

# **FINAL DRAINAGE PLAN**

## **SF 21-\_\_\_\_\_**



## **SKYLINE AT LORSON RANCH**

**DECEMBER, 2021**

***Prepared for:***

Lorson, LLC  
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Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903  
(719) 635-3200

***Prepared by:***

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(719) 570-1100

Project No. 100.063



**CORE**  
**ENGINEERING GROUP**

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The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by El Paso County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Richard L. Schindler, P.E. #33997	Date
For and on Behalf of Core Engineering Group, LLC	

**OWNER'S STATEMENT**

I, the Owner, have read and will comply with all the requirements specified in the drainage report and plan.

Lorson, LLC	Date
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By	
Jeff Mark	
Title	
Manager	
Address	
212 N. Wahsatch Avenue, Suite 301, Colorado Springs, CO 80903	

**FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT**

To the best of my knowledge and belief, this development is not located within a designated floodplain as shown on Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel No. and 08041C0976 G, dated December 7, 2018. (See Appendix A, FEMA FIRM Exhibit)

Richard L. Schindler, #33997	Date
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**EL PASO COUNTY**

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 1 and 2, and Engineering Criteria Manual, As Amended.

Jennifer Irvine	Date
County Engineer/ECM Administrator	

Conditions: \_\_\_\_\_

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## 1.0 LOCATION and DESCRIPTION

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**Skyline at Lorson Ranch** is located east of the East Tributary of Jimmy Camp Creek. The site is located on approximately 15.764 acres of vacant land. This project will develop this site into single-family residential developments. The land for the residential lots is currently owned by Lorson LLC or its nominees for Lorson Ranch.

The site is located in the South ½ of Section 13, Township 15 South and Range 65 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> Principal Meridian. The site is bounded on the north by unplatted lands, on the west by Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 3 and The Hills at Lorson Ranch, on the east and south by unplatted land in Lorson Ranch. For reference, a vicinity map is included in Appendix A of this report.

### Conformance with applicable Drainage Basin Planning Studies

There is an existing (unapproved) DBPS for Jimmy Camp Creek prepared by Wilson & Company in 1987, and is referenced in this report. The only major drainage improvements for this study area according to the 1987 Wilson study was the reconstruction of the East Tributary of Jimmy Camp Creek (East Tributary). In 2014 and in 2018 the East Tributary was reconstructed from downstream of Lorson Boulevard north to the northern property line of Lorson Ranch in accordance with the 1987 study. The last section of the East Tributary (to the south property line of Lorson Ranch) has been designed by Kiowa Engineering and will be completed in 2021. There are no further improvements to be made on the East Tributary. On March 9, 2015, a new DBPS for Jimmy Camp Creek and the East Tributary was completed by Kiowa Engineering. The Kiowa Engineering DBPS for Jimmy Camp Creek has not been adopted by El Paso County but is allowed for concept design. The concept design includes the East Tributary armoring concept and the full spectrum detention pond requirements. The Kiowa DBPS did not calculate drainage fees so current El Paso County drainage/bridge fees apply to this development.

### Conformance with Lorson East MDDP by Core Engineering Group

Core Engineering Group has an approved MDDP for Lorson East, which covers this study area. This FDR conforms to the MDDP for Lorson East and the PDR for “The Hills at Lorson Ranch” and is referenced in this report. The major infrastructure to be constructed for “The Hills at Lorson Ranch” under PUD/SP 20-003 includes Detention/WQ Ponds C1, C2.1, C2.2, C2.3, C3 and C4. Pond C4 was graded as part of The Hills at Lorson Ranch but will require an interim outlet structure for this project. There are also two bridges over the East Tributary that was built in 2018 to provide access to this development across the East Tributary. The bridges are located at Fontaine Boulevard and Lorson Boulevard.

The Skyline at Lorson Ranch is located within the “***Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin***”, which is a fee basin in El Paso County.

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## 2.0 DRAINAGE CRITERIA

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The supporting drainage design and calculations were performed in accordance with the City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County “Drainage Criteria Manual (DCM)”, dated November, 1991, the El Paso County “Engineering Criteria Manual”, Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 Chapter 13 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual dated May 2014, and the UDFCD “Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual” Volumes 1, 2 and 3 for inlet sizing and full spectrum ponds. No deviations from these published criteria are requested for this site.

The Rational Method as outlined in Section 6.3.0 of the May 2014 “Drainage Criteria Manual” and in Section 3.2.8.F of the El Paso County “Engineering Criteria Manual” was used for basins less than 130 acres to determine the rainfall and runoff conditions for the proposed development of the site. The runoff rates for the 5-year initial storm and 100-year major design storm were calculated.

Current updates to the Drainage Criteria manual for El Paso County states the if detention is necessary, Full Spectrum Detention will be included in the design, based on this criteria, Full Spectrum Detention will be required for this development.

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### 3.0 EXISTING HYDROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

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This site is currently undeveloped with native vegetation (grass with no shrubs) and moderate to steep slopes in a westerly direction the East Tributary of Jimmy Camp Creek.

The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) classifies the soils within the Skyline at Lorson Ranch property as Nelson-Tassel fine Sandy loam and Razor clay loam [3]. The sandy loams are considered hydrologic soil group A/B soils with moderate to moderately rapid permeability. The Razor clay loams are considered hydrologic soil group C/D soils with slow permeability. All of these soils are susceptible to erosion by wind and water, have low bearing strength, moderate shrink-swell potential, and high frost heave potential (see table 3.1 below). The clay loams are difficult to vegetate and comprise of a small portion of the study area. These soils can be mitigated easily by limiting their use as topsoil since they comprise of a small portion of the study area. Weathered bedrock may be encountered beneath some of the site but it can be excavated using conventional techniques.

**Table 3.1: SCS Soils Survey**

Soil	Hydro. Group	Shrink/Swell Potential	Permeability	Surface Runoff Potential	Erosion Hazard
56-Nelson – Tassel Fine Sandy Loam	B	Moderate	Moderately Rapid	Slow	Moderate
75-Razor Clay Loam	C	High	Slow	Medium	Moderate

Excerpts from the SCS “Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado” are provided in **Appendix A** for further reference.

For the purpose of preparing hydrologic calculations for this report, the soils of each basin are assumed to be wholly comprised of the majority soil hydrologic group.

An existing electrical easement, with existing transmission towers, is located east side of this site and will be set aside as open space. It is the intent to utilize some of the open space under the towers for detention of storm flow.

This site is not located within the delineated 100-year floodplain of the East Tributary of Jimmy Camp Creek per the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Rate Insurance Map (FIRM) number 08041C10976 G, effective December 7, 2018.

#### Basin C5.1-ex

This existing basin consists of existing flow from offsite undeveloped areas north of Lorson Ranch. Runoff flows overland to the south to the existing electric transmission lines and then drains south into Existing Pond C3 excavated as part of Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 2 final grading. The existing runoff is 1.6cfs and 9.6cfs for the 5-year and 100-year events.

#### Basin C5.2-ex

This existing basin consists of existing flow from undeveloped areas within the PUD boundary. Runoff flows overland to the south to the existing electric transmission lines and then drains south into Existing Pond C3 excavated as part of Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 2 final grading. The existing runoff is 3.2cfs and 21.8cfs for the 5-year and 100-year events.

#### Design Point 5x

Design Point 5x is the existing flow at the electric transmission lines from Basins C5.1-ex and C5.2-ex. The existing runoff is 4.2cfs and 27.2cfs for the 5-year and 100-year events from these two basins. This flow is then routed south into Existing Pond C3.

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### **4.0 DEVELOPED HYDROLOGICAL CONDITIONS**

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Hydrology for **Skyline at Lorson Ranch** drainage report was based on the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria. Sub-basins that lie within this project were determined and the 5-year and 100-year peak discharges for the developed conditions have been presented in this report. Based on these flows, storm inlets will be added when the street capacity is exceeded.

Soil types A/B & C/D has been assumed for the developed hydrologic conditions. See Appendix A for SCS Soils Map.

The time of concentration for each basin and sub-basin was developed using an overland, ditch, street and pipe flow components. The maximum overland flow length for developed conditions was limited to 100 feet. Travel time velocities ranged from 2 to 6 feet per second. The travel time calculations are included in the back of this report.

Runoff coefficients for the various land uses were obtained from Table 6-6 dated May, 2014 from the updated City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. See Appendix B.

Drainage concepts for each of the basins are briefly discussed as follow:

#### Basin C10.6

This offsite basin consists of runoff from the north side of Grayling Drive. Runoff will be directed west to Design Point 39 in curb/gutter where it will be collected by a 25' Type R inlet. The developed flow from this basin is 1.3cfs and 3.0cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin C10.7

This basin consists of runoff from residential development east of Grayling Drive and north of Garganey Lane. Runoff will be directed west to Grayling Drive, then southeasterly to Design Point 38 in curb/gutter and will continue flowing south in Grayling Drive to Design Point 39 where it will be collected by a 25' Type R inlet. The developed flow from this basin is 5.3cfs and 11.6cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin C10.8

This basin consists of runoff from residential development and an existing water pump station located northeast of Grayling Drive. Runoff will be directed southwesterly overland to Grayling Drive, then southeasterly within the curb/gutter and will continue flowing south in Grayling Drive to Design Point 39 where it will be collected by a 25' Type R inlet. The developed flow from this basin is 3.2cfs and 7.1cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin C10.9

This basin consists of runoff from residential development and open space under the electric transmission line located northeast of Grayling Drive. Runoff will be directed southwesterly overland to Grayling Drive and Design Point 39 where it will be collected by an existing 25' Type R inlet. The developed flow from this basin is 6.1cfs and 13.3cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin C10.10a

This basin consists of runoff from residential development, Garganey Drive, Sora Street and Lamprey Drive. Runoff will be directed to the aforementioned streets, and then routed to Design Point 38a within the curb/gutter where it will be collected by a 20' Type R inlet on the north side of Lamprey Dr. Flows from this basin will be directed southeasterly in storm sewer to Pond C4. The developed flow from this basin is 7.4cfs and 16.4cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin C10.10b

This basin consists of runoff from residential development, Lamprey Drive, and Sora Street. Runoff will be directed to Sora Street, and then routed to Design Point 38b within the curb/gutter where it will be collected by a 15' Type R inlet on the south side of Lamprey Drive. Flows from this basin will be directed southeasterly in storm sewer to Pond C4. The developed flow from this basin is 2.8cfs and 6.2cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin C10.10c

This basin consists of runoff from residential development, Lamprey Drive and Sora Street. Runoff will be directed to Sora Street, and then routed to Design Point 38c within the curb/gutter where it will be collected by a 10' Type R inlet on the east side of Sora Street. Flows from this basin will be directed southeasterly in storm sewer to Pond C4. The developed flow from this basin is 3.3cfs and 7.2cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

#### Basin C10.10

This basin is not shown on the drainage map on pg 59. From the basin description below, this basin seems to overlap with the previous 3. Please clarify/revise as needed.

This basin consists of runoff from residential development, Garganey Drive, Sora Street and Lamprey Drive. Runoff will be directed to the proposed street, and then routed to Design Point, 38a, 38b and 38c within the curb/gutter where it will be collected by the 3 previously discussed Type R inlets. Flows from this basin will be directed southeasterly in storm sewer to Pond C4. The total developed flow from this basin is 11.4cfs and 25.4cfs for the 5/100-year storm event. See the appendix for detailed calculations.

See the Developed Conditions Hydrology Calculations in the back of this report and the Developed Conditions Drainage Map (Map Pocket) for the 5-year and 100-year storm event amounts.

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## 5.0 HYDRAULIC SUMMARY

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The sizing of the hydraulic structures was prepared by using the *StormSewers* software programs developed by Intellisolve, which conforms to the methods outlined in the "City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual". Street capacities and Inlets were sized by Denver Urban Drainage's xcel spreadsheet UD-Inlet.

delete

It is the intent of this drainage report to use the proposed curb/gutter and storm sewer in the streets to convey runoff to detention and water quality ponds then to the East Tributary of Jimmy Camp Creek. Inlet size and location are preliminary only as shown on the storm sewer layout in the appendix. See Appendix C for detailed hydraulic calculations and the storm sewer model.

Table 1: Street Capacities (100-year capacity is only ½ of street)

Include line item for street slope 2.7%

Street Slope	Residential Local		Residential Collector		Principal Arterial	
	5-year	100-year	5-year	100-year	5-year	100-year
0.5%	6.3	26.4	9.7	29.3	9.5	28.5
0.6%	6.9	28.9	10.6	32.1	10.4	31.2
0.7%	7.5	31.2	11.5	34.6	11.2	33.7
0.8%	8.0	33.4	12.3	37.0	12.0	36.0
0.9%	8.5	35.4	13.0	39.3	12.7	38.2
1.0%	9.0	37.3	13.7	41.4	13.4	40.2
1.4%	10.5	44.1	16.2	49.0	15.9	47.6
1.8%	12.0	45.4	18.4	50.4	18.0	50.4
2.2%	13.3	42.8	19.4	47.5	19.5	47.5
2.6%	14.4	40.7	18.5	45.1	18.5	45.1
3.0%	15.5	39.0	17.7	43.2	17.8	43.2
3.5%	16.7	37.2	16.9	41.3	17.0	41.3
4.0%	17.9	35.7	16.2	39.7	16.3	39.7
4.5%	19.0	34.5	15.7	38.3	15.7	38.3
5.0%	19.9	33.4	15.2	37.1	15.2	37.1

Note: all flows are in cfs (cubic feet per second)

#### Design Point 38

Design Point 38 is located at the NE corner of Grayling Drive and Lamprey Drive and accepts developed flows from Basin C10.7 and existing runoff from basin C5.1-ex. The runoff will be conveyed to Design Point 39 via curb/gutter. The total flow accepted is 6.8cfs/22.1cfs in the 5/100-year storm events. The street capacity of Grayling Drive (10.6/32.1 at 0.6% slope) is not exceeded.

