



FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

GRANDVIEW RESERVE FILING NO. 1

El Paso County, Colorado

PREPARED FOR:
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Englewood, CO

PREPARED BY:
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DATE:
June 21, 2024

PCD Filing No.: SF2311

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Treven Edwards, PE #60124
For and on behalf of Galloway & Company, Inc.

Date

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATION

I, The developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

By: _____

Date

Address: D.R. Horton
9555 S. Kingston Court
Englewood, CO

EL PASO COUNTY CERTIFICATION

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development Code as amended.

Joshua Palmer, P.E.
County Engineer/ECM Administrator

Date

Conditions:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Purpose	4
II.	General Description.....	4
III.	Drainage Criteria	4
IV.	Interim Drainage Conditions.....	5
	HISTORIC CONDITIONS	5
	HISTORIC OFF-SITE FLOWS.....	5
	INTERIM OFF-SITE FLOWS	6
	INTERIM ON-SITE FLOWS.....	7
V.	Four Step Process.....	7
	1. Employ Runoff Reduction Practices.....	7
	2. Stabilize Channels.....	8
	3. Provide Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV).....	8
	4. Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMPs.....	8
VI.	Proposed Drainage Conditions	8
VII.	Storm Sewer System.....	11
VIII.	Proposed Water Quality Detention Ponds	11
IX.	Proposed Channel Improvements.....	12
X.	Maintenance	12
XI.	Wetlands Mitigation	12
XII.	Floodplain Statement	13
XIII.	Drainage Fees & Maintenance.....	13
XIV.	Conclusion	15
XV.	References	16

Appendices:

- A. Exhibits and Figures
- B. MDDP & DBPS Sheet References
- C. Hydrologic Computations
- D. Hydraulic Computations
- E. Water Quality Computations
- F. Drainage Maps & Water Quality Plan

I. Purpose

The purpose of this Final Drainage Report is to identify on and offsite drainage patterns, locate and identify tributary or downstream drainage features and facilities that impact the site, and to identify which types of drainage facilities will be needed and where they will be located. This report will remain in general compliance with the approved MDDP prepared by HR Green, dated November 2020 and Preliminary Drainage Report (PDR) prepared by Galloway & Company, Inc., dated January 19, 2024.

II. General Description

The Filing No. 1 project site is a single-family residential development located in the Falcon area of El Paso County, Colorado. The Filing No. 1 project site is located in a portion of the South half of Section 21, the North half of Section 28, Township 12 South, Range 64 West of the 6th Principal Meridian, County of El Paso, State of Colorado. The subject property includes Eastonville Road to the west, which was studied separately in the "*Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report*", by HR Green, September 2023, EPC # CDR2321 (**E-PDR**), and is currently in review with El Paso County. The project site is bounded by undeveloped land proposed as future development to the east, and undeveloped land within the Waterbury Development to the south. A Vicinity Map is included in **Appendix A.**

This final drainage report is the basis for the drainage facility design in conformance with the previously approved MDDP for the site prepared by HR Green, "*Grandview Reserve Master Development Drainage Plan*", HR Green, November 2020, EPC # SKP201 (**MDDP**) and the approved preliminary drainage report, "*Preliminary Drainage Report - Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1*", Galloway & Company, Inc., January 19, 2024 (**PDR**). The site consists of approximately 37.564 acres and includes 119 dwelling units.

The existing soil types within the proposed site as determined by the NRCS Web Soil Survey for El Paso County Area consist of Columbine gravelly sandy loam (hydrologic soil group A) and Stapleton sandy loam (hydrologic soil group B). See the soils map included in **Appendix A.**

III. Drainage Criteria

Hydrology calculations were performed using the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, as revised in November 1991 and October 1994 with County adopted Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual as revised in May 2014.

The drainage calculations were based on the criteria manual Figure 6-5 and IDF equations to determine the intensity and are listed in Table 1 below.

Table 1 - Precipitation Data

Return Period	One Hour Depth (in).	Intensity (in/hr)
5-year	1.50	5.17
100-year	2.52	8.68

The rational method was used to calculate peak flows as the tributary areas are less than 100 acres. The rational method has been proven to be accurate for basins of this size and is based on the following formula:

$Q = CIA$

Where:

Q = Peak Discharge (cfs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = Runoff intensity (inches/hour)

A = Drainage area (acres)

The runoff coefficients are calculated based on land use, percent imperviousness, and design storm for each basin, as shown in the drainage criteria manual (Table 6-6). Composite percent impervious and C values were calculated using the residential, streets, roofs, and lawns coefficients found in Table 6-6 of the manual.

The 100-year event was used as the major storm event. The 5-year event was used as the minor event. The UD-Inlets v5.01 spreadsheet was utilized for the sizing of the proposed sump inlets.

The UD-Detention v4.04 spreadsheet was utilized for the design of the proposed on-site water quality ponds, Ponds D and E.

Swales

The proposed emergency overflow swales were analyzed using criteria with the City DCM Vol.1, Chapter 12, section 3. These swales were analyzed using Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Hydraulic Toolbox for a 100-year major storm event. The FHWA Hydraulic Toolbox calculates the capacity and stability of swales. Stability is determined by ensuring that the permissible shear stress is greater than the maximum shear stress calculated in the swale. This software utilizes equations for shear stress from HEC 15.

In the instances when the maximum shear stress exceeds the permissible shear stress P_{max} 300 lining from North American Green (NAG) is proposed. Swale stability in these scenarios were analyzed using NAG Erosion Control Materials Design Software (ECMDS). This software computes channel stability for the proposed swale utilizing an appropriate NAG lining.

Swale computations can be found in **Appendix D**.

IV. Interim Drainage Conditions

HISTORIC CONDITIONS

The site is contained fully within one major drainage basin; the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin and is tributary to Black Squirrel Creek. The site generally drains from north to south with an average slope of 2% outside of the channel. The rational method was used to analyze the individual basins within the site because their size permits it.

HISTORIC OFF-SITE FLOWS

As described in the approved "Preliminary Drainage Report for Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1", Galloway & Company, February 2024, EPC # PUDSP2110 (PDR). There is one (1) major drainageway bordering the Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1 project site to the northeast that currently conveys existing

on & off-site flows through and adjacent to the project site to the southeast; This is the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 (Hereon referred to as Channel A), located along the northeastern boundary of the project site. Channel A drainageway generally flows to the southeast towards Highway 24, before crossing via existing drainage structures. This drainageway is analyzed in the report titled "Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report," Prepared by HR Green. This report is still in review – a discussion will be included in the report about the difference between FEMA flows and the Meridian Ranch MDDP. Subsequent Final Drainage Reports will be revised as necessary to incorporate any changes from the CLOMR report.

Existing upstream tributary analysis (the areas west of Eastonville Road) was performed as part of the **E-PDR** and includes basins EX1, EX2, EX3, EX4, EX5, EX6, and EX7. See the **E-PDR** in **Appendix F** for reference. A description of critical design points from the **E-PDR** that enter the site are summarized below.

Channel A: enters the site via an existing 18" (Public) CMP under Eastonville Rd. The flows at this point are associated with **Design Point 4** of the **E-PDR** and correlates to **Design Point G06** of "*The Sanctuary Filing 1 FDR (Meridian Ranch)*". Tech Contractors, August 2022; Per the **E-PDR**, the total upstream tributary area is 832.7 acres, and Channel A flows entering the existing pipe culvert at **Design Point 4** are: $Q_5 = 22.4$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 491.0$ cfs.

Design Point 5: off-site flows enter the site via an existing 18" (Public) CMP crossing Eastonville Rd. The off-site flows are associated with **Design Point 5** of the **E-PDR**; Per the **E-PDR**, the total upstream tributary area is 22.35 acres, and flows entering the existing pipe culvert at **Design Point 5** are: $Q_5 = 7.0$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 43.3$ cfs.

Design Point 6: off-site flows enter the site via an existing 18" (Public) CMP crossing Eastonville Rd. The off-site flows are associated with **Design Point 6** of the **E-PDR**; Per the **E-PDR**, the total upstream tributary area is 3.05 acres, and flows entering the existing pipe culvert at **Design Point 5** are: $Q_5 = 1.2$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 6.9$ cfs.

Following the preliminary drainage report (PDR), the "existing" condition for this FDR will be after the preliminary / interim overlot grading on the site has taken place.

In the interim condition, overland grading operations will have taken place within the Grandview Reserve Subdivision in preparation for the ultimate proposed condition. While this activity is taking place within the proposed subdivision, no activity is anticipated west of Eastonville Road. The proposed project site lies completely within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin and is also situated within two (2) of the larger identified basins (D & E) which have been broken down into four (4) smaller sub-basins. More specifically, within the interim drainage condition, the project site is located within Basins EA-1, TSB-D1, TSB-E1, & TSB-E2. Site runoff will be collected via swales and diverted to one of the three proposed temporary sediment basins. All necessary calculations can be found within the appendices of this report.

INTERIM OFF-SITE FLOWS

Existing upstream tributary analysis (the areas west of Eastonville Road) was performed as part of the **E-PDR** and was discussed earlier in the report under **Section IV – Off-Site Flows**. These design basins remain the same as the existing condition during the interim phase and discussion of them are not included in this section.

INTERIM ON-SITE FLOWS

Basin TSB-D1 (10.09 AC, $Q_5 = 2.8$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 20.0$ cfs): Located at the north portion of the proposed site, Basin TSB-D1 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the east where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-D1 at **DP 18**. From there, treated runoff from TSB-D1 will be discharged downstream directly to existing Channel A.

Basin TSB-E1 (8.21 AC, $Q_5 = 2.5$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 18.0$ cfs): Located at the southern portion of the proposed site, Basin TSB-E1 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the east where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-E1 at **DP 19**. From there, treated runoff from TSB-E1 will be discharged downstream directly to **Basin TSB-E2**.

Basin TSB-E2 (13.57 AC, $Q_5 = 4.0$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 28.3$ cfs): Located at the southeastern portion of the site, Basin TSB-E2 consists of future residential lots and future roadways. In the interim overland graded phase of development, imperviousness for this sub-basin can be described as nearly bare ground (2%). Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the east where it is intercepted by proposed TSB-E2 at **DP 20**. From there, treated runoff from TSB-E2 will be discharged downstream directly to existing Channel A.

Design Point 20 ($Q_5 = 6.5$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 46.3$ cfs): Located at the south portion of the site, this design point accounts for the total combined flows from **Basin TSB-E1 & TSB-E2**. Flows from this design point are discharged directly into the existing Channel A.

Basin EA-1 (2.50 AC, $Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 5.1$ cfs): Located along the southeastern property line, Basin EA-1 consists primarily of un-developed disturbed area with a temporary diversion swale put in place to convey existing off-site flows from **DP 5 & 6** through the site to Channel A, as they had in the existing condition. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow into a temporary trapezoidal diversion swale (Swale OS-1) with a 4' bottom width and 3' deep. Flows will then be conveyed north and discharge directly into Channel A at **DP 21**.

Each of the temporary sediment basins (TSBs) has been sized according to the detail from City of Colorado Springs Stormwater Quality Manual, Figure SB-1 and the pond calculations in the Mile High Flood District (MHFD) spreadsheet. Riser pipes within each TSB will discharge flows downstream, following the interim grading patterns, which will adhere to historic drainage patterns and eventually enter respective drainageway (Channel A). Similarly, each TSB will have an overflow spillway which will discharge excess flows downstream in the same drainage pattern as the discharge from the riser pipes within the corresponding TSB. See **Appendix D** for calculation spreadsheets.

V. Four Step Process

The Four Step Process is used to minimize the adverse impacts of urbanization and is a vital component of developing a balanced, sustainable project. Below identifies the approach to the four-step process:

1. Employ Runoff Reduction Practices

This step uses low impact development (LID) practices to reduce runoff at the source. Generally, rather than creating point discharges that are directly connected to impervious areas runoff is routed through pervious areas to promote infiltration. The Impervious Reduction Factor (IRF) method was used and calculations can be found in **Appendix E**.

2. Stabilize Channels

This step implements stabilization to channels to accommodate developed flows while protecting infrastructure and controlling sediment loading from erosion in the drainageways. Erosion protection in the form of riprap pads at all outfall points to the channel to prevent scouring of the channel from point discharges. The existing channel analysis and design for the Main Stem Tributary #2 (MST) is to be completed by others and a report for the channel improvements will be submitted for review separately.

3. Provide Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)

This step utilizes formalized water quality capture volume to slow the release of runoff from the site. The EURV volume will release in 72 hours, while the WQCV will release in no less than 40 hours. On-site water quality control volume detention ponds will provide water quality treatment for all of the developed areas, prior to the runoff being released into either of the major drainage ways. Refer to the WQCV Plan in **Appendix F**.

4. Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMPs

As this project is all residential development and no commercial or industrial development is proposed, there will be no need for any specialized BMPs which would be associated with an industrial or commercial site.

VI. Proposed Drainage Conditions

The proposed project site lies completely within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin and consists of two (2) larger basins (D & E) which have been broken down into fourteen (14) smaller sub-basins. Adjacent Off-site Basins (OS) were analyzed as part of the **E-PDR**. Site runoff for Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1 will be collected via inlets & pipes and diverted to one of the two proposed full spectrum detention ponds. No offsite flows enter the Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1 project site. All necessary calculations can be found within the appendices of this report.

There are no proposed major channel improvements for Channel A associated with this project site / development. The analysis for the channel was completed by HR Green (*Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; March 22, 2023 (**CLOMR**)). The Construction Drawings and Drainage Report for the channel improvements can be found under the project number CDR-22-008. A copy of the CLOMR Report is included in **Appendix G** for reference – the CLOMR Report is currently still in review. Final design values will be revised as necessary in subsequent Final Drainage Report submittals.

The project site will provide two (2) Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basins (EDBs). Ponds D & E will discharge treated runoff at historic rates directly into Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 (**MDDP**) / Channel A (**E-PDR**).

As has been mentioned previously, the project site is proposed to have a land use of single family residential. The project site will consist primarily of 1/8 Acre lots, with some 1/4 Acre and 1/3 Acre lots, public roadways, along with dedicated Tracts for amenity uses.

Basin D-1 (2.73 AC, $Q_5 = 2.6$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 8.0$ cfs): Located on the western portion of the project site, adjacent to Eastonville Road. This basin consists of residential lots and the west half of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 5' CDOT Type 'R' sump inlet, located on the west side of Kate Meadow Lane (**DP D1**), just north of the intersection of Kate Meadow Lane & Farm Close Court. In the major storm

event, flows will overtop the roadway crown and will be split between basins D-1 and D-2. Emergency overflows will be routed downstream via proposed curb and gutter to Design Point D4 within Farm Close Court.

Basin D-2 (0.57 AC, $Q_5 = 1.0$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 2.5$ cfs): Located on the western portion of the project site, this basin consists of residential lots and the eastern half of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 5' CDOT Type 'R' sump inlet, located on the east side of Kate Meadow Lane (**DP D2**), just north of the intersection of Kate Meadow Lane & Farm Close Court. In the major storm event, flows will overtop the roadway crown and will be split between basins D-1 and D-2. Emergency overflows will be routed downstream via proposed curb and gutter to Design Point D4 within Farm Close Court.

Basin D-3 (4.33 AC, $Q_5 = 6.1$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 16.3$ cfs): Located in the west-central portion of the project site, this basin consists of residential lots, the western half of Farm Close Court, and a north portion of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' inlet in sump condition, located on the west side of Farm Close Court (**DP D4**), southeast of the intersection of Kate Meadow Lane & Farm Close Court cul-de-sac. In the major storm event, flows will overtop the roadway crown and will be split between basins D-3 and D-4. Emergency overflows will overtop the crown and be routed downstream via an emergency overflow swale to the east which conveys runoff directly to Pond D.

Basin D-4 (3.65 AC, $Q_5 = 4.4$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 11.8$ cfs): Located in the north-central portion of the project site, this basin consists of residential lots and the eastern half of Farm Close Court. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' inlet in sump condition, located on the east side of Farm Close Court (**DP D6**), just southeast of the intersection of Kate Meadow Lane & Farm Close Court cul-de-sac. In the major storm event, flows will overtop the roadway crown and will be split between basins D-3 and D-4. Emergency overflows will overtop curb & gutter and be routed downstream via a graded swale within the maintenance access path to Pond D.

Basin D-5 (1.59 AC, $Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 3.0$ cfs): Located along the northwest corner of the project site, adjacent to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. This basin consists partially of residential lots and the proposed (private) Full Spectrum Detention Pond D. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to Pond D. Flows will then be routed to the outlet structure (**DP D7**), via a concrete trickle channel, where it will eventually discharge, at historic rates, into the adjacent Main Stem channel (Channel A).

Basin D-6 (0.92 AC, $Q_5 = 0.2$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 1.5$ cfs): Located along the northwest corner of the project site, adjacent to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. This basin consists of the undeveloped area outside and downstream of the proposed (private) Full Spectrum Detention Pond D. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. All roof drains (for lots 18-20) within this sub-basin will be directed toward Farm Close Court, no impervious surfaces will be allowed within the rear lot setbacks and runoff reduction will be implemented within this sub-basin.

Basin E-1 (4.47 AC, $Q_5 = 3.6$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 11.2$ cfs): Located in the southwestern portion of the project site, this basin consists of residential lots, the southern half of Brixham Drive, Starcross Court, and the southern half of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet,

located approximately 150-feet to the northeast of the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Starcross Court (**DP E1**). Bypass flows are conveyed downstream via curb & gutter to **DP E4**.

Basin E-2 (1.94 AC, $Q_5 = 3.3$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 8.4$ cfs): Located on the southwestern portion of the project site, this basin consists of residential lots, a small portion of Mill Yard Circle, and the north half of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet, located approximately 150-feet to the northeast of the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Starcross Court (**DP E2**). Bypass flows are conveyed downstream via curb & gutter to **DP E4**.

Basin E-3a (2.90 AC, $Q_5 = 4.3$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 11.0$ cfs): Located on the south-central portion of the project site, this basin consists of residential lots the western and southern half of Mill Yard Circle as well as a portion of Kate Meadow Lane. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet, located just southeast from the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Mill Yard Circle (**DP E4**). In the major storm event, flows will overtop the roadway crown and will be split between basins E-3a and E-4a. Bypass flows are conveyed downstream via curb & gutter to **DP E7**.

Basin E-3b (2.12 AC, $Q_5 = 3.5$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 8.9$ cfs): Located on the southeastern portion of the project site, this basin consists of the rear portion of residential lots along Kate Meadow Lane and full residential lots and the western half of Mill Yard Circle near the cul-de-sac. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadways. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 10' CDOT Type 'R' sump inlet, located just northeast from the cul-de-sac of Mill Yard Circle (**DP E7**). In the major storm event, flows will overtop the roadway crown and will be split between basins E-3b and E-4b. Emergency overflows will overtop the crown and be routed downstream via an emergency overflow swale to the southeast which conveys runoff directly to Pond E via a graded emergency overflow swale.

Basin E-4a (7.45 AC, $Q_5 = 6.8$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 20.3$ cfs): Located in the central portion of the project site, this basin consists of residential lots and the northern and eastern half of Mill Yard Circle. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' at-grade inlet, located just southeast from the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Mill Yard Circle (**DP E5**). In the major storm event, flows will overtop the roadway crown and will be split between basins E-4a and E-3a. Bypass flows are conveyed downstream via curb & gutter to **DP E9**.

Basin E-4b (1.00 AC, $Q_5 = 1.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 4.2$ cfs): Located on the southeastern corner of the project site, this basin consists of residential lots and the eastern half of Mill Yard Circle near the cul-de-sac. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow to the adjacent roadway. Flows will then be routed, via curb & gutter, to a proposed (public) 15' CDOT Type 'R' sump inlet, located just southeast from the intersection between Kate Meadow Lane and Mill Yard Circle (**DP E9**). In the major storm event, flows will overtop the roadway crown and will be split between basins E-3b and E-4b. Emergency overflows will overtop the curb and be routed downstream via an emergency overflow swale to the southeast which conveys runoff directly to Pond E via a graded emergency overflow swale.

Basin E-5 (1.43 AC, $Q_5 = 0.3$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 1.8$ cfs): Located on the southeast corner of the project site, adjacent to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. This basin consists of the proposed (private) Full Spectrum Detention Pond E. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to Pond E. Flows will then be routed to the outlet structure (**DP E10**), via a concrete trickle channel, where it will eventually discharge, at historic rates, into the adjacent Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway.

Basin E-6 (2.40 AC, $Q_5 = 0.7$ cfs, $Q_{100} = 4.4$ cfs): Located on the southeast corner of the project site, adjacent to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. This basin consists of the undeveloped area outside and downstream of the proposed (private) Full Spectrum Detention Pond E. Runoff from this basin will sheet flow directly to the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway and offsite to the east.

VII. Storm Sewer System

All development is anticipated to be urban and will include storm sewer & street inlets. Storm sewers collect storm water runoff and convey the water to the water quality facilities prior to discharging. Storm sewer systems will be designed to the 100-year storm and checked with the 5-year storm. Inlets will be placed at sump areas and intersections where street flow is larger than street capacity. UDFCD Inlet spreadsheet has been used to determine the size of all sump inlets.

There will be two (2) proposed storm systems within the project site. Each of the two storm sewer systems will discharge storm water into its correlated WQCV pond.

Each system will consist of reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), CDOT Type 'R' inlets, and storm sewer manholes.

This Final drainage report includes details concerning sump and at-grade inlet locations, street capacity, storm sewer sizing, outlet protection and locations. The calculations can be found in **Appendix D**.

VIII. Proposed Water Quality Detention Ponds

Two (2) Full Spectrum Detention Ponds will be provided for the proposed site. Both of these ponds (Ponds D & E) are private and will be maintained by the DISTRICT, once established. These detention ponds are proposed to be full spectrum and will provide water quality and detention. The WQCV and EURV release will be controlled with an orifice plate. The release rates for the WQCV and EURV will be 40-hours and 72-hours, respectively. All storm event volumes up to the 100-year event will be controlled by orifice and/or restrictor plate and will be designed to release at or below the pre-development flow rate. Outlet structures, forebays, trickle channels, etc. are included with this final drainage report. The required FSD pond volumes are as described below:

Pond D: Located centrally on the site, just west of the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. This pond will discharge into the Main Stem channel. The required volume WQCV and EURV are 0.227 Ac-Ft & 0.782 Ac-Ft, respectively. The provided storage for the WQCV and EURV are 0.229 Ac-Ft & 0.787 Ac-Ft, respectively. The total required detention basin volume is 1.596 Ac-Ft. The total provided detention basin storage is 1.145 Ac-Ft. In the 100-year event, Pond D releases 90% of the predeveloped peak flow (6.8 cfs). The historic flow rate in this area is 8.6 cfs in the 100-year event. Please see the "Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design" for Pond D in **Appendix E** for more details.

Pond E: Located on the south side of the site, just west of Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. This pond will discharge into the Main Stem channel. The required volume WQCV and EURV are 0.372 Ac-Ft & 1.263 Ac-Ft, respectively. The provided storage for the WQCV and EURV are 0.373Ac-Ft & 1.265 Ac-Ft, respectively. The total required detention basin volume is 2.602 Ac-Ft. The total provided detention basin storage is 1.808 Ac-Ft. In the 100-year event, Pond E releases 90% of the

It is a ratio so it should be just 1 without having cfs in it, but this addresses previous comments overall regarding the peak outflow ratio.

predeveloped peak flow (14.8 cfs). The historic flow rate in this area is 16.0 cfs in the 100-year event. Please see the "Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design" for Pond E in **Appendix E** for more details.

The ratio peak outflow to predevelopment flows exceeds 1.00 cfs for the 5-year flows in both proposed ponds. This cannot get close to 1.00 cfs without exceeding a 72-hour drain time for the 5-year storm to meet Colorado's revised statute 47-92-602 (8). Furthermore, the difference in flow is 0.1 cfs for Pond D and 0.2 cfs for Pond E. This should be considered a nominal increase.

IX. Proposed Channel Improvements

According to the **MDDP**, there is one (1) major drainageway that runs immediately adjacent to the project site. The Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway (**E-PDR**) along the northeastern boundary of the project site conveying runoff from the northwest to the southeast. There are no proposed major channel improvements for Channel A as part of this project (to be determined with EPC # CDR-22-008; *Grandview Reserve Geick Basin Channel*). An analysis has been done for Channel A with both existing and future condition flows as described within the *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; March 22, 2023 (**CLOMR**). All HEC-RAS modelling, velocities, shear, depths, etc. are included within the **CLOMR**, which can be found in **Appendix E**. Both scenarios, throughout the channel fall within the channel stability criteria.

A majority of the developed runoff will be captured and conveyed to one of the corresponding water quality and detention facilities and release at or below historic levels. Ponds D and E will release directly into the Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. These basins are contained within the backs of lots and will provide water quality through runoff reduction; impervious areas will not be permitted in the back of these lots and roof drains are to drain to the front. Therefore, there will be no adverse impact to downstream facilities. The analysis for the drainageway (Channel A) and offsite upstream tributary capture was done by HR Green within the *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; March 22, 2023 (**CLOMR**) which will be submitted separately for review. A copy of this report is included in **Appendix E**.

X. Maintenance

After completion of construction and upon the Board of County Commissioners acceptance, it is anticipated all drainage facilities within the public Right-of-Way are to be owned and maintained by El Paso County (i.e. Eastonville Road FSD).

Both private detention ponds are to be owned and maintained by the Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District No. 2 (DISTRICT), once established, unless an agreement is reached stating otherwise. The proposed Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway is not proposed to be disturbed. Maintenance access for all full spectrum detention facilities will be provided from public Right-of-Way.

XI. Wetlands Mitigation

There are two existing wetlands on site associated with the one (1) major channel, Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway. The wetlands are contained within the existing channel with the wetland in Gieck Ranch Tributary #1 / Channel A drainageway being classified as jurisdictional. The wetlands USACE determination will be provided with the *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; March 22, 2023 (**CLOMR**), which can be found in Appendix D. Wetlands maintenance will be the responsibility of the Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District No. 2 (DISTRICT).

XII. Floodplain Statement

A portion of the project sit lies with Zone A Special Flood Hazard Area as defined by the FIRM Map number 08041C0552G effective December 7, 2018. A copy of the FIRM Panel is included in **Appendix A**. FEMA-approved floodplain elevations are required to be shown on final plats.

XIII. Drainage Fees & Maintenance

Gieck Ranch Basin is not listed as part of the El Paso County drainage basin fee program. Unless otherwise instructed, no drainage fees will be assessed.

