# DRAINAGE LETTER

# ROLLING THUNDER BUSINESS PARK FILING NO. 2A

A REPLAT OF LOTS 2 AND 3, ROLLING THUNDER BUSINESS PARK County File No.s: SF 209 and PRP2010

January 22, 2020

Revised July 24, 2020

Revised November 16, 2020

Revised January 6, 2021

prepared for

Jessie and Sherrie Tix.

Oliver E. Watts, Consulting Engineer, Inc. Colorado Springs, Colorado

### **OLIVER E. WATTS, PE-LS**

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### Celebrating over 41 years in business

January 6, 2021

El Paso County Planning and Community Development 2880 International Circle Colorado Springs, CO 80910

ATTN: Jennifer Irvine, P.E.

SUBJECT: Drainage Letter, Rolling Thunder Business Park, Filing No. 2A

Transmitted herewith for your review and approval is the drainage letter for the Rolling Thunder Business Park, Filing No. 2A, which is a replat of Lots 2 and 3, Rolling Thunder Business Park. It has been revised per the reviews by Mr. Daniel Torres, 5-11-20, 9-17-20 and 12-25-20.

There will be no change in the approved runoff as a result of this subdivision. Please contact our office if we may provide any further information.

Oliver E. Watts, Consulting Engineer, Inc.

BY:

Oliver E. Watts, President

Encl:

Drainage Letter 2 pages Computations, 1 sheet

FEMA Flood Panel 08041C0752 G, December 7, 2018

Soils Map and Interpretation Sheet

Backup Information, 4 pages

Impervious area plan and COGO / calculations, 8 pages

Rolling Thunder Drainage Plan and Computations, 2 pages

Peak Gymnastics Drainage Plan

Drainage Plan, Dwg No. 19-5348-07

### 1. ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by the County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the applicable master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

Oliver E. Watts, Consulting Engineer, Inc.

Oliver E. Watts

Colo. PE-LS No. 9853

### 2. OWNERS / DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT

I the owner / developer have read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

Jesse and Sherrie Tix

Peyton, CO 80831-8661

(719) 492-5811

### 3. EL PASO COUNTY:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso Land Development Code, Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, and the Engineering Criteria Manual, as amended.

Jennifer Irvine, P.E.,

County Engineer / ECM Administrator

Conditions:

APPROVED Engineering Department

01/20/2021 6:38:27 PM dsdnijkamp

EPC Planning & Community
Development Department

### 4. LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION:

The Rolling Thunder Business Park, Filing No. 2A is located on the South side of Woodmen Road just east of Falcon Meadows Boulevard, as shown on the enclosed drainage plan. It is a replat of Lot 2 and 3, Rolling Thunder Business Park and lies in the NE1/4 of Section 11, Township 13 South, Range 65 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> P.M. in El Paso County, Colorado. The total size of the subdivision is 1.02 acres. The purpose of the subdivision is to combine the two existing lots and construct a commercial building as shown on the enclosed drainage plan.

### 5. FLOOD PLAIN STATEMENT:

This subdivision is not within the limits of a designated flood plain or flood hazard area, as identified on FEMA panel no. 08041C0535 G, dated December 7, 2018, a copy of which is enclosed for reference.

### 6. CRITERIA:

Runoff is computed as prescribed by the City/County Drainage Criteria Manual, using the rational method for areas the size of this subdivision. Computations are enclosed for reference and review.

The area has bee mapped by the USDA/SCS, and soils type in this are is the Blakeland Series, having hydrologic group "A". A soils map and interpretation sheet are enclosed for reference.

### 7. DESCRIPTION OF RUNOFF:

As stated above, this Site was previously platted as the Rolling Thunder Business Park. At that time a drainage report, prepared by Springs Engineering, Charlene Sammons, PE 36727, was submitted and approved by El Paso County, Colorado on 10-16-08. A copy of the approved drainage plan and the pertinent computations are enclosed. This lot has been zoned for industrial or commercial uses since that time, and runoff was computed on that basis. The subdivision lays South of Woodmen on the North side of Maltese Drive. Runoff is divided by a high point in the existing curb and gutter where shown on the drainage plan.

Basins O-1 and O-2 are the inflows to the subdivision from adjacent Woodmen Road, south of the centerline of the pavement. 0.5 cfs / 0.9 cfs (5-year / 100-year runoffs) will flow into the subdivision in each basin. This will combine with the runoff from each half of the development and exit to the West and East long the north curb line of Maltese Drive, as dictated by the grades shown on the drainage plan. The combined runoff exiting the subdivision is 1.6/3.3 cfs westerly and 1.9/4.0 cfs easterly, well within the capacity of the roadway. These runoffs are less than those previously approved as described below. The westerly runoff will flow to the existing detention pond lying South of the Cul-de-sac as described and shown on the enclosed Rolling Thunder drainage report and the subsequent Peak Gymnastics Drainage Report, also enclosed. The easterly portion will run to the easterly cul-de-sac on Maltese Point and then into the Southeast detention pond shown on the enclosed Rolling Thunder drainage plan. This routing exists and according to the approved plans, and approved facilities are more than adequate, as discussed in the four step process below. The runoff is unchanged from that developed by the existing zoning at the time of the original subdivision, and no harm will be incurred to downstream facilities.

