FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR STERLING RANCH RECYCLING FACILITY

Prepared For:

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November 2022 Project No. 25188.14 PCD Filing No: PPR-22-041

Prepared By:
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Colorado Springs, CO 80919
719-593-2593



ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage letter has been prepared according to the criteria established by El Paso County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Mike Bramlett, Colorado P.E. 32314
For and On Behalf of JR Engineering, LLC

DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

| Business Name: | SR Land, LLC | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|---|
| | | |
| | | |
| _ | | |
| By: | | _ |
| | | |
| Title: | | |
| Address: | 20 Paulder Crassent Suite 200 | - |
| Address. | 20 Boulder Crescent, Suite 200 | - |
| | Colorado Springs, CO 80903 | |

El Paso County:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2 and Engineering Criteria Manual, as amended.

County Engineer/ ECM Administrator



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PURPOSE

This document is the Drainage Report for Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility. The purpose of this report is to identify on-site and off-site drainage patterns, areas tributary to the site, compare predevelopment and proposed drainage conditions.

GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

GENERAL LOCATION

Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility (hereby referred to as the "site") is a proposed development within the Sterling Ranch master planned community with a total area of approximately 32 acres that is presently used as a concrete and asphalt recycling facility.

The site is located in north half of Section 5, Township 13 South, Range 65 West of the Sixth Principal Meridian in El Paso County, State of Colorado. The site is bounded by Marksheffle Road to the northeast, Pioneer Sand CO to the west, and un platted land borders the site to the south and north. Refer to the vicinity map in Appendix A for additional information.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

In the existing and proposed condition, the property is used as an asphalt and concrete recycling facility with gravel drives, a staging area and some existing grasslands. The site generally slope(s) to the south at 1 to 6% towards an existing 8' berm on the southern edge of the property.

Soils for this project are classified as Blakeland Loamy Sand (8) and Columbine Gravelly Sandy Loam (19). These soils are characterized as hydrologic soil types Type A. Group A soils exhibit high infiltration rates when thoroughly wet, and consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. Refer to the soil survey map in Appendix A for additional information.

There are no known irrigation facilities located on the project site.

FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

Based on the FEMA FIRM Maps number 08041C0533G, dated December 7, 2018, the entire site lies within Zone X. Zone X is defined as area outside the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) and higher than the elevation of the 0.2-percent-annual-chance (or 500-year) flood. FIRM Maps have been presented in Appendix A.



EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

MAJOR BASIN DESCRIPTIONS

The site lies within the upper Sand Creek Drainage Basin based on the "Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study" (DBPS) completed by Kiowa Engineering Corporation in January 1993, revised March 1996. The Sand Creek Drainage Basin covers approximately 54 square miles and is divided into 7 major sub-basins. The site is within the respective upper basin Sand Creek sub-basin as shown in Appendix C.

The site generally drains from north to southwest. Currently, the site is used as pasture land for cattle. Sand Creek is located west of the site running north to south. This reach of drainage conveyance is not currently improved. Currently, Kiowa is performing studies and plans to address Sand Creek stabilization adjacent to the site.

EXISTING SUB-BASIN DRAINAGE

The existing condition of the site was broken into five major basins. The basin and sub-basin delineation is shown in the existing drainage map in Appendix D and is described as follows:

Sub-basin EX1 (Q_5 = 2.4cfs, Q_{100} =10.2cfs) is 7.45 acres and 11 percent impervious and is located offsite southeast of Vollmer Road and southwest of Marksheffel Road. Runoff from this basin sheet flows from the northwest to southeast to the ditch along Marksheffel Road at design point 1.

Sub-basin EX2 (Q_5 = 14.4cfs, Q_{100} =33.2cfs) is 9.53 acres and 47 percent impervious and consists of Markshaffel Road. Runoff from this basin sheet flows southeast along the flow lines and is collected in on grade inlets in Markshaffel Road, and piped to the existing detention pond east of Markshaffel Road at design point 2.

Sub-basin EX3 (Q_5 = 1.9cfs, Q_{100} =11.4cfs) is 5.06 acres and 4 percent impervious and is located offsite just east of the recycling facility and west of Markshaffel Road. Runoff from this basin sheet flows southeast to design point 3 and is piped east to the existing detention pond east of Marksheffel Road.

Sub-basin EX4 (Q_5 = 7.7cfs, Q_{100} =40.6cfs) is 26.07 acres and is 6 percent impervious and is located in the central portion of the site. Runoff from this basin sheet flows south towards the existing 8' berm at design point 4.

Sub-basin EX5 (Q_5 = 1.1cfs, Q_{100} =5.0cfs) is 2.59 acres and is 9 percent impervious and is located on the western portion of the site. Runoff from this basin sheet flows southwest to design point 5 located just north of the existing 8' berm.



Sub-basin EX6 (Q_5 = 0.9cfs, Q_{100} =5.8cfs) is 3.77 acres and is 2 percent impervious and is located on the southwest portion of the site. Runoff from this basin sheet flows southwest to the existing stock ponds

PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

PROPOSED SUB-BASIN DRAINAGE

The proposed site was broken into five basins including two onsite basins and three offsite basins. The proposed basin delineation is shown on the drainage basin map within Appendix D and is described as follows.

Basin OS1 (Q_5 = 2.4cfs, Q_{100} =10.2cfs) is 7.45 acres and 11 percent impervious and is located offsite southeast of Vollmer Road and southwest of Marksheffel Road. Runoff from this basin sheet flows from the northwest to southeast to the ditch along Marksheffel Road at design point 1.

Basin OS2 (Q_5 = 14.4cfs, Q_{100} =33.2cfs) is 9.53 acres and 47 percent impervious and consists of Markshaffel Road. Runoff from this basin sheet flows southeast along the flow lines and is collected in on grade inlets in Markshaffel Road, and piped to the existing detention pond east of Markshaffel Road at design point 2.

