PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT

For

ASPEN MEADOWS FILING NO. 2 AND NO. 4

Prepared for:

City of Colorado Springs Engineering Development Review Division Team

30 North Nevada Avenue, Suite 401 Colorado Springs, CO 80903

On Behalf of:

COLA, LLC.

555 Middle Creek Parkway, Suite 380 Colorado Springs, CO 80921

Prepared by:



2435 Research Parkway, Suite 300 Colorado Springs, CO 80920 (719) 575-0100 fax (719) 572-0208

January 2021

Project No. 21.886.037

Engineer's Statement:

This report and plan for the drainage design of <u>Aspen Meadows Filing No. 2 and No. 4</u> was prepared by me (or under my direct supervision) and is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said report and plan has been prepared in accordance with the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual and is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I understand that the City of Colorado Springs does not and will not assume liability for drainage facilities designed by others. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Brady A. Shyrock Registered Professional Engineer State of Colorado No. 38164

Developer's Statement:

COLA, LLC. hereby certifies that the drainage facilities for Aspen Meadows Filing No. 2 and No. 4 shall be constructed according to the design presented in this report. I understand that the City of Colorado Springs does not and will not assume liability for the drainage facilities designed and/or certified by my engineer and that are submitted to the City of Colorado Springs pursuant to section 7.7.906 of the City Code; and cannot, on behalf of Aspen Meadows Filing No. 2 and No. 4, guarantee that final drainage design review will absolve COLA, LLC. and/or their successors and/or assigns of future liability for improper design. I further understand that approval of the final plat does not imply approval of my engineer's drainage design.

COLA, LLC.	
Business Name	
By:	
Tim Buschar	
Title: Director of Land Acquisition and Develop	<u>nent</u>
Address: 555 Middle Creek Parkway, Suite 380 Colorado Springs, CO 80921	
City of Colorado Springs:	
Filed in accordance with section 7-7-906 of th amended.	e Code of the City of Colorado Springs, 2001, as
For the City Engineer Conditions:	Date

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I. Introduction

Aspen Meadows Filing No. 2 and No. 4 are within a 42.04-acre vacant land parcel which is master planned for mixed-use development consisting of residential, utilities, open space, and public right-of-way uses. More specifically, the proposed subdivision will be comprised of a future 22.65-acres of small lot P.U.D. (140 units), 8.61-acres of town homes (18 lots, 73 units), 8.38 acres of existing gas easement, 1.04-acres of open space, and 1.35 acres of proposed public right of way (R.O.W.). The purpose of this Preliminary Drainage Report is to identify offsite and onsite drainage patterns associated with the proposed developments and to provide hydrologic and hydraulic analysis of tributary basins and conveyance systems to the temporary sediment basins (SDB-1, SDB-2, and SDB-3).

II. General Location and Description

This site is located at the northwestern intersection of Marksheffel Road and Cowpoke Road; more specifically: Northwest 1/4 of Section 4, Township 13 South, Range 65 West of the 6th P.M. in the City of Colorado Springs, County of El Paso, State of Colorado. The surrounding development of the property are as follows:

North: Sterling Ranch, single family development. This area is located in El Paso County.

East: Aspen Meadows Filing No. 1.

West: Forest Meadows Filing Nos. 1-4 are currently in the construction phase at this time.

South: Regional Detention Basin No. 3 and Sand Creek Channel.

The site lies within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin.



FIGURE 1. PROJECT LOCATION (NOT TO SCALE)

The combined area totals 42.04 acres and is currently undeveloped and covered in sparse vegetation including natural grasses and some shrubs. The rough graded proposed Marksheffel Road extension borders the gas easement to the east. This site slopes in a general northeast to southwest pattern until discharging into the San Creek Channel.

The Web Soil Survey, created by the Natural Resources Conservation Service, was utilized to investigate the existing general soil types within the tributary to the area impacting the site. The following soil types are present in the development area. See the Soils Map located in the appendix.

Table 1.1 - NRCS Soil Survey for El Paso County

Soil ID No.	Soil	Hydrologic Classification	Permeability
8	Blakeland loamy sand (1%-9% slopes)	A	Rapid
9	Blakeland-Fluvaquentic Haplaquolls	A	Rapid
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam (0%-3% slopes)	A	Rapid

Soils can be classified in four different hydrologic groups, A, B, C, or D to help predict stormwater runoff rates. Hydrologic group "A" is characterized by deep, well-drained coarse-grained soils with a rapid infiltration rate when thoroughly wet and having a low runoff potential. Group "D" typically has a clay layer at or near to the surface, or a very shallow depth to impervious bedrock and has a very slow infiltration rate and a high runoff potential.

Blakeland-Fluvaquentic and Columbine gravelly sandy loams primarily dominate the soil types within the study reach. The area covered by this Preliminary Drainage Report are composed of Hydrologic Group A soils.

The entirety of the site is located in the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. Directly to the south, the development is bordered by Sand Creek Channel. This drainageway conveys flow within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin to the proposed Regional Sand Creek Detention Basin No. 3.

No existing irrigation facilities can be found on or around the site. Existing gas lines run north to south just east of the site, while existing water mains extend along Cowpoke Road and Forest Meadows Ave. There are also utilities currently servicing the existing housing development, Forest Meadows Filing No. 3.

III. Drainage Basins and Sub-basins

Historical patterns of the 42.04-acre Aspen Meadows Filing No. 2 and No. 4 site convey flow from northeast to southwest by sheet flow and existing drainageways and is directly discharged into the Sand Creek Channel. The site lies entirely within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin and is in compliance with the following reports:

Master Development Drainage Plan for Woodmen Heights Master Plan, by Classic Consulting Engineers and Surveyors, LLC, June 2004. (WHMP-MDDP)

Master Development Drainage Plan Update for Woodmen Heights and Final Drainage Report for Forest Meadows Filing No. 1 and No. 4, by Engineering and Surveying, Inc., February 2006 (MDDP Update)

Final Drainage Report for Sterling Ranch Filing No. 2, El Paso County, by M & S Civil Consultants, Inc., December 2017. (SR-FDR)

Design Memorandum, Sand Creek Detention Facility No. 3, West Full Spectrum Detention Basin Design, by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, Inc., Revised March 2, 2016 (DM-SC-3)

According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Panel No. 08041CO533 G, effective date December 7, 2018, the site is split into SFHA Zones "A" and "X". The 100-year and 500-year floodplains are defined within the LOMR and when the channel improvements take place, a tract containing the stream will be transferred to the city. An annotated FIRM Panel is included in the appendix

Historically, onsite drainage currently flows from the northeastern corner of the site to the southwestern corner (Sub-basin EX1, EX2, & EX3-NW), both overland and through natural drainage swales and channels, and eventually discharges directly into the Sand Creek Channel. The adjacent Sterling Ranch property to the north (Sub-basin EX4) contributes offsite drainage at the north end of the proposed town home site. These minimal flows will be routed around the site via the existing gas easement. It is anticipated that, as the Sterling Ranch develops, these flows will be routed to the development's detention facility located north of Aspen Meadows Filing No. 1 to the east. Further discussion of the offsite basins will be included in the Final Drainage Report.

