



FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

FOR

MAYBERRY, COLORADO SPRINGS – FILING NO. 4

PREPARED FOR:

**MAYBERRY COMMUNITIES, LLC
3296 DEVINE HEIGHTS #208
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922**

PREPARED BY:

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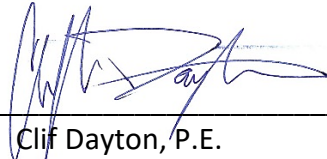
**R&R JOB #MC22249
EPC PROJECT No. SF2317**

OCTOBER 2023

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for liability caused by negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

SIGNATURE: _____



Clif Dayton, P.E.
Registered Professional Engineer
State of Colorado No. 51674



DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

SIGNATURE: _____

John Mick
Colorado Springs Mayberry, LLC
3296 Devine Heights #208
Colorado Springs, CO 80922

EL PASO COUNTY'S STATEMENT:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, and Engineering Criteria Manual as amended.

SIGNATURE: _____

Joshua Palmer, P.E.
County Engineer/ECM Administrator

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I. GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

A. Background

Mayberry, Colorado Springs (formerly known as “Ellicott Town Center”) is a proposed subdivision located west of Ellicott, Colorado in El Paso County. Mayberry Filing 4 encompasses 9.78 acres east of Springs Road, south of Highway 94, west of the Gillespie Family Revocable and north of Filing 3. Filing 4 was formerly designated as “Tract A” in the Filing 3 Final Plat. The Final Drainage Report for Mayberry Colorado Springs – Filing No. 3 (referred to as Filing 3 FDR hereon) by R&R Engineers-Surveyors was approved by El Paso County on June 14th, 2023. Filing 3 FDR has designed and sized all drainage infrastructure that Filing 4 is tributary to. This Drainage Report will include documentation and calculations to support the new layout of this area is still in compliance with the approved Filing 3 FDR.

B. Scope

This Drainage Report has been prepared to fulfill the El Paso County requirements due to it being tributary to the Filing 3 FDR by R&R Engineers-Surveyors.

Mayberry Filing 4 proposes the construction of Business Park, a Urban Local roadway, and associated infrastructure as well as overlot grading 8 sites for future commercial use. A temporary cul-de-sac is proposed at the eastern end of Business Park as a placeholder for future improvements. Channel E, which is designed in Mayberry Filing 3, will be redirected and placed outside of the Filing 4 property. The existing channel section is maintained, and no additional flow is added to the channel.

This Drainage Report will provide a summary of the site-specific drainage design and the conformance with the Filing 3 FDR. This Drainage Report is based on the guidelines and criteria outline in the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual.

C. Site Location and Description

The Mayberry, Colorado Springs (Ellicott Town Center) parcel comprises the west half of Section 14 along with the contiguous east quarter of Section 15, as well the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 14 South, Range 63 West of the 6th Principal Meridian. The site is located at an elevation of approximately 6,050 feet above mean sea level. Filing No. 4 comprises 9.78-acres in the northeastern area of the Mayberry development.

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Filing 4 is located in El Paso County, Colorado and is bordered by Springs to the west, Highway 94 to the north, the Gillespie Family Revocable to the east, Mayberry, Colorado Springs Filing No. 3 to the south.

The primary access to Filing 4 will be provided by Business Park via Springs Road.

The terrain is generally flat with gentle northwest to southeast slopes ranging from one to two percent. Historic drainage patterns from the site are conveyed overland to the south and east boundaries of the site. The entire site is covered with native grasses.

D. General Soil Conditions

According to the Soil Survey of El Paso County prepared by the Soil Conservation Service, on-site soils are comprised primarily of Blakeland series (type 8) and Truckton series (type 95) soils. Both soils are characterized as well-drained loamy sand with rapid permeability, slow surface runoff rates, and moderate hazard of erosion. These soils are classified as hydrologic soils group “A” for drainage analysis purposes.

E. References

El Paso County “Engineering Criteria Manual,” October 14, 2020.

El Paso County “Drainage Criteria Manual County of El Paso, Colorado – Volumes 1 and 2” dated October 31, 2018.

El Paso County Resolution No. 15-042 (El Paso County adoption of “Chapter 6: Hydrology” and “Chapter 13, Section 3.2.1: Full Spectrum Detention” of the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual dated May 2014).

JPS Engineering, “Master Development Drainage Plan for Ellicott Town Center,” November 22, 2005 (approved by El Paso County 12/02/05).

JPS Engineering, “Preliminary & Final Drainage Report for Mayberry, Colorado Springs - Filing No. 1,” revised October 27, 2020 (approved by El Paso County November 5, 2020).

JPS Engineering, “Preliminary Drainage Report Amendment for Mayberry, Colorado Springs – Phase 1 PUD,” revised February 2022.

R&R Engineers-Surveyors, “Final Drainage Report for Mayberry Colorado Springs – Filing No. 3,” *Approved June 14th, 2023.*

II. DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS

A. Major Drainage Basins

The proposed development lies primarily within the Ellicott Consolidated Drainage Basin (CHBS1200) as classified by El Paso County. This basin is comprised of the area tributary to the West Fork of Black Squirrel Creek, with the majority of the basin bounded by SH94 to the north and Ellicott Highway to the east. No drainage planning study has been completed for the Ellicott Consolidated Drainage Basin or any adjacent drainage basins.

The major drainage basins lying in and around the proposed development are depicted in Figure EX1 and is sourced from the Phase 1 PUD Amended Drainage Report. Mayberry, Colorado Springs is located primarily within the Ellicott Consolidated Drainage Basin, which comprises a tributary area of about 13 square miles, or 8,320 acres. Filing 4 represents a total of 9.78 acres of development, or less than one percent of the total basin area. An “on-site” drainage planning approach has been proposed in Filing 4 based on the relatively small developed area in comparison to the remaining undeveloped basin area, which is primarily agricultural land.

The existing site topography has one off-site drainage basin (EC-10) that enters Filing 4 from the north through three 30-inch CMP culverts under SH94. Per the Filing 3 FDR, the triple 30-inch CMP culverts have a 5-year and 100-year flowrate of 18.4 cfs and 144.7 cfs, respectively. Filing 4 lies within the Filing 3 FDR Basin D1.5 which conveys flows towards the south and eastern boundaries of the site (see referenced drainage map from Filing 3 in the appendices). Flows from Filing 4 remain below the anticipated peak flows of Basin D1.5, as designated by the Filing 3 FDR.

B. Floodplain Impacts

Mayberry – Filing 4, Colorado Springs is located approximately one mile southwest of the 100-year floodplain limits for the West Fork of Black Squirrel Creek, as delineated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The floodplain limits in the vicinity of the site are shown in Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Number 08041C0810G, dated December 7, 2018 (see Appendix C).

C. Sub-Basin Description

The developed drainage basins lying within Filing 4 are depicted in Figure DR-1. The interior site layout has been delineated into several drainage basins based on the proposed interior road layout and grading scheme. The natural drainage patterns will be impacted through development by site grading and concentration of runoff in subdivision street gutters, storm drains, and channels. Most sub-basins drain to the

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southeast, collecting in the interior roadway, Business Park, and drainage channels. On-site flows will be diverted to an existing extended detention basin (EDB) located at the southeast boundary of the approved Mayberry Filing 3 site, and detained flows will discharge to the east, following historic drainage paths.

III. DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

A. Development Criteria Reference

The Ellicott Consolidated Drainage Basin has not had a Drainage Basin Planning Study performed for the basin. Most areas within the basin are comprised of agricultural lands and rural residential uses.

A “Master Development Drainage Plan (MDDP) for Ellicott Town Center” was approved concurrent with the original Overall PUD, and a Preliminary Drainage Report for Ellicott Town Center Phase One was approved with the original Phase One PUD and Preliminary Plan.

JPS Engineering prepared the “Preliminary & Final Drainage Report for Mayberry, Colorado Springs - Filing No. 1,” revised October 27, 2020 (approved by El Paso County November 5, 2020) in support of the final approval and recording of Filing No. 1.

The “Final Drainage Report for Mayberry, Colorado Springs – Filing No. 3” fully conforms to the previously approved MDDP and Preliminary/Final Drainage Reports, along with the “Preliminary Drainage Report Amendment for Mayberry, Colorado Springs Phase 1 PUD” dated February, 2022 prepared in support of the Phase 1 PUD Amendment.

This, “Final Drainage Report for Mayberry, Colorado Springs – Filing No. 4” fully conforms to “Final Drainage Report for Mayberry, Colorado Springs – Filing No. 3”.

B. Hydrologic Criteria

Rational method procedures were utilized for calculation of peak flows within the on-site drainage basins. Rational method hydrologic calculations were based on the following assumptions:

- Design storm (minor) 5-year
- Design storm (major) 100-year
- Rainfall Intensities El Paso County I-D-F Curve
- Hydrologic soil type A

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Composite runoff coefficients for the developed commercial areas have been calculated based *Table 6-6 Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method* in Chapter 6, Section 3.1 in the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. A rational method spreadsheet was utilized for modeling these flows.

C. Hydraulic Criteria

Streets and Inlets

Street and inlet capacities were calculated using the MHFD Inlet spreadsheet utilizing the street geometries at each inlet. The criteria used for the design of one Urban Local Roadway was that of the El Paso County ECM Volume 1 Section 3 Chapter 6, *Table 6-1 Allowable Use of Roads and Streets*. The criteria states that for the 5-year storm, flow would not exceed 6 inches of depth in the cross pan or gutter flow line or overtop the street crown while for the 100-year storm, the depth of water at the gutter flow line would not exceed 12 inches.

Underground Storm Sewer Pipe Systems

Three pipe systems are proposed as part of the Filing 4 development. Pipes are sized so that the 100-year HGLs are a minimum of 1 foot below finished grades. HGLs are derived using Bentley StormCAD software. Velocities in pipes do not exceed 18 fps as stated in the EPC DCM. All peak flows for pipes were derived via the Rational Method.

Channels

One optional grass lined swale is proposed and one existing grass lined channel (Channel E) will be moved as part of the Filing 4 development. Channel E is sized so that there is a minimum of 1 foot of freeboard between the 100-year water surface elevation and the top of the channel. Where Channel E makes defined bends, additional freeboard is provided per Equation 10-4 of the EPC DCM. Channels are designed to not exceed velocities of 5 fps and will be lined with native grasses. Because the EPC DCM does not give specific guidance on the use of native grasses for channel lining, El Paso County DCM Vol. 1 Section 3, Chapter 10.4, *Table 10-4 Maximum Permissible Velocities for Earth Channels with Varied Grass Linings and Slopes* was utilized to establish maximum velocities and roughness coefficients. The channels will be lined in Wetland native seed. Peak flows for Channel E were obtained using the SCS method due to the size of the offsite basins being routed through the channel. Refer to Appendix B for the referenced calculations taken from the Mayberry Filing No. 3 Final Drainage Report. The smaller grass swale, Swale C-7, located along the southern property boundary, was calculated using flow master, the supporting calculation sheet and cross section can be found in Appendix B.

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Culverts

One temporary culvert is proposed beneath the temporary cul-de-sac east of the proposed development. The culvert is designed so that during the 100-year storm event, water levels do not exceed 12 inches above finished grade when overtopping the roadway above per El Paso County DCM Vol. 1 Section 3, Chapter 6.4, *Table 6-4 Allowable Culvert Overtoppings*. This proposed culvert will convey water from the upstream basin, EC-10, having a 5-year and 100-year flowrate of 18.4 cfs and 144.7 cfs, respectively. The district shall maintain the cul-de-sac if culvert does not meet criteria.

D. Detention and Water Quality Criteria

Detention volumes and required release rates have been calculated in Filing 3 and will be utilized to provide water quality and detention for Filing 4 and Filing 3 as well as the future development of Filing 2 and Filing 2A. The facility is designed to pass and release the water quality captured volume (WQCV), excess urban runoff volume (EURV), and 100-year storm to meet all local and state regulations by means of a multi-stage outlet structure.

The WQCV will be routed through an existing orifice plate installed during the Mayberry Filing 3 construction. This existing orifice plate is proposed to be modified within the outlet structure to accommodate a 40 hour draw down time. The orifice plate will also drain 97% of the EURV within 72 hours. The final orifice plate will be installed within the future filing to the south of Mayberry Drive. Finally, a restrictor plate and weir combination will pass the 100-year flow at 90% of the pre-developed rate. Reference Section VI.E for additional information.

Per El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual Section 1.7.1.C.1, up to one acre of development may be exempt from stormwater treatment. Due to the requirement that the temporary cul-de-sac be provided for fire department access to Business Park, these developed areas are unable to drain to the proposed detention pond. These areas will drain to Channel E and flow offsite undetained. This cul-de-sac area totals to 0.15 acres, so well below the one-acre requirement. The cul-de-sac is designed to slope towards the inlets in Business Park, as the temporary cul-de-sac does not include curb and gutter, only a portion of this area will make it to the inlets, meaning the remaining flow will spill over the edge of asphalt and into Channel E. This small area that will be temporarily tributary to Channel E is negligible. In the ultimate design, when the Gillespie property to the east is acquired and developed per the master planned development, the temporary cul-de-sacs will be eliminated and the curb and gutter will continue east along the future roadway.

IV. DRAINAGE PLANNING FOUR STEP PROCESS

El Paso County Drainage Criteria require drainage planning to include a Four Step Process for receiving water protection that focuses on reducing runoff volumes, treating the water quality capture volume (WQCV), stabilizing drainageways, and implementing long-term source controls.

As stated in DCM Volume 2, the Four Step Process is applicable to all new and re-development projects with construction activities that disturb 1 acre or greater or that disturb less than 1 acre but are part of a larger common plan of development. The Four Step Process has been implemented as follows in the planning of this project:

Step 1: Employ Runoff Reduction Practices

- **Minimize Impacts:** The approved Planned Unit Development includes commercial use areas resulting in a moderate level of impervious site development.
- **Minimize Directly Connected Impervious Areas (MDCIA):** The proposed development will include landscaped areas adjoining the proposed building and parking lots, providing for impervious areas to drain across pervious areas where feasible.
- **Grass Swales:** The proposed drainage plan incorporates grass-lined swales in selected locations to encourage stormwater infiltration while providing positive drainage through the site.

Step 2: Stabilize Drainageways

- Proper erosion control measures will be implemented along the grass-lined drainage channels to provide stabilized drainageways within the site.

Step 3: Provide Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV)

- **EDB:** The developed areas of the site will drain through proposed Full-Spectrum Extended Detention Basins (EDB) southeast of the developed areas. Site drainage will be routed through the extended detention basins, which will capture and slowly release the WQCV over an extended release period.
- Stormwater detention and WQCV for Filing 4 will be provided by EDB-D.

Step 4: Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMPs

- Commercial land uses are proposed as part of Filing No. 4 development. The individual commercial site owners for each lot will be encouraged to provide additional water quality treatment such as grass lined swales, porous landscape, permeable pavement, etc. however this is not required if the developed lot remains in compliance with the pre-determined impervious area set forth in this drainage report. Water quality is treated in the down stream grass lined swales and extended detention pond.

V. GENERAL DRAINAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

The developed drainage plan for the site is to provide and maintain positive drainage away from structures and conform to the established drainage patterns for the overall site. Positive drainage shall be established and maintained away from all structures within the site in conformance with applicable building codes and geotechnical engineering recommendations.

Site grading and drainage improvements performed as a part of subdivision infrastructure development includes overlot grading and subdivision drainage improvements depicted on the subdivision construction drawings. Individual lot grading is the sole responsibility of the individual builders and property owners. Final grading of each commercial site should establish proper protective slopes and positive drainage in accordance with the current building codes.

In general, we recommend positive drainage slopes should be maintained away from all structures, with a minimum recommended slope of 5 percent for the first 10 feet away from buildings in landscaped areas, a minimum recommended slope of 2 percent for the first 10 feet away from buildings in paved areas, and a minimum slope of 1 percent for paved areas beyond buildings.

VI. DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

A. General Concept

Consistent with generally accepted practices in eastern El Paso County, the general concept for stormwater management from development of Mayberry – Filing 4 will be to construct a storm sewer system and channels to connect to the existing storm sewer system, channels, and extended detention basin constructed in Mayberry Filing No. 3.

Runoff from majority of the site will flow by street gutters to two proposed curb inlets in a sump, thence by storm drains and drainage channels to the existing detention pond constructed with Filing 3. The south portion of the site will drain to a grass lined swale, which will be a future underground storm pipe as each of the lots get developed. In the interim condition, the runoff from the grass-lined swale will route stormwater to a proposed flared end section, where the stormwater will enter the overall pipe network and ultimately be routed to the existing detention pond within Filing 3. In the future condition, as each of the lots get developed, the grass line swal will become an underground storm pipe, and the proposed flared end section will be replaced with a manhole.

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Due to an offsite basin north of SH94 flowing onto the subject property, Filing 3 proposed a channel, Channel E, that conveys the flow around the proposed development. Filing 4 will move Channel E further east and continue to route flow around the site and combine with the pond discharge.

B. Specific Details

Existing Basins

Historic drainage conditions for Filing 4 are depicted from the drainage map included as EX-1 which can be found in the Appendices. The site generally drains from northwest to southeast. Undeveloped flows sheet flow generally towards southeast corner of the property towards Design Points e12 with 5-year and 100-year peak flows of 1.91 and 12.82 cfs, respectively. There is no existing stormwater conveyance infrastructure currently on site (piping, inlets, channels, etc) and no detention/water quality facilities existing on the site.

The existing off-site drainage basins north of Filing 4 generally flow into Channel E around the proposed site depicted as basin EC10 with 5-year and 100-year flowrates of 18.4 cfs and 144.7 cfs, respectively.

Basin D1.5, which encompasses Filing 4, will be conveyed through the storm drain stub at design point 12 constructed with Filing 3 with anticipated 5-year and 100-year flows of 31.6 cfs and 57.6 cfs, respectively. Ultimately, these flows are conveyed through the existing storm sewer system which will direct runoff south and combine with basins D1.6-D1.10 where the flow will be released into Channel D at Design Point 19 with a 5-year and 100-year peak flow of 53.1 and 106.8 cfs, respectively.

Pond D has been sized to attenuate peak flows and mitigate developed drainage impacts. The total volume storage equivalent to the 100-year + ½ WQCV produced by the onsite developed area of Filing 2, 2A, 3 and 4 is 4.96 acre-feet. Detention volume will be routed through a modified CDOT Type C outlet structure. The WQCV and EURV will be controlled by a multi-stage orifice plate while the 100-year volume will be routed through a 36" pipe with a restrictor plate. The approved filing 3 drainage report includes an interim orifice plate, to mitigate the runoff from filing 3 being fully developed, while the remaining pond tributary area is undeveloped, and the ultimate design, being all of Filing 2, 2A, 3, and 4 being developed. This drainage report includes the proposed design of another interim orifice plate option for when Filing 3 and Filing 4 are developed to comply with release rates. Refer to the table below for release rates:

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RELEASE RATES IN COMPLIANCE WITH ULTIMATE POND D DESIGN		
	5-YEAR FLOW (CFS)	100-YEAR FLOW (CFS)
Filing 3 FDR's Ultimate Post Developed Site Detained (Pond D Discharge - DP23)	1.2	39.5
Filing 4 Modified Orifice Plate Post Developed Site Detained (Pond D Discharge)	0.9	25.1

Developed Drainage Basins

Basin EX-1 is an 8.88-acre basin that includes the majority of Filing 4 in its undeveloped state. Historically, the basin sheet flows from the northwest to the southeast to design point e12. The 5-year and 100-year existing peak flows are 1.91 cfs and 12.82 cfs, respectively. In the approved Filing 3 Drainage Maps, this Basin EX-1 lies within the Filing 3 Basin D1.5, which is collected by design point 12 (same location as e12). The 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows for Basin D1.5 are 31.6 cfs and 57.6 cfs, respectively.

Basin EX-2 is a 1.72-acre basin that includes the roadside ditch and existing Channel E constructed within Filing 3. The 5-year and 100-year existing peak flows are 0.38 cfs and 2.82 cfs, respectively. This flow combines with the offsite basin EC-10 with 5-year and 100-year peak flows of 18.4 cfs and 144.7 cfs, respectively. The overall flow continues south towards the roadside ditch along Log Road.

Basin C-1 is a 1.09-acre basin that encompasses Lot 1 and is analyzed entirely as a commercial development. In the interim, the basin sheet flows from northwest to southeast, over undeveloped land. In the ultimate condition, the business owner of Lot 1 is responsible for constructing a storm drain system that will tie into the proposed 18" storm stub at design point 1. The developed flow will enter the Filing 4 public storm drain system and ultimately be conveyed to Detention Pond D constructed within Filing 3. The 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows are 3.82 cfs and 6.97 cfs respectively.

Basin C-2 is a 1.09-acre basin that encompasses Lot 2 and is analyzed entirely as a commercial development. In the interim, the basin sheet flows from northwest to southeast, over undeveloped land. In the ultimate condition, the business owner of Lot 2 is responsible for constructing a storm drain system that will tie into the proposed 18" storm stub at design point 2. The developed flow will enter the Filing 4 public storm drain system and ultimately be conveyed to Detention Pond D constructed within Filing 3. The 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows are 3.82 cfs

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and 6.97 cfs respectively.

Basin C-3 is a 1.07-acre basin that encompasses Lot 3 and is analyzed entirely as a commercial development. In the interim, the basin sheet flows from northwest to southeast, over undeveloped land. In the ultimate condition, the business owner of Lot 3 is responsible for constructing a storm drain system that will tie into the proposed 18" storm stub at design point 4. The developed flow will enter the Filing 4 public storm drain system and ultimately be conveyed to Detention Pond D constructed within Filing 3. The 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows are 3.75 cfs and 6.84 cfs respectively.

Basin C-4 is a 1.05-acre basin that encompasses Lot 4 and is analyzed entirely as a commercial development. In the interim, the basin sheet flows from northwest to southeast, over undeveloped land. In the ultimate condition, the business owner of Lot 4 is responsible for constructing a storm drain system that will tie into the proposed 18" storm stub at design point 6. The developed flow will enter the Filing 4 public storm drain system and ultimately be conveyed to Detention Pond D constructed within Filing 3. The 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows are 3.68 cfs and 6.71 cfs respectively.

Basin C-5 is a 0.91-acre basin that encompasses the northeast half of Springs Road and the north half of Business Park, which includes mostly hardscape. Flows from this basin will be conveyed via curb and gutter and ultimately captured by the 5' Type R inlet in a sump at design point 7. The 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows are 2.14 cfs and 4.10 cfs, respectively.

Basin C-6 is a 0.77-acre basin that encompasses the south half of Business Park, which includes mostly hardscape. Flows from this basin will be conveyed via curb and gutter and ultimately captured by the 5' Type R inlet in a sump at design point 9. The 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows are 2.07 cfs and 3.97 cfs, respectively.

Basin C-7 is a 3.75-acre basin that encompasses Lots 5 through 8 and is analyzed entirely as a commercial development. In the interim, the basin sheet flows from northwest to southeast. The stormwater will be conveyed by the grass lined swale, Swale C7, which runs parallel with the southern property line. Stormwater from this swale ultimately gets captured by a 24" flared end section which connects to the overall storm drain system tributary to Detention Pond D constructed within Filing 3. In the ultimate condition, the business owners of Lots 5 through 8 have the option to fill in this swale and provide underground storm conveyance via a 24" RCP storm pipe. If this option is to be taken, each lot owner is responsible for filling in the interim Swale C7, and continuing the storm drain. The 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows are 13.14 cfs and 23.97 cfs respectively.

The owners of lots 5 through 8 have the option to keep the the grass lined swale, C7,

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or they can opt to construct an underground storm pipe if this design better suits their layout. The swale in the rear of basin C-7 will be the responsibility of the lot developer to infill and replace with 24" RCP Pipe should this option be chosen. The swale is sized to provide appropriate slope and cover for the future storm infrastructure.

Basin U-1 is a 1.25-acre basin that is comprised of the existing channel E designed in the Filing 3 FDR and a portion of undeveloped land west of the three existing 30" cmp culverts under Highway 94. Drainage patterns and flows will follow the proposed design in filing 3 with the 5-year and 100-year developed peak flows are 0.24 cfs and 1.74 cfs, respectively. The flowrate from the three culverts conveying water from the north and onto the site have a 5-year and 100-year flow rate of 18.4 cfs and 144.7 cfs, respectively. The offsite flow from basin EC-10 and basin U-1 were combined to model the proposed culvert under the temporary cul-de-sac.

C. Emergency Conditions Analysis

In the event of clogging, the storm inlets within the Filing 4 development area will overflow to the adjacent channel which generally flow southeasterly. Emergency overflows would sheet flow southeasterly along the public streets, being captured by the proposed flared end section at a depression which will ultimately convey water to existing Pond D.

Pond D also has measures in place to mitigate an emergency condition. A buried riprap emergency spillway will route emergency flows over the embankment and into a swale that will carry flows east of the site.

D. Comparison of Developed to Filing 3 FDR

Major Basin D1.5 in the Filing 3 FDR was designed to be 95% impervious with 5- and 100-year peak flow rates of 31.6 and 57.6 cfs, respectively. With the development of Filing 4, the composite site will have an imperviousness of 92.3% with 5- and 100-year peak flow rates of 27.26 and 48.33 cfs respectively. Design point 11 is the ultimate discharge point of filing 4. Storm Sewer HGL's and inlet calculations are provided in the following appendices showing all proposed storm infrastructure within filing 4 will function as intended and be in conformance with the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual.

The development of Filing 4 is in compliance with the Filing 3 FDR.

E. Detention Design

The total developed storm runoff downstream of the Filing No. 4 development along with the future developments of Filings 2, 2A, 3, and the area south of Filing 3 area will be

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maintained at historic levels by routing flows through Detention Pond D located at the southeast corner of the subdivision. The detention facility was sized to attenuate onsite peak flows through the pond, mitigating developed drainage impacts per the approved Filing 3 Final Drainage Report. Detention Pond D will be constructed within Filing 3, which will come before this Filing 4 development.

The total volume requiring storage is equivalent to the 100 Year + ½ WQCV produced by the onsite developed area. The required pond volume was determined using the ultimate buildout conditions for all areas tributary to the pond in the approved Filing 3 FDR. The calculated volume to be stored is 9.1 ac-ft and was calculated by means of the UD_Detention spreadsheet. The detention volume will be routed through the extended detention basin by means of a modified CDOT Type C structure. The WQCV and EURV will be controlled by a multi-stage orifice plate within the Type C structure while the 100-year volume will be routed through a 36" pipe with restrictor plate within the Type C structure.

Two scenarios for Pond D have been examined for design purposes within and downstream of the pond: Interim Condition and Ultimate Development. The interim condition assumes Filing 2, 2A and 3 are fully developed, while ultimate development assumes all tributary basins are fully developed. The Type C outlet structure and multi-stage orifice plate proposed within Filing 3 will meet the required release rates during the interim condition. The orifice plate will be modified as needed to ensure release rates remain in compliance with the development of Filing 4. Please see Appendix B for the updated Mile High Flood District Detention Pond spreadsheet. The Filing 3 Drainage Report uses an interim imperviousness of 23%. When Filing 4 gets developed, the interim imperviousness will increase to 33%. This will require two of the existing orifices to enlarge to provide adequate release rates. No significant downstream drainage impacts are anticipated, and no downstream drainage improvements are proposed.

F. Onsite Drainage Facility Design

Storm Sewer System Layout

Generally, streets are designed with cross slopes of 2%, pushing water from the centerlines to curb and gutter systems. The street conveys flows to low points at various points around the site where Type R curb inlets are proposed to convey street flows to an underground storm sewer system. The storm sewer system contains reinforced concrete pipes (RCP) with minimum sizes of 18 inches and minimum slopes of 0.5%.

Basins C1-C7 drain to a dedicated storm sewer system that connects to the storm sewer system designed in Filing 3 which will ultimately discharge to channel D at DP19. The channel will ultimately drain to Detention Pond D.

Open Channel System Layout

MAYBERRY – FILING 4
FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

One open channel is proposed as part of the Filing 4 development: Channel E. The channel will generally be designed as a stable native grass-lined channel with a subcritical flow regime. Channel E will be designed to convey 100-year flows, with trapezoidal cross-sections, side slopes of 4:1, and minimum freeboard of 1-foot.

The proposed development will require an adjustment of Channel E to be extended eastward to convey flows from offsite basins EC-10 and OS-1 around the site. The portion of Channel E south of property limits will not be modified. The channel will maintain the general design as a grass-lined channel with a bottom width of 8 feet and a depth of 3.25 feet.

Swale C7 is proposed along the southern boundary of Filing 4. This swale is designed to convey the undeveloped and developed flows from lots 5 through 8 to a proposed 24" flared end section. As each of these four lots gets developed, the property owner will have the choice of keeping and maintaining the swale as is, or be responsible for filling in Swale C7 and constructing a storm drain pipe that spans across the entire width of their property. The property owner will need to provide flared end sections or tie-in to the storm infrastructure of the neighboring property. Swale C7 was modeled as if all lots were fully developed.

G. Analysis of Existing and Proposed Downstream Facilities

The general concept of the proposed drainage plan is to attenuate peak flows from the developed site by routing flows through the on-site detention pond D. An analysis of drainage patterns downstream of the subdivision was performed as part of the Filing 3 report to ensure historic drainage patterns are maintained. Filing 4 will remain in compliance of Filing 3.

H. Anticipated Drainage Problems and Solutions

The proposed stormwater detention pond is designed to mitigate the impacts of developed drainage from this project. The overall drainage plan for the subdivision includes a public street with curb and gutter, storm inlets, and storm sewers conveying developed flows to improved drainage channels running through the site. The primary drainage problems anticipated within this development will consist of maintenance of these storm sewer systems, culverts, and drainage channels. Care will need to be taken to implement proper erosion control measures in the proposed channels and swales, which will be designed to meet allowable velocity criteria.

A trail system will be maintained along the major drainage channel to provide maintenance access to the drainage facilities throughout the development. Proper construction and maintenance will minimize downstream drainage impacts. The proposed public street will be owned and maintained by El Paso County.

VII. EROSION CONTROL

The Contractor will be required to implement best management practices (BMP's) for erosion control during construction. The proposed erosion control plan is included in the Grading & Erosion Control (GEC) Plans submitted with the subdivision construction drawings. Erosion control measures will include installation of silt fence at the toe of disturbed slopes and hay bales protecting drainage ditches. Cut and fill slopes will be stabilized during excavation if necessary and vegetation will be established for stabilization of the disturbed areas. All ditches have been designed to meet El Paso County criteria for slope and velocity. Additionally, gravel vehicle tracking pads will be installed at construction access points and inlet protection will be provided to minimize conveyance of sediment into storm inlets.

VIII. COST ESTIMATE AND DRAINAGE FEES

The developer will pay all capital costs for roadway and drainage improvements. As detailed in Appendix C. The engineer's estimate for Filing 4 drainage improvements is approximately \$222,370.61. Filing 4 is located entirely within the Ellicott Consolidated Drainage Basin, which currently does not have a drainage or bridge fee requirement. As such, no drainage basin fees are applicable.

IX. MAINTENANCE

All proposed road and drainage construction within the Mayberry – Filing 4, Colorado Springs project will be performed to El Paso County Standards. Interior roads will be dedicated as public right-of-way. Roads and drainage facilities within the public right-of-way will be maintained by El Paso County upon final acceptance of these facilities after the warranty period. The Metropolitan District will maintain drainage channels and stormwater detention pond within the proposed open space areas.

X. SUMMARY

The Mayberry – Filing 4, Colorado Springs consists of 8 commercial lots in the northeast part of the master development, with access connections to State Highway 94 at Springs Road. The commercial lots are platted within Filing 4. The development will generate an increase in developed runoff from the site, which will be mitigated through stormwater detention and water quality facility.

The proposed drainage patterns will remain consistent with historic conditions, and new drainage facilities constructed to El Paso County standards will safely convey runoff to

MAYBERRY – FILING 4
FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

adequate outfalls. Detention Pond D southeast of the development areas will ensure that developed flows remain below historic levels. Construction and proper maintenance of the proposed drainage and erosion control facilities will ensure that this subdivision has no significant adverse drainage impacts on downstream or surrounding areas.