The runoff coefficients used in this report are taken from the enclosed criteria. We are submitting separately the detailed coordinate geometry computations for the percent impervious value of the subdivision, which is 73.4%. A value of 75% was conservatively used for the enclosed

computations. The original subdivision computations are enclosed, which shows that the "C" values used were 0.90 and 0.95 for the 5 and 100- year storms, respectively which would constitute nearly 100% impervious. These extremely high values would not represent the presence of any landscaping or native grasses that would remain the site.

### FOUR STEP PROCESS

- **Step1 Employ Runoff Reduction Practices** Runoff from the portion of the building rooftop in Basin A will be directed to the west and Maltese Point. Runoff will then travel west, down Maltese. Runoff from the building rooftop in Basin B will be directed to the east and into Maltese Point. Runoff will join with the east half runoff then travel east, down Maltese. Due to the proposed improvements in relation to the size of the property, provides little to no opportunity for runoff reduction practice. Curb outlets will be provided as shown on the drainage plan to traverse intervening traffic islands.
- **Step 2 Stabilize Drainageways** –The development of this project does not anticipate having any negative effects on downstream drainageways.
- Step 3 Provide Water Quality Capture Volume The existing Storm Water Quality Facilities were previous designed by Springs Engineering. Due to the configuration of the proposed lots north of the pond, and already existing changes to the pond geometry due to erosion, the existing Storm Water Quality Facility was reshaped with 3:1 side slopes for the development of Lots 9 and 10 for the Peak Gymnastics facility, by M & S Civil Consultants per their drainage report, prepared by Virgil Sanchez PE 37160 and approved by the County 1-17-19. Their proposed reshaping is minor in nature and increase the capacity from 0.17 Acre feet to 0.21 Acre feet. This reshaping did not have any negative effects on the performance of the existing Storm Water Quality Facility. The Easterly Tank water quality pond is shown on the Rolling Thunder drainage plan. Both ponds appear to be sized in accordance with the approved plans, and are in adequate condition.
- **Step4 Consider Need for Industrial and Commercial BMP's** This submittal provides a final grading and erosion control plans with BMPs in place. The proposed project will use silt fence, a vehicle tracking control pad, and concrete washout area, reseeding/landscaping to mitigate the potential for erosion across the site.

### **7. FEES:**

This Site has been previously platted; therefore fees are not due at this time. The above analysis with the existing approved subdivision report indicates that the impervious ratios proposed are far less than those previously used. The fees collected for the subdivision are far greater than required for the proposed development.

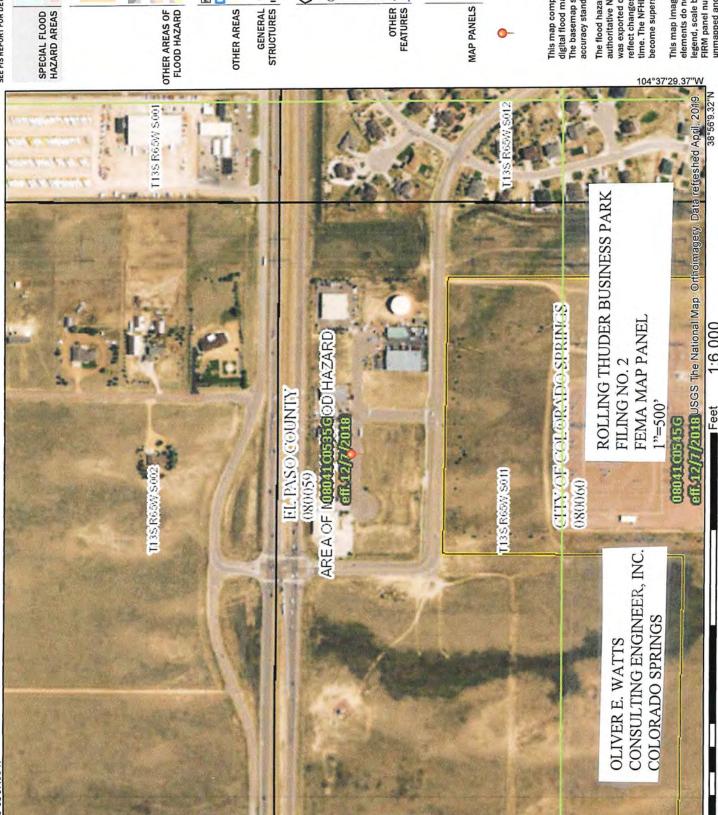
### **8. CONCLUSIONS:**

This subdivision represents the development of Lots 2 and 3 of the Rolling Thunder Business Park into one lot for the construction of a commercial building as shown on the enclosed drainage plan. This drainage plan is in compliance with the provisions of the previously approved plans and reports and is in full compliance with current County drainage criteria. The above described storm water detention ponds appear to adequately constructed in accordance with their approved designs and fully adequate for containing the discharge proposed by this construction. This development will have no adverse affect on downstream or adjacent properties or improvements.

