



INNOVATIVE DESIGN. **CLASSIC RESULTS.**

**MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN  
AMENDMENT AND  
PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT  
FOR  
FOREST LAKES (PHASE 2)  
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO**

**November 2018**

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# **MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN AMENDMENT AND PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR FOREST LAKES (PHASE 2)**

## **ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:**

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the El Paso County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

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Kyle R Campbell, Colorado P.E. #29794

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Date

## **DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:**

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

Business Name: Forest Lakes Residential Development, LLC

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: 6385 Corporate Drive, Suite 200

Colorado Springs, CO 80919

## **EL PASO COUNTY ONLY:**

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual and Land Development Code as amended.

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Jennifer Irvine, P.E.

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Date

County Engineer / ECM Administrator



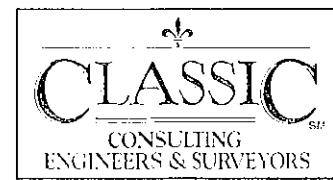
# **MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN AMENDMENT AND PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR FOREST LAKES (PHASE 2)**

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# **MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN AMENDMENT AND PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT FOR FOREST LAKES (PHASE 2)**

## **PURPOSE**

This document is the Master Development Drainage Plan Amendment and Preliminary Drainage Report for Forest Lakes (Phase 2). The purpose of this report is to identify general onsite and offsite drainage patterns, storm sewer corridors and areas tributary to the site, and to safely route developed storm water runoff to adequate treatment and outfall facilities. Based upon the revisions to the Phase 2 site layout. The proposed Phase 2 development shall be in adherence to the El Paso County approved Master Development Drainage Plan for Forest Lakes as well as current County Drainage Criteria.

## **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

The Forest Lakes development is a phased master planned community located in northern El Paso County, Colorado. The master planned land includes areas of open space, residential, trails, drainage, preservation and two water supply reservoirs. The property lies to the east of Pike National Forest, north of the United States Air Force Academy, west of Interstate 25 and south of the Town of Monument. The Forest Lakes property is located in portions of Sections 27, 28, 29 and 33 of Township 11 South, Range 67 West of the Sixth Principal Meridian and covers approximately 900 acres. The proposed amendment area (Phase 2) is the far westerly area east of Filing 1 and is comprised of 287 acres. Watersheds that impact the Phase 2 property include Beaver Creek, Hell Creek and North Beaver Creek. These watersheds are tributary to Monument Creek. Monument Creek itself passes along the eastern boundary of the overall Forest Lakes property in a north to south direction. The purpose of the amended Master Development Drainage Plan analysis is to provide existing and updated developed peak flow data for the 5-year and 100-year recurrence intervals within the Phase 2 portion of the property. This information has been used to develop overall drainage design information and to identify the required storm drainage and flood control facilities within the Phase 2 property. The vicinity map for the Phase 2 Amendment area is presented in the Appendix of this report.

The initial approved Master Development Drainage Plan titled, "Forest Lakes Master Development Drainage Plan", was approved by Kiowa Engineering Corporation and dated April 11, 2002. The following is an excerpt from that report:

"The hydrology analysis for the initially approved Forest Lakes Master Development Drainage Plan was completed in three phases. The first phase is a regional hydrologic analysis. The regional hydrology model uses an elliptical rainfall distribution patterns based upon Hydromet 52. The regional analysis was conducted in order to assess the development's overall impact upon peak



discharges within Monument Creek as it passes in Forest Lakes development. The hydrology development in the Monument Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study (DBPS) was utilized as a basis for the regional analysis. The existing and developed basin hydrologic conditions were analyzed. The second phase was a localized hydrologic analysis that focused upon determining the peak discharges along the major drainageways within the property. For this phase, a Type II storm pattern was assumed over the drainage basins associated with the Forest Lakes development. This analysis was developed in order to provide information in use in modeling floodplains and sizing of major drainageway facilities. The third phase was an on-site developed condition hydrologic analysis, using the Rational Method to determine the peak flows within the property to size and locate on site hydraulic structures.”

For this Phase 2 Amendment, detailed analysis of initial/local systems will be deferred to the future final drainage reports when platting is proposed.

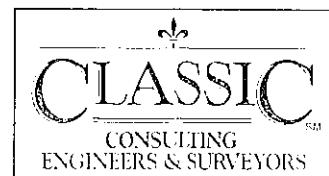
Presented on Exhibit A (reduced scale map from initial MDDP in appendix) is information for the major sub-watershed information that impact the Forest Lakes property, including Hell Creek, Beaver Creek and North Beaver Creek. The sub-watersheds shown on Exhibit A were used in the hydrologic analysis for the regional and localized hydrologic analysis described above. Beaver Creek courses through the center of the Forest Lakes Development from west to east. The most significant feature within the Beaver Creek watershed is Bristlecone Lake and Pinon Lake which are not affected by this Phase 2 Amendment. These lakes and their embankments were constructed in 1986 as water supply reservoirs.

The site is located within the Beaver Creek Drainage Basin.

## PREVIOUS REPORTS

Several studies were reviewed in the preparation of the initial Master Development Drainage Plan and this Phase 2 Amendment. These studies include:

1. Master Plan Level Geologic Hazards Evaluation and Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, Forest Lakes Master Development Plan, prepared by CTL/Thompson, Inc. dated July 31, 2001.
2. Forest Lakes Master Development Drainage Plan, prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation dated April 11, 2002.
3. City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County Flood Insurance Study, prepared by Federal Emergency Management Agency, dated Marcy 1997.



4. City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1, May 2014.
5. Drainage Criteria Manual (Volume 3) latest revision April 2008, Urban Drainage and Flood Criteria District.
6. Baseline Hydrology Study, Monument Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, prepared by CH2M Hill, Inc. and Kiowa Engineering Corporation dated May 1992.
7. Forest Lakes Master Drainage Plan and Phase 1 Drainage Report, prepared by KKBNA, Inc. dated November 1986.
8. Procedures for Determining Peak Flows in Colorado, Incorporates and Supplements Technical Release No. 55, prepared by Soil Conservation Service, dated March 1980.

The Forest Lakes Master Development Drainage Plan (MDDP) dated November 1986, was prepared as a part of the planning for the property which originally began in 1986. This MDDP (1986) was prepared using the City/County drainage criteria that were in affect at the time. Peak flow data was developed for the watersheds that pass through the property. Drainageway improvements, detention basin plans and roadway crossing sizes were developed for the proposed development condition for the initially developed areas.

## **SOILS AND GEOLOGY**

Soils within the watersheds that are tributary to the Forest Lakes property vary between soil types A through D, as identified by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. Soils are classified in hydrologic groups A, B, C, and D according to their infiltration capacity. Type D soils are dominant in the forested areas west of Monument Creek. These soils are generally associated with the Pikes Peak Granite found in the region. This is particularly true for the forested portion of the Beaver Creek watershed. The decomposed granite soils exhibit extremely high rates of runoff and are very susceptible to erosion and sedimentation. Hydrologic Soils Group A soils consist chiefly of well-drained sand and gravel and have a low runoff potential. The soils within the Forest Lakes property are predominantly soil type B. See Appendix for additional information.

## **DRAINAGE CRITERIA**

The hydrology for the major sub-watersheds (i.e., Beaver Creek), were estimated using the methods outlined in the initial Master Development Drainage Plan. Exhibit A presents the major sub-watersheds that impact the Forest Lakes property. All updated calculations for the Phase 2 Amendment area were performed using the following:



Hydrologic calculations were performed using the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual, as revised in November 1991 and October 1994. Stormwater quality analysis and Extended Detention Basin (EDB) design are per the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Manual and UD-BMP Version 3.01 spreadsheet. The Rational Method was used to estimate stormwater runoff to the proposed inlets and storm sewer pipes and for comparison purposes to the runoff rates found within the previous reports.

## FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT

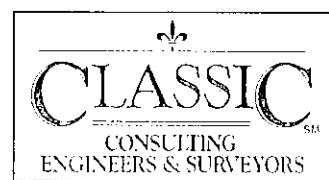
A portion of this site is located within a floodplain as determined by the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (F.I.R.M.) Map Number 08041C 0270F effective date, March 17, 1997 (See Appendix). No proposed development is anticipated to take place within the floodplain other than two proposed roadway crossings as reflected on the drainage maps. At the time of the Final Drainage Report submittal, FEMA coordination will be initiated for this section of North Beaver Creek where the floodplain as reflected on the maps does not correspond to the site topography.

## EXISTING MAJOR DRAINAGEWAYS

Four major drainageways flow onto the Forest Lakes site, including North Beaver Creek, South Beaver Creek and Hell Creek. Hell Creek, North and South Beaver Creek converge in the western portion of the site to form Beaver Creek. Beaver Creek continues through the site on an easterly course through Bristle Cone Lake over the reservoir spillway. The drainageways are well defined and heavily vegetated. The bottom width of the drainageways range from 5-feet in the smaller Hell Creek to 10-feet in the larger Beaver Creek.

The intent of the Phase 2 site development is to leave the major drainageways in their existing form to the greatest practical extent possible. There may be the need for localized drainageway improvements should long-term degradation of the drainageway banks or inverts occur as South Beaver Creek, Beaver Creek and Hell Creek include both wetlands and Preble's Jumping Mouse habitat. Minimal disturbance only to the fringe of the wetland areas is proposed, no mouse area disturbance is anticipated.

One road crossing of the existing drainageway is planned with Phase 2. This crossing will be along North Beaver Creek upstream of the confluence between North and South Beaver Creek. The proposed culverts under the road crossings along North Beaver Creek have been designed to convey the 100-year Bulk Stream Flow (debris flow rate) from the CTL Thompson study of 4,130 cfs.



## **PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS**

As reflected in the approved Kiowa MDDP, the site is influenced by off-site tributary flows from the west and north. Also, as reflected in the MDDP, on-site full spectrum detention and water quality facilities will detain and treat the developed runoff from the proposed site prior to releasing at or below historic rates to the downstream channels.

**DESIGN POINT 1 ( $Q_5 = 54.8 \text{ cfs}$  and  $Q_{100} = 132.2 \text{ cfs}$ )** is the developed runoff from the proposed single family development, Basin A, 37.55 acres. This runoff is collected in a public storm sewer system and routed to the proposed Full Spectrum Detention and Storm Water Quality Facility – Pond A. This facility in an extended detention basin (EDB) per the current drainage criteria and UDFCD (Urban Drainage Flood Control District) standards. A composite impervious value was determined using the Site-Level Low Impact Development (LID) Design Effective Impervious Calculator (IRF Form) located in the Appendix of this report. With the tributary area of 37.55 acres and a calculated 41.4% imperviousness, the total required Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) is 1.642 Ac.-ft.

Impact structures or other means or energy dissipation will be provided at all pipe daylight point into and out of the proposed ponds and bypass storm systems. Final pond design, outlet structure sizing, trickle channel and forebay details will be included with final construction drawings for review and approval by El Paso County prior to construction approval. The EURV design of this pond ensures that all discharges (2, 5, 10, 25, 50 and 100 year) will be released at or below historic release rates. Two preliminary pond sizing forms (UD-Detention v.3.07 & EDB Design Procedure Form) are included in the Appendix of this report and show the following outlet box features in order to maintain release rates at or below historic levels:

**4' wide by 4' deep outlet box**

**4" initial surcharge volume, 350 square feet, 2.5' deep micropool (bottom = 7105.50)**

**Bottom of pond/top of Micropool = 7108.00**

**EURV = Top of Box = 7113.00      Required EURV = 1.642 ac.-ft.      Provided EURV = 1.81 ac.-ft.**

- (3) orifice holes -**
- 12 square inch bottom hole (4" x 3")**
  - 12 square inch middle hole (4" x 3")**
  - 16 square inch top hole (4" x 4")**

**30" RCP outlet pipe at invert out = 7107.80**

**45' length emergency spillway at 7117.00, Top of pond berm elevation = 7120.00, 12' wide minimum width.**

Using an equivalent undeveloped area of land, Basin EX-A of 37.55 acres, a historic release rate and thus an allowable release rate for Pond A is  $Q_5 = 12.1 \text{ cfs}$  and  $Q_{100} = 80.9 \text{ cfs}$ . Per the UD-Detention form, the restricted release rate



from the facility is  $Q_5 = 2.0$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 45.3$  cfs with a 100-year water surface elevation in the pond of 7114.97. Final pond design and release rates will be finalized with the final drainage report for the proposed subdivision.

**DESIGN POINT 2 ( $Q_5 = 54.8$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 132.2$  cfs)** is the historic undeveloped runoff from the off-site Basin OS-1, 77.01 acres of adjacent national forest. This runoff sheet flows east directly toward the proposed lots and cul-de-sac roadways. A series of CDOT Type C grate inlets will be installed along the eastern edge of Basin OS-1, behind the lots to intercept this historic runoff prior to draining into the proposed development. A bypass or diversion pipe system will be installed from these grated inlets to the south and into the proposed development but this pipe will not connect with the proposed development runoff and Pond A tributary storm pipe. Energy dissipation of this historic runoff will be provided at the exit point of this bypass main into the South Beaver Creek corridor.

**DESIGN POINT 3 ( $Q_5 = 23.7$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 186.5$  cfs)** is the combined runoff from the historic bypass of Design Point 2 and the release rate of Pond A into the South Beaver Creek mouse limits. The historic release rate into South Beaver Creek from this portion of the development is  $Q_5 = 32.7$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 219.5$  cfs. Therefore, the proposed development will not hinder the downstream corridor as the flow rates are less than in the existing conditions.

**DESIGN POINT 4 ( $Q_5 = 64.1$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 176.0$  cfs)** is the developed runoff from the proposed single family development and existing open space area, Basin B, 59.94 acres. This runoff is collected in a public storm sewer system and routed to the proposed Full Spectrum Detention and Storm Water Quality Facility – Pond B. This facility in an extended detention basin (EDB) per the current drainage criteria and UDFCD (Urban Drainage Flood Control District) standards. A composite impervious value was determined using the Site-Level Low Impact Development (LID) Design Effective Impervious Calculator (IRF Form) located in the Appendix of this report. With the tributary area of 59.94 acres and a calculated 28.8% imperviousness, the total required Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) is 1.771 Ac.-ft.

Impact structures or other means or energy dissipation will be provided at all pipe daylight point into and out of the proposed ponds and bypass storm systems. Final pond design, outlet structure sizing, trickle channel and forebay details will be included with final construction drawings for review and approval by El Paso County prior to construction approval. The EURV design of this pond ensures that all discharges (2, 5, 10, 25, 50 and 100 year) will be released at or below historic release. Two preliminary pond sizing forms (UD-Detention v.3.07 & EDB Design Procedure Form) are included in the Appendix of this report and show the following outlet box features in order to maintain release rates at or below historic levels:



**6' wide by 4' deep outlet box**

**5" initial surcharge volume, 350 square feet, 2.5' deep micropool (bottom = 7049.50)**

**Bottom of pond/top of Micropool = 7052.00**

**EURV = Top of Box = 7057.30      Required EURV = 1.771 ac.-ft. Provided EURV = 1.86 ac.-ft.**

**(3) orifice holes -      12 square inch bottom hole (4" x 3")**

**-      12 square inch middle hole (4" x 3")**

**-      16 square inch top hole (4" x 4")**

**30" RCP outlet pipe at invert out = 7051.80**

**50' length emergency spillway at 7061.00, Top of pond berm elevation = 7064.00, 12' wide minimum width.**

Using an equivalent undeveloped area of land, Basin EX-B of 37.55 acres, a historic release rate and thus an allowable release rate for Pond B is  $Q_5 = 18.7$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 125.6$  cfs. Per the UD-Detention form, the restricted release rate from the facility is  $Q_5 = 2.2$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 64.6$  cfs with a 100-year water surface elevation in the pond of 7060.51. Final pond design and release rates will be finalized with the final drainage report for the proposed subdivision.

**DESIGN POINT 5 ( $Q_5 = 1441$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 4130$  cfs)** is the interpolated historic flow rate within North Beaver Creek channel from the referenced CTL Thompson Debris Flow report. This runoff rate is much higher than the MDDP 100-year rate of 2,950 cfs. The purpose of including this design point and basin in this analysis is to show that the runoff rate in South Beaver Creek is less with the installation of the proposed three detention facilities for the developed runoff. This historic runoff stays within the established North Beaver Creek corridor and continues south-east into the proposed development toward Design Point 6.

**DESIGN POINT 6 ( $Q_5 = 1433$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 4116$  cfs)** is the flow rate within North Beaver Creek channel from DP-5 and Basin D, 24.98 acres of onsite property mostly comprised of open space/undeveloped area. At this location is a proposed roadway crossing (Mesa Top Drive) and (3) single cell box culverts (8' high x 15' wide @ 0.50% grade) to convey this runoff to the south and Design Point 9. A UD-Culvert v.3.04 from UDFCD (located in the Appendix) was used to verify the headwater depth and provide riprap energy dissipation calculations; Type M riprap, 80' length of protection and 63' wide. Box culvert sizing was also verified using the Bentley FlowMaster program, results included in the Appendix and include a velocity less than 20 ft/sec and normal depth less of 4.63'. This runoff continues south to Design Point 9.



**DESIGN POINT 7 ( $Q_5 = 9.8$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 66.1$  cfs)** is the runoff generated from off-site Basin OS-3, 10.31 acres of existing large lot single family homes and undeveloped land to the north, and onsite Basin F, 16.61 acres of 2 large home lots (over 5 acre lots). The majority of these lots will remain undeveloped except for the driveway and actual home footprint, and as these lots are over 5 acres in size, detention and water quality is not required. Therefore, multiple grated inlets will intercept this runoff and a diversion/bypass pipe will route the runoff to the south-west along Mesa Top Drive and directly discharging into North Beaver Creek. Design Point 8 also contains bypass runoff and connects to this system prior to discharging into the creek.

**DESIGN POINT 8 ( $Q_5 = 8.7$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 58.2$  cfs)** is the runoff generated from off-site Basin OS-2, 19.91 acres of existing large lot single family homes and undeveloped land to the north, and onsite Basin E, 8.96 acres of 2 large home lots (over 5 acre lots). The majority of these lots will remain undeveloped except for the driveway and actual home footprint, and as these lots are over 5 acres in size, detention and water quality is not required. Therefore, multiple grated inlets will intercept this runoff and a diversion/bypass pipe will route the runoff to the south, connecting with the bypass main from Design Point 7. Energy dissipation of this historic runoff will be provided at the exit point of this bypass main into the North Beaver Creek corridor, downstream of the box culvert crossing at Design Point 6.

**DESIGN POINT 9 ( $Q_5 = 1440$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 4164$  cfs)** is the combined flow rate within North Beaver Creek channel downstream of the proposed box culverts and discharge point from Design Points 7 & 8. This runoff continues south-east in the natural North Beaver Creek corridor where it combines with the release from Pond B at Design Point 10.

**DESIGN POINT 10 ( $Q_5 = 1441$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 4192$  cfs)** is the runoff within North Beaver Creek channel downstream of Design Point 9 and including the restricted release rate from Pond B. The historic release rate into North Beaver Creek in the undeveloped conditions is  $Q_5 = 1448$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 4216$  cfs. Therefore, the proposed development will not hinder the downstream corridor as the flow rates are less than in the existing conditions.

**DESIGN POINT 11 ( $Q_5 = 46.9$  cfs and  $Q_{100} = 117.2$  cfs)** is the developed runoff from the proposed single family development and existing open space area, Basin C, 30.28 acres. This runoff is collected in a public storm sewer system and routed to the proposed Full Spectrum Detention and Storm Water Quality Facility – Pond C. This facility in an extended detention basin (EDB) per the current drainage criteria and UDFCD (Urban Drainage Flood Control District) standards. A composite impervious value was determined using the Site-Level Low Impact Development (LID) Design



Effective Impervious Calculator (IRF Form) located in the Appendix of this report. With the tributary area of 30.28 acres and a calculated 35.5% imperviousness, the total required Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) is 1.121 Ac.-ft.

