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PAVEMENT DESIGN REPORT

**Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 3
El Paso County, Colorado**

PREPARED FOR:

**Lorson Ranch Metropolitan District No.1
212 N. Wahsatch Ave. Ste 301
Colorado Springs, CO**

JOB NO. 169428

June 26, 2019

Respectfully Submitted,

RMG – Rocky Mountain Group

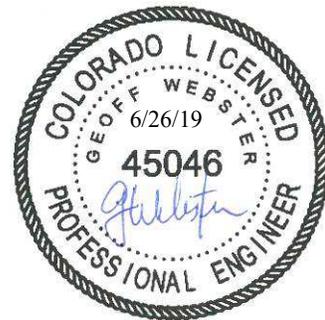
A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Kelli Zigler".

**Kelli Zigler
Project Geologist**

Reviewed by,

RMG – Rocky Mountain Group

**Geoff Webster, P.E.
Sr. Geotechnical Project Engineer**



SF 19-003

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APPENDIX A

1993 AASHTO Empirical Equation for Flexible Pavements

GENERAL SITE AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Location

Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 3 is located northeast of the intersection of Lamprey Drive and the future Lorson Boulevard in El Paso County, Colorado. The location of the site is shown on the Site Vicinity Map, Figure 1

Existing Conditions

At the time of our field investigation, the proposed streets were close to grade and utility mains and services had been installed. Curb and gutter had not been installed.

Project Description

This Pavement Design Report was performed to determine the subsurface conditions present along the roadway alignments and to develop recommendations for the design and construction of the proposed flexible pavements.

The Filing 3 streets included in this investigation are shown on Figure 2. The streets considered below are classified as Residential Urban Local and include Mumford Drive and knuckle, Halifax Drive, Napa Drive, and Yamhill Drive. All streets have 50-foot Right-of Ways with two 15-foot travel lanes.

FIELD INVESTIGATION AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Drilling

The subsurface conditions on the site were investigated by drilling nine (9) exploratory test borings at no greater than 500-foot spacing. The approximate locations of the test borings are presented in the Test Boring Location Plan, Figure 2.

The test borings were advanced with a power-driven, continuous-flight auger drill rig to depths of about 5 to 10 feet below the existing ground surface. Samples were obtained in general accordance with ASTM D-3550 utilizing a 2½-inch OD modified California sampler. Representative bulk samples of subsurface materials were obtained from each boring at a depth of approximately 0 to 2 feet below the existing ground surface. An Explanation of Test Boring Logs is presented in Figure 3. The Test Boring Logs are presented in Figures 4 through 8.

Subsurface Materials

The subsurface materials encountered in the test borings consisted lean clay with sand characterized by high fines content. Bulk samples of the material classified as CL in accordance with the Unified Classification System. For pavement design purposes the bulk soil samples classified as A-6 and A-7 soils in accordance with the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (ASSHTO) classification system. This soil classification is considered “fair” as subgrade material.

Groundwater

Groundwater was not encountered in the test borings at the time of drilling. Groundwater is not expected to affect the construction of the pavements. Fluctuations in groundwater and subsurface moisture conditions may occur due to variations in precipitation and other factors not readily apparent at this time. Development of the property and adjacent properties may also affect groundwater levels.

LABORATORY TESTING

Laboratory Testing

The moisture content for the recovered samples was obtained in the laboratory. Grain-size analysis and Atterberg Limits tests were performed on selected samples for purposes of classification and to develop pertinent engineering properties. A Summary of Laboratory Test Results is presented in Figure 9. Soil Classification Data are presented in Figures 10 and 11. Swell/consolidation test results are presented in Figure 12.

A combined bulk sample of soil from all borings was classified and tested to determine the optimum moisture-density relationship in accordance with ASTM D698 (Standard Proctor compaction test). The combined sample classified as A-7 soil. California Bearing Ratio, CBR tests were performed at varying densities with moisture content near optimum. At 95% of the maximum Modified Proctor density, the CBR of the bulk sample was 3.0. The Moisture-Density Relation Curve is presented in Figure 13. The CBR Test Results are presented in Figures 14 and 15.

The developer intends to install a composite roadway section consisting of Hot Mix Asphalt over Cement-Treated Subgrade (CTS). RMG performed a Mix Design for this composite section.

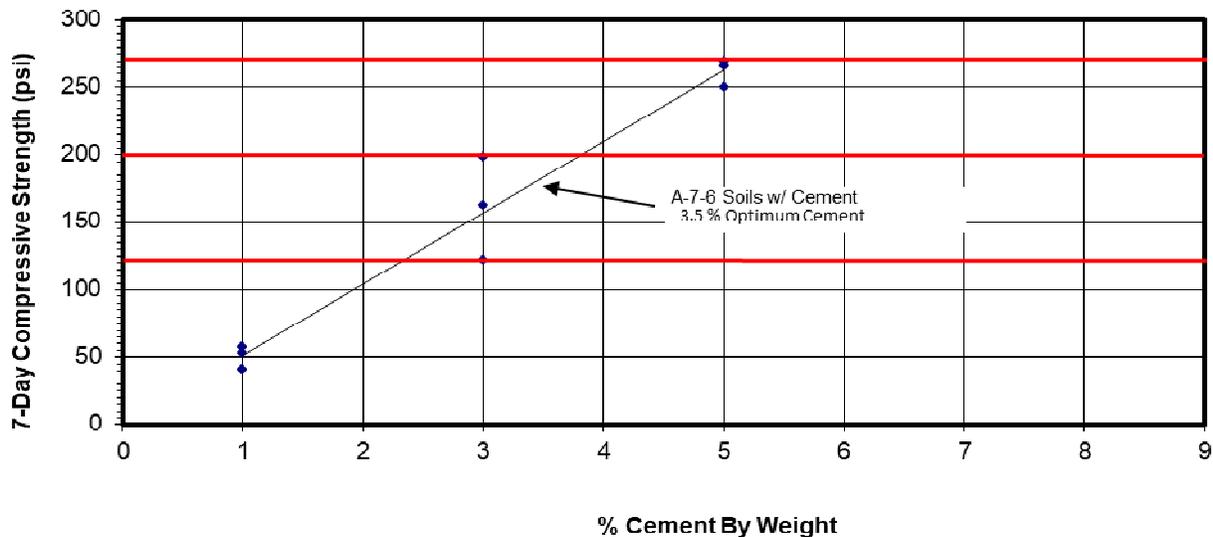
Specimens of soil composed of the on-site A-7 subgrade materials and Portland Cement were prepared by varying the “percent cement by weight” at target values of 1, 3, and 5 percent cement. Three specimens (pucks) were prepared for each target cement value, compacted to 95% of the maximum Modified Proctor density and cured in a saturated condition for 7-days. The compressive strength of each specimen was then determined upon completion of the 7-day curing process. The compressive strengths are presented in the table below:

A-7 Soil Compressive Strength Calculations

CTS Puck	Age/Day	Cap & Plate	Area of Sample	Dial Reading	Load LBF	Total Load	PSI
1A	7	2.12	12.566	65	657.6	659.7	53
1B	7	2.12	12.566	70	708.2	710.3	57
1C	7	2.12	12.566	50	505.9	508.0	40
3A	7	2.12	12.566	150	1517.6	1519.7	121
3B	7	2.12	12.566	245	2478.7	2480.8	197
3C	7	2.12	12.566	201	2033.5	2035.6	162
5A	7	2.12	12.566	334	3379.1	3381.2	269
5B	7	2.12	12.566	329	3328.5	3330.6	265
5C	7	2.12	12.566	310	3136.3	3138.4	250

The data values were then plotted as a function of “7-day Compressive Strength versus Percent Cement by Weight”. In accordance with the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, the target “percent cement by weight” was selected to obtain strengths in the lower Strength Coefficient (SC) categories (SC = 0.11, 125-200 psi; SC = 0.12, 200-275 psi). A target SC = 0.11 is used for CTS soil in the pavement design procedure presented below. Based upon an evaluation of the test data, a target range of 3.5% cement is recommended to maintain strengths below the 275 psi threshold stipulated in the Engineering Criteria Manual.

Compressive Strength vs. Cement Content
Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 3
RMG Job No. 169428
CTS Mix Design Target Values A-7 Soil



PAVEMENT DESIGN

The discussion presented below is based on the subsurface conditions encountered in the test borings, laboratory test results and the project characteristics previously described. If the subsurface conditions are different from those described in this report or the project characteristics change, RMG should be retained to review our recommendations and modify them, if necessary. The conclusions and recommendations presented in this report should be verified by RMG during construction.

The pavement design was performed using the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, Appendix D. The pavement design parameters and design calculations are presented below.

Street Classification – Urban Local

- 1) Mumford Drive and knuckle, Halifax Drive, Napa Drive, and Yamhill Drive

ESAL = 292,000 (Table D-2)

Serviceability Index = 2.0 (Table D-1)

- 2) Strength coefficients (Table D-3)

Asphalt (HMA): $a_1 = 0.44$

Cement Stabilized Subgrade: $a_2 = 0.11$

- 3) Subgrade

$M_r = \text{CBR} \times 1500 = 3.0 \times 1500 = 4,500 \text{ psi}$

- 4) Structural number (SN) = 3.1 (1993 AASHTO Empirical Equation, Appendix A)

- 5) Composite asphalt/base course section

Minimum HMA thickness = $D_1 = 3$ inches (Table D-2)

CTS thickness = $D_2 = \{\text{SN} - (D_1 \times a_1)\} / a_2 = \{3.1 - (3 \times 0.44)\} / 0.11 = 16.2$ inches

Use HMA thickness = 4.5 inches (Paragraph D.4.1-F: base course thickness cannot exceed 2.5 times the HMA thickness)

Try: $D_1 = 4.5$ inches

CTS thickness = $D_2 = \{\text{SN} - (D_1 \times a_1)\} / a_2 = \{3.1 - (4.5 \times 0.44)\} / 0.11 = 10.2$ inches

Use: Minimum CTS thickness = 11 inches

$\text{SN} = (4.5 \times 0.44) + (11 \times 0.11) = 3.2 > 3.1$ (Min. SN required) => OK

Pavement Thickness

The recommended pavement section is presented below and on Figure 2.1.

