INNOVATIVE DESIGN. CLASSIC RESULTS.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RETREAT AT TIMBERRIDGE FILING NO. 1

SF-19-009

Prepared for: TIMBERRIDGE DEVELOPMENT GROUP, LLC 2138 FLYING HORSE CLUB DRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80921

Prepared by: Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors 619 N. Cascade Ave., Suite 200 Colorado Springs, CO 80903 (719) 785-0790

Job No. 1185.00

Qualified Stormwater Manager:

Contractor:

619 N. Cascade Ave, Suite 200 | Colorado Springs, CO 80903 | (719) 785-0790



STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RETREAT AT TIMBERRIDGE FILING NO. 1

COLORADO DISCHARGE PERMIT SYSTEM STATEMENT (CDPS)/ EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PLAN (ESQCP)

Site Inspector

The following Erosion and Stormwater Quality Control Plan (ESQCP) is a detailed account of the requirements of the City of Colorado Springs El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2 – Stormwater Quality Policies, Procedures and Best Management Practices as amended by the ECM. The main objective of this plan is to help mitigate the increased soil erosion and subsequent deposition of sediment off-site and other potential stormwater quality impacts during the period of construction from start of earth disturbance until final landscaping and other potential permanent stormwater quality measures are effectively in place.

This document must be kept at the construction site at all times and be made available to the public and any representative of the Colorado Department of Health - Water Quality Control Division, if requested.

This report is also proposed to meet all requirements of the Colorado Discharge Permit System for Construction Activity. If any discrepancies between this report and Volume 2 exist, the City/County Manual will prevail.



STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RETREAT AT TIMBERRIDGE FILING NO. 1

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APPENDIX

VICINITY MAP COPY OF GENERAL PERMIT APPLICATION CONTRACTOR SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES OPERATION & MAINTENANCE INSPECTION RECORD STANDARD BMP DETAILS w/ INSTALLATION & MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS



SITE DESCRIPTION

Retreat at TimberRidge Filing No. 1 has a total acreage of 72.42 acres located in Sections 27 & 28, Township 12 South, Range 65 West of the Sixth Principal Meridian in the County of El Paso, and State of Colorado. This site is bounded on the north by undeveloped future TimberRidge property (Residential use), on the south and east by undeveloped future Sterling Ranch property (Residential use) and to the west by Vollmer Road. The property is zoned PUD. 70 single family residential lots and associated public roadway are planned within this plat. 11 of the planned lots west of Sand Creek will be 2.5 Ac. min. in size with rural public roads. No overlot grading will take place on these lots, only grading for the public roadway, proposed on-site EDB and landscape berm adjacent to Vollmer Road. The 59 planned lots east of Sand Creek will consist of urban lots (12,000 SF min. in size) and the majority of these lots will be overlot graded along with the public urban roadways and on-site EDB.

Based on a field investigation, the property contains primarily field grasses, weeds, cacti and yuccas, with areas of scattered trees along Sand Creek and ponderosa pine trees located across the north west portion of the site. The Natural Resource Conservation Service has mapped the general soil type as coarse sandy loam. More specifically described as Type 71, Pring Coarse Sandy Loam, 3 to 8% slopes. The soils have generally been described to have moderate to moderately rapid permeabilities. Possible hazards with soil erosion are present on-site but can be controlled with vegetation. The majority of the soils have been described to have slight to moderate erosion hazards. (Reference: taken from Soils Report prepared by Entech Engineering, December 2017)

Sand Creek traverses the property north-south. This drainageway corridor is planned to remain undisturbed to the greatest extent possible except for the required drainage improvements per the Sand Creek DBPS and the road crossing over Sand Creek (Poco Road extension). These improvements will be constructed with Filing No. 1. As a requirement by El Paso County, along with Filing No. 1 development, a secondary emergency gravel access road will also be constructed east of Sand Creek and north of the Filing No. 1 property up to Arroya Lane. Along the easterly boundary exist several natural ravines and drainageways that will require temporary sediment facilities to capture and treat off-site stormwater flows. All temporary facilities are also shown on the Grading and Erosion Control Plan and are located on future TimberRidge property. Thus, roadway, utility corridor and temporary sediment control grading will take place outside of the Filing No. 1 boundary. The total disturbance area is shown on the Grading and Erosion Control Plan and totals 62.5 ac. The Sand Creek corridor does contain some wetland areas that will be protected during site grading operations. Any disturbance to these wetland areas with the construction of the creek improvements will be under a 404 permit. No springs, landscape irrigation return flows or construction dewatering is anticipated within the limits of construction of this site. Should any of the above items occur unexpectedly, BMPs shall be implemented immediately. The local regulatory agency shall be notified for approval of the BMPs and methods.

• **RECEIVING WATERS**

Name of Receiving Water(s)	Sand Creek
Size/Type/Location of Outfall(s)	18" RCP and 42" RCP Pond outfalls from the on-site EDB's into existing Sand Creek Channe (Reach SC-9)
Discuss discharge connection to Municipal system (include system name, location, and ultimate receiving water(s):	Two proposed EDB's to outfall locations directly into Sand Creek and ultimately to (Fountain Creek)

PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

Proposed construction activities within this project include grading of the proposed roadways, overlot grading for urban lots, stormwater quality ponds, temporary sediment ponds and utility/road installation for the construction of single family homes.

PROPOSED SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITY/CONSTRUCTION TIMING

Proposed construction activities within this project include grading and utility/road construction for the proposed residential subdivision. Sequence of activities will be based upon site contractor timing and scheduling. Upon site contractor selection, contractor to include sequence of activities schedule in the section provided in the Appendix of this report. A standard sequence of events typically includes the following:



1) Install perimeter, interior & exterior BMPs (Immediately upon plan approval/permitting – Summer 2020)

2) Clear and grub site for proposed lots, roadways and pond areas (After installation of perimeter BMPs - Summer 2020)

3) Excavation & installation of utilities (July-September 2020)

4) Curb and Gutter, paving, installation of permanent erosion control measures within the sideroad ditches of the rural roadways (September-November 2020)

5) Building construction including drilling for individual wells and installation of septic systems for the 2.5 ac. lots west of Sand Creek. (Fall 2020 thru Summer 2021)

The anticipated start and completion time period for site grading operations is to start in Summer 2020 with site final site stabilization by Summer 2021. This time schedule could vary depending on individual home sales and construction schedules.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Erosion control measures shall be implemented in a manner that will protect properties and public facilities from the adverse effects of erosion and sedimentation as a result of construction and earthwork activities. In order to prevent a net increase of sediment load, Best Management Practices will be implemented during the construction life of this project. A silt fence will be installed per the approved grading and erosion control plan in order to protect undisturbed areas. All roads will be inspected to ensure that sediment from on-site construction activity is not being discharged with the stormwater. Roadways shall be swept as needed for controlling tracking of mud onto public roadways. Vehicle tracking control pads will aid in minimizing soil tracking onto roadways. All disturbed areas, not sodded, will be reseeded with a native seed mix and watered until a mature stand is established. All areas disturbed will be protected with silt fence, diversion swales and temporary sediment traps until such time as the site has been re-vegetated. Vegetated buffers shall be preserved as much as possible. Wherever feasible, vegetated buffers shall be maintained free from vehicle/equipment parking, storage, stockpiles, or other impacts.



• DEVELOPMENT AREA/AREAS AND VOLUME STATEMENT

Total Platted Site Area	72.42 Acres
Initial Site area to be disturbed	62.5 Acres for roadway const/utility
Percent disturbance	86%

The total volume of earthwork cut/fill operations is more than 500 CY.

• SOILS INFORMATION

The average soil condition reflects Hydrologic Group "B" (Pring coarse sandy loam and Kettle gravelly loamy sand) as determined by the "Soil Survey of El Paso County Area," prepared by the Soil Conservation Service.

Based upon the current proposed development of this site, the following 100 year runoff coefficients would be realized:

Existing site runoff coefficient =	=	.36	
Developed site runoff coefficient	=	.47	landscaped/ seeded areas
Percent disturbance	=	.90	street/paved areas

• EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

The site is located within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. Currently, the site has a general drainage pattern that flows in a southwesterly and southeasterly direction towards Sand Creek.

This site is currently 95% vegetated with native grasses and very few trees. Existing slopes range from approximately <u>3</u> to <u>8</u> percent with some steeper slopes directly adjacent and along both sides of Sand Creek, forming the natural channel.

Reference the Site Description portion of this report for further site conditions.

<u>SITE MAP</u>

With approval of this report is the approved grading, erosion and stormwater quality control plan for the subject property which will serve as the SWMP site map. This document contains site specific grading and



erosion control BMP measures as required and approved by the El Paso County. Limits of disturbance, areas of cuts/fills, proposed stockpile areas, areas used for storage of materials, equipment, soil, or waste, batch plants, minimum and maximum cut/fill slopes, existing limits of significant vegetation, locations of springs, streams, and/or wetlands, and existing facilities (including but not limited to: detention/drainage facilities, structures, retaining walls, gas main, water main, wastewater main, electric and telecom vaults, fences, sidewalks, trails, curbs and streets) will be represented on this plan. The site map will depict locations of specific interim and ultimate stormwater management BMPs throughout the lifetime of the project. Erosion control cost assurances must be posted to the county in the amount listed on Financial Assurance Estimate Form. The site map/grading plan shall be amended to include any additional interim or phased BMPs over and above measures included on the site map, as required by contractor's construction schedule. All construction BMP details will be included in the appendix of this report. Detail sheets include installation and maintenance requirements. Also reference "Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 2 Stormwater Quality Policies, Procedure, and Best Management Practices" and the El Paso County ECM for additional information and guidance regarding construction BMPs.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

• QUALIFIED STORMWATER MANAGER

The Qualified Stormwater Manager can be an individual(s), position, or title – this entity is responsible for developing, implementing, maintaining, and revising the SWMP. The Qualified Stormwater Manager is the contact for all SWMP related issues and is the entity responsible for its accuracy, completeness, and implementation. Therefore, the Qualified Stormwater Manager should be a person with authority to adequately manage and direct day to day stormwater quality management activities on the subject site. Reference the Appendix of this report for the SWMP permit application which names the individual/entity applying for the permit and naming the Qualified Stormwater Manager of the SWMP.

• POTENTIAL POLLUTANT SOURCES

Potential pollutant sources which shall be evaluated for potential to contribute pollutants to stormwater discharge from the subject site may include the following:

- \circ $\;$ Disturbed and stored soils
- Vehicle tracking of sediments



- Management of contaminated soils
- Loading and unloading operations
- Outdoor storage activities (building materials, utility piping and appurtenances, etc.)
- Vehicle and equipment maintenance and fueling
- Significant dust or particulate generating processes
- On-site waste management practices (waste piles, liquid wastes, dumpsters)
- Concrete truck/equipment washing, including the concrete truck chute associated fixtures and equipment
- \circ Non-industrial waste sources such as worker trash and portable toilets
- Other areas or procedures where potential spills can occur.

The location and description of these areas are shown on the attached SWMP Site Map.

BMPS FOR POLLUTANT PREVENTION

The following are common practices to mitigate potential pollutants:

- Wind erosion shall be controlled by sprinkling the site roadways with water and/or temporary stabilizing stockpiles by spraying with water from water truck. Each dump truck hauling material from the site will be required to be covered with a tarpaulin.
- Sanitary facilities shall be placed at a minimum of 10' from any curbline and 50' from any inlet. If not feasible for the project, use of a secondary containment shall be implemented.
- Equipment loading/unloading, fueling and Maintenance Services a designated loading/unloading and fueling area will be established to contain any spill resulting from loading/unloading, fueling, maintenance, or repair of equipment. Contractors will be responsible for containment, cleanup, and disposal of any leak or spill in this designated area and any costs associated with the cleanup and disposal.
- Chemical products shall be protected from precipitation, free from ground contact, and stored properly to prevent damage from equipment or vehicles.
- Material stockpiles (soils, soil amendments, debris/trash piles) All construction trash and debris will be deposited in the dumpster.
- Sediment and Migration of Sediment Sweeping operations will take place as needed to keep roadways maintained. The perimeter of the site will be evaluated for any potential



impact resulting from trucking operations or sediment migration from the site. Vehicle tracking controls will be placed and daily maintained at each entry/exit of site. BMP devices such as straw bale inlet protection and rock socks will be placed to protect storm system inlets should any roadway tracking or sediment migration occur.

- Snow removal and/or stockpiling will be considered prior to placement at the site. Snow stockpiles must be kept away from any stormwater conveyance system (i.e., inlets, ponds, outfall locations, roadway surfaces, etc.)
- Outdoor storage activities a designated storage area for all building materials, utility piping and appurtenances will be established and maintained by the contractors. Contractors responsible for all cleanup and containment of trash/debris in this area.
- Concrete washout area will be established on site for all concrete truck/equipment washing.
 Contractor responsible for cleanup and maintenance of this area.

BMP SELECTION

Selection of the appropriate BMP will limit the source of the pollutant. Guidance for the selection process can be found by referencing the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County "Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 2".

During grading and construction activity for the subject site, silt fence will be installed per the approved plan in order to protect undisturbed areas. Check dams will be installed along all permanent and temporary sideroad swales to minimize erosion in areas of concentrated stormwater. These sideroad swales route the stormwater directly to several proposed sediment basins intended to collect stormwater and filter the sediment before conveyance further downstream. Inlet protection will be installed at all proposed culverts to ensure no downstream pollutants will leave the site. Vehicle tracking control pads will be installed at all access points to the property. Regular maintenance and inspection of these facilities will be necessary throughout grading operations and until vegetation is reestablished to ensure proper function of the sediment basin temporary outlet structures.



MATERIAL HANDLING & SPILL PREVENTION

Where materials can impact stormwater runoff, existing and planned practices that reduce the potential for pollution must be included in a material handling/spill prevention plan, to be provided by the contractor. Material handling/Spill prevention plans shall include

- o Notification procedures to be used in the event of an accident
- o Instruction for clean-up procedures, and identification of a spill kit location
- Provisions for absorbents to be made available for use in fuel areas, and for containers to be available for used absorbents
- Procedures for properly washing out concrete truck chutes and other equipment in a manner and location so that the materials and wash water can not discharge from the site and never into a storm sewer system or stream.
- Procedures for properly handling materials and cleanup, identification of material storage areas and associated BMPs such as silt fencing and straw waddles for containment with no discharge from the site will be provided to the Contractor.

CONCRETE/ASPHALT BATCH PLANTS

Where applicable, the SWMP must be amended by the contractor to describe and locate on the Site Map all practices used to control stormwater pollution from dedicated asphalt or concrete batch plants. However, no batch plants are planned for this site.

WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL INCLUDING CONCRETE WASHOUT

Where applicable, the SWMP must be amended by the contractor to describe and locate on the Site Map all practices implemented at the site to control stormwater pollution from all construction site wastes (liquid and solid) including concrete washout activities. A concrete washout area on-site will be designated by the Contractor and documented on the SWMP map. Procedures for material handling/spill prevention provided as described above.

DOCUMENTING SELECTED BMPS

As discussed in the SITE MAP section of this report, documentation of the selected BMPs will be included on the site map / overlot grading plan included in this report. The site map/overlot



grading plan shall be amended to include any additional interim or phased BMPs over and above measures included on the site map, as required by contractor's construction schedule.

• NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES

The SWMP permit covers only discharges composed entirely of stormwater and does not include the following: fire fighting activities, landscape irrigation return flow, uncontaminated springs, and concrete washout water.

STORMWATER DEWATERING

The discharge of pumped water, ONLY from excavations, ponds, depressions, etc., to surface waters or to a municipal separate storm-sewer system is allowed by the Stormwater Construction Permit as long as the dewatering activity and associated BMPs are identified in the SWMP (including location of activity), and the BMPs are implemented in accordance with the SWMP. Where applicable, all stormwater and groundwater dewatering practices implemented to control stormwater pollution for dewatering must be amended in the SWMP and Site Map by the contractor.

REVISING BMPs AND THE SWMP

The implemented BMPs will need to be modified and maintained regularly to adapt to changing site conditions and to ensure that all potential stormwater pollutants are properly managed. The BMPs and pollutant sources must be reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Qualified Stormwater Manager as assigned by the Permit. With any construction project, special attention must be paid to construction phasing and therefore revisions to the SWMP to include any additional or modification to the BMPs and SWMP report. The SWMP must be modified or amended to accurately reflect the field conditions. Examples include - but are not limited to – removal of BMPs, identification of new potential pollutant procedures, and changes to information provided in the site map/overlot grading plan. SWMP revisions must be made prior to changes in site conditions. The SWMP should be viewed as a "living document" throughout the lifetime of the project.



FINAL STABILIZATION AND

LONG-TERM STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Permanent stabilization of the site includes seeding and mulching the site. Seeding and mulching consists of loosening soil, applying topsoil (if permanent seeding) and drill seeding disturbed areas with grasses and crimping in straw mulch to provide immediate protection from raindrop and wind erosion. As the grass cover becomes established, provide long term stabilization of exposed soils.

Once the construction activity ceases permanently, the area will be stabilized with permanent seed and mulch within 14 days. All areas that will not be impacted by construction of buildings will be seeded and landscaped as feasible. After seeding, each area will be mulched with straw. The straw mulch is to be tacked into place by a disc with blades set nearly straight. Topsoil stockpiles will be stabilized with temporary seed and mulch. Areas of the site that are to be paved will be temporarily stabilized until asphalt is applied. Rough cut street controls will be utilized in these areas to control erosion by minimizing concentration of flow and reducing runoff velocity.

The temporary perimeter controls (silt fence or equivalent) will not be removed until all construction activities at the site are complete and soils have been stabilized and final stabilization has been achieved. Upon completion of construction activities, the site shall be inspected to ensure all equipment, waste materials, and debris have been removed. All other BMPs or other control practices and measure that are to remain after completion of construction will be inspected to ensure they are properly functioning. Final stabilization is reached when all soil disturbing activities at the site have been completed and uniform vegetative cover has been established with a density of at least 70% of pre-disturbance levels. For purposes of the SWMP, establishment of a vegetative cover capable of providing erosion control equivalent to the pre-existing conditions at the site can be considered final stabilized.

Long term stormwater quality management will be handled by the proposed on-site stormwater quality and detention facilities proposed in the Master Development Drainage Plan and Final Drainage Reports by CCES. All facilities will detain stormwater to release rates less than or equal to historic levels as well as provide water quality capture volume prior to releasing stormwater to downstream facilities.



INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

All drainage facilities will be monitored using the enclosed "Monitoring and Maintenance Inspection Record" checklist (Appendix II).

SWMP QUALIFIED STORMWATER MANAGER INSPECTION PROCEDURES & SCHEDULES

The Qualified Stormwater Manager shall adhere to the following inspection procedures during the development of the site:

- 1. Make thorough inspection of the stormwater management system at least every 14 days.
- 2. Make thorough inspection of the stormwater management system within 24 hrs of each precipitation or snow melt event that creates runoff.
- 3. If any system deficiencies are noted, corrective actions must begin immediately. Documentation of inspection must be available if requested.
- 4. Records of the site inspections or facility replacement modifications must be kept at the site within this report.
- 5. 30 day inspections must take place on this site where construction activity is complete, but vegetative cover is still being established.

In this report's appendix, a site inspection form has been included for use by the Inspector. Upon completion of this form, the document is to be kept in the provided folder also in the rear of this report.

• BMP MAINTENANCE / REPLACEMENT & FAILED BMPs

The Stormwater Construction Permit requires that all erosion and sediment control practices and other protective measures identified in the SWMP be maintained in effective and operation condition. A preventative maintenance program should be in place to prevent BMP breakdowns and failures by proactively maintaining or replacing BMPs and equipment. The inspections process should also include procedures to ensure that BMPs are replaced or new BMPs added to adequately manage the pollutant sources at the site. This procedure is part of the ongoing process of revising the BMPs and SWMP as previously discussed, and any changes shall be recorded in the SWMP.



RECORD KEEPING AND DOCUMENTING INSPECTIONS

The following items must be documented by the Qualified Stormwater Manager as part of the site inspections and kept in a notebook located on-site with the approved grading and erosion control plans:

- o Inspection date
- Name(s) and title(s) of personnel making inspection
- Location(s) of discharges of sediment or other pollutants from site
- Location(s) of BMPs that need to be maintained
- Location(s) of BMPs that fail to operate as designed or proved inadequate in a particular location
- o Location(s) where additional BMPs are needed that were not in place at time of inspection
- Deviations from the minimum inspection schedule
- Descriptions of corrective action for items above including dates and measures taken to prevent future violations
- Signed statement of compliance added to the report after correction action has been taken

EROSION CONTROL COST OPINION

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	СС	OST
1.	Permanent Seeding	10 AC.	\$800/AC.	\$	8,000.00
2.	Mulching	10 AC.	\$750/AC.	\$	7 <i>,</i> 500.00
3.	Permanent E.C Blanket	3,200 SY	\$6.00/SY	\$	19,200.00
4.	Perm. Pond BMP Const.	1,000 CY	\$20/CY	\$	20,000.00
5.	Perm. Pond BMP Spillway	3 EACH	\$5,000/EA	\$	15,000.00
6.	Perm. Pond BMP Outlet	3 EACH	\$8,000/EA	\$	24,000.00
7.	Safety Fence	1,050 LF	\$3.00/LF	\$	3,150.00
8.	Temporary E.C. Blanket	1,500 SY	\$3.00/SY	\$	4,500.00
9.	Vehicle Tracking Control	2 EACH	\$2,370/EA	\$	4,740.00
10.	Silt Fence	7,600 LF	\$2.50/LF	\$	19,000.00
11.	Temporary Seeding	5 AC.	\$628/AC.	\$	3,140.00



	Maintenance (35% of constru	ction BMPs)		\$ 20,184.85
17.	Concrete Washout	1 EA.	\$900/EA.	\$ 900.00
16.	Sediment Basin	8 EACH	\$1,762/EA	\$ 14,096.00
15.	Inlet Protection	10 EACH	\$167/EA	\$ 1,670.00
14.	Rock Check Dams	8 EACH	\$500/EA	\$ 4,000.00
13.	Erosion Bales	75 EACH	\$25.00/EA	\$ 1,875.00
12.	Temporary Mulch	5 AC.	\$750/AC.	\$ 3,750.00

Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors cannot and does not guarantee that the construction cost will not vary from these opinions of probable construction costs. These opinions represent our best judgment as design professionals familiar with the construction industry and this development in particular.

PREPARED BY:

Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC

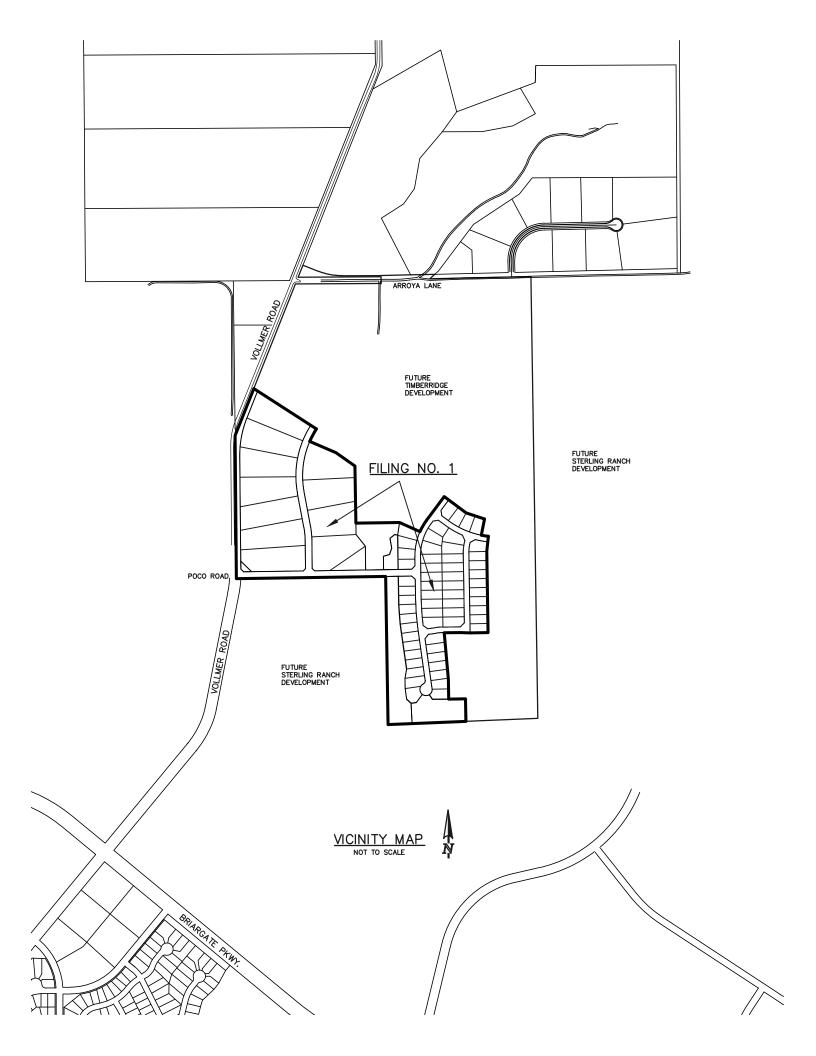
Marc A. Whorton, P.E. Project Manager

maw/1185.00/SWMP Report Vol2.doc



VICINITY MAP





COPY OF PERMIT APPLICATION

General permit application for stormwater discharges associated with construction activity.





Dedicated to protecting and improving the health and environment of the people of Colorado

ASSIGNED	PERMIT	NUM	BER	
ate Received	/_		/	
	MM	DD	YYYY	
		Revise	d: 10-2017	7

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STORMWATER DISCHARGE ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES APPLICATION COLORADO DISCHARGE PERMIT SYSTEM (CDPS)

PHOTO COPIES, FAXED COPIES, PDF COPIES OR EMAILS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

For Applications submitted on paper - Please print or type. Original signatures are required.

All items must be completed accurately and in their entirety for the application to be deemed complete. Incomplete applications will not be processed until all information is received which will ultimately delay the issuance of a permit. If more space is required to answer any question, please attach additional sheets to the application form. Applications or signature pages for the application may be submitted by mail or hand delivered to:

Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, 4300 Cherry Creek Drive South, WQCD-P-B2, Denver, CO 80246-1530

For Applications submitted electronically

Please note that you can ONLY complete the feedback form by downloading it to a PC or Mac/Apple computer and opening the Application with Adobe Reader or a similar PDF reader. The form will NOT work with web browsers, Google preview, Mac preview software or on mobile devices using iOS or Android operating systems.

If application is submitted electronically, processing of the application will begin at that time and not be delayed for receipt of the signed document.

Any additional information that you would like the Division to consider in developing the permit should be provided with the application. Examples include effluent data and/or modeling and planned pollutant removal strategies.

Beginning July 1, 2016, invoices will be based on acres disturbed.

DO NOT	PAYT	HE FEES	NOW - Invoice	s will be sent afte	er the receipt of the application.
		Less tha 1-30 acr	an 1 acre res	(\$175 initial fee,	n (see page 4) \$165 annual fee) \$350 annual fee) \$540 annual fee)
PERMIT INFORMATION					
Reason for Application:	NE	N CERT	RENEW CERT	EXISTING CERT#	

A. CONTACT INFORMATION - *indicates required

* PERMITTED ORGANIZATION FORMAL NAME:

1) * PERMIT OPERATOR - the party that has operational control over day to day activities - may be the same as owner.

Contractor/Operator

Responsible Person (Title):				
Currently Held By (Person):	FirstName:		LastName:	
Telephone:		Email Address:		
Organization:				
Mailing Address:				
City:			State:	Zip Code:

Per Regulation 61: All reports required by permits, and other information requested by the Division shall be signed by the permittee or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

(i) The authorization is made in writing by the permittee

Property Owner

(ii) The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. (A duly authorized representative

may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position); and

(iii) The written authorization is submitted to the Division

Applicant is:

2) OWNER - party has ownership or long term lease of property - may be the same as the operator.

Same as 1) Permit Oper	ator				
Responsible Person (Title):					
Currently Held By (Person):	FirstName:		LastName:		
Telephone:		_ Email Address:			
Organization:					
Mailing Address:					
City:			State:	Zip Code:	

Per Regulation 61 : All reports required by permits, and other information requested by the Division shall be signed by the permittee or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

- i. The authorization is made in writing by the permittee.
- ii. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a **named individual** or any individual occupying a **named position**); and
- iii. The written authorization is submitted to the Division.

3) *SITE CONTACT local contact for questions relating to the facility & discharge authorized by this permit for the facility

	Same as 1) Permit Opera	ator					
	Responsible Person (Title):						
	Currently Held By (Person):	FirstName:		LastN	lame:		
	Telephone:		Email Address:				
	Organization:						
	Mailing Address:						
	City:				State:	Zip Code:	
4)	*BILLING CONTACT if diff		tee.				
	Same as 1) Permit Opera						
	,						
	Telephone:		Email Address:				
	Organization:						
	Mailing Address:						
	City:				State:	Zip Code:	
5)	OTHER CONTACT TYPES (check below) Add pag	ges if necessary:				
	Responsible Person (Title):						
	Currently Held By (Person):	FirstName:		LastN	lame:		
	Telephone:		Email Address:				
	Organization:						
	Mailing Address:						
	City:				State:	Zip Code:	
	Environmental Contact		Consultant		Stormwater MS	64 Responsible Person	
	Inspection Facility Contac	ct	Compliance Contact		Stormwater Au	thorized Representative	

B) PERMITTED PROJECT/FACILITY INFORMATION

Project/Facility Name

Street Address or Cross Streets					
(e.g., Park St and 5 Ave; CR 21 and Hwy 10; 44 Ave and Clear Creek) ; A street name without an address, intersection, mile marker, or other identifying information describing the location of the project is <u>not</u> adequate. For linear projects , the route of the project should be described as best as possible using the starting point for the address and latitude and longitude - more clearly defined in the required map)					
City:	County:	Zip Code:			

Facility Latitude/Longitude - List the latitude and longitude of the excavation(s) resulting in the discharge(s). If the exact soil disturbing location(s) are not known, list the latitude and longitude of the center point of the construction project. If using the center point, be sure to specify that it is the center point of construction activity. The preferred method is GPS and Decimal Degrees.

Latitude	·	Longitude	•	(e.g., 39.70312°, 104.93348°)
	Decimal Degrees (to 5 decimal places)		Decimal Degrees (to 5 decimal places)	

This information may be obtained from a variety of sources, including:

- Surveyors or engineers for the project should have, or be able to calculate, this information.
- U.S. Geological Survey topographical map(s), available at area map stores.
- Using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit to obtain a direct reading.
- Google enter address in search engine, select the map, right click on location, and select "what's here".

Note: the latitude/longitude required above is not the directional degrees, minutes, and seconds provided on a site legal description to define property boundaries.

C) MAP (Attachment) If no map is submitted, the application cannot be submitted.

Map: Attach a map that indicates the site location and that CLEARLY shows the boundaries of the area that will be disturbed. A vicinity map is not adequate for this purpose.

D) LEGAL DESCRIPTION - only for Subdivisions

Legal description: If subdivided, provide the legal description below, or indicate that it is not applicable (do not supply Township/Range/Section or metes and bounds description of site)

 Subdivision(s):
 Lot(s):
 Block(s)

OR Not applicable (site has not been subdivided)

E) AREA OF CONSTRUCTION SITE - SEE PAGE 1 - WILL DETERMINE FEE

Provide both the total area of the construction site, and the area that will undergo disturbance, in acres.

Total area of project disturbance site (acres):

Note: aside from clearing, grading and excavation activities, disturbed areas also include areas receiving overburden (e.g., stockpiles), demolition areas, and areas with heavy equipment/vehicle traffic and storage that disturb existing vegetative cover.

Part of Larger Common Plan of Development or Sale, (i.e., total, including all phases, filings, lots, and infrastructure not covered by this application)

F) NATURE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

Check the appropriate box(es) or provide a brief description that indicates the general nature of the construction activities. (The full description of activities must be included in the Stormwater Management Plan.)

	Commercial Development
	Residential Development
[Highway and Transportation Development
[Pipeline and Utilities (including natural gas, electricity, water, and communications)
[Oil and Gas Exploration and Well Pad Development
	Non-structural and other development (i.e. parks, trails, stream realignment, bank stabilization, demolition, etc.)

G) ANTICIPATED CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

Construction Start Date:

Final Stabilization Date:

- Construction Start Date This is the day you expect to begin ground disturbing activities, including grubbing, stockpiling, excavating, demolition, and grading activities.
- Final Stabilization Date in terms of permit coverage, this is when the site is finally stabilized. This means that all ground surface disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and all disturbed areas have been either built on, paved, or a uniform vegetative cover has been established with an individual plant density of at least 70 percent of pre-disturbance levels. Permit coverage must be maintained until the site is finally stabilized. Even if you are only doing one part of the project, the estimated final stabilization date must be for the <u>overall</u> project. If permit coverage is still required once your part is completed, the permit certification may be transferred or reassigned to a new responsible entity(s).

H) RECEIVING WATERS (If discharge is to a ditch or storm sewer, include the name of the ultimate receiving waters)

Immediate Receiving Water(s): _____

Ultimate Receiving Water(s):

Identify the receiving water of the stormwater from your site. Receiving waters are any waters of the State of Colorado. This includes all water courses, even if they are usually dry. If stormwater from the construction site enters a ditch or storm sewer system, identify that system and indicate the ultimate receiving water for the ditch or storm sewer. **Note:** a stormwater discharge permit does <u>not</u> allow a discharge into a ditch or storm sewer system without the approval of the owner/ operator of that system.

I) SIGNATURE PAGE

1. You may print and sign this document and mail the hard copy to the State along with required documents (address on page one).

2. Electronic Submission Signature

You may choose to submit your application electronically, along with required attachments. To do so, click the SUBMIT button below which will direct you, via e-mail, to sign the document electronically using the DocuSign Electronic Signature process. Once complete, you will receive via e-mail, an electronically stamped Adobe pdf of this application. Print the signature page from the electronically stamped pdf, sign it and mail it to the WQCD Permits Section to complete the application process (address is on page one of the application).

- The Division encourages use of the electronic submission of the application and electronic signature. This method meets signature requirements as required by the State of Colorado.
- The ink signed copy of the electronically stamped pdf signature page is also required to meet Federal EPA Requirements.
- Processing of the application will begin with the receipt of the valid electronic signature.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN CERTIFICATION

By checking this box "I certify under penalty of law that a complete Stormwater Management Plan, as described in the stormwater management plan guidance, has been pre-pared for my activity. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the Stormwater Management Plan is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for falsely certifying the completion of said SWMP, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations." "I understand that submittal of this application is for coverage under the State of Colorado General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activity for the entirety of the construction site/project described and applied for, until such time as the application is amended or the certification is transferred, inactivated, or expired." [Reg 61.4(1)(h)]

For Docusign					
Electronic Signature	Ink Signature	Date:			

Signature of Legally Responsible Person or Authorized Agent (submission must include original signature)

Name (printed)

Title

Signature: The applicant must be either the owner and operator of the construction site. Refer to Part B of the instructions for additional information. The application <u>must be signed</u> by the applicant to be considered complete. In all cases, it shall be signed as follows:

(Regulation 61.4 (1ei)

a) In the case of corporations, by the responsible corporate officer is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the form originates

b) In the case of a partnership, by a general partner.

c) In the case of a sole proprietorship, by the proprietor.

d) In the case of a municipal, state, or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer, ranking elected official, (a principal executive officer has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge originates).

3rd Party Preparer: If this form was prepared by an authorized agent on behalf of the Permittee, please complete the field below.

Preparer Name (printed)

Email Address

DO NOT INCLUDE A COPY OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN DO NOT INCLUDE PAYMENT—AN INVOICE WILL BE SENT AFTER THE CERTIFICATION IS ISSUED.

CONTRACTOR SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES



Project Phase	BMPs
	 Install sediment controls downgradient of access point (on paved streets this may consist of inlet protection).
Pre-	• Establish vehicle tracking control at entrances to paved streets. Fence as needed.
disturbance, Site Access	 Use construction fencing to define the boundaries of the project and limit access to areas of the site that are not to be disturbed.
	Note: it may be necessary to protect inlets in the general vicinity of the site, even if not downgradient, if there is a possibility that sediment tracked from the site could contribute to the inlets.
	 Install perimeter controls as needed on downgradient perimeter of site (silt fence, wattles, etc).
	 Limit disturbance to those areas planned for disturbance and protect undisturbed areas within the site (construction fence, flagging, etc).
	 Preserve vegetative buffer at site perimeter.
	 Create stabilized staging area.
	 Locate portable toilets on flat surfaces away from drainage paths. Stake in areas susceptible to high winds.
	 Construct concrete washout area and provide signage.
Site Clearing	 Establish waste disposal areas.
and Grubbing	 Install sediment basins.
	• Create dirt perimeter berms and/or brush barriers during grubbing and clearing.
	 Separate and stockpile topsoil, leave roughened and/or cover.
	 Protect stockpiles with perimeter control BMPs. Stockpiles should be located away from drainage paths and should be accessed from the upgradient side so that perimeter controls can remain in place on the downgradient side. Use erosion control blankets, temporary seeding, and/or mulch for stockpiles that will be inactive for an extended period.
	• Leave disturbed area of site in a roughened condition to limit erosion. Consider temporary revegetation for areas of the site that have been disturbed but that will be inactive for an extended period.
	• Water to minimize dust but not to the point that watering creates runoff.