XI. APPENDICES

Appendix A - Hydrologic Computations

1. Hydrologic References from Filing 3
2. Pre-Developed Flow Rates
3. Post Developed Flow Rates

Appendix B – Hydraulic Computations

1. Detention and Water Quality Facility Design
2. Storm Sewer Capacity
3. Inlet and Street Capacity
4. Channel Design
5. Culvert Capacity

Appendix C – Reference Information

1. Vicinity Map
2. Cost Estimate
3. NRCS Soils Report
4. FEMA Flood Insurance Maps
5. Referenced Narrative and Drainage Maps from Filing 3
6. Existing and Developed Drainage Maps
7. Outlet Structure Modifications

APPENDIX A - HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

POST-DEVELOPMENT C VALUES

Designer: ESJ
Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
Date: 1/5/2023
Project: Mayberry Filing 3
Location: El Paso County



Global Parameters ¹			
Land Use	% Imp.	C ₅	C ₁₀₀
SF LOTS (1/6 AC)	47.5	0.375	0.545
Hardscape	100	0.9	0.96
Commercial	95	0.81	0.88
Landscape/Park	2	0.08	0.35

Summary	
Total Area (ac)	561.92
Composite Impervious	33.1%
Cells of this color are for required user-input	
Cells of this color are for optional user-input	

¹ From Table 6-6 in El Paso County DCM
² From Table 6-6 in El Paso County DCM

Basin Name	Area (ac)	NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group	SF LOTS (1/6 AC)		Hardscape		Commercial		Landscape/Park		% Check	Percent Imperviousness	Runoff Coefficient, C ²				
			Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%			2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	100-yr
C2.1	0.77	A	0.77	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%				0.55	
C2.2	0.33	A	0.33	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%				0.55	
C2.3	1.81	A	1.81	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%				0.55	
C2.4	1.16	A	0.00	0.0%	0.93	80.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.23	20.0%	100.00%	80%			0.74	0.84	
C2.5	9.61	A	9.61	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
C3.0	35.40	A	17.70	50.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	17.70	50.0%	100.00%	25%			0.23	0.45	
D1.1	1.73	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	1.73	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	95%			0.81	0.88	
D1.2	2.56	A	2.56	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
D1.3	2.02	A	2.02	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
D1.4	3.75	A	3.52	93.9%	0.00	0.0%	0.23	6.1%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	50%			0.40	0.57	
D1.5	9.88	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	9.88	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	95%			0.81	0.88	
D1.6	1.96	A	1.96	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
D1.7	1.56	A	1.56	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
D1.8	1.27	A	1.27	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
D1.9	0.54	A	0.54	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
D1.10	2.13	A	2.13	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
D1.11	1.23	A	0.00	0.0%	0.98	80.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.25	20.0%	100.00%	80%			0.74	0.84	
D1.12	3.42	A	3.42	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
D1.13	3.07	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	3.07	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	95%			0.81	0.88	
D1.14	0.91	A	0.60	65.9%	0.00	0.0%	0.31	34.1%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	64%			0.52	0.66	
D2.0	11.90	A	9.50	79.8%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	2.40	20.2%	100.00%	38%			0.32	0.51	
E1	3.92	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	3.92	100.0%	100.00%	2%			0.08	0.35	
D2.1	3.15	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	3.15	100.0%	100.00%	2%			0.08	0.35	
OS-1	2.65	A	0.00	0.0%	0.91	34.3%	0.00	0.0%	1.74	65.7%	100.00%	36%			0.36	0.56	
C Basins	49.08	A	30.22	61.6%	0.93	1.9%	0.00	0.0%	17.93	36.5%	100.00%	32%			0.28	0.48	
D Basins	51.08	A	29.08	56.9%	0.98	1.9%	15.22	29.8%	2.65	5.2%	93.83%	57%			0.48	0.61	
Pond - Developed	100.16	A	59.30	59.2%	1.91	1.9%	15.22	15.2%	20.58	20.5%	96.86%	45%			0.38	0.55	
D1.5 (pre-dev)	9.88	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	9.88	100.0%	100.00%	2%			0.08	0.35	
D2.0 (pre-dev)	11.90	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	11.90	100.0%	100.00%	2%			0.08	0.35	
C3.0 (pre-dev)	35.40	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	35.40	100.0%	100.00%	2%			0.08	0.35	
Pond - F2 & F3 Dev only	100.16	A	32.10	32.0%	1.91	1.9%	5.34	5.3%	60.81	60.7%	100.00%	23%					
*highlighted basins are tributary to Pond D in Interim condition																	
GALV	4.44	A	4.44	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	47.5%			0.38	0.55	
C Basins - Pre Dev	49.08	A	12.52	25.5%	0.93	1.9%	0.00	0.0%	35.63	72.6%	100.00%	15.5%			0.17	0.41	
D Basins - Pre Dev	47.93	A	19.58	40.9%	0.98	2.1%	5.34	11.1%	22.03	46.0%	100.00%	33.0%			0.30	0.50	

TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Designer: ESJ
 Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
 Date: 1/5/2023
 Project: Mayberry Filing 3
 Location: El Paso County

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L_i}}{S_i^{0.33}}$$

Computed $t_c = t_i + t_t$

$t_{\text{minimum}} = 5$ (urban)
 $t_{\text{minimum}} = 10$ (non-urban)

Non Urban Li max = 300'
 Urban Li Max = 100'

$$t_t = \frac{L_t}{60K\sqrt{S_t}} = \frac{L_t}{60V_t}$$

Selected $t_c = \max\{t_{\text{minimum}}, \min(\text{Computed } t_c, \text{Regional } t_c)\}$

$$\text{Regional } t_c = (26 - 17i) + \frac{L_t}{60(14i + 9)\sqrt{S_t}}$$

Cells of this color are for required user-input



Subbasin Data				Overland (Initial) Flow Time			Channelized (Travel) Flow Time					Time of Concentration			Remarks
Basin	Area	% Impervious	C5	Overland Flow Length L_i (ft)	Overland Flow Slope S_i (ft/ft)	Overland Flow Time t_i (min)	Channelized Flow Length L_t (ft)	Channelized Flow Slope S_t (ft/ft)	NRCS Conveyance Factor K	Channelized Flow Velocity V_t (ft/sec)	Channelized Flow Time t_t (min)	Computed t_c (min)	Regional t_c (min)	Selected t_c (min)	
C2.1	0.77	47.5%	0.38	100.00	0.020	10.41	242.00	0.020	20	2.83	1.43	11.84	19.75	11.84	
C2.2	0.33	47.5%	0.38	36.00	0.020	6.25	152.00	0.020	20	2.83	0.90	7.14	19.07	7.14	
C2.3	1.81	47.5%	0.38	100.00	0.020	10.41	1033.00	0.010	20	2.00	8.61	19.02	28.93	19.02	
C2.4	1.16	80.4%	0.74	12.00	0.020	1.81	534.00	0.009	20	1.90	4.69	6.50	16.96	6.50	
C2.5	9.61	47.5%	0.38	36.00	0.020	6.25	513.00	0.007	20	1.67	5.11	11.36	24.45	11.36	
C3.0	35.40	24.8%	0.23	100.00	0.020	12.53	1536.00	0.010	20	2.00	12.80	25.33	42.33	25.33	
D1.1	1.73	95.0%	0.81	100.00	0.020	4.17	405.00	0.020	20	2.83	2.39	6.55	11.99	6.55	
D1.2	2.56	47.5%	0.38	100.00	0.020	10.41	533.00	0.010	20	2.00	4.44	14.86	23.60	14.86	
D1.3	2.02	47.5%	0.38	36.00	0.020	6.25	495.00	0.010	20	2.00	4.13	10.37	23.20	10.37	
D1.4	3.75	50.4%	0.40	100.00	0.020	10.03	634.00	0.014	20	2.37	4.47	14.50	22.99	14.50	
D1.5	9.88	95.0%	0.81	100.00	0.020	4.17	856.00	0.010	20	2.00	7.13	11.30	16.25	11.30	
D1.6	1.96	47.5%	0.38	100.00	0.020	10.41	534.00	0.010	20	2.00	4.45	14.86	23.61	14.86	
D1.7	1.56	47.5%	0.38	100.00	0.020	10.41	530.00	0.010	20	2.00	4.42	14.83	23.57	14.83	
D1.8	1.27	47.5%	0.38	100.00	0.020	10.41	325.00	0.010	20	2.00	2.71	13.12	21.39	13.12	
D1.9	0.54	47.5%	0.38	36.00	0.020	6.25	389.00	0.010	20	2.00	3.24	9.49	22.07	9.49	
D1.10	2.13	47.5%	0.38	36.00	0.020	6.25	465.00	0.010	20	2.00	3.88	10.12	22.88	10.12	
D1.11	1.23	80.4%	0.74	12.00	0.020	1.81	962.00	0.017	20	2.61	6.15	7.96	18.40	7.96	
D1.12	3.42	47.5%	0.38	100.00	0.020	10.41	1356.00	0.010	20	2.00	11.30	21.71	32.37	21.71	
D1.13	3.07	95.0%	0.81	100.00	0.020	4.17	456.00	0.008	20	1.79	4.25	8.41	13.66	8.41	
D1.14	0.91	63.7%	0.52	100.00	0.020	8.28	400.00	0.008	20	1.79	3.73	12.01	19.33	12.01	
D2.0	11.90	38.3%	0.32	100.00	0.020	11.27	1750.00	0.011	20	2.10	13.90	25.17	38.84	25.17	
D2.1	3.15	2.0%	0.08	100.00	0.021	14.42						14.42		14.42	
E1	3.92	2.0%	0.08				2811.00	0.008							Tc calculated using TR55 - see Hydraflow Hydrographs Model
EC10	320.00		0.08	300.00	0.020		5250.00	0.013							Tc calculated using TR55 - see Hydraflow Hydrographs Model
OS-1	2.65	35.7%	0.36	50.00	0.020		2525.00	0.007							Tc calculated using TR55 - see Hydraflow Hydrographs Model
GALV	4.44	47.5%	0.38	36.00	0.020	6.25	1007.00	0.010	20	2.00	8.39	14.64	28.65	14.64	
D2.0 (pre-dev)	11.90	2.0%	0.08	100.00	0.020	14.65	1750.00	0.011	20	2.10	13.90	28.56	55.63	28.56	
C3.0 (pre-dev)	35.40	2.0%	0.08	100.00	0.020	14.65	1536.00	0.010	20	2.00	12.80	27.45	53.25	27.45	

DESIGN POINT	STREET/ CONTRIBUTING BASINS	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF					STREET BYPASS		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME				Remarks	
		Basin Name	Area (ac)	Coeff C	Tc (min)	C*A (ac)	I	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	Sum Area (ac)	Sum C*A (ac)	I in/hr	Q cfs	Slope %	Street Q cfs	Design Q cfs	Slope %	PIPE SIZE	L ft	VEL ft/sec	Tt min	Q add'l		
12	D1.5							11.3	9.88	8.69	6.62	57.60						135	4	0.60				
		D1.6	1.96	0.55	14.9	1.07	5.93	6.3																
13	DP12, D1.6							14.86	11.8	9.8	5.93	57.93						35	4	0.10				
		D1.7	1.56	0.55	14.8	0.85	5.94	5.0																
14	DP13, D1.7							14.96	13.4	10.6	5.92	62.79						232	4	1.10				
		D1.8	1.27	0.55	13.1	0.69	6.25	4.3																
15	DP14, D1.8							16.06	14.7	11.3	5.74	64.87						35	4	0.10				
		D1.9	0.54	0.55	9.5	0.29	7.06	2.1																
16	DP15, D1.9							16.16	15.2	11.6	5.72	66.38						137	4	0.60				
		D1.10	2.13	0.55	10.1	1.16	6.90	8.0																
17	D1.10							10.12	2.1	1.2	6.90	8.01						20	4	0.10				
		D1.11	1.23	0.84	8.0	1.03	7.51	7.7										10	4	0.00				
18	D1.11, DP17, DP10							28.6	20.8	13.5	4.28	57.81						63	4	0.30				
19	DP16, DP18							28.9	36.0	25.1	4.26	106.83						1024	4	4.30			Total into upper Channel D	
		D2.0	11.9	0.51	25.2	6.02	4.61	27.7																
20	DP19, D2.0							33.21	47.9	31.1	3.91	121.58												
		C3.0	35.4	0.45	25.3	15.84	4.59	72.7																
21	DP4, C3.0							26.9	49.1	23.6	4.44	104.87												To channel C2
		D2.1	3.15	0.35	14.4	1.10	6.01	6.6																
22	D2.1, DP20, DP21							28.9	100.2	55.9	4.26	237.76			237.8									
23	POND D OUTFLOW											39.60												100 YEAR RELEASE RATE FOR POND D
24	CHANNEL E OUTFLOW											138.50												Input from Hydraflow Hydrographs, Calculated via SCS Method
EX5	DP23, DP24											177.50												Input from Hydraflow Hydrographs, Calculated via SCS Method
		GALV	4.44	0.55	14.6	2.42	5.97	14.5							14.5									
		D2.0 (pre-dev)	11.9	0.35	28.6	4.17	4.29	17.9																
		C3.0 (pre-dev)	35.4	0.35	27.5	12.39	4.39	54.4																
		D1.5 (pre-dev)	9.88	0.35	21.8	3.46	4.97	17.2																
20 - Pre Dev	DP4, C3.0 (pre-dev)							27.5	49.1	20.19	4.39	88.57			88.6									Used for sizing for interim forebay release rate
21 - Pre Dev	DP19, D2.0 Pre-Dev, D1.5 (pre-dev)							33.2	47.9	24.0	3.91	93.88			93.9									Used for sizing for interim forebay release rate

EXISTING C VALUES

Designer: ESJ
Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
Date: 8/9/2023
Project: Mayberry Filing 4
Location: El Paso County



Global Parameters ¹			
Land Use	% Imp.	C ₅	C ₁₀₀
Agriculture	2	0.09	0.36
Hardscape	100	0.9	0.96
Commercial/Industrial	80	0.59	0.7
Landscape/Park	2	0.08	0.35

Summary	
Total Area (ac)	10.60
Composite Impervious	2.0%
Cells of this color are for required user-input	
Cells of this color are for optional user-input	

¹ From Table 6-6 in El Paso County DCM
² From Table 6-6 in El Paso County DCM

Basin Name	Area (ac)	NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group	Agriculture		Hardscape		Commercial/Industrial		Landscape/Park		% Check	Percent Imperviousness	Runoff Coefficient, C ²				
			Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%			2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	100-yr
EX-1	8.88	A	8.88	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	2.0%		0.09			0.36
EX-2	1.72	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	1.72	100.0%	100.00%	2.0%		0.08			0.35

EX DEVELOPMENT CN VALUES

Designer: ESJ
Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
Date: 8/9/2023
Project: Mayberry Filing 4
Location: El Paso County



Global Parameters ¹	
Land Use	CN
PASTURE - GOOD	61

Basin Name	Area (ac)	NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group	PASTURE - GOOD		% Check	SCS CN
			Area (ac)	%		CN
EX-1	8.88	A	8.88	100.0%		61.00
EX-2	1.72	A	1.72	100.0%		61.00

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (EXISTING)

Designer: ESJ
Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
Date: 8/9/2023
Project: Mayberry Filing 4
Location: El Paso County

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L_i}}{S_i^{0.33}}$$

$$\text{Computed } t_c = t_i + t_t$$

$$t_{\text{minimum}} = 5 \text{ (urban)}$$

$$t_{\text{minimum}} = 10 \text{ (non-urban)}$$

Non Urban Li max = 300'
Urban Li Max = 100'

$$t_t = \frac{L_t}{60K\sqrt{S_t}} = \frac{L_t}{60V_t}$$

$$\text{Selected } t_c = \max\{t_{\text{minimum}}, \min(\text{Computed } t_c, \text{Regional } t_c)\}$$

$$\text{Regional } t_c = (26 - 17i) + \frac{L_t}{60(14i + 9)\sqrt{S_t}}$$

Cells of this color are for required user-input



ENGINEERS SURVEYORS INC

Subbasin Data				Overland (Initial) Flow Time			Channelized (Travel) Flow Time					Time of Concentration			
Basin	Area	% Impervious	C5	Overland Flow Length L _i (ft)	Overland Flow Slope S _i (ft/ft)	Overland Flow Time t _i (min)	Channelized Flow Length L _t (ft)	Channelized Flow Slope S _t (ft/ft)	NRCS Conveyance Factor K	Channelized Flow Velocity V _t (ft/sec)	Channelized Flow Time t _t (min)	Computed t _c (min)	Regional t _c (min)	Selected t _c (min)	Remarks
EX-1	8.88	2.0%	0.09	100.00	0.020	14.51	737.00	0.020	5	0.71	17.37	31.88	35.02	31.88	
EX-2	1.72	2.0%	0.08	100.00	0.020	14.65	1250.00	0.020	15	2.12	9.82	24.47	41.53	24.47	

POST-DEVELOPMENT C VALUES

Designer: LAO
 Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
 Date: 8/7/2023
 Project: Mayberry Filing 4
 Location: El Paso County



Global Parameters ¹			
Land Use	% Imp.	C ₅	C ₁₀₀
Commercial	95	0.81	0.88
Hardscape	100	0.9	0.96
Landscape/Park	2	0.08	0.35
Gravel	80	0.57	0.7

Summary	
Total Area (ac)	9.73
Composite Impervious	92.3%
Cells of this color are for required user-input	
Cells of this color are for optional user-input	

¹ From Table 6-6 in El Paso County DCM
² From Table 6-6 in El Paso County DCM

Basin Name	Area (ac)	NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group	Commercial		Hardscape		Landscape/Park		Gravel		% Check	Percent Imperviousness	Runoff Coefficient, C ²				
			Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%			2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	100-yr
C-1	1.09	A	1.09	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	95.0%		0.81			0.88
C-2	1.09	A	1.09	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	95.0%		0.81			0.88
C-3	1.07	A	1.07	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	95.0%		0.81			0.88
C-4	1.05	A	1.05	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	95.0%		0.81			0.88
C-5	0.91	A	0.00	0.0%	0.72	79.1%	0.19	20.9%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	79.5%		0.73			0.83
C-6	0.77	A	0.00	0.0%	0.61	79.2%	0.16	20.8%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	79.6%		0.73			0.83
C-7	3.75	A	3.75	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	95.0%		0.81			0.88
U-1	1.25	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	1.25	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	2.0%		0.08			0.35

POST-DEVELOPMENT CN VALUES

Designer: ESJ
Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
Date: 8/7/2023
Project: Mayberry Filing 4
Location: El Paso County



Global Parameters ¹	
Land Use	CN
SF LOTS (1/6 AC)	80
PASTURE - GOOD	61
COMMERCIAL	92
OPEN SPACE - GOOD	61
PAVED STREETS	98

Basin Name	Area (ac)	NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group	SF LOTS (1/6 AC)		PASTURE - GOOD		COMMERCIAL		OPEN SPACE - GOOD		PAVED STREETS		% Check	SCS CN
			Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%	Area (ac)	%		CN
U-1	1.25	A	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	1.25	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	61.00
EC-10	320.00	A	0.00	0.0%	320.00	100.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.0%	100.00%	61.00

TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Designer: ESJ
Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
Date: 8/7/2023
Project: Mayberry Filing 4
Location: El Paso County

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L_i}}{S_i^{0.33}}$$

$$\text{Computed } t_c = t_i + t_t$$

$$t_{\text{minimum}} = 5 \text{ (urban)}$$

$$t_{\text{minimum}} = 10 \text{ (non-urban)}$$

Non Urban Li max = 300'
Urban Li Max = 100'

$$t_t = \frac{L_t}{60K\sqrt{S_t}} = \frac{L_t}{60V_t}$$

$$\text{Selected } t_c = \max\{t_{\text{minimum}}, \min(\text{Computed } t_c, \text{Regional } t_c)\}$$

$$\text{Regional } t_c = (26 - 17i) + \frac{L_t}{60(14i + 9)\sqrt{S_t}}$$

Cells of this color are for required user-input



**ENGINEERS
SURVEYORS** **INC**

Subbasin Data				Overland (Initial) Flow Time			Channelized (Travel) Flow Time					Time of Concentration			Remarks
Basin	Area	% Impervious	C5	Overland Flow Length L _i (ft)	Overland Flow Slope S _i (ft/ft)	Overland Flow Time t _i (min)	Channelized Flow Length L _t (ft)	Channelized Flow Slope S _t (ft/ft)	NRCS Conveyance Factor K	Channelized Flow Velocity V _t (ft/sec)	Channelized Flow Time t _t (min)	Computed t _c (min)	Regional t _c (min)	Selected t _c (min)	
C-1	1.09	95.0%	0.81	100.00	0.010	5.24	300.00	0.005	20	1.41	3.54	8.77	13.02	8.77	
C-2	1.09	95.0%	0.81	100.00	0.010	5.24	300.00	0.005	20	1.41	3.54	8.77	13.02	8.77	
C-3	1.07	95.0%	0.81	100.00	0.010	5.24	300.00	0.005	20	1.41	3.54	8.77	13.02	8.77	
C-4	1.05	95.0%	0.81	100.00	0.010	5.24	300.00	0.005	20	1.41	3.54	8.77	13.02	8.77	
C-5	0.91	79.5%	0.73	100.00	0.020	5.33	1100.00	0.005	20	1.41	12.96	18.30	25.35	18.30	
C-6	0.77	79.6%	0.73	30.00	0.020	2.91	892.00	0.005	20	1.41	10.51	13.43	22.90	13.43	
C-7	3.75	95.0%	0.81	100.00	0.010	5.24	300.00	0.005	20	1.41	3.54	8.77	13.02	8.77	
U-1	1.25	2.0%	0.08	35.00	0.010	10.90	900.00	0.010	7	0.70	21.43	32.32	41.82	32.32	
EC-10	320.00		0.08				2811.00	0.008							From apprvd F3 FDR

PROPOSED STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN - 5-YEAR DESIGN STORM

Designer: ESJ
Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
Date: 8/7/2023
Project: Mayberry Filing 4
Location: El Paso County



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 Cells of this color are for optional user-input

$$I_s = -1.50 \ln(D) + 7.583$$

DESIGN POINT	STREET/ CONTRIBUTING BASINS	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF					STREET BYPASS		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME				Remarks
		Basin Name	Area (ac)	Coeff C	Tc (min)	C*A (ac)	I	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	Sum Area (ac)	Sum C*A (ac)	I in/hr	Q cfs	Slope %	Street Q cfs	Design Q cfs	Slope %	PIPE SIZE	L ft	VEL ft/sec	Tt min	Q add'l	
1	C-1	C-1	1.09	0.81	8.8	0.88	4.33	3.82	8.8	1.09	0.88	4.33	3.82										
2	C-2	C-2	1.09	0.81	8.8	0.88	4.33	3.82															
3	C-1, C-2								8.8	2.18	1.77	4.33	7.64										
4	C-3	C-3	1.07	0.81	8.8	0.87	4.33	3.75															
5	C-1, C-2, C-3								8.8	3.25	2.63	4.33	11.39										
6	C-4	C-4	1.05	0.81	8.8	0.85	4.33	3.68															
	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4								8.8	4.30	3.48	4.33	15.07										
7	C-4, C-5	C-5	0.91	0.73	18.3	0.66	3.22	2.14															
8	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5								18.3	1.96	1.51	3.22	4.88										
		C-6	0.77	0.73	13.4	0.56	3.69	2.07															
9	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6								18.3	6.0	4.7	3.22	15.17										
10	C-7	C-7	3.75	0.81	8.8	3.04	4.33	13.14															
11	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6, C-7								18.3	9.73	8.46	3.22	27.26										
	U-1	U-1	1.25	0.08	32.3	0.10	2.37	0.24															
12	U-1, EC-10	EC-10	320					18.43	32.32	321.25		2.37	18.67										Values taken from the approved F3 FDR

PROPOSED STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN - 100-YEAR DESIGN STORM

Designer: ESJ
Company: R&R Engineers-Surveyors
Date: 8/7/2023
Project: Mayberry Filing 4
Location: El Paso County



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Cells of this color are for optional user-input

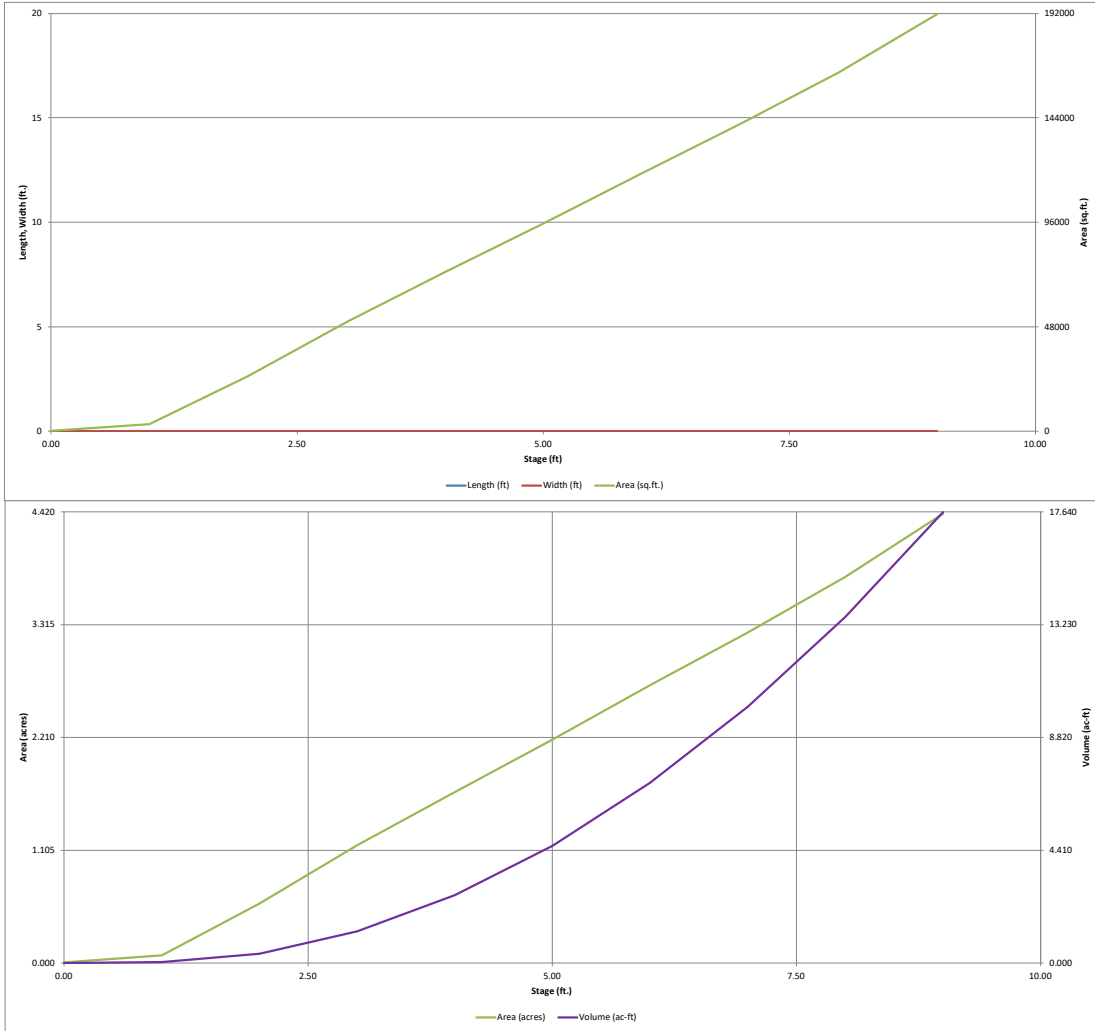
$$I_{100} = -2.52 \ln(D) + 12.735$$

DESIGN POINT	STREET/ CONTRIBUTING BASINS	DIRECT RUNOFF							TOTAL RUNOFF					STREET BYPASS		PIPE			TRAVEL TIME				Remarks
		Basin Name	Area (ac)	Coeff C	Tc (min)	C*A (ac)	I	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	Sum Area (ac)	Sum C*A (ac)	I in/hr	Q cfs	Slope %	Street Q cfs	Design Q cfs	Slope %	PIPE SIZE	L ft	VEL ft/sec	Tt min	Q add'l	
		C-1	1.09	0.88	8.8	0.96	7.26	6.97															
1	C-1								8.8	1.09	0.96	7.26	6.97										
2	C-2	C-2	1.09	0.88	8.8	0.96	7.26	6.97															
3	C-1, C-2								8.8	2.18	1.92	7.26	13.93										
4	C-3	C-3	1.07	0.88	8.8	0.94	7.26	6.84															
5	C-1, C-2, C-3								8.8	3.25	2.86	7.26	20.77										
6	C-4	C-4	1.05	0.88	8.8	0.92	7.26	6.71															
	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4								8.8	4.30	3.78	7.26	27.48										
		C-5	0.91	0.83	18.3	0.76	5.41	4.10															
7	C-4, C-5								18.3	1.96	1.68	5.41	9.10										
8	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5								18.3	5.21	4.54	5.41	24.57										
		C-6	0.77	0.83	13.4	0.64	6.19	3.97															
9	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6								18.3	5.98	5.18	5.41	28.04										
10	C-7	C-7	3.75	0.88	8.8	3.30	7.26	23.97															
11	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6, C-7								18.3	9.73	8.93	5.41	48.33										
	U-1	U-1	1.25	0.35	32.3	0.44	3.98	1.74															
12	U-1, EC-10	EC-10	320					144.70	32.32	321.25		146.4											Values taken from the approved F3 FDR

APPENDIX B - HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

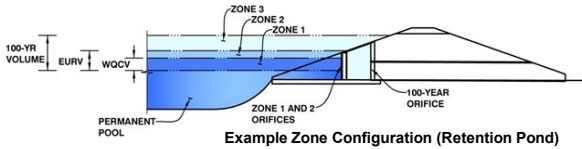


DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Project: MAYBERRY FILING 3

Basin ID: INTERIM DETENTION POND D (with Filing 4 Developed)



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	3.09	1.340	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	4.42	2.054	Orifice Plate
Zone 3 (100+1/2WQCV)	5.91	3.397	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)
Total (all zones)		6.791	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A	ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain		
Underdrain Orifice Area =	N/A	ft ²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid =	N/A	feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Centroid of Lowest Orifice =	0.00	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	3.60	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	14.40	inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	sq. inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate		
WQ Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	ft ²
Elliptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet
Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft ²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	1.20	2.40					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	4.00	5.00	6.25					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

	Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice		
Vertical Orifice Area =	N/A	ft ²
Vertical Orifice Centroid =	N/A	feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Gate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	5.50	N/A	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	7.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Gate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	6.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Gate Type =	Type C Gate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir		
Height of Gate Upper Edge, H ₁ =	5.50	feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length =	6.00	feet
Gate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area =	6.46	
Overflow Gate Open Area w/o Debris =	29.23	ft ²
Overflow Gate Open Area w/ Debris =	14.62	ft ²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.00	N/A	ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	36.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	22.00		inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate		
Outlet Orifice Area =	4.53	ft ²
Outlet Orifice Centroid =	1.04	feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe =	1.79	radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage =	6.75	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	50.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway		
Spillway Design Flow Depth =	0.65	feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	8.40	feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	4.03	acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	15.10	acre-ft

