



**Eastonville Road – Londonderry Drive to Rex Road
Segment 1 Improvements
Stationing 14+19.69 – 47+66.51**

Final Drainage Report

January 2025

HR Green Project No: 201662.08

Prepared For:

D.R. Horton

Contact: Riley Hillen, P.E.

9555 S. Kingston Ct.

Englewood, CO 80112

Prepared By:

HR Green Development, LLC

Contact: Colleen Monahan, P.E., LEED AP

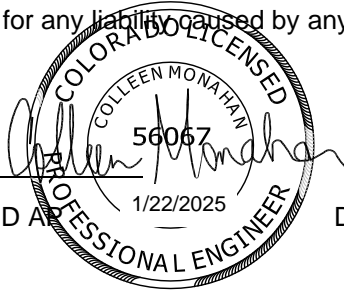
cmonahan@hrgreen.com

(719) 394-2433

EDARP File No.: CDR2321

Engineer's Statement:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.



Colleen Monahan, P.E., LEED AP

Date

State of Colorado No. 56067

For and on behalf of HR Green Development, LLC

Owner/Developer's Statement:

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

By: _____

Authorized Signature

_____ Date

Address: D.R. Horton
9555 S. Kingston Court
Englewood, CO

El Paso County Statement

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development code, as amended.

Joshua Palmer, P.E.

_____ Date

County Engineer/ECM Administrator

Conditions:



Table of Contents

- Table of Contents2
- I. General Purpose, Location and Description3
 - a. Purpose3
 - b. Location3
 - c. Description of Property3
 - d. Floodplain Statement4
- II. Drainage Design Criteria4
 - a. Drainage Criteria4
- III. Drainage Basins and Subbasins4
 - a. Major Basin Description4
 - b. Existing Subbasin Description5
 - c. Proposed Subbasin Description7
- IV. Drainage Facility Design 11
 - a. General Concept 11
 - b. Water Quality & Detention 12
 - c. Inspection and Maintenance 14
- V. Wetlands Mitigation 15
- VI. Four Step Method to Minimize Adverse Impacts of Urbanization 15
- VII. Drainage and Bridge Fees 15
- VIII. Opinion of Probable Cost 15
- IX. Hydraulic Grade Line Analysis 17
- X. Summary 17
- XI. Drawings 18
- XII. References 18

Appendices

- A. Vicinity Map, FEMA Map, NRCS Soil Survey
- B. Hydrologic Analysis
- C. Hydraulic Analysis
- D. Water Quality and Detention Calculations
- E. Reference Material
- F. Drainage Maps

I. General Purpose, Location and Description

a. Purpose

The purpose of this Final Drainage Report (FDR) for the Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Rex Road Segment 1 Improvements is to describe the onsite and offsite drainage patterns, size drainage infrastructure to safely capture and convey developed runoff to water quality and detention facilities, and to safely route detained stormwater to adequate outfalls. This drainage report will detail the improvements of Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Grandview Filing No. 1 (Stations 14+19.69 to 47+66.51). Stations 47+00.00 to 79+31.62 contain the Segment 2 Improvements for the Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Rex Road for the portion of the project north of Grandview Filing No. 1. The development is considered a single project; however, the plan set has been broken into two segments to align with the Grandview Reserve Filings. A separate FDR describes Segment 2 of the project.

b. Location

Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to Grandview Filing No. 1, referred to as 'the site' herein, is an existing 26' wide treated gravel road in El Paso County, Colorado. The site lies in existing 60' wide El Paso County Right-of-Way within Sections 21 and 28, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, in El Paso County, State of Colorado.

The site is bound by undeveloped land to the east and west that has historically been used as ranching lands. Falcon Regional Park, which contains ballparks and parking, and Falcon High School also border the site to the west. All lands to the east and west of the site are unplatted. A vicinity map is presented in Appendix A.

c. Description of Property

The site is approximately 0.61 miles (2.06 acres) of existing treated gravel roadway north of Londonderry Drive and south of Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1. Per field inspection the existing Eastonville Road section is treated gravel and therefore described as 'temporary' for the purpose of this report. The existing treated gravel width for the length of the project is 26' wide. There are 4' wide gravel shoulders and native landscaped swales are located on both sides of the roadway. Offsite stormwater is bypassed under the road through a series of existing culverts. See Appendix A for an existing conditions photo.

The existing roadway has slopes ranging from 0.3% up to approximately 4%. The general topography of the surrounding area is typical of high desert, short prairie grass with gently rolling hillside with slopes ranging from 2% to 4%. The project site drains generally from the west to the east and is tributary to Black Squirrel Creek.

Per a NRCS soil survey, the site is made up of Type A Columbine gravelly sandy loam, Type A Blakeland loamy sand and Type B Stapleton sandy loam. The NRCS soil survey is presented in Appendix A.

Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 (Channel A) is the only drainageway that traverses the site in the west to east direction through an existing culvert under Eastonville Road that is just north of Segment 1. The channel is a mapped wetland and a wetland permit will be required for Segment 2 of this Eastonville Road improvement project. Channel A is not within a mapped FEMA floodplain.

Existing utilities include an underground gas line that runs along the east and west sides of Eastonville and underneath the length of the roadway, an existing raw water line that follows the west side of Eastonville north of Falcon Regional Park, an existing underground electric line along the west and portions of the east side of

Eastonville Road, and an existing aboveground electrical line along the east side of Eastonville Road. An existing drainage map with these facilities is presented in Appendix F.

d. Floodplain Statement

Based on FEMA Firm map 08041C0552G December 7, 2018, the site is not located in any FEMA designated floodplain. See FEMA Firm Map in Appendix A. There is a Zone A floodplain north of the site and a Zone AE south of the site, both of which will not be altered with the associated Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements.

II. Drainage Design Criteria

a. Drainage Criteria

Hydrologic data and calculations were performed using Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1 of El Paso County (EPCDCM), with County adopted Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual (CCSDCM), May 2014 revised January 2021.

Onsite drainage improvements are designed for the 5-year storm (minor event) and 100-year storm (major event) using rainfall values from the NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Data Server. Runoff was calculated per CCSDCM Section 6.3.0 - Rational Method. Public, full spectrum pond design was completed using the latest version of Mile High Flood District’s (MHFD) UD-Detention per CCSDCM Section 13.3.2.1 – Public, full spectrum Detention. The detention pond allowable release rate will be limited to less than historic rates.

Rainfall Depths per NOAA Atlas 14		
Return Period (yr)	5	100
1-hr Rainfall Depth (in)	1.21	2.49

Inlet sizing was performed per the methods described in EPCDCM Section III Chapter 7 – Street Drainage and Storm Water Inlets. Storm sewer sizing was performed per the methods described in EPCDCM Section III Chapter 8 – Storm Drains and Appurtenances.

III. Drainage Basins and Subbasins

a. Major Basin Description

The site is located within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. The site’s drainage characteristics were previously studied in the following reports:

1. “Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study” prepared by Drexel, Barrel & Co, February 2010.
2. “Master Development Drainage Plan Meridian Ranch” prepared by Tech Contractors, July 2021.
3. “Final Drainage Report for The Sanctuary Filing 1 at Meridian Ranch” by Tech Contractors, August 2022.

Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin is a 22.05 square mile watershed located in El Paso County, Colorado. Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin is tributary to Black Squirrel Creek which drains to the Arkansas River. The majority of the basin is undeveloped and is rolling range land typical of Colorado’s semi-arid climates.

Within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin, ranching has historically been the predominant land use, with rolling topography between 2%-4% slopes. Recent urbanization is occurring within the drainage basin, most notably for this project are Meridian Ranch and Latigo Trails Developments. Both are single family residential neighborhoods located upstream to the west and northwest of the Eastonville Segment 1 Improvements project site.

b. Existing Subbasin Description

Basin E1 is 0.45 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.7$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP1. Flows at DP1 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 36" CMP culvert to DP2.

Basin E2.1 is 1.82 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.2$ cfs $Q_{100} = 4.8$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP2. Flows at DP2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin E2.2 is 0.40 acres of treated gravel from the Eastonville Road roadway and existing native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.1$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.0$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP2.2. Flows at DP2.2 then drain southwest offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin E3 is 0.72 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.0$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.5$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP3. Flows at DP3 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 24" CMP culvert do DP4.

Basin E4 is 3.17 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.9$ cfs $Q_{100} = 7.8$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP4. Flows at DP4 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin E5 is 0.23 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.1$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP5. Flows at DP5 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP6.

Basin E6 is 0.79 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.6$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP6. Flows at DP6 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin E7 is 0.23 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.2$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP7.1. Flows at DP7.1 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP8.1.

Basin E8 is 0.70 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.1$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on

the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP8.1. Flows at DP8.1 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin E9 is 0.73 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.2$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.8$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing roadside swale on the northwest edge of Eastonville Road to DP7.2. Flows at DP7.2 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP8.2.

Basin E10.1 is 2.61 acres of treated gravel to the crown of Eastonville Road roadway and existing swale native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.9$ cfs $Q_{100} = 7.0$ cfs) is conveyed by an existing swale on the southeast edge of Eastonville Road to DP8.2. Flows at DP8.2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin E10.2 is 1.89 acres of existing native landscaped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs $Q_{100} = 4.4$ cfs) is conveyed via sheet flow southeast of Eastonville Road to DP8.3. Flows at DP8.3 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin OS1 is 1.58 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 3.6$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP1. Flows at DP1 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 36" CMP culvert to DP2. Flows at DP2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin OS2 is 12.21 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 3.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 24.3$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP3. Flows at DP3 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 24" CMP culvert to DP4. Flows at DP4 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns.

Basin OS3.1 is 1.51 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 3.6$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP5. Flows at DP5 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP6. Flows at DP6 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin OS3.2 is 2.86 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 1.0$ cfs $Q_{100} = 6.6$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP7.1. Flows at DP7.1 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP8.1. Flows at DP8.1 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

Basin OS3.3 is 21.12 acres of offsite undeveloped area. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 6.4$ cfs $Q_{100} = 42.7$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into an existing roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP7.2. Flows at DP7.2 then drain across Eastonville Road through an existing public 18" CMP culvert to DP8.2. Flows at DP8.2 then drain southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns ultimately to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1.

c. Proposed Subbasin Description

Description of Proposed Project

The proposed project includes improvements to Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to the north part of Grandview Filing No. 1. As described above, the current condition of the existing roadway in this area consists of 26' wide treated gravel roadway with 4' wide gravel shoulders and native landscaped swales located on both sides of the roadway. Offsite stormwater is bypassed under the proposed roadway via proposed public RCP culverts.

The proposed improvements to Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to the north part of Grandview Filing No. 1 include removal of the 26' wide treated gravel and replacing the road with a Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section consisting of 48' pavement and Type A EPC curb (53' back of curb to back of curb).

Eastonville Road Basins

Basin EA1 is 0.62 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 2.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 4.7$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in an on grade public 15' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP9. Flows from DP9 are conveyed through a proposed public storm sewer system which outfalls into sand filter basin D (SFB D). SFB D is located southeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within SFB D. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. SFB D has been coordinated with the "PPRTA Pond E" which will replace SFB D in the future and provide WQ treatment for the tributary basins. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on SFB D.

Basin EA2 is 1.21 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 2.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 5.6$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the southeast side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in an on grade public 15' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP10. Flows from DP10 are conveyed through a proposed public storm sewer system which outfalls into SFB D. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within SFB D. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on SFB D.

Basin EA3 is 0.44 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 1.8$ cfs $Q_{100} = 3.0$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in an on grade public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP13. Flows at DP13 are conveyed across Eastonville Road through a public storm sewer system to sand filter basin A (SFB A). SFB A is located southeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within SFB A. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on SFB A.

Basin EA4 is 0.77 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 1.7$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.9$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the southeast side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in an on grade public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP14. Flows at DP14 are conveyed through a public storm sewer system to SFB A. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is

provided for this basin within SFB A. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on SFB A.

Basin EA5.1 is 0.37 acres of landscaped area, gravel access road, and contains the public full spectrum sand filter basin A (SFB A). Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.3$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.4$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly into SFB A. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within SFB A. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on SFB A.

Basin EA5.2 is 0.52 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area and the overflow path from SFB A. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.2$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.6$ cfs) from this basin is conveyed via an existing drainage swale west to design point 4. The existing drainage swale drains southeast offsite in historic drainage patterns and ultimately combines with flows from design point 4.1. There is approximately 10,105 SF of disturbed landscape area within this basin, all of which will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. All disturbance within this basin is considered to be a separate pervious area (SPA). The required WQCV to be treated from this disturbance is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added or disturbed within this basin. This basin is a part of the Waterbury property and will ultimately be detained and treated by the Waterbury development.

Basin EA5.3 is 1.21 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area on the east side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.4$ cfs $Q_{100} = 2.9$ cfs) from this basin is conveyed via an existing drainage swale east to design point 4.1. Runoff to design point 4.1 drains offsite in historic patterns to the southeast and ultimately combines with flows from design point 4. There is approximately 20,228 SF of disturbed landscape area within this basin, all of which will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. All disturbance within this basin is considered to be a separate pervious area (SPA). The required WQCV to be treated from this disturbance is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added or disturbed within this basin. This basin is a part of the Waterbury property and will ultimately be detained and treated by the Waterbury development.

Basin EA5.4 is 0.41 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area on the east side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.1$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.0$ cfs) from this basin is conveyed via an existing drainage swale east to design point 6. Runoff to design point 6 drains offsite in historic patterns to the southeast. There is approximately 5,422 SF of disturbed landscape area within this basin, all of which will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. All disturbance within this basin is considered to be a separate pervious area (SPA). The required WQCV to be treated from this disturbance is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added or disturbed within this basin. This basin is a part of the Waterbury property and will ultimately be detained and treated by the Waterbury development.

Basin EA6 is 1.09 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 3.1$ cfs $Q_{100} = 5.2$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the west side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in a sump public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP16. In the event of clogging at this inlet, overflows will overtop the street crown and drain into the sump public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP 17. If both sump inlets are clogged, overflow will overtop the east curb and sheet flow east offsite. Flows at DP16 are conveyed across Eastonville Road through a public storm sewer system to Extended Detention Basin B (EDB B). EDB B is located northeast of the proposed Eastonville Road Segment 1 improvements

outside of the proposed right-of-way within a proposed drainage easement. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within EDB B. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. EDB B has been coordinated with the segment 2 improvements of Eastonville Road to provide treatment for the future tributary basins. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on EDB B.

Basin EA7 is 1.92 acres of proposed pavement to the crown of Eastonville Road and proposed landscaped area. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 3.2$ cfs $Q_{100} = 5.4$ cfs) is conveyed by curb & gutter on the east side of Eastonville Road. Runoff is then captured in a sump public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP17. In the event of clogging at this inlet, overflows will overtop the street crown and drain into the sump public 10' CDOT Type R Inlet at DP 16. If both sump inlets are clogged, overflow will overtop the east curb and sheet flow east offsite. Flows at DP17 are conveyed through a public storm sewer system to EDB B. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within EDB B. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on EDB B.

Basin EA8 is 0.94 acres of landscaped area, gravel access road, and contains extended detention basin B. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.9$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly into EDB B. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within EDB B. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on EDB B.

Basin EA9 is 0.88 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area on the east side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.4$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.6$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP20. Runoff to design point 20 drains southwest in historic patterns to design point 2, and ultimately offsite to the east in historic drainage patterns. There is approximately 14,605 SF of disturbed landscape area within this basin, all of which will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. All disturbance within this basin is considered to be a separate pervious area (SPA). The required WQCV to be treated from this disturbance is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added or disturbed within this basin. This basin is a part of the Waterbury property and will ultimately be detained and treated by the Waterbury development.

Basin EA10.1 is 0.36 acres of landscaped area and concrete/gravel trail. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.4$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.6$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly east offsite towards DP8.1. Flows from design point 8.1 drain east offsite in historic patterns, ultimately combining with design point 8.2 & 8.3. WQ treatment is provided for the proposed concrete/gravel trail via a 10' wide grass buffer adjacent to the trail. There is approximately 2,715 SF of impervious area within this basin treated by the grass buffer. The grass buffer will provide a runoff reduction of 100% and treat all 113 cf of the required WQCV. The remaining basin area consists of existing landscaping, and 5,540 sf of disturbed landscape area. All disturbed landscape area east of the proposed trail is considered as SPA and will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. The required WQCV to be treated from the landscape disturbed area is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. This basin is a part of the Grandview Reserve property and will ultimately be detained and treated by the Grandview Reserve development.

Basin EA10.2 is 1.06 acres of landscaped area and concrete/gravel trail. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 1.4$ cfs $Q_{100} = 4.4$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP8.2. Flows from design point 8.2 drain east offsite in historic patterns, ultimately combining with design point 8.1 & 8.3. WQ treatment is provided for the proposed

concrete/gravel trail via a 10' wide grass buffer adjacent to the trail. There is approximately 11,050 SF of impervious area within this basin treated by the grass buffer. The grass buffer will provide a runoff reduction of 100% and treat all 460 cf of the required WQCV. The remaining basin area consists of existing landscaping, and 13,713 sf of disturbed landscape area. All disturbed landscape area east of the proposed trail is considered as SPA and will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. The required WQCV to be treated from the landscape disturbed area is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. This basin is a part of the Grandview Reserve property and will ultimately be detained and treated by the Grandview Reserve development.

Basin EA11 is 1.23 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area on the east side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.9$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP22. Runoff to design point 22 drains offsite in historic patterns to the southeast and ultimately combines with flows from design point 8.3. There is approximately 5,412 SF of disturbed landscape area within this basin, all of which will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. All disturbance within this basin is considered to be a separate pervious area (SPA). The required WQCV to be treated from this disturbance is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added or disturbed within this basin. This basin is a part of the Grandview Reserve property and will ultimately be detained and treated by the Grandview Reserve development.

Basin EA12 is 0.47 acres of landscaped area and gravel maintenance access road. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 1.7$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly into SFB D. WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within SFB D. Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on SFB D.

Basin EA13 is 0.21 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area on the east side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater ($Q_5 = 0.3$ cfs $Q_{100} = 0.7$ cfs) from this basin sheet flows directly offsite towards DP12. Runoff to design point 12 drains offsite in historic patterns to the southwest. There is approximately 544 SF of disturbed landscape area within this basin, all of which will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. All disturbance within this basin is considered to be a separate pervious area (SPA). The required WQCV to be treated from this disturbance is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added or disturbed within this basin. This basin is a part of the Waterbury property and will ultimately be detained and treated by the Waterbury development.

Basin OS1 is 1.63 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area on the west side of Eastonville Road from the Falcon High School property. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs $Q_{100} = 3.6$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into a proposed roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to DP1. Runoff is then captured in a sump public CDOT Type C Inlet at DP1. Flows from DP1 are conveyed through a proposed public storm sewer system which outfalls into SFB D. **WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within SFB D.** Calculations for runoff reduction have been provided in Appendix B. Refer to the drainage facility design section of this report for additional information on SFB D.

Basin OS2 is 12.18 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area on the west side of Eastonville Road from the Falcon High School property. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 3.6$ cfs $Q_{100} = 24.2$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into a proposed roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then

See my comment about double treatment on the Drainage Map on pg 154. And then update all of the basin paragraphs up here that are impacted.

drains to DP3. Flows at DP3 then drain across Eastonville Road through a proposed public 24" RCP culvert to DP4. Flow at DP4 is conveyed via an existing drainage swale. The existing drainage swale drains southeast offsite is historic drainage patterns. There is approximately 13,994 SF of disturbed landscape area within this basin, all of which will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. All disturbance within this basin is considered to be a separate pervious area (SPA). The required WQCV to be treated from this disturbance is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added or disturbed within this basin. This basin drains onto the Waterbury property and will ultimately be detained and treated, or bypassed through, the Waterbury development.

Basin OS3 is 25.50 acres of existing undisturbed/disturbed landscape area on the west side of Eastonville Road from the Meridian Ranch property. Stormwater from this basin ($Q_5 = 8.0$ cfs $Q_{100} = 53.6$ cfs) drains via sheet flow into a proposed roadside swale on the northwest side of Eastonville Road. Stormwater then drains to a proposed public CDOT type D inlet at DP7. Flows at DP7 then drain across Eastonville Road through a proposed public storm sewer system. This storm sewer system outfalls at DP8.3 into the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 where drainage will follow historic patterns. There is approximately 37,875 SF of disturbed landscape area within this basin, all of which will be re-stabilized as landscape area with native seeding & mulching. All disturbance within this basin is considered to be a separate pervious area (SPA). The required WQCV to be treated from this disturbance is 0 cf per the runoff reduction calculations provided in Appendix B of this report. The required treatment volume is 0 cf due to no impervious area being added or disturbed within this basin. This basin drains onto the Grandview Reserve property and will ultimately be detained and treated, or bypassed through, the Grandview Reserve development.

IV. Drainage Facility Design

a. General Concept

The proposed improvements to Eastonville Road from Londonderry Drive to the north part of Grandview Filing No. 1 include removal of the 26' wide treated gravel and replacing the road with a Modified Urban Minor Arterial Roadway Cross-Section consisting of 48' pavement and Type A EPC curb (53' back of curb to back of curb). Inlets will be placed at low points. Stormwater from this roadway will be piped to either a full spectrum detention basin or full spectrum sand filters. All detention basins and water quality features will discharge at less than historic rates. Runoff generated from the site will release at historic design points at less than historic flow rates. A flow comparison of existing/proposed stormwater release rates offsite from the project is below:

DESIGN POINT	EX Q_5 (cfs)	PR Q_5 (cfs)	EX Q_{100} (cfs)	PR Q_{100} (cfs)
DP2	2.3	0.7	9.3	5.0
DP4	6.3	4.1	33.9	28.6
DP6	1.5	0.4	6.7	2.0
DP8 (8.1, 8.2, & 8.3)	11.8	11.5	65.4	62.7
DP2.2/12	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.7
TOTAL	22.0	17.0	116.0	99.0

b. Water Quality & Detention

Sand Filter Basin A (Full Spectrum SFB)

Water quality and stormwater detention for Basins EA3-EA5 is provided in Sand Filter Basin A. SFB A is a public county owned, full spectrum sand filter basin within the ACM ALF VIII JV SUB II LLC (Waterbury) property within a proposed drainage easement. In SFB A, a total of 1.58 acres of disturbed area from the proposed project at 53% composite imperviousness will be detained and treated for water quality. The WQCV is 0.015 ac-ft, the EURV is 0.090 ac-ft, and the 100-year detention volume is 0.154 ac-ft. The WQCV, EURV and 100-year storms are released in 12, 41 and 49 hours, respectively. A 15' access and maintenance road is provided to the bottom of the pond to facilitate maintenance of the pond facilities. A 5' emergency overflow spillway is provided that conveys the developed, peak 100-yr flow rate with 1.0' of freeboard south toward DP4. SFB A outfalls towards DP4 at historic runoff rates. Runoff from DP4 will follow historic drainage patterns and not exceed historic flow rates.

SFB A Water Quality Treatment Summary Table			
Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Total Proposed Disturbed Area (ac)	Area Trib to SFB A (ac)
EA3	0.44	0.44	0.44
EA4	0.77	0.77	0.77
EA5.1	0.37	0.37	0.37
Total	1.58	1.58	1.58

Extended Detention Basin B (Full Spectrum EDB) – Interim Condition

Water quality and detention for Basins EA6 – EA8 is provided in Extended Detention Basin B; a public county owned, full spectrum extended detention basin within Filing No. 1 of Grandview Reserve within a proposed drainage easement. A total of 3.95 acres of disturbed area from the proposed project at 53% composite imperviousness will be treated and detained by EDB B for this phase of the Eastonville Road Improvements. The pond has been sized with consideration for the future segments of Eastonville Road and provides water quality and detention for the ultimate conditions at a future date. The ultimate conditions of EDB B calculations have been provided in the Appendix of this report. Ultimate conditions include fully built sections of Eastonville Road from Londonderry Road to Rex Road and is anticipated for Spring 2025. The ultimate condition of EDB B is further described and analyzed in the segment 2 report. Interim condition pond sizing calculations have also been provided in the Appendix of this report. Interim conditions only include Eastonville road from Londonderry to Grandview Filing No.1. The interim conditions WQCV is 0.035 ac-ft, the EURV is 0.245 ac-ft, and the 100-year detention volume is 0.384 ac-ft. The WQCV, EURV and 100-year storms are released in 41, 69 and 81 hours, respectively. A forebay is located at the outfall into the pond and a 40" trickle channel conveys flow towards the outlet structure. A 15' access and maintenance road is provided to the bottom of the pond to facilitate maintenance of the pond facilities. A 15.5' emergency overflow spillway is provided that conveys the developed, peak 100-yr flow rate with 1.0' of freeboard towards Gieck Ranch

Tributary #1. EDB B outfalls towards DP8.3 at historic runoff rates. Runoff from DP8.3 will follow historic drainage patterns and not exceed historic flow rates.

EDB B Water Quality Treatment Summary Table – Interim Condition			
Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Total Proposed Disturbed Area (ac)	Area Trib to SFB A (ac)
EA6	1.09	1.09	1.09
EA7	1.92	1.92	1.92
EA8	0.94	0.94	0.94
Total	3.95	3.95	3.95

Sand Filter Basin D (Full Spectrum SFB)

Water quality and stormwater detention for Basins EA1-EA2, EA12, & OS1 is provided in Sand Filter Basin D (SFB D). SFB D is a public county owned, full spectrum sand filter basin the ACM ALF VIII JV SUB II LLC (previous Waterbury) property within a proposed drainage easement. In SFB D, a total of 3.93 acres of disturbed area from the proposed project at 34% composite imperviousness will be detained and treated for water quality. The WQCV is 0.030 ac-ft, the EURV is 0.139 ac-ft, and the 100-year detention volume is 0.282 ac-ft. The WQCV, EURV and 100-year storms are released in 12, 43 and 47 hours, respectively. A 15' access and maintenance road is provided to the bottom of the pond to facilitate maintenance of the pond facilities. A 4' emergency overflow spillway is provided that conveys the developed, peak 100-yr flow rate with 1.0' of freeboard south toward DP2. SFB D outfalls towards DP2 at historic runoff rates. Runoff from DP2 will follow historic drainage patterns and not exceed historic flow rates.

SFB D is a temporary sand filter basin and has been coordinated with the future PPRTA Pond E, which will be constructed in the same location. The inflow pipes have been coordinated with Stanley Consulting to route drainage in the future condition to the future PPRTA Pond E. The temporary sand filter basin will be replaced with a full spectrum extended detention basin, and all temporary sand filter basin infrastructure will be removed. The inlet forebay to SFB D could remain for use in the PPRTA Pond E.

SFB D Water Quality Treatment Summary Table			
Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Total Proposed Disturbed Area (ac)	Area Trib to SFB A (ac)
EA1	0.62	0.62	0.62
EA2	1.21	1.21	1.21
EA12	0.47	0.47	0.47
OS1	1.63	1.63	1.63
Total	3.93	3.93	3.93

This table shows that many basins are receiving the double treatment. See my comment about double treatment on the Drainage Map on pg 154. And then update this table accordingly.

From this table, it is unclear how much disturbed area is treated via the BMP listed to the left of this column. See the excel table that I attached to the drainage map for something that might be a bit more clear than this.



Call me if you'd like to talk high-level about general MS4 and ECM App I water quality treatment requirements. There seems to be a disconnect/misunderstanding about what is required. I'd just like to clear things up and keep this project moving along. Thanks.

Runoff Reduction WQ Treatment Summary Table

Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Disturbed Area (ac)	Disturbed Area Treatment BMP	Disturbed Area Treated via runoff reduction (ac)	WQCV Reduction %	Notes:
EA1	0.62	0.62	SFB D	0.62	33%	Treatment and detention by SFB D (public County sand filter basin) on Waterbury property.
EA2	1.21	1.21	SFB D	1.21	33%	Treatment and detention by SFB D (public County sand filter basin) on Waterbury property.
EA3	0.44	0.44	SFB A	0.44	46%	Treatment and detention by SFB A (public County sand filter basin) on Waterbury property.
EA4	0.77	0.77	SFB A	0.77	46%	Treatment and detention by SFB A (public County sand filter basin) on Waterbury property.
EA5.1	0.37	0.37	SFB A	0.37	46%	Treatment and detention by SFB A (public County sand filter basin) on Waterbury property.
EA5.2	0.52	0.23	SPA	0.23	100%	Future treatment and detention by Waterbury development.
EA5.3	1.21	0.46	SPA	0.46	100%	Future treatment and detention by Waterbury development.
EA5.4	0.41	0.12	SPA	0.12	100%	Future treatment and detention by Waterbury development.
EA6	1.09	1.09	EDB B	1.09	19%	Treatment and detention by EDB B (public County extended detention basin) on Grandview Reserve property.
EA7	1.92	1.92	EDB B	1.92	19%	Treatment and detention by EDB B (public County extended detention basin) on Grandview Reserve property.
EA8	0.94	0.94	EDB B	0.94	19%	Treatment and detention by EDB B (public County extended detention basin) on Grandview Reserve property.
EA9	0.88	0.34	SPA	0.34	100%	Future treatment and detention by Waterbury development.
EA10.1	0.36	0.26	RPA (10' GB)	0.26	100%	Future treatment and detention by Grandview Reserve development.
EA10.2	1.06	0.76	RPA (10' GB)	0.76	100%	Future treatment and detention by Grandview Reserve development.
EA11	1.23	0.12	SPA	0.12	100%	Future treatment and detention by Grandview Reserve development.
EA12	0.47	0.47	SFB D	0.47	33%	Treatment and detention by SFB D (public County sand filter basin) on Waterbury property.
EA13	0.21	0.01	SPA	0.01	100%	Future treatment and detention by Waterbury development.
OS1	1.63	0.44	SFB D	0.44	33%	Treatment and detention by SFB D (public County sand filter basin) on Waterbury property.
OS2	12.18	3.21	SPA	3.21	100%	
OS3	25.50	0.87	SPA	0.87	100%	

c. Inspection and Maintenance

After completion of construction and upon the Board of County Commissioners acceptance, it is anticipated that all drainage facilities within the public Right-of-Way are to be owned and maintained by El Paso County.

All public detention ponds are to be owned and maintained by the Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District NO. 2 (DISTRICT), once established, unless an agreement is reached stating otherwise. Maintenance access for all full spectrum detention facilities will be provided from public Right-of-Way. Maintenance access for the drainageways will be provided through the proposed tracts.

V. Wetlands Mitigation

There are no wetlands in Segment 1 of the project and therefore no wetland permit is required for Segment 1.

VI. Four Step Method to Minimize Adverse Impacts of Urbanization

Step 1 – Reducing Runoff Volumes: Low impact development (LID) practices are utilized to reduce runoff at the source. Storm sewer outfalls have been designed at the upstream end of detention basins. This practice promotes infiltration in the detention basins and reduces peak runoff rates prior to runoff reaching outlet structures. Runoff reduction calculations have also been provided in Appendix B of this report.

Step 2 – Treat and slowly release the WQCV: This step utilizes full spectrum water quality and detention to capture the WQCV and slowly release runoff from the site. Onsite full spectrum sand filter basins & an extended detention basin provide water quality treatment for the site. The WQCV is released over a period of at least 12 hours for SFBs and 40 hours for EDBs while the EURV is released over a period of 40-44 hours for SFBs and 68 - 72 hours for EDBs.

Step 3 – Stabilize stream channels: This step establishes practices to stabilize drainageways and provide scour protection at stormwater outfalls. Erosion protection is provided at all concentrated stormwater discharge points in the form of riprap pads. No impact will be made to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 by this project that requires additional stream stabilization.

Step 4 – Consider the need for source controls: No industrial or commercial uses are proposed within this development and therefore no source controls are proposed.

VII. Drainage and Bridge Fees

Gieck Ranch drainage basin has not been established as a fee basin within El Paso County. Therefore, no drainage basin fees are due at time of platting.

VIII. Opinion of Probable Cost

An engineer's opinion of probable cost has been provided below for public drainage infrastructure improvements. This includes cost estimates for the public full spectrum sand filter basin A, public full spectrum sand filter basin D and the public full spectrum extended detention basin B. All required stormwater infrastructure will be installed per El Paso County Requirements. The unit cost includes both materials and labor.



Public Infrastructure Cost Estimate			
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
18" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	226.5	\$82 LF	\$18,573
24" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	609	\$98 LF	\$59,682
36" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	42	\$151 LF	\$6,342
42" Reinforced Concrete Pipe	736	\$201 LF	\$147,936
24" CDOT FES	2	\$588 EA	\$1,176
42" CDOT FES	1	\$1,206 EA	\$1,206
Storm Manhole	8	\$15,130 EA	\$121,040
10' CDOT Type R Inlet	4	\$9,925 EA	\$39,700
15' CDOT Type R Inlet	2	\$12,907 EA	\$25,814
CDOT Type C Inlet	4	\$6,037 EA	\$24,148
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24"	5	\$104 Tons	\$520
10% Contingency			\$44,614
TOTAL:			\$490,751

Public SFB A Cost Estimate			
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Inflow)	2	\$104 Tons	\$208
Sand Filter Media	78	\$100 /CY	\$7,800
4" Slotted PVC Underdrain	100	\$10 /LF	\$1,000
12" ABC Maintenance Access	25	\$40 /CY	\$1,000
Outlet Structure w/ Orifice Plate	1	\$5,000 EA	\$5,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Spillway)	60.5	\$104 Tons	\$6,292
18" RCP Outlet Pipe	42.5	\$82 /LF	\$3,485
18" RCP FES	1	\$492 EA	\$492
10% Contingency			\$2,528
TOTAL:			\$27,805

Public EDB B Cost Estimate			
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
Concrete Forebay	1	\$5,000 EA	\$5,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Inflow)	2.75	\$104 Tons	\$286
Concrete Trickle Channel	36	\$100 /SY	\$3,600
12" ABC Maintenance Access	147	\$40 /CY	\$5,880
Outlet Structure w/ Micropool, Trash Rack, Railing, Orifice Plate	1	\$8,000 EA	\$8,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Spillway)	87	\$104 Tons	\$9,048
18" RCP Outlet Pipe	31	\$82 /LF	\$2,542
10% Contingency			\$3,436
TOTAL:			\$37,792

Public SFB D Cost Estimate			
Line Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Cost
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Inflow)	2	\$104 Tons	\$208
Sand Filter Media	78	\$100 /CY	\$7,800
4" Slotted PVC Underdrain	86	\$10 /LF	\$860
12" ABC Maintenance Access	107	\$40 /CY	\$4,280
Outlet Structure w/ Orifice Plate	1	\$5,000 EA	\$5,000
Rip Rap, d50 size from 6"-24" (Spillway)	25	\$104 Tons	\$2,600
18" RCP Outlet Pipe	615	\$82 /LF	\$50,430
Storm Manhole	1	\$15,130 EA	\$15,130
18" RCP FES	1	\$492 EA	\$492
10% Contingency			\$8,680
TOTAL:			\$95,480

IX. Hydraulic Grade Line Analysis

Hydraulic grade line analysis and final pipe sizes were analyzed, and calculations are provided in Appendix C. All proposed storm sewer has been designed in accordance with El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manuals.

X. Summary

Eastonville Road lies within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. Water quality and detention for the proposed improvements is provided in full spectrum extended detention basins and two full spectrum sand filter basins, both within proposed drainage easements. There is one major drainageway that traverses north of the Segment 1 site: Gieck Ranch Tributary 1. This major drainage way will not be impacted by the proposed improvements. The water quality and detention ponds will be owned and maintained by El Paso County. All drainage facilities were sized per the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manuals.

The development of this project will not adversely affect downstream properties.

XI. Drawings

Please refer to the appendices for vicinity and drainage basin maps.

XII. References

1. City of Colorado Springs – Drainage Criteria Manual, May 2014, Revised January 2021.
2. Drainage Criteria Manual of El Paso, Colorado, October 2018.
3. Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Urban Drainage Flood Control District, January 2018.
4. “Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Planning Study” prepared by Drexel, Barrel & Co, February 2010.
5. “Master Development Drainage Plan Meridian Ranch” prepared by Tech Contractors, July 2021.
6. “The Sanctuary Filing 1 at Meridian Ranch” prepared by Tech Contractors, August 2022.

APPENDIX A – VICINITY MAP, PHOTOS, SOIL MAP, FEMA MAP

MERIDIAN RANCH

FALCON REGIONAL PARK

GIECK RANCH TRIBUTARY 2

REX RD

EASTONVILLE ROAD

GRANDVIEW RESERVE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

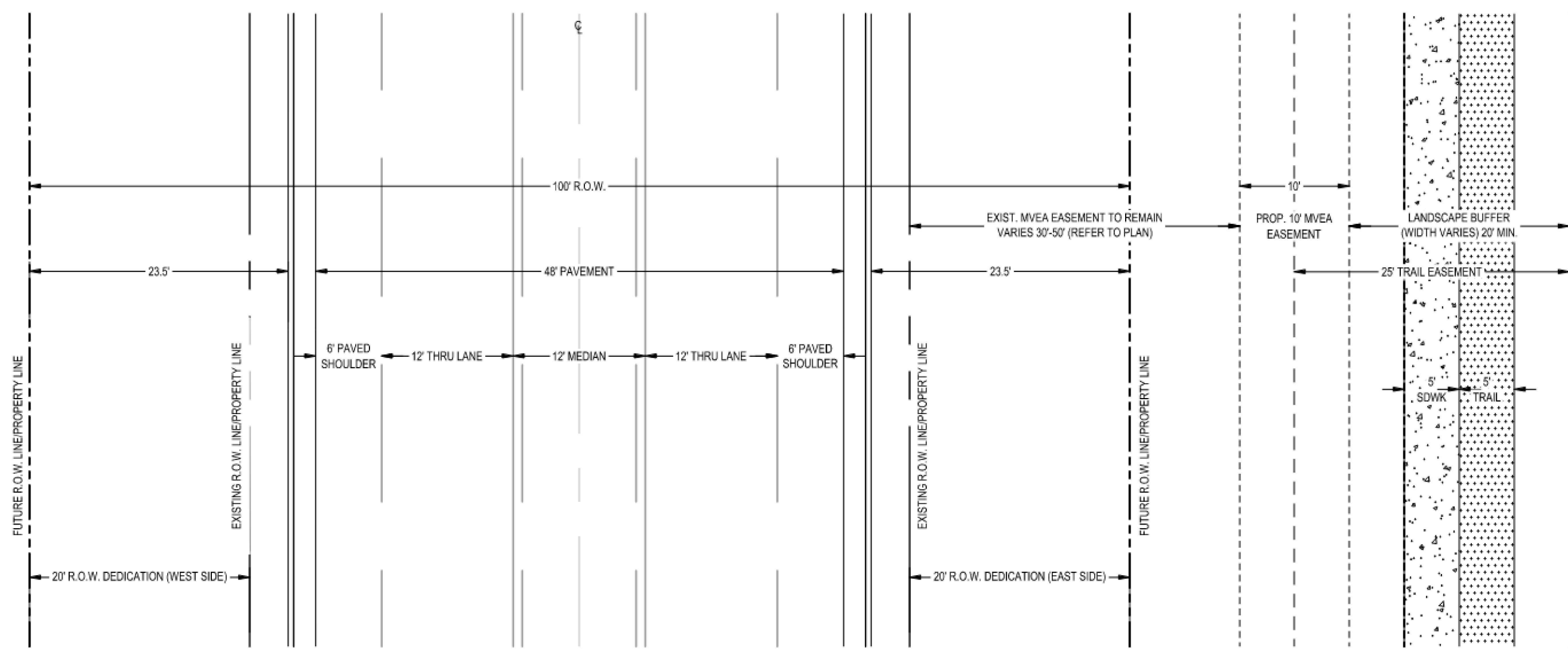
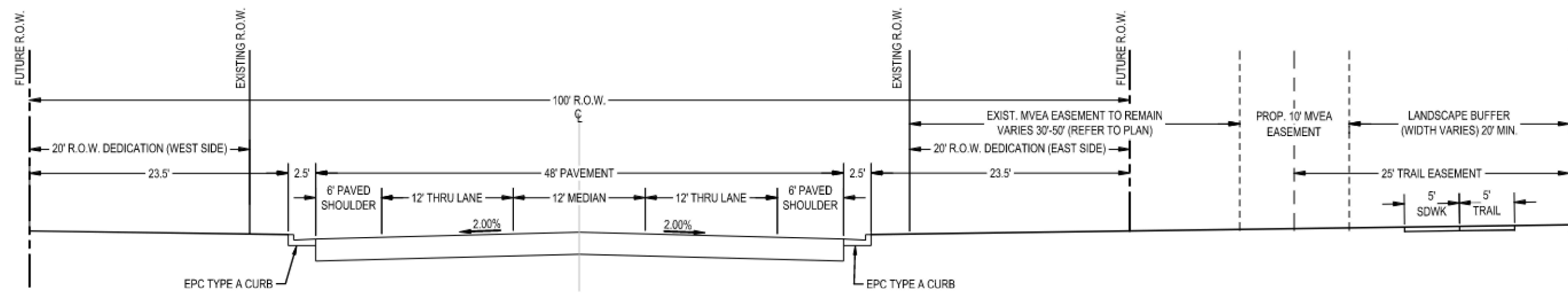
GIECK RANCH TRIBUTARY 1

GRANDVIEW RESERVE FILING 1

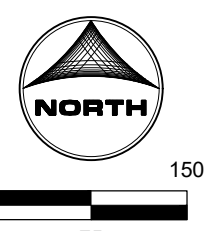
FALCON HIGH SCHOOL

SEGMENT 1 MODIFIED MINOR ARTERIAL CROSS-SECTION WITH 48' PAVEMENT AND TYPE A EPC CURB (53' BACK OF CURB TO BACK OF CURB)

LONDONDERRY DR



VICINITY MAP N.T.S.



DRAWN BY: CPM JOB DATE: 8/29/2023 APPROVED: [Signature] JOB NUMBER: 201662.08 CAD DATE: 8/29/2023 CAD FILE: J:\2020\201662.08\CAD\Drawings\Exhibits-Overall-Exhibit

Table with columns: NO., DATE, BY, REVISION DESCRIPTION

HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS 7222 COMMERCE CENTER DR, SUITE 220 COLO SPRINGS CO 80918 PHONE: 719.622.6222 FAX: 844.273.1057

EASTONVILLE ROAD DR HORTON EL PASO COUNTY, CO

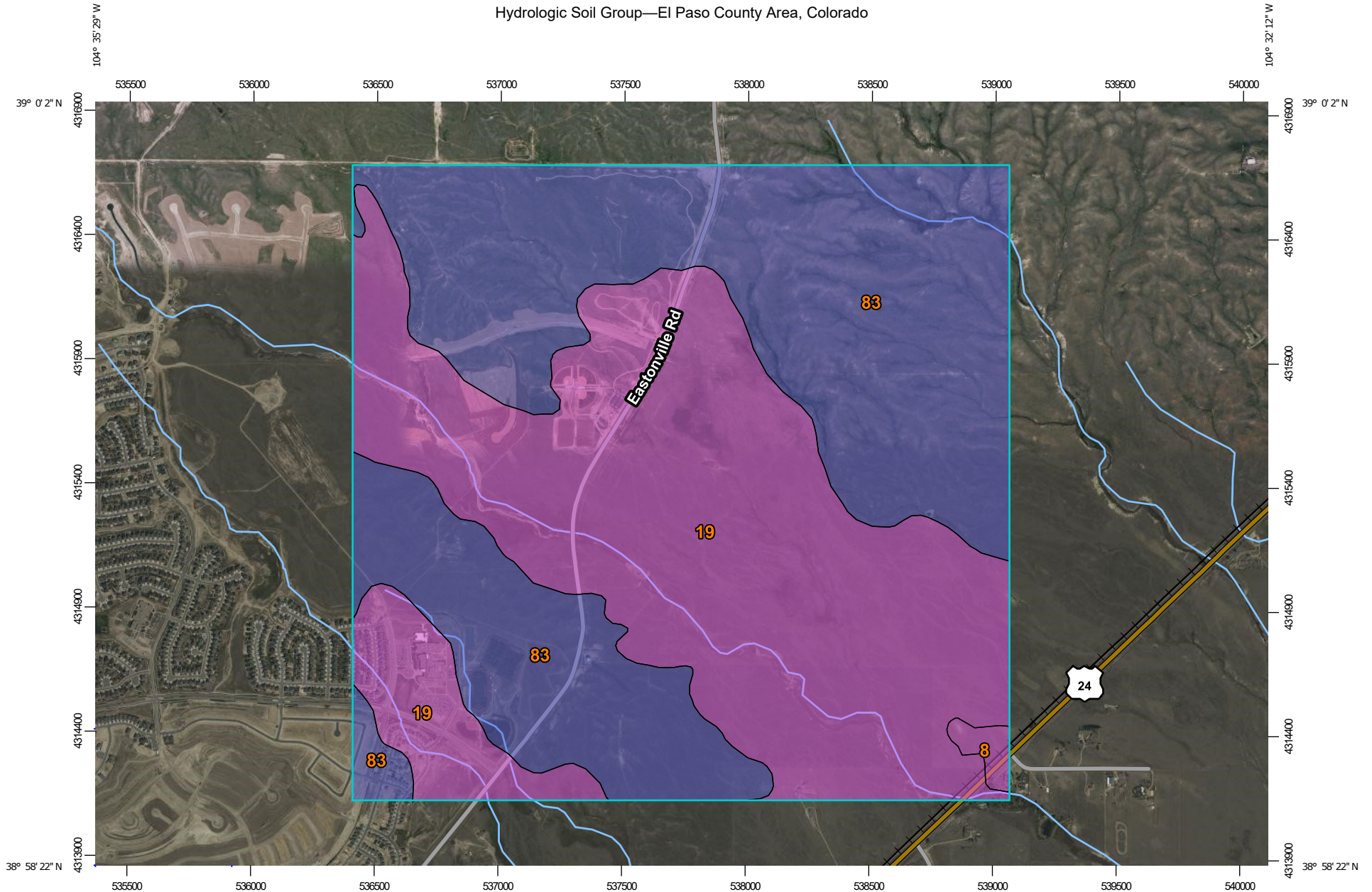
OVERALL EASTONVILLE PLAN

SHEET 1 1

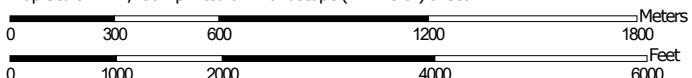
Photo - at Londonderry and Eastonville looking north



Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado



Map Scale: 1:21,700 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.




Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 13N WGS84



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)









 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons





-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D
-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D
-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points






-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D

-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

-  Rails
-  Interstate Highways
-  US Routes
-  Major Roads
-  Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
 Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 11, 2018—Jun 12, 2021

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	A	10.4	0.6%
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	839.5	49.8%
83	Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	835.7	49.6%
Totals for Area of Interest			1,685.6	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations (BFEs)** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only to landward of 0' 0" North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 13. The horizontal datum was NAD83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the **North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88)**. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA, NNGS12
National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3, #9022
1313 East West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov>.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital form by El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, City of Fountain, Bureau of Land Management, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, United States Geological Survey, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These data are current as of 2006.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. The profile baselines depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable, in the FIS report. As a result, the profile baselines may deviate significantly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map repository addresses, and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

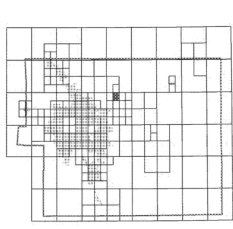
Contact **FEMA Map Service Center (MSC)** via the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) 1-877-336-2627 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. The MSC may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at <http://www.msc.fema.gov/>.

If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov>.

El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table

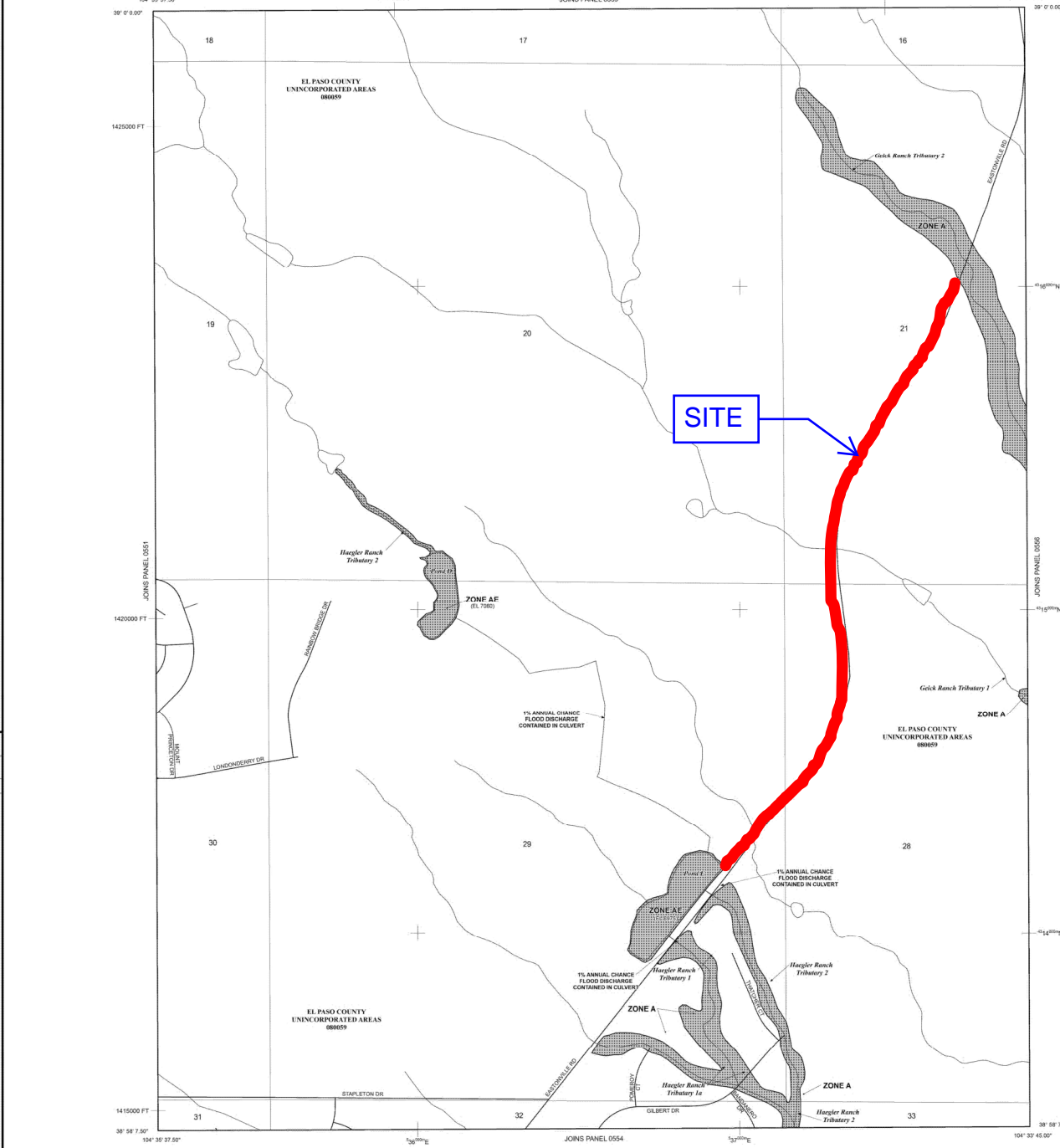
Flooding Source	Vertical Datum Offset
REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION	

Panel Location Map



This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a Cooperating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

Additional Flood Hazard information and resources are available from local communities and the Colorado Water Conservation Board.

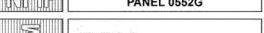


NOTE: MAP AREA SHOWN ON THIS PANEL IS LOCATED WITHIN TOWNSHIP 12 SOUTH, RANGE 64 WEST

LEGEND

- SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAS) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD**
- ZONE A** No Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE AE** Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE AF** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE AO** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.
- ZONE AR** Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently destroyed. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.
- ZONE ASB** Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal Flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE V** Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE VE** Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.
- FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE**
- The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.
- OTHER FLOOD AREAS**
- ZONE X** Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with average areas less than 1 square mile, and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.
- OTHER AREAS**
- ZONE X** Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.
- ZONE D** Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.
- COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS**
- OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)**
- CBRS areas and OPAs are normally isolated within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.
- Floodplain boundary
- Floodway boundary
- Zone D boundary
- CBRS and OPA boundary
- Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities
- Base Flood Elevation line and value, elevation in feet
- Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in feet
- Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)
- Cross section line
- Transect line
- Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83)
- 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 13
- 5000-foot grid ticks, Colorado State Plane coordinate system, central zone 10 (GPOZONE 0602)
- Lambert Conformal Conic Projection
- Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of the FIRM panel)
- M 1.5 River Mile
- MAP REPOSITORIES Refer to Map Repository list on Map Index
- EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTRYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP MARCH 17, 1997
- EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL DECEMBER 7, 2018 To update corporate limits, to change Base Flood Elevations and Special Flood Hazard Areas, to update map format, to add roads and road names, and to incorporate previously issued Letters of Map Revision.
- For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History Table adjacent to the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.
- To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.

MAP SCALE 1" = 500'



NFP

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0552G

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 552 OF 1300

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:

COMMUNITY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
EL PASO COUNTY	0552	0552	G

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used only during map sales. The Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the highest community.