Recommended Pavement Sections

Mumford Drive and knuckle, Halifax Drive, Napa Drive, and Yamhill Drive	4.5" HMA	11" CTS
Optimal CTS Percent Cement by Weight = 3.5%		

Pavement Materials

Pavement materials should be selected, prepared, and placed in accordance with El Paso County specifications and the *Pikes Peak Region Asphalt Paving Specifications*. Tests should be performed in accordance with the applicable procedures presented in the specifications.

Soil Mitigation

The PDCM notes that mitigation measures may be required for expansive soils, shallow ground water, subgrade instability, etc. Based on the AASHTO classification of the soils in the subdivision, swell testing was performed on 15 soil samples throughout the development. The average swell value proved to be 1.5%, less than the 2.0% threshold stipulated in the Engineering Criteria Manual for subgrade mitigation. Groundwater or wet and unstable soils were not encountered in the borings. Therefore, special mitigation measures do not appear to be necessary for subgrade preparation.

Subgrade Preparation

Subgrade for Lorson Ranch East Filing 3 shall be Cement Treated Subgrade (CTS) composed of a mixture of local soil, water, and Portland cement compacted at optimum moisture. Prior to CTS construction the existing soil should be proof-rolled to a firm and unyielding condition. Areas which deform under wheel loads should be removed and replaced. The soil should then be scarified, pulverized, mixed with cement and water, compacted, finished and cured in lengths that allow the full roadway width to be completed in not more than 4 hours from the time that cement is exposed to water.

The quantity of cement shall be by weight as a percentage of the dry weight of the soil as specified herein (3.5% optimum), and should be applied uniformly on the soil to create a cement and water mixture for the full design width and depth. Mixing should be continuous until the mixture is at optimum moisture and ready for compacting and finishing. Compaction should begin within 30 minutes of mixing. CTS should be maintained in a moist condition during the curing process, and all traffic except for necessary construction equipment should be kept off the CTS for a minimum of 7 days or until the final pavement structure layers are placed.

CTS testing shall be in accordance with the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual. CTS compressive strength test results shall be submitted to the County prior to the placement of the asphalt, in part to confirm the requirement for micro fracturing (MF). Micro fracturing of the CTS shall be

performed when 7-day compressive strength test results indicate CTS strength in excess of 275 psi. The subgrade should be kept in a moist cured condition for 48 to 72 hours before any micro fracturing is performed by a heavy (12-ton) steel drum vibratory roller operating at maximum amplitude. After satisfactory completion of micro fracturing the subgrade should continue to be moist cured by sprinkling or other means.

Surface Drainage

Surface drainage is important for the satisfactory performance of pavement. Wetting of the subgrade soils or base course will cause a loss of strength which can result in pavement distress. Surface drainage should provide for efficient removal of storm-water runoff. Water should not pond on the pavement or at the edges of the pavement.

Subgrade Observations and Testing

The pavement thicknesses presented above assume pavement construction is completed in accordance with El Paso County specifications and the *Pikes Peak Region Asphalt Paving Specifications*. RMG should be present at the site during subgrade preparation, placement of fill, and construction of pavements to perform site observations and testing.

CLOSING

Our field exploration was conducted to provide geotechnical information for pavement thickness design. Variations in subsurface conditions not indicated by the borings may be encountered. This report has been prepared for **Lorson Ranch Metropolitan District No.1** for application as an aid in the design of the proposed development in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. The analyses and recommendations in this report are based in part upon data obtained from exploratory borings and test pits, site observations and the information presented in referenced reports. The nature and extent of variations may not become evident until construction. If variations then become evident, RMG should be retained to re-evaluate the recommendations of this report, if necessary.

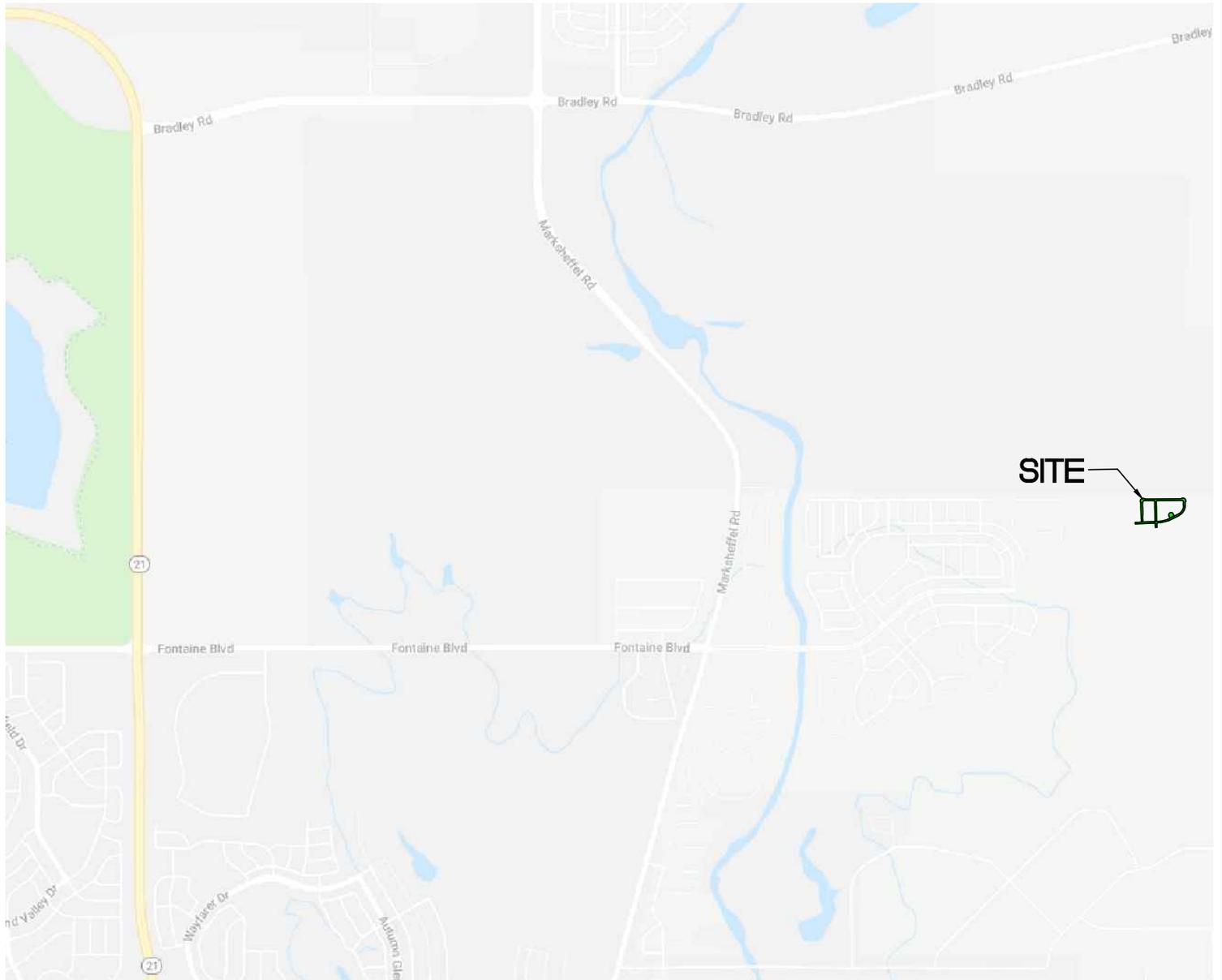
Our professional services were performed using that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised, under similar circumstances, by geotechnical engineers practicing in this or similar localities. RMG Engineers does not warrant the work of regulatory agencies or other third parties supplying information which may have been used during the preparation of this report. No warranty, express or implied is made. Any contractor reviewing this report for bidding purposes must draw his own conclusions regarding site conditions and specific construction techniques to be used on this project.

This report is for the exclusive purpose of providing geotechnical information and pavement thickness design recommendations. The scope of services for this project does not include, either specifically or by implication, environmental assessment of the site or identification of contaminated or hazardous materials or conditions. Development of recommendations for the mitigation of environmentally related conditions, including but not limited to biological or toxicological issues, are beyond the scope of this

report. If the Client desires investigation into the potential for such contamination or conditions, other studies should be undertaken.

If we can be of further assistance in discussing the contents of this report or analysis of the proposed development, from a geotechnical engineering point-of-view, please feel free to contact us.