Table CP-1. Typical Phased BMP Installation for Construction Projects

Project Phase	BMPs
	In Addition to the Above BMPs:
	• Close trench as soon as possible (generally at the end of the day).
Utility And	• Use rough-cut street control or apply road base for streets that will not be promptly paved.
Infrastructure Installation	 Provide inlet protection as streets are paved and inlets are constructed.
	 Protect and repair BMPs, as necessary.
	 Perform street sweeping as needed.
	In Addition to the Above BMPs:
Building	 Implement materials management and good housekeeping practices for home building activities.
Construction	• Use perimeter controls for temporary stockpiles from foundation excavations.
	 For lots adjacent to streets, lot-line perimeter controls may be necessary at the back of curb.
	In Addition to the Above BMPs:
Final Grading	Remove excess or waste materials.
	Remove stored materials.
	In Addition to the Above BMPs:
Final	 Seed and mulch/tackify.
Stabilization	 Seed and install blankets on steep slopes.
	• Remove all temporary BMPs when site has reached final stabilization.

COLORADO DISCHARGE PERMIT

SYSTEM (CDPS) CHECKLIST Operation & Maintenance Inspection Record

The following inspection records are to be used at each bi-monthly stormwater management system inspection and after any precipitation or snowmelt event that causes surface runoff. As a result of these inspections, the SWMP may need to be revised. The inspection records and revised SWMP shall be made available to the division upon request. If the construction activity lasts more than 12 months, a copy of the inspection records and revised SWMP shall be sent to the division by May 1 of each year covering April 1 to March 31.



CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER SITE INSPECTION REPORT

Facility Name		Permittee			
Date of Inspection		Weather Conditions			
Permit Certification #		Disturbed Acreage			
Phase of Construction		Inspector Title			
Inspector Name					
Is the above inspector a qualified stormwater manager?					NO
(permittee is responsible for ensuring that the inspector is a qualified stormwater manager)					

INSPECTION FREQUENCY

Check the box that describes the minimum inspection frequency utilized when conducting each inspec		
At least one inspection every 7 calendar days		
At least one inspection every 14 calendar days, with post-storm event inspections conducted within 24 hours after the end of any precipitation or snowmelt event that causes surface erosions		
 This is this a post-storm event inspection. Event Date: 		
Reduced inspection frequency - Include site conditions that warrant reduced inspection frequency		
 Post-storm inspections at temporarily idle sites 		
 Inspections at completed sites/area 		
Winter conditions exclusion		
Have there been any deviations from the minimum inspection schedule?	YES NO	
If yes, describe below.		

INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS*

 Visually verify all implemented control measures are in effective operational condition and are working as designed in the specifications

ii. Determine if there are new potential sources of pollutants

iii. Assess the adequacy of control measures at the site to identify areas requiring new or modified control measures to minimize pollutant discharges

iv. Identify all areas of non-compliance with the permit requirements, and if necessary, implement corrective action *Use the attached **Control Measures Requiring Routine Maintenance** and **Inadequate Control Measures Requiring**

Corrective Action forms to document results of this assessment that trigger either maintenance or corrective actions

AREAS TO BE INSPECTED

Is there evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants leaving the construction site boundaries, entering the stormwater drainage system or discharging to state waters at the following locations?

	NO	YES	If "YES" describe discharge or potential for discharge below. Document related maintenance, inadequate control measures and corrective actions Inadequate Control Measures Requiring Corrective Action form
Construction site perimeter			
All disturbed areas			
Designated haul routes			
Material and waste storage areas exposed to precipitation			
Locations where stormwater has the potential to discharge offsite			
Locations where vehicles exit the site			
Other:			

CONTROL MEASURES REQUIRING ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Definition: Any control measure that is still operating in accordance with its design and the requirements of the permit, but requires maintenance to prevent a breach of the control measure. These items are not subject to the corrective action requirements as specified in Part I.B.1.c of the permit.

Are there control measures requiring maintenance?		YES	
Are there control measures requiring maintenance?			If "YES" document below

Date Observed	Location	Control Measure	Maintenance Required	Date Completed

INADEQUATE CONTROL MEASURES REQUIRING CORRECTIVE ACTION

Definition: Any control measure that is not designed or implemented in accordance with the requirements of the permit and/or any control measure that is not implemented to operate in accordance with its design. This includes control measures that have not been implemented for pollutant sources. If it is infeasible to install or repair the control measure immediately after discovering the deficiency the reason must be documented and a schedule included to return the control measure to effective operating condition as possible.

Are there inadequate control measures requiring corrective action?	NO	YES	
Are there inadequate control measures requiring corrective action?			If "YES" document below

Are there additional control measures needed that were not in place at the time of inspection?	NO	YES	
Are there additional control measures needed that were not in place at the time of inspection:			If "YES" document below

Date Discovered	Location	Description of Inadequate Control Measure	Description of Corrective Action	Was deficiency corrected when discovered? YES/NO if "NO" provide reason and schedule to correct	Date Corrected

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The permittee shall report the following circumstances orally within twenty-four (24) hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and shall mail to the division a written report containing the information requested within five (5) working days after becoming aware of the following circumstances. The division may waive the written report required if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

All Noncompliance Requiring 24-Hour Notification per Part II.L.6 of the Permit		
a. Endangerment to Health or the Environment		
Circumstances leading to any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment regardless of the cause of the incident (See Part II.L.6.a		
of the Permit)		
This category would primarily result from the discharge of pollutants in violation of the permit		
b. Numeric Effluent Limit Violations		
 Circumstances leading to any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitations (See Part II.L.6.b of the Permit) 		
 Circumstances leading to any upset which causes an exceedance of any effluent limitation (See Part II.L.6.c of the Permit) 		
 Daily maximum violations (See Part II.L.6.d of the Permit) 		
Numeric effluent limits are very uncommon in certifications under the COR400000 general permit. This category of noncompliance only applies if		
Numerie errident minits are very uncommon in certifications under the convocood general permit. This category of honcomphance only appres in		

numeric effluent limits are included in a permit certification.

Has there been an incident of noncompliance requiring 24-hour notification?	

NO	YES	
		If "YES" document below

Date and Time of Incident	Location	Description of Noncompliance	Description of Corrective Action	Date and Time of 24 Hour Oral Notification	Date of 5 Day Written Notification *

*Attach copy of 5 day written notification to report. Indicate if written notification was waived, including the name of the division personnel who granted waiver.

After adequate corrective action(s) and maintenance have been taken, or where a report does not identify any incidents requiring corrective action or maintenance, the individual(s) designated as the Qualified Stormwater Manager, shall sign and certify the below statement:

"I verify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all corrective action and maintenance items identified during the inspection are complete, and the site is currently in compliance with the permit."

Name of Qualified Stormwater Manager	Title of Qualified Stormwater Manager
Signature of Qualified Stormwater Manager	Date
Notes/Comments	

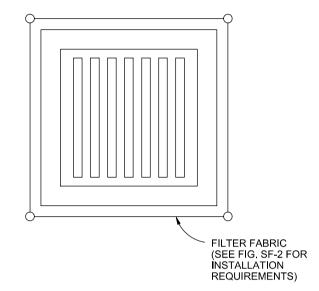
COMPLETED OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSPECTION RECORDS



STANDARD BMP DETAILS

W/ INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS





FILTER FABRIC INLET PROTECTION

FILTER FABRIC INLET PROTECTION NOTES

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

1. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF INLET.

2. SEE SILT FENCE FIGURE SF-2 FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

3. POSTS ARE TO BE PLACED AT EACH CORNER OF THE INLET AND AROUND THE EDGES AT A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 3 FEET.

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT INLET PROTECTION IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL, AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL, AND WEEKLY DURING PERIODS NO RAINFALL.

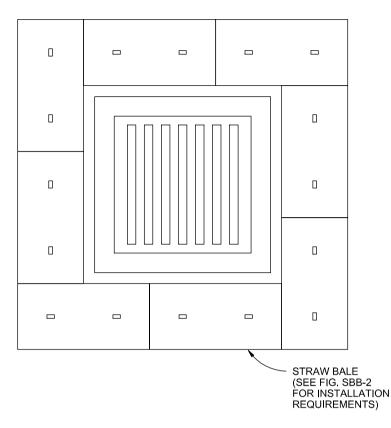
2. DAMAGED, COLLAPSED, UNENTRENCHED OR INEFFECTIVE INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE PROMPTLY REPAIRED OR REPLACED.

3. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM BEHIND FILTER FABRIC WHEN IT ACCUMULATES TO HALF THE EXPOSED GEOTEXTILE HEIGHT.

4. FILTER FABRIC PROTECTION SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE COVER IS ATTAINED IN THE DRAINAGE AREA AS APPROVED BY THE CITY.

City of Colorado Springs Stormwater Quality

Figure IP-1 Filter Fabric Inlet Protection Construction Detail and Maintenance Requirements



STRAW BALE INLET PROTECTION

STRAW BALE INLET PROTECTION NOTES

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

1. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF INLET.

2. BALES ARE TO BE PLACED IN A SINGLE ROW AROUND THE INLET WITH THE END OF THE BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER.

3. SEE STRAW BALE BARRIER FIGURE SBB-2 FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT STRAW BALE INLET PROTECTION IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL, AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL, AND WEEKLY DURING PERIODS NO RAINFALL.

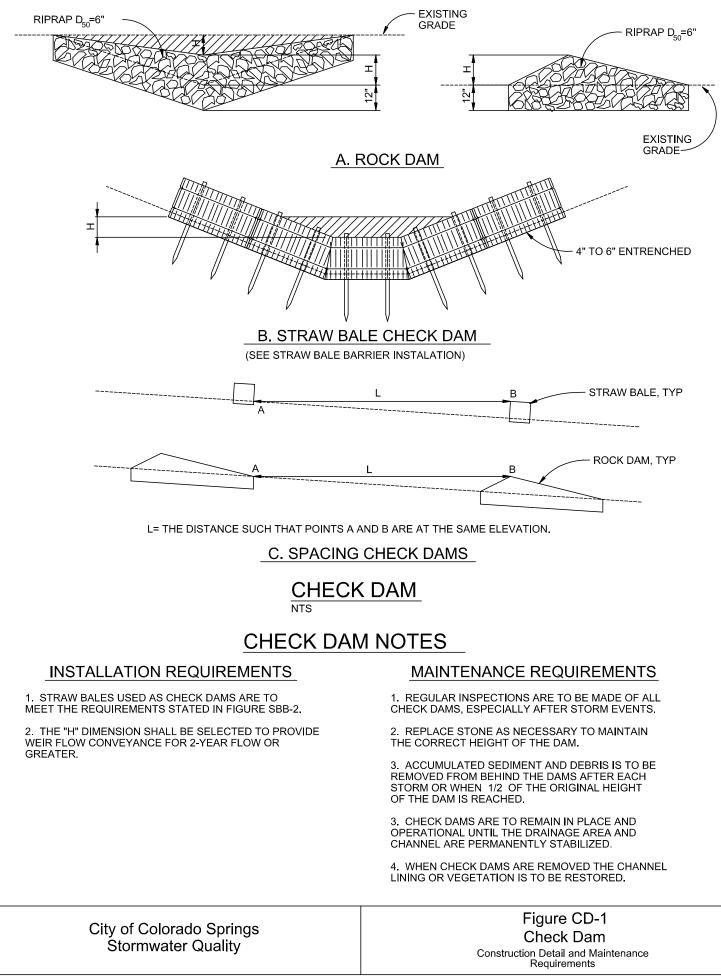
2. DAMAGED OR INEFFECTIVE INLET PROTECTION SHALL PROMPTLY BE REPAIRED, REPLACING BALES IF NECESSARY, AND UNENTRENCHED BALES NEED TO BE REPAIRED WITH COMPACTED BACKFILL MATERIAL.

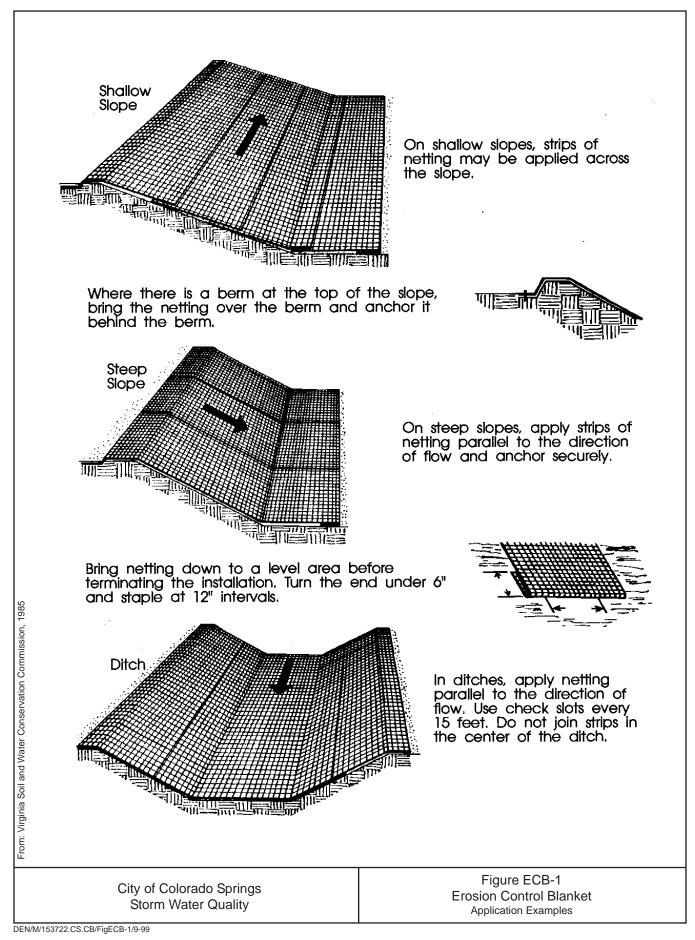
3. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM BEHIND STRAW BALES WHEN IT ACCUMULATES TO APPROXIMATELY 1/3 THE HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER.

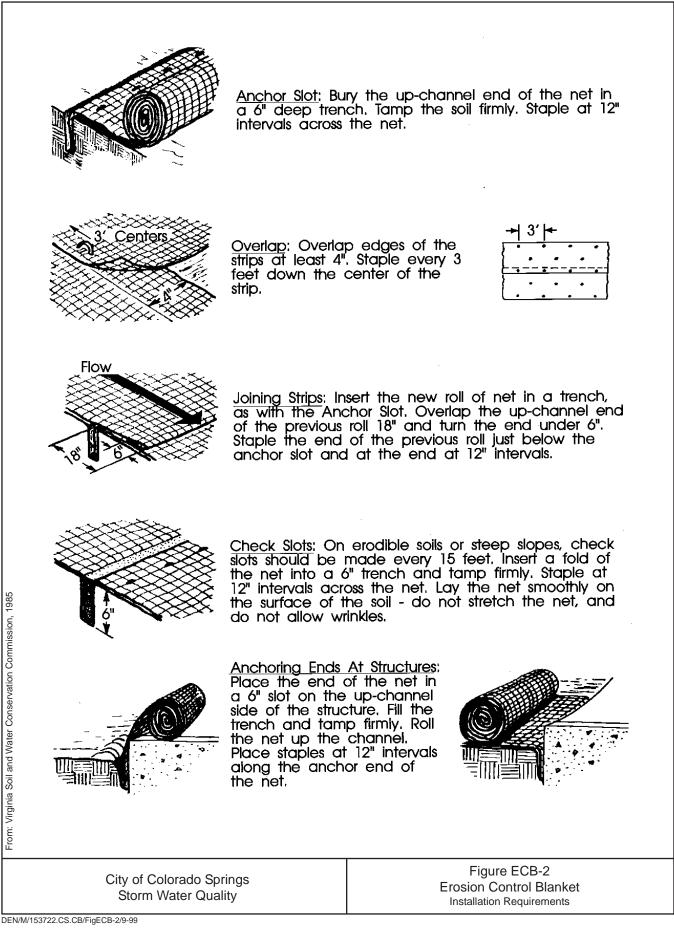
4. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE COVER IS ATTAINED WITHIN THE DRAINAGE AREA AS APPROVED BY THE CITY.

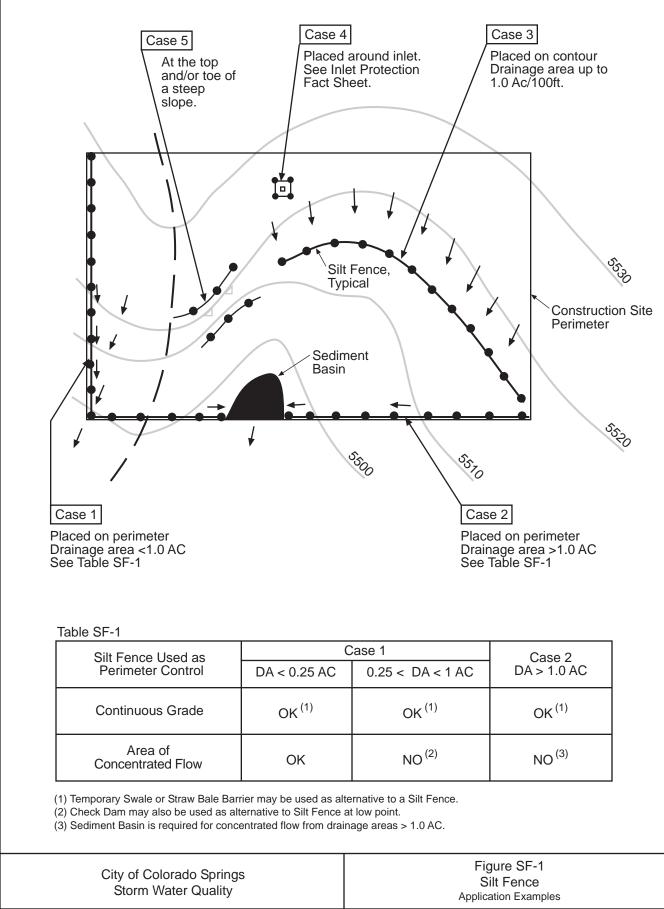
City of Colorado Springs Stormwater Quality

Figure IP-2 Straw Bale Inlet Protection Construction Detail and Maintenance Requirements

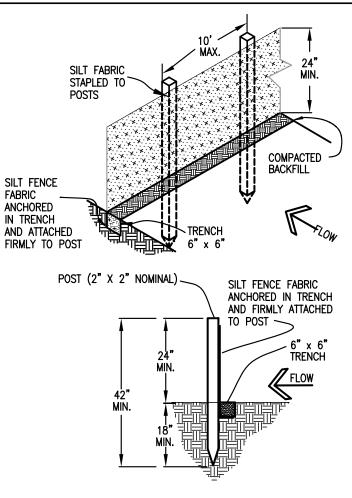








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SILT FENCE

SILT FENCE NOTES

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

1. SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

2. WHEN JOINTS ARE NECESSARY, SILT FENCE GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE SPLICED TOGETHER ONLY AT SUPPORT POST AND SECURELY SEALED.