					PERIOD	PERIOD
			ep- SHO-	dp CFS-	-ye	-years-
A	A/C 0.	96.0 06.0			5	100
	R/L 0.					
	MIX 0.	0.710 0.819	0.5	6.0		
	IMP					
	75% 0.	0.554 0.672	1.2	2.6		
	MIX 0.3	0.588 0.705	1.6	3.3		
A	A/C 0.	96.0 06				
	R/L 0.0					
	MIX 0.		0.5	6.0		
Į	T/S					
	IMP					
	73% 0.	528 0.651	1.5	3.3		
	MIX 0.		1.9	4.0		
E. WATT	S, CONSU	LTING E	NGINEE	R, INC.	PAC	3E 1 9F 1
	A WATJ	A A/C 0.0  RLL 0.0  MIX 0.7  L/S  IMP 0.4  73% 0.4  MIX 0.4  MIX 0.4  MIX 0.4  MIX 0.4  MIX 0.4  MIX 0.4	A A/C 0.90 0.96 RL 0.096 0.36 MIX 0.710 0.819 L/S IMP 13% 0.528 0.651 MIX 0.561 0.682 MIX 0.561 0.682	A A/C 0.90 0.96  R/L 0.096 0.36  MIX 0.710 0.819 0.5  L/S  IMP 0.528 0.651 1.5  MIX 0.561 0.682 1.9  E. WATTS, CONSULTING ENGINEE	JER, I	A A/C 0.90 0.96  RLL 0.096 0.36  MIX 0.710 0.819 0.5 0.9  L/S  IMP  MIX 0.528 0.651 1.5 3.3  MIX 0.561 0.682 1.9 4.0  PAGE  C. WATTS, CONSULTING ENGINEER, INC. 1

# National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





# Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Regulatory Floodway SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas depth less than one foot or with drainage

of 1% annual chance flood with average

areas of less than one square mile Zone x Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X

Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee, See Notes, Zono X

NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X **Effective LOMRs** 

Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone

- - - Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer

STRUCTURES | 111111 Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation Coastal Transect

Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)

**Jurisdiction Boundary** Limit of Study

Coastal Transect Baseline Profile Baseline

Hydrographic Feature

Digital Data Available

No Digital Data Available

Unmapped

The pln displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represer an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not vold as described below. The basemap shown compiles with FEMA's basemap

authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and was exported on 1/22/2020 at 12:00:29 PM and does not time. The NFHL and effective information may change or The flood hazard information is derived directly from the become superseded by new data over tlme. This map image is vold if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map Images for legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for

1,500

1,000

500

250

OLIVER E. WATTS CONSULTING ENGINEER, INC. COLORADO SPRINGS ROLLING THUDER BUSINESS PARK FILING NO. 2 SOILS MAP 1"=2000'



### EL PASO COUNTY AREA, COLORADO

### TABLE 16. -- SOIL AND WATER FEATURES

[Absence of an entry indicates the feature is not a concern. See "flooding" in Glossary for definition of terms as "rare," "brief," and "very brief." The symbol > means greater than]

Soil name and	Hydro-	-	Flooding		i B	edrock	Non-select
map symbol	logic	Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth	Hardness	Potential   frost   action
Alamosa:	c	Frequent	Brief	May-Jun	<u>In</u> >60		High.
Ascalon: 2, 3	В	  None			>60		Moderate:
Badland: 4	D			11.844			
Bijou: 5, 6, 7	В	None			>60		Low.
Blakeland: 8	A	None			>60		Low.
19: Blakeland part-		None			>60		Low.
Fluvaquentic   Haplaquolls   part	D	Common	Very brief	Mar-Aug	>60		High.
Blendon:	В	None		454	>60		  Moderate.
Bresser: 11, 12, 13	В	None			>60		Low.
Brussett: 14, 15	В	  None			>60		  Moderate.
Chaseville:	A	  None		444	>60		Low.
118: Chaseville part	A	None		245	>60		Low.
Midway part	D	  None			10-20	Rippable	Moderate.
Columbine:	Α.	None to rare		144	>60		Low.
Connerton:							1
Connerton part-	В	None		190	>60	1	High.
Rock outcrop	D		322	320		1	
21	В	None			>60	1	  Moderate.
Cushman: 22, 23	С	None		C324	20-40	Rippable	Moderate.
124: Cushman part	C	None			20-40	Rippable	    Moderate.
Kutch part	C	None			20-40	Rippable	  Moderate.
1beth: 25, 26	В	    None		422	>60		Moderate.
127: Elbeth part	В	None			>60		Moderate.

See footnote at end of table.

Table 6-6. Runoff Coefficients for Rational Method

(Source: UDFCD 2001)

							Runoff Co	efficients					
Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percent Impervious	2-9	ear	5-y	ear	10-1	year	25-	year	50-	year	100-	·year
	<u> </u>	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D	HSG A&B	HSG C&D
Business											0.00		0.89
Commercial Areas	95	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89
Neighborhood Areas	70	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.53	. 0.53	0.57	0.58	0.62	0.60	0.65	0.62	0.00
Residential									0.59	0.57	0.62	0.59	0.65
1/8 Acre or less	65	0.41	0,45	0.45	0.49	0.49	0.54	0.54	0.59	0.57	0.54	0.50	0.58
1/4 Acre	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.35	0.36	0.42	0.42		0.43	0.52	0.47	0.57
1/3 Acre	30	0,18	0.22	0.25	0.30	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.47	0.43	0.51	0.46	0.56
1/2 Acre	25	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.37	0.46	0.41	0.50	0.44	0.55
1 Acre	20	0.12	0.17	0.20	0.26	0.27	0.34	0.35	U.44	0,40	0,30	0.44	0.00
Industrial										0.60	0.72	0.70	0.74
Light Areas	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.83
Heavy Areas	90	0,71	0.73	0,73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.82	0,61	0.00
Parks and Cemeteries	7	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.19	0.20	0.29	0,30	0.40	0.34	0.46	0.39	0.52
Playgrounds	13	0.07	0.13	0.16	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.32	0.42	0.37	0.48	0.41	0.54
Rallroad Yard Areas	40	0.23	0.28	0.30	0,35	0,36	0.42	0.42	0.50	0.46	0.54	0,50	0,56
Undeveloped Areas	-												
Historic Flow Analysis Greenbelts, Agriculture	2	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.26	0.38	0.31	0.45	0.36	0.51 0.50
Pasture/Meadow	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.25	0,25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50
Forest	0	0.02	0.04	0,08	0.15	0.15	0,25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.96
Exposed Rock	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0,94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0,96
Offsite Flow Analysis (when	45	0.26	0.31	0.32	0.37	0.38	0.44	0.44	0.51	0.48	0.55	0.51	0.59
landuse is undefined)		0.20	0.51	0.02									
Streets							0.02	0.04	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Paved	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.70	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74
Gravel	80	0.57	0.60	0.59	0.63	0.63	0,66	0,00	0.70	0,00			
Dalan and Maller	100	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96
Drive and Walks	90	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.78	0,80	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.83
Roofs Lawns	0	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.15	0,15	0.25	0.25	0.37	0.30	0.44	0.35	0.50