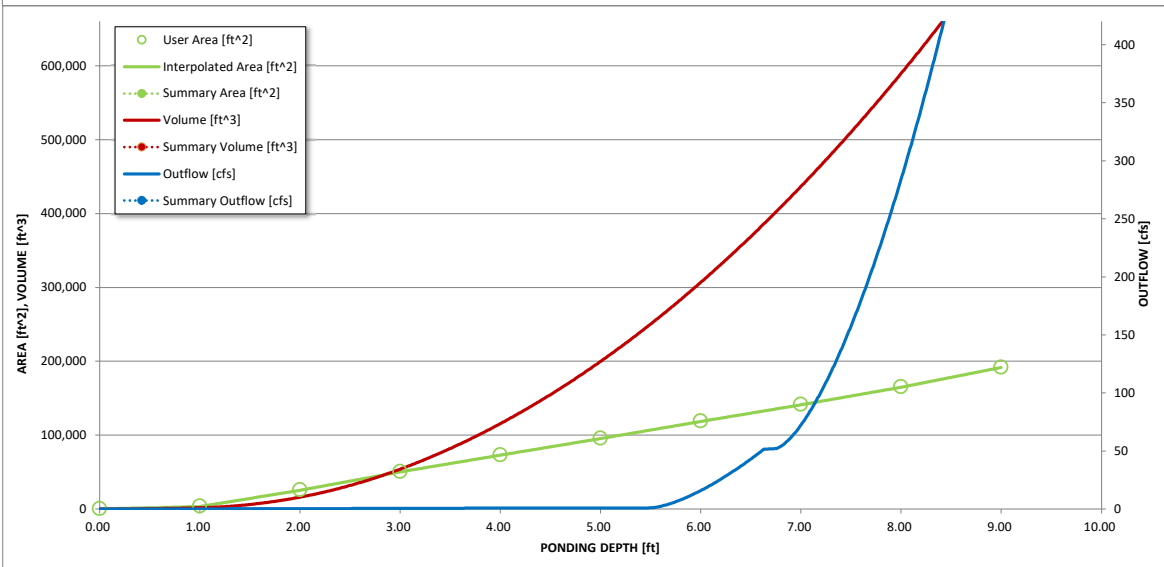
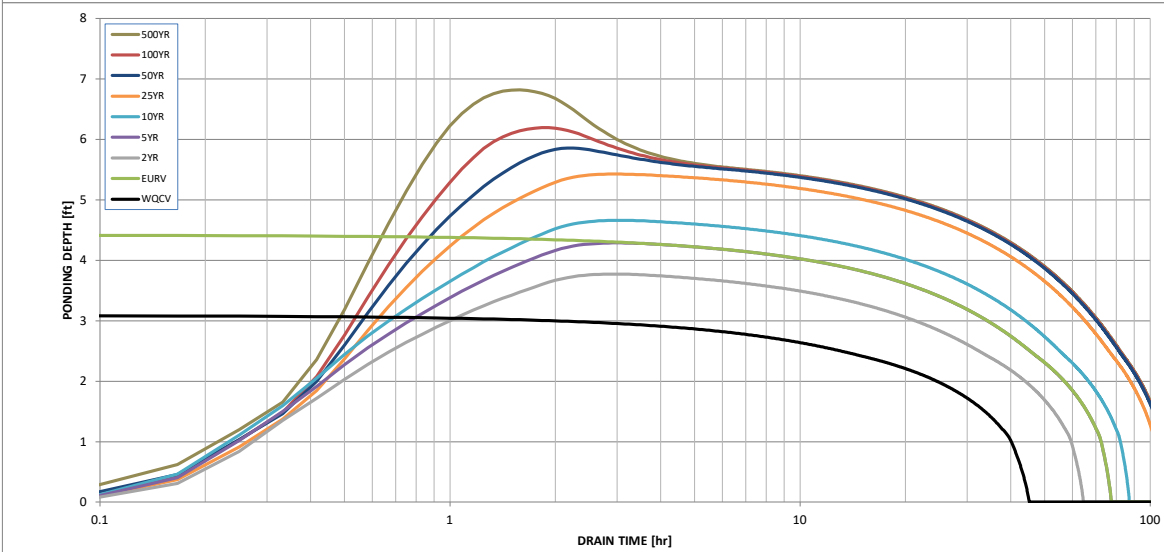
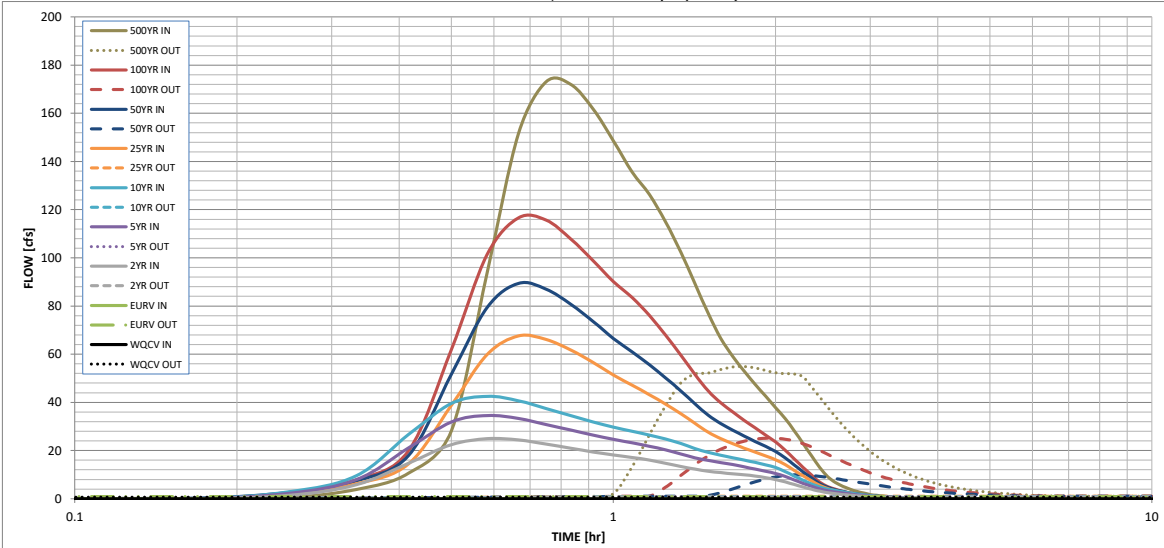
Routed Hydrograph Results

The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period									
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in)	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	3.14
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft)	1.340	3.394	2.446	3.340	4.073	5.780	7.384	9.520	14.111
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft)	N/A	N/A	2.446	3.340	4.073	5.780	7.384	9.520	14.111
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A	0.6	1.2	1.7	15.6	31.3	51.8	94.2
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre)	N/A	N/A	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.16	0.31	0.52	0.94
Peak Inflow Q (cfs)	N/A	N/A	24.9	34.5	42.5	67.6	89.4	116.6	173.1
Peak Outflow Q (cfs)	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	9.9	25.1	54.8
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.6
Structure Controlling Flow	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Plate	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Gate 1 (fps)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.3	0.8	1.8
Max Velocity through Gate 2 (fps)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours)	40	68	57	68	77	96	99	97	92
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours)	43	73	61	73	82	102	106	105	103
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft)	3.09	4.42	3.77	4.28	4.66	5.42	5.85	6.19	6.81
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres)	1.20	1.89	1.55	1.82	2.01	2.41	2.64	2.81	3.14
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft)	1.345	3.402	2.267	3.143	3.851	5.553	6.639	7.540	9.415

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)



S-A-V-D Chart Axis Override	X-axis	Left Y-Axis	Right Y-Axis
minimum bound			
maximum bound			

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename: _____

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

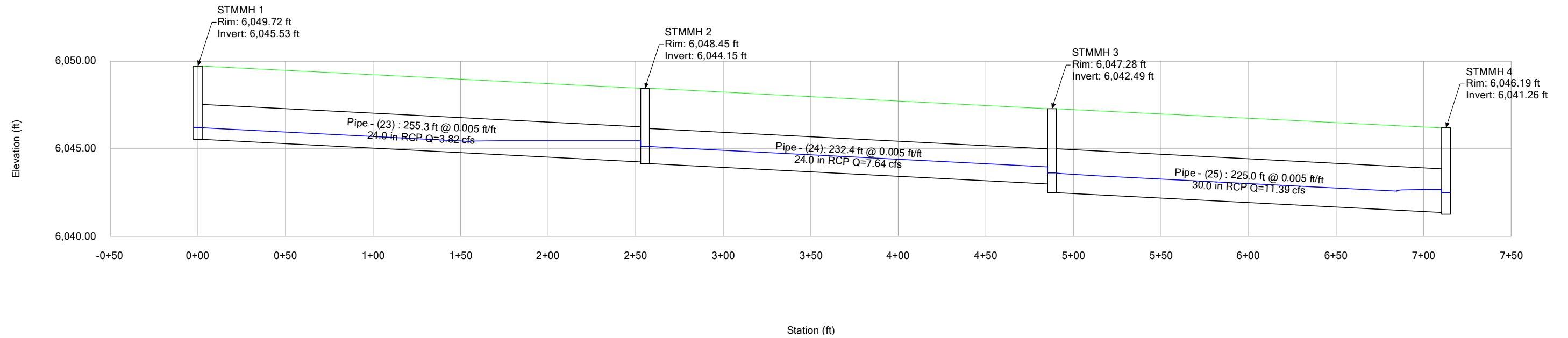
Time Interval	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.02	0.54
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	1.40	2.28	2.87	1.95	2.56	2.44	3.86
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	5.82	7.90	9.51	6.15	7.37	7.78	10.58
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	14.71	21.13	26.61	14.42	17.94	19.84	28.17
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	22.45	31.83	39.54	38.80	51.63	61.91	93.83
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	24.90	34.55	42.51	59.89	79.42	101.48	151.65
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	24.39	33.27	40.67	67.58	89.38	116.64	173.06
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	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	20.90	28.50	34.49	61.77	80.72	107.85	161.77
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	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.82	1.06	1.29	1.13	1.24	1.12	1.36
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	3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.34	0.40	0.35	0.38	0.35	0.40
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.25	0.29	0.26	0.27	0.25	0.28
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.17	0.20	0.18	0.19	0.16	0.18
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.12	0.13	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.11
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
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	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
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	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
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5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
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MAYBERRY FILING 4

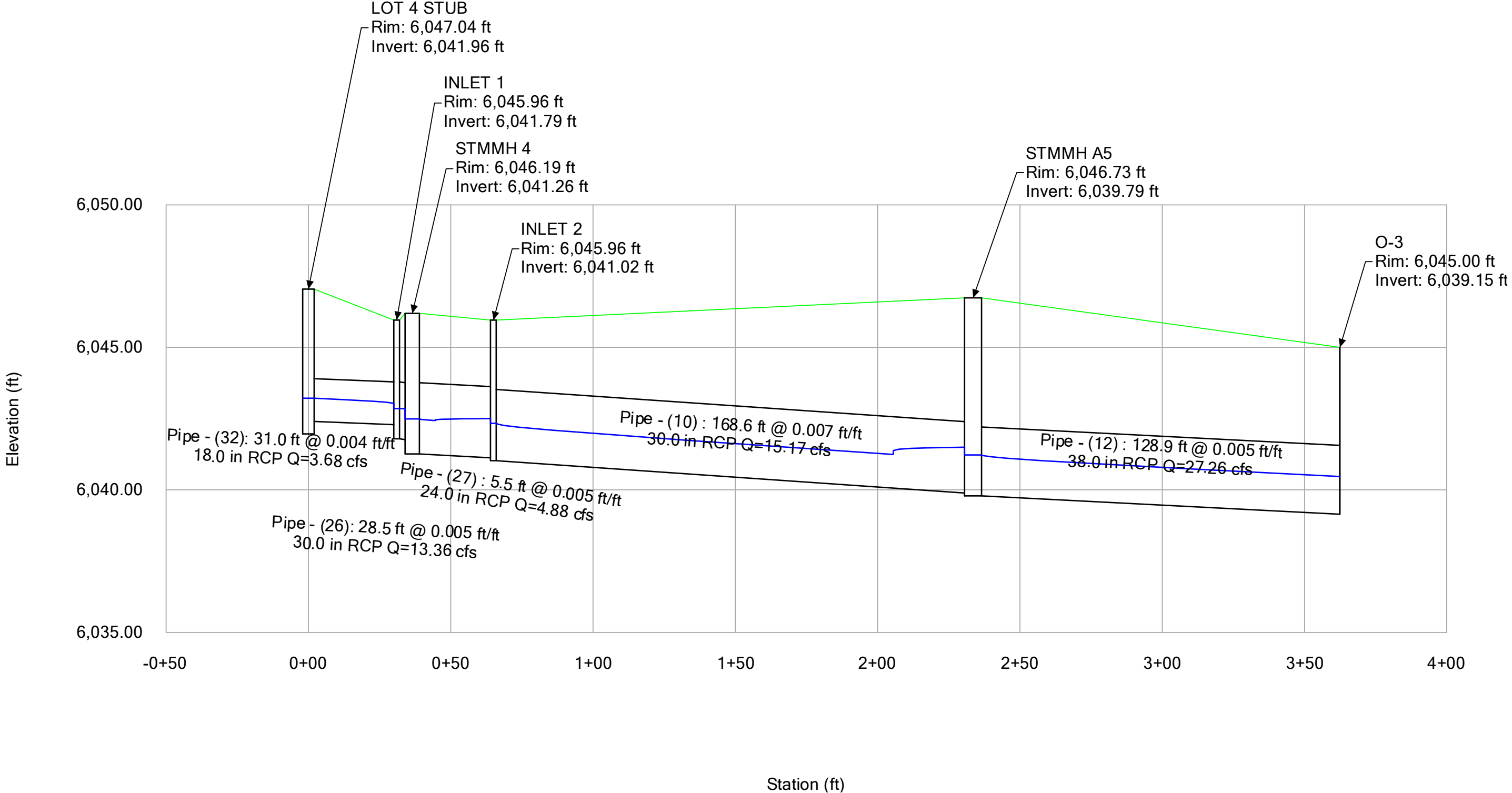
5-YEAR

ID	Label	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
106	Pipe - (12)	STMMH A5	6,039.79	O-3	6,039.15	128.9	0.005		0.013	27.26	6.85	46.61	58.5	6,041.22	6,040.47
107	Pipe - (28)	LOT 1 STUB	6,046.17	STMMH 1	6,046.03	36.5	0.004	18.0	0.013	3.82	3.83	6.51	58.7	6,046.99	6,046.78
108	Pipe - (23)	STMMH 1	6,045.53	STMMH 2	6,044.25	255.3	0.005	24.0	0.013	3.82	4.18	16.02	23.9	6,046.21	6,045.46
109	Pipe - (29)	LOT 2 STUB	6,044.79	STMMH 2	6,044.65	36.5	0.004	18.0	0.013	3.82	3.83	6.51	58.7	6,045.61	6,045.40
110	Pipe - (24)	STMMH 2	6,044.15	STMMH 3	6,042.99	232.4	0.005	24.0	0.013	7.64	5.03	15.98	47.8	6,045.13	6,043.96
111	Pipe - (25)	STMMH 3	6,042.49	STMMH 4	6,041.36	225.0	0.005	30.0	0.013	11.39	5.56	29.07	39.2	6,043.62	6,042.68
112	Pipe - (30)	LOT 3 STUB	6,043.13	STMMH 3	6,042.99	36.5	0.004	18.0	0.013	3.75	3.79	6.46	58.1	6,043.96	6,043.86
113	Pipe - (32)	LOT 4 STUB	6,042.40	INLET 1	6,042.29	31.0	0.004	18.0	0.013	3.68	3.68	6.26	58.8	6,043.22	6,043.02
114	Pipe - (10)	INLET 2	6,041.02	STMMH A5	6,039.89	168.6	0.007	30.0	0.013	15.17	6.66	33.55	45.2	6,042.33	6,041.50
115	Pipe - (13)	FES B2	6,041.01	STMMH A5	6,039.89	56.6	0.020	24.0	0.013	13.14	9.65	31.82	41.3	6,042.32	6,041.41
116	Pipe - (26)	STMMH 4	6,041.26	INLET 2	6,041.12	28.5	0.005	30.0	0.013	13.36	5.75	28.75	46.5	6,042.49	6,042.50
117	Pipe - (27)	INLET 1	6,041.79	STMMH 4	6,041.76	5.5	0.005	24.0	0.013	4.88	4.61	16.70	29.2	6,042.85	6,042.85

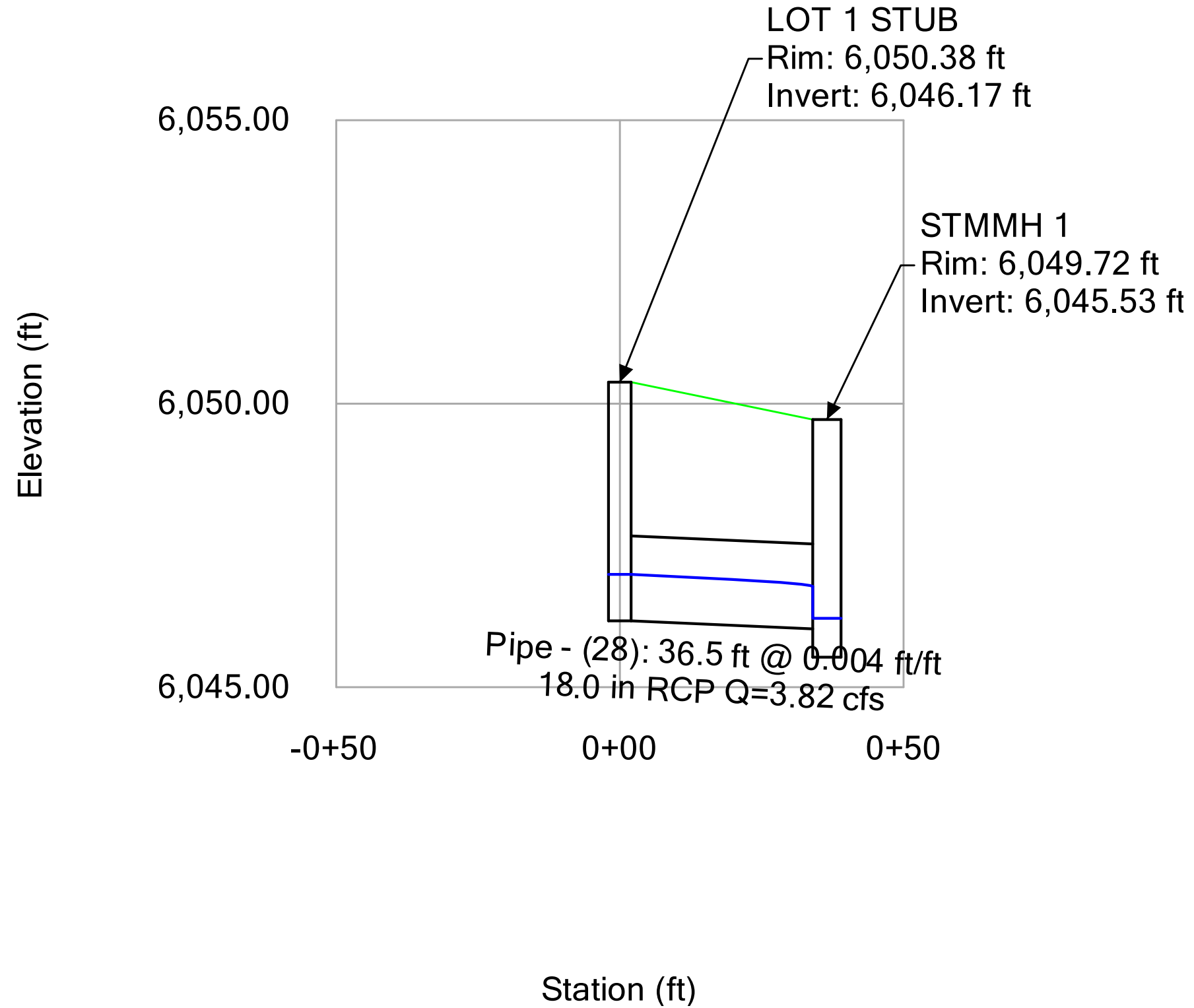
MAYBERRY FILING 4 5-YEAR



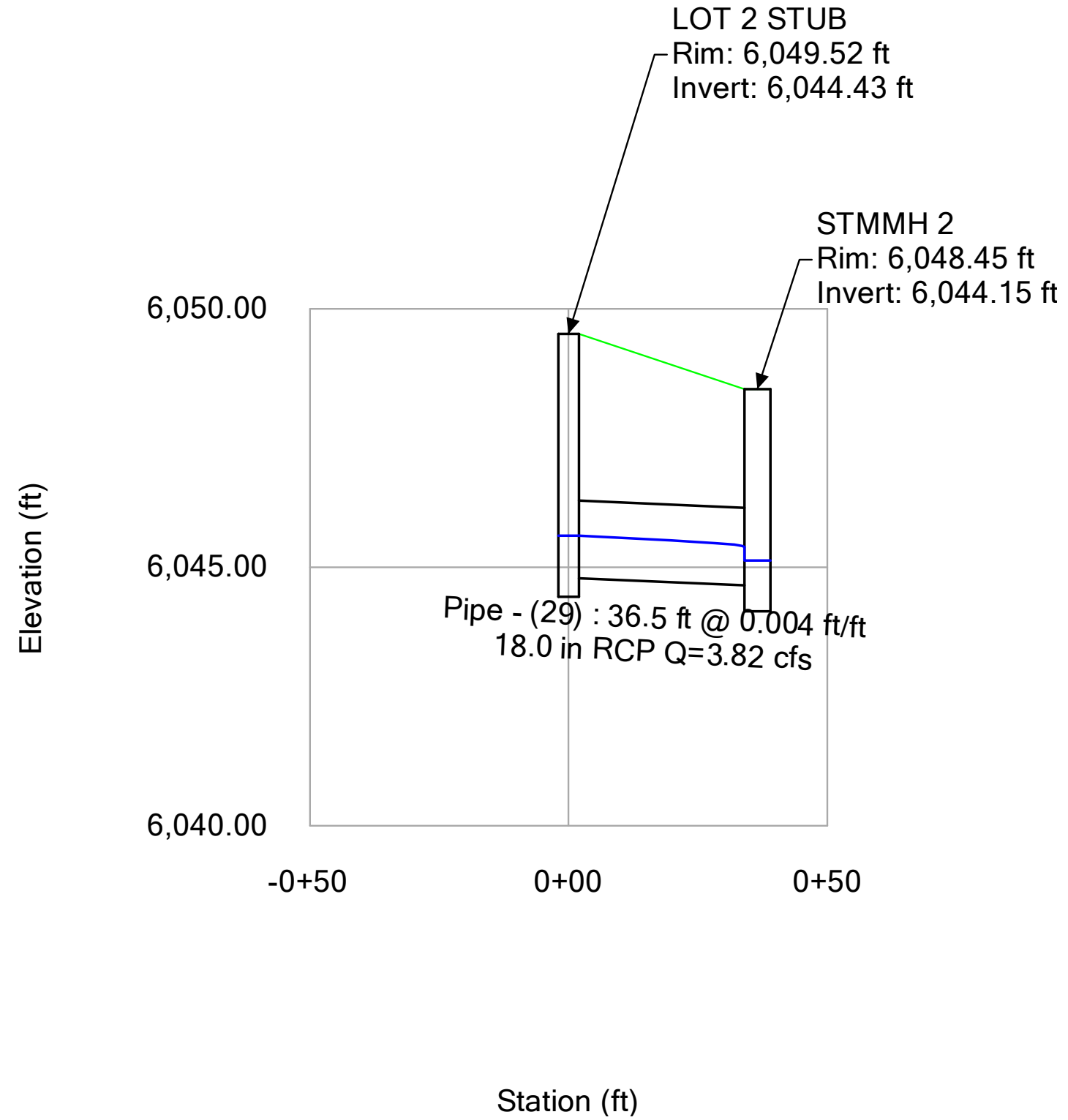
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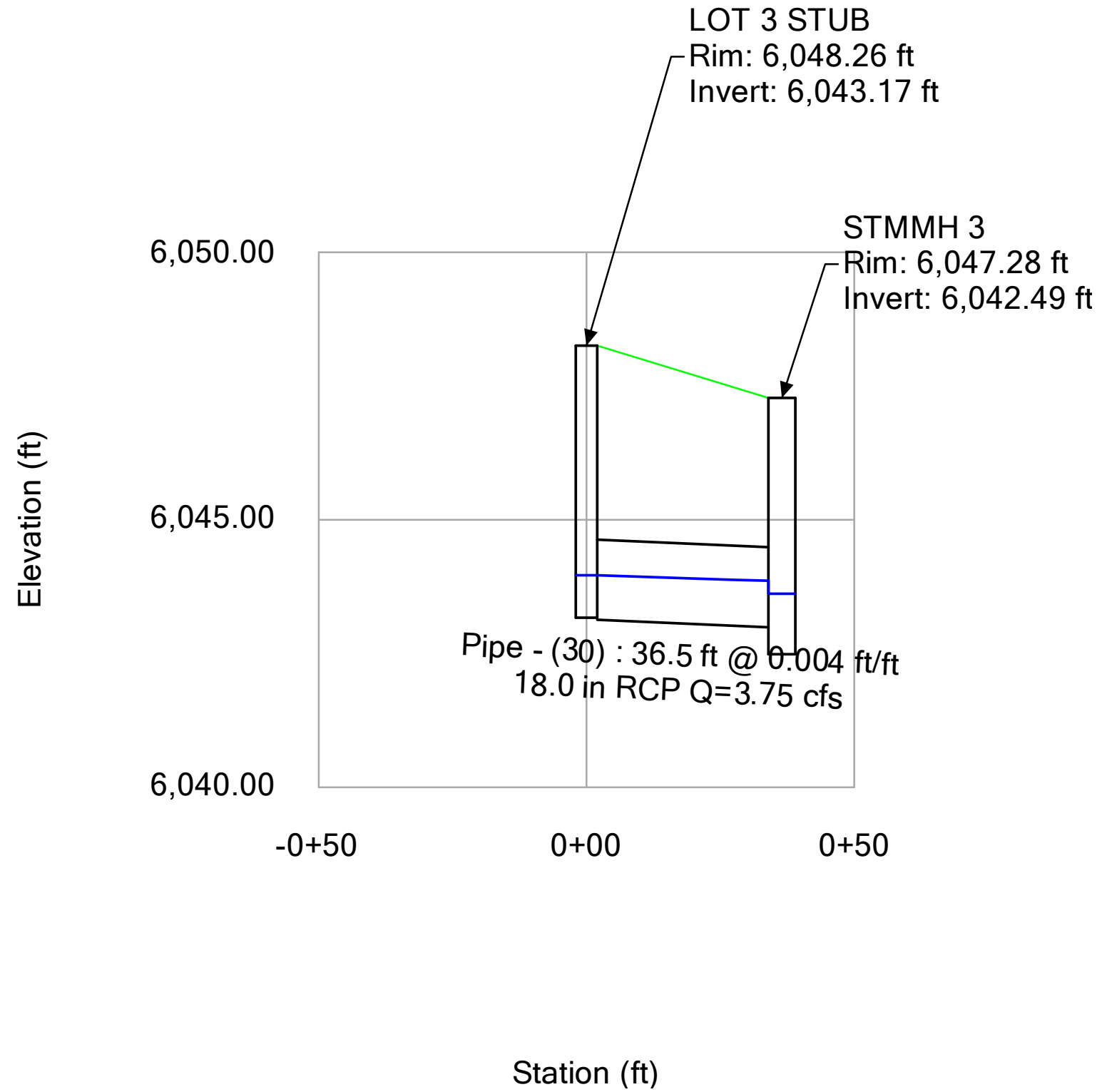
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5-YEAR**



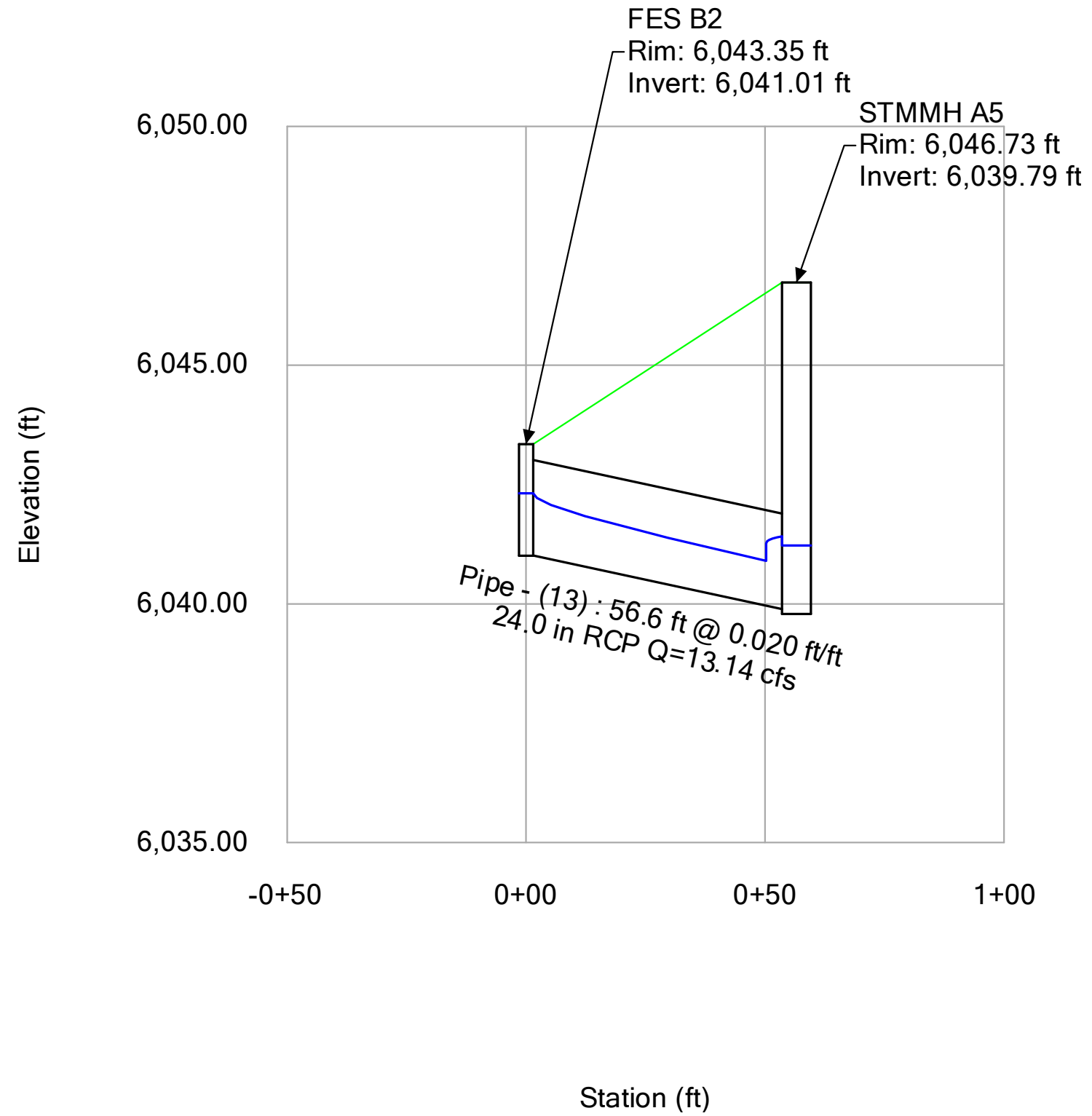
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5-YEAR



