FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH

July 2022 Revised April 2023

Prepared for:

Phi Real Estate Services, LLC 200 W. City Center Dr. Ste 200 Pueblo, CO 81003

Prepared By:

ATAMOUN ENGINEERING

321 W. Henrietta Ave, Suite A Woodland Park, CO 80863 719-426-2124

PCD NO. SF-22-028

FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH

Engineer's Statement:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according the criteria established for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.



12/14/22

Date

Developer's Statement:

Premiere Homes Inc. the developer has read and will comply with all of the requirements specified in this drainage report and plan.

Phi	Real Estate Services, LLC
Business Na	me
Ву:	2-6
Title:	NAWAGER
Address:	200 W. City Center Dr. Ste 200
_	Pueblo, CO 81003

El Paso County:

Filed in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County land Development Code and the Drainage Criteria manual Volumes 1 and 2, and the El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, latest revision.

Josh Palmer, PE County Engineer/ECM Administrator Date

Conditions:

FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT for THE VILLAS AT CLAREMONT RANCH

PURPOSE

The purpose of this drainage report is to identify existing drainage patterns, quantify developed storm water runoff, and establish outfall scenarios from the proposed development. Additionally, this analysis will establish compliance with previous drainage studies and provide for water quality and detention of developed runoff.

GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The subject 10.17 acres is proposed to be platted into 83 residential townhome lots and is located within the southwest ¹/₄ of Section 4, Township 14 South, Range 65 West of the 6th principal meridian El Paso County, Colorado. The parcel was previously platted as tracts G and A, Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7

The parcel is bounded on the north by the East Fork of Sand Creek, on the east by the Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7 single family residential development, on the south by Meadowbrook Parkway and undeveloped tract F, and on the west by Tract I and Marksheffel Road.

The site has been previously stripped and contains little volunteer vegetation besides erosion control cover. The existing terrain generally slopes to the west at a 2% grade. A swale has been formed adjacent to the Marksheffel embankment conveying undeveloped flow overland to the east Fork of Sand Creek. The site lies within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin.

Soils in the development parcel consist predominantly of Blendon sandy loam (Hydrologic Group 'B' soils) and also contains Blakeland loamy sand and Ellicott loamy coarse sand (Hydrologic Group 'A' soils) as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey. Hydrologic Group B soils were used in analysis.

No portion of the development lies within an F.E.M.A. designated floodplain per FIRM 08041C0756 G, effective 12/07/2018. The revised F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map has been provided in the appendix.

EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

The site was previously studied in the Final Drainage Report for Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7. Development of Filing No. 7 required analysis and implementation of improvements within the adjacent Lower East Fork of Sand Creek. Improvements were implemented per the Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study and Preliminary Design Report; City of Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado (DBPS), prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corp., revised March 1996. As upstream detention proposed in the DBPS has not been implemented the more conservative FEMA 100-YR Flow was utilized in channel evaluation and improvement. The FEMA analysis assumes

a 100-YR flow of 4,500 cfs through the adjacent reach, while the DBPS estimates a flow of 3,310 cfs with upstream detention. The adjacent Lower East Fork Sand Creek improvements are detailed in the Final Drainage Report for Claremont Ranch Filing no. 7.

The Villas at Claremont Ranch were platted as Tracts 'G' and 'A' with development of Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7 and was identified as 12.21 acre commercial development (basin 7) in the final drainage report. Anticipated runoff from Basin 7 was $Q_5=9.5$ cfs, $Q_{100}=24.4$ in the interim condition and $Q_5=56.0$ cfs, $Q_{100}=96.7$ in the fully developed condition. The Villas at Claremont Ranch lies entirely with the Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study area.

Basin 6 Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7 consists of undeveloped tract F south of Meadowbrook Parkway. The 11.18 acre basin (10.17 acres within the proposed Villas at Claremont Ranch) is proposed for commercial use and generates anticipated runoff of was $Q_5=10.1$ cfs, $Q_{100}=25.8$ in the interim condition and $Q_5=60.4$ cfs, $Q_{100}=90.5$ in the fully developed condition. A permanent public 24" culvert crossing was installed with development of Meadowbrook Parkway to convey flows north to Sand Creek. Interim flows will be conveyed in existing swale section developed with Filing No. 7 improvements within the 70' utility and drainage easement located along the west side of the proposed Villas at Claremont Ranch Development. Developed flows will not be accepted onto the Villas at Claremont Ranch and any development scenarios for Tract F will require water quality implementation and full spectrum detention prior to site release across Meadowbrook Parkway. Interim flows defined in the Final Drainage Report for Filing No. 7 will be accepted.

DEVELOPED DRAINAGE BASINS

Developed basins proposed to receive an increase in impervious areas will be routed to an on-site extended detention basin providing full spectrum detention prior to release to the East Fork of Sand Creek. Basins routed through the proposed EDB will be collected in proposed private roadway sections and collected in a private inlet system. Collected runoff will be conveyed in a private storm system to the EDB. A summary of peak developed runoff for the basins and design points are depicted in the Developed Drainage Plan in the appendix.

Basin 1 consists of perimeter landscape areas directly tributary to the East Fork of Sand Creek and will not be collected in the proposed extended detention basin. Basin 1 contains 2.25 acres and generates runoff of ($Q_2=0.2$ cfs, $Q_5=0.6$ cfs, $Q_{10}=1.2$ cfs, $Q_{25}=2.0$ cfs, $Q_{50}=2.6$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=3.3$ cfs). Runoff from Basin 1 will either sheet flow directly to the reach of Sand Creek or be combined with interim condition runoff from Basin 6 (Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7) of $Q_5=10.1$ cfs, $Q_{100}=25.8$ to the existing riprap rundown to Sand Creek. The swale and rundown installed with filing 7 improvements was developed to convey interim flows from both Basin 6 (tract F, Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7) and Basin 7 (tracts G and A, Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7) with a combined flow of $Q_5=19.6$ cfs, $Q_{100}=50.2$. Overlot grading and limited sidewalk improvements are proposed within Basin 1. The minimal improvements proposed in Basin 1 have been shaded to delineate limits on the proposed drainage map. The Basin 1 shaded area (0.67 acres) will utilize the applicable water quality exclusion ECM APP I.7.1.C.1 (County based exclusion of up to 20% or 1 acre).

The unshaded portion of Basin 1 (1.58 acres) will utilize the applicable WQ exclusion ECM APP I.7.1.B.7 - Sites with land disturbance to undeveloped land (land with no human-made structures such as buildings or pavement) that will remain undeveloped after the site.

Runoff from pervious area of Basin 1 will be conveyed across pervious surfaces in an unimproved trapezoidal grass swale with a 40' bottom width at a depth of 0.40' to outfall directly to Sand Creek. *See Appendix for channel section A-A calculation.*

Sub-Basin 1.1 (0.76 Acres, Q₂=0.2 cfs, Q₅=0.5 cfs, Q₁₀=0.8 cfs, Q₂₅=1.3 cfs, Q₅₀=1.7 cfs, and Q₁₀₀=2.1 cfs) will be collected into a grass lined flat bottom swale with 4:1 side slopes, conveying the flows South to Design Point 10. At Design Point 10 (Q₅=10.6 cfs, Q₁₀=27.9 cfs) flows are combined with offsite interim flows identified in the final drainage report for filing no. 7 basin 6 of Q₅=10.1 cfs, Q₁₀=25.8 cfs and conveyed in a trapezoidal channel section to outfall in Sand Creek. Runoff from pervious area of Basin 1 will be conveyed across pervious surfaces in an unimproved trapezoidal grass swale with a 40' bottom width at a depth of 0.40' to outfall directly to Sand Creek. Discussion of water quality exclusions for all of Basin 1 (including sub-basin 1.1), is addressed in previous paragraphs.

Basin 10 consists of rear yards of the residential portion of Filing No. 7 tributary to the Villas at Claremont development. Runoff from these perimeter landscape areas directly tributary to the East Fork of Sand Creek, will be conveyed by a proposed grass lined swale offsite, and will not be collected in the proposed extended detention basin. Basin 10 contains 0.54 acres and generates runoff of ($Q_2=0.1$ cfs, $Q_5=0.3$ cfs, $Q_{10}=0.5$ cfs, $Q_{25}=0.8$ cfs, $Q_{50}=1.1$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=1.4$ cfs). No improvements are proposed within Basin 10 affecting existing off-site facilities. Runoff from pervious area of Basin 10 will be conveyed across pervious surfaces in an unimproved trapezoidal grass swale.

Basin 10 (0.54 acres) will utilize the applicable water quality exclusion ECM APP I.7.1.B.7 - Sites with land disturbance to undeveloped land (land with no human-made structures such as buildings or pavement) that will remain undeveloped after the site.

BASINS TRIBUTARY TO EDB

Basins 2 through 8 consist of the landscape areas, residential townhome lots, and private street improvements tributary to the proposed extended detention basin. Basin 9 consists of rear lots developed within the residential portion of Filing No. 7 tributary to the extended detention basin.

Basin 2 (1.92 Acres, $Q_2=1.3$ cfs, $Q_5=1.9$ cfs, $Q_{10}=2.7$ cfs, $Q_{25}=3.8$ cfs, $Q_{50}=4.6$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=5.6$ cfs) consists of lots and landscape area along the north and east of the development. Flows from basin 2 will be conveyed in a grass swale along the northeast of the development to outfall directly to the proposed detention pond. Swale sizing calculations have been presented in the appendix.

Basin 3 (0.76 Acres, $Q_2=1.1$ cfs, $Q_5=1.5$ cfs, $Q_{10}=2.0$ cfs, $Q_{25}=2.5$ cfs, $Q_{50}=2.9$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=3.4$ cfs) consists of townhome lots and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 10' type R sump inlet at Design Point 2. Calculations for Carrside Grove street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 4 (1.00 Acres, $Q_2=1.2$ cfs, $Q_5=1.7$ cfs, $Q_{10}=2.2$ cfs, $Q_{25}=2.7$ cfs, $Q_{50}=3.2$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=3.7$ cfs) consists of townhome lots, landscape corridors, and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 10' type R sump inlet at Design Point 3. Calculations for Carrside Grove street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 5 (0.80 Acres, $Q_2=1.2$ cfs, $Q_5=1.7$ cfs, $Q_{10}=2.2$ cfs, $Q_{25}=2.7$ cfs, $Q_{50}=3.2$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=3.7$ cfs) consists of townhome lots, landscape corridors, and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 10' type R sump inlet at Design Point 4. Calculations for Fieldside Way street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 6 (1.95 Acres, $Q_2=2.1$ cfs, $Q_5=3.0$ cfs, $Q_{10}=3.9$ cfs, $Q_{25}=5.0$ cfs, $Q_{50}=6.0$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=7.0$ cfs) consists of townhome lots, landscape corridors, and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 10' type R sump inlet at Design Point 5. Calculations for Fieldside Way street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 7 (0.65 Acres, $Q_2=1.0$ cfs, $Q_5=1.4$ cfs, $Q_{10}=1.7$ cfs, $Q_{25}=2.2$ cfs, $Q_{50}=2.6$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=3.0$ cfs) consists of townhome lots, landscape corridors, and roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 5' type R sump inlet at Design Point 7. Calculations for Greengate Way street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 8 (0.62 Acres, $Q_2=1.2$ cfs, $Q_5=1.6$ cfs, $Q_{10}=2.0$ cfs, $Q_{25}=2.4$ cfs, $Q_{50}=2.9$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=3.3$ cfs) consists of a small landscape area and private roadway improvements tributary to the proposed private 5' type R sump inlet at Design Point 6. Calculations for Greengate Way street capacity and inlet analysis are provided in the appendix.

Basin 9 (0.13 Acres, $Q_2=0.0$ cfs, $Q_5=0.1$ cfs, $Q_{10}=0.1$ cfs, $Q_{25}=0.2$ cfs, $Q_{50}=0.2$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=0.3$ cfs) consists of a northern portion of rear yards of the residential portion of Filing No. 7 tributary to the Villas at Claremont development. Runoff from this area will sheet flow across the proposed landscape tract and be conveyed in a vegetated swale to the proposed EDB. Swale sizing calculations are included in the appendix.

CONVEYANCE

Internal landscape and residential corridor areas, located within Basins 4 and 6 will utilize 2-footwide sidewalk chases to convey landscaped area stormwater swale flows into the adjacent street curb flow lines. A separate hydrologic analysis has been performed for the designated internal areas (Sub-Basin 1.1, 2.1, 4.1 and 6.1, respectively), and has been included in the Appendix.

Sub-Basin 1.1 (0.76 Acres, $Q_2=0.2$ cfs, $Q_5=0.5$ cfs, $Q_{10}=0.8$ cfs, $Q_{25}=1.3$ cfs, $Q_{50}=1.7$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=2.1$ cfs) will be collected into a grass lined (V ditch) swale with 4:1 side slopes, conveying the flows south to Design Point 10.

Sub-Basin 2.1 (0.19 Acres, Q₂=0.6 cfs, Q₅=0.7 cfs, Q₁₀=0.9 cfs, Q₂₅=1.1 cfs, Q₅₀=1.2 cfs, and Q₁₀₀=1.4 cfs) will be collected into a (dual) curb cuts 2' wide x 5.5' long sidewalk and outfall to 2.0' x 2.0' D50=6" dual drainage pads (outfall calculations provided in appendix).

Sub-Basin 4.1 (0.32 Acres, $Q_2=0.4$ cfs, $Q_5=0.5$ cfs, $Q_{10}=0.7$ cfs, $Q_{25}=0.9$ cfs, $Q_{50}=1.0$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=1.2$ cfs) will be collected into a 2' wide x 5.5' long sidewalk curb chase and outfall north into Carside Grove curb flow lines and be conveyed to a low point near a proposed private 10' storm inlet located at Design Point 3.

Sub-Basin 6.1 (0.45 Acres, $Q_2=0.4$ cfs, $Q_5=0.6$ cfs, $Q_{10}=0.8$ cfs, $Q_{25}=1.1$ cfs, $Q_{50}=1.3$ cfs, and $Q_{100}=1.6$ cfs) will be collected into a 2' wide x 5.5' long sidewalk curb chase and outfall north into Fieldside View curb flow lines and be conveyed to a low point near a proposed private 10' storm inlet located at Design Point 5.

Flows at DP-7 will be collected in a 5' Type R inlet and outfall in an 18" RCP at 0.50% to the inlet at DP-6. Combined flows at DP-A of Q₅=3.0 cfs, Q₁₀₀=6.4 will be conveyed north in an 18" RCP at 0.61% to the proposed manhole at DP-B.

Flows from DP-5 will be collected in a 10' Type R inlet and outfall in an 18" RCP at 0.50% to the inlet at DP-4. Flows from DP-4 will be collected in a 5' Type R inlet. Combined flows from DP-4 and DP-5 will be conveyed in an 18" RCP at 0.50% to the manhole at DP-B ($Q_5=6.8$ cfs, $Q_{100}=15.3$)

Combined outflow from the manhole at DP-B will be conveyed in a 30" RCP storm sewer at 0.50% to the manhole at DP-C and combined with flows intercepted in the 10' Type R inlet at DP-3. Combined flows from DP-C of $Q_5=8.6$ cfs, $Q_{100}=19.0$ cfs will be conveyed in a 30" RCP at 0.50% to the 10' Type R inlet at DP-D. Combined flows at DP-D of $Q_5=9.9$ cfs, $Q_{100}=21.9$ will be conveyed in a 30" RCP at 0.50% to pond outfall within the proposed EDB.

Swale calculations are provided in the appendix. All swales indicate velocities below 5.0 ft/second and maintain a minimum of 1.0' freeboard. Calculations were performed utilizing hydraflow extension for AutoCAD Civil 3D.

Opposing inlet pairs are proposed for Design Points 2 and 3; 4 and 5; and 6 and 7. Inlet pairs are designed to allow flow equalization for the major storm event when flow could overtop the crown of the street. No ponding is proposed beyond the back of curb elevation.

EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN

Proposed EDB 'B will require a WQCV of 0.139 acre-feet, an EURV Volume of 0.314 acre-feet and a total storage volume of 0.760 acre-ft. The pond provides 0.761 acre-ft of storage below the emergency outfall. The EDB will be designed to meet current Urban Drainage design criteria for forebay, outfall structure, and micropool *(See Calculations in Appendix)*. Proposed EDB 'B will outfall through an 18" RCP storm sewer directly to the East Branch of Sand Creek. The Basin outfalls developed runoff of (Q₅=1.2 cfs, Q₁₀₀=4.2 cfs) to Design Point E. The emergency spillway will consist of a 20' wide trapezoidal weir constructed of soil riprap conveying the undetained 100-YR flow from Design Point 1 of 25.0 cfs at a maximum depth of 0.34'. Emergency overflow will be conveyed directly to the East Branch of Sand Creek. See Appendix for calculations. The CENTRAL MARKSHEFFEL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT will maintain the private pond facility. The improved trail adjacent to Sand Creek has not been installed adjacent to the pond. The area will be graded to represent anticipated trail installation but will be constructed from pond overflow through channel toe with soil riprap with seeded topsoil cover. Future installation of trail segment is anticipated to be concrete trail along top of channel embankment. Spillway is intended only for emergency outflow path to adjacent channel. Major storm event is conveyed through outlet structure and conveyed through pipe system to channel bottom.