Basin OS3 (Q_5 = 1.9cfs, Q_{100} =11.4cfs) is 5.06 acres and 4 percent impervious and is located offsite just east of the recycling facility and west of Markshaffel Road. Runoff from this basin sheet flows southeast to design point 3 and is piped east to the existing detention pond east of Marksheffel Road.

Basin 4a (Q_5 = 5.9cfs, Q_{100} =27.5cfs) is 15.20 acres and is 9 percent impervious and is located in the central portion of the site. Runoff from this basin sheet flows south towards the existing 8' berm at design point 4.

Basin 4b (Q_5 = 3.8cfs, Q_{100} =19.1cfs) is 11.42 acres and is 8 percent impervious and is located on the east portion of the site. Runoff from this basin sheet flows south towards the existing 8' berm at design point 5.

Basin B (Q_5 = 2.0cfs, Q_{100} =11.4cfs) is 6.36 acres and is 5 percent impervious and is located on the western portion of the site. Runoff from this basin sheet flows southwest to design point 6 located just north of the existing 8' berm.



DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA REFERENCE

Storm drainage analysis and design criteria for this project were taken from the "City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1 and 2 (EPCDCM), dated October 12, 1994, the "Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1 to 3 (USDCM) and Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of Chapter 13 of the "Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual" (CSDCM), dated May 2014, as adopted by El Paso County.

HYDROLOGIC CRITERIA

All hydrologic data was obtained from the "El Paso Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1 and 2, and the "Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1, 2, and 3. Onsite drainage improvements were designed based on the 5 year (minor) storm event and the 100-year (major) storm event. Runoff was calculated using the Rational Method, and rainfall intensities for the 5-year and the 100-year storm return frequencies were obtained from Table 6-2 of the CSDCM. One hour point rainfall data for the storm events is identified in the chart below. Runoff coefficients were determined based on proposed land use and from data in Table 6-6 from the CSDCM. Time of concentrations were developed using equations from CSDCM. All runoff calculations and applicable charts and graphs are included in the Appendices.

 Storm
 Rainfall (in.)

 5-year
 1.50

 100-year
 2.52

Table 2 - 1-hr Point Rainfall Data

HYDRAULIC CRITERIA

The Rational Method and USDCM's SF-2 and SF-3 forms were used to determine the runoff from the minor and major storms on the site.

DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

GENERAL CONCEPT

The proposed drainage patterns for the site will remain as is in the existing conditions. There are no proposed changes to the drainage patterns of the existing site and there are no proposed drainage facilities onsite. A proposed drainage map is presented in Appelndix D.



WATER QUALITY

There are no water quality features have been proposed. The site will remain as is today with a majority of the site consisting of pervious area. The drainage conditions and patterns will remain as existing conditions and do not result in concentrated stromwater fow or surface water discharge that leaves the site during an 80th percentile stormwater runoff event. The Post Construction Stormwater Management Applicability Evaluation Form is provided in Appendix C.

DRAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES

The site lies within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. Anticipated drainage and bridge fees are presented below and will be due at time of platting (depending on date of plat submittal):.

| 2022 D | 2022 DRAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES – STERLING RANCH RECYCLING FACILITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Impervious | Drainage Fee | Bridge Fee | Sterling Ranch | Sterling Ranch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acres (ac) | (Per Imp. Acre) | (Per Imp. Acre) | Drainage Fee | Bridge Fee | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.9 | \$21,814 | \$8,923 | \$41,519 | \$16,983 | | | | | | | | | | | |

SUMMARY

The proposed Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility drainage improvements were designed to meet or exceed the El Paso County Drainage Criteria. The proposed development will not adversely affect the offsite drainage ways or surrounding development. This report is in conformance and meets the latest El Paso County Storm Drainage Criteria requirements for this site.



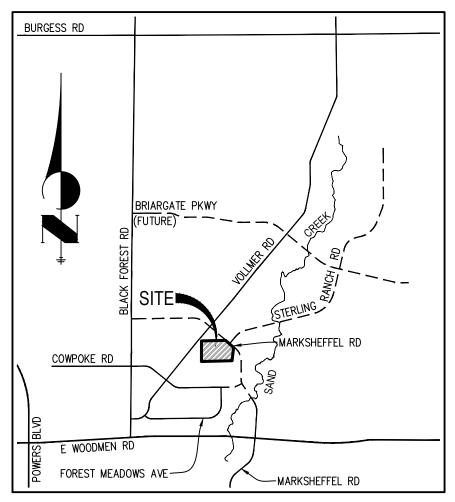
REFERENCES

- 1. "El Paso County and City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, Vol I & II".
- 2. <u>Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study,</u> prepared Kiowa Engineering Corporation, January 1993, revised March 1996.
- 3. <u>Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual</u> (Volumes 1, 2, and 3), Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, June 2001.



Appendix A Vicinity Map, Soil Descriptions, FEMA Floodplain Map





VICINITY MAP

STERLING RECYCLING FACILITY VICINITY MAP JOB NO. 25188.00 6/3/22 SHEET 1 OF 1





MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:24.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. D Soil Rating Polygons Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Not rated or not available Α misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil **Water Features** line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of A/D Streams and Canals contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Transportation B/D Rails ---Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Interstate Highways C/D Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service **US Routes** Web Soil Survey URL: D Major Roads Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available -Local Roads Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Soil Rating Lines Background distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Aerial Photography Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. B/D Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 19, Aug 31, 2021 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger. Not rated or not available Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 19, 2018—Sep 23. 2018 **Soil Rating Points** The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background A/D imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

| Map unit symbol | Map unit name | Rating | Acres in AOI | Percent of AOI |
|---------------------------|--|--------|--------------|----------------|
| 8 | Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes | А | 46.2 | 51.5% |
| 19 | Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes | A | 43.6 | 48.5% |
| Totals for Area of Intere | est | | 89.8 | 100.0% |

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood insurance Program. It does ot necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage curces of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for sestile updated or additional flood hazard information.