MAP NUMBER
08041C0552G

MAP REVISED
DECEMBER 7, 2018

Federal Emergency Management Agency



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2
Location name: Elbert, Colorado, USA*
Latitude: 38.9796°, Longitude: -104.5696°
Elevation: 6996 ft**



* source: ESRI Maps
 ** source: USGS

POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Michael Yekta, Geoffrey Bonnin

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

[PF tabular](#) | [PF graphical](#) | [Maps & aerals](#)

PF tabular

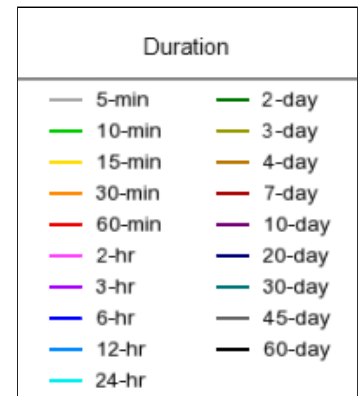
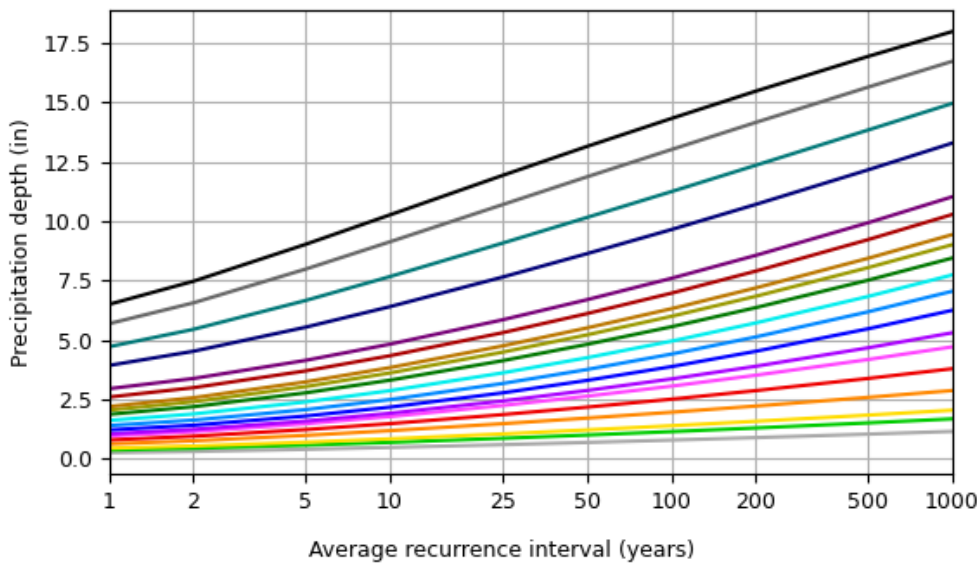
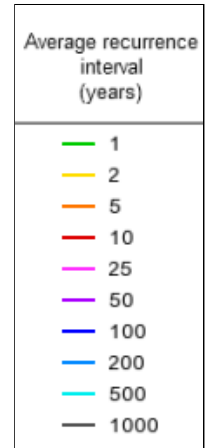
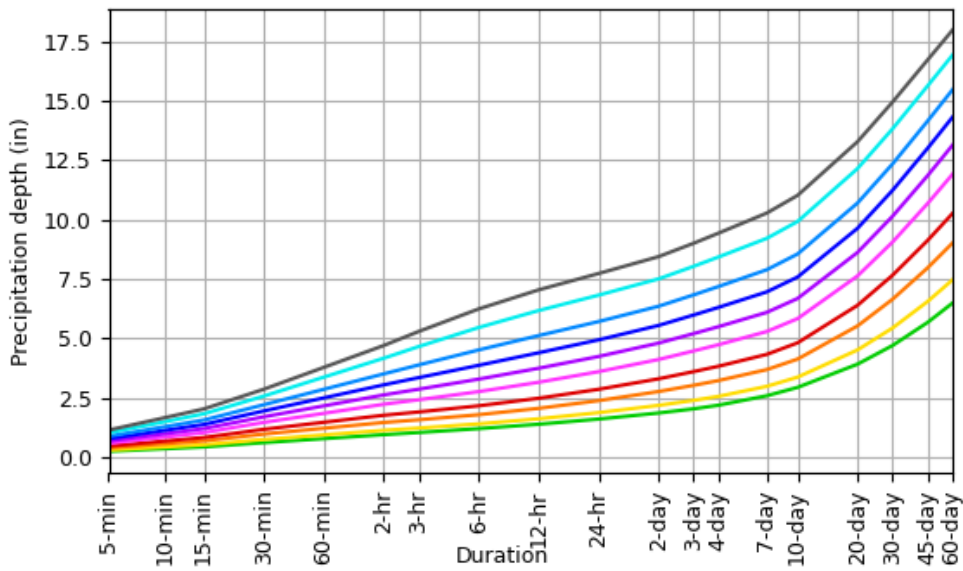
PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches)¹										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.239 (0.189-0.303)	0.291 (0.231-0.370)	0.381 (0.301-0.486)	0.461 (0.361-0.589)	0.576 (0.440-0.768)	0.671 (0.499-0.904)	0.770 (0.554-1.06)	0.875 (0.604-1.24)	1.02 (0.678-1.48)	1.14 (0.733-1.67)
10-min	0.350 (0.277-0.444)	0.426 (0.338-0.542)	0.558 (0.441-0.711)	0.674 (0.529-0.863)	0.844 (0.644-1.12)	0.982 (0.731-1.32)	1.13 (0.811-1.56)	1.28 (0.884-1.81)	1.49 (0.992-2.17)	1.66 (1.07-2.44)
15-min	0.426 (0.338-0.541)	0.520 (0.412-0.660)	0.681 (0.537-0.867)	0.823 (0.645-1.05)	1.03 (0.785-1.37)	1.20 (0.891-1.62)	1.37 (0.988-1.90)	1.56 (1.08-2.21)	1.82 (1.21-2.65)	2.03 (1.31-2.98)
30-min	0.608 (0.482-0.771)	0.740 (0.586-0.940)	0.968 (0.764-1.23)	1.17 (0.916-1.49)	1.46 (1.11-1.94)	1.70 (1.26-2.28)	1.94 (1.40-2.68)	2.20 (1.52-3.12)	2.57 (1.71-3.73)	2.86 (1.84-4.19)
60-min	0.775 (0.615-0.984)	0.933 (0.739-1.18)	1.21 (0.956-1.54)	1.46 (1.15-1.87)	1.84 (1.41-2.47)	2.16 (1.61-2.92)	2.49 (1.80-3.45)	2.85 (1.97-4.05)	3.37 (2.24-4.90)	3.78 (2.44-5.54)
2-hr	0.943 (0.754-1.19)	1.12 (0.898-1.42)	1.46 (1.16-1.84)	1.76 (1.39-2.23)	2.22 (1.72-2.97)	2.62 (1.97-3.52)	3.04 (2.21-4.19)	3.50 (2.45-4.95)	4.16 (2.80-6.03)	4.70 (3.06-6.85)
3-hr	1.03 (0.829-1.29)	1.22 (0.978-1.53)	1.57 (1.25-1.97)	1.90 (1.51-2.40)	2.41 (1.88-3.22)	2.86 (2.17-3.84)	3.34 (2.45-4.60)	3.88 (2.73-5.48)	4.66 (3.15-6.74)	5.29 (3.46-7.69)
6-hr	1.20 (0.968-1.48)	1.40 (1.13-1.74)	1.78 (1.44-2.22)	2.16 (1.73-2.70)	2.76 (2.18-3.66)	3.28 (2.52-4.39)	3.86 (2.86-5.29)	4.51 (3.20-6.34)	5.46 (3.73-7.86)	6.24 (4.12-9.01)
12-hr	1.38 (1.13-1.70)	1.61 (1.31-1.98)	2.05 (1.66-2.53)	2.48 (2.00-3.07)	3.15 (2.51-4.15)	3.74 (2.89-4.96)	4.39 (3.28-5.96)	5.12 (3.66-7.13)	6.17 (4.25-8.82)	7.04 (4.69-10.1)
24-hr	1.60 (1.31-1.95)	1.87 (1.54-2.28)	2.38 (1.94-2.91)	2.85 (2.32-3.51)	3.60 (2.88-4.67)	4.24 (3.29-5.56)	4.94 (3.71-6.63)	5.71 (4.12-7.87)	6.82 (4.73-9.66)	7.73 (5.20-11.0)
2-day	1.85 (1.54-2.24)	2.18 (1.80-2.63)	2.76 (2.28-3.34)	3.29 (2.70-4.01)	4.11 (3.30-5.27)	4.80 (3.76-6.22)	5.54 (4.19-7.36)	6.35 (4.62-8.68)	7.50 (5.25-10.5)	8.44 (5.73-11.9)
3-day	2.03 (1.69-2.44)	2.39 (1.98-2.87)	3.02 (2.50-3.64)	3.60 (2.97-4.36)	4.47 (3.60-5.69)	5.20 (4.08-6.70)	5.98 (4.55-7.90)	6.83 (4.99-9.28)	8.03 (5.65-11.2)	9.00 (6.15-12.7)
4-day	2.18 (1.82-2.61)	2.56 (2.13-3.06)	3.22 (2.68-3.87)	3.82 (3.16-4.62)	4.73 (3.83-6.00)	5.49 (4.33-7.04)	6.30 (4.81-8.30)	7.18 (5.26-9.72)	8.43 (5.94-11.7)	9.43 (6.46-13.3)
7-day	2.58 (2.17-3.07)	2.98 (2.50-3.54)	3.68 (3.08-4.39)	4.32 (3.60-5.18)	5.29 (4.30-6.65)	6.09 (4.84-7.76)	6.96 (5.34-9.09)	7.89 (5.82-10.6)	9.21 (6.55-12.8)	10.3 (7.10-14.4)
10-day	2.93 (2.48-3.47)	3.36 (2.84-3.98)	4.13 (3.47-4.90)	4.81 (4.02-5.74)	5.83 (4.76-7.28)	6.68 (5.32-8.45)	7.58 (5.85-9.86)	8.55 (6.34-11.4)	9.92 (7.08-13.7)	11.0 (7.65-15.4)
20-day	3.91 (3.33-4.58)	4.51 (3.84-5.29)	5.52 (4.68-6.50)	6.39 (5.39-7.55)	7.63 (6.25-9.37)	8.62 (6.90-10.8)	9.64 (7.47-12.4)	10.7 (7.98-14.1)	12.2 (8.74-16.6)	13.3 (9.31-18.4)
30-day	4.70 (4.02-5.47)	5.44 (4.65-6.34)	6.65 (5.66-7.78)	7.66 (6.49-9.00)	9.06 (7.44-11.0)	10.1 (8.15-12.5)	11.2 (8.74-14.3)	12.3 (9.24-16.2)	13.8 (9.98-18.7)	15.0 (10.5-20.6)
45-day	5.67 (4.88-6.57)	6.55 (5.63-7.60)	7.97 (6.82-9.27)	9.12 (7.77-10.7)	10.7 (8.79-12.9)	11.9 (9.56-14.5)	13.0 (10.2-16.4)	14.2 (10.6-18.4)	15.6 (11.3-21.0)	16.7 (11.9-23.0)
60-day	6.48 (5.60-7.48)	7.46 (6.43-8.62)	9.01 (7.74-10.4)	10.3 (8.77-11.9)	11.9 (9.82-14.3)	13.1 (10.6-16.0)	14.3 (11.2-18.0)	15.5 (11.7-20.0)	16.9 (12.3-22.6)	18.0 (12.8-24.6)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS). Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values. Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

[Back to Top](#)

PF graphical

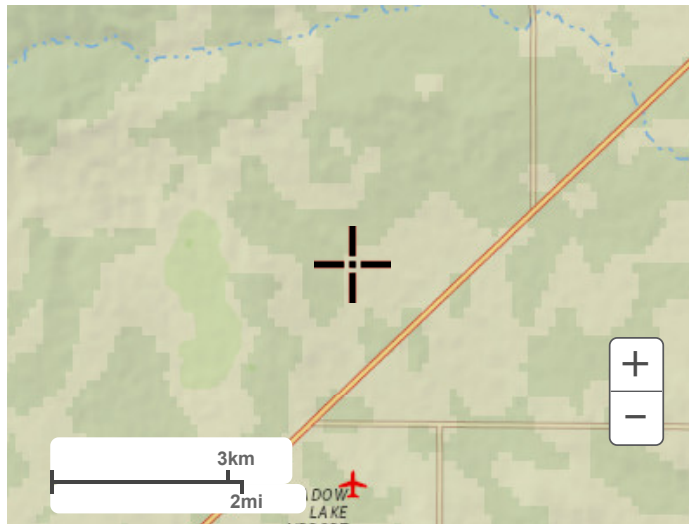
PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves
 Latitude: 38.9796°, Longitude: -104.5696°



[Back to Top](#)

Maps & aerials

Small scale terrain



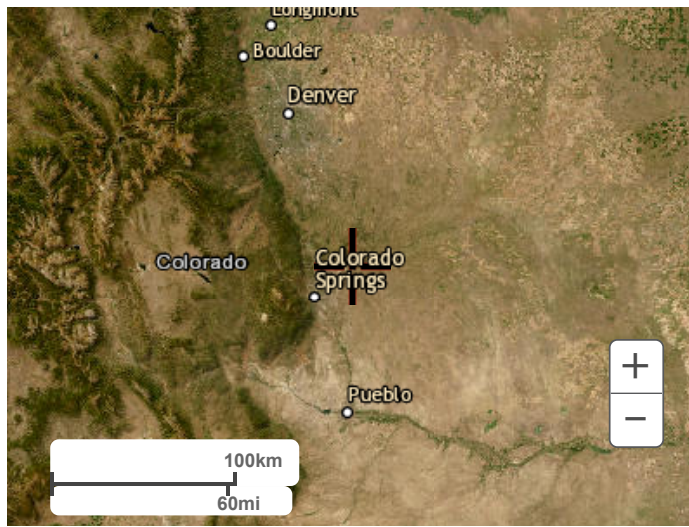
Large scale terrain



Large scale map



Large scale aerial



[Back to Top](#)

[US Department of Commerce](#)
[National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration](#)
[National Weather Service](#)
[National Water Center](#)
1325 East West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910
Questions?: HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov

[Disclaimer](#)

APPENDIX B – HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS



EASTONVILLE ROAD

Calc'd by:

SPC

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Checked by:

CM

EL PASO COUNTY, CO

Date:

10/2/2024

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE

BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
E1	0.45	48	0.7	1.7
E2.1	1.82	13	1.2	4.8
E2.2	0.40	2	0.1	1.0
E3	0.72	39	1.0	2.5
E4	3.17	12	1.9	7.8
E5	0.23	45	0.5	1.1
E6	0.79	14	0.7	2.6
E7	0.23	45	0.5	1.2
E8	0.70	16	0.6	2.1
E9	0.73	45	1.2	2.8
E10.1	2.61	15	1.9	7.0
E10.2	1.89	2	0.7	4.4
OS1	1.58	2	0.5	3.6
OS2	12.21	2	3.6	24.3
OS3.1	1.51	2	0.5	3.6
OS3.2	2.86	2	1.0	6.6
OS3.3	21.12	2	6.4	42.7

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE

DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ ₅ (cfs)	ΣQ ₁₀₀ (cfs)
1	E1,OS1	1.2	4.9
2	E2,DP1	2.3	9.3
2.2	E2.2	0.1	1.0
3	E3,OS2	4.6	26.6
4	DP3,E4	6.3	33.9
5	E5,OS3.1	0.9	4.5
6	DP5,E6	1.5	6.7
7.1	E7,OS3.2	1.4	7.5
8.1	DP7.1,E8	1.9	9.4
7.2	OS3.3,E9	7.5	45.3
8.2	DP7.2,E10.1	9.2	51.6
8.3	E10.2	0.7	4.4




EASTONVILLE ROAD
EXISTING CONDITIONS
EL PASO COUNTY, CO

Calc'd by:	SPC
Checked by:	
Date:	11/27/2023

SOIL TYPE: HSG A&B

COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS																			
BASIN	LAND USE TYPE															TOTAL	COMPOSITE IMPERVIOUSNESS & C FACTOR		
	Paved			Historic Flow Analysis--Greenbelts, Agriculture			Land Use Undefined			Land Use Undefined			Land Use Undefined						
	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀				
	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00				
	ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀
E1	0.21			0.24												0.45	48	0.47	0.64
E2.1	0.20			1.62												1.82	13	0.18	0.43
E2.2				0.40												0.40	2	0.09	0.36
E3	0.27			0.45												0.72	39	0.39	0.59
E4	0.31			2.86												3.17	12	0.17	0.42
E5	0.10			0.13												0.23	45	0.44	0.62
E6	0.10			0.69												0.79	14	0.19	0.44
E7	0.10			0.13												0.23	45	0.44	0.62
E8	0.10			0.60												0.70	16	0.21	0.45
E9	0.32			0.41												0.73	45	0.45	0.62
E10.1	0.35			2.26												2.61	15	0.20	0.44
E10.2				1.89												1.89	2	0.09	0.36
OS1				1.58												1.58	2	0.09	0.36
OS2				12.21												12.21	2	0.09	0.36
OS3.1				1.51												1.51	2	0.09	0.36
OS3.2				2.86												2.86	2	0.09	0.36
OS3.3				21.12												21.12	2	0.09	0.36

	EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
	EXISTING CONDITIONS	Checked by:	
	EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	10/2/2024

TIME OF CONCENTRATION											
BASIN DATA			OVERLAND TIME (T_i)			TRAVEL TIME (T_t)					TOTAL
DESIGNATION	C _s	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t _i (min)	C _v	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t _t (min)	t _c (min)
E1	0.47	0.45	117	11.6	5.5	10	1162	3.4	1.8	10.5	16.0
E2.1	0.18	1.82	87	2.4	11.8	10	518	1.7	1.3	6.6	18.4
E2.2	0.09	0.40	92	2.0	14.1	10	89	3.4	1.8	0.8	14.9
E3	0.39	0.72	40	2.0	6.5	10	794	2.5	1.6	8.4	14.9
E4	0.17	3.17	113	5.5	10.3	10	830	2.5	1.6	8.7	19.0
E5	0.44	0.23	30	13.8	2.8	10	310	1.4	1.2	4.4	7.1
E6	0.19	0.79	30	13.8	3.8	10	310	1.4	1.2	4.4	8.2
E7	0.44	0.23	35	25.0	2.4	10	161	0.6	0.8	3.5	5.9
E8	0.21	0.70	25	1.0	8.2	10	161	0.6	0.8	3.5	11.7
E9	0.45	0.73	30	2.0	5.2	10	711	0.5	0.7	16.8	22.0
E10.1	0.20	2.61	30	2.0	7.2	10	711	0.5	0.7	16.8	23.9
E10.2	0.09	1.89	300	2.7	23.2	10	15	4.8	2.2	0.1	23.3
OS1	0.09	1.58	300	2.8	22.8	10	213	4.5	2.1	1.7	24.4
OS2	0.09	12.21	300	4.1	20.0	10	1042	3.4	1.8	9.4	29.5
OS3.1	0.09	1.51	136	3.9	13.7	10	150	8.9	3.0	0.8	14.6
OS3.2	0.09	2.86	174	8.6	11.9	10	267	4.4	2.1	2.1	14.0
OS3.3	0.09	21.12	300	6.0	17.7	10	930	3.4	1.8	8.4	26.1

FORMULAS:

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \quad V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	C _v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

*For buried riprap, select C_v value based on type of vegetative cover.



EASTONVILLE ROAD
EXISTING CONDITIONS
DESIGN STORM: 5-YEAR

Calc'd by:

SPC

Checked by:

Date:

10/2/2024

STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	DIRECT RUNOFF						TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET			PIPE				TRAVEL TIME		REMARKS	
			AREA (ac)	C _s	t _c (min)	C _s *A (ac)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C _s *A (ac)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C _s *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C _s *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)		TRAVEL TIME (min)
		E1	0.45	0.47	16.0	0.21	3.42	0.7															BASIN E1 CAPTURED @ DP1
	1	OS1	1.58	0.09	12.9	0.14	3.75	0.5	16.0	0.35	3.42	1.2		1.2	0.35	0.6	3.0	73	7.5	0.16		BASIN E1 AND OS1 COMBINE @ DP1 CAPTURED IN 36" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E2	
	2	E2.1	1.82	0.18	13.4	0.33	3.69	1.2	16.2	0.68	3.41	2.3										FLOW @ DP2 CONVEYED OFFSITE	
	2.2	E2.2	0.40	0.09	11.0	0.04	3.99	0.1	11.0	0.04	3.99	0.1										FLOW @ DP2.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE	
		E3	0.72	0.39	14.6	0.28	3.56	1.0														BASIN E3 CAPTURED @ DP3	
	3	OS2	12.21	0.09	17.5	1.10	3.29	3.6	17.5	1.38	3.29	4.6		4.6	1.38	1.1	2.0	47	7.6	0.10		BASIN E3 AND OS2 COMBINE @ DP3 CAPTURED IN 24" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E4	
	4	E4	3.17	0.17	15.2	0.54	3.50	1.9	17.6	1.92	3.28	6.3										FLOW @ DP4 CONVEYED OFFSITE	
		E5	0.23	0.44	7.1	0.10	4.64	0.5														BASIN E5 CAPTURED @ DP5	
	5	OS3.1	1.51	0.09	11.6	0.14	3.91	0.5	11.6	0.24	3.91	0.9		0.9	0.24	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14		BASIN E5 AND OS3 COMBINE @ DP5 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E6	
	6	E6	0.79	0.19	8.2	0.15	4.43	0.7	11.7	0.39	3.89	1.5										FLOW @ DP6 CONVEYED OFFSITE	
		E7	0.23	0.44	5.9	0.10	4.92	0.5														BASIN E7 CAPTURED @ DP7	
	7.1	OS3.2	2.86	0.09	12.5	0.26	3.80	1.0	12.5	0.36	3.80	1.4		1.4	0.36	0.2	1.5	53	2.3	0.38		BASIN E7 AND OS4.1 COMBINE @ DP7.1 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E8	
	8.1	E8	0.70	0.21	11.0	0.14	3.98	0.6	12.8	0.50	3.75	1.9										FLOW @ DP8.1 CONVEYED OFFSITE	
		E9	0.73	0.45	14.1	0.32	3.61	1.2														BASIN E9 CAPTURED @ DP7.2	
	7.2	OS3.3	21.12	0.09	16.8	1.90	3.35	6.4	16.8	2.23	3.35	7.5		7.5	2.23	0.8	1.5	43	5.3	0.13		BASIN E9 AND OS 4.2 COMBINE @ DP7.2 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E10	
	8.2	E10.1	2.61	0.20	14.1	0.52	3.61	1.9	17.0	2.74	3.34	9.2										FLOW @ DP8.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE	
	8.3	E10.2	1.89	0.09	11.8	0.17	3.89	0.7	11.8	0.17	3.89	0.7										FLOW @ DP8.3 CONVEYED OFFSITE	



EASTONVILLE ROAD
EXISTING CONDITIONS
DESIGN STORM: 100-YEAR

Calc'd by:

SPC

Checked by:

Date:

10/2/2024

STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	DIRECT RUNOFF					TOTAL RUNOFF					STREET			PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS	
			AREA (ac)	C ₁₀₀	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (ft)	VEL. (ft/s)		TRAVEL TIME (min)
		E1	0.45	0.64	16.0	0.29	5.74	1.7															BASIN E1 CAPTURED @ DP1
	1	OS1	1.58	0.36	12.9	0.57	6.30	3.6	16.0	0.86	5.74	4.9		4.9	0.86	0.6	3.0	73	7.5	0.16			BASIN E1 AND OS1 COMBINE @ DP1 CAPTURED IN 36" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E2
	2	E2.1	1.82	0.43	13.4	0.78	6.20	4.8	16.2	1.63	5.72	9.3											FLOW @ DP2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	2.2	E2.2	0.40	0.36	11.0	0.14	6.69	1.0	11.0	0.14	6.69	1.0											FLOW @ DP2.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
		E3	0.72	0.59	14.6	0.42	5.97	2.5															BASIN E3 CAPTURED @ DP3
	3	OS2	12.21	0.36	17.5	4.40	5.53	24.3	17.5	4.82	5.53	26.6		26.6	4.82	1.1	2.0	47	7.6	0.10			BASIN E3 AND OS2 COMBINE @ DP3 CAPTURED IN 24" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E4
	4	E4	3.17	0.42	15.2	1.33	5.87	7.8	17.6	6.14	5.51	33.9											FLOW @ DP4 CONVEYED OFFSITE
		E5	0.23	0.62	7.1	0.14	7.79	1.1															BASIN E5 CAPTURED @ DP5
	5	OS3.1	1.51	0.36	11.6	0.54	6.56	3.6	11.6	0.69	6.56	4.5		4.5	0.69	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14			BASIN E5 AND OS3 COMBINE @ DP5 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E6
	6	E6	0.79	0.44	8.2	0.34	7.44	2.6	11.7	1.03	6.53	6.7											FLOW @ DP6 CONVEYED OFFSITE
		E7	0.23	0.62	5.9	0.14	8.26	1.2															BASIN E7 CAPTURED @ DP7
	7.1	OS3.2	2.86	0.36	12.5	1.03	6.38	6.6	12.5	1.17	6.38	7.5		7.5	1.17	0.2	1.5	53	2.3	0.38			BASIN E7 AND OS4.1 COMBINE @ DP7.1 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E8
	8.1	E8	0.70	0.45	11.0	0.31	6.68	2.1	12.8	1.48	6.30	9.4											FLOW @ DP8.1 CONVEYED OFFSITE
		E9	0.73	0.62	14.1	0.45	6.06	2.8															BASIN E9 CAPTURED @ DP7.2
	7.2	OS3.3	21.12	0.36	16.8	7.60	5.62	42.7	16.8	8.06	5.62	45.3		45.3	8.06	0.8	1.5	43	5.3	0.13			BASIN E9 AND OS 4.2 COMBINE @ DP7.2 CAPTURED IN 18" CMP CULVERT, PIPED TO BASIN E10
	8.2	E10.1	2.61	0.44	14.1	1.15	6.06	7.0	17.0	9.21	5.60	51.6											FLOW @ DP8.2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	8.3	E10.2	1.89	0.36	11.8	0.68	6.53	4.4	11.8	0.68	6.53	4.4											FLOW @ DP8.3 CONVEYED OFFSITE



EASTONVILLE ROAD	Calc'd by:	SPC
PROPOSED CONDITIONS	Checked by:	CM
EL PASO COUNTY, CO	Date:	10/28/2024

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE				
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)
EA1	0.62	97	2.6	4.7
EA2	1.21	50	2.5	5.6
EA3	0.44	91	1.8	3.0
EA4	0.77	52	1.7	2.9
EA5.1	0.37	9	0.3	0.4
EA5.2	0.52	0	0.2	1.6
EA5.3	1.21	0	0.4	2.9
EA5.4	0.41	0	0.1	1.0
EA6	1.09	91	3.1	5.2
EA7	1.92	52	3.2	5.4
EA8	0.94	50	0.5	0.9
EA9	0.88	35	0.4	0.6
EA10.1	0.36	23	0.4	0.6
EA10.2	1.06	23	1.4	4.4
EA11	1.23	0	0.5	0.9
EA12	0.47	25	0.6	1.7
EA13	0.21	26	0.3	0.7
EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	5.22	75	10.3	17.2
OS1	1.63	2	0.5	3.6
OS2	12.18	2	3.6	24.2
OS3	25.50	2	8.0	53.6

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE			
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	ΣQ ₅ (cfs)	ΣQ ₁₀₀ (cfs)
1	OS1	0.5	3.6
2	DP20, SFB D Release	0.7	5.0
3	OS2	3.6	24.2
4	EA 5.2, OS2, DP4.1, SFB A RELEASE	4.1	28.6
4.1	EA5.3	0.6	3.5
6	EA5.4	0.4	2.0
7	OS3	8.0	53.6
8.3	DP 22, OS3, EDB B RELEASE	9.7	58.1
8.2	EA10.2	1.4	4.0
9	DP1, EA1	3.3	9.3
10	DP9, EA2	5.4	13.9
11	DP10, EA12	5.8	15.2
12	EA13	0.3	0.7
13	EA3	1.8	3.0
14	DP13, EA4	3.3	5.6
15	DP14, EA5	3.5	5.9
16	EA6	3.1	5.2
17	DP16, EA7	6.2	10.3
18	DP17	6.2	10.3
19	DP18,EA8	6.6	11.1
18U	DP17, EA8 & EA9 *PER SEGMENT 2 FDR	15.5	26.1
19U	DP18U, EA8	15.9	26.6
20	EA9	0.4	0.6
8.1	EA10	0.4	0.6
22	EA11	0.5	0.9

NOTE: "U" DENOTES ULTIMATE CONDITION AFTER COMPLETION OF EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 2 CONSTRUCTION



EASTONVILLE ROAD
PROPOSED CONDITIONS
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO

Calc'd by: SPC
Checked by: CM
Date: 11/27/2023

SOIL TYPE: HSG A&B

COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS																			
BASIN	LAND USE TYPE															TOTAL	COMPOSITE IMPERVIOUSNESS & C FACTOR		
	Paved			Historic Flow Analysis-- Greenbelts, Agriculture			Lawns			Gravel			Drive and Walks						
	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀	%I	C₅	C₁₀₀		%I	C₅	C₁₀₀
	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	0	0.08	0.35	80	0.59	0.70	100	0.90	0.96				
	ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			
EA1	0.60						0.02									0.62	97	0.87	0.94
EA2	0.60						0.61									1.21	50	0.49	0.65
EA3	0.40						0.04									0.44	91	0.82	0.90
EA4	0.40						0.37									0.77	52	0.50	0.67
EA5.1							0.33			0.04						0.37	9	0.13	0.39
EA5.2							0.52									0.52	0	0.08	0.35
EA5.3							1.21									1.21	0	0.08	0.35
EA5.4							0.41									0.41	0	0.08	0.35
EA6	0.99						0.10									1.09	91	0.83	0.91
EA7	0.99						0.93									1.92	52	0.50	0.67
EA8							0.83			0.09			0.01			0.94	9	0.14	0.39
EA9							0.88									0.88	0	0.08	0.35
EA10.1							0.30			0.01			0.05			0.36	16	0.21	0.44
EA10.2							0.81			0.06			0.20			1.06	23	0.26	0.48
EA11							1.23									1.23	0	0.08	0.35
EA12	0.06						0.34			0.07						0.47	25	0.26	0.48
EA13	0.06						0.15									0.21	26	0.30	0.51
OS1				1.63												1.63	2	0.09	0.36
OS2				12.18												12.18	2	0.09	0.36
OS3				25.50												25.50	2	0.09	0.36

COMPOSITE 'C' FACTORS																			
BASIN	LAND USE TYPE															TOTAL	COMPOSITE IMPERVIOUSNESS & C FACTOR		
	Paved			Historic Flow Analysis-- Greenbelts, Agriculture			Lawns			Gravel			Drive and Walks						
	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀		%I	C ₅	C ₁₀₀
	100	0.90	0.96	2	0.09	0.36	0	0.08	0.35	80	0.59	0.70	100	0.90	0.96	ACRES			
	ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			ACRES			
EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	3.94						1.28									5.22	75	0.70	0.81
EA10 *Per Segment 2 FDR	0.12						0.04									0.16	75	0.70	0.81
EA11 *Per Segment 2 FDR	0.10						0.05									0.15	67	0.63	0.76
SFB A	0.80			0.00			0.74			0.04			0.00			1.58	53		
EDB B	1.98			0.00			1.86			0.09			0.01			3.95	52		
EDB B (ULT)	6.14			0.00			3.23			0.09			0.01			9.48	66		
SFB D	1.26			1.63			0.97			0.07			0.00			3.93	34		



EASTONVILLE ROAD

Calc'd by:

SPC

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

Checked by:

CM

EL PASO COUNTY, CO

Date:

10/28/2024

TIME OF CONCENTRATION

BASIN DATA			OVERLAND TIME (T _i)			TRAVEL TIME (T _t)					TOTAL	tc=(L/180)+10	Design tc
DESIGNATION	C _s	AREA (ac)	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	t _i (min)	C _v	LENGTH (ft)	SLOPE %	V (ft/s)	t _t (min)	t _c (min)	tc max	tc design (min)
EA1	0.87	0.62	26	2.0	1.7	20	734	1.6	2.5	4.9	6.6	14.2	6.6
EA2	0.49	1.21	26	2.0	4.6	20	734	1.6	2.5	4.9	9.5	14.2	9.5
EA3	0.82	0.44	26	2.0	2.0	20	326	0.5	1.4	3.8	5.9	12.0	5.9
EA4	0.50	0.77	26	2.0	4.4	20	326	0.5	1.4	3.8	8.3	12.0	8.3
EA5.1	0.13	0.37	25	25.0	3.0	10	100	0.5	0.7	2.4	5.4	10.7	5.4
EA5.2	0.08	0.52	35	33.0	3.4	10	110	5.5	2.3	0.8	5.0	10.8	5.0
EA5.3	0.08	1.21	68	10.0	7.1	10	286	2.3	1.5	3.1	10.3	12.0	10.3
EA5.4	0.08	0.41	78	4.6	9.9	10	145	1.4	1.2	2.0	12.0	11.2	11.2
EA6	0.83	1.09	26	2.0	2.0	20	1304	0.6	1.5	14.0	16.1	17.4	16.1
EA7	0.50	1.92	26	2.0	4.4	20	1304	0.6	1.5	14.0	18.5	17.4	17.4
EA8	0.14	0.94	100	9.0	8.4	10	102	0.5	0.7	2.4	10.8	11.1	10.8
EA9	0.08	0.88	50	24.4	4.6	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.3	5.0
EA10.1	0.21	0.36	35	24.4	3.3	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.2	5.0
EA10.2	0.26	1.06	50	15.0	4.4	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.3	5.0
EA11	0.08	1.23	23	18.0	3.4	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.1	5.0
EA12	0.26	0.47	117	12.0	7.3	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	7.3	10.7	7.3
EA13	0.30	0.21	82	2.0	10.6	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	10.6	10.5	10.5
EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	0.70	5.22	26	2.0	3.0	20	2500	0.7	1.7	24.9	27.9	24.0	24.0
OS1	0.09	1.63	100	2.7	13.3	10	633	1.5	1.2	8.6	22.0	14.1	14.1
OS2	0.09	12.18	100	4.3	11.4	10	1243	3.2	1.8	11.6	23.0	17.5	17.5
OS3	0.09	25.50	100	6.5	9.9	10	879	3.2	1.8	8.2	18.1	15.4	15.4

FORMULAS:

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}} \quad V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C_v

Type of Land Surface	C _v
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

*For buried riprap, select C_v value based on type of vegetative cover.



EASTONVILLE ROAD
PROPOSED CONDITIONS
DESIGN STORM: 5-YEAR

Calc'd by:

SPC

Checked by:

CM

Date:

10/28/2024

STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	DIRECT RUNOFF					TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET			PIPE				TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS			
			AREA (ac)	C _s	t _c (min)	C _s *A (ac)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C _s *A (ac)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C _s *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C _s *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (FT)	VEL. (FPS)		TRAVEL TIME (min)		
	1	OS1	1.63	0.09	14.1	0.15	3.62	0.5	14.1	0.15	3.62	0.5						0.5	0.15	0.5	1.5	10	4.2	0.04	BASIN OS1 @ DP1 CAPTURED IN 18" RCP CULVERT, DRAINS TO BASIN DP9
	2								0.1	0.07	3.62	0.7													SFB D RELEASE @ 0.4 CFS AND DP 20 FLOW @ DP2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	3	OS2	12.18	0.09	17.5	1.10	3.29	3.6	17.5	1.10	3.29	3.6						3.6	1.10	2.6	2.5	186	13.5	0.23	BASIN OS2 @ DP3 CAPTURED IN 30" RCP CULVERT, DRAINS TO BASIN DP4
	4	EA5.2	0.52	0.08	5.0	0.04	5.17	0.2	17.7	1.23	3.29	4.1													FLOW @ DP4 CONVEYED OFFSITE (INCLUDES DETENTION SFB A 5-YR RELEASE RATE @ 0.03 CFS)
	4.1	EA5.3	1.21	0.08	10.3	0.10	4.09	0.4	10.3	0.10	3.29	0.6													FLOW @ DP4.1 DRAINS SOUTH TO ULTIMATELY COMBINE WITH DP4
	6	EA5.4	0.41	0.08	11.2	0.03	3.95	0.1	11.2	0.03	3.29	0.4													FLOW @ DP6 DRAINS OFFSITE
	7	OS3	25.50	0.09	15.4	2.30	3.48	8.0	15.4	2.30	3.48	8.0						8.0	2.30	0.6	3.0	445	7.3	1.01	BASIN OS3 FLOW @ DP7 CAPTURED IN CDOT TYPE D INLET, PIPED TO DP8
	8.3								16.5	2.67	3.48	9.7													FLOW @ DP8 CONVEYED OFFSITE (INCLUDES EDB POND B 5-YR RELEASE RATE @ 0.4 CFS, DP7, & DP22)
	8.2	EA10.2	1.06	0.26	5.0	0.27	5.17	1.4	5.0	0.27	3.48	1.4													FLOW @ DP8.2 DRAINS NE TO ULTIMATELY COMBINE WITH DP8
	9	EA1	0.62	0.87	6.6	0.54	4.75	2.6	6.6	0.69	4.75	3.3						3.3	0.69	0.5	1.5	52	4.2	0.21	BASIN EA1 CAPTURED @ DP9 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	10	EA2	1.21	0.49	9.5	0.59	4.21	2.5	9.5	1.28	4.21	5.4						5.4	1.28	0.5	1.5	128	4.2	0.51	BASIN EA2 CAPTURED @ DP10 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	11	EA12	0.47	0.26	7.3	0.12	4.61	0.6	10.0	1.40	4.13	5.8						5.8	1.40	1.5	1.5	63	7.2	0.15	BASIN EA12 SHEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO SFB D
	12	EA13	0.21	0.30	10.5	0.06	4.06	0.3	10.5	0.06	4.13	0.3													FLOW @ DP12 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	13	EA3	0.44	0.82	5.9	0.36	4.92	1.8	5.9	0.36	4.92	1.8						1.8	0.36	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14	BASIN EA3 CAPTURED @ DP13 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	14	EA4	0.77	0.50	8.3	0.39	4.42	1.7	8.3	0.75	4.42	3.3						3.3	0.75	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14	BASIN EA4 CAPTURED @ DP14 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET
	15	EA5.1	0.37	0.13	5.4	0.05	5.06	0.3	8.4	0.80	4.39	3.5						3.5	0.80	0.5	1.5	36	4.2	0.14	BASIN EA5 SHEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO SFB A
	16	EA6	1.09	0.83	16.1	0.90	3.42	3.1	16.1	0.90	3.42	3.1						3.1	0.90	0.5	1.5	52	4.2	0.21	BASIN EA6 CAPTURED @ DP16 BY SUMP TYPE R INLET
	17	EA7	1.92	0.50	17.4	0.97	3.30	3.2	17.4	1.87	3.30	6.2						6.2	1.87	0.5	2.0	196	5.1	0.64	BASIN EA7 CAPTURED @ DP17 BY SUMP TYPE R INLET
	18								17.4	1.87	3.30	6.2						6.2	1.87	0.5	2.0	42	5.1	0.14	STORM MH @ D18, NO SEGMENT 2 FLOW
	19	EA8	0.94	0.14	10.8	0.13	4.01	0.5	17.5	2.00	3.29	6.6						6.6	2.00	0.5	2.0	196	5.1	0.64	BASIN EA8 SHEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO EDB B (NO SEGMENT 2 FLOWS)
	18U	EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	5.22	0.70	24.0	3.65	2.81	10.3	24.0	5.52	2.81	15.5						15.5	5.52	0.5	2.0	42	5.1	0.14	SEGMENT 2 FLOW COMBINES @ DP18 WITH SEGMENT 1 FLOWS @ STORM MH
	19U	EA8	0.94	0.14	10.8	0.13	4.01	0.5	24.2	5.65	2.81	15.9													BASIN EA8 SHEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO EDB B INCLUDING FUTURE TRIBUTARY FLOW FROM SUBBASIN EA8 & EA9 PER THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 2 FDR
	20	EA9	0.88	0.08	5.0	0.07	5.17	0.4	5.0	0.07	5.17	0.4													BASIN EA9 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE
	8.1	EA10.1	0.36	0.21	5.0	0.07	5.17	0.4	5.0	0.07	5.17	0.4													BASIN EA10 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE
	22	EA11	1.23	0.08	5.0	0.10	5.17	0.5	5.0	0.10	5.17	0.5													BASIN EA11 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE



EASTONVILLE ROAD
PROPOSED CONDITIONS
DESIGN STORM: 100-YEAR

Calc'd by: **SPC**
 Checked by: **CM**
 Date: **10/28/2024**

STREET	DESIGN POINT	BASIN ID	DIRECT RUNOFF					TOTAL RUNOFF					STREET			PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS
			AREA (ac)	C ₁₀₀	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)	t _c (min)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	I (in./hr.)	Q (cfs)	Q _{street} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	Q _{PIPE} (cfs)	C ₁₀₀ *A (ac)	SLOPE %	PIPE SIZE (ft)	LENGTH (ft)	VEL. (ft/s)	
	1	OS1	1.63	0.36	14.1	0.59	6.07	3.6	14.1	0.59	6.07	3.6			3.6	0.59	0.5	1.5	115	4.2	0.46	BASIN OS1 @ DP1 CAPTURED IN 18" RCP CULVERT, DRAINS TO BASIN DP2
	2							0.1	0.07	6.07	5.0											SFB D RELEASE @ 4.6 CFS AND DP 20 FLOW @ DP2 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	3	OS2	12.18	0.36	17.5	4.38	5.53	24.2	17.5	4.38	5.53	24.2		24.2	4.38	2.6	2.5	186	13.5	0.23	BASIN OS2 @ DP3 CAPTURED IN 30" RCP CULVERT, DRAINS TO BASIN DP4	
	4	EA5.2	0.52	0.35	5.0	0.18	8.68	1.6	17.7	4.99	5.53	28.6										FLOW @ DP4 CONVEYED OFFSITE (INCLUDES DETENTION SFB A 100-YR RELEASE RATE @ 1.0 CFS)
	4.1	EA5.3	1.21	0.35	10.3	0.42	6.86	2.9	10.3	0.42	5.53	3.5										FLOW @ DP4.1 DRAINS SOUTH TO ULTIMATELY COMBINE WITH DP4
	6	EA5.4	0.41	0.35	11.2	0.14	6.64	1.0	11.2	0.14	5.53	2.0										FLOW @ DP6 DRAINS OFFSITE
	7	OS3	25.50	0.36	15.4	9.18	5.84	53.6	15.4	9.18	5.84	53.6		53.6	9.18	0.6	3.0	445	7.3	1.01	BASIN OS3 FLOW @ DP7 CAPTURED IN CDOT TYPE D INLET, PIPED TO DP8	
	8.3							16.5	9.79	5.84	58.1											FLOW @ DP8 CONVEYED OFFSITE (INCLUDES EDB POND B 100-YR RELEASE RATE @ 1.0 CFS, DP7, & DP22)
	8.2	EA10.2	1.06	0.48	5.0	0.51	8.68	4.4	5.0	0.51	5.84	4.0										FLOW @ DP8.2 DRAINS NE TO ULTIMATELY COMBINE WITH DP8
	9	EA1	0.62	0.94	6.6	0.58	7.98	4.7	6.6	1.17	7.98	9.3		9.3	1.17	0.5	1.5	52	4.2	0.21	BASIN EA1 CAPTURED @ DP9 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET	
	10	EA2	1.21	0.65	9.5	0.79	7.07	5.6	9.5	1.96	7.07	13.9		13.9	1.96	0.5	1.5	128	4.2	0.51	BASIN EA2 CAPTURED @ DP10 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET	
	11	EA12	0.47	0.48	7.3	0.23	7.73	1.7	10.0	2.18	6.94	15.2		15.2	2.18	1.5	1.5	63	7.2	0.15	BASIN EA12 SHEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO SFB D	
	12	EA13	0.21	0.51	10.5	0.11	6.82	0.7	10.5	0.11	6.94	0.7										FLOW @ DP12 CONVEYED OFFSITE
	13	EA3	0.44	0.82	5.9	0.36	8.27	3.0	5.9	0.36	8.27	3.0		3.0	0.36	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14	BASIN EA3 CAPTURED @ DP13 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET	
	14	EA4	0.77	0.50	8.3	0.39	7.42	2.9	8.3	0.75	7.42	5.6		5.6	0.75	1.3	1.5	56	6.8	0.14	BASIN EA4 CAPTURED @ DP14 BY ON GRADE TYPE R INLET	
	15	EA5.1	0.37	0.13	5.4	0.05	8.49	0.4	8.4	0.80	7.37	5.9		5.9	0.80	0.5	1.5	36	4.2	0.14	BASIN EA5 SHEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO SFB A	
	16	EA6	1.09	0.83	16.1	0.90	5.74	5.2	16.1	0.90	5.74	5.2		5.2	0.90	0.5	1.5	52	4.2	0.21	BASIN EA6 CAPTURED @ DP16 BY SUMP TYPE R INLET	
	17	EA7	1.92	0.50	17.4	0.97	5.54	5.4	17.4	1.87	5.54	10.3		10.3	1.87	0.5	2.0	196	5.1	0.64	BASIN EA7 CAPTURED @ DP17 BY SUMP TYPE R INLET	
	18							17.4	1.87	5.54	10.3			10.3	1.87	0.5	2.0	42	5.1	0.14	STORM MH @ D18, NO SEGMENT 2 FLOW	
	19	EA8	0.94	0.14	10.8	0.13	6.73	0.9	17.5	2.00	5.52	11.1		11.1	2.00	0.5	2.0	196	5.1	0.64	BASIN EA8 SHEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO EDB B (NO SEGMENT 2 FLOWS)	
	18U	EA8 & EA9 *Per Segment 2 FDR	5.22	0.70	24.0	3.65	4.72	17.2	24.0	5.52	4.72	26.1		26.1	5.52	0.5	2.0	42	5.1	0.14	SEGMENT 2 FLOW COMBINES @ DP18 WITH SEGMENT 1 FLOWS @ STORM MH	
	19U	EA8	0.94	0.14	10.8	0.13	6.73	0.9	24.2	5.65	4.71	26.6										BASIN EA8 SHEET FLOWS DIRECTLY TO EDB B INCLUDING FUTURE TRIBUTARY FLOW FROM SUBBASIN EA8 & EA9 PER THE EASTONVILLE ROAD SEGMENT 2 FDR
	20	EA9	0.88	0.08	5.0	0.07	8.68	0.6	5.0	0.07	8.68	0.6										BASIN EA9 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE
	8.1	EA10.1	0.36	0.21	5.0	0.07	8.68	0.6	5.0	0.07	8.68	0.6										BASIN EA10 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE
	22	EA11	1.23	0.08	5.0	0.10	8.68	0.9	5.0	0.10	8.68	0.9										BASIN EA11 SHEET FLOWS OFFSITE

Design Procedure Form: Runoff Reduction

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 1

Designer: SPC
 Company: HR GREEN
 Date: October 1, 2024
 Project: Eastonville Segment 1 - RR
 Location: COLORADO SPRINGS, CO

SITE INFORMATION (User Input in Blue Cells)

WQCV Rainfall Depth = 0.60 inches
 Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm, d_6 = 0.43 inches (for Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Figure 3-1 in USDCM Vol. 3)

Area Type	UIA:RPA	SPA	SPA	SPA	SPA	SPA	UIA:RPA	SPA	SPA	SPA	UIA:RPA	UIA:RPA
Area ID	SFB D - RR	SFB D - SPA	EA9	OS2	EA5.2	EA5.3	SFB A - RR	SFB A - SPA	EA5.4	OS3	EDB B - RR (PART 1)	EDB B - RR (PART 2)
Downstream Design Point ID	11	11	20	3	4	4.1	15	15	6	7	19	19
Downstream BMP Type	SF	SF	None	None	None	None	SF	SF	None	None	EDB	EDB
DCIA (ft ²)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
UIA (ft ²)	58,205	--	--	--	--	--	36,477	--	--	--	45,596	45,596
RPA (ft ²)	4,681	--	--	--	--	--	4,601	--	--	--	2,783	2,783
SPA (ft ²)	--	108,305	14,605	13,994	10,105	20,228	--	27,747	5,422	37,875	--	--
HSG A (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
HSG B (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
HSG C/D (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Average Slope of RPA (ft/ft)	0.005	--	--	--	--	--	0.005	--	--	--	0.005	0.005
UIA:RPA Interface Width (ft)	50.00	--	--	--	--	--	48.00	--	--	--	70.00	70.00

CALCULATED RUNOFF RESULTS

Area ID	SFB D - RR	SFB D - SPA	EA9	OS2	EA5.2	EA5.3	SFB A - RR	SFB A - SPA	EA5.4	OS3	B - RR (PART 1)	B - RR (PART 2)
UIA:RPA Area (ft ²)	62,886	--	--	--	--	--	41,078	--	--	--	48,379	48,379
L / W Ratio	16.00	--	--	--	--	--	16.00	--	--	--	9.87	9.87
UIA / Area	0.9256	--	--	--	--	--	0.8880	--	--	--	0.9425	0.9425
Runoff (in)	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.38
Runoff (ft ³)	1778	0	0	0	0	0	966	0	0	0	1535	1535
Runoff Reduction (ft ³)	647	5415	730	700	505	1011	554	1387	271	1894	365	365

CALCULATED WQCV RESULTS

Area ID	SFB D - RR	SFB D - SPA	EA9	OS2	EA5.2	EA5.3	SFB A - RR	SFB A - SPA	EA5.4	OS3	B - RR (PART 1)	B - RR (PART 2)
WQCV (ft ³)	1940	0	0	0	0	0	1216	0	0	0	1900	1900
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)	647	0	0	0	0	0	554	0	0	0	365	365
WQCV Reduction (%)	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	46%	0%	0%	0%	19%	19%
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)	1293	0	0	0	0	0	662	0	0	0	1535	1535

CALCULATED DESIGN POINT RESULTS (sums results from all columns with the same Downstream Design Point ID)

Downstream Design Point ID	11	11	20	3	4	4.1	15	15	6	7	19	19
DCIA (ft ²)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UIA (ft ²)	58,205	58,205	0	0	0	0	36,477	36,477	0	0	91,192	91,192
RPA (ft ²)	4,681	4,681	0	0	0	0	4,601	4,601	0	0	5,566	5,566
SPA (ft ²)	108,305	108,305	14,605	13,994	10,105	20,228	27,747	27,747	5,422	37,875	0	0
Total Area (ft ²)	171,191	171,191	14,605	13,994	10,105	20,228	68,825	68,825	5,422	37,875	96,758	96,758
Total Impervious Area (ft ²)	58,205	58,205	0	0	0	0	36,477	36,477	0	0	91,192	91,192
WQCV (ft ³)	1,940	1,940	0	0	0	0	1,216	1,216	0	0	3,800	3,800
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)	647	647	0	0	0	0	554	554	0	0	730	730
WQCV Reduction (%)	33%	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	46%	46%	0%	0%	19%	19%
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)	1,293	1,293	0	0	0	0	662	662	0	0	3,070	3,070

CALCULATED SITE RESULTS (sums results from all columns in worksheet)

Total Area (ft ²)	775,777
Total Impervious Area (ft ²)	371,748
WQCV (ft ³)	6,956
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)	1,930
WQCV Reduction (%)	28%
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)	5,026

Note: I will take a more detailed look at these calcs compared to the RR areas shown on the drainage map once it is sorted out how much RPAs and SPAs are actually necessary per my comments throughout this report about double WQ treatment.

Design Procedure Form: Runoff Reduction

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 1

Designer: SPC
 Company: HR GREEN
 Date: October 7, 2024
 Project: Eastonville Segment 1 - RR
 Location: COLORADO SPRINGS, CO

SITE INFORMATION (User Input in Blue Cells)

WQCV Rainfall Depth = 0.60 inches
 Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm, d_6 = 0.43 inches (for Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Figure 3-1 in USDCM Vol. 3)

Area Type	SPA	SPA	SPA	UIA:RPA	SPA	UIA:RPA	SPA						
Area ID	EDB B - SPA	EA11	EA13	EA10.1	EA10.1 SPA	EA10.2	EA10.2 SPA						
Downstream Design Point ID	19	22	12	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.2						
Downstream BMP Type	EDB	None	None	None	None	None	None						
DCIA (ft ²)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--						
UIA (ft ²)	--	--	--	2,715	--	11,050	--						
RPA (ft ²)	--	--	--	2,930	--	8,500	--						
SPA (ft ²)	75,304	5,412	544	--	5,540	--	13,713						
HSG A (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%						
HSG B (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%						
HSG C/D (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%						
Average Slope of RPA (ft/ft)	--	--	--	0.020	--	0.100	--						
UIA:RPA Interface Width (ft)	--	--	--	293.00	--	850.00	--						

CALCULATED RUNOFF RESULTS

Area ID	EDB B - SPA	EA11	EA13	EA10.1	EA10.1 SPA	EA10.2	EA10.2 SPA						
UIA:RPA Area (ft ²)	--	--	--	5,645	--	19,550	--						
L / W Ratio	--	--	--	0.07	--	0.06	--						
UIA / Area	--	--	--	0.4810	--	0.5652	--						
Runoff (in)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
Runoff (ft ³)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
Runoff Reduction (ft ³)	3765	271	27	113	277	460	686						

CALCULATED WQCV RESULTS

Area ID	EDB B - SPA	EA11	EA13	EA10.1	EA10.1 SPA	EA10.2	EA10.2 SPA						
WQCV (ft ³)	0	0	0	113	0	460	0						
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)	0	0	0	113	0	460	0						
WQCV Reduction (%)	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%						
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						

CALCULATED DESIGN POINT RESULTS (sums results from all columns with the same Downstream Design Point ID)

Downstream Design Point ID	19	22	12	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.2						
DCIA (ft ²)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
UIA (ft ²)	0	0	0	2,715	2,715	11,050	11,050						
RPA (ft ²)	0	0	0	2,930	2,930	8,500	8,500						
SPA (ft ²)	75,304	5,412	544	5,540	5,540	13,713	13,713						
Total Area (ft ²)	75,304	5,412	544	11,185	11,185	33,263	33,263						
Total Impervious Area (ft ²)	0	0	0	2,715	2,715	11,050	11,050						
WQCV (ft ³)	0	0	0	113	113	460	460						
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)	0	0	0	113	113	460	460						
WQCV Reduction (%)	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%						
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						

CALCULATED SITE RESULTS (sums results from all columns in worksheet)

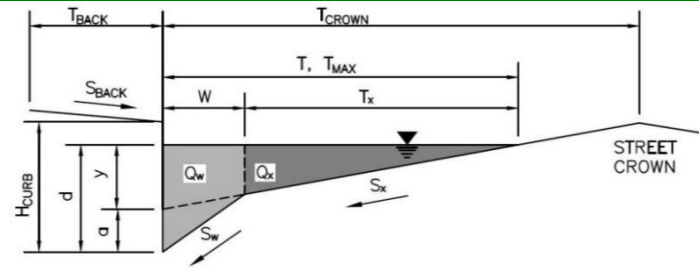
Total Area (ft ²)	170,156
Total Impervious Area (ft ²)	27,530
WQCV (ft ³)	574
WQCV Reduction (ft ³)	574
WQCV Reduction (%)	100%
Untreated WQCV (ft ³)	0

APPENDIX C – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

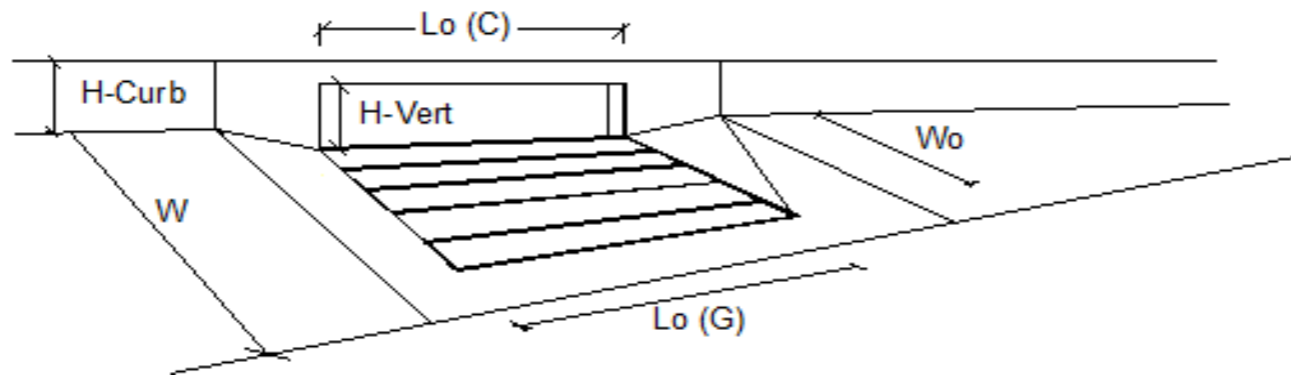
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
 Inlet ID: Inlet DP9



Gutter Geometry:	
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	$T_{BACK} = 2.5$ ft
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	$S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{BACK} = 0.020$
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	$T_{CROWN} = 26.0$ ft
Gutter Width	$W = 2.00$ ft
Street Transverse Slope	$S_X = 0.020$ ft/ft
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	$S_W = 0.083$ ft/ft
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	$S_O = 0.005$ ft/ft
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{STREET} = 0.012$
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	$T_{MAX} = \begin{matrix} \text{Minor Storm} & \text{Major Storm} \\ 20.0 & 26.0 \end{matrix}$ ft
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	$d_{MAX} = \begin{matrix} \text{Minor Storm} & \text{Major Storm} \\ 6.0 & 6.5 \end{matrix}$ inches
Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion	
Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 2.60 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'	
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 4.70 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'	
	$Q_{allow} = \begin{matrix} \text{Minor Storm} & \text{Major Storm} \\ 13.0 & 17.0 \end{matrix}$ cfs

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



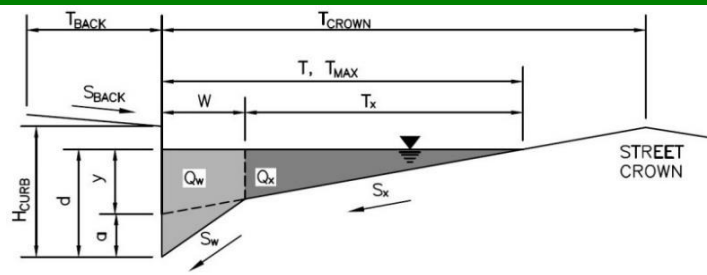
Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	3	3	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - $Q < \text{Allowable Street Capacity}$			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q = 2.6	4.7	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q_b = 0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_a/Q_o	C% = 100	100	%

Unresolved:
 Per DP summary table,
 flows at DP 9 are 3.3 and
 9.3 cfs. Based on those
 flows, should be flowby
 and less than 100%
 interception rate. What
 happens with flowby?

