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**Eastonville Road – Londonderry Dr. to Rex Rd.
Segment 2 Improvements
Stationing 47+00.00 – 79+31.62**

Final Drainage Report

August 2024

HR Green Project No: 201662.08

Prepared For:

D.R. Horton

Contact: Riley Hillen, P.E.

9555 S. Kingston Ct.

Englewood, CO 80112

Prepared By:

HR Green Development, LLC

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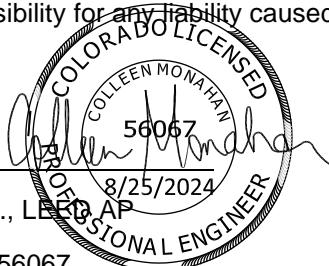
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EDARP Filing No:

CDR2321

Engineer's Statement:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.



Colleen Monahan, P.E., LEPDAP
State of Colorado No. 56067

Date

For and on behalf of HR Green Development, LLC

Owner/Developer's Statement:

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

By: _____

Authorized Signature

Date

Address: D.R. Horton

9555 S. Kingston Court

Englewood, CO

El Paso County Statement

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development code, as amended.

Joshua Palmer, P.E.

Date

County Engineer/ECM Administrator

Conditions:

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I. General Purpose, Location and Description

a. Purpose

The purpose of this Final Drainage Report (FDR) for Eastonville Road Segment 2 Improvements is to describe the onsite and offsite drainage patterns, size drainage infrastructure to safely capture and convey developed runoff to water quality and detention facilities, and to safely route detained stormwater to adequate outfalls. This drainage report will detail the improvements of Eastonville Road from Londonderry Dr. to Rex Road for Segment 2. Stations 47+00.00 to 79+32.00 contain the Segment 2 Improvements for the Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Rex Road for the portion of the project north of Grandview Filing No. 1. The project is all one project, however, the plan set has been broken into two segments to align with the Grandview Reserve Filings. A separate FDR describes Segment 1 of the project.

b. Location

Eastonville Road from Londonderry Dr. to Rex Road, referred to as 'the site' herein, is an existing 26' wide treated gravel road in El Paso County, Colorado. Per field inspection the existing pavement is not full depth, and therefore described as 'temporary' for the purpose of this report. The site lies in the existing 60' wide El Paso County Right-of-Way within Sections 21 and 28, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, in El Paso County, State of Colorado.

The site is bound by undeveloped land to the east and west that has historically been used as ranching lands. Falcon Regional Park, which contains ballparks and parking, and Falcon High School also border the site to the west. All lands to the east and west of the site are unplatte. A vicinity map is presented in Appendix A.

c. Description of Property

The site is approximately 0.69 miles (2.17 acres) of existing treated gravel roadway north of Londonderry Dr. and south of Rex Road. Per field inspection the existing pavement is not full depth, and therefore described as 'temporary' for the purpose of this report. The existing treated gravel width for the length of the project is 26' wide. There are 4' wide gravel shoulders and native landscaped swales are located on both sides of the roadway. Offsite stormwater is bypassed under the road through a series of existing culverts. See Appendix A for an existing conditions photo.

The existing roadway has slopes ranging from 0.3% up to about 4%. The general topography of the surrounding area is typical of high desert, short prairie grass with gently rolling hillside with slopes ranging from 2% to 4%. The project site drains generally from the west to the east and is tributary to Black Squirrel Creek.

Per a NRCS soil survey, the site is made up of Type A Columbine gravelly sandy loam, Type A Blakeland loamy sand and Type B Stapleton sandy loam. The NRCS soil survey is presented in Appendix A.

Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 (Channel A) is the only drainageway that traverses the site in the west to east direction through an existing culvert under Eastonville Road. The channel is a mapped wetland and a wetland permit will be required for a part of this Eastonville Road improvement project. Channel A is not within a FEMA floodplain.

Gieck Ranch Tributary #2 is located on the north end of the project site and will not be impacted by this project. There are no known irrigation facilities in the area.

Existing utilities include an underground gas line that runs under Eastonville road through the Grandview reserve property south of the segment 2 improvements, an existing raw water line that follows the west side of Eastonville north of Falcon Regional Park, and an existing aboveground electrical line along the western side of Eastonville Road. An existing drainage map with these facilities is presented in Appendix F.

d. Floodplain Statement

Based on FEMA Firm map 08041C0552G December 7, 2018, the site is not located in any FEMA designated floodplain. See FEMA Firm Map in Appendix A. There is a Zone A floodplain north of the site and a Zone AE south of the site, both of which will not be altered with the associated Eastonville Road improvements.

II. Drainage Design Criteria

a. Drainage Criteria

Hydrologic data and calculations were performed using Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1 of El Paso County (EPCDCM), with County adopted Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual (CCSDCM), May 2014 revised January 2021.

Onsite drainage improvements are designed for the 5-year storm (minor event) and 100-year storm (major event) using rainfall values from the NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Data Server. Runoff was calculated per CCSDCM Section 6.3.0 - Rational Method. Private, full spectrum pond design was completed using the latest version of Mile High Flood District's (MHFD) UD-Detention per CCSDCM Section 13.3.2.1 – Private, full spectrum Detention. The detention pond allowable release rate will be limited to less than historic rates.

Rainfall Depths per NOAA Atlas 14		
Return Period (yr)	5	100
1-hr Rainfall Depth (in)	1.21	2.49

Inlet sizing was performed per the methods described in EPCDCM Section III Chapter 7 – Street Drainage and Storm Water Inlets. Storm sewer sizing was performed per the methods described in EPCDCM Section III Chapter 8 – Storm Drains and Appurtenances.

III. Drainage Basins and Subbasins

a. Major Basin Description

The site is located within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. The site's drainage characteristics were previously studied in the following reports:

1. "Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study" prepared by Drexel, Barrel & Co, February 2010.
2. "Master Development Drainage Plan Meridian Ranch" prepared by Tech Contractors, July 2021.
3. "Final Drainage Report for The Sanctuary Filing 1 at Meridian Ranch" by Tech Contractors, August 2022.

Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin is a 22.05 square mile watershed located in El Paso County, Colorado. Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin is tributary to Black Squirrel Creek which drains to the Arkansas River. The majority of the basin is undeveloped and is rolling range land typical of Colorado's semi-arid climates. It should be noted that the Gieck Ranch DBPS has not been approved at the time of this report.

The Meridian Ranch MDDP and The Final Drainage Report for The Sanctuary Filing 1 at Meridian Ranch indicate that the Eastonville Road culvert crossing at the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1, within the project boundary, does not provide enough capacity for the historic flow rates. This culvert will be upgraded as part of this project.

Within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin, ranching has historically been the predominant land use, with rolling topography between 2%-4% slopes. Recently urbanization is occurring within the drainage basin, most notably for this project are Meridian Ranch and Latigo Trails Developments. Both are single family residential neighborhoods located upstream to the west and northwest of the Eastonville Segment 2 Improvements project site.

b. Existing Subbasin Description

Eastonville Road Segment 2 (the site) accepts flows from areas to the west and northwest of the site, including portions of Meridian Ranch and Latigo Trails Development. The flows and design points used in the following descriptions are taken from the approved Meridian Ranch MDDP and The Final Drainage Report for The Sanctuary Filing 1 at Meridian Ranch provides the detailed analysis of the pond releases and flows as they outfall from those developments upstream of this Eastonville Road site. For the purpose of this report, full buildout of the Meridian Ranch development was assumed; hence the developed peak flow rates from the "future buildout conditions" for the entirety of Meridian Ranch were used to evaluate the existing conditions below.

Basin EX1 (The Sanctuary Filing 1 FG-38) is 85.16 acres of undeveloped area and treated gravel area to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway. Stormwater from this basin combines with flows from Latigo Trails South Pond (The Sanctuary Filing 1 G-17) is conveyed overland to DP1 for a total area of 321.5 acres (The Sanctuary Filing 1 G18). Flows at DP1 ($Q_5 = 28.3 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 365.2 \text{ cfs}$) are conveyed across Eastonville Road in an existing 24" CMP culvert and discharges to Gieck Ranch Tributary #2 (Channel B). This basin is located upstream of the Eastonville project and is presented here to show where flows go that are upstream of the project site. The Eastonville project will have no impact on this basin.

Basin EX2 (The Sanctuary Filing 1 FG36) is 18.88 acres undeveloped area, parking lot, and treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway. Stormwater from this basin is conveyed overland to DP2 (The Sanctuary Filing 1 FG36). Flows at DP2 ($Q_5 = 1.7 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 18.8 \text{ cfs}$) are conveyed southerly across Rex Road in an existing 24" RCP culvert and discharges to Basin EX3.

Basin EX3 is 51.06 acres of undeveloped area and the Falcon Regional Park ball fields and treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway. Stormwater from this basin combines with flows from The Sanctuary Filing 1 Design Point G15 via an existing roadside swale where it then combines with DP2 flows. Flows travel to DP3 for a total area of 131.3 acres (The Sanctuary Filing 1 Design Point G16) where they are conveyed across Eastonville Road in an existing 24" CMP culvert ($Q_5 = 6.1 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 112.1 \text{ cfs}$).

Basin EX4 is 62.87 acres of undeveloped area and treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway. Stormwater from this basin combines with flows from The Sanctuary Filing 1 Design Point G12 (Meridian Ranch Pond G) to Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 and an existing roadside swale to DP 4 for a total area of 832.7 acres (The Sanctuary Filing 1 Design Point G06) ($Q_5 = 22.4 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 491 \text{ cfs}$). Flows at DP4 are conveyed across Eastonville Road in an existing 18" CMP culvert and discharges to Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 (Channel A).

Basin EX5 is 12.19 acres of undeveloped area and a future church property on the east side of the Eastonville Roadway. Stormwater from this basin sheet flows east directly to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 at DP13.1 ($Q_5 = 2.7 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 18.0 \text{ cfs}$).

Basin EX6 is 0.61 acres of undeveloped area on the future church property on the east side of the Eastonville Roadway. Stormwater from this basin flows south via an existing drainage channel south to DP O3.1 ($Q_5 = 0.1 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 0.9 \text{ cfs}$). Ultimately draining east to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin EX7 is 1.90 acres of undeveloped area on the east side of the Eastonville Roadway. Stormwater from this basin flows south via an existing drainage channel south to DP O3 ($Q_5 = 0.4 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 2.5 \text{ cfs}$). Ultimately draining east to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 combined with flows from DP G16 from the Sanctuary Filing 1.

Basin EX8 is 2.86 acres of undeveloped area on the east side of the Eastonville Roadway. Stormwater from this basin flows south via an existing drainage channel south to DP O3 ($Q_5 = 0.6 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 4.0 \text{ cfs}$). Ultimately draining east to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 combined with flows from DP G06 from the Sanctuary Filing 1.

c. Proposed Subbasin Description

Description of Proposed Project

The proposed project includes improvements to Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Rex Road. As described above, the current condition of the existing roadway in this area consists of 26' wide treated gravel roadway with 4' wide sand shoulders and weedy swales located on both sides of the roadway. Offsite stormwater is bypassed under the road through a series of existing culverts.

The proposed improvements from Rex Road south to the southern property line of the proposed Grandview Reserve Filing 1 include removal of the 26' wide treated gravel and replacing the road with a Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section consisting of 48' pavement and Type A EPC curb (53' back of curb to back of curb). This includes Basins EA1-EA11.

Refer to the Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements FDR for subbasin information and calculations south of subbasins EA10 & EA11.

Eastonville Road Basins

Basin EA1 is 0.22 acres of proposed roadway (Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.7 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.3 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in curb and gutter to DP2. Flows at DP2 are captured in a 5' Type R sump inlet (Public) and piped to Pond C, a private full spectrum sand filter basin. Basin EA1 will be detained by the Pond C Sand Filter.

Basin EA2 is 0.25 acres of proposed roadway (Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.8 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.5 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in curb and gutter to DP3. Flows at DP3 are captured in a 5' Type R sump inlet (Public) and piped to Pond C. Basin EA2 will be detained by the Pond C Sand Filter.

Basin EA3 is 0.20 acres of proposed roadway (Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.7 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.4 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in curb and gutter to DP5. Flows at DP5 are captured in a 10' Type R sump inlet (Public) and piped to DP9. Basin EA3 will not be detained per the Meridian Ranch MDDP as this basin has been over-detained within Meridian Ranch.

Basin EA4 is 0.17 acres of proposed roadway (Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.5 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.1 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in curb and gutter to DP6. Flows at DP6 are captured in

a 5' Type R sump inlet (Public) and piped to DP9. Basin EA4 will not be detained per the Meridian Ranch MDDP as this basin has been over-detained within Meridian Ranch.

Basin EA5 is 0.16 acres of undeveloped area and includes the Pond C Sand Filter. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.1 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 0.4 \text{ cfs}$) is flows directly into the Pond C Sand Filter.

Basin EA6 is 0.70 acres of undeveloped area that will be future roadway (Rex Road) once the Grandview Filing 1 development is constructed. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 3.1 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 5.5 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in a swale to DP10: Temporary Sediment Basin #1 (TSB #1). TSB #1 has been sized for the paved area of the roundabout and the future paved area of Rex Road within Basin EA6. The swale will be removed with the construction of Rex Road curb and gutter. Basin EA6 will be detained in TSB #1.

Basin EA7 is 0.65 acres of undeveloped area that will be future roadway (Rex Road) once the Grandview Filing 1 development is constructed. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 2.5 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 4.7 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in a swale to DP10: Temporary Sediment Basin #1 (TSB #1). TSB #1 has been sized for the paved area of the roundabout and the future paved area of Rex Road within Basin EA7. The swale will be removed with the construction of Rex Road curb and gutter. Basin EA7 will be detained in TSB #1.

Basin EA8 is 2.08 acres of proposed roadway (Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 5.0 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 9.0 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in curb and gutter to DP14. Flows at DP14 are captured in a 10' Type R sump inlet (Public) and piped to Pond B. Basin EA8 will be detained Pond B Full Spectrum Detention Basin.

Basin EA9 is 2.99 acres of proposed roadway (Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 4.6 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 9.5 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in curb and gutter to DP15. Flows at DP15 are captured in a 10' Type R sump inlet (Public) and piped to Pond B. Basin EA9 will be detained Pond B Full Spectrum Detention Basin.

Basin EA10 is 0.12 acres of proposed roadway (Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.6 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.1 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in curb and gutter to DP16.1 Flows from DP16.1 drain south and captured in a 10' Type R sump inlet (Public) and piped to Pond B. This inlet design is in the Eastonville Road Segment 1 FDR. Basin EA10 will be detained Pond B Full Spectrum Detention Basin which is detailed in the Eastonville Road Segment 1 FDR.

Basin EA11 is 0.19 acres of proposed roadway (Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.5 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.0 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed in curb and gutter to DP17.1. Flows from DP17.1 drain south and captured in a 10' Type R sump inlet (Public) and piped to Pond B. This inlet design is in the Eastonville Road Segment 1 FDR. Basin EA10 will be detained Pond B Full Spectrum Detention Basin which is detailed in the Eastonville Road Segment 1 FDR.

Basin EA12 is 0.34 acres of landscaping east of the Eastonville Roadway. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.1 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.0 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed south to DP O4. Flows at DP O4 combine with DP G06 per the Sanctuary Filing 1 Report. This design point then drains east offsite in the Geick Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin EA13 is 0.45 acres of Eastonville Roadway at the Dawlish Dr roundabout. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 1.4 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 2.8 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed east to DP O4.1. Flows to DP O4.1 will be detained and treated as a part of the Grandview Reserve development. This design point then drains southeast offsite in the Geick Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin EA14 is 1.48 acres of landscaping and concrete/gravel trail on the east side of Eastonville Rd. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 1.2 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 3.8 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed southeast to DP O4.2. Flows to DP O4.2 will be detained

and treated as a part of the Grandview Reserve development. This design point then drains southeast offsite in the Geick Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin EA15 is 0.76 acres of landscaping and concrete/gravel trail on the east side of Eastonville Rd. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.7 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 2.1 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed southeast to DP O3. Flows to DP O3 combine with flows from the Sanctuary Filing 1 FDR design point G16. Flows to DP O3 will be detained and treated as a part of the Grandview Reserve development. This design point then drains southeast offsite in the Geick Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin EA16 is 1.18 acres of landscaping on the east side of Eastonville Rd and south of the church property. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.3 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 2.5 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed southeast to DP 13.1. Flows to DP 13.1 will be detained and treated as a part of the Grandview Reserve development. This design point then drains southeast offsite in the Geick Ranch Tributary #2.

Basin EA17 is 0.30 acres of landscaping on the east side of Eastonville Rd and south of the church property. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.1 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 0.7 \text{ cfs}$) is conveyed southeast to DP 10.1. This design point drains southeast offsite in the Geick Ranch Tributary #2.

Offsite Basins

Basin OS1 (EX1) is 85.16 acres of undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin combines with flows from Latigo Trails South Pond (The Sanctuary Filing 1 G-17) is conveyed overland to DP1 (The Sanctuary Filing 1 G18). Flows at DP1 ($Q_5 = 28.3 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 365.2 \text{ cfs}$) are conveyed across Eastonville Road in an existing 24" CMP culvert and discharges to Gieck Ranch Tributary #2 (Channel B). This basin is located upstream of the Eastonville project and is presented here to show where flows go that are upstream of the project site. The Eastonville project will have no impact on this basin.

Basin OS2 is 15.03 acres of undeveloped land and parking area north of Rex Road and contains a portion of Rex Road ($Q_5 = 4.2 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 21.6 \text{ cfs}$). Stormwater is conveyed to DP7 and is captured in a proposed 24" RCP culvert and piped south across Rex Road. No development associated with Eastonville Road will occur in Basin OS2.

Basin OS3 is 1.00 acre of undeveloped land ($Q_5 = 0.2 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 1.2 \text{ cfs}$) along the western edge of Eastonville Road. Stormwater is conveyed to DP8 and is captured in a proposed 18" RCP culvert and piped south across Rex Road. No development associated with Eastonville Road will occur in Basin OS3.

Basin OS4 is 9.60 acres of undeveloped land ($Q_5 = 4.8 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 21.6 \text{ cfs}$) along the western edge of Eastonville Road. Stormwater is conveyed to DP11 in a roadside swale where it combines with Meridian Ranch DP G15 flows ($Q_5 = 8 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 54.0 \text{ cfs}$) before being captured in a proposed 24" RCP culvert and piped to DP11.1. The combined flows as it reaches DP11 is $Q_5 = 7.5 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 44 \text{ cfs}$.

Basin OS5 is 40.26 acres of undeveloped land and Falcon Regional Park along the western edge of Eastonville Road. Stormwater is conveyed to DP3 where per the Sanctuary Filing 1 FDR the total flow is 112.2.1 cfs to a proposed 48" RCP culvert and piped to Channel B.

Basin OS6 is 60.83 acres of undeveloped land along the western edge of Eastonville Road. Basin OS6 flows are adapted directly from the approved The Sanctuary Filing 1 FDR. Stormwater is conveyed to DP16 in a roadside swale where it combines with Meridian Ranch DP G12 flows before being conveyed across

Eastonville Road in dual 10' x 3.5' RCBC to Channel A. The combined flows at DP16 (EX4) are $Q_5 = 22.4 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 491 \text{ cfs}$.

Basin OS7 is future outflow of 11.29 acres of a future stormwater detention pond outflow developed land that will be detained to meet existing conditions ($Q_5 = 3.9 \text{ cfs}$ $Q_{100} = 24.6 \text{ cfs}$) in the southeast corner of Eastonville Road and Rex Road. From there, stormwater is piped to Channel B.

IV. Drainage Facility Design

a. General Concept

The proposed improvements from Rex Road south to the southern property line of the proposed Grandview Reserve Filing 1 include removal of the 26' wide treated gravel and replacing the road with a Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section consisting of 48' pavement and Type A EPC curb (53' back of curb to back of curb). Inlets will be placed at low points and roundabout entrances. Stormwater from this roadway will be piped to either a full spectrum detention pond, sand filter or temporary sediment basin. All ponds and water quality features will discharge at less than historic rates.

b. Water Quality & Detention

Pond C (Sand Filter)

Water quality and stormwater detention for Basins EA1, 2, & 5 is provided in Sand Filter Basin C. SFB C is a public, full spectrum sand filter basin within the Grandview Reserve property to be developed in the future. In Pond C, a total of 0.63 from the proposed project acres at 54% composite imperviousness will be detained. The minimum required acreage of treatment is 0.63 acres. The WQCV is 0.009 ac-ft, the EURV is 0.037 ac-ft, and the 100-year detention volume is 0.062 ac-ft. The WQCV, EURV and 100-year storms are released in 12, 41 and 44 hours, respectively. A 10' access and maintenance road is provided to the bottom of the pond to facilitate maintenance of the pond facilities. A 12' emergency overflow spillway is provided that conveys the developed, peak 100-yr flow rate with 1.0' of freeboard south. SFB C outfalls towards the future Channel B improvements at historic runoff rates. Runoff from Pond C will follow historic drainage patterns and not exceed historic flow rates.

Extended Detention Basin B (Full Spectrum EDB)

Water quality and detention for Basins EA6 – EA8 per the segment 1 FDR and EA9-10 per the segment 2 FDR is provided in Extended Detention Basin B; a public county owned, full spectrum extended detention basin within Filing No. 1 of Grandview Reserve within a proposed drainage easement. A total of 9.02 acres of disturbed area from the proposed project at 67% composite imperviousness will be treated and detained by EDB B for the ultimately developed Eastonville Road Improvements. Ultimate conditions include fully built sections of Eastonville Road from Londonderry Road to Rex Road and is anticipated for Spring 2025. Ultimate condition pond sizing calculations have also been provided in the Appendix of this report. The ultimate conditions WQCV is 0.197 ac-ft, the EURV is 0.756 ac-ft, and the 100-year detention volume is 1.119 ac-ft. The WQCV, EURV and 100-year storms are released in 40, 70 and 73 hours, respectively. A forebay is located at the outfall into the pond and a 40" trickle channel conveys flow towards the outlet structure. A 15' access and maintenance road is provided to the bottom of the pond to facilitate maintenance of the pond facilities. A 15.5' emergency overflow spillway is provided that conveys the developed, peak 100-yr flow rate with 1.0' of freeboard towards Gieck Ranch Tributary #1. EDB B outfalls towards DP8 at historic runoff rates. Runoff from DP8 will follow historic drainage patterns and not exceed historic flow rates.

c. Inspection and Maintenance

After completion of construction and upon the Board of County Commissioners acceptance, it is anticipated that all drainage facilities within the public Right-of-Way are to be owned and maintained by El Paso County.

All public detention ponds are to be owned and maintained by El Paso County, once established, unless an agreement is reached stating otherwise. Maintenance access for all full spectrum detention facilities will be provided from public Right-of-Way. Maintenance access for the drainageways will be provided through the proposed tracts.

V. Wetlands Mitigation

There is an existing wetland in Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 (Channel A). The wetland is contained entirely within the channel and is classified as jurisdictional. A Nationwide Wetland Permit will be applied for due to the disturbed area at the Dawlish Roundabout. Wetlands maintenance will be the responsibility of the DISTRICT.

VI. Four Step Method to Minimize Adverse Impacts of Urbanization

Step 1 – Reducing Runoff Volumes: Low impact development (LID) practices are utilized to reduce runoff at the source. In general, stormwater discharges are routed across pervious areas prior to capture in storm sewer. This practice promotes infiltration and reduces peak runoff rates. The Impervious Reduction Factor (IRF) method was used and is presented in Appendix D.

Step 2 – Treat and slowly release the WQCV: This step utilizes full spectrum water quality and detention to capture the WQCV and slowly release runoff from the site. Onsite full spectrum detention pond provides water quality treatment for the site. The WQCV is released over a period of at least 12 hours for SFBs and 40 hours for EDBs while the EURV is released over a period of 40-44 hours for SFBs and 68 - 72 hours for EDBs as recommended by the MHFD.

Step 3 – Stabilize stream channels: This step establishes practices to stabilize drainageways and provide scour protection at stormwater outfalls. Erosion protection is provided at all concentrated stormwater discharge points in the form of riprap pads.

Step 4 – Consider the need for source controls: No industrial or commercial uses are proposed within this development and therefore no source controls are proposed.

VII. Drainage and Bridge Fees

Gieck Ranch drainage basin has not been established as a fee basin within El Paso County. Therefore, no drainage basin fees are due at time of platting.

VIII. Opinion of Probable Cost

An engineer's opinion of probable cost has been provided below for public and private drainage infrastructure improvements. This includes cost estimates for the public full spectrum sand filter basin C. All required stormwater infrastructure will be installed per El Paso County Requirements.

Public Infrastructure Cost Estimate

Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
18" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	290	\$76 LF	\$22,040
24" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	904	\$114 LF	\$103,056
48" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	1678	\$187 LF	\$313,786
18" CDOT FES	1	\$500 EA	\$500
24" CDOT FES	3	\$684 EA	\$2,052
48" CDOT FES	2	\$912 EA	\$1,824
6' DIA Storm Manhole	12	\$7,734 EA	\$92,808
CDOT Type D Inlet	1	\$6,931 EA	\$6,931
10' CDOT Type R Inlet	6	\$6,703 EA	\$40,218
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24"	2	\$97 Tons	\$194
3' x 10' Concrete Box Culvert w/ Wingwalls	110	\$400 Tons	\$44,000
10% Contingency			\$62,741
TOTAL:			\$690,150

Public SFB C Cost Estimate

Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Inflow)	1.5	\$97 Tons	\$146
Sand Filter Media	44	\$100 /CY	\$4,400
4" Perforated PVC Underdrain	10	\$10 /LF	\$100
12" ABC Maintenance Access	19	\$40 /CY	\$760
Outlet Structure w/ Orifice Plate	1	\$5,000 EA	\$5,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Spillway)	19.5	\$97 Tons	\$1,892
18" RCP Outlet Pipe	180	\$60 /LF	\$10,800
18" RCP FES	1	\$350 EA	\$350
10% Contingency			\$2,345
TOTAL:			\$25,792

IX. Hydraulic Grade Line Analysis

Hydraulic grade line analysis and final pipe sizes have been sized and calculations are provided in Appendix C. All proposed storm sewer will be designed in accordance with El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manuals.

X. Summary

Eastonville Road lies within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. Water quality and detention for the site is provided in full spectrum water quality and detention ponds, sand filters and temporary sediment basins. There is one major drainageway that traverses the site: Gieck Ranch Tributary 1. The water quality and

detention features ponds will be maintained by the Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District No. 2 (DISTRICT). All drainage facilities were sized per the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manuals.

The development of this project will not adversely affect downstream properties.

XI. Drawings

Please refer to the appendices for vicinity and drainage basin maps.

XII. References

1. City of Colorado Springs – Drainage Criteria Manual, May 2014, Revised January 2021.
2. Drainage Criteria Manual of El Paso, Colorado, October 2018.
3. Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Urban Drainage Flood Control District, January 2018.
4. “Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study” prepared by Drexel, Barrel & Co, February 2010.
5. “Master Development Drainage Plan Meridian Ranch” prepared by Tech Contractors, July 2021.
6. “The Sanctuary Filing 1 at Meridian Ranch” prepared by Tech Contactors, August 2022.

APPENDIX A – VICINITY MAP, PHOTOS, SOIL MAP, FEMA MAP


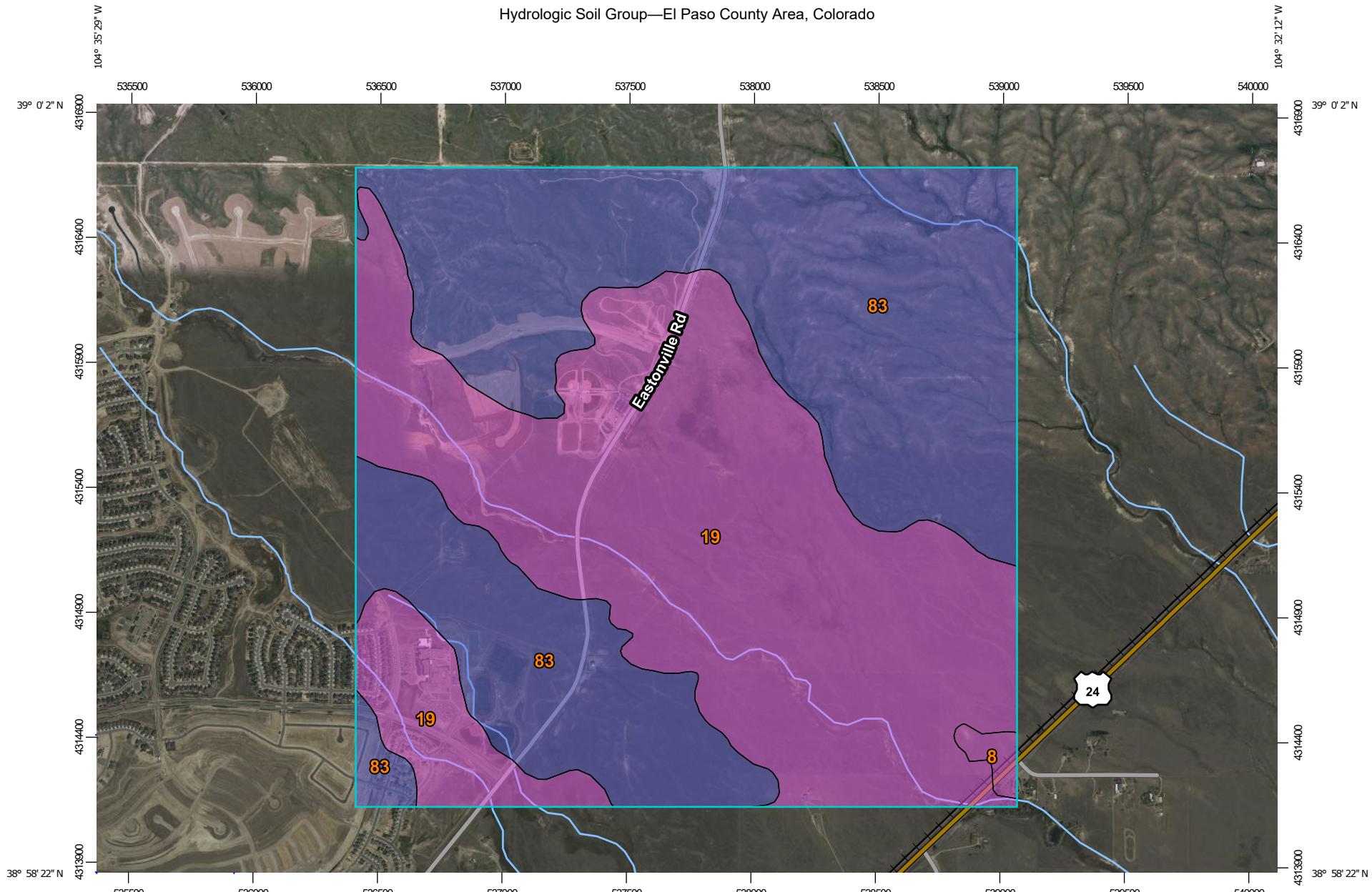


Photo - at Londonderry and Eastonville looking north



Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado



Map Scale: 1:21,700 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 13N WGS84



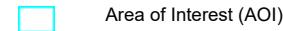
Natural Resources
Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

6/30/2022
Page 1 of 4

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)



Soils

Soil Rating Polygons

	A
	A/D
	B
	B/D
	C
	C/D
	D
	Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

	A
	A/D
	B
	B/D
	C
	C/D
	D
	Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

	A
	A/D
	B
	B/D

	C
	C/D
	D
	Not rated or not available

Water Features



Streams and Canals

Transportation

	Rails
	Interstate Highways
	US Routes
	Major Roads
	Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado

Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 11, 2018—Jun 12, 2021

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	A	10.4	0.6%
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	839.5	49.8%
83	Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	835.7	49.6%
Totals for Area of Interest			1,685.6	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.



Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher



NOTES TO USERS

This page is for use in advertising the National Flood Insurance Program as does the community flood insurance rate map. The community may be consulted for information on the size of small areas where flood insurance is required or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where flood insurance is required, users are encouraged to contact the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRMs) section of the Flood Insurance Division of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The FIRMs represent the boundaries of areas that have been determined by FEMA to be subject to flooding. The FIRMs are the primary source of flood insurance information. According to the National Flood Insurance Program, the FIRMs should be utilized in conjunction with the flood elevation data presented on the FIS map. This document should be used in conjunction with the FIS to purchase coverage on flood insurance.

Differences in datum, spurious projection or UTM zones used in the production of PRMs for adjacent jurisdictions will result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this PRM.

Relationships to other vertical datums These local deviations may be compared to a vertical datum for information regarding the relationship between the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) and the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD). The National Geodetic Survey (NGS) has developed a series of vertical control benchmarks that are referenced to NAVD88. The NGS website (www.ngs.noaa.gov) or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

Corporate Images Similar to the personal images on the face card available at the same time, corporate images are also available. These images are used mainly to represent the company to the public. They are usually taken from a professional studio and are used to represent the company to the public.

Contacted FEIA Map Service Center (MSC) via the FEIA Map Information Exchange (FEIA-MIE) at 1-877-398-2922 for information on available products associated with the area. The FEIA-MIE is a computerized system that links the FEIA to the public and private sector. It contains detailed information on all major rivers and major tributaries of the Missouri River. The MSC can be reached by telephone at 1-800-538-9620 and its website at www.feiainfo.org.
If you have questions about this map or would like to buy a copy, contact the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-361-3738 or visit the FEIA website at www.feiainfo.org/gisproducts.htm.

LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD ZONING (SFHZ) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

The 1% annual chance flood (1%per year flood), also known as the base flood is the flood that has a 1% chance of occurring in any given year. The SFHZ is the area of Special Flood Hazard Zone A, which is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Special Flood Hazard areas include A, AH, AO, AF, AR, AR/A, V, and VE. The base flood elevation is the water surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

ZONING A:
No Base Flood Elevation determined.
ZONE AH:
Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (likely areas of ponding). Base Flood Elevation determined.

FLOODING AFK IN TOME OF FIRE	
ZONE AD	Flooded regions of 0 to 10 feet (water flow on sloping terrain); average document.
ZONE AR	Spatial flood hazard (frequency) projected from the 1% annual chance flooding event. The spatial flood hazard system is recommended to use the same spatial resolution as the base flood system. The spatial flood hazard system is intended to provide information on the 1% annual chance or greater flood.
ZONE AB	Area to be protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a floodplain management system under zoning or floodplain management regulations.
ZONE V	Critical zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood.
ZONE E	Wet zone with surface hazard (wave action); Base Flood.

The diagram illustrates the following relationships:

- BIRS areas** and **GRS areas** are connected by a double-headed arrow.
- GRS areas** are connected to **Productivity Boundary**, **Zone 1 Boundary**, and **GRS floristic**.
- Boundary-variant Special floristic** is a shaded area of different base types, bounded by **GRS floristic** to the west and **GRS areas** to the east.
- GRS floristic** is connected to **Basal Forest** and **Residual Forest**, which are also connected to each other.
- Basal Forest** and **Residual Forest** are connected to **Forest vegetation in Foothills**.
- Forest vegetation in Foothills** is connected to **GRS floristic**.
- GRS floristic** is connected to **Cross-section Inc.**
- GRS floristic** is connected to **Transect tree**.
- GRS floristic** is connected to **Reference to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)**.
- GRS floristic** is connected to **Geographic coordinates referred to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)**.
- GRS floristic** is connected to **Specialized floristic record received**.

32° 22' 00" W	Datum of 1983 (NAD 83)
1000' above sea level	2000' above sea level
2000' above sea level	2000' above sea level
0000000 FT	0000000 FT
DX5510_X	Bench Base (organization in Nodes) 3 section of this file
M11.5	Rue Rate

EFFECTIVE DATES OF RESPONSIBILITY TO THIS PLAN:
DECEMBER 1, 1988 to **NOVEMBER 30, 1990**. This plan is effective for all services, and for all claims arising during the period of coverage, whether or not rendered, and for all claims arising from acts or omissions occurring prior to the effective date of this plan.

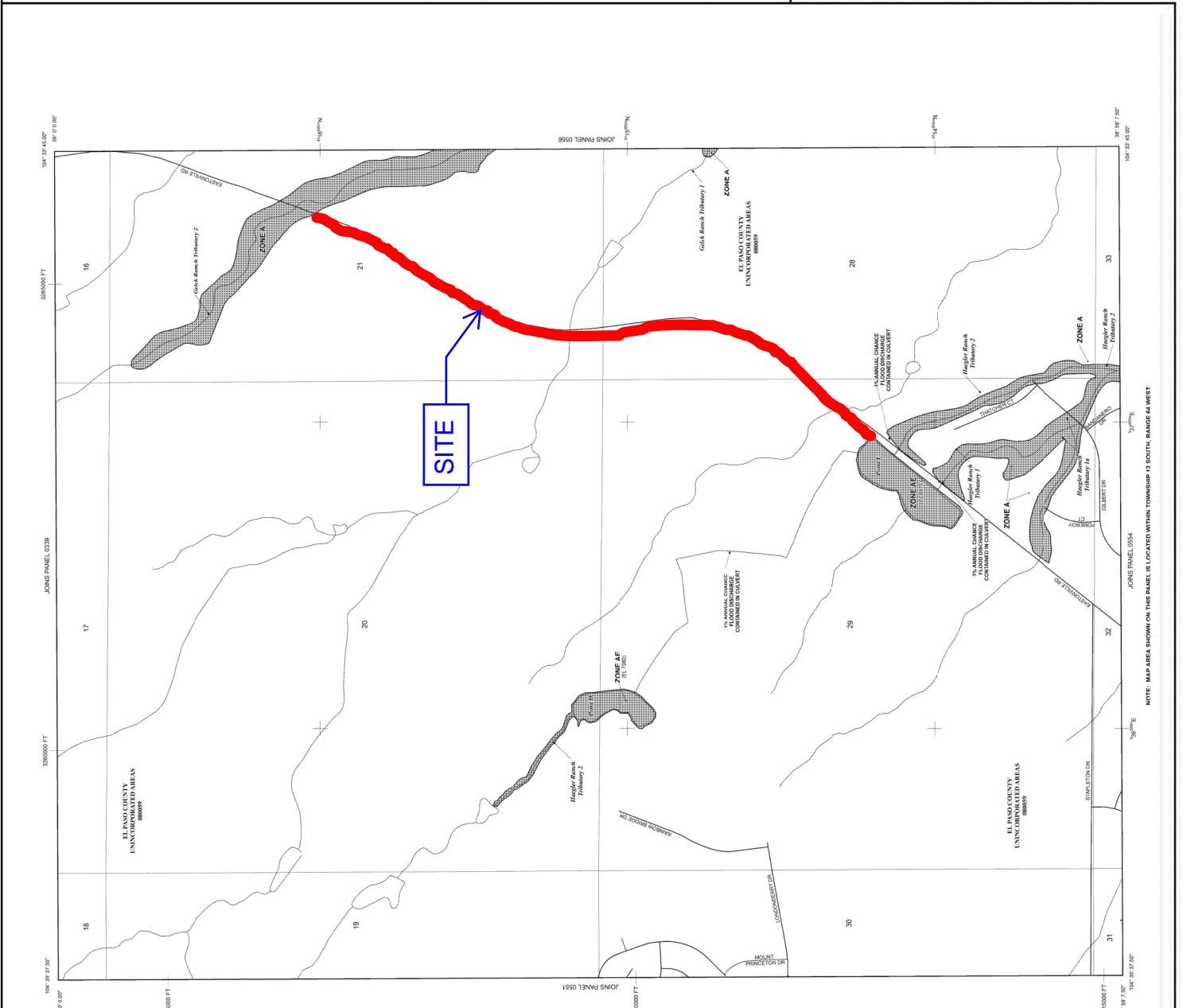
For community health plan to receive prompt payment, or for the Community Health Plan to receive the Hold Insurance Sub-report for its jurisdiction.

Any claim for benefits made by a member of the community, outside of your insurance coverage, will be denied. If you have questions, please call your insurance agent or call the plan office at **1-800-255-2000**.



A rectangular map titled "FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP" for "EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS". The map shows the county boundaries and various incorporated towns and cities. A legend in the bottom right corner indicates different colors representing different flood zones: light blue for Zone A, medium blue for Zone B, dark blue for Zone C, and red for Zone D.

PANEL 152 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL)		The Map Number listed above is the panel number assigned by the Commodity Credit Corporation. It is not a zip code or other geographical location. It is used to identify the firm panel.
CONTAINS:	NUMBERS: PAGES:	
COMMUNITY: EL PASO COUNTY	000000 1000	MAP NUMBER 0004TC05
		MAP REVIEW
		DECEMBER 17, 2004
Federal Emergency Management Agency		



LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHA) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood elevation that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AF, A1, A2, A3, V, A, AE, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water level elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

ZONE A: Flood plain of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding). Base flood elevation determined by one of the following methods:
 1. Flood profile analysis determined.
 2. Flood profile analysis determined.
ZONE AH: Flood plain of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding). Base flood elevation determined by one of the following methods:
 1. Flood profile analysis determined.
 2. Flood profile analysis determined.

	Exposure determined.
ZONE A/D	Not dignified if $d \geq 5$ ft. (less) when flow along stream; average discharge measured. If $d < 5$ ft., shall be at flooding elevation.
ZONE A/H	Specific flow head factor predicted from the annual chance equation for the specific flow head factor. Specific flow head factor is predicted from the flow head factor equation as recommended by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to determine protection from the 100-year chance of a flood.
ZONE A/R	Area to be protected from a 100-year chance of a flood. Headflow zone with velocity hazard (one action); no Headflow zone with velocity hazard (one action); no Headflow zone with velocity hazard (one action); no Headflow zone with velocity hazard (one action).
ZONE V	Headflow zone with velocity hazard (one action); no Headflow zone with velocity hazard (one action); no Headflow zone with velocity hazard (one action); no Headflow zone with velocity hazard (one action).
ZONE W/E	Exposure determined.