MAYBERRY FILING 4
5-YEAR



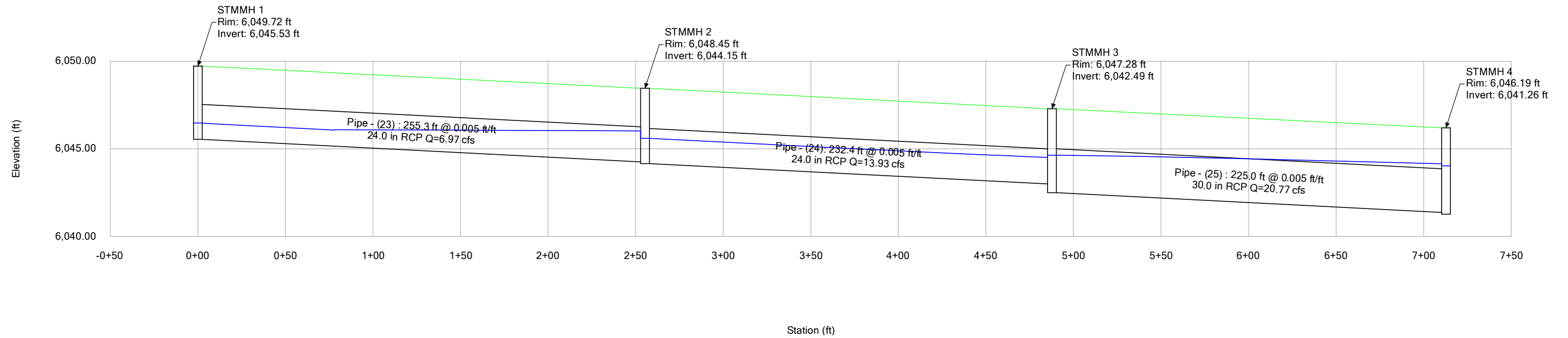
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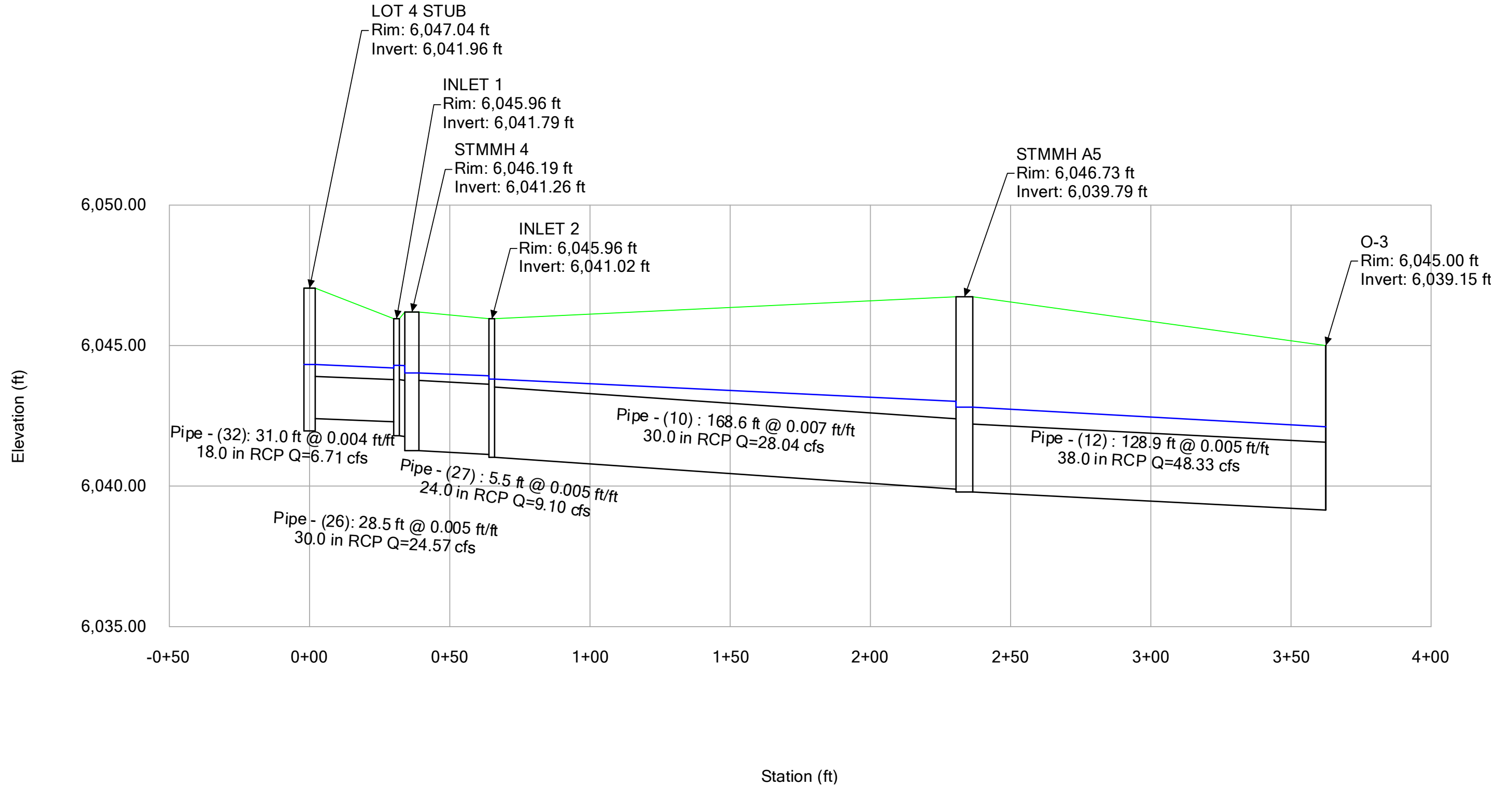
MAYBERRY FILING 4
100-YEAR

ID	Label	Start Node	Invert (Start) (ft)	Stop Node	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Diameter (in)	Manning's n	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (ft/s)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Flow / Capacity (Design) (%)	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
106	Pipe - (12)	STMMH A5	6,039.79	O-3	6,039.15	128.9	0.005		0.013	48.33	6.79	46.61	103.7	6,042.81	6,042.11
107	Pipe - (28)	LOT 1 STUB	6,046.17	STMMH 1	6,046.03	36.5	0.004	18.0	0.013	6.97	4.12	6.51	107.1	6,047.37	6,047.05
108	Pipe - (23)	STMMH 1	6,045.53	STMMH 2	6,044.25	255.3	0.005	24.0	0.013	6.97	4.92	16.02	43.5	6,046.47	6,046.02
109	Pipe - (29)	LOT 2 STUB	6,044.79	STMMH 2	6,044.65	36.5	0.004	18.0	0.013	6.97	4.12	6.51	107.1	6,045.99	6,045.67
110	Pipe - (24)	STMMH 2	6,044.15	STMMH 3	6,042.99	232.4	0.005	24.0	0.013	13.93	5.73	15.98	87.2	6,045.59	6,044.51
111	Pipe - (25)	STMMH 3	6,042.49	STMMH 4	6,041.36	225.0	0.005	30.0	0.013	20.77	6.44	29.07	71.5	6,044.63	6,044.14
112	Pipe - (30)	LOT 3 STUB	6,043.13	STMMH 3	6,042.99	36.5	0.004	18.0	0.013	6.84	3.87	6.46	105.9	6,044.89	6,044.74
113	Pipe - (32)	LOT 4 STUB	6,042.40	INLET 1	6,042.29	31.0	0.004	18.0	0.013	6.71	3.80	6.26	107.2	6,044.33	6,044.20
114	Pipe - (10)	INLET 2	6,041.02	STMMH A5	6,039.89	168.6	0.007	30.0	0.013	28.04	5.71	33.55	83.6	6,043.80	6,043.02
115	Pipe - (13)	FES B2	6,041.01	STMMH A5	6,039.89	56.6	0.020	24.0	0.013	23.97	7.63	31.82	75.3	6,043.25	6,042.62
116	Pipe - (26)	STMMH 4	6,041.26	INLET 2	6,041.12	28.5	0.005	30.0	0.013	24.57	5.01	28.75	85.5	6,044.02	6,043.92
117	Pipe - (27)	INLET 1	6,041.79	STMMH 4	6,041.76	5.5	0.005	24.0	0.013	9.10	2.90	16.70	54.5	6,044.29	6,044.28

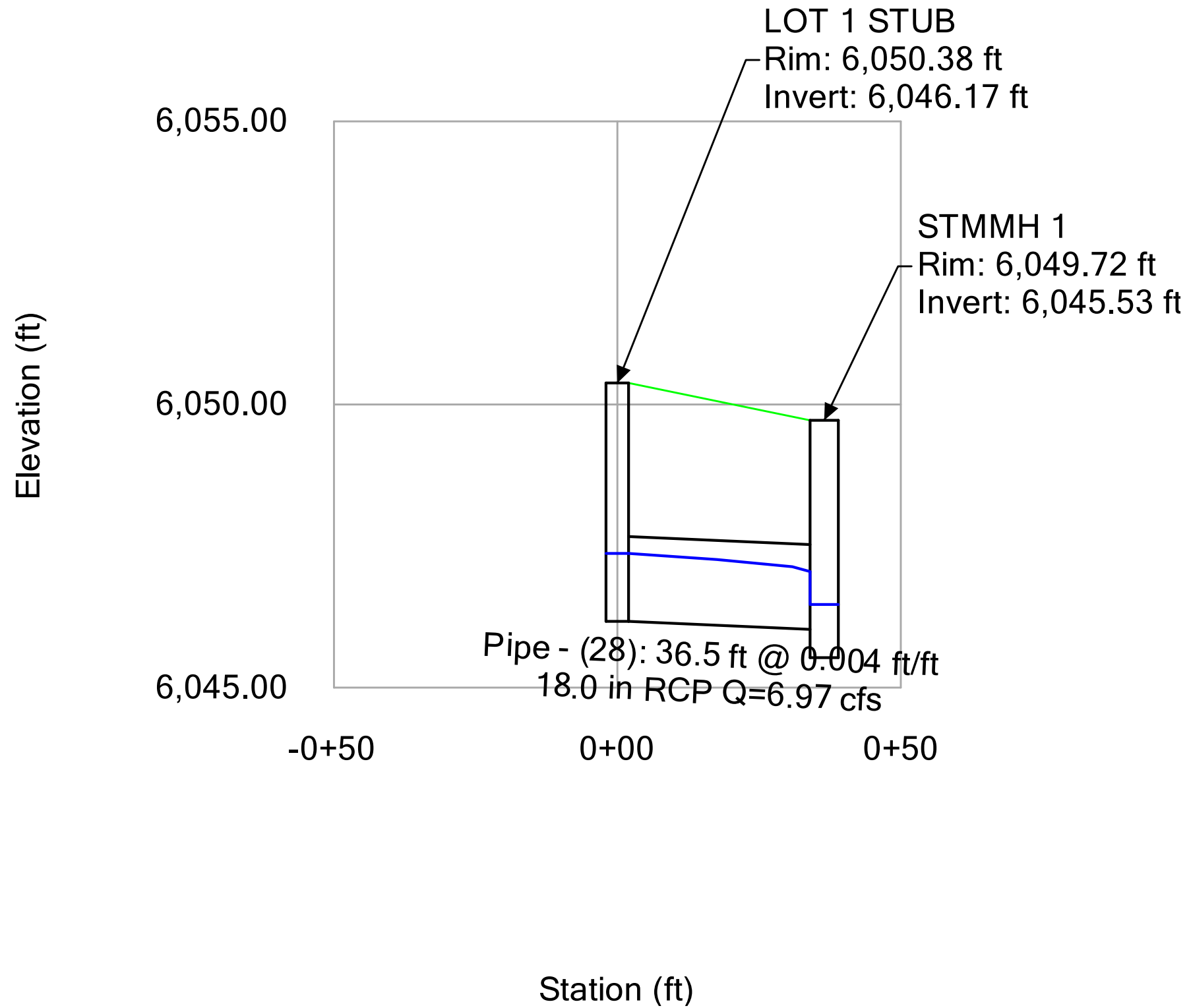
MAYBERRY FILING 4 100-YEAR



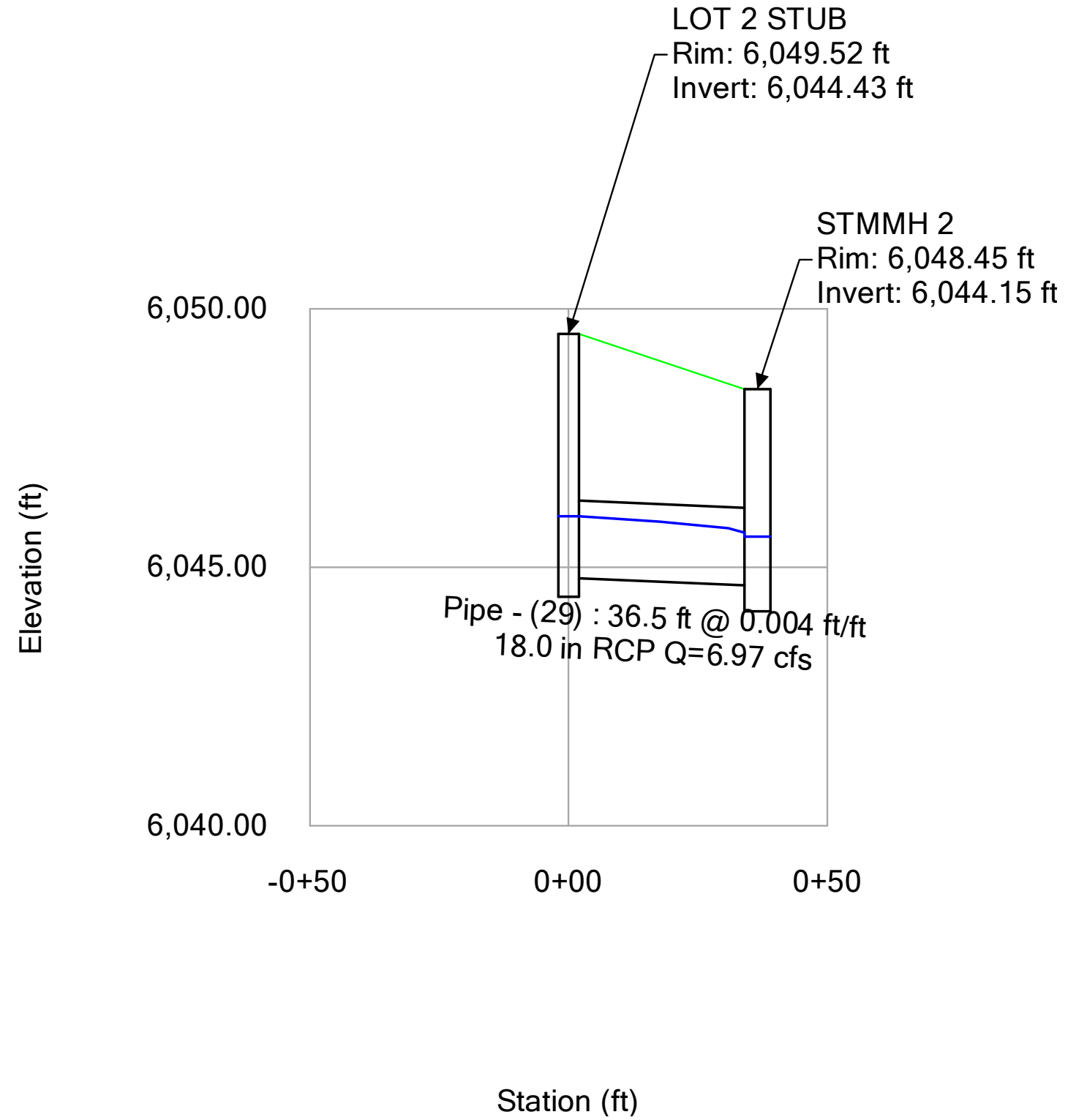
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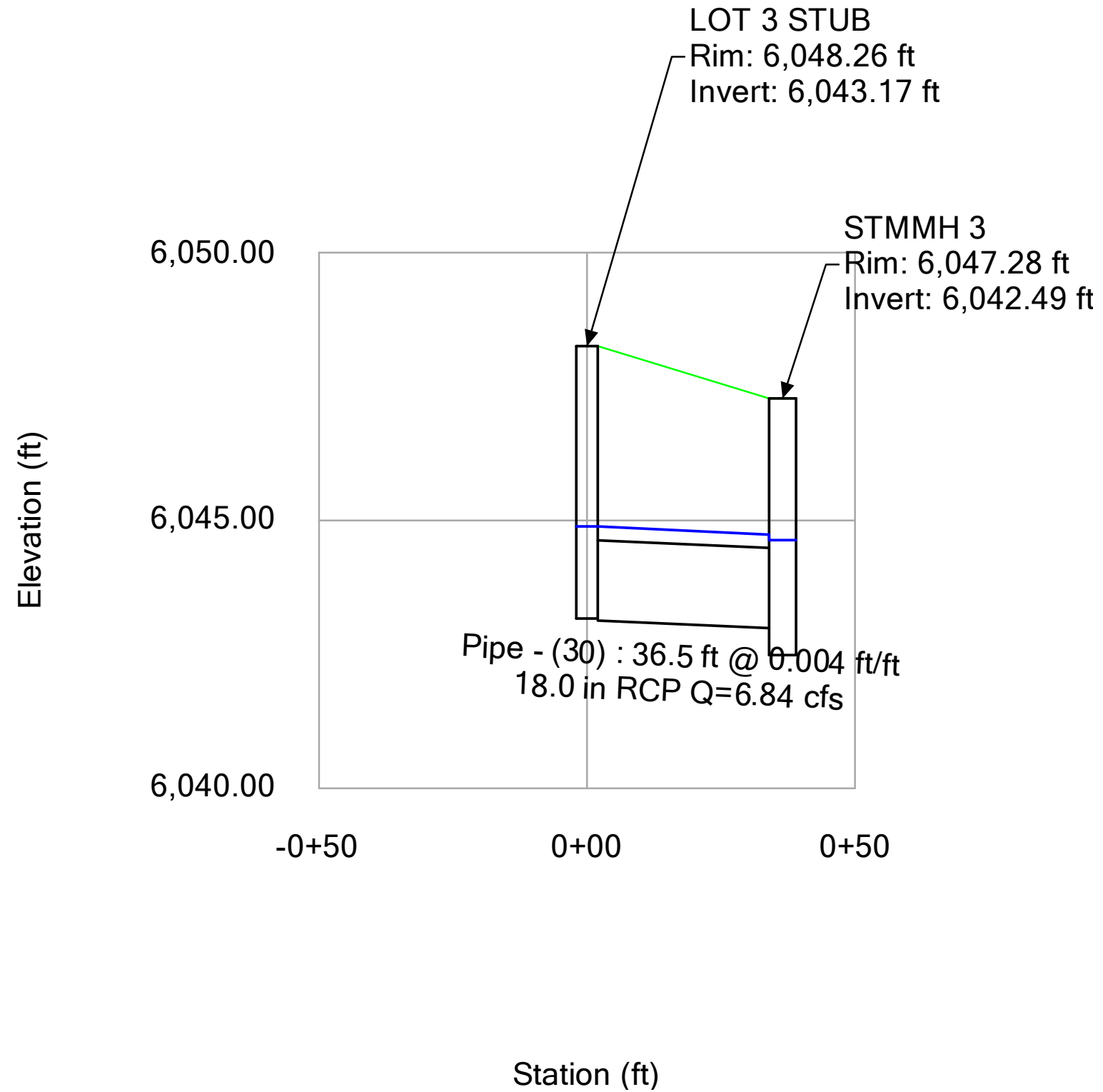
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100-YEAR**



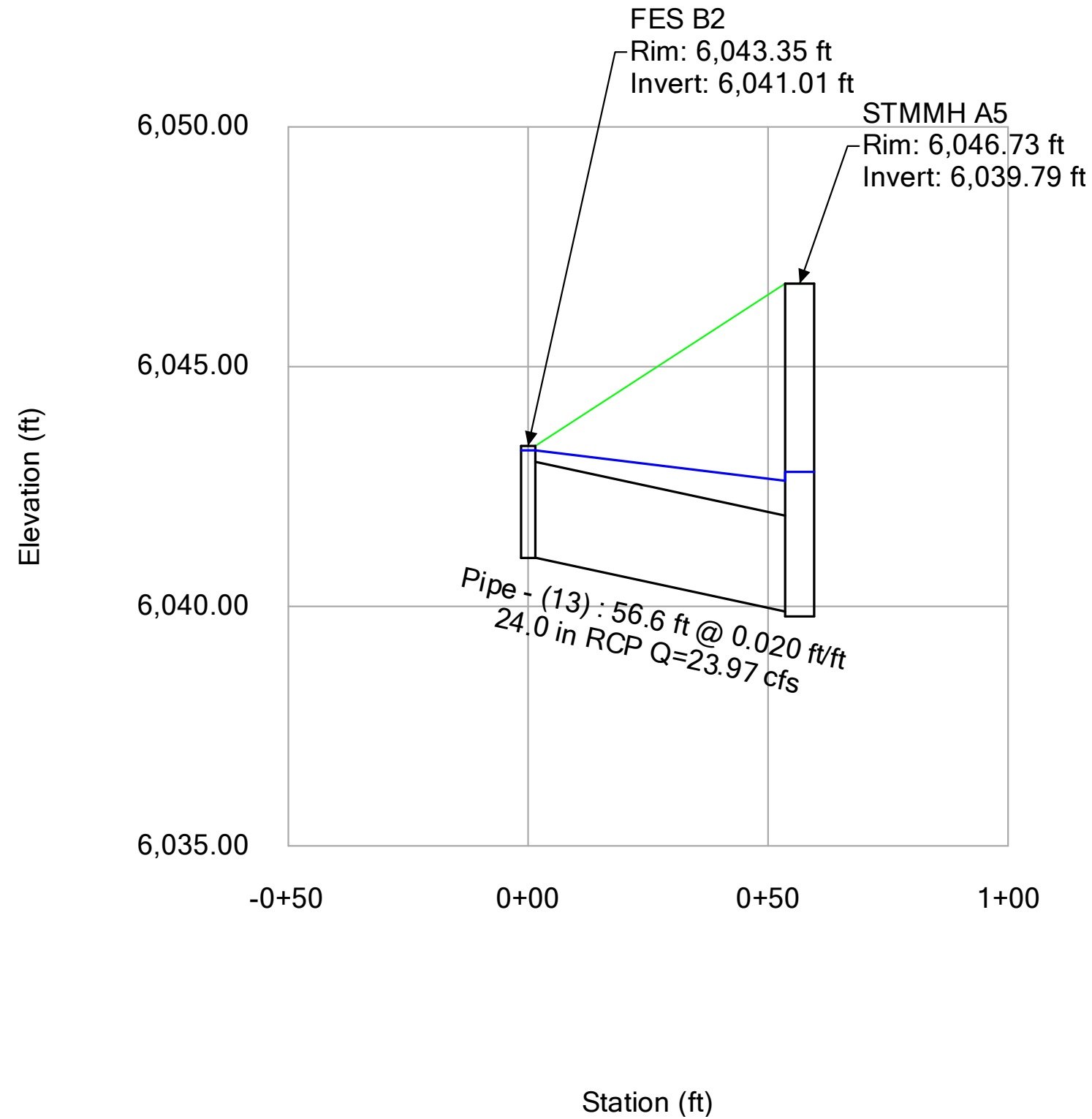
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MAYBERRY FILING 4
100-YEAR



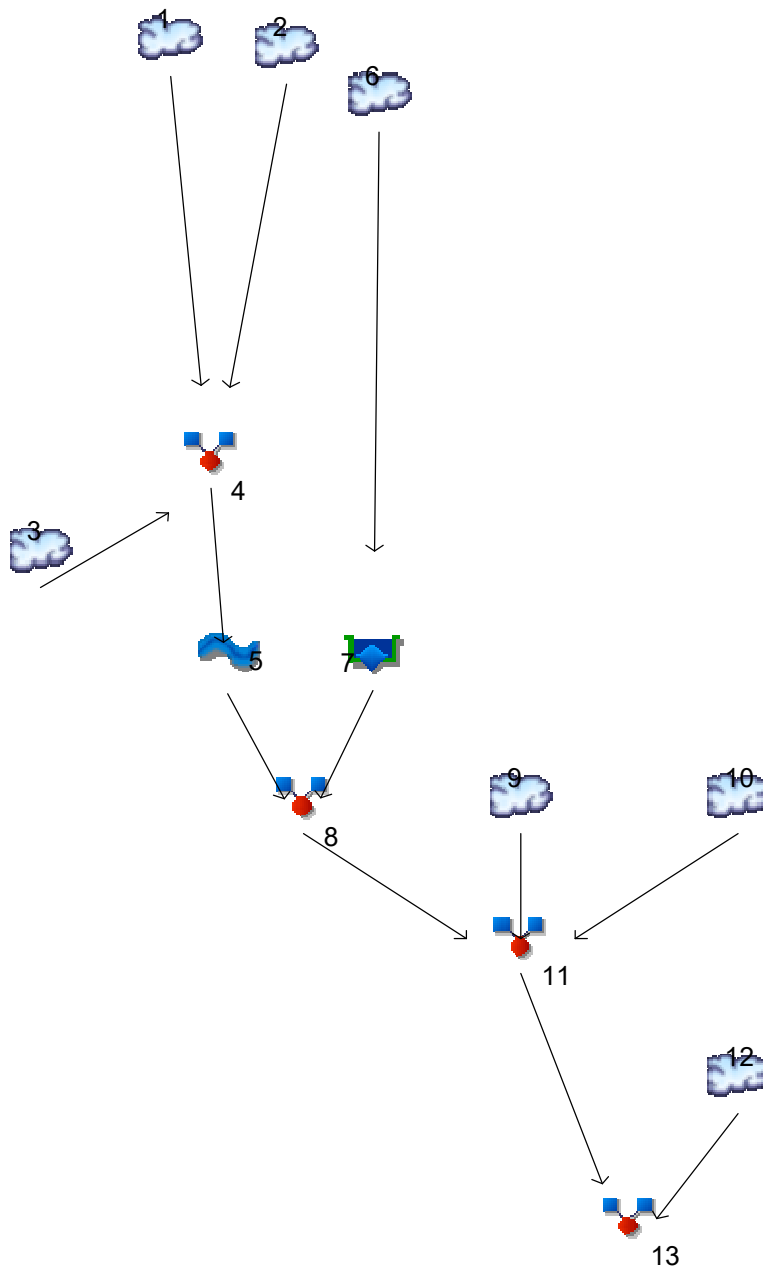
MAYBERRY FILING 4
100-YEAR



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Watershed Model Schematic

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023



Legend

Hyd. Origin	Description
1	SCS Runoff EC10 - PRESENT
2	SCS Runoff E1
3	SCS Runoff OS-1
4	Combine DP11
5	Reach CHANNEL TO DP24
6	SCS Runoff BASIN D
7	Reservoir POND D
8	Combine EX-5
9	SCS Runoff EX-E
10	SCS Runoff EX-LOG
11	Combine EX-6
12	SCS Runoff EX-Z
13	Combine EX-7

Hydrograph Return Period Recap

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Inflow hyd(s)	Peak Outflow (cfs)								Hydrograph Description
			1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr	
1	SCS Runoff	-----	-----	-----	-----	18.43	-----	-----	-----	144.67	EC10 - PRESENT
2	SCS Runoff	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.320	-----	-----	-----	2.846	E1
3	SCS Runoff	-----	-----	-----	-----	1.349	-----	-----	-----	4.333	OS-1
4	Combine	1, 2, 3	-----	-----	-----	18.93	-----	-----	-----	148.45	DP11
5	Reach	4	-----	-----	-----	17.61	-----	-----	-----	138.52	CHANNEL TO DP24
6	SCS Runoff	-----	-----	-----	-----	61.50	-----	-----	-----	190.38	BASIN D
7	Reservoir	6	-----	-----	-----	1.722	-----	-----	-----	39.58	POND D
8	Combine	5, 7	-----	-----	-----	18.66	-----	-----	-----	177.50	EX-5
9	SCS Runoff	-----	-----	-----	-----	6.054	-----	-----	-----	53.32	EX-E
10	SCS Runoff	-----	-----	-----	-----	3.682	-----	-----	-----	6.317	EX-LOG
11	Combine	8, 9, 10	-----	-----	-----	21.86	-----	-----	-----	204.65	EX-6
12	SCS Runoff	-----	-----	-----	-----	8.146	-----	-----	-----	63.40	EX-Z
13	Combine	11, 12	-----	-----	-----	26.53	-----	-----	-----	244.45	EX-7

Hydrograph Summary Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description
1	SCS Runoff	18.43	1	772	262,007	-----	-----	-----	EC10 - PRESENT
2	SCS Runoff	0.320	1	742	3,200	-----	-----	-----	E1
3	SCS Runoff	1.349	1	734	6,442	-----	-----	-----	OS-1
4	Combine	18.93	1	771	271,649	1, 2, 3	-----	-----	DP11
5	Reach	17.61	1	789	271,640	4	-----	-----	CHANNEL TO DP24
6	SCS Runoff	61.50	1	730	256,733	-----	-----	-----	BASIN D
7	Reservoir	1.722	1	1443	150,906	6	6031.02	201,385	POND D
8	Combine	18.66	1	789	422,546	5, 7	-----	-----	EX-5
9	SCS Runoff	6.054	1	745	62,432	-----	-----	-----	EX-E
10	SCS Runoff	3.682	1	729	15,373	-----	-----	-----	EX-LOG
11	Combine	21.86	1	784	500,351	8, 9, 10	-----	-----	EX-6
12	SCS Runoff	8.146	1	742	76,284	-----	-----	-----	EX-Z
13	Combine	26.53	1	761	576,634	11, 12	-----	-----	EX-7
SCS ROUTING POST DEV.gpw					Return Period: 5 Year			Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023	

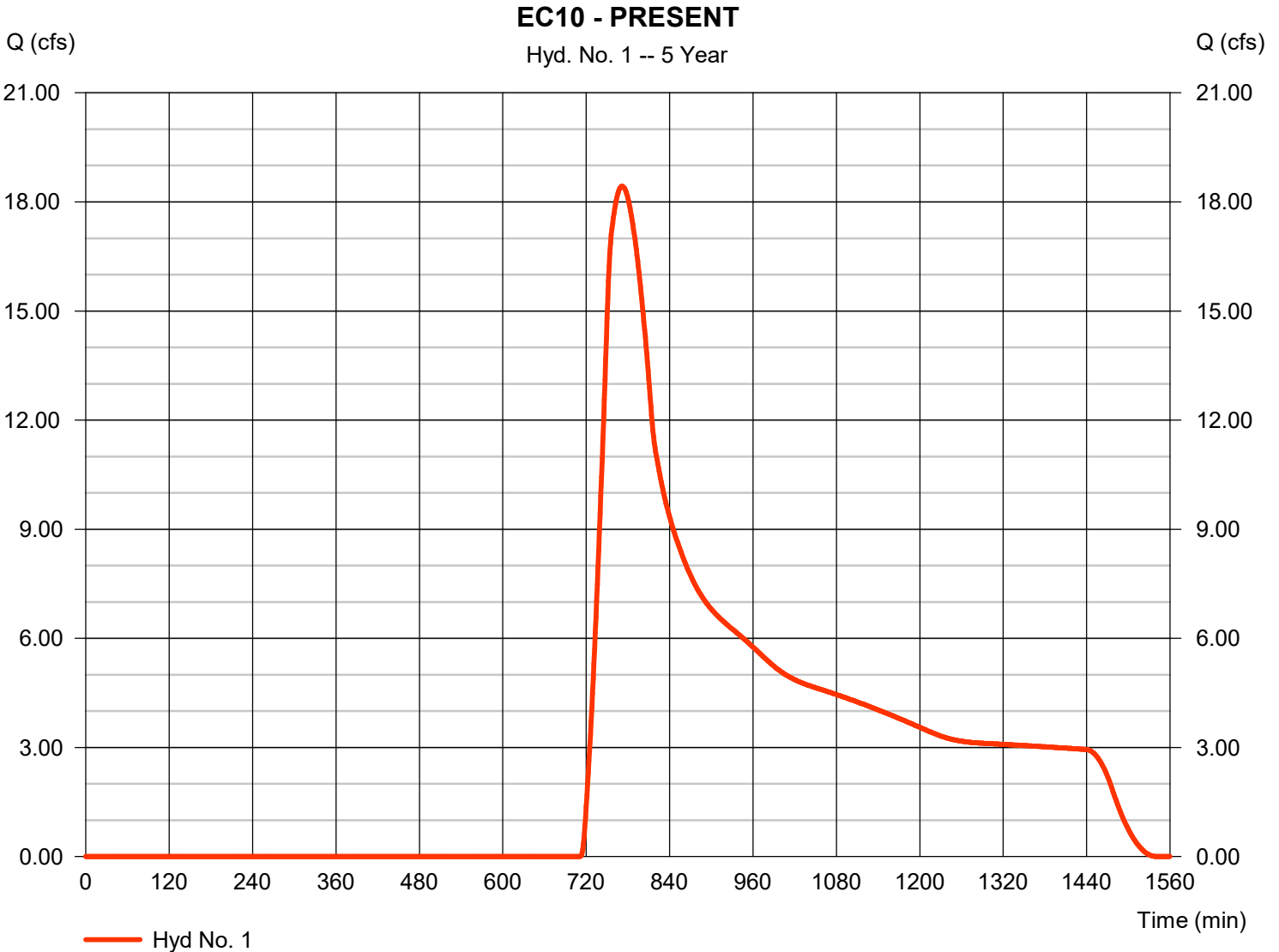
Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 1

EC10 - PRESENT

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
Storm frequency = 5 yrs
Time interval = 1 min
Drainage area = 320.000 ac
Basin Slope = 0.0 %
Tc method = TR55
Total precip. = 2.60 in
Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 18.43 cfs
Time to peak = 772 min
Hyd. volume = 262,007 cuft
Curve number = 61
Hydraulic length = 0 ft
Time of conc. (Tc) = 63.00 min
Distribution = Type II
Shape factor = 484



