# ORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN (IM PLAN)**

For:

### **LOT 12, OF THE CLAREMONT BUSINESS PARK**

FILING NO. 2

Located at:

This is an operation and maintena manual. Contact the project mana create an O&M in the electronic pr document list.

7190 COLE VIEW COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80915 completed SWMP checklist (ECM

E-9).

Submit a SWMP and include a

**Prepared For:** 

#### HAMMERS CONSTRUCTION, LLC

**1411 Woolsey Heights** Colorado Springs, CO 80915 719-570-1599

Prepared by:



M&S Civil Consultants, Inc. 20 Boulder Crescent, Suite 110 Colorado Springs, CO 80903 719-491-0801 Virgil A. Sanchez, P.E.

Job. No. 44-026

Add "PCD Project No. PPR-17-026"

# General Location and Description of Stormwater best Management Practices

#### General Site Description

The Stormwater Best Management Plan submittal covers the property platted as Lot 12 of the Claremont Business Park Filing No. 2 and addressed at 7190 Cole View. The project site is located in the SE ¼ of Section 5, Township 14 South, Range 65 West of the 6<sup>th</sup> Principal Meridian within unincorporated El Paso County. The site is bound to the northeast by the existing road Cole View, and then to the Southeast and Southwest by commercial lots, and then to the Northwest by the vacant Lot 13. The site is currently vacant land with a relatively new roadway infrastructure and associated utilities with slopes ranging between 0-4 % from Northeast to Southwest.

The site is contained within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin.

#### Water Quality

The Lot 12 on-site WQCV shall be directed to a subsurface Water Quality Facility as detailed within the grading plans. (See Grading plan included within this report). Flows released from the subsurface Water Facility and any additional overflow shall outfall to a 3' wide curb opening at the southwest corner of the site. Then continue along the north side of the existing retaining wall on the southern border of the property line of Lot 13 and then eventually outfall to an existing storm sewer collection system at the Southwest corner of Lot 13 and ultimately discharges to the East Fork Sand Creek.

The privately owned and maintained subsurface Water Treatment Facility shall utilized the Inspection and Maintenance recommendations as outlined within the O&M Manual by StormTech® (included within this report). A Maintenance Agreement and Easement shall be granted to the property owner and El Paso County to allow for access and maintenance of the private WQCV facility. A private maintenance agreement and easement document shall depict the details of the access easement, maintenance, and drainage easement conditions.

Proposed construction BMP's (silt fence) will capture any silt caused by construction before it can make it into the existing channel.

#### Stormwater Facilities Site Plan

Inspection or maintenance personnel may utilize the attached site plan for locating the stormwater facilities within this development.

#### On-Site Stormwater Management Facilities

#### **Volume Reduction Facilities**

The Lot 12 of the Claremont Business Park Filing No. 2 does not contain any volume reduction facilities.

#### Storage Facilities (Detention)

The Lot 12 of the Claremont Business Park Filing No. 2 does not contain any storage detention.

#### Water Quality Facilities - Subsurface Storm Water Storage Facility

The Claremont Lot 12 of the Claremont Business Park Filing No. 2 contains a subsurface Water Treatment Facility for water quality. The facility has been designed for developed Lot 12 and shall be constructed as follows.

WQCV Required = 339 cf WQCV Provided= 343 cf

See design details as specified within the included grading plans.

#### Source Control Best Management Practices

The Claremont Lot 12 of the Claremont Business Park Filing No. 2 does not contain any storage control best management practices.

#### Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Program

A Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Program shall be required for the subsurface Water Treatment Facility as detailed within the attached grading plan. The proposed Water Quality Facility is an experimental system per ECM Section 1.7.2. It shall be required that the experimental system will be replaced at the owner's expense should the WQ Facility not function to the required level of performance.

The Performance Evaluation's purpose is to measure the effectiveness of the alternatively designed BMP in relation to other approved stormwater quality BMP's and how well it meets its goals for treatment in which it is designed for.

The program shall occurred for a period of two years from the time of the installation of the subsurface Water Treatment Facility and shall be performed with the following criteria.

- 1. The subsurface water quality facility shall be performed every six (6) months.
- 2. A inspection shall be performed within 12 hours after a storm event and then 24 hours after the initial inspection of the storm event.
- 3. Each required inspection shall be accompanied by the PCD Inspections Manager. It shall be the owner's responsibility to coordinate with the Inspection Manager (Paul Wiggs, 719-520-6819).
- 4. Upon completion of each required inspection the owner shall provide the attending PCD Inspections Manager a copy of each inspection / maintenance log.

# Appendix C Inspection Checklist – Grading Erosion, and Stormwater Quality Controls

	DATE/TIN	ME:
- <sub></sub>	INSPECTO	R:
,	TYPE OF I	NSPECTION: Self-Monitoring
		Compliance Follow-Up
	Reconnaiss	ance Complaint Final
SITE:	DATE OF I	EDMIT.
ADDRESS:	DATEOFI	EXMANT:
CONTRACTOR:	OWNER (C	MAINIED/O DEDDOG
CONTACT:	CONTACT	WNER'S REPRESENTATIVE:
PHONE:	PHONE:	
STAGE OF CONSTRUCTION: Initial BMP Installation/Pri		
Rough Grading Finish Grading Utility Constr	uction P:1	Clearing & Grubbing
Final Stabilization	action[ Dim	ing Construction
OVERALL SITE INSPECTION	YES/NO/N.A.	REMARKS/ACTIONS
Is there any evidence of sediment leaving the construction site? If so, note areas.		
77		

OVERALL SITE INSPECTION	YES/NO/N.A.	REMARKS/ACTIONS
Is there any evidence of sediment leaving the construction site? If so, note areas.		KEWIARKS/ACTIONS
Have any adverse impacts such as flooding, structural damage, erosion, spillage, or accumulation of sediment, debris or litter occurred on or within public or private property, wetlands or surface waters -to include intermittent drainageways and the City's stormwater system (storm sewers, gutters, ditches, etc.)?		
Are the BMPs properly installed and maintained?		
Have the BMPs been placed as shown on approved plans?		
Are the BMPs functioning as intended?		
ls work being done according to approved plans and any phased construction schedule?		
s the construction schedule on track?		
Are drainage channels and outlets adequately stabilized?		
s there any evidence of discharges or spills of fuels, ubricants, chemicals, etc.?		

BMP MAINTENANCE CHECKLIST	YES/NO/N.A.	REMARKS/ACTIONS NECESSARY
CHECK DAM		
Has accumulated sediment and debris been removed per maintenance requirements?		
EROSION CONTROL BLANKET		
Is fabric damaged, loose or in need of repairs?	[	
INLET PROTECTION		
Is the inlet protection damaged, ineffective or in need of repairs?		
Has sediment been removed per maintenance requirements?		
MULCHING		
Distributed uniformly on all disturbed areas?		
Is the application rate adequate?		
Any evidence of mulch being blown or washed away?		
Has the mulched area been seeded, if necessary?		
SEDIMENT BASIN		
Is the sediment basin properly constructed and operational?		
Has sediment and debris been cleaned out of the basin?		
SILT FENCE		
Is the fence damaged, collapsed, unentrenched or ineffective?		
Has sediment been removed per maintenance requirements?		
Is the silt fence properly located?		
SLOPE DRAIN		
Is water bypassing or undercutting the inlet or pipe?		
Is erosion occurring at the outlet of the pipe?		
STRAW BALE BARRIER		
Are the straw bales damaged, ineffective or unentrenched?		
Has sediment been removed per maintenance requirements?		
Are the bales installed and positioned correctly?		

