



Eastonville Road – Londonderry Drive to Rex Road Segment 1 Improvements Stationing 14+19.69 – 47+66.51

Final Drainage Report

August 2024

HR Green Project No: 201662.08

Prepared For:

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EDARP File No.: CDR2321





Engineer's Statement:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Colleen Monahan, P.E., LEED AP
State of Colorado No. 56067
For and on behalf of HR Green Development, LLC

Owner/Developer's Statement:

County Engineer/ECM Administrator

Conditions:

By:

Authorized Signature

Date

Address:

D.R. Horton

9555 S. Kingston Court

Englewood, CO

El Paso County Statement

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County
Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development code, as amended.

Joshua Palmer, P.E.

Date

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.



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General Purpose, Location and Description

a. Purpose

The purpose of this Final Drainage Report (FDR) for the Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Rex Road Segment 1 Improvements is to describe the onsite and offsite drainage patterns, size drainage infrastructure to safely capture and convey developed runoff to water quality and detention facilities, and to safely route detained stormwater to adequate outfalls. This drainage report will detail the improvements of Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Grandview Filing No. 1 (Stations 14+55.00 to 47+00.00). Stations 47+00.00 to 79+32.00 contain the Segment 2 Improvements for the Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Rex Road for the portion of the project north of Grandview Filing No. 1. The project is all one project, however, the plan set has been broken into two segments to align with the Grandview Reserve Filings. A separate FDR describes Segment 2 of the project.

b. Location

Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Grandview Filing No. 1, referred to as 'the site' herein, is an existing 26' wide treated gravel road in El Paso County, Colorado. The site lies in existing 60' wide El Paso County Right-of-Way within Sections 21 and 28, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, in El Paso County, State of Colorado.

The site is bound by undeveloped land to the east and west that has historically been used as ranching lands. Falcon Regional Park, which contains ballparks and parking, and Falcon High School also border the site to the west. All lands to the east and west of the site are unplatted. A vicinity map is presented in Appendix A.

c. Description of Property

The site is approximately 0.61 miles (2.06 acres) of existing treated gravel roadway north of Londonderry Drive and south of Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1. Per field inspection the existing Eastonville Road section is treated gravel and therefore described as 'temporary' for the purpose of this report. The existing treated gravel width for the length of the project is 26' wide. There are 4' wide gravel shoulders and native landscaped swales are located on both sides of the roadway. Offsite stormwater is bypassed under the road through a series of existing culverts. See Appendix A for an existing conditions photo.

The existing roadway has slopes ranging from 0.3% up to approximately 4%. The general topography of the surrounding area is typical of high desert, short prairie grass with gently rolling hillside with slopes ranging from 2% to 4%. The project site drains generally from the west to the east and is tributary to Black Squirrel Creek.

Per a NRCS soil survey, the site is made up of Type A Columbine gravelly sandy loam, Type A Blakeland loamy sand and Type B Stapleton sandy loam. The NRCS soil survey is presented in Appendix A.

Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 (Channel A) is the only drainageway that traverses the site in the west to east direction through an existing culvert under Eastonville Road that is just north of Segment 1. The channel is a mapped wetland and a wetland permit will be required for Segment 2 of this Eastonville Road improvement project. Channel A is not within a FEMA floodplain.

Existing utilities include an underground gas line that runs along the east and west sides of Eastonville, an existing raw water line that follows the west side of Eastonville north of Falcon Regional Park, an existing



underground electric line along the west side of Eastonville Road, and an existing aboveground electrical line along the east side of Eastonville Road. An existing drainage map with these facilities is presented in Appendix F.

d. Floodplain Statement

Based on FEMA Firm map 08041C0552G December 7, 2018, the site is not located in any FEMA designated floodplain. See FEMA Firm Map in Appendix A. There is a Zone A floodplain north of the site and a Zone AE south of the site, both of which will not be altered with the associated Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements.

II. Drainage Design Criteria

a. Drainage Criteria

Hydrologic data and calculations were performed using Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1 of El Paso County (EPCDCM), with County adopted Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual (CCSDCM), May 2014 revised January 2021.

Onsite drainage improvements are designed for the 5-year storm (minor event) and 100-year storm (major event) using rainfall values from the NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Data Server. Runoff was calculated per CCSDCM Section 6.3.0 - Rational Method. Public, full spectrum pond design was completed using the latest version of Mile High Flood District's (MHFD) UD-Detention per CCSDCM Section 13.3.2.1 – Public, full spectrum Detention. The detention pond allowable release rate will be limited to less than historic rates.

Rainfall Depths per NOAA Atlas 14				
Return Period (yr) 5 100				
1-hr Rainfall Depth (in) 1.21 2.49				

Inlet sizing was performed per the methods described in EPCDCM Section III Chapter 7 – Street Drainage and Storm Water Inlets. Storm sewer sizing was performed per the methods described in EPCDCM Section III Chapter 8 – Storm Drains and Appurtenances.

III. Drainage Basins and Subbasins

a. Major Basin Description

The site is located within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. The site's drainage characteristics were previously studied in the following reports:

- 1. "Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study" prepared by Drexel, Barrel & Co, February 2010.
- 2. "Master Development Drainage Plan Meridian Ranch" prepared by Tech Contractors, July 2021.
- 3. "Final Drainage Report for The Sanctuary Filing 1 at Meridian Ranch" by Tech Contractors, August 2022.

Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin is a 22.05 square mile watershed located in El Paso County, Colorado. Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin is tributary to Black Squirrel Creek which drains to the Arkansas River. The majority of the basin is undeveloped and is rolling range land typical of Colorado's semi-arid climates.



Within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin, ranching has historically been the predominant land use, with rolling topography between 2%-4% slopes. Recently urbanization is occurring within the drainage basin, most notably for this project are Meridian Ranch and Latigo Trails Developments. Both are single family residential neighborhoods located upstream to the west and northwest of the Eastonville Segment 1 Improvements project site.

b. Existing Subbasin Description

Basin E1 is 0.45 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.7$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP1. Flows at DP1 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 36" CMP culvert to DP2.

Basin E2.1 is 1.82 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.2$ cfs $Q_{100} = 4.8$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP2. Flows at DP2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin E2.2 is 0.40 acres of treated gravel from the Eastonville Road roadway and existing native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.1$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.0$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP2.2. Flows at DP2.2 then drain southwest offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin E3 is 0.72 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.0$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.5$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP3. Flows at DP3 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 24" CMP culvert do DP4.

Basin E4 is 3.17 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.9$ cfs $Q_{100} = 7.8$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP4. Flows at DP4 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin E5 is 0.23 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.1$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP5. Flows at DP5 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP6.

Basin E6 is 0.79 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.6$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP6. Flows at DP6 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin E7 is 0.23 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.2$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP7.1. Flows at DP7.1 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP8.1.

Basin E8 is 0.70 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.1$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on





the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP8.1. Flows at DP8.1 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin E9 is 0.73 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.2$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.8$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP7.2. Flows at DP7.2 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP8.2.

Basin E10.1 is 2.61 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.9$ cfs $Q_{100} = 7.0$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP8.2. Flows at DP8.2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin E10.2 is 1.89 acres of existing native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs $Q_{100} =$ 4.4 cfs) is conveyed via sheet flow southeast of Eastonville Road to DP8.3. Flows at DP8.3 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin OS1 is 1.58 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 3.6$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP1. Flows at DP1 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 36" CMP culvert to DP2. Flows at DP2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin OS2 is 12.21 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 3.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 24.3$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP3. Flows at DP3 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 24" CMP culvert to DP4. Flows at DP4 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin OS3.1 is 1.51 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin (Q₅ = 0.5 cfs Q₁₀₀ = 3.6 cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP5. Flows at DP5 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP6. Flows at DP6 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin OS3.2 is 2.86 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin (Q₅ = 1.0 cfs Q₁₀₀ = 6.6 cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP7.1. Flows at DP7.1 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP8.1. Flows at DP8.1 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin OS3.3 is 21.12 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 6.4$ cfs $Q_{100} = 42.7$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP7.2. Flows at DP7.2 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to PR.2. Flows at DP8.2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

On the drainage maps, delineate these 3 seperate basins. The map still shows just one basin for all of OS3. Unresolved concept since Review 1:

All 3 "offsite" basins (OS1, OS2, and OS3) have proposed disturbances in them that need to have WQ treatment accounted for via a PCM and/or WQ exclusions. These disturbances are no different than disturbances anywhere else on this project. Please call me to if you'd like to discuss this so it gets resolved with the next submittal.

Review 2 comment provided at the top of the next page for reference.

Unresolved comment from Review 1:

Basins OS1, OS2, OS3, and the unnamed basins that are east of Eastonville Rd all have proposed soil disturbances within them, which all must be accounted for via WQ treatment or an applicable WQ exclusion. So please address this in the respective Basin paragraphs and create new proposed sub-basins as necessary.

Review 2 update: these 3 "offsite undeveloped areas" are still shown on the drainage map as having proposed disturbances. Meaning that they are neither "offsite" or "undeveloped." Please revise map and descriptions to add onsite basins for the areas of disturbance and discuss WQ treatment or applicable WQ exclusions. Just stating that infiltration is 2.08 occuring is not enough. You'll need to show Runoff Reduction calcs for RPAs and/or SPAs or an applicable exclusion.

c. Proposed Subbasin Description

Description of Proposed Project

The proposed project includes improvements to Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to the north part of Grandview Filing No. 1. As described above, the current condition of the existing roadway in this area consists of 26' wide treated gravel roadway with 4' wide gravel shoulders and native landscaped swales located on both sides of the roadway. Offsite stormwater is bypassed under the proposed roadway via proposed public RCP culverts.

The proposed improvements to Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to the north part of Grandview Filing No. 1 include removal of the 26' wide treated gravel and replacing the road with a Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section consisting of 48' pavement and Type A EPC curb (53' back of curb to back of curb).

Eastonville Road Basins

Basin EA1 is 0.62 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 2.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 4.7$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in an on grade public 15' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP9. Flows from DP9 are conveyed through a proposed public storm sewer system which outfalls into SFB D. SFB D is located southeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed rightof-way within a proposed drainage easement.

Basin EA2 is 1.21 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 2.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 5.6$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the southeast side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in an on grade public 15' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP10. Flows from DP10 are conveyed through a proposed public storm sewer system which outfalls into Sand Filter Basin D. Sand Filter Basin D is located southeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement.

Basin EA3 is 0.44 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater (Q₅ = 1.8 cfs Q₁₀₀ = 3.0 cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in an on grade public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP13. Flows at DP13 are conveyed across Eastonville Road through a public storm sewer system to Sand Filter Basin A. Sand Filter Basin A is located southeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement. DP14

Basin EA4 is 0.77 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater (Q₅ = 1.7 cfs Q₁₀₀ = 2.9 cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the southeast side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in an on grade public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP10. Flows at DP14 are conveyed through a public storm sewer system to Sand Filter Basin A. Sand Filter Basin A is located southeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed rightof-way within a proposed drainage easement.

Basin EA5.1 is 0.37 acres of landscaped area, gravel access road, and contains the public full spectrum sand filter basin A. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.3$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.4$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly into Sand Filter Basin A. Sand Filter Basin A is located southeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement.

Revise these paragraphs per my comment on the Runoff Reduction calcs.



And clarify that these are treated via SPAs so it's clear astonville Road Segment 1 that these areas are not actual PBMPs (ie: don't need to be inspected every 5-yrs post-construction.

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Basin EA5.2 is 0.52 α cres of landscaped area and the overflow path from SFB A. Stormwater (Q₅ = 0.2 cfs Q₁₀₀ = 0.3 cfs) from this basin is conveyed via an existing drainage swale west to design point 4. Water quality will be accounted for via runoff reduction swales & grass buffers. This basin will ultimately be detained and treated by the Wate bury development. UD-BMP calculations for the disturbed area within this basin have been provided in the appendix 1.21 per drainage maps

Basin EA5.3 is 0.52 acres of landscaped area on the east side of Eastonville Rd. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.4$ cfs Q₁₀₀ = 2.9 cfs) from this basin is conveyed via an existing drainage swale east to design point 4.1. Water quality will be accounted for via runoff reduction swales & grass buffers. This basin will ultimately be detained and treated by the Waterbury development. UD-BMP calculations for the disturbed area within this basin have been provided in the appendix.

Basin EA5.4 is 0.41 dcres of landscaped area on the east side of Eastonville Rd. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.1$ cfs Q₁₀₀ = 1.0 cfs) from this basin is conveyed via an existing drainage swale east to design point 6. Water quality will be accounted for via runoff reduction swales & grass buffers. This basin will ultimately be detained and treated by the Waterbury development. UD-BMP calculations for the disturbed area within this basin have been provided in the appendix.

Basin EA6 is 1.09 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater $(Q_5 = 3.1 \text{ cfs } Q_{100} = 5.2 \text{ cfs})$ is conveyed by curb & gutter on the west side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in a sump public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP16. Flows at DP16 are conveyed across Eastonville Road through a public storm sewer system to Extended Detention Basin B. Extended Detention Basin B is located northeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement.

Basin EA7 is 1.92 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 3.2$ cfs $Q_{100} = 5.4$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the east side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in a sump public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP17. Flows at DP17 are conveyed through a public storm sewer system to Extended Detention Basin B. Extended Detention Basin B is located northeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement.

Basin EA8 is 0.94 acres of landscaped area, gravel access road, and contains extended detention basin B. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.9$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly into Extended Detention Basin B. Extended Detention Basin B is located northeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement.

Basin EA9 is 0.88 acres of landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.4$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.6$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP20. Water quality will be accounted for via runoff reduction swales & grass add "for the disturbed area" to clarify that the buffers. whole basin area isn't being treated via RR.

Basin EA10.1 is 0.36 acres of landscaped are and concrete/gravel trail. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.4$ cfs $Q_1 \neq 0.6$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP21. Water quality will be accounted for via unoff reduction swales & grass buffers. This basin will ultimately be detained and treated by the Grandview Reserve development. UD-BMP calculations for the disturbed area within this basin have been provided in the appendix.

Basin EA10.2 is 1.06 acres of landscaped area and concrete/gravel trail. Stormwater (Q₅ = 1.4 cf₅ Q₁₀₀ = 4.4 cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP8.2. Water quality will be accounted for Via runoff

EA11 is not shown on drainage maps.



add "for the disturbed area" to clarify that the whole basin area isn't being treated via RR.

Basin EA13 is not included in the RR calcs. Please add it.

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reduction swales & grass buffers. This basin will ultimately be detained and treated by the Grandview Reserve development. UD-BMP calculations for the disturbed area within this basin have been provided in the appendix.

Basin EA11 is 1.23 acres of landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cts $Q_{100} = 0.9$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP22. Water quality will be accounted for via runoff reduction swales & grass buffers. This basin will ultimately be detained and treated by the Grandview Reserve development. UD-BMP calculations for the disturbed area within this basin have been provided in the appendix.

Basin EA12 is 0.47 acres of landscaped area and gravel maintenance access road. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.7$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly into SFB D.

Basin EA13 is 0.21 acres of landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.3$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.7$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP12. Water quality will be accounted for via runoff reduction swales & grass buffers. This basin will ultimately be detained and treated by the Waterbury development.

Basin OS1 is 1.63 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 3.6$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into a proposed roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP1. Flows at DP1 then drain across Eastonville Road through a proposed public 18" RCP culvert to DP2. Flows at DP2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns. Water quality treatment for the disturbed area within this basin is accounted for by infiltration by grass overland flow. include in RR calcs

Basin OS2 is 12.33 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 3.7$ cfs $Q_{100} = 24.5$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into a proposed roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP3. Flows at DP3 then drain across Eastonville Road through a proposed public 30" RCP culvert to DP4. Flows at DP4 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns. Water quality treatment for the disturbed area within this basin is accounted for by infiltration by grass overland flow. UD-BMP calculations for the disturbed area within this basin have been provided in the appendix.

Basin OS3 is 25.35 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 7.9$ cfs $Q_{100} = 53.3$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into a proposed roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to a proposed public CDOT type D inlet at DP7. Flows at DP7 then drain across Eastonville Road through a proposed public storm sewer system. This storm sewer system outfalls at DP8 into the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 where drainage will follow historic patterns. Water quality treatment for the disturbed area within this basin is accounted for by infiltration by grass overland flow. UD-BMP calculations for the disturbed area within this basin have been provided in the appendix.

IV. Drainage Facility Design

a. General Concept

Also list area of disturbance that needs to be treated.

The proposed improvements to Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to the north part of Grandview Filing No. 1 include removal of the 26' wide treated gravel and replacing the road with a Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section consisting of 48' pavement and Type A EPC curb (53' back of curb to back of curb). Inlets will be placed at low points. Stormwater from this roadway will be piped to either a full spectrum detention basin or full spectrum sand filters. All detention basins and water quality features will discharge at less than historic rates. Runoff generated from the site will release at historic design points at less than historic flow rates. A flow comparison of existing/proposed stormwater release rates offsite from the project is below:



Table 1 – Flow Comparison							
DESIGN POINT	EX Q ₅ (cfs)	PR Q₅ (cfs)	EX Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	PR Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)			
DP2	2.3	0.7	9.3	5.0			
DP4	6.3	4.1	33.9	26.2			
DP6	1.5	0.4	6.7	2.0			
DP8 (8.1, 8.2, & 8.3)	11.8	11.5	65.4	62.7			
DP2.2/12	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.7			
TOTAL	22.0	17.0	116.0	96.6			

You can delete this column from all 3 of these tables and then create a new table similar to these 3 but with this column and every basin listed in rows with their total area and total proposed disturbed area. It would be a table for "Runoff Reduction WQ Treatment Summary Table."

b. Water Quality & Detention

53% per MHFD calcs

-

If needed, add a column to any of these now 4 tables for areas with applicable WQ exclusions.

Sand Filter Basin A (Full Spectrum SFB).

Water quality and stormwater detention for Basins EA3-EA5 is provided in Sand Filter Basin A. SFB A is a public county owned, full spectrum sand filter basin within the ACM ALF VIII JV SUB II LLC (Waterbury) property within a proposed drainage easement. In SFB A, a total of 1.58 acres of disturbed area from the proposed project at 55% composite imperviousness will be detained and treated for water quality. The WQCV is 0.023 ac-ft, the EURV is 0.090 ac-ft, and the 100-year detention volume is 0.154 ac-ft. The WQCV, EURV and 100-year storms are released in 12, 40 and 52 hours, respectively. A 15' access and maintenance road is provided to the bottom of the pond to facilitate maintenance of the pond facilities. A 5' emergency overflow spillway is provided that conveys the developed, peak 100-yr flow rate with 1.0' of freeboard south toward DP4. SFB A outfalls towards DP4 at historic runoff rates. Runoff from DP4 will follow historic drainage patterns and not exceed historic flow rates.

SFB A Water Quality Treatment Summary Table								
Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Total Proposed Disturbed Area (ac)	Area Trib to SFB A (ac)	Disturbed Area Treated via Runoff Reduction (ac)				
EA3	0.44	0.44	0.44	0				
EA4	0.77	0.77	0.77	0				
EA5.1	0.37	0.37	0.37	0				
Total	1.58	1.58	1.58	0				

Extended Detention Basin B (Full Spectrum EDB)

Water quality and detention for Basins EA6 – EA8 is provided in Extended Detention Basin B; a public county owned, full spectrum extended detention basin within Filing No. 1 of Grandview Reserve within a proposed drainage easement. A total of 3.95 acres of disturbed area from the proposed project at 53% composite imperviousness will be treated and detained by EDB B for this phase of the Eastonville Road Improvements. The pond has been sized with consideration for the future segments of Eastonville Road and provides water quality and detention for the ultimate conditions at a future date. The ultimate conditions of EDB B





calculations have been provided in the Appendix of this report. Ultimate conditions include fully built sections of Eastonville Road from Londonderry Road to Rex Road and is anticipated for Spring 2025. The ultimate condition of EDB B is further described and analyzed in the segment 2 report. Interim condition pond sizing calculations have also been provided in the Appendix of this report. Interim conditions only include Eastonville road from Londonderry to Grandview Filing No.1. The Interim conditions WQCV is 0.071 ac-ft, the EURV is 0.245 ac-ft, and the 100-year detention volume is 0.384 ac-ft. The WQCV, EURV and 100-year storms are released in 43, 68 and 69 hours, respectively. A forebay is located at the outfall into the pond and a 40" trickle channel conveys flow towards the outlet structure. A 15' access and maintenance road is provided to the bottom of the pond to facilitate maintenance of the pond facilities. A 15.5' emergency overflow spillway is provided that conveys the developed, peak 100-yr flow rate with 1.0' of freeboard towards Gieck Ranch Tributary #1. EDB B outfalls towards DP8 at historic runoff rates. Runoff from DP8 will follow historic drainage patterns and not exceed historic flow rates.

EDB B Water Quality Treatment Summary Table								
Basin ID Total Area (ac)			Fotal Proposed Disturbed Area (ac)	Area Trib to SFB A (ac)	Disturbed Area Treated via Runoff Reduction (ac)			
EA6	1.09		1.09	1.09	0			
EA7	1.92		1.92	1.92	0			
EA8	0.94		0.94	0.94	0			
Total	3.95		3.95	3.95	0			

Clearly label that this table represents EDB B's "interim" condition. And then in the Segment 2 FDR, include this same type of table for EDB B but show Sand Filter Basin D (Full Spectrum SFB). the "ultimate" condition. Currently there is no table like this in the Segment 2 FDR for EDB B.

1.63

OS₁

Water quality and stormwater detention for Basins EA1-EA2, EA12, & OS1 is provided in Sand Filter Basin D. SFB D is a public county owned, full spectrum sand filter basin the ACM ALF VIII JV SUB II LLC (previous Waterbury) property within a proposed drainage easement. In SFB D, a total of 3.93 acres of disturbed area from the proposed project at 34% composite imperviousness will be detained and treated for water quality. The WQCV is 0.043 ac-ft, the EURV is 0.139 ac-ft, and the 100-year detention volume is 0.282 ac-ft. The WQCV, EURV and 100-year storms are released in 14, 42 and 54 hours, respectively. A 15' access and maintenance road is provided to the bottom of the pond to facilitate maintenance of the pond facilities. A 4' emergency overflow spillway is provided that conveys the developed, peak 100-yr flow rate with 1.0' of freeboard south toward DP2. SFB D outfalls towards DP2 at historic runoff rates. Runoff from DP2 will follow Include discussion if coordination with historic drainage patterns and not exceed historic flow rates PPRTA Pond E has been done.

SFB D Water Quality Treatment Summary Table **Total Proposed Disturbed Area Treated Total Area** Area Trib to SFB A **Disturbed Area** via Runoff Reduction **Basin ID** (ac) (ac) (ac) (ac) EA1 0.62 0.62 0.62 0 0 EA2 1.21 1.21 1.21 0 **EA12** 0.47 0.47 0.47

1.63

0

1.63



Total	3.93	3.93	3.93	0

c. Inspection and Maintenance

After completion of construction and upon the Board of County Commissioners acceptance, it is anticipated that all drainage facilities within the public Right-of-Way are to be owned and maintained by El Paso County.

All public detention ponds are to be owned and maintained by the Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District NO. 2 (DISTRICT), once established, unless an agreement is reached stating otherwise. Maintenance access for all full spectrum detention facilities will be provided from public Right-of-Way. Maintenance access for the drainageways will be provided through the proposed tracts.

V. Wetlands Mitigation

There are no wetlands in Segment 1 of the project and therefore no wetland permit is required for Segment 1.

VI. Four Step Method to Minimize Adverse Impacts of Urbanization

Step 1 – Reducing Runoff Volumes: Low impact development (LID) practices are utilized to reduce runoff at the source. Storm sewer outfalls have been designed at the upstream end of detention basins. This practice promotes infiltration in the detention basins and reduces peak runoff rates prior to runoff reaching outlet structures.

Step 2 – Treat and slowly release the WQCV: This step utilizes full spectrum water quality and detention to capture the WQCV and slowly release runoff from the site. Onsite full spectrum sand filter basins & an extended detention basin provide water quality treatment for the site. The WQCV is released over a period of at least 12 hours for SFBs and 40 hours for EDBs while the EURV is released over a period of 40-44 hours for SFBs and 68 - 72 hours for EDBs.

Step 3 – Stabilize stream channels: This step establishes practices to stabilize drainageways and provide scour protection at stormwater outfalls. Erosion protection is provided at all concentrated stormwater discharge points in the form of riprap pads. No impact will be made to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 by this project that requires additional stream stabilization.

Step 4 – Consider the need for source controls: No industrial or commercial uses are proposed within this development and therefore no source controls are proposed.

VII. Drainage and Bridge Fees

Gieck Ranch drainage basin has not been established as a fee basin within El Paso County. Therefore, no drainage basin fees are due at time of platting.

VIII. Opinion of Probable Cost

An engineer's opinion of probable cost has been provided below for public drainage infrastructure improvements. This includes cost estimates for the public full spectrum sand filter basin A, public full spectrum sand filter basin D and the public full spectrum extended detention basin B. All required stormwater



infrastructure will be installed per El Paso County Requirements. The unit cost includes both materials and labor.

Public Infrastructure Cost Estimate				
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price		Cost
18" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	226.5	\$76	LF	\$17,214
24" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	609	\$91	LF	\$55,419
36" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	42	\$114	LF	\$4,788
42" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	736	\$187	LF	\$137,632
24" CDOT FES	2	\$684	EA	\$1,368
42" CDOT FES	1	\$912	EA	\$912
6' DIA Storm Manhole	9	\$7,734	EA	\$69,606
10' CDOT Type R Inlet	4	\$7,000	EA	\$28,000
15' CDOT Type R Inlet	2	\$7,500	EA	\$15,000
CDOT Type C Inlet	1	\$5,000	EA	\$5,000
CDOT Type D Inlet	1	\$6,931	EA	\$6,931
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24"	5	\$97	Tons	\$485
10% Contingency				\$34,236
TOTAL:				\$376,591

Revise to "slotted"

Public SFB A Cost Estimate			
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
Rip Rap, d50/size from 6"-24" (Inflow)	2	\$97 Tons	\$194
Sand Filter Media	78	\$100 /CY	\$7,800
4" Perforated PVC Underdrain	100	\$10 /LF	\$1,000
12" ABC Maintenance Access	25	\$40 /CY	\$1,000
Outlet Structure w/ Orifice Plate	1	\$5,000 EA	\$5,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Spillway)	60.5	\$97 Tons	\$5,869
12" RCP Outlet Pipe	42.5	\$60 /LF	\$2,550
12" RCP FES	1	\$350 EA	\$350
10% Contingency			\$2,376
TOTAL:			\$26,139

These values have to match what is shown in Section 1 of the EAF for each PBMP/PCM

l	Section I of the FAE for ea	CN PBIVIP/PCIVI	
Public EDB B Cost Estimate			
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
Concrete Forebay	1	\$5,000 EA	\$5,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Inflow)	2.75	\$97 Tons	\$267
Concrete Trickle Channel	36	\$100 /SY	\$3,600



12" ABC Maintenance Access	147	\$40	/CY	\$5,880
Outlet Structure w/ Micropool, Trash Rack, Railng, Orifice Plate	1	\$8,000	EA	\$8,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Spillway)	87	\$97	Tons	\$8,439
18" RCP Outlet Pipe	31	\$76	/LF	\$2,356
10% Contingency				\$3,354
TOTAL:				\$36,896

Revise to "slotted"

Public SFB D Cost Estimate			/
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
Rip Rap, d50/size from 6"-24" (Inflow)	2	\$97 Tons	\$194
Sand Filter Media	78	\$100 /CY	\$7,800
4" Perforated PVC Underdrain	86	\$10 / /LF	\$860
12" ABC Maintenance Access	107	\$4 <mark>0</mark> /CY	\$4,280
Outlet Structure w/ Orifice Plate	1	\$5,0 ⁰ 00 EA	\$5,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Spillway)	25	\$97 Tons	\$2,425
12" RCP Outlet Pipe	54	\$60 /LF	\$3,240
12" RCP FES	1	\$350 EA	\$350
10% Contingency	/		\$2,415
TOTAL:			\$26,564

These values have to match what is shown in Section 1 of the FAE for each PBMP/PCM

IX. Hydraulic Grade Line Analysis

Hydraulic grade line analysis and final pipe sizes were analyzed, and calculations are provided in Appendix C. All proposed storm sewer has been designed in accordance with El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manuals.

X. Summary

Eastonville Road lies within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. Water quality and detention for the proposed improvements is provided in full spectrum extended detention basins and two full spectrum sand filter basins, both within proposed drainage easements. There is one major drainageway that traverses north of the Segment 1 site: Gieck Ranch Tributary 1. This major drainage way will not be impacted by the proposed improvements. The water quality and detention ponds will be owned and maintained by El Paso County. All drainage facilities were sized per the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manuals.

The development of this project will not adversely affect downstream properties.



XI. Drawings

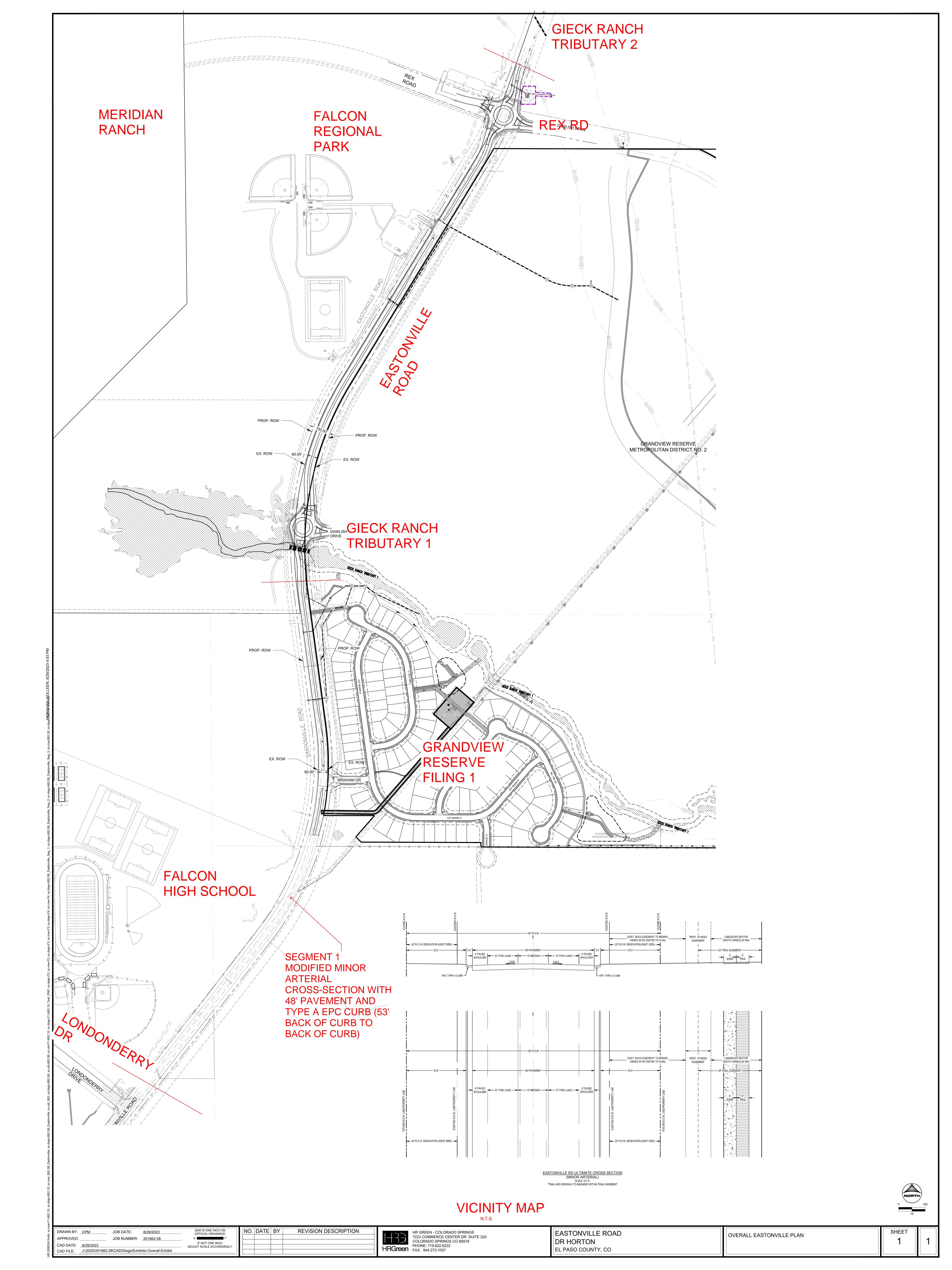
Please refer to the appendices for vicinity and drainage basin maps.

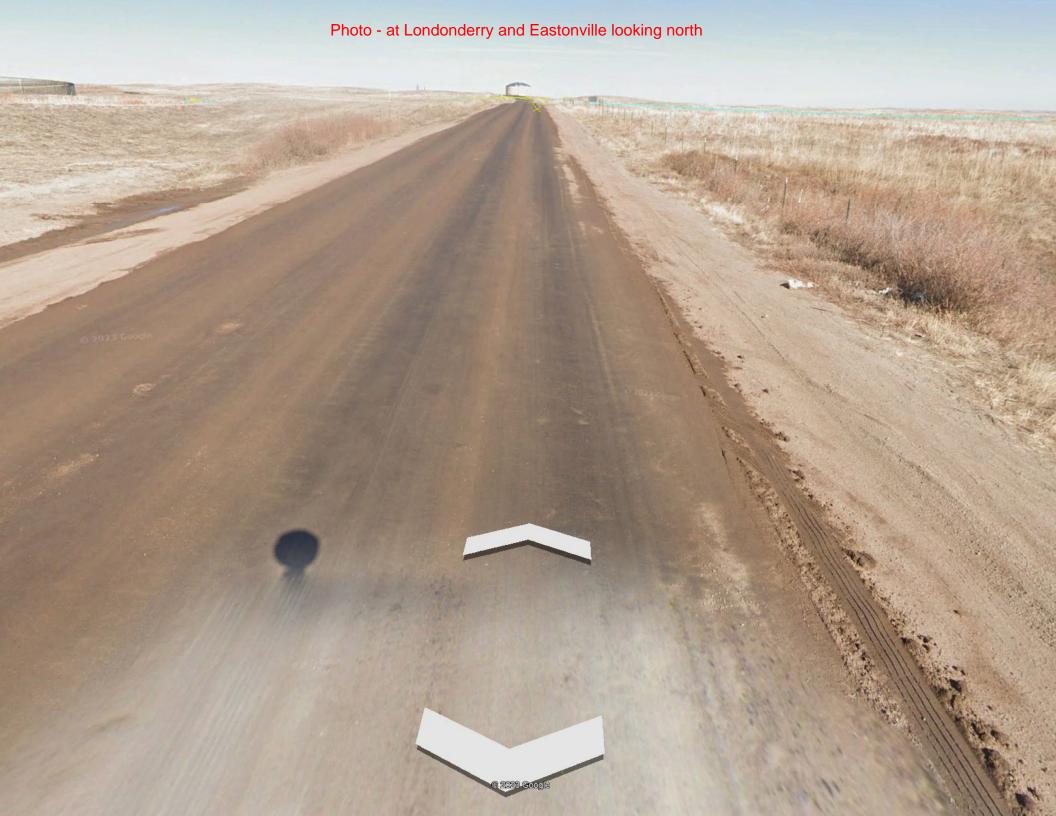
XII. References

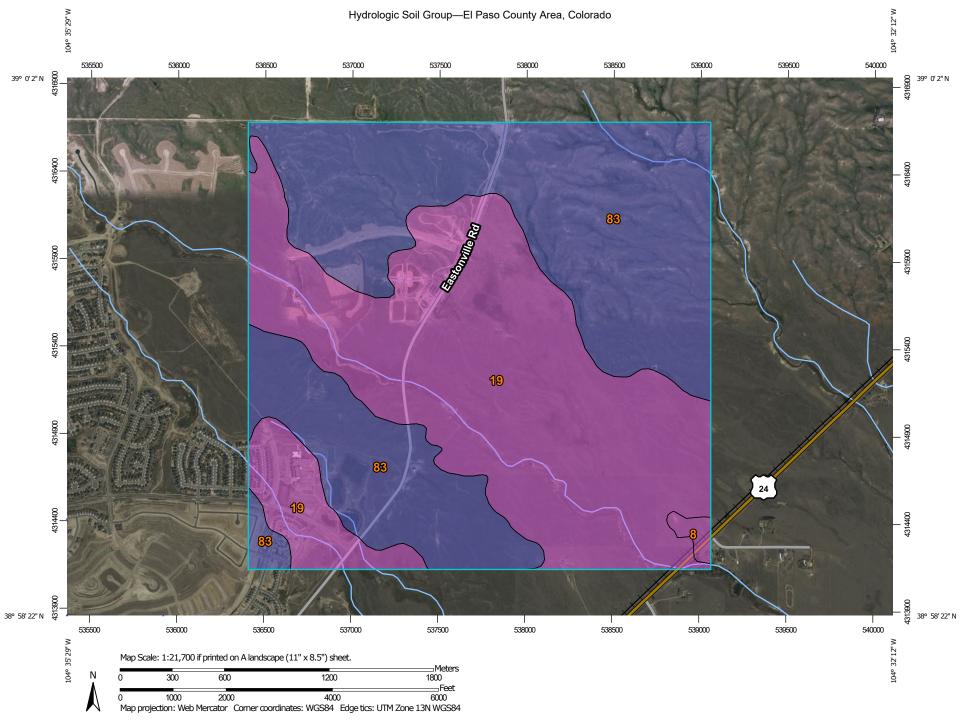
- 1. City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, May 2014, Revised January 2021.
- 2. Drainage Criteria Manual of El Paso, Colorado, October 2018.
- 3. Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Urban Drainage Flood Control District, January 2018.
- 4. "Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study" prepared by Drexel, Barrel & Co, February 2010.
- 5. "Master Development Drainage Plan Meridian Ranch" prepared by Tech Contractors, July 2021.
- 6. "The Sanctuary Filing 1 at Meridian Ranch" prepared by Tech Contactors, August 2022.



APPENDIX A - VICINITY MAP, PHOTOS, SOIL MAP, FEMA MAP







MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:24.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map Soils D measurements. Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Α Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: **Water Features** A/D Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Streams and Canals В Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator Transportation projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts B/D Rails distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more Interstate Highways accurate calculations of distance or area are required. C/D **US Routes** This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as D Major Roads of the version date(s) listed below. Not rated or not available -Local Roads Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Soil Rating Lines Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021 Background Aerial Photography Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 11, 2018—Jun 12, 2021 B/D The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor C/D shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. D Not rated or not available **Soil Rating Points** A/D B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	А	10.4	0.6%
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	839.5	49.8%
83	Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	В	835.7	49.6%
Totals for Area of Inter	rest	1,685.6	100.0%	

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To dotain more detailed information in areas where **Bases Flood Elevations** (BEE) and the control of the Contro

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0" North the coastal Bose Flood Elevations is a second to the coastal Bose flower of the coastal Bosel deventions are also provided in the Summary of Silvavate Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Solary opens for the jurisdiction. Elevations show the Summary of Silvavate Elevations table should be used for construction and/or many of Silvavate Elevations table should be used for construction and/or many of Silvavate Elevations table should be used for construction and/or many of Silvavate Elevations table should be used for construction and/or many of Silvavate Elevations table should be used for construction and/or many of Silvavate Elevations table should be used for construction and/or many of Silvavate Elevations table should be used for construction and the should be used to be used for construction and the should be used to be u

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercatiz (UTM) zone 13. The horizontal datum was PADDS, GR650 spherod, production of PIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this PIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datus of 1988 (RAVOSB). These flood elevations must be compared to structure and produced from the research of 1989 (RAVOSB). The set flood elevations must be compared to structure and produced from the research of 1989 (RavOSB) (RavOSB). The research of 1989 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1989, with the National Geodetic Survey sebste is http://www.ngs.noas.gov/ or contact the National Geodetic Survey sebste is http://www.ngs.noas.gov/ or contact the National Geodetic Survey sebste is http://www.ngs.noas.gov/ or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following actives:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench mark shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the Nation Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noas.gov/.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, City of Fourtain, Bureau of Land Management, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, United States Geological Survey, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These data are current as of 2006.

This map reflects more detailed and upon date stram channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the privocial FRIM for this jurisdiction. The product of the pr

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Liteling of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program date for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is

Contact FEMA Map Service Center (MSC) via the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) 1-377-358-3527 for information on existable products associated with the property of the map of the map of the map of the MSC may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at that //liwaw mac.Emma gov/.

If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Floo Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) of viet the ERAM year-bit is that (Navar from positivings) from

at the FEMA website at http://www.fema.gov/business/nfp.

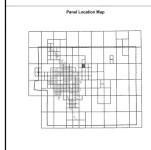
El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table

Flooding Source

Flooding Source

Flooding Source

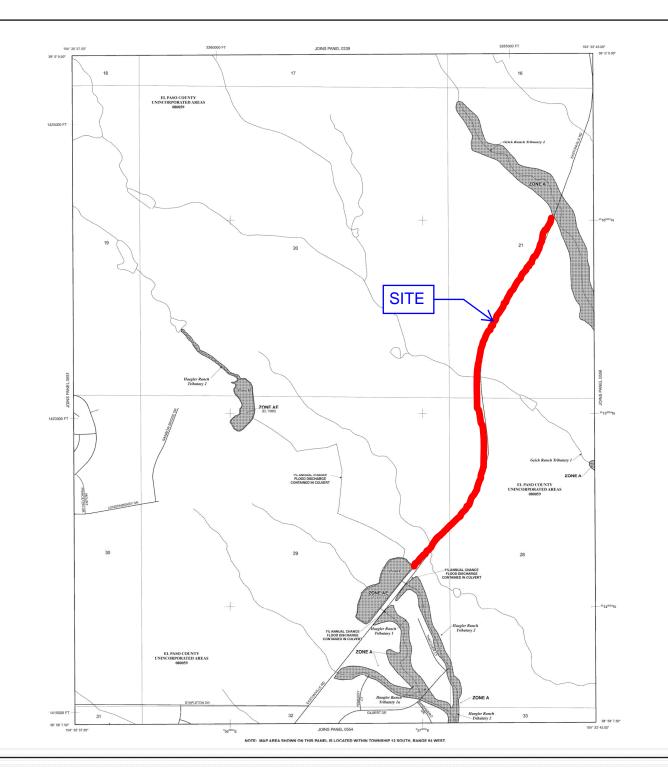
REFER TO SECTION 3.0 FTHE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD HISBURANCE STUDY
FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL, DATUM CONVESSION PROFINATION



This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a Cooperating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management

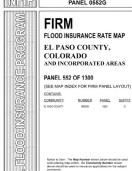


Additional Flood Hazard information and resources are available from local communities and the Colorado









MAP NUMBER 08041C0552G MAP REVISED DECEMBER 7, 2018

Federal Emergency Management Agency



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2 Location name: Elbert, Colorado, USA* Latitude: 38.9796°, Longitude: -104.5696° Elevation: 6996 ft**

evation: 6996 ft**
source: ESRI Maps
** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Michael Yekta, Geoffery Bonnin

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF tabular | PF graphical | Maps & aerials

PF tabular

D				Average	recurrence	interval (ye	ars)			
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.239 (0.189-0.303)	0.291 (0.231-0.370)	0.381 (0.301-0.486)	0.461 (0.361-0.589)	0.576 (0.440-0.768)	0.671 (0.499-0.904)	0.770 (0.554-1.06)	0.875 (0.604-1.24)	1.02 (0.678-1.48)	1.14 (0.733-1.67
10-min	0.350 (0.277-0.444)	0.426 (0.338-0.542)	0.558 (0.441-0.711)	0.674 (0.529-0.863)	0.844 (0.644-1.12)	0.982 (0.731-1.32)	1.13 (0.811-1.56)	1.28 (0.884-1.81)	1.49 (0.992-2.17)	1.66 (1.07-2.44)
15-min	0.426 (0.338-0.541)	0.520 (0.412-0.660)	0.681 (0.537-0.867)	0.823 (0.645-1.05)	1.03 (0.785-1.37)	1.20 (0.891-1.62)	1.37 (0.988-1.90)	1.56 (1.08-2.21)	1.82 (1.21-2.65)	2.03 (1.31-2.98
30-min	0.608 (0.482-0.771)	0.740 (0.586-0.940)	0.968 (0.764-1.23)	1.17 (0.916-1.49)	1.46 (1.11-1.94)	1.70 (1.26-2.28)	1.94 (1.40-2.68)	2.20 (1.52-3.12)	2.57 (1.71-3.73)	2.86 (1.84-4.19
60-min	0.775 (0.615-0.984)	0.933 (0.739-1.18)	1.21 (0.956-1.54)	1.46 (1.15-1.87)	1.84 (1.41-2.47)	2.16 (1.61-2.92)	2.49 (1.80-3.45)	2.85 (1.97-4.05)	3.37 (2.24-4.90)	3.78 (2.44-5.54
2-hr	0.943 (0.754-1.19)	1.12 (0.898-1.42)	1.46 (1.16-1.84)	1.76 (1.39-2.23)	2.22 (1.72-2.97)	2.62 (1.97-3.52)	3.04 (2.21-4.19)	3.50 (2.45-4.95)	4.16 (2.80-6.03)	4.70 (3.06-6.85)
3-hr	1.03 (0.829-1.29)	1.22 (0.978-1.53)	1.57 (1.25-1.97)	1.90 (1.51-2.40)	2.41 (1.88-3.22)	2.86 (2.17-3.84)	3.34 (2.45-4.60)	3.88 (2.73-5.48)	4.66 (3.15-6.74)	5.29 (3.46-7.69)
6-hr	1.20 (0.968-1.48)	1.40 (1.13-1.74)	1.78 (1.44-2.22)	2.16 (1.73-2.70)	2.76 (2.18-3.66)	3.28 (2.52-4.39)	3.86 (2.86-5.29)	4.51 (3.20-6.34)	5.46 (3.73-7.86)	6.24 (4.12-9.01)
12-hr	1.38 (1.13-1.70)	1.61 (1.31-1.98)	2.05 (1.66-2.53)	2.48 (2.00-3.07)	3.15 (2.51-4.15)	3.74 (2.89-4.96)	4.39 (3.28-5.96)	5.12 (3.66-7.13)	6.17 (4.25-8.82)	7.04 (4.69-10.1)
24-hr	1.60 (1.31-1.95)	1.87 (1.54-2.28)	2.38 (1.94-2.91)	2.85 (2.32-3.51)	3.60 (2.88-4.67)	4.24 (3.29-5.56)	4.94 (3.71-6.63)	5.71 (4.12-7.87)	6.82 (4.73-9.66)	7.73 (5.20-11.0)
2-day	1.85 (1.54-2.24)	2.18 (1.80-2.63)	2.76 (2.28-3.34)	3.29 (2.70-4.01)	4.11 (3.30-5.27)	4.80 (3.76-6.22)	5.54 (4.19-7.36)	6.35 (4.62-8.68)	7.50 (5.25-10.5)	8.44 (5.73-11.9)
3-day	2.03 (1.69-2.44)	2.39 (1.98-2.87)	3.02 (2.50-3.64)	3.60 (2.97-4.36)	4.47 (3.60-5.69)	5.20 (4.08-6.70)	5.98 (4.55-7.90)	6.83 (4.99-9.28)	8.03 (5.65-11.2)	9.00 (6.15-12.7)
4-day	2.18 (1.82-2.61)	2.56 (2.13-3.06)	3.22 (2.68-3.87)	3.82 (3.16-4.62)	4.73 (3.83-6.00)	5.49 (4.33-7.04)	6.30 (4.81-8.30)	7.18 (5.26-9.72)	8.43 (5.94-11.7)	9.43 (6.46-13.3)
7-day	2.58 (2.17-3.07)	2.98 (2.50-3.54)	3.68 (3.08-4.39)	4.32 (3.60-5.18)	5.29 (4.30-6.65)	6.09 (4.84-7.76)	6.96 (5.34-9.09)	7.89 (5.82-10.6)	9.21 (6.55-12.8)	10.3 (7.10-14.4)
10-day	2.93 (2.48-3.47)	3.36 (2.84-3.98)	4.13 (3.47-4.90)	4.81 (4.02-5.74)	5.83 (4.76-7.28)	6.68 (5.32-8.45)	7.58 (5.85-9.86)	8.55 (6.34-11.4)	9.92 (7.08-13.7)	11.0 (7.65-15.4)
20-day	3.91 (3.33-4.58)	4.51 (3.84-5.29)	5.52 (4.68-6.50)	6.39 (5.39-7.55)	7.63 (6.25-9.37)	8.62 (6.90-10.8)	9.64 (7.47-12.4)	10.7 (7.98-14.1)	12.2 (8.74-16.6)	13.3 (9.31-18.4
30-day	4.70 (4.02-5.47)	5.44 (4.65-6.34)	6.65 (5.66-7.78)	7.66 (6.49-9.00)	9.06 (7.44-11.0)	10.1 (8.15-12.5)	11.2 (8.74-14.3)	12.3 (9.24-16.2)	13.8 (9.98-18.7)	15.0 (10.5-20.6)
45-day	5.67 (4.88-6.57)	6.55 (5.63-7.60)	7.97 (6.82-9.27)	9.12 (7.77-10.7)	10.7 (8.79-12.9)	11.9 (9.56-14.5)	13.0 (10.2-16.4)	14.2 (10.6-18.4)	15.6 (11.3-21.0)	16.7 (11.9-23.0)
60-day	6.48 (5.60-7.48)	7.46 (6.43-8.62)	9.01 (7.74-10.4)	10.3 (8.77-11.9)	11.9 (9.82-14.3)	13.1 (10.6-16.0)	14.3 (11.2-18.0)	15.5 (11.7-20.0)	16.9 (12.3-22.6)	18.0 (12.8-24.6)

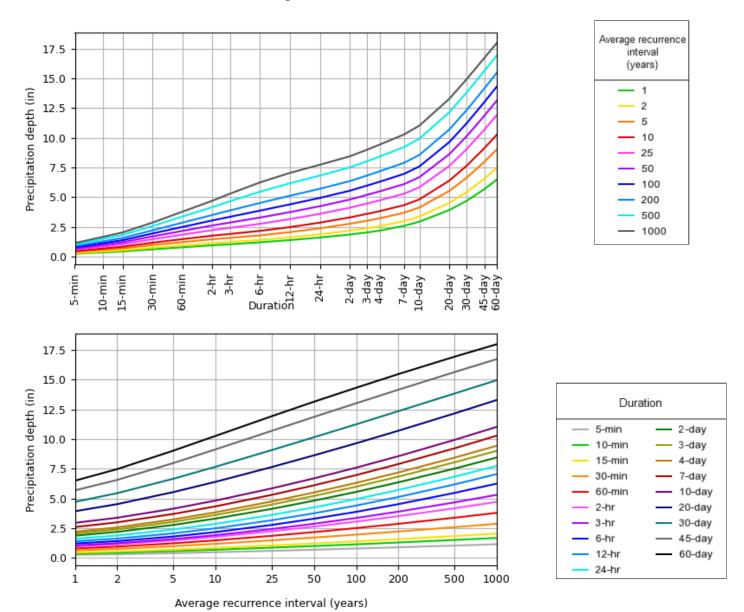
¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values. Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical

PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves Latitude: 38.9796°, Longitude: -104.5696°



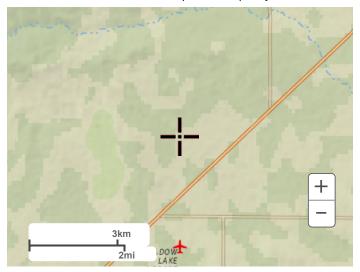
NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2

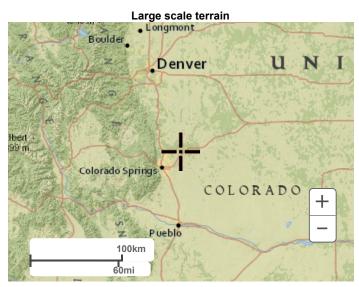
Created (GMT): Wed Nov 22 20:22:49 2023

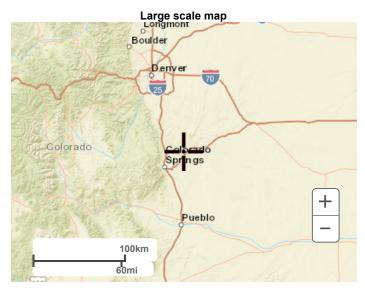
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Maps & aerials

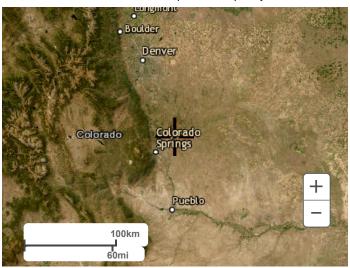
Small scale terrain







Large scale aerial



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US Department of Commerce

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

National Weather Service

National Water Center

1325 East West Highway

Silver Spring, MD 20910

Questions?: HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov

Disclaimer



APPENDIX B - HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	СМ
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	8/22/2024

,	SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE												
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)									
E1	0.47	46	0.7	1.7									
E2.1	1.82	13	1.2	4.8									
E2.2	0.40	2	0.1	1.0									
E3	0.72	39	1.0	2.5									
E4	3.17	12	1.9	7.8									
E5	0.23	45	0.5	1.1									
E6	0.79	14	0.7	2.6									
E7	0.23	45	0.5	1.2									
E8	0.70	16	0.6	2.1									
E9	0.73	45	1.2	2.8									
E10.1	2.61	15	1.9	7.0									
E10.2	1.89	2	0.7	4.4									
OS1	1.58	2	0.5	3.6									
OS2	12.21	2	3.6	24.3									
OS3.1	1.51	2	0.5	3.6									
OS3.2	2.86	2	1.0	6.6									
OS3.3	21.12	2	6.4	42.7									

DES	DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE										
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ_5 (cfs)	ΣQ_{100} (cfs)								
1	E1,OS1	1.2	4.9								
2	E2,DP1	2.3	9.3								
2.2	E2.2	0.1	1.0								
3	E3,OS2	4.6	26.6								
4	DP3,E4	6.3	33.9								
5	E5,OS3.1	0.9	4.5								
6	DP5,E6	1.5	6.7								
7.1	E7,OS3.2	1.4	7.5								
8.1	DP7.1,E8	1.9	9.4								
7.2	OS3.3,E9	7.5	45.3								
8.2	DP7.2,E10.1	9.2	51.6								
8.3	E10.2	0.7	4.4								



EASTONVILLE ROAD EXISTING CONDITIONS

Calc'd by:	SPC
Checked by:	
Date:	11/27/2023

SOIL TYPE: | HSG A&B |

	COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS																		
		LAND USE TYPE																	
		Paved			ic Flow Ar belts, Agr	-	Land	Land Use Undefined Land Use Undefined									COMPOSITE		
	% I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%l	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%l	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%l	C ₅	C ₁₀₀		IMPERVIOUSNESS & C		
	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	TOTAL		FACTOR	
BASIN		ACRES	•		ACRES	•		ACRES	5		ACRES	•		ACRES		ACRES	% I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀
E1		0.21			0.26											0.47	46	0.45	0.63
E2.1		0.20			1.62											1.82	13	0.18	0.43
E2.2					0.40											0.40	2	0.09	0.36
E3		0.27			0.45											0.72	39	0.39	0.59
E4		0.31			2.86											3.17	12	0.17	0.42
E5		0.10			0.13											0.23	45	0.44	0.62
E6		0.10			0.69											0.79	14	0.19	0.44
E7		0.10			0.13											0.23	45	0.44	0.62
E8		0.10			0.60											0.70	16	0.21	0.45
E9		0.32			0.41											0.73	45	0.45	0.62
E10.1		0.35			2.26											2.61	15	0.20	0.44
E10.2					1.89											1.89	2	0.09	0.36
OS1					1.58											1.58	2	0.09	0.36
OS2					12.21											12.21	2	0.09	0.36
OS3.1					1.51											1.51	2	0.09	0.36
OS3.2					2.86											2.86	2	0.09	0.36
OS3.3					21.12											21.12	2	0.09	0.36



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	8/22/2024

				TIME O	F CONCE	NTRATI	ON				
BAS	IN DATA		OVER	LAND TIM		TOTAL					
DESIGNATION	C ₅	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t _i (min)	C _V	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t _t (min)	t_c (min)
E1	0.45	0.47	117	11.6	5.7	10	1162	3.4	1.8	10.5	16.2
E2.1	0.18	1.82	87	2.4	11.8	10	518	1.7	1.3	6.6	18.4
E2.2	0.09	0.40	92	2.0	14.1	10	89	3.4	1.8	0.8	14.9
E3	0.39	0.72	40	2.0	6.5	10	794	2.5	1.6	8.4	14.9
E4	0.17	3.17	113	5.5	10.3	10	830	2.5	1.6	8.7	19.0
E5	0.44	0.23	30	13.8	2.8	10	310	1.4	1.2	4.4	7.1
E6	0.19	0.79	30	13.8	3.8	10	310	1.4	1.2	4.4	8.2
E7	0.44	0.23	35	25.0	2.4	10	161	0.6	0.8	3.5	5.9
E8	0.21	0.70	25	1.0	8.2	10	161	0.6	0.8	3.5	11.7
E9	0.45	0.73	30	2.0	5.2	10	711	0.5	0.7	16.8	22.0
E10.1	0.20	2.61	30	2.0	7.2	10	711	0.5	0.7	16.8	23.9
E10.2	0.09	1.89	300	2.7	23.2	10	15	4.8	2.2	0.1	23.3
OS1	0.09	1.58	300	2.8	22.8	10	213	4.5	2.1	1.7	24.4
OS2	0.09	12.21	300	4.1	20.0	10	1042	3.4	1.8	9.4	29.5
OS3.1	0.09	1.51	136	3.9	13.7	10	150	8.9	3.0	0.8	14.6
OS3.2	0.09	2.86	174	8.6	11.9	10	267	4.4	2.1	2.1	14.0
OS3.3	0.09	21.12	300	6.0	17.7	10	930	3.4	1.8	8.4	26.1

FORMULAS:

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \qquad V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_{ν}

Type of Land Surface	C_{ν}
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

^{*}For buried riprap, select C_v value based on type of vegetative cover.



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	
DESIGN STORM: 5-YEAR	Date:	8/22/2024

									_	TOTAL RUNOFF STREET													DEMARKS
				DIE	RECT	RUNOF	FF	1	T	OTAL	RUNC	OFF	S	TREE	T		PII	PE	1	TI	RAVEL	TIME	REMARKS
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	Cs	t_c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	% 3COPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)	TRAVEL TIME (mir	
		F4	0.47	0.45	16.0	0.01	2.44	0-	7														BASIN E1 CAPTURED @ DP1
		E1	0.47	0.45	16.2	0.21	3.41	0.7								1.2	0.35	0.6	3.0	0 73	7.5	0.16	BASIN ET CAPTURED @ DFT
	1	OS1	1.58	0.09	12.9	0.14	3.75	0.5	16.2	0.35	3.41	1.2						0.0	0			0110	BASIN E1 AND OS1 COMBINE @ DP1 CAPTURED IN 36" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E2
	2	E2.1	1.82	0.18	13.4	0.33	3.69	1.2	2 16.3	0.68	3.39	2.3											FLOW @ DP2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	2.2	F0.0																					FLOW @ DD2.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	2.2	E2.2	0.40	0.09	11.0	0.04	3.99	0.	111.0	0.04	3.99	0.1								+			FLOW @ DP2.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
		E3	0.72	0.39	14.6	0.28	3.56	1.0)									L.,					BASIN E3 CAPTURED @ DP3
	3	OS2	12.21	0.09	17.5	1.10	3.29	3.6	5 17.5	1.38	3.29	4.6				4.6	1.38	1.1	2.0	0 47	7.6	0.10	BASIN E3 AND OS2 COMBINE @ DP3 CAPTURED IN 24" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E4
	4	F.4																					FLOW © DD LOONVEVED OFFICIES
	4	E4	3.17	0.17	15.2	0.54	3.50	1.8	17.6	1.92	3.28	6.3								1			FLOW @ DP4 CONVEYED OFFSITE
		E5	0.23	0.44	7.1	0.10	4.64	0.5	5														BASIN E5 CAPTURED @ DP5
	5	OS3.1	1.51	0.09	11.6	0.14	3.91	0.5	11.6	0.24	3.91	0.9				0.9	0.24	1.3	1.	5 56	6.8	0.14	BASIN E5 AND OS3 COMBINE @ DP5 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E6
	6	E6	0.79	0.19	8.2	0.15	4.43	0.7	7 11.7	0.39	3.89	1.5								-			FLOW @ DP6 CONVEYED OFFSITE
		E7	0.23	0.44	5.9	0.10	4.92	0.5	5														BASIN E7 CAPTURED @ DP7
	7.1	OS3.2	2.86	0.09	12.5	0.26	3.80	1.0	12.5	0.36	3 80	1.4				1.4	0.36	0.2	1.	5 53	2.3	0.38	BASIN E7 AND OS4.1 COMBINE @ DP7.1 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E8
	7.1	033.2	2.00	0.09	12.5	0.20	3.00													1			BAGIN ET AND CO4.1 COMBINE & DI T.1 CAI TOKED IN 10 CIVIL COEVERT, I II ED 10 BAGIN EG
	8.1	E8	0.70	0.21	11.0	0.14	3.98	0.6	12.8	0.50	3.75	1.9						_		-			FLOW @ DP8.1 CONVEYED OFFSITE
		E9	0.73	0.45	14.1	0.32	3.61	1.2	2														BASIN E9 CAPTURED @ DP7.2
	7.2	OS3.3	21.12	0.09	16.8	1 90	3.35	6.4	1 16 8	2.23	3 35	7.5				7.5	2.23	0.8	1.	5 43	5.3	0.13	BASIN E9 AND OS 4.2 COMBINE @ DP7.2 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E10
	8.2	E10.1	2.61	0.20	14.1	0.52	3.61	1.9	17.0	2.74	3.34	9.2								+			FLOW @ DP8.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	8.3	E10.2	1.89	0.09	11.8	0.17	3.89	0.7	11.8	0.17	3.89	0.7											FLOW @ DP8.3 CONVEYED OFFSITE



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	
DESIGN STORM: 100-YEAR	Date:	8/22/2024

			DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF ST				STREET PIPE			TR	RAVEL	TIME	REMARKS		
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C ₁₀₀	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLUPE % Appe (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (ft)	VEL. (ft/s)	TRAVEL TIME (min)	
		E1	0.47	0.63	16.2	0.30	5.72	1.7														BASIN E1 CAPTURED @ DP1
			0.47	0.00	10.2	0.00	0.72	1.7							4	9 0.8	0.6	3.0	73	7.5	0.16	
	1	OS1	1.58	0.36	12.9	0.57	6.30	3.6	16.2	0.86	5.72	4.9										BASIN E1 AND OS1 COMBINE @ DP1 CAPTURED IN 36" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E2
	2	E2.1	1.82	0.43	13.4	0.78	6.20	4.8	16.3	1.64	5.69	9.3										FLOW @ DP2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	2.2	E2.2	0.40	0.36	11.0	0.14	6.69	1.0	11.0	0.14	6 60	1.0										FLOW @ DP2.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	2.2	LZ.Z	0.40	0.30	11.0	0.14	0.09	1.0	11.0	0.14	0.03	1.0										
		E3	0.72	0.59	14.6	0.42	5.97	2.5							26	6 4 9	2 1.1	1 20	0 47	7.6	0.10	BASIN E3 CAPTURED @ DP3
	3	OS2	12.21	0.36	17.5	4.40	5.53	24.3	17.5	4.82	5.53	26.6			20	4.0	1.1	2.0	3 47	7.0	0.10	BASIN E3 AND OS2 COMBINE @ DP3 CAPTURED IN 24" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E4
	4	E4	3 17	0.42	15.2	1 33	5.87	7.8	17.6	6 14	5 51	33 9										FLOW @ DP4 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	-									0.14	0.01	00.0										
		E5	0.23	0.62	7.1	0.14	7.79	1.1							4	5 06	9 1.3	3 1.5	5 56	6.8	0.14	BASIN E5 CAPTURED @ DP5
	5	OS3.1	1.51	0.36	11.6	0.54	6.56	3.6	11.6	0.69	6.56	4.5			7	0.0	1.0	, ,,	30	0.0	0.14	BASIN E5 AND OS3 COMBINE @ DP5 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E6
	6	E6	0.79	0.44	8.2	0.34	7.44	26	11.7	1 03	6.53	6.7										FLOW @ DP6 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	0					0.04				1.00	0.00	0.7										
		E7	0.23	0.62	5.9	0.14	8.26	1.2							7	5 1.1	7 0.2	2 1 5	5 53	2.3	0.38	BASIN E7 CAPTURED @ DP7
	7.1	OS3.2	2.86	0.36	12.5	1.03	6.38	6.6	12.5	1.17	6.38	7.5				1.1	7 0.2	1.0	300	2.0	0.00	BASIN E7 AND OS4.1 COMBINE @ DP7.1 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E8
	8.1	E8	0.70	0.45	11.0	0.31	6 68	21	12.8	1 48	6.30	9.4										FLOW @ DP8.1 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	0.1									1.10	0.00	0.1										
		E9	0.73	0.62	14.1	0.45	6.06	2.8							45	3 80	0.8	3 1 5	5 43	5.3	0.13	BASIN E9 CAPTURED @ DP7.2
	7.2	OS3.3	21.12	0.36	16.8	7.60	5.62	42.7	16.8	8.06	5.62	45.3				0.0	0.0	1 '''		0.5	0.10	BASIN E9 AND OS 4.2 COMBINE @ DP7.2 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E10
	8.2	E10.1	2.61	0.44	14.1	1.15	6.06	7.0	17.0	9.21	5.60	51.6										FLOW @ DP8.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	8.3	E10.2	1.89	0.36	11.8	0.68	6.53	4.4	11.8	0.68	6.53	4.4							1			FLOW @ DP8.3 CONVEYED OFFSITE



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Checked by:	СМ
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	8/26/2024

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE													
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)									
EA1	0.62	97	2.6	4.7									
EA2	1.21	50	2.5	5.6									
EA3	0.44	91	1.8	3.0									
EA4	0.77	52	1.7	2.9									
EA5.1	0.37	9	0.3	0.4									
EA5.2	0.52	0	0.2	1.6									
EA5.3	1.21	0	0.4	2.9									
EA5.4	0.41	0	0.1	1.0									
EA6	1.09	91	3.1	5.2									
EA7	1.92	52	3.2	5.4									
EA8	0.94	50	0.5	0.9									
EA9	0.88	35	0.4	0.6									
EA10.1	0.36	23	0.4	0.6									
EA10.2	1.06	23	1.4	4.4									
EA11	1.23	0	0.5	0.9									
EA12	0.47	25	0.6	1.7									
EA13	0.21	26	0.3	0.7									
EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	5.07	78	10.2	17.2									
OS1	1.63	2	0.5	3.6									
OS2	12.18	2	3.6	24.2									
OS3	25.50	2	8.0	53.6									

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE												
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ_5 (cfs)	ΣQ ₁₀₀ (cfs)									
1	OS1	0.5	3.6									
2	DP20, SFB D Release	0.7	5.0									
3	OS2	3.6	24.2									
4	EA 5.2, OS2, DP4.1, SFB A RELEASE	4.1	28.6									
4.1	EA5.3	0.6	3.5									
6	EA5.4	0.4	2.0									
7	OS3	8.0	53.6									
8.3	DP 22, OS3, EDB B RELEASE	9.7	58.1									
8.2	EA10.2	1.4	4.0									
9	DP1, EA1	3.3	9.3									
10	DP9, EA2	5.4	13.9									
11	DP10, EA12	5.8	15.2									
12	EA13	0.3	0.7									
13	EA3	1.8	3.0									
14	DP13, EA4	3.3	5.6									
15	DP14, EA5	3.5	5.9									
16	EA6	3.1	5.2									
17	DP16, EA7	6.2	10.3									
18	DP17	6.2	10.3									
19	DP18,EA8	6.6	11.1									
18U	DP17, EA8 & EA9 *PER SEGMENT 2 FDR	15.5	26.0									
19U	DP18U, EA8	15.8	26.6									
20	EA9	0.4	0.6									
8.1	EA10	0.4	0.6									
22	EA11	0.5	0.9									

NOTE: "U" DENOTES ULTIMATE CONDITION AFTER COMPLETION OF EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 2 CONSTRUCTION



Calc'd by: SPC

Checked by: CM

Date: 11/27/2023

SOIL TYPE: HSG A&B

COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS																				
BASIN							LAND	USE	TYPE											
		Paved			c Flow An	_	Lawns				Grave	l	Driv	e and V	Valks		COMPOSITE			
	%I C ₅ C ₁₀₀ %I C ₅ C ₁₀₀					%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	- 3 - 100			C ₅	C ₁₀₀	TOTAL	IMPERVIOUSNESS & C				
	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	0	0.08	0.35	80	0.59	0.70	100	0.90	0.96	TOTAL		FACTOR		
	ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES				ACRES		ACRES	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	
EA1	0.60							0.02								0.62	97	0.87	0.94	
EA2		0.60						0.61								1.21	50	0.49	0.65	
EA3		0.40						0.04								0.44	91	0.82	0.90	
EA4		0.40						0.37								0.77	52	0.50	0.67	
EA5.1								0.33			0.04					0.37	9	0.13	0.39	
	EA5.2						0.52									0.52	0	0.08	0.35	
EA5.3								1.21								1.21	0	0.08	0.35	
EA5.4								0.41								0.41	0	0.08	0.35	
	EA6 0.99							0.10								1.09	91	0.83	0.91	
EA7		0.99						0.93								1.92	52	0.50	0.67	
EA8	EA8							0.83			0.09			0.01		0.94	9	0.14	0.39	
EA9							0.88									0.88	0	0.08	0.35	
EA10.1								0.30			0.01			0.05		0.36	16	0.21	0.44	
EA10.2								0.81			0.06			0.20		1.06	23	0.26	0.48	
EA11								1.23								1.23	0	0.08	0.35	
EA12		0.06						0.34			0.07					0.47	25	0.26	0.48	
EA13		0.06						0.15								0.21	26	0.30	0.51	
OS1					1.63											1.63	2	0.09	0.36	
OS2					12.18											12.18	2	0.09	0.36	
OS3					25.50											25.50	2	0.09	0.36	
EA8 & EA9 *Per		2.04						1 10								F 07	70	0.70	0.00	
Segment 2 FDR	3.94						1.13									5.07	78	0.72	0.82	
SFB A		0.80			0.00			0.74			0.04			0.00		1.58	53			
EDB B		1.98			0.00			1.86			0.09			0.01		3.95	52			
EDB B (ULT)		5.92 0.00					2.99 0.09 0.01									9.02	67			

	COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS																		
BASIN		LAND USE TYPE																	
		Paved Historic Flow Analysis Greenbelts, Agriculture Lawns Gravel Drive and Walks																OMPOSIT	
	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀		INIPER	VIOUSNE	33 & C
	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	0	80.0	0.35	80	0.59	0.70	100	0.90	0.96	TOTAL		FACTOR	
	ACRES ACRES ACRES ACRES													•	ACRES	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	
SFB D		1.26			1.63			0.97			0.07			0.00		3.93	34		



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Checked by:	СМ
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	8/26/2024

TIME OF CONCENTRATION

BAS	IN DATA		OVERI	LAND TIM	E (T _i)		TRAVI	EL TIME (T _t)		TOTAL	tc=(L/180)+10	Design tc
DESIGNATION	C ₅	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t _i (min)	C _V	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t _t (min)	t_c (min)	tc max	tc design (min)
EA1	0.87	0.62	26	2.0	1.7	20	734	1.6	2.5	4.9	6.6	14.2	6.6
EA2	0.49	1.21	26	2.0	4.6	20	734	1.6	2.5	4.9	9.5	14.2	9.5
EA3	0.82	0.44	26	2.0	2.0	20	326	0.5	1.4	3.8	5.9	12.0	5.9
EA4	0.50	0.77	26	2.0	4.4	20	326	0.5	1.4	3.8	8.3	12.0	8.3
EA5.1	0.13	0.37	25	25.0	3.0	10	100	0.5	0.7	2.4	5.4	10.7	5.4
EA5.2	0.08	0.52	35	33.0	3.4	10	110	5.5	2.3	0.8	5.0	10.8	5.0
EA5.3	0.08	1.21	68	10.0	7.1	10	286	2.3	1.5	3.1	10.3	12.0	10.3
EA5.4	0.08	0.41	78	4.6	9.9	10	145	1.4	1.2	2.0	12.0	11.2	11.2
EA6	0.83	1.09	26	2.0	2.0	20	1304	0.6	1.5	14.0	16.1	17.4	16.1
EA7	0.50	1.92	26	2.0	4.4	20	1304	0.6	1.5	14.0	18.5	17.4	17.4
EA8	0.14	0.94	100	9.0	8.4	10	102	0.5	0.7	2.4	10.8	11.1	10.8
EA9	0.08	0.88	50	24.4	4.6	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.3	5.0
EA10.1	0.21	0.36	35	24.4	3.3	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.2	5.0
EA10.2	0.26	1.06	50	15.0	4.4	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.3	5.0
EA11	0.08	1.23	23	18.0	3.4	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.1	5.0
EA12	0.26	0.47	117	12.0	7.3	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	7.3	10.7	7.3
EA13	0.30	0.21	82	2.0	10.6	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	10.6	10.5	10.5
EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	0.72	5.07	26	2.0	2.8	20	2500	0.7	1.7	24.9	27.7	24.0	24.0
OS1	0.09	1.63	100	2.7	13.3	10	633	1.5	1.2	8.6	22.0	14.1	14.1
OS2	0.09	12.18	100	4.3	11.4	10	1243	3.2	1.8	11.6	23.0	17.5	17.5
OS3	0.09	25.50	100	6.5	9.9	10	879	3.2	1.8	8.2	18.1	15.4	15.4

FORMULAS:

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \qquad V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_{ν}

Type of Land Surface	C_{ν}
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

^{*}For buried riprap, select C_v value based on type of vegetative cover.