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

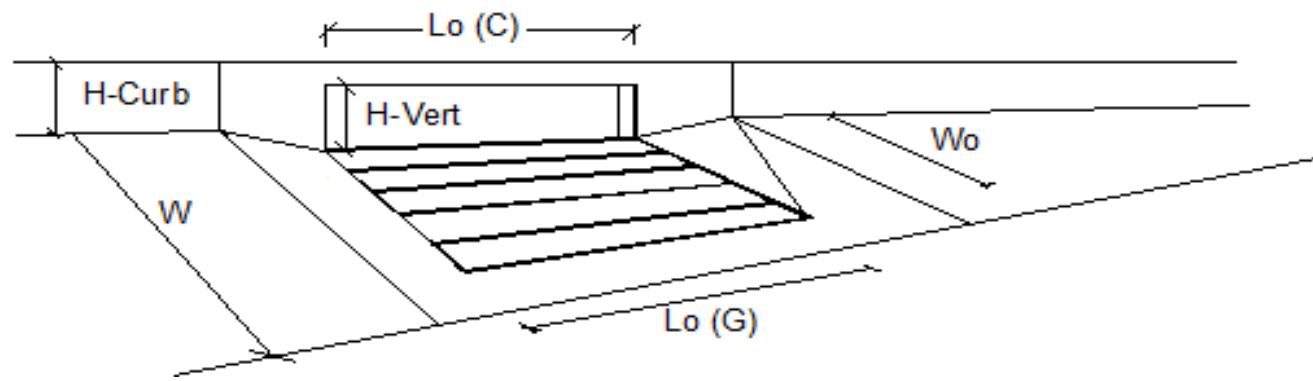
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP10



Gutter Geometry:							
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	$T_{BACK} = 23.5$ ft						
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	$S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{BACK} = 0.020$						
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches						
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	$T_{CROWN} = 26.0$ ft						
Gutter Width	$W = 2.00$ ft						
Street Transverse Slope	$S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	$S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft						
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	$S_o = 0.005$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{STREET} = 0.012$						
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">ft</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">$T_{MAX} = 20.0$</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">26.0</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft	$T_{MAX} = 20.0$	26.0	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft					
$T_{MAX} = 20.0$	26.0						
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">inches</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">$d_{MAX} = 6.0$</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">6.5</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches	$d_{MAX} = 6.0$	6.5	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches					
$d_{MAX} = 6.0$	6.5						
Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)	<table style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion							
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion							
Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 2.50 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'							
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 5.60 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'							
$Q_{allow} = 13.0$ (Minor Storm) 17.0 (Major Storm) cfs							

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



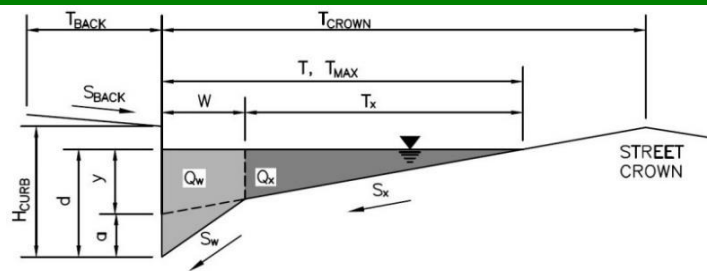
Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	3	3	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q = 2.5	5.6	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q_b = 0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q _a /Q _o	C% = 100	100	%

Unresolved:
 Per DP summary table,
 flows at DP 10 are 5.4
 and 13.9 cfs. Based on
 those flows, there should
 be flowby and a less
 than 100% interception
 rate. What happens with
 flowby?

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

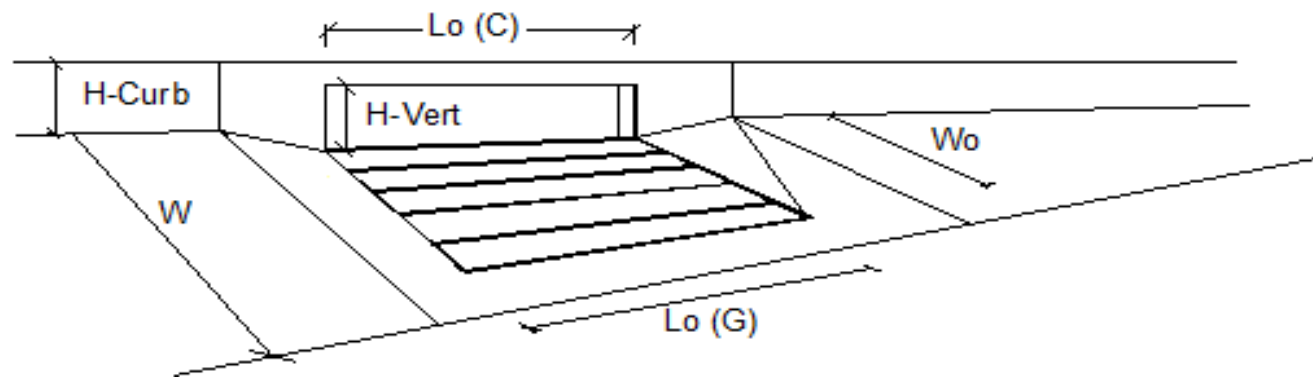
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP13



Gutter Geometry:							
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	$T_{BACK} = 2.5$ ft						
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	$S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{BACK} = 0.020$						
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches						
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	$T_{CROWN} = 26.0$ ft						
Gutter Width	$W = 2.00$ ft						
Street Transverse Slope	$S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	$S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft						
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	$S_o = 0.018$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{STREET} = 0.012$						
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">$T_{MAX} = 20.0$</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">26.0</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft	$T_{MAX} = 20.0$	26.0	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft					
$T_{MAX} = 20.0$	26.0						
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">inches</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">$d_{MAX} = 6.0$</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">6.5</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches	$d_{MAX} = 6.0$	6.5	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches					
$d_{MAX} = 6.0$	6.5						
Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)	<table style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion							
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion							
Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 1.80 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'							
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 3.00 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'							
$Q_{allow} =$	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">cfs</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">24.6</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">29.2</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	cfs	24.6	29.2	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	cfs					
24.6	29.2						

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)

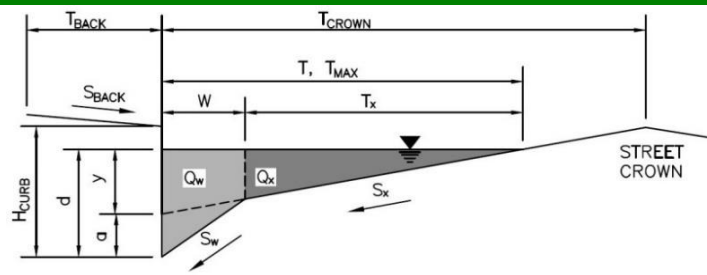


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	2	2	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q = 1.8	3.0	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q_b = 0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q _a /Q _o	C% = 100	100	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

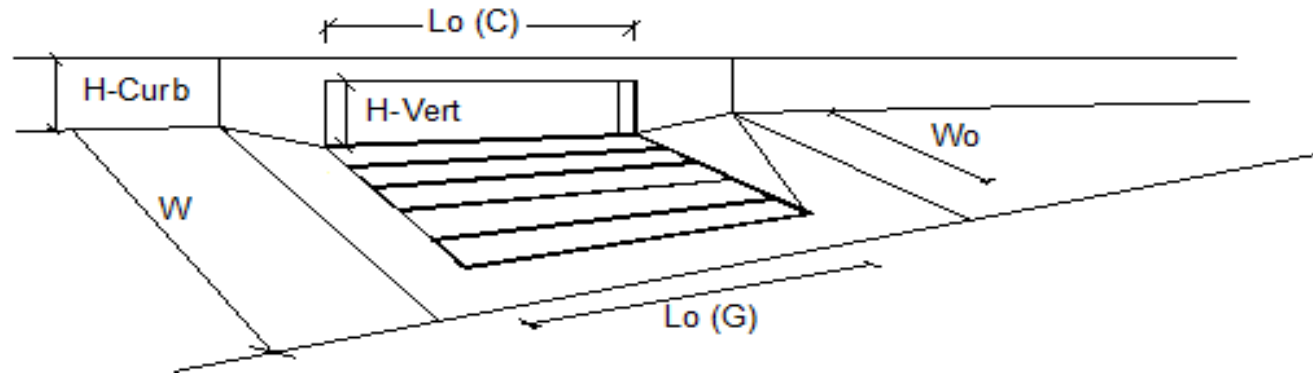
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP14



Gutter Geometry:							
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	$T_{BACK} = 23.5$ ft						
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	$S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{BACK} = 0.020$						
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches						
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	$T_{CROWN} = 26.0$ ft						
Gutter Width	$W = 2.00$ ft						
Street Transverse Slope	$S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	$S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft						
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	$S_o = 0.018$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{STREET} = 0.012$						
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">ft</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">$T_{MAX} = 20.0$</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">26.0</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft	$T_{MAX} = 20.0$	26.0	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft					
$T_{MAX} = 20.0$	26.0						
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">inches</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">$d_{MAX} = 6.0$</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">6.5</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches	$d_{MAX} = 6.0$	6.5	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches					
$d_{MAX} = 6.0$	6.5						
Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)	<table style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion							
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion							
Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 1.70 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'							
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 2.90 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'							
Q_{allow} =	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">cfs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">24.6</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">29.2</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	cfs	24.6	29.2	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	cfs					
24.6	29.2						

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



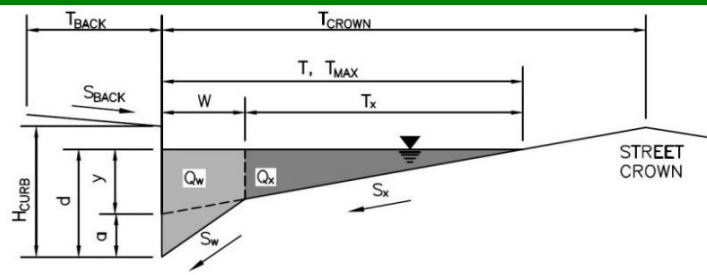
Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	2	2	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	5.00	5.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity'			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q = 1.7	2.9	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q_b = 0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q _a /Q _o	C% = 100	100	%

Unresolved:
Per DP summary table,
flows at DP 14 are 3.3
and 5.6 cfs. Based on
those flows, there should
be flowby and a less
than 100% interception
rate. What happens with
flowby?

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

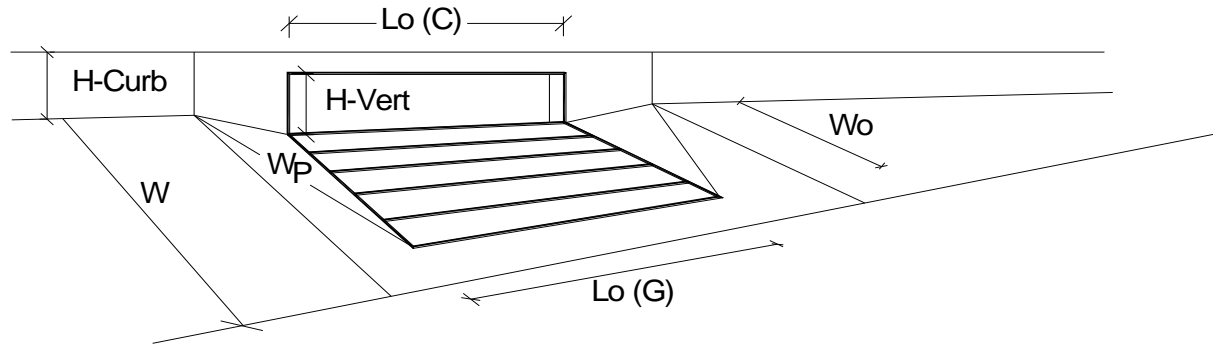
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP16



Gutter Geometry:							
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	$T_{BACK} = 2.5$ ft						
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	$S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{BACK} = 0.020$						
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches						
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	$T_{CROWN} = 26.0$ ft						
Gutter Width	$W = 2.00$ ft						
Street Transverse Slope	$S_X = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	$S_W = 0.083$ ft/ft						
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	$S_O = 0.000$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{STREET} = 0.012$						
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">ft</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">20.0</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">26.0</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft	20.0	26.0	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft					
20.0	26.0						
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">inches</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">6.0</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">6.5</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches	6.0	6.5	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches					
6.0	6.5						
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions	<table style="display: inline-table; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 0 10px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 0 10px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition							
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition							
$Q_{allow} =$	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">Major Storm</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">cfs</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">SUMP</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px 5px;">SUMP</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	cfs	SUMP	SUMP	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	cfs					
SUMP	SUMP						

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)

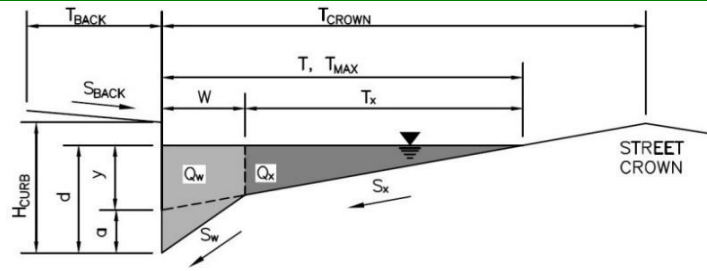


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)			
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)			
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)			
Grate Information			
Length of a Unit Grate			
Width of a Unit Grate			
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)			
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)			
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)			
Curb Opening Information			
Length of a Unit Curb Opening			
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches			
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches			
Angle of Throat			
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)			
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)			
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)			
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			
Depth for Grate Midwidth			
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation			
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)			
Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
No =	2	2	
Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.5	inches
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths			
L_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
C_r (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C_w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
C_o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
MINOR MAJOR			
L_o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet
H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
W_p =	2.00	2.00	feet
C_r (C) =	0.10	0.10	
C_w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
C_o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
MINOR MAJOR			
d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
d_{Curb} =	0.33	0.38	ft
RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
RF_{Curb} =	0.93	0.96	
$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
MINOR MAJOR			
Q_a =	8.3	10.2	cfs
$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	3.1	5.2	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

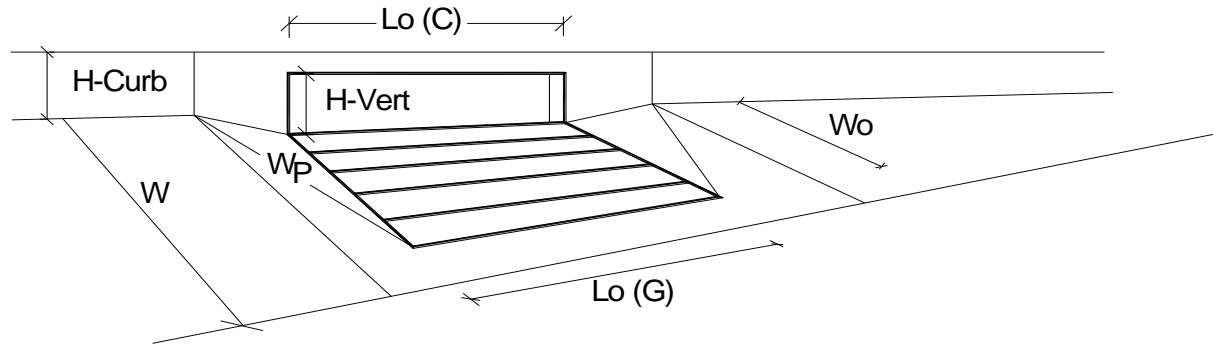
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements
Inlet ID: Inlet DP17



Gutter Geometry:							
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb	$T_{BACK} = 23.5$ ft						
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)	$S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{BACK} = 0.020$						
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line	$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches						
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown	$T_{CROWN} = 26.0$ ft						
Gutter Width	$W = 2.00$ ft						
Street Transverse Slope	$S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft						
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)	$S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft						
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition	$S_o = 0.000$ ft/ft						
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)	$n_{STREET} = 0.012$						
Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm	<table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Minor Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Major Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">$T_{MAX} = 20.0$</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">26.0</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft	$T_{MAX} = 20.0$	26.0	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	ft					
$T_{MAX} = 20.0$	26.0						
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm	<table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Minor Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Major Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">inches</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">$d_{MAX} = 6.0$</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">6.5</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches	$d_{MAX} = 6.0$	6.5	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	inches					
$d_{MAX} = 6.0$	6.5						
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions	<table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition							
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition							
$Q_{allow} =$	<table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Minor Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Major Storm</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">cfs</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">SUMP</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">SUMP</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Minor Storm	Major Storm	cfs	SUMP	SUMP	
Minor Storm	Major Storm	cfs					
SUMP	SUMP						

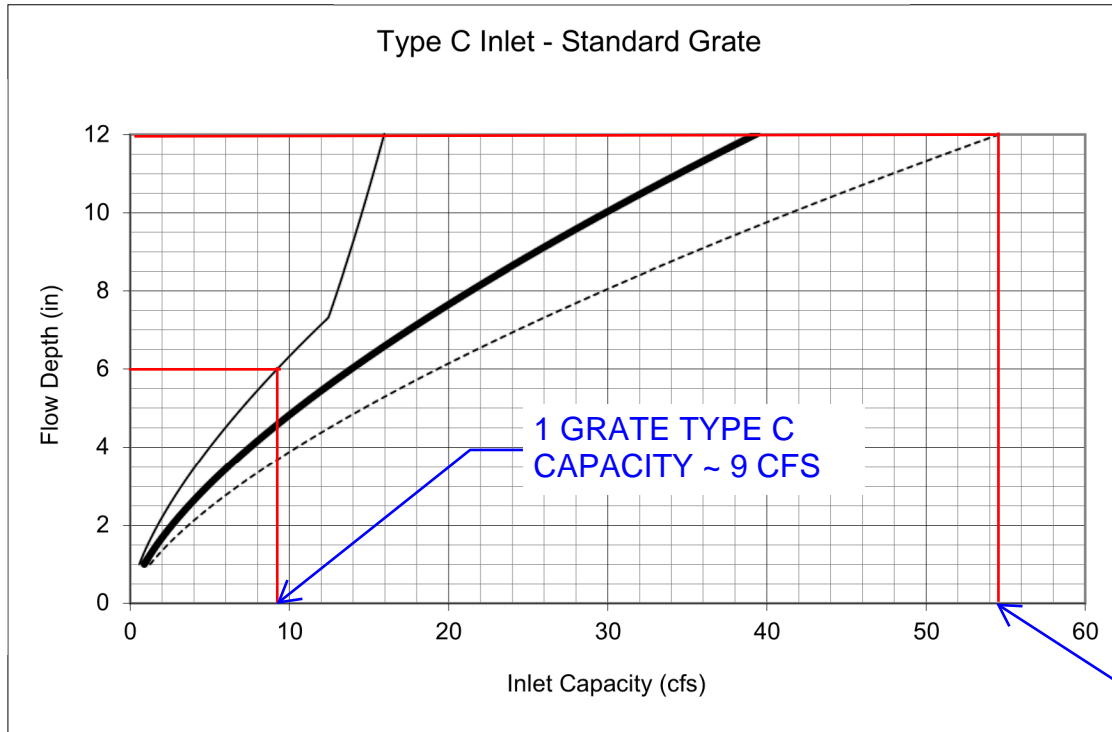
INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



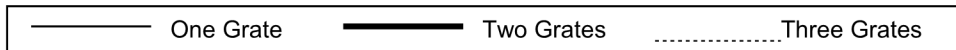
Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)			
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	2		
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)			
Grate Information			
Length of a Unit Grate			
Width of a Unit Grate			
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)			
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)			
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)			
Curb Opening Information			
Length of a Unit Curb Opening			
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches			
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches			
Angle of Throat			
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)			
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)			
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)			
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)			
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			
Depth for Grate Midwidth			
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation			
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)			
Type	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
No =	2	2	
Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.5	inches
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths			
Grate			
$L_o(G)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
$C_r(G)$ =	N/A	N/A	
$C_w(G)$ =	N/A	N/A	
$C_o(G)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening			
$L_o(C)$ =	5.00	5.00	feet
H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
W_p =	2.00	2.00	feet
$C_r(C)$ =	0.10	0.10	
$C_w(C)$ =	3.60	3.60	
$C_o(C)$ =	0.67	0.67	
Performance Reduction			
d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
d_{Curb} =	0.33	0.38	ft
RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
RF_{Curb} =	0.93	0.96	
$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Capacity			
Q_a =	8.3	10.2	cfs
$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	3.2	5.4	cfs

Figure 8-10. Inlet Capacity Chart Sump Conditions, Area (Type C) Inlet



DP1 Q100 = 3.6 CFS -> 1 GRATE TYPE C INLET
 DP7 Q100 = 53.6 CFS -> 3 GRATE TYPE C INLET

3 GRATE TYPE C
 CAPACITY ~ 54 CFS



Notes:
 1. The standard inlet parameters must apply to use these charts.

STORMCAD NETWORK LAYOUT: SEGMENT 1

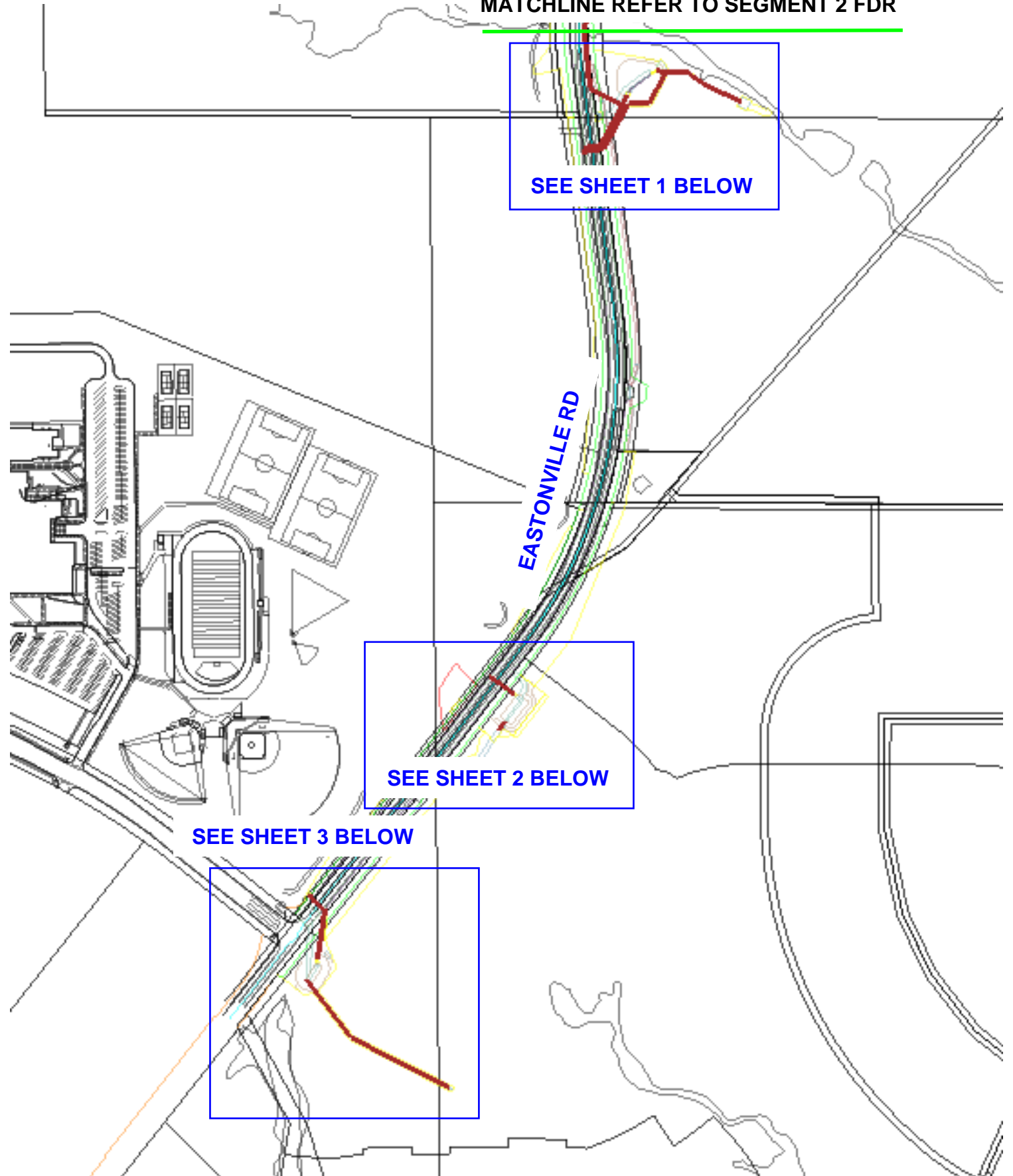
MATCHLINE REFER TO SEGMENT 2 FDR

SEE SHEET 1 BELOW

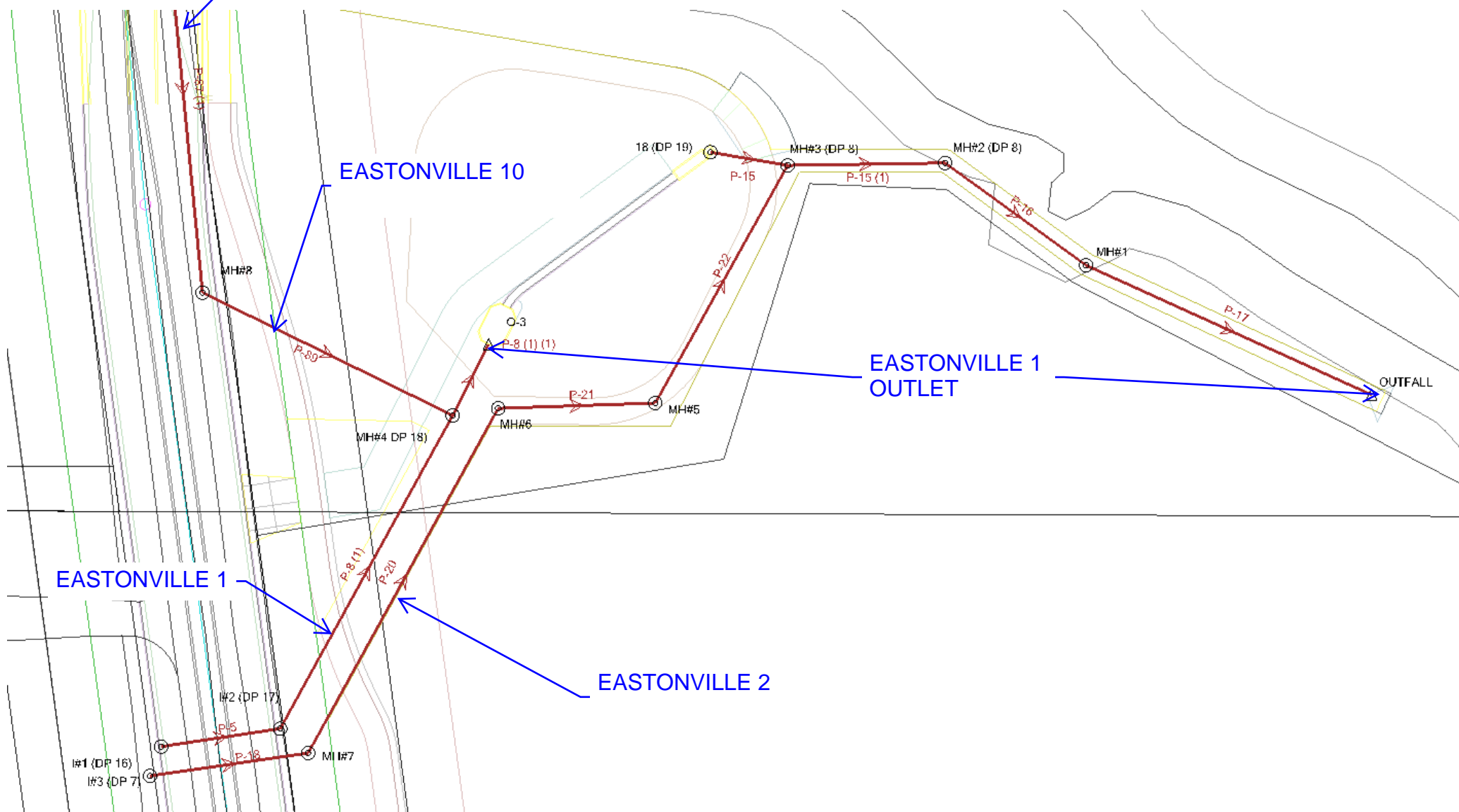
EASTONVILLE RD

SEE SHEET 2 BELOW

SEE SHEET 3 BELOW



REFER TO
SEGMENT 2 FDR
FOR CALCS

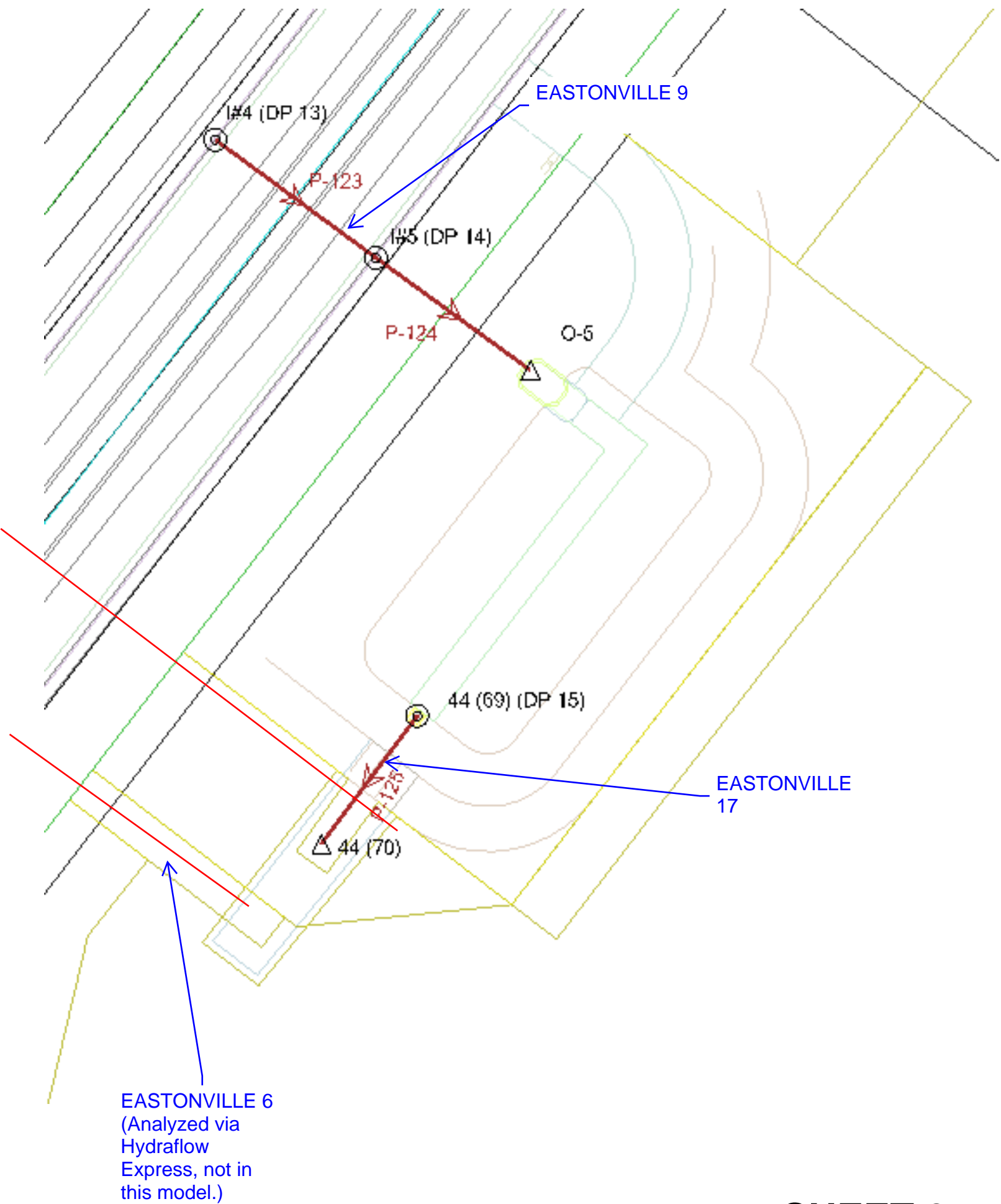


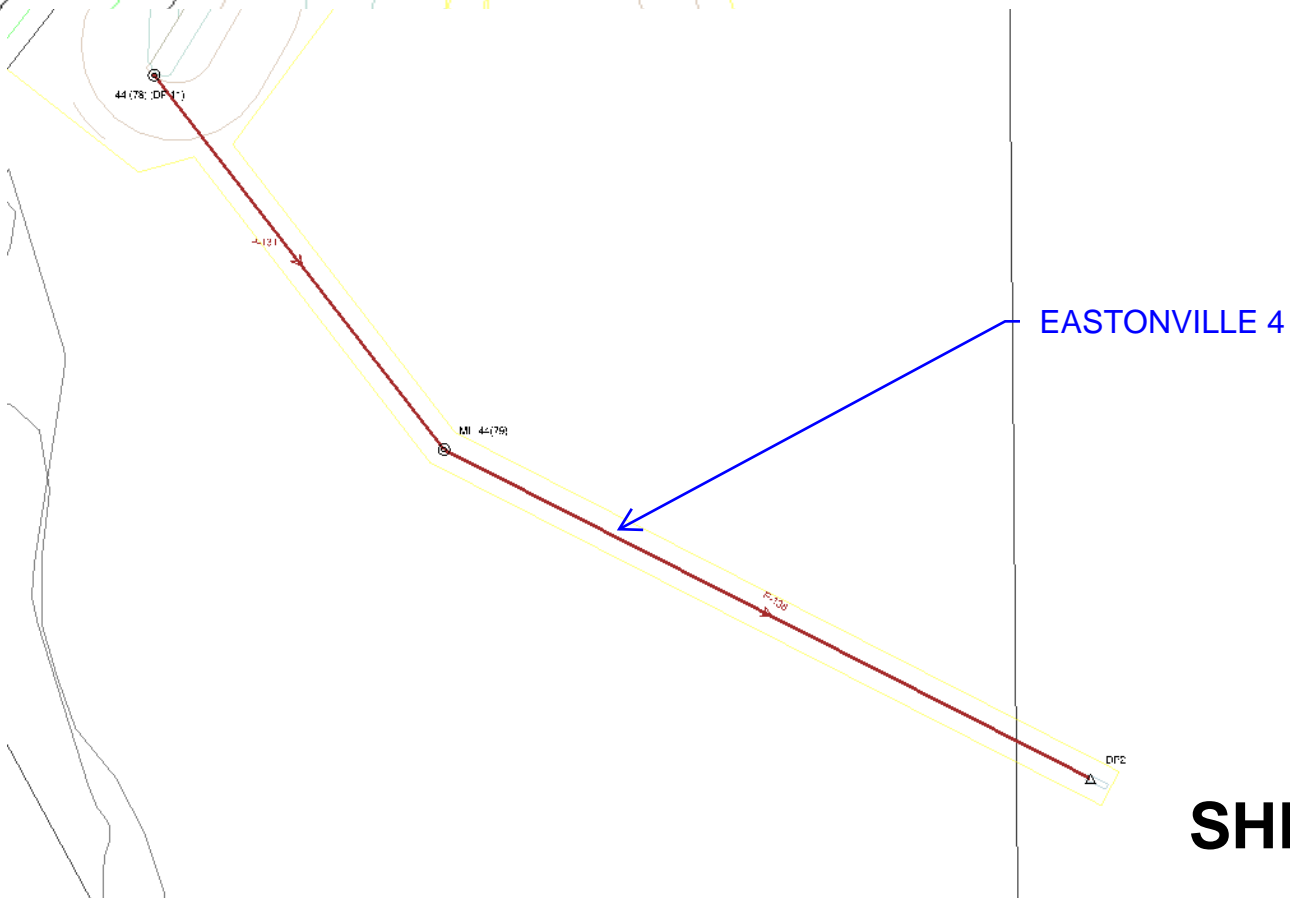
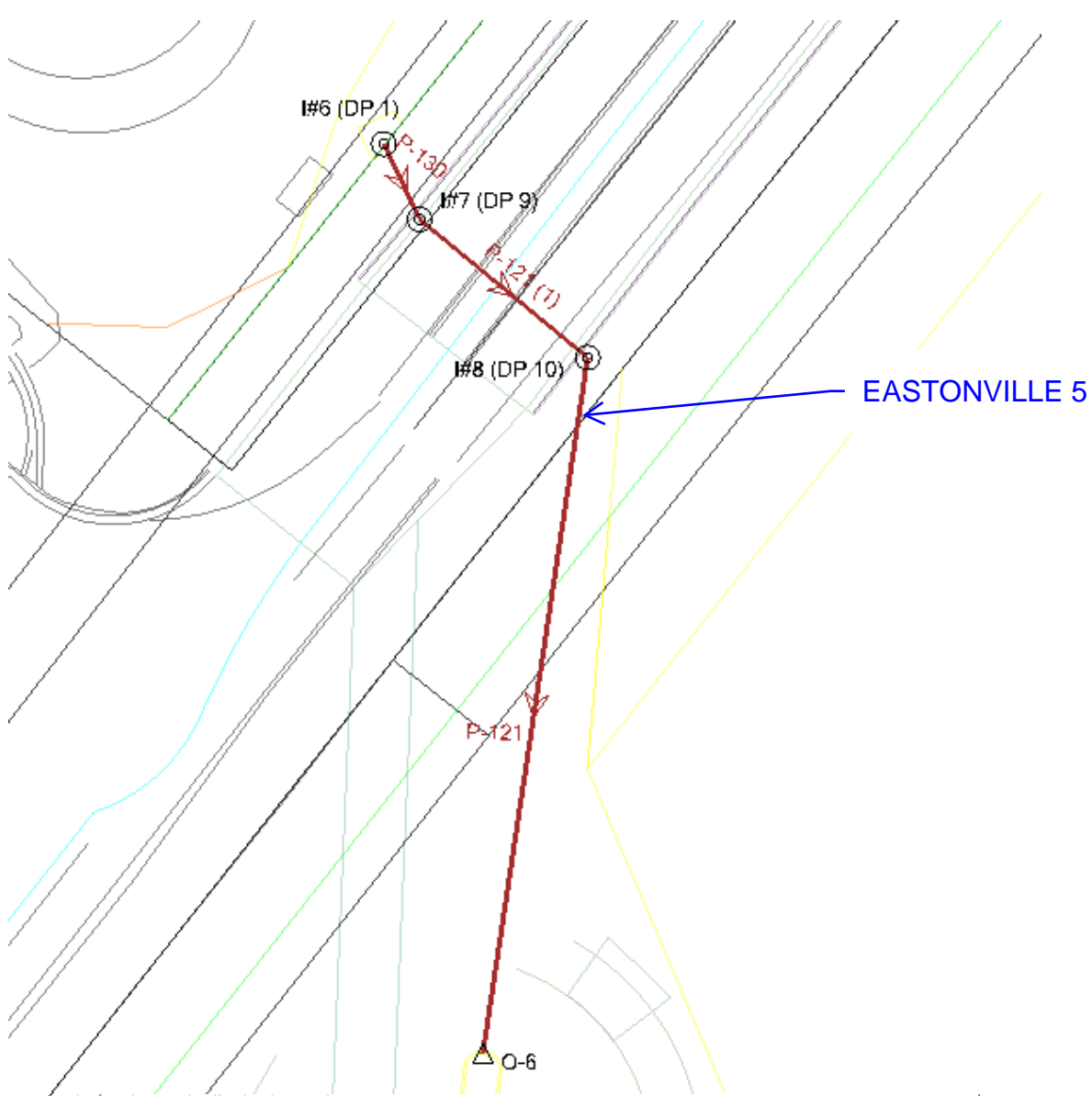
EASTONVILLE 10

EASTONVILLE 1
OUTLET

EASTONVILLE 1

EASTONVILLE 2





SHEET 3

100 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
66: P-8 (1) (1)	MH#4 DP 18)	6,985.02	O-3	6,984.82	35.3	0.006	36.0	0.013	26.00	3.68	50.23	51.8	6,988.24	6,988.19
67: P-124	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.07	O-5	6,981.82	52.9	0.024	18.0	0.013	5.60	8.31	16.15	34.7	6,983.98	6,982.44
69: P-18	I#3 (DP 7)	6,986.04	MH#7	6,985.68	71.3	0.005	42.0	0.013	53.60	8.15	71.48	75.0	6,988.34	6,988.30
70: P-20	MH#7	6,985.37	MH#6	6,983.61	175.6	0.010	42.0	0.013	53.60	10.63	100.73	53.2	6,987.66	6,986.34
71: P-5	I#1 (DP 16)	6,989.53	I#2 (DP 17)	6,989.27	52.7	0.005	18.0	0.013	5.20	4.52	7.38	70.5	6,990.51	6,990.40
72: P-8 (1)	I#2 (DP 17)	6,988.77	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	147.0	0.019	24.0	0.013	10.30	8.86	30.94	33.3	6,989.92	6,988.62
73: P-21	MH#6	6,983.41	MH#5	6,982.59	82.2	0.010	42.0	0.013	53.60	10.61	100.49	53.3	6,985.70	6,985.32
74: P-22	MH#5	6,982.39	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.23	115.7	0.010	42.0	0.013	53.60	10.63	100.72	53.2	6,984.68	6,984.45
75: P-15	18 (DP 19)	6,983.25	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,983.03	30.8	0.007	18.0	0.013	2.90	4.50	8.88	32.7	6,984.46	6,984.45
76: P-15 (1)	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.03	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.65	75.1	0.005	42.0	0.013	57.20	8.26	71.57	79.9	6,983.73	6,983.60
77: P-16	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.55	MH#1	6,980.16	78.1	0.005	42.0	0.013	57.20	8.22	71.10	80.4	6,982.93	6,982.54
78: P-123	I#4 (DP 13)	6,983.43	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.17	52.0	0.005	18.0	0.013	3.00	3.98	7.43	40.4	6,984.40	6,984.38
79: P-17	MH#1	6,980.06	OUTFALL	6,979.36	139.8	0.005	42.0	0.013	57.20	8.23	71.18	80.4	6,982.44	6,981.73
80: P-125	44 (69) (DP 15)	6,978.42	44 (70)	6,978.21	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013	1.00	2.94	7.45	13.4	6,978.80	6,978.58
84: P-121	I#8 (DP 10)	6,964.14	O-6	6,963.31	166.4	0.005	24.0	0.013	13.90	5.73	15.98	87.0	6,965.58	6,964.94
85: P-130	I#6 (DP 1)	6,966.33	I#7 (DP 9)	6,965.90	21.3	0.020	18.0	0.013	3.60	6.95	14.93	24.1	6,967.81	6,967.79
87: P-121 (1)	I#7 (DP 9)	6,965.70	I#8 (DP 10)	6,964.64	53.0	0.020	18.0	0.013	9.30	8.87	14.86	62.6	6,966.88	6,966.10
88: P-131	44 (78) (DP 11)	6,960.12	MH-44(79)	6,958.89	245.4	0.005	18.0	0.013	4.60	4.43	7.44	61.9	6,960.97	6,959.86
127: P-89	MH#8	6,986.76	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	116.1	0.006	24.0	0.013	19.90	6.33	18.06	110.2	6,989.51	6,988.62
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013	17.20	9.29	27.70	62.1	6,991.26	6,989.91
244: P-136	MH-44(79)	6,958.69	DP2	6,955.81	373.7	0.008	18.0	0.013	4.60	5.22	9.22	49.9	6,959.51	6,956.56

NOTE: EASTONVILLE 1, 5, & 9 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 2 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.

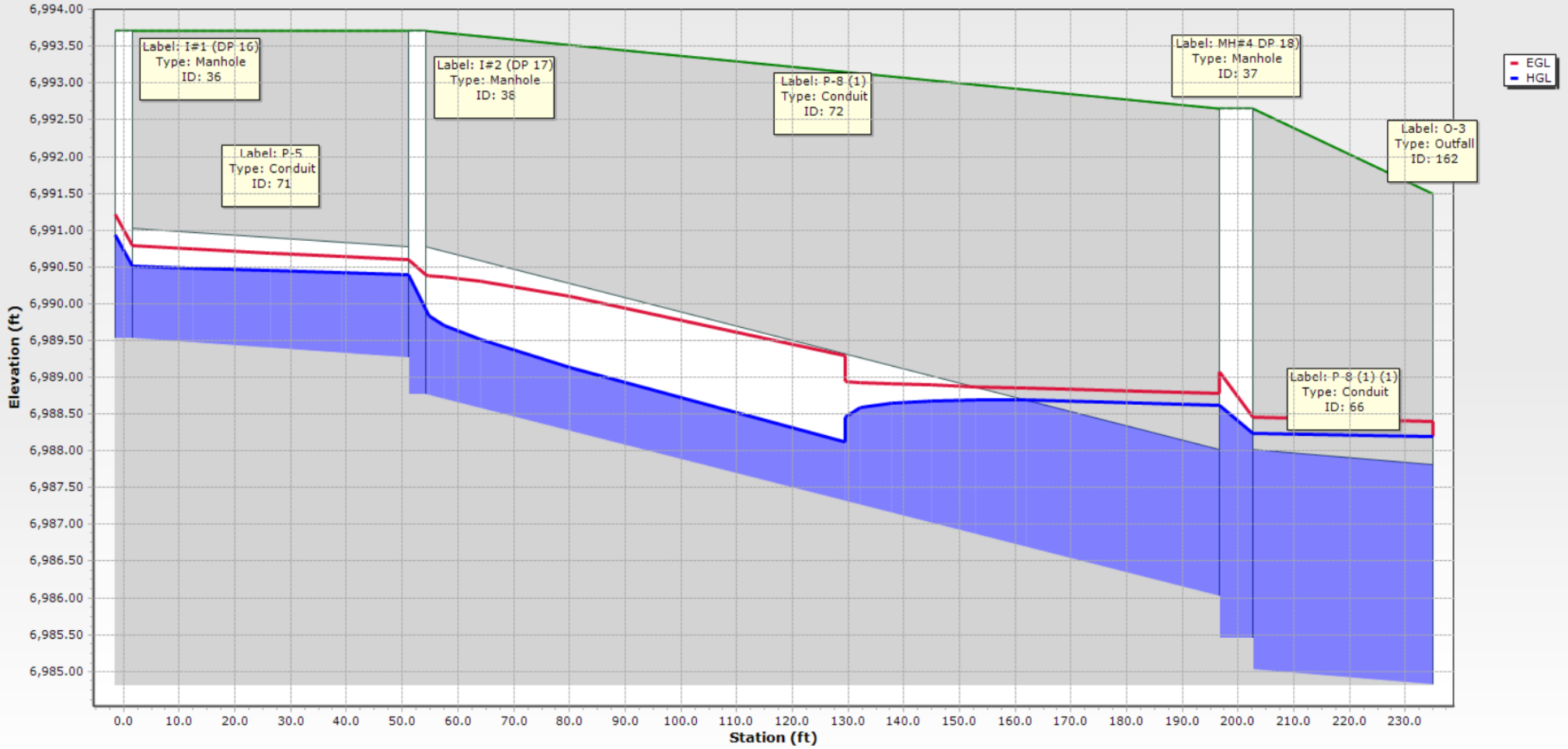
100 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)
35: MH#7	6,993.84	6,993.84	6,985.68	53.60	6,987.66	Standard	6,988.30
36: I#1 (DP 16)	6,993.71	6,993.71	(N/A)	5.20	6,990.51	Standard	6,990.93
37: MH#4 DP	6,992.66	6,992.66	6,986.02	26.00	6,988.24	Standard	6,988.62
38: I#2 (DP 17)	6,993.71	6,993.71	6,989.27	10.30	6,989.92	Standard	6,990.40
39: MH#6	6,992.82	6,992.82	6,983.61	53.60	6,985.70	Standard	6,986.34
40: MH#5	6,991.57	6,991.57	6,982.59	53.60	6,984.68	Standard	6,985.32
41: MH#3 (DP	6,990.99	6,990.99	6,981.23	57.20	6,983.73	Standard	6,984.45
42: I#3 (DP 7)	6,991.04	6,991.04	(N/A)	53.60	6,988.34	Standard	6,989.83
43: 18 (DP 19)	6,988.70	6,988.70	(N/A)	2.90	6,984.46	Standard	6,984.54
44: MH#2 (DP	6,985.73	6,985.73	6,980.65	57.20	6,982.93	Standard	6,983.60
45: I#4 (DP 13)	6,987.25	6,987.25	(N/A)	3.00	6,984.40	Standard	6,984.54
46: I#5 (DP 14)	6,987.25	6,987.25	6,983.17	5.60	6,983.98	Standard	6,984.38
47: MH#1	6,985.33	6,985.33	6,980.16	57.20	6,982.44	Standard	6,982.54
49: 44 (69) (D	6,982.25	6,982.25	(N/A)	1.00	6,978.80	Standard	6,978.81
57: I#7 (DP 9)	6,976.23	6,976.23	6,965.90	9.30	6,966.88	Standard	6,967.79
58: I#8 (DP 10)	6,976.19	6,976.19	6,964.64	13.90	6,965.58	Standard	6,966.10
59: I#6 (DP 1)	6,975.72	6,975.72	(N/A)	3.60	6,967.81	Standard	6,967.91
60: 44 (78) (D	6,965.00	6,965.00	(N/A)	4.60	6,960.97	Standard	6,961.43
120: MH#8	6,995.46	6,995.46	6,986.86	19.90	6,989.51	Standard	6,989.91
243: MH-44(79	6,963.81	6,963.81	6,958.89	4.60	6,959.51	Standard	6,959.86

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)
48: OUTFALL	6,984.45	6,979.36	Free Outfall		6,981.73	57.20
53: 44 (70)	6,979.71	6,978.21	Free Outfall		6,978.58	1.00
162: O-3	6,991.50	6,984.82	User Defined Tailwater	6,988.19	6,988.19	26.00
164: O-5	6,984.50	6,981.82	User Defined Tailwater	6,982.14	6,982.44	5.60
165: O-6	6,970.50	6,963.31	User Defined Tailwater	6,964.94	6,964.94	13.90
242: DP2	6,957.52	6,955.81	Free Outfall		6,956.56	4.60

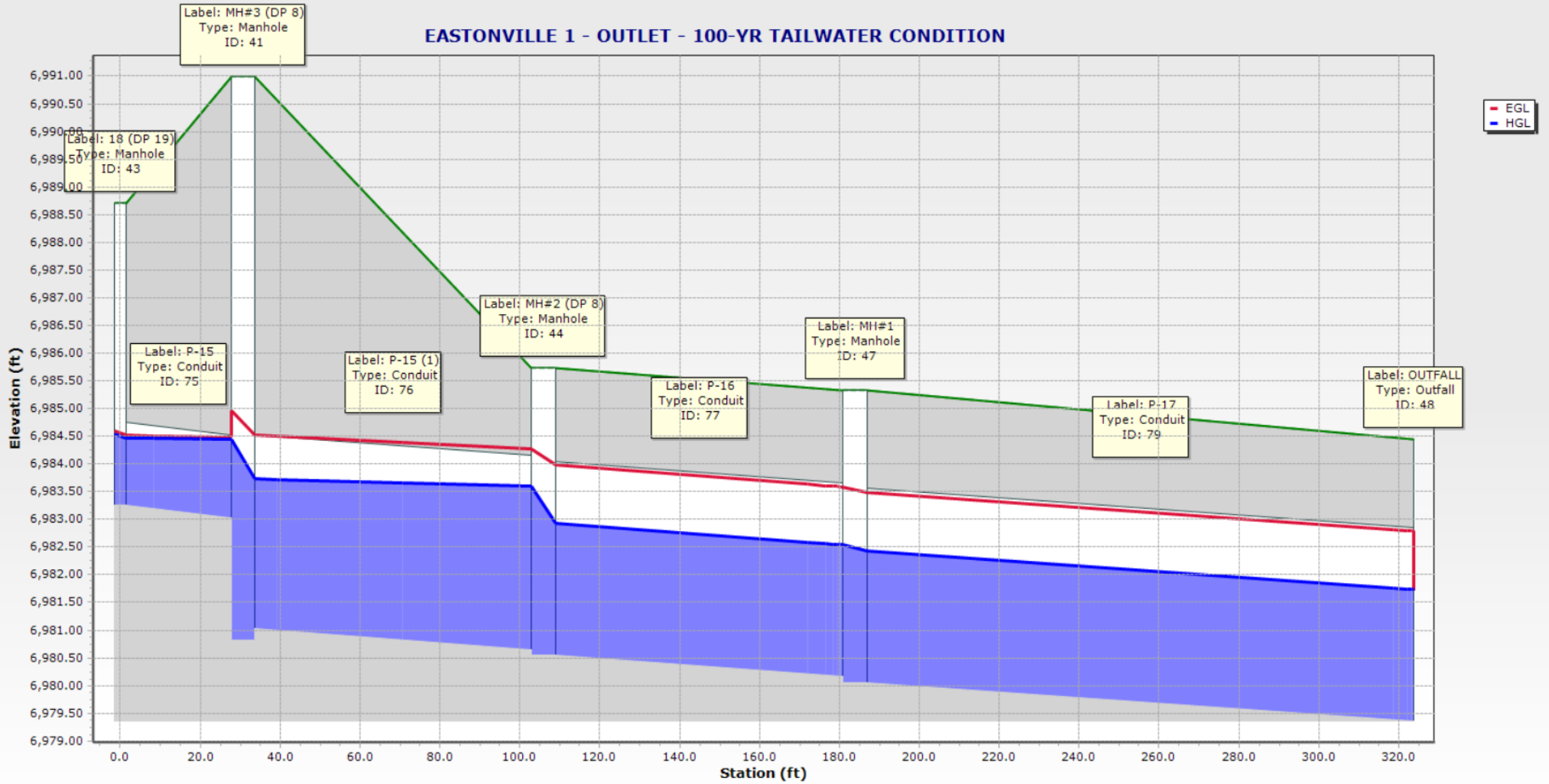
NOTE: EASTONVILLE 1, 5 & 9 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 2 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.