In the interim condition, overlot grading activities for the master planned area will take place. Historic drainage patterns will not be altered. A proposed temporary sediment basin from the future townhomes area will collect runoff and outfall via a proposed overflow spillway from the temporary sediment basin into a swale directing treated runoff to a 2.5-foot deep triangular swale conveying runoff from the existing 145-foot gas easement north of Cowpoke Road, southward to Sand Creek. Another proposed temporary sediment basin will collect runoff from the future small lot P.U.D. site located approximately 1/3 of the way up the small lot PUD portion just east of Forest Meadows Drive. This will discharge either via a swale or an HDPE pipe to the south eventually reaching Pond 3 via the 24" RCP drain-pipe located at the south end of the proposed small lot PUD. Finally, a third sediment pond will be located just south of the overlot graded low point approximately 365 feet east of Forest Meadows Ave. just beyond the future small lot P.U.D. area and will outfall towards the south into Sand Creek Channel.

In the planned fully developed condition, a separate FDR will document design considerations complete with onsite water quality and detention.

IV. Drainage Design Criteria

A. Development Criteria Reference

This report has been prepared in accordance to the criteria set forth in the *City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1* (Drainage Criteria Manual), dated May 2014 and *Volume 2 Stormwater Quality Policies, Procedures, and BMP's*, dated May 2014.

In addition to the City Criteria Manual, the *Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manuals, Volumes 1-3* (UDFCD), published by the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, latest update, have been used to supplement the Drainage Criteria Manual for water quality capture volume (WQCV).

A. Design Frequency

The design frequency is based on the Drainage Criteria Manual. The 100-year storm event was used as the major storm for the project, and the 5-year storm event was used as the minor storm.

B. Design Discharge

a. Method of Analysis

The hydrology for this project uses the Rational Method as recommended by the Drainage Criteria Manual for the minor and major storms. The Rational Method is used for drainage basins less than 100-acres in size. The Rational Method uses the following equation:

$$Q=C*i*A$$

Where:

Q = Maximum runoff rate in cubic feet per second (cfs)

C = Runoff coefficient

i = Average rainfall intensity (inches per hour)

A = Area of drainage sub-basin (acres)

b. Runoff Coefficient

Rational Method coefficients from 6-6 of the Drainage Criteria Manual for developed land were utilized in the Rational Method calculations. See Appendix B for more information.

c. Time of Concentration

The time of concentration consists of the initial time of overland flow and the travel time in a channel to the inlet or point of interest. A minimum time of concentrations of 5 minutes was utilized for urban areas.

d. Rainfall Intensity

The hypothetical rainfall depths for the 24-hour storm duration were taken from the DCM. Table 2.1 lists the rainfall depth for each of the 24-hour storm events.

Table 2.1 – Project Area 1-Hour Rainfall Depth

Storm Recurrence Interval	Rainfall Depth (inches)
5-year	1.50
100-year	2.52

The rainfall intensity equation for the Rational Method was taken from Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1 Figure 6-5.

V. Drainage Facility Design

A. General Concept

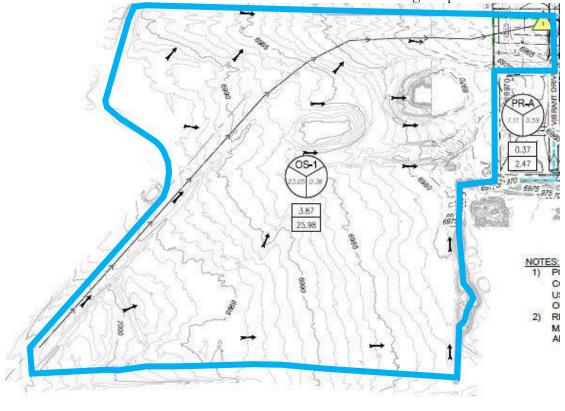
The adjacent Sterling Ranch property to the north contributes to the offsite drainage just west of the Marksheffel Road extension and are accounted for in the rational calculations (see Sub-basin EX4 in the existing condition and offsite basin OS-1 in the interim condition). There are two proposed discharge points into the Sand Creek Channel. The existing Regional Detention Basin No. 3 is located immediately south of the site. It has been indicated by the City that modification of this pond will require updating the pond to meet current DCM criteria. As such, at the time of development, each filing covered in this report will provide onsite full spectrum detention. Runoff generated within the Cowpoke Road extension will be captured in the pair of sump inlets at MDDP-Update design points 16 and 16A. Detailed analysis of the runoff quantities can be found in the Appendix.

B. Detention Storage

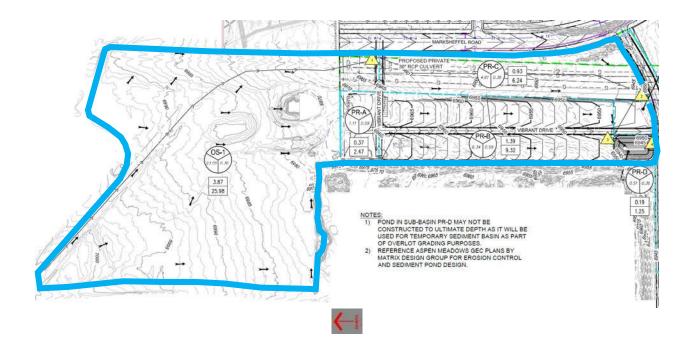
Runoff from Filing No. 2 Town Home site and the eastern portion of R.O.W. from Cowpoke Road (9.68-acres of tributary area) will be treated in a temporary sediment basin (SDB-1), prior to being released to Regional Detention Basin No. 3 via a proposed triangular swale. In the fully developed condition, a full spectrum water quality and detention facility will be installed at the southwestern corner of the Town Home area (in the same location as SDB-1) and will discharge to existing storm sewer in Forest Meadows Drive. Further discussion of the detention facility will be included in the Final Drainage Report. Future full spectrum detention for Filing No. 4 small lot PUD area (26.56-acres of tributary area) will be provided near the location of SDB-3 at the south end of the small lot PUD site. Further discussion of the detention facility will be included in the Final Drainage Report.