COST OPINION

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Cost
Storm Drain Infrastructure (Public)				
24" RCP	655	LF	\$96.00	\$62,880.00
30" RCP	305	LF	\$120.00	\$36,600.00
36" RCP	440	LF	\$150.00	\$66,000.00
42" RCP	165	LF	\$275.00	\$45,375.00
CDOT TYPE R 5' Curb Inlet	3	EA	\$5,500.00	\$16,500.00
CDOT TYPE R 15' Curb Inlet	7	EA	\$10,000.00	\$70,000.00
CDOT Storm 5' DIA Manhole	15	EA	\$7,500.00	\$112,500.00
CDOT Storm 6' DIA Manhole	1	EA	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00
Subtotal				\$419,855.00
Total (Public)				\$419,855.00
Contingency			10%	\$41,985.50
Grand Total (Public)				\$461,840.50
Storm Drain Infrastructure (Private)				
Trapezoidal Channel	175	LF	\$12.00	\$2,100.00
Triangular Channel	150	LF	\$8.00	\$1,200.00
Channel RECP (North American Green)	4,538	SY	\$8.00	\$36,304.00
18" Flared End Section	2	EA	\$2,750.00	\$5,500.00
Subtotal				\$45,104.00
Pond D Improvements (Private)				
Earthwork	7,435	CY	\$20.00	\$148,700.00
Forebay	1	EA	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00
Hand Rail Fence (Forebays)	180	LF	\$6.00	\$1,080.00
Type L Rip-Rap (Emergency Spillway)	75	CY	\$120.00	\$9,000.00
Trickle Channel	325	LF	\$15.00	\$4,875.00
Outlet Structure w/ Micropool	1	EA	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
18" RCP Storm Pipe	100	LF	\$80.00	\$8,000.00
Gravel Maintenance Access	39	CY	\$45.00	\$1,755.00
Subtotal				\$198,410.00
Pond E Improvements (Private)				
Earthwork	5,775	CY	\$20.00	\$115,500.00
Forebay	1	EA	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00
Hand Rail Fence (Forebays)	180	LF	\$6.00	\$1,080.00
Type L Rip-Rap (Emergency Spillway)	75	CY	\$120.00	\$9,000.00
Trickle Channel	450	LF	\$15.00	\$6,750.00
Outlet Structure w/ Micropool	1	EA	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
18" RCP Storm Pipe	70	LF	\$80.00	\$5,600.00
Gravel Maintenance Access	26	CY	\$45.00	\$1,170.00
Subtotal				\$164,100.00
Total (Private)				\$407,614.00
Contingency			10%	\$40,761.40
Grand Total (Private)				\$448,375.40

XIV. Conclusion

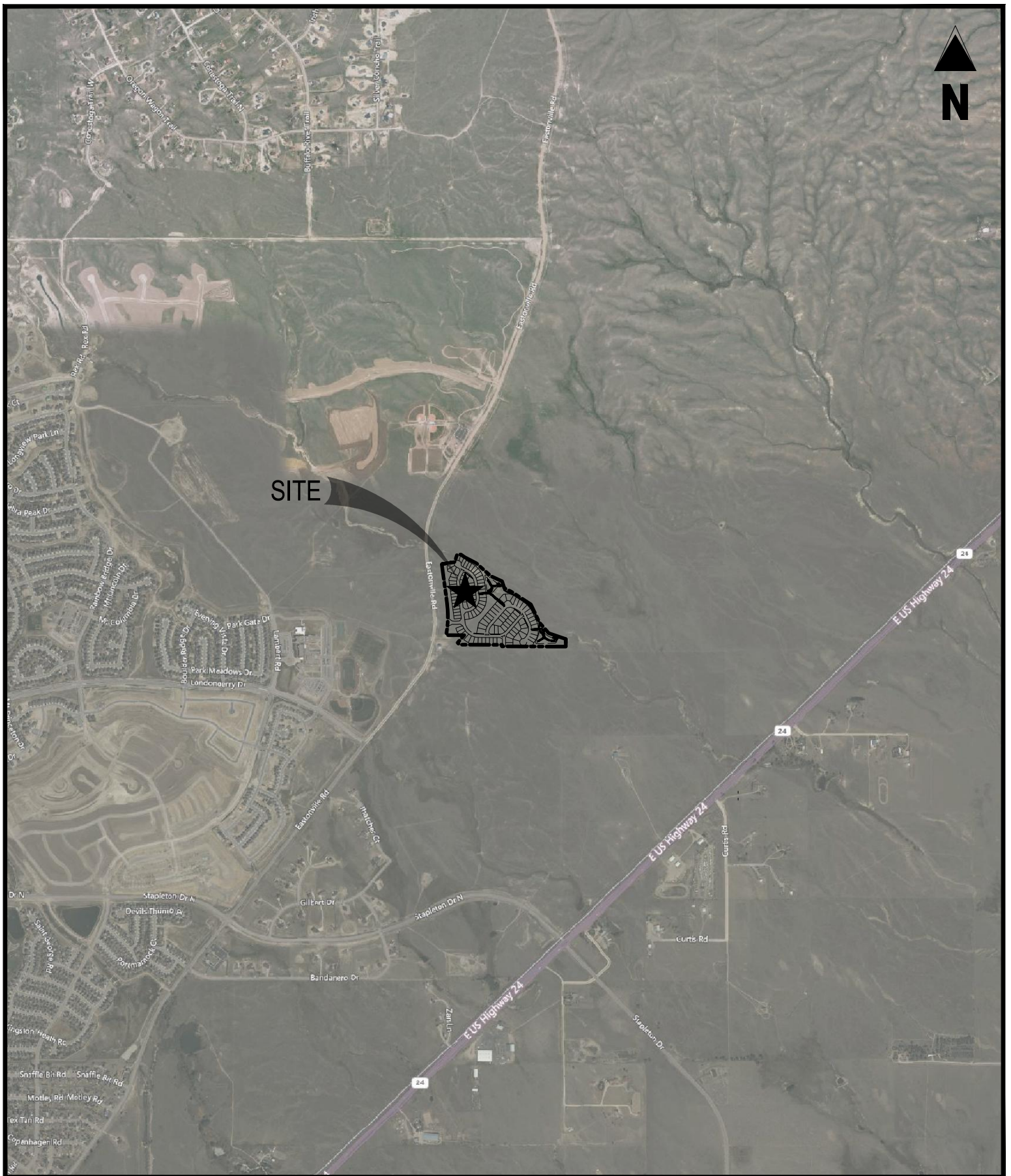
The Grandview Reserve residential subdivision lies within the Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin. Water quality for the project site is provided in two (2) on-site Full Spectrum Detention Ponds; Ponds D & E. All drainage facilities within this report were sized according to the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manuals. The proposed facilities are adequate to protect the site from generated runoff. The site runoff will not adversely affect the downstream facilities and surrounding developments. There is one (1) major drainageway bordering the Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1 project site to the northeast, which will be addressed by the report titled "Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report," Prepared by HR Green. The two (2) WQCV ponds will be maintained by a newly established Grandview Reserve Metropolitan District No. 2 (DISTRICT).

XV. References

1. *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual*, 1990.
2. *Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2*, City of Colorado Springs, 2002.
3. *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Update*, 2015.
4. *El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual*, 2020.
5. *Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual*, Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, January 2016 (with current revisions).
6. *Gieck Ranch Drainage Basin Study (DBPS)*, Drexel Barrell, October 2010 (Not adopted by County).
7. *Grandview Reserve Master Development Drainage Plan (MDDP)*, HR Green, November 2020.
8. *Grandview Reserve CLOMR Report*, HR Green; March 22, 2023.
9. *Meridian Ranch MDDP*, January 2018, updated 2021.
10. *Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report*, HR Green, September 2023.
11. *The Sanctuary Filing 1 FDR (Meridian Ranch)*, Tech Contractors, August 2022.

APPENDIX A

Exhibits and Figures



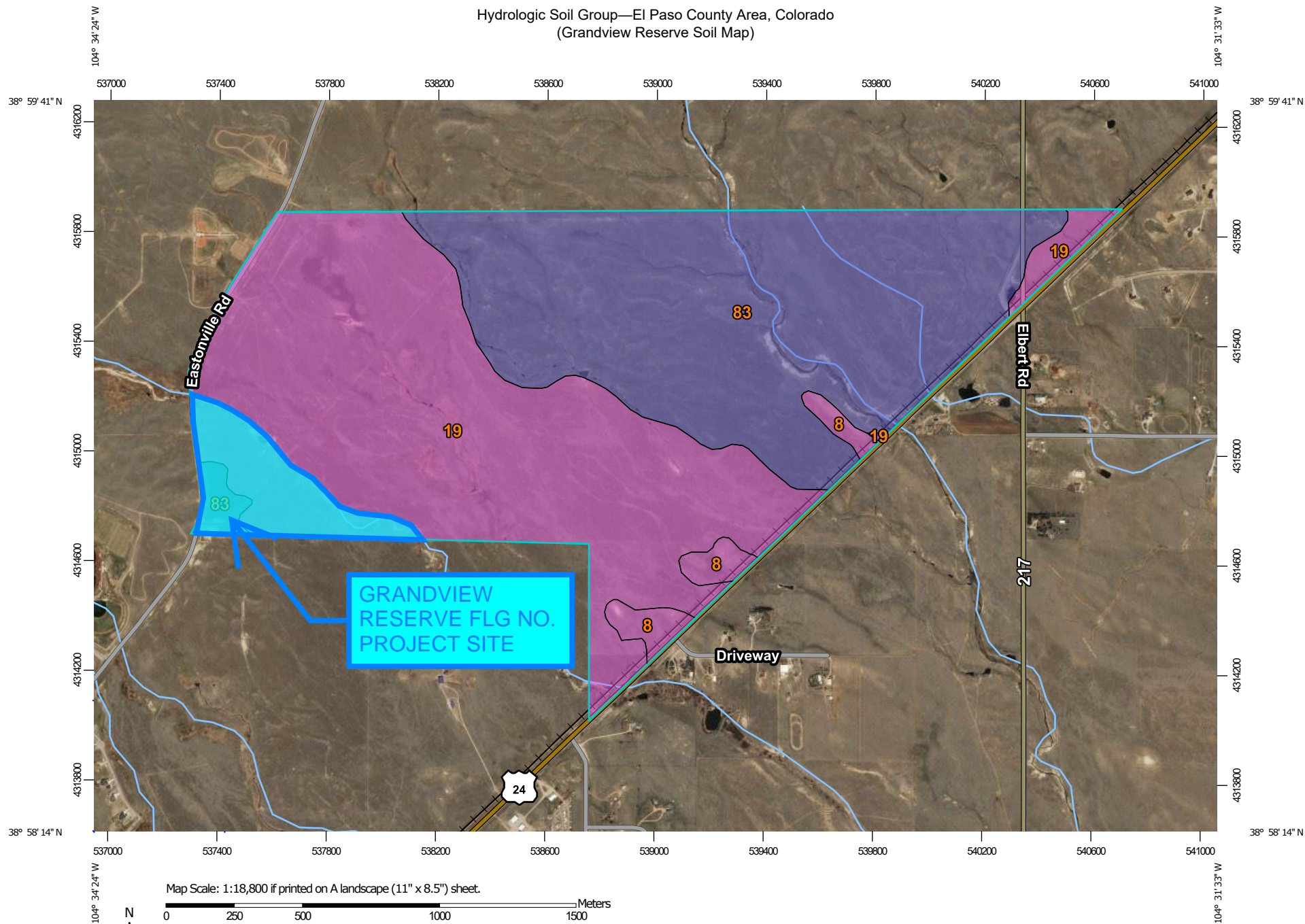
GRANDVIEW RESERVE
 FILING NO. 1
 EASTONVILLE RD
 SCALE: 1"=2,000'
 VICINITY MAP

Project No:	HRG02
Drawn By:	JDM
Checked By:	CMWJ
Date:	03/15/2024

Galloway

1155 Kelly Johnson Blvd., Suite 305
 Colorado Springs, CO 80920
 719.900.7220 • GallowayUS.com

Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado (Grandview Reserve Soil Map)



Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado
(Grandview Reserve Soil Map)

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)









 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D
 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D
 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D

 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available


Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails
 Interstate Highways
 US Routes
 Major Roads
 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado

Survey Area Data: Version 17, Sep 13, 2019

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 8, 2018—May 26, 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	A	22.4	2.6%
19	Columbine gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	450.7	52.5%
83	Stapleton sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	385.4	44.9%
Totals for Area of Interest			858.5	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2
Location name: Peyton, Colorado, USA*
Latitude: 38.985°, Longitude: -104.565°
Elevation: 6975.71 ft**

* source: ESRI Maps
 ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Michael Yekta, Geoffrey Bonnin

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

[PF tabular](#) | [PF graphical](#) | [Maps & aerals](#)

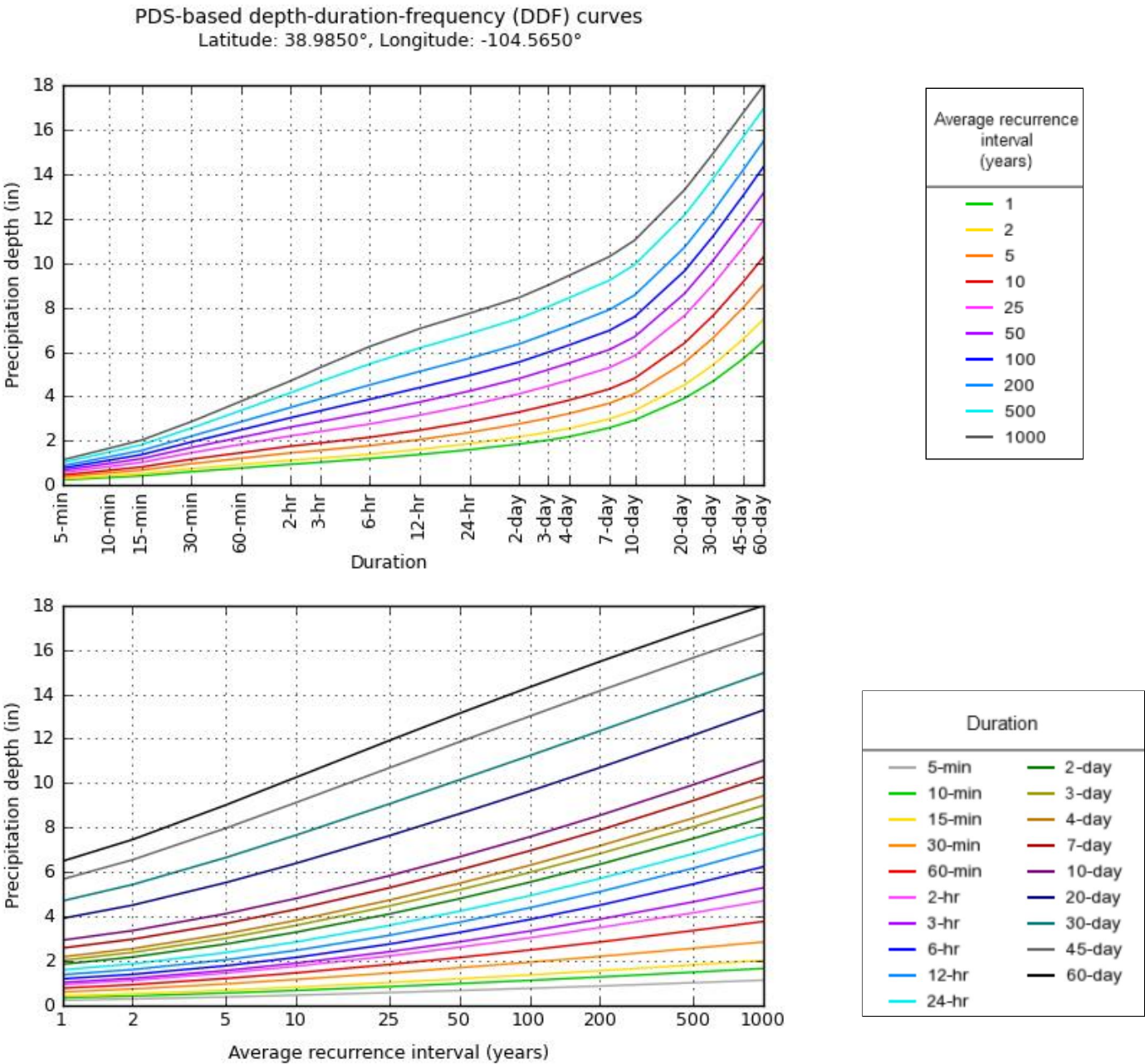
PF tabular

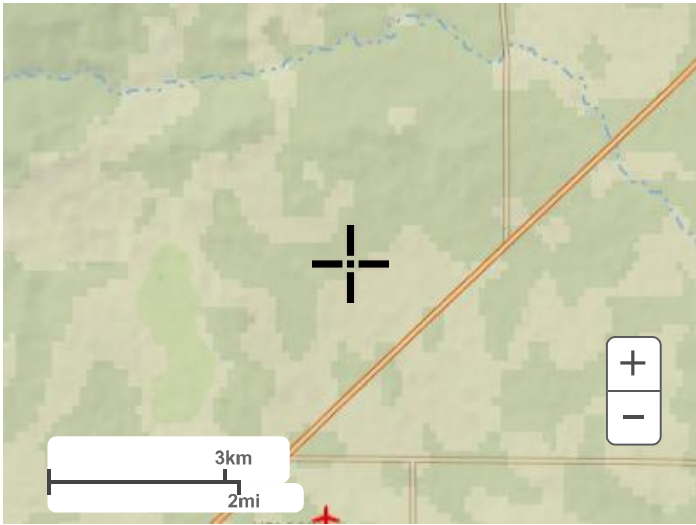
PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches)¹										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.239 (0.189-0.303)	0.291 (0.231-0.370)	0.381 (0.301-0.486)	0.461 (0.361-0.589)	0.576 (0.440-0.768)	0.671 (0.499-0.904)	0.770 (0.554-1.06)	0.875 (0.604-1.24)	1.02 (0.678-1.48)	1.14 (0.733-1.67)
10-min	0.350 (0.277-0.444)	0.426 (0.338-0.542)	0.558 (0.441-0.711)	0.674 (0.529-0.863)	0.844 (0.644-1.13)	0.982 (0.731-1.32)	1.13 (0.811-1.56)	1.28 (0.884-1.81)	1.49 (0.992-2.17)	1.66 (1.07-2.44)
15-min	0.426 (0.338-0.541)	0.520 (0.412-0.660)	0.681 (0.537-0.867)	0.823 (0.645-1.05)	1.03 (0.785-1.37)	1.20 (0.891-1.62)	1.37 (0.988-1.90)	1.56 (1.08-2.21)	1.82 (1.21-2.65)	2.03 (1.31-2.98)
30-min	0.608 (0.482-0.771)	0.740 (0.586-0.940)	0.968 (0.764-1.23)	1.17 (0.916-1.49)	1.46 (1.11-1.94)	1.70 (1.26-2.29)	1.94 (1.40-2.68)	2.21 (1.52-3.12)	2.57 (1.71-3.73)	2.86 (1.85-4.19)
60-min	0.775 (0.615-0.984)	0.933 (0.739-1.19)	1.21 (0.956-1.54)	1.46 (1.15-1.87)	1.84 (1.41-2.47)	2.16 (1.61-2.92)	2.49 (1.80-3.45)	2.85 (1.97-4.05)	3.37 (2.24-4.90)	3.78 (2.44-5.55)
2-hr	0.943 (0.754-1.19)	1.13 (0.898-1.42)	1.46 (1.16-1.84)	1.76 (1.39-2.23)	2.22 (1.72-2.97)	2.62 (1.97-3.52)	3.04 (2.21-4.19)	3.50 (2.45-4.95)	4.16 (2.80-6.03)	4.70 (3.06-6.85)
3-hr	1.03 (0.829-1.29)	1.22 (0.978-1.53)	1.57 (1.25-1.97)	1.90 (1.51-2.40)	2.41 (1.88-3.22)	2.86 (2.17-3.84)	3.35 (2.45-4.60)	3.88 (2.73-5.48)	4.66 (3.15-6.74)	5.29 (3.46-7.69)
6-hr	1.20 (0.968-1.49)	1.40 (1.13-1.74)	1.78 (1.44-2.22)	2.16 (1.73-2.70)	2.76 (2.18-3.66)	3.28 (2.52-4.39)	3.86 (2.86-5.29)	4.51 (3.21-6.34)	5.46 (3.73-7.86)	6.24 (4.12-9.01)
12-hr	1.38 (1.13-1.70)	1.61 (1.31-1.98)	2.05 (1.67-2.53)	2.48 (2.00-3.07)	3.15 (2.51-4.15)	3.74 (2.89-4.96)	4.39 (3.28-5.96)	5.12 (3.67-7.13)	6.17 (4.25-8.82)	7.04 (4.69-10.1)
24-hr	1.60 (1.31-1.95)	1.87 (1.54-2.28)	2.38 (1.94-2.91)	2.85 (2.32-3.51)	3.60 (2.88-4.67)	4.24 (3.29-5.56)	4.94 (3.71-6.63)	5.71 (4.12-7.87)	6.82 (4.73-9.66)	7.73 (5.20-11.0)
2-day	1.85 (1.54-2.24)	2.18 (1.80-2.63)	2.76 (2.28-3.35)	3.29 (2.70-4.01)	4.11 (3.30-5.27)	4.80 (3.76-6.22)	5.54 (4.19-7.36)	6.35 (4.62-8.68)	7.50 (5.25-10.5)	8.44 (5.73-11.9)
3-day	2.03 (1.69-2.44)	2.39 (1.98-2.87)	3.02 (2.50-3.64)	3.60 (2.97-4.36)	4.47 (3.60-5.69)	5.20 (4.09-6.70)	5.98 (4.55-7.90)	6.83 (4.99-9.28)	8.03 (5.65-11.2)	9.00 (6.15-12.7)
4-day	2.18 (1.82-2.61)	2.56 (2.13-3.06)	3.22 (2.68-3.87)	3.82 (3.16-4.62)	4.73 (3.83-6.00)	5.49 (4.33-7.04)	6.30 (4.81-8.30)	7.18 (5.26-9.72)	8.43 (5.95-11.7)	9.43 (6.46-13.3)
7-day	2.58 (2.17-3.07)	2.98 (2.50-3.54)	3.68 (3.08-4.39)	4.32 (3.60-5.18)	5.29 (4.31-6.65)	6.09 (4.84-7.76)	6.96 (5.34-9.09)	7.89 (5.82-10.6)	9.21 (6.55-12.8)	10.3 (7.10-14.4)
10-day	2.93 (2.48-3.47)	3.37 (2.84-3.98)	4.13 (3.47-4.90)	4.81 (4.02-5.74)	5.83 (4.76-7.29)	6.68 (5.32-8.45)	7.58 (5.85-9.86)	8.55 (6.34-11.4)	9.92 (7.09-13.7)	11.0 (7.65-15.4)
20-day	3.91 (3.33-4.58)	4.51 (3.84-5.29)	5.52 (4.68-6.50)	6.39 (5.39-7.55)	7.63 (6.25-9.37)	8.62 (6.90-10.8)	9.64 (7.47-12.4)	10.7 (7.98-14.1)	12.2 (8.74-16.6)	13.3 (9.31-18.4)
30-day	4.70 (4.02-5.47)	5.44 (4.65-6.34)	6.65 (5.66-7.78)	7.66 (6.49-9.00)	9.06 (7.44-11.0)	10.1 (8.15-12.5)	11.2 (8.74-14.3)	12.3 (9.24-16.2)	13.8 (9.98-18.7)	15.0 (10.5-20.6)
45-day	5.67 (4.88-6.57)	6.55 (5.63-7.60)	7.97 (6.82-9.27)	9.12 (7.77-10.7)	10.7 (8.79-12.9)	11.9 (9.56-14.5)	13.0 (10.2-16.4)	14.2 (10.6-18.4)	15.6 (11.3-21.0)	16.7 (11.9-23.0)
60-day	6.49 (5.60-7.48)	7.46 (6.43-8.62)	9.01 (7.74-10.4)	10.3 (8.77-11.9)	11.9 (9.82-14.3)	13.1 (10.6-16.0)	14.3 (11.2-18.0)	15.5 (11.7-20.0)	16.9 (12.3-22.6)	18.0 (12.8-24.6)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).
 Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.
 Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

[Back to Top](#)

PF graphical

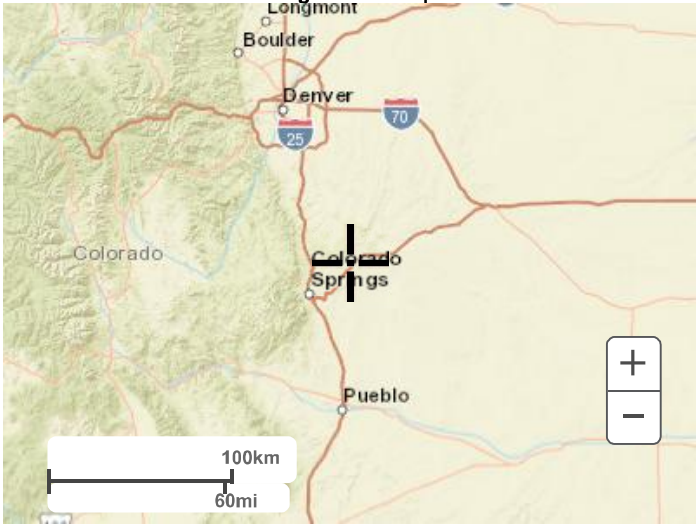




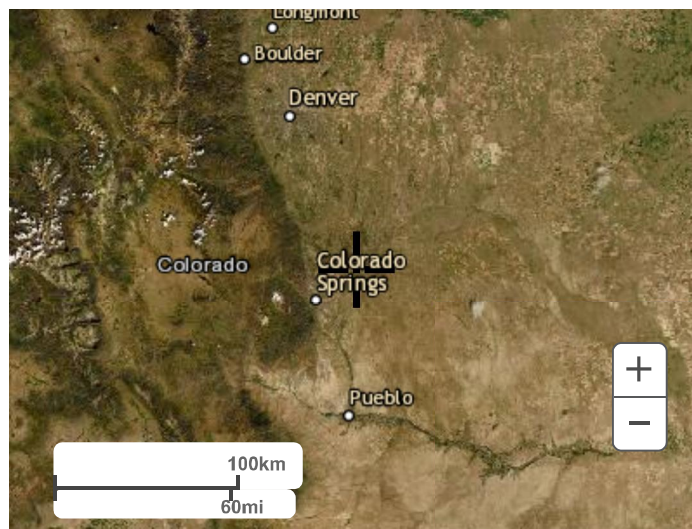
Large scale terrain



Large scale map



Large scale aerial



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[National Water Center](#)
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Silver Spring, MD 20910
Questions?: HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov

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Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

APPENDIX C

Hydrologic Computations

COMPOSITE % IMPERVIOUS CALCULATIONS: EXISTING & INTERIM

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Conditions
Project No.: HRG01
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 12/21/23

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Paved/Gravel Roads			Lawns/Undeveloped			Residential - 1/8 Acre			Residential - 1/4 Acre			Residential - 1/3 Acre			Residential - 1/2 Acre			Residential - 1 Acre			Basins Total Weighted % Imp.
		% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	
EXISTING																							
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2023																							
ES-1	16.37	100	0	0	2	16.37	2	65	0	0	40	0	0	30	0	0	25	0	0	20	0	0	2
ES-2	46.05	100	0	0	2	46.05	2	65	0	0	40	0	0	30	0	0	25	0	0	20	0	0	2
ES-3	64.3	100	0	0	2	64.3	2	65	0	0	40	0	0	30	0	0	25	0	0	20	0	0	2
ES-4	2.68	100	0	0	2	2.68	2	65	0	0	40	0	0	30	0	0	25	0	0	20	0	0	2
ES-5	26.15	100	0	0	2	26.15	2	65	0	0	40	0	0	30	0	0	25	0	0	20	0	0	2
ES-6	21.26	100	0	0	2	21.26	2	65	0	0	40	0	0	30	0	0	25	0	0	20	0	0	2
INTERIM																							
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2023																							
A-1	2.29	100	0.00	0.0	2	2.29	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
A-2	3.96	100	0.00	0.0	2	3.96	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
EA-1	2.50	100	0.00	0.0	2	2.50	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-A1	10.67	100	0.00	0.0	2	10.67	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-A2	4.56	100	0.00	0.0	2	4.56	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-A3	13.72	100	0.00	0.0	2	13.72	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-B1	14.03	100	0.00	0.0	2	14.03	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-B2	14.48	100	0.00	0.0	2	14.48	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-C1	11.26	100	0.00	0.0	2	11.26	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-C2	11.92	100	0.00	0.0	2	11.92	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-C3	15.29	100	0.00	0.0	2	15.29	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-D1	10.09	100	0.00	0.0	2	10.09	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-E1	8.21	100	0.00	0.0	2	8.21	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0
TSB-E2	13.57	100	0.00	0.0	2	13.57	2.0	65.0	0.00	0.0	40	0.00	0.0	30	0.00	0.0	25	0.00	0.0	20	0.00	0.0	2.0

Lot Type Identification:	
Lot Size (SF)	Lot Size (Acre)
0 - 8,167	1/8 Acre
8,168 - 12,704	1/4 Acre
12,705 - 18,149	1/3 Acre
18,150 - 32,670	1/2 Acre
32,671 - 43,560	1 Acre

NOTES:
% Impervious values are taken directly from Table 6-6 in the Colorado Springs DCM Vol. 1. CH. 6 (Referencing UDFCD 2001)

COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS: EXISTING & INTERIM

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve

Location: CO, El Paso County

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Condition

Project No.: HRG01

Calculated By: TJE

Checked By: BAS

Date: 12/21/23

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Paved/Gravel Roads			Lawns/Undeveloped			Roofs			Residential - 1/8 Acre			Residential - 1/4 Acre			Residential - 1/3 Acre			Residential - 1/2 Acre			Residential - 1 Acre			Composite C ₅	Composite C ₁₀₀
		C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)		
EXISTING																											
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2023																											
ES-1	16.37	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	16.37	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
ES-2	46.05	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	46.05	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
ES-3	64.30	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	64.30	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
ES-4	2.68	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	2.68	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
ES-5	26.15	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	26.15	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
ES-6	21.26	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	21.26	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
INTERIM																											
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2023																											
A-1	2.29	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	2.29	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
A-2	3.96	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	3.96	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
EA-1	2.50	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	2.50	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-A1	10.67	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	10.67	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-A2	4.56	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	4.56	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-A3	13.72	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	13.72	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-B1	14.03	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	14.03	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-B2	14.48	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	14.48	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-C1	11.26	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	11.26	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-C2	11.92	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	11.92	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-C3	15.29	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	15.29	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-D1	10.09	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	10.09	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-E1	8.21	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	8.21	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36
TSB-E2	13.57	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.09	0.36	13.57	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.45	0.59	0.00	0.30	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.47	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.20	0.44	0.00	0.09	0.36