BMP MAINTENANCE CHECKLIST	YES/NO/N.A.	REMARKS/ACTIONS NECESSARY
SURFACE ROUGHENING		
Is the roughening consistent/uniform on slopes??		
Any evidence of erosion?		
TEMPORARY SEEDING		
Are the seedbeds protected by mulch?		
Has any erosion occurred in the seeded area?		
Any evidence of vehicle tracking on seeded areas?		
TEMPORARY SWALES		
Has any sediment or debris been deposited within the swales?		
Have the slopes of the swale eroded or has damage occurred to the lining?	*u-	
Are the swales properly located?		
VEHICLE TRACKING		
Is gravel surface clogged with mud or sediment?		
Is the gravel surface sinking into the ground?		
Has sediment been tracked onto any roads and has it been cleaned up?		
Is inlet protection placed around curb inlets near construction entrance?		
OTHER		

FINAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST	YES/NO/N.A.	REMARKS/ACTIONS NECESSARY
Has all grading been completed in compliance with the approved Plan, and all stabilization completed, including vegetation, retaining walls or other approved measures?		
Has final stabilization been achieved – uniform vegetative cover with a density of at least 70 percent of pre-disturbance levels, and cover capable of adequately controlling soil erosion; or permanent, physical erosion methods?		
Have all temporary measures been removed?		
Have all stockpiles, construction materials and construction equipment been removed?		
Are all paved surfaces clean (on-site and off-site)?		
Has sediment and debris been removed from drainage facilities (on-site and off-site) and other off-site property, including proper restoration of any damaged property?		
Have all permanent stormwater quality BMPs been installed and completed?		
ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:	+	
The contractor shall notify the inspector when a	edied no later than ill the items noted	above have been
The items noted as needing action must be reme and contractor shall notify the inspector when a addressed.  By signing this inspection form, the owner/own acknowledge that they have received a copy of tresponsibility to take corrective actions by the direlieve the contractor and owner/owner's representations are contractor and of their liability occur.	all the items noted her's representative he inspection repo ate noted above. F	above have been  and the contractor  rt and are aware it is their  ailure to sign does not
addressed.  By signing this inspection form, the owner/own acknowledge that they have received a copy of tresponsibility to take corrective actions by the drelieve the contractor and owner/owner's reprenecessary corrective action and of their liability:	all the items noted her's representative he inspection repo ate noted above. F	above have been  and the contractor  rt and are aware it is their  ailure to sign does not
addressed.  By signing this inspection form, the owner/owr acknowledge that they have received a copy of tresponsibility to take corrective actions by the drelieve the contractor and owner/owner's representations of their liability occur.	all the items noted her's representative he inspection repo ate noted above. F	above have been  and the contractor  rt and are aware it is their ailure to sign does not esponsibility to take the  nat have occurred or may



# **Save Valuable Land and Protect Water Resources**







# **Isolator® Row 0&M Manual**

StormTech® Chamber System for Stormwater Management

### 1.0 The Isolator® Row

#### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

An important component of any Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan is inspection and maintenance. The StormTech Isolator Row is a patented technique to inexpensively enhance Total Suspended Solids (TSS) removal and provide easy access for inspection and maintenance.



Looking down the Isolator Row from the manhole opening, woven geotextile is shown between the chamber and stone base.

#### 1.2 THE ISOLATOR ROW

The Isolator Row is a row of StormTech chambers, either SC-310, SC-310-3, SC-740, DC-780, MC-3500 or MC-4500 models, that is surrounded with filter fabric and connected to a closely located manhole for easy access. The fabric-wrapped chambers provide for settling and filtration of sediment as storm water rises in the Isolator Row and ultimately passes through the filter fabric. The open bottom chambers and perforated sidewalls (SC-310, SC-310-3 and SC-740 models) allow storm water to flow both vertically and horizontally out of the chambers. Sediments are captured in the Isolator Row protecting the storage areas of the adjacent stone and chambers from sediment accumulation.

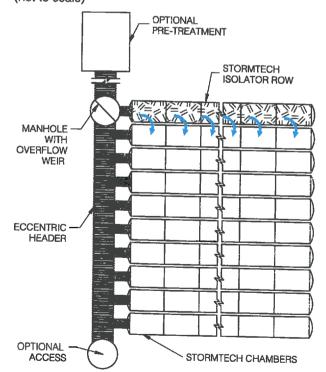
Two different fabrics are used for the Isolator Row. A woven geotextile fabric is placed between the stone and the Isolator Row chambers. The tough geotextile provides a media for storm water filtration and provides a durable surface for maintenance operations. It is also designed to prevent scour of the underlying stone and remain intact during high pressure jetting. A non-woven fabric is placed over the chambers to provide a filter media for flows passing through the perforations in the sidewall of the chamber. The non-woven fabric is not required over the DC-780, MC-3500 or MC-4500 models as these chambers do not have perforated side walls.

The Isolator Row is typically designed to capture the "first flush" and offers the versatility to be sized on a volume basis or flow rate basis. An upstream manhole not only provides access to the Isolator Row but typically includes a high flow weir such that storm water flowrates or volumes that exceed the capacity of the Isolator Row overtop the over flow weir and discharge through a manifold to the other chambers.

The Isolator Row may also be part of a treatment train. By treating storm water prior to entry into the chamber system, the service life can be extended and pollutants such as hydrocarbons can be captured. Pre-treatment best management practices can be as simple as deep sump catch basins, oil-water separators or can be innovative storm water treatment devices. The design of the treatment train and selection of pretreatment devices by the design engineer is often driven by regulatory requirements. Whether pretreatment is used or not, the Isolator Row is recommended by StormTech as an effective means to minimize maintenance requirements and maintenance costs.

Note: See the StormTech Design Manual for detailed information on designing inlets for a StormTech system, including the Isolator Row.

### StormTech isolator Row with Overflow Spiliway (not to scale)



### 2.0 Isolator Row Inspection/Maintenance



#### 2.1 INSPECTION

The frequency of Inspection and Maintenance varies by location. A routine inspection schedule needs to be established for each individual location based upon site specific variables. The type of land use (i.e. industrial, commercial, residential), anticipated pollutant load, percent imperviousness, climate, etc. all play a critical role in determining the actual frequency of inspection and maintenance practices.

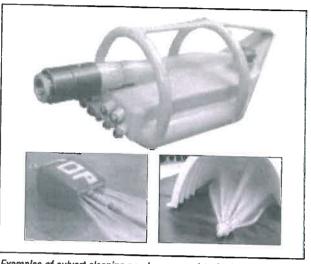
At a minimum, StormTech recommends annual inspections. Initially, the Isolator Row should be inspected every 6 months for the first year of operation. For subsequent years, the inspection should be adjusted based upon previous observation of sediment deposition.

