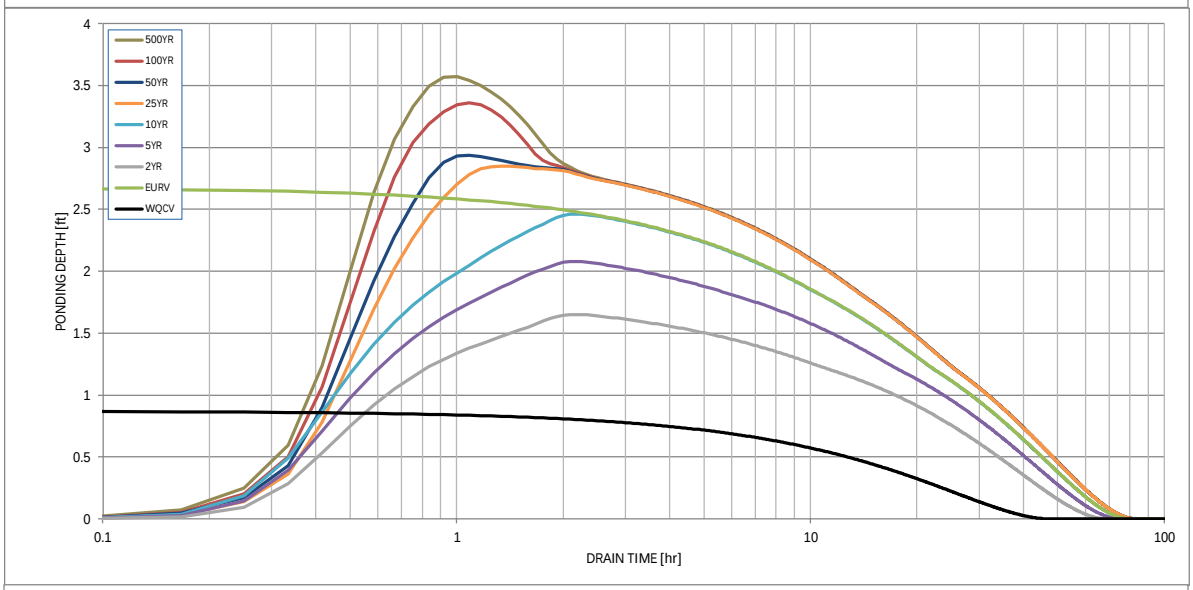
The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

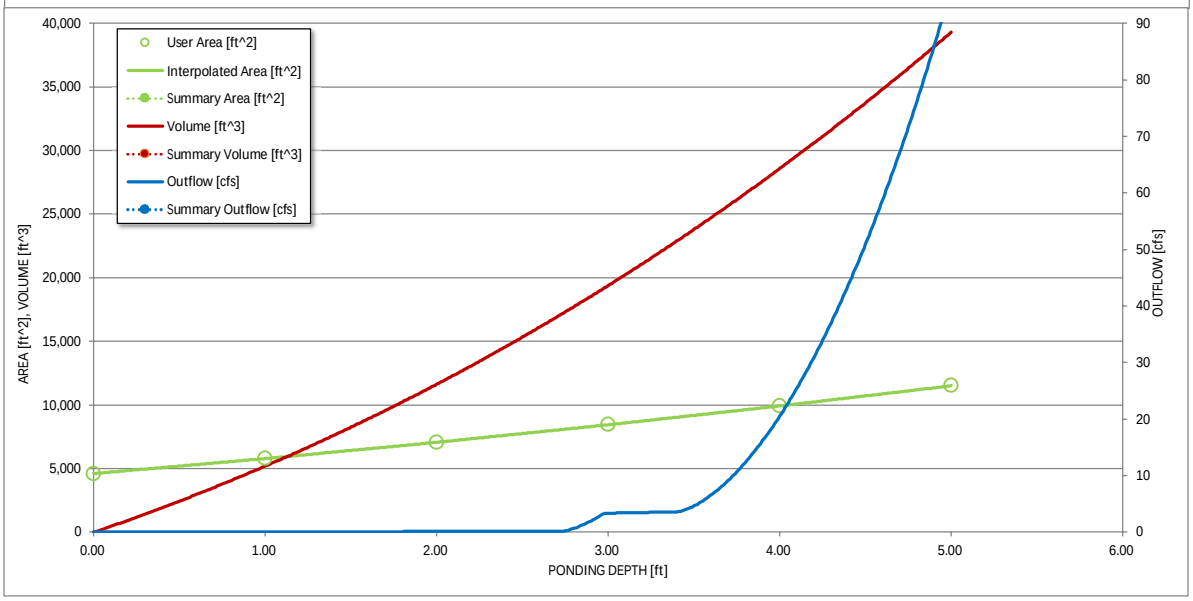
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.00	2.25	2.75	3.14
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.103	0.385	0.227	0.300	0.371	0.509	0.586	0.752	0.879
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.227	0.300	0.371	0.509	0.586	0.752	0.879
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.6	2.5	4.4	5.8
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.42	0.62	1.10	1.47
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	4.3	5.6	6.9	9.8	11.4	14.8	17.2
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.3	2.7	3.6	6.0
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.8	2.2	0.8	1.1	0.8	1.0
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	65	57	62	65	66	64	62	60
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	44	71	62	68	72	73	73	71	70
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	0.88	2.69	1.65	2.08	2.47	2.85	2.94	3.36	3.57
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.13	0.18	0.15	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.19	0.21	0.21
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.104	0.387	0.212	0.280	0.345	0.417	0.432	0.517	0.561

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)







S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.11	0.28
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.93	1.27	1.05	1.29	1.46	1.77
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	2.08	2.76	3.39	2.44	2.82	3.37	3.92
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	4.13	5.49	6.85	4.93	5.71	6.77	7.89
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	4.32	5.61	6.76	9.83	11.39	14.18	16.64
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	3.56	4.54	5.45	9.68	11.17	14.77	17.23
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	2.89	3.61	4.32	8.44	9.73	12.72	14.83
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	2.23	2.87	3.48	6.70	7.72	10.58	12.32
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	1.80	2.39	2.82	5.53	6.38	8.63	10.06
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.46	1.92	2.30	4.32	4.97	6.97	8.14
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	1.19	1.55	1.89	3.42	3.93	5.75	6.73
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	1.02	1.33	1.65	2.74	3.14	4.81	5.63
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.85	1.24	1.57	2.13	2.43	3.46	4.05
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.75	1.14	1.54	1.82	2.08	2.72	3.19
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.70	1.04	1.41	1.52	1.73	2.04	2.37
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.97	1.23	1.35	1.52	1.62	1.87
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.93	1.11	1.15	1.30	1.36	1.57
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.90	1.03	1.03	1.17	1.19	1.37
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.79	0.98	0.96	1.08	1.09	1.25
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.71	0.95	0.91	1.02	1.04	1.19
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.66	0.92	0.88	0.99	1.02	1.16
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.63	0.88	0.87	0.98	1.01	1.15
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.59	0.78	0.86	0.97	1.01	1.15
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.37	0.50	0.55	0.62	0.65	0.74
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.23	0.32	0.35	0.39	0.41	0.47
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.14	0.19	0.22	0.24	0.25	0.29
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.17
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.10
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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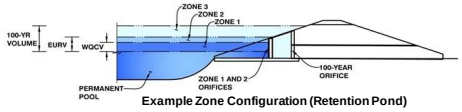
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A23 (Sub-basins A1-A16 and A23)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	8.05	acres
Watershed Length =	800	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	470	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.030	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	74.80%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	50.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	50.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

			Optional User Overrides
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.200	acre-feet	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.721	acre-feet	acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.01 in.) =	0.456	acre-feet	1.01 inches
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.29 in.) =	0.604	acre-feet	1.29 inches
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.56 in.) =	0.758	acre-feet	1.56 inches
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	1.058	acre-feet	2.00 inches
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	1.220	acre-feet	2.25 inches
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.75 in.) =	1.571	acre-feet	2.75 inches
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.14 in.) =	1.831	acre-feet	inches
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.438	acre-feet	
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.583	acre-feet	
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.740	acre-feet	
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.939	acre-feet	
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	1.002	acre-feet	
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	1.174	acre-feet	

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

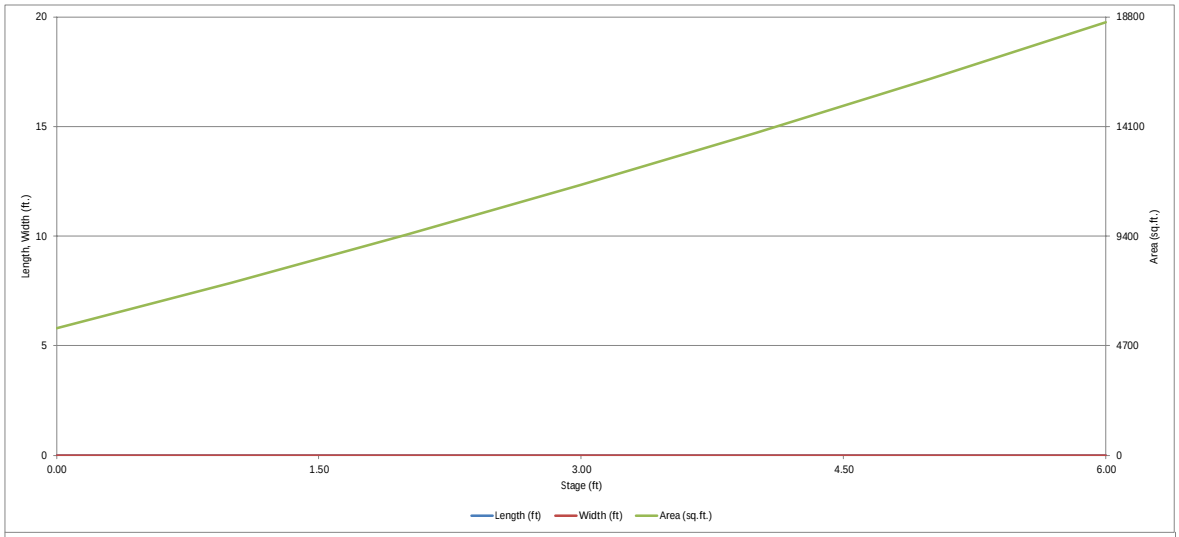
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.200	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.521	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.453	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	1.174	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft^3
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H_{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H_{TC}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S_{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S_{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R_{LW}) =	user	
Initial Surcharge Area (A_{ISV}) =	user	ft^2
Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft^2
Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft^3
Depth of Main Basin (H_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN}) =	user	ft^2
Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN}) =	user	ft^3
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) =	user	acre-feet

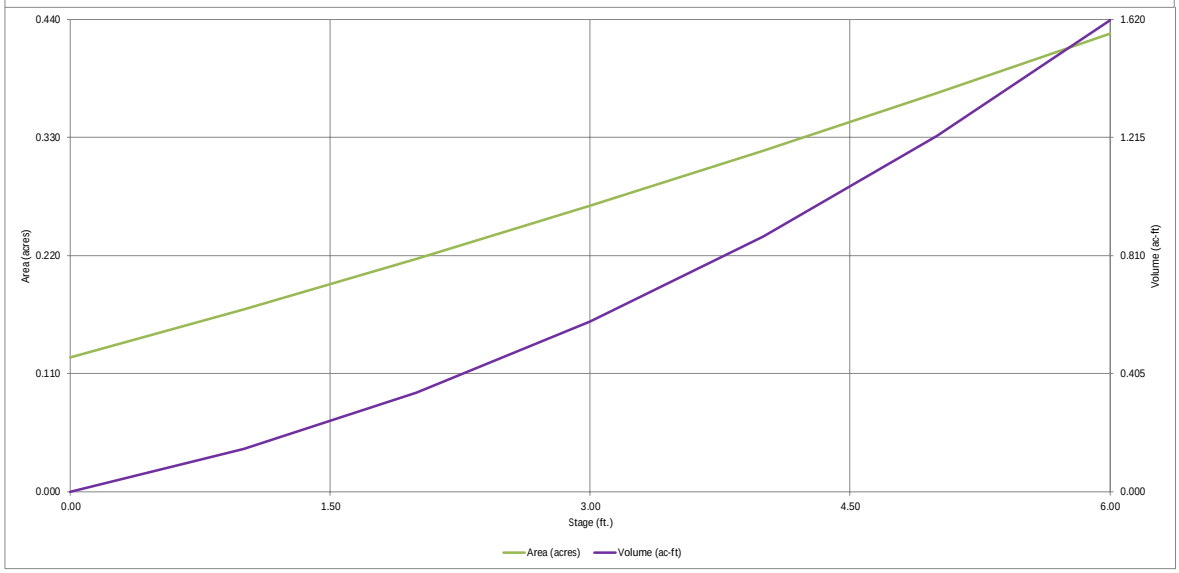
Depth Increment = 1.00 ft

Stage - Storage Description	Stage (ft)	Optional Override Stage (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (ft^2)	Optional Override Area (ft^2)	Area (acre)	Volume (ft^3)	Volume (ac-ft)
Top of Micropool	--	0.00	--	--	--	5,450	0.125		
	--	1.00	--	--	--	7,402	0.170	6,426	0.148
	--	2.00	--	--	--	9,453	0.217	14,853	0.341
	--	3.00	--	--	--	11,598	0.266	25,379	0.583
	--	4.00	--	--	--	13,836	0.318	38,096	0.875
	--	5.00	--	--	--	16,168	0.371	53,098	1.219
	--	6.00	--	--	--	18,594	0.427	70,479	1.618

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)



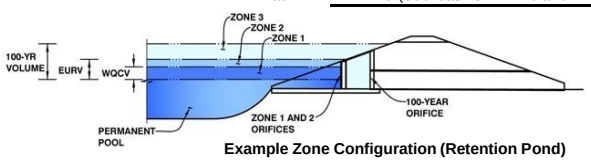


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A23 (Sub-basins A1-A16 and A23)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.30	0.200	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	3.50	0.521	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	4.88	0.453	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		1.174	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =		ft (distance below the filtration media surface)	Underdrain Orifice Area =		ft^2
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =		inches	Underdrain Orifice Centroid =		feet

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	WQ Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	ft^2
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	3.04	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches	Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	inches	Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft^2

Calculated Parameters for Plate

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.50	2.03					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	2.40	2.40	2.40					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Not Selected	Not Selected			Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A	ft^2
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A	feet
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches				

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected			Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	3.50	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t =	3.50	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	4.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Weir Slope Length =	4.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V	Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	11.04	N/A	
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	4.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	11.14	N/A	ft^2
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A		Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	5.57	N/A	ft^2
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%				

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected			Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.00	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Outlet Orifice Area =	1.01	N/A	ft^2
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches	Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.48	N/A	feet
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	10.00		inches	Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	1.68	N/A	radians

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage=	4.40	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Spillway Design Flow Depth=	0.58	feet
Spillway Crest Length =	20.00	feet	Stage at Top of Freeboard =	5.98	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V	Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.43	acres
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet	Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	1.61	acre-ft

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

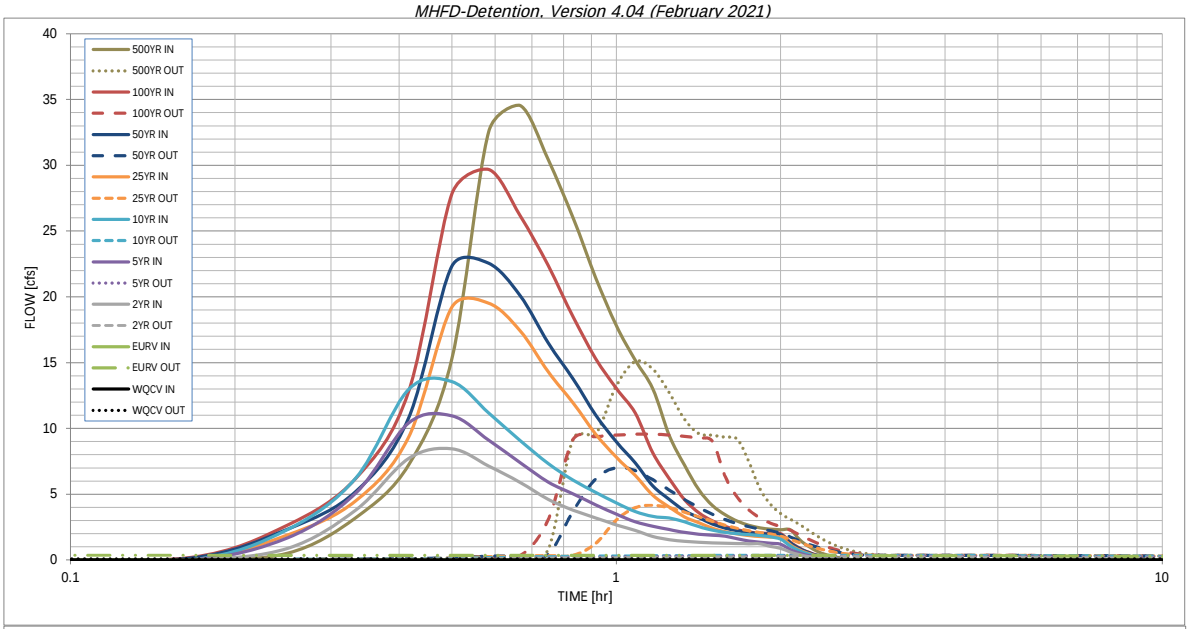
Routed Hydrograph Results

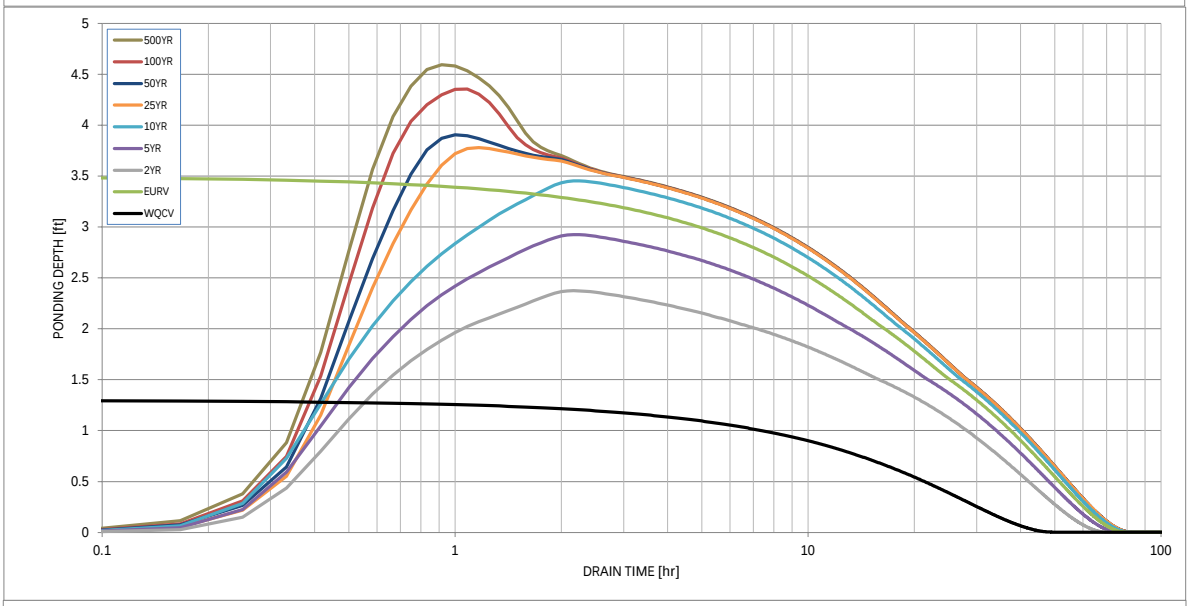
The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

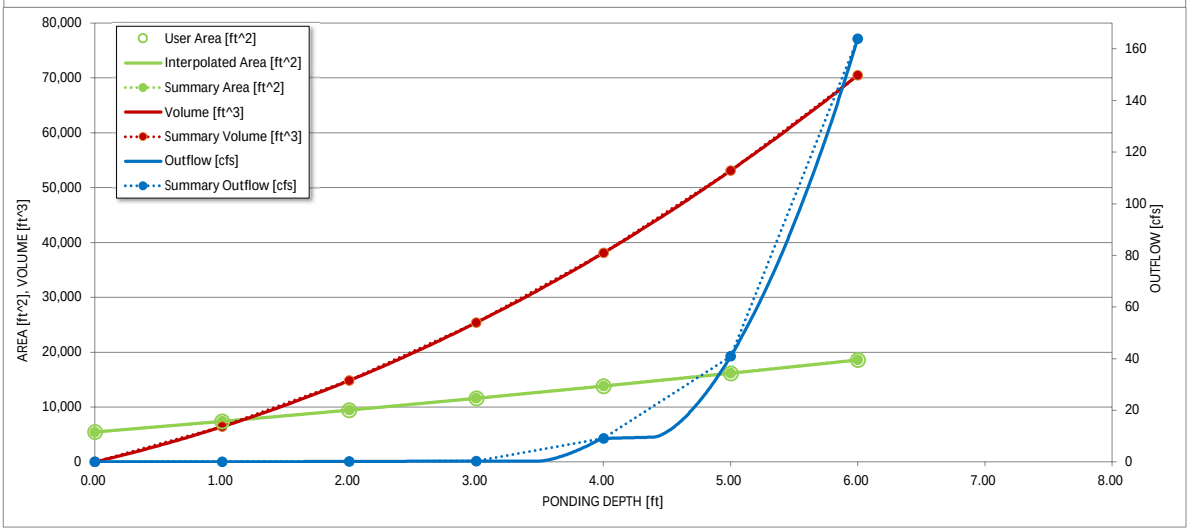
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.00	2.25	2.75	3.14
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.200	0.721	0.456	0.604	0.758	1.058	1.220	1.571	1.831
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.456	0.604	0.758	1.058	1.220	1.571	1.831
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.1	0.9	4.8	6.6	10.5	13.3
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.01	0.02	0.11	0.60	0.82	1.31	1.65
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	8.5	11.0	13.5	19.5	22.5	29.7	34.5
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	4.2	7.0	9.6	15.1
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.2	0.4	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Plate	Plate	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.8
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	41	64	58	62	66	64	62	59	58
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	45	71	63	68	72	72	71	69	68
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.30	3.50	2.37	2.92	3.45	3.78	3.90	4.35	4.59
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.18	0.29	0.24	0.26	0.29	0.31	0.31	0.34	0.35
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.201	0.722	0.425	0.561	0.708	0.803	0.843	0.989	1.071

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)







S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename: _____

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.20	0.51
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.89	1.69	2.31	1.90	2.34	2.65	3.23
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	3.81	5.08	6.24	4.50	5.21	6.22	7.24
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	7.72	10.41	12.97	9.35	10.81	12.82	15.32
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	8.45	10.95	13.55	19.22	22.34	27.83	32.55
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	7.13	9.10	11.17	19.51	22.54	29.68	34.53
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	5.90	7.40	9.08	17.43	20.10	26.18	30.43
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	4.61	5.93	7.34	14.30	16.50	22.38	25.99
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	3.79	5.02	6.07	11.93	13.76	18.47	21.46
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	3.20	4.19	5.15	9.57	11.02	15.31	17.82
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	2.67	3.47	4.33	7.80	8.97	13.04	15.18
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	2.25	2.90	3.67	6.42	7.38	11.17	13.01
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	1.79	2.56	3.31	4.91	5.63	8.13	9.46
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	1.55	2.31	3.18	4.01	4.60	6.19	7.20
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	1.42	2.10	2.90	3.28	3.74	4.59	5.33
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	1.34	1.96	2.53	2.83	3.22	3.57	4.14
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.30	1.87	2.28	2.41	2.73	2.97	3.43
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.27	1.81	2.11	2.14	2.42	2.56	2.95
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.25	1.60	1.99	1.97	2.22	2.30	2.64
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	1.23	1.45	1.92	1.85	2.08	2.13	2.43
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	1.23	1.35	1.86	1.78	2.00	2.05	2.34
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.03	1.28	1.76	1.74	1.96	2.02	2.30
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.89	1.19	1.58	1.72	1.93	2.01	2.29
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.80	1.06	1.15	1.29	1.35	1.54
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.52	0.70	0.76	0.86	0.89	1.02
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.33	0.45	0.50	0.56	0.58	0.66
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.20	0.28	0.31	0.34	0.36	0.41
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.13	0.17	0.19	0.22	0.23	0.26
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.07	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.14
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

Stage - Storage Description	Stage [ft]	Area [ft^2]	Area [acres]	Volume [ft^3]	Volume [ac-ft]	Total Outflow [cfs]
	0.00	5,450	0.125	0	0.000	0.00
	1.00	7,402	0.170	6,426	0.148	0.08
	2.00	9,453	0.217	14,853	0.341	0.17
	3.00	11,598	0.266	25,379	0.583	0.32
	4.00	13,836	0.318	38,096	0.875	9.11
	5.00	16,168	0.371	53,098	1.219	40.89
	6.00	18,594	0.427	70,479	1.618	163.93

For best results, include the stages of all grade slope changes (e.g. ISV and Floor) from the S-A-V table on Sheet 'Basin'.