Impact structures or other means or energy dissipation will be provided at all pipe daylight point into and out of the proposed ponds and bypass storm systems. Final pond design, outlet structure sizing, trickle channel and forebay details will be included with final construction drawings for review and approval by El Paso County prior to construction approval. The EURV design of this pond ensures that all discharges (2, 5, 10, 25, 50 and 100 year) will be released at or below historic release. Two preliminary pond sizing forms (UD-Detention v.3.07 & EDB Design Procedure Form) are included in the Appendix of this report and show the following outlet box features in order to maintain release rates at or below historic levels:

**6' wide by 4' deep outlet box**

**4" initial surcharge volume, 350 square feet, 2.5' deep micropool (bottom = 7027.50)**

**Bottom of pond/top of Micropool = 7030.00**

**EURV = Top of Box = 7035.00      Required EURV = 1.121 ac.-ft. Provided EURV = 2.07 ac.-ft.**

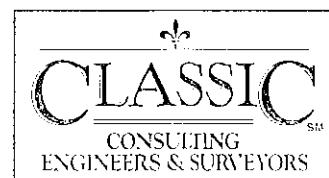
- (3) orifice holes -      12 square inch bottom hole (4" x 3")  
-      12 square inch middle hole (4" x 3")  
-      16 square inch top hole (4" x 4")

**30" RCP outlet pipe at invert out = 7029.80**

**38' length emergency spillway at 7039.00, Top of pond berm elevation = 7042.00, 12' wide minimum width.**

Using an equivalent undeveloped area of land, Basin EX-C of 37.55 acres, a historic release rate and thus an allowable release rate for Pond C is  $Q_5 = 10.2 \text{ cfs}$  and  $Q_{100} = 68.6 \text{ cfs}$ . Per the UD-Detention form, the restricted release rate from the facility is  $Q_5 = 1.2 \text{ cfs}$  and  $Q_{100} = 24.5 \text{ cfs}$  with a 100-year water surface elevation in the pond of 7036.10. Final pond design and release rates will be finalized with the final drainage report for the proposed subdivision.

**DESIGN POINT 12 ( $Q_5 = 1442 \text{ cfs}$  and  $Q_{100} = 4200 \text{ cfs}$ )** is the runoff within North Beaver Creek channel downstream of Design Point 10 and including the restricted release rate from Pond C. The historic release rate into North Beaver Creek in the undeveloped conditions is  $Q_5 = 1452 \text{ cfs}$  and  $Q_{100} = 4242 \text{ cfs}$ . Therefore, the proposed development will not hinder the downstream corridor as the flow rates are less than in the existing conditions.



**EURV and Stormwater Quality Capture Volume:** The standard Extended Detention Basin spreadsheet has been provided in the Appendix of this report to provide sizing based upon UDFCD requirements for EURV, with a minimum drain time of 72 hours.

**Detention Maintenance, Ownership and Access:** The Metro District for Forest Lakes will own and maintain Detention Facility A, B and C. Access to the pond will be provided per the current El Paso County Criteria and UDFCD criteria. An El Paso County Detention Pond Maintenance Agreement will be required indicating these Facilities to be ultimately owned and maintained by the Metro District.

## **DRAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES**

Forest Lakes Phase 2 is to be platted in the future and is within the Beaver Creek Miscellaneous Drainage Basin. The fees in place at the time of platting will be calculated within future Final Drainage Reports.

Existing Drainage Fee credits will be utilized to offset portions of the required fees due for this development, as to be defined in future Final Drainage Reports. Multiple plats are anticipated for this Phase 2 area.

## **SUMMARY**

Developed runoff from the proposed Forest Lakes Phase 2 are proposed to outfall to three proposed public storm systems serving three separate Full Spectrum Detention and Storm Water Quality facilities (owned and maintained by the Forest Lakes Metropolitan District) prior to discharging to downstream facilities. The proposed Full Spectrum detention/water quality ponds were sized using the current and applicable drainage criteria and provide release rates below existing allowable release rates and therefore the proposed development does not overburden downstream facilities. Future Final Drainage Reports will further define and provide additional analysis for all on-site storm facilities as the project moves forward.

## **PREPARED BY:**

Matthew Larson  
Project Manager

Sm/117521/MDDP Amendment.doc



## REFERENCES

1. City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1, May 2014.
2. Drainage Criteria Manual (Volume 3) latest revision April 2008, Urban Drainage and Flood Criteria District.
3. "Forest Lakes Master Development Drainage Plan," by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, revised April 11, 2002.
4. "Preliminary and Final Drainage Report Forest Lakes Subdivision Filing No. 1," by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, filed September 8, 2004.
5. "Drainage Report Amendment for Preliminary and Final Drainage Report Forest Lakes Subdivision Filing No. 1," by Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC, dated August 2015.
6. "Debris Flow/Mudflow Analysis Forest Lakes Subdivision (Phase 2) Lindbergh Road and W. Baptist Road El Paso County, Colorado," by CTL Thompson Inc., dated August 6, 2018.



## VICINITY MAP



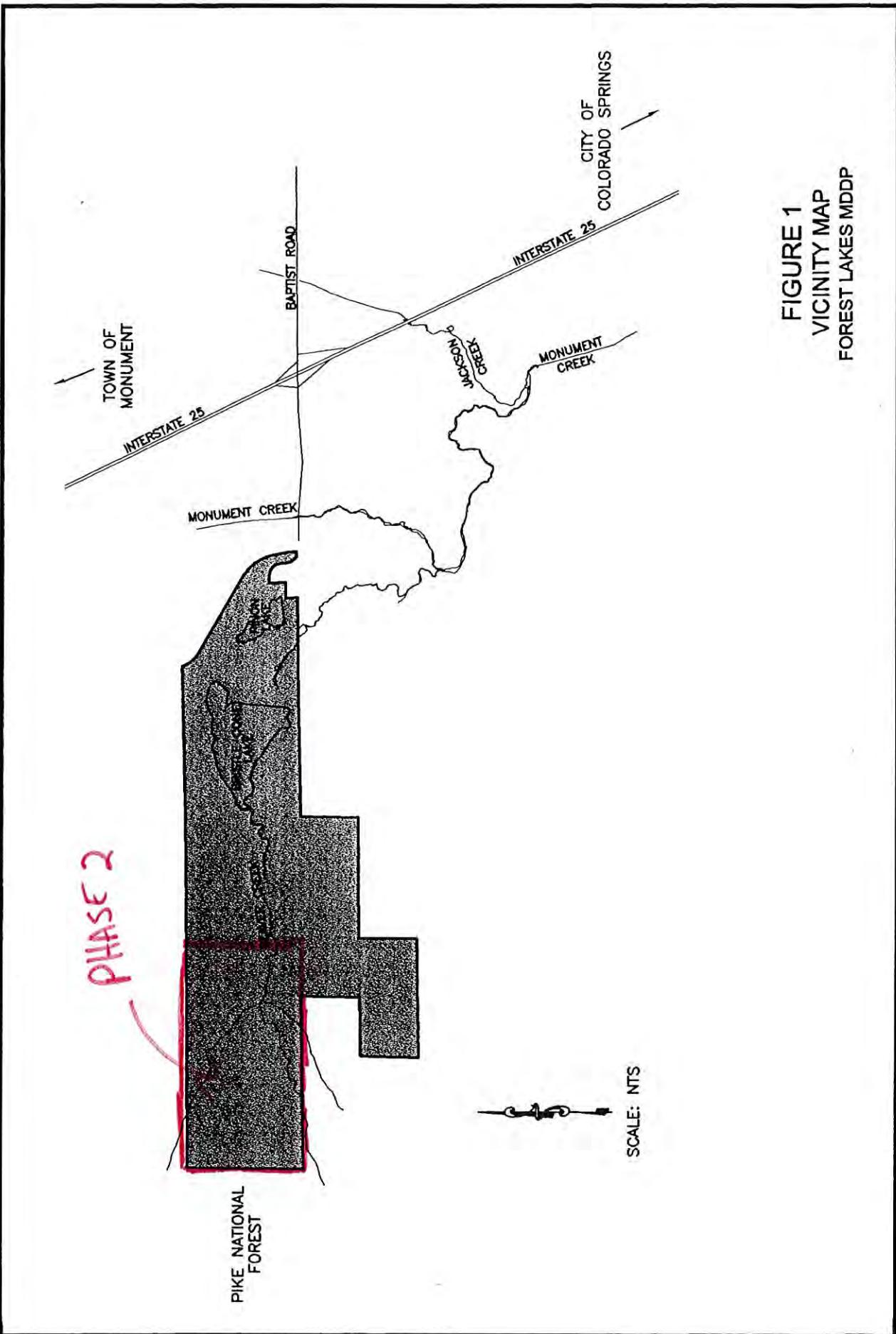
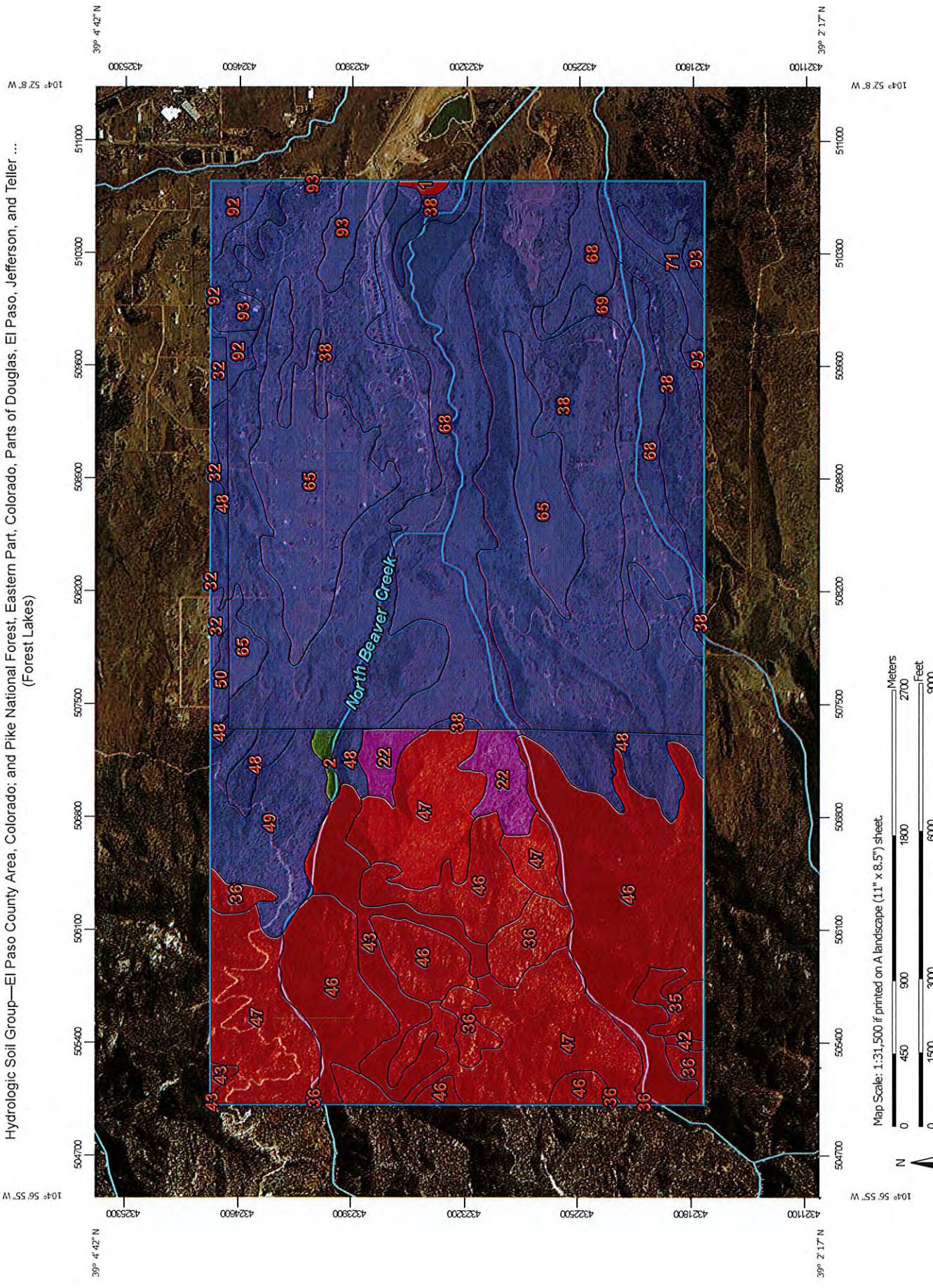


FIGURE 1  
VICINITY MAP  
FOREST LAKES MDDP

**SOILS MAP (S.C.S. SURVEY)**



Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado; and Pike National Forest, Eastern Part, Colorado; and Parts of Douglas, El Paso, Jefferson, and Teller ...  
(Forest Lakes)



Natural Resources  
Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey  
National Cooperative Soil Survey

11/27/2017  
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## MAP LEGEND

<b>Area of Interest (AOI)</b>		Area of Interest (AOI)		C		C/D
<b>Soils</b>				D		
<b>Soil Rating Polygons</b>		A		Not rated or not available		
		A/D				
		B				
		B/D				
		C				
		C/D				
		D				
		Not rated or not available				
<b>Soil Rating Lines</b>		A		Major Roads		Local Roads
		A/D				
		B				
		B/D				
		C				
		C/D				
		D				
		Not rated or not available				
<b>Background</b>		Aerial Photography				
<b>Soil Rating Points</b>		A		A/D		B
		A/D				B/D
		B				
		B/D				
		C				
		C/D				
		D				
		Not rated or not available				

## MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service  
Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado  
Survey Area Data: Version 15, Oct 10, 2017

Soil Survey Area: Pike National Forest, Eastern Part, Colorado, Parts of Douglas, El Paso, Jefferson, and Teller Counties  
Survey Area Data: Version 4, Oct 12, 2017

Your area of interest (AOI) includes more than one soil survey area. These survey areas may have been mapped at different scales, with a different land use in mind, at different times, or at different levels of detail. This may result in map unit symbols, soil properties, and interpretations that do not completely agree across soil survey area boundaries.

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Feb 22, 2014—Mar 9, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

## Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
1	Alamosa loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	4.9	0.1%
38	Jarre-Tecolote complex, 8 to 65 percent slopes	B	1,396.0	32.2%
65	Perrypark gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 9 percent slopes	B	353.9	8.2%
68	Peyton-Pring complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	565.0	13.0%
69	Peyton-Pring complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	B	28.5	0.7%
71	Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	29.4	0.7%
92	Tomah-Crowfoot loamy sands, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	39.9	0.9%
93	Tomah-Crowfoot complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	B	100.4	2.3%
<b>Subtotals for Soil Survey Area</b>			<b>2,518.0</b>	<b>58.0%</b>
<b>Totals for Area of Interest</b>			<b>4,341.0</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
2	Aquolls, 1 to 10 percent slopes	A/D	11.0	0.3%
22	Kassler very gravelly coarse sandy loam, 5 to 35 percent slopes	A	71.5	1.6%
32	Perrypark coarse sandy loam, 1 to 15 percent slopes	B	25.3	0.6%
35	Rock outcrop-Sphinx complex, 15 to 80 percent slopes	D	29.2	0.7%
36	Rock outcrop-Sphinx, warm complex, 15 to 80 percent slopes	D	100.6	2.3%
42	Sphinx gravelly coarse sandy loam, 15 to 40 percent slopes	D	3.8	0.1%
43	Sphinx gravelly coarse sandy loam, 40 to 70 percent slopes	D	126.1	2.9%

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
46	Sphinx-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 80 percent slopes	D	620.4	14.3%
47	Sphinx, warm-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 80 percent slopes	D	526.7	12.1%
48	Tecolote very gravelly sandy loam, 15 to 40 percent slopes, very stony	B	147.4	3.4%
49	Tecolote very gravelly sandy loam, 40 to 70 percent slopes, very stony	B	148.3	3.4%
50	Tomah sandy loam, 2 to 15 percent slopes	B	12.5	0.3%
<b>Subtotals for Soil Survey Area</b>			<b>1,823.0</b>	<b>42.0%</b>
<b>Totals for Area of Interest</b>			<b>4,341.0</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

## Rating Options

*Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition*

*Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified*

*Tie-break Rule: Higher*

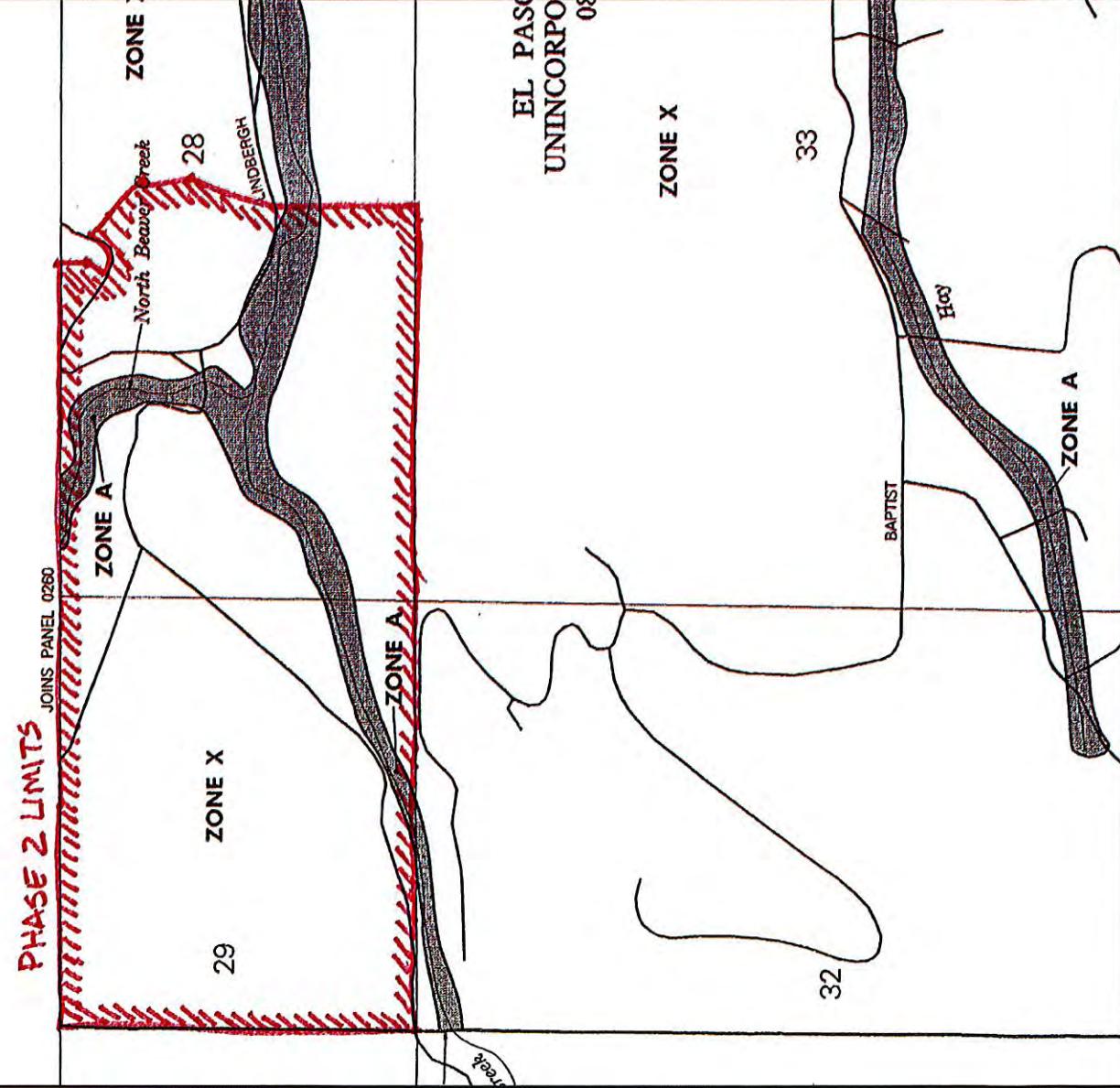
## F.E.M.A. MAP





PHASE 2 UNITS

JOINS PANEL 0260



APPROXIMATE SCALE IN FEET  
1000  
0

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

**FIRM**  
**FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP**

EL PASO COUNTY,  
COLORADO AND  
INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 270 OF 1300