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Checked by:	СМ
DESIGN STORM: 5-YEAR	Date:	8/26/2024

				DIR	RECT F	RUNOF	FF		TC	TAL I	RUNC)FF	ST	REET	EET PIPE TRAVEL TI					TF	RAVEL	TIME	REMARKS
	FNIO					.5.1101													(ft)	F.		IME (mir	
STREET	DESIGN PC	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C _s	<i>t_c (</i> min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	f _c (min)	C ₅ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	_	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₅ *A (ac)	% 3401 8	PIPE SIZE	LENGTH (F	VEL. (FPS)	rravel ti	
	1								14.1	0.15	3.62	0.5					0.15		1.5	10	4.2	0.04	BASIN OS1 @ DP1 CAPTURED IN 18" RCP CULVERT, DRAINS TO BASIN DP9
	2	OS1	1.63	0.09	14.1	0.15	3.62	0.5		0.07	3.62	0.7											SFB D RELEASE @ 0.4 CFS AND DP 20 FLOW @ DP2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	3	000	10.10	0.00	47.5	4.40	0.00			1.10	3.29	3.6				3.6	1.10	2.6	2.5	186	13.5	0.23	BASIN OS2 @ DP3 CAPTURED IN 30" RCP CULVERT, DRAINS TO BASIN DP4
	4	OS2 EA5.2	0.52	0.09			3.29 5.17		17.7	1.23	3.29	4.1											FLOW @ DP4 CONVEYED OFFSITE (INCLUDES DETENTION SFB A 5-YR RELEASE RATE @ 0.03 CFS)
	4.1								10.3	0.10	3.29	0.6											FLOW @ DP4.1 DRAINS SOUTH TO ULTIMATELY COMBINE WITH DP4
	6	EA5.3 EA5.4	0.41	0.08			4.09 3.95		11.2	0.03	3.29	0.4	H		+								FLOW @ DP6 DRAINS OFFSITE
	7								15.4	2.30	3.48	8.0				8.0	2.30	0.6	3.0	445	7.3	1.01	BASIN OS3 FLOW @ DP7 CAPTURTED IN CDOT TYPE D INLET, PIPED TO DP8
	8.3	OS3	25.50	0.09	15.4	2.30	3.48	8.0		2.67	3.48	9.7	H										FLOW @ DP8 CONVEYED OFFSITE (INCLUDES EDB POND B 5-YR RELEASE RATE @ 0.4 CFS, DP7, & DP22)
	8.2	EA10.2	1.06	0.26	5.0	0.27	5 17	1.4		0.27	3.48	1.4											FLOW @ DP8.2 DRAINS NE TO ULTIMATELY COMBINE WITH DP8
	9	EA10.2 EA1	1.06 0.62		5.0 6.6				6.6	0.69	4.75	3.3			\dagger	3.3	0.69	0.5	1.5	52	4.2	0.21	BASIN EA1 CAPTURED @ DP9 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	10	EA2	1.21	0.49					9.5	1.28	4.21	5.4				5.4	1.28	0.5	1.5	128	4.2	0.51	BASIN EA2 CAPTURED @ DP10 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	11								10.0	1.40	4.13	5.8				5.8	1.40	1.5	1.5	63	7.2	0.15	BASIN EA12 SHEEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO SFB D
	12	EA12 EA13		0.26					10.5	0.06	4.13	0.3	H										FLOW @ DP12 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	13								5.9	0.36	4.92	1.8				1.8	0.36	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14	BASIN EA3 CAPTURED @ DP13 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	14	EA3	0.44				4.92		8.3	0.75	4.42	3.3				3.3	0.75	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14	BASIN EA4 CAPTURED @ DP14 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	15	EA4	0.77						8.4	0.80	4.39	3.5				3.5	0.80	0.5	1.5	36	4.2	0.14	BASIN EA5 SHEEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO SFB A
	16	EA5.1	0.37						16.1	0.90	3.42	3.1				3.1	0.90	0.5	1.5	52	4.2	0.21	BASIN EA6 CAPTURED @ DP16 BY SUMP TYPE R INLET
	17	EA6		0.83					17.4	1.87	3.30	6.2				6.2	1.87	0.5	2.0	196	5.1	0.64	BASIN EA7 CAPTURED @ DP17 BY SUMP TYPE R INLET
	18	EA7	1.92	0.50	17.4	0.97	3.30	3.2		1.87	3.30	6.2				6.2	1.87	0.5	2.0	42	5.1	0.14	STORM MH @ D18, NO SEGMENT 2 FLOW
	19									2.00	3.29	6.6				6.6	2.00	0.5	2.0	196	5.1	0.64	BASIN EA8 SHEEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO EDB B (NO SEGMENT 2 FLOWS)
	18U	EA8	0.94	0.14	10.8	0.13	4.01	0.5		5.50	2.81	15.5				15.5	5.50	0.5	2.0	42	5.1	0.14	
		EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	5.07	0.72	24.0	3.64	2.81	10.2	:														SEGMENT 2 FLOW COMBINES @ DP18 WITH SEGMENT 1 FLOWS @ STORM MH
	19U	EA8	0.04	0.14	10.8	0.12	4.01		24.2	5.64	2.81	15.8			\dagger								BASIN EA8 SHEEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO EDB B INCLUDING FUTURE TRIBUTARY FLOW FROM SUBBASIN EA8 & EA9 PER THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 2 FDR
	20								5.0	0.07	5.17	0.4											
	8.1	EA9	0.88				5.17		5.0	0.07	5.17	0.4			+								BASIN EA9 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE BASIN EA10 SHEET FLOWS OFFFSITE
	22	EA10.1	0.36				5.17		5.0	0.10	5.17	0.5			\dashv								
		EA11	1.23	0.08	5.0	0.10	5.17	0.5	,														BASIN EA11 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Checked by:	СМ
DESIGN STORM: 100-YEAR	Date:	8/26/2024

	Gree	21.1		DIR	RECT	RUNOI	FF		TO	TAL R	LUNOF	F	STREET PIPE					PIPE TRAVEL TIME				REMARKS
STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	AREA (ac)	C ₁₀₀	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	<i>t_c (</i> min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	/ (in./ hr.)	Q (cfs)	et (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (ft)	VEL. (ft/s)	TRAVEL TIME (min)	
	1	OS1	1.63	0.36	14.1	0.59	6.07	3.6	14.1	0.59	6.07	3.6			3.6	0.59	0.5	1.5	115	4.2	0.46	BASIN OS1 @ DP1 CAPTURED IN 18" RCP CULVERT, DRAINS TO BASIN DP2
	2								0.1	0.07	6.07	5.0										SFB D RELEASE @ 4.6 CFS AND DP 20 FLOW @ DP2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	3	OS2	12.18	0.36	17.5	4.38	5 53	24.2		4.38	5.53	24.2			24.2	4.38	2.6	2.5	186	13.5	0.23	BASIN OS2 @ DP3 CAPTURED IN 30" RCP CULVERT, DRAINS TO BASIN DP4
	4	EA5.2	0.52						17.7	4.99	5.53	28.6										FLOW @ DP4 CONVEYED OFFSITE (INCLUDES DETENTION SFB A 100-YR RELEASE RATE @ 1.0 CFS)
	4.1								10.3	0.42	5.53	3.5										FLOW @ DP4.1 DRAINS SOUTH TO ULTIMATELY COMBINE WITH DP4
	6	EA5.3	1.21						11.2	0.14	5.53	2.0										FLOW @ DP6 DRAINS OFFSITE
	7	EA5.4	0.41						15.4	9.18	5.84	53.6			53.6	9.18	0.6	3.0	445	7.3	1.01	BASIN OS3 FLOW @ DP7 CAPTURTED IN CDOT TYPE D INLET, PIPED TO DP8
	8.3	OS3	25.50	0.36	15.4	9.18	5.84	53.6	16.5	9.79	5.84	58.1										FLOW @ DP8 CONVEYED OFFSITE (INCLUDES EDB POND B 100-YR RELEASE RATE @ 1.0 CFS, DP7, & DP22)
	8.2	5440.0	4.00	0.40		0.54	0.00			0.51	5.84	4.0										FLOW @ DP8.2 DRAINS NE TO ULTIMATELY COMBINE WITH DP8
	9	EA10.2					8.68		6.6	1.17	7.98	9.3			9.3	3 1.17	0.5	1.5	52	4.2	0.21	BASIN EA1 CAPTURED @ DP9 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	10	EA1	0.62						9.5	1.96	7.07	13.9			13.9	1.96	0.5	1.5	128	4.2	0.51	BASIN EA2 CAPTURED @ DP10 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	11	EA2	1.21						10.0	2.18	6.94	15.2			15.2	2.18	1.5	1.5	63	7.2	0.15	BASIN EA12 SHEEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO SFB D
	12	EA12	0.47	0.48	7.3	0.23	7.73	1.7		0.11	6.94	0.7	\dashv		-							FLOW @ DP12 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	13	EA13	0.21	0.51	10.5	0.11	6.82	0.7		0.36	8.27	3.0			3.0	0.36	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14	BASIN EA3 CAPTURED @ DP13 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	14	EA3	0.44	0.82	5.9	0.36	8.27	3.0		0.75	7.42	5.6			5.6	0.75	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14	BASIN EA4 CAPTURED @ DP14 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	15	EA4	0.77	0.50	8.3	0.39	7.42	2.9		0.80	7.37	5.9	-		5.9	0.80	0.5	1.5	36	4.2	0.14	BASIN EA5 SHEEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO SFB A
	16	EA5.1	0.37	0.13	5.4	0.05	8.49	0.4		0.90	5.74	5.2	-		5.2	2 0.90	0.5	1.5	52	4.2	0.21	BASIN EA6 CAPTURED @ DP16 BY SUMP TYPE R INLET
	17	EA6	1.09	0.83	16.1	0.90	5.74	5.2		1.87	5.54	10.3	\dashv		10.3	3 1.87	0.5	2.0	196	5.1	0.64	BASIN EA7 CAPTURED @ DP17 BY SUMP TYPE R INLET
	18	EA7	1.92	0.50	17.4	0.97	5.54	5.4		1.87	5.54	10.3			10.3	3 1.87	0.5	2.0	42	5.1	0.14	STORM MH @ D18, NO SEGMENT 2 FLOW
	19									2.00	5.52	11.1	-		11.1	2.00	0.5	2.0	196	5.1	0.64	BASIN EA8 SHEEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO EDB B (NO SEGMENT 2 FLOWS)
	18U	EA8	0.94	0.14	10.8	0.13	6.73	0.9		5.50	4.72	26.0			26.0	5.50	0.5	2.0	42	5.1	0.14	
		EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	5.07	0.72	24.0	3.64	4.72	17.2														SEGMENT 2 FLOW COMBINES @ DP18 WITH SEGMENT 1 FLOWS @ STORM MH
	19U	EA8	0.94	0.14	10.8	0.13	6.73	0.9														BASIN EA8 SHEEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO EDB B INCLUDING FUTURE TRIBUTARY FLOW FROM SUBBASIN EA8 & EAS PER THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 2 FDR
	20	EA9	0.88	0.08	5.0	0.07	8.68	0.6		0.07	8.68	0.6										BASIN EA9 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE
	8.1	EA10.1	0.36						5.0	0.07	8.68	0.6										BASIN EA10 SHEET FLOWS OFFFSITE
	22	EA11	1.23						5.0	0.10	8.68	0.9										BASIN EA11 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE
	1	LATI	1.23	0.00	5.0	0.10	0.00	0.9							1			1		1	1	DAGIN EATT CHEET LOTTO OTT OTTE

Provide a map that delineates the SPAs, UIAs, and RPAs.

And a map with just RPAs so we have one to provide our maintenance team in the future so they know what needs to maintained. SPAs do not need to be inspected or maintained post-construction.

These areas do not match the whole basin areas shown on the drainage maps or in the report text on page 9 above. Please clarify in the report text why these areas are less than the total basin area (ex: only the areas of disturbance within the basin area shown as SPAs).

Why not exclude these two basins via the exclusion in ECM App I.7.1.C.1 (20% up to 1ac of development can be excluded)? That way the County does not have to maintain and inspect any RPA areas prior to the Grandview ponds being built.

Design Procedure Form: Runoff Reduction UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018) Sheet 1 of 1													
Docianor	SPC			UD-BMP (Ve	ersion 3.07, Ma	rch 2018)			//		;	Sheet 1 of 1	
3	HR GREEN							//	/		_		
Company: Date:	August 26, 20	124		-							_		
		egment 1 - RR						-//-			_		
Project: Location:	COLORADO							-/-			_		
Location.	COLONADO	or Kildo, CO		 							_		
SITE INFORMATION (User Input in Blue Cells) What about OS1?													
SITE INFORMATION (User Input in Blue Cells) WQCV Rainfall Depth 0.60 inches													
Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm, d ₆ = 0.43 Inches (for Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Figure 3-1 in USDCM Vol. 3)													
A 100 Tuno	CDA	SPA	CDA	SPA	LIIA.DDA	UIA:RPA	ØPA	SPA	CDA		 		
Area Type			SPA		UIA:RPA				SPA				
Area ID	EA5.2	EA5.3	EA5.4	EA9	EA10.1	EA10.2	/ EA11	OS2	OS3				
Downstream Design Point ID	4	4.1	6	20	8.1	8.2	22	3	7				
Downstream BMP Type		None	None	None	None /	None/	None	None	None				
DCIA (ft ²)					K								
UIA (ft²)					3,606	10,620							
RPA (ft ²)		20,220	V	14 605	3,309	21,115	 6 F70		 27.075				
SPA (ft²)		20,228	5,422	14,605	 00/	 00/	6,572	13,994	37,875				
HSG A (%) HSG B (%)		0% 100%	0% 100%	0% 100%	0% 100%	0% 100%	0% 100%	0% 100%	0% 100%				
HSG B (%) HSG C/D (%)		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%				
Average Slope of RPA (ft/ft)		U% 	U% 		0.020	0.100	U% 						
UIA:RPA Interface Width (ft)					285.00	860.00							
(4)								I			1		
CALCULATED RUNOFF Area ID		EA5.3	EA5.4	EA9	EA10.1	EA10.2	EA11	OS2	OS3				
UIA:RPA Area (ft ²)					6,915	31,735							
L/W Ratio					0.09	0.06							
UIA / Area					0.5215	0.3346							
Runoff (in)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Runoff (ft ³)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Runoff Reduction (ft ³)	505	1011	271	730	150	443	329	700	1894				
CALCULATED WQCV RE	SULTS												
Area ID		EA5.3	EA5.4	EA9	EA10.1	EA10.2	EA11	OS2	OS3				
WQCV (ft ³)		0	0	0	150	443	0	0	0				
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)		0	0	0	150	443	0	0	0				
WQCV Reduction (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%				
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
CALCULATED DESIGN F	OINT DEGIII	TS (sums ro	eulte from a	II columne u	ith the same	Downstroar	n Dosian Bo	int ID)					
Downstream Design Point ID		4.1	6	20	8.1	8.2	22	3	7		T T		
DCIA (ft ²)		0	0	0	0.1	0.2	0	0	0				
UIA (ft²)		0	0	0	3,606	10,620	0	0	0				
RPA (ft ²)		0	0	0	3,309	21,115	0	0	0				
SPA (ft²)		20,228	5,422	14,605	0	0	6,572	13,994	37,875				
Total Area (ft ²)		20,228	5,422	14,605	6,915	31,735	6,572	13,994	37,875				
Total Impervious Area (ft²)	0	0	0	0	3,606	10,620	0	0	0				
WQCV (ft ³)		0	0	0	150	443	0	0	0				
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)	0	0	0	0	150	443	0	0	0				
WQCV Reduction (%)		0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%				
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
CALCULATED SITE RES	ULTS (sums	results from	all columne	in workshe	et)								
Total Area (ft ²)			a oolulliis	or Rolle	,								
Total Impervious Area (ft ²)													
WQCV (ft ³)		1											
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)	593	1											
WQCV Reduction (%)]											
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)]											



APPENDIX C - HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

 $T_{BACK} =$

 $S_{BACK} =$

 $n_{BACK} =$

 $H_{CURB} =$

 $T_{CROWN} =$

W =

 $S_X =$

 S_W

 $d_{MAX} =$

 $S_0 =$

2.5

0.020

0.020

6.00

26.0

2.00

0.020

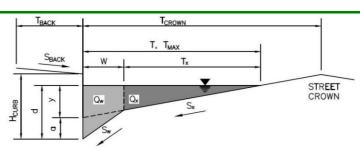
0.083

0.005

6.0

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements

Inlet ID: Inlet DP9



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb) Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

0.012 n_{STREET} = Major Storm Minor Storm $T_{MAX} =$ 20.0 26.0

ft/ft

inches

ft/ft

ft/ft

ft/ft

6.5

Major Storm

17.0

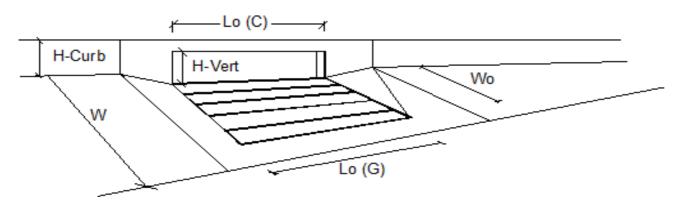
inches

cfs

Minor Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion 13.0 Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 2.60 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management' Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 4.70 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



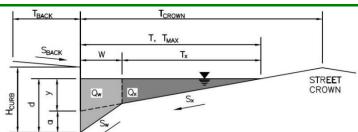
Design Information (Input) CDOT Type R Curb Opening		MINOR	MAJOR	-
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	$a_{LOCAL} =$	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	3	3	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$L_0 = L$	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	$W_o =$	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_f(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	$C_f(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'	_	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q =	2.6	4.7	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b = $	0.0	70.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_a/Q_o	C% =	100	100	%
		\	/	
			/	
		\	/	
			1	

Per DP summary table, flows at DP 9 are 3.3 and 9.3 cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

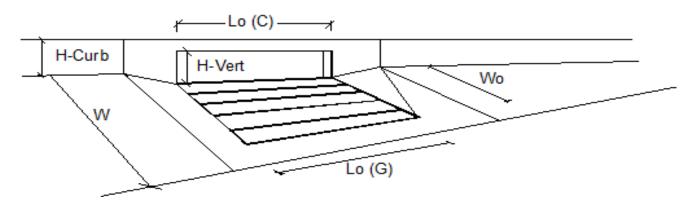
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP10



Gutter Geometry: Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb $T_{BACK} =$ 23.5 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb) 0.020 ft/ft $S_{BACK} =$ Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020) 0.020 $n_{BACK} =$ Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line $H_{CURB} =$ 6.00 inches Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown 26.0 $T_{CROWN} =$ ft Gutter Width W =2.00 ft Street Transverse Slope 0.020 ft/ft $S_X =$ Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft) $S_W =$ 0.083 ft/ft Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition $S_0 =$ 0.005 ft/ft Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020) 0.012 $n_{STREET} =$ Minor Storm Major Storm Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm $T_{MAX} =$ 20.0 26.0 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm 6.0 6.5 inches Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no) MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion Minor Storm Major Storm MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion 13.0 17.0 cfs $Q_{allow} =$ Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 2.50 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management' Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 5.60 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



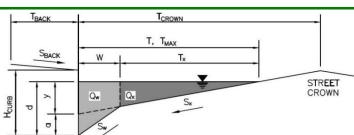
Design Information (Input) Type of Inlet CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	MINOR CDOT Type R	MAJOR Curb Opening	1
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	$a_{LOCAL} = $	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	3	3	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$L_{o} =$	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	$W_{o} = $	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_f(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	$C_f(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'	_	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q =	2.5	√ 5.6	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_a/Q_o	C% =	100	100	%

Per DP summary table, flows at DP 10 are 5.4 and 13.9 cfs

(Minor & Major Storm) **ALLOWABLE CAPACIT**

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements Inlet ID: Inlet DP13

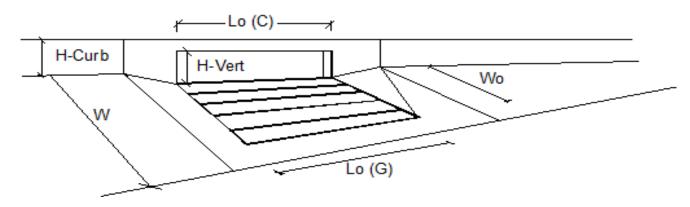


Gutter Geometry: Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb $T_{BACK} =$ 2.5 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb) 0.020 ft/ft $S_{BACK} =$ Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020) 0.020 $n_{BACK} =$ Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line $H_{CURB} =$ 6.00 inches Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown 26.0 $T_{CROWN} =$ ft Gutter Width W =2.00 ft Street Transverse Slope 0.020 ft/ft $S_X =$ Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft) $S_W =$ 0.083 ft/ft Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition $S_0 =$ 0.018 ft/ft Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020) 0.012 $n_{STREET} =$ Minor Storm Major Storm Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm $T_{MAX} =$ 20.0 26.0 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm 6.0 6.5 inches Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no) MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion Minor Storm Major Storm MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion 24.6 29.2 cfs $Q_{allow} =$

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 1.80 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 3.00 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)

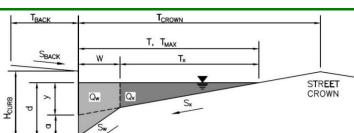


Design Information (Input) Type of Inlet CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Tuno -	MINOR	MAJOR Curb Opening	
Type of Inlet Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	Type = a _{LOCAL} =	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	2	2	- Inches
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	L _o =	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	$W_o =$	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_f(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	$C_f(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'	_	MINOR	MAJOR	_
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q =	1.8	3.0	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_a/Q_o	C% =	100	100	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

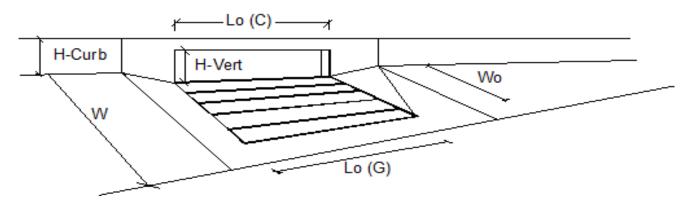
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP14



Gutter Geometry: Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb $T_{BACK} =$ 23.5 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb) 0.020 ft/ft $S_{BACK} =$ Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020) 0.020 $n_{BACK} =$ Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line $H_{CURB} =$ 6.00 inches Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown 26.0 $T_{CROWN} =$ ft Gutter Width W =2.00 ft Street Transverse Slope 0.020 ft/ft $S_X =$ Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft) $S_W =$ 0.083 ft/ft Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition $S_0 =$ 0.018 ft/ft Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020) 0.012 $n_{STREET} =$ Minor Storm Major Storm Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm $T_{MAX} =$ 20.0 26.0 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm 6.0 6.5 inches Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no) MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion Minor Storm Major Storm MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion 24.6 29.2 cfs $Q_{allow} =$ Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 1.70 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 2.90 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



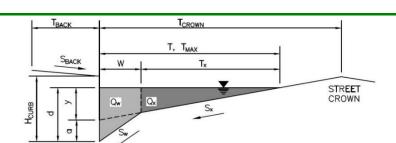
Design Information (Input) CDOT Type R Curb Opening	_	MINOR	MAJOR	=
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R	Curb Opening	
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	$a_{LOCAL} =$	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	2	2	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$L_{o} = $	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	$W_o =$	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_f(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	$C_f(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q =	1.7	2.9	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b = $	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_a/Q_o	C% =	100	100	%

Per DP summary table, flows at DP 14 are 3.3 and 5.6 cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP16



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

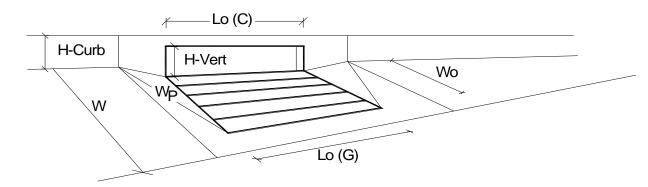
-		
$T_{BACK} =$	2.5	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	26.0	ft
W =	2.00	ft
$S_X =$		ft/ft
$S_W =$		ft/ft
$S_W = S_O $	0.000	ft/ft
n _{stdeet} =	0.012	

_	Minor Storm	Major Storm	_
$T_{MAX} =$	20.0	26.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	6.5	inches
•		П	_

_	Minor Storm	Major Storm	_
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)

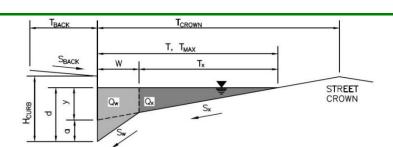


Design Information (Input) CDOT Type R Curb Opening	_	MINOR	MAJOR	_
Type of fried	Type =		Curb Opening	
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.5	inches
Grate Information	_	MINOR	MAJOR	Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	$L_{o}(G) = $	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	$W_o =$	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	$A_{ratio} =$	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_f(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_{o}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>	_	MINOR	MAJOR	_
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_{o}(C) =$	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	$H_{\text{vert}} =$	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	$H_{throat} =$	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	$W_p =$	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_f(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_w(C) =$	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_o(C) =$	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	T ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	$d_{Curb} =$	0.33	0.38	fit.
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	1
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	0.93	0.96	1
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	$Q_a = \lceil$	8.3	10.2	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED} =$	3.1	5.2	cfs
Timer Capacity 15 GOOD for Millor and Major Storins (>Q Peak)	✓ PEAK REQUIRED —	J.1	J.2	G 3

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP17



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb) Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

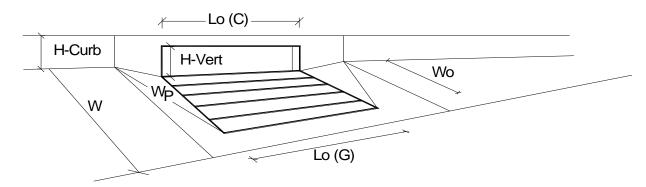
-		
$T_{BACK} =$	23.5	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	26.0	ft
W =	2.00	ft
$S_X =$		ft/ft
$S_W =$		ft/ft
$S_W = S_O $	0.000	ft/ft
n _{stdeet} =	0.012	

_	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	20.0	26.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	6.5	inches
_		П	

$Q_{allow} = $	Minor Storm SUMP	Major Storm SUMP	Cfs
Y allow —	30111	301-11	

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =		Curb Opening	
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	2	2	1
Nater Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.5	inches
Grate Information	- · <u>-</u>	MINOR	MAJOR	Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Nidth of a Unit Grate	$W_0 =$	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	$A_{ratio} =$	N/A	N/A	7
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_f(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	$C_w(G) =$	N/A	N/A	7
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_o(G) =$	N/A	N/A	7
Curb Opening Information	• • • •	MINOR	MAJOR	_
ength of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_{o}(C) =$	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	$H_{throat} =$	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	$W_p =$	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_f(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_{w}(C) =$	3.60	3.60	1
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_o(C) =$	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	$d_{Grate} =$	N/A	N/A	Πft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Curb} =	0.33	0.38	ft.
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	7
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	0.93	0.96	7
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Fotal Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	$Q_a = $	8.3	10.2	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	3.2	5.4	cfs

Per DP summary table, flows at DP 17 are 6.2 and 10.3 cfs



Eastonville Rd Segment 1

Sump Inlet Capacity

HRGreen El Paso County

Suggest using MHFD Inlet spreadsheet to determine inlet capacities

Where did these lengths come from? Length of Type D inlet is only 80" and Type C inlet is 48".

Calc'd by:

Checked by: CM

SPC

Date: 8/23/2024

Structure Type	Design Point	Required Inlet Capacity [cfs]	Flow Depth / Depth of Water Over Grate (d) [ft]	Inlet Operating as Weir / Orifice	Weir or Orifice Discharge Coefficient (C _w /C _o)	Clear Opening Area (A ₀) [ft ²]	Weir Length (L _w) [ft]	Clogging Factor (%)	Clogged Effective Weir Length (L _W) [ft]	Clogged Opening Area (A ₀) [ft ²]	Provided Inlet Capacity (CFS)
CDOT Type D - Standard Grate	7	53.6	2.75	ORIFICE	0.67	10.38	11.51	20	9.21	8.30	74.04
CDOT Type C - Standard Grate	1	3.6	0.50	WEIR	3	6.3	9	(10)	8.10	5.67	8.59
				ORIFICE	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
				ORIFICE	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
				ORIFICE	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00

Factors seem low

Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM) Volume 1 Chapter 7 Section 3.2.7

The hydraulic capacity of grate, curb-opening, and slotted inlets operating as weirs is expressed as:

 $Q_i = C_w L_w d^{1.5}$ (Equation 7-37)

Where:

Q_i = inlet capacity (cfs) C_w = weir discharge coefficient

 L_w = weir length (ft)

d = flow depth (ft).

The hydraulic capacity of grate, curb-opening, and slotted inlets operating as orifices is expressed as:

 $Q_i = C_o A_o (2gd)^{0.5}$ (Equation 7-38) Where: $Q_i = \text{inlet capacity (cfs)}$

C_o = orifice discharge coefficient

 A_0 = orifice area (ft2)

d = characteristic depth (ft) as defined in Table 7-8

g = 32.2 ft/sec2

Table 7-8. Sump inlet discharge variables and coefficients

(Modified From Akan and Houghtalen 2002)

Inlet Type	C_w	L_w^{-1}	Weir Equation Valid For	Definitions of Terms
Grate Inlet	3.00	L + 2W	$d \leq 1.79 (A_o/L_w)$	L = Length of grate (ft) W = Width of grate (ft) d = Depth of water over grate (ft) A_{θ} = Clear opening area ² (ft ²)
Curb-opening Inlet	3.00	L	d < h	L = Length of curb opening (ft) h = Height of curb opening (ft) $d = d_i - (h/2)$ (ft) d_i = Depth of water at curb opening (ft)
Depressed Curb Opening Inlet ³	2.30	L + 1.8W	d < (h+a)	W = Lateral width of depression (ft) a = Depth of curb depression (ft)
Slotted Inlets	2.48	L	d < 0.2 ft	L = Length of slot (ft) d = Depth at curb (ft)

The weir length should be reduced where clogging is expected.

Ratio of clear opening area to total area is 0.8 for P-1-7/8-4 and reticuline grates, 0.9 for P-1-7/8 and 0.6 for P-1-1/8 grates. Curved vane and tilt bar grates are not recommended at sump

locations unless in combination with curb openings.

If L > 12 ft, use the expressions for curb-opening inlets without depression

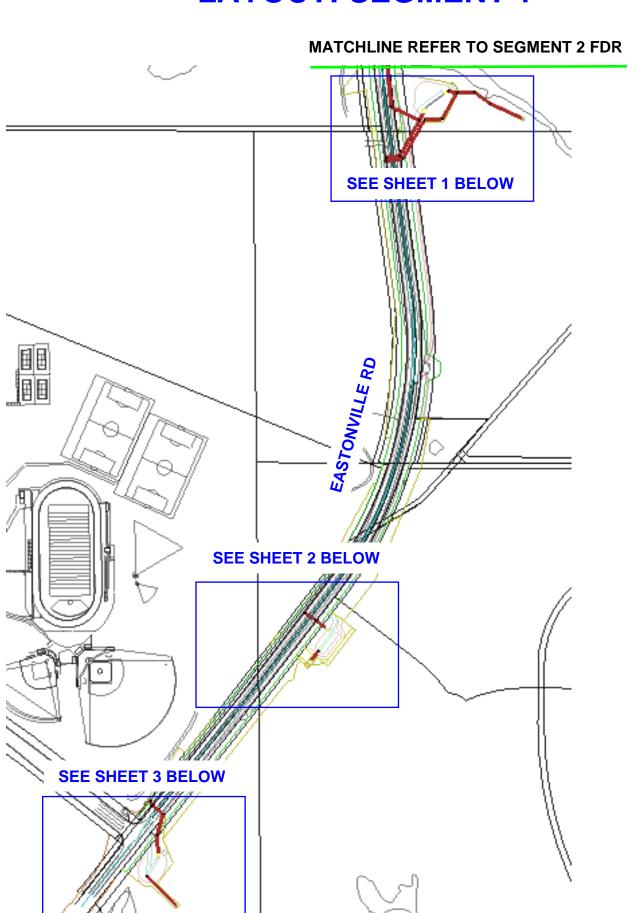
	C_o	A_0^{4}	Orifice Equation Valid for	Definition of Terms
Grate Inlet	0.67	Clear opening area ⁵	$d > 1.79(A_o/L_w)$	d = Depth of water over grate (ft)
Curb-opening Inlet (depressed or undepressed, horizontal orifice throat ⁶)	0.67	(h)(L)	$d_i > 1.4h$	$d = d_i - (h/2)$ (ft) $d_i = \text{Depth of water at curb}$ opening (ft) h = Height of curb opening (ft)
Slotted Inlet	0.80	(L)(W)	d > 0.40 ft	L = Length of slot (ft) W = Width of slot (ft) d = Depth of water over slot (ft)

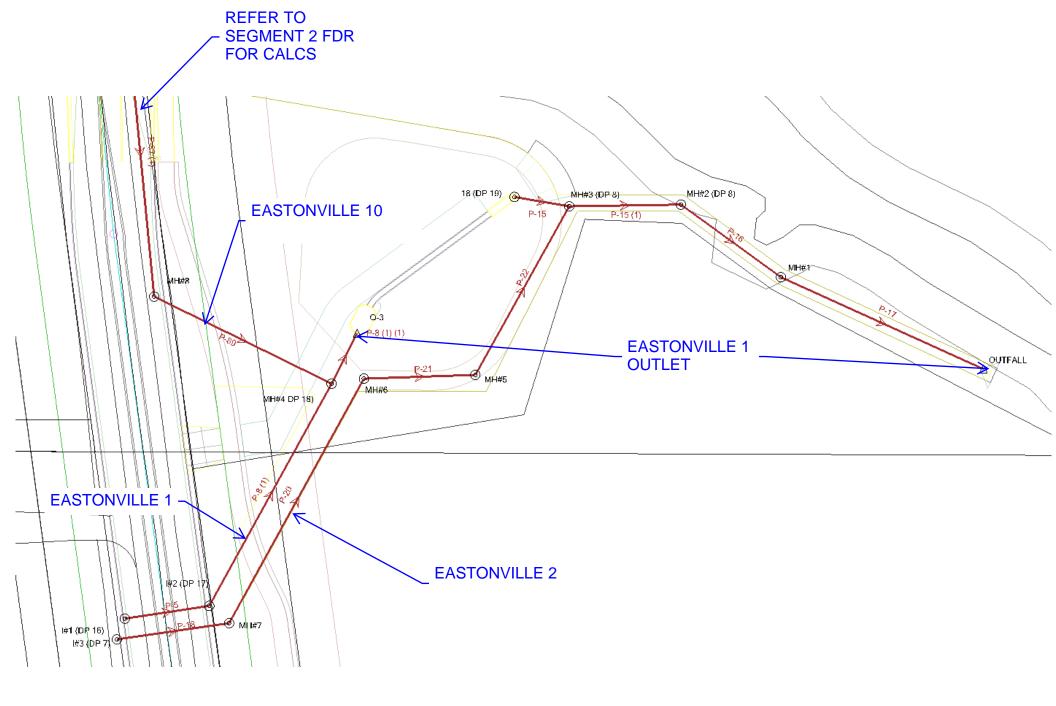
The orifice area should be reduced where clogging is expected.

The ratio of clear opening area to total area is 0.8 for P-1-7/8-4 and reticuline grates, 0.9 for P-1-7/8 and 0.6 for P-1-1/8 grates. Curved vane and tilt bar grates are not recommended at sump locations unless in combination with curb openings.

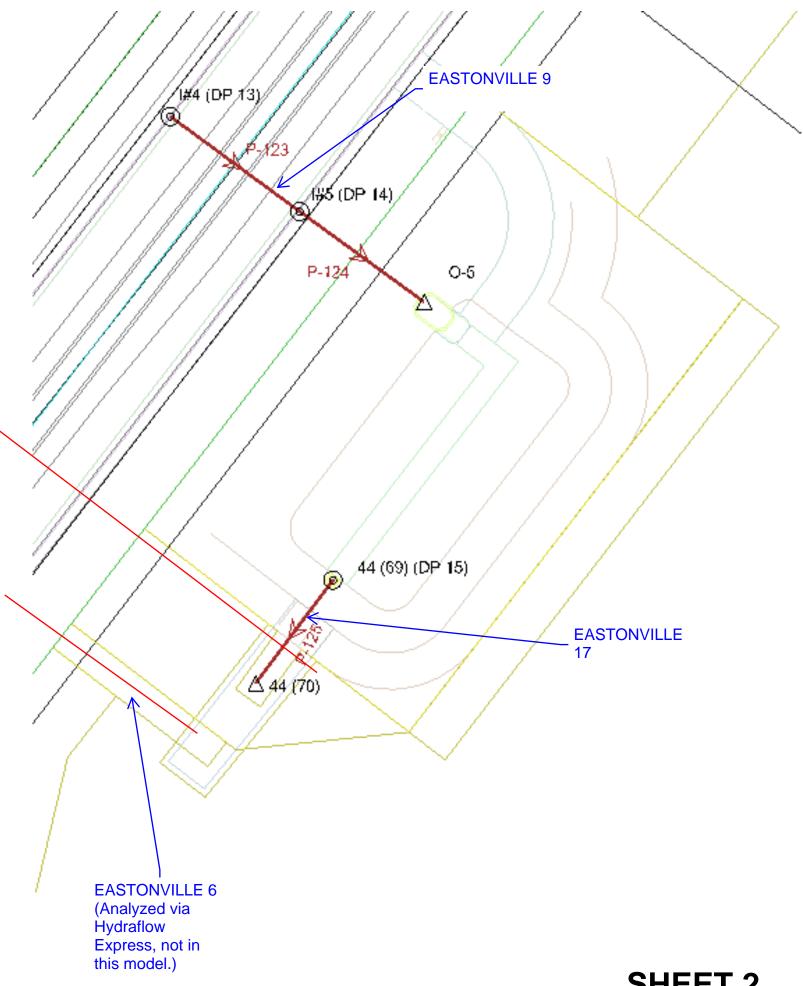
See Figure 7-12 for other types of throats.

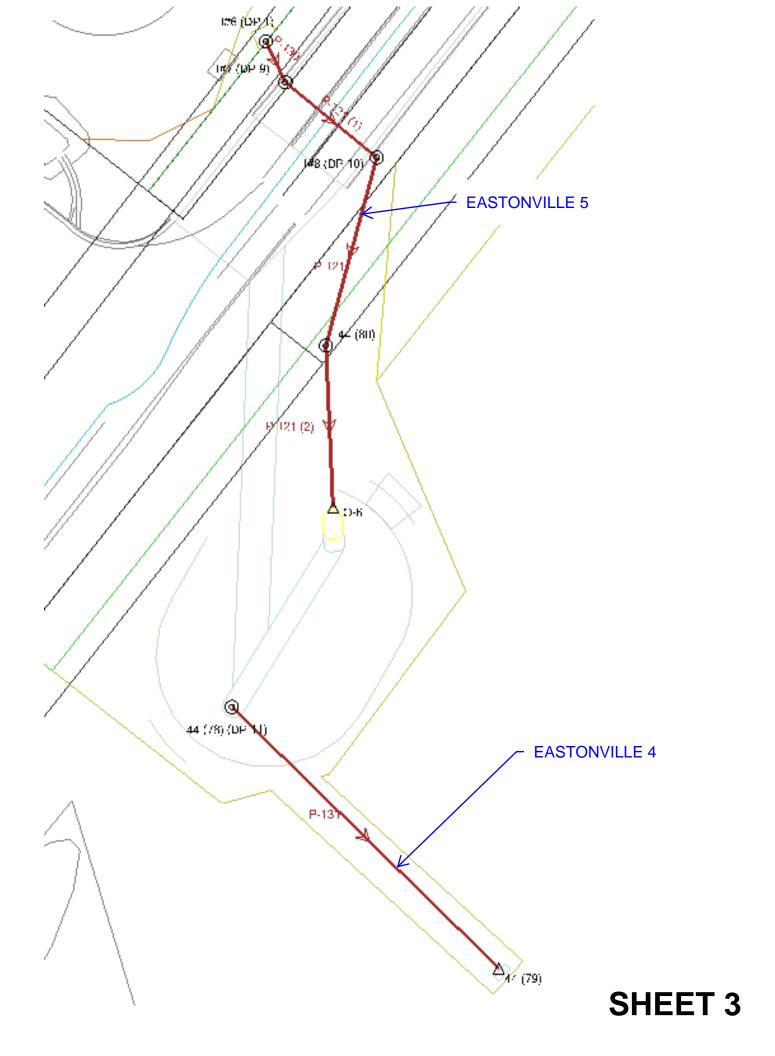
STORMCAD NETWORK LAYOUT: SEGMENT 1





SHEET 1





100 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Label	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n
66: P-8 (1) (1)	P-8 (1) (1)	MH#4 DP 18)	6,985.02	O-3	6,984.82	41.6	0.005	36.0	0.013
67: P-124	P-124	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.07	O-5	6,981.82	50.1	0.025	18.0	0.013
68: P-121 (2)	P-121 (2)	44 (80)	6,966.45	0-6	6,966.08	74.1	0.005	24.0	0.013
69: P-18	P-18	I#3 (DP 7)	6,986.04	MH#7	6,985.68	71.3	0.005	42.0	0.013
70: P-20	P-20	MH#7	6,985.37	MH#6	6,983.61	175.6	0.010	42.0	0.013
71: P-5	P-5	I#1 (DP 16)	6,989.53	I#2 (DP 17)	6,989.27	52.7	0.005	18.0	0.013
72: P-8 (1)	P-8 (1)	I#2 (DP 17)	6,988.77	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	147.0	0.019	24.0	0.013
73: P-21	P-21	MH#6	6,983.41	MH#5	6,982.59	82.2	0.010	42.0	0.013
74: P-22	P-22	MH#5	6,982.39	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.23	115.7	0.010	42.0	0.013
75: P-15	P-15	18 (DP 19)	6,983.25	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,983.03	30.8	0.007	18.0	0.013
76: P-15 (1)	P-15 (1)	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.03	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.65	75.1	0.005	42.0	0.013
77: P-16	P-16	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.55	MH#1	6,980.16	78.1	0.005	42.0	0.013
78: P-123	P-123	I#4 (DP 13)	6,983.43	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.17	52.0	0.005	18.0	0.013
79: P-17	P-17	MH#1	6,980.06	OUTFALL	6,979.36	139.8	0.005	42.0	0.013
80: P-125	P-125	44 (69) (DP 15)	6,978.42	44 (70)	6,978.21	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013
84: P-121	P-121	I#8 (DP 10)	6,966.90	44 (80)	6,966.45	89.0	0.005	24.0	0.013
85: P-130	P-130	I#6 (DP 1)	6,967.50	I#7 (DP 9)	6,967.37	19.6	0.007	18.0	0.013
87: P-121 (1)	P-121 (1)	I#7 (DP 9)	6,967.27	I#8 (DP 10)	6,967.00	53.0	0.005	18.0	0.013
88: P-131	P-131	44 (78) (DP 11)	6,963.40	44 (79)	6,962.52	167.9	0.005	18.0	0.013
127: P-89	P-89	MH#8	6,986.76	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	116.1	0.006	24.0	0.013
146: P-87 (1)	P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013

	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
66: P-8 (1) (1)	26.00	3.68	46.25	56.2	6,988.25	6,988.19
67: P-124	5.60	8.48	16.60	33.7	6,983.98	6,982.43
68: P-121 (2)	13.90	5.73	15.98	87.0	6,967.89	6,967.42
69: P-18	53.60	8.15	71.48	75.0	6,988.34	6,988.30
70: P-20	53.60	10.63	100.73	53.2	6,987.66	6,986.34
71: P-5	5.20	4.52	7.38	70.5	6,990.51	6,990.40
72: P-8 (1)	10.30	8.86	30.94	33.3	6,989.92	6,988.63
73: P-21	53.60	10.61	100.49	53.3	6,985.70	6,985.32
74: P-22	53.60	10.63	100.72	53.2	6,984.68	6,984.42
75: P-15	3.00	4.54	8.88	33.8	6,984.43	6,984.42
76: P-15 (1)	56.50	8.24	71.57	78.9	6,983.69	6,983.58
77: P-16	56.50	8.20	71.10	79.5	6,982.91	6,982.52
78: P-123	3.00	3.98	7.43	40.4	6,984.40	6,984.38
79: P-17	56.50	8.21	71.18	79.4	6,982.41	6,981.71
80: P-125	1.20	3.10	7.45	16.1	6,978.83	6,978.62
84: P-121	13.90	5.76	16.08	86.4	6,968.34	6,967.92
85: P-130	3.60	2.04	8.55	42.1	6,969.95	6,969.92
87: P-121 (1)	9.30	5.26	7.50	124.0	6,969.28	6,968.86
88: P-131	1.40	3.28	7.61	18.4	6,963.84	6,962.96
127: P-89	17.20	5.47	18.06	95.3	6,989.30	6,988.63
146: P-87 (1)	17.20	9.29	27.70	62.1	6,991.26	6,989.59

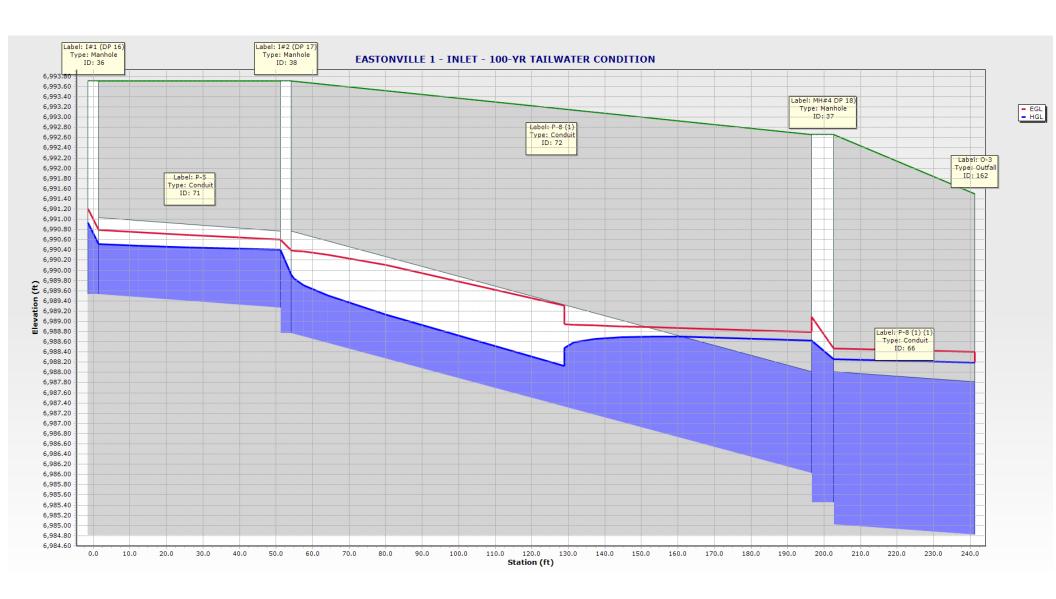
NOTE: EASTONVILLE 1, 5, & 9 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 2 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.

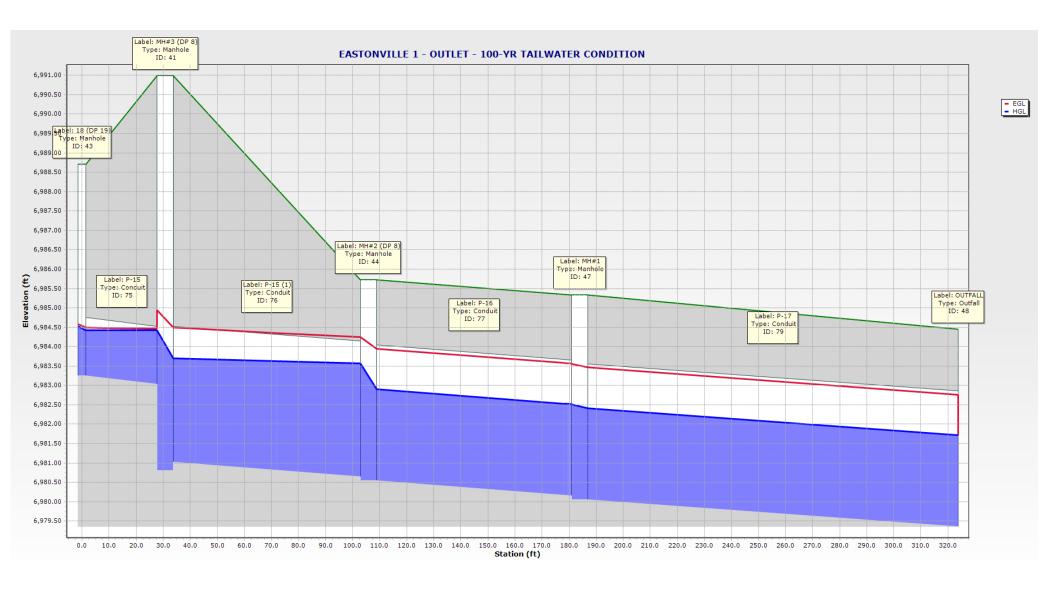
100 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

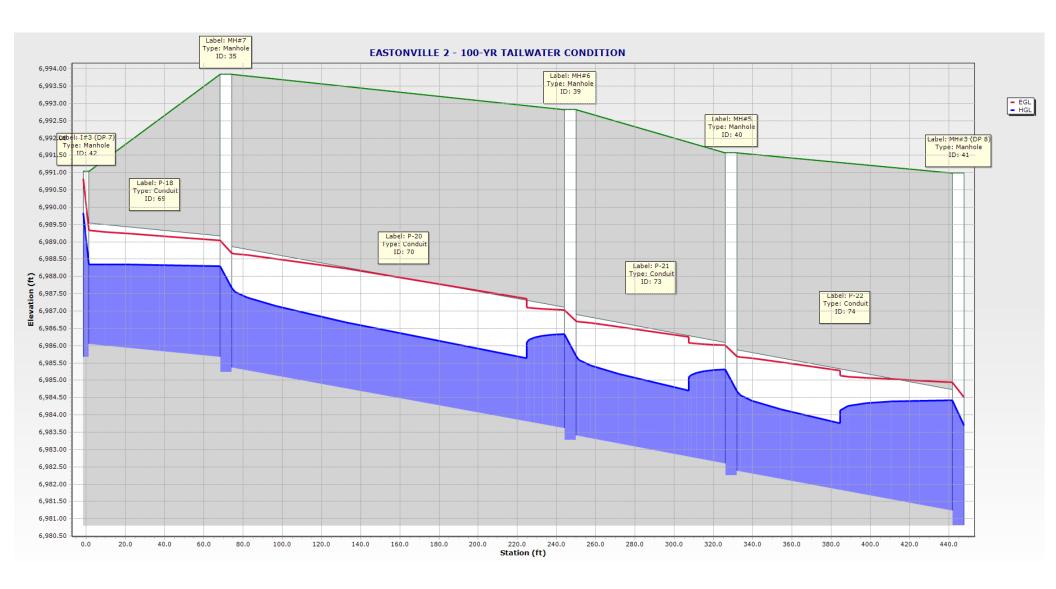
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Notes
35: MH#7	6,993.84	6,993.84	6,985.68	53.60	6,987.66	Standard	6,988.30	STORM MH
36: I#1 (DP 16	6,993.71	6,993.71	(N/A)	5.20	6,990.51	Standard	6,990.93	CDOT Type-R
37: MH#4 DP	6,992.66	6,992.66	6,986.02	26.00	6,988.25	Standard	6,988.63	STORM MH
38: I#2 (DP 17	6,993.71	6,993.71	6,989.27	10.30	6,989.92	Standard	6,990.40	CDOT Type-R
39: MH#6	6,992.82	6,992.82	6,983.61	53.60	6,985.70	Standard	6,986.34	STORM MH
40: MH#5	6,991.57	6,991.57	6,982.59	53.60	6,984.68	Standard	6,985.32	STORM MH
41: MH#3 (DP	6,990.99	6,990.99	6,981.23	56.50	6,983.69	Standard	6,984.42	STORM MH
42: I#3 (DP 7)	6,991.04	6,991.04	(N/A)	53.60	6,988.34	Standard	6,989.83	CDOT Type-D
43: 18 (DP 19)	6,988.70	6,988.70	(N/A)	3.00	6,984.43	Standard	6,984.52	CDOT Type-C
44: MH#2 (DP	6,985.73	6,985.73	6,980.65	56.50	6,982.91	Standard	6,983.58	STORM MH
45: I#4 (DP 13	6,987.25	6,987.25	(N/A)	3.00	6,984.40	Standard	6,984.54	CDOT Type-R
46: I#5 (DP 14	6,987.25	6,987.25	6,983.17	5.60	6,983.98	Standard	6,984.38	CDOT Type-R
47: MH#1	6,985.33	6,985.33	6,980.16	56.50	6,982.41	Standard	6,982.52	STORM MH
49: 44 (69) (D	6,982.25	6,982.25	(N/A)	1.20	6,978.83	Standard	6,978.85	CDOT Type-C
55: 44 (80)	6,976.21	6,976.21	6,966.45	13.90	6,967.89	Standard	6,967.92	STORM MH
57: I#7 (DP 9)	6,976.23	6,976.23	6,967.37	9.30	6,969.28	Standard	6,969.92	CDOT Type-R
58: I#8 (DP 10	6,976.19	6,976.19	6,967.00	13.90	6,968.34	Standard	6,968.86	CDOT Type-R
59: I#6 (DP 1)	6,975.55	6,975.55	(N/A)	3.60	6,969.95	Standard	6,970.04	CDOT Type-c
60: 44 (78) (D	6,967.25	6,967.25	(N/A)	1.40	6,963.84	Standard	6,964.01	CDOT Type-C
120: MH#8	6,995.46	6,995.46	6,986.86	17.20	6,989.30	Standard	6,989.59	STORM MH

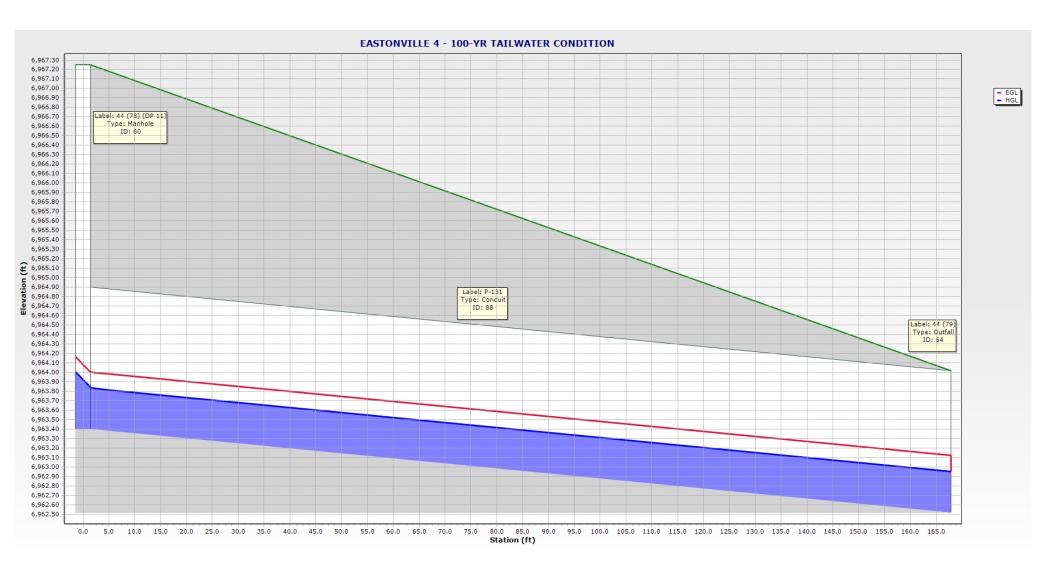
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Notes
48: OUTFALL	6,984.45	6,979.36	Free Outfall		6,981.71	56.50	CDOT FES
53: 44 (70)	6,979.71	6,978.21	Free Outfall		6,978.62	1.20	CDOT FES
64: 44 (79)	6,964.02	6,962.52	Free Outfall		6,962.96	1.40	CDOT FES
162: 0-3	6,991.50	6,984.82	User Defined Tailwater	6,988.19	6,988.19	26.00	Dummy Null:
164: 0-5	6,984.50	6,981.82	User Defined Tailwater	6,982.14	6,982.43	5.60	Dummy Null:
165: O-6	6,970.50	6,966.08	User Defined Tailwater	6,967.26	6,967.42	13.90	Dummy Null:

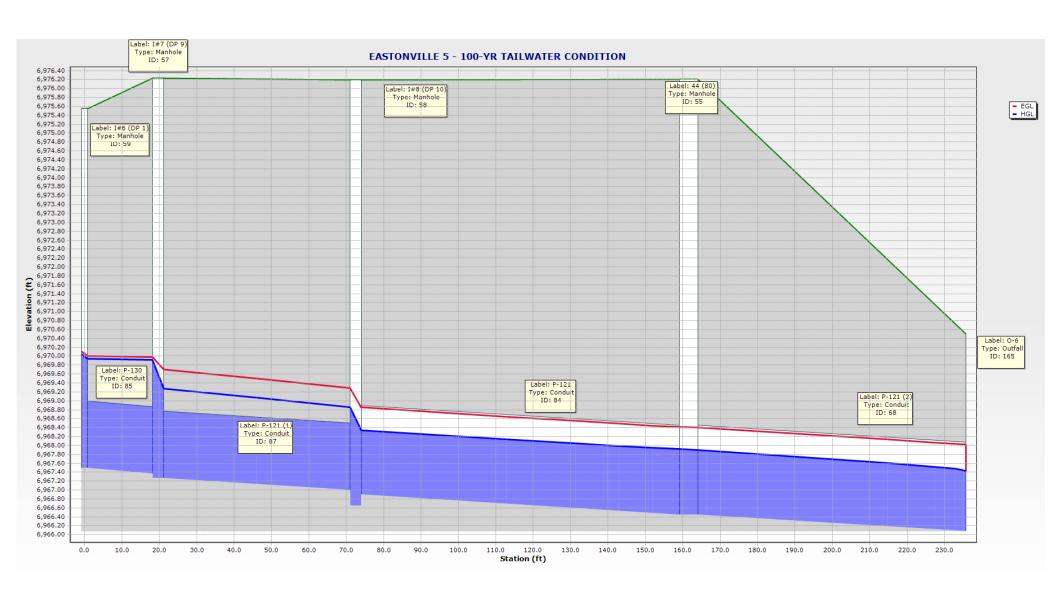
NOTE: EASTONVILLE 1, 5 & 9 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 2 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.

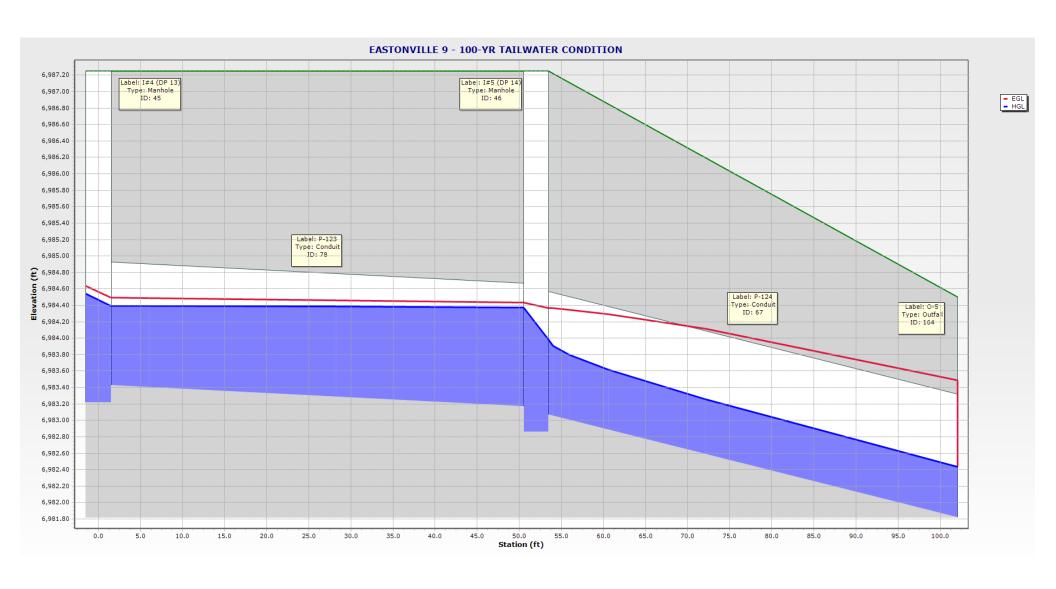




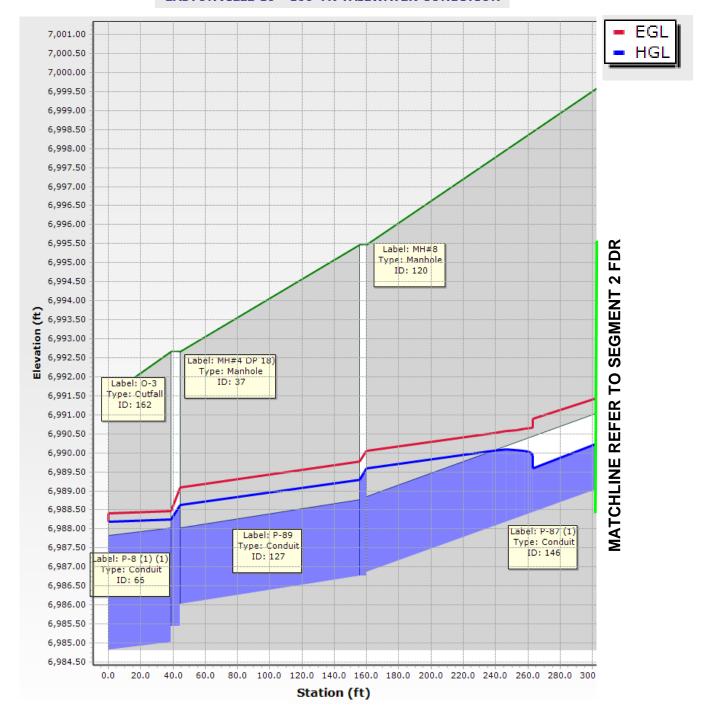


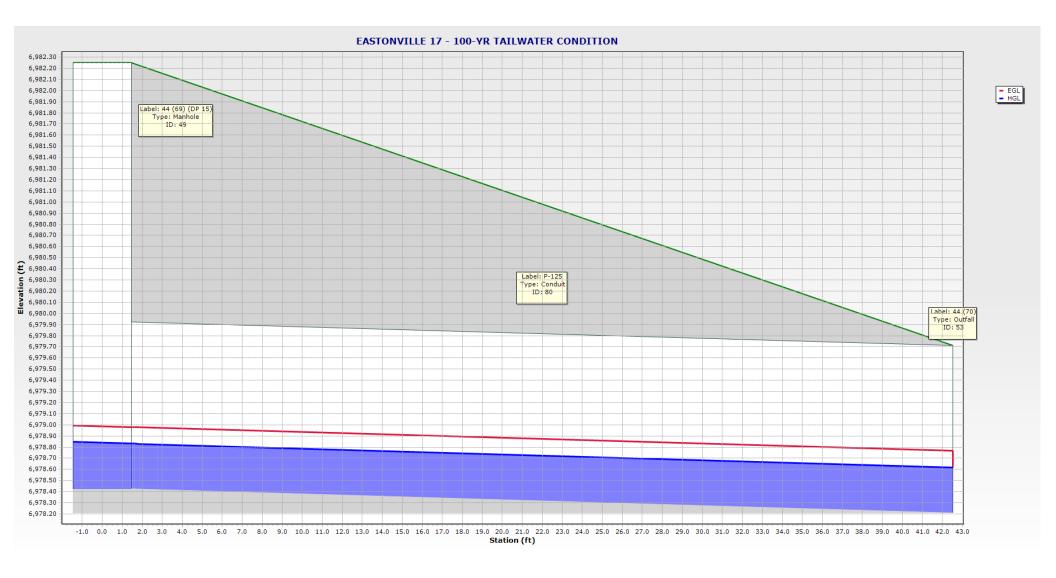






EASTONVILLE 10 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION





5 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n
66: P-8 (1) (1)	MH#4 DP 18)	6,985.02	O-3	6,984.82	41.6	0.005	36.0	0.013
67: P-124	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.07	O-5	6,981.82	50.1	0.025	18.0	0.013
68: P-121 (2)	44 (80)	6,966.45	O-6	6,966.08	74.1	0.005	24.0	0.013
69: P-18	I#3 (DP 7)	6,986.04	MH#7	6,985.68	71.3	0.005	42.0	0.013
70: P-20	MH#7	6,985.37	MH#6	6,983.61	175.6	0.010	42.0	0.013
71: P-5	I#1 (DP 16)	6,989.53	I#2 (DP 17)	6,989.27	52.7	0.005	18.0	0.013
72: P-8 (1)	I#2 (DP 17)	6,988.77	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	147.0	0.019	24.0	0.013
73: P-21	MH#6	6,983.41	MH#5	6,982.59	82.2	0.010	42.0	0.013
74: P-22	MH#5	6,982.39	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.23	115.7	0.010	42.0	0.013
75: P-15	18 (DP 19)	6,983.25	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,983.03	30.8	0.007	18.0	0.013
76: P-15 (1)	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.03	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.65	75.1	0.005	42.0	0.013
77: P-16	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.55	MH#1	6,980.16	78.1	0.005	42.0	0.013
78: P-123	I#4 (DP 13)	6,983.43	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.17	52.0	0.005	18.0	0.013
79: P-17	MH#1	6,980.06	OUTFALL	6,979.36	139.8	0.005	42.0	0.013
80: P-125	44 (69) (DP 15)	6,978.42	44 (70)	6,978.21	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013
84: P-121	I#8 (DP 10)	6,966.90	44 (80)	6,966.45	89.0	0.005	24.0	0.013
85: P-130	I#6 (DP 1)	6,967.50	I#7 (DP 9)	6,967.37	19.6	0.007	18.0	0.013
87: P-121 (1)	I#7 (DP 9)	6,967.27	I#8 (DP 10)	6,967.00	53.0	0.005	18.0	0.013
88: P-131	44 (78) (DP 11)	6,963.40	44 (79)	6,962.52	167.9	0.005	18.0	0.013
127: P-89	MH#8	6,986.76	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	116.1	0.006	24.0	0.013
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013

	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
66: P-8 (1) (1)	15.50	5.89	46.25	33.5	6,987.08	6,987.07
67: P-124	3.30	7.32	16.60	19.9	6,983.76	6,982.27
68: P-121 (2)	. 5.40	4.59	15.98	33.8	6,967.27	6,966.99
69: P-18	1 8.00	4.91	71.48	11.2	6,986.89	6,986.47
70: P-20	8.00	6.26	100.73	7.9	6,986.22	6,984.28
71: P-5	3.10	3.99	7.38	42.0	6,990.21	6,989.99
72: P-8 (1)	6.20	7.69	30.94	20.0	6,989.65	6,987.32
73: P-21	1 8.00	6.25	100.49	8.0	6,984.26	6,983.26
74: P-22	1 8.00	6.26	100.72	7.9	6,983.24	6,982.18
75: P-15	0.40	2.54	8.88	4.5	6,983.48	6,983.25
76: P-15 (1)	I 8.40	4.98	71.57	11.7	6,981.90	6,981.62
77: P-16	I 8.40	4.96	71.10	11.8	6,981.42	6,980.97
78: P-123	1.80	3.46	7.43	24.2	6,984.04	6,984.03
79: P-17	I 8.40	4.96	71.18	11.8	6,980.94	6,980.17
80: P-125	0.03	1.03	7.45	0.4	6,978.49	6,978.27
84: P-121	5.40	4.61	16.08	33.6	6,967.72	6,967.29
85: P-130	1 0.50	2.64	8.55	5.8	6,968.35	6,968.35
87: P-121 (1)	1 3.30	4.11	7.50	44.0	6,968.06	6,968.03
88: P-131	0.40	2.28	7.61	5.3	6,963.63	6,962.75
127: P-89	l 10.20	5.92	18.06	56.5	6,987.90	6,987.32
146: P-87 (1)	l 10.20	8.15	27.70	36.8	6,990.90	6,988.20

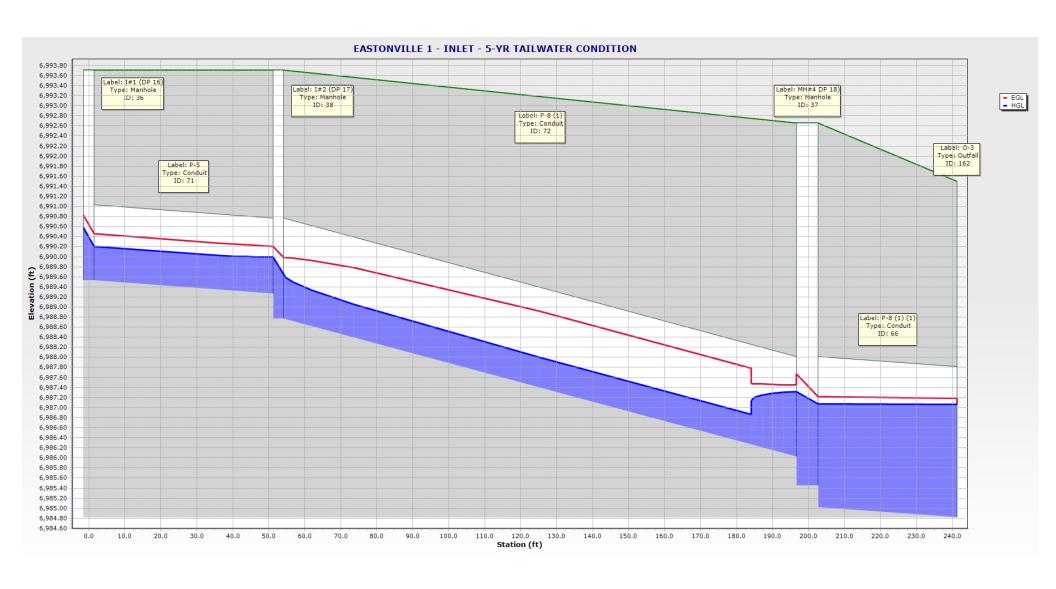
NOTE: EASTONVILLE 1, 5 & 9 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 2 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.