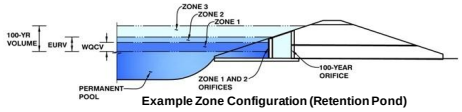
Also include the inverts of all outlets (e.g. vertical orifice, overflow grate, and spillway, where applicable).

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A24 (Sub-basins A24 and A25)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	2.26	acres
Watershed Length =	480	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	190	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.045	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	55.40%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	50.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	50.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

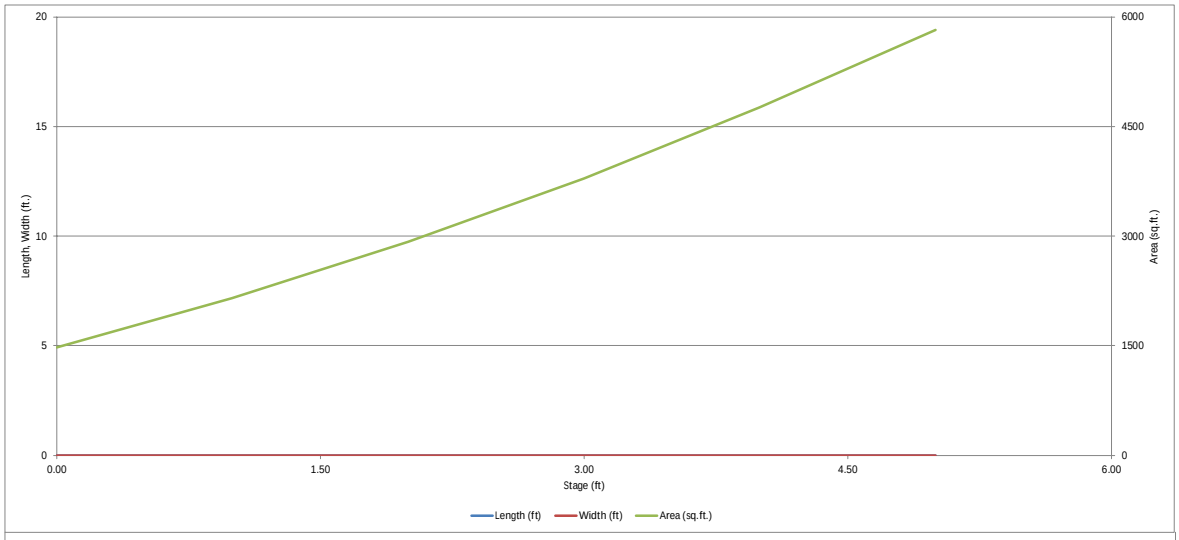
			Optional User Overrides
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.042	acre-feet	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.142	acre-feet	acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.01 in.) =	0.089	acre-feet	1.01 inches
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.29 in.) =	0.120	acre-feet	1.29 inches
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.56 in.) =	0.154	acre-feet	1.56 inches
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.236	acre-feet	2.00 inches
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.278	acre-feet	2.25 inches
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.75 in.) =	0.375	acre-feet	2.75 inches
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.14 in.) =	0.444	acre-feet	inches
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.084	acre-feet	
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.114	acre-feet	
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.149	acre-feet	
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.192	acre-feet	
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.207	acre-feet	
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.250	acre-feet	

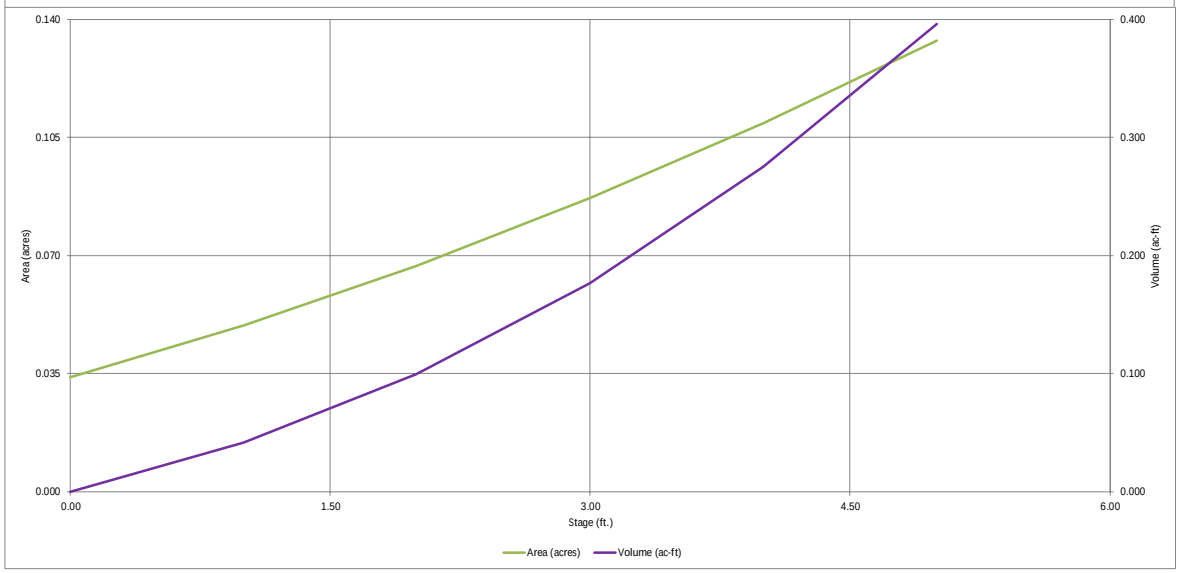
Define Zones and Basin Geometry

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.042	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.100	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.108	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.250	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft^3
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H_{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H_{TC}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S_{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S_{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R_{LW}) =	user	
Initial Surcharge Area (A_{ISV}) =	user	ft^2
Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft^2
Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft^3
Depth of Main Basin (H_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN}) =	user	ft^2
Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN}) =	user	ft^3
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) =	user	acre-feet

Depth Increment = 1.00 ft

Stage - Storage Description	Stage (ft)	Optional Override Stage (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (ft^2)	Optional Override Area (ft^2)	Area (acre)	Volume (ft^3)	Volume (ac-ft)
Top of Micropool	--	0.00	--	--	--	1,481	0.034		
	--	1.00	--	--	--	2,150	0.049	1,815	0.042
	--	2.00	--	--	--	2,919	0.067	4,350	0.100
	--	3.00	--	--	--	3,789	0.087	7,704	0.177
	--	4.00	--	--	--	4,759	0.109	11,978	0.275
	--	5.00	--	--	--	5,830	0.134	17,272	0.397


20
15
10
5
0
Length, Width (ft.)
6000
4500
3000
1500
0
Area (sq.ft.)
0.00
1.50
3.00
4.50
6.00
Stage (ft)
Length (ft)
Width (ft)
Area (sq.ft.)

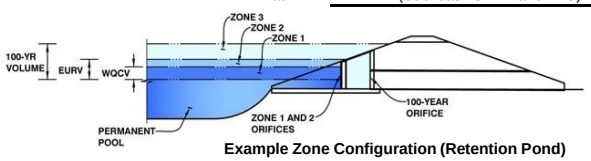

0.140
0.105
0.070
0.035
0.000
Area (acres)
0.400
0.300
0.200
0.100
0.000
Volume (ac-ft)
0.00
1.50
3.00
4.50
6.00
Stage (ft.)
Area (acres)
Volume (ac-ft)

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A24 (Sub-basins A24 and A25)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.01	0.042	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	2.58	0.100	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	3.77	0.108	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		0.250	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = ft (distance below the filtration media surface)

Underdrain Orifice Diameter = inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area = ft^2

Underdrain Orifice Centroid = feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice = 0.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = 2.58 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = N/A inches

Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = 0.60 sq. inches (diameter = 7/8 inch)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row = 4.167E-03 ft^2

Elliptical Half-Width = N/A feet

Elliptical Slot Centroid = N/A feet

Elliptical Slot Area = N/A ft^2

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.20	1.75					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.60	0.60	0.60					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

	Not Selected	Not Selected	
Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A	ft^2
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A	feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	2.58	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	4.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	4.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t =	2.58	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	4.00	N/A	feet
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	30.32	N/A	
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	11.14	N/A	ft^2
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	5.57	N/A	ft^2

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.00	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	4.70		inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Outlet Orifice Area =	0.37	N/A	ft^2
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.23	N/A	feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	1.07	N/A	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage= 3.50 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

Spillway Crest Length = 10.00 feet

Spillway End Slopes = 4.00 H:V

Freeboard above Max Water Surface = 1.00 feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Design Flow Depth= 0.36 feet

Stage at Top of Freeboard = 4.86 feet

Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = 0.13 acres

Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = 0.38 acre-ft

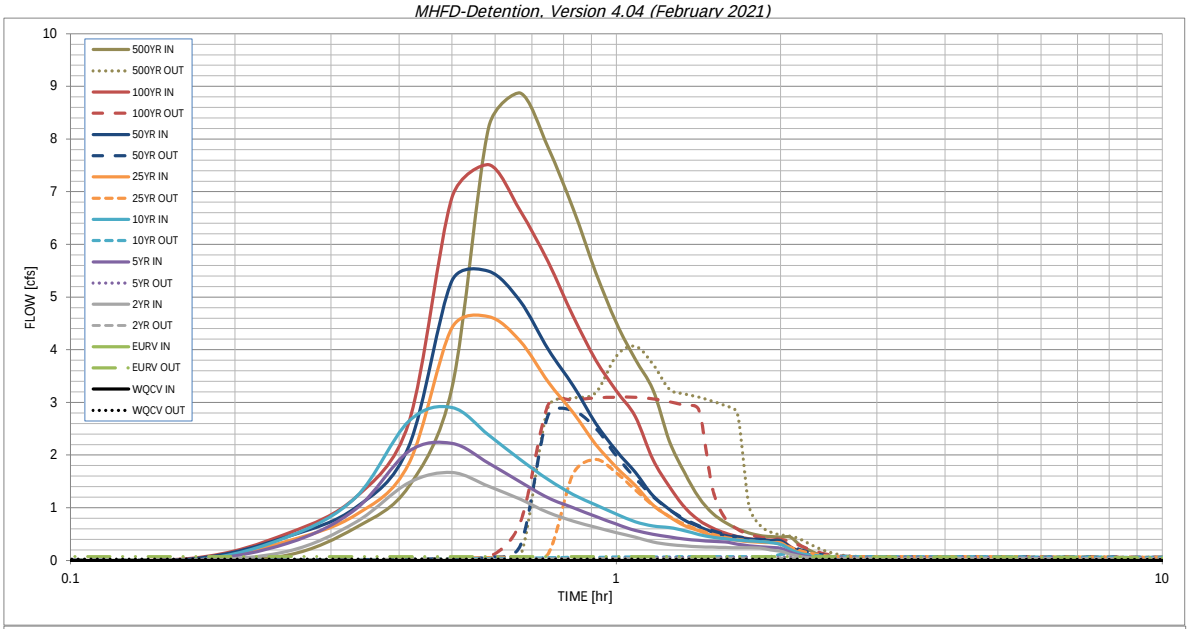
Routed Hydrograph Results

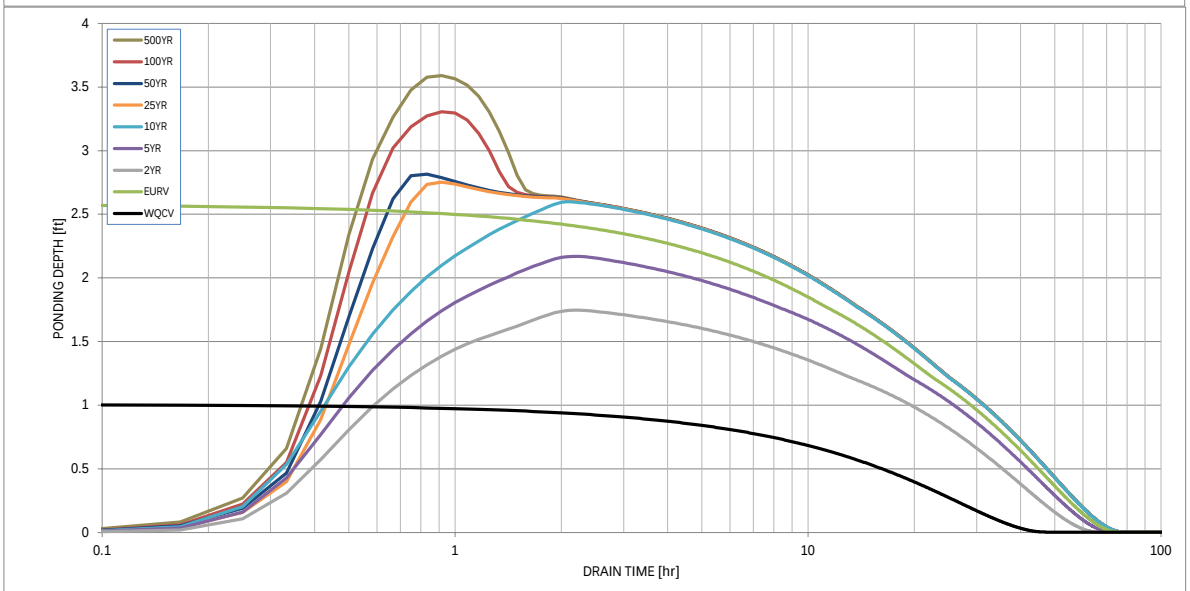
The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

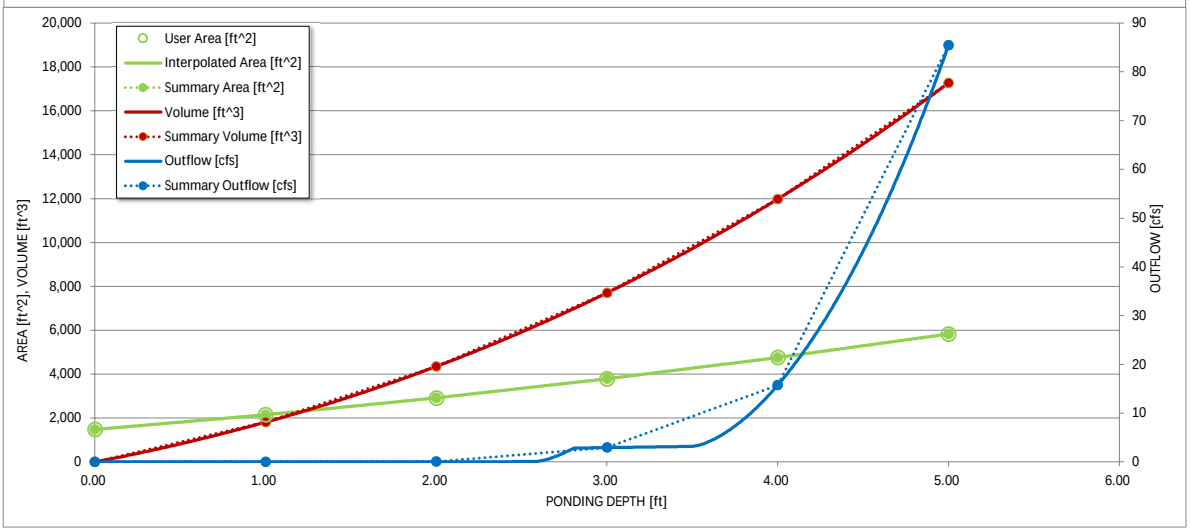
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.00	2.25	2.75	3.14
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.042	0.142	0.089	0.120	0.154	0.236	0.278	0.375	0.444
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.089	0.120	0.154	0.236	0.278	0.375	0.444
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.5	2.1	3.4	4.2
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.01	0.02	0.14	0.69	0.94	1.49	1.87
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	1.7	2.2	2.9	4.6	5.5	7.5	8.9
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.9	2.8	3.1	4.1
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.4	0.4	1.2	1.3	0.9	1.0
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Plate	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	62	55	60	63	60	58	55	53
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	43	68	60	65	70	68	67	65	64
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.01	2.58	1.74	2.17	2.60	2.75	2.81	3.30	3.59
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.05	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.10
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.042	0.142	0.083	0.111	0.143	0.156	0.161	0.204	0.231

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)







S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename: _____

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.10
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.33	0.45	0.37	0.45	0.51	0.63
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.97	1.20	0.87	1.00	1.20	1.40
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	1.47	2.07	2.64	1.83	2.16	2.61	3.27
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.67	2.22	2.90	4.42	5.31	6.89	8.23
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.40	1.84	2.38	4.63	5.49	7.51	8.88
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.16	1.49	1.92	4.17	4.92	6.64	7.84
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.91	1.19	1.53	3.39	4.01	5.66	6.68
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.74	1.00	1.25	2.80	3.32	4.64	5.47
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.83	1.05	2.20	2.60	3.81	4.51
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.69	0.88	1.77	2.08	3.22	3.82
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.57	0.74	1.42	1.67	2.73	3.24
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.50	0.65	1.05	1.23	1.92	2.27
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.45	0.62	0.83	0.97	1.40	1.67
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.40	0.57	0.66	0.77	1.01	1.19
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.38	0.49	0.56	0.64	0.76	0.90
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.36	0.44	0.47	0.54	0.62	0.72
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.35	0.41	0.42	0.47	0.52	0.60
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.31	0.39	0.38	0.43	0.45	0.52
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.28	0.37	0.36	0.40	0.41	0.47
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.26	0.36	0.34	0.39	0.39	0.45
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.25	0.34	0.34	0.38	0.39	0.44
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.23	0.30	0.33	0.37	0.39	0.44
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.25	0.26	0.30
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.10	0.14	0.15	0.17	0.17	0.20
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.06	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.13
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.08
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

Stage - Storage Description	Stage [ft]	Area [ft ^{2}]	Area [acres]	Volume [ft ^{3}]	Volume [ac-ft]	Total Outflow [cfs]
	0.00	1,481	0.034	0	0.000	0.00
	1.00	2,150	0.049	1,815	0.042	0.02
	2.00	2,919	0.067	4,350	0.100	0.06
	3.00	3,789	0.087	7,704	0.177	2.94
	4.00	4,759	0.109	11,978	0.275	15.74
	5.00	5,830	0.134	17,272	0.397	85.43

For best results, include the stages of all grade slope changes (e.g. ISV and Floor) from the S-A-V table on Sheet 'Basin'.

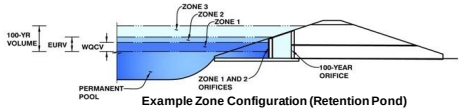
Also include the inverts of all outlets (e.g. vertical orifice, overflow grate, and spillway, where applicable).

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A27 (Sub-basins A27)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	2.60	acres
Watershed Length =	550	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	225	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.038	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	15.00%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	50.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	50.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

			Optional User Overrides
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.020	acre-feet	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.035	acre-feet	acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.01 in.) =	0.018	acre-feet	1.01 inches
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.29 in.) =	0.029	acre-feet	1.29 inches
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.56 in.) =	0.053	acre-feet	1.56 inches
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.143	acre-feet	2.00 inches
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.188	acre-feet	2.25 inches
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.75 in.) =	0.306	acre-feet	2.75 inches
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.14 in.) =	0.386	acre-feet	inches
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.019	acre-feet	
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.028	acre-feet	
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.045	acre-feet	
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.067	acre-feet	
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.075	acre-feet	
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.108	acre-feet	

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

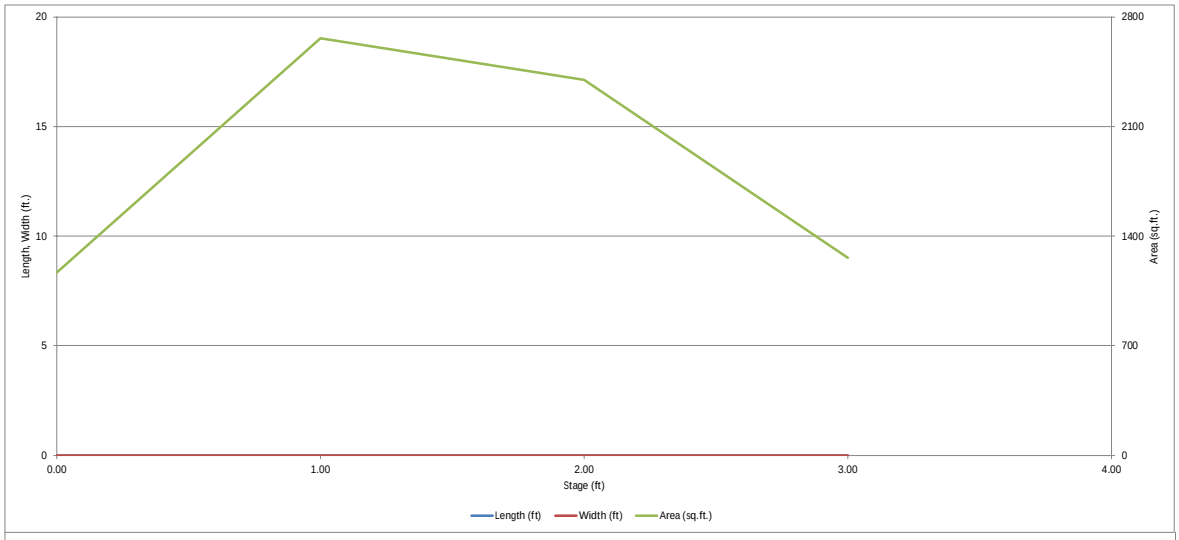
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.020	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.015	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.073	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.108	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft^3
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H_{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H_{TC}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S_{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S_{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R_{LW}) =	user	
Initial Surcharge Area (A_{ISV}) =	user	ft^2
Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft^2
Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft^3
Depth of Main Basin (H_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN}) =	user	ft^2
Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN}) =	user	ft^3
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) =	user	acre-feet

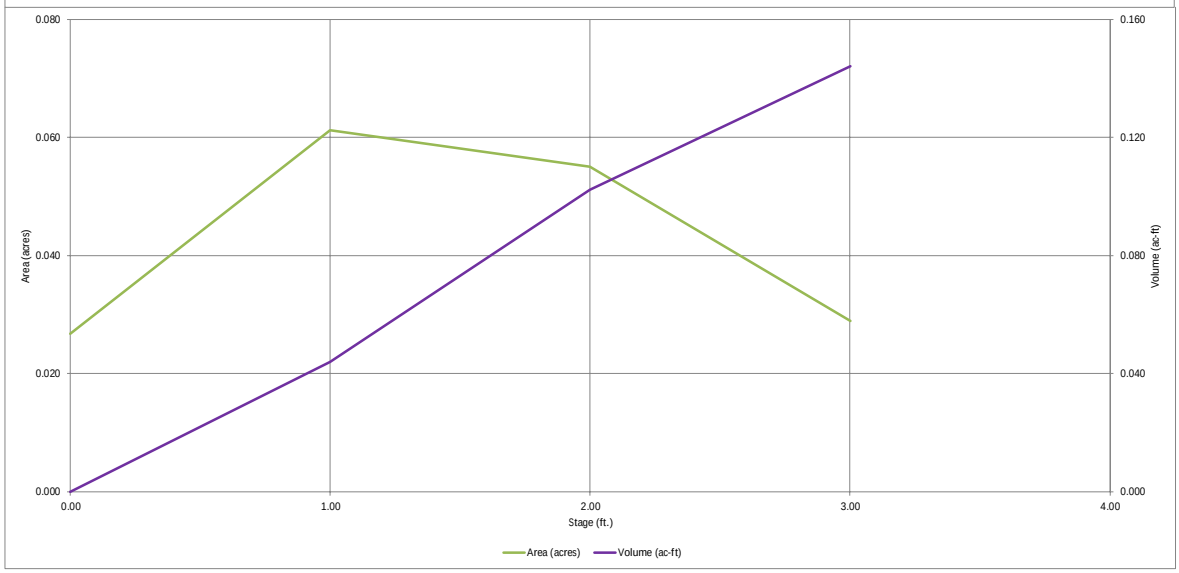
Depth Increment = ft

Stage - Storage Description	Stage (ft)	Optional Override Stage (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (ft^2)	Optional Override Area (ft^2)	Area (acre)	Volume (ft^3)	Volume (ac-ft)
Top of Micropool	--	0.00	--	--	--	1,168	0.027		
	--	1.00	--	--	--	2,668	0.061	1,918	0.044
	--	2.00	--	--	--	2,400	0.055	4,452	0.102
	--	3.00	--	--	--	1,260	0.029	6,282	0.144

