



**Final Drainage Report  
for  
SEC of Marksheffel Rd. & Constitution Ave.**

**Located in the N ½ of the NW ¼ of Section 4, Township  
14 South, Range 65 West, of the 6<sup>th</sup> Principal Meridian,  
El Paso County, State of Colorado**

**Date: July 20, 2015  
Revised: September 14, 2015**

**Prepared for:**  
Evergreen Devco, Inc..  
2390 East Camelback Road, Suite 410  
Phoenix, Arizona 85016

**Prepared by:**  
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Attn: Gary Iwata, P.E.

- Per DCM section 4.5, a "Letter Type" drainage report is required for a replat of property for which a complete drainage report has previously been approved by the County Engineer and significant changes from such report is not proposed.
- Add "PCD File No. VR-18-011" to new drainage letter

**ENGINEER'S STATEMENT**

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by El Paso County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

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Gary Iwata, P.E. #37642  
Galloway & Company

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Date

**DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT**

I, the developer, have read and will comply with all the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan

\_\_\_\_\_  
Evergreen Devco, Inc.  
Business Name

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
2390 East Camelback Road, Suite 410

\_\_\_\_\_  
Phoenix, Arizona 85016

**EL PASO COUNTY**

Filed in accordance with Section 51.1 of the El Paso Land Development Code, as amended.

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County Engineer/Director

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Date

Conditions:

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## I. General Location and Description

This Final Drainage Report has been prepared by Galloway & Company, Inc. for Evergreen Devco, Inc., the developer of the site, to fulfill the drainage requirements of El Paso County, Colorado. The purpose of the report is to analyze and quantify expected development runoff from the proposed development, and to exhibit conformance with the proposed development of previous studies.

### Location

The site is located in El Paso County, Colorado. The site is at the Southeast corner of Marksheffel Road and Constitution Avenue. The site lies within the North 1/2 of the Northwest 1/4 of Section 4, Township 14 South, Range 65 West, of the 6<sup>th</sup> Principal Meridian.

The property is vacant and roughly rectangular in shape and is located at the southeast corner of Marksheffel Rd. and Constitution Ave. The north side of the site fronts Constitution Avenue, the east side of the site is bound by an existing drainage channel (East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek), south side of the site is bound by Claremont Ranch Filing No. 8 single-family subdivision, and the west side of the site is bound by Marksheffel Rd..

### Description of Property

The project site consists of 23.5 acres that is generally covered in native grasses. The site slopes generally 2-3% from the north to the south.

According to the NRCA National Cooperative Soil Survey – Web Soil Survey the development area consists mostly of Blendon Sandy Loam with some Ellicott Loamy coarse Sand which are hydrologic soil group B and A respectively. Since the site is mostly comprised of Group B soils the hydrologic calculations will be based upon Group

B. Group B soils are defined as having moderate infiltration rates when thoroughly wet and having a moderate rate of water transmission.

Improvements on the site include existing waterlines within a 50' easement on the western portion of the site paralleling Marksheffel Road, and dry utilities fronting Constitution Ave. In the eastern portion of the site a 15" sanitary sewer runs north and south within a 30' Cherokee Water and Sanitation District Easement. There are no known existing irrigation facility encumbrances on the project site.

## **II. Drainage Basins and Sub-Basins**

### Major Basin Descriptions

#### **Existing Basins**

The site falls within the East Fork of Sand Creek drainage basin and is adjacent to the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. The site currently drains from the north to the south and then to the west along the property line, ultimately discharging into a 36" RCP stub provided by Claremont Ranch Filing No. 8.. The existing 36" RCP is routed through Claremont and ultimately discharges into the East Fork of Sand Creek.

The project resides within Basins M1, K-1 and L-1 of the approved *Final Master Development Drainage Plan (MDDP) for the Claremont Ranch (East) and Claremont Ranch West* (ref 5). Based upon the MDDP the proposed project meets the planned commercial/industrial land use. Although the MDDP states that developments are not required to provide onsite detention, El Paso County is requiring onsite water quality treatment via EURV detention ponds.

#### **Proposed Major Basins**

The site will consist of four major basins (Basin A, B, C, D) that drains to two proposed on-site private EURV Detention Ponds. All four major basins are comprised mostly of

parking, curb and gutter, landscaping, and the building roof. The proposed private storm sewer systems will capture flows within onsite inlets and convey runoff for the 100-year storm event. Developed flows are routed to the onsite private EURV water quality ponds / detention ponds. One pond is located in the southeast corner of the site adjacent to East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek and the second pond is located at the southwest portion of the site. Flows from the southeast pond are released into East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. Flows from the southwest pond are released into the 36" RCP stub provided by Claremont Filing 8. There are some flows (described in the sub-basin section below) that sheet flow offsite into Marksheffel Rd. but are less than the designed flows. Per the approved MDDP, Marksheffel Road was designed to accommodate undetained developed flows from the site. Developed flows of 5.3 cfs and 9.7 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, can be discharged into Marksheffel Road.

### **FEMA FIRM Information**

The Federal Emergency Management Agency's Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for El Paso County, Colorado and Incorporated Areas, Map Number 08041C0756 F, dated March 17, 1997 Revised to Reflect LOMAR dated December 29, 2004 indicates the project site to be in Zone X – “Areas determined to be outside 500-year floodplain.”

### **Sub-basin Description**

**Major Basin A** is broken into seven smaller sub-basins (sub-basins A-1 to A-3), each draining to a specific inlet or design point.

Basin A-1 is approximately 1.73 acres that is located just north of the proposed King Soopers grocer. The majority of the basin is comprised of parking and landscaping. Drainage from Basin A-1 sheet flows to a Type-C area inlet located in a sump condition (Inlet 1A; Design Point 1). Flows collected in the inlet will be conveyed to the proposed

southeast detention pond via proposed storm sewer system. Basin A-1 contributes approximately 7.2 cfs and 13.4 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

Basin A-2 is approximately 2.39 acres that is located just north of the proposed King Soopers grocer. The majority of the basin is comprised of parking, and landscaping. Drainage from Basin A-2 sheet flows to a Type-C area inlet located in a sump condition (Inlet 1B; Design Point 2). Flows collected in the inlet will be conveyed to the proposed southeast detention pond via proposed storm sewer system. Basin A-2 contributes approximately 9.8 cfs and 18.2 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

Basin A-3 is approximately 2.16 acres that is located just north of the proposed King Soopers grocer. The majority of the basin is comprised of parking but also includes the northeast entrance drive, landscaping, and a portion of the fueling station. Drainage from Basin A-3 sheet flows to a Type-C area inlet located in a sump condition (Inlet A3; Design Point 3). Flows collected in the inlet will be conveyed to the proposed southeast detention pond via proposed storm sewer system. Basin A-3 contributes approximately 8.7 cfs and 16.3 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

**Major Basin B** is broken into four smaller sub-basins (sub-basins B-1 to B-4), each draining to a specific inlet or design point

Basin B-1 is approximately 0.11 acres that is located on the south side of the site, just behind King Soopers. It is comprised of the west loading dock area. Basin B-1 conveys developed flows via sheet flow and curb and gutter to an area inlet (Inlet 2A1; Design Point 5). Peak flows from Basin B-1 are approximately 0.5 cfs and 0.9 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southeast detention pond.

Basin B-2 is approximately 0.97 acres that comprises the central portion of the King Soopers' roof. Basin B-2 conveys developed flows via roof drain system to the

proposed storm sewer system south of the building (Design Point 6). Peak flows from Basin B-2 are approximately 3.58 cfs and 6.66 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southeast detention pond.

Basin B-3 is approximately 0.88 acres that comprises the eastern portion of the King Soopers' roof. Basin B-3 conveys developed flows via roof drain system to the proposed storm sewer system south of the building (Design Point 7). Peak flows from Basin B-3 are approximately 3.2 cfs and 6.0 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southeast detention pond.

Basin B-4 is approximately 0.11 acres that is located on the south side of the site, just behind King Soopers. It is comprised of the east loading dock area. Basin B-4 conveys developed flows via sheet flow and curb and gutter to an area inlet (Inlet 2B1; Design Point 8). Peak flows from Basin B-4 are approximately 0.5 cfs and 0.9 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southeast detention pond.

**Major Basin C** is broken into three smaller sub-basins (sub-basins C-1 to C-3), each draining to a specific inlet or design point.

Basin C-1 is approximately 2.1 acres that is located in the northeastern portion of the site. It consists of a future commercial pad site, which consists of a building, parking, drive lanes and landscaping. Basin C-1 conveys developed flows via curb and gutter to a future inlet (Design Point 9). The inlet discharges flows directly to the southeast detention pond. Peak flows from Basin C-1 are approximately 7.1 cfs and 12.9 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

Basin C-2 is approximately 2.09 acres that is located just east of the King Soopers grocer. It is mostly comprised of parking, and drive lanes. Basin C-2 conveys developed flows via curb and gutter to a Type-R inlet (Inlet 7A; Design Point 10). The

inlet discharges flows directly to the detention pond. Peak flows from Basin C-2 are approximately 6.7 cfs and 12.5 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

Basin C-3 is approximately 1.6 acres that is located in the northeastern portion of the site. It consists of the southeast detention pond and landscaping. Basin C-3 conveys developed flows via trickle channels to a modified Type-C outlet structure (Design Point 11). Peak flows from Basin C-3 are approximately 7.5 cfs and 13.4 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

**Major Basin D** is broken into three smaller sub-basins (sub-basins D-1 to D-8), each draining to a specific inlet or design point.

Basin D-1 is approximately 1.03 acres that is located at the northwest corner of the site. It consists of a future commercial pad site, which consists of a building, parking, drive lanes and landscaping. Drainage from Basin D-1 will be conveyed to the storm sewer stub (Design Point 12). Peak flows from Basin D-1 are approximately 4.2 cfs and 7.7 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southeast detention pond.

Basin D-2 is approximately 0.87 acres that is located at the northwest corner of the site. It consists of a future commercial pad site, which consists of a building, parking, drive lanes and landscaping. Drainage from Basin D-2 will be conveyed to the storm sewer stub (Design Point 13). Peak flows from Basin D-2 are approximately 3.6 cfs and 6.6 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southeast detention pond.

Basin D-3 is approximately 0.49 acres that is located in the northwestern portion of the site. It is comprised mostly of the northwestern entrance drive with some landscaping. Drainage from Basin D-3 conveys developed flows via curb and gutter to an on-grade Type R curb inlet (Inlet 3B1; Design Point 14). All flow from a 5-year storm event is

captured, while only 0.3 cfs will not be caught in a 10-year storm event. Peak flows from Basin D-3 are approximately 1.6 cfs and 3.3 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southeast detention pond.

Basin D-4 is approximately 0.97 acres that is located just north of the proposed King Soopers grocer. The majority of the basin is comprised of parking and landscaping. Drainage from Basin D-4 sheet flows to a Type-C area inlet located in a sump condition (Inlet 3B; Design Point 15). Flows collected in the inlet will be conveyed to the proposed southeast detention pond via proposed storm sewer system. Basin D-4 contributes approximately 4.1 cfs and 7.6 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southeast detention pond

Basin D-5 is approximately 0.86 acres that is located in the west portion of the site. It consists of a future commercial pad site, which consists of a building, parking, drive lanes and landscaping. Drainage from Basin D-5 will be conveyed to the storm sewer stub (Design Point 16). Peak flows from Basin D-5 are approximately 3.6 cfs and 6.6 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southwest detention pond.

Basin D-6 is approximately 0.63 acres that is located just west of the King Soopers grocer. It is mostly comprised of parking. Basin D-6 conveys developed flows via sheet flow to a Type R inlet (Inlet 3C; Design Point 17) located in a sump. Peak flows from Basin D-6 are approximately 2.1 cfs and 4.2 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, that ultimately drain to the southwest detention pond.

Basin D-7 is approximately 0.55 acres that is located in southwest portion of the site. It consists of a future commercial pad site, which consists of a building, parking, drive lanes and landscaping. Drainage from Basin D-7 will be conveyed to the southwest detention pond (Design Point 18). Peak flows from Basin D-7 are approximately 2.3 cfs and 4.2 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

Basin D-8 is approximately 0.67 acres that is located just west of the King Soopers grocer. It is mostly comprised of drive lanes, and landscaping. Basin D-8 conveys developed flows via curb and gutter to two on-grade Type-R inlets (Inlet 4A; Design Point 19). The inlets discharge flows directly to the southwest detention pond. Peak flows from Basin D-8 are approximately 2.4 cfs and 4.6 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully. The on-grade inlets intercept 100% of the minor storm and bypass 0.3 cfs in the major storm. Bypass flows are discharged into basin OS-2.

Basin D-9 is approximately 0.89 acres that comprises the western portion of the King Soopers' roof. Basin D-9 conveys developed flows via roof drains (Design Point 4) directly to the southwest water quality pond. Peak flows from Basin D-9 are approximately 3.3 cfs and 6.1 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

**Off-site Basins** - There are four off-site basins, which are basins that discharge offsite without being detained. These basins are described below in more detail.

Basin OS-1 is approximately 0.4 acres that is located in the southern portion of the site adjacent to Claremont Ranch Filing No. 8. It is comprised mostly of landscaping and a retaining wall. The majority of the developed flows from Basin OS-1 will be intercepted by a french-drain that parallels the retaining wall and the lot line and discharges in the 36" RCP stub provided by Claremont Filing No. 8. Peak flows from Basin OS-1 are approximately 0.1 cfs and 0.8 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

Basin OS-2 is approximately 1.7 acres that is located in the western portion of the site. It is comprised mostly of the southwestern and western entrances drive and landscaping. Drainage from Basin OS-2 conveys flows via curb and gutter to Marksheffel Rd. Peak flows from Basin OS-2 are approximately 4.0 cfs and 9.0 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully. There is an additional 0.3 cfs of bypass flows from Basin D-8 for a total of 9.3 cfs in the 100-year storm that discharges

into Marksheffel Road. Per the MDDP, Marksheffel Road was designed to accommodate undetained developed flows from the site. As stated in the MDDP, developed flows of 5.3 cfs and 9.7 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully, can be discharged into Marksheffel Road.

Basin OS-3 is approximately 0.4 acres that is located in the northeastern portion of the site. It is comprised mostly of landscaping. Drainage from Basin OS-3 conveys flows via sheet flow to East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. Peak flows from Basin OS-3 are approximately 0.2 cfs and 1.2 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

Basin OS-4 is approximately 0.1 acres that is located in the southeastern portion of the site. It is comprised mostly of landscaping. Drainage from Basin OS-4 is conveyed via sheet flow directly to East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. Peak flows from Basin OS-3 are approximately 0.1 cfs and 0.2 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully.

Basin OS-5 is approximately 0.1 acres that is located in the southeastern portion of the site adjacent to Claremont Ranch Filing No. 8. It is comprised mostly of landscaping. The majority of the developed flows from Basin OS-5 will sheet flow into existing Norte Way within Claremont Rand Filing No. 8. Peak flows from Basin OS-5 are approximately 0.05 cfs and 0.39 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year storm event, respectfully. Per the approved MDDP, Notre Way is a 35' back-of-curb to back-of-curb street section with a street capacity of  $Q_5=9.0$  cfs and  $Q_{100}=34.3$  cfs. Existing Basin flows tributary to Norte Way ( $Q_5=5.4$  cfs and  $Q_{100}=11.9$ ) and the addition of Basin OS-1 do not exceed street capacity nor do they exceed the capacity of the existing 10' Type-R inlet at the intersection of Norte Way and Bucolo Avenue. The inlet located in a sump with a capacity of 13 cfs.

### Drainage Facilities/Proposed Cost Estimate

The on-site drainage facilities required for the Claremont Ranch Filing #8 site are listed below.

These on-site facilities are Private, non-reimbursable drainage facilities:

ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	EXT. COST
5" CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate	1 EA	\$3,000	\$3,000
10" CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate	2 EA	\$4,500	\$9,000
15" CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate	1 EA	\$6,000	\$6,000
5" CDOT Type R Curb Opening	2 EA	\$3,791.00	\$7,582.00
10" CDOT Type R Curb Opening	3 EA	\$5,528.00	\$16,584.00
Grated Inlet (Type C)	1 EA	\$3,270.00	\$3,270.00
Grated Inlet (Type D)	2 EA	\$3,908.00	\$7,816.00
Flared End Section RCP	4 EA	\$750.00	\$3,000.00
6" PVC	375 LF	\$34.00	\$12,750.00
12" PVC	85 LF	\$43.00	\$3,655.00
12" RCP	125 LF	\$55.00	\$6,875.00
18" RCP	830 LF	\$69.00	\$57,270.00
24" RCP	810 LF	\$84.00	\$68,040.00
30' RCP	235 LF	\$94.00	\$22,090.00
36" RCP	495 LF	\$124.00	\$61,380.00
5' Dia Manhole	6 EA	\$4,575.00	\$27,450.00
Insert-a-Tee	5 EA	\$750.00	\$3,750.00
Sub-total:			\$319,512.00
15% Engineering and Consistency:			\$47,927.00
<b>Total:</b>			<b>\$367,439.00</b>

### Drainage and Bridge Fees

The site is located entirely within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. The 2014 Drainage and Bridge Fees per El Paso County for this site are listed below.

Drainage Fee: \$15,000/Impervious acre

Bridge Fee: \$4,544/Impervious acre

The impervious area for the site was calculated from the site plan.

The total platted acreage for the site is 23.54 acres with a calculated 84% impervious value. Therefore, the calculated impervious area is 19.74 acres (84%).

Drainage Fee: \$15,000/Impervious acre x 84% Impervious = \$12,600/ac.

Bridge Fee: \$4,544/Impervious acre x 84% Impervious = \$3,817/ac.

Total fees due per platted acreage = \$16,417/ac.

**The total fee obligation for the site is summarized as follows:**

<b>Drainage fees for subdivision:</b>	<b>\$12,600/ac x 23.54 ac =</b>	<b>\$296,604</b>
<b>Bridge fees for subdivision:</b>	<b>\$3,817/ac x 23.54 ac =</b>	<b><u>\$ 89,852</u></b>
<b>Total fees for subdivision:</b>	<b>\$16,417/ac x 23.54 ac =</b>	<b>\$386,456</b>

### **III. Drainage Design Criteria**

#### Development Criteria Reference

Where not otherwise specifically discussed, all storm water runoff, conveyance, and management facilities are designed using the guidance of the updated City of Colorado Springs, "Drainage Criteria Manual", Volumes 1 and 2. The proposed water quality/detention pond are designed in accordance with the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District's (UDFCD), Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume III (USDCM).

### Hydrologic Criteria

The drainage calculations were based on the City of Colorado Springs drainage criteria manual Figure 6-5 and IDF equations to determine the intensity.

**Table 1 – Precipitation Data**

Return Period	One Hour Depth (in.)	Intensity
5-year	1.44	5.17
100-year	2.42	8.68

Calculations for time of concentration ( $t_c$ ) was calculated and due to the small basin sizes for the site, produced a 5 minute minimum  $t_c$  for most basins.

The rational method was used to calculate peak flows as the tributary areas are less than 100 acres. The rational method has been proven to be accurate for basins of this size and is based on the following formula:

$$Q = CIA$$

Where:

Q = Peak Discharge (cfs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = Runoff intensity (inches/hour)

A = Drainage area (acres)

The runoff coefficients are calculated based on land use, percent imperviousness, and design storm for each basin, as shown in the Colorado Springs/El Paso County drainage criteria manual. The runoff coefficient for commercial impervious basins was 0.88 (100-year) and 0.81 (5-year) per Colorado Springs drainage criteria. The appendix contains runoff coefficient calculations for basins that were not 100% impervious.

The 100-year event was used as the major storm event for pipes and inlets. The 5-year event was used as the minor event and hydraulic results are shown in the appendix.

Inlet calculations and street capacity for the sump and on-grade inlets was performed by the UDFCD Street Capacity and Inlet Sizing spreadsheets (UD-Inlet v3.14). Results are included in the appendix. The 100-year event was used as the major storm event for pipes and inlets which will be a private storm sewer system.

Standard SF-1 and SF-2 forms were created to determine the  $t_c$  and intensities and input into StormCAD software to calculate pipe hydraulics and HGL's. The resultant flows from StormCAD were used for the design of the outlet structures and pipe sizing. Losses and loss coefficients are provided in the appendix and are determined from StormCAD using Colorado Springs and UDFCD criteria. Total head losses are due to friction, changes in velocities, changes in direction of flow, and the shape of the structure. See the appendix for more information.

Detention and water quality is required for the project site. The detention and water quality ponds and outlet structures were designed using UDFCD software, specifically the UD-Detention\_v2.35 spreadsheet. These spreadsheets can be found in the appendix.

## **IV. Drainage Facility Design**

### General Concept

As discussed, the site will consist of four major basins (Basin A, B, C, D) that drain to the proposed on-site private EURV Detention Pond and a private water quality pond. The private detention\water quality ponds will discharge into the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. Each private pond has two feet of freeboard. Generally, the site grades follow the existing drainage pattern. The detention volume of the southeast pond is 2.5

acre-feet while the water quality volume of the southwest pond is 1.0 acre-foot. The existing topography slopes from the north to the south at approximately 2-3% grade.

Proposed drainage patterns will generally follow existing conditions. Due to the building footprint location and the four entrance drives the site becomes a fill site to allow for a 3% maximum grade in the parking lot area to ensure ADA conformance. Due to the aforementioned site constraints we are not able to design the site to be “self-contained”; meaning to keep all drainage on site and run it through the water quality pond prior to discharging into the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. Coordination is on-going with the overall developer to provide a design that benefits all of the final users within the development.

The existing site is undeveloped. Due to the proposed improvements the developed impervious area and runoff are increased from historic levels.

The on-site private detention and water quality pond will be used for treatment of the project site. It is not anticipated to be used to treat any offsite basins or drainage from Constitution Ave. The private water quality pond will be maintained by Evergreen Development Co. The outlet structure is designed to discharge at the allowable 100-year release rate. An emergency overflow weir is designed to discharge into the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek in the event the outlet structure is clogged.

### Specific Details

The proposed development depicted on the associated drainage plan and described above will generate 5-year and 100-year onsite runoff to be captured and conveyed in the proposed storm sewer systems. The majority of on-site developed flows will be captured in the proposed storm sewer system and conveyed to the proposed detention and water quality ponds. The southeast pond will discharge directly into the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. While the southwest pond will discharge into the 36" storm sewer stub provided by Claremont Ranch Filing 8.

Southeast Pond – The private EURV detention and water quality pond is located on the southeast corner of the site. The shape of the detention and water quality pond is rectangular in shape with 3:1 side slopes and a retaining wall. The outfall of the pond will be from the south end of the pond and directed to the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. A 10' maintenance access is provided at the northwest side of the pond.

The pond has been designed as a EURV detention pond. The average width of the pond is 150 feet and the length is 315 feet. The depth is approximately 4.5 feet from the bottom of the pond to the water quality water surface elevation (WSEL), providing a WQCV of 2.1 acre-feet. The outlet structure is designed to allow the pond to fill up using a 72 hour drain time and to allow flows over the WQCV to spill over the top of the outlet structure through a trash rack. The 100-year WSEL is approximately 6436. Two feet of freeboard is provided above the 100-year WSEL. The southeast pond will release the EURV at 1.1 cfs and the 100-year release at 8.2 cfs into the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. The MDDP anticipated that the eastern portion of the site, (MDDP basin K-1), will discharge 27.7 cfs and 44.5 cfs into the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek in the 10-year and 100-year storms, respectively. The proposed southeast pond's discharge is considerably less; therefore there are no negative impacts to the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek. In the event the outlet structure becomes clogged, flows in excess of the 100-year WSEL will overtop the detention pond through the emergency overflow weir and outfall into the East Fork Sub Tributary of Sand Creek.

During construction the southeast pond will be used as a sedimentation pond for the entire site. Flows will be routed to the pond via diversion ditch.

Southwest Pond - The private water quality only pond is located in the southwest portion of the site. The shape of the water quality pond is rectangular in shape with 3:1 side slopes and a retaining wall. The outfall of the pond will be from the southwest end of the pond and will be piped to the existing 36" RCP stub provided by Claremont Ranch

Filing No. 8. Per the MDDP the 36" RCP was designed to convey 48.6 cfs and 88.3 cfs in the 5-year and 100-year developed flows respectively. The southwest pond will release EURV 1.1 cfs and 50.6 cfs in the 100-year storm which are less than the anticipated MDDP flows.

The pond has been designed as a EURV water quality pond. The average width of the pond is 95 feet and the length is 115 feet. The depth is approximately 8 feet from the bottom of the pond to the water quality water surface elevation (WSEL), providing a WQCV of 1.0 acre-feet. The outlet structure is designed to allow the pond to fill up using a 72 hour drain time and to allow flows over the WQCV to spill over the top of the outlet structure through a trash rack. The 100-year WSEL is approximately 6439. Two foot of freeboard is provided above the 100-year WSEL. In the event the outlet structure becomes clogged, flows in excess of the 100-year WSEL will overtop the detention pond through the emergency overflow weir and outfall into adjacent drive.

## V. Summary

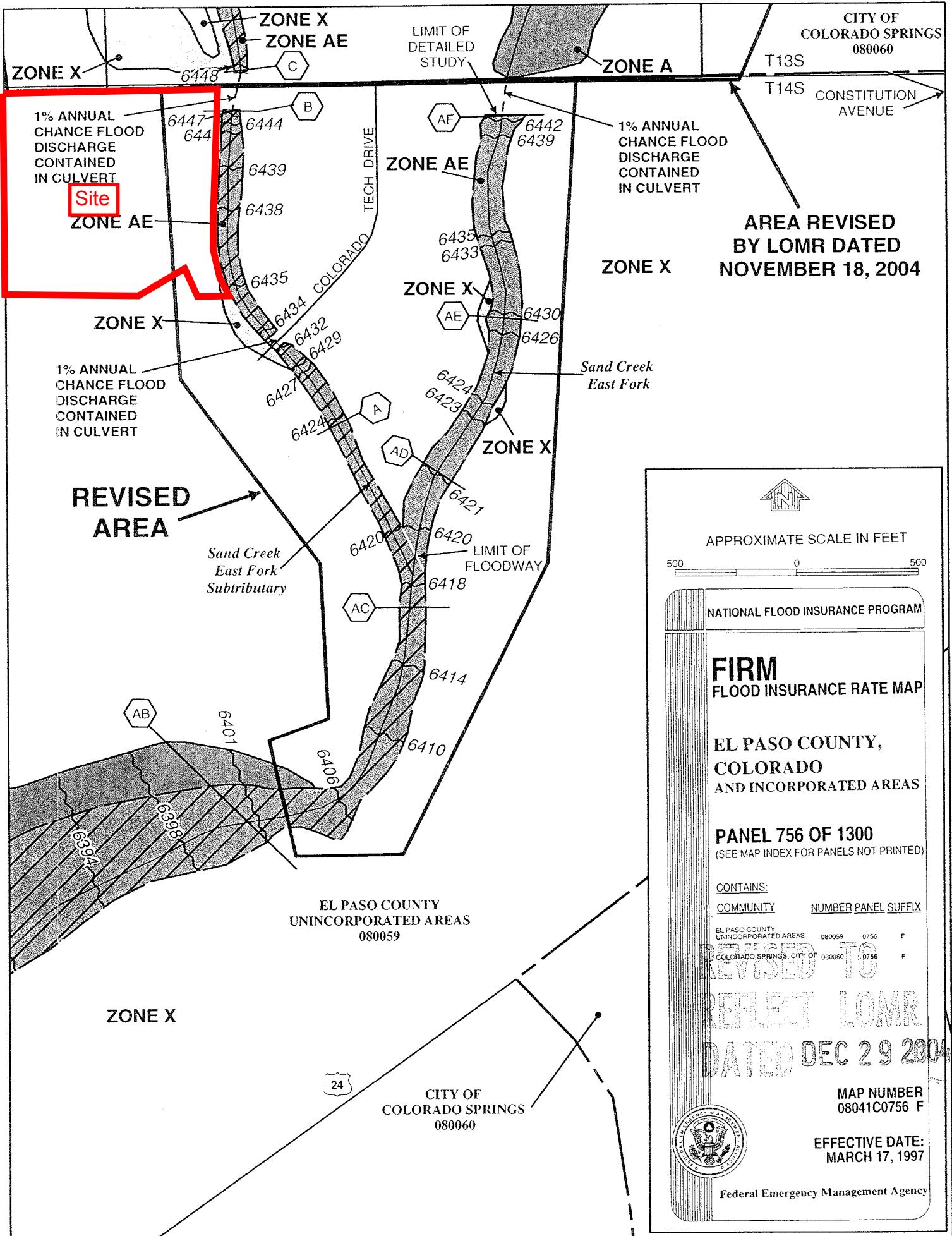
The proposed construction of the Southeast Corner of Marksheffel Rd. and Constitution Ave. will not adversely affect the downstream and surrounding developments. It is in general conformance with the drainage design and analysis in the approved Master Development Drainage Plan for Claremont Ranch (East & West). The site is following the design standards and guidelines as set forth by the City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, as well as Urban Drainage Flood Control District Volumes 1, 2, and 3.