<p>OTHER AREA</p> <p>In the event of an emergency, these areas will be used as a place of refuge or as a temporary shelter if buildings have been damaged or destroyed.</p> <p>OTHER PROTECTED AREAS</p> <p>Areas of refuge or places of safety in case of fire or other emergency.</p> <p>OTHER AREAS</p> <p>Areas intended to be used as the 2nd annual change location.</p>	<p>ZONE X</p> <p>Areas where floodwaters are not expected to inundate buildings.</p>	<p>ZONE Y</p> <p>Areas where floodwaters are expected to inundate buildings.</p>	<p>ZONE Z</p> <p>Areas where floodwaters are expected to inundate buildings.</p>
<p>COSTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS</p> <p>Areas located along the coast where floodwaters are expected to inundate buildings.</p>	<p>COSTAL PROTECTED AREAS (CPAs)</p> <p>Areas located along the coast where floodwaters are not expected to inundate buildings.</p>		

PANEL 552 OF 1300	
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FRIM PANEL LAYOUT)	
CONTAINS:	NAME, ADDRESS, SURVEY,
COMMUNITY,	NUMBER 3000 G
FL. PARADISE COUNTY	
NOTICE TO OWNER: The Map Number and Survey Number listed on the panel are the identifying numbers for the property shown. The surveyor or map maker is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained on the panel.	
MAP NUMBER	08041C052G
MAP REVISED	DECEMBER 7, 2018
Federal Emergency Management Agency	



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2
Location name: Elbert, Colorado, USA*
Latitude: 38.9796°, Longitude: -104.5696°
Elevation: 6996 ft**

* source: ESRI Maps
** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Michael Yekta, Geoffrey Bonnin

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

[PF tabular](#) | [PF graphical](#) | [Maps & aerials](#)

PF tabular

Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.239 (0.189-0.303)	0.291 (0.231-0.370)	0.381 (0.301-0.486)	0.461 (0.361-0.589)	0.576 (0.440-0.768)	0.671 (0.499-0.904)	0.770 (0.554-1.06)	0.875 (0.604-1.24)	1.02 (0.678-1.48)	1.14 (0.733-1.67)
10-min	0.350 (0.277-0.444)	0.426 (0.338-0.542)	0.558 (0.441-0.711)	0.674 (0.529-0.863)	0.844 (0.644-1.12)	0.982 (0.731-1.32)	1.13 (0.811-1.56)	1.28 (0.884-1.81)	1.49 (0.992-2.17)	1.66 (1.07-2.44)
15-min	0.426 (0.338-0.541)	0.520 (0.412-0.660)	0.681 (0.537-0.867)	0.823 (0.645-1.05)	1.03 (0.785-1.37)	1.20 (0.891-1.62)	1.37 (0.988-1.90)	1.56 (1.08-2.21)	1.82 (1.21-2.65)	2.03 (1.31-2.98)
30-min	0.608 (0.482-0.771)	0.740 (0.586-0.940)	0.968 (0.764-1.23)	1.17 (0.916-1.49)	1.46 (1.11-1.94)	1.70 (1.26-2.28)	1.94 (1.40-2.68)	2.20 (1.52-3.12)	2.57 (1.71-3.73)	2.86 (1.84-4.19)
60-min	0.775 (0.615-0.984)	0.933 (0.739-1.18)	1.21 (0.956-1.54)	1.46 (1.15-1.87)	1.84 (1.41-2.47)	2.16 (1.61-2.92)	2.49 (1.80-3.45)	2.85 (1.97-4.05)	3.37 (2.24-4.90)	3.78 (2.44-5.54)
2-hr	0.943 (0.754-1.19)	1.12 (0.898-1.42)	1.46 (1.16-1.84)	1.76 (1.39-2.23)	2.22 (1.72-2.97)	2.62 (1.97-3.52)	3.04 (2.21-4.19)	3.50 (2.45-4.95)	4.16 (2.80-6.03)	4.70 (3.06-6.85)
3-hr	1.03 (0.829-1.29)	1.22 (0.978-1.53)	1.57 (1.25-1.97)	1.90 (1.51-2.40)	2.41 (1.88-3.22)	2.86 (2.17-3.84)	3.34 (2.45-4.60)	3.88 (2.73-5.48)	4.66 (3.15-6.74)	5.29 (3.46-6.79)
6-hr	1.20 (0.968-1.48)	1.40 (1.13-1.74)	1.78 (1.44-2.22)	2.16 (1.73-2.70)	2.76 (2.18-3.66)	3.28 (2.52-4.39)	3.86 (2.86-5.29)	4.51 (3.20-6.34)	5.46 (3.73-7.86)	6.24 (4.12-9.01)
12-hr	1.38 (1.13-1.70)	1.61 (1.31-1.98)	2.05 (1.66-2.53)	2.48 (2.00-3.07)	3.15 (2.51-4.15)	3.74 (2.89-4.96)	4.39 (3.28-5.96)	5.12 (3.66-7.13)	6.17 (4.25-8.82)	7.04 (4.69-10.1)
24-hr	1.60 (1.31-1.95)	1.87 (1.54-2.28)	2.38 (1.94-2.91)	2.85 (2.32-3.51)	3.60 (2.88-4.67)	4.24 (3.29-5.56)	4.94 (3.71-6.63)	5.71 (4.12-7.87)	6.82 (4.73-9.66)	7.73 (5.20-11.0)
2-day	1.85 (1.54-2.24)	2.18 (1.80-2.63)	2.76 (2.28-3.34)	3.29 (2.70-4.01)	4.11 (3.30-5.27)	4.80 (3.76-6.22)	5.54 (4.19-7.36)	6.35 (4.62-8.68)	7.50 (5.25-10.5)	8.44 (5.73-11.9)
3-day	2.03 (1.69-2.44)	2.39 (1.98-2.87)	3.02 (2.50-3.64)	3.60 (2.97-4.36)	4.47 (3.60-5.69)	5.20 (4.08-6.70)	5.98 (4.55-7.90)	6.83 (4.99-9.28)	8.03 (5.65-11.2)	9.00 (6.15-12.7)
4-day	2.18 (1.82-2.61)	2.56 (2.13-3.06)	3.22 (2.68-3.87)	3.82 (3.16-4.62)	4.73 (3.83-6.00)	5.49 (4.33-7.04)	6.30 (4.81-8.30)	7.18 (5.26-9.72)	8.43 (5.94-11.7)	9.43 (6.46-13.3)
7-day	2.58 (2.17-3.07)	2.98 (2.50-3.54)	3.68 (3.08-4.39)	4.32 (3.60-5.18)	5.29 (4.30-6.65)	6.09 (4.84-7.76)	6.96 (5.34-9.09)	7.89 (5.82-10.6)	9.21 (6.55-12.8)	10.3 (7.10-14.4)
10-day	2.93 (2.48-3.47)	3.36 (2.84-3.98)	4.13 (3.47-4.90)	4.81 (4.02-5.74)	5.83 (4.76-7.28)	6.68 (5.32-8.45)	7.58 (5.85-9.86)	8.55 (6.34-11.4)	9.92 (7.08-13.7)	11.0 (7.65-15.4)
20-day	3.91 (3.33-4.58)	4.51 (3.84-5.29)	5.52 (4.68-6.50)	6.39 (5.39-7.55)	7.63 (6.25-9.37)	8.62 (6.90-10.8)	9.64 (7.47-12.4)	10.7 (7.98-14.1)	12.2 (8.74-16.6)	13.3 (9.31-18.4)
30-day	4.70 (4.02-5.47)	5.44 (4.65-6.34)	6.65 (5.66-7.78)	7.66 (6.49-9.00)	9.06 (7.44-11.0)	10.1 (8.15-12.5)	11.2 (8.74-14.3)	12.3 (9.24-16.2)	13.8 (9.98-18.7)	15.0 (10.5-20.6)
45-day	5.67 (4.88-6.57)	6.55 (5.63-7.60)	7.97 (6.82-9.27)	9.12 (7.77-10.7)	10.7 (8.79-12.9)	11.9 (9.56-14.5)	13.0 (10.2-16.4)	14.2 (10.6-18.4)	15.6 (11.3-21.0)	16.7 (11.9-23.0)
60-day	6.48 (5.60-7.48)	7.46 (6.43-8.62)	9.01 (7.74-10.4)	10.3 (8.77-11.9)	11.9 (9.82-14.3)	13.1 (10.6-16.0)	14.3 (11.2-18.0)	15.5 (11.7-20.0)	16.9 (12.3-22.6)	18.0 (12.8-24.6)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

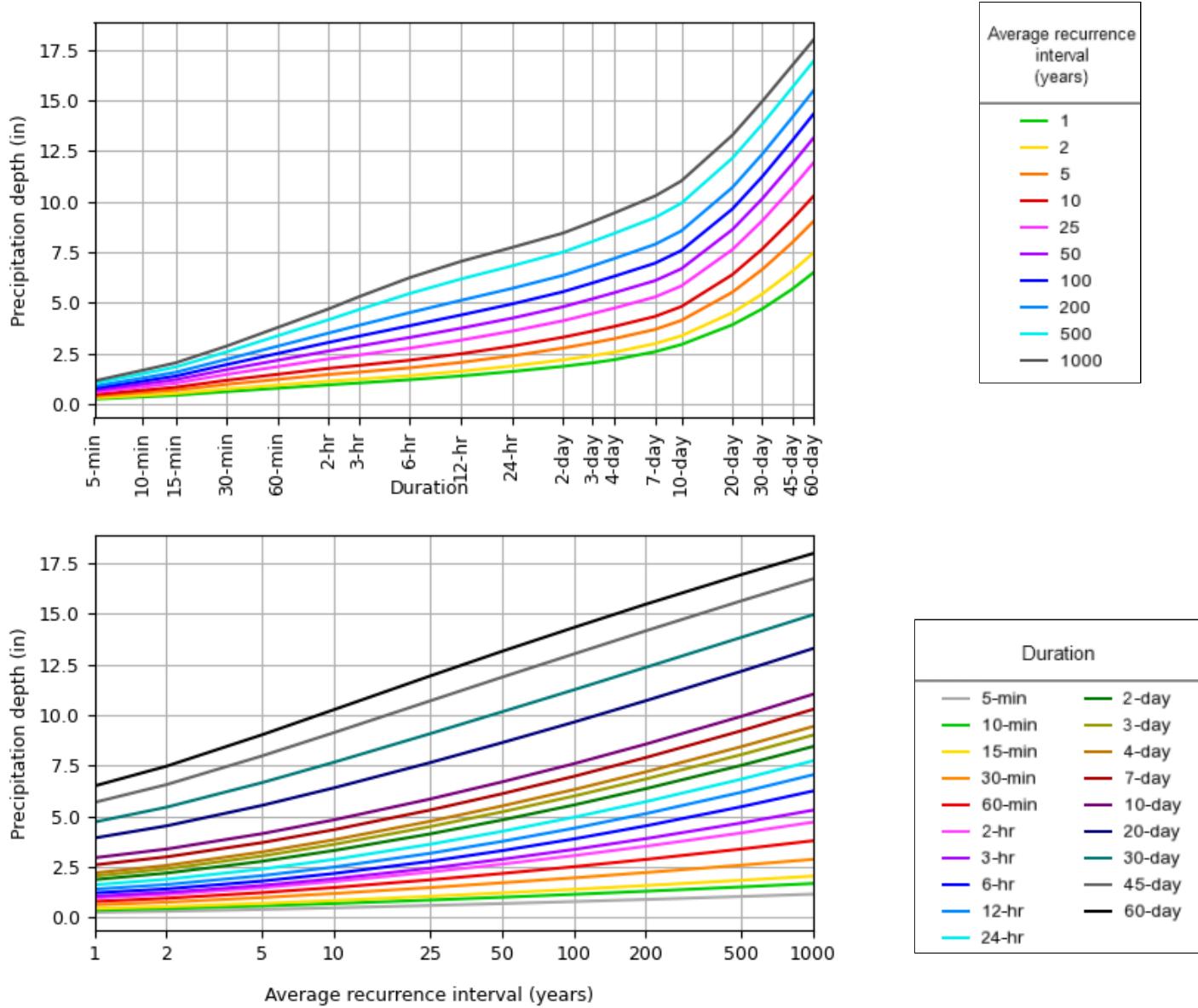
Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

[Back to Top](#)

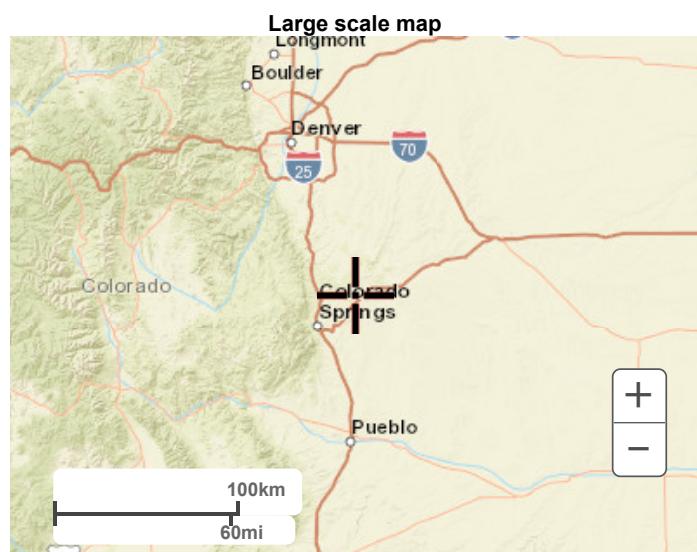
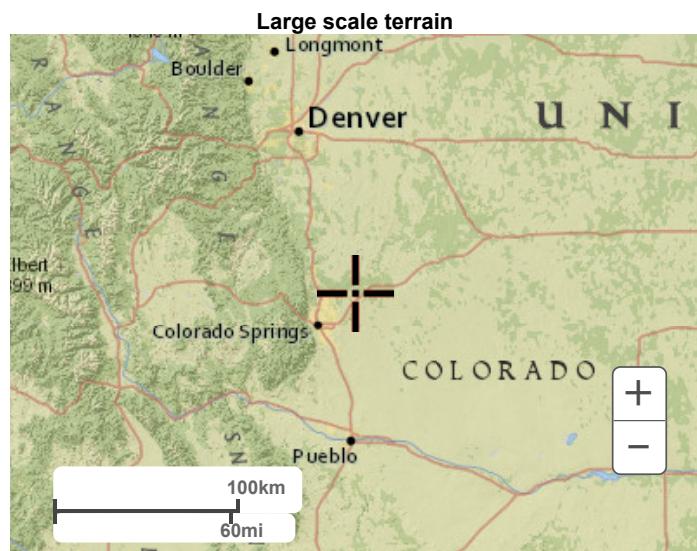
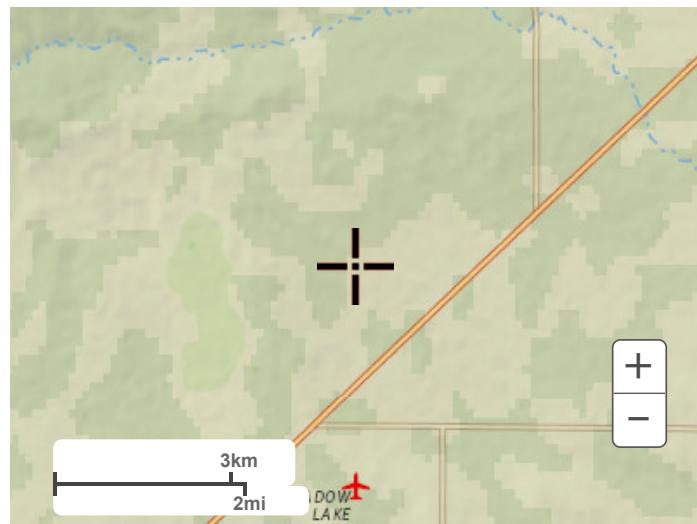
PF graphical

PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves
Latitude: 38.9796°, Longitude: -104.5696°

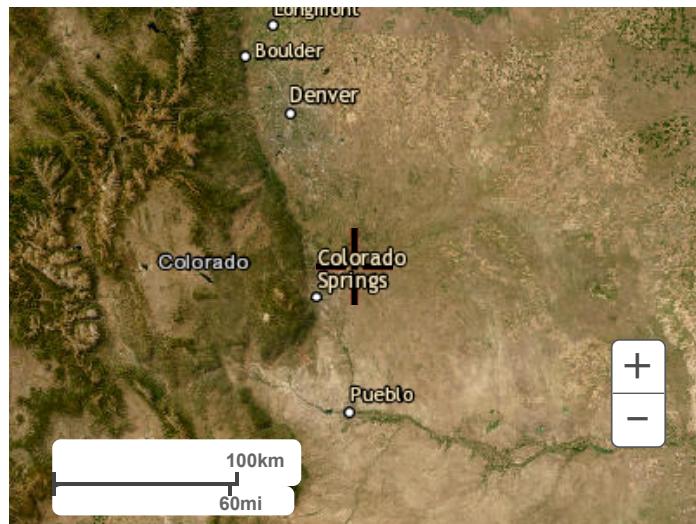


Maps & aerials

[Small scale terrain](#)



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APPENDIX B – HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

**EASTONVILLE ROAD****EXISTING CONDITIONS****EL PASO COUNTY, CO****Calc'd by:****SPC****Checked by:****CM****Date:****8/28/2024****SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE**

BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
G18*	321.53	-	28.3	365.2
FG36*	18.88	-	1.7	18.8
G16*	131.26	-	6.1	112.1
G06*	832.70	-	22.4	491.0
EX5	12.19	2	2.7	18.0
EX6	0.61	2	0.1	0.9
EX7	1.90	2	0.4	2.5
EX8	2.86	2	0.6	4.0

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE

DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ ₅ (cfs)	ΣQ ₁₀₀ (cfs)
1	G18*	28.3	365.2
2	FG36*	1.7	18.8
3	G16*	6.1	112.1
4	G06*	22.4	491.0
O3	EX7	6.5	114.6
O3.1	EX7	0.1	0.9
O4	EX7	23.0	495.0
13.1	EX7	2.7	18.0

* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR

	EASTONVILLE ROAD								<u>Calc'd by:</u>	SPC				
	EXISTING CONDITIONS								<u>Checked by:</u>	CM				
	EL PASO COUNTY, CO								<u>Date:</u>	8/28/2024				
COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS														
BASIN	UNDEVELOPED	WALKS & DRIVES	SINGLE FAMILY	TOTAL	SOIL TYPE	UNDEVELOPED		WALKS & DRIVES		SINGLE FAMILY		COMPOSITE IMPERVIOUSNESS & C		
	ACRES					%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀
EX1 - EX4*														
EX5	12.19	0.00	0.00	12.19	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	65	0.73	0.81
EX6	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.61	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	65	0.73	0.81
EX7	1.90	0.00	0.00	1.90	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	65	0.73	0.81
EX8	2.86	0.00	0.00	2.86	A/B	2	0.09	0.36	100	0.90	0.96	65	0.73	0.81

* FLOWS TO DESIGN POINTS 1-4 WERE TAKEN FROM "THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR" SO C WAS NOT CALCULATED FOR CONTRIBUTING AREAS EX1 - EX4

	EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
	EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	CM
	EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	8/28/2024

TIME OF CONCENTRATION

BASIN DATA			OVERLAND TIME (T_i)			TRAVEL TIME (T_t)				TOTAL	
DESIGNATION	C_s	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t_i (min)	C_v	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t_t (min)	t_c (min)
EX1-EX4*											
EX5	0.09	12.19	300	2.8	22.8	10	835	3.0	1.7	8.0	30.8
EX6	0.09	0.61	180	1.3	22.8	10	411	1.6	1.3	5.4	28.2
EX7	0.09	1.90	116	1.5	17.4	10	1137	1.0	1.0	19.0	36.4
EX8	0.09	2.86	60	1.4	12.8	10	1302	1.1	1.0	20.7	33.5

* FLOWS TO THESE DESIGN POINTS WERE TAKEN FROM "THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR" SO TC WAS NOT CALCULATED FOR CONTRIBUTING AREAS EX1 - EX4

FORMULAS:

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \quad V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	C_v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

For buried riprap, select C_v value based on type of vegetative cover.



EASTONVILLE ROAD

EXISTING CONDITIONS

DESIGN STORM: 5-YEAR

Calc'd by:

SPC

Checked by:

CM

Date:

8/28/2024

		DIRECT RUNOFF										TOTAL RUNOFF			STREET		PIPE		TRAVEL TIME		REMARKS					
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C ₅	t _c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	I (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	I (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (in)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)	TRAVEL TIME (min)	REMARKS			
	1	G18*	321.53									28.3												DP 1 CAPTURED IN GIECK RANCH TRIB #2 (CHANNEL B)		
	2	FG36*	18.88									1.7												DP 2 CAPTURED IN 24" RCP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN EX3		
* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR	3	G16*	131.26									6.1											BASIN EX2, DP2 & DPG15 (SANCTUARY FDR Q5=3 CFS) CAPTURED IN 24" CMP CULVERT, PIPED ACROSS EASTONVILLE ROAD			
	4	G06*	832.70									22.4														BASIN EX4 & DPG12 (SANCTUARY FDR Q5 = 21 CFS) CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED ACROSS EASTONVILLE ROAD TO GIECK RANCH TRIB #1 (CHANNEL A)
	O3	EX7	1.90	0.09	36.4	0.17	2.19	0.4				6.5														* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR * TOTAL FLOW INCLUDES Q TAKEN FROM DP3 FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR
	O3.1	EX6	0.61	0.09	28.2	0.05	2.58	0.1				0.1														
	O4	EX8	2.86	0.09	33.5	0.26	2.32	0.6				23.0														* TOTAL FLOW INCLUDES Q TAKEN FROM DP4 FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR
	13.1	EX5	12.19	0.09	30.8	1.10	2.44	2.7				2.7														



EASTONVILLE ROAD
EXISTING CONDITIONS
DESIGN STORM: 100-YEAR

Calc'd by: SCP
Checked by: CM
Date: 8/28/2024

			DIRECT RUNOFF								TOTAL RUNOFF		STREET		PIPE		TRAVEL TIME		REMARKS						
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C ₁₀₀	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	I (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	I (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (ft)	VEL. (ft/s)	TRAVEL TIME (min)			
	1	G18*	321.53								365.2													DP 1 CAPTURED IN GIECK RANCH TRIB #2 (CHANNEL B)	
	2	FG36*	18.88								18.8													DP 2 CAPTURED IN 24" RCP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN EX3	
* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR	3	G16*	131.26								112.1												BASIN EX2, DP2 & DPG15 (SANCTUARY FDR Q5=3 CFS) CAPTURED IN 24" CMP CULVERT, PIPED ACROSS EASTONVILLE ROAD		
																							BASIN EX4 & DPG12 (SANCTUARY FDR Q5 = 21 CFS) CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED ACROSS EASTONVILLE ROAD TO GIECK RANCH TRIB #1 (CHANNEL A)		
O3	EX7	1.90	0.36	36.4	0.68	3.68	2.5				114.6												* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR		
																							* TOTAL FLOW INCLUDES Q TAKEN FROM DP3 FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR		
O3.1	EX6	0.61	0.36	28.2	0.22	4.32	0.9				0.9														
																							* TOTAL FLOW INCLUDES Q TAKEN FROM DP4 FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR		
O4	EX8	2.86	0.36	33.5	1.03	3.89	4.0				495.0														
13.1	EX5	12.19	0.36	30.8	4.39	4.10	18.0				18.0														

**EASTONVILLE ROAD SEG 2****PROPOSED CONDITIONS****EL PASO COUNTY, CO****Calc'd by:****SPC****Checked by:****CM****Date:****8/28/2024****SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE**

BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
EA1	0.22	73	0.8	1.5
EA2	0.25	72	0.9	1.7
EA3	0.20	70	0.7	1.3
EA4	0.17	65	0.5	1.1
EA5	0.16	0	0.1	0.4
EA6	0.25	76	0.8	1.4
EA7	0.20	50	0.4	1.0
EA8	2.08	99	5.2	8.8
EA9	3.14	60	5.0	10.6
EA10	0.16	75	0.6	1.1
EA11	0.15	67	0.5	1.0
EA12	0.34	0	0.1	1.0
EA13	0.45	73	1.4	2.8
EA14	1.48	21	1.2	3.8
EA15	0.76	24	0.7	2.1
EA16	1.18	0	0.3	2.5
EA17	0.30	0	0.1	0.7
*G18	321.53	-	28.3	365.2
*FG36	18.88	-	1.7	18.8
OS3	1.00	2	0.3	2.2
OS4	9.60	9	4.8	21.6
*G16	131.26	-	6.1	112.1
*G06	832.70	-	22.4	491.0
OS7	11.29	3	3.9	24.6

* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE

DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ ₅ (cfs)	ΣQ ₁₀₀ (cfs)
1	G18	28.3	365.2
2	FG36	1.7	18.8
2.1	EA1	0.8	1.5
3	G16	6.1	112.1
3.1	EA2, DP2.1	1.6	3.2
4	G06	22.4	491.0
4.1	EA5, DP3.1	1.7	3.4
5	EA3	0.7	1.3
6	DP5, EA4	1.2	2.4
6.1	DP6, DP8	2.9	22.4
7	OS3	0.3	2.2
8	DP2, DP7	2.0	21.0
9	DP6.1	2.9	22.4
10	EA6, EA7	1.2	2.3
11	OS4, DP9	7.5	44.0
12	OS7	3.9	24.6
13	DP11.1, DP12	10.0	180.6
14	EA8	5.2	8.8
15	EA9	5.0	10.6
15.1	DP14, DP15	10.2	19.3
16.1	EA10	0.6	1.1
17.1	EA11	0.5	1.0
O3	EA15	0.7	2.1
O3.1	-	0.0	0.0
O4	EA12, DP4	22.5	492.0
O4.1	EA13	1.4	2.8
O4.2	EA14	1.2	3.8
10.1	EA17	0.1	0.7
11.1	DP3, DP11	13.6	156.1
13.1	EA16, DP13	0.3	183.1



EASTONVILLE ROAD SEG 2
PROPOSED CONDITIONS
EL PASO COUNTY, CO

Calc'd by: SPC
Checked by: CM
Date: 11/27/2023

SOIL TYPE: HSG A&B

COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS																					
BASIN	LAND USE TYPE														TOTAL	COMPOSITE IMPERVIOUSNESS & C FACTOR					
	Paved			Historic Flow Analysis–Greenbelts, Agriculture			Lawns			Gravel			Drive and Walks								
	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀						
	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	0	0.08	0.35	80	0.59	0.70	100	0.90	0.96						
	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	ACRES	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀		
EA1	0.16				0.06									0.22	73	0.68	0.79				
EA2	0.18				0.07									0.25	72	0.67	0.79				
EA3	0.14				0.06									0.20	70	0.65	0.78				
EA4	0.11				0.06									0.17	65	0.61	0.74				
EA5	0.00				0.16									0.16	0	0.08	0.35				
EA6	0.19				0.06									0.25	76	0.71	0.82				
EA7	0.10				0.10									0.20	50	0.49	0.65				
EA8	2.06				0.02									2.08	99	0.89	0.95				
EA9	1.88				1.26									3.14	60	0.57	0.72				
EA10	0.12				0.04									0.16	75	0.70	0.81				
EA11	0.10				0.05									0.15	67	0.63	0.76				
EA12					0.34									0.34	0	0.08	0.35				
EA13	0.33				0.12									0.45	73	0.68	0.80				
EA14					1.16		0.07		0.25					1.48	21	0.24	0.47				
EA15					0.57		0.04		0.15					0.76	24	0.27	0.49				
EA16					1.18									1.18	0	0.08	0.35				
EA17					0.30									0.30	0	0.08	0.35				
G18														321.53							
FG36														18.88							
OS3		1.00												1.00	2	0.09	0.36				
OS4	0.70	8.90												9.60	9	0.15	0.40				
OS5		40.26												40.26	2	0.09	0.36				
G16														131.26							
G06														832.70							
OS7		11.16					0.03		0.10					11.29	3	0.10	0.37				
SFB C	0.34	0.00			0.29									0.63	54						

COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS

BASIN	LAND USE TYPE														TOTAL	COMPOSITE IMPERVIOUSNESS & C FACTOR					
	Paved			Historic Flow Analysis-- Greenbelts, Agriculture			Lawns			Gravel			Drive and Walks								
	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀						
	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	0	0.08	0.35	80	0.59	0.70	100	0.90	0.96						
	ACRES		ACRES		ACRES		ACRES		ACRES		ACRES		ACRES			ACRES	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀		
	EDB B	5.92		0.00		2.99		0.09		0.01		9.02		67							


EASTONVILLE ROAD SEG 2
Calc'd by:
SPC
PROPOSED CONDITIONS
Checked by:
CM
EL PASO COUNTY, CO
Date:
8/28/2024
TIME OF CONCENTRATION

BASIN DATA			OVERLAND TIME (T_i)			TRAVEL TIME (T_t)					TOTAL	
DESIGNATION	C_5	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t_i (min)	C_v	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t_t (min)	t_c (min)	
EA1	0.68	0.22	34	2.0	3.6	20	137	1.4	2.4	1.0	5.0	
EA2	0.67	0.25	34	2.0	3.6	20	60	1.4	2.4	0.4	5.0	
EA3	0.65	0.20	34	2.0	3.8	20	126	1.4	2.4	0.9	5.0	
EA4	0.61	0.17	34	2.0	4.2	20	126	3.8	3.9	0.5	5.0	
EA5	0.08	0.16	20	2.0	6.6	20	20	33.0	11.5	0.0	6.7	
EA6	0.71	0.25	26	2.0	2.9	20	630	1.7	2.6	4.0	7.0	
EA7	0.49	0.20	24	2.0	4.4	20	630	1.7	2.6	4.0	8.4	
EA8	0.89	2.08	26	2.0	1.5	20	2500	0.7	1.7	24.9	26.4	
EA9	0.57	3.14	26	2.0	3.9	20	2500	0.7	1.7	24.9	28.8	
EA10	0.70	0.16	26	2.0	3.0	20	157	0.6	1.5	1.7	5.0	
EA11	0.63	0.15	26	2.0	3.5	20	157	0.6	1.5	1.7	5.2	
EA12	0.08	0.34	30	25.0	3.5	10	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	
EA13	0.68	0.45	76	2.0	5.3	10	115	2.0	1.4	1.4	6.7	
EA14	0.24	1.48	50	10.0	5.2	10	1300	1.1	1.0	20.7	25.8	
EA15	0.27	0.76	50	10.0	5.0	10	1137	1.0	1.0	19.0	24.0	
EA16	0.08	1.18	300	3.0	22.5	10	500	3.0	1.7	4.8	27.3	
EA17	0.08	0.30	89	5.0	10.3	10	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.3	
G18												
FG36												
OS3	0.09	1.00	220	2.1	21.4	10	345	2.3	1.5	3.8	25.2	
OS4	0.15	9.60	153	3.1	14.8	10	1124	2.5	1.6	11.8	26.6	
OS5	0.09	40.26	300	2.7	23.0	10	1400	2.7	1.6	14.2	37.2	
G16												
G06												
OS7	0.10	11.29	200	11.6	11.5	10	675	3.4	1.8	6.1	17.6	

FORMULAS:

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \quad V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	C_v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5

	EASTONVILLE ROAD SEG 2	Calc'd by:	SPC
	PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Checked by:	CM
	EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	8/28/2024

TIME OF CONCENTRATION

BASIN DATA			OVERLAND TIME (T_i)			TRAVEL TIME (T_t)				TOTAL	
DESIGNATION	C_5	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t_i (min)	C_v	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t_t (min)	t_c (min)
						Riprap (not buried)*				6.5	
						Short pasture and lawns				7	
						Nearly bare ground				10	
						Grassed waterway				15	
						Paved areas and shallow paved swales				20	

* For buried riprap, select C_v value based on type of vegetative cover.



EASTONVILLE ROAD SEG 2

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

DESIGN STORM: 5-YEAR

Calc'd by:

SPC

Checked by:

CM

Date: 8/28/2024

STREET		DIRECT RUNOFF												TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE		TRAVEL TIME		REMARKS													
		DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C ₅	t _c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	I (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	I (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)	TRAVEL TIME (min)														
	1	G18	321.53					28.3					28.3																								
	2	FG36	18.88					1.7					1.7																								
	2.1	EA1	0.22	0.68	5.0	0.15	5.17	0.8	5.0	0.15	5.17	0.8					0.8	0.15	1.0	1.5	56	5.9	0.16				BASIN EA1 CAPTURED IN 5' TYPE R INLET @ DP2, PIPE TO DP3.1										
	3	G16						6.1					6.1																								
	3.1	EA2	0.25	0.67	5.0	0.17	5.17	0.9	5.0	0.32	5.17	1.6					1.6	0.32	5.1	1.5	34	13.4	0.04				BASIN EA2 CAPTURED IN 5' TYPE R INLET @ DP3, PIPE TO DP3.1										
	4	G06						22.4					22.4																								
	4.1	EA5	0.16	0.08	6.7	0.01	4.74	0.1	6.7	0.33	5.17	1.7															COMBINED DP2.1 & DP3.1 @ DP3.1, PIPE TO DP4 (POND A)										
	5	EA3	0.20	0.65	5.0	0.13	5.17	0.7	5.0	0.13	5.17	0.7					0.7	0.13	0.5	1.3	48	3.7	0.21				BASIN EA3 CAPTURED IN 5' TYPE R INLET @ DP5, PIPE TO DP6.1										
	6	EA4	0.17	0.61	5.0	0.10	5.17	0.5	5.2	0.23	5.11	1.2					1.2	0.23	2.4	1.3	43	8.1	0.09				BASIN EA4 CAPTURED IN 5' TYPE R INLET @ DP6, PIPE TO DP6.1										
	6.1								13.2	0.32	3.71	2.9					2.9	0.32	1.0	2.0	61	7.2	0.14				DP6 & DP8 FLOW @ DP6.1, PIPE TO DP9										
	7	OS3	1.00	0.09	13.1	0.09	3.72	0.3	13.1	0.09	3.72	0.3					0.3	0.09	0.8	2.0	43	6.4	0.11				BASIN OS3 CAPTURED IN 15" FES, PIPE TO DP8										
	8	OS3	1.00	0.09	13.1	0.09	3.72	0.3	13.1	0.09	3.72	2.0					2.0	0.09	1.5	1.3	38	6.4	0.10				DP2 & DP7 FLOW @ DP8, PIPE TO DP9										
	9								13.2	0.32	3.71	2.9	2.9	0.32	2.1					615	2.9	3.56						DP6.1 @ DP9, DISCHARGE TO ROADSIDE SWALE TO DP11									
	10	EA6	0.25	0.71	7.0	0.18	4.67	0.8	8.4	0.28	4.39	1.2															BASIN EA6 & EA7 @ DP10 (TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN #1)										
		EA7	0.20	0.49	8.4	0.10	4.39	0.4																													
	11	OS4	9.60	0.15	17.1	1.43	3.32	4.8	17.1	1.76	3.32	7.5					7.5	1.76	2.0	2.0	85	10.2	0.14				BASIN OS4, DP9.1 CAPTURED & MERIDIAN RANCH DPG15 (3 CFS) IN TYPE D INLET AT DP11										
	12	OS7	11.29	0.10	14.9	1.12	3.53	3.9	14.9	1.12	3.53	3.9					3.9	1.12	1.0	1.5	28	5.9	0.08				BASIN OS7 CAPTURED @ DP12 IN TYPE C INLET, PIPE TO DP13										
	13								14.9	1.12	3.53	10.0															COMBINED DP3 & DP12, PIPE TO CHANNEL B										
	14	EA8	2.08	0.89	24.0	1.86	2.81	5.2	24.0	1.86	2.81	5.2					5.2	1.86	7.0	1.5	8	15.7	0.01				BASIN EA8 CAPTURED IN 10' TYPE R SUMP @ DP14, PIPE TO DP15.1										
	15	EA9	3.14	0.57	24.0	1.79	2.81	5.0	24.0	1.79	2.81	5.0					5.0	1.79	1.8	1.5	54	7.9	0.11				BASIN EA8 CAPTURED IN 10' TYPE R SUMP @ DP15, PIPE TO DP15.1										
	15.1								24.1	3.65	2.81	10.2															COMBINED DP14 & DP15, PIPE TO DP18 OF THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 1 FDR										
	16.1	EA10	0.16	0.70	5.0	0.11	5.17	0.6	5.0	0.11	5.17	0.6															BASIN EA10 CONVEYED VIA CURB & GUTTER TO 10' TYPE R INLET. INLET DESIGN IS PROVIDED IN THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 1 FDR										
	17.1	EA11	0.15	0.63	5.2	0.09	5.11	0.5	5.2	0.09	5.11	0.5															BASIN EA11 CONVEYED VIA CURB & GUTTER TO 10' TYPE R INLET. INLET DESIGN IS PROVIDED IN THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 1 FDR										
	O3	EA15	0.76	0.27	16.6	0.21	3.37	0.7	16.6	0.21	3.37	0.7																									
	O3.1	NA							0.0			0.0																									
	O4	EA12	0.34	0.08	5.0	0.03	5.17	0.1	6.7	0.30	4.73	1.4					22.5																				
	O4.1	EA13	0.45	0.68	6.7	0.30	4.73	1.4																													

**EASTONVILLE ROAD SEG 2****PROPOSED CONDITIONS****DESIGN STORM: 5-YEAR****Calc'd by:****SPC****Checked by:****CM**

8/28/2024

STREET		DIRECT RUNOFF										TOTAL RUNOFF			STREET		PIPE		TRAVEL TIME		REMARKS			
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C ₅	t _c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	I (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	I (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)	TRAVEL TIME (min)	REMARKS	
	O4.2	EA14	1.48	0.24	17.5	0.36	3.29	1.2	17.5	0.36	3.29	1.2												
	10.1	EA17	0.30	0.08	10.3	0.02	4.08	0.1	10.3	0.02	4.08	0.1												
	11.1											13.6												
	13.1	EA16	1.18	0.08	14.4	0.09	3.58	0.3	14.4	0.09	3.58	0.3												

HRG HRGreen		EASTONVILLE ROAD SEG 2												Calc'd by:	SPC											
		PROPOSED CONDITIONS												Checked by:	CM											
		DESIGN STORM: 100-YEAR												Date:	8/28/2024											
		DIRECT RUNOFF				TOTAL RUNOFF			STREET		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME	REMARKS											
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C ₁₀₀	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (ft)	VEL. (ft/s)	TRAVEL TIME (min)				
	1	G18						365.2				365.2														
	2	FG36						18.8				18.8														
	2.1	EA1	0.22	0.79	5.0	0.17	8.68	1.5	5.0	0.17	8.68	1.5		1.5	0.17	1.0	1.5	56	5.9	0.16			BASIN EA1 CAPTURED IN 5' TYPE R INLET @ DP2, PIPE TO DP3.1			
	3	G16						112.1				112.1			112.1	0.00	5.1	1.5	34	13.4	0.04					
	3.1	EA2	0.25	0.79	5.0	0.20	8.68	1.7	5.0	0.37	8.66	3.2												BASIN EA2 CAPTURED IN 5' TYPE R INLET @ DP3, PIPE TO DP3.1		
	4	G06						491.0				491.0			491.0	0.00	0.5	1.3	48	3.7	0.21					
	4.1	EA5	0.16	0.35	6.7	0.06	7.95	0.4	6.7	0.43	7.95	3.4		3.4	0.43	2.4	1.3	43	8.1	0.09				COMBINED DP2.1 & DP3.1 @ DP3.1, PIPE TO DP4 (POND A)		
	5	EA3	0.20	0.78	5.0	0.16	8.68	1.3	5.0	0.16	8.68	1.3		1.3	0.16	1.0	2.0	61	7.2	0.14					BASIN EA3 CAPTURED IN 5' TYPE R INLET @ DP5, PIPE TO DP6.1	
	6	EA4	0.17	0.74	5.0	0.13	8.68	1.1	5.1	0.28	8.61	2.4		2.4	0.28	0.8	2.0	43	6.4	0.11					BASIN EA4 CAPTURED IN 5' TYPE R INLET @ DP6, PIPE TO DP6.1	
	6.1								16.7	0.64	5.64	22.4		22.4	0.64	1.5	1.3	38	6.4	0.10					DP6 & DP8 FLOW @ DP6.1, PIPE TO DP9	
	7	OS3	1.00	0.36	13.1	0.36	6.24	2.2	13.1	0.36	6.24	2.2		2.2	0.36	1.0	2.0	56	7.2	0.13					BASIN OS3 CAPTURED IN 15" FES, PIPE TO DP8	
	8	OS3	1.00	0.36	13.1	0.36	6.24	2.2	13.1	0.36	6.24	21.0	21.0	0.36	2.1				615	2.9	3.56					DP2 & DP7 FLOW @ DP8, PIPE TO DP9
	9								16.8	0.64	5.63	22.4													DP6.1 @ DP9, DISCHARGE TO ROADSIDE SWALE TO DP11	
	10	EA6	0.25	0.71	7.0	0.18	7.85	1.4	8.4	0.31	7.37	2.3													BASIN EA6 & EA7 @ DP10 (TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN #1)	
	EA7	0.20	0.65	8.4	0.13	7.37	1.0					0.0	0.00	0.5					530	1.4	6.25					
	11	OS4	9.60	0.40	17.1	3.88	5.58	21.6	17.1	4.52	5.58	44.0		44.0	4.52	1.0	4.0	1500	11.4	2.19					BASIN OS4, DP9.1 CAPTURED & MERIDIAN RANCH DPG15 (3 CFS) IN 30" FES @ DP11, SWALE TO DP3	
	12	OS7	11.29	0.37	14.9	4.14	5.93	24.6	14.9	4.14	5.93	24.6		24.6	4.14	1.0	1.5	28	5.9	0.08					BASIN OS7 CAPTURED @ DP12 IN TYPE C INLET, PIPE TO DP13	
	13								14.9	4.14	5.92	180.6													COMBINED DP3 & DP12, PIPE TO CHANNEL B	
	14	EA8	2.08	0.89	24.0	1.86	4.72	8.8	24.0	1.86	4.72	8.8		8.8	1.86	7.0	1.5	8	15.7	0.01					BASIN EA8 CAPTURED IN 10' TYPE R SUMP @ DP14, PIPE TO DP15.1	
	15	EA9	3.14	0.72	24.0	2.25	4.72	10.6	24.0	2.25	4.72	10.6		10.6	2.25	1.8	1.5	54	7.9	0.11					BASIN EA8 CAPTURED IN 10' TYPE R SUMP @ DP15, PIPE TO DP15.1	
	15.1								24.1	4.10	4.71	19.3													COMBINED DP14 & DP15, PIPE TO DP18 OF THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 1 FDR	
	16.1	EA10	0.16	0.81	5.0	0.13	8.68	1.1	5.0	0.13	8.68	1.1													BASIN EA10 CONVEYED VIA CURB & GUTTER TO 10' TYPE R INLET. INLET DESIGN IS PROVIDED IN THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 1 FDR	
	17.1	EA11	0.15	0.76	5.2	0.11	8.58	1.0	5.2	0.11	8.58	1.0													BASIN EA11 CONVEYED VIA CURB & GUTTER TO 10' TYPE R INLET. INLET DESIGN IS PROVIDED IN THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 1 FDR	
	O3	EA15	0.76	0.49	16.6	0.37	5.66	2.1	16.6	0.37	5.66	2.1													TOTAL FLOW OFFSITE AT DP O3	
	O3.1	NA										0.0														
	O4	EA12	0.34	0.35	5.0	0.12	8.68	1.0				492.0													TOTAL FLOW OFFSITE AT DP4	
	O4.1	EA13	0.45	0.80	6.7	0.36	7.95	2.8	6.7	0.36	7.95	2.8													TOTAL FLOW OFFSITE AT DP4.1	
	O4.2	EA14	1.48	0.47	17.5	0.69	5.52	3.8	17.5	0.69	5.52	3.8													TOTAL FLOW OFFSITE AT DP4.2	
	10.1	EA17	0.30	0.35	10.3	0.11	6.85	0.7	10.3	0.11	6.85	0.7													TOTAL FLOW OFFSITE AT DP10.1	

HRG HRGreen			EASTONVILLE ROAD SEG 2												Calc'd by:	SPC								
			PROPOSED CONDITIONS												Checked by:	CM								
			DESIGN STORM: 100-YEAR												Date:	8/28/2024								
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	DIRECT RUNOFF			TOTAL RUNOFF			STREET		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME		REMARKS								
			AREA (ac)	C ₁₀₀	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (ft)	VEL. (ft/s)	TRAVEL TIME (min)		
	11.1								14.4	0.41	6.01	2.5	156.1										TOTAL FLOW TO DP 11.1	
	13.1	EA16	1.18	0.35	14.4	0.41	6.01	2.5	14.4	0.41	6.01	183.1											TOTAL FLOW OFFSITE AT DP 13.1	

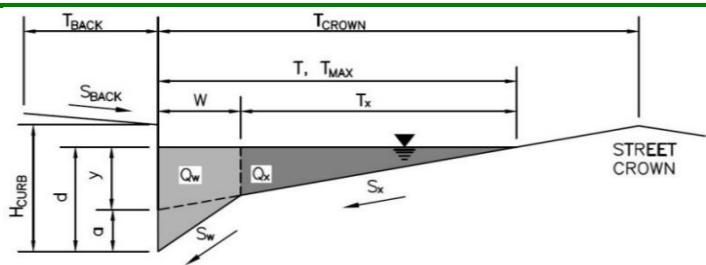
APPENDIX C – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road

Inlet ID: DP2.1



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK} =	12.0	ft
S _{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft
n _{BACK} =	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

H _{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T _{CROWN} =	24.0	ft
W =	2.00	ft
S _x =	0.020	ft/ft
S _w =	0.083	ft/ft
S _o =	0.000	ft/ft
n _{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm
T _{MAX} =	24.0	24.0
d _{MAX} =	5.9	8.8