Lot Type Identification:	
Lot Size (SF)	Lot Size (Acre)
0 - 8,167	<1/8 Acre
8,168 - 12,704	1/4 Acre
12,705 - 18,149	1/3 Acre
18,150 - 32,670	1/2 Acre
32,671 - 43,560	1 Acre

NOTES:
C values are taken directly from Table 6-6 in the Colorado Springs DCM Vol. 1. CH. 6 (Referencing UDFCD 2001)
Coefficients use HSG A&B soils - Refer to "Appendix A: Exhibits and Figures" for soil map

STANDARD FORM SF-2: EXISTING & INTERIM TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Conditions

Project No.: HRG01

Calculated By: TJE

Checked By: BAS

Date: 12/21/23

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
SUB-BASIN						INITIAL/OVERLAND			TRAVEL TIME					Tc CHECK			FINAL
DATA						(T _i)			(T _t)					(T _c)			
BASIN ID	D.A. (AC)	Hydrologic Soils Group	Impervious (%)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	L (FT)	S (%)	T _i (MIN)	L (FT)	S (%)	C _v	VEL. (FPS)	T _t (MIN)	COMP. T _c (MIN)	TOTAL LENGTH(FT)	Calculated T _c (MIN)	
EXISTING																	
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2023																	
ES-1	16.37	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	3.3	21.6	1433	2.5	15	2.4	10.0	31.6	1732.7	19.6	31.6
ES-2	46.05	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	2.5	23.6	3127	2.0	15	2.1	24.7	48.3	3427.0	29.0	48.3
ES-3	64.30	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	3.2	21.7	3964	2.1	15	2.2	30.4	52.1	4263.6	33.7	52.1
ES-4	2.68	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	2.5	23.8	462	2.4	15	2.3	3.3	27.1	762.3	14.2	27.1
ES-5	26.15	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	3.1	22.1	2121	2.3	15	2.3	15.6	37.7	2420.8	23.4	37.7
ES-6	21.26	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	2.6	20.0	1488	2.1	15	2.2	11.4	22.2	1788.5	10.0	22.2
INTERIM																	
For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2023																	
A-1	2.29	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	40	2.0	9.3	927	2.9	10	1.7	9.1	18.4	967.0	15.4	15.4
A-2	3.96	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	56	2.0	11.0	828	2.5	10	1.6	8.7	19.7	884.0	14.9	14.9
EA-1	2.50	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	160	5.0	13.7	1254	0.5	10	0.7	29.6	43.2	1414.0	17.9	17.9
TSB-A1	10.67	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	136	2.0	17.1	865	3.0	10	1.7	8.4	25.5	1001.0	15.6	15.6
TSB-A2	4.56	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	163	2.0	18.7	749	3.8	10	1.9	6.4	25.1	912.0	15.1	15.1
TSB-A3	13.72	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	159	2.0	18.5	1220	2.3	10	1.5	13.4	31.9	1379.0	17.7	17.7
TSB-B1	14.03	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	212	2.0	21.4	1035	3.2	10	1.8	9.6	31.0	1247.0	16.9	16.9
TSB-B2	14.48	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	60	2.0	11.4	1245	2.8	10	1.7	12.4	23.7	1305.0	17.3	17.3
TSB-C1	11.26	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	2.0	25.4	1105	2.0	10	1.4	12.9	38.3	1405.0	17.8	17.8
TSB-C2	11.92	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	50	2.0	10.4	1151	3.1	10	1.8	10.9	21.3	1201.0	16.7	16.7
TSB-C3	15.29	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	181	2.0	19.7	1745	2.6	10	1.6	18.2	38.0	1926.0	20.7	20.7
TSB-D1	10.09	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	155	2.0	18.3	1450	2.0	10	1.4	17.1	35.4	1605.0	18.9	18.9
TSB-E1	8.21	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	150	2.0	18.0	842	4.1	10	2.0	6.9	24.9	992.0	15.5	15.5
TSB-E2	13.57	A	2.0	0.09	0.36	300	2.0	25.4	989	2.0	10	1.4	11.7	37.1	1289.0	17.2	17.2

NOTES:

$T_i = (0.395 * (1.1 - C_s) * (L)^{0.5}) / ((S)^{0.33})$, S in ft/ft

$T_t = L / 60V$ (Velocity From Fig. 501)

Velocity $V = C_v * S^{0.5}$, S in ft/ft

$T_c \text{ Check} = 10 + L / 180$

For Urbanized basins a minimum T_c of 5.0 minutes is required.

For non-urbanized basins a minimum T_c of 10.0 minutes is required

STANDARD FORM SF-3: EXISTING & INTERIM
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN
(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County
Design Storm: 5-Year

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Conditions
Project No.: HRG01
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 12/21/23

STREET	Design Point	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE		TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS	
		Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Slope (%)	Street Flow (cfs)	Design Flow (cfs)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)		Tt (min)
EXISTING																					
	1	EX1	321.53					28.3				28.3								**SEE NOTE	
	2	EX2	18.88					1.7				1.7								**SEE NOTE	
	3	EX3	131.26					6.1				6.1								**SEE NOTE	
	4	EX4	832.70					22.4				22.4								**SEE NOTE	
	5	EX5	22.35					7.0				7.0								**SEE NOTE	
	6	EX6	3.05					1.2				1.2								**SEE NOTE	
	7	EX7	1.47					0.9				0.9								**SEE NOTE	
	X1	ES-1	16.37	0.09	31.6	1.47	2.35	3.5				4.7								Sheet flow to Channel A Total Flow from DP 6 & Basin ES-1	
	X2	ES-2	46.05	0.09	48.3	4.14	1.82	7.5				36.9								Sheet flow to Channel A Total Flow from DP 4, DP 5 & Basin ES-2	
	X3	ES-3	64.30	0.09	52.1	5.79	1.73	10.0				10.0								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B	
	X4	ES-4	2.68	0.09	27.1	0.24	2.57	0.6				0.6								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B	
	X5	ES-5	26.15	0.09	37.7	2.35	2.12	5.0				5.0								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B	
	X6	ES-6	31.26	0.09	32.3	2.81	2.32	6.5				40.9								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B Total Flow from DP 1, DP 3 & ES-6	
	X7											56.5								Total Existing Flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B	
**For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2023																					
INTERIM																					
	8	A-1	2.29	0.09	15.4	0.21	3.42	0.7				0.7								Flows on-site through Pr. Swale A-1	
	9	TSB-A1	10.67	0.09	15.6	0.96	3.40	3.3				3.3								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	10	A-2	3.96	0.09	14.9	0.36	3.47	1.2				10.6								Flows offsite through Pr. Swale A-2 Combined flow of Basin A-2, DP 3 & DP 9	
	11	TSB-A2	4.56	0.09	15.1	0.41	3.46	1.4				1.4								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	12	TSB-A3	13.72	0.09	17.7	1.23	3.21	3.9				5.4								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow of Basin TSB-A3 & DP 11	
	13	TSB-B1	14.03	0.09	16.9	1.26	3.27	4.1				4.1								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	14	TSB-B2	14.48	0.09	17.3	1.30	3.24	4.2				8.3								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow of Basin TSB-B2 & DP13	
	15	TSB-C1	11.26	0.09	17.8	1.01	3.19	3.2				3.2								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	16	TSB-C2	11.92	0.09	16.7	1.07	3.30	3.5				3.5								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	17	TSB-C3	15.29	0.09	20.7	1.38	2.96	4.1				7.3								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow of Basin TSB-C3 & DP 15	
	18	TSB-D1	10.09	0.09	18.9	0.91	3.10	2.8				2.8								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	19	TSB-E1	8.21	0.09	15.5	0.74	3.41	2.5				2.5								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	20	TSB-E2	13.57	0.09	17.2	1.22	3.25	4.0				6.5								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow of Basin TSB-E2 & DP 19	
	21	EA-1	2.50	0.09	17.9	0.23	3.19	0.7				8.9								Existing Eastonville Road Combined flow of Basin EA-1, DP 5 & DP 6	

STANDARD FORM SF-3: EXISTING & INTERIM
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN
(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve
Location: CO, El Paso County
Design Storm: 100-Year

Project Name: Grandview Subdivision PDR - Interim Conditions
Project No.: HRG01
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 12/21/23

STREET	Design Point	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE		TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS	
		Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Slope (%)	Street Flow (cfs)	Design Flow (cfs)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)		Tt (min)
EXISTING																					
	1	EX1	321.53					365.2				365.2								**SEE NOTE	
	2	EX2	18.88					18.8				18.8								**SEE NOTE	
	3	EX3	131.26					112.1				112.1								**SEE NOTE	
	4	EX4	832.70					491.0				491.0								**SEE NOTE	
	5	EX5	22.35					43.3				43.3								**SEE NOTE	
	6	EX6	3.05					6.9				6.9								**SEE NOTE	
	7	EX7	1.47					4.2				4.2								**SEE NOTE	
	X1	ES-1	16.37	0.36	31.6	5.89	4.19	24.7				31.6								Sheet flow to Channel A Total Flow from DP 6 & Basin ES-1	
	X2	ES-2	46.05	0.36	48.3	16.58	3.24	53.7				588.0								Sheet flow to Channel A Total Flow from DP 4, DP 5 & Basin ES-2	
	X3	ES-3	64.30	0.36	52.1	23.15	3.09	71.5				71.5								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B	
	X4	ES-4	2.68	0.36	27.1	0.96	4.57	4.4				4.4								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B	
	X5	ES-5	26.15	0.36	37.7	9.41	3.77	35.5				35.5								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B	
	X6	ES-6	31.26	0.36	32.3	11.25	4.13	46.5				523.8								Sheet flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B Total Flow from DP 1, DP 3 & ES-6	
	X7											635.2								Total Existing Flow offsite - outfalls to Channel B	
**For Existing Western Offsite Sub-basin analysis, see Rational Calcs Included, from titled "Eastonville Road Preliminary Drainage Report", by HR Green, September 2023																					
INTERIM																					
	8	A-1	2.29	0.36	15.4	0.82	6.09	5.0				5.0								Flows onsite through Pr. Swale A-1	
	9	TSB-A1	10.67	0.36	15.6	3.84	6.06	23.3				23.3								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	10	A-2	3.96	0.36	14.9	1.43	6.18	8.8				144.2								Flows offsite through Pr. Swale A-2 Combined flow of Basin A-2, DP 3 & DP 9	
	11	TSB-A2	4.56	0.36	15.1	1.64	6.15	10.1				10.1								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	12	TSB-A3	13.72	0.36	17.7	4.94	5.71	28.2				38.3								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow of Basin TSB-A3 & DP 11	
	13	TSB-B1	14.03	0.36	16.9	5.05	5.82	29.4				29.4								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	14	TSB-B2	14.48	0.36	17.3	5.21	5.77	30.1				59.5								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow of Basin TSB-B2 & DP13	
	15	TSB-C1	11.26	0.36	17.8	4.05	5.68	23.0				23.0								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	16	TSB-C2	11.92	0.36	16.7	4.29	5.87	25.2				25.2								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	17	TSB-C3	15.29	0.36	20.7	5.50	5.27	29.0				52.0								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow of Basins TSB-C2 & DP 16	
	18	TSB-D1	10.09	0.36	18.9	3.63	5.52	20.0				20.0								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	19	TSB-E1	8.21	0.36	15.5	2.96	6.07	18.0				18.0								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded	
	20	TSB-E2	13.57	0.36	17.2	4.89	5.79	28.3				46.3								Residential Undeveloped-Overland Graded Combined flow of Basin TSB-E2 & DP 19	
	21	EA-1	2.50	0.36	17.9	0.90	5.68	5.1				55.3								Existing Eastonville Road Combined flow of Basin EA-1, DP 5 & DP 6	

COMPOSITE % IMPERVIOUS CALCULATIONS

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

Location: CO, Falcon (El Paso County)

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

Project No.: HRG02.20

Calculated By: TJE

Checked By: BAS

Date: 6/21/24

Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	Paved Roads			Lawns / Undeveloped			Residential - 1/8 Acre			Basins Total Weighted % Imp.
		% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	% Imp.	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	
D-1	2.73	100		0.0	2	0.80	0.6	65	1.93	46.0	46.6
D-2	0.57	100		0.0	2		0.0	65	0.57	65.0	65.0
D-3	4.33	100		0.0	2	0.36	0.2	65	3.97	59.6	59.8
D-4	3.65	100	0.11	3.0	2	0.48	0.3	65	3.06	54.5	57.8
D-5	1.59	100		0.0	2	1.07	1.3	65	0.52	21.3	22.6
D-6	0.92	100		0.0	2	0.75	1.6	65	0.17	12.0	13.6
E-1	4.47	100	0.21	4.7	2	1.72	0.8	65	2.54	36.9	42.4
E-2	1.94	100		0.0	2		0.0	65	1.94	65.0	65.0
E-3a	2.90	100		0.0	2		0.0	65	2.90	65.0	65.0
E-3b	2.12	100		0.0	2		0.0	65	2.12	65.0	65.0
E-4a	7.45	100		0.0	2	1.92	0.5	65	5.53	48.2	48.7
E-4b	1.00	100		0.0	2		0.0	65	1.00	65.0	65.0
E-5	1.43	100		0.0	2	1.18	1.7	65	0.25	11.4	13.1
E-6	2.40	100	0.25	10.4	2	2.00	1.7	65	0.15	4.1	16.2

STANDARD FORM SF-2
TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Location: CO, Falcon (El Paso County)

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Project No.: HRG02.20
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 6/21/24

SUB-BASIN						INITIAL/OVERLAND			TRAVEL TIME					T _c CHECK			FINAL
DATA						(T _i)			(T _t)					(URBANIZED BASINS)			
BASIN ID	D.A. (AC)	Hydrologic Soils Group	Impervious (%)	C ₁₀₀	C ₅	L (FT)	S (%)	T _i (MIN)	L (FT)	S (%)	C _v	VEL. (FPS)	T _t (MIN)	COMP. T _c (MIN)	TOTAL LENGTH (FT)	Urbanized T _c (MIN)	
D-1	2.73	A	46.6	0.47	0.32	64	4.8	6.8	425	2.2	20.0	3.0	2.4	9.2	489.0	12.7	9.2
D-2	0.57	A	65.0	0.62	0.50	18	2.0	3.7	313	1.0	20.0	2.0	2.6	6.3	331.0	11.8	6.3
D-3	4.33	A	59.8	0.58	0.45	25	2.0	4.7	522	1.5	20.0	2.4	3.6	8.3	547.0	13.0	8.3
D-4	3.65	A	57.8	0.56	0.43	70	4.0	6.5	679	1.5	20.0	2.4	4.6	11.1	749.0	14.2	11.1
D-5	1.59	A	22.6	0.29	0.13	72	25.0	5.2	238	0.5	20.0	1.4	2.8	8.0	310.0	11.7	8.0
D-6	0.92	A	13.6	0.22	0.07	40	33.3	3.7				0.0	0.0	3.7	40.0	10.2	5.0
E-1	4.47	A	42.4	0.44	0.29	55	3.0	7.6	804	3.0	20.0	3.5	3.9	11.5	859.0	14.8	11.5
E-2	1.94	A	65.0	0.62	0.50	31	2.0	4.9	346	3.0	20.0	3.5	1.7	6.5	377.0	12.1	6.5
E-3a	2.90	A	65.0	0.62	0.50	55	4.0	5.1	644	1.5	20.0	2.4	4.4	9.5	699.0	13.9	9.5
E-3b	2.12	A	65.0	0.62	0.50	55	4.0	5.1	248	1.0	20.0	2.0	2.1	7.2	303.0	11.7	7.2
E-4a	7.45	A	48.7	0.49	0.34	55	4.0	6.5	813	1.5	20.0	2.4	5.5	12.0	868.0	14.8	12.0
E-4b	1.00	A	65.0	0.62	0.50	55	4.0	5.1	248	1.0	20.0	2.0	2.1	7.2	303.0	11.7	7.2
E-5	1.43	A	13.1	0.21	0.06	75	15.0	6.7	318	0.5	20.0	1.4	3.7	10.4	393.0	12.2	10.4
E-6	2.40	A	16.2	0.24	0.08	50	33.3	4.1				0.0	0.0	4.1	50.0	10.3	5.0

NOTES:

$T_i = (0.395 * (1.1 - C_s) * (L)^{0.5}) / ((S)^{0.33})$, S in ft/ft

$T_t = L / 60V$ (Velocity From Fig. 501)

Velocity $V = C_v * S^{0.5}$, S in ft/ft

T_c Check = 10+L/180

For Urbanized basins a minimum T_c of 5.0 minutes is required.

For non-urbanized basins a minimum T_c of 10.0 minutes is required

STANDARD FORM SF-3
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN
(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Location: CO, Falcon (El Paso County)
Design Storm: 5-Year

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Project No.: HRG02.20
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 6/21/24

STREET	Design Point	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS
		Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	Tc (min)	C* A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	C* A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Slope (%)	Street Flow (cfs)	Design Flow (cfs)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (Inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	Tt (min)	
	D1	D-1	2.73	0.32	9.2	0.87	3.03	2.6							2.6						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP)
	D2	D-2	0.57	0.50	6.3	0.29	3.46	1.0							1.0						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP)
	D3														3.6						DP D1 + D2
	D4	D-3	4.33	0.45	8.3	1.95	3.15	6.1							6.1						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP)
	D5														9.8						DP D3 + D4
	D6	D-4	3.65	0.43	11.1	1.57	2.80	4.4							14.2						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP) -> BASIN D-4 + DP D5
	D7	D-5	1.59	0.13	8.0	0.21	3.19	0.7							14.8						TOTAL FLOW ENTERING POND D
	D8														0.2						DISCHARGE FROM POND D (MHFD - DETENTION) FLOWS OFF SITE TO CHANNEL B
		D-6	0.92	0.07	5.0	0.06	3.70	0.2													
	E1	E-1	4.47	0.29	11.5	1.30	2.75	3.6					3.0	0.0	3.6						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (AT-GRADE) Qcap=3.6 cfs, Qco=0 cfs to DP E4
	E2	E-2	1.94	0.50	6.5	0.97	3.42	3.3					3.0	0.0	3.3						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (AT-GRADE) Qcap=3.3 cfs, Qco=0 cfs to DP E4
	E3														6.9						DP E1 + E2
	E4	E-3a	2.9	0.50	9.5	1.45	2.98	4.3					1.5	0.0	4.3						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (AT-GRADE) Qcap=4.3 cfs, Qco=0 cfs to DP E7
	E5	E-4a	7.45	0.34	12.0	2.53	2.70	6.8					1.5	0.2	6.6						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (AT-GRADE) Qcap=6.6 cfs, Qco=0.2 cfs to DP E9
	E6														17.8						DP E3 + E4 + E5
	E7	E-3b	2.12	0.50	7.2	1.06	3.31	3.5							3.5						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP)
	E8														21.3						DP E6 + E7
	E9	E-4b	1.00	0.50	7.2	0.50	3.31	1.7	12.0	0.59	2.70	1.7			1.7						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP) -> BASIN E-4b + DP E8
	E10	E-5	1.43	0.06	10.4	0.09	2.87	0.3							2.0						TOTAL FLOW ENTERING POND E
	E11														0.4						DISCHARGE FROM POND E (MHFD - DETENTION) FLOWS OFF SITE TO CHANNEL B
		E-6	2.40	0.08	5.0	0.19	3.70	0.7													

STANDARD FORM SF-3
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN
(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Location: CO, Falcon (El Paso County)
Design Storm: 100-Year

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Project No.: HRG02.20
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 6/21/24

STREET	Design Point	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF				STREET		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS
		Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Slope (%)	Street Flow (cfs)	Design Flow (cfs)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	Tt (min)	
	D1	D-1	2.73	0.47	9.2	1.28	6.23	8.0							5.3						FLOWS OVERTOP CROWN -> Q=(8.0+2.5)/2=5.3 CFS CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP)
	D2	D-2	0.57	0.62	6.3	0.35	7.11	2.5							5.3						FLOWS OVERTOP CROWN -> Q=(8.0+2.5)/2=5.3 CFS CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP)
	D3														10.5						DP D1 + D2
	D4	D-3	4.33	0.58	8.3	2.51	6.48	16.3							14.1						FLOWS OVERTOP CROWN -> Q=(16.3+11.8)/2=14.1 CFS CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP)
	D5														24.6						DP D3 + D4
	D6	D-4	3.65	0.56	11.1	2.04	5.76	11.8							25.8						FLOWS OVERTOP CROWN -> Q=(16.3+11.8)/2=14.1 CFS CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP) -> BASIN D-4 + DP D5
	D7	D-5	1.59	0.29	8.0	0.46	6.57	3.0							28.8						TOTAL FLOW ENTERING POND D
	D8														8.0						DISCHARGE FROM POND D (MHFD - DETENTION)
		D-6	0.92	0.22	5.0	0.20	7.62	1.5													FLOWS OFF SITE TO CHANNEL B
	E1	E-1	4.47	0.44	11.5	1.97	5.66	11.2					3.0	1.9	9.3						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (AT-GRADE) Qcap=9.3 cfs, Qco=1.9 cfs to DP E4
	E2	E-2	1.94	0.62	6.5	1.20	7.04	8.4					3.0	0.6	7.8						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (AT-GRADE) Qcap=7.8 cfs, Qco=0.6 cfs to DP E4
	E3														17.1						DP E1 + E2
	E4	E-3a	2.9	0.62	9.5	1.80	6.13	11.0	11.5	2.22	5.66	12.6	1.5	5.1	11.7						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (AT-GRADE) Qcap=11.7 cfs, Qco=5.1 cfs to DP E7
	E5	E-4a	7.45	0.49	12.0	3.65	5.55	20.3				11.6	1.5	0.0	11.6						CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (AT-GRADE) Qcap=11.6 cfs, Qco=0 cfs to DP E9
	E6														40.4						DP E3 + E4 + E5
	E7	E-3b	2.12	0.62	7.2	1.31	6.81	8.9	9.5	2.21	6.13	13.6			11.0						FLOWS OVERTOP CROWN -> Q=(13.5+8.5)/2=11.0 CFS CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP)
	E8														51.4						DP E6 + E7
	E9	E-4b	1	0.62	7.2	0.62	6.81	4.2	12.0	0.62	5.55	3.4			62.4						FLOWS OVERTOP CROWN -> Q=(13.5+8.5)/2=11.0 CFS CDOT TYPE 'R' INLET (SUMP) -> BASIN E-4b + DP E8
	E10	E-5	1.43	0.21	10.4	0.30	5.91	1.8							64.2						TOTAL FLOW ENTERING POND E
	E11														14.9						DISCHARGE FROM POND E (MHFD - DETENTION)
		E-6	2.40	0.24	5.0	0.58	7.62	4.4													FLOWS OFF SITE TO CHANNEL B

APPENDIX D

Hydraulic Computations

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	Inlet D1 (Basin D-1)	Inlet D2 (Basin D-2)	Inlet D4 (Basin D-3)	Inlet D6 (Basin D-4)
Site Type (Urban or Rural)	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	In Sump	In Sump	In Sump	In Sump
Inlet Type	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening

USER-DEFINED INPUT

User-Defined Design Flows				
Minor Q_{known} (cfs)	2.6	1.0	6.1	4.4
Major Q_{known} (cfs)	5.3	5.3	14.1	14.1
Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream Inlets must be organized from upstream (left) to downstream (right) in order for bypass flows to be linked.				
Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Watershed Characteristics				
Subcatchment Area (acres)				
Percent Impervious				
NRCS Soil Type				
Watershed Profile				
Overland Slope (ft/ft)				
Overland Length (ft)				
Channel Slope (ft/ft)				
Channel Length (ft)				
Minor Storm Rainfall Input				
Design Storm Return Period, T, (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ , (inches)				
Major Storm Rainfall Input				
Design Storm Return Period, T, (years)				
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ , (inches)				

CALCULATED OUTPUT

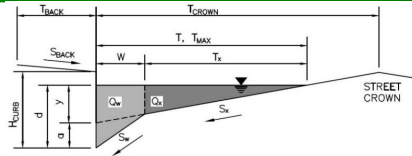
Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	2.6	1.0	6.1	4.4
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	5.3	5.3	14.1	14.1
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q_b (cfs)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q_b (cfs)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

Inlet ID: Inlet D1 (Basin D-1)

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 7.5$ ft
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
 $T_{CROWN} = 16.0$ ft
 $W = 0.83$ ft
 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft
 $S_o = 0.000$ ft/ft
 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_x - Q_{BACK}$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_x =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$
 Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

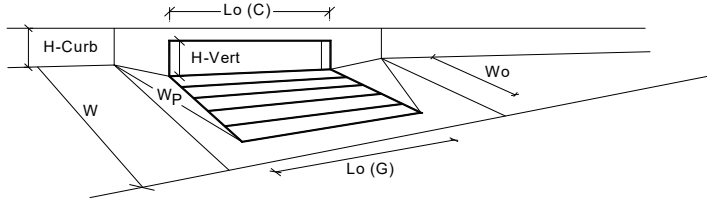
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_x =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	
$R =$	SUMP	SUMP	
$Q_d =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$d =$			inches
$d_{CROWN} =$			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a_{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		N_o =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		$L_o(G)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W_o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A_{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		$C_f(G)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		$C_w(G)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		$C_o(G)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		$L_o(C)$ =	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H_{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H_{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat		Θ =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W_o =	0.83	0.83	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		$C_f(C)$ =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		$C_w(C)$ =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		$C_o(C)$ =	0.67	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q_{wi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q_{wa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q_{oi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q_{oa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q_{mi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q_{ma} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q_{wi} =	3.8	10.1	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q_{wa} =	3.4	9.1	cfs
Curb Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q_{oi} =	8.4	11.0	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q_{oa} =	7.6	9.9	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q_{mi} =	5.3	9.8	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q_{ma} =	4.7	8.8	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Curb} =	3.4	8.8	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions			MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length		L =	5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T =	15.7	29.5	ft. >T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		d_{CROWN} =	0.0	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d_{Curb} =	0.30	0.57	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF_{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		$RF_{Combination}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_s =	3.4	8.8	cfs
		$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED}$ =	2.6	5.3	cfs

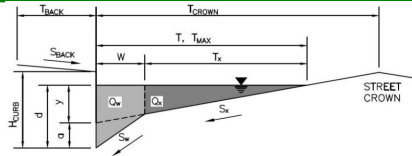
WATER FLOWS OVER CROWN IN 100-YR EVENT, BUT MEETS CRITERIA OF 0 FLOW OVER CROWN IN 5-YR EVENT

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

Inlet ID: Inlet D2 (Basin D-2)

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 7.5$ ft
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
 $T_{CROWN} = 16.0$ ft
 $W = 0.83$ ft
 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft
 $S_o = 0.000$ ft/ft
 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_x - Q_{BACK}$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_x =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$
 Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

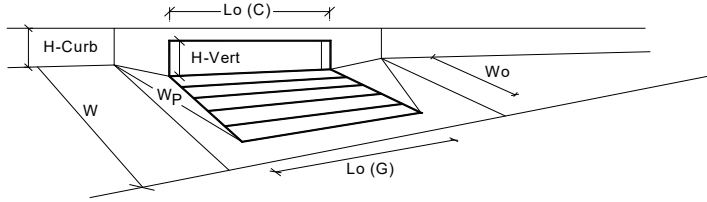
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_x =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	
$R =$	SUMP	SUMP	
$Q_d =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$d =$			inches
$d_{CROWN} =$			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _p =	0.83	0.83	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	1.00	1.00	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	3.8	10.1	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	3.4	9.1	cfs
Curb Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	8.4	11.0	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	7.6	9.9	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	5.3	9.8	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	4.7	8.8	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q _{Curb} =	3.4	8.8	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions			MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length		L =	5.00	5.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T =	15.7	29.5	ft. >T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		d _{CROWN} =	0.0	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.57	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q _s =	3.4	8.8	cfs
		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	1.0	5.3	cfs

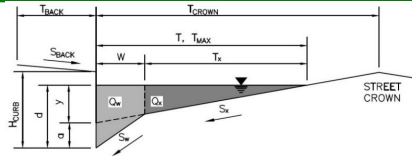
WATER FLOWS OVER CROWN IN 100-YR EVENT, BUT MEETS CRITERIA OF 0 FLOW OVER CROWN IN 5-YR EVENT

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

Inlet ID: Inlet D4 (Basin D-3)

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 7.5$ ft
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
 $T_{CROWN} = 16.0$ ft
 $W = 0.83$ ft
 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft
 $S_o = 0.000$ ft/ft
 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches

☐ ☐

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_x - Q_{BACK}$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_x =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$
 Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

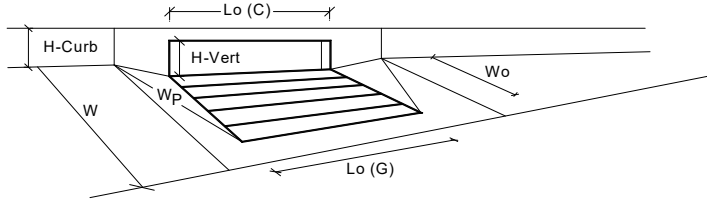
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_x =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	
$R =$	SUMP	SUMP	
$Q_d =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$d =$			inches
$d_{CROWN} =$			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	15.00	15.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _p =	0.83	0.83	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	0.04	0.04	
Curb Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	6.5	22.6	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	6.2	21.6	cfs
Curb Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	25.3	33.0	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	24.2	31.5	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	11.9	25.4	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	11.4	24.3	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Curb} =	6.2	21.6	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions			MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length		L =	15.00	15.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T =	15.7	29.5	ft. >T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		d _{CROWN} =	0.0	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.57	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	0.67	0.88	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_s =	6.2	21.6	cfs
		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	6.1	14.1	cfs

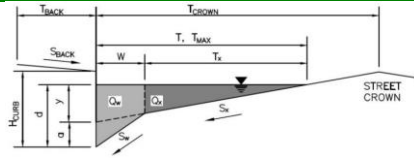
WATER FLOWS OVER CROWN IN 100-YR EVENT, BUT MEETS CRITERIA OF 0 FLOW OVER CROWN IN 5-YR EVENT

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

Inlet ID: Inlet D6 (Basin D-4)

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	7.5	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	16.0	ft
$W =$	0.83	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_o =$	0.000	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_X - Q_{BACK}$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_X =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_W =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_X$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$
 Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

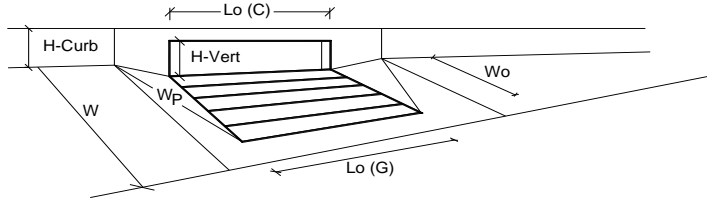
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_X =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_W =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	
$R =$	SUMP	SUMP	
$Q_d =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$d =$			inches
$d_{CROWN} =$			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	15.00	15.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _o =	0.83	0.83	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	0.04	0.04	
Curb Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	6.5	22.6	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	6.2	21.6	cfs
Curb Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	25.3	33.0	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	24.2	31.5	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	11.9	25.4	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	11.4	24.3	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Curb} =	6.2	21.6	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions			MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length		L =	15.00	15.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T =	15.7	29.5	ft. >T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		d _{CROWN} =	0.0	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.57	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	0.67	0.88	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_s =	6.2	21.6	cfs
		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	4.4	14.1	cfs

WATER FLOWS OVER CROWN IN 100-YR EVENT, BUT MEETS CRITERIA OF 0 FLOW OVER CROWN IN 5-YR EVENT

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	Inlet E1 (Basin E-1)	Inlet E2 (Basin E-2)	Inlet E4 (Basin E-3a)	Inlet E5 (Basin E-4a)	Inlet E7 (Basin E-3b)	Inlet E9 (Basin E-4b)
Site Type (Urban or Rural)	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	On Grade	On Grade	On Grade	On Grade	In Sump	In Sump
Inlet Type	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening

USER-DEFINED INPUT**User-Defined Design Flows**

Minor Q_{DESIGN} (cfs)	3.6	3.3	4.3	6.8	3.5	1.7
Major Q_{DESIGN} (cfs)	11.2	8.4	11.0	20.3	8.9	4.2

Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream Inlets must be organized from upstream (left) to downstream (right) in order for bypass flows to be linked.

Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	User-Defined	No Bypass Flow Received	User-Defined	User-Defined
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	3.1	7.4

Watershed Characteristics

Subcatchment Area (acres)						
Percent Impervious						
NRCS Soil Type						

Watershed Profile

Overland Slope (ft/ft)						
Overland Length (ft)						
Channel Slope (ft/ft)						
Channel Length (ft)						

Minor Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T_r (years)						
One-Hour Precipitation, P_1 (inches)						

Major Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T_r (years)						
One-Hour Precipitation, P_1 (inches)						

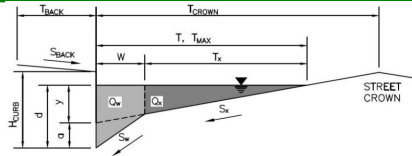
CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	3.6	3.3	4.3	6.8	3.5	1.9
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	11.2	8.4	13.5	20.3	12.0	11.6
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q_b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	N/A	N/A
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q_b (cfs)	1.9	0.6	3.1	7.4	N/A	N/A

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

Inlet ID: **Inlet E1 (Basin E-1)****Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 7.5$ ft
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
 $T_{CROWN} = 16.0$ ft
 $W = 0.83$ ft
 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft
 $S_o = 0.030$ ft/ft
 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	16.0	16.0	ft
d_{MAX}	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_x - Q_{BACK}$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
y	3.84	3.84	inches
d_c	0.8	0.8	inches
a	0.63	0.63	inches
d	4.47	4.47	inches
T_x	15.2	15.2	ft
E_o	0.149	0.149	
Q_x	12.6	12.6	cfs
Q_w	2.2	2.2	cfs
Q_{BACK}	0.0	0.0	cfs
Q_T	14.8	14.8	cfs
V	7.9	7.9	fps
$V*d$	2.9	2.9	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_x$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$
 Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{TH}	15.7	29.5	ft
T_{XTH}	14.9	28.6	ft
E_o	0.152	0.079	
Q_{XTH}	12.0	68.6	cfs
Q_x	12.0	59.4	cfs
Q_w	2.1	5.8	cfs
Q_{BACK}	0.0	1.3	cfs
Q	14.1	66.6	cfs
V	7.8	11.6	fps
$V*d$	2.8	7.4	
R	1.00	0.60	
Q_d	14.1	40.2	cfs
d	4.40	6.34	inches
d_{CROWN}	0.00	1.88	inches

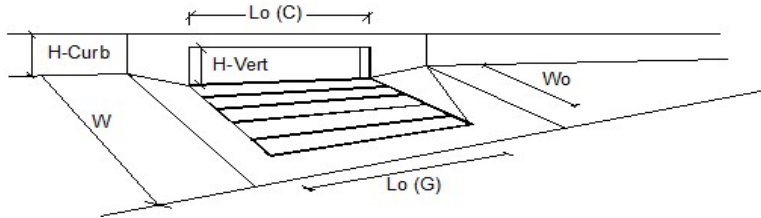
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	14.1	14.8	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 3.60 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'
Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 11.20 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)

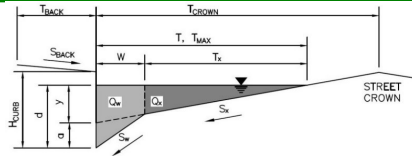


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	a _{LOCAL} =	3.0	inches
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	L _o =	15.00	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	W _o =	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	C _f (G) =	N/A	
	C _f (C) =	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from Inlet Management)			
Water Spread Width	Q _o =	3.6	cfs
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	T =	9.3	ft
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T _{MAX})	d =	2.9	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	d _{CROWN} =	0.0	inches
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T _x	E _o =	0.263	
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	Q _x =	2.7	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	Q _w =	0.9	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	Q _{BACK} =	0.0	cfs
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	A _W =	0.17	sq ft
Water Depth for Design Condition	V _w =	5.6	fps
	d _{LOCAL} =	5.9	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening			
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	L =	N/A	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition	E _{o-GRATE} =	N/A	
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins			
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow			
Interception Rate of Side Flow			
Interception Capacity			
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet			
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet			
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins			
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow			
Interception Rate of Side Flow			
Actual Interception Capacity			
Carry-Over Flow = Q _o - Q _s (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)			
Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S _e			
Required Length L _T to Have 100% Interception			
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L, L _T)			
Interception Capacity			
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient			
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet			
Effective (Unclogged) Length			
Actual Interception Capacity			
Carry-Over Flow = Q _{o-GRATE} - Q _s			
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity			
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)			
Capture Percentage = Q _s /Q _o			

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

Inlet ID: **Inlet E2 (Basin E-2)****Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	7.5	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	16.0	ft
$W =$	0.83	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_o =$	0.030	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable SpreadWater Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)

Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_x - Q_{BACK}$)

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread

Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_x =$	12.6	12.6	cfs
$Q_w =$	2.2	2.2	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	14.8	14.8	cfs
$V =$	7.9	7.9	fps
$V*d =$	2.9	2.9	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread

Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)

Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH} Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_x$)

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)

Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline DepthSlope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$

Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	12.0	68.6	cfs
$Q_x =$	12.0	59.4	cfs
$Q_w =$	2.1	5.8	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	1.3	cfs
$Q =$	14.1	66.6	cfs
$V =$	7.8	11.6	fps
$V*d =$	2.8	7.4	
$R =$	1.00	0.60	
$Q_d =$	14.1	40.2	cfs
$d =$	4.40	6.34	inches
$d_{CROWN} =$	0.00	1.88	inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

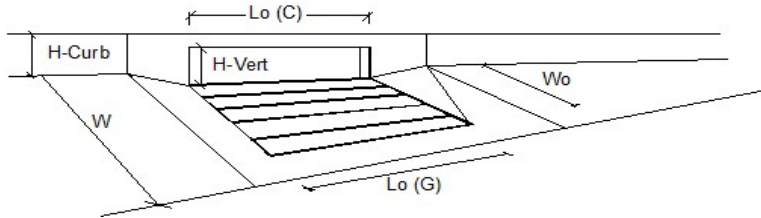
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Spread Criterion

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	14.1	14.8	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 3.30 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 8.40 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'**

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)

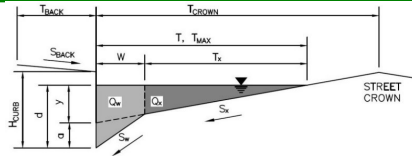


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	a _{LOCAL} =	3.0	inches
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	L _o =	15.00	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	W _o =	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	C _f (G) =	N/A	
	C _f (C) =	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from Inlet Management)	Q _o =	3.3	cfs
Water Spread Width	T =	9.0	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	d =	2.8	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T _{MAX})	d _{CROWN} =	0.0	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	E _o =	0.272	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T _x	Q _x =	2.4	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	Q _w =	0.9	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	Q _{BACK} =	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	A _w =	0.16	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	V _w =	5.5	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	d _{LOCAL} =	5.8	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	L =	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	E _{o-GRATE} =	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	V _o =	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	R _f =	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	R _s =	N/A	
Interception Capacity	Q _i =	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateCoeff =	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateClog =	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	L _e =	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	V _o =	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	R _f =	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	R _s =	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	Q _a =	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _o - Q _a (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	Q _b =	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S _e	S _e =	0.119	ft/ft
Required Length L _T to Have 100% Interception	L _T =	10.17	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L, L _T)	L =	10.17	ft
Interception Capacity	Q _i =	3.3	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient	CurbCoeff =	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	CurbClog =	0.04	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	L _e =	10.17	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	Q _a =	3.3	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _i (GRATE) - Q _a	Q _b =	0.0	cfs
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q =	3.3	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q _b =	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q _a /Q _o	C% =	100	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

Inlet ID: **Inlet E4 (Basin E-3a)****Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	7.5	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	16.0	ft
$W =$	0.83	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_o =$	0.015	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable SpreadWater Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)

Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_x - Q_{BACK}$)

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread

Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_x =$	8.9	8.9	cfs
$Q_w =$	1.6	1.6	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	10.5	10.5	cfs
$V =$	5.6	5.6	fps
$V*d =$	2.1	2.1	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread

Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)

Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH} Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_x$)

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)

Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline DepthSlope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$

Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	8.5	48.5	cfs
$Q_x =$	8.5	42.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	1.5	4.1	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.9	cfs
$Q =$	10.0	47.1	cfs
$V =$	5.5	8.2	fps
$V*d =$	2.0	5.3	
$R =$	1.00	1.00	
$Q_d =$	10.0	47.1	cfs
$d =$	4.40	7.70	inches
$d_{CROWN} =$	0.00	3.23	inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

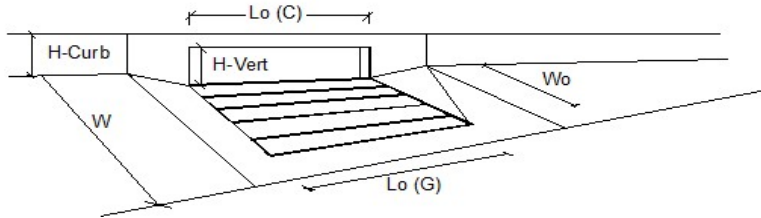
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 4.30 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 13.50 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'**

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	10.0	47.1	cfs

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)

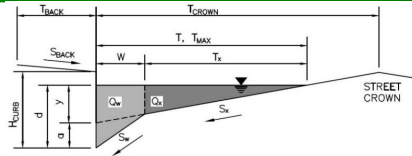


Design Information (Input)	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	a _{LOCAL} =	3.0	inches
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	L _o =	15.00	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	W _o =	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	C _f (G) =	N/A	
	C _f (C) =	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < Allowable Street Capacity			
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from Inlet Management)	Q _o =	4.3	cfs
Water Spread Width	T =	11.4	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	d =	3.4	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T _{MAX})	d _{CROWN} =	0.0	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	E _o =	0.212	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T _x	Q _x =	3.4	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	Q _w =	0.9	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	Q _{BACK} =	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	A _w =	0.20	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	V _w =	4.5	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition	d _{LOCAL} =	6.4	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)			
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	L =	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	E _{o-GRATE} =	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	V _o =	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	R _f =	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	R _s =	N/A	
Interception Capacity	Q _i =	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateCoeff =	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateClog =	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	L _e =	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	V _o =	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	R _f =	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	R _s =	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	Q _a =	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _a -Q _i (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	Q _o =	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet Analysis (Calculated)			
Equivalent Slope S _e	S _e =	0.097	ft/ft
Required Length L _T to Have 100% Interception	L _T =	12.28	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition			
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L, L _T)	L =	12.28	ft
Interception Capacity	Q _i =	4.3	cfs
Under Clogging Condition			
Clogging Coefficient	CurbCoeff =	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	CurbClog =	0.04	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	L _e =	12.28	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	Q _a =	4.3	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = Q _i (GRATE)-Q _a	Q _o =	0.0	cfs
Summary			
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	Q =	4.3	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	Q _o =	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q _a /Q _o	C% =	100	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

Inlet ID: **Inlet E5 (Basin E-4a)****Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	7.5	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	16.0	ft
$W =$	0.83	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_o =$	0.015	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (check box for yes, leave blank for no)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable SpreadWater Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)

Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_X - Q_{BACK}$)

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread

Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_X =$	8.9	8.9	cfs
$Q_W =$	1.6	1.6	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	10.5	10.5	cfs
$V =$	5.6	5.6	fps
$V*d =$	2.1	2.1	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread

Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)

Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH} Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_X$)

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)

Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline DepthSlope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$

Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	8.5	48.5	cfs
$Q_X =$	8.5	42.0	cfs
$Q_W =$	1.5	4.1	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.9	cfs
$Q =$	10.0	47.1	cfs
$V =$	5.5	8.2	fps
$V*d =$	2.0	5.3	
$R =$	1.00	1.00	
$Q_d =$	10.0	47.1	cfs
$d =$	4.40	7.70	inches
$d_{CROWN} =$	0.00	3.23	inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

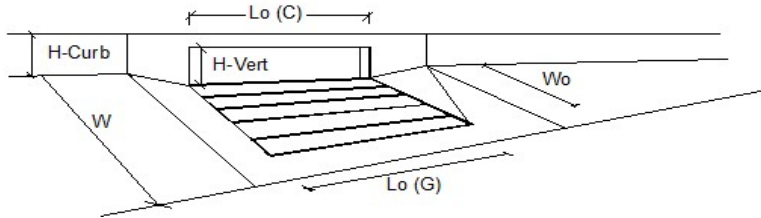
MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 6.80 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design peak flow of 20.30 cfs on sheet 'Inlet Management'**

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	10.0	47.1	cfs

INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)

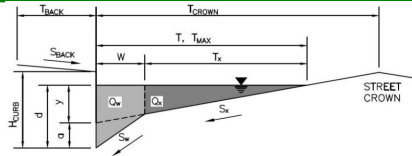


Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')		a_{LOCAL} =	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)		N_o =	1	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)		L_o =	15.00	15.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)		W_o =	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)		$C_f (G)$ =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)		$C_f (C)$ =	0.10	0.10	
Street Hydraulics: OK - $Q < \text{Allowable Street Capacity}$					
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from Inlet Management)		Q_o =	6.8	20.3	cfs
Water Spread Width		T =	13.6	16.0	ft
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		d =	3.9	5.6	inches
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at T_{MAX})		d_{CROWN} =	0.0	1.1	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow		E_o =	0.176	0.115	
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section T_x		Q_x =	5.6	18.0	cfs
Discharge within the Gutter Section W		Q_w =	1.2	2.3	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face		Q_{BACK} =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W		A_{GW} =	0.24	0.36	sq ft
Velocity within the Gutter Section W		V_w =	5.0	6.5	fps
Water Depth for Design Condition		d_{LOCAL} =	6.9	8.6	inches
Grate Analysis (Calculated)					
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening		L =	N/A	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow		$E_{o-GRATE}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Under No-Clogging Condition					
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins		V_o =	N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow		R_f =	N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow		R_s =	N/A	N/A	
Interception Capacity		Q_i =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Under Clogging Condition					
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet		GrateCoeff =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet		GrateClog =	N/A	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet		L_e =	N/A	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins		V_o =	N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow		R_f =	N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow		R_s =	N/A	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity		Q_a =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$ (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)		Q_b =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet Analysis (Calculated)					
Equivalent Slope S_e		S_e =	0.084	0.062	ft/ft
Required Length L_T to Have 100% Interception		L_T =	16.57	33.35	ft
Under No-Clogging Condition					
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of L , L_T)		L =	15.00	15.00	ft
Interception Capacity		Q_i =	6.7	13.4	cfs
Under Clogging Condition					
Clogging Coefficient		CurbCoeff =	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet		CurbClog =	0.04	0.04	
Effective (Unclogged) Length		L_e =	14.35	14.35	ft
Actual Interception Capacity		Q_a =	6.6	12.9	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_{i(GRATE)} - Q_a$		Q_b =	0.2	7.4	cfs
Summary					
Total Inlet Interception Capacity		Q =	6.6	12.9	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)		Q_b =	0.2	7.4	cfs
Capture Percentage = Q_a/Q_o		C% =	97	64	%

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

Inlet ID: **Inlet E7 (Basin E-3b)****Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} =$	7.5	ft
$S_{BACK} =$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK} =$	0.020	

$H_{CURB} =$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN} =$	16.0	ft
$W =$	0.83	ft
$S_x =$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_w =$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_o =$	0.000	ft/ft
$n_{STREET} =$	0.016	

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable SpreadWater Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)

Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_x - Q_{BACK}$)

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread

Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_x =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread

Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)

Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH} Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_x$)

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)

Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline DepthSlope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$

Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_x =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_w =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	
$R =$	SUMP	SUMP	
$Q_d =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$d =$			inches
$d_{CROWN} =$			inches

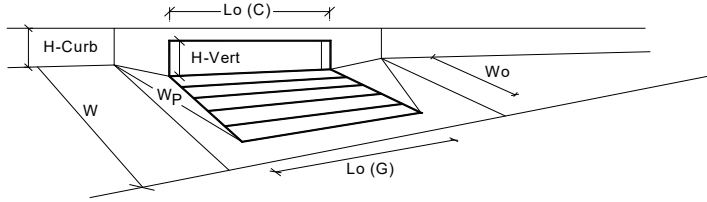
MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



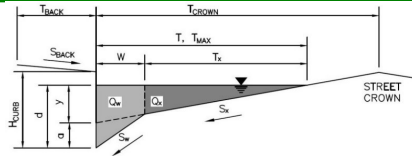
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _o =	0.83	0.83	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	0.06	0.06	
Curb Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	5.5	17.9	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	5.2	16.8	cfs
Curb Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	16.9	22.0	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	15.8	20.6	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	9.0	18.5	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	8.4	17.3	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q _{Curb} =	5.2	16.8	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions			MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length		L =	10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T =	15.7	29.5	ft. >T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		d _{CROWN} =	0.0	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.57	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	0.82	1.00	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q _s =	5.2	16.8	cfs
		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	3.5	12.0	cfs

WATER FLOWS OVER CROWN IN 100-YR EVENT, BUT MEETS CRITERIA OF 0 FLOW OVER CROWN IN 5-YR EVENT

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

Inlet ID: **Inlet E9 (Basin E-4b)****Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 7.5$ ft
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $n_{BACK} = 0.020$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
 $T_{CROWN} = 16.0$ ft
 $W = 0.83$ ft
 $S_x = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $S_w = 0.083$ ft/ft
 $S_o = 0.000$ ft/ft
 $n_{STREET} = 0.016$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	16.0	16.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	4.4	7.7	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread

Water Depth without Gutter Depression ($T * S_x * 12$)
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline ($W * S_w * 12$)
 Gutter Depression ($d_c - (W * S_x * 12)$)
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline ($y + a$)
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_x
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_T - Q_X - Q_{BACK}$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread
 Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	3.84	3.84	inches
$d_c =$	0.8	0.8	inches
$a =$	0.63	0.63	inches
$d =$	4.47	4.47	inches
$T_x =$	15.2	15.2	ft
$E_o =$	0.149	0.149	
$Q_X =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_W =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	

Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth

Theoretical Water Spread
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section ($T - W$)
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. 7-7)
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section, carried in Section T_{XTH}
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section, (limited by distance T_{CROWN})
 Discharge within the Gutter Section ($Q_d - Q_X$)
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section
 $V*d$ Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth
 Slope-Based Safety Factor for Minor/Major Storm depth reduction, $d \geq 6"$
 Max Flow based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

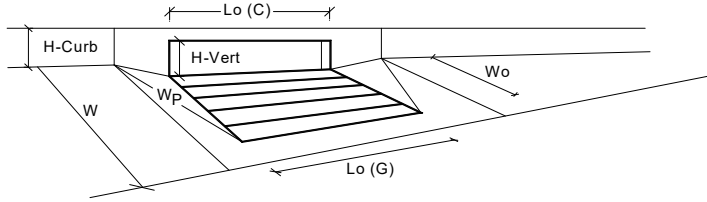
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	15.7	29.5	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	14.9	28.6	ft
$E_o =$	0.152	0.079	
$Q_{XTH} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_X =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_W =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V =$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V*d =$	0.0	0.0	
$R =$	SUMP	SUMP	
$Q_d =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$d =$			inches
$d_{CROWN} =$			inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition
 MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.03 (August 2023)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	4.4	7.7	inches
Grate Information			MINOR	MAJOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	15.00	15.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _o =	0.83	0.83	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	0.04	0.04	
Curb Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{wi} =	6.5	22.6	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{wa} =	6.2	21.6	cfs
Curb Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{oi} =	25.3	33.0	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{oa} =	24.2	31.5	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow			MINOR	MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q _{mi} =	11.9	25.4	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q _{ma} =	11.4	24.3	cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q_{Curb} =	6.2	21.6	cfs
Resultant Street Conditions			MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length		L =	15.00	15.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T =	15.7	29.5	ft. >T-Crown
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		d _{CROWN} =	0.0	3.2	inches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.57	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	0.67	0.88	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)			MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)		Q_s =	6.2	21.6	cfs
		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	1.9	11.6	cfs

WATER FLOWS OVER CROWN IN 100-YR EVENT, BUT MEETS CRITERIA OF 0 FLOW OVER CROWN IN 5-YR EVENT

Hydraulic Analysis Report

Project Data

Project Title:

Designer:

Project Date: Thursday, June 20, 2024

Project Units: U.S. Customary Units

Notes:

Channel Analysis: Pond D Emergency Overflow Swale?

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Triangular

Side Slope 1 (Z1): 3.0000 ft/ft

Side Slope 2 (Z2): 3.0000 ft/ft

Longitudinal Slope: 2.0000 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0111

Why is n-value so low? Previous calculations had 0.03

Flow 14.1000 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth 0.3015 ft

Area of Flow 0.2726 ft²

Wetted Perimeter 1.9066 ft

Hydraulic Radius 0.1430 ft

Average Velocity 51.7166 ft/s

Top Width 1.8088 ft

Froude Number: 23.4747

Critical Depth 1.0653 ft

If this calculation is for overflow swale, should flow be for DP D4 and DP D6? Previous submittal had flow of 28.8.

Values are extremely high.

Critical Velocity 4.1414 ft/s

Critical Slope: 0.0024 ft/ft

Critical Top Width 6.39 ft

Calculated Max Shear Stress 37.6226 lb/ft²

Calculated Avg Shear Stress 17.8459 lb/ft²

Channel Analysis: Pond E Emergency Overflow Swale?

Notes:

Input Parameters

Channel Type: Triangular

Side Slope 1 (Z1): 3.0000 ft/ft

Side Slope 2 (Z2): 3.0000 ft/ft

Longitudinal Slope: 2.0000 ft/ft

Manning's n: 0.0114

Flow 11.6000 cfs

Result Parameters

Depth 0.2829 ft

Area of Flow 0.2401 ft²

Wetted Perimeter 1.7891 ft

Hydraulic Radius 0.1342 ft

Average Velocity 48.3224 ft/s

Top Width 1.6972 ft

Froude Number: 22.6432

Critical Depth 0.9853 ft

Critical Velocity 3.9829 ft/s

Critical Slope: 0.0026 ft/ft

Critical Top Width 5.91 ft

See comments from previous page in regards to highlighted items.