## VI. References

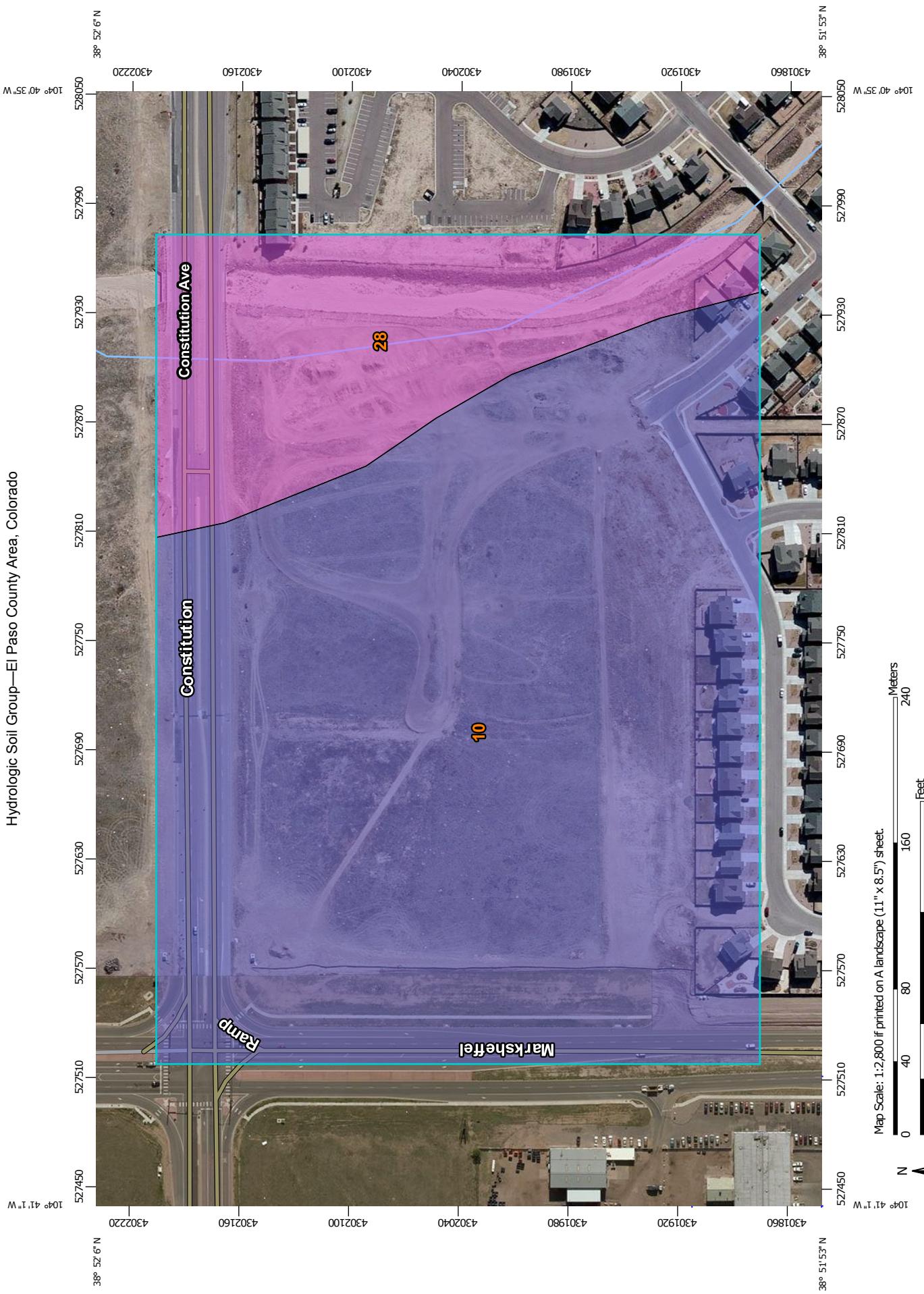
1. The City of Colorado Springs, Colorado, Drainage Criteria Manual, Volumes 1 and 2, May 2014.
2. Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual, Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, March 2006 (with current revisions).
3. Flood Insurance Rate Map – El Paso County, Colorado and Incorporated Areas Community Panel No. 08041C0756 F, Effective March 17, 1997.
4. Soil Map – El Paso County Area, Colorado as available through the Natural Resources Conservation Service National Cooperative Soil Survey web site via Web Soil Survey 2.0.
5. Final Master Development Drainage Plan (MDDP) for the “Claremont Ranch (East)” & “Claremont Ranch West”, by Matrix Design Group, Inc., Revised February 6, 2001.

# **Appendix A**

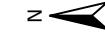
## **Vicinity Map, FEMA, and Soils Information**



Hydrologic Soil Group—El Paso County Area, Colorado



Map Scale: 1:2,800 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.  
Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge ties: UTM Zone 13N WGS84



N

W

E

S



Natural Resources  
Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey  
National Cooperative Soil Survey

1/19/2015  
Page 1 of 4

## MAP LEGEND

<b>Area of Interest (AOI)</b>		C		C/D
<b>Soils</b>		D		Not rated or not available
<b>Soil Rating Polygons</b>		A		A/D
		B		B/D
		C		C/D
		D		Not rated or not available
<b>Water Features</b>				Interstate Highways
				US Routes
<b>Streams and Canals</b>				Major Roads
				Local Roads
<b>Transportation</b>				Rails
<b>Background</b>				Aerial Photography
<b>Soil Rating Lines</b>				
<b>Soil Rating Points</b>				

## MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service  
Web Soil Survey URL: <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov>  
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado  
Survey Area Data: Version 12, Sep 29, 2014

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 15, 2011–Jun 17, 2014

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

## Hydrologic Soil Group

Hydrologic Soil Group— Summary by Map Unit — El Paso County Area, Colorado (CO625)				
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
10	Blondon sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	B	29.3	78.6%
28	Ellicott loamy coarse sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	A	8.0	21.4%
<b>Totals for Area of Interest</b>			<b>37.3</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

### Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.



## Rating Options

*Aggregation Method:* Dominant Condition

*Component Percent Cutoff:* None Specified

*Tie-break Rule:* Higher

## **Appendix B**

### **City IDF & Runoff Coefficients**

*PERCENT IMPERVIOUS VALUES	
LANDSCAPE	0
PAVING	100
ROOFING	90
COMMERCIAL	95

## Composite Runoff Coefficients and Percent Imperviousness for Developed Drainage Basins

*PERCENT IMPERVIOUS VALUES		Composite Runoff Coefficients and Percent Imperviousness for Developed Drainage Basins						*RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS USED												
		LANDSCAPE AREA (sf)		PAVED AREA (sf)		ROOF AREA (sf)		COMMERCIAL AREA (sf)		2-YEAR COEFF.		5-YEAR COEFF.		10-YEAR COEFF.		100-YEAR COEFF.		PERCENT IMPERVIOUS		
LANDSCAPE PAVING ROOFING COMMERCIAL	0 100 90 95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.89	0.96	0.96	0.92	0.92	0.35	0.88	
A-1	75,466	8,662	66,814	3,688	0	0	0	0	0	0.77	0.79	0.82	0.88	0.96	0.96	0.81	0.81	0.96	0.96	
A-2	103,978	13,055	87,265	5,178	0	0	0	0	0	0.77	0.79	0.82	0.88	0.96	0.96	0.81	0.81	0.96	0.96	
A-3	94,063	12,348	76,537	5,178	0	0	0	0	0	0.77	0.78	0.81	0.87	0.96	0.96	0.81	0.81	0.96	0.96	
<b>TOTAL A</b>	<b>273,507</b>	<b>34,055</b>	<b>230,616</b>	<b>8,836</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>0.92</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>87%</b>	<b>87%</b>	
B-1	4,733	0	4,733	0	42,137	0	0	0	0	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.96	0.96	0.81	0.81	0.96	0.96	
B-2	42,137	0	0	0	38,183	0	0	0	0	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.96	0.96	0.81	0.81	0.96	0.96	
B-3	38,183	0	0	0	4,598	0	0	0	0	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	100%	100%	
B-4	4,598	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	100%	100%	
<b>TOTAL B</b>	<b>89,651</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9,331</b>	<b>80,320</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>0.92</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>91%</b>	<b>91%</b>	
C-1	89,136	0	0	0	76,642	0	0	0	0	0.75	0.77	0.80	0.86	0.96	0.96	0.86	0.86	0.96	0.96	
C-2	91,159	14,517	0	0	70,175	0	0	0	0	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	100%	100%	
C-3	70,175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.89	0.90	0.92	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	100%	100%	
<b>TOTAL C</b>	<b>250,470</b>	<b>14,517</b>	<b>146,817</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>89,136</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>0.92</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>92%</b>	<b>92%</b>	
<b>TOTAL TO SE POND</b>	<b>613,628</b>	<b>48,572</b>	<b>386,764</b>	<b>89,156</b>	<b>89,136</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.78</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.84</b>	<b>0.88</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	
D-1	45,062	0	0	0	0	0	45,062	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.83	0.85	0.88	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	
D-2	37,698	0	0	0	14,792	0	0	37,698	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.83	0.85	0.88	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
D-3	21,420	6,628	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.62	0.65	0.68	0.77	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
D-4	42,468	4,291	38,177	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.80	0.82	0.84	0.90	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
D-5	37,423	0	0	0	20,421	0	0	0	0	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.88	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
D-6	27,611	7,191	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.62	0.65	0.68	0.75	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
D-7	23,746	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.88	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
D-8	29,222	5,222	0	0	24,100	0	0	0	0	0.74	0.75	0.78	0.85	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
D-9	38,829	0	0	0	0	38,829	0	0	0	0.71	0.73	0.75	0.81	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
<b>TOTAL D</b>	<b>303,579</b>	<b>23,332</b>	<b>97,489</b>	<b>38,829</b>	<b>143,930</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.78</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.88</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>89%</b>	
<b>TOTAL TO SW POND</b>	<b>303,579</b>	<b>23,332</b>	<b>97,489</b>	<b>38,829</b>	<b>143,930</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>OS</b>	<b>16,526</b>	<b>16,526</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>0.35</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	
OS-1	72,934	36,375	36,559	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.46	0.49	0.54	0.66	50%	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
OS-2	18,678	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.35	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
OS-3	3,028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.35	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
OS-4	5,590	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.35	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>TOTAL OS</b>	<b>116,756</b>	<b>80,197</b>	<b>36,559</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.74</b>	<b>0.77</b>	<b>0.84</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>31%</b>	
<b>TOTAL SITE</b>	<b>1,026,035</b>	<b>144,173</b>	<b>520,813</b>	<b>127,985</b>	<b>233,065</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>0.35</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	
H-1	58,806	58,806	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.35	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
H-2	964,857	964,857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.35	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total Historic	1,023,663	1,023,663	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.35	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Table 3: In 300 Uppings; Blinaggio Shetland Merino Ram 2011

Table 3-30 Optimum; L

Galloway & Company, Inc.  
EDI08 Final Runoff Caics.xls

# **Appendix C**

## **Rational Method Spreadsheets**

**Time of Concentration, 5 Year Coefficient**

Basin Desig		Overall Area (ac)	5-Year Coeff C5	Initial / Overland Time, $t_i$ (min)		Travel Time, $t_t$ (min)		$t_i + t_t$ (min)		Tc Check (Urbanized Basins) Result		
Basin	Desig			Length (ft)	Slope (%)	Length (ft)	Slope (%)	Velocity (fps)	tc (ft)	Total Length tc = (L/80+10) (ft)	tc (min)	Notes
TOTAL A	A-1	1.73	0.81	53	18.00%	1.47	340	1.65%	2.57	3.7	393	12.2
	A-2	2.39	0.81	53	18.00%	1.47	340	1.50%	2.45	3.8	393	12.2
	A-3	2.16	0.79	74	16.00%	1.90	340	1.34%	2.32	4.3	414	12.3
B-1		0.11	0.90	1	1.00%	0.36	91	4.80%	4.38	0.3	92	10.5
B-2		0.97	0.73	60	2.00%	4.09	215	2.00%	2.83	1.3	275	11.5
B-3		0.88	0.73	60	2.00%	4.09	215	2.00%	2.83	1.3	275	11.5
B-4		0.11	0.73	1	1.00%	0.67	91	4.80%	4.38	0.3	92	10.5
TOTAL B		2.06										
C-1		2.05	0.81	61	10.00%	1.89	575	0.50%	1.41	6.8	636	13.5
C-2		2.09	0.77	40	1.50%	3.29	630	0.62%	1.57	6.7	670	13.7
C-3		1.61	0.90	23	2.00%	1.37	405	2.00%	2.83	2.4	428	12.4
TOTAL C		5.75										
D-1		1.03	0.81	80	2.50%	3.44	240	1.00%	2.00	2.0	320	11.8
D-2		0.87	0.81	25	4.00%	1.64	300	1.00%	2.00	2.5	325	11.8
D-3		0.49	0.65	8	2.00%	1.83	360	1.00%	2.00	3.0	368	12.0
D-4		0.97	0.82	53	2.50%	2.73	340	1.90%	2.76	2.1	393	12.2
D-5		0.86	0.81	20	10.00%	1.08	225	1.00%	2.00	1.9	245	11.4
D-6		0.63	0.65	25	2.00%	3.24	110	1.50%	2.45	0.7	135	10.8
D-7		0.55	0.81	10	2.00%	1.31	240	1.00%	2.00	2.0	250	11.4
D-8		0.67	0.75	28	2.00%	2.62	490	1.00%	2.00	4.1	518	12.9
D-9		0.89	0.73	60	2.00%	4.09	215	2.00%	2.83	1.3	275	11.5
TOTAL D		6.97										
OS												
OS-1		0.38	0.08	44	4.00%	7.67	920	0.50%	0.49	31.0	38.7	15.4
OS-2		1.67	0.49	30	2.00%	4.77	150	1.00%	2.00	1.3	6.0	6.0
OS-3		0.43	0.08	48	10.00%	5.90	65	1.50%	0.86	1.3	113	10.6
OS-4		0.07	0.08	6	0.50%	5.67	8	25.00%	3.50	0.0	14	5.7
OS-5		0.13	0.08	10	2.00%	4.61	13	25.00%	3.50	0.1	23	10.1
TOTAL OS		2.68										
H-1		1.35	0.08	20	2.00%	6.52	555	2.00%	1.41	6.5	575	13.2
H-2		22.15	0.08	50	8.00%	6.49	1570	1.00%	1.00	26.2	1,620	19.0
Total Historic		23.50										

**5-YR RUNOFF COMPUTATIONS (RATIONAL METHOD)**

DESIGN PT.	BASIN	BASIN INFORMATION			DIRECT RUNOFF			TOTAL RUNOFF			PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS	
		AREA (acres)	RUNOFF COEFF.	Tc (min)	C x A (acres)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	$\Sigma C \times A$ (acres)	i (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	DESIGN FLOW (cfs)	SLOPE (%)	PIPE SIZE (in)	LENGTH (ft)	VELOCITY (ft/s)	t <sub>c</sub> (min)	
1	A-1	1.73	0.81	5.00	1.89	5.17	7.22	5.65	3.28	4.99	16.38	0.50%	7.22	24	193	4.96	0.65	
2	A-2	2.39	0.78	5.00	1.69	5.17	8.74	5.52	4.98	5.02	24.97	0.50%	16.38	36	193	6.13	0.52	
3	A-3	2.16		5.00		5.10		5.17		5.17		0.50%	5.25	36	261	6.13	0.71	
5	B-1	0.11	0.90	5.36	0.71	5.06	3.58	5.36	0.80	5.06	4.07	0.40%	5.15	18	48.00	0.50%	0.19	
6	B-2	0.97	0.73	5.36	0.64	5.06	3.24	5.76	1.44	4.96	7.16	0.50%	5.00	24	120.00	0.50%	0.40	
7	B-3	0.88	0.73	5.36	0.64	5.10	5.49	5.48	1.54	5.03	7.74	0.50%	5.70	24	37.80	0.50%	0.12	
8	B-4	0.11	0.90	5.00	0.10	5.17	0.49	5.17		5.17					337.00	5.52	1.02	
9	C-1	2.05	0.81	9.96	1.66	4.14	6.86	6.86	9.96	3.27	4.14	13.51	0.40%	6.86	24	53.10	3.94	0.24
10	C-2	2.09	0.77	9.96	1.61	4.14	6.66	6.66	9.96	4.10	4.72	19.34	0.40%	6.66	24	53.10	3.94	0.24
11	C-3	1.61	0.90	5.00	1.45	5.17	7.49	7.49	10.20	4.72								
<b>A</b>		<b>14.09</b>										<b>52.06</b>	<b>52.06</b>					<b>TOTAL TO SE POND</b>
12	D-1	1.03	0.81	5.44	0.84	5.04	4.23											
13	D-2	0.67	0.81	5.00	0.70	5.17	3.62											
14	D-3	0.49	0.65	5.00	0.32	5.17	1.64											
15	D-4	0.97	0.82	5.00	0.80	5.17	4.12											
16	D-5	0.86	0.81	5.00	0.70	5.17	3.60											
17	D-6	0.63	0.65	5.00	0.41	5.17	2.12											
18	D-7	0.55	0.81	5.00	0.44	5.17	2.28											
19	D-8	0.67	0.75	6.70	0.51	4.73	2.40											
4	D-9	0.89	0.73	5.36	0.65	5.06	3.30											
<b>B</b>		<b>6.97</b>																<b>TOTAL TO SW POND</b>
20	OS-1	0.38	0.08	15.36	0.03	3.49	0.11											
21	OS-2	1.67	0.49	6.02	0.82	4.89	4.02											
22	OS-3	0.49	0.68	7.17	0.03	4.63	0.16											
23	OS-4	0.07	0.08	5.70	0.01	4.97	0.03											
26	OS-5	0.13	0.08	5.00	0.01	5.17	0.05											
24	H-1	1.35	0.08	7.93	0.11	4.48	0.48											
25	H-2	22.15	0.08	19.00	1.77	3.17	5.61											
																		<b>Per MDDP</b>

PROJECT: Marksheffel/Constitution Project Site  
LOCATION: Marksheffel Rd. and Constitution Ave

Project No.: EDIS.01  
Date: September 14, 2016  
Engineer: Gary Iwata

100-YR RUNOFF COMPUTATIONS (RATIONAL METHOD)

BASIN INFORMATION			DIRECT RUNOFF			TOTAL RUNOFF			PIPE			TRAVEL TIME			REMARKS	
DESIGN PT.	BASIN	AREA (acres)	RUNOFF COEFF.	Tc (min)	C x A (acres)	I (in³/s)	Q (cfs)	Tc (min)	ΣC x A (acres)	Q (cfs)	DESIGN FLOW (cfs)	SLOPE (%)	PIPE LENGTH (ft)	VELOCITY (ft/s)	t (min)	
1	A-1	1.73	0.89	5.00	1.54	8.68	13.38	3.64	8.68	31.58	0.50%	24	193	4.28	0.76	
2	A-2	2.39	0.88	5.00	2.10	8.68	18.19	5.00	5.52	8.46	0.50%	36	193	7.15	0.45	
3	A-3	2.16	0.87	5.00	1.88	8.68	16.34	5.45	5.52	46.71	0.50%	36	261	7.60	0.57	
5	B-1	0.11	0.96	5.00	0.10	8.68	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.40%	18	48.00	0.51	1.57	
6	B-2	0.97	0.81	5.36	0.78	8.50	6.66	6.57	0.89	7.99	7.10	0.40%	24	120.00	1.35	1.48
7	B-3	0.88	0.81	5.36	0.71	8.50	6.04	6.64	1.60	7.89	12.60	0.40%	24	37.80	2.69	0.23
8	B-4	0.11	0.96	5.00	0.10	8.68	0.88	5.60	1.70	8.40	14.27	0.40%	24	336.00	4.61	1.21
9	C-1	2.05	0.88	9.96	1.80	6.94	12.50	3.61	6.94	25.04	12.50	0.40%	24	53.10	2.02	0.44
10	C-2	2.09	0.86	9.96	1.81	6.94	12.54	3.61	6.94	25.04	12.50	0.40%	24	53.10	2.02	0.44
11	C-3	1.61	0.96	5.00	1.55	8.68	13.42	10.39	5.15	6.84	35.22	0.40%	24	53.10	2.02	0.44
<b>A</b>			<b>14.09</b>							<b>96.20</b>	<b>96.20</b>					<b>TOTAL TO SE POND</b>
12	D-1	1.03	0.88	5.44	0.91	8.47	7.71									
13	D-2	0.87	0.88	5.00	0.76	8.68	6.61									
14	D-3	0.49	0.77	5.00	0.38	8.68	3.29	5.00	1.14	8.68	9.90	0.70%	18	13.2	3.74	0.06
15	D-4	0.97	0.90	5.00	0.88	8.68	7.60	5.18	2.33	8.59	25.14	1.50%	24	19.8	8.09	0.41
16	D-5	0.86	0.88	5.00	0.76	8.68	6.56	5.56	-	6.56	2.00%	18	71.00	3.71	0.32	
17	D-6	0.63	0.75	5.00	0.48	8.68	4.15	5.00	4.16	8.68	36.12	1.50%	30	31.80	7.36	0.07
18	D-7	0.55	0.88	5.00	0.48	8.68	4.16	5.00	4.16	8.68	36.12	2.00%	18	8.00	2.35	0.06
19	D-8	0.67	0.85	6.70	0.57	7.94	4.55	6.70	1.05	7.94	8.36	2.00%	18	60.00	4.73	0.21
D-9		0.89	0.81	5.36	0.72	8.50	6.14									
<b>B</b>			<b>6.97</b>							<b>50.62</b>	<b>50.62</b>					<b>TOTAL TO SW POND</b>
20	OS-1	0.38	0.35	15.36	0.13	5.05	0.78									
21	OS-2	1.67	0.66	6.02	1.10	8.21	9.02									
22	OS-3	0.43	0.35	7.17	0.15	7.77	1.17									
23	OS-4	0.07	0.35	5.70	0.02	8.35	0.20									
26	OS-5	0.13	0.35	5.00	0.04	8.68	0.39									
24	H-1	1.35	0.35	7.93	0.47	7.52	3.55									
25	H-2	22.15	0.35	19.00	7.75	5.32	41.20									

Use minimum Time of Concentration = 5 minutes  
Use composite coefficients

# **Appendix D**

## **Hydraulic Calculations**

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

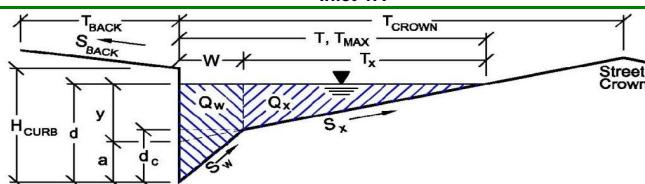
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-1A



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

ft

Gutter Width

ft

Street Transverse Slope

ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm      Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

ft

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

inches

check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm      Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'

**Warning 02: Max Allowable Depth for Minor Storm is greater than the Curb Height.**

**Warning 02:**

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

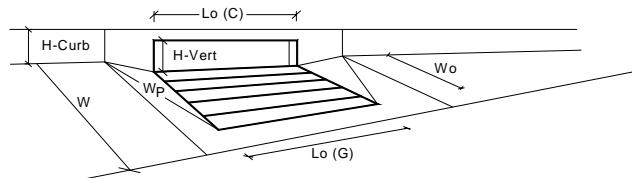
Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

check = yes

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project =  
Inlet ID =

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution  
Inlet-1A



### Design Information (Input)

#### Type of Inlet

Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Type =	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate		
a <sub>local</sub> =	2.00	2.00	inches
N <sub>o</sub> =	2	2	

Ponding Depth =  12.0       12.0      inches

Override Depths

	MINOR	MAJOR	
L <sub>o</sub> (G) =	3.00	3.00	feet
W <sub>o</sub> =	1.73	1.73	feet
A <sub>ratio</sub> =	0.43	0.43	
C <sub>t</sub> (G) =	0.50	0.50	
C <sub>w</sub> (G) =	3.30	3.30	
C <sub>o</sub> (G) =	0.60	0.60	

	MINOR	MAJOR	
L <sub>o</sub> (C) =	N/A	N/A	feet
H <sub>vert</sub> =	N/A	N/A	inches
H <sub>throat</sub> =	N/A	N/A	inches
Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
W <sub>p</sub> =	N/A	N/A	feet
C <sub>t</sub> (C) =	N/A	N/A	
C <sub>w</sub> (C) =	N/A	N/A	
C <sub>o</sub> (C) =	N/A	N/A	

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Q <sub>a</sub> =	13.6	13.6	cfs

Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> =  7.2       13.4      cfs

### Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)

**Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)**

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

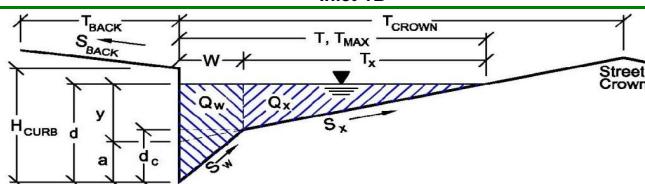
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-1B



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

ft

Gutter Width

ft

Street Transverse Slope

ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm      Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

ft

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

inches

check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm      Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'

Warning 02: Max Allowable Depth for Minor Storm is greater than the Curb Height.