To class more dealers of included in contract measurements and the contract measurement of the contract measuremen

coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0 horn American Vertical Datum of 1989 (NAVDBS). Users of this FRM should be level from the level the level from the level level the level the level the level the level level the level level the level level the level level level level the level lev

Boundaries of the floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolate between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations will regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodways width and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood contri** tructures. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the presentation of this map was Universal Transverse decision UTIA1 year 13. The hosticontal datum was MADSIA GR899 sphesoid Differences in datum, spheroid, prejection or UTIA zones zones used in the conduction of FIRINE for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not refer the accuracy of this FIRIA.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). These flood elevations must be compared to structure and of 1988 (NAVD88). These flood elevations must be compared to structure and conversion between the National Geodesic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, with the National Geodesic Survey website at the National Geodesic Survey website at the National Geodesic Survey and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodesic Survey are the National Geodesic Survey and the National Geodesic Survey are the National Geodesic Survey at the Datum of National Survey and National Surv

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and loopighin delineations than those shown on the previous FRM for this principlion was been adjusted to contrion these are stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Instrumed SNU, Separative of the SNU of the S

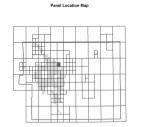
lease refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the count nowing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and sting of Communities table containing National Flood insurance Program dates for sch community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is

ontact FEMA Map Service Center (MSC) via the FEMA Map Information eXchange MIX) 1-877-336-2627 for information on available products associated with this M. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a lood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. The MSC may so be reached by Fax at 1-800-336-8620 and its website at

you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Flossurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) sit the FEMA website at http://www.fema.gow/business/nflp.

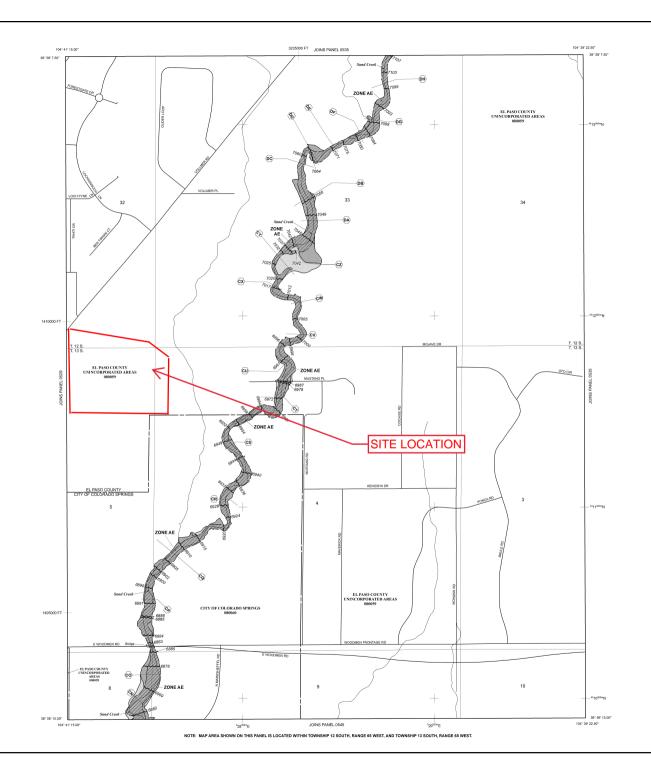
El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table

REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION



Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a serating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado or Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management





LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAS) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

ZONE A No Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE AE Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE AH Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood

ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.

determined.

Special Flood Hazard Area Formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the Former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.

ZONE A99 Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Bevations

ZONE VE Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encreachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

ZONE X

OTHER AREAS

ZONE X Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodolain.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)

Roodolain boundary

Zone D Boundary -----

Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.

Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet* (EL 987) Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone;

* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)

 $\begin{picture}(100,0) \put(0,0){\line} \put(0,0){\li$

23-----23 97° 07' 30.00° 32° 22' 30.00° Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83)

4274(000mg) 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 13

• M1.5

EFFECTIVE DATE(8) OF REVISION(8) TO THIS PANEL
DECEMBER 7, 2016 - to update corporate limits, to change Base Flood
Special Flood Hazard Areas, to update may breast, to add roads and road
incompanies remains to several latency of Man Revision.

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-930-638-6630.



250 0 500 1000 H H H FEET

FIRM

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 0533G

PANEL 533 OF 1300

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT) CONTAINS COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX

MAP NUMBER 08041C0533G

MAP REVISED **DECEMBER 7. 2018**

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Appendix B Hydrologic Calculations



COMPOSITE % IMPERVIOUS & COMPOSITE PRE-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS

Subdivision:Sterling Ranch Recycling FacilityProject Name:Sterling Ranch

Location: El Paso County Project No.: 25188.14

Calculated By: JSC

Checked By: RAB

Date: 11/11/22

| | Total | Str | eets (10 | 0% Impe | rvious) | | Historic | al Analys | is (2%) | (| Gravel (p | acked) (| 80%) | Weigl | Total nted C ues | Basins Total Weighted % Imp. |
|-----------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Basin ID | Area (ac) | C ₅ | C ₁₀₀ | Area (ac) | Weighted % Imp. | C ₅ | C ₁₀₀ | Area (ac) | Weighted % Imp. | C ₅ | C ₁₀₀ | Area (ac) | Weighted % Imp. | Vai C ₅ | ues C ₁₀₀ | |
| EX1 | 7.45 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 9.0% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 6.78 | 1.8% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.03 | 0.3% | 0.17 | 0.42 | 11.1% |
| EX2 | 9.53 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 4.39 | 46.1% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 5.14 | 1.1% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.02 | 0.2% | 0.46 | 0.64 | 47.3% |
| EX3 | 5.06 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.08 | 1.6% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 4.98 | 2.0% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.00 | 0.0% | 0.10 | 0.37 | 3.5% |
| EX4 | 26.07 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.76 | 2.9% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 24.88 | 1.9% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.43 | 1.3% | 0.12 | 0.38 | 6.1% |
| EX5 | 2.59 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.18 | 6.8% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 2.41 | 1.9% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.00 | 0.0% | 0.14 | 0.40 | 8.6% |
| EX6 | 3.77 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.00 | 0.0% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 3.77 | 2.0% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.00 | 0.0% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 2.0% |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL (EX4-EX5) | 28.66 | | | | | | | | | | | | | · | | 6.4% |
| TOTAL | 54.47 | | | | | | | | | | | | · | | | 13.6% |

PRE-DEVELOPMENT **STANDARD FORM SF-2** TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Subdivision: Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility

Location: El Paso County

Project Name: Sterling Ranch

Project No.: 25188.14

Calculated By: JSC

Checked By: RAB

Date: 11/11/22

| | | SUB- | BASIN | | | INITI | AL/OVERI | LAND | | | TRAVEL TI | ME | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|----------------|-------|-------------------|--------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | | DA | ATA | | | | (T _i) | | | | (T _t) | | | (U | FINAL | | |
| BASIN | D.A. | Hydrologic | Impervious | C ₅ | C ₁₀₀ | L | S _o | t, | L _t | S_t | К | VEL. | t _t | COMP. t_c | TOTAL | Urbanized t_c | t _c |
| ID | (ac) | Soils Group | (%) | | | (ft) | (%) | (min) | (ft) | (%) | | (ft/s) | (min) | (min) | LENGTH (ft) | (min) | (min) |
| EX1 | 7.45 | Α | 11% | 0.17 | 0.42 | 213 | 1.0% | 25.1 | 625 | 0.3% | 10.0 | 0.5 | 19.7 | 44.7 | 838.0 | 42.8 | 42.8 |
| EX2 | 9.53 | Α | 47% | 0.46 | 0.64 | 88 | 9.0% | 5.2 | 2325 | 2.3% | 20.0 | 3.0 | 12.8 | 18.0 | 2413.0 | 34.3 | 18.0 |
| EX3 | 5.06 | Α | 4% | 0.10 | 0.37 | 140 | 5.5% | 12.2 | 171 | 2.3% | 10.0 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 14.0 | 311.0 | 27.4 | 14.0 |
| EX4 | 26.07 | Α | 6% | 0.12 | 0.38 | 466 | 5.6% | 21.6 | 1023 | 3.2% | 10.0 | 1.8 | 9.6 | 31.2 | 1489.0 | 34.7 | 31.2 |
| EX5 | 2.59 | Α | 9% | 0.14 | 0.40 | 284 | 4.3% | 18.0 | 598 | 3.3% | 10.0 | 1.8 | 5.5 | 23.5 | 882.0 | 29.9 | 23.5 |
| EX6 | 3.77 | Α | 2% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 267 | 2.6% | 21.7 | 725 | 2.8% | 10.0 | 1.7 | 7.2 | 28.9 | 992.0 | 33.4 | 28.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

NOTES:

 $t_c = t_i + t_t$

Equation 6-2

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L_i}}{S_o^{0.33}}$$

Equation 6-3

Where:

 t_c = computed time of concentration (minutes)

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (minutes)

 t_t = channelized flow time (minutes).

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (minutes)

 C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (from Table 6-4)

 L_i = length of overland flow (ft)

 S_0 = average slope along the overland flow path (ft/ft).

Use a minimum t_c value of 5 minutes for urbanized areas and a minimum t_c value of 10 minutes for areas that are not considered urban. Use minimum values even when calculations result in a lesser time of concentration

$$t_t = \frac{L_t}{60K\sqrt{S_o}} = \frac{L_t}{60V_t}$$

Equation 6-4
$$t_c = (26-17i) + \frac{L_t}{60(14i+9)\sqrt{S_t}}$$

Equation 6-5

Where:

 t_t = channelized flow time (travel time, min)

 t_t = chain energy to the (tavet time, if t_t = waterway length (ft) S_0 = waterway slope (ft/ft) V_t = travel time velocity (ft/sec) = K $\sqrt{S_0}$

K = NRCS conveyance factor (see Table 6-2).

 t_c = minimum time of concentration for first design point when less than t_c from Equation 6-1. L_t = length of channelized flow path (ft)

i = imperviousness (expressed as a decimal) $S_t = \text{slope of the channelized flow path (ft/ft)}.$

Table 6-2. NRCS Conveyance factors, K

| | -, |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Type of Land Surface | Conveyance Factor, K |
| Heavy meadow | 2.5 |
| Tillage/field | 5 |
| Short pasture and lawns | 7 |
| Nearly bare ground | 10 |
| Grassed waterway | 15 |
| Paved areas and shallow paved swales | 20 |

