Ivilo Heights Subdivision Final Drainage Report

Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado

January 2024

Completed By:

Brett Louk, P.E.

Eric Maxwell, I.E.

PCD No. 🖌

SF245



620 North Tejon, Suite 201 Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903 719-465-2145 blouk@smhconsultants.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TAI	BLE OF CONTENTS	1
STA	ATEMENT SHEET	2
1.	INTRODUCTION	3
2.	DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS	3
3.	DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA	5
4.	DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN	5
5.	FOUR STEP PROCESS	7
6.	FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT	8
7.	DRAINAGE BASIN FEES	8
8.	SUMMARY	8

APPENDIX



STATEMENT SHEET

Engineer's Statement:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the City/County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Brett Louk, P.E. #_____

Developer's Statement:

I, the developer have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

Pawel Posorski, Owner

Owner: 6225 Vessey LLC, Pawel Porsorski - Owner

Address: 3515 N. Chestnut St., Ste. 100_

Colorado Springs, CO 80907

El Paso County:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development Code as amended

Joshua Palmer, P.E. County Engineer

Conditions:



delete City

Date

2

Date

Date

1. INTRODUCTION

The owner of 6225 Vessey Road has asked SMH Consultants, P.A. (SMH) to conduct a stormwater drainage analysis for the proposed Ivilo Heights Subdivision to satisfy the El Paso County drainage criteria manual requirements. This analysis will determine potential impacts resulting from subdividing a 6.2-acre residential lot into 2 single-family residential lots.

a. Development Location

The property is located in the NW ¹/₄ of Section 6, Township 12 South, Range 65 West in El Paso County, Colorado. The site consists of 6.2-acres with a single residential house that has been removed. The lot is bordered by residential properties on all sides. The site is accessed via private drive off of Vessey Road. The general location of the site can be seen in the appendix.

b. Description of Property

The 6.2-acre site is to be divided into 2 residential lots. The site is located within the Kettle Creek Drainage Basin.

Based on a Custom Soil Resource Report, obtained from the USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey (accessed July 3, 2023) for the site, the native soil consists of *Elbeth sandy loam* with slopes ranging from 8-15 percent. This native soil is classified in Hydrologic Soil Group B. Group B soils are typically classified as somewhat excessively drained soil, with a low runoff class. The Custom Soil Report is included in the appendix of this report.

2. DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS

Please include vegetation information within the site.

a. Major Basin Descriptions

The subject site is entirely in the Kettle Creek drainage basin. Kettle Creek drainage basin was studied as part of the Drainage Basin Planning Study for Kettle Creek Basin prepared by JR Engineering LLC and approved on May 5, 2015. The project is in line with the results from the Drainage Basin Planning Study. The site can be split into seven smaller sub-basin drainage areas based on where flows leave the site. The Drainage Areas can be seen in the appendix of this report. The entirety of the site will sheet flow east, west and south at varying slopes from 3-15 percent and eventually meet in the Kettle Creek to the southwest.

b. Sub-Basin Descriptions

EX-1 is approximately 0.71 acres located in the northwest corner of the site. Stormwater runoff flows southwest at slopes ranging from 3-7 percent and flows along existing terrain patterns to Design Point 1 west of the site. EX-1 consists of both pasture and forested areas



and has an existing gravel driveway to be removed. This sub-basin has existing 5-yr and 100-yr flows of 0.25 cfs and 1.69 cfs, respectively.

EX-2 is approximately 1.33 acres located in the northeast corner of the site. Stormwater flows southeast at slopes ranging from 5-7 percent and flows along existing terrain patterns to Design Point 2 east of the site. EX-2 consists of pasture and forested areas as well as a small section of existing gravel driveway to be removed. This sub-basin has existing 5-yr and 100-yr flows of 0.36 cfs and 2.93 cfs, respectively.

EX- 3 is approximately 0.38 acres located in the southwest corner of the site. Stormwater flows southwest at slopes ranging from 2-13 percent and flows along existing terrain patterns to Design Point 3 southwest of the site. EX-3 consists of pasture and forested areas. This sub-basin has existing 5-yr and 100-yr flows of 0.12 cfs and 1.00 cfs, respectively.

EX-4 is approximately 1.87 acres located in the center of the site. Stormwater flows south at slopes ranging from 4-16 percent and flows along existing terrain patterns to Design Point 4 south of the site. EX-4 consists of pasture and forested areas. This sub-basin has existing 5-yr and 100-yr flows of 0.55 cfs and 4.46 cfs, respectively.

EX-5 is approximately 0.56 acres located in the center of the site. Stormwater flows south at slopes ranging from 7-16 percent and flows along existing terrain patterns to Design Point 5 south of the site. EX-5 consists of pasture and forested areas. This sub-basin has existing 5-yr and 100-yr flows of 0.17 cfs and 1.38 cfs, respectively.

EX-6 is approximately 0.51 acres located in the east side of the site. Stormwater flows southeast at slopes ranging from 6-13 percent and flows along existing terrain patterns to Design Point 6 east of the site. EX-6 consists entirely of pasture area. This sub-basin has existing 5-yr and 100-yr flows of 0.16 cfs and 1.34 cfs, respectively.

EX- 7 is approximately 0.47 acres located in the southeast corner of the site. Stormwater flows southeast at slopes ranging from 5-16 percent and flows along existing terrain patterns to Design Point 7 southeast of the site. EX-7 consists entirely of pasture area. This sub-basin has existing 5-yr and 100-yr flows of 0.16 cfs and 1.33 cfs, respectively.

There are no offsite drainage areas that flow onto the site. The 5-yr and 100-yr hydrographs for the existing conditions are shown in the appendix of this report.

A new shared driveway will be constructed off of Vessey Rd. to serve the two lots. An 18" culvert will be installed under this new driveway. Future owners of Lots 1 and 2 will be required to submit an engineered site plan at time of building permit. This engineered site plan shall depict the location of the house, driveway, and any necessary culverts that may be required based on placement of the house and driveway.



