# FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH 

July 2022
Revised April 2023

Prepared for:
Phi Real Estate Services, LLC 200 W. City Center Dr. Ste 200

Pueblo, CO 81003

Prepared By:


321 W. Henrietta Ave, Suite A Woodland Park, CO 80863

719-426-2124

## FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH

## Engincer's Statement:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according the criteria established for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errots, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.


$$
12 / 14 / 22
$$

Date

## Developer's Statement:

Premiere Homes Inc. the developer has read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

Phi Real Estate Services, LLC
Business Name
By:


Title: $\qquad$
Address: $\qquad$ 200 W. City Center Dr. Ste 200

Pueblo, CO 81003

## El Paso County:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the E1 Paso County land Development Code and the Drainage Criteria manual Volumes 1 and 2, and the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, Latest revision.

Josh Palmer, PE
Date
County Engineer/ECM Administrator
Conditions:

## FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT for THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this drainage report is to identify existing drainage patterns, quantify developed storm water runoff, and establish outfall scenarios from the proposed development. Additionally, this analysis will establish compliance with previous drainage studies and provide for water quality and detention of developed runoff.

## GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The subject 10.17 acres is proposed to be platted into 83 residential townhome lots and is located within the southwest $1 / 4$ of Section 4, Township 14 South, Range 65 West of the $6^{\text {th }}$ principal meridian El Paso County, Colorado. The parcel was previously platted as tracts G and A, Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7

The parcel is bounded on the north by the East Fork of Sand Creek, on the east by the Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7 single family residential development, on the south by Meadowbrook Parkway and undeveloped tract F, and on the west by Tract I and Marksheffel Road.

The site has been previously stripped and contains little volunteer vegetation besides erosion control cover. The existing terrain generally slopes to the west at a $2 \%$ grade. A swale has been formed adjacent to the Marksheffel embankment conveying undeveloped flow overland to the east Fork of Sand Creek. The site lies within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin.

Soils in the development parcel consist predominantly of Blendon sandy loam (Hydrologic Group ' $B$ ' soils) and also contains Blakeland loamy sand and Ellicott loamy coarse sand (Hydrologic Group 'A' soils) as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey. Hydrologic Group B soils were used in analysis.

No portion of the development lies within an F.E.M.A. designated floodplain per FIRM 08041C0756 G, effective 12/07/2018. The revised F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map has been provided in the appendix.

## EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

The site was previously studied in the Final Drainage Report for Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7. Development of Filing No. 7 required analysis and implementation of improvements within the adjacent Lower East Fork of Sand Creek. Improvements were implemented per the Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study and Preliminary Design Report; City of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado (DBPS), prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corp., revised March 1996. As upstream detention proposed in the DBPS has not been implemented the more conservative FEMA 100-YR Flow was utilized in channel evaluation and improvement. The FEMA analysis assumes
a 100-YR flow of 4,500 cfs through the adjacent reach, while the DBPS estimates a flow of 3,310 cfs with upstream detention. The adjacent Lower East Fork Sand Creek improvements are detailed in the Final Drainage Report for Claremont Ranch Filing no. 7.

The Villas at Claremont Ranch were platted as Tracts ' $G$ ' and 'A' with development of Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7 and was identified as 12.21 acre commercial development (basin 7) in the final drainage report. Anticipated runoff from Basin 7 was $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=9.5 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=24.4$ in the interim condition and $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=56.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=96.7$ in the fully developed condition. The Villas at Claremont Ranch lies entirely with the Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study area.

Basin 6 Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7 consists of undeveloped tract F south of Meadowbrook Parkway. The 11.18 acre basin ( 10.17 acres within the proposed Villas at Claremont Ranch) is proposed for commercial use and generates anticipated runoff of was $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=10.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=25.8$ in the interim condition and $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=60.4 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=90.5$ in the fully developed condition. A permanent public 24 " culvert crossing was installed with development of Meadowbrook Parkway to convey flows north to Sand Creek. Interim flows will be conveyed in existing swale section developed with Filing No. 7 improvements within the 70 ' utility and drainage easement located along the west side of the proposed Villas at Claremont Ranch Development. Developed flows will not be accepted onto the Villas at Claremont Ranch and any development scenarios for Tract F will require water quality implementation and full spectrum detention prior to site release across Meadowbrook Parkway. Interim flows defined in the Final Drainage Report for Filing No. 7 will be accepted.

## DEVELOPED DRAINAGE BASINS

Developed basins proposed to receive an increase in impervious areas will be routed to an on-site extended detention basin providing full spectrum detention prior to release to the East Fork of Sand Creek. Basins routed through the proposed EDB will be collected in proposed private roadway sections and collected in a private inlet system. Collected runoff will be conveyed in a private storm system to the EDB. A summary of peak developed runoff for the basins and design points are depicted in the Developed Drainage Plan in the appendix.

Basin 1 consists of perimeter landscape areas directly tributary to the East Fork of Sand Creek and will not be collected in the proposed extended detention basin. Basin 1 contains 2.25 acres and generates runoff of $\left(\mathrm{Q}_{2}=0.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=0.6 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=1.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=2.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=2.6 \mathrm{cfs}\right.$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=3.3$ cfs). Runoff from Basin 1 will either sheet flow directly to the reach of Sand Creek or be combined with interim condition runoff from Basin 6 (Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7) of $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=10.1 \mathrm{cfs}$, $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=25.8$ to the existing riprap rundown to Sand Creek. The swale and rundown installed with filing 7 improvements was developed to convey interim flows from both Basin 6 (tract F, Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7) and Basin 7 (tracts G and A, Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7) with a combined flow of $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=19.6 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=50.2$. Overlot grading and limited sidewalk improvements are proposed within Basin 1. The minimal improvements proposed in Basin 1 have been shaded to delineate limits on the proposed drainage map. The Basin 1 shaded area ( 0.67 acres) will utilize the applicable water quality exclusion ECM APP I.7.1.C. 1 (County based exclusion of up to 20\% or 1 acre).

The unshaded portion of Basin 1 ( 1.58 acres) will utilize the applicable WQ exclusion ECM APP I.7.1.B.7 - Sites with land disturbance to undeveloped land (land with no human-made structures such as buildings or pavement) that will remain undeveloped after the site.

Runoff from pervious area of Basin 1 will be conveyed across pervious surfaces in an unimproved trapezoidal grass swale with a $40^{\prime}$ bottom width at a depth of $0.40^{\prime}$ to outfall directly to Sand Creek. See Appendix for channel section A-A calculation.

Sub-Basin 1.1 ( 0.76 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=0.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=0.5 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=0.8 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=1.3 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=1.7 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=2.1 \mathrm{cfs}$ ) will be collected into a grass lined flat bottom swale with $4: 1$ side slopes, conveying the flows South to Design Point 10. At Design Point 10 ( $\left.\mathrm{Q}_{5}=10.6 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=27.9 \mathrm{cfs}\right)$ flows are combined with offsite interim flows identified in the final drainage report for filing no. 7 basin 6 of $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=10.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=25.8 \mathrm{cfs}$ and conveyed in a trapezoidal channel section to outfall in Sand Creek. Runoff from pervious area of Basin 1 will be conveyed across pervious surfaces in an unimproved trapezoidal grass swale with a $40^{\prime}$ bottom width at a depth of $0.40^{\prime}$ to outfall directly to Sand Creek. Discussion of water quality exclusions for all of Basin 1 (including sub-basin 1.1), is addressed in previous paragraphs.

Basin 10 consists of rear yards of the residential portion of Filing No. 7 tributary to the Villas at Claremont development. Runoff from these perimeter landscape areas directly tributary to the East Fork of Sand Creek, will be conveyed by a proposed grass lined swale offsite, and will not be collected in the proposed extended detention basin. Basin 10 contains 0.54 acres and generates runoff of $\left(\mathrm{Q}_{2}=0.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=0.3 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=0.5 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=0.8 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=1.1 \mathrm{cfs}\right.$, and $\left.\mathrm{Q}_{100}=1.4 \mathrm{cfs}\right)$. No improvements are proposed within Basin 10 affecting existing off-site facilities. Runoff from pervious area of Basin 10 will be conveyed across pervious surfaces in an unimproved trapezoidal grass swale.

Basin 10 ( 0.54 acres) will utilize the applicable water quality exclusion ECM APP I.7.1.B.7 - Sites with land disturbance to undeveloped land (land with no human-made structures such as buildings or pavement) that will remain undeveloped after the site.

## BASINS TRIBUTARY TO EDB

Basins 2 through 8 consist of the landscape areas, residential townhome lots, and private street improvements tributary to the proposed extended detention basin. Basin 9 consists of rear lots developed within the residential portion of Filing No. 7 tributary to the extended detention basin.

Basin 2 (1.92 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=1.3 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=1.9 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=2.7 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=3.8 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=4.6 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=5.6$ cfs ) consists of lots and landscape area along the north and east of the development. Flows from basin 2 will be conveyed in a grass swale along the northeast of the development to outfall directly to the proposed detention pond. Swale sizing calculations have been presented in the appendix.

Basin 3 ( 0.76 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=1.5 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=2.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=2.5 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=2.9 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=3.4$ cfs ) consists of townhome lots and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 10 , type R sump inlet at Design Point 2. Calculations for Carrside Grove street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 4 (1.00 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=1.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=1.7 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=2.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=2.7 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=3.2 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=3.7$ cfs) consists of townhome lots, landscape corridors, and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 10 ' type R sump inlet at Design Point 3. Calculations for Carrside Grove street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 5 (0.80 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=1.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=1.7 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=2.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=2.7 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=3.2 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=3.7$ cfs) consists of townhome lots, landscape corridors, and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 10' type R sump inlet at Design Point 4. Calculations for Fieldside Way street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 6 (1.95 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=2.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=3.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=3.9 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=5.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=6.0 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=7.0$ cfs) consists of townhome lots, landscape corridors, and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 10 ' type R sump inlet at Design Point 5. Calculations for Fieldside Way street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 7 ( 0.65 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=1.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=1.4 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=1.7 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=2.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=2.6 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=3.0$ cfs) consists of townhome lots, landscape corridors, and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 5' type R sump inlet at Design Point 7. Calculations for Greengate Way street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 8 ( 0.62 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=1.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=1.6 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=2.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=2.4 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q} 50=2.9 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=3.3$ cfs) consists of a small landscape area and private roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 5' type R sump inlet at Design Point 6. Calculations for Greengate Way street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 9 ( 0.13 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=0.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=0.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=0.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=0.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=0.2 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=0.3$ cfs) consists of a northern portion of rear yards of the residential portion of Filing No. 7 tributary to the Villas at Claremont development. Runoff from this area will sheet flow across the proposed landscape tract and be conveyed in a vegetated swale to the proposed EDB. Swale sizing calculations are included in the appendix.

## CONVEYANCE

Internal landscape and residential corridor areas, located within Basins 4 and 6 will utilize 2-footwide sidewalk chases to convey landscaped area stormwater swale flows into the adjacent street curb flow lines. A separate hydrologic analysis has been performed for the designated internal areas (Sub-Basin 1.1, 2.1, 4.1 and 6.1, respectively), and has been included in the Appendix.

Sub-Basin 1.1 ( 0.76 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=0.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=0.5 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=0.8 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=1.3 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=1.7 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=2.1 \mathrm{cfs}$ ) will be collected into a grass lined ( V ditch) swale with $4: 1$ side slopes, conveying the flows south to Design Point 10.

Sub-Basin 2.1 ( 0.19 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=0.6 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=0.7 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=0.9 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=1.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=1.2 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=1.4 \mathrm{cfs}$ ) will be collected into a (dual) curb cuts 2' wide x $5.5^{\prime}$ long sidewalk and outfall to $2.0^{\prime} \times 2.0^{\prime} \mathrm{D} 50=6^{\prime \prime}$ dual drainage pads (outfall calculations provided in appendix).

Sub-Basin 4.1 ( 0.32 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=0.4 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=0.5 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=0.7 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=0.9 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=1.0 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=1.2 \mathrm{cfs}$ ) will be collected into a 2' wide $\times 5.5$ ' long sidewalk curb chase and outfall north into Carside Grove curb flow lines and be conveyed to a low point near a proposed private 10 ' storm inlet located at Design Point 3.

Sub-Basin 6.1 ( 0.45 Acres, $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=0.4 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{5}=0.6 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{10}=0.8 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{25}=1.1 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{50}=1.3 \mathrm{cfs}$, and $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=1.6 \mathrm{cfs}$ ) will be collected into a $2^{\prime}$ ' wide $\mathrm{x} 5.5^{\prime}$ long sidewalk curb chase and outfall north into Fieldside View curb flow lines and be conveyed to a low point near a proposed private 10' storm inlet located at Design Point 5.

Flows at DP-7 will be collected in a 5' Type R inlet and outfall in an 18 " RCP at $0.50 \%$ to the inlet at DP-6. Combined flows at DP-A of $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=3.0 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=6.4$ will be conveyed north in an 18 " RCP at $0.61 \%$ to the proposed manhole at DP-B.

Flows from DP-5 will be collected in a 10' Type R inlet and outfall in an $18{ }^{\prime \prime}$ RCP at $0.50 \%$ to the inlet at DP-4. Flows from DP-4 will be collected in a $5^{\prime}$ Type R inlet. Combined flows from DP4 and DP-5 will be conveyed in an 18 " RCP at $0.50 \%$ to the manhole at DP-B ( $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=6.8 \mathrm{cfs}$, $\mathrm{Q}_{100}=15.3$ )

Combined outflow from the manhole at DP-B will be conveyed in a 30 " RCP storm sewer at $0.50 \%$ to the manhole at DP-C and combined with flows intercepted in the 10 ' Type R inlet at DP-3. Combined flows from DP-C of $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=8.6 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=19.0$ cfs will be conveyed in a 30 " RCP at $0.50 \%$ to the 10 ' Type R inlet at DP-D. Combined flows at DP-D of $\mathrm{Q}_{5}=9.9 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=21.9$ will be conveyed in a $30 " \mathrm{RCP}$ at $0.50 \%$ to pond outfall within the proposed EDB.