C. Specific Details

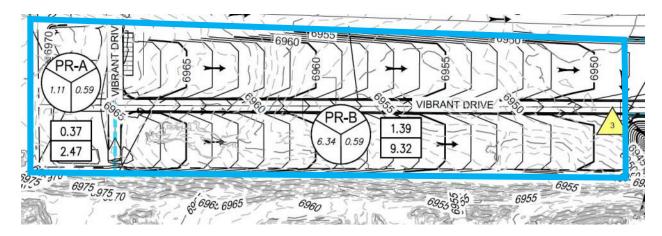
Design Point 1, below, is located at the southern end of the existing offsite Sub-basin, OS-1 (23.05 acres and produces a 5-year storm runoff event of 3.9 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 26.0 cfs. Runoff is routed through a proposed 30" RCP culvert downstream across the proposed town homes access road (Vibrant Drive). When Sterling Ranch develops, runoff will be routed to the development's detention facility located north of Aspen Meadows Filing No. 1 to the east. Further discussion of the offsite basins will be included in the Final Drainage Report.



Design Point 2, below, is located just north of Cowpoke Road at the southern end of the existing 145-foot wide gas main easement, draining north to south. This Design Point collects runoff through two flow-by inlets from Sub-basins OS-1 and PR-C (27.66 acres). The combined flows produce a 5-year storm runoff event of 3.7 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 25.0 cfs. Runoff is routed through a proposed 30" RCP culvert downstream across the proposed extension of Cowpoke Road into a 2.5-foot deep triangular swale conveying runoff from the existing 145-foot wide gas main easement north of Cowpoke Road, southward to Sand Creek.



Design Point 3, below, is located at the southernmost end of the proposed townhomes area, draining from north to south. There is an existing built-up berm along the El Paso County/City of Colorado Springs boundary along the western boundary that keeps onsite flows to the south and prevents off site flow from the west from drainage to the Aspen Meadows Filing No. 2 and No. 4 project site. The Design Point collects runoff from Sub-basins PR-A (1.11 acres) and PR-B (6.34 acres), which produces a 5-year storm runoff event of 1.7 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 11.5 cfs. Flows from this design point will be routed downstream to Design Point 4 within a proposed temporary sediment basin per the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM Volume 3, SB-1.

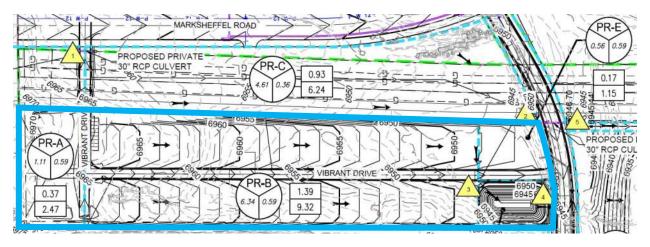




Design Point 4, below, is located within the proposed temporary sediment pond at the southwest corner of the proposed townhomes area, just north of Cowpoke Road. The Design Point combines runoff from Sub-basins PR-A (1.11 acres), PR-B (6.34 acres), PR-D (0.51 acres), and PR-E (0.56 acres). These combined flows produce a 5-year storm runoff event of 1.6 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 10.5 cfs. Flows from this design point will be treated in a temporary sediment pond, outfall via a proposed overflow spillway from the temporary sediment basin into a 2.5-foot deep triangular swale directing treated runoff eastward to combine with runoff from the existing 145-foot gas easement south of Cowpoke Road at Design Point 5, southward to Sand Creek.

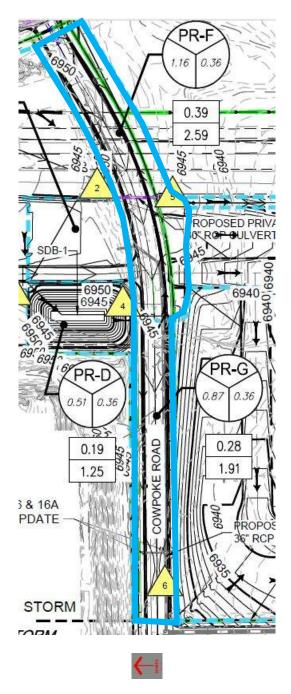
Design Point 5, below, is located immediately south of Cowpoke Road, just downstream from Design Point 2. The Design Point combines runoff from Design Point 2 (27.66 acres of tributary area) and Design Point 4 (7.96 acres of tributary area). The combined flows produce a 5-year storm runoff event of 4.7 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 31.8 cfs.

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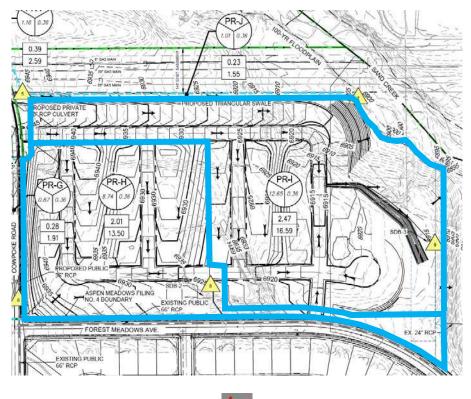
Design Point 6, below, is located at the northeast corner of Cowpoke Road and Forest Meadows Avenue at a proposed low point. The Design Point collects runoff from Sub-basin PR-G (0.87 acres), which produces a 5-year storm runoff event of 0.28 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 1.9 cfs. Flows from this design point will be conveyed downstream to Design Point 8 via sheet flow.



Design Point 7, below, is located at the southeastern most corner of the small lot P.U.D. property at the downstream end of the proposed triangular swale, just upstream of Regional Detention Basin No. 3 in Sand Creek, draining from north to south. The Design Point collects runoff from Design Point 5 and Sub-basin PR-J (1.01 acres), which produces a combined 5-year storm runoff event of 3.9 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 36.71 cfs. Flows from this design point will have been treated in SDB-1 and continue downstream to Regional Detention Basin No. 3.

Design Point 8, below, is located at the southwestern corner of Sub-basin PR-H, just east of Forest Meadows Ave. The Design Point collects runoff from Design Point 6 and Sub-basin PR-H (9.61 acres), which produces a combined 5-year storm runoff event of 1.3 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 7.4 cfs. Runoff from this design point will be treated in a temporary sediment basin (SDB-2), based on contributing tributary area (per the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM Volume 3, SB-1), prior to being released to Regional Detention Basin No. 3.