Calculated Max Shear Stress 35.3028 lb/ft²

Calculated Avg Shear Stress 16.7456 lb/ft²

Channel Lining Analysis: Pond D Design Analysis

Notes:

Lining Input Parameters

Channel Lining Type: Vegetation

Specific Weight of Water: 62.4 lb/ft³

Height of Vegetation: 0.333 ft

Vegetation Condition is good

Growth Form of Vegetation is mixed

Cf: 0.75

See HEC-15, Table 4.5 (default: 0.75 for Good cover factor and Mixed growth form)

soil is noncohesive

D75: 2.54 mm

Safety Factor: 1

Lining Results

Cn: 0.165205

Permissible Soil Shear Stress: 0.04 lb/ft²

Mean Boundary Shear Stress: 17.8459 lb/ft²

Maximum Shear Stress on the Channel Bottom: 37.6226 lb/ft²

Manning's n: 0.0111119

Soil Grain Roughness: 0.0177136

Effective Shear Stress: 19.5009 lb/ft²

Permissible Shear Stress on Vegetation: 0.0629623 lb/ft²

This value is compared with the maximum shear stress times the safety factor to determine lining stability

This value is compared with the maximum shear stress times the safety factor to determine lining stability

Channel bottom is NOT stable

Channel Lining Stability Results 2

The channel is NOT stable

Channel Summary

Name of Selected Channel: Pond D

Channel Lining Analysis: Pond E Design Analysis

Notes:

Lining Input Parameters

Channel Lining Type: Vegetation

Specific Weight of Water: 62.4 lb/ft³

Height of Vegetation: 0.333 ft

Vegetation Condition is good

Growth Form of Vegetation is mixed

Cf: 0.75

See HEC-15, Table 4.5 (default: 0.75 for Good cover factor and Mixed growth form)

soil is noncohesive

D75: 2.54 mm

Safety Factor: 1

Lining Results

Cn: 0.165205

Permissible Soil Shear Stress: 0.04 lb/ft²

Mean Boundary Shear Stress: 16.7456 lb/ft²

Maximum Shear Stress on the Channel Bottom: 35.3028 lb/ft²

Manning's n: 0.0113984

Soil Grain Roughness: 0.0177136

Effective Shear Stress: 17.3902 lb/ft²

Permissible Shear Stress on Vegetation: 0.0662509 lb/ft²

This value is compared with the maximum shear stress times the safety factor to determine lining stability

This value is compared with the maximum shear stress times the safety factor to determine lining stability

Channel bottom is NOT stable

Channel Lining Stability Results 2

The channel is NOT stable

Channel Summary

Name of Selected Channel: Pond E

CHANNEL ANALYSIS

> > > Pond D Emergency Overflow Swale

Name	Pond D Emergency Overflow Swale
Discharge	14.1
Channel Slope	0.02
Channel Bottom Width	0
Left Side Slope	3
Right Side Slope	3
Low Flow Liner	
Retardence Class	D 2-6 in
Vegetation Type	Mix (Sod and Bunch)
Vegetation Density	Good 65-79%
Soil Type	Sandy Loam (GM)

Shoremax

Phase	Reach	Discharge	Velocity	Normal Depth	Mannings N	Permissible Shear Stress	Calculated Shear Stress	Safety Factor	Remarks	Staple Pattern
Shoremax w/ P300 Unvegetated	Straight	14.1 cfs	4.37 ft/s	1.04 ft	0.03	8.5 lbs/ft2	1.29 lbs/ft2	6.57	STABLE	F
Underlying Substrate	Straight	14.1 cfs	4.37 ft/s	1.04 ft	0.03	5.68 lbs/ft2	0.61 lbs/ft2	9.25	STABLE	F
Shoremax w/ P300 Reinforced Vegetation	Straight	14.1 cfs	4.37 ft/s	1.04 ft	0.03	14 lbs/ft2	1.29 lbs/ft2	10.81	STABLE	F
Underlying Substrate	Straight	14.1 cfs	4.37 ft/s	1.04 ft	0.03	8.5 lbs/ft2	0.61 lbs/ft2	13.84	STABLE	F

CHANNEL ANALYSIS

> > > Pond E Emergency Overflow Swale

Name	Pond E Emergency Overflow Swale
Discharge	11.6
Channel Slope	0.02
Channel Bottom Width	0
Left Side Slope	3
Right Side Slope	3
Low Flow Liner	
Retardence Class	D 2-6 in
Vegetation Type	Mix (Sod and Bunch)
Vegetation Density	Good 65-79%
Soil Type	Sandy Loam (GM)

Shoremax

Phase	Reach	Discharge	Velocity	Normal Depth	Mannings N	Permissible Shear Stress	Calculated Shear Stress	Safety Factor	Remarks	Staple Pattern
Shoremax w/ P300 Unvegetated	Straight	11.6 cfs	4.16 ft/s	0.96 ft	0.03	8.5 lbs/ft2	1.2 lbs/ft2	7.06	STABLE	F
Underlying Substrate	Straight	11.6 cfs	4.16 ft/s	0.96 ft	0.03	5.68 lbs/ft2	0.57 lbs/ft2	9.95	STABLE	F
Shoremax w/ P300 Reinforced Vegetation	Straight	11.6 cfs	4.16 ft/s	0.96 ft	0.03	14 lbs/ft2	1.2 lbs/ft2	11.63	STABLE	F
Underlying Substrate	Straight	11.6 cfs	4.16 ft/s	0.96 ft	0.03	8.5 lbs/ft2	0.57 lbs/ft2	14.89	STABLE	F

OUTFALL RIPRAP SIZING CALCULATIONS

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

Location: CO, Falcon (El Paso County)

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

Project No.: HRG02.20

Calculated By: TJE

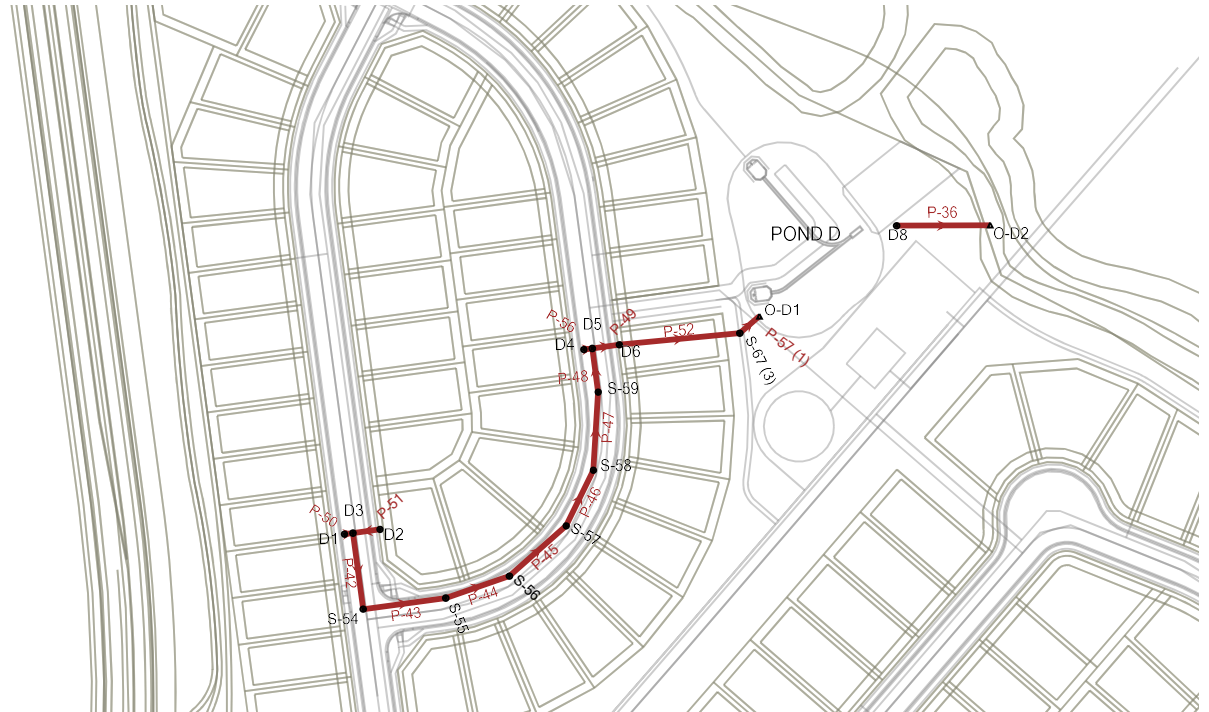
Checked By: BAS

Date: 6/21/24

	STORM DRAIN SYSTEM		
	Pond D FES	Pond E FES	
Q100 (cfs)	8.0	14.9	
D or H (in)	18	18	
W (ft)			
Slope (%)	1	1	
Yn (in)	18.00	18.00	
Yt (ft)	unknown	unknown	If "unknown" Yt/D=0.4
Yt/D, Yt/H	0.40	0.40	
Supercritical	Yes	Yes	
$Q/D^{2.5}$, $Q/WH^{1.5}$	2.90	5.41	
$Q/D^{1.5}$, $Q/WH^{0.5}$			
Da, Ha (in) *	18.00	18.00	Da=0.5(D+Yn), Ha=0.5(H+Yn)
$Q/Da^{1.5}$, $Q/WHa^{0.5}$ *	4.35	8.11	
d50 (in), Required	3.77	7.01	
d50 (in)	9	9	
RipRap Size	Type L	Type L	
$1/(2 \tan q)$	4.50	2.25	Fig. 9-35 OR Fig 9-36
Erosive Soils	Yes	Yes	
At	1.45	2.71	At=Q/5.5
L	4.2	6.8	$L=(1/(2 \tan q))(At/Yt - D)$
Min L	4.5	4.5	Min L=3D or 3H
Max L	15.0	15.0	Max L=10D or 10H
Length (ft)	4.5	7.0	
Bottom Width (ft)	4.5	4.5	Width=3D (Minimum)
Riprap Depth (in)	18	18	Depth=2(d50)
Type II Base Depth (in)	6	6	
Cutoff Wall	Yes	Yes	
Cutoff Wall Depth (ft)	3.0	3.0	Depth of Riprap and Base
Cutoff Wall Width (ft)	6.2	6.2	

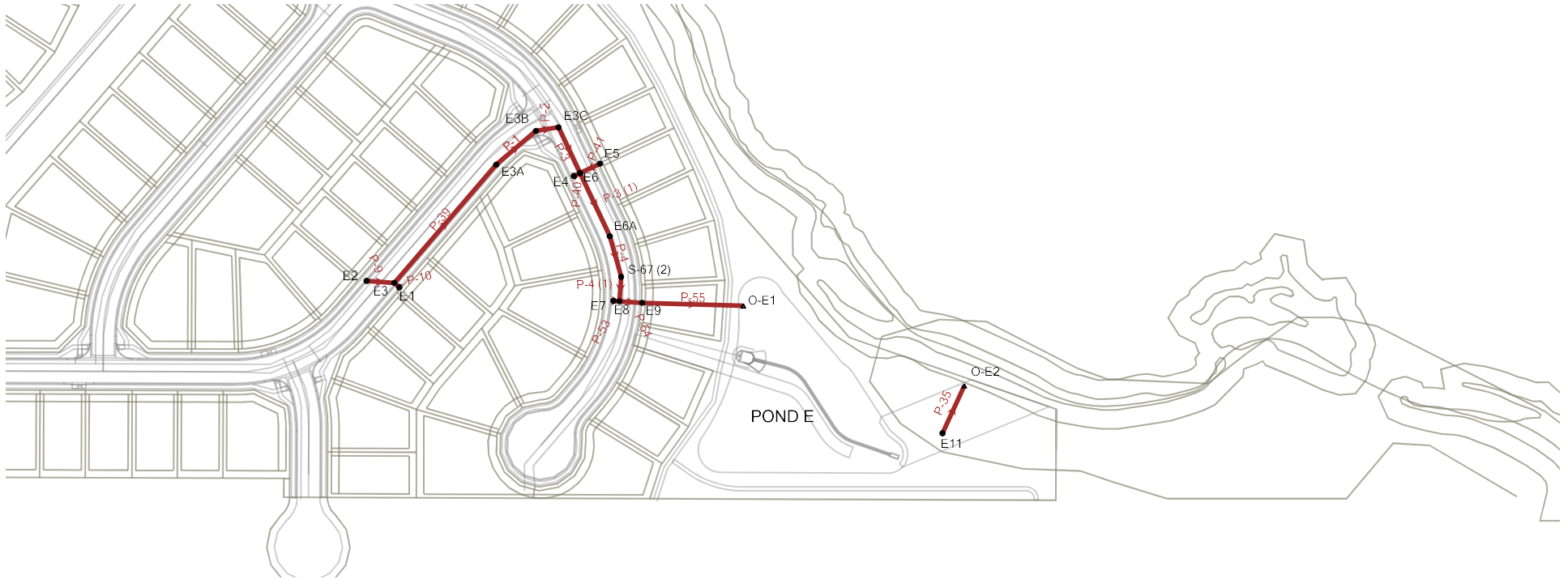
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

D Basin Schematic



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

E Basin Schematic



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Conduit Table

Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Material	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
P-1	E3A	E3B	6,955.27	6,954.75	68.6	0.007	30.0	0.012	Concrete	6.90	5.93	6,956.14	6,955.47
P-2	E3B	E3C	6,954.55	6,954.32	30.2	0.007	30.0	0.012	Concrete	6.90	5.93	6,955.42	6,955.44
P-3	E3C	E6	6,953.82	6,953.32	66.7	0.007	36.0	0.012	Concrete	6.90	5.82	6,955.37	6,955.39
P-3 (1)	E6	E6A	6,953.22	6,952.53	92.0	0.007	36.0	0.012	Concrete	17.80	7.63	6,954.57	6,953.64
P-4	E6A	S-67 (2)	6,952.43	6,952.01	55.4	0.007	36.0	0.012	Concrete	17.80	7.63	6,953.78	6,953.14
P-4 (1)	S-67 (2)	E8	6,951.92	6,951.67	32.3	0.007	36.0	0.012	Concrete	17.80	7.63	6,953.27	6,953.40
P-9	E2	E3	6,958.38	6,957.40	35.4	0.027	24.0	0.012	Concrete	3.30	7.78	6,959.01	6,958.26
P-10	E1	E3	6,957.65	6,957.40	9.0	0.027	24.0	0.012	Concrete	3.60	7.98	6,958.32	6,958.26
P-35	E11	O-E2	6,945.69	6,945.01	66.2	0.010	18.0	0.012	Concrete	0.40	3.05	6,945.92	6,945.21
P-36	D8	O-D2	6,964.99	6,964.01	98.7	0.010	18.0	0.012	Concrete	0.20	2.45	6,965.16	6,964.15
P-39	E3	E3A	6,956.91	6,955.36	205.8	0.007	30.0	0.012	Concrete	6.90	5.93	6,957.78	6,956.08
P-40	E4	E6	6,954.51	6,954.32	9.2	0.020	24.0	0.012	Concrete	4.30	7.51	6,955.24	6,955.39
P-41	E5	E6	6,954.62	6,954.32	29.1	0.010	24.0	0.012	Concrete	6.60	6.62	6,955.53	6,955.39
P-42	D3	S-54	6,980.35	6,976.60	82.0	0.046	24.0	0.012	Concrete	3.60	9.55	6,981.02	6,976.96
P-43	S-54	S-55	6,976.31	6,975.42	89.0	0.010	24.0	0.012	Concrete	1.32	4.16	6,976.70	6,975.73
P-44	S-55	S-56	6,975.31	6,974.70	72.0	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	1.32	3.93	6,975.71	6,975.03
P-45	S-56	S-57	6,974.60	6,973.91	81.0	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	1.32	3.93	6,974.99	6,974.23
P-46	S-57	S-58	6,973.81	6,973.24	66.0	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	1.32	3.93	6,974.20	6,973.57
P-47	S-58	S-59	6,973.14	6,972.43	83.5	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	1.32	3.93	6,973.54	6,972.75
P-48	S-59	D5	6,972.33	6,971.92	47.0	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	1.32	3.93	6,972.72	6,972.47
P-49	D5	D6	6,970.93	6,970.51	27.7	0.015	36.0	0.012	Concrete	9.80	8.25	6,971.92	6,971.63
P-50	D3	D1	6,980.66	6,980.75	9.2	-0.010	24.0	0.012	Concrete	2.60	5.08	6,981.31	6,981.39
P-51	D3	D2	6,980.66	6,980.80	29.2	-0.005	24.0	0.012	Concrete	1.00	3.00	6,981.38	6,981.39
P-52	D6	S-67 (3)	6,970.41	6,968.49	127.8	0.015	36.0	0.012	Concrete	14.20	9.18	6,971.61	6,969.31
P-53	E7	E8	6,951.72	6,951.67	8.2	0.005	36.0	0.012	Concrete	3.50	4.14	6,953.40	6,953.40
P-54	E8	E9	6,951.17	6,951.02	30.2	0.005	42.0	0.012	Concrete	21.30	6.85	6,952.59	6,952.31
P-55	E9	O-E1	6,950.92	6,950.26	131.8	0.005	42.0	0.012	Concrete	1.70	3.27	6,951.31	6,951.30
P-56	D4	D5	6,972.06	6,971.92	13.2	0.010	24.0	0.012	Concrete	6.10	6.58	6,972.94	6,972.66
P-57 (1)	S-67 (3)	O-D1	6,968.29	6,968.01	27.8	0.010	36.0	0.012	Concrete	14.20	7.94	6,969.49	6,968.99

Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Manhole Table

Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

Label	Notes	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Elevation (Invert Out) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Headloss Coefficient (Standard)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
D1	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (5')	6,985.58	(N/A)	6,980.75	2.60	0.000	Standard	6,981.31	6,981.31
D2	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (5')	6,985.58	(N/A)	6,980.80	1.00	0.000	Standard	6,981.38	6,981.38
D3	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,985.25	6,980.66	6,980.35	3.60	1.520	Standard	6,981.39	6,981.02
D4	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,977.69	(N/A)	6,972.06	6.10	0.000	Standard	6,972.94	6,972.94
D5	MH-ECCENTRIC (6' %%C)	6,977.36	6,971.92	6,970.93	9.80	1.520	Standard	6,972.47	6,971.92
D6	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,977.69	6,970.51	6,970.41	14.20	0.050	Standard	6,971.63	6,971.61
D8	MODIFIED CDOT TYPE DPOND D OUTLET STRUCTURE(SEE GEC PLAN)	6,969.69	(N/A)	6,964.99	0.20	0.000	Standard	6,965.16	6,965.16
E1	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,962.81	(N/A)	6,957.65	3.60	0.000	Standard	6,958.32	6,958.32
E2	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,963.03	(N/A)	6,958.38	3.30	0.000	Standard	6,959.01	6,959.01
E3	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,962.47	6,957.40	6,956.91	6.90	1.520	Standard	6,958.26	6,957.78
E3A	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,960.42	6,955.36	6,955.27	6.90	0.100	Standard	6,956.17	6,956.14
E3B	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,959.71	6,954.75	6,954.55	6.90	0.100	Standard	6,955.45	6,955.42
E3C	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,959.59	6,954.32	6,953.82	6.90	1.320	Standard	6,955.44	6,955.37
E4	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,959.26	(N/A)	6,954.51	4.30	0.000	Standard	6,955.24	6,955.24
E5	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,959.26	(N/A)	6,954.62	6.60	0.000	Standard	6,955.53	6,955.53
E6	6' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,958.92	6,953.32	6,953.22	17.80	1.570	Standard	6,955.39	6,954.57
E6A	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,958.00	6,952.53	6,952.43	17.80	0.100	Standard	6,953.83	6,953.78
E7	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (10')	6,957.60	(N/A)	6,951.72	3.50	0.000	Standard	6,953.40	6,953.40
E8	MH-ECCENTRIC (6' %%C)	6,957.24	6,951.67	6,951.17	21.30	1.520	Standard	6,953.40	6,952.59
E9	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15')	6,957.59	6,951.02	6,950.92	1.70	0.050	Standard	6,951.32	6,951.31
E11	MODIFIED CDOT TYPE DPOND E OUTLET STRUCTURE(SEE GEC PLAN)	6,951.93	(N/A)	6,945.69	0.40	0.050	Standard	6,945.93	6,945.92
S-54	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,986.15	6,976.60	6,976.31	1.32	0.000	Standard	6,976.70	6,976.70
S-55	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,984.27	6,975.42	6,975.31	1.32	0.100	Standard	6,975.72	6,975.71
S-56	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,981.04	6,974.70	6,974.60	1.32	0.400	Standard	6,975.05	6,974.99
S-57	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,979.22	6,973.91	6,973.81	1.32	0.400	Standard	6,974.26	6,974.20
S-58	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,978.52	6,973.24	6,973.14	1.32	0.400	Standard	6,973.59	6,973.54
S-59	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,977.64	6,972.43	6,972.33	1.32	0.400	Standard	6,972.78	6,972.72
S-67 (2)	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,957.45	6,952.01	6,951.92	17.80	0.100	Standard	6,953.32	6,953.27
S-67 (3)	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,973.84	6,968.49	6,968.29	14.20	0.400	Standard	6,969.67	6,969.49

Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Outfall Table

Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

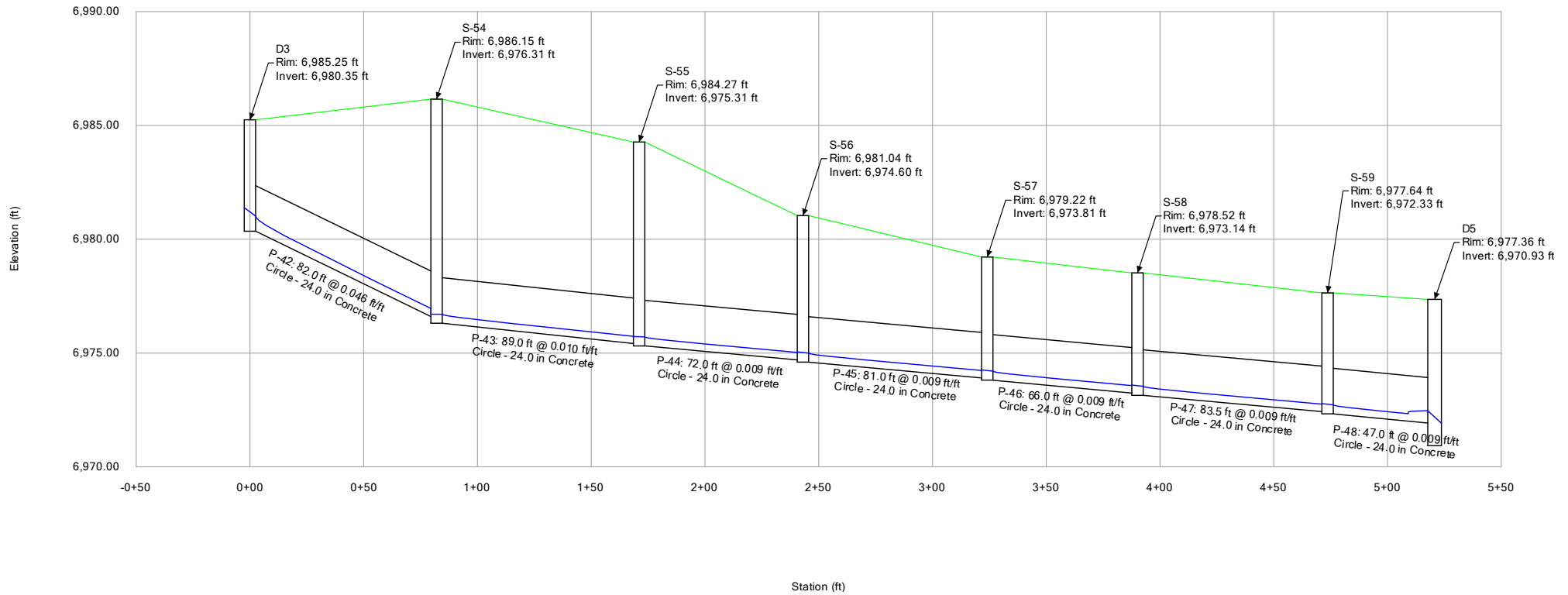
Label	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)
O-D2	6,966.22	6,964.01	Free Outfall		6,964.15	0.20
O-E2	6,947.22	6,945.01	Free Outfall		6,945.21	0.40
O-D1	6,973.84	6,968.01	User Defined Tailwater	6,969.15	6,968.99	14.20
O-E1	6,957.59	6,950.26	User Defined Tailwater	6,951.26	6,951.26	1.70

Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

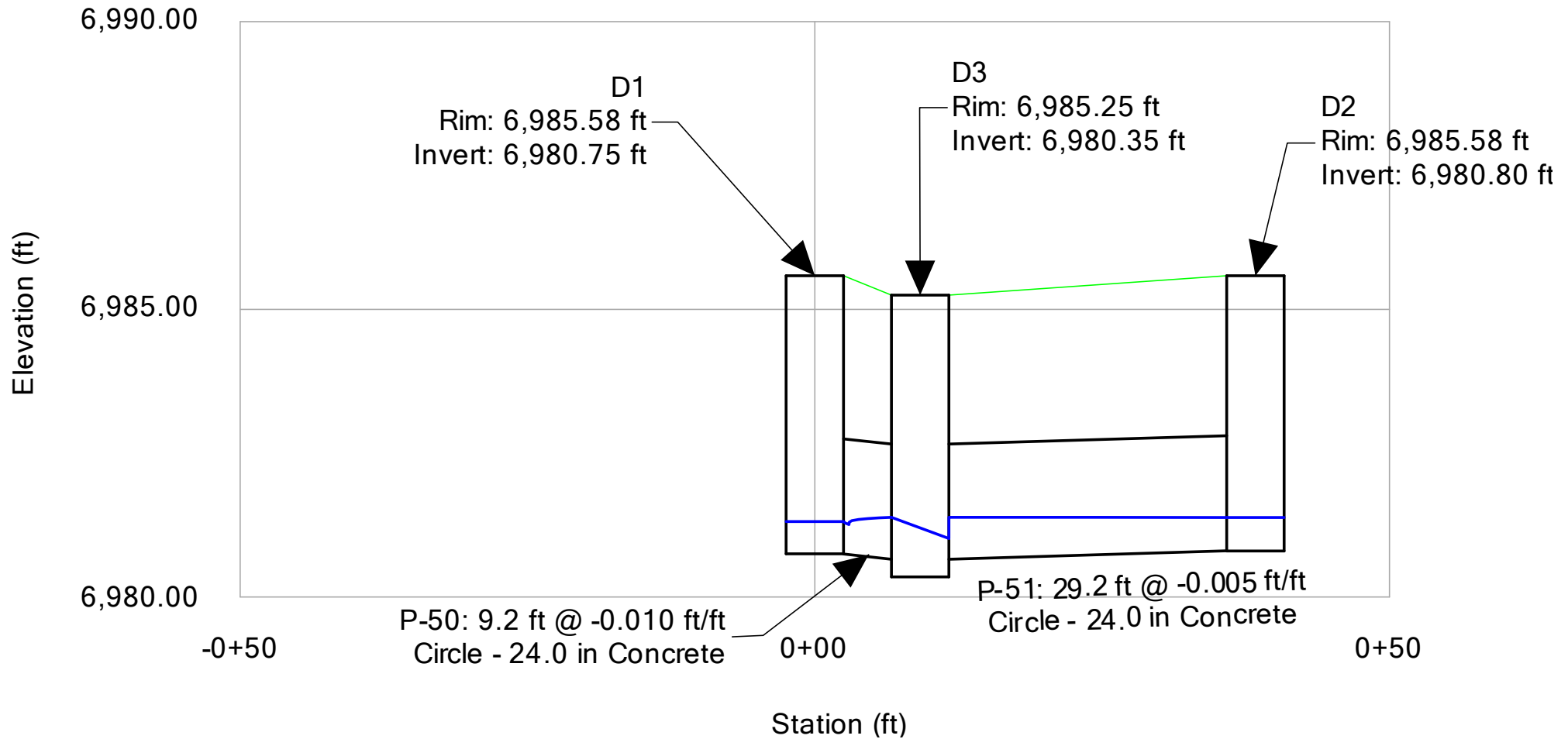
Profile Report

Engineering Profile - D3 to D5 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)

Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D1 to D2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