Swale calculations are provided in the appendix. All swales indicate velocities below $5.0 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{second}$ and maintain a minimum of $1.0^{\prime}$ freeboard. Calculations were performed utilizing hydraflow extension for AutoCAD Civil 3D.

Opposing inlet pairs are proposed for Design Points 2 and 3; 4 and 5; and 6 and 7. Inlet pairs are designed to allow flow equalization for the major storm event when flow could overtop the crown of the street. No ponding is proposed beyond the back of curb elevation.

## EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN

Proposed EDB 'B will require a WQCV of 0.139 acre-feet, an EURV Volume of 0.314 acre-feet and a total storage volume of 0.760 acre-ft. The pond provides 0.761 acre- ft of storage below the emergency outfall. The EDB will be designed to meet current Urban Drainage design criteria for forebay, outfall structure, and micropool (See Calculations in Appendix). Proposed EDB 'B will outfall through an 18" RCP storm sewer directly to the East Branch of Sand Creek. The Basin outfalls developed runoff of $\left(\mathrm{Q}_{5}=1.2 \mathrm{cfs}, \mathrm{Q}_{100}=4.2 \mathrm{cfs}\right)$ to Design Point E. The emergency spillway will consist of a 20 ' wide trapezoidal weir constructed of soil riprap conveying the undetained $100-$ YR flow from Design Point 1 of 25.0 cfs at a maximum depth of 0.34 '. Emergency overflow will be conveyed directly to the East Branch of Sand Creek. See Appendix for calculations. The CENTRAL MARKSHEFFEL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT will maintain the private pond facility.

The improved trail adjacent to Sand Creek has not been installed adjacent to the pond. The area will be graded to represent anticipated trail installation but will be constructed from pond overflow through channel toe with soil riprap with seeded topsoil cover. Future installation of trail segment is anticipated to be concrete trail along top of channel embankment. Spillway is intended only for emergency outflow path to adjacent channel. Major storm event is conveyed through outlet structure and conveyed through pipe system to channel bottom.

The pond maintenance access is provided from proposed parking located north of the intersection of Belton Heights and Carrside Grove. The southerly portion of access above all proposed water surface elevations is combined with required sanitary sewer access and will be constructed to Utility District Standards which exceed county requirements. The portion of the pond within the pond will be constructed of an all-weather stable surface of roadbase, gravel, or rock and maintains a maximum $10 \%$ grade per ECM 3.3.3.K.

Calculations in the Mile High Flood District UD-detention spreadsheet indicate that developed outflow during intermediate storm events exceed historic intermediate storm event release in order to comply with time constrained release of $97 \%$ of $5-Y R$ event. The adjacent reach of Sand Creek is designed to accommodate $100-\mathrm{YR}$ event conveyance and will not be negatively impacted by intermediate release rates. DBPS recommended improvements were installed for the adjacent reach and have been included in the appendix.

Trickle Channel calculations have been provided in the appendix.
The area of the development tributary to proposed EDB ' B ' includes the following:

| Tract/Use | Area | \% Impervious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lots | 5.12 | $65 \%$ |
| Hardscape | 0.80 | $89 \%$ |
| Landscape | 1.91 | $0 \%$ |
| Total Area | 7.83 | $52.7 \%$ Avg \% Impervious |

## DRAINAGE METHODOLOGY

This drainage report was prepared in accordance to the criteria established in the El Paso County CDM Vol 1 and 2 with Vol 1 updates.

The rational method for drainage basin study areas of less than 100 acres was utilized in the analysis. For the Rational Method, flows were calculated for the 2, 5, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year recurrence intervals. The average runoff coefficients, ' $C$ ' values, are taken from Table 6-6 and the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves are taken from Figure 6-5 of the City Drainage Criteria Manual. Time of concentration for overland flow and storm drain or gutter flow are calculated per Chapter 6 Section 3.2 of the City Drainage Criteria Manual. Calculations for the Rational Method are shown in the Appendix of this report.

Mile High Flood District methodology was utilized for determination of street capacity and inlet sizing. Calculations are shown in the appendix of this report. Hydraulic Grade Line Calculations have been provided within this report.

The analysis, presented in the appendix, provides more detailed calculations for the system in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County DCM criteria. The storm sewer plan and profile drawings have been submitted concurrently with this analysis.

## WATER QUALITY/4-STEP PROCESS

## 4-STEP PROCESS

## STEP 1: EMPLOY RUNOFF REDUCTION PRACTICES

The development addresses Low Impact Development strategies primarily through the utilization of landscape swales within rear lots directing runoff from rooflines and patios through swales with minimal longitudinal grade prior to outfall to the private street system.

## STEP 2: STABILIZE DRAINAGEWAYS

The ultimate recipient of runoff from the site is the East Branch of Sand Creek. The adjacent reach of Sand Creek was improved to ultimate DBPW recommendations with the development of Filing No. 7.

## STEP 3: PROVIDE WATER QUALITY CAPTURE VOLUME

On-site flow is directed to a proposed extended detention basin providing water quality capture volume and attenuated release rates prior to release off-site. Release from the extended detention basin is less than assumed in the Final Drainage Report for Filing No. 7 as development was assumed to be commercial in nature and no detention scenario was initially proposed.

## STEP 4: CONSIDER NEED FOR INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BMP'S

A Grading, Erosion Control, and Stormwater Quality Plan and narrative have been submitted concurrently for the development and will be subject to county approval prior to any soil disturbance. The erosion control plan included specific source control BMP's as well defined overall site management practices for the construction period. No industrial or commercial uses are proposed with the Villas at Claremont Ranch development. No temporary batch plant operations are proposed with residential development.

## COST ESTIMATE

Private Improvements Non-reimbursable

| 5' TYPE R INLET | 2 EA | $@ \$$ | $6,138 / \mathrm{EA}$ | $\$$ | 12,276 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 10' TYPE R INLET | 4 EA | $@ \$$ | $8,447 / \mathrm{EA}$ | $\$$ | 33,788 |
| TYPE I MH | 3 EA | $@ \$$ | $7,082 / \mathrm{EA}$ | $\$$ | 21,246 |
| 18"RCP | 497 LF | $@ \$$ | $70 / \mathrm{LF}$ | $\$$ | 34,790 |
| $30 "$ 'RCP | 392 LF | $@ \$$ | $104 / \mathrm{LF}$ | $\$$ | 40,768 |
| 18"RCP FES | 1 EA | $@ \$$ | $420 / \mathrm{EA}$ | $\$$ | 420 |
| D $50=6 "$ RipRap | 58 Tons | $@ \$$ | $89.00 / \mathrm{Ton}$ | $\$$ | 5,162 |
| Detention Outlet Structure | 1 EA | $@ \$$ | $9,000 / \mathrm{LS}$ | $\$$ | 9,000 |
| Pond Grading | 1500 CY | $@ \$$ | $6.00 / \mathrm{EA}$ | $\$$ | 9,000 |
| Extended Detention Basin | 1 LS | $@ \$$ | $35,000 / \mathrm{LS}$ | $\$$ | 35,000 |


| SUBTOTAL | \$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 , 4 5 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $15 \%$ CONTINGENCY | $\$$ | 30,218 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 1 , 6 6 8}$ |

## DRAINAGE FEE CALCULATION

Drainage Fees were accounted for with the original platting of the parcel as tracts G and A of Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7 (see appendix).

## DRAINAGE METHODOLOGY

This drainage report was prepared in accordance to the criteria established in the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, as revised May 2015.

The rational method for drainage basin study areas of less than 100 acres was utilized in the analysis. For the Rational Method, flows were calculated for the 2, 5, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year recurrence intervals. The average runoff coefficients, ' C ' values, are taken from Table 6-6 and the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves are taken from Figure 6-5 of the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. Time of concentration for overland flow and storm drain or gutter flow are calculated per Section 3.2 of the City Drainage Criteria Manual. Calculations for the Rational Method are shown in the Appendix of this report.

## SUMMARY

The Villas at Claremont Ranch Development exhibits drainage patterns consistent with those anticipated in the Final Drainage Report for Filing No. 7. Volume of water released from the site anticipated in the Filing 7 Final Drainage Report has been significantly reduced due to the parcel developing as residential rather commercial and implementation of on-site water quality and full spectrum detention facilities as required by current criteria. Private Storm system is designed to intercept the full 100 -year runoff event and convey to existing east branch of sand creek. Development of the parcel is in conformance of current El Paso County criteria and will not adversely affect downstream properties or facilities.

## REFERENCES:

El Paso County, Colorado Engineering Division Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1, (1990), revised Oct 2018

El Paso County, Colorado Engineering Division Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 2, November 2002

El Paso County, Colorado Engineering Division Drainage Criteria Manual Update, (2015)
El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, (2004), revised Oct 2020
"Claremont Ranch Subdivision Filing No. 7 Preliminary and Final Drainage Report", prepared by Engineering and Surveying, Inc., dated May 2004.
"Final Master Development Drainage Plan and Preliminary Drainage Plan for the Claremont Ranch", prepared by Matrix Design Group, Inc., revised July 2002.
"Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study Preliminary Drainage Report", prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, revised March 21996.

Preliminary and Final Drainage Report for International Bible Society Filing No. 1" prepared by URS Consultants, dated August, 1988.

Flood Insurance rate map 08041C0756 F, as revised to reflect LOMR Case No. 08-08-0630P
Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey

## APPENDIX


$\frac{\text { VICINITY MAP }}{\text { SCALE: N.T.S. }}$

## National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



## Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT
SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

| SPECIAL FLOOD |
| :--- | :--- |
| HAZARD AREAS |


| Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) |
| :--- |
| Zone A, $V$, A99 |
| With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR |

Regulatory Floodway
(B) 20.2 Cross Sections with 1\% Annual Chance
17.5 Water Surface Elevation
(8)- - Coastal Transect
mu $\mathrm{m}_{13} \mathrm{~mm}$ Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
Limit of Study
—_Jurisdiction Boundary
--- --- Coastal Transect Baseline
OTHER FEATURES $\qquad$ Profile Baseline Hydrographic Feature

MAP PANELS
$\because \quad$ Digital Data Available
No Digital Data Available


Unmapped

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards
The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on $11 / 17 / 2020$ at 2:43 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.


## MAP LEGEND



## MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.
Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required
This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.
Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado
Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 23, 2016
Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 15, 2011-Mar 9, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident

# Hydrologic Soil Group 

| Map unit symbol | Map unit name | Rating | Acres in AOI | Percent of AOI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes | A | 1.6 | 16.2\% |
| 10 | Blendon sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes | B | 7.1 | 74.2\% |
| 28 | Ellicott loamy coarse sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes | A | 0.9 | 9.6\% |
| Totals for Area of Interest |  |  | 9.6 | 100.0\% |

## Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

## Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified
Tie-break Rule: Higher

# CLAREMONT RANCH SUBDIVISION <br> FLLING NO. 7 <br> PRELIMINARY \& FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT 

May 2004

## Prepared for:

SWAT X, LLC.
20 Boulder Crescent, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Floor
Colorado Springs, CO 80903
(719) 471-1742

Prepared by:
Engineering and Surveying, Inc. 20 Boulder Crescent, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Floor Colorado Springs, CO 80903
(719) 955-5485

Project \#01-006

## IURAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES

The Claremont Ranch Subdivision, Filing No. 7, site is located entirely within the Sand Creek Drainage Elasin. The 2004 Drainage and Bridge Fees per El Paso County for this site are listed below.

Drainage Fee: \$ 15,000/Impervious acre
Eridge Fee: \$ 1,336/Impervious acre
The impervious area for this subdivision was calculated from the site plan since this is a residential project.
The total platted acreage for the site is 17.79 acres consisting of 16.61 residential acres with an impervious rating of $44 \%$ and 1.18 open space acres at $7 \%$ impervious. Therefore, the calculated impervious area is 7.38 acres (42\%).

Drainage Fee: $\quad \$ 15,000 /$ Impervious acre $\times 42 \%$ Impervious $=\$ 6,222 / \mathrm{ac}$.
Bridge Fee: $\$$ 1,336/Impervious acre x $42 \%$ Impervious $=\$$ 554/ac.
Total fees due per platted acreage $=\quad \$ 6,776 /$ ac.
The total fee obligation for Claremont Ranch Subdivision Filing No. 7 is summarized as follows:

Drainage fees for subdivision: $\mathbf{\$ 6 , 2 2 2} / \mathrm{ac} \times 17.79 \mathrm{ac}=$
Bridge fees for subdivision: \$ 554/ac x $17.79 \mathrm{ac}=$
Total fees for subdivision: $\mathbf{\$ 6 , 7 7 6} / \mathrm{ac} \times 17.79 \mathrm{ac}=$
\$ 110,689.38
\$ 9,855.66
\$ 120,545.04

Bridge Fees in the amount of $\mathbf{\$ 9 , 8 5 5 . 6 6}$ are due with final platting of Filing No. 7.

## Claremont Ranch Filings \#1-7 - Overall Drainage Fee Calculations:

| Filing \# | Required <br> Drainage Fees | Sand Creek \& Sub- <br> tributary <br> Improvement <br> Construction Costs |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $\$ 316,744.50$ | $\$ 376,000.00$ |
| 2 | $\$ 197,274.00$ | $\$ 355,850.00$ |
| 3 | $\$ 200,700.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |
| 4 | $\$ 293,100.00$ | $\$ 433,250.00$ |
| 5 | $\$ 140,285.00$ | $\$ 517,145.00$ |
| 6 | $\$ 283,228.50$ | $\$ 0.00$ |
| 7 | $\$ \mathbf{1 1 0 , 6 8 9 . 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 8 2 , 0 0 0 . 0 0}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 5 4 2 , 0 1 1 . 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 9 6 4 , 2 4 5 . 0 0}$ |

The developer can use the difference between reimbursable construction costs and required drainage fees as credits to be applied toward future Sand Creek Basin Drainage Fees or the developer can apply to the County for reimbursement from the Basin.

Claremont Ranch will have a drainage credit of $\$ 422,233.62$ based on the above table, therefore there are no Drainage Fees are due for Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7.