Warning 02:

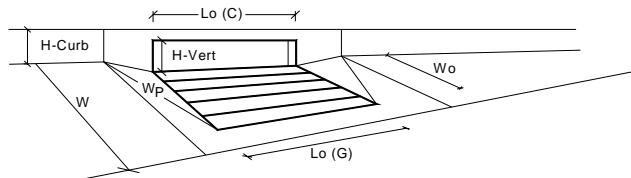
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project =  
Inlet ID =

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution  
Inlet-1B



### Design Information (Input)

#### Type of Inlet

Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Type =	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate		
a <sub>local</sub> =	2.00	2.00	inches
N <sub>o</sub> =	3	3	

Ponding Depth =  12.0       12.0      inches       Override Depths

#### Grate Information

Length of a Unit Grate

MINOR	MAJOR
L <sub>o</sub> (G) =	3.00

feet

Width of a Unit Grate

W <sub>o</sub> =	1.73
------------------	------

feet

Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)

A <sub>ratio</sub> =	0.43
----------------------	------

Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)

C <sub>f</sub> (G) =	0.50
----------------------	------

Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)

C <sub>w</sub> (G) =	3.30
----------------------	------

Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)

C <sub>o</sub> (G) =	0.60
----------------------	------

#### Curb Opening Information

Length of a Unit Curb Opening

MINOR	MAJOR
L <sub>o</sub> (C) =	N/A

feet

Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches

H <sub>vert</sub> =	N/A
---------------------	-----

inches

Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches

H <sub>throat</sub> =	N/A
-----------------------	-----

inches

Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)

Theta =	N/A
---------	-----

degrees

Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)

W <sub>p</sub> =	N/A
------------------	-----

feet

Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)

C <sub>f</sub> (C) =	N/A
----------------------	-----

Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)

C <sub>w</sub> (C) =	N/A
----------------------	-----

Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)

C <sub>o</sub> (C) =	N/A
----------------------	-----

### Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)

**Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)**

MINOR	MAJOR
Q <sub>a</sub> =	21.6

cfs

Q<sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> =  9.8       18.2      cfs

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

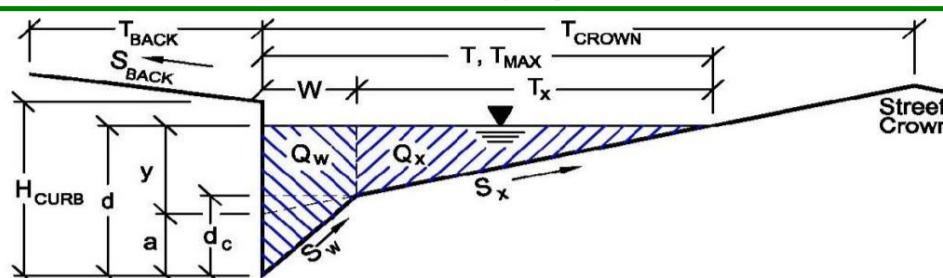
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-1C



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

ft

Gutter Width

ft

Street Transverse Slope

ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

ft

**Warning 02** Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

check = yes

**MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

**Minor Storm**    **Major Storm**

**MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

**Minor Storm**    **Major Storm**

**Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

**SUMP**    **SUMP** cfs

**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

**Warning 02: Max Allowable Depth for Minor Storm is greater than the Curb Height.**

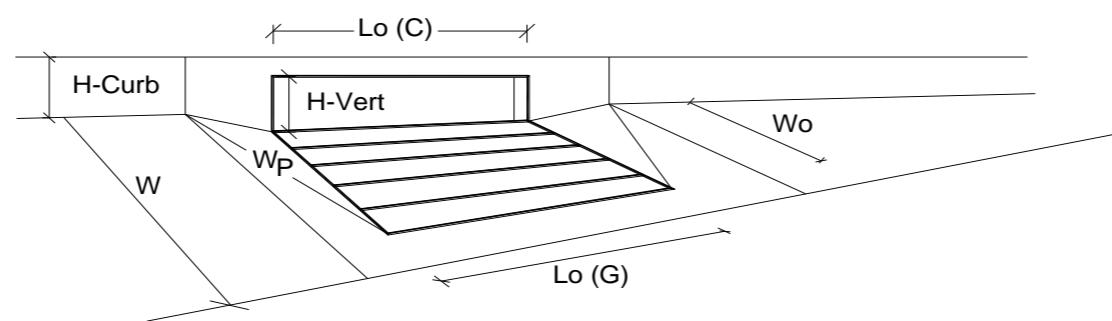
## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project =

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID =

Inlet-1C



### Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet

Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')

Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)

Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)

### Grate Information

Length of a Unit Grate

Width of a Unit Grate

Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)

Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)

Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)

Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)

### Curb Opening Information

Length of a Unit Curb Opening

Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches

Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches

Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)

Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)

Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)

Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)

Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)

### Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)

**Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)**

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Type =	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate		
$a_{local}$ =	2.00	2.00	inches
No =	3	3	
Ponding Depth =	12.0	12.0	inches

Override Depths

MINOR	MAJOR		
$L_o(G)$ =	3.00	3.00	feet
$W_o$ =	1.73	1.73	feet
$A_{ratio}$ =	0.43	0.43	
$C_f(G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
$C_w(G)$ =	3.30	3.30	
$C_o(G)$ =	0.60	0.60	

MINOR	MAJOR	
-------	-------	--

$L_o(C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
------------	-----	-----	------

$H_{vert}$ =	N/A	N/A	inches
--------------	-----	-----	--------

$H_{throat}$ =	N/A	N/A	inches
----------------	-----	-----	--------

Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
---------	-----	-----	---------

$W_p$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
---------	-----	-----	------

$C_f(C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
------------	-----	-----	--

$C_w(C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
------------	-----	-----	--

$C_o(C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
------------	-----	-----	--

MINOR	MAJOR	
-------	-------	--

$Q_a$ =	21.6	21.6	cfs
---------	------	------	-----

$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	8.7	16.3	cfs
------------------------	-----	------	-----

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

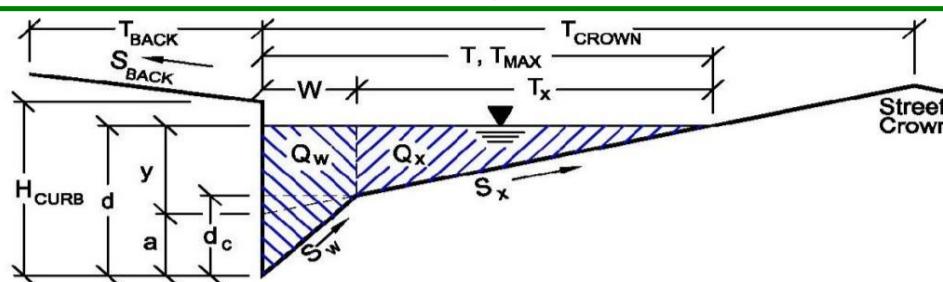
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-2A-1



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

$T_{BACK} = 50.0$  ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

$S_{BACK} = 0.080$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{BACK} = 0.013$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

$H_{CURB} = 58.32$  inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

$T_{CROWN} = 60.0$  ft

Gutter Width

$W = 2.00$  ft

Street Transverse Slope

$S_x = 0.017$  ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

$S_w = 0.017$  ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

$S_o = 0.000$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{STREET} = 0.013$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm      Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

$T_{MAX} = 60.0 \quad 60.0$  ft

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

$d_{MAX} = 12.0 \quad 12.0$  inches

check = yes

**MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

Minor Storm      Major Storm

**MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

$Q_{allow} = \boxed{\text{SUMP}} \quad \boxed{\text{SUMP}}$  cfs

**Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

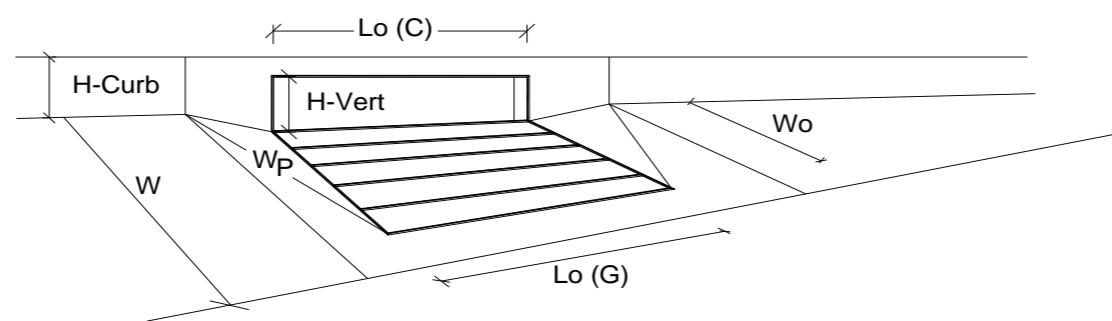
## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project =

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID =

Inlet-2A-1



### Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet

Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')

Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)

Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)

### Grate Information

Length of a Unit Grate

Width of a Unit Grate

Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)

Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)

Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)

Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)

### Curb Opening Information

Length of a Unit Curb Opening

Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches

Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches

Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)

Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)

Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)

Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)

Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)

### Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)

**Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)**

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Inlet Type =	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate		
$a_{local}$ =	2.00	2.00	inches
No =	1	1	
Ponding Depth =	12.0	12.0	inches

Override Depths

MINOR	MAJOR		
$L_o(G)$ =	3.00	3.00	feet
$W_o$ =	1.73	1.73	feet
$A_{ratio}$ =	0.43	0.43	
$C_f(G)$ =	0.50	0.50	
$C_w(G)$ =	3.30	3.30	
$C_o(G)$ =	0.60	0.60	

MINOR	MAJOR		
$L_o(C)$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
$H_{vert}$ =	N/A	N/A	inches
$H_{throat}$ =	N/A	N/A	inches
Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
$W_p$ =	N/A	N/A	feet
$C_f(C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
$C_w(C)$ =	N/A	N/A	
$C_o(C)$ =	N/A	N/A	

MINOR	MAJOR		
$Q_a$ =	5.6	5.6	cfs
$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	0.5	0.9	cfs

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

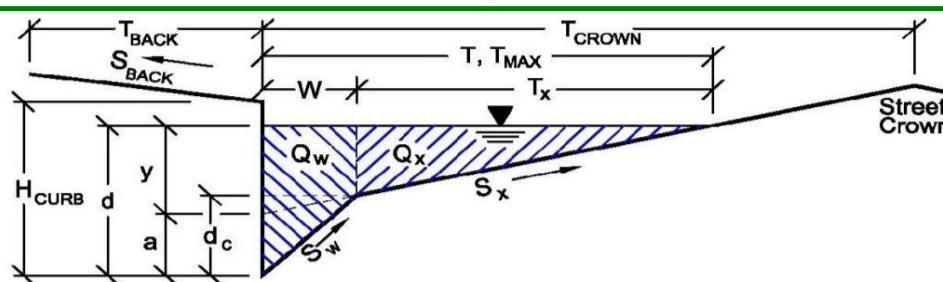
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-2B-1



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

$T_{BACK} = 50.0$  ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

$S_{BACK} = 0.080$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{BACK} = 0.013$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

$H_{CURB} = 58.32$  inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

$T_{CROWN} = 60.0$  ft

Gutter Width

$W = 2.00$  ft

Street Transverse Slope

$S_x = 0.017$  ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

$S_w = 0.017$  ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

$S_o = 0.000$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{STREET} = 0.013$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm      Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

$T_{MAX} = 60.0 \quad 60.0$  ft

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

$d_{MAX} = 12.0 \quad 12.0$  inches

check = yes

**MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

Minor Storm      Major Storm

**MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

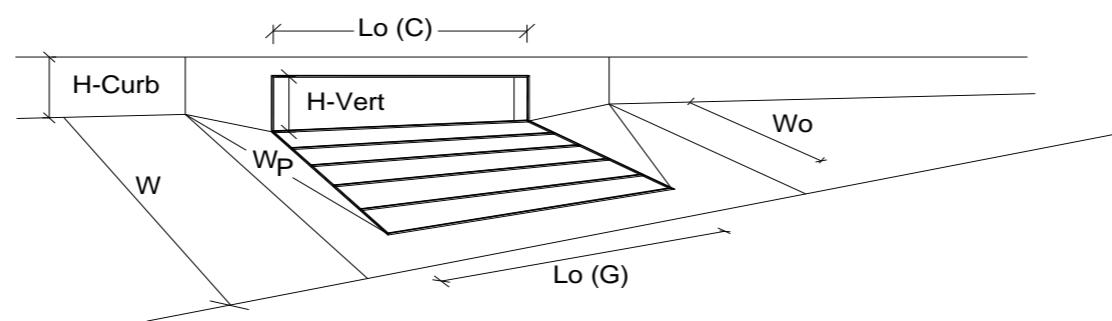
$Q_{allow} = \boxed{\text{SUMP}} \quad \boxed{\text{SUMP}}$  cfs

**Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project = SEC Marksheffel & Constitution  
Inlet ID = Inlet-2B-1



<b>Design Information (Input)</b>	
Type of Inlet	Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)
<b>Grate Information</b>	
Length of a Unit Grate	Inlet Type = CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate
Width of a Unit Grate	$a_{local}$ = 2.00 inches
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	No = 1
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	Ponding Depth = 12.0 inches
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	<input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	<b>MINOR      MAJOR</b>
<b>Curb Opening Information</b>	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_o (G)$ = 3.00 feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	$W_o$ = 1.73 feet
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	$A_{ratio}$ = 0.43
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	$C_f (G)$ = 0.50
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	$C_w (G)$ = 3.30
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_o (G)$ = 0.60
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	<b>MINOR      MAJOR</b>
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$L_o (C)$ = N/A feet
<b>Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)</b>	
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)	
$Q_a$ =	5.6 cfs
$Q_{PEAK\ REQUIRED}$ =	0.5 cfs

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

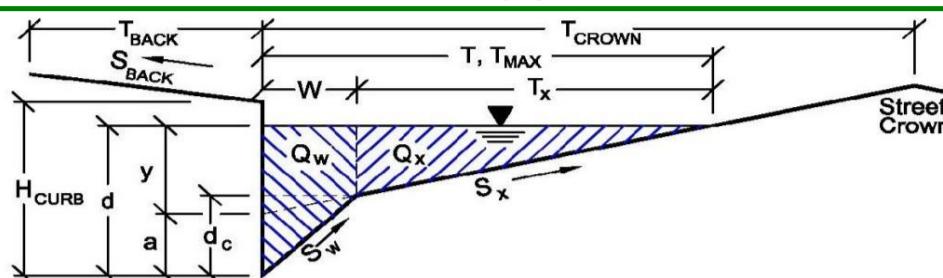
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-3B



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

$T_{BACK} = 1.0$  ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

$S_{BACK} = 0.020$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{BACK} = 0.013$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$  inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

$T_{CROWN} = 60.0$  ft

Gutter Width

$W = 2.00$  ft

Street Transverse Slope

$S_x = 0.020$  ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

$S_w = 0.020$  ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

$S_o = 0.000$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{STREET} = 0.013$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

$T_{MAX} = 60.0$  ft

**Warning 02** Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

$d_{MAX} = 12.0$  inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

check = yes

**MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

Minor Storm      Major Storm

**MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

Minor Storm      Major Storm

**Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

SUMP      SUMP cfs

**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

Warning 02: Max Allowable Depth for Minor Storm is greater than the Curb Height.

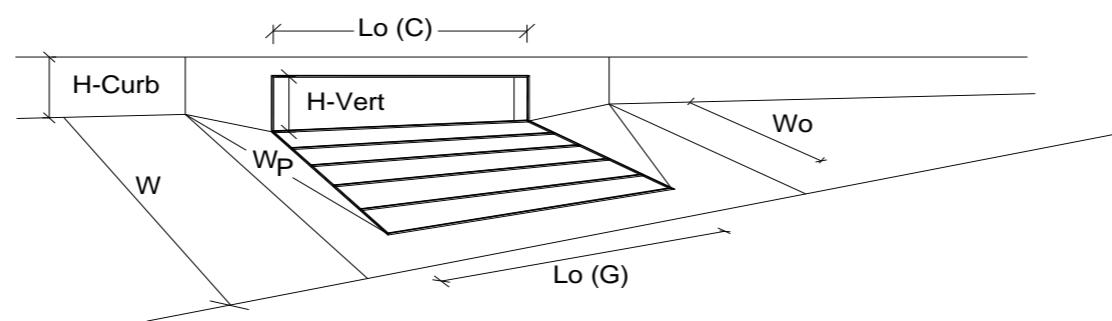
## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project =

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID =

Inlet-3B



### Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet

Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')

Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)

Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)

### Grate Information

Length of a Unit Grate

Width of a Unit Grate

Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)

Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)

Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)

Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)

### Curb Opening Information

Length of a Unit Curb Opening

Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches

Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches

Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)

Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)

Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)

Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)

Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)

### Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)

**Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)**

	MINOR	MAJOR
Inlet Type =	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate	
a <sub>local</sub> =	2.00	2.00
No =	1	1
Ponding Depth =	12.0	12.0

inches

inches  Override Depths

MINOR	MAJOR	
L <sub>o</sub> (G) =	3.00	3.00
W <sub>o</sub> =	1.73	1.73
A <sub>ratio</sub> =	0.43	0.43
C <sub>f</sub> (G) =	0.50	0.50
C <sub>w</sub> (G) =	3.30	3.30
C <sub>o</sub> (G) =	0.60	0.60

feet

	MINOR	MAJOR
L <sub>o</sub> (C) =	N/A	N/A
H <sub>vert</sub> =	N/A	N/A
H <sub>throat</sub> =	N/A	N/A
Theta =	N/A	N/A
W <sub>p</sub> =	N/A	N/A
C <sub>f</sub> (C) =	N/A	N/A
C <sub>w</sub> (C) =	N/A	N/A
C <sub>o</sub> (C) =	N/A	N/A

inches

inches

degrees

feet

MINOR	MAJOR	
Q <sub>a</sub> =	5.6	5.6
Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> =	0.5	0.9

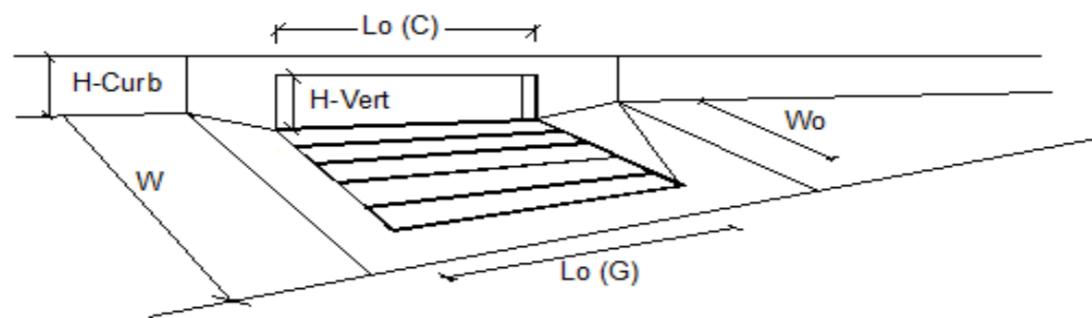
cfs

cfs

## INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Project: \_\_\_\_\_  
Inlet ID: \_\_\_\_\_

**SEC Marksheffel & Constitution**  
**Inlet-3B-1**



### Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet  
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')  
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)  
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)  
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W from Q-Allow)  
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)  
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
a <sub>LOCAL</sub> =	3.0	3.0	inches
No =	2	2	
L <sub>o</sub> =	5.00	5.00	ft
W <sub>o</sub> =	N/A	N/A	ft
C <sub>r</sub> -G =	N/A	N/A	
C <sub>r</sub> -C =	0.10	0.10	

### Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < maximum allowable from sheet 'Q-Allow'

Total Inlet Interception Capacity  
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)  
Capture Percentage = Q<sub>s</sub>/Q<sub>o</sub> =

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Q =	1.64	3.29	cfs
Q <sub>b</sub> =	0.0	0.0	cfs
C% =	100	100	%

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

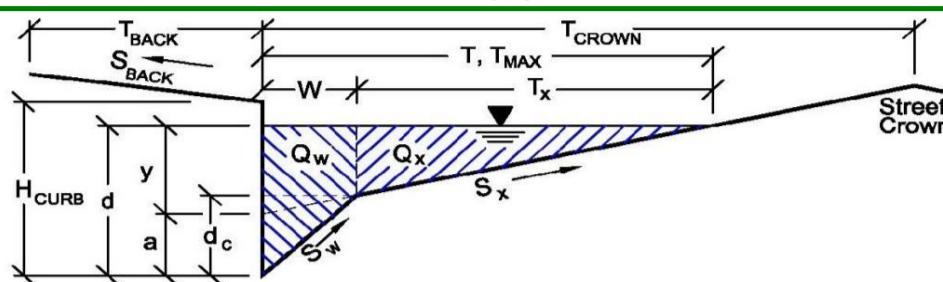
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-3B-1



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

$T_{BACK} = 2.0$  ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

$S_{BACK} = 0.020$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{BACK} = 0.013$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$  inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

$T_{CROWN} = 30.0$  ft

Gutter Width

$W = 2.00$  ft

Street Transverse Slope

$S_x = 0.020$  ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

$S_w = 0.083$  ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

$S_o = 0.010$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{STREET} = 0.013$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm      Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

$T_{MAX} = 30.0 \quad 30.0$  ft

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

$d_{MAX} = 6.0 \quad 6.0$  inches

check = yes

**MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

Minor Storm      Major Storm

**MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

$Q_{allow} = 17.0 \quad 17.3$  cfs

**Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

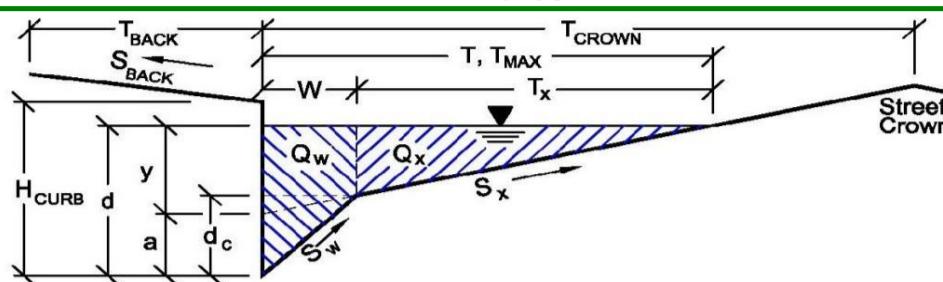
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-3C



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

ft

Gutter Width

ft

Street Transverse Slope

ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

ft

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

inches

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

check = yes

**MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

**Minor Storm**      **Major Storm**

**MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

**Minor Storm**      **Major Storm**

**Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

**SUMP**      **SUMP** cfs

**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

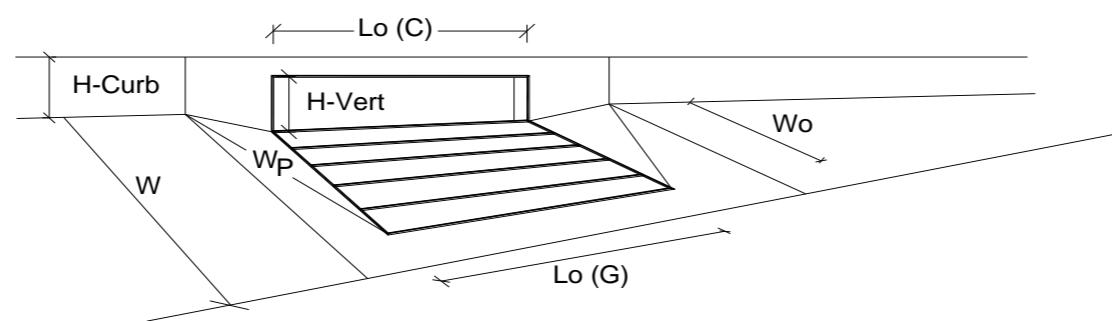
## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project =

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID =

Inlet-3C



### Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet

Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')

Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)

Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)

### Grate Information

Length of a Unit Grate

Width of a Unit Grate

Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)

Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)

Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)

Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)

### Curb Opening Information

Length of a Unit Curb Opening

Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches

Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches

Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)

Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)

Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)

Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)

Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)

### Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)

**Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)**

Inlet Type =	MINOR		MAJOR	
	CDOT Type R Curb Opening			
a <sub>local</sub> =	3.00	3.00	inches	
No =	1	1	inches	
Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.7	inches	<input type="checkbox"/> Override Depths

L <sub>o</sub> (G) =	MINOR		MAJOR	
	N/A	N/A		
W <sub>o</sub> =	N/A	N/A	feet	feet
A <sub>ratio</sub> =	N/A	N/A		
C <sub>f</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A		
C <sub>w</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A		
C <sub>o</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A		

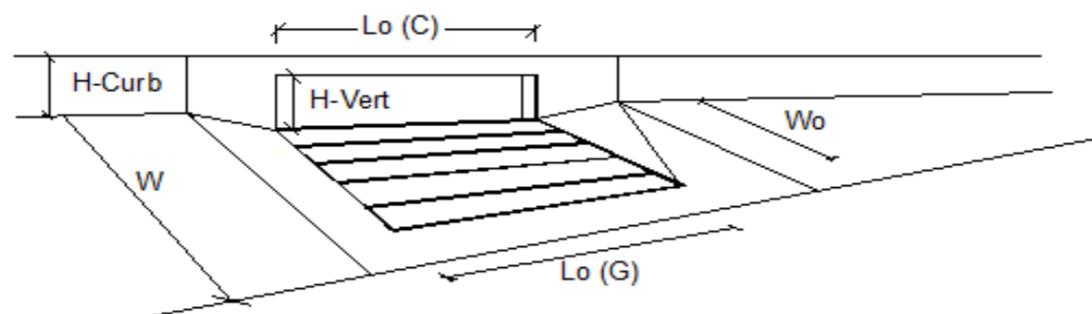
L <sub>o</sub> (C) =	MINOR		MAJOR	
	5.00	5.00	feet	feet
H <sub>vert</sub> =	6.00	6.00	inches	inches
H <sub>throat</sub> =	6.00	6.00	inches	inches
Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees	degrees
W <sub>p</sub> =	2.00	2.00	feet	feet
C <sub>f</sub> (C) =	0.10	0.10		
C <sub>w</sub> (C) =	3.60	3.60		
C <sub>o</sub> (C) =	0.67	0.67		

Q <sub>a</sub> =	MINOR		MAJOR	
	5.4	6.8	cfs	cfs
Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> =	2.1	4.2	cfs	cfs

## INLET ON A CONTINUOUS GRADE

Project: \_\_\_\_\_  
Inlet ID: \_\_\_\_\_

**SEC Marksheffel & Constitution**  
**Inlet-4A**



### Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet  
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')  
Total Number of Units in the Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)  
Length of a Single Unit Inlet (Grate or Curb Opening)  
Width of a Unit Grate (cannot be greater than W from Q-Allow)  
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Grate (typical min. value = 0.5)  
Clogging Factor for a Single Unit Curb Opening (typical min. value = 0.1)

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Type =	CDOT Type R Curb Opening		
a <sub>LOCAL</sub> =	3.0	3.0	inches
No =	2	2	
L <sub>o</sub> =	5.00	5.00	ft
W <sub>o</sub> =	N/A	N/A	ft
C <sub>r</sub> -G =	N/A	N/A	
C <sub>r</sub> -C =	0.10	0.10	