3. METAL POSTS SHALL BE "STUDDED TEE" OR "U" TYPE WITH MINIMUM WEIGHT OF 1.33 POUNDS PER LINEAR FOOT. WOOD POSTS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER OR CROSS SECTION DIMENSION OF 2 INCHES.

4. THE FILTER MATERIAL SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO METAL OR WOOD POSTS USING WIRE TIES, OR TO WOOD POSTS WITH 3/4" LONG #9 HEAVY-DUTY STAPLES. THE SILT FENCE GEOTEXTILE SHALL NOT BE STAPLED TO EXISTING TREES.

5. WHILE NOT REQUIRED, WIRE MESH FENCE MAY BE USED TO SUPPORT THE GEOTEXTILE. WIRE FENCE SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS USING HEAVY-DUTY WIRE STAPLES AT LEAST 3/4" LONG, TIE WIRES OR HOG RINGS. THE WIRE SHALL EXTEND INTO THE TRENCH A MINIMUM OF 6" AND SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN 3' ABOVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACE.

City of Colorado Springs Stormwater Quality

6. ALONG THE TOE OF FILLS, INSTALL THE SILT FENCE ALONG A LEVEL CONTOUR AND PROVIDE AN AREA BEHIND THE FENCE FOR RUNOFF TO POND AND SEDIMENT TO SETTLE, A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF 5 FEET FROM THE TOE OF THE FILL IS RECOMMENDED.

7. THE HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE FROM THE GROUND SURFACE SHALL BE MINIMUM OF 24 INCHES AND SHALL NOT EXCEED 36 INCHES; HIGHER FENCES MAY INPOUND VOLUMES OF WATER SUFFICIENT TO CAUSE FAILURE OF THE STRUCTURE.

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

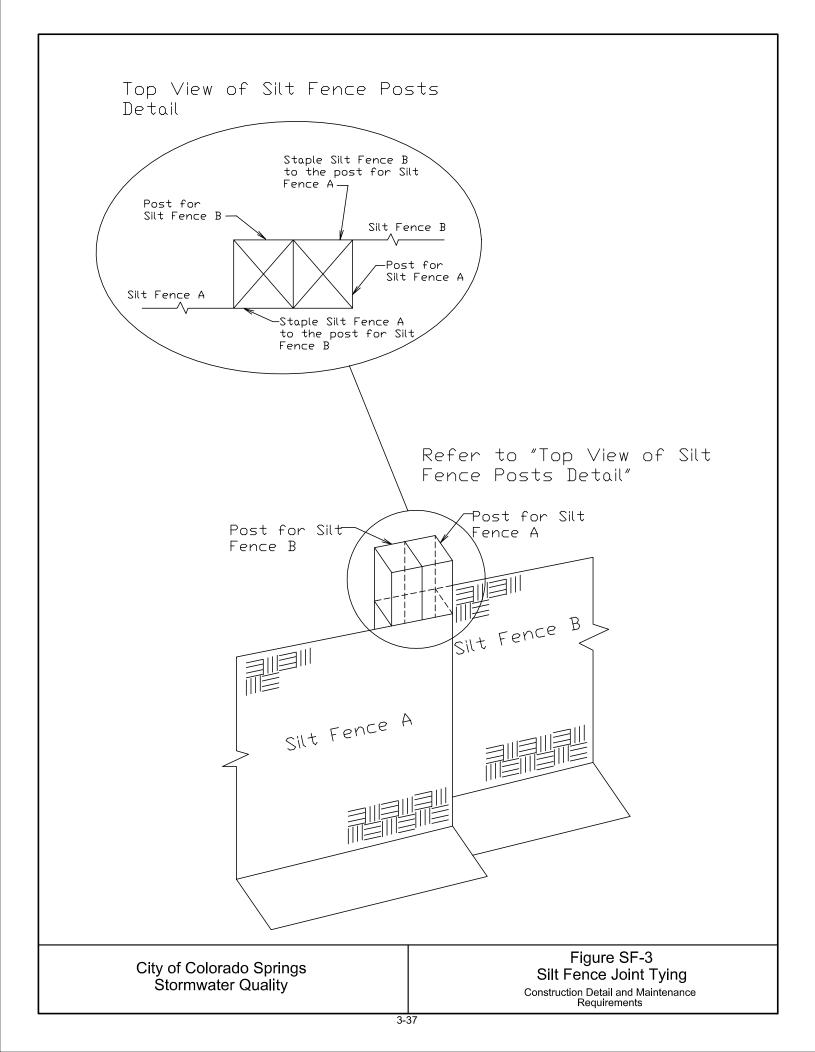
1. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT SILT FENCES IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL, AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL, AND WEEKLY DURING PERIODS OF NO RAINFALL. DAMAGED, COLLAPSED, UNENTRENCHED OR INEFFECTIVE SILT FENCES SHALL BE PROMPTLY REPAIRED OR REPLACED.

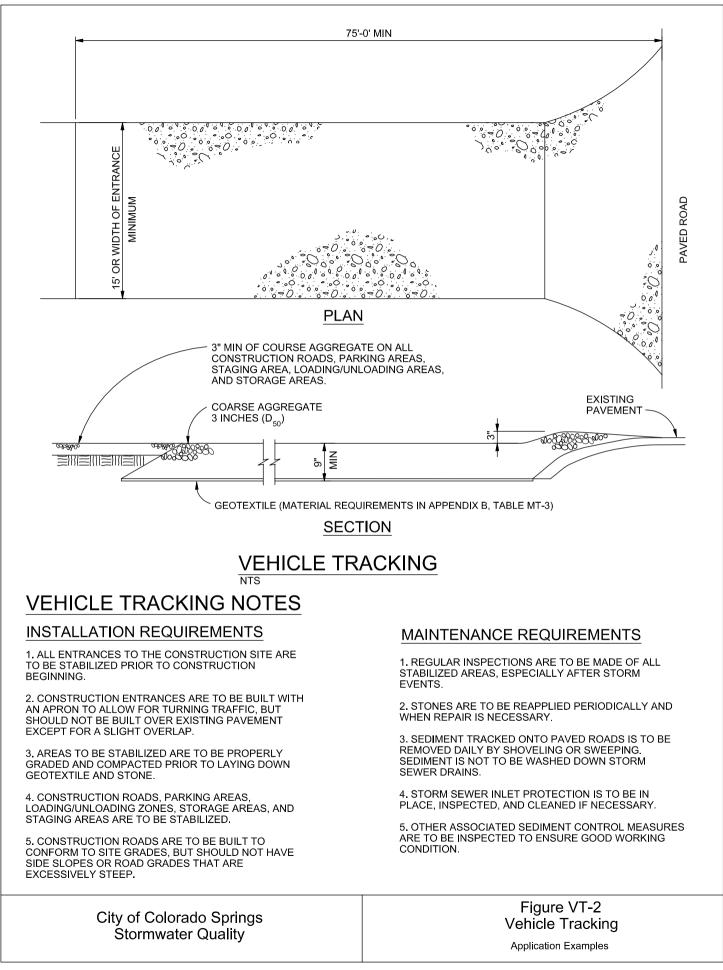
2. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM BEHIND SILT FENCE WHEN IT ACCUMULATES TO HALF THE EXPOSED GEOTEXTILE HEIGHT.

3. SILT FENCES SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE COVER IS ATTAINED AS APPROVED BY THE CITY.

> Silt Fence Construction Detail and Maintenance Requirements

Figure SF-2





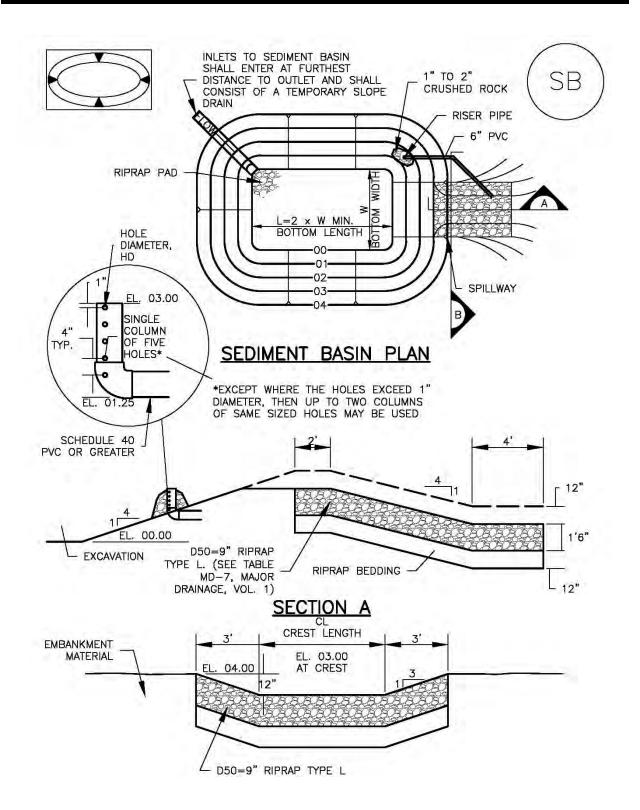


TABLE SB-1. SIZING INFORMATION FOR STANDARD SEDIMENT BASIN				
Upstream Drainage Area (rounded to nearest acre), (ac)	Basin Bottom Width (W), (ft)	Spillway Crest Length (CL), (ft)	Hole Diameter (HD), (in)	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	12 ½ 21 28 33 ½ 43 47 ¼ 51 55 58 ¼ 61 64 67 ½ 70 ½ 73 ¼	2 3 5 6 8 9 11 12 13 15 16 18 19 21 22	932 13/6 12 9%6 21/32 25/32 25/32 27/32 27/32 78 15/6 31/36 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

SEDIMENT BASIN INSTALLATION NOTES

- 1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:
 - -LOCATION OF SEDIMENT BASIN.

-TYPE OF BASIN (STANDARD BASIN OR NONSTANDARD BASIN).

-FOR STANDARD BASIN, BOTTOM WIDTH W, CREST LENGTH CL, AND HOLE DIAMETER, HD.

-FOR NONSTANDARD BASIN, SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR DESIGN OF BASIN INCLUDING RISER HEIGHT H, NUMBER OF COLUMNS N, HOLE DIAMETER HD AND PIPE DIAMETER D.

2. FOR STANDARD BASIN, BOTTOM DIMENSION MAY BE MODIFIED AS LONG AS BOTTOM AREA IS NOT REDUCED.

3. SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY OTHER LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY THAT RELIES ON ON BASINS AS AS A STORMWATER CONTROL.

4. EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF SOIL FREE OF DEBRIS, ORGANIC MATERIAL, AND ROCKS OR CONCRETE GREATER THAN 3 INCHES AND SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 15 PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING THE NO. 200 SIEVE.

5. EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95 PERCENT OF MAXIMUM DENSITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D698.

6. PIPE SCH 40 OR GREATER SHALL BE USED.

7. THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THESE SHEETS PERTAIN TO STANDARD SEDIMENT BASIN(S) FOR DRAINAGE AREAS LESS THAN 15 ACRES. SEE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR EMBANKMENT, STORAGE VOLUME, SPILLWAY, OUTLET, AND OUTLET PROTECTION DETAILS FOR ANY SEDIMENT BASIN(S) THAT HAVE BEEN INDIVIDUALLY DESIGNED FOR DRAINAGE AREAS LARGER THAN 15 ACRES.

SEDIMENT BASIN MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED IN BASIN SHALL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS, TYPICALLY WHEN SEDIMENT DEPTH REACHES ONE FOOT (I.E., TWO FEET BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST).

5. SEDIMENT BASINS ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS STABILIZED AND GRASS COVER IS ACCEPTED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

6. WHEN SEDIMENT BASINS ARE REMOVED, ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOPSOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED AS APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO)

CWA_MAINTENANCE_NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPS IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

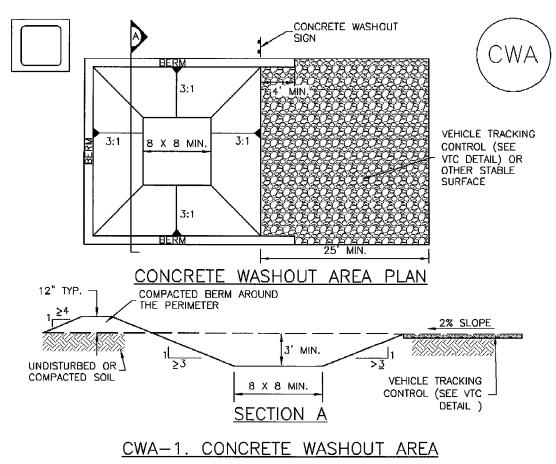
4. THE CWA SHALL BE REPAIRED, CLEANED, OR ENLARGED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN CAPACITY FOR CONCRETE WASTE. CONCRETE MATERIALS, ACCUMULATED IN PIT, SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE THE MATERIALS HAVE REACHED A DEPTH OF 2'.

5. CONCRETE WASHOUT WATER, WASTED PIECES OF CONCRETE AND ALL OTHER DEBRIS IN THE SUBSURFACE PIT SHALL BE TRANSPORTED FROM THE JOB SITE IN A WATER-TIGHT CONTAINER AND DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.

6. THE CWA SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL CONCRETE FOR THE PROJECT IS PLACED.

7. WHEN THE CWA IS REMOVED, COVER THE DISTURBED AREA WITH TOP SOIL, SEED AND MULCH OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO AND THE CITY OF PARKER, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD).



CWA INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR:

-CWA INSTALLATION LOCATION.

2. DO NOT LOCATE AN UNLINED CWA WITHIN 400' OF ANY NATURAL DRAINAGE PATHWAY OR WATERBODY. DO NOT LOCATE WITHIN 1,000' OF ANY WELLS OR DRINKING WATER SOURCES. IF SITE CONSTRAINTS MAKE THIS INFEASIBLE, OR IF HIGHLY PERMEABLE SOILS EXIST ON SITE, THE CWA MUST BE INSTALLED WITH AN IMPERMEABLE LINER (16 MIL MIN. THICKNESS) OR SURFACE STORAGE ALTERNATIVES USING PREFABRICATED CONCRETE WASHOUT DEVICES OR A LINED ABOVE GROUND STORAGE ARE SHOULD BE USED.

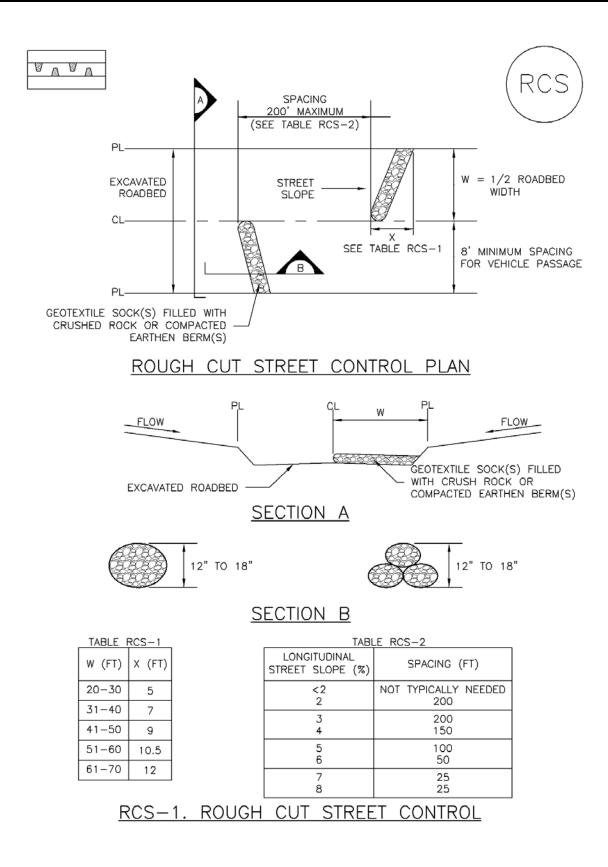
3. THE CWA SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO CONCRETE PLACEMENT ON SITE.

4. CWA SHALL INCLUDE A FLAT SUBSURFACE PIT THAT IS AT LEAST 8' BY 8' SLOPES LEADING OUT OF THE SUBSURFACE PIT SHALL BE 3:1 OR FLATTER. THE PIT SHALL BE AT LEAST 3' DEEP.

- 5. BERM SURROUNDING SIDES AND BACK OF THE CWA SHALL HAVE MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 1'.
- 6. VEHICLE TRACKING PAD SHALL BE SLOPED 2% TOWARDS THE CWA.

7. SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED AT THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, AT THE CWA, AND ELSEWHERE AS NECESSARY TO CLEARLY INDICATE THE LOCATION OF THE CWA TO OPERATORS OF CONCRETE TRUCKS AND PUMP RIGS.

8. USE EXCAVATED MATERIAL FOR PERIMETER BERM CONSTRUCTION.



ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR -LOCATION OF ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL MEASURES.

2. ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL SHALL BE INSTALLED AFTER A ROAD HAS BEEN CUT IN, AND WILL NOT BE PAVED FOR MORE THAN 14 DAYS OR FOR TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ROADS THAT HAVE NOT RECEIVED ROAD BASE.