## SUMMARY

The Claremont Ranch Subdivision Filing No. 7 site contains 52.7 acres within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. 17.8 acres of this Filing will be developed as single-family dwelling units, 20.2 acres as commercial development and the remaining 14.7 acres as high density single-family units. The development of the site will require drainage facilities to accommodate developed flows and meet El Paso County drainage criteria. Pıoposed drainage facilities will adequately convey developed runoff from the site to the East Fork of Sand Creek. All drainage facilities described herein and shown on the included drainage plan are subject to change due to final design considerations.

The drainage analysis has been prepared in accordance with the current City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. The site will continue to maintain historic drainage patterns. No on-site detention will be required due to the fact that regional detention will be provided as outlined in the DBPS prepared by Kiowa Engineering.

Supporting information is included in the Appendix.

RATIONAL METHOD

## CLAF:EMONT RANCH \#7

| BASIN: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| AREA(ac. | 12.21 |
| SOIL TYPE | A |

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT, C


COMPOSITE:

| $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ | $=$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C}_{100}=$ | 0.90 |
|  | 0.90 |

TIME OF CONCENTRATION: Tc in Minutes:

| Travel Type |  | L(ft) | $h(f t)$ | s (\%) | $v_{5}(\mathrm{fps})$ | Tc (5 year) | $\mathrm{V}_{100}$ (fps) | Tc (100 year) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overland |  | 300 | 16 | 5.3 |  | 3.73 |  | 3.73 |
| Swale |  | 350 | 8 | 2.3 | 3 | 1.94 | 3.5 | 1.67 |
|  | Tc Total: |  |  |  |  | 5.67 |  | 5.40 |

Intensity, i (inches/hr) from Fig 5-1


DRAINAGE BASIN HYDROLOGY
RATIONAL METHOD
CLAF:EMONT RANCH \#7

$$
\text { Interim Flows - assumes grading } \neq
$$

 re-vegetation but no development.

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT, C
ZONEIDEVELOPMENT TYPE
Pasturi/Meadow

$$
\text { AREA ( } \mathrm{ft}^{2} \text { ) AREA (ac) }
$$

$$
486879.86
$$

$\square$

$$
11.18
$$

COMPIDSITE:

$$
\begin{aligned}
C_{5}= & 0.25 \\
C_{100}= & 0.35
\end{aligned}
$$

TIME CF CONCENTRATION: Tc in Minutes:
Travel Type
Overland
Swale
Tc Total:
Intensity, i (inches/hr) from Fig 5-1


PEAK FLOW: $\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{CiA}$ in cfs


PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASINS

| BASIN | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { AREA } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { (Acres) } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { TI } \\ (\text { min }) \end{array}$ | CONVEYANCE TC |  |  |  |  |  | TT | INTENSITY |  |  |  |  |  | TOTAL FLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{10}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{25}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{50}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{100}$ |  |  | Length (ft) | Height (ft) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{V}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Slope } \\ (\%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Velocity } \\ (\mathrm{fps}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TC} \\ (\mathrm{~min}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ (\mathrm{min}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{2}} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{5} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{10} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{I}_{25} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{50} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{1 0 0}} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{2} \\ (\text { c.f.f.s. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{Q}_{5} \\ \text { (c.f.s.s. } \end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{10} \\ \text { (c.f.f. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Q}_{25} \\ \text { (c.f.s. } \end{array}\right)$ | $\binom{\mathbf{Q}_{50}}{(\text { c.f.f.s. }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{100} \\ \text { (c.f.f.) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 LANDSCAPED | $\begin{aligned} & 2.25 \\ & 2.25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 0 5} \\ & 0.05 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0 . 1 2} \\ & 0.12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 2 0} \\ & \\ & 0.20 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 0} \\ & 0.30 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 4} \\ & 0.34 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 9} \\ & 0.39 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 100 | 4 |  | 12.0 | 1030 | 12 | 7 | 1.2\% | 0.8 | 22.7 | 34.7 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.3 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ HARDSCAPE LANDSCAPED | $\begin{aligned} & 1.92 \\ & 0.51 \\ & 1.41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 2 5} \\ & 0.79 \\ & 0.05 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 0} \\ & 0.81 \\ & 0.12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 7} \\ 0.83 \\ 0.20 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ & 0.85 \\ & 0.30 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 8} \\ 0.87 \\ 0.34 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 5 2} \\ 0.88 \\ 0.39 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 100 | 4 | 9.8 | 451 | 10 | 7 | 2.2\% | 1.0 | 7.2 | 17.0 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 5.6 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{3} \\ \text { LOTS } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.76 \\ 0.76 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 4 1} \\ 0.41 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 9} \\ 0.49 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.54 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 7} \\ 0.57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 9} \\ 0.59 \end{gathered}$ | 46 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 440 | 7 | 20 | 1.6\% | 2.5 | 2.9 | 7.7 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| $\underset{\text { LOTS }}{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.00 \\ & 1.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 4 1} \\ 0.41 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 9} \\ 0.49 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.54 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 7} \\ 0.57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 5 9} \\ 0.59 \end{gathered}$ | 49 | 2 | 5.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 197 \\ & 138 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ 20 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.5 \% \\ & 1.4 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.9 \\ & 2.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.8 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | 10.2 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.1 |
| $\underset{\angle O T S}{\mathbf{5}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.80 \\ 0.80 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 4 1} \\ 0.41 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 9} \\ 0.49 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.54 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 7} \\ 0.57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 9} \\ 0.59 \end{gathered}$ | 51 | 2 | 5.7 | 176 | 2.5 | 20 | 1.4\% | 2.4 | 1.2 | 6.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.7 |
| 6 LOTS <br> LANDSCAPED | $\begin{aligned} & 1.95 \\ & 1.66 \\ & 0.29 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 6} \\ 0.41 \\ 0.05 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 0} \\ 0.45 \\ 0.12 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ & 0.49 \\ & 0.20 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 0} \\ 0.54 \\ 0.30 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.57 \\ 0.34 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 6} \\ & 0.59 \\ & 0.39 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 91 | 2 | 9.9 | 441 | 10 | 20 | 2.3\% | 3.0 | 2.4 | 12.3 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 |
| $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { LOTS } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.65 \\ 0.65 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 4 1} \\ 0.41 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 9} \\ 0.49 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.54 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 7} \\ 0.57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 5 9} \\ 0.59 \end{gathered}$ | 54 | 2 | 5.9 | 136 | 2 | 20 | 1.5\% | 2.4 | 0.9 | 6.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
|  <br> HARDSCAPE <br> LANDSCAPED <br> LOTS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.62 \\ & 0.29 \\ & 0.08 \\ & 0.25 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.79 \\ 0.05 \\ 0.41 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{0 . 5 8} \\ 0.81 \\ 0.12 \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 6 1} \\ & 0.83 \\ & 0.20 \\ & 0.49 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 6 5} \\ & 0.85 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 0.54 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 6 8} \\ 0.87 \\ 0.34 \\ 0.57 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 7 0} \\ 0.88 \\ 0.39 \\ 0.59 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 100 | 4 | 6.4 | 230 | 5 | 20 | 2.2\% | 2.9 | 1.3 | 7.7 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ <br> ONSITE <br> REAR YARD | 0.13 0.13 | 0.05 <br> 0.05 <br> 0.0 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 2}$ <br> 0.12 <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 2 0} \\ & \\ & 0.20 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 0} \\ & \\ & 0.30 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 4} \\ & 0.34 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.39 \\ & 0.39 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 87 | 3 | 11.8 | 451 | 10 | 15 | 2.2\% | 2.2 | 3.4 | 15.1 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{1 0} \\ \text { OFFSITE } \\ \text { OFFSITE } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.54 \\ & 0.54 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \mathbf{0 . 0 5} \\ 0.05 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 1 2} \\ & 0.12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 2 0} \\ & \\ & 0.20 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 0} \\ & \\ & 0.30 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 4} \\ & \\ & 0.34 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 9} \\ \\ \hline 0.39 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 64 | 4 | 8.3 | 456 | 9 | 15 | 2.0\% | 2.1 | 3.6 | 11.9 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  | WEIGHTED |  |  |  |  |  | TT | INTENSITY |  |  |  |  |  | TOTAL FLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DESIGN POINT | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { AREA } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { (Acres) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{10}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{25}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{50}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{100}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ (\mathrm{min}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{2} \\ (\mathbf{i n} / \mathbf{h r}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{5} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{1 0}} \\ (\mathbf{i n} / \mathbf{h r}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{25} \\ (\mathbf{i n} / \mathbf{h r}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{50} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathbf{h r}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{100} \\ (\mathbf{i n} / \mathbf{h r}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Q}_{2} \\ (\text { (c.f.s. }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{5} \\ \text { (c.f.f.s. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{10} \\ (\text { (c.f.s. }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Q}_{25} \\ \text { (c.f.s.) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Q}_{50} \\ \text { (c.f.f. }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{100} \\ \text { (c.f.s. } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { BASIN } 7 \end{gathered}$ | 0.65 | 0.41 | 0.45 | 0.49 | 0.54 | 0.57 | 0.59 | 6.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{6} \\ \text { BASIN } 8 \end{gathered}$ | 0.62 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.61 | 0.65 | 0.68 | 0.70 | 7.7 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{5} \\ \text { BASIN } 6 \end{gathered}$ | 1.95 | 0.36 | 0.40 | 0.45 | 0.50 | 0.54 | 0.56 | 12.3 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{4} \\ \text { BASIN } 5 \end{gathered}$ | 0.80 | 0.41 | 0.45 | 0.49 | 0.54 | 0.57 | 0.59 | 6.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.7 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{3} \\ \text { BASIN } 4 \end{gathered}$ | 1.00 | 0.41 | 0.45 | 0.49 | 0.54 | 0.57 | 0.59 | 10.2 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.1 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{2} \\ \text { BASIN } 3 \end{gathered}$ | 0.76 | 0.41 | 0.45 | 0.49 | 0.54 | 0.57 | 0.59 | 7.7 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ BASIN 2 BASIN 9 DP-D | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{7 . 8 3} \\ 1.92 \\ 0.13 \\ 5.78 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 6} \\ 0.25 \\ 0.05 \\ 0.41 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 1} \\ & 0.30 \\ & 0.12 \\ & 0.45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ & 0.37 \\ & 0.20 \\ & 0.49 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 1} \\ 0.45 \\ 0.30 \\ 0.54 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.48 \\ 0.34 \\ 0.57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 7} \\ 0.52 \\ 0.39 \\ 0.59 \end{gathered}$ | 17.0 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 7.5 | 10.6 | 13.8 | 17.9 | 21.3 | 25.0 |
| 8 | 0.32 | 0.40 | 0.42 | 0.43 | 0.45 | 0.47 | 0.48 | 5.7 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{9} \\ \text { BASIN } 9 \end{gathered}$ DP-8 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ & 0.13 \\ & 0.32 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 0} \\ 0.05 \\ 0.40 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 3} \\ 0.12 \\ 0.42 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 7} \\ 0.20 \\ 0.43 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 1} \\ & 0.30 \\ & 0.45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 3} \\ & 0.34 \\ & 0.47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ 0.39 \\ 0.48 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 15.1 \\ 15.1 \\ 5.7 \end{gathered}$ | 2.8 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{E} \\ \text { Pond Outfall } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.2 |  |  |  | 4.2 |