### Street Hydraulics: OK - Q < maximum allowable from sheet 'Q-Allow'

Total Inlet Interception Capacity  
Total Inlet Carry-Over Flow (flow bypassing inlet)  
Capture Percentage = Q<sub>s</sub>/Q<sub>o</sub> =

	MINOR	MAJOR	
Q =	2.40	4.28	cfs
Q <sub>b</sub> =	0.0	0.3	cfs
C% =	100	94	%

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

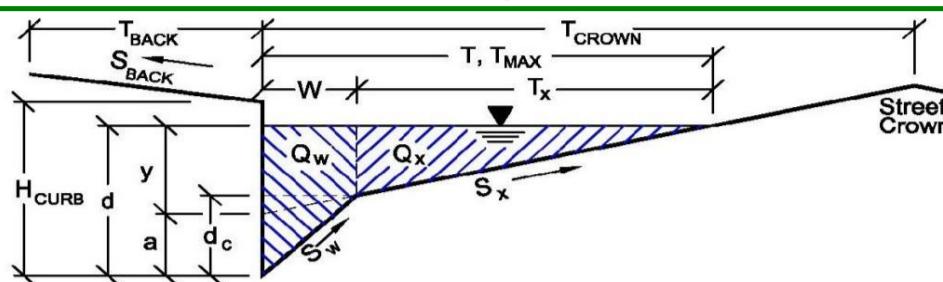
(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project:

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID:

Inlet-4A



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

$T_{BACK} = 2.0$  ft

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

$S_{BACK} = 0.020$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{BACK} = 0.013$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$  inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

$T_{CROWN} = 30.0$  ft

Gutter Width

$W = 2.00$  ft

Street Transverse Slope

$S_x = 0.020$  ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

$S_w = 0.083$  ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

$S_o = 0.010$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{STREET} = 0.013$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm      Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

$T_{MAX} = 30.0 \quad 30.0$  ft

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

$d_{MAX} = 6.0 \quad 6.0$  inches

check = yes

**MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

Minor Storm      Major Storm

**MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion**

$Q_{allow} = 17.0 \quad 17.3$  cfs

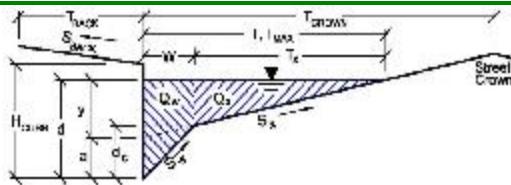
**Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

**Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'**

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: SEC Marksheffel & Constitution  
Inlet ID: Inlet-7A



### Gutter Geometry (Enter data in the blue cells)

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb  
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)  
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$T_{BACK} = 6.0$  ft  
 $S_{BACK} = 0.020$  ft/ft  
 $n_{BACK} = 0.013$

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

$H_{CURB} = 6.00$  inches

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

$T_{CROWN} = 30.0$  ft

Gutter Width

$W = 2.00$  ft

Street Transverse Slope

$S_x = 0.020$  ft/ft

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

$S_w = 0.083$  ft/ft

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

$S_o = 0.000$  ft/ft

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

$n_{STREET} = 0.013$

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Minor Storm      Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

$T_{MAX} = 30.0 \quad 30.0$  ft

Allow Flow Depth at Street Crown (leave blank for no)

$d_{MAX} = 6.0 \quad 12.0$  inches

check = yes

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

Minor Storm      Major Storm

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

**SUMP      SUMP** cfs

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'

Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than flow given on sheet 'Q-Peak'

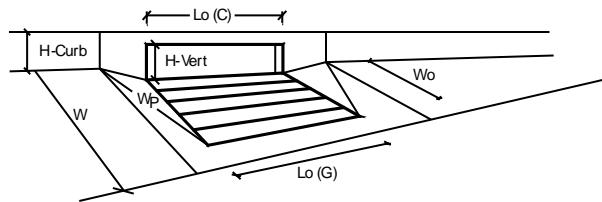
## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

Project =

SEC Marksheffel & Constitution

Inlet ID =

Inlet-7A



### Design Information (Input)

Type of Inlet

Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from 'Q-Allow')

Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)

Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)

### Grate Information

Length of a Unit Grate

Width of a Unit Grate

Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)

Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)

Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)

Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)

### Curb Opening Information

Length of a Unit Curb Opening

Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches

Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches

Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)

Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)

Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)

Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)

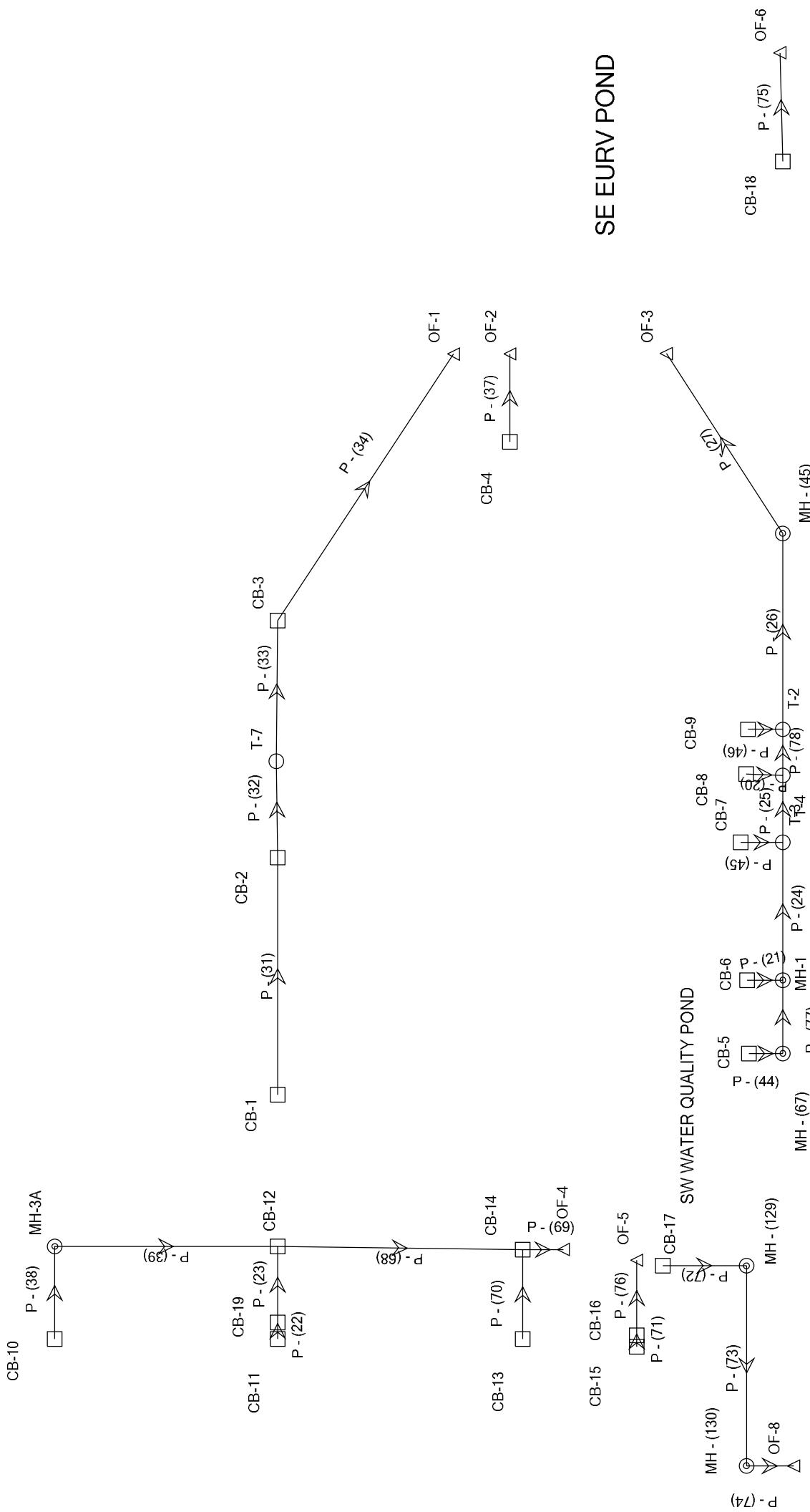
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)

Inlet Type =	MINOR		MAJOR	
	CDOT Type R Curb Opening			
a <sub>local</sub> =	3.00	3.00	inches	
No =	2	2		
Ponding Depth =	6.0	8.7	inches	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Override Depths
<hr/>				
L <sub>o</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet	
W <sub>o</sub> =	N/A	N/A	feet	
A <sub>ratio</sub> =	N/A	N/A		
C <sub>r</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A		
C <sub>w</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A		
C <sub>o</sub> (G) =	N/A	N/A		
<hr/>				
L <sub>o</sub> (C) =	5.00	5.00	feet	
H <sub>vert</sub> =	6.00	6.00	inches	
H <sub>throat</sub> =	6.00	6.00	inches	
Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees	
W <sub>p</sub> =	2.00	2.00	feet	
C <sub>r</sub> (C) =	0.10	0.10		
C <sub>w</sub> (C) =	3.60	3.60		
C <sub>o</sub> (C) =	0.67	0.67		
<hr/>				
Q <sub>a</sub> =	10.5	21.4	cfs	
Q <sub>PEAK REQUIRED</sub> =	6.6	12.5	cfs	

### Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condi

Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q PEAK)

## **Scenario: 5-year**

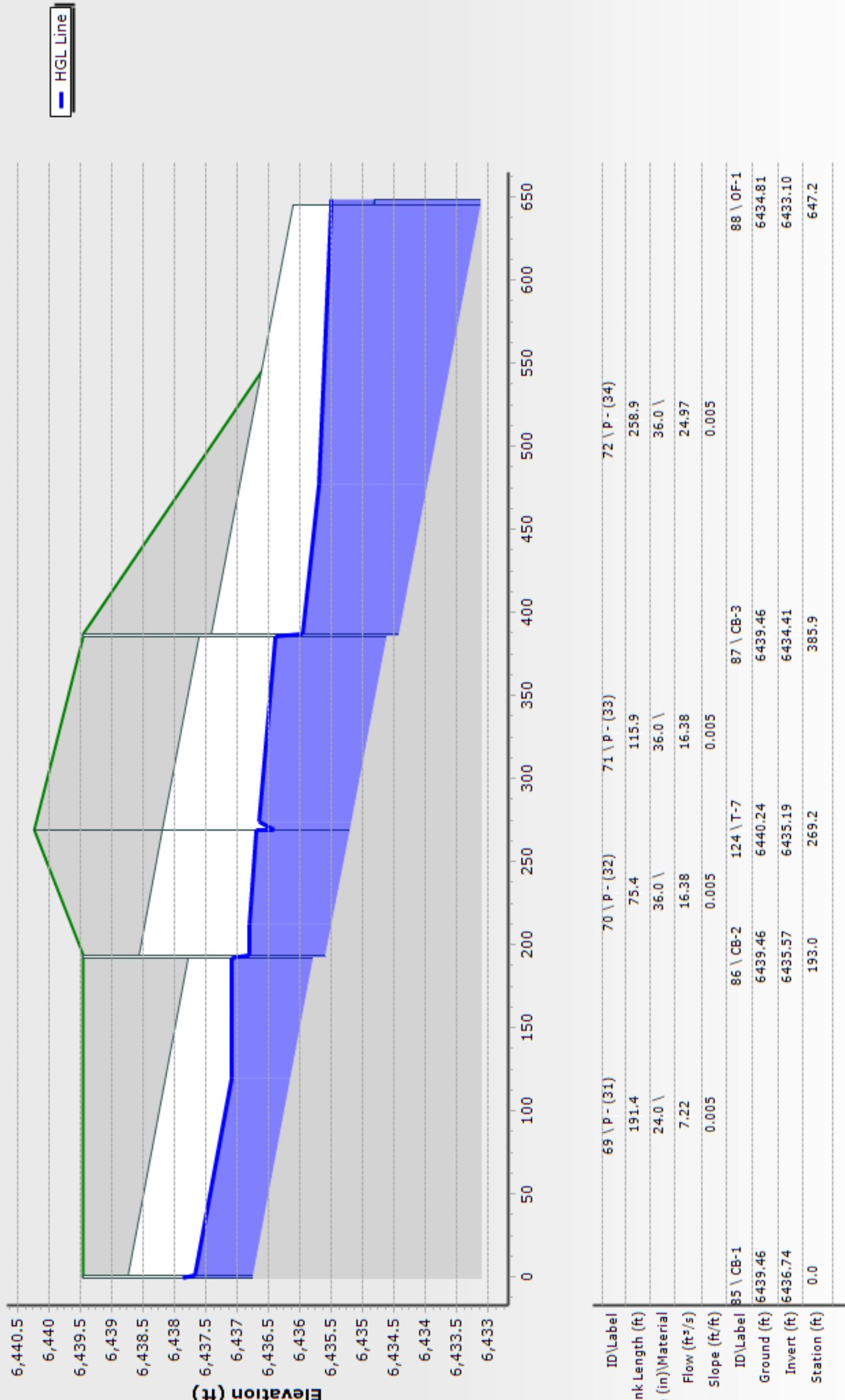


**Scenario: 5-year****Current Time Step: 0.000Hr****Conduit FlexTable: Combined Pipe/Node Report**

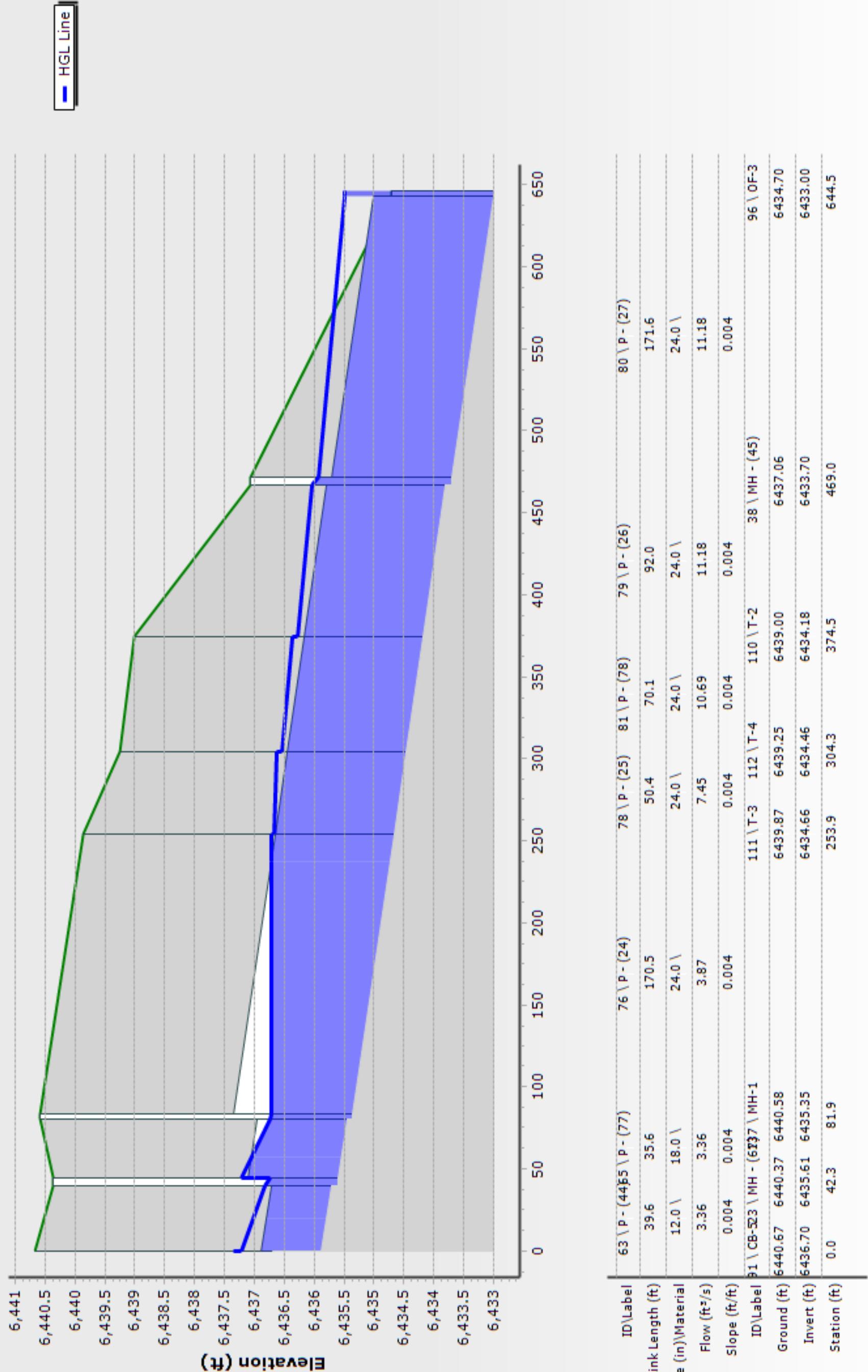
Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (in)	Length (Unified) (ft)	Capacity (Full Flow) (ft³/s)	Velocity (Average) (ft/s)	Invert (Upstream) (ft)	Invert (Downstream) (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
P - (20)	CB-8	T-4	12.0	42.0	5.93	4.13	6,436.13	6,434.96	0.028	0.013	6,437.47	6,437.12
P - (21)	CB-6	MH-1	12.0	26.2	10.08	6.71	6,437.80	6,435.70	0.080	0.013	6,437.95	6,437.28
P - (22)	CB-11	CB-19	18.0	8.0	14.85	2.05	6,436.92	6,436.76	0.020	0.013	6,438.68	6,438.67
P - (23)	CB-19	CB-12	18.0	70.4	14.87	2.97	6,436.56	6,435.15	0.020	0.013	6,438.60	6,438.43
P - (24)	MH-1	T-3	24.0	172.0	14.33	3.87	6,435.35	6,434.66	0.004	0.013	6,437.27	6,437.22
P - (25)	T-3	T-4	24.0	50.4	14.25	2.37	6,434.66	6,434.46	0.004	0.013	6,437.18	6,437.12
P - (26)	T-2	MH - (45)	24.0	94.5	14.34	3.56	6,434.18	6,433.80	0.004	0.013	6,436.78	6,436.55
P - (27)	MH - (45)	OF-3	24.0	175.6	14.28	3.56	6,433.70	6,433.00	0.004	0.013	6,436.43	6,436.00
P - (31)	CB-1	CB-2	24.0	193.0	14.29	4.56	6,435.89	6,435.12	0.004	0.013	6,436.90	6,436.61
P - (32)	CB-2	T-7	36.0	76.2	42.19	5.59	6,435.02	6,434.72	0.004	0.013	6,436.40	6,436.40
P - (33)	T-7	CB-3	36.0	116.8	42.54	5.63	6,434.72	6,434.24	0.004	0.013	6,436.24	6,436.24
P - (34)	CB-3	OF-1	36.0	261.3	40.00	5.97	6,434.04	6,433.10	0.004	0.013	6,436.00	6,436.00
P - (37)	CB-4	OF-2	24.0	53.1	14.23	2.12	6,433.25	6,433.04	0.004	0.013	6,435.32	6,435.27
P - (38)	CB-10	MH-3A	18.0	75.8	12.88	6.53	6,439.20	6,438.06	0.015	0.013	6,439.79	6,438.90
P - (39)	MH-3A	CB-12	18.0	181.0	12.85	6.52	6,437.86	6,435.15	0.015	0.013	6,438.64	6,438.43
P - (44)	CB-5	MH - (67)	12.0	42.3	2.26	4.28	6,435.88	6,435.71	0.004	0.013	6,437.75	6,437.37
P - (45)	CB-7	T-3	12.0	21.7	10.08	11.74	6,436.90	6,435.16	0.080	0.013	6,437.37	6,437.22
P - (46)	CB-9	T-2	12.0	74.0	2.52	0.62	6,435.05	6,434.68	0.005	0.013	6,436.89	6,436.88
P - (68)	CB-12	CB-14	36.0	197.9	81.71	1.93	6,434.95	6,431.98	0.015	0.013	6,438.39	6,438.31
P - (69)	CB-14	OF-4	36.0	31.8	81.89	2.74	6,430.48	6,430.00	0.015	0.013	6,438.23	6,438.20
P - (70)	CB-13	CB-14	18.0	70.7	14.83	2.04	6,433.39	6,431.98	0.020	0.013	6,438.39	6,438.31
P - (71)	CB-15	CB-16	18.0	8.0	14.85	1.29	6,432.86	6,432.70	0.020	0.013	6,438.36	6,438.36
P - (72)	CB-17	MH - (129)	30.0	69.0	53.41	4.31	6,429.42	6,428.25	0.017	0.013	6,429.67	6,428.50
P - (73)	MH - (129)	MH - (130)	30.0	164.2	53.28	4.30	6,428.05	6,425.28	0.017	0.013	6,428.30	6,425.59
P - (74)	MH - (130)	OF-8	36.0	38.6	140.30	5.87	6,425.08	6,423.37	0.044	0.013	6,425.27	6,423.56
P - (75)	CB-18	OF-6	18.0	86.5	7.80	0.61	6,431.15	6,430.67	0.006	0.013	6,435.01	6,435.00
P - (76)	CB-16	OF-5	18.0	60.2	14.85	2.54	6,431.20	6,430.00	0.020	0.013	6,438.31	6,438.20
P - (77)	MH - (67)	MH-1	18.0	39.6	6.68	1.90	6,435.61	6,435.45	0.004	0.013	6,437.32	6,437.28
P - (78)	T-4	T-2	24.0	70.2	14.29	3.40	6,434.46	6,434.18	0.004	0.013	6,437.03	6,436.88

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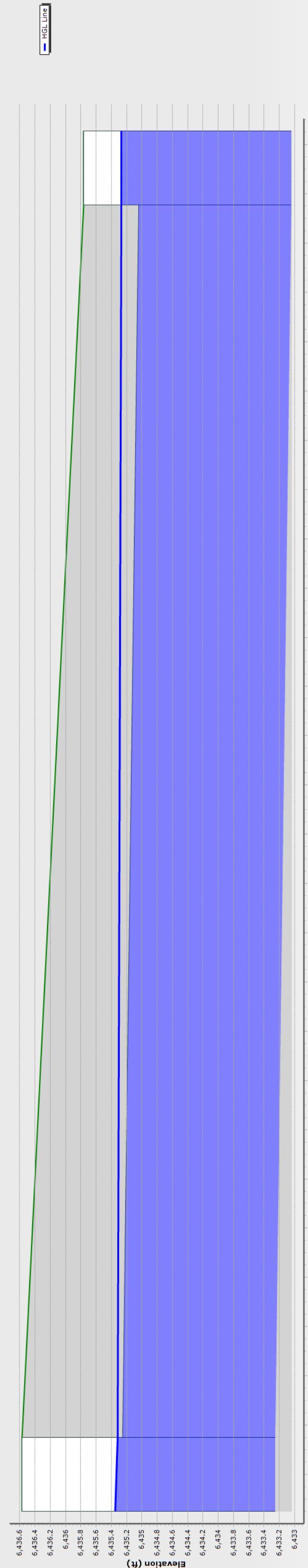
## Basin A - 5-year



## Basin B - 5-year

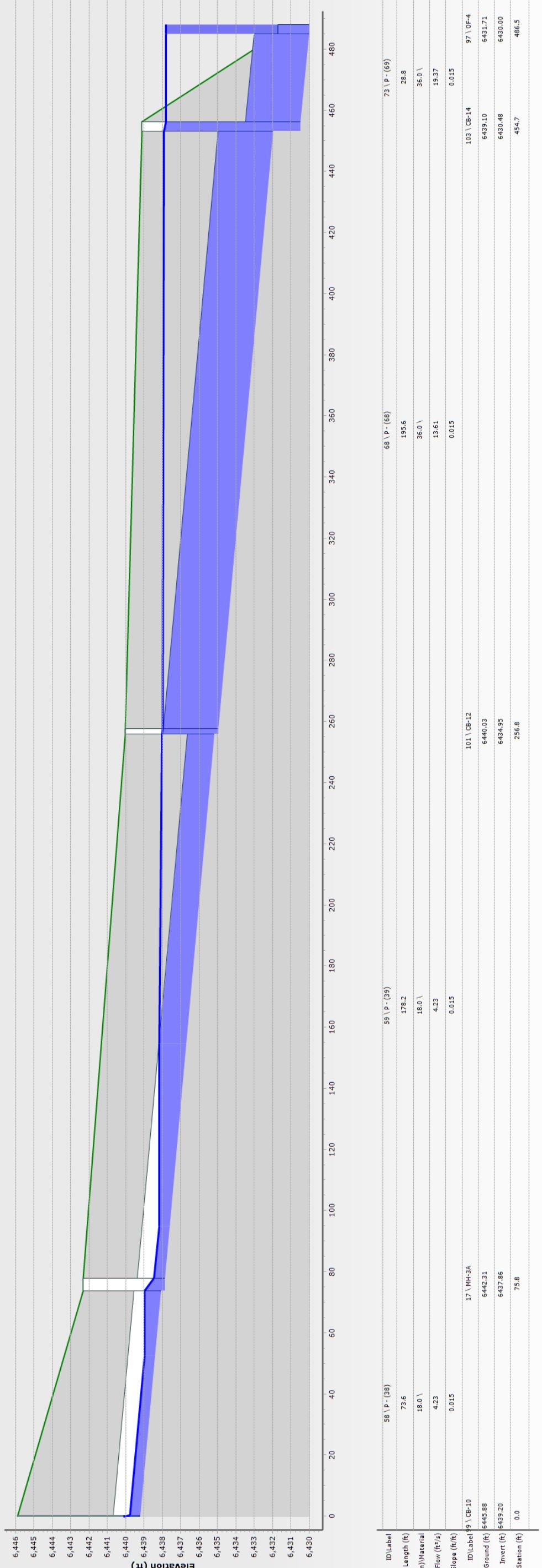


Basin C - 5-year

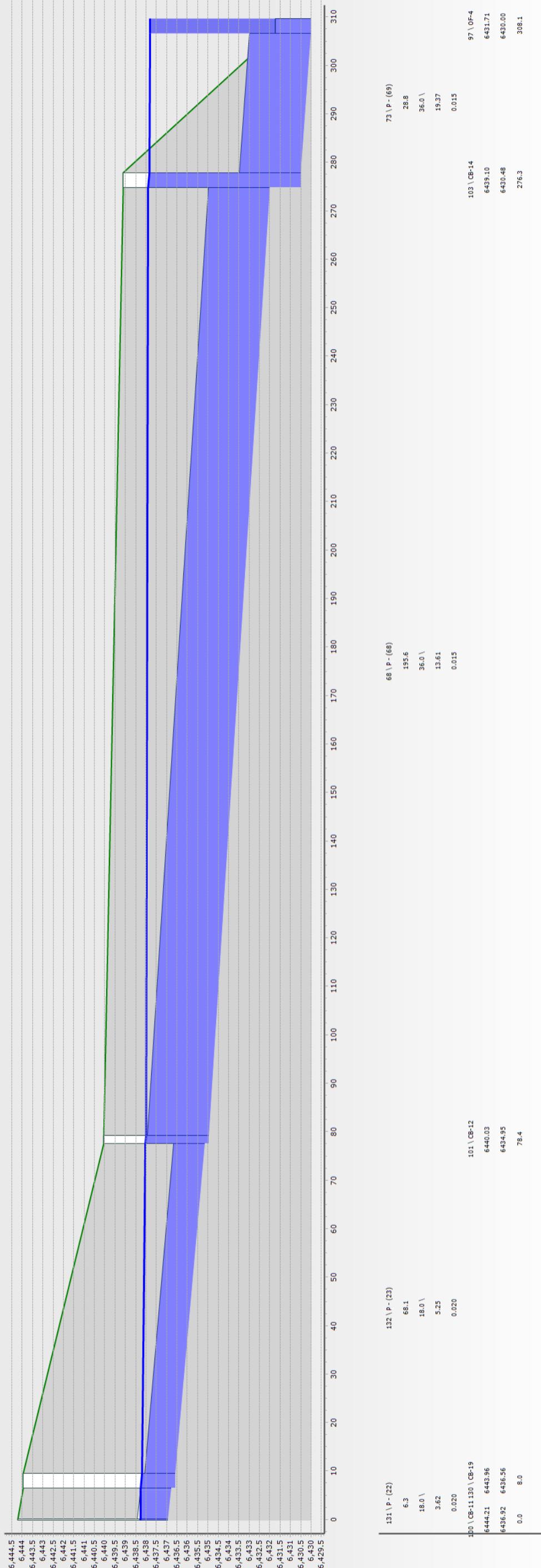


ID\Label	93 \ P - (37)
Link Length (ft)	50.1
Rise (in)\Material	24.0 \
Flow (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	6.66
Slope (ft/ft)	0.004
ID\Label	89 \ OF-2
Ground (ft)	6435.76
Invert (ft)	6433.04
Station (ft)	53.1