(Collector)

#### Design Point 38a

Design Point 38a is located on the north side of Lamprey Dr, east of Grayling Drive.

##### (5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** C10.10a  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet DP-38a  
**Total Street Flow:** 7.4cfs

**Flow Intercepted:** 7.4cfs  
**Inlet Size:** 20' type R, on-grade

**Flow Bypassed:** 0.0cfs

**Street Capacity:** Street slope = 2.2%, capacity = 13.3cfs, okay

Wouldn't flow reach DP 39 first?  
Has the bypassed flow been accounted for in the routing/inlet design?

##### (100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** C10.10a  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet DP-38a  
**Total Street Flow:** 16.4cfs

**Flow Intercepted:** 15.2cfs  
**Inlet Size:** 20' type R, on-grade

**Flow Bypassed:** 1.2cfs to DP- 40

**Street Capacity:** Street slope = 2.2%, capacity = 42.8cfs (half street) is okay

The flowby from the 100yr storm is consistent with The Hills at Lorson Ranch PDR.

#### Design Point 38b



Design Point 38b is located on the south side of Lamprey Drive, east of Grayling Drive.

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** C10.10b  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet DP-38b  
**Total Street Flow:** 2.8cfs

**Flow Intercepted:** 2.8cfs  
**Inlet Size:** 15' type R, on-grade

**Flow Bypassed:** 0.0cfs

**Street Capacity:** Street slope = 2.7%, capacity = 14.7cfs, okay

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** C10.10b  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet DP-38b  
**Total Street Flow:** 6.2cfs

**Flow Intercepted:** 6.2cfs  
**Inlet Size:** 15' type R, on-grade

**Flow Bypassed:** 0.0cfs

**Street Capacity:** Street slope = 2.7%, capacity = 40.8cfs (half street) is okay

Design Point 38c

Design Point 38c is located on the east side of Sora Street, south of Lamprey Drive at a low point.

(5-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** C10.10c  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet DP-38c  
**Total Street Flow:** 3.3cfs

**Flow Intercepted:** 3.3cfs  
**Inlet Size:** 10' type R, Sump

**Flow Bypassed:** 0.0cfs

**Street Capacity:** Street slope = 2.7%, capacity = 14.7cfs, okay

(100-year storm)

**Tributary Basins:** C10.10c  
**Upstream flowby:**

**Inlet/MH Number:** Inlet DP-38b  
**Total Street Flow:** 7.2cfs

**Flow Intercepted:** 7.2cfs  
**Inlet Size:** 10' type R, sump

**Flow Bypassed:** 0.0cfs

**Street Capacity:** Street slope = 2.7%, capacity = 40.8cfs (half street) is okay

Add that DP 39 is just upstream of and prior to DP 40.

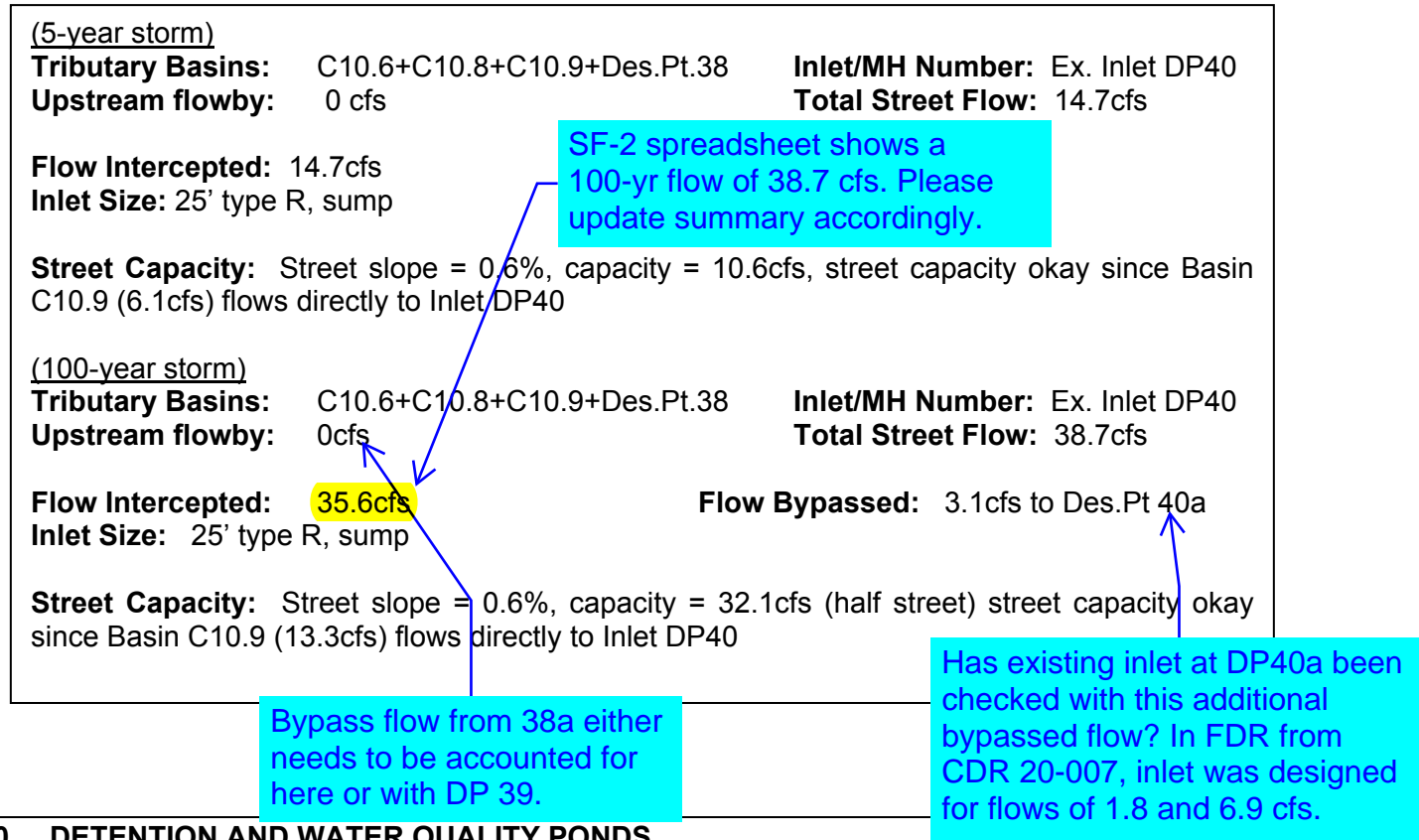
Design Point 39 (street runoff from the west side of the inlet)

Design Point 39 is located on the east side of Grayling Drive south of Lamprey Drive and accepts developed flows from Basin C10.7, C10.8 and existing runoff from basin C5.1-ex. The runoff will be conveyed to Design Point 39 via curb/gutter on the easterly/northerly half of Grayling Drive. The total curb/gutter flow from the north side of the inlet is 8.5cfs/25.1cfs in the 5/100-year storm events. The street capacity of Grayling Drive is 10.6cfs/32.1cfs in the 5/100-year storm events at a street slope of 0.6% is not exceeded

Does this DP take into account the bypass flow from DP 38a?

### Design Point 40

Design Point 40 is located on the north side of Grayling Drive at a low point. Peak runoff at this design point from the drainage report and plan for the "Hills at Lorson Ranch" is 14.7cfs/38.5cfs in the 5/100-year storm events. Peak runoff for "Skyline at Lorson Ranch" is 14.7cfs/38.7cfs in the 5/100-year storm events. Based on this information there is no flow increase for the 5-year event and a 0.2cfs increase for the 100-event. This slight increase will have negligible impact on storm drain system



## **6.0 DETENTION AND WATER QUALITY PONDS**

Detention and Storm Water Quality for Skyline at Lorson Ranch will be provided for in Pond C4. Pond C4 is graded as part of PUD/SP 20-003 and is included as required per El Paso County criteria.

For additional information, see Drainage Report and Plan for "The Hills at Lorson Ranch, PUD/SP 20-03, CDR 20-007, revised dated 10/22/2020.

### Detention Pond C4 (Interim Conditions with developed drainage from Skyline)

This is a permanent full spectrum detention pond that includes water quality and discharges downstream to Pond C3. Pond C4 is graded with The Hills at Lorson Ranch including a 24" pipe outlet, concrete low flow channel, and a concrete forebay on the east side of the pond. There is no full spectrum outlet structure or overflow wall for this pond. This project will construct an interim full spectrum outlet structure and additional concrete low flow channels and a new forebay for runoff from the C10.10 basins. Skyline at Lorson Ranch includes 6.96 acres of developed land that will flow directly to Pond C4 in a storm sewer system. This report includes full spectrum design for this developed area (6.96acres) calculated in the UDCF Full Spectrum spreadsheets for Water Quality and EURV volumes. The outlet structure is a standard full spectrum extended detention basin structure and has been designed with a detachable orifice plate that can be modified in the future when additional developed areas from the east flow into Pond C4. The interim full spectrum print outs are in the appendix of this report.

For clarity, state somewhere in the report that the rest of the site's area (~8ac) will be conveyed to Pond C3.

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- Watershed Area: 6.96 acres (from Skyline only)
- Watershed Imperviousness: 55%
- Hydrologic Soils Group B (100%)
- Zone 1 WQCV: 0.128ac-ft, WSEL: 5766.50
- Zone 2 EURV: 0.418ac-ft, WSEL: 5766.93, Top outlet structure set at 5770.50, 6'x6' outlet structure set for full buildout conditions of the pond
- (5-yr): 0.375ac-ft, WSEL: 5766.89, 1.5cfs (22" wide square orifice in orifice plate)
- Zone 3 (100-yr): 0.802ac-ft, WSEL: 5767.33, 4.5cfs (22" wide square orifice in orifice plate)
- Pipe Outlet: existing 24" RCP at 0.9%
- Overflow Spillway: 30' wide bottom, elevation=5775.00, 4:1 side slopes, flow depth=1.87' 1.13' freeboard
- Micropool Elevation: 5765.00

rectangular

The remaining tributary areas to the east that are from undeveloped land will enter Pond C4 per improvements made as part of The Hills at Lorson Ranch and will exit the pond through the top of the full spectrum outlet structure at elevation 5770.50. Future development to the east will only have to modify the orifice plate to meet full spectrum detention requirements since this outlet structure has been designed for future conditions.

delete

#### Detention Pond C4 ultimate conditions (from The Hills at Lorson Ranch PDR)

This is a permanent full spectrum detention pond that includes water quality and discharges downstream to Pond C3. Pond C4 is graded with The Hills at Lorson Ranch including a 24" pipe outlet. Pond C4 is designed in the UDCF Full Spectrum spreadsheets for Water Quality and EURV volumes. The 5-year and 100-year flow rates meet the Lorson East MDDP and have been modeled in the modeled in the full spectrum worksheets. The outlet structure is a standard full spectrum extended detention basin structure and will include an emergency overflow spillway. The full spectrum print outs are in the appendix of this report.

- Watershed Area: 81.00 acres (Future Area)
- Watershed Imperviousness: 55%
- Hydrologic Soils Group B (40%), Group C/D (60%)
- Zone 1 WQCV: 1.488ac-ft, WSEL: 5767.97
- Zone 2 EURV: 4.477ac-ft, WSEL: 5770.41, Top outlet structure set at 5770.50, 6'x6' outlet structure
- (5-yr): 3.934ac-ft, WSEL: 5770.84, 16.5cfs
- Zone 3 (100-yr): 10.152ac-ft, WSEL: 5774.34, 43.7cfs
- Pipe Outlet: 24" RCP at 0.5%
- Overflow Spillway: 30' wide bottom, elevation=5775.00, 4:1 side slopes, flow depth=1.87' 1.13' freeboard
- Micropool Elevation: 5765.00

UD Detention spreadsheet "Basin" information for full buildout scenario was missing. Volumes and WS elevations could not be verified. Please include sheet next submittal.

Include discussion on where information shown in SAVD table came from

## 7.0 DRAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES

Skyline at Lorson Ranch is located within the Jimmy Camp Creek drainage basin which is currently a fee basin in El Paso County. Current El Paso County regulations require drainage and bridge fees to be paid for platting of land as part of the plat recordation process.