(SFM) MAP INDEX FOR PANELS NOT PRINTED

CONTAINS:  
COMMUNITY: \_\_\_\_\_  
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO  
UNINCORPORATED AREAS  
NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_  
PANEL: \_\_\_\_\_  
SPEC: \_\_\_\_\_

MAP NUMBER  
08041C0270 F  
EFFECTIVE DATE:  
MARCH 17, 1997



Federal Emergency Management Agency

This is an official copy of a portion of the above referenced flood map. It was extracted using F-MITT On-Line. This map does not reflect changes or amendments which may have been made subsequent to the date on the title block. For the latest product information about National Flood Insurance Program flood maps check the FEMA Flood Map Store at [www.fema.gov](http://www.fema.gov)

**EXISTING CONDITIONS CALCULATIONS  
(FROM PREVIOUSLY APPROVED KIOWA MDDP)**



**Forest Lakes MDDP**  
**Time of Concentration Calculation**

Basin/Debris Depth	Contribution Area (sq ft)	Slope of Flow Path	Length of Flow Path (ft)	Capacity (cu ft/sec)	Hydrograph Coefficient	Velocity of Channel (ft/sec)	Time of Concentration (sec)	Basin/ Debris Depth
OS1	20.0 %	20.0 %	1000 ft	0.25	0.9 ft/sec	3.0 ft/sec	1112 sec.	180 sec.
OS2	20.0 %	20.0 %	700 ft	0.25	0.8 ft/sec	3.0 ft/sec	931 sec.	213 min.
OS3	20.0 %	20.0 %	750 ft	0.25	0.8 ft/sec	3.0 ft/sec	963 sec.	15.5 min.
OS4	5.0 %	5.0 %	400 ft	0.25	0.6 ft/sec	4.0 ft/sec	703 sec.	16.1 min.
OS5	5.0 %	5.0 %	500 ft	0.25	0.4 ft/sec	4.0 ft/sec	1248 sec.	11.7 min.
OS5A	5.0 %	5.0 %	400 ft	0.25	0.4 ft/sec	5.0 ft/sec	1116 sec.	30.0 min.
OS5B	4.0 %	4.0 %	400 ft	0.25	0.3 ft/sec	4.0 ft/sec	1202 sec.	18.9 min.
OS7	4.0 %	4.0 %	900 ft	0.25	0.5 ft/sec	4.0 ft/sec	225 sec.	23.8 min.
DP A1	A, OS1	20.0 %	14.0 %	8.4 %	1000 ft	1.370 ft	550 ft	0.26
DP C1	B, C, OS2	20.0 %	8.0 %	4.8 %	700 ft	100 ft	900 ft	0.30
DP D1	A, D, OS1	20.0 %	14.0 %	7.5 %	1000 ft	1370 ft	2000 ft	0.27
DP G1	G, OS3	20.0 %	3.2 %	3.2 %	750 ft	750 ft	400 ft	0.26
DP H1	H,K,L, OS4	5.0 %	5.0 %	1.6 %	500 ft	330 ft	500 ft	0.35
DP H2	I, OS4	5.0 %	5.0 %	1.6 %	500 ft	330 ft	500 ft	0.32
DP II	M2, O	18.0 %	4.50 ft	1.1 %	450 ft	270 ft	270 ft	0.29
DP M1	M1, M2, O	20.0 %	17.9 %	2.3 %	300 ft	420 ft	300 ft	0.30
DP M2	N, S5, OS5B	9.0 %	10.9 %	300 ft	1370 ft	300 ft	0.30	0.4 ft/sec
DP Q1	Q, OS5, OS5A-B	4.0 %	5.0 %	400 ft	2700 ft	500 ft	0.25	0.3 ft/sec
DP Q2	N, Q, R, S, T, U, OS5, OS5AB	5.0 %	5.0 %	750 ft	3100 ft	0.27	0.5 ft/sec	4.0 ft/sec
DP T1	W,X,Y,Z	13.5 %	5.3 %	480 ft	4500 ft	0.31	0.6 ft/sec	3.0 ft/sec
DP Z1	OS7, D, E, F, F, GG	2.6 %	1.1 %	190 ft	-	1330 ft	0.60	0.3 ft/sec
DP GG1	OS7, D, E, F, F, GG	4.0 %	3.0 %	500 ft	2800 ft	0.30	0.4 ft/sec	3.5 ft/sec

Equations:

$$\text{Time of Concentration (Overland)} = 1.87(1.1 - C_2) L^{4.5} S^{-0.33}$$

$C_2$  = Rainfall coefficient for free-surface flow

L = Length of overland flow in feet

S = Slope of flow path in percent

$$\text{Velocity (Rough)} = 10(10 \cdot 0.25 \cdot S^{-0.3})$$

S = Slope of flow path in percent

**Forest Lakes MDDP**  
**Time of Concentration Calibration**

Design Period	Business Type	Contributing Factor	Impact Score	Initial Condition		Intermediate Condition		Final Condition	
				Onset	Current	Onset	Current	Onset	Current
A	B	C	8.8 %	0.30	0.3 ft/sec	4.3 ft/sec	5.8 ft/sec	6.6 sec.	95 sec.
B	C	D	8.0 %	0.30	0.5 ft/sec	4.0 ft/sec	5.7 ft/sec	6.56 sec.	117 sec.
C	D	E	6.7 %	0.35	0.4 ft/sec	3.5 ft/sec	4.4 ft/sec	719 sec.	17 sec.
D	E	F	4.3 %	0.35	0.8 ft/sec	4.5 ft/sec	4.1 ft/sec	649 sec.	76 sec.
E	F	G	7.4 %	0.30	0.3 ft/sec	2.5 ft/sec	2.5 ft/sec	665 sec.	49 sec.
F	G	H	14.8 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	5.5 ft/sec	615 sec.	198 sec.	152 min.
G	H	I	14.8 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	5.5 ft/sec	615 sec.	198 sec.	152 min.
H	I	J	1.6 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	5.5 ft/sec	615 sec.	198 sec.	152 min.
I	J	K	9.0 %	0.30	0.6 ft/sec	6.0 ft/sec	6.0 ft/sec	84 sec.	84 sec.
J	K	L	9.0 %	0.30	0.6 ft/sec	6.0 ft/sec	6.0 ft/sec	200 sec.	200 sec.
K	L	M	4.2 %	0.30	0.2 ft/sec	4.1 ft/sec	4.1 ft/sec	173 sec.	102 min.
L	M	N	1.6 %	0.30	0.4 ft/sec	3.5 ft/sec	2.5 ft/sec	94 sec.	198 sec.
M	N	O	1.1 %	0.30	0.6 ft/sec	2.1 ft/sec	5.97 sec.	128 sec.	12.1 min.
N	O	P	10.0 %	0.30	0.5 ft/sec	5.0 ft/sec	5.0 ft/sec	30 sec.	10.0 min.
O	P	Q	10.0 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	27 sec.	9.8 min.
P	Q	R	13.3 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	78 sec.	11.9 min.
Q	R	S	13.3 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	21 sec.	11.9 min.
R	S	T	3.2 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	21 sec.	11.9 min.
S	T	U	3.2 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	21 sec.	11.9 min.
U	V	W	4.4 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	21 sec.	11.9 min.
V	W	X	4.4 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	21 sec.	11.9 min.
W	X	Y	5.2 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	21 sec.	11.9 min.
X	Y	Z	5.2 %	0.30	0.7 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	7.0 ft/sec	21 sec.	11.9 min.
Y	Z	AA	2.1 %	0.30	0.6 ft/sec	5.0 ft/sec	5.0 ft/sec	51 sec.	14.3 min.
Z	AA	BB	2.1 %	0.30	0.6 ft/sec	5.0 ft/sec	5.0 ft/sec	86 sec.	11.1 min.
AA	BB	CC	6.5 %	0.30	0.3 ft/sec	3.5 ft/sec	3.5 ft/sec	910 sec.	193 min.
BB	CC	DD	6.5 %	0.30	0.5 ft/sec	5.5 ft/sec	4.2 ft/sec	573 sec.	10.8 min.
CC	DD	EE	17.9 %	0.30	0.5 ft/sec	5.5 ft/sec	4.2 ft/sec	573 sec.	11.0 min.
DD	EE	FF	14.0 %	0.30	0.5 ft/sec	5.0 ft/sec	4.7 ft/sec	86 sec.	53 sec.
EE	FF	GG	5.6 %	0.30	0.4 ft/sec	4.5 ft/sec	3.9 ft/sec	634 sec.	406 sec.
FF	GG	HH	5.6 %	0.30	0.4 ft/sec	4.5 ft/sec	4.76 sec.	442 sec.	17.3 min.
GG	HH	II	14.0 %	0.30	0.4 ft/sec	4.5 ft/sec	3.9 ft/sec	442 sec.	17.3 min.
HH	II	JJ	17.9 %	0.30	0.4 ft/sec	4.5 ft/sec	3.9 ft/sec	518 sec.	14.7 min.
II	JJ		14.0 %	0.30	0.4 ft/sec	4.5 ft/sec	3.9 ft/sec	518 sec.	14.7 min.

T-1

### Types of Concentrations (Quantities)

Time of Concentration (T<sub>oc</sub>) = 1.8 h

$C_3$  = Runoff coefficient for

L = Length of overland flow in feet

३५८

בְּרִית מָשֶׁה

Emissions of Greenhouse Gases

Date Prepared: 4/11/02

$$\text{Velocity (Road)} = 10(10 \text{ m/s} \times 5 \cdot 0.5)$$

$S = \text{Slope of flow path in percent}$

Kiowa Engineering Corporation  
Project No. 00013

**Forest Lakes MDDP**  
**Runoff Coefficient Calculation**

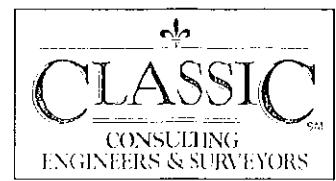
Basin	Area 1 (Lots/Acre)	% Area	C60	C100	Basin C60	Basin C100	Basin C60/C100
J	37 %	0.60	0.70				
K	63 %	0.60	0.70				
<b>Design Point: Basin J</b>							
DP A1	A	13.60 ac	19.80 %	0.30	0.40	0.06	0.08
	OS1	<u>55.10 ac</u>	<u>80.20 %</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.28</u>
		<u>68.70 ac</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>			<u>0.26</u>	<u>0.36</u>
<b>Design Point: Basin C</b>							
DP C1	B	3.74 ac	17.58 %	0.30	0.40	0.05	0.07
	C	9.27 ac	43.58 %	0.35	0.45	0.15	0.20
	OS2	<u>8.26 ac</u>	<u>38.83 %</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.14</u>
		<u>21.27 ac</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>			<u>0.30</u>	<u>0.40</u>
<b>Design Point: Basin D</b>							
DP D1	A	13.60 ac	15.05 %	0.30	0.40	0.05	0.06
	D	21.66 ac	23.97 %	0.30	0.40	0.07	0.10
	OS1	<u>55.10 ac</u>	<u>60.98 %</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.15</u>	<u>0.21</u>
		<u>90.36 ac</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>			<u>0.27</u>	<u>0.37</u>
<b>Design Point: Basin G</b>							
DP G1	G	3.63 ac	18.01 %	0.30	0.40	0.05	0.07
	OS3	<u>16.53 ac</u>	<u>81.99 %</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.29</u>
		<u>20.16 ac</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>			<u>0.26</u>	<u>0.36</u>
<b>Design Point: Basin H</b>							
DP H1	H	15.90 ac	58.61 %	0.30	0.40	0.18	0.23
	K	5.60 ac	20.64 %	0.47	0.57	0.10	0.12
	L	5.63 ac	20.75 %	0.35	0.45	0.07	0.09
		<u>27.13 ac</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>			<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.45</u>
<b>Design Point: Basin H2</b>							
DP H2	H	15.90 ac	35.36 %	0.30	0.40	0.11	0.14
	K	5.60 ac	12.46 %	0.47	0.57	0.06	0.07
	L	5.63 ac	12.52 %	0.35	0.45	0.04	0.06
	I	15.59 ac	34.68 %	0.30	0.40	0.10	0.14
	OS4	<u>2.24 ac</u>	<u>4.98 %</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.02</u>
		<u>44.96 ac</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>			<u>0.32</u>	<u>0.42</u>
<b>Design Point: Basin I</b>							
DP I1	J	15.59 ac	87.44 %	0.30	0.40	0.26	0.35
	OS4	<u>2.24 ac</u>	<u>12.56 %</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.04</u>
		<u>17.83 ac</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>			<u>0.29</u>	<u>0.39</u>

**Forest Lakes MDDP**  
**Runoff Coefficient Calculation**

Design Point	Basin	Area	% Area	CN	CD	CP	CR
DP Q2	N	8.09 ac	8.96 %	0.30	0.40	0.03	0.04
	Q	14.45 ac	16.00 %	0.35	0.45	0.06	0.07
	OSS5,OSSA-B	<u>67.77 ac</u>	<u>75.04 %</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.26</u>
		<b>90.31 ac</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>		<b>0.27</b>	<b>0.37</b>	

Design Point	Basin	Area	% Area	CN	CD	CP	CR
DP T1	N	8.09 ac	6.59 %	0.30	0.40	0.02	0.03
	Q	14.45 ac	11.77 %	0.35	0.45	0.04	0.05
	R	10.87 ac	8.85 %	0.50	0.60	0.04	0.05
	S	6.67 ac	5.43 %	0.50	0.60	0.03	0.03
	T	5.01 ac	4.08 %	0.30	0.40	0.01	0.02
	U	9.96 ac	8.11 %	0.40	0.50	0.03	0.04
	OSS5,OSSA-B	<u>67.77 ac</u>	<u>55.18 %</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.19</u>
		<b>122.82 ac</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>		<b>0.31</b>	<b>0.41</b>	

## **DEVELOPED CONDITIONS CALCULATIONS**



JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/20/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

### FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT ~ BASIN RUNOFF COEFFICIENT SUMMARY

BASIN	IMPERVIOUS AREA / STREETS			LOTS/LANDSCAPE/UNDEV. AREAS (NOT PAVEMENT)			WEIGHTED			WEIGHTED CA					
	TOTAL AREA (AC)	AREA (AC)	C(5)	C(100)	AREA (AC)	C(5)	C(100)	C(5)	C(100)	CA(2)	CA(5)	CA(10)	CA(25)	CA(50)	CA(100)
A	37.55	4.90	0.90	0.96	32.65	0.32	0.51	0.40	0.57	13.18	14.86	16.59	18.97	20.00	21.36
B	59.94	7.55	0.90	0.96	52.39	0.23	0.45	0.31	0.51	15.63	18.84	22.14	26.48	28.65	30.82
C	30.28	5.73	0.90	0.96	24.55	0.25	0.46	0.37	0.55	10.01	11.29	12.88	14.72	15.75	16.79
D	24.98	0.00	0.90	0.96	24.98	0.11	0.37	0.11	0.37	1.00	2.75	4.75	6.74	7.99	9.24
E	8.96	0.00	0.90	0.96	8.96	0.09	0.36	0.09	0.36	0.27	0.81	1.52	2.33	2.78	3.23
F	16.61	0.00	0.90	0.96	16.61	0.09	0.36	0.09	0.36	0.50	1.49	2.82	4.32	5.15	5.98
OS-1	77.01	0.00	0.90	0.96	77.01	0.09	0.36	0.09	0.36	2.31	6.93	13.09	20.02	23.87	27.72
OS-2	19.91	0.00	0.90	0.96	19.91	0.08	0.36	0.09	0.36	0.60	1.79	3.38	5.18	6.17	7.17
OS-3	10.31	0.00	0.90	0.96	10.31	0.09	0.36	0.09	0.36	0.31	0.93	1.75	2.68	3.20	3.71
EX-A	37.55	0.00	0.90	0.96	37.55	0.09	0.36	0.09	0.36	1.13	3.38	6.38	9.76	11.64	13.52
EX-B	59.94	0.00	0.90	0.96	59.94	0.09	0.36	0.09	0.36	1.80	5.39	10.19	15.58	18.58	21.58
EX-C	30.28	0.00	0.90	0.96	30.28	0.09	0.36	0.09	0.36	0.91	2.73	5.15	7.87	9.39	10.90

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2  
JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
DATE: 11/20/2018  
CALCD BY: MAL

FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2

FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT ~ BASIN RUNOFF SUMMARY

BASIN	WEIGHTED				OVERLAND			STREET / CHANNEL FLOW			INTENSITY			TOTAL FLOWS									
	CA(2)	CA(5)	CA(10)	CA(25)	CA(50)	CA(100)	Tc	Length (ft)	Slope (%)	Tc	TOTAL (min)	I(2) (in/hr)	I(5) (in/hr)	I(10) (in/hr)	I(25) (in/hr)	I(50) (in/hr)	I(100) (in/hr)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)				
A	13.18	14.86	16.59	18.97	20.00	21.36	0.09	330	120	10.1	1580	5.2%	8.0	3.3	13.4	2.94	3.69	4.30	5.53	6.19	54.8	132.2	
B	15.63	18.84	22.14	26.48	28.65	30.82	0.09	500	170	12.7	1800	6.0%	8.6	3.5	16.2	2.72	3.40	3.97	4.54	5.10	5.71	64.1	176.0
C	10.01	11.29	12.88	14.72	15.75	16.79	0.09	60	8	6.0	2040	6.5%	8.9	3.8	9.8	3.32	4.16	4.85	5.54	6.24	6.98	46.9	117.2
D	1.00	2.75	4.75	6.74	7.99	9.24	0.09	100	20	6.8	2040	6.0%	8.6	4.0	10.8	3.21	4.02	4.69	5.36	6.03	6.75	11.0	62.4
E	0.27	0.81	1.52	2.33	2.78	3.23	0.09	150	20	9.5	720	5.3%	8.1	1.5	11.0	3.18	3.99	4.65	5.32	5.98	6.69	3.2	21.6
F	0.50	1.49	2.82	4.32	5.15	5.98	0.09	90	20	6.2	1030	6.8%	9.1	1.9	8.1	3.55	4.45	5.19	5.93	6.67	7.46	6.6	44.6
OS-1	2.31	6.93	13.09	20.02	23.87	27.72	0.09	460	64	16.4	2000	14.0%	13.1	2.5	19.0	2.53	3.17	3.70	4.23	4.76	5.32	22.0	147.5
OS-2	0.60	1.79	3.38	5.18	6.17	7.17	0.09	400	60	14.9	450	15.0%	13.6	0.6	15.5	2.78	3.47	4.05	4.63	5.21	5.83	6.2	41.8
OS-3	0.31	0.93	1.75	2.68	3.20	3.71	0.09	200	60	8.4	210	30.0%	19.2	0.2	8.6	3.48	4.36	5.09	5.81	6.54	7.32	4.0	27.2

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/20/2018  
 CALC'D BY: MAL

### FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT ~ BASIN RUNOFF SUMMARY

BASIN	CA(2)	WEIGHTED			OVERLAND			STREET / CHANNEL FLOW			INTENSITY			TOTAL FLOWS											
		CA(5)	CA(10)	CA(25)	CA(50)	CA(100)	C(5)	Length (ft)	Height (ft)	Tc (min)	Length (ft)	Slope (%)	Velocity (fps)	Tc (min)	TOTAL (min)	I(2) (in/hr)	I(5) (in/hr)	I(10) (in/hr)	I(25) (in/hr)	I(50) (in/hr)	I(100) (in/hr)	Q(5) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)	Q(50) (cfs)	Q(100) (cfs)
THE FOLLOWING BASINS ARE INCLUDED TO CALCULATE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATES FROM THE PONDS AND HISTORIC FLOW RATES IN THE CHANNELS																									
EX. A	1.13	3.38	6.38	9.76	11.64	13.52	0.09	420	12.4	1300	8.0%	9.9	2.2	14.6	2.85	3.57	4.16	4.76	5.35	5.99	12.1	80.9			
EX. B	1.80	5.39	10.19	15.58	18.58	21.58	0.08	500	17.0	12.7	1500	6.4%	8.9	2.8	15.6	2.77	3.47	4.04	4.62	5.20	5.82	18.7	125.6		
EX. C	0.91	2.73	5.15	7.87	9.39	10.90	0.09	260	46	11.4	600	3.6%	6.6	1.5	12.9	2.99	3.75	4.37	5.00	5.62	6.29	10.2	68.6		