The pond maintenance access is provided from proposed parking located north of the intersection of Belton Heights and Carrside Grove. The southerly portion of access above all proposed water surface elevations is combined with required sanitary sewer access and will be constructed to Utility District Standards which exceed county requirements. The portion of the pond within the pond will be constructed of an all-weather stable surface of roadbase, gravel, or rock and maintains a maximum 10% grade per ECM 3.3.3.K.

Calculations in the Mile High Flood District UD-detention spreadsheet indicate that developed outflow during intermediate storm events exceed historic intermediate storm event release in order to comply with time constrained release of 97% of 5-YR event. The adjacent reach of Sand Creek is designed to accommodate 100-YR event conveyance and will not be negatively impacted by intermediate release rates. DBPS recommended improvements were installed for the adjacent reach and have been included in the appendix.

Trickle Channel calculations have been provided in the appendix.

The area of the development tributary to proposed EDB 'B' includes the following:

Tract/Use	Area	% Impervious
Lots	5.12	65%
Hardscape	0.80	89%
Landscape	1.91	0%
Total Area	7.83	52.7% Avg % Impervious

DRAINAGE METHODOLOGY

This drainage report was prepared in accordance to the criteria established in the El Paso County CDM Vol 1 and 2 with Vol 1 updates.

The rational method for drainage basin study areas of less than 100 acres was utilized in the analysis. For the Rational Method, flows were calculated for the 2, 5, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year recurrence intervals. The average runoff coefficients, 'C' values, are taken from Table 6-6 and the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves are taken from Figure 6-5 of the City Drainage Criteria Manual. Time of concentration for overland flow and storm drain or gutter flow are calculated per Chapter 6 Section 3.2 of the City Drainage Criteria Manual. Calculations for the Rational Method are shown in the Appendix of this report.

Mile High Flood District methodology was utilized for determination of street capacity and inlet sizing. Calculations are shown in the appendix of this report. Hydraulic Grade Line Calculations have been provided within this report.

The analysis, presented in the appendix, provides more detailed calculations for the system in accordance with the requirements of the El Paso County DCM criteria. The storm sewer plan and profile drawings have been submitted concurrently with this analysis.

WATER QUALITY/4-STEP PROCESS

4-STEP PROCESS

STEP 1: EMPLOY RUNOFF REDUCTION PRACTICES

The development addresses Low Impact Development strategies primarily through the utilization of landscape swales within rear lots directing runoff from rooflines and patios through swales with minimal longitudinal grade prior to outfall to the private street system.

STEP 2: STABILIZE DRAINAGEWAYS

The ultimate recipient of runoff from the site is the East Branch of Sand Creek. The adjacent reach of Sand Creek was improved to ultimate DBPW recommendations with the development of Filing No. 7.

STEP 3: PROVIDE WATER QUALITY CAPTURE VOLUME

On-site flow is directed to a proposed extended detention basin providing water quality capture volume and attenuated release rates prior to release off-site. Release from the extended detention basin is less than assumed in the Final Drainage Report for Filing No. 7 as development was assumed to be commercial in nature and no detention scenario was initially proposed.

STEP 4: CONSIDER NEED FOR INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BMP'S

A Grading, Erosion Control, and Stormwater Quality Plan and narrative have been submitted concurrently for the development and will be subject to county approval prior to any soil disturbance. The erosion control plan included specific source control BMP's as well defined overall site management practices for the construction period. No industrial or commercial uses are proposed with the Villas at Claremont Ranch development. No temporary batch plant operations are proposed with residential development.

COST ESTIMATE

5' TYPE R INLET	2 EA	@\$	6,138/EA	\$ 12,276
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10' TYPE R INLET	4 EA	@\$	8,447/EA	\$ 33,788
TYPE I MH	3 EA	@\$	7,082/EA	\$ 21,246
18"RCP	497 LF	@\$	70/LF	\$ 34,790
30" RCP	392 LF	@\$	104/LF	\$ 40,768
18"RCP FES	1 EA	@\$	420/EA	\$ 420
D ₅₀ =6" RipRap	58 Tons	@\$	89.00/Ton	\$ 5,162
Detention Outlet Structure	1 EA	@\$	9,000/LS	\$ 9,000
Pond Grading	1500 CY	@\$	6.00/EA	\$ 9,000
Extended Detention Basin	1 LS	@\$	35,000/LS	\$ 35,000
	SUBT	OTAI	- 	\$ 201,450
	15% C	CONTI	NGENCY	\$ 30,218
	<u>TOT</u> A	AL		\$ 231,668

Private Improvements Non-reimbursable

DRAINAGE FEE CALCULATION

Drainage Fees were accounted for with the original platting of the parcel as tracts G and A of Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7 (see appendix).

DRAINAGE METHODOLOGY

This drainage report was prepared in accordance to the criteria established in the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volumes 1 and 2, as revised May 2015.

The rational method for drainage basin study areas of less than 100 acres was utilized in the analysis. For the Rational Method, flows were calculated for the 2, 5, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year recurrence intervals. The average runoff coefficients, 'C' values, are taken from Table 6-6 and the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves are taken from Figure 6-5 of the City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. Time of concentration for overland flow and storm drain or gutter flow are calculated per Section 3.2 of the City Drainage Criteria Manual. Calculations for the Rational Method are shown in the Appendix of this report.

SUMMARY

The Villas at Claremont Ranch Development exhibits drainage patterns consistent with those anticipated in the Final Drainage Report for Filing No. 7. Volume of water released from the site anticipated in the Filing 7 Final Drainage Report has been significantly reduced due to the parcel developing as residential rather commercial and implementation of on-site water quality and full spectrum detention facilities as required by current criteria. Private Storm system is designed to intercept the full 100-year runoff event and convey to existing east branch of sand creek. Development of the parcel is in conformance of current El Paso County criteria and will not adversely affect downstream properties or facilities.

REFERENCES:

El Paso County, Colorado Engineering Division Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1, (1990), revised Oct 2018

El Paso County, Colorado Engineering Division Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 2, November 2002

El Paso County, Colorado Engineering Division Drainage Criteria Manual Update, (2015)

El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual, (2004), revised Oct 2020

"Claremont Ranch Subdivision Filing No. 7 Preliminary and Final Drainage Report", prepared by Engineering and Surveying, Inc., dated May 2004.

"Final Master Development Drainage Plan and Preliminary Drainage Plan for the Claremont Ranch", prepared by Matrix Design Group, Inc., revised July 2002.

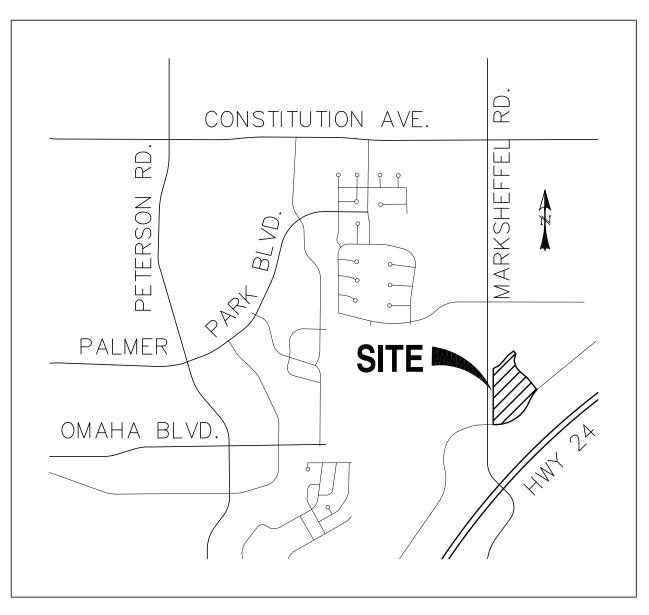
"Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study Preliminary Drainage Report", prepared by Kiowa Engineering Corporation, revised March 21996.

Preliminary and Final Drainage Report for International Bible Society Filing No. 1" prepared by URS Consultants, dated August, 1988.

Flood Insurance rate map 08041C0756 F, as revised to reflect LOMR Case No. 08-08-0630P

Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey

APPENDIX

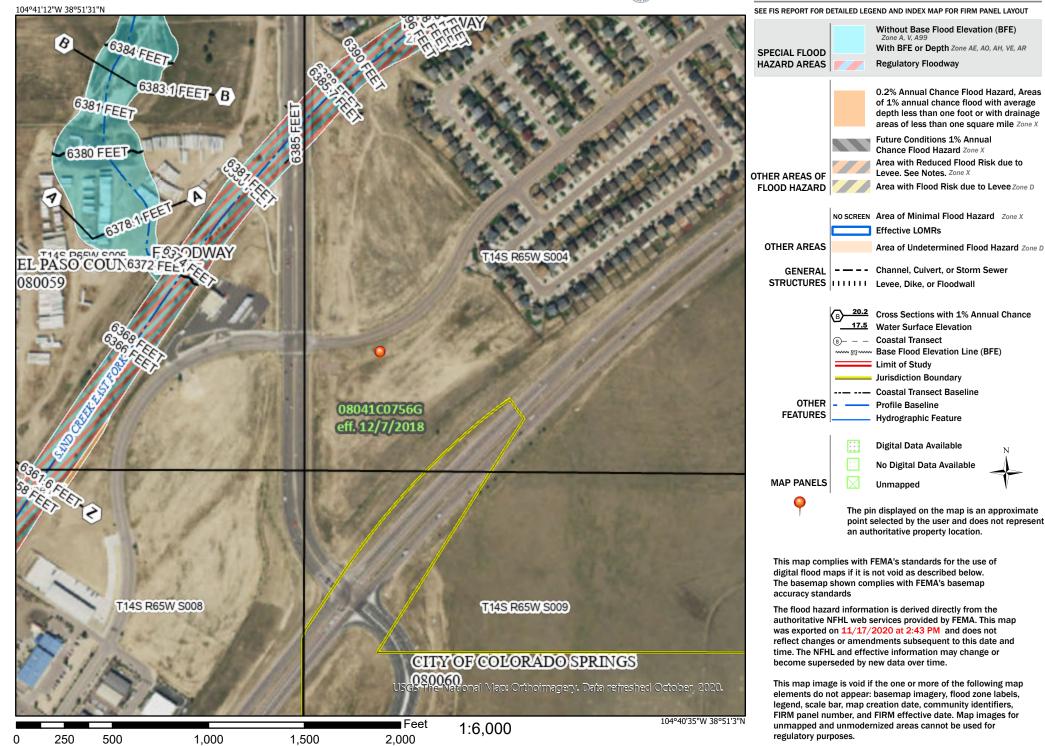




National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

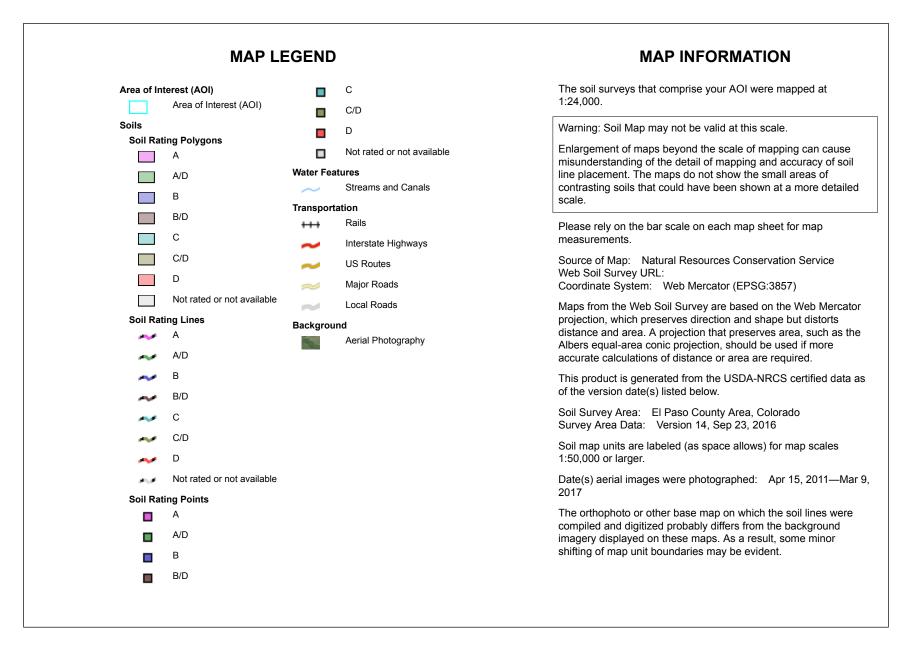


Legend





Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey





Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
8	Blakeland loamy sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes	A	1.6	16.2%
10	Blendon sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	В	7.1	74.2%
28	Ellicott loamy coarse sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	A	0.9	9.6%
Totals for Area of Inter	rest		9.6	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher



CLAREMONT RANCH SUBDIVISION FILING NO. 7 PRELIMINARY & FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

May 2004

Prepared for:

SWAT X, LLC. 20 Boulder Crescent, 2nd Floor Colorado Springs, CO 80903 (719) 471-1742

Prepared by:

Engineering and Surveying, Inc. 20 Boulder Crescent, 2nd Floor Colorado Springs, CO 80903 (719) 955-5485

Project #01-006

DRAINAGE AND BRIDGE FEES

The Claremont Ranch Subdivision, Filing No. 7, site is located entirely within the Sand Creek Drainage Elasin. The 2004 Drainage and Bridge Fees per El Paso County for this site are listed below.

Drainage Fee:	\$ 15,000/Impervious acre

Eridge Fee: \$ 1,336/Impervious acre

The impervious area for this subdivision was calculated from the site plan since this is a residential project.

The total platted acreage for the site is 17.79 acres consisting of 16.61 residential acres with an impervious rating of 44% and 1.18 open space acres at 7% impervious. Therefore, the calculated impervious area is 7.38 acres (42%).

Drainage Fee:	\$ 15,000/Impervious acre x 42% Impervious =	\$ 6,222/ac.	
Bridge Fee:	<pre>\$ 1,336/Impervious acre x 42% Impervious =</pre>	\$ 554/ac.	
	Total fees due per platted acreage =	\$ 6,776/ac.	

The total fee obligation for Claremont Ranch Subdivision Filing No. 7 is summarized as follows:

Drainage fees for subdivision: \$ 6,222/ac x 17.79 ac =	\$ 110,689.38
Bridge fees for subdivision: \$ 554/ac x 17.79 ac =	<u>\$ 9,855.66</u>
Total fees for subdivision: \$ 6,776/ac x 17.79 ac =	\$ 120,545.04

Bridge Fees in the amount of \$9,855.66 are due with final platting of Filing No. 7.

Claremont Ranch Filings #1-7 – Overall Drainage Fee Calculations:

Filing #	Required Drainage Fees	Sand Creek & Sub- tributary Improvement Construction Costs
1	\$316,744.50	\$376,000.00
2	\$197,274.00	\$355,850.00
3	\$200,700.00	\$0.00
4	\$293,100.00	\$433,250.00
5	\$140,285.00	\$517,145.00
6	\$283,228.50	\$0.00
7	\$110,689.38	\$282,000.00
Total	\$1,542,011.38	\$1,964,245.00

The developer can use the difference between reimbursable construction costs and required drainage fees as credits to be applied toward future Sand Creek Basin Drainage Fees or the developer can apply to the County for reimbursement from the Basin.

Claremont Ranch will have a drainage credit of \$422,233.62 based on the above table, therefore there are no Drainage Fees are due for Claremont Ranch Filing No. 7.

SUMMARY

The Claremont Ranch Subdivision Filing No. 7 site contains 52.7 acres within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. 17.8 acres of this Filing will be developed as single-family dwelling units, 20.2 acres as commercial development and the remaining 14.7 acres as high density single-family units. The development of the site will require drainage facilities to accommodate developed flows and meet El Paso County drainage criteria. Proposed drainage facilities will adequately convey developed runoff from the site to the East Fork of Sand Creek. All drainage facilities described herein and shown on the included drainage plan are subject to change due to final design considerations.

The drainage analysis has been prepared in accordance with the current City of Colorado Springs/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. The site will continue to maintain historic drainage patterns. No on-site detention will be required due to the fact that regional detention will be provided as outlined in the DBPS prepared by Kiowa Engineering.

Supporting information is included in the Appendix.

DRAINAGE BASIN HYDROLOGY

RATIONAL METHOD

CLAF EMONT RANCH #7

BASIN: AREA(ac.): SOIL TYPE:	7 12:2 A	21					
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT, C							
ZONE/DEVELOPMENT TYPE	AREA (ft²) A	REA (ac)	C ₅		C ₁₀₀	% AREA	
Commercial	531685.18	12.21	0.90		0.90	100.0%	
	-	12.21				100%	
COMPOSITE:	C ₅ = C ₁₀₀ =	0.90 0.90					
TIME OF CONCENTRATION: Tc i	n Minutes:						
Travel Type	L(ft)	h(ft)	s (%)	v ₅ (fps)	Tc (5 year)	v ₁₀₀ (fps)	Tc (100 year)
Overland Swale	300 350	16 8	5.3 2.3	-	3.73 3 1.94	3.5	3.73 1.67
Tc Total:	550	0	2.5		3 <u>1.94</u> 5.67	0.0	5.40
Intensity, i (inches/hr) from Fig 5	-1						
			i ₅		i ₁₀₀		
		_	<u>5.1</u> ii	n/hr	<u> </u>	n/hr	
PEAK ⊦⁼LOW: Q=CiA in cfs		c	Q 5		Q ₁₀₀		
			56.0 c	fs	96.7	cfs	

DRAINAGE BASIN HYDROLOGY

RATIONAL METHOD

.