TR55 Tc Worksheet

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 1

EC10 - PRESENT

<u>Description</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>B</u>		<u>C</u>		<u>Totals</u>	
Sheet Flow								
Manning's n-value	= 0.030		0.011		0.011			
Flow length (ft)	= 300.0		0.0		0.0			
Two-year 24-hr precip. (in)	= 2.20		0.00		0.00			
Land slope (%)	= 2.00		0.00		0.00			
Travel Time (min)	= 7.85	+	0.00	+	0.00	=	7.85	
Shallow Concentrated Flow								
Flow length (ft)	= 6086.00		0.00		0.00			
Watercourse slope (%)	= 1.30		0.00		0.00			
Surface description	= Unpaved		Paved		Paved			
Average velocity (ft/s)	=1.84		0.00		0.00			
Travel Time (min)	= 55.14	+	0.00	+	0.00	=	55.14	
Channel Flow								
X sectional flow area (sqft)	= 0.00		0.00		0.00			
Wetted perimeter (ft)	= 0.00		0.00		0.00			
Channel slope (%)	= 0.00		0.00		0.00			
Manning's n-value	= 0.015		0.015		0.015			
Velocity (ft/s)	=0.00		0.00		0.00			
Flow length (ft)	{{0}}0.0		0.0		0.0			
Travel Time (min)	= 0.00	+	0.00	+	0.00	=	0.00	
Total Travel Time, Tc							=	63.00 min

Hydrograph Report

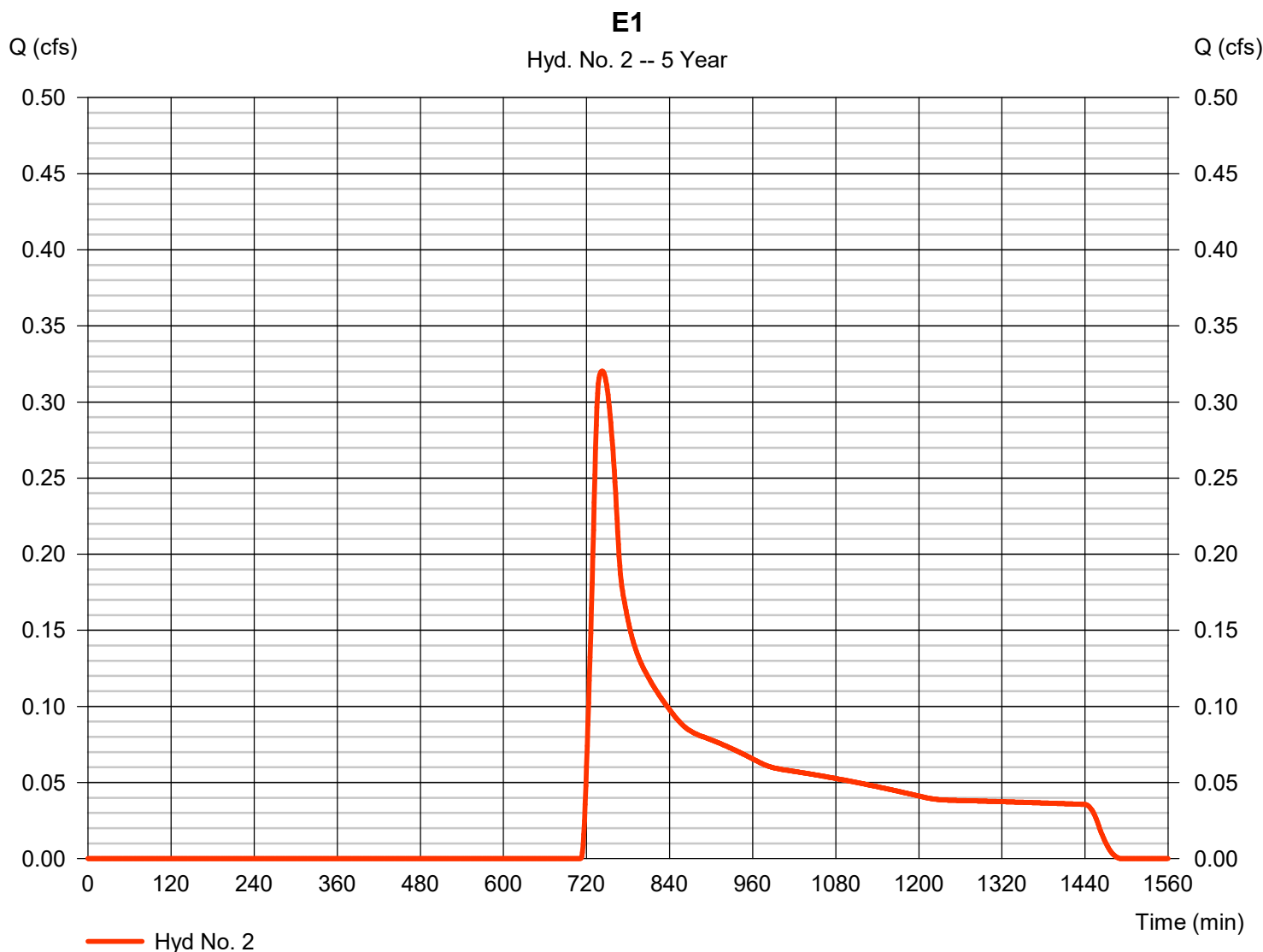
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023

Hyd. No. 2

E1

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 0.320 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 742 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 3,200 cuft
Drainage area	= 3.920 ac	Curve number	= 61
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 32.50 min
Total precip.	= 2.60 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



TR55 Tc Worksheet

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 2

E1

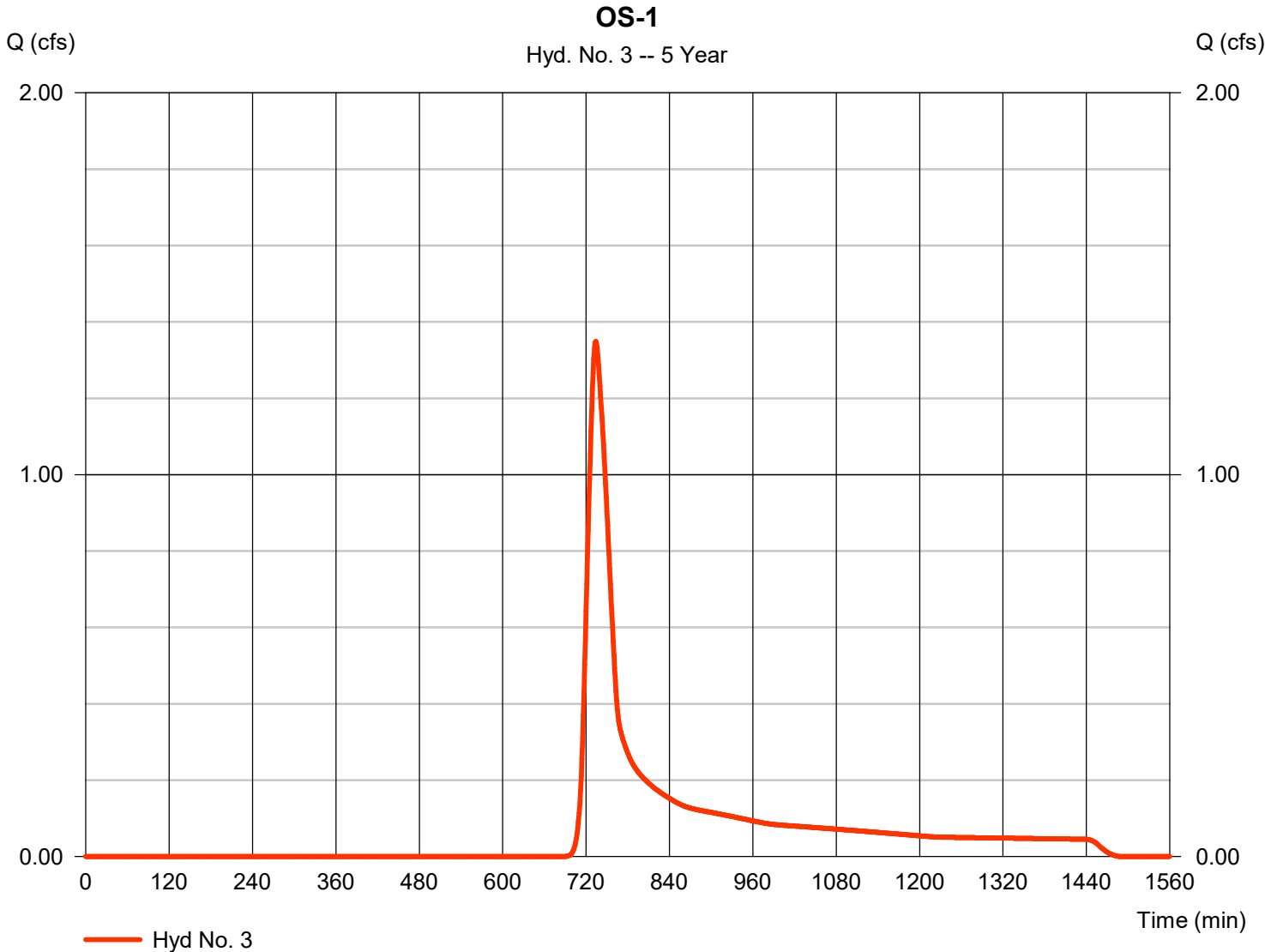
<u>Description</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Sheet Flow				
Manning's n-value	= 0.011	0.011	0.011	
Flow length (ft)	= 0.0	0.0	0.0	
Two-year 24-hr precip. (in)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	
Land slope (%)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	
Travel Time (min)	= 0.00	+ 0.00	+ 0.00	= 0.00
Shallow Concentrated Flow				
Flow length (ft)	= 2811.00	0.00	0.00	
Watercourse slope (%)	= 0.80	0.00	0.00	
Surface description	= Unpaved	Paved	Paved	
Average velocity (ft/s)	=1.44	0.00	0.00	
Travel Time (min)	= 32.46	+ 0.00	+ 0.00	= 32.46
Channel Flow				
X sectional flow area (sqft)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	
Wetted perimeter (ft)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	
Channel slope (%)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	
Manning's n-value	= 0.015	0.015	0.015	
Velocity (ft/s)	=0.00	0.00	0.00	
Flow length (ft)	{{0}}0.0	0.0	0.0	
Travel Time (min)	= 0.00	+ 0.00	+ 0.00	= 0.00
Total Travel Time, Tc				32.50 min

Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 3

OS-1

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 1.349 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time to peak	= 734 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 6,442 cuft
Drainage area	= 2.650 ac	Curve number	= 74
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 32.10 min
Total precip.	= 2.60 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



TR55 Tc Worksheet

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 3

OS-1

<u>Description</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>B</u>		<u>C</u>		<u>Totals</u>
Sheet Flow							
Manning's n-value	= 0.013		0.011		0.011		
Flow length (ft)	= 50.0		0.0		0.0		
Two-year 24-hr precip. (in)	= 2.20		0.00		0.00		
Land slope (%)	= 2.00		0.00		0.00		
Travel Time (min)	= 0.96	+	0.00	+	0.00	=	0.96
Shallow Concentrated Flow							
Flow length (ft)	= 2525.00		0.00		0.00		
Watercourse slope (%)	= 0.70		0.00		0.00		
Surface description	= Unpaved		Paved		Paved		
Average velocity (ft/s)	=1.35		0.00		0.00		
Travel Time (min)	= 31.17	+	0.00	+	0.00	=	31.17
Channel Flow							
X sectional flow area (sqft)	= 0.00		0.00		0.00		
Wetted perimeter (ft)	= 0.00		0.00		0.00		
Channel slope (%)	= 0.00		0.00		0.00		
Manning's n-value	= 0.015		0.015		0.015		
Velocity (ft/s)	=0.00		0.00		0.00		
Flow length (ft)	{{0}}0.0		0.0		0.0		
Travel Time (min)	= 0.00	+	0.00	+	0.00	=	0.00
Total Travel Time, Tc							32.10 min

Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

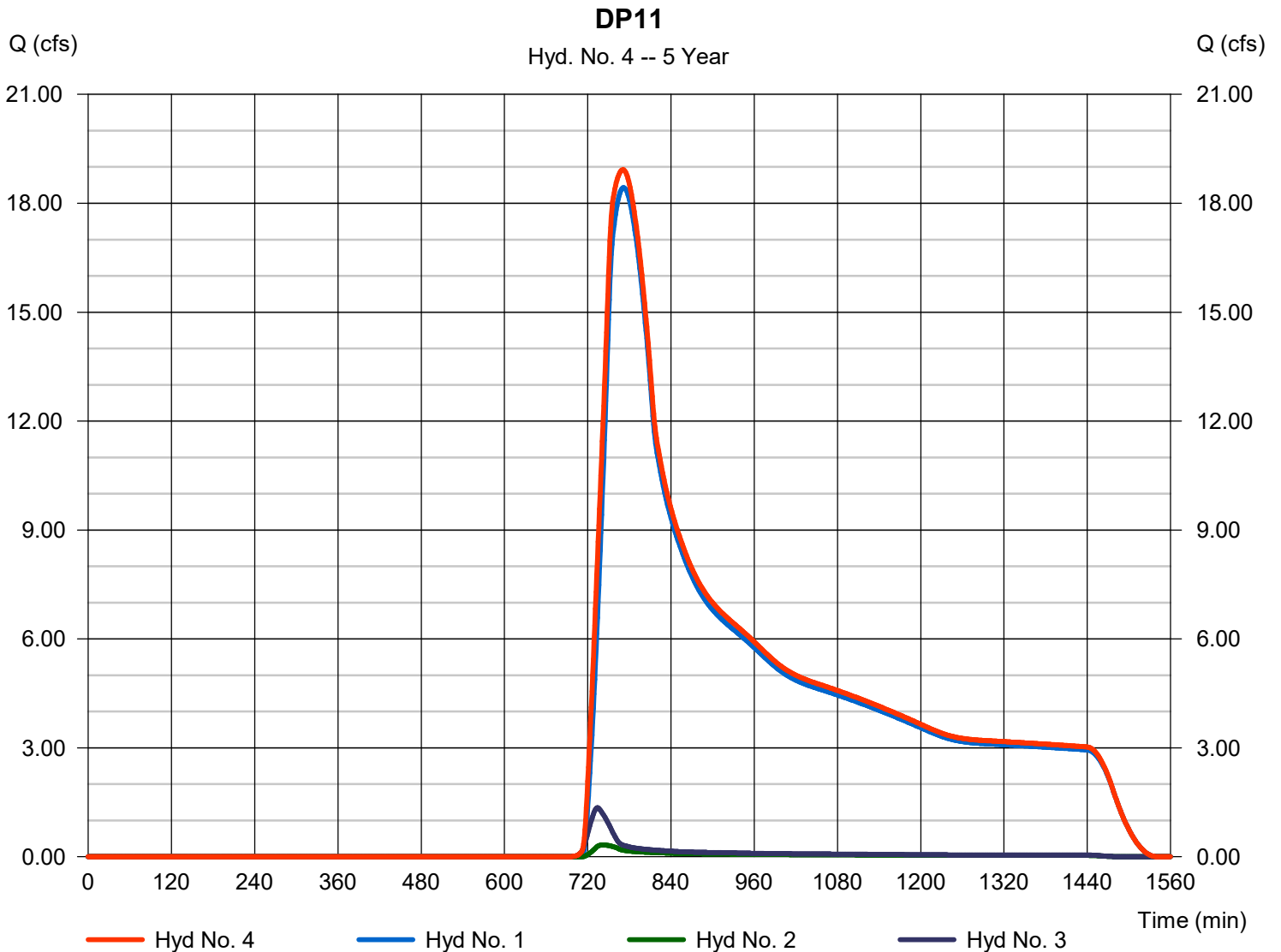
Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023

Hyd. No. 4

DP11

Hydrograph type = Combine
Storm frequency = 5 yrs
Time interval = 1 min
Inflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3

Peak discharge = 18.93 cfs
Time to peak = 771 min
Hyd. volume = 271,649 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 326.570 ac



Hydrograph Summary Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description	
1	SCS Runoff	144.67	1	755	1,185,497	-----	-----	-----	EC10 - PRESENT	
2	SCS Runoff	2.846	1	735	14,479	-----	-----	-----	E1	
3	SCS Runoff	4.333	1	733	18,356	-----	-----	-----	OS-1	
4	Combine	148.45	1	754	1,218,333	1, 2, 3	-----	-----	DP11	
5	Reach	138.52	1	766	1,218,326	4	-----	-----	CHANNEL TO DP24	
6	SCS Runoff	190.38	1	730	718,796	-----	-----	-----	BASIN D	
7	Reservoir	39.58	1	759	610,089	6	6032.21	333,480	POND D	
8	Combine	177.50	1	765	1,828,414	5, 7	-----	-----	EX-5	
9	SCS Runoff	53.32	1	736	282,485	-----	-----	-----	EX-E	
10	SCS Runoff	6.317	1	729	27,009	-----	-----	-----	EX-LOG	
11	Combine	204.65	1	758	2,137,908	8, 9, 10	-----	-----	EX-6	
12	SCS Runoff	63.40	1	736	328,266	-----	-----	-----	EX-Z	
13	Combine	244.45	1	754	2,466,175	11, 12	-----	-----	EX-7	
SCS ROUTING POST DEV.gpw					Return Period: 100 Year			Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023		

Hydrograph Report

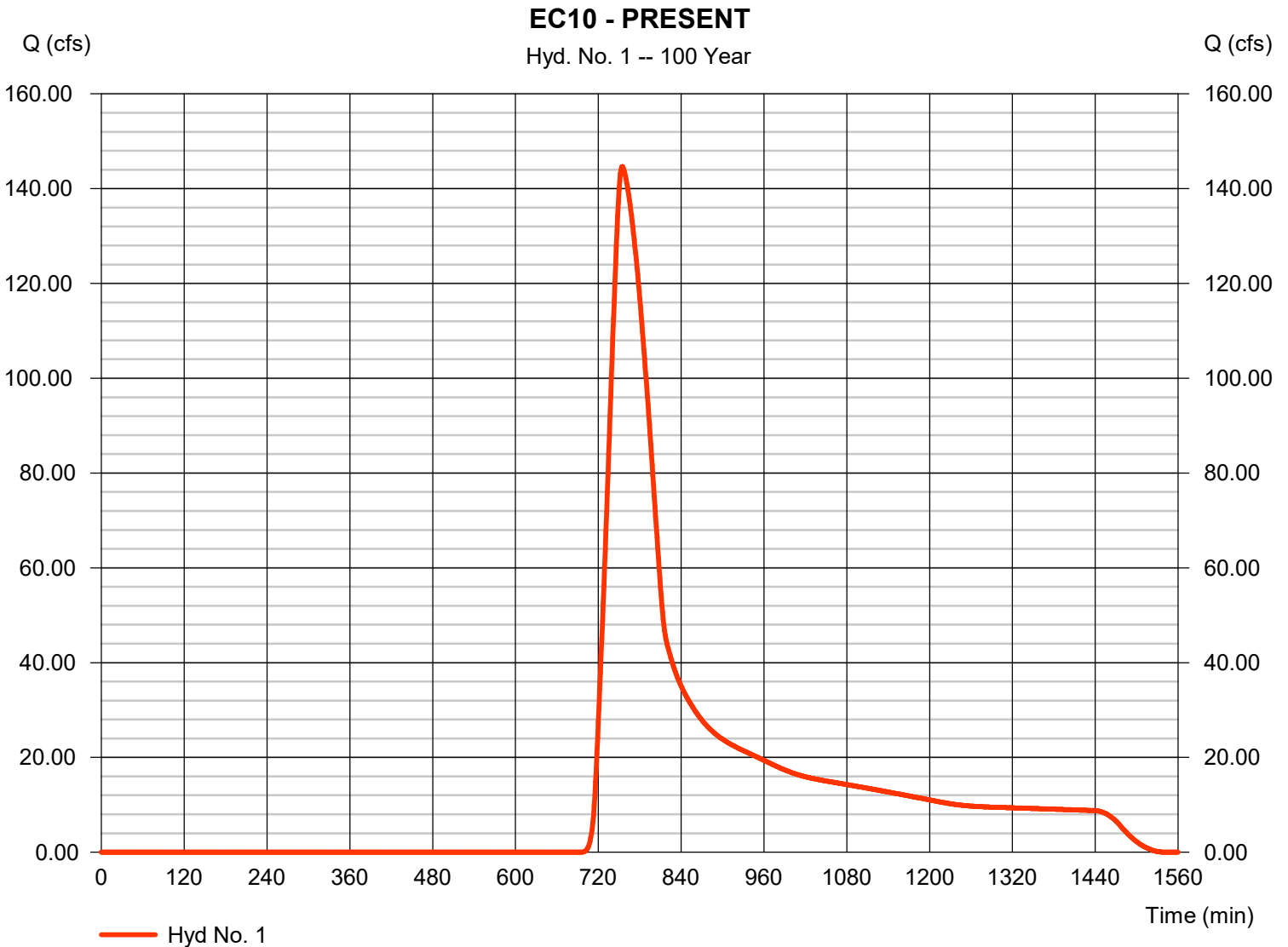
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023

Hyd. No. 1

EC10 - PRESENT

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 144.67 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 755 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,185,497 cuft
Drainage area	= 320.000 ac	Curve number	= 61
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 63.00 min
Total precip.	= 4.40 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

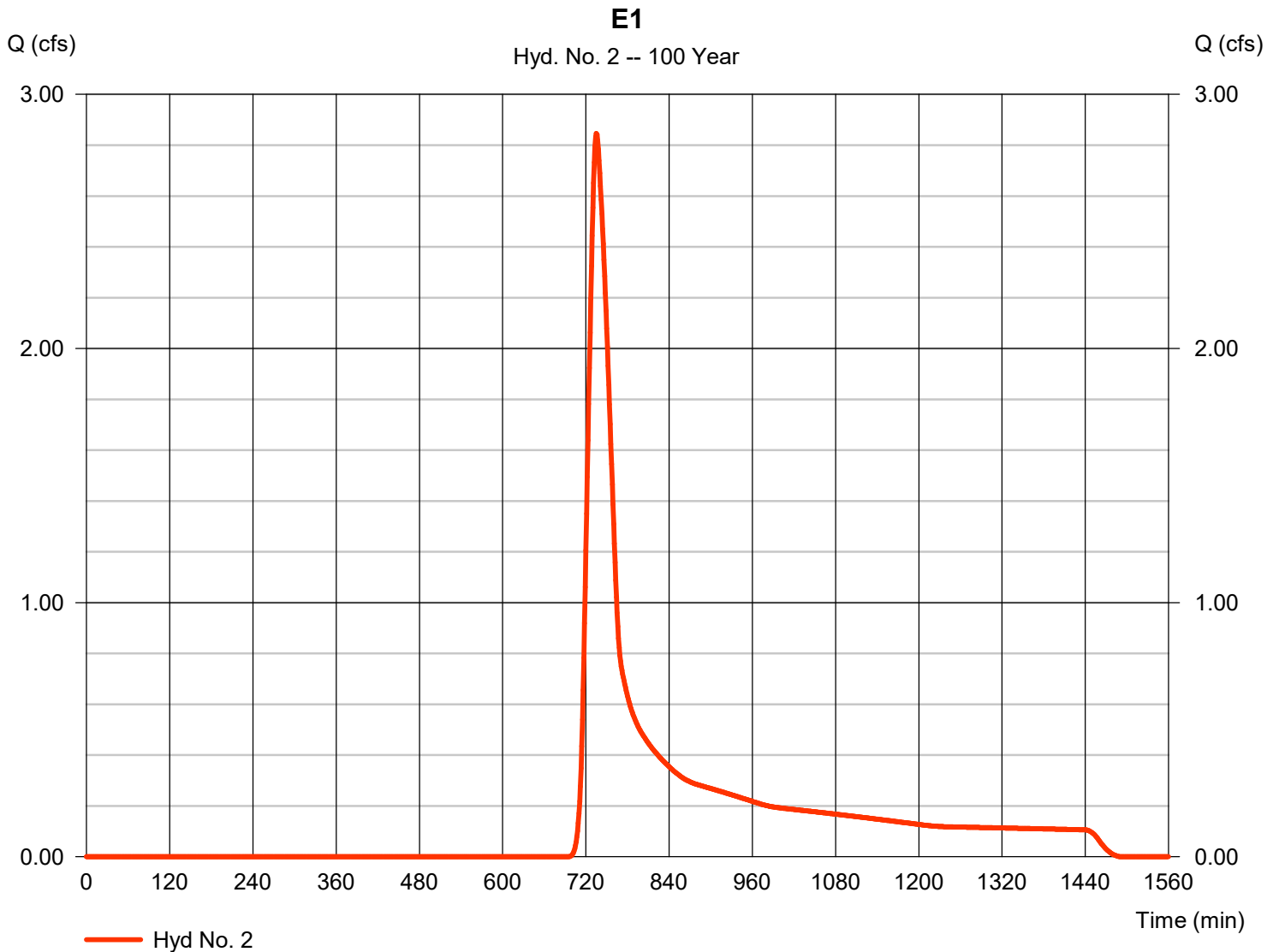
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023

Hyd. No. 2

E1

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 2.846 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 735 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 14,479 cuft
Drainage area	= 3.920 ac	Curve number	= 61
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 32.50 min
Total precip.	= 4.40 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

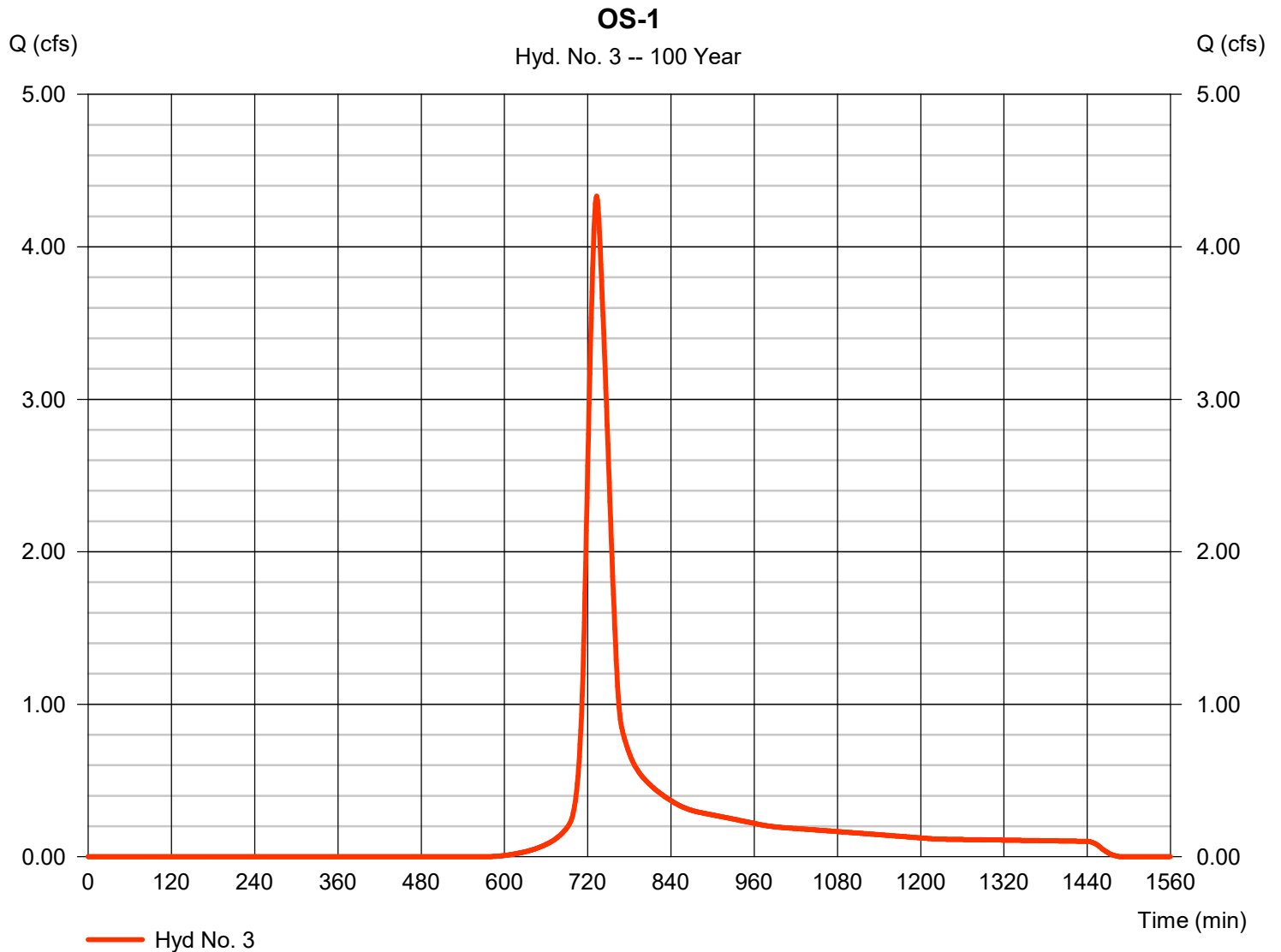
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023

Hyd. No. 3

OS-1

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 4.333 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 733 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 18,356 cuft
Drainage area	= 2.650 ac	Curve number	= 74
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 32.10 min
Total precip.	= 4.40 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

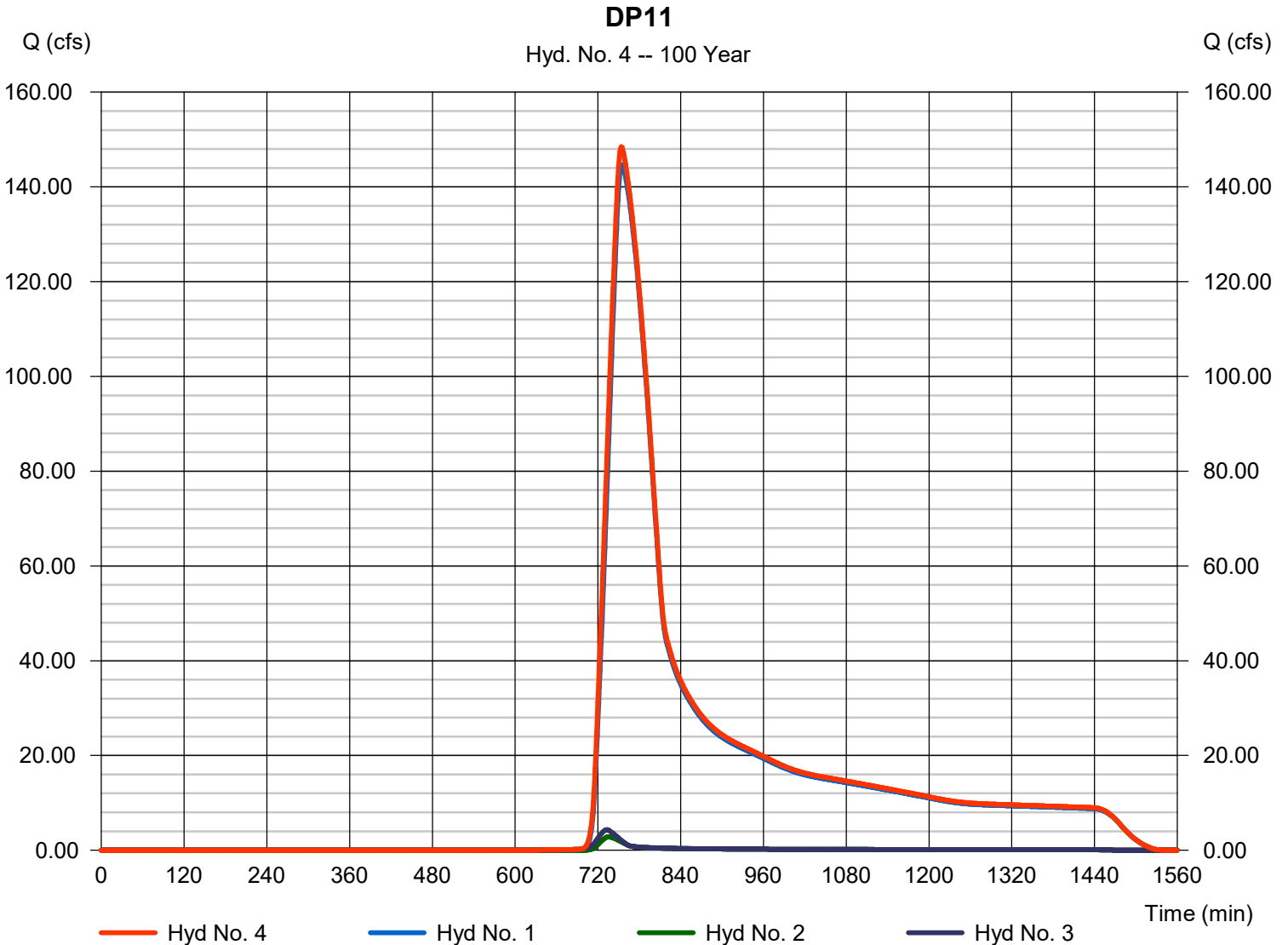
Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023