This section is repeated in the proposed condition. Please remove.

3. DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

a. Development Criteria Reference

Pre- and post-development drainage characteristics were reviewed, studied, and analyzed using the *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual*, Federal Emergency Management Agency's Flood Insurance Rate Map and USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey. Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension and AutoCAD Civil3D modeling software were utilized to develop a model to determine peak flow hydrographs for the site.

b. Hydrologic Criteria

Hydrology calculations in this report were performed following the methodologies outlined in the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and the El Paso Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM) Volumes 1 and 2. Drainage characteristics were delineated based on existing topographic information from a topographical survey performed by Crossed Paths Surveying and USGS topographical maps. In the appendix, Figures 3 & 4 show the site drainage information.

Since the watershed area encompassing the development site is less than 100 acres, the Rational Method was used to determine peak flows for the 5-year and 100-year storm events. Weighted C values were determined for each drainage area within the proposed site based on the amount of impervious and pervious areas. A runoff coefficient (C) was chosen from Table 6-6 of the *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 1 Update*. As mentioned earlier, the site consists of Hydrological Soil Group B. The Weighted C values are shown in the Appendix in Tables 1 and 2.

The time of concentration was calculated for each drainage area based off methods found in Chapter 6, Section 3.2 of the *El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 1 update*. The first 300 feet of unconcentrated overland flow time was calculated and added to the subsequent channelized flow times. Channelized flow times were calculated using channel flow time equation. Table 3, in the appendix, depicts the assumptions and variables used to determine the time of concentrations.

4. DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

a. General Concept

The site will be subdivided into two single-family residential lots. This development does not include any site grading, roadway construction or drainage structure installation. Due to this, the developed drainage basins and design points are the same as pre-developed. The C values for the site will change minimally due to the addition of the two single-family residences. The 5- and 100-year hydrographs for the proposed conditions are shown in the appendix.



Please revise to be proposed design DP1 to match the proposed drainage map. This comment is applied to all Drainage Area.

Drainage Area 1 is approximately 0.71 acres located in the northwest corner of the site. The only planned improvement for this area is the existing driveway will be removed. The overall flow pattern will remain unchanged from existing conditions. The drainage area has proposed 5-year and 100-year flows of 0.20 cfs and 1.65 cfs, respectively.

Drainage Area 2 is approximately 1.33 acres located in the northeast corner of the site. The planned improvements for this area could include a portion of a new gravel driveway and future residence. It is unknown at this time where the future residence and gravel driveway might be constructed. To be conservative, 10% of the existing pervious area for Drainage Area 2 was counted as impervious area for the runoff calculations in the post-development condition. The 10% was determined based on the 10% criteria for 2.5-acre lots in the County's Post Construction Stormwater Management Applicability Form. The overall flow pattern for Drainage Area 2 will remain unchanged from existing conditions. The drainage area has proposed 5-year and 100-year flows of 0.74 cfs and 3.52 cfs, respectively

The proposed runoff Drainage Area 3 is approximately 0.38 acres located in the southwest corner of flow for DP2 is twice the existing amount. There are no planned improvements for this area and the overall flow pattern w Please discuss unchanged from existing conditions. The drainage area has proposed 5-year and whether this increase will impact

Drainage Area 4 is approximately 1.87 acres located in the center of the site. T downstream. improvements for this area could include a portion of a new gravel driveway and future residence. It is unknown at this time where the future residence and gravel driveway might be constructed. To be conservative, 10% of the existing pervious area for Drainage Area 2 was counted as impervious area for the runoff calculations in the post-development condition. The 10% was determined based on the 10% criteria for 2.5-acre lots in the County's Post Construction Stormwater Management Applicability Form. The overall flow pattern for Drainage Area 4 will remain unchanged from existing conditions. The drainage area has proposed 5-year and 100-year flows of 1.13 cfs and 5.39 cfs, respectively. The proposed runoff

flows of 0.12 cfs and 1.00 cfs, respectively.

flow of DP4 is double Drainage Area 5 is approximately 0.56 acres located in the center of the site. The plather existing amount. improvements for this area could include a portion of a new gravel driveway and futi Please discuss residence. It is unknown at this time where the future residence and gravel driveway whether this increase constructed. To be conservative, 10% of the existing pervious area for Drainage Area will impact counted as impervious area for the runoff calculations in the post-development condi downstream. The 10% was determined based on the 10% criteria for 2.5-acre lots in the County's Construction Stormwater Management Applicability Form. The overall flow pattern for Drainage Area 5 will remain unchanged from existing conditions. The drainage area has proposed 5-year and 100-year flows of 0.35 cfs and 1.67 cfs, respectively.

Drainage Area 6 is approximately 0.51 acres located in the east side of the site. There are no planned improvements for this area and the overall flow pattern will remain unchanged from existing conditions. The drainage area has proposed 5-year and 100-year flows of 0.16 cfs and 1.34 cfs, respectively.



Drainage Area 7 is approximately 0.47 acres located in the southeast corner of the site. There are no planned improvements for this area and the overall flow pattern will remain unchanged from existing conditions. The drainage area has proposed 5-year and 100-year flows of 0.16 cfs and 1.33 cfs, respectively.

A new shared driveway will be constructed off of Vessey Rd. to serve the two lots. An 18" culvert will be installed under this new driveway. Future owners of Lots 1 and 2 will be required to submit an engineered site plan at time of building permit. This engineered site plan shall depict the location of the house, driveway, and any necessary culverts that may be required based on placement of the house and driveway.

5. FOUR STEP PROCESS

El Paso County requires a four-step process for stormwater quality management: reducing runoff volumes, treating the water quality capture volume, stabilizing streams, and implementing long-term source controls. These steps are further outlined in Volumes 1 and 2 of the County's Drainage Criteria Manual.

Step 1: Employ Runoff Reduction Practices. The site has been designed so that all runoff runs through native pasture before leaving the site and entering downstream receiving waters. This will minimize directly connected impervious areas within the site.