STANDARD FORM SF-3 - PRE-DEVELOPMENT

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

| | Project Name: Sterling Ranch |
|--|------------------------------|
| Subdivision: Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility | Project No.: 25188.14 |
| Location: El Paso County | Calculated By: JSC |
| Design Storm: 5-Year | Checked By: RAB |
| | Date: 11/11/22 |

| | | | | DIRE | CT RUI | NOFF | | | TO | TOTAL RUNOFF | | | | ET/SW | /ALE | | PIF | PE | | TRAV | EL TIN | ΛE | |
|--------|--------------|----------|-----------|---------------|-------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|--------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|---------|
| STREET | Design Point | Basin ID | Area (Ac) | Runoff Coeff. | t_c (min) | C*A (Ac) | / (in/hr) | Q (cfs) | tc (min) | C*A (ac) | / (in/hr) | Q (cfs) | Q _{street/swale} (cfs) | C*A (ac) | Slope (%) | Q _{pipe} (cfs) | C*A (ac) | Slope (%) | Pipe Size (inches) | Length (ft) | Velocity (fps) | t_t (min) | REMARKS |
| | 1 | EX1 | 7.45 | 0.17 | 42.8 | 1.23 | 1.95 | 2.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | EX2 | 9.53 | 0.46 | 18.0 | 4.43 | 3.25 | 14.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | EX3 | 5.06 | 0.10 | 14.0 | 0.52 | 3.62 | 1.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | EX4 | 26.07 | 0.12 | 31.2 | 3.18 | 2.42 | 7.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5 | EX5 | 2.59 | 0.14 | 23.5 | 0.37 | 2.85 | 1.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 6 | EX6 | 3.77 | 0.09 | 28.9 | 0.34 | 2.54 | 0.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

Street and Pipe C*A values are determined by Q/i using the catchment's intensity value. All pipes are private and RCP unless otherwise noted. Pipe size shown in table column.

STANDARD FORM SF-3 - PRE-DEVELOPMENT

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

| | | Project Name: | Sterling Ranch |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Subdivision: | Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility | Project No.: | 25188.14 |
| Location: | El Paso County | Calculated By: | JSC |
| Design Storm: | 100-Year | Checked By: | RAB |
| | | Date: | 11/11/22 |

| | | | | DIR | ECT RU | JNOFF | | | Т | OTAL F | RUNOF | F | STRE | ET/SW | ALE | | PIPE | E | | TRAV | EL TIN | ΛE | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|-----------|---------------|-------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|---------|
| Description | Design Point | Basin ID | Area (ac) | Runoff Coeff. | t_c (min) | C*A (ac) | / (in/hr) | Q (cfs) | tc (min) | C*A (ac) | / (in/hr) | Q (cfs) | Q _{street/swale} (cfs) | C*A (ac) | Slope (%) | Q _{pipe} (cfs) | C*A (ac) | Slope (%) | Pipe Size (inches) | Length (ft) | Velocity (fps) | t_t (min) | REMARKS |
| | 1 | EX1 | 7.45 | 0.42 | 42.8 | 3.11 | 3.27 | 10.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | EX2 | 9.53 | 0.64 | 18.0 | 6.08 | 5.45 | 33.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | EX3 | 5.06 | 0.37 | 14.0 | 1.87 | 6.08 | 11.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | EX4 | 26.07 | 0.38 | 31.2 | 9.99 | 4.06 | 40.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5 | EX5 | 2.59 | 0.40 | 23.5 | 1.04 | 4.78 | 5.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 6 | EX6 | 3.77 | 0.36 | 28.9 | 1.36 | 4.26 | 5.8 | | | | · | | | | · | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

Street and Pipe C*A values are determined by Q/i using the catchment's intensity value. All pipes are private and RCP unless otherwise noted. Pipe size shown in table column.

COMPOSITE % IMPERVIOUS & COMPOSITE PROPOSED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS

Subdivision:Sterling Ranch Recycling FacilityProject Name:Sterling Ranch

Location:El Paso CountyProject No.:25188.14

Calculated By: JSC

Checked By: RAB

Date: 11/11/22

| | Total | Str | eets (10 | 0% Impe | rvious) | | Historic | al Analys | is (2%) | (| Gravel (p | acked) (| Weigl | Total | Basins Total Weighted % | |
|-----------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|---------|----------|----------------|------------------|-----------|------------|----------------|------------------|----------|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|-------|
| Basin ID | Area (ac) | C ₅ | C ₁₀₀ | Area | Weighted | C ₅ | C ₁₀₀ | Area | Weighted % | C ₅ | C ₁₀₀ | Area | Weighted | Val | alues Imp. | |
| 20012 | | | -100 | (ac) | % lmp. | -5 | (ac) Imp. | | -5 | -100 | (ac) | % lmp. | C ₅ | C ₁₀₀ | | |
| OS1 | 7.45 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 9.0% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 6.78 | 1.8% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.03 | 0.3% | 0.17 | 0.42 | 11.1% |
| OS2 | 9.53 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 4.39 | 46.1% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 5.14 | 1.1% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.02 | 0.2% | 0.46 | 0.64 | 47.3% |
| OS3 | 5.06 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.08 | 1.6% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 4.98 | 2.0% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.00 | 0.0% | 0.10 | 0.37 | 3.5% |
| 4a | 15.20 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.86 | 5.7% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 14.05 | 1.8% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.29 | 1.5% | 0.15 | 0.40 | 9.0% |
| 4b | 11.42 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.00 | 0.0% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 10.51 | 1.8% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.91 | 6.4% | 0.13 | 0.39 | 8.2% |
| В | 6.36 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 0.18 | 2.8% | 0.09 | 0.36 | 6.01 | 1.9% | 0.59 | 0.70 | 0.00 | 0.0% | 0.11 | 0.37 | 4.7% |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL (EX4-EX5) | 26.62 | | | | | | | | | | | | · | | | 8.7% |
| TOTAL | 55.02 | | | | | | | | | | | | · | | | 14.8% |

PROPOSED STANDARD FORM SF-2 TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Subdivision: Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility

Location: El Paso County

Project Name: Sterling Ranch

Project No.: 25188.14

Calculated By: JSC

Checked By: RAB

Date: 11/11/22

| | | SUB- | BASIN | | | INITI | AL/OVER | LAND | | | TRAVEL TI | ME | | | | | |
|-------|-------|---|-------|------|------|-------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------|-------|-------------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|
| DATA | | | | | | | (T _i) | | | | (T _t) | | (U | FINAL | | | |
| BASIN | D.A. | Hydrologic Impervious C ₅ C ₁₀₀ L S _o t _i L _t S _t K VEL. t _t | | | | | | t _t | COMP. t _c | TOTAL | Urbanized t_c | t _c | | | | | |
| ID | (ac) | Soils Group | (%) | | | (ft) | (%) | (min) | (ft) | (%) | | (ft/s) | (min) | (min) | LENGTH (ft) | (min) | (min) |
| OS1 | 7.45 | Α | 11% | 0.17 | 0.42 | 213 | 1.0% | 25.1 | 625 | 0.3% | 10.0 | 0.5 | 19.7 | 44.7 | 838.0 | 42.8 | 42.8 |
| OS2 | 9.53 | Α | 47% | 0.46 | 0.64 | 88 | 9.0% | 5.2 | 2325 | 2.3% | 20.0 | 3.0 | 12.8 | 18.0 | 2413.0 | 34.3 | 18.0 |
| OS3 | 5.06 | А | 4% | 0.10 | 0.37 | 140 | 5.5% | 12.2 | 171 | 2.3% | 10.0 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 14.0 | 311.0 | 27.4 | 14.0 |
| 4a | 15.20 | А | 9% | 0.15 | 0.40 | 148 | 6.0% | 11.6 | 1020 | 1.4% | 10.0 | 1.2 | 14.5 | 26.1 | 1168.0 | 38.6 | 26.1 |
| 4b | 11.42 | А | 8% | 0.13 | 0.39 | 301 | 2.6% | 22.2 | 477 | 1.7% | 10.0 | 1.3 | 6.1 | 28.3 | 778.0 | 30.6 | 28.3 |
| В | 6.36 | А | 5% | 0.11 | 0.37 | 245 | 4.3% | 17.3 | 591 | 3.3% | 10.0 | 1.8 | 5.4 | 22.7 | 836.0 | 30.8 | 22.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

NOTES:

 $t_c = t_i + t_t$

Equation 6-2

 $t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L_i}}{S_o^{0.33}}$

Equation 6-3

Where:

 t_c = computed time of concentration (minutes)

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (minutes)

 t_t = channelized flow time (minutes).

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (minutes)

 C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (from Table 6-4)

 L_i = length of overland flow (ft)

 S_0 = average slope along the overland flow path (ft/ft).

Use a minimum t_c value of 5 minutes for urbanized areas and a minimum t_c value of 10 minutes for areas that are not considered urban. Use minimum values even when calculations result in a lesser time of concentration

$$t_t = \frac{L_t}{60K\sqrt{S_o}} = \frac{L_t}{60V_t}$$

Equation 6-4 $t_c = (26-17i) + \frac{L_t}{60(14i+9)\sqrt{S_c}}$

Equation 6-5

Where:

 t_t = channelized flow time (travel time, min)

 L_t = waterway length (ft) S_o = waterway slope (ft/ft) V_t = travel time velocity (ft/sec) = $K \lor S_o$

K = NRCS conveyance factor (see Table 6-2).

 t_e = minimum time of concentration for first design point when less than t_e from Equation 6-1. L_t = length of channelized flow path (ft)

i = imperviousness (expressed as a decimal) $S_t = \text{slope of the channelized flow path (ft/ft)}.$

Table 6-2. NRCS Conveyance factors, K

| Type of Land Surface | Conveyance Factor, K |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Heavy meadow | 2.5 |
| Tillage/field | 5 |
| Short pasture and lawns | 7 |
| Nearly bare ground | 10 |
| Grassed waterway | 15 |
| Paved areas and shallow paved swales | 20 |

STANDARD FORM SF-3 - PROPOSED

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

| | Project Name: Sterling Ranch |
|--|------------------------------|
| Subdivision: Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility | Project No.: 25188.14 |
| Location: El Paso County | Calculated By: JSC |
| Design Storm: 5-Year | Checked By: RAB |
| | Date: 11/11/22 |

| | | DIRECT RUNOFF | | | | | | TO | OTAL F | UNOF | F | STREET/SWALE | | | | PIF | PE | | TRAV | EL TIN | ΛE | | |
|--------|--------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|---------|
| STREET | Design Point | Basin ID | Area (Ac) | Runoff Coeff. | t_{c} (min) | C*A (Ac) | / (in/hr) | Q (cfs) | tc (min) | C*A (ac) | / (in/hr) | Q (cfs) | Q _{street/swale} (cfs) | C*A (ac) | Slope (%) | Q _{pipe} (cfs) | C*A (ac) | Slope (%) | Pipe Size (inches) | Length (ft) | Velocity (fps) | t_t (min) | REMARKS |
| | 1 | OS1 | 7.45 | 0.17 | 42.8 | 1.23 | 1.95 | 2.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | OS2 | 9.53 | 0.46 | 18.0 | 4.43 | 3.25 | 14.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | OS3 | 5.06 | 0.10 | 14.0 | 0.52 | 3.62 | 1.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 4a | 15.20 | 0.15 | 26.1 | 2.21 | 2.69 | 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5 | 4b | 11.42 | 0.13 | 28.3 | 1.48 | 2.57 | 3.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 6 | В | 6.36 | 0.11 | 22.7 | 0.70 | 2.90 | 2.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

Street and Pipe C*A values are determined by Q/i using the catchment's intensity value. All pipes are private and RCP unless otherwise noted. Pipe size shown in table column.