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)



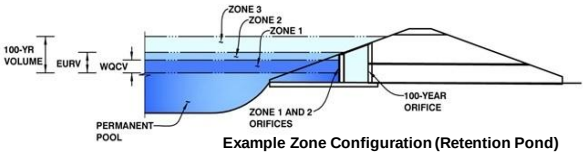


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Basin ID: EDB A27 (Sub-basins A27)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.56	0.020	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	0.85	0.015	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	2.12	0.073	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		0.108	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)	Underdrain Orifice Area =	N/A	ft^2
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches	Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	N/A	feet

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	WQ Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	ft^2
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	0.85	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches	Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	sq. inches	Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft^2

Calculated Parameters for Plate

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.70						
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.30	0.25						

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Not Selected	Not Selected			Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A	ft^2
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A	feet
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches				

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected			Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	0.85	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t =	0.85	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	4.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Weir Slope Length =	4.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V	Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	17.52	N/A	
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	4.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	11.14	N/A	ft^2
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A		Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	5.57	N/A	ft^2
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%				

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected			Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.00	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Outlet Orifice Area =	0.64	N/A	ft^2
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches	Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.34	N/A	feet
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	7.00		inches	Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	1.35	N/A	radians

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage=	2.12	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Spillway Design Flow Depth=	0.36	feet
Spillway Crest Length =	5.00	feet	Stage at Top of Freeboard =	3.48	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V	Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.03	acres
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet	Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	0.14	acre-ft

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

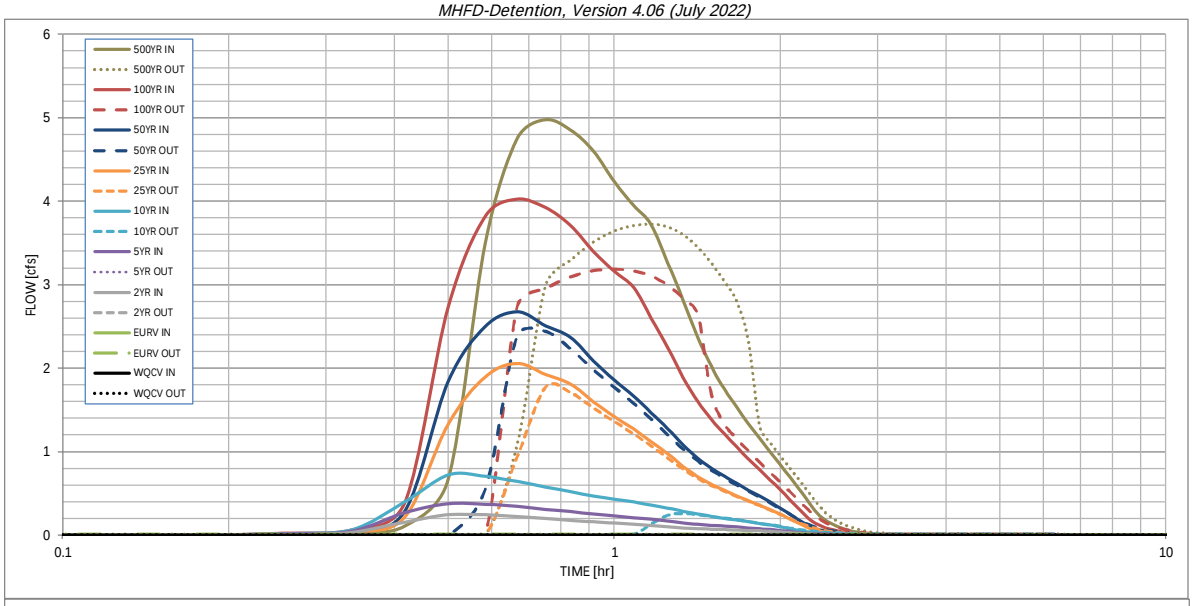
Routed Hydrograph Results

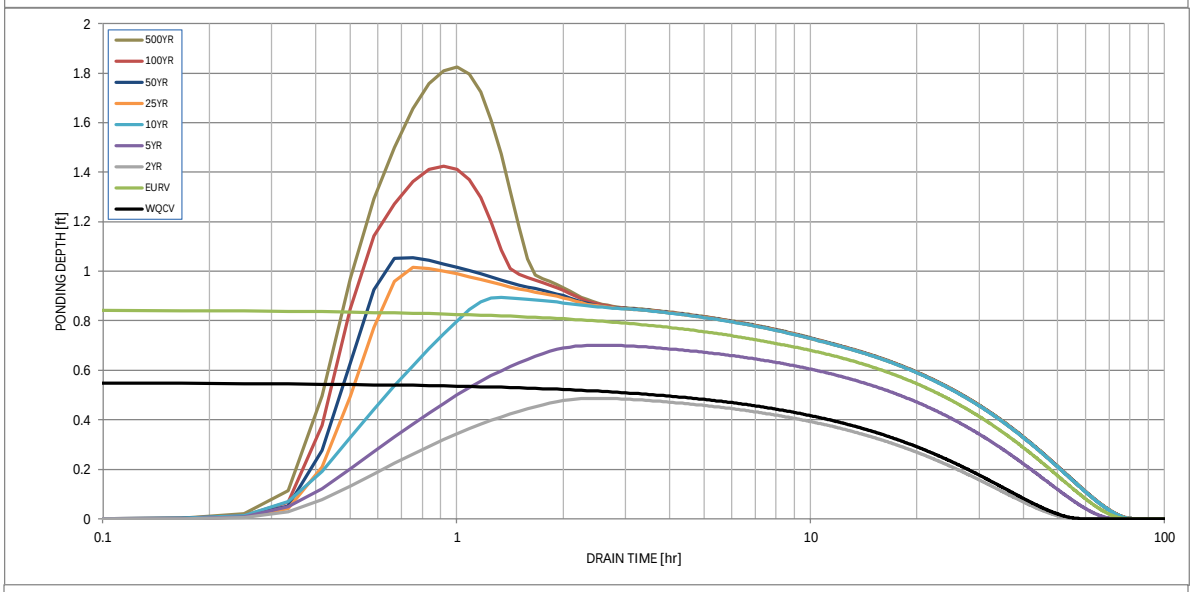
The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

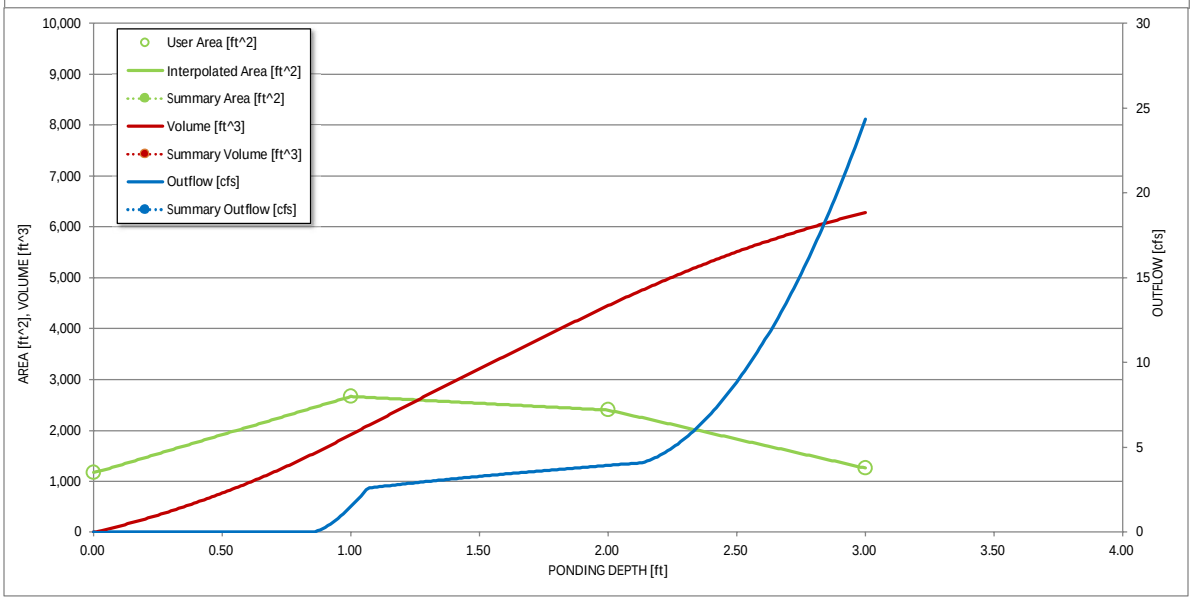
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.01	1.29	1.56	2.00	2.25	2.75	3.14
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.020	0.035	0.018	0.029	0.053	0.143	0.188	0.306	0.386
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.018	0.029	0.053	0.143	0.188	0.306	0.386
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.6	2.2	3.6	4.5
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.01	0.02	0.12	0.63	0.86	1.37	1.73
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.2	0.4	0.7	2.1	2.7	4.0	5.0
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.8	2.4	3.2	3.7
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.2	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Plate	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	50	66	48	62	67	56	52	43	38
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	54	72	52	67	73	67	65	60	58
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	0.56	0.85	0.49	0.70	0.90	1.02	1.06	1.43	1.82
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.020	0.035	0.017	0.027	0.038	0.045	0.047	0.069	0.092

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)







S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.11
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.27	0.40	0.21	0.29	0.39	0.67
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.38	0.72	1.33	1.84	2.73	3.50
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.37	0.71	1.90	2.50	3.82	4.75
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.35	0.64	2.06	2.68	4.03	4.98
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.31	0.58	1.93	2.51	3.93	4.86
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.28	0.52	1.81	2.37	3.71	4.60
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.26	0.47	1.60	2.09	3.40	4.23
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.23	0.43	1.42	1.86	3.16	3.95
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.21	0.40	1.27	1.67	2.97	3.72
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.19	0.36	1.12	1.47	2.60	3.27
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.17	0.33	0.98	1.28	2.25	2.82
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.15	0.29	0.83	1.08	1.89	2.37
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.13	0.25	0.70	0.93	1.60	2.02
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.12	0.23	0.61	0.80	1.39	1.75
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.11	0.21	0.54	0.71	1.21	1.53
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.10	0.18	0.47	0.62	1.06	1.34
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.09	0.16	0.42	0.54	0.92	1.16
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.08	0.14	0.36	0.47	0.79	1.00
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.12	0.31	0.40	0.66	0.84
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.25	0.33	0.55	0.70
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.08	0.20	0.25	0.43	0.55
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.14	0.18	0.31	0.40
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.09	0.11	0.20	0.26
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.07	0.13	0.18
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.12
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.09
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.06
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

Stage - Storage Description	Stage [ft]	Area [ft ^{2}]	Area [acres]	Volume [ft ^{3}]	Volume [ac-ft]	Total Outflow [cfs]

For best results, include the stages of all grade slope changes (e.g. ISV and Floor) from the S-A-V table on Sheet 'Basin'.

Also include the inverts of all outlets (e.g. vertical orifice, overflow grate, and spillway, where applicable).

APPENDIX D – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

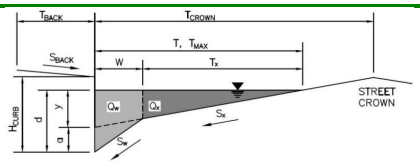
MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: DP 26. EX INLET



Gutter Geometry:

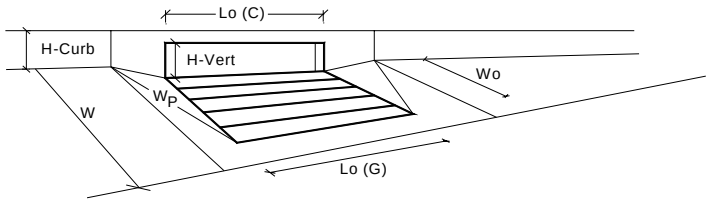
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	T_{BACK} =	10.0	ft
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	S_{BACK} =	0.060	ft/ft
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{BACK} =	0.020	
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	T_{CROWN} =	44.0	ft
Gutter Width	W =	2.00	ft
Street Transverse Slope	S_X =	0.017	ft/ft
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	S_O =	0.000	ft/ft
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{STREET} =	0.016	

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	22.0	44.0	ft
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions		☐	☐	

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition				
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition	Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

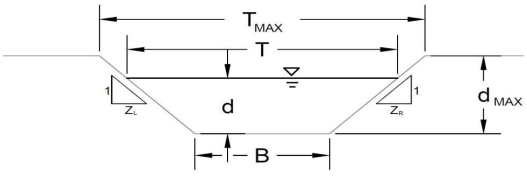


Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	Colorado Springs D-10-R		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a_{local} =	4.00	4.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information		MINOR	MAJOR	☐ Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C_f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L_o (C) =	12.00	12.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H_{vert} =	8.00	8.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H_{throat} =	8.00	8.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	81.00	81.00	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W_p =	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C_f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d_{Curb} =	0.33	0.33	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Curb} =	0.87	0.87	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	8.9	8.9	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	2.3	8.2	cfs

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A1



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	10.00	10.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.67	0.67	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	5.9	5.9	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.42	0.42	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.9	5.8	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.27	0.41	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Per drainage plan, cross pans appear to be only 4' wide and 2" deep per standard detail. Suggest using actual cross pan dimensions and determine if minor storm is contained within pan section (can be done at time of final plat). If it doesn't could cause major damage to road.

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

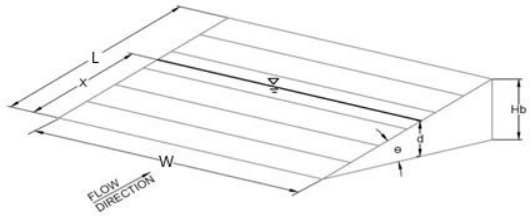
Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A1

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet: CDOT Type D (In Series

Inlet Type = CDOT Type D (In Series)



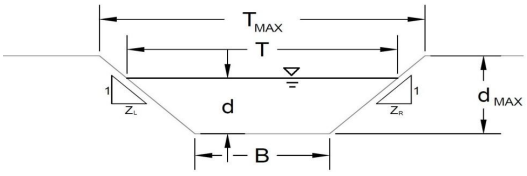
Angle of Inclined Grade (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grate	W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grate	L =	6.00	ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =	0.38	
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =	0.78	
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =	0.52	
Weir Coefficient	C_w =	1.67	

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.27	0.41	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	4.2	7.9	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A2



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0100	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	45.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	45.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	16.00	16.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.50	0.50	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	3.2	3.2	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.18	0.18	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	0.9	2.3	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.11	0.16	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

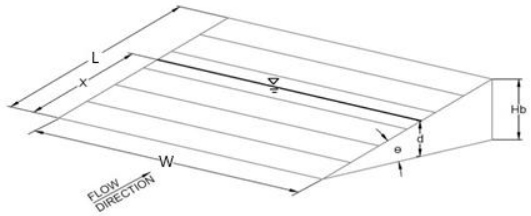
Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A2

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet: CDOT Type D (In Series

Inlet Type = CDOT Type D (In Series)



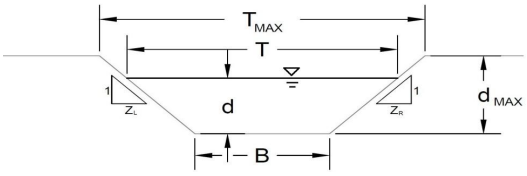
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =	0.00		degrees
Width of Grate	W =	3.00		ft
Length of Grate	L =	6.00		ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =	0.70		
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =	0.00		ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =	0.38		
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =	0.78		
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =	0.52		
Weir Coefficient	C_w =	1.67		

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.11	0.16	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	1.0	1.8	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.5	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	80	%

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A3



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0145	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	10.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	10.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	16.00	16.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.50	0.50	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	Q_{allow} =	13.6	13.6	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.50	0.50	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.2	2.8	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.20	0.28	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

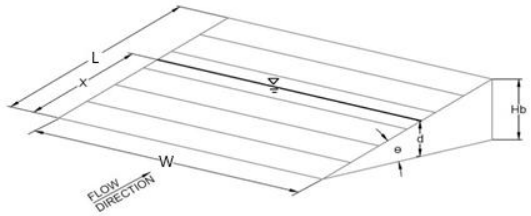
Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A3

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet: CDOT Type D (In Series

Inlet Type = CDOT Type D (In Series)



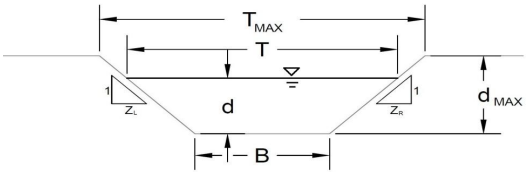
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =	0.00		degrees
Width of Grate	W =	3.00		ft
Length of Grate	L =	6.00		ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =	0.70		
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =	0.00		ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =	0.38		
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =	0.78		
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =	0.52		
Weir Coefficient	C_w =	1.67		

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.20	0.28	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	2.6	4.3	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A4



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	8.00	8.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.50	0.50	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	3.3	3.3	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.33	0.33	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.0	2.4	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.22	0.30	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

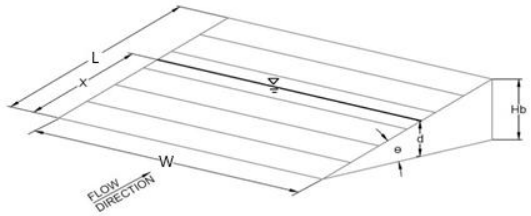
Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A4

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet: CDOT Type D (In Series

Inlet Type = CDOT Type D (In Series)



Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =	0.00		degrees
Width of Grate	W =	3.00		ft
Length of Grate	L =	6.00		ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =	0.70		
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =	0.00		ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =	0.38		
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =	0.78		
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =	0.52		
Weir Coefficient	C_w =	1.67		

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.22	0.30	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	3.0	4.8	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

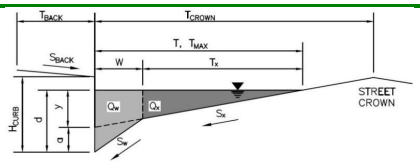
MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A5



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{BACK} =	0.020	
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
Gutter Width	W =	3.00	ft
Street Transverse Slope	S_X =	0.020	ft/ft
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	S_O =	0.000	ft/ft
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{STREET} =	0.016	

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions		☐	☐	

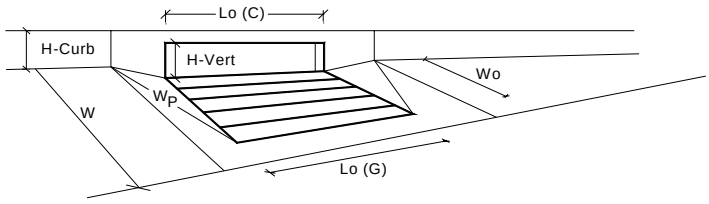
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
	Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	5.1	5.1	inches

Grate Information		MINOR	MAJOR	Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C_f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	

Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L_o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W_p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C_f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	

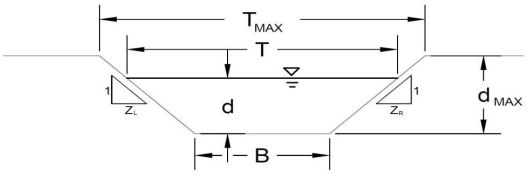
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d_{Curb} =	0.18	0.18	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	2.6	2.6	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	1.0	2.4	cfs

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A6



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0066	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	10.00	10.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.67	0.67	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	6.8	6.8	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.42	0.42	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.0	2.3	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.20	0.28	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

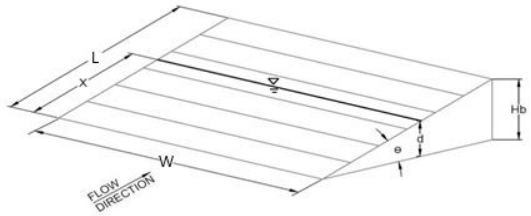
Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A6

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet: CDOT Type D (In Series

Inlet Type = CDOT Type D (In Series)



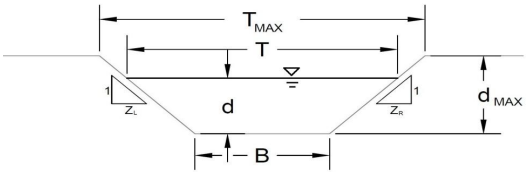
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =	0.00		degrees
Width of Grate	W =	3.00		ft
Length of Grate	L =	6.00		ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =	0.70		
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =	0.00		ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =	0.38		
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =	0.78		
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =	0.52		
Weir Coefficient	C_w =	1.67		

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.20	0.28	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	2.7	4.3	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A7



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	4.00	4.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.33	0.33	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	0.5	0.5	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.17	0.17	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.5	3.4	cfs
Warning 05 Water Depth	d =	0.25	0.34	ft

WARNING: MINOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
WARNING: MAJOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Suggestion: It appears the inlet is not sized adequately. Recommend consider resizing when submitting the Final Drainage Report with the final plat.

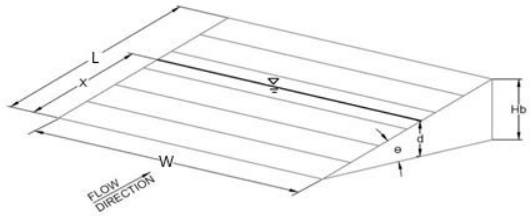
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A7

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C	Inlet Type =	CDOT Type C	
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)		θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grate		W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grate		L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio		A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grate		H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor		C_f =	0.50	
Grate Discharge Coefficient		C_d =	0.96	
Orifice Coefficient		C_o =	0.64	
Weir Coefficient		C_w =	2.05	



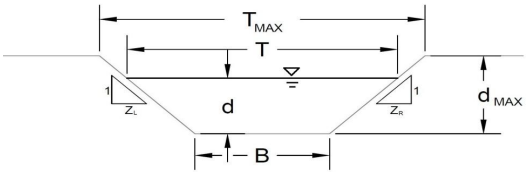
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.25	0.34	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	2.3	3.7	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

Warning 05: Depth (d) exceeds max allowable depth (dmax).
Warning 06: Top Width (T) exceeds max allowable top width (Tmax).

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A8



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0070	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	4.00	4.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.33	0.33	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	0.6	0.6	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.17	0.17	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.7	4.0	cfs
Warning 05 Water Depth	d =	0.25	0.34	ft

WARNING: MINOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
WARNING: MAJOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Suggestion: It appears the inlet is not sized adequately. Suggest consider resizing when submitting the Final Drainage Report with the final plat.