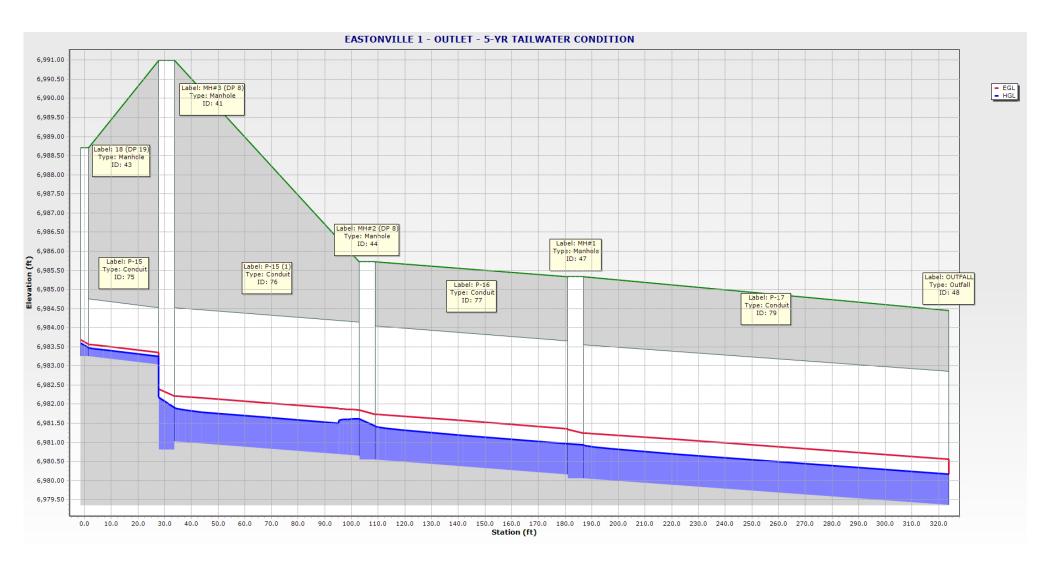
5 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

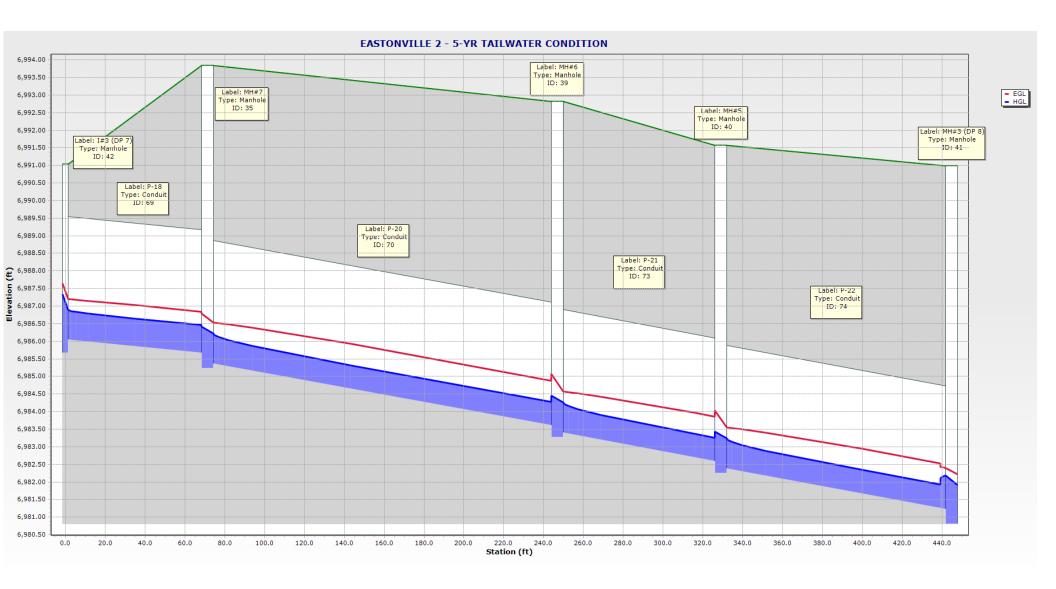
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Notes
35: MH#7	6,993.84	6,993.84	6,985.68	8.00	6,986.22	Standard	6,986.42	STORM MH
36: I#1 (DP 16	6,993.71	6,993.71	(N/A)	3.10	6,990.21	Standard	6,990.58	CDOT Type-R
37: MH#4 DP	6,992.66	6,992.66	6,986.02	15.50	6,987.08	Standard	6,987.32	STORM MH
38: I#2 (DP 17	6,993.71	6,993.71	6,989.27	6.20	6,989.65	Standard	6,989.99	CDOT Type-R
39: MH#6	6,992.82	6,992.82	6,983.61	8.00	6,984.26	Standard	6,984.46	STORM MH
40: MH#5	6,991.57	6,991.57	6,982.59	8.00	6,983.24	Standard	6,983.44	STORM MH
41: MH#3 (DP	6,990.99	6,990.99	6,981.23	8.40	6,981.90	Standard	6,982.18	STORM MH
42: I#3 (DP 7)	6,991.04	6,991.04	(N/A)	8.00	6,986.89	Standard	6,987.35	CDOT Type-D
43: 18 (DP 19)	6,988.70	6,988.70	(N/A)	0.40	6,983.48	Standard	6,983.60	CDOT Type-C
44: MH#2 (DP	6,985.73	6,985.73	6,980.65	8.40	6,981.42	Standard	6,981.62	STORM MH
45: I#4 (DP 13	6,987.25	6,987.25	(N/A)	1.80	6,984.04	Standard	6,984.21	CDOT Type-R
46: I#5 (DP 14	6,987.25	6,987.25	6,983.17	3.30	6,983.76	Standard	6,984.03	CDOT Type-R
47: MH#1	6,985.33	6,985.33	6,980.16	8.40	6,980.94	Standard	6,980.97	STORM MH
49: 44 (69) (D	6,982.25	6,982.25	(N/A)	0.03	6,978.49	Standard	6,978.49	CDOT Type-C
55: 44 (80)	6,976.21	6,976.21	6,966.45	5.40	6,967.27	Standard	6,967.29	STORM MH
57: I#7 (DP 9)	6,976.23	6,976.23	6,967.37	3.30	6,968.06	Standard	6,968.35	CDOT Type-R
58: I#8 (DP 10	6,976.19	6,976.19	6,967.00	5.40	6,967.72	Standard	6,968.03	CDOT Type-R
59: I#6 (DP 1)	6,975.55	6,975.55	(N/A)	0.50	6,968.35	Standard	6,968.35	CDOT Type-c
60: 44 (78) (D	6,967.25	6,967.25	(N/A)	0.40	6,963.63	Standard	6,963.72	CDOT Type-C
120: MH#8	6,995.46	6,995.46	6,986.86	10.20	6,987.90	Standard	6,988.20	STORM MH

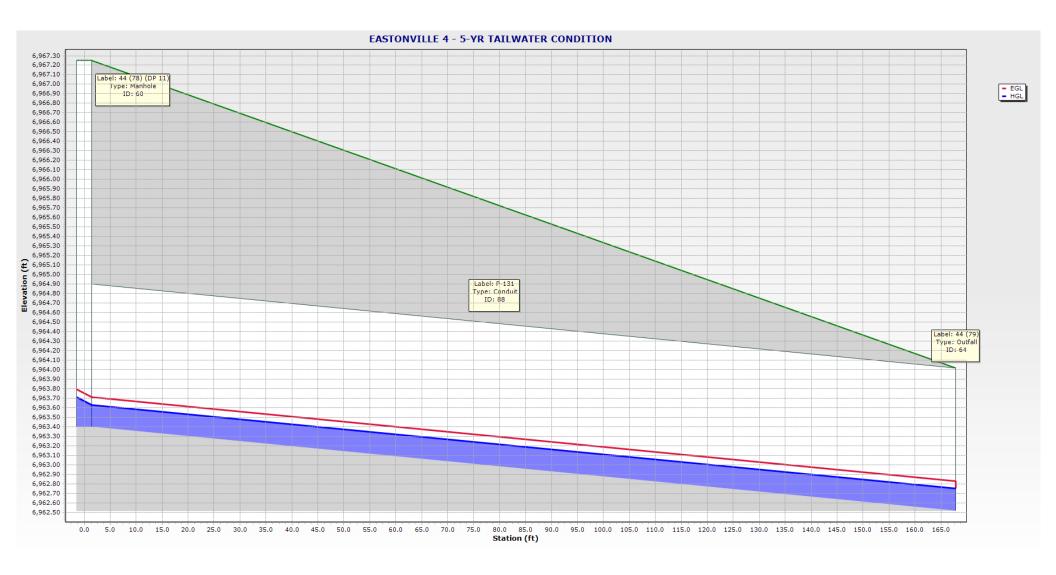
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Notes
48: OUTFALL	6,984.45	6,979.36	Free Outfall		6,980.17	8.40	CDOT FES
53: 44 (70)	6,979.71	6,978.21	Free Outfall		6,978.27	0.03	CDOT FES
64: 44 (79)	6,964.02	6,962.52	Free Outfall		6,962.75	0.40	CDOT FES
162: 0-3	6,991.50	6,984.82	User Defined Tailwater	6,987.07	6,987.07	15.50	Dummy Null:
164: 0-5	6,984.50	6,981.82	User Defined Tailwater	6,981.93	6,982.27	3.30	Dummy Null:
165: 0-6	6,970.50	6,966.08	User Defined Tailwater	6,966.99	6,966.99	5.40	Dummy Null:

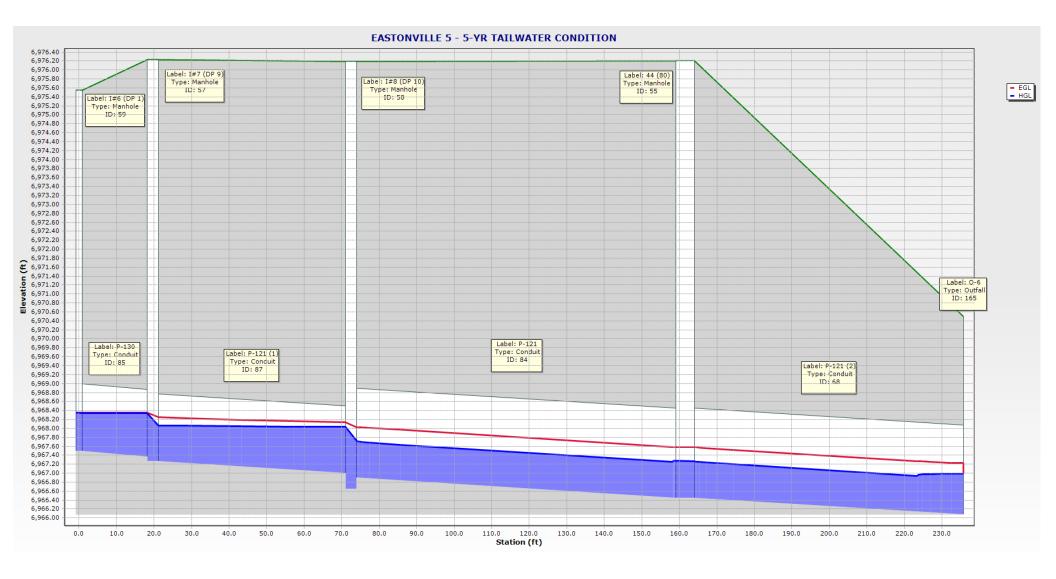
NOTE: EASTONVILLE 1, 5 & 9 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 2 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.



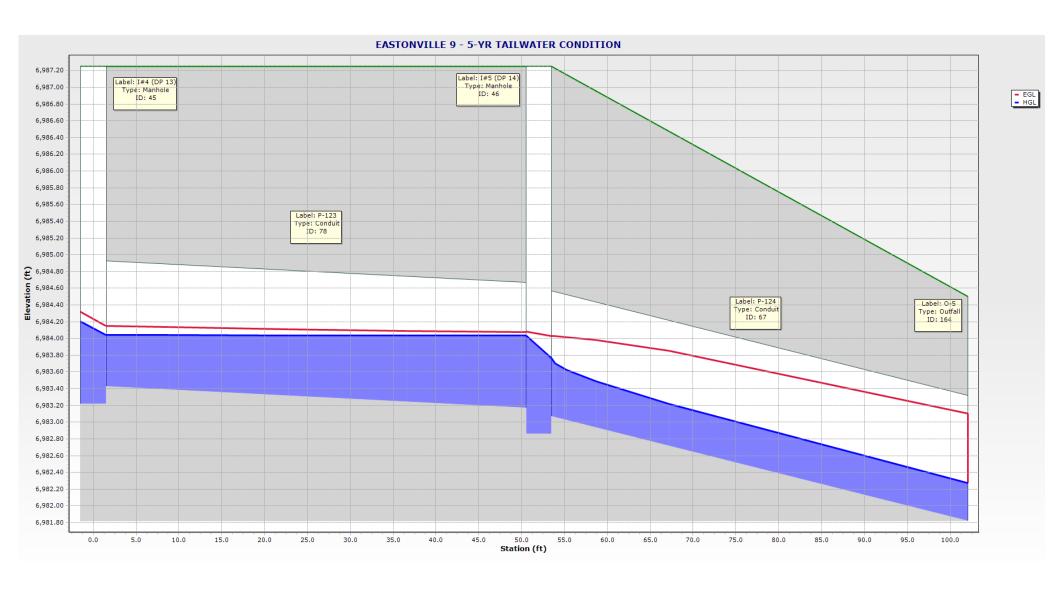




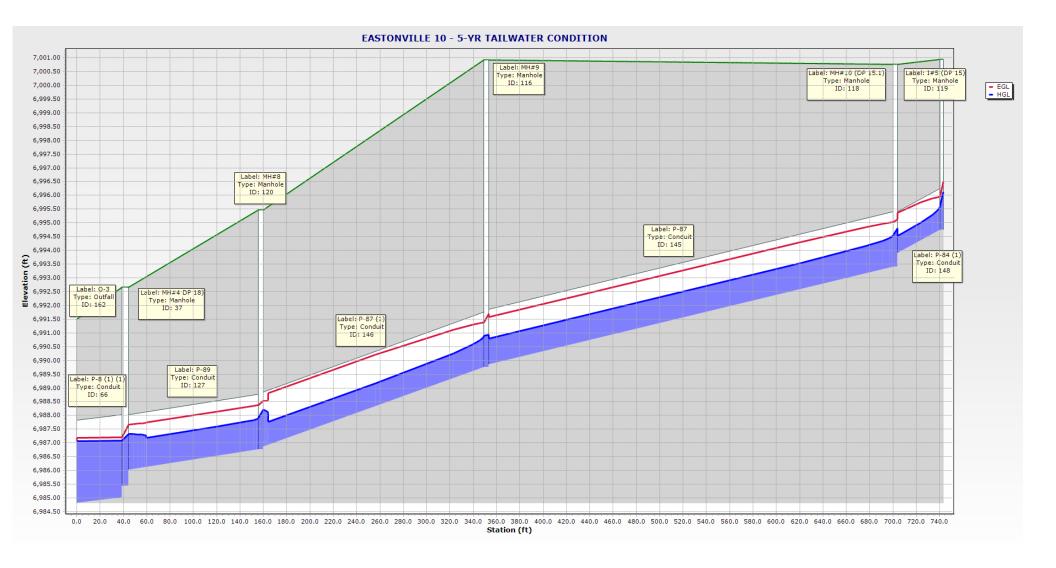


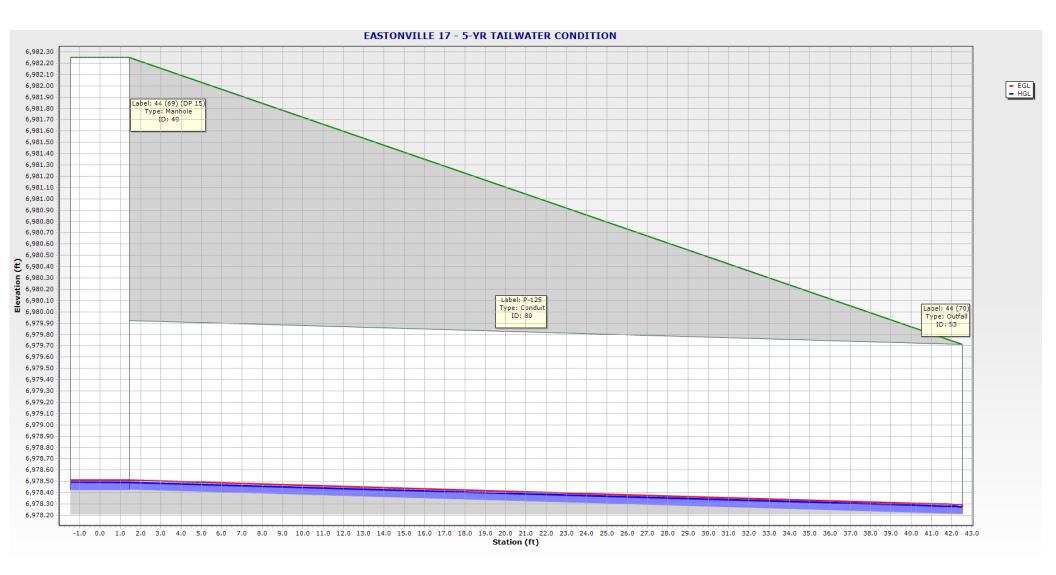


NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BLEOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS



NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BLEOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS





100 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n
66: P-8 (1) (1)	MH#4 DP 18)	6,985.02	O-3	6,984.82	41.6	0.005	36.0	0.013
67: P-124	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.07	O-5	6,981.82	50.1	0.025	18.0	0.013
68: P-121 (2)	44 (80)	6,966.45	0-6	6,966.08	74.1	0.005	24.0	0.013
69: P-18	I#3 (DP 7)	6,986.04	MH#7	6,985.68	71.3	0.005	42.0	0.013
70: P-20	MH#7	6,985.37	MH#6	6,983.61	175.6	0.010	42.0	0.013
71: P-5	I#1 (DP 16)	6,989.53	I#2 (DP 17)	6,989.27	52.7	0.005	18.0	0.013
72: P-8 (1)	I#2 (DP 17)	6,988.77	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	147.0	0.019	24.0	0.013
73: P-21	MH#6	6,983.41	MH#5	6,982.59	82.2	0.010	42.0	0.013
74: P-22	MH#5	6,982.39	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.23	115.7	0.010	42.0	0.013
75: P-15	18 (DP 19)	6,983.25	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,983.03	30.8	0.007	18.0	0.013
76: P-15 (1)	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.03	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.65	75.1	0.005	42.0	0.013
77: P-16	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.55	MH#1	6,980.16	78.1	0.005	42.0	0.013
78: P-123	I#4 (DP 13)	6,983.43	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.17	52.0	0.005	18.0	0.013
79: P-17	MH#1	6,980.06	OUTFALL	6,979.36	139.8	0.005	42.0	0.013
80: P-125	44 (69) (DP 15)	6,978.42	44 (70)	6,978.21	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013
84: P-121	I#8 (DP 10)	6,966.90	44 (80)	6,966.45	89.0	0.005	24.0	0.013
85: P-130	I#6 (DP 1)	6,967.50	I#7 (DP 9)	6,967.37	19.6	0.007	18.0	0.013
87: P-121 (1)	I#7 (DP 9)	6,967.27	I#8 (DP 10)	6,967.00	53.0	0.005	18.0	0.013
88: P-131	44 (78) (DP 11)	6,963.40	44 (79)	6,962.52	167.9	0.005	18.0	0.013
127: P-89	MH#8	6,986.76	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	116.1	0.006	24.0	0.013
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013

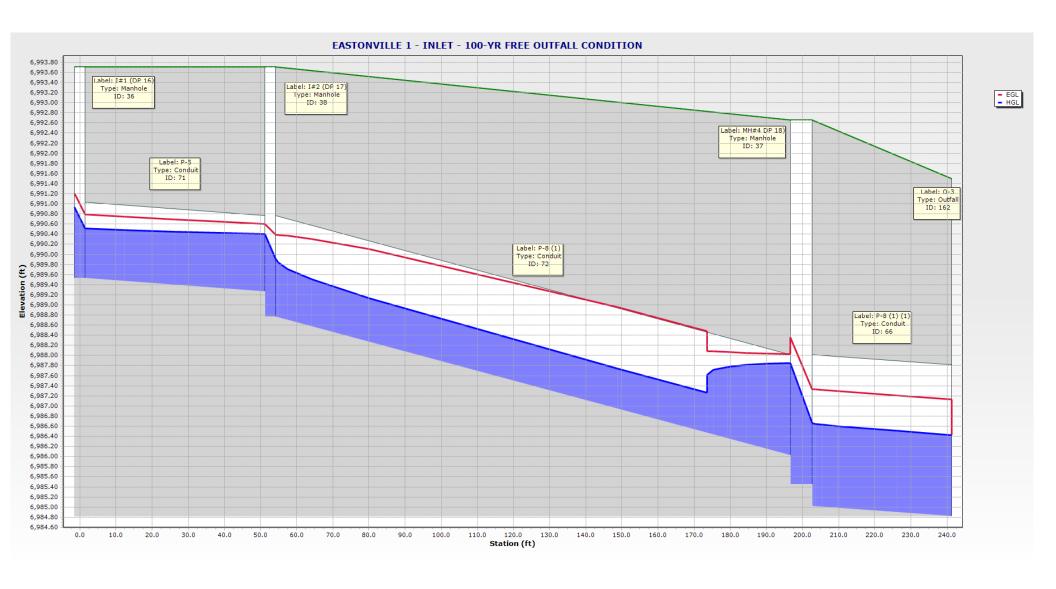
	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
66: P-8 (1) (1)	26.00	6.73	46.25	56.2	6,986.67	6,986.43
67: P-124	5.60	8.48	16.60	33.7	6,983.98	6,982.43
68: P-121 (2)	13.90	5.73	15.98	87.0	6,967.89	6,967.42
69: P-18	53.60	8.15	71.48	75.0	6,988.34	6,988.30
70: P-20	53.60	10.63	100.73	53.2	6,987.66	6,986.34
71: P-5	5.20	4.52	7.38	70.5	6,990.51	6,990.40
72: P-8 (1)	10.30	8.86	30.94	33.3	6,989.92	6,987.84
73: P-21	53.60	10.61	100.49	53.3	6,985.70	6,985.32
74: P-22	53.60	10.63	100.72	53.2	6,984.68	6,984.42
75: P-15	2.90	4.50	8.88	32.7	6,984.43	6,984.42
76: P-15 (1)	56.50	8.24	71.57	78.9	6,983.69	6,983.58
77: P-16	56.50	8.20	71.10	79.5	6,982.91	6,982.52
78: P-123	3.00	3.98	7.43	40.4	6,984.40	6,984.38
79: P-17	56.50	8.21	71.18	79.4	6,982.41	6,981.71
80: P-125	1.00	2.94	7.45	13.4	6,978.80	6,978.58
84: P-121	13.90	5.76	16.08	86.4	6,968.34	6,967.92
85: P-130	3.60	2.04	8.55	42.1	6,969.95	6,969.92
87: P-121 (1)	9.30	5.26	7.50	124.0	6,969.28	6,968.86
88: P-131	4.60	4.51	7.61	60.5	6,964.24	6,963.34
127: P-89	17.20	6.54	18.06	95.3	6,988.35	6,987.84
146: P-87 (1)	17.20	9.29	27.70	62.1	6,991.26	6,988.76

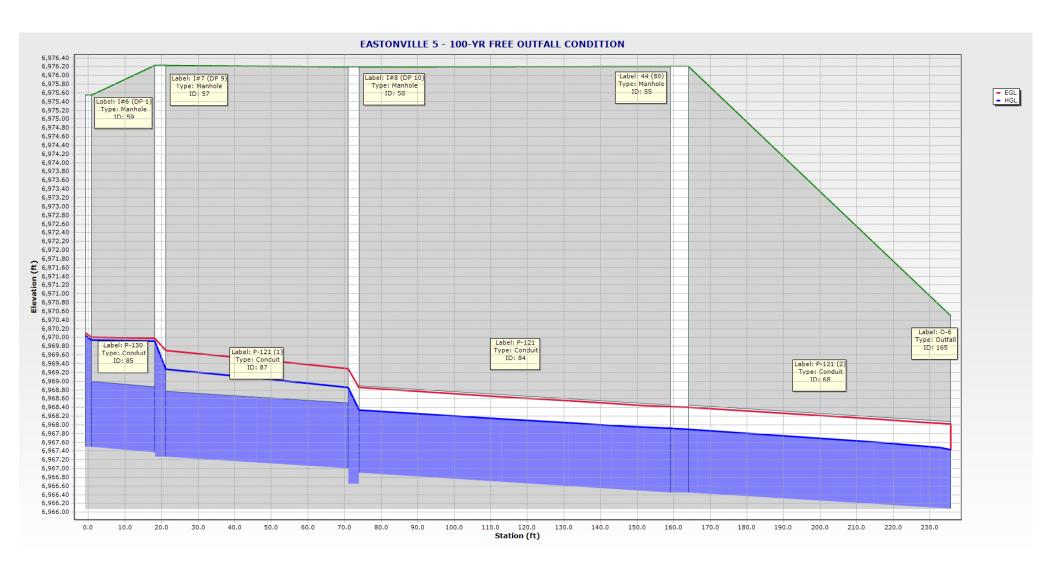
NOTE: SEE PROFILES FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

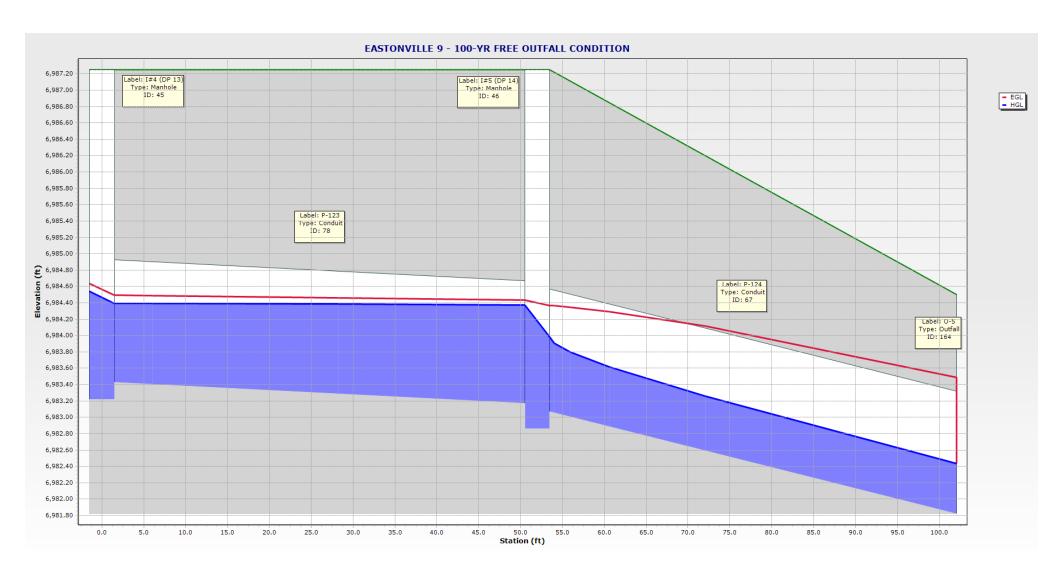
100 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Notes
35: MH#7	6,993.84	6,993.84	6,985.68	53.60	6,987.66	Standard	6,988.30	STORM MH
36: I#1 (DP 16	6,993.71	6,993.71	(N/A)	5.20	6,990.51	Standard	6,990.93	CDOT Type-R
37: MH#4 DP	6,992.66	6,992.66	6,986.02	26.00	6,986.67	Standard	6,987.84	STORM MH
38: I#2 (DP 17	6,993.71	6,993.71	6,989.27	10.30	6,989.92	Standard	6,990.40	CDOT Type-R
39: MH#6	6,992.82	6,992.82	6,983.61	53.60	6,985.70	Standard	6,986.34	STORM MH
40: MH#5	6,991.57	6,991.57	6,982.59	53.60	6,984.68	Standard	6,985.32	STORM MH
41: MH#3 (DP	6,990.99	6,990.99	6,981.23	56.50	6,983.69	Standard	6,984.42	STORM MH
42: I#3 (DP 7)	6,991.04	6,991.04	(N/A)	53.60	6,988.34	Standard	6,989.83	CDOT Type-D
43: 18 (DP 19)	6,988.70	6,988.70	(N/A)	2.90	6,984.43	Standard	6,984.51	CDOT Type-C
44: MH#2 (DP	6,985.73	6,985.73	6,980.65	56.50	6,982.91	Standard	6,983.58	STORM MH
45: I#4 (DP 13	6,987.25	6,987.25	(N/A)	3.00	6,984.40	Standard	6,984.54	CDOT Type-R
46: I#5 (DP 14	6,987.25	6,987.25	6,983.17	5.60	6,983.98	Standard	6,984.38	CDOT Type-R
47: MH#1	6,985.33	6,985.33	6,980.16	56.50	6,982.41	Standard	6,982.52	STORM MH
49: 44 (69) (D	6,982.25	6,982.25	(N/A)	1.00	6,978.80	Standard	6,978.81	CDOT Type-C
55: 44 (80)	6,976.21	6,976.21	6,966.45	13.90	6,967.89	Standard	6,967.92	STORM MH
57: I#7 (DP 9)	6,976.23	6,976.23	6,967.37	9.30	6,969.28	Standard	6,969.92	CDOT Type-R
58: I#8 (DP 10	6,976.19	6,976.19	6,967.00	13.90	6,968.34	Standard	6,968.86	CDOT Type-R
59: I#6 (DP 1)	6,975.55	6,975.55	(N/A)	3.60	6,969.95	Standard	6,970.04	CDOT Type-c
60: 44 (78) (D	6,967.25	6,967.25	(N/A)	4.60	6,964.24	Standard	6,964.56	CDOT Type-C
120: MH#8	6,995.46	6,995.46	6,986.86	17.20	6,988.35	Standard	6,988.76	STORM MH

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Notes
48: OUTFALL	6,984.45	6,979.36	Free Outfall		6,981.71	56.50	CDOT FES
53: 44 (70)	6,979.71	6,978.21	Free Outfall		6,978.58	1.00	CDOT FES
64: 44 (79)	6,964.02	6,962.52	Free Outfall		6,963.34	4.60	CDOT FES
162: 0-3	6,991.50	6,984.82	Free Outfall		6,986.43	26.00	Dummy Null:
164: 0-5	6,984.50	6,981.82	Free Outfall		6,982.43	5.60	Dummy Null:
165: 0-6	6,970.50	6,966.08	Free Outfall		6,967.42	13.90	Dummy Null:







5 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n
66: P-8 (1) (1)	MH#4 DP 18)	6,985.02	O-3	6,984.82	41.6	0.005	36.0	0.013
67: P-124	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.07	O-5	6,981.82	50.1	0.025	18.0	0.013
68: P-121 (2)	44 (80)	6,966.45	0-6	6,966.08	74.1	0.005	24.0	0.013
69: P-18	I#3 (DP 7)	6,986.04	MH#7	6,985.68	71.3	0.005	42.0	0.013
70: P-20	MH#7	6,985.37	MH#6	6,983.61	175.6	0.010	42.0	0.013
71: P-5	I#1 (DP 16)	6,989.53	I#2 (DP 17)	6,989.27	52.7	0.005	18.0	0.013
72: P-8 (1)	I#2 (DP 17)	6,988.77	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	147.0	0.019	24.0	0.013
73: P-21	MH#6	6,983.41	MH#5	6,982.59	82.2	0.010	42.0	0.013
74: P-22	MH#5	6,982.39	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.23	115.7	0.010	42.0	0.013
75: P-15	18 (DP 19)	6,983.25	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,983.03	30.8	0.007	18.0	0.013
76: P-15 (1)	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.03	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.65	75.1	0.005	42.0	0.013
77: P-16	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.55	MH#1	6,980.16	78.1	0.005	42.0	0.013
78: P-123	I#4 (DP 13)	6,983.43	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.17	52.0	0.005	18.0	0.013
79: P-17	MH#1	6,980.06	OUTFALL	6,979.36	139.8	0.005	42.0	0.013
80: P-125	44 (69) (DP 15)	6,978.42	44 (70)	6,978.21	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013
84: P-121	I#8 (DP 10)	6,966.90	44 (80)	6,966.45	89.0	0.005	24.0	0.013
85: P-130	I#6 (DP 1)	6,967.50	I#7 (DP 9)	6,967.37	19.6	0.007	18.0	0.013
87: P-121 (1)	I#7 (DP 9)	6,967.27	I#8 (DP 10)	6,967.00	53.0	0.005	18.0	0.013
88: P-131	44 (78) (DP 11)	6,963.40	44 (79)	6,962.52	167.9	0.005	18.0	0.013
127: P-89	MH#8	6,986.76	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	116.1	0.006	24.0	0.013
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013
				Flow /	Hydraulic	Hydraulic		

		-/		-/		
	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
66: P-8 (1) (1)	15.50	5.89	46.25	33.5	6,986.28	6,986.02
67: P-124	3.30	7.32	16.60	19.9	6,983.76	6,982.27
68: P-121 (2)	5.40	4.59	15.98	33.8	6,967.27	6,966.88
69: P-18	8.00	4.91	71.48	11.2	6,986.89	6,986.47
70: P-20	8.00	6.26	100.73	7.9	6,986.22	6,984.28
71: P-5	3.10	3.99	7.38	42.0	6,990.21	6,989.99
72: P-8 (1)	6.20	7.69	30.94	20.0	6,989.65	6,986.63
73: P-21	8.00	6.25	100.49	8.0	6,984.26	6,983.26
74: P-22	8.00	6.26	100.72	7.9	6,983.24	6,982.18
75: P-15	0.40	2.54	8.88	4.5	6,983.48	6,983.25
76: P-15 (1)	8.40	4.98	71.57	11.7	6,981.90	6,981.62
77: P-16	8.40	4.96	71.10	11.8	6,981.42	6,980.97
78: P-123	1.80	3.46	7.43	24.2	6,984.04	6,984.03
79: P-17	8.40	4.96	71.18	11.8	6,980.94	6,980.17
80: P-125	0.03	1.03	7.45	0.4	6,978.49	6,978.27
84: P-121	5.40	4.61	16.08	33.6	6,967.72	6,967.29
85: P-130	0.50	2.64	8.55	5.8	6,968.35	6,968.35
87: P-121 (1)	3.30	4.11	7.50	44.0	6,968.06	6,968.03
88: P-131	0.40	2.28	7.61	5.3	6,963.63	6,962.75
127: P-89	10.20	5.92	18.06	56.5	6,987.90	6,987.10
146: P-87 (1)	10.20	8.15	27.70	36.8	6,990.90	6,988.20
-						

NOTE: SEE PROFILES FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

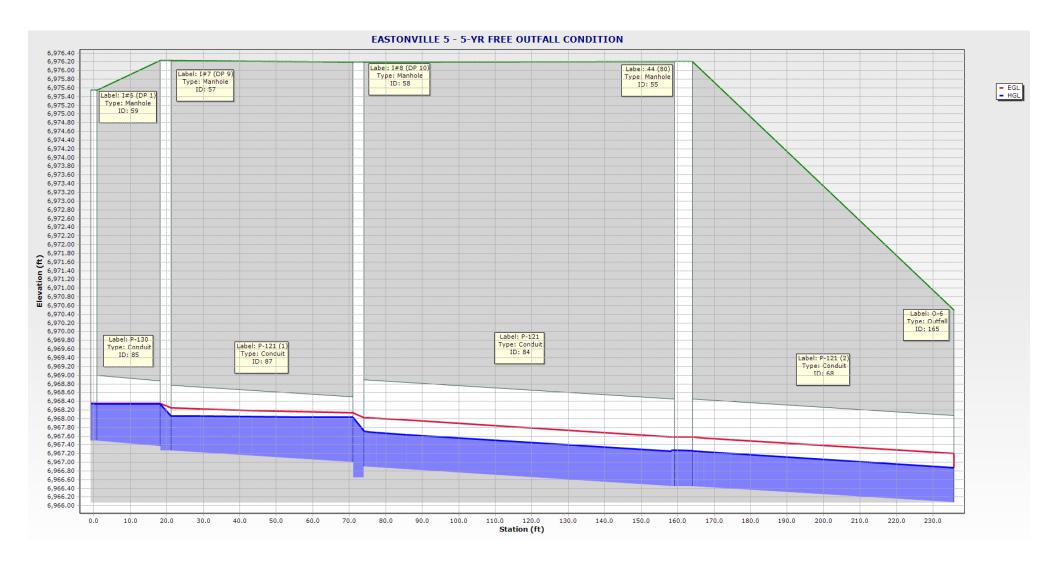
5 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

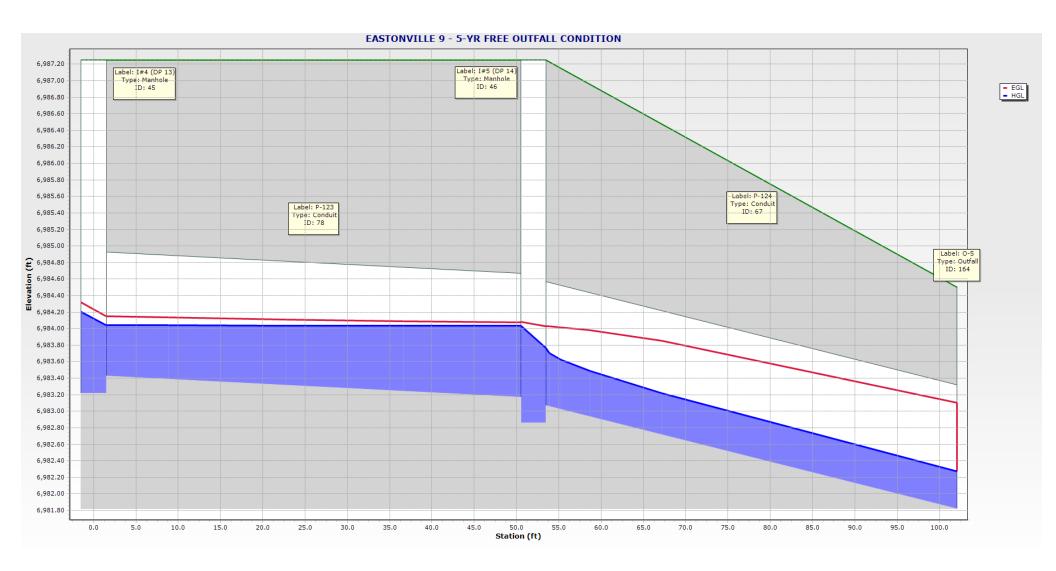
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Notes
35: MH#7	6,993.84	6,993.84	6,985.68	8.00	6,986.22	Standard	6,986.42	STORM MH
36: I#1 (DP 16	6,993.71	6,993.71	(N/A)	3.10	6,990.21	Standard	6,990.58	CDOT Type-R
37: MH#4 DP	6,992.66	6,992.66	6,986.02	15.50	6,986.28	Standard	6,986.76	STORM MH
38: I#2 (DP 17	6,993.71	6,993.71	6,989.27	6.20	6,989.65	Standard	6,989.99	CDOT Type-R
39: MH#6	6,992.82	6,992.82	6,983.61	8.00	6,984.26	Standard	6,984.46	STORM MH
40: MH#5	6,991.57	6,991.57	6,982.59	8.00	6,983.24	Standard	6,983.44	STORM MH
41: MH#3 (DP	6,990.99	6,990.99	6,981.23	8.40	6,981.90	Standard	6,982.18	STORM MH
42: I#3 (DP 7)	6,991.04	6,991.04	(N/A)	8.00	6,986.89	Standard	6,987.35	CDOT Type-D
43: 18 (DP 19)	6,988.70	6,988.70	(N/A)	0.40	6,983.48	Standard	6,983.60	CDOT Type-C
44: MH#2 (DP	6,985.73	6,985.73	6,980.65	8.40	6,981.42	Standard	6,981.62	STORM MH
45: I#4 (DP 13	6,987.25	6,987.25	(N/A)	1.80	6,984.04	Standard	6,984.21	CDOT Type-R
46: I#5 (DP 14	6,987.25	6,987.25	6,983.17	3.30	6,983.76	Standard	6,984.03	CDOT Type-R
47: MH#1	6,985.33	6,985.33	6,980.16	8.40	6,980.94	Standard	6,980.97	STORM MH
49: 44 (69) (D	6,982.25	6,982.25	(N/A)	0.03	6,978.49	Standard	6,978.49	CDOT Type-C
55: 44 (80)	6,976.21	6,976.21	6,966.45	5.40	6,967.27	Standard	6,967.29	STORM MH
57: I#7 (DP 9)	6,976.23	6,976.23	6,967.37	3.30	6,968.06	Standard	6,968.35	CDOT Type-R
58: I#8 (DP 10	6,976.19	6,976.19	6,967.00	5.40	6,967.72	Standard	6,968.03	CDOT Type-R
59: I#6 (DP 1)	6,975.55	6,975.55	(N/A)	0.50	6,968.35	Standard	6,968.35	CDOT Type-c
60: 44 (78) (D	6,967.25	6,967.25	(N/A)	0.40	6,963.63	Standard	6,963.72	CDOT Type-C
120: MH#8	6,995.46	6,995.46	6,986.86	10.20	6,987.90	Standard	6,988.20	STORM MH

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Notes
48: OUTFALL	6,984.45	6,979.36	Free Outfall		6,980.17	8.40	CDOT FES
53: 44 (70)	6,979.71	6,978.21	Free Outfall		6,978.27	0.03	CDOT FES
64: 44 (79)	6,964.02	6,962.52	Free Outfall		6,962.75	0.40	CDOT FES
162: 0-3	6,991.50	6,984.82	Free Outfall		6,986.02	15.50	Dummy Null:
164: 0-5	6,984.50	6,981.82	Free Outfall		6,982.27	3.30	Dummy Null:
165: 0-6	6,970.50	6,966.08	Free Outfall		6,966.88	5.40	Dummy Null:

NOTE: SEE PROFILES FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS







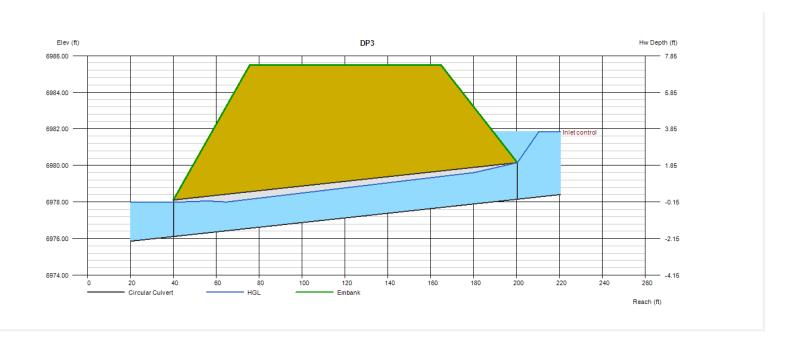
Culvert Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Aug 23 2024

DP3

Invert Elev Dn (ft) Pipe Length (ft) Slope (%) Invert Elev Up (ft) Rise (in)	= 6976.11 = 160.34 = 1.27 = 6978.15 = 24.0	Calculations Qmin (cfs) Qmax (cfs) Tailwater Elev (ft)	= 24.20 = 24.20 = (dc+D)/2
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 24.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 24.20
No. Barrels	= 1	Qpipe (cfs)	= 24.20
n-Value	= 0.012	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	Circular Concrete	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 7.92
Culvert Entrance	= Square edge w/headwall (C)	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 8.34
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0098, 2, 0.0398, 0.67, 0.5	HGL Dn (ft)	= 6977.98
		HGL Up (ft)	= 6979.89
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 6981.84
Top Elevation (ft)	= 6985.50	Hw/D (ft)	= 1.84
Top Width (ft)	= 89.00	Flow Regime	= Inlet Control
Crest Width (ft)	= 15.00	-	



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Aug 23 2024

Roadside Swale Capacity DP1

ırıar	ngular	
Cida	Clanca	/-

Side Slopes (z:1) = 10.00, 10.00

Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

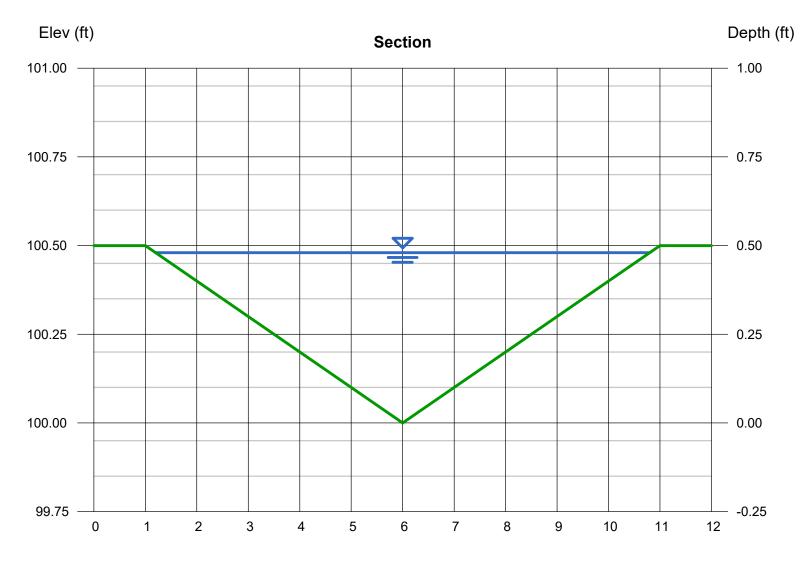
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00 Slope (%) = 0.50 N-Value = 0.025

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 3.60

Highlighted

= 0.48Depth (ft) Q (cfs) = 3.600Area (sqft) = 2.30Velocity (ft/s) = 1.56Wetted Perim (ft) = 9.65Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.39Top Width (ft) = 9.60EGL (ft) = 0.52



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Aug 23 2024

Roadside Swale Capacity DP3

Trapezoidal

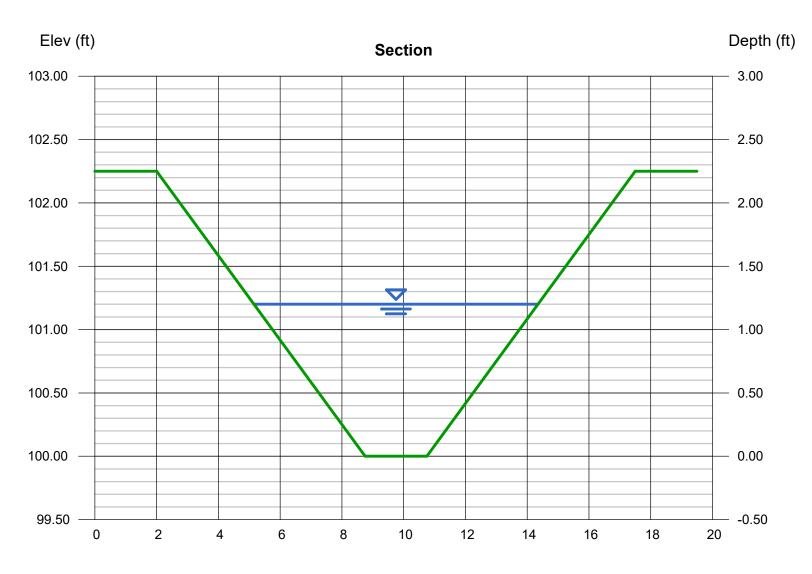
Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00 Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00 Total Depth (ft) = 2.25 Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00 Slope (%) = 0.60 N-Value = 0.025

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 24.20

Highlighted

= 1.20 Depth (ft) Q (cfs) = 24.20Area (sqft) = 6.72Velocity (ft/s) = 3.60Wetted Perim (ft) = 9.59Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.04Top Width (ft) = 9.20EGL (ft) = 1.40



Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Aug 23 2024

Roadside Swale Capacity DP7

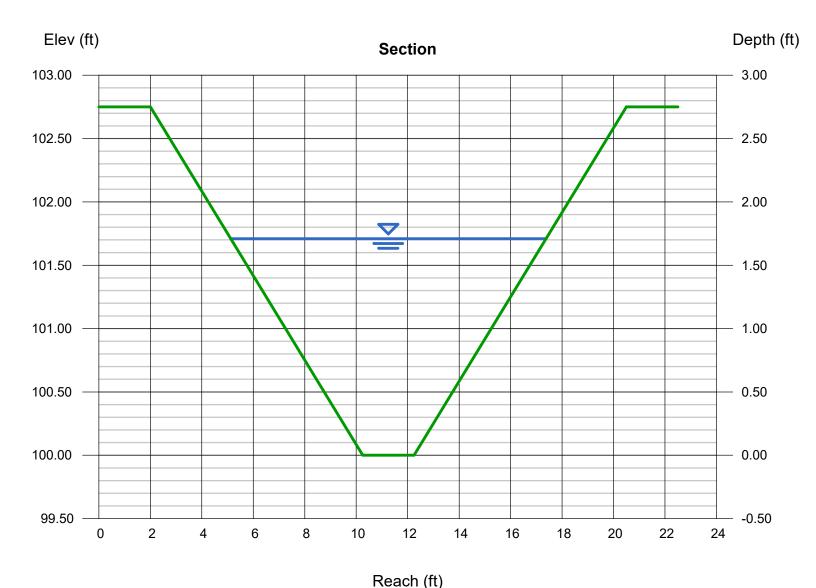
Trapezoidal

Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00 Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00 Total Depth (ft) = 2.75 Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00 Slope (%) = 0.60 N-Value = 0.025

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 53.60 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.71 Q (cfs) = 53.60Area (sqft) = 12.19Velocity (ft/s) = 4.40Wetted Perim (ft) = 12.81 Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 1.53Top Width (ft) = 12.26EGL (ft) = 2.01



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Mar 15 2024

EDB B Trickle Channel Capacity

Rectangular
Bottom Width (ft) = 3.33
Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00 Slope (%) = 0.50 N-Value = 0.012

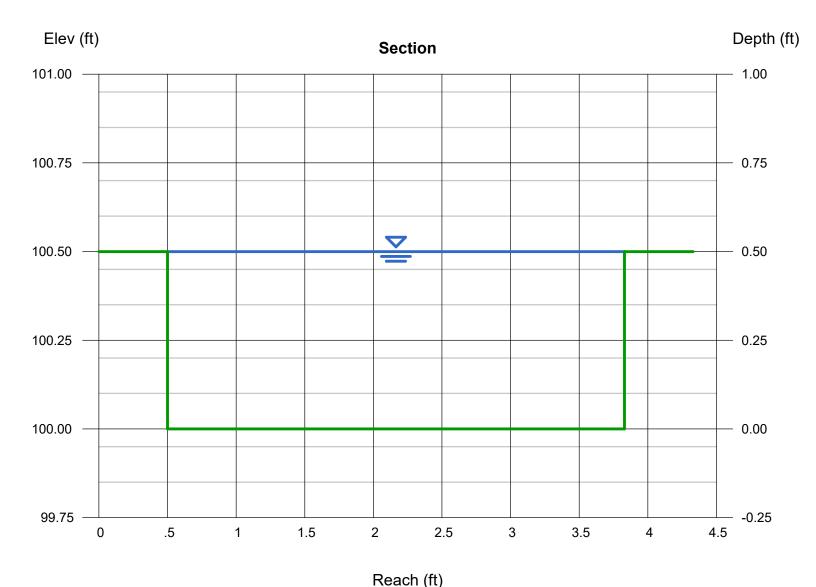
Calculations

Compute by: Known Depth Known Depth (ft) = 0.50

Depth (ft) = 0.50 Q (cfs) = 7.707 Area (sqft) = 1.67 Velocity (ft/s) = 4.63

Highlighted

Wetted Perim (ft) = 4.33 Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.50 Top Width (ft) = 3.33 EGL (ft) = 0.83





EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1	Calc'd by:	SPC
201662.08	Checked by:	СМ
DP2 (SFB D OUTLET)	Date:	8/23/2024

Input Parameters					
Flow (Q)	4.6				
Tailwater depth (Y _t)	0.60				
Conduit Diameter (D _c)	18 i				
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	6				
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils				

		1
Calculated Parameters		
Froude Parameter (Q/D ^{2.5})	1.67	
D ₅₀ =	2.08	in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type VL	
Design D ₅₀ =	6	in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	12	in
Minimum Length of Apron =	4.50	ft

Calculations also need to provide min width of apron

Calculated D_{50} for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2}D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2\tan\theta}\right)\left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W\right)$$

Equation 9-1

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

Where:

 L_p = length of protection (ft)

Q = design discharge (cfs)

W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits)

V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)

 $Y_t = \text{tailwater depth (ft)}$

 A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

 θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow

Note:

 1 Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9

 4 Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by $1/4~D_c$ for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6

² Calculations assume a circular culvert

 $^{^3}$ This spreadsheet assumes $y_t/D_t=0.4$ in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.



EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1	Calc'd by:	SPC
201662.08	Checked by:	СМ
DP4 (24" RCP CULVERT OUTLET)	Date:	8/23/2024

Input Parame		
Flow (Q)	24.2	cfs
Tailwater depth (Y _t)	0.80	
Conduit Diameter (D _c)	24	in Summary tab
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	3.25	
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils	

Calculated Parar	meters
Froude Parameter (Q/D ^{2.5})	4.28
D ₅₀ =	7.09 ii
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type L
Design D ₅₀ =	9 ir
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	18 ir
Minimum Length of Apron =	13.16 f

Calculated D_{50} for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_{c}^{1.2}D_{c}^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2\tan\theta}\right)\left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W\right)$$

Equation 9-1

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

Where:

 L_p = length of protection (ft)

Q = design discharge (cfs)

W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits)

V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)

 $Y_t = \text{tailwater depth (ft)}$

 A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

 θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow

Note:

¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9

² Calculations assume a circular culvert

 $^{^3}$ This spreadsheet assumes $y_t/D_t=0.4$ in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.

 $^{^4}$ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by 1/4 D_c for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6



EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1	Calc'd by:	SPC
201662.08	Checked by:	СМ
DP4 (SFB A OUTLET)	Date:	8/23/2024

Input Parameters		
Flow (Q)	1	cfs
Tailwater depth (Y _t)	0.60	ft
Conduit Diameter (D _c)	18 i	in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	6.5	
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils	

Calculated Parameters		
Froude Parameter (Q/D ^{2.5})	0.36	
D ₅₀ =	0.45	in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type VL	
Design D ₅₀ =	6	in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	12	in
Minimum Length of Apron =	4.50	ft

Calculated D_{50} for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2}D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2\tan\theta}\right)\left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W\right)$$

Equation 9-1

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

Where:

 L_p = length of protection (ft)

Q = design discharge (cfs)

W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits)

V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)

 $Y_t = \text{tailwater depth (ft)}$

 A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

 θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow

Note:

 $^{^{1}}$ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9

² Calculations assume a circular culvert

³ This spreadsheet assumes $y_t/D_t=0.4$ in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.

 $^{^4}$ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by 1/4 D_c for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6



EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1	Calc'd by:	SPC
201662.08	Checked by:	СМ
DP8.3 (EDB B Outlet)	Date:	8/23/2024

Input Parameters		
Flow (Q)	60 0	
Tailwater depth (Y _t)	1.40 f	
Conduit Diameter (D _c)	42 i	
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	5	
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils	

*ULTIMATE FLOW TO DP8

Calculated Parameters			
Froude Parameter (Q/D ^{2.5})	2.62		
D ₅₀ =	7.59 ir		
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type L		
Design D ₅₀ =	9 ir		
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	18 ir		
Minimum Length of Apron =	25.36 ft		

Calculated D_{50} for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_{c}^{1.2}D_{c}^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2\tan\theta}\right)\left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W\right)$$

Equation 9-1

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

Where:

 L_p = length of protection (ft)

Q = design discharge (cfs)

W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits)

V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)

 $Y_t = \text{tailwater depth (ft)}$

 A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

 θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow

Note:

¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9

² Calculations assume a circular culvert

 $^{^3}$ This spreadsheet assumes $y_t/D_t=0.4$ in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.

 $^{^4}$ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by $1/4~D_c$ for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6

Slope should be what's on the back side of pond, usually 3:1 or 4:1

	Riprap Sizing - Spillway				
	q (cfs/ft)	S (ft/ft)	C_f	n	D ₅₀ min. (in)
SFB-A	0.50	0.02	3	0.025	1.44
EDB-B	1.14	0.02	3	0.025	2.29
SFB-D	1.78	0.02	3	0.025	2.94

Type VL Riprap ($D_{50} = 6$ ") will be utilized for the spillway protection

 $D_{50} = 5.23 \ S^{0.43} \ (1.35 \, C_{\rm f} \, q)^{0.56}$

Equation 13-9

Where:

 D_{50} = median rock size (in) S = longitudinal slope (ft/ft) C_f = concentration factor (1.0 to 3.0) q = unit discharge (cfs/ft)

When:

 η (porosity) = 0.0 (i.e., for buried soil riprap)



APPENDIX D - WATER QUALITY & DETENTION

Unresolved previous comment:

Please provide forebay sizing calcs for SFB A and D.

Design Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)					
	UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018) Sheet 1 of				
Designer:	SPC				
Company:	HR Green				
Date:	August 23, 2024				
Project: Location:	Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFB A El Paso County, CO				
Location.	El Paso County, CO				
1. Basin Stor	rage Volume				
	ve Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I _a if all paved and roofed areas upstream of sand filter)	I _a = 53.0 %			
B) Tributa	ary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a/100$)	i = 0.530			
	Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Based on 12-hour Drain Time $V = 0.8 * (0.91* i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i)$	WQCV = 0.17 watershed inches			
D) Contril	buting Watershed Area (including sand filter area)	Area = 68,825 sq ft			
	Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume _V = WQCV / 12 * Area	V _{WQCV} = cu ft			
,	atersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of ge Runoff Producing Storm	$d_6 = $			
	atersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume	V _{WQCV OTHER} = 962 cu ft			
	nput of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume f a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)	V _{WQCV USER} = cu ft			
2. Basin Geo	ometry				
A) WQCV	Depth	$D_{WQCV} = 0.5$ ft			
	Filter Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, flatter preferred). Use "0" if sand filter has vertical walls.	$Z = \boxed{4.00} \text{ ft / ft} \qquad \checkmark$			
C) Minimu	ım Filter Area (Flat Surface Area)	$A_{Min} = 456$ sq ft			
D) Actual	Filter Area	$A_{Actual} = 902$ sq ft			
E) Volume	e Provided	$V_T = 22300$ cu ft			
3. Filter Mate	erial	Choose One 18" CDOT Class B or C Filter Material Other (Explain):			
4. Underdrai	n System	Choose One			
A) Are und	derdrains provided?	● YES ○ NO			
B) Underc	drain system orifice diameter for 12 hour drain time				
	i) Distance From Lowest Elevation of the Storage Volume to the Center of the Orifice	y = 2.3 ft			
	ii) Volume to Drain in 12 Hours	REFER TO MHFD DETENTION CALCS			
	iii) Orifice Diameter, 3/8" Minimum				

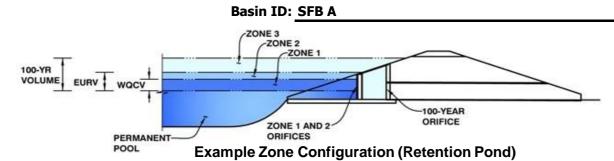
	Design Procedure For	m: Sand Filter (SF)	
Designer: Company: Date: Project: Location:	SPC HR Green August 23, 2024 Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFB A El Paso County, CO		Sheet 2 of 2
A) Is an i	able Geomembrane Liner and Geotextile Separator Fabric impermeable liner provided due to proximity uctures or groundwater contamination?	Choose One YES NO	
conve	tlet Works ribe the type of energy dissipation at inlet points and means of eying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet	Engery dissapation at inlet points provide of conveying flows in excess of the WQC modified type 'C' inlet outlet structure grades.	CV through the outlet is via the
Notes:			

Provide forebay sizing calcs.