The Isolator Row incorporates a combination of standard manhole(s) and strategically located inspection ports (as needed). The inspection ports allow for easy access to the system from the surface, eliminating the need to perform a confined space entry for inspection purposes.

If upon visual inspection it is found that sediment has accumulated, a stadia rod should be inserted to determine the depth of sediment. When the average depth of sediment exceeds 3 inches throughout the length of the Isolator Row, clean-out should be performed.

#### 2.2 MAINTENANCE

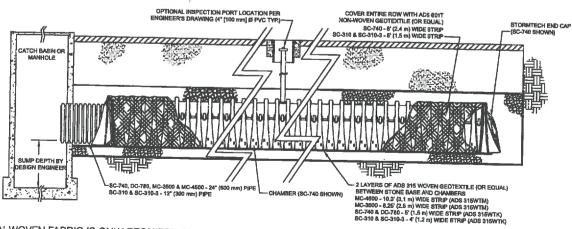
The Isolator Row was designed to reduce the cost of periodic maintenance. By "isolating" sediments to just one row, costs are dramatically reduced by eliminating the need to clean out each row of the entire storage bed. If inspection indicates the potential need for maintenance, access is provided via a manhole(s) located on the end(s) of the row for cleanout. If entry into the manhole is required, please follow local and OSHA rules for a confined space entries.



Examples of culvert cleaning nozzles appropriate for Isolator Row maintenance. (These are not StormTech products.)

Maintenance is accomplished with the JetVac process. The JetVac process utilizes a high pressure water nozzle to propel itself down the Isolator Row while scouring and suspending sediments. As the nozzle is retrieved, the captured pollutants are flushed back into the manhole for vacuuming. Most sewer and pipe maintenance companies have vacuum/JetVac combination vehicles. Selection of an appropriate JetVac nozzle will improve maintenance efficiency. Fixed nozzles designed for culverts or large diameter pipe cleaning are preferable. Rear facing lets with an effective spread of at least 45" are best. Most JetVac reels have 400 feet of hose allowing maintenance of an Isolator Row up to 50 chambers long. The JetVac process shall only be performed on StormTech Isolator Rows that have AASHTO class 1 woven geotextile (as specified by StormTech) over their angular base stone.

StormTech Isolator Row (not to scale)



NOTE: NON-WOVEN FABRIC IS ONLY REQUIRED OVER THE INLET PIPE CONNECTION INTO THE END CAP FOR DC-780, MC-3500 AND MC-4500 CHAMBER MODELS AND IS NOT REQUIRED OVER THE ENTIRE ISOLATOR ROW.

# 3.0 Isolator Row Step By Step Maintenance Procedures

#### Step 1) Inspect Isolator Row for sediment

- A) Inspection ports (if present)
  - i. Remove lid from floor box frame
  - ii. Remove cap from inspection riser
  - Using a flashlight and stadia rod, measure depth of sediment and record results on maintenance log.
  - iv. If sediment is at, or above, 3 inch depth proceed to Step 2. If not proceed to step 3.

#### B) All Isolator Rows

- Remove cover from manhole at upstream end of Isolator Row
- Using a flashlight, inspect down Isolator Row through outlet pipe
   Mirrors on poles or cameras may be used to avoid a confined space entry
   Follow OSHA regulations for confined space entry if entering manhole
- iii. If sediment is at or above the lower row of sidewall holes (approximately 3 inches) proceed to Step 2. If not proceed to Step 3.

StormTech Isolator Row (not to scale)

#### Step 2) Clean out Isolator Row using the JetVac process

- A) A fixed culvert cleaning nozzle with rear facing nozzle spread of 45 inches or more is preferable
- B) Apply multiple passes of JetVac until backflush water is clean
- C) Vacuum manhole sump as required
- Step 3) Replace ail caps, lids and covers, record observations and actions
- Step 4) Inspect & clean catch basins and manholes upstream of the StormTech system

#### Sample Maintenance Log

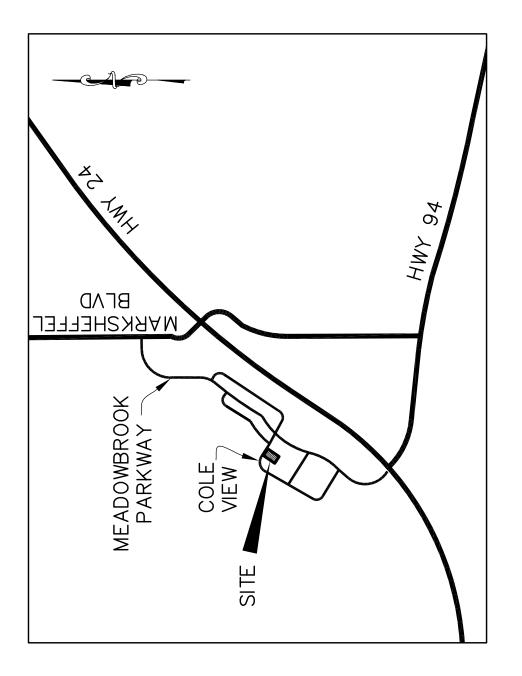
	Stadia Roo	Readings			
Date	Fixed point to chamber bottom (1)	Fixed point to top of sediment (2)	Sediment Depth (1) - (2)	Observations/Actions	Inspector
3/15/01	6.3 ft.	none		New installation. Fixed point is CI frame at grade	
9/24/01		6.2	0.1 ft.	Some grit felt	djm
6/20/03		E 0			5m
		5.8	0.5 ft.	Mucky feel, debris visible in manhole and in Isolator row, maintenance due	rv
7/7/03	6.3 ft.		0	System jetted and vacuumed	djm



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Stormtech® and the Isolator® Row are registered trademarks of StormTech, Inc.
Green Building Council Member logo is a registered trademark of the U.S. Green Building Council.
#11011 03/16



VICINITY MAP
N.T.S.