Design Point 9, below, is located at the southernmost portion of the small lot P.U.D. site, immediately north of Regional Detention Basin No. 3. The Design Point combines runoff from Sub-basin PR-I (12.65 acres). The flows produce a 5-year storm runoff event of 2.5 cfs and a 100-year storm event runoff of 16.5 cfs. Runoff from this design point will be treated in a temporary sediment basin (SDB-3), based on contributing tributary area (per the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM Volume 3, SB-1), prior to being released to Regional Detention Basin No. 3. In the fully developed condition, a proposed water quality and detention facility will be installed at the far southwestern corner of the small lot P.U.D. area. Further discussion of the detention facility will be included in the Final Drainage Report.



VI. Summary

As there is no increase in the imperviousness of the site in the interim conditions, no increase in runoff is anticipated. The calculations included in this preliminary drainage report adhere to the Colorado Springs DCM specifications for this site, do not impact the historic drainage patterns within the study area and do not increase developed flows. The existing discharges from the site are estimated to be approximately $Q_5 = 6.65$ cfs and $Q_{100} = 44.72$ cfs. The existing site has no treatment for the water quality capture volume. Under interim conditions, this report has demonstrated that discharges from the site will be an estimated $Q_5 = 6.45$ cfs and $Q_{100} = 43.35$ cfs which is a slight decrease and therefore detention will not be required for the interim condition. These changes will not have an adverse impact on downstream facilities. Further development of the two sites will require Final Drainage Reports and analysis sizing detention and storm sewer facilities for the two developments.

VII. References

- (1) City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1 and 2, dated May 2014.
- (2) Web Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado. United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service, July 2020.
- (3) Flood Insurance Rate Map for El Paso County, Colorado and Incorporated Areas, Panel 533 of 1300, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Effective Date December 7, 2018.
- (4) Master Development Drainage Plan for Woodmen Heights Master Plan, by Classic Consulting Engineers and Surveyors, LLC, June 2004.
- (5) Master Development Drainage Plan Update for Woodmen Heights and Final Drainage Report for Forest Meadows Filing No. 1 and No. 4, by Engineering and Surveying, Inc., February 2006.
- (6) Final Drainage Report for Sterling Ranch Filing No. 2, El Paso County, by M & S Civil Consultants, Inc., December 2017.
- (7) Design Memorandum, Sand Creek Detention Facility No. 3, West Full Spectrum Detention Basin Design, by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, Inc., Revised March 2, 2016.

APPENDIX

HYDROLOGIC RATIONAL CALCULATIONS

STANDARD DESIGN CHARTS AND TABLES

MAPS

Aspen Meadows Filing No. 2 and No. 4 Colorado Springs, CO BAS Project Name:

Project Location:

Designer Existing Condition

Average Channel Velocity 4 ft/s 0.04 ft/ft Average Slope for Initial Flow

(If specific channel vel is used, this will be ignored) (If Elevations are used, this will be ignored)

<u>Channel Flow Type Key</u> Heavy Meadow 2 Tillage/Field 3 Short Pasture and Lawns 4 Nearly Bare Ground 5 Grassed Waterway 6 Paved Areas 7

		Area						R	tional 'C'	alues						Flow l	Lengths		Initia	1 Flow		Channel F	low		Tc		Rainfall	Intensity &	Rational I	low Rate	:
					Surface Ty ential 1/8	ype 1 Acre Lots)		urface Type (Impervious			Surface Typ Undevelop		Com	posite	Initial	True Initial	Channel	True Channel	Average (decimal)	Initial	Average (%)	Channel Flow Type (See Key above)	Velocity	Channel	Total	i2	Q2	i5	Q5	i100	Q100
Sub-basin	Comments	sf	acres	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area	C5	C100	ft	Length ft	ft	Length ft	Slope	Tc (min)	Slope	Ground Type	(ft/s)	Tc (min)	(min)	in/hr	cfs	in/hr	cfs	in/hr	cfs
EX-1		383,376	8.80	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	383,376	0.09	0.36	100	100.00	1630	1630.00	0.009	18.69	2.02	4	1.0	27.4	46.1	1.5	1.2	1.9	1.49	3.1	10.05
EX-2		1,080,724	24.81	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	1,080,724	0.09	0.36	200	200.0	2155	2155.0	0.029	18.11	2.14	4	1.0	35.4	53.5	1.4	3.0	1.7	3.84	2.9	25.78
EX-3-NW		172,062	3.95	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	172,062	0.09	0.36	200	200.00	1131	1131.00	0.023	19.39	2.44	4	1.1	17.4	36.8	1.7	0.6	2.2	0.77	3.6	5.18
EX-4		1,004,058	23.05	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	1,004,058	0.09	0.36	200	100.0	1510	1610.0	0.020	20.41	1.77	4	0.9	29.4	49.8	1.4	3.0	1.8	3.73	3.0	25.07
DESIGN POINTS	INCLUDED SUB-BASINS																														
EX1	EX1	383,376	8.80	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	383,376	0.09	0.36	100	100.0	1630	1630.0	0.009	18.69	2.02	4	1.0	27.4	46.1	1.5	1.2	1.9	1.49	3.1	10.05
EX2	EX2, EX4	2,084,782	47.86	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	2,084,782	0.09	0.36	200	100.00	4156	4256.00	0.029	18.03	2.04	4	1.0	71.7	89.7	1.0	4.2	1.2	5.25	2.0	35.31
EX3	EX3	172,062	3.95	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	172,062	0.09	0.36	200	200.00	1131	1131.00	0.023	19.39	2.44	4	1.1	17.4	36.8	1.7	0.6	2.2	0.77	3.6	5.18
	TOTAL AREA	2,640,220	60.61							0.09	0.36	2,640,220	0.09	0.36	200	200.00	4156	4256.00	0.029	18.03	2.04	4	1.0	71.7	89.7	1.0	5.3	1.2	6.65	2.0	44.72
•				_			Note: Q2,	Q5 & Q10 a	re based on	C5; Q25, C	Q50 & Q10	00 are based or	n C100																		

Project Name: Project Location: Designer Aspen Meadows Filing No. 2 and No. 4 Colorado Springs, CO

BAS

Notes: Interim Condition

Average Channel Velocity Average Slope for Initial Flow Flow Length: True Initial

4 ft/s (If specific channel vel is used, this will be ignored) 0.04 ft/ft (If Elevations are used, this will be ignored)