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road SEGMENT 1



Watershed Information

tershed Information		
Selected BMP Type =	SF	
Watershed Area =	1.58	acres
Watershed Length =	1,100	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	500	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.030	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	53.00%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	0.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	100.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	12.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.023	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.090	acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =	0.084	acre-feet
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) =	0.119	acre-feet
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	0.150	acre-feet
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.190	acre-feet
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.223	acre-feet
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.52 in.) =	0.264	acre-feet
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.68 in.) =	0.423	acre-feet
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.068	acre-feet
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.093	acre-feet
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.122	acre-feet
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.133	acre-feet
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.139	acre-feet
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.154	acre-feet

Define Zones and Basin Geometry							
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.023	acre-feet					
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.067	acre-feet					
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.064	acre-feet					
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.154	acre-feet					
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	N/A	ft ³					
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	N/A	ft					
Total Available Detention Depth $(H_{total}) =$	user	ft					
Depth of Trickle Channel $(H_{TC}) =$	N/A	ft					
Slope of Trickle Channel $(S_{TC}) =$	N/A	ft/ft					
Slopes of Main Basin Sides $(S_{main}) =$	user	H:V					
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio $(R_{L/W}) =$	user						

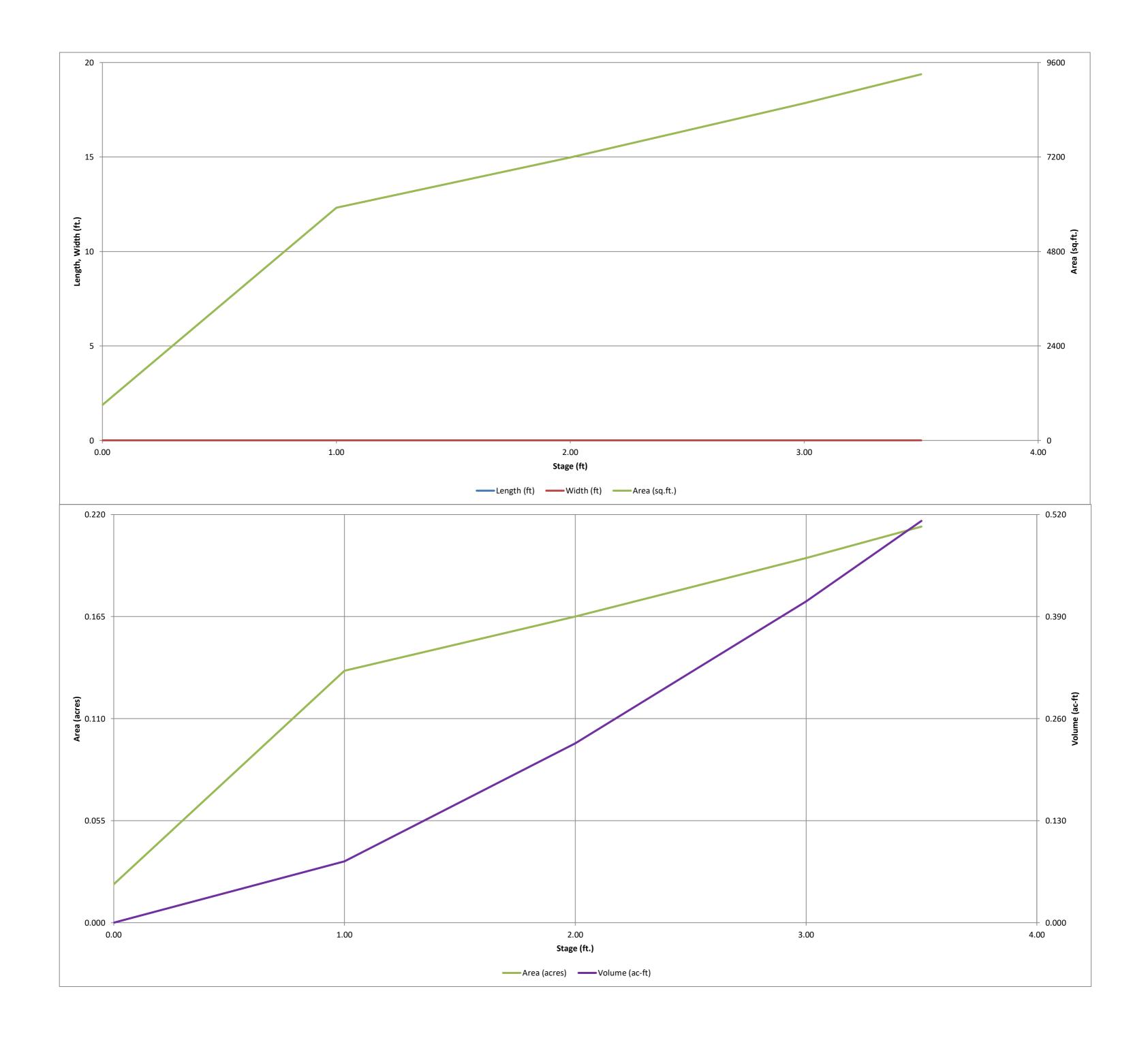
Initial Surcharge Area $(A_{ISV}) =$	user	ft²
Surcharge Volume Length $(L_{ISV}) =$	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width $(W_{ISV}) =$	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor $(H_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor $(L_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor $(W_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor $(A_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft²
Volume of Basin Floor $(V_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin $(H_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Length of Main Basin $(L_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin $(A_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft²
Volume of Main Basin $(V_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) =	user	acre-fee

Note: L / W Ratio > 8 L / W Ratio = 17.58

Optional User	Overrides
	acre-feet
	acre-feet
1.19	inches
1.50	inches
1.75	inches
2.00	inches
2.25	inches
2.52	inches
3.68	inches
	<u>-</u>

	Depth Increment =		ft							
			Optional		14.5 III	Aron	Optional		Volumo	
	Stage - Storage Description	Stage (ft)	Override Stage (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Override Area (ft ²)	Area (acre)	Volume (ft ³)	Volume (ac-ft)
	Media Surface		0.00				902	0.021	(10)	(uc rt)
81									2.400	
	6982		1.00				5,914	0.136	3,408	0.078
	6983		2.00				7,188	0.165	9,959	0.229
	6984		3.00				8,563	0.197	17,834	0.409
	6984.5		3.50				9,301	0.214	22,300	0.512
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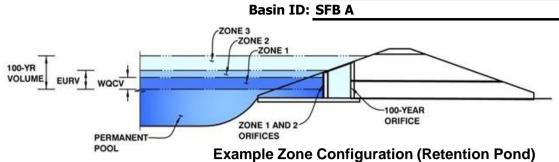
Pond_A, Basin 8/23/2024, 9:52 AM



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road SEGMENT 1



	Estimated	Estimated	
	Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.48	0.023	Filtration Media
Zone 2 (EURV)	1.09	0.067	Circular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	1.53	0.064	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
•	Total (all zones)	0.154	

<u>User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)</u>

X Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = 2.33 ft (distance below the filtration media surface) X Underdrain Orifice Diameter = 0.75 inches

.	Calculated Parame	ters for Underdrain
Underdrain Orifice Area =	0.0	ft ²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	0.03	feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) N/A N/A Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = N/A inches sq. inches Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = N/A

n BMP)	Calculated Parame	ters for Plate
WQ Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	ft ²
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft ²

<u>User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)</u>

	Row 1 (optional)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A							
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A							

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<u>User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)</u>

	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected		
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	0.50	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	1.09	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Ori
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	0.44	N/A	inches	

	Calculated Parame	ters for Vertical Or	ifice
	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected	
Vertical Orifice Area =	0.00	N/A	ft ²
ertical Orifice Centroid =	0.02	N/A	feet

<u>User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)</u>

		Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
/	Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	1.25	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage :
	✓ Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
	✓ Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
	Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.00	N/A	feet
	Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A	
	Debris Cloaging % =	50%	N/A	%

e = 0 ft	Height of Grate Upper Edge, $H_t =$
	Overflow Weir Slope Length =
Grate	Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =
Overfl	ow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =
Over	flow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =

	Calculated Parame	ters for Overflow V	<u>veır</u>
	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
t =	1.25	N/A	feet
۱ =	3.00	N/A	feet
=	58.36	N/A	
5 =	6.26	N/A	ft ²
5 =	3.13	N/A	ft ²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate	e (Circular Orifice, R	estrictor Plate, or	Rectangular Orifice)	<u>Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction</u>			
	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected			Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected]
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	2.58	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Outlet Orifice Area =	0.11	N/A	ft ²
✓ Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches	Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.10	N/A	feet
X Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	2.00		inches Half-Central Angle o	of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	0.68	N/A	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

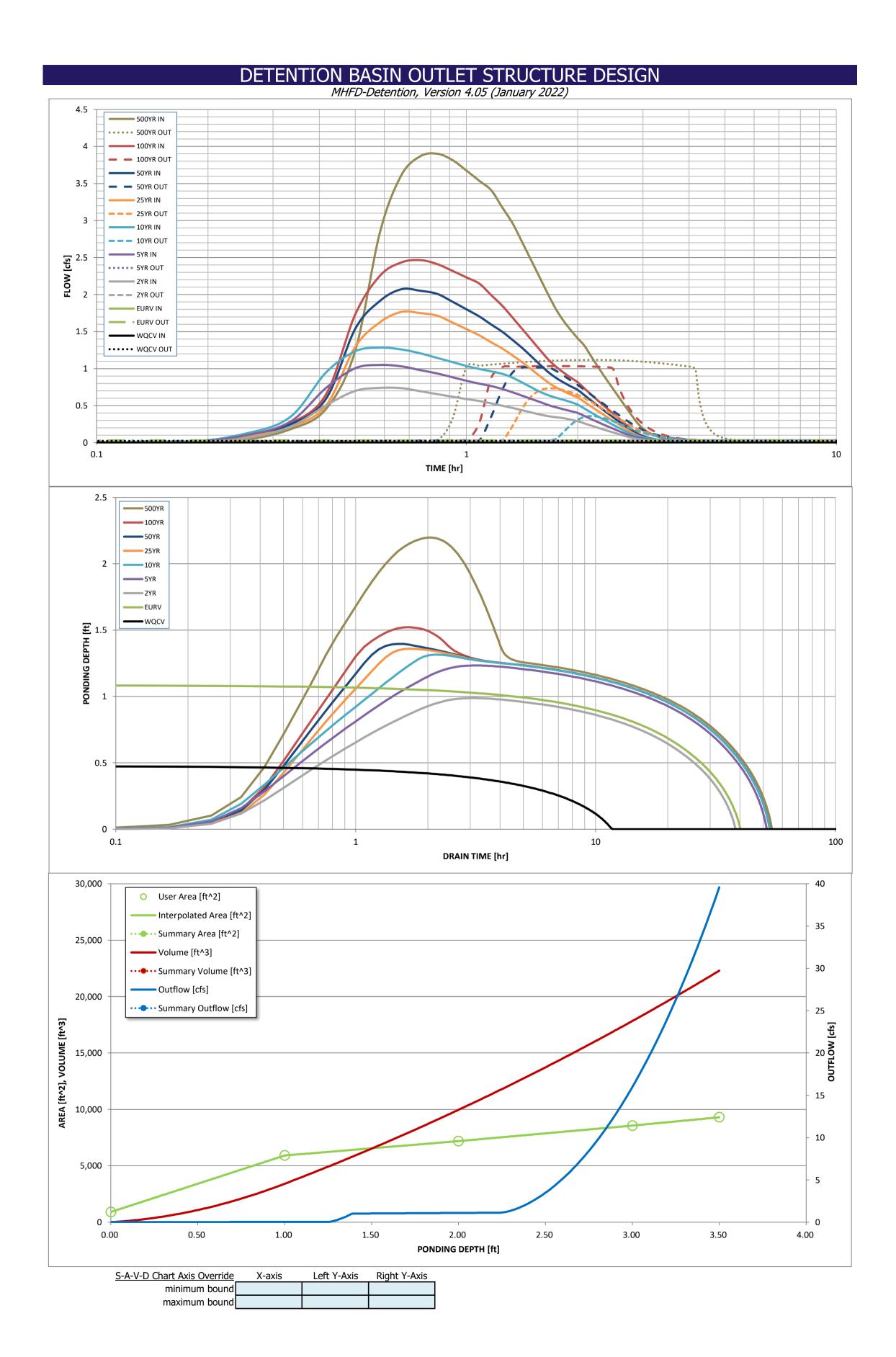
or and order and a general personal per		
X Spillway Invert Stage=	2.24	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
X Spillway Crest Length =	5.00	feet
✓ Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
✓ Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet

	Calculated Parame	ters for Spillway
X Spillway Design Flow Depth=	0.26	feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	3.50	feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.21	acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	0.51	acre-ft

Routed Hydrograph Results The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.68
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.023	0.090	0.084	0.119	0.150	0.190	0.223	0.264	0.423
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.084	0.119	0.150	0.190	0.223	0.264	0.423
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.9
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.05	0.14	0.22	0.41	0.52	0.68	1.22
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.1	2.5	3.9
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.03	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.1
✓ Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.6
Structure Controlling Flow =	Filtration Media	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
✓ Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	11	39	37	50	51	50	50	49	48
✓ Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	12	40	38	51	52	52	52	52	52
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	0.48	1.09	0.99	1.23	1.32	1.36	1.40	1.52	2.20
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.08	0.14	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.17
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.023	0.091	0.076	0.110	0.122	0.128	0.133	0.153	0.261

Pond_A, Outlet Structure 8/23/2024, 9:52 AM



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	The user can o	verride the calcu	ılated inflow hy	drographs from	this workbook v	with inflow hydro	ographs develop	ped in a separate	program.	
	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.04
-	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.10	0.12	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.18
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.28	0.35	0.21	0.25	0.26	0.45
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.74	0.95	0.50	0.59	0.65	1.24
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.70	1.01	1.23	1.29	1.54	1.73	2.84
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.74	1.05	1.28	1.63	1.91	2.25	3.61
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.74	1.03	1.26	1.77	2.07	2.43	3.87
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.98	1.21	1.75	2.05	2.47	3.90
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.94	1.15	1.72	2.01	2.41	3.82
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.88	1.09	1.62	1.90	2.32	3.67
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.84	1.04	1.53	1.80	2.23	3.54
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.80	1.00	1.45	1.70	2.15	3.41
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.77	0.96	1.36	1.60	1.99	3.18
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.73	0.93	1.27	1.50	1.85	2.96
-	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.68	0.88	1.18	1.39	1.69	2.70
}	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.63	0.81	1.09	1.28	1.53	2.45
}	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.59	0.75	0.99	1.16	1.39	2.22
}	1:35:00 1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.55	0.69	0.90	1.05	1.25	1.99
}	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.51	0.64	0.81	0.95	1.12	1.79
}	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.34 0.33	0.48 0.45	0.61 0.58	0.75 0.69	0.87 0.81	1.02 0.94	1.64 1.52
}	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.43	0.55	0.65	0.76	0.88	1.41
ŀ	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.43	0.55	0.61	0.76	0.82	1.41
•	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.36	0.46	0.55	0.64	0.73	1.18
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.32	0.41	0.49	0.58	0.66	1.05
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.29	0.36	0.44	0.51	0.58	0.93
•	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.25	0.32	0.39	0.45	0.52	0.82
•	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.22	0.28	0.34	0.39	0.45	0.72
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.19	0.24	0.29	0.34	0.39	0.62
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.16	0.20	0.25	0.29	0.33	0.52
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.13	0.17	0.20	0.24	0.27	0.42
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.16	0.19	0.21	0.33
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.16	0.25
-	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.19
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.15
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.12
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.09
-	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.07
-	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.06
	3:25:00 3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04
-	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04
•	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02 0.01	0.02 0.02	0.02 0.01	0.02 0.02	0.02	0.03 0.02
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02
-	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
ŀ	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
}	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-	4:25:00 4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-	4:45:00 4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ŀ	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-	5:10:00 5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ŀ	5:15:00 5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
[5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
}	5:40:00 5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
}	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
The state of the s	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pond_A, Outlet Structure

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB) UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018) Sheet 1 of 3 SPC Designer: **HR Green** Company: August 23, 2024 Date: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE CONDITIONS Project: **EL PASO COUNTY, CO** Location: 1. Basin Storage Volume A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, Ia 67.0 B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio (i = I_a / 100) 0.670 C) Contributing Watershed Area 9.020 Area 0.42 D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm Choose One E) Design Concept Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) (Select EURV when also designing for flood control) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time ac-ft $(V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area)$ G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, 0.192 V_{DESIGN OTHER}= Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume $(V_{\text{WQCV OTHER}} = (d_6^*(V_{\text{DESIGN}}/0.43))$ H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume V_{DESIGN USER}= (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired) I) NRCS Hydrologic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed HSG A = i) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils HSG B ii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils iii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type C/D Soils HSG _{C/D} = J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume 0.756 For HSG A: EURV_A = 1.68 * $i^{1.28}$ EURV_{DESIGN} = ac-f t For HSG B: EURV_B = $1.36 * i^{1.08}$ For HSG C/D: EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * $i^{1.08}$ EURV_{DESIGN USER}= K) User Input of Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume ac-f t (Only if a different EURV Design Volume is desired) 2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio L:W =(A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.) 3. Basin Side Slopes 4.00 ft / ft A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred) 4. Inlet A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations: 5. Forebay Per CDs, the forebay has A) Minimum Forebay Volume 0.006 approx dimensions $(V_{FMIN} = 3\%$ of the WQCV) (conservative values) of 12'x8'x1.25'. From that I get a B) Actual Forebay Volume 0.006 ac-ft ← volume of 120 CF which is 0.003 ac-ft. Please dbl check C) Forebay Depth my math and up-size the 18 inch maximum) 15.0 forebay as needed. D) Forebay Discharge i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge 26.00 ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow 0.52 $(Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100})$ E) Forebay Discharge Design Choose One O Berm With Pipe Flow too small for berm w/ pipe Wall with Rect. Notch Wall with V-Notch Weir F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches) Calculated D_P Calculated W_N = G) Rectangular Notch Width

	Design Procedure Form: I	Extended Detention Basin (EDB)						
		Sheet 2 of 3						
Designer:	SPC HR Green							
Company: Date:	August 23, 2024							
Project:	Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE CONDITIONS							
Location:	EL PASO COUNTY, CO							
6. Trickle Channel		Choose One Concrete						
A) Type of Trick	kle Channel	Soft Bottom						
A) Type of The	Ne Chamer	O Soft Bottom						
F) Slope of Tric	ckle Channel	$S = \frac{0.0050}{\text{ft / ft}}$						
7. Micropool and C	Dutlet Structure							
A) Depth of Mic	cropool (2.5-feet minimum)	\checkmark D _M = 2.5 ft						
A) Deptit of Mic	Stopool (2.5-leet minimum)	V D _M − 2.5 II						
B) Surface Area	a of Micropool (10 ft ² minimum)	\checkmark A _M = 10 sq ft						
C) Outlet Type								
		Choose One Orifice Plate						
		Other (Describe):						
	mension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing							
(Use UD-Detent	tion)	✓ D _{orifice} = 1.00 inches						
E) Total Outlet A	Area	$A_{ot} = $ square inches						
8. Initial Surcharge	e Volume							
	ial Surcharge Volume	\bigvee D _{IS} = 4 in						
(Minimum red	commended depth is 4 inches)							
	ial Surcharge Volume	$V_{IS} = $ cu ft						
(Minimum vol	lume of 0.3% of the WQCV)							
C) Initial Surcha	arge Provided Above Micropool	$V_s = $ cu ft						
9. Trash Rack								
A) Water Qualit	ty Screen Open Area: $A_t = A_{ot} * 38.5*(e^{-0.095D})$	A _t = 193 square inches						
B) Type of Scre	en (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended	S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area						
in the USDCM, i	indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open are to the for the material specified.)							
total screen are	for the material specified.)							
	Other (Y/N): N							
C) Ratio of Tota	al Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')	User Ratio =						
D) Total Water (Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)	$A_{total} = $ sq. in.						
	sign Volume (EURV or WQCV)	H= 5.05 feet						
	design concept chosen under 1E)							
F) Height of Wa	ater Quality Screen (H _{TR})	H _{TR} = 88.6 inches						
G) Width of Wat	ter Quality Screen Opening (W _{opening})	W _{opening} = 12.0 inches VALUE LESS THAN RECOMMENDED MIN. WIDTH.						
	inches is recommended)	WIDTH HAS BEEN SET TO 12 INCHES.						

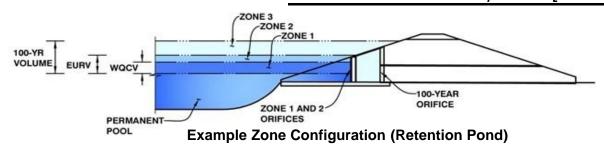
	Design Procedure Form	Extended Detention Basin (EDB)	
Designer: Company: Date: Project: Location:	SPC HR Green August 23, 2024 Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE C EL PASO COUNTY, CO		Sheet 3 of 3
	mbankment e embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping: f Overflow Embankment	Ze = 4.00 ft / ft	
	ntal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)	Choose One Irrigated Not Irrigated	
12. Access A) Describe	e Sediment Removal Procedures		
Notes:		<u>'</u>	

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements





Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type = **EDB** Watershed Area 3.95 acres Watershed Length = 1,750 Watershed Length to Centroid = 500

Watershed Slope = 0.009 ft/ft 53.00% Watershed Imperviousness = percent 100.0% Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A percent Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B = 0.0% percent 0.0% Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D = percent Target WQCV Drain Time = 40.0 hours Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths = User Input

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.						
0.071	acre-feet					
0.245	acre-feet					
0.184	acre-feet					
0.244	acre-feet					
0.292	acre-feet					
0.364	acre-feet					
0.435	acre-feet					
0.524	acre-feet					
0.895	acre-feet					
0.158	acre-feet					
0.208	acre-feet					
0.253	acre-feet					
0.308	acre-feet					
0.343	acre-feet					
0.384	acre-feet					
	0.071 0.245 0.184 0.244 0.292 0.364 0.435 0.524 0.895 0.158 0.208 0.208 0.253 0.308 0.343					

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

three Zories and Basin Geometry		
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.071	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.175	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.139	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.384	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft ³
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth $(H_{total}) =$	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel $(H_{TC}) =$	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S_{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides $(S_{main}) =$	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio ($R_{L/W}$) =	user	

Initial Surcharge Area (A _{ISV}) =	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length $(L_{ISV}) =$	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor $(H_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor $(L_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor $(W_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor $(A_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor $(V_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin $(H_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Length of Main Basin $(L_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin $(A_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin $(V_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume $(V_{total}) =$	user	acre-feet

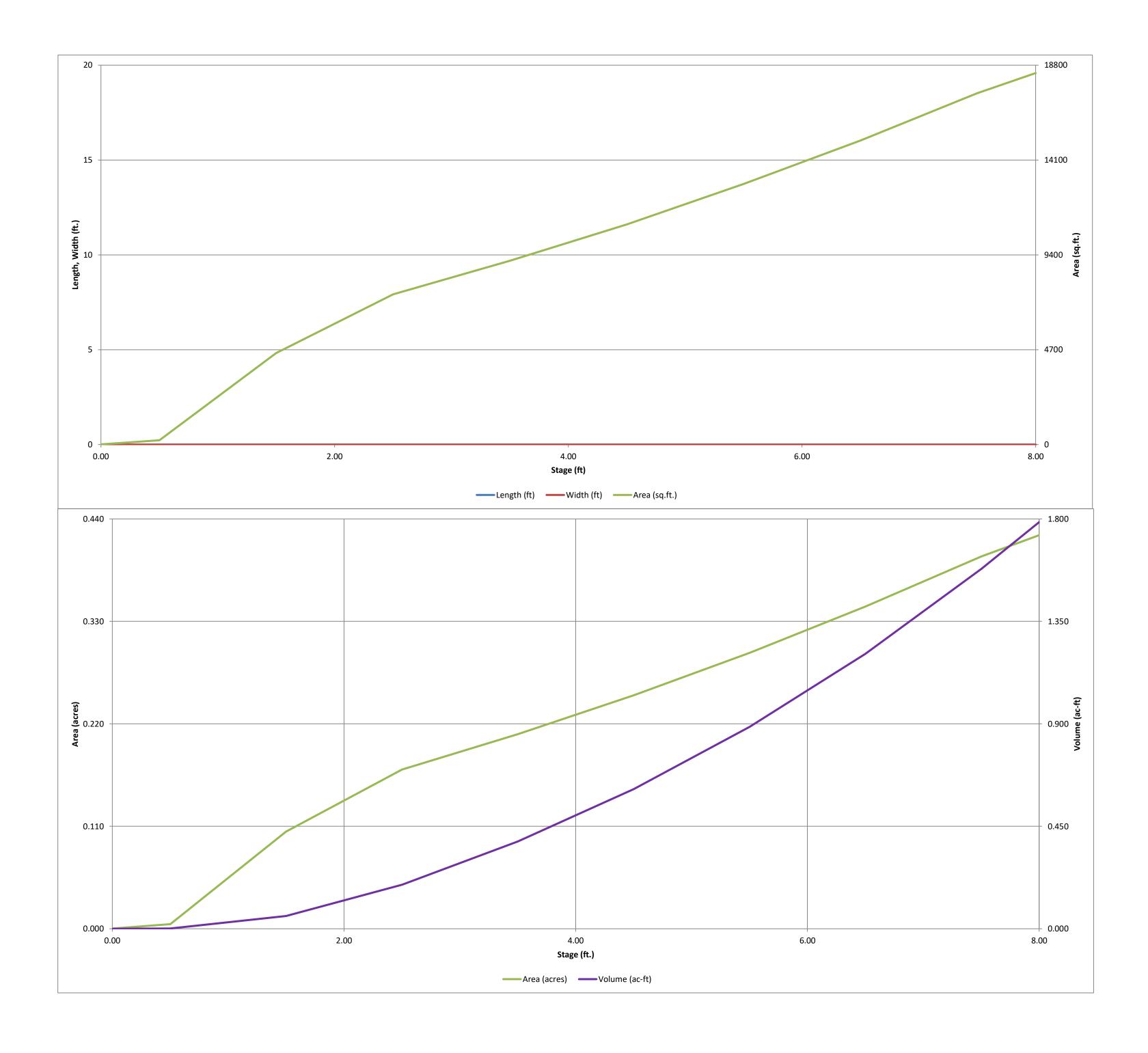
Note: L / W Ratio > 8

L / W Ratio = 17.8

6983.

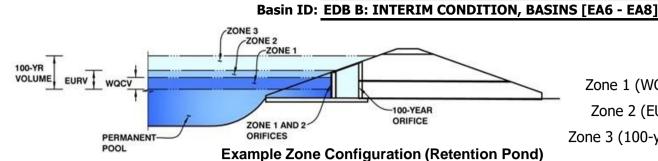
Optional User	Overrides
	acre-feet
	acre-feet
1.19	inches
1.50	inches
1.75	inches
2.00	inches
2.25	inches
2.52	inches
3.68	inches

Depth Incremen		ft Optional				Optional		1/-1	
Stage - Storage Description	(ft)	Override Stage (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Override Area (ft ²)	Area (acre)	Volume (ft ³)	Volume (ac-ft)
Top of Micropo		0.00				10	0.000		
6984		0.50				211	0.005 0.104	55	0.001
6985 6986		1.50 2.50				4,539 7,443	0.104	2,430 8,421	0.056 0.193
6987		3.50				9,104	0.209	16,695	0.383
6988		4.50				10,914	0.251	26,704	0.613
6989 6990		5.50				12,910	0.296	38,616	0.886
6991		6.50 7.50				15,069 17,408	0.346 0.400	52,605 68,844	1.208 1.580
6991.5		8.00				18,407	0.423	77,797	1.786
								+	



MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements



	Estimated	Estimated	
	Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.64	0.071	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	2.80	0.175	Rectangular Orifice
one 3 (100-year)	3.51	0.139	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
•	Total (all zones)	0.384	

<u>User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)</u>

ft (distance below the filtration media surface) Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = N/A Underdrain Orifice Diameter = N/A inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain ft² Underdrain Orifice Area = N/A Underdrain Orifice Centroid = N/A feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation Centroid of Lowest Orifice = 0.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) N/A Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =

Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = 0.31 sq. inches (diameter = 5/8 inch)

1.64

on BMP)	Calculated Parame	ters for Plate
WQ Orifice Area per Row =	2.132E-03	ft ²
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft ²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

Row 1 (required) Row 2 (optional) Row 3 (optional) Row 4 (optional) Row 5 (optional) Row 6 (optional) Row 7 (optional) Row 8 (optional) Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft) 0.00 0.60 1.20 Orifice Area (sq. inches) 0.31 0.31 0.31

Row 9 (optional) Row 10 (optional) Row 11 (optional) Row 12 (optional) Row 13 (optional) Row 14 (optional) Row 15 (optional) Row 16 (optional) Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft) Orifice Area (sq. inches)

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Zone 2 Rectangular Not Selected ✓ Invert of Vertical Orifice = 2.00 N/A ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice = 2.76 N/A ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Vertical Orifice Height = 8.00 N/A inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice Zone 2 Rectangular Not Selected Vertical Orifice Area = 0.18 N/A 0.33 N/A Vertical Orifice Centroid = feet

Vertical Orifice Width = 3.25 inches

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

Zone 3 Weir Not Selected ✓ Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho = 5.20 N/A Overflow Weir Front Edge Length = 3.00 N/A feet 0.00 N/A H:V Overflow Weir Grate Slope = Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = 3.00 N/A feet Type C Grate N/A Overflow Grate Type = 50% N/A Debris Clogging % =

ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t = Overflow Weir Slope Length = Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area = Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris = Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir **Not Selected** Zone 3 Weir 5.20 N/A feet 3.00 N/A feet 3.54 N/A 6.26 N/A ft^2 3.13 N/A

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

feet

feet

acres

acre-ft

0.21

0.377

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Zone 3 Restrictor Not Selected ✓ Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = 0.25 N/A ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Outlet Pipe Diameter = 18.00 N/A Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = 18.00 inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate Zone 3 Restrictor Not Selected 1.77 Outlet Orifice Area = N/A Outlet Orifice Centroid = 0.75 N/A feet Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe = 3.14 N/A radians

0.20

0.312

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) :

Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =

✓ Spillway Invert Stage= ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) 6.50 ✓ Spillway Crest Length = 15.50 feet

0.11

0.071

H:V

feet

✓ Spillway End Slopes = 4.00 Freeboard above Max Water Surface = 1.00

Spillway Design Flow Depth= 0.50 8.00 Stage at Top of Freeboard = Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = 0.42 Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = 1.79

0.19

0.267

Routed Hydrograph Results The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF). WQCV **EURV** 2 Year 5 Year 10 Year 25 Year 50 Year 100 Year Design Storm Return Period =

500 Year One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = N/A N/A 1.19 1.50 1.75 2.00 2.25 2.52 3.68 CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) = 0.071 0.245 0.184 0.244 0.292 0.364 0.435 0.524 0.895 0.184 0.292 N/A N/A 0.244 0.364 0.435 0.524 0.895 Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) = N/A N/A 0.0 0.0 0.6 2.8 CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = 0.0 0.3 1.0 OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = N/A N/A 0.00 0.08 Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) = N/A N/A 0.01 0.01 0.15 0.26 0.70 N/A N/A 2.2 7.9 1.4 1.8 3.0 3.7 4.6 Peak Inflow Q (cfs) : 0.0 0.6 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.7 8.0 1.0 1.4 Peak Outflow Q (cfs) = N/A N/A 0.5 Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q = N/A 16.2 17.1 2.4 1.4 1.0 Vertical Orifice 1 Plate Vertical Orifice 1 Vertical Orifice 1 Vertical Orifice 1/Vertical Orifice 1 Vertical Orifice 1 Vertical Orifice 1 ertical Orifice Structure Controlling Flow = N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) = N/A Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) = Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) = 40 63 65 65 64 63 62 61 56 Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) = 43 68 69 70 70 70 70 69 69 2.80 2.31 2.53 2.68 2.92 3.16 3.47 4.70 Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) = 1.64

Unresolved:

0.16

0.162

Why aren't these values that are >1 highlighted in red like they were with the last submittal?

0.17

0.197

0.18

0.223

Rregardless, the ratio should be less than or equal to 1 for minor (5-yr) and major (100-yr) design storms. See Chapter 4.1 of DCM volume 2 (and also Chap 2 of MHFD DCM vol. 3).

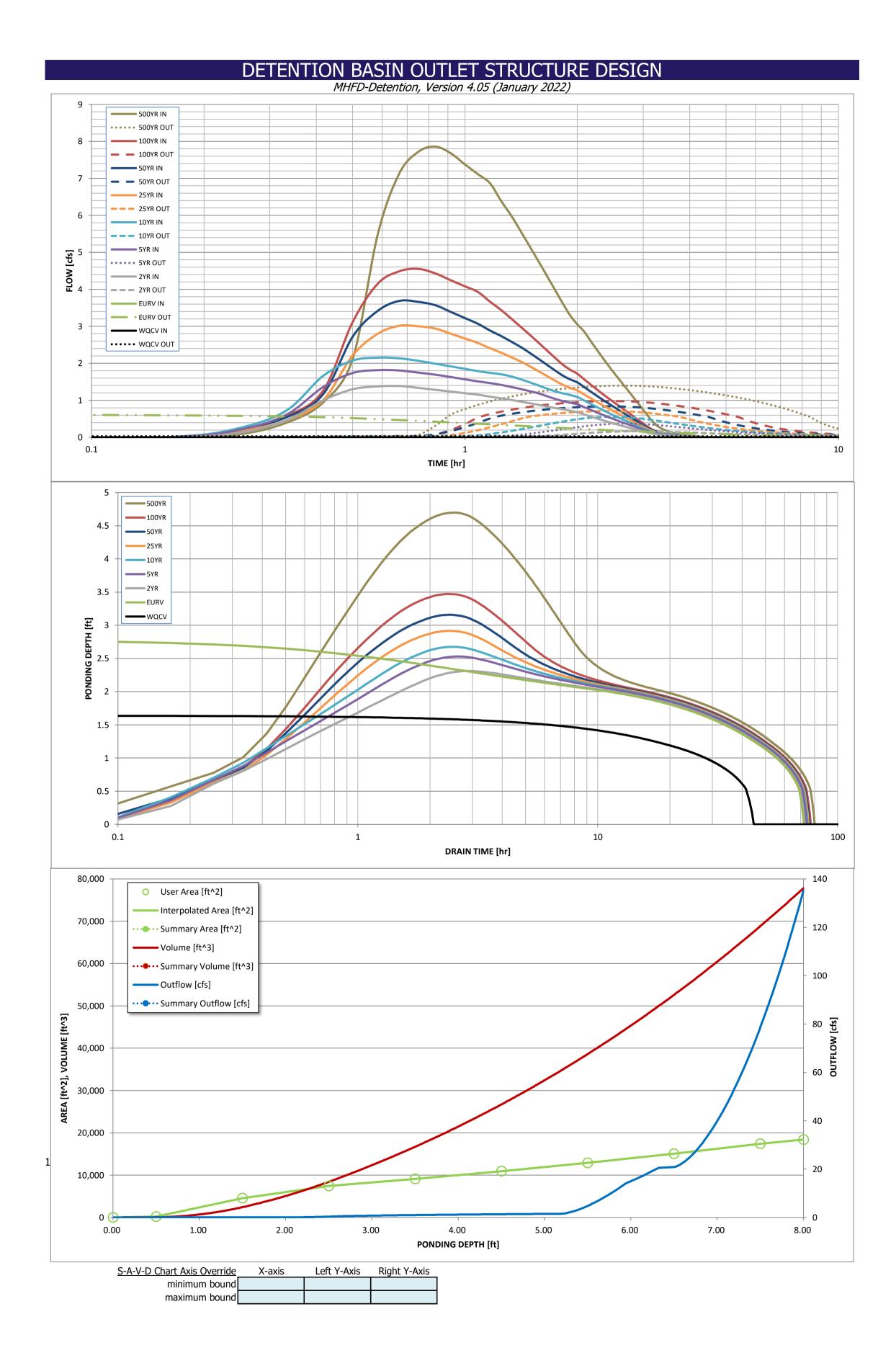
Pond_B INT, Outlet Structure

0.18

0.246

0.26

0.661



Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	SOURCE	verride the calcu	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]		25 Year [cfs]			500 Year [cfs]
	0:00:00									
5.00 min	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.01	0.00	0.00
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.26	0.17	0.01	0.00	0.40
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.62	0.73	0.47	0.55	0.58	0.94
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.36	1.66	1.00	1.16	1.26	2.11
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.30	1.74	2.07	2.21	2.72	3.11	5.47
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.38	1.82	2.15	2.80	3.42	4.15	7.13
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.39	1.81	2.14	3.02	3.69	4.49	7.72
	0:45:00 0:50:00	0.00	0.00	1.34 1.29	1.75 1.69	2.07 1.99	3.00 2.94	3.66 3.57	4.55 4.43	7.86 7.68
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.24	1.63	1.92	2.80	3.39	4.25	7.38
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	1.19	1.57	1.85	2.67	3.22	4.08	7.11
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	1.15	1.51	1.79	2.55	3.07	3.93	6.87
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	1.10	1.47	1.74	2.41	2.89	3.67	6.39
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	1.05	1.42	1.71	2.29	2.74	3.44	5.98
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	1.01	1.36	1.65	2.16	2.58	3.20	5.54
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.96	1.30	1.56	2.04	2.43	2.97	5.12
	1:30:00 1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.92 0.87	1.24 1.18	1.48 1.39	1.91 1.77	2.27 2.10	2.75 2.54	4.71 4.33
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.83	1.11	1.31	1.65	1.95	2.33	3.95
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.79	1.03	1.24	1.52	1.80	2.13	3.60
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.98	1.19	1.41	1.66	1.96	3.28
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.94	1.14	1.33	1.56	1.82	3.05
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.89	1.09	1.27	1.49	1.72	2.87
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.82	1.00	1.16	1.36	1.57	2.62
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.75	0.91	1.06	1.24	1.44	2.38
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.51 0.47	0.68	0.82 0.74	0.97 0.87	1.13 1.02	1.30 1.18	2.16 1.95
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.55	0.67	0.87	0.92	1.18	1.76
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.50	0.60	0.71	0.83	0.96	1.58
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.44	0.53	0.63	0.74	0.85	1.40
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.39	0.47	0.56	0.65	0.75	1.23
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.34	0.41	0.49	0.57	0.65	1.07
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.29	0.35	0.42	0.49	0.56	0.90
	2:55:00 3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.41	0.47	0.75
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.16 0.13	0.21 0.17	0.25 0.20	0.29 0.23	0.33 0.26	0.37 0.29	0.59 0.45
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.23	0.20	0.23	0.43
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.26
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.21
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.09	0.11	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.17
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.13
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.06	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.11
	3:40:00 3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05 0.04	0.06 0.05	0.06 0.05	0.06 0.05	0.06 0.05	0.09
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.07
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
	4:10:00 4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.01 0.01	0.01 0.01	0.02 0.01	0.01 0.01	0.02 0.01	0.01 0.01	0.02 0.01
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00 4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00 5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00 5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00 5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00 6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5.55100	3.00	3.30	5.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	J. J

Pond_B INT, Outlet Structure

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road



-100-YEAR ORIFICE ZONE 1 AND 2 ORIFICES

PERMANENT— POOL **Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)**

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
✓ Watershed Area =	9.02	acres
Watershed Length =	1,750	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	500	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.009	ft/ft
✓ Watershed Imperviousness =	67.00%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	100.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	0.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

the embedded Colorado Urban Hydro	graph Procedu	re.
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.197	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.756	acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =	0.556	acre-feet
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) =	0.728	acre-feet
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	0.866	acre-feet
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	1.043	acre-feet
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	1.217	acre-feet
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.52 in.) =	1.427	acre-feet
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.68 in.) =	2.302	acre-feet
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.493	acre-feet
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.644	acre-feet
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.775	acre-feet
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.930	acre-feet
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	1.024	acre-feet
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	1.119	acre-feet

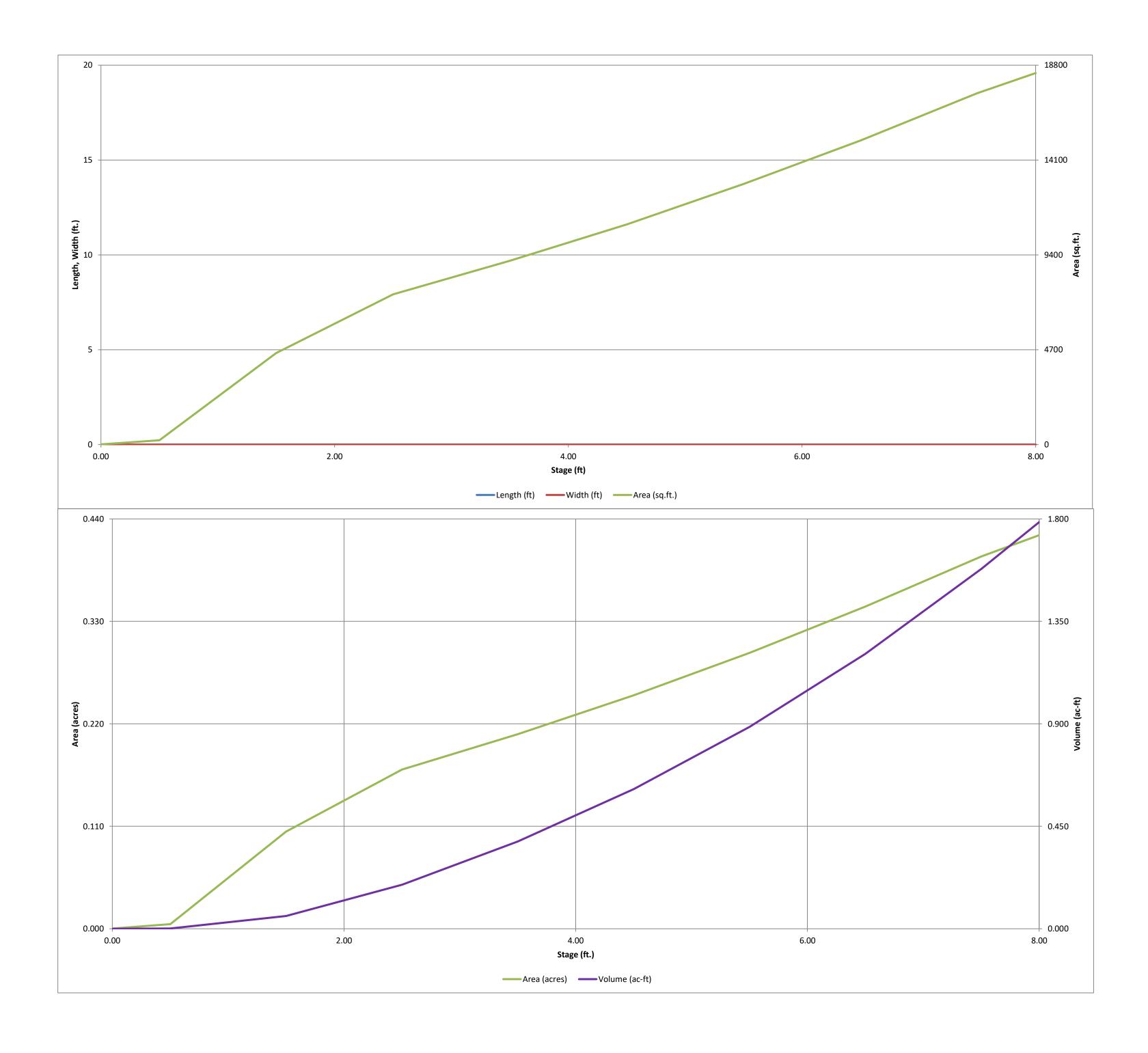
Define Zones and Basin Geometry

_	<u></u>		
	Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.197	acre-fee
	Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.559	acre-fee
	Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.363	acre-fee
	Total Detention Basin Volume =	1.119	acre-fee
	Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft ³
	Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
	Total Available Detention Depth $(H_{total}) =$	user	ft
	Depth of Trickle Channel $(H_{TC}) =$	user	ft
	Slope of Trickle Channel $(S_{TC}) =$	user	ft/ft
	Slopes of Main Basin Sides $(S_{main}) =$	user	H:V
	Basin Length-to-Width Ratio ($R_{L/W}$) =	user	
	·		•

_		_
Initial Surcharge Area (A _{ISV}) =	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length $(L_{ISV}) =$	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width $(W_{ISV}) =$	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor $(H_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor $(L_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor $(W_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor $(A_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor $(V_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin $(H_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Length of Main Basin $(L_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin $(A_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin $(V_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume $(V_{total}) =$	user	acre-feet

See my comments on this page on the Segment 2 FDR.

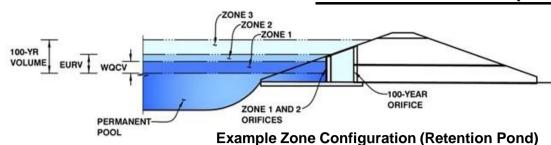
			Segmen	it 2 FDR.						
EAR DE	Depth Increment =		ft							
			Optional				Optional			
on Pond)	Stage - Storage	Stage	Override	Length	Width	Area	Override	Area	Volume	Volume
	Description	(ft)	Stage (ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft ²)	Area (ft ²)	(acre)	(ft ³)	(ac-ft)
6983.5			0.00				10	0.000		
	6984		0.50				211	0.005	55	0.001
	6985		1.50				4,539	0.104	2,430	0.056
	6986		2.50				7,443	0.171	8,421	0.193
	6987		3.50				9,104	0.209	16,695	0.383
	6988		4.50				10,914	0.251	26,704	0.613
	6989		5.50				12,910	0.296	38,616	0.886
	6990		6.50				15,069	0.346	52,605	1.208
	6991		7.50				17,408	0.400	68,844	1.580
	6991.5		8.00				18,407	0.423	77,797	1.786
Optional User Overrides										
acre-feet										
acre-feet										
1.19 inches										
1.50 inches										
1.75 inches										
2.00 inches										
2.25 inches										
2.52 inches										
3.68 inches										
										<u> </u>
										<u> </u>
										<u> </u>
								-		
										<u> </u>
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									. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	



MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road

Basin ID: POND B: Ultimate Conditions (INCLUDES SEGMENT 2 FLOW) [BASINS EA6 - EA10]



	Estimated	Estimated	
	Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.53	0.197	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	5.05	0.559	Circular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	6.25	0.363	Weir&Pipe (Restrict
•	Total (all zones)	1.119	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = N/A ft (distance below the filtration media surface) Underdrain Orifice Diameter = N/A inches

0.79

ft² N/A Underdrain Orifice Area = Underdrain Orifice Centroid = N/A feet

Elliptical Slot Area =

<u>Calculated Parameters for Underdrain</u>

ft²

feet

feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP) Calculated Parameters for Plate Centroid of Lowest Orifice = 0.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) WQ Orifice Area per Row = 5.451E-03 2.53 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Elliptical Half-Width = N/A Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = N/A N/A Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = inches Elliptical Slot Centroid =

sq. inches (diameter = 1 inch)

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =

ind rotal Area of Each Office	Trotal Area of Each office Now (Hamberea from lowest to highest)										
	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)			
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.87	1.73								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.79	0.79	0.79								

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular) <u>Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice</u> Zone 2 Circular Not Selected Zone 2 Circular Not Selected Invert of Vertical Orifice = 2.55 N/A ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

5.18 N/A Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Vertical Orifice Diameter = 1.75 N/A

Vertical Orifice Area = 0.02 N/A 0.07 Vertical Orifice Centroid = N/A feet

N/A

<u>User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)</u> Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir Zone 3 Weir Not Selected **Not Selected** Zone 3 Weir ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t = Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho = 5.20 N/A 5.20 N/A feet Overflow Weir Front Edge Length = 3.00 N/A Overflow Weir Slope Length = 3.00 N/A feet feet Overflow Weir Grate Slope = 0.00 N/A H:V Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area = 25.92 N/A Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = 3.00 N/A Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris = 6.26 N/A feet Type C Grate N/A Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris = 3.13 Overflow Grate Type = N/A 50% N/A Debris Clogging % =

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice) Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

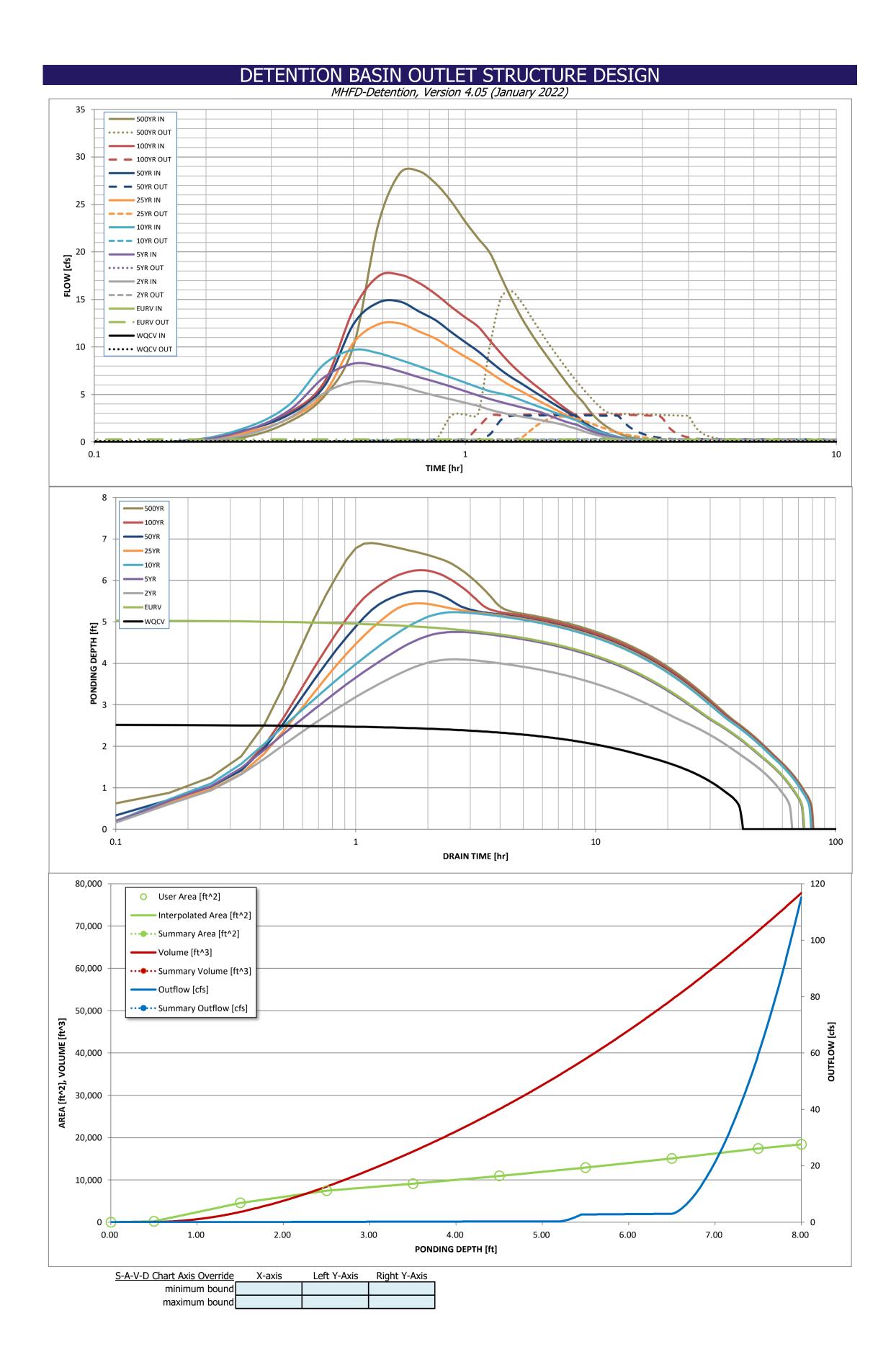
•		•		-			
	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected			Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.25	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Outlet Orifice Area =	0.24	N/A	ft ²
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches (Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.17	N/A	feet
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	3.50		inches Half-Central Angle of Re	estrictor Plate on Pipe =	0.91	N/A	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal) Calculated Parameters for Spillway Spillway Invert Stage= Spillway Design Flow Depth= ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) 0.50 6.50 feet

Spillway Crest Length = 15.50 feet Stage at Top of Freeboard = 8.00 feet Spillway End Slopes = 4.00 H:V 0.42 Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = acres 1.00 1.79 Freeboard above Max Water Surface = feet Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = acre-ft

Routed Hydrograph Results The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF). 500 Year Design Storm Return Period = **WQCV EURV** 2 Year 5 Year 10 Year 25 Year 50 Year 100 Year One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = N/A N/A 1.19 1.50 1.75 2.00 2.25 2.52 3.68 CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) = 0.197 0.756 0.556 0.728 0.866 1.043 1.217 1.427 2.302 0.728 1.217 2.302 Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) = N/A N/A 0.556 0.866 1.043 1.427 0.0 0.1 2.0 CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = N/A N/A 0.11.0 3.3 8.8 OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = N/A N/A 0.00 0.97 Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) = N/A N/A 0.01 0.01 0.11 0.22 0.36 N/A 12.5 28.5 N/A 6.3 8.3 9.7 14.8 17.6 Peak Inflow Q (cfs) : Peak Outflow Q (cfs) = 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.4 2.7 2.8 2.9 15.9 3.9 Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q = N/A N/A N/A 3.6 2.7 1.4 0.9 1.8 Outlet Plate 1 Plate Vertical Orifice 1 | Vertical Orifice 1 | Vertical Orifice 1 Outlet Plate 1 Outlet Plate 1 Spillway Structure Controlling Flow = Overflow Weir 1 N/A N/A N/A N/A 0.0 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) = N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) = 37 58 Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) = 64 64 68 67 66 65 59 62 Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) = 40 70 69 74 74 73 73 71 2.53 5.05 4.09 4.76 5.23 5.45 5.74 6.25 6.90 Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) = 0.17 0.28 0.23 0.26 0.28 0.29 0.31 0.33 0.37 Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) = Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) = 0.198 0.758 0.514 0.677 0.808 0.869 0.959 1.119 1.350

8/23/2024, 10:26 AM Pond_B ULT, Outlet Structure



Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

,	The user can o	verride the calci	ulated inflow hyd	drographs from	this workbook v	with inflow hydro	ographs develop	ped in a separate	program.	
	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.01	0.46
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.68	1.11	1.37	0.92	1.16	1.13	2.08
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	2.48	3.26	3.84	2.43	2.84	3.03	4.80
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	5.15	6.82	8.20	5.12	5.86	6.29	10.12
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	6.32	8.25	9.69	10.45	12.41	13.96	22.97
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	6.23	8.02	9.35	12.39	14.68	17.45	28.30
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	5.87	7.44	8.65	12.48	14.78	17.61	28.51
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	5.33	6.82	7.97	11.64	13.74	16.75	27.19
	0:50:00 0:55:00	0.00	0.00	4.87 4.49	6.32	7.32 6.77	10.87 9.86	12.80	15.54 14.23	25.32
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	4.13	5.83 5.35	6.25	8.98	11.57 10.50	13.12	23.19 21.43
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	3.79	4.90	5.76	8.18	9.55	12.14	19.87
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	3.40	4.52	5.34	7.30	8.50	10.66	17.36
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	3.10	4.20	5.08	6.53	7.56	9.30	15.07
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	2.88	3.91	4.79	5.87	6.79	8.12	13.12
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	2.68	3.65	4.40	5.34	6.16	7.17	11.53
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	2.51	3.42	4.04	4.80	5.54	6.36	10.17
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	2.33	3.18	3.70	4.31	4.96	5.64	8.95
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	2.16	2.86	3.38	3.85	4.42	4.97	7.82
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	1.99	2.54	3.07	3.42	3.91	4.32	6.75
	1:50:00 1:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.83 1.58	2.24	2.78 2.51	3.01 2.64	3.43 2.99	3.73 3.20	5.77 4.89
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	1.39	1.81	2.26	2.33	2.99	2.74	4.09
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	1.14	1.49	1.87	1.86	2.10	2.16	3.25
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.93	1.22	1.53	1.49	1.67	1.70	2.55
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.99	1.25	1.19	1.34	1.34	2.00
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.80	1.02	0.95	1.07	1.05	1.56
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.65	0.82	0.76	0.86	0.83	1.22
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.52	0.66	0.61	0.68	0.65	0.94
	2:35:00 2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.41	0.52	0.48	0.54	0.50	0.72
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.25 0.20	0.32 0.25	0.40 0.32	0.37 0.29	0.42	0.39	0.56 0.44
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.20	0.32	0.23	0.32	0.30	0.35
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.15	0.19	0.18	0.20	0.19	0.27
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.11	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.14	0.21
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.15
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.10
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.06
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
	3:25:00 3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00 4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00 4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00 4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00 5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00 5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00 5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00 5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pond_B ULT, Outlet Structure

	Design Procedure For	m: Sand Filter (SF)	
	UD-BMP (Version 3.0	7, March 2018)	Sheet 1 of 2
Designer:	SPC		
Company:	HR Green		
Date:	August 23, 2024 Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFBD add s	pace between SFB and D	
Project: Location:	El Paso County, CO	page between er bland b	
		_	
1. Basin Sto	rage Volume		
	ve Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I _a if all paved and roofed areas upstream of sand filter)	l _a = 34.0 %	
B) Tributa	ary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a/100$)	i = 0.340	
	Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Based on 12-hour Drain Time $V = 0.8 * (0.91* i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i)$	WQCV = 0.13 watershed in	nches
D) Contri	buting Watershed Area (including sand filter area)	Area = 171,191 sq ft	
	Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume V = WQCV / 12 * Area	V _{WQCV} = 1,865 cu ft	
	atersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of ge Runoff Producing Storm	$d_6 = $ in	
,	atersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume	V _{WQCV OTHER} =cu ft	
	nput of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume fa different WQCV Design Volume is desired)	V _{WQCV USER} = cu ft	
2. Basin Geo	ometry		
A) WQCV	Depth	$D_{WQCV} = 1.0$ ft	
	ilter Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, flatter preferred). Use "0" if sand filter has vertical walls.	$Z = \underbrace{4.00}_{\text{ft / ft}} \text{ ft } \checkmark$	
C) Minimu	ım Filter Area (Flat Surface Area)	$A_{Min} = 728 $ sq ft	
D) Actual	Filter Area	$A_{Actual} = 938$ sq ft	
E) Volume	e Provided	$V_T = 39003$ cu ft	
3. Filter Mate	erial	Choose One 18" CDOT Class B or C Filter Mater Other (Explain):	rial
4. Underdrai	n System	Choose One	
A) Are und	derdrains provided?	YES NO	
B) Underd	drain system orifice diameter for 12 hour drain time		
	i) Distance From Lowest Elevation of the Storage Volume to the Center of the Orifice	y = 2.3 ft	
	ii) Volume to Drain in 12 Hours	Vol ₁₂ = 1,865 cu ft	
	iii) Orifice Diameter, 3/8" Minimum	$D_O = \boxed{1}$ in	

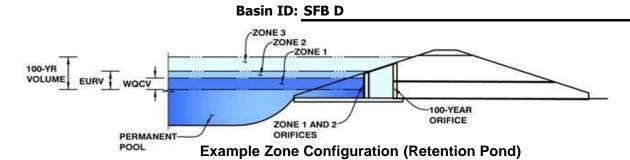
0.94in per
MHFD-Detention calcs below.

	Design Procedure Form	m: Sand Filter (SF)	
			Sheet 2 of 2
Designer:	SPC		
Company:	HR Green		
Date:	August 23, 2024		
Project:	Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFBD		
Location:	El Paso County, CO		
A) Is an	able Geomembrane Liner and Geotextile Separator Fabric impermeable liner provided due to proximity uctures or groundwater contamination?	Choose One YES NO	
	tlet Works ribe the type of energy dissipation at inlet points and means of eying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet	Engery dissapation at inlet points provided of conveying flows in excess of the WQC\ modified type 'C' inlet outlet structure grate	/ through the outlet is via the
Notes:			\
			\

Provide forebay sizing calcs.

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)



Project: Eastonville Road

Watershed Information

ersned information		
Selected BMP Type =	SF	
✓ Watershed Area =	3.93	acres
Watershed Length =	895	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	243	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.016	ft/ft
✓ Watershed Imperviousness =	34.00%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	0.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	100.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	12.0	hours

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

Optional User Overrides

1.19

1.50

1.75

2.00

2.25

2.52

3.68

acre-feet acre-feet

inches

inches

inches

inches

inches

inches

inches

Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths = User Input

the embedded Colorado Orban Hydro	grapii Procedu	le.
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.043	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.139	acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =	0.136	acre-feet
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) =	0.212	acre-feet
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	0.282	acre-feet
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.385	acre-feet
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.465	acre-feet
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.52 in.) =	0.569	acre-feet
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.68 in.) =	0.954	acre-feet
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.100	acre-feet
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.142	acre-feet
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.202	acre-feet
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.230	acre-feet
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.242	acre-feet
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.282	acre-feet

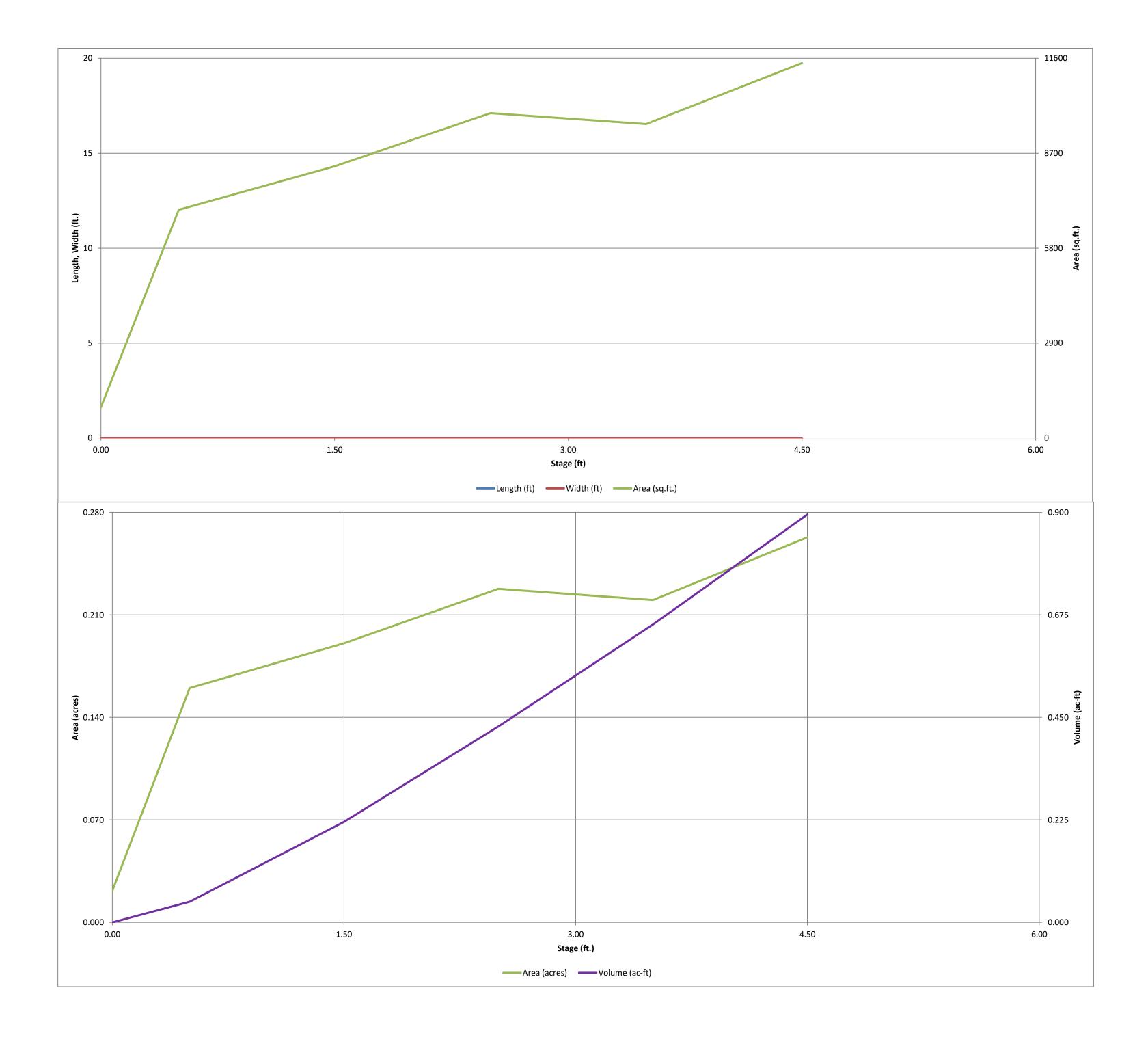
Define Zones and Basin Geometry

since zones and basin ocometry		
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.043	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.096	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.144	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.282	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	N/A	ft ³
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	N/A	ft
Total Available Detention Depth $(H_{total}) =$	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H_{TC}) =	N/A	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S_{TC}) =	N/A	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides $(S_{main}) =$	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio ($R_{L/W}$) =	user	
•		•

Initial Surcharge Area $(A_{ISV}) =$	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISV}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width $(W_{ISV}) =$	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor $(H_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor $(L_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor $(W_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor $(A_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft²
Volume of Basin Floor $(V_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin $(H_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Length of Main Basin $(L_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin $(A_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft²
Volume of Main Basin $(V_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) =	user	acre-

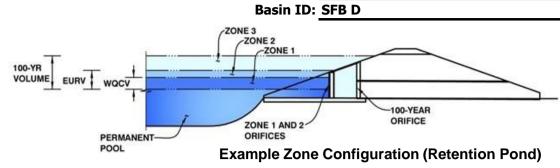
6966	Stage - Storage Description Media Surface	Stage (ft) 	Optional Override Stage (ft) 0.00	Length (ft) 	Width (ft) 	Area (ft ²)	Optional Override Area (ft ²) 938	Area (acre) 0.022	Volume (ft ³)	Volume (ac-ft)
	6966.5		0.50				6,972	0.160	1,977	0.045
			1.50				8,300	0.191	9,613	0.221
			2.50				9,923	0.228	18,725	0.430
	6,970.50		3.50 4.50				9,589 11,455	0.220	28,481 39,003	0.654 0.895
	3,57 0.30		1130				11,133	0.203	33,003	0.033
rides										
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									<u> </u>	

Pond_D, Basin 8/23/2024, 10:42 AM



MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)





	Estimated	Estimated	
_	Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.49	0.043	Filtration Media
Zone 2 (EURV)	1.06	0.096	Circular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	1.82	0.144	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
•	Total (all zones)	0.282	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

2.25 ft (distance below the filtration media surface) Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = 0.94 Underdrain Orifice Diameter = inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain ft² Underdrain Orifice Area = 0.0 0.04 Underdrain Orifice Centroid = feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice = N/A ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) N/A Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) N/A Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = inches Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = N/A sq. inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate WQ Orifice Area per Row = N/A Elliptical Half-Width = N/A feet Elliptical Slot Centroid = N/A feet Elliptical Slot Area = N/A

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (optional)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A							
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A							

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

no detail for orifice plate provided on plans, could not

<u>User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)</u>

	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected
X Invert of Vertical Orifice =	0.50	N/A
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	0.92	N/A
X Vertical Orifice Diameter =	0.38 ←	N/A

ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

Vertical Orifice Area = 0.00 0.02 Vertical Orifice Centroid =

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice Zone 2 Circular Not Selected N/A N/A feet

confirm these values on CDs <u>User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)</u>

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
✓ Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	1.25	N/A	ft (re
✓ Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
✓ Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
✓ Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A	
Debris Cloaging % =	50%	N/A	%

relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t Overflow Weir Slope Length Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris

	<u>Calculated Parameters for Overflow W</u>				
	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected			
=	1.25	N/A	feet		
=	3.00	N/A	feet		
=	12.88	N/A			
=	6.26	N/A	ft ²		
=	3.13	N/A	ft ²		

500 Year

<u>User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)</u>

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
✓ Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	2.50	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
✓ Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
rictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	5.75		inches Half-Central Ang

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate Zone 3 Restrictor Not Selected 0.49 N/A Outlet Orifice Area = Outlet Orifice Centroid : 0.28 N/A feet Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe = 1.20 N/A radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

X Spillway Invert Stage= 3.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) ✓ Spillway Crest Length = 4.00 feet

✓ Spillway End Slopes = 4.00 H:V ✓ Freeboard above Max Water Surface = 1.00 feet

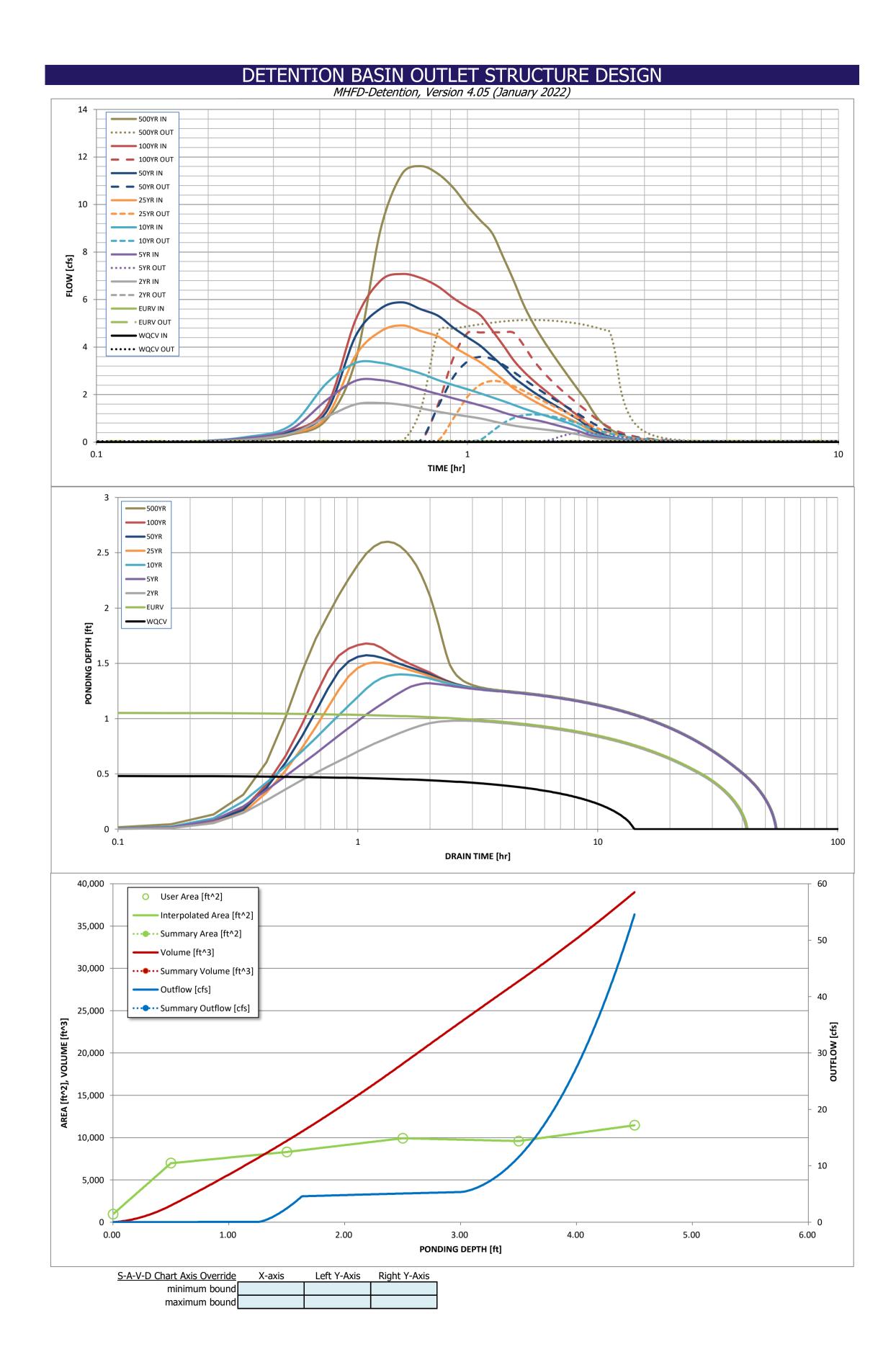
Calculated Parameters for Spillway X Spillway Design Flow Depth= 0.50 feet 4.50 Stage at Top of Freeboard = feet Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = 0.26 acres 0.90 Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = acre-ft

Routed Hydrograph Results The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF). WQCV **EURV** 2 Year 5 Year 10 Year 25 Year 50 Year 100 Year

VVÇ	Design Storm Return Period =
N/	One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =
0.0	CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =
N/	Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =
N/	CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =
N/	OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =
N/	Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =
N/	Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =
0.	Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =
N,	Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =
Filtratio	Structure Controlling Flow =
N,	Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =
N,	Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =
1	Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =
1	Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =
0.4	Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =
0.	Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =
0.0	Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =

=	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.68
=	0.043	0.139	0.136	0.212	0.282	0.385	0.465	0.569	0.954
=	N/A	N/A	0.136	0.212	0.282	0.385	0.465	0.569	0.954
=	N/A	N/A	0.4	1.1	1.6	2.9	3.6	4.6	8.1
=	N/A	N/A							
=	N/A	N/A	0.10	0.27	0.41	0.73	0.92	1.18	2.07
=	N/A	N/A	1.6	2.6	3.3	4.9	5.9	7.1	11.6
=	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.2	2.6	3.6	4.6	5.1
=	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.6
_	Filtration Media	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1
=	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8
=	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
=	14	41	40	53	53	51	51	50	46
=	14	42	41	55	54	54	54	54	52
=	0.49	1.06	0.98	1.32	1.40	1.51	1.57	1.68	2.60
=	0.16	0.18	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.23
=	0.044	0.140	0.126	0.185	0.200	0.221	0.234	0.256	0.453

Pond_D, Outlet Structure 8/23/2024, 10:42 AM



Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	-	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	ed in a separate		CLIHD
Time Interval				CUHP				CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]		10 Year [cfs]				500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.07
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.16	0.20	0.14	0.17	0.17	0.31
	0:20:00 0:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.54	0.70	0.36	0.42	0.46	0.95
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.06 1.59	1.77 2.58	2.47 3.34	1.06 3.65	1.27 4.47	1.47 5.16	3.46 8.94
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.65	2.61	3.34	4.66	5.62	6.80	11.29
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.57	2.44	3.12	4.91	5.88	7.08	11.61
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	1.42	2.22	2.89	4.67	5.59	6.91	11.29
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	1.28	2.03	2.61	4.45	5.32	6.55	10.70
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.85	2.40	4.02	4.82	6.06	9.94
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	1.08	1.69	2.23	3.67	4.41	5.68	9.33
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.55	2.05	3.36	4.06	5.35	8.79
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.89	1.40	1.88	2.99	3.61	4.70	7.77
	1:15:00 1:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.78	1.25	1.73	2.62	3.17	4.07	6.79
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.70 0.64	1.12 1.03	1.57 1.42	2.25 1.99	2.72 2.41	3.44 2.98	5.79 5.03
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.95	1.42	1.76	2.41	2.62	4.42
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.88	1.17	1.56	1.90	2.31	3.89
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.79	1.06	1.39	1.68	2.03	3.40
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.70	0.95	1.23	1.48	1.77	2.96
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.62	0.85	1.07	1.30	1.52	2.54
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.54	0.75	0.92	1.11	1.29	2.15
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.46	0.63	0.78	0.94	1.08	1.79
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.36	0.49	0.60	0.73	0.83	1.35
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.27	0.38	0.44	0.53	0.59	0.99
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.21	0.30	0.32	0.39	0.44	0.74
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.17	0.25	0.25	0.30	0.33	0.57
	2:25:00 2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.14	0.20 0.17	0.19 0.15	0.23 0.18	0.24	0.43
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.12	0.17	0.13	0.16	0.18	0.32
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.09	0.13	0.09	0.14	0.14	0.18
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.13
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.10
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.08
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.06
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
	3:25:00 3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00 4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00 4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00 5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00 5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00 5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pond_D, Outlet Structure



APPENDIX E - REFERENCE MATERIAL



For previous reports, only provide cover sheet and relevant sheets from report, highlighting information referenced. Do not include entire report.

Final Drainage Report

for

Meridian Ranch Filing 11A



Prepared For:

GTL DEVELOPMENT, INC.

3575 Kenyon Street San Diego, CA 92110

March 2014

Prepared By: Tech Contractors 12311 Rex Road Falcon, CO 80831 719.495.7444

CERTIFICATIONS

Design Engineer's Statement:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Thomas A. Kerby, P.E. #31429

Owner/Developer's Statement:

I, the owner/developer have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

SOIOMAI

Genevieve Tchang Frost, Vice President

Date

February 18, 2014

GTL Development, Inc.