2022

\$21,134

Skyline at Lorson Ranch Filing No. 1 contains 15.764acres. The 2021 drainage fees are \$19,752, bridge fees are \$924 and Drainage Surety fees are \$7,285 per impervious acre per Resolution 18-470.

\$989

21-468

The drainage and bridge fees are calculated when the final plat is submitted and the fees are due at plat recordation. The following table details the drainage fees for the platted and Lorson Ranch intends to use the Bridge Fee credits for the bridge fees and pay drainage/surety fees unless the Jimmy Camp Creek DBPS drainage fee structure is updated by El Paso County.

**Table 1: 2021 Drainage/Bridge Fees (15.764ac)**

Type of Land Use	Total Area (ac)	Imperviousness	Drainage Fee	Bridge Fee	Surety Fee
Residential Area	11.404	51%	\$114,878	\$5,374	\$42,369
Tract D - pump station	0.707	30%	\$4,189	\$195	\$1,545
Open Space, Landscape Tracts,	3.653	2%	\$1,443	\$67	\$532
Total			\$120,510	\$5,636	\$44,446

Update table based on 2022 fees

3 inlets & 1 manhole

**Table 7.1: Public Drainage Facility Costs (non-reimbursable)**

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Item Cost
Rip Rap	5	CY	\$50/CY	\$250
Inlets/Manholes	2	EA	\$3000/EA	\$6,000
18" Storm	41	LF	\$35	\$1,435
24" Storm	58	LF	\$40	\$2,320
30" Storm	600	LF	\$45	\$27,000
			Subtotal	\$37,005
			Eng/Cont (10%)	\$3,700
			Total Est. Cost	\$40,705

Where was riprap? Not shown on map anywhere. If riprap is used, please label and include sizing calculations.

Include cost for new items being installed in Pond

## 8.0 FOUR STEP PROCESS

The site has been developed to minimize wherever possible the rate of developed runoff that will leave the site and to provide water quality management for the runoff produced by the site as proposed on the development plan. The following four step process should be considered and incorporated into the storm water collection system and storage facilities where applicable.

### Step 1: Employ Runoff Reduction Practices

Skyline at Lorson Ranch has employed several methods of reducing runoff.

- The street configuration was laid out to minimize the length of streets. Many streets are straight and perpendicular resulting in lots with less wasted space.
- There are large open space buffers under the 325' wide electric transmission easement on the east side
- Construct one Full Spectrum Detention Outlet Structure. The full spectrum detention mimics existing storm discharges and includes water quality.

#### Step 2: Stabilize Drainageways

East Tributary of Jimmy Camp Creek is a major drainageway located west of this site. In 2014, 2018, and through 2021 the East Tributary of JCC was reconstructed and stabilized per county criteria. The design included a natural sand bottom and armored sides.

#### Step 3: Provide Water Quality Capture Volume

Treatment of the water quality capture volume (WQCV) is required for all new developments. Skyline at Lorson Ranch will construct one full spectrum stormwater extended detention basin outlet structure within existing Pond C4 which include Water Quality Volumes and WQ outlet structures.

#### Step 4: Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMP's

There are no commercial or industrial areas within this site.

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## **9.0 CONCLUSIONS**

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This drainage report has been prepared in accordance with the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. The proposed development and drainage infrastructure will not cause adverse impacts to adjacent properties or properties located downstream. Several key aspects of the development discussed above are summarized as follows:

- Developed runoff will be conveyed via curb/gutter and storm sewer facilities
- The East Tributary of Jimmy Camp Creek has been reconstructed west of this study area
- Bridges over the East Tributary at Lorson Boulevard and Fontaine Boulevard and have been constructed providing access to this site.
- Detention and water quality for this site will be provided.

---

## **10.0 REFERENCES**

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1. City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual DCM, dated November, 1991
2. Soil Survey of El Paso County Area, Colorado by USDA, SCS
3. Jimmy Camp Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, Dated March 9, 2015, by Kiowa Engineering Corporation
4. City of Colorado Springs "Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2
5. El Paso County "Engineering Criteria Manual"
6. Lorson Ranch East MDDP, June 30, 2017 by Core Engineering.
7. El Paso County Resolution #15-042, El Paso County adoption of Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual dated May, 2014.
8. Lorson Ranch East MDDP prepared by Core Engineering Group, dated November 27, 2017
9. Final Drainage Report for Fontaine Boulevard prepared by Core Engineering Group, Reference CDR183, dated December 20, 2017
10. Final Drainage Report for Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 1 prepared by Core Engineering Group, Reference SF18-008, approved July 24, 2018
11. Final Drainage Report for Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 4 prepared by Core Engineering Group, Reference SF19-008, approved September 12, 2019
12. Final Drainage Report for The Hills at Lorson Ranch prepared by Core Engineering Group, Reference CDR20-007, approved in 2020

---

## APPENDIX A – VICINTIY MAP, SOILS MAP, FEMA MAP

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Delete extra appendix dividers

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## APPENDIX B – HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS

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## APPENDIX C – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

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## APPENDIX D – POND AND ROUTING CALCULATIONS

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**APPENDIX F – 2019 Annual Report of Drainage/Bridge Fee Credits**

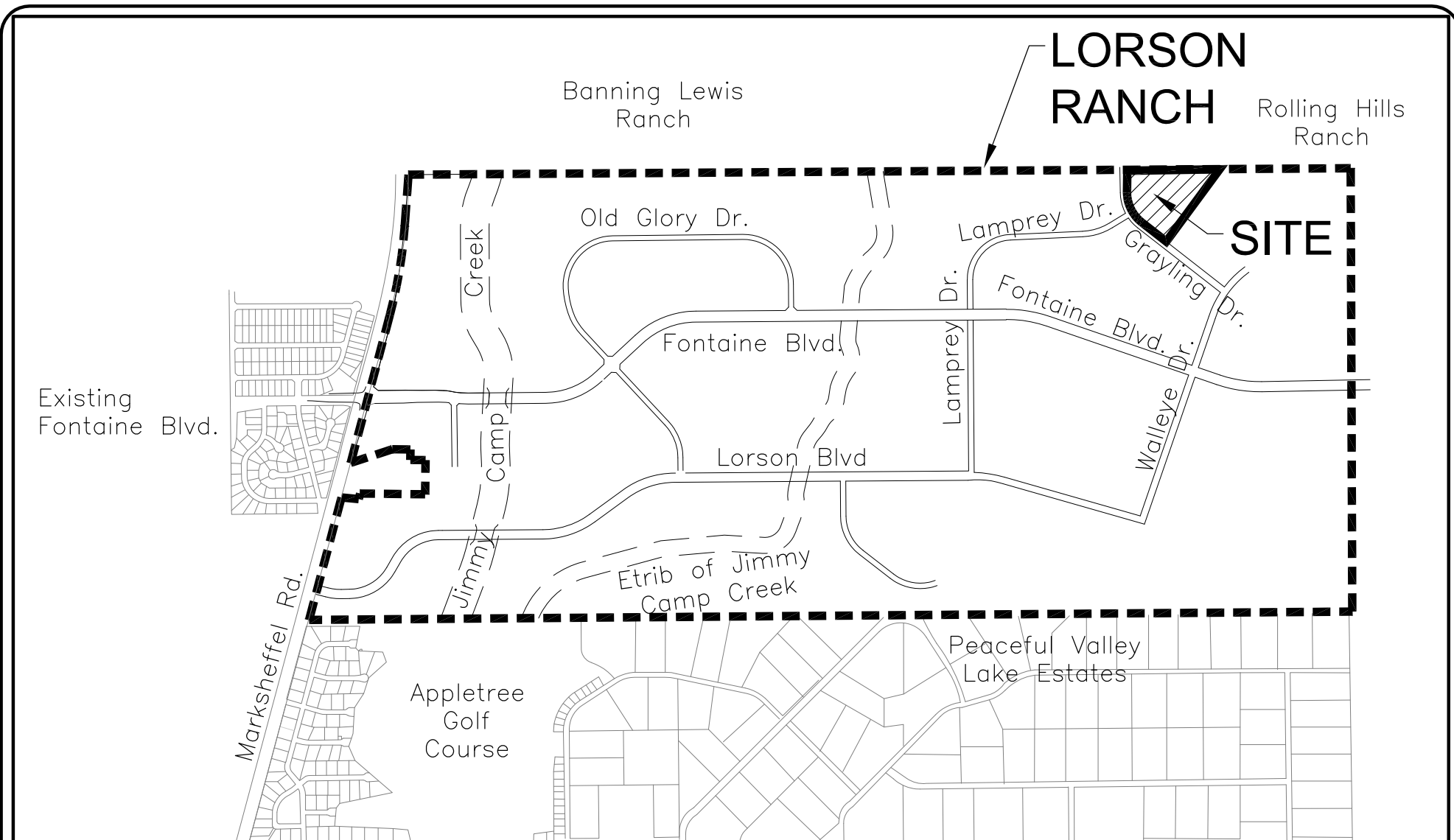
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# MAP POCKET

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**APPENDIX A – VICINTIY MAP, SOILS MAP, FEMA MAP**

---



**VICINITY MAP**  
NO SCALE



**CORE**  
ENGINEERING GROUP

15004 1ST AVE. S.  
BURNSVILLE, MN 55306  
PH: 719.570.1100

CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
EMAIL: Rich@ceg1.com

**SKYLINE AT LORSON RANCH**  
**VICINITY MAP**

SCALE:  
NTS

DATE:  
NOV 5, 2020

FIGURE NO.  
--



**CORE**  
**ENGINEERING GROUP**

15004 1ST AVENUE S.  
BURNSVILLE, MN 55306  
PH: 719.570.1100  
CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
EMAIL: Rich@cegi.com

SCALE:  
NTS

SKYLINE at LORSON RANCH  
FEMA MAP  
DATE:  
November 2020

FIGURE NO.  
---



### Legend

SEE THIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND CHECK MAP FOR FINAL PANEL LAYOUT

**SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS**  
Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE)  
Zone A, V, X  
With BFE or Depth: Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, ADF  
Regulatory Floodway

0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard: Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile  
Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard: Zone X  
Areas with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee, Sea Wall, Dike, or Floodwall  
Areas with Flood Risk due to Levee: Zone D

**OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD**  
No Scores: Areas of Minimal Flood Hazard: Zone X  
Effective LOMR

**OTHER AREAS**  
GENERAL STRUCTURES  
Areas of Undetermined Flood Hazard: Zone I  
Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer  
Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

200 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance  
1% Base Flood Elevation  
Water Surface Elevation  
Coastal Transact  
Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)  
Limit of Study  
Jurisdiction Boundary  
Coastal Transact Baseline  
Profile Baseline  
Hydrographic Feature

**MAP PANELS**  
Digital Data Available  
No Digital Data Available  
Unmapped

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps. If it is not used as described below, the basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards.

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 11/16/2020 at 8:00 PM, and does not represent a specific date. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, NFHL panel number, and NFHL effective date. Map images for unmapped and undetermined areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

NOT TO SCALE





# CORE ENGINEERING GROUP

15004 1ST AVENUE S.  
BURNSVILLE, MN 55306  
PH: 719.570.1100  
CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
EMAIL: Rich@cegf.com

## SKYLINE at LORSON RANCH SOILS MAP

SCALE:  
NTS

DATE:  
November 2020

FIGURE NO.  
--



NOT TO SCALE



## Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
56	Nelson-Tassel fine sandy loams, 3 to 18 percent slopes	B	12.0	95.1%
75	Razor-Midway complex	D	0.6	4.9%
<b>Totals for Area of Interest</b>			<b>12.6</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

## Rating Options

*Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition*

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## APPENDIX B – HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS

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Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
Date: Oct. 31, 2020  
Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.063  
Project: Skyline at Lorson Ranch  
Design Storm: **5 - Year Event (Proposed)**

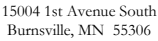
11/19/2020



Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
Date: Oct. 31, 2020  
Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.063  
Project: Skyline at Lorson Ranch  
Design Storm: **100-Year Event (Current)**

[illegible]



**CURRENT CONDITIONS COEFFICIENT "C" CALCULATIONS**

P:\100\100.063\drainage\100.063 Flows



**Standard Form SF-1. Time of Concentration-Current**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: Oct. 31, 2019  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.063  
 Project: Skyline at Lorson Ranch

Sub-Basin Data				Initial Overland Time (ti)				Travel Time (tt)					Final tc
BASIN or DESIGN	C <sub>s</sub>	AREA (A) acres	NRCS Convey.	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	t <sub>i</sub> minutes	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	t <sub>t</sub> minutes	Computed tc Minutes	USDCM Recommended tc=ti+tt (min)
C5.1-ex	0.11	4.81	7.0	300.00	4.80%	0.27	18.51	285.00	4.80%	1.53	3.10	21.60	21.60
C5.2-ex	0.09	13.32	7.0	300.00	4.80%	0.26	18.88	644.00	4.90%	1.55	6.93	25.81	25.81
(C5-ex) 5X	0.10	18.13	7.0	300.00	4.80%	0.27	18.69	285.00	4.80%	1.53	3.10		
			15.0					940.00	1.17%	1.62	9.66	31.45	31.45

Add note for the numbers  
 correspond to in the NRCS  
 conveyance.