Step 2: Implement BMPs that Provide Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) with Slow Release. Per the Phase II Stormwater Regulations in Volume II of the Drainage Criteria Manual, this site is not required to provide permanent stormwater quality facilities. It is not part of a larger plan of development and the disturbed area is less than 1 acre. Per the County's Post Construction Stormwater Management Applicability (PBMP) Evaluation Form, permanent BMPs are not required as the project is considered a Large Lot Single-Family site with greater than 2.5 acres per dwelling and less than 10% impervious area for each lot.

Step 3: Stabilize Drainageways. The existing natural channels will remain in place and undisturbed. Leaving the existing native vegetation will provide established vegetation to help prevent erosion. Once runoff leaves the site, it will travel approximately 14,000 feet, through natural channels, before it enters Kettle Creek. Because of the path the runoff from the subject site takes, before it enters the first receiving waters, no downstream improvements are needed.

Step 4: Implement Site Specific and Other Source Control BMPs. Soil erosion control measures will be implemented during construction of the individual homes and the shared driveway. Some of the measures to be implemented during construction include: silt fence, temporary construction entrance, permanent/temporary seeding, etc. The full soil erosion control measures to be utilized during construction on the homes will be further outlined at the time of building permit application for the respective home.



6. FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

No portion of the site is located within a 100-year floodplain as determined by the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) number 08041C0315G effective date December 7, 2018 (see Figure 2 in the appendix).

7. DRAINAGE BASIN FEES

The site is located entirely within the Kettle Creek Drainage Basin. The total amount of new development in the Kettle Creek Drainage Basin is 6.2 acres. The average impervious percentage for single family homes on a 2.5-acre lot is 11%. The lots will all be low density, therefore a 25% reduction is allowed. The 2023 drainage and bridge fees are as shown below.

Drainage Fees: 6.2 acres x 0.	11 x 0.75 x \$	12,463/acre =	Please revise the	
Bridge Fees: \$0				2024 drainage and bridge fees.
Total Fees: \$6,374.82	Please revi \$13,410/ac	se it to be re		

8. SUMMARY

A drainage analysis was conducted for a 6.2-acre residential site to be subdivided into two single-family residential lots and will be known as Ivilo Subdivision. The site is located in the Kettle Creek drainage basin. Based on the analysis, the 5-year & 100-year post-development stormwater peak flow rates will be slightly higher than the pre-developed stormwater peak flow rates. Subdividing the site and developing 1 additional residential lot should not adversely impact surrounding or downstream properties.



References

El Paso County Assessor (2020). *El Paso County Assessor's Real Property Search*. Retrieved from <u>https://www.elpasoco.com/search-el-paso-county/</u>

El Paso County Clerk and Recorder (2001-2020). *El Paso County Clerk and Recorder Web Access*. Retrieved from publicrecordsearch.elpasoco.com/

United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service (2021, July 31). *Web Soil Survey*. Retrieved from https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx

Federal Emergency Management Agency (2020). *FEMA Flood Map Service Center*. Retrieved from <u>https://msc.fema.gov/portal/home</u>

El Paso County, Colorado (2018). *Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1*. Retrieved from: <u>https://library.municode.com/co/el_paso_county/codes/drainage_criteria_manual?nodeId</u> <u>=DRCRMAVO1ELPACO</u>

El Paso County, Colorado (2018). *Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 2*. Retrieved from: <u>https://library.municode.com/co/el_paso_county/codes/drainage_criteria_manual?nodeId</u> <u>=DRCRMAVO2STQUPOPRBEMAPRBM</u>

JR Engineering LLC (2015). *Drainage Basin Planning Study for Kettle Creek Basin*. Retrieved from: <u>https://coloradosprings.gov/sites/default/files/5___kettle_creek.pdf</u>



APPENDIX



VICINITY MAP





SOILS REPORT





United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation

Service

A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for El Paso County Area, Colorado

6225 Vessey Rd.



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require

alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Contents

Preface	2
How Soil Surveys Are Made	5
Soil Map	
Soil Map	9
Legend	10
Map Unit Legend	11
Map Unit Descriptions	11
El Paso County Area, Colorado	
26—Elbeth sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	13
References	15

How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



	MAP L	EGEND		MAP INFORMATION
Area of Int	erest (AOI)	300	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at
	Area of Interest (AOI)	۵	Stony Spot	1:24,000.
Soils		0	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Man may not be valid at this scale
	Soil Map Unit Polygons	ŵ	Wet Spot	Warning. Son Map may not be valid at this scale.
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	8 A	Other	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause
	Soil Map Unit Points		Special Line Features	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of
Special	Point Features	Water Fea	tures	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed
<u></u>	Biowoul	~	Streams and Canals	
×	Borrow Pit	Transporta	ation	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map
英	Clay Spot	+++	Rails	measurements.
\diamond	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways	Source of Man: Natural Resources Conservation Service
X	Gravel Pit	\sim	US Routes	Web Soil Survey URL:
00	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
0	Landfill	~	Local Roads	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator
٨.	Lava Flow	Backgrou	nd	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts
علاد	Marsh or swamp	No.	Aerial Photography	Albers equal-area conic projection that preserves area, such as the
衆	Mine or Quarry			accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
0	Miscellaneous Water			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as
0	Perennial Water			of the version date(s) listed below.
~	Rock Outcrop			Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
+	Saline Spot			Survey Area Data: Version 20, Sep 2, 2022
• •	Sandy Spot			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales
-	Severely Eroded Spot			1:50,000 or larger.
۵	Sinkhole			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 0, 2021, Jun 12
à	Slide or Slip			2021
e M	Sodic Spot			
Jø				compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
26	Elbeth sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	6.3	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		6.3	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

El Paso County Area, Colorado

26—Elbeth sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 367y Elevation: 7,300 to 7,600 feet Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Elbeth and similar soils: 85 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Elbeth

Setting

Landform: Hills Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from arkose

Typical profile

A - 0 to 3 inches: sandy loam E - 3 to 23 inches: loamy sand Bt - 23 to 68 inches: sandy clay loam C - 68 to 74 inches: sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 7.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: F048AY908CO - Mixed Conifer Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

References

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). 2004. Standard specifications for transportation materials and methods of sampling and testing. 24th edition.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). 2005. Standard classification of soils for engineering purposes. ASTM Standard D2487-00.

Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of wetlands and deep-water habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service FWS/OBS-79/31.

Federal Register. July 13, 1994. Changes in hydric soils of the United States.

Federal Register. September 18, 2002. Hydric soils of the United States.

Hurt, G.W., and L.M. Vasilas, editors. Version 6.0, 2006. Field indicators of hydric soils in the United States.

National Research Council. 1995. Wetlands: Characteristics and boundaries.

Soil Survey Division Staff. 1993. Soil survey manual. Soil Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 18. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/ nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2_054262

Soil Survey Staff. 1999. Soil taxonomy: A basic system of soil classification for making and interpreting soil surveys. 2nd edition. Natural Resources Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 436. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2_053577

Soil Survey Staff. 2010. Keys to soil taxonomy. 11th edition. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2_053580

Tiner, R.W., Jr. 1985. Wetlands of Delaware. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Wetlands Section.

United States Army Corps of Engineers, Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers wetlands delineation manual. Waterways Experiment Station Technical Report Y-87-1.

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National forestry manual. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/ home/?cid=nrcs142p2 053374

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National range and pasture handbook. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/ detail/national/landuse/rangepasture/?cid=stelprdb1043084

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National soil survey handbook, title 430-VI. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/ nrcs/detail/soils/scientists/?cid=nrcs142p2_054242

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2006. Land resource regions and major land resource areas of the United States, the Caribbean, and the Pacific Basin. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 296. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/? cid=nrcs142p2_053624

United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. 1961. Land capability classification. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 210. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/nrcs142p2_052290.pdf

FEMA FLOOD PLAIN MAP



NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations** (BFEs) and/or floodways have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 13. The horizontal datum was NAD83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website a http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/ or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12

National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202

1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by EI Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, City of Fountain, Bureau of Land Management, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, United States Geological Survey, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These data are current as of 2006.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. The profile baselines depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable, in the FIS report. As a result, the profile paselines may deviate significantly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

Contact FEMA Map Service Center (MSC) via the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) 1-877-336-2627 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. The MSC may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website a http://www.msc.fema.gov/.

If you have questions about this map or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at http://www.fema.gov/business/nfip.

El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table **Vertical Datum** Flooding Source Offset (ft)

REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION

Panel Location Map



This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a Cooperating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).



Additional Flood Hazard information and resources are available from local communities and the Colorado Water Conservation Board.