CLAFEMONT RANCH #7			In	tevim	Flows	- assu	mes grading &
AREA(ac.)	:6a :11.1 :A	8	re-	vegeta	tion bu	t no di	mes grading & evelopment.
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT, C							
ZONE/DEVELOPMENT TYPE	AREA (ft²) A	REA (ac)	C ₅		C ₁₀₀	% AREA	
Pasture/Meadow	486879.86	11.18	0.25		0.35	100.0%	
		11.18			-	100%	-
COMPOSITE:	C ₅ = C ₁₀₀ =	0.25 0.35					
TIME OF CONCENTRATION: TO	: in Minutes:						
Travel Type	L(ft)	h (ft)	s (%)	v ₅ (fps)	Tc (5 year)	v ₁₀₀ (fps)	Tc (100 year)
Overland Swale Tc Total	200 600	26 20	13.0 3.3	ę	9.64 3333 12.98	3.5	8.51 2.86 11.36
Intensity, i (inches/hr) from Fig	5-1						
		_	i _s 3.6	in/hr	i₁₀₀ 6.6_ii	n/hr	
PEAK FLOW: Q≍CiA in cfs							
			Q₅ 10.1	cfs	Q ₁₀₀	ofs	

PROPOSED DRAINAGE BASINS

			-						-			CONVEYANCE TC					TT INTENSITY						TOTAL FLOWS						
BASIN	AREA TOTAL	C ₂	C ₅	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₅₀	C ₁₀₀	Length	Height	TI	Length	Height	$\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{V}}$	Slope	Velocity	TC	TOTAL	I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₅₀	I ₁₀₀	Q2	Q ₅	Q ₁₀	Q ₂₅	Q ₅₀	Q ₁₀₀
	(Acres)							(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(ft)		(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)
1	2.25	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39	100	4	12.0	1030	12	7	1.2%	0.8	22.7	34.7	1.8	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.4	3.8	0.2	0.6	1.2	2.0	2.6	3.3
LANDSCAPED	2.25	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39																						
2	1.92	0.25	0.30	0.37	0.45	0.48	0.52	100	4	9.8	451	10	7	2.2%	1.0	7.2	17.0	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.4	5.0	5.6	1.3	1.9	2.7	3.8	4.6	5.6
HARDSCAPE	0.51	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.85	0.87	0.88																						
LANDSCAPED	1.41	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39																						
3	0.76	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	46	2.5	4.8	440	7	20	1.6%	2.5	2.9	7.7	3.6	4.5	5.3	6.0	6.8	7.6	1.1	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.9	3.4
LOTS	0.76	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59																						
4	1.00	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	49	2	5.5	197	3	7	1.5%	0.9	3.8	10.2	3.3	4.1	4.8	5.5	6.1	6.9	1.3	1.8	2.3	2.9	3.5	4.1
LOTS	1.00	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59				138	2	20	1.4%	2.4	1.0													
5	0.80	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	51	2	5.7	176	2.5	20	1.4%	2.4	1.2	6.9	3.7	4.7	5.5	6.2	7.0	7.9	1.2	1.7	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.7
LOTS	0.80	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59																						
6	1.95	0.36	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.54	0.56	91	2	9.9	441	10	20	2.3%	3.0	2.4	12.3	3.0	3.8	4.5	5.1	5.7	6.4	2.1	3.0	3.9	5.0	6.0	7.0
LOTS	1.66	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59																						
LANDSCAPED	0.29	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39																						
7	0.65	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	54	2	5.9	136	2	20	1.5%	2.4	0.9	6.9	3.7	4.7	5.5	6.3	7.0	7.9	1.0	1.4	1.7	2.2	2.6	3.0
LOTS	0.65	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59																						
8	0.62	0.54	0.58	0.61	0.65	0.68	0.70	100	4	6.4	230	5	20	2.2%	2.9	1.3	7.7	3.6	4.5	5.3	6.0	6.8	7.6	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.9	3.3
HARDSCAPE	0.29	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.85	0.87	0.88																						
LANDSCAPED	0.08	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39																						
LOTS	0.25	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59																						
9	0.13	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39	87	3	11.8	451	10	15	2.2%	2.2	3.4	15.1	2.8	3.5	4.1	4.7	5.3	5.9	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
ONSITE																													
REAR YARD	0.13	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39																						
10	0.54	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39	64	4	8.3	456	9	15	2.0%	2.1	3.6	11.9	3.1	3.9	4.5	5.2	5.8	6.5	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.4
OFFSITE																										1			
OFFSITE	0.54	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39																						—

Calculated by: DLM Date: 10/1/2017

				WEIG	HTED			TT			INTEN	ISITY			TOTAL FLOWS								
DESIGN	AREA TOTAL	C ₂	C ₅	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₅₀	C ₁₀₀	TOTAL	I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₅₀	I ₁₀₀	Q ₂	Q5	Q ₁₀	Q ₂₅	Q ₅₀	Q ₁₀₀			
POINT	(Acres)							(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)			
7 BASIN 7	0.65	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	6.9	3.7	4.7	5.5	6.3	7.0	7.9	1.0	1.4	1.7	2.2	2.6	3.0			
6 BASIN 8	0.62	0.54	0.58	0.61	0.65	0.68	0.70	7.7	3.6	4.5	5.3	6.0	6.8	7.6	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.9	3.3			
5 BASIN 6	1.95	0.36	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.54	0.56	12.3	3.0	3.8	4.5	5.1	5.7	6.4	2.1	3.0	3.9	5.0	6.0	7.0			
4 BASIN 5	0.80	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	6.9	3.7	4.7	5.5	6.2	7.0	7.9	1.2	1.7	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.7			
3 BASIN 4	1.00	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	10.2	3.3	4.1	4.8	5.5	6.1	6.9	1.3	1.8	2.3	2.9	3.5	4.1			
2 BASIN 3	0.76	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	7.7	3.6	4.5	5.3	6.0	6.8	7.6	1.1	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.9	3.4			
1	7.83	0.36	0.41	0.45	0.51	0.54	0.57	17.0	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.4	5.0	5.6	7.5	10.6	13.8	17.9	21.3	25.0			
BASIN 2	1.92	0.25	0.30	0.37	0.45	0.48	0.52																
BASIN 9 DP-D	0.13 5.78	0.05 0.41	0.12 0.45	0.20 0.49	0.30 0.54	0.34 0.57	0.39 0.59																
8	0.32	0.40	0.42	0.43	0.45	0.47	0.48	5.7	4.0	5.0	5.8	6.6	7.4	8.3	0.5	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.3			
9	0.45	0.30	0.33	0.37	0.41	0.43	0.45	15.1	2.8	3.5	4.1	4.7	5.3	5.9	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.2			
BASIN 9 DP-8	0.13 0.32	0.05 0.40	0.12 0.42	0.20 0.43	0.30 0.45	0.34 0.47	0.39 0.48	15.1 5.7															
E																1.2				4.2			
E Pond Outfall																1.2				4.2			
1																							

Calculated by: DLM
Date:

				WEIG	HTED			ТТ			INTE	ISITY				Т	OTAL	FLOW	'S	
DESIGN	AREA TOTAL	C ₂	C ₅	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₅₀	C ₁₀₀	TOTAL	I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₅₀	I ₁₀₀	Q ₂	Q5	Q ₁₀	Q ₂₅	Q ₅₀	Q ₁₀₀
POINT	(Acres)							(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)
Α	1.27	0.47	0.51	0.55	0.60	0.62	0.64	6.9	3.7	4.7	5.5	6.3	7.0	7.9	2.3	3.0	3.8	4.7	5.6	6.4
DP-6	0.62	0.54	0.58	0.61	0.65	0.68	0.70													
DP-7	0.65	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59													
В	4.02	0.40	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	12.3	3.0	3.8	4.5	5.1	5.7	6.4	5.0	6.8	8.7	11.1	13.1	15.3
DP-5	1.95	0.36	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.54	0.56													
DP-4	0.80	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59													
DP-A	1.27	0.47	0.51	0.55	0.60	0.62	0.64													
С	5.02	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	12.3	3.0	3.8	4.5	5.1	5.7	6.4	6.2	8.6	10.9	13.8	16.4	19.0
DP3	1.00	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59													
DP-B	4.02	0.40	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59													
D	5.78	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59	12.3	3.0	3.8	4.5	5.1	5.7	6.4	7.2	9.9	12.6	15.9	18.9	21.9
DP-2	0.76	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59													
DP-C	5.02	0.41	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.59													

Calculated by: DLM

Date: 10/1/2017

												CC	ONVEY	ANCE	TC		TT			INTE	ISITY				Т	OTAL	FLOW	'S	
BASIN	AREA TOTAL	C ₂	C ₅	C ₁₀	C ₂₅	C ₅₀	C ₁₀₀	Length	Height	ті	Length	Height	Cv	Slope	Velocity	тс	TOTAL	I ₂	I ₅	I ₁₀	I ₂₅	I ₅₀	I ₁₀₀	Q ₂	Q ₅	Q ₁₀	Q ₂₅	Q ₅₀	Q ₁₀₀
	(Acres)							(ft)	(ft)	(min)	(ft)	(ft)		(%)	(fps)	(min)	(min)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(in/hr)		(in/hr)	(in/hr)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)	(c.f.s.)
1.1	0.76	0.09	0.16	0.23	0.33	0.37	0.42	36	2	6.2	332	10	7	3.0%	1.2	4.6	10.8	3.2	4.0	4.7	5.4	6.0	6.7	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.3	1.7	2.1
HARDSCAPE	0.04	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.85	0.87	0.88																						
LANDSCAPED	0.72	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39				100						1.0	<u> </u>											
2.1	0.19	0.67	0.70	0.73	0.76	0.79	0.80	38	2	2.7	102	4	7	3.9%	1.4	1.2	4.0	4.4	5.5	6.4	7.4	8.3	9.3	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4
HARDSCAPE	0.16	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.85	0.87	0.88																						
LANDSCAPED	0.03	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39	47	2	5.9	190	3	7	1.6%	0.9	3.6	9.5	3.4	4.2	4.9	5.6	6.3	7.1	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.0	1.0	12
4.1 LOTS	0.32	0.33 0.41	0.38 0.45	0.43 0.49	0.49 0.54	0.52 0.57	0.55 0.59	47	2	5.9	190	3	/	1.0%	0.9	3.0	9.5	3.4	4.2	4.9	5.0	0.5	/.1	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.2
LOIS	0.23	0.41	0.43	0.49	0.34	0.37	0.39																						
6.1	0.45	0.03	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.54	0.55	89	2	10.0	136	2	7	1.5%	0.8	2.7	12.7	3.0	3.8	4.4	5.0	5.7	6.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.6
LOTS	0.45	0.33	0.45	0.49	0.54	0.52	0.55	07	2	10.0	150	2	,	1.570	0.0	2.1	12.7	5.0	5.0	7.7	5.0	5.7	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.1	1.5	1.0
LANDSCAPED	0.10	0.05	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.34	0.39																						
							0.07																						
																													<u> </u>
																													├───

Calculated by: <u>SLP</u> Date: <u>12/13/2022</u>

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	BASIN 2	<u>DP-3</u>	<u>DP-4</u>
Site Type (Urban or Rural)	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	In Sump	In Sump	In Sump
Inlet Type	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening

USER-DEFINED INPUT

User-Defined Design Flows			
Minor Q _{Known} (cfs)	1.5	1.8	1.7
Major Oknown (cfs)	3.4	4.1	3.8

Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream Inlets must be organized from upstream (left) to downstream (right) in order for bypass flows to be linked.

Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0

Watershed Characteristics

Subcatchment Area (acres)		
Percent Impervious		
NRCS Soil Type		

Watershed Profile

Overland Slope (ft/ft)		
Overland Length (ft)		
Channel Slope (ft/ft)		
Channel Length (ft)		

Minor Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)		
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)		

Major Storm Rainfall Input

Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)		
One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)		

CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	1.5	1.8	1.7
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	3.4	4.1	3.8
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	N/A	N/A	N/A

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

INLET MANAGEMENT

Worksheet Protected

INLET NAME	<u>DP-5</u>	<u>DP-6</u>	<u>DP-7</u>
Site Type (Urban or Rural)	URBAN	URBAN	URBAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	STREET	STREET	STREET
Hydraulic Condition	In Sump	In Sump	In Sump
Inlet Type	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening	CDOT Type R Curb Opening

USER-DEFINED INPUT

User-Defined Design Flows			
Minor Q _{Known} (cfs)	3.0	1.6	1.4
Major Q _{Known} (cfs)	7.0	3.3	3.0

Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstream

Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0

Watershed Characteristics

Subcatchment Area (acres)		
Percent Impervious		
NRCS Soil Type		

Watershed Profile

Overland Slope (ft/ft)		
Overland Length (ft)		
Channel Slope (ft/ft)		
Channel Length (ft)		

Minor Storm Rainfall Input

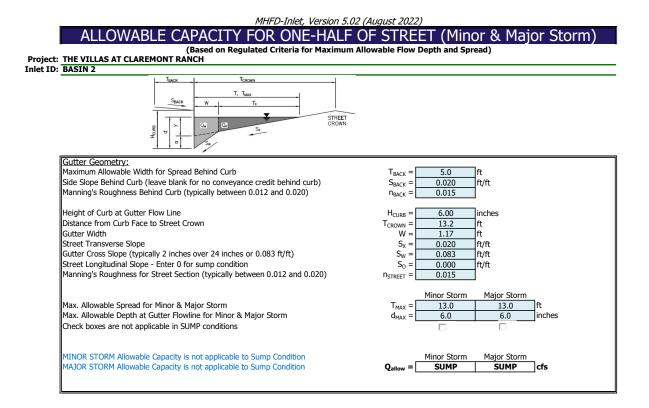
Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)		
One-Hour Precipitation, P_1 (inches)		

Major Storm Rainfall Input

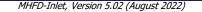
	Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)		
	One-Hour Precipitation, P_1 (inches)		
-			

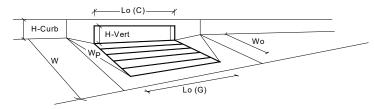
CALCULATED OUTPUT

Minor Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	3.0	1.6	1.4
Major Total Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	7.0	3.3	3.0
Minor Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Major Flow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	N/A	N/A	N/A

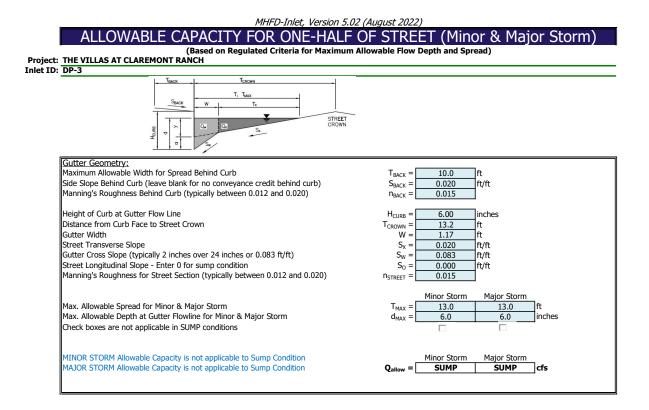


INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

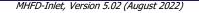


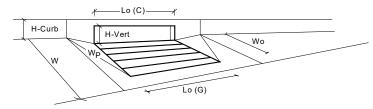


Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =		Curb Opening	1
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	4.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information	Fonding Depth -	MINOR	MAJOR	Verride Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L ₀ (G) =	N/A	N/A	lfeet
Width of a Unit Grate	W ₀ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical values 0.15 0.50)	$C_{f}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	$C_{w}(G) = C_{w}(G)$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 2.15 5.00)	C ₀ (G) =	N/A	N/A	-
Curb Opening Information	C ₀ (C) = [MINOR	MAJOR	7
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_{0}(C) =$	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	linches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	linches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W _n =	1.17	1.17	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_{f}(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_{w}(C) =$	3.60	3.60	1
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_{0}(C) =$	0.67	0.67	1
	· E			=
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A]ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Curb} =	0.24	0.40]ft
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	1
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	1
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	1
				_
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a =	2.6	5.9	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	Q PEAK REQUIRED =	1.5	3.4	cfs