100 ft Developed 300 ft Undeveloped Max

Channel Flow Type Key Heavy Meadow 2

Tillage/Field 3 Short Pasture and Lawns 4

Nearly Bare Ground 5

Grassed Waterway 6
Paved Areas 7

		Area	a					Rationa	1 'C' Values							Flow	Lengths		Initia	1 Flow		Chann	nel Flow		Tc	Rainfall	Intensity &	& Ration:	al Flow Rate
				(Res	Surface Ty sidential 1/8	Acre Lots)		rface Type Imperviou	s)		Surface Ty Vegetated	1	Composi	site	Initial	True Initial	Channel	True Channel	Average (decimal)	Initial	Average (%)	Channel Flow Type (See Key above)	Velocity	Channel	Total	i2 Q2	i5	Q5	i100 Q100
Basin	Area Description	sf	acres	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area (SF)	C5	C100	Area	C5 C	C100	ft	Length ft	ft	Length ft	Slope	Tc (min)	Slope	Ground Type	(ft/s)	Tc (min)	(min)	in/hr cfs	in/hr	cfs	in/hr cfs
OS-1	Offsite sub-basin north of project site	1,004,058	23.05	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	1,004,058	0.09	0.36	200	100.0	1,510	1610.0	0.020	20.41	1.77	4	0.9	29.4	49.8	1.4 3.0	1.8	3.73	3.0 25.07
A	Northwest sub-basin	48,352	1.11	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	48,352	0.09	0.36	50	50.0	188	188.0	0.020	10.20	1.00	5	1.0	3.1	13.3	2.9 0.3	3.6	0.37	6.1 2.47
В	Northwest mid-Sub-Basin	276,170	6.34	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	276,170	0.09	0.36	100	100.0	950	950.0	0.020	14.43	1.00	5	1.0	15.8	30.3	1.9 1.1	2.4	1.39	4.0 9.32
С	Gas Main Easement Central	200,812	4.61	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	200,812	0.09	0.36	150	100.0	972	1022.0	0.020	17.67	2.00	4	1.0	17.2	34.9	1.8 0.7	2.2	0.93	3.7 6.24
D	Proposed Detention Pond	22,216	0.51	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	22,216	0.09	0.36	25	25.0	141	141.4	0.020	7.21	1.00	4	0.7	3.4	10.6	3.2 0.1	4.0	0.19	6.7 1.25
E	Southeast Towne Home Sub-Basin	24,394	0.56	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	24,394	0.09	0.36	75	75.0	143	143.0	0.020	12.50	1.00	4	0.7	3.4	15.9	2.7 0.1	3.4	0.17	5.7 1.15
F	East Cowpoke Road	50,530	1.16	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	50,530	0.09	0.36	25	25.0	511	511.0	0.020	7.21	2.00	5	1.4	6.0	13.2	2.9 0.3	3.7	0.39	6.2 2.59
G	West Cowpoke Road	37,897	0.87	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	37,897	0.09	0.36	25	25.0	394	394.0	0.020	7.21	1.00	5	1.0	6.6	13.8	2.9 0.2	3.6	0.28	6.0 1.91
Н	North Small Lot P.U.D.	380,714	8.74	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	380,714	0.09	0.36	50	50.0	958	958.0	0.020	10.20	1.72	4	0.9	17.5	27.7	2.0 1.6	2.5	2.01	4.3 13.50
I	South Small Lot P.U.D.	551,034	12.65	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	551,034	0.09	0.36	50	50.0	1,195	1496.0	0.020	10.20	1.82	4	0.9	26.5	36.8	1.7 2.0	2.2	2.47	3.6 16.59
J	Gas Main Swale	43,996	1.01	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	43,996	0.09	0.36	50	50.0	1,045	1300.0	0.020	10.20	3.07	4	1.2	17.9	28.1	2.0 0.2	2.5	0.23	4.2 1.55
Design Points	Contributing Sub-basins																											+	
1		1,004,058	23.05	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	1,004,058	0.09	0.36	200	100.0	1,510	1610.0	0.020	20.41	2.50	4	1.1	24.2	44.7	1.5 3.2	1.9	4.00	3.1 25.98
2	OS-1, PR-C	1,204,870	27.66	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	1,204,870	0.09	0.36	200	100.0	2,357	2457.0	0.020	20.41	2.00	4	1.0	41.4	61.8	1.2 3.1	1.6	3.90	2.5 25.02
	PR-A, PR-B	324,522		0.45			0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	324,522	0.07	0.00	100	100.0	1,138	1138.0	0.020	14.43	2.00	5	1.4	13.4	27.8	2.0 1.4	2.5	1.71	4.2 11.48
	DP3, PR-D	346,738			0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	310,730	0.07	0.36	100	100.0	1,303		0.020	11.15		4	1.0	21.9	36.4	1.7 1.2	2.2	1.00	3.6 10.51
5		1,551,607		0.45	0.07		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36		0.09 0	0.36	300	100.0	2,441	2641.0	0.020	24.99	2.00	4	1.0	44.5	69.5	1.1 3.7			2.5 31.77
6	PR-G	37,897	0.87	0.10	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36		0.09 0	0.36	25	25.0	394	394.0	0.020	7.21	1.00	5	1.0	6.6	13.8	2.9 0.2	3.6		0.0
	DP5, PR-J DP6, PR-H	1,595,603 418.612	9.61	0.45	0.59		0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	1,595,603 418.612	0.09	0.36	50	100.0 1352.0	3,341	3541.0 3012.0	0.020	24.99	1.50	4	0.9	68.8 55.0	93.8 65.2	0.9 3.1	1.2	1.31	2.8 36.71 2.1 7.43
	PR-I	551.034	7.01	0.45			0.90	0.96		0.09	0.36	100,000	0.02	0.36	50	50.0	1.195	1496.0	0.020	10.20	1.82	4	0.9	26.5	36.8	1.7 2.0	1.5		3.6 16.59
,	110-1	331,037	12.03		t Impervious	s 65%	0.50	0.20	100%	0.02	0.50	2%	0.07	0.50	mperviou	0.0.0	1,175	1420.0	0.020	10.20	1.02		0.5	20.5	50.0	1.7 2.0	2.2	2.77	5.0 10.57
Filing No. 2	On-site Town Homes	371,131	8.52			0			0			371131			2.00%														
Filing No. 4	Future Small Lot P.U.D.	,	21.39			0			0			931748			2.00%														
8-10-1	TOTAL AREA	,								0.09	0.36				300	100.0	3,341	3541.0	0.020	24.99	1.50	4	0.9	68.8	93.8	0.9 5.1	1.2	6.45	2.0 43.35
					Note: O2. (Q5 & Q10 are b	ased on C5: (D25. O50	& O100 are b	ased on C	2100									ı									

