



Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

HAY CREEK VALLEY

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

DECEMBER 2023

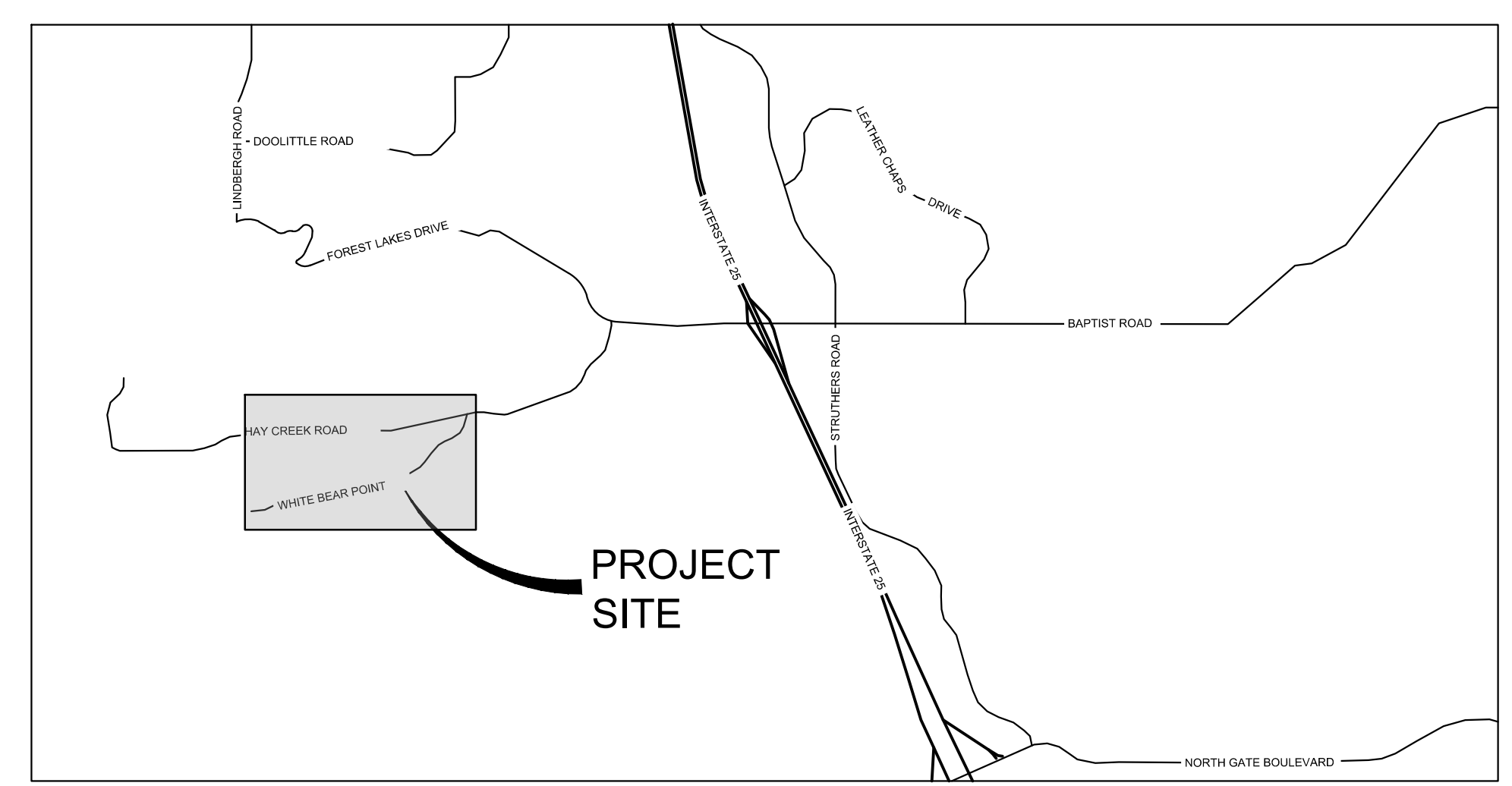
INDEX OF SHEETS		SHEET No.
TS01	TITLE SHEET	01
GN01	KEY MAP	02
GN02	GENERAL NOTES	03
GEC01-GEC06	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN	04-09
ECN01-ECN03	DETAILS	10-12

AGENCY CONTACT INFO

OWNER/DEVELOPER	VIEW HOMES, INC. 555 MIDDLE CREEK PARKWAY, SUITE 500 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80921 TIM BUSCHAR, (719)-382-9433
CIVIL ENGINEER	MATRIX DESIGN GROUP 2435 RESEARCH PARKWAY, SUITE 300 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80920 (719)-575-0100
ELECTRIC	MOUNTAIN VIEW ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION 15706 JACKSON CREEK PARKWAY, SUITE 100 MONUMENT, CO 80132 GINA PERRY, (719) 494-2636
GAS	BLACK HILLS ENERGY 105 S VICTORIA AVENUE PUEBLO, CO 81003 (800) 303-0752
ENGINEERING	EL PASO COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT 3275 AKERS DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922 (719) 520-6460
TRAFFIC	EL PASO COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT 3275 AKERS DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922 (719) 520-6460
DRAINAGE	EL PASO COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT 3275 AKERS DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922 (719) 520-6460
FIRE DEPARTMENT	MONUMENT FIRE DISTRICT 16055 OLD FOREST POINT, SUITE 102 MONUMENT, CO 80132 (719)-484-0911



SITE MAP
1" = 500'



VICINITY MAP
N.T.S.

OWNER/DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:

I, THE OWNER/DEVELOPER HAVE READ AND WILL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.

NAME _____ DATE _____

TIM BUSCHAR, (719)-382-9433
VIEW HOMES, INC.
555 MIDDLE CREEK PARKWAY, SUITE 500
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80921

DESIGN ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. SAID PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTY FOR GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS. I ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LIABILITY CAUSED BY ANY NEGLIGENT ACTS, ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON MY PART IN PREPARING THIS PLAN.

BY: _____ DATE: _____

JEFFREY A. ODOR, PE #39265
FOR AND ON BEHALF OF MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC.

EL PASO COUNTY:

COUNTY PLAN REVIEW IS PROVIDED ONLY FOR GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH COUNTY DESIGN CRITERIA. THE COUNTY IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY AND ADEQUACY OF THE DESIGN, DIMENSIONS, AND/OR ELEVATIONS WHICH SHALL BE CONFIRMED AT THE JOB SITE. THE COUNTY THROUGH THE APPROVAL OF THIS DOCUMENT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETENESS AND/OR ACCURACY OF THIS DOCUMENT.

FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE EL PASO COUNTY LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUMES 1 AND 2, AND ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL, AS AMENDED.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ECM SECTION 1.12, THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS WILL BE VALID FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE SIGNED BY THE EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEER. IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT STARTED WITHIN THOSE 2 YEARS, THE PLANS WILL NEED TO BE RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL, INCLUDING PAYMENT OF REVIEW FEES AT THE PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR'S DISCRETION.

JOSHUA PALMER, P.E. _____ DATE _____
COUNTY ENGINEER / ECM ADMINISTRATOR

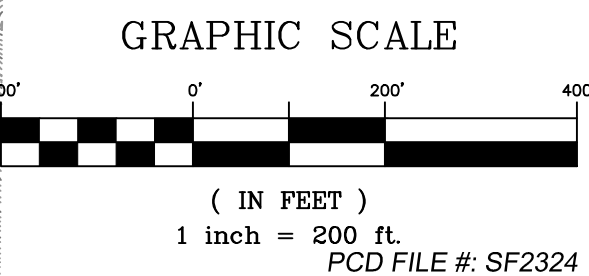
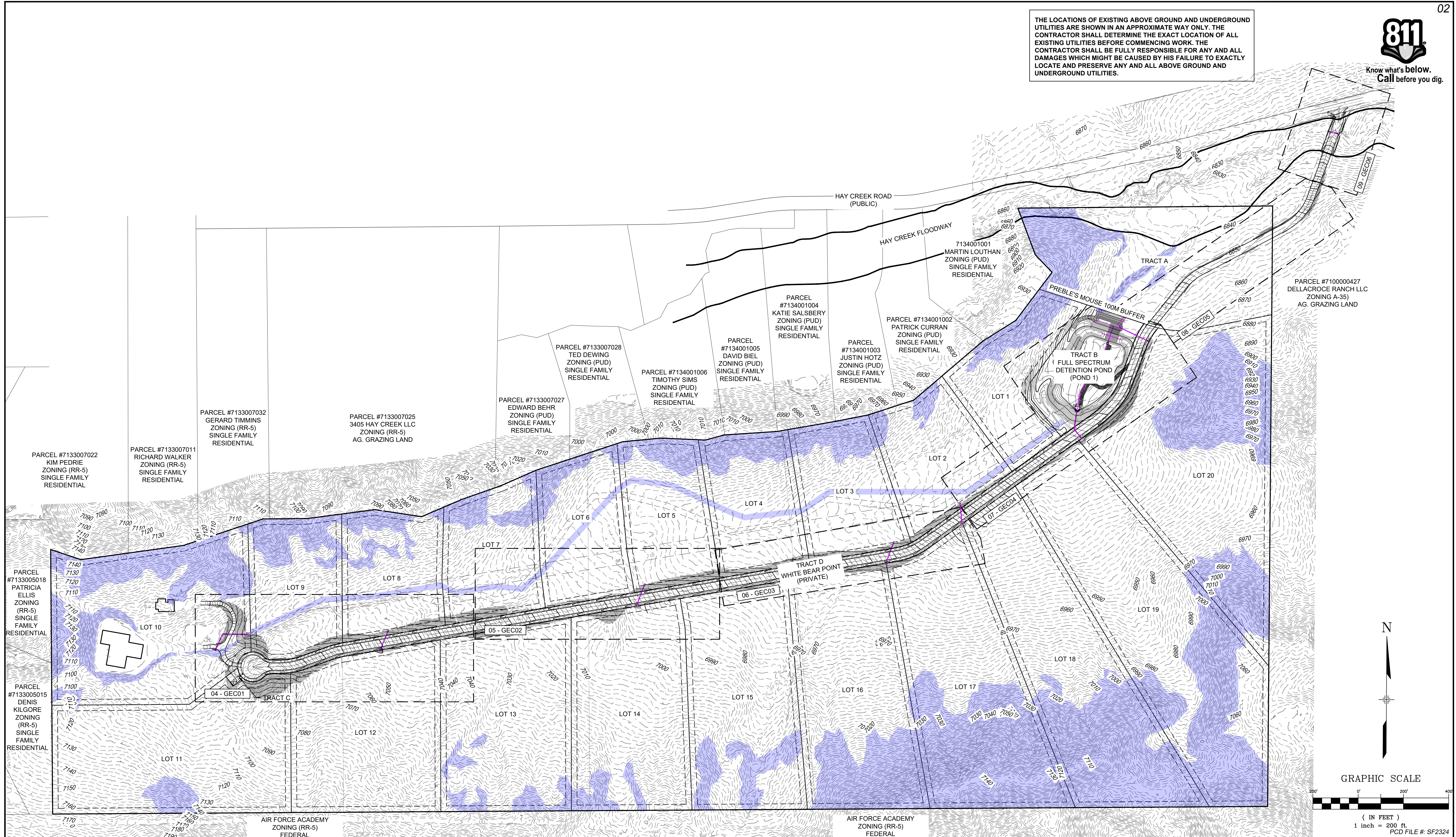
PCD FILE #: SF2324

REFERENCE DRAWINGS	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	SHEET KEY	BENCHMARK	PREPARED BY:	SEAL	HAY CREEK VALLEY			
X-TITLE-CD X-886-PR-SITE FEMA_X3 X-886-066-EX-MAP-1 164022-01 Hay Creek Road BMDY X-886-ALTA-SURVEY Hay Creek BFEs						PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.	MATRIX Excellence by Design	PRELIMINARY THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE	EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS			
COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT									TITLE SHEET			
FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\TS01.dwg									DESIGNED BY: CVW	SCALE	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023	DRAWING No.
CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb									DRAWN BY: CVW	HORIZ. N/A	01 OF 12	TS01
PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:49 PM									CHECKED BY: JAO	VERT. N/A		
THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.									FOR AND ON BEHALF OF MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC. PROJECT No. 22.886.076			

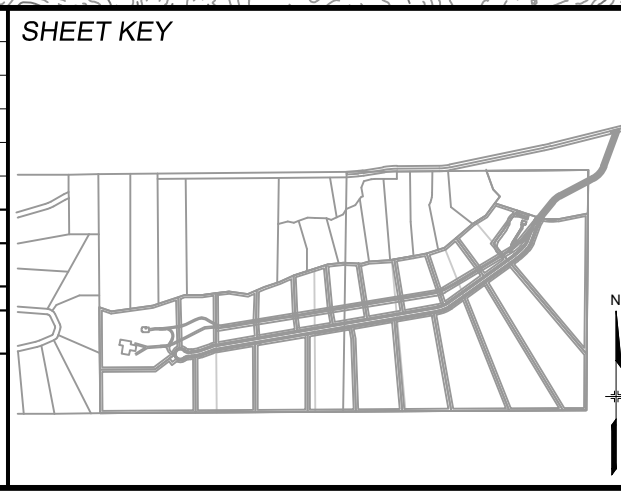


Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.