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

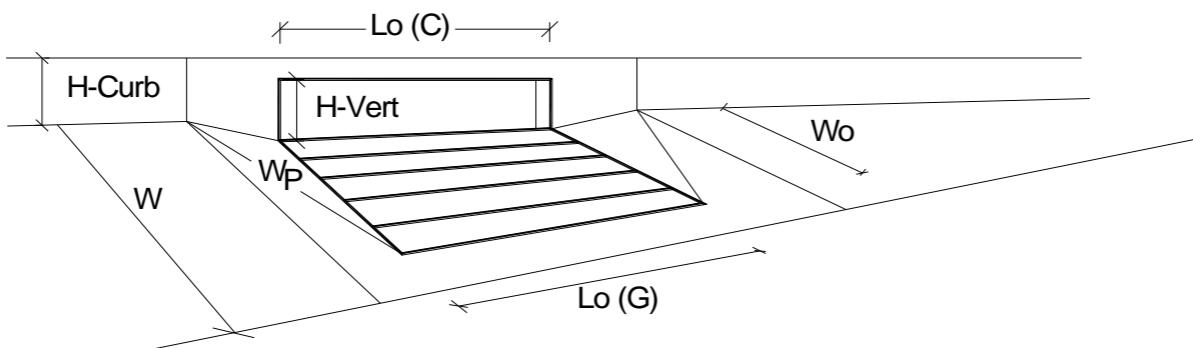
Minor Storm Major Storm
Q_{allow} =

SUMP	SUMP
------	------

 cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



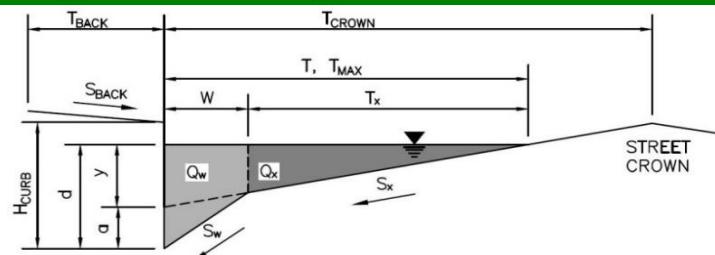
Design Information (Input)		CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Type of Inlet Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Type = MINOR MAJOR CDOT Type R Curb Opening a _{local} = 3.00 3.00 inches No = 1 1 Ponding Depth = 5.9 7.3 <input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths	
<u>Grate Information</u> Length of a Unit Grate Width of a Unit Grate Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70) Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60) Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		L _o (G) = N/A N/A feet W _o = N/A N/A feet A _{ratio} = N/A N/A C _f (G) = N/A N/A C _w (G) = N/A N/A C _o (G) = N/A N/A	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u> Length of a Unit Curb Opening Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		L _o (C) = 5.00 5.00 feet H _{vert} = 6.00 6.00 inches H _{throat} = 6.00 6.00 inches Theta = 63.40 63.40 degrees W _p = 2.00 2.00 feet C _f (C) = 0.10 0.10 C _w (C) = 3.60 3.60 C _o (C) = 0.67 0.67	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u> Depth for Grate Midwidth Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		d _{Grate} = N/A N/A ft d _{Curb} = 0.32 0.44 ft RF _{Combination} = 0.75 0.93 RF _{Curb} = 1.00 1.00 RF _{Grate} = N/A N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		Q _a = 5.1 8.1 cfs Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} = 0.8 1.5 cfs	

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road

Inlet ID: DP3.1



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	11.0	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	24.0	ft
$W =$	2.00	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_o =$	0.000	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

Minor Storm	Major Storm
$T_{MAX} =$	24.0
$d_{MAX} =$	5.9

□ □

$Q_{allow} =$

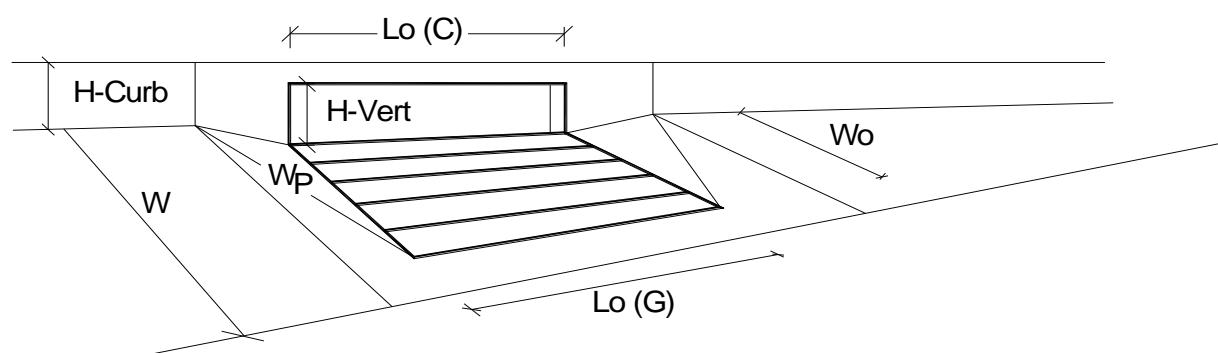
Minor Storm	Major Storm
SUMP	SUMP

 cfs

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



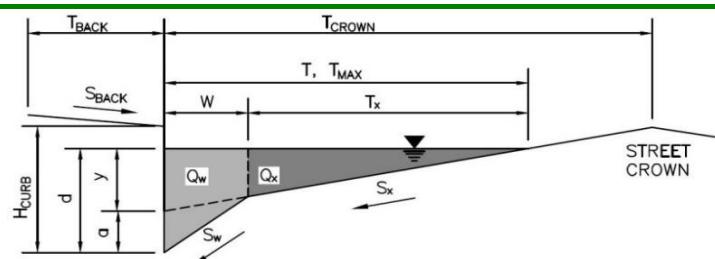
Design Information (Input)		CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Type of Inlet Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Type = CDOT Type R Curb Opening a _{local} = 3.00 MINOR MAJOR No = 1 3.00 inches Ponding Depth = 5.9 7.3 <input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths	
<u>Grate Information</u> Length of a Unit Grate Width of a Unit Grate Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70) Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60) Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		L _o (G) = N/A MINOR MAJOR W _o = N/A feet A _{ratio} = N/A N/A C _f (G) = N/A N/A C _w (G) = N/A N/A C _o (G) = N/A N/A	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u> Length of a Unit Curb Opening Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		L _o (C) = 5.00 MINOR MAJOR H _{vert} = 6.00 5.00 inches H _{throat} = 6.00 6.00 inches Theta = 63.40 63.40 degrees W _p = 2.00 2.00 feet C _f (C) = 0.10 0.10 C _w (C) = 3.60 3.60 C _o (C) = 0.67 0.67	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u> Depth for Grate Midwidth Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		d _{Grate} = N/A MINOR MAJOR d _{Curb} = 0.32 0.44 ft RF _{Combination} = 0.75 0.93 RF _{Curb} = 1.00 1.00 RF _{Grate} = N/A N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		Q _a = 5.1 MINOR MAJOR Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} = 0.9 0.9 cfs	

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road

Inlet ID: DPS



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	11.0	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	24.0	ft
$W =$	2.00	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_o =$	0.000	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

Minor Storm	Major Storm
$T_{MAX} =$	24.0
$d_{MAX} =$	5.9

□ □

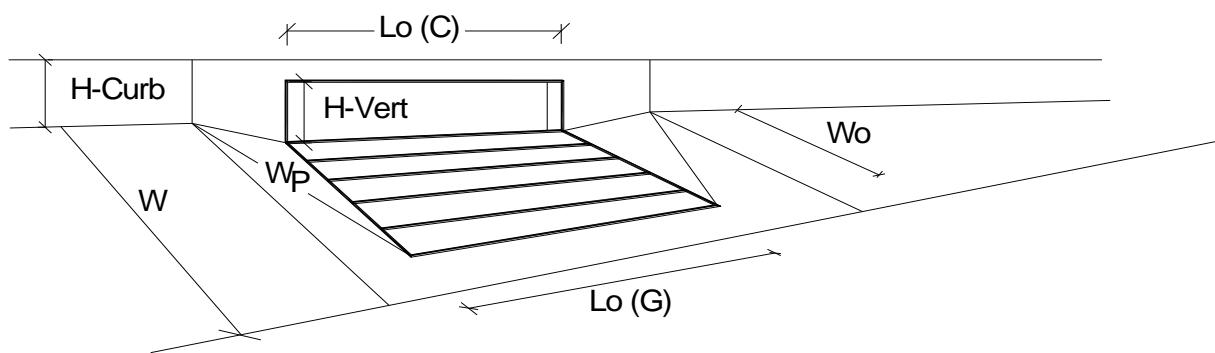
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm	Major Storm
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP

cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



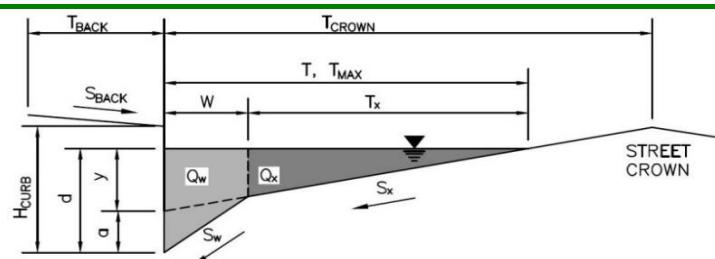
Design Information (Input)			
CDOT Type R Curb Opening			
Type of Inlet Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)			
Grate Information Length of a Unit Grate Width of a Unit Grate Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70) Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60) Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)			
Curb Opening Information Length of a Unit Curb Opening Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)			
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated) Depth for Grate Midwidth Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)			
MINOR MAJOR			
Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	inches
a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
No =	1	1	Override Depths
Ponding Depth =	5.9	7.3	
MINOR MAJOR			
L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
MINOR MAJOR			
L _o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet
H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
W _p =	2.00	2.00	feet
C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
MINOR MAJOR			
d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
d _{Curb} =	0.32	0.44	ft
RF _{Combination} =	0.75	0.93	
RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	
RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
MINOR MAJOR			
Q _a =	5.1	8.1	cfs
Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	0.7	1.3	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road

Inlet ID: DP6



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	11.0	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	24.0	ft
$W =$	2.00	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_o =$	0.000	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

Minor Storm	Major Storm
$T_{MAX} =$	24.0
$d_{MAX} =$	3.5

inches

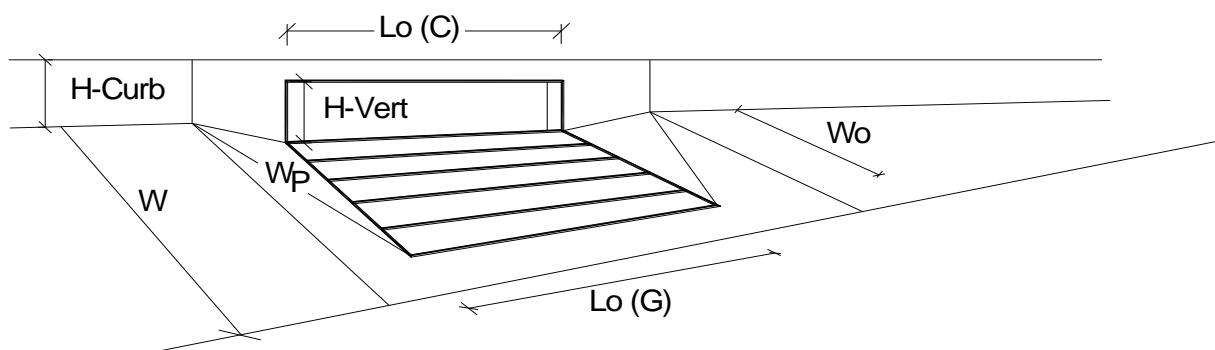
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm	Major Storm
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP

SUMP cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



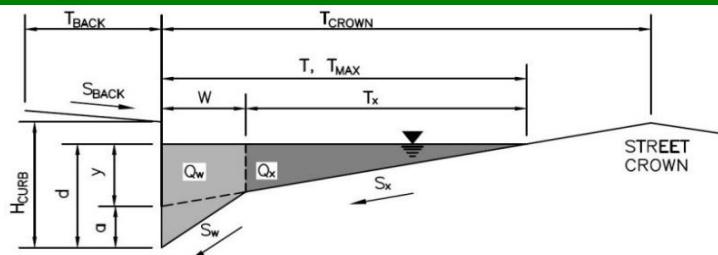
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ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road

Inlet ID: DP14



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK}	8.0	ft
S_{BACK}	0.020	ft/ft
n_{BACK}	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

H_{CURB}	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	26.0	ft
W	2.00	ft
S_x	0.020	ft/ft
S_w	0.083	ft/ft
S_o	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

T_{MAX}	26.0	ft
d_{MAX}	5.9	inches

Minor Storm Major Storm

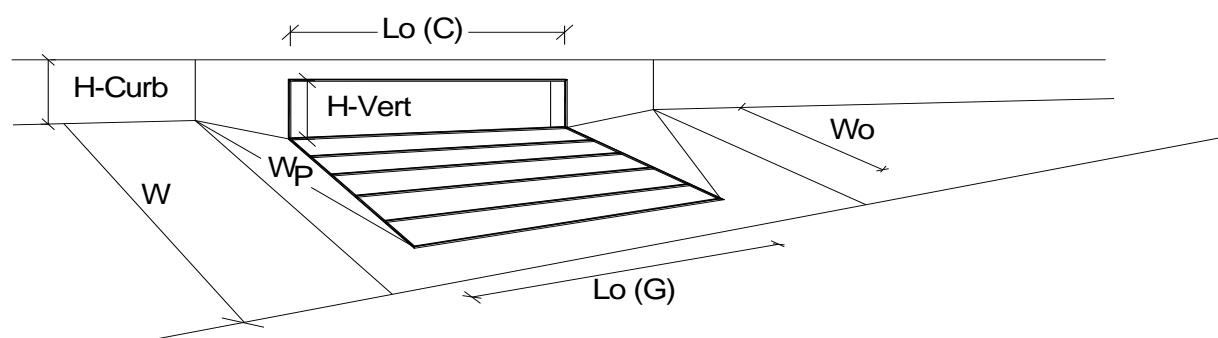
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm	Major Storm
SUMP	SUMP

cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

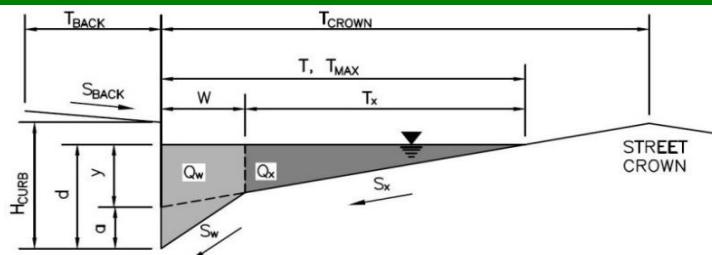


Design Information (Input)		CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Type of Inlet Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Type = CDOT Type R Curb Opening a _{local} = 3.00 MINOR MAJOR No = 2 3.00 inches Ponding Depth = 5.9 7.8 <input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths	
<u>Grate Information</u> Length of a Unit Grate Width of a Unit Grate Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70) Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60) Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		L _o (G) = N/A MINOR MAJOR W _o = N/A N/A feet A _{ratio} = N/A N/A C _f (G) = N/A N/A C _w (G) = N/A N/A C _o (G) = N/A N/A	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u> Length of a Unit Curb Opening Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		L _o (C) = 5.00 MINOR MAJOR H _{vert} = 6.00 5.00 inches H _{throat} = 6.00 6.00 inches Theta = 63.40 63.40 degrees W _p = 2.00 2.00 feet C _f (C) = 0.10 0.10 C _w (C) = 3.60 3.60 C _o (C) = 0.67 0.67	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u> Depth for Grate Midwidth Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		d _{Grate} = N/A MINOR MAJOR d _{Curb} = 0.32 0.48 ft RF _{Combination} = 0.55 0.73 RF _{Curb} = 0.93 1.00 RF _{Grate} = N/A N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		Q _a = 9.9 MINOR MAJOR Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} = 5.2 8.8 cfs	

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road
Inlet ID: DP15



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK} =	8.0	ft
S _{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft
n _{BACK} =	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

H _{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T _{CROWN} =	26.0	ft
W =	2.00	ft
S _x =	0.020	ft/ft
S _w =	0.083	ft/ft
S _o =	0.000	ft/ft
n _{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

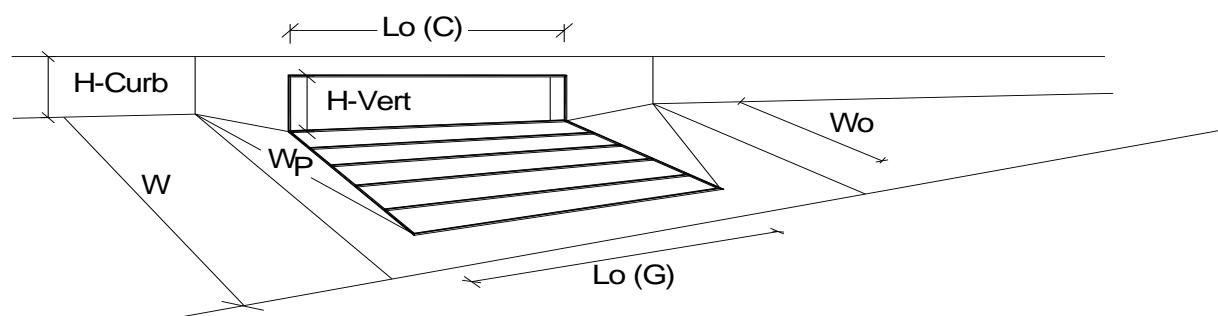
Minor Storm Major Storm			
T _{MAX} =	26.0	26.0	ft
d _{MAX} =	5.9	8.8	inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm			
Q _{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



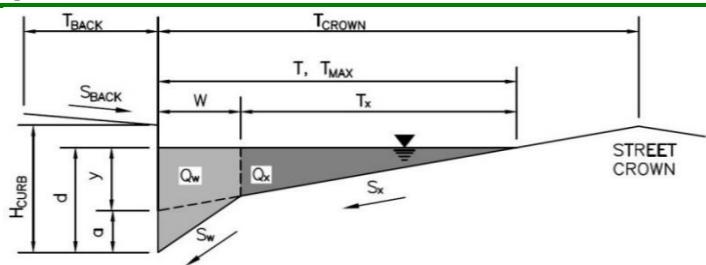
Design Information (Input)		CDOT Type R Curb Opening																			
Type of Inlet Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">MINOR</th> <th style="width: 50%;">MAJOR</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Type = CDOT Type R Curb Opening</td> <td style="text-align: center;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">a_{local} = 3.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">No = 2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Ponding Depth = 5.9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.8</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths		MINOR	MAJOR	Type = CDOT Type R Curb Opening		a _{local} = 3.00	3.00	No = 2	2	Ponding Depth = 5.9	7.8								
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<u>Grate Information</u> Length of a Unit Grate Width of a Unit Grate Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70) Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60) Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">MINOR</th> <th style="width: 50%;">MAJOR</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">L_o (G) = N/A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">W_o = N/A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">A_{ratio} = N/A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">C_f (G) = N/A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">C_w (G) = N/A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">C_o (G) = N/A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N/A</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		MINOR	MAJOR	L _o (G) = N/A	N/A	W _o = N/A	N/A	A _{ratio} = N/A	N/A	C _f (G) = N/A	N/A	C _w (G) = N/A	N/A	C _o (G) = N/A	N/A				
MINOR	MAJOR																				
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<u>Curb Opening Information</u> Length of a Unit Curb Opening Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">MINOR</th> <th style="width: 50%;">MAJOR</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">L_o (C) = 5.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">H_{vert} = 6.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">H_{throat} = 6.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Theta = 63.40</td> <td style="text-align: center;">63.40</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">W_p = 2.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">C_f (C) = 0.10</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.10</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">C_w (C) = 3.60</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3.60</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">C_o (C) = 0.67</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.67</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		MINOR	MAJOR	L _o (C) = 5.00	5.00	H _{vert} = 6.00	6.00	H _{throat} = 6.00	6.00	Theta = 63.40	63.40	W _p = 2.00	2.00	C _f (C) = 0.10	0.10	C _w (C) = 3.60	3.60	C _o (C) = 0.67	0.67
MINOR	MAJOR																				
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<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u> Depth for Grate Midwidth Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">MINOR</th> <th style="width: 50%;">MAJOR</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">d_{Grate} = N/A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">d_{Curb} = 0.32</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.48</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">RF_{Combination} = 0.55</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.73</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">RF_{Curb} = 0.93</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">RF_{Grate} = N/A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N/A</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		MINOR	MAJOR	d _{Grate} = N/A	N/A	d _{Curb} = 0.32	0.48	RF _{Combination} = 0.55	0.73	RF _{Curb} = 0.93	1.00	RF _{Grate} = N/A	N/A						
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RF _{Grate} = N/A	N/A																				
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">MINOR</th> <th style="width: 50%;">MAJOR</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Q_a = 9.9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">18.6</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Q_{PEAK REQUIRED} = 5.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10.6</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: right; font-size: small;">cfs</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		MINOR	MAJOR	Q _a = 9.9	18.6	Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} = 5.0	10.6	cfs											
MINOR	MAJOR																				
Q _a = 9.9	18.6																				
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cfs																					

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road

Inlet ID: Street Capacity (DP14)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK}	=	2.0	ft
S _{BACK}	=	0.020	ft/ft
n _{BACK}	=	0.015	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

H _{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T _{CROWN}	=	26.0	ft
W	=	2.00	ft
S _x	=	0.020	ft/ft
S _w	=	0.083	ft/ft
S _o	=	0.005	ft/ft
n _{STREET}	=	0.012	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

Minor Storm Major Storm				
T _{MAX}	=	26.0	26.0	ft
d _{MAX}	=	5.9	8.8	inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm				
Q _{allow}	=	12.3	30.5	cfs

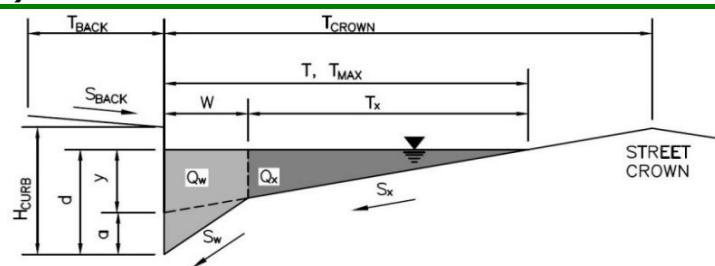
Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road

Inlet ID: Street Capacity (DP15)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK} =	8.0	ft
S _{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft
n _{BACK} =	0.015	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

H _{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T _{CROWN} =	26.0	ft
W =	2.00	ft
S _x =	0.020	ft/ft
S _w =	0.083	ft/ft
S _o =	0.005	ft/ft
n _{STREET} =	0.012	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

Minor Storm Major Storm			
T _{MAX} =	26.0	26.0	ft
d _{MAX} =	5.9	8.8	inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm			
Q _{allow} =	12.3	30.9	cfs

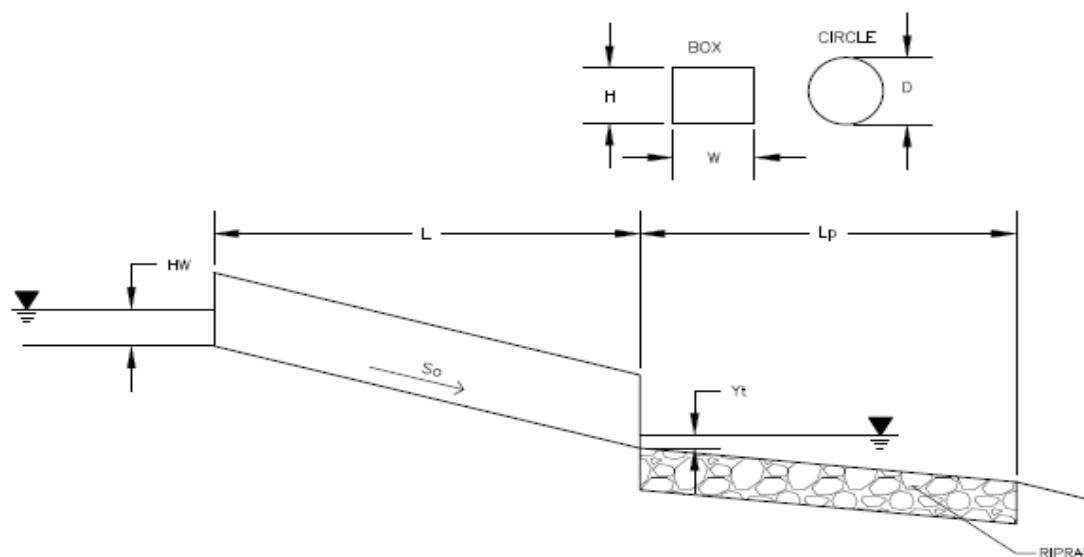
Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

DETERMINATION OF CULVERT HEADWATER AND OUTLET PROTECTION

MHFD-Culvert, Version 4.00 (May 2020)

Project: _____

ID: _____



Soil Type:

Choose One:

Sandy

Non-Sandy

Supercritical Flow! Using Adjusted Rise to calculate protection type.

Design Information:

Design Discharge

Q = 491 cfs

Circular Culvert:

Barrel Diameter in Inches

D = inches

Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

OR:

Box Culvert:

Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet

H (Rise) = 3 ft

Barrel Width (Span) in Feet

W (Span) = 10 ft

Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

1:1 Bevel w/ 45 deg. Flared Wingwall

Number of Barrels

Barrels = 2

Inlet Elevation

Elev IN = 100 ft

Outlet Elevation **OR** Slope

So = 0.015 ft/ft

Culvert Length

L = 116.5 ft

Manning's Roughness

n = 0.012

Bend Loss Coefficient

k_b = 0

Exit Loss Coefficient

k_x = 1

Tailwater Surface Elevation

Y_t, Elevation = ft

Max Allowable Channel Velocity

V = 7 ft/s

Calculated Results:

Culvert Cross Sectional Area Available

A = 30.00 ft²

Culvert Normal Depth

Y_n = 1.48 ft

Culvert Critical Depth

Y_c = 2.65 ft

Froude Number

Fr = 2.41

Entrance Loss Coefficient

k_e = 0.50

Friction Loss Coefficient

k_f = 0.40

Sum of All Loss Coefficients

k_s = 1.90 ft

Supercritical!

Headwater:

Inlet Control Headwater

HW_I = 4.57 ft

Outlet Control Headwater

HW_O = 3.06 ft

Design Headwater Elevation

HW = 104.57 ft

Headwater/Diameter OR Headwater/Rise Ratio

HW/H = 1.52 HW/H > 1.5!

Outlet Protection:

Flow/Span * Rise^{1.5}

Q/WH^{1.5} = 4.72 ft^{0.5}/s

Tailwater Surface Height

Y_t = 1.20 ft

Tailwater/Rise

Y_t/H = 0.40

Expansion Factor

1/(2*tan(θ)) = 1.85

Flow Area at Max Channel Velocity

A_t = 70.14 ft²

Width of Equivalent Conduit for Multiple Barrels

W_{eq} = 20.00 ft

Length of Riprap Protection

L_p = 30 ft

Width of Riprap Protection at Downstream End

T = 37 ft

Adjusted Rise for Supercritical Flow

Ha = 2.24 ft

Minimum Theoretical Riprap Size

d₅₀ min = 5 in

Nominal Riprap Size

d₅₀ nominal = 6 in

MHFD Riprap Type

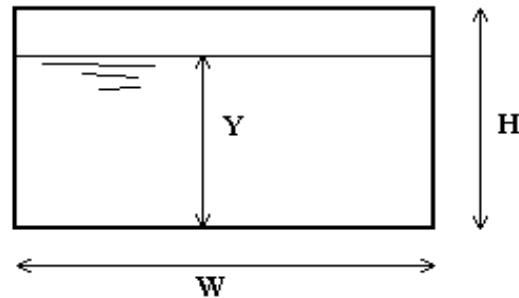
Type = VL

BOX CONDUIT FLOW (Normal & Critical Depth Computation)

MHFD-Culvert, Version 4.00 (May 2020)

Project: Eastonville Road Segment 2

Box ID: Geick Ranch Tributary 1 Box Culvert



Design Information (Input)

Box conduit invert slope	<input type="text" value="0.0150"/> ft/ft
Box Manning's n-value	<input type="text" value="0.0120"/>
Box Width	<input type="text" value="10.00"/> ft
Box Height	<input type="text" value="3.00"/> ft
Design discharge	<input type="text" value="491.00"/> cfs

Full-flow capacity (Calculated)

Full-flow area	<input type="text" value="30.00"/> sq ft
Full-flow wetted perimeter	<input type="text" value="26.00"/> ft
Full-flow capacity	<input type="text" value="501.88"/> cfs

Calculations of Normal Flow Condition

Normal flow depth (<H)	<input type="text" value="2.36"/> ft
Flow area	<input type="text" value="23.58"/> sq ft
Wetted perimeter	<input type="text" value="14.72"/> ft
Flow velocity	<input type="text" value="20.82"/> fps
Discharge	<input type="text" value="491.02"/> cfs
Percent of Full Flow	<input type="text" value="97.8%"/> of full flow
Normal Depth Froude Number	<input type="text" value="2.39"/> supercritical

Calculation of Critical Flow Condition

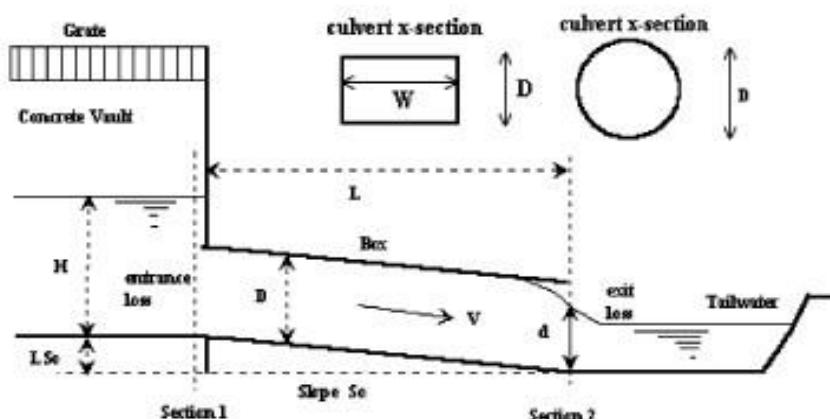
Critical flow depth	<input type="text" value="3.00"/> ft
Critical flow area	<input type="text" value="30.00"/> sq ft
Critical flow velocity	<input type="text" value="16.37"/> fps
Critical Depth Froude Number	<input type="text" value="1.67"/>

CULVERT SIZING (INLET vs. OUTLET CONTROL WITH TAILWATER EFFECTS)

MHFD-Culvert, Version 4.00 (May 2020)

Project: EASTONVILLE ROAD

ID: DP8



Design Information (Input):

Circular Culvert: Barrel Diameter in Inches
Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

D = inches

OR:

Box Culvert: Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet
Barrel Width (Span) in Feet
Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

H (Rise) = 3.00 ft
W (Span) = 10.00 ft
1:1 Bevel w/ 45 deg. Flared Wingwall

Number of Barrels
Inlet Elevation at Culvert Invert
Outlet Elevation OR Slope
Culvert Length
Manning's Roughness
Bend Loss Coefficient
Exit Loss Coefficient

# Barrels =	2
Elev IN =	100
So =	0.015
L =	116.5
n =	0.012
K _b =	0
K _x =	1

Design Information (calculated):

Entrance Loss Coefficient
Friction Loss Coefficient
Sum of All Loss Coefficients
Minimum Energy Condition Coefficient
Orifice Inlet Condition Coefficient

K _e =	0.50
K _f =	0.40
K _s =	1.90
KE _{low} =	0.0044
C _d =	0.65

Calculations of Culvert Capacity (output):

Backwater calculations required to obtain Outlet Control Flowrate when HWo < 0.75 * Culvert Rise

Headwater Surface Elevation (ft)	Tailwater Surface Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Equation Used	Inlet Control Flowrate (cfs)	Outlet Control Flowrate (cfs)	Controlling Culvert Flowrate (cfs)	Flow Control Used
100.00		No Flow (WS < inlet)	0.00	0.00	0.00	N/A
100.25		Min. Energy. Eqn.	7.74	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
100.50		Min. Energy. Eqn.	21.82	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
100.75		Min. Energy. Eqn.	40.04	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
101.00		Min. Energy. Eqn.	61.66	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
101.25		Min. Energy. Eqn.	86.22	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
101.50		Min. Energy. Eqn.	113.26	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
101.75		Regression Eqn.	141.06	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
102.00		Regression Eqn.	170.46	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
102.25		Regression Eqn.	201.26	403.16	201.26	INLET
102.50		Regression Eqn.	233.22	431.72	233.22	INLET
102.75		Regression Eqn.	265.78	458.99	265.78	INLET
103.00		Regression Eqn.	298.68	485.11	298.68	INLET
103.25		Regression Eqn.	331.42	510.21	331.42	INLET
103.50		Regression Eqn.	363.62	534.39	363.62	INLET
103.75		Regression Eqn.	395.04	557.76	395.04	INLET
104.00		Regression Eqn.	425.50	580.38	425.50	INLET
104.25		Regression Eqn.	454.90	604.46	454.90	INLET
104.50		Regression Eqn.	483.22	629.17	483.22	INLET
104.75		Regression Eqn.	510.44	652.94	510.44	INLET
105.00		Regression Eqn.	536.62	675.87	536.62	INLET
105.25		Regression Eqn.	561.84	698.05	561.84	INLET
105.50		Regression Eqn.	586.16	719.54	586.16	INLET
105.75		Regression Eqn.	609.62	740.41	609.62	INLET
106.00		Regression Eqn.	632.28	760.72	632.28	INLET
106.25		Regression Eqn.	654.22	780.49	654.22	INLET
106.50		Regression Eqn.	675.50	799.77	675.50	INLET
106.75		Regression Eqn.	696.22	818.60	696.22	INLET
107.00		Regression Eqn.	716.24	837.01	716.24	INLET
107.25		Regression Eqn.	735.82	855.02	735.82	INLET

Processing Time: **00.20 Seconds**

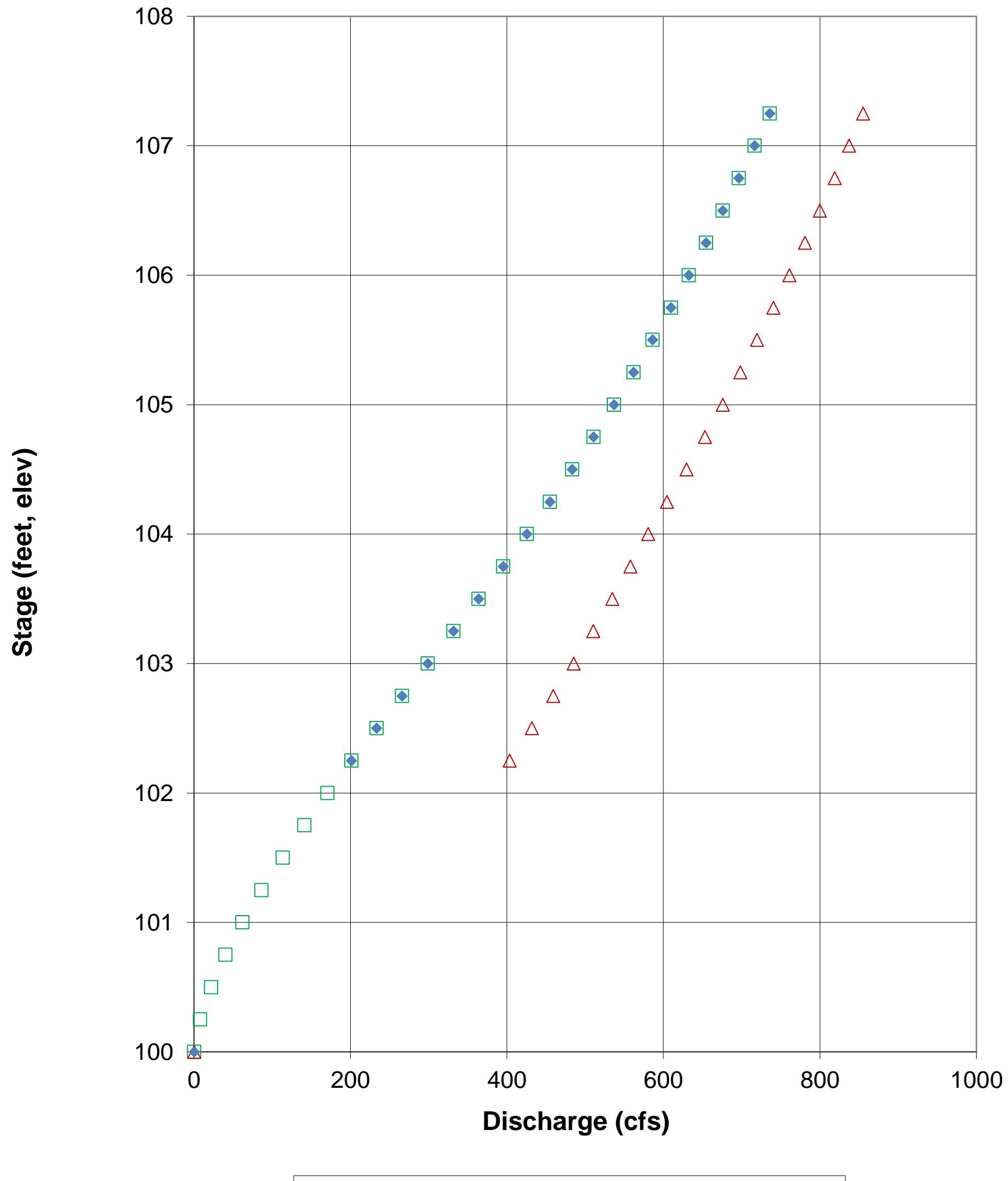
CULVERT SIZING (INLET vs. OUTLET CONTROL WITH TAILWATER EFFECTS)

MHFD-Culvert, Version 4.00 (May 2020)