P.O. Box 80036

San Diego, CA 92138

El Paso County:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 & 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development Code as amended.

Andre P. Brackin, P.E.,

County Engineer / ECM Administrator

3-20-2014 Date

Meridian Ranch Filing 11A Final Drainage Report

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of the following Final Drainage Report (FDR) is to present proposed drainage patterns for the Meridian Ranch Filing 11A area after construction activities.

Runoff quantities and proposed facilities have been calculated using the current City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM).

The Meridian Ranch Filing 11A Final Plat encompasses 106± acres of proposed residential development and is located in Sections 20 and 29, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian. It is approximately 12 miles northeast of the city of Colorado Springs, 2.5 miles north of the unincorporated town of Falcon, and immediately north of the Woodmen Hills development.

The Meridian Ranch Filing 11A Final Drainage Report is being submitted to the county as part of the final plat submittal. The Board of County Commissioners placed a condition of approval for the overall Meridian Ranch Sketch Plan to not release greater than 80 percent of the historic flow rate across Eastonville Road along the easterly boundary of the overall project site. This report shows that the development of the project meets the requirements set forth by the Board of Commissioners.

Meridian Ranch Filing 11A is currently within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin which has been studied as part of the respective Drainage Basin Studies and is currently waiting for some minor revisions prior to final approval from the El Paso County. The condition set by the Board of Commissioners is more stringent than those anticipated in the DBPS. However, the project developer has agreed to be in substantial conformance with the appropriate "to-be approved" DBPS.

Based on the aforementioned design parameters the proposed grading will not adversely affect downstream properties.

INTRODUCTION

Purpose

The purpose of the following Final Drainage Report (FDR) is to present final drainage patterns after the construction Meridian Ranch Filing 11A based on calculated final build-out design flows.

Scope

The scope of this report includes:

- Location and description of the proposed drainage facilities.
- Calculations for design peak flows within the proposed project area.
- Discussion and analysis of existing and proposed drainage characteristics.

Runoff quantities and proposed facilities have been calculated using the current City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM).

EXISTING CONDITIONS

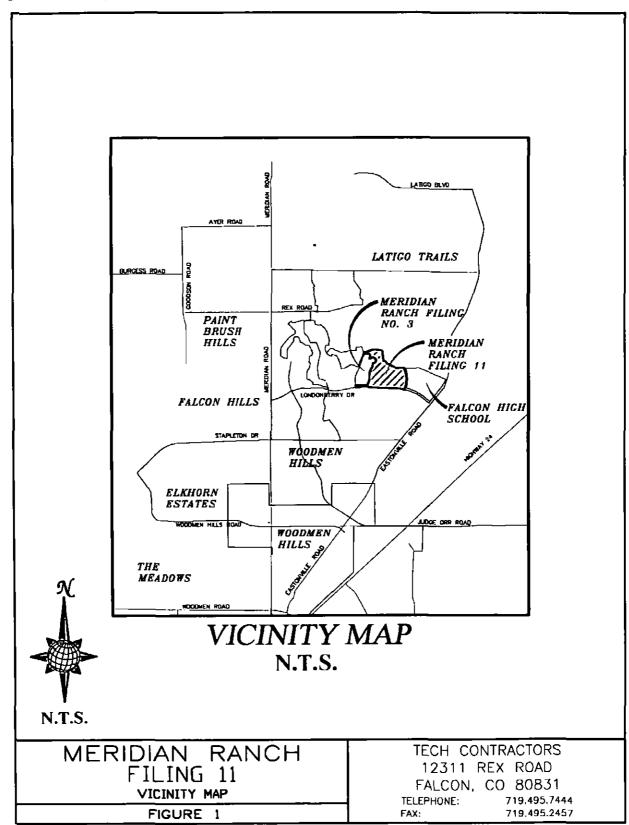
General Location

The Meridian Ranch Filing 11A encompasses $106\pm$ acres of proposed residential development and is located in Sections 20 and 29, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian. It is approximately 12 miles northeast of the city of Colorado Springs, 2.5 miles north of the unincorporated town of Falcon, and immediately north of the Woodmen Hills development. Please see Figure 1: Meridian Ranch Filing 11A Vicinity Map.

Land Use

Historically, ranching dominated the area surrounding Meridian Ranch; however, currently urbanization has occurred in the general vicinity. Most notably, urbanization is occurring to the north with Latigo Trails, to the south in the Woodmen Hills Subdivision, to the east in Four Way Ranch, to the west in the Falcon Hills subdivision, and to the northwest in the Paint Brush Hills subdivision.

Figure 1: Vicinity Map



Topography and Floodplains

The topography of the site is typical of a high desert, short prairie grass with relatively flat slopes generally ranging from 2% to 4%. The Gieck and Haegler Basins drain generally from the northwest to southeast. The basin is tributary to the Black Squirrel Creek.

The Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM No. 08041C0575-F dated 3/17/99) indicates that there are portions of the Meridian Ranch Filing 11A within or near a designated flood plain. The floodplain will be removed as a result of the construction of the improvements associated with this project. A Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLoMR) was approved in October 2006 and will be finalized upon completion of the improvements through a final Letter of Map Revision (LoMR). CLoMR file number 05-08-0050R. Upon completion of the improvements there will be no portions of this project site is near a designated flood plain. Please see Figure 2: Meridian Ranch Filing 11A Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Floodplain Map.

Geology

The National Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soil survey records indicate that the service area is predominately covered by soils classified in the Stapleton series which is categorized in the Hydrological Group B. There is also an area of Pring soils found, which is also categorized in the Hydrological Group B.

The Stapleton (83) sandy loam is a deep, non-calcareous, well-drained soil formed in alluvium derived from arkosic bedrock on uplands. Permeability of this soil is rapid. Available water capacity is moderate, surface runoff is slow, and the hazard of erosion and soil blowing is moderate.

This soil is suited to habitat for open land and rangeland wildlife. The main limitation of this soil for urban development is frost-action potential.

Typically, these soils are well-drained, gravelly sandy loams that form on alluvial terraces and fans and exhibit high permeability and low available water capacity with depth to bedrock greater than 6 feet.

The Columbine (19) gravelly sandy loam is a deep, well-drained to excessively drained soil formed in coarse textured material on alluvial terraces, fans and flood plains. Permeability of this soil is very rapid. Available water capacity is low to moderate, surface runoff is slow, and the hazard of erosion is slight to moderate.

This soil is used mainly for grazing livestock, for wildlife habitat and for home sites. The main limitation of this soil for urban development is a hazard of flooding in some areas.

Note: (#) indicates Soil Conservation Survey soil classification number. See Figure 3. Meridian Ranch – Soils Map.

Figure 2: FEMA Floodplain Map

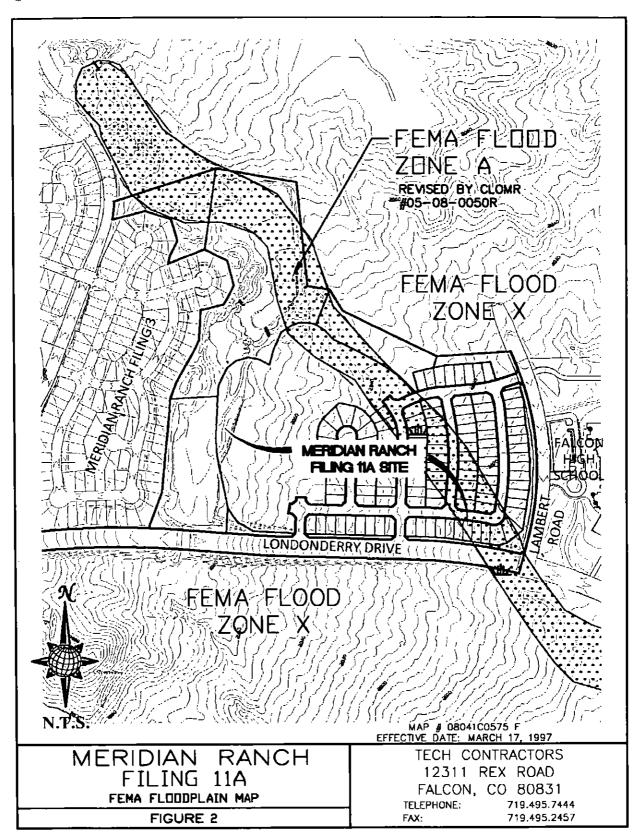
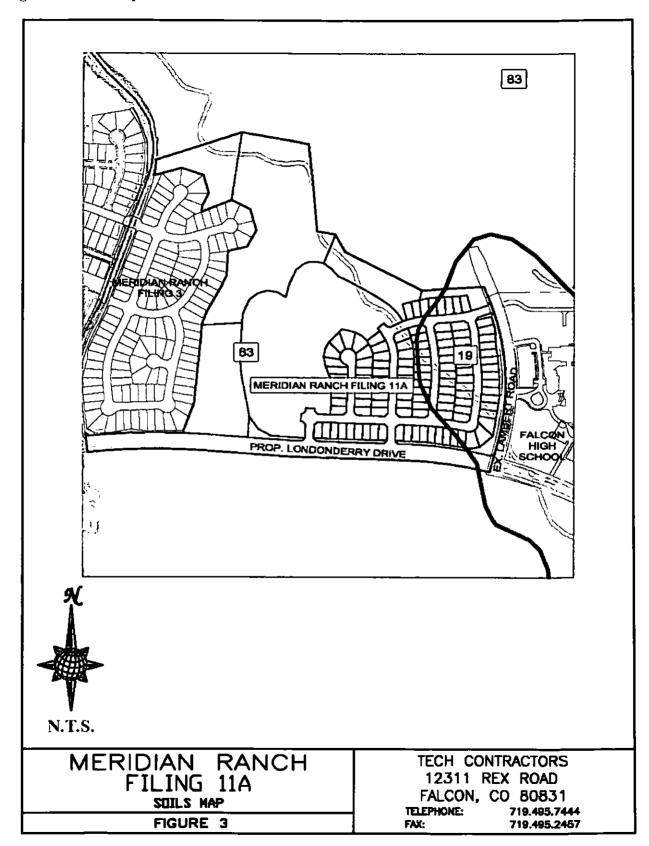


Figure 3: Soils Map



Climate

Mild summers and winter, light precipitation; high evaporation and moderately high wind velocities characterize the climate of the study area. The average annual monthly temperature is 48.4 F with an average monthly low of 30.3 F in the winter and an average monthly high of 68.1 F in the summer. Two years in ten will have maximum temperature higher than 98 F and a minimum temperature lower than -16 F. Precipitation averages 15.73"es annually, with 80% of this occurring during the months of April through September. The average annual Class A pan evaporation is 45"es. (Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado).

Natural Hazards Analysis

Natural hazards analysis indicates that no unusual surface or subsurface hazards are located near the vicinity. However, because the soils are cohesionless, sloughing of steep banks during drilling and/or excavation could occur. By citing improvements in a manner that provides and opportunity to lay the banks of excavations back at a 1:1 slope during construction, the problems associated with sloughing soils can be minimized.

DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS

Gieck Basin

The project site is located within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin and accepts flow from offsite areas to the north within Meridian Ranch.

Three different scenarios were analyzed for the drainage condition for the Meridian Ranch Filing 11A development. The first scenario analyzes the historic conditions, this condition has all of the area tributary to the project site in the pre-development state.

The second scenario, the developed conditions scenario, has existing conditions surrounding the site with the addition of project site in its developed condition. This condition was analyzed to ensure that developed drainage condition at Eastonville Road is similar to the historic condition after completion of the project.

The final scenario, the future conditions scenario, has the entire Meridian Ranch developed. This condition was analyzed to ensure that proposed detention pond is properly designed for the future developed drainage conditions within Meridian Ranch as dictated by the Board of County Commissioners.

DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

SCS Hydrograph Procedure

The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Hydrograph (HEC-HMS) procedure was used to determine design parameters for the major drainage facilities within the project. Onsite basin

areas were calculated using aerial topography of the site and approved final design data. Times of concentration were estimated using the SCS procedures described in the DCM. Based upon the hydrologic soil type, the natural conditions found in the basins and the runoff curve numbers (CN) chart from Table 5-4 and Table 5-5 of the DCM for Antecedent Moisture Condition II (AMC II), the following CN values were used for the given conditions.

Table 1: SCS Runoff Curve Numbers

Condition	CN
Residential Lots (2.5 acre)	66
Residential Lots (1 acre)	68
Residential Lots (1/2 acre)	70
Residential Lots (1/3 acre)	72
Residential Lots (1/4 acre)	75
Residential Lots (1/5 acre)	78
Residential Lots (1/6 acre)	80
School	80
Parks/Open Space	62
Light Industrial	92
Commercial	90
Roadways	98
Golf Course	62
Undeveloped	61
Graded	67

^{*}Curve Numbers were interpolated and based on amount of impervious area per lot. The 100-year, 24 hour storm precipitation selected from the NOAA is isopluvial map in Figure 5-4e from the DCM was 4.4". The 5-year, 24 hour storm precipitation selected from the rainfall depth-duration relationship chart in Figure 5-6 from the DCM was 2.6". These numbers along with SCS information were used as input to the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers HEC-HMS computer model to determine design runoffs.

Rational Method Hydrologic Criteria

The Rational Method was used to estimate stormwater runoff at Design Points with total tributary areas of less than 100 total acres, specifically those located within the developed area of Meridian Ranch Filing 11A. The Rational method is used to analyze the storm drainage system design within the project. The Rational Method Coefficients, "C-values", were selected from the rainfall depth-duration relationship chart in Figure 5-6 from the DCM requirements and the intensities for each basin are calculated from Figure 5-1 of the DCM based upon the basin time of concentration.

Pond D Detention Storage Criteria

Detention Pond D, constructed with Meridian Ranch Filing 3 is impacted by the improvements associated with Meridian Ranch Filing 11A. The permanent outfall control structure and drain pipe will be constructed with this most recent filing in Meridian Ranch.

As a part of the analysis, the pond was modeled using the as-built contours and recalculation of the WQCV stand pipe. The Pond D Stage Storage Table and WQCV calculation can be found in Appendix E - Detention Pond Information.

Two models were calculated for Pond D, the interim and future final, to determine the storage volume and maximum storage elevation with the pond for the 5-year storm event and the 100-year event. The current future maximum storage volume is determined to be 21.1 ac-ft at an elevation of 7056.4 ft. This elevation leaves sufficient freeboard below the emergency overflow spillway; the maximum volume of Pond D to the spillway is 32.0 ac-ft providing 50 percent additional capacity at final build out. Another model was created using current condition plus the Filing 11A downstream of Pond D. This model was used to help design the second pond constructed with this filing. This interim model used the as-build topographic survey information for Pond D and the upstream area tributary to the pond was modeled under its current existing state. This model yielded a maximum storage volume of 16.3 ac-ft with a maximum surface elevation of 7055.7 feet, leaving ample space for future upstream development.

A WQCV analysis was also performed on account of the changed conditions shown by the as-built survey of the pond after its construction. The analysis showed that a different water quality stand pipe could be installed with the construction of the permanent concrete outfall structure. These calculations can be found in the appendix and have been incorporated into the construction plans.

The storm drain outfall system including the permanent concrete outfall structure and the storm drain pipe from Pond D to Lambert Drive will be constructed ahead of the improvements for Meridian Ranch Filing 11A. This construction is necessary to complete the system associated with a CLOMR on file with FEMA so that the process can move forward to complete LOMR and remove the floodplain from the maps in this area. The design and construction of the Pond D outfall system is based on the calculations and analysis found in this report.

Table 2: Pond D Summary Data

POND D								
	PEAK INFLOW	PEAK OUTFLOW	TOTAL INFLOW	TOTAL OUTFLOW	PEAK STORAGE	PEAK ELEVATION		
	CFS	CFS	AC-FT	AC-FT	AC-FT	FT		
INTERIM CONDITIONS - FILING 11A								
100-YEAR STORM	361	64	34.5	29.6	16.3	7055.7		
5-YEAR STORM	95	8	11.2	8.0	6.0	_7053.5		
FUTURE CONDITIONS								
100-YEAR STORM	495	105	45.7	40.3	21.1	7056.4		
5-YEAR STORM	153	15.0	16.3	12.8	8.4	7054.1		

Pond E Detention Storage Criteria

Detention Pond E is located south of Londonderry and west of Eastonville, southeast of the project site and will be owned and maintained by the Meridian Service Metropolitan District

(MSMD). A maintenance agreement between the Meridian Service Metropolitan District and El Paso County will be executed and recorded as a part of the Meridian Ranch Filing 11A Final Plat process.

The SCS calculation method was used to determine inflow and outflow from the detention pond to ensure that the additional runoff does not overcharge the pond and the discharges do not adversely impact drainage patterns downstream of Eastonville Road. Storm drainage runoff will enter the pond from the project site via an existing pipe network and overland through existing drainage swales. The ultimate future build-out design of the pond was analyzed to insure that additional grading and sizing of the pond would be unnecessary after development of Meridian Ranch Filing 11A other areas tributary to the detention pond. This SCS calculation can be found in the appendix.

The pond is designed to accommodate the final inflow from Meridian Ranch Filing 11A as well as the ultimate build out of all the tributary areas. Concrete control structures have been preliminarily designed to reduce the developed flows to at or below the historic peak flow rates and will be installed at a later date. Temporary CMP control structures that were installed with the grading operation will continue to be used in the interim to reduce the flow rates that will cross Eastonville Road at Design Points H08 and H09. The control structures will be analyzed with each development that is tributary to the pond.

The temporary control structure at DP H08 consists of a 12" CMP water quality control riser with a trash grate having a top elevation of 6968.00. The water quality control riser will be connected to a 54" CMP control riser with a 12" CMP pipe at 1%. The temporary control structure will consist of a 54" CMP with a top elevation of 6970.95 in order to accept storm flows from larger events. The pipe is to be equipped with a welded trash rack. The riser also has a 1.5'x 8' slot opening (elev. = 6969.45) is proposed along the front of the control structure to pass lower flows.

Table 3: Pond E Summary Data

POND E							
	PEAK INFLOW	PEAK	TOTAL	TOTAL	PEAK	PEAK	
	FLAKINI LOVV	OUTFLOW	INFLOW	OUTFLOW	STORAGE	ELEVATION	
	CFS	CFS	AC-FT	AC-FT	AC-FT	FT	
		INTERIM CO	NDITIONS - FIL	ING 11A			
		De	sign Point H08				
100-YEAR STORM	333	74	70.9	65.2	17.6	6971.2	
5-YEAR STORM	66	12	20.6	18.4	6.2	6969.7	
		De	sign Point H09				
100-YEAR STORM	333	67	70.9	65.2	17.6	6971.2	
5-YEAR STORM	66	6.3	20.6	18.4	6.2	6969.7	
	FUTURE CONDITIONS						
	Design Point H08						
100-YEAR STORM	707	155	107.3	91.9	33.5	6972.6	
5-YEAR STORM	233	15.8	38.2	27.4	17.5	6971.2	
Design Point H09							
100-YEAR STORM	707	62	107.3	91.9	33.5	6972.6	
5-YEAR STORM	233	8.7	38.2	27.4	17.5	6971.2	

The temporary control structure at DP H09 consists of a 12" CMP water quality control riser with a trash grate having a top elevation of 6968.00. The water quality control riser will be connected to a 54" CMP control riser with a 12" CMP pipe at 1%. The temporary control structure will consist of a 54" CMP with a top elevation of 6970.95 in order to accept storm flows from larger events. The pipe is to be equipped with a welded trash rack. The riser also has a 1.2'x 5' slot opening (elev. = 6969.75) is proposed along the front of the control structure to pass lower flows.

An analysis of the SCS calculations show that with the control structures in place for the developed flows, the flow rates are reduced sufficiently to reduce the peak rates below the target of 80-percent of historic at Eastonville Road during the post grading condition.

Table 4: Eastonville Road at DP H08 and H09

EASTONVILLE FLOW RATES								
	HISTORIC FILING 11A		PERCENT	FUTURE	PERCENT			
EVENT	PEAK	PEAK	OF	PEAK	OF			
CACIAL	FLOW	FLOW	HISTORIC	FLOW	HISTORIC			
	(CFS)	(CFS)	THOTOKIO	(CFS)	THOTORIO			
H08								
100-YEAR	232	74	32%	155	67%			
5-YEAR	22	12	55%	15.8	72%			
H09								
100-YEAR	87	67	77%	62	71%			
5-YEAR	11	6.3	57%	8.7	79%			

A water quality capture volume (WQCV) was added to the required storage volume for the final build out condition. The purpose of the WQCV is to allow particulates to settle out and accumulate over time to improve water quality and to maintain full volume for detention during the life of the facility for a major storm event. 332 acres are tributary to the detention pond during the developed condition resulting in a required WQCV of 1.6 ac-ft.

The WQCV of 1.6 ac-ft. was added to the detention of the minor storm and half (0.8 ac-ft.) was added to the detention volume of the major storm. This was accomplished with respect to the HEC-HMS computer run by providing a starting detention volume of 1.6 ft. for the 5-year storm and 0.8 ft. for the 100-year storm. The resulting storage elevations remain well below the emergency spillway elevation. See Appendix B for more information.

The WQCV was calculated by using the equations found in Volume 2, of the Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM). The release rate from the WQCV is generally very small, which helps minimize downstream impacts. Detaining the WQCV also serves to cleanse the "first flush" of runoff from the higher initial concentration of sediment and pollutants by allowing for settlement to occur. This greatly improves the quality of runoff, leaving the facility and reduces the potential for erosion. The positive impact on water quality is expected to be significant, particularly during the construction phase of the development.

DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

General Concept

The developed portions of the project site are located within the Gieck Drainage Basin. Storm water runoff will be conveyed across the site existing and proposed swales. The proposed project is within the Gieck Basin which has been studied as part of the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Study and is currently waiting for final approval from the El Paso County. The condition set by the Board of County Commissioners is more stringent than those anticipated in the DBPS. However, the project developer has agreed to be in substantial conformance with the appropriate "to-be approved" DBPS or the Board of County Commissioners condition, whichever is more stringent.

The facilities have been adequately sized such that the interim developed flows and final flows for the 100-year storm event from Filing 11A will be detained and released at or below the historic flow rate for the 100-year storm event. The Meridian Ranch MDDP has established that the discharge rates across Eastonville Road will be at or below 80% of the historic flow for the 100-year storm event upon full development of entire project.

Figure 4: Meridian Ranch SCS Calculations – Historic Conditions Map shows the drainage patterns of the site prior to development. Figure 5: Meridian Ranch Filing 11A SCS Calculations – Developed Conditions outlines the existing and build-out general drainage patterns for Filing No. 11. Figure 6: Meridian Ranch Filing 11A SCS Calculations – Future Conditions shows Meridian Ranch at full build-out and indicates the anticipated general drainage patterns for the areas tributary to Pond E.

The purpose of this report is to show that the development of Meridian Ranch Filing 11A will not adversely impact the existing drainage facilities adjacent and downstream of the development. Further evaluation will be necessary at each stage of future development within the Meridian Ranch and the anticipated build-out is reached.

SCS Calculation Method

Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin

The Meridian Ranch Filing IIA site is within the Gieck Drainage Basin. The project will affect the existing drainage characteristics of the basin and is be mitigated by a detention facility that is located southeasterly of the intersection of Eastonville.

Of the key design points identified along Eastonville Road, as described in the Meridian Ranch MDDP, H08 and H09 are affected by Meridian Ranch Filing 11A. Historically, the 100-yr storm flow at H08 is 232 cfs and at H09 is 87 cfs; the interim flow at H08 after being detained at Pond E for the 100-yr storm flow is 74 cfs at H08 and 69 cfs at H09.

The construction of Pond E will result in a net decrease of peak flow rates at Eastonville Road (DP-H08) from 232 cfs to 74 cfs, a 68 percent decrease for the 100-yr storm for the interim conditions. The peak flow rate at DP-09 at Eastonville Road after the construction of Pond E will decrease from 87 cfs to 67 cfs a 23 percent decrease. Based on these net decreases in flow rates it is concluded that the grading of Meridian Ranch Filing 11A will have no adverse impact to the downstream facilities of the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin in the interim.

As development continues to the upstream tributary areas in Meridian Ranch to Pond E, the model will be re-analyzed at the final plat process for each subdivision and the increased flow will be mitigated by the proposed detention pond. The current estimated detained outflow at H08 will be 155 cfs for the 100-year storm event and 62 cfs at H09. These calculations can be found in the appendix.

Historic Condition - SCS Calculation Method

Following is a tabulation of the surface drainage characteristics under Existing Conditions using the SCS calculation method. Please refer to Figure 4 - Meridian Ranch SCS Calculations - Historic Basin Map.

Table 5: Historic Drainage Basins - SCS

		HISTO	ORIC		
	DRAINAGE	DISCHARGE	TOTAL	DISCHARGE	TOTAL
HYDROLOGIC	AREA	PEAK	VOLUME	PEAK	VOLUME
ELEMENT	(SQ. Ml.)	Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	Q ₁₀₀ (AC. FT.)	Q ₅ (CFS)	Q ₅ (AC. FT.)
				_	·
HG07	0.0984	41	5.3	5	1.2
HG07-G11	0.0984	41	5.3	5	1.2
HG08	0.1328	77	7.2	10	1.6
G11	0.2312	104	12.5	12	2.8
G11-G12	0.2312	104	12.4	11	2.7
HG09	0.1781	82	9.7	10	2.1
G12	0.4093	185	22.1	20	4.9
G12-H08	0.4093	183	21.8	20	4.8
HG10	0.1375	49	7.4	6	1.6
H08	0.5468	232	29.2	22	6.4
HG11	0.2047	87	11.1	11	2.4
H09		87	11.1	11	2.4
HG15	0.2563	80	13.9	11	3.0
H13	0.2563	80	13.9	11	3.0

<u>Developed Condition - SCS Calculation Method</u>

Following is a tabulation of the surface drainage characteristics for the post developed conditions of Filing 11A using the SCS calculation method. Please refer to Figure 5 - Meridian Ranch SCS Calculations – Developed Basins Map

Table 6: Developed Condition Basins-SCS

		FILING	3 11A		
HYDROLOGIC ELEMENT	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₁₀₀ (AC. FT.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q₅ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₅ (AC. FT.)
HG08	0.1375	107	10.5	24	3.1
FG08-POND D	0.1375	107	10.5	24	3.1
FG13	0.1188	80	8.5	16	2.4
FG11	0.0608	85	7.2	30	2.8
FG09	0.0500	51	4.1	13	1.3
G05	0.11 <u>08</u>	134	11.4	42	4.1
G05-POND D	0.1108	134	11.4	42	4.1
FG12	0.0328	55	4.1	21	1.7
POND D-G17	0.3999	64	29.6	8	8.0
	0.3999	64	29.6	8	8.0
HG15	0.1344	58	7.5	8	1.7
FG15a	0.0156	20	1.4		0.4
G17	0.5499	91	38.4	11	10.1
G17-G18	0.5499	91	38.4		10.1
FG16	0.0773	97	8.0	31	2.9
G18	0.6272	161	46.4	41	13.0
G18-POND E	0.6272	161 123	46.4 11.6	41 45	13.0
FG31 HG30	0.0922 0.0766	49	4.2	6	0.9
HG30-POND HS	0.0766	48	4.1	6	0.9
POND HS	0.1688	126	15.8	27	5.6
HG18	0.1484	67	8.7	10	2.1
POND E	0.9444	14 1	65.2	18	18.4
FG33	0.0109	13 74	1.0	4 12	0.3
H08 H09	0.9553	67	66.2	6.3	18.7
* FROM OUTLET S	TAGE-STORA	GE CALCULAT	ION		

A comparison of the peak flow rates at Eastonville Road for the design storms may be found in Table 5 – Eastonville Road at DP G6 (above). As a result of the grading of the Meridian Ranch Filing 11A area, the calculations do show that the project does not adversely affect the existing drainage facilities.

Future Condition - SCS Calculation Method

Following is a tabulation of the surface drainage characteristics for the future developed conditions using the SCS calculation method. Please refer to Figure 6 - Meridian Ranch SCS Calculations - Future Basins Map

Table 7: Future Drainage Basins-SCS

		FUT	URE	<u> </u>	
HYDROLOGIC ELEMENT	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₁₀₀ (AC. FT.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q₅ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₅ (AC. FT.)
					·
FG08	0.1453	170	15.8	<u>5</u> 5	5.8
FG11	0.0608	85	7.2	<u>3</u> 0	2.8
FG09	0.0416	53	4.0	16	1.4
G05	0.2477	302	27.1	99	10.0
G05-POND D	0.2477	301	27.0	98	10.0
FG10	0.0953	94	9.2	27	3.2
FG13	0.075	53	5.2	10	1.4
FG12	0.0328	55	4.1	21	1.7
POND D	0.4508	105	40.3	15	12.8
POND D-G17	0.4508	105	40.3	15	12.8
FG15	0.1188	132	11.2	38	3.7
FG14	0.0313	47	3.6	17	1.4
FG14-G17	0.0313	47	3.6	16	1.4
G17a	0.1501	179	14.7	54	5.1
FG15a	0.0156	27	1.8	10	0.7
G17	0.6165	212	56.8	63	18.6
G17-G18	0.6165	212	56.7	63	18.6
FG16	0.0773	109	8.8	37	3.4
G18	0.6938	319	65.6	99	21.9
G18-POND E	0.6938	317	65.6	99	21.9
FG18	0.1641	198	16.9	62	6.0
FG18-POND E	0.1641	198	16.9	62	6.0
FG19	0.0977	203	13.2	83	5.6
FG31	0.0922	123	11.6	45	4.7
POND HS	0.0922	79	11.6	25	4.7
POND E	1.0478	217	92.1	24	27.7
FG33	0.0109	15	1.0	4	0.3
Н08	4.0507	155	02.4	15.8	20
H09	1.0587	62	93.1	8.7	28
* FROM OUTLET	STAGE-STOR	RAGE CALCULA	TION		

A comparison of the peak flow rates at Eastonville Road for the design storms may be found in Table 5 – Eastonville Road at DP H08 and H09 (below). As a result of the development of Meridian Ranch Filing 11A and future development, the calculations do show that the project does not adversely affect the existing drainage facilities.

Proposed On-site Surface Drainage-Rational Calculation Method

Following is a discussion and tabulation of the on-site surface drainage characteristics for the developed conditions using the rational calculation method. Figure 7 - Meridian Ranch Rational Calculations — Basin Map found in the back pockets of this report, illustrates the sub-basin boundaries used for the hydrologic analysis for each of the basins located within the developed areas. Note that the SCS basin designations do not correspond to those used for developed conditions rational method analysis.

- Basin 1 (4.5 acres, $Q_5 = 6.9$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 15$ cfs) contains lots along the south side of Evening Vista Dr. and a portion of Boulder Ridge Dr. The surface runoff will sheet flow off of the residential lots and be conveyed to a proposed 20' Type R flow-by inlet located at DP 101. The flow captured by this inlet ($Q_5 = 5.0$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 9.6$ cfs) is conveyed via an 18" RCP to Junction J03. The remaining surface runoff ($Q_5 = 1.9$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 5.6$ cfs) continues along the curb and gutter toward DP 108.
- Basin 2 (2.0 acres, Q_5 = 3.5 cfs, Q_{100} = 7.8 cfs) contains lots along the north side of Evening Vista Dr. The surface runoff will sheet flow off of the residential lots and be conveyed to a proposed 15' Type R flow-by inlet located at DP 102. The captured by this inlet (Q_5 = 2.5 cfs, Q_{100} = 4.9 cfs) is conveyed via an 18" RCP to Junction J03. The remaining surface runoff (Q_5 = 1.0 cfs, Q_{100} = 2.9 cfs) continues along the curb and gutter toward DP 103. The total flow (Q_5 = 7.1 cfs, Q_{100} = 14 cfs) with flow from is conveyed to Junction J04 via an 18" RCP.
- The pipe flow from Pond D (Q_5 = 12 cfs, Q_{100} = 100 cfs) was calculated using the SCS method and then a T_c was estimated based on the flow rate calculated and upstream density tributary to Pond D. An existing 48" RCP conveys the flow to J01 where the pipe is downsized to a 42" RCP, this existing section of pipe exceeds the allowable velocity. The 42" continues to carry the flow to J02 and J05 where it is combined with pipe flow from J04. The total combined flow (Q_5 = 13 cfs, Q_{100} = 102 cfs) at DP05 is conveyed passed J06 to Junction J07 via a 42" RCP, this section of pipe exceeds the allowable velocity and will require Class IV RCP.
- Basin 3 (2.8 acres, Q_5 = 4.5 cfs, Q_{100} = 9.8 cfs) contains lots along the north side of Park Gate Dr. The residential runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the streets and will travel to Inlet I03.
- Inlet I03 is a 15' Type R forced sump inlet that receives the total flow of 5.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 12 cfs for the 100-year. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to J07, where it will combine with the flow from J06. The total combined flow (Q_5 = 14 cfs, Q_{100} = 104 cfs) at J07 is conveyed to Existing Junction EJ07 via an 54" RCP.
- The pipe flow from areas upstream of Existing EJ07 (Q_5 = 54 cfs, Q_{100} = 179 cfs) was calculated using the SCS method and then a T_c was estimated based on the flow rate calculated and upstream density tributary to Existing EJ07. An existing 60" RCP

- conveys the flow to Existing EJ08. The total combined flow at DP08 is 54 cfs for the 5-year storm and 207 cfs for the 100-year.
- Basin 4 (1.1 acres, Q_5 = 2.1 cfs, Q_{100} = 5.2 cfs) contains the rear of lots along the west side of Lambert Road and the west half of Lambert Road. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Existing Inlet EI05.
- Existing Inlet EI05 is an existing 10' Type R flow-by inlet that receives the total flow of 2.1 cfs for the 5-year storm and 5.2 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Existing EJ08, where it will combine with the flow from Existing EJ07. The total combined flow $(Q_5 = 55 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 207 \text{ cfs})$ at Existing EJ08 is conveyed to Existing Junction EJ09 via an 60" RCP. The remaining flow not captured by the EI05 inlet $(Q_5 = 0.6 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 2.0 \text{ cfs})$ continues southerly toward Existing Inlet EI07.
- Basin 6 (6.5 acres, Q_5 = 8.2 cfs, Q_{100} = 19 cfs) contains lots along the west side of Park Meadows Dr. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Inlet 104.
- Inlet I04 is a 20' Type R forced sump inlet that receives the total flow of 8.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 19 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the I04 inlet $(Q_{100} = 0.5 \text{ cfs})$ crosses the centerline to Inlet I05. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to J08, where it will combine with the flow from I05.
- Basin 7 (5.0 acres, Q_5 = 7.5 cfs, Q_{100} = 17 cfs) contains lots along the east side of Park Meadows Dr. and the west side of Boulder Ridge Dr. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Inlet 105.
- Inlet 105 is a 20' Type R forced sump inlet that receives the total flow of 7.5 cfs for the 5-year storm and 18 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures all of it. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to J08, where it will combine with the flow from 106. The total combined flow (Q_5 = 16 cfs, Q_{100} = 37 cfs) at J08 is conveyed to Junction J09 via a 24" RCP.
- Basin 8 (5.0 acres, Q_5 = 7.5 cfs, Q_{100} = 16 cfs) contains lots along the east side of Boulder Ridge Dr. and the west side of Prairie Ridge Ct. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Inlet 106.
- Inlet 106 is a 15' Type R forced sump inlet that receives the total flow of 7.5 cfs for the 5-year storm and 16 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the 105 inlet ($Q_{100} = 1.5$ cfs) continues easterly toward Inlet 108. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to J09, where it will combine with the flow from 104 and 105. The total combined flow ($Q_5 = 23$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 50$ cfs) at J09 is conveyed to Junction J10 via a 24" RCP.

- Basin 9 (4.6 acres, Q_5 = 7.2 cfs, Q_{100} = 16 cfs) contains lots along the west side of Prairie Ridge Ct. and the west side of Evening Vista Dr. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Inlet 108.
- Inlet 108 is a 20' Type R forced sump inlet that receives the total flow of 8.0 cfs for the 5-year storm and 20 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the 108 inlet ($Q_{100} = 1.4$ cfs) continues easterly toward Inlet 109. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to J10, where it will combine with the flow from J09.
- Basin 10 (2.1 acres, Q_5 = 4.1 cfs, Q_{100} = 9.0 cfs) contains lots along the south side of Park Meadows Dr. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Inlet 107.
- Inlet 107 is a 10' Type R forced sump inlet that receives the total flow of 4.1 cfs for the 5-year storm and 9.0 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures all of it. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to J10. The total combined flow (Q_5 = 33 cfs, Q_{100} = 75 cfs) at J10 is conveyed to Junction J11 via a 36" RCP.
- Basin 11 (5.1 acres, $Q_5 = 7.4$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 16$ cfs) contains lots along the west side of Evening Vista Dr. and the west side of Hidden Park Wy. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Inlet 109.
- Inlet I09 is a 15' Type R forced sump inlet that receives the total flow of 7.4 cfs for the 5-year storm and 16 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the I09 inlet ($Q_{100} = 1.4$ cfs) continues easterly toward Inlet I10. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to J12 and J14, where it will combine with the flow from J13. The total combined flow ($Q_5 = 52$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 111$ cfs) at J14 is conveyed to Junction J15 via a 42" RCP, this section of pipe exceeds the allowable velocity and will require Class IV RCP.
- Basin 12 (5.5 acres, Q_5 = 8.5 cfs, Q_{100} = 19 cfs) contains lots along the west side of Hidden Park Wy. and the west side of Park Meadows Dr. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Inlet I10.
- Inlet II0 is a 10' Type R sump inlet that receives the total flow of 8.5 cfs for the 5-year storm and 19 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the II0 inlet ($Q_{100} = 0.9$ cfs) crosses easterly across the centerline toward Inlet III. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Junction J13, where it will combine with the flow from III.
- Basin 13 (3.8 acres, Q_5 = 6.4 cfs, Q_{100} = 14 cfs) contains lots along the south and east sides of Park Meadows Dr. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Inlet III.

- Inlet III is a 10' Type R sump inlet that receives the peak flow of 6.4 cfs for the 5-year storm and 14 cfs for the 100-year storm at a TC of 15.6 min. and captures all of it. The peak flow-by from inlet I10 arrives later providing flow rates of 11 cfs for the 100-year storm and 4.7 cfs for the 5-year. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to J13 and J14. The total combined flow (Q_5 = 52 cfs, Q_{100} = 111 cfs) at J14 is conveyed to Junction J15 via a 42" RCP. The flow is conveyed to Existing EJ09 via a 48" RCP. At Existing EJ09 the pipe flow from J15 and Existing EJ08 are combined (Q_5 = 95 cfs, Q_{100} = 303 cfs) and sent southerly toward Existing EJ10.
- Basin 5 (1.6 acres, Q_5 = 3.5 cfs, Q_{100} = 7.9 cfs) contains the rear of lots along the west side of Lambert Road. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Existing Inlet E107.
- Existing Inlet El07 is an existing 10' Type R sump inlet that receives the total flow of 3.5 cfs for the 5-year storm and 9.1 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures all of it. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Existing EJ10, where it will combine with the flow from Existing EJ09 and Existing El08.
- Basin 20 (1.7 acres, Q_5 = 3.9 cfs, Q_{100} = 8.4 cfs) contains area along the east side of Lambert Road. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Existing Inlet El08.
- Existing Inlet El08 is an existing 10' Type R flow-by inlet that receives the total flow of 3.9 cfs for the 5-year storm and 8.4 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the inlet $(Q_5 = 0.9 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 2.7 \text{ cfs})$ continues easterly through on Londonderry Drive toward Eastonville Road. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Existing EJ10, where it will combine with the flow from Existing EI07 and Existing EJ09. The total combined flow $(Q_5 = 96 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 307 \text{ cfs})$ at Existing EJ10 is conveyed to Existing Junction EJ11 via a 66" RCP.
- Basin 14 (2.4 acres, Q_5 = 4.7 cfs, Q_{100} = 11 cfs) contains area along the east side of Rainbow Bridge Drive and the north side of Londonderry Drive. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Existing Inlet EI01.
- Existing Inlet El01 is an existing 15' Type R flow-by inlet that receives the total flow of 4.7 cfs for the 5-year storm and 11 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow not captured by the inlet $(Q_5 = 1.1 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 3.6 \text{ cfs})$ continues easterly toward Existing Inlet El03. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Existing EJ01, where it will combine with the flow from El02, this existing section of pipe exceeds the allowable velocity.
- Basin 15 (1.9 acres, Q_5 = 4.0 cfs, Q_{100} = 9.4 cfs) contains area along the south side of Londonderry Drive. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Existing Inlet EI02.

- Existing Inlet El02 is an existing 10' Type R flow-by inlet that receives the total flow of 4.0 cfs for the 5-year storm and 9.4 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the inlet $(Q_5 = 1.3 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 4.3 \text{ cfs})$ continues easterly through Basin 19 toward the intersection of Londonderry Drive and Lambert Road where it will travel overland southeasterly toward Pond E. Ultimately the by-pass flow will be intercepted by a future inlet located on a future street south of Londonderry Drive within a future single family residential development. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Existing EJ01, where it will combine with the flow from Existing El01. The total combined flow $(Q_5 = 6.0 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 12 \text{ cfs})$ at Existing EJ01 is conveyed to Existing Junction EJ02 and Existing EJ03 via a 24" RCP.
- Basin 16 (1.5 acres, Q_5 = 2.9 cfs, Q_{100} = 7.2 cfs) contains area along the north side of Londonderry Drive. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Existing Inlet E103.
- Existing Inlet El03 is an existing 20' Type R flow-by inlet that receives the total flow of 3.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 8.9 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the inlet $(Q_5 = 0.7 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 3.1 \text{ cfs})$ continues easterly toward Existing Inlet El04. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Existing EJ03, where it will combine with the flow from Existing EJ03. The total combined flow $(Q_5 = 8.0 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 17 \text{ cfs})$ at Existing EJ03 is conveyed to Existing Junction EJ04 and Existing EJ05 via a 24" RCP, this existing section of pipe exceeds the allowable velocity.
- Basin 17 (1.7 acres, Q_5 = 3.2 cfs, Q_{100} = 8.0 cfs) contains area along the north side of Londonderry Drive. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Existing Inlet E104.
- Existing Inlet EI04 is an existing 20' Type R flow-by inlet that receives the total flow of 3.2 cfs for the 5-year storm and 8.5 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow not captured by the inlet $(Q_5 = 0.7 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 2.9 \text{ cfs})$ continues easterly toward Existing Inlet EI06. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Existing EJ05, where it will combine with the flow from Existing EJ04. The total combined flow $(Q_5 = 9.9 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 21 \text{ cfs})$ at Existing EJ05 is conveyed to Existing Junction EJ06 via a 30" RCP.
- Basin 18 (1.7 acres, Q_5 = 3.0 cfs, Q_{100} = 7.2 cfs) contains area along the north side of Londonderry Drive. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Existing Inlet EI06.
- Existing Inlet EI06 is an existing 15' Type R flow-by inlet that receives the total flow of 3.0 cfs for the 5-year storm and 7.9 cfs for the 100-year storm and captures most of it. The remaining flow <u>not</u> captured by the inlet $(Q_5 = 0.5 \text{ cfs}, Q_{100} = 2.3 \text{ cfs})$ continues easterly toward Existing Inlet EI07. The flow captured by the inlet is conveyed to Existing EJ06, where it will combine with the flow from Existing EJ05.

The total combined flow (Q_5 = 12 cfs, Q_{100} = 27 cfs) at Existing EJ05 is conveyed to Existing Junction EJ11 via a 30" RCP. The total combined flow (Q_5 = 99 cfs, Q_{100} = 312 cfs) at Existing EJ11 is conveyed to Pond E via a 66" RCP. Portions of this existing section of pipe exceeds the allowable velocity.

• Basin 19 (3.8 acres, Q_5 = 7.3 cfs, Q_{100} = 18 cfs) contains area along the south side of Londonderry Drive. The runoff will sheet flow on to the curb and gutter of the street and will travel to Design Point DP02 at the intersection of Londonderry Drive and Lambert Road. Ultimately the by-pass flow will be intercepted by a future inlet located on a future street south of Londonderry Drive within a future single family residential development. The flow at the end of the curb on Lambert will be 7.3 cfs for the 5-year storm and 18 cfs for the 100-year storm. This runoff will sheet flow overland to Pond E in the interim. Ultimately, sheet flow will be conveyed southerly by gutter in Lambert to an inlet.

DRAINAGE FEES

The proposed development falls in the Gieck Drainage Basin. The entire development occupies 105.8 acres of residential development of which 35.8 acres are residential development and 19.2 acres are designated as right-of-way, 30.6 open space and 17.9 acres for the detention pond, the remainder is designated landscape tract.

The following is the imperviousness calculation:

Filing 11A (86.7 acres)

	<u>Acres</u>	Assumed Imperviousness	Impervious Acres
Open Space	30.6	3%	0.92
Right-of-way	15.5	85%	13.18
Residential Lots	20.4	45% (118 Lots)	9.18
Landscape Tract	2.3	10%	0.23
Detention Pond	17.9	3%	0.54
Future Filing 11B	19.1	$0\%^1$	0.00
Total	105.8		24.05=27.73% imperv

Gieck Drainage Basin Fees: There are no drainage fees for this basin.

¹See calculation below

Bridge Fees:	There are no bridge fees for this basin.

Future Filing 11B (19.1 acres)

	Acres	Assumed Imperviousness	Impervious Acres
Right-of-way Residential Lots Total	3.7 15.4 19.1	85% 45% (118 Lots)	3.15 6.93 10.08=52.77% imperv
Gieck Drainage Bas	sin Fees:	There are no drainage fees f	for this basin.
Bridge F	ees:	There are no bridge fees for	or this basin.

EROSION CONTROL DESIGN

General Concept

Historically, erosion on this property has been held to a minimum by a variety of natural features and agricultural practices including:

- Substantial prairie grass growth
- Construction of drainage arresting berms
- Construction of multiple stock ponds along drainage courses

Existing detention ponds will also help to minimize erosion by reducing both the volume and velocity of the peak runoff.

During construction, best management practices (BMP) for erosion control will be employed based on El Paso county Criteria. BMP's will be utilized as deemed necessary by the contractor and/or engineer and are not limited to the measures shown on the construction drawing set. The contractor shall minimize the amount of area disturbed during all construction activities. Final erosion control plans will be prepared with final plat submittal.

In general the following shall be applied in developing the sequence of major activities:

- Install down-slope and side-slope perimeter BMP's before the land disturbing activity occurs.
- Do not disturb an area until it is necessary for the construction activity to proceed
- Cover or stabilize as soon as possible.
- Time the construction activities to reduce the impacts from seasonal climatic changes or weather events.
- The construction of filtration BMP's should wait until the end of the construction project when upstream drainage areas have been stabilized.
- Do not remove the temporary perimeter controls until after all upstream areas are stabilized.

Detention Pond

The proposed detention pond, once in place, will act as the primary sedimentation control facility for the areas upstream. Runoff will be diverted into the detention pond where practical. The pond will serve a dual purpose: first, by facilitating the settling of sediment in runoff during and after construction (by means of the WQCV) and, second, by maintaining runoff at or below existing levels.

Silt Fence

Silt fence will be place along downstream limits of disturbed areas. This will prevent suspended sediment from leaving the site during infrastructure construction. Silt fencing is to remain in place until vegetation is reestablished.

Erosion Bales

Erosion bales will be placed ten (10) feet from the inlet of all culverts during construction to prevent culverts from filling with sediment. Erosion bales will remain in place until vegetation is reestablished. Erosion bale checks will be used on slopes greater than I percent to reduce flow velocities until vegetation is reestablished.

Miscellaneous

Best erosion control practices will be utilized as deemed necessary by the Contractor or Engineer and are not limited to the measures described above.

REFERENCES

- 1. "Volume 2, El Paso County/City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual-Stormwater Quality Policies, Procedures and Best Management Practices"

 November 1, 2002.
- 2. "City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual" September, 1987, Revised November 1991, Revised October 1994.
- 3. Flood Insurance Rate Study for El Paso County, Colorado and Incorporated Areas. Federal Emergency Management Agency, Revised March 17, 1997.
- 4. Soils Survey of El Paso County area, Natural Resources Conservation Services of Colorado.
- 5. Master Development Drainage Plan Meridian Ranch. May 2012. Prepared by Tech Contractors.

Appendices

Appendix A - Rational Calculation Tables and Figures

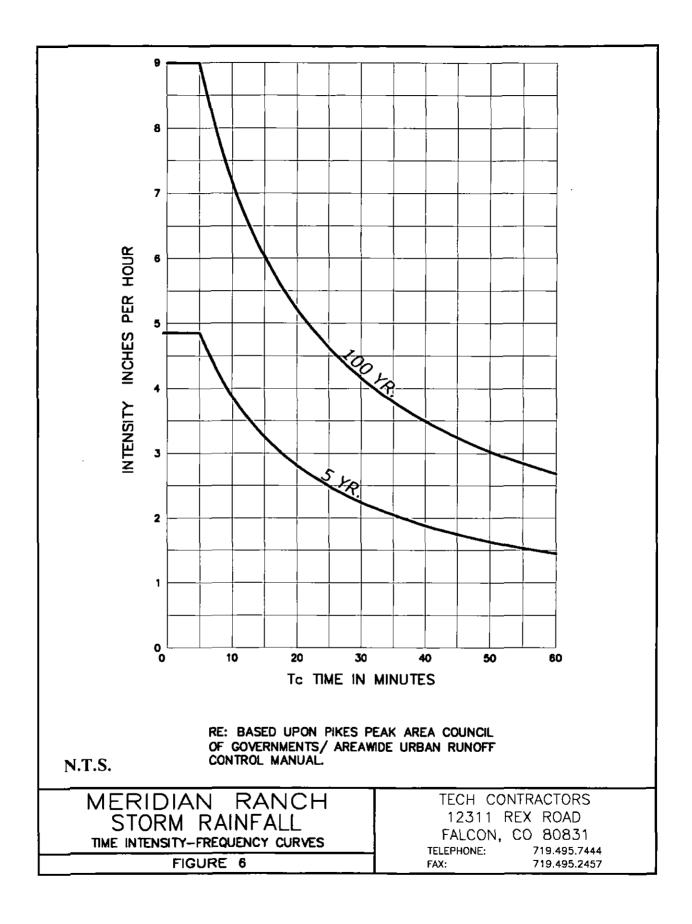
 $S.\CivilProj\\\Meridian\ Ranch\ Filing\ 11\\\Adm_{In}\Report\\\DRAINAGE\\\FDR\\\REPORT\\\FDR\ -\ Filing\ 11.doc$

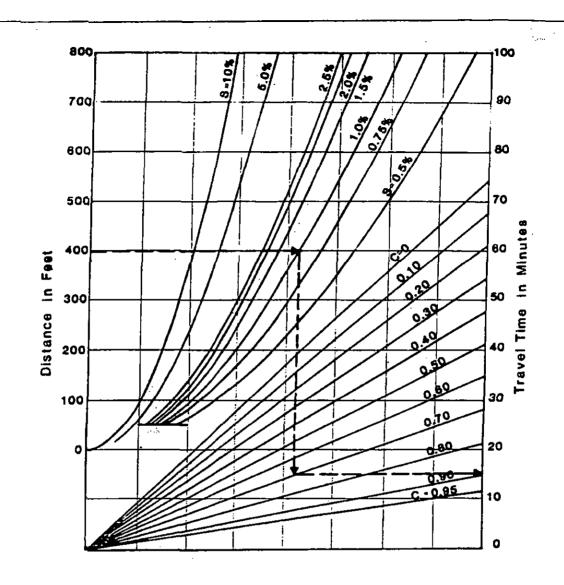
TABLE 5-1
RECOMMENDED AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS AND PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

"C" FREQUENCY LAND USE OR PERCENT 100 SURFACE CHARACTERISTICS **IMPERVIOUS** A&B* C&D* C&D* A&B* Business 0.90 Commercial Areas 95 0.90 0.90 0.90 Neighborhood Areas 0.75 70 0.75 0.80 0.80 Residential 0.60 65 0.70 0.70 0.80 1/8 Acre or less 0.50 1/4 Acre 0.60 0.60 0.70 40 0.40 0.50 0.55 30 0.60 1/3 Acre 1/2 Acre 25 0.35 0.45 0.45 0.55 1 Acre 20 0.30 0.40 0.40 0.50 Industrial Light Areas 80 0.70 0.70 0.80 0.80 **Heavy Areas** 90 0.80 0.80 0.90 0.90 Parks and Cemeteries 0.30 0.35 0.55 0.60 0.35 0.30 Playgrounds 13 0.60 0.65 0.50 Railroad Yard Areas 40 0.55 0.60 0.65 Undeveloped Areas Historic Flow Analysis-2 0.15 0.25 0.20 0.30 Greenbelts, Agricultural 0 0.25 0.30 Pasture/Meadow 0.35 0.45 0.10 Forest 0.15 0.20 0 0.15 0.90 Exposed Rock 100 0.90 0.95 0.95 0.55 Offsite Flow Analysis 45 0.70 0.60 0.65 (when land use not defined) Streets Paved 100 0.90 0.90 0.95 0.95 Gravel 80 0.80 0.80 0.85 0.85 Drive and Walks 100 0.90 0.90 0.95 0.95 Roofs 90 0.90 0.90 0.95 0.95 Lawns 0.45 ٥ 0.25 0.30 0.35

9/30/90

^{*} Hydrologic Soil Group





REFERENCE: Wright - McLaughlin Engineers, Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Vol. 1,
Denver Regional Council of Governments, Denver, Co. 1977



The City of Colorado Springs / El Paso County
Drainage Criteria Manual

OCT. 1987

Figure

Overland Flow Curves

5-2

Appendix B - Rational Hydrology Calculations

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			COMPO	OSITE 'C' FA	CTORS	_		-	
PROJECT:	Rational Calcs for I	Mendian Ranch F	ılıng 11A		DESIGNED BY.	TK		_	
BASIN				AREA (AC.)				COMPOSI	TE FACTOR
	UNDEVELOPED	5 DU/AC	6 DU/AC	STREETS	PARKS/ OPEN SP	SCHOOL	TOTAL	5-year	100-year
				DEVELOPED	•			•	
1		4.5					4.5	0,53	0.63
2		2.0					2.0	0.53	0.63
3		2.8					2.8	0.53	0.63
4				0.4	0.7		1.1	0.52	0.70
5		0.7		0.5	0.4		1.6	0.59	0.71
6		50			15		6.5	0.47	0.61
7		50				•	50	0.53	0.63
8	I	. 50					50	0.63	0.63
9		46		Ī			46	0.53	0.63
10		2.1		i i			2.1	0.53	0.63
11		5.1		1			5.1	0.63	0.63
12	11	5.5					5.5	0.53	0.63
13		38					38	0.53	0.63
14				1.2	1.2		24	0,60	0.75
15				0.9	1.0		1.9	0.58	0.74
16				0.5	1.0		1.5	0.50	0.68
17		0.4		0 4	0.9		1.7	0.49	0.66
18	1	0.9		02	0.6	· 	17	0.49	0.64
19				1.8	2.0		3.8	0.58	0.74
20				1.2	0.5		1.7	0.72	0.83
			L	<u> </u>			1		1

			<u>TI</u>	ME OF C	ONCEN	<u>TRATION</u>				
				Ration	nal Calcula	itions				
PROJECT:	Meridian	Ranch Filing	11A		DE	SIGNED BY:	TAK		DATE:	3/10/2014
SUB	BASIN DA	ГА	INIT./OV	ERLAND TIM	ME (Ti)		TRAVEL	TIME (Tt)		TOTAL
BASIN DESIGNATION	C5	AREA (AC)	LENGTH (FT)	SLOPE %	Ti (Min.)"	LENGTH (FT)	DIF. EL.	VEL. (FPS)	Ti(Min.)**	Ti+Tt(Min)
1	0.53	4.5	300	2.7	12.9	805	19	2.35	5.7	18.6
2	0.53	2.0	192	3.7	9.3	660	20	2.47	4.4	13.8
3	0.53	2.8	272	2.6	12.5	620	14	2.18	4.7	17.2
4	0.52	1.1	20	2.0	5.0	650	8	1,74	6.2	11.2
5	0.59	1.6	65	15.4	5.0	565	7	1.69	5.6	10.6
6	0.47	6.5	148	1.4	12.4	1065	11	1.79	9.9	22.3
7	0.53	5.0	245	2.9	11.4	575	3	1.22	7.9	19.2
8	0.53	5.0	300	2.3	13.5	544	5	1.49	6.1	19.6
9	0.53	4.6	295	3.1	12.3	620	9	1.84	5.6	17.9
10	0.53	2.1	143	3.5	8.2	510	19	2.52	3.4	11.5
11	0.53	5.1	268	1.5	14.8	670	10	1.89	5.9	20.7
12	0.53	5.5	250	2.4	12.2	680	9	1.81	6.3	18.5
13	0.53	3.8	134	2.2	9.2	690	9	1.81	64	15.6
14	0.60	2.4	28	2.0	5.0	1485	29	2.52	9.8	14.8
15	0.58	1.9	45	2.0	5.0	995	23	2.45	6.8	11.8
16	0.50	1.5	45	2.0	5.8	815	33	2.90	4,7	10.4
17	0.49	1.7	45	2.0	5.8	700	28	2.79	4.2	10.0
18	0.49	1.7	145	3.4	8.8	400	10	2.05	3.3	12.0
19	0.58	3.8	45	2.0	5.0	2015	73	3.42	9.8	14.8
20	0.72	1.7	12	2.0	5.0	1285	16	2.05	10.5	15.5

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN (RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE) SURFACE ROUTING

PROJECT: Meridian Ranch Filing 11A

Date: 3/10/2014 EL PASO COUNTY

	DIRECT RUNOFF								TOT	AL RUN	OFF			OVERLAND TRAVEL TIME											
		- G		l (in	./ hr.)	COE	FF, C	C	A		3		I (in.	/ hr.)	C	À	_	3	~	SS	õ		Ή)	9	
DESIGN	BASIN	AREA (AC)	Tc (Min.)	(5 YR)	(100 YR)	(5 YR)	(100 YR)	(5 YR)	(100 YR)	(5 YR)	(100 YR)	Sum Tc (min.)	(5 YR)	(100 YR)	(5 YR)	(100 YR)	(5 YR)	(100 YR)	DITCH OR GUTTER	ROUGHNE	DESTINATIO N DP	SLOPE %	LENGTH (F	VEL. (FPS)	TRAVEL TIME TI
																_									
	1	4.5	18.6	2.92	5.41	0,53	0.63	2.36	2.81	7.0	15						7.0	15	G	0,015	108	1.35%	620	2.3	4.4
\	2	2.0	13.8	3.38	6.26	0.53	0.63	1,05	1,25	3,5	7,8						3.5	7.8	G	0.015	103	2.04%	785	2.9	4.6
	3	2.8	17.2	3.04	5.63	0.53	0.63	1.47	1.75_	4.5	9.8	18.3	2.94	5.45	1.77	2.22	5.2	12							
	4	1.1	11.2	3.69	6.84	0.52	0,70	0.57	0.77	2.1	5.2						2.1	5.2	G	0.015	E107	1.25%	565	2.2	4.2
	5	1.6	10.6	3.78	7.01	0.59	0.71	0,94	1,13	3,5	7.9	23.8	2.56	4.74	1.29	1.91	3.5	9.1							
	6	6.5	22.3	2.65	4.92	0.47	0.61	3.09	3.96	8.2	19						B.2	19	G	0.015	105	3.38%	60	3.7	0.3
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5.0	19.2	2.87	5.32	0.53	0.63	2.63	3.13	7.5	17	22.6	2.54	4.88	2.63	3.65	7,5	18		0.045	100	0.700/			
\vdash	8	5.0	19.6	2.84	5.27	0.53	0.63	2.63	3.13	7.5	16	22.4	0.04	4.00	2.00	4.04	7.5	16	G	0.015	108	3.73%	340	3.9	1.5
<u> </u>	9	4.6	17.9	2.98	5.52	0,53	0,63	2.42	2.88	7.2	16	23.1	2.61	4,83	3.09	4.21	8.1	20	G	0.015	109	1,50%	325	2,4	2.2
-	10 11	2.1	11.5 20.7	3.65 2.76	6.77 5.11	0,53 0,53	0,63	1.12 2.68	1,33 3,19	7.4	9.0 16	25.3	2.48	4,59	2.68	3.47	7.4	9,0 16	G	0.015	I10	1.50%	375	2.4	2.6
	12	5,1 5.5	18.5	2.76	5.43	0.53	0.63	2.89	3.44	8.5	19	27.8	2.46	4.34	2.89	3.70	8.5	19	G	0.015 0.015	111	2.00%	30	2.8	2,6 0,2
\vdash	13	3.8	15.6	3.19	5.91	0.53	0.63	2.00	2.39	6.4	14	28.0	2.34	4.33	2.00	2.56	6.4	14		0.015	- 111	2.00%	30	2.6	0.2
	14	2.4	14,8	3.26	6.05	0.60	0.75	1.44	1.80	4.7	11	20.0	2.57	4.00	2.00	2.50	4.7	11	G	0.015	E103	4.00%	805	4.0	3.4
\vdash	15	1.9	11.8	3.62	6.71	0.58	0.74	1.11	1.41	4.0	9.4						4.0	9.4	G	0.015	DP02	4.00%	2015	4.0	8.4
	16	1.5	10.4	3.80	7.05	0.50	0.68	0.75	1.03	2.9	7.2	18.2	2.95	5.47	1.09	1.63	3.2	8.9	G	0.015	EI04	4.00%	700	4.0	2.9
	17	1.7	10.0	3.87	7.17	0.49	0.66	0.84	1.12	3.2	8.0	21.1	2.73	5.07	1.07	1.68	3.2	8,5	Ğ	0.015	E106	2.00%	410	2.8	2.4
	18	1.7	12.0	3.59	6.65	0.49	0.64	0.83	1.08	3.0	7.2	23.5	2.58	4,78	1.09	1.65	3.0	7.9	G	0.015	E107	2.00%	50	2.8	0.3
	19	3.8	14.8	3.27	6.05	0.58	0.74	2.22	2.81	7.3	17	20.2	2.80	5.19	2.59	3.44	7.3	18							
	20	1.7	15.5	3.20	5.93	0.72	0.63	1.23	1.42	3.9	8,4						3.9	8.4		Ì		Ì			

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN INLET CALCULATIONS

PROJECT: Meridian Ranch Filing 11A

Date. 3/10/2014 DEPTH (max) SPREAD Q_{Capture} Q_{Flow-by} Q_{Total} Proposed CA_{pqs} CA_{eq}. Q_{100} Q_s Q_{100} Q_{100} Q_s Q_5 CROSS STREET CAap CA_{eq}v. Q_{100} Inlet size INLET Q_5 Q_{100} DP T_c TYPE SLOPE SLOPE (100-yr) (cfs) (cfs) (5-yt) (100-yr)(ft) **(fl)** (ft) L(i) (cfs) (cfs) (cfs) (cfs) (5-yt)(fi) Existing² PROPOSED INLETS PROP. FLOW-BY 1.77 2,0 5.6 0.68 1.04 0.33 0.42 12.4 101 2.0% 2.7% 186 7.0 15 1.72 16,6 102 15 PROP. FLOW-BY 2.0% 2.7% 13.8 3,5 7.8 2.5 4.9 0.75 0.78 1.0 2.9 0.30 0.47 0.28 0.34 9.6 12.9 103 15 PROP. 2.0% 18.3 5.2 12 5.2 12 1.77 2.22 0.50 0.50 SUMP 3.85 104 20 PROP. 22,3 8.2 19 8.2 19 3.09 0.5 0.11 0.50 0.50 SUMP1 2.0% 105 20 PROP. SUMP 2.0% 22.6 7.5 18 7.5 18 2.86 3.65 0.50 0.50 15 7.5 2.83 106 PROP. 2,0% 19,6 16 7.5 15 2.63 1.5 0.29 0.50 SUMP 0.50 107 10 PROP. 2 0% 11.5 4,1 9.0 4.1 9.0 1.12 1,33 0.50 0.50 SUMP^L 108 20 3.93 PROP. SUMP 2.0% 23.1 8.1 20 8.1 19 3.09 1.4 0.29 0.50 0.50 109 15 2,68 2,92 PROP. SUMP1 2.0% 20.7 7.4 16 7.4 15 1.4 0.27 0.50 0.50 110 10 PROP. SUMP 2.0% 18.5 8.5 19 8.5 18 2.89 3.27 0,9 0.17 0.50 0.70 111 10 2.0% PROP. SUMP 15.6 14 6.4 14 2.00 2.39 0.50 0.70 6.4 EXISTING INLETS E101 15 EXIST. FLOW-BY 2.0% 1.0% 14.8 4.7 11 3.6 7.2 01.1 1.20 1.1 3.6 0.34 0,60 0.34 0.44 12.9 17.6 E102 10 EXIST. FLOW-BY 1.3 4.3 2.0% 1.0% 11.8 4.0 9.4 2.7 5.2 0.74 0.77 0.37 0.63 0.33 0.42 12, [16.7 E103 20 EXIST. FLOW-BY 2.0% 5.9 4.0% 18.2 3.2 8.9 2.5 0,85 1,07 0,7 3.1 0.24 0.56 0.26 0.34 8.6 12.6 E104 20 2.0% EXIST. FLOW-BY 4.0% 21.1 3.2 8.5 2.5 5.6 0.92 1.11 0.7 2.9 0.26 0.57 0.26 0.33 8.6 12.4 E105 10 EXIST. FLOW-BY 2.0% 1.3% 11.2 2.1 5.2 1.5 3.3 0.41 0.48 0.6 2.0 0.16 0.29 0.27 0.34 9,1 12.9 E106 15 EXIST. FLOW-BY 2.0% 1.0% 23.5 3.0 7.9 2.5 5.5 0.96 1.16 0.5 2.3 0.20 0.49 0.30 0.40 10.9 15.6 EI07 10 EXIST. SUMP 2.0% 23.8 3.5 9.1 3.5 9.1 1.39 1.91 0.50 0.60 15 E108 EXIST. FLOW-BY 2.0% 1.3% 3.9 8.4 30 5.7 0.95 09 2.7 0.28 15.5 0.96 0,46 0.32 0.39 11.6 15,3

¹ Forced sump at intersection

² Existing inlets were constructed as a part of the Londonderry and Lambert Improvements in 2007.