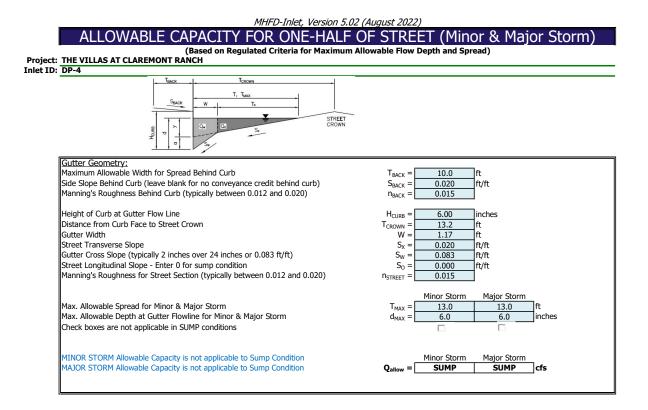


INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

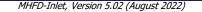


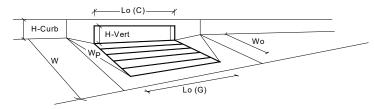


Design Information (Innut)		MINOD	MAJOD	
Design Information (Input) Type of Inlet	Tuno –	MINOR	MAJOR Curb Opening	7
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	Type =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	a _{local} = No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	4.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information	Ponding Deput =	MINOR	MAJOR	Verride Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L ₀ (G) =	N/A	N/A	lfeet
Width of a Unit Grate	$W_0 = 0$	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical values 0.15 0.50)	$C_{f}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	$C_{w}(G) = C_{w}(G) = C_{w}(G)$	N/A	N/A	-
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	C ₀ (G) =	N/A	N/A	-
Curb Opening Information	C ₀ (C) = [MINOR	MAJOR	7
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_{0}(C) =$	10.00	10.00	lfeet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	linches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	linches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	dearees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W _n =	1.17	1.17	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_f(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_{w}(C) =$	3.60	3.60	1
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_{0}(C) =$	0.67	0.67	1
Grate Flow Analysis (Calculated)	•	MINOR	MAJOR	
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef =	N/A	N/A	7
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog =	N/A	N/A	1
Grate Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)		MINOR	MAJOR	_
Interception without Clogging	Q _{wi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{wa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)		MINOR	MAJOR	-
Interception without Clogging	Q _{oi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{oa} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Grate Capacity as Mixed Flow		MINOR	MAJOR	-
Interception without Clogging	Q _{mi} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{ma} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Resulting Grate Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	cfs
Curb Opening Flow Analysis (Calculated)	_	MINOR	MAJOR	_
Clogging Coefficient for Multiple Units	Coef =	1.25	1.25	
Clogging Factor for Multiple Units	Clog =	0.06	0.06	
Curb Capacity as a Weir (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)	-	MINOR	MAJOR	-
Interception without Clogging	Q _{wi} =	4.0	10.4	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{wa} =	3.7	9.8	cfs
Curb Capacity as an Orifice (based on MHFD - CSU 2010 Study)		MINOR	MAJOR	٦.
Interception without Clogging	Q _{oi} =	16.1	19.5	cfs
Interception with Clogging	Q _{oa} =	15.1	18.3	cfs
Curb Opening Capacity as Mixed Flow	o 1	MINOR	MAJOR	7-6-
Interception without Clogging	$Q_{mi} =$	7.4	13.3	cfs
Interception with Clogging	$Q_{ma} =$	7.0 3.7	12.4 9.8	cfs cfs
Resulting Curb Opening Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _{Curb} =	-		us
Resultant Street Conditions	, г	MINOR	MAJOR	Teast
Total Inlet Length	L = _ T = [10.00	10.00 21.3	feet ft. >T-Crown
Resultant Street Flow Spread (based on street geometry from above)	· -	0.0	1.9	Inches
Resultant Flow Depth at Street Crown	d _{CROWN} =	0.0	1.9	linches
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	Πft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Grate} =	0.24	0.40	-Int
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	411
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	0.79	0.93	1
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	1
			,	_
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a = [3.7	9.8	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	Q PEAK REQUIRED =	1.8	4.1	lcfs

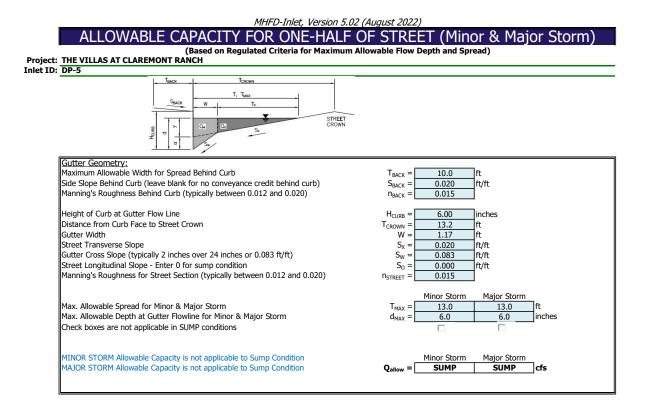


INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

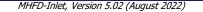


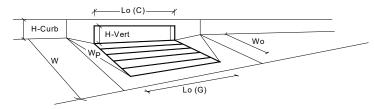


		MINOR	14100	
Design Information (Input) CDOT Type R Curb Opening	- F	MINOR	MAJOR Curb Opening	-
Type of Inlet	Type =	/1		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	4.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information	-	MINOR	MAJOR	Verride Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	$L_{o}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_{f}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_{0}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_{o}(C) =$	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W _p =	1.17	1.17	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_{f}(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_{w}(C) =$	3.60	3.60	1
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_{o}(C) =$	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	Πft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		0.24	0.40	- Int
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	d _{Curb} =	0.24 N/A	N/A	- "·
5	RF _{Grate} =	1.00	1.00	4
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =			-
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
		MINOR	MAJOR	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a =	2.6	5.9	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	Q PEAK REQUIRED =	1.7	3.8	cfs

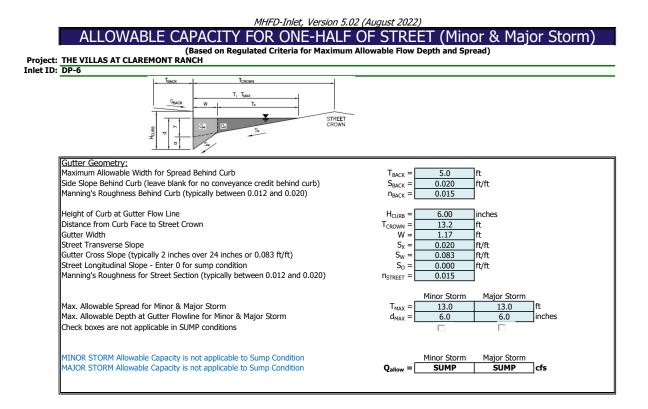


INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

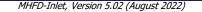


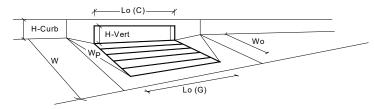


Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	Type =		Curb Opening	1
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	4.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information	Tonding Depth = L	MINOR	MAJOR	V Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L ₀ (G) =	N/A	N/A	lfeet
Width of a Unit Grate	W ₀ =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_f(G) =$	N/A	N/A	1
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	$C_{w}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	1
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$\ddot{C}_{0}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	1
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	-
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	L ₀ (C) =	10.00	10.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W _p =	1.17	1.17	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_{f}(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	$C_{w}(C) =$	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_{o}(C) =$	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	Tft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Curb} =	0.24	0.40	lft l
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	1
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	0.79	0.93	1
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	1
	-			_
	c 5	MINOR	MAJOR	7-6-
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a =	3.7 3.0	9.8 7.0	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED} =$	3.0	7.0	cfs

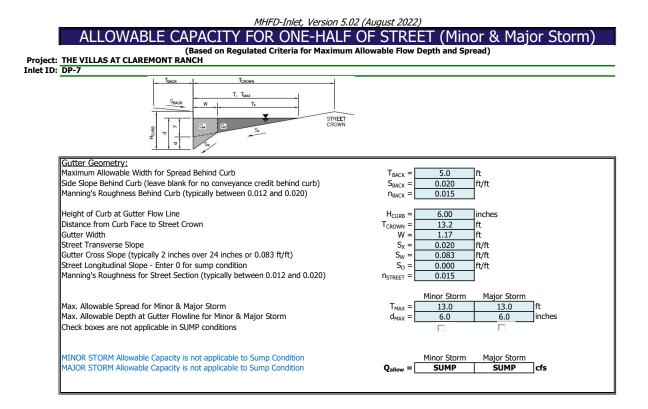


INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)

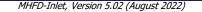


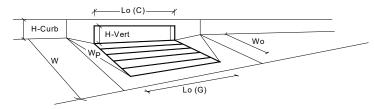


		MINOR	111100	
Design Information (Input) CDOT Type R Curb Opening	- F	MINOR	MAJOR Curb Opening	-
Type of Inlet	Type =	/1		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	4.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information	-	MINOR	MAJOR	Verride Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	L _o (G) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_{f}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_{o}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_{o}(C) =$	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W _p =	1.17	1.17	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_{f}(C) =$	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_{o}(C) =$	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	Tft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Curb} =	0.24	0.40	-Int
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	1
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	1
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	1
		,		-
	_	MINOR	MAJOR	_
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a =	2.6	5.9	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED} =$	1.6	3.3	cfs



INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.02 (August 2022)



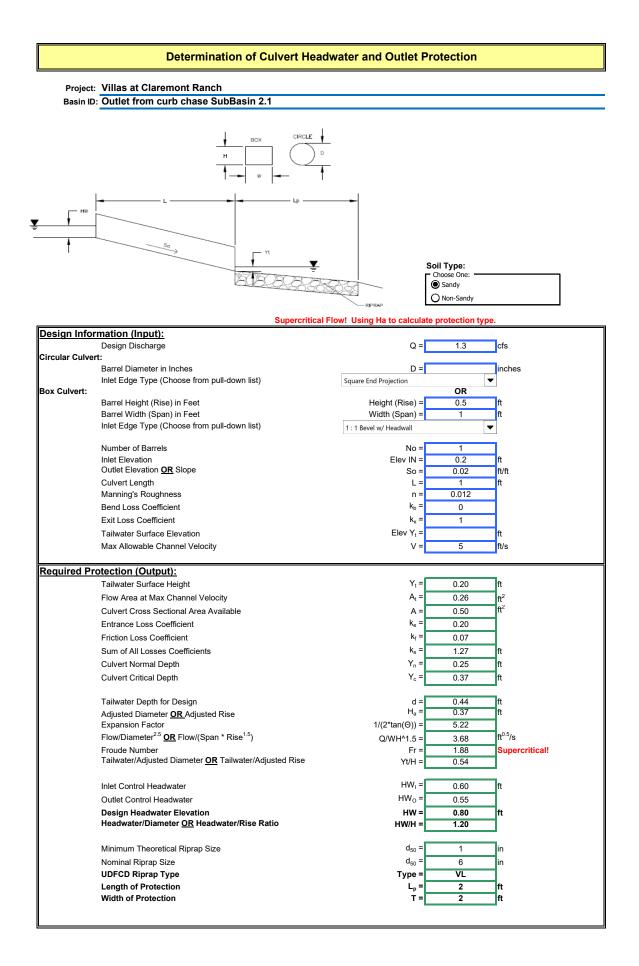


		MINOR	111100	
Design Information (Input)		MINOR	MAJOR	-
Type of Inlet	Type =	/ .	Curb Opening	4
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)	a _{local} =	3.00	3.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)	No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)	Ponding Depth =	4.0	6.0	inches
Grate Information	-	MINOR	MAJOR	Verride Depths
Length of a Unit Grate	$L_{o}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	feet
Width of a Unit Grate	W _o =	N/A	N/A	feet
Open Area Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)	A _{ratio} =	N/A	N/A	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)	$C_{f}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)	C _w (G) =	N/A	N/A	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)	$C_{0}(G) =$	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Information		MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening	$L_{o}(C) =$	5.00	5.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches	H _{vert} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches	H _{throat} =	6.00	6.00	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)	Theta =	63.40	63.40	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)	W _p =	1.17	1.17	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)	$C_{f}(C) =$	0.10	0.10	1
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)	C _w (C) =	3.60	3.60	1
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)	$C_{0}(C) =$	0.67	0.67	
Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)		MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth	d _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	lft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation	d _{Grate} =	0.24	0.40	- Int
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Grate} =	N/A	N/A	411
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	1
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets	RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	1
combination internet renormance reduction ractor for Long Inicia		197		
	_	MINOR	MAJOR	_
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)	Q _a =	2.6	5.9	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms (>Q Peak)	$Q_{PEAK REQUIRED} =$	1.4	3.0	cfs

BOX CONDUIT FLOW (Normal & Critical Depth Computation)

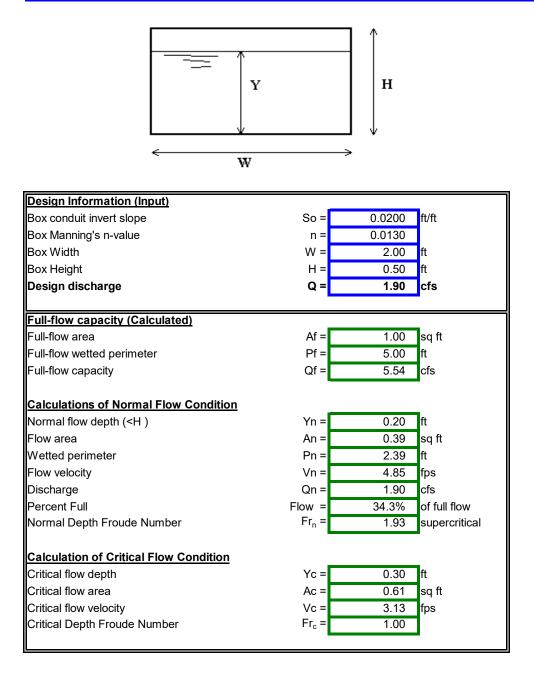
Project: Villas at Claremont Ranch Box ID: Sub Basin 2.1-Curb Cut

	The second seco
Design Information (Input)	
Box conduit invert slope	So = 0.0200 <mark>f</mark> t/ft
Box Manning's n-value	n = 0.0130
Box Width	W = <u>1.00</u> ft
Box Height	H = 0.50 ft
Design discharge	Q = <u>1.30</u> cfs
Full-flow capacity (Calculated)	
Full-flow area	Af = 0.50 sq ft
Full-flow wetted perimeter	Pf = 3.00 ft
Full-flow capacity	Qf = <u>2.45</u> cfs
Calculations of Normal Flow Con	dition
Normal flow depth (<h)<="" td=""><td>Yn = 0.26 ft</td></h>	Yn = 0.26 ft
Flow area	An = 0.26 sq ft
Wetted perimeter	Pn = 1.52 ft
Flow velocity	Vn = 5.00 fps
Discharge	Qn = 1.30 cfs
Percent Full	Flow = 53.1% of full flow
Normal Depth Froude Number	Fr _n = <u>1.73</u> supercritical
Calculation of Critical Flow Cond	ition
Critical flow depth	Yc = 0.37 ft
Critical flow area	Ac = 0.37 sq ft
Critical flow velocity	Vc = 3.47 fps
Critical Depth Froude Number	Fr _c = 1.00



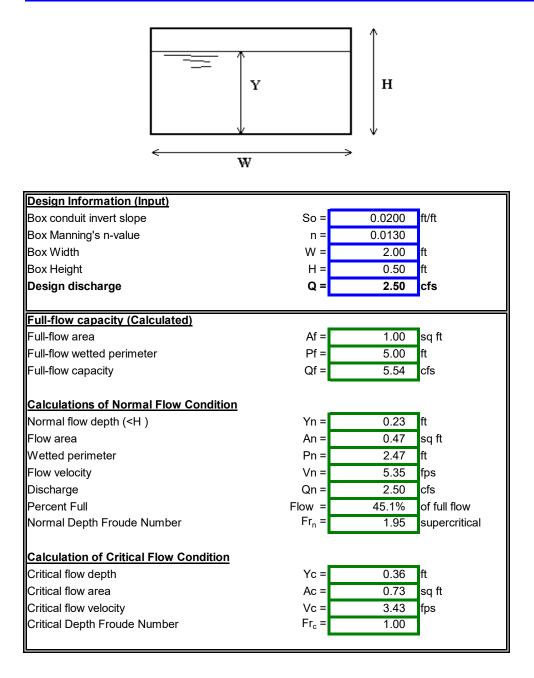
BOX CONDUIT FLOW (Normal & Critical Depth Computation)

Project: Villas at Claremont Ranch Box ID: Sub Basin 4.1



BOX CONDUIT FLOW (Normal & Critical Depth Computation)

Project: Villas at Claremont Ranch Box ID: Sub Basin 6.1



2.3.2 Swale Capacity

Where curb and gutter are not used to contain flow, swales are frequently used to convey runoff and disconnect impervious areas. It is very important that swale depths and side slopes be shallow for safety and maintenance reasons. Street-side drainage swales are not the same as roadside ditches. Street-side drainage swales provide mild side slopes and are frequently designed to provide water quality enhancement. For purposes of disconnecting impervious area and reducing the overall volume of runoff, swales should be considered as collectors of initial runoff for transport to other larger means of conveyance. To be effective, they need to be limited to the velocity, depth, and cross-slope geometries considered acceptable.

Equation 7-1 can be used to calculate the flow rate in a V-section swale (using the appropriate roughness value for the swale lining) with an adjusted cross slope found using:

$$S_x = \frac{S_{x1}S_{x2}}{S_{x1} + S_{x2}}$$
 Equation 7-13

Where:

 S_x = adjusted side slope (ft/ft)

 S_{x1} = right side slope (ft/ft)

 $S_{x2} = \text{left side slope (ft/ft)}.$

Figure 7-5 shows the geometric variables, and Examples 7.4 and 7.5 show V-shaped swale calculations.