STANDARD FORM SF-3 - PROPOSED

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

| | Project Name: Sterling Ranch |
|--|------------------------------|
| Subdivision: Sterling Ranch Recycling Facility | Project No.: 25188.14 |
| Location: El Paso County | Calculated By: JSC |
| Design Storm: 100-Year | Checked By: RAB |
| · | Date: 11/11/22 |

| | | DIRECT RUNOFF | | | | | | | 7 | OTAL F | RUNOI | FF | STRI | ET/SW | ALE | | | TRAV | EL TIP | ΛE | | | |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|---------|
| Description | Design Point | Basin ID | Area (ac) | Runoff Coeff. | t_c (min) | C*A (ac) | / (in/hr) | Q (cfs) | tc (min) | C*A (ac) | / (in/hr) | Q (cfs) | Q _{street/swale} (cfs) | C*A (ac) | Slope (%) | Q _{pipe} (cfs) | C*A (ac) | Slope (%) | Pipe Size (inches) | Length (ft) | Velocity (fps) | t_t (min) | REMARKS |
| | 1 | OS1 | 7.45 | 0.42 | 42.8 | 3.11 | 3.27 | 10.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | OS2 | 9.53 | 0.64 | 18.0 | 6.08 | 5.45 | 33.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | OS3 | 5.06 | 0.37 | 14.0 | 1.87 | 6.08 | 11.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 4a | 15.20 | 0.40 | 26.1 | 6.09 | 4.51 | 27.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5 | 4b | 11.42 | 0.39 | 28.3 | 4.42 | 4.31 | 19.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 6 | В | 6.36 | 0.37 | 22.7 | 2.34 | 4.87 | 11.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

Street and Pipe C*A values are determined by Q/i using the catchment's intensity value. All pipes are private and RCP unless otherwise noted. Pipe size shown in table column.

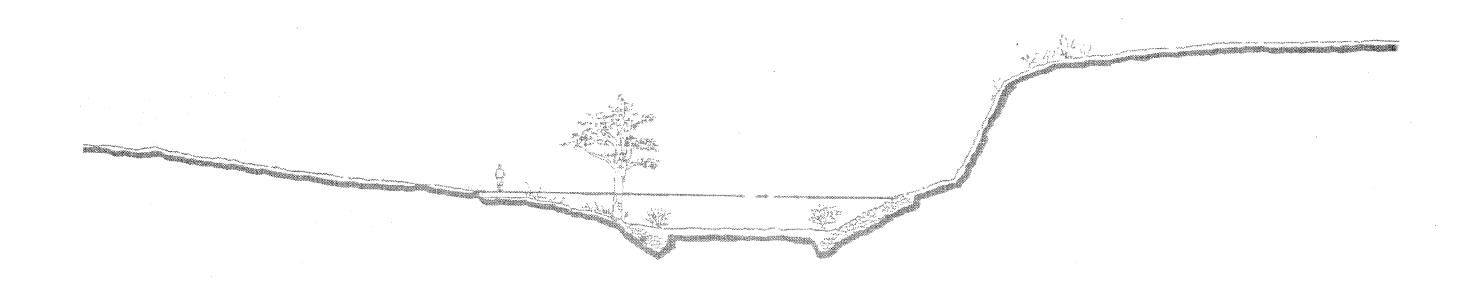
Appendix C Reference Materials



SAND CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN PLANNING STUDY

PRELIMINARY DESIGN REPORT

CITY OF COLORADO SPRINGS, EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO



PREPARED FOR:

City of Colorado Springs
Department of Comprehensive Planning, Development and Finance
Engineering Division
30 S. Nevada
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903

PREPARED BY:

Kiowa Engineering Corporation 1011 North Weber Colorado Springs, CO 80903

II. STUDY AREA DESCRIPTION

The Sand Creek drainage basin is a left-bank tributary to the Fountain Creek lying in the west-central portions of El Paso County. Sand Creek's drainage area at Fountain Creek is approximately 54 square miles of which approximately 18.8 square miles are inside the City of Colorado Springs corporate limits. The basin is divided into five major sub-basins, the Sand Creek mainstem, the East Fork Sand Creek, the Central Tributary to East Fork, the West Fork, and the East Fork Subtributary. Figure II-1 shows the location of the Sand Creek basin.

Basin Description

The Sand Creek basin covers a total of 54 square miles in unincorporated El Paso County and Colorado Springs, Colorado. Of this total, approximately 28 square miles is encompassed by the Sand Creek basin, and 26 square miles for the East Fork Sand Creek basin. The basin trends in generally a south to southwesterly direction, entering the Fountain Creek approximately two miles upstream of the Academy Boulevard bridge over Fountain Creek. Two main tributaries drain the basin, those being the mainstem of Sand Creek and East Fork Sand Creek. Development presence in most evident along the mainstream. At this time, approximately 25 percent of the basin is developed. This alternative evaluation focuses upon the Sand Creek basin only.

The maximum basin elevation is approximately 7,620 feet above mean sea level, and falls to approximately 5,790 feet at the confluence with Fountain Creek. The headwaters of the basin originate in the conifer covered areas of The Black Forest. The middle eastern portions of the basin are typified by rolling range land with fair to good vegetative cover associated with semi-arid climates.

Climate

This area of El Paso County can be described, in general as high plains, with total precipitation amounts typical of a semi-arid region. Winters are generally cold and dry. Precipitation ranges from 14 to 16 inches per year, with the majority of this precipitation occurring in spring and summer in the form of rainfall. Thunderstorms are common during the summer months, and are typified by quick-moving low pressure cells which draw moisture from the Gulf of Mexico into the region. Average temperatures range from about 30°F in the winter

to 75° in the summer. The relative humidity ranges from about 25 percent in the summer to 45 percent in the winter.