#### 1000, LLC GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES: EX MAJ CONT DESIGN ENGINEER'S STATEMENT 1. CONSTRUCTION MAY NOT COMMENCE UNTIL A CONSTRUCTION PERMIT IS OBTAINED FROM DEVELOPMENT SERVICES AND EL PASO COUNTY, STATE OF COLORADO EX MIN CONT A PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE IS HELD WITH DEVELOPMENT SERVICES INSPECTIONS. PROP MAJ CONT THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN WAS PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION AND 2. STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM CONSTRUCTION SITES SHALL NOT CAUSE OR THREATEN TO CAUSE POLLUTION, GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN SUPERVISION AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, SAID PLAN HAS CONTAMINATION, OR DEGRADATION OF STATE WATERS. ALL WORK AND EARTH DISTURBANCE SHALL BE DONE IN A BEEN PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE COUNTY FOR GRADING MANNER THAT MINIMIZES POLLUTION OF ANY ON-SITE OR OFF SITE WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS. PROP MIN CONT AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS. I ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LIABILITY CAUSED BY NEGLIGENT ACTS, ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON MY PART IN PREPARING THIS PLAN. LOT 12 OF CLAREMONT BUSINESS PARK FIL. NO. 2 NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING DEPICTED IN THESE PLANS IN WORDS OR GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION, ALL DESIGN AND LOW POINT CONSTRUCTION RELATED TO ROADS, STORM DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARDS HIGH POINT AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE RELEVANT ADOPTED EL PASO COUNTY STANDARDS, INCLUDING THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, THE ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL, THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL, AND EXISTING THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL VOLUME 2. ANY DEVIATIONS TO REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS MUST BE REQUESTED. FLOWLINE TOP OF CURB 4. A SEPARATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SMWP) FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE COMPLETED AND AN EROSION AND FINISH GRADE STORMWATER QUALITY CONTROL PERMIT (ESQCP) ISSUED PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. DURING FINISH FLOOR CONSTRUCTION THE SWMP IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DESIGNATED STORMWATER MANAGER, SHALL BE LOCATED ON TOP OF FOOTING SITE AT ALL TIMES AND SHALL BE KEPT UP TO DATE WITH WORK PROGRESS AND CHANGES IN THE FIELD. VIRGIL A. SANCHEZ, COLORADO P.E. #37160 S — SILT FENCE ONCE THE ESQCP HAS BEEN ISSUED, THE CONTRACTOR MAY INSTALL THE INITIAL STAGE EROSION AND SEDIMENT FOR AND ON BEHALF OF M & S CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC. CONTROL BMPS AS INDICATED ON THE GEC. A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, AND EL PASO COUNTY WILL BE HELD PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICANT TO OWNER/DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT: VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL COORDINATE THE MEETING TIME AND PLACE WITH COUNTY DSD INSPECTIONS STAFF. SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL SLOPES, CHANNELS, DITCHES, OR ANY DISTURBED LAND AREA SHALL BE . THE OWNER/DEVELOPER HAVE READ AND WILL COMPLY WITH ALL OF THE REQUIREMENTS COMPLETED WITHIN 21 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING, OR FINAL EARTH DISTURBANCE, HAS BEEN COMPLETED. CONCRETE WASH-OUT BASIN SPECIFIED IN THESE DETAILED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. DISTURBED AREAS AND STOCKPILES WHICH ARE NOT AT FINAL GRADE BUT WILL REMAIN DORMANT FOR LONGER THAN 30 DAYS SHALL ALSO BE MULCHED WITHIN 21 DAYS AFTER INTERIM GRADING. AN AREA THAT IS GOING TO REMAIN IN AN INTERIM STATE FOR MORE THAN 60 DAYS SHALL ALSO BE SEEDED. ALL TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION CONTROL INLET PROTECTION MEASURES AND BMPS SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED AND ESTABLISHED. TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES SHALL BE REMOVED AND EARTH DISTURBANCE AREAS GRADED AND STABILIZED WITH PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PURSUANT TO STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION PRESCRIBED IN THE DCM VOLUME II AND THE ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL (ECM) APPENDIX I ADDRESS: 1411 WOOLSEY HEIGHTS COLORADO SPRINGS, 80915 8. ALL PERSONS ENGAGED IN EARTH DISTURBANCE SHALL IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN ACCEPTABLE SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES INCLUDING BMPS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE EROSION CONTROL TECHNICAL STANDARDS EL PASO COUNTY: OF THE DRAINAGE CRITERIA MANUAL (DCM) VOLUME II AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN COUNTY PLAN REVIEW IS PROVIDED ONLY FOR GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH COUNTY DESIGN CRITERIA. THE COUNTY IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY AND ADEQUACY OF THE DESIGN, DIMENSIONS, 9. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES INCLUDING BMPS AND ALL PERMANENT FACILITIES INTENDED TO CONTROL AND/OR ELEVATIONS WHICH SHALL BE CONFIRMED AT THE JOB SITE. THE COUNTY THROUGH THE EROSION OF ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OPERATIONS, SHALL BE INSTALLED AS DEFINED IN THE APPROVED PLANS, THE APPROVAL OF THIS DOCUMENT ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETENESS AND/OR ACCURACY OF SWMP AND THE DCM VOLUME II AND MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE EARTH DISTURBANCE OPERATION. FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE EL PASO COUNTY LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, 10. ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER SO AS TO EFFECTIVELY REDUCE ACCELERATED DRAINAGE CRITERIA, AND ENGINEERING CRITERIA MANUAL AS AMENDED. SOIL EROSION AND RESULTING SEDIMENTATION. ALL DISTURBANCES SHALL BE DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED, AND COMPLETED SO THAT THE EXPOSED AREA OF ANY DISTURBED LAND SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE SHORTEST PRACTICAL PERIOD OF TIME. 11. ANY TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT FACILITY DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF STORMWATER AROUND, THROUGH, OR FROM THE EARTH DISTURBANCE AREA SHALL BE DESIGNED TO LIMIT THE DISCHARGE TO A NON-EROSIVE VELOCITY. JENNIFER IRVINE, P.E. COUNTY ENGINER / ECM ADMINISTRATOR 12. CONCRETE WASH WATER SHALL BE CONTAINED AND DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SWMP. NO WASH WATER SHALL BE DISCHARGED TO OR ALLOWED TO RUNOFF TO STATE WATERS, INCLUDING ANY SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR FACILITIES. 13. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETING IS TO BE USED ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1. 14. BUILDING, CONSTRUCTION, EXCAVATION, OR OTHER WASTE MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE TEMPORARILY PLACED OR STORED \*WQCV SUMMARY\* IN THE STREET, ALLEY, OR OTHER PUBLIC WAY, UNLESS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN. BMP'S MAY BE REQUIRED BY EL PASO COUNTY ENGINEERING IF DEEMED NECESSARY, BASED ON SPECIFIC CONDITIONS WQCV REQUIRED = 339 CF AND CIRCUMSTANCES. WQCV PROVIDED = $124' \times 2.77 \text{ SF/LF} = 343.4 \text{ CF}$ 15. VEHICLE TRACKING OF SOILS AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS OFF-SITE SHALL BE MINIMIZED. MATERIALS TRACKED OFFSITE SHALL BE CLEANED UP AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF IMMEDIATELY. 16. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ALL WASTES FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE FOR \*SEDIMENT STORAGE REQUIREMENT\* DISPOSAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL AND STATE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS. NO CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, TREE SLASH, BUILDING MATERIAL WASTES OR UNUSED BUILDING MATERIALS SHALL BE BURIED, DUMPED, OR DISCHARGED AT SEDIMENT STORAGE REQUIRED = 124'X3'X3" = 93 CF SEDIMENT STORAGE PROVIDED = $\pi (1.5)^2 = 7065 \text{ sf}$ 17. THE OWNER, SITE DEVELOPER, CONTRACTOR, AND/OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE 93 CF / 7.065 SF = 13.16' REMOVAL OF ALL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, DIRT, TRASH, ROCK, SEDIMENT, AND SAND THAT MAY ACCUMULATE IN THE 13.16' /4 TIMES = 3.30' (TO BE CLEANED 4 TIMES PER EVENT) STORM SEWER OR OTHER DRAINAGE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM AND STORMWATER APPURTENANCES AS A RESULT OF SITE. DEVELOPMENT. 18. THE QUANTITY OF MATERIALS STORED ON THE PROJECT SITE SHALL BE LIMITED, AS MUCH AS PRACTICAL, TO THAT QUANTITY REQUIRED TO PERFORM THE WORK IN AN ORDERLY SEQUENCE. ALL MATERIALS STORED ON-SITE SHALL BE STORED IN A NEAT. ORDERLY MANNER. IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS. WITH ORIGINAL MANUFACTURER'S LABELS. 19. NO CHEMICALS ARE TO BE USED BY THE CONTRACTOR, WHICH HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO BE RELEASED IN STORMWATER UNLESS PERMISSION FOR THE USE OF A SPECIFIC CHEMICAL IS GRANTED IN WRITING BY THE ECM ADMINISTRATOR. IN GRANTING THE USE OF SUCH CHEMICALS, SPECIAL CONDITIONS AND MONITORING MAY BE REQUIRED. 20. BULK STORAGE STRUCTURES FOR PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND OTHER CHEMICALS SHALL HAVE ADEQUATE PROTECTION SO AS TO CONTAIN ALL SPILLS AND PREVENT ANY SPILLED MATERIAL FROM ENTERING STATE WATERS, INCLUDING ANY FF=6343.17 SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR FACILITIES. 21. NO PERSON SHALL CAUSE THE IMPEDIMENT OF STORMWATER FLOW IN THE FLOW LINE OF THE CURB AND GUTTER OR FG=6343.07 IN THE DITCHLINE. 22. INDIVIDUALS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE "COLORADO WATER QUALITY CONTROL ACT" (TITLE 25, ARTICLE 8, CRS), AND THE "CLEAN WATER ACT" (33 USC 1344), IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THE DCM VOLUME II AND THE ECM APPENDIX I. ALL APPROPRIATE PERMITS MUST BE OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION (NPDES, FLOODPLAIN, 404, FUGITIVE DUST, ETC.). IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICTS BETWEEN THESE REQUIREMENTS AND BUILDING FINISH FLOOR DETAIL LAWS, RULES, OR REGULATIONS OF OTHER FEDERAL, STATE, OR COUNTY AGENCIES, THE MORE RESTRICTIVE LAWS, RULES, OR REGULATIONS SHALL APPLY. 23. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER/EXIT THE SITE AT APPROVED CONSTRUCTION ACCESS POINTS. 24. PRIOR TO ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION THE PERMITEE SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES. Scale in Feet 25. A WATER SOURCE SHALL BE AVAILABLE ON SITE DURING EARTHWORK OPERATIONS AND UTILIZED AS REQUIRED TO MINIMIZE DUST FROM EARTHWORK EQUIPMENT AND WIND. 26. THE SOILS REPORT FOR THIS SITE HAS BEEN PREPARED BY ENTECH ENGINEERING, INC. # 76021 JUNE 1, 2011. AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED A PART OF THESE PLANS. 27. AT LEAST TEN DAYS PRIOR TO THE ANTICIPATED START OF CONSTRUCTION, FOR PROJECTS THAT WILL DISTURB 1 ACRE OR MORE, THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL SUBMIT A PERMIT APPLICATION FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGE TO THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, WATER QUALITY DIVISION. THE APPLICATION CONTAINS CERTIFICATION OF COMPLETION OF A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP), OF WHICH THIS GRADING AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN MAY BE A PART. FOR INFORMATION OR APPLICATION 20 BOULDER CRESCENT, SUITE 110 MATERIALS CONTACT: COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT WATER QUALITY CONTROL DIVISION WQCD - PERMITS