For safety reasons, paved swales should be designed such that the product of velocity and depth is no more than six for the minor storm and eight for the major storm.

For grass swales, refer to the *Grass Swale Fact Sheet* in the Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM) Volume 3. During the 2-year event, grass swales designed for water quality should have a Froude number of no more than 0.5, a velocity that does not exceed 1.0 ft/s, and a depth that does not exceed 1.0 foot.

Note that the slope of a roadside ditch or swale can be different than the adjacent street. The hydraulic characteristics of the swale can therefore change from one location to another.

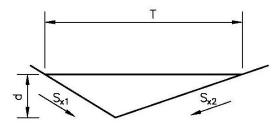


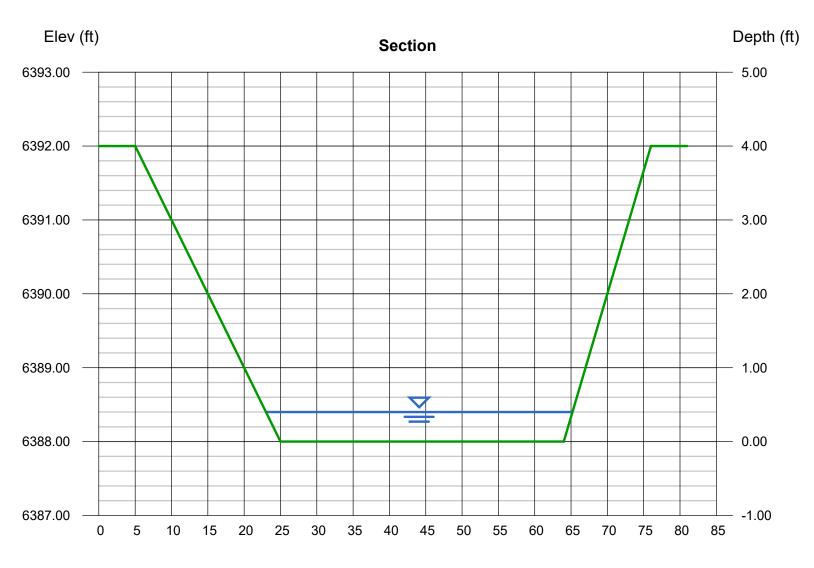
Figure 7-5. Typical v-shaped swale section

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, Mar 8 2023

SECTION A-A BASIN 1

Trapezoidal		Highlighted	
Bottom Width (ft)	= 39.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.40
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 5.00, 3.00	Q (cfs)	= 30.04
Total Depth (ft)	= 4.00	Area (sqft)	= 16.24
Invert Elev (ft)	= 6388.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.85
Slope (%)	= 0.50	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 42.30
N-Value	= 0.030	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.27
		Top Width (ft)	= 42.20
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.45
Compute by:	Q vs Depth		
No. Increments	= 20		



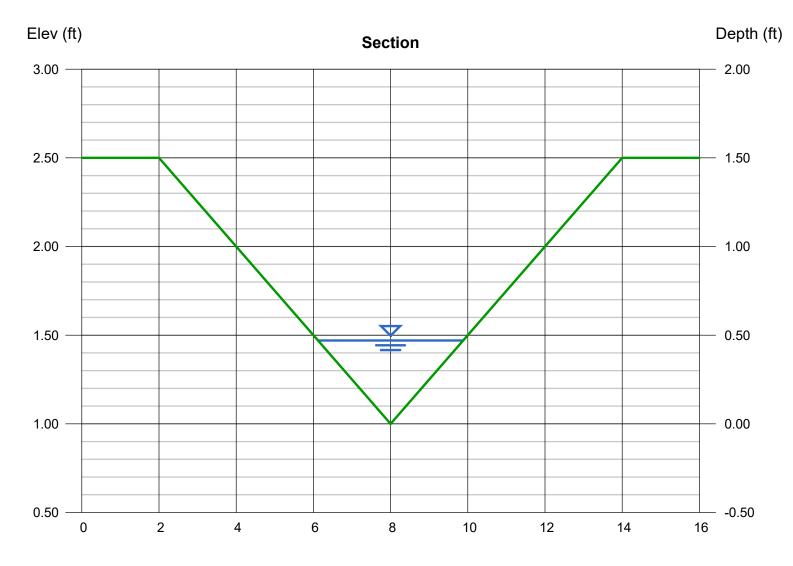
Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Dec 13 2022

BASIN 10 Swale

Jwale			
Triangular		Highlighted	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 4.00, 4.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.47
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.50	Q (cfs)	= 1.400
• • • •		Area (sqft)	= 0.88
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.58
Slope (%)	= 0.90	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 3.88
N-Value	= 0.033	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.38
		Top Width (ft)	= 3.76
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.51
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 1.40		

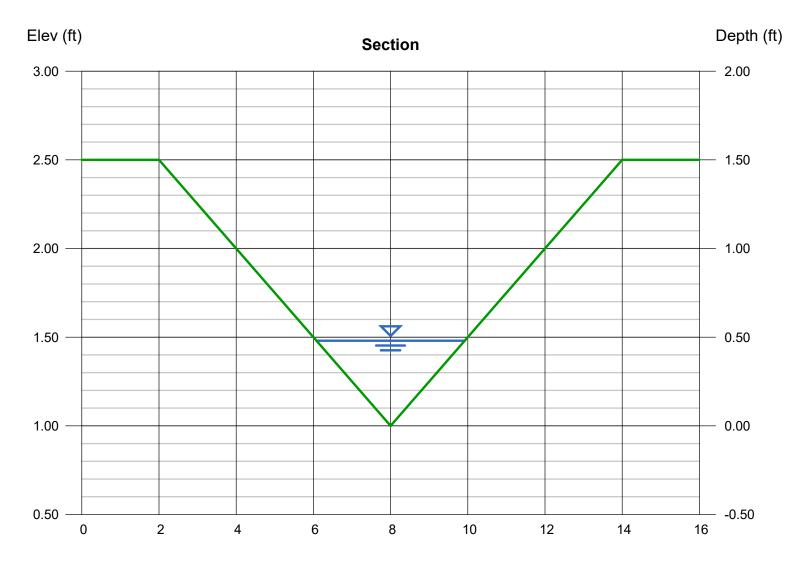


Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Dec 13 2022

BASIN 1.1

Triangular		Highlighted	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 4.00, 4.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.48
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.50	Q (cfs)	= 2.100
		Area (sqft)	= 0.92
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 2.28
Slope (%)	= 1.84	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 3.96
N-Value	= 0.033	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.45
		Top Width (ft)	= 3.84
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.56
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 2.10		



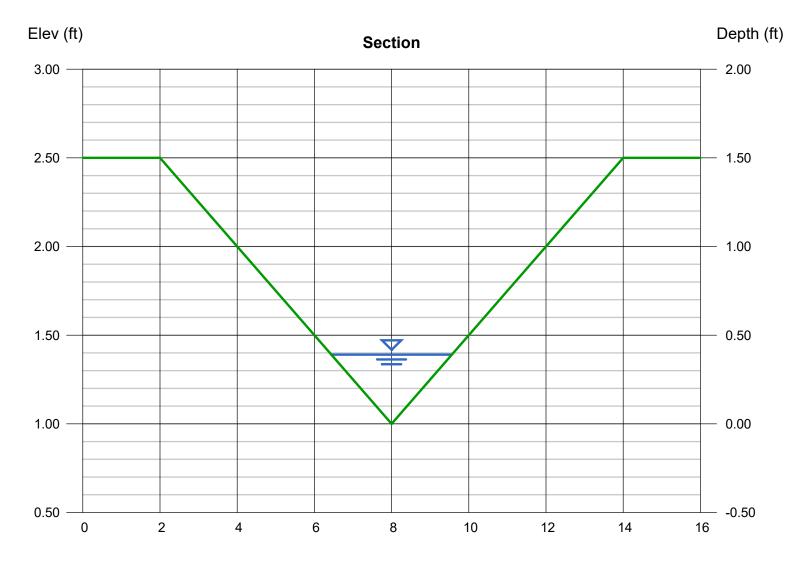
Reach (ft)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

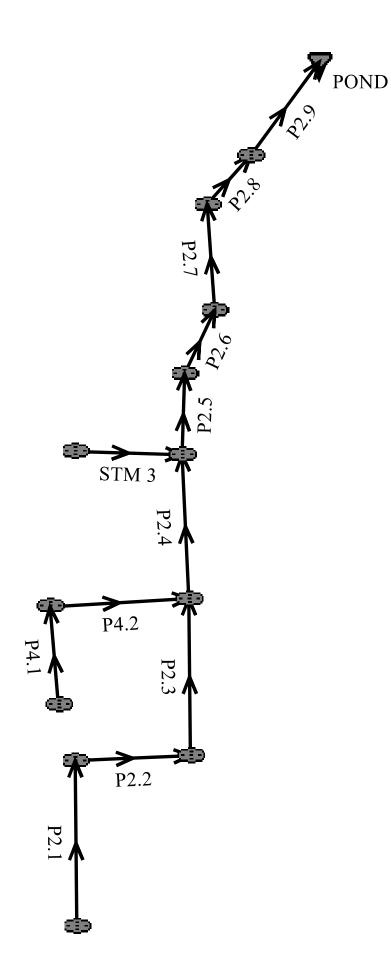
Tuesday, Dec 13 2022

DP-9 Swale

Triangular		Highlighted	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 4.00, 4.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.39
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.50	Q (cfs)	= 1.200
		Area (sqft)	= 0.61
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.97
Slope (%)	= 2.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 3.22
N-Value	= 0.033	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.36
		Top Width (ft)	= 3.12
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.45
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 1.20		



Reach (ft)



Program: UDSEWER Math Model Interface 2.1.1.4 Run Date: 3/8/2023 2:00:46 PM

UDSewer Results Summary

Project Title: 16-102 CLAREMONT RANCH **Project Description:** Default system

System Input Summary

Rainfall Parameters

Rainfall Return Period: 100 Rainfall Calculation Method: Formula

One Hour Depth (in): Rainfall Constant "A": 28.5 Rainfall Constant "B": 10 Rainfall Constant "C": 0.786

Rational Method Constraints

Minimum Urban Runoff Coeff.: 0.20 Maximum Rural Overland Len. (ft): 500 Maximum Urban Overland Len. (ft): 300 Used UDFCD Tc. Maximum: Yes

Sizer Constraints

Minimum Sewer Size (in): 18.00 Maximum Depth to Rise Ratio: 0.90 Maximum Flow Velocity (fps): 18.0 Minimum Flow Velocity (fps): 2.0

Backwater Calculations:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 6384.72

Manhole Input Summary:

Given Flow					Sub Basir	n Informat	ion			
Element Name	Ground Elevation (ft)	Total Known Flow (cfs)	Local Contribution (cfs)	Drainage Area (Ac.) Runoff		5yr	Overland Length (ft)		1 1	Gutter Velocity (fps)
POND	6384.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2.9	6390.00	20.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

P2.8	6392.34	20.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2.7	6391.43	20.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2.6	6391.38	17.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2.5	6390.89	17.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
STM 3	6391.31	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2.4	6391.81	13.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2.3	6393.65	6.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2.2	6394.05	6.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2.1	6394.23	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P4.2	6392.26	10.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P4.1	6392.44	5.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Manhole Output Summary:

		Local	Contri	bution			Total De	sign Flow		
Element Name	Overland Time (min)	Gutter Time (min)	Basin Tc (min)	Intensity (in/hr)	Local Contrib (cfs)	Coeff. Area	Intensity (in/hr)	Manhole Tc (min)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Comment
POND	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Surface Water Present (Upstream)
P2.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.50	Surface Water Present (Downstream)
P2.8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.50	
P2.7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.50	
P2.6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.60	
P2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.60	
STM 3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.10	
P2.4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.90	
P2.3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.40	
P2.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.30	
P2.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	
P4.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.70	
P4.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.60	

Sewer Input Summary:

		Ele	evation		Loss C	oeffici	ents	Given Dimensions			
Element Name	Sewer Length (ft)	Downstream Invert (ft)	Slope (%)	Upstream Invert (ft)	Mannings n	Bend Loss	Lateral Loss	Cross Section	Rise (ft or in)	Span (ft or in)	
P2.9	58.60	6384.72	0.5	6385.01	0.012	0.03	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	
P2.8	9.81	6385.01	0.5	6385.06	0.012	0.05	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	
P2.7	72.55	6385.06	0.5	6385.42	0.012	0.29	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	

P2.6	15.91	6385.67	0.5	6385.75	0.012	0.29	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in
P2.5	24.64	6385.76	0.5	6385.88	0.012	0.29	0.00	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in
STM 3	16.19	6386.64	5.0	6387.45	0.012	1.32	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
P2.4	201.45	6386.13	0.5	6387.14	0.012	0.05	0.25	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in
P2.3	245.18	6387.93	0.6	6389.48	0.012	1.32	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
P2.2	16.15	6389.98	0.6	6390.08	0.012	1.32	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
P2.1	38.34	6390.58	0.5	6390.77	0.012	1.32	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
P4.2	16.15	6387.64	3.8	6388.25	0.012	1.32	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in
P4.1	38.34	6388.75	0.5	6388.94	0.012	1.32	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in

Sewer Flow Summary:

	Full Flo	w Capacity	Critic	al Flow		Nor	mal Flow	v			
Element Name	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (fps)	Depth (in)	Velocity (fps)	Depth (in)	•	Froude Number	Flow Condition	Flow (cfs)	Surcharged Length (ft)	Comment
P2.9	31.51	6.42	18.45	6.47	17.63	6.83	1.09	Supercritical	20.50	0.00	
P2.8	31.51	6.42	18.45	6.47	17.63	6.83	1.09	Supercritical	20.50	0.00	
P2.7	31.51	6.42	18.45	6.47	17.63	6.83	1.09	Supercritical	20.50	0.00	
P2.6	31.51	6.42	17.04	6.12	16.03	6.60	1.12	Supercritical	17.60	0.00	
P2.5	31.51	6.42	17.04	6.12	16.03	6.60	1.12	Supercritical	17.60	0.00	
STM 3	25.51	14.44	9.30	4.45	4.88	10.59	3.46	Supercritical	4.10	0.00	
P2.4	31.51	6.42	15.06	5.64	13.95	6.22	1.16	Supercritical	13.90	0.00	
P2.3	9.07	5.13	11.74	5.24	11.15	5.56	1.10	Supercritical	6.40	0.00	
P2.2	8.98	5.08	11.64	5.21	11.11	5.50	1.09	Supercritical	6.30	0.00	
P2.1	8.07	4.57	7.90	4.02	7.60	4.23	1.08	Supercritical	3.00	0.00	
P4.2	22.24	12.59	15.06	6.77	8.80	12.47	2.90	Supercritical Jump	10.70	0.34	
P4.1	8.07	4.57	10.95	4.98	11.03	4.93	0.99	Subcritical Surcharged	5.60	7.54	

• A Froude number of 0 indicates that pressured flow occurs (adverse slope or undersized pipe).

• If the sewer is not pressurized, full flow represents the maximum gravity flow in the sewer.

• If the sewer is pressurized, full flow represents the pressurized flow conditions.

Sewer Sizing Summary:

			Exis	ting	Calcu	lated		Used		
Element Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Cross Section	Rise	Span	Rise	Span	Rise	Span	Area (ft^2)	Comment
P2.9	20.50	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
P2.8	20.50	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
P2.7	20.50	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
P2.7	20.50	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	

P2.6	17.60	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
P2.5	17.60	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	27.00 in	27.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
STM 3	4.10	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	1.77						
P2.4	13.90	CIRCULAR	30.00 in	30.00 in	24.00 in	24.00 in	30.00 in	30.00 in	4.91	
P2.3	6.40	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	1.77						
P2.2	6.30	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	1.77						
P2.1	3.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	1.77						
P4.2	10.70	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	1.77						
P4.1	5.60	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	1.77						

• Calculated diameter was determined by sewer hydraulic capacity rounded up to the nearest commercially available size.

- Sewer sizes should not decrease downstream.
- All hydraulics where calculated using the 'Used' parameters.