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN (RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE) PIPE ROUTING

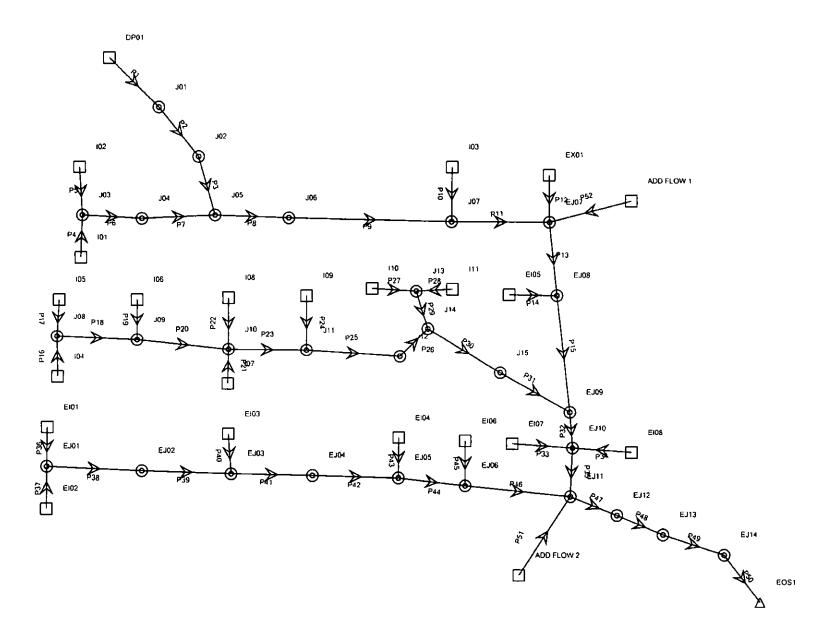
											PIPE RO	JUIING										
		PROJECT:	MERIDIAN			3 11A							_		COUNTY		3/10/2014					
					NLET FLOW	ET FLOW SYSTEM FLOW								T	RAVEL TIM	Ε						
l _			l (in	J hr.)	C	Α		2		I (In	/ hr.)	C	A	Ü	נ		ROUGHNESS (n)	Q		Т)	_	Ţ
UPSTREAM BASIN	UPSTREAM DESIGN POINT	<u>~</u>	<u> </u>			_										DIA	l ŭ	STINAT) N DP	*	LENGTH (FT)	(FPS)	TIME
I ⊮≲ I	유민도	W.	l æ∣	(100 YR)	€	(100 YR)	8	∀ R}	Sum Tc (min.)	₽.	(100 YR)	Υ.Β.	ΥR)	YR)	(100 YR)		l fe l	20	SLOPE	프	€	F.
I ≒ ≰ I	E SS D	€.	Ϋ́.	Ιá	ξ.	6	(5 YR)	6	E =	(5 YR)	6	Έ.	6		6	PIPE	<u> </u>	E -	ō	5	1 نـ	TRAVEL
N	829	2	6	! ₽	70)	ē	()	(100	ೃ ಕೃ	(<u>(</u>	. ₽	(2	8	·6	5	죠	8	, 8, -	l S	Z	₩ !	₩.
	\supset			l <u> </u>)		}	• • •))		ř			3	_	1
	POND D	206.0	0.60	1.10	20.00	90.17	12	100						12	100	48	0.013	J01	7.28%	145.9	30.9	0,1
	JD1		1						206.1	0.60	1.10	20.00	90.17	12	100	42	0.013	J02	1.48%	600	12.8	0.8
l	J02								206.9	0.59	1.10	20.00	90.17	12	99	42	0.013	J05	1.84%	201.1	14.2	0.2
1	101	18.6	2.92	5.41	1.72	1.77	5.0	9.6	1					5,0		18	0.013	J03	3.98%	8.8	11.9	0.0
1 2	102	13.8	3.38	6.26	0.75	0.78	2.5	4.9		·				2.5		18	0.013	J03	1.00%	25.1	6.0	0.1
	J03	13.0	- 5.50	V.25	 """	-0.70			18,6	2.92	5.41	2.47	2.55	7,2		18	0,013	J04	1.32%	26.6	6.8	0.1
——	J03 J04			⊢ —		_			18.7	2.91	5.40	2.47	2.55	7.2		18	0.013	J05	1.70%	170.3	7.8	0.4
				├					207.1	0.59	1.10	22.47				42	0.013	J06	1.35%	452.9	12.2	0.6
	J05			⊢								22.47		13			0.013					
	J06				4 =			40	207.7	0.59	1.10	22.47	92.72	13		42		J07	4.17%	161,8	21,4	0.1
3	103	18.3	2.94	5.45	1.77	2.22	5.2	12			—	L		5,2		18	0.013	J07	2.22%	4.5	B.9	0.0
L	J07			L					207,B	0.59	1,10	24.24	94.94	14		54	0.013	EJ07	0.49%	66.8	8.7	0.1
OFFSITE	EX01	51.7	1,60	2.98	33.75	60.00	54	178						54	178	54	0.013	EJ07	2.82%	52.B	20.8	0,0
	EJ07		l	<u> </u>					208.0	0.59	1.10	91.99	188.94	54		60	0.013	EJ08	1.14%	545.8	14.2	0.6
4	EI05	11.2	3.69	6.84	0.41	0.48	1.5	3.3						1.5		18	0.013	EJ08	3.57%	35	11.3	0.1
	EJ08			T	L				208.6	0.59	1.09	92.40	189,41	55	207	60	0.013	EJ09	1,39%	499.2	15.7	0.5
6	104	22.3	2,65	4.92	3.09	3.85	8.2	19						8.2	19	24	0.013	J08	3.28%	32	13,1	0.0
7	105	22.6	2.64	4.88	2.86	3.65	7.5	18						7.5	18	18	0.013	JD8	1.19%	25.2	5,5	0.1
J08	1		1						22.7	2.63	4.88	5,94	7.51	16	37	24	0.013	J09	3.23%	295	13.0	0.4
8	106	19.6	2.84	5 27	2.63	2.83	7.5	15						7.5		24	0.013	J09	1.03%	25.2	7.3	0.1
J09		::::-			1				23.0	2.61	4.83	8.57	10.34	22		24	0.013	J10	4,11%	303.8	14.6	0.3
9	107	11.5	3.65	8.77	1,12	1.33	4,1	9.0				0.01	10.04	4,1		24	0,013	J10	6.27%	31.9	18.1	0.0
10	108	23.1	2.61	4.83	3.09	3.93	8.1	19			t			B.1	19	18	0.013	J10	8.67%	25.5	15,4	0.0
	J10	23,1	2.01		- 0.00	0.00			23.1	2.60	4.82	12.78	15.60	33		36	0.013	J11	1.B1%	295.8	12.7	D.4
71	109	20.7	2.76	5.11	2.68	2.92	7.4	15	20.1	2.00	4.02	12.70	15.00	7.4		24	0.013	J11	1.00%	25		0.1
	J11	20.7	2.75	3.11	2.00	2.32	7,4	13	23,5	2.58	4.78	15.46	18.52	40		36	0.013	J12	1.63%	322.9	7.2	
			├			-															12,1	0.4
	J12					2.07	0.0	- 45	23.9	2.55	4 73	15.40	18.52	39		42	0.013	J14	1.13%	35.4	11.1	0.1
12	110	18.5	2.93	5.43	2,89	3.27	8.5	18						B.6		18	0.013	J13	1.03%	25.2	6.0	0.1
13	111	15.6	3.19	5.91	2.00	2.39	6.4	14	ļ				L	6.4		18	0.013	J13_	5.00%	5.2	13.3	0.0
	J13			<u> </u>	└				15.6	3.19	5.91	4.89	5.65	16		24	0.013	J14	2.32%	46.6	11.0	0.1
	J14		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	└				25.1	2.49	4.61	20,35	24.17	52		42	0.013	J15	5,54%	172.8	24.7	0,1
	J15]	L	ļ				25.2	2.48	4.60	20.35		51		48	0.013	EJ09	1.55%	94.2	14.3	0.1
	E109		<u> </u>	匚					209,1	0.59	1.09	160.22	277.81	84	303	66	0.013	EJ10	0.63%	90.5	11.2	0.1
5_	E107	23.B	2.56	4.74	1.39	1.91	3.5	9.1						3.5	9	18	0.013	EJ10	4.47%	42.7	12.6	0,1
20	E108	15.5	3.20	5.93	0.95	0.96	3.0	5.7						3.0	6	18	0.013	EJ10	13.82%	15.7	22.2	0.0
	EJ10		T	\Box					209.3	0.59	1.09	162.55	280.68	96		66	0.013	EJ11	0.76%	34	12,4	0.0
14	EI01	14.8	3.26	6.05	1.10	1.20	3.6	7,2						3,6		18	0.013	EJ01	42.55%	5.5	38.9	0.0
15	EI02	11.8	3,62	6.71	0.74	0.77	2.7	5.2						2.7		18	0.013	EJ01	4.53%	61.4	12.7	D,1
	EJ01	<u> </u>	- ```		1	†			14.8	3.26	6.05	1.85	1.97	6.0		24	0.013	EJ02	3.34%	466.3	13.2	0.6
\vdash	EJ02		 		 	1		-	15.4	3.20	5.94	1.85	1.97	6.9		24	0.013	EJ03				
16	EI03	18.2	2,95	5.47	0.85	1.07	2.5	5.9	13.4	3.20	3.54	1.03	1.87						4,16%	350,7	14.7	0.4
<u> </u>		10.2	2,90	3,41	0.00	1.07	2.0	3.8	46.5	2.05	E 47	0.00		2.5		18	0.013	EJ03	5.96%	5.2	14.6	0,0
<u> </u>	EJ03	-		├	 	-			18.2	2.95	5.47	2.69	3.04	8.0		24	0.013	EJ04	4.06%	358.1	14.5	0.4
	EJ04		L						18,6	2.92	5.41	2.69	3,04	7.9		24	0.013	EJ05	3.92%	347.2	14.3	0.4
17	El04	21.1	2.73	5.07	0.92	1.11	2.5	5,6						2,5		18	0.013	EJ05	21.92%	5.2	27.9	0.0
	EJ05			∟—	<u> </u>				21.1	2.73	5.07	3.62	4.15	9.9		30	0.013	EJ06	2.38%	431.6	12.9	0,6
18	E106	23.5	2.58	4,78	0.96	1.16	2.5	5,5						2.5	5.5	18	0.013	EJ06	1.54%	5.2	7.4	0.0
	EJ06		1		1				21.7	2.70	5.00	4.57	5.31	12		30	0.013	EJ11	3.78%	73.3	16.3	0.1
	EJ11								209.3	0.59	1.09	167.12	285.99	98	312	66	0.013	EJ12	1,16%	386	15.3	0.4
	EJ12	T	î	\vdash	T	1		_	209.7	0.59	1.09	167,12		98		66	0.013	EJ13	0.88%	448.3	13.3	0.6
	EJ13		 						210.3	0.59	1.09	167,12		98		66	0.013	EJ14	2.77%	452.2	23.6	0.3
	EJ14				1				210.6	0.59	1.09	167.12		98		66	0.013	EOS1	0.67%			0.3
-	L314		 		 	H			210.0	0.55	1.05	107.12	200.59	98	311	- 00	0.013	E091	0.0/76	134,1	11.6	. U.Z
	ı	1	I	l				I		I	1		ı	ı			ı	ı	ı			

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN HYDRAULICS

PROJECT: Meridian Ranch Filing 11A

<u>Calc. by</u> TAK <u>Date.</u> 3/10/2014

	11100000	Meridian Ra																	<u>Date.</u>	
			1-41-4			C	System	C		5001:00		Capacity	System	Velocity	Elevation	Hydraulic	Invert	Elevation	Hydraulic	Invert
1 1	Upstream	Downstream	Intlet	Inlet Tc	Inlet	System	Flow	System	Length	Section	Slope	(Full			Ground	Grade Line		Ground	Grade Line	
Label	Node	Node	CA	(min)	Flow (ft³/s)	CA	Time	Intensity	(ft)	Şizə	(%)	Flow)	Flow	(Average)	(Ubstream)	(Upstream)	(Upstream)	(Downstream)	(Out)	(Downstream)
))	Node	Node	(acres)	tumiy], 104 (11/3)	(acres)		(in/hr)	(117] (in)]	1,4,	(ft°/s)	(ft³/s)	(ft/s)	(ft)	(f()	(ft) ,	(ft)	(00.)	(ft)
			` '				(min)	,						26.0			70/-0-			Z'007.00
P1	DP01	JQ1	289 <u>.00</u>	206.0	100.4	90.17	206.0	1.11	145.9	4B	7.28%	388	100	25.9	7054,80	7,051,5	7,048.50	7,050.00	7,039.4	7,037.88
P2 -	J01	J02	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	90.17	206.1	1.10	600.0	42	1.48%	122	100	14.2	7050.00	7.040.5	7.037.38	7,036.50	7,031.7	7,028.50
P3 _	J02	J05	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	90.17	206,8	1.10	201.1	42	1,84%	137	100	15.5	7036.50	7,031,1	7,028,00	7,032.30	7.028.3	7,024.30
P4	101	J03	1.77	18.6	9.7	1.77	18.6	5.41	8.6	18	4.07%	21	10	11.7	7034.94	7,032.1	7,030.90	7,035.23	7.032.1	7.030.55
P5	102	J03	0.78	13.8	4.9	D.7B	13.8	6.25	25.2	18	0.99%	11	5	5.8	7034.82	7.031.8	7,030.B0	7,035.23	7.031.B	7,030.55
P6	J03	J04	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	2.55	18.6	5.41	26.6	18	1.32%	12	14	7.9	7035.23	7,031.6	7,030.05	7,034.37	7,031.1	7,029.70
P7	J04	J05	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	2.55	18.7	5.40_	170.3	18	1.70%	14	14	8.8	7034.37	7,030.6	7,029.20	7032,30	7,027.6	7,026.30
P8 _	J05	J06	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	92.72	207.0	1.10	452.9	42	1.35%	117	103	13.7	7032.30	7,026.9	7,023.80	7,025.72	7,020.3	7,017.70
P9	J06	J07	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	92.72	207.6	1.10	161.8	42	4.17%	206	103	21.4	7025.72	7,020.3	7,017.20	7,018.68	7,013.6	7,010.45
P10	103	J07	2.22	18.3	12.2	2.22	18.3	5,46	4.5	18	2.22%	16	12	6.9	7018.23	7.014.1	7,012,55	7.018.68	7.014.0	7,012.45
P11	J07	EJ07	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	94,94	207.7	1.10	67.4	54	0.49%	138	105	9.5	7018.68	7,013.5	7,009 45	7,019 36	7.013.4	7,009.12
										54			179	21.2			7.010.61			
P12	EX01	EJ07	96.00	51.7	179.0	60.00	51.7	2.96	52.8		2.82%	330			7019.60	7,014.5		7,019.36	7,013.1	7,009,12
P13	EJD7	EJ08	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	154.94	207.8	1.10	545.8	80	1.14%	278	208	15.5	7019.36	7.012.7	7,008,62	7,011.86	7,005.6	7,002 41
P14	EI05	EJ08	048	11.2	3.3	0.48	11,2	6.85	35.0	18	3.57%	20] 3	8.3	7010.96	7,007.6	7,006.B6	7.011.86	7,007.7	7,005.61
P15	EJ08	EJ09	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	155.42	208.4	1.10	499.2	60	1.39%	307	208	16.6	7011.86	7,006,2	7.002.11	7,005.16	7,002.2	6,995.16
P16	104	J08	3.85	22.3	19.1	3.85	22,3	4.92	32.0	24	3.28%	41	19	12.8	7,049.13	7.046.0	7.044.45	7.048.68	7,045,6	7.043.40
P17	105	J08	3.65	22.8	18.0	3.65	22.6	4,88	25.2	18	1.19%	12	18	10.2	7048.30	7.047.3	7,044,20	7,048.68	7.048 6	7,043.90
P18	J08	J09	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	7.50	22.6	4.88	295.0	24	3.23%	41	37	14,7	7048.68	7.044.8	7,042.90	7,039.32	7.035.5	7,033.38
												23								
P19	106	J09	2.83	19.6	15.0	2.83	19.6	5.27	25.2	24	1.03%		15	7.B	7038.14	7,035.6	7.033.64	7,039.32	7,035.5	7,033.38
P20	J09	J10	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	10.33	23.0	4.84	303.8	30	4.11%	<u>B3</u> _	50	17.7	7039.32	7,035.2	7,032.88	7,026.96	7,023.1	7,020.40
P21	107	J10	1.33	11,5	9.1	1.33	11.5	6.77	31,9	24	4.70%_	49	9	11.9	7026.99	7,024.1	7,022,40	7,026,96	7,024.1	7,020.90
P22 T	108	J10	3,93	23.1	19.1	3,93	23.1	4,83	25.2	18	4,76%	23	19	10.8	7026,70	7,024.9	7.022.60	7,026.98	7.024.1	7,021,40
P23	J10	J11	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	15.59	23.3	4 81	295.8	36	2,11%	97	76	15.1	7026.96	7,022.6	7,019,90	7,021,17	7.015.7	7.013.67
P24	109	J11	2.92	25.3	13.5	2.92	25.3	4.59	24,3	24	4.65%	49	14	13.3	7020.38	7,017,1	7,015.60	7,021.17	7,017.1	7,014.67
P25	J11	J12	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	1B,51	25.3	4.58	322.7	42	1,49%	123	86	13,8	7021.17	7.016.1	7,013.17			
																		7016.39	7,012.9	7,008.35
P26	J12	J14	(N/A)	0.0	0,0	18,51	25.7	4.55	35,3	42	0.99%	100	85	8.8	7016.39	7,012.1	7,007,85	7,015.97	7,011.9	7,007,50
P27		J13	3.27	18.5	17.9	3.27	18.5	5.43	25.2	18	1.03%	11	18	10,1	7015.24	7,013.7	7,011,24	7,015.51	7,013.0	7,010.98
P28	111	J13	2.39	15.6	14.2	2.39	15.6	5.91	5.2	18 _	5.00%	24	14	8.1	7015.24	7,012.9	7,011.24	7,015.51	7,012.8	7,010.98
P29	J13	J14	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	5.66	18.5	5 42	46.6	24	2.32%	34	31	12.4	7015.51	7.012.4	7,010,48	7,015.97	7.011,4	7,009.40
P30	J14	J15	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	24,17	25.8	4.54	172.8	42	5.31%	232	111	23.8	7015.97	7,010.2	7,007.00	7,010.25	7,004.4	6,997.82
P31	J15	EJ09	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	24.17	25.9	4.53	94.2	48	1.55%	179	110	8.8	7010.25	7.004.2	6,997.32	7,005.16	7,003.6	6,995.86
P32	EJD9	EJ10	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	179.59				66	0.83%	287	305							
							208.9	1.09	90.5					12.8	7005.16	7,001.8	6,994,76	7,004.39	7,001.0	6,994.19
P33_	EI07	EJ10	1.91	23.8	9.1	1.91	23.8	4.75	42.7	18	4.47%	22	9	5.2	7,003,77	7,003.1	6,999.80	7,004.39	7,002.7	6,997.89
P34	EI08	EJ10	0.98	15.5	5.7	0.96	15.5	5.92	15.7	18	13.82%	39	6	3.2	7003,93	7,002.B	7,000.06	7,004.39	7,002.7	6,997.89
P35	EJ10	EJ11	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	182.46	209,0	1.09	34.0	66	0.76%	294	30B	12.9	7004.39	7,000.6	6,993,89	7,004.13	7,000.3	6,993.63
P36 _	EI01	EJ01	1.20	14.8	7.3	1.20	14.8	6,05	5.5	18	42.55%	69	7	25.3	7077,47	7.074.2	7.073.11	7,077,74	7,071,3	7,070,77
P37	EI02	EJ01	0.77	11.B	5.2	0.77	11.8	6.70	61.4	18	4.53%	22	5	10.3	7077.47	7.074.3	7,073,45	7.077.74	7.071,2	7.070.67
P38	EJ01	EJ02	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	1,97	14.8	6.05	466,3	24	3.34%	41	12	11,4	7077,74	7,071.2	7.089.97	7,060.13	7.055.1	7,054.40
P39	EJ02	EJ03	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	1,97	15.5	5.93	350.7	24	4.16%	46	12	12.3	7060.13	7,055.2	7.054.00	7.045.89		
P40																			7.040.1	7,039.42
	EI03	EJ03	1,07	18.2	5.9	1.07_	18.2	5.47	5.2	. 18	5.96%	26	6	11.8	7045.62	7,041.1	7.040.13	7,045.89	7.040.9	7,039 82
P41	EJ03	EJ04	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	3,04	18,2	5.47	358.1	24	4.06%	46	17	13.4	7045.89	7,040.4	7,038,92	7,031.38	7,025.2	7,024.38
P42	EJ04	EJ05	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	3.04	18.7	5.41	347.2	24	3.92%	45	17	13.2	7031.38	7,025.7	7.024.18	7,017.38	7.011.4	7,010.56
P43	EI04	EJ05	1,11	21.1	5.7	1.11	21.1	5.07	5.2	18	21.92%	49	6	18.6	7017.11	7.013.0	7,012.10	7,017.38	7.011.9	7.010.96
P44	EJD5	EJ06	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	4.15	21.1	5.07	431.6	30	2.38%	63	21	11.6	7017.38	7,011.5	7,009.96	7,005.70	7,000.7	6,999.70
P45	E106	EJ06	1.16	23,5	5.6	1.16	23.5	4,78	5.2	18	1.54%	13	6	3.2	7004.98	7,001.6	7,000.08	7,005.70	7,000.7	7.000.00
P46	EJ06	EJ11	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	5.31				30	3.78%									
P47							23.5	4 78	73.3			80	26	14.5	7005.70	7,001.1	6,999,40	7,004.13	6,999.0	6.996.63
	EJ11	EJ12	(N/A)	0.0	Q.D	187,77	209.1	1.09	386.0	66	1.16%	362	313	17.2	7004.13	6,998.2	6.993.33	6,999,34	6.992.8	6,988.84
P48	EJ12	EJ13	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	187.77	209.4	1.09	448,3	66	0.88%	315	313	15.1	6999.34	6.993.4	6.988.54	6,995.10	6,989.5	6,984.60
P49	EJ13	EJ14	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	187.77	209.9	1.09	452,2	66	2.77%	559	313	24.2	6995.10	6,989.1	6.984,30	6,982.27	6,976.1	6,971.77
P50	EJ14	EOS1	(N/A)	0.0	0.0	187.77	210.2	1.09	134.1	66	0.67%	275	313	13.2	6982.27	6,976.8	6,971.47	6,980,00	6.975.4	6,970.57
										'			<u> </u>			2,2. 2.3	-10-11-41	,	0,010.5	3,0,0,0,0,



Appendix C – Street Flow Data

 $S:\CivilProj\Meridian\ Ranch\ Filing\ 11\Admin\Report\DRAINAGE\FDR\RepORT\FDR\ -\ Filing\ 11\Admin\RepORT\FDR\ -\ Filing\ 11\Admin\RepORT\ -\ Filing\ 11\Admin\ 11\Adm$

Worksheet for Ramp Full Street Section Project Description Friction Method Manning Formula Solve For Discharge Input Data Channel Slope 0.00500 ft/ft Normal Depth 0.75 ft

Section Definitions

L	Station (ft)		Elevation (ft)	
		0+00		0.00
		0+13		-0.25
		0+14		-0.75
		0+15		-0.59
		0+30		0.29
		0+45		-0.59
		0+46		-0.75
		0+48		0.25
		0+60		0.00

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00, 0.00)	(0+13, -0.25)	
(0+13, -0.25)	(0+15, -0.59)	
(0+15, -0.59)	(0+45, -0.59)	
(0+45, -0.59)	(0+48, -0.25)	
(0+48, -0.25)	(0+60, 0.00)	
<none></none>	(0+60, 0.00)	

Current Roughness vveighted

Method

Pavlovskii's Method

Open Channel Weighting Method

Pavlovskii's Method

Closed Channel Weighting Method

Pavlovskii's Method

	Worksheet for	Ramp Full S	treet	Section		
Results		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Discharge		42.54	ft ^s /s			
Elevation Range	-0.75 to 0.00 ft	12.01	11.70			
Flow Area	5/10 10 0 10 0 M	19.32	ft²			
Wetted Perimeter		60.21	ft			
Hydraulic Radius		0.32	ft			
Top Width		60.00	ft			
Normal Depth		0.75	ft			
Critical Depth		0.66	ft			
Critical Slope		0.01121	ft/ft			
Velocity		2.20	ft/s			
Velocity Head		0.08	ft			
Specific Energy		0.83	ft			
Froude Number		0.68				
Flow Type	Subcritical					
GVF Input Data					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Downstream Depth		0.00	ft			
Length		0.00	ft			
Number Of Steps		0				
GVF Output Data			 .			
Upstream Depth		0.00	ft			
Profile Description						
Profile Headloss		0.00	ft			
Downstream Velocity		Infinity	ft/s			
Upstream Velocity		Infinity	ft/s			
Normal Depth		0.75	ft			
Critical Depth		0.66	fl			
Channel Slope		0.00500	ft/ft			
Critical Slope		0.01121	ft/ft			

Cross Section for Ramp Full Street Section

Project Description

Friction Method

Manning Formula

Solve For

Discharge

Input Data

Channel Slope

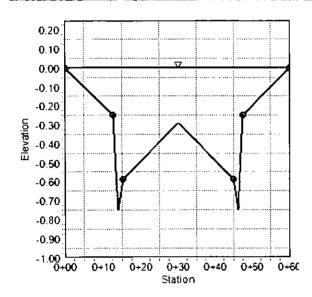
0.00500 ft/ft

0.75 ft

Normal Depth Discharge

42.54 ft³/s

Cross Section Image



RESIDENTIAL STREET SECTION RAMP CURB

5-Year Storm Event Maximum Allowable Street Flows (Maximum Flow to Top of Curb) Full Street Width Half Street Width Channel Flow Wetted Top Discharge Slope Discharge Velocity Velocity Area Perimeter Width Area Width (ft/ft) (ft³/s) (ft/s) (ft³/s) (ft/s) (ft^2) (ft) **(ft)** (ft²) (ft) 0.0050 25 19 2.5 7.45 35.2 35.0 94 3.7 17.5 0.0063 21 2.8 7.45 35.2 35.0 11 2.8 3.7 17.5 0.0075 23 3.1 7.45 35.2 35.0 12 3,1 3.7 17.5 0.0088 25 27 3.4 7.45 35.2 35.0 12 3.3 3.7 17,5 7.45 3,6 0.0100 3.6 35.2 35.0 13 3.7 17.5 0.0113 28 3.8 7.45 35.2 35.0 14 3.8 3.7 17.5 0.0125 30 4.0 7.45 35.2 35.0 15 4.0 3.7 17.5 0.0138 31 4.2 7.45 35.2 35.0 16 4.2 3.7 17.5 0.0150 7.45 35.2 35.0 4.4 33 4.4 16 3.7 17.5 7.45 17 0.0163 34 4.6 35.2 35.0 4.5 3.7 17.5 0.0175 35 4.7 7.45 35.2 35.0 18 4.7 3.7 17.5 0.0188 37 4.9 7.45 35.2 35.0 18 4.9 3.7 17.5 0.0200 5.1 7.45 35.2 35.0 19 5.0 3.7 17.5 38 7.45 35.2 35.0 19 5.2 0.0213 39 5.2 3.7 17.5 7.45 40 5.4 35 0 20 5.4 3.7 0.0225 35.2 17.5 0.0238 41 5.5 7.45 35.2 35.0 20 5.5 3.7 17.5 0.0250 42 5.7 7.45 35.2 35.0 21 5.6 3.7 17.5 5.8 7.45 35.0 22 5.8 0.0263 43 35.2 3.7 17.5 7.45 35.2 0.0275 44 5.9 35.0 22 5.9 3.7 17.5 7.45 45 6.1 35.2 35.0 0.0288 23 6.0 3.7 17.5 0.0300 46 6.2 7.45 35.2 35.0 23 6.2 3.7 17.5 0.0313 47 6.3 7.45 35.2 35.0 23 6.3 3.7 17.5 0.0325 48 6.5 7.45 35.2 35.0 24 6.4 3.7 17.5 35.0 0.0338 49 6.6 7.45 35.2 24 6.6 17,5 3.7 7.45 35.0 0.0350 50 6.7 35.2 25 6.7 3.7 17.5 0.0363 51 6.8 7.45 35.2 35.0 25 6.8 3.7 17.5 0.0375 52 6.9 7.45 35.2 35.0 26 6.9 3.7 17.5 17.5 0.0388 53 7.1 7.45 35.2 35.0 26 7.0 3.7 0.0400 53 7.45 17.5 35.2 35.0 27 7.1 3.7

100-Year Storm Event Maximum Allowable Street Flows (Maximum Flow to Right-of-Way)

Channel		Fu	li Street Wi	dth		Half Street Width			
Channel Slope (ft/ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Top Width (ft)
0.0050	43	2.2	19.32	60.2	60.0	21	2.2	9.7	30
0.0063	48	2.5	19.32	60.2	60.0	24	2.4	9.7	30
0.0075	52	2.7	19.32	60.2	60.0	26	2.7	9.7	30
0.0088	56	2.9	19,32	60.2	60.0	28	2.9	9.7	30
0.0100	60	3.1	19.32	60.2	60.0	30	3.1	9.7	30
0.0113	64	3.3	19.32	60.2	60.0	32	3.3	9.7	30
0.0125	67	3.5	19,32	60.2	60.0	33	3.5	9.7	30
0.0138	71	3.7	19.32	60.2	60.0	35	3.6	9.7	30
0.0150	74	3.8	19.32	60.2	60.0	36	3.8	9.7	30
0.0163	77	4.0	19.32	60.2	60.0	38	3.9	9.7	30
0.0175	80	4.1	19,32	60.2	60.0	39	4,1	9.7	30
0.0188	82	4,3	19.32	60.2	60.0	41	4.2	9.7	30
0.0200	85	4.4	19.32	60.2	60.0	42	4.4	9.7	30
0.0213	88	4.5	19.32	60.2	60.0	43	4.5	9,7	30
0.0225	90	4.7	19.32	60.2	60.0	45	4.6	9.7	30
0.0238	93	4.8	19.32	60.2	60.0	46	4.8	9.7	30
0.0250	95	4.9	19.32	60.2	60.0	47	4.9	9.7	30
0.0263	97	5.0	19.32	60.2	60.0	48	5.0	9.7	30
0.0275	100	5.2	19.32	60.2	60.0	49	5.1	9.7	30
0.0288	102	5.3	19.32	60.2	60.0	50	5.2	9.7	30
0.0300	104	5.4	19.32	60.2	60.0	52	5.3	9.7	30
0.0313	106	5.5	19.32	60.2	60.0	53	5.5	9.7	30
0.0325	108	5.6	19,32	60.2	60.0	54	5.6	9.7	30
0.0338	111	5.7	19.32	60.2	60.0	55	5.7	9.7	30
0.0350	113	5.8	19.32	60.2	60,0	56	5.8	9.7	30
0.0363	115	5.9	19.32	60.2	60.0	57	5.9	9.7	30
0.0375	117	6.0	19.32	60.2	60.0	58	6.0	9.7	30
0.0388	118	6.1	19.32	60.2	60.0	59 _	6.1	9.7	30
0.0400	120	6.2	19.32	60.2	60.0	60	6.2	9.7	30

	Street Flows Ramp Curb									
		((Maximur	n Flow to	Crown of	Roadway)	_		
Channel	Full Street Width					Half Street Width				
Slope (ft/ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Top Width (ft)	
0.0050	13	2.2	6.05	35.0	34.8	6.7	2.2	3.0	17.4	
0.0063	15	2.5	6.05	35.0	34.8	7.5	2.5	3.0	17.4	
0.0075	16	2.7	6.05	35.0	34.8	8.2	2.7	3.0	17.4	
0.0088	18	2.9	6.05	35.0	34.8	8.9	2.9	3.0	17.4	
0.0100	19	3.1	6.05	35.0	34.8	9.5	3.1	3.0	17.4	
0.0113	20	3.3	6.05	35.0	34.8	10	3.3	3.0	17.4	
0.0125	21	3.5	6.05	35.0	34.8	11	3.5	3.0	17.4	
0.0138	22	3.7	6.05	35.0	34.8	11	3.7	3.0	17.4	
0.0150	23	3.8	6.05	35.0	34.8	12	3.8	3.0	17.4	
0.0163	24	4.0	6.05	35.0	34.8	12	4.0	3.0	17.4	
0.0175	25	4.1	6.05	35.0	34.8	13	4.1	3.℃	17.4	
0.0188	26	4,3	6.05	35.0	34.8	13	4.3	3.0	17.4	
0.0200	27	4.4	6.05	35.0	34.8	13	4.4	3.0	17,4	
0.0213	28	4.6	6.05	35.0	34.8	14	4.6	3.0	17.4	
0.0225	28	4.7	6.05	35.0	34.8	14	4.7	3.0	17.4	
0.0238	29	4.8	6.05	35.0	34.8	15	4.8	3.0	17.4	
0.0250	30	5.0	6.05	35.0	34.8	15	5.0	3,0	17.4	
0.0263	31	5.1	6,05	35.0	34.8	15	5.1	3.0	17.4	
0.0275	31	5.2	6.05	35.0	34.8	16	5.2	3.0	17.4	
0.0288	32	5.3	6.05	35.0	34.8	16	5.3	3.0	17.4	
0.0300	33	5.4	6.05	35.0	34.8	16	5.4	3.0	17.4	
0.0313	34	5.5	6.05	35.0	34.8	17	5.5	3.0	17.4	
0.0325	34	5.7	6.05	35.0	34.8	17	5.6	3.0	17,4	
0.0338	35	5.8	6.05	35.0	34.8	17	5.8	3.0	17.4	
0.0350	35	5.9	6.05	35.0	34.8	18	5.9	3.0	17.4	
0.0363	36	6.0	6.05	35.0	34.8	18	6.0	3.0	17.4	
0.0375	37	6.1	6.05	35.0	34.8	18	6.1	3.0	17.4	
0.0388	37	6.2	6.05	35.0	34.8	19	6.2	3.0	17.4	
0.0400	38	6.3	6.05	35.0	34.8	19	6.3	3.0	17.4	

Worksheet for Vertical Full Street Section Project Description Friction Method Manning Formula Solve For Discharge Input Data Channel Slope 0.00500 ft/ft Normal Depth 0.75 ft Section Definitions

Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
0+00	0.00
0+13	-0.25
0+13	-0.25
0+13	-0.75
0+15	-0.58
0+30	-0.28
0+45	-0.58
0+47	-0.75
0+47	-0.25
0+48	-0.25
0+60	0.00

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	E	nding Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+0	0, 0.00)	(0+13, -0.25)	0.030
(0+13	, -0.25)	(0+15, -0.58)	0.013
(0+15	, -0.58)	(0+45, -0.58)	0.015
(0+45	, -0.58)	(0+48, -0.25)	0.013
(0+48	, -0.25)	(0+60, 0.00)	0.030
•	:None>	(0+60, 0.00)	0.030
Options			
Current Roughness weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method		
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method		

Works	sheet for Vertical Full	Street Section
Options		
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method	
Results		
Discharge	41.33	ft³/s
Elevation Range	-0.75 to 0.00 ft	
Flow Area	19.04	ft²
Netted Perimeter	61.02	ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.31	ft
Top Width	60.00	ft -
Normal Depth	0.75	ft
Critical Depth	0.66	ft
Critical Slope	0.01143	ft/ft
Velocity	2.17	ft/s
Velocity Head	0.07	ft
Specific Energy	0.82	ft
Froude Number	0.68	
Flow Type	Subcritical	
GVF Input Data		
Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	
GVF Output Data		
Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	0.75	ft
Critical Depth	0.66	ft
Channel Slope	0.00500	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.01143	ft/ft

Cross Section for Vertical Full Street Section

Project Description

Friction Method

Manning Formula

Solve For

Discharge

Input Data

Channel Slope

0.00500 ft/ft

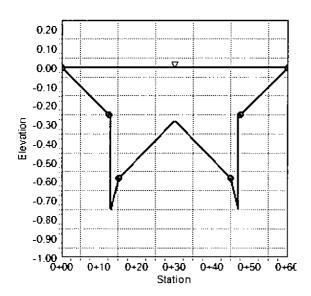
Normal Depth

0.75 ft

Discharge

41.33 ft³/s

Cross Section Image



RESIDENTIAL STREET SECTION RAMP CURB

5-Year Storm Event Maximum Allowable Street Flows (Maximum Flow to Top of Curb)

05	Full Street Width Half Street Width						et Width		
Channel Slope (ft/ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Top Width (ft)
0.0050	19	2.5	7.45	35.2	35.0	9.4	2.5	3.7	17.5
0.0063	21	2.8	7.45	35.2	35.0	11	2.8	3.7	17.5
0.0075	23	3.1	7.45	35.2	35.0	12	3.1	3.7	17.5
0.0088	25	3.4	7.45	35,2	35.0	12	3,3	3.7	17.5
0.0100	27	3.6	7.45	35.2	35.0	13	3.6	3.7	17.5
0.0113	28	3.8	7.45	35.2	35.0	14	3.8	3.7	17.5
0.0125	30	4.0	7.45	35.2	35.0	15	4.0	3.7	17.5
0.0138	31	4.2	7.45	35.2	35.0	16	4.2	3.7	17.5
0.0150	33	4.4	7.45	35.2	35.0	16	4.4	3.7	17.5
0.0163	34	4.6	7.45	35.2	35,0	17	4.5	3.7	17.5
0.0175	35	4.7	7.45	35.2	35.0	18	4.7	3.7	17.5
0.0188	37	4.9	7.45	35.2	35.0	18	4.9	3.7	17.5
0.0200	38	5.1	7.45	35.2	35.0	19	5.0	3.7	17.5
0.0213	39	5.2	7.45	35.2	35.0	19	5.2	3.7	17.5
0.0225	40	5.4	7.45	35.2	35.0	20	5.4	3,7	17.5
0.0238	41	5.5	7.45	35.2	35.0	20	5.5	3.7	17.5
0.0250	42	5.7	7.45	35.2	35.0	21	5.6	3.7	17.5
0.0263	43	5.8	7.45	35.2	35.0	22	5.8	3.7	17.5
0.0275	44	5.9	7.45	35.2	35.0	22	5.9	3.7	17.5
0.0288	45	6.1	7.45	35.2	35.0	23	6.0	3.7	17.5
0.0300	46	6.2	7.45	35.2	35.0	23	6.2	3.7	17.5
0.0313	47	6.3	7.45	35.2	35.0	23	6.3	3.7	17.5
0.0325	48	6.5	7.45	35.2	35.0	24	6.4	3.7	17.5
0.0338	49	6.6	7.45	35.2	35.0	24	6.6	3.7	17.5
0.0350	50	6.7	7.45	35.2	35.0	25	6.7	3.7	17.5
0.0363	51	6.8	7.45	35.2	35.0	25	6.8	3.7	17.5
0.0375	52	6.9	7.45	35.2	35.0	26	6.9	3.7	17.5
0.0388	53	7.1	7.45	35.2	35.0	26	7.0	3.7	17.5
0.0400	53	7.2	7.45	35.2	35.0	27	7.1	3.7	17.5

100-Year Storm Event Maximum Allowable Street Flows (Maximum Flow to Right-of-Way)

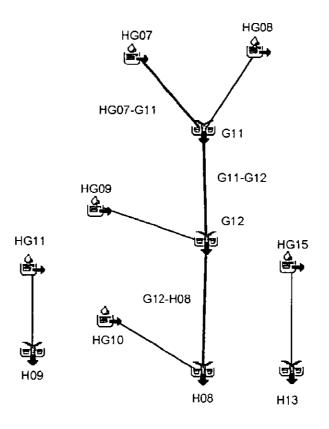
-	Full Street Width					Half Street Width			
Channel Slope (ft/ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area	Wetted Perimeter	Top Width	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area	Top Width
			(ft²)	(ft)	(ft)			(ft²)	(ft)
0.0050	43	2.2	19,32	60.2	60.0	21	2.2	9.7	30
0.0063	48	2.5	19.32	60.2	60.0	24	2.4	9.7	30
0.0075	52	2.7	19.32	60.2	60.0	26	2.7	9.7	30
0.0088	56	2.9	19.32	60.2	60.0	28	2.9	9.7	30
0.0100_	60	3.1	19.32	60.2	60.0	30	3.1	9.7	30
0.0113	64	3.3	19.32	60.2	60.0	32	3.3	9.7	30
0.0125	67	3.5	19.32	60.2	60.0	33	3.5	9.7	30
0.0138	71	3.7	19.32	60.2	60.0	35	3.6	9.7	30
0.0150	74	3.8	19.32	60.2	60.0	36	3.8	9.7	30
0.0163	77	4.0	19.32	60.2	60.0	38	3.9	9.7	30
0.0175	80	4.1	19.32	60.2	60.0	39	4.1	9.7	30
0.0188	82	4.3	19.32	60.2	60.0	41	4.2	9.7	30
0.0200	65	4.4	19.32	60.2	60.0	42	4.4	9.7	30
0.0213	88	4.5	19,32	60.2	60.0	43	4.5	9.7	30
0.0225	90	4.7	19.32	60.2	60.0	45	4.6	9.7	30
0.0238	93	4.8	19.32	60.2	60.0	46	4.8	9.7	30
0.0250	95	4.9	19.32	60.2	60.0	47	4.9	9.7	_30
0.0263	97	5.0	19.32	60.2	60.0	48	5.0	9.7	30
0.0275	100	5.2	19.32	60.2	60.0	49	5.1	9.7	30
0.0288	102	5.3	19.32	60.2	60.0	50	5.2	9.7	30
0.0300	104	5.4	19.32	60.2	60.0	52	5.3	9.7	30
0.0313	106	5.5	19.32	60.2	60.0	53	5.5	9.7	30
0.0325	108	5.6	19.32	60.2	60.0	54	5.6	9.7	30
0.0338	111	5.7	19.32	60.2	60.0	55	5.7	9.7	30
0.0350	113	5.8	19.32	60.2	60.0	56	5.8	9.7	30
0.0363	115	5.9	19.32	60.2	60.0	57	5.9	9.7	30
0.0375	117	6.0	19,32	60.2	60.0	58	6.0	9.7	30
0.0388	118	6.1	19.32	60.2	60.0	59	6.1	9.7	30
0.0400	120	6.2	19.32	60.2	60.0	60	6.2	9.7	30

				reet Flows			١				
	Γ		Il Street Wi		SIOWII OI	Half Street Width					
Channel Slope (ft/ft)	Discharge (ft*/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Top Width (ft)		
0.0050	13	2.2	6.05	35.0	34.8	6.7	2.2	3.0	17.4		
0.0063	15	2.5	6.05	35.0	34.8	7.5	2.5	3.0	17.4		
0.0075	16	2.7	6.05	35.0	34.8	8.2	2.7	3.0	17.4		
0.0088	18	2.9	6.05	35.0	34.8	8.9	2.9	3.0	17.4		
0.0100	19	3.1	6.05	35.0	34.8	9.5	3.1	3.0	17.4		
0.0113	20	3.3	6.05	35.0	34.8	10	3.3	3.0	17.4		
0.0125	21	3.5	6.05	35.0	34.8	11	3,5	3.0	17.4		
0.0138	22	3.7	6.05	35.0	34.8	11	3.7	3.0	17.4		
0.0150	23	3.8	6.05	35.0	34.8	12	3.8	3.0	17.4		
0.0163	24	4.0	6.05	35.0	34.8	12	4.0	3.0	17.4		
0.0175	25	4.1	6.05	35.0	34.8	13	4.1	3.0	17.4		
0.0188	26	4.3	6.05	35.0	34,8	13	4.3	3.0	17.4		
0.0200	27	4.4	6.05	35.0	34.8	13	4.4	3.0	17.4		
0.0213	28	4.6	6.05	35.0	34.8	14	4.6	3.0	17.4		
0.0225	28	4.7	6.05	35.0	34.8	14	4.7	3.0	17.4		
0.0238	29	4.8	6.05	35.0	34.8	15	4.8	3.0	17.4		
0.0250	30	5.0	6.05	35.0	34.8	15	5.0	3.0	17.4		
0.0263	31	5.1	6.05	35.0	34.8	15	5.1	3.0	17.4		
0.0275	31	5.2	6.05	35.0	34.8	16	5.2	3.0	17,4		
0.0288	32	5.3	6.05	35.0	34.8	16	5.3	3.0	17.4		
0.0300	33	5.4	6.05	35.0	34.8	16	5.4	3.0	17,4		
0.0313	34	5.5	6.05	35.0	34.8	17	5.5	3,0	17.4		
0.0325	34	5.7	6.05	35.0	34.8	17	5.6	3.0	17,4		
0.0338	35	5.8	6.05	35.0	34.8	17	5.8	3.0	17.4		
0.0350	35	5.9	6.05	35.0	34.8	18	5.9	3.0	17,4		
0.0363	36	6.0	6.05	35.0	34.8	18	6.0	3.0	17.4		
0.0375	37	6.1	6.05	35.0	34.8	18	6.1	3.0	17.4		
0.0388	37	6.2	6.05	35.0	34.8	19	6.2	3.0	17,4		
0.0400	38	6.3	6.05	35.0	34.8	19	6.3	3.0	17,4		

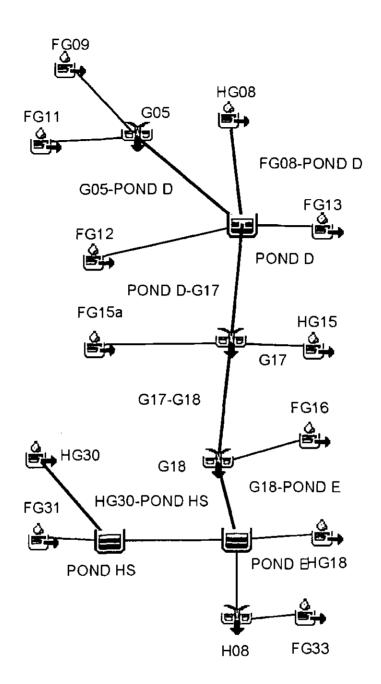
Appendix D - HEC-HMS Data

			<u></u>	MPOSITE '	C' FACTOR	<u>s</u>			
PROJEÇT:	scs	SCS Calcs for I	Mendian Ranch I	Filing 11A			Date	3/10	/2014
BASIN	AREA (AC.)							AREA	COMPOS
DESIGNATION	UNDEVELOPED	GRADED	5 DU/AC	6 DU/AC	STREETS	OPEN SPACE PARKS/GC	TOTAL	(MI ²)	FACTOR
				HISTO	RIC				
HG07	63.0						63	0.0984	61.0
HG08	85.0				1	T' T	85	0.1328	61.0
HG09	114.0	•					114	0.1781	61.0
HG10	88.0						88	0.1375	61.0
HG11	131.0						131	0.2047	61.0
HG15	164 0						164	0.2563	61.0
				DEVELO	OPED				
HG08		83 1		4.9		1	88	0 1375	68.7
FG09		26 3		5.7	<u> </u>		32	0.0500	70.1
FG1 <u>1</u>		EDOM ADDDO	VED MEDIDIAN	BANCH MDDE	DATED MAY 20	12 L	39	0.0609	78.4
FG12		FROM AFFRO	VED MENIDIAN	TOTAL	DATED WIAT 20	12	21	0.0328	80.0
FG13	30.6	35.3		10 1	1		76	0.1188	66.8
HG15	80 0	60					86	0.134	61.5
FG15a		6.3	3.0			0.7	10	0.016	70.6
FG16		12.2	25.9		4.1	7.3	50	0.077	74.8
HG17	72.0	12.2	25.5		 	 	72	0.113	61.0
HG18	72.5	22 5	-		 	 	95	0.148	62.7
HG30	49.0				 	+	49	0.077	61.0
FG31		APPROVED N	ERIDIAÑ RANC	H MDDP DATE	D MAY 2012 (OL	.D FG17)	59	0.0922	80.0
FG32	15		I	1	2.0	T T	17	0.0273	65.2
FG33	5				2.0		7	0.0109	71.6
	<u> </u>		l	j Futu	DE .	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
FG08				1010	-	T	93	0.1453	76.0
FG09	1						27	0.0422	72.9
FG10	1	FROM APPRO	VED MERIDIAN	RANCH MDDF	DATED MAY 20	12 - 	61	0.0953	73,1
FG11]						39	0.0609	78.4
FG12	<u></u>						21	0.0328	80.0
FG13				10.1	i .	37.9	48	0.0750	65.8
FG14		FROM APPRO		RANCH MDDF	DATED MAY 20		20	0.0313	77.4
FG15			490	ļ —	├	27.0	76	0.1188	72.3
FG15a FG16			93 38.1	 	41	0.7 7.3	10 50	0.0156 0.0773	76.9 77.3
FG18	 -	l					105	0.0773	74.5
FG19	t	FROM APPRO	VED MERIDIAN	RANCH MDDF	DATED MAY 20	12	71	0.1109	82.0
FG31	FROM	APPROVED M	AERIDIAN RANC	H MODP DATE	D MAY 2012 (OL	.D FG17)	59	0.0922	80.0
FG32	12.0	Г		[2.0	T - ' - '	14	0 0219	66.3
FG33	5.0				2.0	1	7	0 0109	71.6

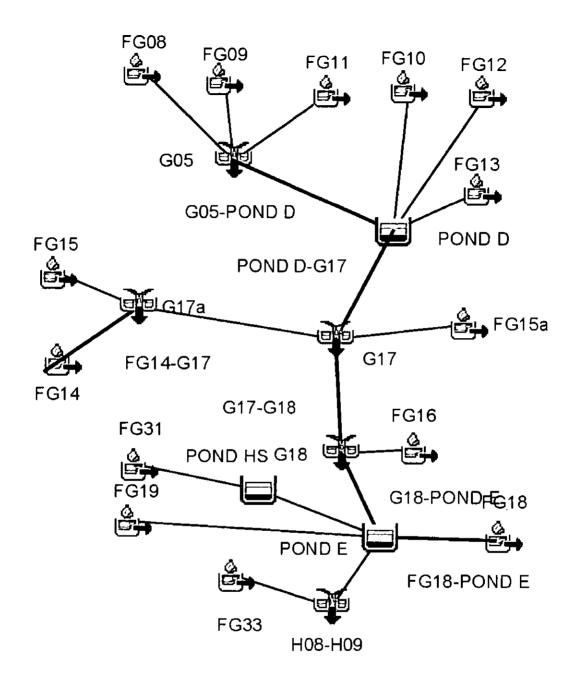
	HISTORIC											
HYDROLOGIC ELEMENT	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₁₀₀ (AC. FT.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q₅ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₅ (AC. FT.)							
HG07	0.0984	41	5.3	5	1.2							
HG07-G11	0.0984	41.	5.3	5	1.2							
HG08	0.1328	77	7.2	10	1.6							
G11	0.2312	104	12.5	12	2.8							
G11-G12	0.2312	104	12.4	11	2.7							
HG09	0.1781	82	9.7	10	2.1							
G12	0.4093	185	22.1	20	4.9							
G12-H08	0.4093	183	21.8	20	4.8							
HG10	0.1375	49	7.4	6	1.6							
H08	0.5468	232	29.2	22	6.4							
HG11	0.2047	87	11.1	11	2.4							
H09	0.2047	87	11.1	11	2.4							
HG15	0.2563	80	13.9	11	3.0							
H13	0.2563	80	13.9	11	3.0							



FILING 11A											
HYDROLOGIC ELEMENT	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. Ml.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₁₀₀ (AC. FT.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q₅ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₅ (AC. FT.)						
HG08	0.1375	107	10.5	24	3.1						
FG08-POND D	0.1375	107	10.5	24	3.1						
FG13	0.1188	80	8.5	16	2.4						
FG11	0.0608	85	7.2	30	2.8						
FG09	0.0500	51	4.1	13	1.3						
G05	0.1108	134	11.4	42	4.1						
G05-POND D	0.1108	134	11.4	42	4.1						
FG12	0.0328	55	4.1	21	1.7						
POND D	0.3999	64	29.6	8	8.0						
POND D-G17	0.3999	64	29.6	8	8.0						
HG15	0.1344	58	7.5	8	1.7						
FG15a	0.0156	20	1.4	6	0.4						
G17	0.5499	91	38.4	11	10.1						
G17-G18	0.5499	91	38.4	11	10.1						
FG16	0.0773	97	8.0	31	2.9						
G18	0.6272	161	46.4	41	13.0						
G18-POND E	0.6272	161	46.4	41	13.0						
FG31	0.0922	123	11.6	45	4.7						
HG30	0.0766	49	4.2	6	0.9						
HG30-POND HS	0.0766	48	4.1	6	0.9						
POND HS	0.1688	126	15.8	27	5.6						
HG18	0.1484	67	8.7	10	2.1						
POND E	0.9444	141	65.2	18	18.4						
FG33	0.0109	13	1.0	4	0.3						
H08	0.0550	74	66.0	12	10.7						
H09	0.9553	67	66.2	6.3	18.7						
* FROM OUTLET S	TAGE-STORA	GE CALCULAT	ION								



1 LI L RAENT I I I I I			FUT	URE		
FG11 0.0608 85 7.2 30 2.8 FG09 0.0416 53 4.0 16 1.4 G05 0.2477 302 27.1 99 10.0 G05-POND D 0.2477 301 27.0 98 10.0 FG10 0.0953 94 9.2 27 3.2 FG13 0.075 53 5.2 10 1.4 FG12 0.0328 55 4.1 21 1.7 POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG16 0.0313 47		AREA	PEAK	VOLUME	PEAK	TOTAL VOLUME Q₅ (AC. FT.)
FG11 0.0608 85 7.2 30 2.8 FG09 0.0416 53 4.0 16 1.4 G05 0.2477 302 27.1 99 10.0 G05-POND D 0.2477 301 27.0 98 10.0 FG10 0.0953 94 9.2 27 3.2 FG13 0.075 53 5.2 10 1.4 FG12 0.0328 55 4.1 21 1.7 POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG16 0.0313 47						
FG09 0.0416 53 4.0 16 1.4 G05 0.2477 302 27.1 99 10.0 G05-POND D 0.2477 301 27.0 98 10.0 FG10 0.0953 94 9.2 27 3.2 FG13 0.075 53 5.2 10 1.4 FG12 0.0328 55 4.1 21 1.7 POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 -G18 0.6165 212 56.8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
G05 0.2477 302 27.1 99 10.0 G05-POND D 0.2477 301 27.0 98 10.0 FG10 0.0953 94 9.2 27 3.2 FG13 0.075 53 5.2 10 1.4 FG12 0.0328 55 4.1 21 1.7 POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17-G18 0.6165 212						
G05-POND D 0.2477 301 27.0 98 10.0 FG10 0.0953 94 9.2 27 3.2 FG13 0.075 53 5.2 10 1.4 FG12 0.0328 55 4.1 21 1.7 POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
FG10 0.0953 94 9.2 27 3.2 FG13 0.075 53 5.2 10 1.4 FG12 0.0328 55 4.1 21 1.7 POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18-PONDE 0.6938 317 65.6						10.0
FG13 0.075 53 5.2 10 1.4 FG12 0.0328 55 4.1 21 1.7 POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9<	G05-POND D	0.2477				10.0
FG12 0.0328 55 4.1 21 1.7 POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 FG18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198		0.0953	_		27	3.2
POND D 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-PONDE 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18-PONDE 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG31 0.0922 79	FG13	0.075				
POND D-G17 0.4508 105 40.3 15 12.8 FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG31 0.0922 79 <	FG12	0.0328	55	4.1	21	1.7
FG15 0.1188 132 11.2 38 3.7 FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 79 11.6	POND D	0.4508	105	40.3	15	12.8
FG14 0.0313 47 3.6 17 1.4 FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 1	POND D-G17	0.4508	105	40.3	15	12.8
FG14-G17 0.0313 47 3.6 16 1.4 G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 FG33 0.0109 15	FG15	0.1188	132	11.2	38	3.7
G17a 0.1501 179 14.7 54 5.1 FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 <td< td=""><td>FG14</td><td>0.0313</td><td>47</td><td>3.6</td><td>17</td><td>1.4</td></td<>	FG14	0.0313	47	3.6	17	1.4
FG15a 0.0156 27 1.8 10 0.7 G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 62 93.	FG14-G17	0.0313	47	3.6	16	1.4
G17 0.6165 212 56.8 63 18.6 G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 62 8.7 15.8 8.7	G17a	0.1501	179	14.7	54	5.1
G17-G18 0.6165 212 56.7 63 18.6 FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 62 8.7 8.7 8.7	FG15a	0.0156	27	1.8	10	0.7
FG16 0.0773 109 8.8 37 3.4 G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 62 93.1 15.8 28 H09 1.0587 62 8.7 8.7 28	G17	0.6165	212	56,8	63	18.6
G18 0.6938 319 65.6 99 21.9 G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 62 93.1 15.8 28	G17-G18	0.6165	212	56.7	63	18.6
G18-POND E 0.6938 317 65.6 99 21.9 FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 1.0587 62 8.7 8.7 8.7	FG16	0.0773	109	8.8	37	3.4
FG18 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 1.0587 62 8.7 8.7 28	G18	0.6938	319	65.6	99	21.9
FG18-POND E 0.1641 198 16.9 62 6.0 FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 1.0587 62 8.7 8.7 8.7	G18-POND E	0.6938	317	65.6	99	21.9
FG19 0.0977 203 13.2 83 5.6 FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 1.0587 62 8.7 8.7 28	FG18	0.1641	198	16.9	62	6.0
FG31 0.0922 123 11.6 45 4.7 POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 15 62 8.7 28	FG18-POND E	0.1641	198	16.9	62	6.0
POND HS 0.0922 79 11.6 25 4.7 POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 8.7 8.7 28	FG19	0.0977	203	13.2	83	5.6
POND E 1.0478 217 92.1 24 27.7 FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 62 8.7 28	FG31	0.0922	123	11.6	45	4.7
FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 62 8.7		0.0922	79	11.6	25	4.7
FG33 0.0109 15 1.0 4 0.3 H08 1.0587 155 93.1 15.8 28 H09 62 8.7	POND E	1.0478	217	92.1	24	27.7
H09 1.0587 62 93.1 8.7 28		0.0109	15	1.0	4	0.3
H09 62 8.7	H08	1.0597	155	03.1	15.8	28
* FROM OUTLET STAGE-STORAGE CALCULATION	H09]	62		8.7	20
	* FROM OUTLET	STAGE-STOP	RAGE CALCULA	TION		



Appendix E - Detention Pond Information

FILING 11 DEVELOPED CONDITION Simulation Run: F11A-100 YR Reservoir: POND D

Start of Run: 09May2008, 08:00 Basin Model:

Estates Rough Grading

End of Run:

10May2008, 08:00

Meteorologic Model:

SCS TYPE HA 100YR

Compute Time: 07Mar2014, 15:02:03

Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units:

AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: 361 (CFS) Peak Outflow: 64 (CFS)

Date/Time of Peak Inflow: Date/Time of Peak Outflow:

09May2008, 14:14 09May2008, 15:04

Total Inflow:

34.5 (AC-FT)

Peak Storage:

16.3 (AC-FT)

Total Outflow: 29.6 (AC-FT)

Peak Elevation:

7055.7 (FT)

Simulation Run: F11A-005 YR Reservoir: POND D

Start of Run:

09May2008, 08:00

Basin Model:

Estates Rough Grading

End of Run:

10May2008, 08:00

Meteorologic Model:

SCS TYPE HA 100YR

Compute Time: 07Mar2014, 14:33:20

Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units:

AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: 95 (CFS) Peak Outflow: 8 (CFS)

Date/Time of Peak Inflow: Date/Time of Peak Outflow: 09May2008, 14:18 09May2008, 16:24

Total Inflow:

11.2 (AC-FT)

Peak Storage:

6.0 (AC-FT)

Total Outflow: 8.0 (AC-FT)

Peak Elevation:

7053.5 (FT)

Simulation Run: F11A-100 YR Reservoir: POND E

Start of Run: End of Run:

09May2008, 08:00

Basin Model:

Estates Rough Grading

10May2008, 08:00 Compute Time: 07Mar2014, 15:02:03 Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units: AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: Peak Outflow:

333(CFS) 141 (CFS) 70.9 (AC-FT) Date/Time of Peak Inflow: Date/Time of Peak Outflow: Peak Storage:

09May2008, 14:24 09May2008, 15:20 17.6 (AC-FT)

Total Inflow: Total Outflow: 65.2 (AC-FT)

Peak Elevation:

6971.2 (FT)

Simulation Run: F11A-005 YR Reservoir: POND E

Start of Run: 09May2008, 08:00 Basin Model: Estates Rough Grading End of Run: 10May2008, 08:00 Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

Compute Time: 07Mar2014, 14:33:20 Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units: AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: 66 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Inflow: 09May2008, 14:20 Peak Outflow: 18 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Outflow: 09May2008, 16:52

Total Inflow: 20.6 (AC-FT) Peak Storage: 6.2 (AC-FT)
Total Outflow: 18.4 (AC-FT) Peak Elevation: 6969.7 (FT)

FINAL FUTURE CONDITION
Simulation Run: F-100 YR Reservoir: POND D

Start of Run: 09May2008, 08:00 Basin Model: Estates Rough Grading

End of Run: 10May2008, 08:00 Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

Compute Time: 10Mar2014, 10:00:30 Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units: AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: 495 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Inflow: 09May2008, 14:14 Peak Outflow: 105 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Outflow: 09May2008, 14:56 Total Inflow: 45.7 (AC-FT) Peak Storage: 21.1 (AC-FT) Peak Elevation: 40.3 (AC-FT) Total Outflow: 7056.4 (FT)

Simulation Run: F-005 YR Reservoir: POND D

Start of Run: 09May2008, 08:00 Basin Model: Estates Rough Grading End of Run: 10May2008, 08:00 Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

Compute Time: 10Mar2014, 09:50:40 Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units: AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: 153 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Inflow: 09May2008, 14:16
Peak Outflow: 15 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Outflow: 09May2008, 16:06

Total Inflow: 16.3 (AC-FT) Peak Storage: 8.4 (AC-FT)
Total Outflow: 12.8 (AC-FT) Peak Elevation: 7054.1 (FT)

FINAL FUTURE CONDITION Simulation Run: F-100 YR Reservoir: POND E

Start of Run:

09May2008, 08:00

Basin Model: Meteorologic Model:

MERIDIAN RANCH SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

End of Run:

10May2008, 08:00 Compute Time: 10Mar2014, 10:00:30

Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units:

AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: Peak Outflow: 707 (CFS) 217 (CFS)

Date/Time of Peak Inflow: Date/Time of Peak Outflow: 09May2008, 14:10 09May2008, 15:02

Total Inflow:

107.3 (AC-FT)

Peak Storage:

33.4 (AC-FT)

Total Outflow: 92.1 (AC-FT)

Peak Elevation:

6972.6 (FT)

Simulation Run: F-005 YR Reservoir: POND E

Start of Run:

09May2008, 08:00

Basin Model:

MERIDIAN RANCH

End of Run:

10May2008, 08:00

Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

Compute Time: 10Mar2014, 09:50:40

Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units:

AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: Peak Outflow: 233 (CFS)

Date/Time of Peak Inflow: 24 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Outflow:

09May2008, 14:12 09May2008, 18:22

Total Inflow:

38.2 (AC-FT)

Peak Storage:

17.1 (AC-FT)

Total Outflow: 27.7 (AC-FT)

Peak Elevation:

6971.1 (FT)

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond D - Interim AS-BUILT Heagler Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

Dimensions

embankment length =	710
embankment elev =	7060
spillway length =	100
spillway elevation =	7058
100 year storage elev.=	7055.8
100 year storage vol =	16.8
100 year discharge=	57
5 year storage elev.=	7053.5
5 year storage vol.=	6.0
5 year discharge=	8
WQCV storage vol.=	1,0
WQCV depth=	2.3
1/2 WQCV storage vol.=	0.50

			23 34 (4) 133 (4) 13					
Туре		Width (fl.)	X Height (fl.)	Dia.(in)		(sqfl)		
Rectangular	Orifice 1:	0.03	2.3		Area =	0.069	Elev to cl =	7050.15
Circular	Orifice 2:			. 8	Агеа =	0.349	Elev to cl =	7051.3
Rectangular	Orifice 3:	5	0.5		Area =	2.500	Elev to cl =	7053,25
None Selected	Orifice 4:				Area =	0.000	Elev to cl =	
Stand Pipe Dimensi	ions						•	_
Rec Grate	3 -		4.25	Flev =	7051.8			

Elev =

Type

Circular

Circ Grate Outlet Culvert Dimensions

Width (ft.) Height (fl.) Dia. (ft.) Outlet Culvert 12.6 TOP Area Outlet I. E. 7048.5 7052,9 Wall Thick,

STA	GE		STO	RAGE			DISCHARG	E								
ELEV	HEIĞHT	ARE	EA	VOL	JME	TOP OF	SPILLWAY		ORIFICE (max outflow)			GRATE (max outflow)	PIPE		REALIZED CULVERT	TOTAL
		sqfl	асте	acft	cum acfl	BANK		J	2	3	4	Rectangular	l',	2 (OUTFLOW	FLOW
7049	Ø	0	0.0	0.00	0.0		I I	-					T			
7050	l.	10705	0.2	0.1	0.12	-		0.2	- 1		-	-	13	- 1	0.2	0.15
7051	2	36676	0,8	0.5	0.67	-	.	0.3	0	-	-	-	33		0.8	0.79
7052	3	71989	1.7	1.2	1.91	-	\ - i	0.5	1	. }	-	•	60	- 1	1.9	1.85
7053	4	133440	3.1	2.4	4.27	-	- 1	0.6	2.2	-	-	•	90		2.8	2.75
7054	5	178828	4.1	3.6	7.86	-	- 1	07	2.8	10,4	-	-	119		13.8	13.83
7055	б	221269	5,1	4.6	12.45	-	- 1	0.7	3.2	15.9	-	3.1	139		23	22.97
7055.5	6.5	245509	5.6	2.7	15.13	-		0.8	3.4	18.1	-	20.2	148		42	42,47
7056	7	269749	6.2	5 6	18.08	-	- 1	0.8	3,6	20	-	45	157		70	69 76
7058	Ģ	337508	7.7	13.9	32.03		- 1	0.9	4.4	26	-	110	188	Į.	141	141.33
7060	11	405520	9.3	31.0	49.09	-	848.5	1.0	5.0	31	-	140	214	- 1	177	1,025.79
1							1								1	•
			[-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	1	- 1	- 1	_

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-TEMP CMP RISER (TOTAL FLOWS)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

INTERIM - FILING 11A

embankment length =	1860
embankmeni elev =	6976
spillway length =	200
spillway elevation =	6974.5
100 year storage elev.=	6971.2
100 year storage vol.=	17.6
100 year discharge=	141
5 year storage elev.=	6969.7
5 year storage vol.=	62
5 year discharge=	18
WQCV storage elev.=	6967.9
WQCV storage vol.=	0.3
WQCV depth =	0.9
1/2 WQCV storage elev.=	6967.8
1/2 WQCV storage vol.=	0.2

ST	AGE		STO	RAGE		·				TO	TAL DISCH.	ARGE					
ELEV	HEIGHT	ARE	EΑ	YOLL			SPILLWAY		ORIFICE (max outflow)			GRAT (max outf	low)	PIPI	Ē	REALIZED CULVERT	TOTAL
		sqft	всте	acfi	cum acft	BANK		1	2	3	4	Circula	ìr	1	2	OUTFLOW	FLOW
6967	0	3110	0,07	0.0	0.0		7	- 1	- 1		-	i	-	0.9	٠.	· 1	-
6968	1	49719	1.14	0.6	0.6	-	- 1	0.19		-	-	-	-	17,7	-	0.2	0.18
6969	2	148073	3.40	2.3	2.9			0.4	-	7.6	-	-	-	51,6	۱ -	7.9	7.92
6970	3	282553	6.49	4.9	7.8		1 - 1	0.5	11.7	10.7	-	. '	-	97,2	۱ -	23	22.83
6970.5	3.5	345630	7.93	3.6	11.4	-	- 1	0.5	35.6	12.0	-		-	121.6	۱ -	48	48.04
6971	4	408706	9,38	7.9	15.8	-	- 1	0.6	67.3	13.1	-	11.4	-	145,4	l -	92	92,31
6971.25	4 25	428868	9.85	2.4	18.2	-	1 - 1	06	85.4	13.6	-	167.3	-	157.4	۱.	157	15
6971.5	4.5	449030	10.31	4.9	20.7	-	- 1	06	96.9	14.1	-	415.2	-	168.2	-	168	168
6971.75	4.75	469192	10.77	2.6	23.3	-	- 1	06	106. l	14.6	-	728.3	-	178.2	-	178	17:
6972	5	489354	11.23	5.4	26.1	-		0.6	114.6	15.1	-	1,095.2	-	187.2	-	187	18
6972.25	5.25	496911	11.41	2.8	28.9	-	1 - I	0.7	122.6	15 6	-	1,508.7	-	195.4	l -	195	19.
6972.5	5.5	504468	11.58	5.7	31,8	-	- 1	0.7	130.0	16.0	•	1,964.2	-	203.4	l -	203	20
6973	6	519582	11.93	11,6	37.6	-	- 1	0.7	143.7	16.9	•	2,987 6	-	218.8	l -	219	21
6974	7	532469	12,22	12.1	49.7	-	- 1	0.8	167.8	18.5	-	5,421.8	-	247,3	١.	247	24
6976	9	557640	12.80	25.0	74,7	•	1,102	0.9	207.8	21.4	-	11,551.3	-	297.1	۱ -	297	1,39
		1					i										
							.l i						_	l		L	

¹⁾ Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)

²⁾ Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)

³⁾ Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1,5yF, Orifice Flow Q=4.8(5*AH^0.5)

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-TEMP CMP RISER (H08)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

Dimensions

Unight (0.)

1860
6975
200
6974
6971.2
17.6
74
6969.7
6.2
12
6967.9
0.3
6967.8
0.2

Tvpe		H or V	Width (ft.) 2	K Height (fl.)	Dia.(in)	_	(sqft)	<u></u>	
Rectangular	Orifice 1:	V	0.0310	1,00		Area =	0.031	Elev to cl =	6967.50
Rectangular	Orifice 2:	V	8	1,5		Area =	12.000	Elev to cl =	6970.20
Circular	Orifice 3:	H			12	Area =	0.785	Elev to cl =	6968.00
None Selected	Orifice 4:	V				Area =	0.000	Elev to cl =	6967.50
Stand Pipe Dimensions									

Dis (0.)

 Rec Grate
 x
 Elev =
 6970.95

 Circ. Grate
 54
 dia.
 Elev =
 6970.95

Outlet Culvert Dimensions

	W JUILI (II.)		racignir (11.)	DIA. (II.)	rype
Outlet Culvert		X		3.5	Circular
Area _	9,6		TOP		
Outlet I. E.	6966,8		6970 67		
Wall Thick	١ ،	in			

Widek (n.)

STA	AGE		STO	RAGE			DISCHARGE							_	
ELEV	HEIGHT	AR.	EA acre	VOLU acft	IME cum acfl	TOP OF	SPILLWAY	ORIFICE (max outflow)			4	GRATE (max outflow) PIPE Circular 1 2		REALIZED CULVERT OUTFLOW	TOTAL FLOW
(2)(2)						Dillin						Circuisi		OUTLOW	1204
6967	U	3110 49719	0 07	0.0				•	- 1	- 1	-	-	0		
6968	1			0.6				0.1	-		•	-] 3	0.1	0,093
6969	2	148073	3.40	2.3	2.9 7.8			0.2	-	3,B	-		26	4.0	3.964
6970	3	282553	6.49	4.9				0.2	9,8	5.3		-	49	15	15,373
6970.5	3,5	345629.5	7.93	3.6			1	0,3	25.8	6,0			61	32	32.060
6971	4	408706	9.38	7.9		l		0.3	463	66		6	73	59	58.833
6971.25	4 25	428868	9 85	2.4	18.2			0.3	58.0	6.8	-	84	78	78	78.450
6971.5	4,5	449030	10.31	4.9	20.7		. j	0.3	65.9	7.1		208	83	83	83
6971.75	4 75	469192	10 77	2.6	23.3		i	0.3	71.9	7.3	-	364	88	88	88
6972	5	489354	11.23	5.4	26.1			0.3	77,5	7.6	-	548	92	92	92
6972.25	5.25	496911	11.41	2.8	28.9			0,3	82.7	7.8		754	97	97	97
6972.5	5 5	504468	11,58	5.7	31,8			0.3	87.6	8.0		982	101	101	101
6973	6	519582	11.93	11.6	37.6			0.4	96,7	8.5	_	1,494	1 108	108	108
6974	7	532469	12.22	12.1	49.7			0.4	112,6	9,3	l .	2,711	122	122	122
6976	9	557640	12,80	25.0	74.7		[04	139.2	10.7	_	5,776	146	146	146
					•					,		1	""		140
├───		├											1 1		

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)
- 4) Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No. 5 or 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No. 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-TEMP CMP RISER (H09)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Elev =

Elev =

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

Dirme	ensions

embankment length =	1860
embankment elev =	6976
spillway length =	200
spillway elevation =	6974.5
100 year storage elev.=	6971.2
100 year storage vol.=	17.6
100 year discharge=	67
5 year storage elev.=	6969.7
5 year storage vol.=	6.2
5 year discharge=	6.3
WQCV storage elev.=	6967.9
WQCV storage vol.=	0.3
1/2 WQCV storage elev.=	6967.8
1/2 WQCV storage vol =	0.2

Type		H or V	Width (ft.)	X Height (ft.)	Dia <u>(i</u> n)		<u>(sqf</u>)		
Rectangular	Onfice 1:	v	0.0310	1.00		Аген =	0.031	Elev to cl =	6967.50
Rectangular	Onfice 2:	V	5	1.2		Area =	6,000	Elev to cl =	6970,35
Circular	Orifice 3:	Н			12	Area =	0.785	Elev to cl =	6968.00
None Selected	Onfice 4:	V				Area =	0.000	Elev to cl =	6967,33
Stand Pipe Dimensions									

6970.95

6970.95

Outlet Culvert Dimensions

Rec Grate

Circ. Grate

 Width (ft.)
 Height (ft.)
 Dia. (ft.)