Note: Q2, Q5 & Q10 are based on C5; Q25, Q50 & Q100 are based on C100

Culvert Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® AutoCAD® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Jul 29 2020

= 1.12

= Inlet Control

OS-1/DP1

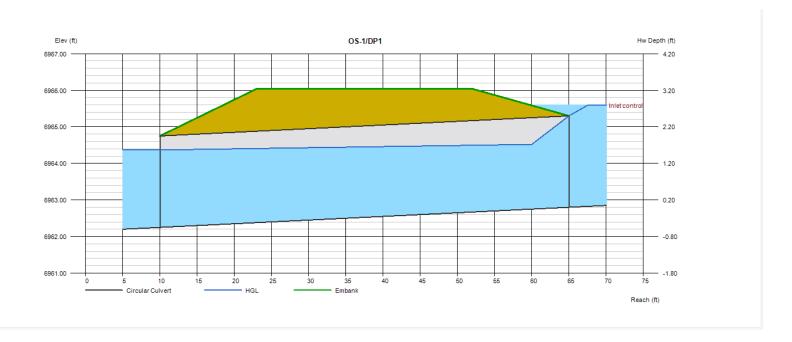
Invert Elev Dn (ft)	= 6962.25	Calculations	
Pipe Length (ft)	= 55.00	Qmin (cfs)	= 25.98
Slope (%)	= 1.00	Qmax (cfs)	= 25.98
Invert Elev Up (ft)	= 6962.80	Tailwater Elev (ft)	= (dc+D)/2
Rise (in)	= 30.0	,	` '
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 30.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 25.98
No. Barrels	= 1	Qpipe (cfs)	= 25.98
n-Value	= 0.012	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	Circular Concrete	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 5.86
Culvert Entrance	= Square edge w/headwall (C)	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 7.14
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0098, 2, 0.0398, 0.67, 0.5	HGL Dn (ft)	= 6964.37
		HGL Up (ft)	= 6964.54
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 6965.59

Hw/D (ft)

Flow Regime



Top Elevation (ft) = 6966.04 Top Width (ft) = 29.00Crest Width (ft) = 75.00



Culvert Report

Top Width (ft)

Crest Width (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® AutoCAD® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

= 29.00

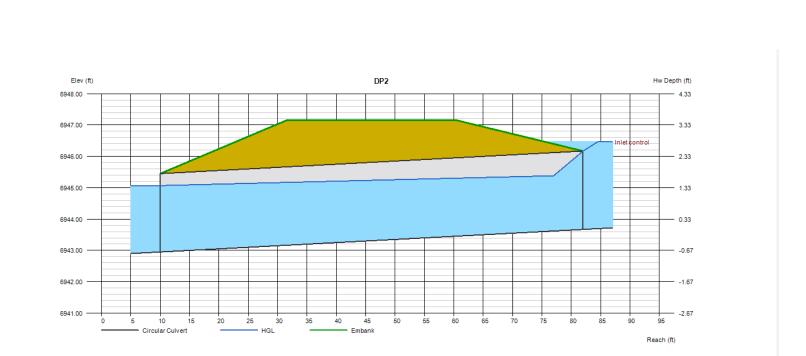
= 75.00

Wednesday, Jul 29 2020

= Inlet Control

DP2

Invert Elev Dn (ft)	= 6942.95	Calculations	
Pipe Length (ft)	= 72.00	Qmin (cfs)	= 25.98
Slope (%)	= 1.00	Qmax (cfs)	= 25.98
Invert Elev Up (ft)	= 6943.67	Tailwater Élev (ft)	= (dc+D)/2
Rise (in)	= 30.0		
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 30.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 25.98
No. Barrels	= 1	Qpipe (cfs)	= 25.98
n-Value	= 0.012	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	= Circular Concrete	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 5.86
Culvert Entrance	Square edge w/headwall (C)	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 7.14
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0098, 2, 0.0398, 0.67, 0.5	HGL Dn (ft)	= 6945.07
		HGL Up (ft)	= 6945.41
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 6946.46
Top Elevation (ft)	= 6947.15	Hw/D (ft)	= 1.12
Tan Midth (ft)	20.00	Flow Rogimo	Inlat Control



Flow Regime

Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® AutoCAD® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Monday, Jul 27 2020

GAS EASMENT SWALE

aga.a.	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft)	= 2.50

Invert Elev (ft) = 6942.95 Slope (%) = 1.00 N-Value = 0.020

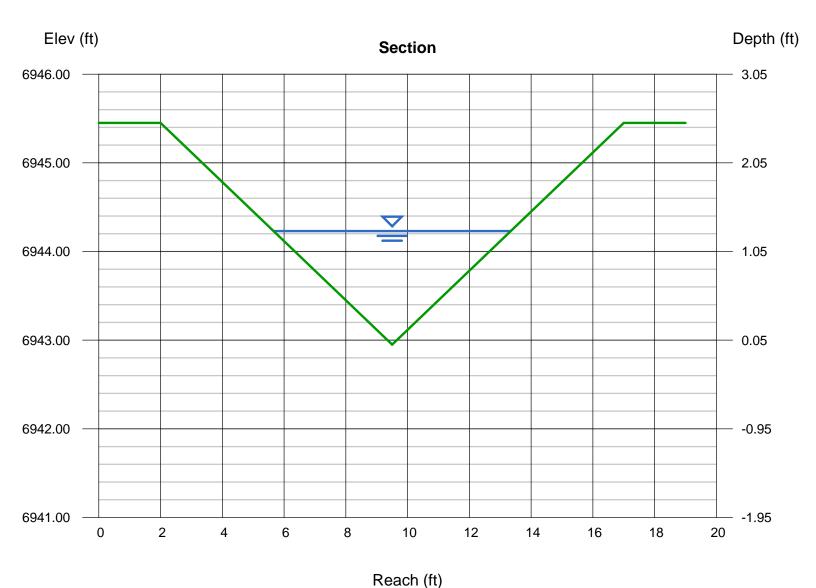
Calculations

Triangular

Compute by: Known Q = 25.98Known Q (cfs)

Highlighted Depth (ft)

= 1.28Q (cfs) = 25.98Area (sqft) = 4.92Velocity (ft/s) = 5.29Wetted Perim (ft) = 8.10Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.37Top Width (ft) = 7.68EGL (ft) = 1.71