# **Standard Form SF-2. Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley  
 Date: Nov. 4, 2020  
 Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.063  
 Project: Skyline at Lorson Ranch  
 Design Storm: **5 - Year Event (Proposed)**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Direct Runoff							Total Runoff				Street		Pipe			Travel Time			Remarks
		Area Design	Area (A)	Runoff Coeff. (C)	$t_c$	CA	i	Q	$t_c$	$\Sigma$ (CA)	i	Q	Slope	Street Flow	Design Flow	Slope	Pipe Size	Length	Velocity	$t_t$	
			ac.		min.		in/hr	cfs	min		in/hr	cfs	%	cfs	cfs	%	in	ft	ft/sec	min	
C5.1-ex			4.81	0.11	21.6	0.53	2.97	1.6													
C10.7			3.17	0.45	13.5	1.43	3.68	5.3													
C10.7 & C5.1-ex	<b>38</b>	7.98							15.6	1.96	3.46	6.8									
C10.8			1.89	0.45	12.5	0.85	3.80	3.2													
C10.7, C10.8 & C5.1-ex	<b>39</b>	9.87							20.6	2.81	3.05	8.5									
C10.9			3.82	0.46	15.7	1.76	3.45	6.1													
C10.6			0.56	0.49	6.1	0.27	4.88	1.3													
C10.6 - C10.9 & C5.1-ex	<b>40</b>	14.25							20.6	4.84	3.05	14.7									
C10.10a			3.75	0.45	8.3	1.69	4.41	7.4													
C10.10a	<b>38a</b>	3.75							8.3	1.69	4.41	7.4									
C10.10b			1.67	0.45	13.6	0.75	3.67	2.8													
C10.10a - C10.10b	<b>38b</b>	5.42							13.7	2.44	3.66	8.9									
C10.10c			1.54	0.45	6.9	0.69	4.70	3.3													
C10.10	<b>38c</b>	6.96							13.8	3.13	3.64	11.4									

Flows do not match summary table on map. Please revise accordingly so spreadsheet and map match

Is the bypass flow from inlet D38a accounted for at DP 39 or DP40?

# Standard Form SF-2. Storm Drainage System Design (Rational Method Procedure)

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley

Date: Nov. 4, 2019

Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.063

Project: Skyline at Lorson Ranch

Design Storm: **100 - Year Event (Proposed)**

Street or Basin	Design Point	Direct Runoff							Total Runoff				Street		Pipe			Travel Time			Remarks
		Area Design	Area (A)	Runoff Coeff. (C)	$t_c$	CA	-	Q	$t_c$	$\Sigma$ (CA)	-	Q	Slope	Street Flow	Design Flow	Slope	Pipe Size	Length	Velocity	$t_t$	
			ac.		min.		in/hr	cfs	min		in/hr	cfs	%	cfs	cfs	%	in	ft	ft/sec	min	
C5.1-ex			4.81	0.40	21.6	1.92	4.99	9.6													
C10.7			3.17	0.59	13.5	1.87	6.18	11.6													
C5.1-ex & C10.7	<b>38</b>	7.98							15.6	3.79	5.82	22.1									
C10.8			1.89	0.59	12.5	1.12	6.37	7.1													
C10.7-C10.8 & C5.1-ex	<b>39</b>	9.87							20.6	4.91	5.11	25.1									
C10.9			3.82	0.60	15.7	2.29	5.79	13.3													
C10.6			0.56	0.65	6.1	0.36	8.19	3.0													
C10.6-C10.9 & C5.1-ex	<b>40</b>	14.25							20.6	7.57	5.11	38.7									
C10.10a			3.75	0.59	8.3	2.21	7.40	16.4													
C10.10a	<b>38a</b>	3.75							8.3	2.21	7.40	16.4									
C10.10b			1.67	0.60	13.6	1.00	6.17	6.2													
C10.10a - C10.10b	<b>38b</b>	5.42							13.6	3.21	6.17	19.8									
C10.10c			1.54	0.59	6.9	0.91	7.89	7.2													
C10.10	<b>38c</b>	6.96							13.6	4.12	6.17	25.4									

Flows do not match summary table on map. Please revise accordingly so spreadsheet and map match





# CORE ENGINEERING GROUP

15004 1st Avenue South  
Burnsville, MN 55306

PROJECT NAME: Skyline at Lorson Ranch

PROJECT NUMBER: 100.063

ENGINEER: LAB

DATE: Nov. 2, 2020

## Preliminary Drainage Plan

### PROPOSED CONDITIONS COEFFICIENT "C" CALCULATIONS

BASIN	Soil No.	Hydro Group	Area	Cover (%)	C5	Wtd. C5	C100	Wtd. C100	Impervious	Type of Cover
C5.1-ex	56	B	3.37	70.06%	0.09	0.06	0.36	0.25	2%	Historic / Offsite
	75	D	1.44	29.94%	0.16	0.05	0.51	0.15	2%	Historic / Offsite
			4.81	100.00%		0.11		0.40		
C10.7	56	B	3.04	95.90%	0.45	0.43	0.59	0.57	65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
	75	D	0.13	4.10%	0.49	0.02	0.65	0.03	65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
			3.17	100.00%		0.45		0.59		
C10.8	56	B	1.89		0.45		0.59		65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
C10.9	56	B	3.26	85.34%	0.45	0.38	0.59	0.50	65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
	52	C	0.56	14.66%	0.49	0.07	0.65	0.10	65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
			3.82	100.00%		0.46		0.60		
C10.6	52	C	0.56		0.49		0.65		65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
C10.10a	56	B	3.75		0.45		0.59		65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
C10.10b	56	B	1.50	89.82%	0.45	0.40	0.59	0.53	65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
	75	D	0.17	10.18%	0.49	0.05	0.65	0.07	65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
			1.67	100.00%		0.45		0.60		
C10.10c	56	B	1.76		0.45		0.59		65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
C10.10	56	B	6.79	97.56%	0.45	0.44	0.59	0.58	65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
	75	D	0.17	2.44%	0.49	0.01	0.65	0.02	65%	1/8 ac. Single Family
			6.96	100.00%		0.45		0.59		

No Basin C10.10 shown  
on map. Please delete  
information



**Standard Form SF-1. Time of Concentration-Proposed**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.063

Date: Nov. 2, 2020

Project: Skyline at Lorson Ranch

Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Sub-Basin Data				Initial Overland Time (t <sub>i</sub> )				Travel Time (t <sub>t</sub> )					t <sub>c</sub> Check (urbanized Basins)		Final t <sub>c</sub>
BASIN or DESIGN	C <sub>s</sub>	AREA (A) acres	NRCS Convey.	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	T <sub>i</sub> minutes	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	T <sub>t</sub> minutes	Computed t <sub>c</sub> Minutes	TOTAL LENGTH (L) feet	Regional t <sub>c</sub> =(L/180)+10 minutes	USDCM Recommended T <sub>c</sub> =T <sub>i</sub> +T <sub>t</sub> (min)
C5.1-ex	0.11	4.81	7.0	300.00	4.80%	0.27	18.51	285.00	4.80%	1.53	3.10	21.60	585.00	13.25	21.60
C10.7	0.45	3.17	7.0	100.00	5.30%	0.25	6.79	70.00	3.00%	1.21	0.96				
			20.0					917.00	3.78%	3.89	3.93				
			20.0					216.00	1.00%	2.00	1.80	13.48	1303.00	17.24	13.48
DP-38	0.25	7.98	7.0	100.00	5.30%	0.19	8.88	70.00	3.00%	1.21	0.96				
			20.0					917.00	3.78%	3.89	3.93				
			20.0					216.00	1.00%	2.00	1.80	15.57	1303.00	17.24	15.57
C10.8	0.45	1.89	20.0	78.00	5.12%	0.21	6.06	597.00	0.60%	1.55	6.42	12.49	675.00	13.75	12.49
DP-39	0.28	9.87	7.0	100.00	5.30%	0.19	8.56	70.00	3.00%	1.21	0.96				
			20.0					917.00	3.78%	3.89	3.93				
			20.0					216.00	1.00%	2.00	1.80				
			20.0					604.00	0.60%	1.55	6.50	21.75	1907.00	20.59	20.59
C10.9	0.46	3.82	7.0	100.00	5.00%	0.24	6.81	932.00	4.61%	1.50	10.34	17.15	1032.00	15.73	15.73
C10.10a	0.45	3.75	20.0	40.00	4.25%	0.14	4.62	860.00	3.77%	3.88	3.69	8.31	900.00	15.00	8.31
DP-38a	0.45	3.75	20.0	40.00	4.25%	0.14	4.62	860.00	3.77%	3.88	3.69	8.31	900.00	15.00	8.31
C10.10b	0.45	1.67	7.0	100.00	3.60%	0.22	7.72	120.00	2.89%	1.19	1.68				
			20.0					952.00	3.64%	3.82	4.16	13.55	1172.00	16.51	13.55

Add note for the numbers correspond to in the NRCS conveyance.



**Standard Form SF-1. Time of Concentration-Proposed**

Calculated By: Leonard Beasley

Job No: 100.063

Date: Nov. 2, 2020

Project: Skyline at Lorson Ranch

Checked By: Leonard Beasley

Sub-Basin Data				Initial Overland Time (t <sub>i</sub> )				Travel Time (t <sub>t</sub> )					t <sub>c</sub> Check (urbanized Basins)		Final t <sub>c</sub>
BASIN or DESIGN	C <sub>s</sub>	AREA (A) acres	NRCS Convey.	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	t <sub>i</sub> minutes	LENGTH (L) feet	SLOPE (S) %	VELOCITY (V) ft/sec	t <sub>t</sub> minutes	Computed t <sub>c</sub> Minutes	TOTAL LENGTH (L) feet	Regional t <sub>c</sub> tc=(L/180)+10 minutes	USDCM Recommended Tc=T <sub>i</sub> +T <sub>t</sub> (min)
<b>DP-38b</b>	0.45	5.42	7.0	100.00	3.60%	0.22	7.72	120.00	2.89%	1.19	1.68				
			20.0					952.00	3.64%	3.82	4.16				
			RCP					35.00	0.80%	5.32	0.11	13.66	1207.00	16.71	13.66
C10.10c	0.45	1.54	20.0	37.00	2.70%	0.12	5.16	423.00	4.35%	4.17	1.69	6.85	460.00	12.56	6.85
<b>DP-38c</b>	0.45	6.96	7.0	100.00	3.60%	0.22	7.72	120.00	2.89%	1.19	1.68				
			20.0					952.00	3.64%	3.82	4.16				
			RCP					35.00	0.80%	5.32	0.11				
			RCP					53.00	0.69%	5.98	0.15	13.81	1260.00	17.00	13.81
C10.10	0.45	6.96	7.0	100.00	3.60%	0.22	7.72	120.00	2.89%	1.19	1.68				
			20.0					952.00	3.64%	3.82	4.16				
			RCP					35.00	0.80%	5.32	0.11				
			RCP					53.00	0.69%	5.98	0.15	13.81	1260.00	17.00	13.81
C10.6	0.49	0.56	20.0	16.00	2.00%	0.08	3.50	490.00	2.51%	3.17	2.58	6.08	506.00	12.81	6.08
<b>DP-40</b>	0.28	14.25	7.0	100.00	5.30%	0.19	8.56	70.00	3.00%	1.21	0.96				
			20.0					917.00	3.78%	3.89	3.93				
			20.0					216.00	1.00%	2.00	1.80				
			20.0					604.00	0.60%	1.55	6.50	21.75	1907.00	20.59	20.59

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## APPENDIX C – HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

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**ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)**

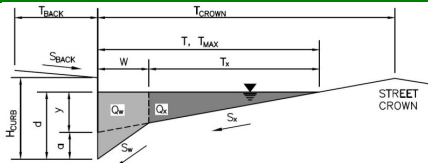
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

Skyline at Lorson Ranch, 100.063

Inlet ID:

Inlet DP-38a

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK}$	5.0	ft
$S_{BACK}$	0.020	ft/ft
$n_{BACK}$	0.015	

$H_{CURB}$	6.00	inches
$T_{CROWN}$	20.0	ft
$W$	2.00	ft
$S_X$	0.020	ft/ft
$S_W$	0.083	ft/ft
$S_O$	0.022	ft/ft
$n_{STREET}$	0.018	

Crown to face of curb should be 17' per street sections shown on CD's

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor &amp; Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor &amp; Major Storm

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX}$	20.0	20.0	ft
$d_{MAX}$	6.0	7.0	inches

check = yes

**Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread**

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)

Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")

Gutter Depression ( $d_c = (W * S_x * 12)$ )

Water Depth at Gutter Flowline

Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $T - W$ )

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)

Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , carried in Section  $T_X$ Discharge within the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $Q_T - Q_X$ )

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, &amp; lawns)

**Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread**

Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$  Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y$	4.80	4.80	inches
$d_c$	2.0	2.0	inches
$a$	1.51	1.51	inches
$d$	6.31	6.31	inches
$T_X$	18.0	18.0	ft
$E_O$	0.296	0.296	
$Q_X$	15.1	15.1	cfs
$Q_W$	6.4	6.4	cfs
$Q_{BACK}$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T$	21.5	21.5	cfs
$V$	7.2	7.2	fps
$V*d$	3.8	3.8	

**Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth**

Theoretical Water Spread

Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $T - W$ )

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)

Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , carried in Section  $T_{XTH}$ Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , (limited by distance  $T_{CROWN}$ )Discharge within the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $Q_d - Q_X$ )

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, &amp; lawns)

Total Discharge for Major &amp; Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)

Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$  Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline DepthSlope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ( $d \geq 6"$ ) Storm**Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)**

Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH}$	18.7	22.9	ft
$T_{XTH}$	16.7	20.9	ft
$E_O$	0.318	0.258	
$Q_{XTH}$	12.4	22.4	cfs
$Q_X$	12.4	22.3	cfs
$Q_W$	5.8	7.8	cfs
$Q_{BACK}$	0.0	0.4	cfs
$Q$	18.2	30.5	cfs
$V$	6.9	7.8	fps
$V*d$	3.5	4.5	
$R$	0.95	0.77	
$Q_d$	17.3	23.6	cfs
$d$	5.92	6.49	inches
$d_{CROWN}$	0.00	0.18	inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

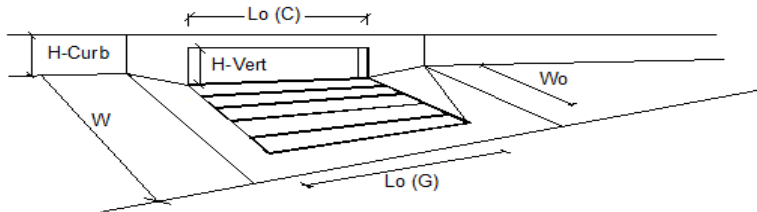
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow}$	17.3	23.6	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

# INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet		Type =		CDOT Type R Curb Opening
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')		$a_{LOCAL} =$	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)		$N_o =$	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)		$L_o =$	20.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)		$W_o =$	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)		$C_{T-G} =$	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)		$C_{T-C} =$	0.10	
<b>Street Hydraulics: OK - Q &lt; Allowable Street Capacity</b>				
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from Sheet Inlet Management)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Spread Width		$Q_o =$	7.4	cfs
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		$T =$	13.0	ft
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at $T_{MAX}$ )		$d =$	4.6	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow		$d_{CROWN} =$	0.0	inches
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section $T_x$		$E_o =$	0.458	
Discharge within the Gutter Section W		$Q_s =$	4.0	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face		$Q_w =$	3.4	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W		$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	cfs
Velocity within the Gutter Section W		$A_w =$	0.60	sq ft
Water Depth for Design Condition		$V_w =$	5.6	fps
		$d_{LOCAL} =$	7.6	inches
<b>Grate Analysis (Calculated)</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening		$L =$	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow		$E_o-GRATE =$	N/A	
<b>Under No-Clogging Condition</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins		$V_o =$	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow		$R_f =$	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow		$R_s =$	N/A	
Interception Capacity		$Q_i =$	N/A	cfs
<b>Under Clogging Condition</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet		GrateCoef =	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet		GrateClog =	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet		$L_e =$	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins		$V_o =$	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow		$R_f =$	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow		$R_s =$	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity		$Q_a =$	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$ (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)		$Q_b =$	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Equivalent Slope $S_e$ (based on grate carry-over)		$S_e =$	0.106	ft/ft
Required Length $L_T$ to Have 100% Interception		$L_T =$	15.06	ft
<b>Under No-Clogging Condition</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of $L$ , $L_T$ )		$L =$	15.06	ft
Interception Capacity		$Q_i =$	7.4	cfs
<b>Under Clogging Condition</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient		CurbCoef =	1.33	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet		CurbClog =	0.03	
Effective (Unclogged) Length		$L_e =$	17.34	ft
Actual Interception Capacity		$Q_a =$	7.4	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$		$Q_b =$	0.0	cfs
<b>Summary</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity		$Q =$	7.4	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)		$Q_b =$	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = $Q_i/Q_o =$		$C\% =$	100	%

Where does bypass flow go?

**ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)**

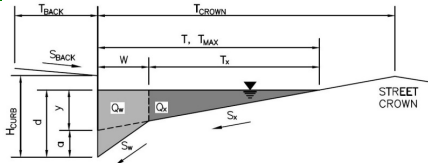
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

Skyline at Lorson Ranch, 100.063

Inlet ID:

Inlet DP-38b

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 5.0$  ft  
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$  ft/ft  
 $n_{BACK} = 0.015$

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$  inches  
 $T_{CROWN} = 20.0$  ft  
 $W = 2.00$  ft  
 $S_X = 0.020$  ft/ft  
 $S_W = 0.083$  ft/ft  
 $S_O = 0.027$  ft/ft  
 $n_{STREET} = 0.018$

Crown to face of curb should be 17'

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor &amp; Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor &amp; Major Storm

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	20.0	20.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	7.0	inches

check = yes

**Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread**

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)

Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")

Gutter Depression ( $d_c = (W * S_x * 12)$ )

Water Depth at Gutter Flowline

Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $T - W$ )

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)

Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , carried in Section  $T_X$ Discharge within the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $Q_T - Q_X$ )

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, &amp; lawns)

**Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread**

Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$  Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y =$	4.80	4.80	inches
$d_c =$	2.0	2.0	inches
$a =$	1.51	1.51	inches
$d =$	6.31	6.31	inches
$T_X =$	18.0	18.0	ft
$E_O =$	0.296	0.296	
$Q_X =$	16.7	16.7	cfs
$Q_W =$	7.0	7.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T =$	23.8	23.8	cfs
$V =$	7.9	7.9	fps
$V*d =$	4.2	4.2	

**Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth**

Theoretical Water Spread

Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $T - W$ )

Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)

Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , carried in Section  $T_{XTH}$ Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , (limited by distance  $T_{CROWN}$ )Discharge within the Gutter Section  $W$ , ( $Q_T - Q_X$ )

Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, &amp; lawns)

Total Discharge for Major &amp; Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)

Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section

 $V*d$  Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline DepthSlope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ( $d \geq 6"$ ) Storm**Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)**

Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)

Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH} =$	18.7	22.9	ft
$T_{XTH} =$	16.7	20.9	ft
$E_O =$	0.318	0.258	
$Q_{XTH} =$	13.7	24.8	cfs
$Q_X =$	13.7	24.6	cfs
$Q_W =$	6.4	8.6	cfs
$Q_{BACK} =$	0.0	0.4	cfs
$Q =$	20.0	33.7	cfs
$V =$	7.6	8.6	fps
$V*d =$	3.8	5.0	
$R =$	0.81	0.66	
$Q_d =$	16.3	22.2	cfs
$d =$	5.65	6.19	inches
$d_{CROWN} =$	0.00	0.00	inches

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

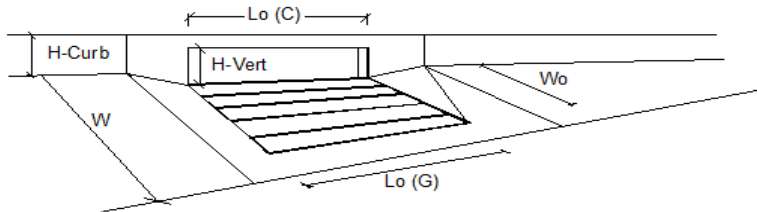
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow} =$	16.3	22.2	cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

# INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a')	$a_{LOCAL}$ =	3.0	3.0	inches
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$N_o$ =	1	1	
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)	$L_o$ =	15.00	15.00	ft
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W, Gutter Width)	$W_o$ =	N/A	N/A	ft
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)	$C_{T-G}$ =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)	$C_{T-C}$ =	0.10	0.10	
<b>Street Hydraulics: OK - Q &lt; Allowable Street Capacity</b>				
Design Discharge for Half of Street (from Sheet Inlet Management)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Water Spread Width	$Q_o$ =	2.8	6.2	cfs
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	$T$ =	7.9	11.5	ft
Water Depth at Street Crown (or at $T_{MAX}$ )	$d$ =	3.4	4.3	inches
Ratio of Gutter Flow to Design Flow	$d_{CROWN}$ =	0.0	0.0	inches
Discharge outside the Gutter Section W, carried in Section $T_x$	$E_o$ =	0.694	0.511	
Discharge within the Gutter Section W	$Q_s$ =	0.9	3.0	cfs
Discharge Behind the Curb Face	$Q_w$ =	1.9	3.2	cfs
Flow Area within the Gutter Section W	$Q_{BACK}$ =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Velocity within the Gutter Section W	$A_w$ =	0.40	0.55	sq ft
Water Depth for Design Condition	$V_w$ =	4.8	5.8	fps
	$d_{LOCAL}$ =	6.4	7.3	inches
<b>Grate Analysis (Calculated)</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Length of Inlet Grate Opening	$L$ =	N/A	N/A	ft
Ratio of Grate Flow to Design Flow	$E_{O-GRATE}$ =	N/A	N/A	
<b>Under No-Clogging Condition</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	$V_o$ =	N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	$R_f$ =	N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	$R_s$ =	N/A	N/A	
Interception Capacity	$Q_i$ =	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Under Clogging Condition</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateCoef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	GrateClog =	N/A	N/A	
Effective (unclogged) Length of Multiple-unit Grate Inlet	$L_e$ =	N/A	N/A	ft
Minimum Velocity Where Grate Splash-Over Begins	$V_o$ =	N/A	N/A	fps
Interception Rate of Frontal Flow	$R_f$ =	N/A	N/A	
Interception Rate of Side Flow	$R_s$ =	N/A	N/A	
Actual Interception Capacity	$Q_a$ =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$ (to be applied to curb opening or next d/s inlet)	$Q_b$ =	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb or Slotted Inlet Opening Analysis (Calculated)</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Equivalent Slope $S_e$ (based on grate carry-over)	$S_e$ =	0.150	0.116	ft/ft
Required Length $L_T$ to Have 100% Interception	$L_T$ =	7.91	13.35	ft
<b>Under No-Clogging Condition</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Effective Length of Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet (minimum of $L$ , $L_T$ )	$L$ =	7.91	13.35	ft
Interception Capacity	$Q_i$ =	2.8	6.2	cfs
<b>Under Clogging Condition</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient	CurbCoef =	1.31	1.31	
Clogging Factor for Multiple-unit Curb Opening or Slotted Inlet	CurbClog =	0.04	0.04	
Effective (Unclogged) Length	$L_e$ =	13.03	13.03	ft
Actual Interception Capacity	$Q_a$ =	2.8	6.2	cfs
Carry-Over Flow = $Q_o - Q_a$	$Q_b$ =	0.0	0.0	cfs
<b>Summary</b>		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity	$Q$ =	2.8	6.2	cfs
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)	$Q_b$ =	0.0	0.0	cfs
Capture Percentage = $Q_i/Q_o$	$C\%$ =	100	100	%

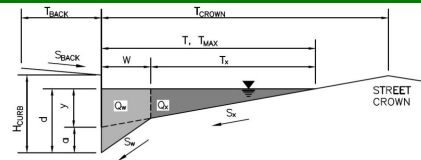
Flows do not match those shown on hydrology spreadsheets



**ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)**

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Skyline at Lorson Ranch, 100.063  
 Inlet ID: Inlet DP-38c

**Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb  
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)  
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line  
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown  
 Gutter Width  
 Street Transverse Slope  
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)  
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition  
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 5.0$  ft  
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$  ft/ft  
 $n_{BACK} = 0.015$

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$  inches  
 $T_{CROWN} = 20.0$  ft  
 $W = 2.00$  ft  
 $S_X = 0.020$  ft/ft  
 $S_W = 0.083$  ft/ft  
 $S_D = 0.000$  ft/ft  
 $n_{STREET} = 0.018$

**Crown to face of curb should be 17'**

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm  
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm  
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX}$	20.0	20.0	ft
$d_{MAX}$	6.0	7.0	inches

**Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based On Allowable Spread**

Water Depth without Gutter Depression (Eq. ST-2)  
 Vertical Depth between Gutter Lip and Gutter Flowline (usually 2")  
 Gutter Depression ( $d_c - (W \cdot S_x \cdot 12)$ )  
 Water Depth at Gutter Flowline  
 Allowable Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $T - W$ )  
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)  
 Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , carried in Section  $T_X$   
 Discharge within the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $Q_T - Q_X$ )  
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)

**Maximum Flow Based On Allowable Spread**

Flow Velocity within the Gutter Section  
 $V \cdot d$  Product: Flow Velocity times Gutter Flowline Depth

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$y$	4.80	4.80	inches
$d_c$	2.0	2.0	inches
$a$	1.51	1.51	inches
$d$	6.31	6.31	inches
$T_X$	18.0	18.0	ft
$E_o$	0.296	0.296	
$Q_{X,T}$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{W,T}$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK}$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_T$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$V$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V \cdot d$	0.0	0.0	

