



FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

GRANDVIEW RESERVE FILING NO. 1

El Paso County, Colorado

PREPARED FOR:
D.R. Horton
9555 S. Kingston Court
Englewood, CO

PREPARED BY:
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DATE:
October 14, 2022

REVISED

SF2311

PCD Filing No.: ~~PUDSPXXXX~~

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Treven Edwards, PE #60124
For and on behalf of Galloway & Company, Inc.

Date

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATION

I, The developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

By: _____

Date

Address: D.R. Horton
9555 S. Kingston Court
Englewood, CO

EL PASO COUNTY CERTIFICATION

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development Code as amended.

Joshua Palmer, P.E.
~~Interim~~ County Engineer/ECM Administrator

Date

REVISED

Conditions:

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Update page #'s

UPDATED

I. Purpose

The purpose of this Final Drainage Report is to identify on and offsite drainage patterns, locate and identify tributary or downstream drainage features and facilities that impact the site, and to identify which types of drainage facilities will be needed and where they will be located. This report will remain in general compliance with the approved MDDP prepared by HR Green, dated November 2020 and Preliminary Drainage Report (PDR) prepared by Galloway & Company, Inc., dated September 09, 2022.

II. General Description

Verify the use of the words project and site throughout. At times it seems like these words are specific to filing 1 and sometimes they reference the entire Grandview project.

The project is a single-family residential development located in the Falcon area of El Paso County, Colorado. The site is located in a portion of the South half of Section 21, the North half of Section 28, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, County of El Paso, State of Colorado. The subject property is located immediately east from Eastonville Road to the west, which was studied separately in the "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022 (E-FDR). The project site is bounded by undeveloped land proposed as future development to the east, and undeveloped land within the Waterbury Development to the south. A Vicinity Map is included in

Appendix A.

This final drainage report is the basis for the drainage facility design in conformance with the previously approved MDDP for the site prepared by HR Green, "Grandview Reserve Master Development Drainage Plan", HR Green, November 2020 (MDDP) and the approved preliminary drainage report, "Preliminary Drainage Report - Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1", Galloway & Company, Inc., September 09, 2022 (PDR). The site consists of approximately 37.564 acres and includes 125 dwelling units.

The existing soil types within the proposed site as determined by the NRCS Web Soil Survey for El Paso County Area consist of Columbine gravelly sandy loam (hydrologic soil group A) and Stapleton sandy loam (hydrologic soil group B). See the soils map included in Appendix A.

Final Plan and LOI state 119 lots

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III. Drainage Criteria

Hydrology calculations were performed using the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, as revised in November 1991 and October 1994 with County adopted Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual as revised in May 2014.

The drainage calculations were based on the criteria manual Figure 6-5 and IDF equations to determine the intensity and are listed in Table 1 below.

Table 1 - Precipitation Data

Return Period	One Hour Depth (in.)	Intensity (in/hr)
5-year	1.50	5.17
100-year	2.52	8.68

The rational method was used to calculate peak flows as the tributary areas are less than 100 acres. The rational method has been proven to be accurate for basins of this size and is based on the following formula:

$$Q = CIA$$

Where:

- Q = Peak Discharge (cfs)
- C = Runoff Coefficient
- I = Runoff intensity (inches/hour)
- A = Drainage area (acres)

The runoff coefficients are calculated based on land use, percent imperviousness, and design storm for each basin, as shown in the drainage criteria manual (Table 6-6). Composite percent impervious and C values were calculated using the residential, streets, roofs, and lawns coefficients found in Table 6-6 of the manual.

The 100-year event was used as the major storm event. The 5-year event was used as the minor event. The UD-Inlets v5.01 spreadsheet was utilized for the sizing of the proposed sump inlets.

The UD-Detention v4.04 spreadsheet was utilized for the design of the proposed on-site water quality ponds, Ponds A, B, C, D, E, and Eastonville Pond.

Only include ponds which are being built with Filing 1

Use this section to match maps. See section on page and link to previous

IV. Existing Drainage Conditions

The site is contained fully within one major drainage tributary to Black Squirrel Creek. The site generally has a slope of 2% outside of the channel. The rationale for the site because their size permits it.

This section only needs to discuss basins within Filing 1 or directly releasing onto Filing 1. All other basins can be listed and referenced back to PDR and include calcs in appendix under reference materials.

ONLY PORTIONS PERTAINING TO FILING NO. 1 HAVE BEEN INCLUDED

Following the preliminary drainage report (PDR), the "existing" condition for this FDR will be after the preliminary / interim grading on the site has taken place.

REVIS (overlot)

In the interim condition, overland grading operations will have taken place within the Grandview Reserve Subdivision in preparation for the ultimate proposed condition. While this activity is taking place within the proposed subdivision, no activity is anticipated west of Eastonville Road. The proposed development lies completely within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin and consists of six (6) larger basins (EA, A, B, C, D, & E) which have been broken down into thirteen (13) smaller sub-basins for the Interim Condition. Off-site Basins (OS) were also analyzed in the interim condition and have been broken down into smaller sub-basins. Site runoff will be collected via swales and diverted to one of the eleven proposed temporary sediment basins. All necessary calculations can be found within the appendices of this report.

REVIS - 3 FOR THE FLG NO. 1 PROJECT SITE WITHIN THE INTERIM CONDITIONS

While the existing upstream tributary analysis (the areas west of Eastonville Road) was performed as part of the E-FDR (including basins EX1, EX2, EX3, EX4, EX5, EX6, and EX7) in the Existing Sub-basin Description, additional analysis was conducted for all of the proposed Eastonville Road in conjunction with the offsite upstream tributary areas in the Proposed Sub-basin Description. This analysis consisted of basins OS1, OS2, OS3, OS4, OS5, OS6, OS7, EA1, EA2, EA3, EA4, EA5, EA6, EA7, EA8, EA9, EA10, EA11, and EA12. See the E-FDR in Appendix B for reference.

Verify 11 TSBs are used. I could not find 11 TSBs on the GEC Plans. If less than 11 are specific to filing 1 clarify this.

Only count what is being constructed within Filing 1.

In addition to the upstream tributary analysis, the **E-FDR** also addressed the drainage analysis for all of Eastonville Road.

The proposed institutional use (**Sub-basin A-1**) area flows have been included in this analysis at a preliminary level only. The Sub-basin is located on the northwest corner of the site, East of Eastonville Rd. & south of the proposed extension of Rex Rd. In the interim condition, Sub-basin A-1 encompasses an area of 19.96 acres and interim developed runoff (imperviousness of 2.0%) for the site has been calculated to be $Q_5 = 5.5$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 39.4$ cfs. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow from the northwest to the southeast, intercepted by a proposed 4' bottom x 2' deep trapezoidal swale (Swale A-1). The interim runoff will be routed to the existing 100-year FEMA floodplain. Water quality and detention will be addressed with the future development of the institutional site.

Basin TSB-A1 (18.33 AC, $Q_5 = 5.1$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 36.7$ cfs): Located at the northern portion of the site, Basin TSB-A1 consists entirely of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the southeast where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-A1. From there, treated runoff enters a proposed 4' bottom x 2' deep trapezoidal swale (Swale A-1). The interim runoff will be routed to the existing 100-year FEMA floodplain.

Design Point 1 ($Q_5 = 13.1$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 44.7$ cfs): Located at the northern portion of the site, this design point accounts for the total combined flows from **Basins OS4 & TSB-A1**. Flows from this design point are conveyed in a proposed 4' bottom x 2' deep trapezoidal swale (Swale A-1) that conveys the flow southeast to the existing 100-year FEMA floodplain.

Design Point 2 ($Q_5 = 18.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 84.1$ cfs): Located at the northern portion of the site and to the southeast of Design Point 1, this design point accounts for the total combined flows from **Basins OS4, A-1, & TSB-A1**. Flows from this design point are conveyed downstream within the existing 100-year FEMA floodplain.

Basin TSB-A2 (4.51 AC, $Q_5 = 1.4$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 10.1$ cfs): Located at the northern portion of the site, Basin TSB-A2 consists of future residential lots, future roadways, and future amenity facilities. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the southeast where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-A2 at **Design Point 4**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows to the existing 100-year FEMA floodplain.

Basin TSB-A3 (9.49 AC, $Q_5 = 2.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 19.5$ cfs): Located at the north-central portion of the site, Basin TSB-A3 consists of future residential lots, future roadways, and future amenity facilities. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the southeast where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-A3 at **Design Point 5**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows to the existing 100-year FEMA floodplain.

Basin TSB-B1 (15.73 AC, $Q_5 = 4.6$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 32.4$ cfs): Located at the northwestern portion of the site, Basin TSB-B1 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the south where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-B1 at **Design Point 6**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows downstream to TSB-B3.

Basin TSB-B2 (5.12 AC, $Q_5 = 1.6$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 11.4$ cfs): Located at the central portion of the site, Basin TSB-B2 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the southeast where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-B2 at **Design Point 7**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows downstream to TSB-B3.

Basin TSB-B3 (9.91 AC, $Q_5 = 3.0$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 21.2$ cfs): Located at the central portion of the site, Basin TSB-B3 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the south where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-B3 at **Design Point 8**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows downstream to the existing Geick Ranch Tributary-1 / Channel A (**E-FDR**).

Design Point 8 ($Q_5 = 9.1.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 65.0$ cfs): Located at the south-central portion of the site and to the south of Design Point 7, this design point accounts for the total combined flows from **Basins TSB-B1, TSB-B2, and TSB-B3**. Flows from this design point are conveyed downstream to the existing Geick Ranch Tributary-1 / Channel A (**E-FDR**).

Basin TSB-C1 (6.84 AC, $Q_5 = 2.0$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 13.8$ cfs): Located at the eastern portion of the site, Basin TSB-C1 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the south where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-C1 at **Design Point 9**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows downstream to TSB-C3 at **Design Point 11**.

Basin TSB-C2 (17.00 AC, $Q_5 = 4.8$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 34.0$ cfs): Located at the eastern portion of the site, Basin TSB-C2 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the south where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-C2 at **Design Point 10**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows downstream to TSB-C3 at **Design Point 11**.

Basin TSB-C3 (18.56.00 AC, $Q_5 = 5.1$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 36.4$ cfs): Located at the southeastern portion of the site, Basin TSB-C3 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the southeast where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-C3 at **Design Point 11**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows downstream to the existing 100-year FEMA floodplain.

Design Point 11 ($Q_5 = 11.8$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 84.3$ cfs): Located at the southeastern portion of the site and to the southeast of Design Point 1, this design point accounts for the total combined flows from **Basins TSB-C1, TSB-C2, & TSB-C3**. Flows from this design point exit via sheet flow through the TSB proposed spillway and are conveyed downstream within the existing 100-year FEMA floodplain.

Basin TSB-D1 (10.86 AC, $Q_5 = 3.0$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 21.1$ cfs): Located at the southwestern portion of the site, Basin TSB-D1 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the east where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-D1 at **Design Point 12**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows downstream to the existing Geick Ranch Tributary-1 / Channel A (**E-FDR**).

Basin TSB-E1 (19.42 AC, $Q_5 = 5.1$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 36.2$ cfs): Located at the southern portion of the site, Basin TSB-E1 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the east where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-E1 at **Design Point 13**. From there, treated runoff exits the TSB and sheet flows downstream to the existing Geick Ranch Tributary-1 / Channel A (**E-FDR**).

V. Four Step Process

The Four Step Process is used to minimize the adverse impacts of urbanization and is a vital component of developing a balanced, sustainable project. Below identifies the approach to the four-step process:

1. **Employ Runoff Reduction Practices**

This step uses low impact development (LID) practices to reduce runoff rather than creating point discharges that are directly connected to pervious areas to promote infiltration. The Impervious Reduction Factor (IRF) is used and calculations can be found in **Appendix E**.

ONLY LOTS 18-20 WITHIN BASIN D-6 ARE TREATED WITH RUNOFF REDUCTION. DISCUSSION WAS ADDED TO BASIN D-6 DESCRIPTION

Basin D-7a is treated with runoff reduction. Discuss the methodology and provide calculations in support of the runoff reduction credited for treating that basin.

2. **Stabilize Channels**

This step implements stabilization to channels to accommodate developed flows while protecting infrastructure and controlling sediment loading from erosion in the drainageways. Erosion protection in the form of riprap pads at all outfall points to the channel to prevent scouring of the channel from point discharges. The existing channel analysis and design for the Main Stem Tributary #2 (MST) is to be completed by others and a report for the channel improvements will be submitted for review separately.

3. **Provide Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)**

This step utilizes formalized water quality capture volume to slow the release of runoff from the site. The EURV volume will release in 72 hours, while the WQCV will release in no less than 40 hours. On-site water quality control volume detention ponds will provide water quality treatment for all of the developed areas, prior to the runoff being released into either of the major drainage ways. Refer to WQCV Plan in **Appendix F**.

4. **Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMPs**

As this project is all residential development and no commercial or industrial development is proposed, there will be no need for any specialized BMPs which would be associated with an industrial or commercial site.

VI. Proposed Drainage Conditions

The proposed development lies completely within the Geick Ranch Drainage Basin and consists of two (2) larger basins (D & E) which have been broken down into sixteen (16) smaller sub-basins. Adjacent Off-site Basins (OS) were analyzed as part of the **E-FDR**. Site runoff will be collected via inlets & pipes and diverted to one of the two proposed full spectrum detention ponds. All necessary calculations can be found within the appendices of this report.

It appears there are no off-site flows entering Filing 1. Include a statement addressing that.

STATEMENT HAS BEEN ADDED TO FIRST PARAGRAPH

According to the **MDDP**, there are two major drainageways that run through the site. The Main Stem (MS) runs through the site conveying runoff from the northwest to the southeast. This drainageway is

ALL DISCUSSIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS FDR ONLY INCLUDE 1 DRAINAGEWAY (CHANNEL A)

referred to as Channel A within the **E-FDR**. Presently, this channel receives flows from two off-site basins, one from the west (west of Sub-basin OS-3 per the PDR and Basin B1 per the **MDDP**; 0.17 mi², Q₅ = ±67 cfs, Q₁₀₀ = ±413 cfs).

There are no proposed major channel improvements for MS (**MDDP**) / Channel A (**E-FDR**) associated with this development. The analysis for the channel was performed by HR Green (*Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; April 2022).

The site will provide two (2) Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basins (EDBs). The discharge treated runoff at historic rates directly into either the MS (**MDDP**) / Channel A (**E-FDR**) or the Main Stem channel. **ONLY FILING NO. 1 BASINS ARE DISCUSSED WITH THIS RESUBMITTAL**

As has been mentioned previously, the site is proposed to have a land use of single family residential lots. The site will consist primarily of 1/8 Acre lots, with some 1/4 Acre and 1/3 Acre lots, public roads, and dedicated Tracts for amenity uses. **Update location of basins in regards to Filing 1, not overall Grandview site.**

Basin D-1 (3.48 AC, Q₅ = 5.4 cfs, Q₁₀₀ = 12.7 cfs): Located on the southwest portion of the site, adjacent to Eastonville Road. This basin consists of residential lots and the west half of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 10' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet, located on the west side of Kate Meadow Lane (**DP D1**), just south of the intersection of Kate Meadow Lane & Farm Close Court. Flows will continue downstream to Design Point **D3** within Kate Meadow Lane and further downstream to Design Point **D7** within Farm Close Court. **lets ACCORDINGLY**

Basin D-2 (0.82 AC, Q₅ = 1.6 cfs, Q₁₀₀ = 3.8 cfs): Located on the southwest portion of the site, this basin consists of residential lots and the eastern half of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 10' CDOT Type 'R' flow by inlet, located on the east side of Kate Meadow Lane (**DP D2**), just south of the intersection of Kate Meadow Lane & Farm Close Court. Flows will continue downstream to Design Point **D3** within Kate Meadow Lane and further downstream to Design Point **D7** within Farm Close Court.

Basin D-3 (3.67 AC, Q₅ = 6.0 cfs, Q₁₀₀ = 14.0 cfs): Located on the southwest portion of the site, this basin consists of residential lots and the western half of Farm Close Court. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' inlet in sump conditions, located on the west side of Farm Close Court (**DP D4**), southeast of the intersection of Kate Meadow Lane & Farm Close Court. Emergency overflows will overtop the crown and be routed downstream via an emergency overflow swale to the east which conveys runoff directly to Pond D.

Basin D-4 (1.82 AC, Q₅ = 3.4 cfs, Q₁₀₀ = 7.9 cfs): Located on the southwest portion of the site, this basin consists of residential lots and the eastern half of Farm Close Court. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 10' CDOT Type 'R' inlet in sump conditions, located on the east side of Farm Close Court (**DP D5**), just southeast of the intersection of Kate Meadow Lane & Farm Close Court. Emergency overflows will overtop curb & gutter and be routed downstream via a graded swale within the maintenance access path to Pond D.

Basin D-5 (1.45 AC, Q₅ = 1.9 cfs, Q₁₀₀ = 5.9 cfs): Located on the southwest corner of the site, adjacent to the Main Stem channel. This basin consists partially of residential lots and the proposed (private) Full Spectrum Detention Pond D. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to Pond D. Flows will then be

routed to the outlet structure (**DP D9**), via a concrete trickle channel, where it will eventually discharge, at historic rates, into the adjacent Main Stem channel.

Basin D-6 (1.53 AC, $Q_5 = 0.5$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 3.8$ cfs): Located on the southwest corner of the site, adjacent to the Main Stem channel. This basin consists of the undeveloped area outside and downstream of the proposed (private) Full Spectrum Detention Pond D. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to the Main Stem channel (MS).

Basin D-7a (0.26 AC, $Q_5 = 0.2$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 0.8$ cfs): Located on the southwest corner of the site, adjacent to the Main Stem channel. This basin consists of the back portions of residential lots. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to the Main Stem Channel. All roof drains (for lots 18-20) within this sub-basin will be directed toward Farm Close Court, no impervious surfaces will be allowed within this sub-basin, and setbacks and runoff reduction will be implemented within this sub-basin.

WITH RE-GRADING EFFORT, REVISED ACCORDINGLY

Basin D-7b (0.96 AC, $Q_5 = 1.6$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 3.9$ cfs): Located on the southwest corner of the site, adjacent to the Main Stem channel. This basin consists of the back portions of residential lots and a drainage swale (Swale D-7). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow from the residential lots, into the adjacent swale and will be routed directly to Pond D.

intercepted by Type D inlet at DP D8

all of Brixham Dr per map

WITH RE-GRADING EFFORT, REVISED ACCORDINGLY

Basin E-1 (4.91 AC, $Q_5 = 7.2$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 19.1$ cfs): Located on the southern portion of the site, this basin consists of residential lots, the southern half of Brixham Drive, Starcross Court, and the southern half of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet, located approximately 150-feet to the northeast of the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Starcross Court (**DP E1**). Bypass flows are conveyed downstream via curb & gutter to **DP E4**.

Update location of basins in regards to Filing 1, not overall Grandview site.

Basin E-2 (4.06 AC, $Q_5 = 8.0$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 18.6$ cfs): Located on the southern portion of the site, this basin consists of residential lots, a small portion of Mill Yard Circle, and the north half of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet, located approximately 150-feet to the northeast of the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Starcross Court (**DP E2**). Bypass flows are conveyed downstream via curb & gutter to **DP E4**.

ONLY FILING NO. 1 BASINS ARE DISCUSSED WITH THIS RESUBMITTAL

Basin E-3a (2.75 AC, $Q_5 = 5.4$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 12.6$ cfs): Located on the southern portion of the site, this basin consists of residential lots the western and southern half of Mill Yard Circle as well as a portion of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet, located just southeast from the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Mill Yard Circle (**DP E4**). Bypass flows are conveyed downstream via curb & gutter to **DP E7**.

Basin E-3b (2.17 AC, $Q_5 = 3.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 8.5$ cfs): Located on the southern portion of the site, this basin consists of the rear portion of residential lots along Kate Meadow Lane and full residential lots and the western half of Mill Yard Circle near the cul-de-sac. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' sump inlet, located just northeast from the cul-de-sac of Mill Yard Circle (**DP E7**). Emergency overflows will overtop the crown and be routed downstream via an emergency overflow swale to the southeast which conveys runoff directly to Pond E via a graded emergency overflow swale.

Basin E-4a (4.68 AC, $Q_5 = 6.9$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 16.1$ cfs): Located on the southern portion of the site, this basin consists of residential lots and the northern and eastern half of Mill Yard Circle. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet, located just southeast from the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Mill Yard Circle (**DP E5**). Bypass flows are conveyed downstream via curb & gutter to **DP E9**.

Basin E-4b (1.60 AC, $Q_5 = 2.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 6.3$ cfs): Located on the southern portion of the site, this basin consists of residential lots and the eastern half of Mill Yard Circle near the cul-de-sac. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' sump inlet, located just southeast from the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Mill Yard Circle (**DP E5**). Emergency overflows will overtop the curb and be routed downstream via an emergency overflow swale to the southeast which flows directly to Pond E via a graded emergency overflow swale.

DP E9

WITH RE-GRADING
EFFORT, REVISED
ACCORDINGLY

Basin E-5 (1.13 AC, $Q_5 = 0.4$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 3.0$ cfs): Located on the southeast corner of the site, adjacent to the Main Stem channel. This basin consists of the proposed (private) Full Spectrum Detention Pond E. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to Pond E. Flows will then be routed to the outlet structure (**DP E10**), via a concrete trickle channel, where it will eventually discharge, at historic rates, into the adjacent Main Stem channel.

Basin E-6 (2.00 AC, $Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 4.8$ cfs): Located on the southeast corner of the site, adjacent to the Main Stem channel. This basin consists of the undeveloped area outside and downstream of the proposed (private) Full Spectrum Detention Pond E. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to the Main Stem channel (MS) and offsite to the south.

VII. Storm Sewer System

Looks like flows will go east into the Main Stem channel.

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

All development is anticipated to be urban and will include storm sewer & street inlets. Storm sewers collect storm water runoff and convey the water to the water quality facilities prior to discharging. Storm sewer systems will be designed to the 100-year storm and checked with the 5-year storm. Inlets will be placed at sump areas and intersections where street flow is larger than street capacity. UDFCD Inlet spreadsheet has been used to determine the size of all sump inlets.

There will be two (2) proposed storm systems within the site. Each of the two storm sewer systems will discharge storm water into its correlated WQCV pond.

Each system will consist of reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), CDOT Type 'R' inlets, and storm sewer manholes.

Furthermore, there is one (1) proposed drainage swale that runs along the back of the residential lots in Basin D-7b. The swales were analyzed using the Bentley software FlowMaster to properly size a trapezoidal channel (1' W x 1.54' D), to convey the 100-year flows from the basin to corresponding outfall location (Pond D), while providing 1.0-ft of freeboard. The sizing calculations can be found in **Appendix D**.

REVISED ACCORDINGLY & sump

What about overflow swales?

ALSO INCLUDED IN THE APPENDIX,
STATEMENT CLARIFIED

This Final drainage report includes details concerning at-grade inlet locations, sewer sizing, outlet protection and locations. The calculations can be found in **Appendix D**.

The other storm events shown on the MHFD-Detention calcs should also be released at or below pre-development rates (thus "full-spectrum" detention)

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

VIII. Proposed Water Quality Detention Ponds

Two (2) Full Spectrum Detention Ponds will be provided for the proposed site. Both of these ponds (Ponds D & E) are private and will be maintained by the DISTRICT, once established. These detention ponds are proposed to be full spectrum and will provide water quality and detention. The WQCV and EURV release will be controlled with an orifice plate. The release rates for the WQCV and EURV will be 40-hours and 72-hours, respectively. The 100-year volume will be controlled by orifice and/or restrictor plate and will be designed to release at or below the pre-development flow rate. Outlet structures, forebays, trickle channels, etc. will be designed with the final drainage report during final plat. The required FSD pond volumes are as described below:

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

This is the final plat. Please revise statement accordingly

Pond D: Located centrally on the site, just west of the Main Stem channel. This pond will discharge into the Main Stem channel. The required volume WQCV and EURV are 0.244 Ac-Ft & 0.666 Ac-Ft, respectively. The provided storage for the WQCV and EURV are 0.246 Ac-Ft & 0.913 Ac-Ft, respectively. The total required detention basin volume is 1.373 Ac-Ft. The total provided detention basin storage is 1.373 Ac-Ft.

Volumes MHFD sp
REVISED

Pond E: Located on the south side of the site, just west of the Main Stem channel. This pond will discharge into the Main Stem channel. The required volume WQCV and EURV are 0.431 Ac-Ft & 1.163 Ac-Ft, respectively. The provided storage for the WQCV and EURV are 0.437 Ac-Ft & 1.601 Ac-Ft, respectively. The total required detention basin volume is 2.421 Ac-Ft. The total provided detention storage is 2.583 Ac-Ft.

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

Because this drainage report is specific to filing 1 tailor this text to filing 1. The Main Stem does not flow through the F1 site. It flows northwest to southeast along the northern boundary of filing 1.

Proposed Channel Improvements

...ing to the **MDDP**, there are two major drainageways that run through the site. The Main Stem runs through the site conveying runoff from the northwest to the southeast. This drainageway is referred to as Channel A within the **E-FDR**. Presently, this channel receives flows from two off-site basins, one from the west (west of Sub-basin OS-3 per the PDR and Basin B1 per the **MDDP**; 0.17 mi², Q₅ = ±67 cfs, Q₁₀₀ = ±413 cfs). There are no proposed major channel improvements for MS as part of this project (to be determined with CDB-22-008). An analysis has been done for the Main Stem channel (MS) with both existing and future condition flows as described within the *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; September 2021; revised April 2022 (**CLOMR**). All HEC-RAS modelling, velocities, shear, depths, etc. are included within the CLOMR, which can be found in Appendix D. Both scenarios, throughout the channel fall within the channel stability criteria.

Include discussion of release rates vs existing flow rates at both ponds.
DISCUSSION INCLUDED

Include name of this project
NAME INCLUDED

Was not included in appendix. Please add with next submittal.

INCLUDED WITH RESUBMITTAL

A majority of the developed runoff will be captured and conveyed to one of the corresponding water quality and detention facilities and release at or below historic levels. Some basins will release directly into the respective adjacent channels. These basins are contained within the backs of lots and will provide water quality through runoff reduction; impervious areas will not be permitted in the back of these lots and roof drains are to drain to the front. Therefore, there will be no adverse impact to downstream facilities. The analysis for drainageway (MS), offsite upstream tributary capture were performed by HR Green within the *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; September 2021; revised April 2022 (**CLOMR**) which has been submitted separately for review. A copy of this report is included in Appendix D.

Additional channel stabilization may be required for erosion control prevention measures, pending the channel design review with the County.

as part of this filing? Ensure all text in the drainage report is clear as to what work is part of filing 1 since that is what this drainage report covers.

ONLY FILING NO. 1 BASINS ARE DISCUSSED WITH THIS RESUBMITTAL

X. Maintenance

After completion of construction and upon the Board of County Commissioners acceptance, it is anticipated all drainage facilities within the public Right-of-Way are to be owned and maintained by El Paso County.

State what drainage facilities are in the public ROW.

Both private detention ponds are to be owned and maintained by the Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District No. 2 (DISTRICT), once established, unless an agreement is reached stating otherwise. The proposed Main Stem channel (MS) will be maintained by the DISTRICT. Maintenance access for all full spectrum detention facilities will be provided from public Right-of-Way. Maintenance access for MS will be provided along the respective eastern top of channel bank within the proposed tracts.

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

Remove reference to MST as it's not been mentioned previously in report

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

XI. Wetlands Mitigation

There are two existing wetlands on site associated with the two major channels, MS and MST. The wetlands are both contained within the existing channels with the wetland in MS being classified as jurisdictional. The wetlands USACE determination will be provided with the *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; April 2022, which can be found in Appendix D. Wetlands maintenance will be the responsibility of the Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District No. 2 (DISTRICT).

XII. Floodplain Statement

A portion of the project site lies within Zone A Special Flood Hazard Area as defined by the FIRM Map number 08041C0552G and 08041C0556G effective December 7, 2018. A copy of the FIRM Panel is included in **Appendix A**. FEMA-approved floodplain elevations are required to be shown on final plats.

XIII. Drainage Fees & Maintenance

Gieck Ranch Basin is not listed as part of the El Paso County drainage basin fee program. Unless otherwise instructed, no drainage fees will be assessed.

Include cost estimate of proposed facilities

INCLUDED W RESUBMITTAL

XIV. Conclusion

The Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1 residential subdivision lies within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. Water quality for the site is provided in two on-site Full Spectrum Detention Ponds; Ponds D & E. All drainage facilities within this report were sized according to the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manuals. The proposed facilities are adequate to protect the site from generated runoff. The site runoff will not adversely affect the downstream facilities and surrounding developments. There is one major channel passing through the site, Main Stem channel, which was evaluated by HR Green within the *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; September 2021; revised April 2022. The two (2) WQCV ponds will be maintained by a newly established Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District No. 2 (DISTRICT).

XV. References

1. *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual*, 1990.
2. *Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2*, City of Colorado Springs, 2002.
3. *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Update*, 2015.
4. *El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual*, 2020.
5. *Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual*, Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, January 2016 (with current revisions).
6. *Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Study (DBPS)*, Drexel Barrell, October 2010 (Not adopted by County).
7. *Grandview Reserve Master Development Drainage Plan (MDDP)*, HR Green, November 2020.
8. *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; April 2022.
9. *Meridian Ranch MDDP*, January 2018.
10. *Preliminary Drainage Report, Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1*, Galloway & Company, Inc.; September 2022

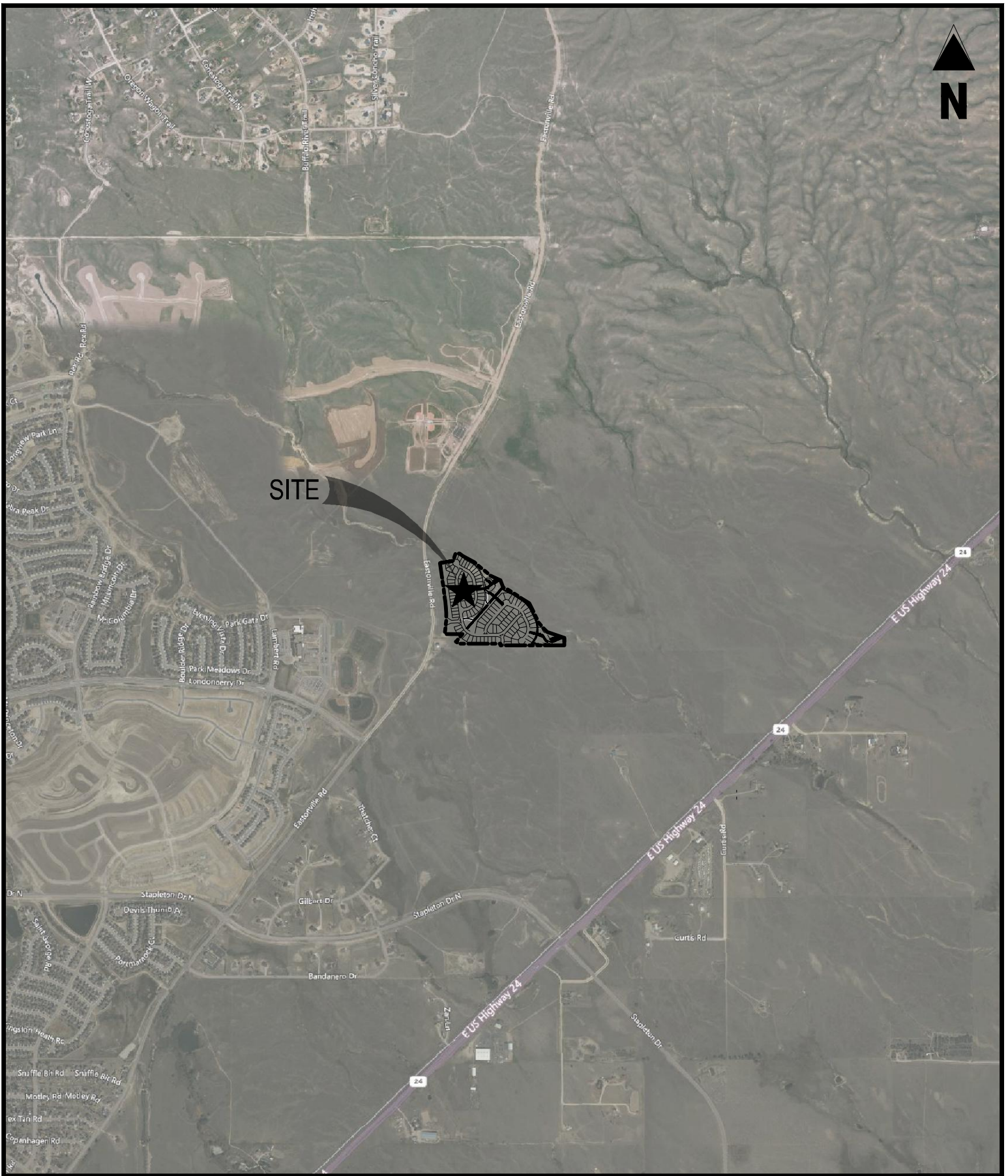
For proposed runoff reduction measures:

In accordance with the MHFD, runoff reduction has vegetation requirements that have been overlooked in the past. Going forward the following will be required for runoff reduction:

- The runoff reduction RPA is considered a WQ Facility and requires a signed Maintenance Agreement
- All RPA/SPA areas will need to be within a no build/drainage easement (or tract) and discussed in the maintenance agreement and O&M manual.
- RPA vegetation should be turf grass (from seed [provide appropriate seed mix] or sod).
- Turf grass vegetation should have a uniform density of at least 80%.
- RPA/SPA limits must be shown on GEC Plans (not just FDR) so our SW inspectors and the QSM know that these areas are to remain pervious and vegetated (80%). Our SW inspectors do not look at drainage reports.

APPENDIX A

Exhibits and Figures



GRANDVIEW RESERVE
 FILING NO. 1
 EASTONVILLE RD
 SCALE: 1"=2,000'
 VICINITY MAP

Project No:	HRG02
Drawn By:	JDM
Checked By:	CMWJ
Date:	10/14/2022

Galloway
 1155 Kelly Johnson Blvd., Suite 305
 Colorado Springs, CO 80920
 719.900.7220 • GallowayUS.com

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations (BFEs)** and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the **Flood Profiles and Floodway Data** and/or **Summary of Stillwater Elevations** tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. Floodway data is provided for the purpose of determining the appropriate flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Stillwater Elevations and Floodway Data tables of the FIS report for the purpose of determining the appropriate flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with the floodway boundaries shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 13. The **horizontal datum** was NAD83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the **North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88)**. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA, NINGS12
National Geodetic Survey
SSM-C-3, #8202
1315 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/>.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These data are current as of 2006.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date **stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations** than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel configurations that do not match the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable in the FIS report. As a result, the profile and Floodway Data Tables may deviate significantly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes are to amendments or determinations may have occurred since the last update, users are encouraged to contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

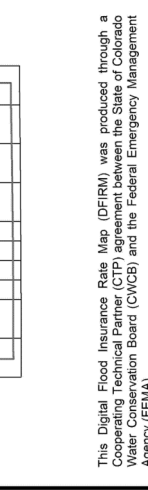
Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

Contact **FEMA Map Service Center (MSC)** via the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) 1-877-336-2627 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. The MSC may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at <http://www.msc.fema.gov/>.

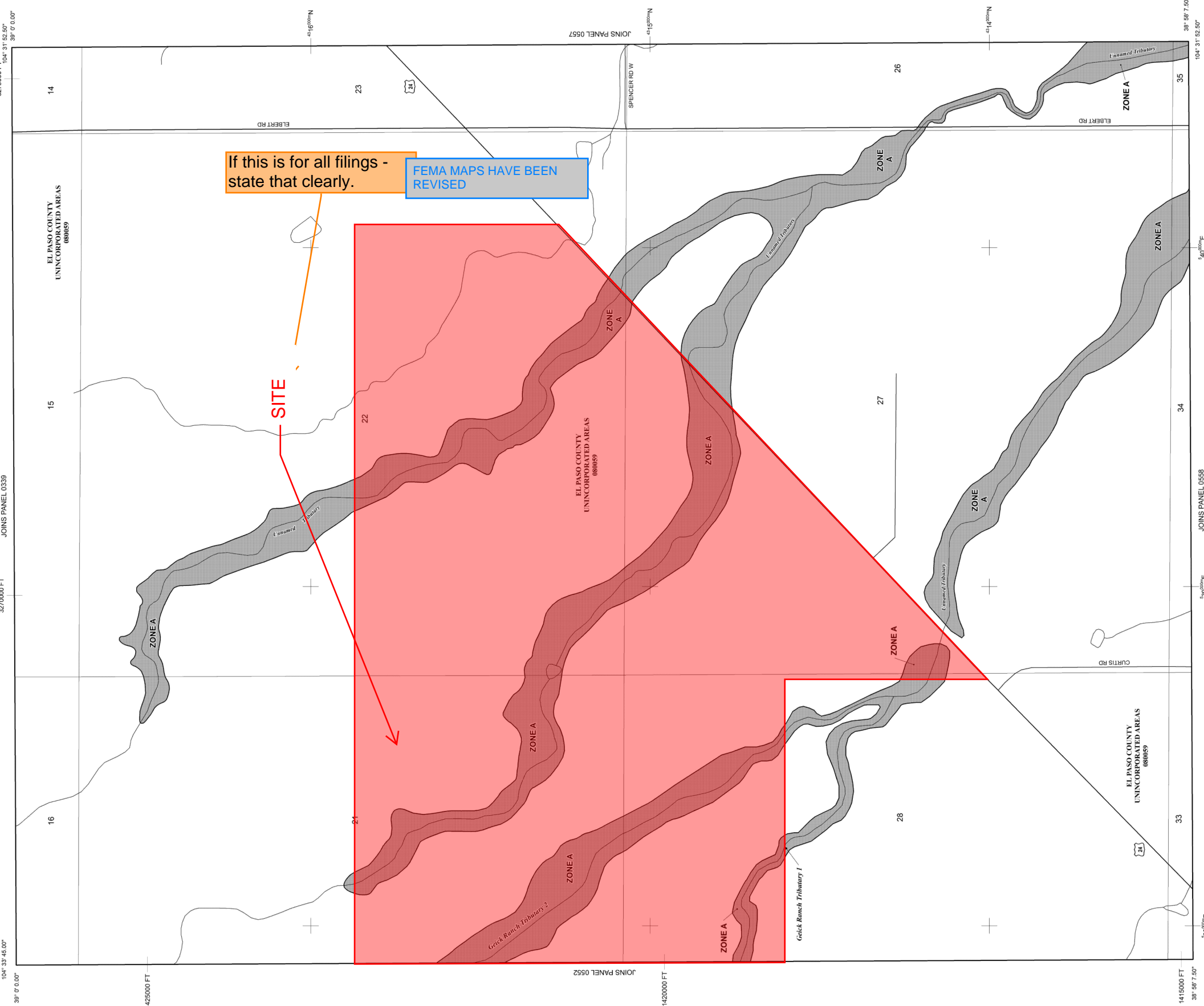
If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call **1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627)** or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/business/nfp>.