4300 CHERRY CREEK DRIVE SOUTH DENVER, CO 80246-1530 ATTN: PERMITS UNIT

FOR BURIED UTILITY INFORMATION

FOR LOCATING & MARKING GAS, ELECTRIC, WATER & TELEPHONE LINES

WATER EMERGENCIES 520-0300

HRS BEFORE YOU DI

1-800-922-1987

1000, LLC JOB NO. 44-026 DATE PREPARED: JUNE 9, 2017 DATE REVISED:

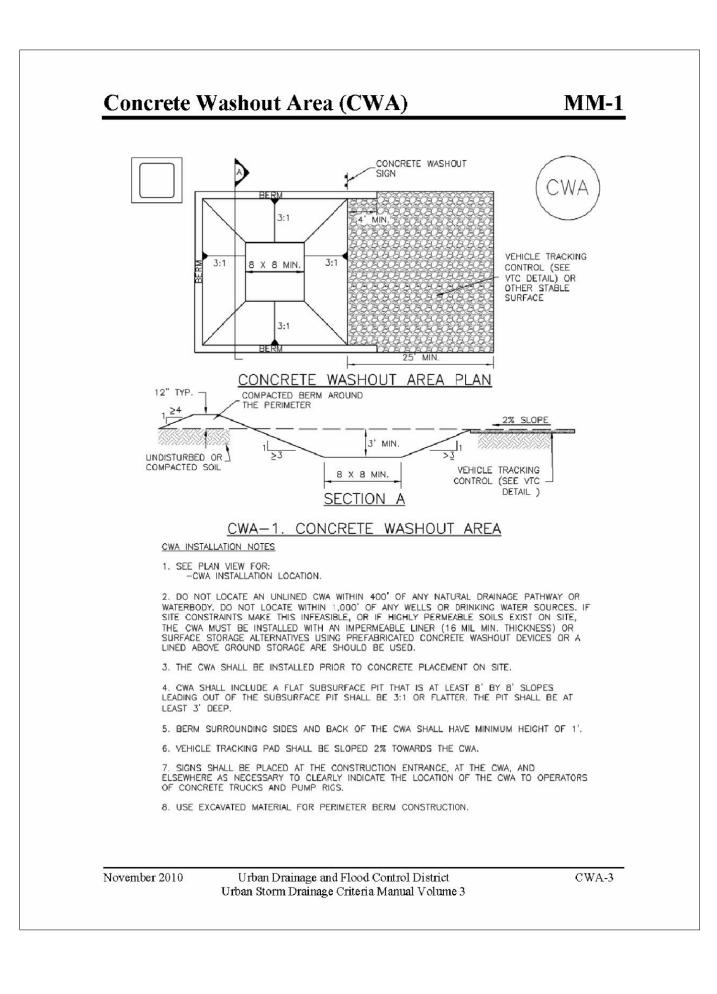
GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