### 3.2 Time of Concentration

One of the basic assumptions underlying the Rational Method is that runoff is a function of the average rainfall rate during the time required for water to flow from the hydraulically most remote part of the drainage area under consideration to the design point. However, in practice, the time of concentration can be an empirical value that results in reasonable and acceptable peak flow calculations.

For urban areas, the time of concentration  $(t_c)$  consists of an initial time or overland flow time  $(t_i)$  plus the travel time  $(t_i)$  in the storm sewer, paved gutter, roadside drainage ditch, or drainage channel. For non-urban areas, the time of concentration consists of an overland flow time  $(t_i)$  plus the time of travel in a concentrated form, such as a swale or drainageway. The travel portion  $(t_i)$  of the time of concentration can be estimated from the hydraulic properties of the storm sewer, gutter, swale, ditch, or drainageway. Initial time, on the other hand, will vary with surface slope, depression storage, surface cover, antecedent rainfall, and infiltration capacity of the soil, as well as distance of surface flow. The time of concentration is represented by Equation 6-7 for both urban and non-urban areas.

$$t_c = t_1 + t_1$$
 (Eq. 6-7)

Where:

 $t_c = \text{time of concentration (min)}$ 

 $t_i$  = overland (initial) flow time (min)

 $t_t$  = travel time in the ditch, channel, gutter, storm sewer, etc. (min)

### 3.2.1 Overland (Initial) Flow Time

The overland flow time,  $t_i$ , may be calculated using Equation 6-8.

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{0.33}}$$
 (Eq. 6-8)

Where:

 $t_i$  = overland (initial) flow time (min)

 $C_5$  = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (see Table 6-6)

L = length of overland flow (300 ft <u>maximum</u> for non-urban land uses, 100 ft <u>maximum</u> for urban land uses)

S = average basin slope (ft/ft)

Note that in some urban watersheds, the overland flow time may be very small because flows quickly concentrate and channelize.

### 3.2.2 Travel Time

For catchments with overland and channelized flow, the time of concentration needs to be considered in combination with the travel time,  $t_t$ , which is calculated using the hydraulic properties of the swale, ditch, or channel. For preliminary work, the overland travel time,  $t_t$ , can be estimated with the help of Figure 6-25 or Equation 6-9 (Guo 1999).

$$V = C_v S_w^{0.5}$$
 (Eq. 6-9)

Where:

V = velocity (ft/s)

 $C_{\nu}$  = conveyance coefficient (from Table 6-7)

 $S_w$  = watercourse slope (ft/ft)

Type of Land Surface	$C_{v}$
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Riprap (not buried)*	6.5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

Table 6-7. Conveyance Coefficient, C,

The travel time is calculated by dividing the flow distance (in feet) by the velocity calculated using Equation 6-9 and converting units to minutes.

The time of concentration  $(t_c)$  is then the sum of the overland flow time  $(t_i)$  and the travel time  $(t_i)$  per Equation 6-7.

## 3.2.3 First Design Point Time of Concentration in Urban Catchments

Using this procedure, the time of concentration at the first design point (typically the first inlet in the system) in an urbanized catchment should not exceed the time of concentration calculated using Equation 6-10. The first design point is defined as the point where runoff first enters the storm sewer system.

$$t_c = \frac{L}{180} + 10 \tag{Eq. 6-10}$$

Where:

 $t_c$  = maximum time of concentration at the first design point in an urban watershed (min)

L =waterway length (ft)

Equation 6-10 was developed using the rainfall-runoff data collected in the Denver region and, in essence, represents regional "calibration" of the Rational Method. Normally, Equation 6-10 will result in a lesser time of concentration at the first design point and will govern in an urbanized watershed. For subsequent design points, the time of concentration is calculated by accumulating the travel times in downstream drainageway reaches.

### 3.2.4 Minimum Time of Concentration

If the calculations result in a  $t_c$  of less than 10 minutes for undeveloped conditions, it is recommended that a minimum value of 10 minutes be used. The minimum  $t_c$  for urbanized areas is 5 minutes.

# 3.2.5 Post-Development Time of Concentration

As Equation 6-8 indicates, the time of concentration is a function of the 5-year runoff coefficient for a drainage basin. Typically, higher levels of imperviousness (higher 5-year runoff coefficients) correspond to shorter times of concentration, and lower levels of imperviousness correspond to longer times of

For buried riprap, select C<sub>v</sub> value based on type of vegetative cover.