 Outlet Culvert
 x
 3.5

 Area
 9.6
 TOP

 Outlet I. E.
 6966.8
 6970.67

dia.

Type Circular

				17 (11)	ILIPAX.		111.								
ST	AGE		STO	RAGE			DISCHARC	ìΕ							
FLEV	LIBLOUE	1051		VOLUME TOP OF SPILLWAY					ORIFICE (max outflow)			GRATE		REALIZED CULVERT	TOTAL
ELEV	HEIGHT	AREA				TOP OF	SPILLWAY		(max outnow)			(max ourflow) PIPE			TOTAL
		sqft	асте	acft	cum acfl	BANK	<u> </u>	ı	2	3	4	Circular	1	2 OUTFLOW	FLOW
6967	0	3110	0.07	0.0	0.0				-	-	•	-	0.5	-	
6968	ŀ	49719	1.14	06	06			0.1	-	-	-	-	8.8	0.1	0.1
6969	2	148073	3,40	2.3	2.9			0.2	-	3.8	-	-	26	4.0	4.0
6970	3	282553	6 19	4.9	7.8			0.2	1.9	5.3	-	-	49	7,5	7.5
6970.5	3.5	345629.5	7,93	3.6				0.3	9.7	6.0	-	-	61	16.0	16
6971	4	408706	9.38	7.9		į		0.3	21.0	66	-	6	73	33.5	33.5
6971.25	4.25	428868	9,85	2.4	18.2		1	0.3	27 4	68		84	79	78,9	78.9
6971.5	4.5	449030	10.31		20.7			0.3	31.0	7.1	-	208	85	84.7	85
6971.75	4.75	469192	10.77		23.3			0.3	34.2	7.3		364	90	90.1	90
6972	5	489354	11.23		26.1			0.3	37.1	7,6	-	548	95	94.8	95
6972.25	5.25	496911	11.41					0.3	39.8	7.8	-	754	99	98.7	99
6972.5	5.5	504468	11.58		31.8			0.3	42.4	B O	-	982	103	102.7	103
6973	6	519582	11.93					0,4	47.0	8,5	-	1,494	111	110,5	111
6974	7	532469	12.22		49.7			0.4	55.2	9.3	-	2,711	125	125.3	125
6976	9	557640	12.80	25.0	74.7		[0,4	68.7	10.7	-	5,776	151	151.4	151
<u> </u>							!				1		1 1	1	
		<u> </u>					í				[<u>[</u>	1 1		[

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)
- 4) Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No. 5 or 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No. 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

POND E OUTLET PIPE HYDRAULICS OUTLET AT H08 INTERIM – F11A

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary					
Allowable HW Elevation	6,974.50	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.19	
Computed Headwater Eleva	6,970.88	ft	Discharge	70.00	cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.83	ft	Tailwater Elevation	0.00	ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.88	ft	Control Type	Outlet Control	
Grades	_				
Upstream Invert	6,966.72	ft	Downstream Invert	6,966.44	ft
Length	66.68	ft	Constructed Slope	0.004199	
Hydraulic Profile					
Profile	M2		Depth, Downstream	2.62	ft
Slope Type	Mild		Normal Depth	3.23	ft
Flow Regime	Subcritical		Critical Depth	2.62	ft
Velocity Downstream	9.05	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.005838	ft/ft
Section		_			
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013	
Section Material	Concrete		Span	3.50	ft
Section Size	42 inch		Rise	3.50	ft
Number Sections	1				
Outlet Control Properties		•			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.88	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	1.04	ft
Ke	0.20		Entrance Loss	0.21	ft
Inlet Control Properties					
Inlet Control HW Elev	6,970.83	ft	Flow Control	Transition	
Inlet Type Groove end	w/headwall		Area Full	9.6	ft²
K	0.00180		HDS 5 Chart	1	
M	2.00000		HDS 5 Scale	2	
С	0.02920		Equation Form	1	
Y	0.74000				

POND E OUTLET PIPE HYDRAULICS OUTLET AT H09 INTERIM

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary					
Allowable HW Elevation	6,974.50	ft	Headwater Depth/Heigh	it 1.01	
Computed Headwater Elev	6,970.27	ft	Discharge	55.00	cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.16	ft	Tailwater Elevation	0.00	ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.27	ft	Control Type E	intrance Control	
Grades					
Upstream Invert	6,966.72	ft	Downstream Invert	6,966.34	ft
Length	69.88	ft	Constructed Slope	0.005438	ft/ft
Hydraulic Profile					
Profile			Depth, Downstream	2.24	ft
Slope Type	Steep		Normal Depth	2.24	
Flow Regime	Supercritical		Critical Depth	2.32	ft
Velocity Downstream	8.44	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.004932	ft/ft
Section				·	
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013	
Section Material	Concrete		Span	3.50	
Section Size	42 inch		Rise	3.50	ft
Number Sections	1				
Outlet Control Properties	-				
Outlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.27	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	1.02	ft
Ke	0.20	_	Entrance Loss	0.20	ft
Inlet Control Properties	·	_			
Inlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.16	ft	Flow Control	Unsubmerged	
Inlet Type Beveled ring,	33.7° bevels		Area Full	9.6	ft²
K	0.00180		HDS 5 Chart	3	
M	2.50000		HDS 5 Scale	В	
	0.00400		Equation Form	1	
C Y	0.02430		Equation Form	•	

POND E OUTLET RATING TABLE 42" RCP Flows

@ H08

@ H09

Range Data:					Range Data:			_
Allowable HW E	Minimum 6,967.00	Maximum 6,976.00	Increment 0.50	ft	Allowable HW E	Minimum 6,967.00	Maximum 6,976.00	Increment 0.50
HW Elev. (ftp)isch	arge (cfs)				HW Elev. (ftpisch	arge (cfs)		
6,967.00	0.46				6,967.00	0.45		
6,967.50	3.40				6,967.50	3.40		
6,968.00	8.83				6,968,00	8.83		
6,968.50	16.41				6,968.50	16.41		
6,969.00	25.78				6,969.00	25.78		
6,969.50	36.56				6,969.50	36.56		
6,970.00	48.58				6,970.00	48.35		
6,970.50	60.89		•		6,970.50	60.72		
6,971.00	72.78				6,971.00	72.62		
6,971.50	83.46				6,971.50	84.73		
6,972.00	92.47				6,972.00	94.76		
6,972.50	100.68				6,972.50	102.71		
6,973.00	108.26				6,973.00	110.53		
6,973.50	115.35				6.973.50	118.08		
6,974.00	122.03				6,974.00	125.31		
6,974.50	128.36				6,974.50	132.24		
6,975.00	134.39				6,975.00	138.88		
6,975.50	140.16				6,975.50	145.26		
6,976.00	145.71				6,976.00	151.40		

The above tables are used to cross check the flows within the 42" RCP versus the flows allowed into the control structure. The lower of the two flows governs the total outflow of the pond.

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond D - Future AS-BUILT Heagler Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

ensior	

embankment length =	710
embankment elev =	7060
spillway length =	100
spillway_elevation =	7058
100 year storage elev.=	7056.4
100 year storage vol.=	21. <u>I</u>
100 year discharge=	105
5 year storage elev.=	7054.1
5 year storage vol =	8,4
5 year discharge=	15
WQCV storage vol.=	1.0
WQCV depth =	2.3
1/2 WQCV storage vol.=	0.50

Type		Width (fl.)	X Height (fl.)	Dia (in)		(sqfl)						
Rectangular	Orifice 1:	0.03	2.3		Area =	0.069	Elev to cl =	7050.15				
Circular	Orifice 2:			- 8	Area =	0.349	Elev to cl =	7051.30				
Rectangular	Orifice 3:	5	0.5		Area =	2.500	Elev to cl =	7053.25				
None Selected	Orifice 4:				Area =	0.000	Elev to cl =					
Stand Pipe Dimension	Stand Pipe Dimensions											
Rec Grote	6	¥ -	4 25	Flev =	7054.R	i						

Турс

Circular

Elev =

Outlet Culvert Dimensions

Circ. Grate

	Width (fl.)		Height (fl.)	Dia. (fl.)
Outlet Culvert		х		4
Area	12.6		TOP	
Outlet L. E.	7048.5		7052.9	
Wall Thick.	5	in.		

STA	GE		STO	RAGE			DISCHARO	3E								
ELEV HEIGHT		IGHT ARE		VOLU	ме	TOP OF	SPILLWAY		ORIFICE (max outflow)			GRATE (max outflow)	PIPE		REALIZED CULVERT	TOTAL
		sqft	асте	acfl	cum acíl	BANK		1	2	3	4	Rectangular		2	OUTFLOW	FLOW
7049	0	0	0.0	0.00	0.0			-				,				
7050	1	10705	0.2	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	13		0.2	0.15
7051	2	36676	0.8	0.5	0.7	-	1 - 1	0.3	0.5	-		-	33 [0.8	0.79
7052	3	71989	1.7	1.2	1.9		- 1	0.5	1.4	-	-	-	60		1.9	1.9
7053	4	133440	3.1	2.4	4.3	-		0.6	2.2	-	-		90		2.8	2.8
7054	5	178828	4.1	3 6	7.9	-		0.7	28	10.4	-		119		13.8	14
7055	6	221269	5.1	4.6	12.4		-	0.7	3.2	15.9		3.9	139		24	24
7056	7	269749	62	5.6	18.1	-		0,8	3.6	20	-	57	157		82	82
7058	9	337508	7.7	13.9	32.0		-	0.9	14	26	-	220	188		188	188
7060	11	405520	9.3	31,0	49.1		848.5	1.0	5.0	31	-	280	214		214	1,063
							1									
			_	1		-	-	-	-						l - [

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Onlice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Crate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-FINAL FUTURE (TOTAL FLOWS)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

FINAL

embankment length =	1860
embankment elev =	6976
spillway length =	200
spillway elevation =	6974.5
100 year storage elev.≈	6972.6
100 year storage vol.=	33.4
100 year discharge=	217
5 year storage elev.=	6971.1
5 year storage vol.=	17,1
5 year discharge=	24
WQCV storage elev.=	6968.4
WQCV storage vol.=	1.6
WQCV depth =	1.4
1/2 WQCV storage elev,=	6968.1
1/2 WQCV storage vol.≤	0.8

ST	AGE		STO	RAGE						TO	TAL DISCH	ARGE			•		
ELEV	HEIGHT	AR		VOLU		TOP OF	SPILLWAY		ORIFICE (max outflow)			GRAT (max outf	low)	PIP	E	REALIZED CULVERT	TOTAL
1		sqft	асте	acfi	cum acfi	BANK	<u> </u>	1	2	3	4	Rectange	μlar	1	2	OUTFLOW	FLOW
6967	0	3110	0 07	0.0	0.0			-		-	-	-	-	1,4	<u> </u>		_
6968	l	49719	1,14	06	0.6	-	- 1	0.5	-	-	-	-		26	١.	0.5	0.53
6969	2	148073	3.40	2.3	2.9	-	- 1	1.4	-	4.2	-		-	77	١.	5.6	5.6
6970	3	282533	6 49	4.9	7.8	-] -]	1.8	-	6.9				146] .	8.7	8.7
6970.5	3.5	345630	. ,	3.6	11	-	-	2.0	0.9	7.9	-	- 1	-	183	١.	11	108
6971	4	408706	9.38	7.9	16	-	-	2.2	7.9	8.8		i - '		218	۱.	19	18.8
6971.25	4.25	42886B	9.85	2.4	18	-		2.2	11.7	92	-	5.9		236	۱ -	29	29.0
6971.5	4.5	449030		4.9	21	-		2.3	14.1	9.6	-	19.9		252	1 -	46	45.9
6971.75	4.75	469192	10.77	2.6	23	-	-	2.4	16.1	10.0	-	42.4	-	266	۱.	71	70.9
6972	5	489354	11.23	5 4	26	-	-	2.5	17.9	10.4	-	73.8	-	280	Ι.	105	105
6972.25	5.25	496911	11.41	2.8	29	-	-	2.5	19.6	10.7	-	111.4	-	292	l -	144	144
6972.5	5.5	504468	11.58	5.7	32	-	-	2.6	21.1	11.1	-	154.1	-	304	۱.	189	189
6973	6	519582	11.93	11.6	38	-	-	2.7	23.8	11.7	-	253.1	-	327	l -	291	291
6974	7	532469	12,22	12.1	50	-	-	3.0	28.5	12.9	-	495.5	_	369	١.	369	369
6976	9	557640	12.80	25 0	75		1,102	3.4	36.1	15.1	_	886.5	_	443	۱.	443	1,545
																1	1,515
		<u> </u>			į							'		Ī	ī		

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)

⁴⁾ Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No. 5 - or - 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No. 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-FINAL DESIGN (H08)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

n.	
חונו ו	ensions

embankment length =	1860
embankment elev =	6975
spillway length =	200
spillway elevation =	6974
100 year storage elev.=	6972.6
100 year storage vol.≈	33,4
100 year discharge=	155
5 year storage elev.=	6971.1
5 year storage vol.=	17.1
5 year discharge=	15.8
WQCV storage elev.=	6968.4
WQCV storage vol.=	1.6
1/2 WQCV storage elev.=	6968, i
1/2 WQCV storage vol.=	0.8

Type		H <u>or</u> V	Width (ft.) 2	K Heighi (ft.)	Dia.(in)		(sqft)		
Rectangular	Orifice 1:	"v	0.0879	1.40		Area =	0.123	Elev to cl =	6967.70
Rectangular	Orifice 2:	V	4	0.5		Агеа =	2.000	Elev to cl =	6970.80
Circular	Orifice 3:	Н			12	Area =	0.785	Elev to cl =	6968.40
None Selected	Onfice 4:	ν				Алеа =	0,000	Elev to cl =	
Stand Pine Dimensions									

Outlet Culvert Dimensions

Wall Thick.

	Width (ft.)		Height (fl.)	Dia. (ft.)	Туре
Outlet Culvert		x		3.5	Circular
Area	9,6		TOP		
Outlet 1. E.	6966.8		6970.58		

ST	`AGE		STO	RAGE			DISCHARO	JE								
ELEV	HEIGHT	ARI saft	EA acre	VOLL BCft	JME	ORIFICE ORIFICE TOP OF SPILLWAY (max outflow)				4	GRATE (max outflow) PIPE Rectangular 2			REALIZED CULVERT OUTFLOW	TOTAL FLOW	
10/7						DANK					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		OUTFLOW	11.0#
6967 6968	,	3110 49719	0.07	0.0				-	•	-	-		.'.			- 0.3
6969	1	148073	1.14	06				0,3 0,7	-	2,9	-		18 52		0.3 3.6	0.3 3.6
6970	2	282553	3,40 6.49	2.3 4.9	2.9 7.8			0.7	_	4.8			97		3.6	5.7 5.7
6970.5	3.5	345629.5	7,93	4.9 3.6				1.0	-	5,5		<u> </u>	122		6	6.5
6971	3.3	408706	9,38	7.9				1.0	3,6	6.1	l	_	146		1	0.5
6971.25	4.25	428868	9.85	2.4	18			1.1	6.5	6.4	l :	l - 6	157		20	20
6971.5	4.5	149030	10.31		21			1.1	8.1	6.7	1 - 1	20	167		36	36
6971.75	4.75	469192	10.77		23			1.2	9.4	6.9	l .	39	176		56	56
6972	5	489354	11.23	5.4	26			1.2	10.5	7.2	l :	61	185	1	80	80
6972.25	5.25	496911	11.41	2.8	29			1.3	11.6	7.4	_	87	193		107	107
6972,5	5,5	504468	11.58	1	32			1,3	12.6	7.7	l <u>-</u>	115	201		137	137
6973	6	519582	11.93	11.6	38			1.4	14,3	8.1	l .	180	217		203	203
6974	7	532469	12.22	12,1	50			1.5	17.2	8.9		334	244		244	244
6976	9	557640	12.80	25.0	75]	1.7	22 0	10 4	-	643	291		291	291
				·			l i				1					

Notes.

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Onfice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)
- 4) Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No. 5 or 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No. 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-FINAL DESIGN (H09)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

ensions	

1860
6976
200
6974.5
6972.6
33.4
62
6971.l
17.1
8.7
6968.4
1.6
6968.1
0.8

Туре		H or V	Width (ft.)	K Height (ft.)	Dia (in)		(sqft)		
Rectangular	Orifice 1:	v	0.0879	1.40	j	Area =	0.123	Elev to cl =	6967.70
Rectangular	Orifice 2:	V	2.5	0.5		Area =	1,250	Elev to cl =	6970.50
Circular	Onlice 3.	Н			8	Area =	0.349	Elev to cl =	6968.40
None Selected	Onfice 4:	_ v				Агеа =	0.000	Elev to cl =	6967,33
Stand Pipe Dimensions									

 Rec Grate
 6
 x
 4
 Elev =
 6971.55

 Circ. Grate
 dia.
 Elev =
 6971.55

Outlet Culvert Dimensions

	Width (fl.)		Height (fl.)	Dia. (fl.)	Туре
Outlet Culvert		x		3.5	Circular
Area	9,6		TOP		
Outlet I. E.	6966,8		6970.7		

ST	AGE		STO	RAGE			DISCHARG	ie							
ELEV	неібнт	AREA		VOLU			SPILLWAY		ORIFICE (max outflow)			GRATE (max outflow)	PIPE	REALIZED CULVERT	TOTAL
		ક્વા	асте	acfl	cum acA	BANK		1	2	3	4	Rectangular	1 2	OUTFLOW	FLOW
6967	0	3110	0.07	0.0	0.0				-	-			0.5	-	-
6968	I	49719	1.14	0.6	0.6			0.3	-	-	-	-	8.8	0.3	0.3
6969	2	148073	3.40	2,3	2.9			0.7	-	1.3	-	-	26	2.0	2.0
6970	3	282553	6.49	4.9	7.8		1 .	0.9	-	2.1	-	-	48	30	3.0
6970.5	3.5	345629.5	7.93	3.6	11		1 :	1.0	0.9	2.4	-	-	61	4,4	4,4
6971	4	408706	9.3B	7.9	16		1 1	1.1	4.3	2.7	-	-	73	80	8.0
6971.25	4.25	428868	9.85	2.4	18			1.1	5.2	28	-	-	79	9.2	9.2
6971.5	4,5	449030	10.31	4.9	21		l l	1.2	60	3.0		-	85	10.1	10,1
6971.75	4.75	469192	10,77	2.6				1.2	6.7	3.1		4	90	14.B	15
6972	5	189354	11.23	5.4			1 1	1.2	7.4	3 2		13	95	24.5	24
6972.25	5.25	496911	11,41.	2.8			l i	1.3	8.0	3.3	-	25	99	37.1	37
6972.5	5.5	504468	11.5B	5.7	32		l	1.3	8.5	3.4	-	39	103	52. t	52
6973	6	519582	11.93	11,6		1	i l	1,4	9.5	3.6		73	111	87.8	88
6974	7	532469	12.22	12,1	50	l '		1.5	11.3	4.0	-	161	125	125.3	125
6976	9	557640	12.80	25.0	75			1,7	[4.]	4.6	-	244	151	151.4	151
			<u></u>												

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)
- 4) Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No. 5 or 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No. 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

POND E OUTLET PIPE HYDRAULICS OUTLET AT H08 FUTURE

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary					
Allowable HW Elevation	6,974.50	ft	Headwater Depth/Height	1.29	
Computed Headwater Eleva	6,971.25	ft	Discharge	157.00	cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	6,971.25	ft	Tailwater Elevation	0.00	ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	6,971.25	ft	Control Type	Outlet Control	
Grades	_				
Upstream Invert	6,966.72	ft	Downstream Invert	6,966.44	ft
Length	66.68	ft	Constructed Slope	0.004199	ft/ft
Hydraulic Profile					
Profile	M2		Depth, Downstream	2.77	ft
Slope Type	Mild		Normal Depth	N/A	fţ
Flow Regime	Subcritical		Critical Depth	2.77	ft
Velocity Downstream	9.61	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.006510	ft/ft
Section					
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013	
Section Material	Concrete		Span	3.50	ft
Section Size	42 inch		Rise	3.50	ft
Number Sections	2			·	
Outlet Control Properties					_
Outlet Control HW Elev.	6,971.25	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	1.15	ft
Ke	0.20		Entrance Loss	0.23	ft
Inlet Control Properties	_				
Inlet Control HW Elev.	6,971.25	ft	Flow Control	Submerged	
Inlet Type Groove end	w/headwall		Area Full	19.2	ft²
K	0.00180		HDS 5 Chart	1	
M	2.00000		HDS 5 Scale	2	
С	0.02920		Equation Form	1	
Y	0.74000				

POND E OUTLET PIPE HYDRAULICS OUTLET AT H09 FUTURE

Solve For: Headwater Elevation

Culvert Summary					
Allowable HW Elevation	6,974.50	ft	Headwater Depth/Heigh	nt 1.09	
Computed Headwater Elev	e 6,970.55	ft	Discharge	62.00	cfs
Inlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.45	ft	Tailwater Elevation	0.00	ft
Outlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.55	ft	Control Type I	Entrance Control	
Grades					
Upstream Invert	6,966.72	ft	Downstream Invert	6,966.34	ft
Length	69.88	ft	Constructed Slope	0.005438	ft/ft
Hydraulic Profile					
Profile	S2	_	Depth, Downstream	2.45	ft
Slope Type	Steep		Normal Depth	2.45	ft
Flow Regime	Supercritical		Critical Depth	2.47	ft
Velocity Downstream	8.63	ft/s	Critical Slope	0.005315	ft/ft
Section					
Section Shape	Circular		Mannings Coefficient	0.013	
Section Material	Concrete		Span	3.50	ft
Section Size	42 inch		Rise	3.50	ft
Number Sections	1				
Outlet Control Properties		_			
Outlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.55	ft	Upstream Velocity Head	1.14	ft
Ke	0.20		Entrance Loss	0.23	ft
Inlet Control Properties					
Inlet Control HW Elev.	6,970.45	ft	Flow Control	Unsubmerged	
Inlet Type Beveled ring,	33.7° bevels		Area Full	9.6	ft²
K	0.00180		HDS 5 Chart	3	
M	2.50000		HDS 5 Scale	В	
С	0.02430		Equation Form	1	
	0.83000				

POND E OUTLET FUTURE RATING TABLES

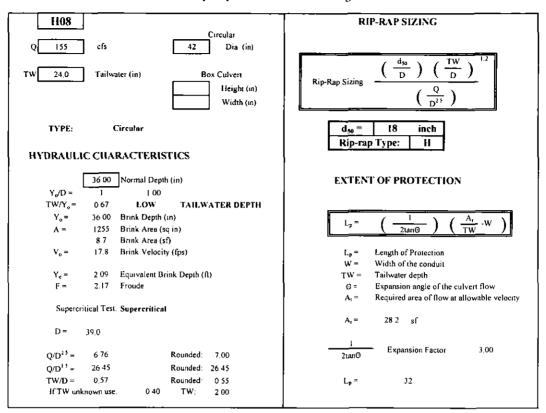
@ H08 - 2-42" RCP Flows

@ H09 - 42" RCP Flow

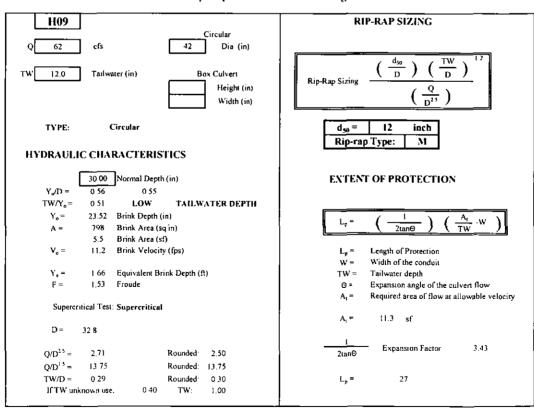
Range Data:					Range Data:						
	Minimum	Maximum	Increment			Minimum	Maximum	Increment			
Allowable HW E	6,967.00	6,976.00	0.50	ft	Allowable HW E	6,967.00	6,976.00	0.50	ft		
HW Elev. (ftp)isch	arge (cfs)				HW Elev. (ftDisch	arge (cfs)					
6,967.00	0.91				6,967.00	0.45					
6,967.50	6.80				6,967.50	3.40					
6,968.00	17.66				6,968.00	8.83					
6,968.50	32.81				6,968.50	16.41					
6,969.00	51.56				6,969.00	25.78					
6,969.50	73.13				6,969.50	36.56					
6,970.00	97.16				6,970.00	48.35					
6,970.50	121.78				6,970.50	60.72					
6,971.00	145.55				6,971.00	72.62					
6,971.50	166.92				6,971.50	84.73					
6,972.00	184.94				6,972.00	94.76					
6,972.50	201.35				6,972.50	102.71					
6,973.00	216.53				6,973.00	110.53					
6,973.50	230.70				6,973.50	118.08					
6,974.00	244.06				6,974.00	125.31					
6,974.50	256.72				6,974.50	132.24					
6,975.00	268.78				6,975.00	138.88					
6,975.50	280.33				6,975.50	145.26					
6,976.00	291.42				6,976.00	151,40					

The above tables were used to cross check the flows within the 42" RCP versus the flows allowed into the control structure. The lower of the two flows governs the total outflow of the pond.

Rip Rap Outlet Protection Design



Rip Rap Outlet Protection Design



WQCV Control Riser Calculations

POND D WQCV Control Riser Calculations

					l
		Hole D	Dia (in)		
		Holes	er Row	l	Ī
TRIBUTARY AREA	289 acres	Min steel	thickness	1/4	Ì
DRAIN TIME	6 hr	1/4	0 2500	0 05	Ī
	a 0.7	5/16	0 3125	0 08	Î
IMPERVIOUSNESS	i 0.35	3/8	0 3750	0.11	Ī
RATIO	7 0.35	7/16	0 4375	0.15	Ī
DEPTH OF OUTLET	2.3	1/2	0 5000	0 20	Ī
	<u> </u>	9/16	0 5625	0 25	Ī
WQCV	0.12 inches	5/8	0 6250	0.31	I
		11/16	0 6875	0 37	I
WQCV DESIGN VOL	1.0 ac-ft	3/4	0 7500	0 44	Ī
	K ₄₀ 0.47	7/8	0 8750	0,60	I
AREA PER ROW1	a 1.05 in ²	ı	1 0000	0 79	I
		l 1/8	1.1250	0 99	Ī
No. of columns	3 per riser	1 1/4	1.2500	1 23	I
Hole size	II/I6 in	1 3/8	1.3750	1 48	Ī
Steel Plate Thickness	3/8 in	1 1/2	1.5000	1.77	I
	9 rows of holes per riser	1 5/8	1.6250	2 07	I
1 AREA PER ROW PER RIS	ER	1 3/4	1.7500	2.41	Ţ
Actual area per row per r	iser: 1.11 in ²	1 7/8	1,8750	2.76	Ī
Actual area per riser:	10.0 in ²	2	2 0000	3 14	Ī
Actual area per riser:	0.069 ft ²			n = Numb	e

		•	<u> l'able</u>	SB-2			
Hole [Dia (in)			Area per	Row (in2)		
Holes	per Row	l	2	3	4	5	6
Min steel	thickness	1/4	5/16	3/8	3/8	3/8	1/2
1/4	0 2500	0 05	0 10	0 5	0 20	0 25	0.29
5/16	0 3125	0 08	0 15	0 23	0.31	0.38	0 46
3/8	0 3750	0.11	0 22	0 33	0 44	0.55	0 66
7/16	0 4375	0.15	0 30	0.45	0,60	0 75	0 90
1/2	0 5000	0 20	0.39	0 59	0 79	0 98	1.18
9/16	0 5625	0 25	0 50	0,75	0.99	1.24	1,49
5/8	0 6250	0.31	0.61	0.92	1.23	1.53	1,84
11/16	0 6875	0 37	0.74	1,11	1.48	186	2.23
3/4	0 7500	0 44	0 88	1.33	1.77	2 21	2 65
7/8	0 8750	0.60	1,20	1.80	2.41	3.01	3 61
1	1 0000	0 79	1.57	2 36	3 14	3.93	471
l 1/8	1.1250	0 99	1.99	2.98	3.98	4.97	5.96
1 1/4	1.2500	1 23	2 4 5	3 68	4 91	6 14	7.36
1 3/8	1.3750	1 48	2 97	4 45	5.94	7 42	891
1 1/2	1.5000	1.77	3 53	5 30	7.07	8 84	10 60
1 5/8	1.6250	2 07	4.15	6 22	8.30	10 37	12.44
1 3/4	1.7500	2.41	4 81	7 22	9.62	12,03	14.43
1 7/8	1,8750	2.76	5 52	8 28	11 04	1381	16 57
2	Z 0000	3 14	6 28	9 42	12.57	1571	18 85

INTERIM FILING 11A POND E WQCV Control Riser Calculations

TRIBUTARY AREA DRAIN TIME IMPERVIOUSNESS RATIO DEPTH OF OUTLET	241 acres 6 hr a 0.7 1 0.19 1.0
WQCV	0.08 inches
WQCV DESIGN VOL	0.3 ac-N
AREA PER ROW	K ₄₀ 0.13 a 1.11 in ²
No. of columns Hole size Steel Plate Thickness	3 per riser 11/16 in 3/8 in
dicei Fidic Thickness	4 rows of holes per riser
1 AREA PER ROW PER RIS	SER .
Astual area per row per i	riser: 1.11 in ²
Actual area per riser:	4.4 in ²
Actual area per riser:	0.031 ft ²

Hole I	Dia (in)			Area per	Row (in ²)		
Holes	per Row	l	2	3	4	. 5	6
Min steel	thickness	1/4	5/16	3/8	3/8	3/8	1/2
1/4	0 2500	0 05	0 10	0 15	0 20	0.25	0 29
5/16	0 3125	0 08	0 15	0.23	0.31	0 38	0 46
3/8	0.3750	0 11	0,22	0 33	0 44	0,55	0,66
7/16	0 4375	0.15	0 30	0 45	0 60	0 75	0.90
1/2	0.5000	0 20	0 39	0,59	0 79	0.98	1.18
9/16	0.5625	0 25	0 50	0 75	0 99	1 24	1 49
5/8	0 6250	0.31	0 61	0 92	1.23	1.53	1,84
11/16	0,6875	0 37	0 74	1.11	1.48	1.86	2 23
3/4	0 7500	0 44	0.88	1.33	1,77	2.21	2 65
7/8	0 8750	0 60	1.20	1.80	2.41	3.01	3 61
1	1.0000	0.79	1.57	2.36	3 14	3.93	4.71
l 1/8	1.1250	0 99	1 99	2.98	3.98	4 97	5.96
1 1/4	1.2500	1.23	2.45	3 68	4.91	614	7.36
1 3/8	1.3750	1.48	2.97	4.45	5.94	7.42	8 91
1 1/2	1.5000	1.77	3.53	5.30	7 07	8.84	106
1 5/8	1.6250	2.07	4,15	6 22	B 30	10 37	12 4
1 3/4	1.7500	2 4 1	481	7.22	9 62	12.03	14.4
ι 7/8	1 8750	2.76	5.52	8 28	11.04	13,81	16 5
2	2 0000	3.14	6 28	9.42	12.57	1571	188

FUTURE POND E WQCV Control Riser Calculations

TRIBUTARY AREA DRAIN TIME		332 6	acres hr
	а	0.7	
IMPERVIOUSNESS RATIO	i	0 44	
DEPTH OF OUTLET		1.4	

WQCV

0.13 inches

WQCV DESIGN VOL 1.6 ac-ft

K₄₀ 0.23

AREA PER ROW¹ a 3.46 in²

No. of columns
Hole size
1 1/2 in
Steel Plate Thickness
5/16 in

5 rows of holes per riser

¹ AREA PER ROW PER RISER

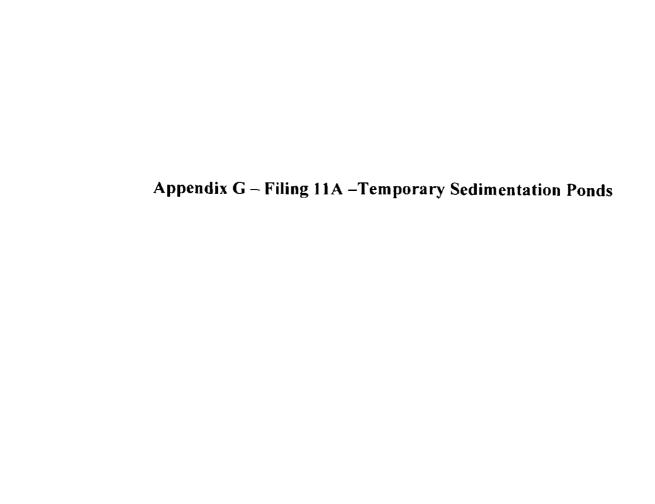
Actual area per row per riser: 3.53 in^2 Actual area per riser: 17.7 in^2 Actual area per riser: 0.123 ft^2

			TABLE	SB-2			
Hole I	Dia (in)			Area per	Row (in ²))	
Holes	per Row	- I	2	3	4	5	6
Min stee	thickness	1/4	5/16	3/8	3/8	3/8	1/2
1/4	0.2500	0.05	0.10	0,15	0.20	0.25	0.29
5/16	0.3125	0 08	0.15	0.23	0.31	0.38	0.46
3/8	0.3750	0.11	0.22	0.33	0.44	0.55	0 66
7/16	0 4375	0.15	0,30	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.90
1/2	0.5000	0.20	0.39	0.59	0,79	0.98	1.18
9/16	0.5625	0.25	0.50	0.75	0.99	1.24	1.49
5/8	0.6250	0.31	0.61	0.92	1.23	1.53	1.84
11/16	0.6875	0.37	0.74	t.11	1,48	1.86	2.23
3/4	0.7500	0.44	0.88	1.33	1.77	2.21	2.65
7/8	0.8750	0.60	1.20	1.80	2.41	3.01	3.61
1	1.0000	0.79	1.57	2.36	3,14	3.93	4.71
1 1/8	1.1250	0.99	1.99	2.98	3.98	4.97	5.96
L 1/4	1.2500	1.23	2.45	3.68	4.91	6.14	7.36
1 3/8	1,3750	1.48	2.97	4,45	5.94	7.42	8.91
1 1/2	1,5000	1.77	3.53	5.30	7.07	8.84	10.60
1 5/8	1.6250	2.07	4.15	6.22	8.30	10.37	12.44
1 3/4	1.7500	2.41	4.81	7.22	9.62	12.03	14.43
1 7/8	1.8750	2.76	5.52	8.28	11,04	13.81	16.53
2	2.0000	3.14	6.28	9.42	12.57	15.71	18.85

Appendix F – Drainage Channel Calculations

R	Rating Table for OPEN SPACE CHANNEL								
Project Description									
Friction Method	Manning Formula								
Solve For	Normal Depth								
Input Data									
Roughness Coefficient	0	.030							
Channel Slope	0.04	1300	ft/ft						
Left Side Slope		4.00	ft/ft (H:V)						
Right Side Slope		4.00	ft/ft (H:V)						
Bottom Width	1	0.00	ft						
Discharge	3	3.00	ft³/s						

Channel Slope (ft/ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Top Width (ft)
0.00500	0.89	2.75	12.01	17.31	17.09
0.01000	0.73	3.48	9.47	16.04	15.86
0.01500	0.65	4.00	8.24	15.39	15.23
0.02000	0.60	4.41	7.48	14.97	14.82
0.02500	0.57	4.75	6.94	14.67	14.53
0.03000	0.54	5.05	6.53	14.43	14.30
0.03500	0.51	5.32	6.20	14.24	14.11
0.04000	0.49	5.57	5.93	14.08	13.96
0.04500	0.48	5.79	5.70	13.95	13.83
0.05000	0.46	5.99	5.51	13.83	13.72



MERIDIAN RANCH FILING 11A FINAL PLAT TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION SIZING SEDIMENTATION #1

Tributary Area: Required Volume Depth at Outlet

6.5 ac. 0.3 ac-ft 3.4 ft.

Area required per Row 0.45 in²

WS Elev: 7053.9

No. of columns

Hole size

I 3/4 in

	STAGE	•	STORAGE						
STAGE	ELEV	HEIGHT	ΑF	REA	VOLUME				
STAGE	CLE V	ribioni	sqft	acre	acſt	cum acft			
	7050.5	0		0.000	0.000	0.00			
2	7051	0.5	679.1	0.02	0.00	0.00			
3	7052	1.5	3762	0.09	0.05	0.05			
4	7053	2.5	5924	0.14	0.11	0.17			
5	7054	3.5	7738 0.18		0.16	0.32			

	TABLE SB-2								
Minimum stool thickness		1	2	3	4	5	6		
William Steel	Minimum steel thickness		5/16	3/8	3/8	3/8	1/2		
1/4	0.2500	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.29		
5/16	0.3125	0.08	0.15	0.23	0.31	0.38	0.46		
3/8	0.3750	0.11	0.22	0.33	0.44	0.55	0.66		
7/16	0.4375	0.15	0.30	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.90		
1/2	0.5000	0.20	0.39	0.59	0.79	0.98	1.18		
9/16	0.5625	0.25	0.50	0.75	0.99	1.24	1.49		
5/8	0.6250	0.31	0.61	0.92	1.23	1.53	1.84		
11/16	0.6875	0.37	0.74	1.11	1.48	1.86	2.23		
3/4	0.7500	0.44	0.88	1.33	1.77_	2.21	2.65		
7/8	0.8750	0.60	1.20	1.80	2.41	3.01	3.61		
1	1.0000	0.79	1.57	2.36	3.14	3.93	4.71		
1 1/8	1.1250	0.99	1.99	2.98	3.98	4.97	5.96		
1 1/4	1.2500	1.23	2.45	3.68	4.91	6.14	7.36		
1 3/8	1.3750	1.48	2.97	4.45	5.94	7.42	8.91		
<u>l 1/2</u>	1.5000	1.77	3,53	5.30	7.07	8.84	10. <u>6</u> 0		
1 5/8	1.6250	2.07	4.15	6.22	8.30	10.37	12.44		
1 3/4	1.7500	2.41	4.81	7.22	9.62	12.03	14.43		
1 7/8	1.8750	2.76	5.52	8.28	11.04	13.81	16.57		
2	2.0000	3.14	6.28	9.42	12.57	15.71	18.85		

MERIDIAN RANCH FILING 11A FINAL PLAT TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION SIZING

SEDIMENTATION #2

Tributary Area: Required Volume Depth at Outlet 3.4 ac. 0.1 ac-ft 0.8 ft.

Area required per Row

 1.60 in^2 WS Elev: 7049.4

> No. of columns

Hole size

2 Lin

	STAGE	,	STORAGE					
STAGE	ELEV	HEIGHT	AF	REA	VO	LUME		
STAGE	STAGE ELEV		_sqft	асте	acft	cum acft		
1	7048.6	0		0.000	0.000	0.00		
2	7049	0.4	3439	0.08	0.02	0.02		
3	7050	1.4	13888	0.32	0.20	0.21		

	TABLE SB-2								
Minimum stool	Minimum steel thickness		2	3	4	5	6		
iviiiiiiiuiii steei			5/16	3/8	3/8	3/8	1/2		
1/4	0.2500	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.29		
5/16	0.3125	0.08	0.15	0.23	0.31	0.38	0.46		
3/8	0.3750	0.11	0.22	0.33	0.44	0.55	0.66		
7/16	0.4375	0.15	0.30	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.90		
1/2	0.5000	0.20	0.39	0.59	0.79	0.98	1.18		
9/16	0.5625	0.25	0.50	0.75	0.99	1.24	1.49		
5/8	0.6250	0.31	0.61	0.92	1.23	1.53	1.84		
11/16	0.6875	0.37	0.74	1.11	1.48	1.86	2.23		
3/4	0.7500	0.44	0.88	1.33	1.77	2.21	2.65		
7/8	0.8750	0.60	1.20	1.80	2.41	3.01	3.61		
1	1.0000	0.79	1.57	2.36	3.14	3.93	4.71		
1 1/8	1.1250	0.99	1.99	2.98	3.98	4.97	5.96		
1 1/4	1.2500	1.23	2.45	3.68	4.91	6.14	7.36		
1 3/8	1.3750	1.48	2.97	4.45	5.94	7.42	8.91		
1 1/2	1.5000	1.77	3.53	5.30	7.07	8.84	10.60		
1 5/8	1.6250	2.07	4.15	6.22	8.30	10.37	12.44		
1 3/4	1.7500	2.41	4.81	7.22	9.62	12.03	14.43		
1 7/8	1.8750	2.76	5.52	8.28	11.04	13.81	16.57		
2	2.0000	3.14	6.28	9.42	12.57	15.71	18.85		

MERIDIAN RANCH FILING 11A FINAL PLAT TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION SIZING

SEDIMENTATION #3

Tributary Area: Required Volume Depth at Outlet 5.8 ac. 0.2 ac-ft 3.4 ft.

Area required per Row

 0.30 in^2 WS Elev: 7039.9

> No. of columns

Hole size

1 5/8 in

	STAGE		STORAGE						
STAGE	CL EM	HEIGHT	AF	REA	VO	LUME			
STAGE	ELEV	HEIGHT	sqft	sqft acre		cum acft			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
1	7036.5	0		0.000	0.000	0.00			
2	7037	0.5	1502	0.03	0.01	0.01			
3	7038	1.5	2355	0.05	0.04	0.05			
4	7039	2.5	3322	0.08	0.07	0.12			
5	7040	3.5	4630 0.11		0.09	0.21			

	TABLE SB-2								
Minimum at all	Minimum steel thickness		2	3	4	5	6		
Minimum steet			5/16	3/8	3/8	3/8	1/2		
1/4	0.2500	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.29		
5/16	0.3125	0.08	0.15	0.23	0.31	0.38	0.46		
3/8	0.3750	0.11	0.22	0.33	0.44	0.55	0.66		
7/16	0.4375	0.15	0.30	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.90		
1/2	0.5000	0.20	0.39	0.59	0.79	0.98	1.18		
9/16	0.5625	0.25	0.50	0.75	0.99	1.24	1.49		
5/8	0.6250	0.31	0.61	0.92	1.23	1.53	1.84		
11/16	0.6875	0.37	0.74	11.1	1.48	1.86	2.23		
3/4	0.7500	0.44	0.88	1.33	1.77	2.21	2.65		
7/8	0.8750	0.60	1.20	1.80	2.41	3.01	3.61		
1	1.0000	0.79	1.57	2.36	3.14	3.93	4.71		
L 1/8	1.1250	0.99	1.99	2.98	3.98	4.97	5.96		
1 1/4	1.2500	1.23	2.45	3.68	4.91	6.14	7.36		
1 3/8	1.3750	1.48	2.97	4.45	5.94	7.42	8.91		
1 1/2	1.5000	1.77	3.53	5.30	7.07	8.84	10.60		
L 5/8	1.6250	2.07	4.15	6.22	8.30	10.37	12.44		
1 3/4	1.7500	2.41	4.81	7.22	9.62	12.03	14.43		
1 7/8	1.8750	2.76	5.52	8.28	11.04	13.81	16.57		
2	2.0000	3.14	6.28	9.42	12.57	15.71	18.85		

Appendix H - Filing 11B - Drainage Calculation Addendum

- HEC-HMS Data and Results
 - Pond E Summary Sheets
- Pond E Stage Storage Tables

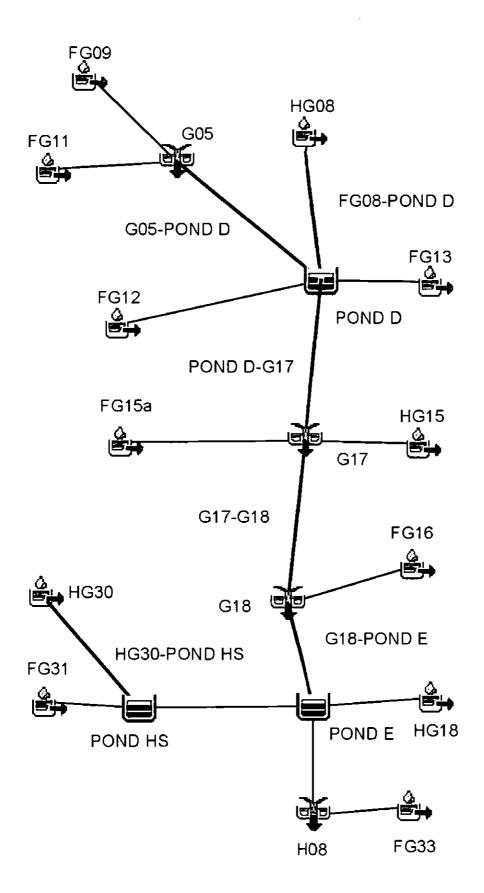
This appendix shows the impact that the development of Meridian Ranch Filings 11B will have to the storage capacity of Pond E. The below information includes the data input, schematic diagram and results of the proposed conditions for the development of Meridian Ranch Filing 11B. The calculations show a minor increase in total flow volume into Pond E. A fifty percent reduction of the opening on the Pond D top grate will reduce the peak flow out of Pond D and thus providing no major impact on Pond E. The additional development of Filing 11B does not adversely impact the property downstream of the project or Meridian Ranch.

Input Data

	AR	EA	CURVE	LAG					
BASIN	(acre)	(mi²)	NO.	TIME (min)					
		FILING 11	1B						
FG15a	10	0.0156	0.0	11.5	FILING 11A & 11B				
FG16	50	0.0773	0.0	18.3	FILING 11A & 11B				
HG17	72	0.1125	61.0	29.6	+				
HG18	95	0.1484	62.7	27.5					
HG30	49	0.0766	61.0	14.8					
FG31	59	0.0922	80.0	24.0	* (FG17)				
FG32	17 0.0273		65.2	14.5	+				
FG33	7	0.0109	71.6	11.7	<u>}</u>				

^{*} FROM APPR MERIDIAN RANCH MDDP

⁺ RATIONAL METHOD CALCULATION



FILING 11B											
HYDROLOGIC ELEMENT	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₁₀₀ (AC. FT.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q ₅ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₅ (AC. FT.)						
HG08	0.1375	107	10.5	24	3.1						
FG08-POND D	0.1375	107	10.5	24	3.1						
FG13	0.1188	80	8.5	16	2.4						
FG11	0.0608	85	7.2	30	2.8						
FG09	0.0500	51	4.1	13	1.3						
G05	0.1108	134	11.4	42	4.1						
G05-POND D	0.1108	134	11.4	42	4.1						
FG12	0.0328	55	4.1	21	1.7						
POND D	0.3999	57	29.5	8	8.0						
POND D-G17	0.3999	57	29.5	8	8.0						
HG15	0.1344	58	7.5	8	1.7						
FG15a	0.0156	27	1.8	10	0.7						
G17	0.5499	85	38.7	13	10.3						
G17-G18	0.5499	85	38.7	13	10.3						
FG16	0.0773	109	8.8	37	3.4						
G18	0.6272	175	47.6	50	13.7						
G18-POND E	0.6272	175	47.5	50	13.7						
FG31	0.0922	123	11.6	45	4.7						
HG30	0.0766	49	4.2	6	0.9						
HG30-POND HS	0.0766	48	4.1	6	0.9						
POND HS	0.1688	126	15.8	27	5.6						
HG18	0.1484	67	8.6	10	2.0						
POND E	0.9444	141	66.2	19	19.1						
FG33	0.0109	13	1.0	4	0.3						
H08	0.9553	73	67.2	14	19.4						
H09		67		6.2	15.4						
* FROM OUTLET S	TAGE-STORA	GE CALCULAT	ION								

FILINGS 11A & 11B DEVELOPED CONDITION Simulation Run: F11A&B-100 YR Reservoir: POND D

Start of Run: 09May2008, 08:00 Basin Model: Estates Rough Grading End of Run: 10May2008, 08:00 Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

Compute Time: 07Mar2014, 08:32:23 Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

> Volume Units: AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: 361 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Inflow: 09May2008, 14:14 Peak Outflow: 57 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Outflow: 09May2008, 15:08 Total Inflow: 34.5 (AC-FT) Peak Storage: 16.7 (AC-FT) Total Outflow: 29.5 (AC-FT) Peak Elevation: 7055.8 (FT)

Simulation Run: F11A&B-005 YR Reservoir: POND D

Start of Run: 09May2008, 08:00 Basin Model: Estates Rough Grading 10May2008, 08:00 End of Run: Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

Compute Time: 06Mar2014, 11:52:28 Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

> Volume Units: AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: 95 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Inflow: 09May2008, 14:18 Peak Outflow: 8 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Outflow: 09May2008, 16:24 Total Inflow: 11.2 (AC-FT) Peak Storage: 6.0 (AC-FT)

Total Outflow: 8.0 (AC-FT) Peak Elevation: 7053.5 (FT)

Simulation Run: F11A&B-100 YR Reservoir: POND E

Start of Run: 09May2008, 08:00 Basin Model: Estates Rough Grading End of Run: 10May2008, 08:00 Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

Compute Time: 07Mar2014, 08:32:23 Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

> Volume Units: AC-FT

Computed Results:

Date/Time of Peak Inflow: Peak Inflow: 340(CFS) 09May2008, 14:24 Peak Outflow: 141 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Outflow: 09May2008, 15:16 Total Inflow: 71.9 (AC-FT) Peak Storage: 17.5 (AC-FT) 66.2 (AC-FT) Peak Elevation: Total Outflow: 6971.2 (FT)

Simulation Run: F11A&B-005 YR Reservoir: POND E

Start of Run:

09May2008, 08:00

Basin Model:

Estates Rough Grading

End of Run:

10May2008, 08:00

Meteorologic Model: SCS TYPE IIA 100YR

Compute Time: 06Mar2014, 11:52:28

Control Specifications: 24 HR-2 MIN.

Volume Units:

AC-FT

Computed Results:

Peak Inflow: 73 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Inflow:

09May2008, 14:18

Peak Outflow: 19 (CFS) Date/Time of Peak Outflow:

09May2008, 16:46

Total Inflow: 21.3 (AC-FT) Peak Storage:

6.5 (AC-FT)

Total Outflow: 19.1 (AC-FT)

Peak Elevation:

6969.7 (FT)

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond D - Interim AS-BUILT MERIDIAN RANCH FILINGS 11A & 11B Heagler Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

Dimensions

embankment length =	710
embankment elev =	7060
spillway length =	100
spillway elevation =	7058
100 year storage clev.=	7055.8
100 year storage vol.=	16.8
100 year discharge=	57
5 year storage elev.=	7053.5
5 year storage vol.=	6.0
5 year discharge=	- 8
WQCV storage vol.=	1,0
WQCV depth=	2.3
1/2 WQCV storage vol.=	0.50

Туре		Width (fl.)	X Height (ft.)	Dia.(in)		(sqft)		
Rectangular	Orifice 1:	0.03	2.3		Алеа =	0.069	Elev to cl =	7050,15
Circular	Onfice 2:			. 8	Area =	0.349	Elev to cl =	7051.3
Rectangular	Orifice 3:	5	0.5		Area =	2.500	Elev to cl =	7053.25
None Selected	Orifice 4:				Аген =	0.000	Elev to cl =	

 Stand Pipe Dimensions

 Rec Grate
 3
 x
 4.25
 Elev =
 7054.8

 Circ, Grate
 dia.
 Elev =

Outlet Culvert Dimensions

	_	W <u>idth</u> (fl.)		Height (ft.)	Dia. (fl.)	Type
	Outlet Culvert		λ		4	Circular
ì	Area	12.6		TOP		-
	Outlet I. E.	7048.5		7052.9		
	Wall Thick	5	in.			

STA	AGE		STO	RAGE			DISCHARG	E								
ELEV.	HEIGHT	ARI	EΑ	VOLU	IME	TOP OF	SPILLWAY		ORIFICE (max outflow)			GRATE (max outflow)	PIPE		REALIZED CULVERT	TOTAL
		sqft	асге	acft	cum acft	BANK		!	2	3	4	Rectangular	. 1	2	OUTFLOW	FLOW
7049	0	0	0.0	0.00	0.0											
7050	I	10705	0.2	1.0	0.12	-	- 1	0.2	-	-		-	13		0.2	0.150
7051	2	36676	0.8	0.5	0.67	-	.	0.3	0	-	-		33		0.8	0.791
7052	3	71989	1.7	1.2	1.91	-	-	0.5	1	-		-	60		1.9	1.858
7053	4	133440	3.1	2.4	4.27		- 1	0.6	2.2	-	-	-	90		28	2.752
7054	5	178828	4.1	3.6	7,86	•	- 1	0.7	2.8	10 4		-	119		13.8	13.838
7055	6	221269	5.1	46	12.45	-	- 1	0.7	3.2	15,9	-	3 1	139	i	23	22.975
7055.5	6.5	245509	5.6	2.7	15.13	-	- 1	0.8	3.4	18.1	-	20.2	148		42	42,475
7056	7	269749	6.2	5.6	18.08	-	1 - 1	0.8	3.6	20	-	45	157		70	69,761
7058	9	337508	7.7	13.9	32.03	-	-	0.9	4.4	26	-	110	188		141	141 336
7060	11	405520	9.3	31.0	49.09	-	848.5	1.0	5.0	31	-	140	214		177	1,025,796
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	11 70 61]					<u> </u>	L		. 1	- '

Notes:

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3 Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)

⁴⁾ Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No. 5 - or - 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No. 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-TEMP CMP RISER (TOTAL FLOWS)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

INTERIM - FILINGS 11A & 11B

embankment length =	1860
embankment elev =	6976
spillway length =	200
spillway_elevation =	6974.5
100 year storage elev.=	6971.2
100 year storage vol.=	17.5
100 year discharge=	141
5 year storage elev.=	6969.7
5 year storage vol.=	6.5
5 year discharge=	19
WQCV storage elev.=	6968.4
WQCV storage vol.=	1.6
1/2 WQCV storage elev.=	6968.1
1/2 WOCV storage vol.=	0.8

ST	AGE		STO	RAGE						TO	TAL DISCH	ARGE					
ELEV	HEIGHT	ARI	EA	VOLU)ME	TOP OF	SPILLWAY		ORIFICE (max outflow)			GRAT (max outf		PIPI	₹	REALIZED CULVERT	TOTAL
		sqft	асте	acfl	çum acft	BANK		l l	2	3	4	Circut	ar	1	2	OUTFLOW	FLOW
<u>6</u> 967	0	3110	0.07	0.0	0,0			-	-	· ·	-	-	-	0.9			-
6968	1	49719	1.14	0.6	0,6	-	-	0.2	-	-	-		-	17.7	٠.	0.2	0.2
6969	2	148073	3.40	2.3	2,9	-	-	0.4	-	76	-	- 1	-	51.6	١.	7.9	7.9
6970	3	282553	6.49	4.9	7.8	-	- 1	0.5	11.7	10.7	-		-	97.2	-	23	23
6970.5	3.5	345630	7.93	3.6	11.4	-	-	0.5	35.6	12.0	-	-	-	121.6	-	48	48
6971	4	408706	9.38	7.9	15.8	-	-	0.6	67.3	13.1	-	11.4		145.4	-	92	9:
6971.25	4.25	428868	9.85	2.4	18.2	-] - [0.6	85.4	13.6	-	167.3	-	157.4		157	157
6971.5	4.5	449030	10.31	4.9	20 7	-	1 - 1	0.6	96.9	14.1	-	415.2	-	168.2		168	168
6971.75	4.75	469192	10.77	2.6	23.3	-	1 - 1	0.6	106,1	14.6	-	728.3	-	178.2	١.	178	178
6972	5	489354	11.23	5.4	26.1	-	· -	0.6	114.6	15.L	-	1,095.2	-	187.2	٠.	187	187
6972.25	5.25	496911	11.41	2.8	28.9	-	i - I	0.7	122.6	15.6	-	1,508.7	-	195.4		195	19:
6972.5	5,5	504468	11.58	5.7	31.8	-	i - I	0.7	1,30,0	16.0	•	1,964.2	-	203.4	١.	203	200
6973	6	519582	11.93	11.6	37.6	-	- 1	0.7	143.7	16,9	-	2,987.6	-	218.8	١.	219	219
6974	7	532469	12.22	12.1	49.7	-	-	0.8	167.8	18.5	-	5,421.8	-	247.3	-	247	241
6976	9	557640	12.80	25.0	74.7	-	1,102	0.9	207.8	21.4	-	11,551.3	-	297.1	-	297	1,399
			1										1		l		
		Ll					J. J]		J	J	J J	

Notes:

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)
- 4) Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No. 5 or 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No. 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-TEMP CMP RISER (H08)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

Dimensions

embankment length =	1860
embankment elev =	6975
spillway length =	200
spillway elevation =	6974
100 year storage elev.=	6971.2
100 year storage vol.=	17.5
100 year discharge=	73
5 year storage elev.=	6969.7
5 year storage vol.=	6.5
5 year discharge=	12
WQCV storage elev.=	6968.4
WQCV storage vol.=	1.6
1/2 WQCV storage elev.=	6968.1
1/2 WQCV storage vol.=	0.8

Type		H or V	Width (fl.) 2	K Height (ft.)	Dia.(in)		(sqft)		
Rectangular	Orifice 1:	V	0.0310	1.00		Area =	0.031	Elev to cl =	6967.50
Rectangular	Onlice 2:	V	8	1.5		Area =	12.000	Elev to cl =	6970.20
Circular	Orifice 3:	Н			12	Area =	0.785	Elev to cl =	6968.00
None Selected	Orifice 4:	v				Area =	0.000	Elev to cl =	6967.50
D 10' D'									

Type

Circular

Stand Pipe Dimensions

 Rec Grate
 λ
 Elev =
 6970.95

 Circ. Grate
 54
 dia.
 Etev =
 6970.95

Outlet Culvert Dimensions

	_															
Sï	ΓA <mark>GE</mark>		STO	RAGE			DISCHARC)E								
	Г								ORIFICE			GRATE			REALIZED	
ELEV	HEIGHT	AR	EA	VOLU		TOP OF	SPILLWAY		(max outflow)			(max outflow)	PIPE	:	CULVERT	TOTAL
	<u></u>	sqfl	асте	acft	cum acfi	BANK		1	2	3	4	Circular	ı	2	OUTFLOW	FLOW
6967	0	3110	0 07	0.0	0.0			-		-		-	0		- 1	-
6968] 1	49719	1,14	0.6	0.6			0.1	-	-	-	-	9		0.1	0.093
6969	2	148073	3.40		2.9			0.2	-	3.8	-		26		4.0	3.964
6970	3	282553	6.49	-	7.8			0.2	9.8	5.3		-	49		15	15.373
6970.5	3,5	345629.5	7.93					0.3	25.8	6.0	-		61		32	32,060
6971	4	408706	9.38					0.3	46.3	6.6	-	6	73		59	58.833
6971.25	4.25	428868	9.85		18.2			0.3	58.0	6.8	-	84	78		78	78 450
6971.5	4.5	449030	10.31		20.7			0.3	65.9	7.1	-	208	83		83	83]
6971.75	4.75	469192	10.77		23.3		ľ	0.3	71.9	7.3	-	364	88		88	88
6972	5	489354	11.23	5.4			i	0.3	77.5	7.6		548	92		92	92
6972.25	5.25	496911	11.41	2.8				0.3	82.7	7.8	-	754	97		97	97
6972.5	5.5	504468	11.58	5,7				0.3	87.6	8.0	-	982	101		101	101
6973	6	519582	11.93					0.4	96.7	8.5	-	1,494	108		108	108
6974	7	532469	12.22	12.1	49.7			0.4	112.6	9.3		2,711	122		122	122
6976	9	557640	12.80	25.0	74.7			0,4	139.2	10.7	-	5,776	146		146	146
											1					

Notes

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3P1/^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)
- 4) Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No. 5 or 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No. 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

Meridian Ranch Proposed Detention Pond E-TEMP CMP RISER (H09)

Gieck Basin - El Paso County, Colorado

Data for spillway and embankment:

Data for outlet pipe and grate:

Dimensions

embankment length =	1860
embankment elev =	6976
spillway length =	200
spillway elevation =	6974.5
100 year storage elev =	6971.2
100 year storage vol.=	17.5
100 year discharge=	67
5 year storage elev.=	6969.7
5 year storage vol =	6.5
5 year discharge≃	66
WQCV storage elev.=	6968.4
WQCV storage vol.=	1.6
1/2 WQCV storage elev.=	6968.1
1/2 WQCV storage vol.=	0,8

			Dillionsions						
Type		H or V	Width (fl.) 2	K Height (ft.)	Dia.(in)		(sqft)		
Rectangular	Orifice 1:	V	0.0310	1.00		Area =	0.031	Elev to cl =	6967,50
Rectangular	Orifice 2:	V	5	1.2		Area ≠	6.000	Elev to cl =	6970.35
Circular	Orifice 3:	Н			12	Area =	0.785	Elev to cl =	6968,00
None Selected	Orifice 4:	V				Area =	0.000	Elev to cl =	6967.33
Stand Pipe Dimensions						_			<u> </u>

 Rec Grate
 x
 Elev =
 6970.95

 Circ. Grate
 54
 dia.
 Elev =
 6970.95

Outlet Culvert Dimensions

 Width (fl.)
 Height (fl.)
 Dia. (fl.)

 Outlet Culvert
 \(\lambda \)
 3.5

 Area
 9.6
 TOP

 Outlet I. E.
 6966.8
 6970.67

 Wall Thick.
 5
 in

Circular

			Waji i			ın.								
AGE		STO	RAGE			DISCHARC	iE							
						j		ORIFICE			GRATE		REALIZED	
HEIGHT	AREA		VOLL			SPILLWAY		(max outflow)			(max outflow)	PIPE	CULVERT	TOTAL
	sqfl	асте	acfl	cum acfl	BANK	ļ	1	2	3	4	Circular	l l	2 OUTFLOW	FLOW
0	3110	0.07	0.0	0.0			-	-	_	-	- ,	0.5	•	-
1	49719	1.14	0.6	0.6		ł	0,1	-	-	-	-	8,8	0.	0.1
2	148073	3.40	2.3	2.9			0.2	-	3,8	-	-	26	4.	0 4.0
3	282553	6.49	4.9	7.8			0.2	1.9	5.3	-	•	49	7.	5 7.5
3.5	345629.5	7.93	3.6	11.4			0.3	9.7	6.0	-	•	61	16.	D 16
4	408706	9,38	7.9	15.8			0.3	21.0	6.6	-	6	73	33.	
4.25	428868	9,85	2.4				0.3	27.4	6.8	-	84	79	78.	79
4.5	449030	10.31	4.9				0.3	31.0	7.1	•	208	85	84.	7 85
4.75	469192	10 77	2.6	23.3			0.3	34.2	7.3	-	364	90	90.	1 90
5	489354	l 1.23	5.4	26.1			0.3	37.1	7.6	-	548	95	94.	8 95
5,25	496911	11.41	2.8	28.9			0.3	39.8	7.8	-	754	99	98.	7 99
5.5	504468	11.58	5.7	31.8			0.3	42.4	8.0	-	982	103	102.	7 103
6	519582	11.93	11.6	37.6			0.4	47.0	8.5	-	1,494	111	110.	5 111
7	532469	12.22	12.1	49.7			0.4	55.2	9.3	-	2,711	125	125.	3 125
9	557640	12.80	25.0	74.7			0.4	68 7	10.7	-	5,776	151	151.	1 151
_											1			
	4 4.25 4.5 4.75 5 5.25 5.5 6 7	HEIGHT AREA sqft 0 3110 1 49719 2 148073 3 282553 3.5 345629.5 4 408706 4.25 42868 4.5 449030 4.75 469192 5 489354 5.25 496911 5.5 504468 6 519582 7 532469	HEIGHT AREA sqft acre 0 3110 0.07 1 49719 1.14 2 148073 3.40 3.5 345629.5 7.93 4 408706 9.38 4.25 428868 9.85 4.5 449030 10.31 4.75 469192 10.77 5 489354 11.23 5.25 496911 11.41 5.5 504468 11.58 6 519582 11.93 7 532469 12.22	AGE STORAGE HEIGHT AREA voll sqft acre acft 0	AGE STORAGE HEIGHT AREA sqft volume acft cum acft 0 3110 0.07 0.0 0.0 1 49719 1.14 0.6 0.6 2 148073 3.40 2.3 2.9 3 282553 6.49 4.9 7.8 4 408706 9.38 7.9 15.8 4.25 428868 9.85 2.4 18.2 4.5 449030 10.31 4.9 20.7 4.75 469192 10.77 2.6 23.3 5 489354 11.23 5.4 26.1 5.25 496911 11.41 2.8 28.9 5.5 504468 11.58 5.7 31.8 6 519582 11.93 11.6 37.6 7 532469 12.22 12.1 49.7	AGE STORAGE HEIGHT AREA VOLUME TOP OF sqft acre acft cum acft BANK 0 3110 0.07 0.0 0.0 1 49719 1.14 0.6 0.6 2 148073 3.40 2.3 2.9 3 282553 6.49 4.9 7.8 3.5 345629.5 7.93 3.6 11.4 4 408706 9.38 7.9 15.8 4.25 428868 9.85 2.4 18.2 4.5 449030 10.31 4.9 20.7 4.75 469192 10.77 2.6 23.3 5 489354 11.23 5.4 26.1 5.25 496911 11.41 2.8 28.9 5.5 504468 11.58 5.7 31.8 6 519582 11.93 11.6 37.6	AGE STORAGE DISCHARC HEIGHT AREA VOLUME TOP OF SPILLWAY sqft acre acft cum acft BANK 0 3110 0.07 0.0 0.0 1 49719 1.14 0.6 0.6 2 148073 3.40 2.3 2.9 3 282553 6.49 4.9 7.8 3.5 345629.5 7.93 3.6 11.4 4 408706 9.38 7.9 15.8 4.25 428868 9.85 2.4 18.2 4.5 449030 10.31 4.9 20.7 4.75 469192 10.77 2.6 23.3 5 489354 11.23 5.4 26.1 5.25 496911 11.41 2.8 28.9 5.5 504468 11.58 5.7 31.8 6 519582 11.93 11.6 37.6 7 532469 12.22 12.1 49.7	AGE STORAGE DISCHARGE HEIGHT AREA VOLUME TOP OF SPILLWAY 0 3110 0.07 0.0 0.0 - 1 49719 1.14 0.6 0.6 0.1 2 148073 3.40 2.3 2.9 0.2 3 282553 6.49 4.9 7.8 0.2 3.5 345629.5 7.93 3.6 11.4 0.3 4 408706 9.38 7.9 15.8 0.3 4.25 428868 9.85 2.4 18.2 0.3 4.5 449030 10.31 4.9 20.7 0.3 4.75 469192 10.77 2.6 23.3 0.3 5.25 496911 11.41 2.8 28.9 0.3 5.5 504468 11.58 5.7 31.8 0.3 6 519582 11.93	MGE	HEIGHT	HEIGHT AREA VOLUME TOP OF SPILLWAY Sqft acre acft cum acft BANK 1 2 3 4	HEIGHT AREA VOLUME TOP OF SPILLWAY ORIFICE (max outflow)	HEIGHT AREA VOLUME TOP OF SPILLWAY ORIFICE (max outflow) PIPE	AGE

Notes:

- 1) Top-of-bank and spillway flows are weir equations from section 11.3.1 in the DCM. Q=CLH^1.5 (C=3.0)
- 2) Orifice flows are also from section 11.3.1. Q=CA(2gH)^.5 (C=.6)
- 3) Grate flows are determined from equations 7-2 and 7-3. Weir Flow Q=(3PH^1.5)/F, Orifice Flow Q=4.815*AH^0.5)
- 4) Pipe flows use the lesser of: 1) Inlet control equations 27 & 28, page 146 of HDS No 5 or 2) Allowable Pipe Flow equation on page 11-9 of the DCM. Use Table 9, page 147-148, HDS No 5 for formulas 26 & 27.

Appendix I – Soil Resource Report



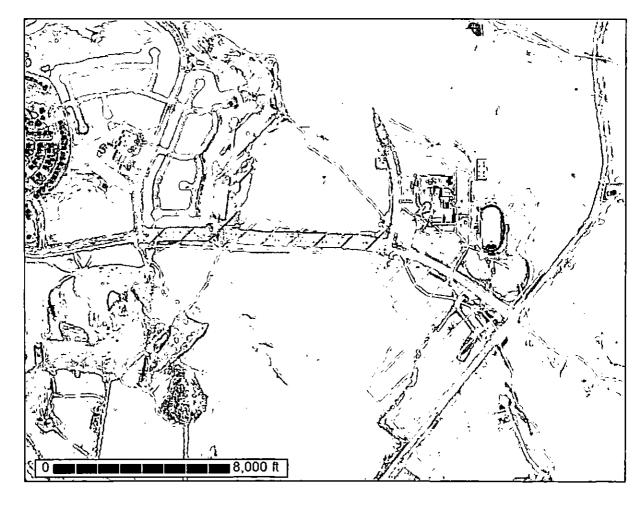
United States Department of Agriculture



NRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for El Paso County Area, Colorado



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://soils.usda.gov/sqi/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (http://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app? agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://soils.usda.gov/contact/state offices/).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Soil Data Mart Web site or the NRCS Web Soil Survey. The Soil Data Mart is the data storage site for the official soil survey information.