	00-0	
	SPECIAL FLOO INUNDATION B	d Hazard Areas (SFHAS) SUBJECT TO Y THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD
The 1% annu that has a 1% Hazard Area Special Flood Elevation is th	al chance flood (100 chance of being eq is the area subject Hazard include Zone ne water-surface eleva	-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood ualed or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of s A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood ation of the 1% annual chance flood.
ZONE A ZONE AE	No Base Flood Eleva Base Flood Elevation	ations determined. ns determined.
ZONE AH	Flood depths of 1 Elevations determin	to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood ed.
ZONE AO	Flood depths of 1 to depths determined determined.	o 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average . For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also
ZONE AR	Special Flood Hazar flood by a flood co AR indicates that 1 provide protection f	d Area Formerly protected from the 1% annual chance introl system that was subsequently decertified. Zone the former flood control system is being restored to rom the 1% annual chance or greater flood.
ZONE A99	Area to be protect protection system	ed from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood under construction; no Base Flood Elevations
ZONE V	determined. Coastal flood zone	with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood
ZONE VE	Elevations determin Coastal flood zone	ed. e with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood
	FLOODWAY ARE	ea. EAS IN ZONE AE
The floodway kept free of	is the channel of a s encroachment so tha	stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be It the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without
	OTHER FLOOD	AREAS
ZONE X	Areas of 0.2% annu average depths of	ual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1
	square mile; and an	eas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.
	OTHER AREAS	the outside the 0.7% annual chance fleedalais
ZONE A	Areas in which floor	hazards are undetermined, but possible.
$\langle \rangle$	COASTAL BARR	IER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS
$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$	OTHERWISE PR	OTECTED AREAS (OPAs)
CBRS areas a	nd OPAs are normally	located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.
	Floodp	lain boundary vay boundary
	Zone D) Boundary and OPA boundary
	Bounda	ary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base
~~ 513	Flood Base F	Lievations, Hood depths of Hood Velocities.
(EL 987	') Base F elevati	lood Elevation value where uniform within zone; on in feet*
* Referenced	to the North America	n Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)
$\langle \mathbf{A} \rangle$	- A Cross s	section line
(23)	(23) Transe	ect line
97° 07' 30 32° 22' 30	.00" Geogra .00" Datum	aphic coordinates referenced to the North American of 1983 (NAD 83)
⁴² 75 ^{000m}	N 1000-n zone 1	neter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, 3
6000000	FT 5000-f system	oot grid ticks: Colorado State Plane coordinate n, central zone (FIPSZONE 0502),
DX5510	Lambe	mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of
	× this FII	RM panel)
• M1.5	River N	file
	Refer to	MAP REPOSITORIES Map Repositories list on Map Index
	EFFE FLC	CTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE DOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
	EFFECTIVE DA	
	BER 7, 2018 - to upda ood Hazard Areas, to	ate corporate limits, to change Base Flood Elevations and update map format, to add roads and road names, and to
DECEME Special Fl	incorporate pr	rationally leasured funktions of Man. Deviation
DECEMI Special Fl	w man middle the	eviously issued Letters of Map Revision.
DECEME Special Fl For communit Map History T	ty map revision histor able located in the Flo	eviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.
DECEME Special Fl For communit Map History T To determine agent or call	ty map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins	eviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620.
DECEME Special Fl For communit Map History T To determine agent or call f	ty map revision histor Table located in the Flo if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620.
DECEME Special Fl For communi Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	ty map revision histor Table located in the Flo if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins N 500 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1'' = 1000' 1000 2000
DECEME Special FI For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call t	ty map revision histor Table located in the Flore if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 500 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET
DECEME Special Fi For communi Map History 1 To determine agent or call	ty map revision histor Table located in the Flor if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 500 0 500 0 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET METERS 300 600
DECEME Special FI For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call	y map revision histor able located in the Flo if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 500 0 500 0 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET FEET METERS 300 600
DECEME Special FI For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 3	ty map revision histor able located in the Flo if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 500 0 500 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G
DECEMP Special FI For communi Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1 3	ty map revision histor able located in the Flo if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 500 0 500 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET 1000 2000 FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G
DECEME Special FI For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 3	ty map revision histor able located in the Flo if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 500 0 500 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM
DECEME Special Fi For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 3	ty map revision histor Table located in the Fluc- if flood insurance is the National Flood Insu- N 500 0 00 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
DECEMP Special Fi For communi Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	ty map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 500 0 500 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET 1000 2000 FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLLOD 4 DOC
DECEMP Special FI For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	ty map revision histor able located in the Flo if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 500 0 500 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET 1000 2000 FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED ADEAS
DECEME Special FI For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	ty map revision histor Table located in the Fluc- if flood insurance is the National Flood Insurance 00 0 00 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 100 2000 FEET 100 2000 FEET 100 600 PANEL 0315G FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP AND INCORPORATED AREAS
DECEMP Special FI For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 100 2000 FEET 100 END METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300
DECEMP Special Fi For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS:
DECEMP Special Fi For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	y map revision histor able located in the Flucture if flood insurance is the National Flood Insurance 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. AP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX
DECEMP Special Fi For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Ins	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 100 2000 FEET 1000 FEET 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX EL PASO COUNTY 080059 0315 G
DECEMP Special Fi For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Insu- 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community savailable in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 100 2000 FEET 300 600 METERS 300 600
DECEMP Special Fi For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Insu- 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community savailable in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 100 2000 FEET 100 600 METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX EL PASO COUNTY 080059 0315 G
DECEMP Special Fi For communi Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Insu- 00 0 00 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community savailable in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. AP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000
DECEMP Special FI	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- tif flood insurance is the National Flood Ins 00 0 00 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community savailable in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP SUPPORT AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX EL PASO COUNTY 080059 0315 G
DECEMP Special FI	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Insu- 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. Ty prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. The swallable in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 100 200 FEET 100 600 PANEL 0315G FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP SUBJECT OF THE MAP NUMBER PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY 080059 0315 G
DECEMP Special Fi For communi Map History 1 To determine agent or call 1	y map revision histor able located in the Flucture if flood insurance is the National Flood Insurance 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community ood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 100 200 FEET 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX EL PASO COUNTY 080059 0315 G Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders: the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.
DECEMP Special FI	y map revision histor able located in the Flucture if flood insurance is the National Flood Insurance 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community od Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. savailable in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. Merters 300 000 FEET METERS 300 600 METERS 300 600 METERS 300 600 METERS 300 000 METERS 300 00
DECEMP Special FI	y map revision histor able located in the Flu- if flood insurance is the National Flood Insu- 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	eviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community tood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 100 200 FEET METERS 300 600 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX EL PASO COUNTY 00059 0315 G Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders: the Community Number subject community. MAP NUMBER 08041C0315G
DECEMP Special FI	y map revision histor able located in the Flucture if flood insurance is the National Flood Insurance 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community odd Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. s available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. MAP SCALE 1" = 1000' 1000 2000 FEET 1000 PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP SUBJECT OF 13000 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT) CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX EL PASO COUNTY 080059 0315 G NOTE: COMMUNITY 080059 0315 G NOTE: NOTE: NOTE: COMMUNITY 080059 0315 G NOTE: NOTE: COMMUNITY 080059 0315 G NAP NUMBER 08041C0315G MAP REVISED
DECEMP Special Fi For communit Map History 1 To determine agent or call 4	y map revision histor able located in the Flucture if flood insurance is the National Flood Insurance 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	reviously issued Letters of Map Revision. y prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community cod Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. available in this community, contact your insurance surance Program at 1-800-638-6620. PANEL 0315G PANEL 0315G FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS PANEL 315 OF 1300 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT CONTAINS: COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX EL PASO COUNTY 08009 0315 G NOMEDINTY 08009 0315 G Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders: the Community Number subject community. MAP NUMBER 08041C0315G MAP REVISED DECEMBER 7, 2018

HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS



Table 1 - Pre-Development Weighted C Calculations								
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.24	0.02				
EX-1 (5-Year)	Gravel	0.59	0.03	0.02				
	Forest	0.44	0.04					
	Weighted C: (CxA) _{to}	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.10				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.65	0.05				
EX-2 (5-Year)	Gravel	0.59	0.003	0.00				
	Forest	0.08	0.68	0.05				
	Weighted C: (CxA) _{te}	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.08				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
FX-3 (5-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.16	0.01				
	Forest	0.08	0.22	0.02				
	Weighted C: (CxA) _{te}	_{ot} /A _{tot}	1	0.08				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C_5 Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
EX-4 (5-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.96	0.08				
(/	Forest	0.08	0.91	0.07				
	Weighted C: (CxA) _{to}	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.08				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C_5 Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
EX-5 (5-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.51	0.04				
	Forest	0.08	0.05	0.00				
	weighted C: (CXA) _{to}	ot/A _{tot}		0.08				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
EX-6 (5-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.51	0.04				
	Weighted C: (CxA)tc	ot/Atot		0.08				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
EX-7 (5-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.47	0.04				
	Weighted C: (CxA)to	ot/Atot	. (0.08				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
EV 1 (100 Voor)	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.24	0.08				
EX-1 (100-Year)	Gravel	0.70	0.03	0.02				
	Weighted C: (CvA)	0.55	0.44	0.10				
Drainago Racin	Cover Type		Area (AC)	0.50				
Drainage Basin	Pasture/Meadow	0 35	Area (AC)	0.23				
EX-2 (100-Year)	Gravel	0.33	0.003	0.23				
	Forest	0.35	0.68	0.24				
	Weighted C: (CxA) _{te}	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.35				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
EV 2 (100 Voor)	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.16	0.05				
EV-3 (100-leal)	Forest	0.35	0.22	0.08				
	Weighted C: (CxA) _{te}	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.35				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
FX-4 (100-Vear)	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.96	0.34				
LV + (100-1691)	Forest	0.35	0.91	0.32				
	Weighted C: (CxA) _{te}	ot/A _{tot}		0.35				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
FX-5 (100-Vear)	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.51	0.18				
2.7.3 (100 (cdf)	Forest	0.35	0.05	0.02				
	Weighted C: (CxA) _{to}	ot/A _{tot}		0.35				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
EX-6 (100-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.51	0.18				
	Weighted C: (CxA)to	ot/Atot		0.35				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA				
EX-7 (100-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.47	0.16				
,,	Weighted C: (CxA)to	ot/Atot		0.35				

Table 2 - Post-Development Weighted C Calculations							
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
P 1 (5 Voor)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.27	0.02			
F-I (J-Teal)	Forest	0.08	0.44	0.04			
	Weighted C: (CxA) _t	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.08			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.59	0.05			
P-2 (5-Year)	Drive and Walks	0.90	0.13	0.12			
	Forest	0.08	0.61	0.05			
	0.16						
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
P 2 (E Voar)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.16	0.01			
F-5 (5-1ear)	Forest	0.08	0.22	0.02			
	Weighted C: (CxA) _t	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.08			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.86	0.07			
P-4 (5-Year)	Drive and Walks	0.90	0.19	0.17			
	Forest	0.08	0.82	0.07			
	Weighted C: (CxA) _t	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.16			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.46	0.04			
P-5 (5-Year)	Drive and Walks	0.90	0.06	0.05			
	Forest	0.08	0.05	0.00			
	Weighted C: (CxA) _t	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.16			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
P-6 (5-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.51	0.04			
	Weighted C: (CxA) _t	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.08			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₅ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
P-7 (5-Year)	Pasture/Meadow	0.08	0.47	0.04			
	Weighted C: (CxA) _t	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.08			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
P-1 (100-Vear)	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.27	0.09			
1 1 (100 1001)	Forest	0.35	0.44	0.15			
	Weighted C: (CxA) _t	_{ot} /A _{tot}		0.35			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.59	0.21			
P-2 (100-Year)	Drive and Walks	0.96	0.13	0.12			
	Forest	0.35	0.61	0.21			
.		ot/Atot		0.41			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ value	Area (AC)	CXA			
P-3 (100-Year)	Forest	0.35	0.16	0.05			
	Weighted C: (CxA).	0.55	0.35				
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	Citon Value	Area (AC)	5.55 (γΔ			
Dramage Dasiil	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.86	0.30			
P-4 (100-Year)	Drive and Walks	0.96	0.19	0.18			
(()	Forest	0.35	0.82	0.29			
	Weighted C: (CxA).	ot/A _{tot}		0.41			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ Value	Area (AC)	CxA			
	Pasture/Meadow	0.35	0.46	0.16			
P-5 (100-Year)	Drive and Walks	0.96	0.06	0.05			
- (Forest	0.35	0.05	0.02			
	Weighted C: (CxA).	ot/Atot	0.00	0.41			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	Citon Value	Area (AC)	<u></u> (γΔ			
P_6 (100-Voor)	Dasture/Mondow	0.25		0 10			
r -0 (100-16di)	Weighted C: (C:A)	/^	0.51	0.10			
Designed D		ot/ Atot	Aug = (A C)	0.35			
Drainage Basin	Cover Type	C ₁₀₀ value	Area (AC)				
P-7 (100-Year)	Weighted C: (C:A)	0.35	0.47	0.16			
I	weiginten C: (CXA)	ot/ Atot		0.35			

Table 3 - Calculation of Time of Concentration - Pre-Development											
Drainage Area ID	Area (SF)	Area (Acre)	C5	C100	Longest Flow Path (ft)	High Elev.	Low Elev.	Average Slope	Overland Flow Time	Travel Time From Equaiton 6-9	Time of Concentration (Minutes)
EX-1	30927.60	0.71	0.10	0.36	280	7515.67	7501.85	4.93%	17.83	0.00	17.83
EX-2	57934.80	1.33	0.08	0.35	566	7515.25	7481.51	5.96%	17.66	2.68	20.34
EX-3	16552.80	0.38	0.08	0.35	232	7504.75	7486.89	7.69%	14.30	0.00	14.30
EX-4	81457.20	1.87	0.08	0.35	440	7514.36	7480.38	7.72%	15.80	1.31	17.11
EX-5	24393.60	0.56	0.08	0.35	324	7508.68	7478.84	9.20%	15.62	0.14	15.76
EX-6	22215.6	0.51	0.08	0.35	240	7501.9	7480.61	8.87%	13.94	0.00	13.94
EX-7	20473.2	0.47	0.08	0.35	174	7497.031	7482.098	8.56%	11.95	0.00	11.95