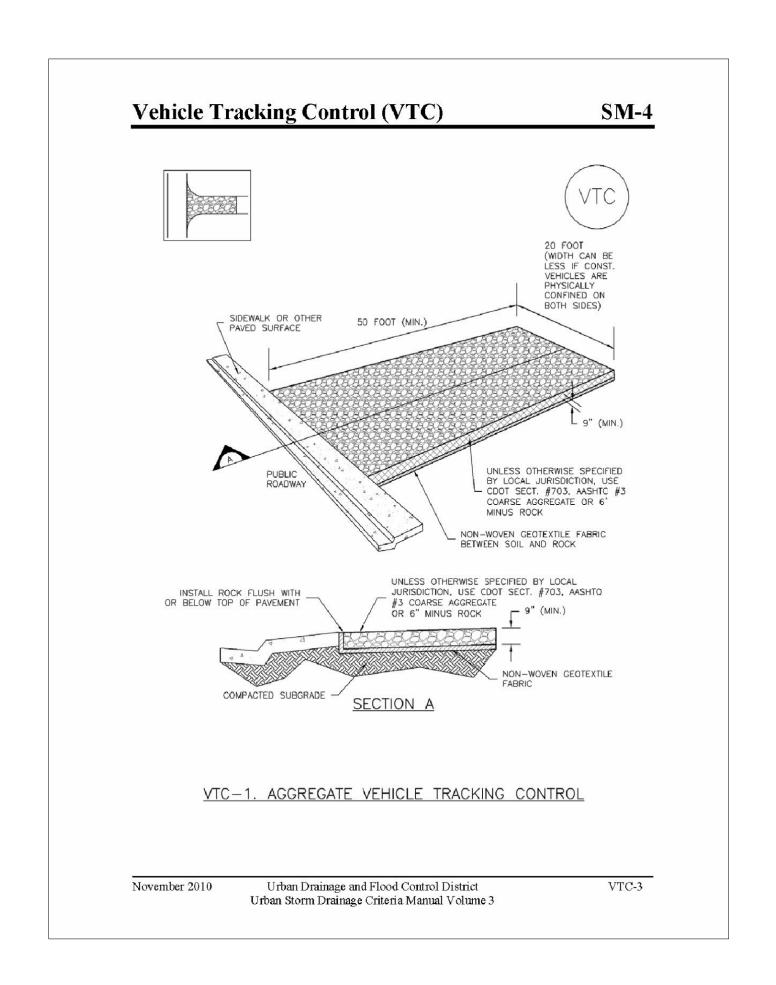
EL PASO COUNTY FILE NO. PPR 17-000

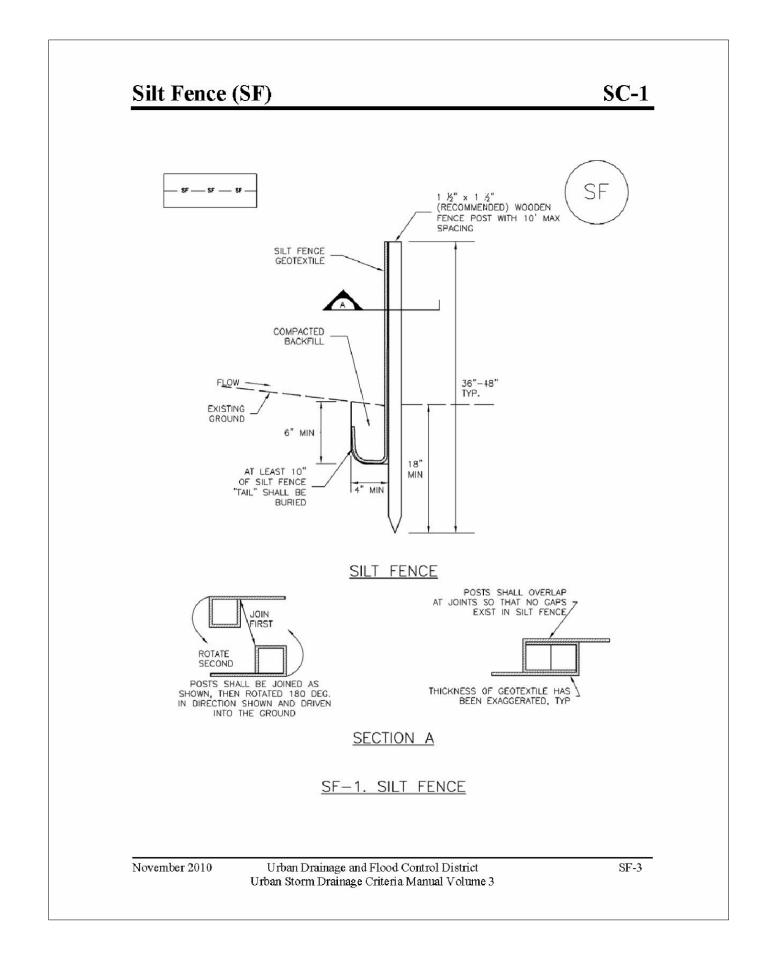
SHEET 3 OF 9

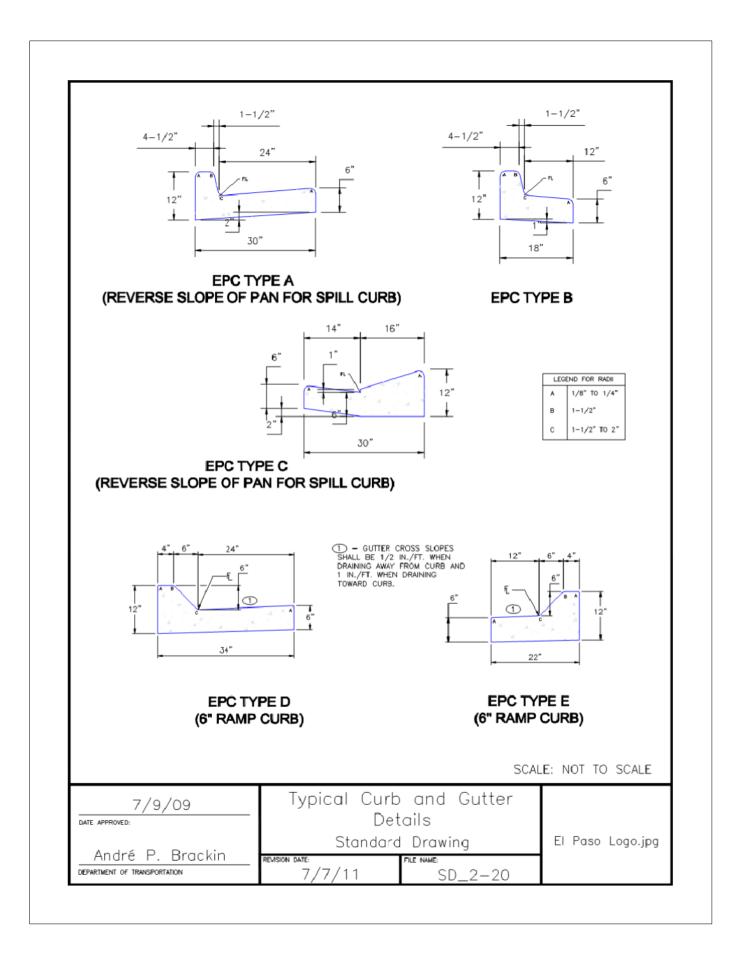
PHONE: 719.955.5485

CIVIL CONSULTANTS, INC.