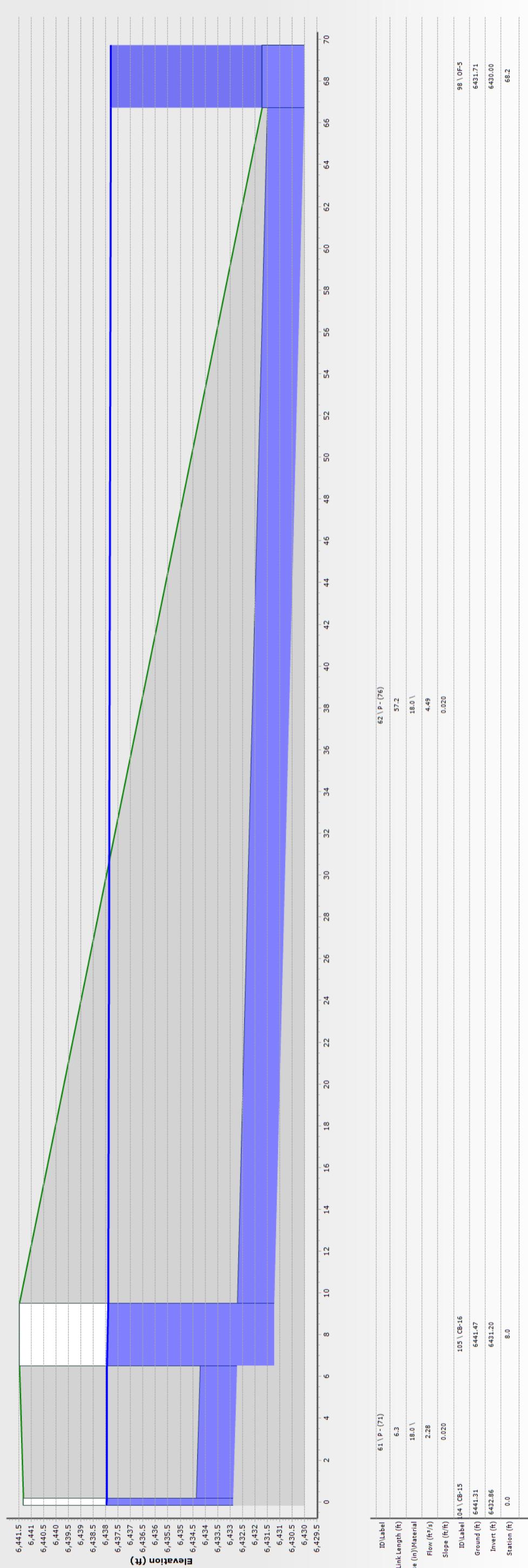
## Basin D - 5-year



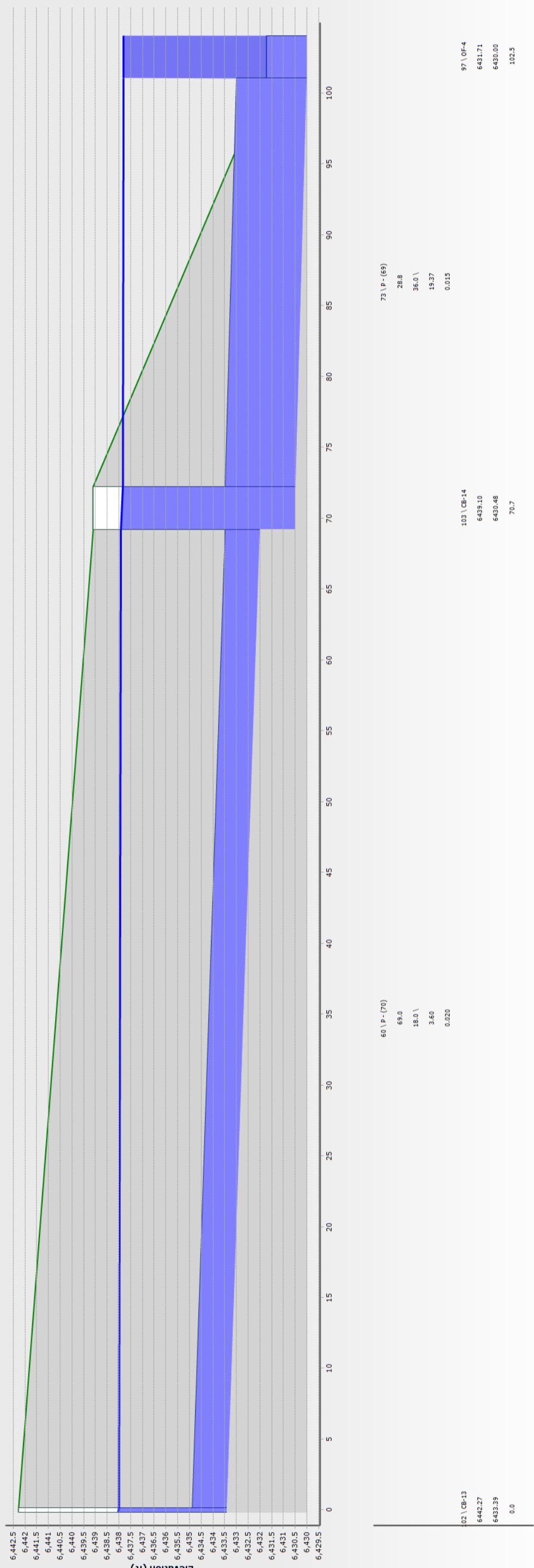
## Basin D Mid Lateral - 5-year



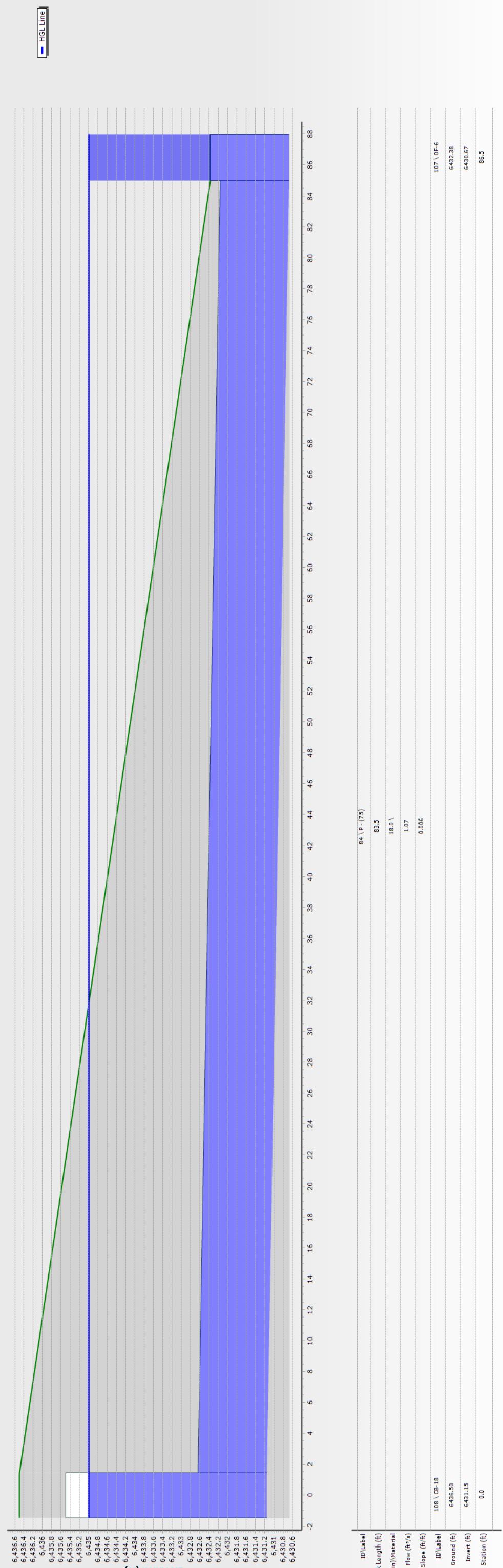
## Basin D South - 5-year



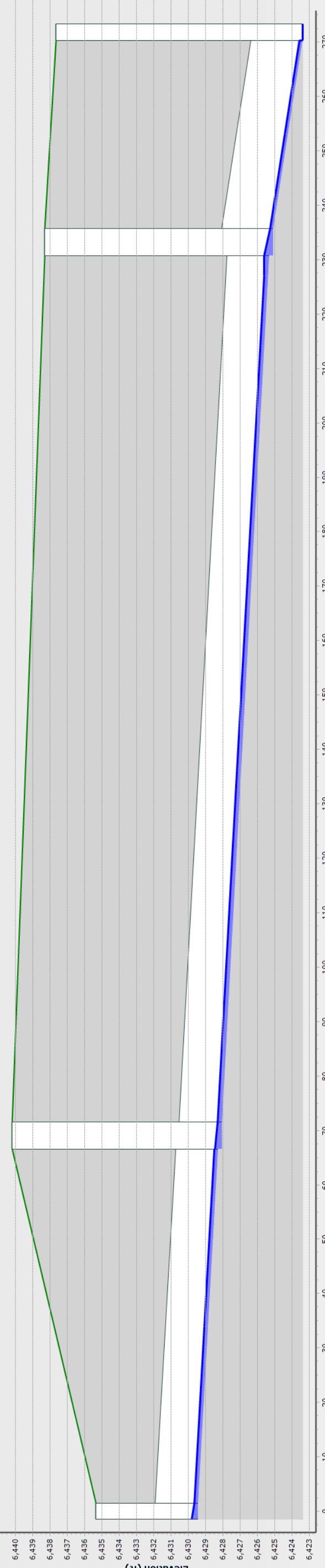
### Basin D Lateral South - 5-year



### SE Pond Outfall - 5-year

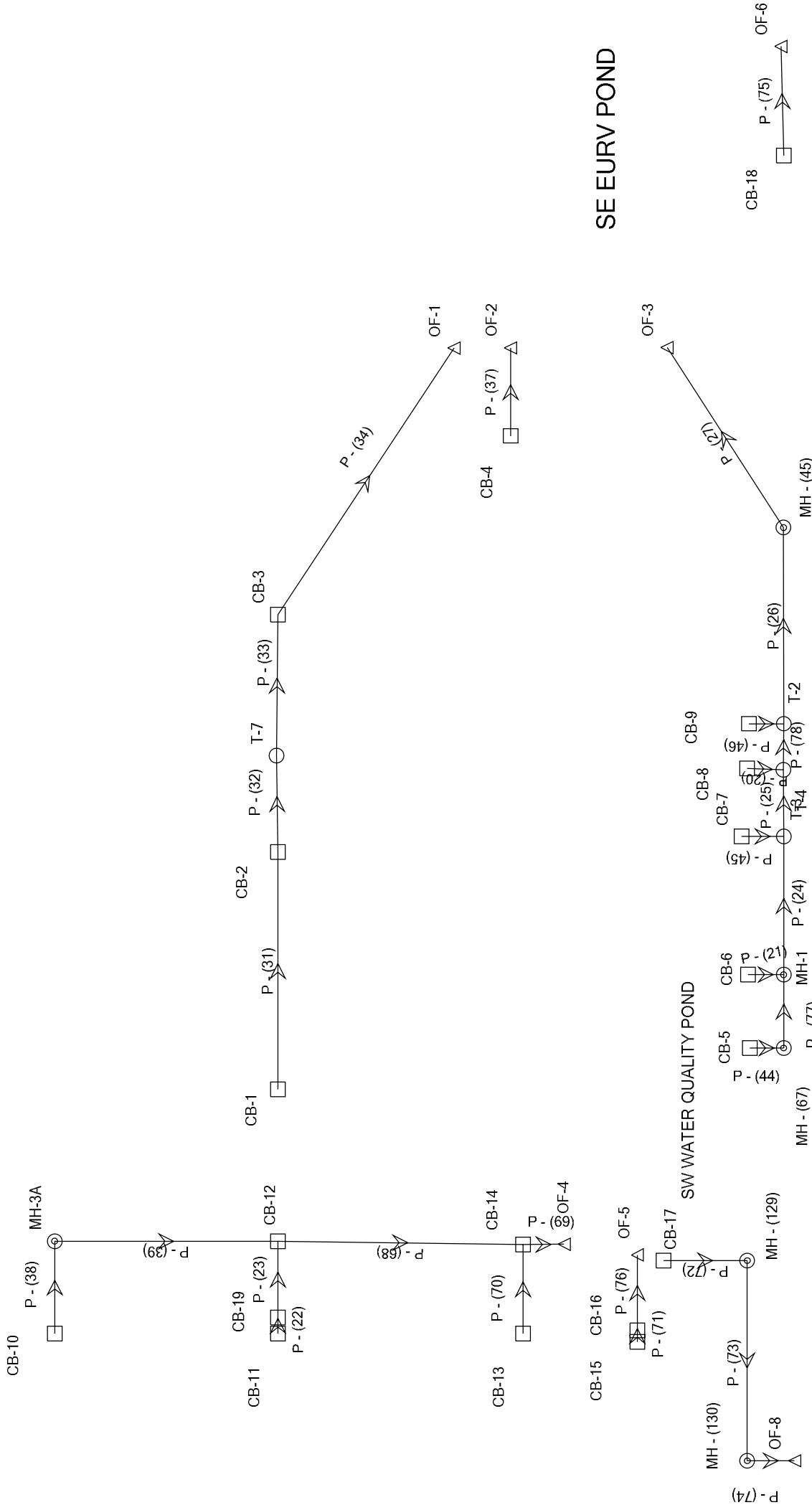


## SW Pond Outfall - 5-year



ID\Label	74 \ P - (74)	135 \ OF-8
Link Length (ft)	34.6	6437.65
Rise (in) Material	36.0 \	6433.37
Flow (ft³/s)	1.07	231.8
Slope (ft/ft)	0.044	
ID\Label	119 \ P - (72)	33 \ MH - (130)
Link Length (ft)	63.0	6438.32
Rise (in) Material	30.0 \	
Flow (ft³/s)	1.07	
Slope (ft/ft)	0.017	
ID\Label	25 \ MH - (129)	
Ground (ft)	6440.21	
Invert (ft)	6428.05	
Station (ft)	233.2	
	69.0	

## **Scenario: 100-year**

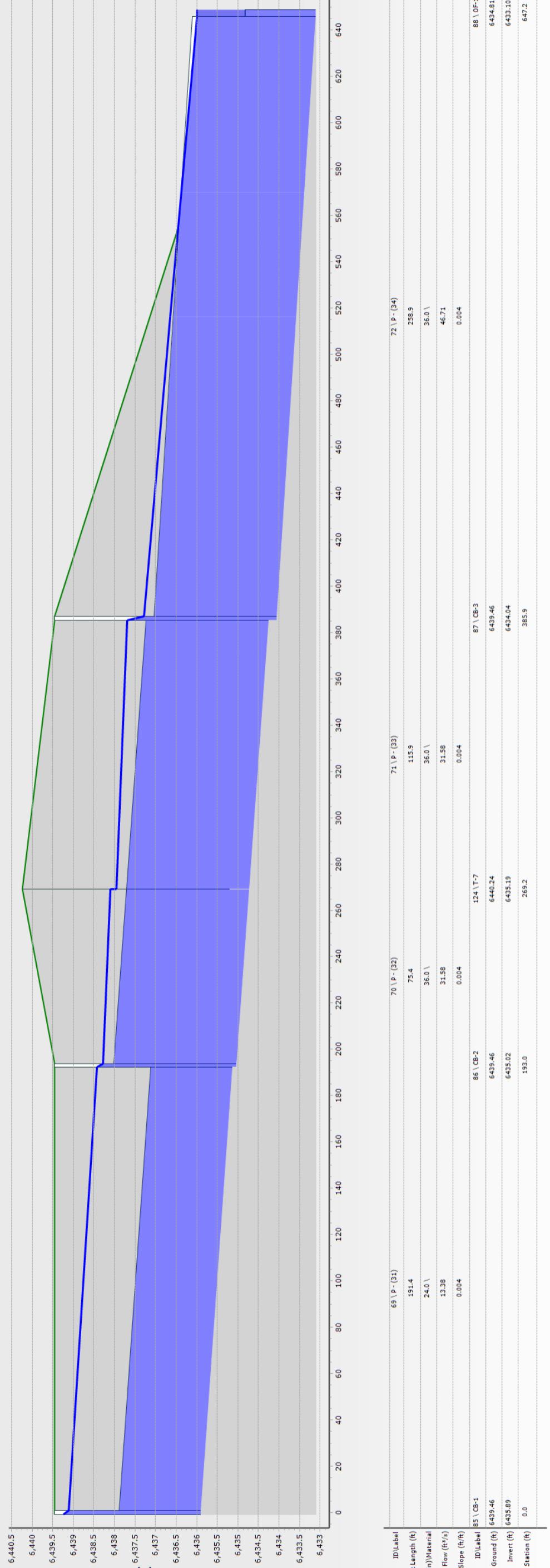


**Scenario: 100-year****Current Time Step: 0.000Hr****Conduit FlexTable: Combined Pipe/Node Report**

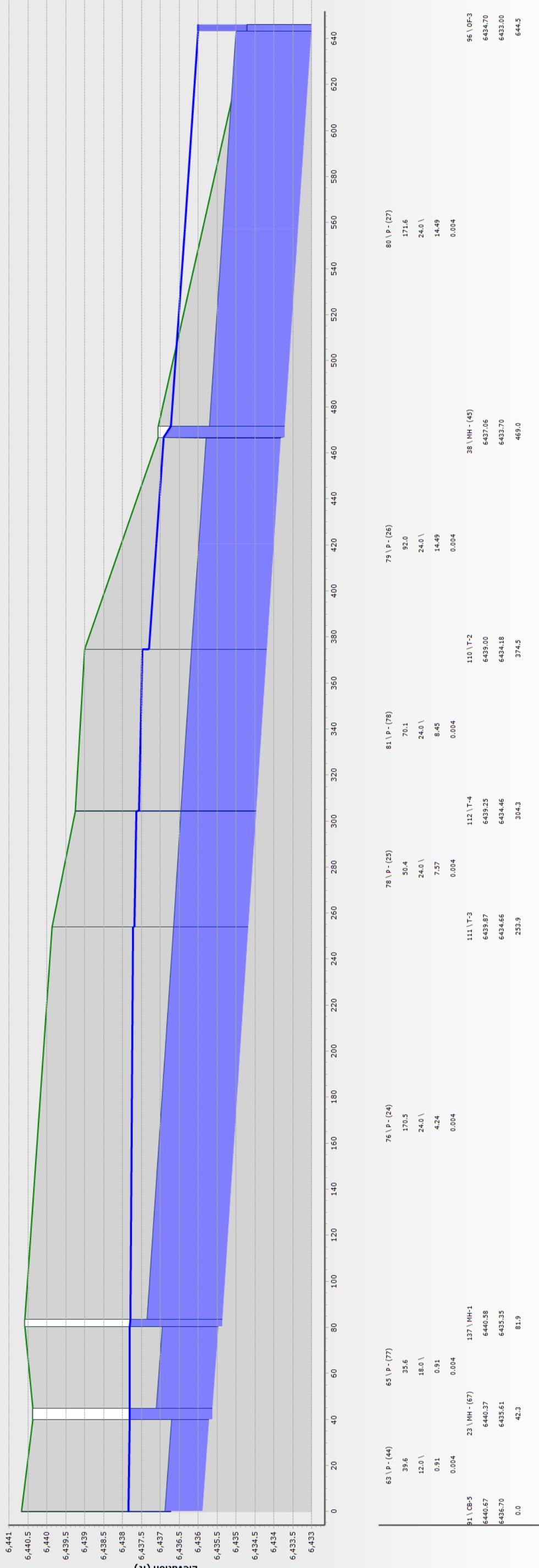
Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (in)	Length (Unified) (ft)	Capacity (Full Flow) (ft³/s)	Velocity (Average) (ft/s)	Invert (Upstream) (ft)	Invert (Downstream) (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Hydraulic Grade Line (In) (ft)	Hydraulic Grade Line (Out) (ft)
P - (20)	CB-8	T-4	12.0	42.0	5.93	1.12	6,436.13	6,434.96	0.028	0.013	6,437.65	6,437.63
P - (21)	CB-6	MH-1	12.0	26.2	10.08	11.51	6,437.80	6,435.70	0.080	0.013	6,438.20	6,437.80
P - (22)	CB-11	CB-19	18.0	8.0	14.85	3.74	6,436.92	6,436.76	0.020	0.013	6,439.88	6,439.85
P - (23)	CB-19	CB-12	18.0	70.4	14.87	5.60	6,436.56	6,435.15	0.020	0.013	6,439.60	6,438.98
P - (24)	MH-1	T-3	24.0	172.0	14.33	1.35	6,435.35	6,434.66	0.004	0.013	6,437.79	6,437.73
P - (25)	T-3	T-4	24.0	50.4	14.25	2.41	6,434.66	6,434.46	0.004	0.013	6,437.68	6,437.63
P - (26)	T-2	MH - (45)	24.0	94.5	14.34	4.61	6,434.18	6,433.80	0.004	0.013	6,437.31	6,436.92
P - (27)	MH - (45)	OF-3	24.0	175.6	14.28	4.61	6,433.70	6,433.00	0.004	0.013	6,436.72	6,436.00
P - (31)	CB-1	CB-2	24.0	193.0	14.29	4.26	6,435.89	6,435.12	0.004	0.013	6,439.11	6,438.43
P - (32)	CB-2	T-7	36.0	76.2	42.19	4.47	6,435.02	6,434.72	0.004	0.013	6,438.28	6,438.11
P - (33)	T-7	CB-3	36.0	116.8	42.54	4.47	6,434.72	6,434.24	0.004	0.013	6,437.95	6,437.69
P - (34)	CB-3	OF-1	36.0	261.3	40.00	6.61	6,434.04	6,433.10	0.004	0.013	6,437.28	6,436.00
P - (37)	CB-4	OF-2	24.0	53.1	14.23	3.99	6,433.25	6,433.04	0.004	0.013	6,436.16	6,436.00
P - (38)	CB-10	MH-3A	18.0	75.8	12.88	7.61	6,439.20	6,438.06	0.015	0.013	6,440.54	6,440.19
P - (39)	MH-3A	CB-12	18.0	181.0	12.85	4.36	6,437.86	6,435.15	0.015	0.013	6,439.95	6,438.98
P - (44)	CB-5	MH - (67)	12.0	42.3	2.26	1.16	6,435.88	6,435.71	0.004	0.013	6,437.84	6,437.81
P - (45)	CB-7	T-3	12.0	21.7	10.08	4.24	6,436.90	6,435.16	0.080	0.013	6,437.92	6,437.73
P - (46)	CB-9	T-2	12.0	74.0	2.52	7.69	6,435.05	6,434.68	0.005	0.013	6,439.60	6,437.47
P - (68)	CB-12	CB-14	36.0	197.9	81.71	3.56	6,434.95	6,431.98	0.015	0.013	6,438.86	6,438.58
P - (69)	CB-14	OF-4	36.0	31.8	81.89	5.11	6,430.48	6,430.00	0.015	0.013	6,438.29	6,438.20
P - (70)	CB-13	CB-14	18.0	70.7	14.83	3.71	6,433.39	6,431.98	0.020	0.013	6,438.85	6,438.58
P - (71)	CB-15	CB-16	18.0	8.0	14.85	2.35	6,432.86	6,432.70	0.020	0.013	6,438.77	6,438.76
P - (72)	CB-17	MH - (129)	30.0	69.0	53.41	10.31	6,429.42	6,428.25	0.017	0.013	6,433.97	6,432.92
P - (73)	MH - (129)	MH - (130)	30.0	164.2	53.28	10.31	6,428.05	6,425.28	0.017	0.013	6,431.93	6,429.43
P - (74)	MH - (130)	OF-8	36.0	38.6	140.30	18.24	6,425.08	6,423.37	0.044	0.013	6,426.33	6,424.62
P - (75)	CB-18	OF-6	18.0	86.5	7.80	4.73	6,431.15	6,430.67	0.006	0.013	6,435.55	6,435.00
P - (76)	CB-16	OF-5	18.0	60.2	14.85	4.73	6,431.20	6,430.00	0.020	0.013	6,438.58	6,438.20
P - (77)	MH - (67)	MH-1	18.0	39.6	6.68	0.51	6,435.61	6,435.45	0.004	0.013	6,437.81	6,437.80
P - (78)	T-4	T-2	24.0	70.2	14.29	2.69	6,434.46	6,434.18	0.004	0.013	6,437.57	6,437.47

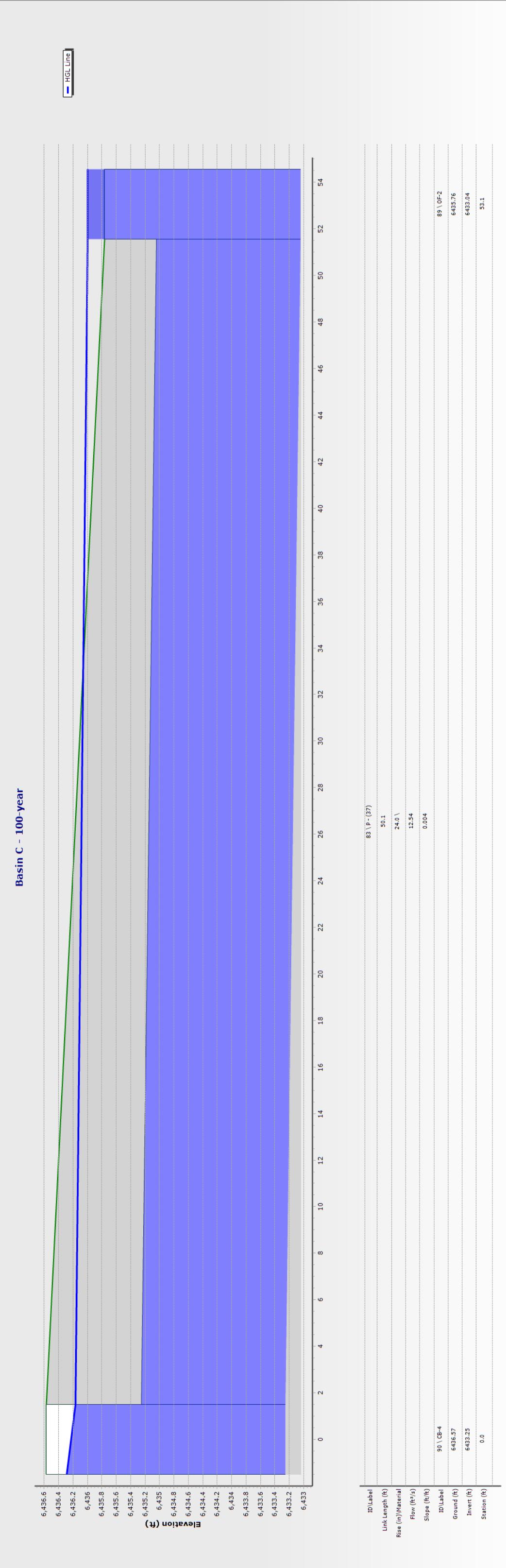
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### Basin A - 100-year