FIGURES



REFERENCE
NOT TO SCALE



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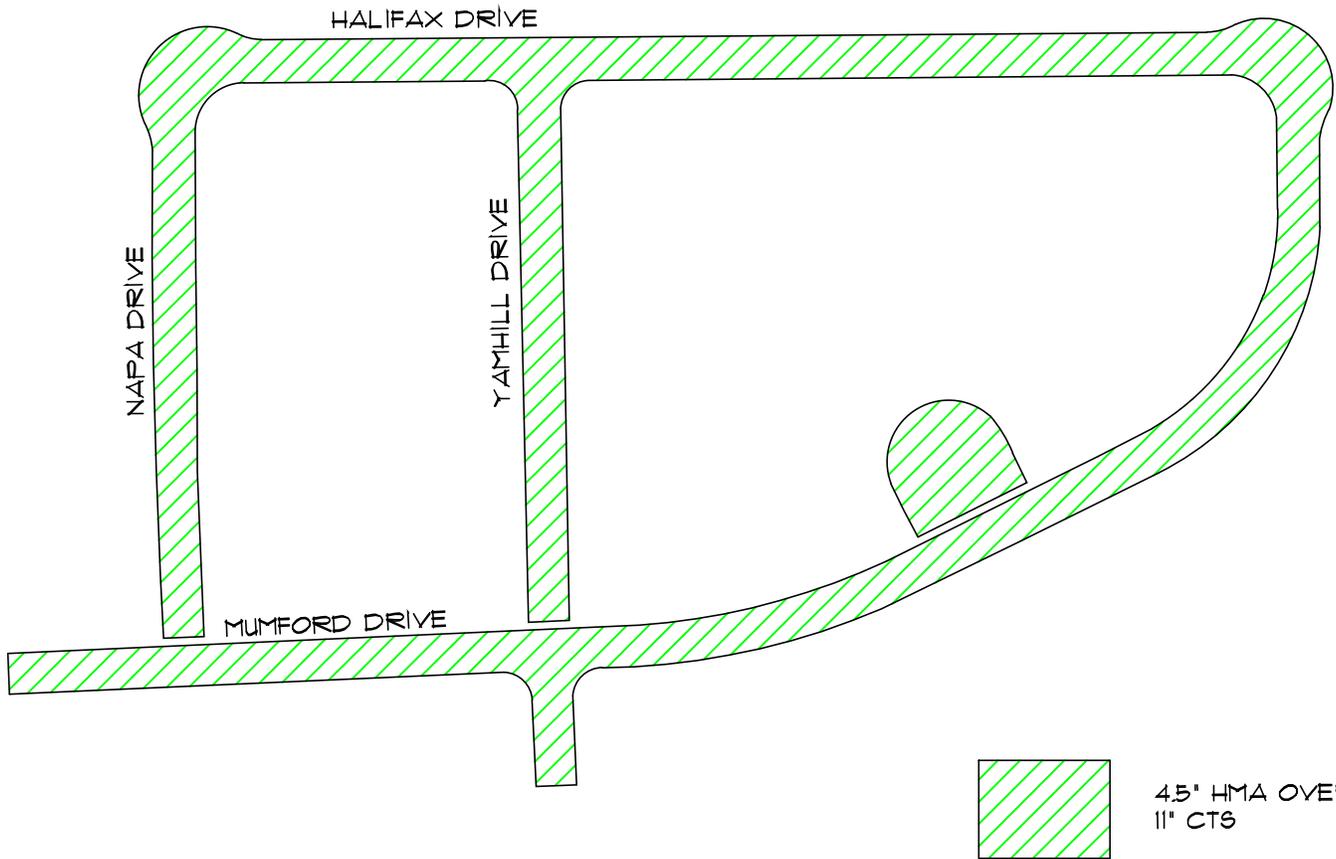
SITE VICINITY MAP

LORSON RANCH EAST, FILING NO. 3
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO
LANDHUIS COMPANY

JOB No. 169428

FIG No. 1

DATE 6-26-2019



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**RECOMMENDED PAVEMENT
SECTION**

LORSON RANCH EAST, FILING NO. 3
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO
LANDHUIS COMPANY

JOB No. 169428

FIG No. 2.1

DATE 6-26-2019

SOILS DESCRIPTION

-  CLAYSTONE
-  FILL: CLAY, SANDY
-  SANDY CLAY

UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL LABORATORY TESTS PRESENTED HEREIN WERE PERFORMED BY:
 RMG - ROCKY MOUNTAIN GROUP
 2910 AUSTIN BLUFFS PARKWAY
 COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

SYMBOLS AND NOTES

-  XX STANDARD PENETRATION TEST - MADE BY DRIVING A SPLIT-BARREL SAMPLER INTO THE SOIL BY DROPPING A 140 LB. HAMMER 30", IN GENERAL ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1586. NUMBER INDICATES NUMBER OF HAMMER BLOWS PER FOOT (UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED).
-  XX UNDISTURBED CALIFORNIA SAMPLE - MADE BY DRIVING A RING-LINED SAMPLER INTO THE SOIL BY DROPPING A 140 LB. HAMMER 30", IN GENERAL ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-3550. NUMBER INDICATES NUMBER OF HAMMER BLOWS PER FOOT (UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED).
-  FREE WATER TABLE
-  DEPTH AT WHICH BORING CAVED
-  BULK DISTURBED BULK SAMPLE
-  AUG AUGER "CUTTINGS"
- 4.5 WATER CONTENT (%)

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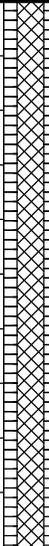
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EXPLANATION OF TEST BORING LOGS

JOB No. 169428

FIGURE No. 3

DATE 6/26/19

TEST BORING: 1 DATE DRILLED: 4/23/19 ELEVATION (FT): NO GROUNDWATER ON 4/23/19	DEPTH (FT)	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	BLOWS PER FT.	WATER CONTENT %	TEST BORING: 2 DATE DRILLED: 4/23/19 ELEVATION (FT): NO GROUNDWATER ON 4/23/19	DEPTH (FT)	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	BLOWS PER FT.	WATER CONTENT %
FILL: CLAY, SANDY, brown, stiff to very stiff, moist	5		 	25 16	13.7 16.2	CLAY, SANDY, light brown to brown, very stiff, moist	5		 	34 26	13.6 8.9
	10			13	11.1						

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TEST BORING LOG

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FIGURE No. 4

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TEST BORING: 3 DATE DRILLED: 4/23/19 ELEVATION (FT): NO GROUNDWATER ON 4/23/19	DEPTH (FT)	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	BLOWS PER FT.	WATER CONTENT %	TEST BORING: 4 DATE DRILLED: 4/23/19 ELEVATION (FT): NO GROUNDWATER ON 4/23/19	DEPTH (FT)	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	BLOWS PER FT.	WATER CONTENT %
CLAY, SANDY, brown, very stiff, moist	5		 	23 29	10.4 7.7	CLAY, SANDY, with gravels and cobbles, light brown to brown, stiff to hard, moist	5		 	50/6" 18	16.7 7.3

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TEST BORING LOG

JOB No. 169428

FIGURE No. 5

DATE 6/26/19

TEST BORING: 5 DATE DRILLED: 4/23/19 ELEVATION (FT): NO GROUNDWATER ON 4/23/19	DEPTH (FT)	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	BLOWS PER FT.	WATER CONTENT %	TEST BORING: 6 DATE DRILLED: 4/23/19 ELEVATION (FT): NO GROUNDWATER ON 4/23/19	DEPTH (FT)	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	BLOWS PER FT.	WATER CONTENT %
CLAY, SANDY, brown, very stiff, moist	5			23	8.4	CLAY, SANDY, light brown to brown, very stiff, moist	5			36	12.0
CLAYSTONE, SANDY, brown to dark brown, hard, moist	10			33	12.5					37	9.8
				47	11.9						

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TEST BORING LOG

JOB No. 169428

FIGURE No. 6

DATE 6/26/19

TEST BORING: 9 DATE DRILLED: 4/23/19 ELEVATION (FT): NO GROUNDWATER ON 4/23/19	DEPTH (FT)	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	BLOWS PER FT.	WATER CONTENT %	
CLAY, SANDY, brown, stiff, moist	5		 	10 15	10.7 11.6	

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TEST BORING LOG

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FIGURE No. 8

DATE 6/26/19

Test Boring No.	Depth	Water Content (%)	Dry Density (pcf)	Liquid Limit	Plasticity Index	% Retained No.10 Sieve	% Retained No.40 Sieve	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	% Swell @ 100 psf	AASHTO Classification
1	2.0	13.7		42	23	1.0	1.9	82.0	2.0	A-7-6 (19)
1	4.0	16.2								
1	9.0	11.1								
2	2.0	13.6		36	21	3.8	7.7	68.2	1.1	A-6 (12)
2	4.0	8.9								
3	2.0	10.4		32	16	10.3	14.6	50.0	2.1	A-6 (5)
3	4.0	7.7								
4	2.0	16.7		38	22	14.4	17.5	66.9	0.1	A-6 (12)
4	4.0	7.3								
5	2.0	8.4		43	25	1.4	2.8	87.2	0.4	A-7-6 (22)
5	4.0	12.5								
5	9.0	11.9								
6	2.0	12.0		41	22	4.7	9.3	77.0	1.3	A-7-6 (16)
6	4.0	9.8								
7	2.0	11.6		37	22	0.9	5.1	74.4		A-6 (14)
7	4.0	19.8								
8	2.0	15.7		36	20	0.9	3.2	79.1		A-6 (14)
8	4.0	8.9								
8	9.0	13.1								
9	2.0	10.7		35	18	0.8	3.4	78.1		A-6 (13)
9	4.0	11.6								
A-7	2.0	16.5	112.0						3.6	