EASTONVILLE 1 - INLET - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

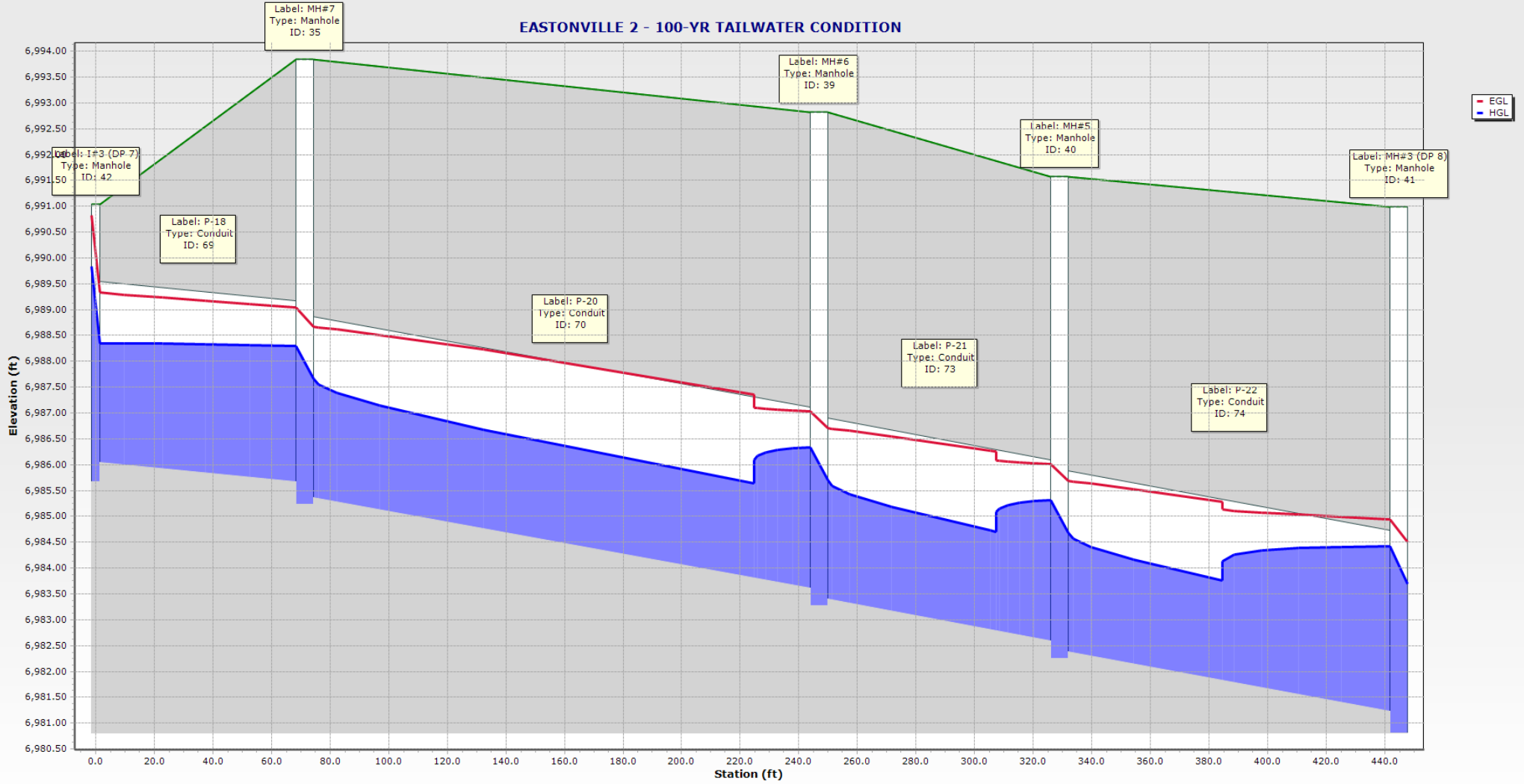


**NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE
OUTFALL CONDITION BLEW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY
REQUIREMENTS**

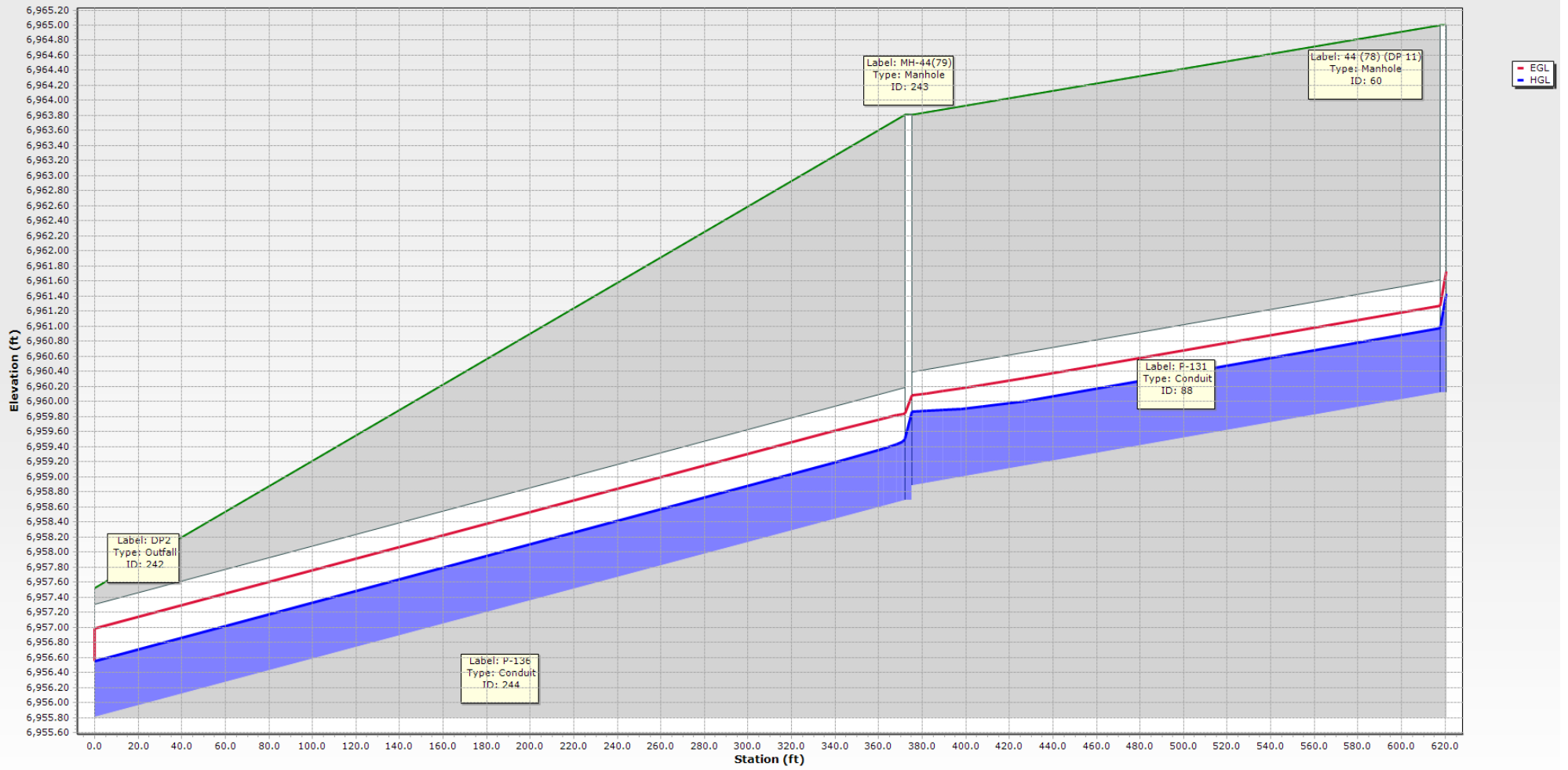
EASTONVILLE 1 - OUTLET - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



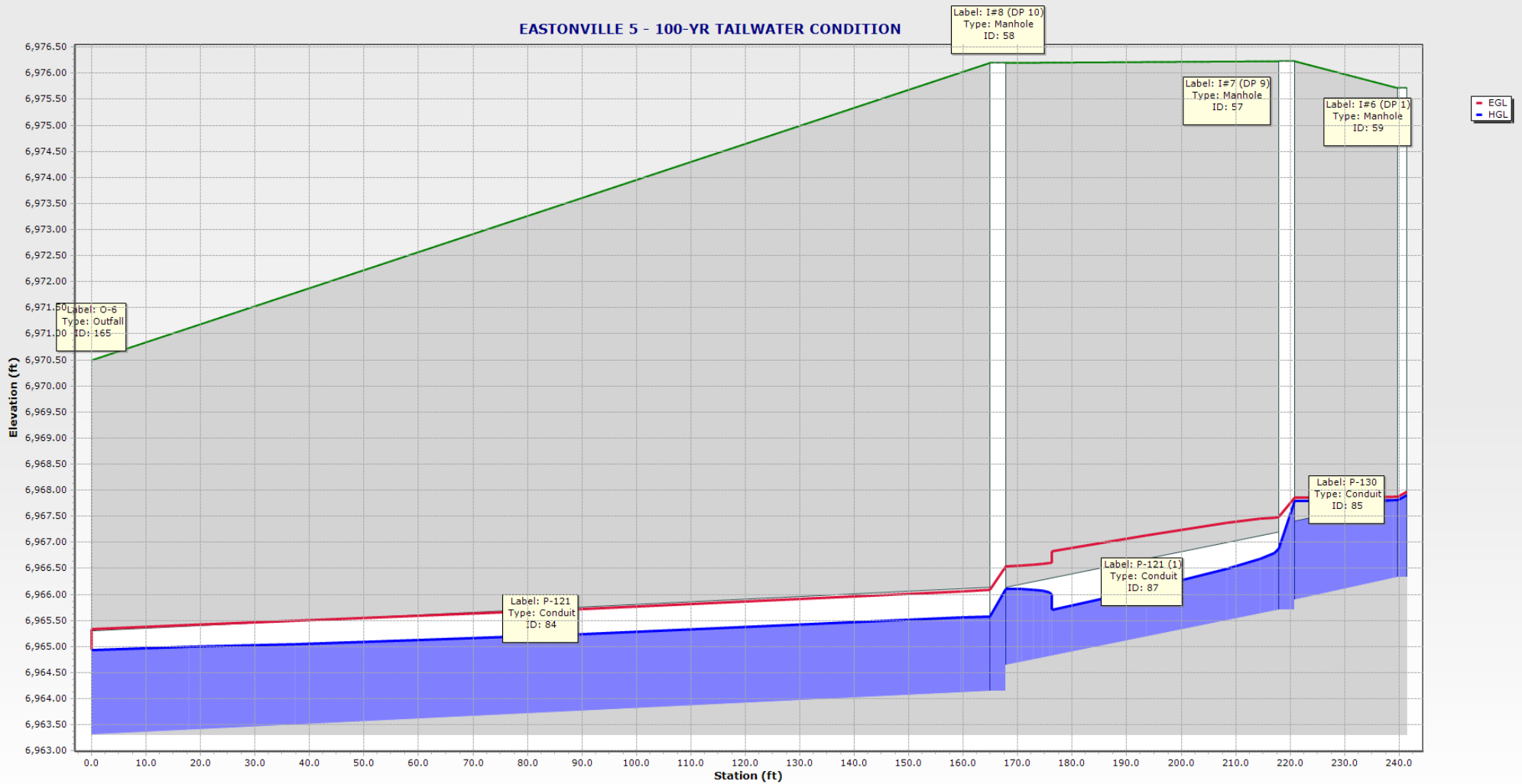
EASTONVILLE 2 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 4 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

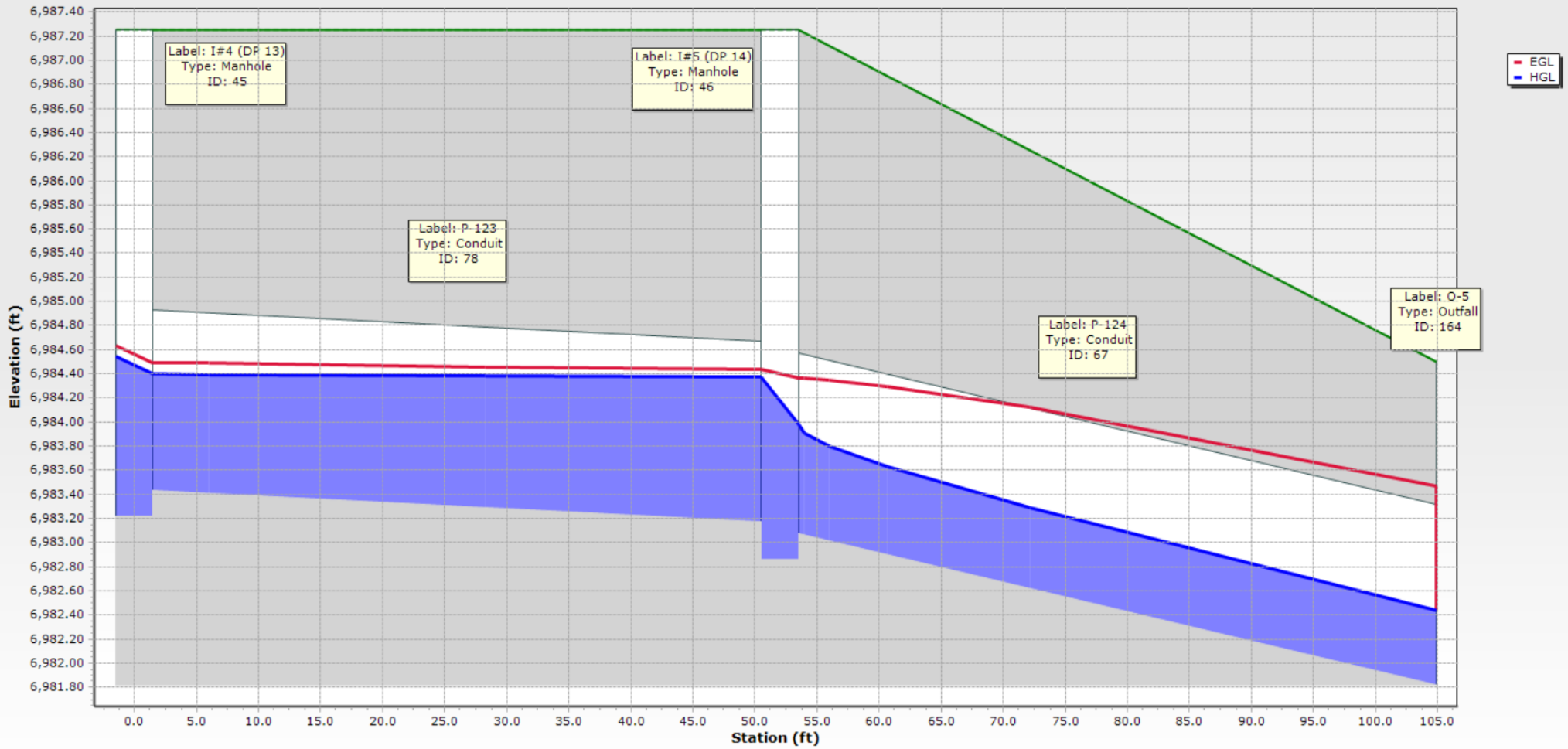


EASTONVILLE 5 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



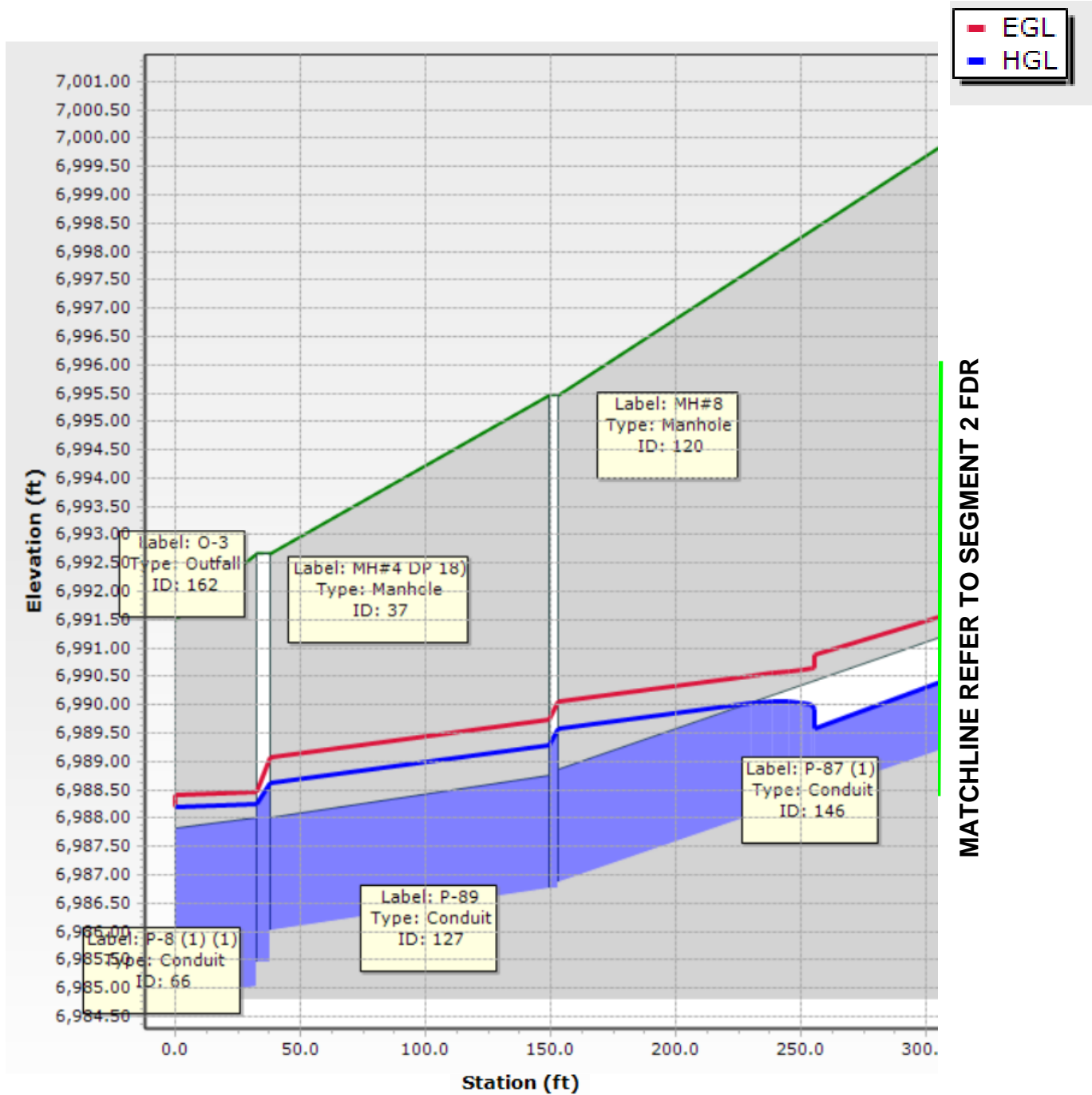
**NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE
OUTFALL CONDITION BLEW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY
REQUIREMENTS**

EASTONVILLE 9 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

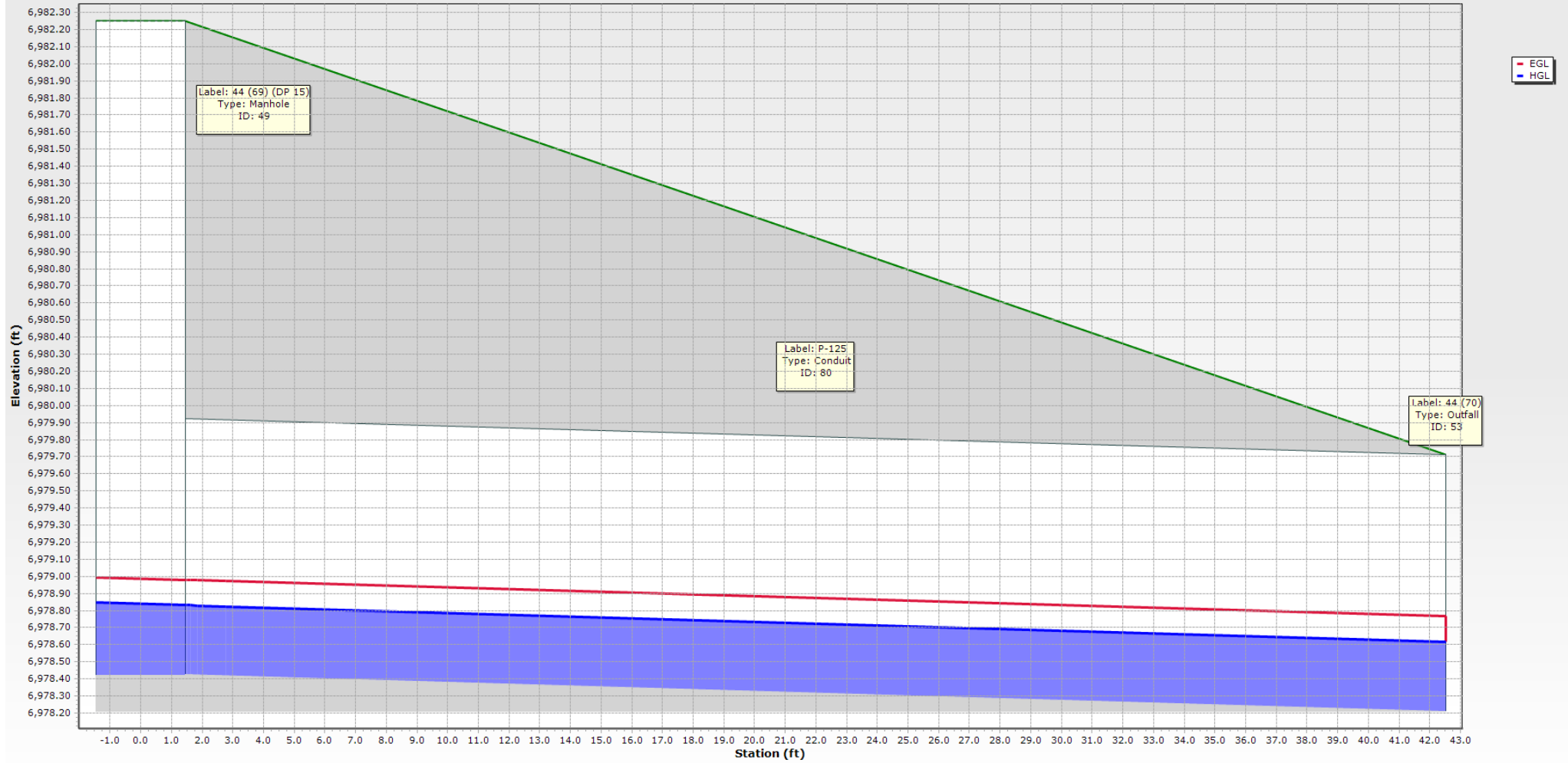


**NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE
OUTFALL CONDITION BLEW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY
REQUIREMENTS**

EASTONVILLE 10 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 17 - 100-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



5 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
66: P-8 (1) (1)	MH#4 DP 18)	6,985.02	O-3	6,984.82	35.3	0.006	36.0	0.013	15.50	6.26	50.23	30.9	6,987.07	6,987.07
67: P-124	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.07	O-5	6,981.82	52.9	0.024	18.0	0.013	3.30	7.18	16.15	20.4	6,983.76	6,982.28
69: P-18	I#3 (DP 7)	6,986.04	MH#7	6,985.68	71.3	0.005	42.0	0.013	8.00	4.91	71.48	11.2	6,986.89	6,986.47
70: P-20	MH#7	6,985.37	MH#6	6,983.61	175.6	0.010	42.0	0.013	8.00	6.26	100.73	7.9	6,986.22	6,984.28
71: P-5	I#1 (DP 16)	6,989.53	I#2 (DP 17)	6,989.27	52.7	0.005	18.0	0.013	3.10	3.99	7.38	42.0	6,990.21	6,989.99
72: P-8 (1)	I#2 (DP 17)	6,988.77	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	147.0	0.019	24.0	0.013	6.20	7.69	30.94	20.0	6,989.65	6,987.32
73: P-21	MH#6	6,983.41	MH#5	6,982.59	82.2	0.010	42.0	0.013	8.00	6.25	100.49	8.0	6,984.26	6,983.26
74: P-22	MH#5	6,982.39	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.23	115.7	0.010	42.0	0.013	8.00	6.26	100.72	7.9	6,983.24	6,982.24
75: P-15	18 (DP 19)	6,983.25	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,983.03	30.8	0.007	18.0	0.013	0.30	2.33	8.88	3.4	6,983.45	6,983.22
76: P-15 (1)	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.03	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.65	75.1	0.005	42.0	0.013	9.20	5.12	71.57	12.9	6,981.95	6,981.68
77: P-16	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.55	MH#1	6,980.16	78.1	0.005	42.0	0.013	9.20	5.09	71.10	12.9	6,981.47	6,981.01
78: P-123	I#4 (DP 13)	6,983.43	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.17	52.0	0.005	18.0	0.013	1.80	3.46	7.43	24.2	6,984.04	6,984.03
79: P-17	MH#1	6,980.06	OUTFALL	6,979.36	139.8	0.005	42.0	0.013	9.20	5.10	71.18	12.9	6,980.98	6,980.21
80: P-125	44 (69) (DP 15)	6,978.42	44 (70)	6,978.21	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013	0.06	1.27	7.45	0.8	6,978.52	6,978.30
84: P-121	I#8 (DP 10)	6,964.14	O-6	6,963.31	166.4	0.005	24.0	0.013	5.40	4.59	15.98	33.8	6,964.96	6,964.47
85: P-130	I#6 (DP 1)	6,966.33	I#7 (DP 9)	6,965.90	21.3	0.020	18.0	0.013	0.50	3.91	14.93	3.3	6,966.78	6,966.79
87: P-121 (1)	I#7 (DP 9)	6,965.70	I#8 (DP 10)	6,964.64	53.0	0.020	18.0	0.013	3.30	6.76	14.86	22.2	6,966.39	6,965.12
88: P-131	44 (78) (DP 11)	6,960.12	MH-44(79)	6,958.89	245.4	0.005	18.0	0.013	0.40	2.24	7.44	5.4	6,960.36	6,959.12
127: P-89	MH#8	6,986.76	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	116.1	0.006	24.0	0.013	10.20	5.92	18.06	56.5	6,987.90	6,987.32
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013	10.20	8.15	27.70	36.8	6,990.90	6,988.20
244: P-136	MH-44(79)	6,958.69	DP2	6,955.81	373.7	0.008	18.0	0.013	0.40	2.60	9.22	4.3	6,958.92	6,956.02

NOTE: EASTONVILLE 1, 5 & 9 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 2 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.

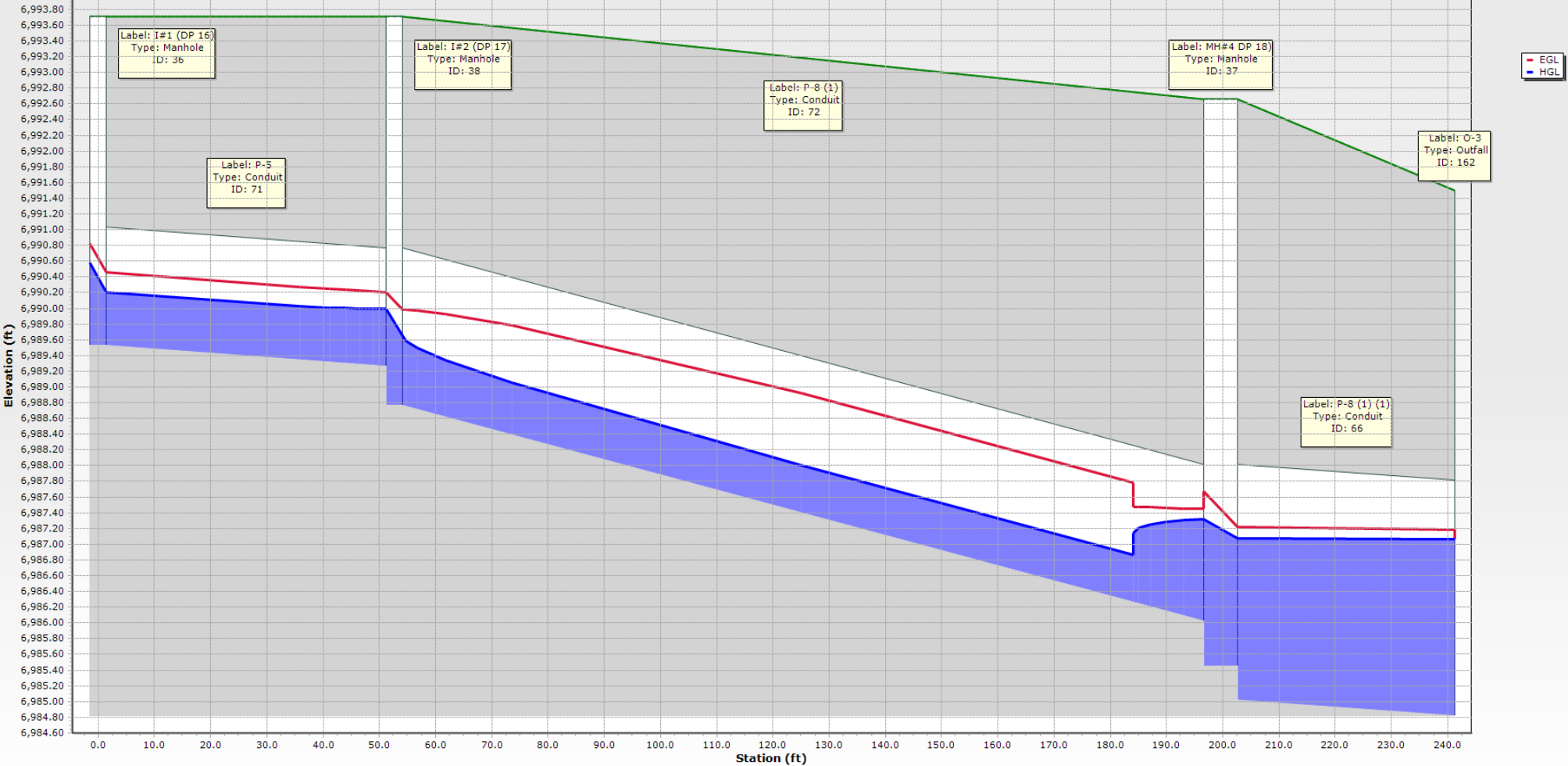
5 YEAR TAILWATER CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)
35: MH#7	6,993.84	6,993.84	6,985.68	8.00	6,986.22	Standard	6,986.42
36: I#1 (DP 16)	6,993.71	6,993.71	(N/A)	3.10	6,990.21	Standard	6,990.58
37: MH#4 DP	6,992.66	6,992.66	6,986.02	15.50	6,987.07	Standard	6,987.32
38: I#2 (DP 17)	6,993.71	6,993.71	6,989.27	6.20	6,989.65	Standard	6,989.99
39: MH#6	6,992.82	6,992.82	6,983.61	8.00	6,984.26	Standard	6,984.46
40: MH#5	6,991.57	6,991.57	6,982.59	8.00	6,983.24	Standard	6,983.44
41: MH#3 (DP	6,990.99	6,990.99	6,981.23	9.20	6,981.95	Standard	6,982.24
42: I#3 (DP 7)	6,991.04	6,991.04	(N/A)	8.00	6,986.89	Standard	6,987.35
43: 18 (DP 19)	6,988.70	6,988.70	(N/A)	0.30	6,983.45	Standard	6,983.56
44: MH#2 (DP	6,985.73	6,985.73	6,980.65	9.20	6,981.47	Standard	6,981.68
45: I#4 (DP 13)	6,987.25	6,987.25	(N/A)	1.80	6,984.04	Standard	6,984.21
46: I#5 (DP 14)	6,987.25	6,987.25	6,983.17	3.30	6,983.76	Standard	6,984.03
47: MH#1	6,985.33	6,985.33	6,980.16	9.20	6,980.98	Standard	6,981.01
49: 44 (69) (D	6,982.25	6,982.25	(N/A)	0.06	6,978.52	Standard	6,978.52
57: I#7 (DP 9)	6,976.23	6,976.23	6,965.90	3.30	6,966.39	Standard	6,966.79
58: I#8 (DP 10)	6,976.19	6,976.19	6,964.64	5.40	6,964.96	Standard	6,965.27
59: I#6 (DP 1)	6,975.72	6,975.72	(N/A)	0.50	6,966.78	Standard	6,966.81
60: 44 (78) (D	6,965.00	6,965.00	(N/A)	0.40	6,960.36	Standard	6,960.47
120: MH#8	6,995.46	6,995.46	6,986.86	10.20	6,987.90	Standard	6,988.20
243: MH-44(79	6,963.81	6,963.81	6,958.89	0.40	6,958.92	Standard	6,959.01

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)
48: OUTFALL	6,984.45	6,979.36	Free Outfall		6,980.21	9.20
53: 44 (70)	6,979.71	6,978.21	Free Outfall		6,978.30	0.06
162: O-3	6,991.50	6,984.82	User Defined Tailwater	6,987.07	6,987.07	15.50
164: O-5	6,984.50	6,981.82	User Defined Tailwater	6,981.93	6,982.28	3.30
165: O-6	6,970.50	6,963.31	User Defined Tailwater	6,964.47	6,964.47	5.40
242: DP2	6,957.52	6,955.81	Free Outfall		6,956.02	0.40

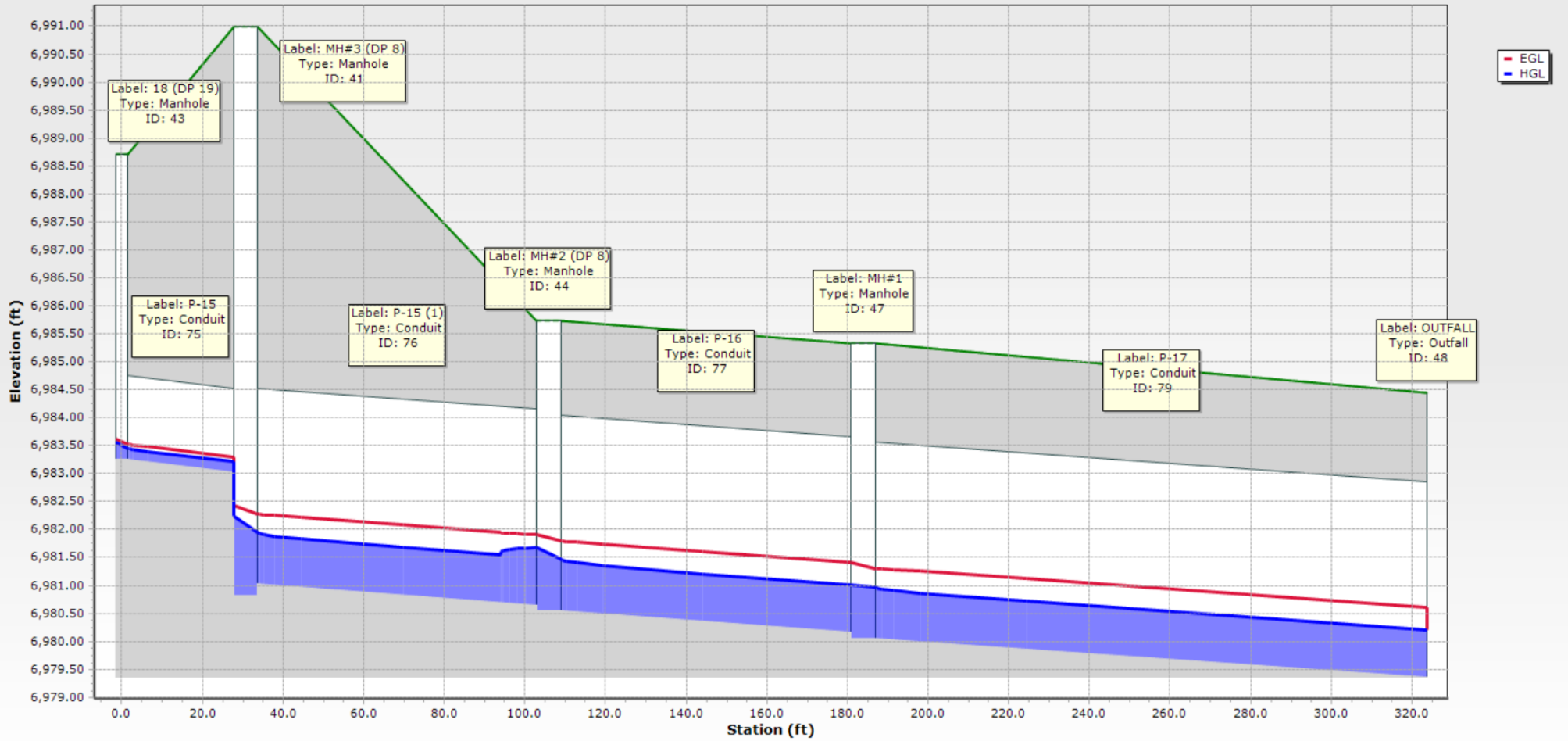
NOTE: EASTONVILLE 1, 5 & 9 SEGMENTS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BELOW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS. SEGMENT 2 PIPES & STRUCTURES INCLUDED IN TABLE, REFER TO FDR FOR COMPLETE ANALYSIS.

EASTONVILLE 1 - INLET - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

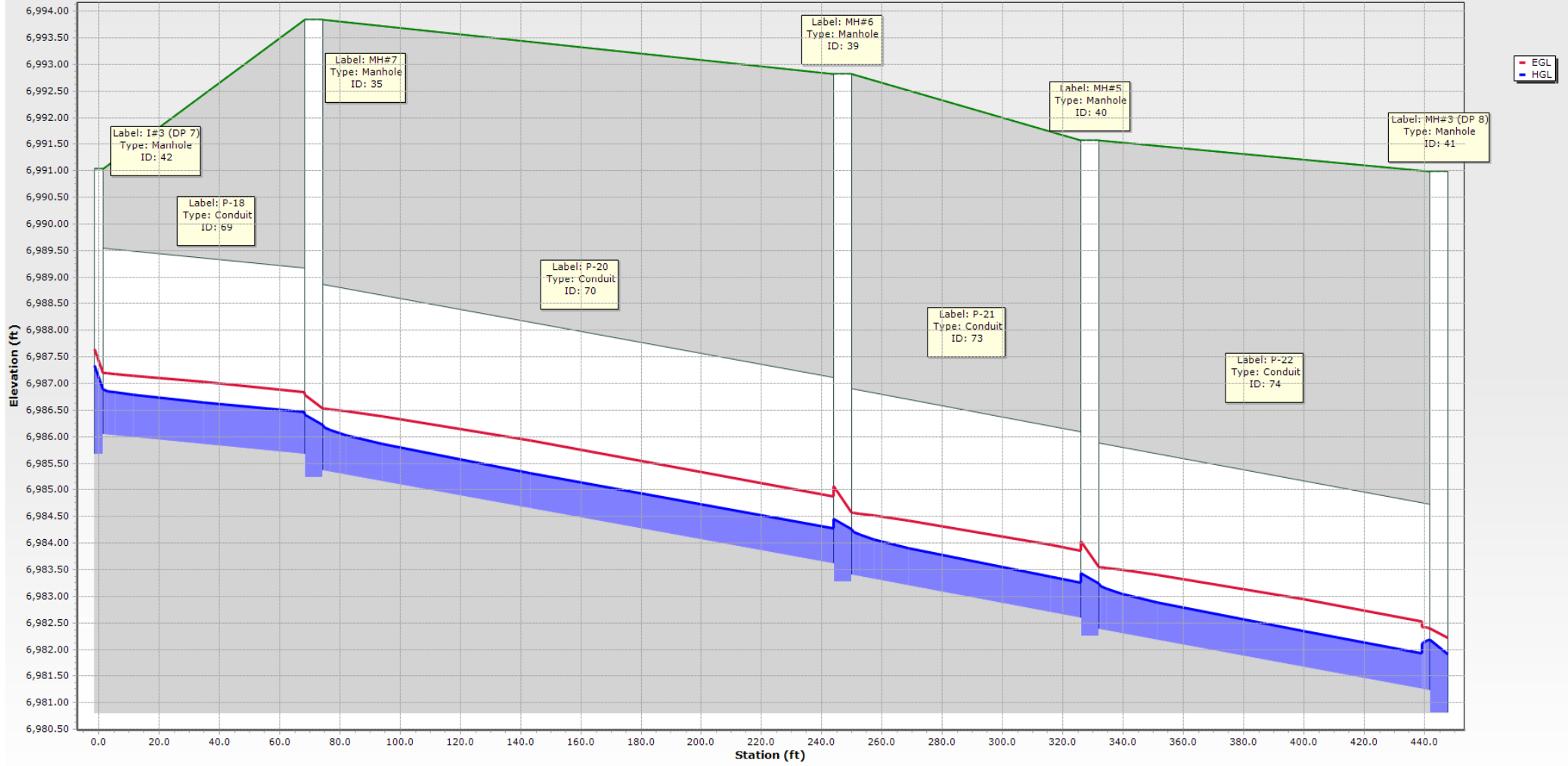


**NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE
OUTFALL CONDITION BLEW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY
REQUIREMENTS**

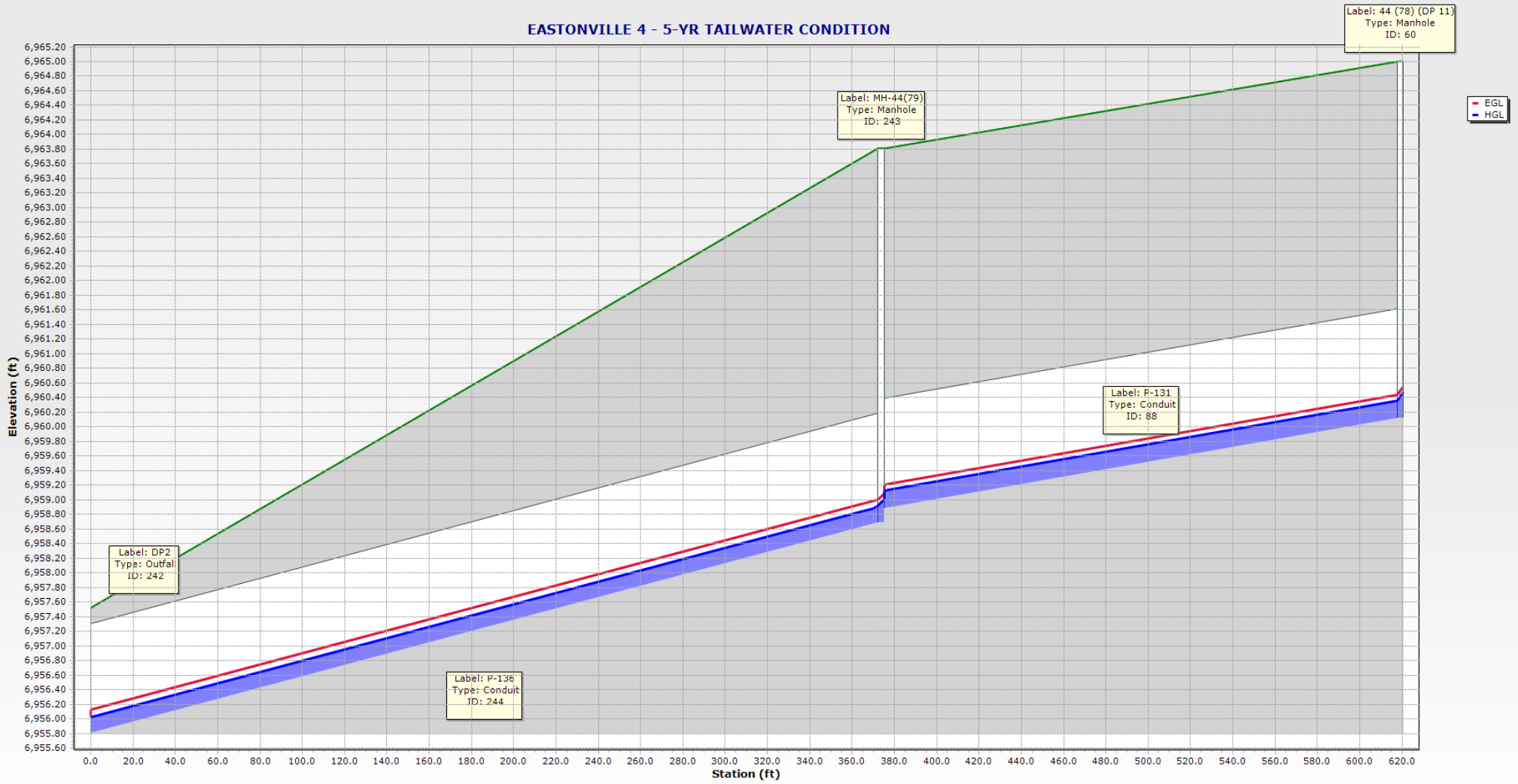
EASTONVILLE 1 - OUTLET - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



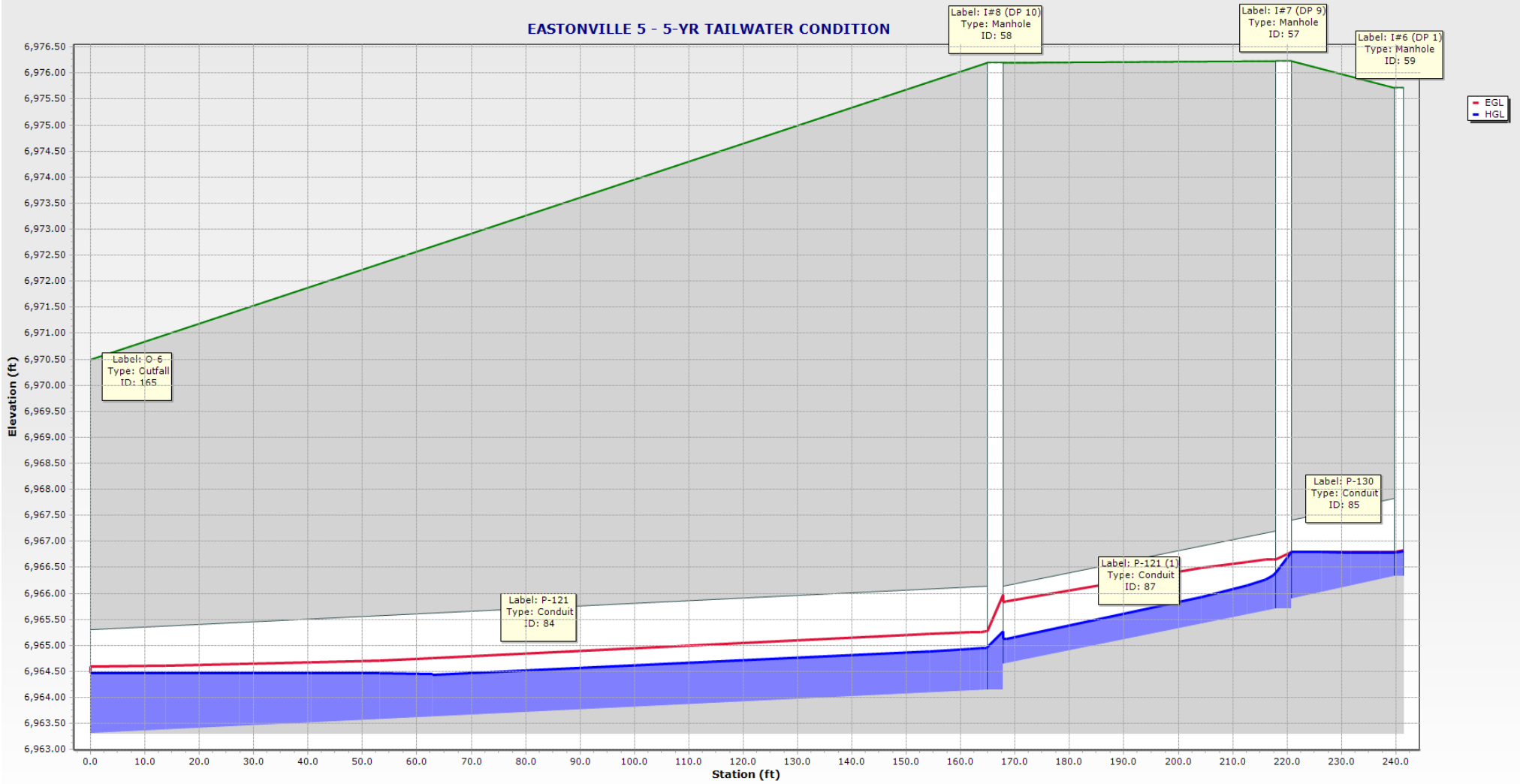
EASTONVILLE 2 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 4 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

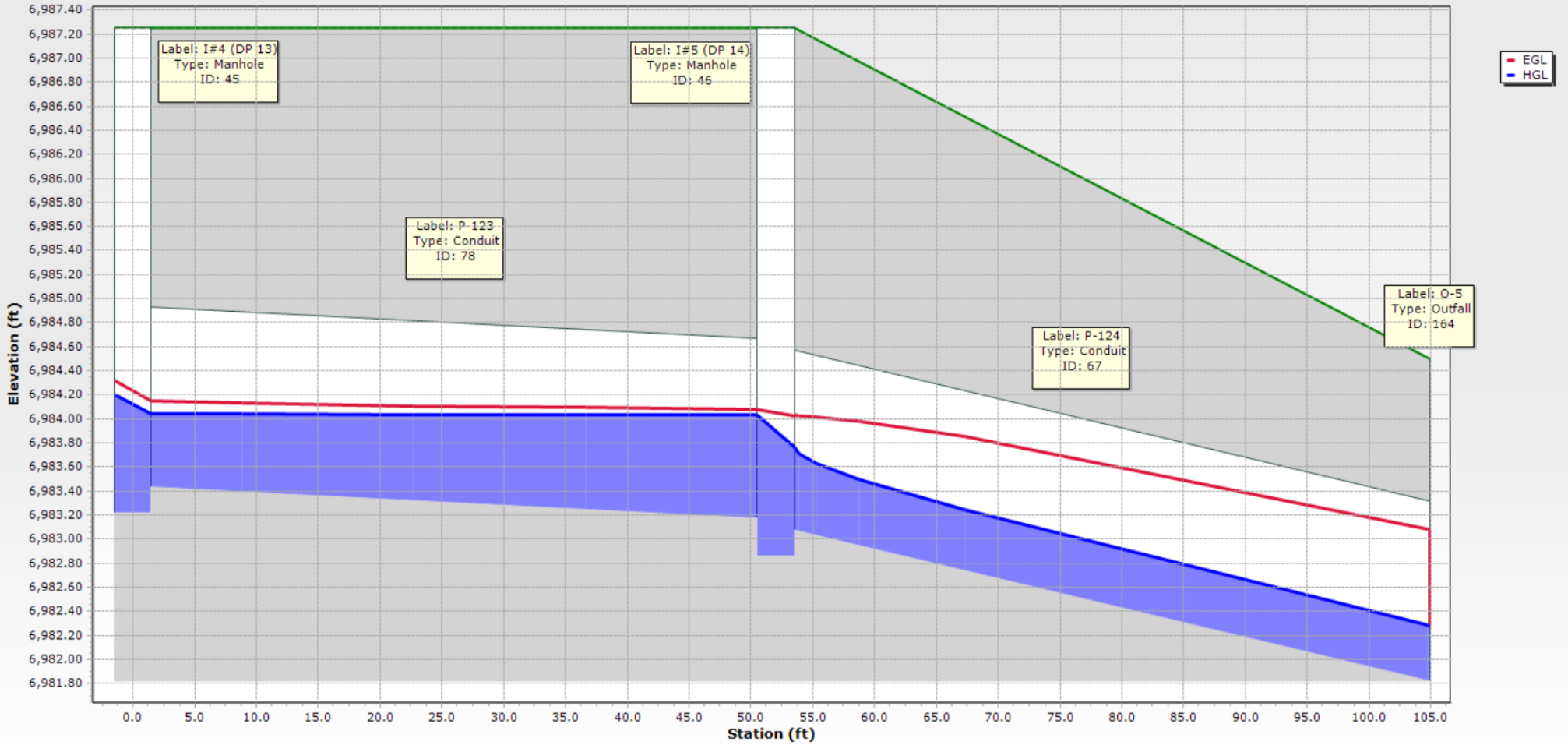


EASTONVILLE 5 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



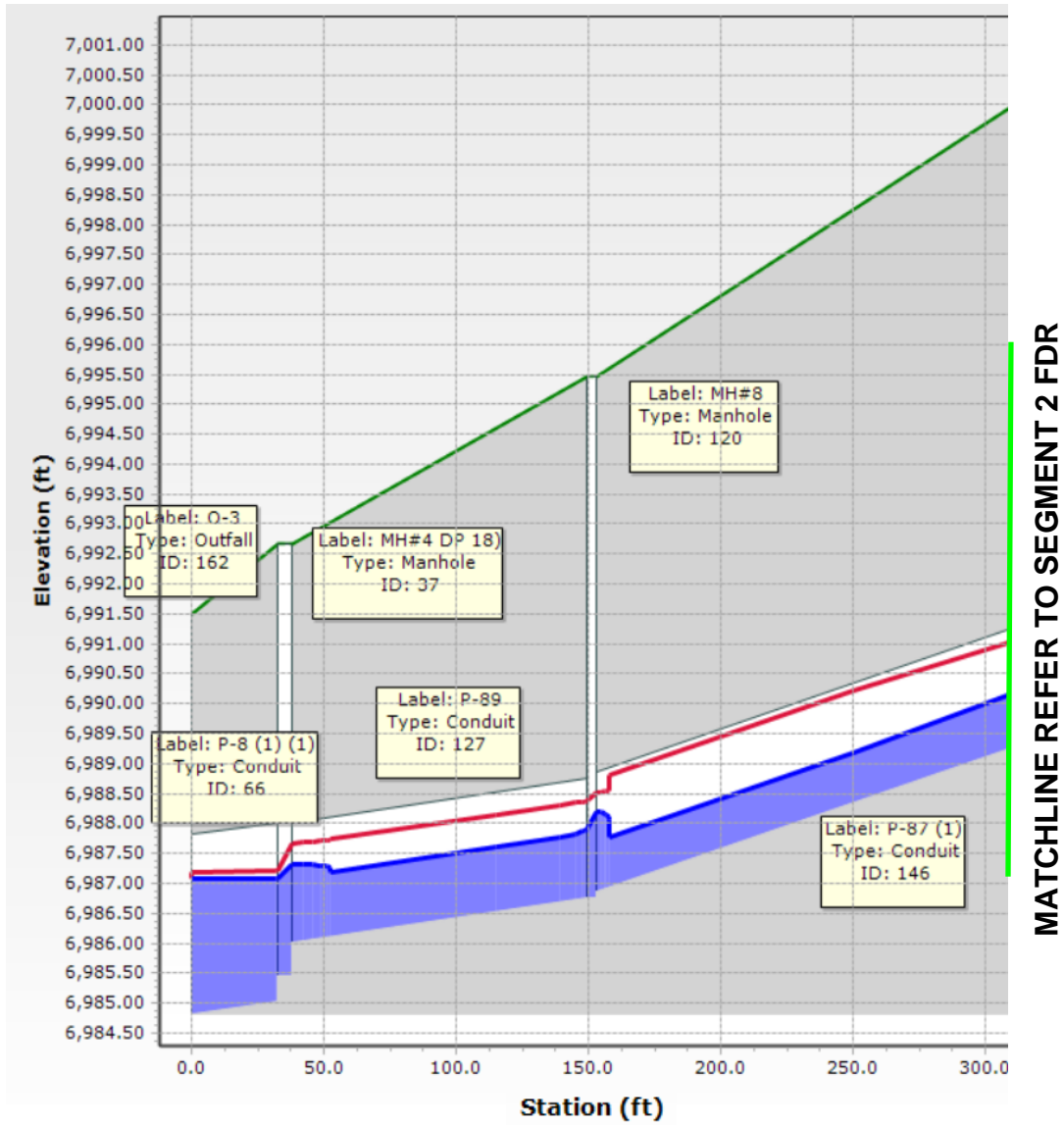
NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE OUTFALL CONDITION BLEW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY REQUIREMENTS

EASTONVILLE 9 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION

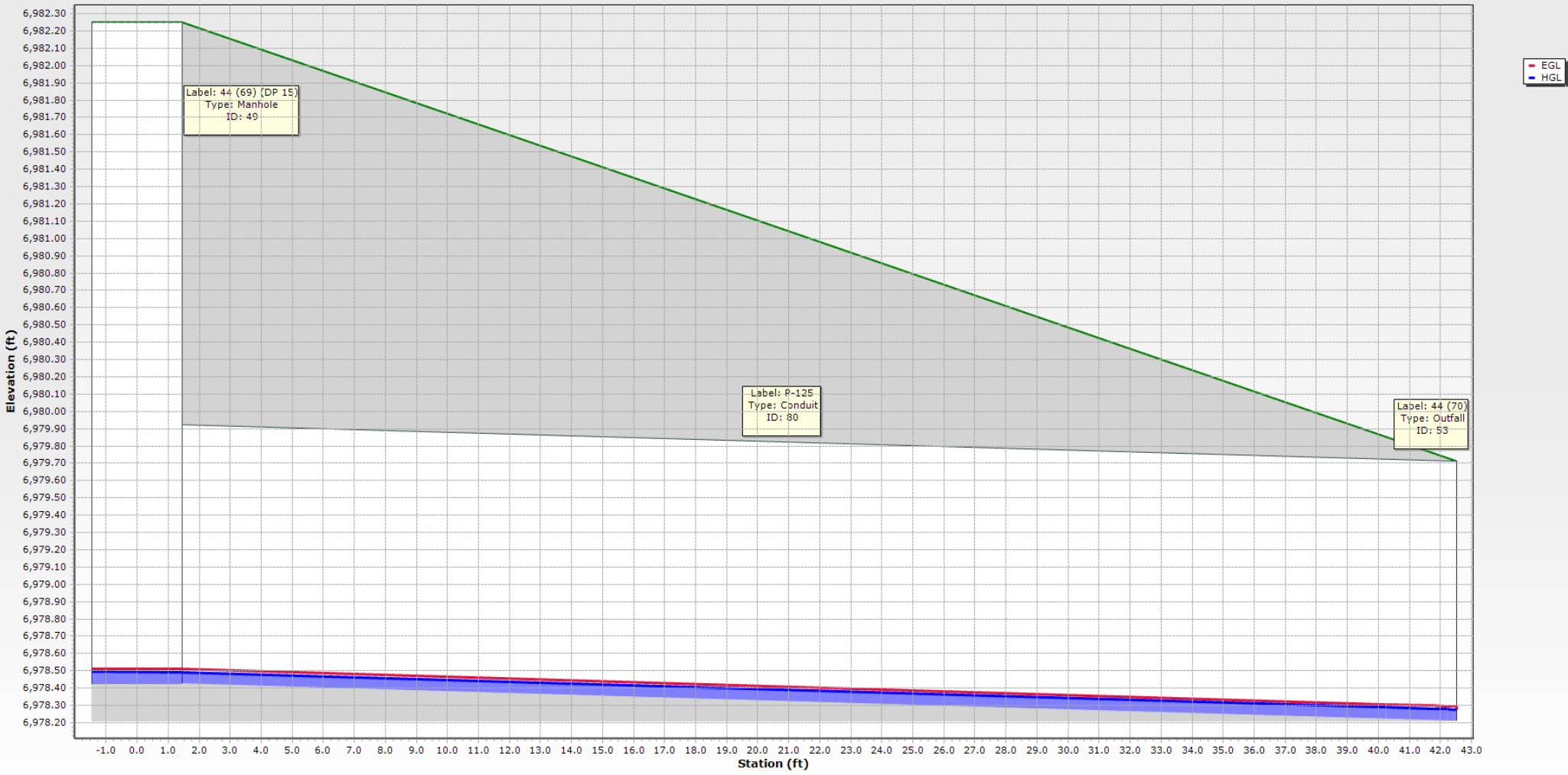


**NOTE: THIS SEGMENT HAS BEEN ANALYZED IN THE FREE
OUTFALL CONDITION BLEW TO MEET CAPACITY & VELOCITY
REQUIREMENTS**

EASTONVILLE 10 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 17 - 5-YR TAILWATER CONDITION