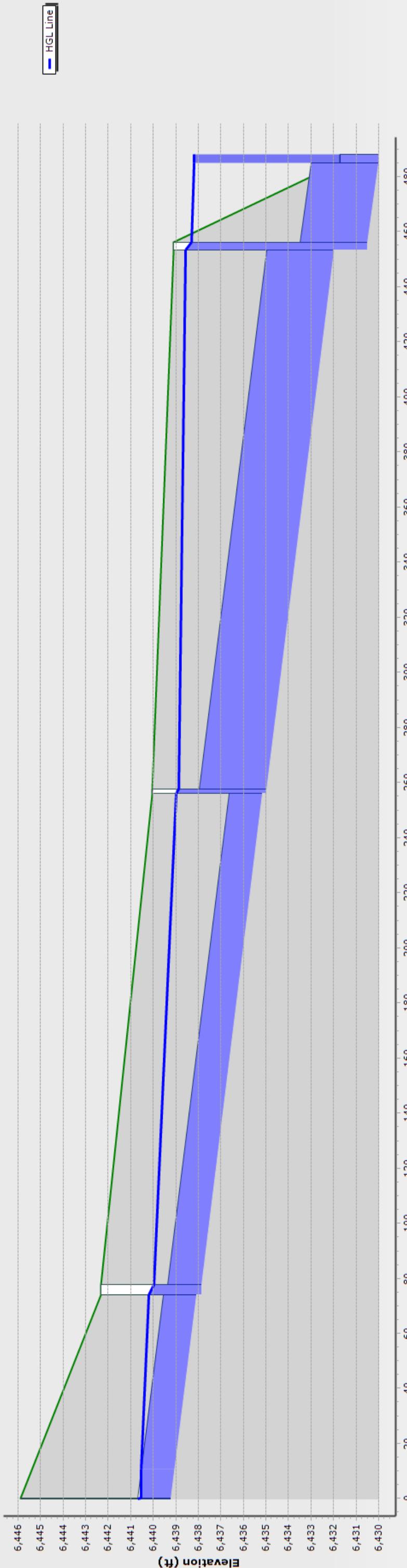


### Basin B - 100-year



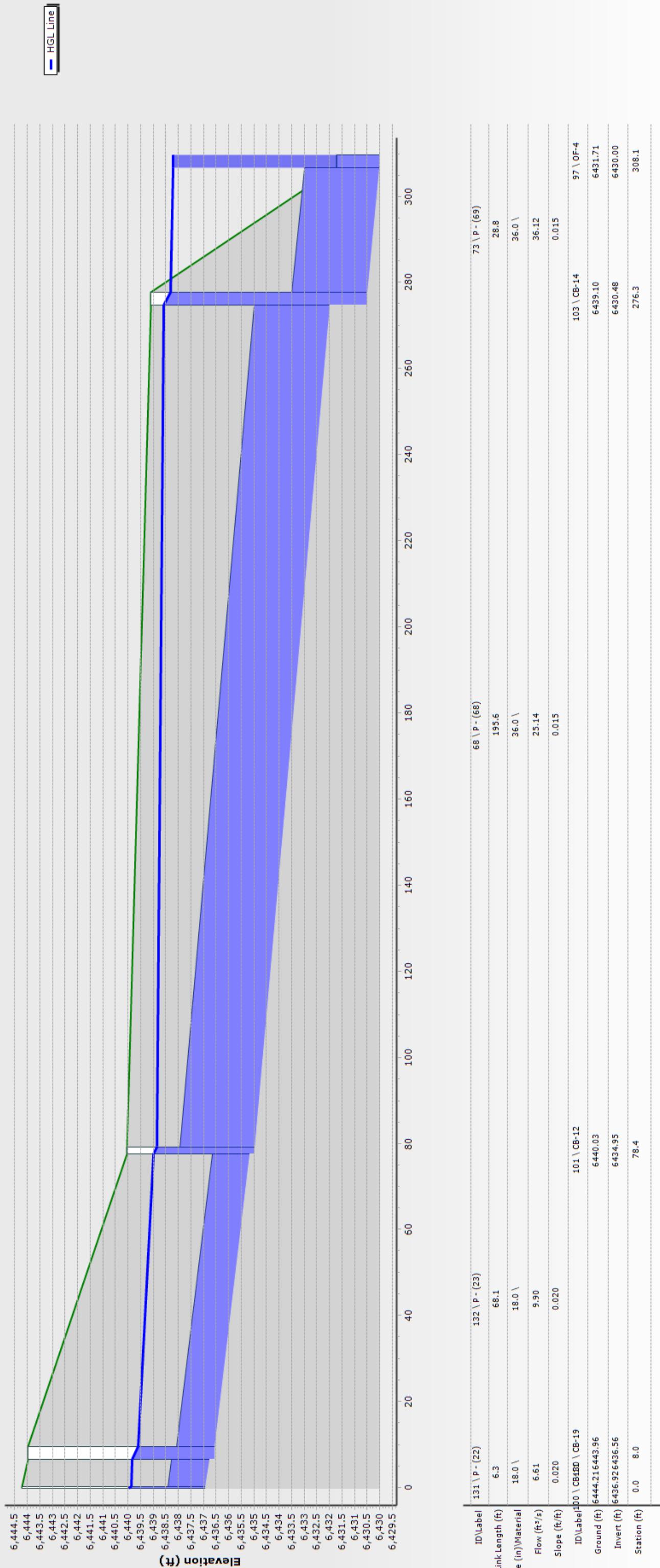


### Basin D - 100-year

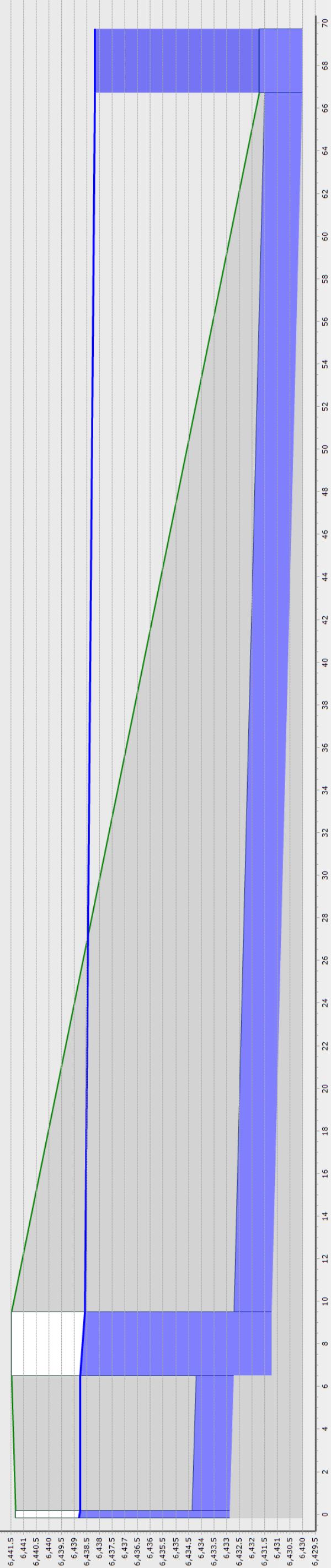


ID\Label	58 \ P - (38)	59 \ P - (39)	68 \ P - (68)	73 \ P - (69)
Link Length (ft)	73.6	178.2	28.8	
Rise (in)\Material	18.0 \	18.0 \	36.0 \	
Flow (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	7.71	7.71	25.14	36.12
Slope (ft/ft)	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015
ID\Label	9 \ CB-10	17 \ MH-3A	103 \ CB-14	97 \ OF-4
Ground (ft)	6445.88	6442.31	6439.10	6431.71
Invert (ft)	6439.20	6437.86	6430.48	6430.00
Station (ft)	0.0	75.8	454.7	486.5

### Basin D Mid Lateral - 100-year

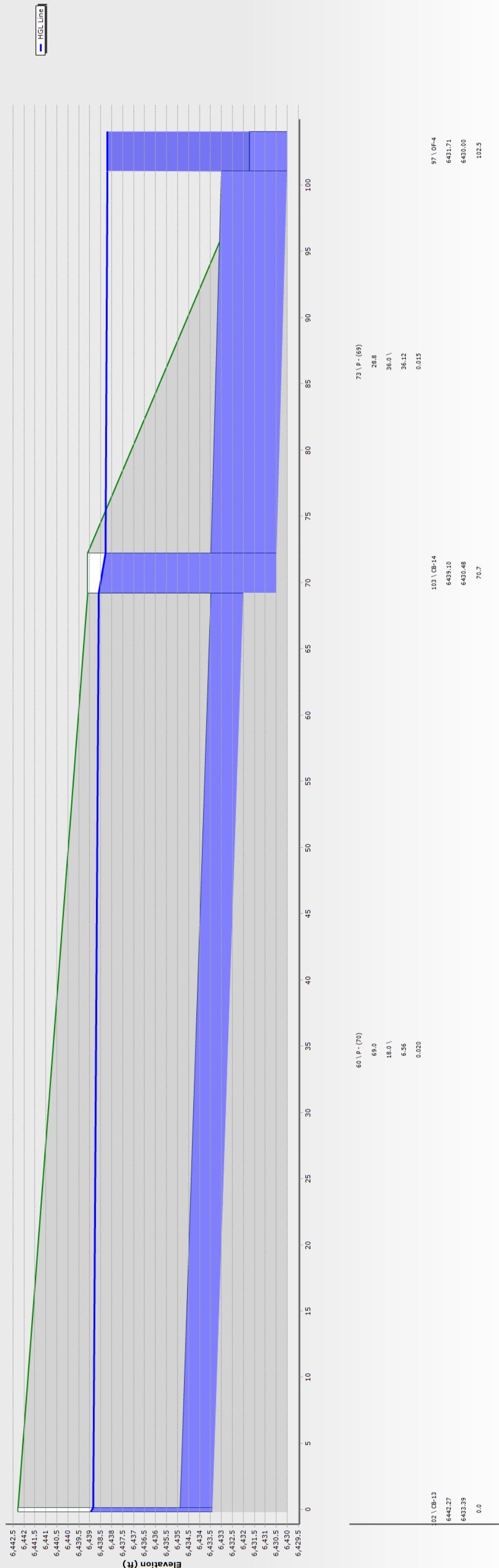


## Basin D South - 100-year

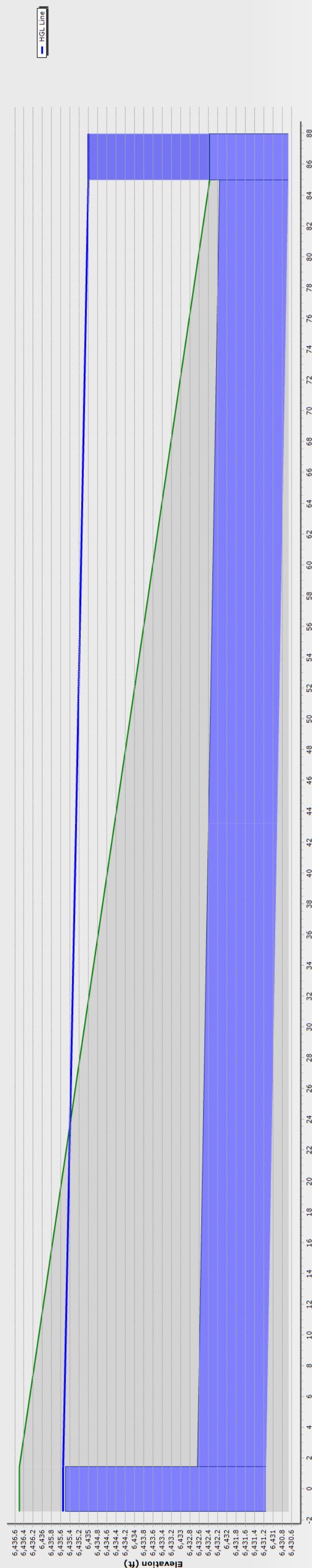


ID\Label	62 \ p - (76)
Link Length (ft)	57.2
Rise (in)   Material	18.0 \
Flow (ft <sup>2</sup> /s)	8.36
Slope (ft/ft)	0.020
ID\Label	98 \ OF-5
Ground (ft)	6431.71
Invert (ft)	6430.00
Station (ft)	68.2

### Basin D Lateral South - 100-year



### SE Pond Outfall - 100-year



ID\Label	84 \ P - (75)
Link Length (ft)	83.5
Rise (in) \ Material	18.0 \
Flow (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	8.36
Slope (ft/ft)	0.006
ID\Label	107 \ OF-6
Ground (ft)	6432.38
Invert (ft)	6430.67
Station (ft)	86.5

### SW Pond Outfall - 100-year



ID\Label	74 \ P - (74)	135 \ P - (74)
Link Length (ft)	34.6	139.2
Rise (in.)\Material	30.0 \	30.0 \
Flow (ft³/s)	50.62	50.62
Slope (ft/ft)	0.044	0.017
ID\Label	119 \ P - (72)	25 \ MH - (129)
Link Length (ft)	65.0	64.0
Rise (in.)\Material	30.0 \	30.0 \
Flow (ft³/s)	50.62	50.62
Slope (ft/ft)	0.017	0.017
ID\Label	106 \ CB-17	25 \ MH - (129)
Ground (ft)	6435.35	6440.21
Invert (ft)	6429.42	6428.05
Station (ft)	0.0	271.8

**Project:** SEC Marksheffel/Constitution  
**Conveyance Location:** SE EURV Pond Outfall  
**Conveyance Description:** 18" RCP  
**Storm Event Periodicity:** 100-year

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**Design Parameters**

Pipe Diameter (D)	18	Tailwater Depth ( $Y_t$ )=	4.33
Discharge ( $Q_d$ )=	8.8	Slope (S)=	0.60%
Pipe Velocity (v)=	7.80	Mannings (n)=	0.013
Normal Depth ( $D_n$ )=	1.50	$Q_{full}$ =	8.15 cfs
Actual Depth (d)=	1.50	Froude Number (Fr)=	1.12 SUPERCRITICAL

**Rip-Rap Size**

For supercritical flow  $Fr > 1$

$$D_a = 1/2 * (D + D_n)$$

$D_a = 1.50$  Substitute  $D_a$  for D in all equations.

For subcritical flow  $Fr < 1$

$D = 1.50$  Use  $D_a = 1.50$  for calculation purposes

---

**Design Parameters**

$Q/D^{1.5} =$	4.77
$Q/D^{2.5} =$	3.18
$Yt/D =$	1.00

**Rip Rap Size**

-From Figure MD-21 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

**Use Type** M **RipRap**

-From Table MD-7 (5-1)  $d_{50} = 12$

RipRap Depth =  $2 * d_{50} = 24$  in.

**Length and Width of Protection**

-From Figure MD-23 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

expansion factor  $1/(2 \tan \Theta) = 6.6$

-Solve for  $A_t$ , where  $A_t = Q/V_a$

$Q =$	8.77	cfs
$V_a =$	5.50	fps (assumed maximum for erosive velocities)
$A_t =$	1.59	sq ft

-Check length adjustment factor (D/4 for each whole number  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$ )

*Adjustment Factor* 0 No Length Adjustment Required

**If  $Q/D^{2.5} < 6$**

Minimum length (ft)=	4.5	$L = 3 D$
Calculated length (ft)=	-7.0	$L = (1/(2 \tan \Theta))(A_t/Y_t - W)$
Maximum length (ft)=	15.0	$L = 10 D$
Width (ft)=	4.5	$W = 3D$
adjusted length= n/a		

**If  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$**

**Required Rip Rap Length = 4.5 ft**  
**Required Rip Rap Width = 4.5 ft**

**Project:** SEC Marksheffel/Constitution  
**Conveyance Location:** Basin C-2  
**Conveyance Description:** 30" RCP  
**Storm Event Periodicity:** 100-year

---

**Design Parameters**

Pipe Diameter (D)=	24	Tailwater Depth ( $Y_t$ )=	2.74
Discharge ( $Q_d$ )=	11.6	Slope (S)=	0.30%
Pipe Velocity (v)=	6.61	Mannings (n)=	0.013
Normal Depth ( $D_n$ )=	2.00	$Q_{full}$ =	12.42 cfs
Actual Depth (d)=	2.00	Froude Number (Fr)=	0.82 SUBCRITICAL

**Rip-Rap Size**

For supercritical flow  $Fr > 1$

$$D_a = 1/2 * (D + D_n)$$

$D_a = 2.00$  Substitute  $D_a$  for D in all equations.

For subcritical flow  $Fr < 1$

$D = 2.00$  Use D = 2.00 for calculation purposes

---

**Design Parameters**

$Q/D^{1.5} =$	<b>4.09</b>
$Q/D^{2.5} =$	<b>2.05</b>
$Yt/D =$	<b>1.00</b>

**Rip Rap Size**

-From Figure MD-21 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

**Use Type L RipRap**

-From Table MD-7 (5-1)  $d_{50} =$  **9**

RipRap Depth =  $2 * d_{50} =$  **18** in.

**Length and Width of Protection**

-From Figure MD-23 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

expansion factor  $1/(2 \tan \Theta) =$  **6.6**

-Solve for At, where  $At = Q/Va$

$Q =$	11.57	cfs
$V =$	5.50	fps (assumed maximum for erosive velocities)
$At =$	2.10	sq ft

-Check length adjustment factor (D/4 for each whole number  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$ )

*Adjustment Factor* **0 No Length Adjustment Required**

**If  $Q/D^{2.5} < 6$** 

Minimum length (ft)=	6.0	$L = 3 D$	<b>If <math>Q/D^{2.5} &gt; 6</math></b>
Calculated length (ft)=	-8.0	$L = (1/(2 \tan \Theta))(A_t/Y_t - W)$	
Maximum length (ft)=	20.0	$L = 10 D$	
Width (ft)=	6.0	$W=3D$	

**Required Rip Rap Length = 6.0 ft**

**Required Rip Rap Width = 6.0 ft**

**Project:** SEC Marksheffel/Constitution  
**Conveyance Location:** Basin D-6  
**Conveyance Description:** 36" RCP  
**Storm Event Periodicity:** 100-year

---

**Design Parameters**

Pipe Diameter (D)=	36	Tailwater Depth ( $Y_t$ )=	8.53
Discharge ( $Q_d$ )=	36.1	Slope (S)=	1.50%
Pipe Velocity (v)=	7.36	Mannings (n)=	0.013
Normal Depth ( $D_n$ )=	1.40	$Q_{full}$ =	81.87 cfs
Actual Depth (d)=	3.00	Froude Number (Fr)=	0.75 SUBCRITICAL

**Rip-Rap Size**

For supercritical flow  $Fr > 1$

$$D_a = 1/2 * (D + D_n)$$

$D_a = 2.20$  Substitute  $D_a$  for D in all equations.

For subcritical flow  $Fr < 1$

$D = 3.00$  Use D = 3.00 for calculation purposes

---

**Design Parameters**

$Q/D^{1.5} =$	<b>6.95</b>
$Q/D^{2.5} =$	<b>2.32</b>
$Y_t/D =$	<b>1.00</b>

**Rip Rap Size**

-From Figure MD-21 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

**Use Type L RipRap**

-From Table MD-7 (5-1)  $d_{50} = 9$

RipRap Depth =  $2 * d_{50} = 18$  in.

**Length and Width of Protection**

-From Figure MD-23 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

expansion factor  $1/(2 \tan \Theta) = 6.6$

-Solve for  $A_t$ , where  $A_t = Q/V_a$

$Q = 36.12$	cfs
$V = 5.50$	fps (assumed maximum for erosive velocities)
$A_t = 6.57$	sq ft

-Check length adjustment factor (D/4 for each whole number  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$ )

*Adjustment Factor 0 No Length Adjustment Required*

**If  $Q/D^{2.5} < 6$**

Minimum length (ft)=	9.0	$L = 3 D$
Calculated length (ft)=	-14.0	$L = (1/(2 \tan \Theta))(A_t/Y_t - W)$
Maximum length (ft)=	30.0	$L = 10 D$
Width (ft)=	9.0	$W=3D$

**If  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$**

adjusted length= n/a

**Required Rip Rap Length = 9.0 ft**  
**Required Rip Rap Width = 9.0 ft**

**Project:** SEC Marksheffel/Constitution  
**Conveyance Location:** Basin D-8  
**Conveyance Description:** 18" RCP  
**Storm Event Periodicity:** 100-year

---

**Design Parameters**

Pipe Diameter (D)	18	Tailwater Depth ( $Y_t$ )=	5.35
Discharge ( $Q_d$ )=	8.4	Slope (S)=	1.50%
Pipe Velocity (v)=	4.73	Mannings (n)=	0.013
Normal Depth ( $D_n$ )=	1.50	$Q_{full}$ =	12.89 cfs
Actual Depth (d)=	1.50	Froude Number (Fr)=	0.68 SUBCRITICAL

**Rip-Rap Size**For supercritical flow  $Fr > 1$ 

$$D_a = 1/2*(D+D_n)$$

$$D_a = 1.50 \quad \text{Substitute } D_a \text{ for } D \text{ in all equations.}$$
For subcritical flow  $Fr < 1$ 

$$D = 1.50 \quad \underline{\text{Use } D = 1.50 \text{ for calculation purposes}}$$


---

**Design Parameters**

$$\begin{aligned} Q/D^{1.5} &= 4.55 \\ Q/D^{2.5} &= 3.03 \\ Yt/D &= 1.00 \end{aligned}$$

**Rip Rap Size**

-From Figure MD-21 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

<b>Use Type</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>RipRap</b>
-----------------	----------	---------------

-From Table MD-7 (5-1)  $d_{50} = 9$ RipRap Depth =  $2*d_{50} = 18$  in.**Length and Width of Protection**

-From Figure MD-23 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

expansion factor  $1/(2 \tan \Theta) = 6.6$ -Solve for At, where  $At = Q/Va$ 

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 8.36 \text{ cfs} \\ V &= 5.50 \text{ fps (assumed maximum for erosive velocities)} \\ At &= 1.52 \text{ sq ft} \end{aligned}$$

-Check length adjustment factor ( $D/4$  for each whole number  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$ )

Adjustment Factor 0 No Length Adjustment Required

**If  $Q/D^{2.5} < 6$** 

Minimum length (ft)=	4.5	$L = 3 D$	
Calculated length (ft)=	-8.0	$L = (1/(2 \tan \Theta))(A_t/Y_t - W)$	adjusted length= n/a
Maximum length (ft)=	15.0	$L = 10 D$	
Width (ft)=	4.5	$W=3D$	

**If  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$** 

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Required Rip Rap Length} &= 4.5 \text{ ft} \\ \text{Required Rip Rap Width} &= 4.5 \text{ ft} \end{aligned}$$

**Project:** SEC Marksheffel/Constitution  
**Conveyance Location:** Basin A  
**Conveyance Description:** 36" RCP  
**Storm Event Periodicity:** 100-year

---

**Design Parameters**

Pipe Diameter (D)	36	Tailwater Depth ( $Y_t$ )=	2.90
Discharge ( $Q_d$ )=	46.7	Slope (S)=	0.50%
Pipe Velocity (v)=	7.61	Mannings (n)=	0.013
Normal Depth ( $D_n$ )=	2.90	$Q_{full}$ =	47.27 cfs
Actual Depth (d)=	2.90	Froude Number (Fr)=	0.79 SUBCRITICAL

**Rip-Rap Size**For supercritical flow  $Fr > 1$ 

$$D_a = 1/2*(D+D_n)$$

$$D_a = 2.95 \text{ Substitute } D_a \text{ for } D \text{ in all equations.}$$

For subcritical flow  $Fr < 1$ 

$$D = 3.00 \quad \underline{\text{Use } D = 3.00 \text{ for calculation purposes}}$$

**Design Parameters**

$$Q/D^{1.5} = 8.99$$

$$Q/D^{2.5} = 3.00$$

$$Yt/D = 0.97$$

**Rip Rap Size**

-From Figure MD-21 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

**Use Type** L **RipRap**-From Table MD-7 (5-1)  $d_{50} = 9$ RipRap Depth =  $2*d_{50} = 18$  in.**Length and Width of Protection**

-From Figure MD-23 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

expansion factor  $1/(2 \tan \Theta) = 6.6$ -Solve for At, where  $At = Q/Va$ 

$$Q = 46.71 \text{ cfs}$$

V= 5.50 fps (assumed maximum for erosive velocities)

$$At = 8.49 \text{ sq ft}$$

-Check length adjustment factor (D/4 for each whole number  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$ )

Adjustment Factor 0 No Length Adjustment Required

**If  $Q/D^{2.5} < 6$** **If  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$** 

Minimum length (ft)= 9.0 L = 3 D

Calculated length (ft)= 0.0 L=  $(1/(2 \tan \Theta))(A_t/Y_t - W)$  adjusted length= n/a

Maximum length (ft)= 30.0 L = 10 D

Width (ft)= 9.0 W=3D

Required Rip Rap Length = 9.0 ft

**Required Rip Rap Width = 9.0 ft**

**Project:** SEC Marksheffel/Constitution  
**Conveyance Location:** Basin B  
**Conveyance Description:** 24" RCP  
**Storm Event Periodicity:** 100-year

---

**Design Parameters**

Pipe Diameter (D)=	24	Tailwater Depth ( $Y_t$ )=	2.00
Discharge ( $Q_d$ )=	14.3	Slope (S)=	0.40%
Pipe Velocity (v)=	7.61	Mannings (n)=	0.013
Normal Depth ( $D_n$ )=	1.66	$Q_{full}$ =	14.34 cfs
Actual Depth (d)=	2.00	Froude Number (Fr)=	0.95 SUBCRITICAL

**Rip-Rap Size**

For supercritical flow  $Fr > 1$

$$D_a = 1/2 * (D + D_n)$$

$$D_a = 1.83 \quad \text{Substitute } D_a \text{ for } D \text{ in all equations.}$$

For subcritical flow  $Fr < 1$

$$D = 2.00 \quad \underline{\text{Use } D = 2.00 \text{ for calculation purposes}}$$