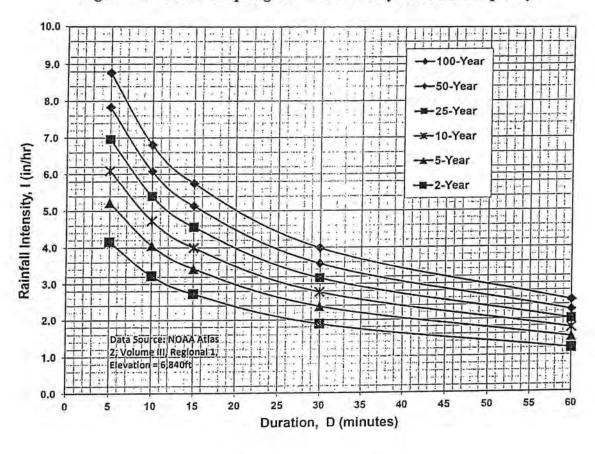


Figure 6-5. Colorado Springs Rainfall Intensity Duration Frequency

IDF Equations

 $I_{100} = -2.52 \ln(D) + 12.735$ 

 $I_{50} = -2.25 \ln(D) + 11.375$ 

 $I_{25} = -2.00 \ln(D) + 10.111$ 

 $I_{10} = -1.75 \ln(D) + 8.847$ 

 $I_5 = -1.50 \ln(D) + 7.583$ 

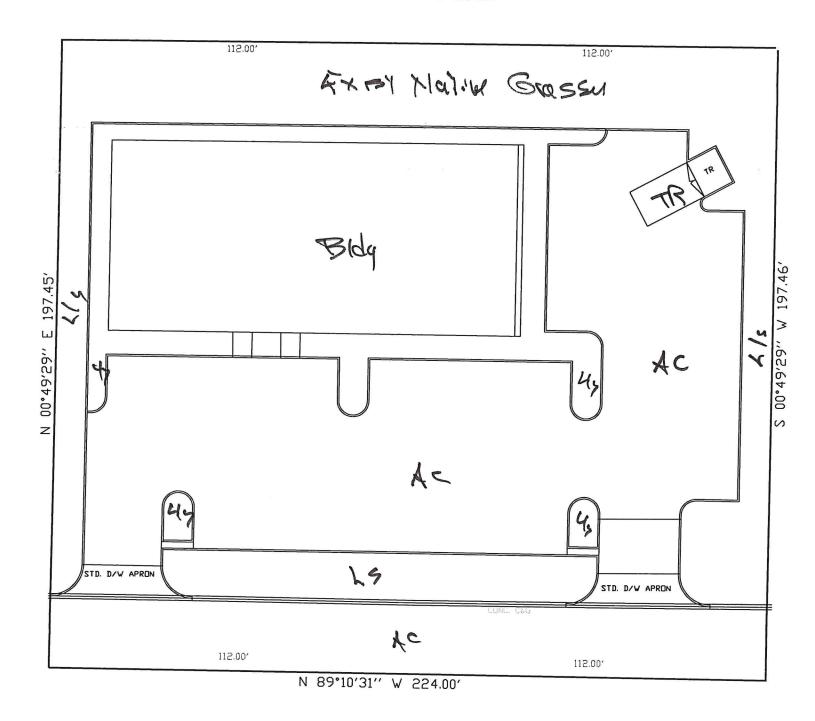
 $I_2 = -1.19 \ln(D) + 6.035$ 

Note: Values calculated by equations may not precisely duplicate values read from figure.

# 10.5348

# 73.498 In perotors

S 89°10'37" E 224.00'



Project: 19-5348 10634&58 MAL SURVEY

- T	< 10
TOTal	200

### Calculate Area by EPoly

		Northing	Easting Node #
Beginning Point		5199.3163	4999.0375 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
S 89° 10' 37" E	224.00	5196.0986	5223.0144 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
S 00° 49' 29" W	197.46	4998.6626	5220.1722 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 89° 10' 31" W	224.00	5001.8867	4996.1954 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 00° 49' 29" E	197.45	5199.3163	4999.0375 n/a

Area:

44229.5298 Square Feet

1.0154 Acres

Perimeter:

842.91 Feet

Total Impervious 34875 1090

H)  $\frac{34875}{3262}$   $\frac{3776}{3}$  =  $\frac{7340}{6}$ 

User Name: OLIVER E. WALLS
Project: 19-5348 10634&58 MAL SURVEY

	PERVIOUS	IG GOU!	Calculate A	rea by EPoly
			Easting	
Beginning Point		5023.2579	5110.1215	
Directio	on Distan	ice Northi	ng Easti	ng Node #
S 89° 25' 54"	E 51.	33 5022.74	5161.45	
Radial Dir. In	Radius	Radius Pt North	Radius Pt East	Rad #
N 22° 22' 25" W Delta Angle	10.00 Arc Length	5031.9959 Tangent	5157.6456 Chord Direction	n/a
66° 48' 06"CCW Chord Length	11.66 Middle Ordinate	6.59 External	N 34° 13' 32" E D.O.C. Arc	/
11.01 Radial Dir. Out	1.65 Radius	1.98 P.T. North	212° 57' 28" P.T. East	Node #
S 89° 10' 31" E	10.00	5031.8519	5167.6445	n/a
Directio	on Distan	ce Northi	ng Easti	ng Node #
N 00° 49' 29"		71 5050.56		
Radial Dir. In	Radius	Radius Pt North	Radius Pt East	Rad #
N 89° 10' 31" W Delta Angle	5.00 Arc Length	5050.6366 Tangent	5162.9144 Chord Direction	n/a
90° 00' 00"CCW	7.85	5.00 External	N 44° 10' 31" W	
		2.07 P.T. North	65° 54' 56" P.T. East	Node #
	5.00	5055.6361	5162.9864	n/a
Radial Dir. In	Radius	Radius Pt North	Radius Pt East	Rad #
S 00° 49' 29" W Delta Angle	5.00 Arc Length	5050.6366 Tangent	5162.9144 Chord Direction	n/a
90° 00' 00"CCW Chord Length	7.85 Middle Ordinate		D.O.C. Arc	
	1.46	2.07	65° 54' 56"	Node #