100 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
66: P-8 (1) (1)	MH#4 DP 18)	6,985.02	O-3	6,984.82	35.3	0.006	36.0	0.013	26.00	7.17	50.23	51.8	6,986.67	6,986.36
67: P-124	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.07	O-5	6,981.82	52.9	0.024	18.0	0.013	5.60	8.31	16.15	34.7	6,983.98	6,982.44
69: P-18	I#3 (DP 7)	6,986.04	MH#7	6,985.68	71.3	0.005	42.0	0.013	53.60	8.15	71.48	75.0	6,988.34	6,988.30
70: P-20	MH#7	6,985.37	MH#6	6,983.61	175.6	0.010	42.0	0.013	53.60	10.63	100.73	53.2	6,987.66	6,986.34
71: P-5	I#1 (DP 16)	6,989.53	I#2 (DP 17)	6,989.27	52.7	0.005	18.0	0.013	5.20	4.52	7.38	70.5	6,990.51	6,990.40
72: P-8 (1)	I#2 (DP 17)	6,988.77	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	147.0	0.019	24.0	0.013	10.30	8.86	30.94	33.3	6,989.92	6,987.84
73: P-21	MH#6	6,983.41	MH#5	6,982.59	82.2	0.010	42.0	0.013	53.60	10.61	100.49	53.3	6,985.70	6,985.32
74: P-22	MH#5	6,982.39	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.23	115.7	0.010	42.0	0.013	53.60	10.63	100.72	53.2	6,984.68	6,984.45
75: P-15	18 (DP 19)	6,983.25	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,983.03	30.8	0.007	18.0	0.013	2.90	4.50	8.88	32.7	6,984.46	6,984.45
76: P-15 (1)	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.03	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.65	75.1	0.005	42.0	0.013	57.20	8.26	71.57	79.9	6,983.73	6,983.60
77: P-16	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.55	MH#1	6,980.16	78.1	0.005	42.0	0.013	57.20	8.22	71.10	80.4	6,982.93	6,982.54
78: P-123	I#4 (DP 13)	6,983.43	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.17	52.0	0.005	18.0	0.013	3.00	3.98	7.43	40.4	6,984.40	6,984.38
79: P-17	MH#1	6,980.06	OUTFALL	6,979.36	139.8	0.005	42.0	0.013	57.20	8.23	71.18	80.4	6,982.44	6,981.73
80: P-125	44 (69) (DP 15)	6,978.42	44 (70)	6,978.21	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013	1.00	2.94	7.45	13.4	6,978.80	6,978.58
84: P-121	I#8 (DP 10)	6,964.14	O-6	6,963.31	166.4	0.005	24.0	0.013	13.90	5.73	15.98	87.0	6,965.58	6,964.65
85: P-130	I#6 (DP 1)	6,966.33	I#7 (DP 9)	6,965.90	21.3	0.020	18.0	0.013	3.60	6.95	14.93	24.1	6,967.81	6,967.79
87: P-121 (1)	I#7 (DP 9)	6,965.70	I#8 (DP 10)	6,964.64	53.0	0.020	18.0	0.013	9.30	8.87	14.86	62.6	6,966.88	6,966.10
88: P-131	44 (78) (DP 11)	6,960.12	MH-44(79)	6,958.89	245.4	0.005	18.0	0.013	4.60	4.43	7.44	61.9	6,960.97	6,959.86
127: P-89	MH#8	6,986.76	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	116.1	0.006	24.0	0.013	19.90	6.33	18.06	110.2	6,988.65	6,987.84
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013	17.20	9.29	27.70	62.1	6,991.26	6,989.07
244: P-136	MH-44(79)	6,958.69	DP2	6,955.81	373.7	0.008	18.0	0.013	4.60	5.22	9.22	49.9	6,959.51	6,956.56

NOTE: SEE PROFILES FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

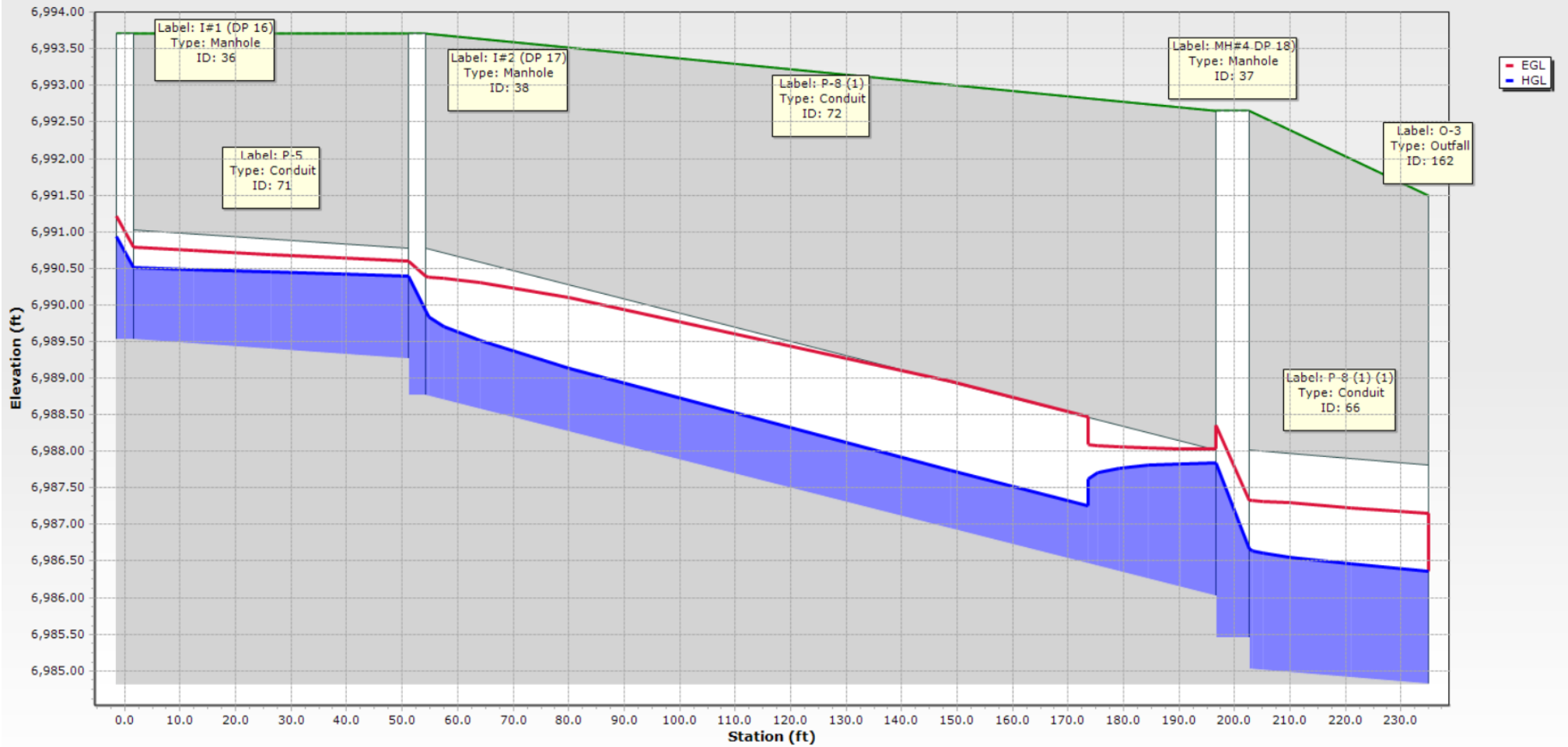
100 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)
35: MH#7	6,993.84	6,993.84	6,985.68	53.60	6,987.66	Standard	6,988.30
36: I#1 (DP 16)	6,993.71	6,993.71	(N/A)	5.20	6,990.51	Standard	6,990.93
37: MH#4 DP	6,992.66	6,992.66	6,986.02	26.00	6,986.67	Standard	6,987.84
38: I#2 (DP 17)	6,993.71	6,993.71	6,989.27	10.30	6,989.92	Standard	6,990.40
39: MH#6	6,992.82	6,992.82	6,983.61	53.60	6,985.70	Standard	6,986.34
40: MH#5	6,991.57	6,991.57	6,982.59	53.60	6,984.68	Standard	6,985.32
41: MH#3 (DP)	6,990.99	6,990.99	6,981.23	57.20	6,983.73	Standard	6,984.45
42: I#3 (DP 7)	6,991.04	6,991.04	(N/A)	53.60	6,988.34	Standard	6,989.83
43: 18 (DP 19)	6,988.70	6,988.70	(N/A)	2.90	6,984.46	Standard	6,984.54
44: MH#2 (DP)	6,985.73	6,985.73	6,980.65	57.20	6,982.93	Standard	6,983.60
45: I#4 (DP 13)	6,987.25	6,987.25	(N/A)	3.00	6,984.40	Standard	6,984.54
46: I#5 (DP 14)	6,987.25	6,987.25	6,983.17	5.60	6,983.98	Standard	6,984.38
47: MH#1	6,985.33	6,985.33	6,980.16	57.20	6,982.44	Standard	6,982.54
49: 44 (69) (D)	6,982.25	6,982.25	(N/A)	1.00	6,978.80	Standard	6,978.81
57: I#7 (DP 9)	6,976.23	6,976.23	6,965.90	9.30	6,966.88	Standard	6,967.79
58: I#8 (DP 10)	6,976.19	6,976.19	6,964.64	13.90	6,965.58	Standard	6,966.10
59: I#6 (DP 1)	6,975.72	6,975.72	(N/A)	3.60	6,967.81	Standard	6,967.91
60: 44 (78) (D)	6,965.00	6,965.00	(N/A)	4.60	6,960.97	Standard	6,961.43
120: MH#8	6,995.46	6,995.46	6,986.86	19.90	6,988.65	Standard	6,989.07
243: MH-44(79)	6,963.81	6,963.81	6,958.89	4.60	6,959.51	Standard	6,959.86

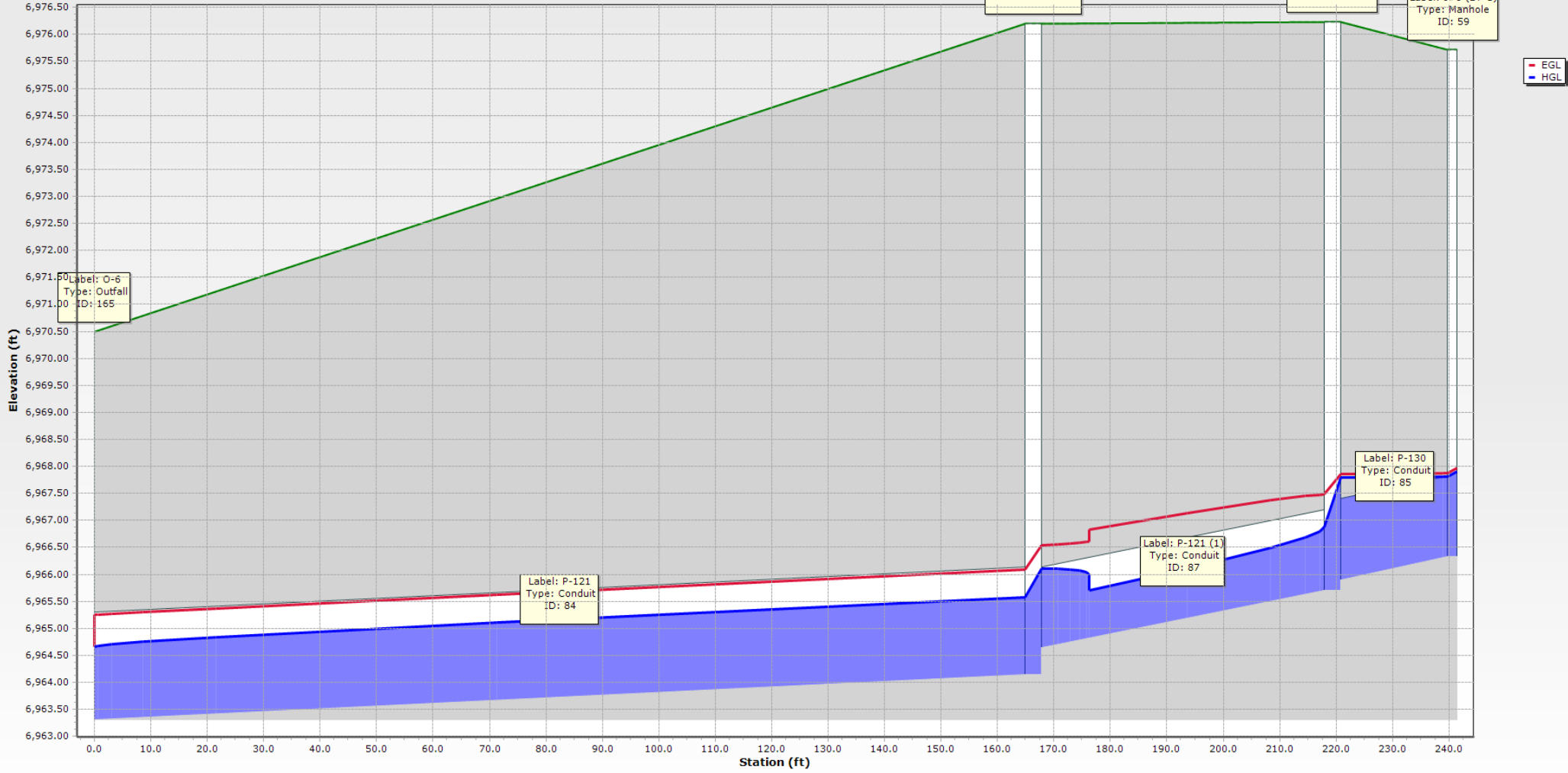
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)
48: OUTFALL	6,984.45	6,979.36	Free Outfall		6,981.73	57.20
53: 44 (70)	6,979.71	6,978.21	Free Outfall		6,978.58	1.00
162: O-3	6,991.50	6,984.82	Free Outfall		6,986.36	26.00
164: O-5	6,984.50	6,981.82	Free Outfall		6,982.44	5.60
165: O-6	6,970.50	6,963.31	Free Outfall		6,964.65	13.90
242: DP2	6,957.52	6,955.81	Free Outfall		6,956.56	4.60

NOTE: SEE PROFILES FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

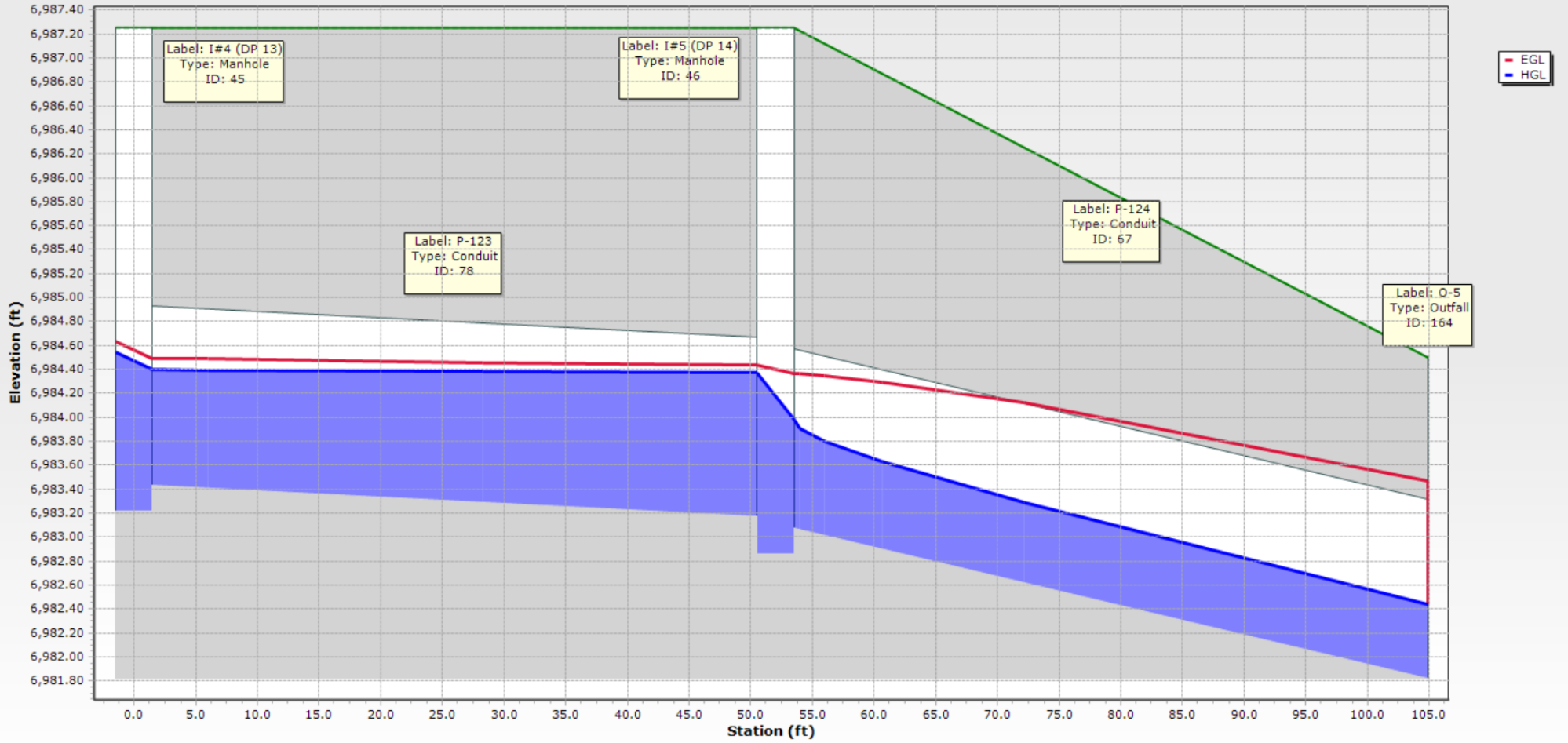
EASTONVILLE 1 - INLET - 100-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 5 - 100-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 9 - 100-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



5 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: PIPE SUMMARY TABLE

	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
66: P-8 (1) (1)	MH#4 DP 18)	6,985.02	O-3	6,984.82	35.3	0.006	36.0	0.013	15.50	6.26	50.23	30.9	6,986.28	6,985.97
67: P-124	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.07	O-5	6,981.82	52.9	0.024	18.0	0.013	3.30	7.18	16.15	20.4	6,983.76	6,982.28
69: P-18	I#3 (DP 7)	6,986.04	MH#7	6,985.68	71.3	0.005	42.0	0.013	8.00	4.91	71.48	11.2	6,986.89	6,986.47
70: P-20	MH#7	6,985.37	MH#6	6,983.61	175.6	0.010	42.0	0.013	8.00	6.26	100.73	7.9	6,986.22	6,984.28
71: P-5	I#1 (DP 16)	6,989.53	I#2 (DP 17)	6,989.27	52.7	0.005	18.0	0.013	3.10	3.99	7.38	42.0	6,990.21	6,989.99
72: P-8 (1)	I#2 (DP 17)	6,988.77	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	147.0	0.019	24.0	0.013	6.20	7.69	30.94	20.0	6,989.65	6,986.63
73: P-21	MH#6	6,983.41	MH#5	6,982.59	82.2	0.010	42.0	0.013	8.00	6.25	100.49	8.0	6,984.26	6,983.26
74: P-22	MH#5	6,982.39	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.23	115.7	0.010	42.0	0.013	8.00	6.26	100.72	7.9	6,983.24	6,982.24
75: P-15	18 (DP 19)	6,983.25	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,983.03	30.8	0.007	18.0	0.013	0.30	2.33	8.88	3.4	6,983.45	6,983.22
76: P-15 (1)	MH#3 (DP 8)	6,981.03	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.65	75.1	0.005	42.0	0.013	9.20	5.12	71.57	12.9	6,981.95	6,981.68
77: P-16	MH#2 (DP 8)	6,980.55	MH#1	6,980.16	78.1	0.005	42.0	0.013	9.20	5.09	71.10	12.9	6,981.47	6,981.01
78: P-123	I#4 (DP 13)	6,983.43	I#5 (DP 14)	6,983.17	52.0	0.005	18.0	0.013	1.80	3.46	7.43	24.2	6,984.04	6,984.03
79: P-17	MH#1	6,980.06	OUTFALL	6,979.36	139.8	0.005	42.0	0.013	9.20	5.10	71.18	12.9	6,980.98	6,980.21
80: P-125	44 (69) (DP 15)	6,978.42	44 (70)	6,978.21	42.5	0.005	18.0	0.013	0.06	1.27	7.45	0.8	6,978.52	6,978.30
84: P-121	I#8 (DP 10)	6,964.14	O-6	6,963.31	166.4	0.005	24.0	0.013	5.40	4.59	15.98	33.8	6,964.96	6,964.11
85: P-130	I#6 (DP 1)	6,966.33	I#7 (DP 9)	6,965.90	21.3	0.020	18.0	0.013	0.50	3.91	14.93	3.3	6,966.78	6,966.79
87: P-121 (1)	I#7 (DP 9)	6,965.70	I#8 (DP 10)	6,964.64	53.0	0.020	18.0	0.013	3.30	6.76	14.86	22.2	6,966.39	6,965.12
88: P-131	44 (78) (DP 11)	6,960.12	MH-44(79)	6,958.89	245.4	0.005	18.0	0.013	0.40	2.24	7.44	5.4	6,960.36	6,959.12
127: P-89	MH#8	6,986.76	MH#4 DP 18)	6,986.02	116.1	0.006	24.0	0.013	10.20	5.92	18.06	56.5	6,987.90	6,987.10
146: P-87 (1)	MH#9	6,989.76	MH#8	6,986.86	193.5	0.015	24.0	0.013	10.20	8.15	27.70	36.8	6,990.90	6,988.20
244: P-136	MH-44(79)	6,958.69	DP2	6,955.81	373.7	0.008	18.0	0.013	0.40	2.60	9.22	4.3	6,958.92	6,956.02

NOTE: SEE PROFILES FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

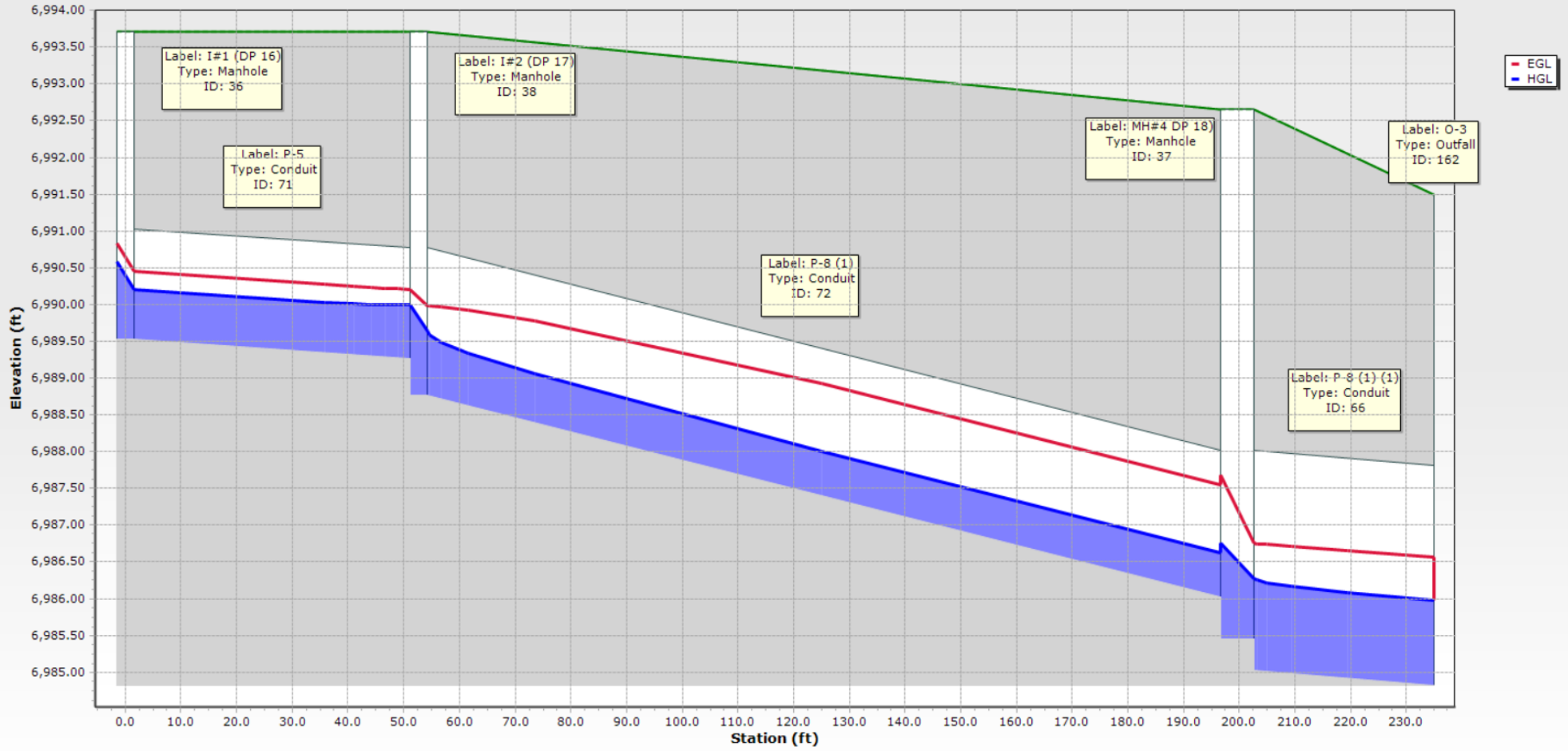
5 YEAR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION: STRUCTURE SUMMARY TABLE

	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)
35: MH#7	6,993.84	6,993.84	6,985.68	8.00	6,986.22	Standard	6,986.42
36: I#1 (DP 16)	6,993.71	6,993.71	(N/A)	3.10	6,990.21	Standard	6,990.58
37: MH#4 DP	6,992.66	6,992.66	6,986.02	15.50	6,986.28	Standard	6,986.76
38: I#2 (DP 17)	6,993.71	6,993.71	6,989.27	6.20	6,989.65	Standard	6,989.99
39: MH#6	6,992.82	6,992.82	6,983.61	8.00	6,984.26	Standard	6,984.46
40: MH#5	6,991.57	6,991.57	6,982.59	8.00	6,983.24	Standard	6,983.44
41: MH#3 (DP	6,990.99	6,990.99	6,981.23	9.20	6,981.95	Standard	6,982.24
42: I#3 (DP 7)	6,991.04	6,991.04	(N/A)	8.00	6,986.89	Standard	6,987.35
43: 18 (DP 19)	6,988.70	6,988.70	(N/A)	0.30	6,983.45	Standard	6,983.56
44: MH#2 (DP	6,985.73	6,985.73	6,980.65	9.20	6,981.47	Standard	6,981.68
45: I#4 (DP 13)	6,987.25	6,987.25	(N/A)	1.80	6,984.04	Standard	6,984.21
46: I#5 (DP 14)	6,987.25	6,987.25	6,983.17	3.30	6,983.76	Standard	6,984.03
47: MH#1	6,985.33	6,985.33	6,980.16	9.20	6,980.98	Standard	6,981.01
49: 44 (69) (D	6,982.25	6,982.25	(N/A)	0.06	6,978.52	Standard	6,978.52
57: I#7 (DP 9)	6,976.23	6,976.23	6,965.90	3.30	6,966.39	Standard	6,966.79
58: I#8 (DP 10)	6,976.19	6,976.19	6,964.64	5.40	6,964.96	Standard	6,965.27
59: I#6 (DP 1)	6,975.72	6,975.72	(N/A)	0.50	6,966.78	Standard	6,966.81
60: 44 (78) (D	6,965.00	6,965.00	(N/A)	0.40	6,960.36	Standard	6,960.47
120: MH#8	6,995.46	6,995.46	6,986.86	10.20	6,987.90	Standard	6,988.20
243: MH-44(79)	6,963.81	6,963.81	6,958.89	0.40	6,958.92	Standard	6,959.01

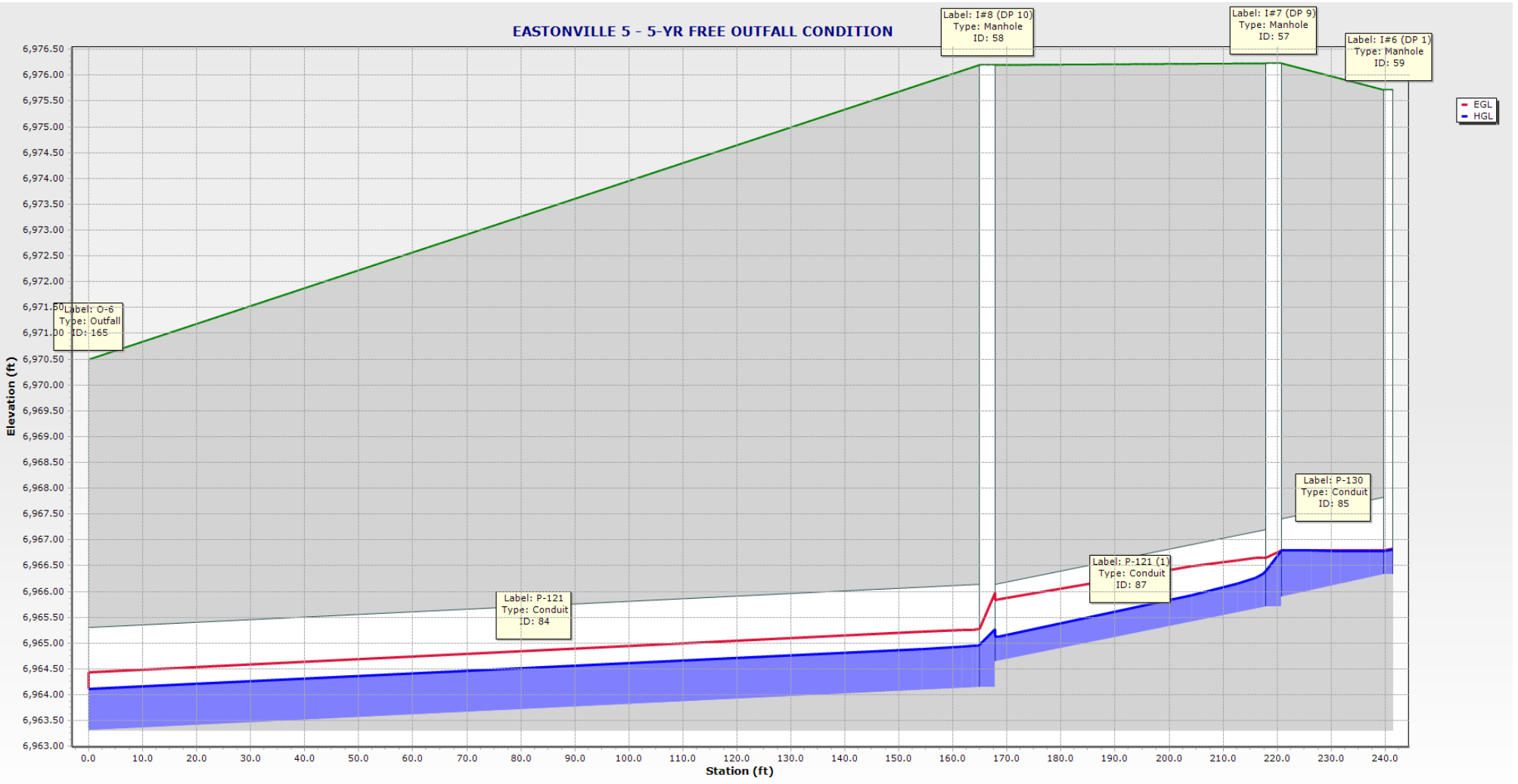
	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)
48: OUTFALL	6,984.45	6,979.36	Free Outfall		6,980.21	9.20
53: 44 (70)	6,979.71	6,978.21	Free Outfall		6,978.30	0.06
162: O-3	6,991.50	6,984.82	Free Outfall		6,985.97	15.50
164: O-5	6,984.50	6,981.82	Free Outfall		6,982.28	3.30
165: O-6	6,970.50	6,963.31	Free Outfall		6,964.11	5.40
242: DP2	6,957.52	6,955.81	Free Outfall		6,956.02	0.40

NOTE: SEE PROFILES FOR PIPES STUDIED WITH THIS ANALYSIS

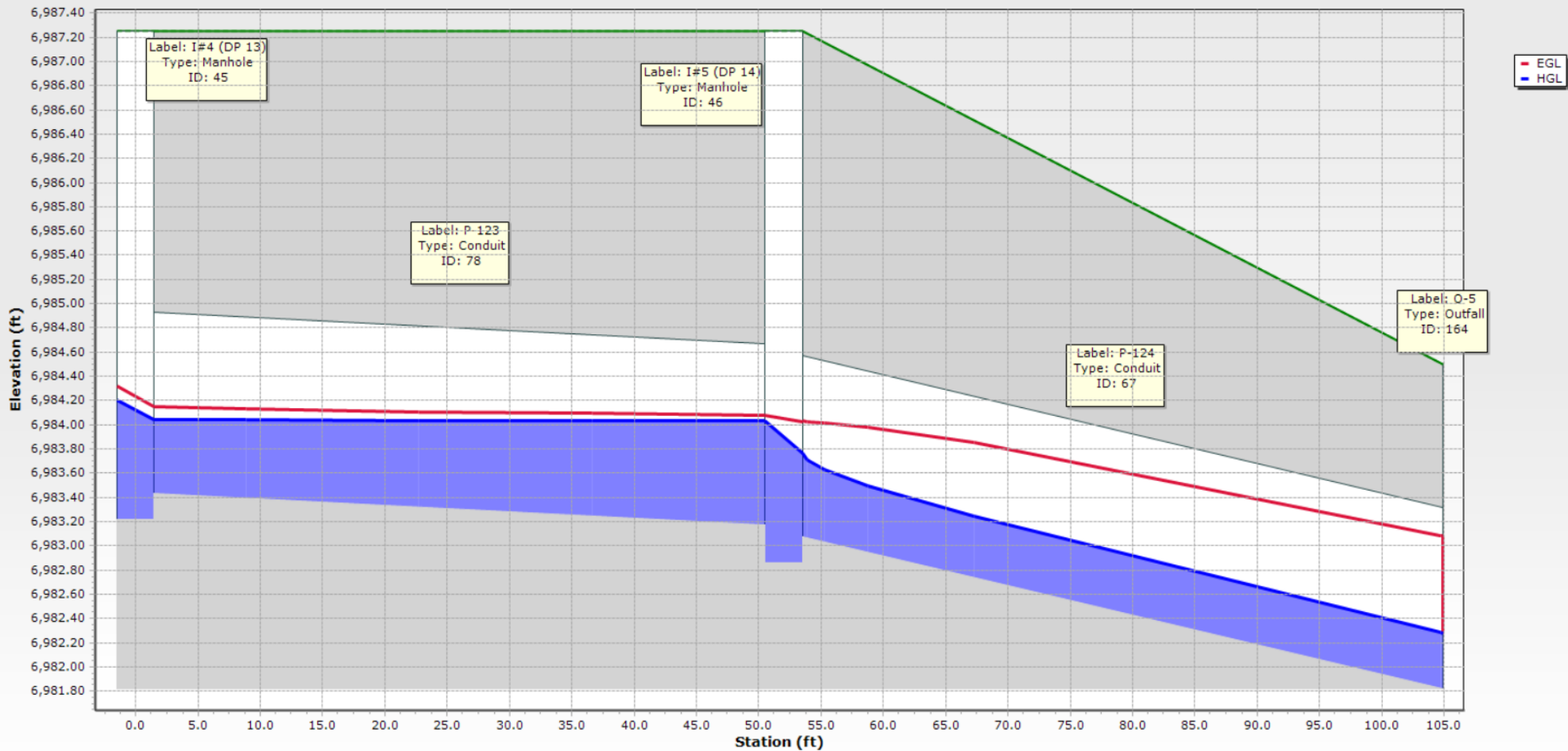
EASTONVILLE 1 - INLET - 5-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 5 - 5-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



EASTONVILLE 9 - 5-YR FREE OUTFALL CONDITION



Culvert Report

DP3

Invert Elev Dn (ft)	=	6976.11
Pipe Length (ft)	=	160.34
Slope (%)	=	1.27
Invert Elev Up (ft)	=	6978.15
Rise (in)	=	24.0
Shape	=	Circular
Span (in)	=	24.0
No. Barrels	=	1
n-Value	=	0.012
Culvert Type	=	Circular Concrete
Culvert Entrance	=	Square edge w/headwall (C)
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	=	0.0098, 2, 0.0398, 0.67, 0.5

Embankment

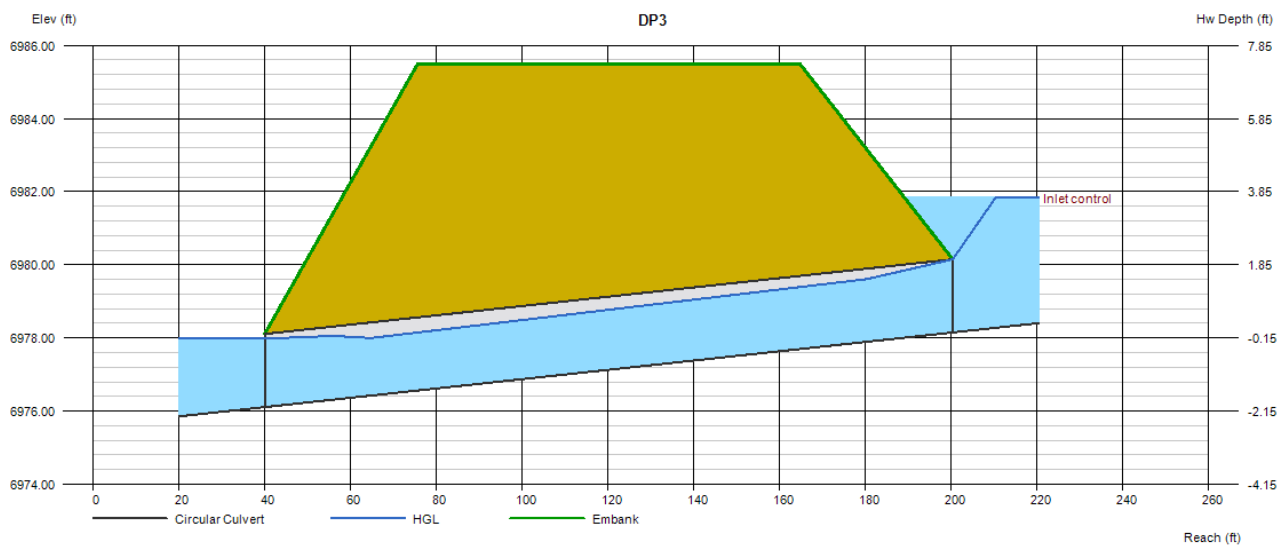
Top Elevation (ft)	=	6985.50
Top Width (ft)	=	89.00
Crest Width (ft)	=	15.00

Calculations

Qmin (cfs)	=	24.20
Qmax (cfs)	=	24.20
Tailwater Elev (ft)	=	(dc+D)/2

Highlighted

Qtotal (cfs)	=	24.20
Qpipe (cfs)	=	24.20
Qovertop (cfs)	=	0.00
Veloc Dn (ft/s)	=	7.92
Veloc Up (ft/s)	=	8.34
HGL Dn (ft)	=	6977.98
HGL Up (ft)	=	6979.89
Hw Elev (ft)	=	6981.84
Hw/D (ft)	=	1.84
Flow Regime	=	Inlet Control



Channel Report

Roadside Swale Capacity DP1

Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1) = 10.00, 10.00
Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

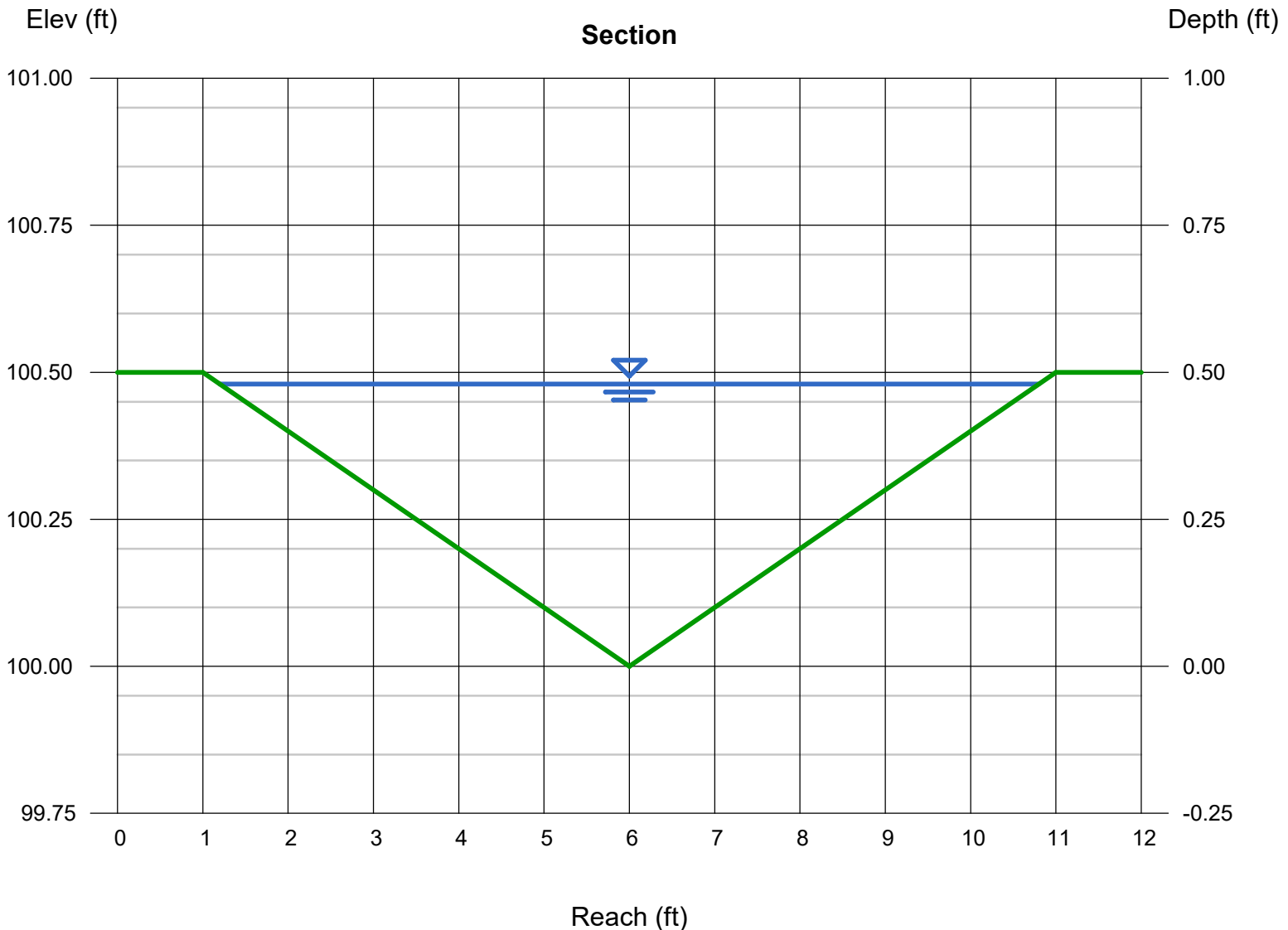
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 0.50
N-Value = 0.025

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 3.60

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.48
Q (cfs) = 3.600
Area (sqft) = 2.30
Velocity (ft/s) = 1.56
Wetted Perim (ft) = 9.65
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.39
Top Width (ft) = 9.60
EGL (ft) = 0.52



Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Aug 23 2024

Roadside Swale Capacity DP3

Trapezoidal

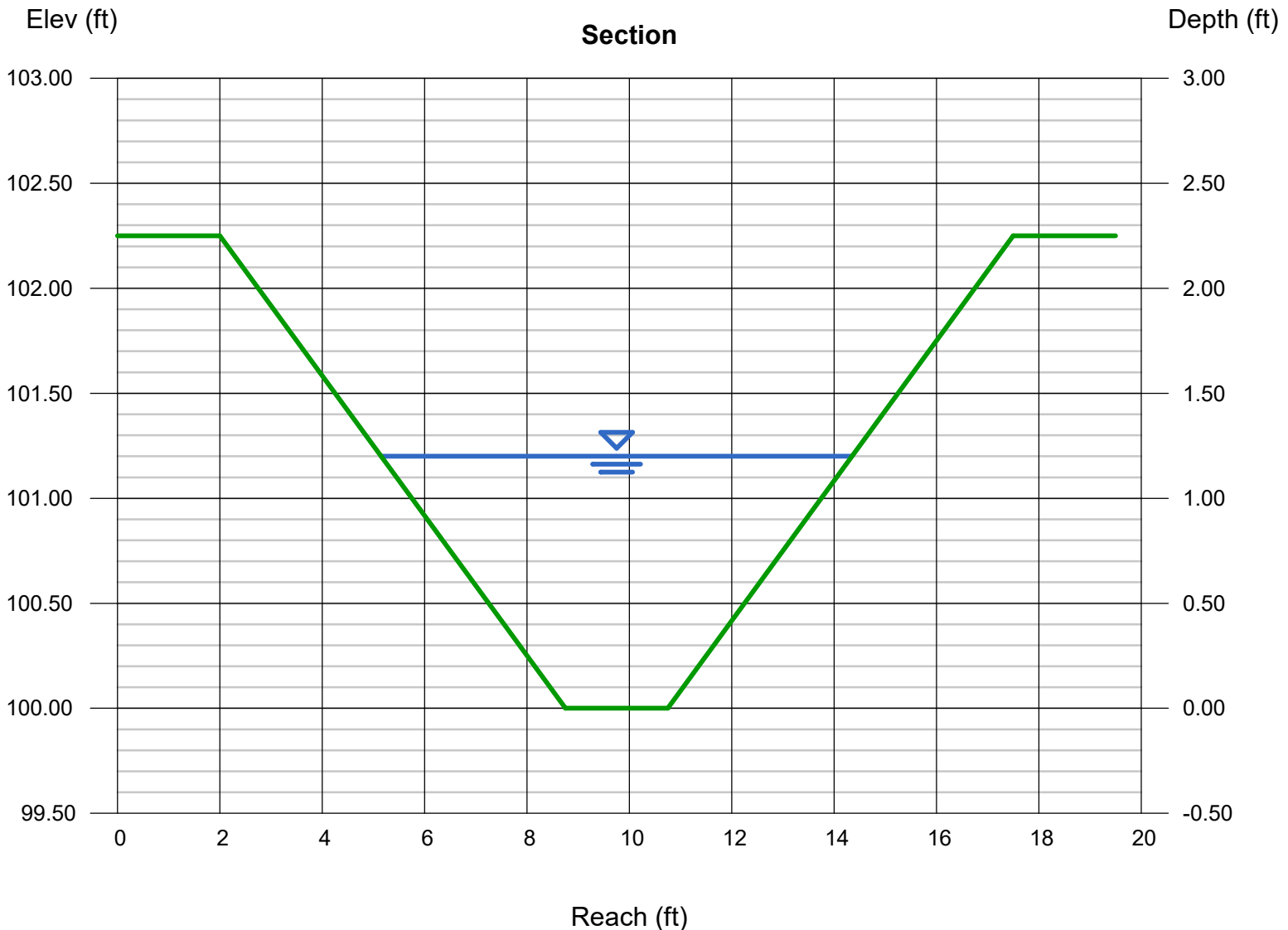
Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 2.25
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 0.60
N-Value = 0.025

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.20
Q (cfs) = 24.20
Area (sqft) = 6.72
Velocity (ft/s) = 3.60
Wetted Perim (ft) = 9.59
Crit Depth, Y_c (ft) = 1.04
Top Width (ft) = 9.20
EGL (ft) = 1.40

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 24.20



Channel Report

SFB A - OUTLET SWALE

Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1) = 4.00, 20.00
Total Depth (ft) = 2.50

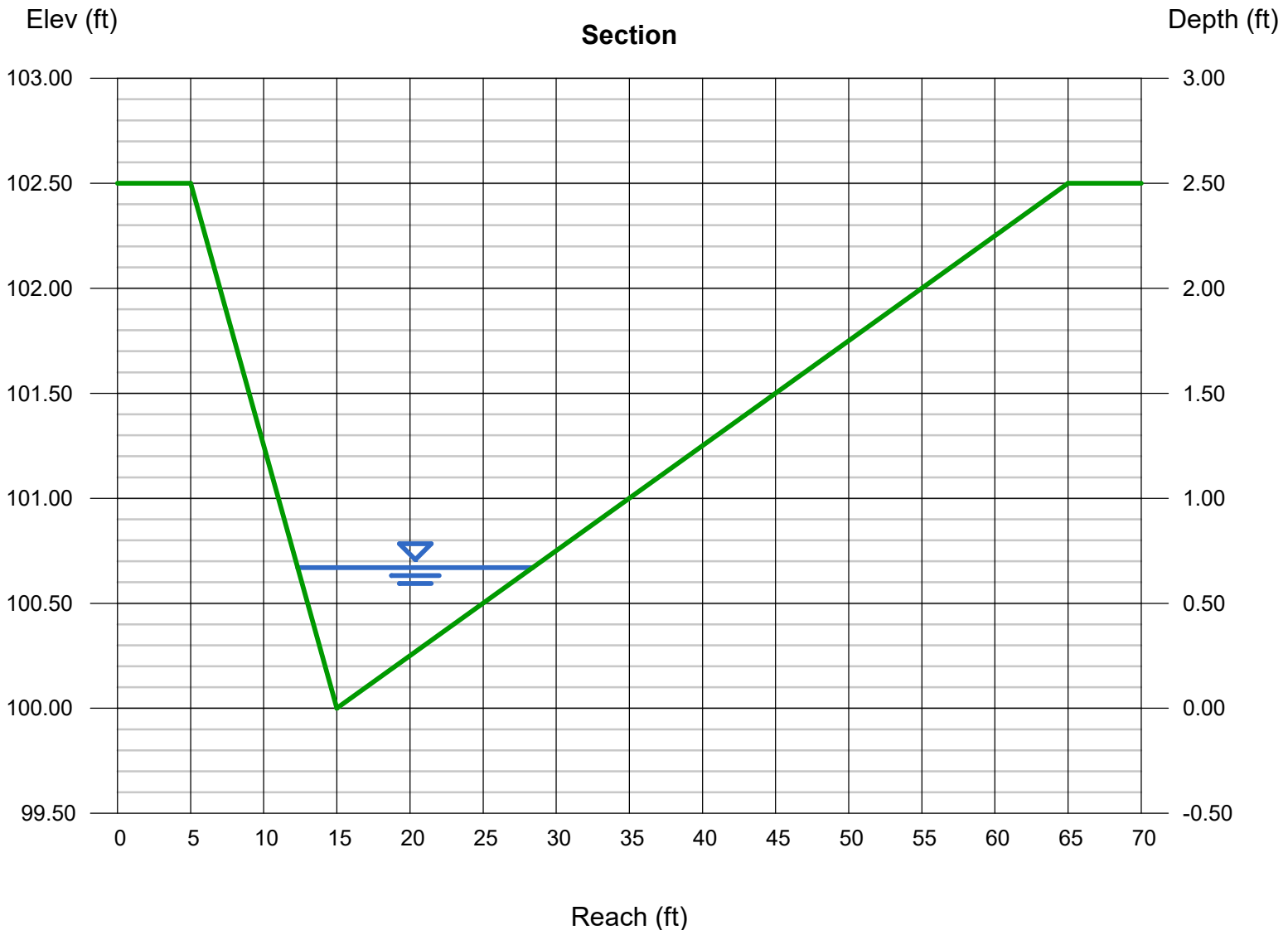
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 5.00
N-Value = 0.030

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 28.60

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.67
Q (cfs) = 28.60
Area (sqft) = 5.39
Velocity (ft/s) = 5.31
Wetted Perim (ft) = 16.18
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.82
Top Width (ft) = 16.08
EGL (ft) = 1.11



Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Oct 2 2024

EX CHANNEL DOWNSTREAM OF DP 4

Larger Mannings N used for downstream channel area that appears to have more dense brush, weeds, and grass.

User-defined

Invert Elev (ft) = 6971.51
Slope (%) = 2.90
N-Value = 0.050

Highlighted

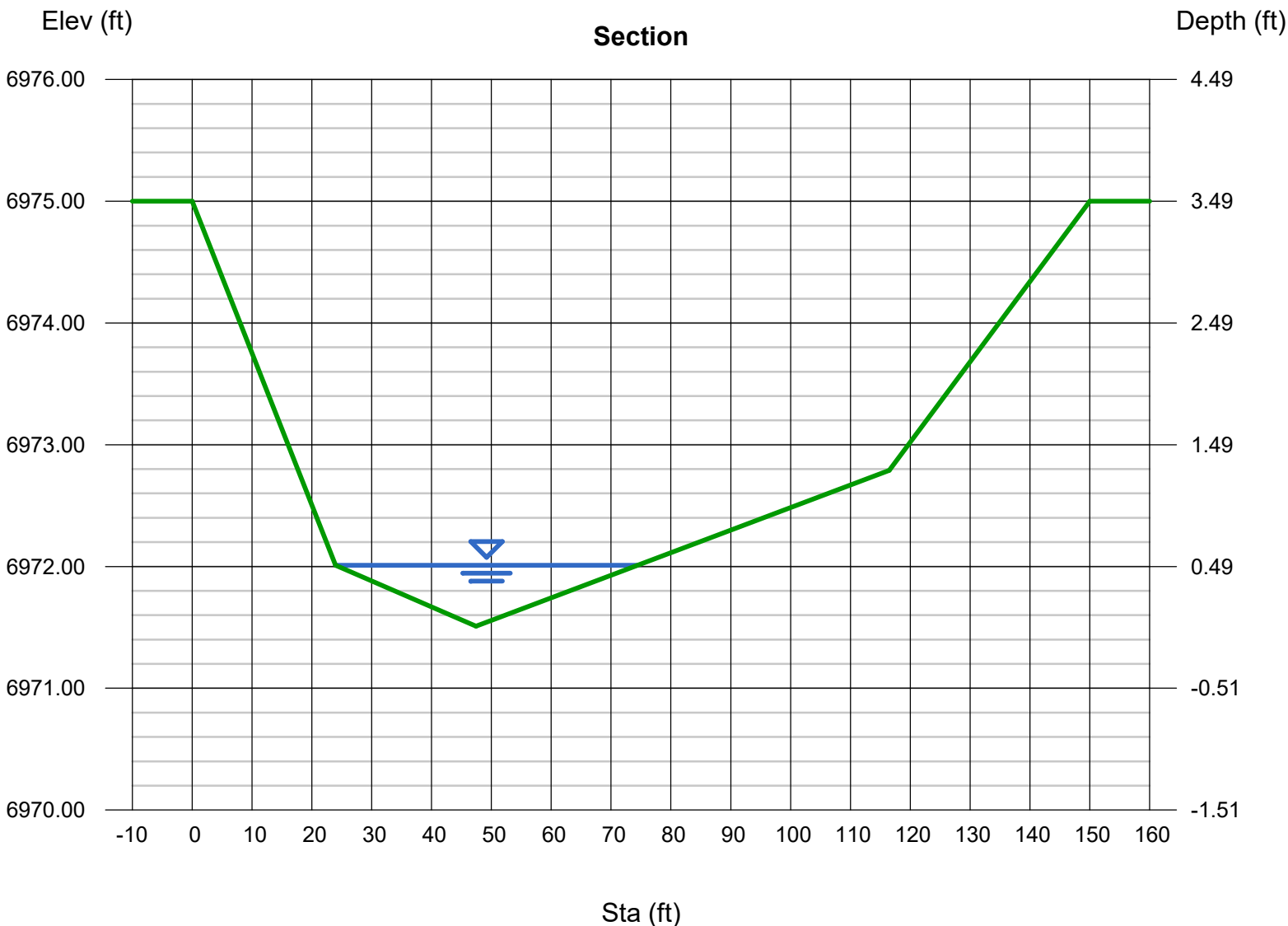
Depth (ft) = 0.50
Q (cfs) = 25.10
Area (sqft) = 12.62
Velocity (ft/s) = 1.99
Wetted Perim (ft) = 50.48
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.44
Top Width (ft) = 50.47
EGL (ft) = 0.56

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 25.10

(Sta, El, n)-(Sta, El, n)...