No.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
REVISIONS			
COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT			
FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\TS01.dwg			
CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb			
PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:49 PM			
THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.			



BENCHMARK
PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.

BASIS OF BEARING
THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PLS25955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999, "AND THE WESTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000, "BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.

PREPARED BY:

Excellence by Design

SEAL

PRELIMINARY
THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF
MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC.
PROJECT No. 22.886.076

HAY CREEK VALLEY
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO
FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

KEY MAP

DESIGNED BY: CVW	SCALE: 1"=200'	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023	DRAWING No. GN01
DRAWN BY: CVW	HORIZ. N/A	SHEET 02 OF 12	
CHECKED BY: JAO	VERT. N/A		



Know what's below. Call before you dig.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM CONSTRUCTION SITES SHALL NOT CAUSE OR THREATEN TO CAUSE POLLUTION, CONTAMINATION, OR DEGRADATION OF STATE WATERS. ALL WORK AND EARTH DISTURBANCE SHALL BE DONE IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES POLLUTION OF ANY ON-SITE OR OFF-SITE WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS.
- NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING DEPICTED IN THESE PLANS IN WORDS OR GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION, ALL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO ROADS, STORM DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE RELEVANT ADOPTED EL PASO COUNTY STANDARDS, INCLUDING THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, THE ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL, THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, AND THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME 2. ANY DEVIATIONS FROM REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS MUST BE REQUESTED, AND APPROVED, IN WRITING.
- A SEPARATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SMWP) FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE COMPLETED AND AN EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PERMIT (ESQCP) ISSUED PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. MANAGEMENT OF THE SWMP DURING CONSTRUCTION IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DESIGNATED QUALIFIED STORMWATER MANAGER OR CERTIFIED EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR. THE SWMP SHALL BE LOCATED ON SITE AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE KEPT UP TO DATE WITH WORK PROGRESS AND CHANGES IN THE FIELD.
- ONCE THE ESQCP IS APPROVED AND A "NOTICE TO PROCEED" HAS BEEN ISSUED, THE CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL THE INITIAL STAGE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS INDICATED ON THE APPROVED GEC. A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, AND EL PASO COUNTY WILL BE HELD PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT TO COORDINATE THE MEETING TIME AND PLACE WITH COUNTY STAFF.
- CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ACTIVITIES THAT COULD CONTRIBUTE POLLUTANTS TO STORMWATER. CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL SLOPES, CHANNELS, DITCHES, AND DISTURBED LAND AREAS SHALL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF THE DISTURBANCE.
- ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND REMAIN IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION UNTIL PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED AND FINAL STABILIZATION IS ESTABLISHED. ALL PERSONS ENGAGED IN LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL ASSESS THE ADEQUACY OF CONTROL MEASURES AT THE SITE AND IDENTIFY IF CHANGES TO THOSE CONTROL MEASURES ARE NEEDED TO ENSURE THE CONTINUED EFFECTIVE PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTROL MEASURES. ALL CHANGES TO TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INCORPORATED INTO THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN.
- TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED ON DISTURBED AREAS AND STOCKPILES WHERE GROUND DISTURBING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS PERMANENTLY CEASED OR TEMPORARILY CEASED FOR LONGER THAN 14 DAYS.
- FINAL STABILIZATION MUST BE IMPLEMENTED AT ALL APPLICABLE CONSTRUCTION SITES. FINAL STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED WHEN ALL GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS EITHER HAVE A UNIFORM VEGETATIVE COVER WITH INDIVIDUAL PLANT DENSITY OF 70 PERCENT OF PRE-DISTURBANCE LEVELS ESTABLISHED OR EQUIVALENT PERMANENT ALTERNATIVE STABILIZATION METHOD IS IMPLEMENTED. ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED UPON FINAL STABILIZATION AND BEFORE PERMIT CLOSURE.
- ALL PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS DESIGNED IN THE APPROVED PLANS. ANY PROPOSED CHANGES THAT EFFECT THE DESIGN OR FUNCTION OF PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ECM ADMINISTRATOR PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.
- EARTH DISTURBANCES SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER SO AS TO EFFECTIVELY MINIMIZE ACCELERATED SOIL EROSION AND RESULTING SEDIMENTATION. ALL DISTURBANCES SHALL BE DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED, AND COMPLETED SO THAT THE EXPOSED AREA OF ANY DISTURBED LAND SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE SHORTEST PRACTICAL PERIOD OF TIME. PRE-EXISTING VEGETATION SHALL BE PROTECTED AND MAINTAINED WITHIN 50 HORIZONTAL FEET OF A WATERS OF THE STATE UNLESS SHOWN TO BE INFEASIBLE AND SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED AND APPROVED.
- COMPACTION OF SOIL MUST BE PREVENTED IN AREAS DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION CONTROL MEASURES OR WHERE FINAL STABILIZATION WILL BE ACHIEVED BY VEGETATIVE COVER. AREAS

- DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL ALSO BE PROTECTED FROM SEDIMENTATION DURING CONSTRUCTION UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED. IF COMPACTION PREVENTION IS NOT FEASIBLE DUE TO SITE CONSTRAINTS, ALL AREAS DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION AND VEGETATION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE LOOSENED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE CONTROL MEASURE(S).
- ANY TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT FACILITY DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF STORMWATER AROUND, THROUGH, OR FROM THE EARTH DISTURBANCE AREA SHALL BE A STABILIZED CONVEYANCE DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND THE DISCHARGE OF SEDIMENT OFF SITE.
- CONCRETE WASH WATER SHALL BE CONTAINED AND DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SWMP. NO WASH WATER SHALL BE DISCHARGED TO OR ALLOWED TO ENTER STATE WATERS, INCLUDING ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR FACILITIES. CONCRETE WASHOUTS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WHERE SHALLOW GROUNDWATER MAY BE PRESENT, OR WITHIN 50 FEET OF A SURFACE WATER BODY, CREEK OR STREAM.
- DURING DEWATERING OPERATIONS OF UNCONTAMINATED GROUND WATER MAY BE DISCHARGED ON SITE, BUT SHALL NOT LEAVE THE SITE IN THE FORM OF SURFACE RUNOFF UNLESS AN APPROVED STATE DEWATERING PERMIT IS IN PLACE.
- EROSION CONTROL BLANKETING OR OTHER PROTECTIVE COVERING SHALL BE USED ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL WASTES FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FOR DISPOSAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL AND STATE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS. NO CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, TREE SLASH, BUILDING MATERIAL WASTES OR UNUSED BUILDING MATERIALS SHALL BE BURIED, DUMPED, OR DISCHARGED AT THE SITE.
- WASTE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE TEMPORARILY PLACED OR STORED IN THE STREET, ALLEY, OR OTHER PUBLIC WAY, UNLESS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN. CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED BY EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING IF DEEMED NECESSARY, BASED ON SPECIFIC CONDITIONS AND CIRCUMSTANCES.
- TRACKING OF SOILS AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS OFF-SITE SHALL BE MINIMIZED. MATERIALS TRACKED OFF-SITE SHALL BE CLEANED UP AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IMMEDIATELY.
- THE OWNER/DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, DIRT, TRASH, ROCK, SEDIMENT, SOIL, AND SAND THAT MAY ACCUMULATE IN ROADS, STORM DRAINS AND OTHER DRAINAGE CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS AND STORMWATER APPURTENANCES AS A RESULT OF SITE DEVELOPMENT.
- THE QUANTITY OF MATERIALS STORED ON THE PROJECT SITE SHALL BE LIMITED, AS MUCH AS PRACTICAL, TO THAT QUANTITY REQUIRED TO PERFORM THE WORK IN AN ORDERLY SEQUENCE. ALL MATERIALS STORED ON-SITE SHALL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER, IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS, WITH ORIGINAL MANUFACTURER'S LABELS.
- NO CHEMICAL(S) HAVING THE POTENTIAL TO BE RELEASED IN STORMWATER ARE TO BE STORED OR USED ONSITE UNLESS PERMISSION FOR THE USE OF SUCH CHEMICAL(S) IS GRANTED IN WRITING BY THE ECM ADMINISTRATOR. IN GRANTING APPROVAL FOR THE USE OF SUCH CHEMICAL(S), SPECIAL CONDITIONS AND MONITORING MAY BE REQUIRED.
- BULK STORAGE OF ALLOWED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS OR OTHER ALLOWED LIQUID CHEMICALS IN EXCESS OF 55 GALLONS SHALL REQUIRE ADEQUATE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT PROTECTION TO CONTAIN ALL SPILLS ONSITE AND TO PREVENT ANY SPILLED MATERIALS FROM ENTERING STATE WATERS, ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR OTHER FACILITIES.
- NO PERSON SHALL CAUSE THE IMPEDIMENT OF STORMWATER FLOW IN THE CURB AND GUTTER OR DITCH EXCEPT WITH APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.
- OWNER/DEVELOPER AND THEIR AGENTS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE "COLORADO WATER QUALITY CONTROL ACT" (TITLE 25, ARTICLE 8, CRS), AND THE "CLEAN WATER ACT" (33 USC 1344), IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, DCM VOLUME II AND THE ECM APPENDIX I. ALL APPROPRIATE PERMITS MUST BE OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION (1041, NPDES, FLOODPLAIN, 404, FUGITIVE DUST, ETC.). IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICTS BETWEEN THESE REQUIREMENTS AND OTHER LAWS, RULES, OR REGULATIONS OF OTHER FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, OR COUNTY AGENCIES, THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LAWS, RULES, OR REGULATIONS SHALL APPLY.

- ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER/EXIT THE SITE ONLY AT APPROVED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS.
- PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION THE PERMITTEE SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES.
- A WATER SOURCE SHALL BE AVAILABLE ON SITE DURING EARTHWORK OPERATIONS AND SHALL BE UTILIZED AS REQUIRED TO MINIMIZE DUST FROM EARTHWORK EQUIPMENT AND WIND.

THE SOILS REPORT FOR THIS SITE HAS BEEN PREPARED BY CTL THOMPSON, DATED SEPTEMBER 19, 2023, AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED A PART OF THESE PLANS.