El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table
Floodings Source Vertical Datum Offset (ft)

REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION



This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a partnership between El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).



If this is for all filings - state that clearly.

FEMA MAPS HAVE BEEN REVISED

ZONE A
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE AE
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE AH
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE AO
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE AR
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE AV
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE VE
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE V
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE X
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE Y
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

ZONE Z
Special Flood Hazard Areas formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently identified. Zone boundaries are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map. Floodway boundaries are shown on this map. Flood elevations are shown on this map.

MAP REPOSITORIES
Refer to Map Repositories list on Map Index

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
MARCH 17, 1997

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL
Special Flood Hazard Areas, to update map format, to add roads and road names, and to incorporate previously issued Letters of Map Change.

For community map revision history prior to community approval, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-9620.

MAP SCALE 1" = 500'

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
EL PASO COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 556 OF 1300
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:
COMMUNITY NUMBER: 08089
PANEL NUMBER: 0556
SUFFIX: G

MAP NUMBER
08041C0556G

MAP REVISED

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations (BFEs)** and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the **Flood Profiles and Floodway Data** and/or **Summary of Stillwater Elevations** tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded, whole-foot elevations. These elevations are rounded to the nearest foot for informational purposes only and should not be used as the basis for flood elevation engineering purposes. Flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal base flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations and Floodway Data tables. The Flood Insurance Study report that accompanies this FIS report contains a Summary of Stillwater Elevations table that should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with the assumption that the flow is steady, uniform, and frictionless. Floodway boundaries and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 13. The **horizontal datum** was NAD83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight, positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

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NGS Information Services
NOAA, NINGS12
National Geodetic Survey
SSMNC-3, #9202
1315 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 715-3242 or visit its website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/>.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, City of Fountain, Bureau of Land Management, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, United States Geological Survey, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These data are current as of 2006.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date **stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations** than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel configurations that differ from those shown on this map. Flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable, in the FIS report. As a result, the profile baselines may deviate significantly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred since the date of publication, users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

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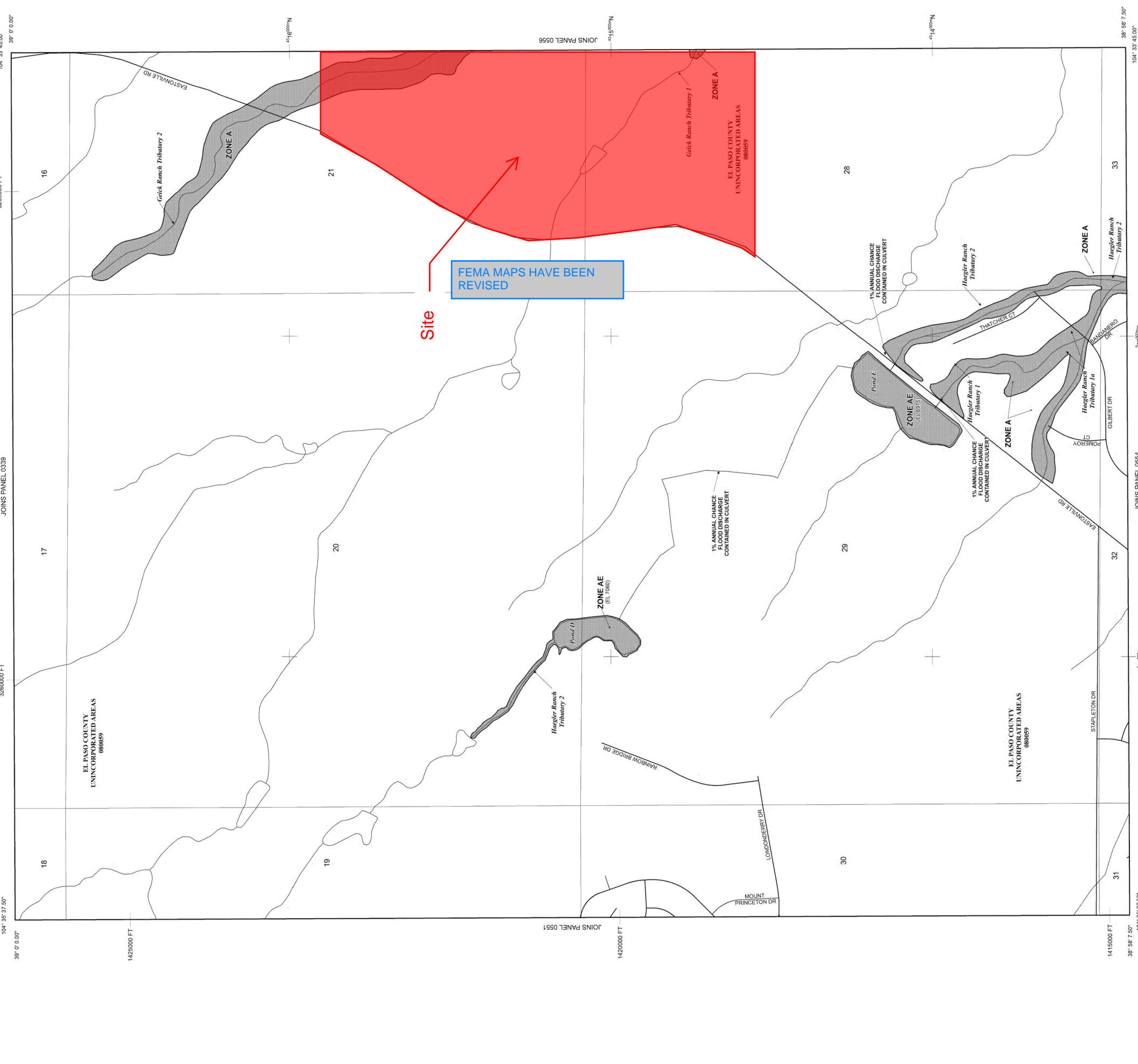
El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table

Flooding Source	Vertical Datum Offset (ft)
REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION	

Panel Location Map

This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a Cooperating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

Additional Flood Hazard information and resources are available from local communities and the Colorado Water Conservation Board.



ZONE A
No Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE AE
Base Flood Elevations determined. Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevation determined.

ZONE AH
Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Average depths determined. For areas of annual rain flooding, velocities also determined.

ZONE AR
Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently described. Zone AR areas are not protected from the 1% annual chance of greater flood.

ZONE AR9
Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE V
Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE VE
Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevation determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE
The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

ZONE X
Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

OTHER AREAS
Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS
CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

OTHER AREAS
Floodplain boundary
Floodway boundary
Zone D Boundary
CBRS and OPA boundary
Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.
Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet*
Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone;
elevation in feet*
Cross section line
Transect line
Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83)
32° 22' 30.00"
97° 07' 30.00"
4732000N
6000000 FT
5000-foot grid ticks (Colorado State Plane coordinate system)
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 13
Bench marks (see explanation in Note to Users section of FIS/ERM packet)
River Mile
M 1.5

* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)

MAP REPOSITORIES
Refer to Map Repositories list on Map Index

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
MARCH 11, 1991

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL
December 7, 2006
This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel configurations that differ from those shown on this map. Flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable, in the FIS report. As a result, the profile baselines may deviate significantly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.

MAP SCALE 1" = 500'

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
EL PASO COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 0552G

PANEL 552 OF 1300
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:
COMMUNITY NUMBER 080059
E. PASO COUNTY
FIRM PANEL 0552
SUBJECT G

Notes to User: The Map Number shown below should be used to determine if flood insurance is available in this community. For more information, contact your insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

MAP NUMBER 08041C0552G

MAP REVISION

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations (BFEs)** and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 13. The **horizontal datum** was NAD83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the **North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88)**. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA, NINGS12
National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3, #6202
1315 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/>.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, City of Fountain, Bureau of Land Management, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, United States Geological Survey, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These data are current as of 2006.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date **stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations** than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. The profile baselines depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable, in the FIS report. As a result, the profile baselines may deviate significantly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map repository addresses, and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

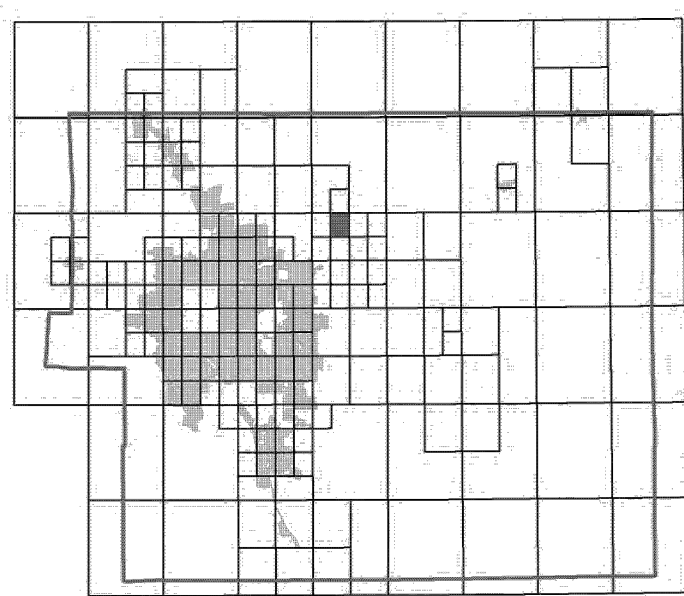
Contact **FEMA Map Service Center (MSC)** via the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMX) 1-877-336-2627 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. The MSC may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at <http://www.msc.fema.gov/>.

If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/business/nfp>.

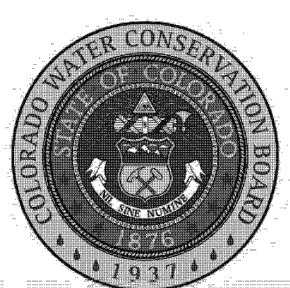
El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table

Flooding Source	Vertical Datum Offset (ft)
REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION	

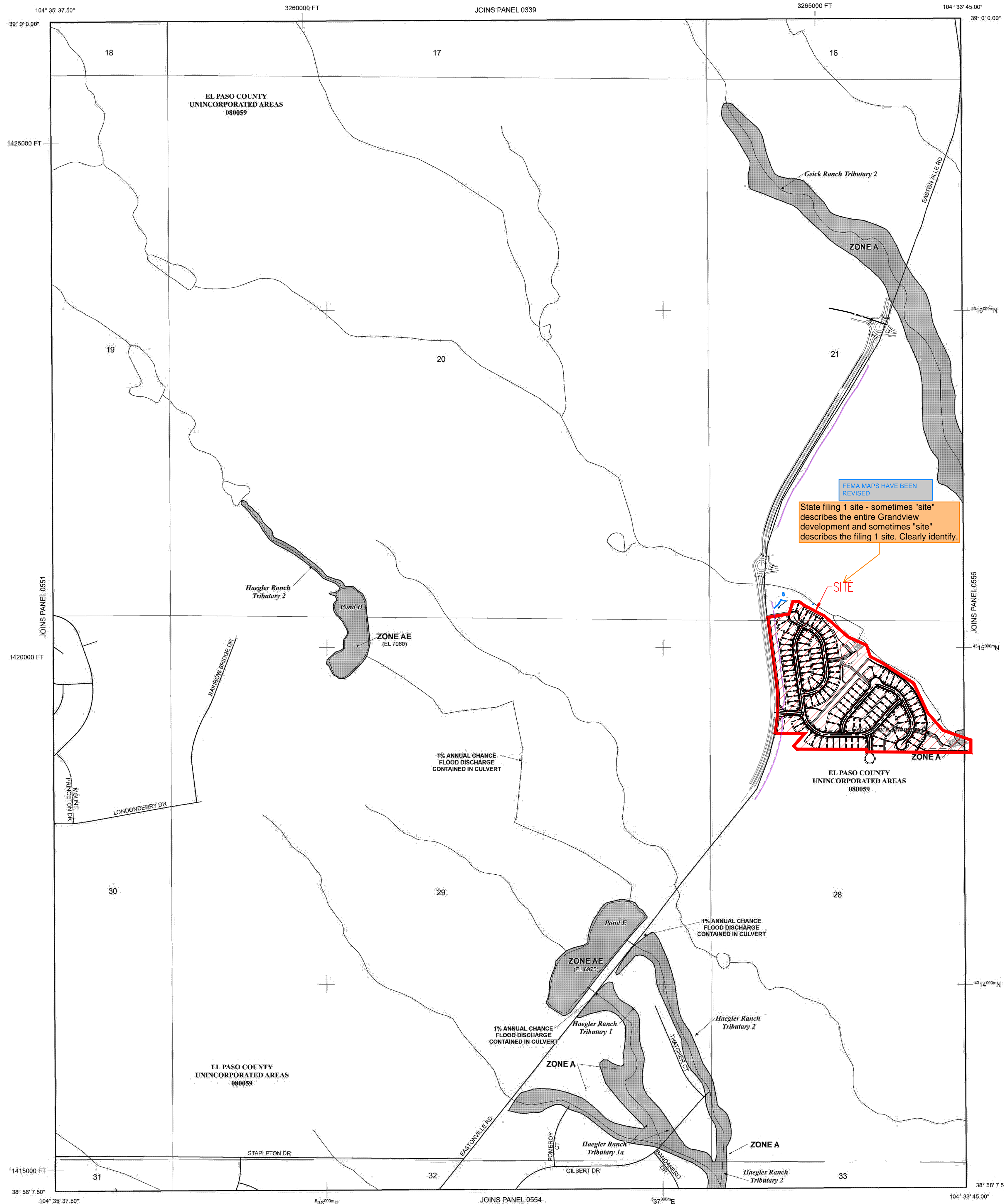
Panel Location Map



This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a Cooperating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).



Additional Flood Hazard information and resources are available from local communities and the Colorado Water Conservation Board.



NOTE: MAP AREA SHOWN ON THIS PANEL IS LOCATED WITHIN TOWNSHIP 12 SOUTH, RANGE 64 WEST.

LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAS) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equalled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

- ZONE A** No Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE AE** Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE AH** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE AO** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.
- ZONE AR** Special Flood Hazard Area Formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently dewatered. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.
- ZONE A99** Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal Flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE V** Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE VE** Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

- ZONE X** Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.
- OTHER AREAS**
- ZONE X** Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain.
- ZONE D** Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)

CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

- Floodplain boundary
- Floodway boundary
- Zone D Boundary
- CBRS and OPA boundary
- Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.
- Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet* (EL 987)
- Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in feet*

* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)

— A — A — Cross section line

23 — 23 — Transect line

97° 07' 30.00" 32° 22' 30.00" Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83)

47° 15' 00" N 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 13

600000 FT 5000-foot grid ticks: Colorado State Plane coordinate system, central zone (FIPSZONE 5002), Lambert Conformal Conic Projection

DX5510 Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM panel)

M1.5 River Mile

MAP REPOSITORIES Refer to Map Repositories list on Map Index

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTY-WIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP MARCH 17, 1997

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

DECEMBER 7, 2018 - to update corporate limits, to change Base Flood Elevations and Special Flood Hazard Areas, to update map format, to add roads and road names, and to incorporate previously issued Letters of Map Revision.

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History Table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.

MAP SCALE 1" = 500'

250 0 500 1000 FEET

150 0 150 300 METERS

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0552G

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
EL PASO COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 552 OF 1300
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:
COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX
EL PASO COUNTY 080059 0552 G

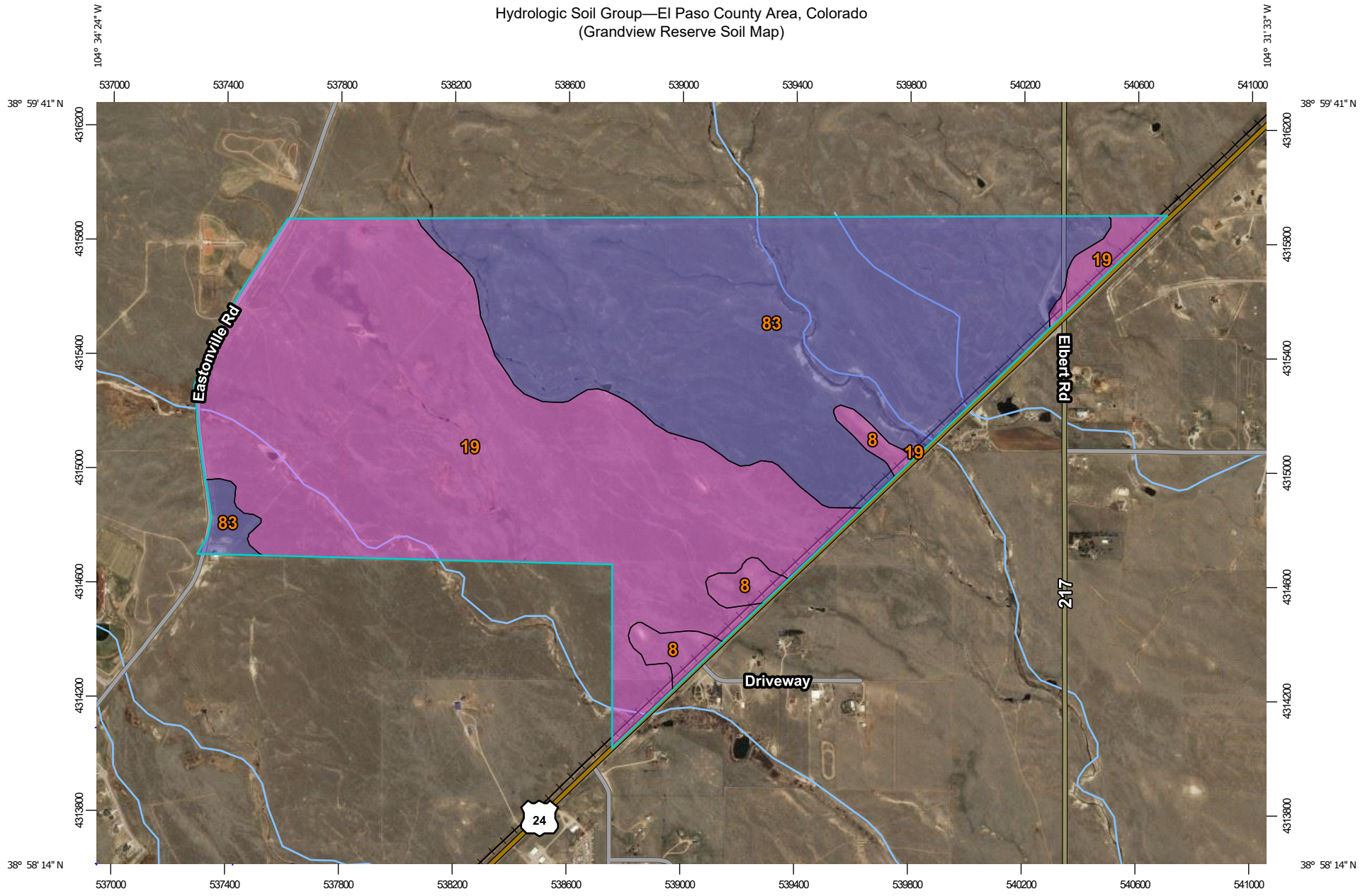
Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders. The Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

MAP NUMBER 08041C0552G

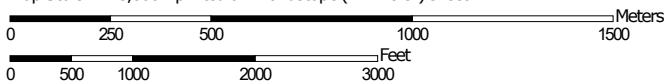
MAP REVISED DECEMBER 7, 2018

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado
(Grandview Reserve Soil Map)



Map Scale: 1:18,800 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 13N WGS84

Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado
(Grandview Reserve Soil Map)

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)









 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons





-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D
-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D
-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points






-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D

-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available


Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

-  Rails
-  Interstate Highways
-  US Routes
-  Major Roads
-  Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
Survey Area Data: Version 17, Sep 13, 2019

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 8, 2018—May 26, 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	A	22.4	2.6%
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	450.7	52.5%
83	Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	385.4	44.9%
Totals for Area of Interest			858.5	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2
Location name: Peyton, Colorado, USA*
Latitude: 38.985°, Longitude: -104.565°
Elevation: 6975.71 ft**



* source: ESRI Maps
 ** source: USGS

POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Michael Yekta, Geoffery Bonnin

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

[PF_tabular](#) | [PF_graphical](#) | [Maps & aeriels](#)

PF tabular

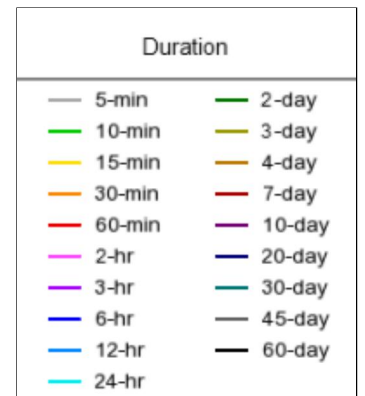
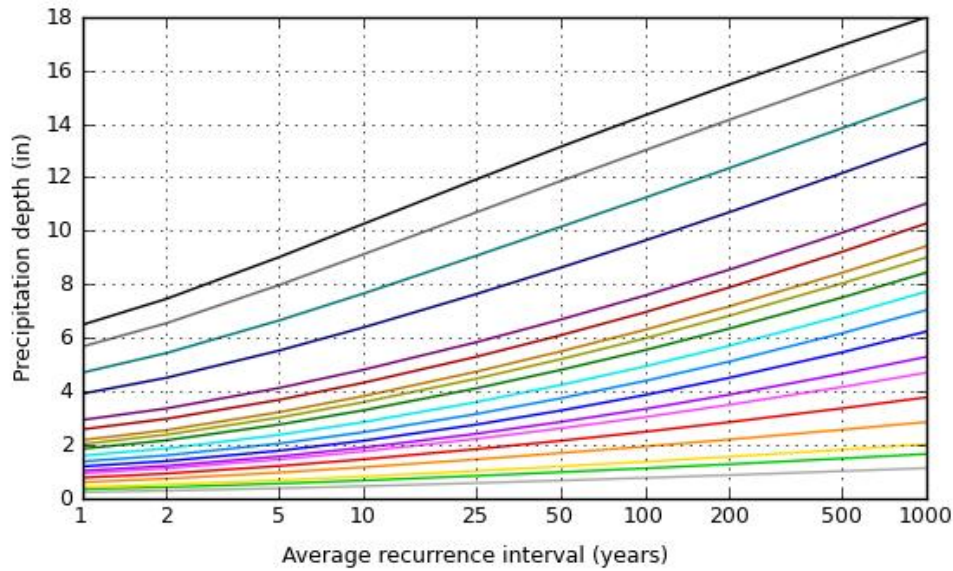
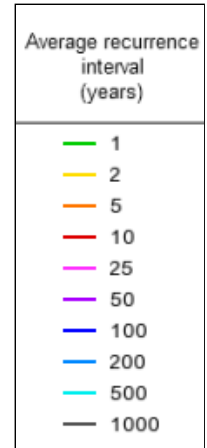
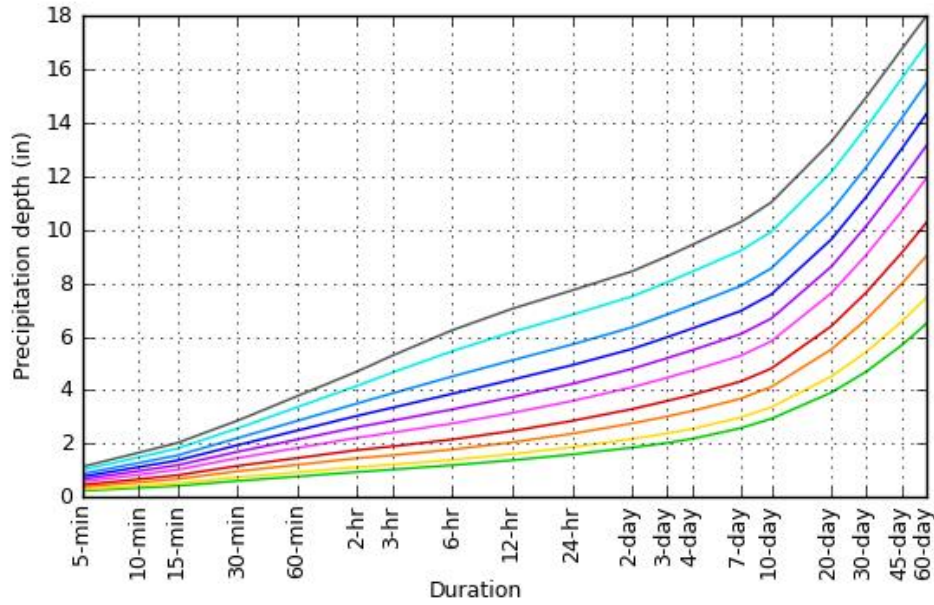
PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches)¹										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.239 (0.189-0.303)	0.291 (0.231-0.370)	0.381 (0.301-0.486)	0.461 (0.361-0.589)	0.576 (0.440-0.768)	0.671 (0.499-0.904)	0.770 (0.554-1.06)	0.875 (0.604-1.24)	1.02 (0.678-1.48)	1.14 (0.733-1.67)
10-min	0.350 (0.277-0.444)	0.426 (0.338-0.542)	0.558 (0.441-0.711)	0.674 (0.529-0.863)	0.844 (0.644-1.13)	0.982 (0.731-1.32)	1.13 (0.811-1.56)	1.28 (0.884-1.81)	1.49 (0.992-2.17)	1.66 (1.07-2.44)
15-min	0.426 (0.338-0.541)	0.520 (0.412-0.660)	0.681 (0.537-0.867)	0.823 (0.645-1.05)	1.03 (0.785-1.37)	1.20 (0.891-1.62)	1.37 (0.988-1.90)	1.56 (1.08-2.21)	1.82 (1.21-2.65)	2.03 (1.31-2.98)
30-min	0.608 (0.482-0.771)	0.740 (0.586-0.940)	0.968 (0.764-1.23)	1.17 (0.916-1.49)	1.46 (1.11-1.94)	1.70 (1.26-2.29)	1.94 (1.40-2.68)	2.21 (1.52-3.12)	2.57 (1.71-3.73)	2.86 (1.85-4.19)
60-min	0.775 (0.615-0.984)	0.933 (0.739-1.19)	1.21 (0.956-1.54)	1.46 (1.15-1.87)	1.84 (1.41-2.47)	2.16 (1.61-2.92)	2.49 (1.80-3.45)	2.85 (1.97-4.05)	3.37 (2.24-4.90)	3.78 (2.44-5.55)
2-hr	0.943 (0.754-1.19)	1.13 (0.898-1.42)	1.46 (1.16-1.84)	1.76 (1.39-2.23)	2.22 (1.72-2.97)	2.62 (1.97-3.52)	3.04 (2.21-4.19)	3.50 (2.45-4.95)	4.16 (2.80-6.03)	4.70 (3.06-6.85)
3-hr	1.03 (0.829-1.29)	1.22 (0.978-1.53)	1.57 (1.25-1.97)	1.90 (1.51-2.40)	2.41 (1.88-3.22)	2.86 (2.17-3.84)	3.35 (2.45-4.60)	3.88 (2.73-5.48)	4.66 (3.15-6.74)	5.29 (3.46-7.69)
6-hr	1.20 (0.968-1.49)	1.40 (1.13-1.74)	1.78 (1.44-2.22)	2.16 (1.73-2.70)	2.76 (2.18-3.66)	3.28 (2.52-4.39)	3.86 (2.86-5.29)	4.51 (3.21-6.34)	5.46 (3.73-7.86)	6.24 (4.12-9.01)
12-hr	1.38 (1.13-1.70)	1.61 (1.31-1.98)	2.05 (1.67-2.53)	2.48 (2.00-3.07)	3.15 (2.51-4.15)	3.74 (2.89-4.96)	4.39 (3.28-5.96)	5.12 (3.67-7.13)	6.17 (4.25-8.82)	7.04 (4.69-10.1)
24-hr	1.60 (1.31-1.95)	1.87 (1.54-2.28)	2.38 (1.94-2.91)	2.85 (2.32-3.51)	3.60 (2.88-4.67)	4.24 (3.29-5.56)	4.94 (3.71-6.63)	5.71 (4.12-7.87)	6.82 (4.73-9.66)	7.73 (5.20-11.0)
2-day	1.85 (1.54-2.24)	2.18 (1.80-2.63)	2.76 (2.28-3.35)	3.29 (2.70-4.01)	4.11 (3.30-5.27)	4.80 (3.76-6.22)	5.54 (4.19-7.36)	6.35 (4.62-8.68)	7.50 (5.25-10.5)	8.44 (5.73-11.9)
3-day	2.03 (1.69-2.44)	2.39 (1.98-2.87)	3.02 (2.50-3.64)	3.60 (2.97-4.36)	4.47 (3.60-5.69)	5.20 (4.09-6.70)	5.98 (4.55-7.90)	6.83 (4.99-9.28)	8.03 (5.65-11.2)	9.00 (6.15-12.7)
4-day	2.18 (1.82-2.61)	2.56 (2.13-3.06)	3.22 (2.68-3.87)	3.82 (3.16-4.62)	4.73 (3.83-6.00)	5.49 (4.33-7.04)	6.30 (4.81-8.30)	7.18 (5.26-9.72)	8.43 (5.95-11.7)	9.43 (6.46-13.3)
7-day	2.58 (2.17-3.07)	2.98 (2.50-3.54)	3.68 (3.08-4.39)	4.32 (3.60-5.18)	5.29 (4.31-6.65)	6.09 (4.84-7.76)	6.96 (5.34-9.09)	7.89 (5.82-10.6)	9.21 (6.55-12.8)	10.3 (7.10-14.4)
10-day	2.93 (2.48-3.47)	3.37 (2.84-3.98)	4.13 (3.47-4.90)	4.81 (4.02-5.74)	5.83 (4.76-7.29)	6.68 (5.32-8.45)	7.58 (5.85-9.86)	8.55 (6.34-11.4)	9.92 (7.09-13.7)	11.0 (7.65-15.4)
20-day	3.91 (3.33-4.58)	4.51 (3.84-5.29)	5.52 (4.68-6.50)	6.39 (5.39-7.55)	7.63 (6.25-9.37)	8.62 (6.90-10.8)	9.64 (7.47-12.4)	10.7 (7.98-14.1)	12.2 (8.74-16.6)	13.3 (9.31-18.4)
30-day	4.70 (4.02-5.47)	5.44 (4.65-6.34)	6.65 (5.66-7.78)	7.66 (6.49-9.00)	9.06 (7.44-11.0)	10.1 (8.15-12.5)	11.2 (8.74-14.3)	12.3 (9.24-16.2)	13.8 (9.98-18.7)	15.0 (10.5-20.6)
45-day	5.67 (4.88-6.57)	6.55 (5.63-7.60)	7.97 (6.82-9.27)	9.12 (7.77-10.7)	10.7 (8.79-12.9)	11.9 (9.56-14.5)	13.0 (10.2-16.4)	14.2 (10.6-18.4)	15.6 (11.3-21.0)	16.7 (11.9-23.0)
60-day	6.49 (5.60-7.48)	7.46 (6.43-8.62)	9.01 (7.74-10.4)	10.3 (8.77-11.9)	11.9 (9.82-14.3)	13.1 (10.6-16.0)	14.3 (11.2-18.0)	15.5 (11.7-20.0)	16.9 (12.3-22.6)	18.0 (12.8-24.6)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS). Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values. Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical

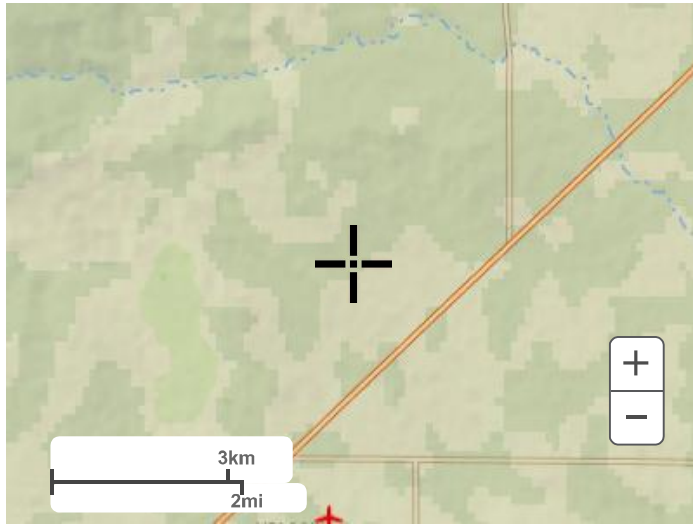
PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves Latitude: 38.9850°, Longitude: -104.5650°



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Maps & aerials

Small scale terrain



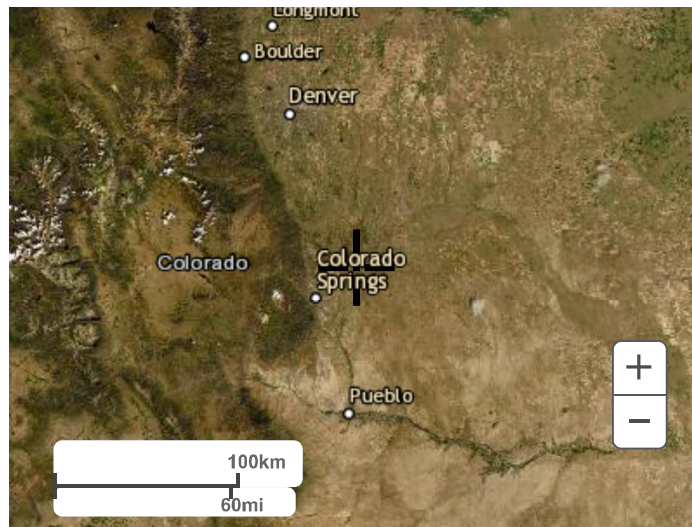
Large scale terrain



Large scale map



Large scale aerial



[Back to Top](#)

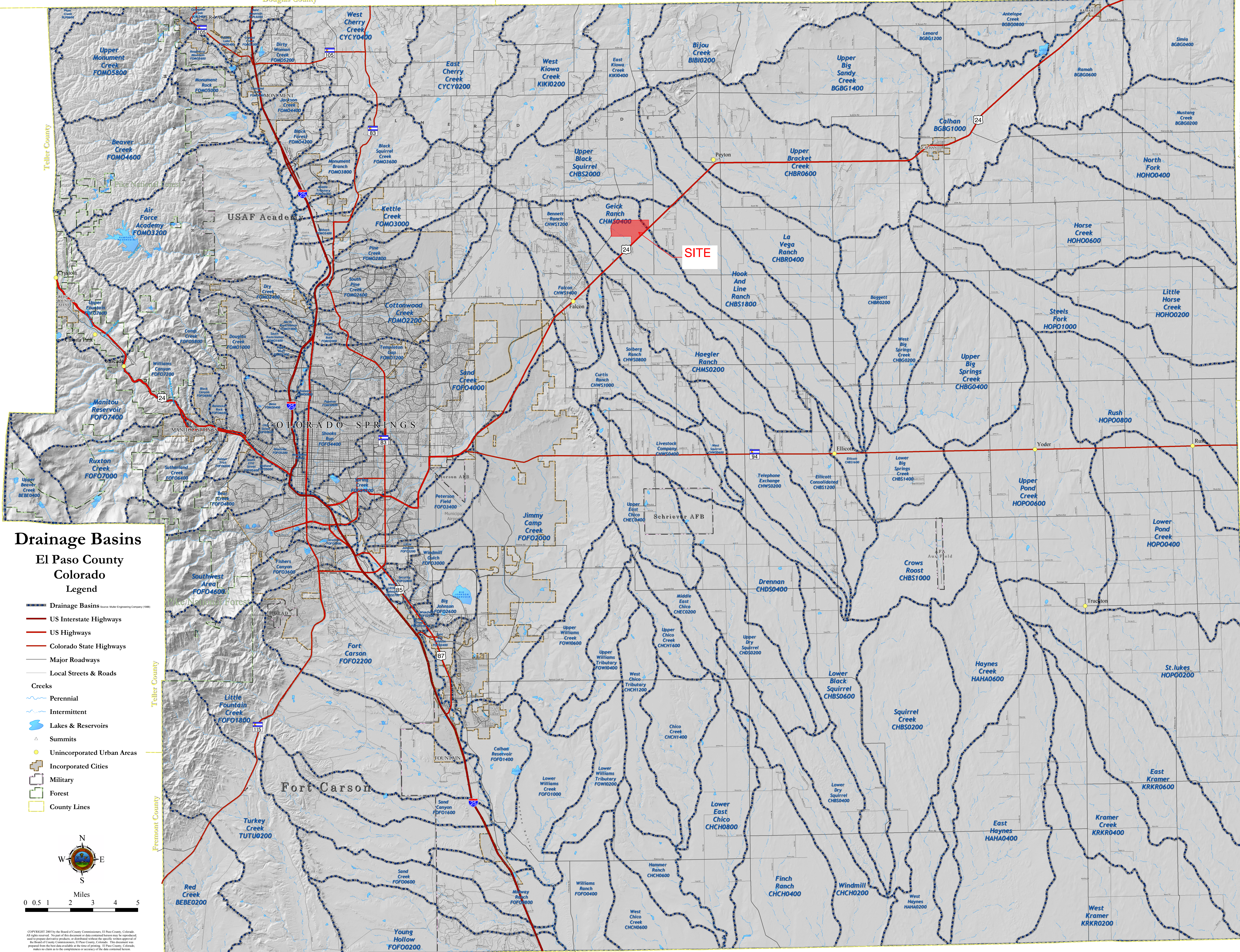
[US Department of Commerce](#)
[National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration](#)
[National Weather Service](#)
[National Water Center](#)
1325 East West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910
Questions?: HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov

[Disclaimer](#)

APPENDIX B
DBPS &, MDDP Sheet References

Douglas County

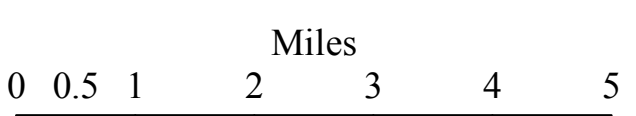
Elbert County



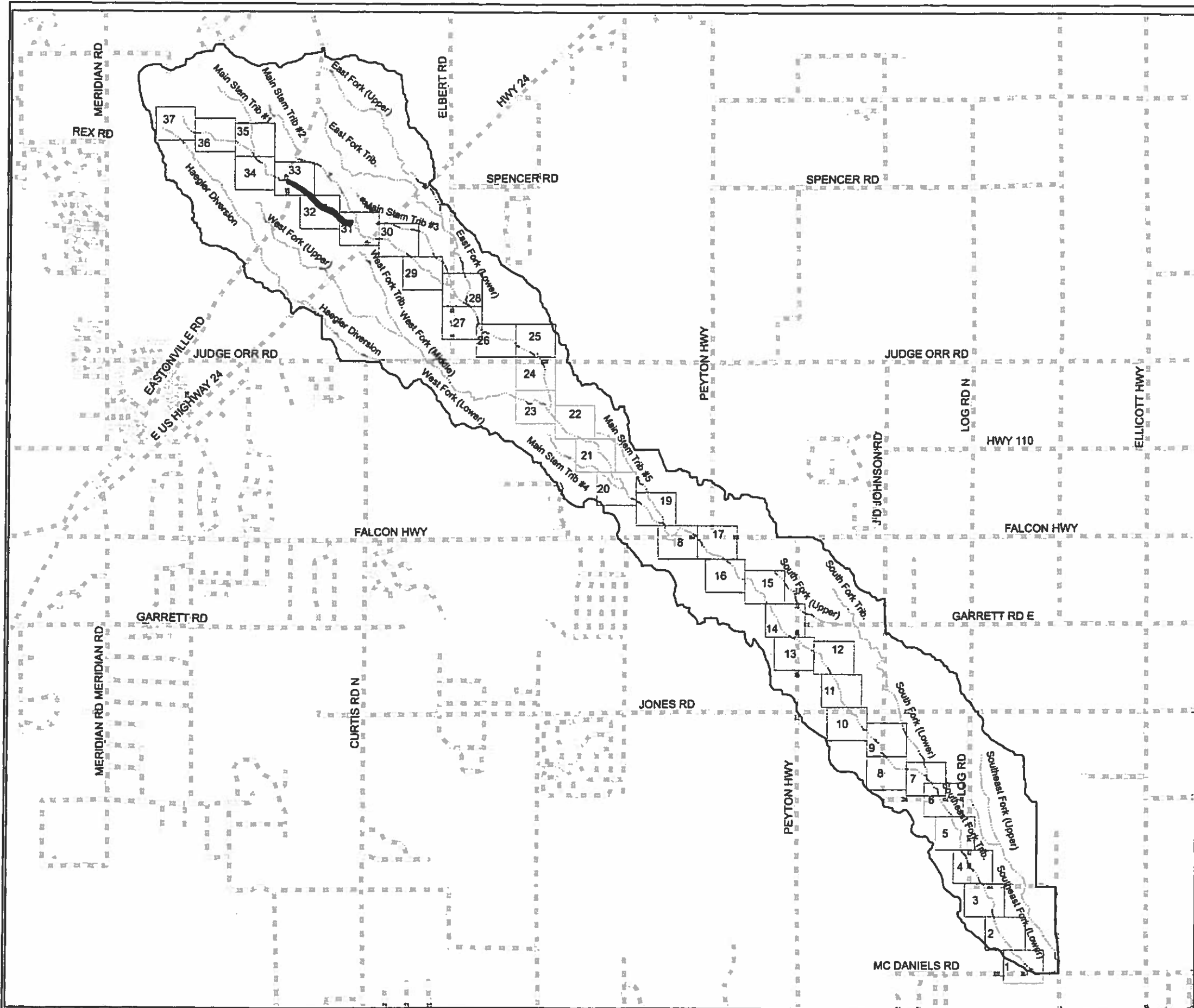
Drainage Basins

El Paso County Colorado Legend

- Drainage Basins (Source: Muler Engineering Company 1988)
- US Interstate Highways
- US Highways
- Colorado State Highways
- Major Roadways
- Local Streets & Roads
- Creeks**
- Perennial
- Intermittent
- Lakes & Reservoirs
- Summits
- Unincorporated Urban Areas
- Incorporated Cities
- Military
- Forest
- County Lines



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Legend





- Streams
- Roads
- Basin Boundary
- Matchlines

THIS DRAWING IS CONCEPTUAL IN NATURE AND IS NOT TO BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR FINAL DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OR REMEDIAL ACTION. FURTHER STUDIES UNDER EPC DOT'S DIRECTION SHOULD BE PERFORMED PRIOR TO SUCH DECISIONS.

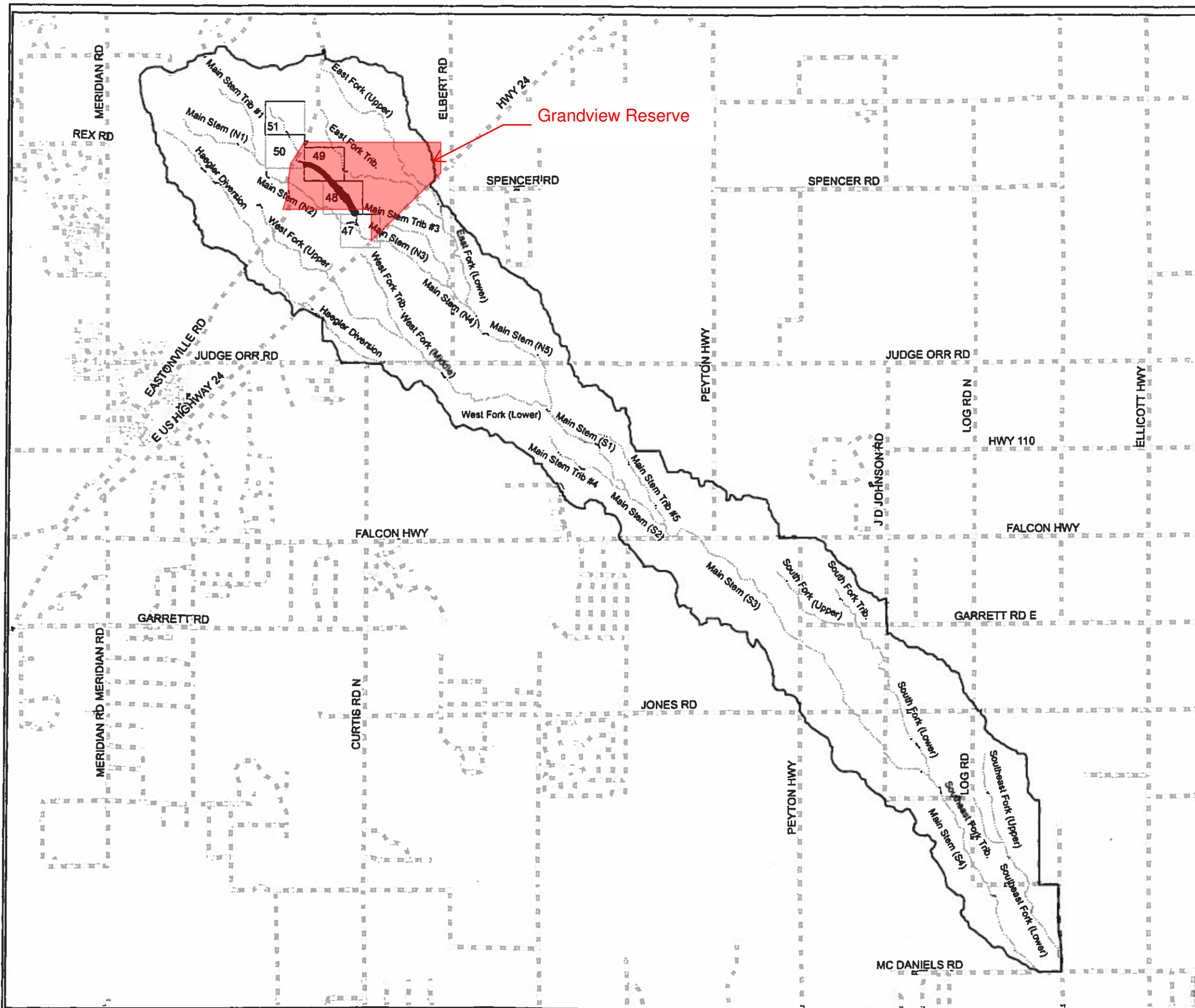


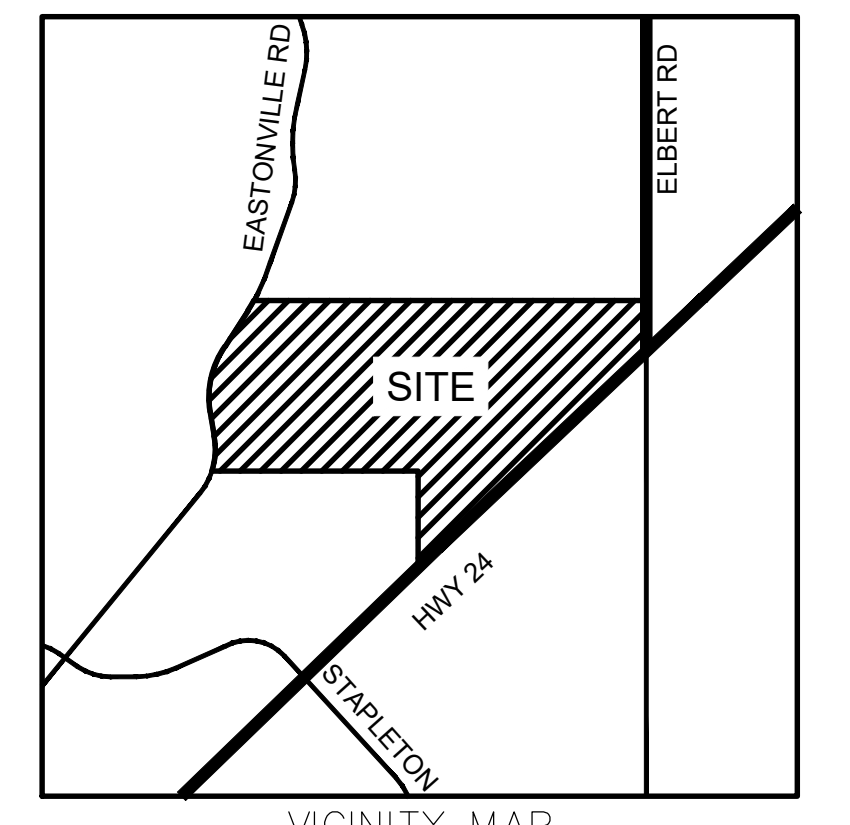
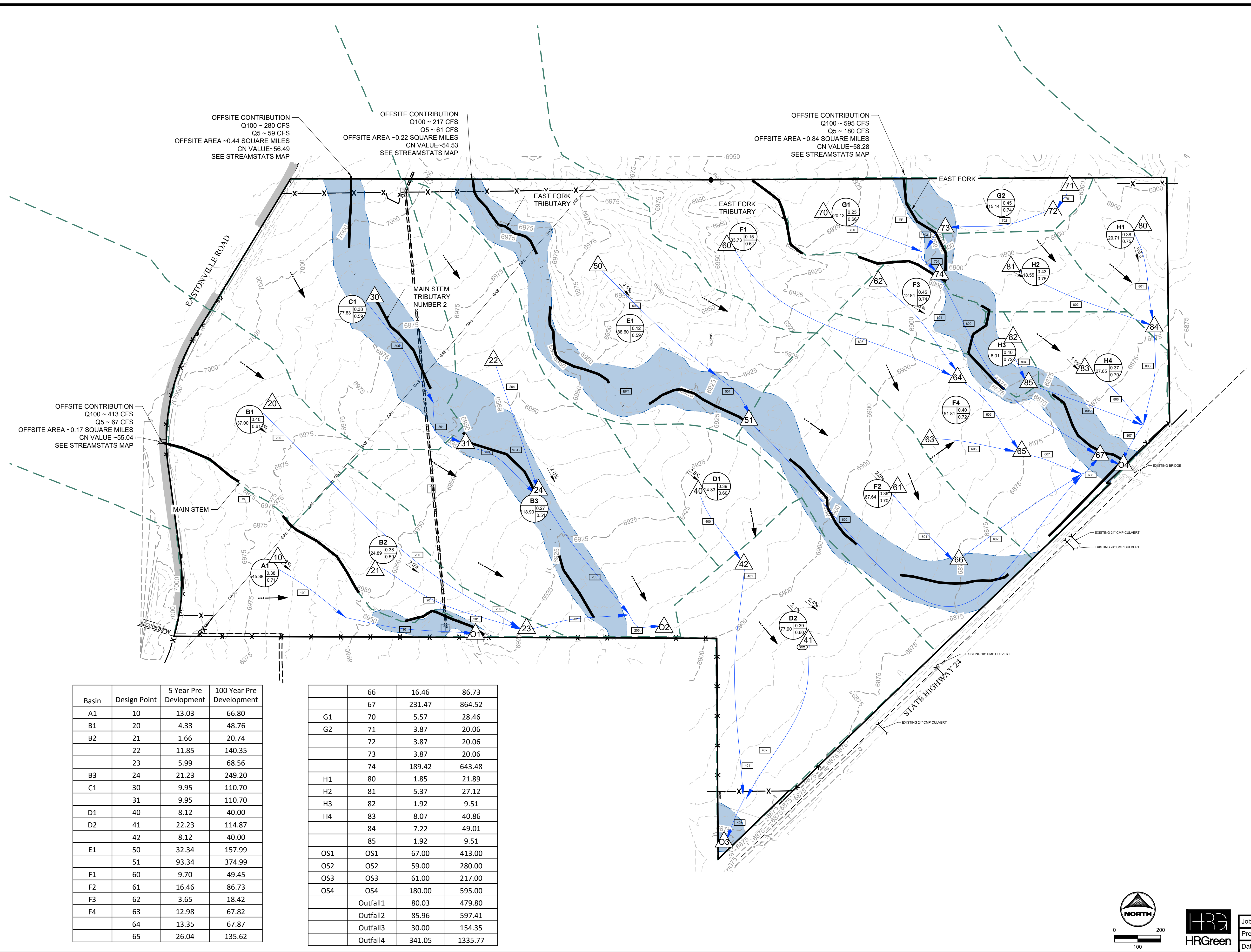


Legend

-  Streams
-  Roads
-  Basin Boundary
-  Matchlines

THIS DRAWING IS CONCEPTUAL IN NATURE AND IS NOT TO BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR FINAL DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OR REMEDIAL ACTION. FURTHER STUDIES UNDER EPC DOT'S DIRECTION SHOULD BE PERFORMED PRIOR TO SUCH DECISIONS.





LEGEND:

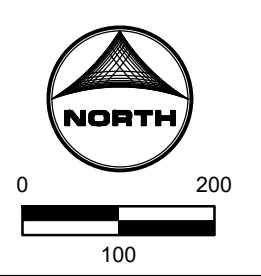
- PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR: 5250
- PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR: 5250
- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR: 5250
- EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR: 5250
- PROPOSED STORM DRAIN PIPE
- EXISTING STORM DRAIN PIPE
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHANNEL
- PROPOSED ROAD
- PROPERTY LINE
- DIRECTIONAL FLOW ARROW
- EMERGENCY OVERFLOW ARROW
- EXISTING 100-YR FLOODWAY
- EXISTING 100-YR FLOODPLAIN
- PROPOSED 100-YR FLOODPLAIN
- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- MAJOR BASIN LINE
- 100YR ZONE A FLOODPLAIN
- PROPOSED DETENTION LOCATION
- POTENTIAL WATER QUALITY LOCATION
- SWMM CONVEYANCE ELEMENT
- PROPOSED PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS)
- DESIGN POINT
- PROPOSED BASIN LABEL

LAND USE

- LOW DENSITY
- MEDIUM DENSITY
- HIGH/MED DENSITY
- HIGH DENSITY
- CHURCH
- COMMERCIAL
- ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
- COMMUNITY PARK

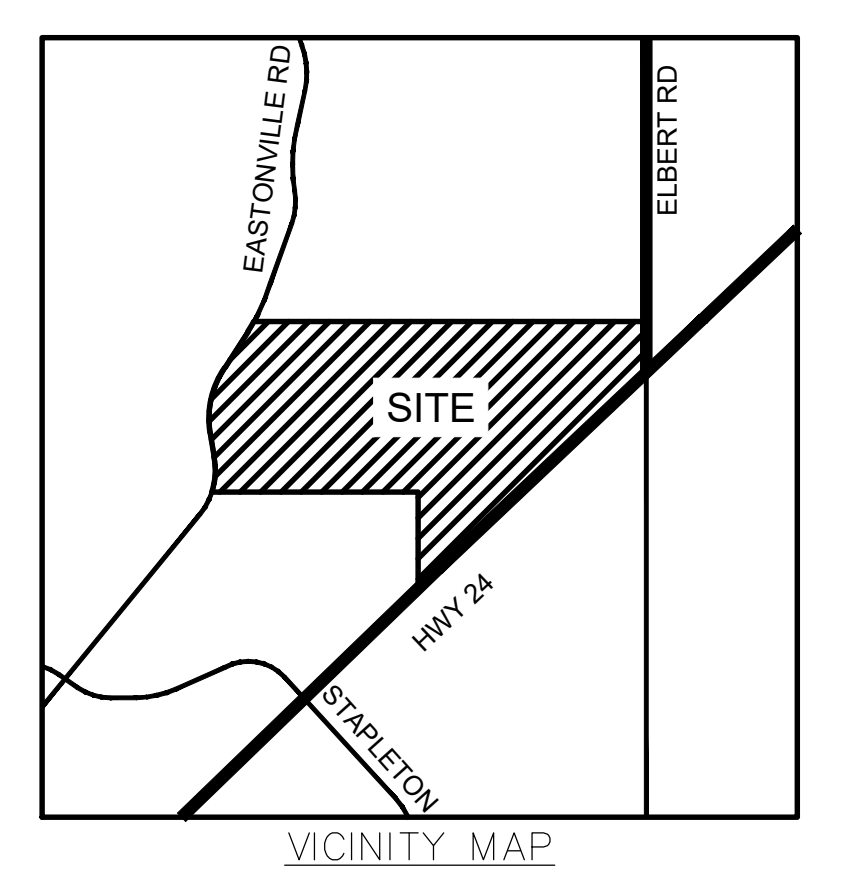
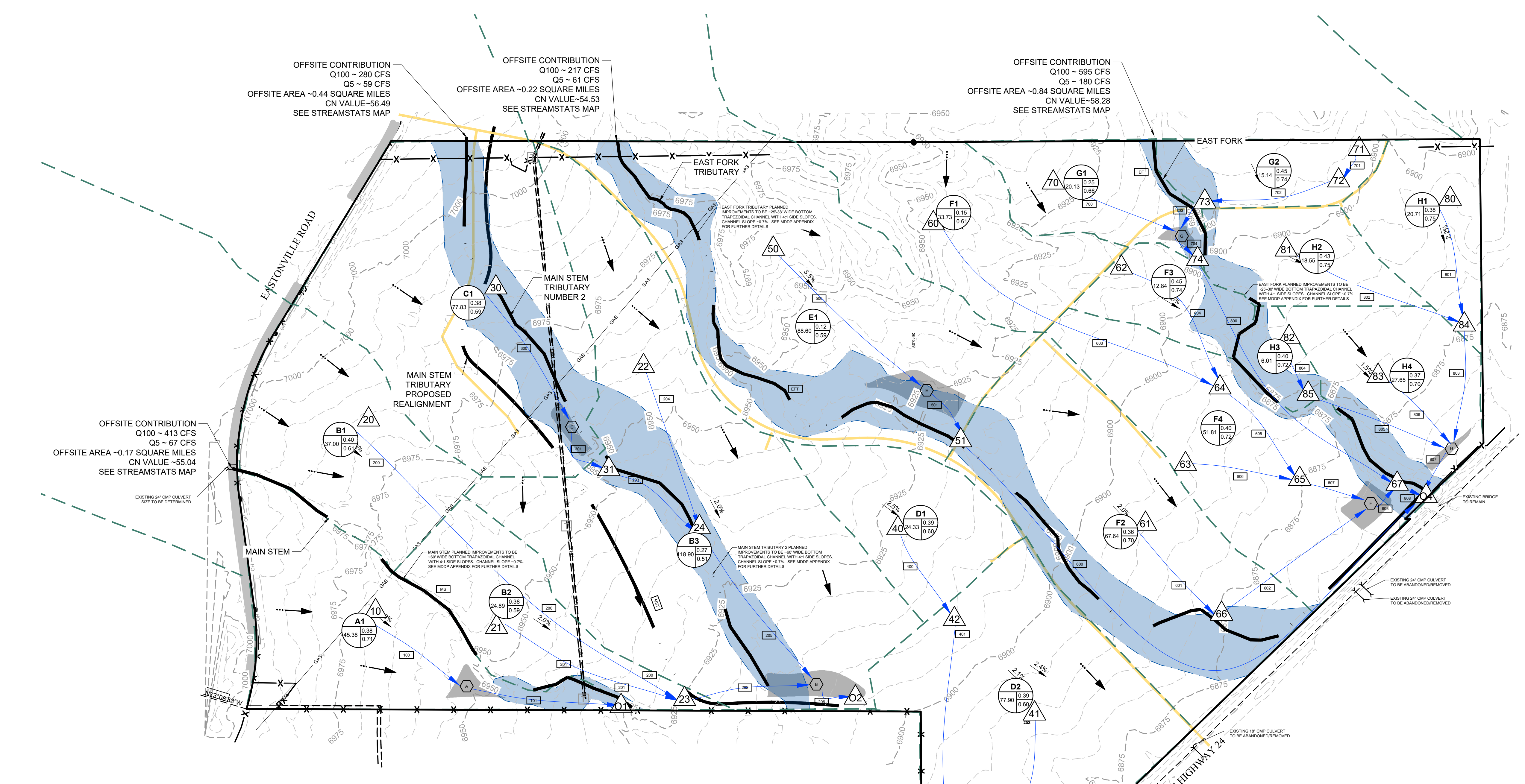
Basin	Design Point	5 Year Pre Development	100 Year Pre Development
A1	10	13.03	66.80
B1	20	4.33	48.76
B2	21	1.66	20.74
	22	11.85	140.35
	23	5.99	68.56
B3	24	21.23	249.20
C1	30	9.95	110.70
	31	9.95	110.70
D1	40	8.12	40.00
D2	41	22.23	114.87
	42	8.12	40.00
E1	50	32.34	157.99
	51	93.34	374.99
F1	60	9.70	49.45
F2	61	16.46	86.73
F3	62	3.65	18.42
F4	63	12.98	67.82
	64	13.35	67.87
	65	26.04	135.62

	66	16.46	86.73
	67	231.47	864.52
G1	70	5.57	28.46
G2	71	3.87	20.06
	72	3.87	20.06
	73	3.87	20.06
	74	189.42	643.48
H1	80	1.85	21.89
H2	81	5.37	27.12
H3	82	1.92	9.51
H4	83	8.07	40.86
	84	7.22	49.01
	85	1.92	9.51
OS1	OS1	67.00	413.00
OS2	OS2	59.00	280.00
OS3	OS3	61.00	217.00
OS4	OS4	180.00	595.00
	Outfall1	80.03	479.80
	Outfall2	85.96	597.41
	Outfall3	30.00	154.35
	Outfall4	341.05	1335.77



Job No.: 191897.01
 Prepared By: TBI
 Date: 04/14/2020

EXISTING EX1



LEGEND:

- PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR: 5250
- PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR: 6900
- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR: 5250
- EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR: 6900
- PROPOSED STORM DRAIN PIPE
- EXISTING STORM DRAIN PIPE
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHANNEL
- PROPOSED ROAD
- PROPERTY LINE
- DIRECTIONAL FLOW ARROW
- EMERGENCY OVERFLOW ARROW
- EXISTING 100-YR FLOODWAY
- EXISTING 100-YR FLOODPLAIN
- PROPOSED 100-YR FLOODPLAIN
- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- MAJOR BASIN LINE
- 100YR ZONE A FLOODPLAIN
- PROPOSED DETENTION LOCATION
- POTENTIAL WATER QUALITY LOCATION
- SWMM CONVEYANCE ELEMENT
- PROPOSED PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) 850
- DESIGN POINT
- PROPOSED BASIN LABEL: XX BASIN DESIGNATION, XX C5, XX C100
- LAND USE: LOW DENSITY, MEDIUM DENSITY, HIGH/MED DENSITY, HIGH DENSITY, CHURCH, COMMERCIAL, ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, COMMUNITY PARK

Basin	Design Point	5 Year Pre Development	5 Year Post Development	100 Year Pre Development	100 Year Post Development
A1	10	13.03	30.72	66.80	100.64
B1	20	4.33	29.46	48.76	97.08
B2	21	1.66	12.02	20.74	42.26
B2	22	11.85	92.76	140.35	295.27
B2	23	5.99	40.92	68.56	136.17
B3	24	21.23	93.26	249.20	334.84
C1	30	9.95	77.99	110.70	238.03
C1	31	9.95	1.52	110.70	115.75
D1	40	8.12	24.15	40.00	70.07
D2	41	22.23	98.47	114.87	252.18
D2	42	8.12	24.15	40.00	70.07
E1	50	32.34	46.88	157.99	178.04
E1	51	93.34	85.04	374.99	381.75
F1	60	9.70	16.28	49.45	58.95
F2	61	16.46	60.11	86.73	170.90
F3	62	3.65	11.36	18.42	32.93
F4	63	12.98	42.32	67.82	124.89
F4	64	13.35	26.88	67.87	90.88
F4	65	26.04	69.12	135.62	215.63
F4	66	16.46	60.11	86.73	170.90

G1	70	231.47	201.42	864.52	865.98
G2	71	5.57	13.78	28.46	43.95
G2	72	3.87	6.55	20.06	23.95
G2	73	3.87	6.55	20.06	23.95
G2	74	189.42	189.05	643.48	637.13
H1	80	1.85	5.68	21.89	27.62
H2	81	5.37	16.24	27.12	47.62
H3	82	1.92	5.21	9.51	15.60
H4	83	8.07	20.93	40.86	64.71
H4	84	7.22	21.67	49.01	73.73
H4	85	1.92	5.21	9.51	15.60
OS1	OS1	67.00	67.00	413.00	413.00
OS2	OS2	59.00	59.00	280.00	280.00
OS3	OS3	61.00	61.00	217.00	217.00
OS4	OS4	180.00	180.00	595.00	595.00
Outfall1	Outfall1	80.03	67.69	479.80	466.95
Outfall2	Outfall2	85.96	61.68	597.41	536.11
Outfall3	Outfall3	30.00	8.58	154.35	160.70*
Outfall4	Outfall4	341.05	276.10	1335.77	1291.25

*THIS VALUE IS HIGHER THAN PRE-EXISTING AND WILL BE ADJUSTED TO MEET CRITERIA WITH THE PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT

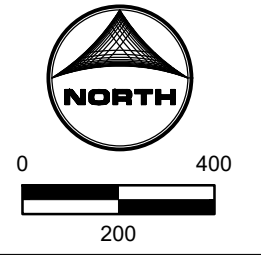
NOTES:

PRELIMINARY CHANNEL GEOMETRY (BY OTHERS):
 MAIN STEM
 BOTTOM WIDTH: 60'
 SIDE SLOPES: 4:1

MAIN STEM TRIBUTARY 2
 BOTTOM WIDTH: 60'
 SIDE SLOPES: 4:1

EAST FORK TRIBUTARY 1 REACH 2
 BOTTOM WIDTH: 38'
 SIDE SLOPES: 4:1

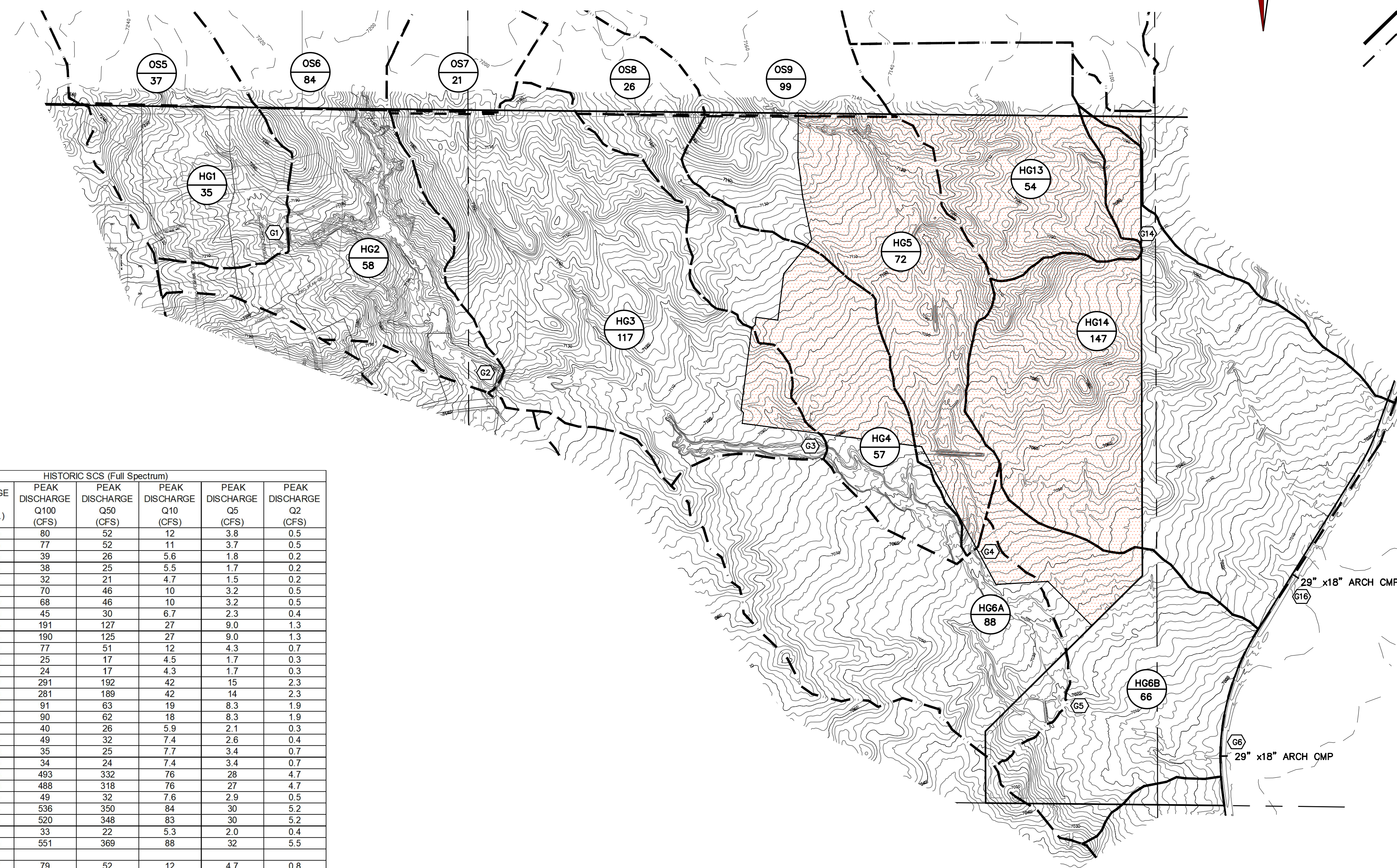
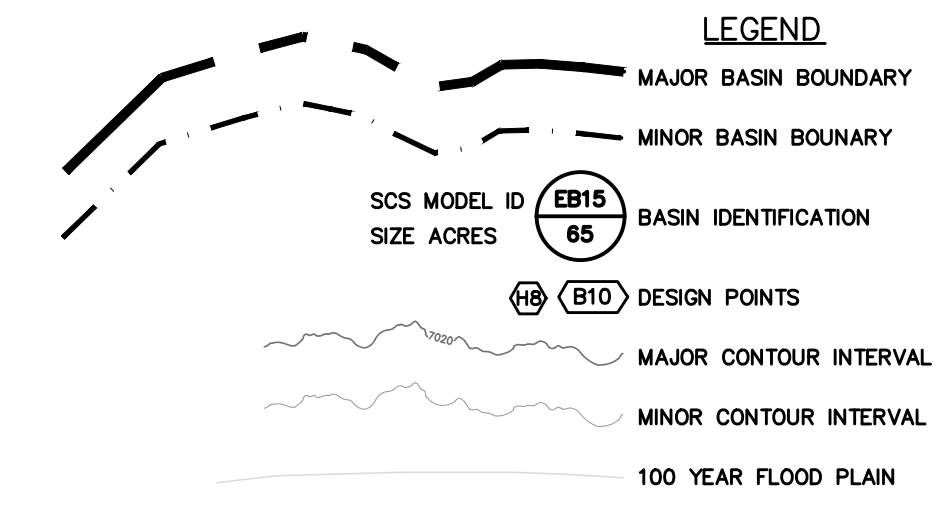
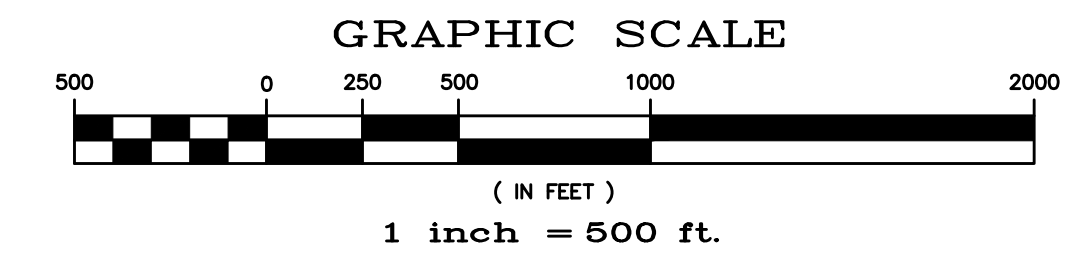
EAST FORK TRIBUTARY 1 REACH 1
 BOTTOM WIDTH: 25'
 SIDE SLOPES: 4:1



Job No.: 191897.01
 Prepared By: TBI
 Date: 04/14/2020

PROPOSED DR1

2021 MDDP REVISION



HYDROLOGIC ELEMENT	DRAINAGE AREA (SQ. MI.)	HISTORIC SCS (Full Spectrum)				
		PEAK DISCHARGE Q100 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q50 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q10 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q5 (CFS)	PEAK DISCHARGE Q2 (CFS)
OS06	0.1313	80	52	12	3.8	0.5
OS06-G02	0.1313	77	52	11	3.7	0.5
OS05	0.0578	39	26	5.6	1.8	0.2
OS05-G01	0.0578	38	25	5.5	1.7	0.2
HG01	0.0547	32	21	4.7	1.5	0.2
G01	0.1125	70	46	10	3.2	0.5
G01-G02	0.1125	68	46	10	3.2	0.5
HG02	0.0906	45	30	6.7	2.3	0.4
G02	0.3344	191	127	27	9.0	1.3
G02-G03	0.3344	190	125	27	9.0	1.3
HG03	0.1828	77	51	12	4.3	0.7
OS07	0.0328	25	17	4.5	1.7	0.3
OS07-G03	0.0328	24	17	4.3	1.7	0.3
G03	0.5500	291	192	42	15	2.3
G03-G04	0.5500	281	189	42	14	2.3
OS09	0.1547	91	63	19	8.3	1.9
OS09-G04	0.1547	90	62	18	8.3	1.9
HG04	0.0891	40	26	5.9	2.1	0.3
HG05	0.1125	49	32	7.4	2.6	0.4
OS08	0.0406	35	25	7.7	3.4	0.7
OS08-G04	0.0406	34	24	7.4	3.4	0.7
G04	0.9469	493	332	76	28	4.7
G04-G05	0.9469	488	318	76	27	4.7
HG06A	0.1375	49	32	7.6	2.9	0.5
G05	1.0844	536	350	84	30	5.2
G05-G06	1.0844	520	348	83	30	5.2
HG06B	0.1031	33	22	5.3	2.0	0.4
G06	1.1875	551	369	88	32	5.5
HG14	0.2297	79	52	12	4.7	0.8
HG13	0.0844	54	37	9.5	3.8	0.7
G14	0.0844	54	37	9.5	3.8	0.7
G14-G16	0.0844	53	36	9.4	3.7	0.6
G16	0.3141	117	77	19	7.4	1.4