(0.00, 6975.00)-(23.95, 6972.01, 0.050)-(47.45, 6971.51, 0.050)-(116.51, 6972.79, 0.050)-(150.00, 6975.00, 0.050)



Channel Report

Roadside Swale Capacity DP7

Trapezoidal

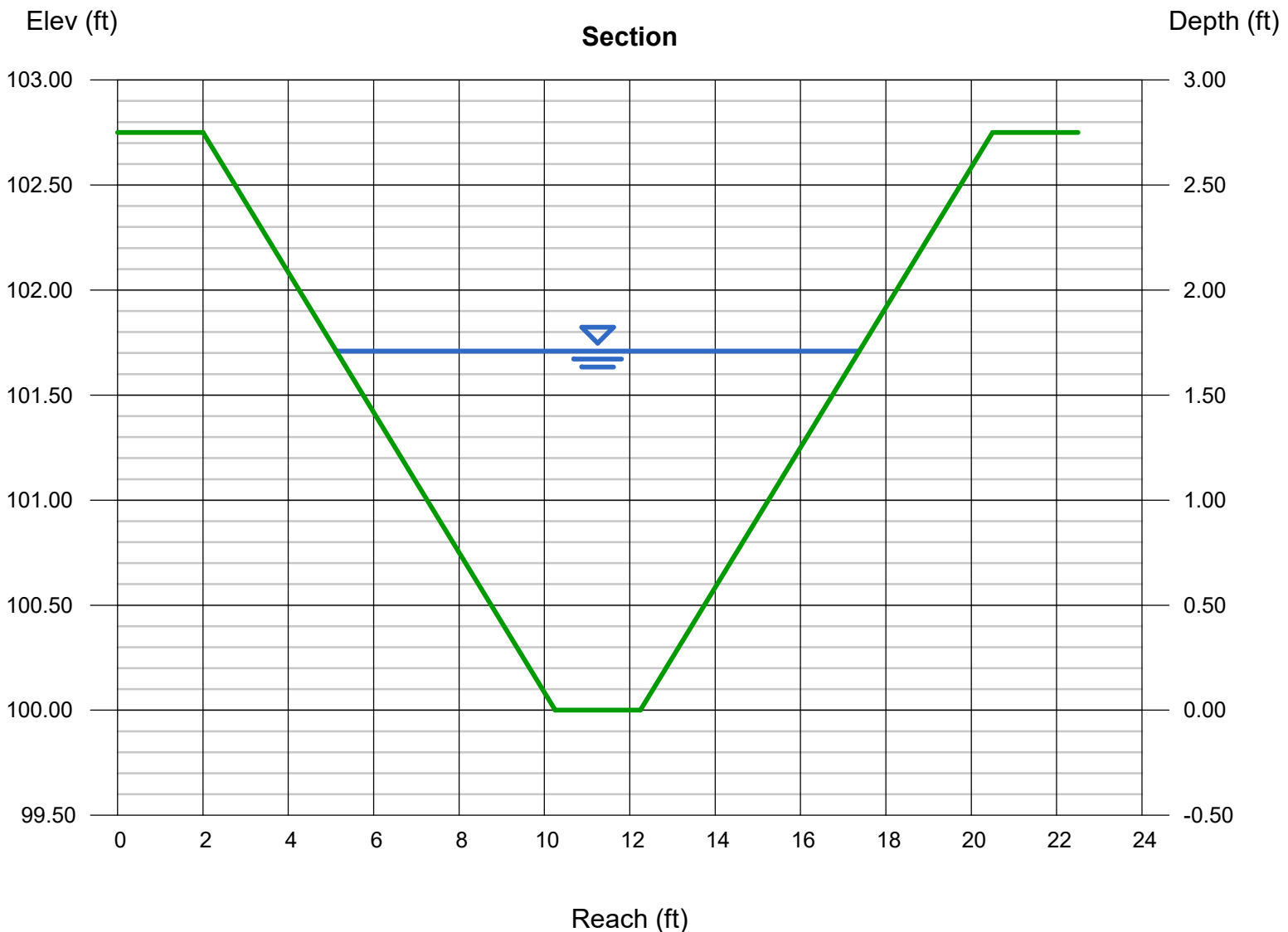
Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 2.75
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 0.60
N-Value = 0.025

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.71
Q (cfs) = 53.60
Area (sqft) = 12.19
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.40
Wetted Perim (ft) = 12.81
Crit Depth, Y_c (ft) = 1.53
Top Width (ft) = 12.26
EGL (ft) = 2.01

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 53.60



Channel Report

EDB B - OUTLET SWALE

Trapezoidal

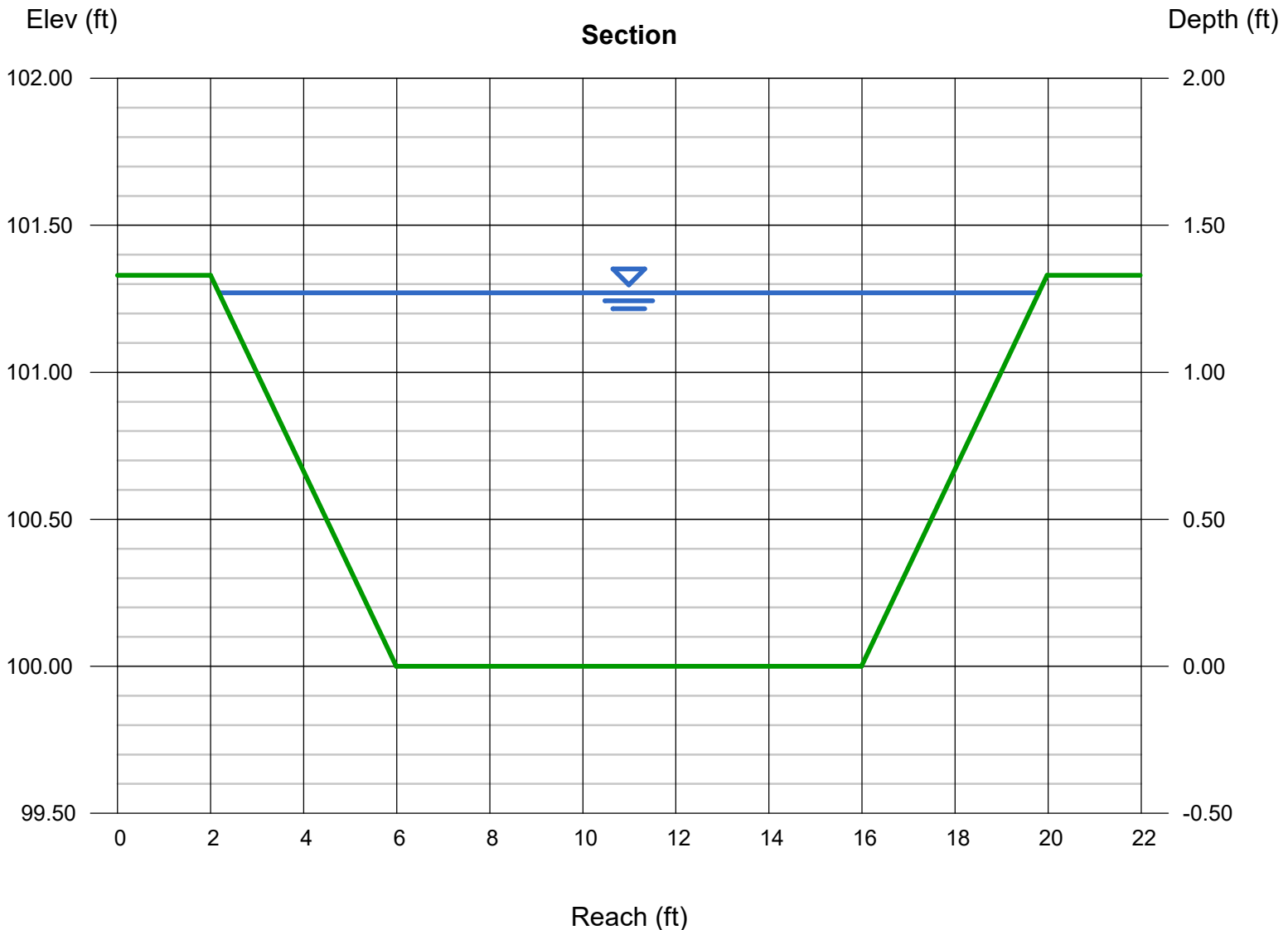
Bottom Width (ft) = 10.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 1.33
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 0.50
N-Value = 0.030

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.27
Q (cfs) = 60.00
Area (sqft) = 17.54
Velocity (ft/s) = 3.42
Wetted Perim (ft) = 18.03
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.95
Top Width (ft) = 17.62
EGL (ft) = 1.45

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 60.00



Channel Report

EDB B Trickle Channel Capacity

Rectangular

Bottom Width (ft) = 3.33
Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

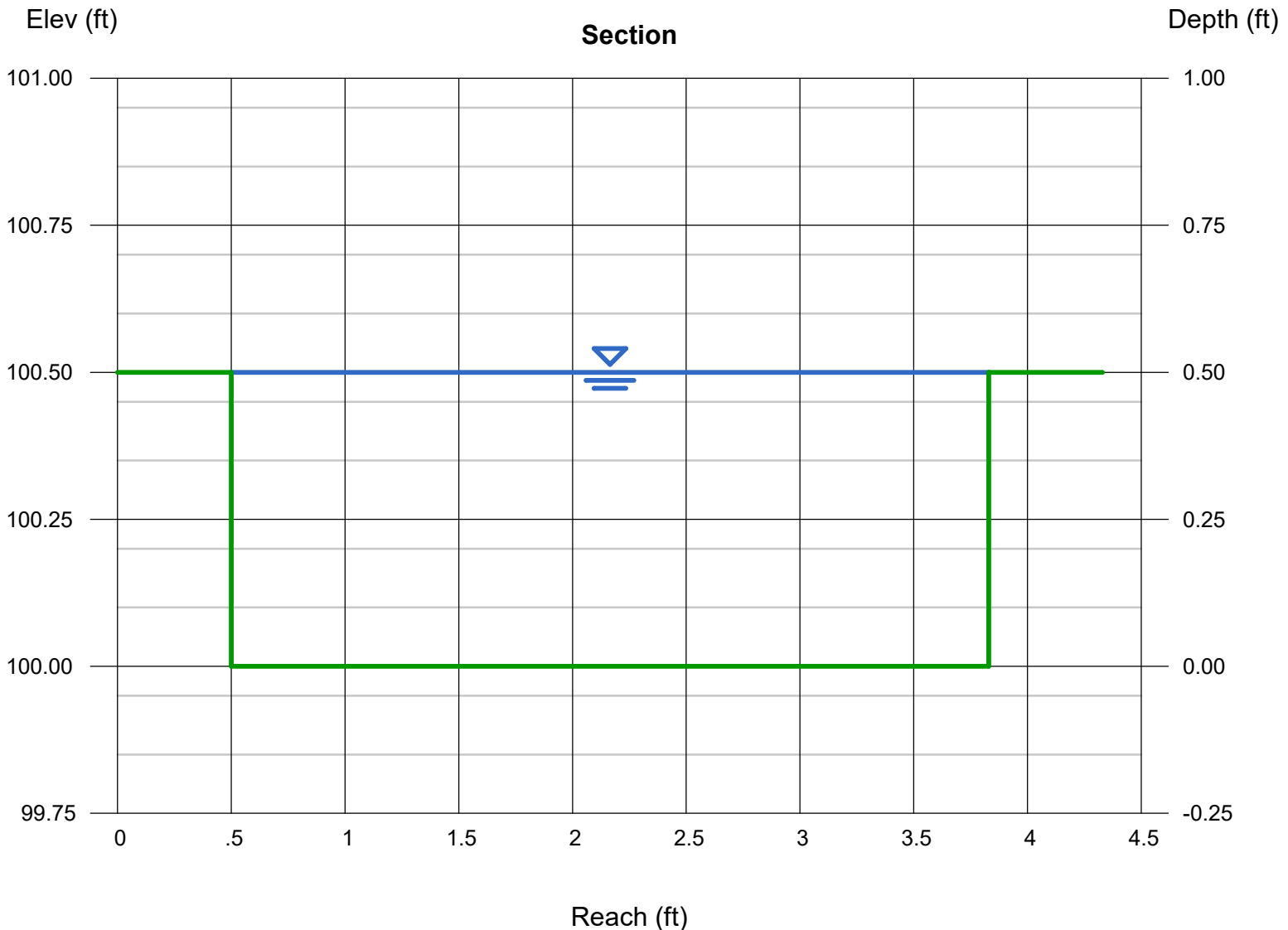
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 0.50
N-Value = 0.012

Calculations

Compute by: Known Depth
Known Depth (ft) = 0.50

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.50
Q (cfs) = 7.707
Area (sqft) = 1.67
Velocity (ft/s) = 4.63
Wetted Perim (ft) = 4.33
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.50
Top Width (ft) = 3.33
EGL (ft) = 0.83





EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1

Calc'd by:

SPC

201662.08

Checked by:

CM

DP2 (SFB D OUTLET)

Date:

10/29/2024

Input Parameters	
Flow (Q)	4.6 cfs
Tailwater depth (Y _t)	0.60 ft
Conduit Diameter (D _c)	18 in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	6
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils

Calculated Parameters	
Froude Parameter (Q/D ^{2.5})	1.67
D ₅₀ =	2.08 in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type VL
Design D ₅₀ =	6 in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	12 in
Minimum Length of Apron (L _p) =	5 ft
Minimum Width of Apron (T) =	2 ft

Calculated D₅₀ for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2} D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W \right)$$

Equation 9-11

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

L_p = length of protection (ft)

W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits)

Y_t = tailwater depth (ft)

θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow

Where:

Q = design discharge (cfs)

V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)

A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

Calculated minimum width of apron was calculated using Equations 9-14 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$T = 2(L_p \tan \theta) + W$$

Equation 9-14

Note:

¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9

² Calculations assume a circular culvert

³ This spreadsheet assumes y_t/D_c=0.4 in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.

⁴ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by 1/4 D_c for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6. The minimum width of Apron (T) should not be less than the outlet pipe diameter.



EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1	Calc'd by:	SPC
201662.08	Checked by:	CM
DP4 (24" RCP CULVERT OUTLET)	Date:	10/29/2024

Input Parameters	
Flow (Q)	24.2 cfs
Tailwater depth (Y _t)	0.80 ft
Conduit Diameter (D _c)	24 in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	3.25
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils

Calculated Parameters	
Froude Parameter (Q/D ^{2.5})	4.28
D ₅₀ =	7.09 in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type L
Design D ₅₀ =	9 in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	18 in
Minimum Length of Apron (L _p) =	14 ft
Minimum Width of Apron (T) =	7 ft

Unresolved:
Summary table shows 28.6 cfs as flow at DP4.

Calculated D₅₀ for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2} D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W \right) \quad \text{Equation 9-11} \quad A_t = \frac{Q}{V} \quad \text{Equation 9-12}$$

- Where:
- L_p = length of protection (ft)
 - W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits)
 - Y_t = tailwater depth (ft)
 - θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow
 - Q = design discharge (cfs)
 - V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)
 - A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

Calculated minimum width of apron was calculated using Equations 9-14 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$T = 2(L_p \tan \theta) + W \quad \text{Equation 9-14}$$

- Note:
- Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9
 - Calculations assume a circular culvert
 - This spreadsheet assumes y_t/D_c=0.4 in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.
 - Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by 1/4 D_c for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6. The minimum width of Apron (T) should not be less than the outlet pipe diameter.



EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1

Calc'd by:

SPC

201662.08

Checked by:

CM

DP4 (SFB A OUTLET)

Date:

10/29/2024

Input Parameters	
Flow (Q)	1 cfs
Tailwater depth (Y _t)	0.60 ft
Conduit Diameter (D _c)	18 in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	6.5
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils

Calculated Parameters	
Froude Parameter (Q/D ^{2.5})	0.36
D ₅₀ =	0.45 in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type VL
Design D ₅₀ =	6 in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	12 in
Minimum Length of Apron (L _p) =	5 ft
Minimum Width of Apron (T) =	6 ft

Calculated D₅₀ for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2} D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W \right)$$

Equation 9-11

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

L_p = length of protection (ft)

W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits)

Y_t = tailwater depth (ft)

θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow

Where:

Q = design discharge (cfs)

V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)

A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

Calculated minimum width of apron was calculated using Equations 9-14 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$T = 2(L_p \tan \theta) + W$$

Equation 9-14

Note:

¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9

² Calculations assume a circular culvert

³ This spreadsheet assumes y_t/D_c=0.4 in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.

⁴ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by 1/4 D_c for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6. The minimum width of Apron (T) should not be less than the outlet pipe diameter.



EASTONVILLE RD SEG 1

Calc'd by:

SPC

201662.08

Checked by:

CM

DP8.3 (EDB B Outlet)

Date:

10/29/2024

Input Parameters	
Flow (Q)	60 cfs
Tailwater depth (Y _t)	1.40 ft
Conduit Diameter (D _c)	42 in
Expansion Factor (per Fig. 9-35)	5
Soil Type	Non-Cohesive Soils

***ULTIMATE
FLOW TO DP8**

Calculated Parameters	
Froude Parameter (Q/D ^{2.5})	2.62
D ₅₀ =	7.59 in
UDFCD Riprap Type =	Type L
Design D ₅₀ =	9 in
Minimum Mantle Thickness =	18 in
Minimum Length of Apron (L _p) =	26 ft
Minimum Width of Apron (T) =	35 ft

Calculated D₅₀ for riprap was calculated using Equation 9-16 in the USDCM Vol 2.

$$d_{50} = \frac{0.023Q}{Y_t^{1.2} D_c^{0.3}}$$

Calculated minimum length of apron was calculated using Equations 9-11 and 9-12 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$L_p = \left(\frac{1}{2 \tan \theta} \right) \left(\frac{A_t}{Y_t} - W \right)$$

Equation 9-11

$$A_t = \frac{Q}{V}$$

Equation 9-12

Where:

L_p = length of protection (ft)

W = width of the conduit (ft, use diameter for circular conduits)

Y_t = tailwater depth (ft)

θ = the expansion angle of the culvert flow

Where:

Q = design discharge (cfs)

V = the allowable non-eroding velocity in the downstream channel (ft/sec)

A_t = required area of flow at allowable velocity (ft²)

Calculated minimum width of apron was calculated using Equations 9-14 in the USDCM Vol. 2

$$T = 2(L_p \tan \theta) + W$$

Equation 9-14

Note:

¹ Calculations follow criteria in the USDCM Vol.2 Chapter 9

² Calculations assume a circular culvert

³ This spreadsheet assumes y_t/D_c=0.4 in cases where y_t is unknown or a hydraulic jump is suspected downstream of the outlet.

⁴ Per the USDCM Vol.2 in no case should L_p be less than 3D, nor does L_p need to be greater than 10D whenever the Froude parameter is less than 6.0. whenever the Froude parameter is greater than 6, increase the maximum L_p required by 1/4 D_c for each whole number by which the Froude parameter is greater than 6. The minimum width of Apron (T) should not be less than the outlet pipe diameter.

Riprap Sizing - Spillway					
	q (cfs/ft)	S (ft/ft)	C _f	n	D ₅₀ min. (in)
SFB-A	0.50	0.33	3	0.025	4.82
EDB-B	1.14	0.33	3	0.025	7.65
SFB-D	1.78	0.33	3	0.025	9.80

Type L Riprap (D₅₀ = 9") will be utilized for the spillway protection for SFB A. Type L Riprap (D₅₀ = 9") will be utilized for the spillway protection for EDB B. Type M Riprap (D₅₀ = 12") will be utilized for the spillway protection for SFB D.

$$D_{50} = 5.23 S^{0.43} (1.35 C_f q)^{0.56}$$

Equation 13-9

Where:

- D_{50} = median rock size (in)
- S = longitudinal slope (ft/ft)
- C_f = concentration factor (1.0 to 3.0)
- q = unit discharge (cfs/ft)

When:

- η (porosity) = 0.0 (i.e., for buried soil riprap)

APPENDIX D – WATER QUALITY & DETENTION

Design Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 2

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: October 2, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFB A
Location: El Paso County, CO

<p>1. Basin Storage Volume</p> <p>A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I_a (100% if all paved and roofed areas upstream of sand filter)</p> <p>B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a/100$)</p> <p>C) Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Based on 12-hour Drain Time $WQCV = 0.8 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i)$</p> <p>D) Contributing Watershed Area (including sand filter area)</p> <p>E) Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume $V_{WQCV} = WQCV / 12 * Area$</p> <p>F) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm</p> <p>G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume</p> <p>H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)</p>	<p>✓ $I_a =$ <input type="text" value="53.0"/> %</p> <p>$i =$ <input type="text" value="0.530"/></p> <p>WQCV = <input type="text" value="0.17"/> watershed inches</p> <p>✓ Area = <input type="text" value="68,825"/> sq ft</p> <p>$V_{WQCV} =$ <input type="text" value=""/></p> <p>$d_e =$ <input type="text" value="0.42"/> in</p> <p>$V_{WQCV OTHER} =$ <input type="text" value=""/> cu ft</p> <p>$V_{WQCV USER} =$ <input type="text" value="662"/> cu ft</p>
<p>2. Basin Geometry</p> <p>A) WQCV Depth</p> <p>B) Sand Filter Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred). Use "0" if sand filter has vertical walls.</p> <p>C) Minimum Filter Area (Flat Surface Area)</p> <p>D) Actual Filter Area</p> <p>E) Volume Provided</p>	<p>$D_{WQCV} =$ <input type="text" value="0.4"/> ft</p> <p>✓ $Z =$ <input type="text" value="4.00"/> ft / ft</p> <p>$A_{Min} =$ <input type="text" value="456"/> sq ft</p> <p>✓ $A_{Actual} =$ <input type="text" value="902"/> sq ft</p> <p>$V_T =$ <input type="text" value="22300"/> cu ft</p>
<p>3. Filter Material</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> 18" CDOT Class B or C Filter Material</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other (Explain):</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
<p>4. Underdrain System</p> <p>A) Are underdrains provided?</p> <p>B) Underdrain system orifice diameter for 12 hour drain time</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">i) Distance From Lowest Elevation of the Storage Volume to the Center of the Orifice</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">ii) Volume to Drain in 12 Hours</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">iii) Orifice Diameter, 3/8" Minimum</p>	<p>✓ Choose One</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> YES</p> <p><input type="radio"/> NO</p> <p style="color: red; font-weight: bold;">Refer to MHFD Detention Calcs</p>

Design Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)

Sheet 2 of 2

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: October 2, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFB A
Location: El Paso County, CO

5. Impermeable Geomembrane Liner and Geotextile Separator Fabric

A) Is an impermeable liner provided due to proximity of structures or groundwater contamination?

Choose One

YES NO

6. Inlet / Outlet Works

A) Describe the type of energy dissipation at inlet points and means of conveying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet

Engery dissapation at inlet points provided via riprap/forebay, and means of conveying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet is via the modified type 'C' inlet outlet structure grate, and a restricted outlet pipe.

Notes: _____

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 3

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: October 2, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFB A
Location: EL PASO COUNTY, CO

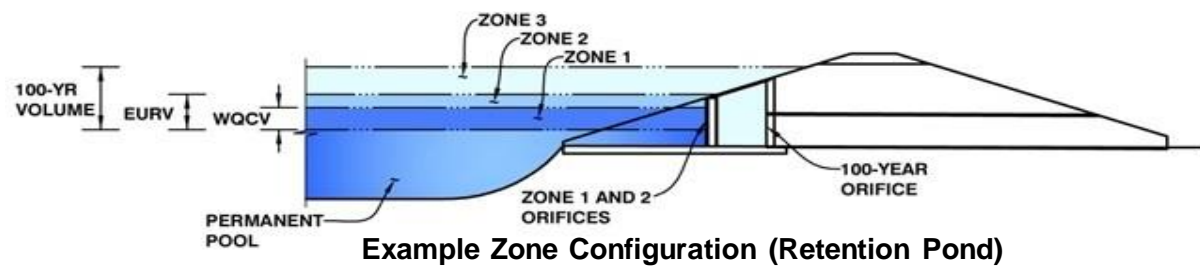
<p>1. Basin Storage Volume</p> <p>A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I_a</p> <p>B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a / 100$)</p> <p>C) Contributing Watershed Area</p> <p>D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm</p> <p>E) Design Concept (Select EURV when also designing for flood control)</p> <p>F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time ($V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i)) / 12 * Area$)</p> <p>G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume ($V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = (d_6 * (V_{DESIGN} / 0.43))$)</p> <p>H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)</p> <p>I) NRCS Hydrologic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed i) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils ii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils iii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type C/D Soils</p> <p>J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume For HSG A: $EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}$ For HSG B: $EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}$ For HSG C/D: $EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}$</p> <p>K) User Input of Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume (Only if a different EURV Design Volume is desired)</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">$I_a =$ <input type="text" value="53.0"/> %</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$i =$ <input type="text" value="0.530"/></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Area = <input type="text" value="1.580"/> ac</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$d_6 =$ <input type="text" value="0.42"/> in</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">$V_{DESIGN} =$ <input type="text"/> ac-ft</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$V_{DESIGN\ OTHER} =$ <input type="text"/> ac-ft</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$V_{DESIGN\ USER} =$ <input type="text" value="0.015"/> ac-ft</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$HSG_A =$ <input type="text" value="0"/> %</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$HSG_B =$ <input type="text" value="100"/> %</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$HSG_{C/D} =$ <input type="text" value="0"/> %</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$EURV_{DESIGN} =$ <input type="text" value="0.090"/> ac-ft</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$EURV_{DESIGN\ USER} =$ <input type="text"/> ac-ft</p>
<p>2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio (A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">$L : W =$ <input type="text" value="2.0"/> : 1</p>
<p>3. Basin Side Slopes</p> <p>A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">$Z =$ <input type="text" value="4.00"/> ft / ft</p>
<p>4. Inlet</p> <p>A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:</p>	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>
<p>5. Forebay</p> <p>A) Minimum Forebay Volume ($V_{MIN} =$ <input type="text" value="0"/> % of the WQCV)</p> <p>B) Actual Forebay Volume</p> <p>C) Forebay Depth ($D_F =$ <input type="text" value="12"/> inch maximum)</p> <p>D) Forebay Discharge i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow ($Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}$)</p> <p>E) Forebay Discharge Design</p> <p>F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches)</p> <p>G) Rectangular Notch Width</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">$V_{MIN} =$ <input type="text" value="0.000"/> ac-ft A FOREBAY MAY NOT BE NECESSARY FOR THIS SIZE SITE</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$V_F =$ <input type="text" value="0.001"/> ac-ft</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$D_F =$ <input type="text" value="12.0"/> in</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$Q_{100} =$ <input type="text" value="2.50"/> cfs</p> <p style="text-align: right;">$Q_F =$ <input type="text" value="0.05"/> cfs</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Berm With Pipe</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Wall with Rect. Notch</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Wall with V-Notch Weir</p> </div> <p style="text-align: right; color: blue;">Flow too small for berm w/ pipe</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Calculated $D_p =$ <input type="text"/> in</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Calculated $W_N =$ <input type="text" value="2.6"/> in</p>

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD- Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road SEGMENT 1

Basin ID: SFB A



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	SF		Note: L / W Ratio > 8
Watershed Area =	1.58	acres	L / W Ratio = 17.58
Watershed Length =	1,100	ft	
Watershed Length to Centroid =	500	ft	
Watershed Slope =	0.030	ft/ft	
Watershed Imperviousness =	53.00%	percent	
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	0.0%	percent	
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	100.0%	percent	
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent	
Target WQCV Drain Time =	12.0	hours	
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input		

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.015	acre-feet	0.015	acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.090	acre-feet		
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =	0.084	acre-feet	1.19	inches
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) =	0.119	acre-feet	1.50	inches
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	0.150	acre-feet	1.75	inches
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.190	acre-feet	2.00	inches
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.223	acre-feet	2.25	inches
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.52 in.) =	0.264	acre-feet	2.52	inches
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.68 in.) =	0.423	acre-feet	3.68	inches
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.068	acre-feet		
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.093	acre-feet		
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.122	acre-feet		
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.133	acre-feet		
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.139	acre-feet		
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.154	acre-feet		

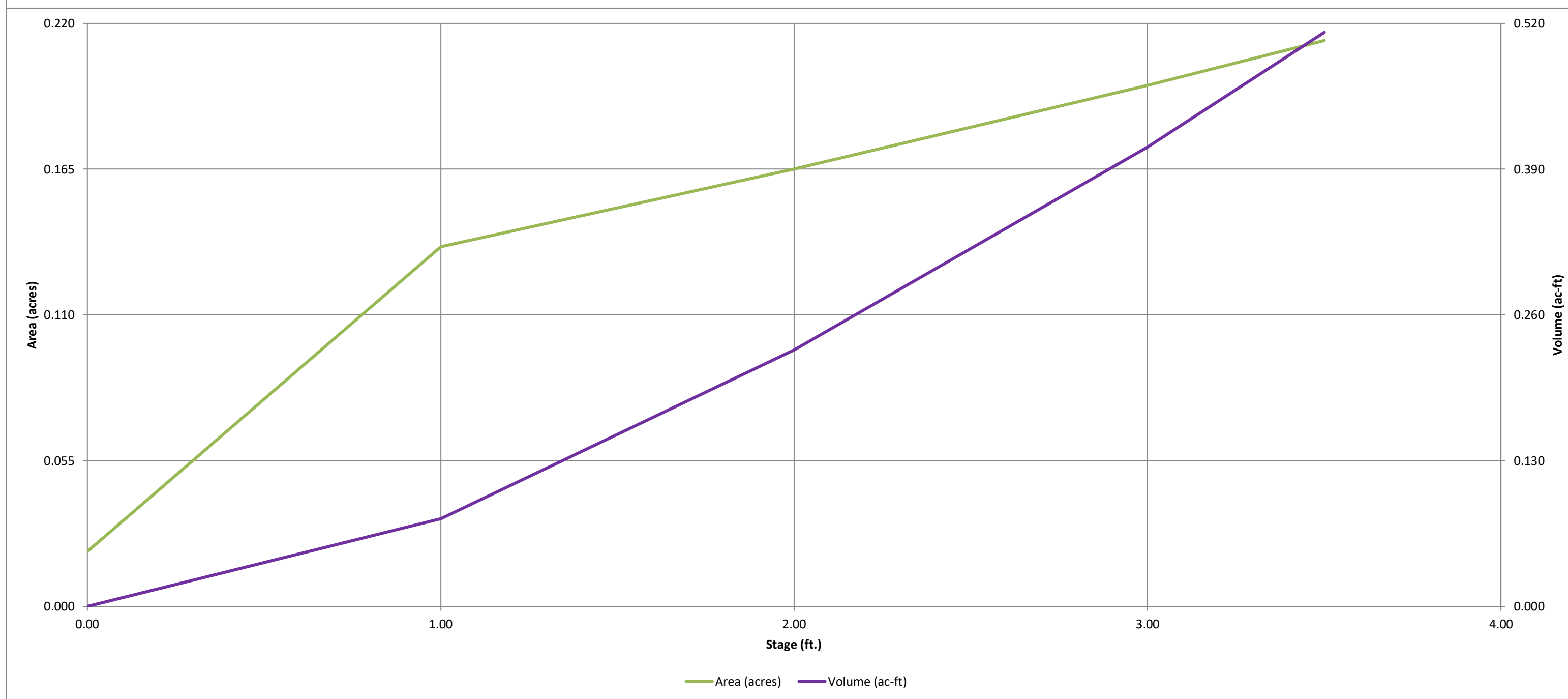
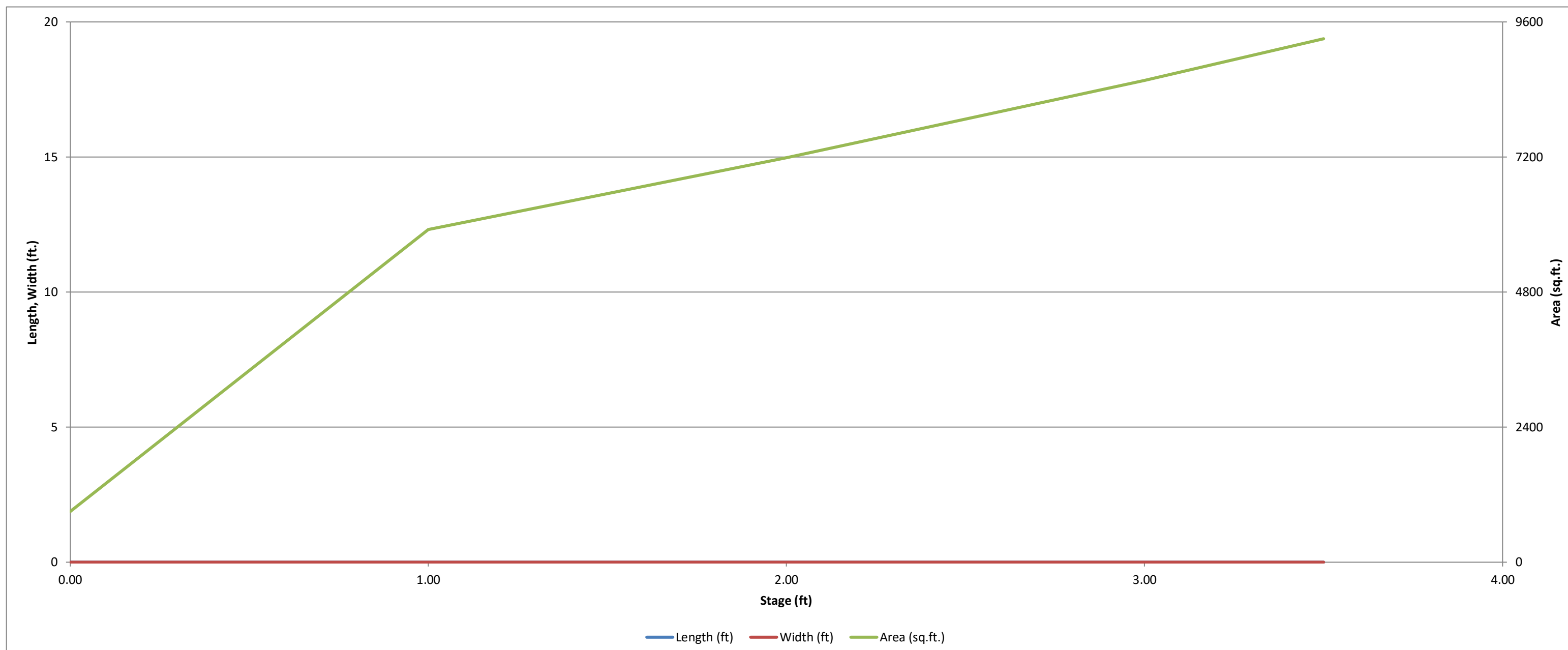
Define Zones and Basin Geometry

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.015	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.075	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.064	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.154	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	N/A	ft ³
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	N/A	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H _{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H _{TC}) =	N/A	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S _{TC}) =	N/A	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S _{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R _{L/W}) =	user	
Initial Surcharge Area (A _{ISV}) =	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length (L _{ISV}) =	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W _{ISV}) =	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor (V _{FLOOR}) =	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin (H _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A _{MAIN}) =	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin (V _{MAIN}) =	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V _{total}) =	user	acre-feet

Stage - Storage Description	Stage (ft)	Optional Override Stage (ft)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Optional Override Area (ft ²)	Area (acre)	Volume (ft ³)	Volume (ac-ft)
Media Surface	--	0.00	--	--	--	902	0.021		
6982	--	1.00	--	--	--	5,914	0.136	3,408	0.078
6983	--	2.00	--	--	--	7,188	0.165	9,959	0.229
6984	--	3.00	--	--	--	8,563	0.197	17,834	0.409
6984.5	--	3.50	--	--	--	9,301	0.214	22,300	0.512

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

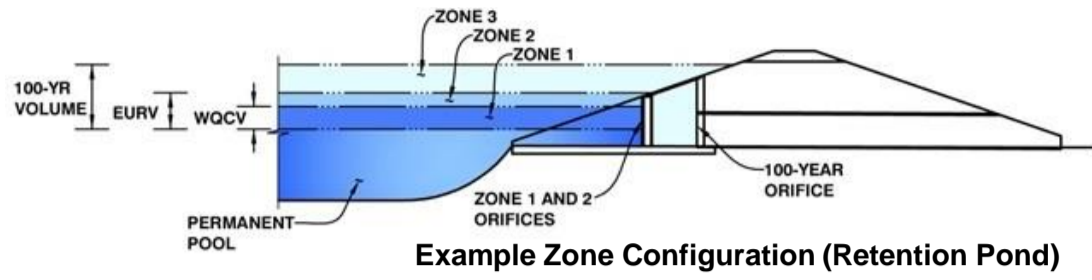


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road SEGMENT 1

Basin ID: SFB A



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.37	0.015	Filtration Media
Zone 2 (EURV)	1.09	0.075	Circular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	1.53	0.064	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		0.154	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	2.33	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	0.60	inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area =	0.0	ft ²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	0.03	feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	sq. inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	ft ²
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft ²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (optional)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	0.50	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	1.09	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	1.33	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected	
Vertical Orifice Area =	0.01	N/A	ft ²
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	0.06	N/A	feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Gate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H _o =	1.25	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Gate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Gate Type =	Type C Gate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Height of Gate Upper Edge, H _t =	1.25	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
Gate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	58.36	N/A	
Overflow Gate Open Area w/o Debris =	6.26	N/A	ft ²
Overflow Gate Open Area w/ Debris =	3.13	N/A	ft ²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	2.58	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	2.00		inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Outlet Orifice Area =	0.11	N/A	ft ²
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.10	N/A	feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	0.68	N/A	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =	2.24	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	5.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Design Flow Depth =	0.26	feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	3.50	feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.21	acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	0.51	acre-ft

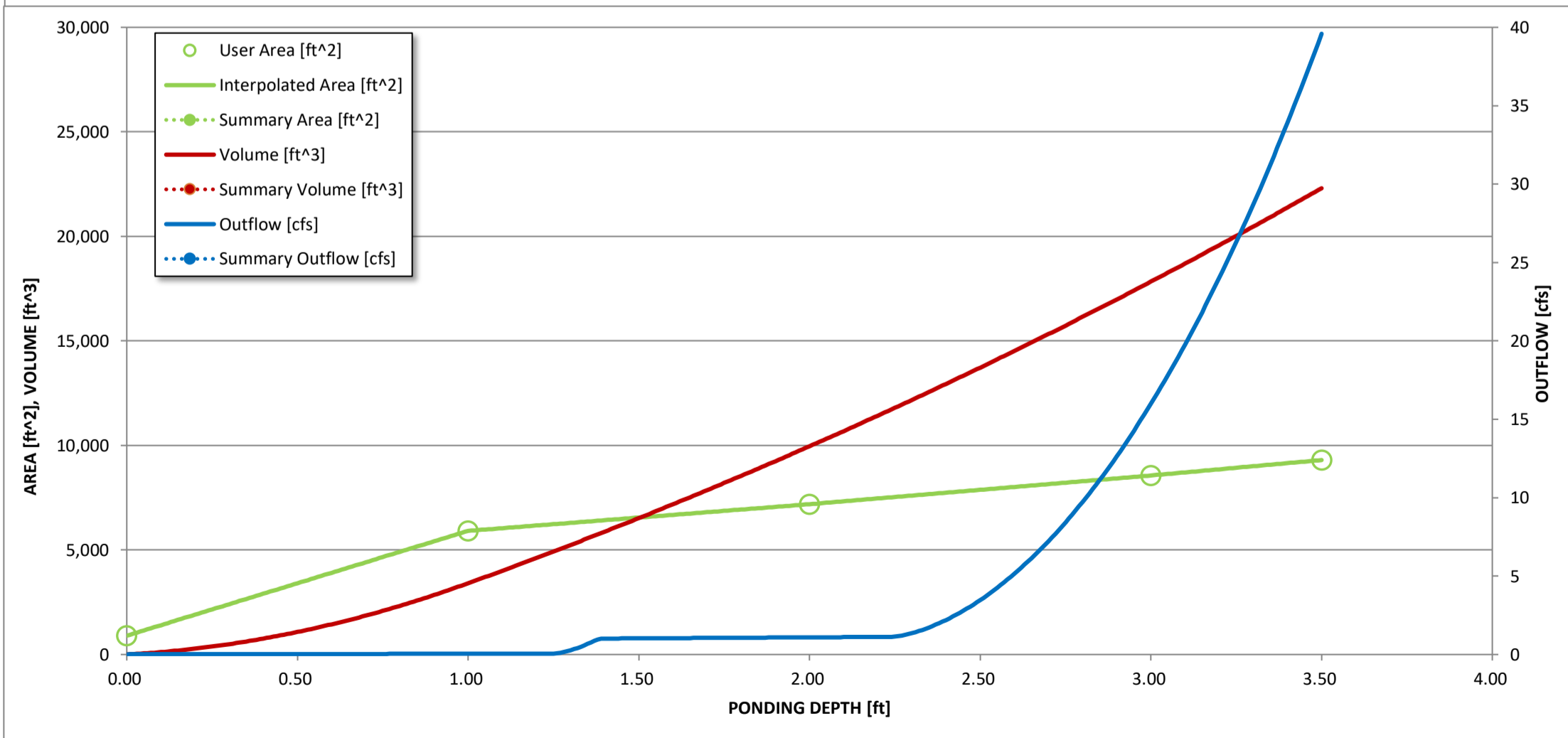
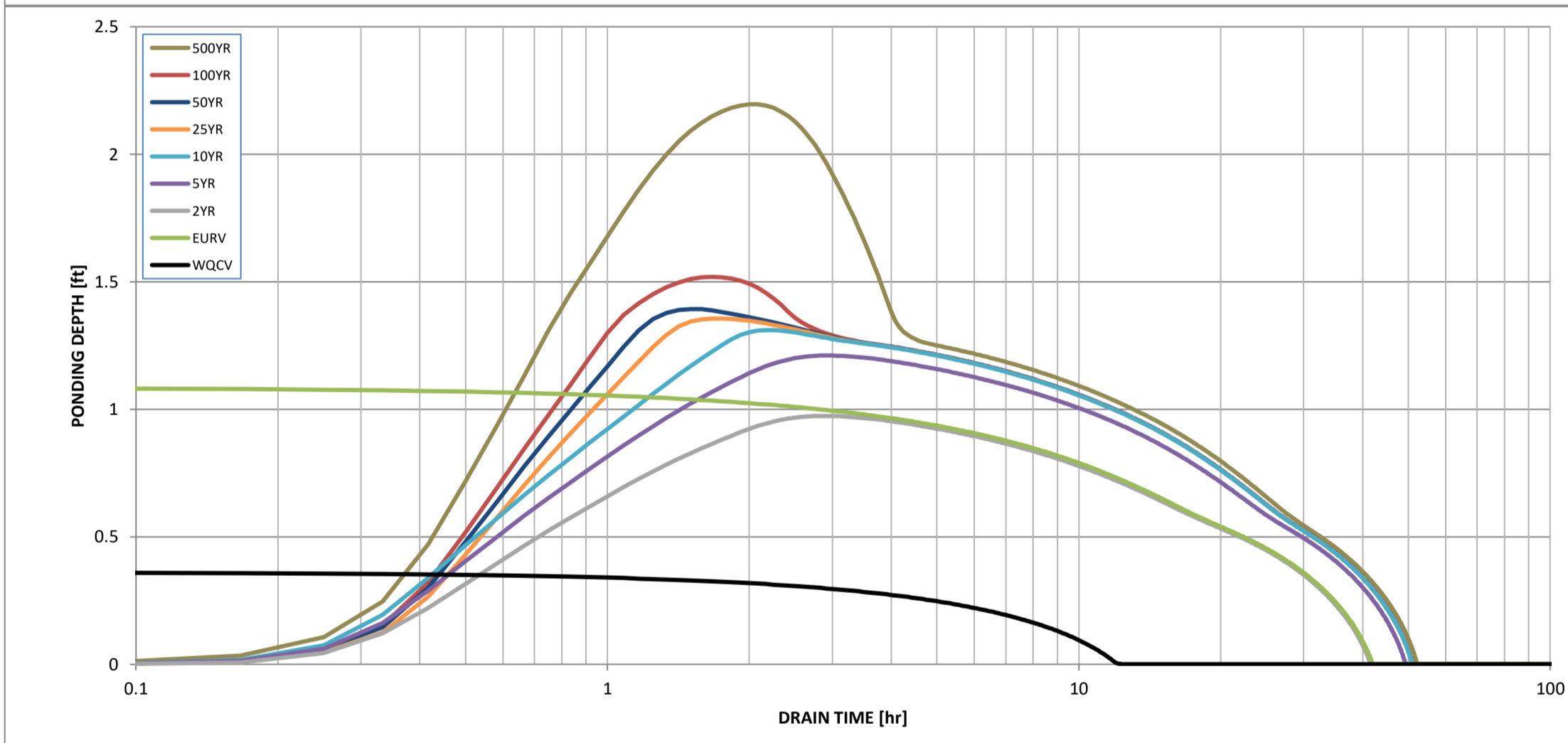
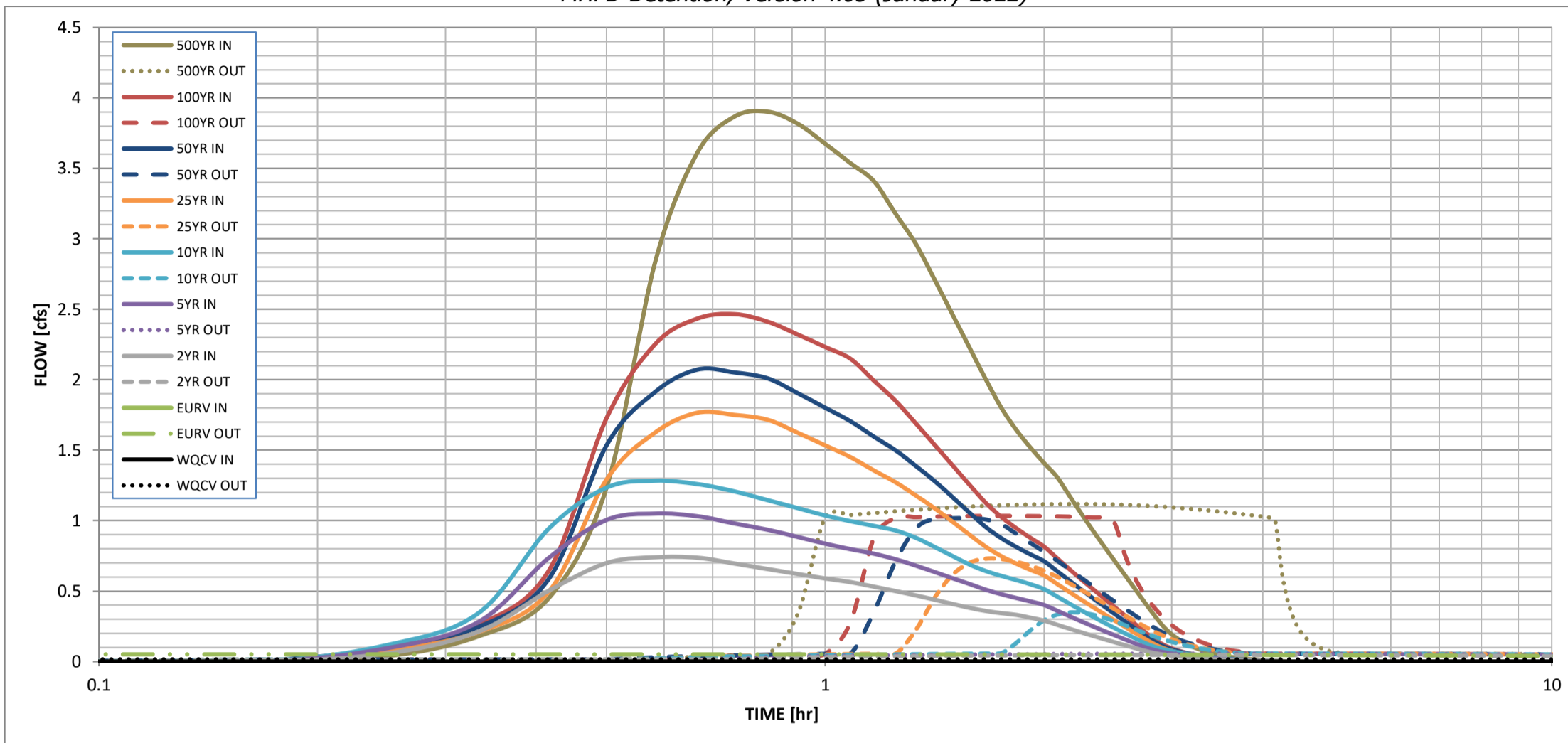
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.68
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.015	0.090	0.084	0.119	0.150	0.190	0.223	0.264	0.423
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.084	0.119	0.150	0.190	0.223	0.264	0.423
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.9
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.05	0.14	0.22	0.41	0.52	0.68	1.22
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.1	2.5	3.9
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.06	0.3	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.1
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.6
Structure Controlling Flow =	Filtration Media	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1
Max Velocity through Gate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Max Velocity through Gate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	12	40	40	46	47	46	46	45	42
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	12	41	41	48	50	50	49	49	49
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	0.37	1.09	0.97	1.21	1.31	1.36	1.39	1.52	2.20
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.06	0.14	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.17
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.016	0.091	0.074	0.107	0.122	0.128	0.133	0.151	0.261

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename: _____

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

Time Interval	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.04
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.10	0.12	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.18
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.28	0.35	0.21	0.25	0.26	0.45
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.74	0.95	0.50	0.59	0.65	1.24
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.70	1.01	1.23	1.29	1.54	1.73	2.84
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.74	1.05	1.28	1.63	1.91	2.25	3.61
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.74	1.03	1.26	1.77	2.07	2.43	3.87
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.98	1.21	1.75	2.05	2.47	3.90
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.94	1.15	1.72	2.01	2.41	3.82
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.88	1.09	1.62	1.90	2.32	3.67
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.84	1.04	1.53	1.80	2.23	3.54
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.80	1.00	1.45	1.70	2.15	3.41
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.77	0.96	1.36	1.60	1.99	3.18
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.73	0.93	1.27	1.50	1.85	2.96
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.68	0.88	1.18	1.39	1.69	2.70
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.63	0.81	1.09	1.28	1.53	2.45
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.59	0.75	0.99	1.16	1.39	2.22
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.55	0.69	0.90	1.05	1.25	1.99
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.51	0.64	0.81	0.95	1.12	1.79
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.48	0.61	0.75	0.87	1.02	1.64
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.45	0.58	0.69	0.81	0.94	1.52
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.43	0.55	0.65	0.76	0.88	1.41
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.40	0.51	0.61	0.71	0.82	1.31
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.36	0.46	0.55	0.64	0.73	1.18
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.32	0.41	0.49	0.58	0.66	1.05
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.29	0.36	0.44	0.51	0.58	0.93
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.25	0.32	0.39	0.45	0.52	0.82
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.22	0.28	0.34	0.39	0.45	0.72
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.19	0.24	0.29	0.34	0.39	0.62
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.16	0.20	0.25	0.29	0.33	0.52
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.13	0.17	0.20	0.24	0.27	0.42
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.16	0.19	0.21	0.33
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.16	0.25
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.19
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.15
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.12
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.09
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.07
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.06
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 3

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: October 28, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE CONDITIONS
Location: EL PASO COUNTY, CO

<p>1. Basin Storage Volume</p> <p>A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I_a</p> <p>B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a / 100$)</p> <p>C) Contributing Watershed Area</p> <p>D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm</p> <p>E) Design Concept (Select EURV when also designing for flood control)</p> <p>F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time ($V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area)$)</p> <p>G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume ($V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = (d_6 * (V_{DESIGN} / 0.43))$)</p> <p>H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)</p> <p>I) NRCS Hydrologic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed i) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils ii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils iii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type C/D Soils</p> <p>J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume For HSG A: $EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}$ For HSG B: $EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}$ For HSG C/D: $EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}$</p> <p>K) User Input of Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume (Only if a different EURV Design Volume is desired)</p>	<p>$I_a =$ <input type="text" value="66.0"/> %</p> <p>$i =$ <input type="text" value="0.660"/></p> <p>Area = <input type="text" value="9.480"/> ac</p> <p>$d_6 =$ <input type="text" value="0.42"/> in</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)</p> </div> <p>$V_{DESIGN} =$ <input type="text"/> ac-ft</p> <p>$V_{DESIGN\ OTHER} =$ <input type="text" value="0.199"/> ac-ft</p> <p>$V_{DESIGN\ USER} =$ <input type="text"/> ac-ft</p> <p>HSG _A = <input type="text" value="100"/> % HSG _B = <input type="text" value="0"/> % HSG _{C/D} = <input type="text" value="0"/> %</p> <p>$EURV_{DESIGN} =$ <input type="text" value="0.780"/> ac-ft</p> <p>$EURV_{DESIGN\ USER} =$ <input type="text"/> ac-ft</p>
<p>2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio (A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)</p>	<p>L : W = <input type="text" value="2.0"/> : 1</p>
<p>3. Basin Side Slopes</p> <p>A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p>Z = <input type="text" value="4.00"/> ft / ft</p>
<p>4. Inlet</p> <p>A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
<p>5. Forebay</p> <p>A) Minimum Forebay Volume ($V_{MIN} =$ <input type="text" value="3%"/> of the WQCV)</p> <p>B) Actual Forebay Volume</p> <p>C) Forebay Depth ($D_F =$ <input type="text" value="18"/> inch maximum)</p> <p>D) Forebay Discharge</p> <p>i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge</p> <p>ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow ($Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}$)</p> <p>E) Forebay Discharge Design</p> <p>F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches)</p> <p>G) Rectangular Notch Width</p>	<p>$V_{MIN} =$ <input type="text" value="0.006"/> ac-ft</p> <p>$V_F =$ <input type="text" value="0.006"/> ac-ft</p> <p>$D_F =$ <input type="text" value="15.0"/> in</p> <p>$Q_{100} =$ <input type="text" value="26.00"/> cfs</p> <p>$Q_F =$ <input type="text" value="0.52"/> cfs</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Berm With Pipe</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Wall with Rect. Notch</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Wall with V-Notch Weir</p> </div> <p>Flow too small for berm w/ pipe</p> <p>Calculated $D_P =$ <input type="text"/> in</p> <p>Calculated $W_N =$ <input type="text" value="4.3"/> in</p>

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: October 28, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE CONDITIONS
Location: EL PASO COUNTY, CO

<p>6. Trickle Channel</p> <p>A) Type of Trickle Channel</p> <p>F) Slope of Trickle Channel</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> Choose One <input checked="" type="radio"/> Concrete <input type="radio"/> Soft Bottom </div> <p>✓ S = <input type="text" value="0.0050"/> ft / ft</p>
<p>7. Micropool and Outlet Structure</p> <p>A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum)</p> <p>B) Surface Area of Micropool (10 ft² minimum)</p> <p>C) Outlet Type</p> <p>D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing (Use UD-Detention)</p> <p>E) Total Outlet Area</p>	<p>✓ D_M = <input type="text" value="2.5"/> ft</p> <p>✓ A_M = <input type="text" value="10"/> sq ft</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> Choose One <input checked="" type="radio"/> Orifice Plate <input type="radio"/> Other (Describe): </div> <hr/> <hr/> <p>D_{orifice} = <input type="text" value="1.00"/> inches</p> <p>A_{ot} = <input type="text" value="5.50"/> square inches</p>
<p>8. Initial Surcharge Volume</p> <p>A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches)</p> <p>B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of 0.3% of the WQCV)</p> <p>C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool</p>	<p>D_{IS} = <input type="text" value="4"/> in</p> <p>V_{IS} = <input type="text" value="26"/> cu ft</p> <p>V_s = <input type="text" value="3.3"/> cu ft</p>
<p>9. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: $A_t = A_{ot} * 38.5 * (e^{-0.095D})$</p> <p>B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open area to the total screen area for the material specified.)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Other (Y/N): <input type="text" value="N"/></p> <p>C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')</p> <p>D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)</p> <p>E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E)</p> <p>F) Height of Water Quality Screen (H_{TR})</p> <p>G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening (W_{opening}) (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended)</p>	<p>A_t = <input type="text" value="193"/> square inches</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area </div> <hr/> <hr/> <p>User Ratio = <input type="text"/></p> <p>A_{total} = <input type="text" value="321"/> sq. in.</p> <p>H = <input type="text" value="5.05"/> feet</p> <p>H_{TR} = <input type="text" value="88.6"/> inches</p> <p>W_{opening} = <input type="text" value="12.0"/> inches VALUE LESS THAN RECOMMENDED MIN. WIDTH. WIDTH HAS BEEN SET TO 12 INCHES.</p>