$\qquad$

|  |  | WEIGHTED |  |  |  |  |  | TT | INTENSITY |  |  |  |  |  | TOTAL FLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DESIGN <br> POINT | AREA <br> TOTAL <br> (Acres) | $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{10}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{25}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{50}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{100}$ | TOTAL (min) | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{I}_{2} \\ (\mathbf{i n} / \mathbf{h r}) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{5} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{10} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{25} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{50} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{100} \\ (\mathbf{i n} / \mathbf{h r}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{2} \\ \text { (c.f.s. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Q}_{5} \\ \text { (c.f.f.) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{10} \\ \text { (c.f.f. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} Q_{25} \\ (\text { (c.f.f. }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} Q_{50} \\ (\text { c.f.f.s. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{100} \\ \text { (c.f.f. }) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{A} \\ \text { DP-6 } \\ \text { DP-7 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{1 . 2 7} \\ & 0.62 \\ & 0.65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 7} \\ 0.54 \\ 0.41 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 1} \\ 0.58 \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 5} \\ 0.61 \\ 0.49 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 6 0} \\ 0.65 \\ 0.54 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 6 2} \\ 0.68 \\ 0.57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 6 4} \\ 0.70 \\ 0.59 \end{gathered}$ | 6.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 6.4 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{B} \\ \text { DP-5 } \\ \text { DP-4 } \\ \text { DP-A } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.02 \\ & 1.95 \\ & 0.80 \\ & 1.27 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 0} \\ 0.36 \\ 0.41 \\ 0.47 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ 0.40 \\ 0.45 \\ 0.51 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 9} \\ 0.45 \\ 0.49 \\ 0.55 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.50 \\ 0.54 \\ 0.60 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 7} \\ 0.54 \\ 0.57 \\ 0.62 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 9} \\ 0.56 \\ 0.59 \\ 0.64 \end{gathered}$ | 12.3 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 6.8 | 8.7 | 11.1 | 13.1 | 15.3 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{C} \\ \text { DP3 } \\ \text { DP-B } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{5 . 0 2} \\ 1.00 \\ 4.02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 1} \\ 0.41 \\ 0.40 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ 0.45 \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 9} \\ 0.49 \\ 0.49 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ 0.54 \\ 0.54 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 7} \\ 0.57 \\ 0.57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 9} \\ 0.59 \\ 0.59 \end{gathered}$ | 12.3 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 8.6 | 10.9 | 13.8 | 16.4 | 19.0 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{D} \\ \text { DP-2 } \\ \text { DP-C } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{5 . 7 8} \\ & 0.76 \\ & 5.02 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 4 1} \\ & 0.41 \\ & 0.41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0 . 4 5} \\ & 0.45 \\ & 0.45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0 . 4 9} \\ & 0.49 \\ & 0.49 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0 . 5 4} \\ & 0.54 \\ & 0.54 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 7} \\ & 0.57 \\ & 0.57 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0 . 5 9} \\ & 0.59 \\ & 0.59 \end{aligned}$ | 12.3 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 7.2 | 9.9 | 12.6 | 15.9 | 18.9 | 21.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| BASIN | AREA TOTAL (Acres) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Length (ft) | Height <br> (ft) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TI} \\ (\mathrm{~min}) \end{gathered}$ | CONVEYANCE TC |  |  |  |  |  | TT <br> TOTAL <br> (min) | INTENSITY |  |  |  |  |  | TOTAL FLOWS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{10}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{25}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{50}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{100}$ |  |  |  | Length <br> (ft) | Height <br> (ft) | $\mathrm{C}_{V}$ | Slope <br> (\%) | Velocity (fps) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TC} \\ (\mathrm{~min}) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{2} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \mathrm{I}_{5} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $I_{10}$ <br> $(\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr})$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{25} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{50} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{100} \\ (\mathrm{in} / \mathrm{hr}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{2} \\ (\text { c.f.f.s.) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Q}_{5} \\ \text { (c.f.f.). } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Q}_{10} \\ \text { (c.f.f.s. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Q}_{25} \\ \text { (c.f.s.) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{50} \\ \text { (c.f.f.s. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{Q}_{100} \\ \text { (c.f.f.s. } \end{gathered}$ |
|  <br> $\mathbf{1 . 1}$ <br> HARDSCAPE <br> LANDSCAPED | 0.76 0.04 0.72 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 9}$ <br> 0.79 <br> 0.05 <br> 0.6 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 6}$ <br> 0.81 <br> 0.12 <br> 0. | $\mathbf{0 . 2 3}$ <br> 0.83 <br> 0.20 <br> 0.73 | $\mathbf{0 . 3 3}$ <br> 0.85 <br> 0.30 <br> 0. | 0.37 <br> 0.87 <br> 0.34 | $\mathbf{0 . 4 2}$ <br> 0.88 <br> 0.39 <br> 0. | 36 | 2 | 6.2 | 332 | 10 | 7 | 3.0\% | 1.2 | 4.6 | 10.8 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
| 2.1 HARDSCAPE LANDSCAPED | 0.19 0.16 0.03 | 0.67 <br> 0.79 <br> 0.05 <br> 0.3 | 0.70 <br> 0.81 <br> 0.12 | 0.73 <br> 0.83 <br> 0.20 <br> 0. | 0.76 <br> 0.85 <br> 0.30 | 0.79 <br> 0.87 <br> 0.34 | 0.80 <br> 0.88 <br> 0.39 | 38 | 2 | 2.7 | 102 | 4 | 7 | 3.9\% | 1.4 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 6.4 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| 4.1 <br> LOTS <br> LANDSCAPED | 0.32 0.25 0.07 | 0.33 <br> 0.41 <br> 0.05 <br> 0.3 | $\mathbf{0 . 3 8}$ <br> 0.45 <br> 0.12 | $\mathbf{0 . 4 3}$ <br> 0.49 <br> 0.20 <br> 0.4 | $\mathbf{0 . 4 9}$ <br> 0.54 <br> 0.30 | 0.52 <br> 0.57 <br> 0.34 | $\mathbf{0 . 5 5}$ <br> 0.59 <br> 0.39 <br> 0.5 | 47 | 2 | 5.9 | 190 | 3 | 7 | 1.6\% | 0.9 | 3.6 | 9.5 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| $\mathbf{6 . 1}$ <br> LOTS <br> LANDSCAPED | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.45 \\ 0.35 \\ 0.10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 3 3} \\ 0.41 \\ 0.05 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 0.38 <br> 0.45 <br> 0.12 | 0.43 <br> 0.49 <br> 0.20 | 0.49 <br> 0.54 <br> 0.30 | 0.52 <br> 0.57 <br> 0.34 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{0 . 5 5} \\ 0.59 \\ 0.39 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 89 | 2 | 10.0 | 136 | 2 | 7 | 1.5\% | 0.8 | 2.7 | 12.7 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

INLET MANAGEMENT

| INLET NAME | BASIN 2 | DP-3 | DP-4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Site Type (Urban or Rural) | URBAN | URBAN | URBAN |
| Inlet Application (Street or Area) | STREET | STREET | STREET |
| Hydraulic Condition | In Sump | In Sump |  |
| Inlet Type | CDOT Type R Curb Opening | CDOT Type R Curb Opening | In Sump |

## USER-DEFINED INPUT

User-Defined Design Flows

| Minor $Q_{\text {Known }}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | 1.5 | 1.8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Major $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {Known }}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | 3.4 | 4.1 | 1.7 |

Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream

| Receive Bypass Flow from: | Inlets must be organized from upstream (left) to downstream (right) in order for bypass flows to be linked. |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Bypass Flow Received, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{b}}$ (cfs) | No Bypass Flow Received | No Bypass Flow Received | No Bypass Flow Received |
| Major Bypass Flow Received, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{b}}$ (cfs) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |



Watershed Profile

| Overland Slope $\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft})$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Overland Length ft$)$ |  |  |  |
| Channel Slope $(\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft})$ |  |  |  |
| Channel Length $(\mathrm{ft})$ |  |  |  |


| Design Storm Return Period, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{r}}$ (years) |
| :--- | :--- |
| One-Hour Precipitation, $\mathrm{P}_{1}$ (inches) |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |



## CALCULATED OUTPUT

| Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs) | $\mathbf{1 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 7}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs) | $\mathbf{3 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 8}$ |
| Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{b}}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{b}}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |


| INLET NAME | DP-5 | DP-6 | DP-7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Site Type (Urban or Rural) | URBAN | URBAN | URBAN |
| Inlet Application (Street or Area) | STREET | STREET | STREET |
| Hydraulic Condition | In Sump | In Sump | In Sump |
| Inlet Type | CDOT Type R Curb Opening | CDOT Type R Curb Opening | CDOT Type R Curb Opening |

## USER-DEFINED INPUT

User-Defined Design Flows

| Minor Q ${ }_{\text {Known }}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | 3.0 | 1.6 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Major $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {Known }}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | 7.0 | 3.3 | 1.4 |


| Receive Bypass Flow from: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Bypass Flow Received, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{b}}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | No Bypass Flow Received | No Bypass Flow Received |  |
| Major Bypass Flow Received, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{b}}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | No Bypass Flow Received |

Watershed Characteristics

| Subcatchment Area (acres) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Percent Impervious |  |  |  |
| NRCS Soil Type |  |  |  |

## Watershed Profile

| Overland Slope (ft/ft) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Overland Length (ft) |  |  |  |
| Channel Slope (ft/ft) |  |  |  |
| Channel Length $(\mathrm{ft})$ |  |  |  |

## Minor Storm Rainfall Input

| Minor Storm Rainfail Input |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Design Storm Return Period, $T_{r}$ (years) |  |  |  |
| One-Hour Precipitation, $P_{1}$ (inches) |  |  |  |

Major Storm Rainfall Input


## CALCULATED OUTPUT

| Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs) | $\mathbf{3 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs) | $\mathbf{7 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 3}$ |
| Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{b}}(\mathrm{cfs})$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | N | A |
| Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{b}}($ cfs $)$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor \& Major Storm)

 (Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)Project: THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH
Inlet ID: BASIN 2


Gutter Geometry:
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020 )
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or $0.083 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ )
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020 )

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor \& Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor \& Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions


MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition


## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)


| $\sqrt{\left\lvert\, \frac{\text { Design Information (Input) }}{\text { Tvpe of Inlet }} \sqrt{\text { CDOT Type R Curb Opening }}\right.}$ |  | " MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Type $=$ | 3.00 |  |  |
| Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) | $\mathrm{a}_{\text {local }}=$ | 3.00 | 3.00 | inches |
| Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) | No = | 1 | 1. |  |
| Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression) | Ponding Depth $=$ | 4.0 | 6.0 | inches |
| Grate Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR | $\checkmark$ Override Depths |
| Length of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Width of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{W}_{0}=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) | $\mathrm{A}_{\text {ratio }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15-3.60) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.80) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Length of a Unit Curb Opening | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 5.00 | 5.00 | feet |
| Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {vert }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {throat }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) | Theta $=$ | 63.40 | 63.40 | degrees |
| Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) | $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | 1.17 | 1.17 | feet |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.10 | 0.10 |  |
| Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 3.60 | 3.60 |  |
| Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.67 | 0.67 |  |
| Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Depth for Grate Midwidth | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A | ft |
| Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Curb }}=$ | 0.24 | 0.40 | ft |
| Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | RF curb $=$ | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Combination }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
|  |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) | $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{a}}=$ | 2.6 | 5.9 | cfs |
| Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms ( $>$ Q Peak) | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {peak required }}=$ | 1.5 | 3.4 | cfs |

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor \& Major Storm)

 (Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)Project: THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH
Inlet ID: DP-3


Gutter Geometry:
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020 )
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or $0.083 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ )
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor \& Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor \& Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions


MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition


## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION



| Design Information (Input) CDOT Type R Curb Opening |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of Inlet CDOT Type R Curb Opening | Type $=$ | CDOT Typ | Opening |  |
| Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) | $\mathrm{a}_{\text {local }}=$ | 3.00 | 3.00 | inches |
| Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) | No = | 1 | 1 |  |
| Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression) | Ponding Depth $=$ | 4.0 | 6.0 | inches |
| Grate Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR | $\sqrt{V}$ Override Depths |
| Length of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Width of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{W}_{0}=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) | $\mathrm{A}_{\text {ratio }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15-3.60) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.80) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Length of a Unit Curb Opening | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 10.00 | 10.00 | feet |
| Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {vert }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {trroat }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) | Theta $=$ | 63.40 | 63.40 | degrees |
| Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) | $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | 1.17 | 1.17 | feet |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.10 | 0.10 |  |
| Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 3.60 | 3.60 |  |
| Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.67 | 0.67 |  |
| Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units | Coef = | N/A | N/A |  |
| Clogging Factor for Multiple Units | Clog $=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Interception without Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{wi}}=$ | N/A | N/A | cfs |
| Interception with Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {wa }}=$ | N/A | N/A | cfs |
| Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Interception without Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{oi}}=$ | N/A | N/A | cfs |
| Interception with Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {oa }}=$ | N/A | N/A | cfs |
| Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Interception without Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{mi}}=$ | N/A | N/A | cfs |
| Interception with Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {ma }}=$ | N/A | N/A | cfs |
| Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition) | $\mathbf{Q}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A | cfs |
| Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units | Coef = | 1.25 | 1.25 |  |
| Clogging Factor for Multiple Units | Clog $=$ | 0.06 | 0.06 |  |
| Curb Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Interception without Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {wi }}=$ | 4.0 | 10.4 | cfs |
| Interception with Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {wa }}=$ | 3.7 | 9.8 | cfs |
| Curb Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Interception without Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{0 \mathrm{i}}=$ | 16.1 | 19.5 | cfs |
| Interception with Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {oa }}=$ | 15.1 | 18.3 | cfs |
| Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Interception without Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{mi}}=$ | 7.4 | 13.3 | cfs |
| Interception with Clogging | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {ma }}=$ | 7.0 | 12.4 | cfs |
| Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition) | $Q_{\text {curb }}=$ | 3.7 | 9.8 | cfs |
| Resultant Street Conditions |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Total Inlet Length | $\mathrm{L}=$ | 10.00 | 10.00 | feet |
| Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above) | T = | 13.0 | 21.3 | ft. >T-Crown |
| Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {crown }}=$ | 0.0 | 1.9 | inches |
| Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Depth for Grate Midwidth | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A | ft |
| Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Curb }}=$ | 0.24 | 0.40 | ft |
| Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | RFcurb $=$ | 0.79 | 0.93 |  |
| Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Combination }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
|  |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) | $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{a}}=$ | 3.7 | 9.8 | cfs |
| Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms ( $>$ Q Peak) | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {peak required }}=$ | 1.8 | 4.1 | cfs |

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor \& Major Storm)

 (Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)Project: THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH
Inlet ID: DP-4


Gutter Geometry:
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020 )
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or $0.083 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ )
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor \& Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor \& Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions


MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition


## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)


| $\sqrt{\left\lvert\, \frac{\text { Design Information (Input) }}{\text { Tvpe of Inlet }} \sqrt{\text { CDOT Type R Curb Opening }}\right.}$ |  | " MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Type $=$ | 3.00 |  |  |
| Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) | $\mathrm{a}_{\text {local }}=$ | 3.00 | 3.00 | inches |
| Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) | No = | 1 | 1. |  |
| Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression) | Ponding Depth $=$ | 4.0 | 6.0 | inches |
| Grate Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR | $\checkmark$ Override Depths |
| Length of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Width of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{W}_{0}=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) | $\mathrm{A}_{\text {ratio }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15-3.60) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.80) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Length of a Unit Curb Opening | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 5.00 | 5.00 | feet |
| Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {vert }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {throat }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) | Theta $=$ | 63.40 | 63.40 | degrees |
| Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) | $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | 1.17 | 1.17 | feet |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.10 | 0.10 |  |
| Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 3.60 | 3.60 |  |
| Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.67 | 0.67 |  |
| Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Depth for Grate Midwidth | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A | ft |
| Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Curb }}=$ | 0.24 | 0.40 | ft |
| Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | RF curb $=$ | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Combination }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
|  |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) | $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{a}}=$ | 2.6 | 5.9 | cfs |
| Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms ( $>$ Q Peak) | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {peak required }}=$ | 1.7 | 3.8 | cfs |

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor \& Major Storm)

 (Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)Project: THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH
Inlet ID: DP-5


Gutter Geometry:
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020 )
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or $0.083 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ )
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor \& Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor \& Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions


MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition


## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)


| $\sqrt{\left\lvert\, \frac{\text { Design Information (Input) }}{\text { Tvpe of Inlet }} \sqrt{\text { CDOT Type R Curb Opening }}\right.}$ |  | " MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Type $=$ | 3.00 |  |  |
| Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) | $\mathrm{a}_{\text {local }}=$ | 3.00 | 3.00 | inches |
| Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) | No = | 1 | 1. |  |
| Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression) | Ponding Depth $=$ | 4.0 | 6.0 | inches |
| Grate Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR | $\checkmark$ Override Depths |
| Length of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Width of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{W}_{0}=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) | $\mathrm{A}_{\text {ratio }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15-3.60) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.80) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Length of a Unit Curb Opening | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 10.00 | 10.00 | feet |
| Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {vert }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {throat }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) | Theta $=$ | 63.40 | 63.40 | degrees |
| Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) | $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | 1.17 | 1.17 | feet |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.10 | 0.10 |  |
| Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 3.60 | 3.60 |  |
| Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.67 | 0.67 |  |
| Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Depth for Grate Midwidth | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A | ft |
| Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Curb }}=$ | 0.24 | 0.40 | ft |
| Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | RF curb $=$ | 0.79 | 0.93 |  |
| Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Combination }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
|  |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) | $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{a}}=$ | 3.7 | 9.8 | cfs |
| Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms ( $>$ Q Peak) | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {peak required }}=$ | 3.0 | 7.0 | cfs |

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor \& Major Storm)

 (Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)Project: THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH
Inlet ID: DP-6


Gutter Geometry:
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020 )
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or $0.083 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ )
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor \& Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor \& Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions


MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition


## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)


| $\sqrt{\left\lvert\, \frac{\text { Design Information (Input) }}{\text { Tvpe of Inlet }} \sqrt{\text { CDOT Type R Curb Opening }}\right.}$ |  | " MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Type $=$ | 3.00 |  |  |
| Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) | $\mathrm{a}_{\text {local }}=$ | 3.00 | 3.00 | inches |
| Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) | No = | 1 | 1. |  |
| Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression) | Ponding Depth $=$ | 4.0 | 6.0 | inches |
| Grate Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR | $\checkmark$ Override Depths |
| Length of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Width of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{W}_{0}=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) | $\mathrm{A}_{\text {ratio }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15-3.60) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.80) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Length of a Unit Curb Opening | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 5.00 | 5.00 | feet |
| Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {vert }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {throat }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) | Theta $=$ | 63.40 | 63.40 | degrees |
| Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) | $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | 1.17 | 1.17 | feet |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.10 | 0.10 |  |
| Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 3.60 | 3.60 |  |
| Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.67 | 0.67 |  |
| Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Depth for Grate Midwidth | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A | ft |
| Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Curb }}=$ | 0.24 | 0.40 | ft |
| Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | RF curb $=$ | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Combination }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
|  |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) | $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{a}}=$ | 2.6 | 5.9 | cfs |
| Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms ( $>$ Q Peak) | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {peak required }}=$ | 1.6 | 3.3 | cfs |

## ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor \& Major Storm)

 (Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)Project: THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH
Inlet ID: DP-7


Gutter Geometry:
Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb
Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)
Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020 )
Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line
Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown
Gutter Width
Street Transverse Slope
Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or $0.083 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ )
Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition
Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor \& Major Storm
Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor \& Major Storm
Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions


MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is not applicable to Sump Condition


## INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)


| $\sqrt{\left\lvert\, \frac{\text { Design Information (Input) }}{\text { Tvpe of Inlet }} \sqrt{\text { CDOT Type R Curb Opening }}\right.}$ |  | " MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Type $=$ | 3.00 |  |  |
| Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above) | $\mathrm{a}_{\text {local }}=$ | 3.00 | 3.00 | inches |
| Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening) | No = | 1 | 1. |  |
| Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression) | Ponding Depth $=$ | 4.0 | 6.0 | inches |
| Grate Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR | $\checkmark$ Override Depths |
| Length of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Width of a Unit Grate | $\mathrm{W}_{0}=$ | N/A | N/A | feet |
| Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90) | $\mathrm{A}_{\text {ratio }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15-3.60) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.80) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{G})=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Information |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Length of a Unit Curb Opening | $\mathrm{L}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 5.00 | 5.00 | feet |
| Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {vert }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches | $\mathrm{H}_{\text {throat }}=$ | 6.00 | 6.00 | inches |
| Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5) | Theta $=$ | 63.40 | 63.40 | degrees |
| Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet) | $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}=$ | 1.17 | 1.17 | feet |
| Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{f}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.10 | 0.10 |  |
| Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 3.60 | 3.60 |  |
| Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60-0.70) | $\mathrm{C}_{0}(\mathrm{C})=$ | 0.67 | 0.67 |  |
| Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated) |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Depth for Grate Midwidth | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A | ft |
| Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation | $\mathrm{d}_{\text {Curb }}=$ | 0.24 | 0.40 | ft |
| Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Grate }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
| Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | RF curb $=$ | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets | $\mathrm{RF}_{\text {Combination }}=$ | N/A | N/A |  |
|  |  | MINOR | MAJOR |  |
| Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) | $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{a}}=$ | 2.6 | 5.9 | cfs |
| Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms ( $>$ Q Peak) | $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {peak required }}=$ | 1.4 | 3.0 | cfs |

## BOX CONDUIT FLOW (Normal \& Critical Depth Computation)

Project: Villas at Claremont Ranch
Box ID: Sub Basin 2.1-Curb Cut


| Design Information (Input) |  |  | $\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Box conduit invert slope | So = | 0.0200 |  |
| Box Manning's n-value | $\mathrm{n}=$ | 0.0130 |  |
| Box Width | W = | 1.00 |  |
| Box Height | H = | 0.50 |  |
| Design discharge | Q = | 1.30 |  |
| Full-flow capacity (Calculated) |  |  |  |
| Full-flow area | $\mathrm{Af}=$ | 0.50 | sq ft |
| Full-flow wetted perimeter | $\mathrm{Pf}=$ | 3.00 | ft |
| Full-flow capacity | Qf = | 2.45 | cfs |
| Calculations of Normal Flow Condition |  |  |  |
| Normal flow depth (<H ) | $\mathrm{Yn}=$ | 0.26 | ft |
| Flow area | $\mathrm{An}=$ | 0.26 | sq ft |
| Wetted perimeter | $\mathrm{Pn}=$ | 1.52 | ft |
| Flow velocity | $\mathrm{Vn}=$ | 5.00 | fps |
| Discharge | Qn = | 1.30 | cfs |
| Percent Full | Flow = | 53.1\% | of full flow |
| Normal Depth Froude Number | $\mathrm{Fr}_{\mathrm{n}}=$ | 1.73 | supercritical |
| Calculation of Critical Flow Condition |  |  |  |
| Critical flow depth | $\mathrm{Yc}=$ | 0.37 | ft |
| Critical flow area | $\mathrm{Ac}=$ | 0.37 | sq ft |
| Critical flow velocity | $\mathrm{Vc}=$ | 3.47 | fps |
| Critical Depth Froude Number | $\mathrm{Fr}_{\mathrm{c}}=$ | 1.00 |  |

## Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection

Project: Villas at Claremont Ranch
Basin ID: Outlet from curb chase SubBasin 2.1



Supercritical Flow! Using Ha to calculate protection type.


## BOX CONDUIT FLOW (Normal \& Critical Depth Computation)

Project: Villas at Claremont Ranch
Box ID: Sub Basin 4.1


| Design Information (Input) |  |  | $\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Box conduit invert slope | So $=$ | 0.0200 |  |
| Box Manning's n-value | $\mathrm{n}=$ | 0.0130 |  |
| Box Width | W = | 2.00 |  |
| Box Height | $\mathrm{H}=$ | 0.50 |  |
| Design discharge | Q = | 1.90 |  |
| Full-flow capacity (Calculated) |  |  |  |
| Full-flow area | $\mathrm{Af}=$ | 1.00 | sq ft |
| Full-flow wetted perimeter | $\mathrm{Pf}=$ | 5.00 | ft |
| Full-flow capacity | Qf = | 5.54 | cfs |
| Calculations of Normal Flow Condition |  |  |  |
| Normal flow depth (<H ) | $\mathrm{Yn}=$ | 0.20 | ft |
| Flow area | $\mathrm{An}=$ | 0.39 | sq ft |
| Wetted perimeter | $\mathrm{Pn}=$ | 2.39 | ft |
| Flow velocity | $\mathrm{Vn}=$ | 4.85 | fps |
| Discharge | Qn = | 1.90 | cfs |
| Percent Full | Flow = | 34.3\% | of full flow |
| Normal Depth Froude Number | $\mathrm{Fr}_{\mathrm{n}}=$ | 1.93 | supercritical |
| Calculation of Critical Flow Condition |  |  |  |
| Critical flow depth | $\mathrm{Yc}=$ | 0.30 | ft |
| Critical flow area | $\mathrm{Ac}=$ | 0.61 | sq ft |
| Critical flow velocity | $\mathrm{Vc}=$ | 3.13 | fps |
| Critical Depth Froude Number | $\mathrm{Fr}_{\mathrm{c}}=$ | 1.00 |  |

## BOX CONDUIT FLOW (Normal \& Critical Depth Computation)

Project: Villas at Claremont Ranch
Box ID: Sub Basin 6.1


| Design Information (Input) |  |  | $\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Box conduit invert slope | So $=$ | 0.0200 |  |
| Box Manning's n-value | $\mathrm{n}=$ | 0.0130 |  |
| Box Width | W = | 2.00 |  |
| Box Height | $\mathrm{H}=$ | 0.50 |  |
| Design discharge | Q = | 2.50 |  |
| Full-flow capacity (Calculated) |  |  |  |
| Full-flow area | $\mathrm{Af}=$ | 1.00 | sq ft |
| Full-flow wetted perimeter | $\mathrm{Pf}=$ | 5.00 | ft |
| Full-flow capacity | Qf = | 5.54 | cfs |
| Calculations of Normal Flow Condition |  |  |  |
| Normal flow depth (<H ) | $\mathrm{Yn}=$ | 0.23 | ft |
| Flow area | $\mathrm{An}=$ | 0.47 | sq ft |
| Wetted perimeter | $\mathrm{Pn}=$ | 2.47 | ft |
| Flow velocity | $\mathrm{Vn}=$ | 5.35 | fps |
| Discharge | Qn = | 2.50 | cfs |
| Percent Full | Flow = | 45.1\% | of full flow |
| Normal Depth Froude Number | $\mathrm{Fr}_{\mathrm{n}}=$ | 1.95 | supercritical |
| Calculation of Critical Flow Condition |  |  |  |
| Critical flow depth | $\mathrm{Yc}=$ | 0.36 | ft |
| Critical flow area | $\mathrm{Ac}=$ | 0.73 | sq ft |
| Critical flow velocity | $\mathrm{Vc}=$ | 3.43 | fps |
| Critical Depth Froude Number | $\mathrm{Fr}_{\mathrm{c}}=$ | 1.00 |  |

### 2.3.2 Swale Capacity

Where curb and gutter are not used to contain flow, swales are frequently used to convey runoff and disconnect impervious areas. It is very important that swale depths and side slopes be shallow for safety and maintenance reasons. Street-side drainage swales are not the same as roadside ditches. Street-side drainage swales provide mild side slopes and are frequently designed to provide water quality enhancement. For purposes of disconnecting impervious area and reducing the overall volume of runoff, swales should be considered as collectors of initial runoff for transport to other larger means of conveyance. To be effective, they need to be limited to the velocity, depth, and cross-slope geometries considered acceptable.

Equation 7-1 can be used to calculate the flow rate in a V-section swale (using the appropriate roughness value for the swale lining) with an adjusted cross slope found using:

$$
S_{x}=\frac{S_{x 1} S_{x 2}}{S_{x 1}+S_{x 2}}
$$

Equation 7-13

Where:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& S_{x}=\text { adjusted side slope }(\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}) \\
& S_{x 1}=\text { right side slope }(\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}) \\
& S_{x 2}=\text { left side slope }(\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}) .
\end{aligned}
$$

Figure $7-5$ shows the geometric variables, and Examples 7.4 and 7.5 show V-shaped swale calculations.
For safety reasons, paved swales should be designed such that the product of velocity and depth is no more than six for the minor storm and eight for the major storm.

For grass swales, refer to the Grass Swale Fact Sheet in the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM) Volume 3. During the 2 -year event, grass swales designed for water quality should have a Froude number of no more than 0.5 , a velocity that does not exceed $1.0 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{s}$, and a depth that does not exceed 1.0 foot.

Note that the slope of a roadside ditch or swale can be different than the adjacent street. The hydraulic characteristics of the swale can therefore change from one location to another.