TECH CONTRACTORS 11886 STAPLETON DRIVE FALCON, CO 80831 TELEPHONE: 719.495.7444 FAX: 719.495.3349	Revisions	No.	Date	Appr.	Date
 MERIDIAN RANCH	HISTORIC CONDITIONS - SCS MAP 2021 SKETCH PLAN AMENDMENT REVISED MDDP				
	Drawn by: Tak Checked by: na Date: MARCH 2021	Scale: AS SHOWN of -			

HISTORIC CONDITION - SCS MAP

FIGURE 4

APPENDIX C

Hydrologic Computations

COMPOSITE % IMPERVIOUS CALCULATIONS: EXI

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County

Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Paved/Gravel Roads			Lawns/Undeveloped			Residential - 1/8 Acre			Residential - 1/4 Acre		
		% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.
EXISTING													
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022													
EX-1	16.18	100	0	0	2	16.18	2	65	0	0	40	0	0
EX-2	46.06	100	0	0	2	46.06	2	65	0	0	40	0	0
EX-3	64.34	100	0	0	2	64.34	2	65	0	0	40	0	0
EX-4	2.68	100	0	0	2	2.68	2	65	0	0	40	0	0
EX-5	26.15	100	0	0	2	26.15	2	65	0	0	40	0	0
EX-6	31.53	100	0	0	2	31.53	2	65	0	0	40	0	0
INTERIM													
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis and Proposed Eastonville Road, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022													
A-1	19.96	100	0.00	0.0	2	19.96	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
EA-1	3.98	100	0.00	0.0	2	3.98	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-A1	18.33	100	0.00	0.0	2	18.33	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-A2	4.51	100	0.00	0.0	2	4.51	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-A3	9.49	100	0.00	0.0	2	9.49	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-B1	15.73	100	0.00	0.0	2	15.73	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-B2	5.12	100	0.00	0.0	2	5.12	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-B3	9.91	100	0.00	0.0	2	9.91	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-C1	6.84	100	0.00	0.0	2	6.84	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-C2	17.00	100	0.00	0.0	2	17.00	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-C3	18.56	100	0.00	0.0	2	18.56	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-D1	10.86	100	0.00	0.0	2	10.86	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0
TSB-E1	19.42	100	0.00	0.0	2	19.42	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0

Lot Type Identification:	
Lot Size (SF)	Lot Size (Acre)
0 - 8,167	1/8 Acre
8,168 - 12,704	1/4 Acre
12,705 - 18,149	1/3 Acre
18,150 - 32,670	1/2 Acre
32,671 - 43,560	1 Acre

NOTES:
 % Impervious values are taken directly from Table 6-6 in the Colorado Springs DCM Vol. 1. CH. 6 (Referencing UDFCD 2001)

It appears part of spreadsheet may not have printed
 REVISED ACCORDINGLY

COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS: EXISTING & INTERIM

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
 Location: CO, El Paso County

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Conditions
 Project No.: HRG01
 Calculated By: TJE
 Checked By: BAS
 Date: 9/9/22

Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Paved/Gravel Roads			Lawns/Undeveloped			Roofs			Residential - 1/8 Acre			Residential - 1/4 Acre			Residential - 1/3 Acre			Residential - 1/2 Acre			Residential - 1 Acre			Composite C ₅	Composite C ₁₀₀
		C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)		
EXISTING																											
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022																											
EX-1	16.18	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	16.18	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
EX-2	46.06	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	46.06	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
EX-3	64.34	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	64.34	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
EX-4	2.68	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	2.68	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
EX-5	26.15	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	26.15	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
EX-6	21.52	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	21.52	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
INTERIM																											
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis and Proposed Eastonville Road, see Rational Calcs included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022																											
A-1	19.96	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	19.96	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
EA-1	3.98	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	3.98	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-A1	18.33	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	18.33	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-A2	4.51	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	4.51	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-A3	9.49	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	9.49	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-B1	15.73	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	15.73	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-B2	5.12	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	5.12	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-B3	9.91	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	9.91	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-C1	6.84	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	6.84	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-C2	17.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	17.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-C3	18.56	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	18.56	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-D1	10.86	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	10.86	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-E1	19.42	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	19.42	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36

Lot Type Identification:	
Lot Size (SF)	Lot Size (Acre)
0 - 8,167	<= 1/8 Acre
8,168 - 12,704	1/4 Acre
12,705 - 18,149	1/3 Acre
18,150 - 32,670	1/2 Acre
32,671 - 43,560	1 Acre

NOTES:
 C values are taken directly from Table 6-6 in the Colorado Springs DCM Vol. 1, CH. 6 (Referencing UDFCD 2001)
 Coefficients use HSG A&B soils - Refer to "Appendix A: Exhibits and Figures" for soil map

STANDARD FORM SF-2: EXISTING & INTERIM TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Conditions
Project No.: HRG01
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 9/9/22

SUB-BASIN						INITIAL/OVERLAND			TRAVEL TIME					T _c CHECK			FINAL
BASIN ID	D.A. (AC)	Hydrologic Soils Group	Impervious (%)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	(T _i)			(T _t)					(T _c)			T _c (MIN)
						L (FT)	S (%)	T _i (MIN)	L (FT)	S (%)	C _v	VEL. (FPS)	T _t (MIN)	COMP. T _c (MIN)	TOTAL LENGTH(FT)	Calculated T _c (MIN)	
EXISTING																	
<i>For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022</i>																	
EX-1	16.18	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	3.3	21.6	1433	2.5	15	2.4	10.0	31.6	1732.7	19.6	31.6
EX-2	46.06	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	2.5	23.6	3127	2.0	15	2.1	24.7	48.3	3427.0	29.0	48.3
EX-3	64.34	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	3.2	21.7	3964	2.1	15	2.2	30.4	52.1	4263.6	33.7	52.1
EX-4	2.68	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	2.5	23.8	462	2.4	15	2.3	3.3	27.1	762.3	14.2	27.1
EX-5	26.15	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	3.1	22.1	2121	2.3	15	2.3	15.6	37.7	2420.8	23.4	37.7
EX-6	21.52	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	2.6	20.0	1488	2.1	15	2.2	11.4	22.2	1788.5	19.0	22.2
INTERIM																	
<i>For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis and Proposed Eastonville Road, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022</i>																	
A-1	19.96	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	50	2.0	10.4	1600	3.3	10	1.8	14.8	25.2	1650.0	19.2	19.2
EA-1	3.98	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	75	5.0	9.4	1037	0.8	10	0.9	19.1	28.5	1112.0	16.2	16.2
TSB-A1	18.33	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	100	2.0	14.7	1454	3.1	10	1.8	13.7	28.4	1554.0	18.6	18.6
TSB-A2	4.51	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	216	2.0	21.6	591	1.1	10	1.1	9.3	30.9	807.0	14.5	14.5
TSB-A3	9.49	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	160	2.0	18.6	1219	1.0	10	1.0	20.3	38.9	1379.0	17.7	17.7
TSB-B1	15.73	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	230	2.0	22.3	1126	1.0	10	1.0	18.8	41.0	1356.0	17.5	17.5
TSB-B2	5.12	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	60	2.0	11.4	819	2.7	10	1.6	8.4	19.8	879.0	14.9	14.9
TSB-B3	9.91	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	152	2.0	18.1	979	3.0	10	1.7	9.4	27.5	1131.0	16.3	16.3
TSB-C1	6.84	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	65	2.0	11.8	1399	2.2	10	1.5	15.6	27.4	1464.0	18.1	18.1
TSB-C2	17.00	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	50	2.0	10.4	1506	3.2	10	1.8	14.0	24.4	1556.0	18.6	18.6
TSB-C3	18.56	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	135	2.0	17.1	1553	2.0	10	1.4	18.5	35.5	1688.0	19.4	19.4
TSB-D1	10.86	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	120	2.0	16.1	1643	1.6	10	1.2	21.9	38.0	1763.0	19.8	19.8
TSB-E1	19.42	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	75	2.5	11.8	1979	1.7	10	1.3	25.3	37.1	2054.0	21.4	21.4

NOTES:

$T_i = (0.395 * (1.1 - C_5) * L^{0.5}) / ((S)^{0.33})$, S in ft/ft
 $T_t = L / 60V$ (Velocity From Fig. 501)
 Velocity $V = C_v * S^{0.5}$, S in ft/ft
 $T_c \text{ Check} = 10 + L / 180$
 For Urbanized basins a minimum T_c of 5.0 minutes is required.
 For non-urbanized basins a minimum T_c of 10.0 minutes is required

**STANDARD FORM SF-3: EXISTING & INTERIM
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN
(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)**

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County
Design Storm: 5-Year

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Conditions
Project No.: HRG01
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 9/9/22

STREET	Design Point	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS
		Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	Tc (min)	C% (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	C% (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Slope (%)	Street Flow (cfs)	Design Flow (cfs)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	Tt (min)	
EXISTING																					
	1	EX-1	16.18	0.09	31.6	1.46	2.35	3.4				4.7								Sheet flow to Main Stem Channel Total Flow from DP 10, DP 11 & Basin EX-1	
	2	EX-2	46.06	0.09	48.3	4.15	1.82	7.6				79.1								Sheet flow to Main Stem Channel Total Flow from DP 8, DP 9 & Basin EX-2	
	3	EX-3	64.34	0.09	52.1	5.79	1.73	10.0				10.0								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel	
	4	EX-4	2.68	0.09	27.1	0.24	2.57	0.6				0.6								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel	
	5	EX-5	26.15	0.09	37.7	2.35	2.12	5.0				5.0								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel	
	6	EX-6	31.53	0.09	32.3	2.84	2.32	6.6				14.6								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel Total Flow from DP 7 & EX-6	
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022																					
	12											89.2								Total Existing Flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel	
INTERIM																					
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis and Proposed Eastonville Road, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022																					
	2	A-1	19.96	0.09	19.2	1.80	3.08	5.5				5.5 18.7								Institutional Tract-Undeveloped Combined flow from DP1 and A-1	
	3	EA-1	3.98	0.09	16.2	0.36	3.34	1.2				1.2 5.7								Existing Eastonville Road Combined flow from OS-3 (DP32) and EA-1 (Existing Eastonville Rd)	
	1	TSB-A1	18.33	0.09	18.6	1.65	3.12	5.1				5.1 13.1								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow from OS-5 (DP35) and TSB-A1	
	4	TSB-A2	4.51	0.09	14.5	0.41	3.52	1.4				1.4								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	5	TSB-A3	9.49	0.09	17.7	0.85	3.21	2.7				2.7								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	6	TSB-B1	15.73	0.09	17.5	1.42	3.22	4.6				4.6								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	7	TSB-B2	5.12	0.09	14.9	0.46	3.47	1.6				1.6								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	8	TSB-B3	9.91	0.09	16.3	0.89	3.33	3.0				3.0 9.1								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined Flows from DP6, DP7, & TSB-B3	
	9	TSB-C1	6.84	0.09	18.1	0.62	3.17	2.0				2.0								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	10	TSB-C2	17.00	0.09	18.6	1.53	3.12	4.8				4.8								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	11	TSB-C3	18.56	0.09	19.4	1.67	3.06	5.1				5.1 11.8								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flows from DP9, DP10, & TSB-C3	
	12	TSB-D1	10.86	0.09	19.8	0.98	3.03	3.0				3.0								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	13	TSB-E1	19.42	0.09	21.4	1.75	2.91	5.1				5.1								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	

**STANDARD FORM SF-3: EXISTING & INTERIM
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN
(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)**

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
 Location: CO, El Paso County
 Design Storm: 100-Year

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Conditions
 Project No.: HRG01
 Calculated By: TJE
 Checked By: BAS
 Date: 9/9/22

STREET	Design Point	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS
		Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Slope (%)	Street Flow (cfs)	Design Flow (cfs)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	Tt (min)	
EXISTING																					
	1	EX-1	16.18	0.36	31.6	5.82	4.19	24.4				33.3								Sheet flow to Main Stem Channel Total Flow from DP 10, DP 11 & Basin EX-1	
	2	EX-2	46.06	0.36	48.3	16.58	3.24	53.7				497.2								Sheet flow to Main Stem Channel Total Flow from DP 8, DP 9 & Basin EX-2	
	3	EX-3	64.34	0.36	52.1	23.16	3.09	71.6				71.6								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel	
	4	EX-4	2.68	0.36	27.1	0.96	4.57	4.4				4.4								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel	
	5	EX-5	26.15	0.36	37.7	9.41	3.77	35.5				35.5								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel	
	6	EX-6	31.53	0.36	32.3	11.35	4.13	46.9				584.9								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel Total Flow from DP 7 & EX-6	
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022																					
	12											976.3								Total Existing Flow offsite - outfalls to Main Stem Tributary #2 Channel	
INTERIM																					
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis and Proposed Eastonville Road, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Final Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2022																					
	2	A-1	19.96	0.36	19.2	7.19	5.48	39.4				39.4								Institutional Tract-Undeveloped Combined flow from DP1 and A-1	
	3	EA-1	3.98	0.36	16.2	1.43	5.95	8.5				8.5								Existing Eastonville Road Combined flow from OS-3 (DP32) and EA-1 (Existing Eastonville Rd)	
	1	TSB-A1	18.33	0.36	18.6	6.60	5.56	36.7				36.7								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow from OS-5 (DP35) and TSB-A1	
	4	TSB-A2	4.51	0.36	14.5	1.62	6.26	10.1				10.1								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	5	TSB-A3	9.49	0.36	17.7	3.42	5.71	19.5				19.5								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	6	TSB-B1	15.73	0.36	17.5	5.66	5.73	32.4				32.4								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	7	TSB-B2	5.12	0.36	14.9	1.84	6.18	11.4				11.4								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	8	TSB-B3	9.91	0.36	16.3	3.57	5.93	21.2				21.2								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined Flows from DP6, DP7, & TSB-B3	
	9	TSB-C1	6.84	0.36	18.1	2.46	5.63	13.8				13.8								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	10	TSB-C2	17.00	0.36	18.6	6.12	5.56	34.0				34.0								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	11	TSB-C3	18.56	0.36	19.4	6.68	5.45	36.4				36.4								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined Flow from DP9, DP10, & TSB-C3	
	12	TSB-D1	10.86	0.36	19.8	3.91	5.39	21.1				21.1								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	13	TSB-E1	19.42	0.36	21.4	6.99	5.18	36.2				36.2								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	

COMPOSITE % IMPERVIOUS CALCULATIONS: PROPOSED

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
 Location: CO, El Paso County

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR
 Project No.: HRG01
 Calculated By: TJE
 Checked By: BAS
 Date: 10/6/22

Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Paved/Gravel Roads			Lawns/Undeveloped			Residential - 1/8 Acre			Residential - 1/4 Acre			Residential - 1/3 Acre			Residential - 1/2 Acre			Residential - 1 Acre			Basins Total Weighted % Imp.
		% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	
D-1	3.48	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	3.48	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
D-2	0.82	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	0.82	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
D-3	3.67	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	3.67	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
D-4	1.82	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	1.82	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
D-5	1.45	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.63	0.9	65.0	0.82	36.8	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	37.7
D-6	1.53	100	0.00	0.0	2	1.53	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
D-7a	0.26	100	0.02	7.7	2	0.23	1.8	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	9.5
D-7b	0.96	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	0.88	59.6	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	59.6
E-1	4.91	100	0.00	0.0	2	1.40	0.6	65.0	3.51	46.5	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	47.1
E-2	4.06	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	4.06	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
E-3a	2.75	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	2.75	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
E-3b	2.17	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	2.17	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
E-4a	4.68	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	4.68	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
E-4b	1.60	100	0.00	0.0	2	0.00	0.0	65.0	1.60	65.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	65.0
E-5	1.13	100	0.00	0.0	2	1.13	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
E-6	2.00	100	0.00	0.0	2	2.00	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0

Lot Type Identification:	
Lot Size (SF)	Lot Size (Acre)
0 - 8,167	1/8 Acre
8,168 - 12,704	1/4 Acre
12,705 - 18,149	1/3 Acre
18,150 - 32,670	1/2 Acre
32,671 - 43,560	1 Acre

NOTES:
 % Impervious values are taken directly from Table 6-6 in the Colorado Springs DCM Vol. 1, CH. 6 (Referencing UDFCD 2001)

Need to include area for roads within each basin. Such as D-1 has west half of Kate Meadow Lane.

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS: PROPOSED

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
 Location: CO, El Paso County

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR
 Project No.: HRG01
 Calculated By: TJE
 Checked By: BAS
 Date: 10/6/22

Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Paved/Gravel Roads			Lawns/Undeveloped			Roofs			Residential - 1/8 Acre			Residential - 1/4 Acre			Residential - 1/3 Acre			Residential - 1/2 Acre			Residential - 1 Acre			Composite C ₅	Composite C ₁₀₀
		C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)		
D-1	3.48	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	3.48	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
D-2	0.82	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.82	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
D-3	3.67	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	3.67	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
D-4	1.82	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	1.82	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
D-5	1.45	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.63	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.82	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.29	0.49
D-6	1.53	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	1.53	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
D-7a	0.26	0.90	0.96	0.02	0.09	0.36	0.23	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.15	0.39
D-7b	0.96	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.88	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.41	0.54
E-1	4.91	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	1.40	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	3.51	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.35	0.52
E-2	4.06	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	4.06	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
E-3a	2.75	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	2.75	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
E-3b	2.17	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	2.17	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
E-4a	4.68	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	4.68	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
E-4b	1.60	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	0.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	1.60	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.45	0.59
E-5	1.13	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	1.13	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
E-6	2.00	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	2.00	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36

Lot Type Identification:	
Lot Size (SF)	Lot Size (Acre)
0 - 8,167	<= 1/8 Acre
8,168 - 12,704	1/4 Acre
12,705 - 18,149	1/3 Acre
18,150 - 32,670	1/2 Acre
32,671 - 43,560	1 Acre

NOTES:
 C values are taken directly from Table 6-6 in the Colorado Springs DCM Vol. 1, CH. 6 (Referencing UDFCD 2001)
 Coefficients use HSG A&B soils - Refer to "Appendix A: Exhibits and Figures" for soil map

Need to include area for roads within each basin. Such as D-1 has west half of Kate Meadow Lane.

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

STANDARD FORM SF-2: PROPOSED TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR
Project No.: HRG01
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 10/6/22

SUB-BASIN						INITIAL/OVERLAND			TRAVEL TIME					T _c CHECK			FINAL
DATA						(T _i)			(T _t)					(T _c)			(T _c)
BASIN ID	D.A. (AC)	Hydrologic Soils Group	Impervious (%)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	L (FT)	S (%)	T _i (MIN)	L (FT)	S (%)	C _v	VEL. (FPS)	T _t (MIN)	COMP. T _c (MIN)	TOTAL LENGTH(FT)	Calculated T _c (MIN)	T _c (MIN)
D-1	3.48	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	170	3.0	10.8	715	1.0	20	2.0	6.0	16.7	885.0	14.9	14.9
D-2	0.82	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	10	2.0	3.0	700	1.3	20	2.3	5.1	8.1	710.0	13.9	8.1
D-3	3.67	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	140	3.0	9.8	660	2.2	20	3.0	3.7	13.5	800.0	14.4	13.5
D-4	1.82	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	50	3.0	5.8	663	2.0	20	2.8	3.9	9.7	713.0	14.0	9.7
D-5	1.45	A	37.7	0.29	0.49	110	25.0	5.3	201	1.0	20	2.0	1.7	7.0	311.0	11.7	7.0
D-6	1.53	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	5.0	18.7	0	0.0	10	0.0	0.0	18.7	300.0	11.7	11.7
D-7a	0.26	A	9.5	0.15	0.39	75	5.0	8.8	0	0.0	20	0.0	0.0	8.8	75.0	10.4	8.8
D-7b	0.96	A	59.6	0.41	0.54	75	8.0	5.5	478	2.0	15	2.1	3.8	9.2	553.0	13.1	9.2
E-1	4.91	A	47.1	0.35	0.52	25	4.0	4.3	1103	3.3	20	3.6	5.1	9.4	1128.0	16.3	9.4
E-2	4.06	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	20	2.0	4.2	960	3.5	20	3.7	4.3	8.5	980.0	15.4	8.5
E-3a	2.75	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	10	2.0	3.0	786	1.5	20	2.4	5.3	8.3	796.0	14.4	8.3
E-3b	2.17	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	225	4.0	11.2	261	1.5	20	2.4	1.8	13.0	486.0	12.7	12.7
E-4a	4.68	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	305	7.0	10.9	928	1.6	20	2.5	6.1	17.0	1233.0	16.9	16.9
E-4b	1.60	A	65.0	0.45	0.59	150	2.0	11.6	261	1.5	20	2.4	1.8	13.3	411.0	12.3	12.3
E-5	1.13	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	127	25.0	7.1	315	1.0	20	2.0	2.6	9.8	442.0	12.5	9.8
E-6	2.00	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	350	2.0	27.5	113	2.0	10	1.4	1.3	28.8	463.0	12.6	12.6

NOTES:

$T_i = (0.395 * (1.1 - C_s) * (L)^{0.5}) / ((S)^{0.33})$, S in ft/ft

$T_t = L / 60V$ (Velocity From Fig. 501)

Velocity $V = C_v * S^{0.5}$, S in ft/ft

$T_c \text{ Check} = 10 + L / 180$

For Urbanized basins a minimum T_c of 5.0 minutes is required.

For non-urbanized basins a minimum T_c of 10.0 minutes is required

**STANDARD FORM SF-3: PROPOSED
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN
(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)**

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
 Location: CO, El Paso County
 Design Storm: 5-Year

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR
 Project No.: HRG01
 Calculated By: TJE
 Checked By: BAS
 Date: 10/6/22

STREET	Design Point	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS
		Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Slope (%)	Street Flow (cfs)	Design Flow (cfs)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	Tt (min)	
	D1	D-1	3.48	0.45	14.9	1.57	3.47	5.4					1	0.8	4.6						On-Grade 10' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=4.6 cfs, Qco=0.8 cfs to DP D4
	D2	D-2	0.82	0.45	8.1	0.37	4.42	1.6					1	0.0	1.6						On-Grade 10' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=1.6 cfs, Qco=0 cfs to DP D4
	D3													6.2							Total Captured flows from DP D1 & D2
	D4	D-3	3.67	0.45	13.5	1.65	3.63	6.0	14.9	1.90	3.47	6.6		6.6							Receives Bypass from DP D1 & D2 Sump 15' CDOT Type R Inlet
	D5	D-4	1.82	0.45	9.7	0.82	4.14	3.4						3.4							Sump 10' CDOT Type R Inlet
	D6													10.0							Total Captured flows from DP D4 & D5
	D7													16.2							Total Captured flows from DP D3 & D6
	D8	D-7b	0.96	0.41	9.2	0.39	4.23	1.6						1.6							Sheet flows to Channel and Conveyed to Pond D
	D9	D-5	1.45	0.29	7.0	0.42	4.64	1.9	14.9	5.22	3.47	18.1		0.3							Pond D Outlet Structure Release - From MHFD Pond Calc
		D-6	1.53	0.09	11.7	0.14	3.86	0.5													Un-developed area - Sheet flows to MS
		D-7a	0.26	0.15	8.8	0.04	4.30	0.2													Back of Lots 18-20 - Sheet Flows to MST
	E1	E-1	4.91	0.35	9.4	1.72	4.20	7.2					3.3	0.2	7.0						On-Grade 15' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=7 cfs, Qco=0.2 cfs to DP E4
	E2	E-2	4.06	0.45	8.5	1.83	4.35	8.0					3.3	0.4	7.6						On-Grade 15' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=7.6 cfs, Qco=0.4 cfs to DP E4
	E3													14.6							Total Captured flows from DP E1 & E2
	E4	E-3a	2.75	0.45	8.3	1.24	4.38	5.4	9.4	1.38	4.20	5.8	1.5	0.0	5.8						On-Grade 15' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=5.8 cfs, Qco=0 cfs to DP E7
	E5	E-4a	4.68	0.45	16.9	2.11	3.28	6.9					1.5	0.2	6.7						On-Grade 15' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=6.7 cfs, Qco=0.2 cfs to DP E9
	E6													27.1							Total Captured flows from DP E3, E4 & E5
	E7	E-3b	2.17	0.45	12.7	0.98	3.73	3.7	12.7	0.98	3.73	3.6		3.6							Sump 15' CDOT Type R Inlet
	E8													30.7							Total Captured flows from DP E6 & E7
		E-4b	1.60	0.45	12.3	0.72	3.78	2.7	16.9	0.79	3.28	2.6		2.6							Sump 15' CDOT Type R Inlet
	E9													33.3							Total Flow to Pond E - Thru Inlet (Basin E-4b & DP E8)
	E10	E-5	1.13	0.09	9.8	0.10	4.14	0.4	16.9	8.70	3.28	28.5		0.6							Pond E Outlet Structure Release - From MHFD Pond Calc
		E-6	2.00	0.09	12.6	0.18	3.74	0.7													Un-developed area - Sheet flows to MS

**STANDARD FORM SF-3: PROPOSED
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN
(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)**

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County
Design Storm: 100-Year

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR
Project No.: HRG01
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 10/6/22

STREET	Design Point	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS
		Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Slope (%)	Street Flow (cfs)	Design Flow (cfs)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	Tt (min)	
	D1	D-1	3.48	0.59	14.9	2.05	6.18	12.7					1	5.3	7.4						On-Grade 10' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=7.4 cfs, Qco=5.3 cfs to DP D4
	D2	D-2	0.82	0.59	8.1	0.48	7.88	3.8					1	0.1	3.7						On-Grade 10' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=3.7 cfs, Qco=0.1 cfs to DP D4
	D3													11.1							Total Captured flows from DP D1 & D2
	D4	D-3	3.67	0.59	13.5	2.17	6.46	14.0	14.9	3.03	6.18	18.7		18.7							Receives Bypass from DP D1 & D2 Sump 15' CDOT Type R Inlet
	D5	D-4	1.82	0.59	9.7	1.07	7.37	7.9						7.9							Sump 10' CDOT Type R Inlet
	D6													26.6							Total Captured flows from DP D4 & D5
	D7													37.7							Total Captured flows from DP D3 & D6
	D8	D-7b	0.96	0.54	9.2	0.52	7.52	3.9						3.9							Sheet flows to Channel and Conveyed to Pond D
	D9	D-5	1.45	0.49	7.0	0.71	8.26	5.9	14.9	7.00	6.18	43.3		5.7							Pond D Outlet Structure
		D-6	1.53	0.36	11.7	0.55	6.87	3.8													Un-developed area - Sheet flows to MS
		D-7a	0.26	0.39	8.8	0.10	7.65	0.8													Back of Lots 18-20 - Sheet Flows to MST
	E1	E-1	4.91	0.52	9.4	2.55	7.48	19.1					3.3	6.4	12.7						On-Grade 15' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=12.7 cfs, Qco=6.4 cfs to DP E4
	E2	E-2	4.06	0.59	8.5	2.40	7.75	18.6					3.3	6.1	12.5						On-Grade 15' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=12.5 cfs, Qco=6.1 cfs to DP E4
	E3													25.2							Total Captured flows from DP E1 & E2
	E4	E-3a	2.75	0.59	8.3	1.62	7.80	12.6	9.4	3.26	7.48	24.4	1.5	9.8	14.6						On-Grade 15' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=14.6 cfs, Qco=9.8 cfs to DP E7
	E5	E-4a	4.68	0.59	16.9	2.76	5.84	16.1					1.5	4.6	11.5						On-Grade 15' CDOT Type R Inlet Qcap=11.5 cfs, Qco=4.6 cfs to DP E9
	E6													51.3							Total Captured flows from DP E3, E4 & E5
	E7	E-3b	2.17	0.59	12.7	1.28	6.63	8.5	12.7	2.59	6.63	17.2		17.2							Sump 15' CDOT Type R Inlet
	E8													68.5							Total Captured flows from DP E6 & E7
		E-4b	1.60	0.59	12.3	0.94	6.73	6.3	16.9	1.73	5.84	10.1		10.1							Sump 15' CDOT Type R Inlet
	E9													78.6							Total Flow to Pond E - Thru Inlet (Basin E-4b & DP E8)
	E10	E-5	1.13	0.36	9.8	0.41	7.37	3.0	16.9	11.96	5.84	69.8		10.5							Pond E Outlet Structure Release - From MHFD Pond Calc
		E-6	2.00	0.36	12.6	0.72	6.66	4.8													Un-developed area - Sheet flows to MS

APPENDIX D

Hydraulic Computations

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

Update to never version
of spreadsheet

REVISED ACCORDINGLY

INLET NAME	Basin D-1 (DP D1)	Basin D-2 (DP D2)	Basin D-3 (DP D4)	Basin D-4 (DP D5)
Site Type (Urban or Rural)				
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	On Grade	On Grade	In Sump	In Sump
Inlet Type	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening

USER-DEFINED INPUT

User-Defined Design Flows				
Minor Q_{known} (cfs)	5.4	1.6	6.0	3.4
Major Q_{known} (cfs)	12.7	3.8	14.0	7.9
Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream				
Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	User-Defined	No Bypass Flow Received
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	5.4	0.0
Watershed Characteristics				
Subcatchment Area (acres)				
Percent Impervious				
NRCS Soil Type				
Watershed Profile				
Overland Slope (ft/ft)				
Overland Length (ft)				
Channel Slope (ft/ft)				
Channel Length (ft)				
Minor Storm Rainfall Input				
Design Storm Return Period, T, (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P, (inches)				
Major Storm Rainfall Input				
Design Storm Return Period, T, (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P, (inches)				

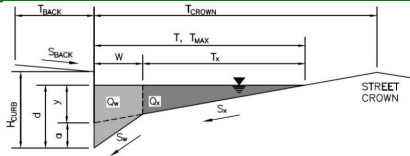
CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	5.4	1.6	6.8	3.4
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	12.7	3.8	19.4	7.9
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q_b (cfs)	0.8	0.0	N/A	N/A
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q_b (cfs)	5.3	0.1	N/A	N/A

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin D-1 (DP D1)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)
 Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK}	7.5	ft	
S _{BACK}	0.020	ft/ft	
n _{BACK}	0.020		
H _{CURB}	6.00	inches	
T _{CROWN}	16.0	ft	
W	0.83	ft	
S _X	0.020	ft/ft	
S _W	0.083	ft/ft	
S _O	0.010	ft/ft	
n _{STREET}	0.016		
Minor Storm Major Storm			
T _{MAX}	16.0	16.0	ft
d _{MAX}	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_X
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_T - Q_X)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

Minor Storm Major Storm			
y	3.84	3.84	inches
d _c	0.8	0.8	inches
a	0.63	0.63	inches
d	4.47	4.47	inches
T _X	15.2	15.2	ft
E _O	0.149	0.149	
Q _X	7.3	7.3	cfs
Q _W	1.3	1.3	cfs
Q _{BACK}	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _T	8.5	8.5	cfs
V	0.8	0.8	fps
V*d	0.3	0.3	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_{X TH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_d - Q_X)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor (d ≥ 6") Storm
 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

Minor Storm Major Storm			
T _{TH}	15.6	29.4	ft
T _{X TH}	14.7	28.6	ft
E _O	0.153	0.079	
Q _{X TH}	6.7	39.3	cfs
Q _X	6.7	34.1	cfs
Q _W	1.2	3.4	cfs
Q _{BACK}	0.0	0.7	cfs
Q	7.9	38.2	cfs
V	0.8	1.2	fps
V*d	0.3	0.7	
R	1.00	1.00	
Q _d	7.9	38.2	cfs
d	4.36	7.68	inches
d _{CROWN}	0.00	3.22	inches

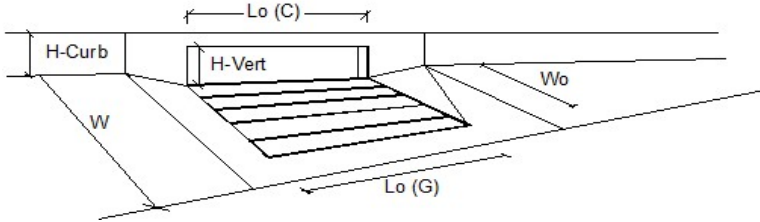
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm Major Storm			
Q _{allow}	7.9	38.2	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

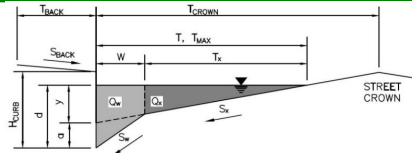


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	$a_{LOCAL} = 3.0$	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$N_o = 1$	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$L_o = 10.00$	10.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	$W_o = N/A$	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_r-G = N/A$	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	$C_r-C = 0.10$	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from <i>Inlet Management</i>)	$Q_o = 5.4$	12.7	cfs
Water Spread Width	$T = 13.4$	16.0	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	$d = 3.9$	5.1	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T_{MAX})	$d_{CROWN} = 0.0$	0.6	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	$E_o = 0.179$	0.128	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x	$Q_x = 4.4$	11.1	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	$Q_w = 1.0$	1.6	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	$Q_{BACK} = 0.0$	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	$A_w = 0.24$	0.32	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	$V_w = 4.1$	5.0	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	$d_{LOCAL} = 6.9$	8.1	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	$L = N/A$	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	$E_o-GRATE = N/A$	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	$V_o = N/A$	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	$R_f = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	$R_x = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Capacity	$Q_i = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$GrateCoef = N/A$	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$GrateClog = N/A$	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$L_e = N/A$	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	$V_o = N/A$	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	$R_f = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	$R_x = N/A$	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	$Q_a = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$ (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	$Q_b = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S_e (based on grate carry-over)	$S_e = 0.085$	0.066	ft/ft
Required Length L_T to Have 100% Interception	$L_T = 14.30$	24.81	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L , L_T)	$L = 10.00$	10.00	ft
Interception Capacity	$Q_i = 4.8$	7.7	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient	$CurbCoef = 1.25$	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	$CurbClog = 0.06$	0.06	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	$L_e = 8.75$	8.75	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	$Q_a = 4.6$	7.4	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$	$Q_b = 0.8$	5.3	cfs
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	$Q = 4.6$	7.4	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b = 0.8$	5.3	cfs
Capture Percentage = $Q_o/Q_b =$	$C\% = 86$	58	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin D-2 (DP D2)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK} =	7.5	ft
S _{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft
n _{BACK} =	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

H _{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T _{CROWN} =	16.0	ft
W =	0.83	ft
S _X =	0.020	ft/ft
S _W =	0.083	ft/ft
S _O =	0.010	ft/ft
n _{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T _{MAX} =	16.0	16.0	ft
d _{MAX} =	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression (d_c - (W * S_x * 12))
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_T - Q_x)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y =	3.84	3.84	inches
d _c =	0.8	0.8	inches
a =	0.63	0.63	inches
d =	4.47	4.47	inches
T _x =	15.2	15.2	ft
E _o =	0.149	0.149	
Q _x =	7.3	7.3	cfs
Q _w =	1.3	1.3	cfs
Q _{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_T =	8.5	8.5	cfs
V =	0.8	0.8	fps
V*d =	0.3	0.3	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_{x,TH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_d - Q_x)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor (d ≥ 6") Storm
 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T _{TH} =	15.6	29.4	ft
T _{x,TH} =	14.7	28.6	ft
E _o =	0.153	0.079	
Q _{x,TH} =	6.7	39.3	cfs
Q _x =	6.7	34.1	cfs
Q _w =	1.2	3.4	cfs
Q _{BACK} =	0.0	0.7	cfs
Q =	7.9	38.2	cfs
V =	0.8	1.2	fps
V*d =	0.3	0.7	
R =	1.00	1.00	
Q_d =	7.9	38.2	cfs
d =	4.36	7.68	inches
d _{CROWN} =	0.00	3.22	inches

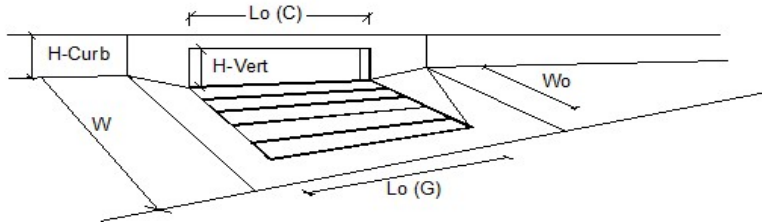
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	7.9	38.2	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

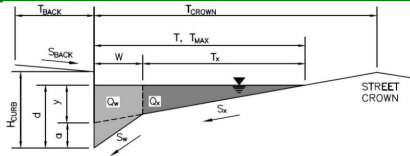


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	a _{LOCAL} = 3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No = 1	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	L _o = 10.00	10.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	W _o = N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	C _{r-G} = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	C _{r-C} = 0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from <i>Inlet Management</i>)	Q _o = 1.6	3.8	cfs
Water Spread Width	T = 8.4	11.8	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	d = 2.6	3.5	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T _{MAX})	d _{CROWN} = 0.0	0.0	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	E _o = 0.294	0.207	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T _x	Q _x = 1.1	3.0	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	Q _w = 0.5	0.8	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	Q _{BACK} = 0.0	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	A _w = 0.15	0.21	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	V _w = 3.1	3.7	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	d _{LOCAL} = 5.6	6.5	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	L = N/A	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	E _{o-GRATE} = N/A	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	V _o = N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	R _f = N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	R _s = N/A	N/A	
Interception Capacity	Q _i = N/A	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateCoef = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateClog = N/A	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	L _e = N/A	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	V _o = N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	R _f = N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	R _s = N/A	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	Q _a = N/A	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _o - Q _a (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	Q _b = N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S _e (based on grate carry-over)	S _e = 0.127	0.095	ft/ft
Required Length L _T to Have 100% Interception	L _T = 6.40	11.36	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L, L _T)	L = 6.40	10.00	ft
Interception Capacity	Q _i = 1.6	3.7	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient	CurbCoef = 1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	CurbClog = 0.06	0.06	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	L _e = 8.75	8.75	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	Q _a = 1.6	3.7	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _{i-GRATE} - Q _a	Q _b = 0.0	0.1	cfs
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q = 1.6	3.7	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q _b = 0.0	0.1	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q _a /Q _o =	C% = 100	96	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin D-3 (DP D4)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	7.5	ft
S_{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft
n_{BACK} =	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN} =	16.0	ft
W =	0.83	ft
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft
S_o =	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET} =	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX} =	16.0	16.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_T - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y =	3.84	3.84	inches
d_c =	0.8	0.8	inches
a =	0.63	0.63	inches
d =	4.47	4.47	inches
T_x =	15.2	15.2	ft
E_o =	0.149	0.149	
Q_x =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_w =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_T =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
V =	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d$ =	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_d - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ($d \geq 6$ " Storm)
 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

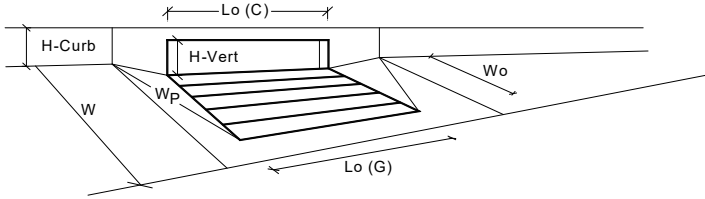
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{TH} =	15.6	29.4	ft
T_{XTH} =	14.7	28.6	ft
E_o =	0.153	0.079	
Q_{XTH} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_x =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_w =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_d =	0.0	0.0	cfs
V =	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d$ =	0.0	0.0	
R =	SUMP	SUMP	
Q_d =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
d =			inches
d_{CROWN} =			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



		MINOR	MAJOR	
Design Information (Input)				
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type = CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		$a_{local} = 3.00$	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No = 3	3	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth = 4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information				
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o (G) = N/A$	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		$W_o = N/A$	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		$A_{ratio} = N/A$	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_f (G) = N/A$	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w (G) = N/A$	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o (G) = N/A$	N/A	
Curb Opening Information				
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o (C) = 5.00$	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		$H_{vert} = 6.00$	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		$H_{throat} = 6.00$	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		$\theta = 63.40$	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		$W_p = 2.00$	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_f (C) = 0.10$	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w (C) = 3.60$	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o (C) = 0.67$	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)				
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog = N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)				
Interception without Clogging		$Q_{wi} = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		$Q_{wa} = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as a Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)				
Interception without Clogging		$Q_{oi} = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		$Q_{oa} = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow				
Interception without Clogging		$Q_{mi} = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		$Q_{ma} = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		$Q_{Grate} = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)				
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef = 1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog = 0.04	0.04	
Curb Opening as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)				
Interception without Clogging		$Q_{wi} = 7.5$	26.6	cfs
Interception with Clogging		$Q_{wa} = 7.2$	25.4	cfs
Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)				
Interception without Clogging		$Q_{oi} = 25.2$	32.9	cfs
Interception with Clogging		$Q_{oa} = 24.1$	31.5	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow				
Interception without Clogging		$Q_{mi} = 12.8$	27.5	cfs
Interception with Clogging		$Q_{ma} = 12.2$	26.3	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		$Q_{Curb} = 7.2$	25.4	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions				
Total Inlet Length		L = 15.00	15.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T = 15.6	29.4	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		$d_{CROWN} = 0.0$	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)				
Depth for Grate Midwidth		$d_{Grate} = N/A$	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		$d_{Curb} = 0.29$	0.57	ft
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination} = 0.41$	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Curb} = 0.67$	0.88	
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Grate} = N/A$	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		$Q_s = 7.2$	25.4	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED} = 6.8$	19.4	cfs

Warning 1: Dimension entered is not a typical dimension for inlet type specified.