Grade Line Summary:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 6384.72

	Invert	Elev.	Ma	nstream anhole osses	HG	L		EGL	
Element Name	Downstream (ft)	Upstream (ft)	Bend Loss (ft)	Lateral Loss (ft)	Downstream (ft)	Upstream (ft)	Downstream (ft)	Friction Loss (ft)	Upstream (ft)
P2.9	6384.72	6385.01	0.00	0.00	6386.19	6386.55	6386.91	0.29	6387.20
P2.8	6385.01	6385.06	0.01	0.00	6386.65	6386.65	6387.21	0.04	6387.25
P2.7	6385.06	6385.42	0.08	0.00	6386.89	6386.96	6387.33	0.28	6387.61
P2.6	6385.67	6385.75	0.06	0.00	6387.02	6387.17	6387.68	0.07	6387.75
P2.5	6385.76	6385.88	0.06	0.00	6387.39	6387.39	6387.81	0.08	6387.89
STM 3	6386.64	6387.45	0.11	0.00	6387.50	6388.68	6388.79	0.00	6388.79
P2.4	6386.13	6387.14	0.01	0.17	6387.83	6388.39	6388.07	0.82	6388.89
P2.3	6387.93	6389.48	0.27	0.00	6388.86	6390.46	6389.34	1.54	6390.89
P2.2	6389.98	6390.08	0.26	0.00	6390.91	6391.05	6391.38	0.10	6391.47
P2.1	6390.58	6390.77	0.06	0.00	6391.13	6391.43	6391.53	0.15	6391.68
P4.2	6387.64	6388.25	0.75	0.00	6389.15	6389.51	6389.71	0.51	6390.22
P4.1	6388.75	6388.94	0.21	0.00	6390.27	6390.35	6390.42	0.09	6390.51

- Bend and Lateral losses only apply when there is an outgoing sewer. The system outfall, sewer #0, is not considered a sewer.
- Bend loss = Bend K * V_fi $^2/(2*g)$
- Lateral loss = V_fo $^2/(2*g)$ Junction Loss K * V_fi $^2/(2*g)$.
- Friction loss is always Upstream EGL Downstream EGL.

Excavation Estimate:

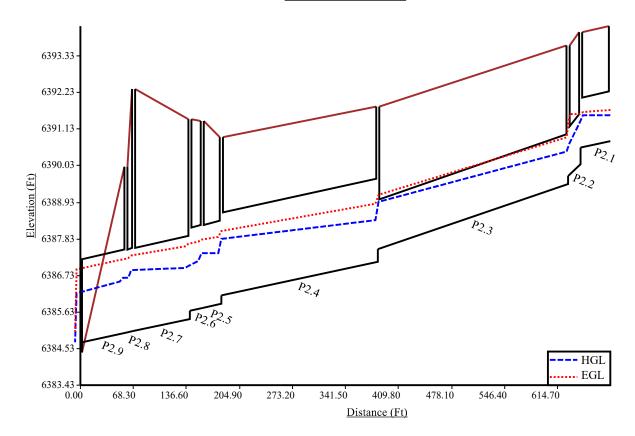
The trench side slope is 1.0 ft/ft The minimum trench width is 2.00 ft

					Do	ownstrea	ım	ι	J pstrean	n		
Element Name	Length (ft)	Wall (in)	Bedding (in)	Bottom Width (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Trench Depth (ft)	Cover (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Trench Depth (ft)	Cover (ft)	Volume (cu. yd)	L Comment L
P2.9	58.60	3.50	6.00	6.08	0.00	0.48	0.00	8.48	5.78	2.20	42.93	Sewer Too Shallow
P2.8	9.81	3.50	6.00	6.08	8.48	5.78	2.20	13.06	8.07	4.49	17.78	
P2.7	72.55	3.50	6.00	6.08	13.07	8.07	4.49	10.52	6.80	3.22	144.57	
P2.6	15.91	3.50	6.00	6.08	10.02	6.55	2.97	9.76	6.42	2.84	25.39	
P2.5	24.64	3.50	6.00	6.08	9.75	6.41	2.83	8.52	5.80	2.22	36.12	
STM 3	16.19	2.50	4.00	4.92	8.00	4.79	2.54	7.22	4.40	2.15	14.66	
P2.4	201.45	3.50	6.00	6.08	8.01	5.55	1.97	7.84	5.46	1.88	256.23	Sewer Too Shallow
P2.3	245.18	2.50	4.00	4.92	7.26	4.42	2.17	7.84	4.71	2.46	219.81	
P2.2	16.15	2.50	4.00	4.92	6.84	4.21	1.96	7.44	4.51	2.26	13.58	Sewer Too Shallow
P2.1	38.34	2.50	4.00	4.92	6.44	4.01	1.76	6.42	4.00	1.75	28.79	Sewer Too Shallow
P4.2	16.15	2.50	4.00	4.92	7.85	4.72	2.47	7.52	4.55	2.30	14.78	
P4.1	38.34	2.50	4.00	4.92	6.52	4.05	1.80	6.50	4.04	1.79	29.16	Sewer Too Shallow

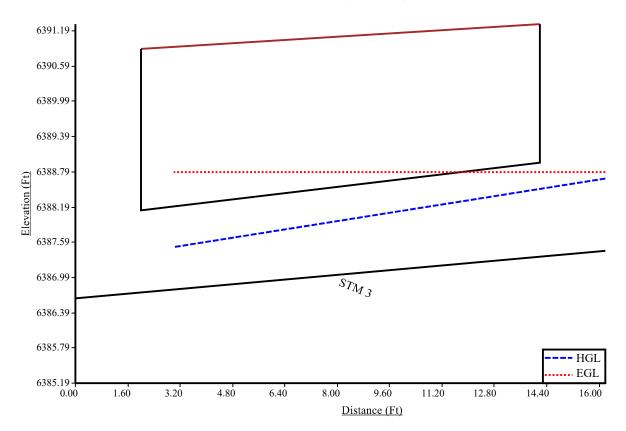
Total earth volume for sewer trenches = 844 cubic yards.

- The trench was estimated to have a bottom width equal to the outer pipe diameter plus 36 inches.
- If the calculated width of the trench bottom is less than the minimum acceptable width, the minimum acceptable width was used.
- The sewer wall thickness is equal to: (equivalent diameter in inches/12)+1 inches
- The sewer bedding thickness is equal to:
 - Four inches for pipes less than 33 inches.
 - Six inches for pipes less than 60 inches.
 - Eight inches for all larger sizes.

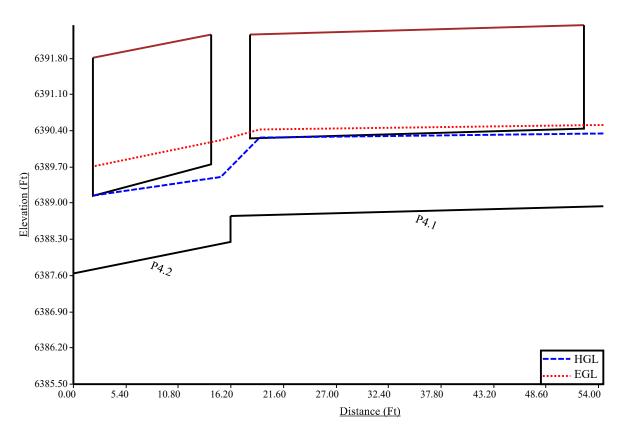
<u>100-YR MAIN</u>

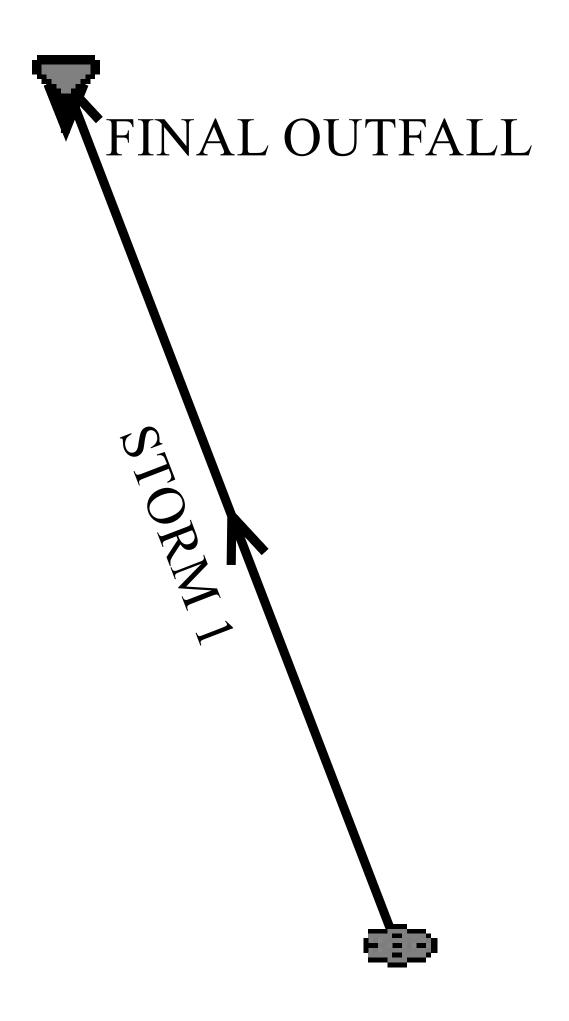


<u>100-YR (STM 3)</u>









Program: UDSEWER Math Model Interface 2.1.1.4 Run Date: 12/6/2022 8:46:18 AM

UDSewer Results Summary

Project Title: 16-102 CLAREMONT RANCH **Project Description:** STORM SEWER

System Input Summary

Rainfall Parameters

Rainfall Return Period: 100 Rainfall Calculation Method: Formula

One Hour Depth (in): Rainfall Constant "A": 28.5 Rainfall Constant "B": 10 Rainfall Constant "C": 0.786

Rational Method Constraints

Minimum Urban Runoff Coeff.: 0.20 Maximum Rural Overland Len. (ft): 500 Maximum Urban Overland Len. (ft): 300 Used UDFCD Tc. Maximum: Yes

Sizer Constraints

Minimum Sewer Size (in): 12.00 Maximum Depth to Rise Ratio: 0.90 Maximum Flow Velocity (fps): 18.0 Minimum Flow Velocity (fps): 3.0

Backwater Calculations:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 6379.26

Manhole Input Summary:

		Giv	ven Flow			Sub Basir	Informat	ion		
Element Name	Ground Elevation (ft)	Total Known Flow (cfs)	Local Contribution (cfs)	Drainage Area (Ac.)	KUNOII	5yr Coefficient	Overland Length (ft)	I I		Gutter Velocity (fps)
POND (1)	6379.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

STORM 6387.08 7.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
--------------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

Manhole Output Summary:

		Loca	al Contrib	ution			Total De	esign Flow		
Element Name	Overland Time (min)	Gutter Time (min)	Basin Tc (min)	Intensity (in/hr)	Local Contrib (cfs)	Coeff. Area	Intensity (in/hr)	Manhole Tc (min)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Comment
POND (1)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
STORM 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.80	

Sewer Input Summary:

			evation		Loss C	oeffici	ents	Given	Dimensio	ns
Element Name	Sewer Length (ft)	Downstream Invert (ft)	Slope (%)	Upstream Invert (ft)	Mannings n	Bend Loss	Lateral Loss		Rise (ft or in)	Span (ft or in)
STORM 1	112.33	6377.76	4.9	6383.28	0.012	0.00	0.00	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in

Sewer Flow Summary:

	1	ll Flow pacity	Critic	al Flow		Noi	rmal Flow	7			
Element Name	Flow (cfs)	Velocity (fps)	Depth (in)	Velocity (fps)	Depth (in)		Froude Number	I I	Flow (cfs)	Longth	Comment
STORM 1	25.29	14.31	12.98	5.72	6.86	12.61	3.41	Supercritical Jump	7.80	0.00	

• A Froude number of 0 indicates that pressured flow occurs (adverse slope or undersized pipe).

• If the sewer is not pressurized, full flow represents the maximum gravity flow in the sewer.

• If the sewer is pressurized, full flow represents the pressurized flow conditions.

Sewer Sizing Summary:

			Exis	ting	Calcu	lated		Used		
Element Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Cross Section	Rise	Span	Rise	Span	Rise	Span	Area (ft^2)	Comment
STORM 1	7.80	CIRCULAR	18.00 in	18.00 in	12.00 in	12.00 in	18.00 in	18.00 in	1.77	

• Calculated diameter was determined by sewer hydraulic capacity rounded up to the nearest commercially available size.

- Sewer sizes should not decrease downstream.
- All hydraulics where calculated using the 'Used' parameters.

Grade Line Summary:

Tailwater Elevation (ft): 6379.26

	Invert	Elev.	Ma	nstream anhole osses	HG	Ĺ		EGL	
Element Name	Downstream (ft)	Upstream (ft)	Bend Loss (ft)	Lateral Loss (ft)	Downstream (ft)	wnstream Upstream (ft) (ft)		Friction Loss (ft)	Upstream (ft)
STORM 1	6377.76	6383.28	0.00	0.00	6379.26	6384.36	6379.56	5.31	6384.87

- Bend and Lateral losses only apply when there is an outgoing sewer. The system outfall, sewer #0, is not considered a sewer.
- Bend loss = Bend K * $V_{fi} \wedge 2/(2*g)$
- Lateral loss = $V_{fo} \wedge 2/(2*g)$ Junction Loss K * $V_{fi} \wedge 2/(2*g)$.
- Friction loss is always Upstream EGL Downstream EGL.

Excavation Estimate:

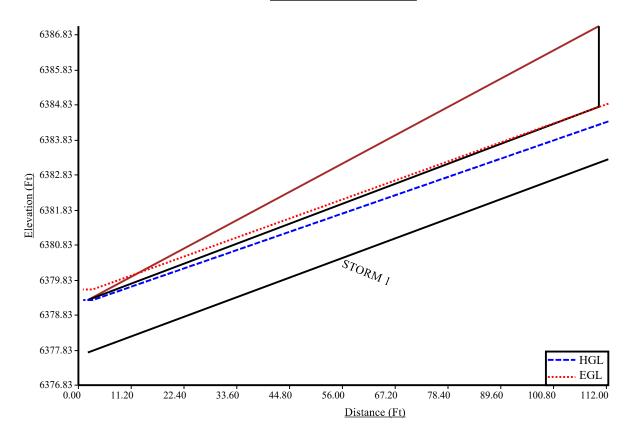
The trench side slope is 1.0 ft/ft The minimum trench width is 2.00 ft

					Do	Downstream Upstream							
Element Name	Length (ft)	Wall (in)	Bedding (in)	Bottom Width (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Trench Depth (ft)	Cover (ft)	Top Width (ft)	Trench Depth (ft)	Cover (ft)	Volume (cu. yd)	Comment	
STORM 1	112.33	2.50	4.00	4.92	0.00	2.04	0.00	7.10	4.34	2.09	67.77	Sewer Too Shallow	

Total earth volume for sewer trenches = 68 cubic yards.

- The trench was estimated to have a bottom width equal to the outer pipe diameter plus 36 inches.
- If the calculated width of the trench bottom is less than the minimum acceptable width, the minimum acceptable width was used.
- The sewer wall thickness is equal to: (equivalent diameter in inches/12)+1 inches
- The sewer bedding thickness is equal to:
 - Four inches for pipes less than 33 inches.
 - Six inches for pipes less than 60 inches.
 - Eight inches for all larger sizes.

100-YR SYSTEM

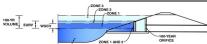


	Design Procedure Form:	Extended Detention Basin (EDB)
	UD-BMP	(Version 3.07, March 2018) Sheet 1 of 3
Designer:	David Mijares	
Company:	Catamount Engineering	
Date: Project:	December 13, 2022 Villas at Claremont Ranch	
Location:	EDB B	
1. Basin Storage V	/olume	
A) Effective Imp	erviousness of Tributary Area, I _a	l _a = 52.7 %
B) Tributary Are	a's Imperviousness Ratio (i = I _a / 100)	i = 0.527
C) Contributing	Watershed Area	Area = 7.830 ac
	eds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average	d ₆ = in
Runoff Prod	ucing Storm	Choose One
E) Design Cond (Select EUR)	cept ∀ when also designing for flood control)	Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)
	me (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time .0 * (0.91 * i ³ - 1.19 * i ² + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area)	V _{DESIGN} = 0.139 ac-ft
Water Quali	neds Outside of the Denver Region, ty Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume _R = (d ₆ *(V _{DESIGN} /0.43))	V _{DESIGN OTHER} =ac-ft
	f Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume ferent WQCV Design Volume is desired)	V _{DESIGN USER} =ac-ft
i) Percenta ii) Percenta	logic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed ge of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils age of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils age of Watershed consisting of Type C/D Soils	HSG _A = % HSG _B = % HSG _{CD} = %
For HSG A: For HSG B:	In Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume $EURV_A = 1.68 * 1^{1.26}$ $EURV_B = 1.36 * 1^{1.08}$ /D: EURV _{CD} = 1.20 * 1 ^{1.08}	EURV _{DESION} =ac-f t
	f Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume ferent EURV Design Volume is desired)	EURV _{DESIGN USER} =ac-f t
	ength to Width Ratio to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)	L : W = 2.2 : 1
3. Basin Side Slop	es	
A) Basin Maxim (Horizontal c	num Side Slopes distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)	Z = ft / ft
4. Inlet		
	ans of providing energy dissipation at concentrated	
inflow location		
5. Forebay		
A) Minimum Fo	rebay Volume = 2% of the WQCV)	V _{FMIN} =0.003 ac-ft
B) Actual Foreb		V _F =ac-ft
, C) Forebay Dep (D⊧	th	$D_F = 12.0$ in
(D _F D) Forebay Disc		
	d 100-year Peak Discharge Discharge Design Flow 2 * Q₁₀₀)	$Q_{100} = 25.00$ cfs $Q_F = 0.50$ cfs
E) Forebay Disc	charge Design	Choose One Berm With Pipe Wall with Rect. Notch Wall with V-Notch Weir
F) Discharge Pi	pe Size (minimum 8-inches)	Calculated D _P = in
G) Rectangular	Notch Width	Calculated $W_N = 4.2$ in

	Design Procedure Form:	Extended Detention Basin (EDB)
Docignory	David Mijares	Sheet 2 of 3
Designer: Company:	Catamount Engineering	
Date:	December 13, 2022	
Project:	Villas at Claremont Ranch	
Location:	EDB B	
		Choose One
6. Trickle Channe	9	Concrete
A) Type of Tric	ckle Channel	O Soft Bottom
F) Slope of Tri	ickle Channel	S = 0.0100 ft / ft
7. Micropool and	Outlet Structure	
	icropool (2.5-feet minimum)	$D_{\rm M} = 2.5$ ft
		$A_{\rm M} = 20$ sq ft
	ea of Micropool (10 ft ² minimum)	7 _M − <u>20</u> sự n
C) Outlet Type	3	Choose One
		Orifice Plate
		Other (Describe):
		See UD-DETENTION FOR OUTFALL
	imension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing	
(Use UD-Deter		D _{orifice} = 0.94 inches
E) Total Outlet	Area	A _{ct} = <u>2.82</u> square inches
8. Initial Surcharg	je Volume	
A) Depth of Ini	itial Surcharge Volume	D _{IS} = in
(Minimum re	ecommended depth is 4 inches)	
	itial Surcharge Volume	V _{IS} = cu ft
(Minimum vo	olume of 0.3% of the WQCV)	
C) Initial Surch	arge Provided Above Micropool	V _s = <u>6.7</u> cu ft
9. Trash Rack		
A) Water Qual	lity Screen Open Area: $A_t = A_{ot} * 38.5^*(e^{-0.095D})$	A _t = <u>99</u> square inches
B) Type of Scr	een (If specifying an alternative to the materials recommended	S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area
	, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total open are to the e for the material specified.)	
	Other (Y/N): N	
C) Ratio of Tot	al Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')	User Ratio =
D) Total Water	Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)	A _{total} =165sq. in.
	sign Volume (EURV or WQCV) design concept chosen under 1E)	H= 2.06 feet
F) Height of W	ater Quality Screen (H _{TR})	H _{TR} = 52.72 inches
G) Width of Wa	ater Quality Screen Opening (W _{opening})	W _{opening} = 12.0 inches VALUE LESS THAN RECOMMENDED MIN. WIDTH.
	2 inches is recommended)	WIDTH HAS BEEN SET TO 12 INCHES.