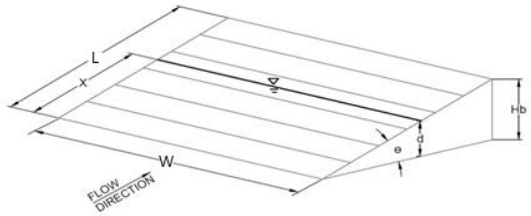
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A8

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C (Depresse	Inlet Type =	CDOT Type C (Depressed)	
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)		θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grate		W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grate		L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio		A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grate		H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor		C_f =	0.50	
Grate Discharge Coefficient		C_d =	0.84	
Orifice Coefficient		C_o =	0.56	
Weir Coefficient		C_w =	1.81	



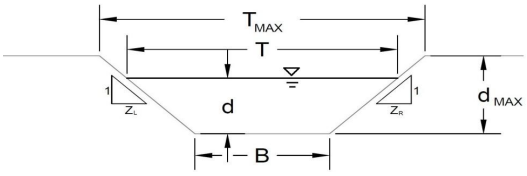
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	1.25	1.34	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	15.9	16.4	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

Warning 05: Depth (d) exceeds max allowable depth (dmax).
Warning 06: Top Width (T) exceeds max allowable top width (Tmax).

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A9



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0260	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	4.00	4.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.33	0.33	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	1.2	1.2	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.17	0.17	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.7	3.9	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.19	0.26	ft

WARNING: MINOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
WARNING: MAJOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Suggestion: It appears the inlet is not sized adequately. Suggest consider resizing when submitting the Final Drainage Report with the final plat.

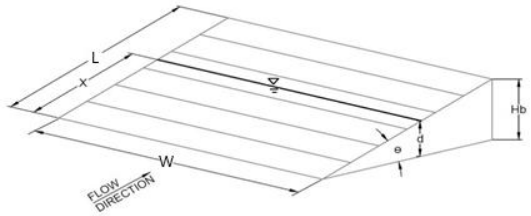
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A9

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C (Depresse	Inlet Type =	CDOT Type C (Depressed)	
Angle of Inclined Grade (must be <= 30 degrees)		θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grade		W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grade		L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio		A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grade		H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor		C_f =	0.50	
Grade Discharge Coefficient		C_d =	0.84	
Orifice Coefficient		C_o =	0.56	
Weir Coefficient		C_w =	1.81	



		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	1.19	1.26	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	15.5	16.0	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

Warning 06: Top Width (T) exceeds max allowable top width (Tmax).

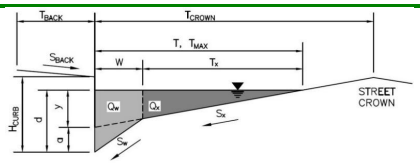
MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A10



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{BACK} =	0.020	
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
Gutter Width	W =	3.00	ft
Street Transverse Slope	S_X =	0.020	ft/ft
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	S_O =	0.000	ft/ft
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{STREET} =	0.016	

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions		☐	☐	

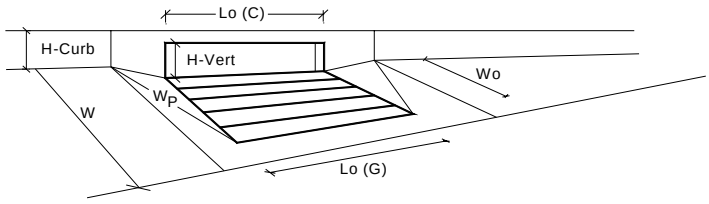
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
	Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

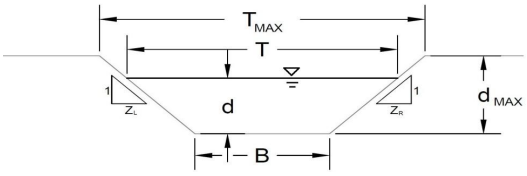


Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information		MINOR	MAJOR	☑ Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C_f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L_o (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W_p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C_f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d_{Curb} =	0.25	0.25	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Curb} =	0.93	0.93	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	6.1	6.1	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	2.1	5.0	cfs

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A11



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	8.00	8.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.67	0.67	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	3.3	3.3	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.33	0.33	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	0.6	1.6	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.18	0.25	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

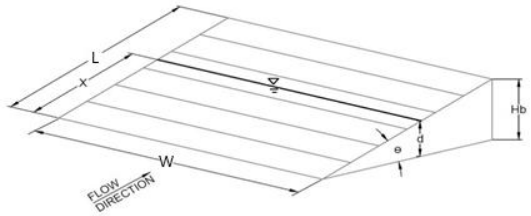
Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A11

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet: CDOT Type D (In Series

Inlet Type = CDOT Type D (In Series)



Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =	0.00		degrees
Width of Grate	W =	3.00		ft
Length of Grate	L =	6.00		ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =	0.70		
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =	0.00		ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =	0.38		
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =	0.78		
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =	0.52		
Weir Coefficient	C_w =	1.67		

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.18	0.25	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	2.2	3.8	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

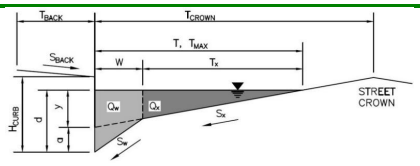
MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A12



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{BACK} =	0.020	
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
Gutter Width	W =	3.00	ft
Street Transverse Slope	S_X =	0.020	ft/ft
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	S_O =	0.000	ft/ft
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{STREET} =	0.016	

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions		☐	☐	

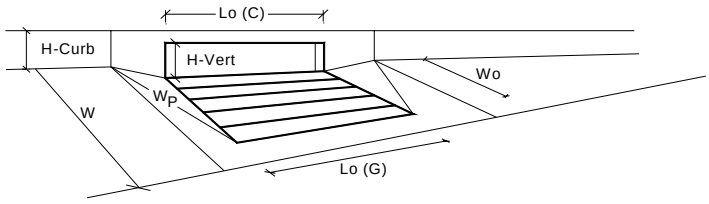
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
	Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

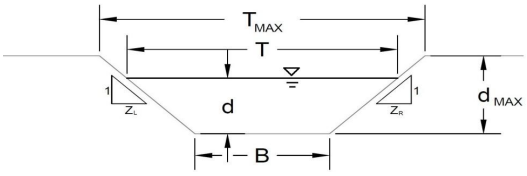


Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information		MINOR	MAJOR	☑ Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C_f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L_o (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W_p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C_f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d_{Curb} =	0.25	0.25	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Curb} =	0.93	0.93	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	6.1	6.1	cfs
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm	$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	2.6	6.3	cfs

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A13



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.130	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	15.00	15.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.69	0.69	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	1.7	1.7	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.63	0.63	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	0.9	2.3	cfs
Warning 05 Water Depth	d =	0.50	0.70	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

WARNING: MAJOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

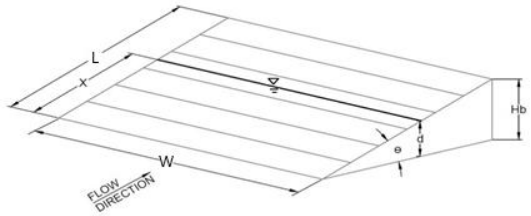
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A13

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C	Inlet Type =	CDOT Type C	
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)		θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grate		W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grate		L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio		A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grate		H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor		C_f =	0.50	
Grate Discharge Coefficient		C_d =	0.96	
Orifice Coefficient		C_o =	0.64	
Weir Coefficient		C_w =	2.05	



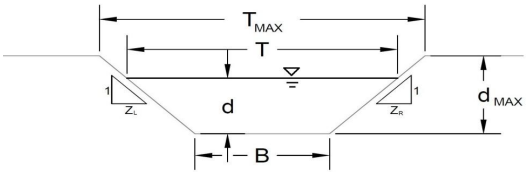
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.50	0.70	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	6.4	10.7	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

Warning 05: Depth (d) exceeds max allowable depth (dmax).
Warning 06: Top Width (T) exceeds max allowable top width (Tmax).

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A14



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	20.00	20.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.50	0.50	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	Q_{allow} =	9.6	9.6	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.50	0.50	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.1	2.6	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.22	0.31	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

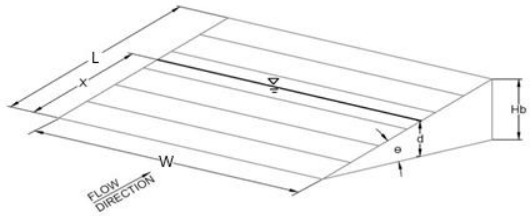
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A14

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C	Inlet Type =	CDOT Type C	
Angle of Inclined Grade (must be <= 30 degrees)		θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grade		W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grade		L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio		A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grade		H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor		C_f =	0.50	
Grade Discharge Coefficient		C_d =	0.96	
Orifice Coefficient		C_o =	0.64	
Weir Coefficient		C_w =	2.05	

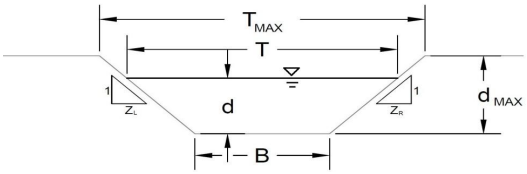


		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.22	0.31	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	1.9	3.1	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A15



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	11.00	11.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.16	0.16	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	Q_{allow} =	0.5	0.5	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.16	0.16	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.5	3.9	cfs
Warning 05 Water Depth	d =	0.25	0.36	ft

WARNING: MINOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
WARNING: MAJOR STORM max. allowable capacity is less than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

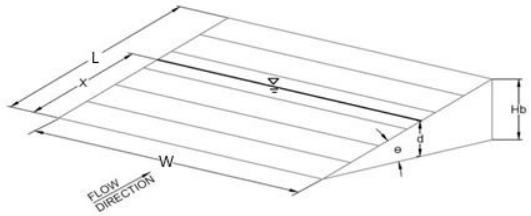
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A15

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet	CDOT Type C	Inlet Type =	CDOT Type C	
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)		θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grate		W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grate		L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio		A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grate		H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor		C_f =	0.50	
Grate Discharge Coefficient		C_d =	0.96	
Orifice Coefficient		C_o =	0.64	
Weir Coefficient		C_w =	2.05	



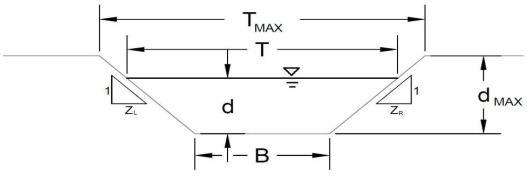
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.25	0.36	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	2.3	3.9	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

Warning 05: Depth (d) exceeds max allowable depth (dmax).

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A16



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	18.00	18.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	0.50	0.50	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	Q_{allow} =	9.6	9.6	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	d_{allow} =	0.50	0.50	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.0	2.3	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.21	0.29	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

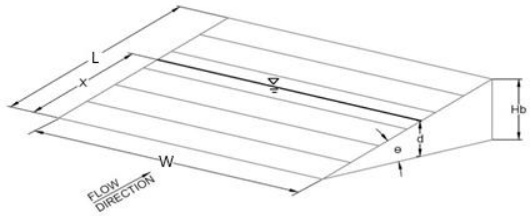
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A16

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet: CDOT Type C — Inlet Type = CDOT Type C



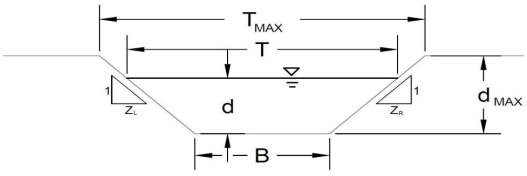
Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grate	W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grate	L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =	0.50	
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =	0.96	
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =	0.64	
Weir Coefficient	C_w =	2.05	

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.21	0.29	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	1.8	2.9	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A17



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =	0.013	
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =	0.0050	ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =	0.00	ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =	12.00	ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =	12.00	ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- ○ Non-Cohesive
- ○ Cohesive
- ◉ Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	26.00	26.00	ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	1.25	1.25	ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	Q_{allow} =	75.7	75.7	cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	d_{allow} =	1.08	1.08	ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =	1.4	3.9	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.25	0.36	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

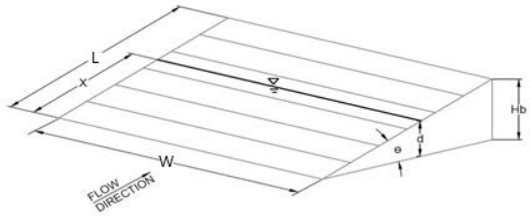
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A17

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet: CDOT Type C — Inlet Type = CDOT Type C



Angle of Inclined Grade (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =	0.00	degrees
Width of Grate	W =	3.00	ft
Length of Grate	L =	3.00	ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =	0.70	
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =	0.00	ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =	0.50	
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =	0.96	
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =	0.64	
Weir Coefficient	C_w =	2.05	

		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =	0.25	0.36	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	2.2	3.9	cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =	100	100	%

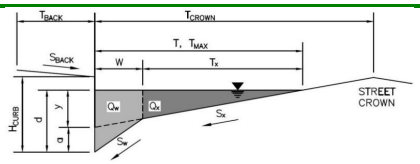
MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A18



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	T_{BACK} =	10.0	ft
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	S_{BACK} =	0.000	ft/ft
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{BACK} =	0.020	
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	T_{CROWN} =	40.0	ft
Gutter Width	W =	2.00	ft
Street Transverse Slope	S_X =	0.037	ft/ft
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	S_O =	0.000	ft/ft
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{STREET} =	0.016	

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	40.0	40.0	ft
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions		☐	☐	

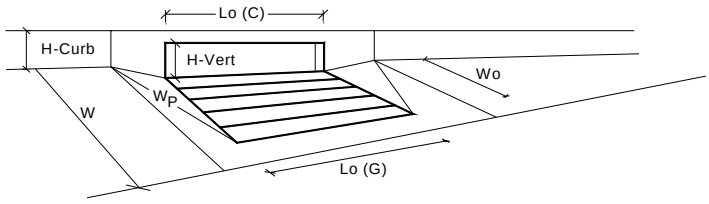
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
	Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

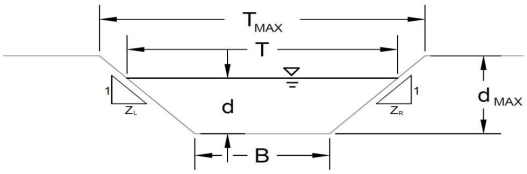


Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	3	3	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information		MINOR	MAJOR	☐ Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C_f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L_o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W_p =	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C_f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d_{Curb} =	0.33	0.33	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Curb} =	0.79	0.79	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	7.8	7.8	cfs
WARNING: Inlet Capacity < Q Peak for Major Storm	$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	4.6	10.6	cfs

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A19



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method

NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E)	A, B, C, D, or E =		
Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value)	n =		
Channel Invert Slope	S_O =		ft/ft
Bottom Width	B =		ft
Left Side Slope	Z1 =		ft/ft
Right Side Sloe	Z2 =		ft/ft

Check one of the following soil types:

Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V_{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F_{MAX})
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80
Paved	N/A	N/A

Choose One:
- Non-Cohesive
- Cohesive
- Paved

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =			ft
Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =			ft

Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	Q_{allow} =			cfs
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	d_{allow} =			ft

Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow

Design Peak Flow	Q_o =			cfs
Water Depth	d =			ft

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

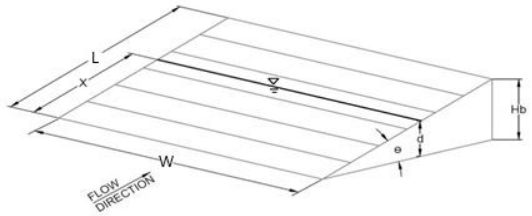
Waterview East Commercial

Inlet A19

Inlet Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet [ ] Inlet Type = [ ]

Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees)	θ =		degrees
Width of Grate	W =		ft
Length of Grate	L =		ft
Open Area Ratio	A_{RATIO} =		
Height of Inclined Grate	H_B =		ft
Clogging Factor	C_f =		
Grate Discharge Coefficient	C_d =		
Orifice Coefficient	C_o =		
Weir Coefficient	C_w =		



		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression)	d =			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =			cfs
Bypassed Flow	Q_b =			cfs
Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo	C% =			%

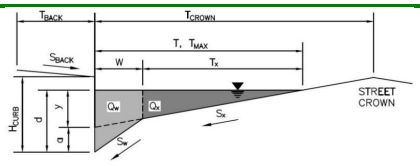
MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Waterview East Commercial

Inlet ID: Inlet A25



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	T_{BACK} =	12.0	ft
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	S_{BACK} =		ft/ft
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{BACK} =	0.020	
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	T_{CROWN} =	12.0	ft
Gutter Width	W =	3.00	ft
Street Transverse Slope	S_X =	0.020	ft/ft
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	S_W =	0.083	ft/ft
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	S_O =	0.000	ft/ft
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	n_{STREET} =	0.016	

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	T_{MAX} =	12.0	12.0	ft
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	d_{MAX} =	6.0	6.0	inches
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions		☐	☐	

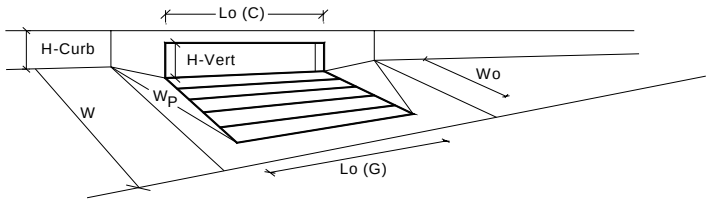
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

		Minor Storm	Major Storm	
	Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	4	4	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information		MINOR	MAJOR	☑ Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C_f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L_o (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W_p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C_f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d_{Curb} =	0.25	0.25	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF_{Curb} =	0.79	0.79	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_a =	14.0	14.0	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	5.0	12.6	cfs

A21 CURB CUT

Unresolved:
Provide calculations for curb cut at A20

Project Description

Solve For	Crest Length

Input Data

Discharge	4.65	cfs
Headwater Elevation	0.50	ft
Crest Elevation	0.00	ft
Tailwater Elevation	0.00	ft
Weir Coefficient	3.33	ft^(1/2)/s
Number Of Contractions	0	

Results

Crest Length	3.9	ft
Headwater Height Above Crest	0.50	ft
Tailwater Height Above Crest	0.00	ft
Flow Area	2.0	ft²
Velocity	2.35	ft/s
Wetted Perimeter	4.9	ft
Top Width	3.95	ft

Worksheet for A27 CURB CUT

Project Description	
Solve For	Crest Length

Input Data		
Discharge	11.55	cfs
Headwater Elevation	0.50	ft
Crest Elevation	0.00	ft
Tailwater Elevation	0.00	ft
Weir Coefficient	3.33	ft^(1/2)/s
Number Of Contractions	0	

Results		
Crest Length	9.8	ft
Headwater Height Above Crest	0.50	ft
Tailwater Height Above Crest	0.00	ft
Flow Area	4.9	ft²
Velocity	2.35	ft/s
Wetted Perimeter	10.8	ft
Top Width	9.81	ft

Worksheet for Ex. Powers Ditch

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data		
Roughness Coefficient	0.030	
Channel Slope	0.016	ft/ft
Left Side Slope	14.000	H:V
Right Side Slope	14.000	H:V
Discharge	9.12	cfs

Results		
Normal Depth	6.1	in
Flow Area	3.6	ft²
Wetted Perimeter	14.3	ft
Hydraulic Radius	3.0	in
Top Width	14.26	ft
Critical Depth	5.8	in
Critical Slope	0.021	ft/ft
Velocity	2.51	ft/s
Velocity Head	0.10	ft
Specific Energy	0.61	ft
Froude Number	0.878	
Flow Type	Subcritical	

GVF Input Data		
Downstream Depth	0.0	in
Length	0.0	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

GVF Output Data		
Upstream Depth	0.0	in
Profile Description	N/A	
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Downstream Velocity	0.00	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	0.00	ft/s
Normal Depth	6.1	in
Critical Depth	5.8	in
Channel Slope	0.016	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.021	ft/ft

Worksheet for Ex. Powers Ditch

Notes:

Sub-basin A28 100-year runoff and release rate from A22 pond combines to 9.12 cfs.

Reformat sheet so this note is all on one sheet with the analysis.

APPENDIX E – SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

ENTECH
ENGINEERING, INC.
505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80907
PHONE (719) 531-5599
FAX (719) 531-5238

May 25, 2022

Waterview Commercial Investors, LLC
2727 Glen Arbor Drive
Colorado Springs, CO 80920

Attn: Heath Herber

Re: Preliminary Subsurface Soils Investigation
Waterview Commercial Site
Powers Boulevard and Bradley Road
El Paso County, Colorado

Dear Mr. Herber:

As requested, personnel of Entech Engineering, Inc. performed a Preliminary Subsurface Soil Investigation at the above referenced site. The site is a vacant parcel to be developed located on the southeast corner of Powers Boulevard and Bradley Road in south central El Paso County, Colorado. The site is indicated on the Vicinity Map, Figure 1. This letter presents the results of our soils investigation, laboratory tests, and preliminary recommendations for construction.

SITE CONDITIONS:

The site is currently undeveloped and the slope is gradual and generally trending to the east/southeast, with the north and west edges of the property sloping moderately towards the streets. Portions of the site have been used as dump sites and vegetation is absent in the northeast corner of the site due to recent grading. The rest consists of field grasses and weeds, and yucca. Previous site uses consist of agricultural grazing.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The project is to consist of developing a 22-acre parcel into a multi-use commercial development.

FIELD INVESTIGATION AND LABORATORY TESTING PROGRAM:

The subsurface conditions on this site were investigated by drilling seven (7) exploratory test borings across the site in the approximate building locations. The approximate locations of the test borings are indicated on the Test Boring Location Map, Figure 2.

The test borings were advanced with a power-driven continuous flight auger drilling rig to depths of 20 feet below the existing ground surface. Samples were obtained during drilling using the Standard Penetration Test, ASTM D-1586, utilizing a California sampler. Results of the Standard Penetration Tests are shown on the Test Boring Logs. The Test Boring Logs are presented in Appendix A.

Water Content, ASTM D-2216, was obtained in the laboratory for the recovered samples. Grain-Size Analysis, ASTM D-422, and determination of Atterberg Limits, ASTM D-4318, were performed on samples for the purposes of classification. Volume change testing was performed on selected samples using the Swell/Consolidation Test (ASTM D-4546) in order to evaluate potential expansion/compression characteristics of the soil and bedrock. Sulfate testing was

performed to determine the corrosive potential of the soils. Laboratory test results are summarized in Table 1 and presented in Appendix B.

SOIL AND GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS:

Two soil types and one bedrock type were encountered in the test borings drilled for the preliminary subsurface investigation: Type 1: native silty to very silty sand (SM), Type 2: sandy clay (CL), and Type 3: native sandy claystone bedrock (CL). The soils were classified in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) using the laboratory testing results and the observations made during drilling.

Soil Type 1 classified as silty to very silty sand (SM). The sand was encountered in six of the seven test borings at the ground surface or 3 feet bgs and extending to depths ranging from 9 to 17 feet bgs or to the termination of borings (20 feet). Standard Penetration Testing on the sand resulted in N-values ranging from 10 to 43 bpf, indicating medium dense to dense states. Water content and grain size testing resulted in water contents of 2 to 8 percent, with 20 to 47 percent of the soil size particles passing the No. 200 sieve. Atterberg Limits testing on the sand resulted in no values. The sand is anticipated to exhibit low to negligible expansion potential. Sulfate testing resulted in less than 0.01 percent soluble sulfate by weight, indicating negligible potential for below grade concrete degradation due to sulfate attack.

Soil Type 2 classified as native sandy clay (CL). The native clay was encountered in five of the test borings at depths ranging from the ground surface to 17 feet bgs and extending to 3 feet or to the termination of the borings (20 feet). Standard Penetration Testing on the clay resulted in N-values of 12 to 36 blows per foot, indicating firm to very stiff consistencies. Water content and grain size testing resulted in water contents of 7 to 18 percent, with 81 to 85.5 percent of the soil size particles passing the No. 200 sieve. Atterberg Limits Testing resulted a liquid limit of 33 percent and a plastic index of 14 percent. Swell/Consolidation Testing on two samples of the sandy clay resulted in volume changes of -0.4 to 1.4 percent indicating a low consolidation potential and a low to moderate expansion potential. Sulfate testing resulted in less than 0.01 percent soluble sulfate by weight, indicating negligible potential for below grade concrete degradation due to sulfate attack.