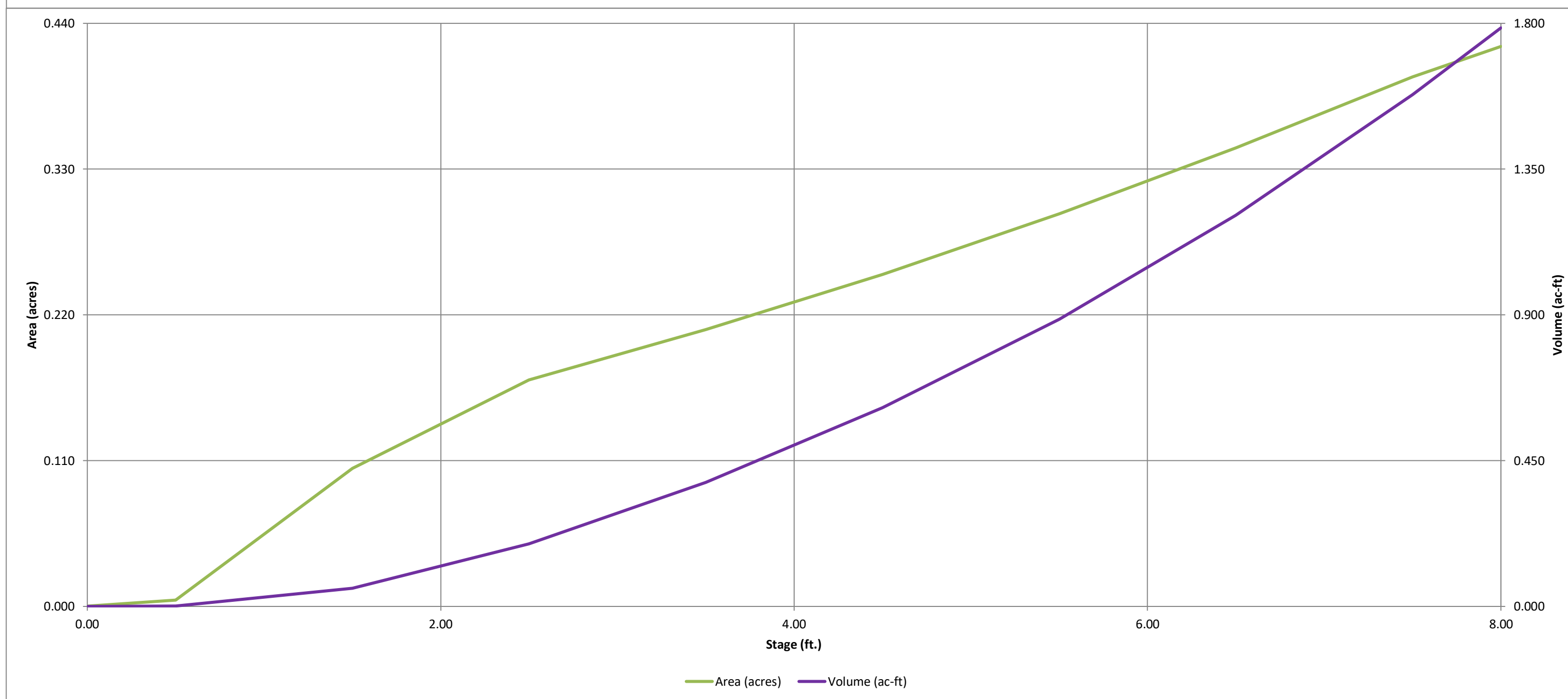
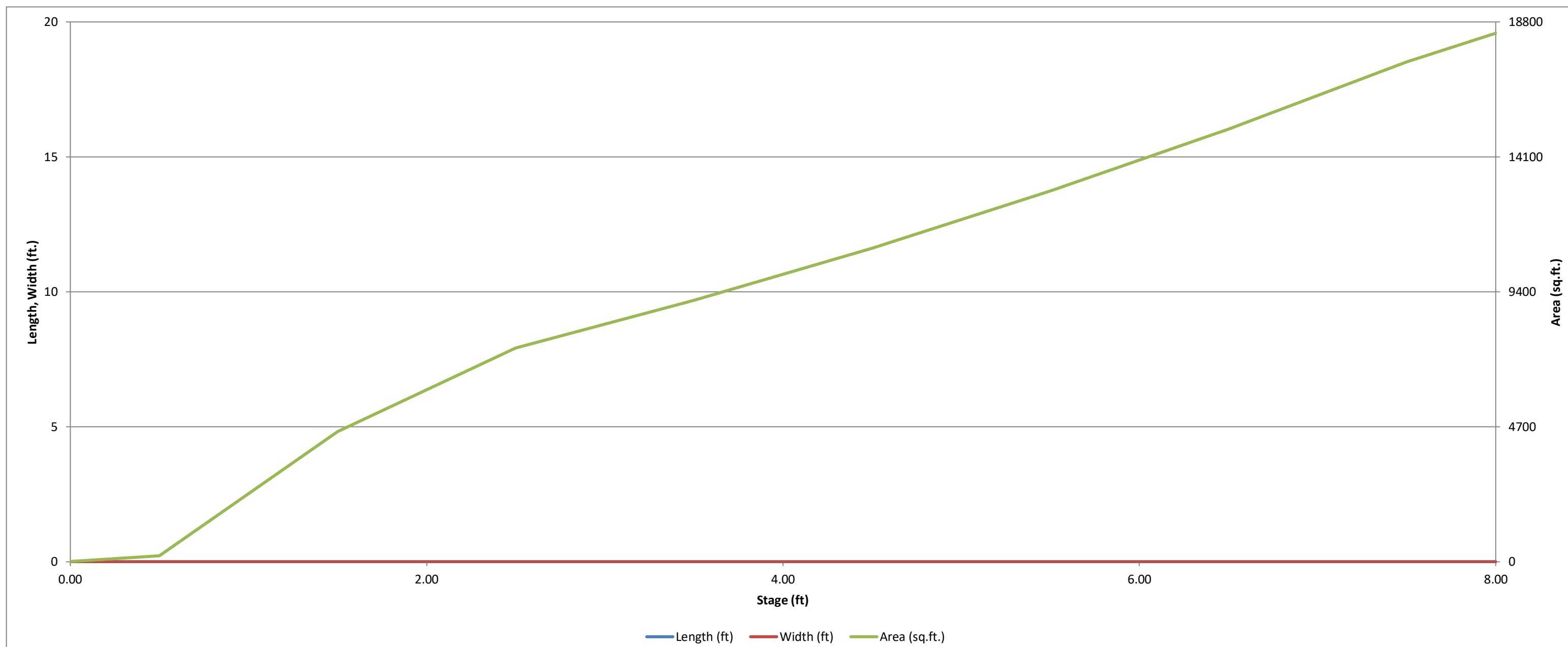
Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: October 28, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements EDB B ULTIMATE CONDITIONS
Location: EL PASO COUNTY, CO

<p>10. Overflow Embankment</p> <p>A) Describe embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping:</p> <p>B) Slope of Overflow Embankment (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Ze = <input type="text" value="4.00"/> ft / ft</p>
<p>11. Vegetation</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Irrigated</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Irrigated</p>
<p>12. Access</p> <p>A) Describe Sediment Removal Procedures</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
<p>Notes: _____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>	

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)



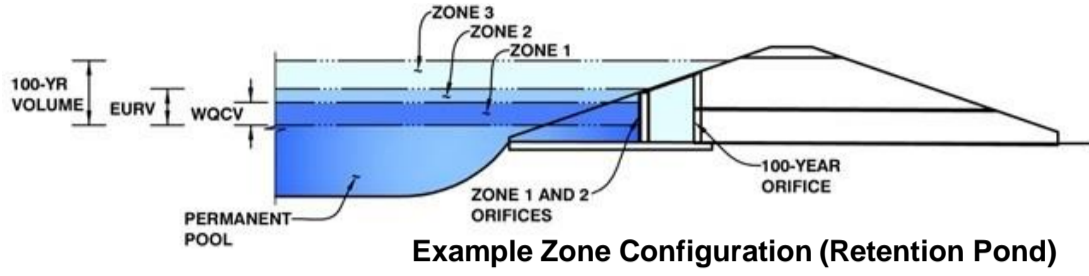
- ✓ = calcs match details in plans
- ✗ = calcs do not match details in plans

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements

Basin ID: EDB B: INTERIM CONDITION, BASINS [EA6 - EA8]



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.28	0.035	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	2.80	0.210	Rectangular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	3.51	0.139	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		0.384	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
 Underdrain Orifice Diameter = inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain
 Underdrain Orifice Area = ft²
 Underdrain Orifice Centroid = feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = inches
 Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = sq. inches (diameter = 1/2 inch)

Calculated Parameters for Plate
 WQ Orifice Area per Row = ft²
 Elliptical Half-Width = feet
 Elliptical Slot Centroid = feet
 Elliptical Slot Area = ft²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
✓ Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.50	1.00					
✓ Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.18	0.18	0.18					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Zone 2 Rectangular Not Selected
 ✓ Invert of Vertical Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 ✓ Vertical Orifice Height = inches
 ✓ Vertical Orifice Width = inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice
 Zone 2 Rectangular Not Selected
 Vertical Orifice Area = ft²
 Vertical Orifice Centroid = feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Gate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

Zone 3 Weir Not Selected
 ✓ Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H_o = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 ✓ Overflow Weir Front Edge Length = feet
 ✓ Overflow Weir Gate Slope = H:V
 ✓ Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = feet
 Overflow Gate Type =
 Debris Clogging % = %

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir
 Zone 3 Weir Not Selected
 Height of Gate Upper Edge, H_t = feet
 Overflow Weir Slope Length = feet
 Gate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =
 Overflow Gate Open Area w/o Debris = ft²
 Overflow Gate Open Area w/ Debris = ft²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Zone 3 Restrictor Not Selected
 ✓ Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 ✓ Outlet Pipe Diameter = inches
 ✓ Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert = inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate
 Zone 3 Restrictor Not Selected
 Outlet Orifice Area = ft²
 Outlet Orifice Centroid = feet
 Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe = radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

✓ Spillway Invert Stage = ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
 ✓ Spillway Crest Length = feet
 ✓ Spillway End Slopes = H:V
 ✓ Freeboard above Max Water Surface = feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway
 Spillway Design Flow Depth = feet
 Stage at Top of Freeboard = feet
 Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = acres
 Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = acre-ft

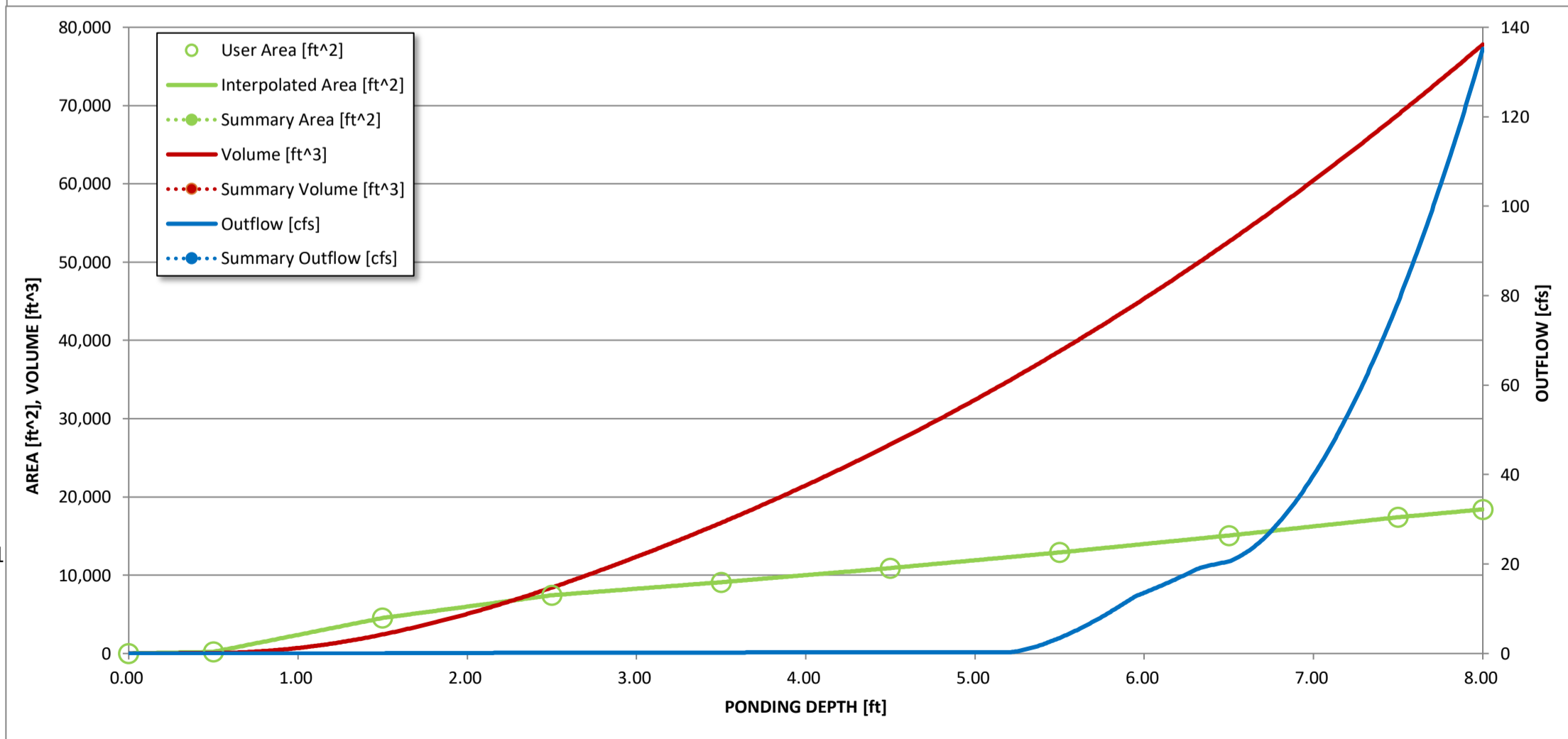
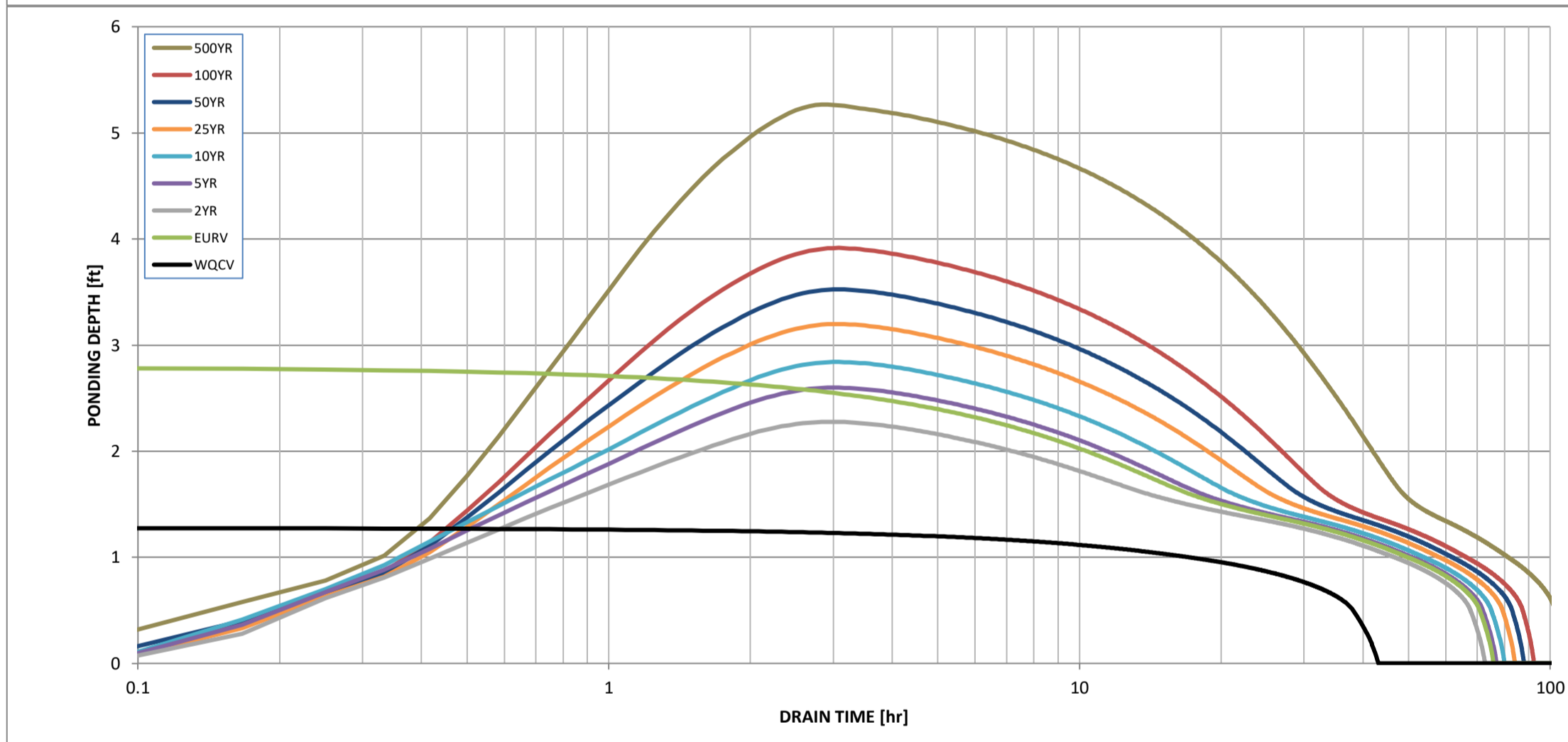
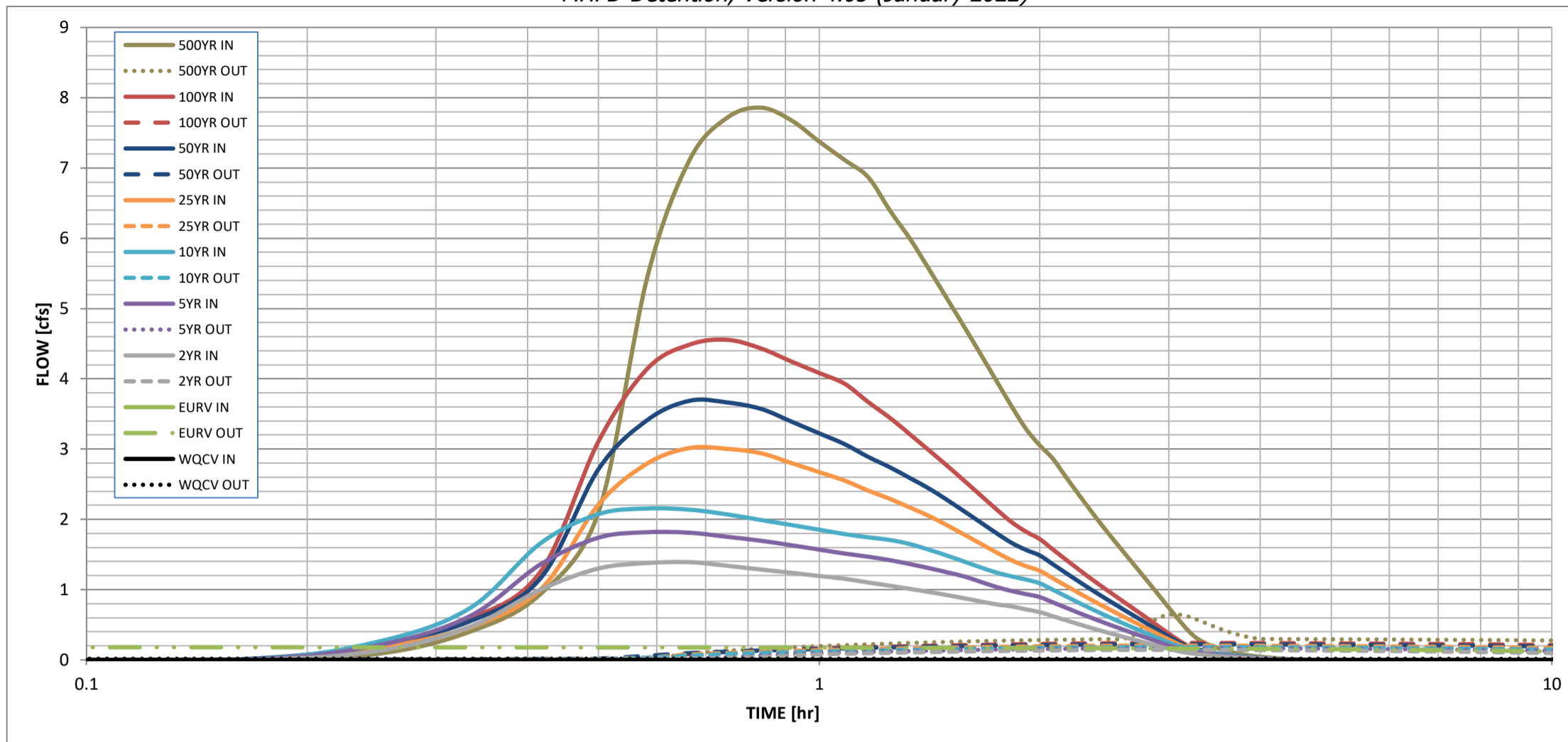
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.68
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.035	0.245	0.184	0.244	0.292	0.364	0.435	0.524	0.895
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.184	0.244	0.292	0.364	0.435	0.524	0.895
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.6	1.0	2.8
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.15	0.26	0.70
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	1.4	1.8	2.2	3.0	3.7	4.6	7.9
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.2	5.6	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.2
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir
Max Velocity through Gate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1
Max Velocity through Gate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	39	61	60	62	63	65	66	67	71
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	41	69	67	70	72	75	77	81	90
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.28	2.80	2.28	2.60	2.84	3.20	3.53	3.92	5.27
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.08	0.18	0.16	0.17	0.18	0.20	0.21	0.23	0.29
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.035	0.246	0.156	0.209	0.254	0.322	0.387	0.472	0.817

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename: _____

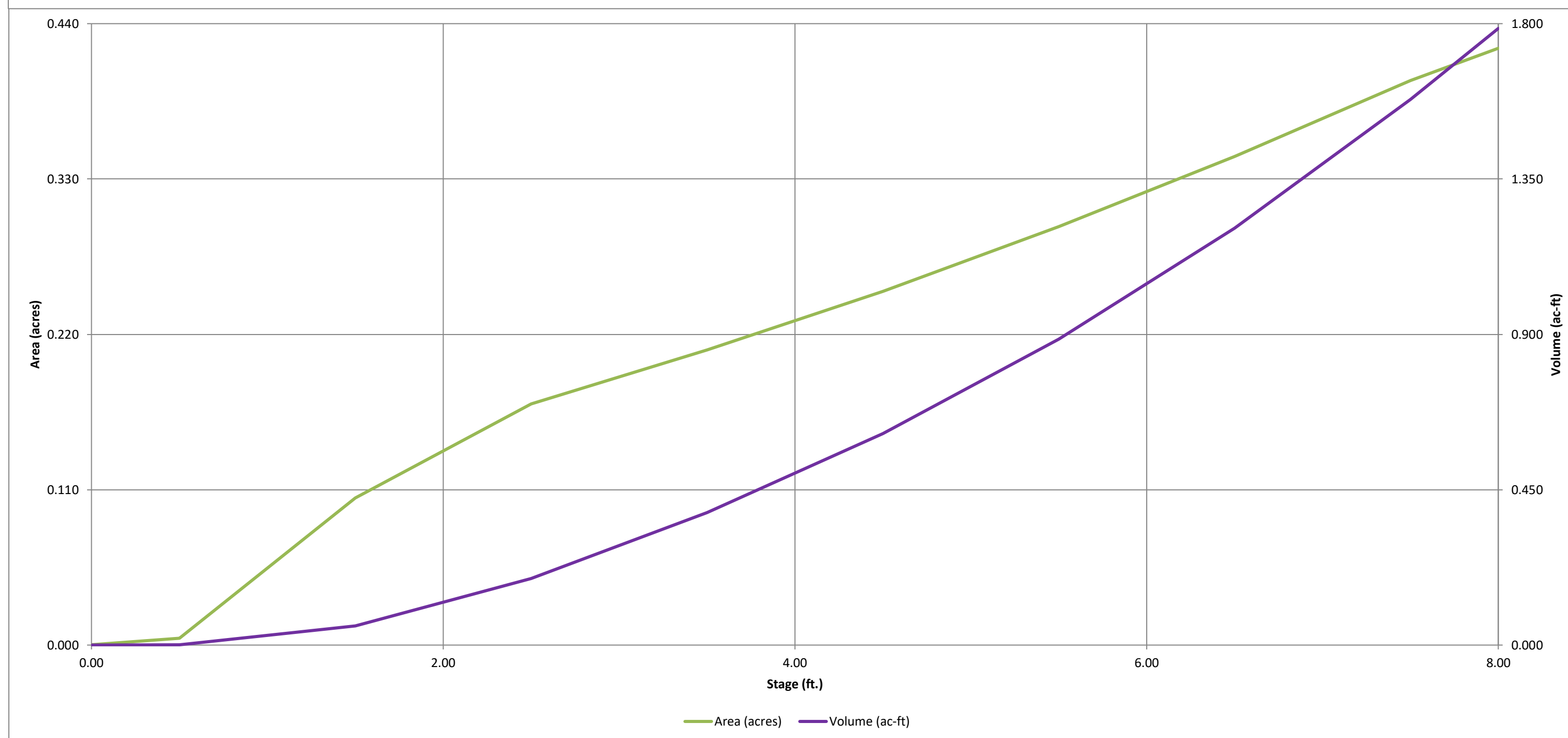
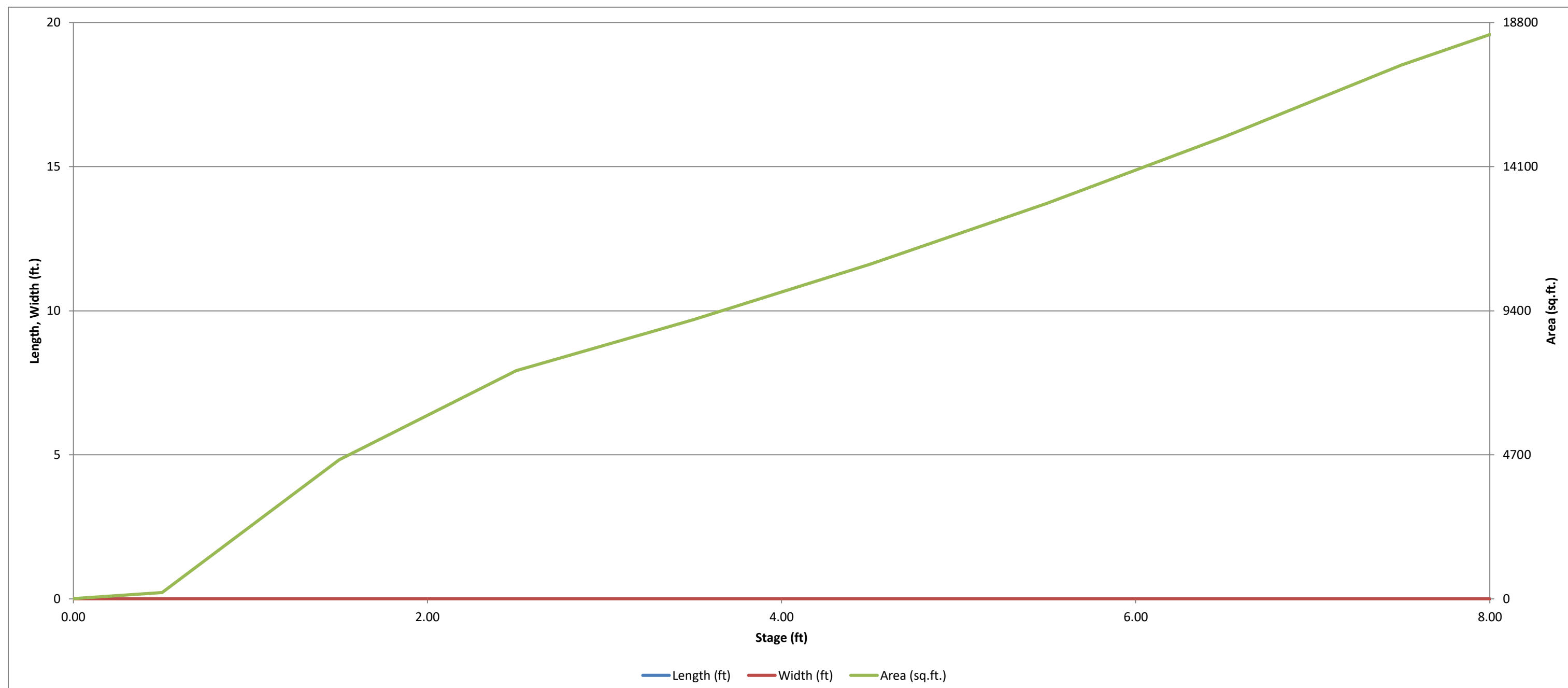
Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

Time Interval	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.09
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.21	0.26	0.17	0.22	0.21	0.40
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.62	0.73	0.47	0.55	0.58	0.94
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.36	1.66	1.00	1.16	1.26	2.11
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.30	1.74	2.07	2.21	2.72	3.11	5.47
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.38	1.82	2.15	2.80	3.42	4.15	7.13
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.39	1.81	2.14	3.02	3.69	4.49	7.72
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	1.34	1.75	2.07	3.00	3.66	4.55	7.86
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	1.29	1.69	1.99	2.94	3.57	4.43	7.68
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.24	1.63	1.92	2.80	3.39	4.25	7.38
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	1.19	1.57	1.85	2.67	3.22	4.08	7.11
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	1.15	1.51	1.79	2.55	3.07	3.93	6.87
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	1.10	1.47	1.74	2.41	2.89	3.67	6.39
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	1.05	1.42	1.71	2.29	2.74	3.44	5.98
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	1.01	1.36	1.65	2.16	2.58	3.20	5.54
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.96	1.30	1.56	2.04	2.43	2.97	5.12
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.92	1.24	1.48	1.91	2.27	2.75	4.71
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.87	1.18	1.39	1.77	2.10	2.54	4.33
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.83	1.11	1.31	1.65	1.95	2.33	3.95
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.79	1.03	1.24	1.52	1.80	2.13	3.60
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.98	1.19	1.41	1.66	1.96	3.28
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.94	1.14	1.33	1.56	1.82	3.05
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.89	1.09	1.27	1.49	1.72	2.87
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.82	1.00	1.16	1.36	1.57	2.62
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.75	0.91	1.06	1.24	1.44	2.38
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.68	0.82	0.97	1.13	1.30	2.16
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.61	0.74	0.87	1.02	1.18	1.95
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.55	0.67	0.79	0.92	1.06	1.76
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.50	0.60	0.71	0.83	0.96	1.58
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.44	0.53	0.63	0.74	0.85	1.40
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.39	0.47	0.56	0.65	0.75	1.23
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.34	0.41	0.49	0.57	0.65	1.07
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.29	0.35	0.42	0.49	0.56	0.90
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.41	0.47	0.75
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.29	0.33	0.37	0.59
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.17	0.20	0.23	0.26	0.29	0.45
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.14	0.17	0.18	0.20	0.22	0.34
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.26
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.21
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.09	0.11	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.17
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.13
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.06	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.11
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.09
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.07
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.06
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

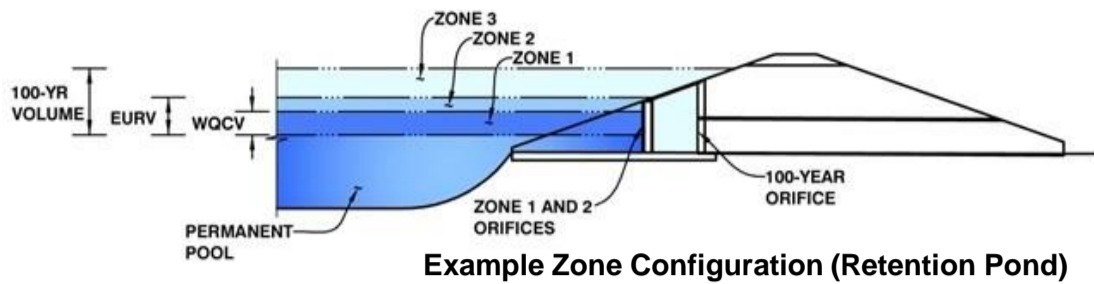


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road

Basin ID: POND B: Ultimate Conditions (INCLUDES SEGMENT 2 FLOW) [BASINS EA6 - EA11]



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.52	0.058	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	5.13	0.722	Circular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	6.36	0.378	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		1.158	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches

Underdrain Orifice Area =	N/A	ft ²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	N/A	feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	1.52	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	0.25	sq. inches (diameter = 9/16 inch)

WQ Orifice Area per Row =	1.736E-03	ft ²
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft ²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.50	1.00					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.25	0.25	0.25					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	1.60	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	5.13	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	3.00	N/A	inches

	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected	
Vertical Orifice Area =	0.05	N/A	ft ²
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	0.13	N/A	feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	5.20	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H _g =	5.20	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	21.42	N/A	
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	6.26	N/A	ft ²
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	3.13	N/A	ft ²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.25	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	4.00		inches

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Outlet Orifice Area =	0.29	N/A	ft ²
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.20	N/A	feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	0.98	N/A	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =	6.50	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	15.50	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet

Spillway Design Flow Depth =	0.50	feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	8.00	feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.42	acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	1.79	acre-ft

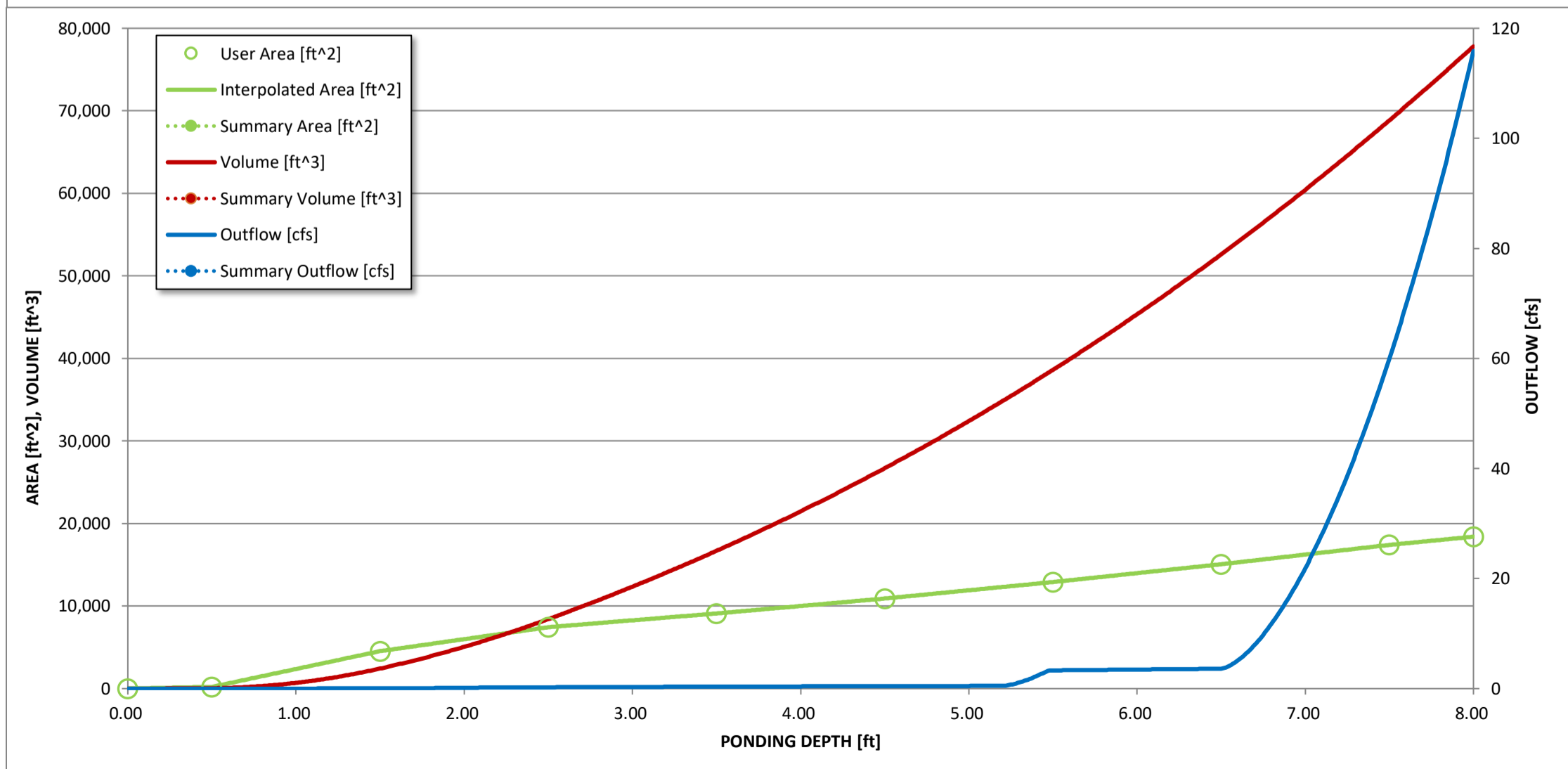
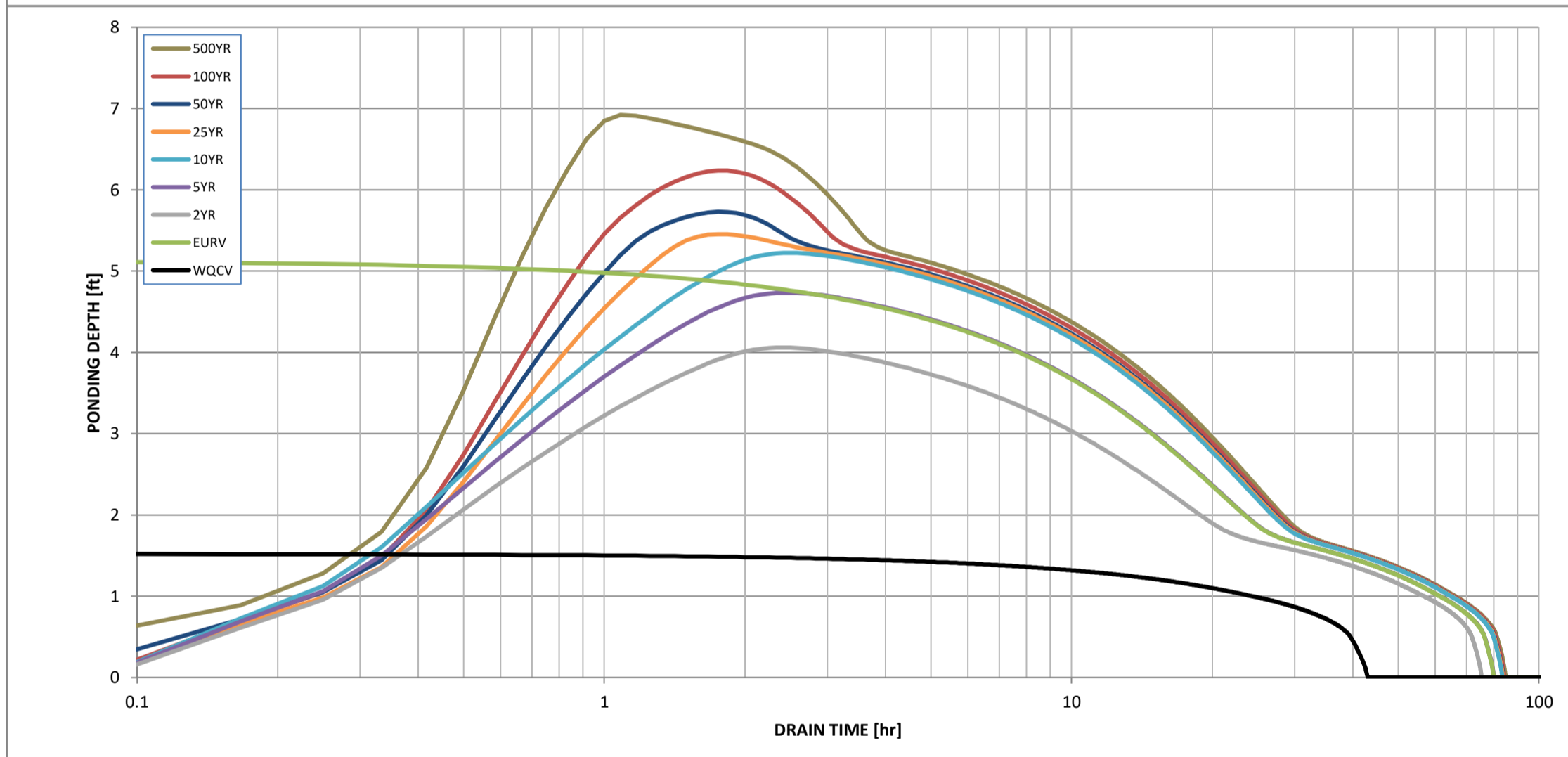
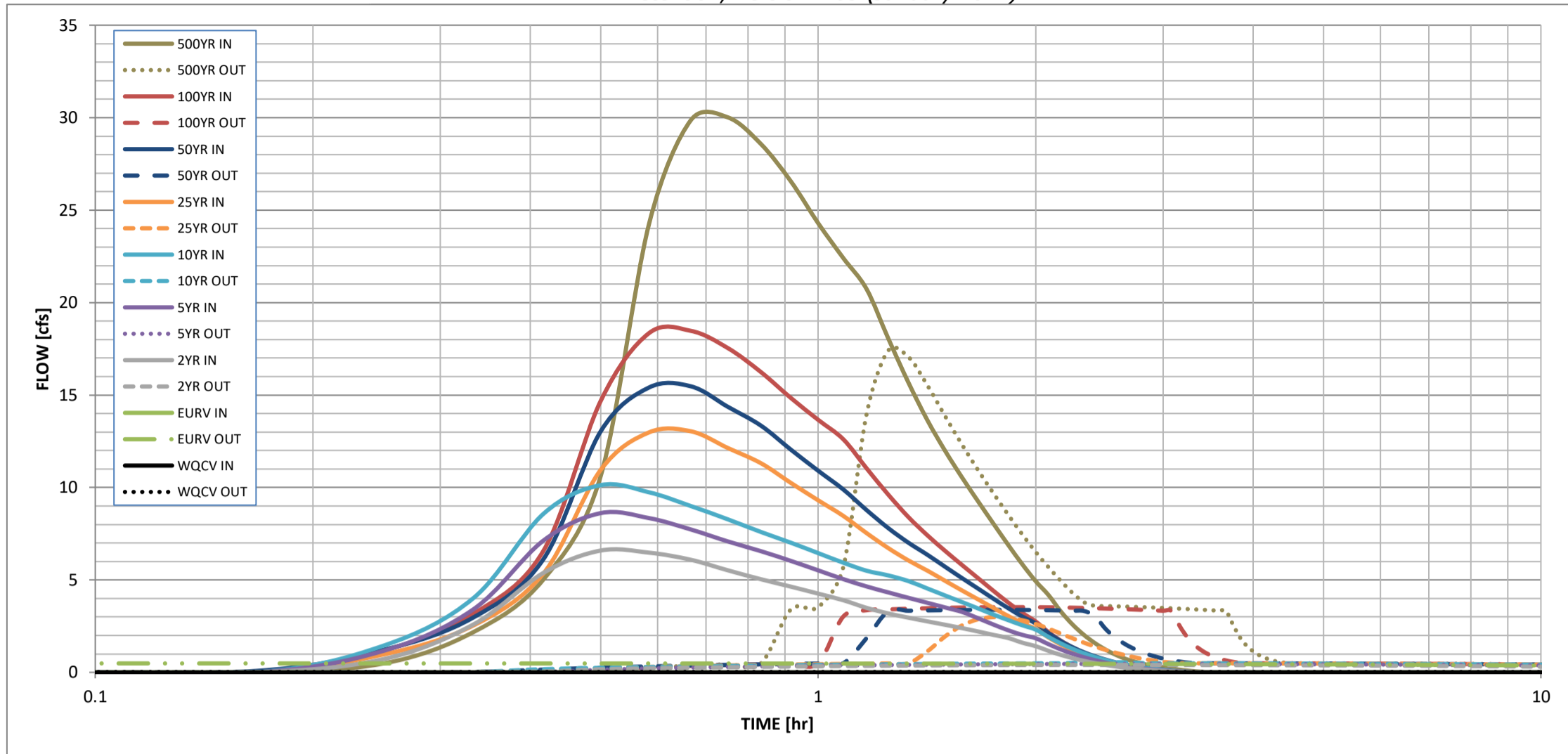
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.68
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.68
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.058	0.780	0.574	0.752	0.895	1.080	1.262	1.482	2.400
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.574	0.752	0.895	1.080	1.262	1.482	2.400
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.0	2.1	3.5	9.4
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.11	0.22	0.37	0.99
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	6.6	8.6	10.1	13.0	15.5	18.5	30.0
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	3.0	3.4	3.5	17.4
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.6	4.9	2.9	1.6	1.0	1.9
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Gate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Max Velocity through Gate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	39	56	56	57	57	54	51	48	35
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	41	69	66	69	71	70	68	67	61
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.53	5.14	4.06	4.73	5.22	5.45	5.73	6.24	6.92
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.11	0.28	0.23	0.26	0.28	0.29	0.31	0.33	0.37
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.059	0.783	0.504	0.672	0.805	0.872	0.953	1.116	1.354

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename: _____

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

Time Interval	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.01	0.48
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.71	1.16	1.44	0.97	1.21	1.18	2.18
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	2.59	3.41	4.01	2.54	2.97	3.17	5.02
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	5.38	7.13	8.57	5.34	6.11	6.57	10.59
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	6.59	8.61	10.13	10.94	13.02	14.66	24.23
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	6.48	8.35	9.74	12.98	15.41	18.34	29.86
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	6.09	7.73	9.00	13.04	15.47	18.47	30.02
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	5.52	7.08	8.28	12.14	14.36	17.54	28.58
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	5.04	6.56	7.60	11.32	13.35	16.24	26.56
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	4.64	6.03	7.02	10.25	12.05	14.85	24.30
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	4.26	5.52	6.45	9.31	10.91	13.66	22.41
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	3.90	5.05	5.93	8.47	9.90	12.61	20.74
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	3.49	4.65	5.50	7.54	8.78	11.04	18.07
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	3.19	4.33	5.25	6.73	7.81	9.62	15.67
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	2.96	4.03	4.94	6.06	7.01	8.40	13.63
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	2.76	3.76	4.54	5.50	6.36	7.41	11.96
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	2.57	3.51	4.15	4.94	5.70	6.56	10.51
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	2.39	3.27	3.80	4.42	5.09	5.79	9.22
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	2.21	2.92	3.45	3.94	4.52	5.08	8.02
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	2.03	2.58	3.12	3.48	3.97	4.40	6.88
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	1.86	2.28	2.82	3.05	3.47	3.77	5.85
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.61	2.03	2.55	2.66	3.02	3.22	4.93
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	1.42	1.85	2.31	2.35	2.65	2.75	4.18
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.53	1.92	1.89	2.13	2.18	3.30
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.95	1.24	1.57	1.51	1.70	1.72	2.58
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.77	1.01	1.28	1.21	1.36	1.35	2.02
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.82	1.03	0.97	1.08	1.06	1.58
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.66	0.83	0.77	0.87	0.83	1.23
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.53	0.66	0.61	0.69	0.65	0.95
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.42	0.52	0.48	0.54	0.50	0.73
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.32	0.40	0.37	0.42	0.39	0.56
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.25	0.31	0.29	0.32	0.30	0.44
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.20	0.25	0.23	0.26	0.24	0.35
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.15	0.19	0.18	0.20	0.19	0.27
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.11	0.14	0.13	0.15	0.14	0.20
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.14
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.10
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.06
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

Design Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 2

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: December 2, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFB D
Location: El Paso County, CO

1. Basin Storage Volume

- A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, I_a
(100% if all paved and roofed areas upstream of sand filter)
- B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = I_a/100$)
- C) Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Based on 12-hour Drain Time
 $WQCV = 0.8 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i)$
- D) Contributing Watershed Area (including sand filter area)
- E) Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
 $V_{WQCV} = WQCV / 12 * Area$
- F) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm
- G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
- H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
(Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)

$I_a =$ %
 $i =$
 $WQCV =$ watershed inches
 $Area =$ sq ft
 $V_{WQCV} =$
 $d_6 =$ in
 $V_{WQCV\ OTHER} =$ cu ft
 $V_{WQCV\ USER} =$ cu ft

2. Basin Geometry

- A) WQCV Depth
- B) Sand Filter Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred). Use "0" if sand filter has vertical walls.
- C) Minimum Filter Area (Flat Surface Area)
- D) Actual Filter Area
- E) Volume Provided

$D_{WQCV} =$ ft
 $Z =$ ft / ft
 $A_{Min} =$ sq ft
 $A_{Actual} =$ sq ft
 $V_T =$ cu ft

3. Filter Material

Choose One

18" CDOT Class B or C Filter Material
 Other (Explain):

4. Underdrain System

- A) Are underdrains provided?
- B) Underdrain system orifice diameter for 12 hour drain time
 - i) Distance From Lowest Elevation of the Storage Volume to the Center of the Orifice
 - ii) Volume to Drain in 12 Hours
 - iii) Orifice Diameter, 3/8" Minimum

Choose One

YES
 NO

$y =$ ft
 $Vol_{12} =$ cu ft
 $D_o =$ in

Design Procedure Form: Sand Filter (SF)

Sheet 2 of 2

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: December 2, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFB D
Location: El Paso County, CO

5. Impermeable Geomembrane Liner and Geotextile Separator Fabric

A) Is an impermeable liner provided due to proximity of structures or groundwater contamination?

Choose One

YES NO

6. Inlet / Outlet Works

A) Describe the type of energy dissipation at inlet points and means of conveying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet

Energy dissipation at inlet points provided via riprap/forebay, and means of conveying flows in excess of the WQCV through the outlet is via the modified type 'C' inlet outlet structure grate, and a restricted outlet pipe.