Table 4 - Calculation of Time of Concentration - Post-Development																									
Drainage Area ID	Area (SF)	Area (Acre)	C5	C100	Longest Flow Path (ft)	High Elev.	Low Elev.	Average Slope	Overland Flow Time	Travel Time From Equation 6-9	Time of Concentration (Minutes)														
P-1	30927.60	0.71	0.08	0.35	280	7515.67	7501.85	4.93%	18.20	0.00	18.20														
P-2	57934.80	1.33	0.16	0.41	566	7515.25	7481.51	5.96%	16.27	2.68	18.95														
P-3	16552.80	0.38	0.08	0.35	232	7504.75	7486.89	7.69%	14.30	0.00	14.30														
P-4	81457.20	1.87	0.16	0.41	440	7514.36	7480.38	7.72%	14.51	1.31	15.82														
P-5	24393.60	0.56	0.16	0.41	324	7508.68	7478.84	9.20%	14.39	0.14	14.53														
P-6	22215.60	0.51	0.08	0.35	240	7501.90	7480.61	8.87%	13.94	0.00	13.94														
P-7	20473.20	0.47	0.08	0.35	174	7497.03	7482.10	8.56%	11.95	0.00	11.95														
								Time	e of Concer	tration Calc	ulations														
----------	------------	----------------	----------------	-------	-------------------------	----------------	----------	-------------	-----------------------	----------------------	-------------------------	----------------	------------------	-----------	----	----------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	---------------------------	----------------------	-------	-------	----------------------	---------	---------
Sub-	Basin Date								Time of Co	ncentration	Estimate								in. t _c in Urb	ban					
			A	Area	Area		Initial,	/Overland T	ïme (t _i)			Travel Time (t _t)					Travel T	「ime (t _t)			Comp.	t _c Check	(urban)	Final t
Basin	(ac)	C ₅	Length (ft)	Slope	t _i (min)	Length (ft)	Slope	Land Type	C _v	Velocity (ft/sec)	t _t (min)	Length (ft)	Slope	Land Type	Cv	Velocity (ft/sec)	t _t (min)	t _c (min)	Total Length	t _c Check					
EX. DP-1	0.71	0.10	280	0.049	17.83	0	1.000	SP	7	7.00	0.00							17.83	280.00	11.56	17.83				
EX. DP-2	1.33	0.08	300	0.060	17.66	266	0.056	SP	7	1.66	2.68							20.34	566.00	13.14	20.34				
EX. DP-3	0.38	0.08	232	0.077	14.30	0	1.000	SP	7	7.00	0.00							14.30	232.00	11.29	14.30				
EX. DP-4	1.87	0.08	300	0.084	15.80	140	0.065	SP	7	1.78	1.31							17.11	440.00	12.44	17.11				
EX. DP-5	0.56	0.08	300	0.087	15.62	24	0.161	SP	7	2.81	0.14							15.76	324.00	11.80	15.76				
EX. DP-6	0.51	0.08	240	0.088	13.94	0	1.000	SP	7	7.00	0.00							13.94	240.00	11.33	13.94				
EX. DP-7	0.47	0.08	174	0.086	11.95	0	1.000	SP	7	7.00	0.00							11.95	174.00	10.97	11.95				
DP-1	0.71	0.08	280	0.049	18.20	0	1.000	SP	7	7.00	0.00							18.20	280.00	11.56	18.20				
DP-2	1.33	0.16	300	0.060	16.27	266	0.056	SP	7	1.66	2.68							18.95	566.00	13.14	18.95				
DP-3	0.38	0.08	232	0.077	14.30	0	1.000	SP	7	7.00	0.00							14.30	232.00	11.29	14.30				
DP-4	1.87	0.16	300	0.084	14.51	140	0.065	SP	7	1.78	1.31							15.82	440.00	12.44	15.82				
DP-5	0.56	0.16	300	0.087	14.39	24	0.161	SP	7	2.81	0.14							14.53	324.00	11.80	14.53				
DP-6	0.51	0.08	240	0.088	13.94	0	1.000	SP	7	7.00	0.00							13.94	240.00	11.33	13.94				
DP-7	0.47	0.08	174	0.086	11.95	0	1.000	SP	7	7.00	0.00							11.95	174.00	10.97	11.95				

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 1

EX-1 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.252 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 18 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 272 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.710 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.1
Intensity	= 3.553 in/hr	Tc by User	= 18.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 2

P-1 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.202 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 18 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 218 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.710 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 3.553 in/hr	Tc by User	= 18.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 3

EX-2 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.358 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 20 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 429 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.330 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 3.363 in/hr	Tc by User	= 20.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 4

P-2 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.735 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 19 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 838 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.330 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.16
Intensity	= 3.455 in/hr	Tc by User	= 19.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 5

EX-3 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.123 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 14 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 103 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.380 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 4.030 in/hr	Tc by User	= 14.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 6

P-3 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.123 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 14 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 103 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.380 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 4.030 in/hr	Tc by User	= 14.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 7

EX-4 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.547 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 17 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 558 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.870 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 3.658 in/hr	Tc by User	= 17.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 8

P-4 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.129 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 16 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,083 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.870 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.16
Intensity	= 3.772 in/hr	Tc by User	= 16.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 9

EX-5 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.169 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 16 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 162 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.560 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 3.772 in/hr	Tc by User	= 16.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 10

P-5 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.349 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 15 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 314 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.560 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.16
Intensity	= 3.896 in/hr	Tc by User	= 15.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



10

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 11

EX-6 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.164 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 14 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 138 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.510 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 4.030 in/hr	Tc by User	= 14.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 12

P-6 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.164 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 14 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 138 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.510 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 4.030 in/hr	Tc by User	= 14.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



12

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 13

EX-7 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.163 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 12 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 117 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.470 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 4.339 in/hr	Tc by User	= 12.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



13

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 14

P-7 (5-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.163 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 12 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 117 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.470 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.08
Intensity	= 4.339 in/hr	Tc by User	= 12.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 20

Existing Combined (5-YR)

Hydrograph type	= Combine	Peak discharge	= 1.569 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 17 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1.781 cuft
Inflow hyds.	= 18, 19	Contrib. drain. area	= 5.83 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 17

Proposed Combined (5-YR)