### EC-2 Temporary and Permanent Seeding (TS/PS)

Table TS/PS-2. Minimum Drill Seeding Rates for Perennial Grasses

Common <sup>a</sup> Botanical Name Name		Growth Season <sup>b</sup>	Growth Form	Seeds/ Pound	Pounds of PLS/acre
Alakali Soil Seed Mix	<u>'</u>				
Alkali sacaton	Sporobolus airoides	Cool	Bunch	1,750,000	0.25
Basin wildrye	Elymus cinereus	Cool	Bunch	165,000	2.5
Sodar streambank wheatgrass	Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5
Jose tall wheatgrass	Agropyron elongatum 'Jose'	Cool	Bunch	79,000	7.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
Total					17.75
Fertile Loamy Soil Seed Mix					
Ephriam crested wheatgrass	Agropyron cristatum 'Ephriam'	Cool	Sod	175,000	2.0
Dural hard fescue	Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0
Lincoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Sodar streambank wheatgrass	Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'	Cool	Sod	170,000	2.5
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	7.0
Total					15.5
High Water Table Soil Seed Mix					
Meadow foxtail	Alopecurus pratensis	Cool	Sod	900,000	0.5
Redtop	Agrostis alba	Warm	Open sod	5,000,000	0.25
Reed canarygrass	Phalaris arundinacea	Cool	Sod	68,000	0.5
Lincoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Pathfinder switchgrass	Panicum virgatum Pathfinder'	Warm	Sod	389,000	1.0
Alkar tall wheatgrass	Agropyron elongatum 'Alkar'	Cool	Bunch	79,000	5.5
Total					10.75
Transition Turf Seed Mix <sup>c</sup>				•	
Ruebens Canadian bluegrass	Poa compressa 'Ruebens'	Cool	Sod	2,500,000	0.5
Dural hard fescue	Festuca ovina 'duriuscula'	Cool	Bunch	565,000	1.0
Citation perennial ryegrass	Lolium perenne 'Citation'	Cool	Sod	247,000	3.0
Lincoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Total					7.5

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District June 2012
Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3

TS/PS-4

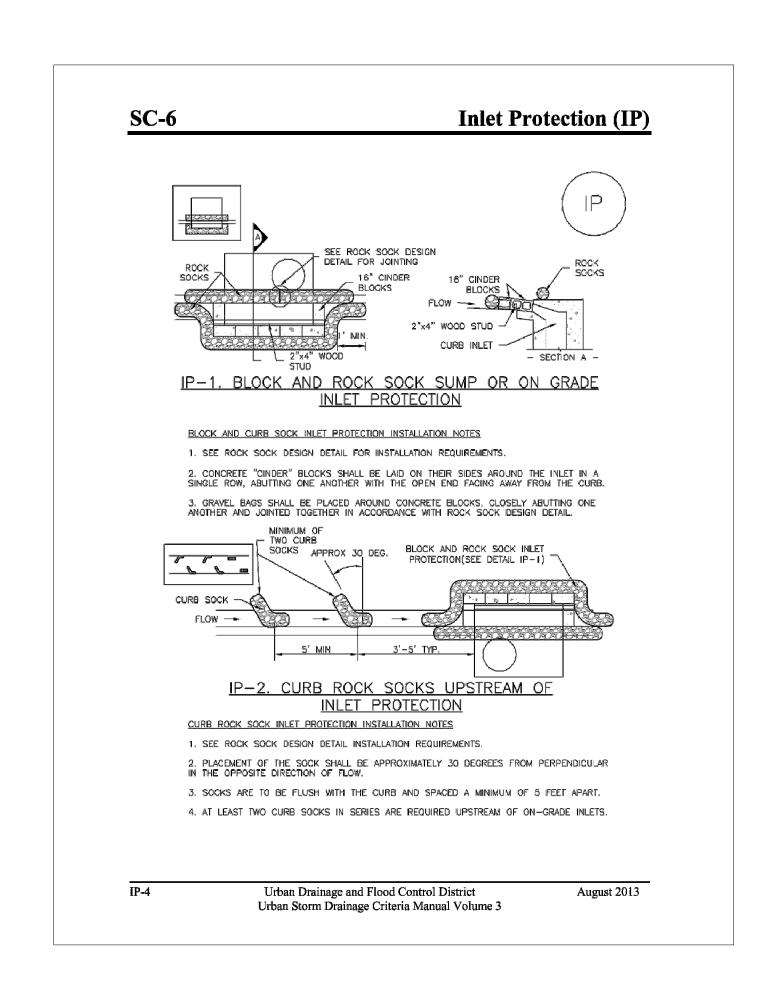
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Name	Name	Season <sup>b</sup>	Form	Pound	PLS/acre
Sandy Soil Seed Mix	•				
Blue grama	Bouteloua gracilis	Warm	Sod-forming bunchgrass	825,000	0.5
Camper little bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium 'Camper'	Warm	Bunch	240,000	1.0
Prairie sandreed	Calamovilfa longifolia	Warm	Open sod	274,000	1.0
Sand dropseed	Sporobolus cryptandrus	Cool	Bunch	5,298,000	0.25
Vaughn sideoats grama	Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
Total					10.25
Heavy Clay, Rocky Foothill Seed	l Mix				
Ephriam crested wheatgrass <sup>d</sup>	ass <sup>d</sup> Agropyron cristatum 'Ephriam'		Sod	175,000	1.5
Oahe Intermediate wheatgrass	Agropyron intermedium 'Oahe'	Cool	Sod	115,000	5.5
Vaughn sideoats grama <sup>e</sup>	Bouteloua curtipendula 'Vaughn'	Warm	Sod	191,000	2.0
Lincoln smooth brome	Bromus inermis leyss 'Lincoln'	Cool	Sod	130,000	3.0
Arriba western wheatgrass	Agropyron smithii 'Arriba'	Cool	Sod	110,000	5.5
Total					17.5

- All of the above seeding mixes and rates are based on drill seeding followed by crimped straw mulch. These rates should be doubled if seed is broadcast and should be increased by 50 percent if the seeding is done using a Brillion Drill or is applied
- doubled it seed is broadcast and should be increased by 50 percent if the seeding is done using a Brillion Drill or is applied through hydraulic seeding. Hydraulic seeding may be substituted for drilling only where slopes are steeper than 3:1. If hydraulic seeding is used, hydraulic mulching should be done as a separate operation.
- b See Table TS/PS-3 for seeding dates.
- If site is to be irrigated, the transition turf seed rates should be doubled.
   Crested wheatgrass should not be used on slopes steeper than 6H to 1V.
- \* Can substitute 0.5 lbs PLS of blue grama for the 2.0 lbs PLS of Vaughn sideoats grama.