Hyd. No. 4

DP11

Hydrograph type = Combine
Storm frequency = 100 yrs
Time interval = 1 min
Inflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3

Peak discharge = 148.45 cfs
Time to peak = 754 min
Hyd. volume = 1,218,333 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 326.570 ac



Hydraflow Rainfall Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Friday, 01 / 6 / 2023

Precip. file name: Sample.pcp

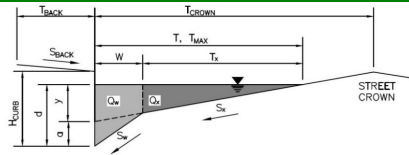
Storm Distribution	Rainfall Precipitation Table (in)							
	1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr
SCS 24-hour	0.00	2.20	0.00	2.60	4.25	5.77	6.80	4.40
SCS 6-Hr	0.00	1.80	0.00	0.00	2.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
Huff-1st	0.00	1.55	0.00	0.00	4.00	5.38	6.50	0.00
Huff-2nd	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Huff-3rd	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Huff-4th	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Huff-Indy	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Custom	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	3.90	5.25	6.00	0.00

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: **Mayberry Filing No. 4**

Inlet ID: **Inlet 1**



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 12.5$ ft
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $n_{BACK} = 0.013$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
 $T_{CROWN} = 17.0$ ft
 $W = 2.00$ ft
 $S_X = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $S_W = 0.083$ ft/ft
 $S_0 = 0.000$ ft/ft
 $n_{STREET} = 0.012$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	17.0	17.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	12.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

[MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition](#)
[MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition](#)

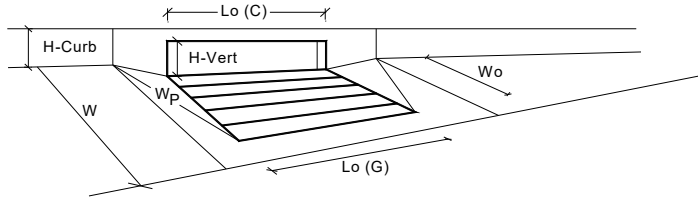
$Q_{allow} =$

Minor Storm	Major Storm
SUMP	SUMP

 cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



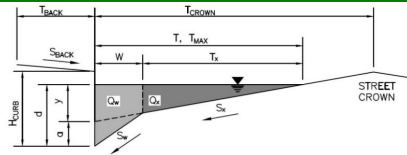
Design Information (Input)	MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening			
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	5.6	5.6	inches
Grate Information	<input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths			
Length of a Unit Grate	L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information				
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L _o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W _p =	2.00	2.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)				
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.30	ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a =	4.6	4.6	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	2.1	4.1	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: **Mayberry Filing No. 4**

Inlet ID: **Inlet 2**



Gutter Geometry:

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
 Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
 Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 12.5$ ft
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $n_{BACK} = 0.013$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
 Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
 Gutter Width
 Street Transverse Slope
 Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)
 Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
 Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$ inches
 $T_{CROWN} = 17.0$ ft
 $W = 2.00$ ft
 $S_X = 0.020$ ft/ft
 $S_W = 0.083$ ft/ft
 $S_0 = 0.000$ ft/ft
 $n_{STREET} = 0.013$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm
 Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm
 Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
$T_{MAX} =$	17.0	17.0	ft
$d_{MAX} =$	6.0	12.0	inches
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

[MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition](#)
[MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition](#)

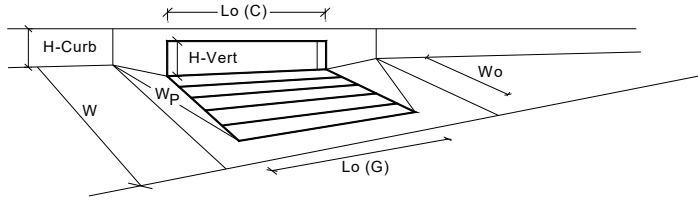
$Q_{allow} =$

Minor Storm	Major Storm
SUMP	SUMP

 cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



Design Information (Input)	MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT Type R Curb Opening			
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)				
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)				
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)				
Grate Information				
Length of a Unit Grate				
Width of a Unit Grate				
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)				
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)				
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)				
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)				
Curb Opening Information				
Length of a Unit Curb Opening				
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches				
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches				
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)				
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)				
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)				
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)				
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)				
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)				
Depth for Grate Midwidth				
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation				
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets				
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets				
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets				
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)				
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)				
	MINOR		MAJOR	
Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening			
a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches	
No =	1	1		
Ponding Depth =	5.6	6.0	inches	
	MINOR		MAJOR	
L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet	
W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet	
A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A		
C _f (G) =	N/A	N/A		
C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A		
C _o (G) =	N/A	N/A		
	MINOR		MAJOR	
L _o (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet	
H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches	
H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches	
Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees	
W _p =	2.00	2.00	feet	
C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10		
C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60		
C _o (C) =	0.67	0.67		
	MINOR		MAJOR	
d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	ft	
d _{Curb} =	0.30	0.33	ft	
RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A		
RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00		
RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A		
	MINOR		MAJOR	
Q _s =	4.6	5.4	cfs	
Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	2.1	4.0	cfs	

Worksheet for Optional Swale C7 5 yr

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth
Input Data	
Channel Slope	0.001 ft/ft
Discharge	13.14 cfs

Section Definitions

Station (ft)		Elevation (ft)
	1+00	4.00
	1+20	3.60
	1+28	1.10
	1+30	1.10
	1+45	5.68

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(1+00, 4.00)	(1+20, 3.60)	0.045
(1+20, 3.60)	(1+28, 1.10)	0.045
(1+28, 1.10)	(1+30, 1.10)	0.045
(1+30, 1.10)	(1+45, 5.68)	0.045

Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

Results

Normal Depth	22.3 in
Roughness Coefficient	0.045
Elevation	2.96 ft
Elevation Range	1.1 to 5.7 ft
Flow Area	14.9 ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	14.6 ft
Hydraulic Radius	12.2 in
Top Width	14.01 ft
Normal Depth	22.3 in
Critical Depth	9.0 in
Critical Slope	0.039 ft/ft
Velocity	0.88 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.01 ft
Specific Energy	1.87 ft

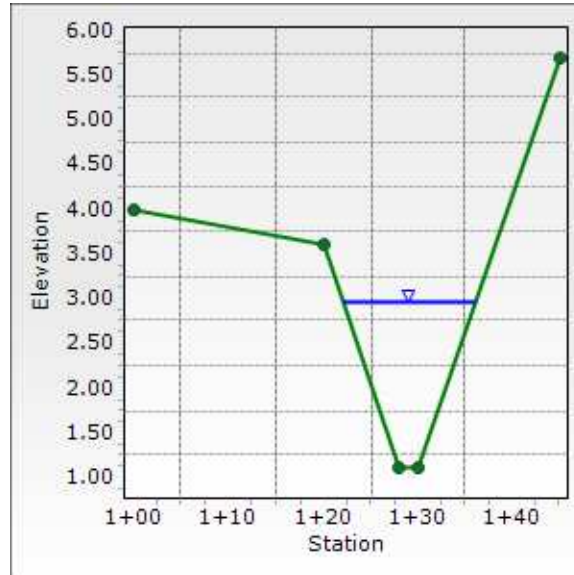
Worksheet for Optional Swale C7 5 yr

Results	
Froude Number	0.152
Flow Type	Subcritical
GVF Input Data	
Downstream Depth	0.0 in
Length	0.0 ft
Number Of Steps	0
GVF Output Data	
Upstream Depth	0.0 in
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s
Upstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s
Normal Depth	22.3 in
Critical Depth	9.0 in
Channel Slope	0.001 ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.039 ft/ft

Cross Section for Optional Swale C7 5 yr

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	0.001 ft/ft
Normal Depth	22.3 in
Discharge	13.14 cfs



Worksheet for Optional Swale C7 100 yr

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth
Input Data	
Channel Slope	0.001 ft/ft
Discharge	23.97 cfs

Section Definitions

	Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
	1+00	4.00
	1+20	3.60
	1+28	1.10
	1+30	1.10
	1+45	5.68

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(1+00, 4.00)	(1+20, 3.60)	0.045
(1+20, 3.60)	(1+28, 1.10)	0.045
(1+28, 1.10)	(1+30, 1.10)	0.045
(1+30, 1.10)	(1+45, 5.68)	0.045

Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

Results

Normal Depth	28.7 in
Roughness Coefficient	0.045
Elevation	3.49 ft
Elevation Range	1.1 to 5.7 ft
Flow Area	23.3 ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	18.2 ft
Hydraulic Radius	15.4 in
Top Width	17.48 ft
Normal Depth	28.7 in
Critical Depth	12.2 in
Critical Slope	0.036 ft/ft
Velocity	1.03 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.02 ft
Specific Energy	2.41 ft

Worksheet for Optional Swale C7 100 yr

Results

Froude Number	0.157
Flow Type	Subcritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.0 in
Length	0.0 ft
Number Of Steps	0

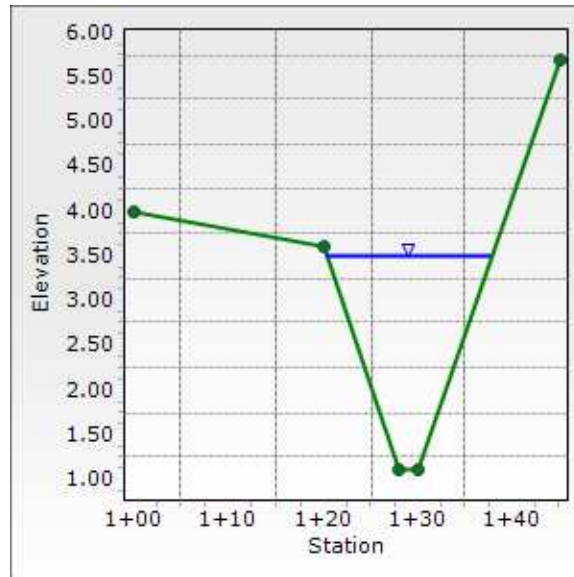
GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.0 in
Profile Description	N/A
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s
Upstream Velocity	0.00 ft/s
Normal Depth	28.7 in
Critical Depth	12.2 in
Channel Slope	0.001 ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.036 ft/ft

Cross Section for Optional Swale C7 100 yr

Project Description	
Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data	
Channel Slope	0.001 ft/ft
Normal Depth	28.7 in
Discharge	23.97 cfs



Culvert Report

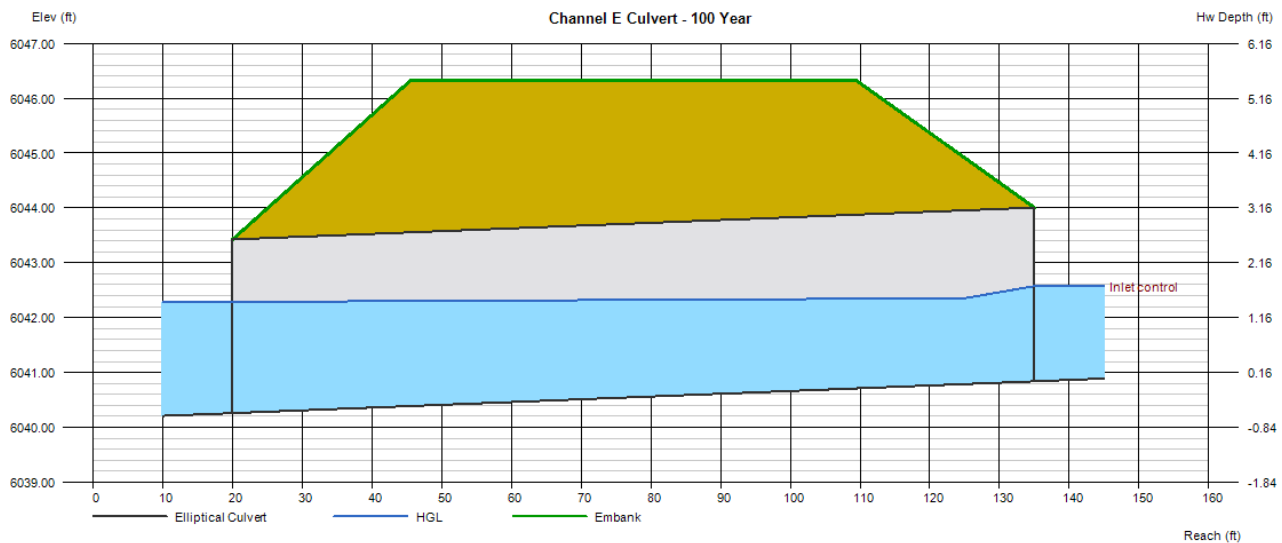
Channel E Culvert - 5 Year

Invert Elev Dn (ft)	= 6040.26
Pipe Length (ft)	= 115.00
Slope (%)	= 0.50
Invert Elev Up (ft)	= 6040.84
Rise (in)	= 38.0
Shape	= Elliptical
Span (in)	= 60.0
No. Barrels	= 1
n-Value	= 0.013
Culvert Type	= Horizontal Ellipse Concrete
Culvert Entrance	= Square edge w/headwall (H)
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.01, 2, 0.0398, 0.67, 0.5

Embankment	
Top Elevation (ft)	= 6046.32
Top Width (ft)	= 64.00
Crest Width (ft)	= 60.80

Calculations	
Qmin (cfs)	= 18.67
Qmax (cfs)	= 118.67
Tailwater Elev (ft)	= (dc+D)/2

Highlighted	
Qtotal (cfs)	= 18.67
Qpipe (cfs)	= 18.67
Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 2.00
Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 3.13
HGL Dn (ft)	= 6042.29
HGL Up (ft)	= 6042.36
Hw Elev (ft)	= 6042.58
Hw/D (ft)	= 0.55
Flow Regime	= Inlet Control



Culvert Report

Channel E Culvert - 100 Year

Invert Elev Dn (ft)	=	6040.26
Pipe Length (ft)	=	115.00
Slope (%)	=	0.50
Invert Elev Up (ft)	=	6040.84
Rise (in)	=	38.0
Shape	=	Elliptical
Span (in)	=	60.0
No. Barrels	=	1
n-Value	=	0.013
Culvert Type	=	Horizontal Ellipse Concrete
Culvert Entrance	=	Square edge w/headwall (H)
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	=	0.01, 2, 0.0398, 0.67, 0.5

Embankment

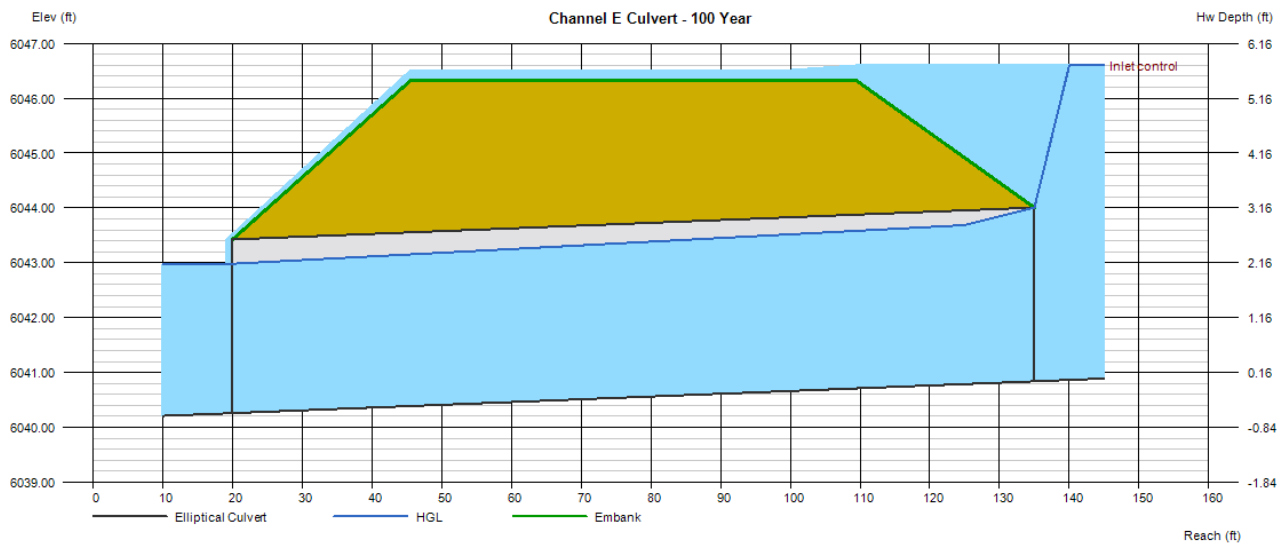
Top Elevation (ft)	=	6046.32
Top Width (ft)	=	64.00
Crest Width (ft)	=	60.80

Calculations

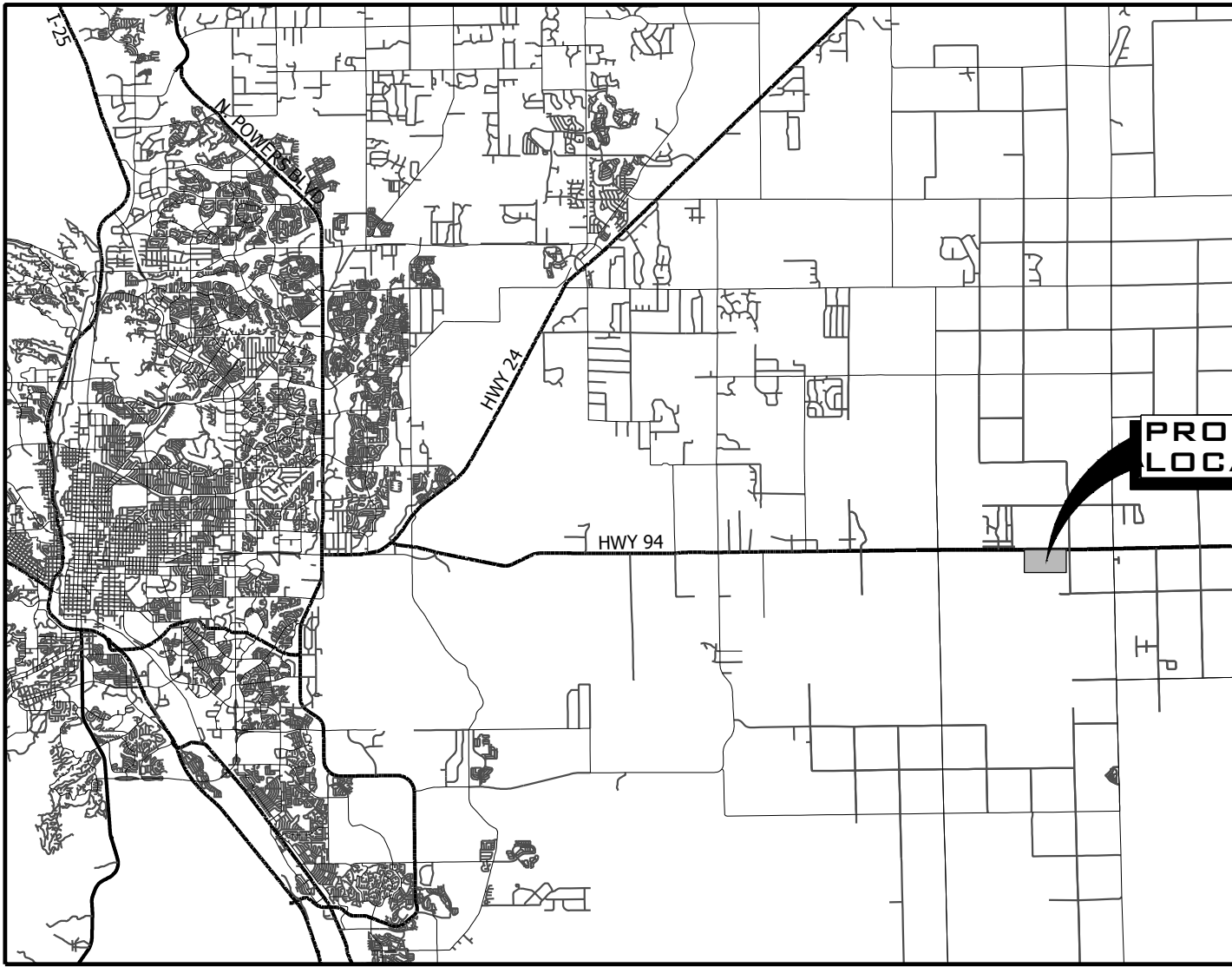
Qmin (cfs)	=	46.40
Qmax (cfs)	=	146.40
Tailwater Elev (ft)	=	(dc+D)/2

Highlighted

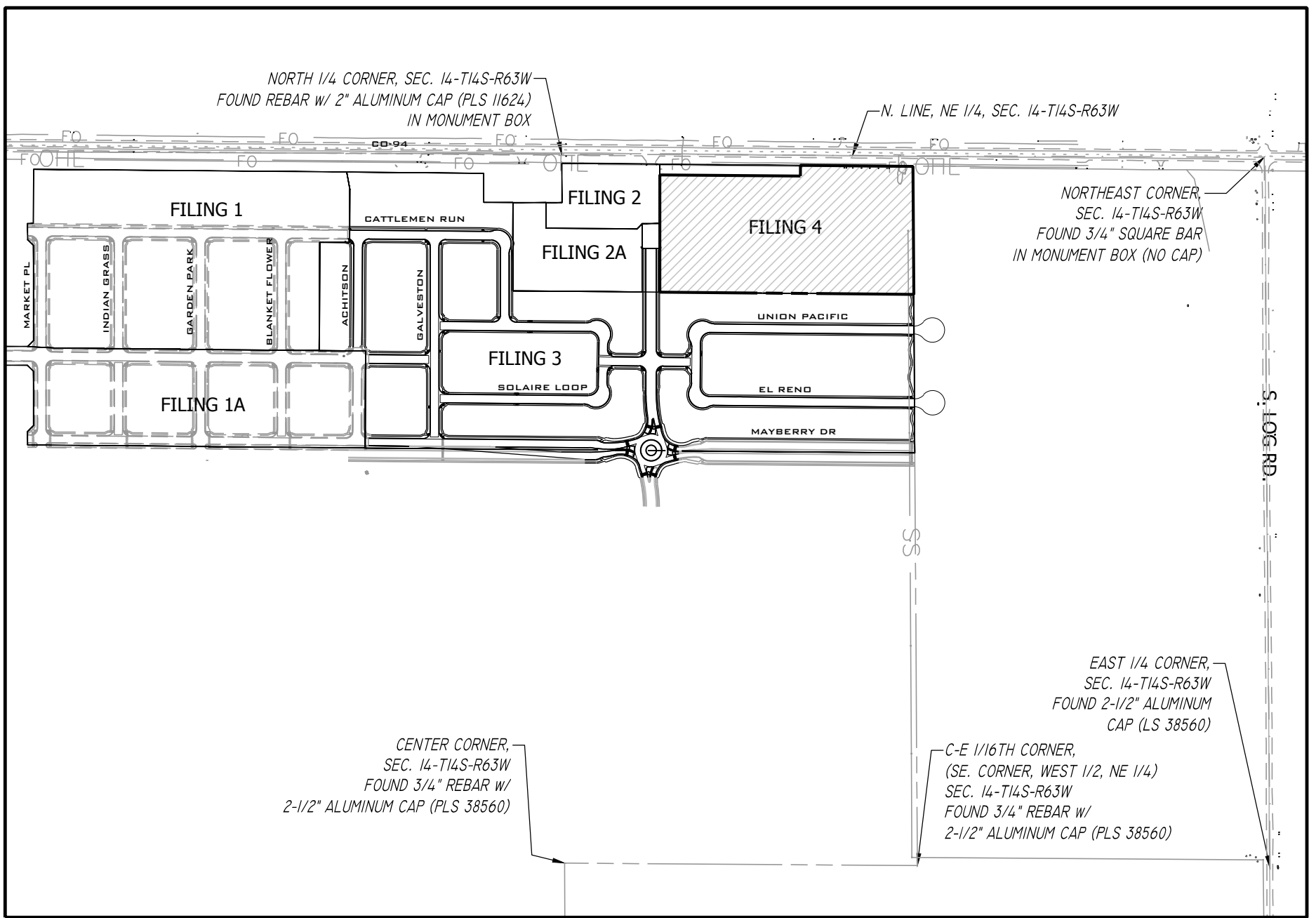
Qtotal (cfs)	=	146.40
Qpipe (cfs)	=	119.01
Qovertop (cfs)	=	27.39
Veloc Dn (ft/s)	=	10.24
Veloc Up (ft/s)	=	9.97
HGL Dn (ft)	=	6042.98
HGL Up (ft)	=	6043.75
Hw Elev (ft)	=	6046.60
Hw/D (ft)	=	1.82
Flow Regime	=	Inlet Control



APPENDIX C – REFERENCE INFORMATION

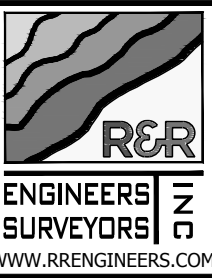


VICINITY MAP
SCALE 1" = 20,000'



SITE MAP
SCALE 1" = 500'

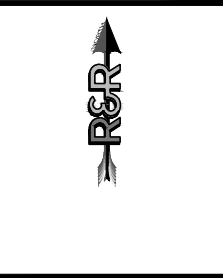
REVISIONS		



SITE MAP

MAYBERRY FILING NO. 4

3296 DEVINE HEIGHTS #208
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922



JOB NO.	MC22249
DATE	12-20-2022
DRN	GWH
CHK	CD
EXHIBIT NAME	SITE MAP
SHEET NO.	1 OF 1



ENGINEER'S OPINION OF PROBABLE COSTS
FOR
Mayberry Filing 4 - Drainage Improvements

Item	Description	Total Work Units	Unit Price (\$)	Total Cost (\$)
Riprap		25 Ton	97.00 Ton	2,400.75
18" RCP		114 LF	\$ 76.00 LF	\$ 8,664.00
24" RCP		775 LF	\$ 91.00 LF	\$ 70,525.00
30" RCP		196 LF	\$ 114.00 LF	\$ 22,344.00
60" RCP		116 LF	\$ 348.00 LF	\$ 40,368.00
5' Type R Storm Manhole		2 EA	\$ 6,703.00 EA	\$ 13,406.00
		4 EA	\$ 7,734.00 EA	\$ 30,936.00
24" FES		1 EA	\$ 546.00 EA	\$ 546.00
60" FES		2 EA	\$ 2,088.00 EA	\$ 4,176.00
Grass Channels		1 AC	\$ 1,520.00 EA	\$ 866.40
SUBTOTAL				\$ 193,365.75
Contingency (15%)				\$ 29,004.86
TOTAL				\$ 222,370.61

Custom Soil Resource Report for El Paso County Area, Colorado



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (<http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/>) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (<https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs>) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

Custom Soil Resource Report

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

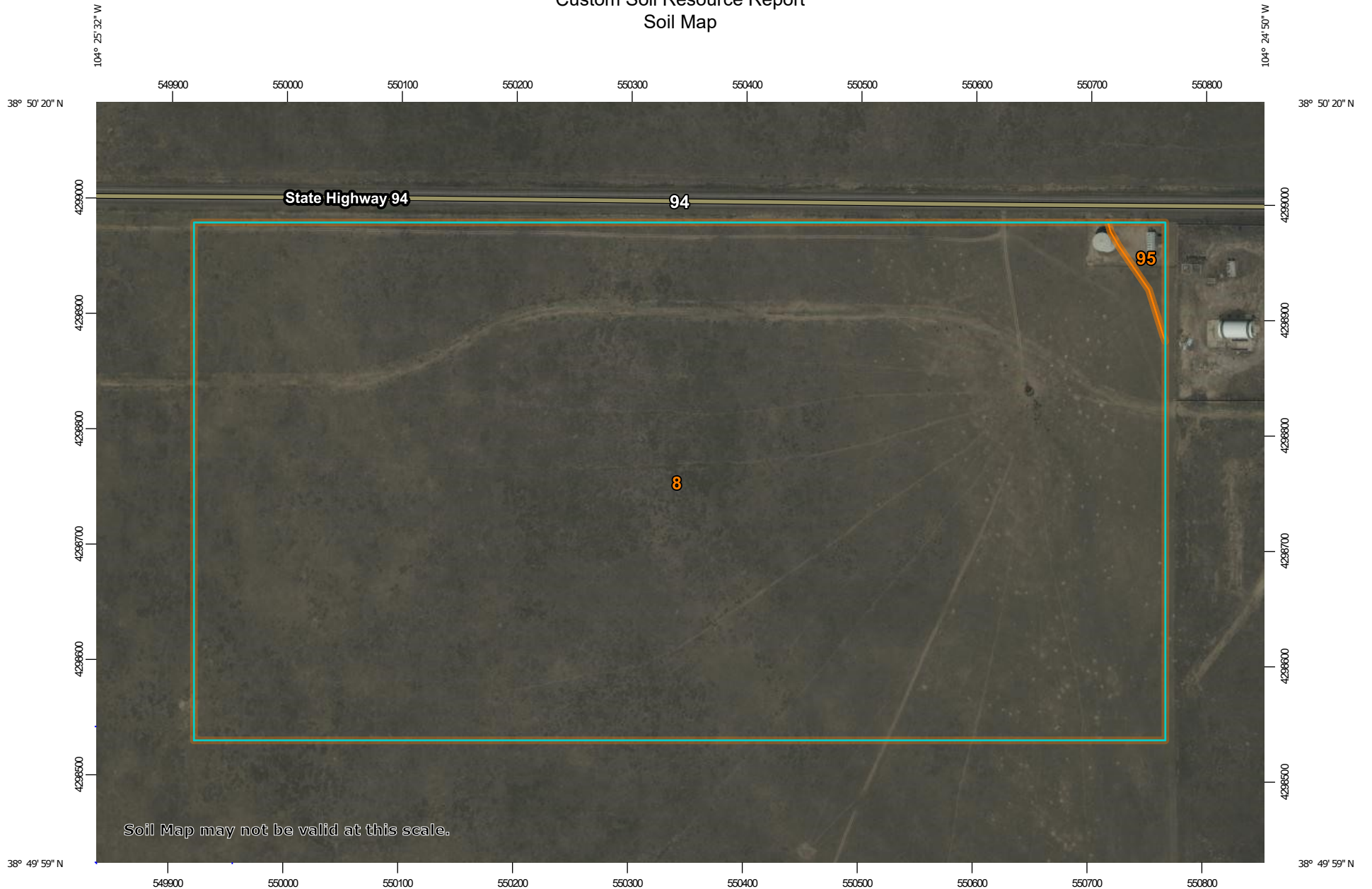
Custom Soil Resource Report

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

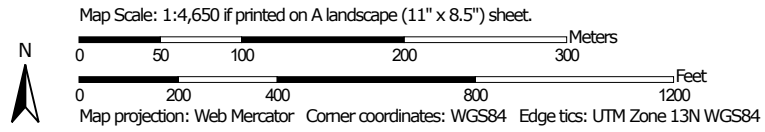
Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map




Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.