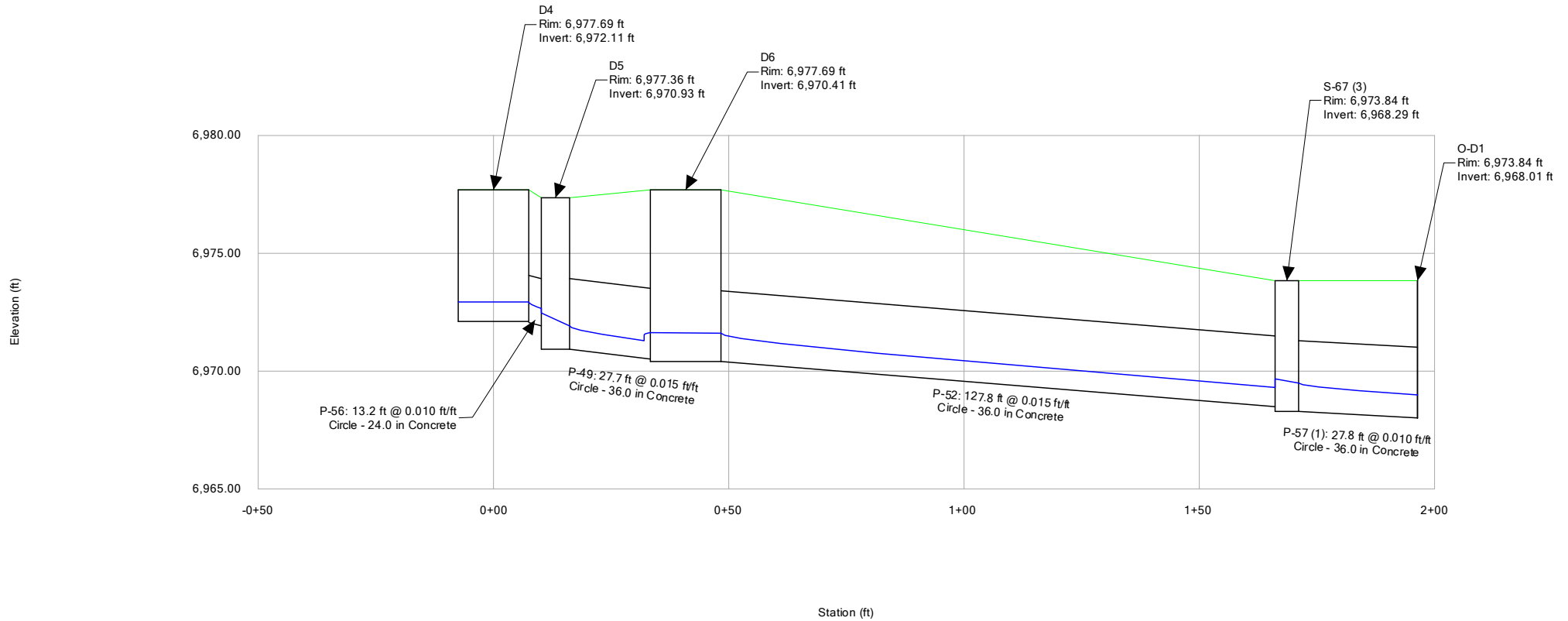


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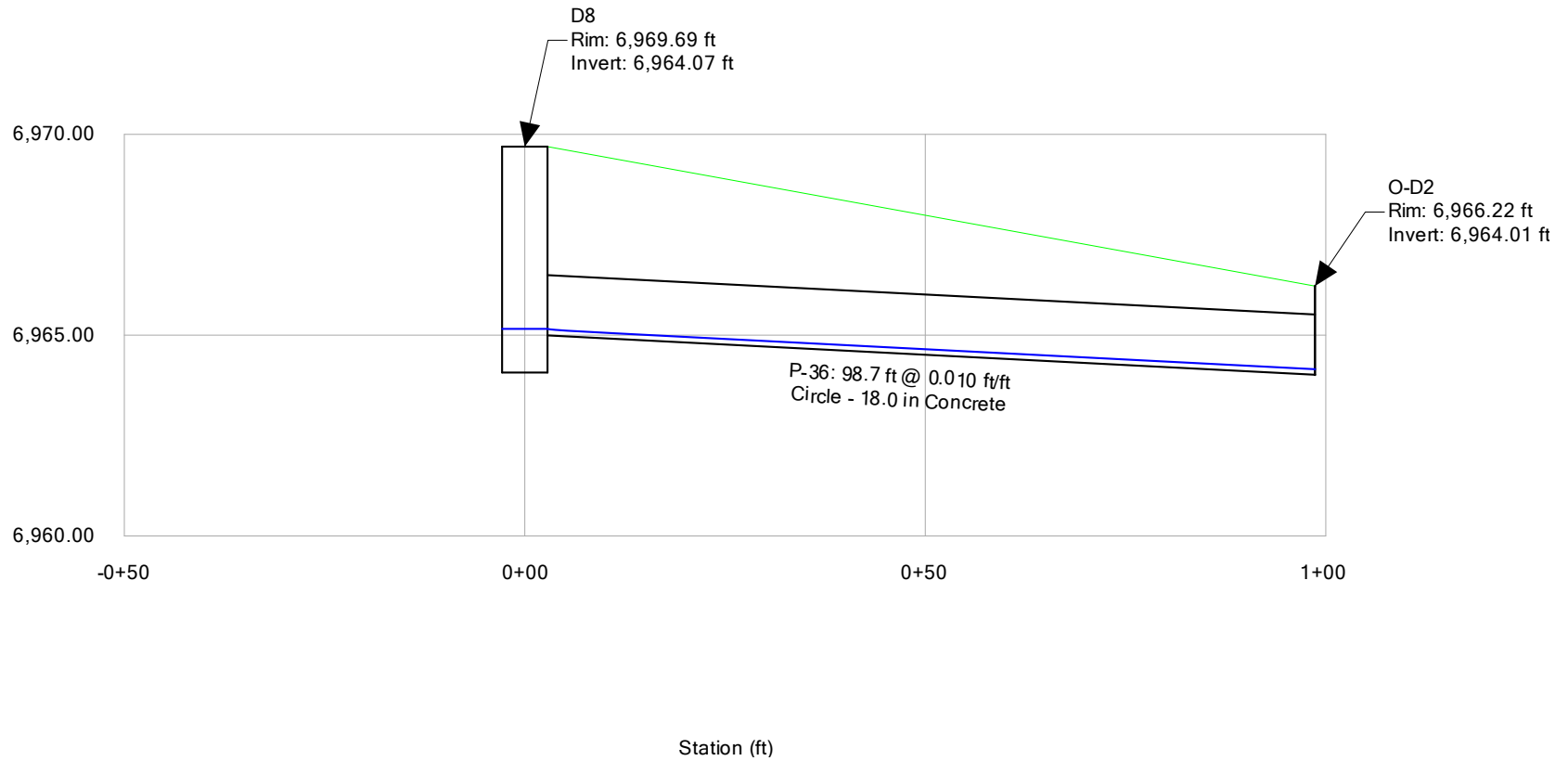
Profile Report

Engineering Profile - D4 to O-D1 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)

Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D7 to O-D2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

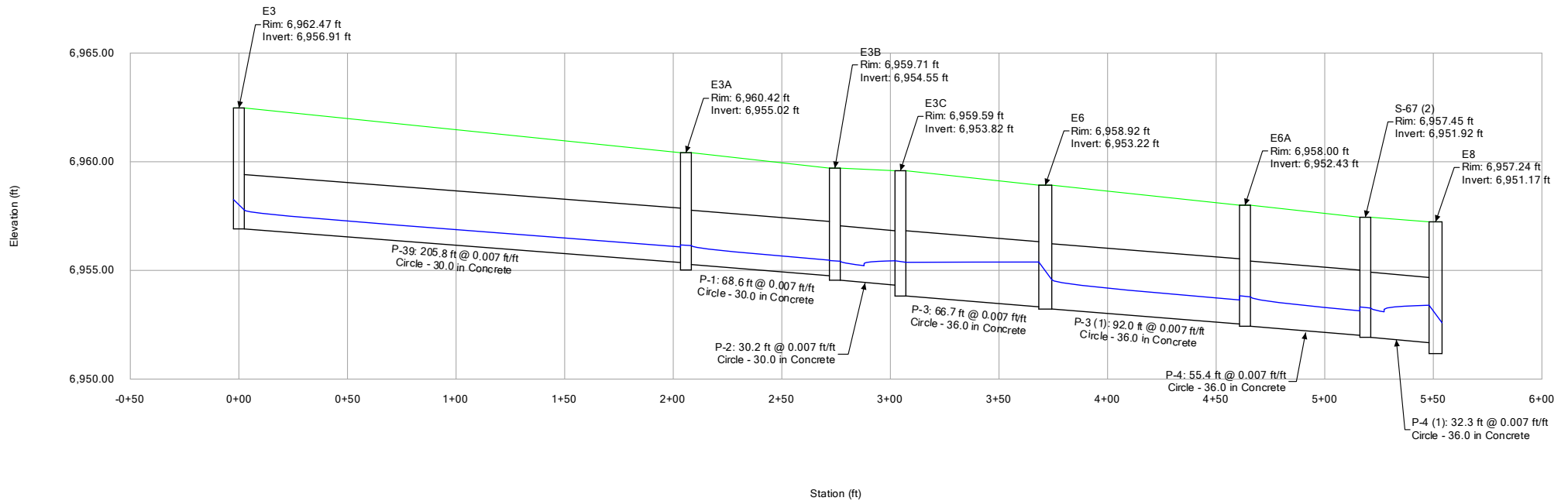


Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

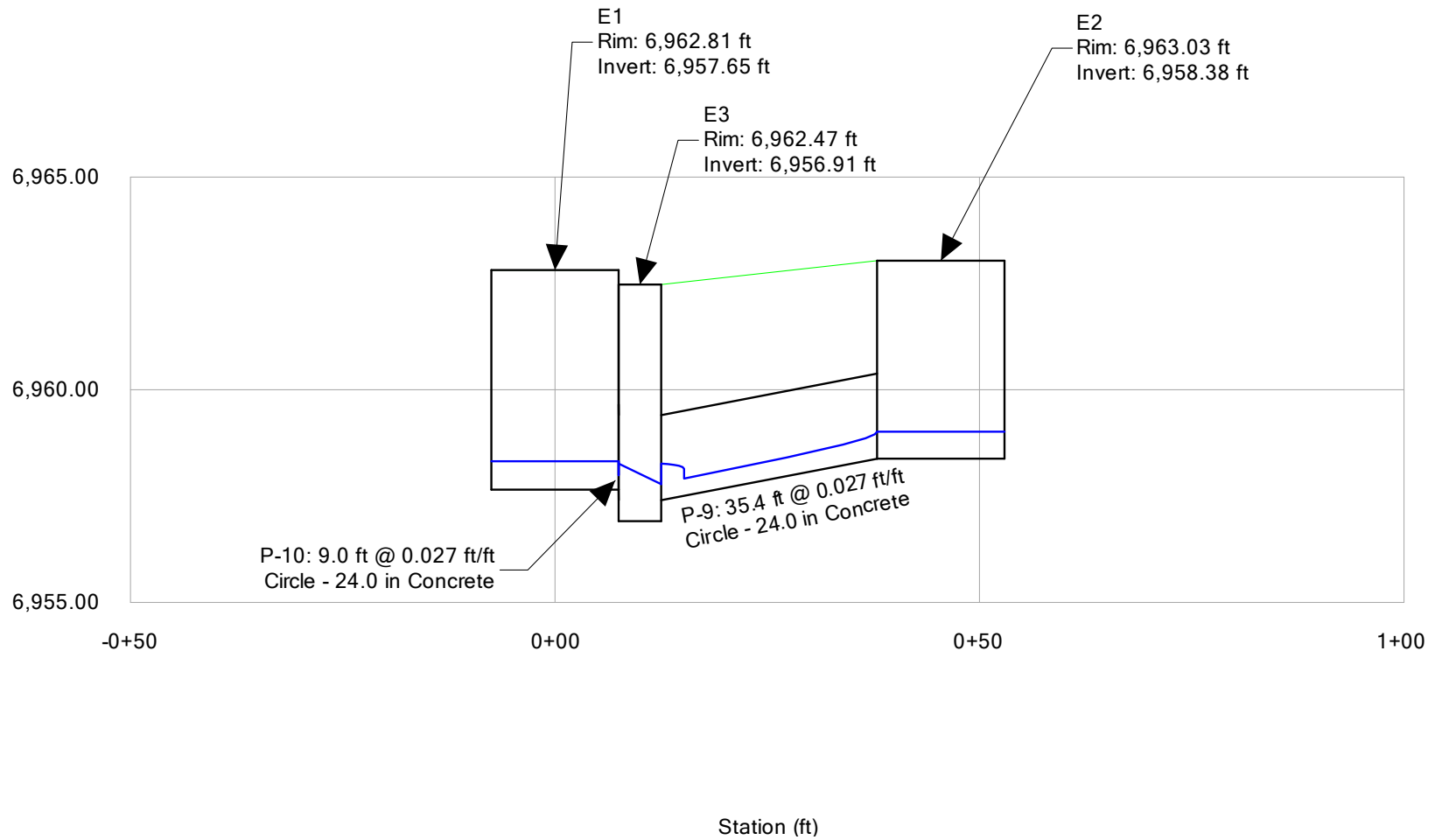
Profile Report

Engineering Profile - E3 to E8 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)

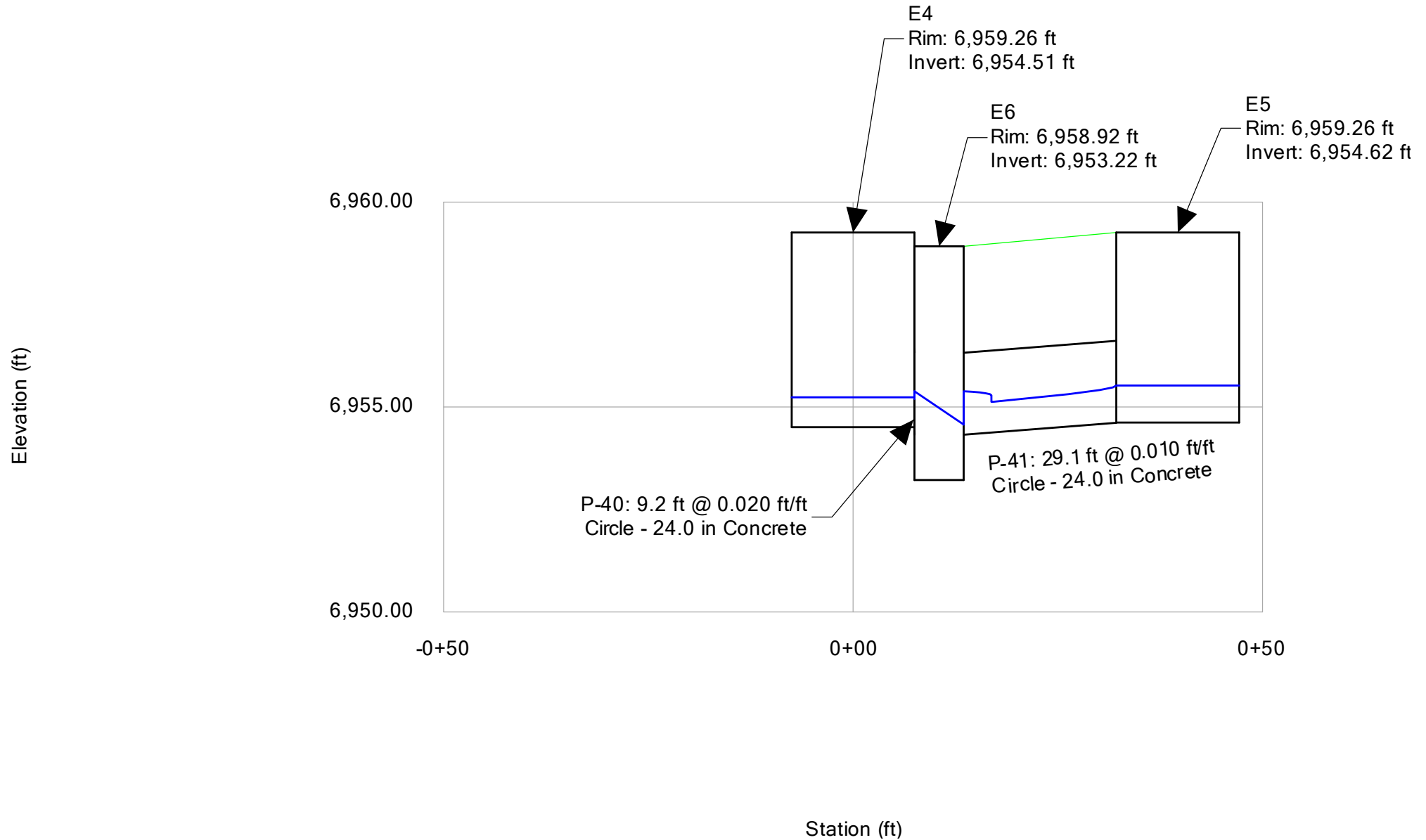
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E1 to E2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E4 to E5 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event

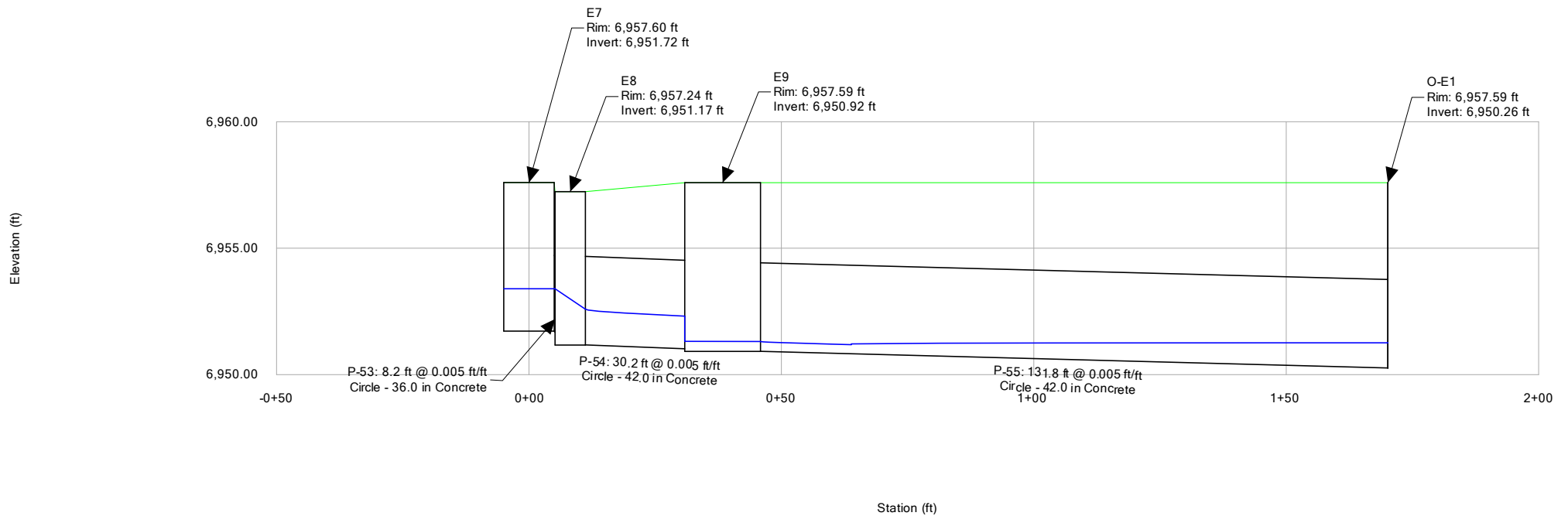


Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

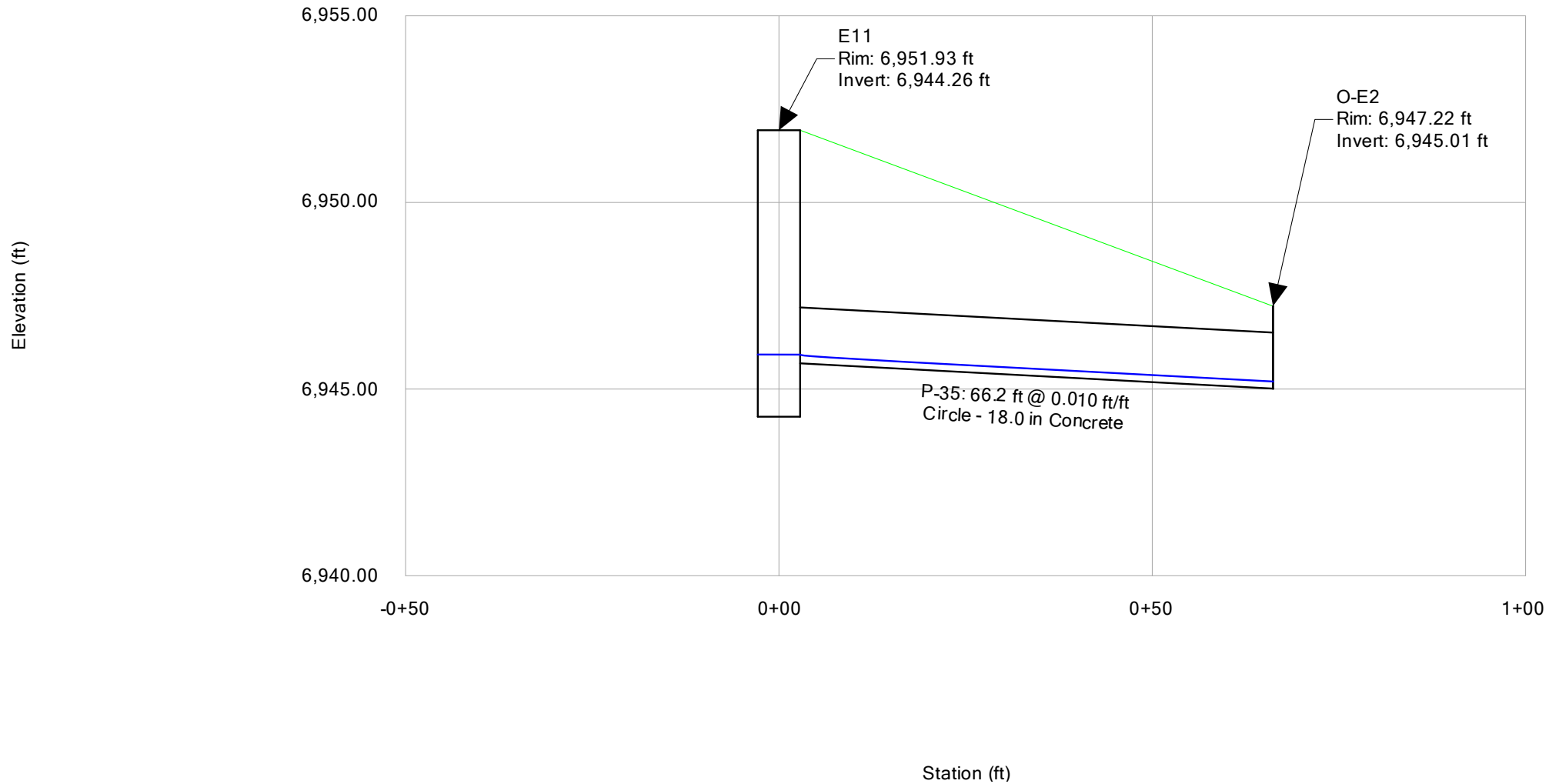
Profile Report

Engineering Profile - E7 to O-E1 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)

Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E10 to O-E2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 5-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Conduit Table

Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Material	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
P-1	E3A	E3B	6,955.27	6,954.75	68.6	0.007	30.0	0.012	Concrete	17.10	7.61	6,956.93	6,956.98
P-2	E3B	E3C	6,954.55	6,954.32	30.2	0.007	30.0	0.012	Concrete	17.10	7.61	6,956.96	6,956.92
P-3	E3C	E6	6,953.82	6,953.32	66.7	0.007	36.0	0.012	Concrete	17.10	7.54	6,956.80	6,956.77
P-3 (1)	E6	E6A	6,953.22	6,952.53	92.0	0.007	36.0	0.012	Concrete	40.40	9.41	6,955.29	6,955.21
P-4	E6A	S-67 (2)	6,952.43	6,952.01	55.4	0.007	36.0	0.012	Concrete	40.40	9.41	6,955.15	6,955.04
P-4 (1)	S-67 (2)	E8	6,951.92	6,951.67	32.3	0.007	36.0	0.012	Concrete	40.40	5.72	6,954.99	6,954.89
P-9	E2	E3	6,958.38	6,957.40	35.4	0.027	24.0	0.012	Concrete	7.80	9.98	6,959.37	6,959.17
P-10	E1	E3	6,957.65	6,957.40	9.0	0.027	24.0	0.012	Concrete	9.30	10.49	6,959.12	6,959.17
P-35	E11	O-E2	6,945.69	6,945.01	66.2	0.010	18.0	0.012	Concrete	14.90	8.43	6,947.60	6,946.42
P-36	D8	O-D2	6,964.99	6,964.01	98.7	0.010	18.0	0.012	Concrete	8.00	6.95	6,966.09	6,964.94
P-39	E3	E3A	6,956.91	6,955.36	205.8	0.007	30.0	0.012	Concrete	17.10	7.61	6,958.31	6,956.97
P-40	E4	E6	6,954.51	6,954.32	9.2	0.020	24.0	0.012	Concrete	11.70	3.72	6,956.79	6,956.77
P-41	E5	E6	6,954.62	6,954.32	29.1	0.010	24.0	0.012	Concrete	11.60	3.69	6,956.83	6,956.77
P-42	D3	S-54	6,980.35	6,976.60	82.0	0.046	24.0	0.012	Concrete	10.50	13.03	6,981.51	6,977.22
P-43	S-54	S-55	6,976.31	6,975.42	89.0	0.010	24.0	0.012	Concrete	10.50	7.50	6,977.47	6,976.34
P-44	S-55	S-56	6,975.31	6,974.70	72.0	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	10.50	7.08	6,976.48	6,975.95
P-45	S-56	S-57	6,974.60	6,973.91	81.0	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	10.50	7.08	6,975.76	6,975.16
P-46	S-57	S-58	6,973.81	6,973.24	66.0	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	10.50	7.08	6,974.97	6,974.49
P-47	S-58	S-59	6,973.14	6,972.43	83.5	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	10.50	7.08	6,974.30	6,973.68
P-48	S-59	D5	6,972.33	6,971.92	47.0	0.009	24.0	0.012	Concrete	10.50	7.08	6,973.49	6,973.50
P-49	D5	D6	6,970.93	6,970.51	27.7	0.015	36.0	0.012	Concrete	24.60	10.72	6,972.53	6,971.76
P-50	D3	D1	6,980.66	6,980.75	9.2	-0.010	24.0	0.012	Concrete	5.30	6.23	6,982.24	6,982.24
P-51	D3	D2	6,980.66	6,980.80	29.2	-0.005	24.0	0.012	Concrete	5.30	4.85	6,982.25	6,982.24
P-52	D6	S-67 (3)	6,970.41	6,968.49	127.8	0.015	36.0	0.012	Concrete	25.80	10.86	6,972.05	6,970.30
P-53	E7	E8	6,951.72	6,951.67	8.2	0.005	36.0	0.012	Concrete	11.00	1.56	6,954.89	6,954.89
P-54	E8	E9	6,951.17	6,951.02	30.2	0.005	42.0	0.012	Concrete	51.40	8.58	6,953.42	6,953.46
P-55	E9	O-E1	6,950.92	6,950.26	131.8	0.005	42.0	0.012	Concrete	62.40	8.92	6,953.40	6,952.65
P-56	D4	D5	6,972.06	6,971.92	13.2	0.010	24.0	0.012	Concrete	14.10	8.21	6,973.41	6,973.50
P-57 (1)	S-67 (3)	O-D1	6,968.29	6,968.01	27.8	0.010	36.0	0.012	Concrete	25.80	9.37	6,970.09	6,970.23

Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Manhole Table

Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

Label	Notes	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert in 1) (ft)	Elevation (Invert Out) (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)	Headloss Coefficient (Standard)	Headloss Method	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
D1	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (5')	6,985.58	(N/A)	6,980.75	5.30	0.000	Standard	6,982.24	6,982.24
D2	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (5')	6,985.58	(N/A)	6,980.80	5.30	0.000	Standard	6,982.25	6,982.25
D3	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,985.25	6,980.66	6,980.35	10.50	1.520	Standard	6,982.24	6,981.51
D4	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,977.69	(N/A)	6,972.06	14.10	0.000	Standard	6,973.41	6,973.41
D5	MH-ECCENTRIC (6' %%C)	6,977.36	6,971.92	6,970.93	24.60	1.520	Standard	6,973.50	6,972.53
D6	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,977.69	6,970.51	6,970.41	25.80	0.050	Standard	6,972.08	6,972.05
D8	MODIFIED CDOT TYPE DPOND D OUTLET STRUCTURE(SEE GEC PLAN)	6,969.69	(N/A)	6,964.99	8.00	0.000	Standard	6,966.09	6,966.09
E1	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,962.81	(N/A)	6,957.65	9.30	0.000	Standard	6,959.12	6,959.12
E2	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,963.03	(N/A)	6,958.38	7.80	0.000	Standard	6,959.37	6,959.37
E3	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,962.47	6,957.40	6,956.91	17.10	1.520	Standard	6,959.17	6,958.31
E3A	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,960.42	6,955.36	6,955.27	17.10	0.100	Standard	6,956.97	6,956.93
E3B	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,959.71	6,954.75	6,954.55	17.10	0.100	Standard	6,956.98	6,956.96
E3C	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,959.59	6,954.32	6,953.82	17.10	1.320	Standard	6,956.92	6,956.80
E4	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,959.26	(N/A)	6,954.51	11.70	0.000	Standard	6,956.79	6,956.79
E5	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15') - (PUB)	6,959.26	(N/A)	6,954.62	11.60	0.000	Standard	6,956.83	6,956.83
E6	6' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,958.92	6,953.32	6,953.22	40.40	1.570	Standard	6,956.77	6,955.29
E6A	5' %%C SDMH - (PUB)	6,958.00	6,952.53	6,952.43	40.40	0.100	Standard	6,955.21	6,955.15
E7	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (10')	6,957.60	(N/A)	6,951.72	11.00	0.000	Standard	6,954.89	6,954.89
E8	MH-ECCENTRIC (6' %%C)	6,957.24	6,951.67	6,951.17	51.40	1.520	Standard	6,954.89	6,953.42
E9	CDOT-TYPE R INLET (15')	6,957.59	6,951.02	6,950.92	62.40	0.050	Standard	6,953.46	6,953.40
E11	MODIFIED CDOT TYPE DPOND E OUTLET STRUCTURE(SEE GEC PLAN)	6,951.93	(N/A)	6,945.69	14.90	0.050	Standard	6,947.66	6,947.60
S-54	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,986.15	6,976.60	6,976.31	10.50	0.000	Standard	6,977.47	6,977.47
S-55	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,984.27	6,975.42	6,975.31	10.50	0.100	Standard	6,976.52	6,976.48
S-56	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,981.04	6,974.70	6,974.60	10.50	0.400	Standard	6,975.95	6,975.76
S-57	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,979.22	6,973.91	6,973.81	10.50	0.400	Standard	6,975.16	6,974.97
S-58	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,978.52	6,973.24	6,973.14	10.50	0.400	Standard	6,974.49	6,974.30
S-59	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,977.64	6,972.43	6,972.33	10.50	0.400	Standard	6,973.68	6,973.49
S-67 (2)	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,957.45	6,952.01	6,951.92	40.40	0.100	Standard	6,955.04	6,954.99
S-67 (3)	MH-ECCENTRIC (5' %%C)	6,973.84	6,968.49	6,968.29	25.80	0.400	Standard	6,970.30	6,970.09

Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

FlexTable: Outfall Table

Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

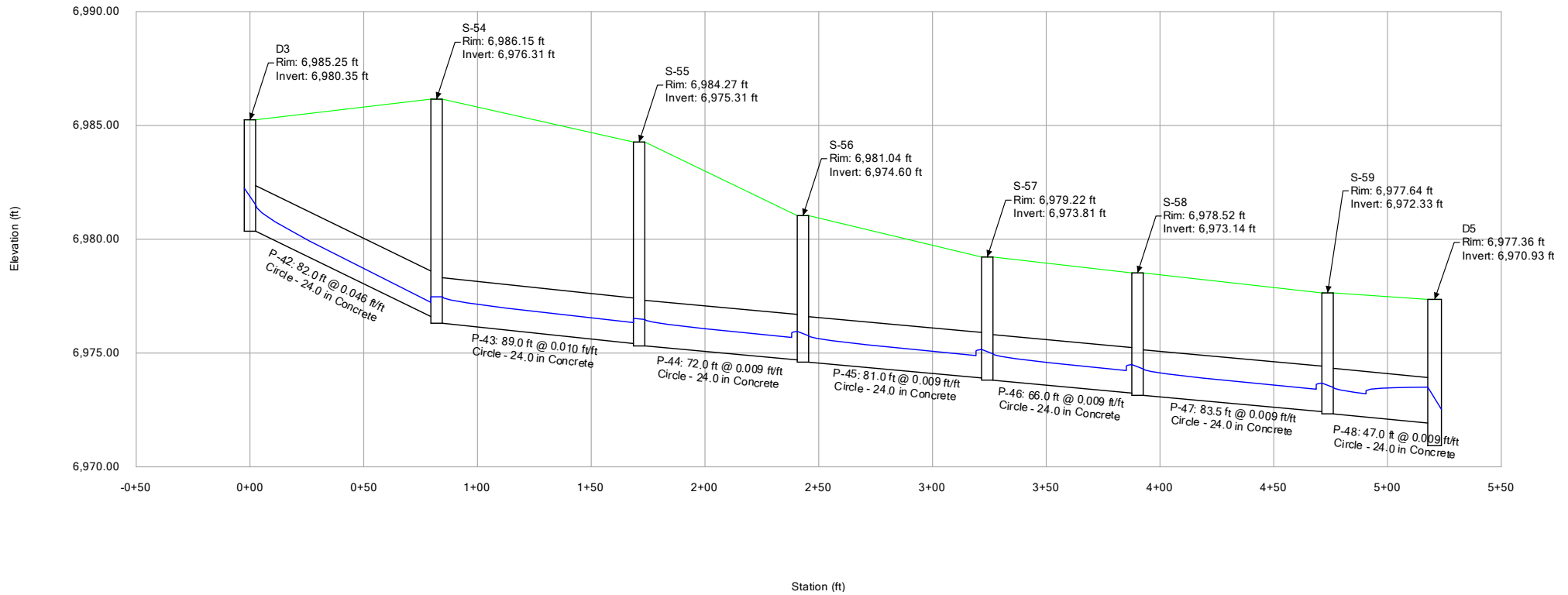
Label	Elevation (Ground) (ft)	Elevation (Invert) (ft)	Boundary Condition Type	Elevation (User Defined Tailwater) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Flow (Total Out) (cfs)
O-D2	6,966.22	6,964.01	Free Outfall		6,964.94	8.00
O-E2	6,947.22	6,945.01	Free Outfall		6,946.42	14.90
O-D1	6,973.84	6,968.01	User Defined Tailwater	6,970.23	6,970.23	25.80
O-E1	6,957.59	6,950.26	User Defined Tailwater	6,952.57	6,952.65	62.40

Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1

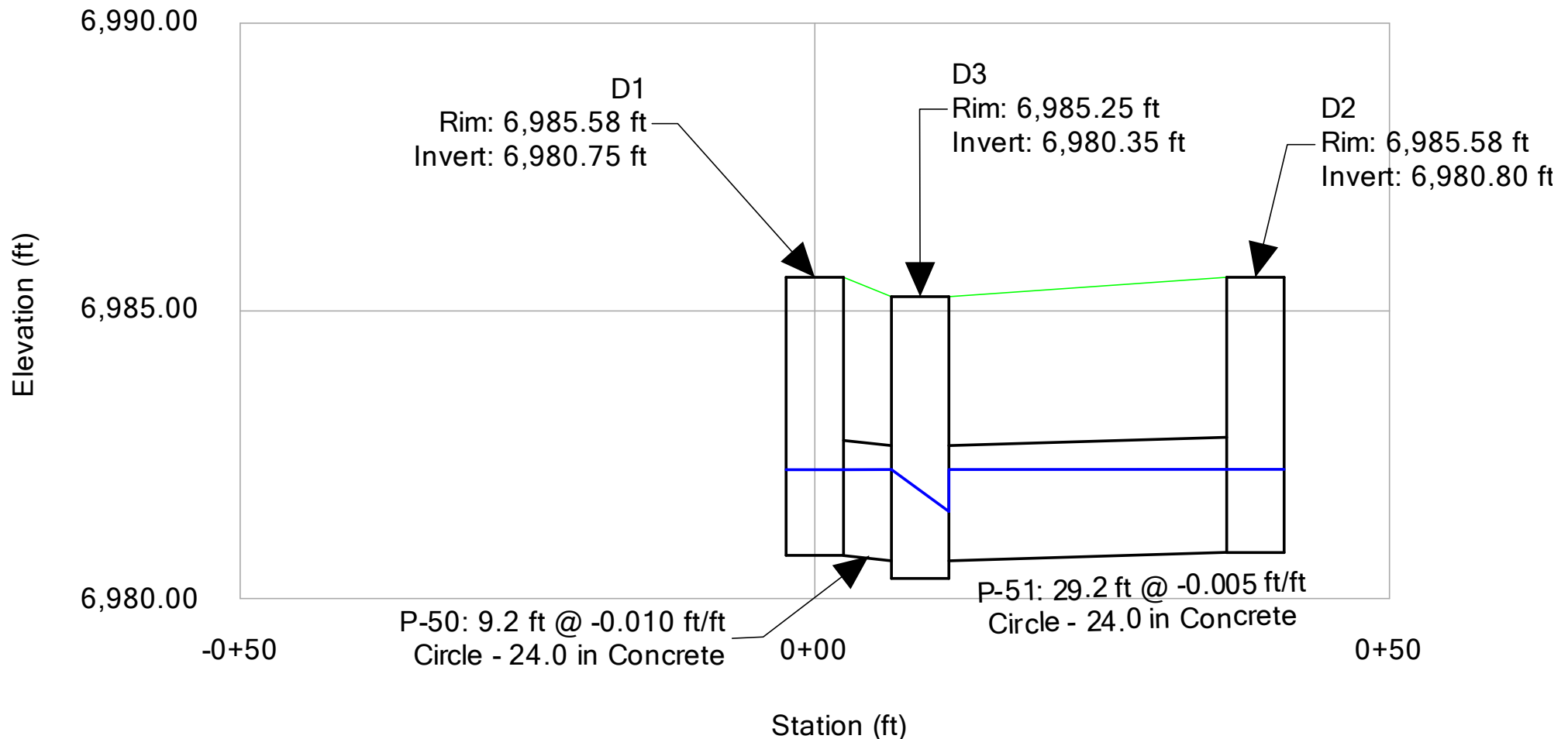
Profile Report

Engineering Profile - D3 to D5 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)

Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D1 to D2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

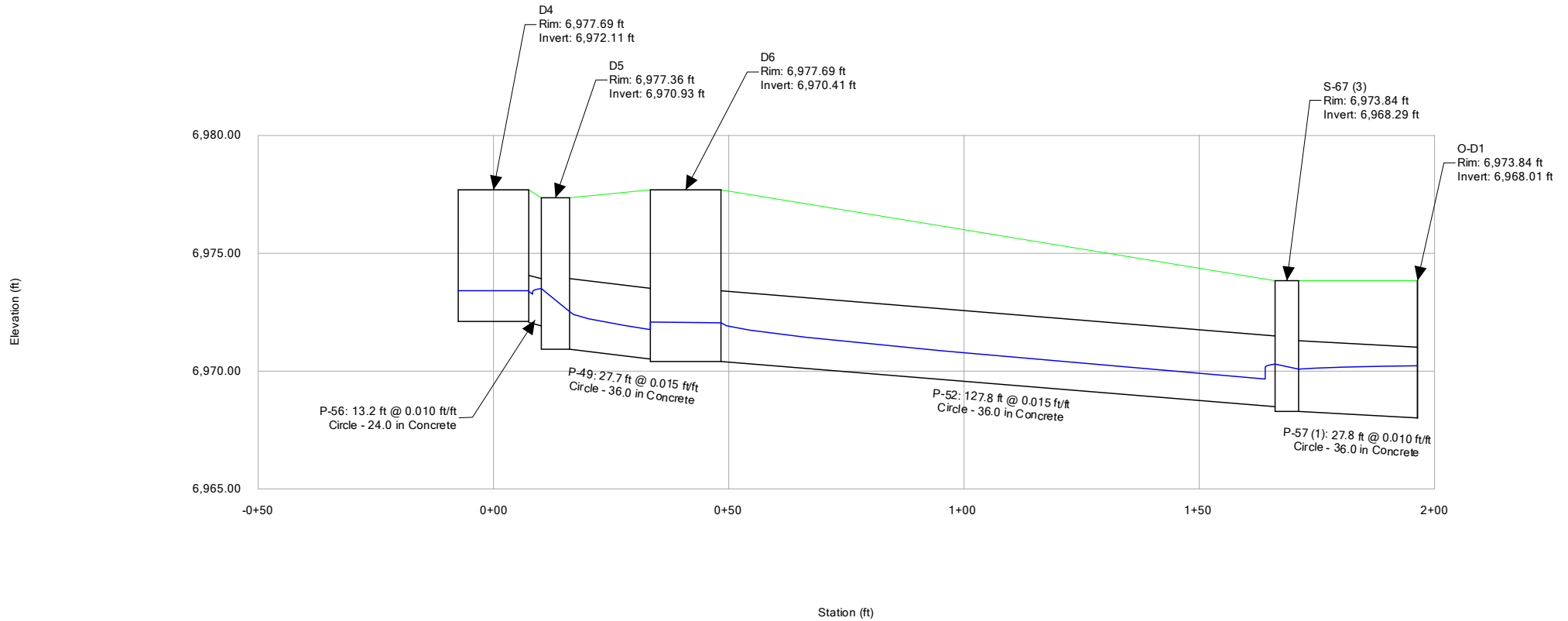


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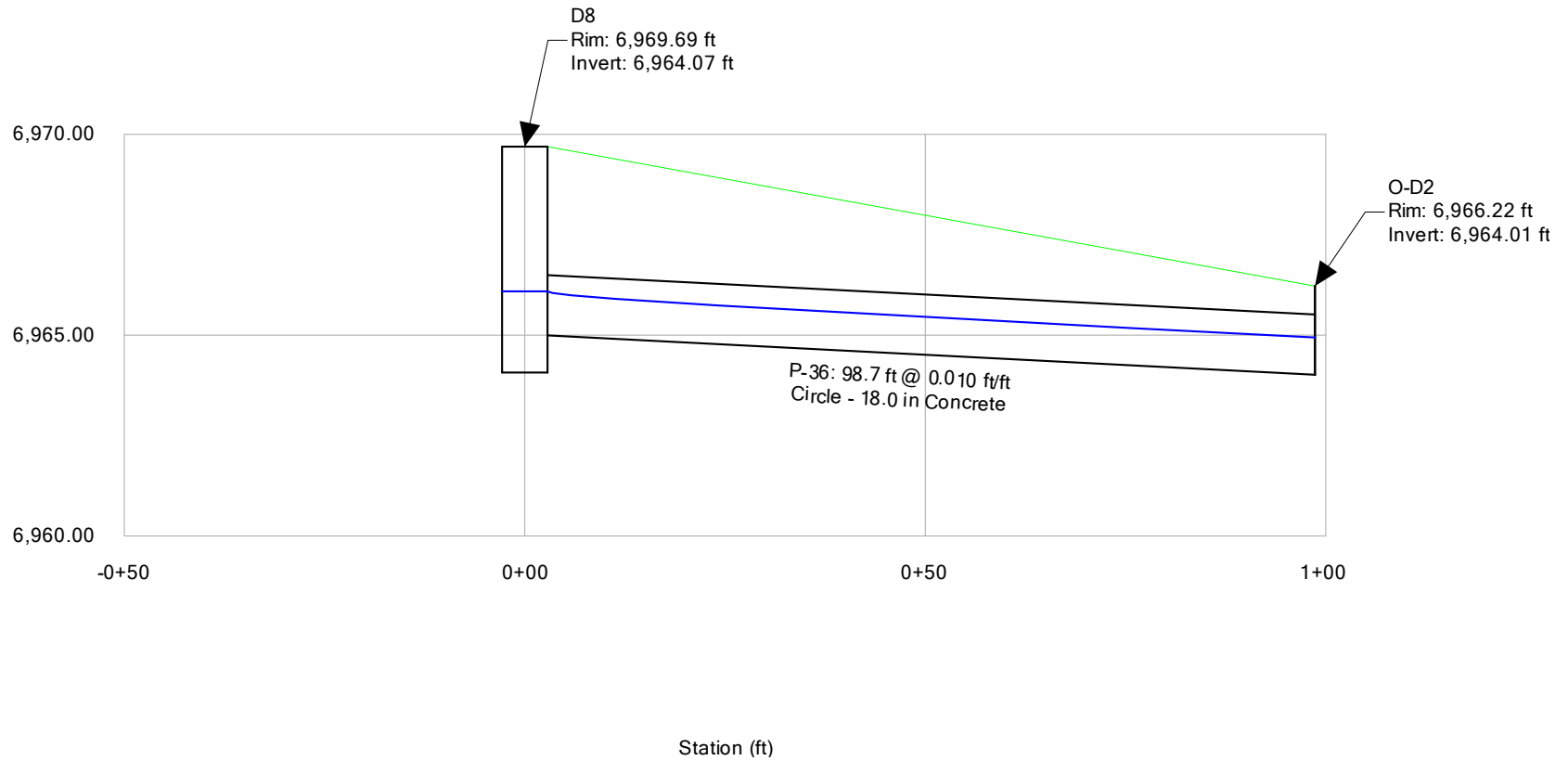
Profile Report

Engineering Profile - D4 to O-D1 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)

Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - D7 to O-D2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event

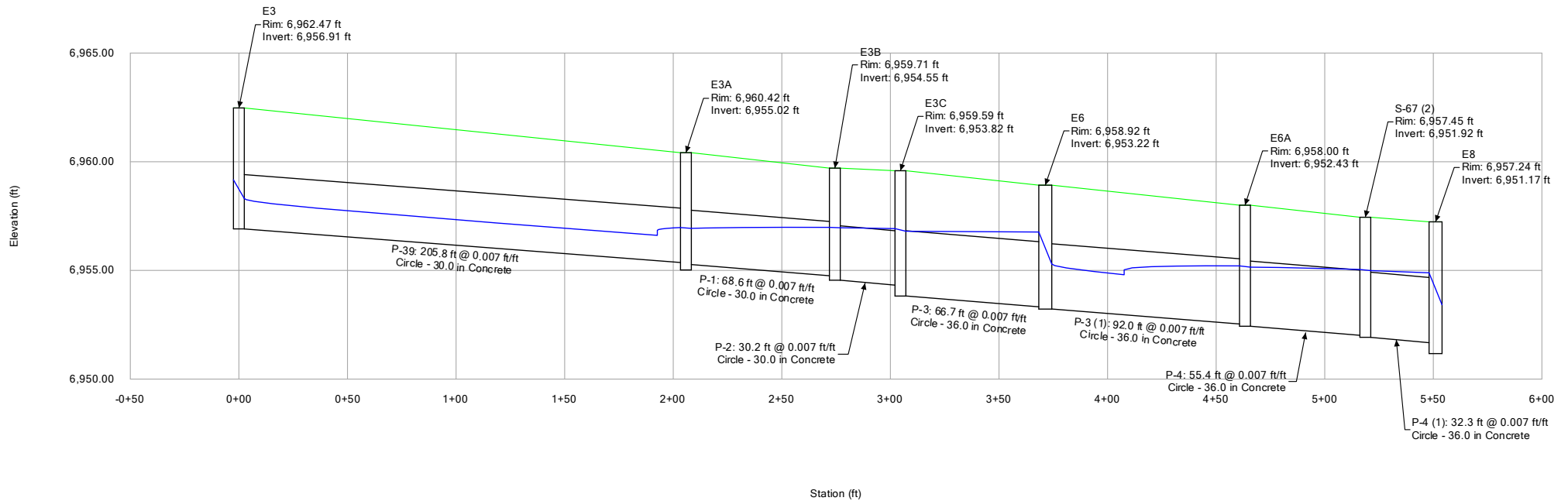


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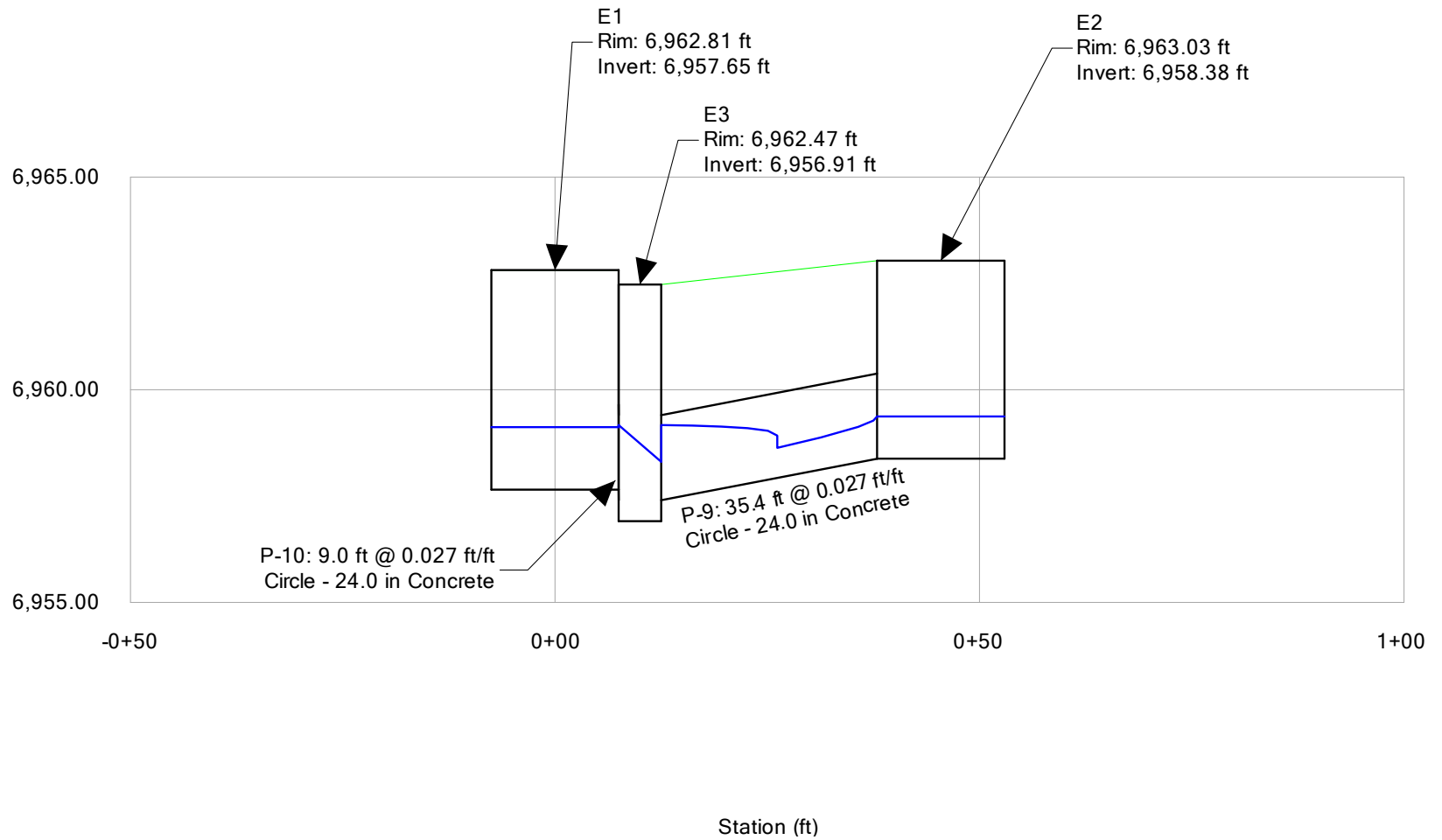
Profile Report

Engineering Profile - E3 to E8 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)

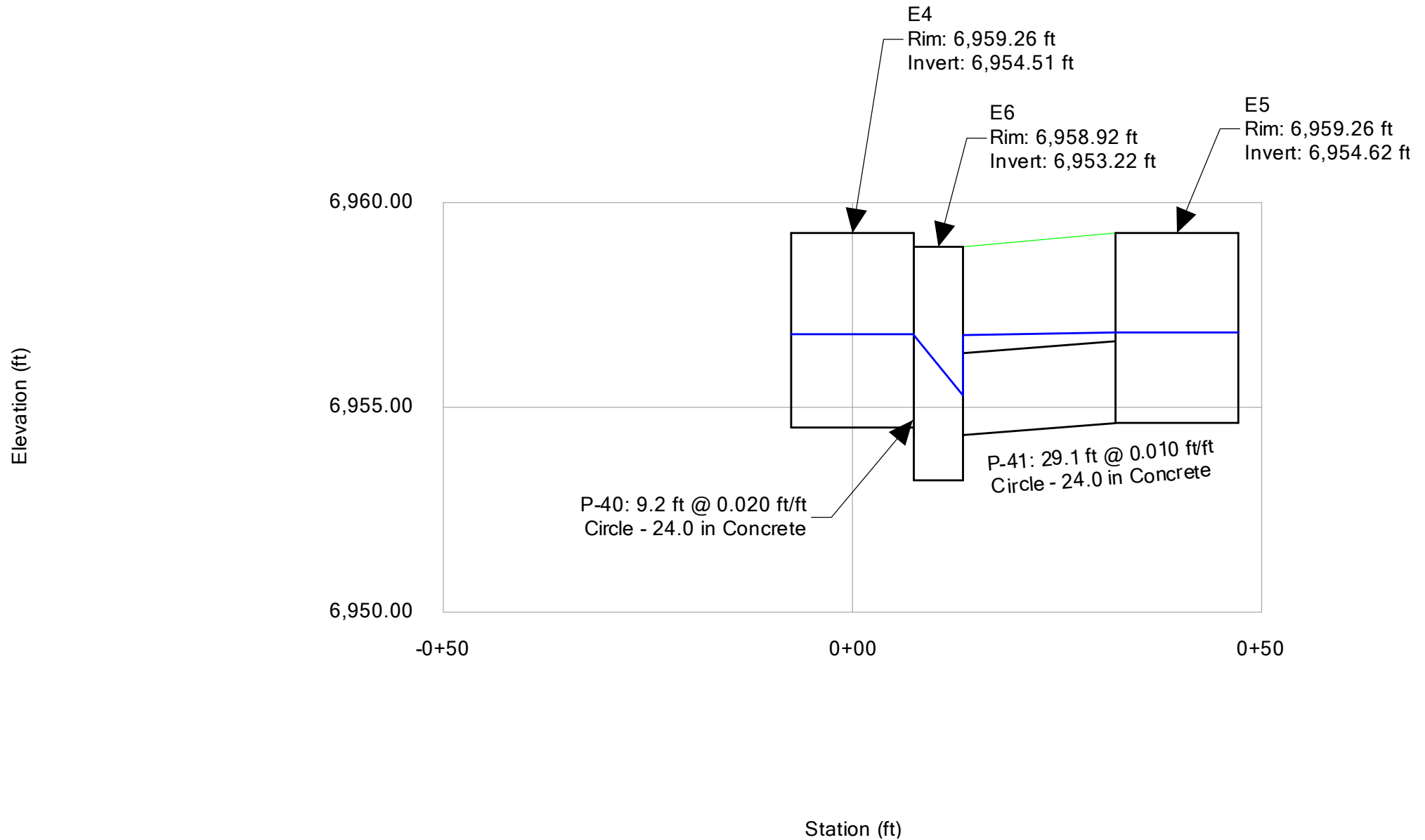
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



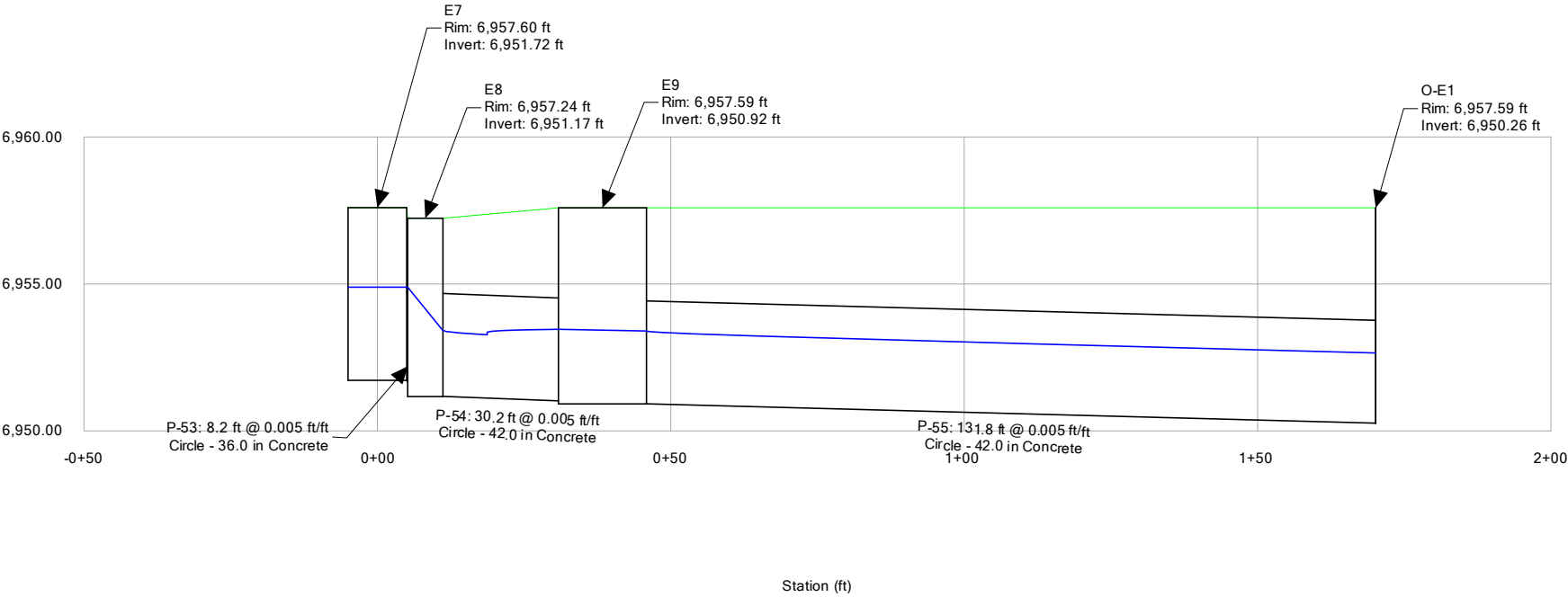
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E1 to E2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