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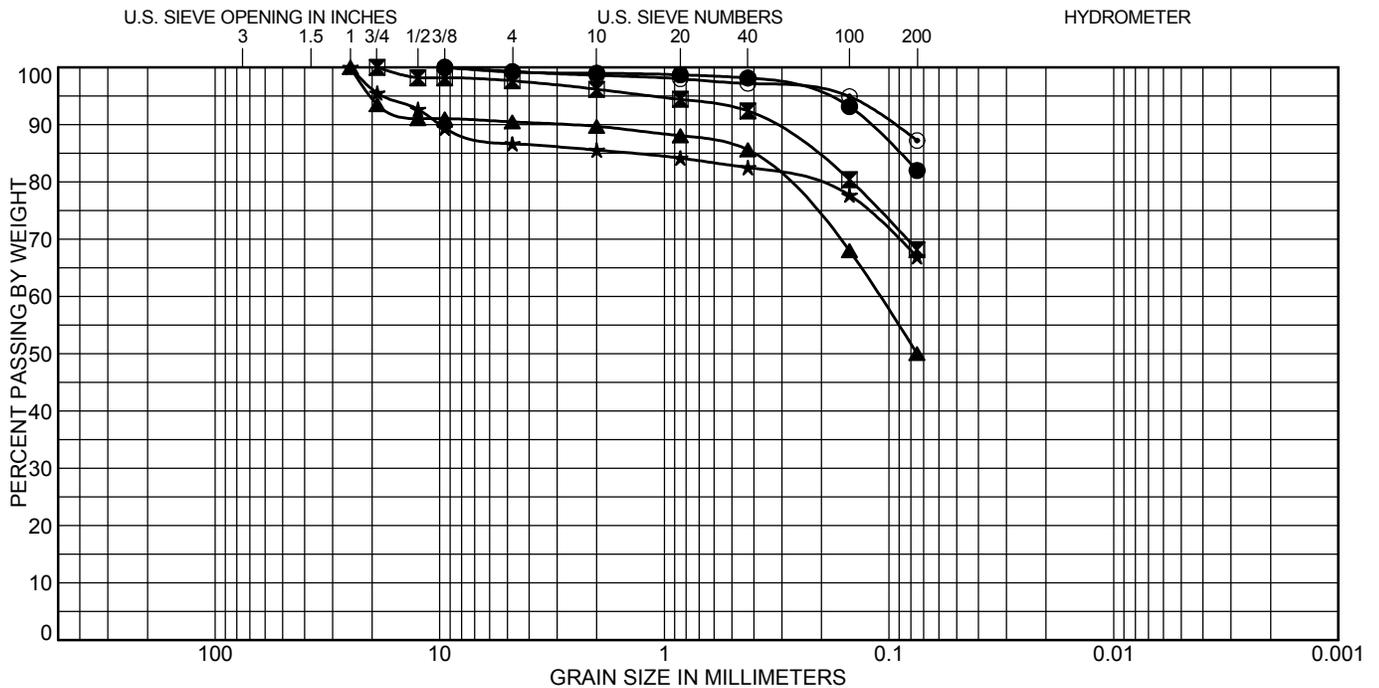
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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

JOB No. 169428
 FIGURE No. 9
 PAGE 1 OF 1
 DATE 6/26/19



COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT OR CLAY
	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	

Test Boring	Depth (ft)	Classification	LL	PL	PI	Cc	Cu
● 1	2.0	A-7-6 (19)	42	19	23		
☒ 2	2.0	A-6 (12)	36	15	21		
▲ 3	2.0	A-6 (5)	32	16	16		
★ 4	2.0	A-6 (12)	38	16	22		
⊙ 5	2.0	A-7-6 (22)	43	18	25		

Test Boring	Depth (ft)	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay
● 1	2.0	0.8	17.2	82.0	
☒ 2	2.0	2.3	29.5	68.2	
▲ 3	2.0	9.5	40.4	50.0	
★ 4	2.0	13.4	19.7	66.9	
⊙ 5	2.0	0.7	12.1	87.2	

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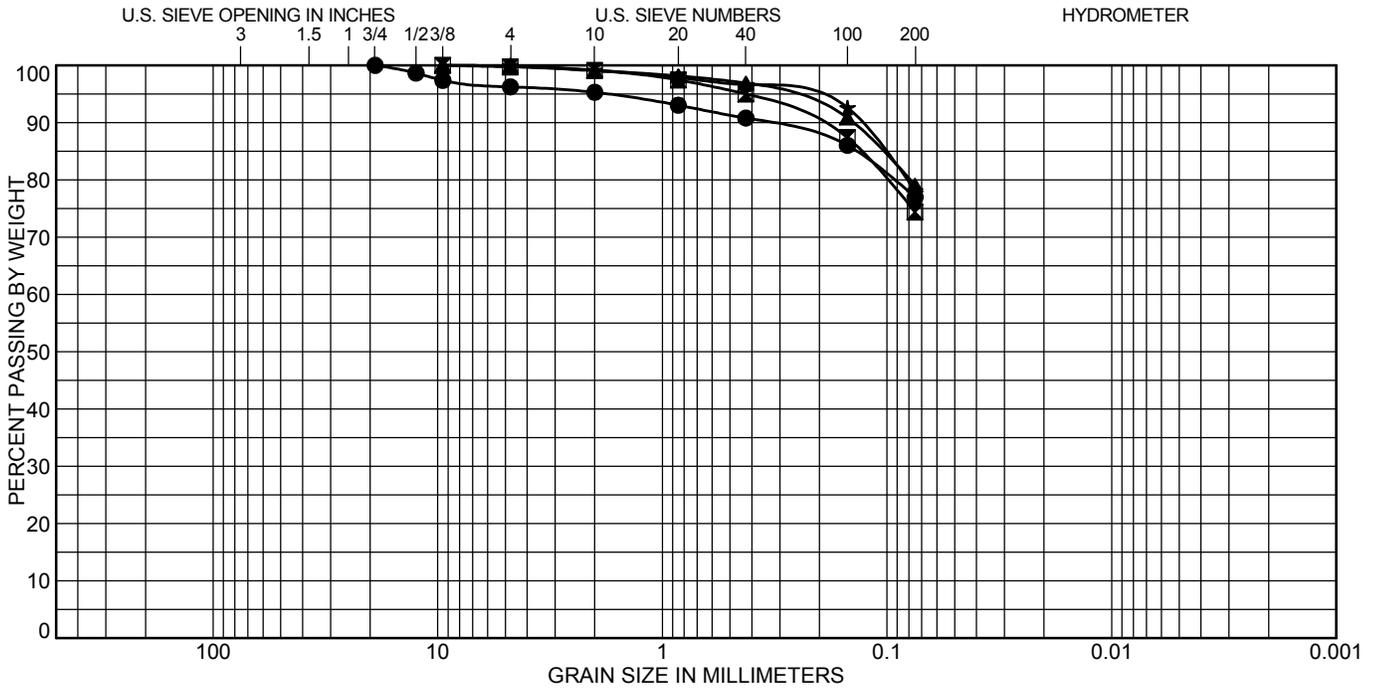
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SOIL CLASSIFICATION DATA

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FIGURE No. 10

DATE 6/26/19



COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT OR CLAY
	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	

Test Boring	Depth (ft)	Classification	LL	PL	PI	Cc	Cu
● 6	2.0	A-7-6 (16)	41	19	22		
☒ 7	2.0	A-6 (14)	37	15	22		
▲ 8	2.0	A-6 (14)	36	16	20		
★ 9	2.0	A-6 (13)	35	17	18		

Test Boring	Depth (ft)	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay
● 6	2.0	3.8	19.2	77.0	
☒ 7	2.0	0.3	25.3	74.4	
▲ 8	2.0	0.1	20.8	79.1	
★ 9	2.0	0.0	21.9	78.1	

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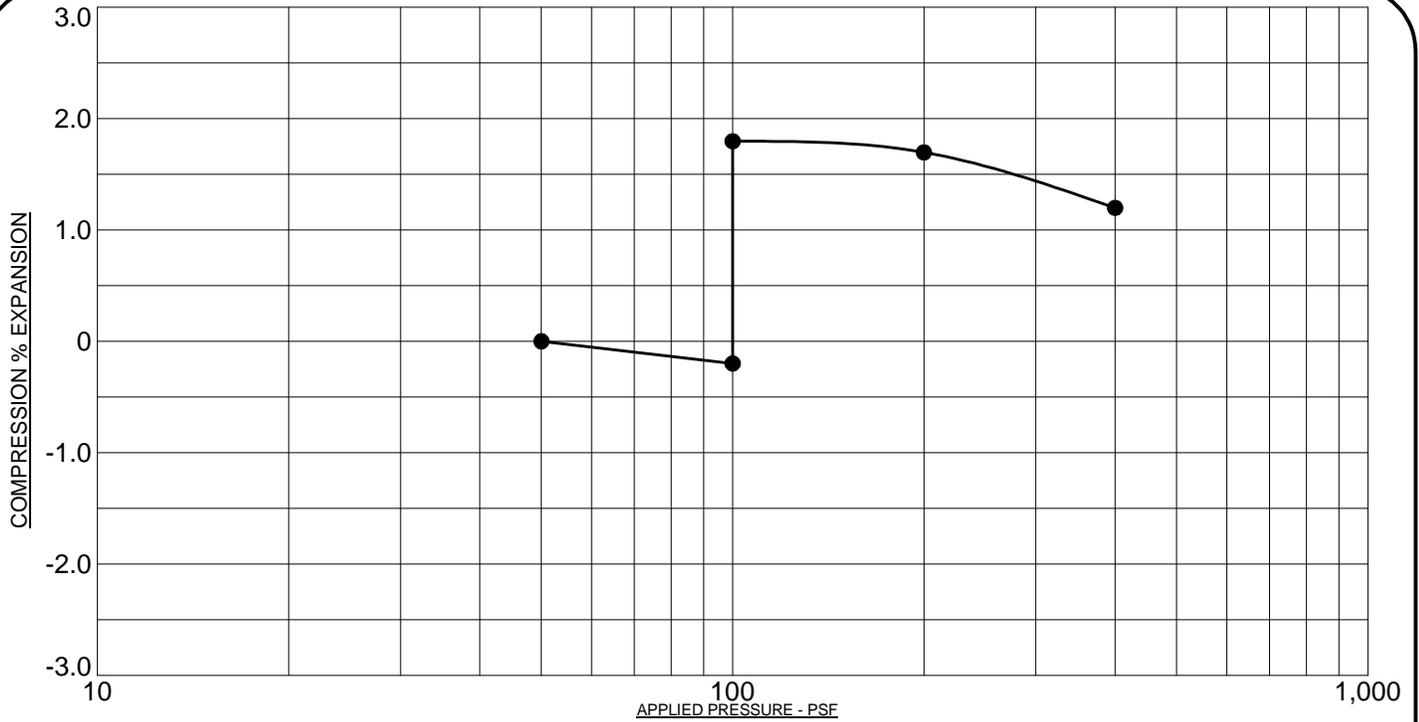
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SOIL CLASSIFICATION DATA