AT LEAST TEN (10) DAYS PRIOR TO THE ANTICIPATED START OF CONSTRUCTION, FOR PROJECTS THAT WILL DISTURB ONE (1) ACRE OR MORE, THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL SUBMIT A PERMIT APPLICATION FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGE TO THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, WATER QUALITY DIVISION. THE APPLICATION CONTAINS CERTIFICATION OF COMPLETION OF A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), OF WHICH THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN MAY BE A PART. FOR INFORMATION OR APPLICATION MATERIALS CONTACT:

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT
WATER QUALITY CONTROL DIVISION
WQCD - PERMITS
4300 CHERRY CREEK DRIVE SOUTH
DENVER, CO 80246-1530
ATTN: PERMITS UNIT

NRCS SOIL SURVEY FOR EL PASO COUNTY

SOIL ID NO.	SOIL TYPE	HYDROLOGIC CLASSIFICATION
38	JARRE-TECOLOTE COMPLEX (8%-65% SLOPES)	B
71	PRING COARSE SANDY LOAM (3%-8% SLOPES)	B
93	TOMAH-CROWFOOT COMPLEX (8%-15% SLOPES)	B

TIMING
ANTICIPATED STARTING AND COMPLETION TIME PERIOD OF SITE GRADING:
WINTER 2024 THRU FALL 2024

EXPECTED DATE ON WHICH THE FINAL STABILIZATION WILL BE COMPLETED:
FALL 2024

AREAS
TOTAL DISTURBED AREA: 17.28 ACRES

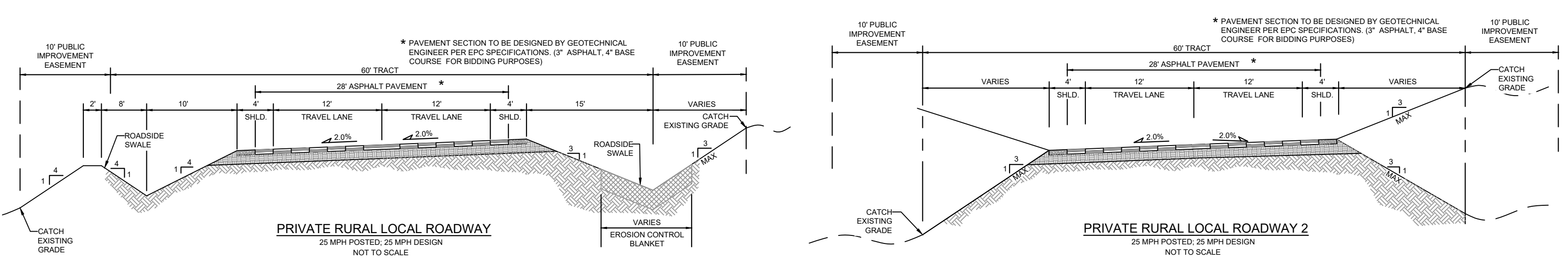
RECEIVING WATERS
NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS
HAY CREEK (ULTIMATE)

ENGINEER'S NOTES:
THE EXISTING VEGETATION CONSISTS OF MODERATELY DENSE NATIVE GRASSES AND SHRUBS. BASED ON SITE VISITS AND A REVIEW OF AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY, THE VEGETATIVE COVER AT HAY CREEK VALLEY IS APPROXIMATELY 80%.

ABBREVIATIONS

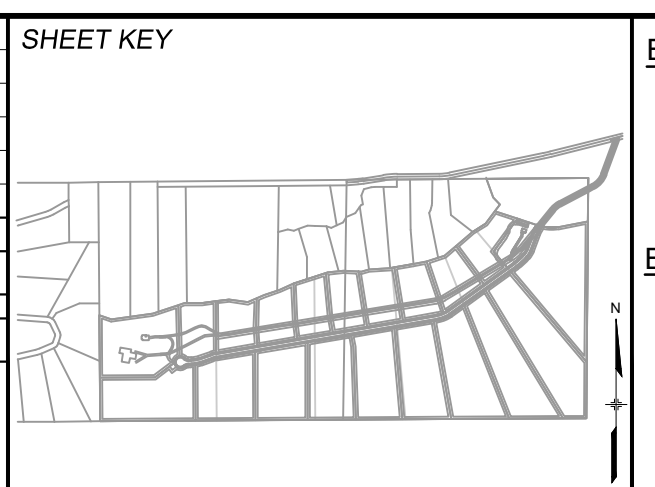
BOW	BOTTOM OF WALL	PL	PROPERTY LINE
EL	ELEVATION	PSI	POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH
EX	EXISTING	RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
HORIZ	HORIZONTAL	SHLDR	SHOULDER
INV	INVERT	TOW	TOP OF WALL
MIN	MINIMUM	TYP	TYPICAL
N,S,E,W	NORTH,SOUTH,EAST,WEST		

TYPICAL ROADWAY CROSS SECTIONS



PCD FILE #: SF2324

No.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
REVISIONS			
COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT			
FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\TS01.dwg			
CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb			
PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:49 PM			
THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.			



BENCHMARK
PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.

BASIS OF BEARING
THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PL25955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999," AND THE WESTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000," BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.

SEAL

PRELIMINARY
THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF
MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC.
PROJECT No. 22.886.076

HAY CREEK VALLEY
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO
FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

GENERAL NOTES

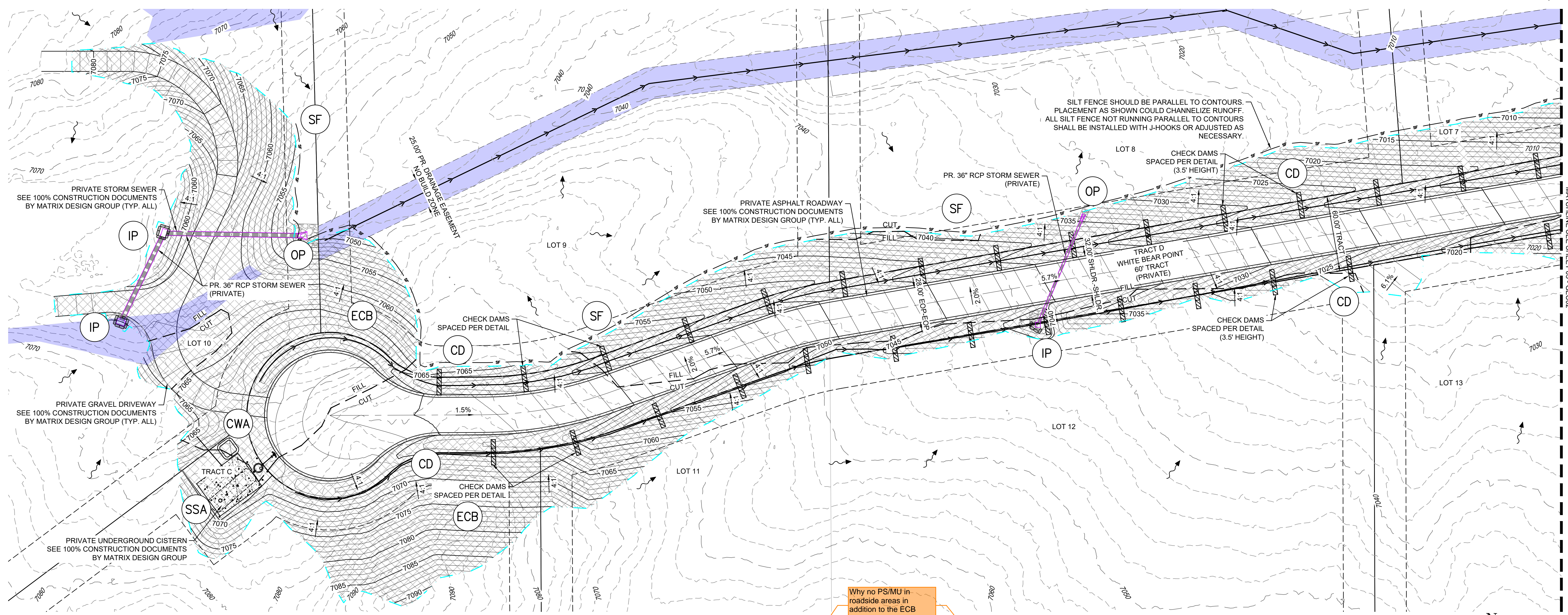
DESIGNED BY: CVW	SCALE	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023	DRAWING No. GN02
DRAWN BY: CVW	HORIZ N/A		
CHECKED BY: JAO	VERT. N/A	SHEET 03 OF 12	





Know what's below. Call before you dig.

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.



PRIVATE STORM SEWER SEE 100% CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS BY MATRIX DESIGN GROUP (TYP. ALL)

PRIVATE ASPHALT ROADWAY SEE 100% CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS BY MATRIX DESIGN GROUP (TYP. ALL)

PRIVATE GRAVEL DRIVEWAY SEE 100% CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS BY MATRIX DESIGN GROUP (TYP. ALL)

PRIVATE UNDERGROUND CISTERN SEE 100% CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS BY MATRIX DESIGN GROUP

SILT FENCE SHOULD BE PARALLEL TO CONTOURS. PLACEMENT AS SHOWN COULD CHANNELIZE RUNOFF. ALL SILT FENCE NOT RUNNING PARALLEL TO CONTOURS SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH J-HOOKS OR ADJUSTED AS NECESSARY.

Why no PS/MU in roadside areas in addition to the ECB which is shown?

BMP SEQUENCING	
INITIAL	SILT FENCE, VEHICLE TRACKING, TEMP SEDIMENT BASINS
INTERIM	CHECK DAMS, CONCRETE WASHOUT, INLET/OUTLET PROTECTION, STOCKPILES, STAGING, ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL
FINAL	EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, SEEDING & MULCHING, PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURE(S)

NOTES:
 1. SEE CHECK DAM (CD) DETAIL EC-12 ON SHEET ECN01 FOR SPACING.
 2. ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSPECTED 24-MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION. EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE RE-INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.

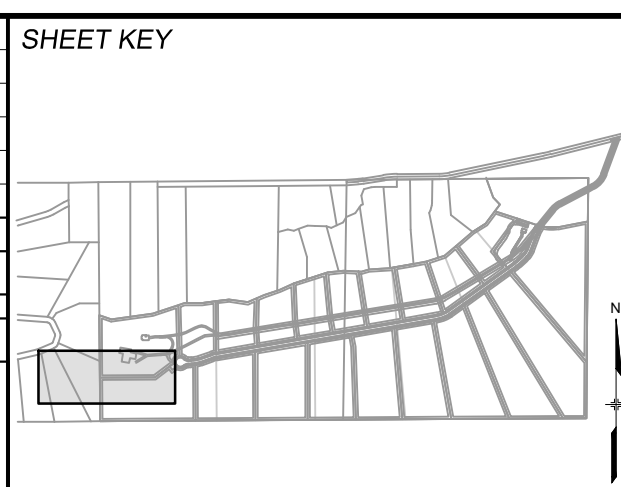
EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

SF	PERMANENT SEEDING	MU	MULCHING
SF	SILT FENCE	TSB	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN
ECB	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	CWA	CONCRETE WASHOUT
OP	OUTLET PROTECTION	SSA	STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT / STABILIZED STAGING AREA
IP	INLET PROTECTION	HP	HIGH POINT / LOW POINT
VTC	VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL	LP	PROPOSED CONTOURS
VTC	PROPOSED RIP RAP		EXISTING FENCE
CD	CHECK DAM		EXISTING STORM DRAIN
			PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
			NO BUILD ZONE (SLOPE GREATER THAN 29.99%)

	EXISTING CONTOURS
	DRAINAGE SWALE
	SLOPE LABEL
	OVERLAND FLOW
	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE/ CONSTRUCTION SITE BOUNDARY
	PROJECT BOUNDARY LINE
	OVERFLOW ROUTE
	CUT/FILL LINE
	100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY
	MATCHLINE
	PROPOSED LOT/TRACT LINE
	EASEMENT
	PROPOSED BUILDING SETBACK

GRAPHIC SCALE
 (IN FEET)
 1 inch = 40 ft
 PCD FILE #: SF2324

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT			
FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\GEC01.dwg			
CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb			
PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:49 PM			
THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.			



BENCHMARK
 PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.

BASIS OF BEARING
 THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PL325955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999," AND THE WESTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000," BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.