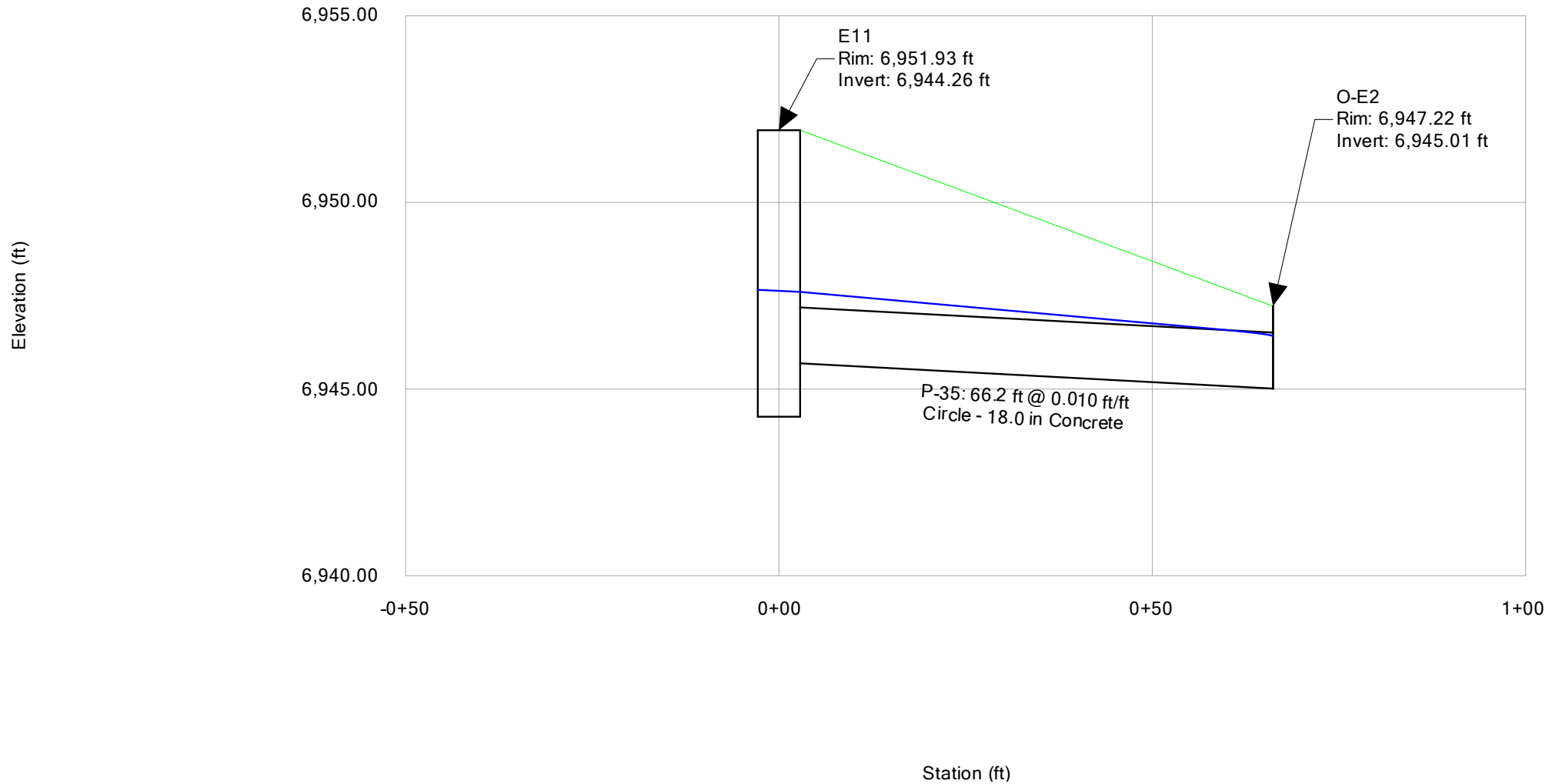
Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E4 to E5 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E7 to O-E1 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Profile Report
Engineering Profile - E10 to O-E2 (HRG02_FDR Storm Analysis.stsw)
Active Scenario: 100-YR Event



APPENDIX E

Water Quality Computations

DETENTION POND TRIBUTARY AREAS

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Location: CO, Falcon (El Paso County)

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Project No.: HRG02.20
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 6/21/24

Pond 'D'

Basin	Area	% Imp
D-1	2.73	46.6
D-2	0.57	65.0
D-3	4.33	59.8
D-4	3.65	57.8
D-5	1.59	22.6
Total	12.87	52.1

Pond 'E'

Basin	Area	% Imp
E-1	4.47	42.4
E-2	1.94	65.0
E-3a	2.90	65.0
E-3b	2.12	65.0
E-4a	7.45	48.7
E-4b	1.00	65.0
E-5	1.43	13.1
Total	21.31	51.1

FOREBAY TRIBUTARY AREAS

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Location: CO, Falcon (El Paso County)

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Project No.: HRG02.20
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 6/21/24

Forebay D-1

Basin	Area	% Imp
D-1	2.73	46.6
D-2	0.57	65.0
D-3	4.33	59.8
D-4	3.65	57.8
Total	11.28	56.2

Forebay E-1

Basin	Area	% Imp
E-1	4.47	42.4
E-2	1.94	65.0
E-3a	2.90	65.0
E-3b	2.12	65.0
E-4a	7.45	48.7
E-4b	1.00	65.0
Total	19.88	53.8

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Basin ID: Pond D

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

Optional User Overrides

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

Initial Surcharge Area (A_{ISU})	=	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISU})	=	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISU})	=	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor (A_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR})	=	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin (H_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN})	=	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN})	=	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{BASIN})	=	user	acre-feet

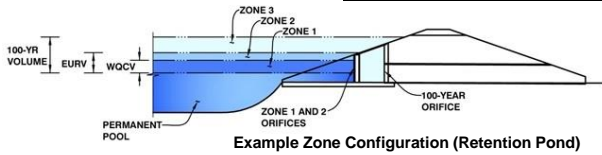
MHFD-Detention_v4-06 - Pond D.xlsm, Basin

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Project: **Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1 - Final Drainage Report**

Basin ID: **Pond D**



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.58	0.227	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	3.76	0.555	Rectangular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	4.50	0.433	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		1.215	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain	
Underdrain Orifice Area =	N/A ft ²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	N/A feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	2.58	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	0.785	sq. inches (diameter = 1 inch)

Calculated Parameters for Plate	
WQ Orifice Area per Row =	5.451E-03 ft ²
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A ft ²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.00	2.25					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.785	0.785	0.785					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	2.75	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	3.76	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Height =	2.25	N/A	inches
Vertical Orifice Width =	2.75		inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice	
Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected
Vertical Orifice Area =	0.04 ft ²
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	0.09 feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Gate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H _o =	3.83	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Gate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	6.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Gate Type =	Close Mesh Gate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir	
Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected
Height of Gate Upper Edge, H _u =	3.83 feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	6.00 feet
Gate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	22.40
Overflow Gate Open Area w/o Debris =	14.24 ft ²
Overflow Gate Open Area w/ Debris =	7.12 ft ²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.87	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	7.00		inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate	
Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected
Outlet Orifice Area =	0.64 ft ²
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.34 feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	1.35 radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =	5.65	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	50.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.17	feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway	
Spillway Design Flow Depth =	0.33 feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	7.15 feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.79 acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	3.07 acre-ft

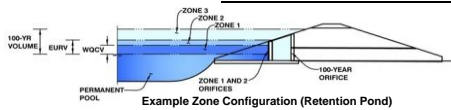
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =	N/A	N/A	0.93	1.21	1.46	1.84	2.16	2.49	3.37
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	0.93	1.21	1.46	1.84	2.16	2.49	3.37
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.227	0.782	0.430	0.575	0.724	0.987	1.266	1.596	2.464
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.430	0.575	0.724	0.987	1.266	1.596	2.464
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.1	4.5	8.6	18.7
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.35	0.67	1.46
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	7.0	9.2	11.6	17.0	22.7	29.8	46.0
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	1.4	4.5	6.8	7.5
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.4	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.4
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.5
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	71	59	65	70	75	73	71	67
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	42	75	62	68	74	80	79	79	78
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	2.58	3.76	3.02	3.30	3.56	3.94	4.10	4.38	5.42
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.33	0.55	0.46	0.51	0.53	0.57	0.58	0.60	0.67
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.229	0.787	0.404	0.537	0.678	0.882	0.973	1.145	1.805

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Basin ID: Pond E



Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	21.31	acres
Watershed Length =	1,165	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	500	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.030	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	51.10%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	100.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	0.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

Optional User Overrides

Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.372	acre-feet		acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	1.263	acre-feet		acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 0.93 in.) =	0.692	acre-feet	0.93	inches
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.21 in.) =	0.926	acre-feet	1.21	inches
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.46 in.) =	1.167	acre-feet	1.46	inches
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.84 in.) =	1.598	acre-feet	1.84	inches
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.16 in.) =	2.056	acre-feet	2.16	inches
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.49 in.) =	2.602	acre-feet	2.49	inches
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.37 in.) =	4.037	acre-feet	3.37	inches
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.638	acre-feet		
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.863	acre-feet		
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	1.088	acre-feet		
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	1.466	acre-feet		
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	1.705	acre-feet		
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	1.973	acre-feet		

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.372	acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.892	acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.709	acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	1.973	acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user	ft ³
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft
Total Available Detention Depth (H_{total}) =	user	ft
Depth of Trickle Channel (H_{TC}) =	user	ft
Slope of Trickle Channel (S_{TC}) =	user	ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S_{main}) =	user	H:V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio ($R_{L/W}$) =	user	

Initial Surcharge Area (A_{DSV})	=	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length (L_{DSV})	=	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W_{DSV})	=	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor ($H_{1,0CR}$)	=	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor ($L_{1,0CR}$)	=	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor ($W_{1,0CR}$)	=	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor ($A_{1,0CR}$)	=	user	ft ²
Volume of Basin Floor ($V_{1,0CR}$)	=	user	ft ³
Depth of Main Basin (H_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (L_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN})	=	user	ft
Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN})	=	user	ft ²
Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN})	=	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{DSV})	=	user	acre-feet

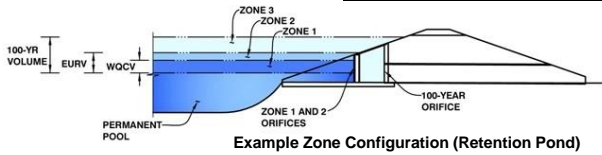
MHFD-Detention_v4-06 - Pond E.xlsm, Basin

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Project: **Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1 - Final Drainage Report**

Basin ID: **Pond E**



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	3.12	0.372	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	4.59	0.892	Rectangular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	5.54	0.709	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		1.973	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain	
Underdrain Orifice Area =	N/A ft ²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	N/A feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	3.12	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	0.994	sq. inches (diameter = 1-1/8 inches)

Calculated Parameters for Plate	
WQ Orifice Area per Row =	6.903E-03 ft ²
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A ft ²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.00	2.00					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.994	0.994	0.994					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	3.125	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	4.59	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Height =	2.00	N/A	inches
Vertical Orifice Width =	3.25		inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice	
Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected
Vertical Orifice Area =	0.05 ft ²
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	0.08 feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Gate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H _o =	4.67	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	6.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Gate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Gate Type =	Close Mesh Gate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir	
Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected
Height of Gate Upper Edge, H _u =	4.67 feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	3.00 feet
Gate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	11.65
Overflow Gate Open Area w/o Debris =	14.24 ft ²
Overflow Gate Open Area w/ Debris =	7.12 ft ²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	1.58	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	11.75		inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate	
Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected
Outlet Orifice Area =	1.22 ft ²
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	0.55 feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	1.88 radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =	6.25	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	70.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.11	feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway	
Spillway Design Flow Depth =	0.39 feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	7.75 feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.97 acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	3.93 acre-ft

Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =	N/A	N/A	0.93	1.21	1.46	1.84	2.16	2.49	3.37
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	0.93	1.21	1.46	1.84	2.16	2.49	3.37
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.372	1.263	0.692	0.926	1.167	1.598	2.056	2.602	4.037
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.692	0.926	1.167	1.598	2.056	2.602	4.037
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.2	0.4	2.0	8.3	16.0	34.8
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.09	0.39	0.75	1.63
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	12.2	16.0	20.1	29.6	40.0	52.8	82.0
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	2.3	7.0	14.8	25.9
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.9	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.7
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.5	1.0	1.1
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	69	55	62	68	73	71	69	64
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	42	74	58	66	72	79	78	77	75
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	3.12	4.59	3.66	4.01	4.36	4.82	5.03	5.32	6.38
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.44	0.71	0.59	0.65	0.68	0.73	0.75	0.77	0.86
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.373	1.265	0.645	0.871	1.098	1.431	1.587	1.808	2.674

FOREBAY SIZING CALCULATIONS

Subdivision: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Location: CO, Falcon (El Paso County)

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Project No.: HRG02.20
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 6/21/24

	Forebay D-1	Forebay E-1	
Impervious % (I)	56.2%	53.80%	Total impervious area of contributing upstream basins
WQCV Drain Time Coeff (a)	1	1	a = 1 for 40 Hr WQCV Drain Time
Tributary Area (Ac)	11.28	19.88	
Forebay Depth (Ft)	1.50	1.50	(see Table EDB-4 of the USDCM Volume 3 for depth requirement)
% of WQCV for Forebay Volume	3.0%	3.0%	(see Table EDB-4 of the USDCM Volume 3 for requirement)
100-year Discharge (Q)	25.80	62.40	100-Year Flow entering Forebay (undetained)
WQCV Depth (in)	0.22	0.22	WQCV Depth = $a(0.91*I^3 - 1.19*I^2 + 0.78*I)$
WQCV Volume (Ac-Ft)	0.21	0.36	
Forebay Volume (Cu. Ft.)	275	470	
Forebay Discharge (Q)	0.52	1.25	(Release 2% of 100-year discharge via notch or berm/pipe configuration)
Forebay Notch Height (in)	15.00	15.00	(3" depression @ top of forebay assumed per COS DCM Volume 1, 13-30)
Forebay Design Results			
Minimum Forebay Area (Sq. Ft.)	183	313	
Forebay Notch width (in)	3	3	From $Q=C_w*W*H^{1.5}$ assuming $C_w=3.33$ for sharp-crested weir - If notch width <3", use 3" minimum.

Channel Report

Pond D Trickle Channel

Rectangular

Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00
Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

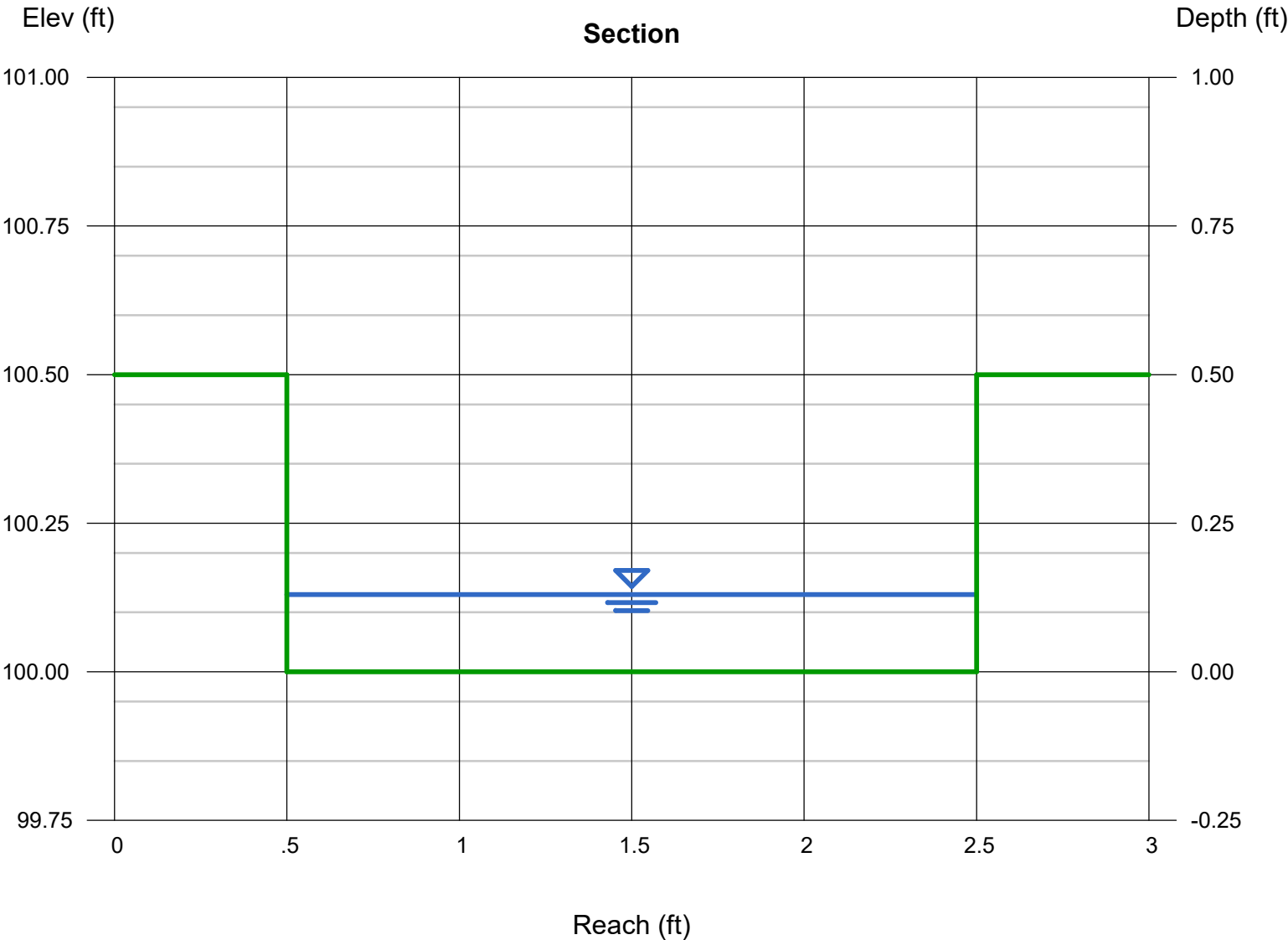
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 0.50
N-Value = 0.012

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 0.52

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.13
Q (cfs) = 0.520
Area (sqft) = 0.26
Velocity (ft/s) = 2.00
Wetted Perim (ft) = 2.26
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.13
Top Width (ft) = 2.00
EGL (ft) = 0.19



Channel Report

Pond E Trickle Channel

Rectangular

Bottom Width (ft) = 2.00
Total Depth (ft) = 0.50

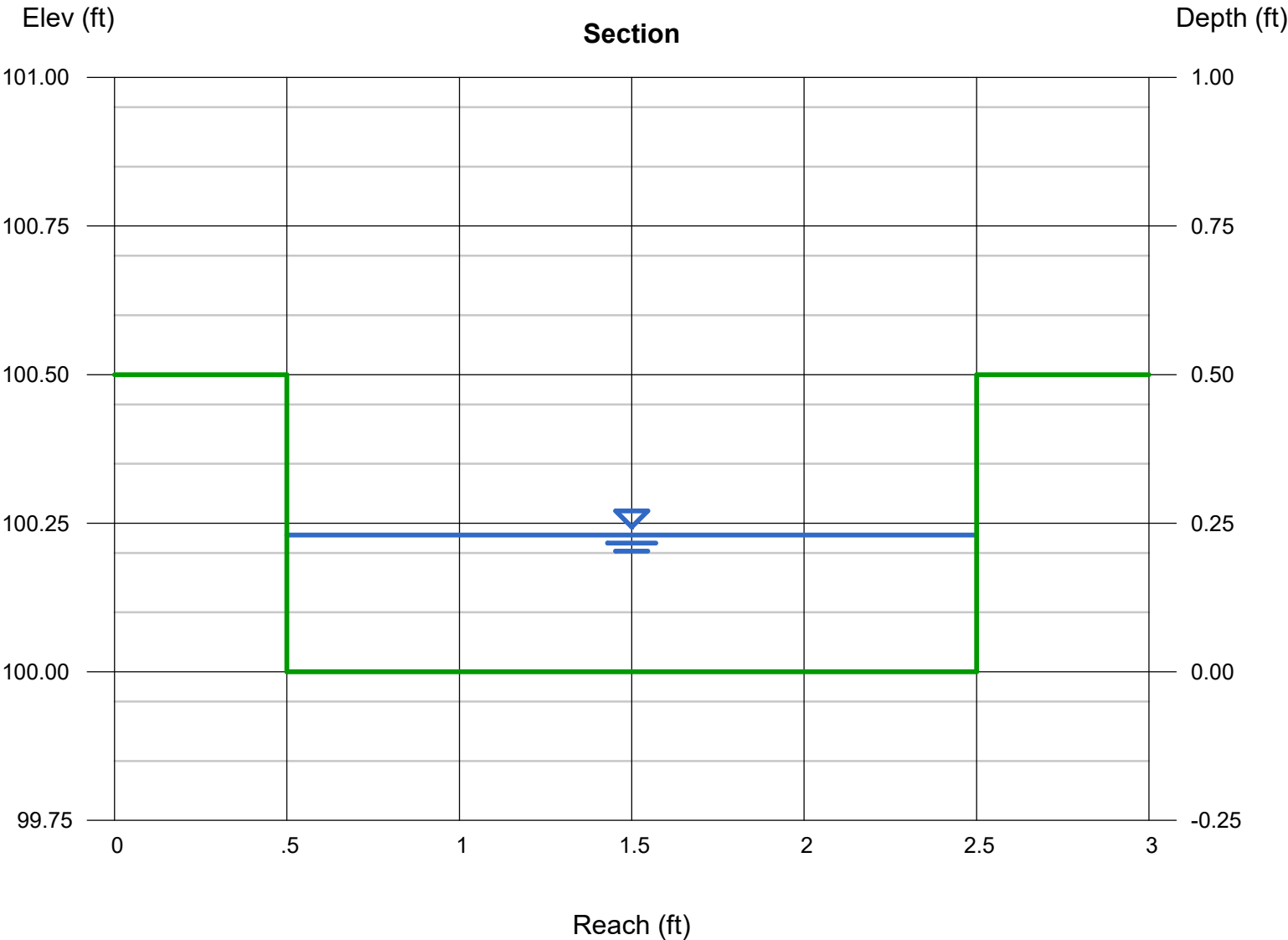
Invert Elev (ft) = 100.00
Slope (%) = 0.50
N-Value = 0.012

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 1.26

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.23
Q (cfs) = 1.260
Area (sqft) = 0.46
Velocity (ft/s) = 2.74
Wetted Perim (ft) = 2.46
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.24
Top Width (ft) = 2.00
EGL (ft) = 0.35



Micropool/ISV SIZING CALCULATIONS

Project Name: Grandview Reserve Filing No. 1
Project No.: HRG02.20
Calculated By: TJE
Checked By: BAS
Date: 6/21/24

	Pond D	Pond E	
WQCV Volume (Ac-Ft)	0.227	0.372	From MHFD-Detention Spreadsheet
Provided ISV Depth (in)	6.00	6.00	4" Min. per USDCM, Volume 3
Provided Micropool/ISV Area (Sq. Ft.)	90.00	102.00	
Provided ISV Volume (Cu. Ft.)	45.00	51.00	
Micropool/ISV Design Results			
Minimum Micropool Area (Sq. Ft.)	59	97	Assuming ISV above - Min. 10 ft ² per USDCM, Volume 3
Required ISV Volume (Cu. Ft.)	30	49	0.3% of WQCV, per USDCM, Volume 3
Is Required Micropool Area Met?	YES	YES	
Is Required ISV Volume Met?	YES	YES	

Figure 13-12c. Emergency Spillway Protection

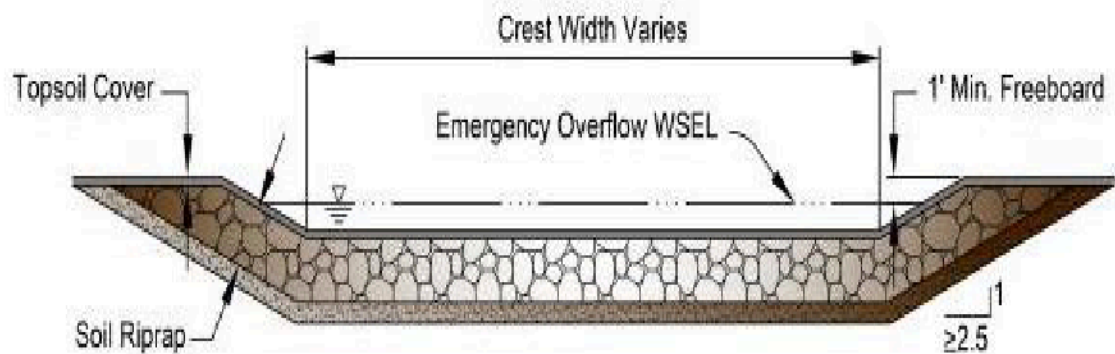
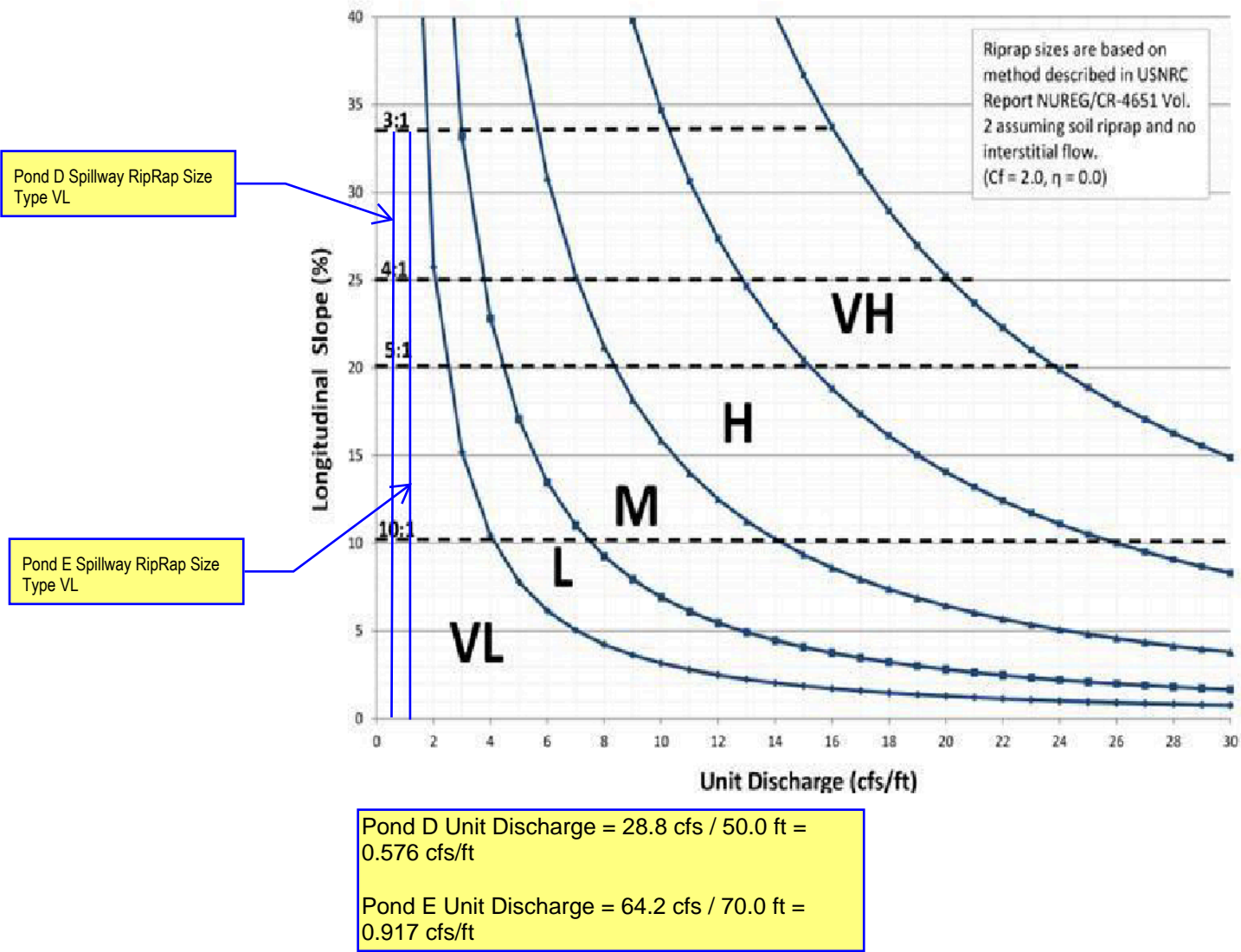


Figure 13-12d. Riprap Types for Emergency Spillway Protection



APPENDIX F

Drainage Maps