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.2I  
 DATE: 11/20/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

### FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT ~ SURFACE ROUTING SUMMARY

Design Point(s)	Contributing Basins	Equivalent CA(5)	Equivalent CA(100)	Maximum Tc	Intensity			Flow	Feature
					I(5)	I(100)	Q(5)		
1	BASIN A	14.86	21.36	13.4	3.69	6.19	54.8	132.2	POND A
2	BASIN OS-1	6.93	27.72	19.0	3.17	5.32	22.0	147.5	GRATED INLETS & BYPASS STORM
	POND A RELEASE	0.55	7.32	13.4	3.69	6.19	2.0	45.3	30" OUTLET PIPE
3	DP-2 + POND A RELEASE	7.48	35.04	19.0	3.17	5.32	23.7	186.5	EXISTING CHANNEL
4	BASIN B	18.84	30.82	16.2	3.40	5.71	64.1	176.0	POND B
5	BASIN OS-4	1000.00	1708.50	60.0	1.44	2.42	1441.5	4129.9	FROM CTL REPORT - NORTH BEAVER CREEK DEBRIS FLOW RATE
6	DP-5 + BASIN D	1002.75	1717.74	60.5	1.43	2.40	1433.0	4116.3	Proposed Box Culvert - Triple 15' x 8'
7	BASIN F + BASIN OS-3	2.42	9.69	10.5	4.06	6.82	9.8	66.1	GRATED INLETS & BYPASS STORM
8	BASIN E + BASIN OS-2	2.60	10.39	17.0	3.34	5.60	8.7	58.2	GRATED INLETS & BYPASS STORM
9	DP-6 + DP-7 + DP-8	1007.77	1737.83	60.5	1.43	2.40	1440.1	4164.4	EXISTING CHANNEL
	POND B RELEASE	0.65	11.31	16.2	3.40	5.71	2.2	64.6	30" OUTLET PIPE
10	DP-9 + POND B RELEASE	1008.42	1749.14	60.5	1.43	2.40	1441.1	4191.5	EXISTING CHANNEL
11	BASIN C	11.29	16.79	9.8	4.16	6.98	46.9	117.2	POND C
	POND C RELEASE	0.29	3.51	9.8	4.16	6.98	1.2	24.5	30" OUTLET PIPE
12	DP-10 + POND C RELEASE	1008.71	1752.65	60.5	1.43	2.40	1441.5	4199.9	EXISTING CHANNEL

JOB NAME: *FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2*  
 JOB NUMBER: *1175.21*  
 DATE: *11/20/18*  
 CALCULATED BY: *MAL*

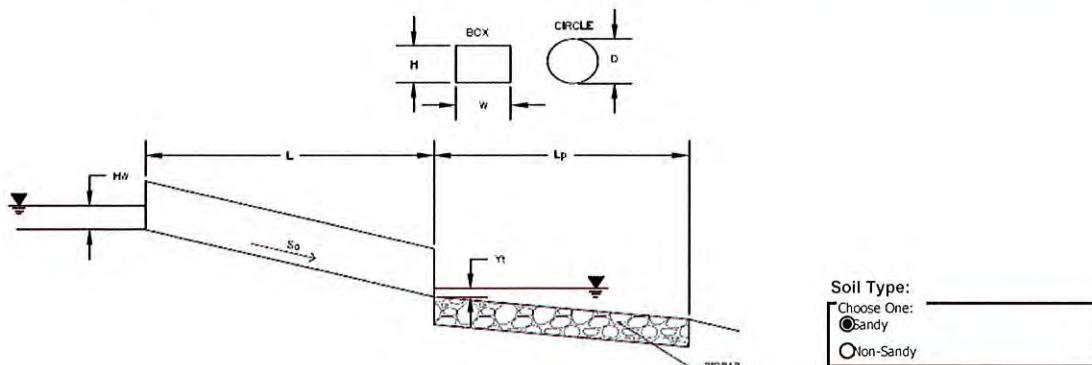
### FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT ~ SURFACE ROUTING SUMMARY

Design Point(s)	Contributing Basins	Equivalent CA(5)	Equivalent CA(100)	Maximum Tc	Intensity			Flow	Feature
					I(5)	I(100)	Q(5)		
THE FOLLOWING ARE TO COMPARE THE HISTORIC FLOW RATES WITHIN THE CHANNEL (UNDEVELOPED CONDITIONS)									
EX-DP-3	BASIN OS-1 + BASIN EX-A	10.31	41.24	19.0	3.17	5.32	32.7	219.5	EXISTING CHANNEL
EX-DP-10	DP-9 + BASIN EX-B	1013.16	1759.41	60.5	1.43	2.40	1447.8	4216.1	EXISTING CHANNEL
EX-DP-12	EX-DP-10 + BASIN EX-C	1015.89	1770.31	60.5	1.43	2.40	1451.7	4242.3	EXISTING CHANNEL

## Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection

Project: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2

Basin ID: DP-6 - MESA TOP ROAD CROSSING OF NORTH BEAVER CREEK



**Supercritical Flow! Using H<sub>a</sub> to calculate protection type.**

### Design Information (Input):

Design Discharge

Circular Culvert:

Barrel Diameter in Inches

Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

Box Culvert:

Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet

Barrel Width (Span) in Feet

Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list)

Number of Barrels

Inlet Elevation

Outlet Elevation OR Slope

Culvert Length

Manning's Roughness

Bend Loss Coefficient

Exit Loss Coefficient

Tailwater Surface Elevation

Max Allowable Channel Velocity

Q =  cfs

D =  inches

OR

Height (Rise) =  ft

Width (Span) =  ft

1.5 : 1 Bevel w/ 90 Deg. Headwall

No =

Elev IN =  ft

Elev OUT =  ft

L =  ft

n =

k<sub>b</sub> =

k<sub>x</sub> =

Elev Y<sub>t</sub> =  ft

V =  ft/s

### Required Protection (Output):

Tailwater Surface Height

Y<sub>t</sub> =  ft

Flow Area at Max Channel Velocity

A<sub>t</sub> =  ft<sup>2</sup>

Culvert Cross Sectional Area Available

A =  ft<sup>2</sup>

Entrance Loss Coefficient

k<sub>e</sub> =

Friction Loss Coefficient

k<sub>f</sub> =

Sum of All Losses Coefficients

k<sub>s</sub> =  ft

Culvert Normal Depth

Y<sub>n</sub> =  ft

Culvert Critical Depth

Y<sub>c</sub> =  ft

Tailwater Depth for Design

d =  ft

Adjusted Diameter OR Adjusted Rise

H<sub>a</sub> =  ft

Expansion Factor

1/(2\*tan(θ)) =

Flow/Diameter<sup>2.5</sup> OR Flow/(Span \* Rise<sup>1.5</sup>)

Q/WH<sup>1.5</sup> =  ft<sup>0.5</sup>/s

Froude Number

Fr =  Supercritical!

Tailwater/Adjusted Diameter OR Tailwater/Adjusted Rise

Y<sub>t</sub>/H =

Inlet Control Headwater

HW<sub>i</sub> =  ft

Outlet Control Headwater

HW<sub>o</sub> =  ft

Design Headwater Elevation

HW =  ft

Headwater/Diameter OR Headwater/Rise Ratio

HW/H =

Minimum Theoretical Riprap Size

d<sub>so</sub> =  in

Nominal Riprap Size

d<sub>so</sub> =  in

UDFCD Riprap Type

Type =

Length of Protection

L<sub>p</sub> =  ft

Width of Protection

T =  ft

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## DP-6 - MESA TOP CROSSING

---

### Project Description

Friction Method                    Manning Formula  
Solve For                         Normal Depth

### Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.013
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft
Height	8.00 ft
Bottom Width	45.00 ft
Discharge	4130.00 ft³/s

### Results

Normal Depth	4.63 ft
Flow Area	208.37 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	54.26 ft
Hydraulic Radius	3.84 ft
Top Width	45.00 ft
Critical Depth	6.40 ft
Percent Full	57.9 %
Critical Slope	0.00185 ft/ft
Velocity	19.82 ft/s
Velocity Head	6.10 ft
Specific Energy	10.74 ft
Froude Number	1.62
Discharge Full	6574.11 ft³/s
Slope Full	0.01267 ft/ft
Flow Type	Supercritical

### GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

### GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Average End Depth Over Rise	0.00 %
Normal Depth Over Rise	57.88 %
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s

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## DP-6 - MESA TOP CROSSING

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### GVF Output Data

Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	4.63	ft
Critical Depth	6.40	ft
Channel Slope	0.00500	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.00185	ft/ft

**DETENTION POND "A"**



Worksheet Pictured

### Site-Level Low Impact Development (LID) Design Effective Impervious Calculator

#### LID Credit by Impervious Reduction Factor (IRF) Method

User Input																																																																																																																																																																																																																
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***Design Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth ***Minor Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth ***Major Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth Optional User Defined Storm (CUHP) NOAA 1 Hour Rainfall Depth and Frequency for User Defined Storm	WQCV Event 10-Year Event 100-Year Event CUHP 100-Year Event	0.53 1.75 2.52 CUHP 	inches inches inches inches 	Designer: Matt Larson Company: Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC Date: November 19, 2018 Project: FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2 Location: POND A																																																																																																																																																																																																												
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## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 1 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 19, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND A

### 1. Basin Storage Volume

- A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area,  $I_a$
- B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio ( $i = I_a / 100$ )
- C) Contributing Watershed Area
- D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm
- E) Design Concept  
(Select EURV when also designing for flood control)
- F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time  
 $(V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area)$
- G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region,  
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume  
 $(V_{WQCV\ OTHER} = (d_6 * V_{DESIGN}) / 0.43)$
- H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume  
(Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)
- I) Predominant Watershed NRCS Soil Group

$$I_a = \underline{41.4} \quad \%$$

$$i = \underline{0.414}$$

$$Area = \underline{37.550} \quad ac$$

$$d_6 = \underline{0.42} \quad in$$

Choose One

- Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)  
 Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)

$$V_{DESIGN} = \underline{0.574} \quad ac-ft$$

$$V_{DESIGN\ OTHER} = \underline{0.561} \quad ac-ft$$

$$V_{DESIGN\ USER} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad ac-ft$$

- Choose One
- A  
 B  
 C / D

$$EURV = \underline{1.642} \quad ac-ft$$

### 2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio (A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)

$$L : W = \underline{2.0} : 1$$

### 3. Basin Side Slopes

- A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes  
(Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)

$$Z = \underline{4.00} \quad ft / ft$$

### 4. Inlet

- A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:

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## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 2 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 19, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND A

### 5. Forebay

A) Minimum Forebay Volume  
( $V_{FMIN} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\% \text{ of the WQCV}$ )

$$V_{FMIN} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ac-ft}$$

B) Actual Forebay Volume

$$V_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ac-ft}$$

C) Forebay Depth  
( $D_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ inch maximum}$ )

$$D_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ in}$$

D) Forebay Discharge

i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge

$$Q_{100} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cfs}$$

ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow  
( $Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}$ )

$$Q_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cfs}$$

E) Forebay Discharge Design

Choose One

Berm With Pipe

Wall with Rect. Notch

Wall with V-Notch Weir

(flow too small for berm w/ pipe)

F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 6-inches)

$$\text{Calculated } D_p = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ in}$$

G) Rectangular Notch Width

$$\text{Calculated } W_N = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ in}$$

### 6. Trickle Channel

A) Type of Trickle Channel

Choose One

Concrete

Soft Bottom

F) Slope of Trickle Channel

$$S = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ft / ft}$$

### 7. Micropool and Outlet Structure

A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum)

$$D_M = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ft}$$

B) Surface Area of Micropool (10 ft<sup>2</sup> minimum)

$$A_M = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ sq ft}$$

C) Outlet Type

Choose One

Orifice Plate

Other (Describe):

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D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing  
(Use UD-Detention)

$$D_{orifice} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ inches}$$

E) Total Outlet Area

$$A_{ot} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ square inches}$$

## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 3 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 19, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND A

<p>8. Initial Surcharge Volume</p> <p>A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches)</p> <p>B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of 0.3% of the WQCV)</p> <p>C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool</p>	<p><math>D_{IS} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>V_{IS} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 73.3 \text{ cu ft}</math></p> <p><math>V_s = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 116.7 \text{ cu ft}</math></p>
<p>9. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: <math>A_t = A_{ct} * 38.5 * (e^{-0.095D})</math></p> <p>B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open area to the total screen area for the material specified.)</p> <p>Other (Y/N): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N</p> <p>C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')</p> <p>D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)</p> <p>E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E)</p> <p>F) Height of Water Quality Screen (<math>H_{TR}</math>)</p> <p>G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening (<math>W_{opening}</math>) (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended)</p>	
<p><math>A_t = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 210 \text{ square inches}</math></p> <p style="background-color: #c6e2ff; padding: 2px;"><b>S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area</b></p> <hr/> <hr/> <p>User Ratio =</p> <p><math>A_{total} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 350 \text{ sq. in.}</math></p> <p><math>H = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 5 \text{ feet}</math></p> <p><math>H_{TR} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 88 \text{ inches}</math></p> <p><math>W_{opening} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 12.0 \text{ inches}</math></p>	

## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 4 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 19, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND A

<p>10. Overflow Embankment</p> <p>A) Describe embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping:</p>	<p>45' WIDE SPILLWAY AT ELEV. 7117.00</p> <hr/> <hr/>
<p>B) Slope of Overflow Embankment (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	10.00
11. Vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Choose One <input type="radio"/> Irrigated <input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Irrigated
12. Access	<p>A) Describe Sediment Removal Procedures</p> <p>12' WIDE ACCESS ROAD W/ MIN. 30' CL RADIUS TO POND BOTTOM</p> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>
Notes: _____ <hr/> <hr/>	

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

POND A EURV

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

POND ELEVATION :	
(from lowest to highest)	7108.00
	7108.00
	7110.00
	7112.00
	7113.00

AREA (BTM to TOP):		
	-	acres
123	0.00	acres
17,934	0.41	acres
23,642	0.54	acres
26,777	0.61	acres
	-	acres

PRELIMINARY SIZE:

$$\text{VOLUME} = \frac{1}{3}\{(EL_2 - EL_1) * (A_1 + A_2 + ((A_1 * A_2)^{.5}))\}$$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,108	to	7,108	
0.30	AC-FT	from	7,108	to	7,110	0.30
0.94	AC-FT	from	7,110	to	7,112	1.24
0.57	AC-FT	from	7,112	to	7,113	1.81
-	AC-FT	from	7,113	to	-	1.81
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.81
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.81
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.81
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.81
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.81
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.81

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

$$\text{VOLUME} = \underline{\underline{1.81 \text{ AC-FT}}}$$

APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME			SURFACE AREA (SF)
	AC-FT	=	CF	
4	1.81	=	78,869	19,717
6	1.81	=	78,869	13,145
8	1.81	=	78,869	9,859
10	1.81	=	78,869	7,887

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

### POND A SPILLWAY

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

POND ELEVATION :	
(from lowest to highest)	
	7108.00
	7108.00
	7110.00
	7112.00
	7114.00
	7116.00
	7117.00

AREA (BTM to TOP):		
	-	acres
123	0.00	acres
17,934	0.41	acres
23,642	0.54	acres
30,115	0.69	acres
37,329	0.86	acres
41,187	0.95	acres
	-	acres

### PRELIMINARY SIZE:

$$\text{VOLUME} = \frac{1}{3}\{(EL_2 - EL_1) * (A_1 + A_2 + ((A_1 * A_2)^{.5}))\}$$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,108	to	7,108	
0.30	AC-FT	from	7,108	to	7,110	0.30
0.94	AC-FT	from	7,110	to	7,112	1.24
1.22	AC-FT	from	7,112	to	7,114	2.46
1.53	AC-FT	from	7,114	to	7,116	3.99
0.89	AC-FT	from	7,116	to	7,117	4.88
-	AC-FT	from	7,117	to	-	4.88
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	4.88
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	4.88
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	4.88
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	4.88

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

$$\text{VOLUME} = 4.88 \text{ AC-FT}$$

### APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME			SURFACE AREA (SF)
	AC-FT	CF	=	
4	4.88	=	#####	53,127
6	4.88	=	#####	35,418
8	4.88	=	#####	26,564
10	4.88	=	#####	21,251

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

POND A - TOP OF BERM

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

POND ELEVATION :	
(from lowest to highest)	7108.00
	7108.00
	7110.00
	7112.00
	7114.00
	7116.00
	7118.00
	7120.00

AREA (BTM to TOP):		
	-	acres
123	0.00	acres
17,934	0.41	acres
23,642	0.54	acres
30,115	0.69	acres
37,329	0.86	acres
45,204	1.04	acres
53,556	1.23	acres
	-	acres

PRELIMINARY SIZE:

$$\text{VOLUME} = \frac{1}{3}\{(EL_2 - EL_1) * (A_1 + A_2 + ((A_1 * A_2)^{.5}))\}$$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,108	to	7,108	
0.30	AC-FT	from	7,108	to	7,110	0.30
0.94	AC-FT	from	7,110	to	7,112	1.24
1.22	AC-FT	from	7,112	to	7,114	2.46
1.53	AC-FT	from	7,114	to	7,116	3.99
1.87	AC-FT	from	7,116	to	7,118	5.86
2.24	AC-FT	from	7,118	to	7,120	8.10
-	AC-FT	from	7,120	to	-	8.10
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	8.10
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	8.10
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	8.10

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

$$\text{VOLUME} = 8.10 \text{ AC-FT}$$

APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME			SURFACE AREA (SF)
	AC-FT	CF	=	
4	8.10	=	#####	88,225
6	8.10	=	#####	58,816
8	8.10	=	#####	44,112
10	8.10	=	#####	35,290

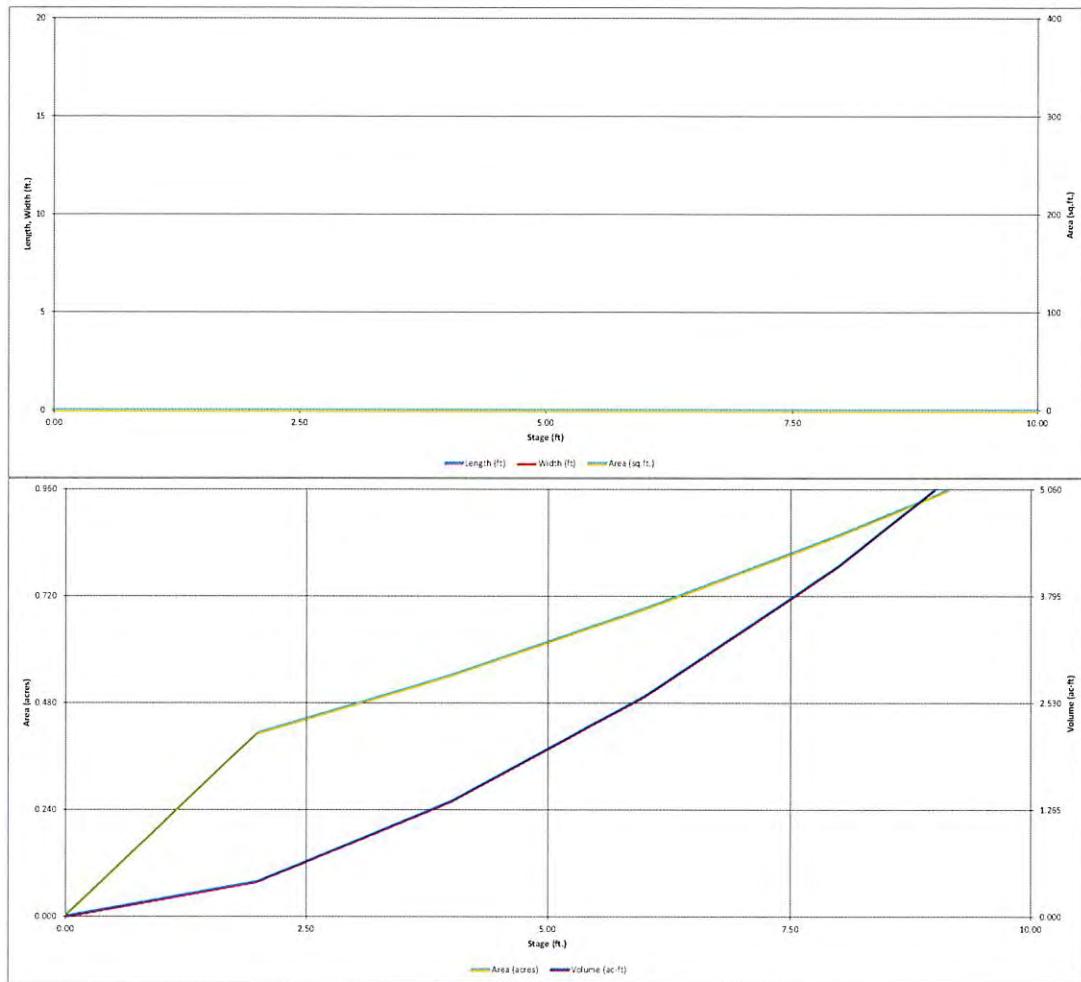
## DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

 Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)																																																																																						
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## DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

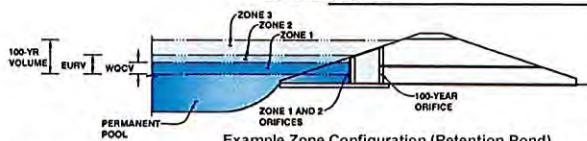


## Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2

Basin ID: POND A



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Stage (ft)	Zone Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.38	0.574	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	4.48	1.063	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	6.66	1.438	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
		3.075	Total

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =  ft (distance below the filtration media surface)  
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =  inches  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ.Orifice Area per Row =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Elliptical Half-Width =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Centroid =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.67	3.33				
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	12.00	12.00	16.00				
Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)							
Orifice Area (sq. inches)							

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Invert of Vertical Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Vertical Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

Vertical Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Vertical Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox) and Grate (Flat or Sloped)

Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H<sub>o</sub> =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =  feet  
Overflow Weir Slope =  H:V (enter zero for flat grate)  
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =  feet  
Overflow Grate Open Area % =  %: grate open area/total area  
Debris Clogging % =  %

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected
6.00	N/A
4.12	N/A
2.86	N/A
14.02	N/A
7.01	N/A

Height of Grate Upper Edge, H<sub>g</sub> =  feet  
Over Flow Weir Slope Length =  feet  
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =   
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =  ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Outlet Pipe Diameter =  inches  
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected
4.91	N/A
1.25	N/A
3.14	N/A

Outlet Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Outlet Orifice Centroid =  feet  
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =  radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Spillway Crest Length =  feet  
Spillway End Slopes =  H:V  
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =  feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Design Flow Depth	feet
0.75	feet
10.75	feet
1.11	acres

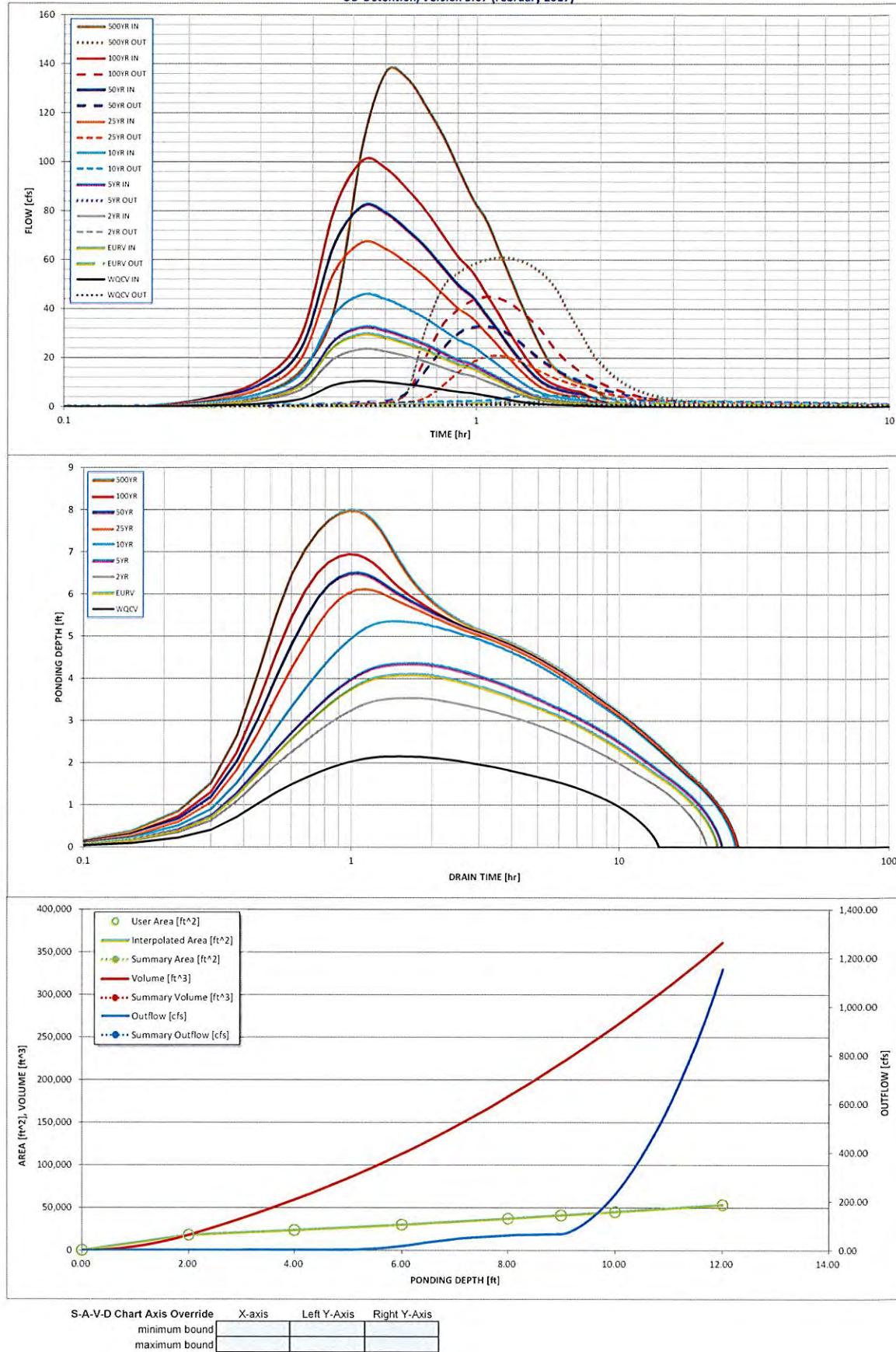
Stage at Top of Freeboard =  feet  
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =  acres

### Routed Hydrograph Results

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	0.53	1.07	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.10
Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.574	1.637	1.295	1.797	2.532	3.761	4.592	5.682	7.788
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =									
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	0.573	1.636	1.294	1.796	2.530	3.760	4.590	5.670	7.777
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/ft) =	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.22	0.72	1.00	1.34	1.95
Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.851	8.3	27.1	37.4	50.2	73.1
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	10.5	29.7	23.6	32.6	45.7	67.5	82.1	100.9	137.3
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.9	1.9	1.5	2.037	4.6	21.3	32.9	45.3	61.1
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.4	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =									
Structure Controlling Flow =									
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.2	1.3	2.1	3.0	4.1
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	13	21	19	22	24	23	22	22	20
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	14	22	20	23	26	26	25	25	24
Maximum Pending Depth (ft) =	2.15	4.10	3.54	4.36	5.35	6.14	6.50	6.97	8.00
Area at Maximum Pending Depth (acres) =	0.42	0.55	0.51	0.57	0.64	0.70	0.73	0.77	0.86
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.477	1.424	1.121	1.563	2.163	2.701	2.959	3.305	4.143

## Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override  
 X-axis      Left Y-Axis      Right Y-Axis  
 minimum bound                      
 maximum bound

## **Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design**

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

## Storm Inflow Hydrographs

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

## **Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design**

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

## **Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships**

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

## **DETENTION POND “B”**



Worksheet Protected

### Site-Level Low Impact Development (LID) Design Effective Impervious Calculator

#### LID Credit by Impervious Reduction Factor (IRF) Method

<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">User Input</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Calculated cells</div> <div style="margin-bottom: 10px;">         ***Design Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth      W/QCV Event: 0.53 inches          ***Minor Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth      10-Year Event: 1.75 inches          ***Major Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth      100-Year Event: 2.52 inches          Optional User Defined Storm      CUHP          (CUHP) NOAA 1 Hour Rainfall Depth and Frequency for User Defined Storm      100-Year Event: [empty]       </div> <div style="margin-bottom: 5px;">Max Intensity for Optional User Defined Storm: 0</div>	Designer: Matt Larson Company: Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC Date: November 20, 2018 Project: FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2 Location: POND B
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SITE INFORMATION (USER-INPUT)													
Sub-basin Identifier	TRIB BASIN												
Receiving Pervious Area Soil Type	Sandy Loam												
Total Area (ac., Sum of DCIA, UIA, RPA, & SPA)	59.940												
Directly Connected Impervious Area (DCIA, acres)	15.110												
Unconnected Impervious Area (UIA, acres)	2.170												
Receiving Pervious Area (RPA, acres)	0.890												
Separate Pervious Area (SPA, acres)	41.770												
RPA Treatment Type: Conveyance (C), Volume (V), or Permeable Pavement (PP)	C												

CALCULATED RESULTS (OUTPUT)													
Total Calculated Area (ac, check against input)	59.940												
Directly Connected Impervious Area (DCIA, %)	25.2%												
Unconnected Impervious Area (UIA, %)	3.6%												
Receiving Pervious Area (RPA, %)	1.5%												
Separate Pervious Area (SPA, %)	69.7%												
A <sub>k</sub> (RPA / UIA)	0.410												
I <sub>1</sub> Check	0.710												
f / I for W/QCV Event:	2.0												
f / I for 10-Year Event:	0.5												
f / I for 100-Year Event:	0.3												
<b>I / I for Optional User Defined Storm CUHP:</b>													
IRF for W/QCV Event:	0.73												
IRF for 10-Year Event:	0.93												
IRF for 100-Year Event:	0.96												
<b>IRF for Optional User Defined Storm CUHP:</b>													
Total Site Imperviousness: I <sub>total</sub>	28.8%												
Effective Imperviousness for W/QCV Event:	27.9%												
Effective Imperviousness for 10-Year Event:	28.6%												
Effective Imperviousness for 100-Year Event:	28.7%												
<b>Effective Imperviousness for Optional User Defined Storm CUHP:</b>													

LID / EFFECTIVE IMPERVIOUSNESS CREDITS												
W/QCV Event CREDIT: Reduce Detention By:	2.2%	N/A										
10-Year Event CREDIT**: Reduce Detention By:	0.9%	N/A										
100-Year Event CREDIT**: Reduce Detention By:	0.5%	N/A										
User Defined CUHP CREDIT: Reduce Detention By:												

Total Site Imperviousness:	28.8%	
Total Site Effective Imperviousness for W/QCV Event:	27.9%	
Total Site Effective Imperviousness for 10-Year Event:	28.6%	
Total Site Effective Imperviousness for 100-Year Event:	28.7%	
Total Site Effective Imperviousness for Optional User Defined Storm CUHP:		

Notes:

\* Use Green-Ampt average infiltration rate values from Table 3-3.

\*\* Flood control detention volume credits based on empirical equations from Storage Chapter of USDCM.

\*\*\* Method assumes that 1-hour rainfall depth is equivalent to 1 hour intensity for calculation purposes.

## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 1 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 20, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND B

<p><b>1. Basin Storage Volume</b></p> <p>A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, <math>I_a</math></p> <p>B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio (<math>i = I_a / 100</math>)</p> <p>C) Contributing Watershed Area</p> <p>D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm</p> <p>E) Design Concept (Select EURV when also designing for flood control)</p> <p>F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time (<math>V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area</math>)</p> <p>G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (<math>V_{WQCV\_OTHER} = (d_6 * (V_{DESIGN} / 0.43))</math>)</p> <p>H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)</p> <p>I) Predominant Watershed NRCS Soil Group</p> <p>J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume For HSG A: <math>EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}</math> For HSG B: <math>EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}</math> For HSG C/D: <math>EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}</math></p>	<p><math>I_a = 28.8 \%</math></p> <p><math>i = 0.288</math></p> <p>Area = 59.940 ac</p> <p><math>d_6 = 0.42</math> in</p> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)  <input checked="" type="radio"/> Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)</p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN} = 0.738</math> ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN\_OTHER} = 0.720</math> ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN\_USER} = </math> ac-ft</p> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> A  <input checked="" type="radio"/> B  <input type="radio"/> C / D</p> <p><math>EURV = 1.771</math> ac-ft</p>
<p>2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio (A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)</p>	<p><math>L : W = 2.0 : 1</math></p>
<p>3. Basin Side Slopes</p> <p>A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p><math>Z = 4.00</math> ft / ft</p>
<p>4. Inlet</p> <p>A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:</p>	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>

## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 2 of 4

**Designer:** Matt Larson  
**Company:** Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC  
**Date:** November 20, 2018  
**Project:** FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2  
**Location:** POND B

<p><b>5. Forebay</b></p> <p>A) Minimum Forebay Volume (<math>V_{FMIN} = \underline{3\%}</math> of the WQCV)</p> <p>B) Actual Forebay Volume</p> <p>C) Forebay Depth (<math>D_F = \underline{18}</math> inch maximum)</p> <p>D) Forebay Discharge</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge</li> <li>ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow (<math>Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}</math>)</li> </ul> <p>E) Forebay Discharge Design</p> <p>F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 6-inches)</p> <p>G) Rectangular Notch Width</p>	<p><math>V_{FMIN} = \underline{0.022}</math> ac-ft</p> <p><math>V_F = \underline{0.025}</math> ac-ft</p> <p><math>D_F = \underline{12.0}</math> in</p> <p><math>Q_{100} = \underline{176.00}</math> cfs</p> <p><math>Q_F = \underline{3.52}</math> cfs</p> <p>Choose One  <input type="checkbox"/> Berm With Pipe  <input checked="" type="radio"/> Wall with Rect. Notch  <input type="checkbox"/> Wall with V-Notch Weir</p> <p>(flow too small for berm w/ pipe)</p> <p>Calculated <math>D_N = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> in</p> <p>Calculated <math>W_N = \underline{15.1}</math> in</p> <p><b>6. Trickle Channel</b></p> <p>A) Type of Trickle Channel</p> <p>F) Slope of Trickle Channel</p> <p><math>S = \underline{0.0050}</math> ft / ft</p> <p><b>7. Micropool and Outlet Structure</b></p> <p>A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum)</p> <p>B) Surface Area of Micropool (10 ft<sup>2</sup> minimum)</p> <p>C) Outlet Type</p> <p>D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing (Use UD-Detention)</p> <p>E) Total Outlet Area</p> <p><math>D_M = \underline{2.5}</math> ft</p> <p><math>A_M = \underline{250}</math> sq ft</p> <p>Choose One  <input checked="" type="radio"/> Orifice Plate  <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Describe):</p> <hr/> <hr/> <p><math>D_{orifice} = \underline{1.00}</math> inches</p> <p><math>A_{ot} = \underline{6.00}</math> square inches</p>
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## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 3 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 20, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND B

<p>8. Initial Surcharge Volume</p> <p>A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches)</p> <p>B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of 0.3% of the WQCV)</p> <p>C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool</p>	<p><math>D_{IS} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>V_{IS} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 94.2 \text{ cu ft}</math></p> <p><math>V_s = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 104.2 \text{ cu ft}</math></p>
<p>9. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: <math>A_t = A_{ot} * 38.5 * (e^{-0.095D})</math></p> <p>B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open area to the total screen area for the material specified.)</p> <p>Other (Y/N): <u>N</u></p> <p>C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')</p> <p>D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)</p> <p>E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E)</p> <p>F) Height of Water Quality Screen (<math>H_{TR}</math>)</p> <p>G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening (<math>W_{opening}</math>) (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended)</p>	
<p><math>A_t = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 210 \text{ square inches}</math></p> <p><u>S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area</u></p> <hr/> <hr/> <p>User Ratio =</p> <p><math>A_{total} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 350 \text{ sq. in.}</math></p> <p><math>H = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 5.3 \text{ feet}</math></p> <p><math>H_{TR} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 91.6 \text{ inches}</math></p> <p><math>W_{opening} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 12.0 \text{ inches}</math></p>	

## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 4 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 20, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND B

<p>10. Overflow Embankment</p> <p>A) Describe embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping:</p>	<p>50' WIDE CONCRETE SPILLWAY AT ELEV. 7061.00</p> <hr/> <hr/>
<p>B) Slope of Overflow Embankment (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)</p>	<p>10.00</p>
<p>11. Vegetation</p>	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Irrigated</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Irrigated</p>
<p>12. Access</p> <p>A) Describe Sediment Removal Procedures</p>	<p>12' WIDE ACCESS ROAD W/ MIN. 30' CL RADIUS TO POND BOTTOM</p> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>
<p>Notes:</p> <hr/> <hr/>	

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

### POND B EURV

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

#### POND ELEVATION :

(from lowest to highest)

**7052.00**

**7052.00**

**7054.00**

**7056.00**

**7057.30**

#### AREA (BTM to TOP):

	-	acres
<b>110</b>	0.00	acres
<b>16,997</b>	0.39	acres
<b>22,075</b>	0.51	acres
<b>25,000</b>	0.57	acres
	-	acres

#### PRELIMINARY SIZE:

$$\text{VOLUME} = \frac{1}{3}\{(EL_2 - EL_1) * (A_1 + A_2 + ((A_1 * A_2)^{.5}))\}$$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,052	to	7,052	
0.28	AC-FT	from	7,052	to	7,054	0.28
0.89	AC-FT	from	7,054	to	7,056	1.17
0.69	AC-FT	from	7,056	to	7,057	1.86
-	AC-FT	from	7,057	to	-	1.86
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.86
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.86
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.86
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.86
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.86
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	1.86

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

$$\text{VOLUME} = \underline{\underline{1.86 \text{ AC-FT}}}$$

#### APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME		SURFACE AREA (SF)
	AC-FT	CF	
4	1.86	=	81,038
6	1.86	=	81,038
8	1.86	=	81,038
10	1.86	=	81,038

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

POND B - SPILLWAY

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

POND ELEVATION :	
(from lowest to highest)	7052.00
	7052.00
	7054.00
	7056.00
	7058.00
	7060.00
	7061.00

AREA (BTM to TOP):		
	-	acres
110	0.00	acres
16,997	0.39	acres
22,075	0.51	acres
27,607	0.63	acres
33,584	0.77	acres
36,749	0.84	acres
	-	acres

PRELIMINARY SIZE:

$$\text{VOLUME} = \frac{1}{3}\{(EL_2 - EL_1)(A_1 + A_2 + ((A_1 \cdot A_2)^{.5}))\}$$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,052	to	7,052	
0.28	AC-FT	from	7,052	to	7,054	0.28
0.89	AC-FT	from	7,054	to	7,056	1.17
1.13	AC-FT	from	7,056	to	7,058	2.29
1.39	AC-FT	from	7,058	to	7,060	3.68
0.80	AC-FT	from	7,060	to	7,061	4.48
-	AC-FT	from	7,061	to	-	4.48
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	4.48
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	4.48
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	4.48
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	4.48