PREPARED BY:
Matrix
 Excellence by Design

SEAL
PRELIMINARY
 THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

HAY CREEK VALLEY
 EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO
 FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

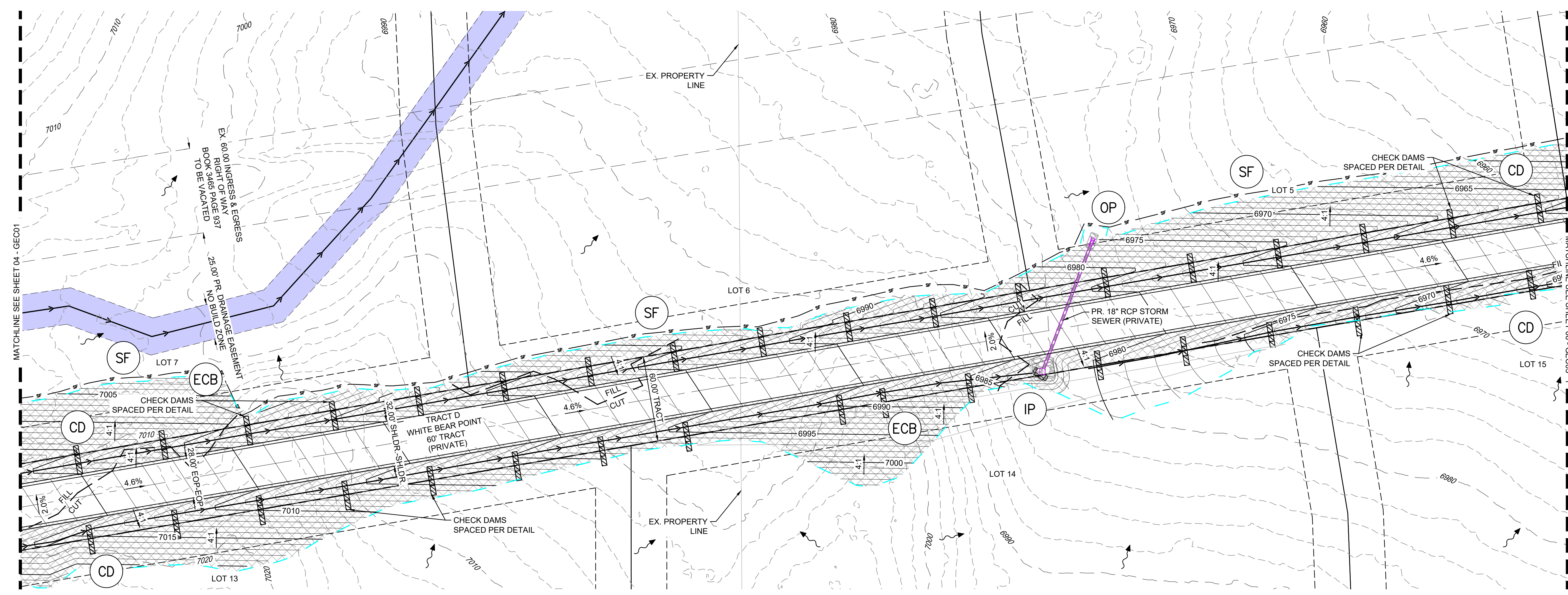
GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

DESIGNED BY: CVW	SCALE: HORIZ 1"=40'	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023	DRAWING No. GEC01
DRAWN BY: CVW	VERT. N/A	SHEET 04 OF 12	
CHECKED BY: JAO			



Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

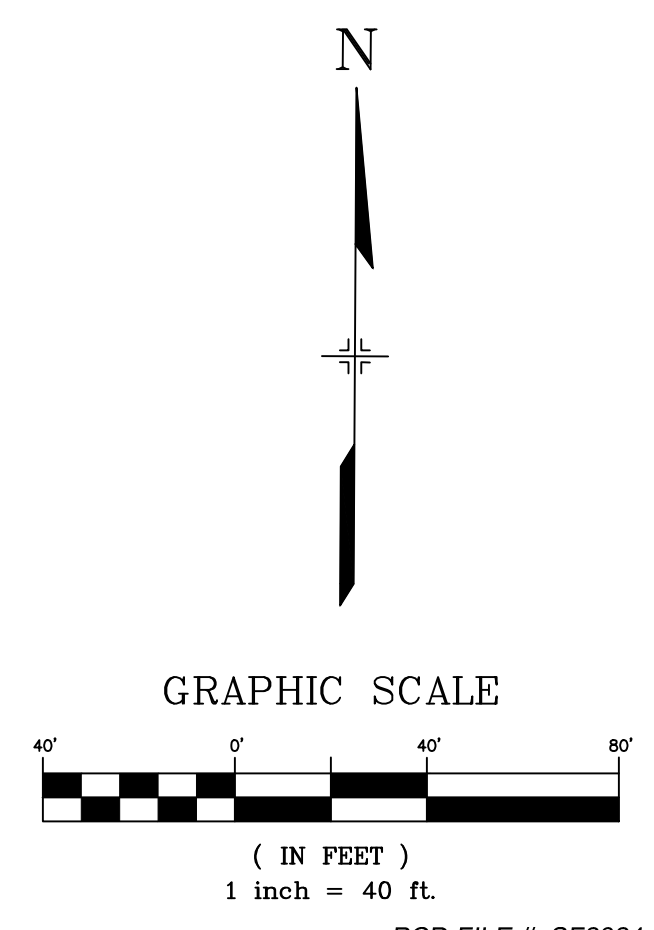
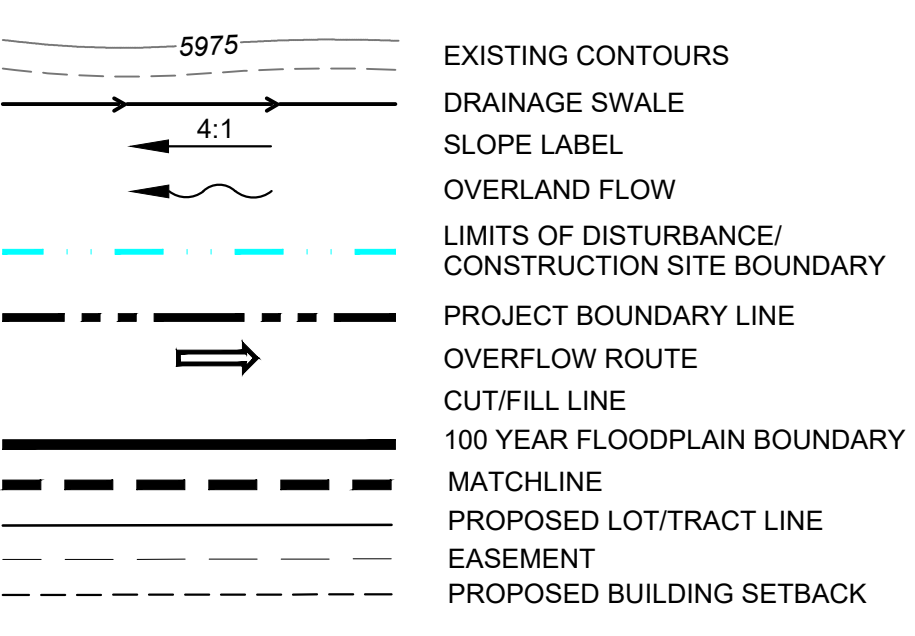


BMP SEQUENCING	
INITIAL	SILT FENCE, VEHICLE TRACKING, TEMP SEDIMENT BASINS
INTERIM	CHECK DAMS, CONCRETE WASHOUT, INLET/OUTLET PROTECTION, STOCKPILES, STAGING, ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL
FINAL	EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, SEEDING & MULCHING, PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURE(S)

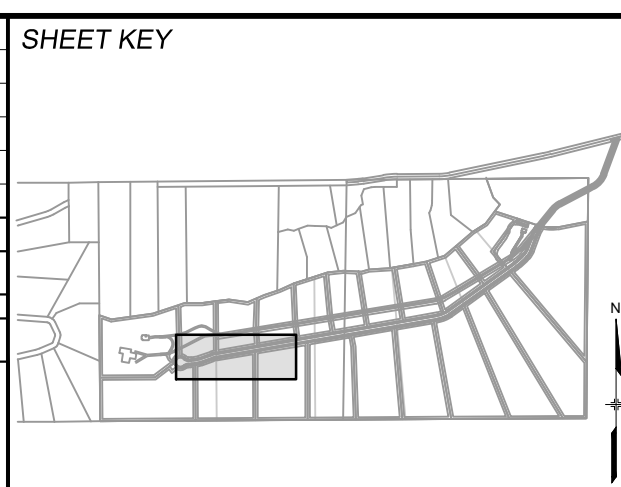
NOTES:
1. SEE CHECK DAM (CD) DETAIL EC-12 ON SHEET ECN01 FOR SPACING.
2. ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSPECTED 24-MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION. EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE RE-INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.

EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

(PS)	PERMANENT SEEDING	(MU)	MULCHING
(SF)	SILT FENCE	(TSB)	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN
(ECB)	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	(CWA)	CONCRETE WASHOUT
(OP)	OUTLET PROTECTION	(SSA)	STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT / STABILIZED STAGING AREA
(IP)	INLET PROTECTION	(HP)	HIGH POINT / LOW POINT
(VTC)	VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL	(LP)	LOW POINT / HIGH POINT
(RIP)	PROPOSED RIP RAP	(CD)	CHECK DAM



No.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT			
FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\GEC01.dwg			
CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb			
PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:49 PM			
THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.			



BENCHMARK
PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.

BASIS OF BEARING
THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PLS25955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999, "AND THE WESTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000, "BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.

PREPARED BY:
Matrix
Excellence by Design

SEAL
PRELIMINARY
THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

HAY CREEK VALLEY
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO
FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

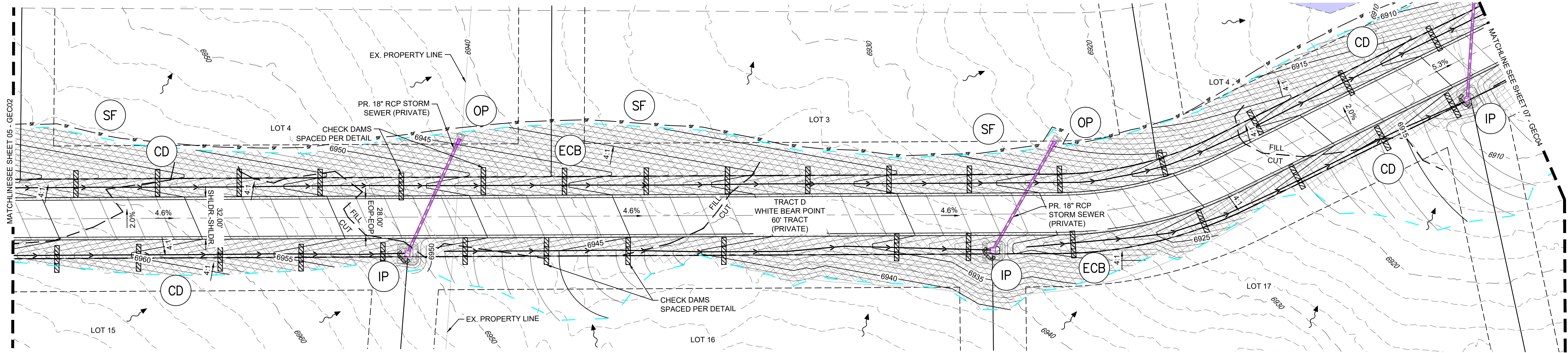
GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

DESIGNED BY: CVW	SCALE: 1" = 40'	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023	DRAWING No. GEC02
DRAWN BY: CVW	HORIZ. N/A	SHEET 05 OF 12	
CHECKED BY: JAO	VERT. N/A		



Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.



BMP SEQUENCING	
INITIAL	SILT FENCE, VEHICLE TRACKING, TEMP SEDIMENT BASINS
INTERIM	CHECK DAMS, CONCRETE WASHOUT, INLET/OUTLET PROTECTION, STOCKPILES, STAGING, ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL
FINAL	EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, SEEDING & MULCHING, PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURE(S)

NOTES:
 1. SEE CHECK DAM (CD) DETAIL EC-12 ON SHEET ECN01 FOR SPACING.
 2. ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSPECTED 24-MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION. EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE RE-INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.