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### Calculate Area by EPoly

N 89° 10' 31" W	5.00	5050.7086	5157.9149 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	g Easting Node #
S 00° 49' 29" W	13.00	5037.7099	9 5157.7278 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	g Easting Node #
N 89° 10' 31" W	117.00	5039.3940	0 5040.7399 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	g Easting Node #
N 00° 49' 29" E	13.00	5052.3926	6 5040.9270 n/a
Radial Dir. In	Radius Rad	dius Pt North	Radius Pt East Rad #
N 89° 10' 31" W Delta Angle	5.00 Arc Length	5052.4646 Tangent (	5035.9276 n/a Chord Direction
90° 00' 00"CCW Chord Length Mi	7.85 ddle Ordinate	5.00 l External	N 44° 10' 31" W D.O.C. Arc
7.07 Radial Dir. Out	1.46 Radius	2.07 P.T. North	65° 54' 56" P.T. East Node #
N 00° 49' 29" E	5.00	5057.4641	5035.9995 n/a
Radial Dir. In	Radius Rad	dius Pt North	Radius Pt East Rad #
S 00° 49' 29" W Delta Angle	5.00 Arc Length		5035.9276 n/a Chord Direction
90° 00' 00"CCW Chord Length Mi	7.85 ddle Ordinate	5.00 S External	S 45° 49' 29" W D.O.C. Arc
7.07 Radial Dir. Out	1.46 Radius	2.07 P.T. North	65° 54' 56" P.T. East Node #
N 89° 10' 31" W	5.00	5052.5366	5030.9281 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	g Easting Node #
S 00° 49' 29" W	18.64	5033.8982	2 5030.6598 n/a
Radial Dir. In	Radius Rad	dius Pt North	Radius Pt East Rad #
			5040.6587 n/a

\*\* \*\* \* \*

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# Calculate Area by EPoly

Delta Angle	Arc Length	Tangent Ch	ord Direction	
67° 43' 09"CCW Chord Length	11.82 Middle Ordinate		33° 02' 06" E D.O.C. Arc	
11.14 Radial Dir. Out	1.70 Radius	2.04 P.T. North	212° 57' 28" P.T. East Node	#
S 23° 06' 20" W	10.00	5024.5564	5036.7345 n/a	
Directio	n Distance	Northing	Easting Nod	e #
S 89° 08' 39"	E 1.64	5024.5318	5038.3790 n/a	
Directio	n Distance	Northing	Easting Nod	e #
S 89° 08' 39"	E 5.02	5024.4569	5043.3963 n/a	
Directio	n Distance	Northing	Easting Nod	e #
S 88° 58' 14"	E 66.74	5023.2579	5110.1215 n/a	

Area:

2362.3776 Square Feet 0.0542 Acres

Perimeter:

359.98 Feet

User Name: OLIVER E. WATTS Project: 19-5348 10634&58 MAL SURVEY

	OURSIDE IN	L DERVIOUS	Calculate Area by EPol
		Northing	Easting Node #
Beginning Point		5173.3767	5008.1650 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
S 00° 49' 29" W	139.13	5034.2639	5006.1625 n/a
Radial Dir. In	Radius Ra	dius Pt North	Radius Pt East Rad #
N 89° 10' 31" W Delta Angle	9.50 Arc Length	5034.4006 Tangent C	4996.6635 n/a Chord Direction
76° 42' 53" CW Chord Length Mi	12.72 ddle Ordinate	7.52 S External	39° 10' 55" W D.O.C. Arc
11.79 Radial Dir. Out	2.05 Radius	2.61 P.T. North	243° 06' 48" P.T. East Node #
S 12° 27' 38" E	9.50	5025.1244	4998.7133 n/a
Radial Dir. In	Radius Ra	dius Pt North	Radius Pt East Rad #
N 12° 27' 38" W Delta Angle	9.50 Arc Length		4996.6635 n/a Chord Direction
13° 17' 07" CW Chord Length Mi	2.20 ddle Ordinate		S 84° 10' 55" W D.O.C. Arc
2.20 Radial Dir. Out	0.06 Radius		243° 06' 48" P.T. East Node #
S 00° 49' 29" W	9.50	5024.9016	4996.5267 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
S 00° 51' 21" W	1.24	5023.6571	4996.5082 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
S 00° 49' 23" W	21.77	5001.8867	4996.1954 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
S 89° 10' 31" E	224.00	4998.6626	5220.1722 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #

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### Calculate Area by EPoly

		1740	7
N 00° 49' 29" E	23.68	5022.3416	5220.5131 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 89° 37' 41" W	20.09	5022.4720	5200.4210 n/a
Radial Dir. In	Radius Ra	dius Pt North F	Radius Pt East Rad #
N 13° 32' 43" E Delta Angle	9.50 Arc Length		5202.6461 n/a nord Direction
77° 16' 46" CW Chord Length Mi	12.81 ddle Ordinate	7.59 N External	37° 48' 54" W D.O.C. Arc
11.86 Radial Dir. Out	2.08 Radius		243° 06' 48" P.T. East Node #
N 89° 10' 31" W	9.50	5031.8445	5193.1470 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 00° 49' 29" E	18.36	5050.1976	5193.4112 n/a
Radial Dir. In	Radius Ra	dius Pt North F	Radius Pt East Rad #
S 89° 10' 31" E Delta Angle	4.50 Arc Length		5197.9108 n/a nord Direction
90° 00' 00" CW Chord Length Mi	7.07 ddle Ordinate		
6.36 Radial Dir. Out	1.32 Radius	1.86 P.T. North	193° 14' 22" P.T. East Node #
N 00° 49' 29" E	4.50	5054.6324	5197.9755 n/a
	Distance		Easting Node #
		5054.4380	5211.4742 n/a
Direction	Distance		Easting Node #
N 00° 49' 29" E			5212.7840 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 89° 10' 31" W	11.57		5201.2105 n/a

2777

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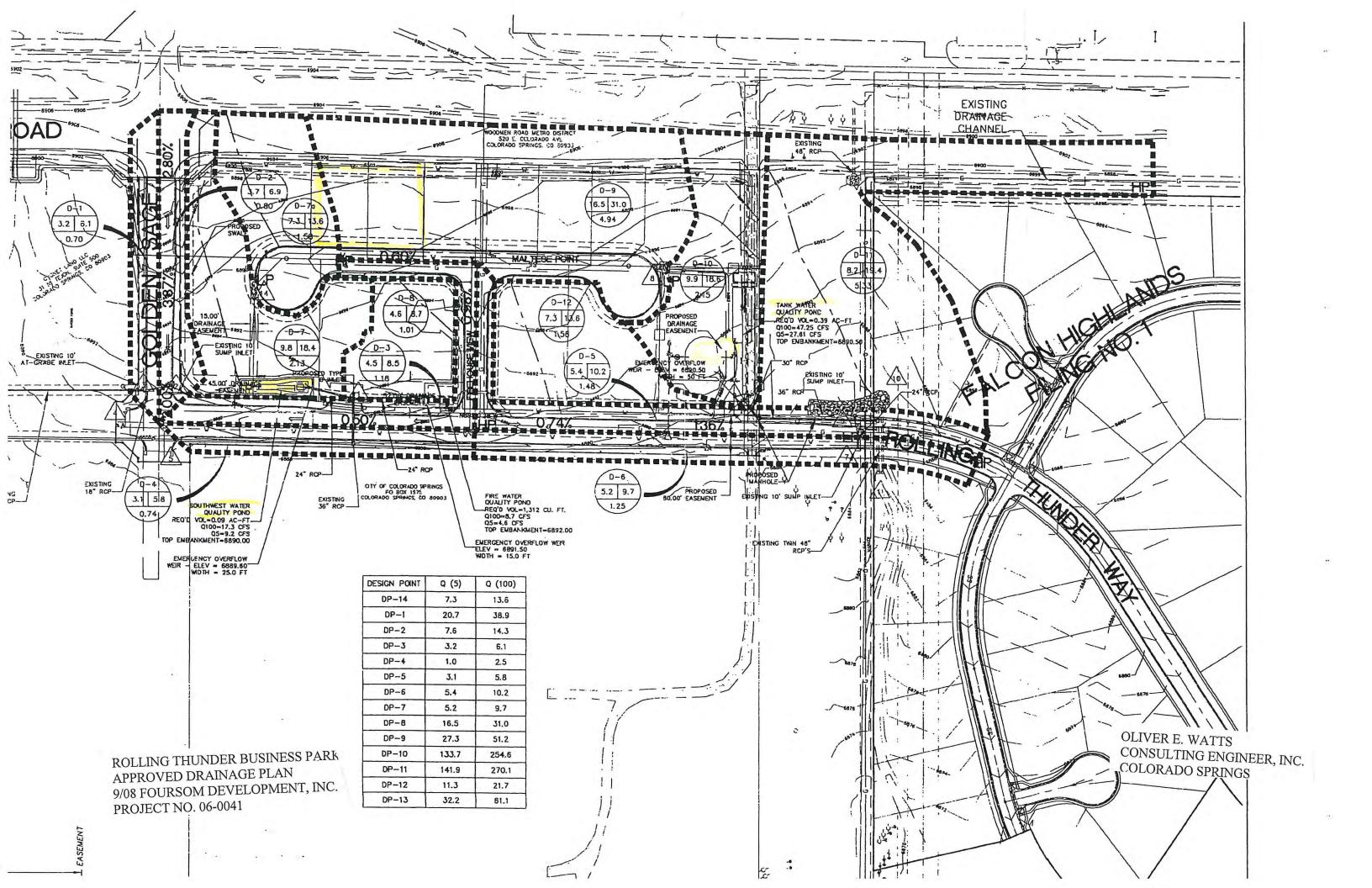
### Calculate Area by EPoly