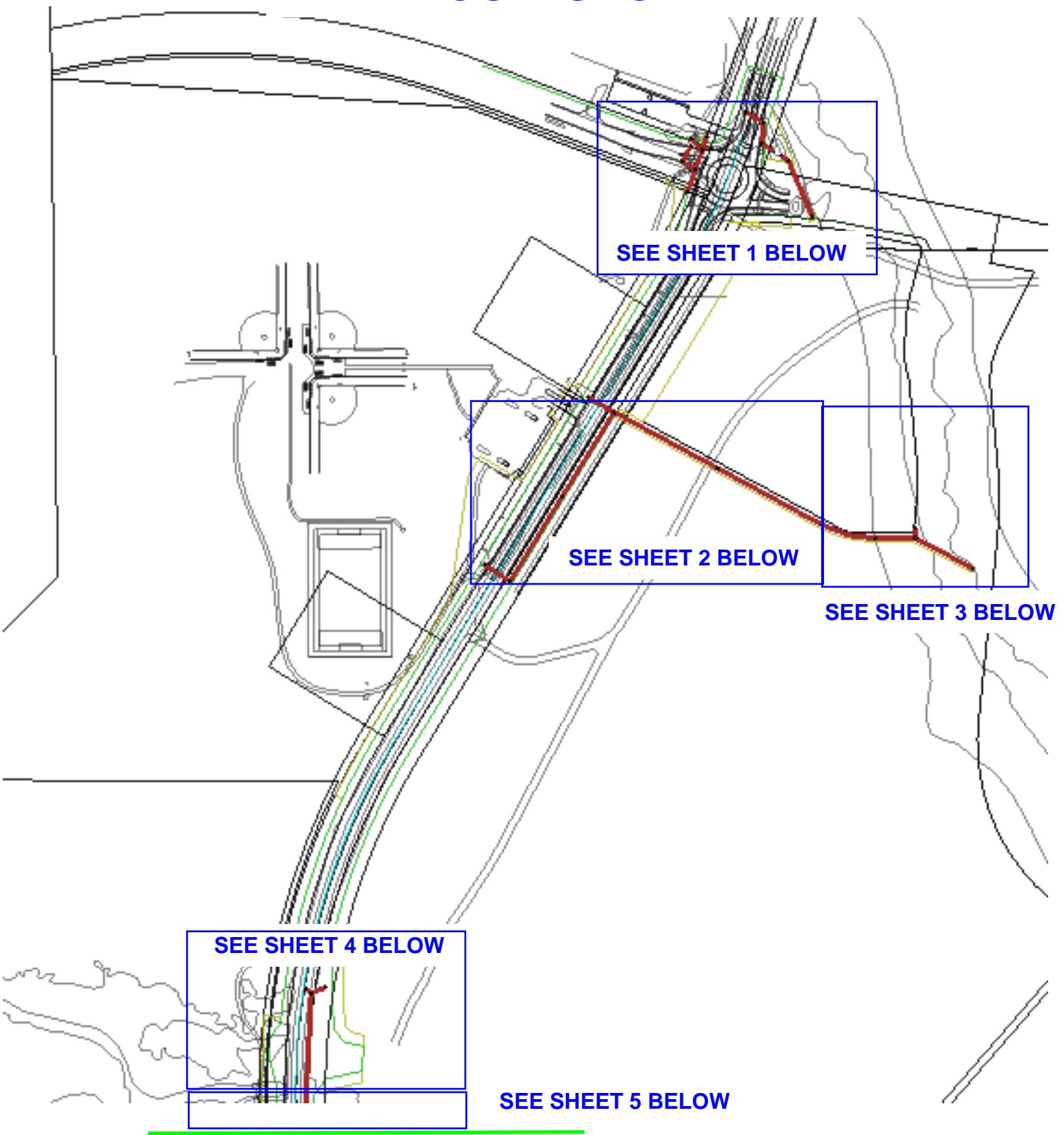
Project: EASTONVILLE ROAD

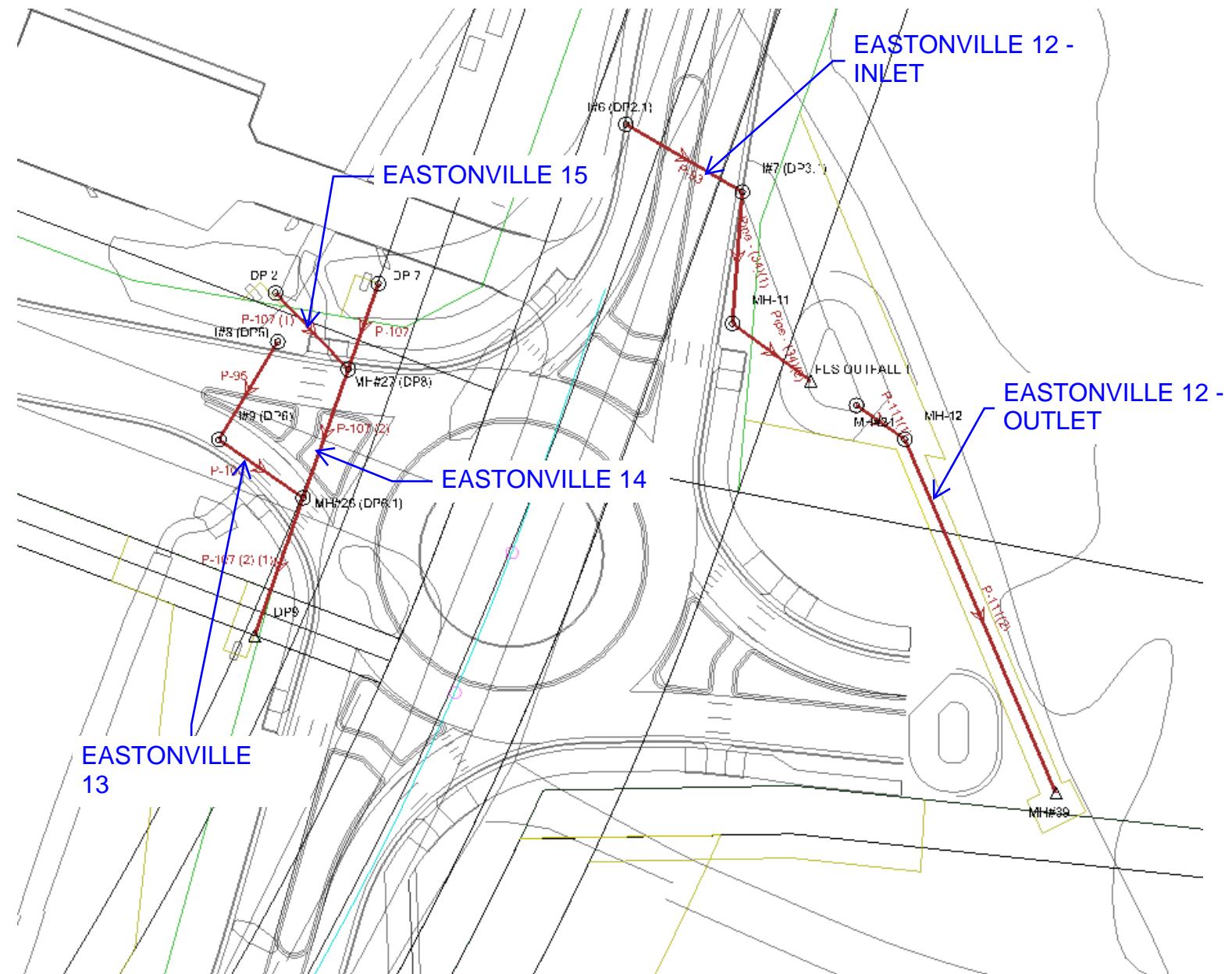
ID: DP8

STAGE-DISCHARGE CURVE FOR THE CULVERT



STORMCAD NETWORK LAYOUT: SEGMENT 2

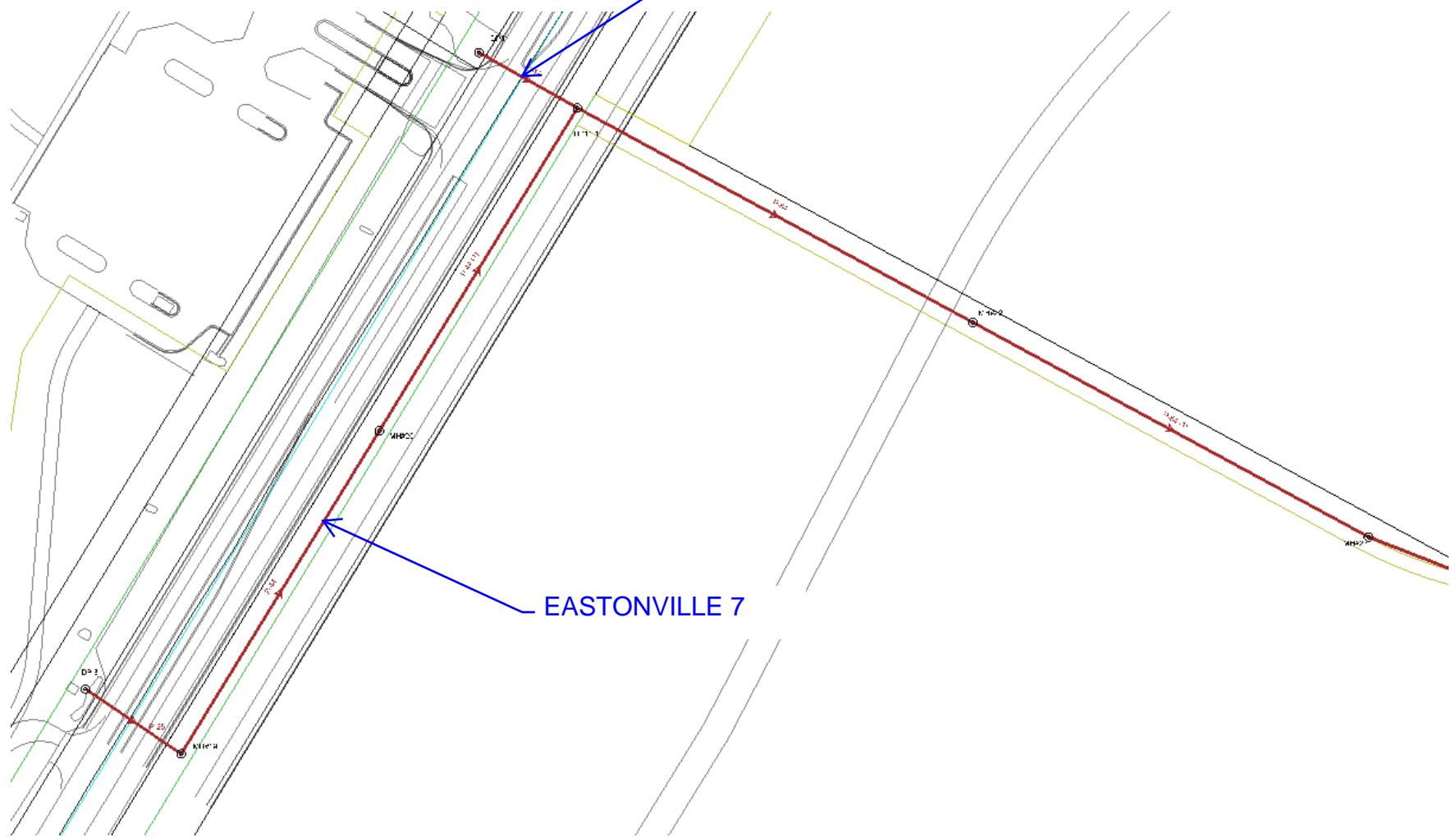




SHEET 1

MATCHLINE SEE SHEET 3

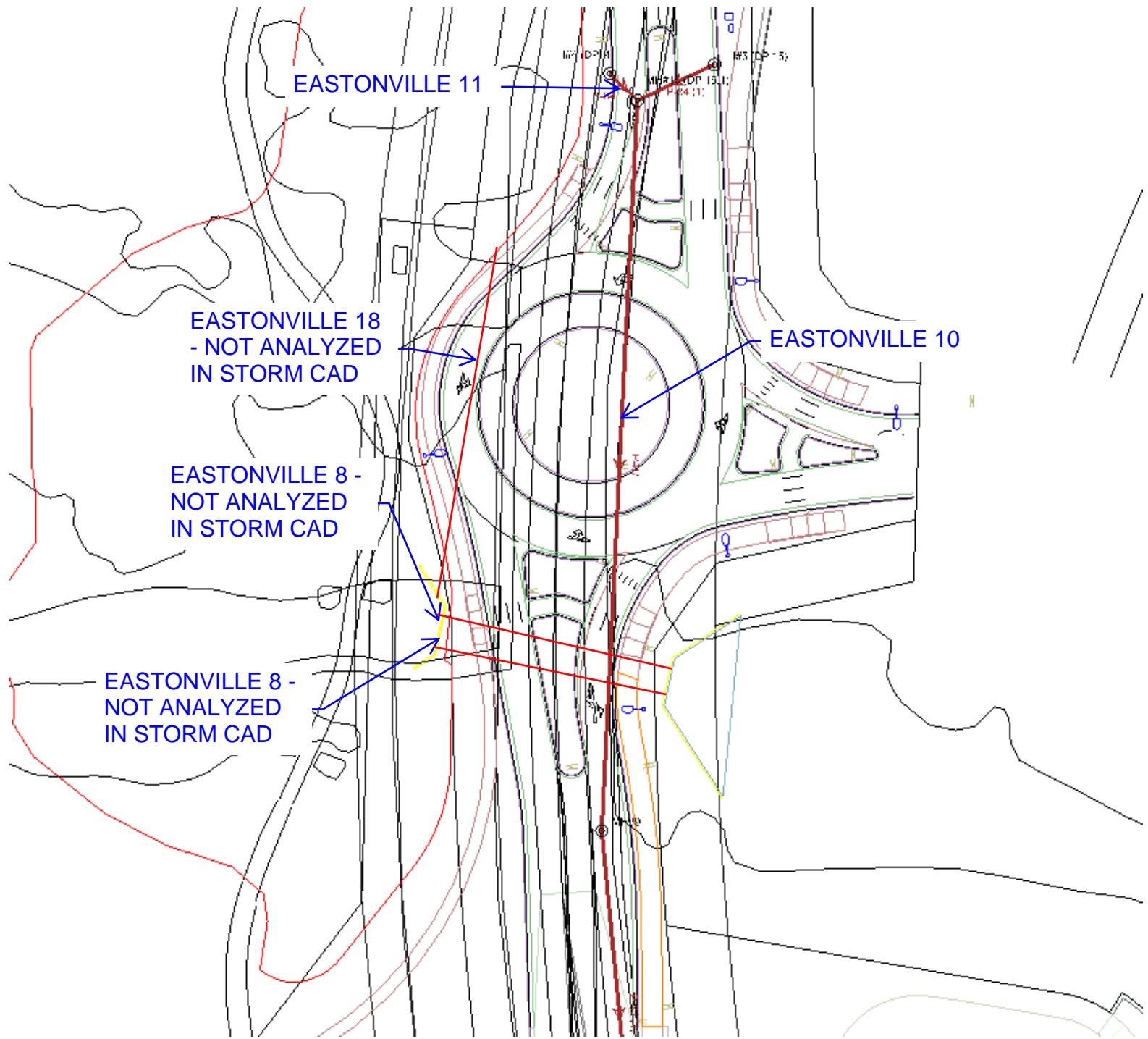
SHEET 2

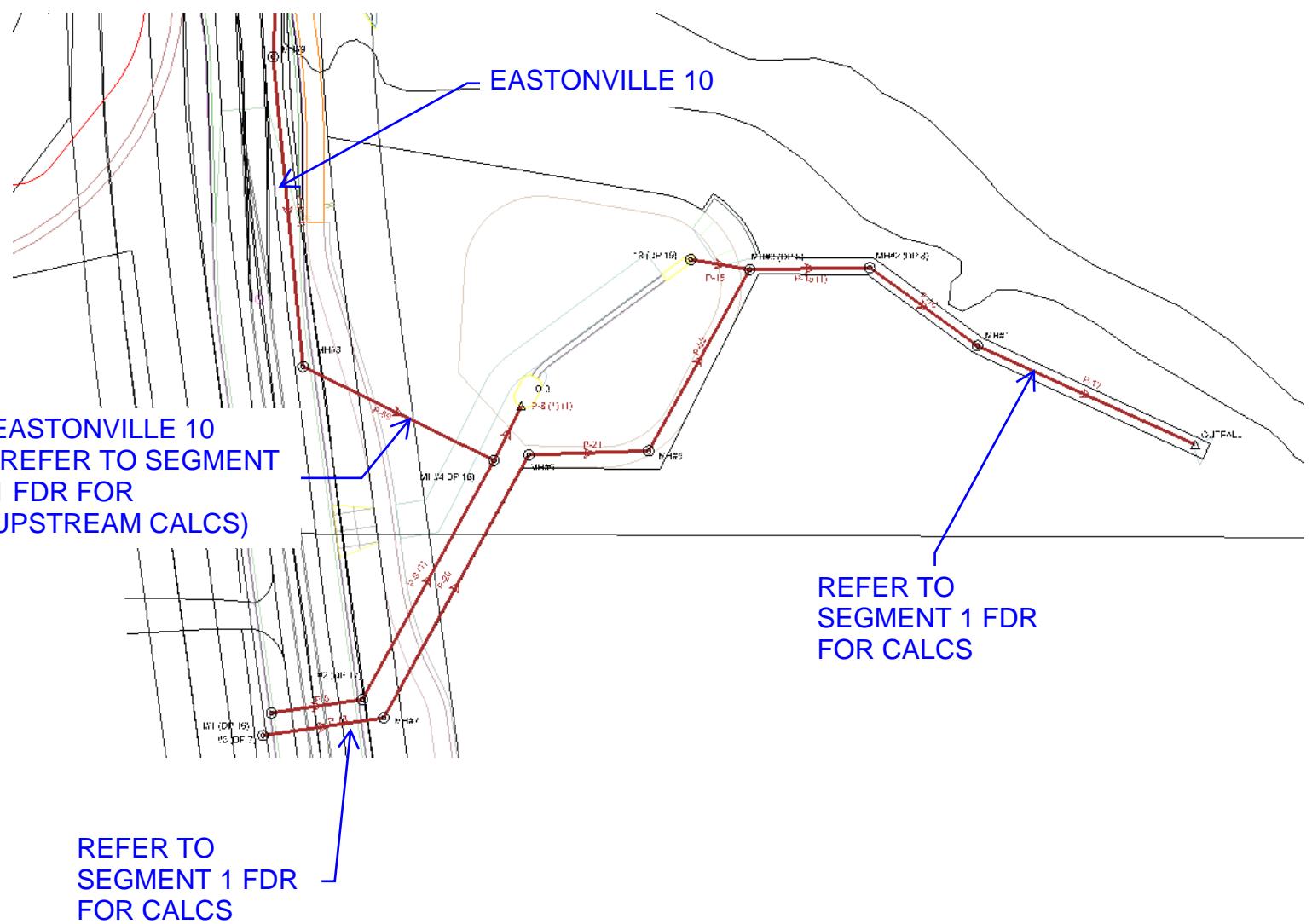


MATCHLINE SEE SHEET 2



SHEET 3





100 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
131: P-107 (2)	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,020.50	DP9	7,019.00	60.7	0.025	24.0	0.013	22.40	11.97	35.57	63.0	7,022.19	7,020.22
132: P-103	I#9 (DP6)	7,023.00	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,022.00	42.7	0.023	18.0	0.013	2.40	6.54	16.08	14.9	7,023.89	7,023.91
133: P-107 (2)	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.00	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,020.50	56.6	0.009	24.0	0.013	21.00	6.68	21.26	98.8	7,024.40	7,023.91
134: P-107	DP 7	7,023.01	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.75	37.8	0.033	15.0	0.013	2.20	1.79	11.81	18.6	7,025.07	7,025.03
135: P-107 (1)	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.00	DP 2	7,021.26	43.9	-0.006	24.0	0.013	18.80	5.98	17.41	108.0	7,025.33	7,025.03
136: P-95	I#8 (DP5)	7,024.00	I#9 (DP6)	7,023.00	47.5	0.021	18.0	0.013	1.30	5.26	15.24	8.5	7,024.43	7,023.94
137: P-93	I#6 (DP2.1)	7,022.34	I#7 (DP3.1)	7,021.78	55.9	0.010	18.0	0.013	1.50	4.22	10.51	14.3	7,022.80	7,022.73
140: P-44 (1)	MH#20	7,001.18	DP11.1	6,998.52	266.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	112.10	8.92	143.63	78.0	7,005.57	7,003.94
141: P-64	DP11.1	6,998.52	MH#22	6,995.26	316.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	112.10	12.80	145.88	76.8	7,001.72	6,997.89
142: P-44	MH#19	7,003.94	MH#20	7,001.28	266.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	112.10	12.64	143.63	78.0	7,007.14	7,005.63
143: P-26	DP 3	7,005.01	MH#19	7,004.04	81.5	0.012	48.0	0.013	112.10	8.92	156.73	71.5	7,009.86	7,009.36
144: P-64 (1)	MH#22	6,995.15	MH#23	6,998.82	316.6	0.020	48.0	0.013	112.10	16.57	203.15	55.2	6,998.35	6,995.32
145: P-87	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.41	MH#9	6,989.86	350.8	0.010	24.0	0.013	17.20	7.96	22.76	75.6	6,994.91	6,991.16
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013	17.20	9.29	27.70	62.1	6,991.26	6,989.59
147: P-84	I#4 (DP14)	6,994.25	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.91	15.1	0.023	18.0	0.013	8.80	9.17	15.77	55.8	6,995.40	6,995.28
148: P-84 (1)	I#5 (DP 15)	6,994.74	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.91	39.7	0.021	18.0	0.013	10.40	9.25	15.18	68.5	6,995.98	6,995.28
149: P-66	MH#23	6,988.82	MH#24	6,988.00	149.0	0.006	48.0	0.013	112.10	8.92	106.64	105.1	6,995.26	6,994.35
150: P-68	MH#24	6,988.00	MH#25 (DP13)	6,987.50	107.8	0.005	48.0	0.013	112.10	8.92	97.84	114.6	6,994.29	6,993.63
151: P-77	DP12	6,990.32	MH#25 (DP13)	6,989.50	28.1	0.029	24.0	0.013	24.60	7.83	38.62	63.7	6,993.96	6,993.63
152: P-74	MH#25 (DP13)	6,987.50	OUTLET SEG...	6,986.67	173.3	0.005	48.0	0.013	136.60	10.87	99.34	137.5	6,991.98	6,990.15
225: P-42	DP11	7,001.22	DP11.1	6,999.51	85.7	0.020	24.0	0.013	44.00	14.01	31.96	137.7	7,007.19	7,003.94
227: Pipe - (34	I#7 (DP3.1)	7,021.78	MH-11	7,021.41	41.5	0.009	18.0	0.013	3.20	5.00	9.92	32.3	7,022.72	7,022.73
228: Pipe - (34	MH-11	7,021.21	FES OUTFALL 1	7,021.00	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013	3.20	1.81	7.38	43.3	7,022.73	7,022.69
230: P-111(1)	MH#34	7,018.67	MH-12	7,018.57	20.4	0.005	18.0	0.013	0.80	2.73	7.35	10.9	7,019.00	7,018.90
231: P-111(2)	MH-12	7,018.37	MH#39	7,016.77	158.3	0.010	18.0	0.013	0.80	3.52	10.56	7.6	7,018.70	7,017.05

NOTE: EASTONVILLE 12 - INLET & EASTONVILLE 10 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 1 PIPES & STRUCTURES NOT INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO SEGMENT 1 FDR.

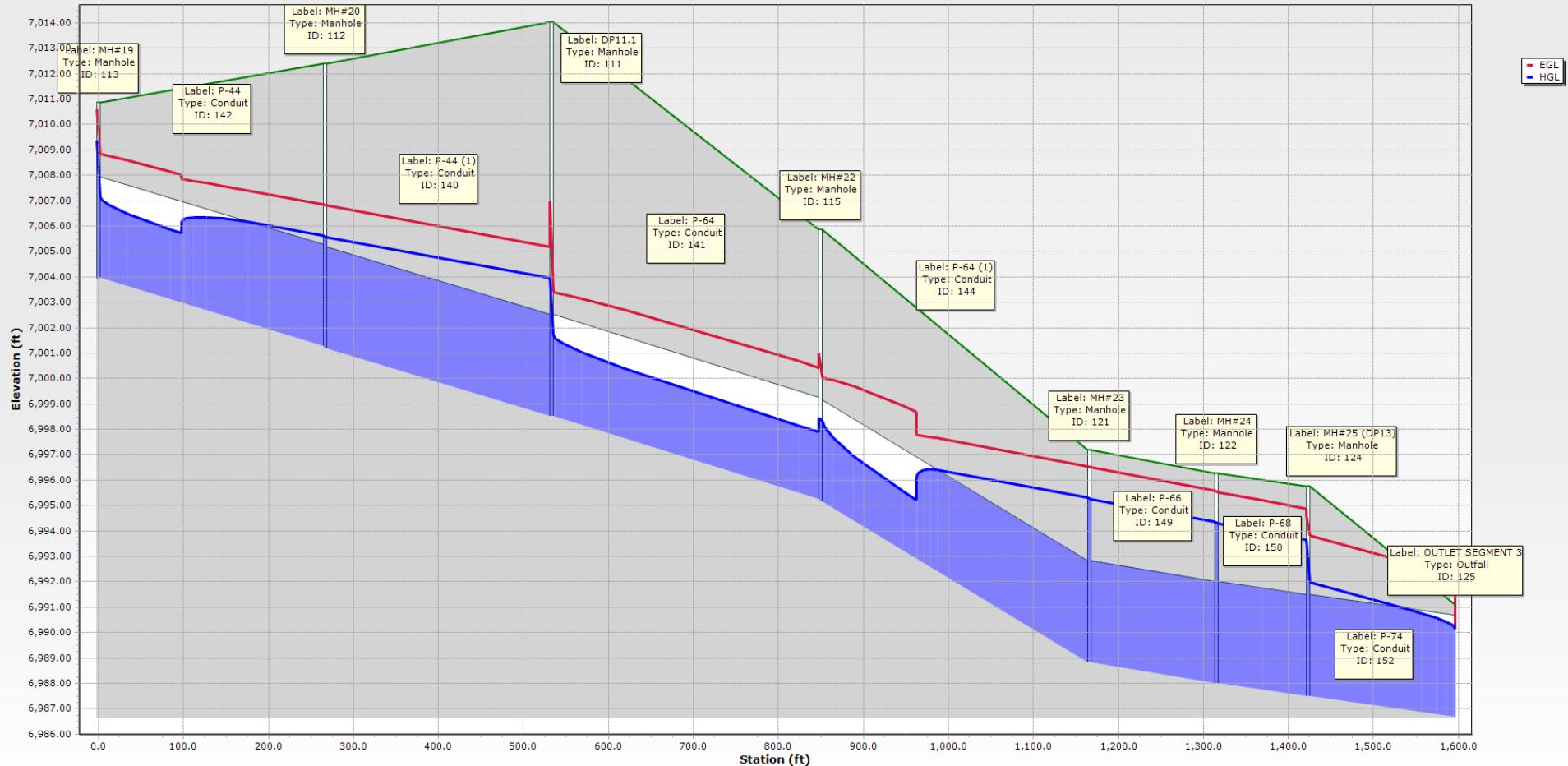
100 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Notes
98: MH#26 (D)	7,027.15	7,027.15	7,022.00	22.40	7,022.19	Standard	7,023.91	STORM MH
99: MH#27 (D)	7,027.09	7,027.09	7,021.75	21.00	7,024.40	Standard	7,025.03	STORM MH
100: I#9 (DP6)	7,027.04	7,027.04	7,023.00	2.40	7,023.89	Standard	7,023.94	CDOT Type-R
101: I#8 (DP5)	7,026.63	7,026.63	(N/A)	1.30	7,024.43	Standard	7,024.66	CDOT Type-R
102: I#7 (DP3)	7,026.51	7,026.51	7,021.78	3.20	7,022.72	Standard	7,022.73	CDOT Type-R
103: I#6 (DP2)	7,026.38	7,026.38	(N/A)	1.50	7,022.80	Standard	7,023.05	CDOT Type-R
106: MH#34	7,025.00	7,025.00	(N/A)	0.80	7,019.00	Standard	7,019.06	CDOT Type-C
111: DP11.1	7,014.03	7,014.03	6,998.52	112.10	7,001.72	Standard	7,003.94	STORM MH
112: MH#20	7,012.41	7,012.41	7,001.28	112.10	7,005.57	Standard	7,005.63	STORM MH
113: MH#19	7,010.85	7,010.85	7,004.04	112.10	7,007.14	Standard	7,009.36	STORM MH
115: MH#22	7,005.85	7,005.85	6,995.26	112.10	6,998.35	Standard	6,998.44	STORM MH
116: MH#9	7,000.92	7,000.92	6,989.86	17.20	6,991.26	Standard	6,991.29	STORM MH
117: I#4 (DP1)	7,000.75	7,000.75	(N/A)	8.80	6,995.40	Standard	6,996.25	CDOT Type-R
118: MH#10 (	7,000.75	7,000.75	6,993.91	17.20	6,994.91	Standard	6,995.28	STORM MH
119: I#5 (DP 1	7,000.94	7,000.94	(N/A)	10.40	6,995.98	Standard	6,997.01	CDOT Type-R
121: MH#23	6,997.20	6,997.20	6,988.82	112.10	6,995.26	Standard	6,995.32	STORM MH
122: MH#24	6,996.25	6,996.25	6,988.00	112.10	6,994.29	Standard	6,994.35	STORM MH
123: DP12	6,996.40	6,996.40	(N/A)	24.60	6,993.96	Standard	6,995.39	CDOT Type-C
124: MH#25 (	6,995.75	6,995.75	6,987.50	136.60	6,991.98	Standard	6,993.63	STORM MH
192: DP 7	7,024.45	7,024.45	(N/A)	2.20	7,024.45	Standard	7,024.52	CDOT FES
193: DP 2	7,024.26	7,024.26	(N/A)	18.80	7,024.26	Standard	7,025.10	CDOT FES
194: DP 3	7,009.43	7,009.43	(N/A)	112.10	7,009.43	Standard	7,011.29	CDOT FES
224: DP11	7,010.95	7,010.95	(N/A)	44.00	7,007.19	Absolute	7,007.19	CDOT TYPE D INLET
226: MH-11	7,026.84	7,026.84	7,021.41	3.20	7,022.73	Absolute	7,022.73	
229: MH-12	7,024.52	7,024.52	7,018.57	0.80	7,018.70	Absolute	7,018.70	

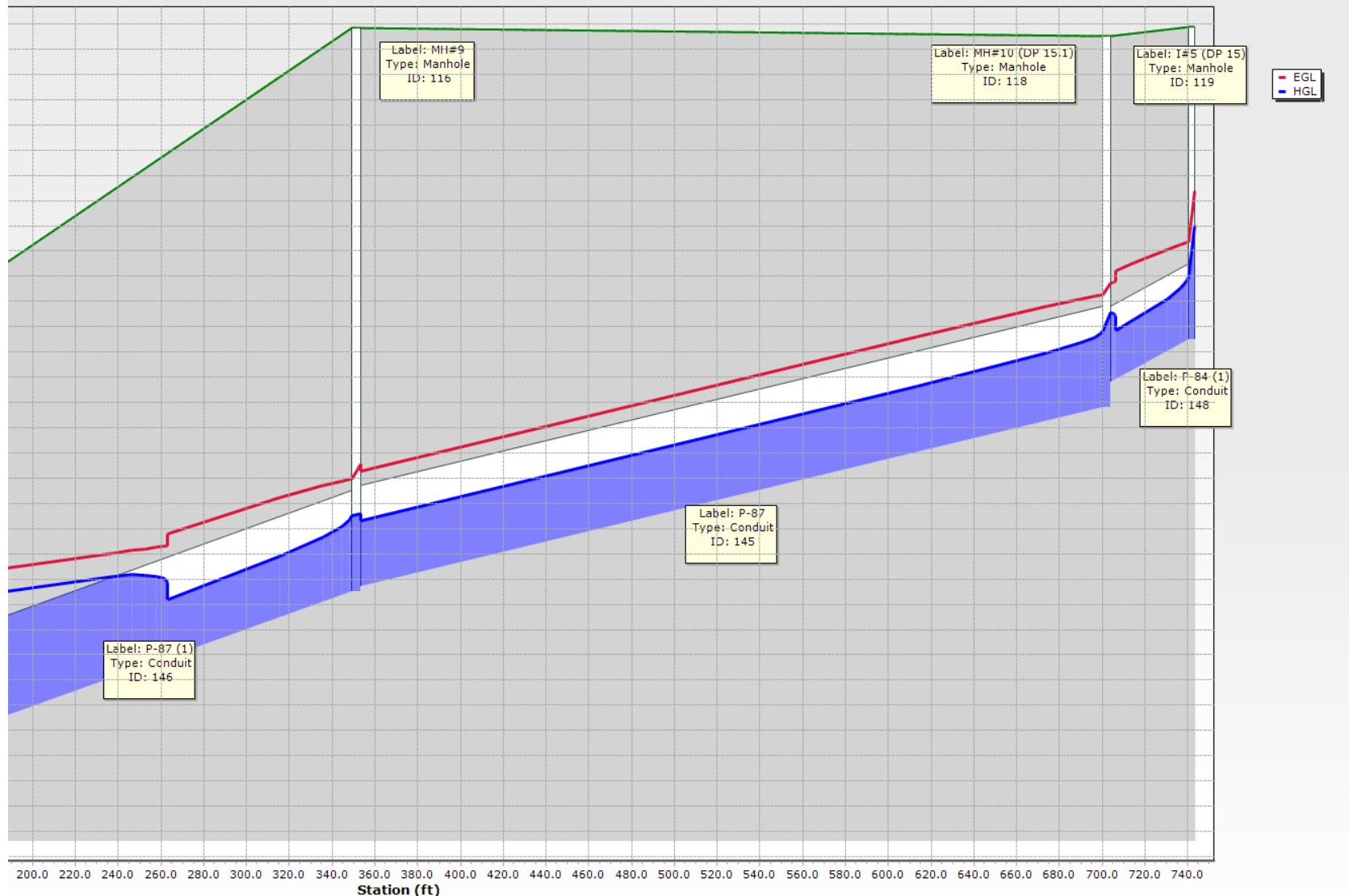
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Notes
107: DP9	7,022.74	7,019.00	Free Outfall		7,020.22	22.40	CDOT FES
108: FES OUTF	7,022.50	7,021.00	User Defined Tailwater	7,022.69	7,022.69	3.20	CDOT FES
110: MH#39	7,018.27	7,016.77	Free Outfall		7,017.05	0.80	CDOT FES
125: OUTLET S	6,991.09	6,986.67	Free Outfall		6,990.15	136.60	CDOT FES

NOTE: EASTONVILLE 12 - INLET & EASTONVILLE 10 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 1 PIPES & STRUCTURES NOT INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO SEGMENT 1 FDR.

EASTONVILLE 7 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

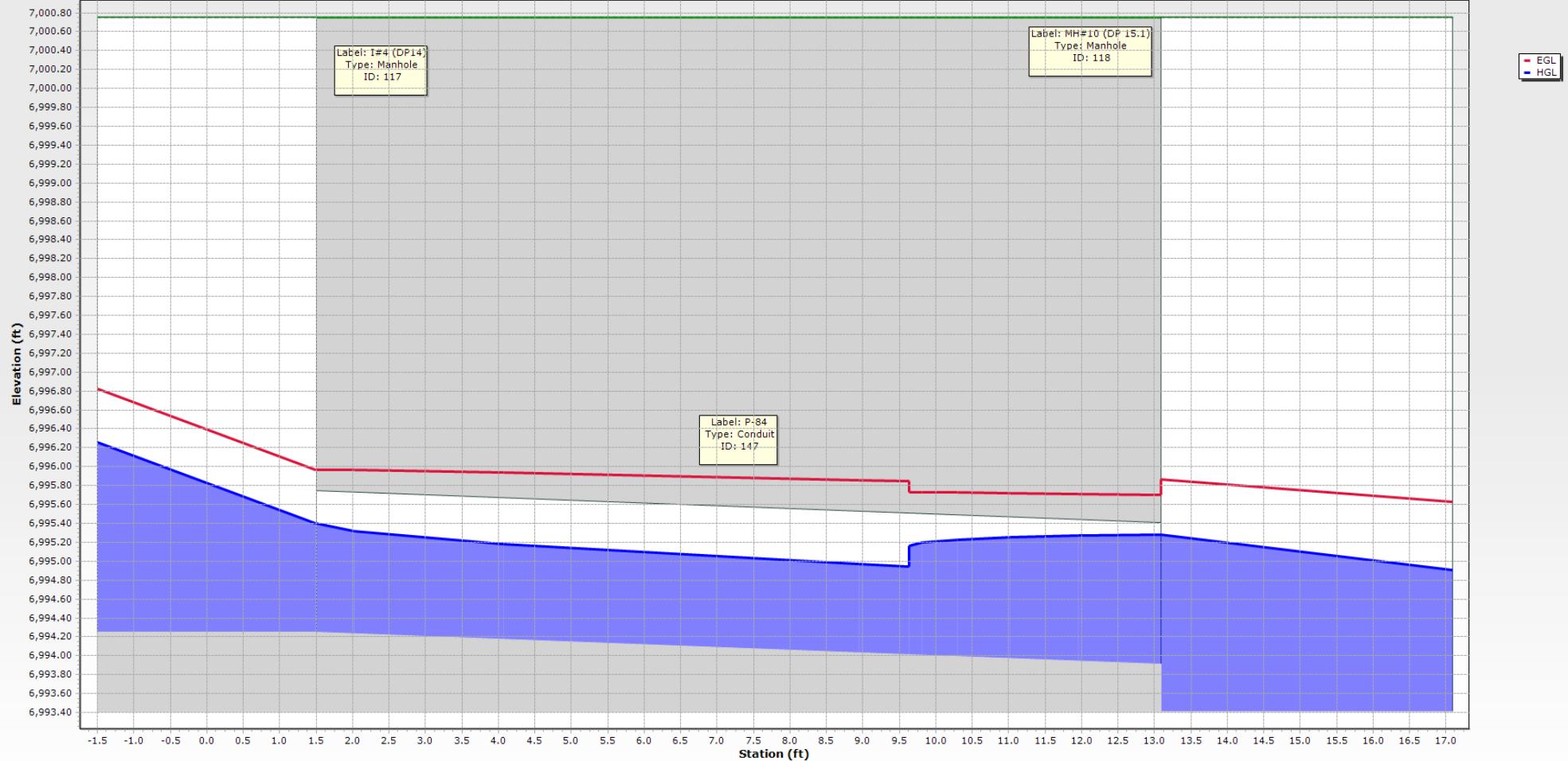


EASTONVILLE 10 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

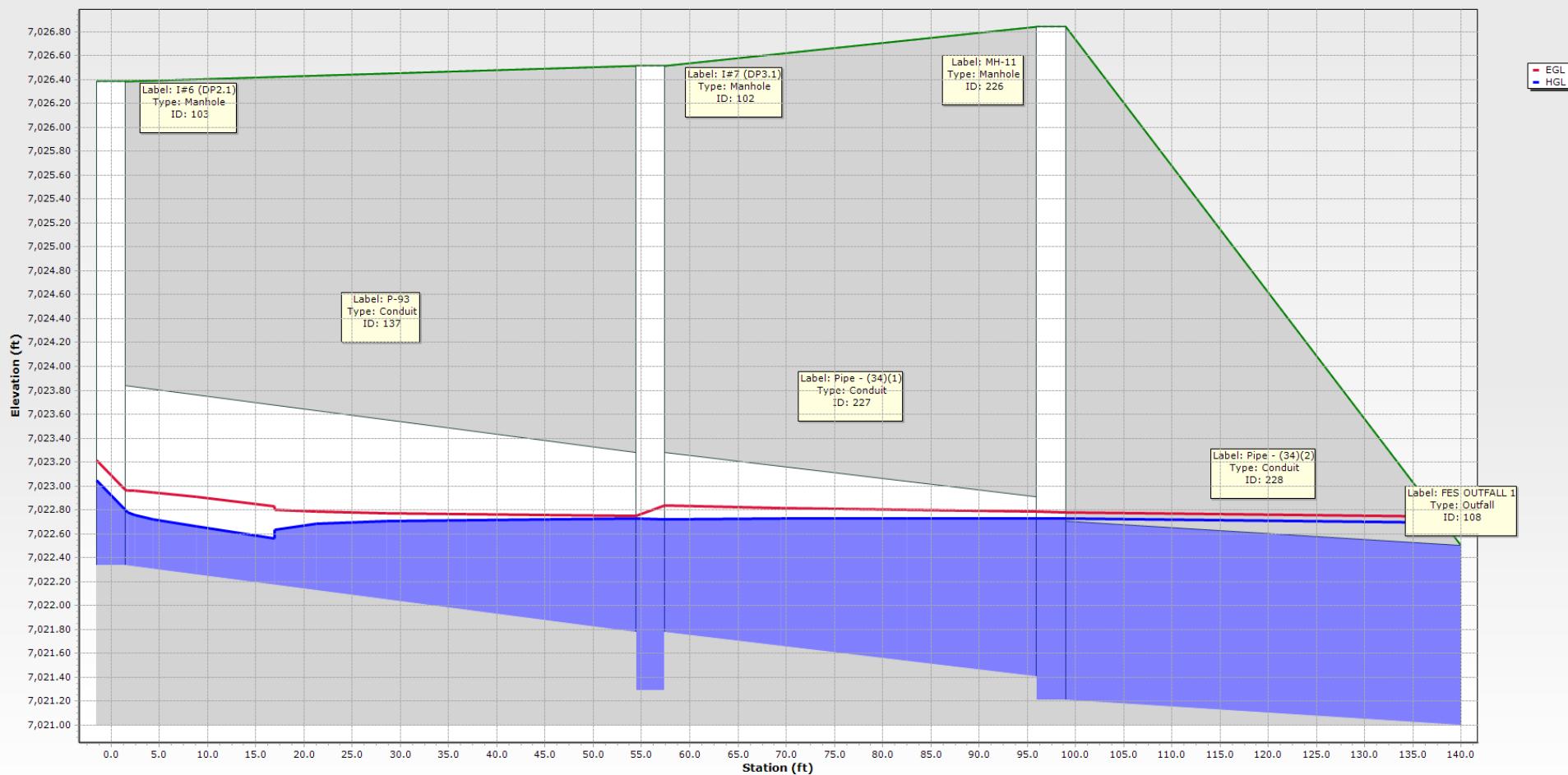


NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE
OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY
REQUIREMENTS

EASTONVILLE 11 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

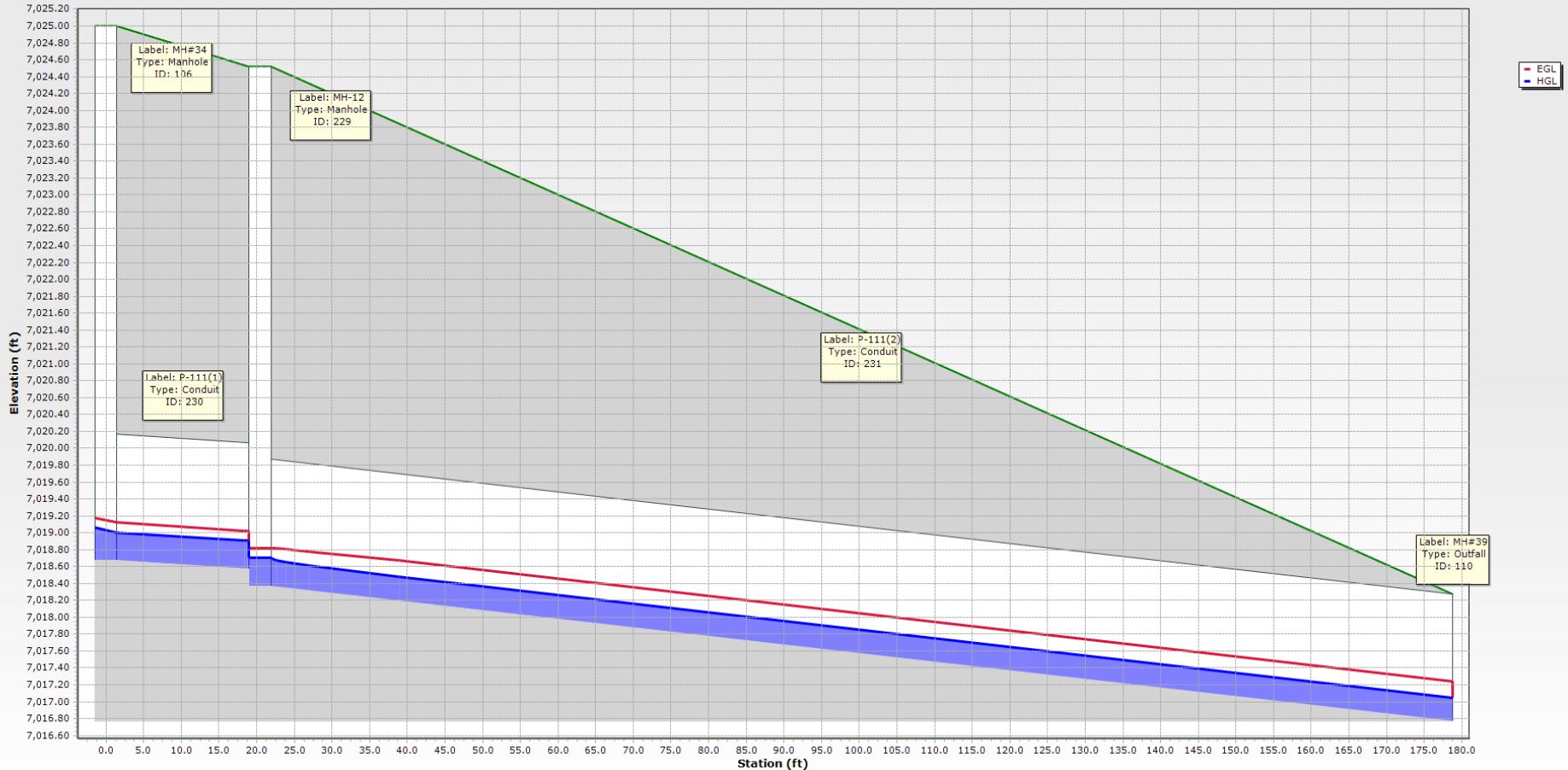


EASTONVILLE 12 INLET - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

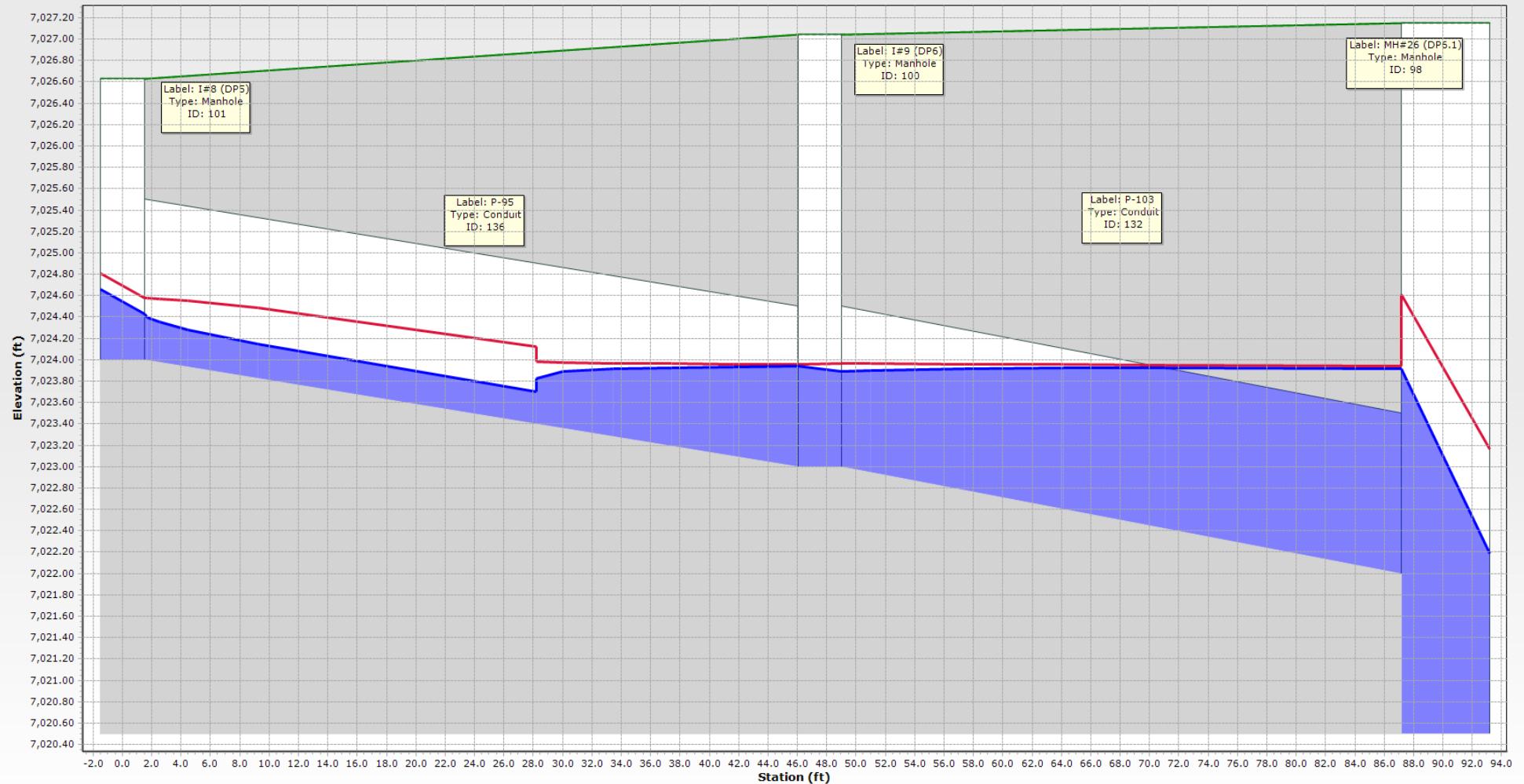


NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS

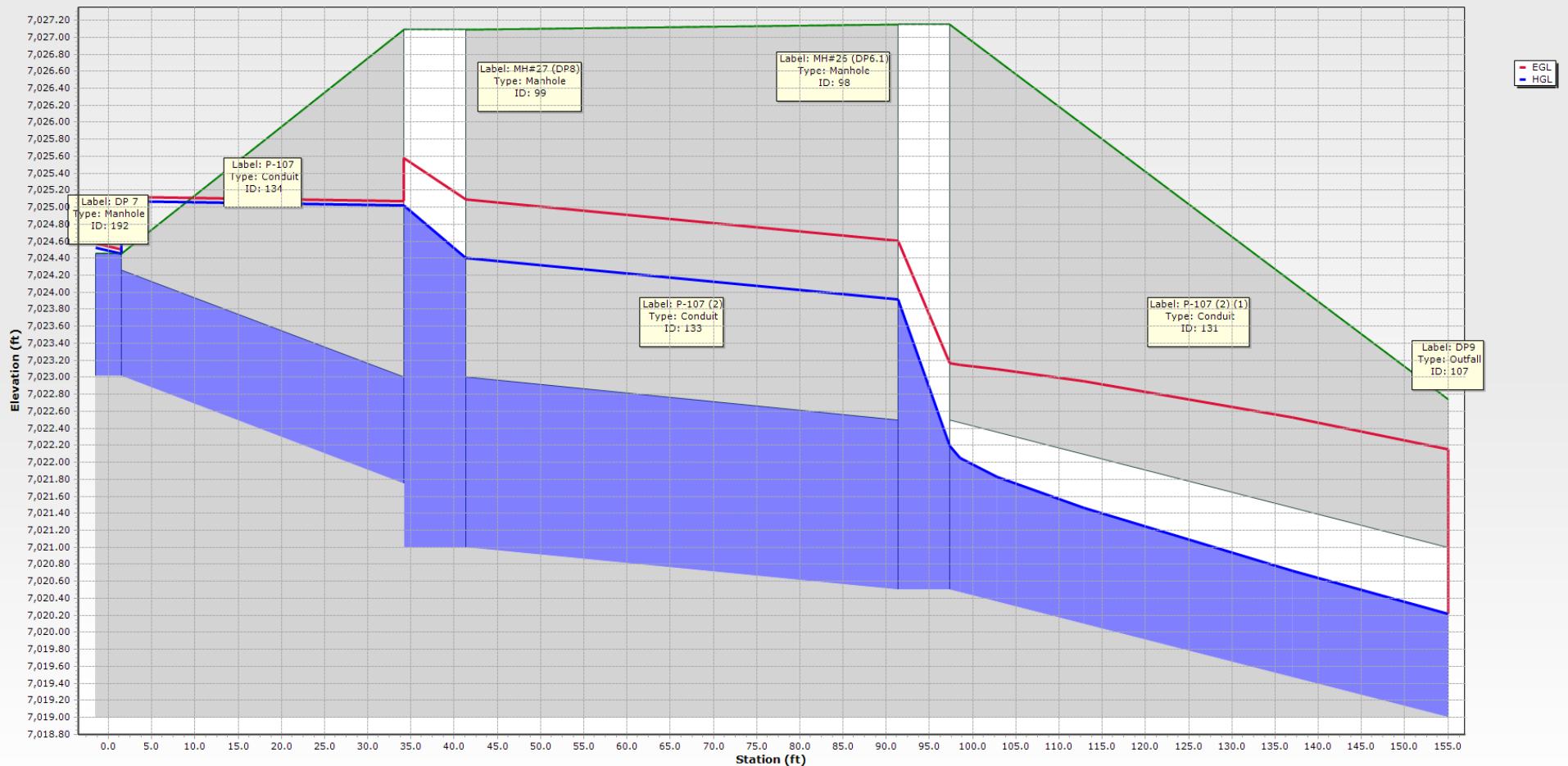
EASTONVILLE 12 OUTLET - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