	Design Procedure Form:	Extended Detention Basin (EDB)
Designer: Company: Date: Project: Location:	David Mijares Catamount Engineering December 13, 2022 Villas at Claremont Ranch EDB B	Sheet 3 of
B) Slope of Ov	ankment mbankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping: /erflow Embankment distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)	Ze = ft / ft
11. Vegetation		Choose One O Irrigated O Not Irrigated
12. Access A) Describe S	ediment Removal Procedures	
Notes:		

DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER



ZONE 1 AND 2-ORIFICES PERM Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

Watershed Information

Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	7.83	acres
Watershed Length =	1,300	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	1,130	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.015	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	52.70%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	25.8%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	74.2%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	Denver - Capit	ol Building

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.

Optional User Overrid

1.19 inches
 1.15
 inches

 1.50
 inches

 1.75
 inches

 2.00
 inches
 2.25 inches 2.52 inches inches

acre-feet

acre-feet

acre-feet acre-feet ft ³

ĥ . ft/ft

H:V

Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.139	acre-feet	ſ
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.453	acre-feet	
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =	0.393	acre-feet	
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) =	0.556	acre-feet	
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	0.695	acre-feet	
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.897	acre-feet	
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	1.058	acre-feet	
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.52 in.) =	1.269	acre-feet	
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.14 in.) =	1.681	acre-feet	
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.330	acre-feet	
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.446	acre-feet	
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.576	acre-feet	
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.644	acre-feet	
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.684	acre-feet	
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.760	acre-feet	

Define Zones and Basin Geometry

Zone 3

Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	0.139
Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	0.314
Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	0.307
Total Detention Basin Volume =	0.760
Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	user
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user
Total Available Detention Depth (H _{total}) =	user
Depth of Trickle Channel (H _{TC}) =	user
Slope of Trickle Channel (STC) =	user
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (Smain) =	user
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R _{L/W}) =	user

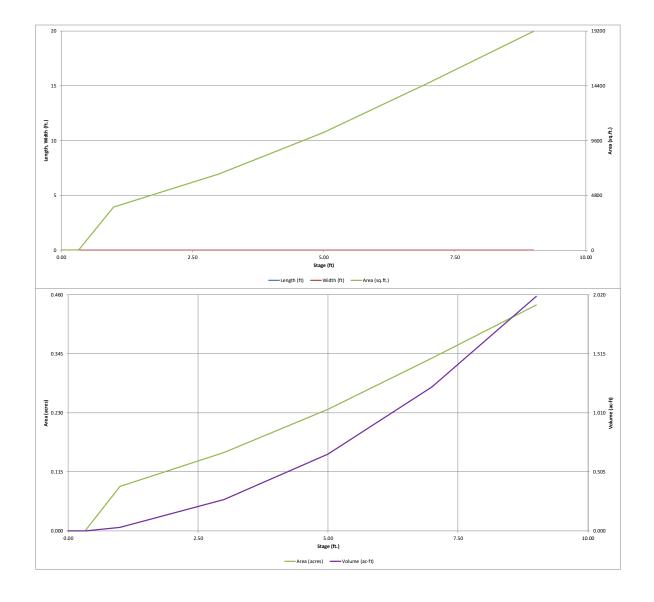
٦_{ft} : Initial Surcharge Area (A_{ISV}) = user Surcharge Volume Length (L_{ISV}) = user ft Surcharge Volume Width (W_{ISV}) = Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR}) = user user Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR}) = user Width of Basin Floor (W_{FLOOR}) = user Area of Basin Floor (A_{FLOOR}) = user Volume of Basin Floor (V_{FLOOR}) = user Depth of Main Basin $(H_{MAIN}) =$ Length of Main Basin $(L_{MAIN}) =$ user user Width of Main Basin (W_{MAIN}) = user user

Area of Main Basin (A_{MAIN}) = Volume of Main Basin (V_{MAIN}) = Ĥ user acre-f Calculated Total Basin Volume (V_{total}) = user

	Depth Increment =		ft							
	Stage - Storage	Stage	Optional Override	Length	Width	Area	Optional Override	Area	Volume	Volume
)	Description	(ft)	Stage (ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft ²)	Area (ft ²)	(acre)	(ft ³)	(ac-ft)
	Top of Micropool		0.00				16	0.000		
	ISV		0.33				16	0.000	5	0.000
	FLOOR-6384		1.00				3,773	0.087	1,274	0.029
	6386		3.00	-		-	6,652	0.153	11,699	0.269
	6388		5.00				10,299	0.236	28,650	0.658
	6390		7.00				14,646	0.336	53,595	1.230
	6392		9.00				19,186	0.440	87,427	2.007
						-				
						-				
ser Overrides										
acre-feet										
acre-feet										
inches										
inches inches										
inches										
inches										
inches										
inches										
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				-						
				-		-				

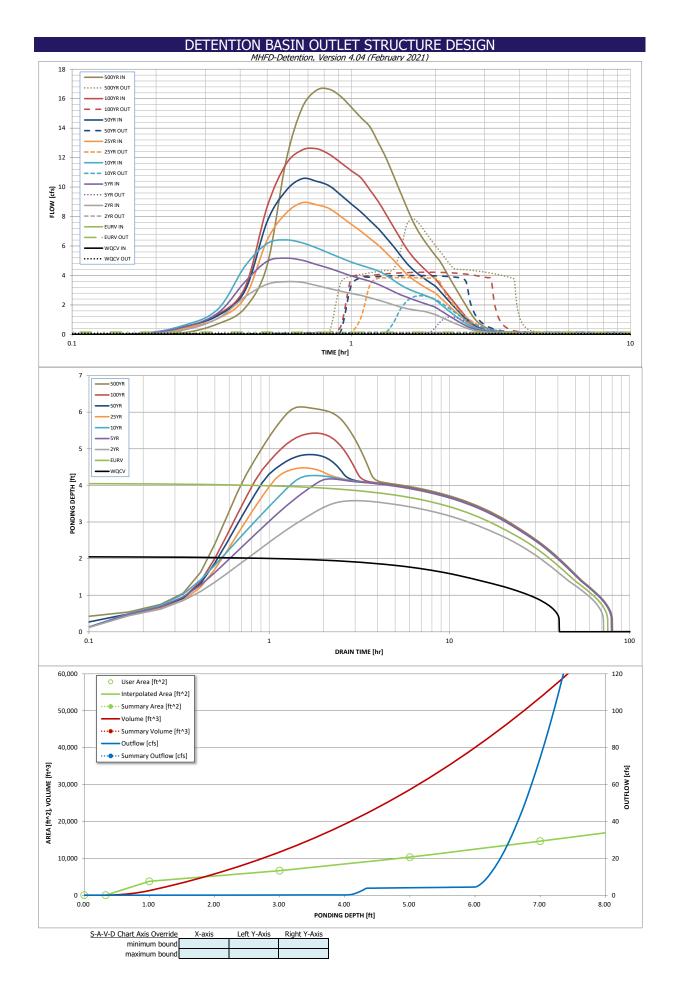
DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Project	VILLAS AT CLAREN		FD-Detention, Vers	sion 4.04 (Februar	y 2021)				
Basin ID:		HONT RANCH							
ZONE 3				Estimated	Estimated				
				Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type	_		
			Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.06	0.139	Orifice Plate			
	100-YEAR ORIFICE		Zone 2 (EURV)	4.06	0.314	Orifice Plate			
PERMANENT ORIFICES	OHINCE		Zone 3 (100-year)	5.42	0.307	Weir&Pipe (Restrict)			
POOL Example Zone	Configuration (Re	tention Pond)		Total (all zones)	0.760		-		
User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically	used to drain WQC	V in a Filtration BM	<u>P)</u>			-	Calculated Parame	ters for Underdrain	
Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =		ft (distance below	the filtration media	surface)	Under	drain Orifice Area =		ft²	
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =		inches			Underdrair	n Orifice Centroid =		feet	
User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifice	or Elliptical Clot M	loir (typically used t	to drain WOCV and	or EUDV in a codime	optation RMD)		Colordate d Domania		
Invert of Lowest Orifice =	· · ·	1	bottom at Stage =			ice Area per Row =	Calculated Parame N/A	ft ²	
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	4.06		bottom at Stage =		-	iptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet	
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	16.20	inches	-		Ellipt	ical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet	
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	N/A	inches			E	Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft²	
User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						1
	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)	
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft) Orifice Area (sq. inches)		1.35 0.94	2.71						
Office Area (sq. Inches)	0.94	0.94	0.94						1
	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)	1
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	(optional)			c (optional)	c (optional)		(optional)	(optional)	1
Orifice Area (sq. inches)									
									-
User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangu		n	1					ters for Vertical Orif	ice
	Not Selected	Not Selected					Not Selected	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	· ·	bottom at Stage =	•	rtical Orifice Area =	N/A	N/A	ft ²
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	N/A	N/A	· ·	bottom at Stage =	0 ft) Vertica	I Orifice Centroid =	N/A	N/A	feet
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	N/A	N/A	inches						
User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or	Sloped Grate and C	Outlet Pipe OR Recta	angular/Trapezoidal	Weir (and No Outle	et Pipe)		Calculated Parame	ters for Overflow W	eir
t	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	1	· • • · · · · · · ·			Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	1
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	4.06	N/A	ft (relative to basin b	ottom at Stage = 0 ft	t) Height of Grat	e Upper Edge, H _t =	4.06	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	4.00	N/A	feet		Overflow W	/eir Slope Length =	4.00	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V	G	rate Open Area / 10	00-yr Orifice Area =	30.32	N/A	_
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	4.00	N/A	feet		verflow Grate Open		11.14	N/A	ft ²
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A		(Overflow Grate Ope	n Area w/ Debris =	5.57	N/A	ft ²
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%						
User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate	(Circular Orifice Re	strictor Plate or Re	ctangular Orifice)		C	alculated Parameter	s for Outlet Pipe w/	Flow Restriction Pla	ate
oser input: outer tipe w/ now restriction nate	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected					Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	1
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.50	N/A	ft (distance below ba	sin bottom at Stage =	= 0 ft) O	utlet Orifice Area =	0.37	N/A	ft ²
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	t Orifice Centroid =	0.23	N/A	feet
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	4.70		inches	Half-Cen	tral Angle of Restric	ctor Plate on Pipe =	1.07	N/A	radians
		-							
User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or		1					Calculated Parame		
Spillway Invert Stage=			bottom at Stage =	0 ft)		esign Flow Depth=	0.34	feet	
Spillway Crest Length =	20.00	feet			5	Top of Freeboard =	7.34	feet	
Spillway End Slopes =		H:V				Top of Freeboard =	0.35	acres	
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet			Basin Volume at	Top of Freeboard =	1.35	acre-ft	
Routed Hydrograph Results			IP hydrographs and						
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A 0.139	N/A 0.453	1.19 0.393	1.50 0.556	1.75 0.695	2.00 0.897	2.25 1.058	2.52 1.269	3.14 1.681
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	0.455 N/A	0.393	0.556	0.695	0.897	1.058	1.269	1.681
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.8	1.4	2.9	3.8	5.2	7.5
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.01	0.10	0.19	0.39	0.40	0.66	0.06
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) = Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	0.01 3.6	0.10 5.2	0.18 6.4	0.38 8.9	0.49 10.6	0.66	0.96 16.6
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.1	0.2	0.1	1.2	2.6	3.9	4.0	4.2	7.8
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5	1.9	1.3	1.0	0.8	1.0
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate N/A	Overflow Weir 1	Plate N/A	Overflow Weir 1 0.1	Overflow Weir 1 0.2	Outlet Plate 1 0.3	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1 0.4	Spillway 0.4
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) = Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	0.1 N/A	0.2 N/A	0.3 N/A	0.3 N/A	0.4 N/A	0.4 N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	39	69	66	72	70	68	66	64	60
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	40	73	70	77	76	75	74	74	72
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	2.06 0.12	4.06 0.20	3.58 0.18	4.18 0.20	4.27 0.21	4.48 0.21	4.84 0.23	5.43 0.26	6.14 0.29
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.12	0.20	0.18	0.20	0.21	0.21	0.23	0.26	0.29
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =									



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

	The user can o	verride the calcu	lated inflow hyd	rographs from t	his workbook wi	th inflow hydrog	The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate progr							
	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP				
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]	5 Year [cfs]	10 Year [cfs]	25 Year [cfs]	50 Year [cfs]	100 Year [cfs]	500 Year [cfs]				
5.00 min	0:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.11				
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.49	0.60	0.40	0.51	0.49	0.73				
	0:20:00 0:25:00	0.00	0.00	1.10	1.46	1.73	1.09	1.28	1.36	1.80				
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	2.56 3.40	3.58 4.96	4.64 6.17	2.52 6.40	2.98 7.66	3.21 8.67	4.70 11.73				
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	3.58	5.18	6.41	8.22	9.74	11.54	15.37				
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	3.53	5.03	6.22	8.94	10.57	12.51	16.57				
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	3.32	4.75	5.88	8.80	10.39	12.60	16.64				
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	3.12	4.49	5.52	8.55	10.09	12.23	16.16				
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	2.93	4.22	5.20	8.00	9.46	11.66	15.42				
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	2.77	3.97	4.91	7.47	8.85	11.11	14.71				
	1:05:00 1:10:00	0.00	0.00	2.65 2.49	3.78 3.61	4.69 4.50	7.00	8.31 7.72	10.62 9.81	14.09 13.01				
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	2.33	3.39	4.30	6.05	7.18	9.01	11.96				
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	2.16	3.15	4.02	5.54	6.57	8.13	10.78				
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	2.01	2.91	3.68	5.05	5.97	7.29	9.65				
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.86	2.69	3.37	4.55	5.37	6.51	8.59				
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.75	2.53	3.12	4.08	4.81	5.79	7.63				
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.67	2.37	2.94	3.72	4.39	5.23	6.90				
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	1.61	2.23	2.79	3.45	4.05	4.80	6.32				
	1:50:00 1:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.56	2.10	2.65	3.21	3.77	4.42	5.82				
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	1.45 1.35	1.97 1.84	2.51 2.34	3.00 2.80	3.51 3.27	4.09 3.77	5.36 4.94				
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	1.19	1.64	2.07	2.50	2.91	3.35	4.38				
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	1.05	1.43	1.81	2.19	2.56	2.94	3.83				
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.91	1.24	1.56	1.90	2.22	2.55	3.32				
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.78	1.05	1.32	1.63	1.89	2.18	2.83				
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.88	1.11	1.37	1.59	1.83	2.37				
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.72	0.91	1.12	1.30	1.49	1.92				
	2:35:00 2:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.58	0.73	0.89	1.02	1.17	1.50				
	2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.46	0.59 0.49	0.68	0.78	0.88	1.12 0.85				
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.32	0.41	0.41	0.00	0.51	0.66				
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.27	0.34	0.33	0.38	0.40	0.51				
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.22	0.28	0.27	0.31	0.31	0.40				
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.19	0.24	0.22	0.25	0.24	0.31				
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.15	0.20	0.18	0.20	0.19	0.24				
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.13	0.16	0.15	0.16	0.15	0.19				
	3:20:00 3:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.10	0.13 0.10	0.12	0.13 0.11	0.12	0.15				
	3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.03	0.08	0.10	0.08	0.10	0.12				
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.08				
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06				
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04				
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03				
	3:55:00 4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02				
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01				
	4:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	4:25:00 4:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	4:45:00 4:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	5:05:00 5:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	5:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	5:25:00 5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	5:35:00													
	5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	5:40:00 5:45:00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	5:40:00	0.00												