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

$$\text{VOLUME} = 4.48 \text{ AC-FT}$$

APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME		SURFACE AREA
	AC-FT	CF	(SF)
4	4.48	=	#####
6	4.48	=	#####
8	4.48	=	#####
10	4.48	=	#####

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

POND B - TOP OF BERM

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

POND ELEVATION :

(from lowest to highest) **7052.00**

**7052.00**  
**7054.00**  
**7056.00**  
**7058.00**  
**7060.00**  
**7062.00**  
**7064.00**

AREA (BTM to TOP):

	-	acres
<b>110</b>	0.00	acres
<b>16,997</b>	0.39	acres
<b>22,075</b>	0.51	acres
<b>27,607</b>	0.63	acres
<b>33,584</b>	0.77	acres
<b>40,007</b>	0.92	acres
<b>46,829</b>	1.08	acres
	-	acres

PRELIMINARY SIZE:

VOLUME =  $1/3\{(EL2-EL1)*(A1+A2+((A1*A2)^{.5}))\}$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,052	to	7,052	
0.28	AC-FT	from	7,052	to	7,054	0.28
0.89	AC-FT	from	7,054	to	7,056	1.17
1.13	AC-FT	from	7,056	to	7,058	2.29
1.39	AC-FT	from	7,058	to	7,060	3.68
1.67	AC-FT	from	7,060	to	7,062	5.35
1.97	AC-FT	from	7,062	to	7,064	7.32
-	AC-FT	from	7,064	to	-	7.32
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	7.32
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	7.32
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	7.32

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

VOLUME = **7.32 AC-FT**

APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME			SURFACE AREA (SF)
	AC-FT	CF	=	
4	7.32	=	# #####	79,743
6	7.32	=	# #####	53,162
8	7.32	=	# #####	39,871
10	7.32	=	# #####	31,897

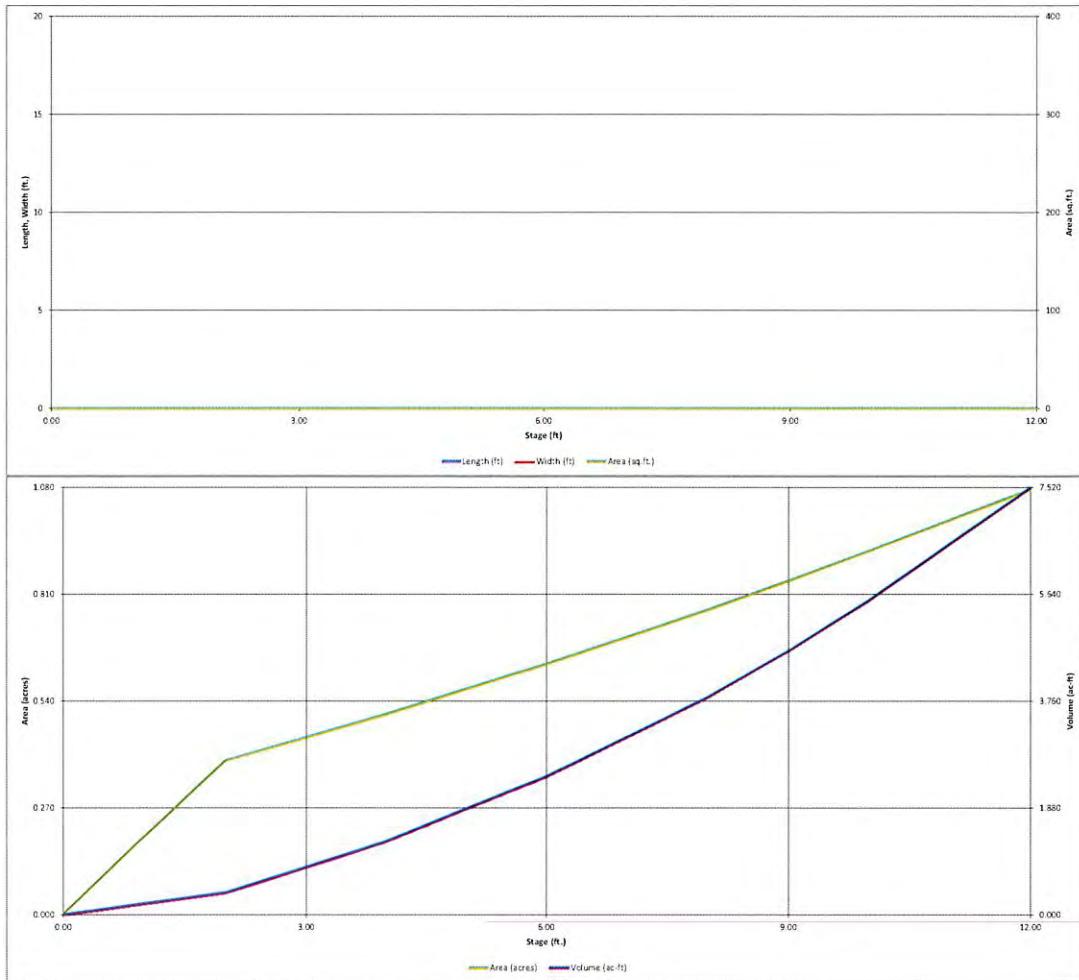
**DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER**

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2 Basin ID: POND B	
<p align="center">Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)</p>	
Required Volume Calculation	
Selected BMP Type =	<b>EDB</b>
Watershed Area =	<b>59.04</b> acres
Watershed Length =	<b>2,300</b> ft
Watershed Slope =	<b>0.060</b> ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	<b>28.80%</b> percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	<b>0.0%</b> percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	<b>100.0%</b> percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C-D =	<b>0.0%</b> percent
Desired WQCV Drain Time =	<b>40.0</b> hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	<b>0.738</b> acre-feet
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	<b>1,766</b> acre-feet
2-yr Runoff Volume ( $P_1 = 1.19$ in.) =	<b>1,348</b> acre-feet
5-yr Runoff Volume ( $P_1 = 1.5$ in.) =	<b>1,925</b> acre-feet
10-yr Runoff Volume ( $P_1 = 1.75$ in.) =	<b>2,971</b> acre-feet
25-yr Runoff Volume ( $P_1 = 2.0$ in.) =	<b>5,052</b> acre-feet
50-yr Runoff Volume ( $P_1 = 2.25$ in.) =	<b>6,413</b> acre-feet
100-yr Runoff Volume ( $P_1 = 2.52$ in.) =	<b>8,194</b> acre-feet
500-yr Runoff Volume ( $P_1 = 3.1$ in.) =	<b>11,589</b> acre-feet
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	<b>1,258</b> acre-feet
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	<b>1,806</b> acre-feet
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	<b>2,659</b> acre-feet
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	<b>3,102</b> acre-feet
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	<b>3,270</b> acre-feet
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	<b>3,883</b> acre-feet
Optional User Override 1-hr Precipitation	
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	<b>0.738</b> acre-feet
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	<b>1,028</b> acre-feet
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	<b>2,117</b> acre-feet
Total Detention Basin Volume =	<b>3,883</b> acre-feet
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	<b>user</b> ft <sup>3</sup>
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	<b>user</b> ft
Total Available Detention Depth ( $H_{det}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Depth of Trickle Channel ( $H_{trc}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Slope of Trickle Channel ( $S_{trc}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft/ft
Slopes of Main Basin Sides ( $S_{mbz}$ ) =	<b>user</b> H.V
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio ( $R_{l/w}$ ) =	<b>user</b>
Initial Surcharge Area (A <sub>isv</sub> ) =	<b>user</b> ft <sup>2</sup>
Surcharge Volume Length (L <sub>isv</sub> ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Surcharge Volume Width (W <sub>isv</sub> ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Depth of Basin Floor ( $H_{floor}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Length of Basin Floor ( $L_{floor}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Width of Basin Floor ( $W_{floor}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Area of Basin Floor ( $A_{floor}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft <sup>2</sup>
Volume of Basin Floor ( $V_{floor}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft <sup>3</sup>
Depth of Main Basin ( $H_{mbz}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Length of Main Basin ( $L_{mbz}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Width of Main Basin ( $W_{mbz}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft
Area of Main Basin ( $A_{mbz}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft <sup>2</sup>
Volume of Main Basin ( $V_{mbz}$ ) =	<b>user</b> ft <sup>3</sup>
Calculated Total Basin Volume ( $V_{total}$ ) =	<b>user</b> acre-feet

**DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER**

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

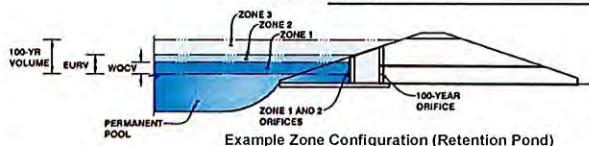


## Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2

Basin ID: POND B



	Stage (ft)	Zone Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.84	0.738	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	4.89	1.028	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	8.07	2.117	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
		3.883	Total

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =  ft (distance below the filtration media surface)  
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =  inches  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Elliptical Half-Width =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Centroid =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft) <input type="text" value="0.00"/>	<input type="text" value="1.77"/>	<input type="text" value="3.53"/>					
Orifice Area (sq. inches) <input type="text" value="12.00"/>	<input type="text" value="12.00"/>	<input type="text" value="16.00"/>					

Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)							
Orifice Area (sq. inches)							

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Invert of Vertical Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Vertical Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

Not Selected  
Vertical Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Vertical Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox) and Grate (Flat or Sloped)

Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H<sub>o</sub> =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =  feet  
Overflow Weir Slope =  H:V (enter zero for flat grate)  
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =  feet  
Overflow Grate Open Area % =  %, grate open area/total area  
Debris Clogging % =  %

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

Not Selected  
Height of Grate Upper Edge, H<sub>g</sub> =  feet  
Over Flow Weir Slope Length =  feet  
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =  should be ≥ 4  
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =  ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Outlet Pipe Diameter =  inches  
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

Not Selected  
Outlet Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Outlet Orifice Centroid =  feet  
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =  radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Spillway Crest Length =  feet  
Spillway End Slopes =  H:V  
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =  feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

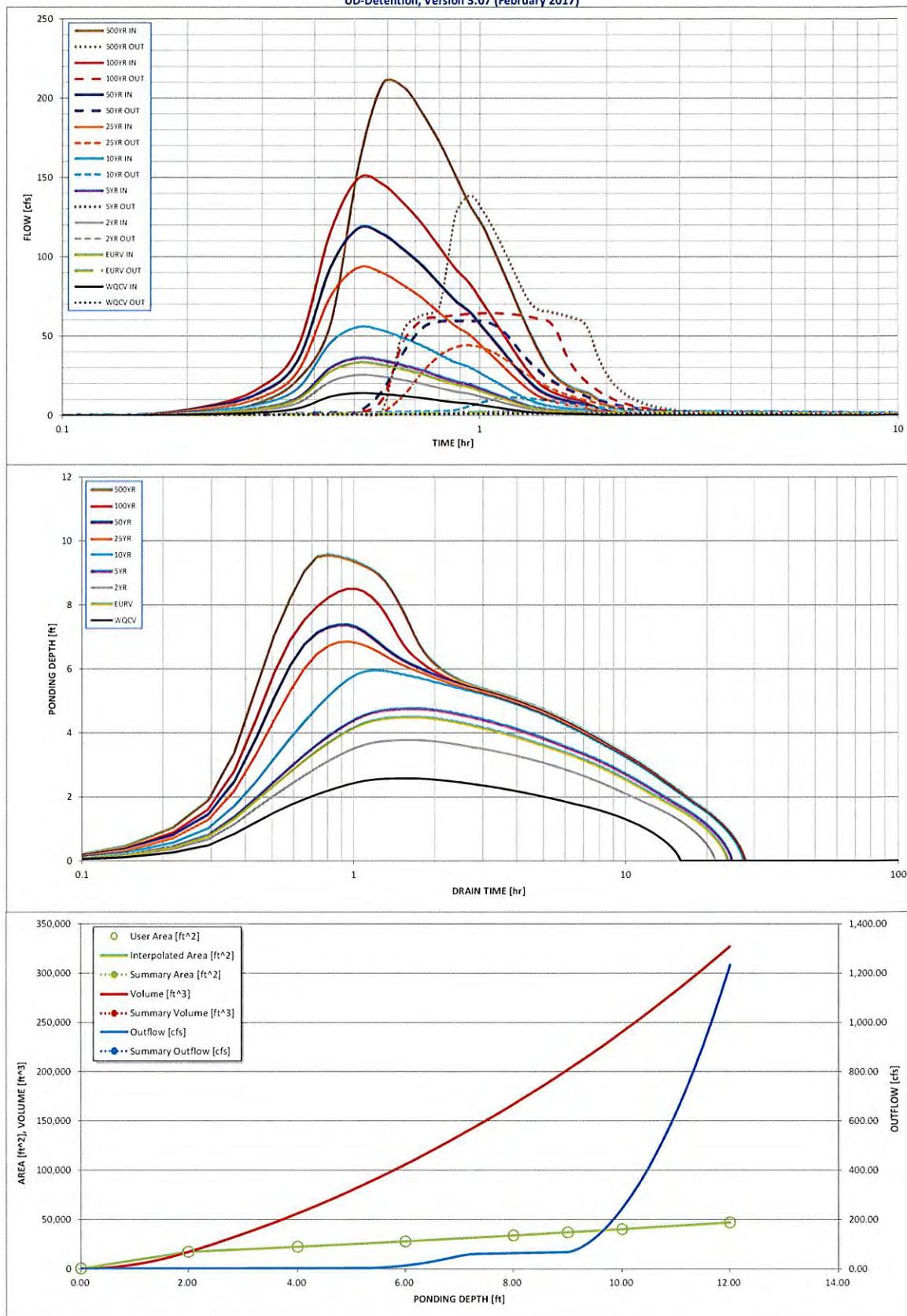
Spillway Design Flow Depth =  feet  
Stage at Top of Freeboard =  feet  
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =  acres

### Routed Hydrograph Results

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	0.53	1.07	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.10
Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.738	1.766	1.348	1.925	2.971	5.052	6.413	8.194	11.589
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =									
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	0.738	1.766	1.349	1.926	2.973	5.054	6.417	8.195	11.597
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.23	0.75	1.03	1.38	2.01
Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.412	13.8	44.8	61.9	82.9	120.6
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	14.0	33.2	25.4	36.1	55.4	93.3	117.8	149.4	209.2
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	1.0	2.0	1.6	2.160	10.9	44.5	59.4	64.6	138.7
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.1
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Overflow Grate 1	Overflow Grate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.4	2.0	2.7	2.9	3.1
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	15	21	19	22	24	22	21	20	18
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	15	23	21	24	26	25	25	24	23
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	2.58	4.49	3.77	4.75	5.94	6.87	7.37	8.51	9.57
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.42	0.54	0.49	0.55	0.63	0.69	0.73	0.81	0.89
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.625	1.546	1.175	1.688	2.386	3.001	3.363	4.238	5.126

## Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override  
 minimum bound   
 maximum bound

X-axis

Left Y-axis

Right Y-axis

## **Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design**

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

## Storm Inflow Hydrographs

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

## **Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design**

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

#### **Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships**

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

## **DETENTION POND "C"**



Worksheet Protected

### Site-Level Low Impact Development (LID) Design Effective Impervious Calculator

#### LID Credit by Impervious Reduction Factor (IRF) Method

User Input											
Calculated cells											
...Design Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth ...Minor Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth ...Major Storm: 1-Hour Rain Depth Optional User Defined Storm (CUHP) NOAA 1 Hour Rainfall Depth and Frequency for User Defined Storm	WQCV Event 10-Year Event 100-Year Event CUHP 100-Year Event	0.53 1.75 2.52	inches inches inches								
Max Intensity for Optional User Defined Storm	0										
<b>SITE INFORMATION (USER-INPUT)</b>											
Sub-basin Identifier	TRIB BASIN										
Receiving Pervious Area Soil Type	Sandy Loam										
Total Area (ac., Sum of DCIA, UIA, RPA, & SPA)	30.280										
Directly Connected Impervious Area (DCIA, acres)	9.570										
Unconnected Impervious Area (UIA, acres)	1.170										
Receiving Pervious Area (RPA, acres)	0.480										
Separate Pervious Area (SPA, acres)	19.060										
RPA Treatment Type: Conveyance (C), Volume (V), or Permeable Pavement (PP)	C										
<b>CALCULATED RESULTS (OUTPUT)</b>											
Total Calculated Area (ac, check against input)	30.280										
Directly Connected Impervious Area (DCIA, %)	31.6%										
Unconnected Impervious Area (UIA, %)	3.9%										
Receiving Pervious Area (RPA, %)	1.6%										
Separate Pervious Area (SPA, %)	62.9%										
$A_k$ (RPA / UIA)	0.410										
$I_s$ Check	0.710										
f / I for WQCV Event:	2.0										
f / I for 10-Year Event:	0.5										
f / I for 100-Year Event:	0.3										
f / I for Optional User Defined Storm CUHP:											
IRF for WQCV Event:	0.73										
IRF for 10-Year Event:	0.93										
IRF for 100-Year Event:	0.96										
IRF for Optional User Defined Storm CUHP:											
Total Site Imperviousness: $I_{tot}$ :	35.5%										
Effective Imperviousness for WQCV Event:	34.4%										
Effective Imperviousness for 10-Year Event:	35.2%										
Effective Imperviousness for 100-Year Event:	35.3%										
Effective Imperviousness for Optional User Defined Storm CUHP:											
<b>LID / EFFECTIVE IMPERVIOUSNESS CREDITS</b>											
WQCV Event CREDIT: Reduce Detention By:	1.8%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
10-Year Event CREDIT**: Reduce Detention By:	0.8%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
100-Year Event CREDIT**: Reduce Detention By:	0.4%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
User Defined CUHP CREDIT: Reduce Detention By:											
Total Site Imperviousness:	35.5%										
Total Site Effective Imperviousness for WQCV Event:	34.4%										
Total Site Effective Imperviousness for 10-Year Event:	35.2%										
Total Site Effective Imperviousness for 100-Year Event:	35.3%										
Total Site Effective Imperviousness for Optional User Defined Storm CUHP:											
Notes:											
* Use Green-Ampt average infiltration rate values from Table 3-3.											
** Flood control detention volume credits based on empirical equations from Storage Chapter of USDCM.											
*** Method assumes that 1-hour rainfall depth is equivalent to 1-hour intensity for calculation purposed											

## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 1 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 20, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND C

<p>1. Basin Storage Volume</p> <p>A) Effective Imperviousness of Tributary Area, <math>I_a</math></p> <p>B) Tributary Area's Imperviousness Ratio (<math>i = I_a / 100</math>)</p> <p>C) Contributing Watershed Area</p> <p>D) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average Runoff Producing Storm</p> <p>E) Design Concept (Select EURV when also designing for flood control)</p> <p>F) Design Volume (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time (<math>V_{DESIGN} = (1.0 * (0.91 * i^3 - 1.19 * i^2 + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area</math>)</p> <p>G) For Watersheds Outside of the Denver Region, Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (<math>V_{WQCV\_OTHER} = (d_s * V_{DESIGN}) / 0.43</math>)</p> <p>H) User Input of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume (Only if a different WQCV Design Volume is desired)</p> <p>I) Predominant Watershed NRCS Soil Group</p> <p>J) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume For HSG A: <math>EURV_A = 1.68 * i^{1.28}</math> For HSG B: <math>EURV_B = 1.36 * i^{1.08}</math> For HSG C/D: <math>EURV_{C/D} = 1.20 * i^{1.08}</math></p>	<p><math>I_a = 35.5 \%</math></p> <p><math>i = 0.355</math></p> <p>Area = 30.280 ac</p> <p><math>d_s = 0.42 \text{ in}</math></p> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)</p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN} = 0.423 \text{ ac-ft}</math></p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN\_OTHER} = 0.413 \text{ ac-ft}</math></p> <p><math>V_{DESIGN\_USER} = \text{_____ ac-ft}</math></p> <p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> A <input checked="" type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C / D</p> <p><math>EURV = 1.121 \text{ ac-ft}</math></p> <p>L : W = 2.0 : 1</p> <p>Z = 4.00 ft / ft</p>
2. Basin Shape: Length to Width Ratio (A basin length to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)	
3. Basin Side Slopes	
A) Basin Maximum Side Slopes (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)	
4. Inlet	
A) Describe means of providing energy dissipation at concentrated inflow locations:	

## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 2 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 20, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND C

### 5. Forebay

A) Minimum Forebay Volume  
( $V_{FMIN} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 3\% \text{ of the WQCV}$ )

$$V_{FMIN} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 0.012 \text{ ac-ft}$$

B) Actual Forebay Volume

$$V_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 0.015 \text{ ac-ft}$$

C) Forebay Depth  
( $D_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 18 \text{ inch maximum}$ )

$$D_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 12.0 \text{ in}$$

D) Forebay Discharge

i) Undetained 100-year Peak Discharge

$$Q_{100} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 117.20 \text{ cfs}$$

ii) Forebay Discharge Design Flow  
( $Q_F = 0.02 * Q_{100}$ )

$$Q_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 2.34 \text{ cfs}$$

E) Forebay Discharge Design

Choose One

Berm With Pipe

Wall with Rect. Notch

Wall with V-Notch Weir

(flow too small for berm w/ pipe)

F) Discharge Pipe Size (minimum 8-inches)

$$\text{Calculated } D_p = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 8.0 \text{ in}$$

G) Rectangular Notch Width

$$\text{Calculated } W_N = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 10.8 \text{ in}$$

### 6. Trickle Channel

A) Type of Trickle Channel

Choose One

Concrete

Soft Bottom

F) Slope of Trickle Channel

$$S = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 0.0050 \text{ ft / ft}$$

### 7. Micropool and Outlet Structure

A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum)

$$D_M = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 2.5 \text{ ft}$$

B) Surface Area of Micropool (10 ft<sup>2</sup> minimum)

$$A_M = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 250 \text{ sq ft}$$

C) Outlet Type

Choose One

Orifice Plate

Other (Describe):

D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing  
(Use UD-Detention)

$$D_{orifice} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 1.00 \text{ inches}$$

E) Total Outlet Area

$$A_{ot} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 6.00 \text{ square inches}$$

## Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)

Sheet 3 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 20, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND C

<p>8. Initial Surcharge Volume</p> <p>A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches)</p> <p>B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of 0.3% of the WQCV)</p> <p>C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool</p>	<p><math>D_{IS} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 4 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> in</p> <p><math>V_{IS} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 54.0 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> cu ft</p> <p><math>V_s = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 83.3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> cu ft</p>
<p>9. Trash Rack</p> <p>A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: <math>A_t = A_{ct} * 38.5 * (e^{-0.025D})</math></p> <p>B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open area to the total screen area for the material specified.)</p> <p>Other (Y/N): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N</p> <p>C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type "Other")</p> <p>D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)</p> <p>E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E)</p> <p>F) Height of Water Quality Screen (<math>H_{TR}</math>)</p> <p>G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening (<math>W_{opening}</math>) (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended)</p>	<p><math>A_t = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 210 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> square inches</p> <p>S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area</p> <hr/> <hr/> <p>User Ratio =</p> <p><math>A_{total} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 350 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> sq. in.</p> <p><math>H = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 5 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> feet</p> <p><math>H_{TR} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 88 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> inches</p> <p><math>W_{opening} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 12.0 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}</math> inches</p>

**Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)**

Sheet 4 of 4

Designer:	Matt Larson
Company:	Classic Consulting Engineers & Surveyors, LLC
Date:	November 20, 2018
Project:	FOREST LAKES - PHASE 2
Location:	POND C

10. Overflow Embankment	<p>A) Describe embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping:  38' WIDE SPILLWAY AT ELEV. 7039.00</p> <p>B) Slope of Overflow Embankment (Horizontal distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)  10.00</p>
11. Vegetation	<p>Choose One</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Irrigated</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Irrigated</p>
12. Access	<p>A) Describe Sediment Removal Procedures  12' WIDE ACCESS ROAD W/ MIN. 30' CL RADIUS TO POND BOTTOM</p>
<p>Notes:</p> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

### POND C EURV

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

#### POND ELEVATION :

(from lowest to highest) **7030.00**

**7030.00**

**7032.00**

**7034.00**

**7035.00**

#### AREA (BTM to TOP):

	-	acres
<b>80</b>	0.00	acres
<b>21,201</b>	0.49	acres
<b>26,799</b>	0.62	acres
<b>29,763</b>	0.68	acres
	-	acres

#### PRELIMINARY SIZE:

$$\text{VOLUME} = \frac{1}{3}\{(EL_2 - EL_1)(A_1 + A_2 + ((A_1 * A_2)^{.5}))\}$$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,030	to	7,030	
0.34	AC-FT	from	7,030	to	7,032	0.34
1.09	AC-FT	from	7,032	to	7,034	1.43
0.64	AC-FT	from	7,034	to	7,035	2.07
-	AC-FT	from	7,035	to	-	2.07
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	2.07
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	2.07
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	2.07
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	2.07
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	2.07
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	2.07
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	2.07

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

$$\text{VOLUME} = \underline{\underline{2.07 \text{ AC-FT}}}$$

#### APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME AC-FT CF		SURFACE AREA (SF)
4	2.07	=	90,302
6	2.07	=	90,302
8	2.07	=	90,302
10	2.07	=	90,302

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

### POND C - SPILLWAY

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

POND ELEVATION :	
(from lowest to highest)	7030.00
	7030.00
	7032.00
	7034.00
	7036.00
	7038.00
	7039.00

AREA (BTM to TOP):		
	-	acres
80	0.00	acres
21,200	0.49	acres
26,799	0.62	acres
32,837	0.75	acres
39,314	0.90	acres
42,718	0.98	acres
	-	acres

### PRELIMINARY SIZE:

$$\text{VOLUME} = \frac{1}{3}\{(EL_2 - EL_1)(A_1 + A_2 + ((A_1 * A_2)^{.5}))\}$$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,030	to	7,030	
0.34	AC-FT	from	7,030	to	7,032	0.34
1.09	AC-FT	from	7,032	to	7,034	1.43
1.35	AC-FT	from	7,034	to	7,036	2.78
1.64	AC-FT	from	7,036	to	7,038	4.42
0.93	AC-FT	from	7,038	to	7,039	5.35
-	AC-FT	from	7,039	to	-	5.35
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	5.35
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	5.35
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	5.35
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	5.35

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

$$\text{VOLUME} = 5.35 \text{ AC-FT}$$

### APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME			SURFACE AREA (SF)
	AC-FT	CF	=	
4	5.35	=	#####	58,295
6	5.35	=	#####	38,864
8	5.35	=	#####	29,148
10	5.35	=	#####	23,318

JOB NAME: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
 JOB NUMBER: 1175.21  
 DATE: 11/19/18  
 CALCULATED BY: MAL

POND C - TOP OF BERM

POND SIZING WITH PONDPACK EQUATION:  
 INSERT POND DESIGN SIZE INFO: (RED)

POND ELEVATION :	
(from lowest to highest)	7030.00
	7030.00
	7032.00
	7034.00
	7036.00
	7038.00
	7040.00
	7042.00

AREA (BTM to TOP):		
	-	acres
80	0.00	acres
21,200	0.49	acres
26,799	0.62	acres
32,837	0.75	acres
39,314	0.90	acres
46,217	1.06	acres
53,521	1.23	acres
	-	acres

PRELIMINARY SIZE:

$$\text{VOLUME} = \frac{1}{3}((\text{EL2}-\text{EL1})(\text{A1}+\text{A2}+(\text{A1}^*\text{A2})^{.5}))$$

CUMMULATIVE VOLUME:

-	AC-FT	from	7,030	to	7,030	
0.34	AC-FT	from	7,030	to	7,032	0.34
1.09	AC-FT	from	7,032	to	7,034	1.43
1.35	AC-FT	from	7,034	to	7,036	2.78
1.64	AC-FT	from	7,036	to	7,038	4.42
1.94	AC-FT	from	7,038	to	7,040	6.36
2.26	AC-FT	from	7,040	to	7,042	8.63
-	AC-FT	from	7,042	to	-	8.63
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	8.63
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	8.63
-	AC-FT	from	-	to	-	8.63

\*SIZING IS FOR PRELIMINARY PURPOSES ONLY.

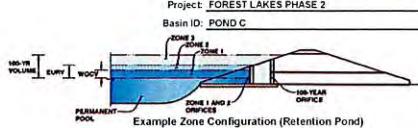
$$\text{VOLUME} = 8.63 \text{ AC-FT}$$

APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA REQUIREMENT

POND DEPTH (FT)	POND VOLUME			SURFACE AREA (SF)
	AC-FT	CF	=	
4	8.63	=	# #####	93,956
6	8.63	=	# #####	62,637
8	8.63	=	# #####	46,978
10	8.63	=	# #####	37,582

## **DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER**

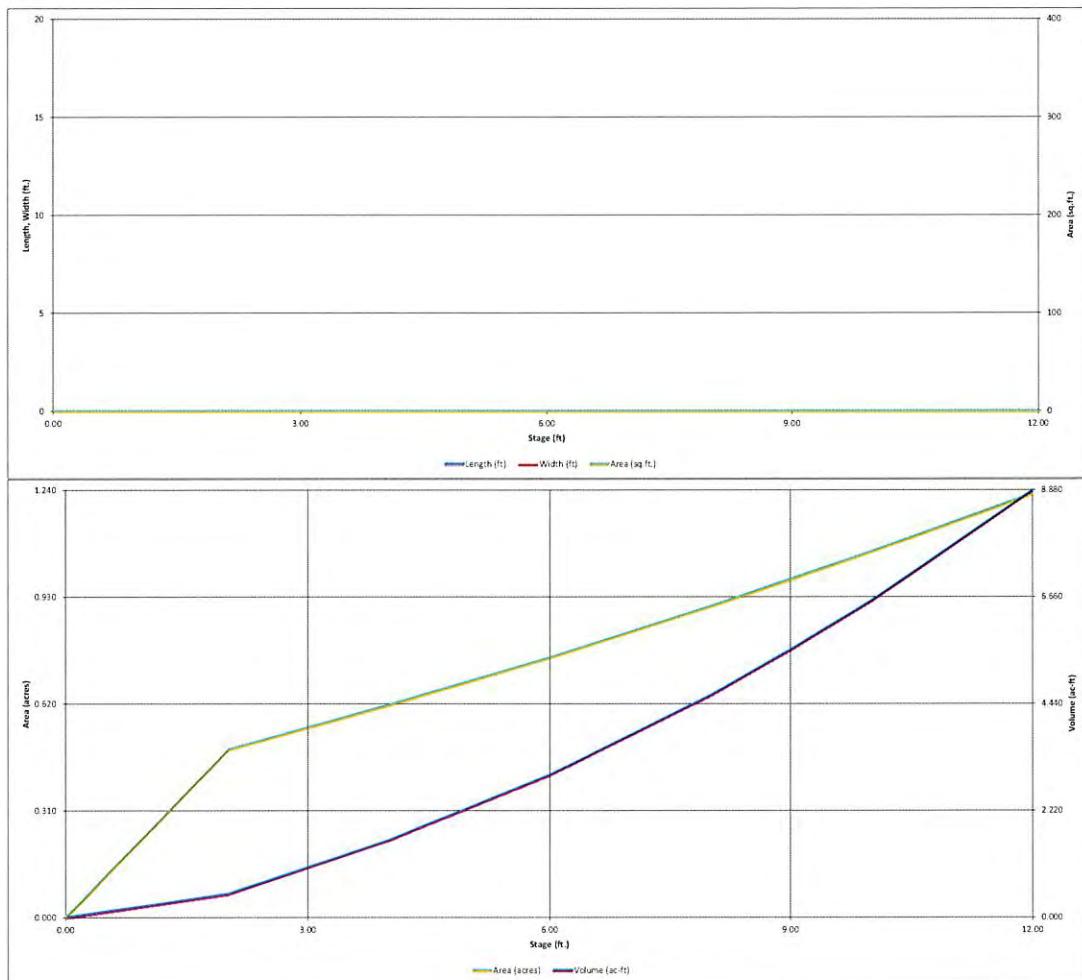
UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



### Example Zone Configuration (Retention Policy)

## DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

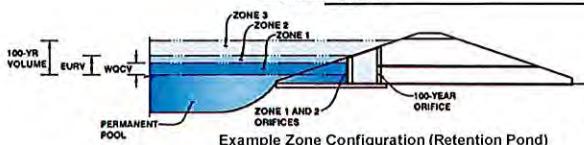


## Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

Project: FOREST LAKES PHASE 2

Basin ID: POND C



	Stage (ft)	Zone Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.87	0.423	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	3.20	0.695	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100-year)	5.00	1.120	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
		2.238	Total

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =  ft (distance below the filtration media surface)  
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =  inches  
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Elliptical Half-Width =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Centroid =  feet  
Elliptical Slot Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.67	3.33				
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	12.00	12.00	16.00				
Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)							
Orifice Area (sq. inches)							

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Invert of Vertical Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Vertical Orifice Diameter =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

Vertical Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Vertical Orifice Centroid =  feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox) and Grate (Flat or Sloped)

Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H<sub>o</sub> =  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =  feet  
Overflow Weir Slope =  H:V (enter zero for flat grate)  
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =  feet  
Overflow Grate Open Area % =  %, grate open area/total area  
Debris Clogging % =  %

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

Height of Grate Upper Edge, H<sub>g</sub> =  feet  
Over Flow Weir Slope Length =  feet  
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =  should be  $\geq 4$   
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris =  ft<sup>2</sup>

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =  ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Outlet Pipe Diameter =  inches  
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =  inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

Outlet Orifice Area =  ft<sup>2</sup>  
Outlet Orifice Centroid =  feet  
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =  radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage=  ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)  
Spillway Crest Length =  feet  
Spillway End Slopes =  H:V  
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =  feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

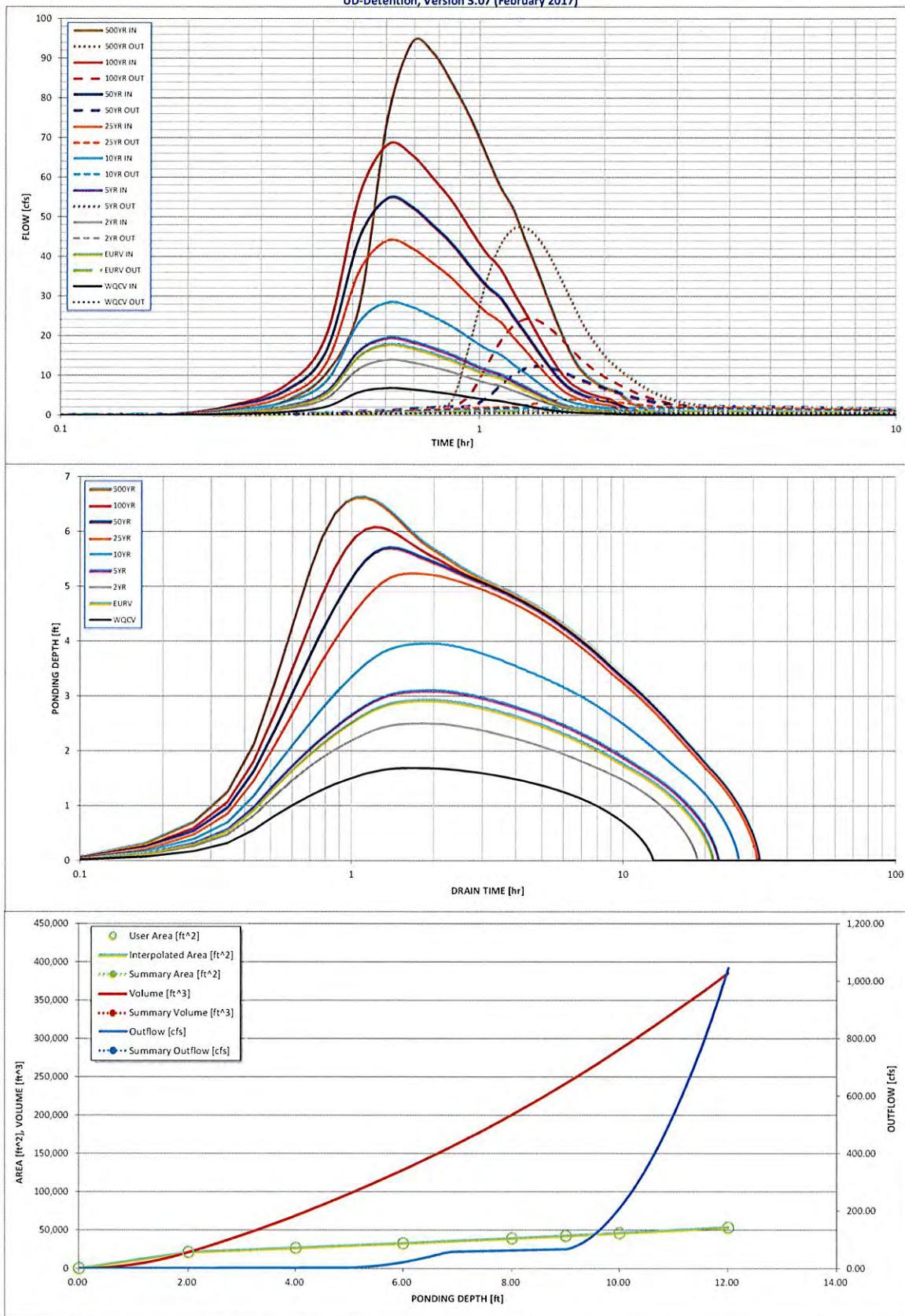
Spillway Design Flow Depth=  feet  
Stage at Top of Freeboard =  feet  
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =  acres

### Routed Hydrograph Results

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	0.53	1.07	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.10
Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.423	1.118	0.871	1.224	1.789	2.808	3.486	4.375	6.081
OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =									
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	0.423	1.118	0.871	1.223	1.790	2.809	3.487	4.377	6.075
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.18	0.62	0.86	1.16	1.69
Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.585	5.6	18.8	26.0	35.1	51.2
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	6.8	17.8	13.9	19.5	28.3	44.2	54.7	68.4	94.2
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.6	1.1	1.0	1.185	1.8	4.2	12.4	24.5	47.4
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.0	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.9
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Overflow Grade 1	Overflow Grade 1	Overflow Grade 1	Overflow Grade 1
Max Velocity through Grade 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.5	1.0	2.1
Max Velocity through Grade 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	12	20	17	20	24	27	27	26	25
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	13	21	18	22	25	29	29	29	29
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.69	2.92	2.50	3.10	3.95	5.26	5.70	6.10	6.63
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.41	0.55	0.52	0.56	0.61	0.70	0.73	0.76	0.80
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.345	0.963	0.740	1.057	1.554	2.414	2.736	3.028	3.449

## Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override      X-axis      Left Y-axis      Right Y-axis  
 minimum bound      maximum bound