MAP LEGEND


Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)




















Soils







 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines


 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features






-  Blowout
-  Borrow Pit
-  Clay Spot
-  Closed Depression
-  Gravel Pit
-  Gravelly Spot
-  Landfill
-  Lava Flow
-  Marsh or swamp
-  Mine or Quarry
-  Miscellaneous Water
-  Perennial Water
-  Rock Outcrop
-  Saline Spot
-  Sandy Spot
-  Severely Eroded Spot
-  Sinkhole
-  Slide or Slip
-  Sodic Spot

-  Spoil Area
-  Stony Spot
-  Very Stony Spot
-  Wet Spot
-  Other
-  Special Line Features


Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

-  Rails
-  Interstate Highways
-  US Routes
-  Major Roads
-  Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
 Survey Area Data: Version 20, Sep 2, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 11, 2018—Oct 20, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	93.6	99.4%
95	Truckton loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	0.6	0.6%
Totals for Area of Interest		94.2	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

Custom Soil Resource Report

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

El Paso County Area, Colorado

8—Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 369v
Elevation: 4,600 to 5,800 feet
Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F
Frost-free period: 125 to 145 days
Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Blakeland and similar soils: 98 percent
Minor components: 2 percent
Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Blakeland

Setting

Landform: Flats, hills
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, talf
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Parent material: Alluvium derived from sedimentary rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 11 inches: loamy sand
AC - 11 to 27 inches: loamy sand
C - 27 to 60 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 9 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High to very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Ecological site: R049XB210CO - Sandy Foothill
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Other soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Custom Soil Resource Report

Hydric soil rating: No

Pleasant

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Depressions

Hydric soil rating: Yes

95—Truckton loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2yvrn

Elevation: 5,800 to 7,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 19 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 155 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Truckton and similar soils: 87 percent

Minor components: 13 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Truckton

Setting

Landform: Interfluves, fan remnants

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Wind re-worked alluvium derived from arkose

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: loamy sand

Bt1 - 4 to 12 inches: sandy loam

Bt2 - 12 to 19 inches: sandy loam

C - 19 to 80 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 9 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 1 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.1 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

Custom Soil Resource Report

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6e
Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e
Hydrologic Soil Group: A
Ecological site: R049XB210CO - Sandy Foothill
Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Blakeland

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Interfluves, hills
Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope
Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope
Down-slope shape: Linear, convex
Across-slope shape: Linear, convex
Ecological site: R049XB210CO - Sandy Foothill
Hydric soil rating: No

Bresser

Percent of map unit: 5 percent
Landform: Interfluves, terraces
Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Ecological site: R049XB210CO - Sandy Foothill
Hydric soil rating: No

Urban land

Percent of map unit: 2 percent
Hydric soil rating: No

Ellicott, occasionally flooded

Percent of map unit: 1 percent
Landform: Flood plains, drainageways
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear, concave
Ecological site: R067BY031CO - Sandy Bottomland
Hydric soil rating: No

References

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- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National range and pasture handbook. <http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/landuse/rangepasture/?cid=stelprdb1043084>

Custom Soil Resource Report

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National soil survey handbook, title 430-VI. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/scientists/?cid=nrcs142p2_054242

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2006. Land resource regions and major land resource areas of the United States, the Caribbean, and the Pacific Basin. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 296. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2_053624

United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. 1961. Land capability classification. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 210. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/nrcs142p2_052290.pdf

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations (BFEs)** and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 13. The **horizontal datum** was NAD83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the **North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88)**. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same **vertical datum**. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services
NOAA, NINGS12
National Geodetic Survey
SSMC-3, #9202
1315 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/>.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These data are current as of 2008.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date **stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations** than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. The profile baselines depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable, in the FIS report. As a result, the profile baselines may deviate significantly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

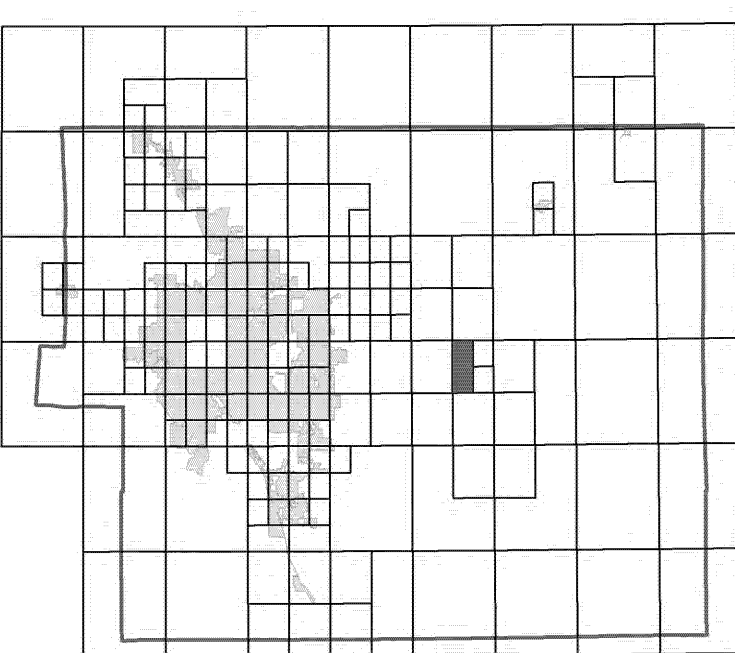
Contact **FEMA Map Service Center (MSC)** via the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FIMX) 1-877-336-2627 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. The MSC may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at <http://www.msc.fema.gov/>.

If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call **1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627)** or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov/business/nfip>.

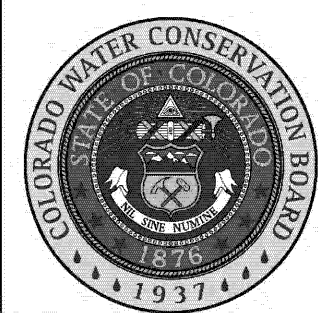
El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table

Flooding Source	Vertical Datum Offset (ft)
REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION	

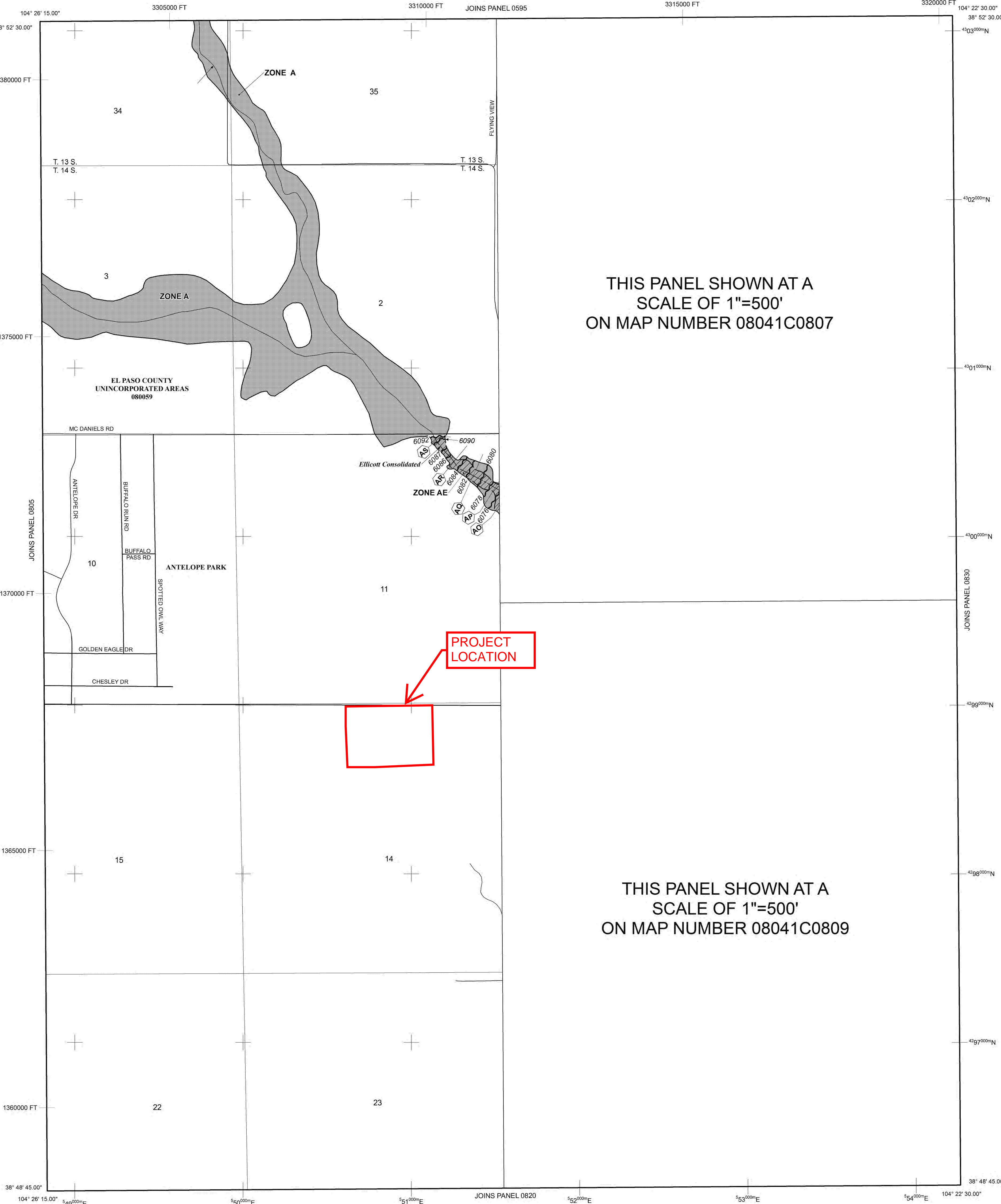
Panel Location Map



This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a Cooperating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).



Additional Flood Hazard information and resources are available from local communities and the Colorado Water Conservation Board.



THIS PANEL SHOWN AT A SCALE OF 1"=500' ON MAP NUMBER 08041C0807

THIS PANEL SHOWN AT A SCALE OF 1"=500' ON MAP NUMBER 08041C0809

NOTE: MAP AREA SHOWN ON THIS PANEL IS LOCATED WITHIN TOWNSHIP 13 SOUTH, RANGE 63 WEST, AND TOWNSHIP 14 SOUTH, RANGE 63 WEST.

LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAS) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equalled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

ZONE A No Base Flood Elevations determined.
ZONE AE Base Flood Elevations determined.
ZONE AH Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.

ZONE AR Special Flood Hazard Area Formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decreed. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.

ZONE A99 Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE V Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE VE Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE
The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

ZONE X Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot, or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile, and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

OTHER AREAS

ZONE X Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain.

ZONE D Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)

CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

Floodplain boundary
Floodway boundary
Zone D Boundary
CBRS and OPA boundary

Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.

513 Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet* (EL 587)
Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in feet*

* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)

A-A Cross section line

23-23 Transsect line

97° 07' 30.00" 32° 22' 30.00" Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83)

4750000N 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 13

6000000 FT 5000-foot grid ticks; Colorado State Plane coordinate system, central zone (FIPSZONE 0902), Lambert Conformal Conic Projection

DX5510 Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM panel)

M1.5 River Mile

MAP REPOSITORIES Refer to Map Repositories list on Map Index

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP MARCH 17, 1997

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL DECEMBER 7, 2018 - to update corporate limits, to change Base Flood Elevations and Special Flood Hazard Areas, to update map format, to add roads and road names, and to incorporate previously issued Letters of Map Revision.

For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community Map History Table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.

MAP SCALE 1" = 1000'

500 0 1000 2000 FEET
300 0 300 600 METERS



PANEL 0810G

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
EL PASO COUNTY,
COLORADO
AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 810 OF 1300
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

CONTAINS:	NUMBER	PANEL	SUFFIX
EL PASO COUNTY	08020	0810	G

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders. The Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.

MAP NUMBER 08041C0810G

MAP REVISED DECEMBER 7, 2018

Federal Emergency Management Agency





FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

FOR

MAYBERRY, COLORADO SPRINGS – FILING NO. 3

PREPARED FOR:

**COLORADO SPRINGS MAYBERRY, LLC
3296 DEVINE HEIGHTS #208
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922**

PREPARED BY:

**R & R ENGINEERS - SURVEYORS, INC.
1635 W. 13TH AVE, SUITE 310
DENVER, CO 80204
CONTACT: CLIF DAYTON, P.E.
(303) 753-6730**

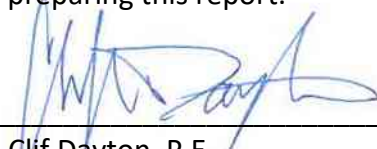
**R&R JOB #MC22110
EPC PROJECT No. SF2219**

**ORIGINAL SUBMITTAL: MAY 2022
2ND SUBMITTAL: SEPTEMBER 2022
3RD SUBMITTAL: JANUARY 2023
4TH SUBMITTAL: APRIL 2023**

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for liability caused by negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.



SIGNATURE: 
Clif Dayton, P.E.
Registered Professional Engineer
State of Colorado No. 51674

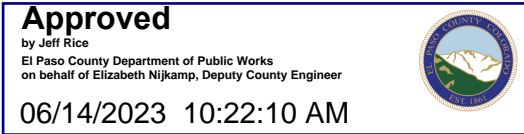
DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT:

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

SIGNATURE: _____
John Mick
Colorado Springs Mayberry, LLC
3296 Devine Heights #208
Colorado Springs, CO 80922

EL PASO COUNTY'S STATEMENT:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, and Engineering Criteria Manual as amended.

SIGNATURE: 
Joshua Palmer, P.E.
County Engineer/ECM Administrator

MAYBERRY – FILING 3
FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

Sub-basin D1.5* is a 9.88 acre basin comprising the future Filing 4 area and is assumed to be Commercial/Industrial in nature. Developed runoff from this basin will be routed via curb/gutter and crossspans and enter inlets within the future development. The inlets will be piped to the proposed piping to the south of the basin that will be stubbed as part of Filing 3. The 5 year and 100 year developed peak flows are 31.6 and 57.6 cfs respectively.

***D1.5** was also analyzed using an interim condition that represents the runoff patterns prior to development. Under this condition the basin would flow east into Channel E, combining with offsite basins EC-10 and OS-1 along with onsite basin E1. The flows would ultimately be routed to the Log Road ROW. The basin was analyzed using the SCS method due to the combining with the large offsite basins. The 5 year and 100 year undeveloped peak flows are 1.4 and 12.2 cfs respectively.

Sub-basin D1.6 is a 1.96 acre basin comprising single family lots and portions of Union Pacific Way. Runoff from this basin is routed via curb/gutter and crossspans, enters a Type R curb inlet on the north side of Union Pacific Way, and is discharged into the piped storm sewer system to the east. The 5 year and 100 year developed peak flows are 2.6 and 6.3 cfs respectively.

Sub-basin D1.7 is a 1.56 acre basin comprising single family lots and portions of Union Pacific Way. Runoff from this basin is routed via curb/gutter, enters a Type R curb inlet on the south side of Union Pacific Way, and is discharged into the piped storm sewer system to the east. The 5 year and 100 year developed peak flows are 2.1 and 5.0 cfs respectively.

Sub-basin D1.8 is a 1.27 acre basin comprising single family lots and portions of El Reno Way. Runoff from this basin is routed via curb/gutter, enters a Type R curb inlet on the north side of El Reno Way, and is discharged into the piped storm sewer system to the east. The 5 year and 100 year developed peak flows are 1.8 and 4.3 cfs respectively.

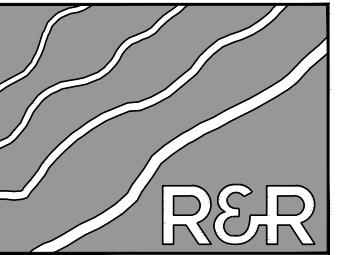
Sub-basin D1.9 is a 0.54 acre basin comprising single family lots and portions of El Reno Way. Runoff from this basin is routed via curb/gutter, enters a Type R curb inlet on the south side of El Reno Way, and is discharged into the piped storm sewer system to the east. The 5 year and 100 year developed peak flows are 0.9 and 2.1 cfs respectively.

Sub-basin D1.10 is a 2.13 acre onsite area that will not be fully developed until future phases. In the future the basin will be collected by a curb inlet on the north side of Mayberry Drive. This basin consists of the north section of the Mayberry Drive ROW. Runoff from this basin will be routed via curb/gutter, enter a Type R curb inlet, and will be discharged into the piped storm sewer system. A stub will be installed during



Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

NO.	REVISION	DATE
2ND SUBMISSION		9/1/22
3RD SUBMISSION		01/09/23



R&R ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS, INC.

1635 WEST 13TH AVENUE, SUITE 310
DENVER, COLORADO 80204
PHONE: 303-753-6730

WWW.RRENGINEERS.COM

MAYBERRY PUD PH 1 - FILING NO. 3
MAYBERRY, COLORADO SPRINGS
EL PASO COUNTY
MAYBERRY COMMUNITIES, LLC
3296 DEVINE HEIGHTS #208
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS
JOB NO. MC22110
ORG. SUBM. DATE 06/16/2022
DWN: LAO CHKD: CJD
NAME

FILING 3 HISTORIC
DRAINAGE PLAN

NO. EX2



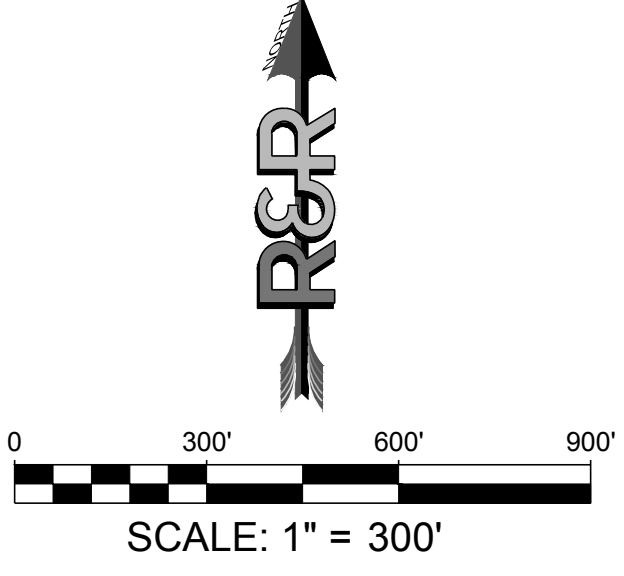
EXISTING	DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED
---	PROPERTY LINE	---
---	EASEMENT	---
---	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	---
---	VERTICAL CURB AND GUTTER	---
---	SPILL GUTTER	---
---	TRANSITION GUTTER	---
---	MAJOR CONTOUR	5825
---	MINOR CONTOUR	5822
---	STORM SEWER PIPE	---
---	STORM SEWER MANHOLE	---
---	STORM SEWER INLET	---
---	STORM SEWER FLARED END SECTION	---
---	STORM SEWER HEADWALL	---

○	DRAINAGE BASIN LABEL
* ○	* BASIN LABEL
** ○	** TRIBUTARY AREA (AC)

→	FLOW ARROW
▲	DESIGN POINT
---	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY

BASIN	AREA (AC)	5-YR (CFS)	100-YR (CFS)
EC-10	320.00	18.40	144.70
OS-1	2.65	1.40	4.30
EX-D1	93.50	8.40	76.23
EX-D2	11.50	1.40	12.50
EX-E	76.00	6.10	53.30
LOG	1.80	3.70	6.30
EX-Z	83.60	8.20	63.40

DESIGN POINT	CONTRIBUTING BASINS	5-YR (CFS)	100-YR (CFS)
EC-10	EC-10	18.40	144.70
EX-4A	EX-D2	1.40	12.50
EX-5	EC-10, EX-D1	23.70	183.90
EX-6	DP EX-5, EX-E, LOG	30.50	231.40
EX-7	DP EX-6, EX-Z	38.20	289.90

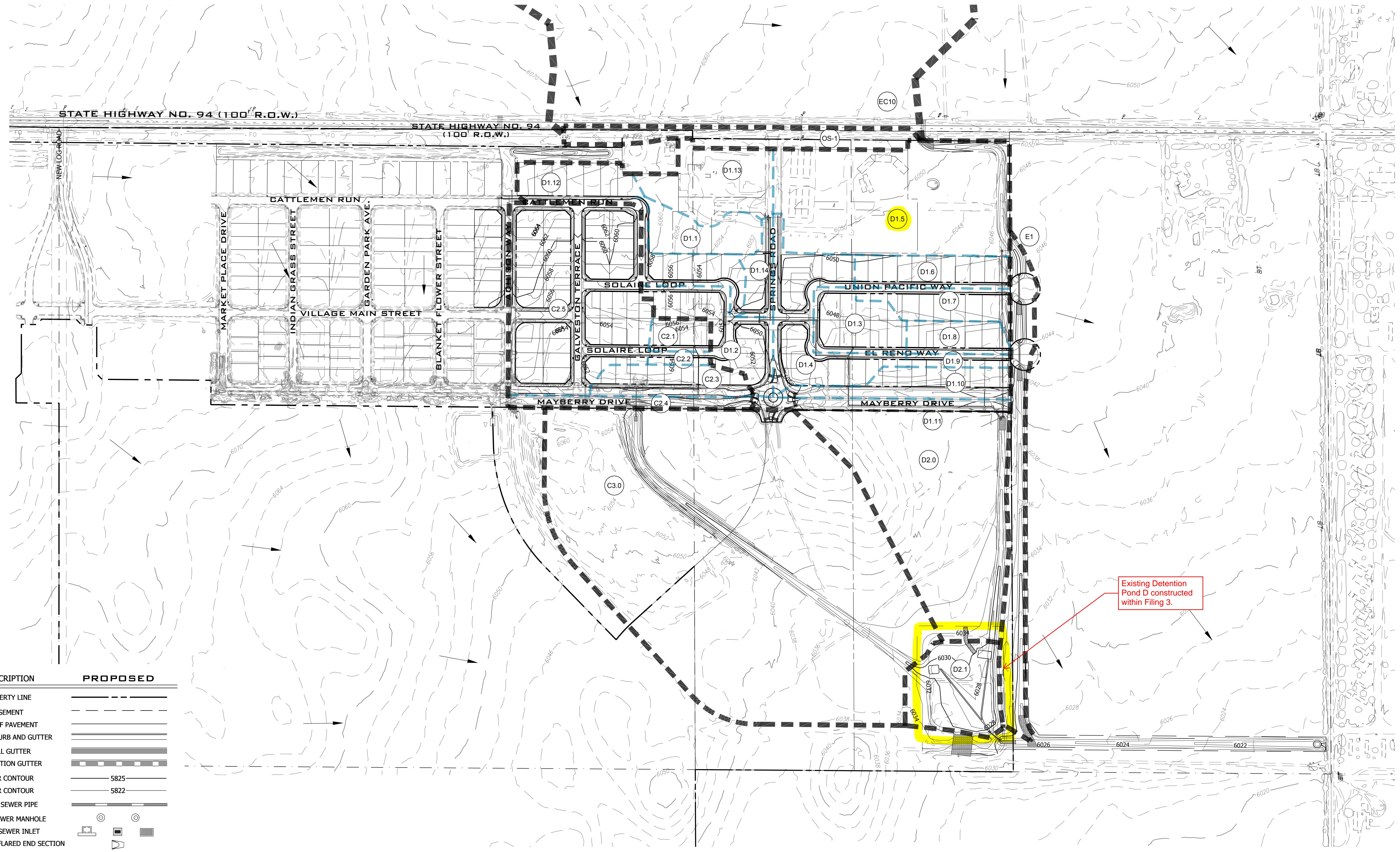


P:\174\102\102\102\PROJECTS\MC22110 MAYBERRY FILING NO. 3\ENGINEERING\DRAWINGS\PLAN\DRAINAGE\MAPS\MC22110-3E-DWG.MXD DATE: 1/5/2023 2:13:58 PM BY: LIZ_JONES



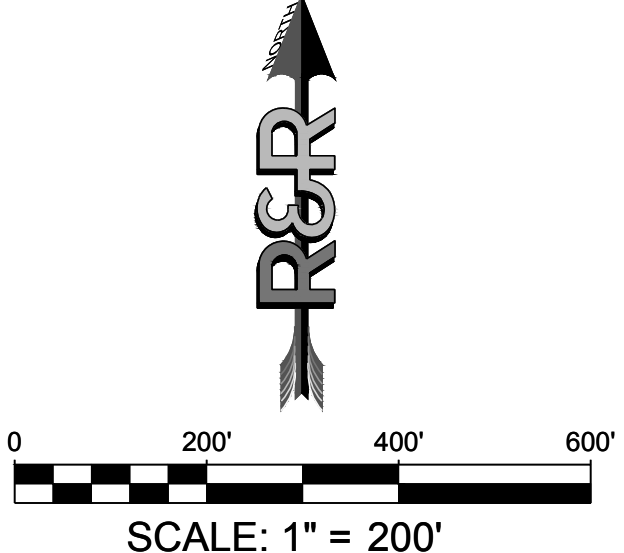
Know what's below.
Call before you dig.

CDOT NOTE: MAINTAIN EXISTING ROADSIDE DITCH DRAINAGE PATTERNS & EXTEND EXISTING CULVERTS AS REQUIRED BASED ON SH94 IMPROVEMENTS; PROVIDE RIPRAP APRONS & EROSION CONTROL FOR ALL CULVERT EXTENSIONS

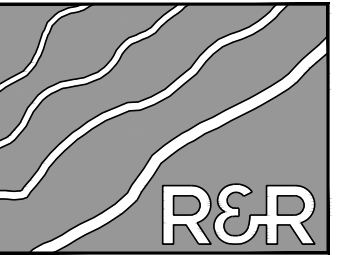


EXISTING	DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED
---	PROPERTY LINE	---
---	EASEMENT	---
---	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	---
---	VERTICAL CURB AND GUTTER	---
---	SPILL GUTTER	---
---	TRANSITION GUTTER	---
---	MAJOR CONTOUR	5825
---	MINOR CONTOUR	5822
---	STORM SEWER PIPE	---
---	STORM SEWER MANHOLE	---
---	STORM SEWER INLET	---
---	STORM SEWER FLARED END SECTION	---
---	STORM SEWER HEADWALL	---
---	DRAINAGE BASIN LABEL	---
---	* BASIN LABEL	---
---	** TRIBUTARY AREA (AC)	---
---	*** PERCENT IMPERVIOUS (%)	---
---	FLOW ARROW	---
---	DESIGN POINT	---
---	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY	---

Existing Detention Pond D constructed within Filing 3.



NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE
	2ND SUBMISSION		9/1/22
	3RD SUBMISSION		01/09/23



R&R ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS, INC.

1635 WEST 13TH AVENUE, SUITE 310
DENVER, COLORADO 80204
PHONE: 303-753-6730

WWW.RRENGINEERS.COM

MAYBERRY PUD PH1 - FILING NO. 3
SITE ADDRESS: MAYBERRY, COLORADO SPRINGS
EL PASO COUNTY
PREPARED FOR: MAYBERRY COMMUNITIES, LLC
3296 DEVINE HEIGHTS #208
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS	
JOB NO.	MC22110
ORG. SUBM. DATE	06/16/2022
DWN:	LAO
CHKD:	CJD
NAME	

OVERALL FILING 3
PROPOSED
DRAINAGE PLAN

NO. D1.1

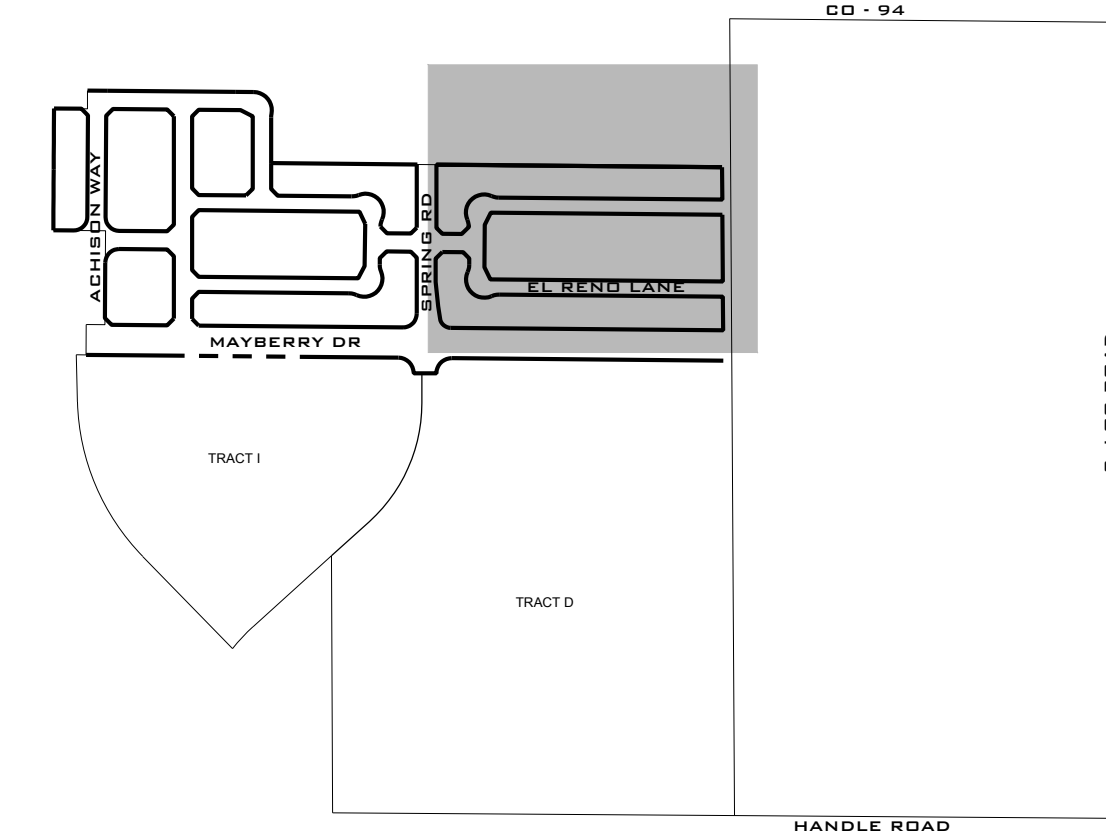
PATH: \\P01-08-100-23\PROJECTS\MC22110_MAYBERRY_FILING_NO_3\ENGINEERING\DRAWINGS\PLAN\DRAINAGE\MAPS\MC22110-3P-DWG.MXD DATE: 5/2/2023 10:37:16 AM BY: LIZ JONES



CDOT NOTE: MAINTAIN EXISTING ROADSIDE DITCH DRAINAGE PATTERNS & EXTEND EXISTING CULVERTS AS REQUIRED BASED ON SH94 IMPROVEMENTS; PROVIDE RIPRAP APRONS & EROSION CONTROL FOR ALL CULVERT EXTENSIONS

NOTE: DETAILED BASIN MAPS REPRESENT THE FULL ANTICIPATED BUILD OUT OF ALL AREAS TRIBUTARY TO POND D

Know what's below. Call before you dig.



KEY MAP N.T.S.

Legend table with columns: EXISTING, DESCRIPTION, PROPOSED. Includes symbols for property lines, easements, pavements, gutters, contours, storm sewer pipes, manholes, inlets, and headwalls.