---

**Design Parameters**

$$\begin{aligned} Q/D^{1.5} &= 5.05 \\ Q/D^{2.5} &= 2.52 \\ Yt/D &= 1.00 \end{aligned}$$

**Rip Rap Size**

-From Figure MD-21 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

Use Type L RipRap

$$-From Table MD-7 (5-1) d_{50} = 9$$

$$\text{RipRap Depth} = 2 * d_{50} = 18 \text{ in.}$$

**Length and Width of Protection**

-From Figure MD-23 (Urban Drainage Design Criteria Manual)

$$\text{expansion factor } 1/(2 \tan \Theta) = 6.6$$

-Solve for At, where  $At = Q/Va$

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 14.27 \text{ cfs} \\ V &= 5.50 \text{ fps (assumed maximum for erosive velocities)} \\ At &= 2.59 \text{ sq ft} \end{aligned}$$

-Check length adjustment factor (D/4 for each whole number  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$ )

Adjustment Factor 0 No Length Adjustment Required

If  $Q/D^{2.5} < 6$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimum length (ft)} &= 6.0 & L &= 3 D \\ \text{Calculated length (ft)} &= -4.0 & L &= (1/(2 \tan \Theta))(A_t/Y_t - W) & \text{adjusted length} &= n/a \\ \text{Maximum length (ft)} &= 20.0 & L &= 10 D \\ \text{Width (ft)} &= 6.0 & W &= 3D \end{aligned}$$

If  $Q/D^{2.5} > 6$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Required Rip Rap Length} &= 6.0 \text{ ft} \\ \text{Required Rip Rap Width} &= 6.0 \text{ ft} \end{aligned}$$

# **Appendix E**

## **Water Quality Pond Calculations**

**SE POND CALCULATIONS**

**Tributary Area, A (acres) =** **14.09**  
**Excess Urban Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =** **2.01**  
**100 year Volume (acre-ft) =** **2.42**

<b>Prismoidal Method</b>				
<b>Elevation</b>	<b>Area (ft<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)</b>	<b>Volume<sub>sum</sub> (ft<sup>3</sup>)</b>	<b>Volume<sub>sum</sub> (Ac-ft)</b>
6431.6	0	0	0	0.00
6432.0	1,586	233	233	0.01
6433.0	17,974	8,300	8,532	0.20
6434.0	35,641	26,308	34,841	0.80
6435.0	43,869	39,684	74,525	1.71
6436.0	47,444	45,645	120,170	2.76
6437.0	50,972	49,198	169,367	3.89
6438.0	78,097	64,054	233,422	5.36

**Excess Urban Runoff Volume Elevation (ft) =** **6435.29**  
**Excess Urban Runoff Depth (ft) =** **3.73**  
**100 year Elevation (ft) =** **6435.70**  
**100 year Depth (ft) =** **4.14**  
**Emergency Overflow Elevation (ft) =** **6436.20**

## DETENTION VOLUME BY THE FULL SPECTRUM METHOD

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution

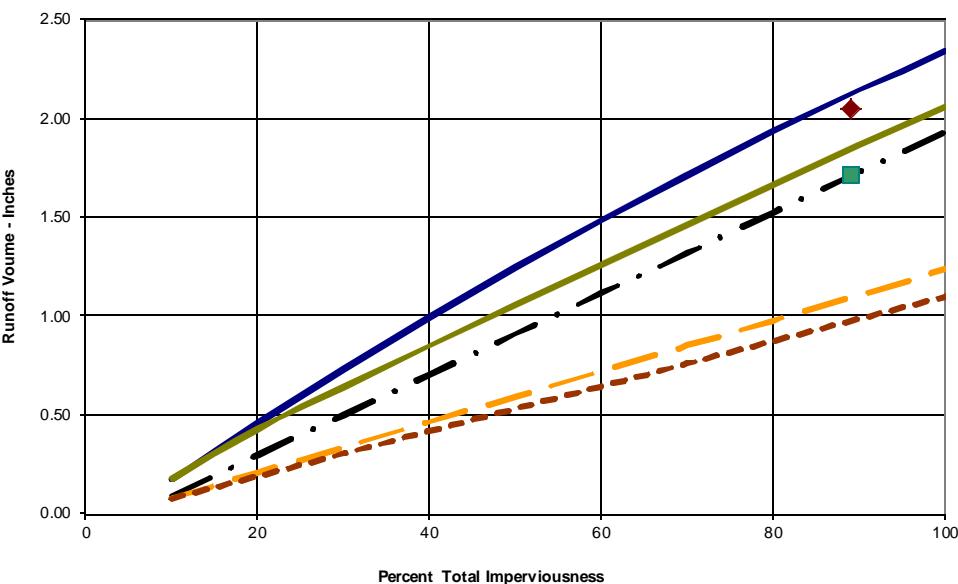
Basin ID: SE Pond

\* User input data  
shown in blue.

Area of Watershed (acres)	14.09	
Subwatershed Imperviousness	89.0%	
Level of Minimizing Directly Connected Impervious Area (MDCIA)	0	<input type="button" value="▼"/>
Effective Imperviousness <sup>1</sup>	89.0%	
Hydrologic Soil Type	Percentage of Area	Area (acres)
Type A	75.0%	10.6
Type B	25.0%	3.5
Type C or D		0.0

Recommended Horton's Equation Parameters for CUHP		
Infiltration (inches per hour)	Initial- $f_i$	Final- $f_f$
4.875		0.9
Detention Volumes <sup>2,5</sup>		
(watershed inches)	(acre-feet)	Maximum Allowable Release Rate, cfs <sup>3</sup>
1.71	2.01	Design Outlet to Empty EURV in 72 Hours
2.06	2.42	8.28

100-year Detention Volume Including WQCV<sup>5</sup>



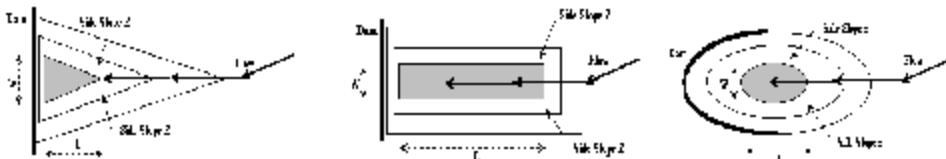
### Notes:

- 1) Effective imperviousness is based on Figure ND-1 of the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM).
- 2) Results shown reflect runoff reduction from Level 1 or 2 MDCIA and are plotted at the watershed's total imperviousness value; the impact of MDCIA is reflected by the results being below the curves.
- 3) Maximum allowable release rates for 100-year event are based on Table SO-1. Outlet for the Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) to be designed to empty out the EURV in 72 hours. Outlet design is similar to one for the WQCV outlet of an extended detention basin (i.e., perforated plate with a micro-pool) and extends to top of EURV water surface elevation.
- 4) EURV approximates the difference between developed and pre-developed runoff volume.
- 5) 100-yr detention volume includes EURV. No need to add more volume for WQCV or EURV

## STAGE-STORAGE SIZING FOR DETENTION BASINS

## Project: Marksheffel / Constitution

Basin ID: SE Pond



### Design Information (Input):

Width of Basin Bottom,  $W = 215.00$  ft  
 Length of Basin Bottom,  $L = 320.00$  ft  
 Dam Side-slope (H:V),  $Z_d = 4.00$  ft/ft

#### Check Basin Shape

Right Triangle		OR....
Isosceles Triangle		OR....
Rectangle		OR....
Circle / Ellipse		OR....
Irregular	X	(Use

X (Use Overide values in cells G32:G52)

#### **Stage-Storage Relationship:**

Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Modified FAA':

Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Hydrograph':

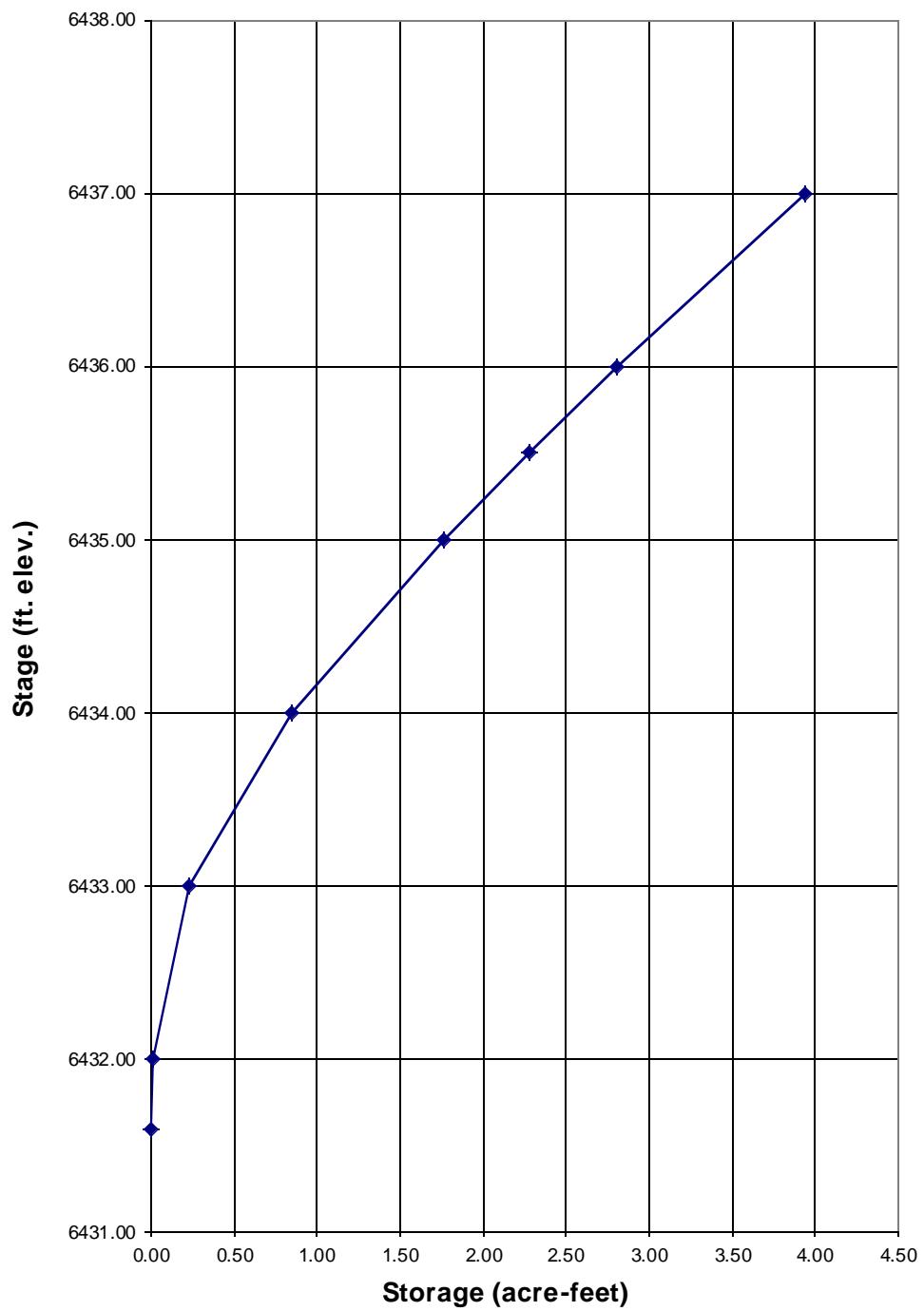
Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Full-Spectrum': 2.01    2.42 acre-ft.

## STAGE-STORAGE SIZING FOR DETENTION BASINS

Project:

Basin ID:

### STAGE-STORAGE CURVE FOR THE POND



## STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WATER QUALITY CAPTURE VOLUME (WQCV) OUTLET

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution  
Basin Id: SE Pond

**WQCV Design Volume (Input):**

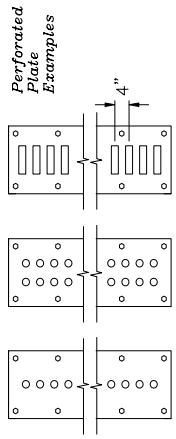
Catchment Impermeability, $I_o$ =	80.0 percent
Catchment Area, $A$ =	141.09 acres
Vertical distance between rows, $H$ =	3 feet
Number of rows, $N_L$ =	9.00
Office discharge coefficient, $C_o$ =	0.65
Slope of Basin Trickle Channel, $S$ =	0.005 ft / ft
Time to Drain the Pond =	72 hours

**Outlet Design Information (Output):**

Percent Soil Type A =	25 %
Percent Soil Type B =	75 %
Percent Soil Type C/D =	0 %

**Watershed Design Information (Input):**

Excess Urban Runoff Volume (From Full-Spectrum Sheet)  
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (From Full-Spectrum Sheet)  
Outlet area per row,  $A_{o,r}$  = 2.01 square inches  
Total opening area at each row based on user-input above,  $A_{o,u}$  = 2.01 square inches  
Total opening area at each row based on user-input above,  $A_{o,d}$  = 0.014 square feet



**Central Elevations of Rows of Holes in feet**

	Row 1	Row 2	Row 3	Row 4	Row 5	Row 6	Row 7	Row 8	Row 9	Row 10	Row 11	Row 12	Row 13	Row 14	Row 15	Row 16	Row 17	Row 18	Row 19	Row 20	Row 21	Row 22	Row 23	Row 24
	6431.50	6431.83	6432.17	6432.50	6432.83	6433.17	6433.50	6433.83	6434.17															

**Collection Capacity for Each Row of Holes in cfs**

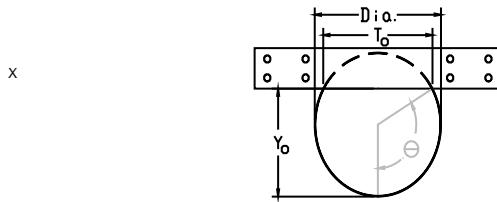
	Row 1	Row 2	Row 3	Row 4	Row 5	Row 6	Row 7	Row 8	Row 9	Row 10	Row 11	Row 12	Row 13	Row 14	Row 15	Row 16	Row 17	Row 18	Row 19	Row 20	Row 21	Row 22	Row 23	Row 24
	6431.50	6431.83	6432.17	6432.50	6432.83	6433.17	6433.50	6433.83	6434.17															

	Row 1	Row 2	Row 3	Row 4	Row 5	Row 6	Row 7	Row 8	Row 9	Row 10	Row 11	Row 12	Row 13	Row 14	Row 15	Row 16	Row 17	Row 18	Row 19	Row 20	Row 21	Row 22	Row 23	Row 24
	6431.50	6431.83	6432.17	6432.50	6432.83	6433.17	6433.50	6433.83	6434.17															

## RESTRICTOR PLATE SIZING FOR CIRCULAR VERTICAL ORIFICES

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution

Basin ID: SE Pond



### Sizing the Restrictor Plate for Circular Vertical Orifices or Pipes (Input)

Water Surface Elevation at Design Depth  
Pipe/Vertical Orifice Entrance Invert Elevation  
Required Peak Flow through Orifice at Design Depth  
Pipe/Vertical Orifice Diameter (inches)  
Orifice Coefficient

	#1 Vertical Orifice	#2 Vertical Orifice	
Elev: WS =	6,436.00		feet
Elev: Invert =	6,431.00		feet
Q =	8.28		cfs
Dia =	18.0		inches
C <sub>o</sub> =	0.65		

### Full-flow Capacity (Calculated)

Full-flow area  
Half Central Angle in Radians  
Full-flow capacity

A <sub>f</sub> =	1.77	sq ft
Theta =	3.14	rad
Q <sub>f</sub> =	19.0	cfs
Percent of Design Flow =	229%	

### Calculation of Orifice Flow Condition

Half Central Angle ( $0 < \Theta < 3.1416$ )  
Flow area  
Top width of Orifice (inches)  
Height from Invert of Orifice to Bottom of Plate (feet)  
Elevation of Bottom of Plate  
Resultant Peak Flow Through Orifice at Design Depth

Theta =	1.44	rad
A <sub>o</sub> =	0.74	sq ft
T <sub>o</sub> =	17.84	inches
Y <sub>o</sub> =	0.65	feet
Elev Plate Bottom Edge =	6,431.65	feet
Q <sub>o</sub> =	8.3	cfs

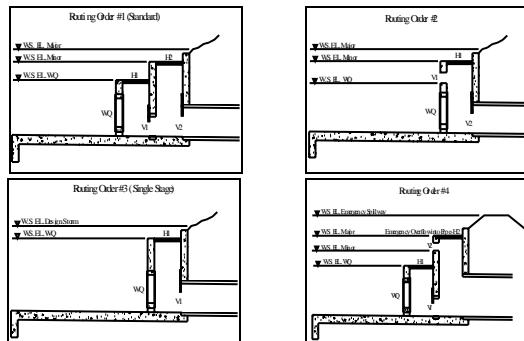
Width of Equivalent Rectangular Vertical Orifice

Equiv alent Width =  feet

## STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WEIRS AND ORIFICES (INLET CONTROL)

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution

Basin ID: SE Pond



**Current Routing Order is #3**

### Design Information (Input):

Circular Opening:      Diameter in Inches      Dia. =  inches

OR

Rectangular Opening:

**Diameter in Inches**

#1 Horiz.      #2 Horiz.      #1 Vert.      #2 Vert.

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5.67	1.14	ft.
3.03	0.65	ft.

#### Percentage of Open Area After Trash Rack Reduction

% open =  %

$\% \text{ Spec} =$	60	130	70
$C_0 \equiv$	0.65		0.65

$$C_w = 3.00$$

$$E_o = \boxed{6435.50} \quad \boxed{\phantom{000}} \quad \boxed{6,431.00} \quad \boxed{\phantom{000}} \text{ ft.}$$

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For more information about the study, please contact Dr. [REDACTED] at [REDACTED].

#### Calculation of Collection Capacity:

Net Opening Area (after Trash Rack Reduction)       $A_o = \frac{13.22}{0.74}$  sq. ft.

OPTIONAL: User-Override Net Opening Area       $A_o =$  \_\_\_\_\_ sq. ft.

Perimeter as Weir Length       $L_w =$       14.90      ft.

OPTIONAL: User-Override Weir Length  $L_w$  =  ft.

Top Elevation of Vertical Orifice Opening, Top = 6431.65 ft.

Center Elevation of Vertical Orifice Opening, Cen = 6431.33 ft.

Single Stage - Water flows through WOCV plate and #1 horizontal opening into #1 vertical opening.

Single Stage - Water flows through W QC plate and #1 horizontal opening into #1 vertical opening. A flow will be applied to culvert sheet (#2 vertical & horizontal openings not used).

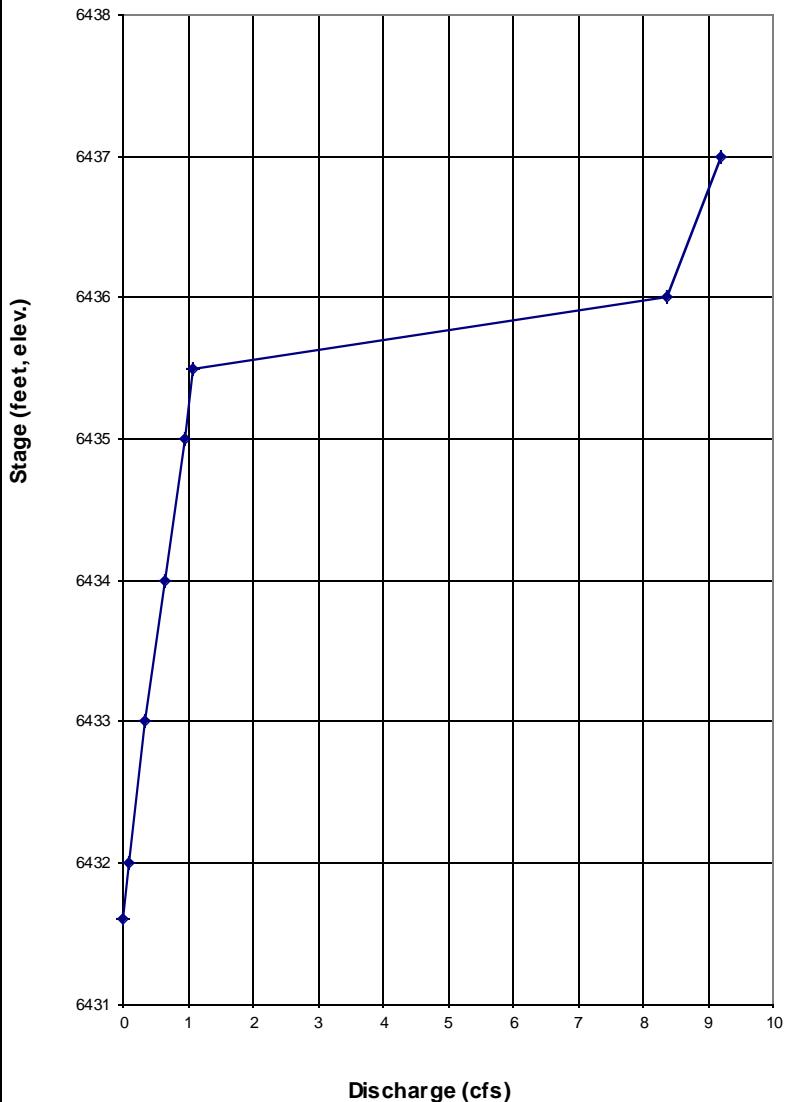
**Routing 3: Single Stage - Water flows through W QCV plate and #1 horizontal opening into #1 vertical opening.**  
This flow will be applied to culvert sheet (#2 vertical & horizontal openings is not used).

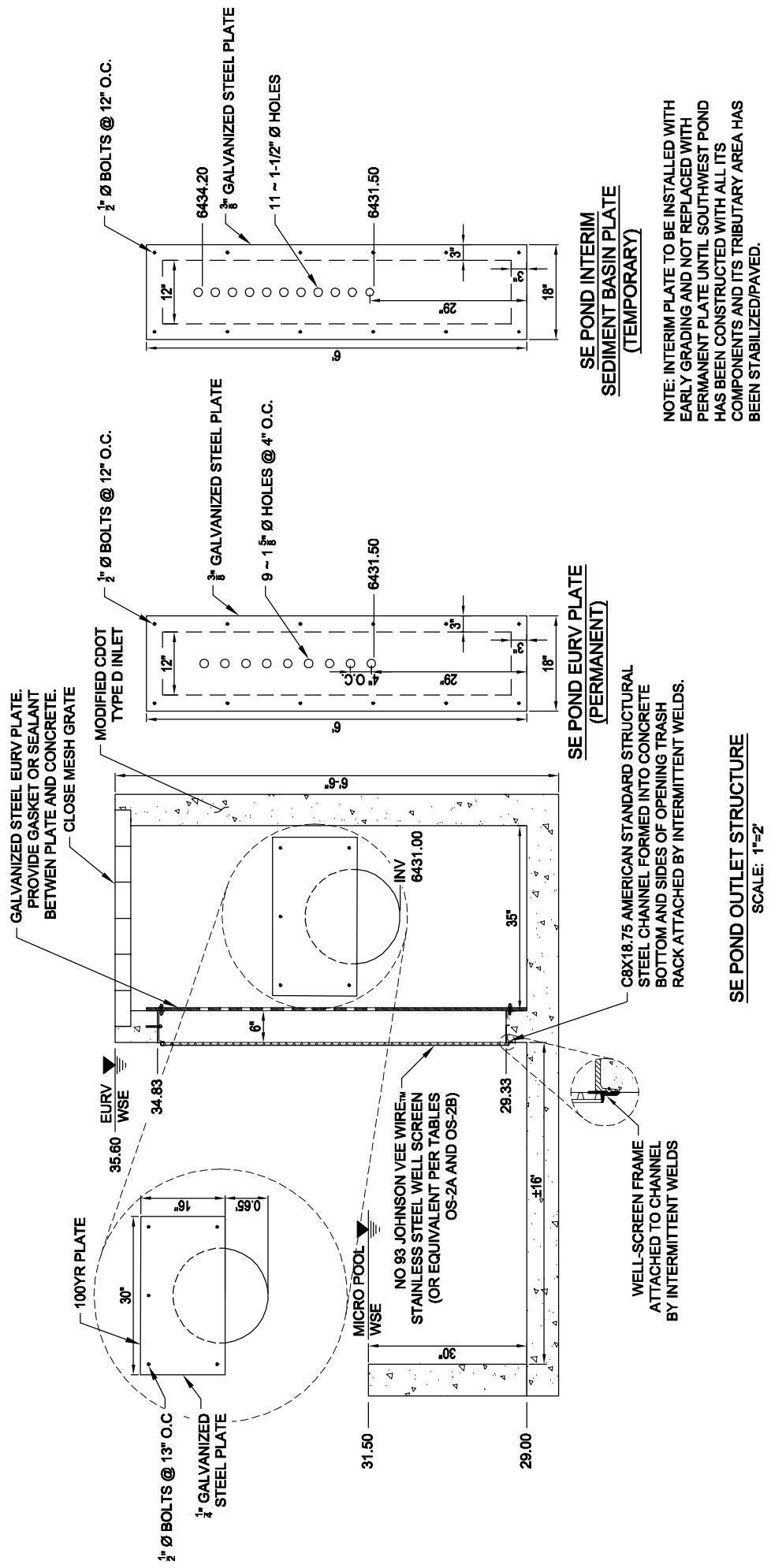
STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WEIRS AND ORIFICES (INLET CONTROL)

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution

Basin ID: SE Pond

STAGE-DISCHARGE CURVE FOR THE OUTLET STRUCTURE





**SE SEDIMENT POND CALCULATIONS**

**Tributary Area, A (acres) =** **23.50**  
**Required Volume per Acre (Cu Ft) =** **1,800.00** per El Paso County Figure SB-1  
**Total Reqd Sed Volum (acre-ft) =** **0.97**

Prismoidal Method				
Elevation	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )	Volume <sub>sum</sub> (ft <sup>3</sup> )	Volume <sub>sum</sub> (Ac-ft)
6431.6	0	0	0	0.00
6432.0	1,586	233	233	0.01
6433.0	17,974	8,300	8,532	0.20
6434.0	35,641	26,308	34,841	0.80
6435.0	43,869	39,684	74,525	1.71
6436.0	47,444	45,645	120,170	2.76
6437.0	50,972	49,198	169,367	3.89
6438.0	78,097	64,054	233,422	5.36

**Sediment Basin Volume Elevation (ft) =** **6434.19**  
**Sediment Basin Depth (ft) =** **2.63**  
**Emergency Overflow Elevation (ft) =** **6436.25**

**Required Area per Row (Table SB-1)**

**1.78** sq in

**Circular Perforation Sizing (Table SB-2)**

Number of columns of perforations 1  
 (4" between perforations)  
 Hole Diameter (in.) 1.5

**SW POND CALCULATIONS**

**Tributary Area, A (acres) = 6.97**  
**Water Quality Volume (acre-ft) = 1.00**

<b>Prismoidal Method</b>				
<b>Elevation</b>	<b>Area (ft<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)</b>	<b>Volume<sub>sum</sub> (ft<sup>3</sup>)</b>	<b>Volume<sub>sum</sub> (Ac-ft)</b>
6430.0	2,571	0	0	0.00
6431.0	3,223	2,891	2,891	0.07
6432.0	3,947	3,579	6,470	0.15
6433.0	4,743	4,339	10,808	0.25
6434.0	5,621	5,176	15,984	0.37
6435.0	6,587	6,098	22,082	0.51
6436.0	7,647	18,413	29,221	0.67
6437.0	8,093	25,376	36,184	0.83
6438.0	8,503	36,485	42,955	0.99
6439.0	9,744	42,572	53,381	1.23
6440.0	16,639	63,861	79,846	1.83