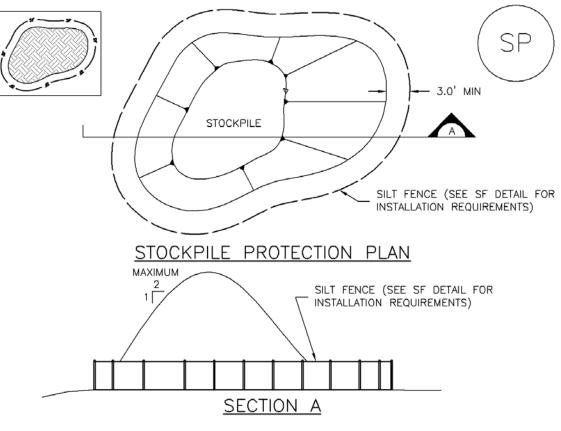
ROUGH CUT STREET CONTROL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)



<u>SP-1. STOCKPILE PROTECTION</u>

STOCKPILE PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR: -LOCATION OF STOCKPILES. -TYPE OF STOCKPILE PROTECTION.

2. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE DESIGN DETAILS. SILT FENCE IS SHOWN IN THE STOCKPILE PROTECTION DETAILS; HOWEVER, OTHER TYPES OF PERIMETER CONTROLS INCLUDING SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS OR ROCK SOCKS MAY BE SUITABLE IN SOME CIRCUMSTANCES. CONSIDERATIONS FOR DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE TYPE OF PERIMETER CONTROL FOR A STOCKPILE INCLUDE WHETHER THE STOCKPILE IS LOCATED ON A PERVIOUS OR IMPERVIOUS SURFACE, THE RELATIVE HEIGHTS OF THE PERIMETER CONTROL AND STOCKPILE, THE ABILITY OF THE PERIMETER CONTROL TO CONTAIN THE STOCKPILE WITHOUT FAILING IN THE EVENT THAT MATERIAL FROM THE STOCKPILE SHIFTS OR SLUMPS AGAINST THE PERIMETER, AND OTHER FACTORS.

3. STABILIZE THE STOCKPILE SURFACE WITH SURFACE ROUGHENING, TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, OR SOIL BINDERS. SOILS STOCKPILED FOR AN EXTENDED PERIOD (TYPICALLY FOR MORE THAN 60 DAYS) SHOULD BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITH A TEMPORARY GRASS COVER ONCE THE STOCKPILE IS PLACED (TYPICALLY WITHIN 14 DAYS). USE OF MULCH ONLY OR A SOIL BINDER IS ACCEPTABLE IF THE STOCKPILE WILL BE IN PLACE FOR A MORE LIMITED TIME PERIOD (TYPICALLY 30-60 DAYS).

4. FOR TEMPORARY STOCKPILES ON THE INTERIOR PORTION OF A CONSTRUCTION SITE, WHERE OTHER DOWNGRADIENT CONTROLS, INCLUDING PERIMETER CONTROL, ARE IN PLACE, STOCKPILE PERIMETER CONTROLS MAY NOT BE REQUIRED.

STOCKPILE PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

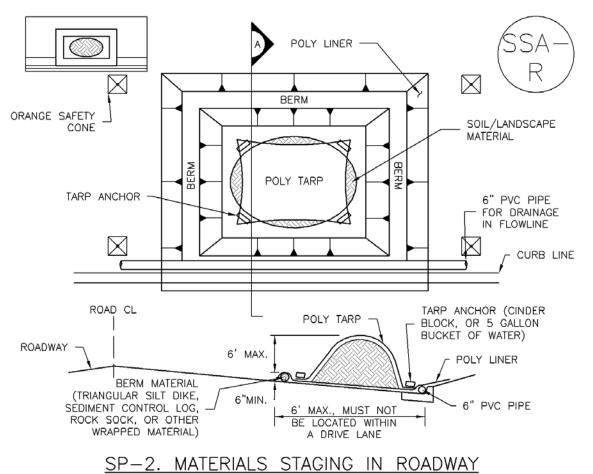
3. WHERE BMPS HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

STOCKPILE PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

4. IF PERIMETER PROTECTION MUST BE MOVED TO ACCESS SOIL STOCKPILE, REPLACE PERIMETER CONTROLS BY THE END OF THE WORKDAY.

5. STOCKPILE PERIMETER CONTROLS CAN BE REMOVED ONCE ALL THE MATERIAL FROM THE STOCKPILE HAS BEEN USED.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM PARKER, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)



MATERIALS STAGING IN ROADWAYS INSTALLATION NOTES

- 1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR
 - -LOCATION OF MATERIAL STAGING AREA(S).

-CONTRACTOR MAY ADJUST LOCATION AND SIZE OF STAGING AREA WITH APPROVAL FROM THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

2. FEATURE MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO EXCAVATION, EARTHWORK OR DELIVERY OF MATERIALS.

3. MATERIALS MUST BE STATIONED ON THE POLY LINER. ANY INCIDENTAL MATERIALS DEPOSITED ON PAVED SECTION OR ALONG CURB LINE MUST BE CLEANED UP PROMPTLY.

4. POLY LINER AND TARP COVER SHOULD BE OF SIGNIFICANT THICKNESS TO PREVENT DAMAGE OR LOSS OF INTEGRITY.

5. SAND BAGS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED TO ANCHOR THE COVER TARP OR PROVIDE BERMING UNDER THE BASE LINER.

6. FEATURE IS NOT INTENDED FOR USE WITH WET MATERIAL THAT WILL BE DRAINING AND/OR SPREADING OUT ON THE POLY LINER OR FOR DEMOLITION MATERIALS.

7. THIS FEATURE CAN BE USED FOR:

-UTILITY REPAIRS.

-WHEN OTHER STAGING LOCATIONS AND OPTIONS ARE LIMITED.

-OTHER LIMITED APPLICATION AND SHORT DURATION STAGING.

MATERIALS STAGING IN ROADWAY MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

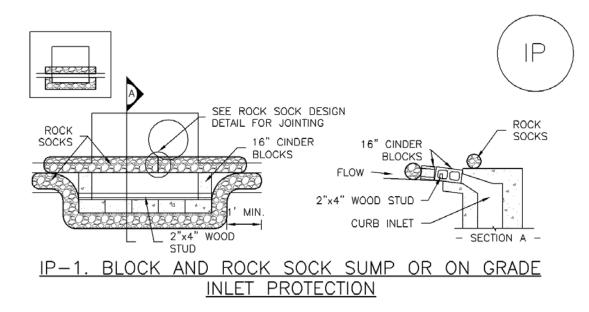
3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. INSPECT PVC PIPE ALONG CURB LINE FOR CLOGGING AND DEBRIS. REMOVE OBSTRUCTIONS PROMPTLY.

5. CLEAN MATERIAL FROM PAVED SURFACES BY SWEEPING OR VACUUMING.

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM AURORA, COLORADO)

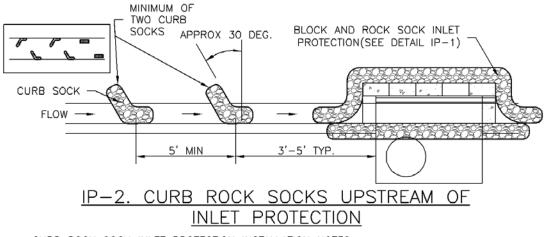


BLOCK AND CURB SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

2. CONCRETE "CINDER" BLOCKS SHALL BE LAID ON THEIR SIDES AROUND THE INLET IN A SINGLE ROW, ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER WITH THE OPEN END FACING AWAY FROM THE CURB.

3. GRAVEL BAGS SHALL BE PLACED AROUND CONCRETE BLOCKS, CLOSELY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER AND JOINTED TOGETHER IN ACCORDANCE WITH ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL.

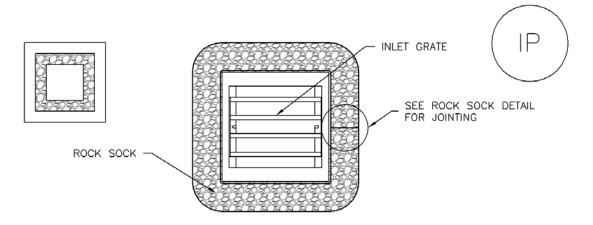


CURB ROCK SOCK INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

2. PLACEMENT OF THE SOCK SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 30 DEGREES FROM PERPENDICULAR IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF FLOW.

- 3. SOCKS ARE TO BE FLUSH WITH THE CURB AND SPACED A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET APART.
- 4. AT LEAST TWO CURB SOCKS IN SERIES ARE REQUIRED UPSTREAM OF ON-GRADE INLETS.

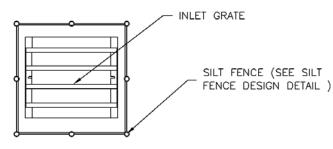


IP-3. ROCK SOCK SUMP/AREA INLET PROTECTION

ROCK SOCK SUMP/AREA INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES 1. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

2. STRAW WATTLES/SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF ROCK SOCKS FOR INLETS IN PERVIOUS AREAS. INSTALL PER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG DETAIL.





IP-4. SILT FENCE FOR SUMP INLET PROTECTION

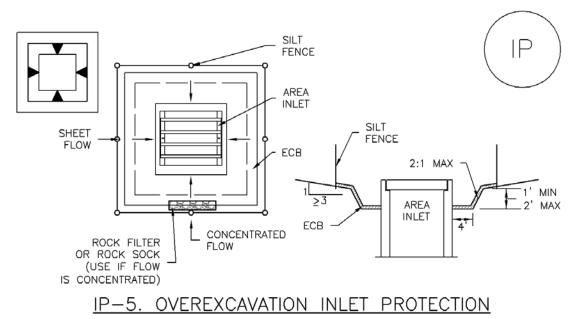
SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE SILT FENCE DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

2. POSTS SHALL BE PLACED AT EACH CORNER OF THE INLET AND AROUND THE EDGES AT A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 3 FEET.

3. STRAW WATTLES/SEDIMENT CONTROL LOGS MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF SILT FENCE FOR INLETS IN PERVIOUS AREAS. INSTALL PER SEDIMENT CONTROL LOG DETAIL.



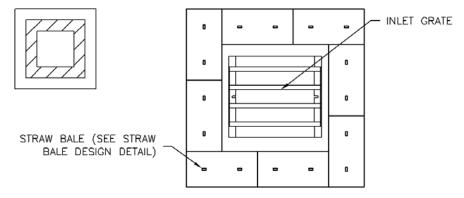


OVEREXCAVATION INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. THIS FORM OF INLET PROTECTION IS PRIMARILY APPLICABLE FOR SITES THAT HAVE NOT YET REACHED FINAL GRADE AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY FOR INLETS WITH A RELATIVELY SMALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA.

2. WHEN USING FOR CONCENTRATED FLOWS, SHAPE BASIN IN 2:1 RATIO WITH LENGTH ORIENTED TOWARDS DIRECTION OF FLOW.

3. SEDIMENT MUST BE PERIODICALLY REMOVED FROM THE OVEREXCAVATED AREA.

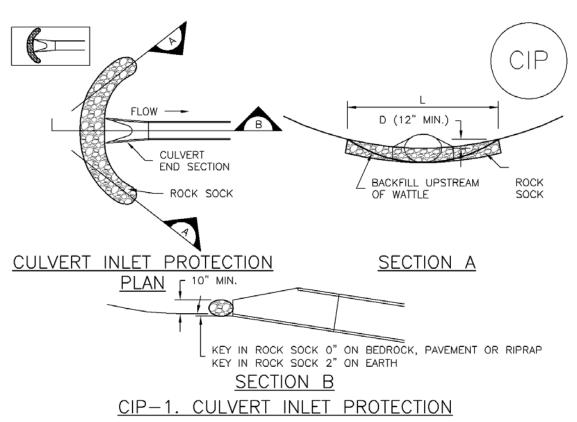


IP-6. STRAW BALE FOR SUMP INLET PROTECTION

STRAW BALE BARRIER INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE STRAW BALE DESIGN DETAIL FOR INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

2. BALES SHALL BE PLACED IN A SINGLE ROW AROUND THE INLET WITH ENDS OF BALES TIGHTLY ABUTTING ONE ANOTHER.



CULVERT INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR

-LOCATION OF CULVERT INLET PROTECTION.

2. SEE ROCK SOCK DESIGN DETAIL FOR ROCK GRADATION REQUIREMENTS AND JOINTING DETAIL.

CULVERT INLET PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

3. WHERE BMPS HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF THE CULVERT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THE SEDIMENT DEPTH IS $\frac{1}{2}$ THE HEIGHT OF THE ROCK SOCK.

5. CULVERT INLET PROTECTION SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAILS ADAPTED FROM AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

GENERAL INLET PROTECTION INSTALLATION NOTES

1. SEE PLAN VIEW FOR: -LOCATION OF INLET PROTECTION. -TYPE OF INLET PROTECTION (IP.1, IP.2, IP.3, IP.4, IP.5, IP.6)

2. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED PROMPTLY AFTER INLET CONSTRUCTION OR PAVING IS COMPLETE (TYPICALLY WITHIN 48 HOURS). IF A RAINFALL/RUNOFF EVENT IS FORECAST, INSTALL INLET PROTECTION PRIOR TO ONSET OF EVENT.

3. MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

INLET PROTECTION MAINTENANCE NOTES

1. INSPECT BMPs EACH WORKDAY, AND MAINTAIN THEM IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. MAINTENANCE OF BMPs SHOULD BE PROACTIVE, NOT REACTIVE. INSPECT BMPs AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (AND ALWAYS WITHIN 24 HOURS) FOLLOWING A STORM THAT CAUSES SURFACE EROSION, AND PERFORM NECESSARY MAINTENANCE.

2. FREQUENT OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ARE NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMPs IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION. INSPECTIONS AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE DOCUMENTED THOROUGHLY.

3. WHERE BMPs HAVE FAILED, REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SHOULD BE INITIATED UPON DISCOVERY OF THE FAILURE.

4. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED UPSTREAM OF INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE REMOVED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN BMP EFFECTIVENESS, TYPICALLY WHEN STORAGE VOLUME REACHES 50% OF CAPACITY, A DEPTH OF 6" WHEN SILT FENCE IS USED, OR ¼ OF THE HEIGHT FOR STRAW BALES.

5. INLET PROTECTION IS TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE UPSTREAM DISTURBED AREA IS PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, UNLESS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION APPROVES EARLIER REMOVAL OF INLET PROTECTION IN STREETS.

6. WHEN INLET PROTECTION AT AREA INLETS IS REMOVED, THE DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE COVERED WITH TOP SOIL, SEEDED AND MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE STABILIZED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(DETAIL ADAPTED FROM TOWN OF PARKER, COLORADO AND CITY OF AURORA, COLORADO, NOT AVAILABLE IN AUTOCAD)

NOTE: MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE BMP DETAILS THAT VARY FROM UDFCD STANDARD DETAILS. CONSULT WITH LOCAL JURISDICTIONS AS TO WHICH DETAIL SHOULD BE USED WHEN DIFFERENCES ARE NOTED.

NOTE: THE DETAILS INCLUDED WITH THIS FACT SHEET SHOW COMMONLY USED, CONVENTIONAL METHODS OF INLET PROTECTION IN THE DENVER METROPOLITAN AREA. THERE ARE MANY PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION METHODS ON THE MARKET. UDFCD NEITHER ENDORSES NOR DISCOURAGES USE OF PROPRIETARY INLET PROTECTION; HOWEVER, IN THE EVENT PROPRIETARY METHODS ARE USED, THE APPROPRIATE DETAIL FROM THE MANUFACTURER MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMP AND THE BMP MUST BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AS SHOWN IN THE MANUFACTURER'S DETAILS.

NOTE: SOME MUNICIPALITIES DISCOURAGE OR PROHIBIT THE USE OF STRAW BALES FOR INLET PROTECTION. CHECK WITH LOCAL JURISDICTION TO DETERMINE IF STRAW BALE INLET PROTECTION IS ACCEPTABLE.