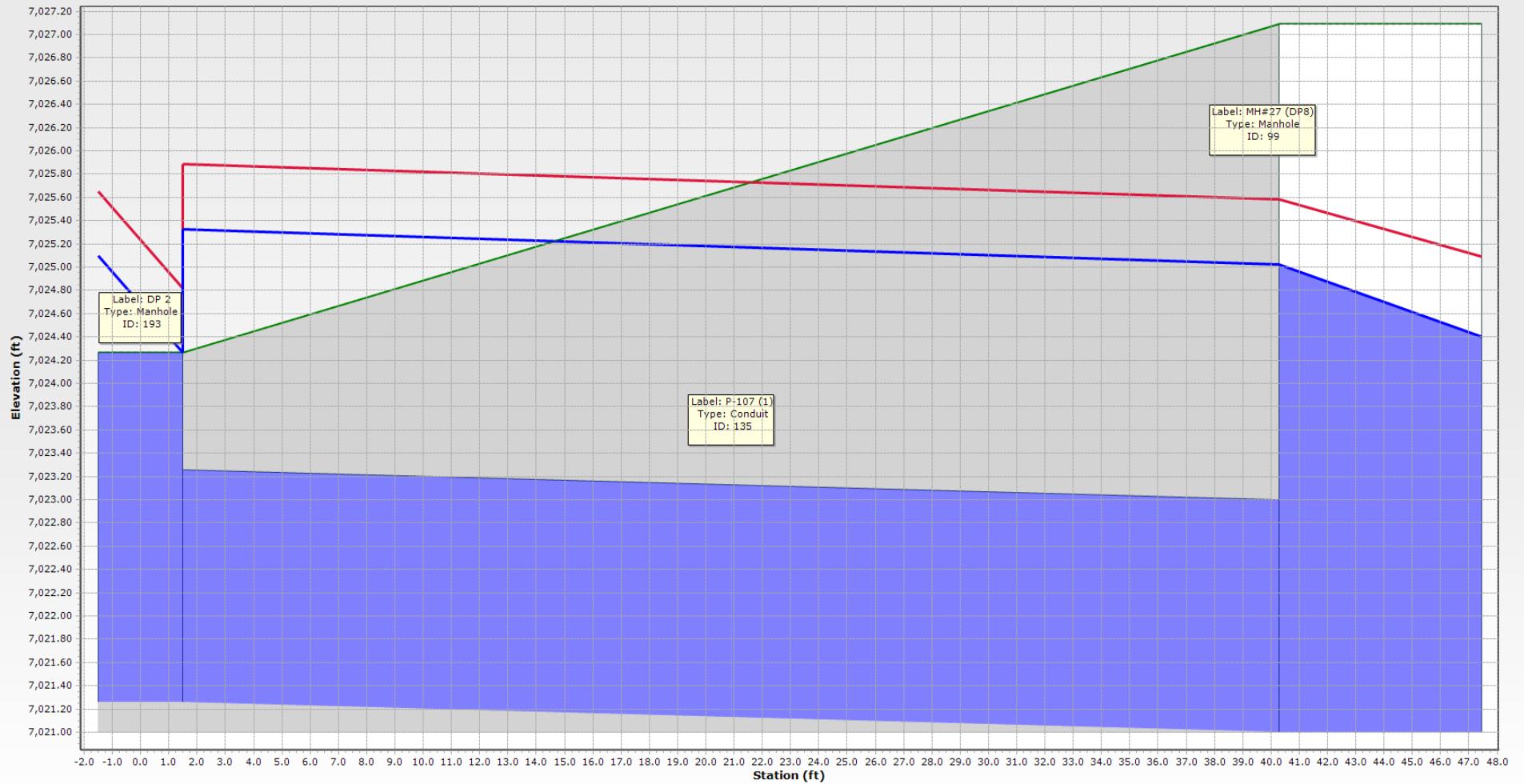
EASTONVILLE 13 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



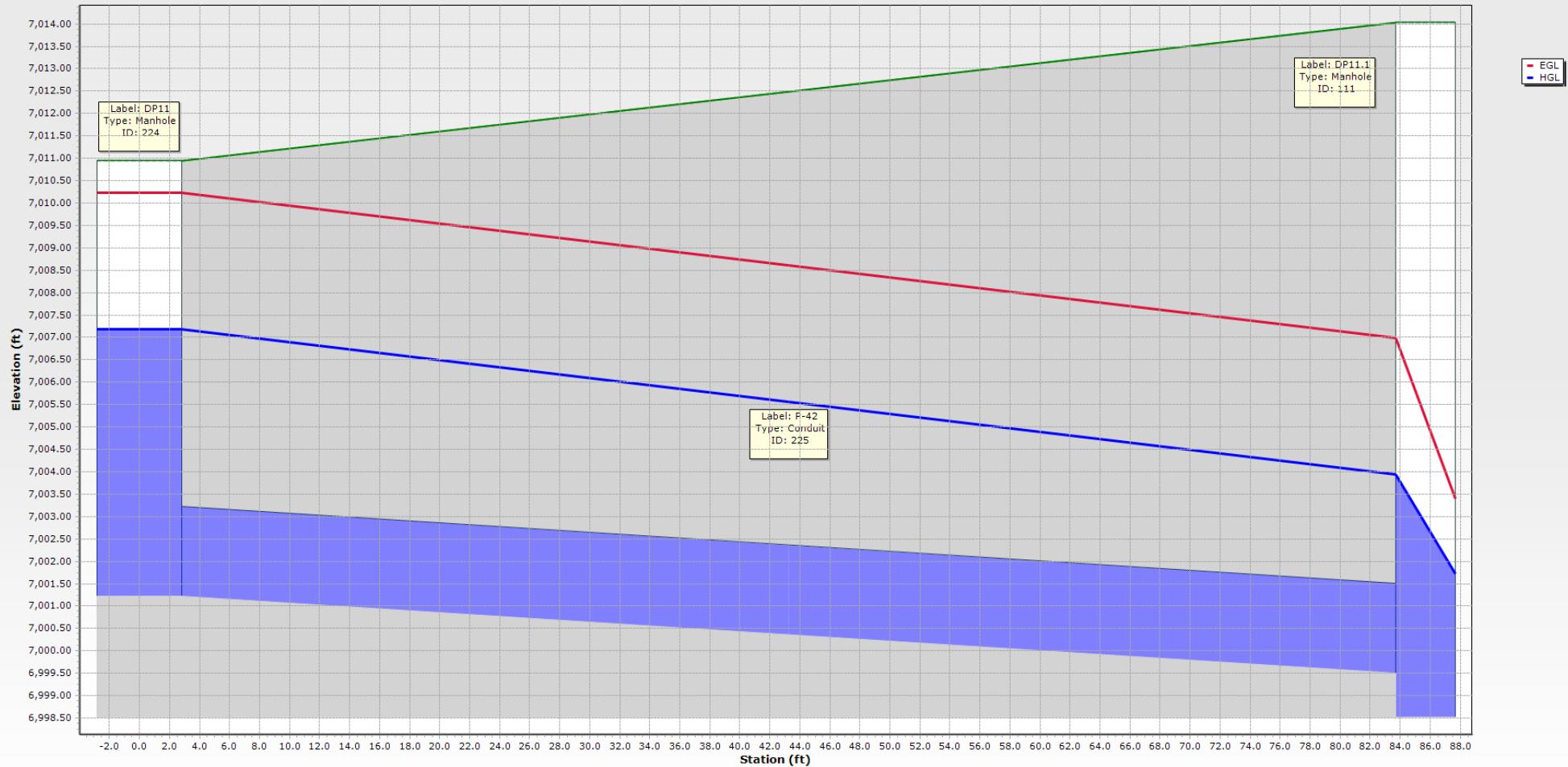
EASTONVILLE 14 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 15 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 16 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



5 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
131: P-107 (2)	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,020.50	DP9	7,019.00	60.7	0.025	24.0	0.013	2.90	6.82	35.57	8.2	7,021.09	7,019.39
132: P-103	I#9 (DP6)	7,023.00	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,022.00	42.7	0.023	18.0	0.013	1.20	5.34	16.08	7.5	7,023.41	7,022.28
133: P-107 (2)	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.00	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,020.50	56.6	0.009	24.0	0.013	2.00	4.25	21.26	9.4	7,021.49	7,021.47
134: P-107	DP 7	7,023.01	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.75	37.8	0.033	15.0	0.013	0.30	4.09	11.81	2.5	7,023.22	7,021.89
135: P-107 (1)	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.00	DP 2	7,021.26	43.9	-0.006	24.0	0.013	1.70	3.52	17.41	9.8	7,021.71	7,021.65
136: P-95	I#8 (DP5)	7,024.00	I#9 (DP6)	7,023.00	47.5	0.021	18.0	0.013	0.70	4.38	15.24	4.6	7,024.31	7,023.50
137: P-93	I#6 (DP2.1)	7,022.34	I#7 (DP3.1)	7,021.78	55.9	0.010	18.0	0.013	0.80	3.51	10.51	7.6	7,022.67	7,022.26
140: P-44 (1)	MH#20	7,001.18	DP11.1	6,998.52	266.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	6.10	5.68	143.63	4.2	7,001.90	6,999.57
141: P-64	DP11.1	6,998.52	MH#22	6,995.26	316.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	6.10	5.74	145.88	4.2	6,999.24	6,995.82
142: P-44	MH#19	7,003.94	MH#20	7,001.28	266.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	6.10	5.68	143.63	4.2	7,004.66	7,001.84
143: P-26	DP 3	7,005.01	MH#19	7,004.04	81.5	0.012	48.0	0.013	6.10	6.03	156.73	3.9	7,005.73	7,004.99
144: P-64 (1)	MH#22	6,995.15	MH#23	6,988.82	316.6	0.020	48.0	0.013	6.10	7.23	203.15	3.0	6,995.87	6,989.55
145: P-87	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.41	MH#9	6,989.86	350.8	0.010	24.0	0.013	10.20	7.04	22.76	44.8	6,994.55	6,990.80
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013	10.20	8.15	27.70	36.8	6,990.90	6,988.20
147: P-84	I#4 (DP14)	6,994.25	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.91	15.1	0.023	18.0	0.013	5.20	8.00	15.77	33.0	6,995.13	6,994.80
148: P-84 (1)	I#5 (DP 15)	6,994.74	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.91	39.7	0.021	18.0	0.013	5.00	7.70	15.18	32.9	6,995.60	6,994.80
149: P-66	MH#23	6,988.82	MH#24	6,988.00	149.0	0.006	48.0	0.013	6.10	4.60	106.64	5.7	6,989.54	6,988.73
150: P-68	MH#24	6,988.00	MH#25 (DP13)	6,987.50	107.8	0.005	48.0	0.013	6.10	4.33	97.84	6.2	6,988.72	6,988.71
151: P-77	DP12	6,990.32	MH#25 (DP13)	6,989.50	28.1	0.029	24.0	0.013	3.90	7.89	38.62	10.1	6,991.01	6,989.95
152: P-74	MH#25 (DP13)	6,987.50	OUTLET SEG...	6,986.67	173.3	0.005	48.0	0.013	10.00	5.07	99.34	10.1	6,988.42	6,988.30
225: P-42	DP11	7,001.22	DP11.1	6,999.51	85.7	0.020	24.0	0.013	7.50	8.31	31.96	23.5	7,002.19	7,000.17
227: Pipe - (34	I#7 (DP3.1)	7,021.78	MH-11	7,021.41	41.5	0.009	18.0	0.013	1.60	4.12	9.92	16.1	7,022.25	7,022.16
228: Pipe - (34	MH-11	7,021.21	FES OUTFALL 1	7,021.00	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013	1.60	3.34	7.38	21.7	7,022.16	7,022.16
230: P-111(1)	MH#34	7,018.67	MH-12	7,018.57	20.4	0.005	18.0	0.013	0.10	1.46	7.35	1.4	7,018.79	7,018.70
231: P-111(2)	MH-12	7,018.37	MH#39	7,016.77	158.3	0.010	18.0	0.013	0.80	3.52	10.56	7.6	7,018.70	7,017.05

NOTE: EASTONVILLE 12 - INLET, EASTONVILLE 10, & EASTONVILLE 11 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 1 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.

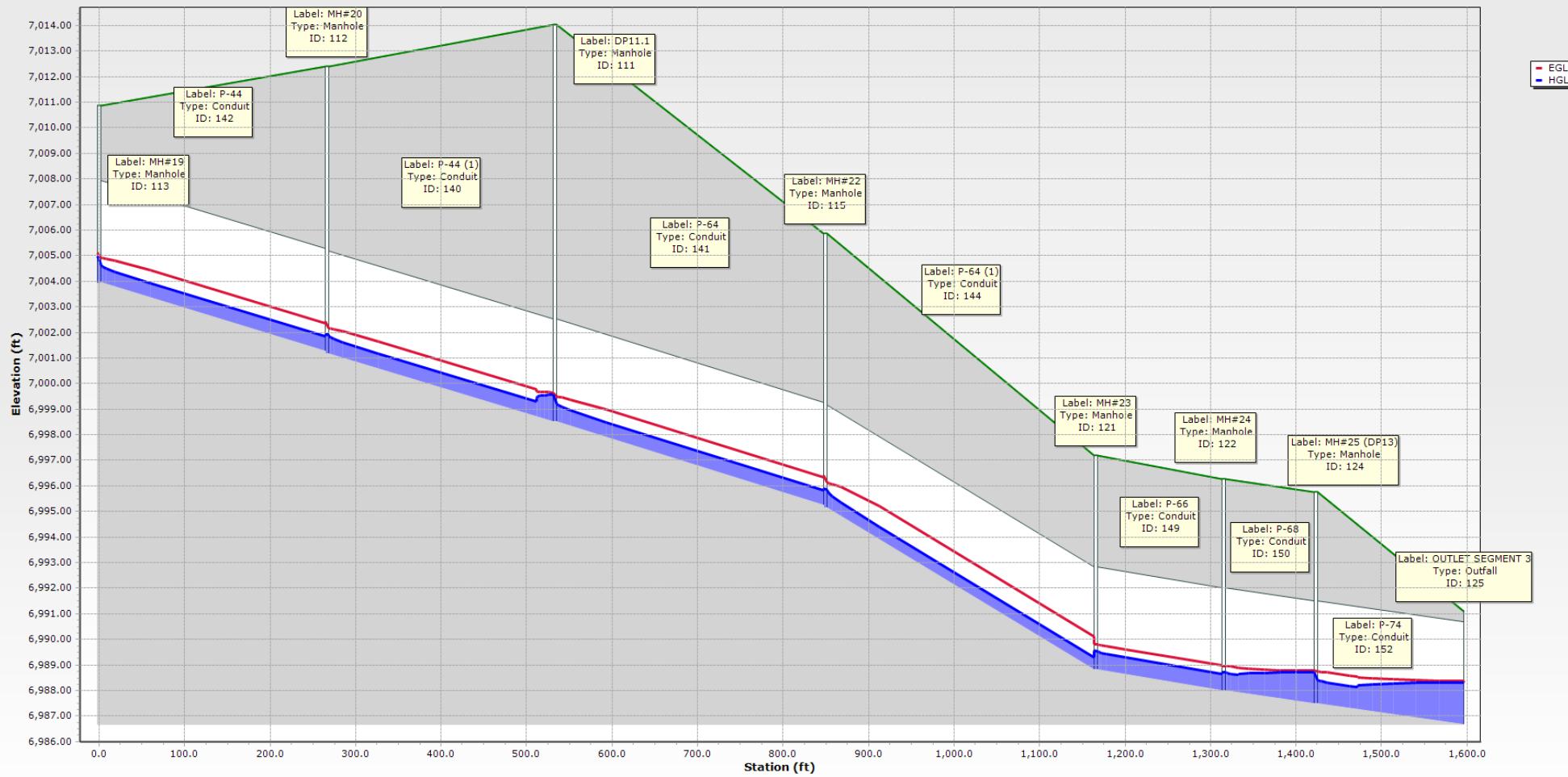
5 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Notes
98: MH#26 (D)	7,027.15	7,027.15	7,022.00	2.90	7,021.09	Standard	7,021.47	STORM MH
99: MH#27 (D)	7,027.09	7,027.09	7,021.75	2.00	7,021.49	Standard	7,021.65	STORM MH
100: I#9 (DP6)	7,027.04	7,027.04	7,023.00	1.20	7,023.41	Standard	7,023.50	CDOT Type-R
101: I#8 (DP5)	7,026.63	7,026.63	(N/A)	0.70	7,024.31	Standard	7,024.47	CDOT Type-R
102: I#7 (DP3)	7,026.51	7,026.51	7,021.78	1.60	7,022.25	Standard	7,022.26	CDOT Type-R
103: I#6 (DP2)	7,026.38	7,026.38	(N/A)	0.80	7,022.67	Standard	7,022.85	CDOT Type-R
106: MH#34	7,025.00	7,025.00	(N/A)	0.10	7,018.79	Standard	7,018.81	CDOT Type-C
111: DP11.1	7,014.03	7,014.03	6,998.52	6.10	6,999.24	Standard	6,999.57	STORM MH
112: MH#20	7,012.41	7,012.41	7,001.28	6.10	7,001.90	Standard	7,001.91	STORM MH
113: MH#19	7,010.85	7,010.85	7,004.04	6.10	7,004.66	Standard	7,004.99	STORM MH
115: MH#22	7,005.85	7,005.85	6,995.26	6.10	6,995.87	Standard	6,995.88	STORM MH
116: MH#9	7,000.92	7,000.92	6,989.86	10.20	6,990.90	Standard	6,990.93	STORM MH
117: I#4 (DP1)	7,000.75	7,000.75	(N/A)	5.20	6,995.13	Standard	6,995.67	CDOT Type-R
118: MH#10 (	7,000.75	7,000.75	6,993.91	10.20	6,994.55	Standard	6,994.80	STORM MH
119: I#5 (DP 1)	7,000.94	7,000.94	(N/A)	5.00	6,995.60	Standard	6,996.13	CDOT Type-R
121: MH#23	6,997.20	6,997.20	6,988.82	6.10	6,989.54	Standard	6,989.55	STORM MH
122: MH#24	6,996.25	6,996.25	6,988.00	6.10	6,988.72	Standard	6,988.73	STORM MH
123: DP12	6,996.40	6,996.40	(N/A)	3.90	6,991.01	Standard	6,991.39	CDOT Type-C
124: MH#25 (	6,995.75	6,995.75	6,987.50	10.00	6,988.42	Standard	6,988.71	STORM MH
192: DP 7	7,024.45	7,024.45	(N/A)	0.30	7,023.22	Standard	7,023.33	CDOT FES
193: DP 2	7,024.26	7,024.26	(N/A)	1.70	7,021.71	Standard	7,021.95	CDOT FES
194: DP 3	7,009.43	7,009.43	(N/A)	6.10	7,005.73	Standard	7,006.10	CDOT FES
224: DP11	7,010.95	7,010.95	(N/A)	7.50	7,002.19	Absolute	7,002.19	CDOT TYPE D INLET
226: MH-11	7,026.84	7,026.84	7,021.41	1.60	7,022.16	Absolute	7,022.16	
229: MH-12	7,024.52	7,024.52	7,018.57	0.80	7,018.70	Absolute	7,018.70	

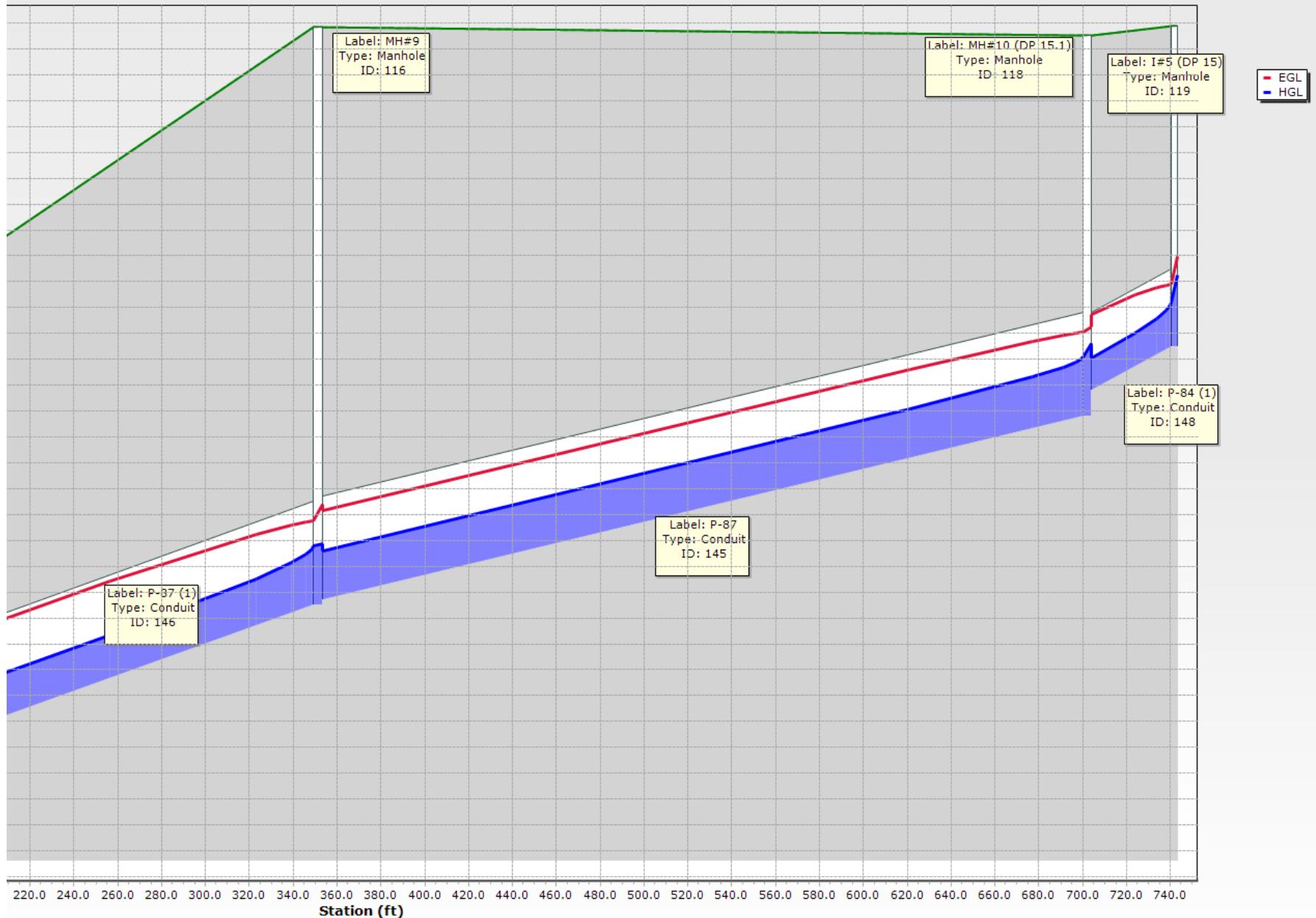
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Notes
107: DP9	7,022.74	7,019.00	Free Outfall		7,019.39	2.90	CDOT FES
108: FES OUTF	7,022.50	7,021.00	User Defined Tailwater	7,022.16	7,022.16	1.60	CDOT FES
110: MH#39	7,018.27	7,016.77	Free Outfall		7,017.05	0.80	CDOT FES
125: OUTLET S	6,991.09	6,986.67	User Defined Tailwater	6,988.30	6,988.30	10.00	CDOT FES

NOTE: EASTONVILLE 12 - INLET & EASTONVILLE 10 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 1 PIPES & STRUCTURES NOT INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO SEGMENT 1 FDR.

EASTONVILLE 7 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 10 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

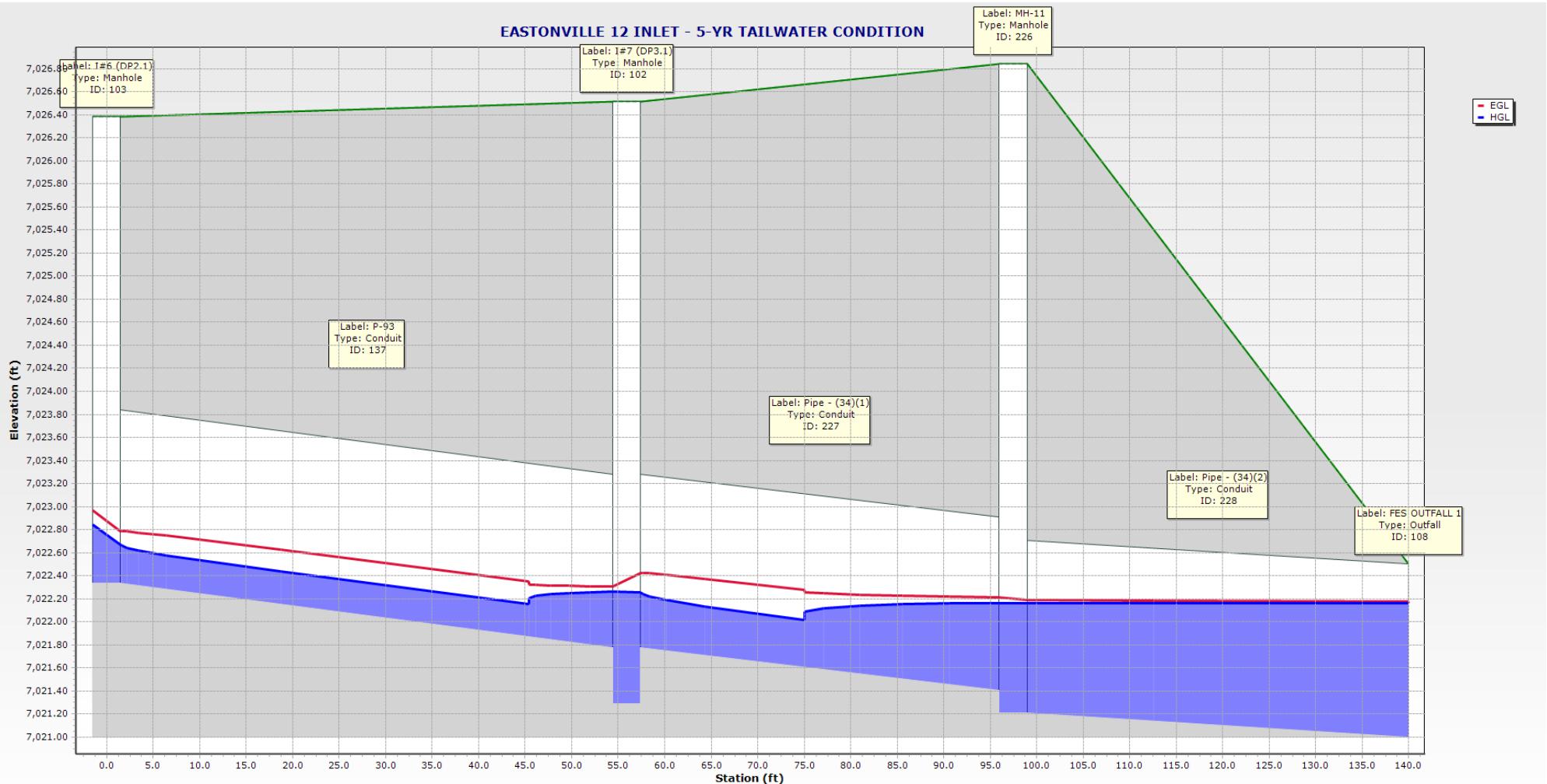


NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS

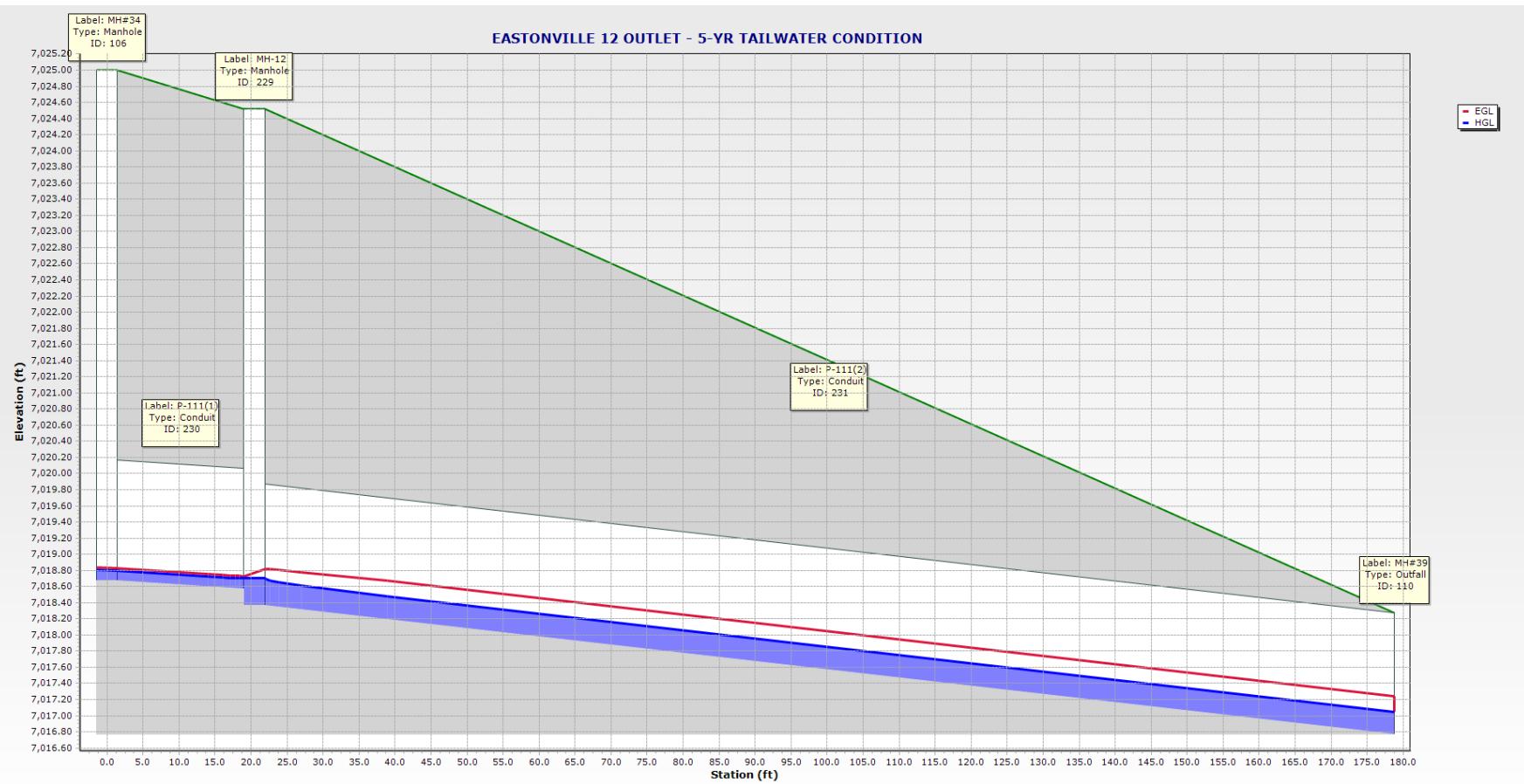
EASTONVILLE 11 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



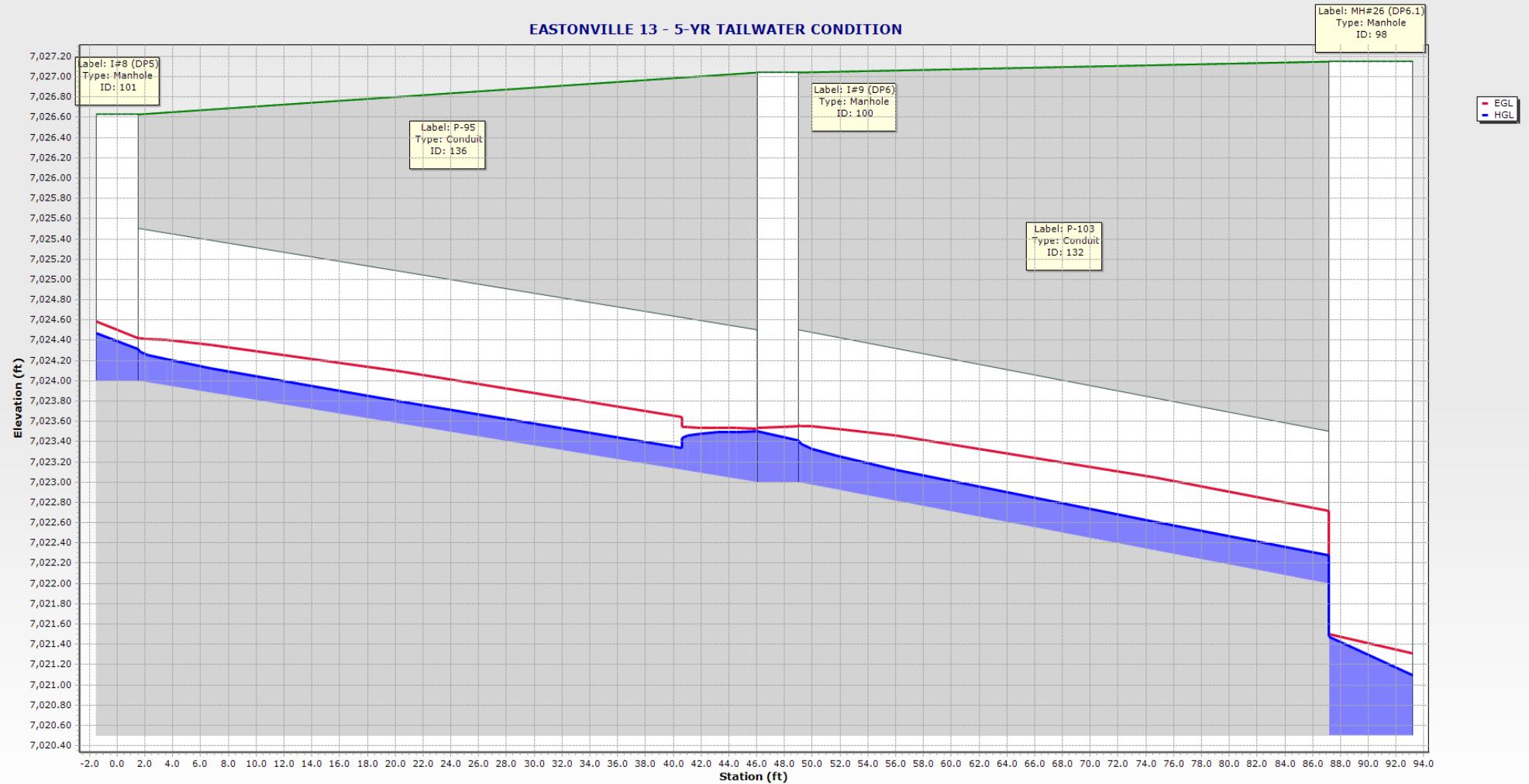
EASTONVILLE 12 INLET - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



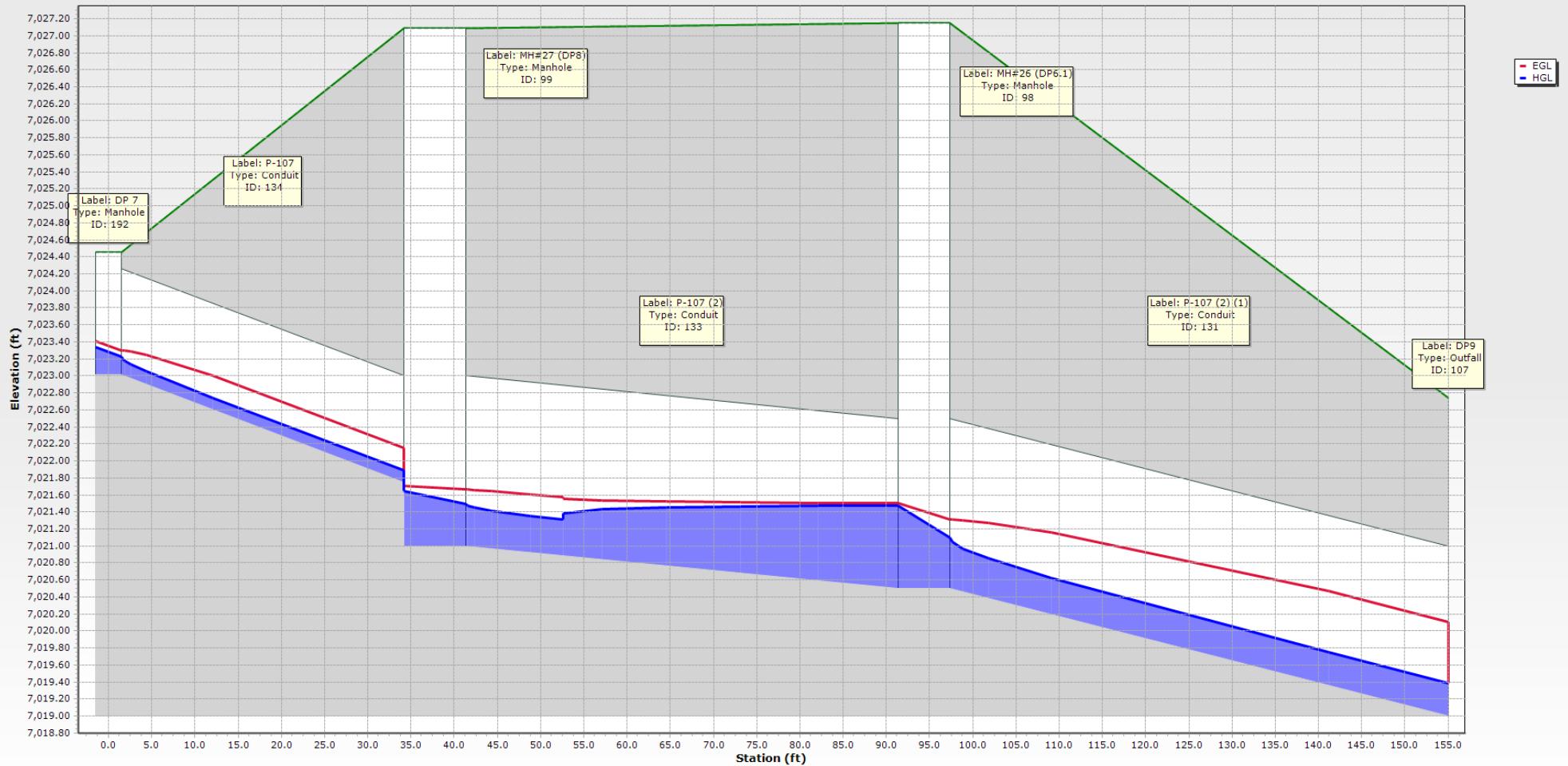
**NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE
OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY
REQUIREMENTS**