**Maximum Capacity for 1/2 Street based on Allowable Depth**

Theoretical Water Spread  
 Theoretical Spread for Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $T - W$ )  
 Gutter Flow to Design Flow Ratio by FHWA HEC-22 method (Eq. ST-7)  
 Theoretical Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , carried in Section  $T_{X,TH}$   
 Actual Discharge outside the Gutter Section  $W$ , (limited by distance  $T_{CROWN}$ )  
 Discharge within the Gutter Section  $W$  ( $Q_d - Q_X$ )  
 Discharge Behind the Curb (e.g., sidewalk, driveways, & lawns)  
 Total Discharge for Major & Minor Storm (Pre-Safety Factor)  
 Average Flow Velocity Within the Gutter Section  
 $V \cdot d$  Product: Flow Velocity Times Gutter Flowline Depth  
 Slope-Based Depth Safety Reduction Factor for Major & Minor ( $d \geq 6"$ ) Storm  
**Max Flow Based on Allowable Depth (Safety Factor Applied)**  
 Resultant Flow Depth at Gutter Flowline (Safety Factor Applied)  
 Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown (Safety Factor Applied)

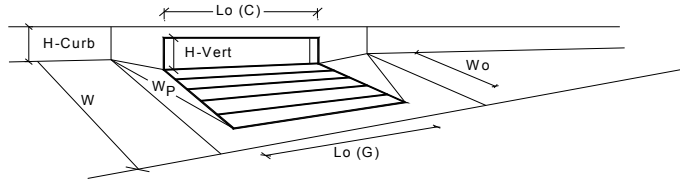
	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{TH}$	18.7	22.9	ft
$T_{X,TH}$	16.7	20.9	ft
$E_o$	0.318	0.258	
$Q_{X,TH}$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_X$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_W$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q_{BACK}$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$Q$	0.0	0.0	cfs
$V$	0.0	0.0	fps
$V \cdot d$	0.0	0.0	
$R$	SUMP	SUMP	
$Q_d$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs
$d$			inches
$d_{CROWN}$			inches

**MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**  
**MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$Q_{allow}$	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

# INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Version 4.05 Released March 2017



Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a <sub>local</sub> =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	4.4	5.7	inches
<b>Grate Information</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Grate		L <sub>g</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W <sub>g</sub> =	N/A	N/A	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A <sub>ratio</sub> =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C <sub>l</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C <sub>w</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C <sub>o</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A	
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L <sub>g</sub> (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H <sub>vert</sub> =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H <sub>throat</sub> =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W <sub>p</sub> =	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C <sub>l</sub> (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C <sub>w</sub> (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C <sub>o</sub> (C) =	0.67	0.67	
<b>Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	N/A	N/A	
<b>Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q <sub>all</sub> =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q <sub>we</sub> =	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q <sub>or</sub> =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q <sub>or</sub> =	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q <sub>mi</sub> =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q <sub>mi</sub> =	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
		Q <sub>Grate</sub> =	N/A	N/A	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units		Coef =	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units		Clog =	0.06	0.06	
<b>Curb Opening as a Weir (based on Modified HEC22 Method)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q <sub>all</sub> =	3.5	7.7	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q <sub>we</sub> =	3.3	7.2	cfs
<b>Curb Opening as an Orifice (based on Modified HEC22 Method)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q <sub>or</sub> =	16.8	19.0	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q <sub>or</sub> =	15.8	17.8	cfs
<b>Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Interception without Clogging		Q <sub>mi</sub> =	7.2	11.3	cfs
Interception with Clogging		Q <sub>mi</sub> =	6.7	10.6	cfs
<b>Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
		Q <sub>Curb</sub> =	3.3	7.2	cfs
<b>Resultant Street Conditions</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Total Inlet Length		L =	10.00	10.00	feet
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)		T =	11.9	17.5	ft
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown		d <sub>CROWN</sub> =	0.0	0.0	inches
<b>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d <sub>Grate</sub> =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d <sub>Curb</sub> =	0.20	0.31	ft
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF <sub>Combination</sub> =	0.41	0.54	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF <sub>Curb</sub> =	0.82	0.92	
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF <sub>Grate</sub> =	N/A	N/A	
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
		Q <sub>s</sub> =	3.3	7.2	cfs
<b>Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(&gt;Q PEAK)</b>		MINOR		MAJOR	
		Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> =	3.3	7.2	cfs

Flows do not match those shown on hydrology spreadsheets

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## APPENDIX D – POND AND ROUTING CALCULATIONS

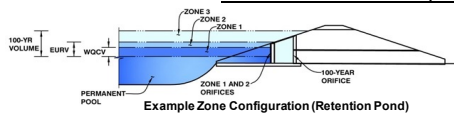
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Include forebay sizing calcs.

Include forebay notch sizing.

## MHFD-Detention, Version 4.02 (February 2020)

**Basin ID:** Pond C4- Interim Conditions with only developed C10.10 basins for WQ plate

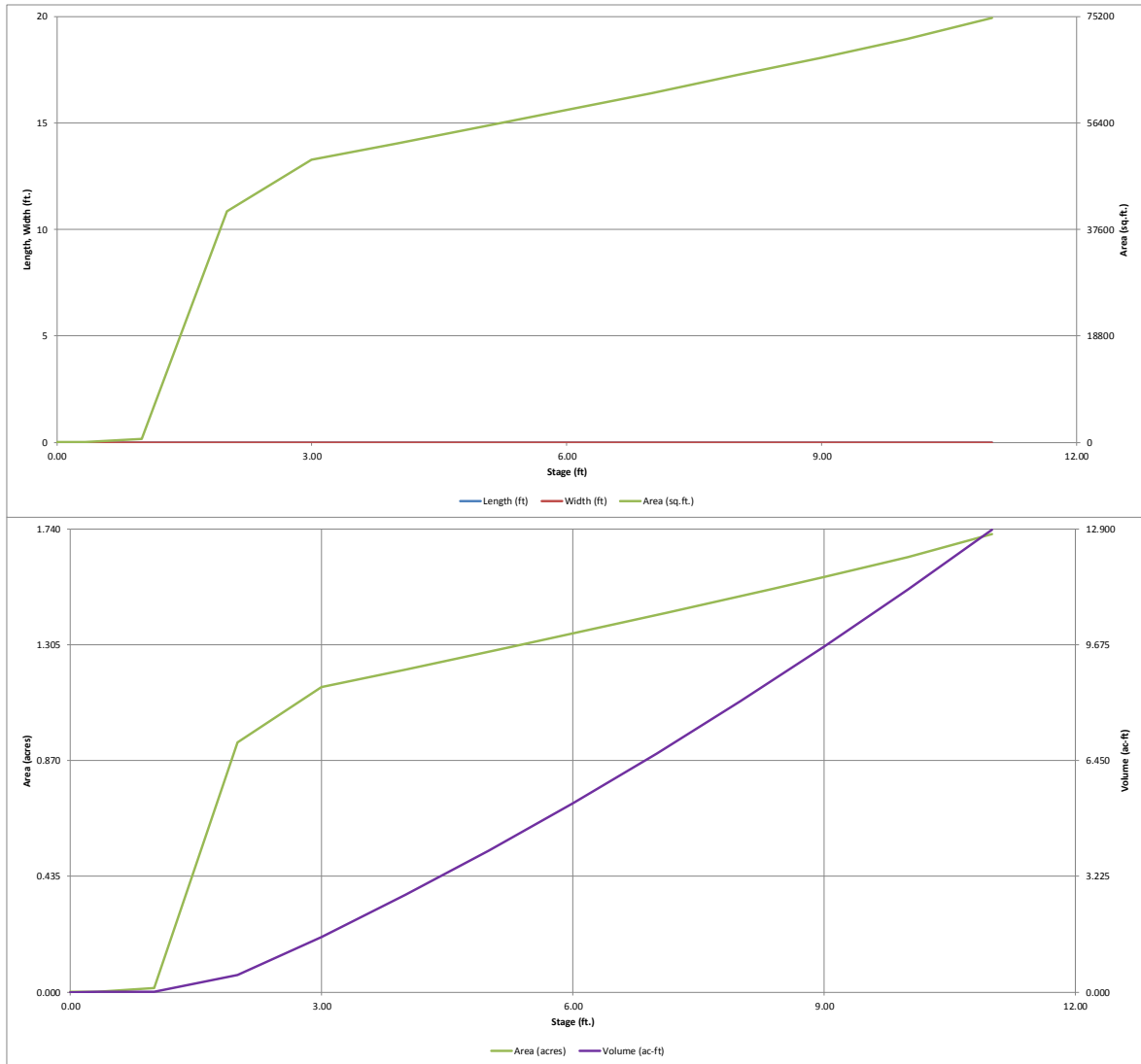


Depth Increment =	0.20	ft
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[illegible]

# DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.02 (February 2020)

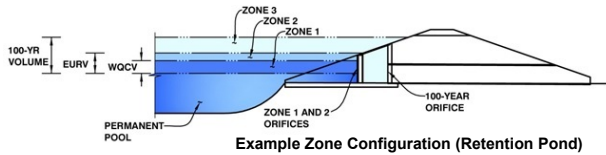


# DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.02 (February 2020)

Project: The Hills at Lorson Ranch

Basin ID: Pond C4- Interim Conditions with only developed C10.10 basins for WQ plate



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.50	0.128	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	1.93	0.285	Rectangular Orifice
Zone 3 (100+1/2WQCV)	2.30	0.350	Rectangular Orifice
Total (all zones)		0.762	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =  ft (distance below the filtration media surface)  
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =  inches  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =  sq. inches (diameter = 3/4 inch)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Elliptical Half-Width =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Centroid =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.50	1.00					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.46	0.46	0.46					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

	Zone 2 Rectangular	Zone 3 Rectangular			Zone 2 Rectangular	Zone 3 Rectangular
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	1.50	1.93	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Area =	0.79	0.92
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	1.93	2.30	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Centroid =	0.22	0.25
Vertical Orifice Height =	5.16	6.00	inches			
Vertical Orifice Width =	22.00	22.00	inches			

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Gate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe)

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Not Selected	Not Selected			Not Selected	Not Selected
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H <sub>o</sub> =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Height of Gate Upper Edge, H <sub>g</sub> =	N/A	N/A
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	N/A	N/A	feet	Overflow Weir Slope Length =	N/A	N/A
Overflow Weir Gate Slope =	N/A	N/A	H:V	Gate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	N/A	N/A	feet	Overflow Gate Open Area w/o Debris =	N/A	N/A
Overflow Gate Open Area % =	N/A	N/A	%	Overflow Gate Open Area w/ Debris =	N/A	N/A
Debris Clogging % =	N/A	N/A	%			

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Not Selected	Not Selected			Not Selected	Not Selected
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	N/A	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Outlet Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A
Circular Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches	Outlet Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A
				Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	N/A	N/A

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Invert Stage =	10.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Spillway Design Flow Depth =	1.87	feet
Spillway Crest Length =	30.00	feet	Stage at Top of Freeboard =	13.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V	Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	1.72	acres
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.13	feet	Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	12.89	acre-ft

micropool = 0 = 5765

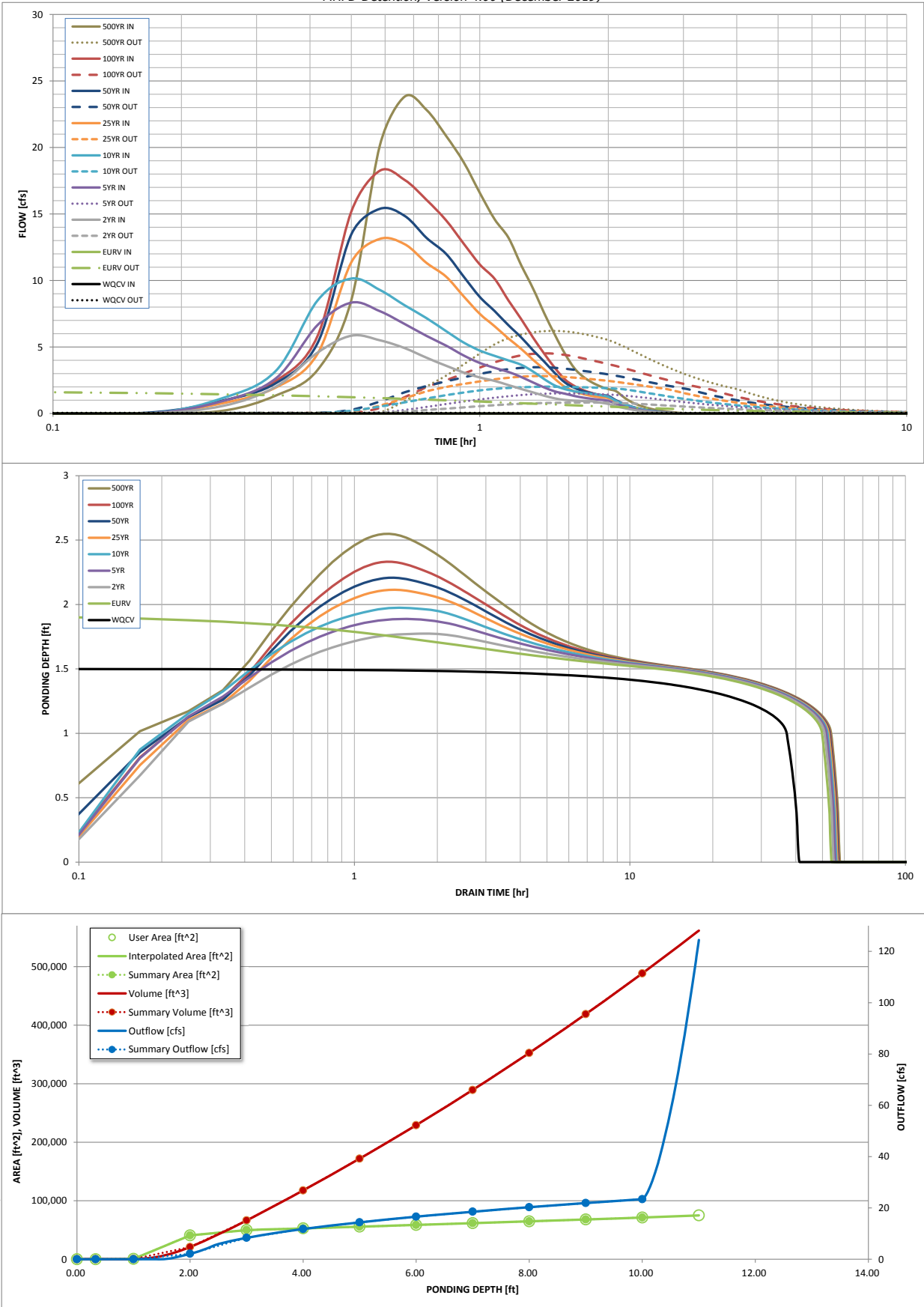
## Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF)