Notes: _____

clarify that this sheet is provided for forebay sizing only

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

UD-BMP (Version 3.07, March 2018)

Sheet 1 of 3

Designer: SPC
Company: HR Green
Date: October 4, 2024
Project: Eastonville Road - Segment 1 Improvements SFB D
Location: EL PASO COUNTY, CO

1. Basin Storage Volume
 - A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, i_a
 - B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ($i = i_a / 100$)
 - C) Contributing Watershed Area
 - D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm
 - E) Design Concept
(Select EURV when also designing for flood control)
 - F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time
($V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^2 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area)$)
 - G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
($V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = (d_b * (V_{DESIGN} * 0.43))$)
 - H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume
(Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)
 - I) NRCS Hydrologic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed
 - i) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils
 - ii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils
 - iii) Percentage of Watershed consisting of Type C/D Soils
 - J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume
 For HSG A: $EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}$
 For HSG B: $EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}$
 For HSG C/D: $EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}$
 - K) User Input of Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume
(Only if a different EURV Design Volume is desired)

$i_a =$ %
 $i =$
 Area = ac
 $d_b =$ in

Choose One

Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)

Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)

$V_{DESIGN} =$ ac-ft
 $V_{DESIGN\ OTHER} =$ ac-ft
 $V_{DESIGN\ USER} =$ ac-ft

$HSG_A =$ %
 $HSG_B =$ %
 $HSG_{C/D} =$ %

$EURV_{DESIGN} =$ ac-ft
 $EURV_{DESIGN\ USER} =$ ac-ft

2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio
(A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)

$L : W =$: 1

3. Basin Side Slopes
 - A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes
(Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)

$Z =$ ft / ft

4. Inlet
 - A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:

5. Forebay
 - A) Minimum Forebay Volume
($V_{MIN} =$ % of the WQCV)
 - B) Actual Forebay Volume
 - C) Forebay Depth
($D_F =$ inch maximum)
 - D) Forebay Discharge
 - i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge
 - ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow
($Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}$)
 - E) Forebay Discharge Design
 - F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches)
 - G) Rectangular Notch Width

$V_{MIN} =$ ac-ft
 $V_F =$ ac-ft
 $D_F =$ in

$Q_{100} =$ cfs
 $Q_F =$ cfs

Choose One

Berm With Pipe

Wall with Rect. Notch

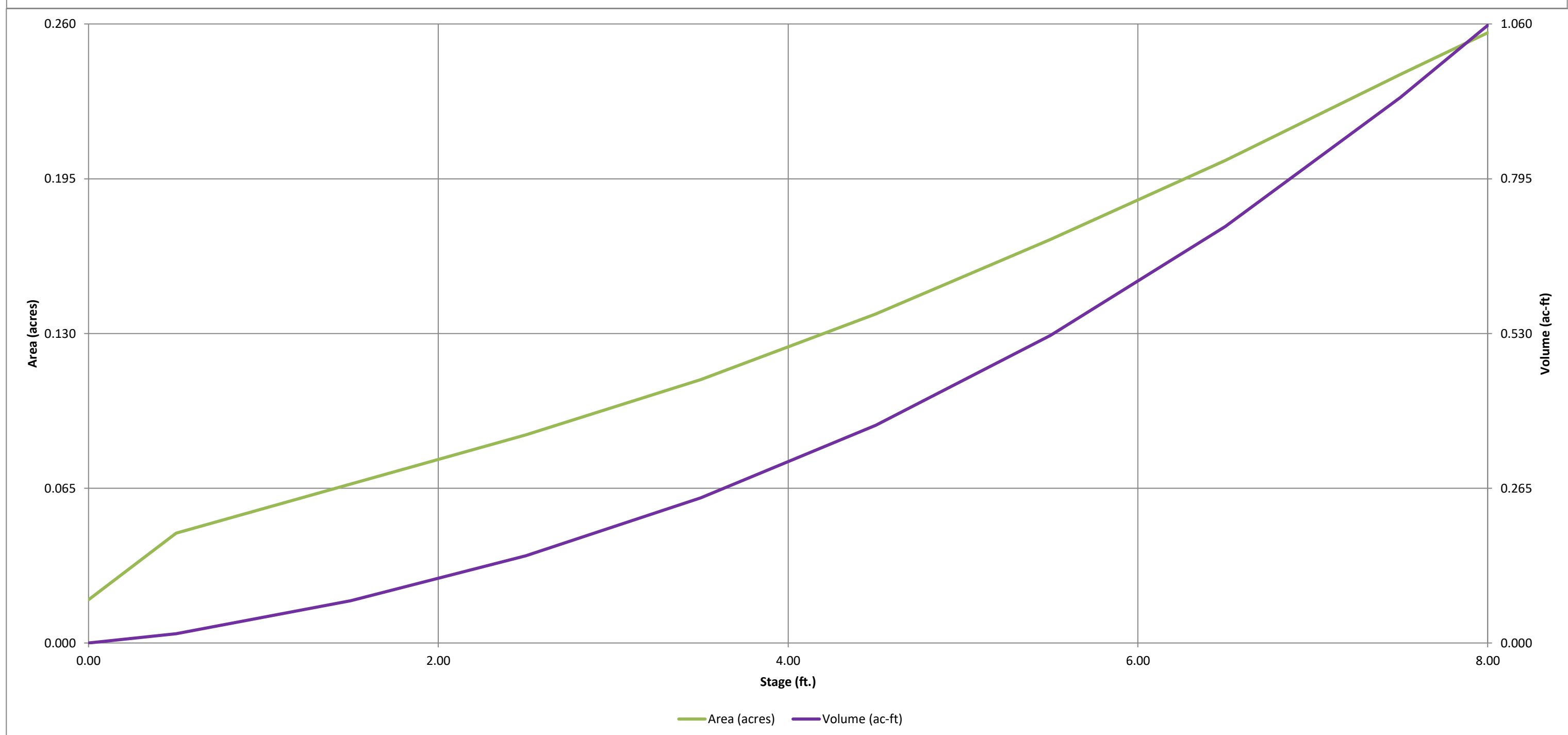
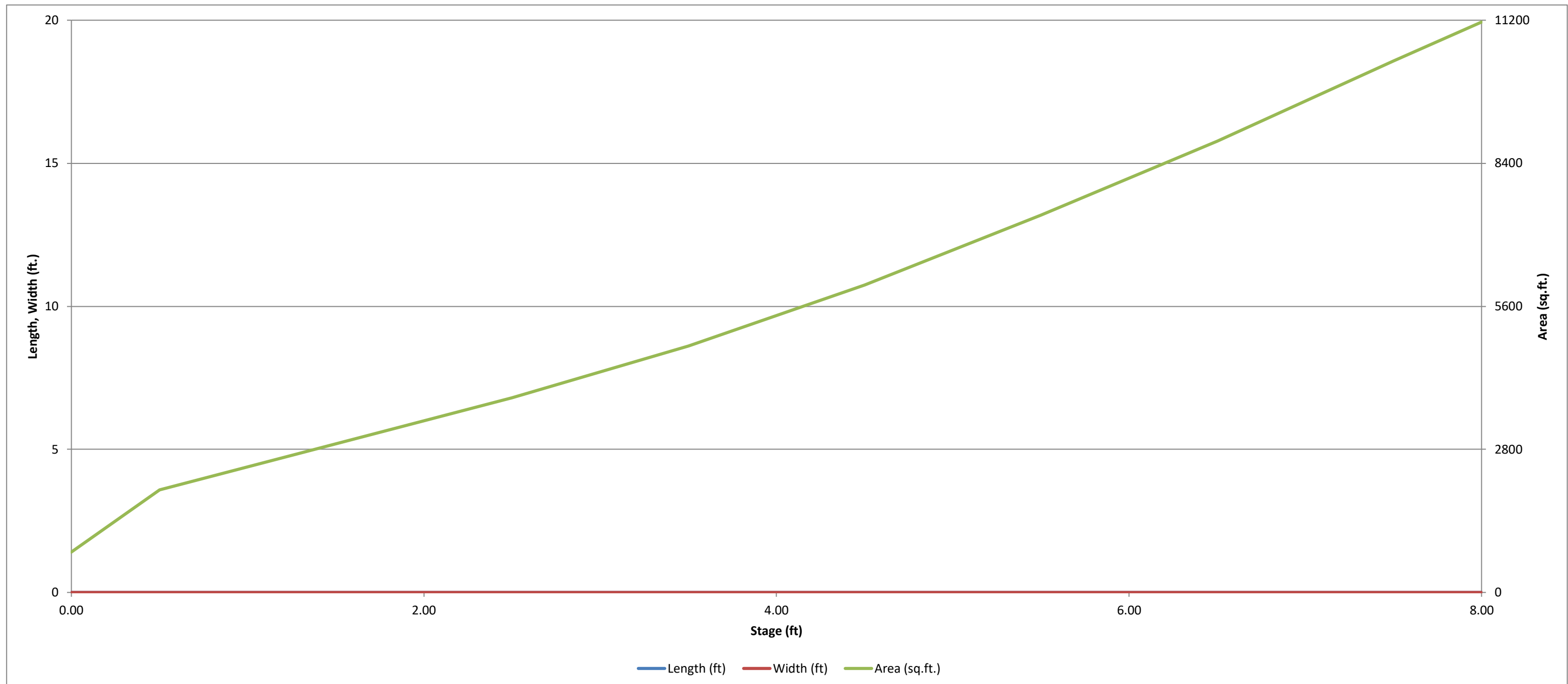
Wall with V-Notch Weir

Flow too small for berm w/ pipe

Calculated $D_p =$ in
 Calculated $W_N =$ in

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

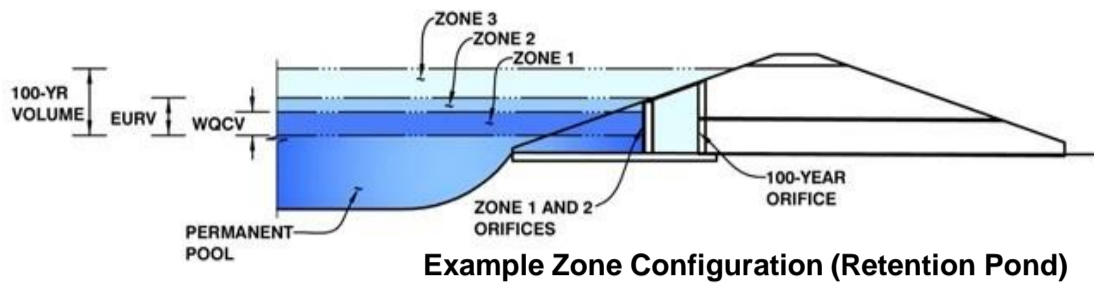


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 (January 2022)

Project: Eastonville Road

Basin ID: SFB D



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	0.79	0.030	Filtration Media
Zone 2 (EURV)	2.38	0.109	Circular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	3.80	0.144	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		0.282	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	2.13	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	0.85	inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain	
Underdrain Orifice Area =	0.0
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	0.04

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	sq. inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate	
WQ Orifice Area per Row =	N/A
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (optional)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	0.80	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	2.38	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	0.50	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice	
Vertical Orifice Area =	0.00
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	0.02

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H_o =	2.50	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir	
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t =	2.50
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	3.00
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	15.21
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	6.26
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	3.13

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	2.38	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	5.10		inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate	
Outlet Orifice Area =	0.41
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.25
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	1.12

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =	6.50	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	4.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway	
Spillway Design Flow Depth =	0.50
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	8.00
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.26
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	1.06

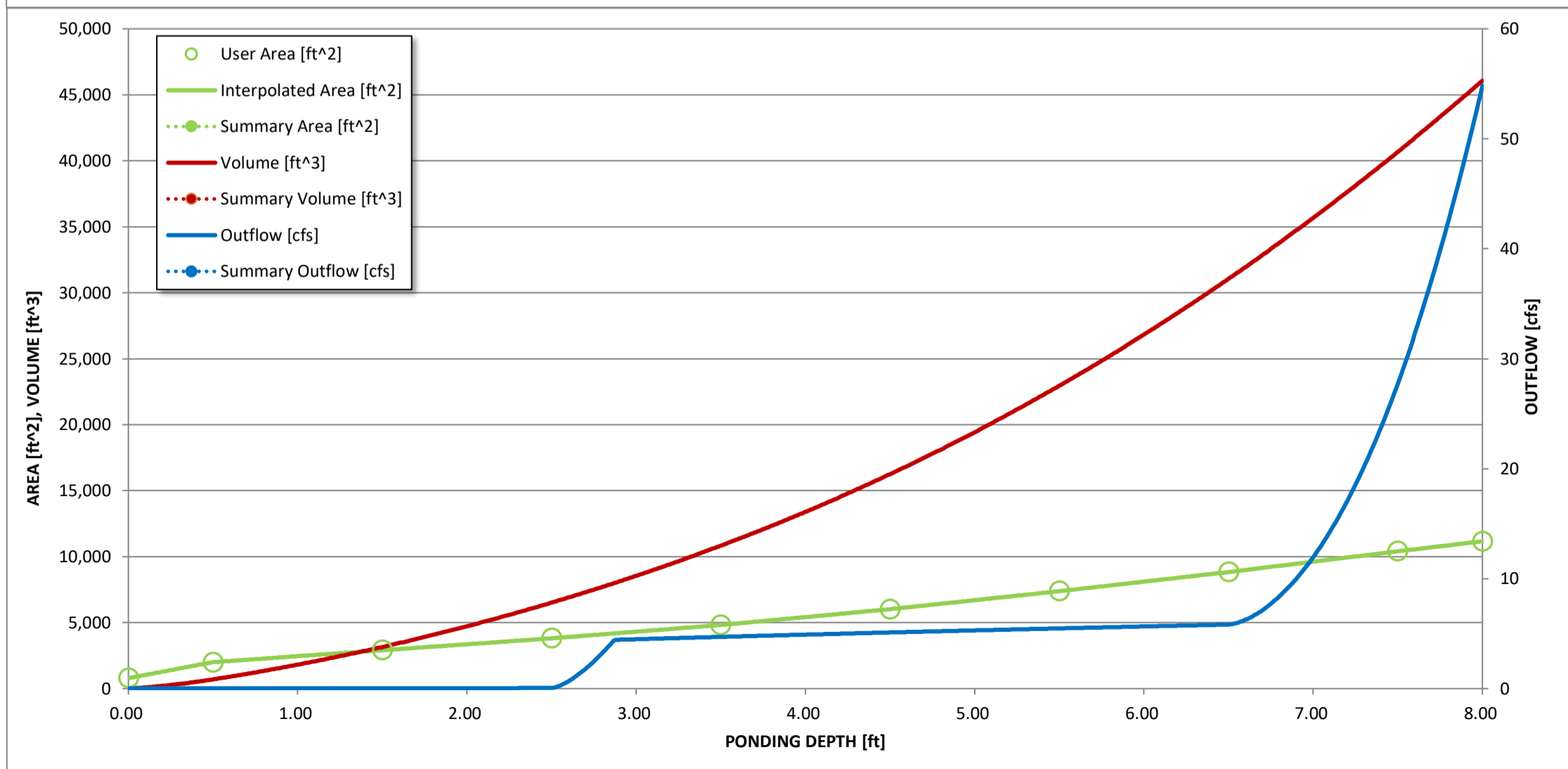
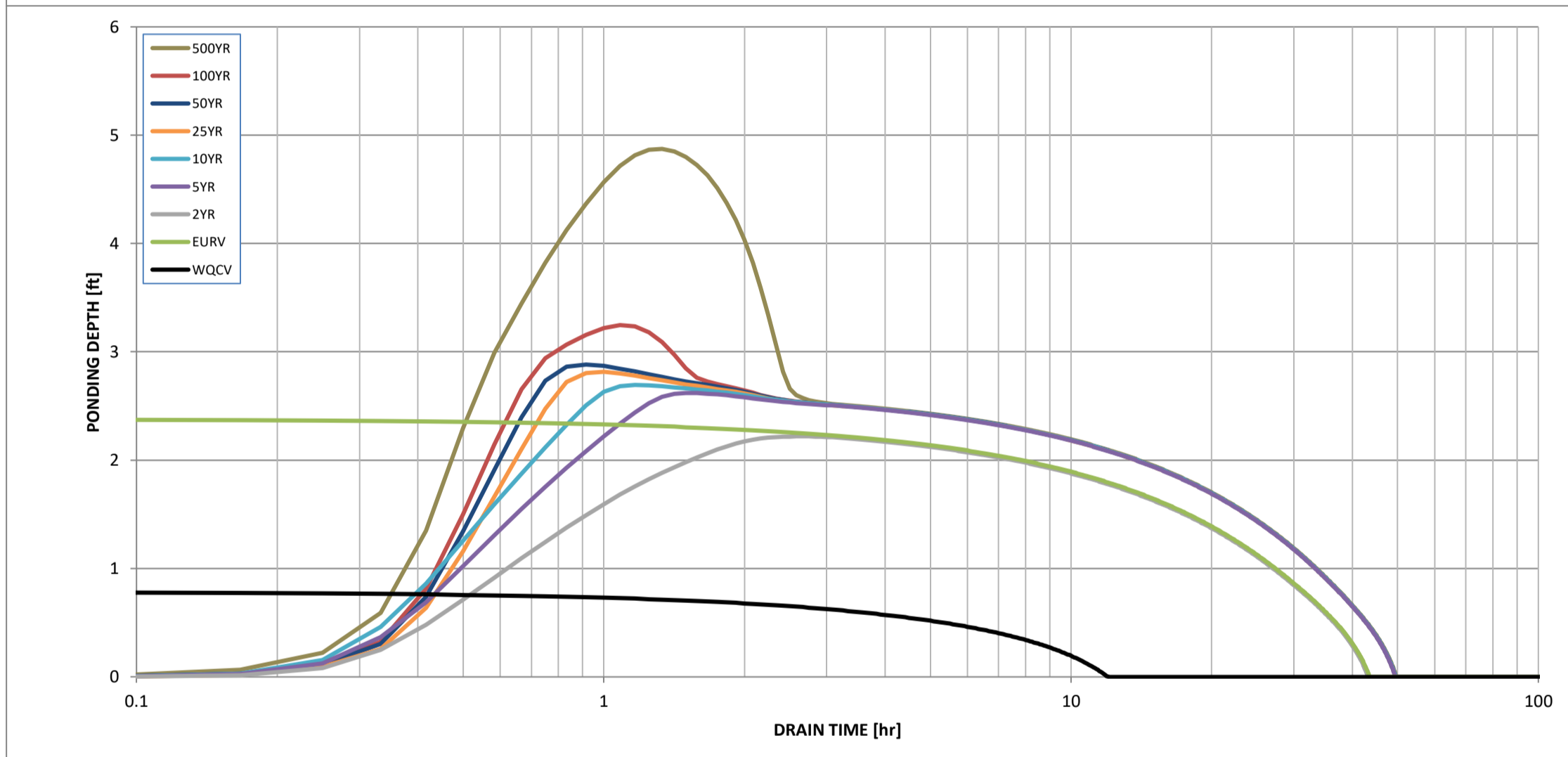
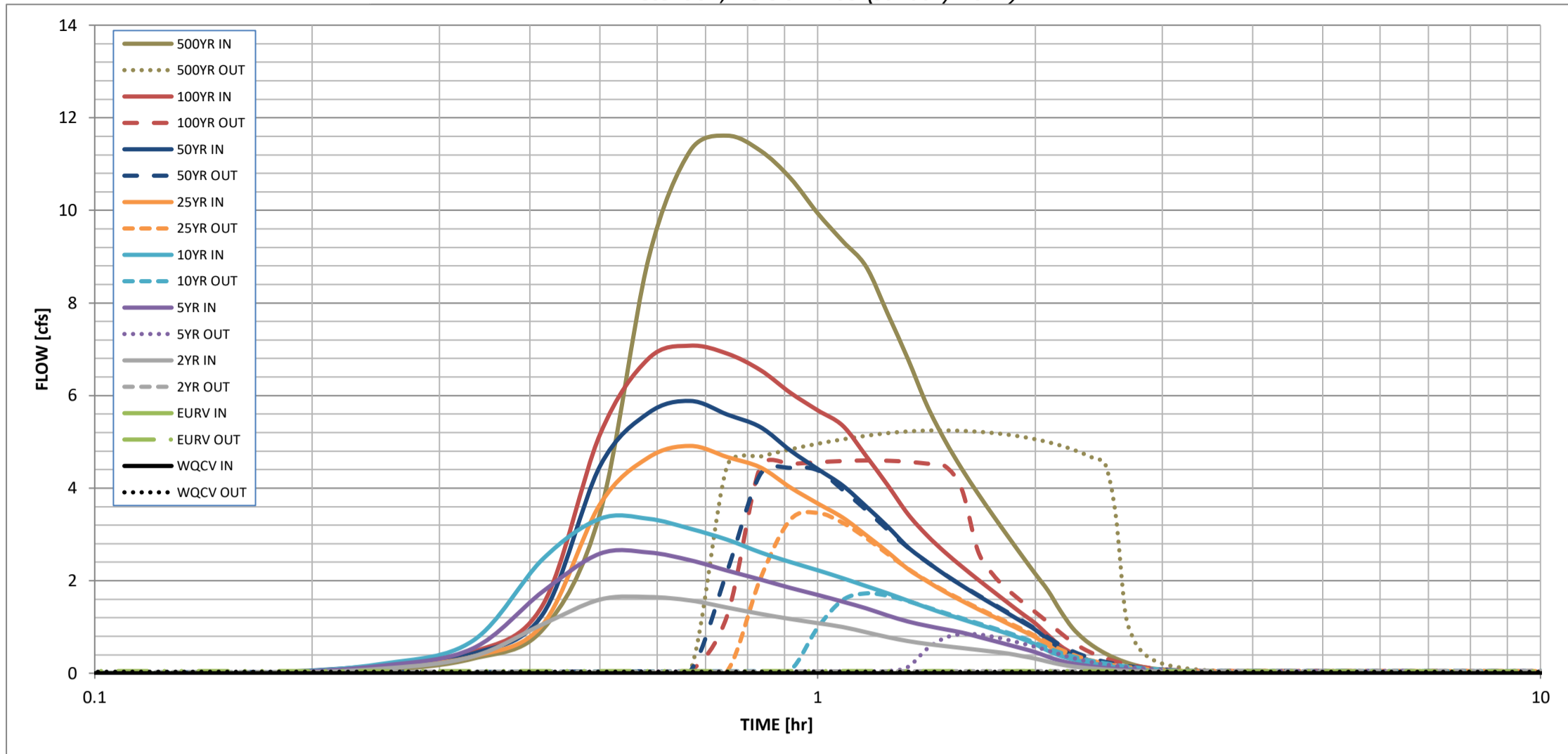
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.68
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.68
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.030	0.139	0.136	0.212	0.282	0.385	0.465	0.569	0.954
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.136	0.212	0.282	0.385	0.465	0.569	0.954
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.4	1.1	1.6	2.9	3.6	4.6	8.1
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.10	0.27	0.41	0.73	0.92	1.18	2.07
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	1.6	2.6	3.3	4.9	5.9	7.1	11.6
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.7	3.5	4.4	4.6	5.2
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.6
Structure Controlling Flow =	Filtration Media	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	12	42	42	47	46	45	44	43	38
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	12	43	43	49	48	48	48	47	46
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	0.79	2.38	2.22	2.62	2.70	2.81	2.88	3.25	4.87
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.15
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.030	0.139	0.125	0.159	0.167	0.178	0.184	0.221	0.426

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-*Detention*, Version 4.05 (January 2022)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

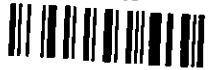
Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename: _____

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

Time Interval	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.07
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.16	0.20	0.14	0.17	0.17	0.31
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.54	0.70	0.36	0.42	0.46	0.95
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	1.06	1.77	2.47	1.06	1.27	1.47	3.46
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.59	2.58	3.34	3.65	4.47	5.16	8.94
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.65	2.61	3.34	4.66	5.62	6.80	11.29
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.57	2.44	3.12	4.91	5.88	7.08	11.61
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	1.42	2.22	2.89	4.67	5.59	6.91	11.29
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	1.28	2.03	2.61	4.45	5.32	6.55	10.70
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.85	2.40	4.02	4.82	6.06	9.94
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	1.08	1.69	2.23	3.67	4.41	5.68	9.33
	1:05:00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.55	2.05	3.36	4.06	5.35	8.79
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.89	1.40	1.88	2.99	3.61	4.70	7.77
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.78	1.25	1.73	2.62	3.17	4.07	6.79
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.70	1.12	1.57	2.25	2.72	3.44	5.79
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.64	1.03	1.42	1.99	2.41	2.98	5.03
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.95	1.29	1.76	2.13	2.62	4.42
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.88	1.17	1.56	1.90	2.31	3.89
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.79	1.06	1.39	1.68	2.03	3.40
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.70	0.95	1.23	1.48	1.77	2.96
	1:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.62	0.85	1.07	1.30	1.52	2.54
	1:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.54	0.75	0.92	1.11	1.29	2.15
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.46	0.63	0.78	0.94	1.08	1.79
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.36	0.49	0.60	0.73	0.83	1.35
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.27	0.38	0.44	0.53	0.59	0.99
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.21	0.30	0.32	0.39	0.44	0.74
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.17	0.25	0.25	0.30	0.33	0.57
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.14	0.20	0.19	0.23	0.24	0.43
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.12	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.18	0.32
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.09	0.13	0.11	0.14	0.14	0.24
	2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.09	0.11	0.10	0.18
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.13
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.10
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.08
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.06
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

APPENDIX E – REFERENCE MATERIAL



Final Drainage Report
for
Meridian Ranch Filing 11A



MERIDIAN RANCH

A GOLF & RECREATIONAL COMMUNITY

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

Prepared For:

GTL DEVELOPMENT, INC.

3575 Kenyon Street
San Diego, CA 92110

March 2014

Prepared By:
Tech Contractors
12311 Rex Road
Falcon, CO 80831
719.495.7444

As a part of the analysis, the pond was modeled using the as-built contours and recalculation of the WQCV stand pipe. The Pond D Stage Storage Table and WQCV calculation can be found in Appendix E - Detention Pond Information.

Two models were calculated for Pond D, the interim and future final, to determine the storage volume and maximum storage elevation with the pond for the 5-year storm event and the 100-year event. The current future maximum storage volume is determined to be 21.1 ac-ft at an elevation of 7056.4 ft. This elevation leaves sufficient freeboard below the emergency overflow spillway; the maximum volume of Pond D to the spillway is 32.0 ac-ft providing 50 percent additional capacity at final build out. Another model was created using current condition plus the Filing 11A downstream of Pond D. This model was used to help design the second pond constructed with this filing. This interim model used the as-built topographic survey information for Pond D and the upstream area tributary to the pond was modeled under its current existing state. This model yielded a maximum storage volume of 16.3 ac-ft with a maximum surface elevation of 7055.7 feet, leaving ample space for future upstream development.

A WQCV analysis was also performed on account of the changed conditions shown by the as-built survey of the pond after its construction. The analysis showed that a different water quality stand pipe could be installed with the construction of the permanent concrete outfall structure. These calculations can be found in the appendix and have been incorporated into the construction plans.

The storm drain outfall system including the permanent concrete outfall structure and the storm drain pipe from Pond D to Lambert Drive will be constructed ahead of the improvements for Meridian Ranch Filing 11A. This construction is necessary to complete the system associated with a CLOMR on file with FEMA so that the process can move forward to complete LOMR and remove the floodplain from the maps in this area. The design and construction of the Pond D outfall system is based on the calculations and analysis found in this report.

Table 2: Pond D Summary Data

POND D						
	PEAK INFLOW	PEAK OUTFLOW	TOTAL INFLOW	TOTAL OUTFLOW	PEAK STORAGE	PEAK ELEVATION
	CFS	CFS	AC-FT	AC-FT	AC-FT	FT
INTERIM CONDITIONS - FILING 11A						
100-YEAR STORM	361	64	34.5	29.6	16.3	7055.7
5-YEAR STORM	95	8	11.2	8.0	6.0	7053.5
FUTURE CONDITIONS						
100-YEAR STORM	495	105	45.7	40.3	21.1	7056.4
5-YEAR STORM	153	15.0	16.3	12.8	8.4	7054.1

Pond E Detention Storage Criteria

Detention Pond E is located south of Londonderry and west of Eastonville, southeast of the project site and will be owned and maintained by the Meridian Service Metropolitan District

(MSMD). A maintenance agreement between the Meridian Service Metropolitan District and El Paso County will be executed and recorded as a part of the Meridian Ranch Filing 11A Final Plat process.

The SCS calculation method was used to determine inflow and outflow from the detention pond to ensure that the additional runoff does not overcharge the pond and the discharges do not adversely impact drainage patterns downstream of Eastonville Road. Storm drainage runoff will enter the pond from the project site via an existing pipe network and overland through existing drainage swales. The ultimate future build-out design of the pond was analyzed to insure that additional grading and sizing of the pond would be unnecessary after development of Meridian Ranch Filing 11A other areas tributary to the detention pond. This SCS calculation can be found in the appendix.

The pond is designed to accommodate the final inflow from Meridian Ranch Filing 11A as well as the ultimate build out of all the tributary areas. Concrete control structures have been preliminarily designed to reduce the developed flows to at or below the historic peak flow rates and will be installed at a later date. Temporary CMP control structures that were installed with the grading operation will continue to be used in the interim to reduce the flow rates that will cross Eastonville Road at Design Points H08 and H09. The control structures will be analyzed with each development that is tributary to the pond.

The temporary control structure at DP H08 consists of a 12" CMP water quality control riser with a trash grate having a top elevation of 6968.00. The water quality control riser will be connected to a 54" CMP control riser with a 12" CMP pipe at 1%. The temporary control structure will consist of a 54" CMP with a top elevation of 6970.95 in order to accept storm flows from larger events. The pipe is to be equipped with a welded trash rack. The riser also has a 1.5'x 8' slot opening (elev. = 6969.45) is proposed along the front of the control structure to pass lower flows.

Table 3: Pond E Summary Data

POND E						
	PEAK INFLOW	PEAK OUTFLOW	TOTAL INFLOW	TOTAL OUTFLOW	PEAK STORAGE	PEAK ELEVATION
	CFS	CFS	AC-FT	AC-FT	AC-FT	FT
INTERIM CONDITIONS - FILING 11A						
Design Point H08						
100-YEAR STORM	333	74	70.9	65.2	17.6	6971.2
5-YEAR STORM	66	12	20.6	18.4	6.2	6969.7
Design Point H09						
100-YEAR STORM	333	67	70.9	65.2	17.6	6971.2
5-YEAR STORM	66	6.3	20.6	18.4	6.2	6969.7
FUTURE CONDITIONS						
Design Point H08						
100-YEAR STORM	707	155	107.3	91.9	33.5	6972.6
5-YEAR STORM	233	15.8	38.2	27.4	17.5	6971.2
Design Point H09						
100-YEAR STORM	707	62	107.3	91.9	33.5	6972.6
5-YEAR STORM	233	8.7	38.2	27.4	17.5	6971.2

The temporary control structure at DP H09 consists of a 12" CMP water quality control riser with a trash grate having a top elevation of 6968.00. The water quality control riser will be connected to a 54" CMP control riser with a 12" CMP pipe at 1%. The temporary control structure will consist of a 54" CMP with a top elevation of 6970.95 in order to accept storm flows from larger events. The pipe is to be equipped with a welded trash rack. The riser also has a 1.2' x 5' slot opening (elev. = 6969.75) is proposed along the front of the control structure to pass lower flows.

An analysis of the SCS calculations show that with the control structures in place for the developed flows, the flow rates are reduced sufficiently to reduce the peak rates below the target of 80-percent of historic at Eastonville Road during the post grading condition.

Table 4: Eastonville Road at DP H08 and H09

EASTONVILLE FLOW RATES					
EVENT	HISTORIC	FILING 11A	PERCENT OF HISTORIC	FUTURE	PERCENT OF HISTORIC
	PEAK FLOW (CFS)	PEAK FLOW (CFS)		PEAK FLOW (CFS)	
H08					
100-YEAR	232	74	32%	155	67%
5-YEAR	22	12	55%	15.8	72%
H09					
100-YEAR	87	67	77%	62	71%
5-YEAR	11	6.3	57%	8.7	79%

A water quality capture volume (WQCV) was added to the required storage volume for the final build out condition. The purpose of the WQCV is to allow particulates to settle out and accumulate over time to improve water quality and to maintain full volume for detention during the life of the facility for a major storm event. 332 acres are tributary to the detention pond during the developed condition resulting in a required WQCV of 1.6 ac-ft.

The WQCV of 1.6 ac-ft. was added to the detention of the minor storm and half (0.8 ac-ft.) was added to the detention volume of the major storm. This was accomplished with respect to the HEC-HMS computer run by providing a starting detention volume of 1.6 ft. for the 5-year storm and 0.8 ft. for the 100-year storm. The resulting storage elevations remain well below the emergency spillway elevation. See Appendix B for more information.

The WQCV was calculated by using the equations found in Volume 2, of the Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM). The release rate from the WQCV is generally very small, which helps minimize downstream impacts. Detaining the WQCV also serves to cleanse the "first flush" of runoff from the higher initial concentration of sediment and pollutants by allowing for settlement to occur. This greatly improves the quality of runoff, leaving the facility and reduces the potential for erosion. The positive impact on water quality is expected to be significant, particularly during the construction phase of the development.

Future Condition - SCS Calculation Method

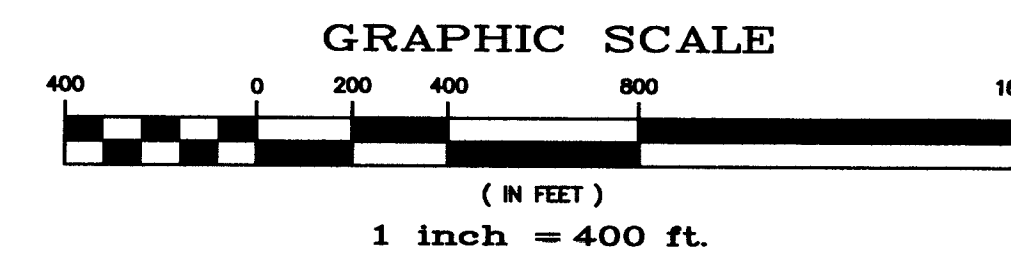
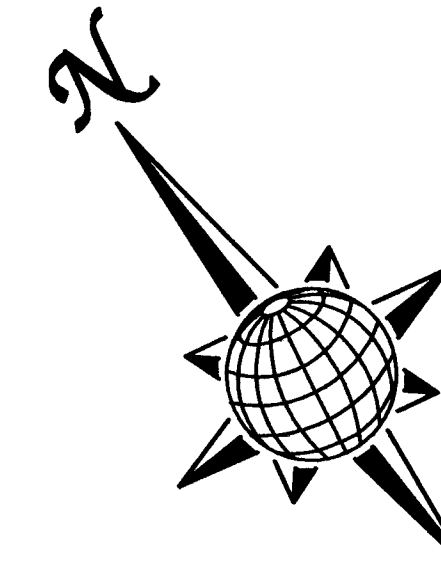
Following is a tabulation of the surface drainage characteristics for the future developed conditions using the SCS calculation method. Please refer to Figure 6 - Meridian Ranch SCS Calculations – Future Basins Map

Table 7: Future Drainage Basins-SCS

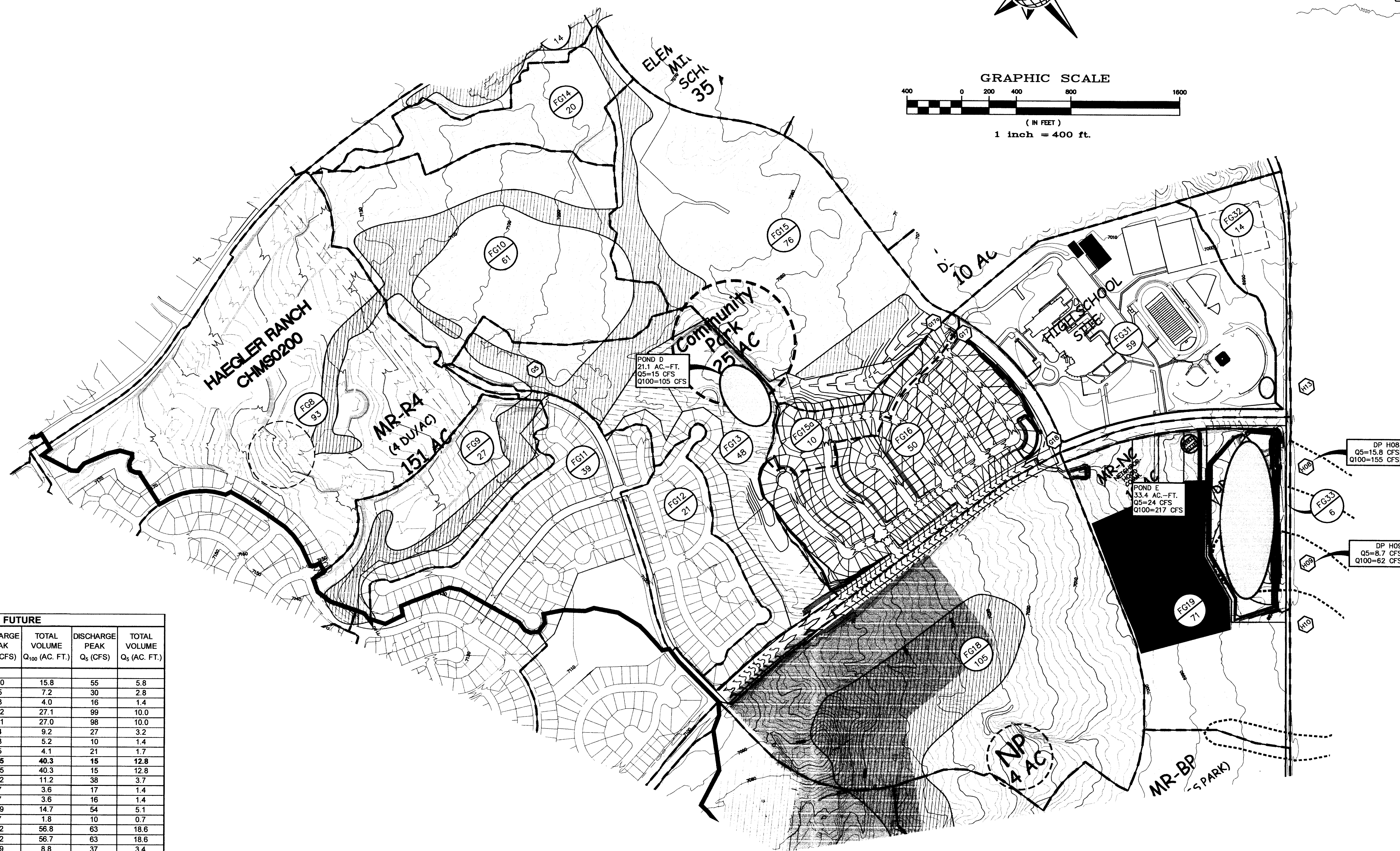
FUTURE					
HYDROLOGIC ELEMENT	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q₁₀₀ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q₁₀₀ (AC. FT.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q₅ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q₅ (AC. FT.)
FG08	0.1453	170	15.8	55	5.8
FG11	0.0608	85	7.2	30	2.8
FG09	0.0416	53	4.0	16	1.4
G05	0.2477	302	27.1	99	10.0
G05-POND D	0.2477	301	27.0	98	10.0
FG10	0.0953	94	9.2	27	3.2
FG13	0.075	53	5.2	10	1.4
FG12	0.0328	55	4.1	21	1.7
POND D	0.4508	105	40.3	15	12.8
POND D-G17	0.4508	105	40.3	15	12.8
FG15	0.1188	132	11.2	38	3.7
FG14	0.0313	47	3.6	17	1.4
FG14-G17	0.0313	47	3.6	16	1.4
G17a	0.1501	179	14.7	54	5.1
FG15a	0.0156	27	1.8	10	0.7
G17	0.6165	212	56.8	63	18.6
G17-G18	0.6165	212	56.7	63	18.6
FG16	0.0773	109	8.8	37	3.4
G18	0.6938	319	65.6	99	21.9
G18-POND E	0.6938	317	65.6	99	21.9
FG18	0.1641	198	16.9	62	6.0
FG18-POND E	0.1641	198	16.9	62	6.0
FG19	0.0977	203	13.2	83	5.6
FG31	0.0922	123	11.6	45	4.7
POND HS	0.0922	79	11.6	25	4.7
POND E	1.0478	217	92.1	24	27.7
FG33	0.0109	15	1.0	4	0.3
H08	1.0587	155	93.1	15.8	28
H09		62		8.7	
* FROM OUTLET STAGE-STORAGE CALCULATION					

A comparison of the peak flow rates at Eastonville Road for the design storms may be found in Table 5 – Eastonville Road at DP H08 and H09 (below). As a result of the development of Meridian Ranch Filing 11A and future development, the calculations do show that the project does not adversely affect the existing drainage facilities.

SCS DRAINAGE MAP MERIDIAN RANCH FILING 11A



- LEGEND**
- MAJOR BASIN BOUNDARY
 - MINOR BASIN BOUNDARY
 - SCS MODEL ID **EB15**
SIZE ACRES **65** BASIN IDENTIFICATION
 - B10** DESIGN POINTS
 - MAJOR CONTOUR INTERVAL
 - MINOR CONTOUR INTERVAL
 - 100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN



FUTURE					
HYDROLOGIC ELEMENT	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₁₀₀ (AC. FT.)	DISCHARGE PEAK Q ₅ (CFS)	TOTAL VOLUME Q ₅ (AC. FT.)
FG08	0.1453	170	15.8	55	5.8
FG11	0.0608	85	7.2	30	2.8
FG09	0.0416	53	4.0	16	1.4
G05	0.2477	302	27.1	99	10.0
G05-POND D	0.2477	301	27.0	98	10.0
FG10	0.0953	94	9.2	27	3.2
FG13	0.075	53	5.2	10	1.4
FG12	0.0328	55	4.1	21	1.7
POND D	0.4508	105	40.3	15	12.8
POND D-G17	0.4508	105	40.3	15	12.8
FG15	0.1188	132	11.2	38	3.7
FG14	0.0313	47	3.6	17	1.4
FG14-G17	0.0313	47	3.6	16	1.4
G17a	0.1501	179	14.7	54	5.1
FG15a	0.0156	27	1.8	10	0.7
G17	0.6165	212	56.8	63	18.6
G17-G18	0.6165	212	56.7	63	18.6
FG16	0.0773	109	8.8	37	3.4
G18	0.6938	319	65.6	99	21.9
G18-POND E	0.6938	317	65.6	99	21.9
FG18	0.1641	198	16.9	62	6.0
FG18-POND E	0.1641	198	16.9	62	6.0
FG19	0.0977	203	13.2	83	5.6
FG31	0.0922	123	11.6	45	4.7
POND HS	0.0922	79	11.6	25	4.7
POND E	1.0478	217	92.1	24	27.7
FG33	0.0109	15	1.0	4	0.3
H08		155		15.8	
H09	1.0587	62	93.1	8.7	28

* FROM OUTLET STAGE-STORAGE CALCULATION

FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FUTURE CONDITIONS

TECH CONSTRUCTION CORP.
12311 REX ROAD
PEYTON, CO 80831
TELEPHONE: 719.495.7444
FAX: 719.495.3349

MAR 2014

FIGURE 7

APPENDIX F – DRAINAGE MAPS

This is identical to the next sheet. Missing the real existing conditions Sheet 1

LEGEND:

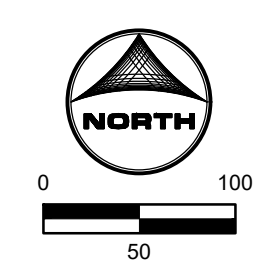
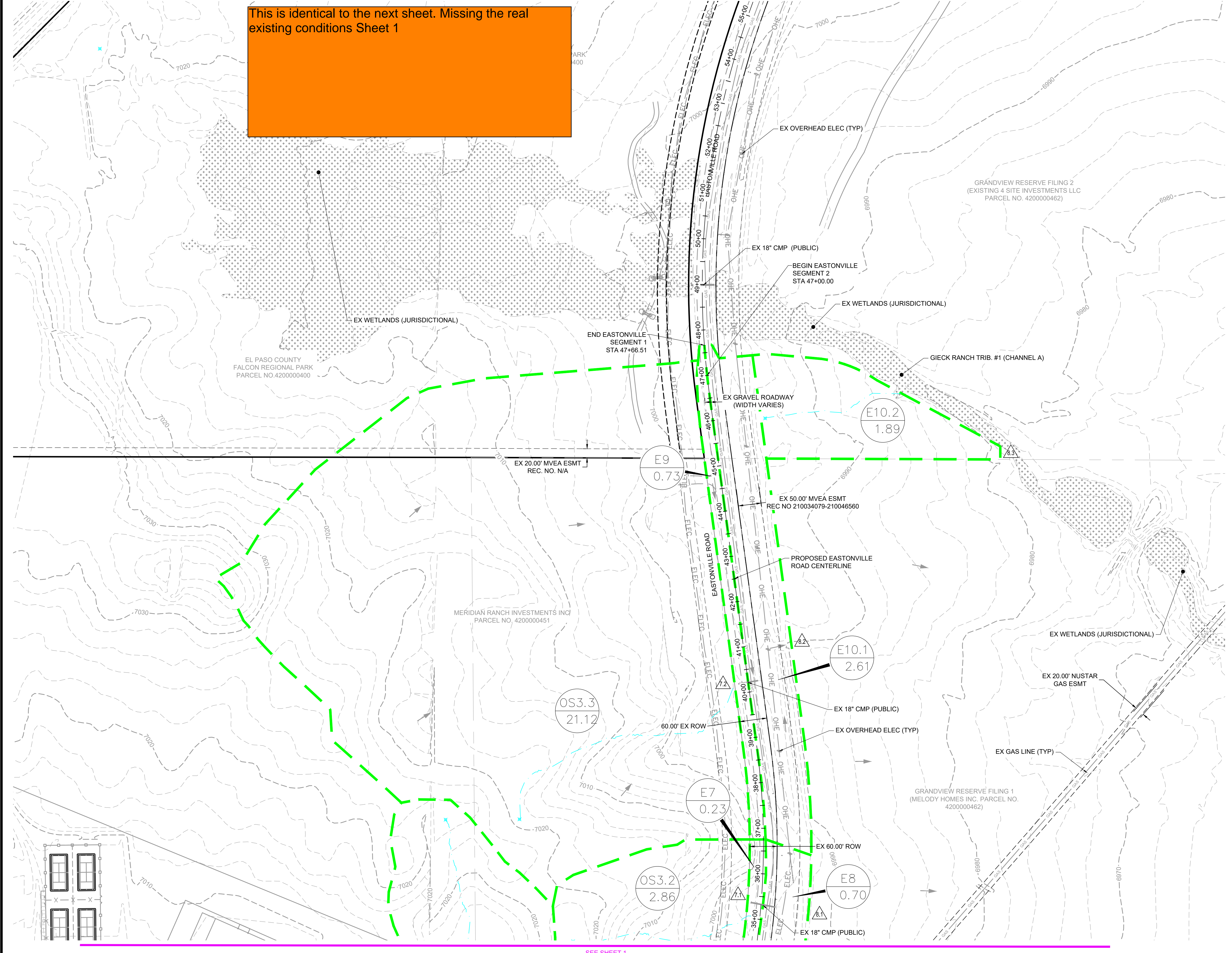
- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR
- EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR
- EX STORM SEWER
- EX DRAINAGE SWALE
- EX PROPERTY LINE
- EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASIN
- DESIGN POINT
- PROPOSED BASIN LABEL
- DESIGN POINT PER THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE

BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q5 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)
E1	0.45	48	0.7	1.7
E2.1	1.82	13	1.2	4.8
E2.2	0.40	2	0.1	1.0
E3	0.72	39	1.0	2.5
E4	3.17	12	1.9	7.8
E5	0.23	45	0.5	1.1
E6	0.79	14	0.7	2.6
E7	0.23	45	0.5	1.2
E8	0.70	16	0.6	2.1
E9	0.73	45	1.2	2.8
E10.1	2.61	15	1.9	7.0
E10.2	1.89	2	0.7	4.4
OS1	1.58	2	0.5	3.6
OS2	12.21	2	3.6	24.3
OS3.1	1.51	2	0.5	3.6
OS3.2	2.86	2	1.0	6.6
OS3.3	21.12	2	6.4	42.7

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE

DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	SQ5 (cfs)	SQ100 (cfs)
1	E1,OS1	1.2	4.9
2	E2,DP1	2.3	9.3
2.2	E2.2	0.1	1.0
3	E3,OS2	4.6	26.6
4	DP3,E4	6.3	33.9
5	E5,OS3.1	0.9	4.5
6	DP5,E6	1.5	6.7
7.1	E7,OS3.2	1.4	7.5
8.1	DP7.1,E8	1.9	9.4
7.2	OS3.3,E9	7.5	45.3
8.2	DP7.2,E10.1	9.2	51.6
8.3	E10.2	0.7	4.4



DRAWN BY: _____ JOB DATE: _____
 APPROVED: _____ JOB NUMBER: _____
 CAD DATE: _____
 CAD FILE: _____

BAR IS ONE INCH ON OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
 IF NOT ONE INCH, ADJUST SCALE ACCORDINGLY.

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION

SEE SHEET 1

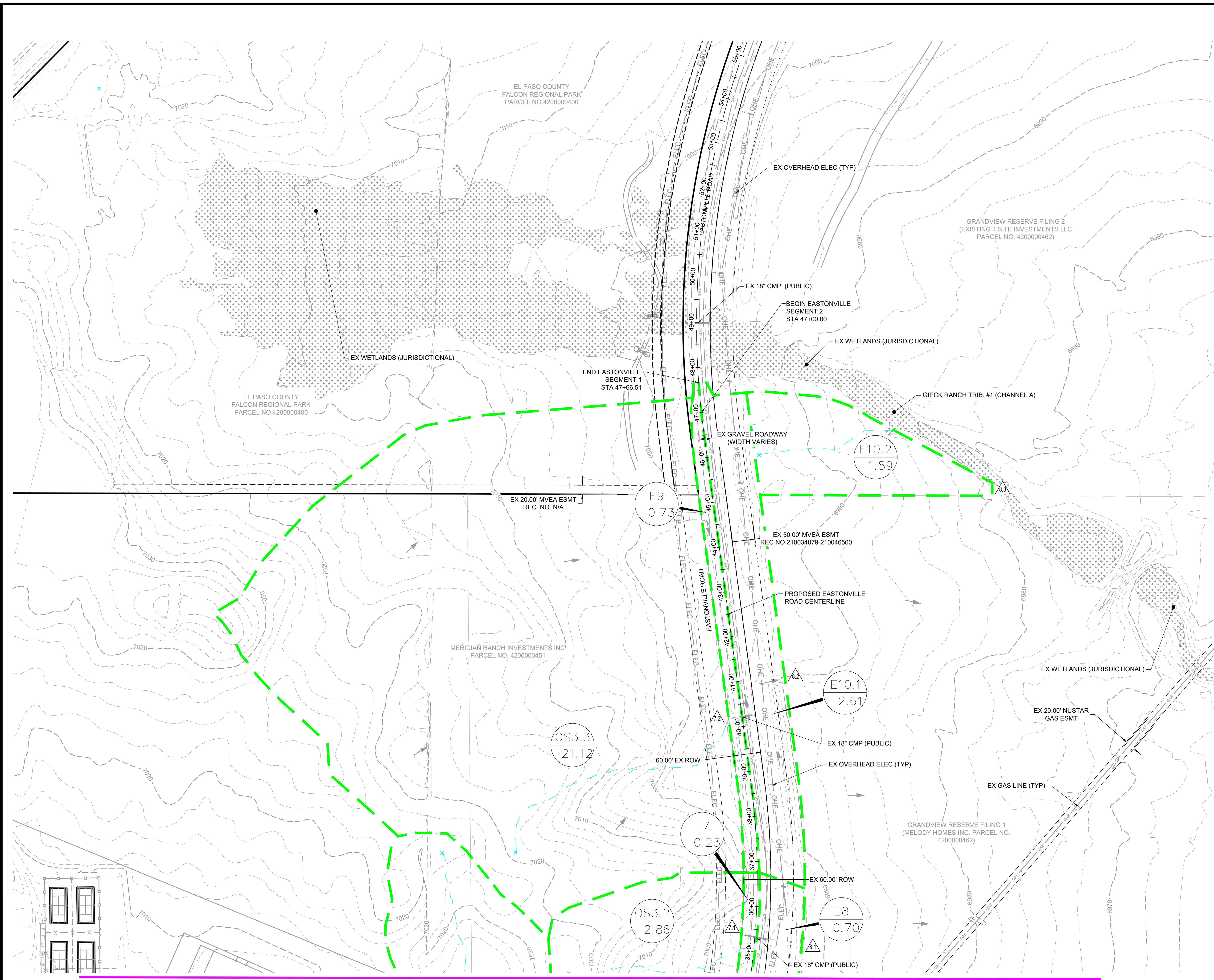
HRGreen
 HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
 1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
 COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
 PHONE: 719.300.4140
 FAX: 713.965.0044

EASTONVILLE ROAD
 D.R. HORTON
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO

D-R-HORTON
America's Builder

EXISTING CONDITIONS - DRAINAGE MAP

SHEET
 EX-DRN
 1

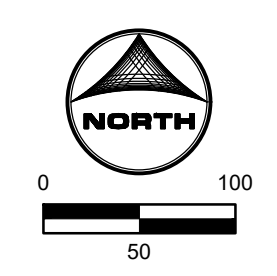


LEGEND:

- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR 5250
- EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR
- EX STORM SEWER
- EX DRAINAGE SWALE
- EX PROPERTY LINE
- EXISTING FLOW DIRECTION ←
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASIN
- DESIGN POINT ▲
- PROPOSED BASIN LABEL NAME
AREA
- DESIGN POINT PER THE SANCTUARY FILING 1 FDR GXX

SUMMARY RUNOFF TABLE				
BASIN	AREA (ac)	% IMPERVIOUS	Q5 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)
E1	0.45	48	0.7	1.7
E2.1	1.82	13	1.2	4.8
E2.2	0.40	2	0.1	1.0
E3	0.72	39	1.0	2.5
E4	3.17	12	1.9	7.8
E5	0.23	45	0.5	1.1
E6	0.79	14	0.7	2.6
E7	0.23	45	0.5	1.2
E8	0.70	16	0.6	2.1
E9	0.73	45	1.2	2.8
E10.1	2.61	15	1.9	7.0
E10.2	1.89	2	0.7	4.4
OS1	1.58	2	0.5	3.6
OS2	12.21	2	3.6	24.3
OS3.1	1.51	2	0.5	3.6
OS3.2	2.86	2	1.0	6.6
OS3.3	21.12	2	6.4	42.7

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE			
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	SQ5 (cfs)	SQ100 (cfs)
1	E1,OS1	1.2	4.9
2	E2,DP1	2.3	9.3
2.2	E2.2	0.1	1.0
3	E3,OS2	4.6	26.6
4	DP3,E4	6.3	33.9
5	E5,OS3.1	0.9	4.5
6	DP5,E6	1.5	6.7
7.1	E7,OS3.2	1.4	7.5
8.1	DP7.1,E8	1.9	9.4
7.2	OS3.3,E9	7.5	45.3
8.2	DP7.2,E10.1	9.2	51.6
8.3	E10.2	0.7	4.4



DRAWN BY: _____ JOB DATE: _____
 APPROVED: _____ JOB NUMBER: _____
 CAD DATE: _____
 CAD FILE: _____

BAR IS ONE INCH ON OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
 IF NOT ONE INCH, ADJUST SCALE ACCORDINGLY.

NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION DESCRIPTION

HRGreen
 HR GREEN - COLORADO SPRINGS
 1975 RESEARCH PKWY SUITE 230
 COLORADO SPRINGS CO 80920
 PHONE: 719.300.4140
 FAX: 713.965.0044

EASTONVILLE ROAD
 D.R. HORTON
 EL PASO COUNTY, CO

D-R HORTON
America's Builder

EXISTING CONDITIONS - DRAINAGE MAP

SHEET EX-DRN **2**

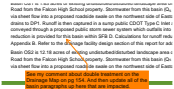
V4_Drainage Report Final - Segment 1.pdf Markup Summary

11 (2)



Subject: SW - Highlight
Page Index: 11
Date: 2/6/2025 5:06:53 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 11

WQ treatment and runoff reduction is provided for this basin within SFB D



Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Index: 11
Date: 2/6/2025 5:14:14 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 11

See my comment about double treatment on the Drainage Map on pg 154. And then update all of the basin paragraphs up here that are impacted.

15 (2)

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Index: 15
Date: 2/10/2025 2:27:46 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 15

This table shows that many basins are receiving double treatment. See my comment about double treatment on the Drainage Map on pg 154. And then update this table accordingly.

Call me if you'd like to talk high-level about general MS4 and ECM App I water quality treatment requirements. There seems to be a disconnect/misunderstanding about what is required. I'd just like to clear things up and keep this project moving along. Thanks.

Subject: SW - Textbox with Arrow
Page Index: 15
Date: 2/10/2025 2:30:38 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 15

From this table, it is unclear how much disturbed area is treated via the BMP listed to the left of this column. See the excel table that I attached to the drainage map for something that might be a bit more clear than this.

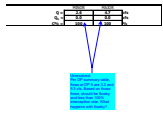
45 (1)



Subject: SW - Textbox
Page Index: 45
Date: 2/10/2025 2:25:55 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 34

Note: I will take a more detailed look at these calcs compared to the RR areas shown on the drainage map once it is sorted out how much RPAs and SPAs are actually necessary per my comments throughout this report about double WQ treatment.

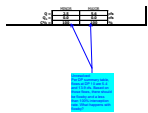
48 (1)



Subject: Callout
Page Index: 48
Date: 2/10/2025 11:46:35 AM
Author: CDurham
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 37

Unresolved:
Per DP summary table, flows at DP 9 are 3.3 and 9.3 cfs. Based on those flows, should be flowby and less than 100% interception rate. What happens with flowby?

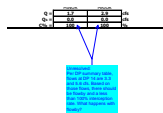
50 (1)



Subject: Callout
Page Index: 50
Date: 2/10/2025 11:47:51 AM
Author: CDurham
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 39

Unresolved:
Per DP summary table, flows at DP 10 are 5.4 and 13.9 cfs. Based on those flows, there should be flowby and a less than 100% interception rate. What happens with flowby?

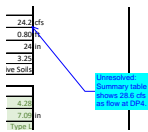
54 (1)



Subject: Callout
Page Index: 54
Date: 2/10/2025 11:48:15 AM
Author: CDurham
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 43

Unresolved:
Per DP summary table, flows at DP 14 are 3.3 and 5.6 cfs. Based on those flows, there should be flowby and a less than 100% interception rate. What happens with flowby?

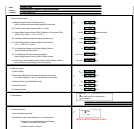
105 (1)



Subject: Callout
Page Index: 105
Date: 2/10/2025 2:15:06 PM
Author: CDurham
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 94

Unresolved:
Summary table shows 28.6 cfs as flow at DP4.

110 (1)



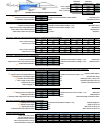
Subject: Checkmark
Page Index: 110
Date: 2/10/2025 4:29:50 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 99

112 (1)



Subject: Checkmark
Page Index: 112
Date: 2/10/2025 12:50:40 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 101

115 (1)



Subject: Checkmark
Page Index: 115
Date: 2/10/2025 4:30:17 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 104

119 (1)



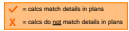
Subject: Checkmark
Page Index: 119
Date: 2/10/2025 1:04:54 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 108

121 (1)



Subject: Checkmark
Page Index: 121
Date: 2/10/2025 4:29:03 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 110

125 (2)



Subject: MHFD Calcs
Page Index: 125
Date: 2/10/2025 1:08:34 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 114



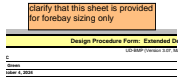
Subject: Checkmark
Page Index: 125
Date: 2/10/2025 4:29:10 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 114

135 (1)



Subject: Checkmark
Page Index: 135
Date: 2/10/2025 1:19:34 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 124

137 (2)



Subject: SW - Textbox
Page Index: 137
Date: 2/10/2025 1:21:33 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 126

clarify that this sheet is provided for forebay sizing only



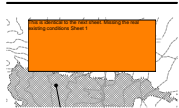
Cc
Ca
Subject: Checkmark
Page Index: 137
Date: 2/10/2025 1:21:52 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 126

140 (1)



Subject: Group
Page Index: 140
Date: 2/10/2025 4:29:23 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: 129

152 (1)



Subject: SW - Textbox
Page Index: 152
Date: 2/6/2025 5:17:45 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: [1] Existing drainage map (2)

This is identical to the next sheet. Missing the real existing conditions Sheet 1



Subject: SW - Textbox
Page Index: 154
Date: 2/10/2025 2:25:36 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: [1] Segment-1

Please take a comprehensive look at the WQ treatment for all basins. As a representative example: look at Basin OS1. You are showing that Basin EA1 is a UIA that is treated by the RPA of OS1. However, both basins are tributary to SFB D. So runoff reduction of these two basins is completely unnecessary (from what I'm understanding), no need to show double treatment. Also, double treatment is undesirable because all RPAs are considered official PCMs that are entered into are post-construction PCM program and thus have to be inspected and maintained for eternity.

So please remove any unnecessary RPA/UIA pairs that are also being treated by a pond downstream.

I think it would be a helpful exercise if you filled out a WQ Treatment Summary Table and included it in this drainage report to better track your disturbances, treatment, and exclusions in each basin. To save you time, I have created an example/go-by table for you to use as a starting point:

PERVIOUS AREA (SPA)



Create another color for areas trib to each pond. All of those areas trib to a pond would not need to be one of the UIA, RPA, or SPA colors above, as long as the respective pond was sized to treat those areas.

Subject: SW - Textbox
Page Index: 154
Date: 2/10/2025 2:19:40 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: [1] Segment-1

Create another color for areas trib to each pond. All of those areas trib to a pond would not need to be one of the UIA, RPA, or SPA colors above, as long as the respective pond was sized to treat those areas.



Subject: File Attachment
Page Index: 154
Date: 2/10/2025 2:25:19 PM
Author: Glenn Reese - EPC Stormwater
Color: ■
Layer:
Space:
Page Label: [1] Segment-1