Figure 7-5. Typical v-shaped swale section

## Channel Report

## SECTION A-A BASIN 1

Trapezoidal

| Bottom Width (ft) | $=39.00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Side Slopes (z:1) | $=5.00,3.00$ |
| Total Depth (ft) | $=4.00$ |
| Invert Elev (ft) | $=6388.00$ |
| Slope (\%) | $=0.50$ |
| N-Value | $=0.030$ |

## Calculations

| Compute by: | Q vs Depth |
| :--- | :--- |
| No. Increments | $=20$ |

Highlighted

| Depth (ft) | $=0.40$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Q (cfs) | $=30.04$ |
| Area (sqft) | $=16.24$ |
| Velocity (ft/s) | $=1.85$ |
| Wetted Perim (ft) | $=42.30$ |
| Crit Depth, Yc (ft) | $=0.27$ |
| Top Width (ft) | $=42.20$ |
| EGL (ft) | $=0.45$ |

Elev (ft)
Section
Depth (ft)


Reach (ft)

## Channel Report

## BASIN 10

Swale

## Triangular

| Side Slopes $(\mathrm{z}: 1)$ | $=4.00,4.00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Total Depth $(\mathrm{ft})$ | $=1.50$ |
|  | $=1.00$ |
| Invert Elev (ft) | $=0.90$ |
| Slope $(\%)$ | $=0.033$ |

## Calculations

Compute by:
Known Q (cfs)

Known Q
$=1.40$

Highlighted

| Depth (ft) | $=0.47$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Q (cfs) | $=1.400$ |
| Area (sqft) | $=0.88$ |
| Velocity (ft/s) | $=1.58$ |
| Wetted Perim (ft) | $=3.88$ |
| Crit Depth, Yc (ft) | $=0.38$ |
| Top Width (ft) | $=3.76$ |
| EGL (ft) | $=0.51$ |

Elev (ft)

## Section

Depth (ft)


Reach (ft)

## Channel Report

## BASIN 1.1

## Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1)
$=4.00,4.00$
Total Depth (ft)
$=1.50$
Invert Elev (ft)
Slope (\%)
$=1.00$
N -Value
Calculations
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Compute by: } & \text { Known Q } \\ \text { Known Q (cfs) } & =2.10\end{array}$
$=2.10$

Highlighted

| Depth (ft) | $=0.48$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Q (cfs) | $=2.100$ |
| Area (sqft) | $=0.92$ |
| Velocity (ft/s) | $=2.28$ |
| Wetted Perim (ft) | $=3.96$ |
| Crit Depth, Yc (ft) | $=0.45$ |
| Top Width (ft) | $=3.84$ |
| EGL (ft) | $=0.56$ |

Elev (ft)


Reach (ft)

## Channel Report

## DP-9 Swale

## Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1)
$=4.00,4.00$
Total Depth (ft)
$=1.50$
Invert Elev (ft)
Slope (\%)
$=1.00$

N -Value
Calculations
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Compute by: } & \text { Known Q } \\ \text { Known Q (cfs) } & =1.20\end{array}$

Highlighted

| Depth (ft) | $=0.39$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Q (cfs) | $=1.200$ |
| Area (sqft) | $=0.61$ |
| Velocity (ft/s) | $=1.97$ |
| Wetted Perim (ft) | $=3.22$ |
| Crit Depth, Yc (ft) | $=0.36$ |
| Top Width (ft) | $=3.12$ |
| EGL (ft) | $=0.45$ |

Depth (ft)
Section
Elev (ft)
2.00
1.50


Reach (ft)


Program:
UDSEWER Math
Model Interface
Run Date:

# UDSewer Results Summary 

Project Title: 16-102 CLAREMONT RANCH
Project Description: Default system
3/8/2023 2:00:46 PM

## System Input Summary

## Rainfall Parameters

Rainfall Return Period: 100
Rainfall Calculation Method: Formula
One Hour Depth (in):
Rainfall Constant "A": 28.5
Rainfall Constant "B": 10
Rainfall Constant "C": 0.786

## Rational Method Constraints

Minimum Urban Runoff Coeff.: 0.20
Maximum Rural Overland Len. (ft): 500
Maximum Urban Overland Len. (ft): 300
Used UDFCD Tc. Maximum: Yes

## Sizer Constraints

Minimum Sewer Size (in): 18.00
Maximum Depth to Rise Ratio: 0.90
Maximum Flow Velocity (fps): 18.0
Minimum Flow Velocity (fps): 2.0

## Backwater Calculations:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 6384.72

## Manhole Input Summary:

|  |  | Given Flow |  | Sub Basin Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element <br> Name | Ground Elevation <br> (ft) | Total Known Flow (cfs) | Local <br> Contribution <br> $(c f s)$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Drainage } \\ \text { Area } \\ \text { (Ac.) } \end{array}$ | Runoff Coefficient | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 5 y r \\ \text { Coefficient } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Overland <br> Length <br> (ft) | Overland Slope (\%) | Gutter Length (ft) | Gutter Velocity (fps) |
| POND | 6384.41 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| P2.9 | 6390.00 | 20.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |


| P2.8 | 6392.34 | 20.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2.7 | 6391.43 | 20.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| P2.6 | 6391.38 | 17.60 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.5 | 6390.89 | 17.60 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| STM 3 | 6391.31 | 4.10 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.4 | 6391.81 | 13.90 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.3 | 6393.65 | 6.40 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.2 | 6394.05 | 6.30 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.1 | 6394.23 | 3.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| P4.2 | 6392.26 | 10.70 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| P4.1 | 6392.44 | 5.60 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |

## Manhole Output Summary:

|  | Local Contribution |  |  |  |  | Total Design Flow |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element <br> Name | Overland <br> Time <br> (min) | Gutter Time (min) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Basin } \\ \text { Tc } \\ (\mathrm{min}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Intensity (in/hr) | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Local } \\ \text { Contrib } \\ \text { (cfs) }\end{array}$ | Coeff. Area | Intensity (in/hr) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Manhole } \\ \text { Tc } \\ \text { (min) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Peak Flow (cfs) | Comment |
| POND | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Surface Water Present (Upstream) |
| P2.9 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 20.50 | Surface Water Present <br> (Downstream) |
| P2.8 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 20.50 |  |
| P2.7 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 20.50 |  |
| P2.6 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 17.60 |  |
| P2.5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 17.60 |  |
| STM 3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 4.10 |  |
| P2.4 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 13.90 |  |
| P2.3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 6.40 |  |
| P2.2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 6.30 |  |
| P2.1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.00 |  |
| P4.2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 10.70 |  |
| P4.1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.60 |  |

## Sewer Input Summary:

|  |  | Elevation |  |  | Loss Coefficients |  |  | Given Dimensions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element Name | Sewer <br> Length <br> (ft) | Downstream Invert (ft) | Slope (\%) | Upstream Invert (ft) | $\underset{n}{\text { Mannings }}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Bend } \\ \text { Loss } \end{array}$ | Lateral Loss | Cross Section | $\begin{array}{c\|\|} \text { Rise } \\ \text { (ft or in) } \end{array}$ | Span (ft or in) |
| P2.9 | 58.60 | 6384.72 | 0.5 | 6385.01 | 0.012 | 0.03 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in |
| P2.8 | 9.81 | 6385.01 | 0.5 | 6385.06 | 0.012 | 0.05 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in |
| P2.7 | 72.55 | 6385.06 | 0.5 | 6385.42 | 0.012 | 0.29 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in |


| P2.6 | 15.91 | 6385.67 | 0.5 | 6385.75 | 0.012 | 0.29 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2.5 | 24.64 | 6385.76 | 0.5 | 6385.88 | 0.012 | 0.29 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in |
| STM 3 | 16.19 | 6386.64 | 5.0 | 6387.45 | 0.012 | 1.32 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in |
| P2.4 | 201.45 | 6386.13 | 0.5 | 6387.14 | 0.012 | 0.05 | 0.25 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in |
| P2.3 | 245.18 | 6387.93 | 0.6 | 6389.48 | 0.012 | 1.32 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in |
| P2.2 | 16.15 | 6389.98 | 0.6 | 6390.08 | 0.012 | 1.32 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in |
| P2.1 | 38.34 | 6390.58 | 0.5 | 6390.77 | 0.012 | 1.32 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in |
| P4.2 | 16.15 | 6387.64 | 3.8 | 6388.25 | 0.012 | 1.32 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in |
| P4.1 | 38.34 | 6388.75 | 0.5 | 6388.94 | 0.012 | 1.32 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in |

## Sewer Flow Summary:

|  | Full Flow Capacity |  | Critical Flow |  | Normal Flow |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element Name | Flow (cfs) | Velocity (fps) | Depth <br> (in) | Velocity (fps) | Depth <br> (in) | Velocity (fps) | Froude <br> Number | Flow Condition | Flow (cfs) | Surcharged Length (ft) | Comment |
| P2.9 | 31.51 | 6.42 | 18.45 | 6.47 | 17.63 | 6.83 | 1.09 | Supercritical | 20.50 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.8 | 31.51 | 6.42 | 18.45 | 6.47 | 17.63 | 6.83 | 1.09 | Supercritical | 20.50 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.7 | 31.51 | 6.42 | 18.45 | 6.47 | 17.63 | 6.83 | 1.09 | Supercritical | 20.50 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.6 | 31.51 | 6.42 | 17.04 | 6.12 | 16.03 | 6.60 | 1.12 | Supercritical | 17.60 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.5 | 31.51 | 6.42 | 17.04 | 6.12 | 16.03 | 6.60 | 1.12 | Supercritical | 17.60 | 0.00 |  |
| STM 3 | 25.51 | 14.44 | 9.30 | 4.45 | 4.88 | 10.59 | 3.46 | Supercritical | 4.10 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.4 | 31.51 | 6.42 | 15.06 | 5.64 | 13.95 | 6.22 | 1.16 | Supercritical | 13.90 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.3 | 9.07 | 5.13 | 11.74 | 5.24 | 11.15 | 5.56 | 1.10 | Supercritical | 6.40 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.2 | 8.98 | 5.08 | 11.64 | 5.21 | 11.11 | 5.50 | 1.09 | Supercritical | 6.30 | 0.00 |  |
| P2.1 | 8.07 | 4.57 | 7.90 | 4.02 | 7.60 | 4.23 | 1.08 | Supercritical | 3.00 | 0.00 |  |
| P4.2 | 22.24 | 12.59 | 15.06 | 6.77 | 8.80 | 12.47 | 2.90 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Supercritical } \\ \text { Jump } \end{array}$ | 10.70 | 0.34 |  |
| P4.1 | 8.07 | 4.57 | 10.95 | 4.98 | 11.03 | 4.93 | 0.99 | Subcritical Surcharged | 5.60 | 7.54 |  |

- A Froude number of 0 indicates that pressured flow occurs (adverse slope or undersized pipe).
- If the sewer is not pressurized, full flow represents the maximum gravity flow in the sewer.
- If the sewer is pressurized, full flow represents the pressurized flow conditions.


## Sewer Sizing Summary:

|  |  |  | Existing |  | Calculated |  | Used |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element Name | Peak <br> Flow <br> (cfs) | Cross Section | Rise | Span | Rise | Span | Rise | Span | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area } \\ & \left(\mathbf{f t}^{\wedge} 2\right) \end{aligned}$ | Comment |
| P2.9 | 20.50 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 27.00 in | 27.00 in | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 4.91 |  |
| P2.8 | 20.50 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 27.00 in | 27.00 in | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 4.91 |  |
| P2.7 | 20.50 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 27.00 in | 27.00 in | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 4.91 |  |


| P2.6 | 17.60 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 27.00 in | 27.00 in | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 4.91 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2.5 | 17.60 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 27.00 in | 27.00 in | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 4.91 |  |  |
| STM 3 | 4.10 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 1.77 |  |  |
| P2.4 | 13.90 | CIRCULAR | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 24.00 in | 24.00 in | 30.00 in | 30.00 in | 4.91 |  |  |
| P2.3 | 6.40 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 1.77 |  |  |
| P2.2 | 6.30 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 1.77 |  |  |
| P2.1 | 3.00 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 1.77 |  |  |
| P4.2 | 10.70 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 1.77 |  |  |
| P4.1 | 5.60 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 1.77 |  |  |

- Calculated diameter was determined by sewer hydraulic capacity rounded up to the nearest commercially available size.
- Sewer sizes should not decrease downstream.
- All hydraulics where calculated using the 'Used' parameters.


## Grade Line Summary:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 6384.72

|  | Invert Elev. |  | Downstream Manhole Losses |  | HGL |  | EGL |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element <br> Name | Downstream <br> (ft) | Upstream <br> (ft) | Bend Loss <br> (ft) | Lateral Loss (ft) | Downstream <br> (ft) | Upstream <br> (ft) | Downstream <br> (ft) | Friction Loss (ft) | Upstream <br> (ft) |
| P2.9 | 6384.72 | 6385.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 6386.19 | 6386.55 | 6386.91 | 0.29 | 6387.20 |
| P2.8 | 6385.01 | 6385.06 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 6386.65 | 6386.65 | 6387.21 | 0.04 | 6387.25 |
| P2.7 | 6385.06 | 6385.42 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 6386.89 | 6386.96 | 6387.33 | 0.28 | 6387.61 |
| P2.6 | 6385.67 | 6385.75 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 6387.02 | 6387.17 | 6387.68 | 0.07 | 6387.75 |
| P2.5 | 6385.76 | 6385.88 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 6387.39 | 6387.39 | 6387.81 | 0.08 | 6387.89 |
| STM 3 | 6386.64 | 6387.45 | 0.11 | 0.00 | 6387.50 | 6388.68 | 6388.79 | 0.00 | 6388.79 |
| P2.4 | 6386.13 | 6387.14 | 0.01 | 0.17 | 6387.83 | 6388.39 | 6388.07 | 0.82 | 6388.89 |
| P2.3 | 6387.93 | 6389.48 | 0.27 | 0.00 | 6388.86 | 6390.46 | 6389.34 | 1.54 | 6390.89 |
| P2.2 | 6389.98 | 6390.08 | 0.26 | 0.00 | 6390.91 | 6391.05 | 6391.38 | 0.10 | 6391.47 |
| P2.1 | 6390.58 | 6390.77 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 6391.13 | 6391.43 | 6391.53 | 0.15 | 6391.68 |
| P4.2 | 6387.64 | 6388.25 | 0.75 | 0.00 | 6389.15 | 6389.51 | 6389.71 | 0.51 | 6390.22 |
| P4.1 | 6388.75 | 6388.94 | 0.21 | 0.00 | 6390.27 | 6390.35 | 6390.42 | 0.09 | 6390.51 |

- Bend and Lateral losses only apply when there is an outgoing sewer. The system outfall, sewer \#0, is not considered a sewer.
- Bend loss $=$ Bend $K_{*}^{*} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{fi}} \wedge 2 /(2 * \mathrm{~g})$
- Lateral loss $=\mathrm{V}$ _fo ${ }^{\wedge} 2 /(2 * \mathrm{~g})$ - Junction Loss $\mathrm{K} * \mathrm{~V}$ fi ${ }^{\wedge} 2 /(2 * \mathrm{~g})$.
- Friction loss is always Upstream EGL - Downstream EGL.