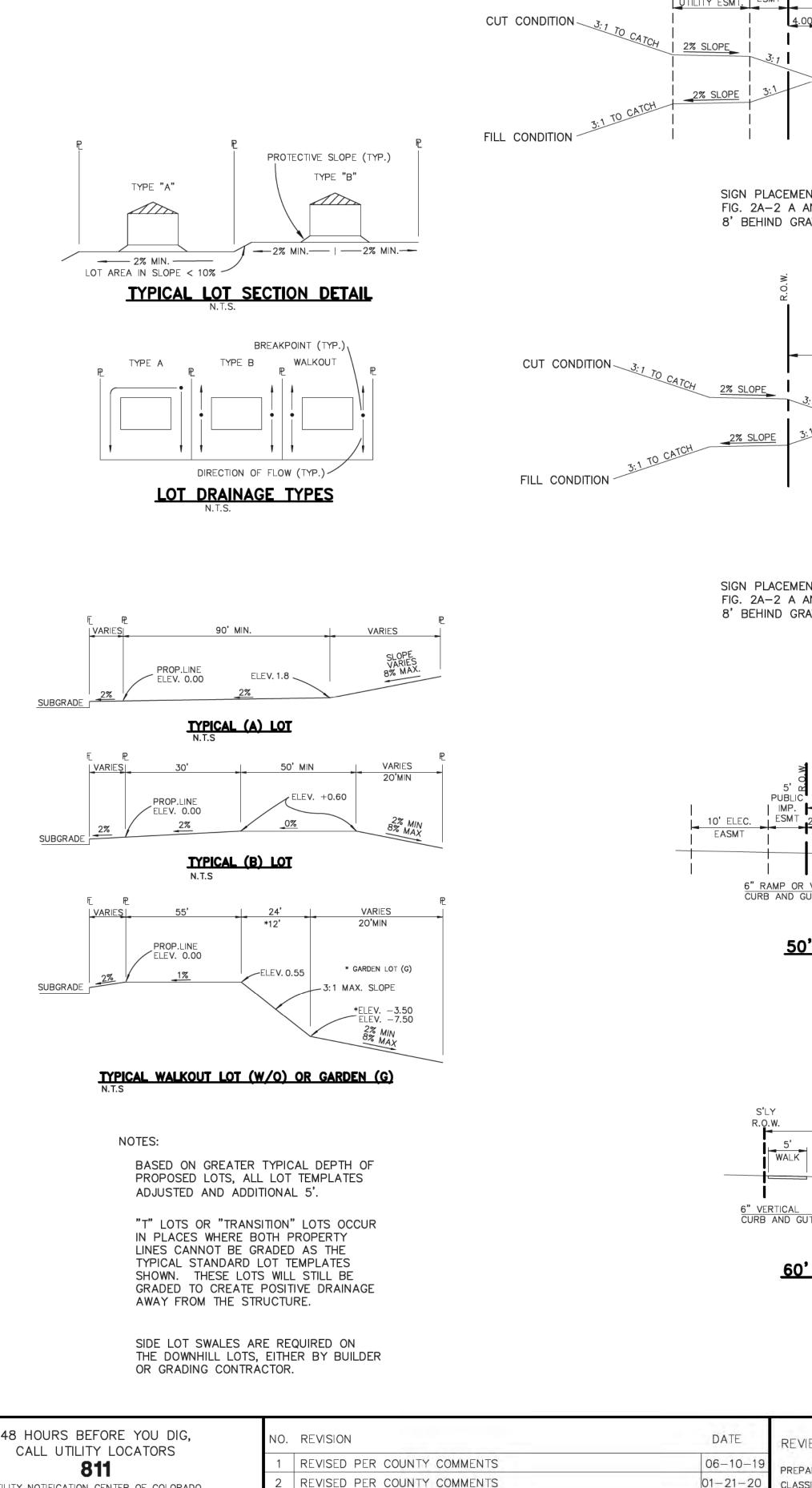
SITE MAP/ GRADING, EROSION CONTROL PLAN



STANDARD NOTES FOR EL PASO COUNTY GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS:

- STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM CONSTRUCTION SITES SHALL NOT CAUSE OR THREATEN TO CAUSE POLLUTION, CONTAMINATION, OR DEGRADATION OF STATE WATERS. ALL WORK AND EARTH DISTURBANCE SHALL BE DONE IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES POLLUTION OF ANY ON-SITE OR OFF-SITE WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS.
- NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING DEPICTED IN THESE PLANS IN WORDS OR GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION, ALL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO ROADS, STORM DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE RELEVANT ADOPTED EL PASO COUNTY STANDARDS, INCLUDING THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, THE ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL, THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, AND THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME 2. ANY DEVIATIONS TO REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS MUST BE REQUESTED, AND APPROVED, IN WRITING.
- 3. A SEPARATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP) FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE COMPLETED AND AN EROSION AND STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PERMIT (ESQCP) ISSUED PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. DURING CONSTRUCTION THE SWMP IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DESIGNATED QUALIFIED STORMWATER MANAGER OR CERTIFIED EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR AND SHALL BE LOCATED ON SITE AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE KEPT UP TO DATE WITH WORK PROGRESS AND CHANGES IN THE FIELD.
- 4. ONCE THE ESQCP IS APPROVED AND A (NOTICE TO PROCEED" HAS BEEN ISSUED, THE CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL THE INITIAL STAGE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS INDICATED ON THE APPROVED GEC. A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, AND EL PASO COUNTY WILL BE HELD PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT TO COORDINATE THE MEETING TIME AND PLACE WITH COUNTY STAFF.
- CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ACTIVITIES THAT MAY CONTRIBUTE POLLUTANTS TO STORMWATER. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL SLOPES, CHANNELS, DITCHES, OR ANY DISTURBED LAND AREA SHALL BE COMPLETED IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF THE DISTURBANCE.
- 6. ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND REMAIN IN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION UNTIL PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED AND FINAL STABILIZATION IS ESTABLISHED ALL PERSONS ENGAGED IN LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL ASSESS THE ADEQUACY OF CONTROL MEASURES AT THE SITE AND IDENTIFY IF CHANGES TO THOSE CONTROL MEASURES IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THE CONTINUED EFFECTIVE PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTROL MEASURES. ALL CHANGES TO TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INCORPORATED INTO THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN.
- TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED ON DISTURBED AREAS AND STOCKPILES WHERE GROUND DISTURBING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS PERMANENTLY CEASED OR TEMPORARILY CEASED FOR LONGER THAN 14 DAYS.
- 8. FINAL STABILIZATION MUST BE IMPLEMENTED AT ALL APPLICABLE CONSTRUCTION SITES. FINAL STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED WHEN ALL GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS EITHER HAVE A UNIFORM VEGETATIVE COVER WITH INDIVIDUAL PLAN DENSITY OF 70 PERCENT OF PRE-DISTURBANCE LEVELS ESTABLISHED OR EQUIVALENT PERMANENT ALTERNATIVE STABILIZATION METHOD IS IMPLEMENTED. ALL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED UPON FINAL STABILIZATION AND BEFORE PERMIT CLOSURE.
- ALL PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS DEFINED IN THE APPROVED PLANS. ANY PROPOSED CHANGES THAT EFFECT THE HYDROLOGY OR HYDRAULICS OS A PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ECM ADMINISTRATOR PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.
- 10. EARTH DISTURBANCES SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER SO AS TO EFFECTIVELY MINIMIZE ACCELERATED SOIL EROSION AND RESULTING SEDIMENTATION. ALL DISTURBANCES SHALL BE DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED, AND COMPLETED SO THAT THE EXPOSED AREA OF ANY DISTURBED LAND SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE SHORTEST PRACTICAL PERIOD OF TIME. PRE-EXISTING VEGETATION SHALL BE PROTECTED AND MAINTAINED WITHIN 50 HORIZONTAL FEET OF A WATERS OF THE STATE, UNLESS SHOWN TO BE INFEASIBLE AND SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED AND APPROVED.
- 11. COMPACTION OF SOIL MUST BE PREVENTED IN AREAS DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION CONTROL MEASURES OR WHERE FINAL STABILIZATION WILL BE ACHIEVED BY VEGETATIVE COVER. AREAS DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL ALSO BE PROTECTED FROM SEDIMENTATION DURING CONSTRUCTION UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED. IF COMPACTION PREVENTION IS NOT FEASIBLE DUE TO SITE CONSTRAINTS, ALL AREAS DESIGNATED FOR INFILTRATION AND VEGETATION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE LOOSENED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE CONTROL MEASURE(S)
- 12. ANY TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT FACILITY DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF STORMWATER AROUND, THROUGH, OR FROM THE EARTH DISTURBANCE AREA SHALL BE A STABILIZED CONVEYANCE DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND THE DISCHARGE OF SEDIMENT OFF SITE.
- 13. CONCRETE WASH WATER SHALL BE CONTAINED AND DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SWMP. NO WASH WATER SHALL BE DISCHARGED TO OR ALLOWED TO RUNOFF TO STATE WATERS, INCLUDING ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR FACILITIES. CONCRETE WASHOUTS SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WHERE SHALLOW GROUNDWATER MAY BE PRESENT, OR WITHIN 50 FEET OF A SURFACE WATER BODY, CREEK OR STREAM.
- 14. DURING DEWATERING OPERATIONS: UNCONTAMINATED GROUND WATER MAY BE DISCHARGED ON SITE, BUT SHALL NOT LEAVE THE SITE IN THE FORM OF SURFACE RUNOFF UNLESS AN APPROVED STATE DEWATERING PERMIT IS IN PLACE ...
- 15. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETING OR OTHER PROTECTIVE COVERING SHALL BE USED ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1. 16. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL WASTES FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FOR DISPOSAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL AND STATE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS. NO CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, TREE SLASH, BUILDING MATERIAL WASTES OR UNUSED BUILDING MATERIALS SHALL BE BURIED, DUMPED OR DISCHAGED AT THE SITE.
- 17. WASTE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE TEMPORARILY PLACED IN THE STREET, ALLEY OR OTHER PUBLIC WAY, UNLESS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN. CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED BY EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING IF DEEMED NECESSARY, BASED ON SPECIFIC CONDITIONS AND CIRCUMSTANCES.
- 18. TRACKING OF SOILS AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS OFF-SITE SHALL BE MINIMIZED. MATERIALS TRACKED OFFSITE SHALL BE CLEANED UP AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IMMEDIATELY.
- 19. THE OWNER/DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, DIRT, TRASH, ROCK, SEDIMENT, SOIL AND SAND THAT MAY ACCUMULATE IN ROADS, STORM DRAINS AND OTHER DRAINAGE CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS AND STORMWATER APPURTENANCES AS A RESULT OF SITE DEVELOPMENT.
- 20. THE QUANTITY OF MATERIALS STORED ON THE PROJECT SITE SHALL BE LIMITED, AS MUCH AS PRACTICAL, TO THAT QUANTITY REQUIRED TO PERFORM THE WORK IN AN ORDERLY SEQUENCE. ALL MATERIALS STORED ON-SITE SHALL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER, IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS, WITH ORIGINAL MANUFACTURER'S LABELS.
- 21. NO CHEMICAL(S) HAVING THE POTENTIAL TO BE RELEASED IN STORMWATER ARE TO BE STORED OR USED ONSITE UNLESS PERMISSION FOR THE USE OF A SPECIFIC CHEMICAL(S) IS GRANTED IN WRITING BY THE ECM ADMINISTRATOR. IN GRANTING APPROVAL FOR THE USE OF SUCH CHEMICAL(S), SPECIAL CONDITIONS AND MONITORING MAY BE REQUIRED.
- 22. BULK STORAGE OF ALLOWED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS OR OTHER LIQUID CHEMICALS IN AXCESS OF 55 GALLONS SHALL REQUIRE ADEQUATE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT PROTECTION TO CONTAIN ALL SPILLS ONSITE AND TO PREVENT ANY SPILLED MATERIALS FROM ENTERING STATE WATERS, ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR FACILITIES.
- 23. NO PERSON SHALL CAUSE THE IMPEDIMENT OF STORMWATER FLOW IN THE CURB AND GUTTER OR DITCH EXCEPT WITH APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.
- 24. OWNER/DEVELOPER AND THEIR AGENTS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE "COLORADO WATER QUALITY CONTROL ACT" (TITLE 25, ARTICLE 8, CRS), AND THE "CLEAN WATER ACT" (33 USC 1344), IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, DCM VOLUME II AND THE ECM APPENDIX I. ALL APPROPRIATE PERMITS MUST BE OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION (1041, NPDES, FLOODPLAIN, 404, FUGITIVE DUST, ETC.). IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICTS BETWEEN THESE REQUIREMENTS AND LAWS, RULES, OR REGULATIONS OF OTHER FEDERAL, STATE, OR COUNTY AGENCIES, THE MORE RESTRICTIVE LAWS, RULES, OR REGULATIONS SHALL APPLY.
- 25. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER/EXIT THE SITE AT APPROVED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS.
- 26. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION THE PERMITEE SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES.
- 27. A WATER SOURCE SHALL BE AVAILABLE ON SITE DURING EARTHWORK OPERATIONS AND UTILIZED AS REQUIRED TO MINIMIZE DUST FROM EARTHWORK EQUIPMENT AND WIND.
- 28. THE SOILS REPORTS FOR THIS SITE HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC. TITLED "SOIL, GEOLOGY, GEOLOGIC HAZARD AND WASTEWATER STUDY THE RETREAT AT TIMBER RIDGE VOLLMER ROAD AND ARROYA LANE", DATED APRIL 12, 2017, REVISED DECEMBER 1, 2017 AND "SUBSURFACE SOIL INVESTIGATION RETREAT AT TIMBERRIDGE, FILING NO. 1 POCO ROAD SAND CREEK CROSSING, DROP STRUCTURES AND DETENTION PONDS" DATED AUGUST 8, 2019. THESE REPORTS SHALL BE CONSIDERED A PART OF THESE PLANS.
- 29. AT LEAST TEN (10) DAYS PRIOR TO THE ANTICIPATED START OF CONSTRUCTION, FOR PROJECTS THAT WILL DISTURB ONE (1) ACRE OR MORE, THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL SUBMIT A PERMIT APPLICATION FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGE TO THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, WATER QUALITY DIVISION. THE APPLICATION CONTAINS CERTIFICATION OF COMPLETION OF A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), OF WHICH THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN MAY BE A PART. FOR INFORMATION OR APPLICATION MATERIALS CONTACT:

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT WATER QUALITY CONTROL DIVISION WOCD - PERMITS 4300 CHERRY CREEK DRIVE SOUTH DENVER, CO 80246-1530 ATTN: PERMITS UNIT

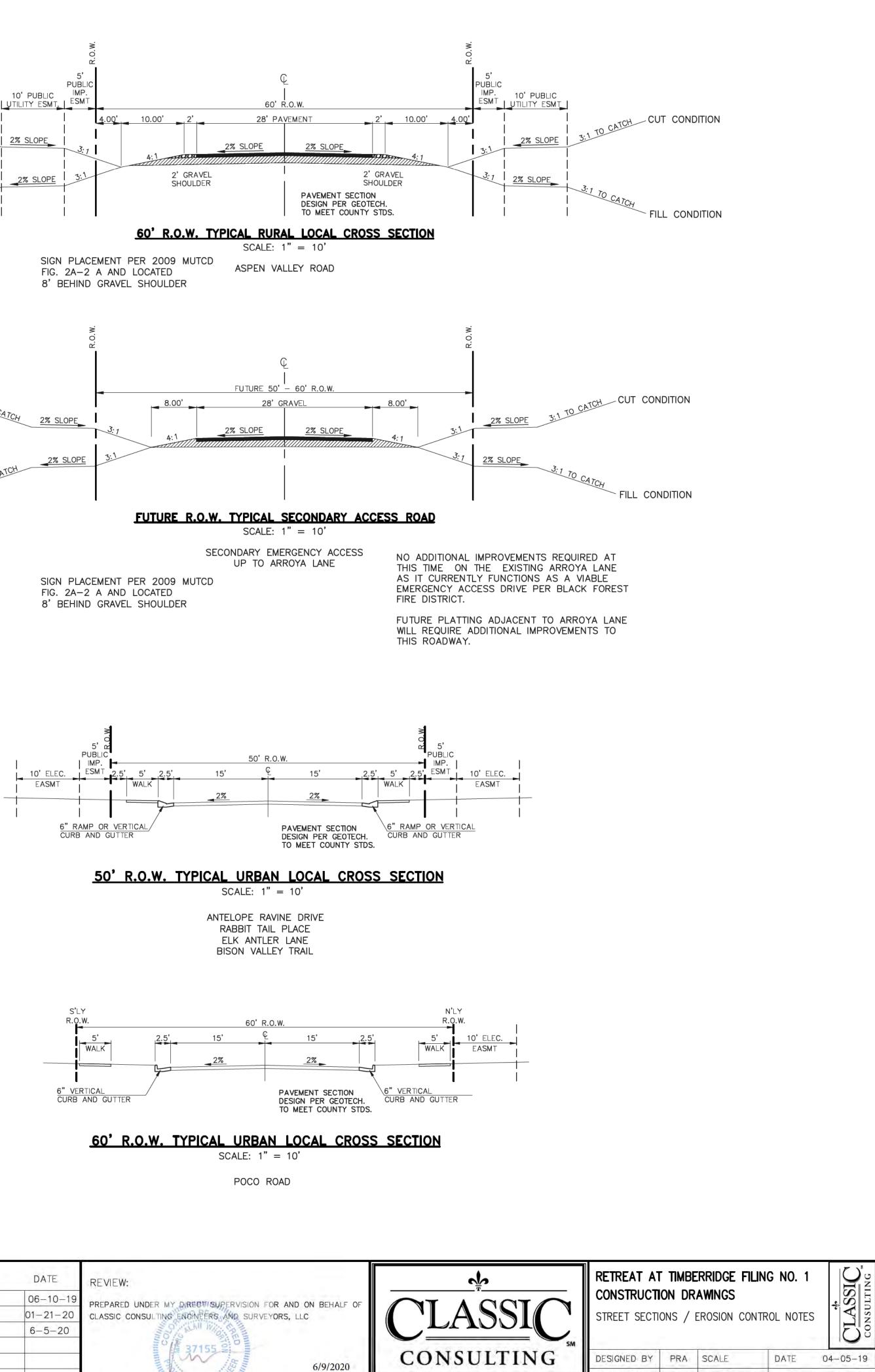


REVIEW: UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO IT'S THE LAW 3 REVISED PER COUNTY COMMENTS 6-5-20 THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHAL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MARC A. WHORTON, COLORADO R.E. #37155 MIGHT BE CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

DATE

19 N. Cascade Avenue, Suite 200

olorado Springs, Colorado 80903



PRA (H) 1"= N/A SHEET 2 OF 35

1185.00

(V) 1"= N/A JOB NO.