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83—Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	
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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA,

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the

Custom Soil Resource Report

individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

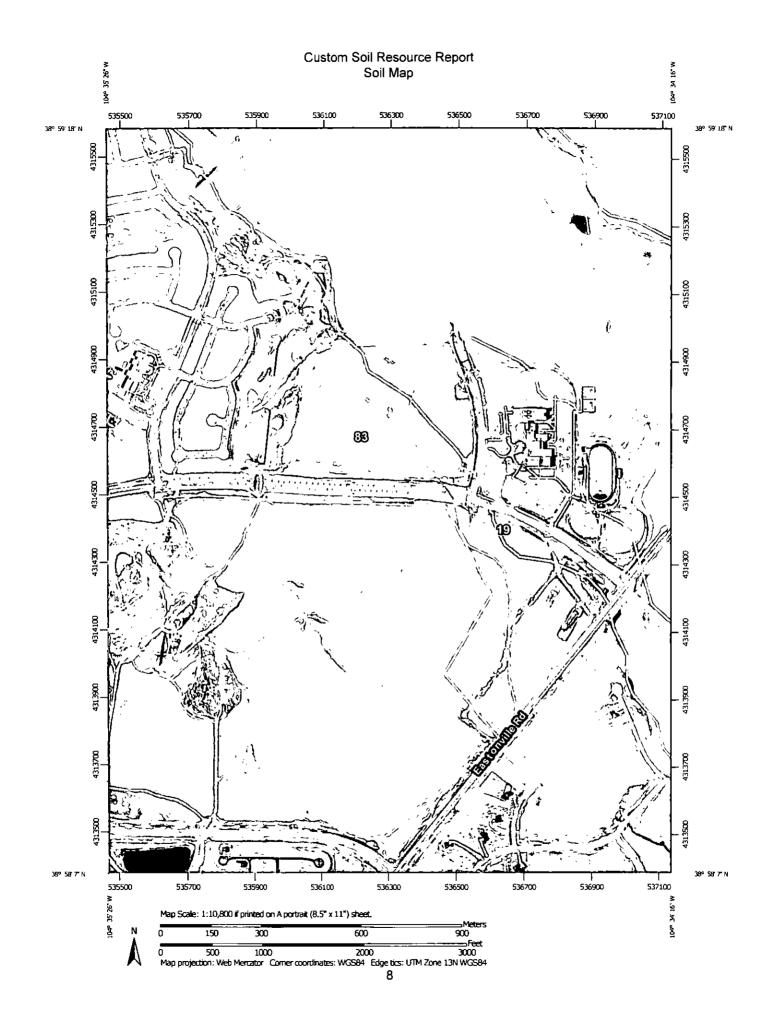
While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI) Spoil Area Area of Interest (AOI) Stony Spot Soits Very Stony Spot Soil Map Unit Polygons Wet Spot Soil Map Unit Lines Other Δ Soil Map Unit Points Special Line Features Special Point Features Water Features Blowout ø Streams and Canals Borrow Pit \boxtimes Transportation × Clay Spot +++ Closed Depression Interstate Highways Gravel Pit **US Routes** Gravelly Spot Major Roads -27-2 Landfill Ø Local Roads شيه Lava Flow Background Marsh or swamp Aerial Photography Mine or Quarry Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water Rock Outcrop Saline Spot Sandy Spot Severely Eroded Spot Sinkhole Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 9, Sep 17, 2012

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 15, 2011—Sep 22, 2011

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

El Paso County Area, Colorado (CO625)							
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI				
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	53.7	34.7%				
83	Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	100.9	65.3%				
Totals for Area of Interest		154.5	100.0%				

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If

Custom Soil Resource Report

intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An undifferentiated group is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

El Paso County Area, Colorado

19-Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

Elevation: 6,500 to 7,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days

Map Unit Composition

Columbine and similar soils: 85 percent

Description of Columbine

Setting

Landform: Fan terraces, fans, flood plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (5.95

to 19.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Very low (about 2.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e

Land capability (nonimigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: Gravelly Foothill (R049BY214CO)

Typical profile

0 to 14 inches: Gravelly sandy loam 14 to 60 inches: Very gravelly loamy sand

Minor Components

Fluvaquentic haplaquolls

Percent of map unit: Landform: Swales

Other soils

Percent of map unit:

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: Landform: Depressions

83—Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

Elevation: 6,500 to 7,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days

Map Unit Composition

Stapleton and similar soils: 80 percent

Description of Stapleton

Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Sandy alluvium derived from arkose

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Low (about 4.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Land capability (nonimigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: Gravelly Foothill (R049BY214CO)

Typical profile

0 to 11 inches: Sandy loam

11 to 17 inches: Gravelly sandy loam 17 to 60 inches: Gravelly loamy sand

Minor Components

Fluvaquentic haplaquolls

Percent of map unit: Landform: Swales

Other soils

Percent of map unit:

Custom Soil Resource Report

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: Landform: Depressions

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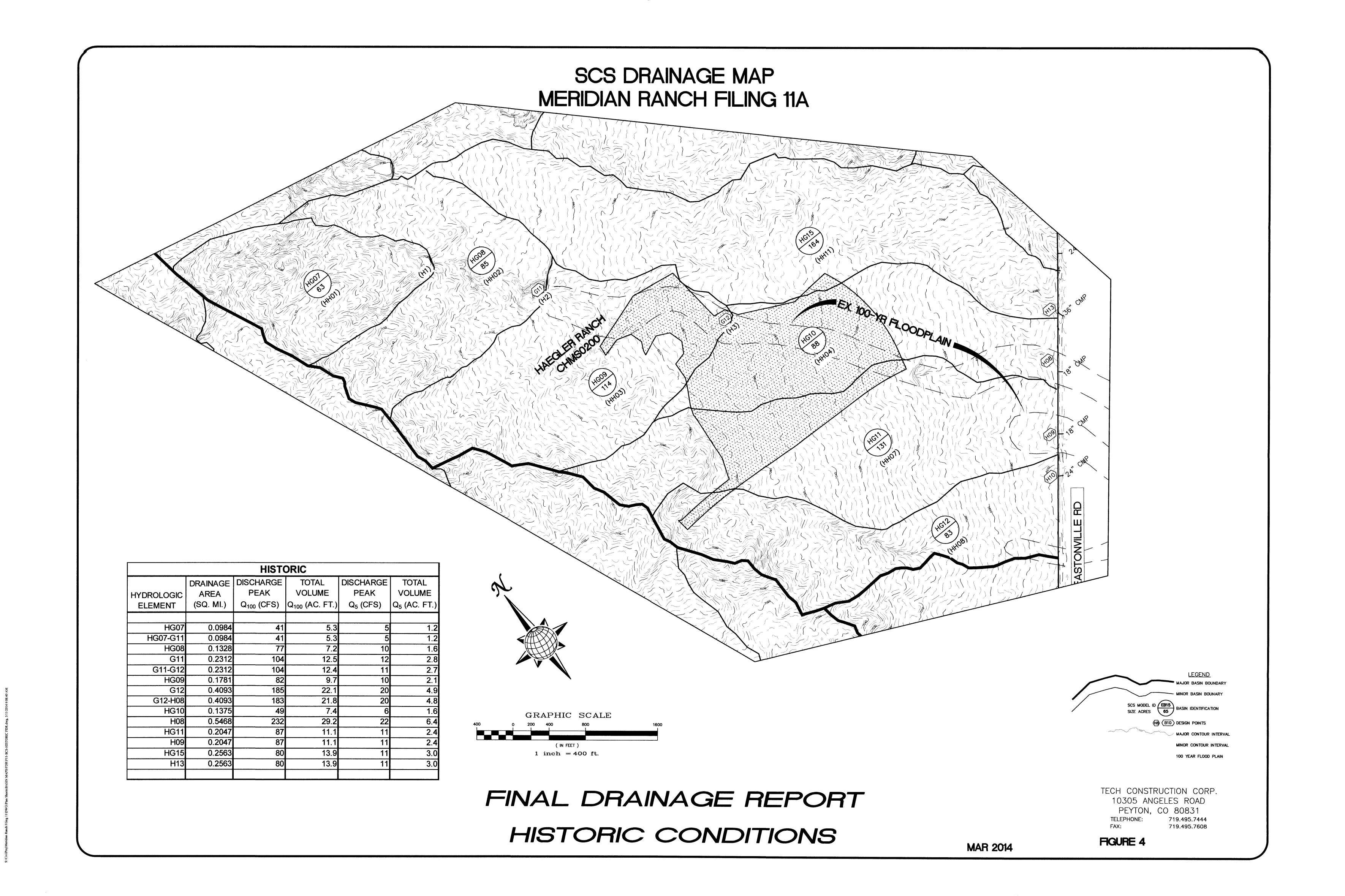
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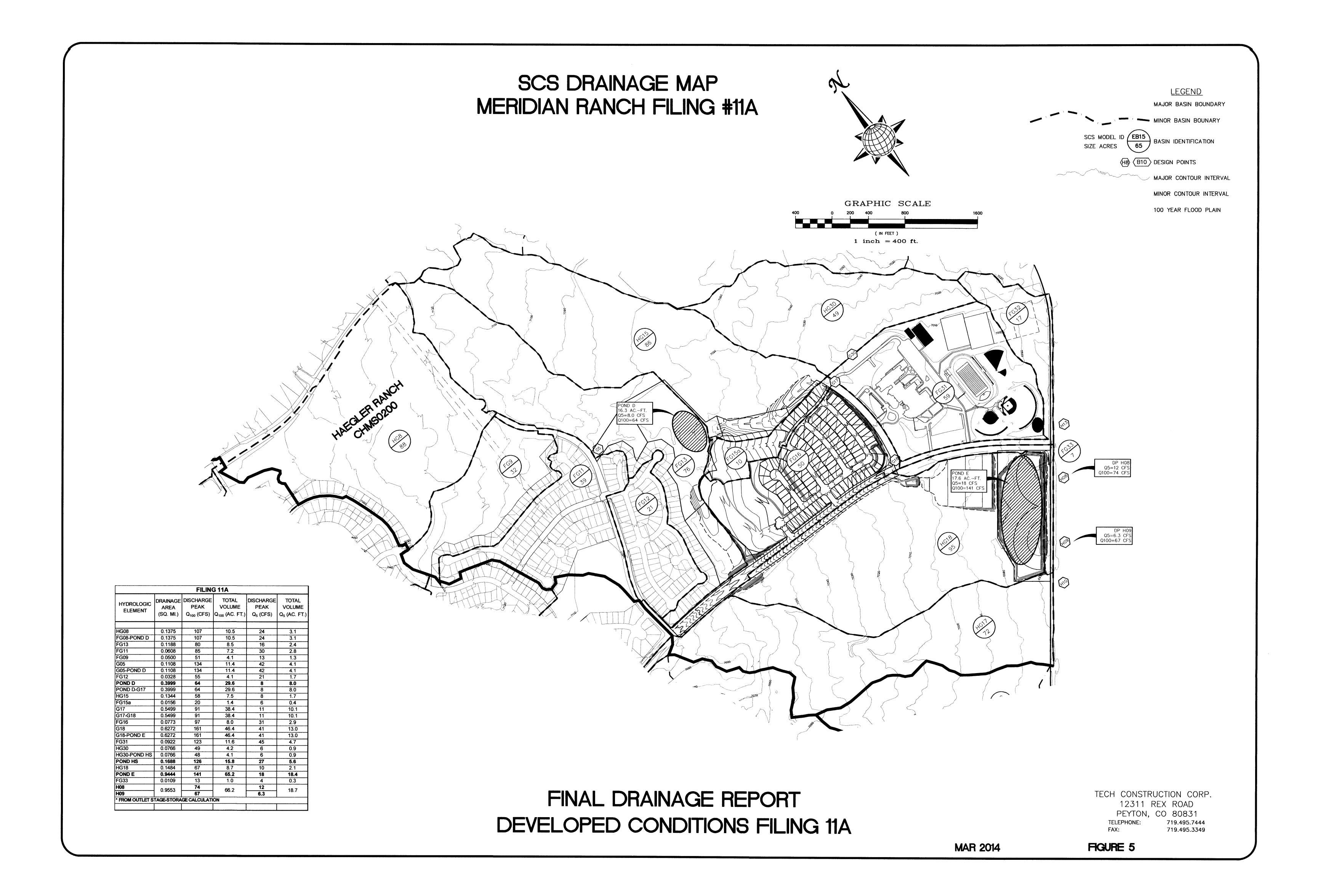
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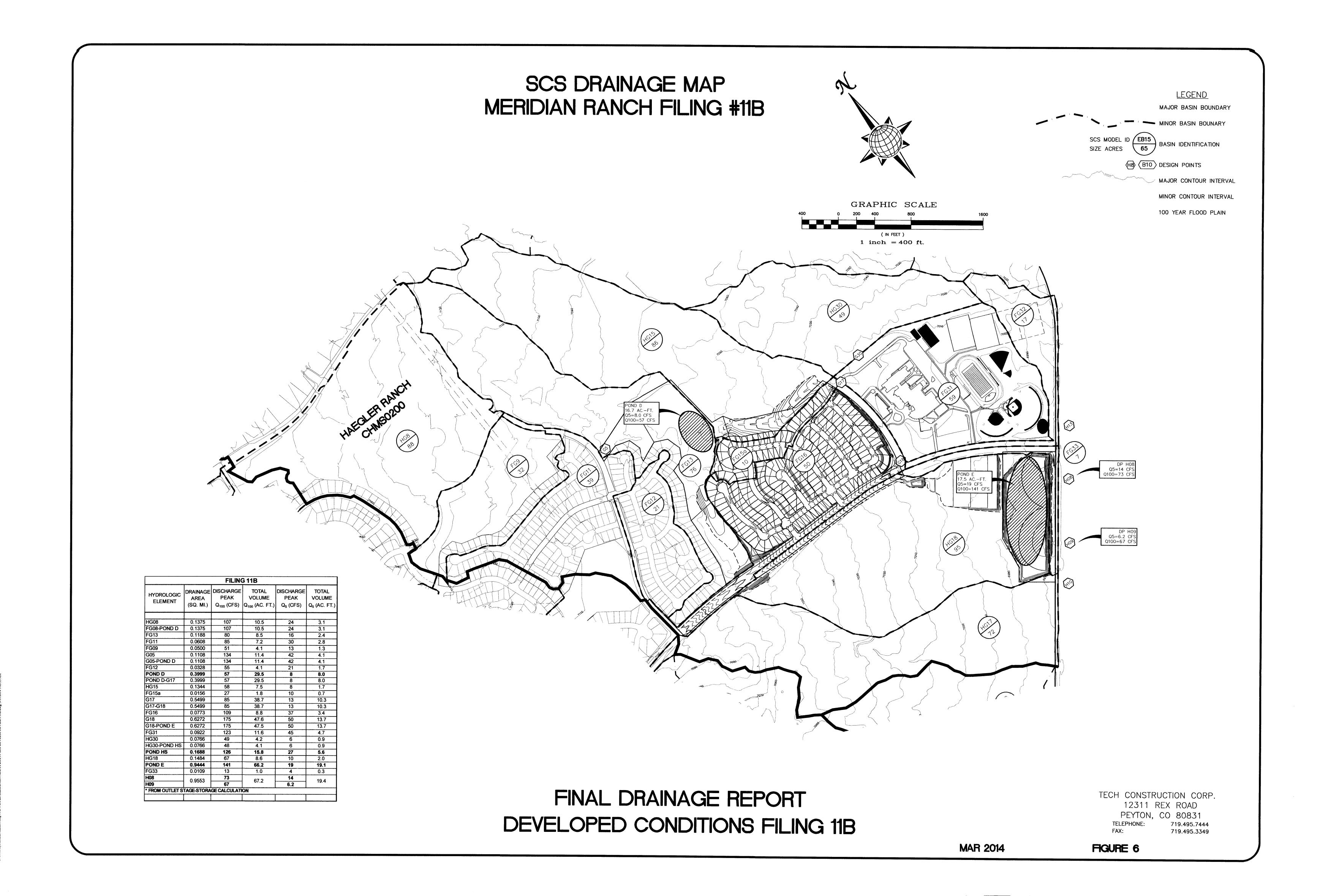
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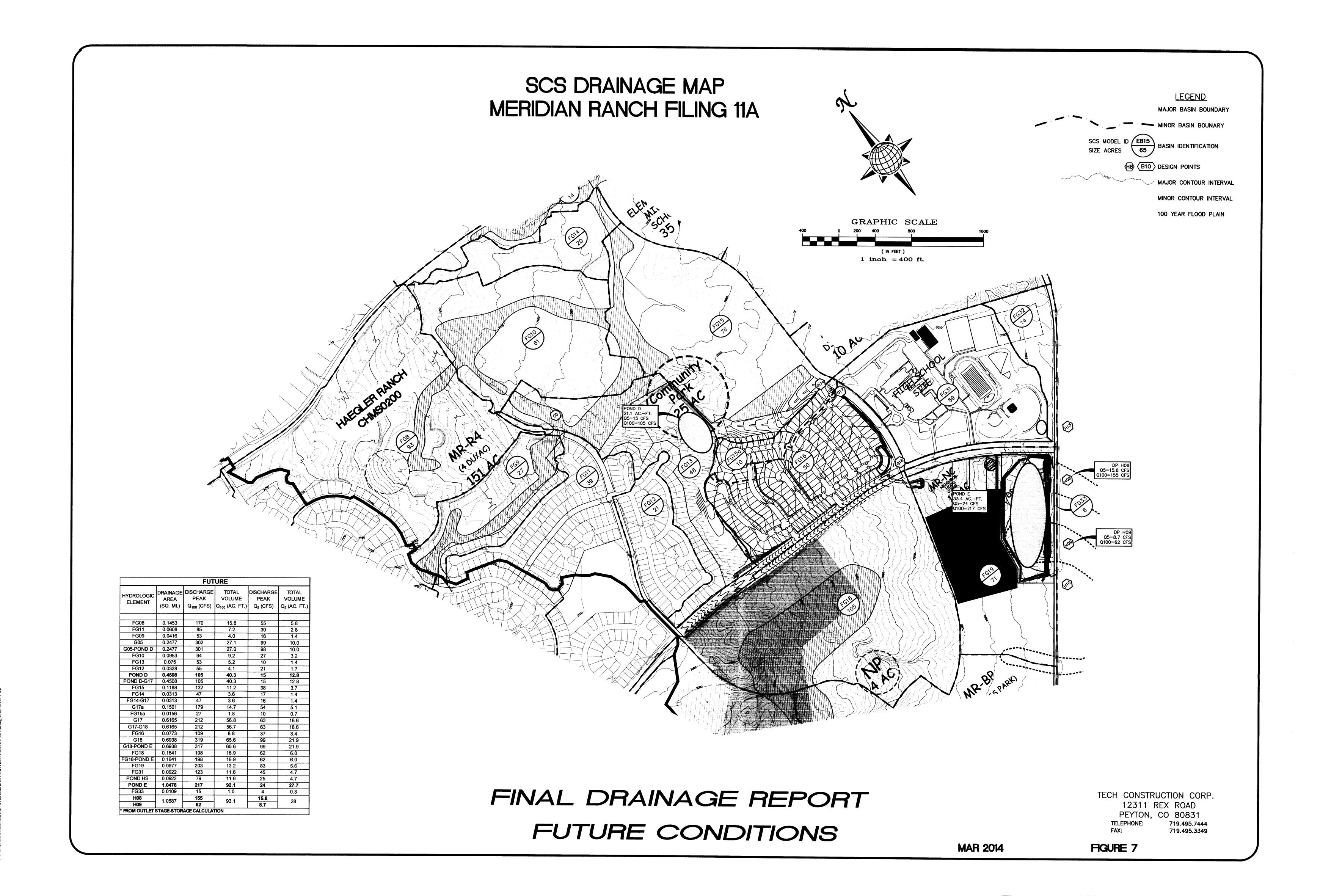
Custom Soil Resource Report

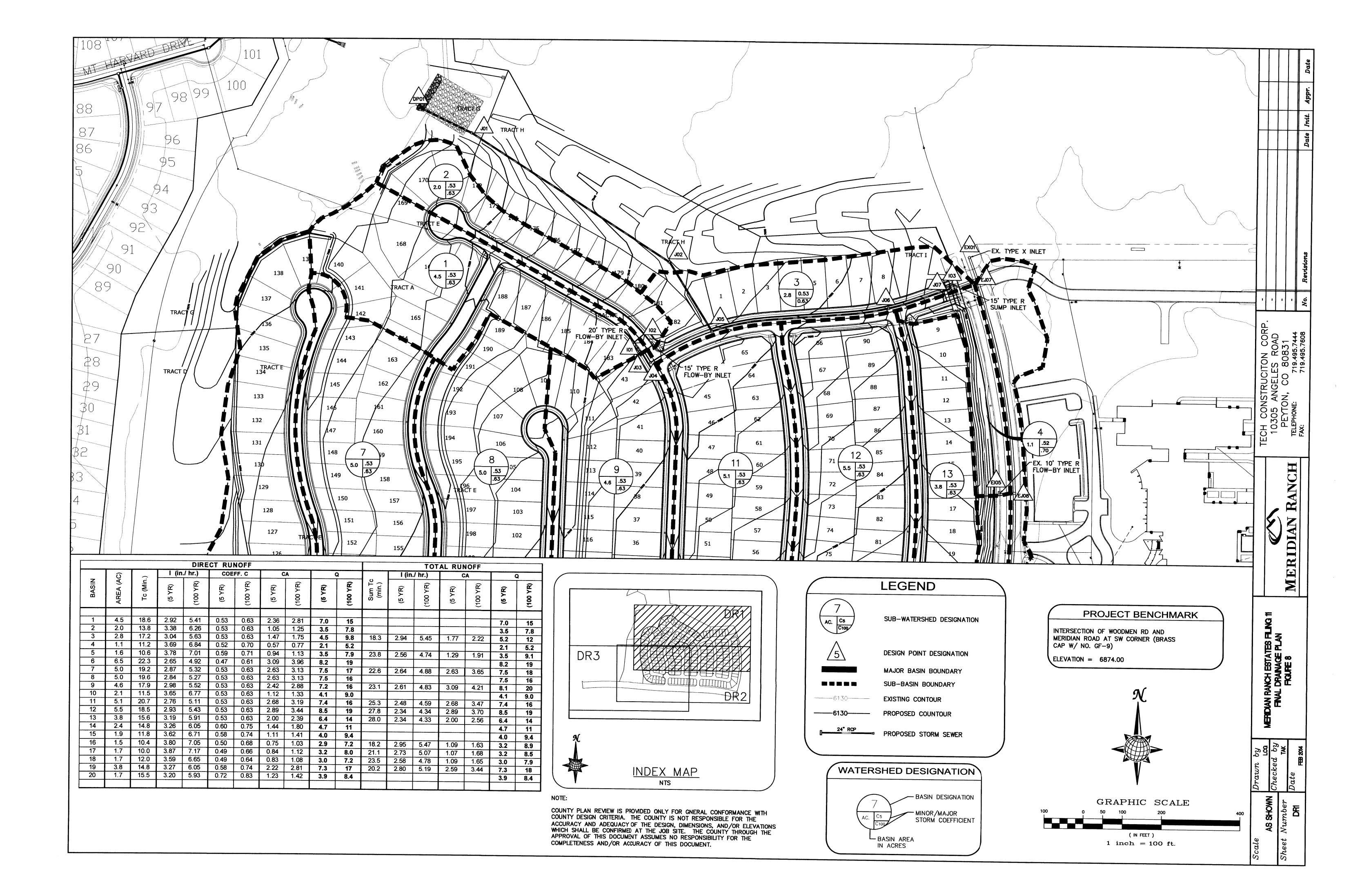
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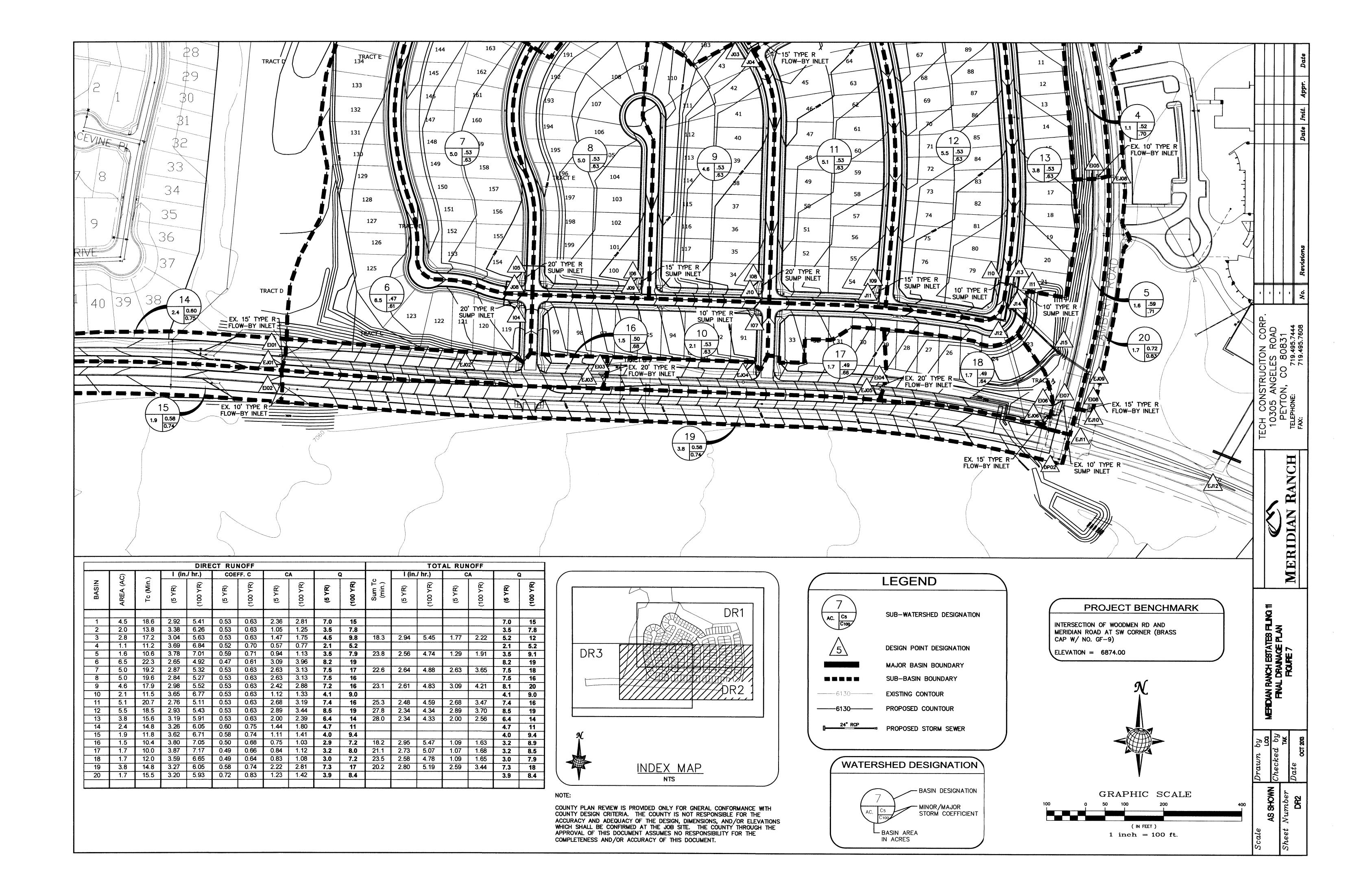


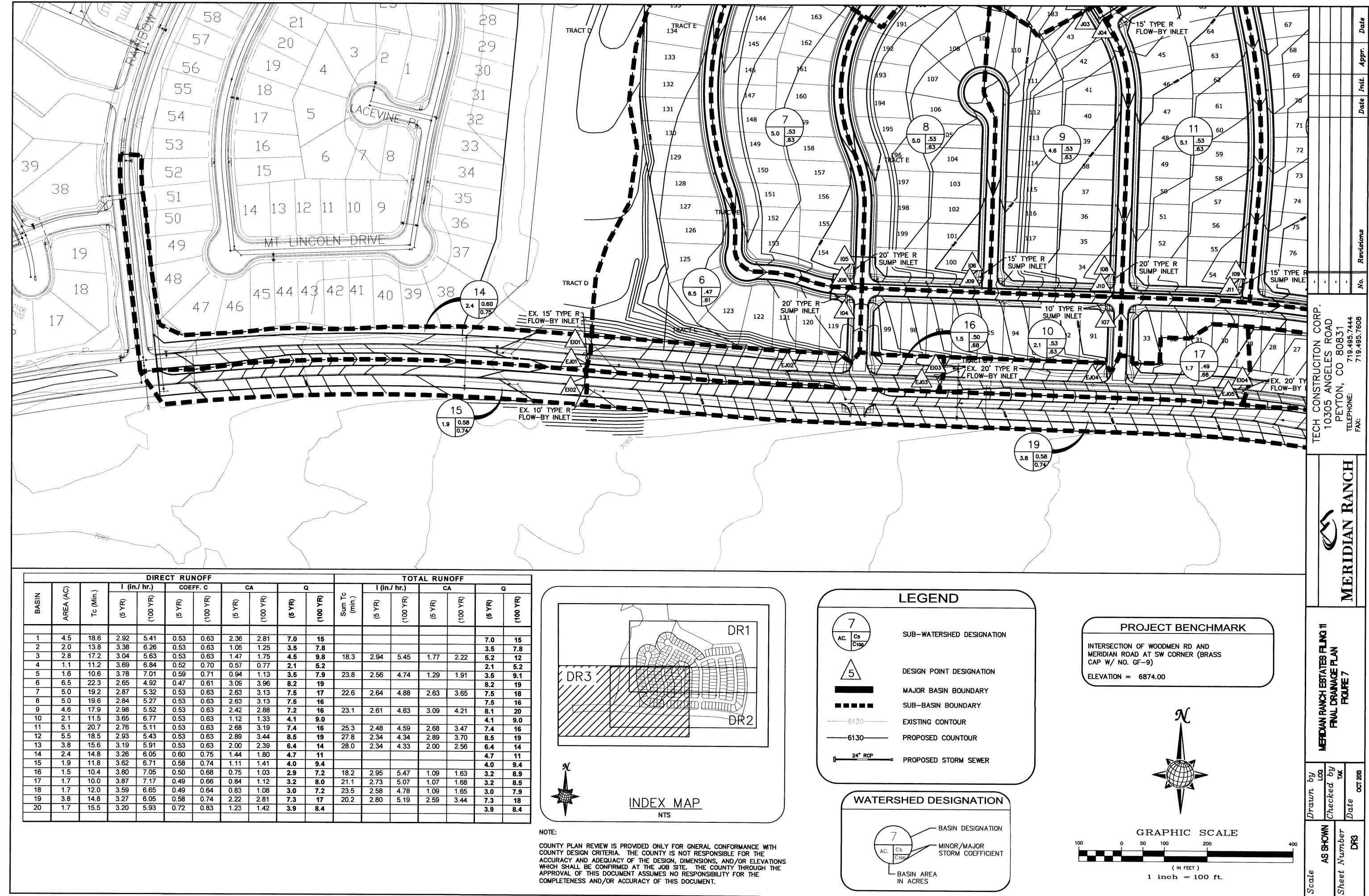






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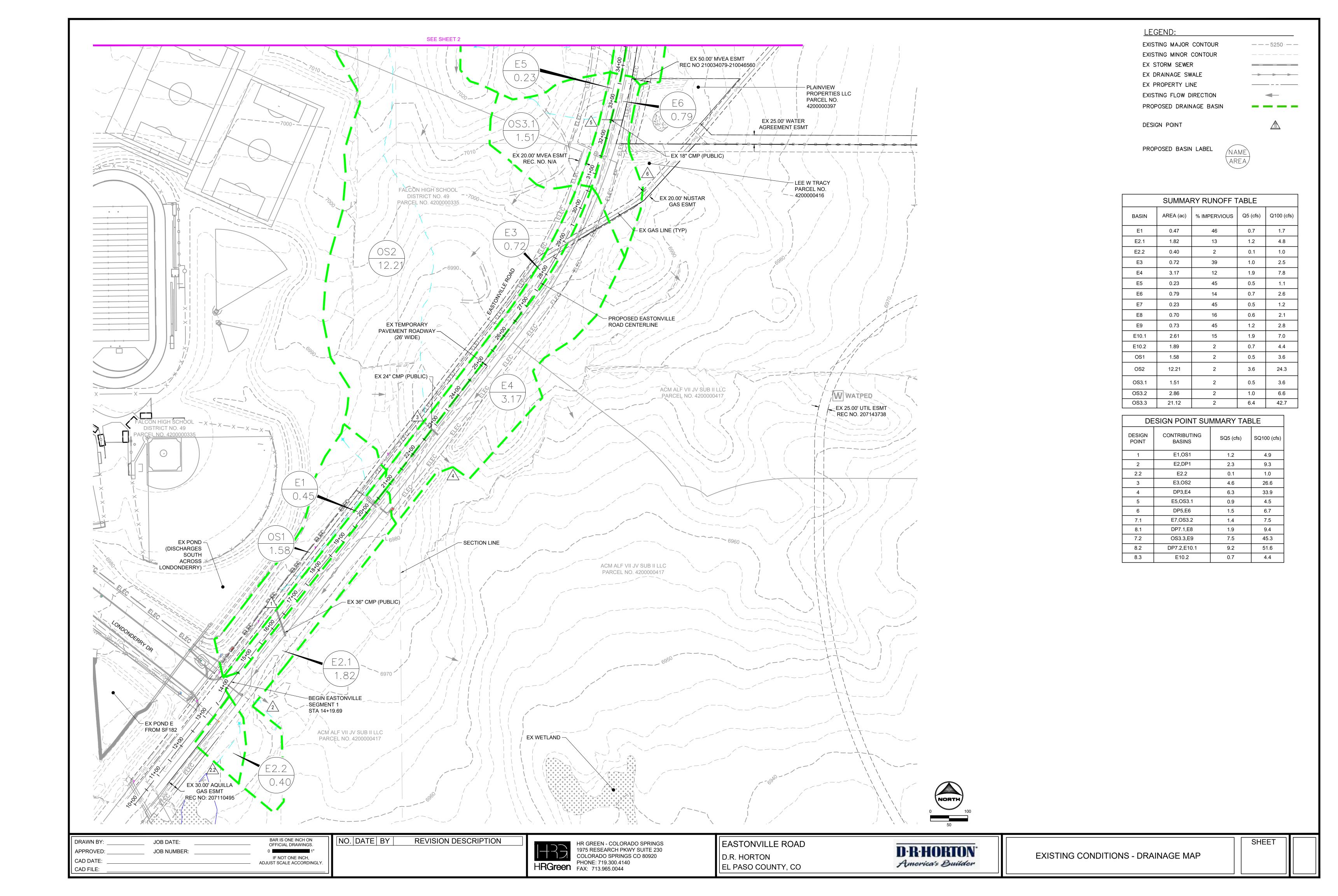


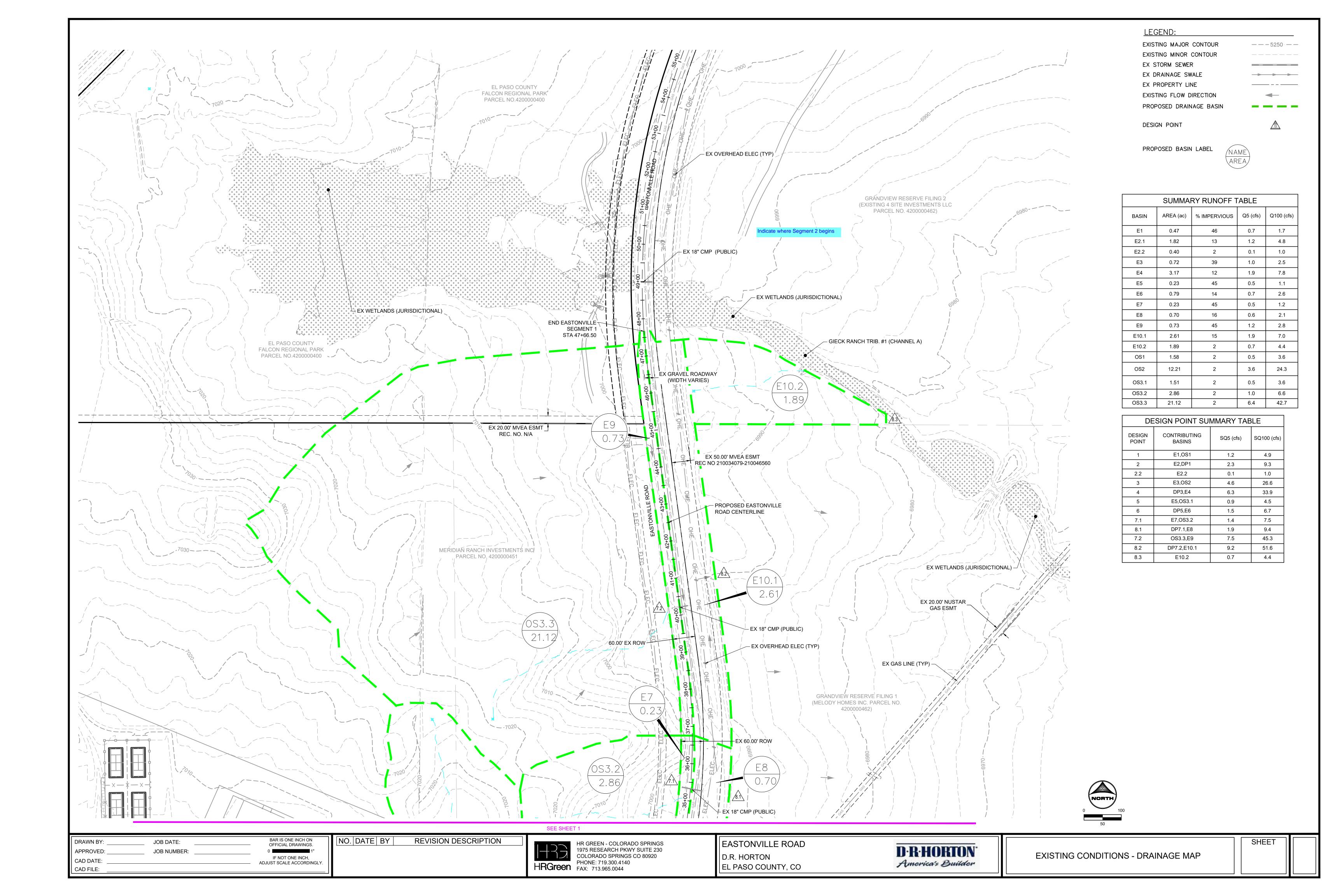


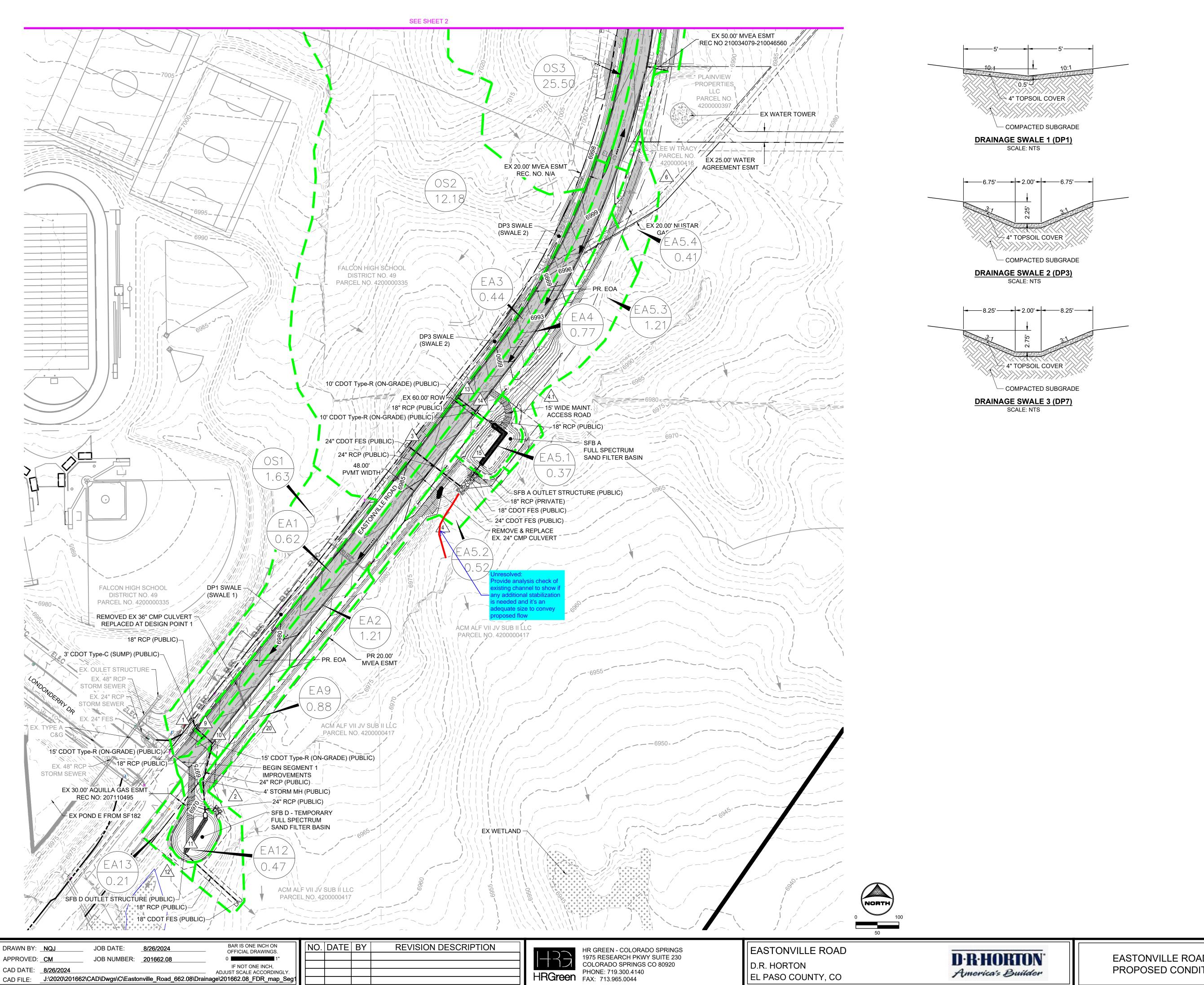




APPENDIX F - DRAINAGE MAPS







CAD FILE: J:\2020\201662\CAD\Dwgs\C\Eastonville_Road_662.08\Drainage\201662.08_FDR_map_Seg1

LEGEND: PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR PROPOSED STORM SEWER PROPOSED DRAINAGE SWALE PROPERTY LINE PROPOSED FLOW DIRECTION EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION

_____ PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASIN DESIGN POINT

PROPOSED BASIN LABEL

PRELIMINARY 100-YR FLOODPLAIN

WETLANDS

/NAME

------ 5250 ------

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE					
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q5 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)	
EA1	0.62	97	2.6	4.7	
EA2	1.21	50	2.5	5.6	
EA3	0.44	91	1.8	3.0	
EA4	0.77	52	1.7	2.9	
EA5.1	0.37	9	0.3	0.4	
EA5.2	0.52	0	0.2	1.6	
EA5.3	1.21	0	0.4	2.9	
EA5.4	0.41	0	0.1	1.0	
EA6	1.09	91	3.1	5.2	
EA7	1.92	52	3.2	5.4	
EA8	0.94	50	0.5	0.9	
EA9	0.88	35	0.4	0.6	
EA10.1	0.36	23	0.4	0.6	
EA10.2	1.06	23	1.4	4.4	
EA11	1.23	0	0.5	0.9	
EA12	0.47	25	0.6	1.7	
EA13	0.21	26	0.3	0.7	
EA8 & EA9 *Per	5.07	78	10.2	17.2	
Segment 2 FDR					
OS1	1.63	2	0.5	3.6	
OS2	12.18	2	3.6	24.2	
OS3	25.50	2	8.0	53.6	
083	25.50		0.0	33.0	

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE					
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING SQ5 (cfs)		SQ100 (cfs)		
1	OS1	0.5	3.6		
2	DP20, SFB D Release	0.7	5.0		
3	OS2	3.6	24.2		
4	EA 5.2, OS2, DP4.1, SFB A RELEASE	4.1	28.6		
4.1	EA5.3	0.6	3.5		
6	EA5.4	0.4	2.0		
7	OS3	8.0	53.6		
8.3	DP 22, OS3, EDB B RELEASE	9.7	58.1		
8.2	EA10.2	1.4	4.0		
9	DP1, EA1	3.3	9.3		
10	DP9, EA2	5.4	13.9		
11	DP10, EA12	5.8	15.2		
12	EA13	0.3	0.7		
13	EA3	1.8	3.0		
14	DP13, EA4	3.3	5.6		
15	DP14, EA5	3.5	5.9		
16	EA6	3.1	5.2		
17	DP16, EA7	6.2	10.3		
18	DP17	6.2	10.3		
19	DP18,EA8	6.6	11.1		
18U	DP17, EA8 & EA9 *PER SEGMENT 2 FDR	15.5	26.0		
19U	DP18U, EA8	15.8	26.6		
20	EA9	0.4	0.6		
8.1	EA10	0.4	0.6		
22	EA11	0.5	0.9		
NOTE: "II" DESIGNATION INDICATES III TIMATE CONDITION AETER					

NOTE: "U" DESIGNATION INDICATES ULTIMATE CONDITION AFTER

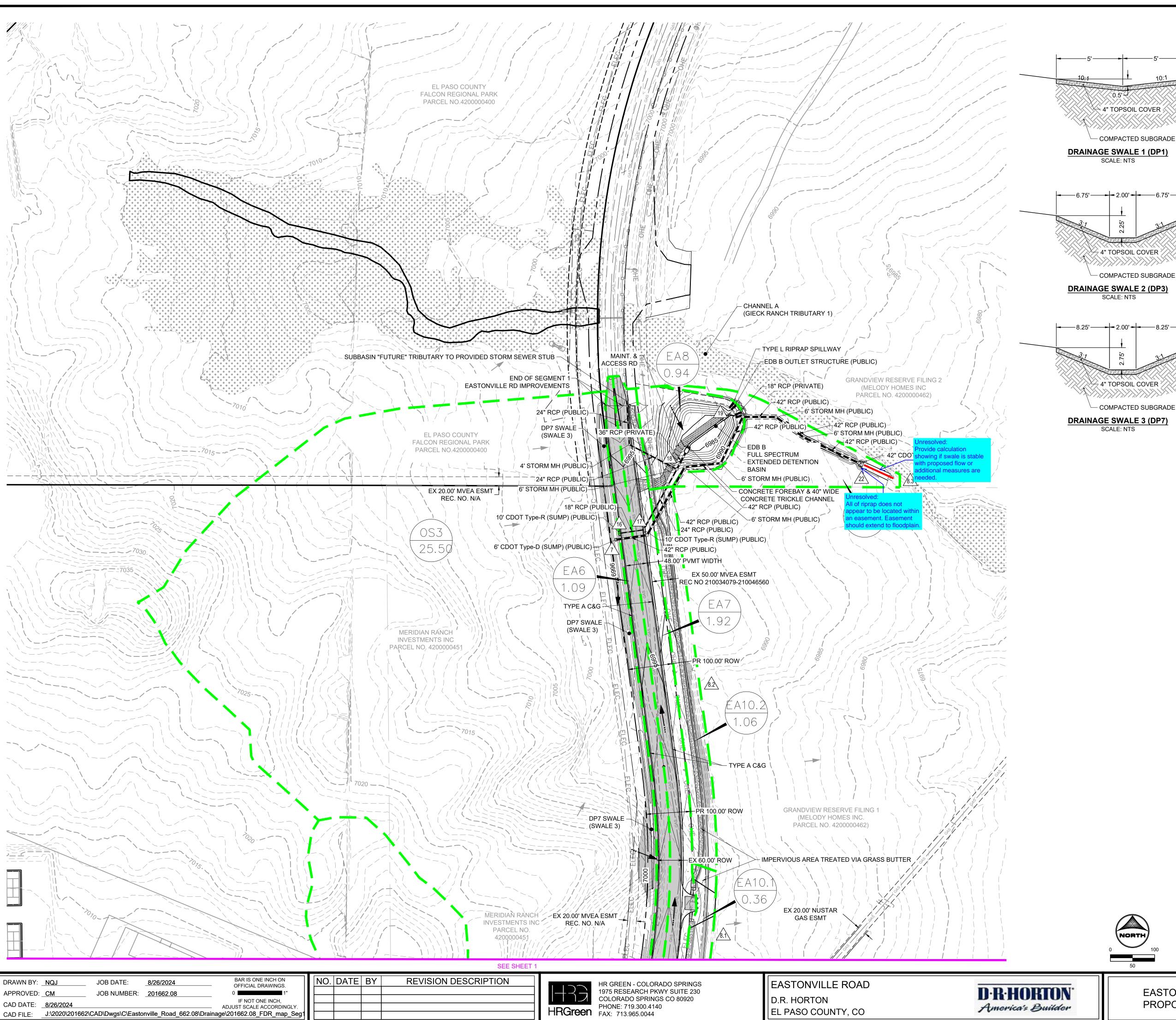
CONSTRUCTION OF SEGMENT 2

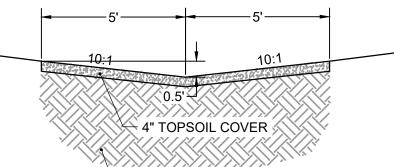
America's Builder

EL PASO COUNTY, CO

EASTONVILLE ROAD - SEGMENT 1 PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE MAP

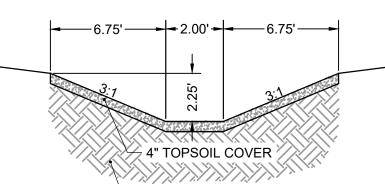




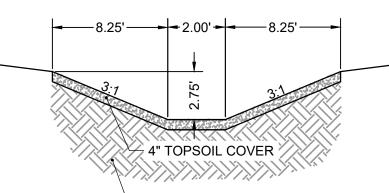


COMPACTED SUBGRADE

DRAINAGE SWALE 1 (DP1)



☐ COMPACTED SUBGRADE



LEGEND:

PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR PROPOSED STORM SEWER PROPOSED DRAINAGE SWALE PROPERTY LINE PROPOSED FLOW DIRECTION EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION

PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASIN DESIGN POINT

PROPOSED BASIN LABEL

PRELIMINARY 100-YR FLOODPLAIN

WETLANDS



—— 5250 ——

/NAME

	SUMMAI	RY RUNOFF T	ABLE	
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q5 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)
EA1	0.62	97	2.6	4.7
EA2	1.21	50	2.5	5.6
EA3	0.44	91	1.8	3.0
EA4	0.77	52	1.7	2.9
EA5.1	0.37	9	0.3	0.4
EA5.2	0.52	0	0.2	1.6
EA5.3	1.21	0	0.4	2.9
EA5.4	0.41	0	0.1	1.0
EA6	1.09	91	3.1	5.2
EA7	1.92	52	3.2	5.4
EA8	0.94	50	0.5	0.9
EA9	0.88	35	0.4	0.6
EA10.1	0.36	23	0.4	0.6
EA10.2	1.06	23	1.4	4.4
EA11	1.23	0	0.5	0.9
EA12	0.47	25	0.6	1.7
EA13	0.21	26	0.3	0.7
EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	5.07	78	10.2	17.2
OS1	1.63	2	0.5	3.6
OS2	12.18	2	3.6	24.2
OS3	25.50	2	8.0	53.6

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE					
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING SQ5 (cfs) BASINS		SQ100 (cfs)		
1	OS1	0.5	3.6		
2	DP20, SFB D Release	0.7	5.0		
3	OS2	3.6	24.2		
4	EA 5.2, OS2, DP4.1, SFB A RELEASE	4.1	28.6		
4.1	EA5.3	0.6	3.5		
6	EA5.4	0.4	2.0		
7	OS3	8.0	53.6		
8.3	DP 22, OS3, EDB B RELEASE	9.7	58.1		
8.2	EA10.2	1.4	4.0		
9	DP1, EA1	3.3	9.3		
10	DP9, EA2	5.4	13.9		
11	DP10, EA12	5.8	15.2		
12	EA13	0.3	0.7		
13	EA3	1.8	3.0		
14	DP13, EA4	3.3	5.6		
15	DP14, EA5	3.5	5.9		
16	EA6	3.1	5.2		
17	DP16, EA7	6.2	10.3		
18	DP17	6.2	10.3		
19	DP18,EA8	6.6	11.1		
18U	DP17, EA8 & EA9 *PER SEGMENT 2 FDR	15.5	26.0		
19U	DP18U, EA8	15.8	26.6		
20	EA9	0.4	0.6		
8.1	EA10	0.4	0.6		
22	EA11	0.5	0.9		
NOTE: "U" DESIGNATION INDICATES ULTIMATE CONDITION AFTER					

NOTE: "U" DESIGNATION INDICATES ULTIMATE CONDITION AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF SEGMENT 2

EASTONVILLE ROAD - SEGMENT 1 PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE MAP DRN

V3_Drainage Report Final - Segment 1.pdf Markup Summary

Callout (12) rovements outside Subject: Callout DP14 Page Label: 8 Author: CDurham osed landscaped st side of Date: 9/4/2024 5:29:03 PM DP10. Flows at Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Callout Per DP summary table, flows at DP 9 are 3.3 and Page Label: 34 9.3 cfs Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:20:54 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Callout Per DP summary table, flows at DP 10 are 5.4 and Page Label: 36 13.9 cfs Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:23:53 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Callout Per DP summary table, flows at DP 14 are 3.3 and Page Label: 40 5.6 cfs Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:26:16 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Callout Per DP summary table, flows at DP 17 are 6.2 and Page Label: 44 10.3 cfs Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:28:15 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Callout Where did these lengths come from? Length of Page Label: 45 Type D inlet is only 80" and Type C inlet is 48". Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:37:00 AM

> Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Subject: Callout

Page Label: 45 Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 11:50:25 AM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Factors seem low

24.2 cfs 0.80 ft 24 in Summary table 3.25 solts Subject: Callout Page Label: 86

Author: CDurham **Date:** 9/9/2024 12:43:36 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Summary table shows 28.6 cfs



Subject: Callout Page Label: 89 Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 12:52:31 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Slope should be what's on the back side of pond, usually 3:1 or 4:1

EAST OF THE PROBLEM

READON A REPORT OF THE PROBLEM

(E. A.S. of CARP CALVEST

(E. A.S. of CARP CALVES

(E.

Subject: Callout

Page Label: [1] Segment-1 Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 1:14:28 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Unresolved:

Provide analysis check of existing channel to show if any additional stabilization is needed and it's an

adequate size to convey proposed flow



Subject: Callout

Page Label: [1] Segment-1.2

Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 1:25:17 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Unresolved:

All of riprap does not appear to be located within

an easement. Easement should extend to

floodplain.



Subject: Callout

Page Label: [1] Segment-1.2

Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 1:27:19 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Unresolved:

Provide calculation showing if swale is stable with proposed flow or additional measures are needed.

C Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 95

H(Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/10/2024 3:41:10 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

.....

Overflow V Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 95

OVE Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/10/2024 3:41:12 PM

H∩ri∷ Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Depth to In Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 95 Ou Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:42:02 PM late Height Status: Color: Layer: Space: Spilly Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 95 Spi Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:43:33 PM d above Ma status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 95 Fre Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:44:33 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Tin Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 95 Tin Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:49:38 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 95 Tim Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:49:41 PM Tim Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 95 Rati Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:49:57 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 91 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater ft Date: 9/10/2024 3:52:17 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 91 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater ft Date: 9/10/2024 3:52:20 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 91 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:52:21 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 91 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:52:31 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 91 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 3:52:33 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Selec Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 107 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 4:46:45 PM \Matus: Color: Layer: Space:

Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 98 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:02:10 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 98 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:02:07 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 107 Wat Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 4:46:59 PM Darcantaga | Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 107 Perc Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 4:54:41 PM Perc Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 98 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:02:12 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 98 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:02:48 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Sta Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:06:29 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Stage of Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 ✓ Orifi Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:06:31 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 OVE Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:07:44 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 In Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:08:01 PM ton of 7one Status: Color: Layer: Space: of Zone us Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Ver Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:08:06 PM \/a Status: Color: Layer: Space: Verti Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Veri Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:08:08 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Subject: Checkmark Overflow Page Label: 104 ✓ Ov Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:08:31 PM Hor Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Overflo¹ Page Label: 104 OVE Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:08:33 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: **UV Subject:** Checkmark Page Label: 104 Hori Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:08:38 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Dep Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:08:55 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Depth to In Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Oul Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:09:02 PM ate Height , status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:09:22 PM Status: Color: Layer:

Space:

Subject: Checkmark gency Spilly Page Label: 104 Spill Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:09:24 PM Smilly Status: Color: Layer: Space: Sp Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Spil Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:09:26 PM Sr Status: Color: Layer: Space: Spilly Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Spil Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:09:29 PM d above Ma status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Free Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:09:39 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Spi Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 5:09:51 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: t: Orifice P Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Ce Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 7:37:58 AM th at ton of Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Orific Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 104 Orj Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 7:48:11 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 114 W; Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:05:56 AM \Mate Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 114 Wa Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:06:06 AM Status: Darcantaga Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 112 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:07:26 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 112 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:22:04 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Under Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 116 Un Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:26:33 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space:

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Ov Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 116 Hor Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:37:00 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 116 Rest Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:38:05 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Sp Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 116 Spil Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:40:07 AM Sr Status: Color: Layer: Space: Spilly Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 116 ✓ Spi Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:40:08 AM d above Ma Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 116 Fre Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 9:40:17 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 91 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 3:48:52 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 112 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 3:56:14 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 98 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 5:02:57 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 100 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 5:07:41 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 100 D_{IS} Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 5:07:43 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 100 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 5:07:50 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Checkmark Page Label: 100 Dorific Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/11/2024 5:08:37 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Highlight (8) Subject: Highlight 11.51 Page Label: 45 11.51 Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:35:49 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Highlight 9.21 Page Label: 45 9.21 Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:35:52 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Highlight 9 Page Label: 45 9 Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:35:54 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Highlight .10 Page Label: 45 8.10 Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:35:56 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Highlight 8.10 Page Label: 45 8.10 Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:35:58 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Highlight 20 Page Label: 45 20 Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 11:50:11 AM Status: Color: Layer: Space:

10

Page Label: 45
Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 11:50:13 AM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

.....

10



Subject: Highlight Page Label: 104 Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 12:58:22 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

MHFD Calcs (2)

Subject: MHFD Calcs Page Label: 95

Page Label: 95

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/10/2024 3:49:27 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

Subject: MHFD Calcs

Page Label: 116

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 9:37:51 AM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

PolyLine (2)



Subject: PolyLine

Page Label: [1] Segment-1 Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 1:15:25 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:



42" CE Subject: PolyLine

Page Label: [1] Segment-1.2

Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 1:26:40 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

SW - Highlight (1)

Subject: SW - Highlight

Page Label: 112

nts SFBD

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:55:09 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: **SFBD**

SW - Rectangle (1)



Subject: SW - Rectangle

Page Label: 31

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 11:05:00 AM

Status: Color: Layer: Space:

SW - Textbox (5)



Subject: SW - Textbox

Page Label: 31

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:11:49 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Provide a map that delineates the SPAs, UIAs, and RPAs.

And a map with just RPAs so we have one to provide our maintenance team in the future so they know what needs to maintained. SPAs do not need to be inspected or maintained post-construction.



Subject: SW - Textbox

Page Label: 90

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:47:08 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Unresolved previous comment:

Please provide forebay sizing calcs for SFB A and

D.



Subject: SW - Textbox Page Label: 109

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:52:58 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: When are the details for this Ultimate Condition going to be designed/submitted? Because I do not

see them with the Segment 2 CDs.

Please provide them so that I can review these calcs.

The confirmation of the Seatonumb Install
process Estuments field though an estating
a scalmast offshis in history, divising a partiers

Directable Confirmation of the Seatonumb Install
All 3 "offsial" bearing (CS), (CS), and (CS) lines
(All 3 "offsial" bearing (CS), (CS), and (CS) lines
(CS) Installation Confirmation of the Seatonumb Installation Installation
(CS) Installation Installation Installation
(CS) Installation Installation
(CS) I

Subject: SW - Textbox

Page Label: 7

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 4:08:27 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Unresolved concept since Review 1:

All 3 "offsite" basins (OS1, OS2, and OS3) have proposed disturbances in them that need to have WQ treatment accounted for via a PCM and/or WQ exclusions. These disturbances are no different than disturbances anywhere else on this project. Please call me to if you'd like to discuss this so it gets resolved with the next submittal.

Review 2 comment provided at the top of the next page for reference.



Subject: SW - Textbox

Page Label: 8

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 4:08:36 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Unresolved comment from Review 1:

Basins OS1, OS2, OS3, and the unnamed basins that are east of Eastonville Rd all have proposed soil disturbances within them, which all must be accounted for via WQ treatment or an applicable WQ exclusion. So please address this in the respective Basin paragraphs and create new

proposed sub-basins as necessary.

Review 2 update: these 3 "offsite undeveloped areas" are still shown on the drainage map as having proposed disturbances. Meaning that they are neither "offsite" or "undeveloped." Please revise map and descriptions to add onsite basins for the areas of disturbance and discuss WQ treatment or applicable WQ exclusions. Just stating that infiltration is occuring is not enough. You'll need to show Runoff Reduction calcs for RPAs and/or SPAs or an applicable exclusion.

SW - Textbox with Arrow (30)



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 104 Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 12:58:56 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Unresolved:

Why aren't these values that are >1 highlighted in red like they were with the last submittal?

Rregardless, the ratio should be less than or equal to 1 for minor (5-yr) and major (100-yr) design storms. See Chapter 4.1 of DCM volume 2 (and

also Chap 2 of MHFD DCM vol. 3).



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 92

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/10/2024 4:58:39 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Provide forebay sizing calcs.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 112

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:55:38 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: 0.94in per MHFD-Detention calcs below.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 116

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:57:02 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: no detail for orifice plate provided on plans, could not confirm these values on CDs



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 31

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:11:41 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: These areas do not match the whole basin areas shown on the drainage maps or in the report text on page 9 above. Please clarify in the report text why these areas are less than the total basin area (ex: only the areas of disturbance within the basin area shown as SPAs).

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 9

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:08:40 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Revise these paragraphs per my comment on the Runoff Reduction calcs.

And clarify that these are treated via SPAs so it's clear that these areas are not actual PBMPs (ie: don't need to be inspected every 5-yrs

post-construction.

with a proposed of the proposed Community Basis of Spatial Visions were as well as a proposed of the proposed Community Commun

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 9

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:06:40 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: add "for the disturbed area" to clarify that the whole basin area isn't being treated via RR.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 10

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 2:44:10 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: add "for the disturbed area" to clarify that the whole basin area isn't being treated via RR.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 31

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:29:44 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Why not exclude these two basins via the exclusion in ECM App I.7.1.C.1 (20% up to 1ac of development can be excluded)? That way the County does not have to maintain and inspect any RPA areas prior to the Grandview ponds being built.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 31

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:33:02 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: What about OS1?

when it is the first of the control of the control

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 10

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:09:38 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Also list area of disturbance that needs to be

treated.

ille Road. Stormwater
sed public 18" RCP
. Water quality treatment

. Water quality treatment
d flow. include in RR calcs

s = 3.7 cfs Q₁₀₀ = 24.5 stonville Road. sugh a proposed public patterns. Water quality Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 10

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:33:43 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: include in RR calcs

\$2.8.03 or \$2.5 or \$2.

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 11

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:35:11 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: 53% per MHFD calcs

0.524 per MHFD calcs

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 12

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 12:36:34 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: 0.524 per MHFD calcs



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 11

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 2:42:56 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: You can delete this column from all 3 of these tables and then create a new table similar to these 3 but with this column and every basin listed in rows with their total area and total proposed disturbed area. It would be a table for "Runoff Reduction WQ Treatment Summary Table."

If needed, add a column to any of these now 4 tables for areas with applicable WQ exclusions.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 10

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 2:45:42 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Basin EA13 is not included in the RR calcs. Please

add it.

2 is 0.52 acros of landscaped area and the overflow path from city from the blanth is conveyed via an existing desiranges inside the wide of the conveyed via an existing desirange in the Widelandy wideopens (LO 880° desirations for the data data in the appengin—LTS per dramage maps 3 is 0.52. See of lettering area on the size of Eastern data from the blanth is conveyed via an existing dramage season of the conveyed via an existing dramage season 1.5 pt the Widelands via Conveyed via an existing dramage season 1.5 pt the Widelands via Conveyed via an existing dramage season 1.5 pt the Widelands via Conveyed via an existing dramage season 1.5 pt the Widelands via Conveyed via an existing dramage season there. It 1.5 pt the Widelands via Conveyed via an existing dramage and the properties of the conveyed via an existing via the conveyed via an existing via the conveyed via the conveyed via an existing via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the via the conveyed via the via the conveyed Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 9

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:07:39 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space:

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 10

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:09:20 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: EA11 is not shown on drainage maps.

heet flow into a proposed roadside swale on the to DP1. Flows at DP2 then drain across Easton P2. Flows at DP2 then drain southeast offsite in Ted area within this basis is accounted for by in 12.18 per drainage map is 12.35 error of offsite undeveloped area. Ston ria sheet flow into a proposed roadside swale or then drains to DP3. Then stone the drain ac when to DP4. Flows at DP3 then drain ac West to DP4. Flows at DP3 then drain souther to DP4. Flows at DP4 then drain southeast of the drain southea

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 10

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:09:46 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: 12.18 per drainage map

1.21 per drainage maps

Stormwater then drains:
30° RCP culver to DP4.
treatment for the disturb
BMP calculations for the
25.50 per drainage map
BSISTICS 31 \$2.53 care
cfs) drains via sheet flow
Stormwater then drains
Eastorville Road throug

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 10

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:10:08 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: 25.50 per drainage map



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 12

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:21:11 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Clearly label that this table represents EDB B's "interim" condition. And then in the Segment 2 FDR, include this same type of table for EDB B but show the "ultimate" condition. Currently there is no table like this in the Segment 2 FDR for EDB B.

TOTAL:

Revise to "slotted"

Public SFB A Cost Estimate

Line Item

Rip Rap, 450/size from 6"-24" (Inflow)

Sand Filter Media

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 14

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:40:31 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Revise to "slotted"

Public SFB D Cest Estimate
Line Item
Pip Rap, 650/size from 6"-24" (Inflow)
Sand Filler, Media
4" Perforated PVC Undercrain
15"7-86C Maltergare Acress

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 15

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:40:39 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Revise to "slotted"

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 14

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:41:33 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: These values have to match what is shown in Section 1 of the FAE for each PBMP/PCM



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 15

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:41:42 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: These values have to match what is shown in Section 1 of the FAE for each PBMP/PCM



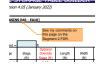
Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 113

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:46:43 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Provide forebay sizing calcs.



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 107

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:52:03 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: See my comments on this page on the Segment 2 FDR.

ign Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)

10-88F (Version 187, Messh 2018)
In STRD 4 add Spake believen SFB and D

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 112

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 3:55:24 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: add space between SFB and D

The second of t

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 7

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 4:01:02 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: On the drainage maps, delineate these 3 seperate basins. The map still shows just one basin for all of

OS3.

Soft Par CDs, the lovelary has approximate a service distinctions and approximate and approxim

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow

Page Label: 98

Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater

Date: 9/11/2024 5:06:07 PM

Status: Color: ■ Layer: Space: Per CDs, the forebay has approx dimensions (conservative values) of 12'x8'x1.25'. From that I get a volume of 120 CF which is 0.003 ac-ft. Please dbl check my math and up-size the forebay

as needed.

Text Box (18)

ent 1
Suggest using MHFD Inle

Suggest using MHFD inlet spreadsheet to determine inlet capacities

Weir or

I lot Outfine Cle

Subject: Text Box Page Label: 45 Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 11:55:54 AM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Suggest using MHFD Inlet spreadsheet to determine inlet capacities

ONVILLE RD SEG 1

201662.08DP8.3 (EDB B Outlet)

DP6.3 (EDB B Outlet)

nput Parameters

Subject: Text Box Page Label: 88 Author: CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 12:46:19 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: DP8.3 (EDB B Outlet)

For previous reports, only provide cover sheet and relevant sheets from report, highlighting information referenced. Do not include entire report. Subject: Text Box Page Label: 120 Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 1:02:06 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: For previous reports, only provide cover sheet and relevant sheets from report, highlighting information referenced. Do not include entire

report.



Subject: Text Box

Page Label: [2] 201662.08_FDR_map_ex_Seg1-Existing

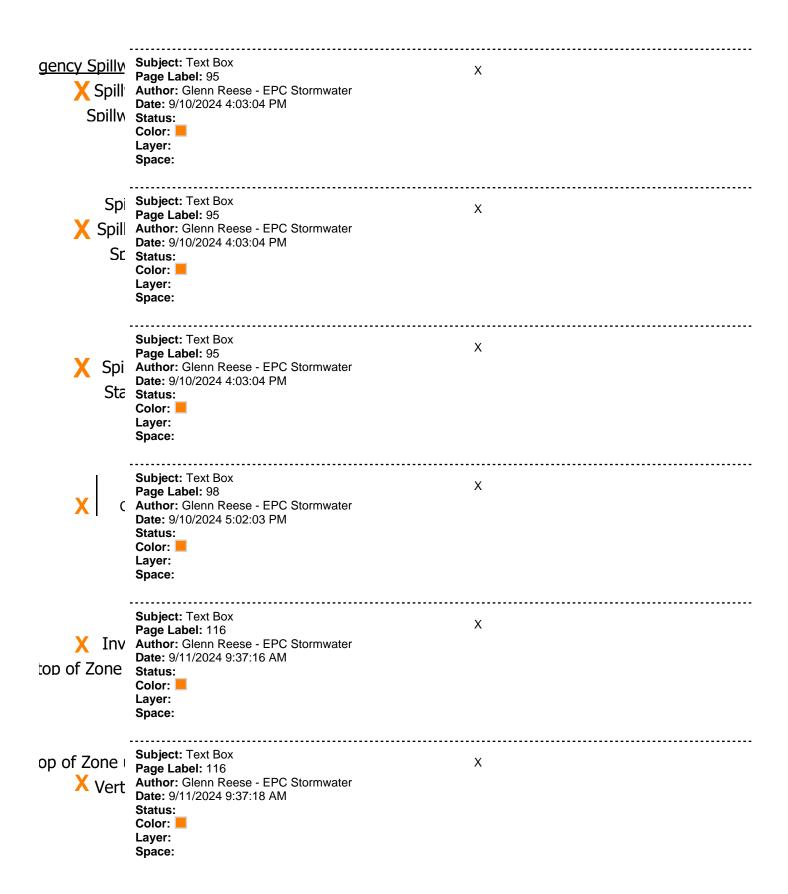
drainage map (2) **Author:** CDurham

Date: 9/9/2024 1:04:31 PM

Status: Color: Layer: Space: Indicate where Segment 2 begins

Subject: Text Box Calculations also need to provide min width of Page Label: 85 apron Author: CDurham Date: 9/9/2024 1:17:20 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Text Box Include discussion if coordination with PPRTA Page Label: 12 Pond E has been done. Author: CDurham Date: 9/10/2024 1:53:57 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Input: Orific Subject: Text Box Χ Page Label: 95 V Und Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 4:03:04 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Underdi Subject: Text Box Χ Page Label: 95 X Und Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 4:03:04 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Text Box Χ Page Label: 95 Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 4:03:04 PM Status: Color: Layer: Space: Subject: Text Box Χ Page Label: 95 X Res Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater Date: 9/10/2024 4:03:04 PM Status:

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Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
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Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
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