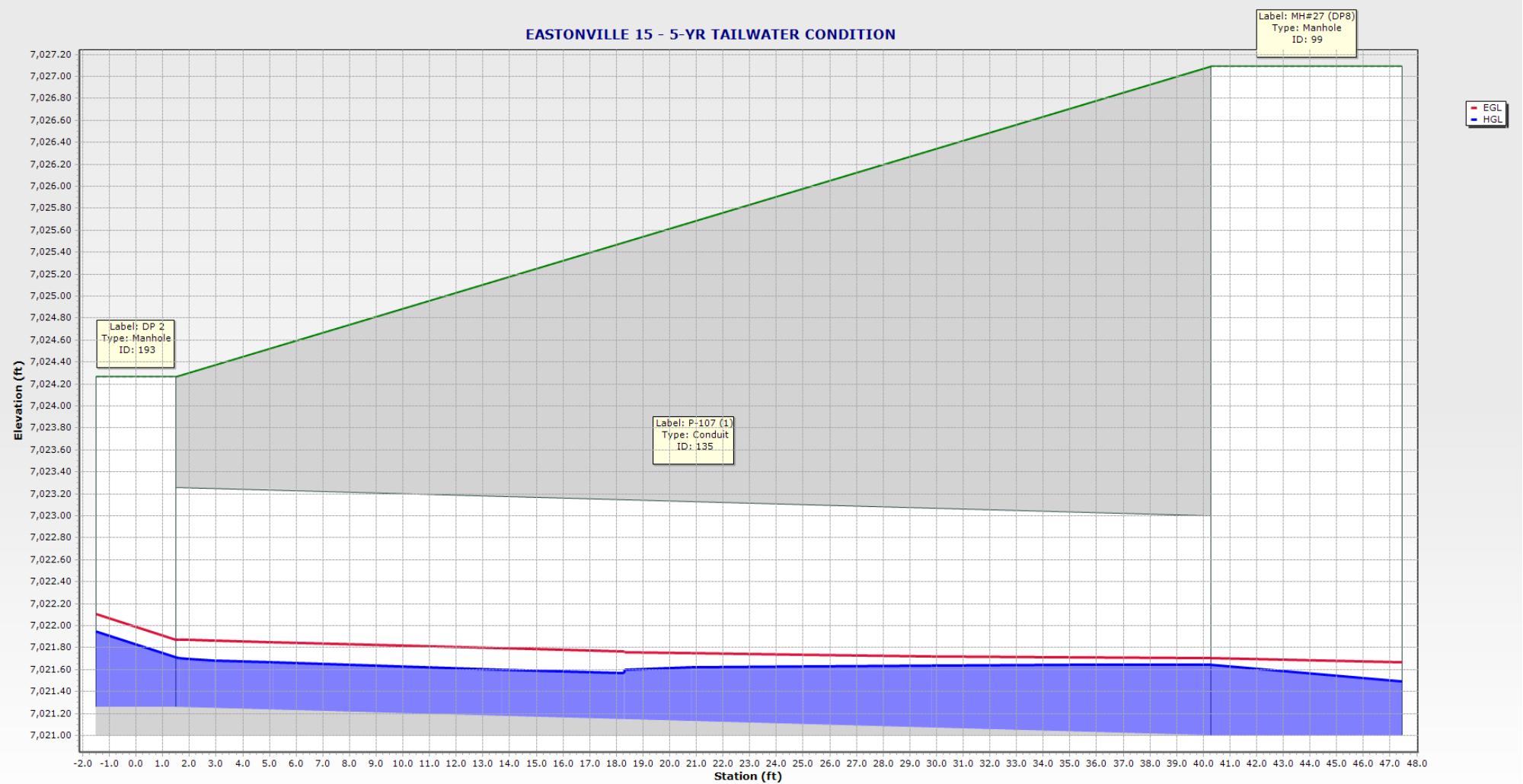
EASTONVILLE 13 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



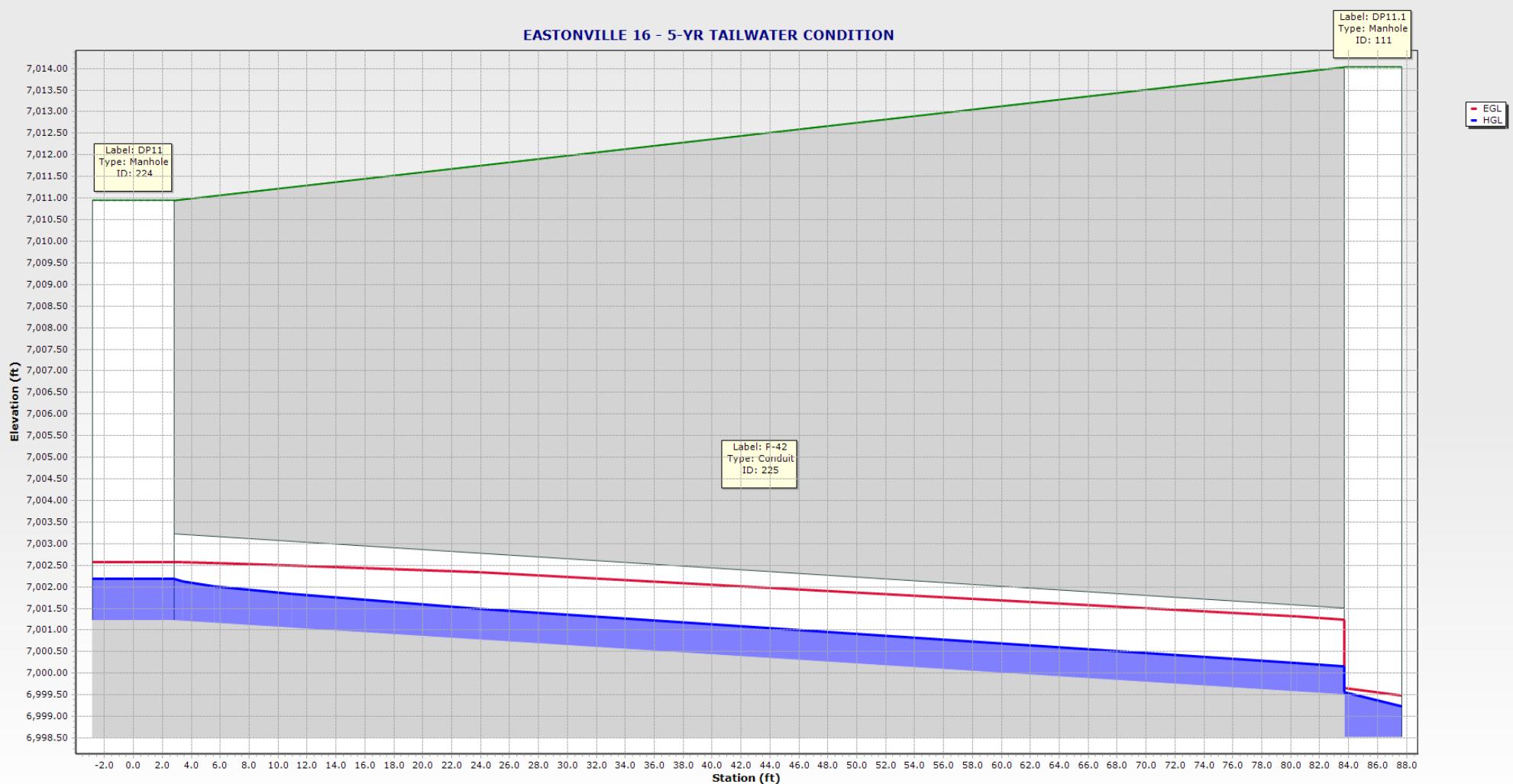
EASTONVILLE 14 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 15 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 16 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



100 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
131: P-107 (2)	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,020.50	DP9	7,019.00	60.7	0.025	24.0	0.013	22.40	11.97	35.57	63.0	7,022.19	7,020.22
132: P-103	I#9 (DP6)	7,023.00	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,022.00	42.7	0.023	18.0	0.013	2.40	6.54	16.08	14.9	7,023.89	7,023.91
133: P-107 (2)	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.00	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,020.50	56.6	0.009	24.0	0.013	21.00	6.68	21.26	98.8	7,024.40	7,023.91
134: P-107	DP 7	7,023.01	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.75	37.8	0.033	15.0	0.013	2.20	1.79	11.81	18.6	7,025.07	7,025.03
135: P-107 (1)	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.00	DP 2	7,021.26	43.9	-0.006	24.0	0.013	18.80	5.98	17.41	108.0	7,025.33	7,025.03
136: P-95	I#8 (DP5)	7,024.00	I#9 (DP6)	7,023.00	47.5	0.021	18.0	0.013	1.30	5.26	15.24	8.5	7,024.43	7,023.94
137: P-93	I#6 (DP2.1)	7,022.34	I#7 (DP3.1)	7,021.78	55.9	0.010	18.0	0.013	1.50	4.22	10.51	14.3	7,022.80	7,022.47
140: P-44 (1)	MH#20	7,001.18	DP11.1	6,998.52	266.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	112.10	8.92	143.63	78.0	7,005.57	7,003.94
141: P-64	DP11.1	6,998.52	MH#22	6,995.26	316.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	112.10	12.80	145.88	76.8	7,001.72	6,997.89
142: P-44	MH#19	7,003.94	MH#20	7,001.28	266.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	112.10	12.64	143.63	78.0	7,007.14	7,005.63
143: P-26	DP 3	7,005.01	MH#19	7,004.04	81.5	0.012	48.0	0.013	112.10	8.92	156.73	71.5	7,009.86	7,009.36
144: P-64 (1)	MH#22	6,995.15	MH#23	6,988.82	316.6	0.020	48.0	0.013	112.10	16.57	203.15	55.2	6,998.35	6,995.32
145: P-87	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.41	MH#9	6,989.86	350.8	0.010	24.0	0.013	17.20	7.96	22.76	75.6	6,994.91	6,991.16
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013	17.20	9.29	27.70	62.1	6,991.26	6,988.76
147: P-84	I#4 (DP14)	6,994.25	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.91	15.1	0.023	18.0	0.013	8.80	9.17	15.77	55.8	6,995.40	6,995.28
148: P-84 (1)	I#5 (DP 15)	6,994.74	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.91	39.7	0.021	18.0	0.013	10.40	9.25	15.18	68.5	6,995.98	6,995.28
149: P-66	MH#23	6,988.82	MH#24	6,988.00	149.0	0.006	48.0	0.013	112.10	8.92	106.64	105.1	6,995.26	6,994.35
150: P-68	MH#24	6,988.00	MH#25 (DP13)	6,987.50	107.8	0.005	48.0	0.013	112.10	8.92	97.84	114.6	6,994.29	6,993.63
151: P-77	DP12	6,990.32	MH#25 (DP13)	6,989.50	28.1	0.029	24.0	0.013	24.60	7.83	38.62	63.7	6,993.96	6,993.63
152: P-74	MH#25 (DP13)	6,987.50	OUTLET SEG...	6,986.67	173.3	0.005	48.0	0.013	136.60	10.87	99.34	137.5	6,991.98	6,990.15
225: P-42	DP11	7,001.22	DP11.1	6,999.51	85.7	0.020	24.0	0.013	44.00	14.01	31.96	137.7	7,007.19	7,003.94
227: Pipe - (34)	I#7 (DP3.1)	7,021.78	MH-11	7,021.41	41.5	0.009	18.0	0.013	3.20	5.00	9.92	32.3	7,022.46	7,022.00
228: Pipe - (34)	MH-11	7,021.21	FES OUTFALL 1	7,021.00	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013	3.20	4.03	7.38	43.3	7,021.90	7,021.68
230: P-111(1)	MH#34	7,018.67	MH-12	7,018.57	20.4	0.005	18.0	0.013	0.80	2.73	7.35	10.9	7,019.00	7,018.90
231: P-111(2)	MH-12	7,018.37	MH#39	7,016.77	158.3	0.010	18.0	0.013	0.80	3.52	10.56	7.6	7,018.70	7,017.05

NOTE: SEE PROFILES BELOW FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

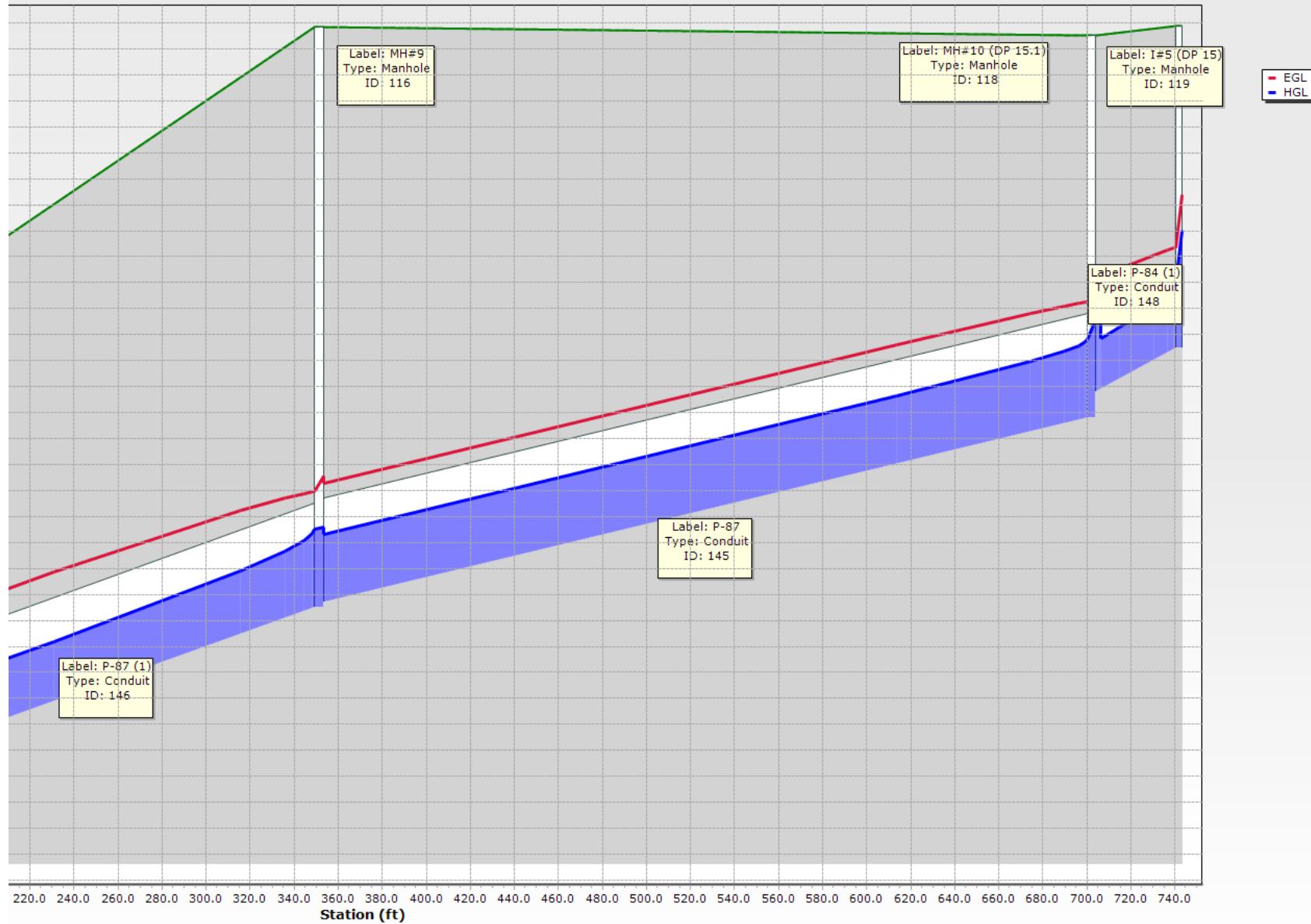
**100 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY
TABLE**

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Notes
98: MH#26 (D)	7,027.15	7,027.15	7,022.00	22.40	7,022.19	Standard	7,023.91	STORM MH
99: MH#27 (D)	7,027.09	7,027.09	7,021.75	21.00	7,024.40	Standard	7,025.03	STORM MH
100: I#9 (DP6)	7,027.04	7,027.04	7,023.00	2.40	7,023.89	Standard	7,023.94	CDOT Type-R
101: I#8 (DP5)	7,026.63	7,026.63	(N/A)	1.30	7,024.43	Standard	7,024.66	CDOT Type-R
102: I#7 (DP3.)	7,026.51	7,026.51	7,021.78	3.20	7,022.46	Standard	7,022.47	CDOT Type-R
103: I#6 (DP2.)	7,026.38	7,026.38	(N/A)	1.50	7,022.80	Standard	7,023.05	CDOT Type-R
106: MH#34	7,025.00	7,025.00	(N/A)	0.80	7,019.00	Standard	7,019.06	CDOT Type-C
111: DP11.1	7,014.03	7,014.03	6,998.52	112.10	7,001.72	Standard	7,003.94	STORM MH
112: MH#20	7,012.41	7,012.41	7,001.28	112.10	7,005.57	Standard	7,005.63	STORM MH
113: MH#19	7,010.85	7,010.85	7,004.04	112.10	7,007.14	Standard	7,009.36	STORM MH
115: MH#22	7,005.85	7,005.85	6,995.26	112.10	6,998.35	Standard	6,998.44	STORM MH
116: MH#9	7,000.92	7,000.92	6,989.86	17.20	6,991.26	Standard	6,991.29	STORM MH
117: I#4 (DP1)	7,000.75	7,000.75	(N/A)	8.80	6,995.40	Standard	6,996.25	CDOT Type-R
118: MH#10 (	7,000.75	7,000.75	6,993.91	17.20	6,994.91	Standard	6,995.28	STORM MH
119: I#5 (DP 1)	7,000.94	7,000.94	(N/A)	10.40	6,995.98	Standard	6,997.01	CDOT Type-R
121: MH#23	6,997.20	6,997.20	6,988.82	112.10	6,995.26	Standard	6,995.32	STORM MH
122: MH#24	6,996.25	6,996.25	6,988.00	112.10	6,994.29	Standard	6,994.35	STORM MH
123: DP12	6,996.40	6,996.40	(N/A)	24.60	6,993.96	Standard	6,995.39	CDOT Type-C
124: MH#25 (	6,995.75	6,995.75	6,987.50	136.60	6,991.98	Standard	6,993.63	STORM MH
192: DP 7	7,024.45	7,024.45	(N/A)	2.20	7,024.45	Standard	7,024.52	CDOT FES
193: DP 2	7,024.26	7,024.26	(N/A)	18.80	7,024.26	Standard	7,025.10	CDOT FES
194: DP 3	7,009.43	7,009.43	(N/A)	112.10	7,009.43	Standard	7,011.29	CDOT FES
224: DP11	7,010.95	7,010.95	(N/A)	44.00	7,007.19	Absolute	7,007.19	CDOT TYPE D INLET
226: MH-11	7,026.84	7,026.84	7,021.41	3.20	7,021.90	Absolute	7,021.90	
229: MH-12	7,024.52	7,024.52	7,018.57	0.80	7,018.70	Absolute	7,018.70	

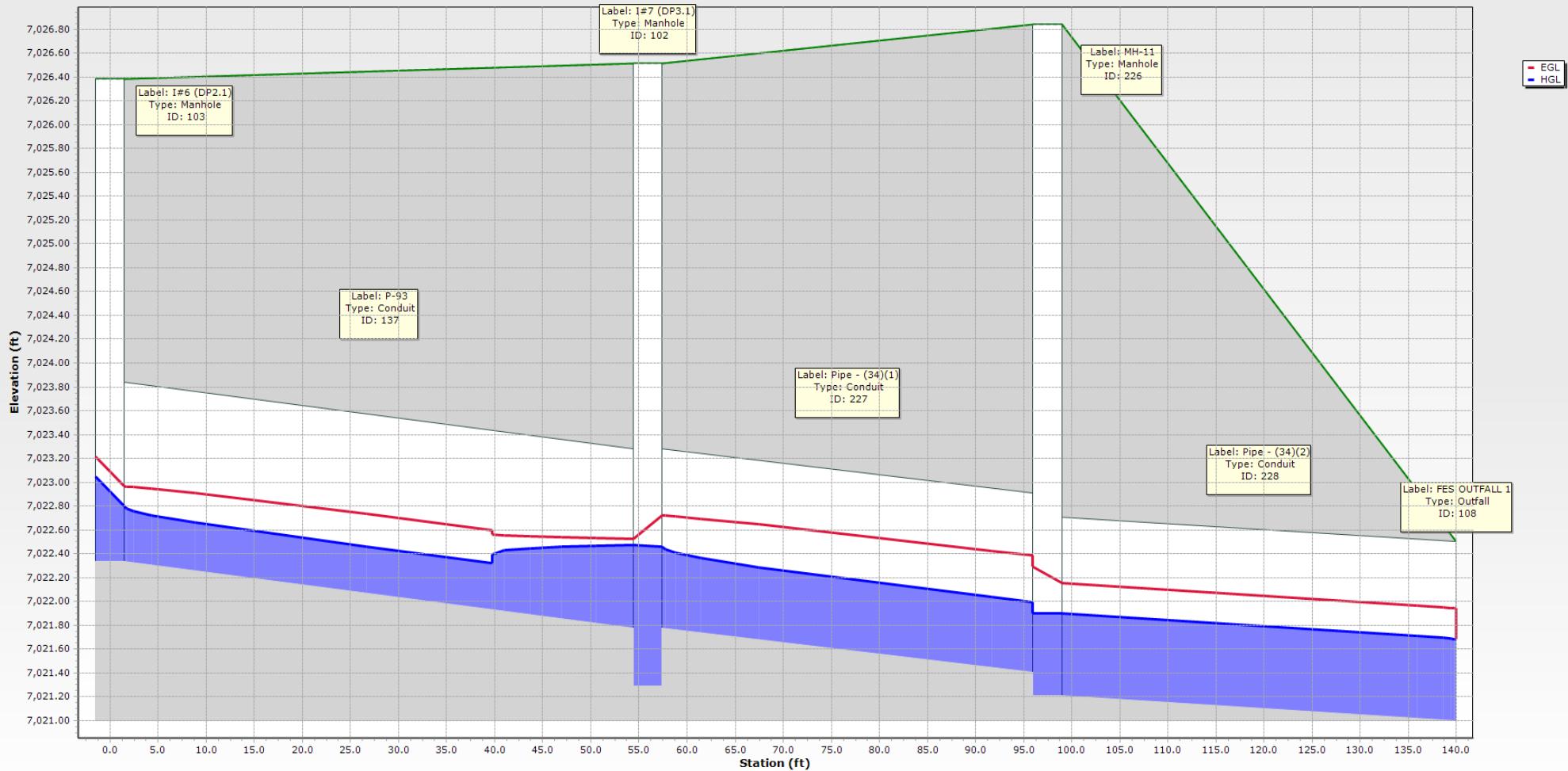
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Notes
107: DP9	7,022.74	7,019.00	Free Outfall		7,020.22	22.40	CDOT FES
108: FES OUTF	7,022.50	7,021.00	Free Outfall		7,021.68	3.20	CDOT FES
110: MH#39	7,018.27	7,016.77	Free Outfall		7,017.05	0.80	CDOT FES
125: OUTLET S	6,991.09	6,986.67	Free Outfall		6,990.15	136.60	CDOT FES

NOTE: SEE PROFILES BELOW FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

EASTONVILLE 10 - 100-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 12 INLET - 100-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



5 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
131: P-107 (2)	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,020.50	DP9	7,019.00	60.7	0.025	24.0	0.013	2.90	6.82	35.57	8.2	7,021.09	7,019.39
132: P-103	I#9 (DP6)	7,023.00	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,022.00	42.7	0.023	18.0	0.013	1.20	5.34	16.08	7.5	7,023.41	7,022.28
133: P-107 (2)	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.00	MH#26 (DP6.1)	7,020.50	56.6	0.009	24.0	0.013	2.00	4.25	21.26	9.4	7,021.49	7,021.47
134: P-107	DP 7	7,023.01	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.75	37.8	0.033	15.0	0.013	0.30	4.09	11.81	2.5	7,023.22	7,021.89
135: P-107 (1)	MH#27 (DP8)	7,021.00	DP 2	7,021.26	43.9	-0.006	24.0	0.013	1.70	3.52	17.41	9.8	7,021.71	7,021.65
136: P-95	I#8 (DP5)	7,024.00	I#9 (DP6)	7,023.00	47.5	0.021	18.0	0.013	0.70	4.38	15.24	4.6	7,024.31	7,023.50
137: P-93	I#6 (DP2.1)	7,022.34	I#7 (DP3.1)	7,021.78	55.9	0.010	18.0	0.013	0.80	3.51	10.51	7.6	7,022.67	7,022.26
140: P-44 (1)	MH#20	7,001.18	DP11.1	6,998.52	266.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	6.10	5.68	143.63	4.2	7,001.90	6,999.57
141: P-64	DP11.1	6,998.52	MH#22	6,995.26	316.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	6.10	5.74	145.88	4.2	6,999.24	6,995.82
142: P-44	MH#19	7,003.94	MH#20	7,001.28	266.5	0.010	48.0	0.013	6.10	5.68	143.63	4.2	7,004.66	7,001.84
143: P-26	DP 3	7,005.01	MH#19	7,004.04	81.5	0.012	48.0	0.013	6.10	6.03	156.73	3.9	7,005.73	7,004.99
144: P-64 (1)	MH#22	6,995.15	MH#23	6,988.82	316.6	0.020	48.0	0.013	6.10	7.23	203.15	3.0	6,995.87	6,989.55
145: P-87	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.41	MH#9	6,989.86	350.8	0.010	24.0	0.013	10.20	7.04	22.76	44.8	6,994.55	6,990.80
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013	10.20	8.15	27.70	36.8	6,990.90	6,988.20
147: P-84	I#4 (DP14)	6,994.25	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.91	15.1	0.023	18.0	0.013	5.20	8.00	15.77	33.0	6,995.13	6,994.80
148: P-84 (1)	I#5 (DP 15)	6,994.74	MH#10 (DP 1...)	6,993.91	39.7	0.021	18.0	0.013	5.00	7.70	15.18	32.9	6,995.60	6,994.80
149: P-66	MH#23	6,988.82	MH#24	6,988.00	149.0	0.006	48.0	0.013	6.10	4.60	106.64	5.7	6,989.54	6,988.73
150: P-68	MH#24	6,988.00	MH#25 (DP13)	6,987.50	107.8	0.005	48.0	0.013	6.10	4.33	97.84	6.2	6,988.72	6,988.71
151: P-77	DP12	6,990.32	MH#25 (DP13)	6,989.50	28.1	0.029	24.0	0.013	3.90	7.89	38.62	10.1	6,991.01	6,989.95
152: P-74	MH#25 (DP13)	6,987.50	OUTLET SEG...	6,986.67	173.3	0.005	48.0	0.013	10.00	5.07	99.34	10.1	6,988.42	6,988.30
225: P-42	DP11	7,001.22	DP11.1	6,999.51	85.7	0.020	24.0	0.013	7.50	8.31	31.96	23.5	7,002.19	7,000.17
227: Pipe - (34	I#7 (DP3.1)	7,021.78	MH-11	7,021.41	41.5	0.009	18.0	0.013	1.60	4.12	9.92	16.1	7,022.25	7,021.82
228: Pipe - (34	MH-11	7,021.21	FES OUTFALL 1	7,021.00	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013	1.60	3.34	7.38	21.7	7,021.69	7,021.47
230: P-111(1)	MH#34	7,018.67	MH-12	7,018.57	20.4	0.005	18.0	0.013	0.10	1.46	7.35	1.4	7,018.79	7,018.70
231: P-111(2)	MH-12	7,018.37	MH#39	7,016.77	158.3	0.010	18.0	0.013	0.80	3.52	10.56	7.6	7,018.70	7,017.05

NOTE: SEE PROFILES BELOW FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

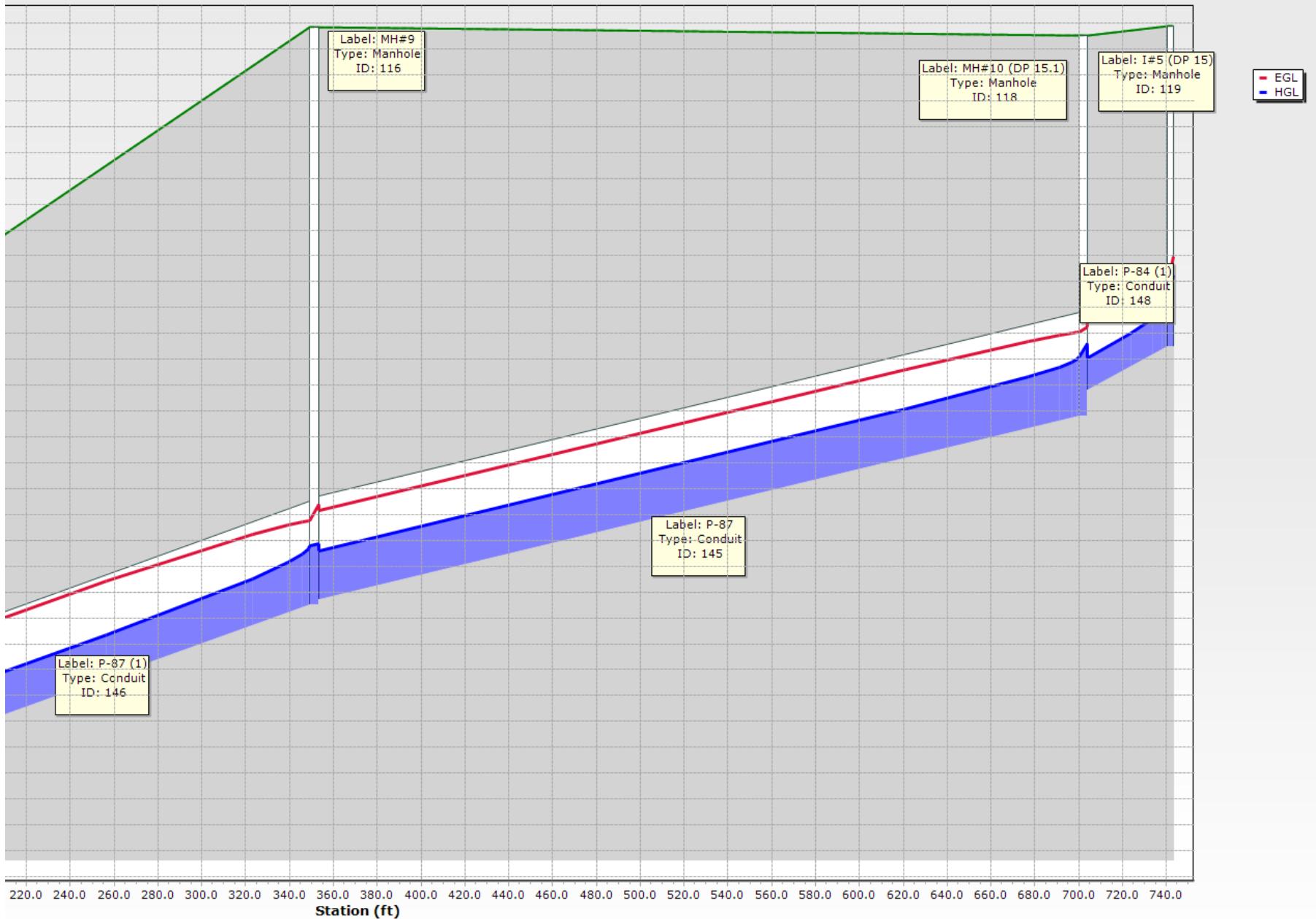
5 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Notes
98: MH#26 (D)	7,027.15	7,027.15	7,022.00	2.90	7,021.09	Standard	7,021.47	STORM MH
99: MH#27 (D)	7,027.09	7,027.09	7,021.75	2.00	7,021.49	Standard	7,021.65	STORM MH
100: I#9 (DP6)	7,027.04	7,027.04	7,023.00	1.20	7,023.41	Standard	7,023.50	CDOT Type-R
101: I#8 (DP5)	7,026.63	7,026.63	(N/A)	0.70	7,024.31	Standard	7,024.47	CDOT Type-R
102: I#7 (DP3)	7,026.51	7,026.51	7,021.78	1.60	7,022.25	Standard	7,022.26	CDOT Type-R
103: I#6 (DP2)	7,026.38	7,026.38	(N/A)	0.80	7,022.67	Standard	7,022.85	CDOT Type-R
106: MH#34	7,025.00	7,025.00	(N/A)	0.10	7,018.79	Standard	7,018.81	CDOT Type-C
111: DP11.1	7,014.03	7,014.03	6,998.52	6.10	6,999.24	Standard	6,999.57	STORM MH
112: MH#20	7,012.41	7,012.41	7,001.28	6.10	7,001.90	Standard	7,001.91	STORM MH
113: MH#19	7,010.85	7,010.85	7,004.04	6.10	7,004.66	Standard	7,004.99	STORM MH
115: MH#22	7,005.85	7,005.85	6,995.26	6.10	6,995.87	Standard	6,995.88	STORM MH
116: MH#9	7,000.92	7,000.92	6,989.86	10.20	6,990.90	Standard	6,990.93	STORM MH
117: I#4 (DP1)	7,000.75	7,000.75	(N/A)	5.20	6,995.13	Standard	6,995.67	CDOT Type-R
118: MH#10 (	7,000.75	7,000.75	6,993.91	10.20	6,994.55	Standard	6,994.80	STORM MH
119: I#5 (DP 1	7,000.94	7,000.94	(N/A)	5.00	6,995.60	Standard	6,996.13	CDOT Type-R
121: MH#23	6,997.20	6,997.20	6,988.82	6.10	6,989.54	Standard	6,989.55	STORM MH
122: MH#24	6,996.25	6,996.25	6,988.00	6.10	6,988.72	Standard	6,988.73	STORM MH
123: DP12	6,996.40	6,996.40	(N/A)	3.90	6,991.01	Standard	6,991.39	CDOT Type-C
124: MH#25 (	6,995.75	6,995.75	6,987.50	10.00	6,988.42	Standard	6,988.71	STORM MH
192: DP 7	7,024.45	7,024.45	(N/A)	0.30	7,023.22	Standard	7,023.33	CDOT FES
193: DP 2	7,024.26	7,024.26	(N/A)	1.70	7,021.71	Standard	7,021.95	CDOT FES
194: DP 3	7,009.43	7,009.43	(N/A)	6.10	7,005.73	Standard	7,006.10	CDOT FES
224: DP11	7,010.95	7,010.95	(N/A)	7.50	7,002.19	Absolute	7,002.19	CDOT TYPE D INLET
226: MH-11	7,026.84	7,026.84	7,021.41	1.60	7,021.69	Absolute	7,021.69	
229: MH-12	7,024.52	7,024.52	7,018.57	0.80	7,018.70	Absolute	7,018.70	

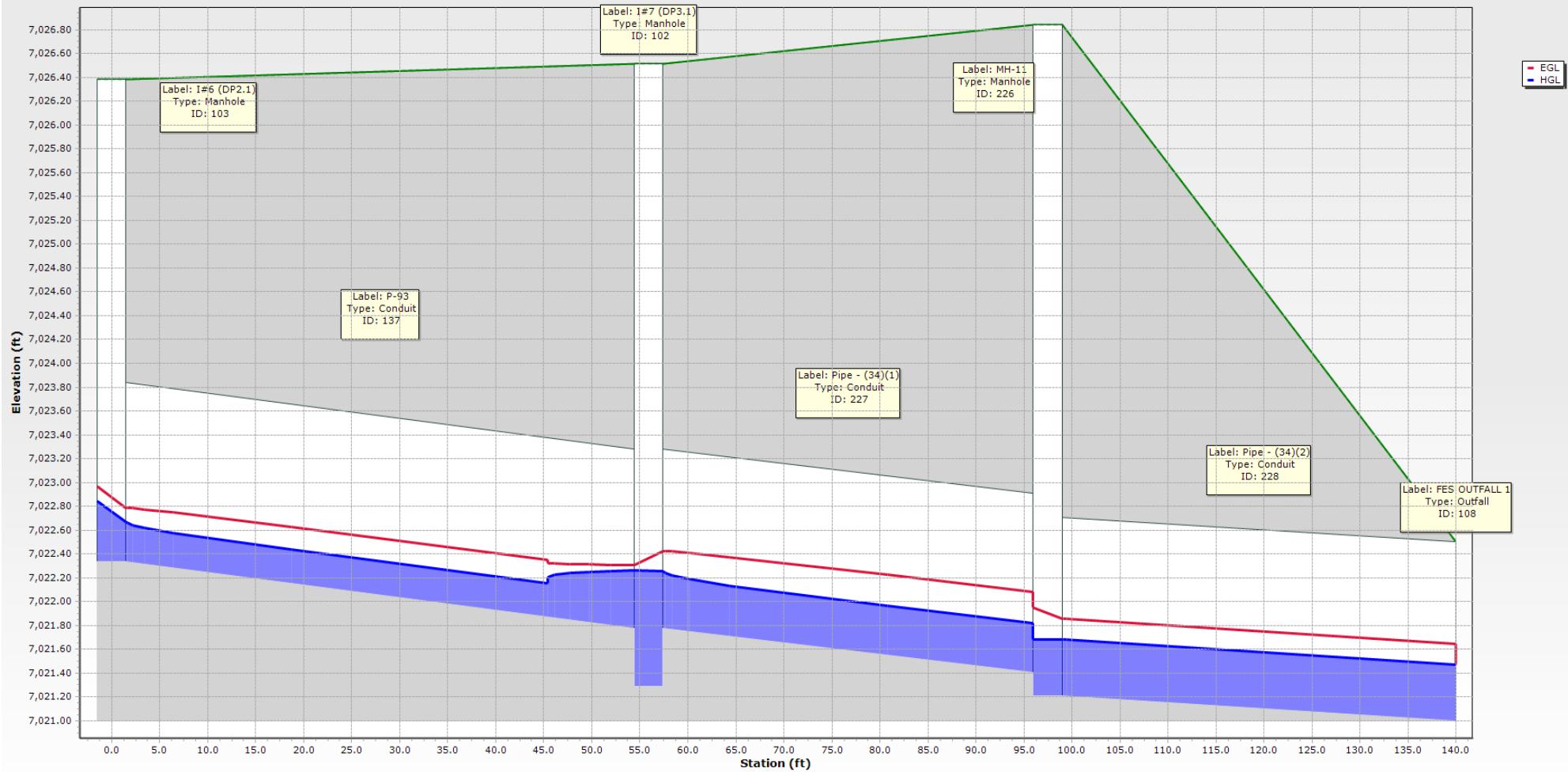
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Notes
107: DP9	7,022.74	7,019.00	Free Outfall		7,019.39	2.90	CDOT FES
108: FES OUTF	7,022.50	7,021.00	Free Outfall		7,021.47	1.60	CDOT FES
110: MH#39	7,018.27	7,016.77	Free Outfall		7,017.05	0.80	CDOT FES
125: OUTLET S	6,991.09	6,986.67	User Defined Tailwater	6,988.30	6,988.30	10.00	CDOT FES

NOTE: SEE PROFILES BELOW FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

EASTONVILLE 10 - 5-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 12 INLET - 5-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



Channel Report

DP3 SWALE

Trapezoidal

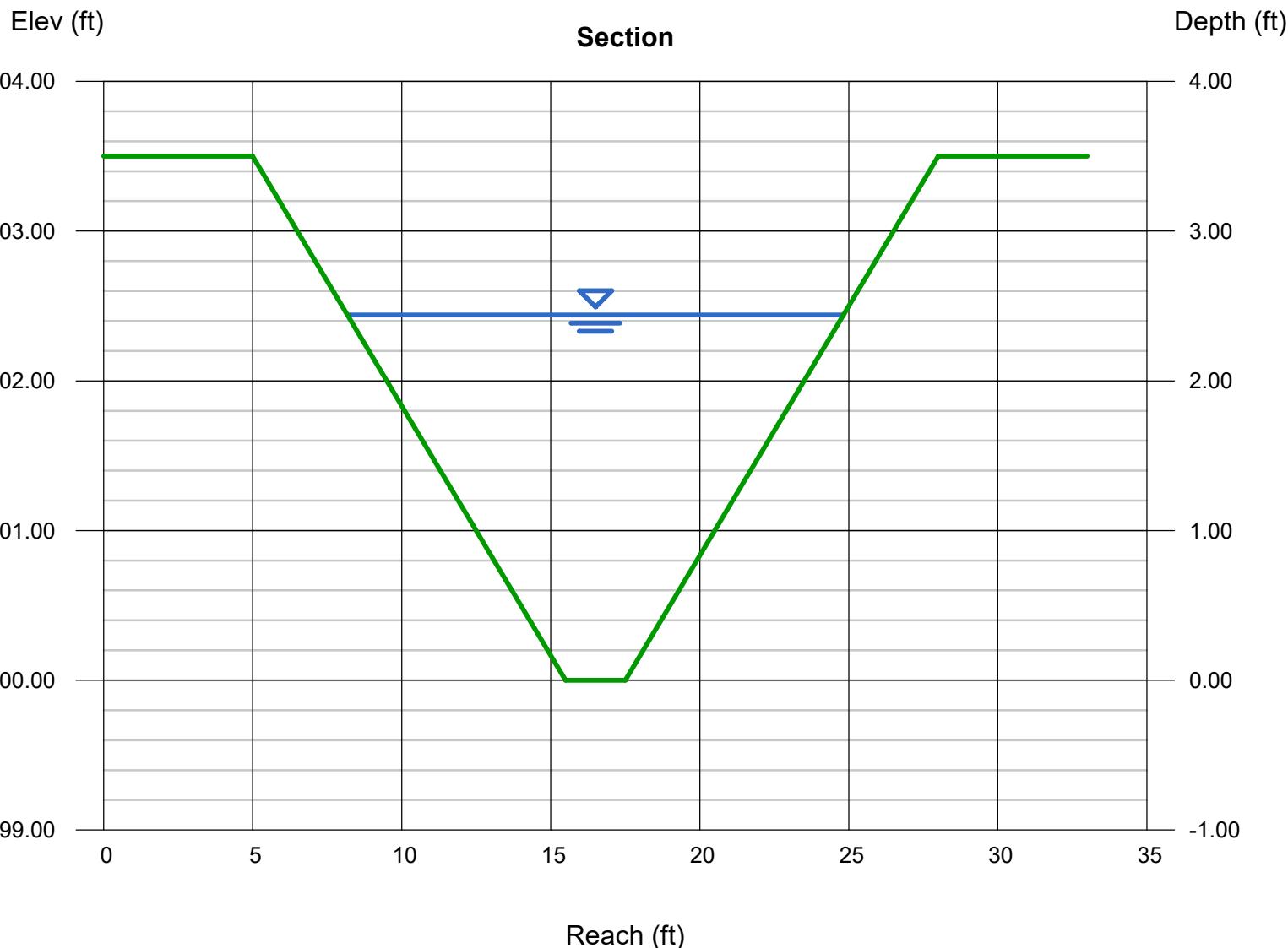
Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 3.50
Invert Elev (ft) = 5500.00
Slope (%) = 0.70
N-Value = 0.030

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 112.00

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 2.44
Q (cfs) = 112.00
Area (sqft) = 22.74
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.93
Wetted Perim (ft) = 17.43
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 2.14
Top Width (ft) = 16.64
EGL (ft) = 2.82



Channel Report

DP4 SWALE

Trapezoidal

Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 2.50
Invert Elev (ft) = 5500.00
Slope (%) = 1.00
N-Value = 0.030

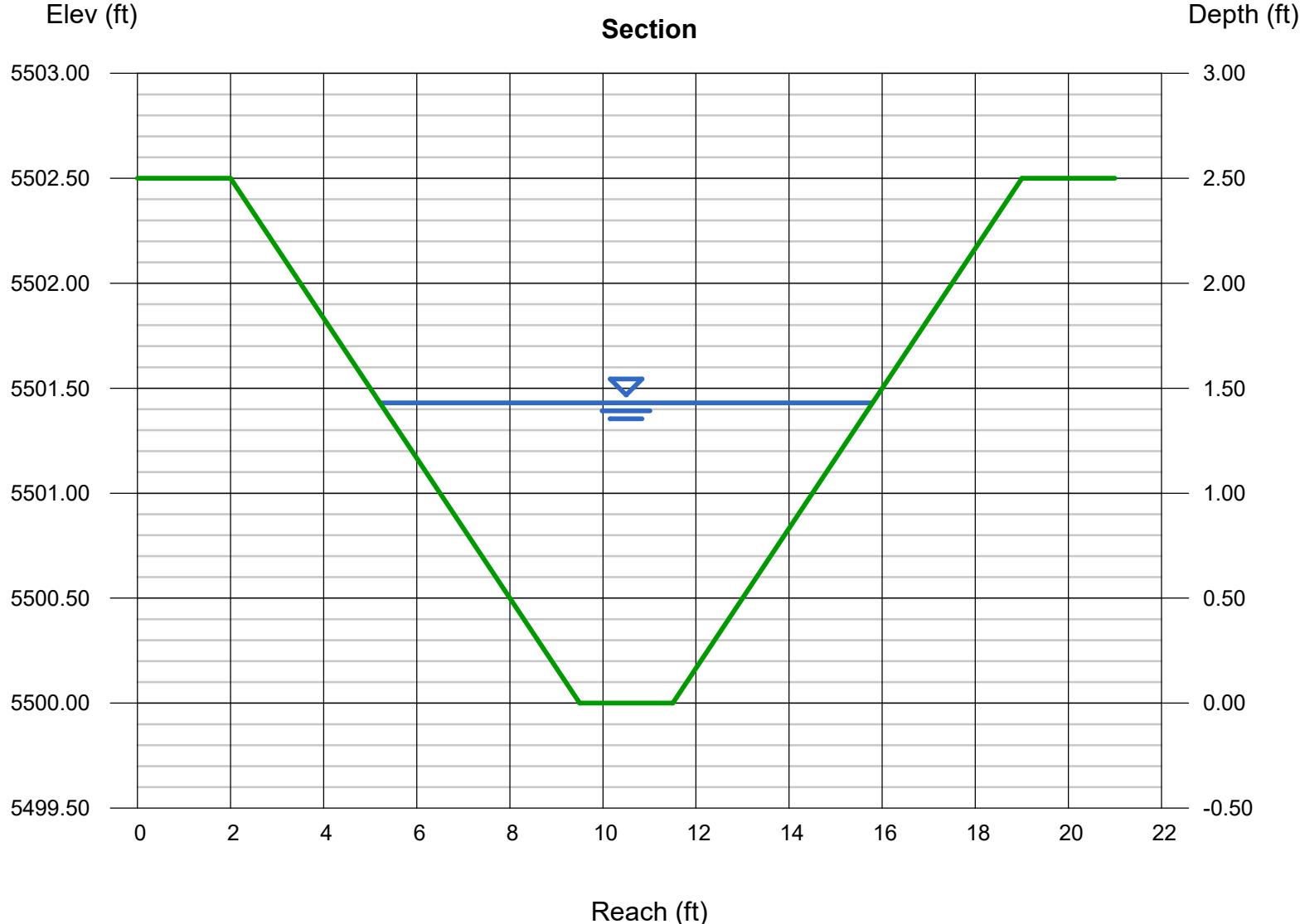
Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.43
Q (cfs) = 38.60
Area (sqft) = 8.99
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.29
Wetted Perim (ft) = 11.04
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.31
Top Width (ft) = 10.58
EGL (ft) = 1.72