Explain warning issue

REVISED

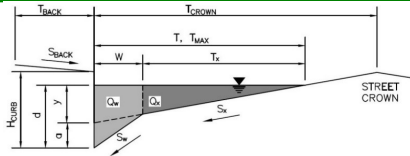
Warning 1



ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin D-4 (DP D5)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)
 Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	7.5	ft	
S_{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft	
n_{BACK} =	0.020		
H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches	
T_{CROWN} =	16.0	ft	
W =	0.83	ft	
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft	
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft	
S_o =	0.000	ft/ft	
n_{STREET} =	0.016		
Minor Storm Major Storm			
T_{MAX} =	16.0	16.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_T - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y =	3.84	3.84	inches
d_c =	0.8	0.8	inches
a =	0.63	0.63	inches
d =	4.47	4.47	inches
T_x =	15.2	15.2	ft
E_o =	0.149	0.149	
Q_x =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_w =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_T =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
V =	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d$ =	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , carried in Section T_{xTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_d - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ($d \geq 6"$) Storm
 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

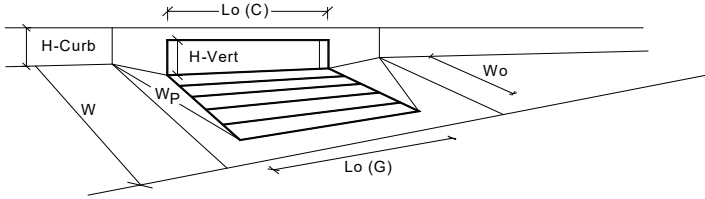
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{TH} =	15.6	29.4	ft
T_{xTH} =	14.7	28.6	ft
E_o =	0.153	0.079	
Q_{xTH} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_x =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_w =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q =	0.0	0.0	cfs
V =	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d$ =	0.0	0.0	
R =	SUMP	SUMP	
Q_d =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
d =			inches
d_{CROWN} =			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



Warning 1

Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet: CDOT Type R Curb Opening		Type =		CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths	
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information					
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _o =	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)					
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)					
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as a Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)					
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow					
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)					
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	0.06	0.06	
Curb Opening as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)					
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	6.1	20.2	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	5.7	18.9	cfs
Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)					
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	16.8	21.9	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	15.7	20.6	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow					
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	9.4	19.6	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	8.8	18.3	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Curb} =	5.7	18.3	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions					
Total Inlet Length		L =	10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T =	15.6	29.4	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		d _{CROWN} =	0.0	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)					
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	0.29	0.57	ft
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{combination} =	0.41	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	0.82	1.00	
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_s =	5.7	18.3	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	3.4	7.9	cfs

Warning 1: Dimension entered is not a typical dimension for inlet type specified.

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	Basin E-1 (DP E1)	Basin E-2 (DP E2)	Basin E-3a (DP E4)	Basin E-4a (DP E5)	Basin E-3b (DP E7)	Basin E-4b (DP E9)
Site Type (Urban or Rural)						
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	On Grade	On Grade	On Grade	On Grade	In Sump	In Sump
Inlet Type	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening

USER-DEFINED INPUT

User-Defined Design Flows						
Minor Q_{Design} (cfs)	7.2	8.0	5.4	6.9	3.7	2.7
Major Q_{Design} (cfs)	19.1	18.6	12.6	16.1	8.5	6.3
Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream						
Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	User-Defined	No Bypass Flow Received	Basin E-3a (DP E4)	Basin E-4a (DP E5)
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.2
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	10.5	4.6
Watershed Characteristics						
Subcatchment Area (acres)						
Percent Impervious						
NRCS Soil Type						
Watershed Profile						
Overland Slope (ft/ft)						
Overland Length (ft)						
Channel Slope (ft/ft)						
Channel Length (ft)						
Minor Storm Rainfall Input						
Design Storm Return Period, T_r (years)						
One-Hour Precipitation, P_1 (inches)						
Major Storm Rainfall Input						
Design Storm Return Period, T_r (years)						
One-Hour Precipitation, P_1 (inches)						

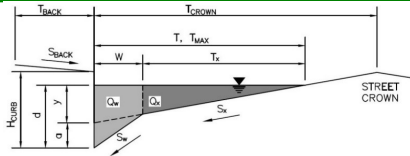
CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	7.2	8.0	6.0	6.9	3.7	2.9
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	19.1	18.6	25.1	16.1	19.0	10.9
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q_b (cfs)	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.2	N/A	N/A
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q_b (cfs)	6.4	6.1	10.5	4.6	N/A	N/A

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin E-1 (DP E1)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)
 Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	7.5	ft	
S_{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft	
n_{BACK} =	0.020		
H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches	
T_{CROWN} =	16.0	ft	
W =	0.83	ft	
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft	
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft	
S_o =	0.033	ft/ft	
n_{STREET} =	0.016		
Minor Storm Major Storm			
T_{MAX} =	16.0	16.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_T - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y =	3.84	3.84	inches
d_c =	0.8	0.8	inches
a =	0.63	0.63	inches
d =	4.47	4.47	inches
T_x =	15.2	15.2	ft
E_o =	0.149	0.149	
Q_x =	13.2	13.2	cfs
Q_w =	2.3	2.3	cfs
Q_{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_T =	15.5	15.5	cfs
V =	1.4	1.4	fps
V*d =	0.5	0.5	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_d - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ($d \geq 6$ " Storm)
 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{TH} =	15.6	29.4	ft
T_{XTH} =	14.7	28.6	ft
E_o =	0.153	0.079	
Q_{XTH} =	12.2	71.4	cfs
Q_x =	12.2	61.9	cfs
Q_w =	2.2	6.1	cfs
Q_{BACK} =	0.0	1.3	cfs
Q =	14.4	69.4	cfs
V =	1.4	2.1	fps
V*d =	0.5	1.3	
R =	1.00	0.56	
Q_d =	14.4	38.8	cfs
d =	4.36	6.15	inches
d_{CROWN} =	0.00	1.68	inches

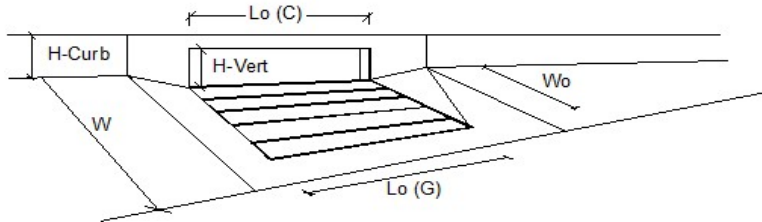
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	14.4	38.8	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

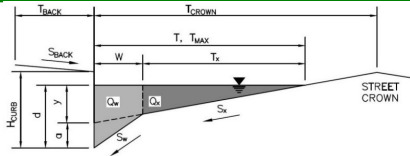


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	15.00	15.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from <i>Inlet Management</i>)	7.2	19.1	cfs
Water Spread Width	11.9	16.0	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	3.5	4.8	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T _{MAX})	0.0	0.3	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	0.203	0.137	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T _x	5.7	16.5	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	1.5	2.6	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	0.0	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	0.21	0.30	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	6.9	8.7	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	6.5	7.8	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	N/A	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	N/A	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	N/A	N/A	
Interception Capacity	N/A	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	N/A	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	N/A	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	N/A	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	N/A	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _o - Q _s (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S _e (based on grate carry-over)	0.094	0.070	ft/ft
Required Length L _T to Have 100% Interception	16.98	31.97	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L, L _T)	15.00	15.00	ft
Interception Capacity	7.1	13.0	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	0.04	0.04	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	13.03	13.03	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	7.0	12.7	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _o (GRATE) - Q _s	0.2	6.4	cfs
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	7.0	12.7	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	0.2	6.4	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q _s /Q _o =	97	66	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin E-2 (DP E2)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)
 Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK}	7.5	ft
S _{BACK}	0.020	ft/ft
n _{BACK}	0.020	
H _{CURB}	6.00	inches
T _{CROWN}	16.0	ft
W	0.83	ft
S _X	0.020	ft/ft
S _W	0.083	ft/ft
S _O	0.035	ft/ft
n _{STREET}	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T _{MAX}	16.0	16.0	ft
d _{MAX}	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression (d_c - (W * S_x * 12))
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_T - Q_x)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y	3.84	3.84	inches
d _c	0.8	0.8	inches
a	0.63	0.63	inches
d	4.47	4.47	inches
T _x	15.2	15.2	ft
E _o	0.149	0.149	
Q _x	13.6	13.6	cfs
Q _w	2.4	2.4	cfs
Q _{BACK}	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_T	16.0	16.0	cfs
V	1.5	1.5	fps
V*d	0.5	0.5	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_d - Q_x)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor (d ≥ 6") Storm
 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T _{TH}	15.6	29.4	ft
T _{x TH}	14.7	28.6	ft
E _o	0.153	0.079	
Q _{x TH}	12.6	73.5	cfs
Q _x	12.6	63.8	cfs
Q _w	2.3	6.3	cfs
Q _{BACK}	0.0	1.4	cfs
Q	14.8	71.4	cfs
V	1.4	2.2	fps
V*d	0.5	1.4	
R	1.00	0.53	
Q_d	14.8	38.1	cfs
d	4.36	6.04	inches
d _{CROWN}	0.00	1.57	inches

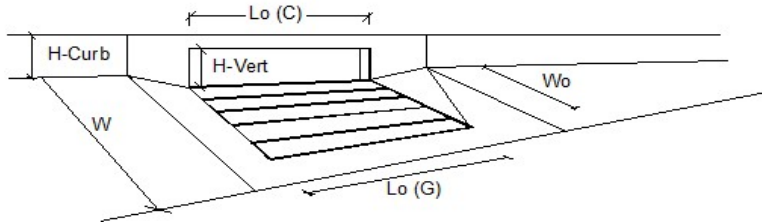
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	14.8	38.1	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

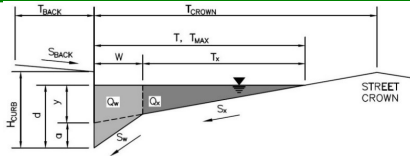


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	$a_{LOCAL} = 3.0$	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$N_o = 1$	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$L_o = 15.00$	15.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	$W_o = N/A$	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_r-G = N/A$	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	$C_r-C = 0.10$	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from <i>Inlet Management</i>)	$Q_o = 8.0$	18.6	cfs
Water Spread Width	$T = 12.3$	16.0	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	$d = 3.6$	4.7	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T_{MAX})	$d_{CROWN} = 0.0$	0.2	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	$E_o = 0.197$	0.140	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x	$Q_x = 6.4$	16.0	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	$Q_w = 1.6$	2.6	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	$Q_{BACK} = 0.0$	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	$A_w = 0.22$	0.30	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	$V_w = 7.2$	8.8	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	$d_{LOCAL} = 6.6$	7.7	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	$L = N/A$	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	$E_o-GRATE = N/A$	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	$V_o = N/A$	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	$R_f = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	$R_x = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Capacity	$Q_i = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$GrateCoef = N/A$	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$GrateClog = N/A$	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$L_e = N/A$	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	$V_o = N/A$	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	$R_f = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	$R_x = N/A$	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	$Q_a = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$ (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	$Q_b = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S_e (based on grate carry-over)	$S_e = 0.092$	0.071	ft/ft
Required Length L_T to Have 100% Interception	$L_T = 18.17$	31.43	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L , L_T)	$L = 15.00$	15.00	ft
Interception Capacity	$Q_i = 7.7$	12.8	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient	$CurbCoef = 1.31$	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	$CurbClog = 0.04$	0.04	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	$L_e = 13.03$	13.03	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	$Q_a = 7.6$	12.5	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$	$Q_b = 0.4$	6.1	cfs
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	$Q = 7.6$	12.5	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b = 0.4$	6.1	cfs
Capture Percentage = $Q_o/Q_o =$	$C\% = 94$	67	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin E-3a (DP E4)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)
 Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T_{BACK} =	7.5	ft	
S_{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft	
n_{BACK} =	0.020		
H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches	
T_{CROWN} =	16.0	ft	
W =	0.83	ft	
S_x =	0.020	ft/ft	
S_w =	0.083	ft/ft	
S_o =	0.015	ft/ft	
n_{STREET} =	0.016		
Minor Storm Major Storm			
T_{MAX} =	16.0	16.0	ft
d_{MAX} =	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_T - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y =	3.84	3.84	inches
d_c =	0.8	0.8	inches
a =	0.63	0.63	inches
d =	4.47	4.47	inches
T_x =	15.2	15.2	ft
E_o =	0.149	0.149	
Q_x =	8.9	8.9	cfs
Q_w =	1.6	1.6	cfs
Q_{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_T =	10.5	10.5	cfs
V =	1.0	1.0	fps
$V*d$ =	0.4	0.4	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W , (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W ($Q_d - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ($d \geq 6$ " Storm)
 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{TH} =	15.6	29.4	ft
T_{XTH} =	14.7	28.6	ft
E_o =	0.153	0.079	
Q_{XTH} =	8.2	48.1	cfs
Q_x =	8.2	41.7	cfs
Q_w =	1.5	4.1	cfs
Q_{BACK} =	0.0	0.9	cfs
Q =	9.7	46.8	cfs
V =	0.9	1.4	fps
$V*d$ =	0.3	0.9	
R =	1.00	1.00	
Q_d =	9.7	46.8	cfs
d =	4.36	7.68	inches
d_{CROWN} =	0.00	3.22	inches

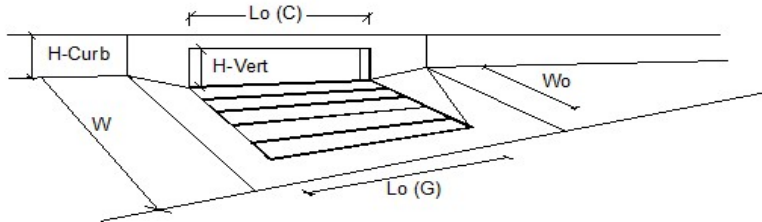
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow} =	9.7	46.8	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

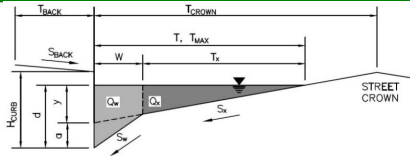


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	a _{LOCAL} = 3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No = 1	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	L _o = 15.00	15.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	W _o = N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	C _{r-G} = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	C _{r-C} = 0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from <i>Inlet Management</i>)	Q _o = 6.0	25.1	cfs
Water Spread Width	T = 13.0	16.0	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	d = 3.7	6.1	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T _{MAX})	d _{CROWN} = 0.0	1.6	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	E _o = 0.186	0.108	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T _x	Q _x = 4.9	22.4	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	Q _w = 1.1	2.7	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	Q _{BACK} = 0.0	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	A _w = 0.23	0.39	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	V _w = 4.9	6.9	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	d _{LOCAL} = 6.7	9.1	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	L = N/A	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	E _{o-GRATE} = N/A	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	V _o = N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	R _f = N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	R _s = N/A	N/A	
Interception Capacity	Q _i = N/A	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateCoef = N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateClog = N/A	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	L _e = N/A	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	V _o = N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	R _f = N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	R _s = N/A	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	Q _a = N/A	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _o - Q _a (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	Q _b = N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S _e (based on grate carry-over)	S _e = 0.088	0.059	ft/ft
Required Length L _T to Have 100% Interception	L _T = 15.24	37.92	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L, L _T)	L = 15.00	15.00	ft
Interception Capacity	Q _i = 6.0	15.0	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient	CurbCoef = 1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	CurbClog = 0.04	0.04	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	L _e = 13.03	13.03	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	Q _a = 6.0	14.6	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _{i-GRATE} - Q _a	Q _b = 0.0	10.5	cfs
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q = 6.0	14.6	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q _b = 0.0	10.5	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q _a /Q _o =	C% = 100	58	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

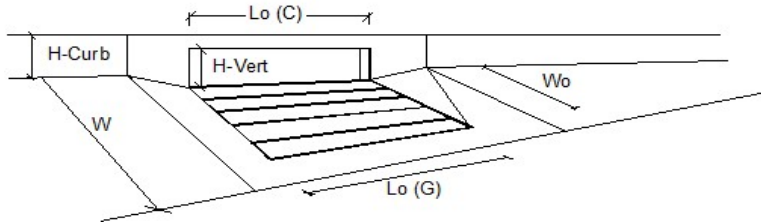
Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin E-4a (DP E5)



<p>Gutter Geometry: Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb) Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)</p> <p>Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown Gutter Width Street Transverse Slope Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft) Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)</p> <p>Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)</p>	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td>T_{BACK} =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.5</td> <td>ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S_{BACK} =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.020</td> <td>ft/ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>n_{BACK} =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.020</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>H_{CURB} =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.00</td> <td>inches</td> </tr> <tr> <td>T_{CROWN} =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">16.0</td> <td>ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>W =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.83</td> <td>ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S_X =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.020</td> <td>ft/ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S_W =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.083</td> <td>ft/ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S_O =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.015</td> <td>ft/ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>n_{STREET} =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.016</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">Minor Storm</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Major Storm</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>T_{MAX} =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">16.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">16.0</td> <td>ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>d_{MAX} =</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4.4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.7</td> <td>inches</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	T_{BACK} =	7.5	ft	S_{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft	n_{BACK} =	0.020		H_{CURB} =	6.00	inches	T_{CROWN} =	16.0	ft	W =	0.83	ft	S_X =	0.020	ft/ft	S_W =	0.083	ft/ft	S_O =	0.015	ft/ft	n_{STREET} =	0.016			Minor Storm	Major Storm		T_{MAX} =	16.0	16.0	ft	d_{MAX} =	4.4	7.7	inches		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																							
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INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

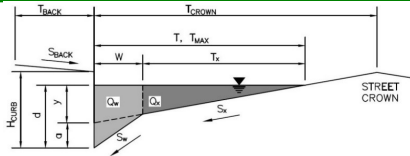


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	$a_{LOCAL} = 3.0$	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$N_o = 1$	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$L_o = 15.00$	15.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	$W_o = N/A$	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_r-G = N/A$	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	$C_r-C = 0.10$	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from <i>Inlet Management</i>)	$Q_o = 6.9$	16.1	cfs
Water Spread Width	$T = 13.7$	16.0	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	$d = 3.9$	5.2	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T_{MAX})	$d_{CROWN} = 0.0$	0.7	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	$E_o = 0.176$	0.126	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x	$Q_x = 5.7$	14.1	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	$Q_w = 1.2$	2.0	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	$Q_{BACK} = 0.0$	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	$A_w = 0.24$	0.33	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	$V_w = 5.0$	6.2	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	$d_{LOCAL} = 6.9$	8.2	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	$L = N/A$	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	$E_o-GRATE = N/A$	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	$V_o = N/A$	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	$R_f = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	$R_x = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Capacity	$Q_i = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$GrateCoef = N/A$	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$GrateClog = N/A$	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$L_e = N/A$	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	$V_o = N/A$	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	$R_f = N/A$	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	$R_x = N/A$	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	$Q_a = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$ (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	$Q_b = N/A$	N/A	cfs
Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S_e (based on grate carry-over)	$S_e = 0.084$	0.066	ft/ft
Required Length L_T to Have 100% Interception	$L_T = 16.69$	28.78	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L , L_T)	$L = 15.00$	15.00	ft
Interception Capacity	$Q_i = 6.8$	11.8	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient	$CurbCoef = 1.31$	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	$CurbClog = 0.04$	0.04	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	$L_e = 13.03$	13.03	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	$Q_a = 6.7$	11.5	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$	$Q_b = 0.2$	4.6	cfs
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	$Q = 6.7$	11.5	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b = 0.2$	4.6	cfs
Capture Percentage = $Q_o/Q_b =$	$C\% = 97$	72	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin E-3b (DP E7)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)
 Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK} =	7.5	ft	
S _{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft	
n _{BACK} =	0.020		
H _{CURB} =	6.00	inches	
T _{CROWN} =	16.0	ft	
W =	0.83	ft	
S _x =	0.020	ft/ft	
S _w =	0.083	ft/ft	
S _o =	0.000	ft/ft	
n _{STREET} =	0.016		
Minor Storm Major Storm			
T _{MAX} =	16.0	16.0	ft
d _{MAX} =	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_T - Q_x)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y =	3.84	3.84	inches
d _c =	0.8	0.8	inches
a =	0.63	0.63	inches
d =	4.47	4.47	inches
T _x =	15.2	15.2	ft
E _o =	0.149	0.149	
Q _x =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _w =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _T =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
V =	0.0	0.0	fps
V*d =	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_{x,TH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_d - Q_x)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor (d ≥ 6") Storm
 Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

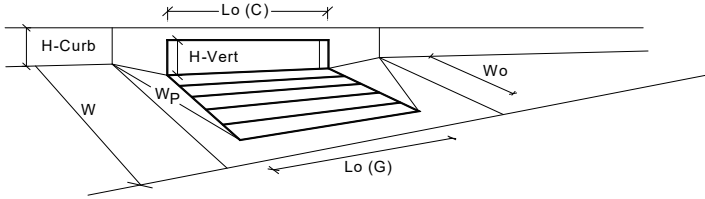
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T _{TH} =	15.6	29.4	ft
T _{x,TH} =	14.7	28.6	ft
E _o =	0.153	0.079	
Q _{x,TH} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _x =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _w =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _d =	0.0	0.0	cfs
V =	0.0	0.0	fps
V*d =	0.0	0.0	
R =	SUMP	SUMP	
Q _d =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
d =			inches
d _{CROWN} =			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q _{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

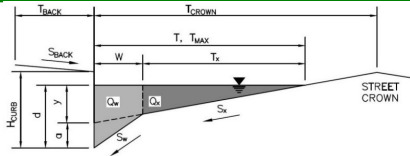


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information	MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information	MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	15.00	15.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	0.83	0.83	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	0.67	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as a Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	0.04	0.04	
Curb Opening as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	6.3	22.5	cfs
Interception with Clogging	6.1	21.5	cfs
Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	25.2	32.9	cfs
Interception with Clogging	24.1	31.5	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow	MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	11.8	25.3	cfs
Interception with Clogging	11.2	24.2	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	6.1	21.5	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions	MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	15.00	15.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)	15.6	29.4	ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	0.0	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	0.29	0.57	ft
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	0.41	0.72	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	0.67	0.88	
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	6.1	21.5	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)	3.7	19.0	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve
Inlet ID: Basin E-4b (DP E9)



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)
 Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

T _{BACK} =	7.5	ft	
S _{BACK} =	0.020	ft/ft	
n _{BACK} =	0.020		
H _{CURB} =	6.00	inches	
T _{CROWN} =	16.0	ft	
W =	0.83	ft	
S _x =	0.020	ft/ft	
S _w =	0.083	ft/ft	
S _o =	0.000	ft/ft	
n _{STREET} =	0.016		
Minor Storm Major Storm			
T _{MAX} =	16.0	16.0	ft
d _{MAX} =	4.3	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section W (Q_T - Q_x)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 V*d Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y =	3.84	3.84	inches
d _c =	0.8	0.8	inches
a =	0.63	0.63	inches
d =	4.47	4.47	inches
T _x =	15.2	15.2	ft
E _o =	0.149	0.149	
Q _x =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _w =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _T =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
V =	0.0	0.0	fps
V*d =	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section W (T - W)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_{x,TH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
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 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
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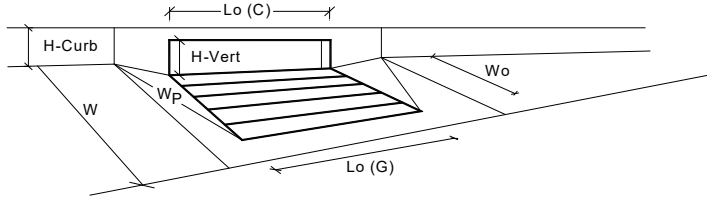
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T _{TH} =	15.4	29.4	ft
T _{x,TH} =	14.6	28.6	ft
E _o =	0.155	0.079	
Q _{x,TH} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _x =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _w =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q _d =	0.0	0.0	cfs
V =	0.0	0.0	fps
V*d =	0.0	0.0	
R =	SUMP	SUMP	
Q _d =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
d =			inches
d _{CROWN} =			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q _{allow} =	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



Design Information (Input)	MINOR MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	a _{local} =	3.00 inches
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	No =	1
Grate Information	Ponding Depth =	4.4 inches
Length of a Unit Grate	MINOR MAJOR	
Width of a Unit Grate	L _o (G) =	N/A feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	W _o =	N/A feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	A _{ratio} =	N/A
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C _f (G) =	N/A
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C _w (G) =	N/A
Curb Opening Information	C _o (G) =	N/A
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	MINOR MAJOR	
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	L _o (C) =	15.00 feet
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00 inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	H _{throat} =	6.00 inches
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	Theta =	63.40 degrees
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	W _o =	0.83 feet
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C _f (C) =	0.10
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C _w (C) =	3.60
	C _o (C) =	0.67
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)	MINOR MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef =	N/A
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog =	N/A
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)	MINOR MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q _{wi} =	N/A cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{wa} =	N/A cfs
Grate Capacity as a Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)	MINOR MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q _{oi} =	N/A cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{oa} =	N/A cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow	MINOR MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q _{mi} =	N/A cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{ma} =	N/A cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_{Grate} =	N/A cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)	MINOR MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef =	1.31
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog =	0.04
Curb Opening as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)	MINOR MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q _{wi} =	6.3 cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{wa} =	6.1 cfs
Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)	MINOR MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q _{oi} =	25.2 cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{oa} =	24.1 cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow	MINOR MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging	Q _{mi} =	11.8 cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{ma} =	11.2 cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_{Curb} =	6.1 cfs
Resultant Street Conditions	MINOR MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length	L =	15.00 feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)	T =	15.6 ft. > T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	d _{CROWN} =	0.0 inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)	MINOR MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Curb} =	0.29 ft
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{combination} =	0.41
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	0.67
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q_s =	6.1 cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)	Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	2.9 cfs

Channel Report

Basin D-7b Swale

Trapezoidal

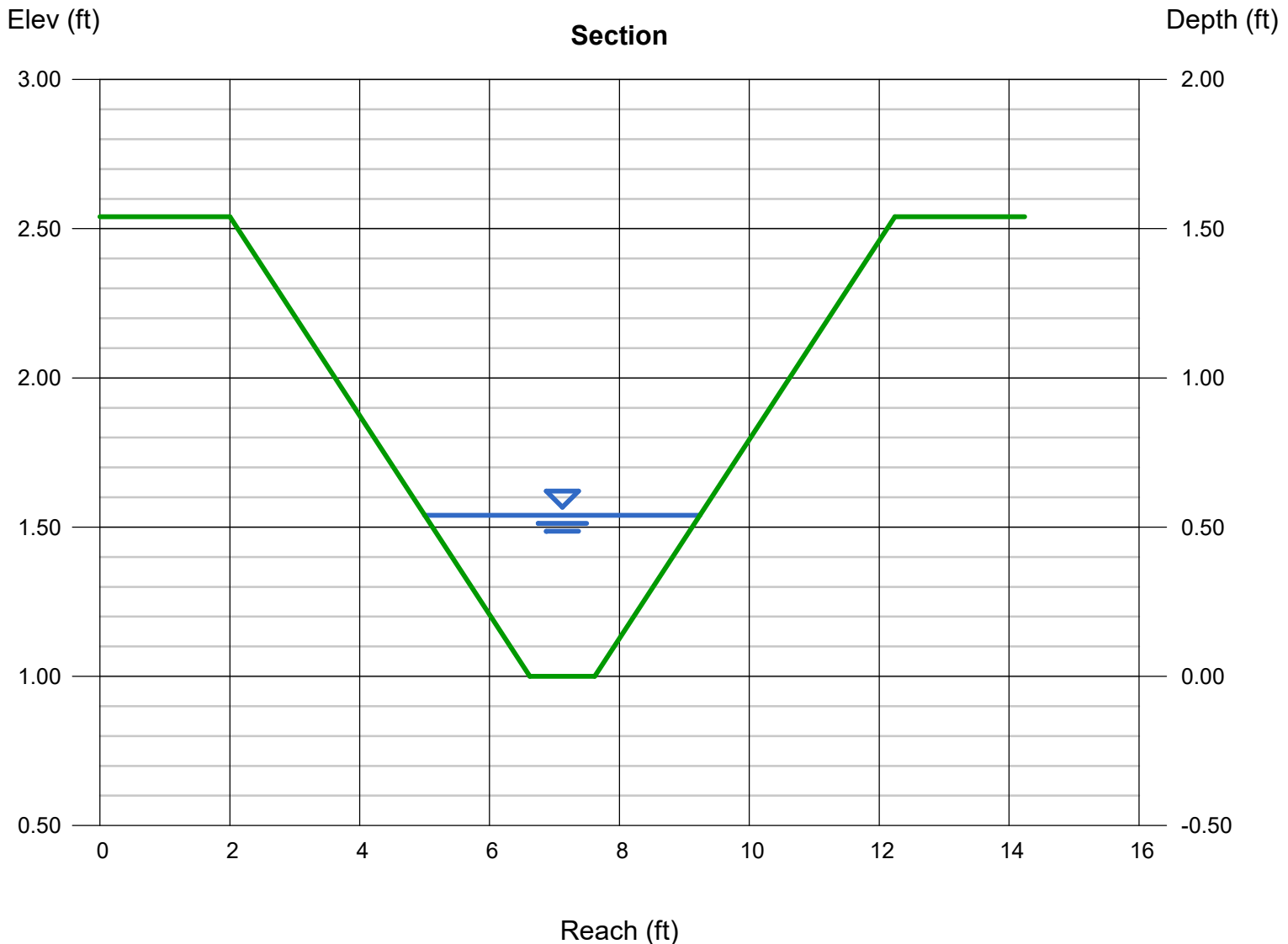
Bottom Width (ft) = 1.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 1.54
Invert Elev (ft) = 1.00
Slope (%) = 2.00
N-Value = 0.035

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.54
Q (cfs) = 3.900
Area (sqft) = 1.41
Velocity (ft/s) = 2.76
Wetted Perim (ft) = 4.42
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.50
Top Width (ft) = 4.24
EGL (ft) = 0.66

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 3.90



Channel Report

Pond D Emergency Overflow Swale

Trapezoidal

Bottom Width (ft) = 3.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 2.00
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 2.00
N-Value = 0.020

Calculations

Compute by:
Known Q (cfs) = 26.60

Highlighted

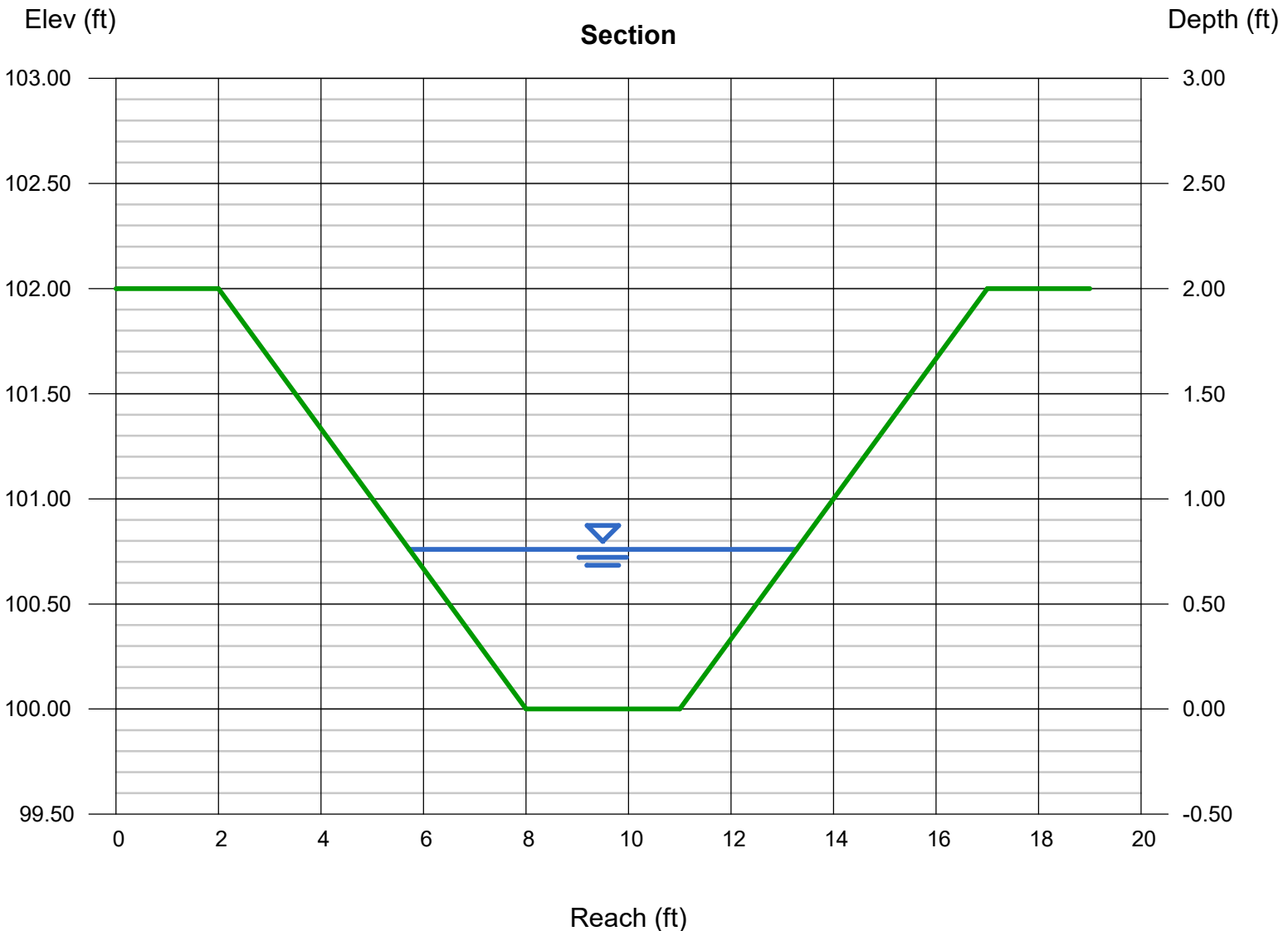
Depth (ft) = 0.76
Q (cfs) = 26.60
Area (sqft) = 4.01
Velocity (ft/s) = 6.63
Wetted Perim (ft) = 7.81
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.98
Top Width (ft) = 7.56
EGL (ft) = 1.44

Due to velocity, swale will need to be lined

REVISED

Why is n-value so low?
Discuss within report.