Soils and Geology

Soils within the Sand Creek basin vary between soil types A through D, as identified by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. The predominant soil groupings are in the Truckton and Bresser soil associations. The soils consist of deep, well drained soils that formed in alluvium and residium, derived from sedimentary rock. The soils have high to moderate infiltration rates, and are extremely susceptible to wind and water erosion where poor vegetation cover exists. In undeveloped areas, the predominance of Type A and B soils give this basin a lower runoff per unit area as compared to basins with soils dominated by Types C and D. Presented on Figure II-2 is the Hydrologic Soil distribution map for the Sand Creek basin.

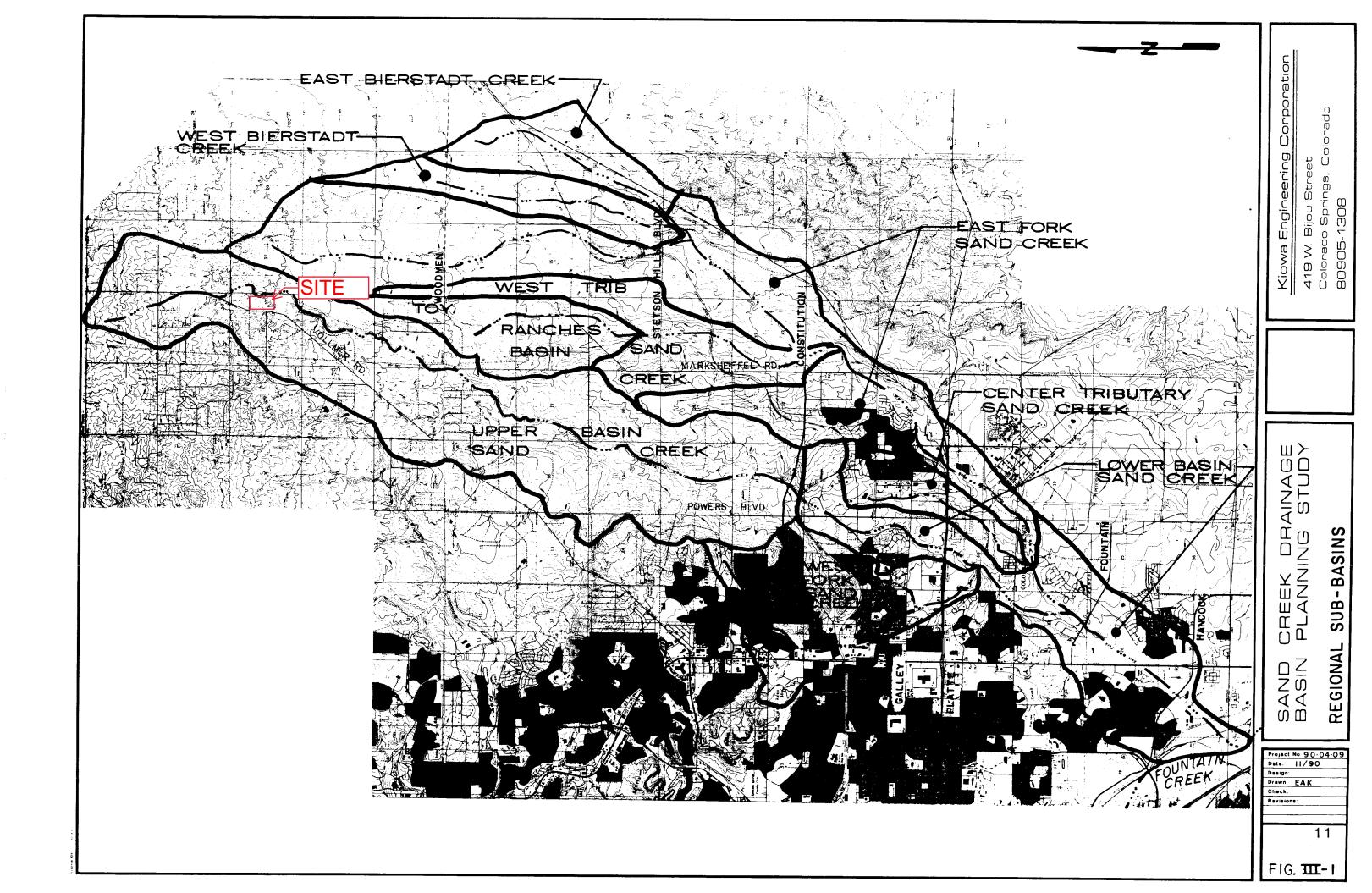
Property Ownership and Impervious Land Densities

Property ownership along the major drainageway within the Sand Creek basin vary from public to private. Along the developed reaches, drainage right-of-ways and greenbelts have been dedicated during the development of the adjacent residential and commercial land. Where development has not occurred, the drainageways remain under private ownership with no delineated drainage right-of-way or easements. There are several public parks which abut the mainstem of Sand Creek. Roadway and utility easements abutting or crossing the major drainageways occur most frequently in the developed portions of the basin.

Land use information for the existing and future conditions were reviewed as part of the planning effort. This information is used in the hydrologic analysis to predict runoff rates and volumes for the purposes of facility evaluation. The identification of land uses abutting the drainageways is also useful in the identification of feasible plans for stabilization and aesthetic treatment of the creek. Presented on Figure II-3 is the proposed land use map used in the evaluation of impervious land densities discussed in the hydrologic section of this report. Figure II-3 is not intended to reflect the future zoning or land use policies of the City or the County.

The land use information within the Banning-Lewis Ranch property was obtained from Aries Properties during the time the draft East Fork Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study was being prepared. The land use information was again reviewed with the City of Colorado Springs Department of Planning and was found to be appropriate for use in the estimation of hydrology for the East Fork Basin. The location of future arterial streets and roadways within

4



Appendix D Drainage Maps