Radial Dir. In	Radius Radi	us Pt North Ra	dius Pt East Rad #
N 00° 49' 29" E Delta Angle Arc	2.00 Length	5147.5950 Tangent Cho	5201.2393 n/a ord Direction
	5.29	7.90 N 1	.3° 23' 23" W
3.88 Radial Dir. Out	1.51 Radius	6.14 P.T. North	344° 47' 20" P.T. East Node #
N 27° 36' 15" W	2.00	5149.3673	5200.3126 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 62° 23' 45" E	10.47	5154.2209	5209.5948 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 27° 36' 15" W	13.00	5165.7411	5203.5711 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
S 62° 23' 45" W	9.66	5161.2646	5195.0101 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 00° 49' 29" E	9.42	5170.6851	5195.1457 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 89° 10' 31" W	26.03	5171.0597	5169.1205 n/a
Direction	Distance	Northing	Easting Node #
N 89° 10' 31" W	160.97	5173.3767	5008.1650 n/a

Area: 34825.1040 Square Feet 0.7995 Acres

Perimeter:

834.00 Feet





# ROLLING THUNDER BUSINESS PARK - FDR - DEVELOPED CONDITIONS (RATIONAL METHOD Q=CIA)

																	•				· ·	
	TOTAL FLOWS						AREA	WEIGHTED		OVERLAND				CHANNEL				Tc	INTENSITY			
BASIN	. 02	Os	O100		CA(equiv	(.)	TOTAL	Cs	C100	Cs	Length	Slope	Tco ·	Length	Slope	Velocity	Tcc	TOTAL	· 12	Ī5	I100	
DASIN	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	2 YR		100 YR	(Ac)				(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft) ·	(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min).	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	
D-1	2.3	. 3.2	6.1	0.6	0,63	. 0.67	0.70	0.90	0.95	0.90	5	2.0%	0.7	. 500	3.5%	3.7	2.2	5.0	3.7	5.1	9.1	
D-1	2.7	3.7	6.9	0.7	0.72	0.76	0.80	0.90	0.95	0.90	5	2.0%	0.7	500	3.5%	3.7	2.2	5.0	3.7	5.1	9.1	
D-3	3.3	4.5	· 8.5	1.1	- 1.06	1.12	1.18	0.90	0.95	0.90	40 -	2.0%	1.9	715	0.7%	1.7	7.1	9.0	3.1	4.3	7.6	
D-4	2.2	3.1	5.8	0.7	0.67	0.71	0.74	0.90	0.95	0.90	5	2.0%	0.7	560	0.5%	1.4	6.6	7.3	3.3	4.6	8.2	
D-5	3.9	5.4	10.2	1.3	1.33	1.41	1.48	0.90	. 0.95	0.90	40	2.0%	1.9	1,000	1.0%	2.0	8.3	10.2	3.0	4.1	7.2	
D-6	3.8	5.2	.9.7	1.1	1.12	1.19	1.25	0.90	0.95	0.90	5	2.0%	0.7	775	1.0%	2.0	6.5	7.1	3.4	4.6	8.2	
D-7	7.1	9.8	18.4	1.9	1.92	2.02	2,13	0.90	0.95	0.90	40	2.0%		515	3.1%	3.5	2.4	5.0	3.7	5.1	9.1	
D-7a	5.3	7.3	13.6	1.4	1.42	1.50	1.58	0.90	0.95	0.90	40	2.0%		285	4.3%	4.1	1.2	5.0	3.7	5.1	9.1	
D-8	3.4	4.6	8.7	0.9	0.91	0.96	.1,01	0.90	0.95	0.90	5	2.0%		245	1.2%	2.2	1.8	5.0	3.7	5.1	9.1	
D-9	. 12.0	16.5	31.0	4.4	4.45	4.69	4.94	0.90	0.95	0.90	300	2.0%		715	0.6%	1.5	7.7	12.8	2.7	3.7	6.6	
D-10	7.2	9.9	18.6	1.9	1.94	2.04	2.15	0.90	0.95	0.90	60	2.0%		300	2.0%	2.8	1.8	5.0	3.7	5.1	9.1	
D-11	5.9	8.2	19.4	1.6		2.13	5.33	0.30	0.40	0.90	60	2.0%		500	2.8%	3.3	2.5	5.0	3.7	5,1	9.1	
D-12	5.3	7.3	13.6	1.4	1.42	1.50	1.58	0.90	0.95	0.90	10	2.0%	0.9	250	1.6%	2.5	1.6	5.0	3.7	5.1	9.1	-
					-		50.00	0.66	0.75	0.05	100	2 00/	11.2	1 500	1.60/	1 24	10.2	21.4	2,1	2.9	5.2	-
Offsite	68.8	94.7	194.5	32.5	32.50	37.50	50.00	0.65	0.75	0.35	100	2.0%	11.2	1,500	1.5%							
Formula:		C*I*A	C°I°A		Q/1	Q/I	3			T			*1			*2	*3	Tco+Tcc	•	+5	*6	
O						•	86.95	- 1		9				•		20			1.09	1.5	2.67	

1\*  $T_{co} = 1.87*(1.1-C5)*(L^0.5)*((S*100)^-0.33)$  (DCM page 5-11)

<sup>2\*</sup> Vc =  $20*S^0.5$  (USDCM RO-4)

 $<sup>3^{*}</sup>$  Tcc =  $1/V^{*}L/60$ 

<sup>4\*</sup>  $I_2 = (26.65*1.09)/(10+Tc)^0.76$  (City Letter of 1/7/2003)

<sup>5\*</sup>  $l_5 = (26.65*1.50)/(10+Tc)^0.76$  (City Letter of 1/7/2003)

<sup>6\*</sup>  $I_{100} = (26.65 \cdot 2.67)/(10 + Tc)^0.76$  (City Letter of 1/7/2003)