## **Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design**

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

## Storm Inflow Hydrographs

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

## **Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design**

UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

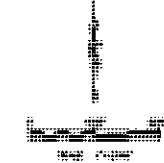
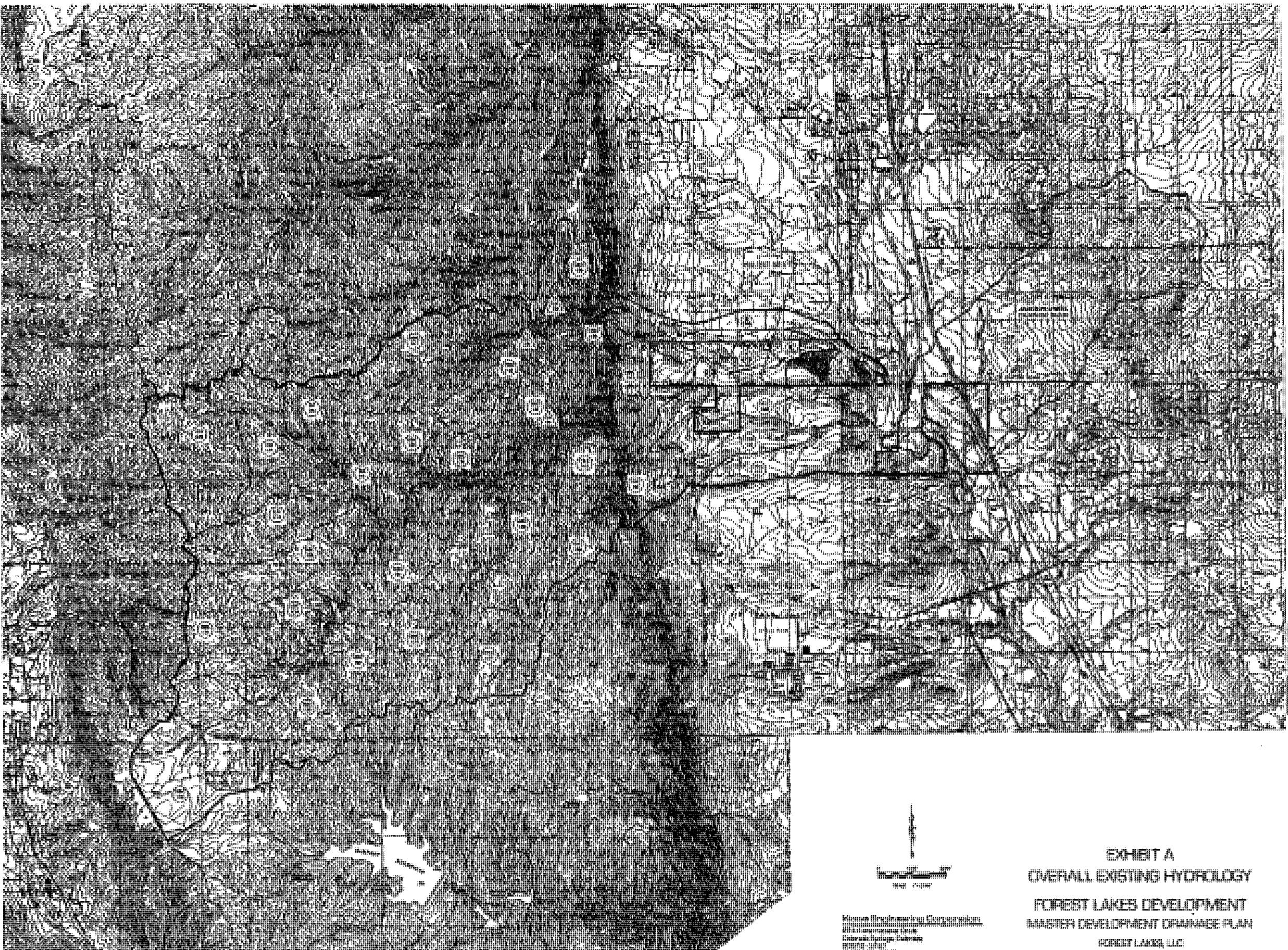
## **Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships**

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

## DRAINAGE MAPS



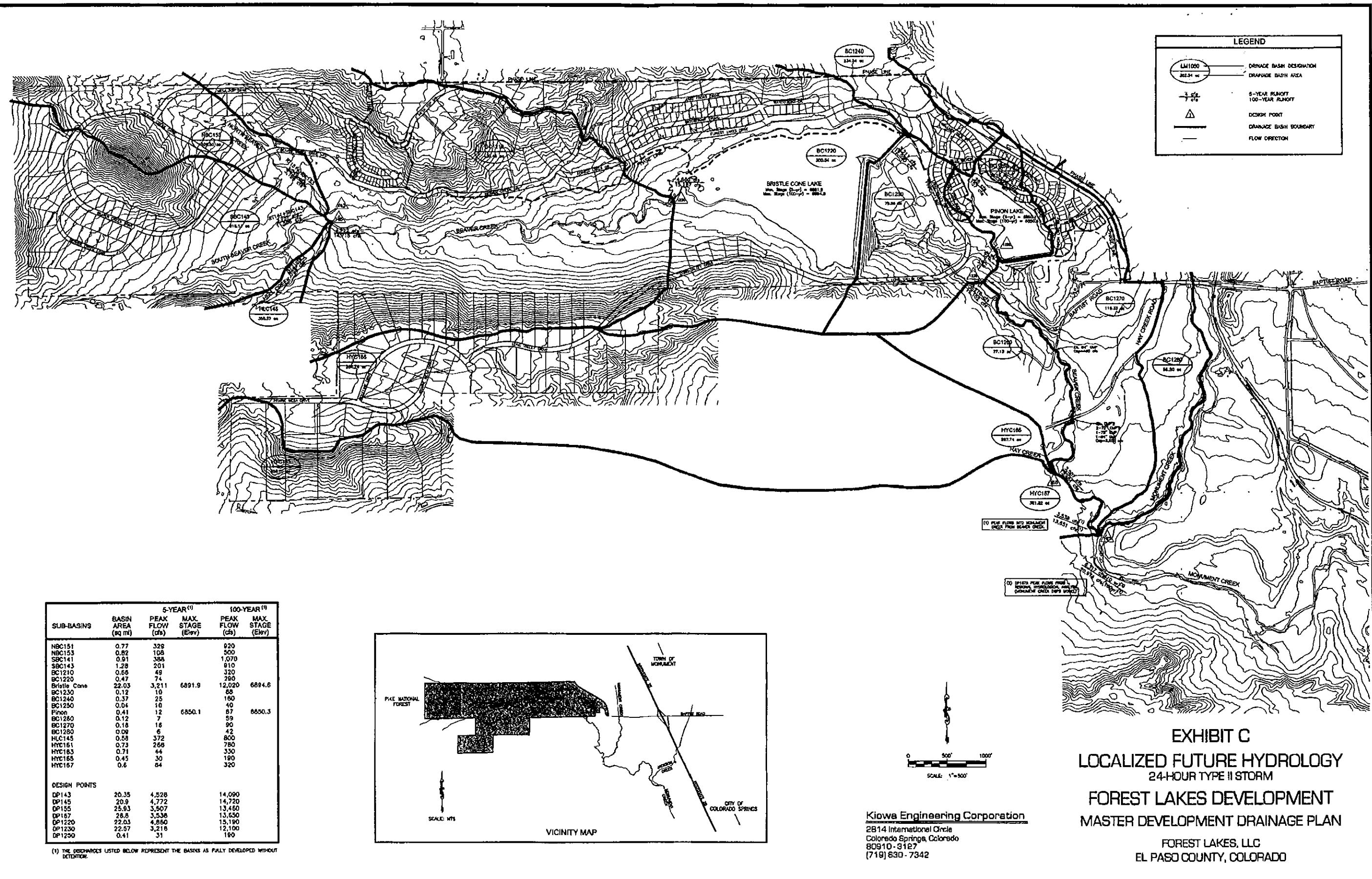


**EXHIBIT A  
OVERALL EXISTING HYDROLOGY**

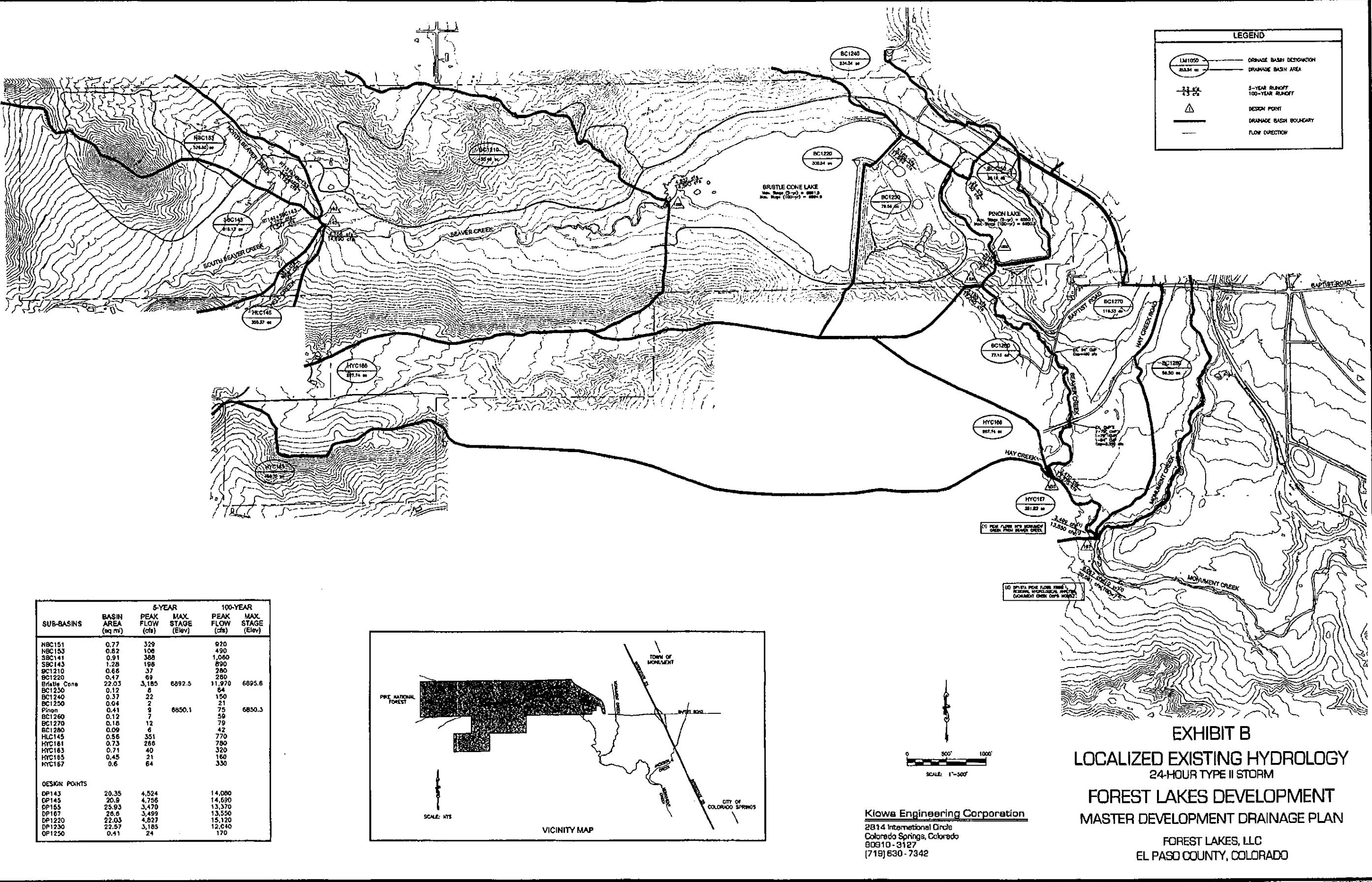
**FOREST LAKES DEVELOPMENT  
MASTER DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN**

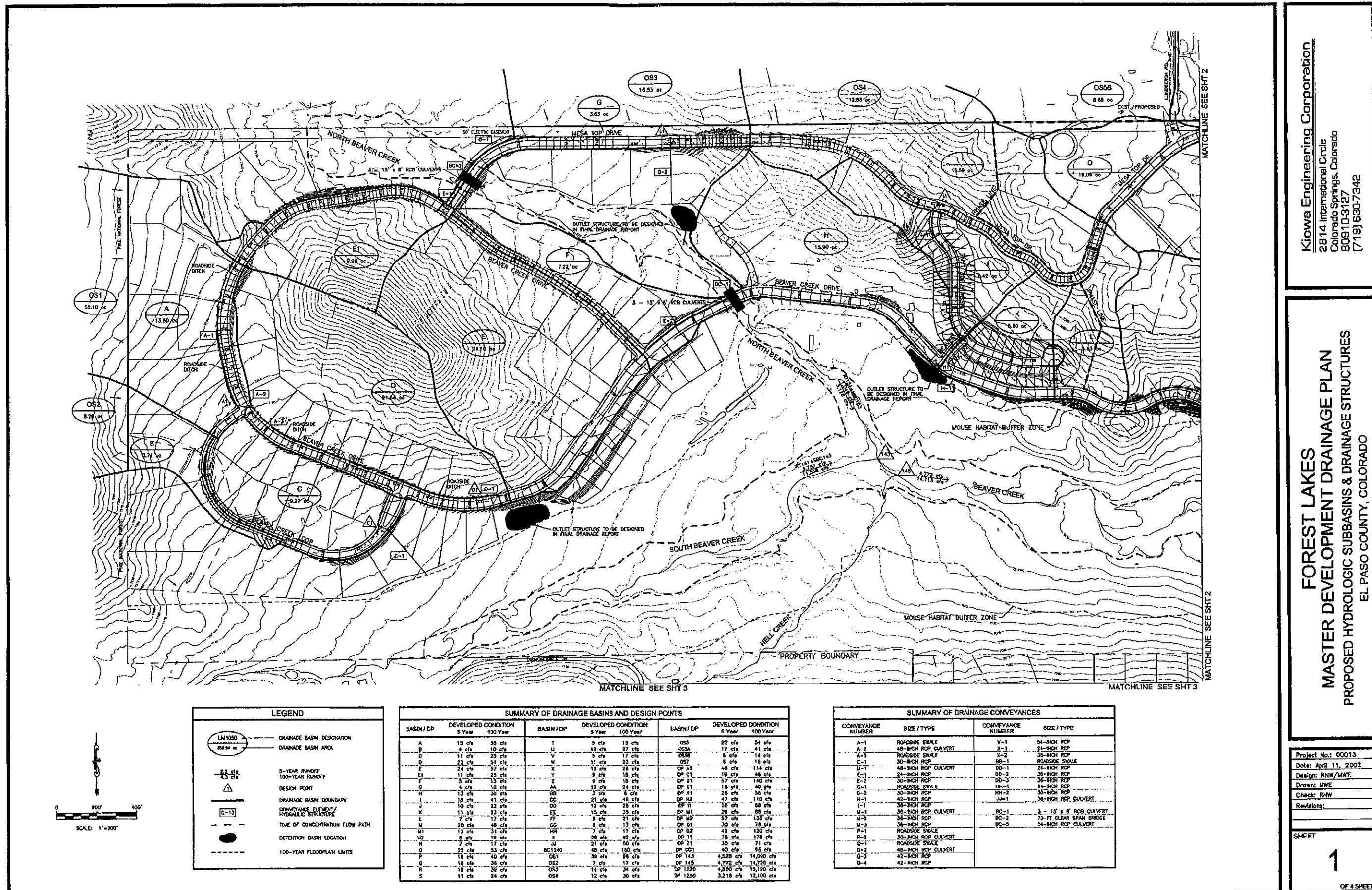
Kinney Group Inc., Incorporated  
1015 Longmont Street  
Colorado Springs, Colorado  
(719) 595-7342

**FOREST LAKES LLC  
EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO**

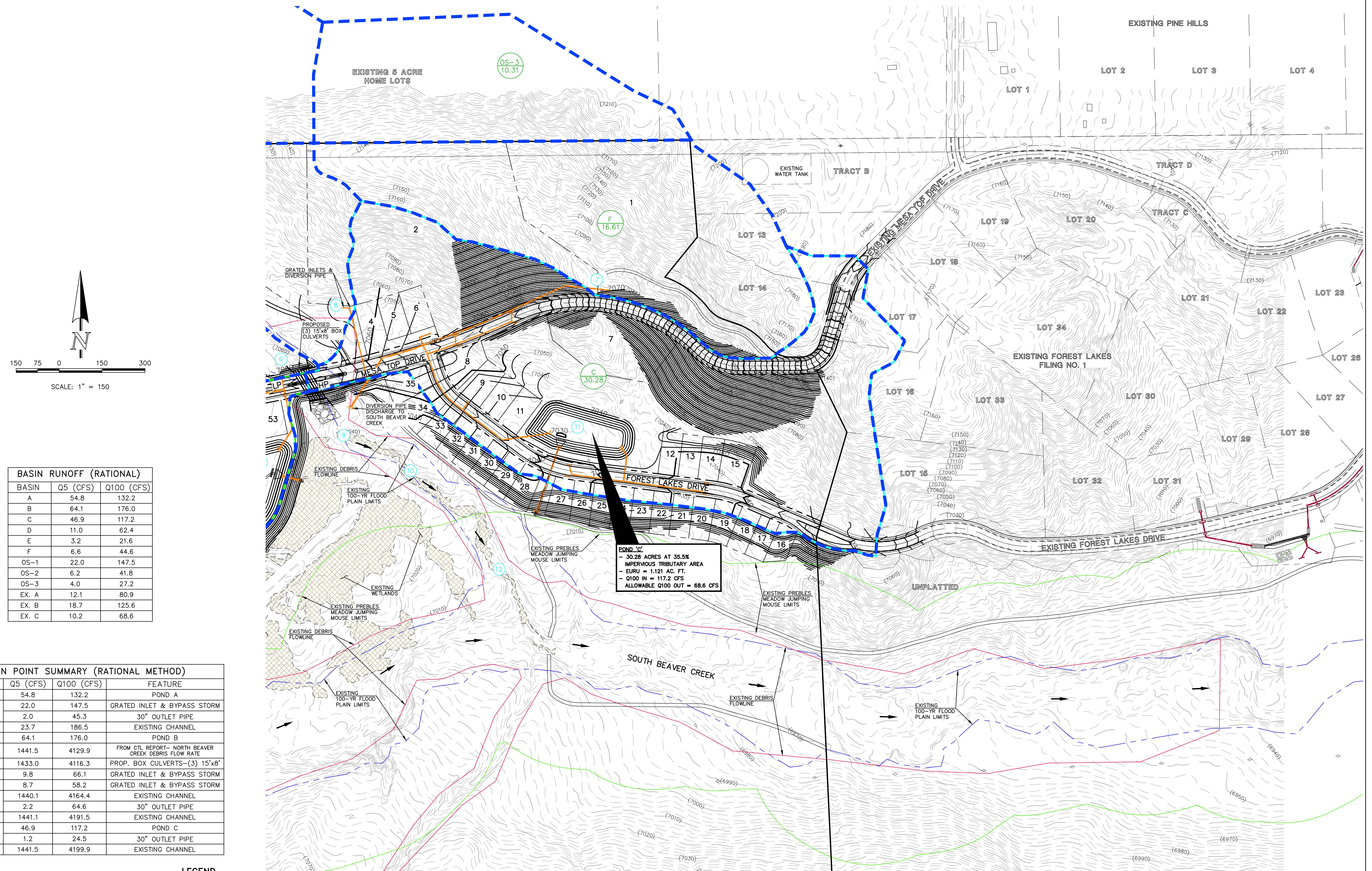


LEGEND	
LM1050	ORRAGE BASIN DESIGNATION DRAINAGE BASIN AREA 324.54 ac
BC1240	5-YEAR RUNOFF 100-YEAR RUNOFF 23.54 43.29
BC1220	DESIGN POINT DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
BC1230	FLOW DIRECTION









EXISTING PINE HILLS

LOT 2 LOT 3 LOT 4

LOT 1

TRACT B

TRACT D

TRACT C

LOT 21

LOT 22

LOT 23

LOT 24

LOT 25

LOT 26

LOT 27

LOT 28

LOT 29

LOT 30

LOT 31

LOT 32

LOT 33

LOT 34

EXISTING FOREST LAKES  
FILING NO. 1

**CLASSIC**  
CONSULTING  
ENGINEERS & SURVEYORS

FOREST LAKES PHASE 2  
MDDP AMENDMENT &  
PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE REPORT  
DEVELOPED CONDITIONS

**CLASSIC**  
CONSULTING  
ENGINEERS & SURVEYORS

DESIGNED BY: MAL SCALE: 1"= 150' DATE: 11/18/18  
DRAWN BY: MAL (H) 1"= 150' SHEET 2 OF 2  
CHECKED BY: (V) 1"= N/A JOB NO. 1175.21