REVISED



Channel Report

Pond E Emergency Overflow Swale

Trapezoidal

Bottom Width (ft) = 15.00
Side Slopes (z:1) = 3.00, 3.00
Total Depth (ft) = 1.52
Invert Elev (ft) = 1.00
Slope (%) = 2.00
N-Value = 0.020

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.52
Q (cfs) = 53.80
Area (sqft) = 8.61
Velocity (ft/s) = 6.25
Wetted Perim (ft) = 18.29
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.71
Top Width (ft) = 18.12
EGL (ft) = 1.13

Calculations

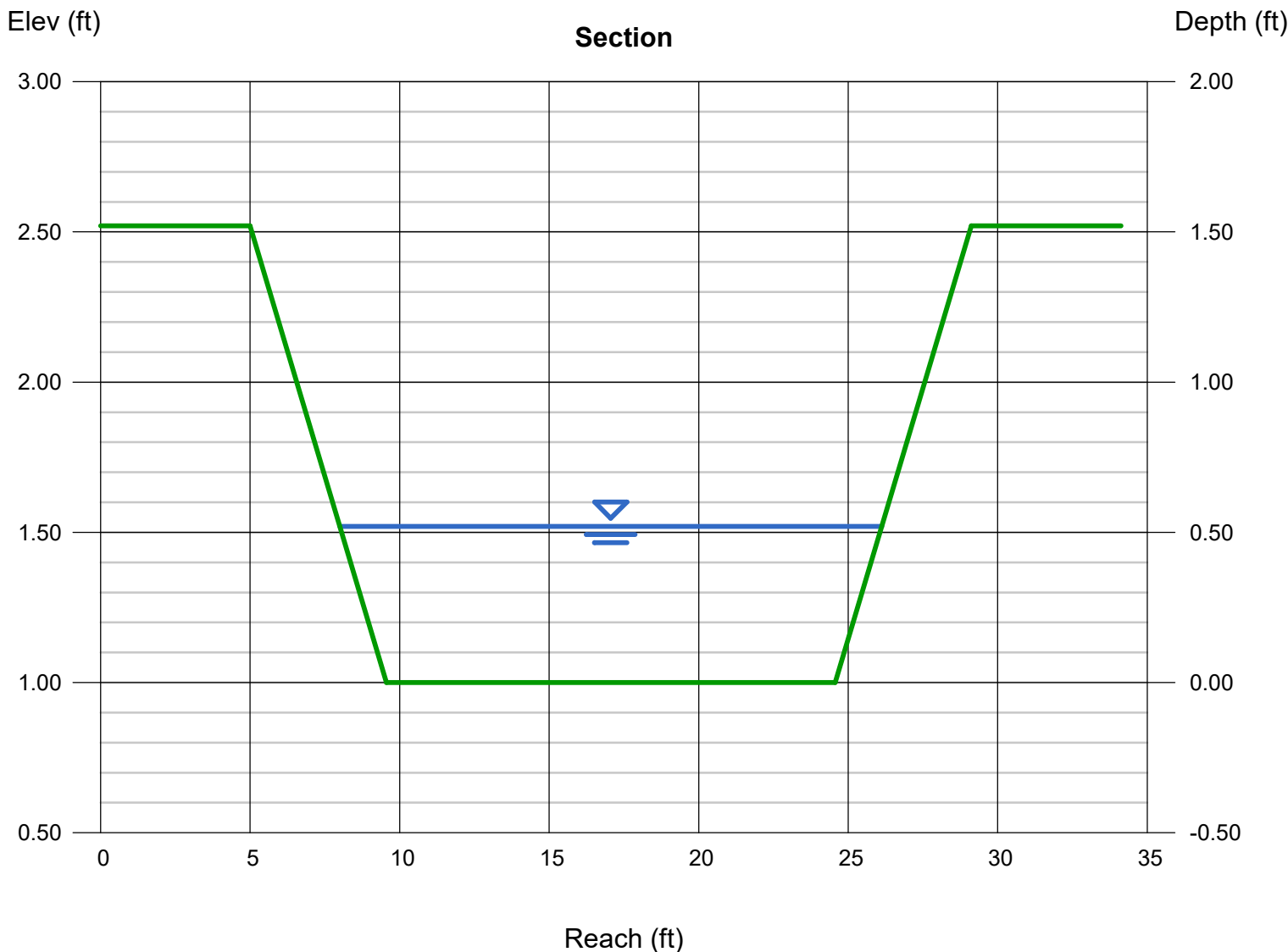
Compute by:
Known Q = 53.80

Why is n-value so low?
Discuss within report.

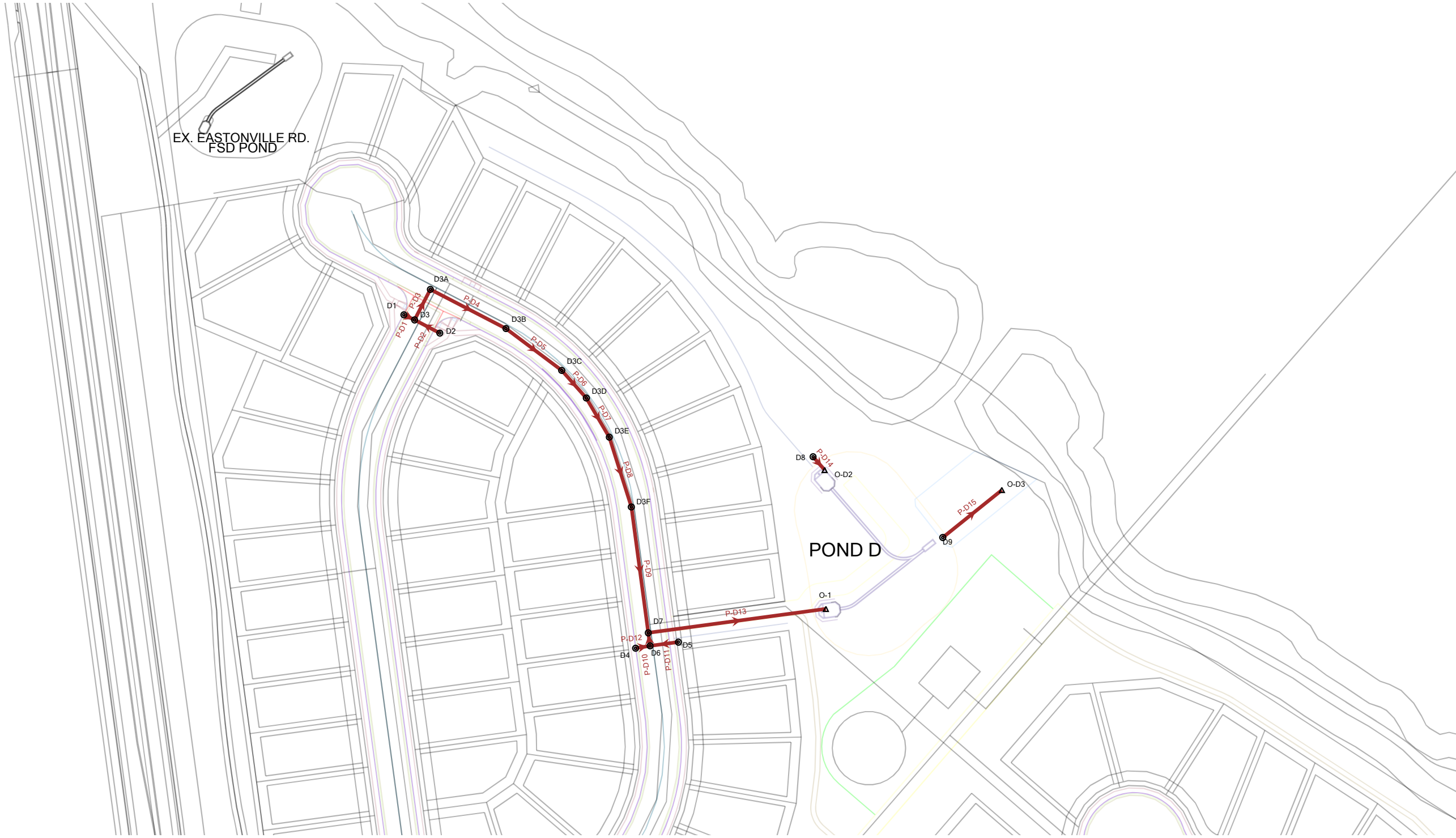
REVISED

Due to velocity, swale will
need to be lined

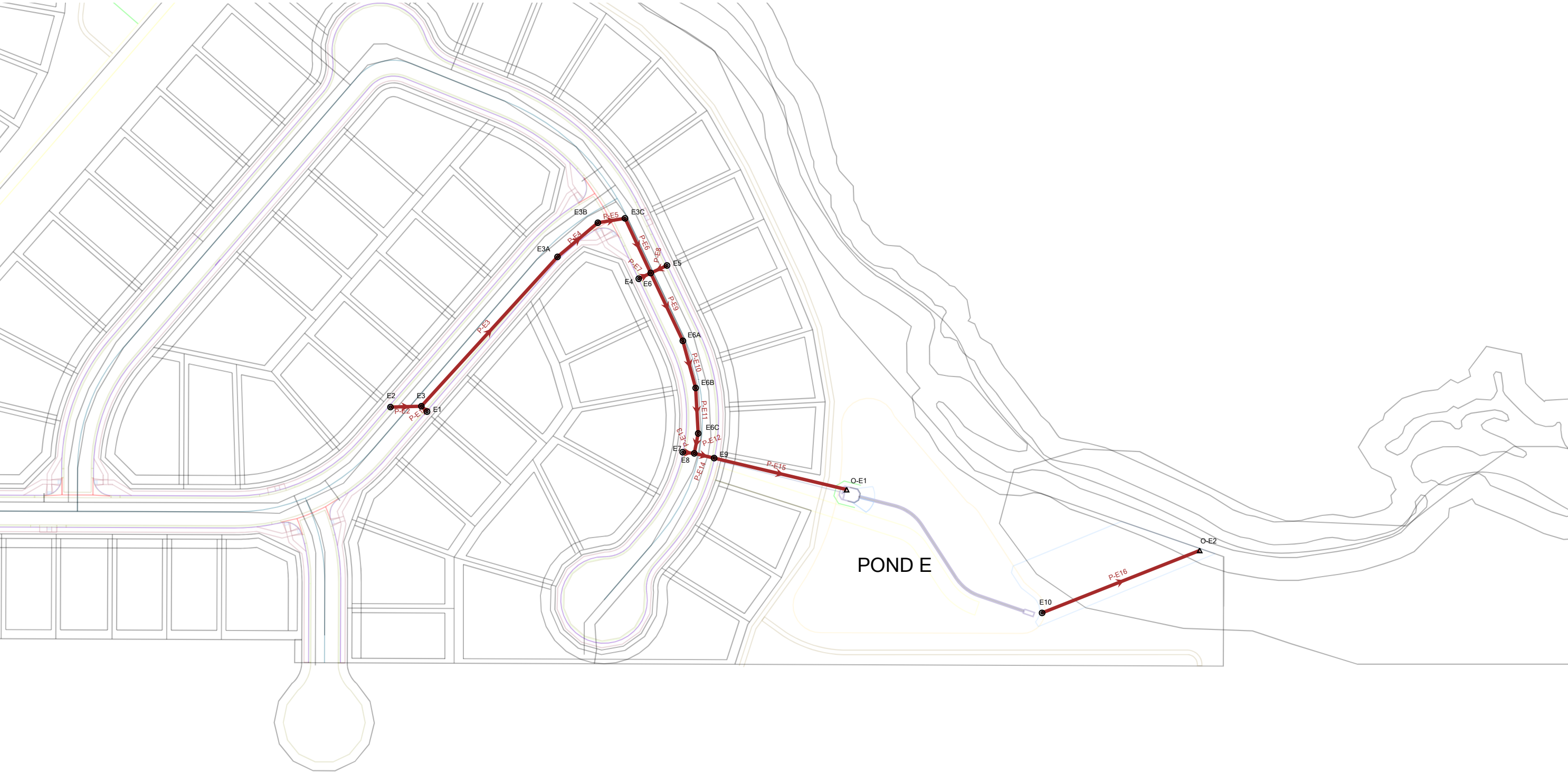
REVISED



**BASIN D STORMCAD
SCHEMATIC**



**BASIN D STORMCAD
SCHEMATIC**



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Conduit Table

Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

Label	Diameter (in)	Material	Manning's n	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-D1	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D1	6,978.34	D3	6,978.24	0.010	20.3	6,979.31	6,979.33	5.65
P-D2	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D2	6,978.54	D3	6,978.24	0.010	7.1	6,979.32	6,979.33	4.16
P-D3	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3	6,977.94	D3A	6,977.76	0.005	38.8	6,978.82	6,978.78	4.77
P-D4	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3A	6,977.46	D3B	6,977.03	0.005	38.8	6,978.34	6,977.89	4.77
P-D5	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3B	6,976.93	D3C	6,976.57	0.005	38.8	6,977.81	6,977.43	4.77
P-D6	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3C	6,976.47	D3D	6,976.28	0.005	38.8	6,977.35	6,977.14	4.77
P-D7	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3D	6,976.18	D3E	6,975.95	0.005	38.8	6,977.06	6,976.81	4.77
P-D8	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3E	6,975.83	D3F	6,975.46	0.005	39.0	6,976.71	6,976.33	4.75
P-D9	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3F	6,975.36	D7	6,973.58	0.014	23.4	6,976.24	6,974.61	6.88
P-D10	18.0	Concrete	0.013	D4	6,974.45	D6	6,974.27	0.020	44.9	6,975.50	6,975.60	8.10
P-D11	18.0	Concrete	0.013	D5	6,974.45	D6	6,974.27	0.006	41.2	6,975.62	6,975.60	4.44
P-D12	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D6	6,973.77	D7	6,973.58	0.014	37.2	6,974.90	6,974.52	7.93
P-D13	36.0	Concrete	0.013	D7	6,972.58	O-1	6,970.76	0.010	24.4	6,973.87	6,972.81	7.75
P-D14	15.0	Concrete	0.013	D8	6,970.84	O-D2	6,970.75	0.005	35.0	6,972.82	6,972.81	1.30
P-D15	18.0	Concrete	0.013	D9	6,968.47	O-D3	6,968.00	0.006	4.7	6,968.70	6,968.22	2.45
P-E1	24.0	Concrete	0.013	E1	6,957.80	E3	6,957.21	0.066	12.0	6,958.74	6,958.77	12.52
P-E2	24.0	Concrete	0.013	E2	6,957.80	E3	6,957.21	0.016	26.5	6,958.78	6,958.77	7.72
P-E3	30.0	Concrete	0.013	E3	6,956.71	E3A	6,953.62	0.015	29.1	6,958.00	6,954.54	8.87
P-E4	30.0	Concrete	0.013	E3A	6,953.52	E3B	6,952.46	0.015	28.6	6,954.81	6,953.40	8.96
P-E5	30.0	Concrete	0.013	E3B	6,952.29	E3C	6,951.91	0.013	31.7	6,953.58	6,953.39	8.32
P-E6	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E3C	6,951.41	E6	6,950.58	0.012	19.6	6,953.14	6,953.20	8.17
P-E7	24.0	Concrete	0.013	E4	6,951.63	E6	6,951.48	0.016	20.0	6,953.20	6,953.20	7.20
P-E8	24.0	Concrete	0.013	E5	6,951.63	E6	6,951.48	0.005	41.3	6,953.22	6,953.20	4.92
P-E9	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E6	6,950.48	E6A	6,949.46	0.012	36.4	6,952.16	6,950.75	9.70
P-E10	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E6A	6,949.36	E6B	6,949.09	0.005	57.2	6,951.04	6,950.72	6.92
P-E11	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E6B	6,948.99	E6C	6,948.74	0.005	57.4	6,950.67	6,950.71	6.91
P-E12	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E6C	6,948.54	E8	6,948.45	0.005	59.4	6,950.69	6,950.68	6.73
P-E13	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E7	6,948.70	E8	6,948.45	0.040	2.7	6,950.68	6,950.68	8.18
P-E14	42.0	Concrete	0.013	E8	6,947.95	E9	6,947.80	0.005	42.5	6,949.66	6,949.52	7.20
P-E15	42.0	Concrete	0.013	E9	6,947.70	O-E1	6,947.00	0.005	46.7	6,949.49	6,949.12	7.29
P-E16	18.0	Concrete	0.013	E10	6,944.01	O-E2	6,943.01	0.005	7.8	6,944.30	6,943.30	2.59

Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Manhole Table

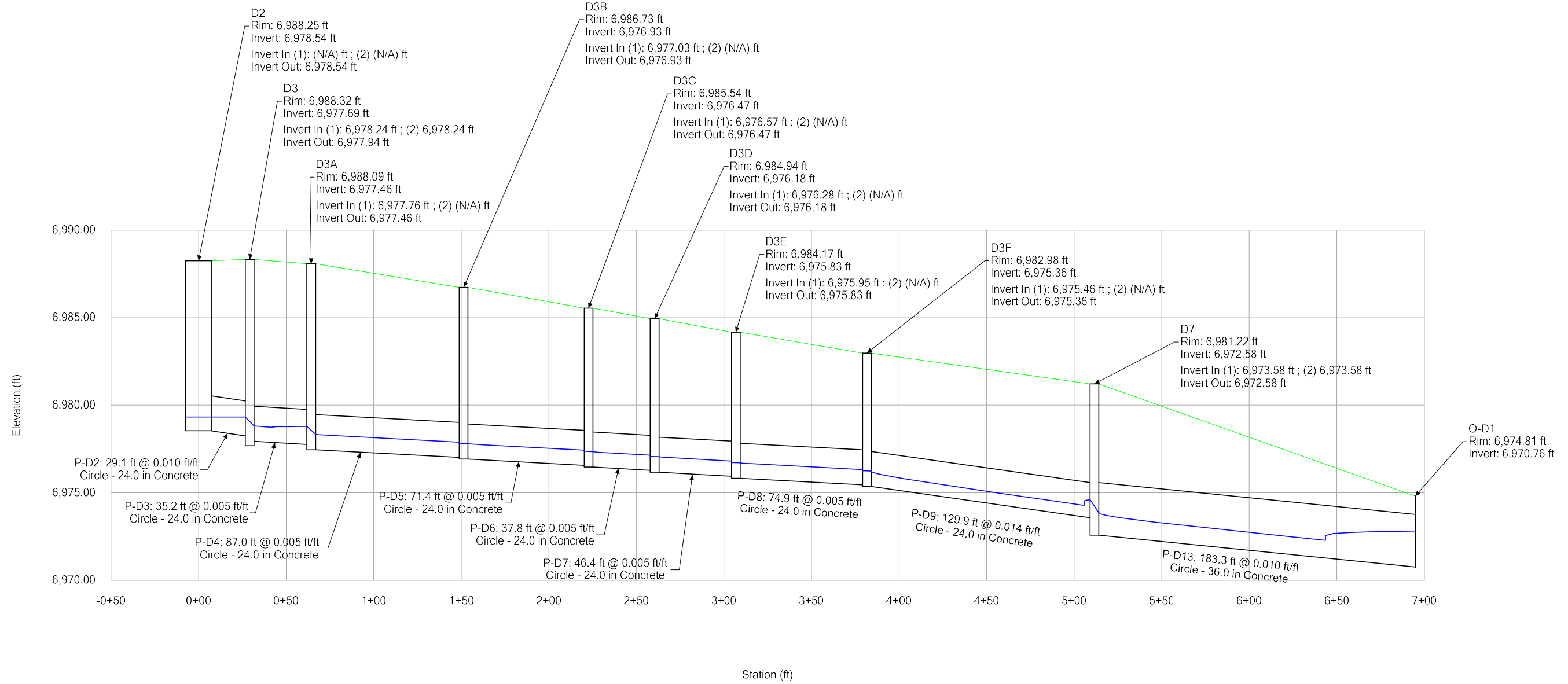
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

Label	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 2) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 3) (ft)	Elevation (Invert Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Headloss Coefficient (Standard)	Flow (Known) (cfs)
D1	6,988.83	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,978.34	Standard	0.050	4.60
D2	6,988.25	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,978.54	Standard	0.050	1.60
D3	6,988.32	6,978.24	6,978.24	(N/A)	6,977.94	Standard	1.520	6.20
D3A	6,988.09	6,977.76	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,977.46	Standard	1.320	6.20
D3B	6,986.73	6,977.03	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,976.93	Standard	0.050	6.20
D3C	6,985.54	6,976.57	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,976.47	Standard	0.050	6.20
D3D	6,984.94	6,976.28	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,976.18	Standard	0.050	6.20
D3E	6,984.17	6,975.95	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,975.83	Standard	0.050	6.20
D3F	6,982.98	6,975.46	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,975.36	Standard	0.050	6.20
D4	6,981.53	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,974.45	Standard	0.050	6.60
D5	6,981.53	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,974.45	Standard	0.050	3.40
D6	6,981.20	6,974.27	6,974.27	(N/A)	6,973.77	Standard	1.520	10.00
D7	6,981.22	6,973.58	6,973.58	(N/A)	6,972.58	Standard	1.520	16.20
D8	6,975.45	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,970.84	Standard	0.050	1.60
D9	6,973.25	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,968.47	Standard	0.050	0.40
E1	6,962.37	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,957.80	Standard	0.400	7.00
E2	6,962.72	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,957.80	Standard	0.050	7.60
E3	6,962.03	6,957.21	6,957.21	(N/A)	6,956.71	Standard	1.520	14.60
E3A	6,958.79	6,953.62	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,953.52	Standard	0.050	14.60
E3B	6,957.65	6,952.46	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,952.29	Standard	0.100	14.60
E3C	6,957.37	6,951.91	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,951.41	Standard	1.320	14.60
E4	6,956.87	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,951.63	Standard	0.050	5.80
E5	6,956.87	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,951.63	Standard	0.050	6.70
E6	6,956.54	6,950.58	6,951.48	6,951.48	6,950.48	Standard	1.520	27.10
E6A	6,955.51	6,949.46	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,949.36	Standard	0.050	27.10
E6B	6,954.76	6,949.09	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,948.99	Standard	0.050	27.10
E6C	6,954.30	6,948.74	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,948.54	Standard	0.050	27.10
E7	6,954.65	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,948.70	Standard	0.050	3.60
E8	6,954.29	6,948.45	6,948.45	(N/A)	6,947.95	Standard	1.520	30.70
E9	6,954.65	6,947.80	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,947.70	Standard	0.050	33.30
E10	6,949.01	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,944.01	Standard	0.050	0.60

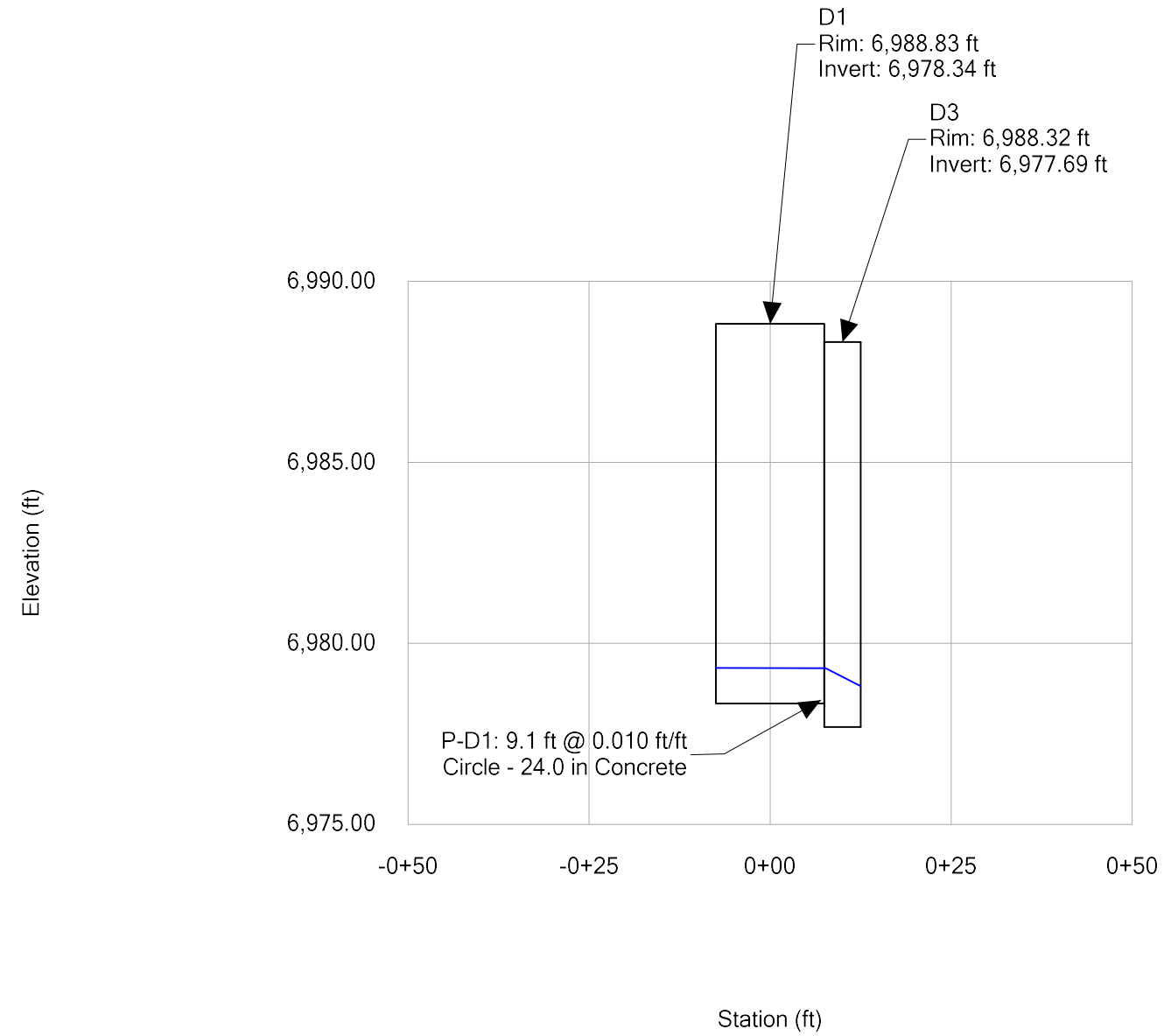
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
FlexTable: Outfall Table
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

Label	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)
O-D3	6,970.21	6,968.00	Free Outfall		6,968.22	0.40
O-E2	6,945.22	6,943.01	Free Outfall		6,943.30	0.60
O-D1	6,974.81	6,970.76	User Defined Tailwater	6,972.81	6,972.81	16.20
O-D2	6,974.50	6,970.00	User Defined Tailwater	6,972.81	6,972.81	1.60
O-E1	6,951.34	6,946.25	User Defined Tailwater	6,949.12	6,949.12	33.30

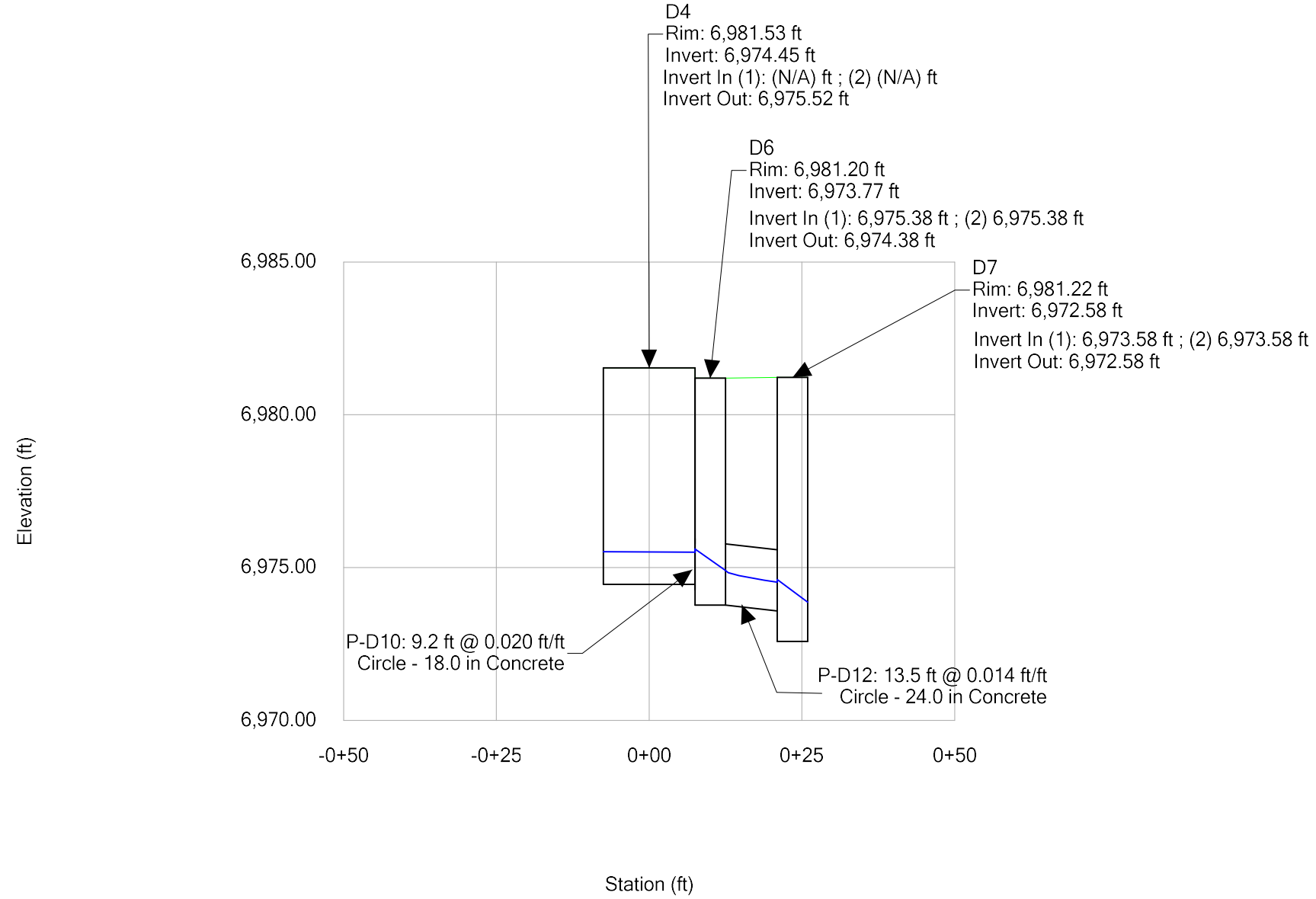
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D2 to O-1 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



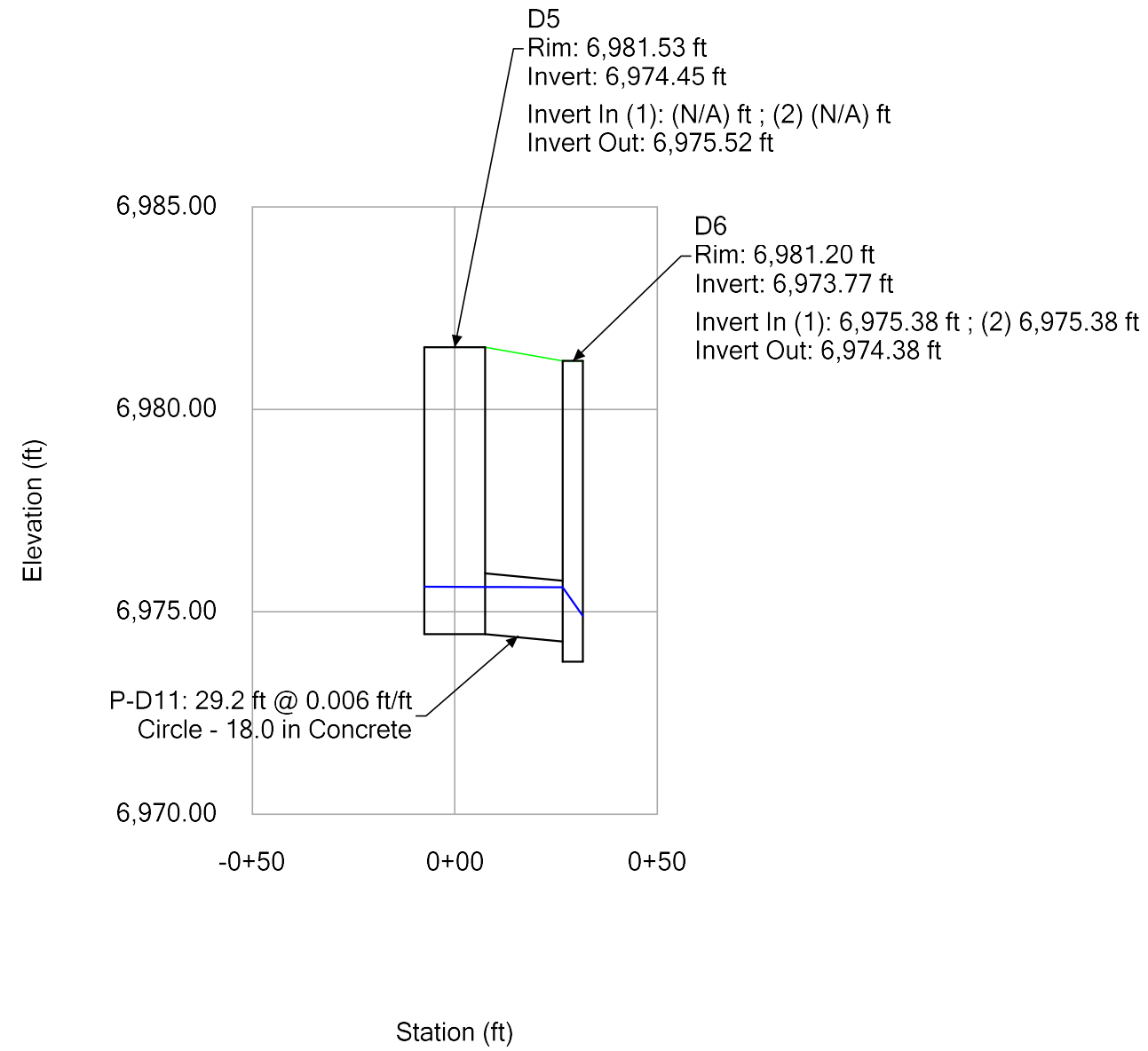
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D1 to D3 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



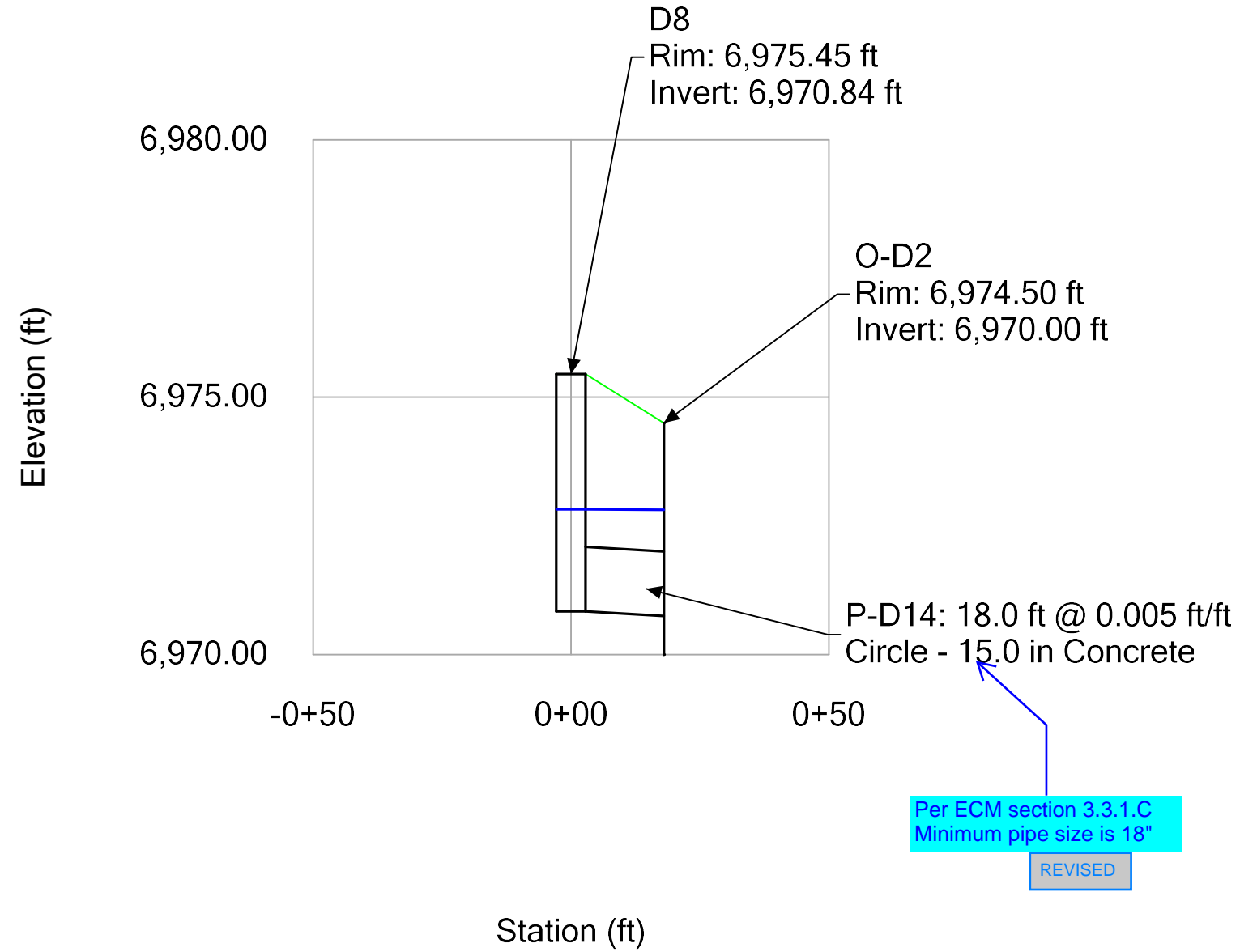
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D4 to D7 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