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 38.60

Section



Channel Report

DP9 SWALE

Trapezoidal

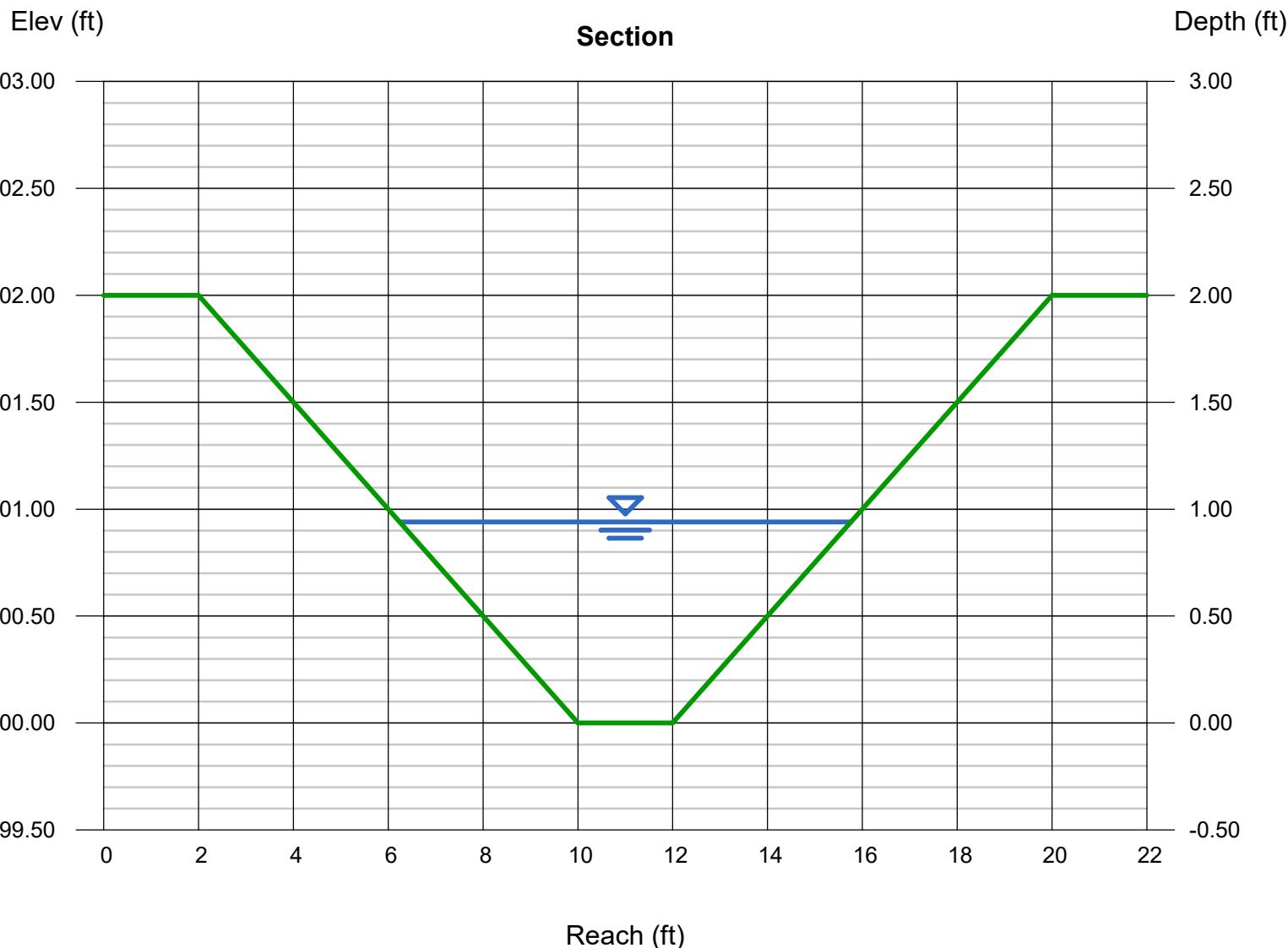
Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 4.00, 4.00
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00
Invert Elev (ft) = 5500.00
Slope (%) = 1.60
N-Value = 0.030

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 22.40

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.94
Q (cfs) = 22.40
Area (sqft) = 5.41
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.14
Wetted Perim (ft) = 9.75
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.93
Top Width (ft) = 9.52
EGL (ft) = 1.21



Channel Report

DP11 SWALE

Trapezoidal

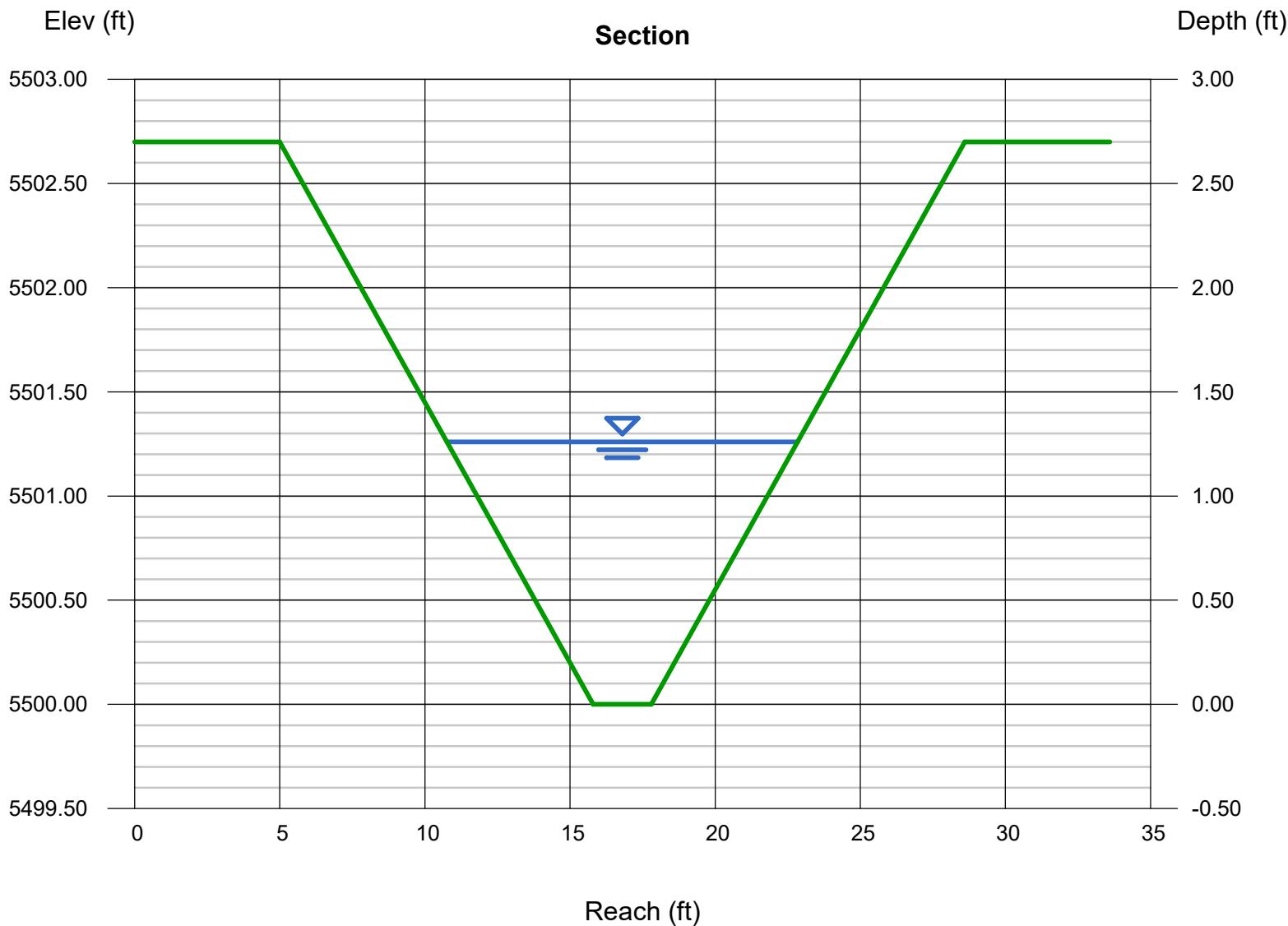
Bottom Width (ft)	= 2.00
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 4.00, 4.00
Total Depth (ft)	= 2.70
Invert Elev (ft)	= 5500.00
Slope (%)	= 1.60
N-Value	= 0.030

Highlighted

Depth (ft)	= 1.26
Q (cfs)	= 44.00
Area (sqft)	= 8.87
Velocity (ft/s)	= 4.96
Wetted Perim (ft)	= 12.39
Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 1.28
Top Width (ft)	= 12.08
EGL (ft)	= 1.64

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 44.00



**EASTONVILLE RD SEG 2**Calc'd by:**SPC****201662.08**Checked by:**CM****DP4.1 (SFB C INLET)**Date:**8/28/2024**

Input Parameters	
Flow (Q)	3.4 cfs
Tailwater depth (Y_t)	0.60 ft
Conduit Diameter (D_c)	18 in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	6.5
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils

Calculated Parameters	
Froude Parameter ($Q/D^{2.5}$)	1.23
$D_{50} =$	1.53 in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type VL
Design $D_{50} =$	6 in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	12 in
Minimum Length of Apron =	4.50 ft

Calculated D_{50} for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2} D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W \right)$$

Equation 9-11

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

 L_p = length of protection (ft)

Where:

 Q = design discharge (cfs) W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits) V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec) Y_t = tailwater depth (ft) A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft^2) θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow**Note:**¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9² Calculations assume a circular culvert³ This spreadsheet assumes $y_t/D_t=0.4$ in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.⁴ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by $1/4 D_c$ for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6

**EASTONVILLE RD SEG 2**Calc'd by:**SPC****201662.08**Checked by:**CM****DP9 (24" RCP CULVERT OUTLET)**Date:**8/28/2024**

Input Parameters	
Flow (Q)	22.4 cfs
Tailwater depth (Y_t)	0.80 ft
Conduit Diameter (D_c)	24 in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	3.5
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils

Calculated Parameters	
Froude Parameter ($Q/D^{2.5}$)	3.96
$D_{50} =$	6.56 in
UDFCM Riprap Type =	Type L
Design $D_{50} =$	9 in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	18 in
Minimum Length of Apron =	12.60 ft

Calculated D_{50} for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2} D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W \right)$$

Equation 9-11

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

 L_p = length of protection (ft)

Where:

 Q = design discharge (cfs) W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits) V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec) Y_t = tailwater depth (ft) A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft^2) θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow**Note:**¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9² Calculations assume a circular culvert³ This spreadsheet assumes $y_t/D_t=0.4$ in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.⁴ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by $1/4 D_c$ for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6

**EASTONVILLE RD SEG 2**Calc'd by:**SPC****201662.08**Checked by:**CM****DP10 (SFB C OUTLET)**Date:**8/28/2024**

Input Parameters	
Flow (Q)	2.3 cfs
Tailwater depth (Y_t)	0.60 ft
Conduit Diameter (D_c)	18 in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	6.5
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils

Calculated Parameters	
Froude Parameter ($Q/D^{2.5}$)	0.83
$D_{50} =$	1.04 in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type VL
Design $D_{50} =$	6 in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	12 in
Minimum Length of Apron =	4.50 ft

Calculated D_{50} for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2} D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W \right)$$

Equation 9-11

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

 L_p = length of protection (ft)

Where:

 Q = design discharge (cfs) W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits) V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec) Y_t = tailwater depth (ft) A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft^2) θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow**Note:**¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9² Calculations assume a circular culvert³ This spreadsheet assumes $y_t/D_t=0.4$ in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.⁴ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by $1/4 D_c$ for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6

**EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1**Calc'd by:**SPC****201662.08**Checked by:**CM****DP13.1**Date:**8/28/2024**

Input Parameters	
Flow (Q)	183.1 cfs
Tailwater depth (Y_t)	1.60 ft
Conduit Diameter (D_c)	48 in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	2
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils

Calculated Parameters	
Froude Parameter ($Q/D_c^{2.5}$)	5.72
$D_{50} =$	18.97 in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type VH
Design $D_{50} =$	24 in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	48 in
Minimum Length of Apron =	37.78 ft

Calculated D_{50} for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2} D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{V} - W \right)$$

Equation 9-11

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

 L_p = length of protection (ft)

Where:

 Q = design discharge (cfs) W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits) V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec) Y_t = tailwater depth (ft) A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft^2) θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow**Note:**¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9² Calculations assume a circular culvert³ This spreadsheet assumes $y_t/D_t=0.4$ in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.⁴ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by $1/4 D_c$ for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6

Riprap Sizing - Spillway					
SFB-C	q (cfs/ft)	S (ft/ft)	C _f	n	D ₅₀ min. (in)
	0.16	0.02	3	0.025	0.76
Type VL Riprap (D₅₀ = 6") will be utilized for the spillway protection					

$$D_{50} = 5.23 S^{0.43} (1.35 C_f q)^{0.56}$$

Equation 13-9

Where:

D_{50} = median rock size (in)
 S = longitudinal slope (ft/ft)
 C_f = concentration factor (1.0 to 3.0)
 q = unit discharge (cfs/ft)

When:

η (porosity) = 0.0 (i.e., for buried soil riprap)

APPENDIX D – WATER QUALITY & DETENTION

Design Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 2

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: August 28, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 2 Improvements
Location: El Paso County, CO

<p>1. Basin Storage Volume</p> <p>A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I_a (100% if all paved and roofed areas upstream of sand filter)</p> <p>B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a/100$)</p> <p>C) Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Based on 12-hour Drain Time $WQCV = 0.8 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i)$</p> <p>D) Contributing Watershed Area (including sand filter area)</p> <p>E) Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume $V_{WQCV} = WQCV / 12 * \text{Area}$</p> <p>F) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm</p> <p>G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume</p> <p>H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)</p>	$I_a = \boxed{54.0} \%$ $i = \boxed{0.540}$ $WQCV = \boxed{0.17}$ watershed inches $\text{Area} = \boxed{27,443}$ sq ft $V_{WQCV} = \boxed{398}$ cu ft $d_6 = \boxed{}$ in $V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = \boxed{}$ cu ft $V_{WQCV\ USER} = \boxed{}$ cu ft
<p>2. Basin Geometry</p> <p>A) WQCV Depth</p> <p>B) Sand Filter Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred). Use "0" if sand filter has vertical walls.</p> <p>C) Minimum Filter Area (Flat Surface Area)</p> <p>D) Actual Filter Area</p> <p>E) Volume Provided</p>	$D_{WQCV} = \boxed{1.0}$ ft $Z = \boxed{4.00}$ ft / ft $A_{Min} = \boxed{185}$ sq ft $A_{Actual} = \boxed{200}$ sq ft $V_T = \boxed{4288}$ cu ft
<p>3. Filter Material</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> 18" CDOT Class B or C Filter Material</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other (Explain): _____ _____</p>
<p>4. Underdrain System</p> <p>A) Are underdrains provided?</p> <p>B) Underdrain system orifice diameter for 12 hour drain time</p> <p>i) Distance From Lowest Elevation of the Storage Volume to the Center of the Orifice</p> <p>ii) Volume to Drain in 12 Hours</p> <p>iii) Orifice Diameter, 3/8" Minimum</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> YES</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NO</p> <p>$y = \boxed{2.0}$ ft</p> <p>$Vol_{12} = \boxed{398}$ cu ft</p> <p>$D_O = \boxed{7/16}$ in</p>

Design Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)

Sheet 2 of 2

Designer: SPC

Company: HR Green

Date: August 28, 2024

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 2 Improvements

Location: El Paso County, CO

5. Impermeable Geomembrane Liner and Geotextile Separator Fabric

- A) Is an impermeable liner provided due to proximity of structures or groundwater contamination?

Choose One

YES NO

6. Inlet / Outlet Works

- A) Describe the type of energy dissipation at inlet points and means of conveying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet

Energy dissipation at inlet points provided via riprap, and means of conveying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet is via the modified type 'C' inlet outlet structure grate, and a restricted outlet pipe.

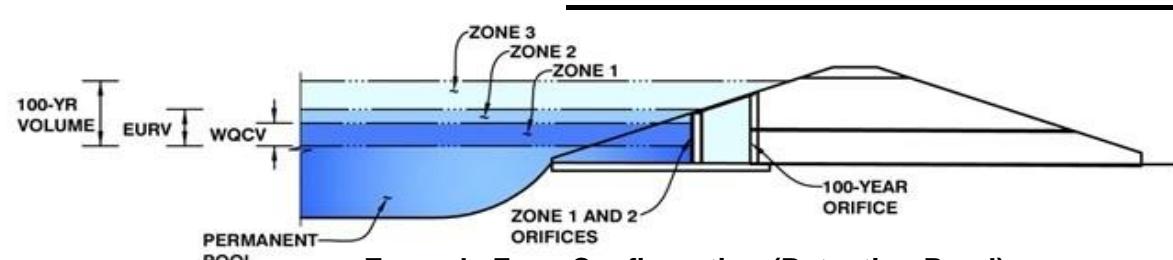
Notes:

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road

Basin ID: POND C



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	SF
Watershed Area =	0.63 ac
Watershed Length =	171 ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	85 ft
Watershed Slope =	0.018 ft/f
Watershed Imperviousness =	54.00% per
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	0.0% per
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	100.0% per
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0% per
Target WQCV Drain Time =	12.0 hours

Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths = User Input

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

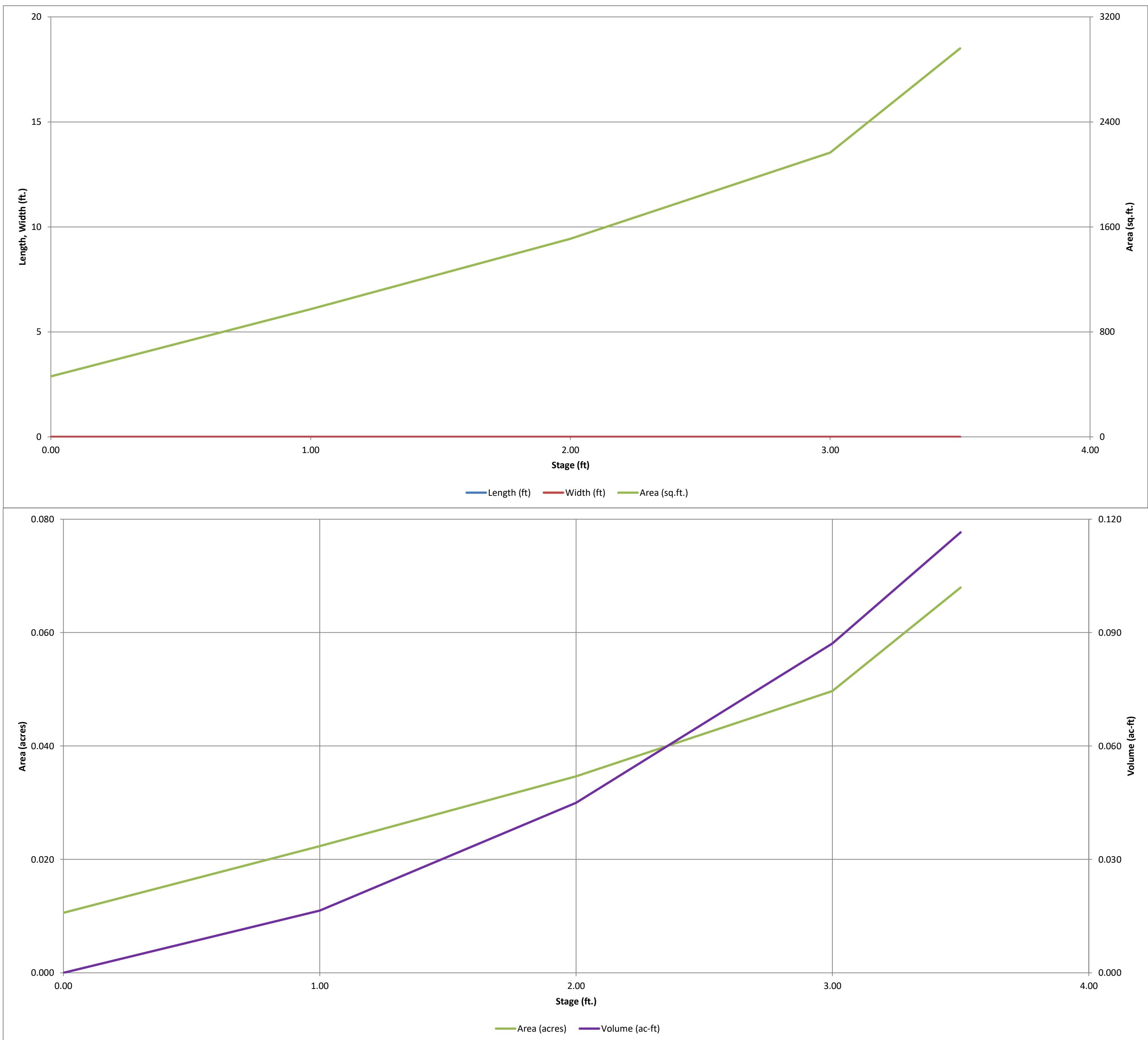
the Embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.		Optional User Override
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.009	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.037	acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 0.93$ in.) =	0.023	acre-feet
5-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 1.21$ in.) =	0.032	acre-feet
10-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 1.46$ in.) =	0.043	acre-feet
25-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 1.84$ in.) =	0.063	acre-feet
50-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 2.16$ in.) =	0.079	acre-feet
100-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 2.49$ in.) =	0.097	acre-feet
500-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 3.37$ in.) =	0.142	acre-feet
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.022	acre-feet
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.031	acre-feet
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.041	acre-feet
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.050	acre-feet
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.054	acre-feet
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.062	acre-feet

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.009	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.027	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.025	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.062	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	N/A	ft ³
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	N/A	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H _{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H _{TC}) =	N/A	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S _{TC}) =	N/A	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S _{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R _{L/W}) =	user	
Initial Surcharge Area (A _{ISV}) =	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length (L _{ISV}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W _{ISV}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor (V _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin (H _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A _{MAIN}) =	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin (V _{MAIN}) =	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V _{total}) =	user	acre-feet

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

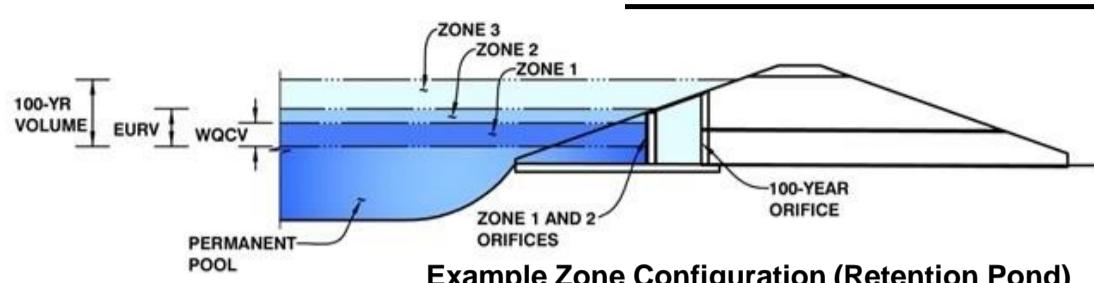


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road

Basin ID: POND C



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.64	0.009	Filtration Media
Zone 2 (EURV)	1.75	0.027	Filtration Media
Zone 3 (100-year)	2.44	0.025	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		0.062	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = **1.98** ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter = **0.48** inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain	
Underdrain Orifice Area =	0.0 ft ²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	0.02 feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice = **N/A** ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = **N/A** ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = **N/A** inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = **N/A** sq. inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate	
WQ Orifice Area per Row =	N/A ft ²
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A ft ²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	Row 1 (optional)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Invert of Vertical Orifice = **N/A** ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice = **N/A** ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter = **N/A** inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice	
Not Selected	N/A ft ²
Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho = **1.85** ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length = **3.00** feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope = **0.00** H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = **3.00** feet
Overflow Grate Type = **Type C Grate**
Debris Clogging % = **50%** %

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir	
Zone 3 Weir	1.85 N/A feet
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H _t =	3.00 N/A feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	72.80 N/A ft ²
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	6.26 N/A ft ²
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	3.13 N/A ft ²
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = **2.00** ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter = **12.00** inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = **2.00** inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate	
Zone 3 Restrictor	0.09 ft ²
Outlet Orifice Area =	0.10 feet
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.84 radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage = **2.86** ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length = **12.00** feet
Spillway End Slopes = **4.00** H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface = **1.00** feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway	
Spillway Design Flow Depth =	0.14 feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	4.00 feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.07 acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	0.12 acre-ft

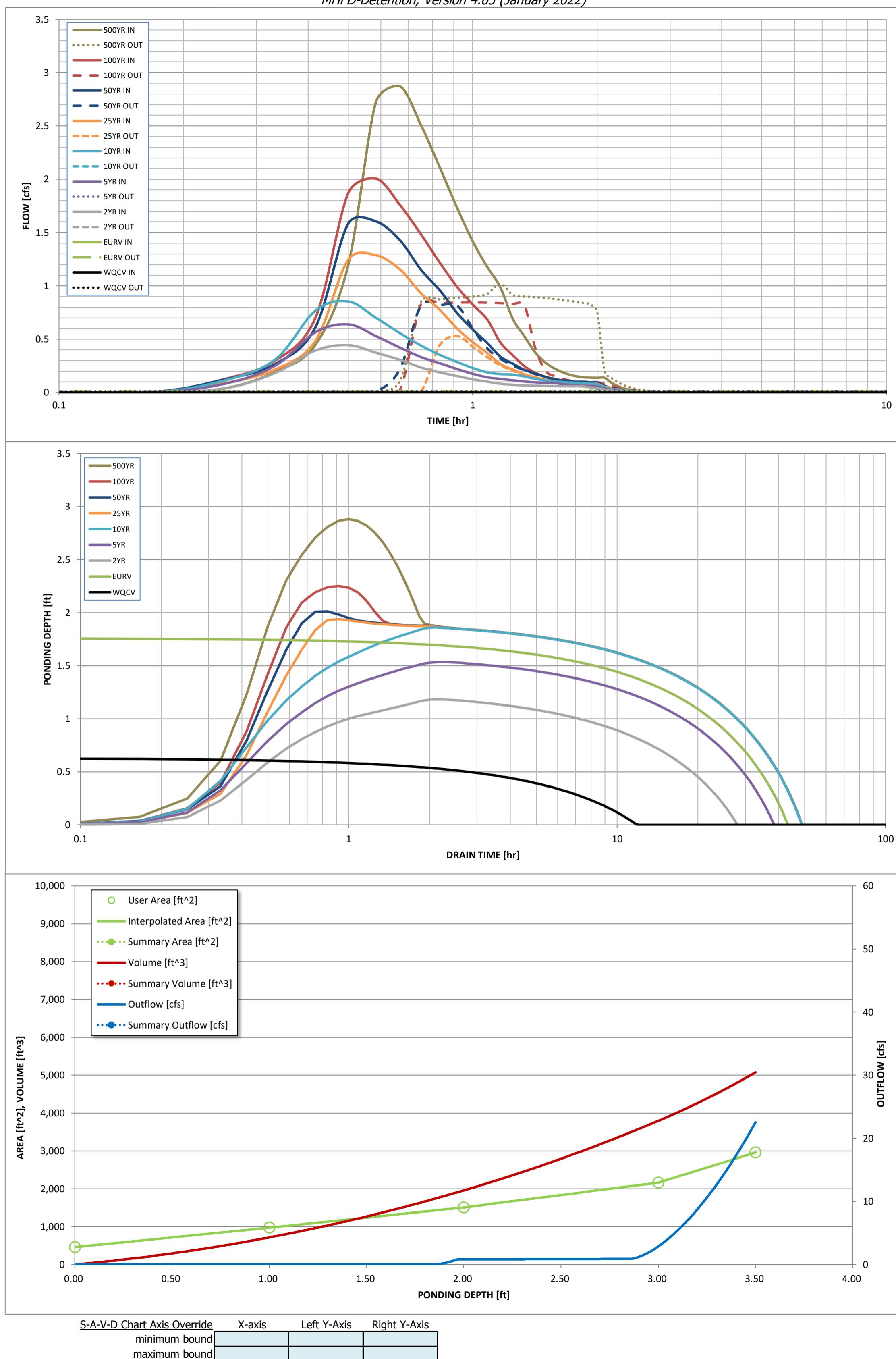
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	0.93	1.21	1.46	1.84	2.16	2.49	3.37
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.009	0.037	0.023	0.032	0.043	0.063	0.079	0.097	0.142
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.023	0.032	0.043	0.063	0.079	0.097	0.142
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.6
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.01	0.12	0.32	0.87	1.20	1.59	2.49
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.9
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.8	0.8	1.0
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.2	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.6
Structure Controlling Flow =	Filtration Media	Filtration Media	Filtration Media	Filtration Media	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	12	42	27	37	47	46	46	45	43
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	12	43	28	38	48	48	48	47	47
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	0.64	1.77	1.18	1.54	1.86	1.94	2.01	2.25	2.88
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.009	0.037	0.021	0.030	0.040	0.043	0.045	0.054	0.081

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 3

Designer:	SPC
Company:	HR Green
Date:	August 23, 2024
Project:	Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE CONDITIONS
Location:	EL PASO COUNTY, CO

1. Basin Storage Volume

- A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I_a
- B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a / 100$)
- C) Contributing Watershed Area
- D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm
- E) Design Concept
(Select EURV when also designing for flood control)
- F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time
 $V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area)$
- G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region,
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
($V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = d_6 * (V_{DESIGN}/0.43)$)
- H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
(Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)
- I) NRCS Hydrologic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed
 - i) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils
 - ii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils
 - iii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type C/D Soils
- J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume
For HSG A: $EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}$
For HSG B: $EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}$
For HSG C/D: $EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}$
- K) User Input of Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume
(Only if a different EURV Design Volume is desired)

$$I_a = 67.0 \%$$

$$i = 0.670$$

$$\text{Area} = 9.020 \text{ ac}$$

$$d_6 = 0.42 \text{ in}$$

Choose One

- Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)
- Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)

$$V_{DESIGN} = \text{[] ac-ft}$$

$$V_{DESIGN\ OTHER} = 0.192 \text{ ac-ft}$$

$$V_{DESIGN\ USER} = \text{[] ac-ft}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{HSG A} &= 100 \% \\ \text{HSG B} &= 0 \% \\ \text{HSG C/D} &= 0 \% \end{aligned}$$

$$EURV_{DESIGN} = 0.756 \text{ ac-ft}$$

$$EURV_{DESIGN\ USER} = \text{[] ac-ft}$$

2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio

(A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)

$$L : W = 2.0 : 1$$

3. Basin Side Slopes

- A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes
(Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)

$$Z = 4.00 \text{ ft / ft}$$

4. Inlet

- A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:

5. Forebay

- A) Minimum Forebay Volume
 $V_{FMIN} = 3\% \text{ of the WQCV}$
- B) Actual Forebay Volume
- C) Forebay Depth
($D_F = 18 \text{ inch maximum}$)
- D) Forebay Discharge
 - i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge
 - ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow
($Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}$)
- E) Forebay Discharge Design

$$V_{FMIN} = 0.006 \text{ ac-ft}$$

$$V_F = 0.006 \text{ ac-ft}$$

$$D_F = 15.0 \text{ in}$$

$$Q_{100} = 26.00 \text{ cfs}$$

$$Q_F = 0.52 \text{ cfs}$$

- Choose One
- Berm With Pipe
 - Wall with Rect. Notch
 - Wall with V-Notch Weir

Flow too small for berm w/ pipe

$$\text{Calculated } D_F = \text{[] in}$$

$$\text{Calculated } W_N = 4.3 \text{ in}$$



Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 2 of 3

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: August 23, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE CONDITIONS
Location: EL PASO COUNTY, CO

<p>6. Trickle Channel</p> <p>A) Type of Trickle Channel</p> <p>F) Slope of Trickle Channel</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Concrete</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Soft Bottom</p> <p>S = <input type="text" value="0.0050"/> ft / ft</p>
<p>7. Micropool and Outlet Structure</p> <p>A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum)</p> <p>B) Surface Area of Micropool (10 ft² minimum)</p> <p>C) Outlet Type</p> <p>D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing (Use UD-Detention)</p> <p>E) Total Outlet Area</p>	<p>$D_M = \boxed{2.5}$ ft</p> <p>$A_M = \boxed{10}$ sq ft</p> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Orifice Plate</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other (Describe):</p> <p>$D_{\text{orifice}} = \boxed{1.00}$ inches</p> <p>$A_{\text{ot}} = \boxed{5.50}$ square inches</p>
<p>8. Initial Surcharge Volume</p> <p>A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches)</p> <p>B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of 0.3% of the WQCV)</p> <p>C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool</p>	<p>$D_{\text{IS}} = \boxed{4}$ in</p> <p>$V_{\text{IS}} = \boxed{25}$ cu ft</p> <p>$V_s = \boxed{3.3}$ cu ft</p>
<p>9. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: $A_t = A_{\text{ot}} * 38.5 * (e^{-0.095D})$</p> <p>B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open area to the total screen area for the material specified.)</p> <p>Other (Y/N): <input type="text" value="N"/></p> <p>C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')</p> <p>D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)</p> <p>E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E)</p> <p>F) Height of Water Quality Screen (H_{TR})</p> <p>G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening (W_{opening}) (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended)</p>	<p>$A_t = \boxed{193}$ square inches</p> <p>S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area</p> <p>User Ratio = <input type="text"/></p> <p>$A_{\text{total}} = \boxed{321}$ sq. in.</p> <p>$H = \boxed{5.05}$ feet</p> <p>$H_{\text{TR}} = \boxed{88.6}$ inches</p> <p>$W_{\text{opening}} = \boxed{12.0}$ inches VALUE LESS THAN RECOMMENDED MIN. WIDTH. WIDTH HAS BEEN SET TO 12 INCHES.</p>

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 3 of 3

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: August 23, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE CONDITIONS
Location: EL PASO COUNTY, CO

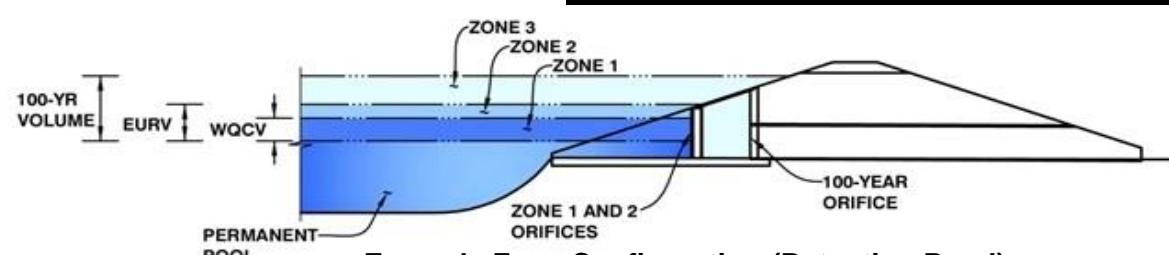
<p>10. Overflow Embankment</p> <p>A) Describe embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping:</p> <p>B) Slope of Overflow Embankment (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p>Ze = <input type="text" value="4.00"/> ft / ft</p>
<p>11. Vegetation</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Irrigated</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Irrigated</p>
<p>12. Access</p> <p>A) Describe Sediment Removal Procedures</p>	
<p>Notes:</p> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road

Basin ID: POND B: Ultimate Conditions (INCLUDES SEGMENT 2 FLOW) [BASINS EA6 - EA10]



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	EDB
Watershed Area =	9.02
Watershed Length =	1,750
Watershed Length to Centroid =	500
Watershed Slope =	0.009
Watershed Imperviousness =	67.00%
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	100.0%
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	0.0%
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0

Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths = User Input

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

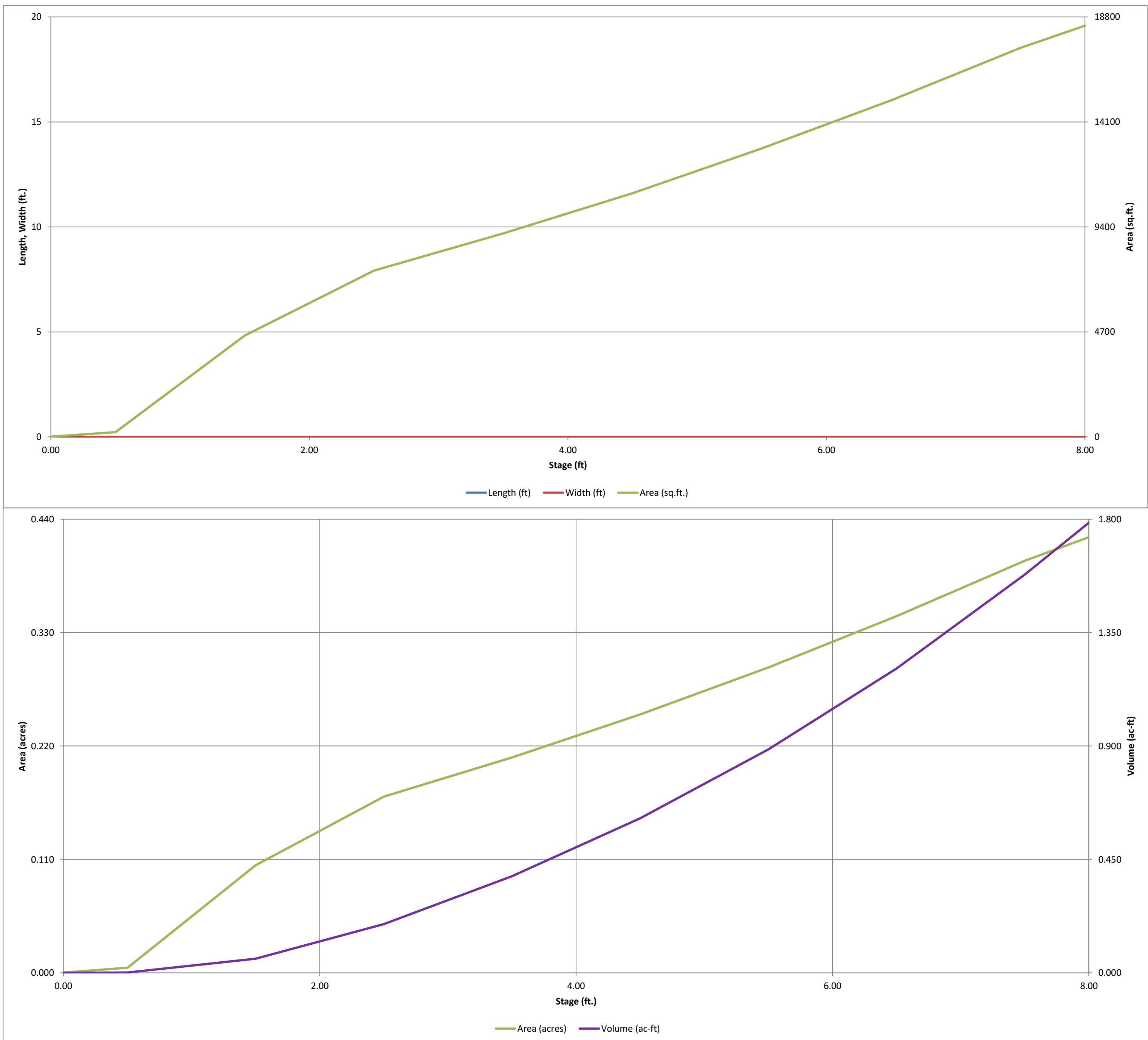
Optional User Overrides	
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.197 acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.756 acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 1.19$ in.) =	0.556 acre-feet
5-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 1.5$ in.) =	0.728 acre-feet
10-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 1.75$ in.) =	0.866 acre-feet
25-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 2$ in.) =	1.043 acre-feet
50-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 2.25$ in.) =	1.217 acre-feet
100-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 2.52$ in.) =	1.427 acre-feet
500-yr Runoff Volume ($P_1 = 3.68$ in.) =	2.302 acre-feet
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.493 acre-feet
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.644 acre-feet
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.775 acre-feet
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.930 acre-feet
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	1.024 acre-feet
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	1.119 acre-feet

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.197	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.559	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.363	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	1.119	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft ³
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H _{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H _{TC}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S _{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S _{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R _{L/W}) =	user	
Initial Surcharge Area (A _{ISV}) =	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length (L _{ISV}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W _{ISV}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor (V _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin (H _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A _{MAIN}) =	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin (V _{MAIN}) =	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V _{total}) =	user	acre-feet

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

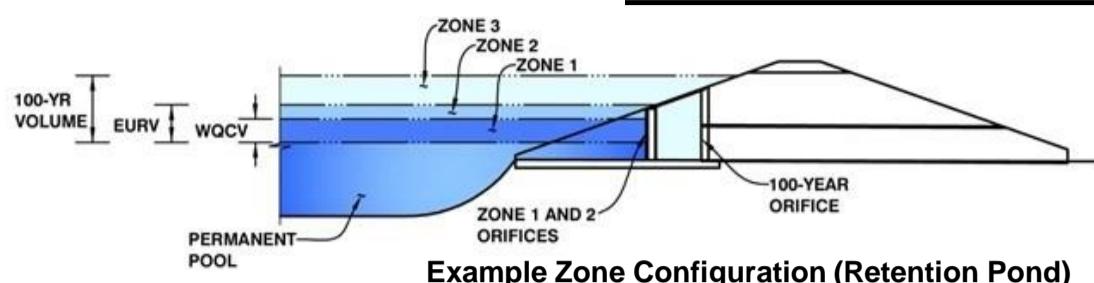


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road

Basin ID: POND B: Ultimate Conditions (INCLUDES SEGMENT 2 FLOW) [BASINS EA6 - EA10]



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.53	0.197	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	5.05	0.559	Circular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	6.25	0.363	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)	1.119		

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter = inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain
Underdrain Orifice Area = ft²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid = feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = sq. inches (diameter = 1 inch)

Calculated Parameters for Plate
WQ Orifice Area per Row = ft²
Elliptical Half-Width = feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid = feet
Elliptical Slot Area = ft²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	<input type="text" value="0.00"/>	<input type="text" value="0.87"/>	<input type="text" value="1.73"/>					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	<input type="text" value="0.79"/>	<input type="text" value="0.79"/>	<input type="text" value="0.79"/>					
	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Invert of Vertical Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter = inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice
Vertical Orifice Area = ft²
Vertical Orifice Centroid = feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length = feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope = H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = feet
Overflow Grate Type = N/A
Debris Clogging % = %