## Excavation Estimate:

The trench side slope is $1.0 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$
The minimum trench width is 2.00 ft

|  |  |  |  |  | Downstream |  |  | Upstream |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element <br> Name | Length (ft) | Wall (in) | Bedding (in) | Bottom Width (ft) | Top Width (ft) | Trench Depth (ft) | Cover <br> (ft) | Top Width (ft) | Trench Depth (ft) | Cover <br> (ft) | Volume <br> (cu. yd) | Comment |
| P2.9 | 58.60 | 3.50 | 6.00 | 6.08 | 0.00 | 0.48 | 0.00 | 8.48 | 5.78 | 2.20 | 42.93 | Sewer Too Shallow |
| P2.8 | 9.81 | 3.50 | 6.00 | 6.08 | 8.48 | 5.78 | 2.20 | 13.06 | 8.07 | 4.49 | 17.78 |  |
| P2.7 | 72.55 | 3.50 | 6.00 | 6.08 | 13.07 | 8.07 | 4.49 | 10.52 | 6.80 | 3.22 | 144.57 |  |
| P2.6 | 15.91 | 3.50 | 6.00 | 6.08 | 10.02 | 6.55 | 2.97 | 9.76 | 6.42 | 2.84 | 25.39 |  |
| P2.5 | 24.64 | 3.50 | 6.00 | 6.08 | 9.75 | 6.41 | 2.83 | 8.52 | 5.80 | 2.22 | 36.12 |  |
| STM 3 | 16.19 | 2.50 | 4.00 | 4.92 | 8.00 | 4.79 | 2.54 | 7.22 | 4.40 | 2.15 | 14.66 |  |
| P2.4 | 201.45 | 3.50 | 6.00 | 6.08 | 8.01 | 5.55 | 1.97 | 7.84 | 5.46 | 1.88 | 256.23 | Sewer Too Shallow |
| P2.3 | 245.18 | 2.50 | 4.00 | 4.92 | 7.26 | 4.42 | 2.17 | 7.84 | 4.71 | 2.46 | 219.81 |  |
| P2.2 | 16.15 | 2.50 | 4.00 | 4.92 | 6.84 | 4.21 | 1.96 | 7.44 | 4.51 | 2.26 | 13.58 | Sewer Too Shallow |
| P2.1 | 38.34 | 2.50 | 4.00 | 4.92 | 6.44 | 4.01 | 1.76 | 6.42 | 4.00 | 1.75 | 28.79 | Sewer Too Shallow |
| P4.2 | 16.15 | 2.50 | 4.00 | 4.92 | 7.85 | 4.72 | 2.47 | 7.52 | 4.55 | 2.30 | 14.78 |  |
| P4.1 | 38.34 | 2.50 | 4.00 | 4.92 | 6.52 | 4.05 | 1.80 | 6.50 | 4.04 | 1.79 | 29.16 | Sewer Too Shallow |

Total earth volume for sewer trenches $=844$ cubic yards.

- The trench was estimated to have a bottom width equal to the outer pipe diameter plus 36 inches.
- If the calculated width of the trench bottom is less than the minimum acceptable width, the minimum acceptable width was used.
- The sewer wall thickness is equal to: (equivalent diameter in inches/12)+1 inches
- The sewer bedding thickness is equal to:
- Four inches for pipes less than 33 inches.
- Six inches for pipes less than 60 inches.
- Eight inches for all larger sizes.



## 100-YR (STM 3)



## 100 YR 4




Program:
UDSEWER Math
Model Interface 2.1.1.4

Run Date:
12/6/2022 8:46:18 AM

## UDSewer Results Summary

Project Title: 16-102 CLAREMONT RANCH
Project Description: STORM SEWER

## System Input Summary

## Rainfall Parameters

Rainfall Return Period: 100
Rainfall Calculation Method: Formula
One Hour Depth (in):
Rainfall Constant "A": 28.5
Rainfall Constant "B": 10
Rainfall Constant "C": 0.786

## Rational Method Constraints

Minimum Urban Runoff Coeff.: 0.20
Maximum Rural Overland Len. (ft): 500
Maximum Urban Overland Len. (ft): 300
Used UDFCD Tc. Maximum: Yes

## Sizer Constraints

Minimum Sewer Size (in): 12.00
Maximum Depth to Rise Ratio: 0.90
Maximum Flow Velocity (fps): 18.0
Minimum Flow Velocity (fps): 3.0

## Backwater Calculations:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 6379.26

## Manhole Input Summary:

|  |  | Given Flow |  | Sub Basin Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element <br> Name | Ground Elevation <br> (ft) | Total Known Flow (cfs) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|\|} \text { Local } \\ \text { Contribution } \\ \text { (cfs) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Drainage } \\ \text { Area } \\ \text { (Ac.) } \end{array}$ | Runoff Coefficient | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 5yr } \\ \text { Coefficient } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Overland <br> Length <br> (ft) | Overland Slope (\%) | Gutter Length (ft) | Gutter Velocity (fps) |
| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { POND } \\ (1) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 6379.26 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |


| STORM <br> 1 | 6387.08 | 7.80 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Manhole Output Summary:

|  | Local Contribution |  |  |  | Total Design Flow |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element <br> Name | Overland <br> Time <br> (min) | Gutter <br> Time <br> (min) | Basin Tc <br> (min) | Intensity <br> (in/hr) | Local <br> Contrib <br> (cfs) | Coeff. <br> Area | Intensity <br> (in/hr) | Manhole Tc <br> (min) | Peak <br> Flow <br> (cfs) | Comment |
|  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| STORM 1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7.80 |  |

## Sewer Input Summary:

|  |  | Elevation |  |  | Loss Coefficients |  |  | Given Dimensions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element Name | Sewer Length (ft) | Downstream Invert (ft) | Slope (\%) | Upstream Invert (ft) | $\underset{n}{\text { Mannings }}$ | Bend Loss | Lateral <br> Loss | Cross Section | $\begin{array}{\|c\|\|} \hline \text { Rise } \\ (\mathrm{ft} \text { or in) } \end{array}$ | Span (ft or in) |
| STORM 1 | 112.33 | 6377.76 | 4.9 | 6383.28 | 0.012 | 0.00 | 0.00 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in |

## Sewer Flow Summary:

|  | Full Flow Capacity |  | Critical Flow |  | Normal Flow |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element Name | Flow (cfs) | Velocity (fps) | Depth <br> (in) | Velocity (fps) | Depth <br> (in) | Velocity (fps) | Froude Number | Flow Condition | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Flow } \\ \text { (cfs) } \end{array}$ | Surcharged Length (ft) | Comment |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { STORM } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 25.29 | 14.31 | 12.98 | 5.72 | 6.86 | 12.61 | 3.41 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Supercritical } \\ \text { Jump } \end{array}$ | 7.80 | 0.00 |  |

- A Froude number of 0 indicates that pressured flow occurs (adverse slope or undersized pipe).
- If the sewer is not pressurized, full flow represents the maximum gravity flow in the sewer.
- If the sewer is pressurized, full flow represents the pressurized flow conditions.


## Sewer Sizing Summary:

|  |  |  | Existing |  | Calculated |  | Used |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element <br> Name | Peak Flow (cfs) | Cross Section | Rise | Span | Rise | Span | Rise | Span | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area } \\ & \left(\mathbf{f t}^{\wedge} 2\right) \end{aligned}$ | Comment |
| STORM 1 | 7.80 | CIRCULAR | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 12.00 in | 12.00 in | 18.00 in | 18.00 in | 1.77 |  |

- Calculated diameter was determined by sewer hydraulic capacity rounded up to the nearest commercially available size.
- Sewer sizes should not decrease downstream.
- All hydraulics where calculated using the 'Used' parameters.


## Grade Line Summary:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 6379.26

|  | Invert Elev. |  | Downstream Manhole Losses |  | HGL |  | EGL |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element Name | Downstream <br> (ft) | Upstream <br> (ft) | Bend Loss <br> (ft) | Lateral Loss <br> (ft) | Downstream <br> (ft) | Upstream <br> (ft) | Downstream <br> (ft) | Friction Loss (ft) | Upstream <br> (ft) |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { STORM } \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 6377.76 | 6383.28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 6379.26 | 6384.36 | 6379.56 | 5.31 | 6384.87 |

- Bend and Lateral losses only apply when there is an outgoing sewer. The system outfall, sewer \#0, is not considered a sewer.
- Bend loss $=$ Bend $K_{*}^{*} V_{-} \mathrm{fi}^{\wedge} 2 /(2 * \mathrm{~g})$
- Lateral loss $=\mathrm{V}$ fo ${ }^{\wedge} 2 /(2 * \mathrm{~g})$ - Junction Loss $\mathrm{K} * \mathrm{~V}$ fi $\wedge 2 /(2 * \mathrm{~g})$.
- Friction loss is always Upstream EGL - Downstream EGL.


## Excavation Estimate:

The trench side slope is $1.0 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$
The minimum trench width is 2.00 ft

|  |  |  |  |  | Downstream |  |  | Upstream |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Element Name | Length (ft) | $\left\\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Wall } \\ \text { (in) } \end{array}\right\\|$ | Bedding (in) | Bottom Width (ft) | Top Width <br> (ft) | Trench Depth <br> (ft) | Cover <br> (ft) | Top Width (ft) | Trench Depth (ft) | Cover <br> (ft) | Volume (cu. yd) | Comment |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { STORM } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 112.33 | 2.50 | 4.00 | 4.92 | 0.00 | 2.04 | 0.00 | 7.10 | 4.34 | 2.09 | 67.77 | Sewer Too Shallow |

Total earth volume for sewer trenches $=68$ cubic yards.

- The trench was estimated to have a bottom width equal to the outer pipe diameter plus 36 inches.
- If the calculated width of the trench bottom is less than the minimum acceptable width, the minimum acceptable width was used.
- The sewer wall thickness is equal to: (equivalent diameter in inches/12)+1 inches
- The sewer bedding thickness is equal to:
- Four inches for pipes less than 33 inches.
- Six inches for pipes less than 60 inches.
- Eight inches for all larger sizes.


## 100-YR SYSTEM




| Designer: | David Mijares |
| :--- | :--- |
| Company: | Catamount Engineering |
| Date: | December 13, 2022 |
| Project: | Villas at Claremont Ranch |
| Location: | EDB B |
|  |  |


| 6. Trickle Channel <br> A) Type of Trickle Channel <br> F) Slope of Trickle Channel | Choose One Concrete Soft Bottom $\mathrm{S}=0.0100 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{ft}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7. Micropool and Outlet Structure <br> A) Depth of Micropool (2.5-feet minimum) <br> B) Surface Area of Micropool ( $10 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ minimum) <br> C) Outlet Type <br> D) Smallest Dimension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing (Use UD-Detention) <br> E) Total Outlet Area | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{M}}=\frac{2.5}{} \mathrm{ft} \\ & \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{M}}=\square \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft} \end{aligned}$ <br> Choose One <br> Orifice Plate <br> Other (Describe): <br> See UD-DETENTION FOR OUTFALL $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{D}_{\text {orifice }} & =\square \text { inches } \\ \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{ot}} & =\square \text { square inches } \end{aligned}$ |
| 8. Initial Surcharge Volume <br> A) Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum recommended depth is 4 inches) <br> B) Minimum Initial Surcharge Volume (Minimum volume of $0.3 \%$ of the WQCV) <br> C) Initial Surcharge Provided Above Micropool | $D_{1 S}=$ $\square$ in $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IS}}=\square \mathrm{cuft} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{s}}=\square \frac{6.7}{} \mathrm{cuft} \end{aligned}$ |
| 9. Trash Rack <br> A) Water Quality Screen Open Area: $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{t}}=\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{ot}}{ }^{*} 38.5^{*}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-0.095 \mathrm{D}}\right)$ <br> B) Type of Screen (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open are to the total screen are for the material specified.) <br> Other (Y/N): $\square$ <br> C) Ratio of Total Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other') <br> D) Total Water Quality Screen Area (based on screen type) <br> E) Depth of Design Volume (EURV or WQCV) (Based on design concept chosen under 1E) <br> F) Height of Water Quality Screen $\left(\mathrm{H}_{T R}\right)$ <br> G) Width of Water Quality Screen Opening ( $\mathrm{W}_{\text {opening }}$ ) <br> (Minimum of 12 inches is recommended) | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{t}}=\square \text { square inches }$ <br> S.S. Well Screen with $60 \%$ Open Area <br> User Ratio = $\square$ $\mathrm{A}_{\text {total }}=\square \text { sq. in. }$ $\mathrm{H}=\square \mathrm{Feet}$ $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{TR}} & =\frac{52.72}{} \text { inches } \\ \mathrm{W}_{\text {opening }} & =\frac{12.0}{} \text { inches } \end{aligned}$ |


| Designer: | David Mijares |
| :--- | :--- |
| Company: | Catamount Engineering |
| Date: | December 13, 2022 |
| Project: | Villas at Claremont Ranch |
| Location: |  |
|  |  |






# DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN 

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)


|  | Estimated <br> Stage (ft) | Estimated Volume (ac-ft) | Outlet Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zone 1 (WQCV) | 2.06 | 0.139 | Orifice Plate |
| Zone 2 (EURV) | 4.06 | 0.314 | Orifice Plate |
| Zone 3 (100-year) | 5.42 | 0.307 | Weir\&Pipe (Restrict) |
|  | Total (all zones) | 0.760 |  |

Undercrain Orifice Area $=$ Underdrain Orifice Centroid =

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = Underdrain Orifice Diameter $=$
$\square$ ft (distance below the filtration media surface) inches

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

| Invert of Lowest Orifice $=$ | 0.00 | ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage $=0 \mathrm{ft}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = | 4.06 | ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage $=0 \mathrm{ft}$ ) |
| Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = | 16.20 | inches |
| Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = | N/A | inches |


|  | Calculated Parameters for Plate |  |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
| WQ Orifice Area per Row | $=\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ |
| Elliptical Half-Width | $=\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | feet |
| Elliptical Slot Centroid | $=\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | feet |
| Elliptical Slot Area | $=\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ |


|  | Row 1 (required) | Row 2 (optional) | Row 3 (optional) | Row 4 (optional) | Row 5 (optional) | Row 6 (optional) | Row 7 (optional) | Row 8 (optional) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft) | 0.00 | 1.35 | 2.71 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orifice Area (sq. inches) | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Row 9 (optional) | Row 10 (optional) | Row 11 (optional) | Row 12 (optional) | Row 13 (optional) | Row 14 (optional) | Row 15 (optional) | Row 16 (optional) |
| Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft) Orifice Area (sq. inches) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

| Invert of Vertical Orifice = Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice $=$ Vertical Orifice Diameter = | Not Selected | Not Selected | ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage $=0 \mathrm{ft}$ ) ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage $=0 \mathrm{ft}$ ) inches |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N/A | N/A |  |
|  | N/A | N/A |  |
|  | N/A | N/A |  |


| $\begin{aligned} \text { Vertical Orifice Area } & = \\ \text { Vertical Orifice Centroid } & =\end{aligned}$ | Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Not Selected | Not Selected |
|  | N/A | N/A |
|  | N/A | N/A |