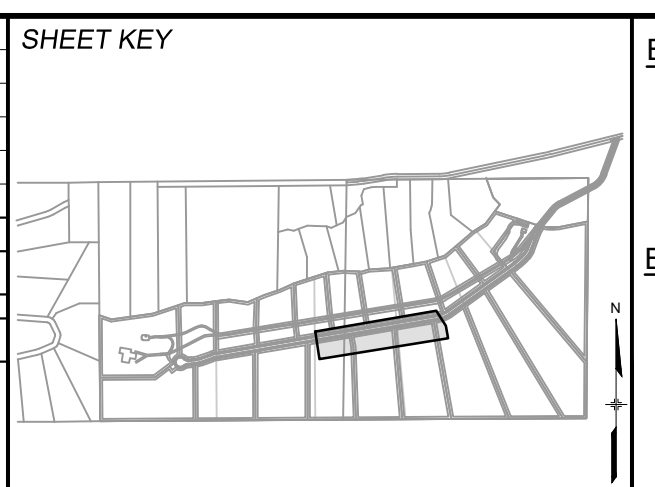
EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

SF	PERMANENT SEEDING	MU	MULCHING
TSB	SILT FENCE	TSB	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN
ECB	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	CWA	CONCRETE WASHOUT
OP	OUTLET PROTECTION	SSA	STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT / STABILIZED STAGING AREA
IP	INLET PROTECTION	HP	HIGH POINT / LOW POINT
VTC	VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL	LP	PROPOSED CONTOURS
	PROPOSED RIP RAP		EXISTING FENCE
CD	CHECK DAM		EXISTING STORM DRAIN
			PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
			NO BUILD ZONE (SLOPE GREATER THAN 29.99 %)

GRAPHIC SCALE
(IN FEET)
1 inch = 40 ft.

No.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
REVISIONS			

COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT
 FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\GEC01.dwg
 CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb
 PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:49 PM
 THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.



BENCHMARK
 PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.

BASIS OF BEARING
 THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PLS25955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999, "AND THE WESTERLY END BY A2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000, "BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.

PREPARED BY:

SEAL

PRELIMINARY
 THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF
 MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC.
 PROJECT No. 22.886.076

HAY CREEK VALLEY

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO
 FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

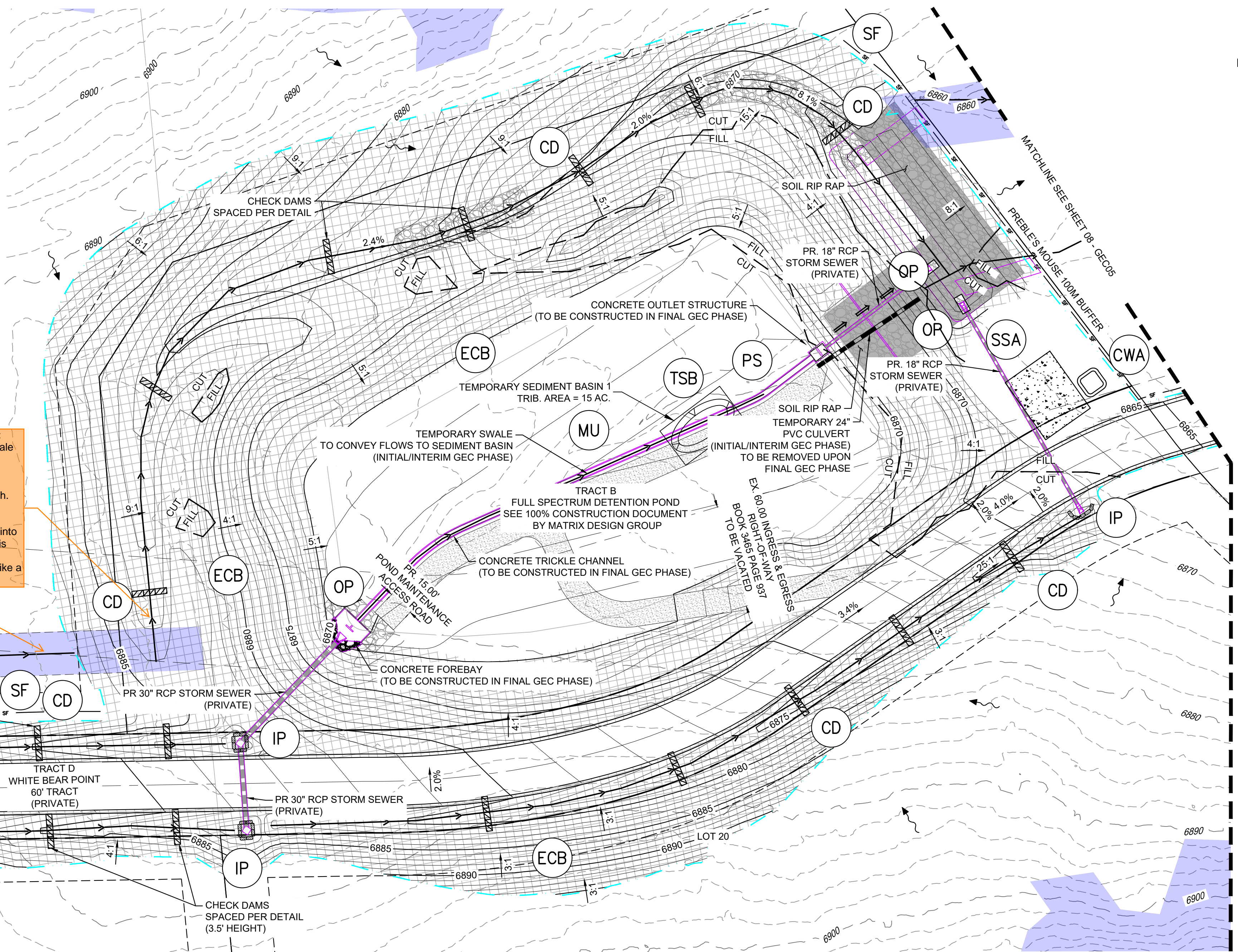
DESIGNED BY: CVW	SCALE: 1" = 40'	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023	DRAWING No. GEC03
DRAWN BY: CVW	HORIZ. 1" = 40'	SHEET 06 OF 12	
CHECKED BY: JAO	VERT. N/A		

PCD FILE #: SF2324



Know what's below. Call before you dig.

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.



Previous V1 EPC comment: How does this proposed swale tie into this ditch? Matrix response: Rundown designed into ditch. V2 EPC comment: Two rundowns were added into the swale downstream of this tie-in, but this tie-in is still without erosion protection (like a rundown).

proposed contours still do not tie-in to existing contours at LOD properly. Typical comment throughout the GEC Plan sheets.

Table with 6 columns: ID, BASIN BOTTOM WIDTH (FT), SPILLWAY CRENGTH (FT), LENGTH (IN), HOLES, REQUIRED VOLUME (CF). Row 1: 1, 73.25, 22, 1 3/16, 5, 41.070

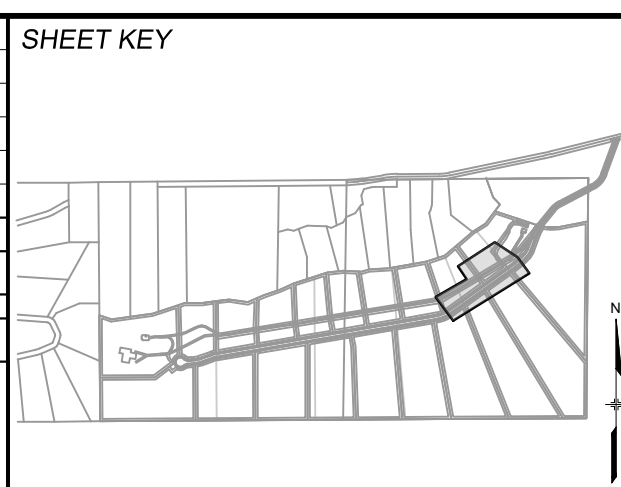
BMP SEQUENCING table with 3 rows: INITIAL (SILT FENCE, VEHICLE TRACKING, TEMP SEDIMENT BASINS), INTERIM (CHECK DAMS, CONCRETE WASHOUT, INLET/OUTLET PROTECTION, STOCKPILES, STAGING, ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL), FINAL (EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, SEEDING & MULCHING, PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURE(S)).

NOTES: 1. SEE CHECK DAM (CD) DETAIL EC-12 ON SHEET ECN01 FOR SPACING. 2. ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSPECTED 24-MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION. EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE RE-INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.

EROSION CONTROL LEGEND. Includes symbols for PS (PERMANENT SEEDING), SF (SILT FENCE), ECB (EROSION CONTROL BLANKET), OP (OUTLET PROTECTION), IP (INLET PROTECTION), VTC (VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL), CD (CHECK DAM), MU (MULCHING), TSB (TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN), CWA (CONCRETE WASHOUT), SSA (STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT / STABILIZED STAGING AREA), HP (HIGH POINT / LOW POINT), and PROPOSED RIP RAP.

EXISTING CONTOURS, DRAINAGE SWALE, SLOPE LABEL, OVERLAND FLOW, LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE/ CONSTRUCTION SITE BOUNDARY, PROJECT BOUNDARY LINE, OVERFLOW ROUTE, CUT/FILL LINE, 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY, MATCHLINE, PROPOSED LOT/TRACT LINE, EASEMENT, PROPOSED BUILDING SETBACK. Includes GRAPHIC SCALE (1 inch = 40 ft) and PCD FILE #: SF2324.

REFERENCE DRAWINGS, SHEET KEY, COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT (FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\GEC01.dwg), and a table for REVISIONS with columns for No., DATE, DESCRIPTION, and BY.



BENCHMARK: PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92. BASIS OF BEARING: THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PL325955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999, "AND THE WESTERLY END BY A2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T16S, R65W 2000, "BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.

PREPARED BY: Matrix Excellence by Design

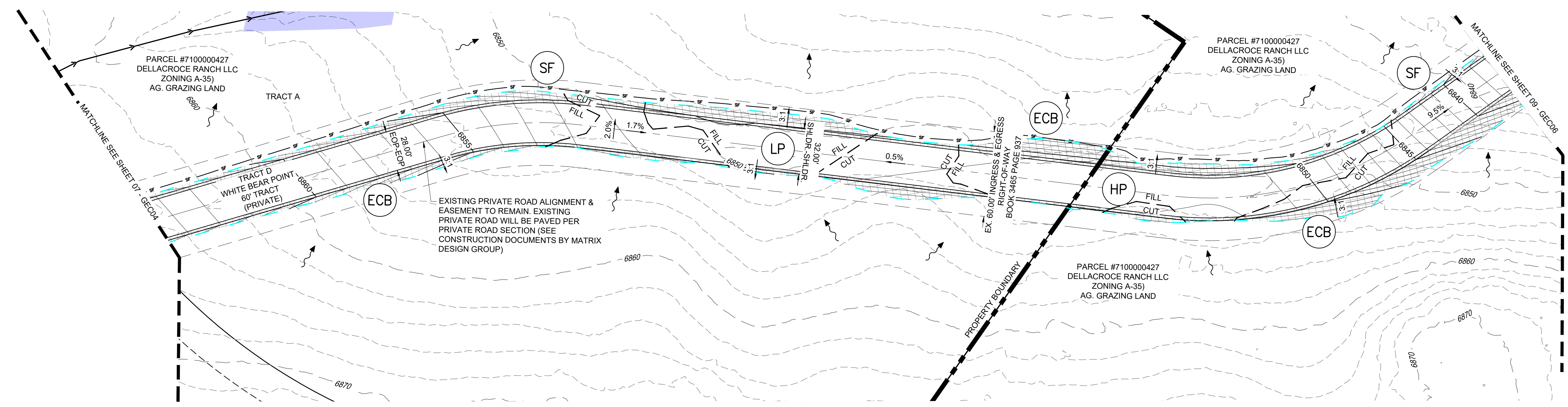
SEAL: PRELIMINARY THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE. FOR AND ON BEHALF OF MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC. PROJECT No. 22.886.076

HAY CREEK VALLEY EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN. DESIGNED BY: CVW, DRAWN BY: CVW, CHECKED BY: JAO, SCALE: HORIZ 1"=40', VERT. N/A, DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023, SHEET 07 OF 12, DRAWING No. GEC04



Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.