JOB No. 169428

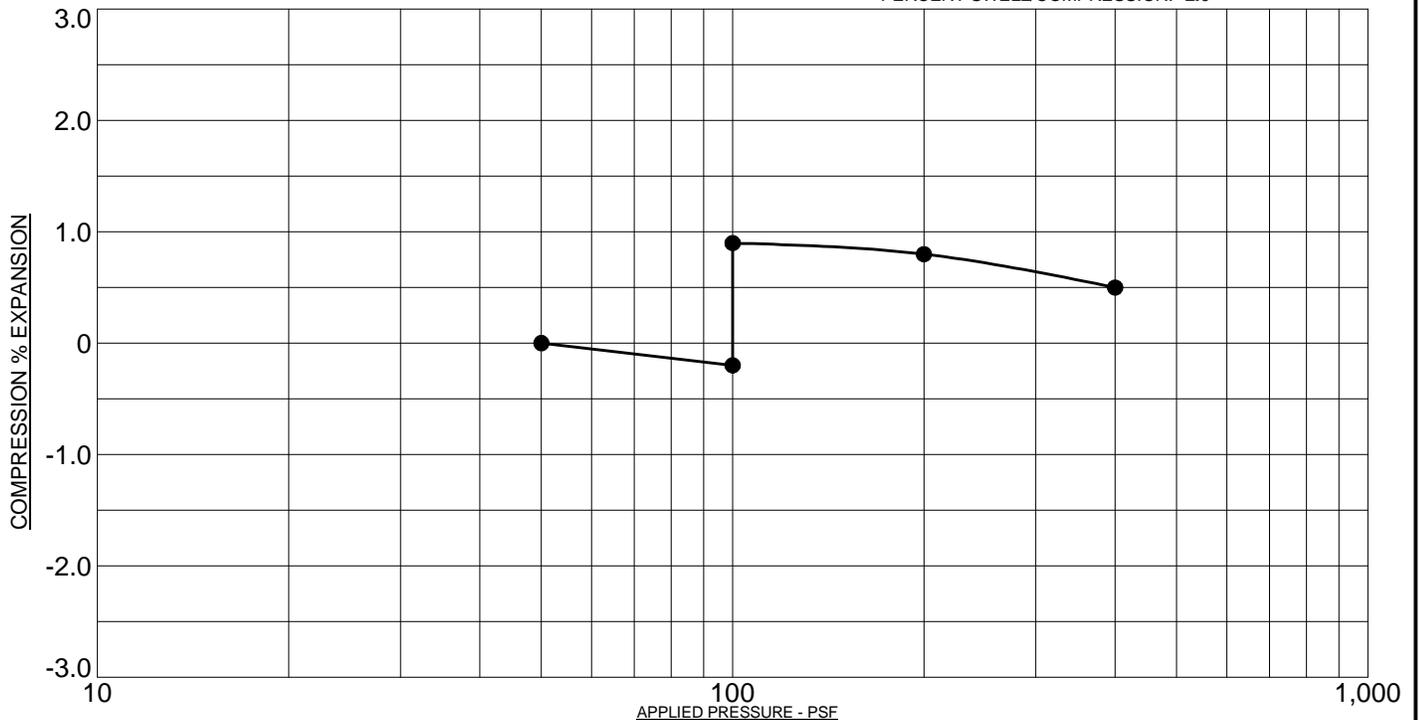
FIGURE No. 11

DATE 6/26/19



PROJECT: **Lorson Ranch, Filing No. 3, El Paso County**
 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: **FILL: CLAY, SANDY**
 NOTE: **SAMPLE WAS INUNDATED WITH WATER AT 100 PSF**

SAMPLE LOCATION: **1 @ 1 FT**
 NATURAL DRY UNIT WEIGHT: **112.7 PCF**
 NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT: **16.8%**
 PERCENT SWELL/COMPRESSION: **2.0**



PROJECT: **Lorson Ranch, Filing No. 3, El Paso County**
 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: **FILL: CLAY, SANDY**
 NOTE: **SAMPLE WAS INUNDATED WITH WATER AT 100 PSF**

SAMPLE LOCATION: **2 @ 2 FT**
 NATURAL DRY UNIT WEIGHT: **105.7 PCF**
 NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT: **17.0%**
 PERCENT SWELL/COMPRESSION: **1.1**

ROCKY MOUNTAIN GROUP

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Structural
Forensics



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Colorado Springs, CO 80918
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SOUTHERN COLORADO, DENVER METRO, NORTHERN COLORADO

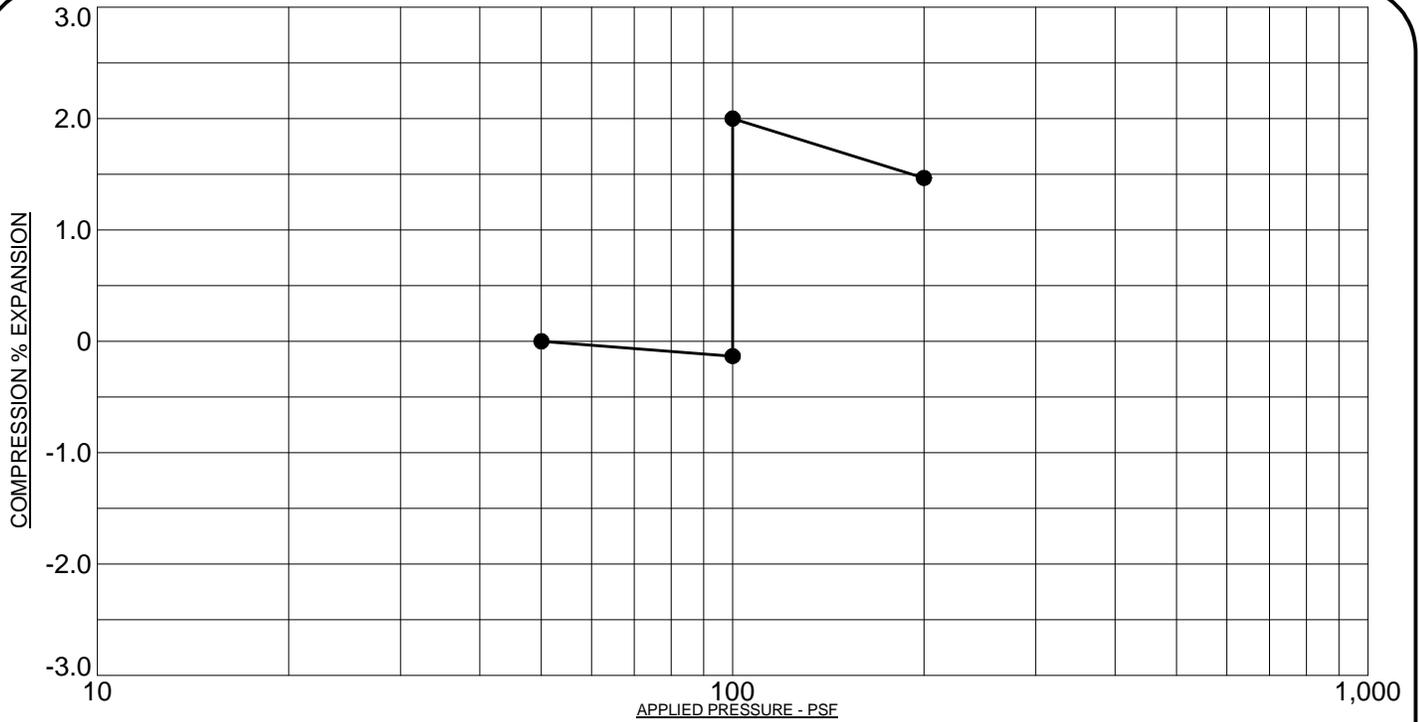
Geotechnical
Materials Testing
Civil, Planning

SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

JOB No. 169428

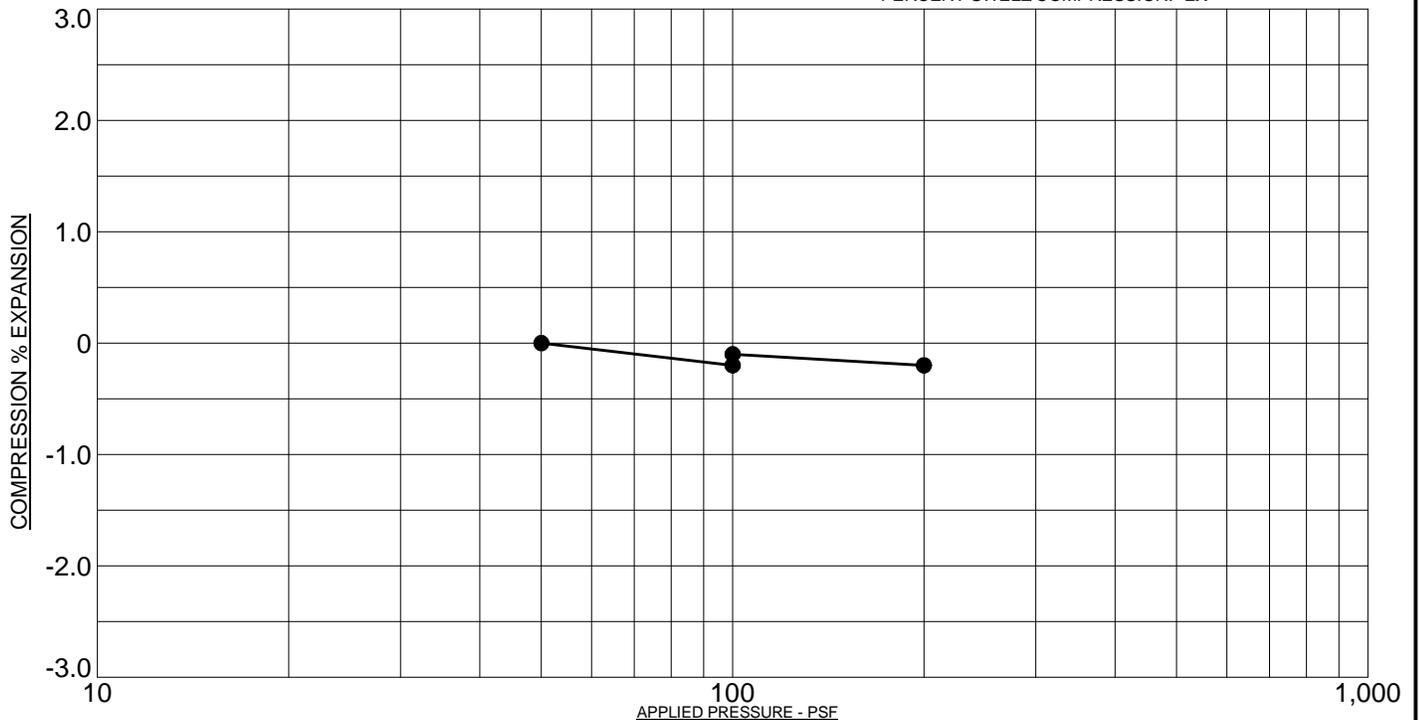
FIGURE No. 12

DATE 6/26/19



PROJECT: **Lorson Ranch, Filing No. 3, El Paso County**
 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: **CLAY, SANDY**
 NOTE: **SAMPLE WAS INUNDATED WITH WATER AT 100 PSF**

SAMPLE LOCATION: **3 @ 1 FT**
 NATURAL DRY UNIT WEIGHT: **105.5 PCF**
 NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT: **16.6%**
 PERCENT SWELL/COMPRESSION: **2.1**



PROJECT: **Lorson Ranch, Filing No. 3, El Paso County**
 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: **CLAY, SANDY**
 NOTE: **SAMPLE WAS INUNDATED WITH WATER AT 100 PSF**

SAMPLE LOCATION: **4 @ 1 FT**
 NATURAL DRY UNIT WEIGHT: **80.0 PCF**
 NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT: **17.8%**
 PERCENT SWELL/COMPRESSION: **0.1**

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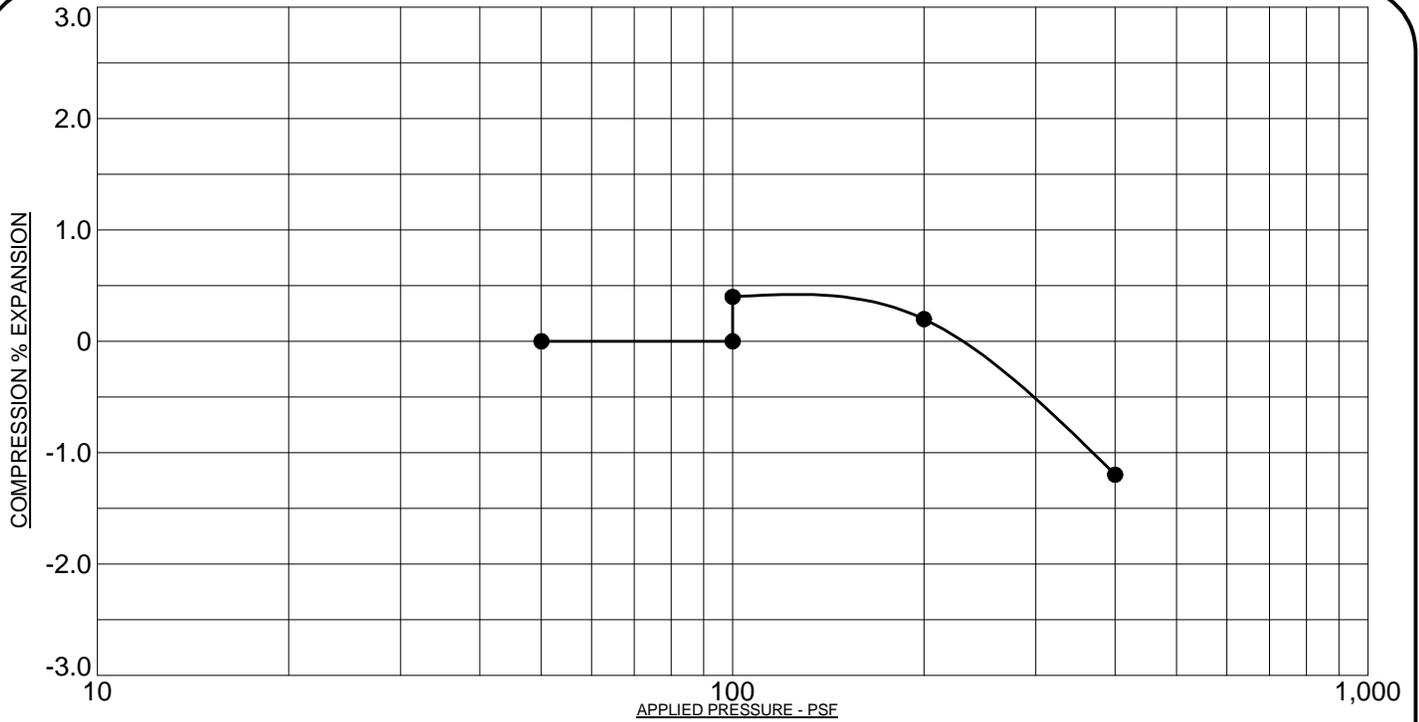
Geotechnical
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Civil, Planning

SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

JOB No. 169428

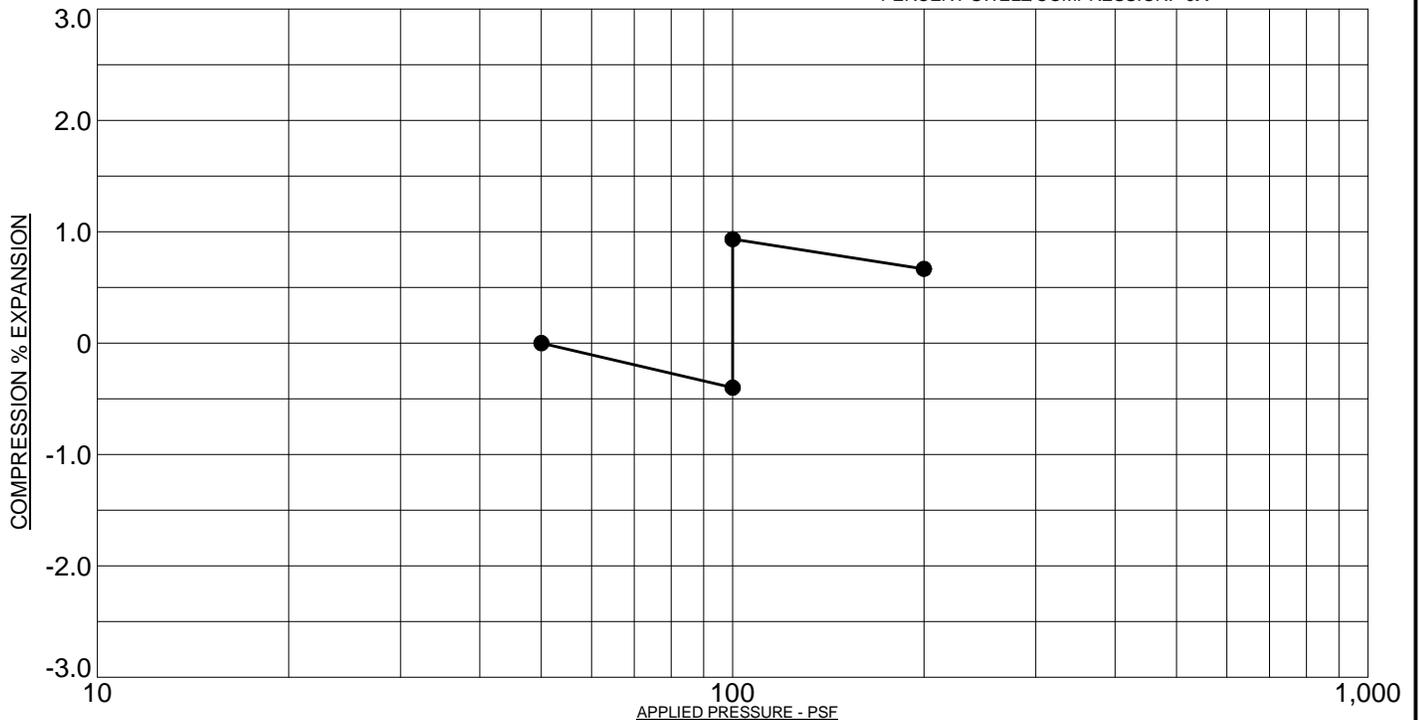
FIGURE No. 12.1

DATE 6/26/19



PROJECT: **Lorson Ranch, Filing No. 3, El Paso County**
 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: **FILL: SAND, CLAYEY**
 NOTE: **SAMPLE WAS INUNDATED WITH WATER AT 100 PSF**