DRAWN BY

CHECKED BY

719)785-0790

(719)785-0799(Fax)

<u>LEGEND</u>

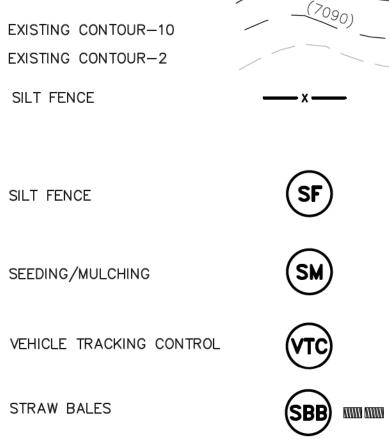
LIMIT OF GRADING

CUT/FILL LINE

SILT FENCE

STRAW BALES

PROPOSED CONTOUR-10 PROPOSED CONTOUR-2 EXISTING CONTOUR-10 EXISTING CONTOUR-2 SILT FENCE



(IP)

ECB

(TSB)

INLET PROTECTION

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN

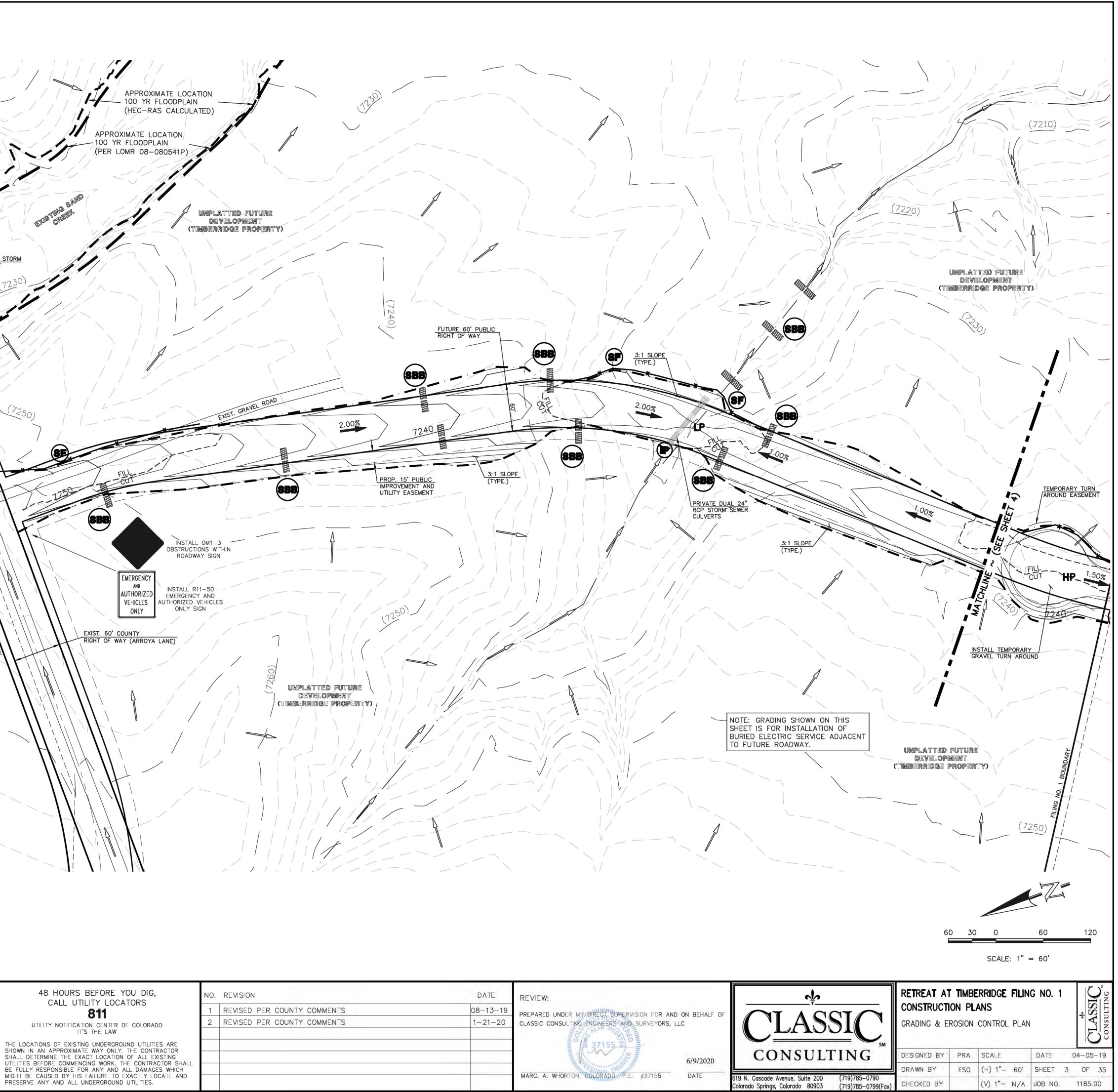
EXIST. DIRECTION OF FLOW % DIRECTION OF FLOW H.P. HIGH POINT LOW POINT L.P A LOT (A) B LOT (B) (W/O) WALKOUT LOT (N) NATURAL LOT (T) TRANSITION LOT (G) GARDEN LOT EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (NORTH AMERICAN GREEN -SC150 OR EQUIVALENT)

TO BE INSTALLED ON ALL 3:1 SLOPES OR GREATER

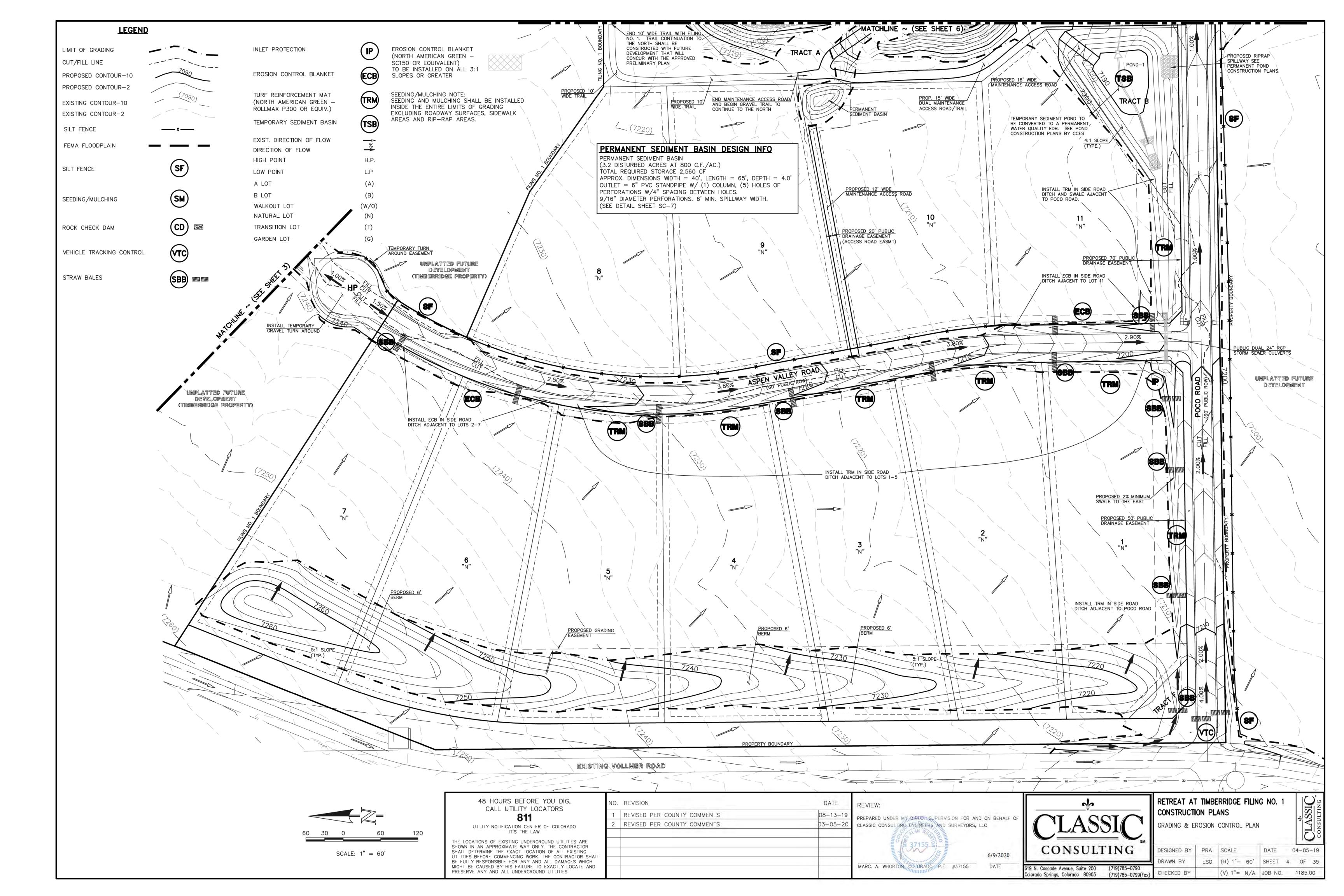
SEEDING/MULCHING NOTE: SEEDING AND MULCHING SHALL BE INSTALLED INSIDE THE ENTIRE LIMITS OF GRADING EXCLUDING ROADWAY SURFACES, SIDEWALK AREAS AND RIP-RAP AREAS.

EX. PUBLIC 18" STORM

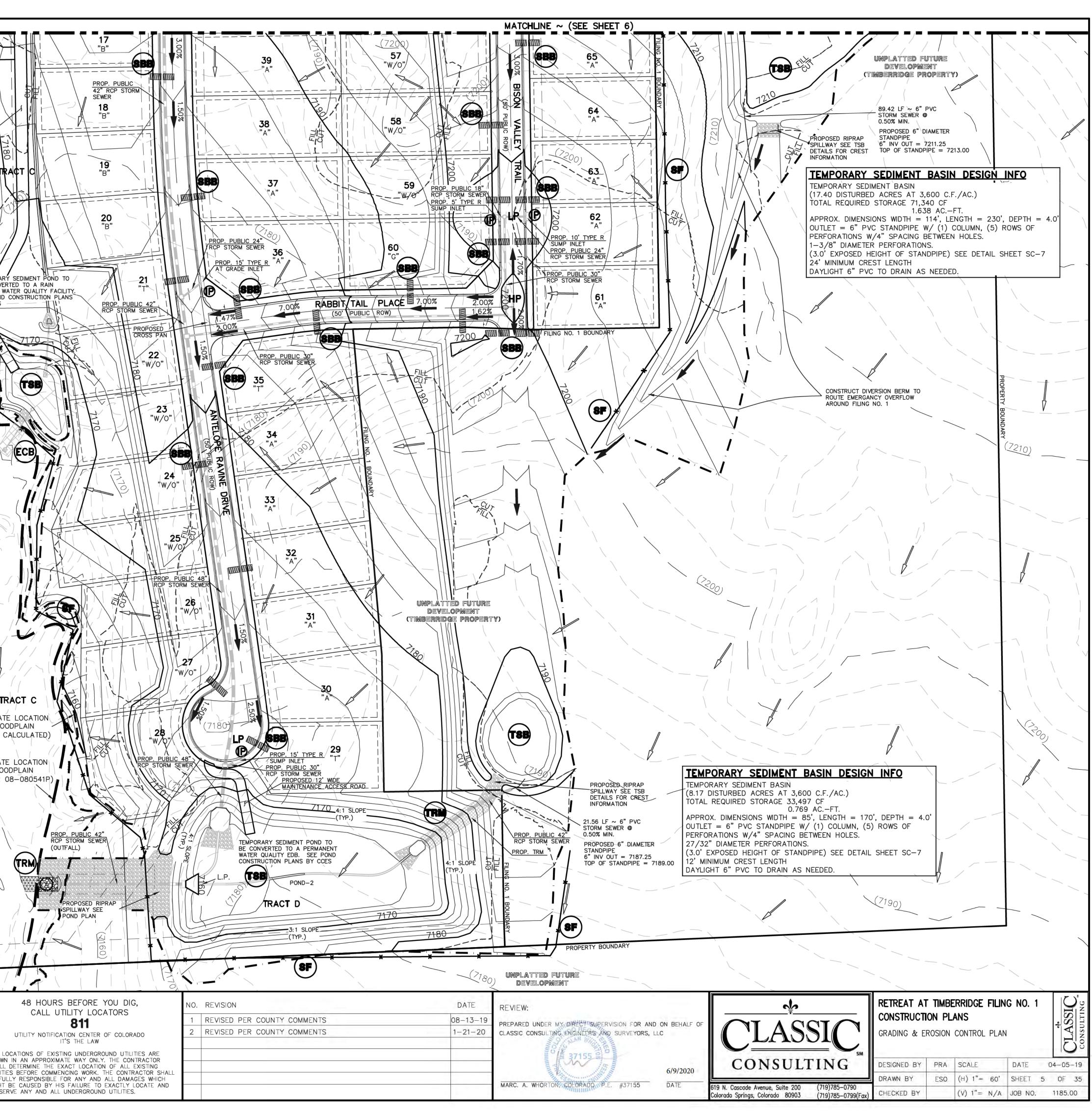
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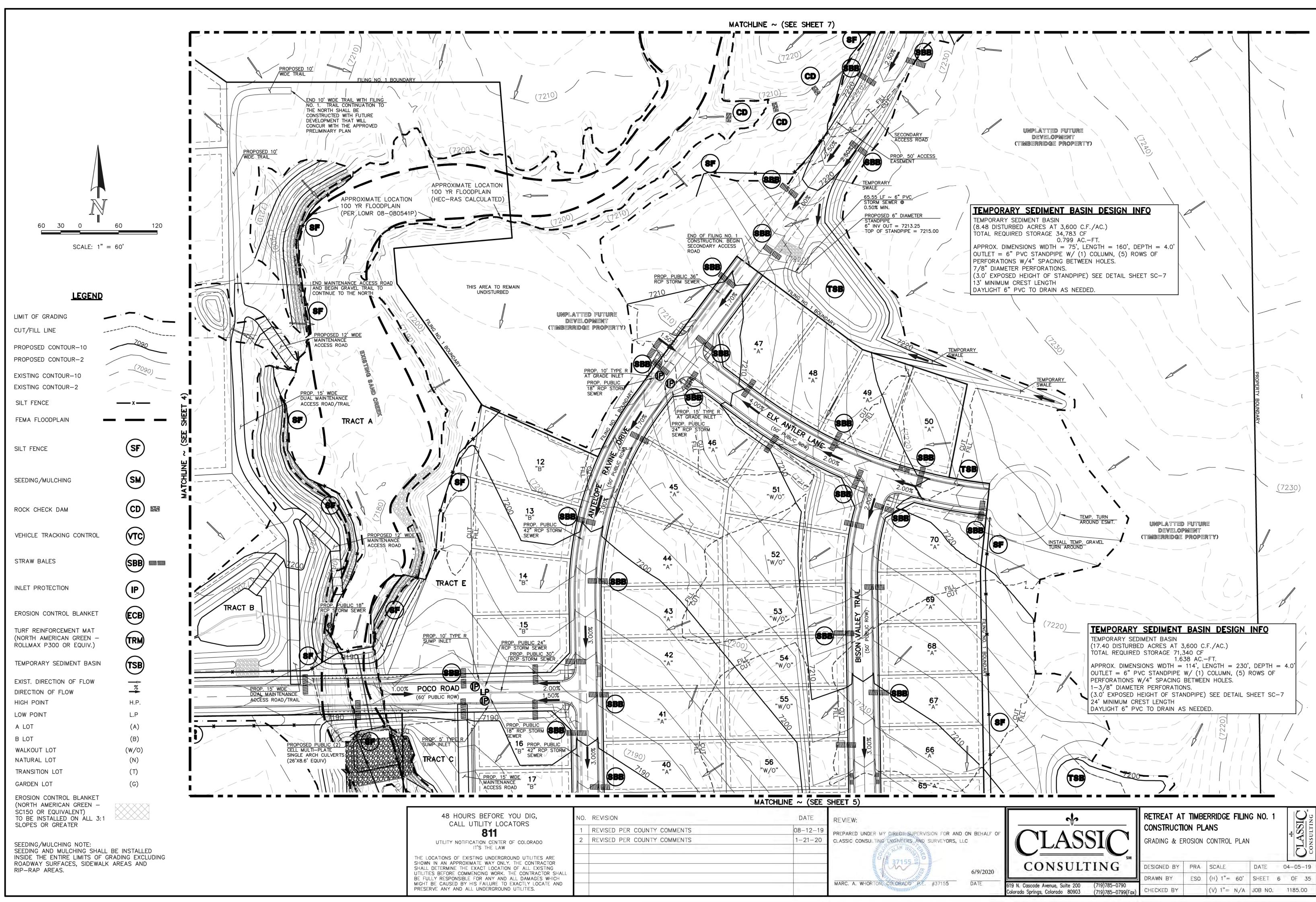


48 HOURS BEFORE YOU DIG,	NO.	REVISION	DATE	REVIEW:
CALL UTILITY LOCATORS 811	1	REVISED PER COUNTY COMMENTS	08-13-19	PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT S
UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO IT'S THE LAW	2	REVISED PER COUNTY COMMENTS	1-21-20	CLASSIC CONSULTING ENGINEERS
ATIONS OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING S BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL Y RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH				MARC A WUODTON 001 00400
E CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND /E ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.				MARC. A. WHORTON, COLORADO



	$\int_{0} \int_{0} \int_{0$	PROP	E ACCESS ROAD	ROAD TEMPORAR BE CONVE GARDENV SEE POND BY CZES
LEGEND		/		APPROXIMAT 100 YR FLO (HEC-RAS (
LIMIT OF GRADING		/		APPROXIMAT
CUT/FILL LINE	 	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	ECB)	100 YR FLOO (PER LOMR
PROPOSED CONTOUR-2	(700	TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT (NORTH AMERICAN GREEN	(TRM)	
EXISTING CONTOUR-10	(7090)	ROLLMAX P300 OR EQUIV.)		$\langle \langle \cdot \rangle \rangle$
SILT FENCE	x	EXIST. DIRECTION OF FLOW		
FEMA FLOODPLAIN		DIRECTION OF FLOW	н.р.	
SILT FENCE	SF	LOW POINT A LOT	, (A)	(7150)
SEEDING/MULCHING	SM	B LOT WALKOUT LOT NATURAL LOT	(B) (W/O) (N)	
ROCK CHECK DAM		TRANSITION LOT GARDEN LOT	(T) — (G)	
VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL	VTC	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (NORTH AMERICAN GREEN – SC150 OR EQUIVALENT) TO BE INSTALLED ON ALL 3:1		
STRAW BALES		SLOPES OR GREATER		THE L
INLET PROTECTION		SEEDING/MULCHING NOTE: SEEDING AND MULCHING SHALL I INSIDE ENTIRE LIMITS OF GRADIN ROADWAY SURFACES, SIDEWALK RIP-RAP AREAS.	G EXCLUDING	SHOW SHALL UTILIT BE FU MIGHT PRESE