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year
Design Storm Return Period =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	0.128	0.412	0.379	0.531	0.664	0.836	0.979	1.158
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.379	0.531	0.664	0.836	0.979	1.158
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.7	1.9	2.9	5.2	6.5	8.4
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.10	0.28	0.42	0.75	0.94	1.20
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	5.9	8.3	10.1	13.1	15.4	18.3
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.8	1.5	2.0	2.8	3.5	4.5
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Structure Controlling Flow =	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 2	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 2	Vertical Orifice 2	Vertical Orifice 2	Vertical Orifice 2
Max Velocity through Gate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Max Velocity through Gate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	38	47	49	48	47	46	45	43
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	51	52	52	52	52	51	51
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.50	1.93	1.77	1.89	1.97	2.11	2.21	2.33
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.48	0.87	0.72	0.83	0.91	0.96	0.98	1.01
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.128	0.418	0.290	0.375	0.454	0.586	0.673	0.802

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.00 (December 2019)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename: .|Outflow Hydrographs-pond C4.xlsx

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

[illegible]



## DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

*MHFD-Detention, Version 4.02 (February 2020)*

### Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

[illegible]

For best results, include the stages of all grade slope changes (e.g. ISV and Floor) from the S-A-V table on Sheet 'Basin'.

Also include the inverts of all outlets (e.g. vertical orifice, overflow grate, and spillway, where applicable).

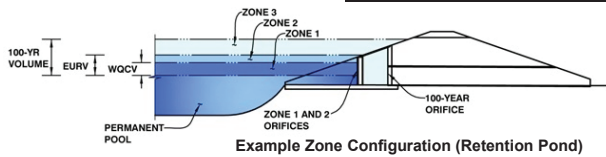
# full buildout of Pond C4 from The Hills at Lorson Ranch PDR

## DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.02 (February 2020)

Project: The Hills at Lorson Ranch

Basin ID: Pond C4



	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.97	1.488	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	5.41	2.980	Rectangular Orifice
Zone 3 (100+1/2WQCV)	8.40	4.225	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		8.692	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =  ft (distance below the filtration media surface)  
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

Invert of Lowest Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =  inches  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =  sq. inches (use rectangular openings)

WQ Orifice Area per Row =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Elliptical Half-Width =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Centroid =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.99	1.98					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	4.68	4.68	4.68					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orif

	Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected		Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	2.97	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Area =	0.68
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	5.41	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Vertical Orifice Centroid =	0.25
Vertical Orifice Height =	6.00	N/A	inches		
Vertical Orifice Width =	16.39		inches		

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe)

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected		Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H <sub>o</sub> =	5.50	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Height of Grate Upper Edge, H <sub>g</sub> =	5.50
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	6.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Weir Slope Length =	6.00
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V	Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	8.02
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	6.00	N/A	feet	Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =	25.20
Overflow Grate Open Area % =	70%	N/A	%	Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =	12.60
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%		

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected		Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.00	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Outlet Orifice Area =	3.14
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	24.00	N/A	inches	Outlet Orifice Centroid =	1.00
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	24.00		inches	Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	3.14

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Invert Stage =	10.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)	Spillway Design Flow Depth =	1.87	feet
Spillway Crest Length =	30.00	feet	Stage at Top of Freeboard =	13.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V	Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	1.72	acres
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.13	feet	Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	12.89	acre-ft

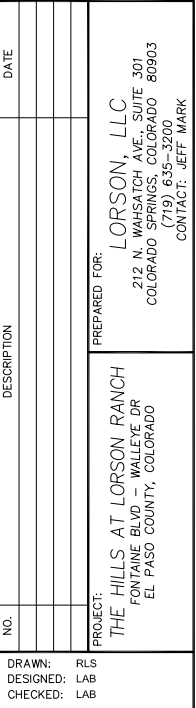
micropool = 0 = 5765

### Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF)

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year
Design Storm Return Period =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	1.488	4.468	4.607	6.475	8.109	10.045	11.748	13.830
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	4.607	6.475	8.109	10.045	11.748	13.830
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	17.5	39.6	56.8	90.6	111.9	138.5
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.22	0.49	0.70	1.12	1.38	1.71
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	93.5	131.6	158.6	200.0	232.9	277.2
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	5.3	16.5	34.4	38.0	40.5	43.7
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	0.6	5.8	N/A	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1
Structure Controlling Flow =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.4	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	39	48	49	49	47	45	44	42
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	52	53	54	53	53	53	52
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	2.97	5.41	5.00	5.84	6.17	7.31	8.15	9.34
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	1.14	1.31	1.28	1.34	1.36	1.44	1.50	1.59
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	1.488	4.477	3.934	5.031	5.476	7.083	8.317	10.152





DATE	MAY 20, 2021
PROJECT NO.	100.063
SHEET NUMBER	1
TOTAL SHEETS:	1

Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	1	13.50	30 c	498.0	5766.90	5769.99	0.621	5768.13	5771.22	n/a	5771.22 j	End
2	2	13.50	30 c	108.2	5769.99	5770.66	0.618	5771.59	5771.89	n/a	5772.55 i	1
3	3	10.20	24 c	56.6	5771.16	5771.55	0.688	5772.55	5772.68	n/a	5773.37 i	2
4	4	7.40	18 c	36.1	5772.05	5772.34	0.803	5773.37	5773.43	n/a	5774.06 i	3
5	5	3.30	18 c	7.8	5771.66	5771.82	2.042	5772.55	5772.51	n/a	5772.86 i	2
Update storm sewer design to match information in CD's												

# Storm Sewer Summary Report

Line No.	Line ID	Flow rate (cfs)	Line size (in)	Line length (ft)	Invert EL Dn (ft)	Invert EL Up (ft)	Line slope (%)	HGL down (ft)	HGL up (ft)	Minor loss (ft)	HGL Junct (ft)	Dns line No.
1	1	28.60	30 c	498.0	5766.90	5769.99	0.621	5768.72	5771.83	0.17	5772.00	End
2	2	28.60	30 c	108.2	5769.99	5770.66	0.618	5772.32	5772.67	n/a	5773.51 i	1
3	3	21.40	24 c	56.6	5771.16	5771.55	0.688	5773.51*	5774.02*	n/a	5774.43 i	2
4	4	15.20	18 c	36.1	5772.05	5772.34	0.803	5774.43*	5775.18*	n/a	5776.08 i	3
5	5	7.20	18 c	7.8	5771.66	5771.82	2.042	5773.51*	5773.55*	0.26	5773.81	2
100.063-100yr STM							Number of lines: 5			Run Date: 11-19-2020		
NOTES: c = cir; e = ellip; b = box; Return period = 100 Yrs. ; *Surcharged (HGL above crown). ; i - Inlet control.												

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**APPENDIX F – 2019 Annual Report of Drainage/Bridge Fee Credits**

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2020 Lorson Ranch Drainage/Surety Fees and Drainage Fee Report						
	Subdivision Name	Drainage Fee	Surety	pay out	Credits	Credit balance
06-491	credit established				\$ 6,804,637.69	\$ 6,804,637.69
06-491	payout			\$ (403,041.97)		\$ 6,401,595.72
07-485	payout			\$ (223,130.33)		\$ 6,178,465.39
07-485	Ponderosa Filing No. 1	\$ (151,208.00)				\$ 6,027,257.39
10-255	payout			\$ (238,680.00)		\$ 5,788,577.39
12-117	payout			\$ (65,250.00)		\$ 5,723,327.39
12-117	Ponderosa Filing No. 2	\$ (192,765.00)				\$ 5,530,562.39
12-117	Pioneer Landing	\$ (219,500.00)				\$ 5,311,062.39
12-117	Townhomes at Lorson	\$ (68,512.50)				\$ 5,242,549.89
13-055	payout			\$ (187,200.00)		\$ 5,055,349.89
13-478	payout			\$ (146,790.00)		\$ 4,908,559.89
15-015	Ponderosa Filing No. 2		\$ (89,957.00)			\$ 4,818,602.89
15-015	Pioneer Landing		\$ (102,433.00)			\$ 4,716,169.89
15-015	Townhomes at Lorson		\$ (31,972.50)			\$ 4,684,197.39
15-015	Buffalo Crossing No. 2	\$ (182,228.00)	\$ (85,040.00)			\$ 4,416,929.39
15-239	payout			\$ (145,620.00)		\$ 4,271,309.39
15-473	payout	\$ (149,292.00)				\$ 4,122,017.39
16-091	credit established				\$ 745,604.28	\$ 4,867,621.67
	Meadows Filing No. 1	\$ (181,578.00)	\$ (84,736.00)			\$ 4,601,307.67
	Meadows Filing No. 2	\$ (224,587.00)	\$ (104,808.00)			\$ 4,271,912.67
	Allegiant at Lorson	\$ (162,021.00)	\$ (75,610.00)			\$ 4,034,281.67
	Buffalo Crossing No. 1	\$ (78,975.00)	\$ (36,855.00)			\$ 3,918,451.67
						\$ 3,918,451.67
	Meadows 3	\$ (287,820.00)	\$ (134,316.00)			\$ 3,496,315.67
	Meadows 4	\$ (464,200.00)	\$ (216,626.00)			\$ 2,815,489.67
	Pioneer Landing 2	\$ (370,756.00)	\$ (165,095.00)			\$ 2,279,638.67
	Carriage Meadows South	\$ (844,538.00)	\$ (376,066.00)			\$ 1,059,034.67
	Carriage Meadows North	\$ (296,184.00)	\$ (132,618.00)			\$ 630,232.67
	Pioneer Landing 3	\$ (15,832.00)	\$ (7,089.00)			\$ 607,311.67
	Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 1	\$ (899,058.00)	\$ (380,859.00)			\$ (672,605.33)
20-17	credit established				\$ 984,434.42	\$ 311,829.09

Drainage Fee Pre-Credit Analysis						
	Subdivision Name	Drainage Fee	Surety	pay out	Credits	Credit balance
	CDR 19-002 (CD's not approved yet)				\$ 2,074,670.20	\$ 2,074,670.20
	Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 2	\$ (322,236.00)	\$ (136,506.00)			\$ 1,615,928.20
	Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 3	\$ (177,213.00)	\$ (70,354.00)			\$ 1,368,361.20
	Creekside at Lorson filing 1	\$ (429,894.00)	\$ (170,669.00)			\$ 767,798.20
	Lorson Ranch East Filing No. 4	\$ (475,387.00)	\$ (188,729.00)			\$ 103,682.20
	<b>totals</b>	\$ (6,193,784.50)	\$ (2,590,338.50)	\$ (1,409,712.30)	\$ 10,609,346.59	

	confirmed with resolution
	current credit balance

Update table per current plat status  
(Creekside South Filing 1, Hills at  
Lorson Ranch East Filing 1?)