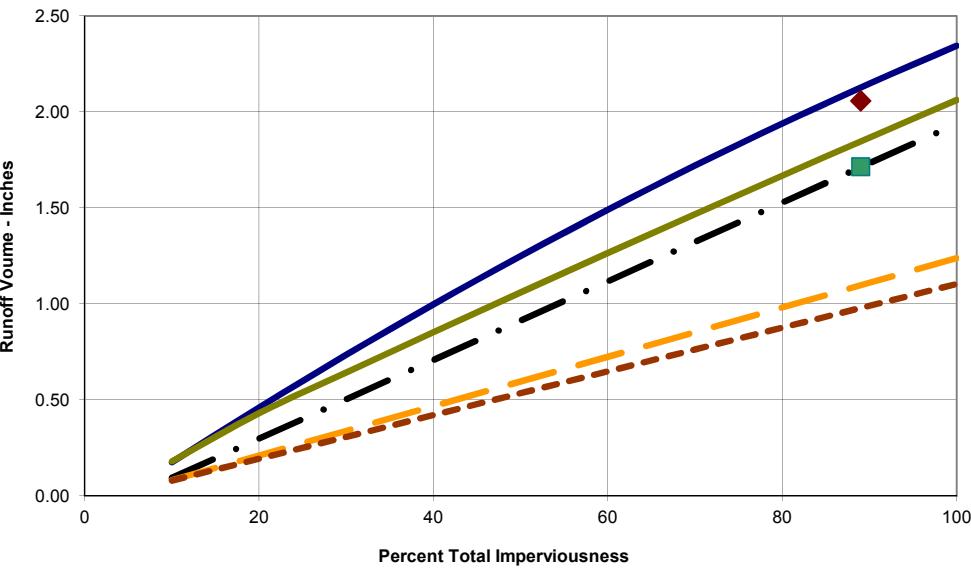
**Water Quality Volume Elevation (ft) = 6438.06**  
**Water Quality Runoff Depth (ft) = 8.06**  
**Emergency Overflow Elevation (ft) = 6439.06**

## DETENTION VOLUME BY THE FULL SPECTRUM METHOD

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution

Basin ID: SW Pond

<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="background-color: #ADD8E6;">Area of Watershed (acres)</td><td style="background-color: #ADD8E6; text-align: right;">6.97</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: #ADD8E6;">Subwatershed Imperviousness</td><td style="background-color: #ADD8E6; text-align: right;">89.0%</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: #ADD8E6;">Level of Minimizing Directly Connected Impervious Area (MDCIA)</td><td style="background-color: #ADD8E6; text-align: right;">0</td></tr> <tr><td style="background-color: #ADD8E6;">Effective Imperviousness<sup>1</sup></td><td style="background-color: #ADD8E6; text-align: right;">89.0%</td></tr> </table> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 50%;">Hydrologic Soil Type</td><td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Percentage of Area</td></tr> <tr><td>Type A</td><td style="text-align: center;">75.0%</td></tr> <tr><td>Type B</td><td style="text-align: center;">25.0%</td></tr> <tr><td>Type C or D</td><td style="text-align: center;">0.0%</td></tr> </table>	Area of Watershed (acres)	6.97	Subwatershed Imperviousness	89.0%	Level of Minimizing Directly Connected Impervious Area (MDCIA)	0	Effective Imperviousness <sup>1</sup>	89.0%	Hydrologic Soil Type	Percentage of Area	Type A	75.0%	Type B	25.0%	Type C or D	0.0%	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 50%;"> </td><td style="width: 50%; text-align: right;">* User input data shown in blue.</td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td style="text-align: right;">▼</td></tr> </table>		* User input data shown in blue.		▼
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Type C or D	0.0%																				
	* User input data shown in blue.																				
	▼																				
<b>Recommended Horton's Equation Parameters for CUHP</b> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 50%;">Infiltration (inches per hour)</td><td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Decay Coefficient--<math>\alpha</math></td></tr> <tr><td>Initial--<math>f_i</math></td><td style="text-align: center;">Final--<math>f_o</math></td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">4.875</td><td style="text-align: center;">0.9</td></tr> </table> <b>Detention Volumes<sup>2,5</sup></b> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 50%;">(watershed inches)</td><td style="width: 50%;">(acre-feet)</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">1.71</td><td style="text-align: center;">1.00</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">2.06</td><td style="text-align: center;">1.19</td></tr> </table>	Infiltration (inches per hour)	Decay Coefficient-- $\alpha$	Initial-- $f_i$	Final-- $f_o$	4.875	0.9	(watershed inches)	(acre-feet)	1.71	1.00	2.06	1.19	<b>Maximum Allowable Release Rate, cfs<sup>3</sup></b> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 50%;">Design Outlet to Empty EURV in 72 Hours</td><td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">4.09</td></tr> </table>	Design Outlet to Empty EURV in 72 Hours	4.09						
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<b>Excess Urban Runoff Volume<sup>4</sup></b>																					
<b>100-year Detention Volume Including WQCV<sup>5</sup></b>																					



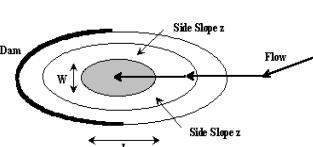
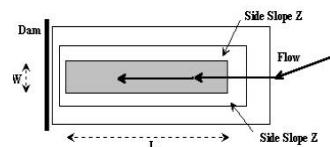
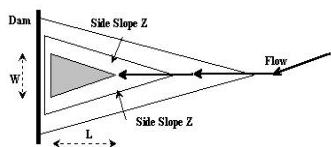
**Notes:**

- 1) Effective imperviousness is based on Figure ND-1 of the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM).
- 2) Results shown reflect runoff reduction from Level 1 or 2 MDCIA and are plotted at the watershed's total imperviousness value; the impact of MDCIA is reflected by the results being below the curves.
- 3) Maximum allowable release rates for 100-year event are based on Table SO-1. Outlet for the Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) to be designed to empty out the EURV in 72 hours. Outlet design is similar to one for the WQCV outlet of an extended detention basin (i.e., perforated plate with a micro-pool) and extends to top of EURV water surface elevation.
- 4) EURV approximates the difference between developed and pre-developed runoff volume.
- 5) 100-yr detention volume includes EURV. No need to add more volume for WQCV or EURV

## STAGE-STORAGE SIZING FOR DETENTION BASINS

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution

Basin ID:



### Design Information (Input):

Width of Basin Bottom, W =	32.00	ft
Length of Basin Bottom, L =	26.00	ft
Dam Side-slope (H:V), $Z_d$ =	3.00	ft/ft

### Check Basin Shape

Check Basic Shape

Isosceles Triangle

OR...

Circle / Ellipse

Irregular  X (Use

#### **Stage-Storage Relationship:**

Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Modified FAA':

#### Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Hydrograph':

Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Full-Spectrum':

### **MINOR MAJOR**

MAJOR

acre-ft.

1-18

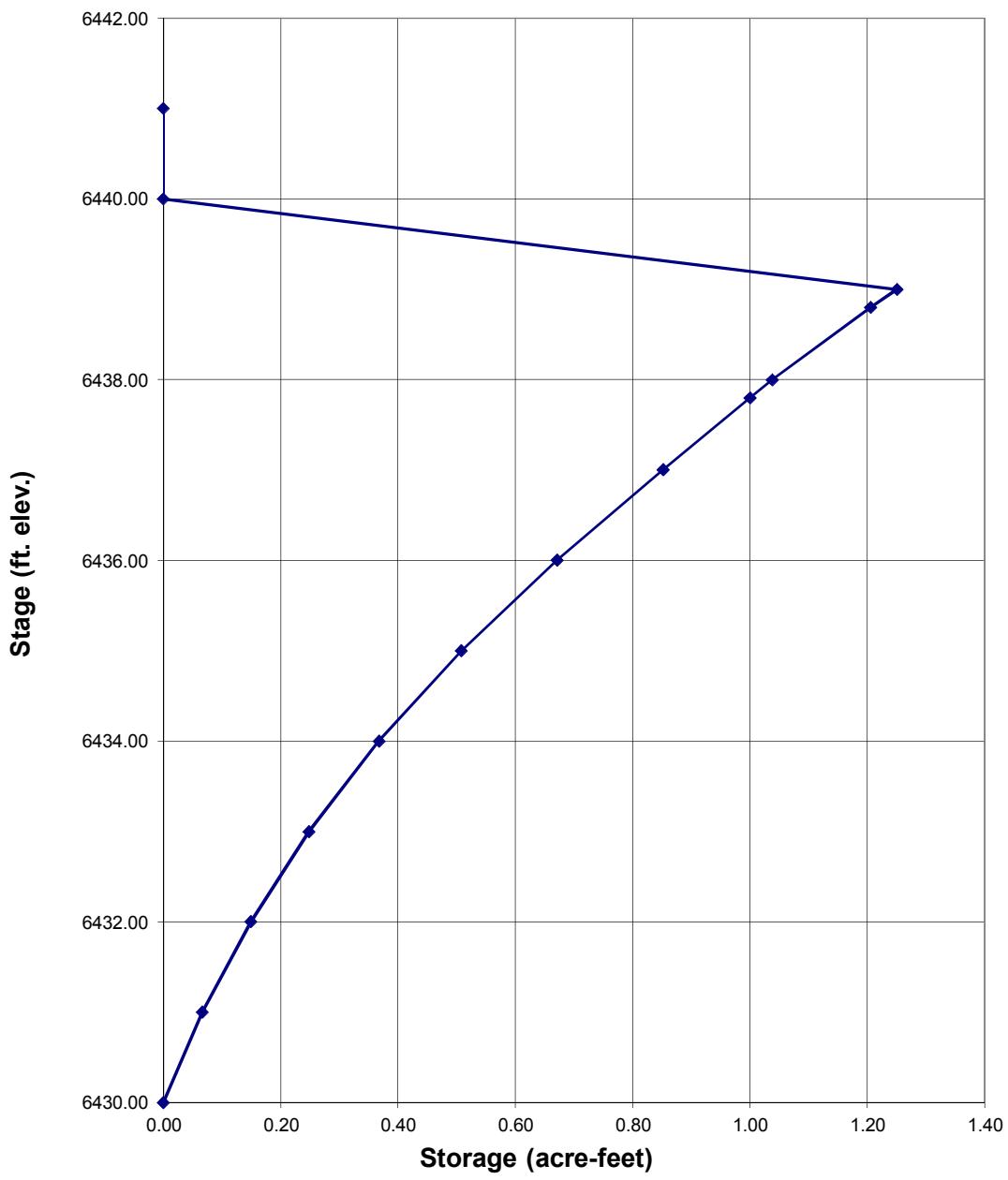
1.19 acre-ft.

## STAGE-STORAGE SIZING FOR DETENTION BASINS

Project: \_\_\_\_\_

Basin ID: \_\_\_\_\_

### STAGE-STORAGE CURVE FOR THE POND



STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WATER QUALITY CAPTURE VOLUME (WQCV) OUTLET

Project: \_\_\_\_\_  
Basin ID:

WQCV Design Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )		Diameter of holes, D = <input type="text" value="0.933"/> inches
Catchment Imperviousness, I <sub>a</sub> = <input type="text" value="89.0"/>	percent	Number of holes per row, N = <input type="text" value="1"/> OR
Catchment Area, A = <input type="text" value="6.97"/> acres		Height of slot, H = <input type="text" value="1"/> inches
Depth at WQCV outlet above lowest perforation, H = <input type="text" value="7"/> feet		Width of slot, W = <input type="text" value="1"/> inches
Vertical distance between rows, NL = <input type="text" value="4.00"/> inches		
Number of rows, NL = <input type="text" value="21.00"/>		
Orifice discharge coefficient, C <sub>c</sub> = <input type="text" value="0.65"/>		
Slope of Basin Trickle Channel, S = <input type="text" value="0.0205"/>		
Time to Drain the Pond = <input type="text" value="72"/> hours		

Perce

### Outlet Design Information (Output):

Location Urban Runoff Volume (mm / hr Specified Catchment)	Waste Landfill in No. 1
Urban Runoff Sheet	0.955 acre-feet
Outlet Area per row, Ao =	0.685 square inches
Total opening area at each row based on user input above, Ao =	0.685 square inches
Total opening area at each row based on user input above, Ao =	0.005 square feet

3

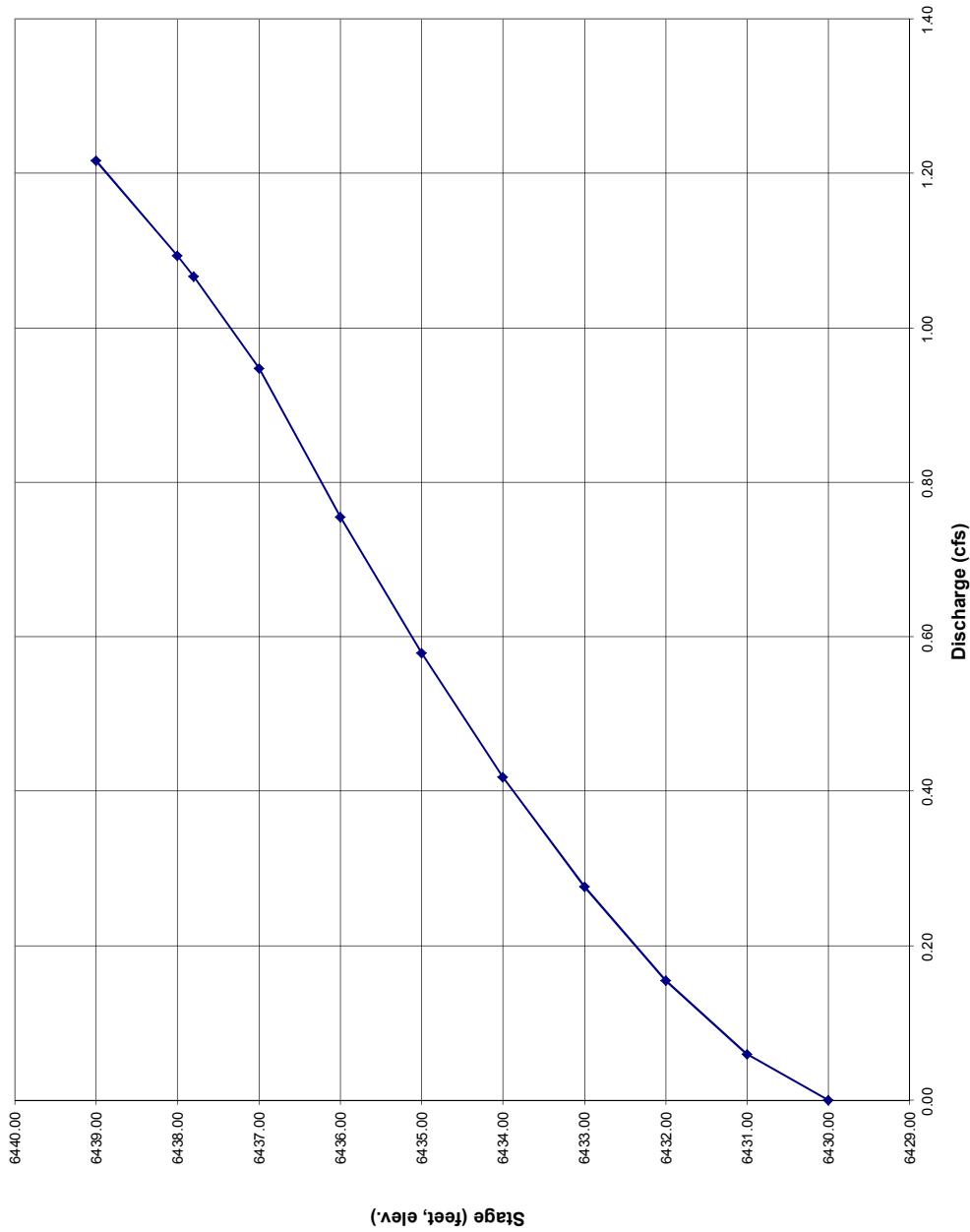
## STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WATER QUALITY CAPTURE VOLUME (WQCV) OUTLET

Worksheet Protected

Project:

Basin ID:

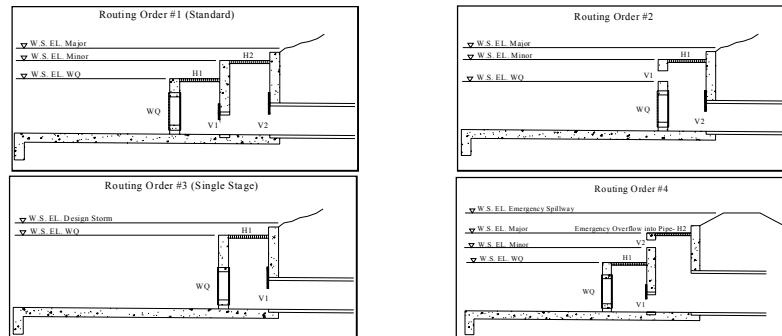
STAGE-DISCHARGE CURVE FOR THE WQCV OUTLET STRUCTURE



## STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WEIRS AND ORIFICES (INLET CONTROL)

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution

**Basin ID:**



## Current Routing Order is #3

### Design Information (Input):

**Circular Opening:**  
**OR**

Diameter in Inches:

### Rectangular Opening:

Width in Feet  
Length (Height for Vertical)

### Percentage of Open Area After Trash Rack Reduction

### Orifice Coefficient

## Weir Coefficient

### Orifice Elevation (Bottom for Vertical)

Dia. =  inches

$$W = \frac{11.66}{ft.} \quad or \quad H = \frac{2.92}{ft.}$$

$open =$	80	100		%
$C_o =$	0.65	0.65		
$C_w =$	3.00			

$$E_o = \boxed{6437.80} \quad \boxed{} \quad \boxed{6,429.50} \quad \boxed{} \text{ ft.}$$

#### **Calculation of Collection Capacity:**

#### Net Opening Area (after Trash Rack Reduction)

OPTIONAL: User-Override Net Opening Area

## Perimeter as Weir Length

**OPTIONAL: User-Override Weir Length**

$$A_0 = \underline{27.20} \quad 4.91 \quad \text{sq. ft.}$$

$$A_o = \boxed{\quad \quad \quad \quad} \text{ sq. ft.}$$

$$L_w = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \quad 24.49 \quad \text{ft.}$$

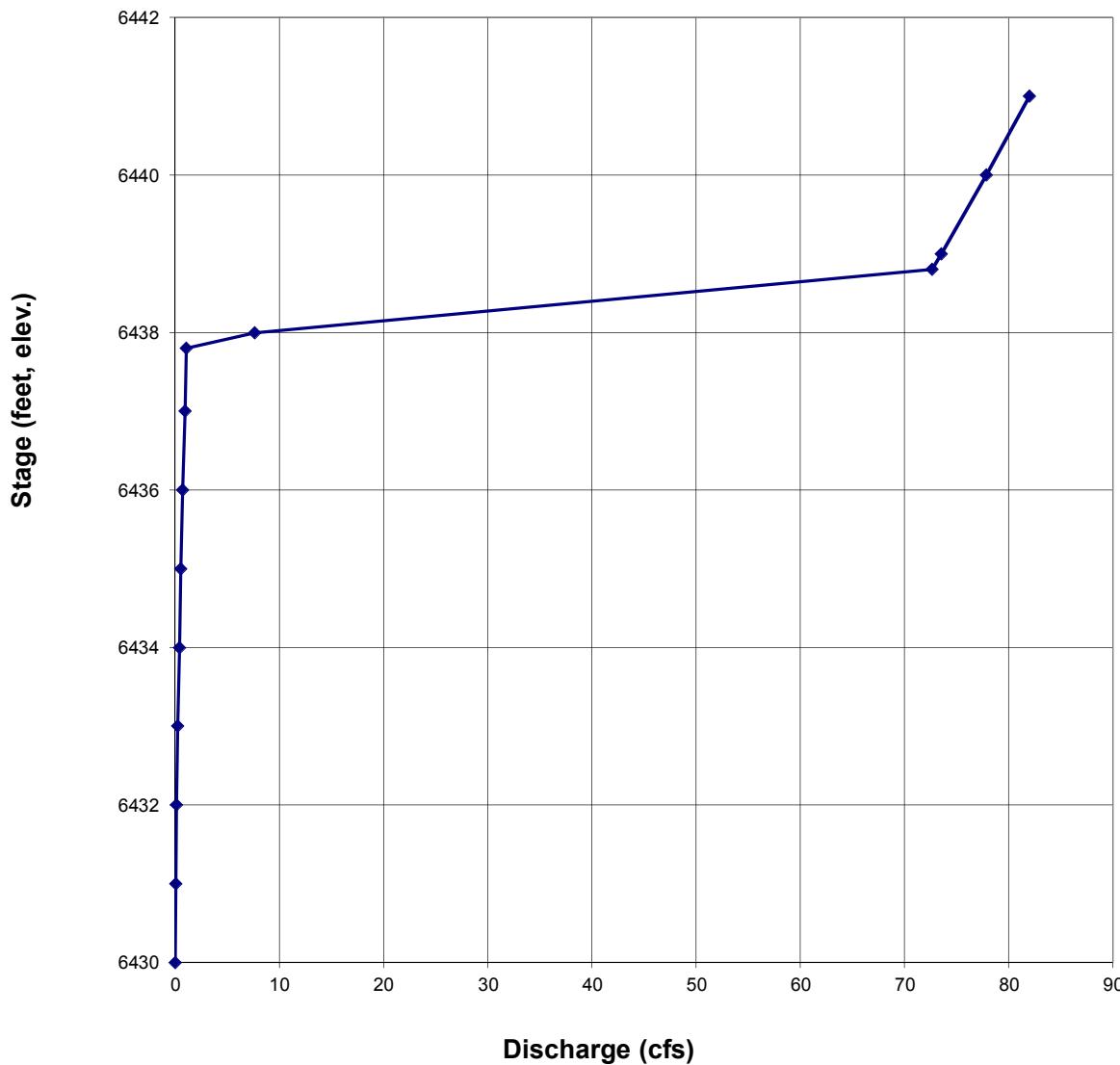
$$L_w = \boxed{\phantom{000}} \text{ ft.}$$

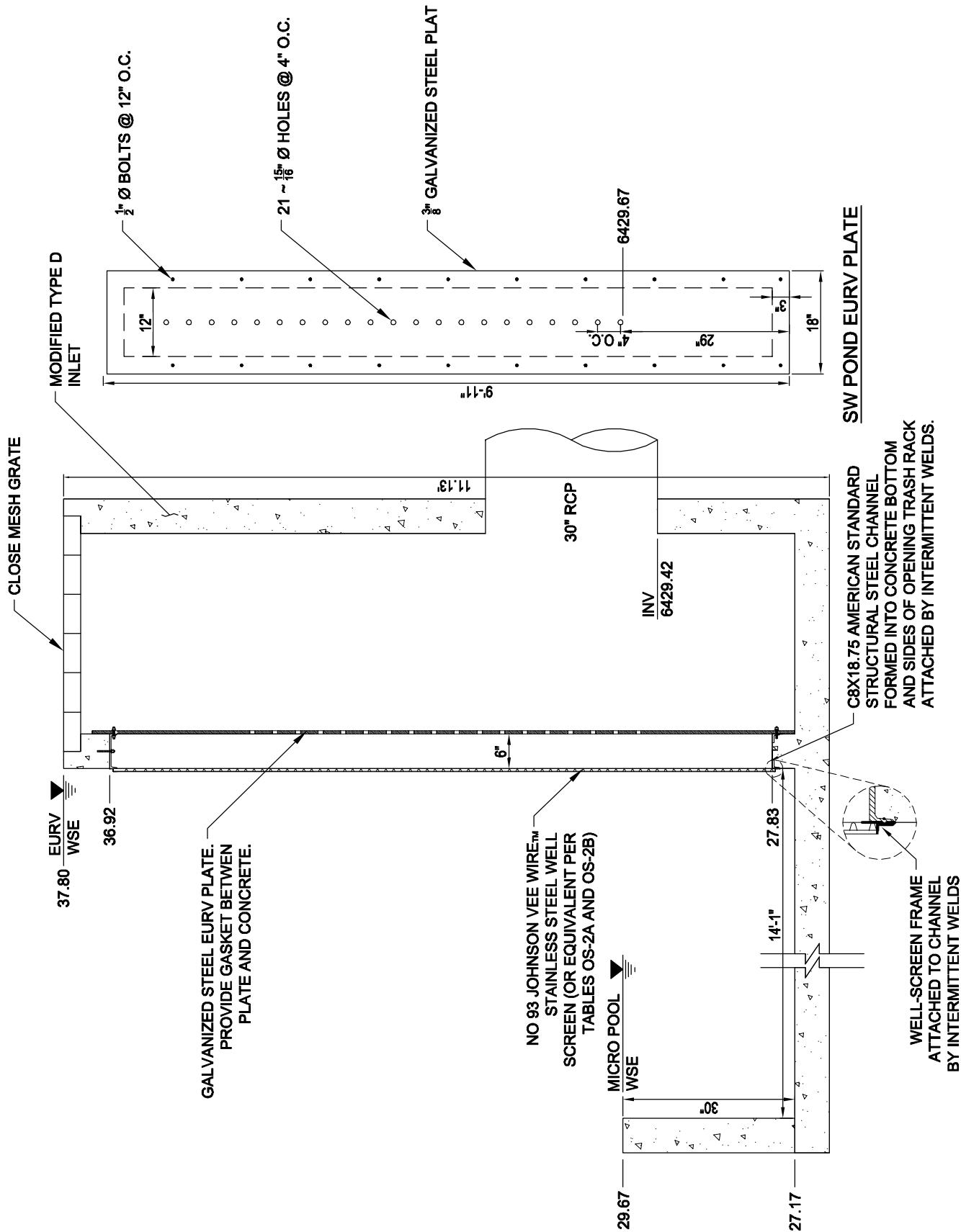
**Routing 3: Single Stage - Water flows through WQCV plate and #1 horizontal opening into #1 vertical opening. This flow will be applied to culvert sheet (#2 vertical & horizontal openings is not used).**

STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WEIRS AND ORIFICES (INLET CONTROL)

Project: Marksheffel / Constitution  
Basin ID:

STAGE-DISCHARGE CURVE FOR THE OUTLET STRUCTURE





# **Appendix F**

## **Map Pocket – Drainage Map**

# Markup Summary

- Per DCM section 4.5, a "Letter Type" drainage report is required for a replat of property for which a complete drainage report has previously been approved by the County Engineer and significant changes from such report is not proposed.

Subject: Text Box  
Page Label: 1  
Lock: Locked  
Author: Daniel Torres  
Date: 8/6/2018 10:36:33 AM  
Color: ■  
  
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- Per DCM section 4.5, a "Letter Type" drainage report is required for a replat of property for which a complete drainage report has previously been approved by the County Engineer and significant changes from such report is not proposed.
- Add "PCD File No. VR-18-011" to new drainage letter