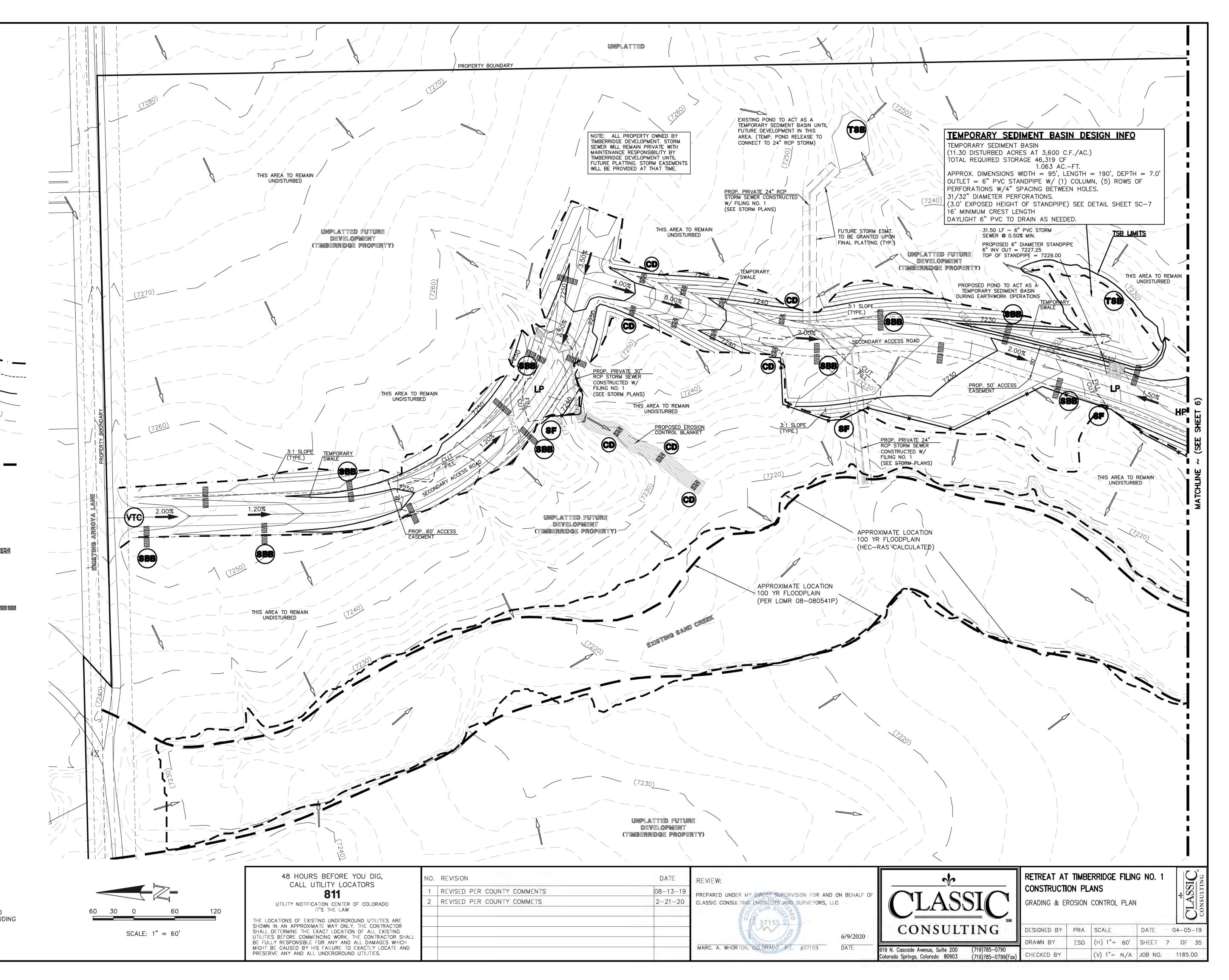


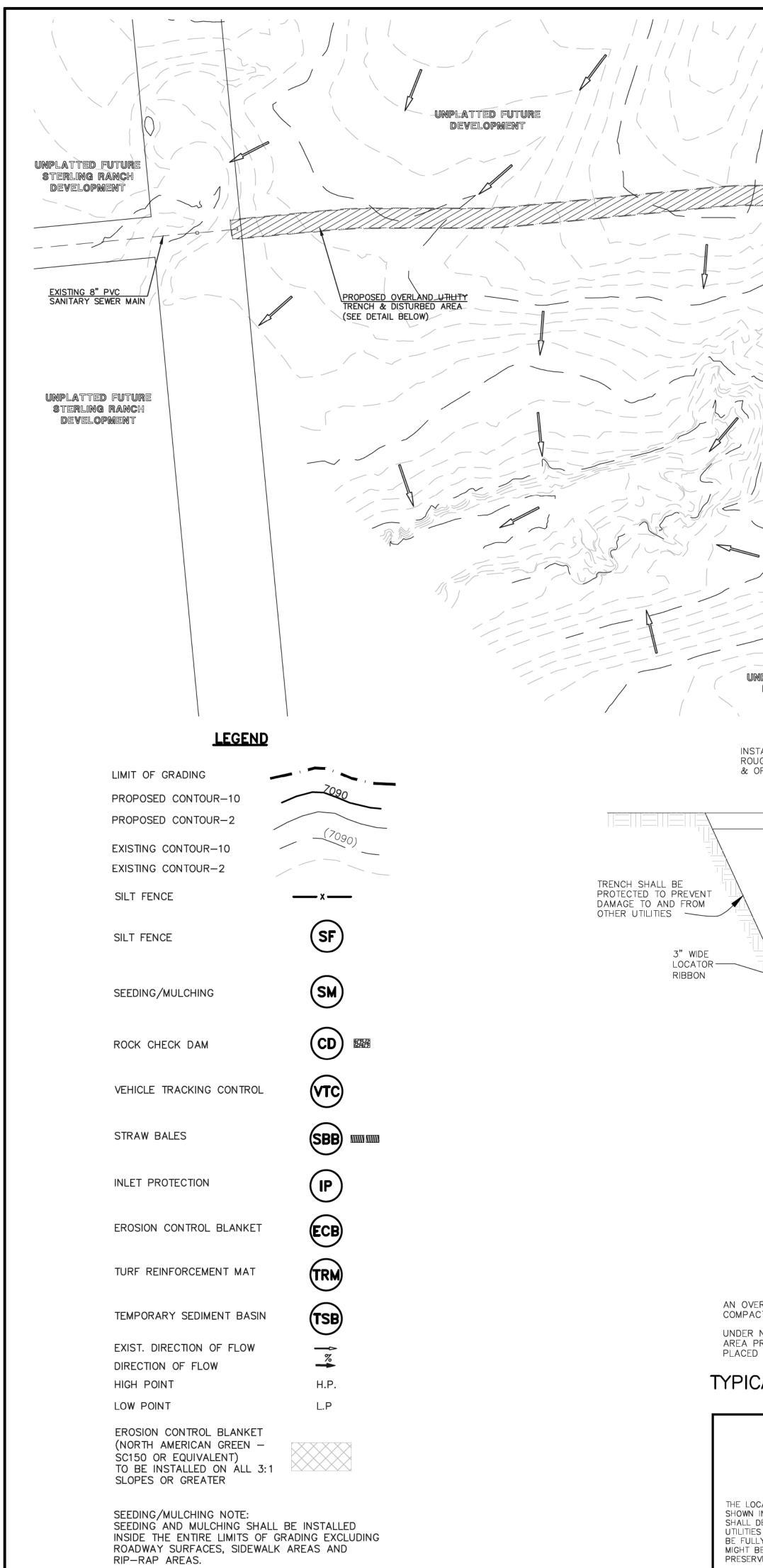
<u>LEGEND</u>

LIMIT OF GRADING	
CUT/FILL LINE	
PROPOSED CONTOUR-10	7090
PROPOSED CONTOUR-2	
	(7090)
EXISTING CONTOUR-10	
EXISTING CONTOUR-2	
SILT FENCE	<u> </u>
FEMA FLOODPLAIN	
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(NORTH AMERICAN GREEN -	(TRM)
ROLLMAX P300 OR EQUIV.)	\bigcirc
TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN	TSB
EXIST. DIRECTION OF FLOW DIRECTION OF FLOW	2
HIGH POINT	H.P.
LOW POINT	L.P
A LOT	(A)
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SEEDING/MULCHING NOTE: SEEDING AND MULCHING SHALL BE INSTALLED INSIDE THE ENTIRE LIMITS OF GRADING EXCLUDING ROADWAY SURFACES, SIDEWALK AREAS AND RIP-RAP AREAS.

SLOPES OR GREATER

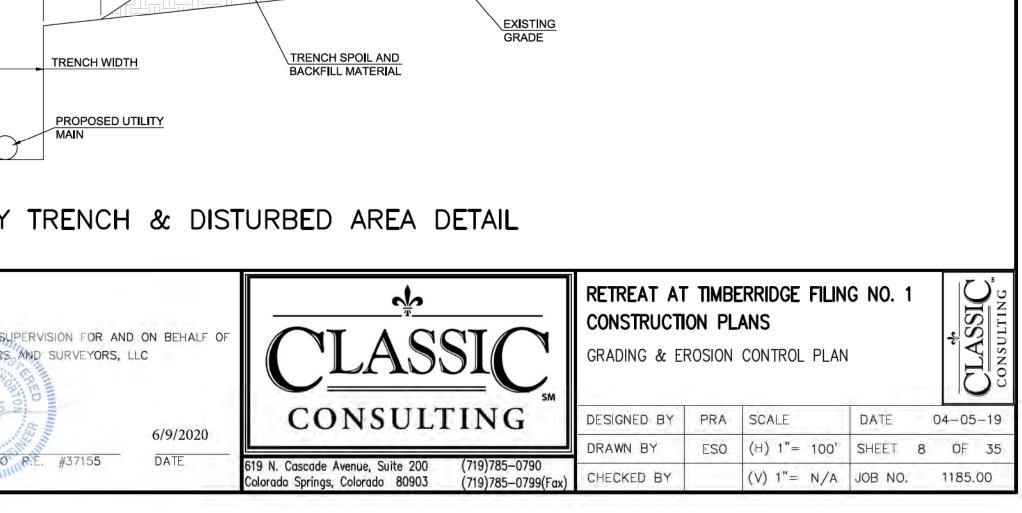




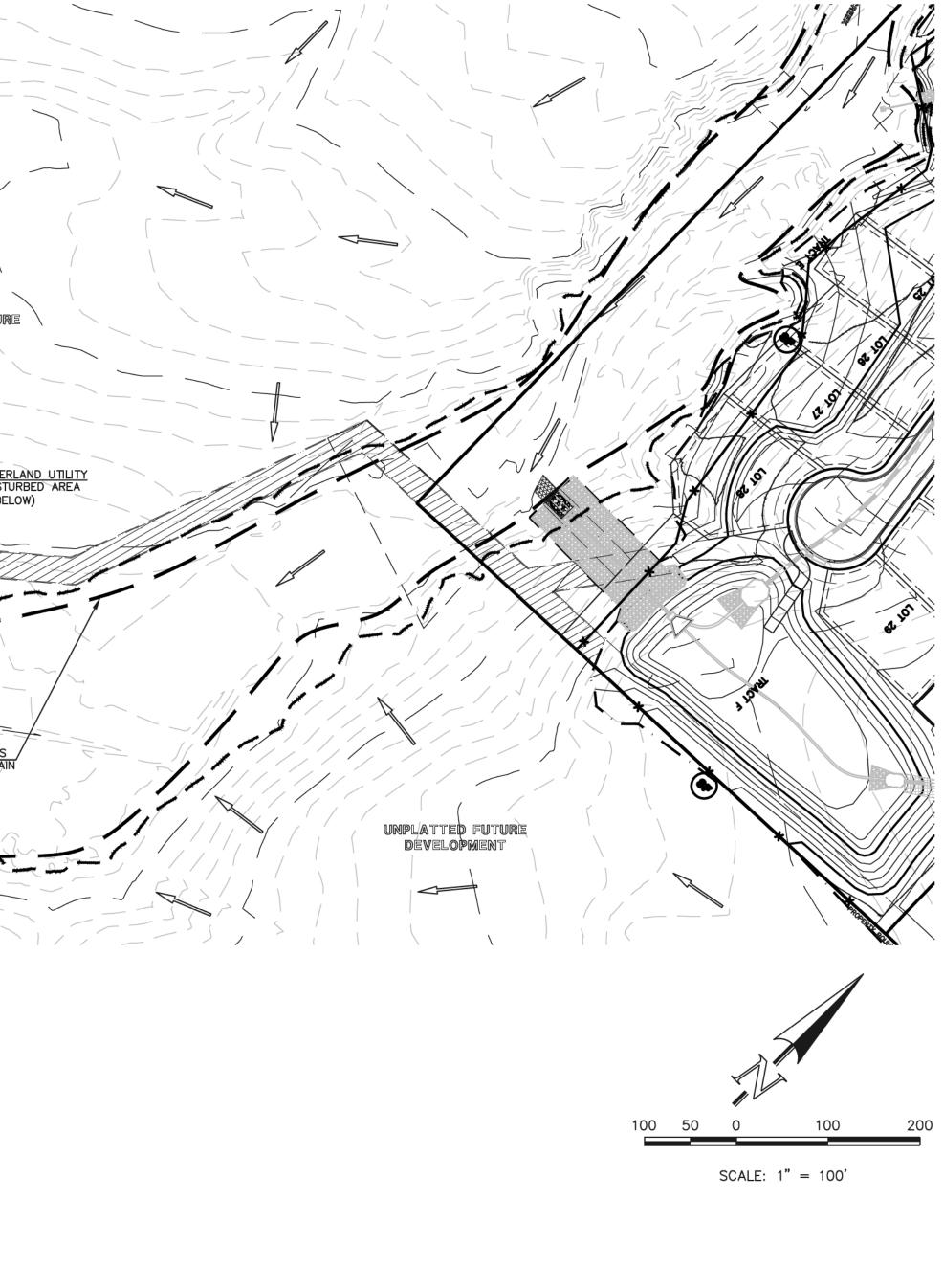
ROADWAY SURFACES, SIDEWALK AREAS AND RIP-RAP AREAS.

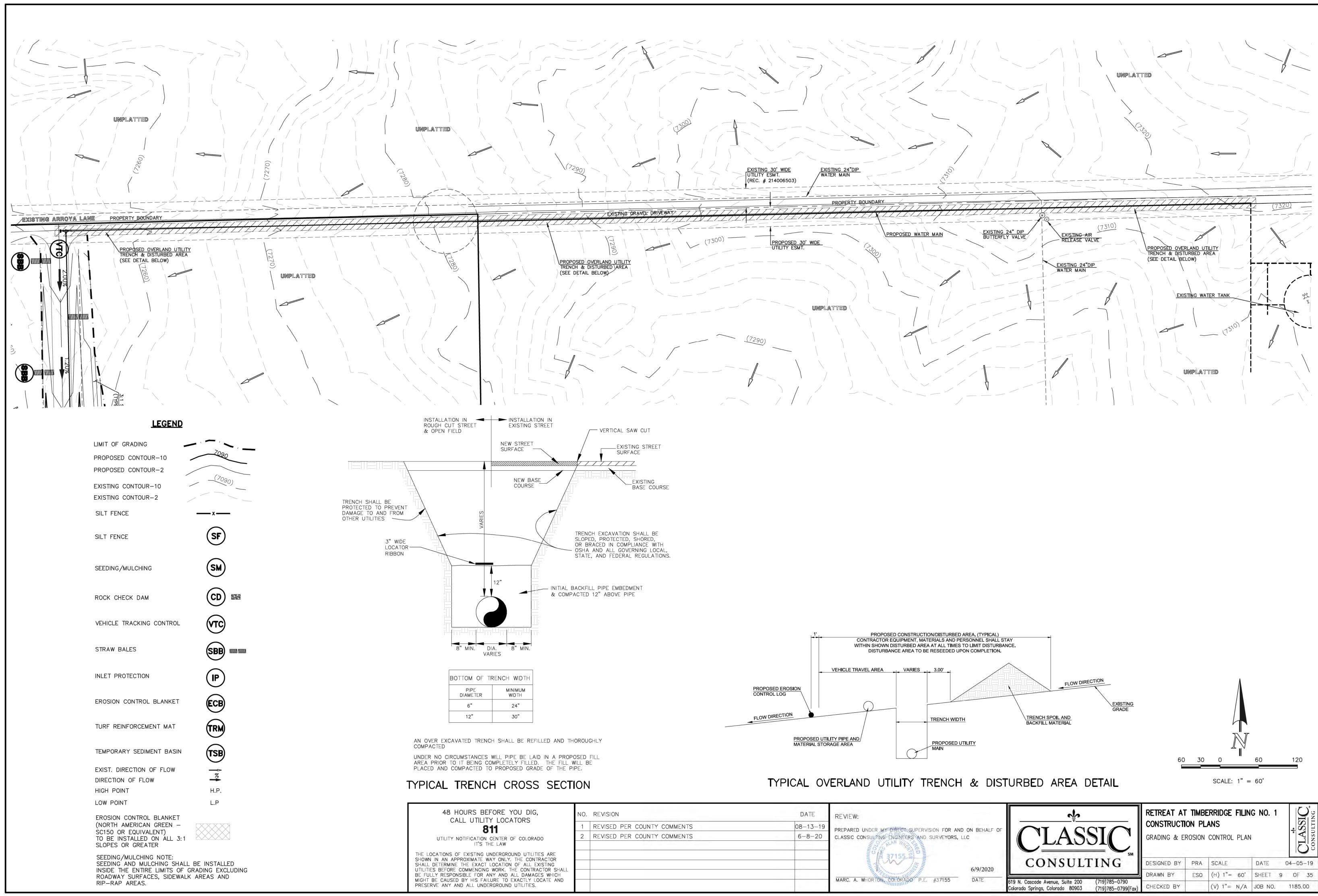
	UNPLATTED FUTURE DEVELOPMENT
PROPOSED OVERLAND UTILITY TRENCH & DISTURBED AREA (SEE DETAIL BELOW)	PROPOSED 8" PVC SANITARY SEWER MAIN PROPOSED OVERLAND UTILITY TRENCH & DISTURBED AREA (SEE DETAIL BELOW)
EX. POND	
	EX. POND APPROXIMATE LIMITS OF 100 YP FLODDPLAIN
NPLATTED FUTURE DEVELOPMENT	
TALLATION IN JGH CUT STREET OPEN FIELD NEW STREET SURFACE SURFACE	
NEW BASE COURSE TRENCH EXCAVATION SHALL BE	
INITIAL BACKFILL PIPE EMBEDMENT & COMPACTED 12" ABOVE PIPE	
a com nonzo nz nzove na z Nonzo nz na z	1' PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION/DISTURBED AREA. (TYPICAL) CONTRACTOR EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS AND PERSONNEL SHALL STAY WITHIN SHOWN DISTURBED AREA AT ALL TIMES TO LIMIT DISTURBANCE. DISTURBANCE AREA TO BE RESEEDED UPON COMPLETION.
BOTTOM OF TRENCH WIDTH PIPE MINIMUM DIAMETER WIDTH 6" 24" 12" 30"	PROPOSED EROSION CONTROL LOG FLOW DIRECTION
ER EXCAVATED TRENCH SHALL BE REFILLED AND THOROUGHLY CTED NO CIRCUMSTANCES WILL PIPE BE LAID IN A PROPOSED FILL PRIOR TO IT BEING COMPLETELY FILLED. THE FILL WILL BE	PROPOSED UTILITY PIPE AND MATERIAL STORAGE AREA PROPOSED UTILITY MAIN
AND COMPACTED TO PROPOSED GRADE OF THE PIPE.	TYPICAL OVERLAND UTILITY TRENCH & DISTUR

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FLOW DIRECTION





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UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF COLORADO IT'S THE LAW	2	REVISED PER COUNTY COMMENTS	6-8-20	CLASSIC CONSULTING ENGINEERS
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