Soil Type 3 classified as native sandy claystone bedrock (CL). The claystone was encountered in Test Boring Nos. 1, 2, and 3 at 14 to 18 feet bgs and extending to the termination of the boring (20 feet bgs). Standard Penetration Testing on the claystone resulted in N-values of 50 to greater than 50 blows per foot, indicating hard consistencies. Water content and grain size testing resulted in water contents of 10 to 14 percent moisture content, with 84 percent of the soil size particles passing the No. 200 sieve. Atterberg Limits Testing resulted in a liquid limit of 43 and a plastic index of 24 percent. Swell/Consolidation Testing resulted in a volume change of 2.1 percent indicating a moderate potential for expansion. Sulfate testing resulted in less than 0.01 percent soluble sulfate by weight, which indicates a negligible potential for below grade concrete degradation due to sulfate attack. The claystone in this area typically has high sulfate levels.

Additional soil descriptions are presented on the enclosed drill logs. (Appendix A). A Summary of Laboratory Test Results is presented in Table 1. Laboratory test results are included in Appendix B. The soils were classified using the results of the laboratory testing, the Unified Soil

Classification System (USCS), and visual classification. The soil types are expected to vary across the site. Also, stratification lines shown on the logs represent the approximate boundary between soil types and the actual transition are expected to be gradual and vary with location.

Groundwater was not encountered in any of the test borings which were drilled to 20 feet. This indicates that groundwater will have little effect on shallow foundations proposed for the site depending on final grades and depth of excavations. Groundwater conditions may vary due to variations in rainfall, drainage and other factors not readily apparent at this time. Development of the property, adjacent properties and associated changes in runoff can affect the groundwater surface elevations.

PRELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

Grading plans were not available at the time of this investigation. The soils in the test borings generally consisted of silty sand and sandy clay overlying claystone bedrock. Bedrock was encountered in three of the test borings at depths of 14 to 18 feet. The clay soils (Test Boring No. 2) will likely require overexcavation. The sandy site soils are suitable to support shallow foundations in their in-situ condition. The foundations should rest entirely on similar bearing soils, medium dense silty sand or on reworked and recompacted on-site granular sands, or structural fill.

Expansive clays encountered will require mitigation, which may include overexcavation and replacement with non-expansive soils or drilled pier foundations. Additionally, loose or soft soils, if encountered beneath foundations, will require overexcavation and recompaction or replacement and potential stabilization. The estimated extent of removal/recompaction or overexcavation should be evaluated after additional drilling is completed, when grading plans are available. The final extent of removal/recompaction or overexcavation should be determined at the time of excavation observations.

Shallow foundations bearing on reworked on-site granular soils, native medium dense sand soils, or structural fill are anticipated for this site. Exterior footings should extend a minimum of 30 inches below the adjacent exterior site grade for frost protection. Drilled piers are a suitable alternative to overexcavation.

Groundwater is not expected to be encountered in shallow foundation excavations depending on final grades and depths of excavations. However, groundwater conditions may vary. Excavation of clay and sand soils will be moderate with rubber-tired equipment, the hard claystone bedrock where encountered will likely require track-mounted equipment.

ON-GRADE FLOOR SLABS:

If standard spread footing foundations are used, any grade supported floor slabs should be separated from other structural components and utility penetrations to allow for possible future vertical movement unless designed as part of the foundation. Uncontrolled fills, and expansive clays at or near slabs grade will require overexcavation. Control joints in grade-supported slabs are recommended at 10 to 15-foot perpendicular spacings to control cracking. We anticipate perimeter drains are not necessary for slab-on-grade construction provided the slabs are positioned above finished exterior site grade, irrigation is minimized and foundation wall backfill is properly placed.

On-grade floor slabs should not be considered unless slab movement can be tolerated. If slab movement cannot be tolerated, then structural floors should be considered.

PRELIMINARY CONCRETE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Sulfate solubility testing was conducted on select samples recovered from the test borings to evaluate the potential for sulfate attack on concrete placed below surface grade. The test results indicated less than 0.01 percent soluble sulfate (by weight). These test results indicate that the sulfate component of the in-place soils present a negligible exposure threat to concrete placed below the site grade. Type II cement is recommended for the soils which pose a negligible to moderate threat, which will include imported structural fill materials. We recommend additional sulfate testing as the site is developed as high sulfate levels are common in this area.

To further avoid concrete degradation during construction it is recommended that concrete not be placed on frozen or wet ground. Care should be taken to prevent the accumulation or ponding of water in the foundation excavation prior to the placement of concrete. If standing water is present in the foundation excavation, it should be removed by ditching to sumps and pumping the water away from the foundation area prior to concrete placement. If concrete is placed during periods of cold temperatures, the concrete must be kept from freezing. This may require covering the concrete with insulated blankets and adding heat to prohibit freezing.

SITE GRADING:

Any areas to receive fill should have all topsoil, organic material or debris removed. Fill must be properly benched and compacted to minimize potentially unstable conditions in slope areas. Completed slopes should be 3:1 or flatter if constructed without reinforcing. Flatter slopes may be required depending upon specific conditions. The ground surface should be scarified, and moisture conditioned to within ±2 percent of optimum moisture content and compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of its maximum Standard Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-698, prior to placing new fill.

New fill should be placed in thin lifts not to exceed 6 inches after compaction while maintaining at least 95 percent of its maximum Modified Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-1557 for granular soils and 95 percent of its maximum Standard Proctor Dry Density, ASTM D-698 for cohesive soils. These materials should be placed at a moisture content conducive to compaction, usually ±2 percent of Proctor optimum moisture content. The placement and compaction of fill should be observed and tested by Entech during construction. Entech should approve any import materials prior to hauling them to the site.

ADDITIONAL SUBSURFACE SOIL INVESTIGATIONS:

Additional subsurface soil investigations are recommended when building locations and grading plans are determined. The individual open foundation excavations should also be observed prior to construction of the foundation in order to verify that no anomalies are present, that materials at the proper design bearing capacity have been encountered, no unsuitable fill soils are present, and that no soft or loose spots or debris are present in the foundation area. Final

drainage recommendations should also be determined at the time of the excavation observations.

CLOSURE:

The Preliminary Subsurface Investigation, geotechnical evaluation and recommendations presented in this report are intended for use by Waterview Commercial Investors, LLC for the subject site. The borings were located to provide preliminary recommendations, variations in site subsurface conditions not indicated on the borings should be anticipated. Preliminary grading plans with respect to the soils encountered can be evaluated once plans become available. Additional subsurface investigation and testing is recommended to further evaluate the site after development plans are prepared.

In conducting the preliminary subsurface investigation, laboratory testing, engineering evaluation and reporting, Entech Engineering, Inc. endeavored to work in accordance with generally accepted professional geotechnical and geologic practices and principles consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the geotechnical profession currently practicing in same locality and under similar conditions. No other warranty, expressed or implied is made.

If there are any questions regarding the information provided herein or if Entech Engineering, Inc. can be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully Submitted,

ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC.

Stuart Wood
Geologist

Reviewed by:

Joseph C. Goode, Jr., P.E.
President

LLL/am

Entech Job No. 220689
AAProjects/2022/220689 pssi

TABLE

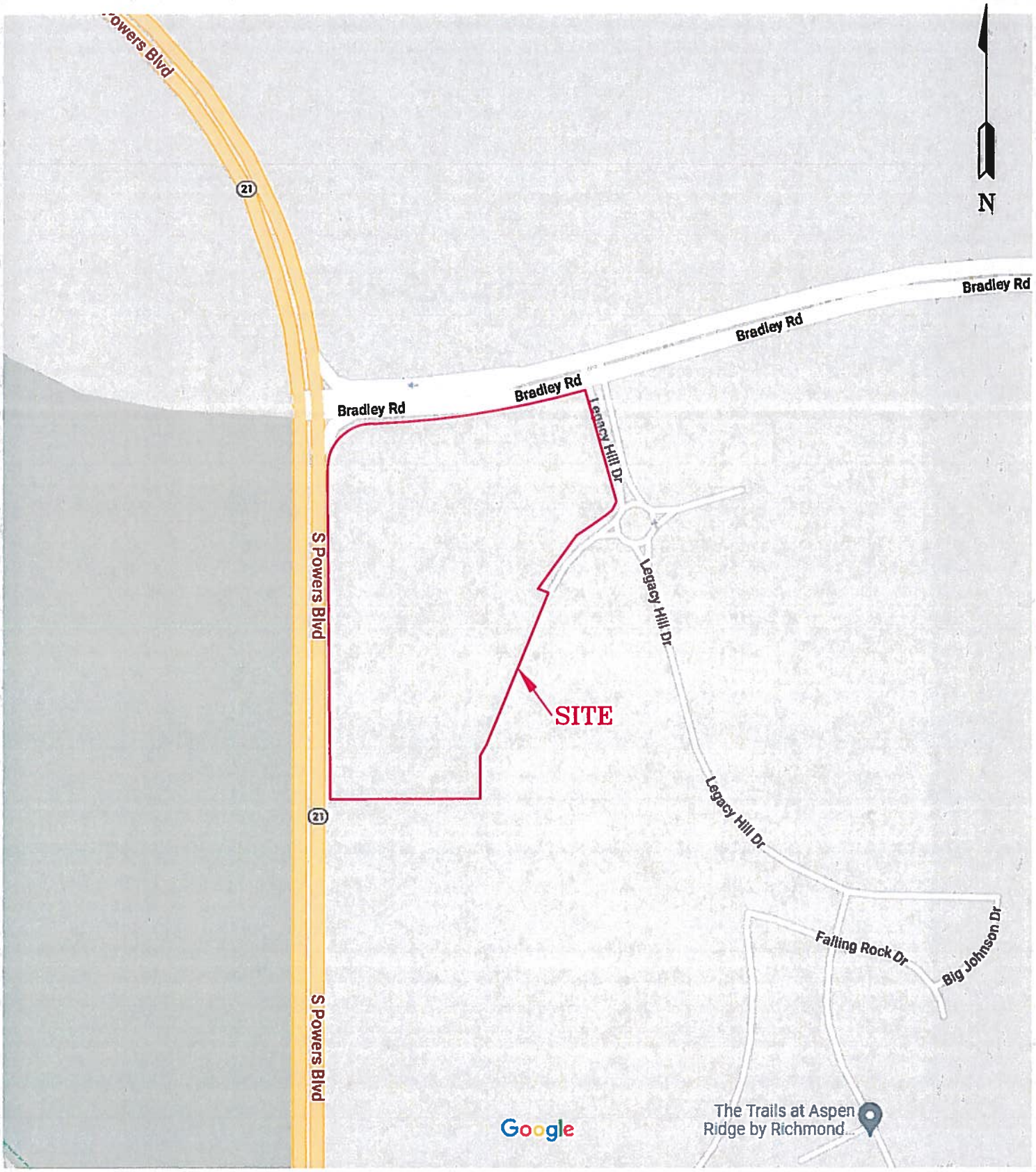
TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
PROJECT WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
JOB NO. 220689

SOIL TYPE	TEST BORING NO.	DEPTH (FT)	WATER (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	LIQUID LIMIT (%)	PLASTIC INDEX (%)	SULFATE (WT %)	FHA SWELL (PSF)	SWELL/ CONSOL (%)	UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SOIL DESCRIPTION
1	3	2-3			21.7	NV	NP	<0.01			SM	SAND,S ILTY
1	4	5			47.1						SM	SAND, VERY SILTY
1	5	10			20.2						SM	SAND, SILTY
2	2	5	9.7	89.9	81.7	33	14	<0.01		-0.4	CL	CLAY, SANDY
2	6	20	21.9	100.5	81.4					1.4	CL	CLAY, SANDY
2	7	2-3			85.5						CL	CLAY, SANDY
3	1	15	13.9	109.6	84.4	43	24	<0.01		2.1	CL	CLAYSTONE, SANDY

FIGURES



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505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

VICINITY MAP
WATERVIEW EAST DEVELOPMENT
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO.
FOR: WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL INVESTORS, LLC

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
JAC	4/29/22	DPS	

JOB NO.: 220689

FIG NO.: 1

TB-6

TB-5

TB-7

TB-1

TB-4

TB-3

TB-2

BRADLEY ROAD

N

25 0 50 100 200

1:100

TB- APPROXIMATE TEST BORING LOCATION AND NUMBER

REVISION	BY

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COLORADO SPRINGS, CO. 80907 (719) 531-5599

TEST BORING LOCATION MAP
WATERVIEW EAST DEVELOPMENT
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO.
FOR: WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL INVESTORS, LLC

DRAWN	JAC
CHECKED	DPS
DATE	4/25/22
SCALE	1:100
JOB NO.	220689
FIGURE No.	2

APPENDIX A: Test Boring Logs

TEST BORING NO. 1
DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
Job # 220689

REMARKS

DRY TO 18', 4/14/22

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	
			35	2.1	1	SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN, DENSE, DRY TO MOIST
5			31	4.9	1	
10			34	8.4	2	CLAY, SANDY, BROWN, VERY STIFF, MOIST
15			50/11"	11.1	3	CLAYSTONE, SANDY, BROWN, HARD, MOIST
20			50	12.3	3	

TEST BORING NO. 2
DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
LOCATION WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

REMARKS

DRY TO 17', 4/14/22

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	
			15	6.9	2	CLAY, SANDY, DARK BROWN, STIFF TO FIRM, MOIST
5			22	7.1	2	
10			13	11.5	2	
15			17	13.8	2	
20			50/2"	10.3	3	CLAYSTONE, SANDY, BROWN, HARD, MOIST

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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: SW	DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689
FIG NO.: A- 1

TEST BORING NO. 3
DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
Job # 220689

REMARKS

DRY TO 18', 4/14/22

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
	SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE, DRY TO MOIST		10	2.8	1
5			14	4.2	1
10	CLAY, SANDY, GRAY BROWN, VERY STIFF, MOIST		36	12.3	2
15	CLAYSTONE, SANDY, GRAY BROWN, HARD, MOIST		50/9"	13.4	3
20			50	13.7	3

TEST BORING NO. 4
DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
LOCATION WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

REMARKS

DRY TO 18', 4/14/22

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
	SAND, VERY SILTY TO SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST		21	5.3	1
5			12	5.1	1
10			28	3.0	1
15			16	3.4	1
20			19	3.5	1

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TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: SW	DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689
FIG NO.: A- 2

TEST BORING NO. 5
DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
Job # 220689

REMARKS

DRY TO 19', 4/14/22

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	
			29	2.4	1	SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE, DRY TO MOIST
5			25	2.0	1	
10			21	2.6	1	
15			16	3.5	1	
20			17	5.5	1	

TEST BORING NO. 6
DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
LOCATION WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

REMARKS

DRY TO 19', 4/14/22

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type	
			17	4.2	1	SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE, MOIST
5			17	3.7	1	
10			25	3.6	1	
15			43	4.3	1	
20			26	17.3	2	CLAY, SANDY, BROWN, STIFF, MOIST

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TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: SW	DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689
FIG NO.: A- 3

TEST BORING NO. 7
DATE DRILLED 4/11/2022
Job # 220689

TEST BORING NO.
DATE DRILLED
CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
LOCATION WATERVIEW EAST DEV.

REMARKS

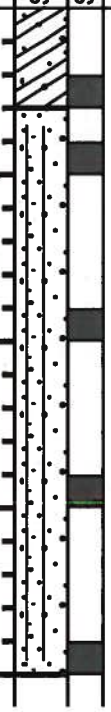
DRY TO 18.5', 4/14/22

REMARKS

Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
			12	18.5	2
5			22	6.0	1
10			23	3.0	1
15			40	3.9	1
20			32	8.6	1

CLAY, SANDY, TAN, FIRM, MOIST

SAND, SILTY, FINE TO MEDIUM GRAINED, TAN, MEDIUM DENSE TO DENSE, MOIST



Depth (ft)	Symbol	Samples	Blows per foot	Watercontent %	Soil Type
5					
10					
15					
20					

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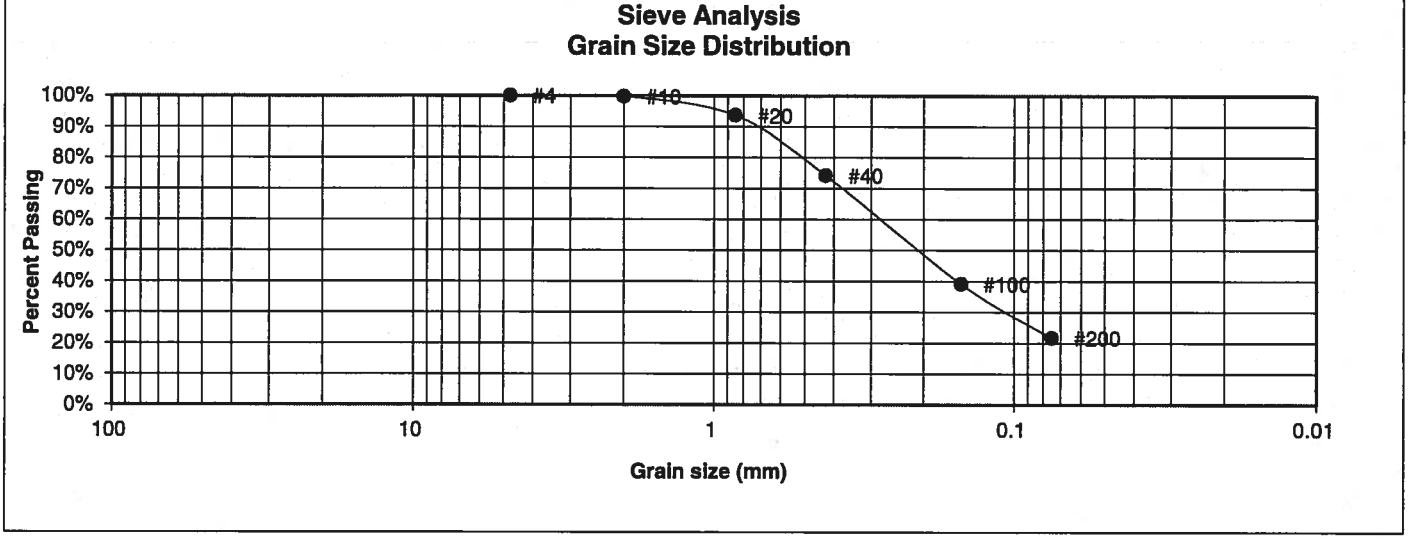
TEST BORING LOG

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		SW	4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689
FIG NO.: A- 4

APPENDIX B: Laboratory Test Results

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SM	CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
SOIL TYPE #	1	PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
TEST BORING #	3	JOB NO.	220689
DEPTH (FT)	2-3	TEST BY	BL



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.7%
20	93.6%
40	74.1%
100	39.1%
200	21.7%

Atterberg Limits

Plastic Limit	NP
Liquid Limit	NV
Plastic Index	NP

Swell

Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	

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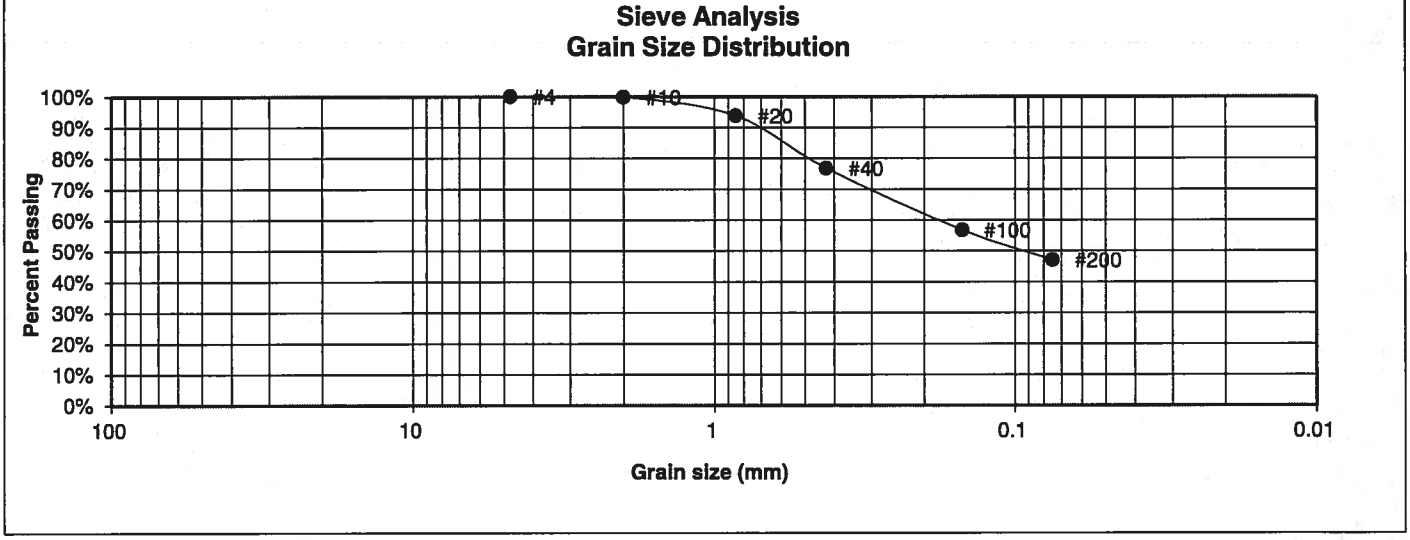
LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		SW	4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689

FIG NO.: B-1

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SM	CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
SOIL TYPE #	1	PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
TEST BORING #	4	JOB NO.	220689
DEPTH (FT)	5	TEST BY	BL



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.9%
20	93.8%
40	76.8%
100	56.8%
200	47.1%

Atterberg Limits
Plastic Limit
Liquid Limit
Plastic Index

Swell
Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)

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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

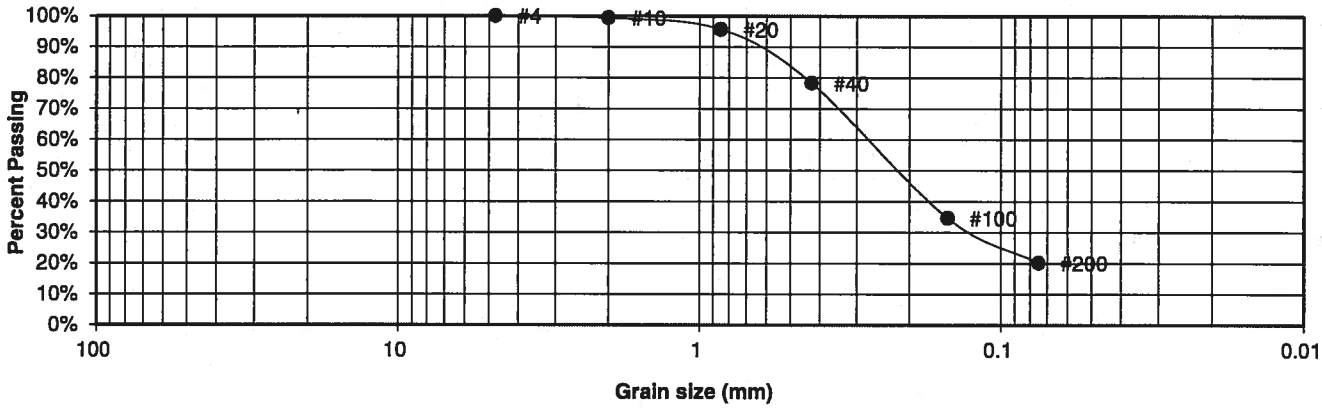
LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		SW	4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689

FIG NO.: B-2

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	SM	CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
SOIL TYPE #	1	PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
TEST BORING #	5	JOB NO.	220689
DEPTH (FT)	10	TEST BY	BL



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.4%
20	95.7%
40	78.3%
100	34.7%
200	20.2%

Atterberg Limits
Plastic Limit
Liquid Limit
Plastic Index

Swell
Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)

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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