Can substitute 0.5 165 1 25 of one grante for the 2.5 feb 1 25 of valight success grante

June 2012 Urban Drainage and Flood Control District TS/PS-Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 3



GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN DETAILS 1000, LLC JOB NO. 44-026

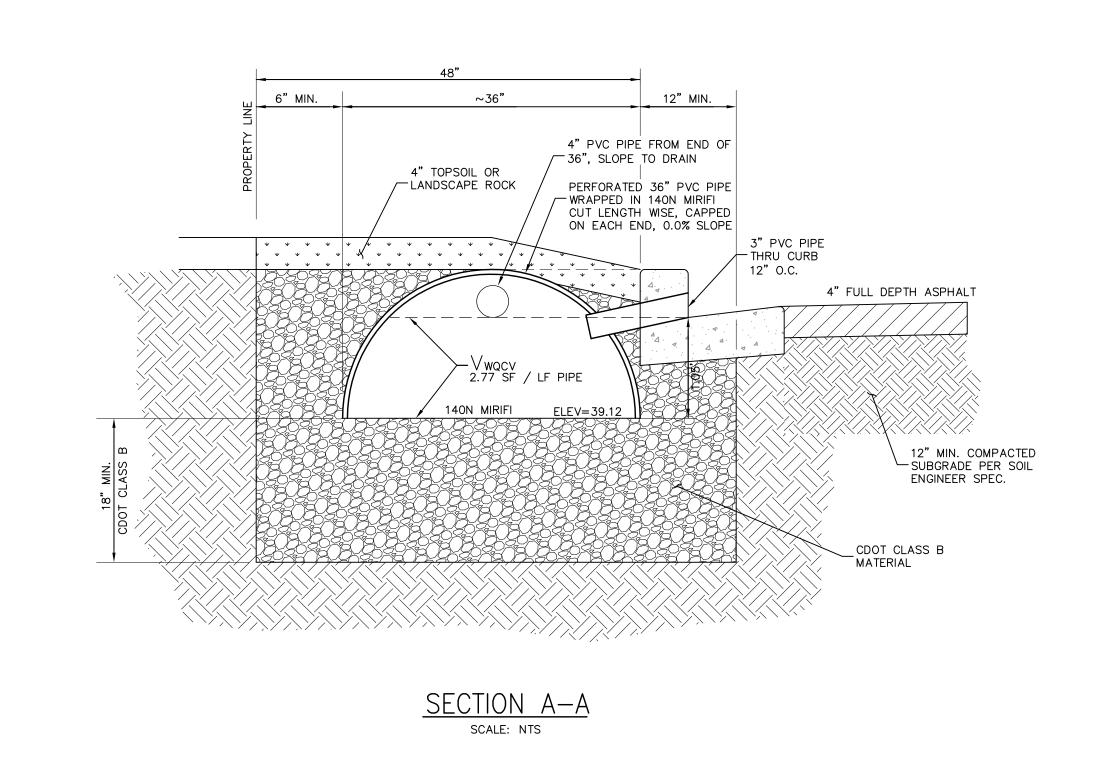
DATE PREPARED: JUNE 9, 2017
DATE REVISED:

EL PASO COUNTY FILE NO. PPR 17-000



20 BOULDER CRESCENT, SUITE 110 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 PHONE: 719.955.5485

SHEET 4 OF 9



\*WQCV SUMMARY\*

WQCV REQUIRED = 339 CF

WQCV PROVIDED = 124'  $\times$  2.77 SF/LF = 343.4 CF

\*SEDIMENT STORAGE REQUIREMENT\*

SEDIMENT STORAGE REQUIRED = 124'X3'X3" = 93 CF

SEDIMENT STORAGE PROVIDED =  $\pi$  (1.5)<sup>2</sup>=7065 SF

93 CF / 7.065 SF = 13.16'

13.16' /4 TIMES = 3.30' (TO BE CLEANED 4 TIMES PER EVENT)

\*INFILTRATION\* PER TEST RESULTS BY GEOQUEST, LLC\*

INFILTRATION RATE = 17.3 MINUTES PER INCH

SURFACE AREA: 124' X 3' = 372 SF

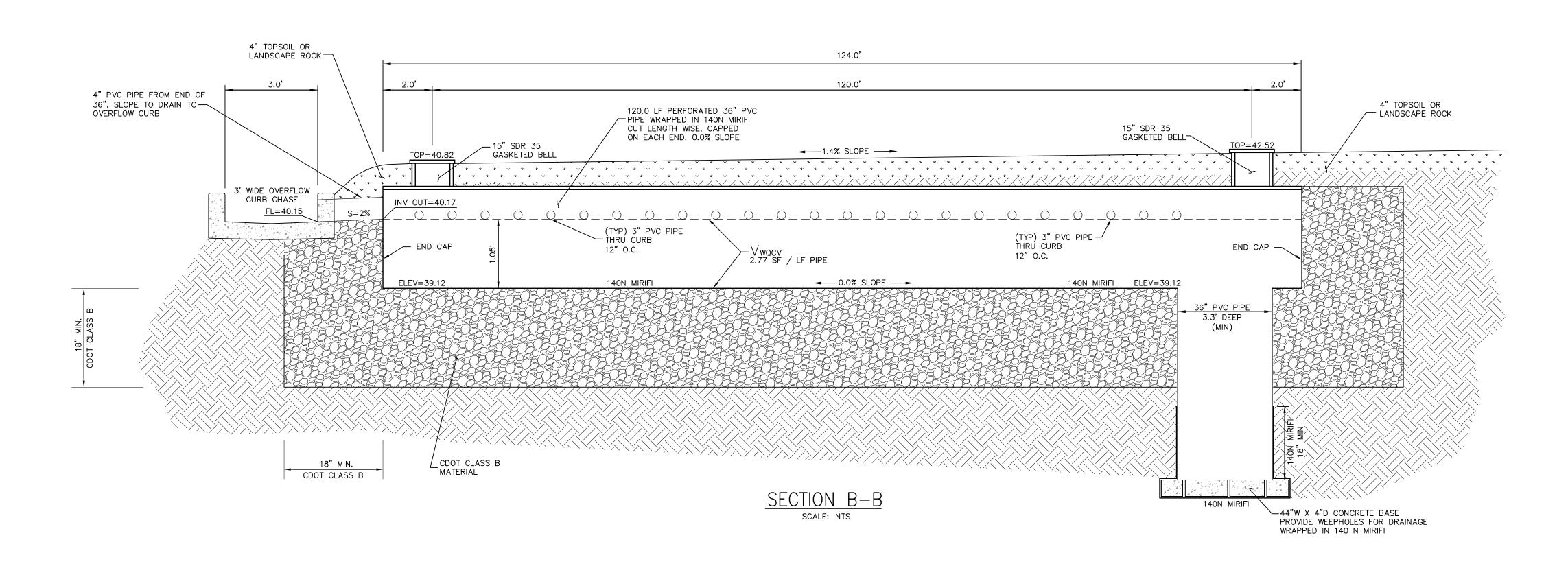
VOLUME : 343.4 CF

1.05' = 12.6"

17.3 MIN/IN X 12.6" = 218 MINS

218 MIN X  $\frac{1}{60}$  HR  $\frac{1}{60}$   $\frac{1}{10}$  = 3.63 HRS  $\checkmark$  GOOD; LESS THAN 12 HRS

WATER QUALITY STORAGE DETAILS



GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN DETAILS 1000, LLC

JOB NO. 44-026 DATE PREPARED: JUNE 9, 2017 DATE REVISED:

EL PASO COUNTY FILE NO. PPR 17-000



20 BOULDER CRESCENT, SUITE 110 COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 PHONE: 719.955.5485

SHEET 5 OF 9

### Markup Summary

#### dsdlaforce (2)



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This is an operation and maintenance manual. Contact the project manager to create an O&M in the electronic project document list.

Submit a SWMP and include a completed SWMP checklist (ECM pg E-9).

zu nounder Crescent, Suite 110 Colorado Springs, CO 80903 719-491-0801 Virgil A. Sanchez, P.E. Jeb. No. 44-026 Add "PCD Project No. PPR-17-026" Subject: Text Box Page Label: 1 Lock: Locked Author: dsdlaforce

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