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t = feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length = feet
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area = ft²
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris = ft²
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris = ft²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter = inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate
Outlet Orifice Area = ft²
Outlet Orifice Centroid = feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe = radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length = feet
Spillway End Slopes = H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface = feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway
Spillway Design Flow Depth = feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard = feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = acre-ft

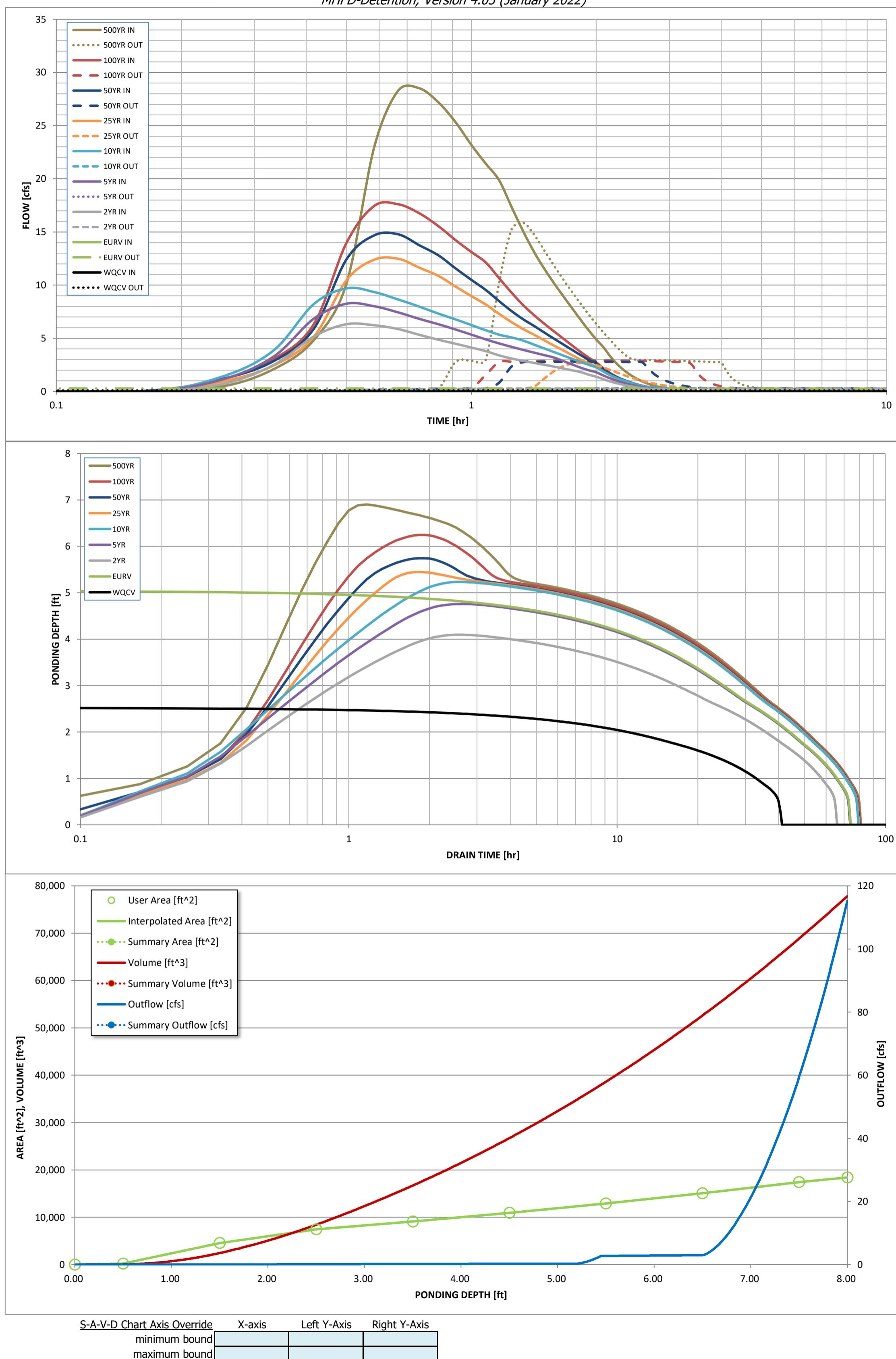
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="1.19"/>	<input type="text" value="1.50"/>	<input type="text" value="1.75"/>	<input type="text" value="2.00"/>	<input type="text" value="2.25"/>	<input type="text" value="2.52"/>	<input type="text" value="3.68"/>
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	<input type="text" value="0.197"/>	<input type="text" value="0.756"/>	<input type="text" value="0.556"/>	<input type="text" value="0.728"/>	<input type="text" value="0.866"/>	<input type="text" value="1.043"/>	<input type="text" value="1.217"/>	<input type="text" value="1.427"/>	<input type="text" value="2.302"/>
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="0.556"/>	<input type="text" value="0.728"/>	<input type="text" value="0.866"/>	<input type="text" value="1.043"/>	<input type="text" value="1.217"/>	<input type="text" value="1.427"/>	<input type="text" value="2.302"/>
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="0.0"/>	<input type="text" value="0.1"/>	<input type="text" value="0.1"/>	<input type="text" value="1.0"/>	<input type="text" value="2.0"/>	<input type="text" value="3.3"/>	<input type="text" value="8.8"/>
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="0.00"/>	<input type="text" value="0.01"/>	<input type="text" value="0.01"/>	<input type="text" value="0.11"/>	<input type="text" value="0.22"/>	<input type="text" value="0.36"/>	<input type="text" value="0.97"/>
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="6.3"/>	<input type="text" value="8.3"/>	<input type="text" value="9.7"/>	<input type="text" value="12.5"/>	<input type="text" value="14.8"/>	<input type="text" value="17.6"/>	<input type="text" value="28.5"/>
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	<input type="text" value="0.1"/>	<input type="text" value="0.3"/>	<input type="text" value="0.2"/>	<input type="text" value="0.3"/>	<input type="text" value="0.4"/>	<input type="text" value="2.7"/>	<input type="text" value="2.8"/>	<input type="text" value="2.9"/>	<input type="text" value="15.9"/>
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="3.6"/>	<input type="text" value="3.9"/>	<input type="text" value="2.7"/>	<input type="text" value="1.4"/>	<input type="text" value="0.9"/>	<input type="text" value="1.8"/>
Structure Controlling Flow =	<input type="text" value="Plate"/>	<input type="text" value="Vertical Orifice 1"/>	<input type="text" value="Vertical Orifice 1"/>	<input type="text" value="Vertical Orifice 1"/>	<input type="text" value="Overflow Weir 1"/>	<input type="text" value="Outlet Plate 1"/>	<input type="text" value="Outlet Plate 1"/>	<input type="text" value="Outlet Plate 1"/>	<input type="text" value="Spillway"/>
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="0.0"/>	<input type="text" value="0.4"/>	<input type="text" value="0.4"/>	<input type="text" value="0.4"/>	<input type="text" value="0.4"/>
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>	<input type="text" value="N/A"/>
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	<input type="text" value="37"/>	<input type="text" value="64"/>	<input type="text" value="58"/>	<input type="text" value="64"/>	<input type="text" value="68"/>	<input type="text" value="67"/>	<input type="text" value="66"/>	<input type="text" value="65"/>	<input type="text" value="59"/>
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	<input type="text" value="40"/>	<input type="text" value="70"/>	<input type="text" value="62"/>	<input type="text" value="69"/>	<input type="text" value="74"/>	<input type="text" value="74"/>	<input type="text" value="73"/>	<input type="text" value="73"/>	<input type="text" value="71"/>
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	<input type="text" value="2.53"/>	<input type="text" value="5.05"/>	<input type="text" value="4.09"/>	<input type="text" value="4.76"/>	<input type="text" value="5.23"/>	<input type="text" value="5.45"/>	<input type="text" value="5.74"/>	<input type="text" value="6.25"/>	<input type="text" value="6.90"/>
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	<input type="text" value="0.17"/>	<input type="text" value="0.28"/>	<input type="text" value="0.23"/>	<input type="text" value="0.26"/>	<input type="text" value="0.28"/>	<input type="text" value="0.29"/>	<input type="text" value="0.31"/>	<input type="text" value="0.33"/>	<input type="text" value="0.37"/>
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	<input type="text" value="0.198"/>	<input type="text" value="0.758"/>	<input type="text" value="0.514"/>	<input type="text" value="0.677"/>	<input type="text" value="0.808"/>	<input type="text" value="0.869"/>	<input type="text" value="0.959"/>	<input type="text" value="1.119"/>	<input type="text" value="1.350"/>

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

APPENDIX E – REFERENCE MATERIAL

Final Drainage Report
for
The Sanctuary Filing 1
at
Meridian Ranch



EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

August 2022

Prepared For:

**GTL DEVELOPMENT, INC.
P.O. Box 80036
San Diego, CA 92138**

Prepared By:
Tech Contractors
11910 Tourmaline Dr., Ste 130
Falcon, CO 80831
719.495.7444

PCD Project No. SF22-020

Future Drainage - SCS Calculation Method

Following is a tabulation of the surface drainage characteristics for the future conditions using the SCS calculation method. Please refer to Figure 6 - Meridian Ranch SCS Calculations – Future Basins Map

Table 5: Future Drainage Basins-SCS

FUTURE SCS (Full Spectrum)						
	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q100 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q50 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q10 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q5 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q2 (CFS)
OS06	0.1313	80	52	12	3.8	0.5
G1a	0.1313	80	52	12	3.8	0.5
G1a-G2	0.1313	79	52	11	3.7	0.5
OS05	0.0578	39	26	5.6	1.8	0.2
OS05-G1	0.0578	39	25	5.5	1.7	0.2
FG01	0.0538	31	22	7.0	3.4	0.9
FG01-G1	0.0538	31	22	7.0	3.4	0.9
G1	0.1116	61	41	11	4.9	1.1
G1-G2	0.1116	61	41	11	4.8	1.1
FG02	0.0391	32	22	6.4	2.7	0.5
G2	0.2820	167	112	27	10	1.9
G2-G3	0.2820	163	108	27	10	1.9
FG03	0.0203	24	17	5.9	3.0	0.8
FG04	0.0172	22	16	5.8	3.1	0.9
G3	0.3195	185	123	31	12	2.4
FG06	0.0675	56	40	12	5.8	1.3
FG05	0.0580	45	33	12	6.7	2.4
OS07ab	0.0170	12	7.9	1.8	0.5	0.07
OS07ab-POND F	0.0170	12	7.6	1.7	0.5	0.07
POND F IN	0.4620	293	200	54	23	5.1
POND F	0.4620	178	121	16	8.0	2.1
POND F-G7	0.4620	177	120	16	8.0	2.1
OS07c	0.0296	19	12	2.7	0.9	0.12
OS07c-G4	0.0296	19	12	2.6	0.9	0.12
FG21a	0.0095	5.9	4.0	1.0	0.4	0.06
G4	0.0391	25	16	3.6	1.2	0.2
G4-G7	0.0391	24	16	3.5	1.2	0.2
FG21b	0.0150	21	16	6.5	3.9	1.7
G7	0.5161	194	131	18	8.9	2.3
G7-G8	0.5161	194	131	18	8.9	2.3
FG22	0.1354	121	88	32	17	5.4
OS08a	0.0251	16	11	2.3	0.7	0.10
OS08-G8	0.0251	16	10	2.3	0.7	0.10
FG23a	0.0216	21	15	5.2	2.7	0.8
OS07d	0.0034	2.5	1.6	0.4	0.11	0.01
OS07d-G8	0.0034	2.4	1.6	0.3	0.11	0.01
G8	0.7016	279	178	46	24	7.7
G8-G10	0.7016	278	177	45	24	7.6
FG24b	0.0589	76	57	24	15	6.5
FG24a	0.0348	24	16	4.5	2.0	0.4
OS08b	0.0165	9.5	6.3	1.4	0.5	0.07
OS08b-G9a	0.0165	9.4	6.0	1.4	0.5	0.07
OS09a	0.0093	5.3	3.5	0.8	0.3	0.04
OS09a-G9a	0.0093	5.2	3.4	0.7	0.3	0.04
G9a	0.1195	97	71	28	16	6.7

FUTURE SCS (Full Spectrum)						
	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q100 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q50 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q10 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q5 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q2 (CFS)
G9a-G9b	0.1195	96	70	27	16	6.6
FG24c	0.0291	40	30	13	8.4	4.0
FG24d	0.0262	39	30	14	8.7	4.4
G9b	0.1748	170	127	53	32	14
REX RD WQCV	0.1748	158	125	51	31	14
G9b-G10	0.1748	158	123	50	31	13
FG23b	0.0236	17	11	2.7	0.9	0.13
G10	0.9000	390	263	90	46	15
G10-G11	0.9000	389	254	85	44	15
FG23c	0.0109	11	7.6	2.2	1.0	0.2
G11	0.9109	393	258	86	44	15
FG25	0.1084	111	84	36	22	9.9
FG28	0.0184	15	10	3.0	1.2	0.2
POND G IN-WEST	1.0377	503	350	122	63	22
FG27	0.0679	98	79	42	30	18
FG26	0.0570	65	50	24	16	8.2
G13	0.0570	65	50	24	16	8.2
G13-POND G	0.0570	64	50	24	16	8.1
POND G IN-EAST	0.1249	160	127	64	44	25
POND G	1.1626	450	293	52	21	5.3
G12	1.1626	450	293	52	21	5.3
G12-G06	1.1626	449	293	52	21	5.3
FG29	0.0983	60	39	8.9	2.9	0.4
FG32	0.0402	51	40	20	14	7.5
FG32-G06	0.0402	50	40	19	13	7.4
G06	1.3011	491	317	57	22	7.5

Rational Calculations

The Rational Hydrologic Calculation Method was used to estimate the total runoff from the 5-year and the 100-year design storm and thus establish the storm drainage system design. Using the rational calculation methodology outlined in the Hydrology Section (Ch 6) of the COSDCM coupled with the El Paso County EPCDCM an effective storm drainage design for the Sanctuary Filing 1 has been designed. The storm drainage facilities have been designed such that the minor storm will be captured by the inlets and conveyed by the storm drain pipes such that the street flow does not overtop the curbs. The storm drainage facility has been designed such that the major storm will be captured by the inlets and conveyed by the storm drain pipes such that the street flow does not exceed the right-of-way widths for residential streets and the hydraulic grade line will be less than one foot below the surface.

The site is located within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. The storm drain runoff will be collected by a series of inlets and storm drain pipe then conveyed through the project and discharge directly into the existing Pond G that is properly sized to safely convey the storm water flows away from the project without damaging adjacent property.

Rational Narrative

The following is a detailed narrative of the storm drainage system located in the Sanctuary Filing 1. These storm drainage systems meet the requirements of as found in the El Paso

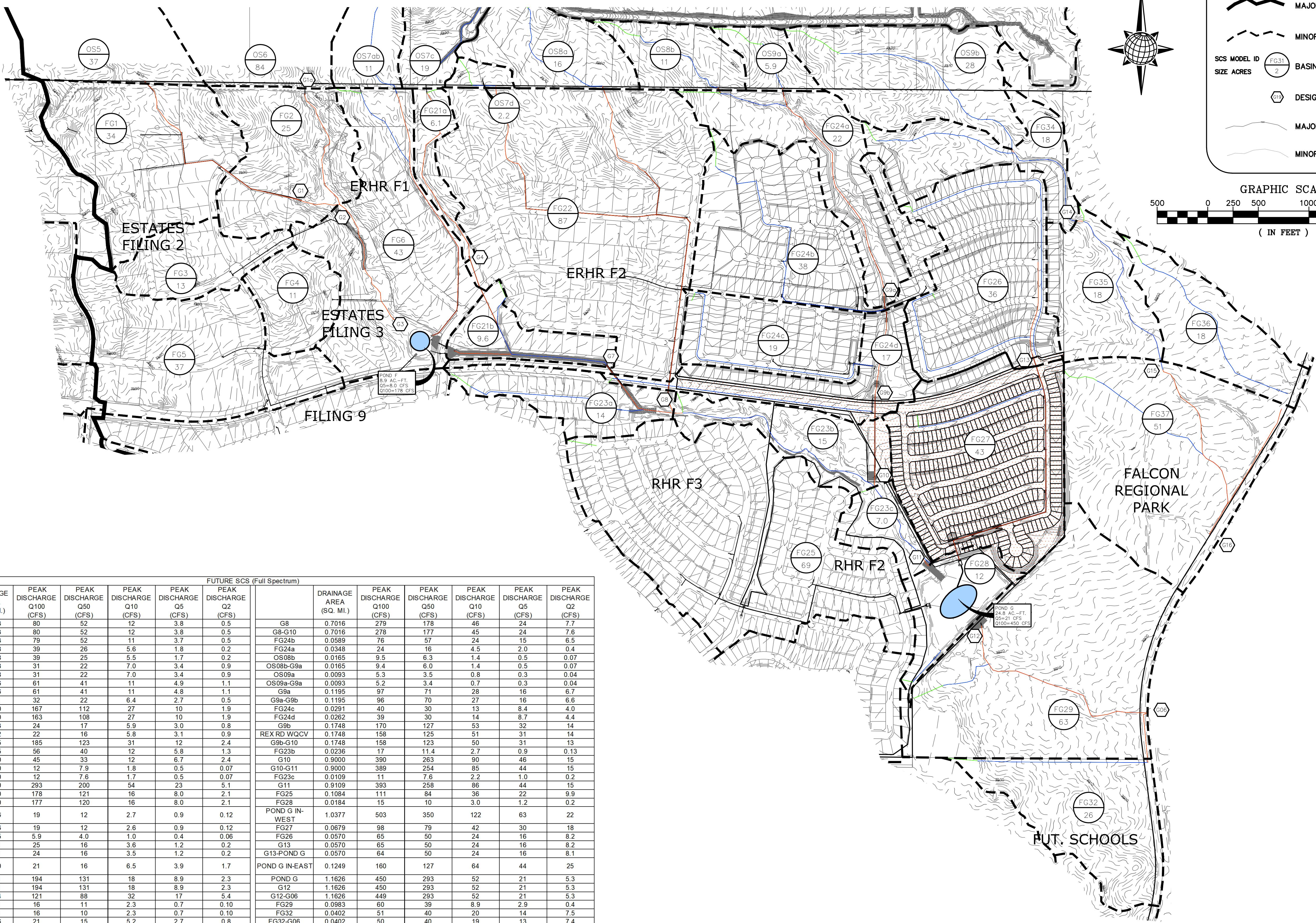
*NOTE: PRELIMINARY STORAGE VOLUMES AND OUTFLOW QUANTITIES HAVE BEEN PROVIDED FOR EACH OF THE FUTURE DETENTION FACILITIES LOCATED WITHIN THE DEVELOPMENT. THE ACTUAL STORAGE VOLUMES AND DISCHARGE RATES WILL BE DETERMINED UPON A COMPLETE ANALYSIS FOR EACH DETENTION FACILITY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE VALUES GIVEN FOR DISCHARGE AND VOLUME ARE ESTIMATES FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY.

THE SANCTUARY FILING 1

LEGEND

- MAJOR BASIN BOUNDARY
- MINOR BASIN BOUNDARY
- SCS MODEL ID
- BASIN IDENTIFICATION
- DESIGN POINT
- MAJOR CONTOUR INTERVAL
- MINOR CONTOUR INTERVAL

GRAPHIC SCALE
(IN FEET)



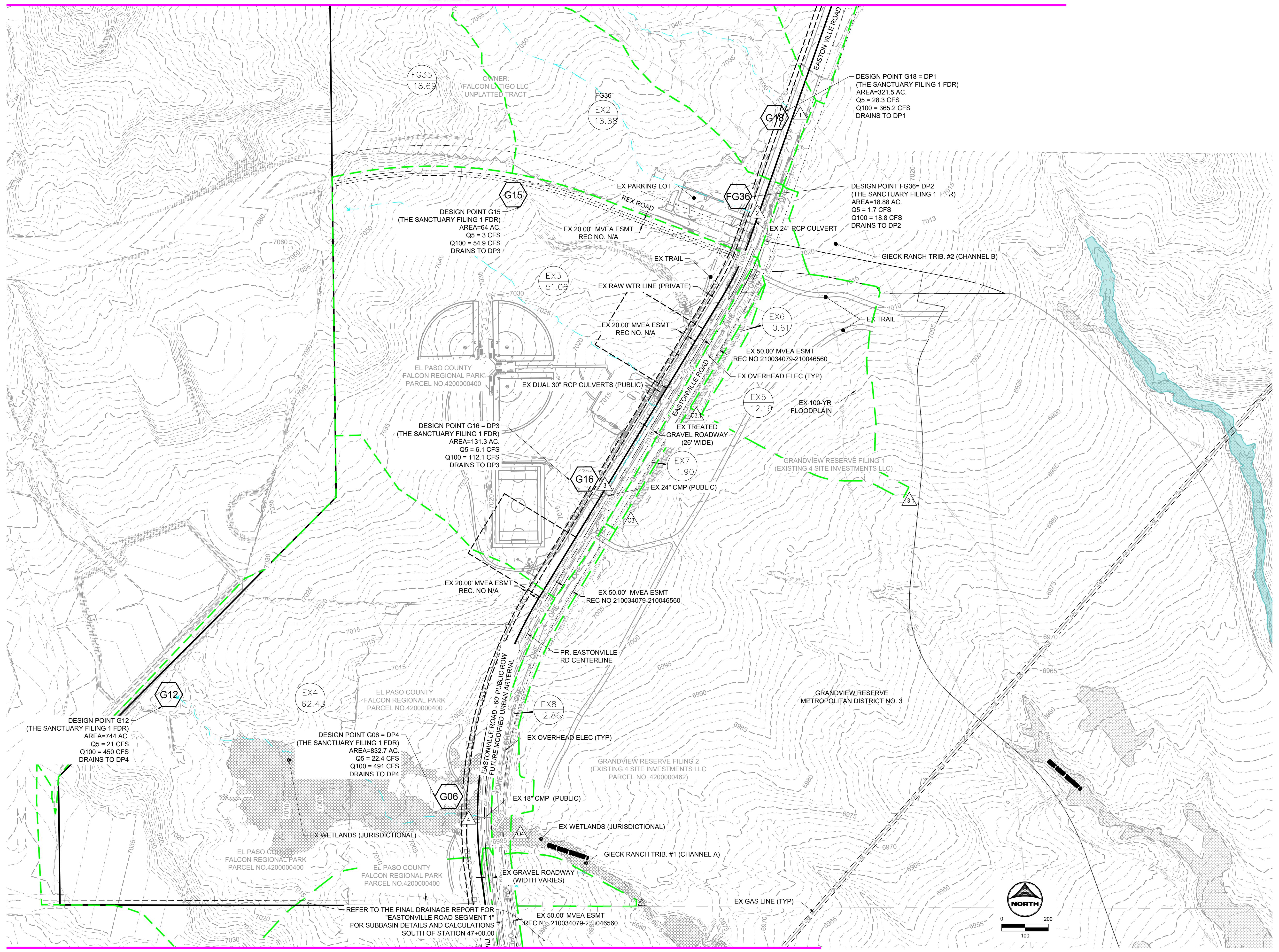
FUTURE CONDITIONS - SCS MAP

FIGURE 6

Scale	AS SHOWN	Drawn by	Checked by	Date
- of -	- of -	-	-	JUN 2022
TECH CONTRACTORS 11910 TOURMALINE DR #130 FALCON, CO 80831 TELEPHONE: 719.495.7444				
MERIDIAN RANCH				

APPENDIX F – DRAINAGE MAPS

HRR GREEN Xrefs: xat-1-dh01 FDR EX: ex drain map legend: xv-dsan 662; xv-util 662; xv-row-662; 201662,08 FDR map ex Segm



LEGEND:

EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR

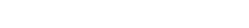
 EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR

 EX STORM SEWER

 EX DRAINAGE SWALE

 EX PROPERTY LINE

 EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION

 PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASIN


 DESIGN POINT


 PROPOSED BASIN LABEL


 DESIGN POINT PER THE SANCTUARY
 TILING 1 FDR


SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE

AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
321.53	-	28.3	365.2
18.88	-	1.7	18.8
131.26	-	6.1	112.1
832.70	-	22.4	491.0
12.19	2	2.7	18.0
0.61	2	0.1	0.9
1.90	2	0.4	2.5
2.86	2	0.6	4.0

RE A AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE

GN T	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ_5 (cfs)	ΣQ_{100} (cfs)
	G18*	28.3	365.2
	FG36*	1.7	18.8
	G16*	6.1	112.1
	G06*	22.4	491.0
	EX7	6.5	114.6
	EX7	0.1	0.9
	EX7	23.0	495.0
	EX7	2.7	18.0

AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR

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APPROVED: <u>CM</u>	JOB NUMBER: <u>201662.08</u>	0  1"
CAD DATE: <u>8/28/2024</u>	IF NOT ONE INCH, ADJUST SCALE ACCORDINGLY.	
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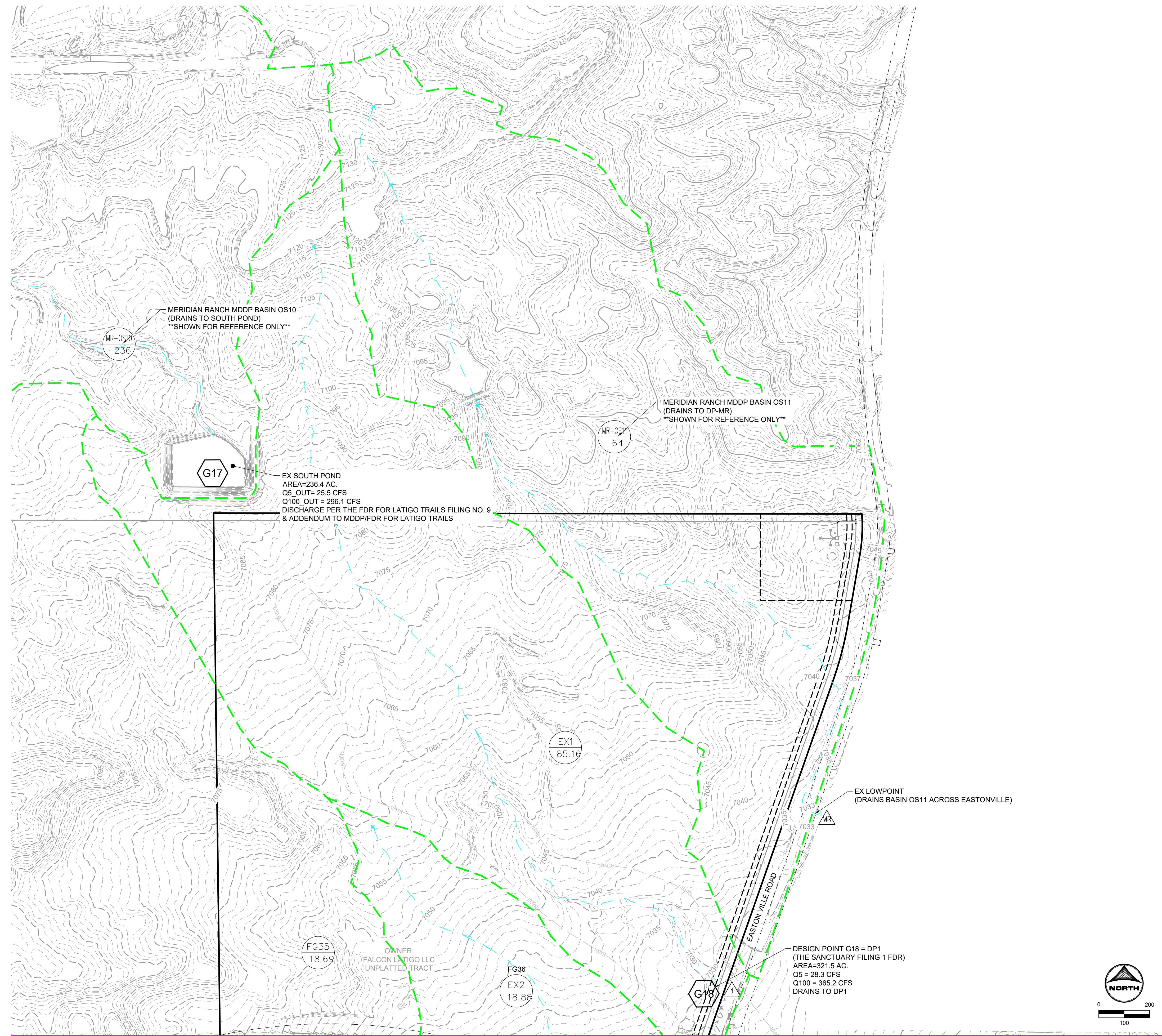
HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
PHONE: 719.300.4140
FAX: 713.965.0044

EASTONVILLE ROAD
D.R. HORTON
EL PASO COUNTY, CO

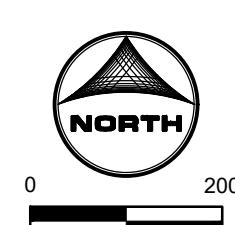


EXISTING CONDITIONS - DRAINAGE MAP

**SHEET
DRN**



SEE SHEET 1



LEGEND:

EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR	— — — 5250 — —
EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR	— — — — —
EX STORM SEWER	— — — — —
EX DRAINAGE SWALE	→ → → → →
EX PROPERTY LINE	— — — — —
EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION	← ← ← ← ←
PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASIN	— — — — —
DESIGN POINT	
PROPOSED BASIN LABEL	
DESIGN POINT PER THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR	

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE

BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
G18*	321.53	-	28.3	365.2
FG36*	18.88	-	1.7	18.8
G16*	131.26	-	6.1	112.1
G06*	832.70	-	22.4	491.0
EX5	12.19	2	2.7	18.0
EX6	0.61	2	0.1	0.9
EX7	1.90	2	0.4	2.5
EX8	2.86	2	0.6	4.0

* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE			
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ_5 (cfs)	ΣQ_{100} (cfs)
1	G18*	28.3	365.2
2	FG36*	1.7	18.8
3	G16*	6.1	112.1
4	G06*	22.4	491.0
O3	EX7	6.5	114.6
O3.1	EX7	0.1	0.9
O4	EX7	23.0	495.0
13.1	EX7	2.7	18.0

* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR

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APPROVED: CM	JOB NUMBER: 201662.08	0 [REDACTED] 1"
CAD DATE: 8/28/2024		IF NOT ONE INCH, ADJUST SCALE ACCORDINGLY.
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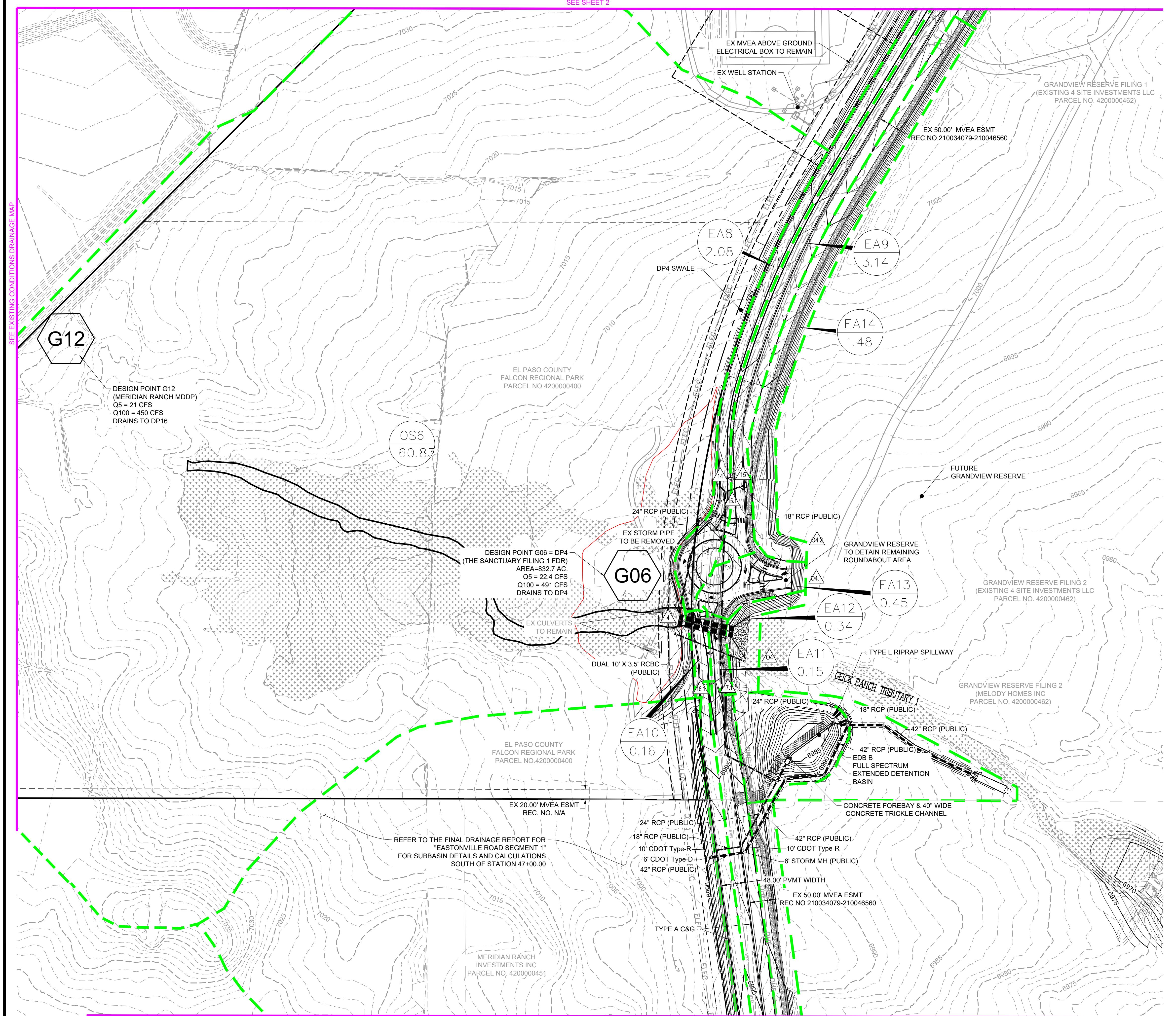
HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
PHONE: 719.300.4140
FAX: 713.965.0044

EASTONVILLE ROAD
D.R. HORTON
EL PASO COUNTY, CO



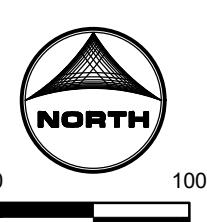
EXISTING CONDITIONS - DRAINAGE MAP

SHEET
DRN



SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE				
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q5 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)
EA1	0.22	73	0.8	1.5
EA2	0.25	72	0.9	1.7
EA3	0.20	70	0.7	1.3
EA4	0.17	65	0.5	1.1
EA5	0.16	0	0.1	0.4
EA6	0.25	76	0.8	1.4
EA7	0.20	50	0.4	1.0
EA8	2.08	99	5.2	8.8
EA9	3.14	60	5.0	10.6
EA10	0.16	75	0.6	1.1
EA11	0.15	67	0.5	1.0
EA12	0.34	0	0.1	1.0
EA13	0.45	73	1.4	2.8
EA14	1.48	21	1.2	3.8
EA15	0.76	24	0.7	2.1
EA16	1.18	0	0.3	2.5
EA17	0.30	0	0.1	0.7
*G18	321.53	-	28.3	365.2
*FG36	18.88	-	1.7	18.8
OS3	1.00	2	0.3	2.2
OS4	9.60	9	4.8	21.6
*G16	131.26	-	6.1	112.1
*G06	832.70	-	22.4	491.0
OS7	11.29	3	3.9	24.6

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE			
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	SQ5 (cfs)	SQ100 (cfs)
1	G18	28.3	365.2
2	FG36	1.7	18.8
2.1	EA1	0.8	1.5
3	G16	6.1	112.1
3.1	EA2, DP2.1	1.6	3.2
4	G06	22.4	491.0
4.1	EA5, DP3.1	1.7	3.4
5	EA3	0.7	1.3
6	DP5, EA4	1.2	2.4
6.1	DP6, DP8	2.9	22.4
7	OS3	0.3	2.2
8	DP2, DP7	2.0	21.0
9	DP6.1	2.9	22.4
10	EA6, EA7	1.2	2.3
11	OS4, DP9	7.5	44.0
12	OS7	3.9	24.6
13	DP11.1, DP12	10.0	180.6
14	EA8	5.2	8.8
15	EA9	5.0	10.6
15.1	DP14, DP15	10.2	19.3
16.1	EA10	0.6	1.1
17.1	EA11	0.5	1.0
O3	EA15	0.7	2.1
O3.1	-	0.0	0.0
O4	EA12, DP4	22.5	492.0
O4.1	EA13	1.4	2.8
O4.2	EA14	1.2	3.8
10.1	EA17	0.1	0.7
11.1	DP3, DP11	13.6	156.1
13.1	FA16, DP13	0.3	183.1



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NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION



HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 23
COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
PHONE: 719.300.4140
FAX: 713.965.0044

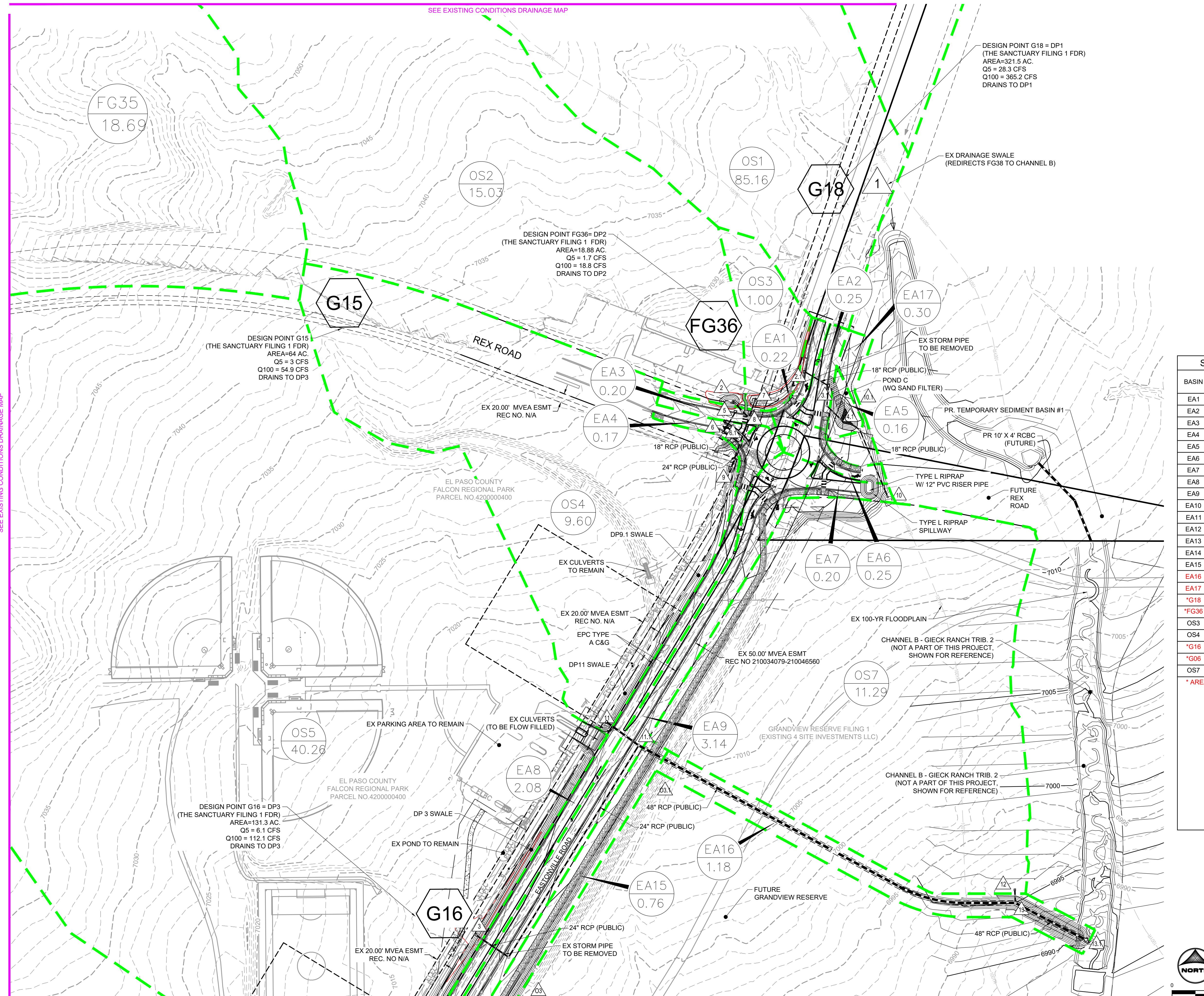
EASTONVILLE ROAD
D.R. HORTON
EL PASO COUNTY, CO



PROPOSED CONDITIONS - DRAINAGE MAP

SHEET
DRN

Xrefs: xgt-1-dh01_FDR; drain_map_legend; xc-row_662.08_Eastonville; xv-util_662; xv-dsgn_662; xv-row_662; xc-dsgn-662.08_Eastonville_Seg_2; 201662.08_FDR_map_Seg_3; xc-dsgn-662.08_Eastonville_Seg_1; xc-dsgn-662.08_Eastonville_Seg_3; xc-dsgn-662.08_MeridianRex-OG; xsite 24-034-HR GREEN



SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE				
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q5 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)
EA1	0.22	73	0.8	1.5
EA2	0.25	72	0.9	1.7
EA3	0.20	70	0.7	1.3
EA4	0.17	65	0.5	1.1
EA5	0.16	0	0.1	0.4
EA6	0.25	76	0.8	1.4
EA7	0.20	50	0.4	1.0
EA8	2.08	99	5.2	8.8
EA9	3.14	60	5.0	10.6
EA10	0.16	75	0.6	1.1
EA11	0.15	67	0.5	1.0
EA12	0.34	0	0.1	1.0
EA13	0.45	73	1.4	2.8
EA14	1.48	21	1.2	3.8
EA15	0.76	24	0.7	2.1
EA16	1.18	0	0.3	2.5
EA17	0.30	0	0.1	0.7
*G18	321.53	-	28.3	365.2
*FG36	18.88	-	1.7	18.8
OS3	1.00	2	0.3	2.2
OS4	9.60	9	4.8	21.6
*G16	131.26	-	6.1	112.1
*G06	832.70	-	22.4	491.0
OS7	11.29	3	3.9	24.6

* AREA AND Q TAKEN FROM THE SANCTUARY
FILING 1 FDR

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE			
SIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	SQ5 (cfs)	SQ100 (cfs)
1	G18	28.3	365.2
2	FG36	1.7	18.8
2.1	EA1	0.8	1.5
3	G16	6.1	112.1
3.1	EA2, DP2.1	1.6	3.2
4	G06	22.4	491.0
4.1	EA5, DP3.1	1.7	3.4
5	EA3	0.7	1.3
6	DP5, EA4	1.2	2.4
6.1	DP6, DP8	2.9	22.4
7	OS3	0.3	2.2
8	DP2, DP7	2.0	21.0
9	DP6.1	2.9	22.4
10	EA6, EA7	1.2	2.3
11	OS4, DP9	7.5	44.0
12	OS7	3.9	24.6
13	DP11.1, DP12	10.0	180.6
14	EA8	5.2	8.8
15	EA9	5.0	10.6
15.1	DP14, DP15	10.2	19.3
16.1	EA10	0.6	1.1
17.1	EA11	0.5	1.0
18.3	EA15	0.7	2.1
18.3.1	-	0.0	0.0
19.4	EA12, DP4	22.5	492.0
19.4.1	EA13	1.4	2.8
19.4.2	EA14	1.2	3.8
19.5.1	EA17	0.1	0.7
19.5.1.1	DP3, DP11	13.6	156.1
19.5.1.3	EA16, DP13	0.3	183.1

PROPOSED CONDITIONS - DRAINAGE MAP