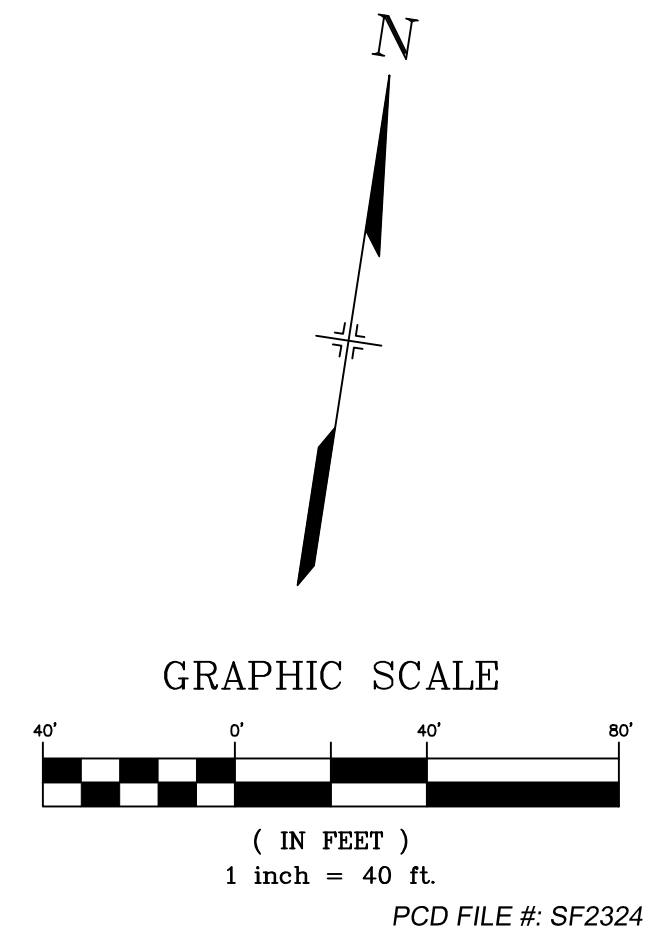
BMP SEQUENCING	
INITIAL	SILT FENCE, VEHICLE TRACKING, TEMP SEDIMENT BASINS
INTERIM	CHECK DAMS, CONCRETE WASHOUT, INLET/OUTLET PROTECTION, STOCKPILES, STAGING, ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL
FINAL	EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, SEEDING & MULCHING, PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURE(S)

NOTES:
1. SEE CHECK DAM (CD) DETAIL EC-12 ON SHEET ECN01 FOR SPACING.
2. ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSPECTED 24-MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION. EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE RE-INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.

EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

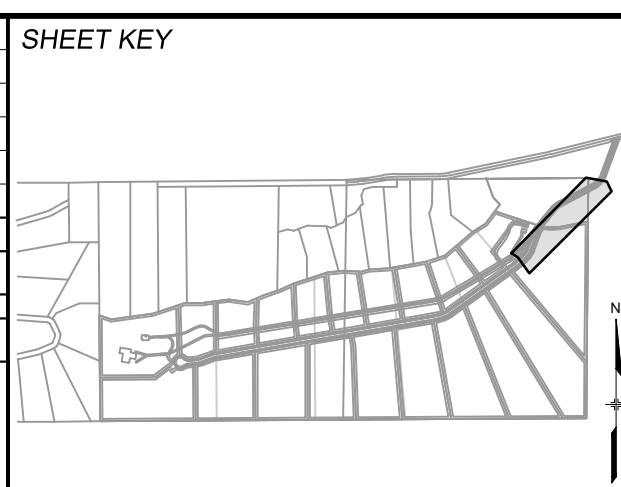
SF	PERMANENT SEEDING	MU	MULCHING
TSB	SILT FENCE	TSB	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN
ECB	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	CWA	CONCRETE WASHOUT
OP	OUTLET PROTECTION	SSA	STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT / STABILIZED STAGING AREA
IP	INLET PROTECTION	HP	HIGH POINT / LOW POINT
VTC	VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL	LP	PROPOSED CONTOURS
CD	PROPOSED RIP RAP		EXISTING FENCE
	CHECK DAM		EXISTING STORM DRAIN
			PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
			NO BUILD ZONE (SLOPE GREATER THAN 29.99%)

	EXISTING CONTOURS
	DRAINAGE SWALE
	SLOPE LABEL
	OVERLAND FLOW
	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE/ CONSTRUCTION SITE BOUNDARY
	PROJECT BOUNDARY LINE
	OVERFLOW ROUTE
	CUT/FILL LINE
	100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY
	MATCHLINE
	PROPOSED LOT/TRACT LINE
	EASEMENT
	PROPOSED BUILDING SETBACK



No.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
REVISIONS			

COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT
FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\GEC01.dwg
CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb
PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:50 PM
THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.



BENCHMARK
PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.

BASIS OF BEARING
THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PLS25955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999, "AND THE WESTERLY END BY A2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000, "BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.

SEAL

PRELIMINARY
THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF
MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC.
PROJECT No. 22.886.076

HAY CREEK VALLEY
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO
FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

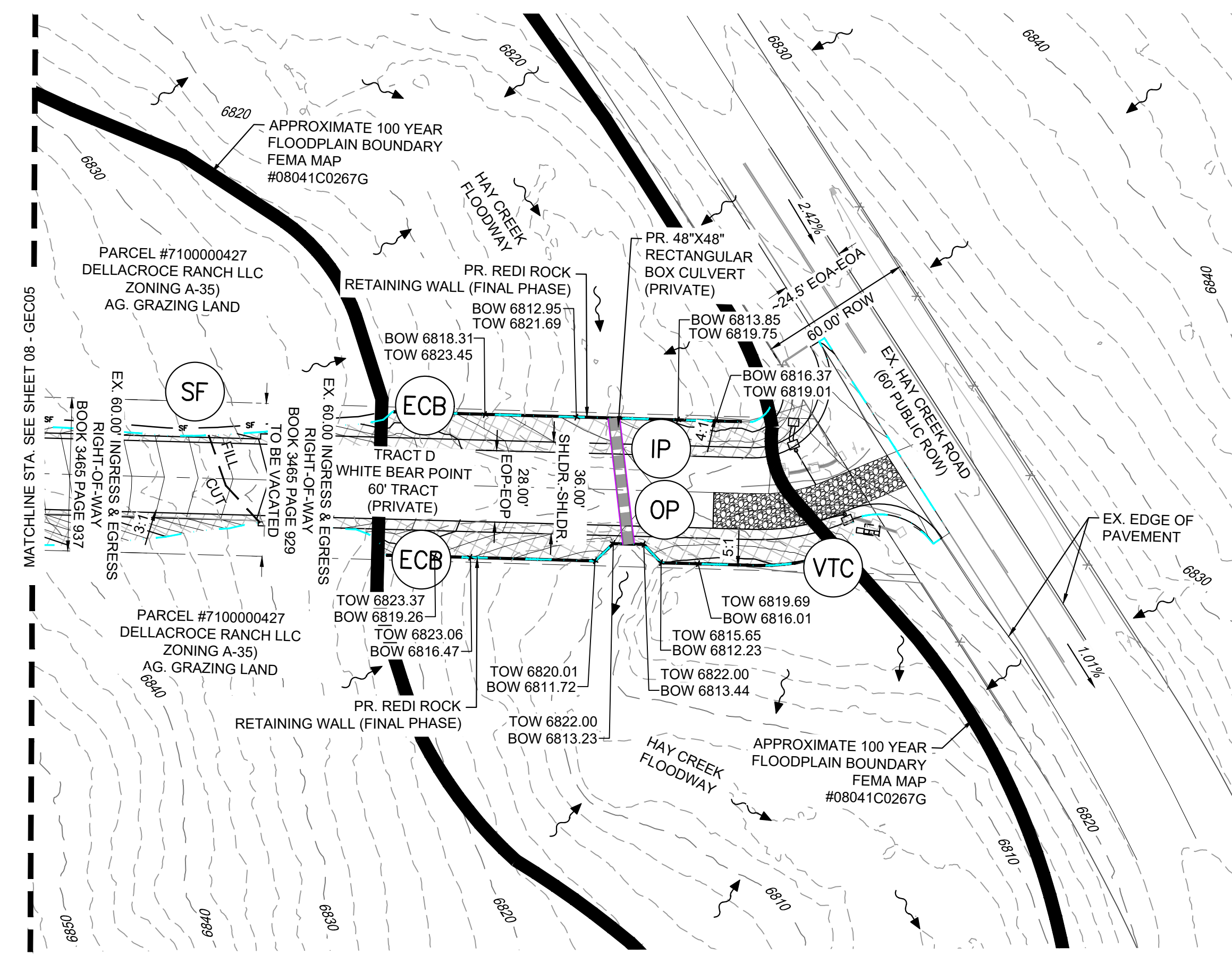
GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

DESIGNED BY: CVW	SCALE: 1" = 40'	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023	DRAWING No. GEC05
DRAWN BY: CVW	HORIZ. 1" = 40'	SHEET 08 OF 12	
CHECKED BY: JAO	VERT. N/A		



Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL ABOVE GROUND AND UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

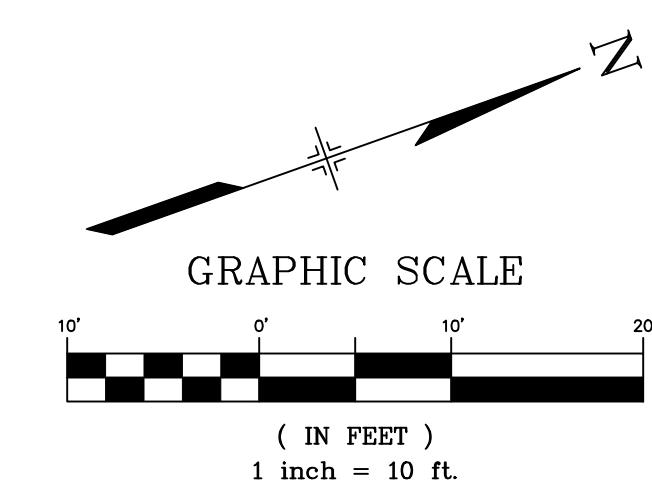


BMP SEQUENCING	
INITIAL	SILT FENCE, VEHICLE TRACKING, TEMP SEDIMENT BASINS
INTERIM	CHECK DAMS, CONCRETE WASHOUT, INLET/OUTLET PROTECTION, STOCKPILES, STAGING, ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL
FINAL	EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, SEEDING & MULCHING, PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURE(S)

NOTES:
 1. SEE CHECK DAM (CD) DETAIL EC-12 ON SHEET ECN01 FOR SPACING.
 2. ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE INSPECTED 24-MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION. EROSION CONTROL BLANKET MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE RE-INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.

EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

SF	SILT FENCE	PS	PERMANENT SEEDING	MU	MULCHING	TSB	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN	CWA	CONCRETE WASHOUT	SSA	STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT / STABILIZED STAGING AREA	HP	HIGH POINT / LOW POINT	LP	LOW POINT / HIGH POINT		EXISTING CONTOURS		DRAINAGE SWALE		SLOPE LABEL		OVERLAND FLOW		LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE / CONSTRUCTION SITE BOUNDARY		PROJECT BOUNDARY LINE		OVERFLOW ROUTE		CUT/FILL LINE		100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY		MATCHLINE		PROPOSED LOT/TRACT LINE		EASEMENT		PROPOSED BUILDING SETBACK		
	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET		INLET PROTECTION		VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL		PROPOSED RIP RAP		CHECK DAM		PROPOSED CONTOURS		EXISTING FENCE		PROPOSED STORM DRAIN		NO BUILD ZONE (SLOPE GREATER THAN 29.99 %)		4:1		5975		4:1		OVERLAND FLOW		LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE / CONSTRUCTION SITE BOUNDARY		PROJECT BOUNDARY LINE		OVERFLOW ROUTE		CUT/FILL LINE		100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN BOUNDARY		MATCHLINE		PROPOSED LOT/TRACT LINE		EASEMENT		PROPOSED BUILDING SETBACK



PCD FILE #: SF2324

REFERENCE DRAWINGS X-TITLE-CD X-886-PR-SITE FEMA_XS X-886-066-EX-MAP-1 164022-01 Hay Creek Road BNDY X-886-ALTA-SURVEY Hay Creek BFES 2023-02-28 TOPO 164022-01	SHEET KEY		BENCHMARK PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.		SEAL PRELIMINARY THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE	HAY CREEK VALLEY EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN	
	BENCHMARK THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 66 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PLS25955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999, "AND THE WESTERLY END BY A2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000, "BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.		BASIS OF BEARING THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 66 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PLS25955 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999, "AND THE WESTERLY END BY A2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000, "BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.				
COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\GEC01.dwg CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:50 PM THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.							



EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

Staking patterns are also provided in the design details according to these factors:

- ECB type
- Slope or channel type

For other types of RECPs including TRMs, these design details are intended to serve as general guidelines for design and installation; however, engineers should adhere to manufacturer's installation recommendations.

Maintenance and Removal

Inspection of erosion control blankets and other RECPs includes:

- Check for general signs of erosion, including voids beneath the mat. If voids are apparent, fill the void with suitable soil and replace the erosion control blanket, following the appropriate staking pattern.
- Check for damaged or loose stakes and secure loose portions of the blanket.

Erosion control blankets and other RECPs that are biodegradable typically do not need to be removed after construction. If they must be removed, then an alternate soil stabilization method should be installed promptly following removal.

Turf reinforcement mats, although generally resistant to biodegradation, are typically left in place as a dense vegetated cover grows in through the mat stems. The turf reinforcement mat provides long-term stability and helps the established vegetation resist erosion forces.

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

ECB-3. OUTSIDE OF DRAINAGEWAY

ECB-1. PIPE OUTLET TO DRAINAGEWAY

ECB-2. SMALL DITCH OR DRAINAGEWAY

Includes diagrams showing installation details for ECB-3, ECB-1, and ECB-2, and a table of material specifications.

TYPE	COOBTAIN	STRAW	COOBTAIN	EXCELLENT	RECOMMENDED
STRAW	-	-	-	-	NATURAL
STRAW-COONANT	30R MN	70R MN	-	-	NATURAL
COOBTAIN	100R	-	-	-	NATURAL
EXCELLENT	-	-	100R	-	NATURAL

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

ECB-3. OUTSIDE OF DRAINAGEWAY

STAKING PATTERNS BY ECB TYPE

STAKING PATTERNS BY SLOPE OR CHANNEL TYPE

Includes diagrams showing staking patterns for ECB-3 and by slope/channel type, and a table of material specifications.

TYPE	COOBTAIN	STRAW	COOBTAIN	EXCELLENT	RECOMMENDED
STRAW	-	-	-	-	NATURAL
STRAW-COONANT	30R MN	70R MN	-	-	NATURAL
COOBTAIN	100R	-	-	-	NATURAL
EXCELLENT	-	-	100R	-	NATURAL

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

ECB-3. OUTSIDE OF DRAINAGEWAY

STAKING PATTERNS BY SLOPE OR CHANNEL TYPE

Includes diagrams showing staking patterns by slope or channel type, and a table of material specifications.

TYPE	COOBTAIN	STRAW	COOBTAIN	EXCELLENT	RECOMMENDED
STRAW	-	-	-	-	NATURAL
STRAW-COONANT	30R MN	70R MN	-	-	NATURAL
COOBTAIN	100R	-	-	-	NATURAL
EXCELLENT	-	-	100R	-	NATURAL

EC-6 Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

ECB-3. OUTSIDE OF DRAINAGEWAY

STAKING PATTERNS BY SLOPE OR CHANNEL TYPE

Includes diagrams showing staking patterns by slope or channel type, and a table of material specifications.

TYPE	COOBTAIN	STRAW	COOBTAIN	EXCELLENT	RECOMMENDED
STRAW	-	-	-	-	NATURAL
STRAW-COONANT	30R MN	70R MN	-	-	NATURAL
COOBTAIN	100R	-	-	-	NATURAL
EXCELLENT	-	-	100R	-	NATURAL

EC-8 Temporary Outlet Protection (TOP)

OP

Includes diagrams showing installation details for TOP and a table of material specifications.

PIPE DIAMETER (INCHES)	APPROX. LENGTH (FT)	APPROX. WIDTH (INCHES)
8	5.5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 RECP-5

RECP-6 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

RECP-7 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

RECP-8 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

RECP-9 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

TOP-2 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

EC-8 Temporary Outlet Protection (TOP)

OP

Includes diagrams showing installation details for TOP and a table of material specifications.

PIPE DIAMETER (INCHES)	APPROX. LENGTH (FT)	APPROX. WIDTH (INCHES)
8	5.5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

EC-9 Rough Cut Street Control (RCS)

RCS

Includes diagrams showing installation details for RCS and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-9-1	LONGITUDINAL STREET SLOPE (%)	SPACING (FT)
30-40	1	200
21-40	2	150
11-20	3	100
51-60	5	100
61-70	7	25

EC-9 Rough Cut Street Control (RCS)

RCS

Includes diagrams showing installation details for RCS and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-9-1	LONGITUDINAL STREET SLOPE (%)	SPACING (FT)
30-40	1	200
21-40	2	150
11-20	3	100
51-60	5	100
61-70	7	25

MM-1 Concrete Washout Area (CWA)

CWA

Includes diagrams showing installation details for CWA and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-9-1	LONGITUDINAL STREET SLOPE (%)	SPACING (FT)
30-40	1	200
21-40	2	150
11-20	3	100
51-60	5	100
61-70	7	25

MM-1 Concrete Washout Area (CWA)

CWA

Includes diagrams showing installation details for CWA and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-9-1	LONGITUDINAL STREET SLOPE (%)	SPACING (FT)
30-40	1	200
21-40	2	150
11-20	3	100
51-60	5	100
61-70	7	25

EC-12 Check Dams (CD)

CD

Includes diagrams showing installation details for CD and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-12-1	CHANNEL WIDTH (INCHES)	CHANNEL LENGTH (FEET)
8	5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

November 2010 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 TOP-3

RCS-2 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

RCS-3 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

CWA-3 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

CWA-4 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

CD-3 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3 November 2010

EC-12 Check Dams (CD)

CD

Includes diagrams showing installation details for CD and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-12-1	CHANNEL WIDTH (INCHES)	CHANNEL LENGTH (FEET)
8	5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

EC-12 Check Dams (CD)

CD

Includes diagrams showing installation details for CD and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-12-1	CHANNEL WIDTH (INCHES)	CHANNEL LENGTH (FEET)
8	5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

EC-12 Check Dams (CD)

CD

Includes diagrams showing installation details for CD and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-12-1	CHANNEL WIDTH (INCHES)	CHANNEL LENGTH (FEET)
8	5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

SF-1 Silt Fence (SF)

SF

Includes diagrams showing installation details for SF and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-12-1	CHANNEL WIDTH (INCHES)	CHANNEL LENGTH (FEET)
8	5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

SF-1 Silt Fence (SF)

SF

Includes diagrams showing installation details for SF and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-12-1	CHANNEL WIDTH (INCHES)	CHANNEL LENGTH (FEET)
8	5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

SF-1 Silt Fence (SF)

SF

Includes diagrams showing installation details for SF and a table of material specifications.

TABLE EC-12-1	CHANNEL WIDTH (INCHES)	CHANNEL LENGTH (FEET)
8	5	5
12	5	10
18	10	10
24	20	20

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

- X-TITLE-CD
- X-888-FR-SITE
- FEA1A.XD
- X-888-066-EX-MAP-1
- 164022-01 Hay Creek Road BNSW
- X-888-ALTA-SURVEY
- Hay Creek Fields

No.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
		REVISIONS	

COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT

FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\ECN01.dwg

CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb

PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:50 PM

THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

BENCHMARK

PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92.

BASIS OF BEARING

THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PL325855 C1/4 S22 T165, R65W 1999," AND THE WESTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T165, R65W 2000," BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.

PREPARED BY:

Matrix
Excellence by Design

HAY CREEK VALLEY

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS

DETAILS

PRELIMINARY
THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC.
PROJECT No. 22.886.076

DESIGNED BY: CVW	SCALE: HORIZ. N/A	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023	DRAWING No. ECN01
DRAWN BY: CVW	VERT. N/A	SHEET 10 OF 12	
CHECKED BY: JAO			

PCD FILE #: SF2324



Know what's below. Call before you dig.

Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2

Description

Temporary seeding can be used to stabilize disturbed areas that will be inactive for an extended period. Permanent seeding should be used to stabilize areas at final grade that will not be otherwise stabilized. Effective seeding includes preparing a seedbed, selecting an appropriate seed mixture, using proper planting techniques, and protecting the seeded area with mulch, geotextiles, or other appropriate measures.



Photograph TS/PS-1. Equipment used to drill seed. Photo courtesy of Douglas County.

Appropriate Uses

When the soil surface is disturbed and will remain inactive for an extended period (typically determined by local government requirements), protective stabilization measures, including planting a temporary seed mix, should be implemented. If the inactive period is short-lived (on the order of two weeks), techniques such as surface roughening may be appropriate. For longer periods of inactivity of up to one year, temporary seeding and mulching can provide effective erosion control. Permanent seeding should be used on finished areas that have not been otherwise stabilized.

The USDCM Volume 2 *Revegetation* Chapter contains suggested annual grains and native seed mixes to use for temporary seeding. Alternatively, local governments may have their own seed mixes and timelines for seeding. Check jurisdictional requirements for seeding and temporary stabilization.

Design and Installation

Effective seeding requires proper seedbed preparation, selecting an appropriate seed mixture, using appropriate seeding equipment to ensure proper coverage and density, and protecting seeded areas with mulch or fabric until plants are established.

The USDCM Volume 2 *Revegetation* Chapter contains detailed seed mixes, soil preparation practices, and seeding and mulching recommendations that should be referenced to supplement this fact sheet.

Drill seeding is the preferred seeding method. Hydroseeding is not recommended except in areas where steep slopes prevent use of drill seeding equipment, and even in those instances it is preferable to hand seed and mulch. Some jurisdictions do not allow hydroseeding or hydro-mulching.

Temporary and Permanent Seeding	
Function	Yes
Erosion Control	Yes
Sediment Control	No
Silt/Material Management	No

January 2021	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	TS/PS-1
--------------	--	---------

EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

have low nutrient value, little organic matter content, few soil microorganisms, rooting restrictions, and conditions less conducive to infiltration of precipitation. As a result, it is typically necessary to provide stockpiled topsoil, compost, or other soil amendments and notify them into the soil to a depth of 6 inches or more.

Topsoil should be salvaged during grading operations for use and spread on areas to be revegetated later. Topsoil should be viewed as an important resource to be utilized for vegetation establishment, due to its water-holding capacity, structure, texture, organic matter content, biological activity, and nutrient content. The rooting depth of most native grasses in the semi-arid Denver metropolitan area is 6 to 18 inches. If present, at a minimum of the upper 6 inches of topsoil should be stripped, stockpiled, and ultimately respread across areas that will be revegetated.

Where topsoil is not available, subsoils should be amended to provide an appropriate plant-growth medium. Organic matter, such as well-digested compost, can be added to improve soil characteristics conducive to plant growth. Other treatments can be used to adjust soil pH conditions, when needed. Soil testing, which is typically inexpensive, should be completed to determine and optimize the types and amounts of amendments that are required.

If the disturbed ground surface is compacted, rip or retille the upper 12 inches of the surface prior to placing topsoil. If adding compost to the existing soil surface, retiling is necessary. Surface roughening will assist in placing a stable topsoil layer on steeper slopes, and allow infiltration and root penetration to greater depth. Topsoil should not be placed where either the salvaged topsoil or receiving ground are frozen or snow covered.

Prior to seeding, the soil surface should be rough and the seedbed should be firm, but neither too loose nor compacted. The upper layer of soil should be in a condition suitable for seeding in the proper depth and conducive to plant growth. Seed-soil contact is the key to good germination.

Refer to MHRP's Topsoil Management Guidance for detailed information on topsoil assessment, design, and construction.

Temporary Vegetation

To provide temporary vegetative cover on disturbed areas which will not be paved, built upon, or fully landscaped or worked for an extended period (typically 30 days or more), plant an annual grass appropriate for the time of planting and mulch the planted area. Temporary grain seed mixes suitable for the Denver metropolitan area are listed in Table TS/PS-1. Native temporary seed mixes are provided in USDCM Volume 2, Chapter 13, Appendix A. These are to be considered only as general recommendations when specific design guidance for a particular site is not available. Local governments typically specify seed mixes appropriate for their jurisdiction.