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe)


User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)
Height of Grate Upper Edge, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{t}}=$
Overflow Weir Slope Length $=$
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area $=$
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris $=$
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris $=$

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

|  | Zone 3 Restrictor | Not Selected |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe $=$ | 0.50 | N/A | $\mathrm{ft} \mathrm{(distance} \mathrm{below} \mathrm{basin} \mathrm{bo}$ |
| Outlet Pipe Diameter $=$ | 18.00 | N/A | inches |
| Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert $=$ | 4.70 | inches |  |
| Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectanqular or Trapezoidal) |  |  |  |
| Spillway Invert Stage= | 6.00 | relative to bas | bottom at Stage $=0 \mathrm{ft}$ ) |
| Spillway Crest Length = | 20.00 | eet |  |
| Spillway End Slopes = | 4.00 | :V |  |
| Freeboard above Max Water Surface = | 1.00 | eet |  |



| Spillway Design Flow Depth= | Calculated | ters for Spillway |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.34 | feet |
| Stage at Top of Freeboard = | 7.34 | feet |
| Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = | 0.35 | acre |
| Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard $=$ | 1.35 | acre-ft |


| Routed Hydrograph Results | The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Design Storm Return Period = | WQCV | EURV | 2 Year | 5 Year | 10 Year | 25 Year | 50 Year | 100 Year | 500 Year |
| One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = | N/A | N/A | 1.19 | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.52 | 3.14 |
| CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) = | 0.139 | 0.453 | 0.393 | 0.556 | 0.695 | 0.897 | 1.058 | 1.269 | 1.681 |
| Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) | N/A | N/A | 0.393 | 0.556 | 0.695 | 0.897 | 1.058 | 1.269 | 1.681 |
| CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = | N/A | N/A | 0.1 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 7.5 |
| OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) = | N/A | N/A | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.18 | 0.38 | 0.49 | 0.66 | 0.96 |
| Peak Inflow Q (cfs) = | N/A | N/A | 3.6 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 8.9 | 10.6 | 12.6 | 16.6 |
| Peak Outflow Q (cfs) = | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 7.8 |
| Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment $\mathrm{Q}=$ | N/A | N/A | N/A | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| Structure Controlling Flow = | Plate | Overflow Weir 1 | Plate | Overflow Weir 1 | Overflow Weir 1 | Outlet Plate 1 | Outlet Plate 1 | Outlet Plate 1 | Spillway |
| Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) = | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) = | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Time to Drain 97\% of Inflow Volume (hours) = | 39 | 69 | 66 | 72 | 70 | 68 | 66 | 64 | 60 |
| Time to Drain $99 \%$ of Inflow Volume (hours) = | 40 | 73 | 70 | 77 | 76 | 75 | 74 | 74 | 72 |
| Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) = | 2.06 | 4.06 | 3.58 | 4.18 | 4.27 | 4.48 | 4.84 | 5.43 | 6.14 |
| Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) | 0.12 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.29 |
| Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) | 0.140 | 0.454 | 0.364 | 0.476 | 0.494 | 0.538 | 0.620 | 0.761 | 0.960 |



Inflow Hydrographs
The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program

|  | SOURCE | CUHP | CUHP | CUHP | CUHP | CUHP | CUHP | CUHP | CUHP | CUHP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Interval | TIME | WQCV [cfs] | EURV [cfs] | 2 Year [cfs] | 5 Year [cfs] | 10 Year [cfs] | 25 Year [cfs] | 50 Year [cfs] | 100 Year [cfs] | 500 Year [cfs] |
| 5.00 min | 0:00:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 0:05:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 0:10:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
|  | 0:15:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 | 0.49 | 0.60 | 0.40 | 0.51 | 0.49 | 0.73 |
|  | 0:20:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.10 | 1.46 | 1.73 | 1.09 | 1.28 | 1.36 | 1.80 |
|  | 0:25:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.56 | 3.58 | 4.64 | 2.52 | 2.98 | 3.21 | 4.70 |
|  | 0:30:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.40 | 4.96 | 6.17 | 6.40 | 7.66 | 8.67 | 11.73 |
|  | 0:35:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.58 | 5.18 | 6.41 | 8.22 | 9.74 | 11.54 | 15.37 |
|  | 0:40:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.53 | 5.03 | 6.22 | 8.94 | 10.57 | 12.51 | 16.57 |
|  | 0:45:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.32 | 4.75 | 5.88 | 8.80 | 10.39 | 12.60 | 16.64 |
|  | 0:50:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.12 | 4.49 | 5.52 | 8.55 | 10.09 | 12.23 | 16.16 |
|  | 0:55:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.93 | 4.22 | 5.20 | 8.00 | 9.46 | 11.66 | 15.42 |
|  | 1:00:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.77 | 3.97 | 4.91 | 7.47 | 8.85 | 11.11 | 14.71 |
|  | 1:05:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.65 | 3.78 | 4.69 | 7.00 | 8.31 | 10.62 | 14.09 |
|  | 1:10:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.49 | 3.61 | 4.50 | 6.51 | 7.72 | 9.81 | 13.01 |
|  | 1:15:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.33 | 3.39 | 4.30 | 6.05 | 7.18 | 9.01 | 11.96 |
|  | 1:20:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.16 | 3.15 | 4.02 | 5.54 | 6.57 | 8.13 | 10.78 |
|  | 1:25:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.01 | 2.91 | 3.68 | 5.05 | 5.97 | 7.29 | 9.65 |
|  | 1:30:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.86 | 2.69 | 3.37 | 4.55 | 5.37 | 6.51 | 8.59 |
|  | 1:35:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.75 | 2.53 | 3.12 | 4.08 | 4.81 | 5.79 | 7.63 |
|  | 1:40:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.67 | 2.37 | 2.94 | 3.72 | 4.39 | 5.23 | 6.90 |
|  | 1:45:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.61 | 2.23 | 2.79 | 3.45 | 4.05 | 4.80 | 6.32 |
|  | 1:50:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.56 | 2.10 | 2.65 | 3.21 | 3.77 | 4.42 | 5.82 |
|  | 1:55:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.45 | 1.97 | 2.51 | 3.00 | 3.51 | 4.09 | 5.36 |
|  | 2:00:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.35 | 1.84 | 2.34 | 2.80 | 3.27 | 3.77 | 4.94 |
|  | 2:05:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.19 | 1.64 | 2.07 | 2.50 | 2.91 | 3.35 | 4.38 |
|  | 2:10:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.05 | 1.43 | 1.81 | 2.19 | 2.56 | 2.94 | 3.83 |
|  | 2:15:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.91 | 1.24 | 1.56 | 1.90 | 2.22 | 2.55 | 3.32 |
|  | 2:20:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.78 | 1.05 | 1.32 | 1.63 | 1.89 | 2.18 | 2.83 |
|  | 2:25:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.66 | 0.88 | 1.11 | 1.37 | 1.59 | 1.83 | 2.37 |
|  | 2:30:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.54 | 0.72 | 0.91 | 1.12 | 1.30 | 1.49 | 1.92 |
|  | 2:35:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.43 | 0.58 | 0.73 | 0.89 | 1.02 | 1.17 | 1.50 |
|  | 2:40:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.35 | 0.46 | 0.59 | 0.68 | 0.78 | 0.88 | 1.12 |
|  | 2:45:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.29 | 0.38 | 0.49 | 0.52 | 0.60 | 0.67 | 0.85 |
|  | 2:50:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.24 | 0.32 | 0.41 | 0.41 | 0.47 | 0.51 | 0.66 |
|  | 2:55:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.34 | 0.33 | 0.38 | 0.40 | 0.51 |
|  | 3:00:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.17 | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.27 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.40 |
|  | 3:05:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.14 | 0.19 | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 0.31 |
|  | 3:10:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.24 |
|  | 3:15:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.15 | 0.19 |
|  | 3:20:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.15 |
|  | 3:25:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.12 |
|  | 3:30:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.10 |
|  | 3:35:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.08 |
|  | 3:40:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.06 |
|  | 3:45:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
|  | 3:50:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
|  | 3:55:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
|  | 4:00:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
|  | 4:05:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:10:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:15:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:20:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:25:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:30:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:35:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:40:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:45:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:50:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 4:55:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:00:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:05:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:10:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:15:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:20:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:25:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:30:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:35:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:40:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:45:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:50:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 5:55:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | 6:00:00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

## DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)
Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships
The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.
The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points

| Stage - Storage Description | Stage <br> [ft] | Area <br> [ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ ] | Area <br> [acres] | Volume $\left[\mathrm{ft}^{3}\right]$ | Volume <br> [ac-ft] | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Total } \\ \text { Outflow } \\ \text { [cfs] } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | For best results, include the |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | stages of all grade slope |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | changes (e.g. ISV and Floor) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | the S-A-V table on |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | eeet 'Basin'. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Also include the inverts of all |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | outlets (e.g. vertical orifice, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | overflow grate, and spillway, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | where applicable). |



## Channel Report

## TRICKLE CHANNEL EDB-B

## Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1)

$$
=4.00,4.00
$$

Total Depth (ft)
Invert Elev (ft)
Slope (\%)
N -Value

## Calculations

Compute by:
Known Q (cfs)
$=0.50$
$=1.00$
$=0.50$
$=0.015$

Known Q
$=0.50$

Highlighted
Depth (ft)
$=0.27$
Q (cfs)
Area (sqft)
Velocity (ft/s)
Wetted Perim (ft)
Crit Depth, Yc (ft)
Top Width (ft)
EGL (ft)
$=0.500$
$=0.29$
$=1.71$
$=2.23$
$=0.25$
$=2.16$
$=0.32$

Elev (ft)

## Section

Depth (ft)


Reach (ft)

## Determination of Culvert Headwater and Outlet Protection

Project: Villas at Claremont
Basin ID: Pond Outlet


Soil Type:
$\left[\begin{array}{l}\text { Choose One: } \\ \text { Sandy } \\ \text { Non-Sandy }\end{array}\right.$

Supercritical Flow! Using Da to calculate protection type.

| Design Information (Input): |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Design Discharge | Q = | 4.2 cfs |
| Circular Culvert: |  |  |
| Barrel Diameter in Inches | $\mathrm{D}=$ | 18 inches |
| Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list) | Square End Projection | $\checkmark$ |
| Box Culvert: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Height (Rise) }= \\ & \text { Width }(\text { Span })= \end{aligned}$ | OR |
| Barrel Height (Rise) in Feet |  | ft |
| Barrel Width (Span) in Feet |  | ft |
| Inlet Edge Type (Choose from pull-down list) |  | $\checkmark$ |
| Number of Barrels | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{No} & = \\ \text { Elev } \mathrm{IN} & = \\ \text { Elev OUT } & = \end{aligned}$ | ft |
| Inlet Elevation Outlet Elevation OR Slope |  |  |
|  |  | ft |
| Outlet Elevation OR Slope Culvert Length | L = | ft |
| Manning's Roughness | $\mathrm{n}=$ | 0.012 |
| Bend Loss Coefficient | $k_{\text {b }}=$ | 0 |
| Exit Loss Coefficient | $\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{x}}=$ | 1 |
| Tailwater Surface ElevationMax Allowable Channel Velocity | Elev $\mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{t}}=$ | ft |
|  | $V=$ | 5 ft/s |
| Required Protection (Output): |  |  |
| tection (Output): <br> Tailwater Surface Height | $\mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{t}}=$ | ft |
| Flow Area at Max Channel Velocity | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{t}}=$ | $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$$\mathrm{ft}^{2}$ |
| Culvert Cross Sectional Area Available Entrance Loss Coefficient | $\mathrm{A}=$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{e}}=$ |  |
| Entrance Loss Coefficient <br> Friction Loss Coefficient | $\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{f}}=$ |  |
| Sum of All Losses Coefficients | $\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{s}}=$ |  |
| Culvert Normal Depth | $\mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{n}}=$ | ft |
| Culvert Critical Depth | $\mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{c}}=$ | 0.79 |
|  | $d=$ | ft |
|  | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{a}}=$ |  |
| Adjusted Diameter OR Adjusted Rise Expansion Factor | $1 /\left(2^{*} \tan (\Theta)\right)=$ | ft |
| Flow/Diameter ${ }^{2.5}$ OR Flow/(Span * Rise ${ }^{1.5}$ ) | Q/D^2.5 $=$ | $\mathrm{ft}^{0.5} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Froude NumberTailwater/Adjusted Diameter OR Tailwater/Adjusted Rise | $\mathrm{Fr}=$ | Supercritical! |
|  | Yt/D $=$ |  |
| Inlet Control Headwater | $\mathrm{HW}_{1}=$ | ft |
| Outlet Control Headwater | $\mathrm{HW}_{\mathrm{O}}=$ | -4.08 |
| Design Headwater Elevation | HW = | ft |
| Headwater/Diameter OR Headwater/Rise Ratio | HW/D $=$ |  |
| Minimum Theoretical Riprap SizeNominal Riprap Size | $\mathrm{d}_{50}=$ | in |
|  | $\mathrm{d}_{50}=$ | in |
| Nominal Riprap Size UDFCD Riprap Type | Type $=$ | VL |
| Length of Protection | $L_{p}=$ | 5 ft |
| Width of Protection | $\mathrm{T}=$ | 3 ft |



EMERGENCY SPILLWAY SECTION AND SPILLWAY CHANNEL


Figure 12-21. Embankment protection details and rock sizing chart (adapted from Arapahoe County)

## DRAINAGE MAPS