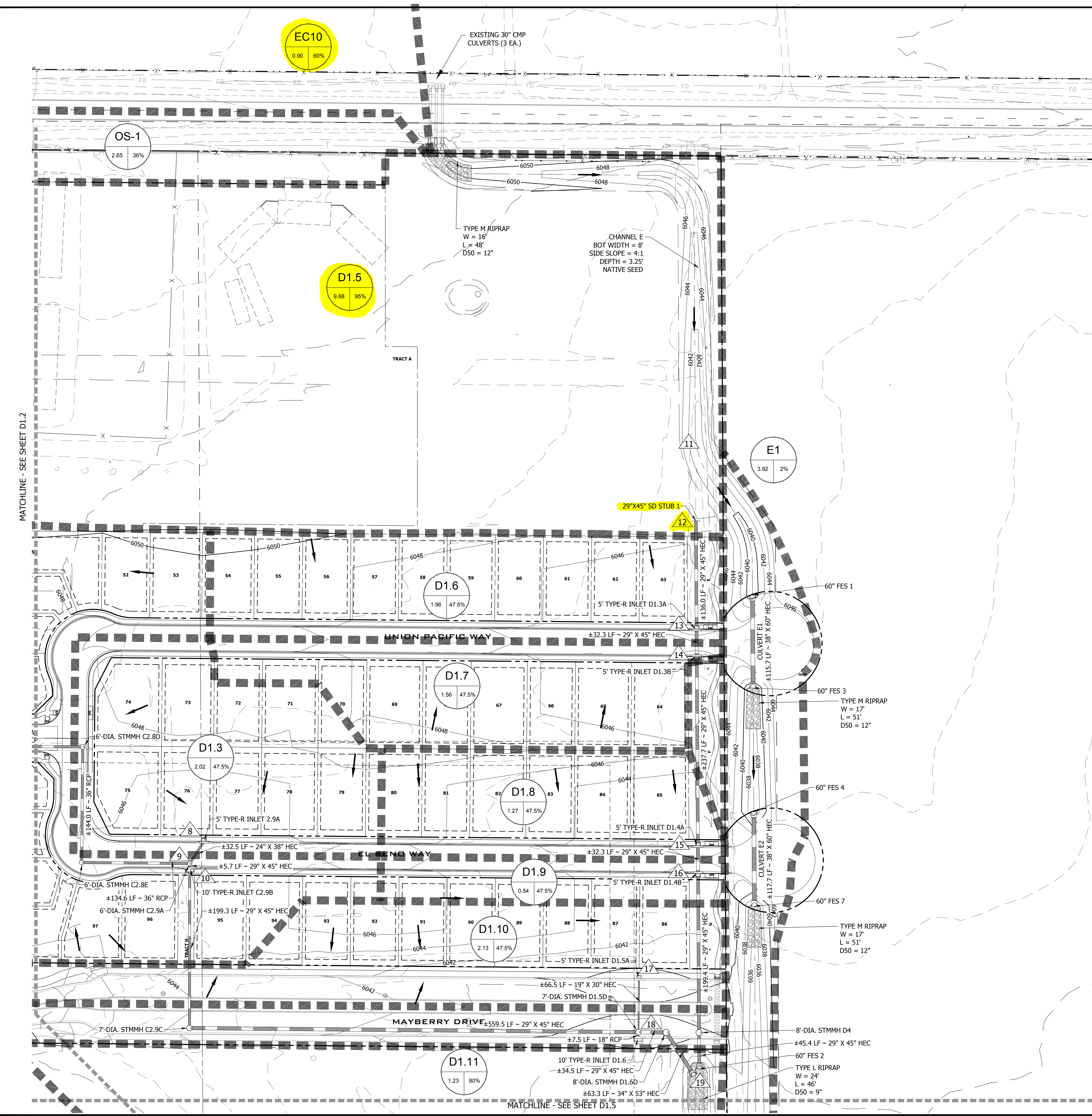
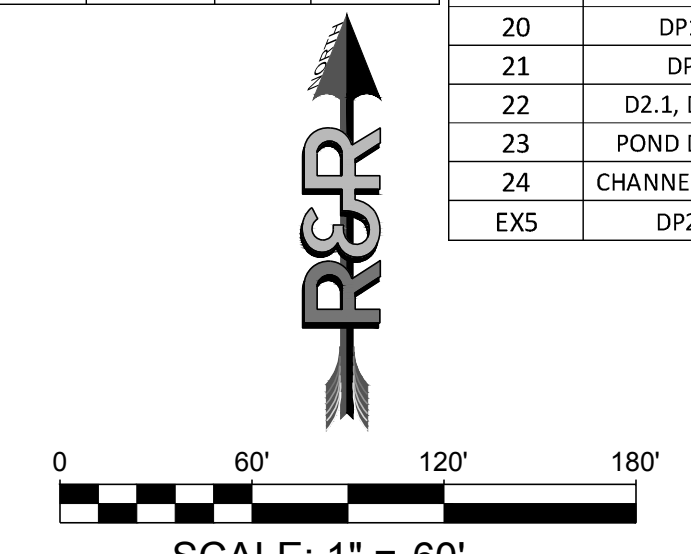
Legend table for drainage basin labels: C-1* (Basin Label), 1** (Tributary Area AC), 50%*** (Percent Impervious %). Includes symbols for flow arrows, design points, and boundaries.

BASIN SUMMARY TABLE

Table with columns: Basin, Area (acres), 5-yr (cfs), 100-yr (cfs). Lists basins from C2.1 to EC10 with their respective values.

DESIGN POINT SUMMARY TABLE

Table with columns: Design Point, Contributing Basins, Area (acres), 5-yr (cfs), 100-yr (cfs). Lists design points from 1 to EX5 with their contributing basins and flow rates.

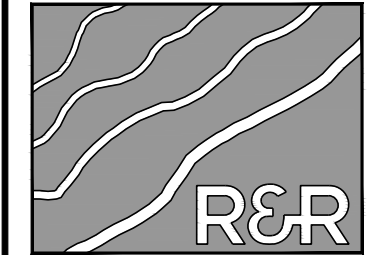


MATCHLINE - SEE SHEET D1.2

MATCHLINE - SEE SHEET D1.5

PLATA \ \ 192_108_100_231\PROJECTS\MC22110_MAYBERRY_FILING_NO_3\ENGINEERING\PLANS\DRAINAGE\MAPS\MC22110-DP-DWG_MAP_DTL.DWG_PLOT_DATE:1/16/2023 2:50:16 PM_BILIZ JONES

Revision table with columns: NO., REVISION, DATE. Shows 2ND SUBMISSION (9/1/22) and 3RD SUBMISSION (01/09/23).



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MAYBERRY PUD PH1 - FILING NO. 3 MAYBERRY, COLORADO SPRINGS EL PASO COUNTY PREPARED FOR: MAYBERRY COMMUNITIES, LLC 3296 DEVINE HEIGHTS #208 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS JOB NO. MC22110 ORG. SUBM. DATE 06/16/2022 DWN: LAO CHKD: CJD NAME FILING 3 DETAILED DRAINAGE PLAN - NORTH EAST NO. D1.3

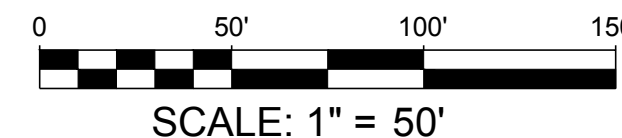
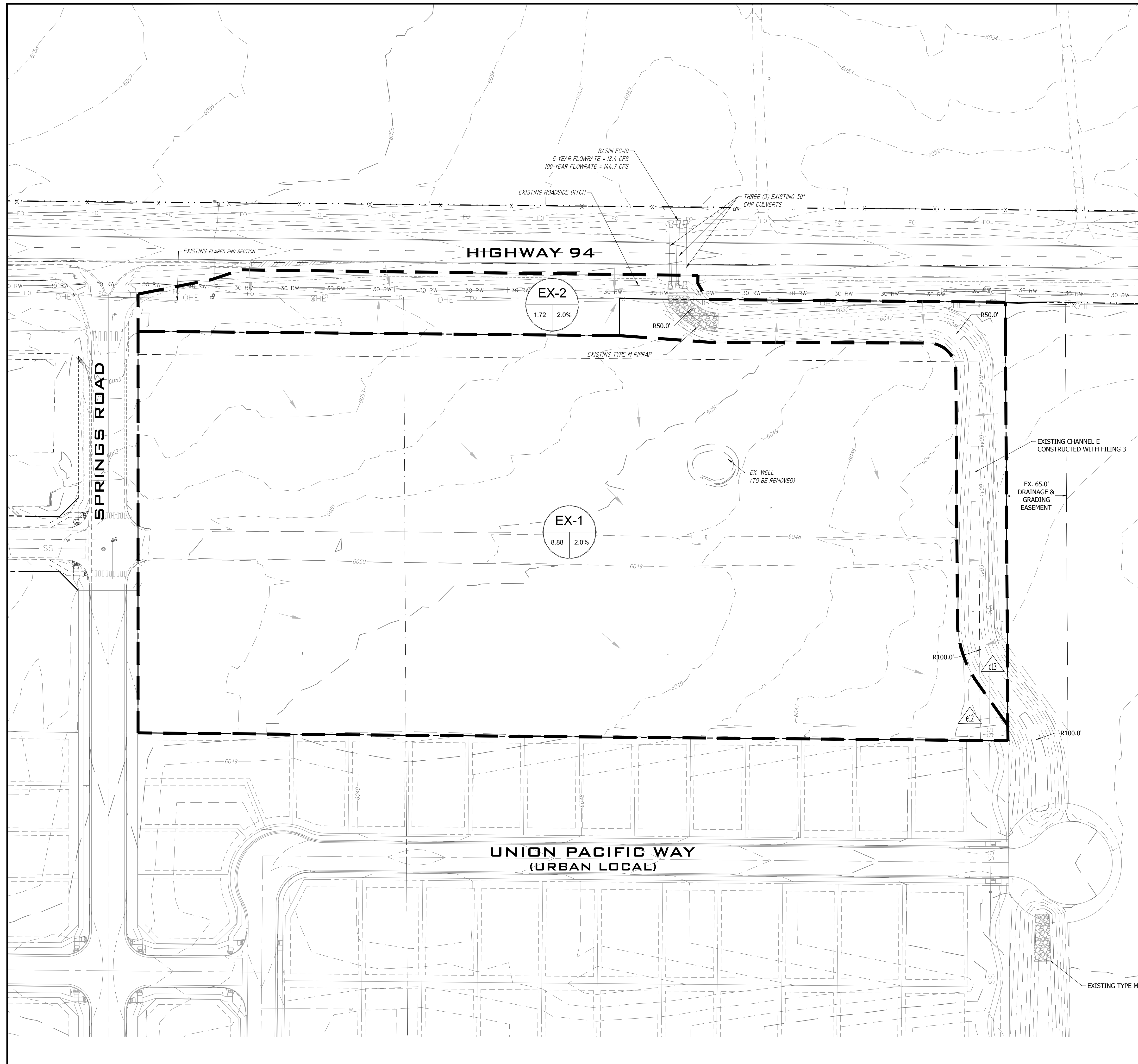


Know what's below.
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EXISTING	DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED
---	PROPERTY LINE	---
---	EASEMENT	---
---	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	---
---	VERTICAL CURB AND GUTTER	---
---	SPILL GUTTER	---
---	TRANSITION GUTTER	---
---	MAJOR CONTOUR	---
---	MINOR CONTOUR	---
---	STORM SEWER PIPE	---
---	STORM SEWER MANHOLE	---
---	STORM SEWER INLET	---
---	STORM SEWER FLARED END SECTION	---
---	STORM SEWER HEADWALL	---
---	RAW WATER LINE	---
	DRAINAGE BASIN LABEL	C-1*
	* BASIN LABEL	1** 2***
	** TRIBUTARY AREA (AC)	
	*** IMPERVIOUS (%)	
	FLOW ARROW	---
	DESIGN POINT	---
	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY	---

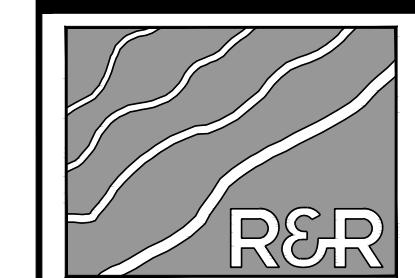
Basin	Area (acres)	5-yr (cfs)	100-yr (cfs)
EX-1	8.88	1.91	12.82
EX-2	1.72	0.38	2.82

Design Point	Contributing Basins	Area (acres)	Tc	5-yr (cfs)	100-yr (cfs)
e12	EX-1	8.88	31.88	1.91	12.82
e13	EX-2	1.72	24.47	0.38	2.82



PCD FILE NO. SF2317

NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



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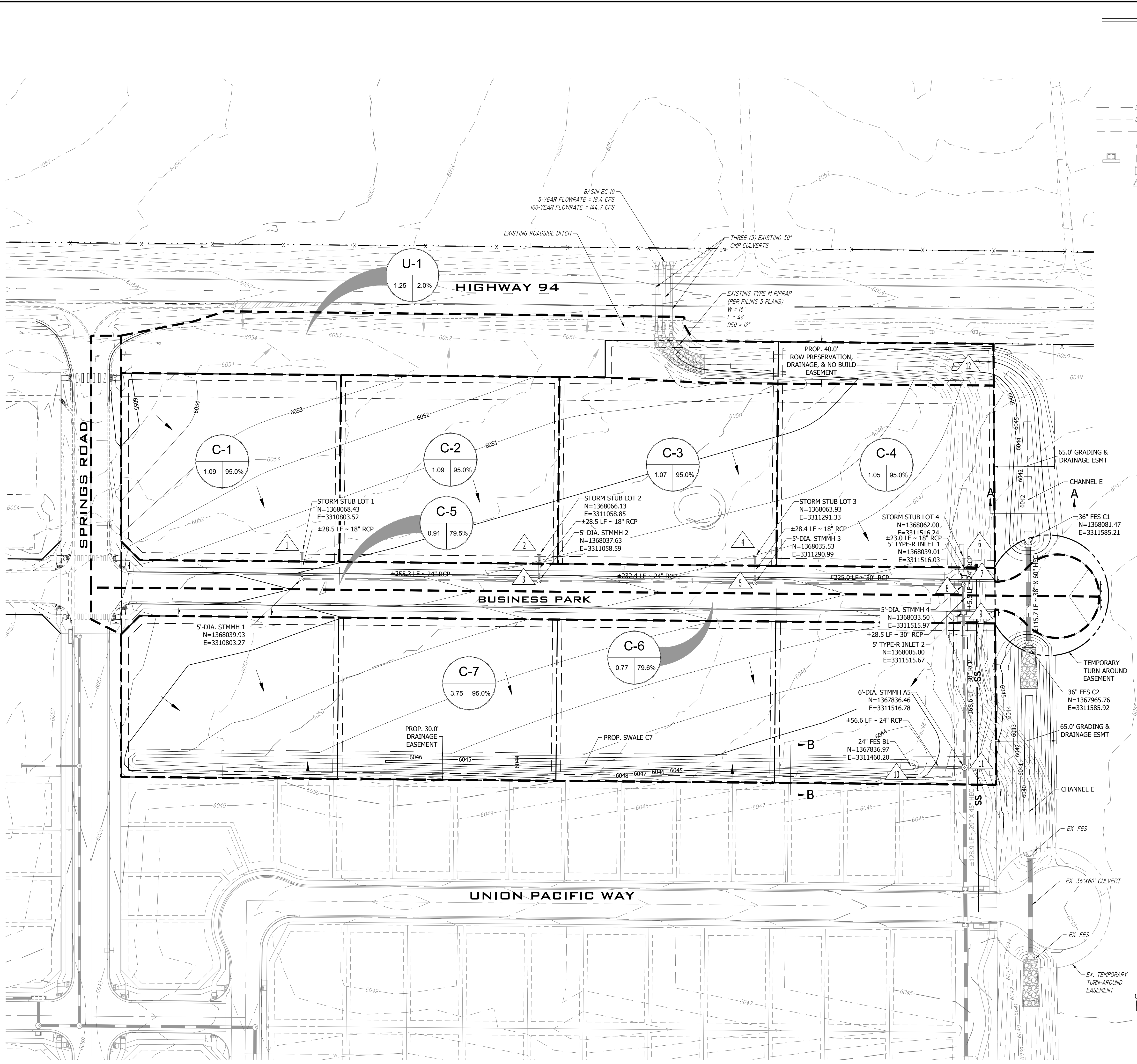
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MAYBERRY - FILING NO. 4
 MAYBERRY, COLORADO SPRINGS
 EL PASO COUNTY
 MAYBERRY COMMUNITIES, LLC
 3296 DEVINE HEIGHTS #208
 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS
 JOB NO. MC22249
 ORG. SUBM. DATE 04/05/2023
 DWN: GWH | CHKD: CJD
 NAME

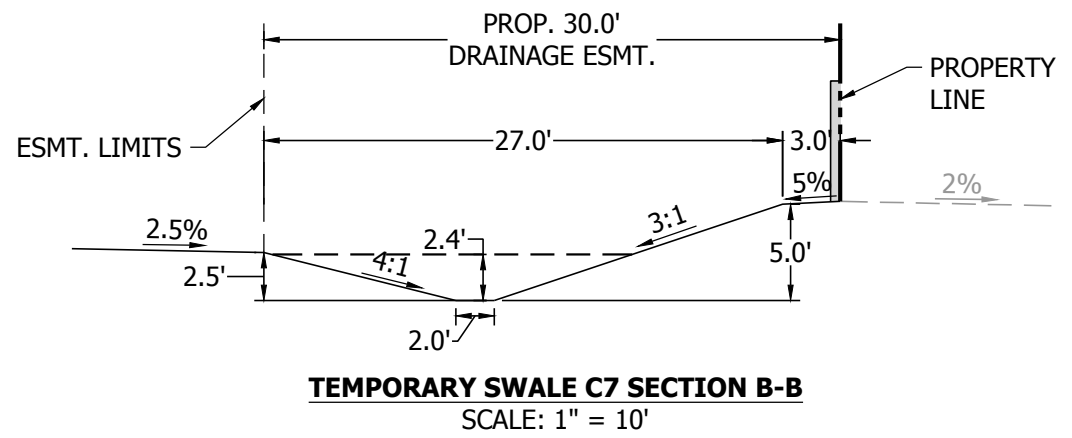
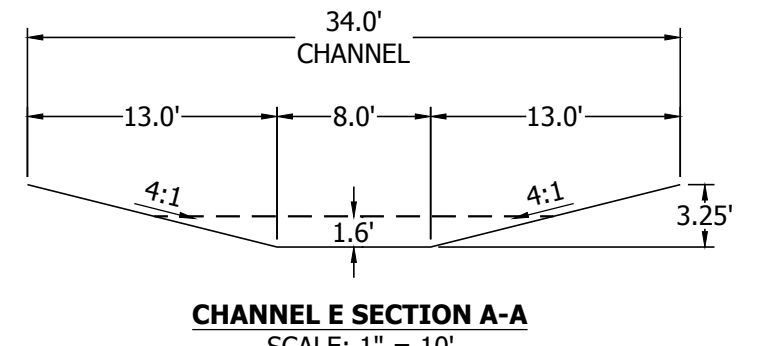
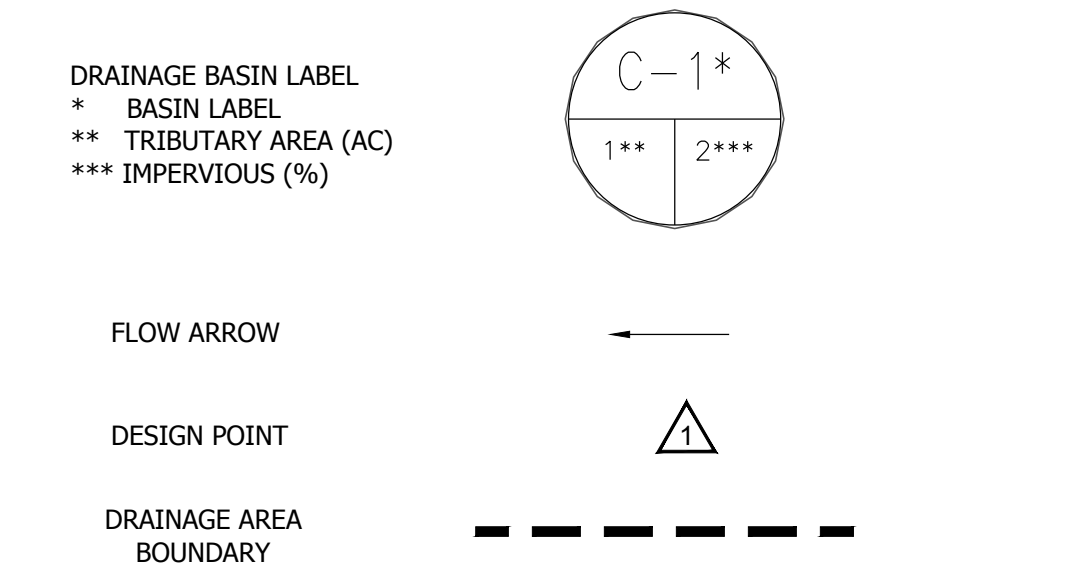
EXISTING CONDITIONS & DRAINAGE MAP

NO. EX-1



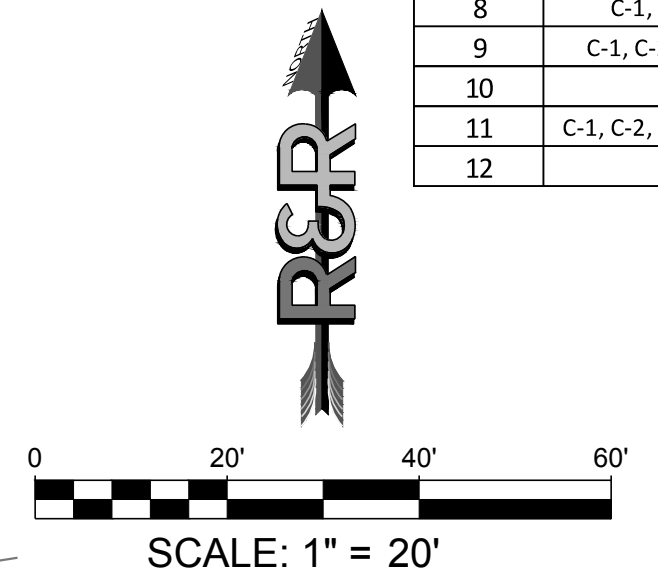
EXISTING	DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED
---	PROPERTY LINE	---
---	EASEMENT	---
---	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	---
---	VERTICAL CURB AND GUTTER	---
---	SPILL GUTTER	---
---	TRANSITION GUTTER	---
---	MAJOR CONTOUR	5825
---	MINOR CONTOUR	5822
---	STORM SEWER PIPE	---
---	STORM SEWER MANHOLE	---
---	STORM SEWER INLET	---
---	STORM SEWER FLARED END SECTION	---
---	STORM SEWER HEADWALL	---

811
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Basin	Area (acres)	5-yr (cfs)	100-yr (cfs)
C-1	1.09	3.82	6.97
C-2	1.09	3.82	6.97
C-3	1.07	3.75	6.84
C-4	1.05	3.68	6.71
C-5	0.91	2.14	4.10
C-6	0.77	2.07	3.97
C-7	3.75	13.14	23.97
U-1	1.25	0.24	1.74

Design Point	Contributing Basins	Area (acres)	5-yr (cfs)	100-yr (cfs)
1	C-1	1.09	3.82	6.97
2	C-2	1.09	3.82	6.97
3	C-1, C-2	2.18	7.64	13.93
4	C-3	1.07	3.75	6.84
5	C-1, C-2, C-3	3.25	11.39	20.77
6	C-4	1.05	3.68	6.71
7	C-4, C-5	1.96	4.88	9.10
8	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5	5.21	13.36	24.57
9	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6	5.98	15.17	28.04
10	C-7	3.75	13.14	23.97
11	C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, C-6, C-7	9.73	27.26	48.33
12	U-1, EC-10	321.25	18.67	146.44



NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE

R&R ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS, INC.
1635 WEST 13TH AVENUE, SUITE 310
DENVER, COLORADO 80204
PHONE: 303-753-6730

MAYBERRY - FILING NO. 4
MAYBERRY, COLORADO SPRINGS
EL PASO COUNTY
MAYBERRY COMMUNITIES, LLC
3296 DEVINE HEIGHTS #208
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80922

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS
JOB NO. MC22249
ORG. SUBM. DATE 04/05/2023
DWN: GWH CHKD: CJD
NAME

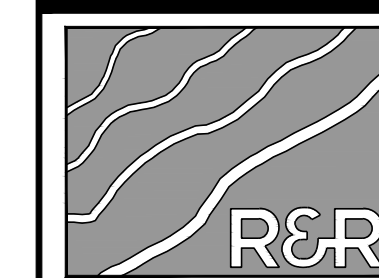
PROPOSED DRAINAGE MAP

NO. **DR-1**



Know what's below.
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NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE



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SURVEYORS
CON

R&R ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS, INC.
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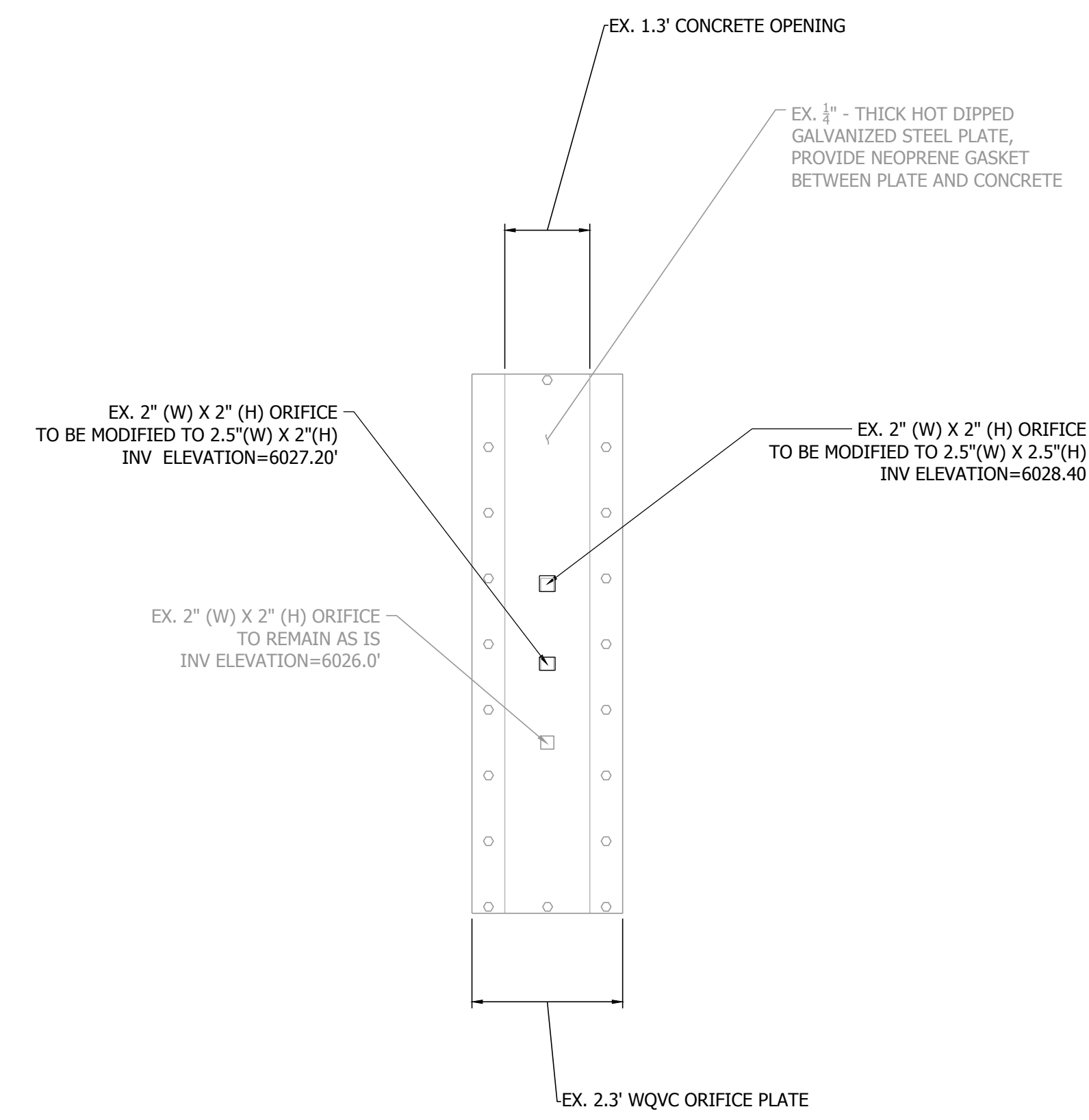
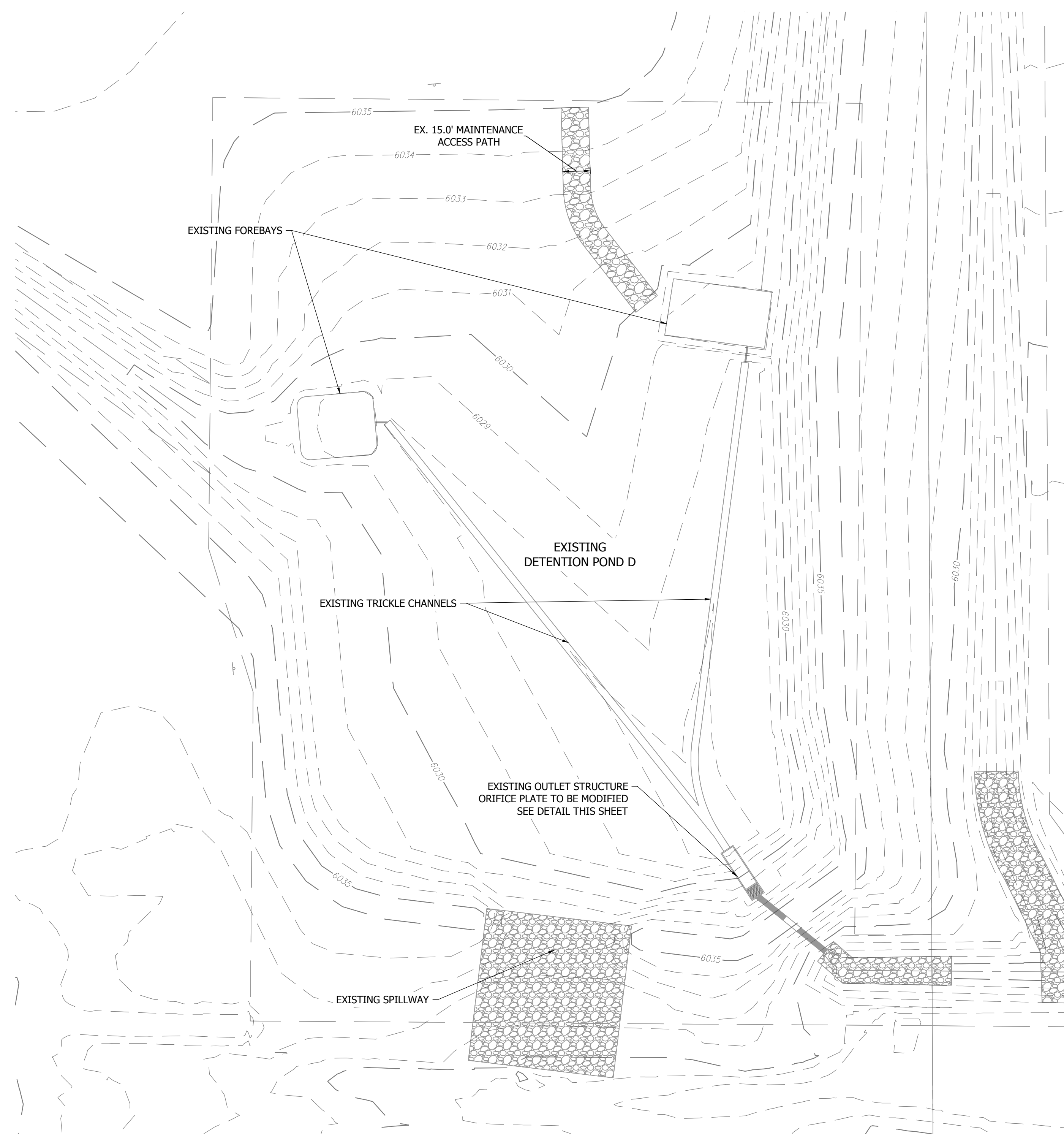
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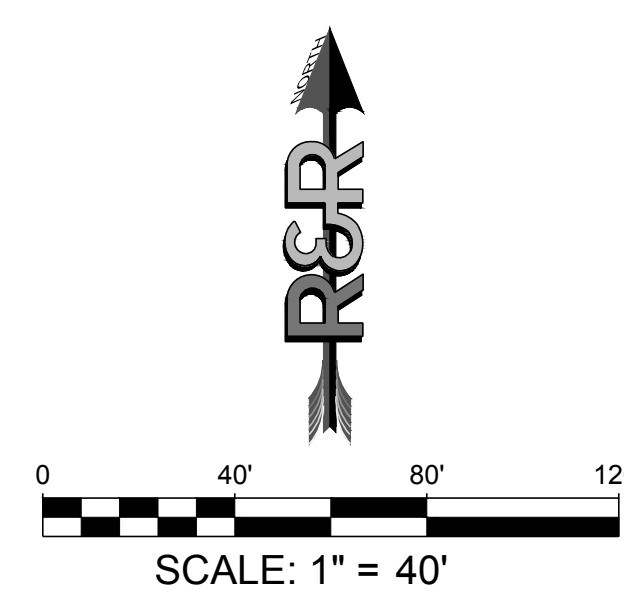
GESC PLANS
JOB NO. MC22249
ORG. SUBM. DATE 04/06/2023
DWN: GWH | CHKD: CJD
NAME

ORIFICE PLATE
MODIFICATIONS

NO.
C8.10



EXISTING ORIFICE PLATE TO BE MODIFIED
(SEE MAYBERRY FILING 3 GEC PLANS FOR ORIGINAL DESIGN)
SCALE: 1" = 2'



PATH: P:\MC22249 - PROPOSED MAYBERRY FILING NO. 4 (CURRENT TRACT A, MAYBERRY FILING NO. 3) ENGINEERING DRAWINGS\PLANS\GESC\MC22249 - GESC - GRAD.DWG. PLOT DATE: 8/9/2023 11:41:15 AM BY: LNN, CORDAY