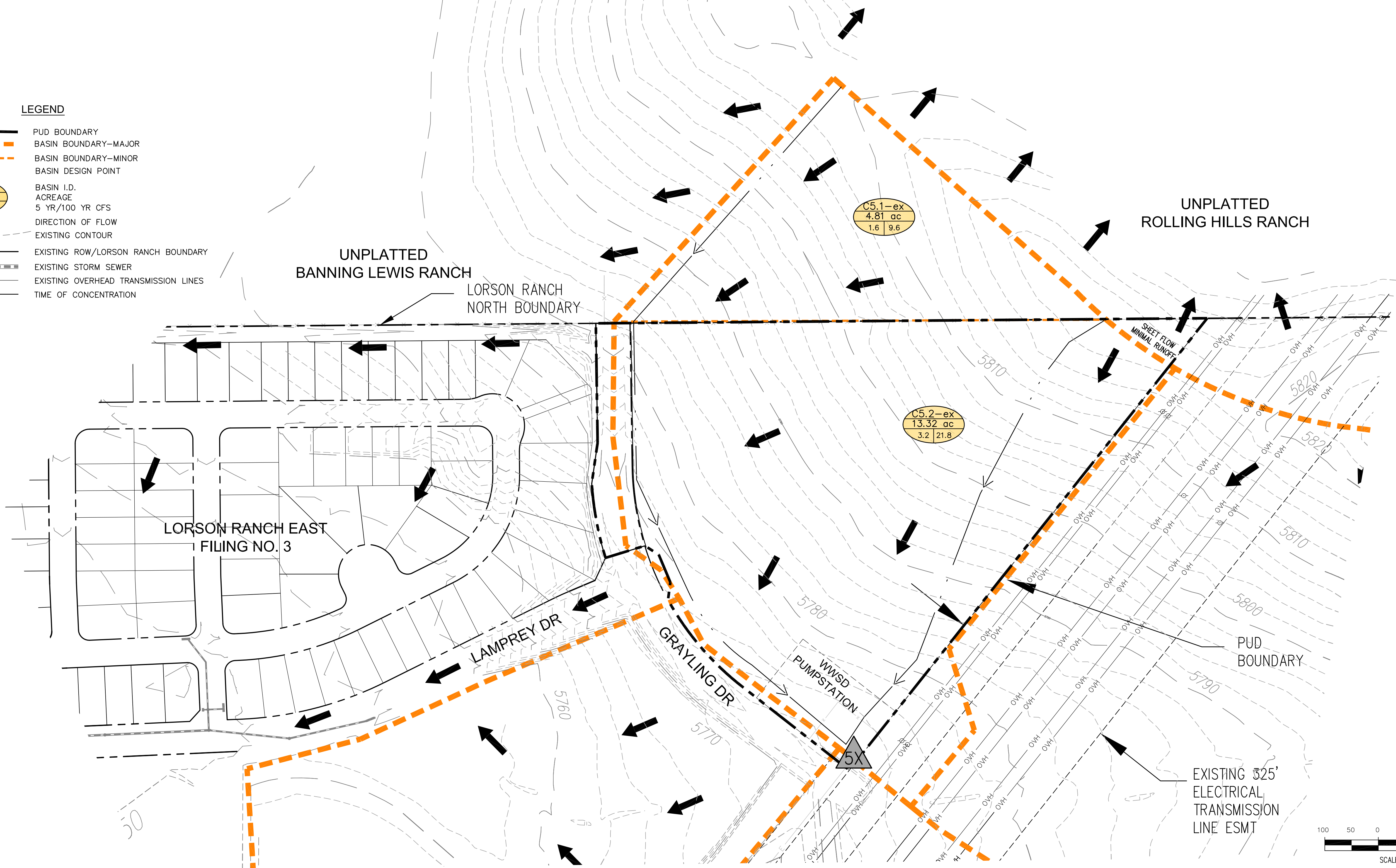


# MAP POCKET

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE					
DESIGN POINT	BASIN	DRAINAGE AREA (AC)	RUNOFF 5 YR (CFS)	RUNOFF 100 YR (CFS)	COMMENT
5X	C5-ex	18.13	4.2cfs	27.2cfs	EX. FLOW

**LEGEND**

- PUD BOUNDARY
- BASIN BOUNDARY-MAJOR
- BASIN BOUNDARY-MINOR
- BASIN DESIGN POINT
- BASIN I.D. ACREAGE 5 YR/100 YR CFS
- DIRECTION OF FLOW
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- EXISTING ROW/LORSON RANCH BOUNDARY
- EXISTING STORM SEWER
- EXISTING OVERHEAD TRANSMISSION LINES
- TIME OF CONCENTRATION



**CORE ENGINEERING GROUP**  
15004 1ST AVENUE S.  
DENVER, CO 80202  
PHONE: 303.755.8506  
CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHMIDT, P.E.  
EMAIL: Rich@cegi.com

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_

NO. \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT: **THE HILLS AT LORSON RANCH**  
212 NORTH WAHATCH AVE. SUITE 301  
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903 (719) 635-3200  
CONTACT: JEFF MARK

PREPARED FOR: **LORSON LLC**

DRAWN: RLS  
DESIGNED: RLS  
CHECKED: RLS

**EXISTING CONDITIONS  
PUD / PRELIMINARY PLAN  
SKYLINE AT LORSON RANCH**

DATE: **MAY 20, 2021**

PROJECT NO. **100.063**

SHEET NUMBER **1**

TOTAL SHEETS: **1**



The diagram illustrates a subcatchment area with various boundaries and design points. At the top, a series of black and orange rectangles represent the 'PUD BOUNDARY' and 'BASIN BOUNDARY'. Below these, a triangle labeled 'X' represents the 'BASIN DESIGN POINT'. The subcatchment itself is a purple rectangle divided into four quadrants labeled 'BASIN', 'XX', 'AC', and 'X.X'. An arrow labeled 'DIRECTION OF FLOW' points from the right towards the subcatchment. To the left, a dashed line represents the 'EXISTING CONTOUR' with elevations of 6690 and 6670. Below the contour, a dashed line represents the 'ROW/LORSON RANCH BOUNDARY'. Further down, a dashed line represents the 'EXISTING STORM SEWER', a solid line represents the 'EXISTING OVERHEAD TRANSMISSION LINES', and a dashed line represents the 'PROPOSED STORM SEWER'. At the bottom, a dashed line represents the 'TIME OF CONCENTRATION' with arrows indicating flow direction. The subcatchment is labeled 'HP' (HIGH POINT) and 'LP' (LOW POINT). A color bar at the bottom right shows a gradient from blue to red, labeled '6.0 8.0 10.0 in'.

PUD BOUNDARY

BASIN BOUNDARY

BASIN DESIGN POINT

BASIN I.D.

ACREAGE

5 YR/100 YR CFS

DIRECTION OF FLOW

EXISTING CONTOUR

PROPOSED CONTOUR

ROW/LORSON RANCH BOUNDARY

EXISTING STORM SEWER

EXISTING OVERHEAD TRANSMISSION LINES

PROPOSED STORM SEWER

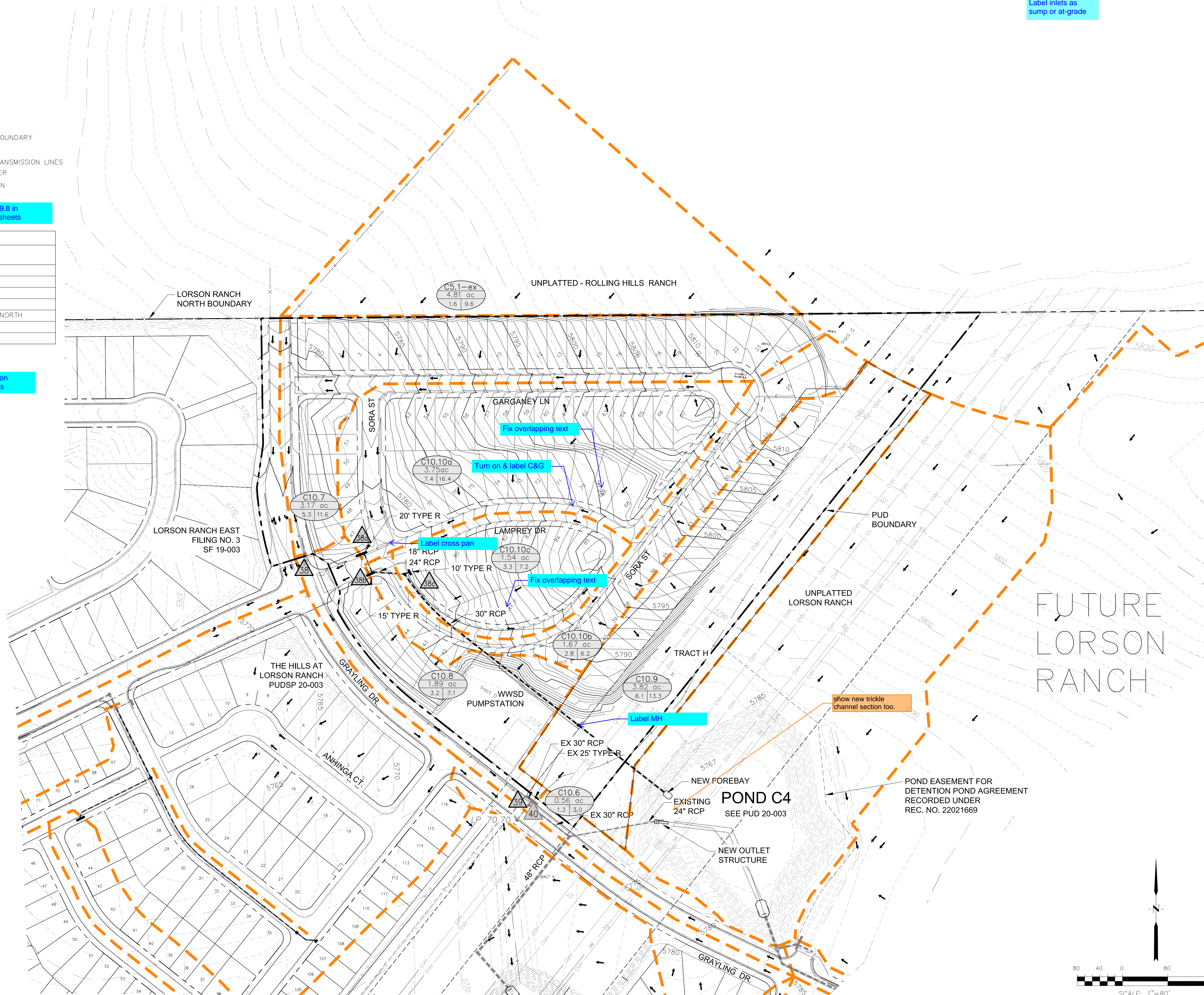
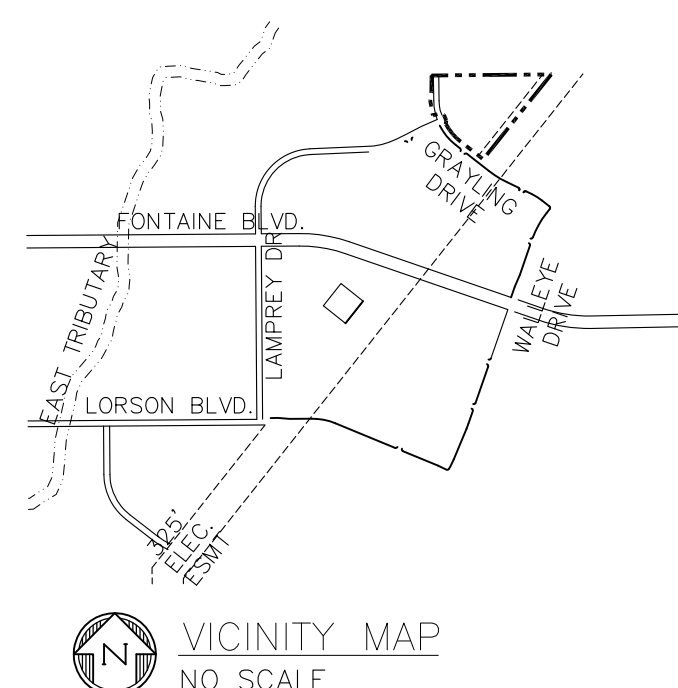
TIME OF CONCENTRATION

HP

LP

6.0 8.0 10.0 in

RUNOFF SUMMARY				
D.P.	AREA (acres)	5 YEAR cfs	100 YEAR cfs	NOTES
38	7.98 ac	6.8	22.1	STREET FLOW
38a	3.75 ac	7.4	16.4	STREET FLOW
38b	5.42 ac	2.8	6.2	STREET FLOW
38c	6.96 ac	3.3	7.2	STREET FLOW
39	9.87 ac	8.5	25.1	STREET FLOW FROM NORTH
40	14.25 ac	14.7	38.7	STREET FLOW



**CORE**  
**ENGINEERING GROUP**

15004 1ST AVE. S.  
BURNSVILLE, MN 55306  
PH: 719.570.1100  
CONTACT: RICHARD L. SCHINDLER, P.E.  
EMAIL: Rich@ceg1.com

DATE	

ORSON, LLC  
 WAHSATCH AVE., SUITE 301  
 SPRINGS, COLORADO 80903

NO.	DESCRIPTION
PROJECT: <b>THE HILLS AT LORSON RANCH</b> FONTAINE BLVD - WALLEYE DRIVE EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO	
DRAWN: RLS	
DESIGNED: LAB	
CHECKED: LAB	

DEVELOPED CONDITIONS  
SKYLINE AT LORSON RANCH  
C10 BASIN

DATE	MAY 20, 2021
PROJECT NO.	100.063
SHEET NUMBER	1
TOTAL SHEETS:	1