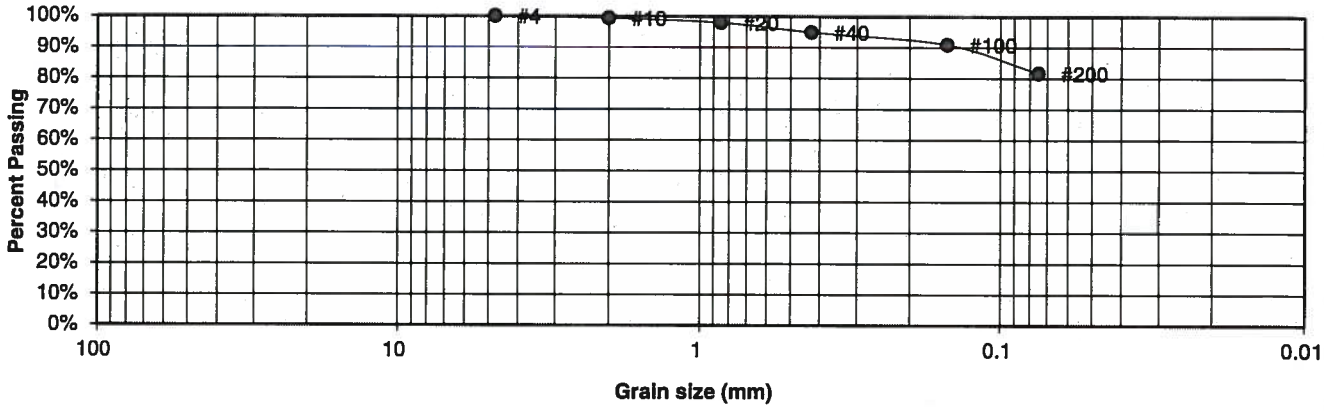
LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		SW	4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689

FIG NO.: B-3

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
SOIL TYPE #	2	PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
TEST BORING #	2	JOB NO.	220689
DEPTH (FT)	5	TEST BY	BL



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	100.0%
10	99.4%
20	98.0%
40	94.8%
100	90.9%
200	81.7%

Atterberg Limits	
Plastic Limit	19
Liquid Limit	33
Plastic Index	14

Swell	
Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	

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505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

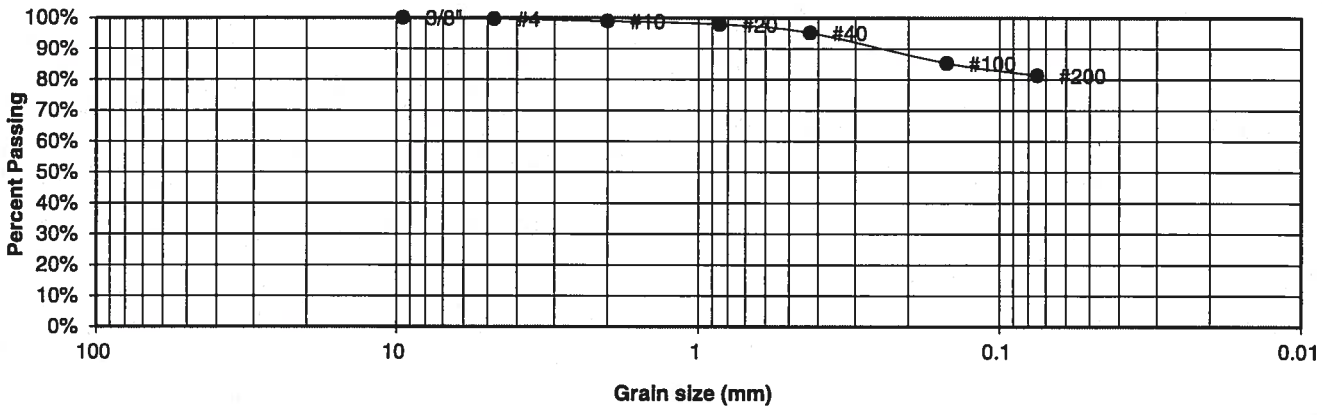
DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: SW	DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689

FIG NO.: B-4

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
SOIL TYPE #	2	PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
TEST BORING #	6	JOB NO.	220689
DEPTH (FT)	20	TEST BY	BL

Sieve Analysis
Grain Size Distribution



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	100.0%
4	99.6%
10	98.9%
20	97.9%
40	95.2%
100	85.3%
200	81.4%

Atterberg Limits
Plastic Limit
Liquid Limit
Plastic Index

Swell
Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)

ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC.
505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

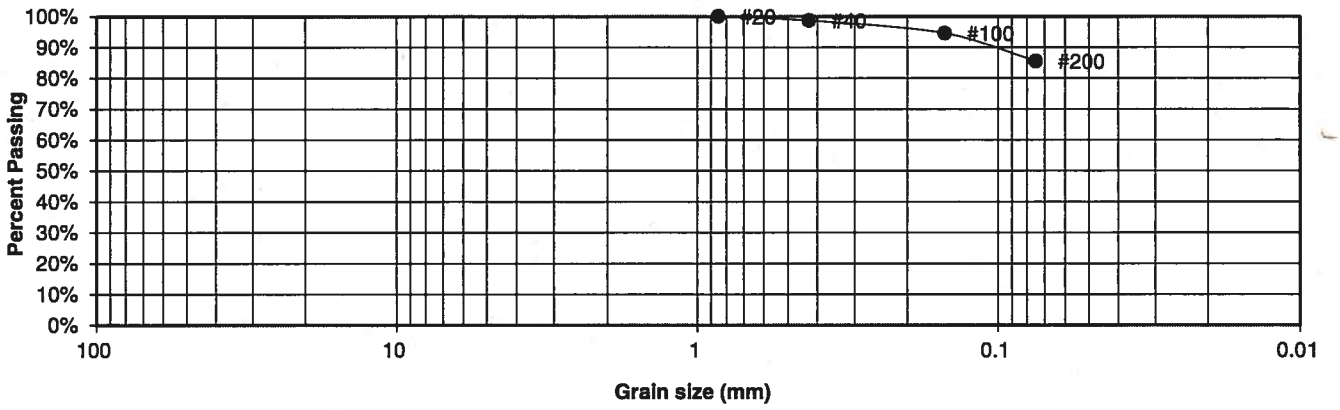
DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		SW	4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689

FIG NO.: B-5

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
SOIL TYPE #	2	PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
TEST BORING #	7	JOB NO.	220689
DEPTH (FT)	2-3	TEST BY	BL

Sieve Analysis
Grain Size Distribution



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	
10	
20	100.0%
40	98.7%
100	94.5%
200	85.5%

Atterberg Limits
Plastic Limit
Liquid Limit
Plastic Index

Swell
Moisture at start
Moisture at finish
Moisture increase
Initial dry density (pcf)
Swell (psf)

ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC.
505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

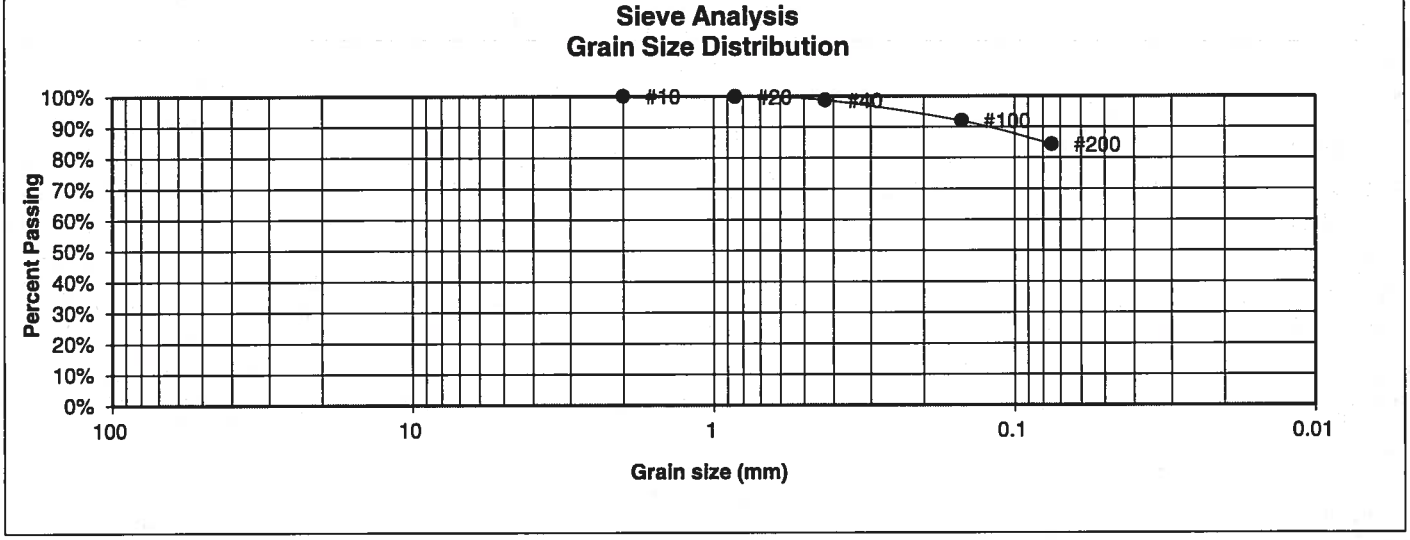
LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: SW	DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689

FIG NO.: B-6

UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	CL	CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
SOIL TYPE #	3	PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.
TEST BORING #	1	JOB NO.	220689
DEPTH (FT)	15	TEST BY	BL



U.S. Sieve #	Percent Finer
3"	
1 1/2"	
3/4"	
1/2"	
3/8"	
4	
10	100.0%
20	99.9%
40	98.7%
100	92.0%
200	84.4%

Atterberg Limits

Plastic Limit	19
Liquid Limit	43
Plastic Index	24

Swell

Moisture at start	
Moisture at finish	
Moisture increase	
Initial dry density (pcf)	
Swell (psf)	

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LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		SW	4-26-22

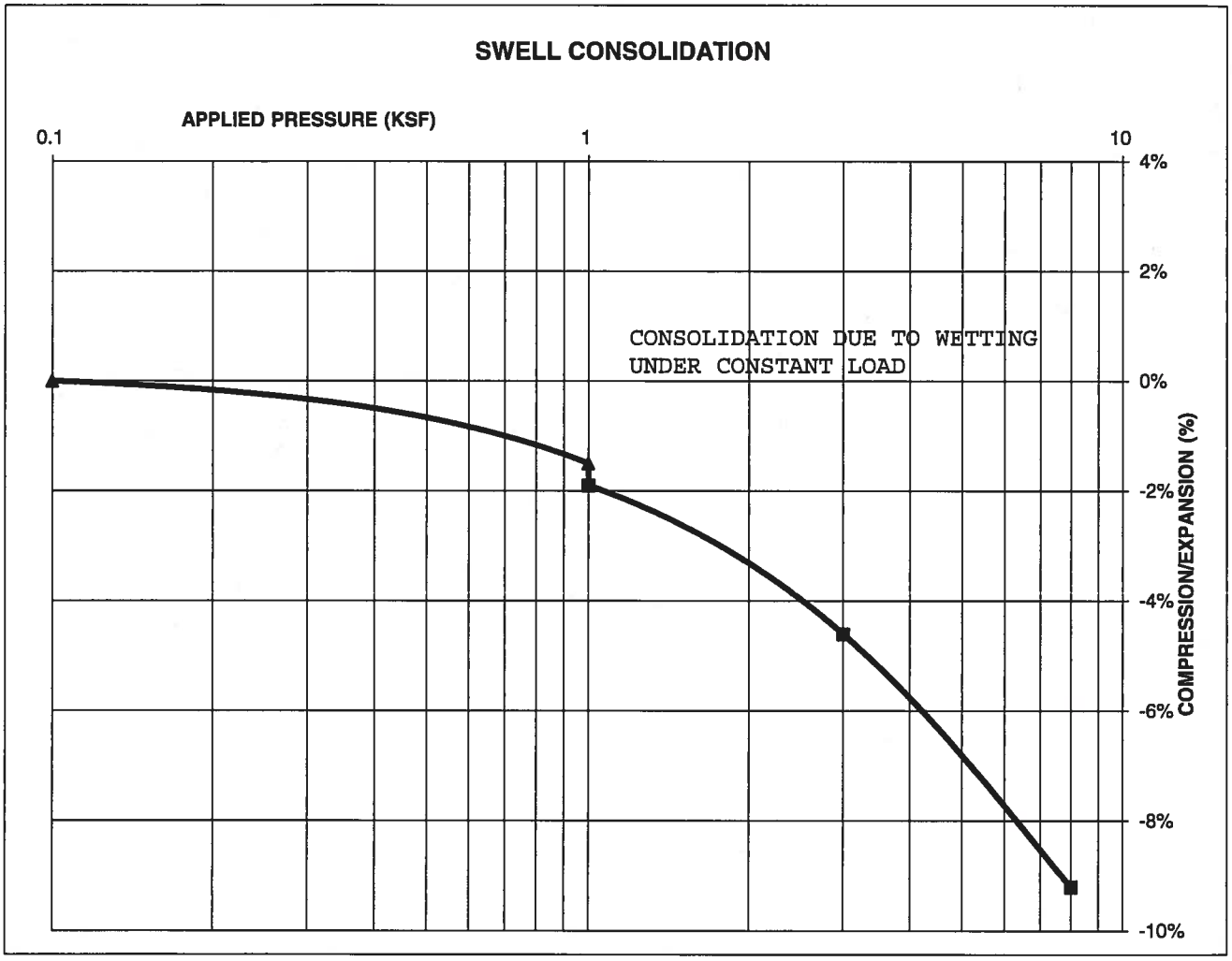
JOB NO.: 220689

FIG NO.: B-7

CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	2	DEPTH(ft)	5
DESCRIPTION	CL	SOIL TYPE	2
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)			90
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT			9.7%
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)			-0.4%

JOB NO. 220689
CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
PROJECT WATERVIEW EAST DEV.



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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

SWELL CONSOLIDATION
TEST RESULTS

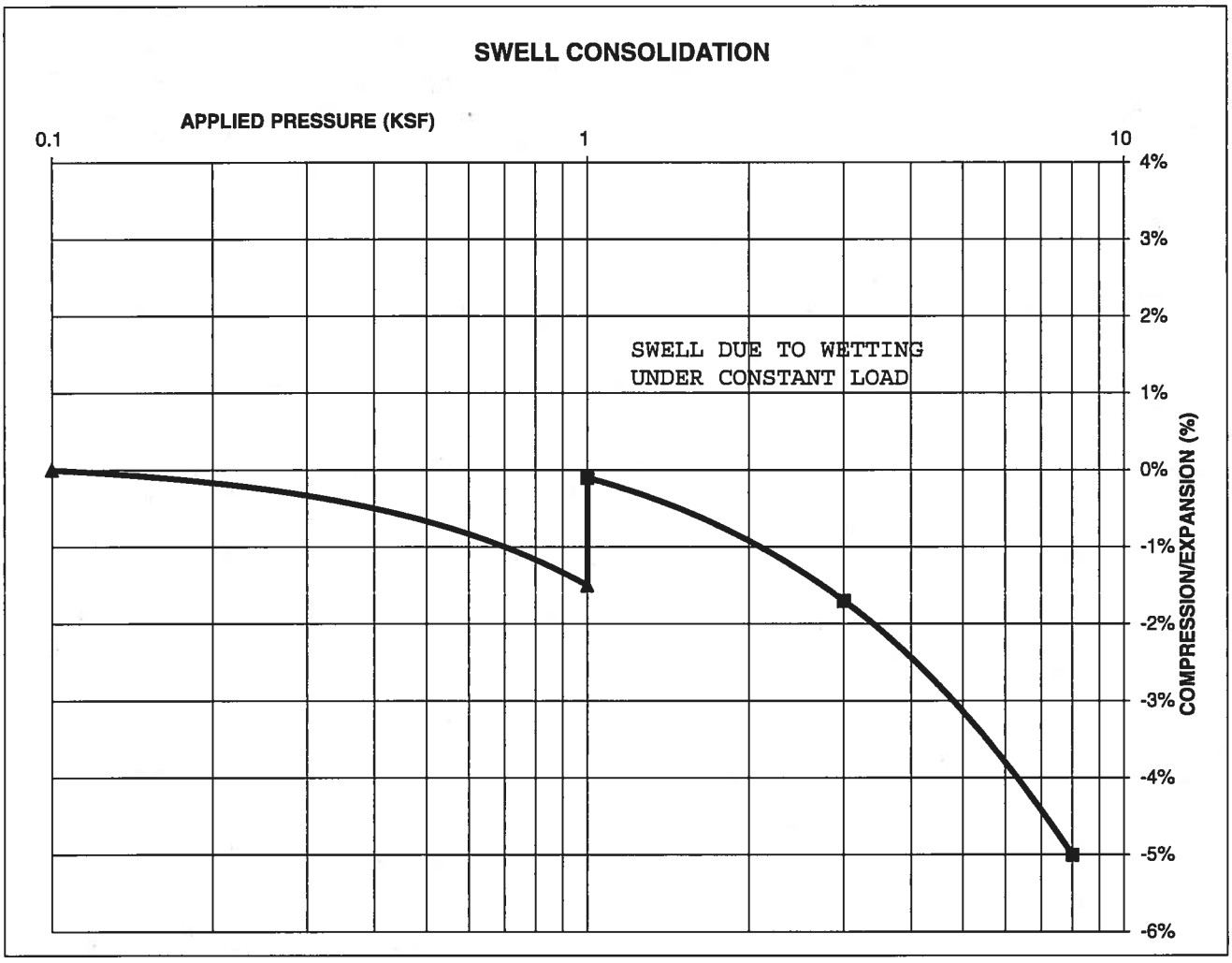
DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: SW	DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689
FIG NO.: B-8

CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	6	DEPTH(ft)	20
DESCRIPTION	CL	SOIL TYPE	2
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)			100
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT			21.9%
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)			1.4%

JOB NO. 220689
CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
PROJECT WATERVIEW EAST DEV.



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505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

SWELL CONSOLIDATION
TEST RESULTS

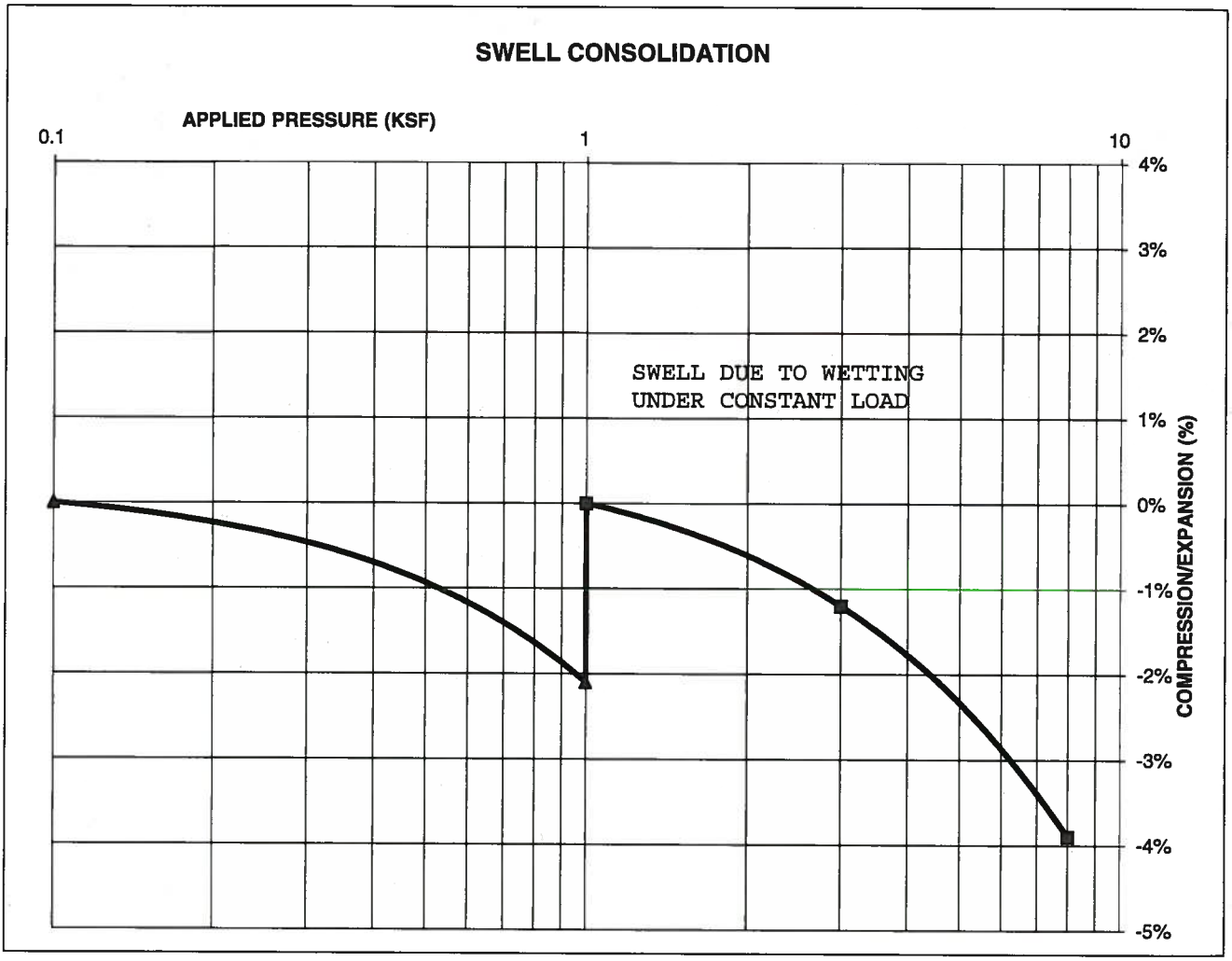
DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED:	DATE:
		SW	4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689
FIG NO.: B-4

CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

TEST BORING #	1	DEPTH(ft)	15
DESCRIPTION	CL	SOIL TYPE	3
NATURAL UNIT DRY WEIGHT (PCF)			110
NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT			13.9%
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION (%)			2.1%

JOB NO. 220689
CLIENT WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL
PROJECT WATERVIEW EAST DEV.