SAMPLE LOCATION: **5 @ 1 FT**
 NATURAL DRY UNIT WEIGHT: **94.8 PCF**
 NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT: **16.2%**
 PERCENT SWELL/COMPRESSION: **0.4**



PROJECT: **Lorson Ranch, Filing No. 3, El Paso County**
 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: **FILL: CLAY, SANDY**
 NOTE: **SAMPLE WAS INUNDATED WITH WATER AT 100 PSF**

SAMPLE LOCATION: **6 @ 1 FT**
 NATURAL DRY UNIT WEIGHT: **103.1 PCF**
 NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT: **18.2%**
 PERCENT SWELL/COMPRESSION: **1.3**

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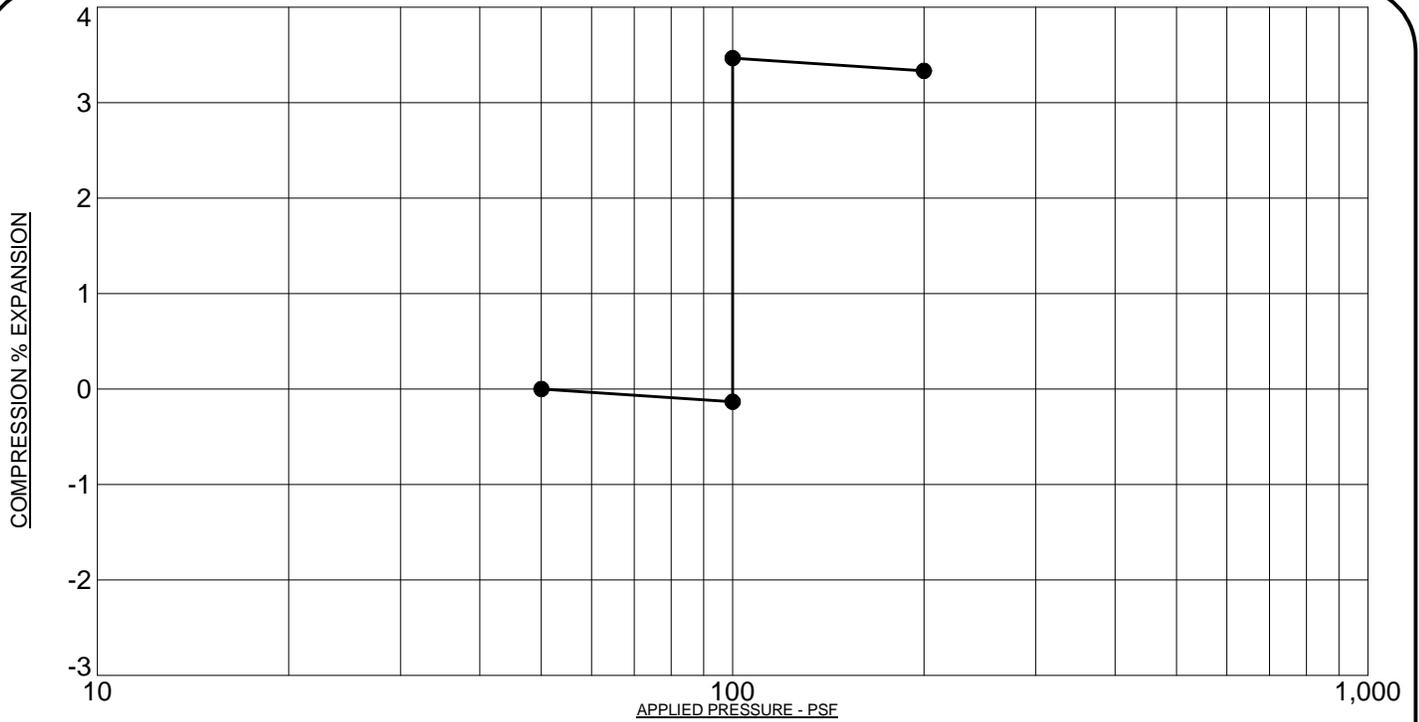
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SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

JOB No. 169428

FIGURE No. 12.2

DATE 6/26/19



PROJECT: **Lorson Ranch East, Filing No. 3, El Paso County, Colorado**
 SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: **A-7**
 NOTE: **SAMPLE WAS INUNDATED WITH WATER AT 100 PSF**

SAMPLE LOCATION: **A-7 @ 2 FT**
 NATURAL DRY UNIT WEIGHT: **112.0 PCF**
 NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT: **16.5%**
 PERCENT SWELL/COMPRESSION: **3.6**

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SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

JOB No. 169428

FIGURE No. 12.3

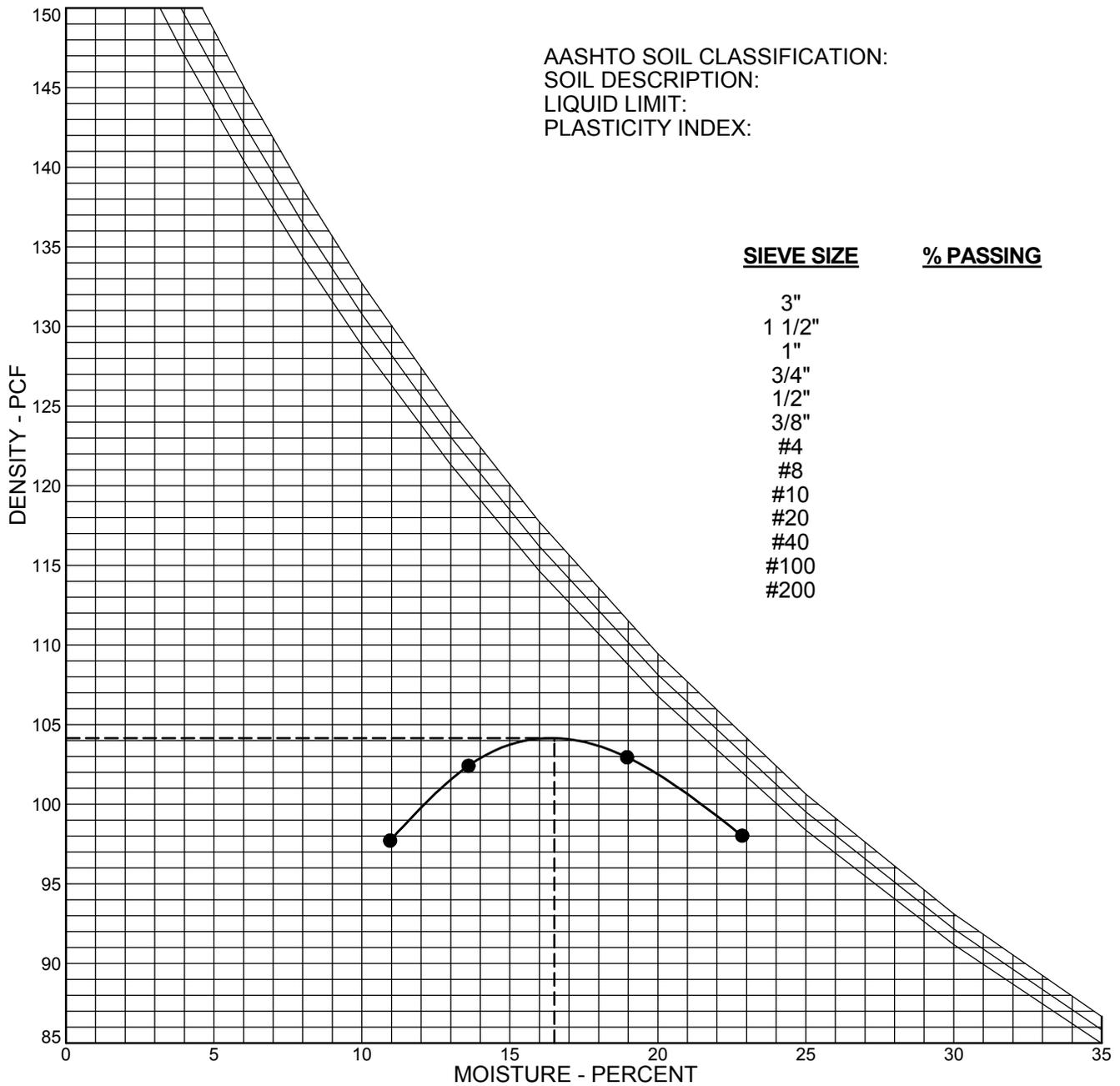
DATE 6/26/19

CLIENT: Landhuis Company

SAMPLE NUMBER: A-7

PROJECT: Lorson Ranch East, Filing No. 3, El Paso County, Colorado

AASHTO SOIL CLASSIFICATION:
SOIL DESCRIPTION:
LIQUID LIMIT:
PLASTICITY INDEX:



DESIGNATION **AASHTO 698A**
MAX. DRY DENSITY **104.2 pcf**
OPTIMUM MOISTURE **16.5 %**
FRACTION USED **#4**
MOLD VOLUME **0.0333 cu.ft.**