Chapter 6 Hydrology

Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method

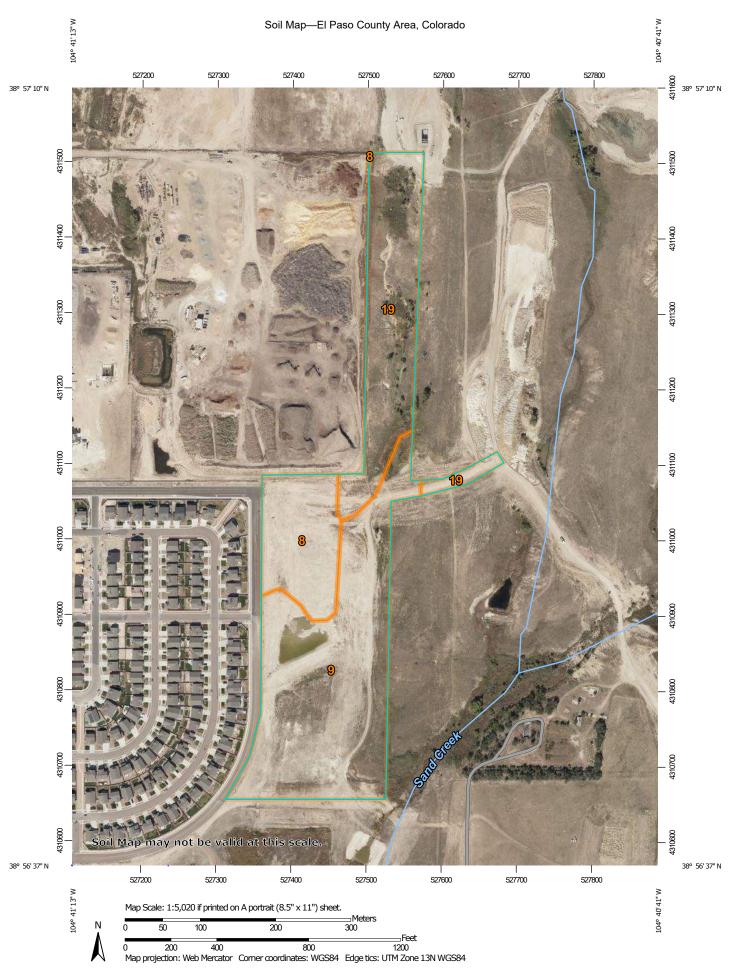
(Source: UDFCD 2001)

Land Use or Surface	Percent						Runoff Co	efficients					
Characteristics	Impervious	2-у	ear	5-у	ear	10-1	year	25-	/ear	50- ₁	/ear	100-	year
		HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D
Business													
Commercial Areas	95	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
Neighborhood Areas	70	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.53	0.53	0.57	0.58	0.62	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.68
Residential													
1/8 Acre or less	65	0.41	0.45	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.65
1/4 Acre	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
1/3 Acre	30	0.18	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.52	0.47	0.57
1/2 Acre	25	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.41	0.51	0.46	0.56
1 Acre	20	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.26	0.27	0.34	0.35	0.44	0.40	0.50	0.44	0.55
Industrial													
Light Areas	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Heavy Areas	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Parks and Cemeteries	7	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.19	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.40	0.34	0.46	0.39	0.52
Playgrounds	13	0.07	0.13	0.16	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.48	0.41	0.54
Railroad Yard Areas	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0.50	0.58
Undeveloped Areas													
Historic Flow Analysis Greenbelts, Agriculture	2	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.38	0.31	0.45	0.36	0.51
Pasture/Meadow	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Forest	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Exposed Rock	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Offsite Flow Analysis (when landuse is undefined)	45	0.26	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.48	0.55	0.51	0.59
Streets													
Paved	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Gravel	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Drive and Walks	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Roofs	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Lawns	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50

3.2 Time of Concentration

One of the basic assumptions underlying the Rational Method is that runoff is a function of the average rainfall rate during the time required for water to flow from the hydraulically most remote part of the drainage area under consideration to the design point. However, in practice, the time of concentration can be an empirical value that results in reasonable and acceptable peak flow calculations.

For urban areas, the time of concentration (t_c) consists of an initial time or overland flow time (t_i) plus the travel time (t_t) in the storm sewer, paved gutter, roadside drainage ditch, or drainage channel. For non-urban areas, the time of concentration consists of an overland flow time (t_i) plus the time of travel in a concentrated form, such as a swale or drainageway. The travel portion (t_i) of the time of concentration can be estimated from the hydraulic properties of the storm sewer, gutter, swale, ditch, or drainageway. Initial time, on the other hand, will vary with surface slope, depression storage, surface cover, antecedent rainfall, and infiltration capacity of the soil, as well as distance of surface flow. The time of concentration is represented by Equation 6-7 for both urban and non-urban areas.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

__.._

Stony Spot

Very Stony Spot

Spoil Area

Wet Spot

Other

Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 18, Jun 5, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 19, 2018—Sep 23, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	4.4	16.5%
9	Blakeland-Fluvaquentic Haplaquolls	14.3	53.5%
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	8.0	30.0%
Totals for Area of Interest	'	26.6	100.0%

El Paso County Area, Colorado

8—Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 369v Elevation: 4,600 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Blakeland and similar soils: 98 percent

Minor components: 2 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Blakeland

Setting

Landform: Hills, flats

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, talf

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium derived from sedimentary rock and/or

eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 11 inches: loamy sand AC - 11 to 27 inches: loamy sand

C - 27 to 60 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 9 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to

very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: Sandy Foothill (R049XB210CO)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 18, Jun 5, 2020

El Paso County Area, Colorado

9—Blakeland-Fluvaquentic Haplaquolls

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 36b6 Elevation: 3,500 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 165 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Blakeland and similar soils: 60 percent

Fluvaquentic haplaquolls and similar soils: 38 percent

Minor components: 2 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Blakeland

Setting

Landform: Hills, flats

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, talf

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Sandy alluvium derived from arkose and/or eolian

deposits derived from arkose

Typical profile

A - 0 to 11 inches: loamy sand AC - 11 to 27 inches: loamy sand

C - 27 to 60 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 9 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to

very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: Sandy Foothill (R049XB210CO)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Fluvaquentic Haplaquolls

Setting

Landform: Swales

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 12 inches: variable

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Poorly drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):

Moderately high to high (0.20 to 6.00 in/hr) Depth to water table: About 0 to 24 inches

Frequency of flooding: Occasional Frequency of ponding: None

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0

mmhos/cm)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6w Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6w

Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado

Survey Area Data: Version 18, Jun 5, 2020

El Paso County Area, Colorado

19—Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 367p Elevation: 6,500 to 7,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Columbine and similar soils: 97 percent

Minor components: 3 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Columbine

Setting

Landform: Fans, flood plains, fan terraces

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium

Typical profile

A - 0 to 14 inches: gravelly sandy loam
C - 14 to 60 inches: very gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to

very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: Gravelly Foothill (R049XB215CO)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Fluvaquentic haplaquolls

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Swales Hydric soil rating: Yes

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 18, Jun 5, 2020

NOTES TO USERS

s map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage cross of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for sible updated or additional flood hazard information. his map is for use in adn

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) and/or floodways have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stilwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot delevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be fullized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or flood/plain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0 fronth American Vertical Datum of 1998 (NAVD88). Users of this FIRN should be ware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Sillwatens Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevation howen in the Summary of Sillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevation hown on this Elifa. own on this FIRM.

boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolate setween cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations wit eggard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway width and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study repo-or this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transversi Mercator (UTM) zone 13. The horizontal datum was NAD83, GRSB3 spheroic. Differences in datum, spheroit, projection or UTM zones zones used in this production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in stight positional differences in may features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do no affect the accuracy of this FIRMs.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datur of 1988 (NAVD88). These flood elevations must be compared to structure an ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the Nort American Vertical Datum of 1986, visit the National Geodetic Survey website http://www.ngs.noas.gov/ or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the followin address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench ma own on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the Nati societic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov

Sase Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These sate are current as of 2008.

his map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations a This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delimeations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this invisidation. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (Which contains authoritative hydrautic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. The profile baselines depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable, in the FIS report. As a result, the profile baselines may deviate significationly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

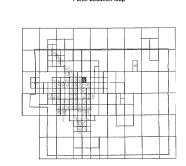
orporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have curred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate ommunity officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

lease refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the count rowing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and sting of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for ach community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is conted.

contact FEMA Map Service Center (MSC) via the FEMA Map Information exchangements of 1577-338-2627 for information on available products associated with the RIM Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, toold insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. The MSC mis to be reached by Fax at 1-800-369-820 and its website.

you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Floor sourance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) is the FEMA website at http://www.fema.gov/business/nfip. El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table

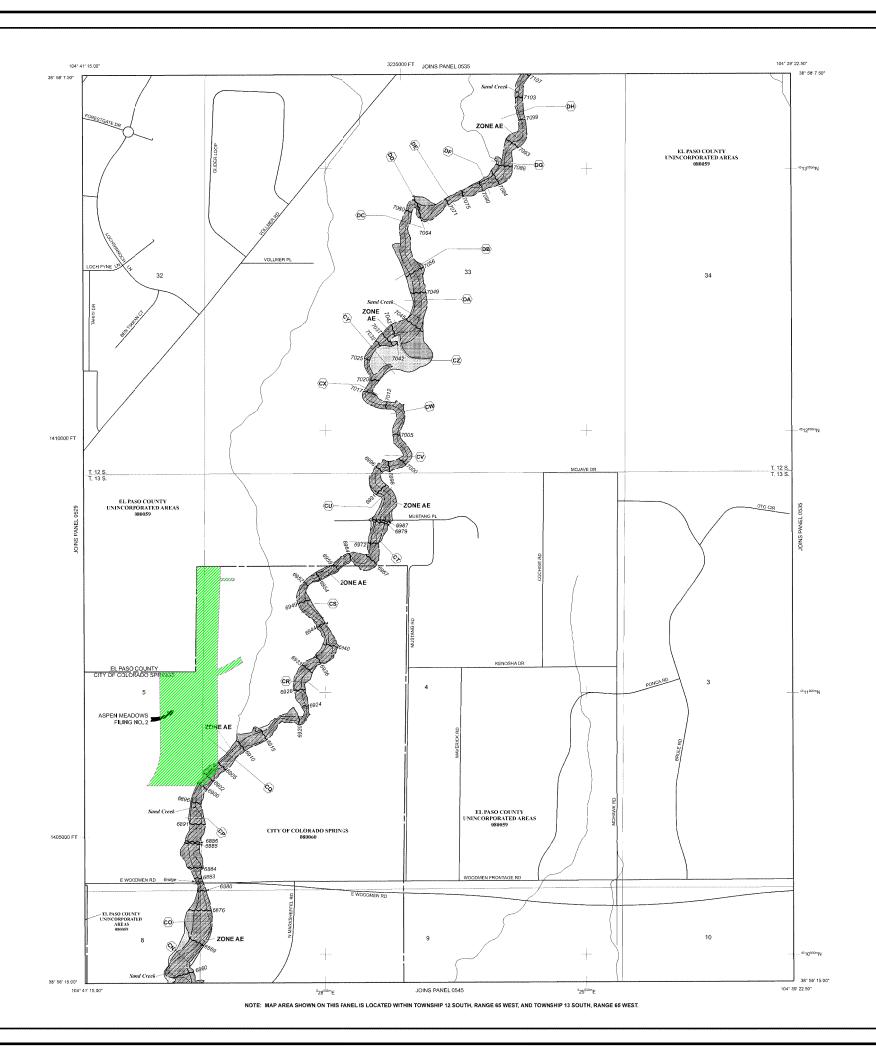
REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION Panel Location Map



This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a Cooperating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).



Additional Flood Hazard information and resources an available from local communities and the Colorad Water Conservation Board.



LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAS) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the orac subject to flooding by the 1% enrual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard Area (Area Special Flood Hazard Area (Area Special Flood Hazard Area Special Flood Flood Hazard Area Flood F

Ficod depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average deaths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, volocities also determined.

Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations

ZONE V Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined,

ZONE VE Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood brights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by leves from 1% annual chance flood. ZONE X

OTHER AREAS

ZONE X Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain ZONE D Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible. ZONE X

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs) Floodplain boundary

CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

Floodway boundary Zone D Boundary

CBRS and OPA boundary

Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.

Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet* Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in feet*

* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)

 $\begin{picture}(100,0) \put(0,0){\line} \put(0,0){\li$

(EL 987)

Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83)

• M1.5

MAP REPOSITORIES Refer to Map Repositories list on Map Index

or community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Iap History Table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

MAP SCALE 1" = 500" 250 0 500 1000 H H H H FEET

PANEL 0533G

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 533 OF 1300

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX COLORADO SPRINGS CITY OF 182080 0533
EL PASO COUNTY 082059 0533



MAP NUMBER 08041C0533G

MAP REVISED DECEMBER 7, 2018

Federal Emergency Management Agency