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505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

SWELL CONSOLIDATION
TEST RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: SW	DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689
FIG NO.: B-10

CLIENT	WATERVIEW COMMERCIAL	JOB NO.	220689
PROJECT	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.	DATE	4/15/2022
LOCATION	WATERVIEW EAST DEV.	TEST BY	BL

BORING NUMBER	DEPTH, (ft)	SOIL TYPE NUMBER	UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION	WATER SOLUBLE SULFATE, (wt%)
TB-1	15	3	CL	<0.01
TB-2	5	2	CL	<0.01
TB-3	2-3	1	SM	<0.01

QC BLANK PASS

ENTECH
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505 ELKTON DRIVE
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80907

LABORATORY TEST
SULFATE RESULTS

DRAWN:	DATE:	CHECKED: SW	DATE: 4-26-22

JOB NO.: 220689
FIG NO.: B-11

El Paso County Drainage Basin Fees

Resolution No. 21-468

Basin Number	Receiving Waters	Year Studied	Drainage Basin Name	2022 Drainage Fee (per Impervious Acre)	2022 Bridge Fee (per Impervious Acre)
Drainage Basins with DBPS's:					
CHMS0200	Chico Creek	2013	Haegler Ranch	$11,891	$1,755
CHWS1200	Chico Creek	2001	Bennett Ranch	$13,312	$5,106
CHWS1400	Chico Creek	2013	Falcon	$34,117	$4,687
FOFO2000	Fountain Creek	2001	West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek	$14,470	$4,281
FOFO2600	Fountain Creek	1991*	Big Johnson / Crews Gulch	$21,134	$2,729
FOFO2800	Fountain Creek	1988*	Widefield	$21,134	$0
FOFO2900	Fountain Creek	1988*	Security	$21,134	$0
FOFO3000	Fountain Creek	1991*	Windmill Gulch	$21,134	$317
FOFO3100 / FOFO3200	Fountain Creek	1988*	Carson Street / Little Johnson	$12,891	$0
FOFO3400	Fountain Creek	1984*	Peterson Field	$15,243	$1,156
FOFO3600	Fountain Creek	1991*	Fisher's Canyon	$21,134	$0
FOFO4000	Fountain Creek	1996	Sand Creek	$21,814	$8,923
FOFO4200	Fountain Creek	1977	Spring Creek	$10,961	$0
FOFO4600	Fountain Creek	1984*	Southwest Area	$21,134	$0
FOFO4800	Fountain Creek	1991	Bear Creek	$21,134	$1,156
FOFO5800	Fountain Creek	1964	Camp Creek	$2,342	$0
FOMO1000	Monument Creek	1981	Douglas Creek	$13,291	$294
FOMO1200	Monument Creek	1977	Templeton Gap	$13,644	$317
FOMO2000	Monument Creek	1971	Pulpit Rock	$7,008	$0
FOMO2200	Monument Creek	1994	Cottonwood Creek / S. Pine	$21,134	$1,156
FOMO2400	Monument Creek	1966	Dry Creek	$16,684	$604
FOMO3600	Monument Creek	1989*	Black Squirrel Creek	$9,595	$604
FOMO3700	Monument Creek	1987*	Middle Tributary	$17,636	$0
FOMO3800	Monument Creek	1987*	Monument Branch	$21,134	$0
FOMO4000	Monument Creek	1996	Smith Creek	$8,616	$1,156
FOMO4200	Monument Creek	1989*	Black Forest	$21,134	$575
FOMO5200	Monument Creek	1993*	Dirty Woman Creek	$21,134	$1,156
FOMO5300	Fountain Creek	1993*	Crystal Creek	$21,134	$1,156
Miscellaneous Drainage Basins: [1]					
CHBS0800	Chico Creek		Book Ranch	$19,830	$2,871
CHEC0400	Chico Creek		Upper East Chico	$10,803	$313
CHWS0200	Chico Creek		Telephone Exchange	$11,870	$278
CHWS0400	Chico Creek		Livestock Company	$19,552	$233
CHWS0600	Chico Creek		West Squirrel	$10,192	$4,229
CHWS0800	Chico Creek		Solberg Ranch	$21,134	$0
FOFO1200	Fountain Creek		Crooked Canyon	$6,381	$0
FOFO1400	Fountain Creek		Calhan Reservoir	$5,327	$310
FOFO1600	Fountain Creek		Sand Canyon	$3,849	$0
FOFO2000	Fountain Creek		Jimmy Camp Creek[3]	$21,134	$989
FOFO2200	Fountain Creek		Fort Carson	$16,684	$604
FOFO2700	Fountain Creek		West Little Johnson	$1,392	$0
FOFO3800	Fountain Creek		Stratton	$10,137	$453
FOFO5000	Fountain Creek		Midland	$16,684	$604
FOFO6000	Fountain Creek		Palmer Trail	$16,684	$604
FOFO6800	Fountain Creek		Black Canyon	$16,684	$604
FOMO4600	Monument Creek		Beaver Creek	$12,635	$0
FOMO3000	Monument Creek		Kettle Creek	$11,413	$0
FOMO3400	Monument Creek		Elkhorn	$1,917	$0
FOMO5000	Monument Creek		Monument Rock	$9,160	$0
FOMO5400	Monument Creek		Palmer Lake	$14,647	$0
FOMO5600	Monument Creek		Raspberry Mountain	$4,927	$0
PLPL0200	Monument Creek		Bald Mountain	$10,500	$0
Interim Drainage Basins: [2]					
FOFO1800	Fountain Creek		Little Fountain Creek	$2,702	$0
FOMO4400	Monument Creek		Jackson Creek	$8,365	$0
FOMO4800	Monument Creek		Teachout Creek	$5,809	$873

1. The miscellaneous drainage fee previous to September 1999 resolution was the average of all drainage fees for basins with Basin Planning Studies performed within the last 14 years.

2. Interim Drainage Fees are based upon draft Drainage Basin Planning Studies or the Drainage Basin Identification and Fee Estimation Report. (Best available information suitable for setting a fee.)

3. This is an interim fee and will be adjusted when a DBPS is completed. In addition to the Drainage Fee a surety in the amount of $7,285 per impervious acre shall be provided to secure payment of additional fees in the event that the DBPS results in a fee greater than the current fee. Fees paid in excess of the future revised fee will be reimbursed. See Resolution 06-326 (9/14/06) and Resolution 16-320 (9/07/16).

EPC Stormwater Management *Jennifer Irvine, P.E.*

El Paso County Drainage Basin Fee Summary	
Total Impervious Acreage	12.83

	2022 Drainage Fee (per Impervious Acre)	2022 Bridge Fee (per Impervious Acre)
West Fork Jimmy Camp Creek	$ 14,470.00	$ 4,281.00
Big Johnson/Crews Gulch	$ 21,134.00	$ 2,729.00
Total	$ 456,799.32	$ 89,938.30

Total Fees	$ 546,737.62

b. The ***fully developed conditions*** for the site are as follows:

1. Big Johnson Reservoir:

Under proposed conditions, developed flows for the westernmost drainage basin (Big Johnson Reservoir) will be directed into a proposed full spectrum detention pond on the west side of the site approximately 2,030 feet south of the intersection of Bradley Road and Powers Boulevard. Sub-basins and Design Points within this major basin are summarized in Tables 3.3, 3.4, and 3.5 below:

Table 3.3
Trails at Aspen Ridge
Big Johnson Reservoir
Proposed Conditions - Sub-basin Summary

Basin	Area	Q5	Q100
	acres	cfs	cfs
Big Johnson Reservoir N	14.1	21.2	46.8
O	11.7	17.4	38.4
P	8.52	22.0	43.9
Q	2.4	4.2	8.8
OS-2	11.4	1.7	11.7

Table 3.4
Trails at Aspen Ridge
Big Johnson Reservoir
Proposed Design Point Summary

Design Point	Sub-Basins	Downstream Design Point	Total Area (ac.)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
N	N	P	14.1	21.2	46.8
O	O	P	11.7	17.4	38.4
P (Into West Pond)	N, O, P	West Pond Discharge	34.7	47.6	101.5
West Pond Discharge (UD-Detention)	N, O, P	Powers Ditch		1.0	28.3
Q	Q	Powers Ditch	2.4	4.9	10.3
OS-2 (This sub-basin is just southeast of the Powers and Bradley intersection. Flows which might have flowed across TAR to the Powers ditch will be diverted to the ditch prior to entering the TAR property.)	OS-2	Powers Ditch	11.4	1.7	11.7

Table 3.8
Trails at Aspen Ridge
West Fork - Jimmy Camp Creek
Proposed Design Point Flow Description

Design Point	Description
OS-1	- This design point is at the downstream end of the offsite sub-basin north of Bradley Road. Flows in this sub-basin will sheet flow to the road ditch running along Bradley and Powers Boulevard. Once channelized in the ditch flows will be directed to a proposed 24-inch RCP storm pipe sleeved into one of the existing 42-inch CMP cross road pipes and conveyed on to design point A. - Please note that approximately 7.3 acres of the area tributary to this design point have been diverted from the Big Johnson Reservoir by CDOT construction of Powers Boulevard. Future development of that portion of the tributary sub-basin must redirect these flows to the Big Johnson Reservoir to maintain compliance with the two relevant DBPS reports. - Development of the OS-1 Sub-basin will require onsite detention and an FDR.
A	- This design point is at the manhole (MH-3) receiving flows from DP OS-1 to the north and flows from Sub-basin A captured in the two pairs of inlets on Frontside Drive to the east and west of its intersection with Legacy Drive. These flows will be conveyed on via 30-inch storm pipe to design point B. - Flows from the required onsite detention from the two commercial lots on either side of Legacy Drive will be picked up in the back of the inlets. A 24-inch storm pipe will be stubbed out for the west commercial lot (Inlet 1-A) and an 18-inch will be stubbed out for the east commercial lot (Inlet 3-A).
B	- This design point is at a manhole (MH-108) just downstream of an on-grade inlet (1-B) capturing gutter flows from the west half of Legacy Drive reflected in Sub-basin B. These flows are carried downstream via 30-inch storm pipe to design point C.
C	- This design point is a manhole (MH-6) which combines storm sewer flows from design point B with storm sewer flows from Sub-basin C. Flows in Sub-basin C will sheet flow off the residential lots and into the street curb and gutter. The road gutters will convey these flows on to be captured in four pairs of sump inlets (1-C through 8-C) and conveyed to the design point. The combined flows will be conveyed downstream via 42-inch storm pipe to design point D.
D	- This design point is at a manhole (MH-117) just downstream of an at-grade inlet (1-D) capturing flows from Sub-basin D. Flows in Sub-basin D will sheet flow to the Legacy Road curb and gutter. These gutter flows are captured in the at-grade inlet and combined with storm sewer flows from design point C and carried on via 42-inch storm pipe to design point E.
E	- This design point is located at a manhole (MH-15) just downstream of a pair of sump inlets capturing flows from Sub-basin E. Flows in Sub-basin E will sheet flow across the park area until being captured in the curb and gutter along Falling Rock Drive. Concentrated gutter flows will then be captured by the sump inlets and conveyed on via storm sewer to the design point. These flows will be combined with flows from design point D and carried on via 48-inch storm pipe to design point G.

Rational Method - Proposed Conditions

Project Name:	Trails at Aspen Ridge (Waterview II)
Project Location:	El Paso County, CO
Designer	JTS
Notes:	Proposed Condition

Average Channel Velocity	4	ft/s	(If specific channel vel is used, this will be ignored)
Average Slope for Initial Flow	0.04	ft/ft	(If Elevations are used, this will be ignored)

Channel Flow Type Key

Heavy Meadow	2
Tillage/Field	3
Short Pasture and Lawns	4
Nearly Bare Ground	5
Grassed Waterway	6
Paved Areas	7

		Area		Rational 'C' Values														Flow Lengths										Tc	Rainfall Intensity & Rational Flow Rate				SWMM Values	
				Surface Type 1 Residential 1/8 or less (65% Imp.)			Surface Type 2 Pavement (100% Imp.)			Surface Type 3 Park (7% Imp.)			Surface Type 4 Undeveloped (2% Imp.)			Composite		Percent Impervious	Initial	True Initial	Channel	True Channel	Average (decimal)	Initial	Average (%)	Channel Flow Type (See Key above)	Velocity	Channel	Total	i5	Q5	i100	Q100	Q5	Q100
Sub-basin	**Comments**	sf	acres	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100		ft	Length ft	ft	Length ft	Slope	Tc (min)	Slope	Ground Type	(ft/s)	Tc (min)	(min)	in/hr	cfs	in/hr	cfs	cfs	cfs
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek OS-1	***- The most northwestern portion of this basin (7.268 Acres) outside of the proposed Trails at Aspen Ridge development was rerouted out of the Big Johnson Reservoir basin by CDOT construction of Powers Boulevard and Bradley Road. Future development of the rerouted area will require routing the flows back to the Big Johnson Reservoir to return the area to compliance with the relevant DBPS studies.***	853,954	19.60	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36	853954	0.09	0.36	2.00	780.00	300.00	300.00	780.00	0.10	23.57	1.40	5	1.2	11.0	34.6	2.23	**4.0**	3.75	**26.7**	1.1	16.2
A	***-Drainage area is upstream of two pairs of inlets near roundabout at intersection of Frontside Dr. and Legacy Dr. -Development of adjacent commercial lots will require FDR and onsite detention. -Note: The Commercial development will have 95% impervious (per DCM), but since it is required to detain prior to discharging to storm sewer the C values reflect undeveloped commercial areas.***	804,622	18.47	0.45	0.59	22315	0.90	0.96	78609	0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36	703698	0.18	0.42	13.32	861.00	300.00	869.00	1430.00	0.06	26.77	1.10	7	2.1	11.4	38.1	2.10	**7.0**	3.54	**28.0**	5.0	34.6
B	***- At grade inlet approximately 400 feet downstream of roundabout.***	46,101	1.06	0.45	0.59	46101	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	185.00	185.00	400.00	400.00	0.04	9.86	3.40	7	3.7	1.8	11.7	3.86	**1.9**	6.48	**4.1**	2.5	7.0
C	***- Includes the area north of Moose Meadow Street and between Beartrack Point and Sidewinder Drive and four pairs of sump inlets***	648,154	14.88	0.45	0.59	627120	0.90	0.96	21034	0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.46	0.60	66.14	162.00	162.00	822.00	822.00	0.05	8.51	3.29	7	3.6	3.8	12.3	3.77	**26.3**	6.34	**57.2**	19.5	58.9
D	***-drainage area upstream of at grade inlet approximately 575 feet south of Moose Meadow Street.***	96,065	2.21	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96	14,978	0.65	0.80	81087	0.09	0.36		0.69	0.82	21.50	473.00	300.00	555.00	728.00	0.06	8.85	4.00	7	4.0	3.0	11.9	3.83	**5.9**	6.44	**11.8**	4.1	14.2
E	***- Located at a pair of sump inlets at the intersection of Sunday Gulch and Falling Rock Drive.***	373,189	8.57	0.45	0.59	49513	0.90	0.96	40601	0.65	0.80	283075	0.09	0.36		0.65	0.79	24.81	859.00	300.00	1450.00	2009.00	0.07	12.39	4.00	7	4.0	8.4	20.8	2.96	**16.6**	4.97	**33.9**	12.8	39.1
F	***-Represents area captured by at grade inlets on Lazy Ridge Drive and Wagon Hammer Drive, as well as sump inlets west of the intersection of Lookout Court and Sunday Gulch.***	569,234	13.07	0.45	0.59	569234	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	332.00	300.00	868.00	900.00	0.07	11.14	2.00	7	2.8	5.3	16.4	3.32	**19.7**	5.57	**43.3**	15.4	46.2
G	***-At grade inlet on the east side of Sunday Gulch near intersection with Lookout Court.***	48,227	1.11	0.45	0.59	48227	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	80.00	80.00	667.00	667.00	0.05	6.12	2.45	7	3.1	3.6	9.7	4.15	**2.1**	6.97	**4.6**	2.1	6.1
H	***-This represents the area draining to Buffalo Horn Drive with the exception any flow by from the at grade inlets in Sub-basin F.***	1,022,296	23.47	0.45	0.59	921233	0.90	0.96	39,492	0.65	0.80	61571	0.09	0.36		0.48	0.62	62.86	250.00	250.00	1074.00	1074.00	0.04	11.13	2.00	7	2.8	6.3	17.5	3.22	**36.6**	5.42	**79.1**	26.8	80.4

		Area		Rational 'C' Values														Flow Lengths										Tc	Rainfall Intensity & Rational Flow Rate				SWMM Values	
Sub-basin	Comments			Surface Type 1 Residential 1/8 or less (65% Imp.)			Surface Type 2 Pavement (100% Imp.)			Surface Type 3 Park (7% Imp.)			Surface Type 4 Undeveloped (2% Imp.)			Composite		Percent Impervious	Initial	True Initial	Channel	True Channel	Average (decimal)	Initial	Average (%)	Channel Flow Type (See Key above)	Velocity	Channel	Total	i5	Q5	i100	Q100	Q5	Q100
		sf	acres	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100		ft	Length ft	ft	Length ft	Slope	Tc (min)	Slope	Ground Type	(ft/s)	Tc (min)	(min)	in/hr	cfs	in/hr	cfs	cfs	cfs
I	*-Represents area draining to the proposed sump inlet at the end of the cul-de-sac on Falling Rock Drive.*	344,236	7.90	0.45	0.59	305401	0.90	0.96	31104	0.65	0.80	7731	0.09	0.36		0.50	0.63	66.86	153.00	153.00	1104.00	1104.00	0.05	7.88	2.61	7	3.2	5.7	13.6	3.62	**14.3**	6.08	**30.4**	10.5	31.8
J	*-Represents drainage area tributary to sump inlets near intersection of Redshirt Point and Big Johnson Drive.*	229,049	5.26	0.45	0.59	70187	0.90	0.96	158,862	0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.76	0.85	89.28	266.00	266.00	909.00	909.00	0.09	4.77	3.20	7	3.6	4.2	9.0	4.27	**17.2**	7.17	**32.2**	11.1	32.7
K	*-This sub-basin is tributary to the future sump inlets near the intersection of Big Johnson Drive and Roundhouse Drive.*	1,414,842	32.48	0.45	0.59	1414842	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	400.00	300.00	1400.00	1500.00	0.06	13.26	3.50	7	3.7	6.7	19.9	3.02	**44.5**	5.07	**98.0**	33.3	101.7
Marksheffel Tributary to Jimmy Camp Creek *L*	*-Represents entire drainage area to the Northeast Pond.*	330,836	7.59	0.45	0.59	259741	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80	71095	0.09	0.36		0.49	0.64	52.54	290.00	290.00	490.00	490.00	0.05	10.88	5.40	7	4.6	1.8	12.6	3.73	**14.1**	6.27	**30.5**		
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek *M*	*Drainage area in and around East Full Spectrum Detention Pond*	447,971	10.29	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80	447971	0.09	0.36		0.65	0.80	7.00	437.00	300.00	10.00	147.00	0.06	9.32	1.00	7	2.0	1.2	10.5	4.02	**27.1**	6.75	**56.0**	14.2	61.8
Big Johnson Reservoir *N*	*-Represents area upstream of sump inlets near intersection of Natural Bridge Trail and Blue Miner Street.*	614,283	14.10	0.45	0.59	614283	0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36		0.45	0.59	65.00	150.00	150.00	1229.00	1229.00	0.03	9.94	2.50	7	3.2	6.5	16.4	3.32	**21.2**	5.58	**46.8**		
O	*-Represents area upstream of sump inlet at intersection of Rainy Creek Trail and Triple Tree Loop*	510,492	11.72	0.45	0.59	510,492	0.90	0.96	0	0.65	0.80	0	0.09	0.36	0	0.45	0.59	65.00	104.00	104.00	1230.00	1230.00	0.02	9.47	1.40	7	2.4	8.7	18.1	3.17	**16.8**	5.32	**37.1**		
P	*-Drainage area in and around the West Pond.*	370,936	8.52	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96	70,884	0.65	0.80	300052	0.09	0.36		0.70	0.83	24.77	560.00	300.00	378.00	638.00	0.06	9.43	2.00	7	2.8	3.8	13.2	3.67	**22.0**	6.16	**43.9**		
Q	*-This area is infeasible to detain and discharges to the Powers Boulevard Ditch* *-Less than one acre (0.31 Acres) of developed area is within the Big Johnson Reservoir Basin, therefore, compliance with the county's MS4 permit is maintained.*	106,017	2.43	0.45	0.59	38,063	0.90	0.96	0	0.65	0.80	67,954	0.09	0.36	0	0.58	0.72	27.82	143.00	143.00	687.00	687.00	0.06	6.08	3.35	4	1.3	9.0	15.1	3.45	**4.9**	5.80	**10.3**		
R	*-This area is infeasible to detain and discharges to the swale at the southeast corner of the property.* *-Less than one acre (0.67 Acres) of developed area is within the West Fork Jimmy Campr Creek Basin, therefore, compliance with the county's MS4 permit is maintained.*	81,300	1.87	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80	81300	0.09	0.36		0.65	0.80	7.00	21.00	21.00	220.00	220.00	0.33	1.16	10.00	5	3.2	1.2	5.0	5.10	**6.2**	8.58	**12.9**	1.7	7.8
OS-2	*- Commercially zoned lot just southeast of the intersection of Bradley and Powers. This area will be required to provide its own detention which must discharge to the Powers Boulevard Ditch.*	498,467	11.44	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.65	0.80		0.09	0.36	498467	0.09	0.36	2.00	971.00	300.00	1411.00	2082.00	0.04	34.50	2.83	5	1.7	20.7	55.2	1.67	**1.7**	2.81	**11.7**		

Know what's **below.** **Call** before you dig.

Trails at Aspen Ridge
Proposed Conditions - Sub-basin Summary

Basin	Area	Q5	Q100
	acres	cfs	cfs
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek			
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek OS-1	19.6	1.1	16.2
A	18.5	5.0	34.6
B	1.1	2.5	7.0
C	14.9	19.5	58.9
D	2.2	4.1	14.2
E	8.6	12.8	39.1
F	13.1	15.4	46.2
G	1.1	2.1	6.1
H	23.5	26.8	80.4
I	7.9	10.5	31.8
J	5.3	11.1	32.7
K	32.5	33.3	101.7
West Fork-Jimmy Camp Creek M	10.3	14.2	61.8
R	1.9	1.7	7.8
Big Johnson Reservoir			
Big Johnson Reservoir N	14.10	21.2	46.8
O	11.72	16.8	37.1
P	8.52	22.0	43.9
Q	2.43	4.9	10.3
OS-2	11.44	1.7	11.7
Marksheffel Tributary to Jimmy Camp Creek			
Marksheffel Tributary to Jimmy Camp Creek L	5.3	17.2	32.2
BR1	0.3	0.8	1.6
BR2	2.8	2.9	7.4

Trails at Aspen Ridge
Big Johnson Reservoir
Proposed Design Point Summary

Design Point	Sub-Basins	Downstream Design Point	Total Area (ac.)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
N	N	P	14.1	21.2	46.8
O	O	P	11.7	16.8	37.1
P (Into West Pond)	N, O, P	West Pond Discharge	34.3	47.1	100.6
West Pond Discharge (UD-Detention)	N, O, P	Powers Ditch		1.0	28.3
Q	Q	Powers Ditch	2.4	4.9	10.3
OS-2	OS-2	Powers Ditch	11.4	1.7	11.7

Trails at Aspen Ridge
West Fork - Jimmy Camp Creek
Proposed Design Point Summary

Design Point	Sub-Basins	Downstream Design Point	Total Area (ac.)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
OS-1	OS-1	A	19.6	4.0	26.7
A	OS-1 & A	B	38.1	11.6	57.5
B	OS-1, A, B	C	39.1	12.4	58.5
C	OS-1, A, B, C	D	54.0	27.3	90.3
D	OS-1, A, B, C, D	E	56.2	30.2	95.6
E	OS-1, A, B, C, D, E	F	64.8	39.3	111.6
F	F	G	13.1	19.7	43.3
G	OS-1, A, B, C, D, E, F, G	M	79.0	46.9	125.9
H	H	M	23.5	36.6	79.1
J	J	K	5.3	17.2	32.2
K	J, K	I	37.7	57.2	121.7
I	J, K, I	M	45.6	59.7	127.2
M (Into East Pond	OS-1, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, J, K, I, H, M	East Pond Discharge	158.4	122.6	287.5
East Pond Discharge (SWMM)	OS-1, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, J, K, I, H, M	Offsite Swale		21.1	127.4
R	R	Offsite Swale	1.9	6.2	12.9

Trails at Aspen Ridge
Marksheffel Tributary to Jimmy Camp Creek
Proposed Design Point Summary

Design Point	Sub-Basins	Downstream Design Point	Total Area (ac.)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
L	L	Northeast Pond Discharge	7.6	14.1	30.5
Northeast Pond Discharge	L	Bradley Road Ditch		0.3	8
BR1	BR1	Bradley Road Ditch	0.3	0.8	1.6
BR2	BR2	Bradley Road Ditch	2.8	2.9	7.4

EX. 48-INCH CMP

BIG JOHNSON RESERVOIR TOTALS
DRAINAGE AREA = 47.9 ACRES
POWERS BOULEVARD Q100 = 48.8 CFS
Q5 = 6.9 CFS

EX. 60-INCH CMP

POWERS BLVD. 210' R.O.W. (FREEWAY)

TRAILS AT ASPEN RIDGE PUD

WEST POND

BIG JOHNSON RESERVOIR
WEST FORK JIMMY CAMP CREEK

T.A.R. PUD A.R. FILING NO. 1

STATE OF COLORADO LAND BOARD

TRAILS AT ASPEN RIDGE FILING NO. 1

CRP ENTITLEMENTS, LLC

FUTURE FDR REQUIRED FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THIS LOT. ON-SITE DETENTION WILL BE REQUIRED AND MUST DISCHARGE TO THE POWERS BOULEVARD DITCH.

OFFSITE COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT AN FDR & ON-SITE DETENTION WILL BE REQUIRED FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THESE LOTS.

FUTURE FDR REQUIRED FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THIS LOT. ON-SITE DETENTION WILL BE REQUIRED. ANTICIPATED DISCHARGE: SOUTHWEST COMMERCIAL Q100 = 59.4 CFS Q5 = 1.3 CFS

FUTURE FDR REQUIRED FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THIS LOT. ON-SITE DETENTION WILL BE REQUIRED. ANTICIPATED DISCHARGE: SOUTHEAST COMMERCIAL Q100 = 4.4 CFS Q5 = 0.3 CFS

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO DISCHARGE ONTO RESIDENTIAL LOTS.