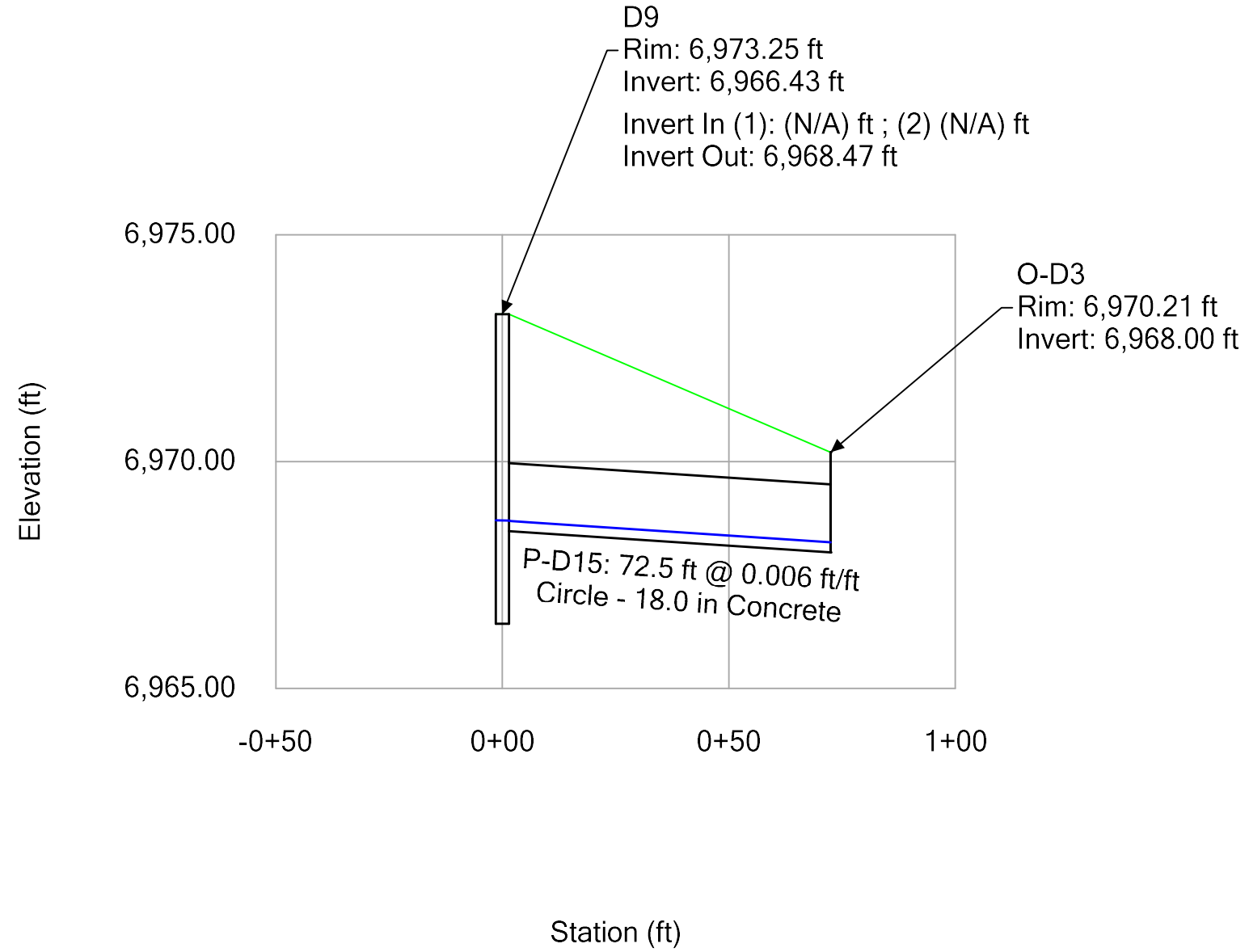
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D5 to D6 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



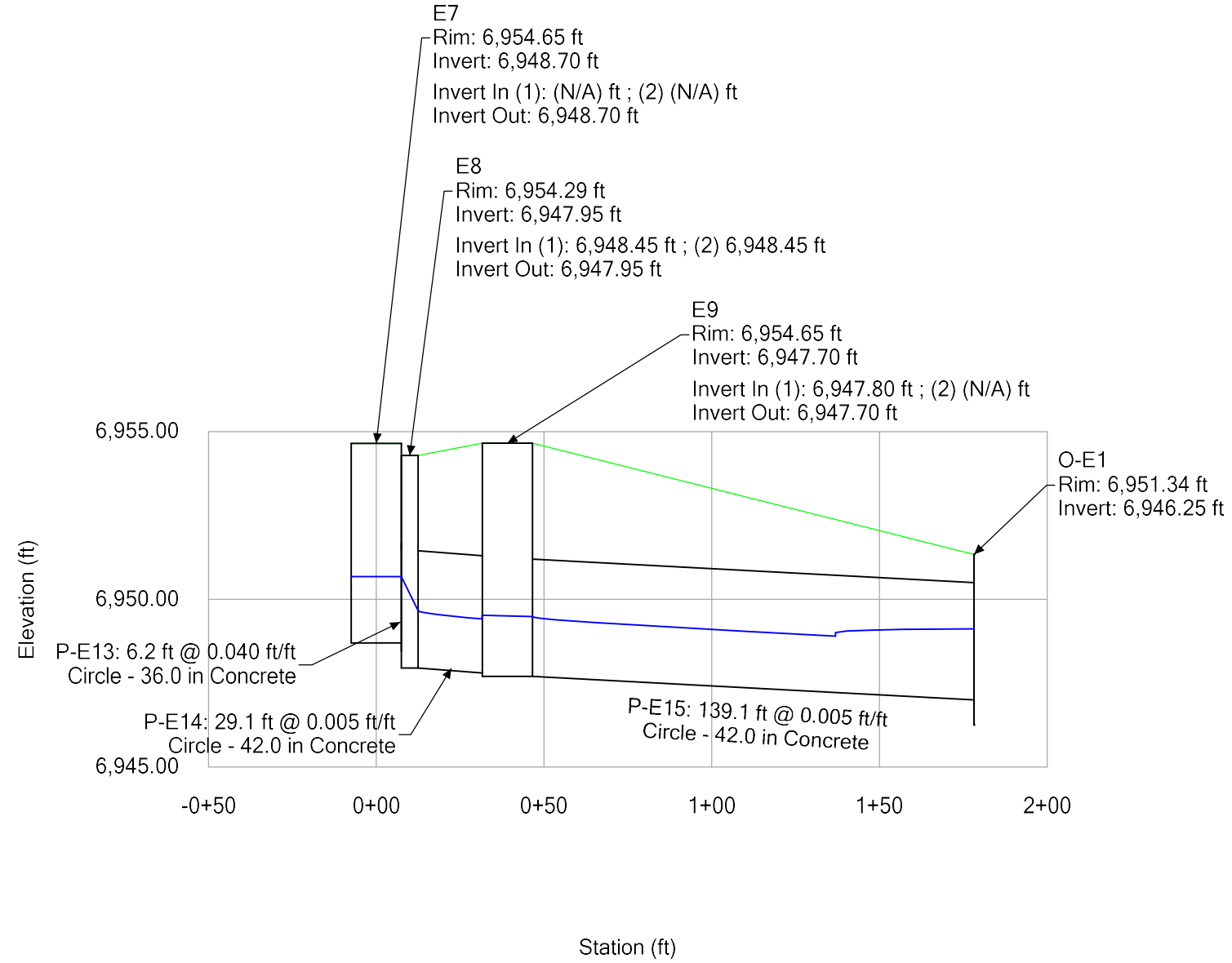
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D8 to O-D2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



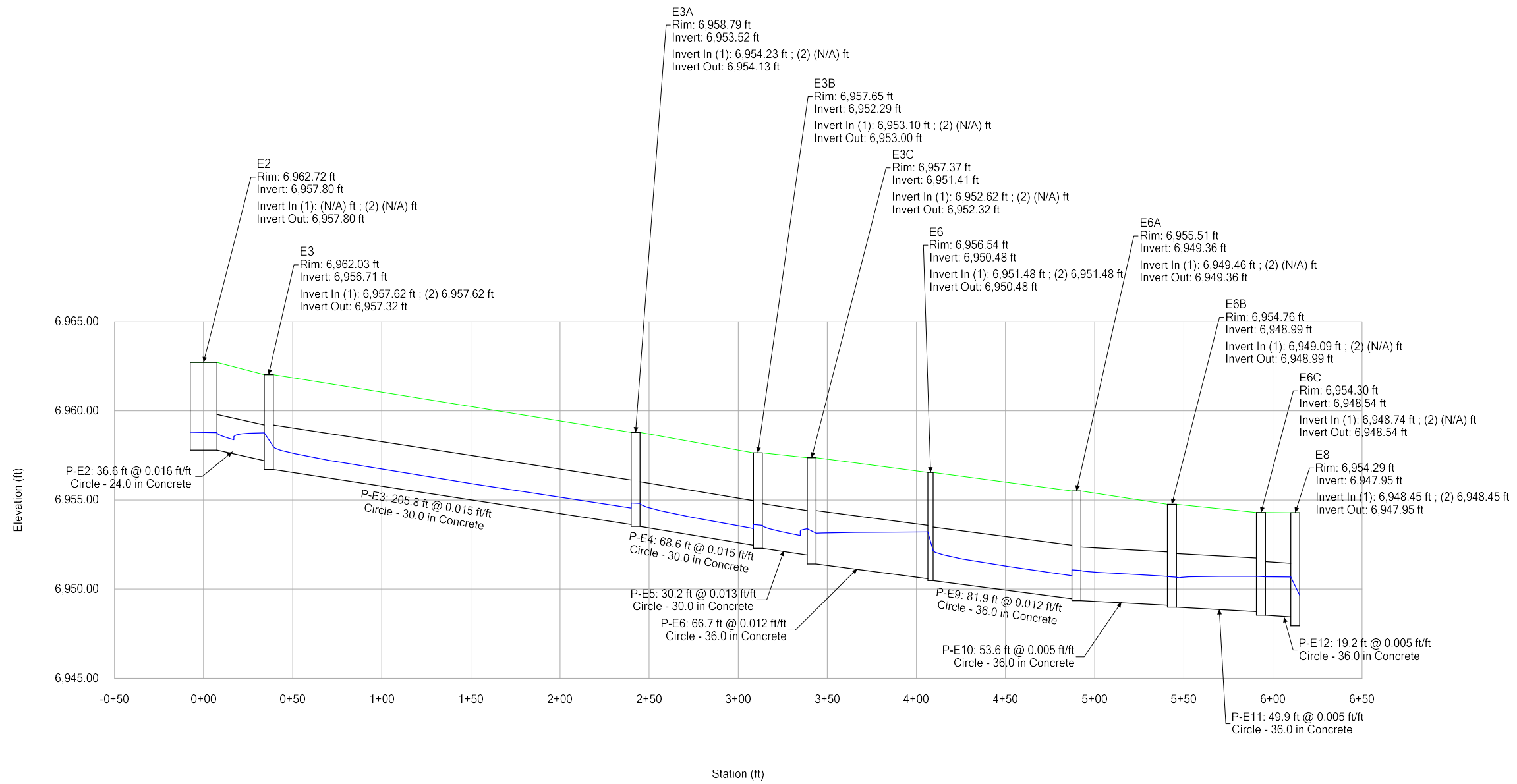
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D9 to O-D3 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



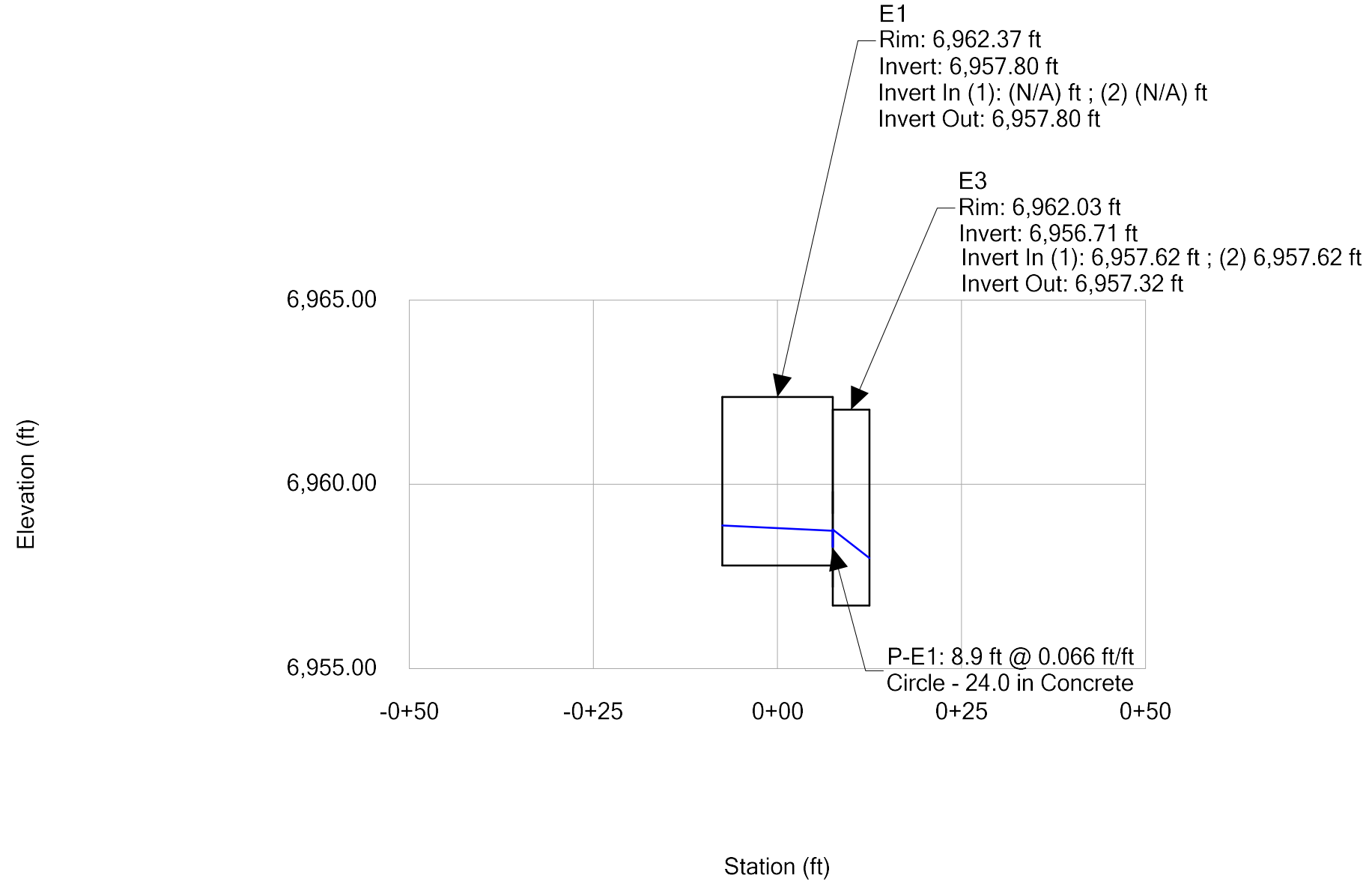
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E7 to O-E1 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



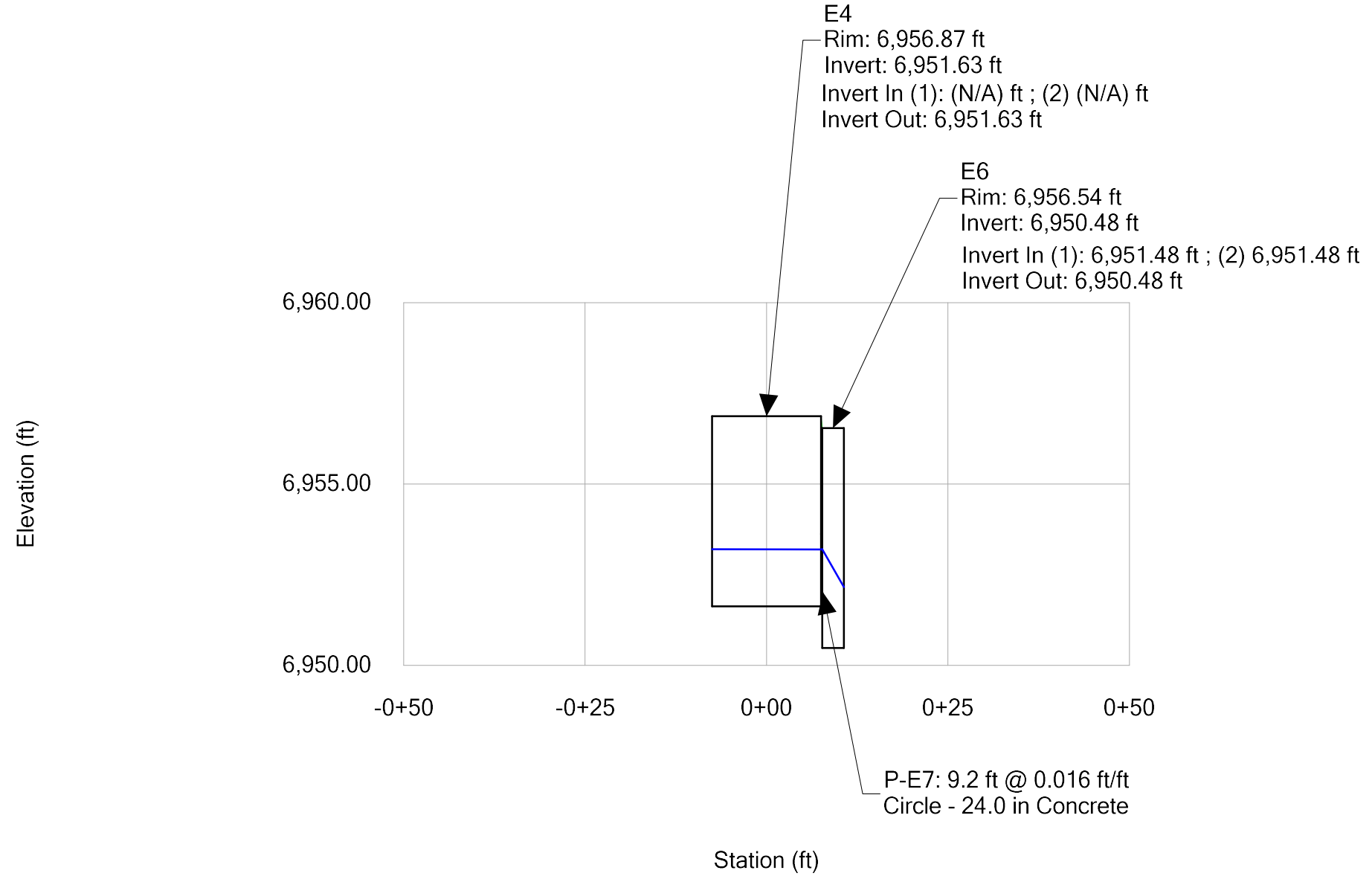
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E2 to E8 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



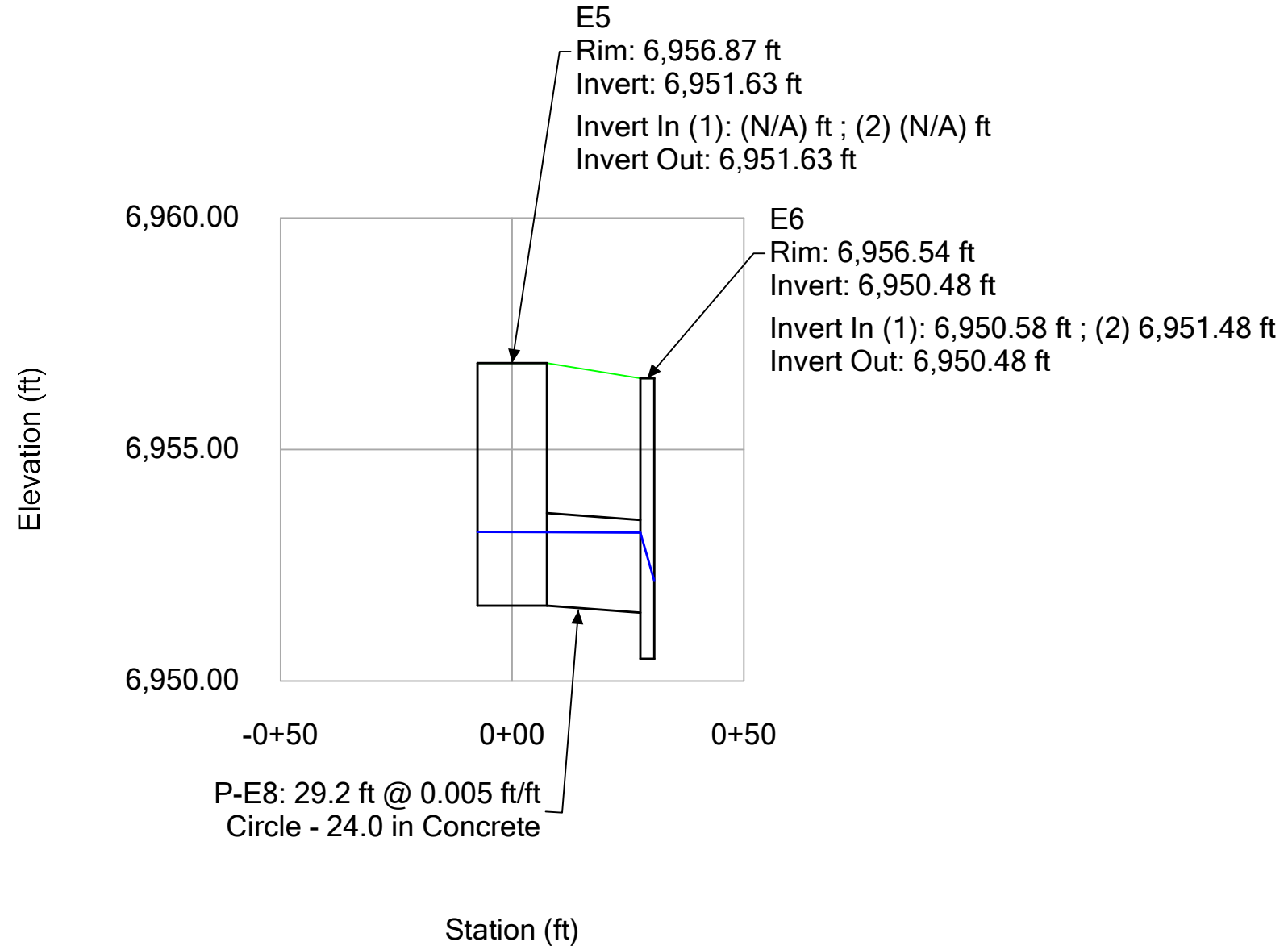
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E1 to E3 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



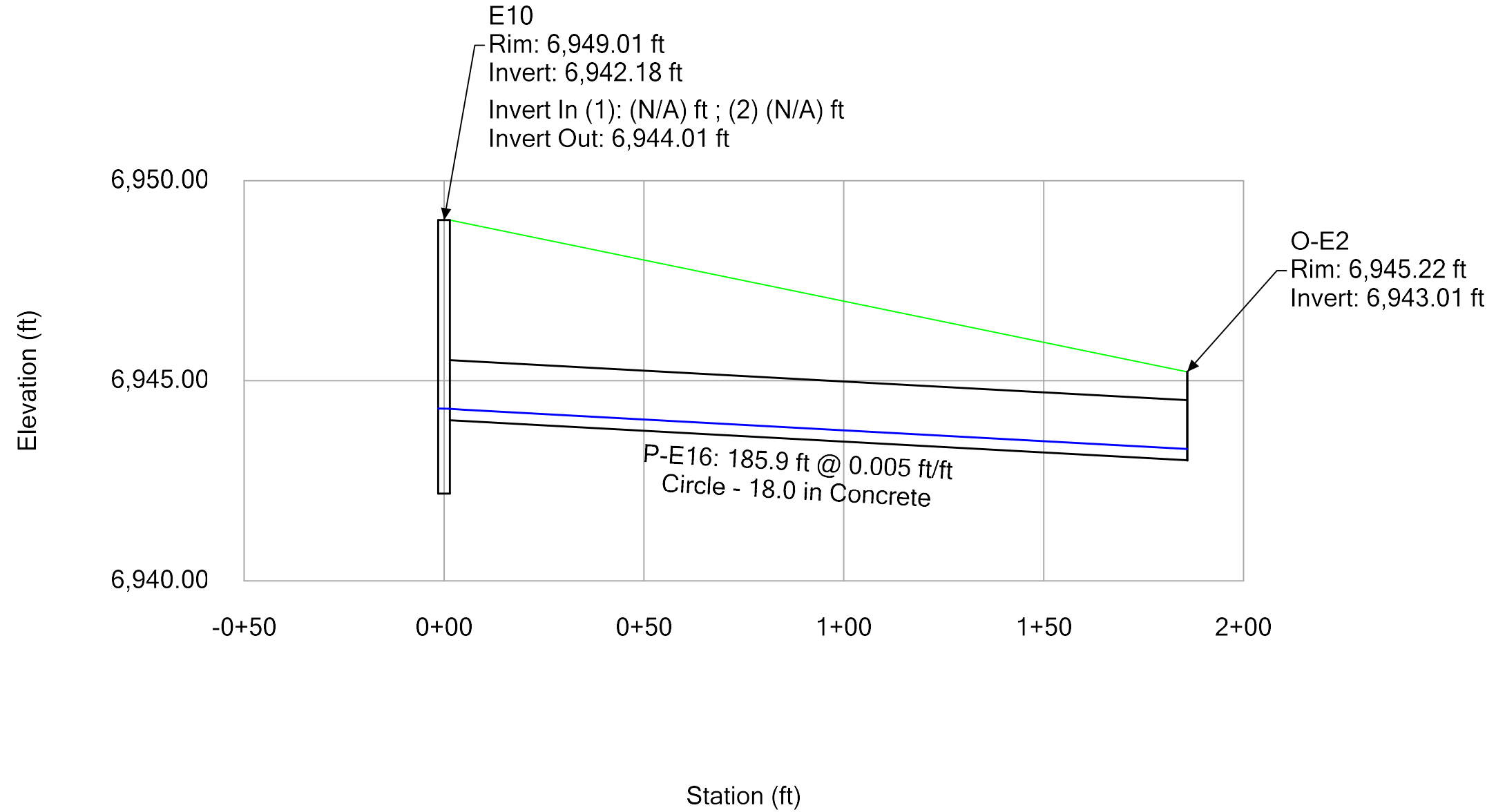
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E4 to E6 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E5 to E6 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E10 to O-E2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Conduit Table

Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

Label	Diameter (in)	Material	Manning's n	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-D1	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D1	6,978.34	D3	6,978.24	0.010	32.7	6,979.87	6,979.87	6.44
P-D2	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D2	6,978.54	D3	6,978.24	0.010	16.4	6,979.87	6,979.87	5.31
P-D3	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3	6,977.94	D3A	6,977.76	0.005	69.4	6,979.36	6,979.31	5.50
P-D4	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3A	6,977.46	D3B	6,977.03	0.005	69.4	6,978.69	6,978.22	5.50
P-D5	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3B	6,976.93	D3C	6,976.57	0.005	69.4	6,978.15	6,977.76	5.50
P-D6	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3C	6,976.47	D3D	6,976.28	0.005	69.4	6,977.69	6,977.47	5.50
P-D7	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3D	6,976.18	D3E	6,975.95	0.005	69.4	6,977.41	6,977.14	5.50
P-D8	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3E	6,975.83	D3F	6,975.46	0.005	69.8	6,977.06	6,976.66	5.47
P-D9	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D3F	6,975.36	D7	6,973.58	0.014	41.9	6,976.56	6,975.92	8.06
P-D10	18.0	Concrete	0.013	D4	6,974.45	D6	6,974.27	0.020	127.1	6,978.09	6,977.80	10.58
P-D11	18.0	Concrete	0.013	D5	6,974.45	D6	6,974.27	0.006	95.7	6,977.97	6,977.80	4.47
P-D12	24.0	Concrete	0.013	D6	6,973.77	D7	6,973.58	0.014	99.0	6,976.11	6,975.92	8.47
P-D13	36.0	Concrete	0.013	D7	6,972.58	O-D1	6,970.76	0.010	56.8	6,974.58	6,974.08	9.69
P-D14	15.0	Concrete	0.013	D8	6,970.84	O-D2	6,970.75	0.005	85.4	6,974.15	6,974.08	3.18
P-D15	18.0	Concrete	0.013	D9	6,968.47	O-D3	6,968.00	0.006	66.2	6,969.38	6,968.89	5.12
P-E1	24.0	Concrete	0.013	E1	6,957.80	E3	6,957.21	0.066	21.8	6,959.59	6,959.59	14.84
P-E2	24.0	Concrete	0.013	E2	6,957.80	E3	6,957.21	0.016	43.5	6,959.69	6,959.59	8.82
P-E3	30.0	Concrete	0.013	E3	6,956.71	E3A	6,953.62	0.015	50.1	6,958.42	6,956.08	10.24
P-E4	30.0	Concrete	0.013	E3A	6,953.52	E3B	6,952.46	0.015	49.4	6,956.06	6,955.80	5.13
P-E5	30.0	Concrete	0.013	E3B	6,952.29	E3C	6,951.91	0.013	54.8	6,955.76	6,955.64	5.13
P-E6	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E3C	6,951.41	E6	6,950.58	0.012	33.9	6,955.38	6,955.29	3.57
P-E7	24.0	Concrete	0.013	E4	6,951.63	E6	6,951.48	0.016	50.5	6,955.32	6,955.29	4.65
P-E8	24.0	Concrete	0.013	E5	6,951.63	E6	6,951.48	0.005	70.9	6,955.36	6,955.29	3.66
P-E9	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E6	6,950.48	E6A	6,949.46	0.012	68.9	6,954.04	6,953.56	7.26
P-E10	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E6A	6,949.36	E6B	6,949.09	0.005	108.4	6,953.52	6,953.20	7.26
P-E11	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E6B	6,948.99	E6C	6,948.74	0.005	108.7	6,953.16	6,952.86	7.26
P-E12	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E6C	6,948.54	E8	6,948.45	0.005	112.4	6,952.82	6,952.71	7.26
P-E13	36.0	Concrete	0.013	E7	6,948.70	E8	6,948.45	0.040	12.9	6,952.71	6,952.71	2.43
P-E14	42.0	Concrete	0.013	E8	6,947.95	E9	6,947.80	0.005	94.8	6,951.51	6,951.38	7.12
P-E15	42.0	Concrete	0.013	E9	6,947.70	O-E1	6,947.00	0.005	110.1	6,951.33	6,950.48	8.17
P-E16	18.0	Concrete	0.013	E10	6,944.01	O-E2	6,943.01	0.005	136.3	6,946.24	6,944.26	5.94

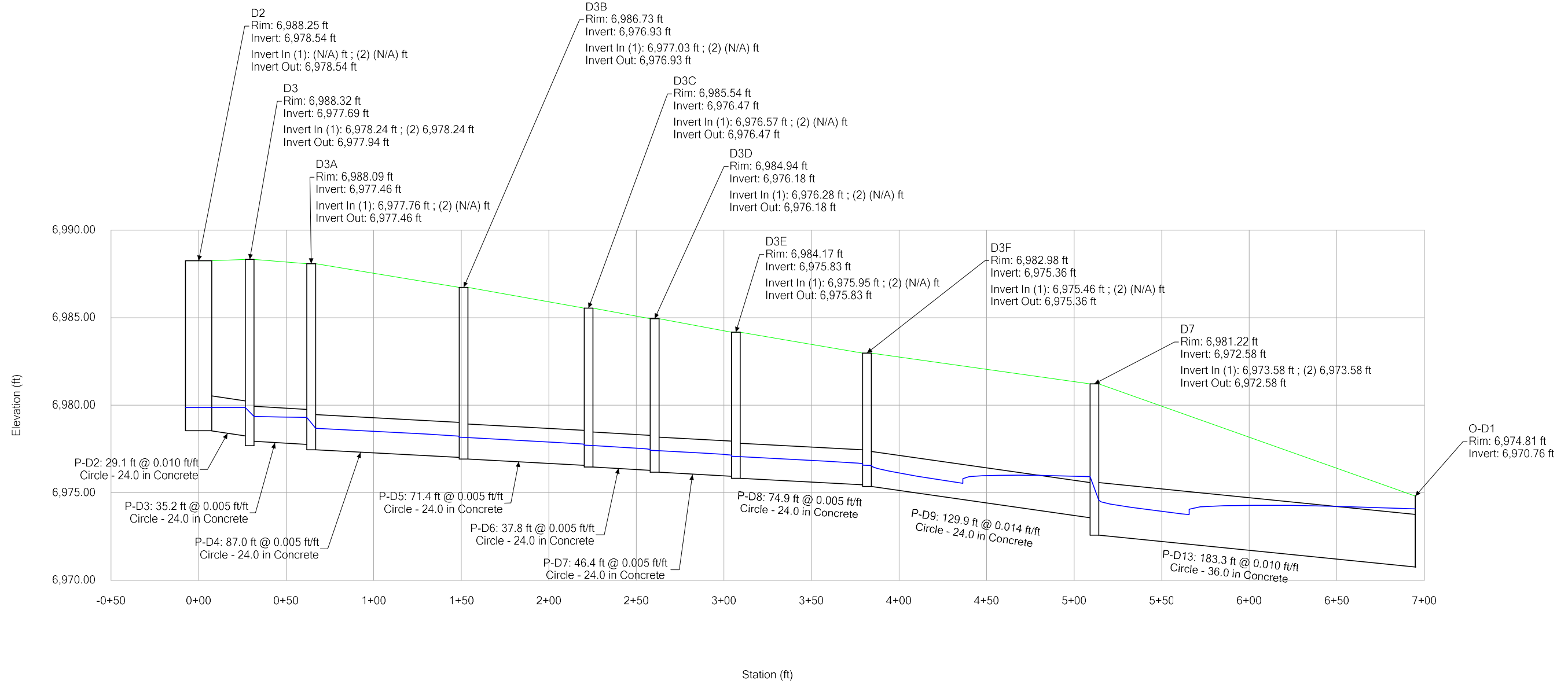
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
FlexTable: Manhole Table
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

Label	Elevation (Rim) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 2) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 3) (ft)	Elevation (Invert Out) (ft)	Headloss Method	Headloss Coefficient (Standard)	Flow (Known) (cfs)
D1	6,988.83	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,978.34	Standard	0.050	7.40
D2	6,988.25	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,978.54	Standard	0.050	3.70
D3	6,988.32	6,978.24	6,978.24	(N/A)	6,977.94	Standard	1.520	11.10
D3A	6,988.09	6,977.76	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,977.46	Standard	1.320	11.10
D3B	6,986.73	6,977.03	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,976.93	Standard	0.050	11.10
D3C	6,985.54	6,976.57	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,976.47	Standard	0.050	11.10
D3D	6,984.94	6,976.28	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,976.18	Standard	0.050	11.10
D3E	6,984.17	6,975.95	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,975.83	Standard	0.050	11.10
D3F	6,982.98	6,975.46	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,975.36	Standard	0.050	11.10
D4	6,981.53	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,974.45	Standard	0.050	18.70
D5	6,981.53	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,974.45	Standard	0.050	7.90
D6	6,981.20	6,974.27	6,974.27	(N/A)	6,973.77	Standard	1.520	26.60
D7	6,981.22	6,973.58	6,973.58	(N/A)	6,972.58	Standard	1.520	37.70
D8	6,975.45	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,970.84	Standard	0.050	3.90
D9	6,973.25	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,968.47	Standard	0.050	5.60
E1	6,962.37	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,957.80	Standard	0.400	12.70
E2	6,962.72	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,957.80	Standard	0.050	12.50
E3	6,962.03	6,957.21	6,957.21	(N/A)	6,956.71	Standard	1.520	25.20
E3A	6,958.79	6,953.62	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,953.52	Standard	0.050	25.20
E3B	6,957.65	6,952.46	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,952.29	Standard	0.100	25.20
E3C	6,957.37	6,951.91	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,951.41	Standard	1.320	25.20
E4	6,956.87	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,951.63	Standard	0.050	14.60
E5	6,956.87	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,951.63	Standard	0.050	11.50
E6	6,956.54	6,950.58	6,951.48	6,951.48	6,950.48	Standard	1.520	51.30
E6A	6,955.51	6,949.46	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,949.36	Standard	0.050	51.30
E6B	6,954.76	6,949.09	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,948.99	Standard	0.050	51.30
E6C	6,954.30	6,948.74	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,948.54	Standard	0.050	51.30
E7	6,954.65	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,948.70	Standard	0.050	17.20
E8	6,954.29	6,948.45	6,948.45	(N/A)	6,947.95	Standard	1.520	68.50
E9	6,954.65	6,947.80	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,947.70	Standard	0.050	78.60
E10	6,949.01	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	6,944.01	Standard	0.050	10.50