NOTE:
ZERO AIR VOIDS CURVES
PLOTTED FOR:
Gs = 2.60
Gs = 2.65
Gs = 2.70

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MOISTURE-DENSITY RELATION CURVE

JOB No. 169428

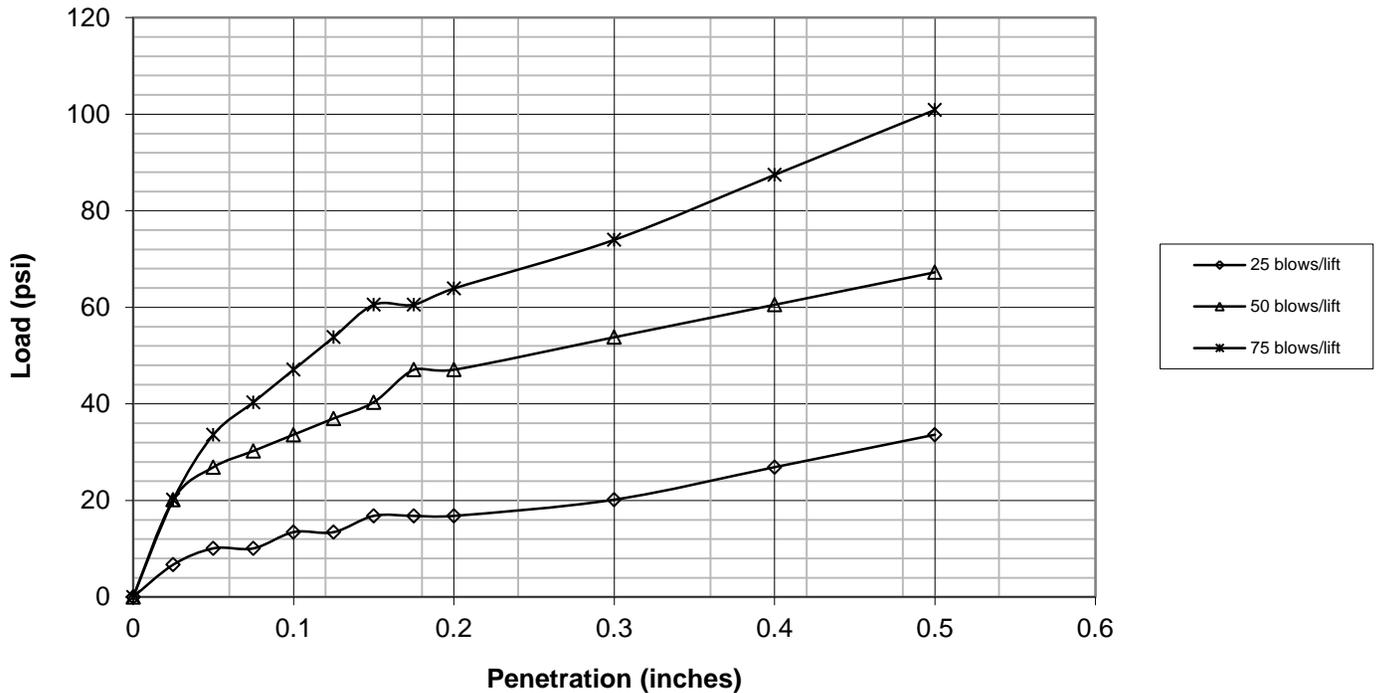
FIGURE No. 13

DATE 6/26/19

CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO TEST RESULTS

PROJECT: Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 3
 JOB NUMBER: 169428 TEST DATE: 6/7/2019
 AASHTO: A-7
 SAMPLE NUMBER: CBR
 SAMPLE LOCATION: Combination bulk sample from A-7 Test Borings
 SOIL DESCRIPTION: Sandy Lean clay (CL)

	25 blows/lift	50 blows/lift	75 blows/lift
Penetration (in)	Load (psi)	Load (psi)	Load (psi)
0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.025	6.7	20.2	20.2
0.050	10.1	26.9	33.6
0.075	10.1	30.3	40.4
0.100	13.5	33.6	47.1
0.125	13.5	37.0	53.8
0.150	16.8	40.4	60.5
0.175	16.8	47.1	60.5
0.200	16.8	47.1	63.9
0.300	20.2	53.8	74.0
0.400	26.9	60.5	87.4
0.500	33.6	67.3	100.9



	25 blows/lift	50 blows/lift	75 blows/lift
Corrected Penetration (in)	Corrected Load (psi)	Corrected Load (psi)	Corrected Load (psi)
0.1	1.3	3.4	4.7
0.2	1.1	3.1	4.3

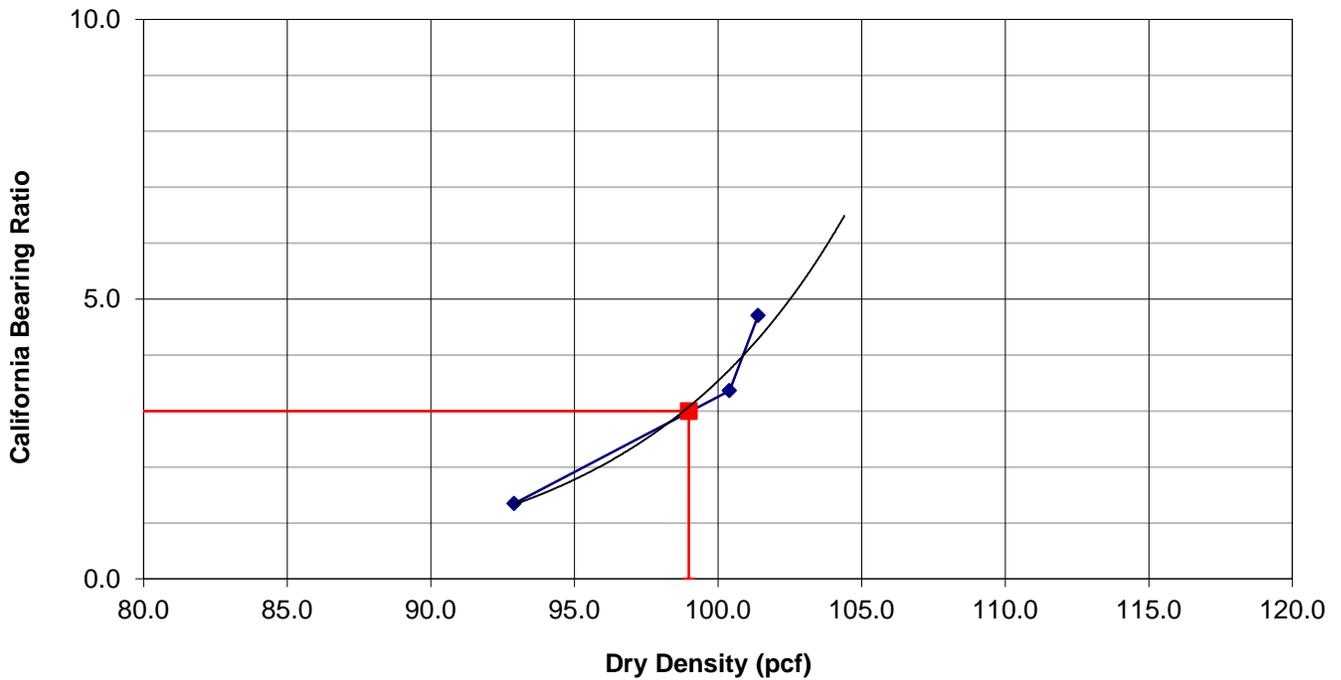


Figure No. 14

CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO TEST RESULTS

PROJECT: Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 3
 JOB NUMBER: 169428 TEST DATE: 6/7/2019
 AASHTO CLASSIFICATION: A-7
 SAMPLE NUMBER: CBR
 SAMPLE LOCATION: Combination bulk sample from A-7 Test Borings
 SOIL DESCRIPTION: Sandy Lean clay (CL)

	25 blows/lift	50 blows/lift	75 blows/lift
Corrected California Bearing Ratio	1.3	3.4	4.7
Dry Density (pcf)	92.9	100.4	101.4
Percent Compaction	89	96	97
Percent Moisture After Soaking	34.2	30.7	28.3
Percent Expansion/Compression	4.0	2.3	3.9
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	12.60	12.61	12.65



California Bearing Ratio	3.0
Dry Density (pcf)	104.2
Percent Compaction	95.00%
Target Dry Density	99.0
Compaction Test Method	ASTM D-698
Condition of sample	Soaked



Figure No. 15

APPENDIX A

1993 AASHTO Empirical Equation for Flexible Pavements

Equation Solver

Variable Descriptions and Typical Values

Precautions

Type in data in the grey boxes and click the calculate button to see the output. To make additional calculations, change the desired input data and click the calculate button again. Click on the text descriptions of the input or output variables for more information.

INPUT

1. Loading

Total Design ESALs (W_{18}):

2. Reliability

Reliability Level in percent (R): ▼

Combined Standard Error (S_0):

3. Serviceability

Initial Serviceability Index (p_i):

Terminal Serviceability Index (p_t):

4. Layer Parameters

Number of Base Layers: ▼

	a	m	M_R	Min. Depth
Surface	<input type="text" value="0.44"/>	1.0	N/A	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Subgrade	N/A	N/A	<input type="text" value="4500"/>	N/A

OUTPUT

1. Calculation Parameters

Standard Normal Deviate (z_R):

Δ PSI:

Design Structural Number (SN):

2. Layer Depths (to the nearest 1/2 inch)

Surface:

Total SN based on layer depths:

[See Solution Details](#)

Comments

[Calculate](#)