POWERS BOULEVARD

CDOT REV. WEST FORK JIMMY CAMP CREEK

DBPS WEST FORK JIMMY CAMP CREEK

THIS AREA WAS ORIGINALLY IN THE BIG JOHNSON RESERVOIR BASIN. IT WAS REROUTED INTO WEST FORK JIMMY CAMP CREEK BASIN BY THE CDOT POWERS BOULEVARD PROJECT.

BRADLEY ROAD

Bradley Median Crossroad Culvert
DESIGN POINT BR1
DA= 0.31 Acres
Q100 = 1.61 cfs
Q5 = 0.82 cfs

WEST FORK JIMMY CAMP CREEK

MARKSHEFFEL TRIBUTARY JIMMY CAMP CREEK

FUTURE FDR REQUIRED FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THIS LOT. ON-SITE DETENTION WILL BE REQUIRED. ANTICIPATED DISCHARGE: NORTH COMMERCIAL Q100 = 16.1 CFS Q5 = 0.5 CFS NOTE: THE ABOVE FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE FLOWS FROM THE AREA DIVERTED FROM BIG JOHNSON RESERVOIR.

Worst Case Drainage Area: Future Blackmer Street Crossroad Culvert

Future Blackmer Street Crossroad Culvert
DESIGN POINT BR2
DA = 2.81 Acres
Q100 = 7.4 cfs
Q5 = 2.9 cfs

NORTHEAST POND

EAST POND

TRAILS AT ASPEN RIDGE FILING NO. 1

THESE OFFSITE FLOWS WILL BE DIVERTED TO THE SOUTH.

WEST FORK - JIMMY CAMP CREEK TOTALS:
DRAINAGE AREA = 160.3 Acres
Q100 = 138.3 CFS
Q5 = 27.3 CFS

MARKSHEFFEL TRIBUTARY TO JIMMY CAMP CREEK TOTALS:
DRAINAGE AREA = 7.6 Acres
Q100 = 8.0 CFS
Q5 = 0.3 CFS

LEGEND
DESIGN POINT IDENTIFIER
BASIN IDENTIFICATION
BASIN FLOWS
BASIN AREA
BASIN BOUNDARY
DBPS BASIN BOUNDARY
EXISTING CONTOURS
PROPOSED CONTOURS

GRAPHIC SCALE
150' 0' 150' 300'
(IN FEET)
1 inch = 150 ft.

REFERENCE DRAWINGS
X-886-PR SITE_F1
X-886-PR SITE
10415-Storm Base-2017
X-886-PR STORM
X-Title(Drainage)
X-886-PR STORM_F1
886-PR Legacy Drive-Roundabout
886-PR Legacy Drive

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY

REVISIONS

NAME: \\Eros\Projects\19.886.008 Trails at Aspen Ridge\200 Drainage\201 Drainage Reports\MDDP\DWG\2022-MDDP Basins_1_8325_2357.sv$.dwg
PCP: Matrix.ctb
PLOT DATE: Mon Sep 23, 2019 9:57am

BENCHMARK DATA(ELEV.) _____
(DATUM) _____
(DESCRIPTION/LOCATION) _____

VERTICAL BENCHMARK:

BASIS OF BEARING:

PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION, FOR AND ON BEHALF OF MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC.

Matrix DESIGN GROUP
2435 Research Parkway, Suite
300 Colorado Springs, CO 80920
Phone 719-575-0100
Fax 719-575-0208

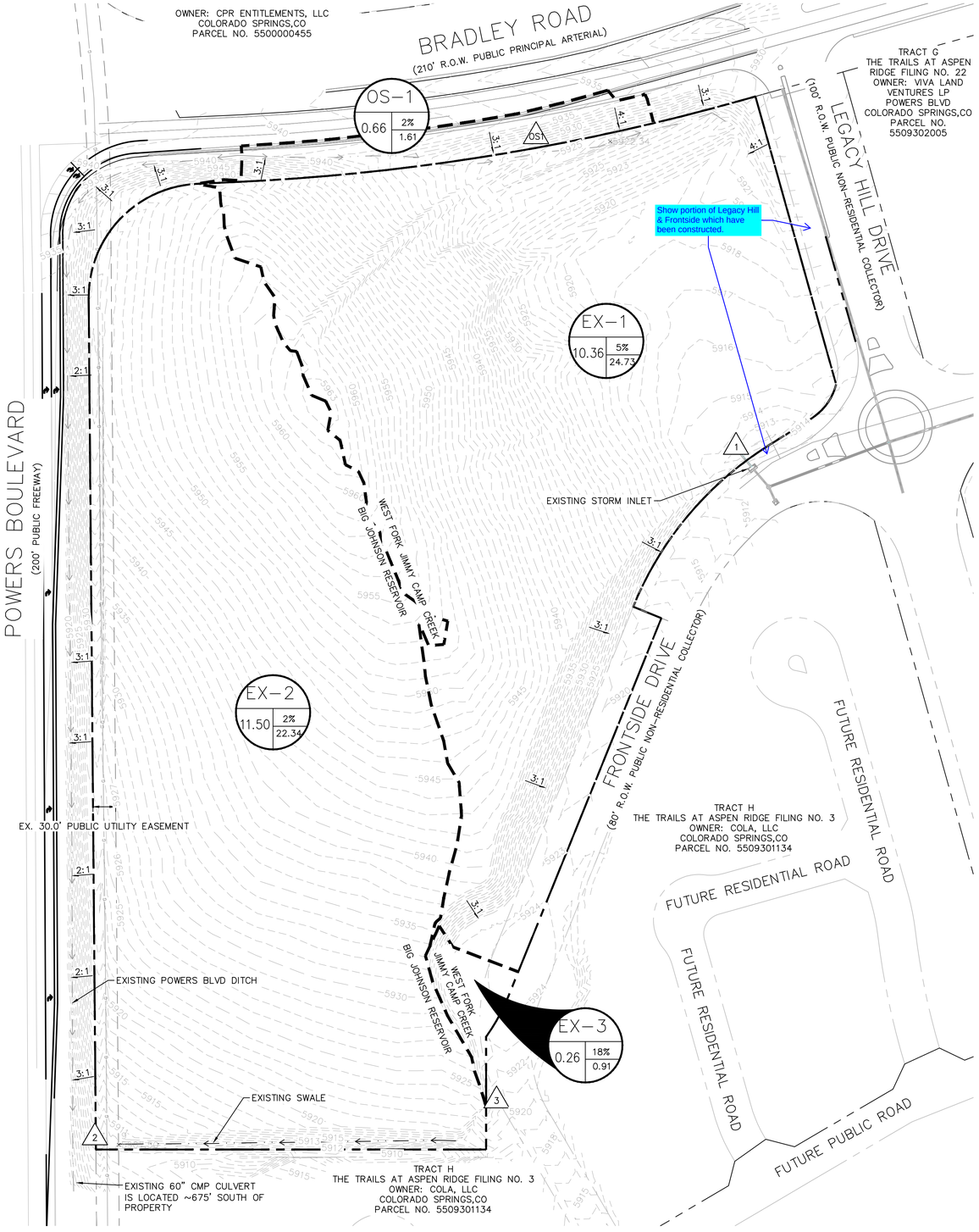
COLA, LLC.

TRAILS AT ASPEN RIDGE: FILING #1 & PUD
MDDP-AMENDMENT & PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT

DESIGNED BY: JTS
DRAWN BY: JTS
CHECKED BY:
SCALE
HORIZ:
VERT:
DATE ISSUED: September 2019
SHEET NO. 2 OF 2 SHEETS

DR-02

APPENDIX F – DRAINAGE EXHIBITS



LEGEND

A
B | C
D

A = BASIN DESIGNATION
B = AREA (ACRES)
C = BASIN IMPERVIOUSNESS
D = 100-YR DESIGN STORM RUNOFF (CFS)

- # — DESIGN POINT
- EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION
- DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- PROPERTY LINE
- XXXX — PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR
- XXXX — PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR
- XXXX — EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- XXXX — EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- SWALE FLOW DIRECTION

SUMMARY - EXISTING RUNOFF TABLE

DESIGN POINT	BASIN DESIGNATION	BASIN AREA (ACRES)	DIRECT 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	DIRECT 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)
1	EX-1	10.36	3.54	24.73	3.73	26.35
2	EX-2	11.50	2.62	22.34	2.62	22.34
3	EX-3	0.26	0.21	0.91	0.21	0.91
4	OS-1	0.66	0.19	1.61	0.19	1.61

NORTH

GRAPHIC SCALE IN FEET
0 40 80 160

Know what's below. Call before you dig.

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	APPR.

Kimley»Horn
2022 KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.
2 North Nevada Avenue, Suite 300
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903 (719) 453-0180

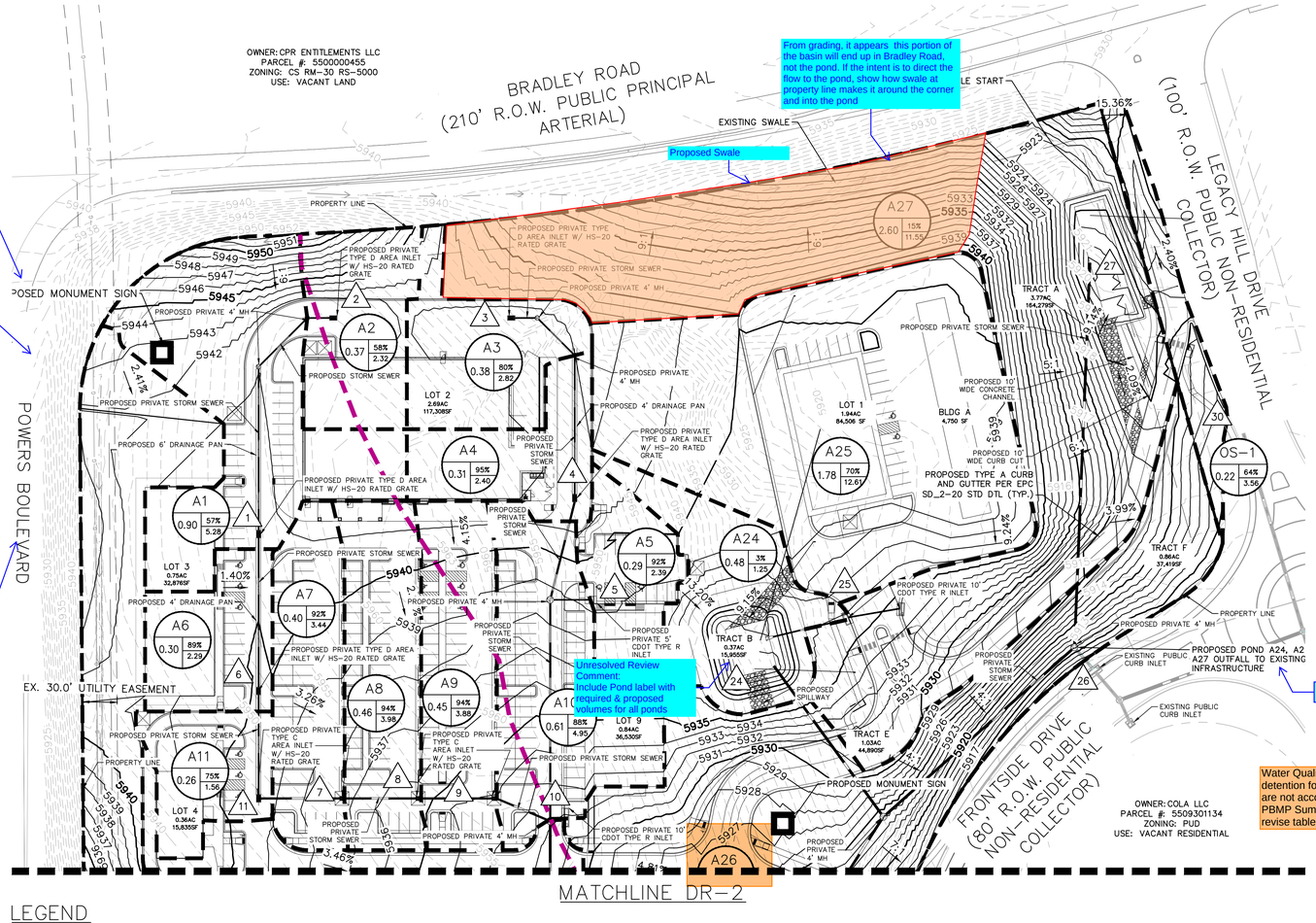
DESIGNED BY: JAR
DRAWN BY: JAR
CHECKED BY: EJG
DATE: 05/06/2022

WATERVIEW EAST COMMERCIAL
CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS
EXISTING DRAINAGE MAP

PRELIMINARY
FOR REVIEW ONLY
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
Kimley»Horn
Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

PROJECT NO.
196195000

SHEET
DR-EX



Fix missing text.

Unresolved: Turn back on ditch flowline and add linetype to legend

Unresolved Review Comment: -Provide row width and road classification for Powers

Fix missing text.

Water Quality treatment and detention for these 3 basins are not accounted for in the PBMP Summary Table. Please revise table accordingly.

SUMMARY - PROPOSED RUNOFF TABLE

DESIGN POINT	BASIN DESIGNATION	BASIN AREA (ACRES)	DIRECT 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	DIRECT 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)
1	A1	0.90	1.91	5.28	1.91	5.28
2	A2	0.37	0.85	2.32	0.85	2.32
3	A3	0.38	1.15	2.82	1.15	2.82
4	A4	0.31	1.04	2.40	1.04	2.40
5	A5	0.29	1.02	2.39	1.02	2.39
6	A6	0.30	0.97	2.29	0.97	2.29
7	A7	0.40	1.48	3.44	1.48	3.44
8	A8	0.46	1.72	3.98	1.72	3.98
9	A9	0.45	1.68	3.88	1.68	3.88
10	A10	0.61	2.09	4.95	2.09	4.95
11	A11	0.26	0.62	1.56	0.62	1.56
12	A12	1.05	2.59	6.32	2.59	6.32
13	A13	0.33	0.94	2.32	0.94	2.32
14	A14	0.34	1.12	2.60	1.12	2.60
15	A15	0.44	1.48	3.48	1.48	3.48
16	A16	0.31	0.95	2.27	0.95	2.27
17	A17	0.82	1.44	3.89	1.44	3.89
18	A18	1.34	4.57	10.60	4.57	10.60
19	A19	0.60	2.14	4.96	2.14	4.96
20	A20	0.34	0.85	2.02	0.85	2.02
21	A21	0.50	1.19	2.96	1.19	2.96
22	A22	0.34	0.10	0.85	0.10	0.85
23	A23	0.84	0.57	2.59	0.57	2.59
24	A24	0.48	0.16	1.25	0.16	1.25
25	A25	1.78	4.95	12.61	4.95	12.61
26	A26	2.66	2.28	8.15	2.28	8.15
27	A27	2.60	1.69	7.99	3.17	11.55
28	A28	2.02	0.65	5.52	0.65	5.52
29	A29	0.57	1.47	3.56	1.47	3.56
30	OS1	0.22	0.57	3.56	0.57	3.56

PBMP SUMMARY TABLE

BASINS	PBMP TRIBUTARY AREA (AC)	PBMP
A24, A25	4.4400	EDB – A24
A1–A16, A23	8.8700	EDB – A23
A17–A22	3.9500	EDB – A22
A27	2.6000	EDB – A27

Unresolved Review Comment:
- Area does not match with MHFD spreadsheet. Please revise and verify all areas match.

LEGEND

A = BASIN DESIGNATION
B = AREA (ACRES)
C = BASIN IMPERVIOUSNESS
D = 100-YR DESIGN STORM RUNOFF (CFS)

- DESIGN POINT
- FLOW DIRECTION
- MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- PROPERTY LINE
- PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR
- PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR
- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- PROPOSED STORM SEWER
- PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE
- PROPOSED STORM INLET
- EXISTING STORM SEWER
- EXISTING STORM MANHOLE
- EXISTING STORM INLET

NORTH

GRAPHIC SCALE IN FEET
0 30 60 120

Know what's below. Call before you dig.

Kimley»Horn
2022 KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.
2 North Nevada Avenue, Suite 300
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903 (719) 453-0180

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	APPR.

DESIGNED BY: JAR
DRAWN BY: JAR
CHECKED BY: EJG
DATE: 05/06/2022

WATERVIEW EAST COMMERCIAL
CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS
PROPOSED DRAINAGE MAP

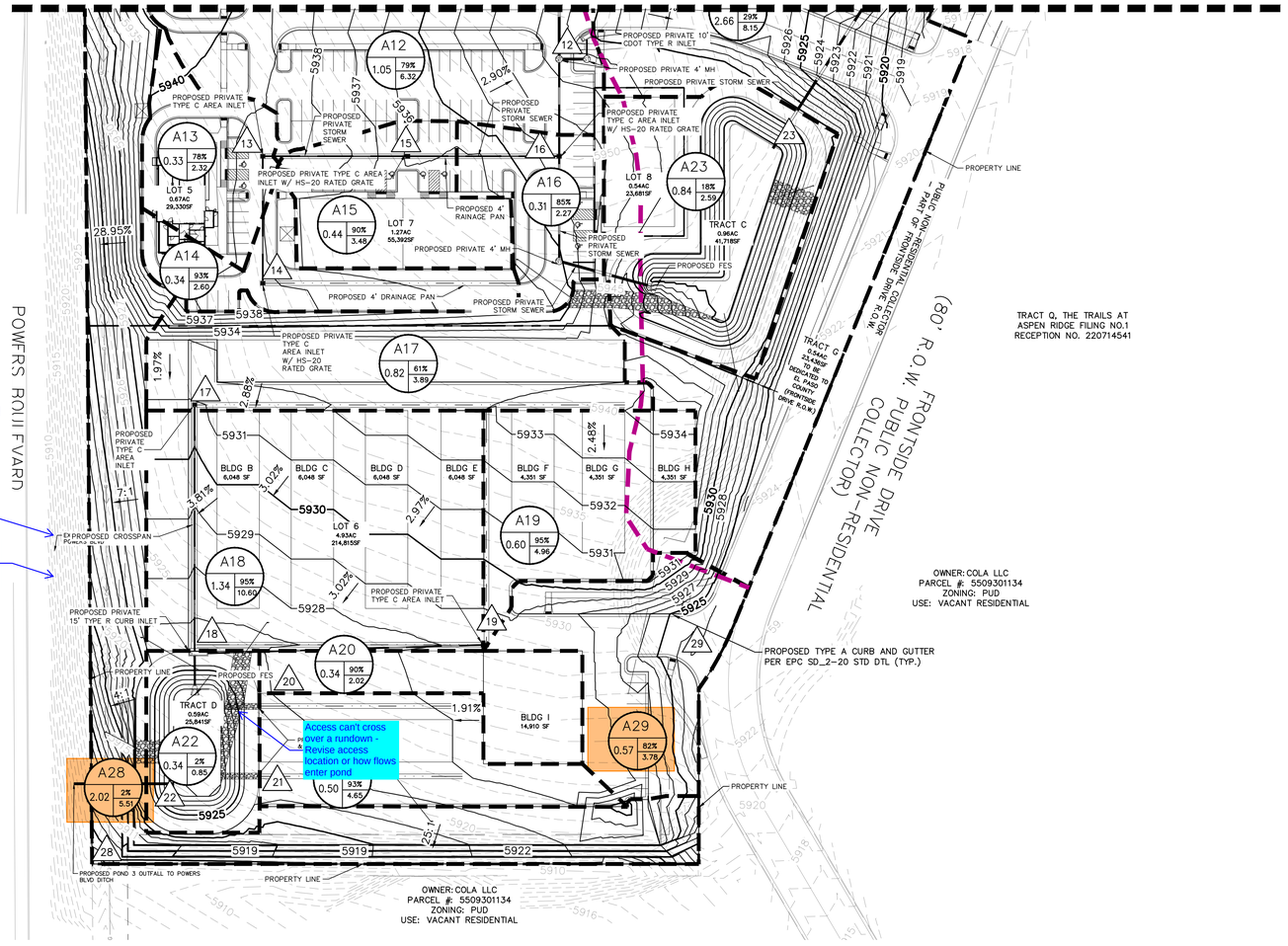
PRELIMINARY
FOR REVIEW ONLY
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
Kimley»Horn
Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

PROJECT NO. 196195000

SHEET DR-1

K:\COS_LA\196195000 - Waterview East Commercial\CADD\PlanSheets\CD_DR.dwg McCallum, Jessica 7/7/2023 12:16 PM

Unresolved Review Comment:
- Show and label all easements

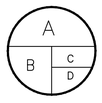


Fix missing text and include road classification and ROW width.

Fix overlapping text.

Unresolved Review Comment:
- Turn flowline for ditch back on

LEGEND



A = BASIN DESIGNATION
B = AREA (ACRES)
C = 100-YR COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT
D = 100-YR DESIGN STORM RUNOFF (CFS)

- DESIGN POINT
- FLOW DIRECTION
- MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- PROPERTY LINE
- PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR
- PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR
- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- PROPOSED STORM SEWER
- PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE
- PROPOSED STORM INLET
- EXISTING STORM SEWER
- EXISTING STORM MANHOLE
- EXISTING STORM INLET

SUMMARY - PROPOSED RUNOFF TABLE

DESIGN POINT	BASIN DESIGNATION	BASIN AREA (ACRES)	DIRECT 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	DIRECT 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 5-YR RUNOFF (CFS)	CUMULATIVE 100-YR RUNOFF (CFS)
1	A1	0.90	1.91	5.28	1.91	5.28
2	A2	0.37	0.85	2.32	0.85	2.32
3	A3	0.38	1.15	2.82	1.15	2.82
4	A4	0.31	1.04	2.40	1.04	2.40
5	A5	0.29	1.02	2.39	1.02	2.39
6	A6	0.30	0.97	2.29	0.97	2.29
7	A7	0.40	1.48	3.44	1.48	3.44
8	A8	0.46	1.72	3.98	1.72	3.98
9	A9	0.45	1.68	3.88	1.68	3.88
10	A10	0.61	2.09	4.95	2.09	4.95
11	A11	0.26	0.62	1.56	0.62	1.56
12	A12	1.05	2.59	6.32	2.59	6.32
13	A13	0.33	0.94	2.32	0.94	2.32
14	A14	0.34	1.12	2.60	1.12	2.60
15	A15	0.44	1.48	3.48	1.48	3.48
16	A16	0.31	0.95	2.27	0.95	2.27
17	A17	0.82	1.44	3.89	1.44	3.89
18	A18	1.34	4.57	10.60	4.57	10.60
19	A19	0.60	2.14	4.96	2.14	4.96
20	A20	0.34	0.85	2.02	0.85	2.02
21	A21	0.50	1.19	2.96	1.19	2.96
22	A22	0.34	0.10	0.85	0.10	0.85
23	A23	0.84	0.57	2.59	0.57	2.59
24	A24	0.48	0.16	1.25	0.16	1.25
25	A25	1.78	4.95	12.61	4.95	12.61
26	A26	2.66	2.28	8.15	2.28	8.15
27	A27	2.60	1.69	7.99	3.17	11.55
28	A28	2.02	0.65	5.52	0.65	5.52
29	A29	0.57	1.47	3.56	1.47	3.56
30	OS1	0.22	0.57	3.56	0.57	3.56

PBMP SUMMARY TABLE

BASINS	PBMP TRIBUTARY AREA (AC)	PBMP
A24, A25	2.2600	EDB – A24
A1–A16, A23	8.5000	EDB – A23
A17–A21, A22	3.9500	EDB – A22
A27	2.6000	EDB – A27

NORTH

GRAPHIC SCALE IN FEET
0 30 60 120

Know what's below. Call before you dig.

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	APPR.

Kimley»Horn
2022 KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.
2 North Nevada Avenue, Suite 300
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903 (719) 453-0180

DESIGNED BY: JAR
DRAWN BY: JAR
CHECKED BY: EJG
DATE: 05/06/2022

WATERVIEW EAST COMMERCIAL
CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS
PROPOSED DRAINAGE MAP

PRELIMINARY
FOR REVIEW ONLY
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
Kimley»Horn
Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

PROJECT NO.
196195000

SHEET
DR-2