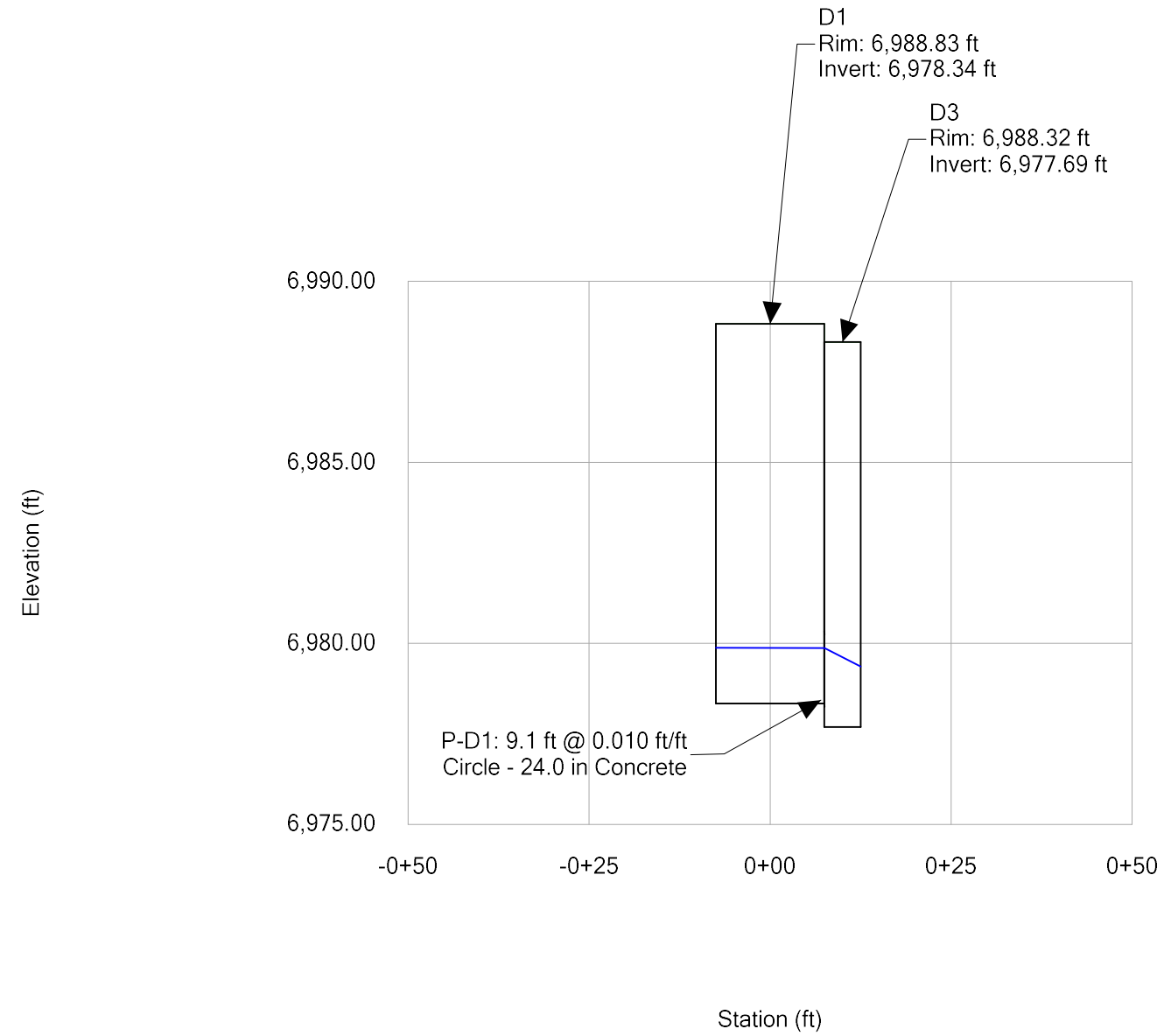
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
FlexTable: Outfall Table
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

Label	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)
O-D3	6,970.21	6,968.00	Free Outfall		6,968.89	5.60
O-E2	6,945.22	6,943.01	Free Outfall		6,944.26	10.50
O-D1	6,974.81	6,970.76	User Defined Tailwater	6,974.08	6,974.08	37.70
O-D2	6,974.50	6,970.00	User Defined Tailwater	6,974.08	6,974.08	3.90
O-E1	6,951.34	6,946.25	User Defined Tailwater	6,950.48	6,950.48	78.60

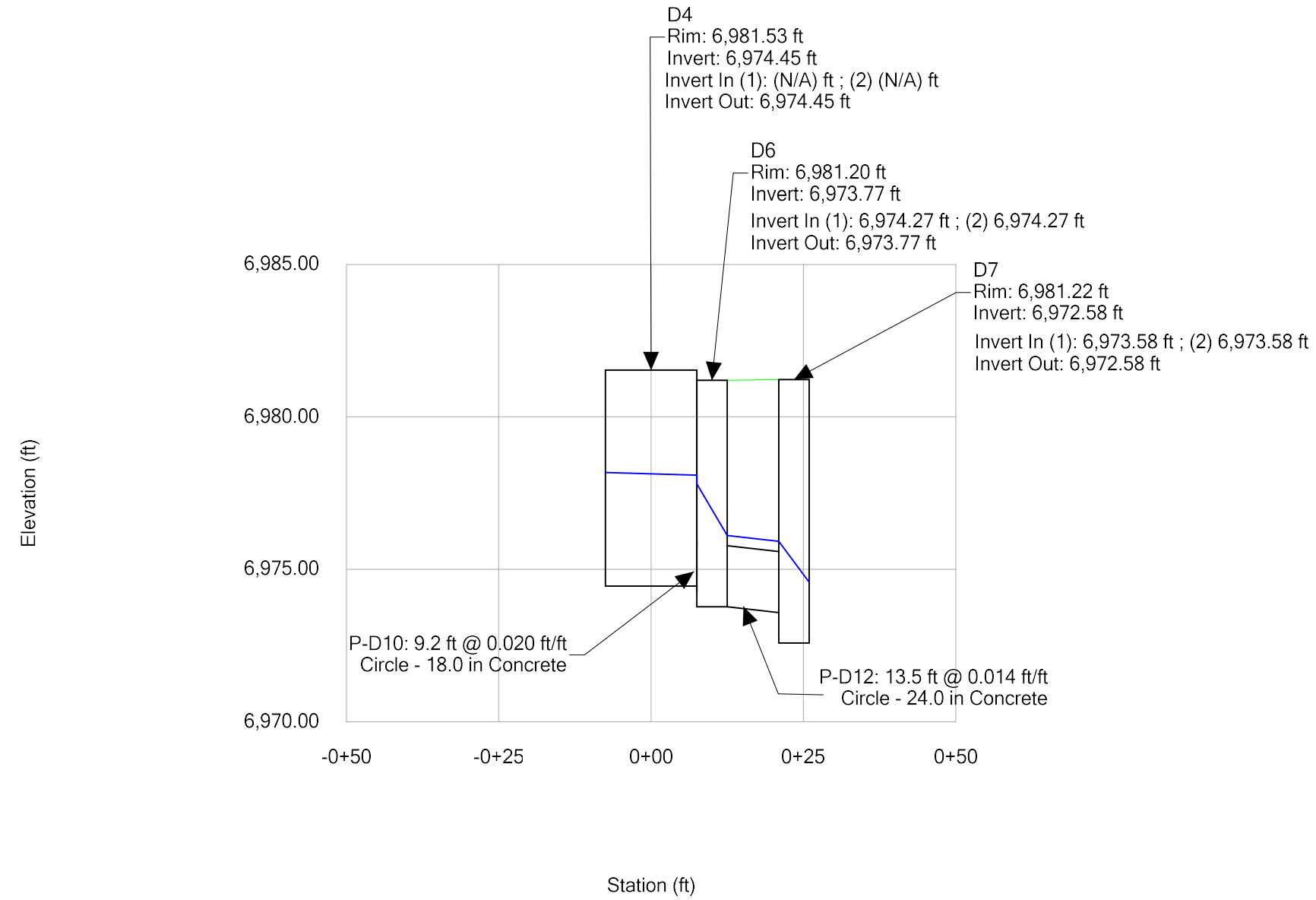
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D2 to O-1 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



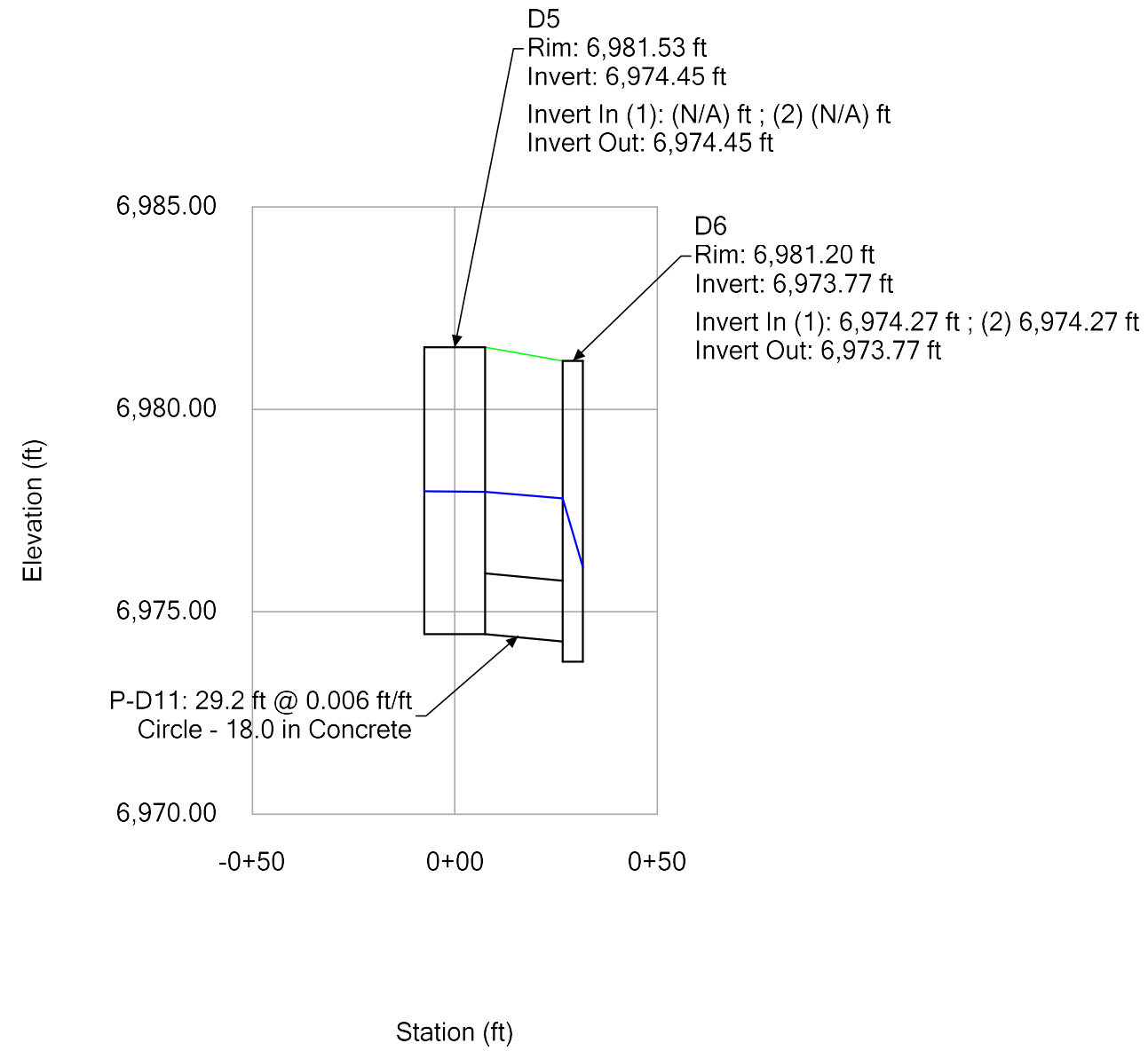
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D1 to D3 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



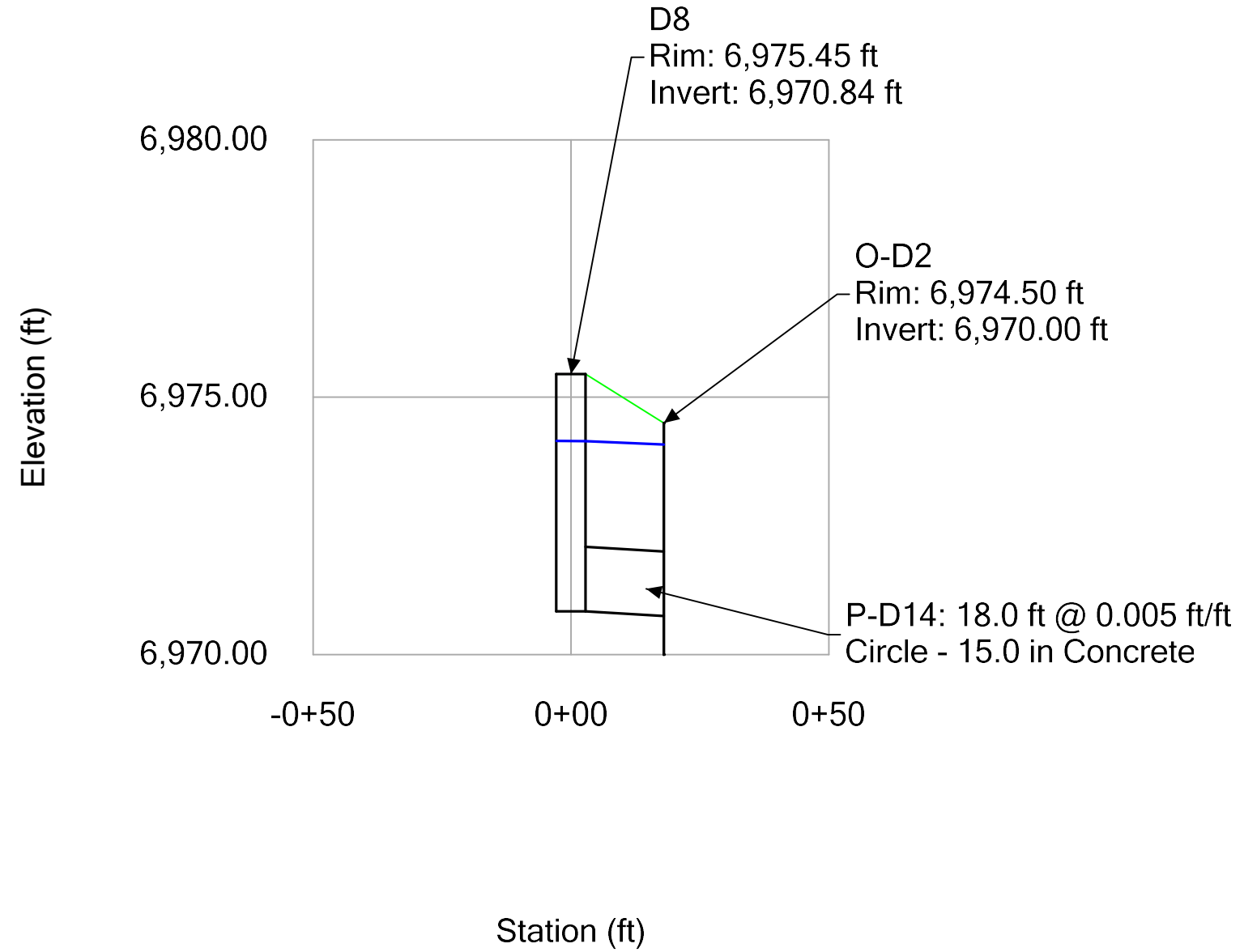
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D4 to D7 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



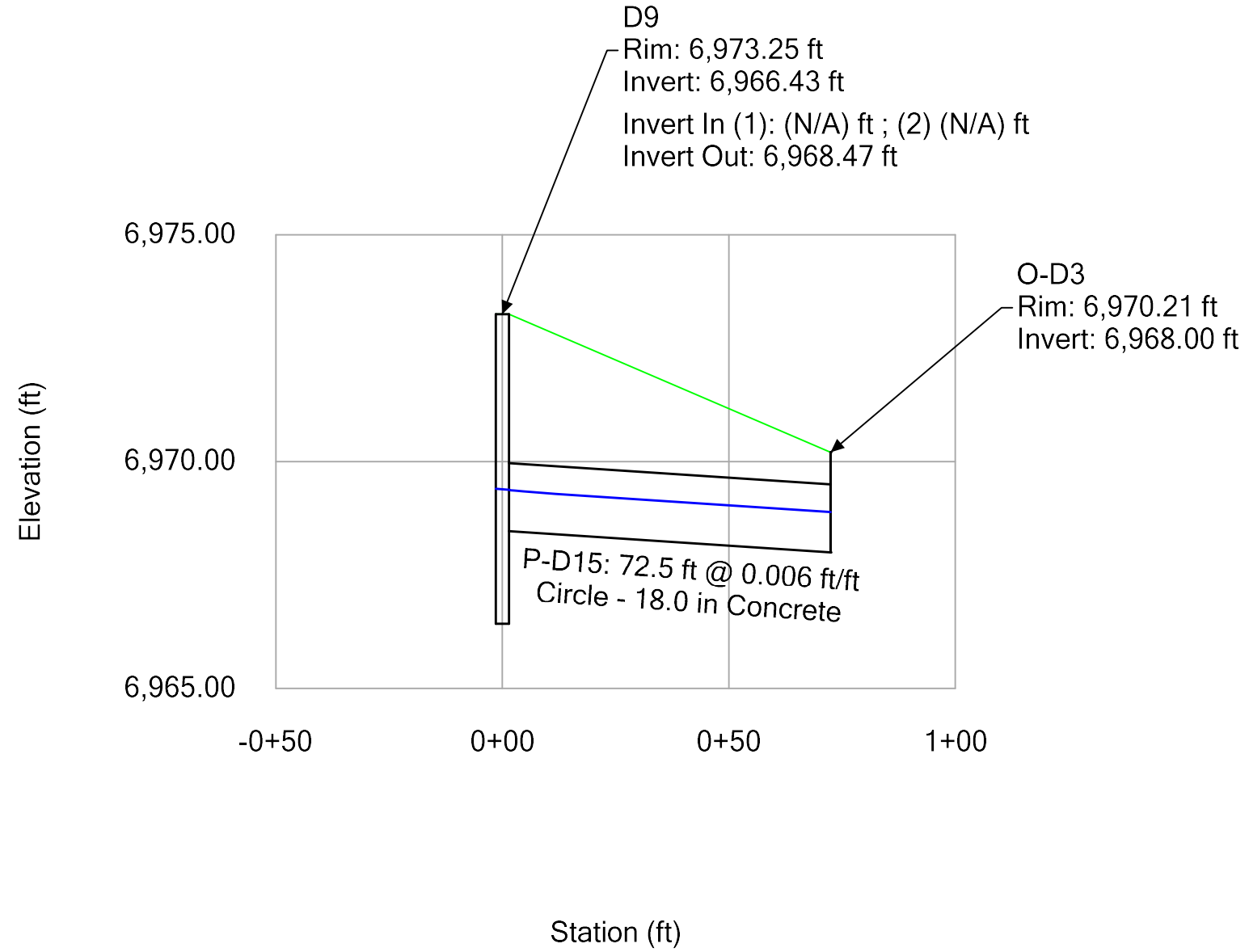
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D5 to D6 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



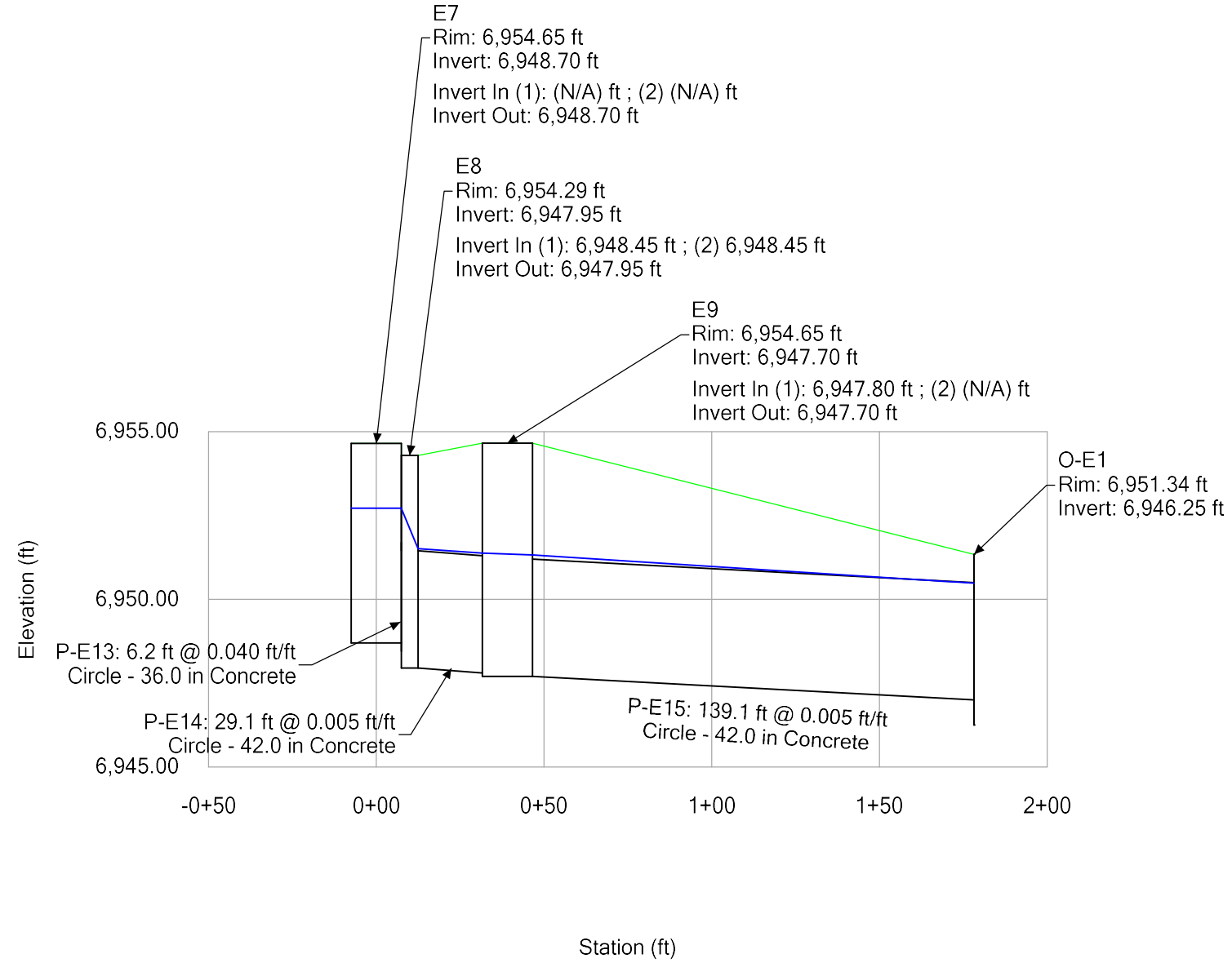
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D8 to O-D2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



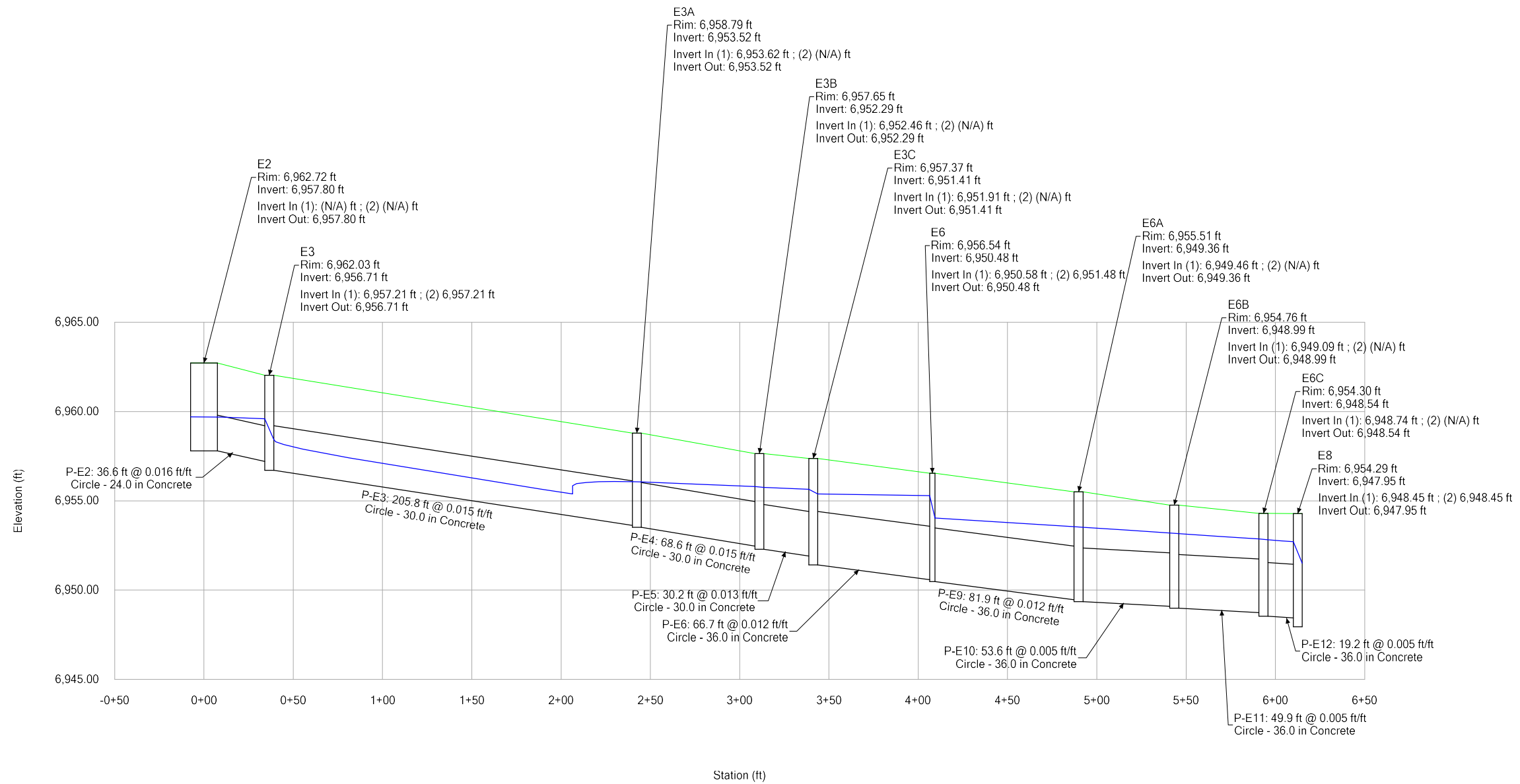
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D9 to O-D3 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



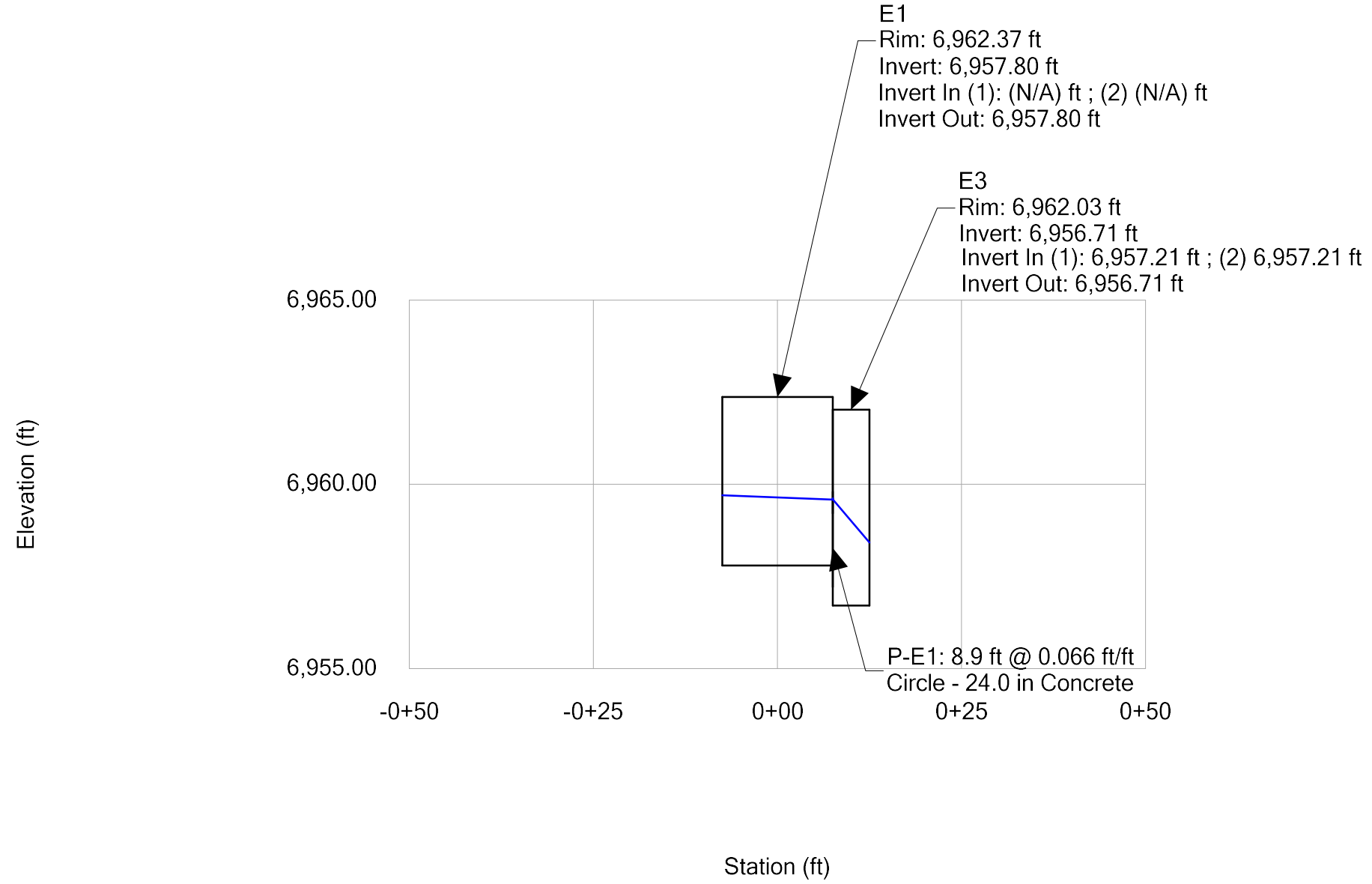
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E7 to O-E1 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



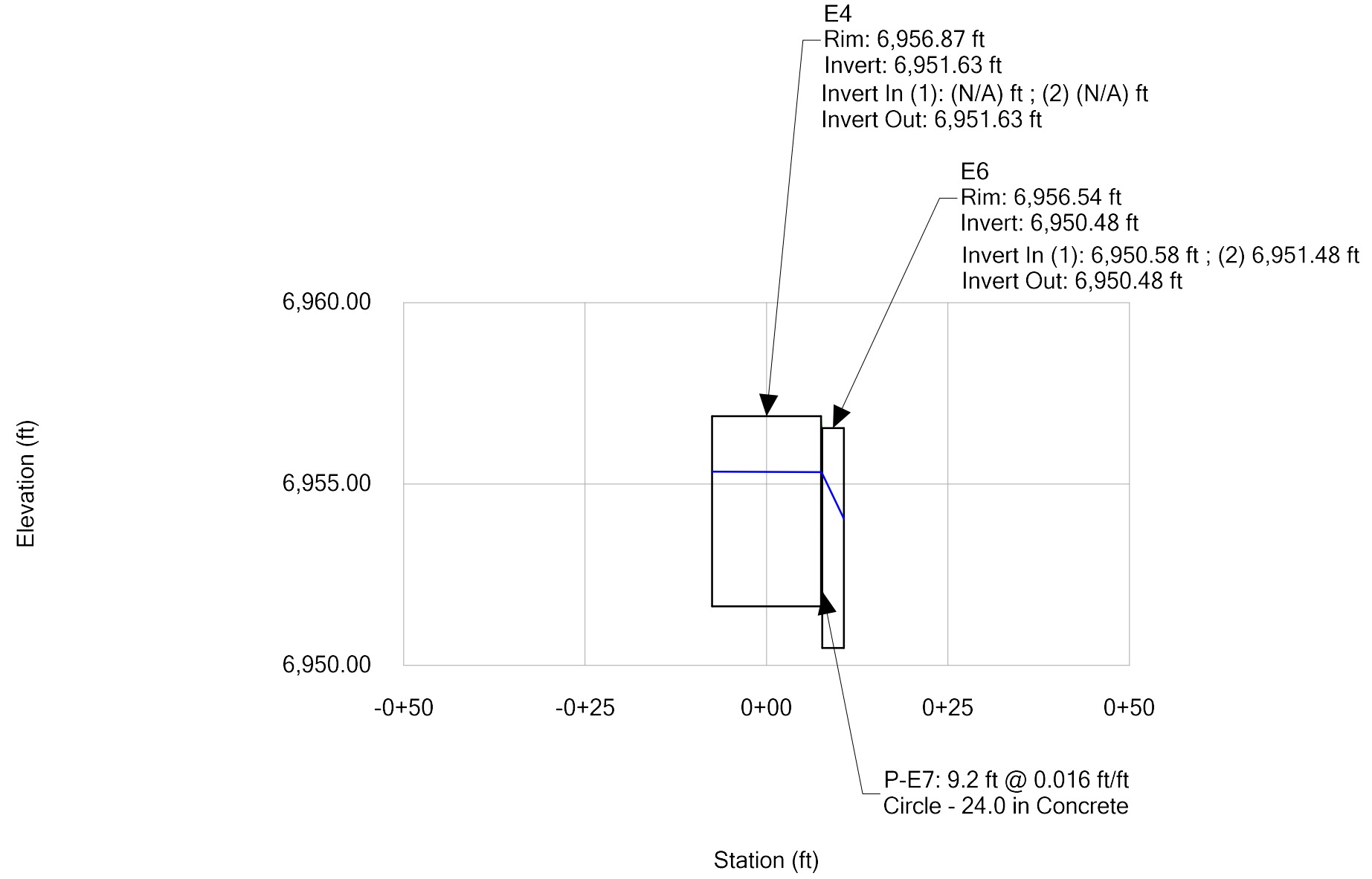
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E2 to E8 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



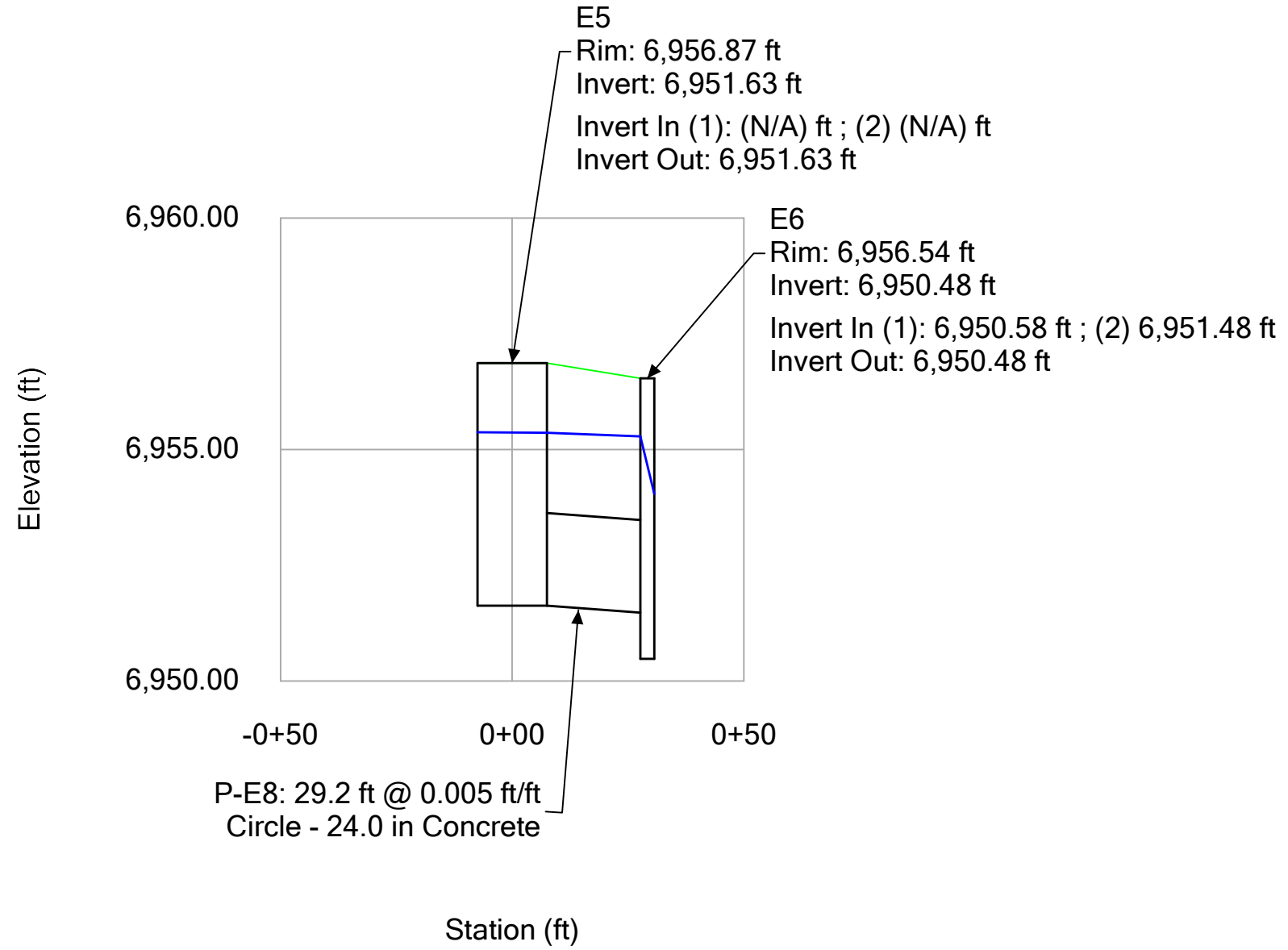
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E1 to E3 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E4 to E6 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E5 to E6 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E10 to O-E2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