= Combine	Peak discharge	= 2.608 cfs
= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 16 min
= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 2.812 cuft
= 15, 16	Contrib. drain. area	= 5.83 ac
	 = Combine = 5 yrs = 1 min = 15, 16 	= CombinePeak discharge= 5 yrsTime to peak= 1 minHyd. volume= 15, 16Contrib. drain. area



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 1

EX-1 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.694 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 18 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,830 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.710 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.36
Intensity	= 6.629 in/hr	Tc by User	= 18.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 2

P-1 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.647 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 18 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,779 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.710 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 6.629 in/hr	Tc by User	= 18.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 3

EX-2 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 2.926 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 20 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 3,512 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.330 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 6.286 in/hr	Tc by User	= 20.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 4

P-2 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 3.518 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 19 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 4,010 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.330 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.41
Intensity	= 6.451 in/hr	Tc by User	= 19.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 5

EX-3 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.997 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 14 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 837 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.380 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 7.494 in/hr	Tc by User	= 14.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 6

P-3 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.997 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 14 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 837 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.380 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 7.494 in/hr	Tc by User	= 14.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 7

EX-4 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 4.463 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 17 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 4,553 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.870 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 6.819 in/hr	Tc by User	= 17.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 8

P-4 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 5.387 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 16 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 5,171 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.870 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.41
Intensity	= 7.026 in/hr	Tc by User	= 16.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 9

EX-5 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.377 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 16 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,322 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.560 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 7.026 in/hr	Tc by User	= 16.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 10

P-5 (100-Year)

= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.665 cfs
= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 15 min
= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,498 cuft
= 0.560 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.41
= 7.250 in/hr	Tc by User	= 15.00 min
= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1
	 Rational 100 yrs 1 min 0.560 ac 7.250 in/hr Colorado Springs.IDF 	= RationalPeak discharge= 100 yrsTime to peak= 1 minHyd. volume= 0.560 acRunoff coeff.= 7.250 in/hrTc by User= Colorado Springs.IDFAsc/Rec limb fact



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 11

EX-6 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.338 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 14 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,124 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.510 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 7.494 in/hr	Tc by User	= 14.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 12

P-6 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.338 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 14 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,124 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.510 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 7.494 in/hr	Tc by User	= 14.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



12

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 13

EX-7 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.325 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 12 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 954 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.470 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 8.057 in/hr	Tc by User	= 12.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 14

P-7 (100-Year)

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 1.325 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 12 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 954 cuft
Drainage area	= 0.470 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 8.057 in/hr	Tc by User	= 12.00 min
IDF Curve	= Colorado Springs.IDF	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 17

Existing Combined (100-YR)

Hydrograph type	= Combine	Peak discharge	= 12.45 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 17 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 14.131 cuft
Inflow hyds.	= 15, 16	Contrib. drain. area	= 5.83 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 20

Proposed Combined (100-YR)

Hydrograph type Storm frequency	Combine100 yrs	Peak discharge Time to peak	= 14.25 cfs = 16 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 15,374 cuft
Inflow hyds.	= 18, 19	Contrib. drain. area	= 5.83 ac



DRAINAGE MAPS





VELOPMENT DRANAGE MAP TABLE					
C100	TIME OF CONCENTRATION (TC)	Q5 (CFS)	Q100 (CFS)		
0.36	18	0.25	1.69		
0.35	20	0.36	2.93		
0.35	14	0.12	1.00		
0.35	17	0.55	4.46		
0.35	16	0.17	1.38		
0.35	14	0.16	1.34		
0.35	12	0.16	1.33		
	PMENT DRA C100 0.36 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35	PMENT DRANAGE MAP TABLE C100 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (TC) 0.36 18 0.35 20 0.35 14 0.35 17 0.35 16 0.35 14 0.35 12	PMENT DRANAGE MAP TABLE C100 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (TC) Q5 (CFS) 0.36 18 0.25 0.35 20 0.36 0.35 14 0.12 0.35 16 0.17 0.35 14 0.16 0.35 12 0.16		

	PRE-DEVELOPMENT DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE						
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	AREA (ACRE)	C5	C100	TIME OF CONCENTRATION (TC)	Q5 (
EX. DP-1	EX-1	0.71	0.10	0.36	18	0.2	
EX. DP-2	EX-2	1.33	0.08	0.35	20	0.3	
EX. DP-3	EX-3	0.38	0.08	0.35	14	0.1	
EX. DP-4	EX-4	1.87	0.08	0.35	17	0.5	
EX. DP-5	EX-5	0.56	0.08	0.35	16	0.1	
EX. DP-6	EX-6	0.51	0.08	0.35	14	0.1	
EX. DP-7	EX-7	0.47	0.08	0.35	12	0.1	
TOTAL	EX-1, EX-2, EX-3, EX-4, EX-5, EX-6, EX-7	5.83				1.5	



NT DR	NT DRANAGE MAP TABLE					
.00	TIME OF CONCENTRATION (TC)	Q5 (CFS)	Q100 (CFS)			
35	18	0.20	1.65			
41	19	0.74	3.52			
35	14	0.12	1.00			
41	16	1.13	5.39			
41	15	0.35	1.67			
35	14	0.16	1.34			
35	12	0.16	1.33			

POST-DEVELOPMENT DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE									
DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	AREA (ACRE)	C5	C100	TIME OF CONCENTRATION (TC)	Q5 (CFS)	Q1		
DP-1	P-1	0.71	0.08	0.35	18	0.20			
DP-2	P-2	1.33	0.16	0.41	19	0.74			
DP-3	P-3	0.38	0.08	0.35	14	0.12			
DP-4	P-4	1.87	0.16	0.41	16	1.13			
DP-5	P-5	0.56	0.16	0.41	15	0.35			
DP-6	P-6	0.51	0.08	0.35	14	0.16			
DP-7	P-7	0.47	0.08	0.35	12	0.16			
TOTAL	P-1, P-2, P-3, P-4, P-5, P-6, P-7	5.83				2.61			
							-		

1.67
1.34
1.33