Permanent Revegetation

To provide vegetative cover on disturbed areas that have reached final grade, a perennial grass mix should be established. Permanent seeding should be performed promptly (typically within 14 days) after reaching final grade. Each site will have different characteristics and a landscape professional or the local jurisdiction should be contacted to determine the most suitable seed mix for a specific site. In lieu of a specific recommendation, one of the perennial grass mixes appropriate for site conditions and growth season listed in seed mix tables in the USDCM Volume 2 *Revegetation* Chapter can be used. The pure live seed (PLS) rates of application recommended in these tables are considered to be the minimum rates for seed applied using proper drill-seeding equipment. These are to be considered only as general

January 2021	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	TS/PS-2
--------------	--	---------

Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2

recommendations when specific design guidance for a particular site is not available. Local governments typically specify seed mixes appropriate for their jurisdiction.

If desired for wildlife habitat or landscape diversity, shrubs such as rubber rabbitbrush (*Chrysothamnus nauseosus*), flowering rabbitbrush (*Lepreus caeserosus*) and shonkinbrush sumac (*Rhus trilobata*) could be added to the upland seed mixes at 0.25, 0.5 and 1 pound PLS/acre, respectively. In riparian zones, planting root stock of such species as American plum (*Prunus americana*), woods rose (*Rosa woodsii*), plains cottonwood (*Populus sargentii*), and willow (*Salix spp.*) may be considered. On non-topsoiled upland sites, a legume such as Lusk alfalfa at 1 pound PLS/acre can be included as a source of nitrogen for perennial grasses.

Timing of seeding is an important aspect of the revegetation process. For upland and riparian areas on the Colorado Front Range, the suitable timing for seeding is from October through May. The most favorable time to plant non-irrigated areas is during the fall, so that seed can take advantage of winter and spring moisture. Seed should not be planted if the soil is frozen, snow covered, or wet.

Seeding dates for the highest success probability of perennial species along the Front Range are generally in the spring from April through early May and in the fall after the first of September until the ground freezes. If the area is irrigated, seeding may occur in summer months, as well. See Table TS/PS-2 for appropriate seeding dates.

January 2021	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	TS/PS-3
--------------	--	---------

EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-1. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Various Temporary Annual Grasses

Species* (Common name)	Growth Season*	Pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS)/acre	
		Planting Depth (feet)	Planting Depth (feet)
1. Oats	Cool	35-50	1-2
2. Spring wheat	Cool	25-35	1-2
3. Spring barley	Cool	25-35	1-2
4. Annual ryegrass	Cool	10-15	1/2
5. Millet	Warm	3-15	1/2-1/4
6. Winter wheat	Cool	20-35	1-2
7. Winter barley	Cool	20-35	1-2
8. Winter rye	Cool	20-35	1-2
9. Tribolite	Cool	25-40	1-2

* Successful seeding of annual grass resulting in adequate plant growth will usually produce enough dead-plant residue to provide protection from wind and water erosion for an additional year. This assumes that the cover is not disturbed or mowed closer than 8 inches.

Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1 or where access limitations exist. When hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be applied as a separate operation, when practical, to prevent the seeds from being encapsulated in the mulch.

† See Table TS/PS-2 for seeding dates. Irrigation, if consistently applied, may extend the use of cool season species during the summer months.

‡ Seeding rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast, or increased by 50 percent if done using a Hilltop Drill or hydraulic seeding.

January 2021	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	TS/PS-4
--------------	--	---------

Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS) EC-2

Table TS/PS-2. Seeding Dates for Annual and Perennial Grasses

Seeding Dates	Annual Grasses (Oatmeal to table reference species in Table TS/PS-1)		Perennial Grasses	
	Warm	Cool	Warm	Cool
January 1-March 15			✓	✓
March 16-April 30		1,2,3	✓	✓
May 1-May 15			✓	
May 16-June 30	5			
July 1-July 15	5			
July 16-August 31				
September 1-September 30		6, 7, 8, 9		
October 1-December 31			✓	✓

Mulch

Cover seeded areas with mulch or an appropriate rolled erosion control product to promote establishment of vegetation. Anchor mulch by crimping, netting or use of a non-oxic tackifier. See the USDCM Volume 2 *Revegetation* Chapter and Volume 3 *Mulching BMP Fact Sheet (EC-04)* for additional guidance.

Maintenance and Removal

Monitor and observe seeded areas to identify areas of poor growth or areas that fail to germinate. Re seed and mulch these areas, as needed.

If a temporary annual seed was planted, the area should be reseeded with the desired perennial mix when there will be no further work in the area. To minimize competition between annual and perennial species, the annual mix needs time to mature and die before seeding the perennial mix. To increase success of the perennial mix, it should be seeded during the appropriate seeding dates the second year after the temporary annual mix was seeded. Alternatively, if the timeline is not feasible, the annual mix seed heads should be removed and then the area seeded with the perennial mix.

An area that has been permanently seeded should have a good stand of vegetation within one growing season if irrigated and within three growing seasons without irrigation in Colorado. Re seed portions of the area that fail to germinate or remain bare after the first growing season.

Seeded areas may require irrigation, particularly during extended dry periods. Targeted weed control may also be necessary.

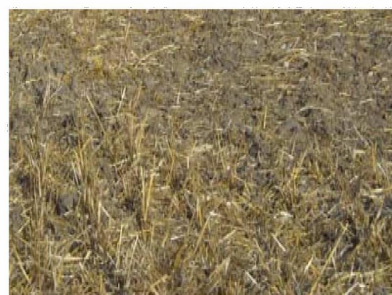
Protect seeded areas from construction equipment and vehicle access.

January 2021	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	TS/PS-5
--------------	--	---------

Mulching (MU) EC-4

Description

Mulching consists of evenly applying straw, hay, shredded wood mulch, rock, bark or compost to disturbed soils and securing the mulch by crimping, tackifiers, netting or other measures. Mulching helps reduce erosion by protecting bare soil from rainfall impact, increasing infiltration, and reducing runoff. Although often applied in conjunction with temporary or permanent seeding, it can also be used for temporary stabilization of areas that cannot be reseeded due to seasonal constraints.



Photograph MU-1. An area that was recently seeded, mulched, and covered.

Mulch can be applied either using standard mechanical application methods or using hydro-mulching equipment that hydraulically applies a slurry of water, wood fiber mulch, and often a tackifier.

Appropriate Uses

Use mulch in conjunction with seeding to help protect the seedbed and stabilize the soil. Mulch can also be used as a temporary cover on low to mild slopes to help temporarily stabilize disturbed areas where growing season constraints prevent effective reseeded. Disturbed areas should be properly mulched and tacked, or seeded, mulched and tacked promptly after final grade is reached (typically within no longer than 14 days) on portions of the site not otherwise permanently stabilized.

Standard dry mulching is encouraged in most jurisdictions; however, hydro-mulching may not be allowed in certain jurisdictions or may not be allowed near waterways.

Do not apply mulch during windy conditions.

Design and Installation

Prior to mulching, surface-roughen areas by rolling with a crimping or punching type roller or by track walking. Track walking should only be used where other methods are impractical because track walking with heavy equipment typically compact the soil.

A variety of mulches can be used effectively at construction sites. Consider the following:

Mulch	
Function	Yes
Erosion Control	Yes
Sediment Control	Moderate
Silt/Material Management	No

June 2012	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	MU-1
-----------	--	------

EC-4 Mulching (MU)

Clean, weed-free and seed-free cereal grain straw should be applied evenly at a rate of 2 tons per acre and must be tacked or fastened by a method suitable for the condition of the site. Straw mulch must be anchored (and not merely placed) on the surface. This can be accomplished mechanically by crimping or with the aid of tackifiers or nets. Anchoring with a crimping implement is preferred, and is the recommended method for areas flatter than 3:1. Mechanical crimpers may be capable of tacking the long mulch fibers into the soil to a depth of 3 inches without cutting them. An agricultural disk, while not an ideal substitute, may work if the disk blades are dull or blunted and set vertically; however, the frame may have to be weighted to afford proper soil penetration.

Grass hay may be used in place of straw; however, because hay is comprised of the entire plant including seed, mulching with hay may seed the site with non-native grass species which might in turn out-compete the native seed. Alternatively, native species of grass hay may be purchased, but can be difficult to find and are more expensive than straw. Purchasing and utilizing a certified weed-free straw is an easier and less costly mulching method. When using grass hay, follow the same guidelines as for straw (provided above).

On small areas sheltered from the wind and heavy runoff, spraying a tackifier on the mulch is satisfactory for holding it in place. For steep slopes and special situations where greater control is needed, erosion control blankets anchored with stakes should be used instead of mulch.

Hydraulic mulching consists of wood cellulose fibers mixed with water and a tackifying agent and should be applied at a rate of no less than 1,500 pounds per acre (1,425 lbs of fibers mixed with at least 75 lbs of tackifier) with a hydraulic mulcher. For steeper slopes, up to 2000 pounds per acre may be required for effective hydro-mulching. Hydro-mulch typically requires up to 24 hours to dry; therefore, it should not be applied immediately prior to inclement weather. Application to roads, waterways and existing vegetation should be avoided.

Erosion control mats, blankets, or nets are recommended to help stabilize steep slopes (generally 3:1 and steeper) and waterways. Depending on the product, these may be used alone or in conjunction with grass or straw mulch. Normally, use of these products will be restricted to relatively small areas. Biodegradable mats made of straw and pine, straw-coconut, coconut fiber, or excelsior can be used instead of mulch. (See the ECM/TRM BMP for more information.)

Some tackifiers or binders may be used to anchor mulch. Check with the local jurisdiction for allowed tackifiers. Manufacturer's recommendations should be followed at all times. (See the Soil Binder BMP for more information on general types of tackifiers.)

Rock can also be used as mulch. It provides protection of exposed soils to wind and water erosion and allows infiltration of precipitation. An aggregate base course can be spread on disturbed areas for temporary or permanent stabilization. The rock mulch layer should be thick enough to provide full coverage of exposed soil on the area it is applied.

Maintenance and Removal

After mulching, the bare ground surface should not be more than 10 percent exposed. Reapply mulch, as needed, to cover bare areas.

MU-2	Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3	June 2012
------	--	-----------

REFERENCE DRAWINGS X-TITLE-CD X-886-FR-SITE FEMA_XS X-886-066-EX-MAP-1 164022-01 Hay Creek Road BNPY X-886-ALTA-SURVEY Hay Creek BFEs	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> <th>BY</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;">REVISIONS</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	No.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	REVISIONS				SHEET KEY 	BENCHMARK PROJECT ELEVATIONS ARE NAVD 88 ELEVATIONS BASED ON AN OPUS DERIVED ELEVATION ON CONTROL POINT 10, A NO. 5 REBAR HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 5769.92. BASIS OF BEARING THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 22, TOWNSHIP 15 SOUTH, RANGE 65 WEST OF THE 6TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, COUNTY OF EL PASO, STATE OF COLORADO, BEING MONUMENTED ON THE EASTERLY END BY A 2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "NOLTE PL252855 C1/4 S22 T16S, R65W 1999," AND THE WESTERLY END BY A2-1/2" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED "SSS PLS 16154 1/4 S21 S22 T15S, R65W 2000," BEING ASSUMED TO BEAR S89°54'42"W, A DISTANCE OF 2,627.78 FEET.	SEAL <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> PRELIMINARY THIS DRAWING HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY GOVERNING AGENCIES AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE </div>	HAY CREEK VALLEY EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO FINAL GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLANS DETAILS
		No.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY								
		REVISIONS											
		COMPUTER FILE MANAGEMENT FILE NAME: S:\22.886.076 Hay Creek-Forest Manor-O'Leary Properties\500 CADD\504 Plan Sets\Construction Plans\GEC Plan\ECN01.dwg CTB FILE: Matrix.ctb PLOT DATE: 12/5/2023 12:50 PM THIS DRAWING IS CURRENT AS OF PLOT DATE AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.		PREPARED BY: 	FOR AND ON BEHALF OF MATRIX DESIGN GROUP, INC. PROJECT No. 22.886.076	DESIGNED BY: CVW DRAWN BY: CVW CHECKED BY: JAO	SCALE: HORIZ. N/A VERT. N/A	DATE ISSUED: DECEMBER 2023 SHEET 12 OF 12	DRAWING No. ECN03				