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.04 (February 2021)

Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically. The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

Stage - Storage Description	Stage [ft]	Area [ft ²]	Area [acres]	Volume [ft ³]	Volume [ac-ft]	Total Outflow [cfs]	
							For best results, include the
							stages of all grade slope changes (e.g. ISV and Floor)
							from the S-A-V table on
							Sheet 'Basin'.
							Also include the inverts of all
							outlets (e.g. vertical orifice,
							overflow grate, and spillway,
							where applicable).
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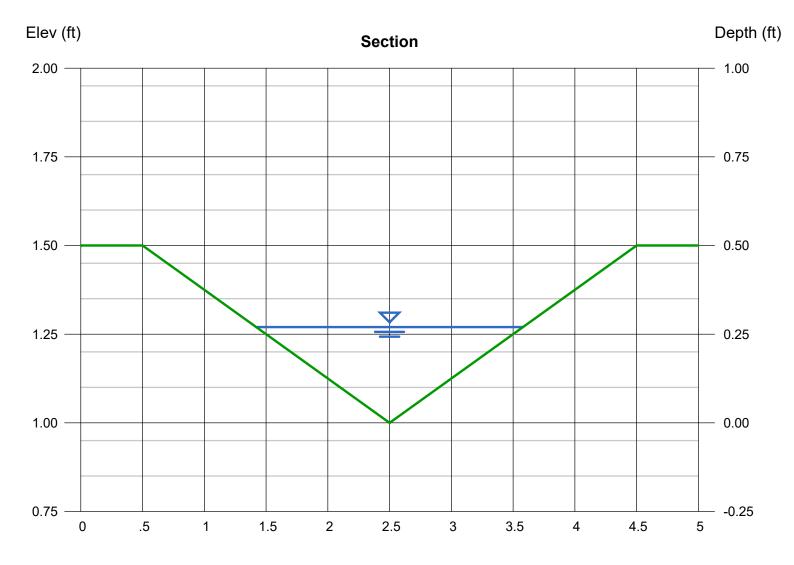
Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Dec 13 2022

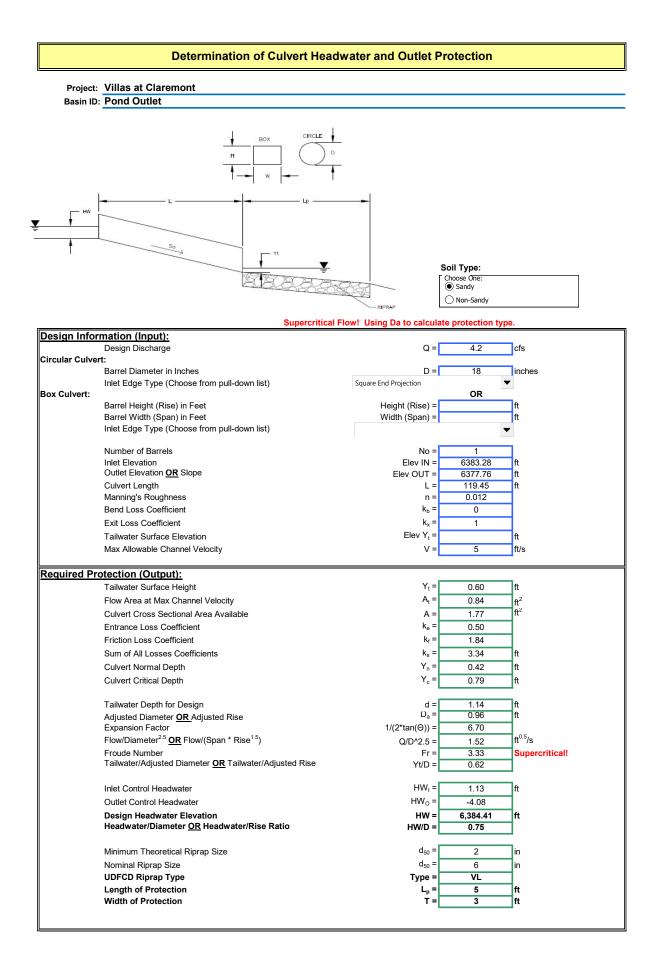
TRICKLE CHANNEL EDB-B

Triangular

Triangular		Highlighted	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 4.00, 4.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.27
Total Depth (ft)	= 0.50	Q (cfs)	= 0.500
		Area (sqft)	= 0.29
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.71
Slope (%)	= 0.50	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 2.23
N-Value	= 0.015	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.25
		Top Width (ft)	= 2.16
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.32
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 0.50		



Reach (ft)



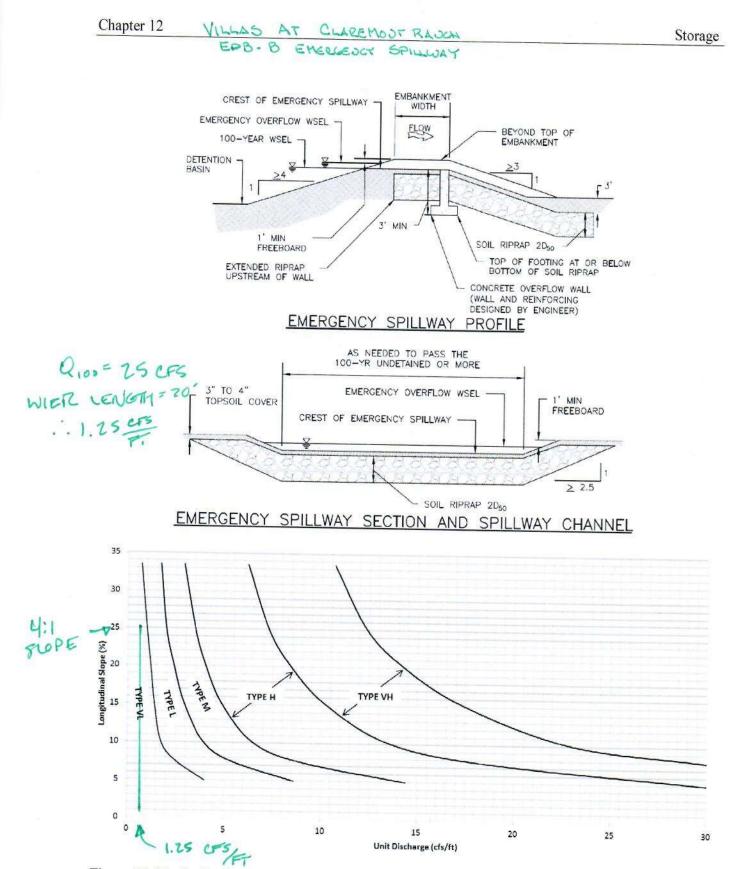
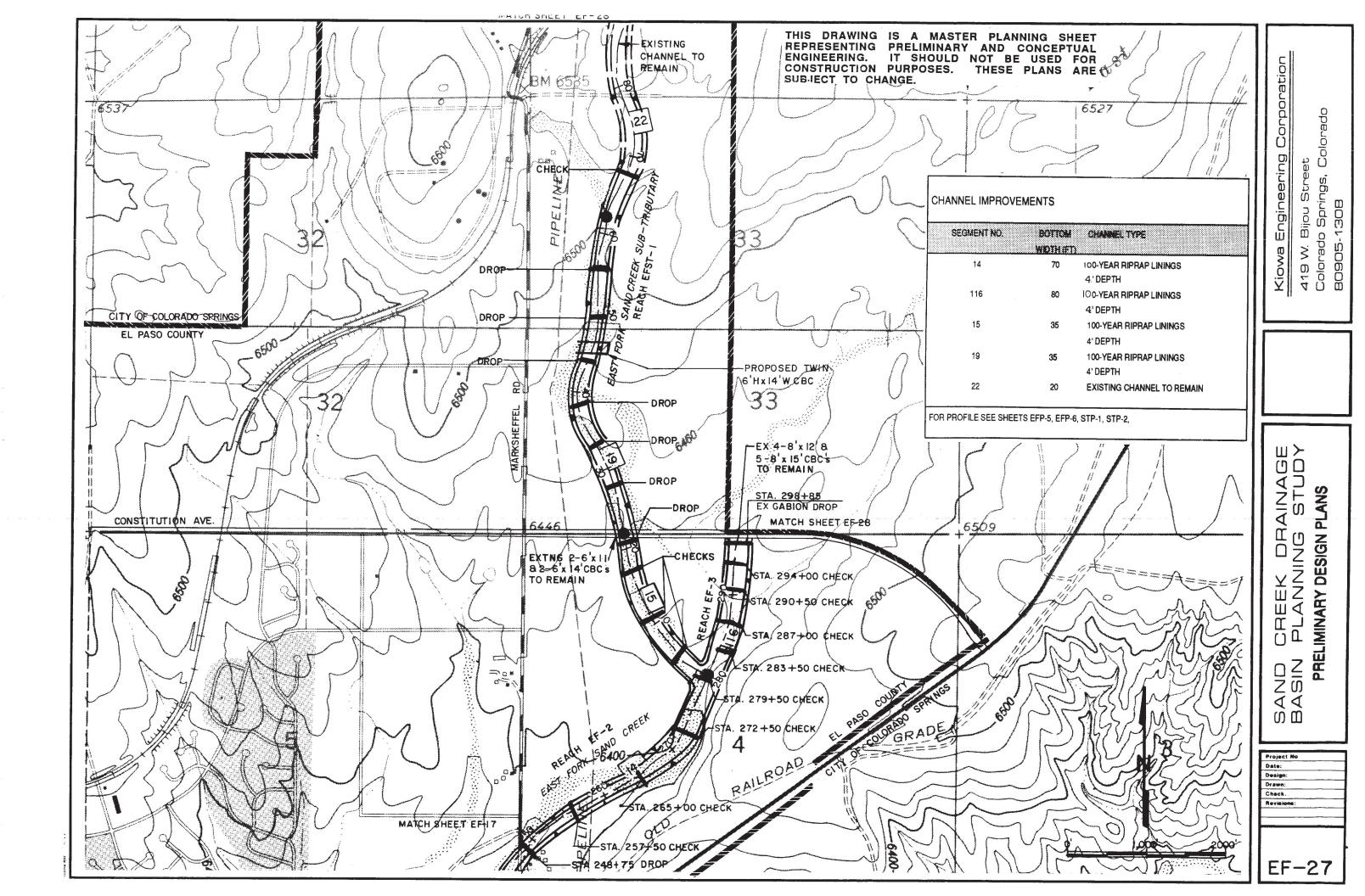
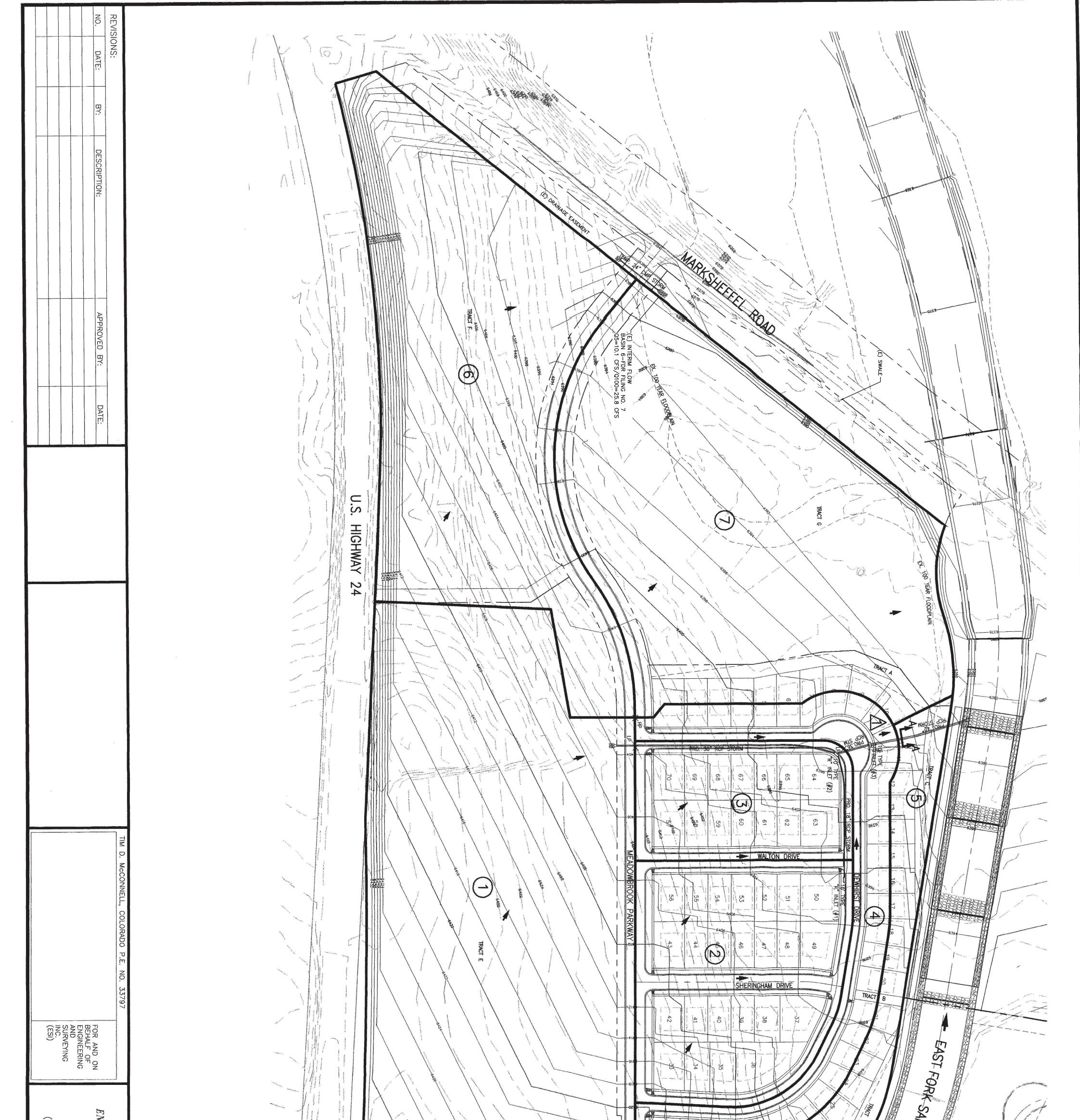


Figure 12-21. Embankment protection details and rock sizing chart (adapted from Arapahoe County)

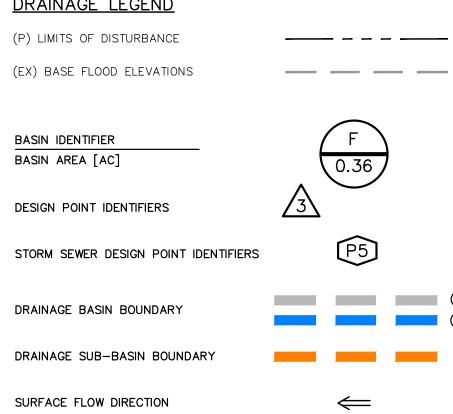
DRAINAGE MAPS





ENGINEERING AND SURVEYING INC. 20 BOULDER CRESCENT, 2nd FLOOR COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80903 (719) 955-5485, FAX (719) 471-4812			CLAREMONT RANCH FIL	ING NO: 4		AMO CONTRACTOR
CLAREMONT RANCH FILING NO. 7DRAINAGE PLANPROJECT NO. 01-006FILE: ClaremontDESIGNED BY:TDMDRAWN BY:KGVHORIZ: 1*=100'CHECKED BY:TDMVERT:N/A	# AC Q5 (cfs) Q100 (cfs) 1 26.88 58.1 128.0	H AC Q5 (cfs) Q100 (cfs)115.6035.677.525.1511.124.932.776514.652.435.813.1611.1860.490.5712.2156.096.7	TEMPORARY OVERFLOW SECTION A-A	design point designator direction of Flow High point Low point X HP X LP	EXISTING CONTOURS-MNR (2') EXISTING CONTOURS-MJR (10') PROPOSED CONTOURS-MNR (2') PROPOSED CONTOURS-MJR (10') BASIN BOUNDARY	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

DRAINAGE LEGEND



EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR (10')

EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR (2')

PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR (10')

EXISTING PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR (2') FUTURE

PROPOSED

SLOPE/DIRECTION

(E) STORM SEWER (P) STORM SEWER, INLET, OUTFALL

(E) DRAINAGE SWALE

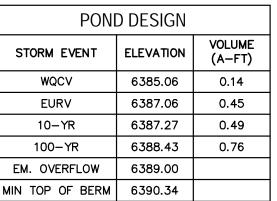
(P) DRAINAGE SWALE

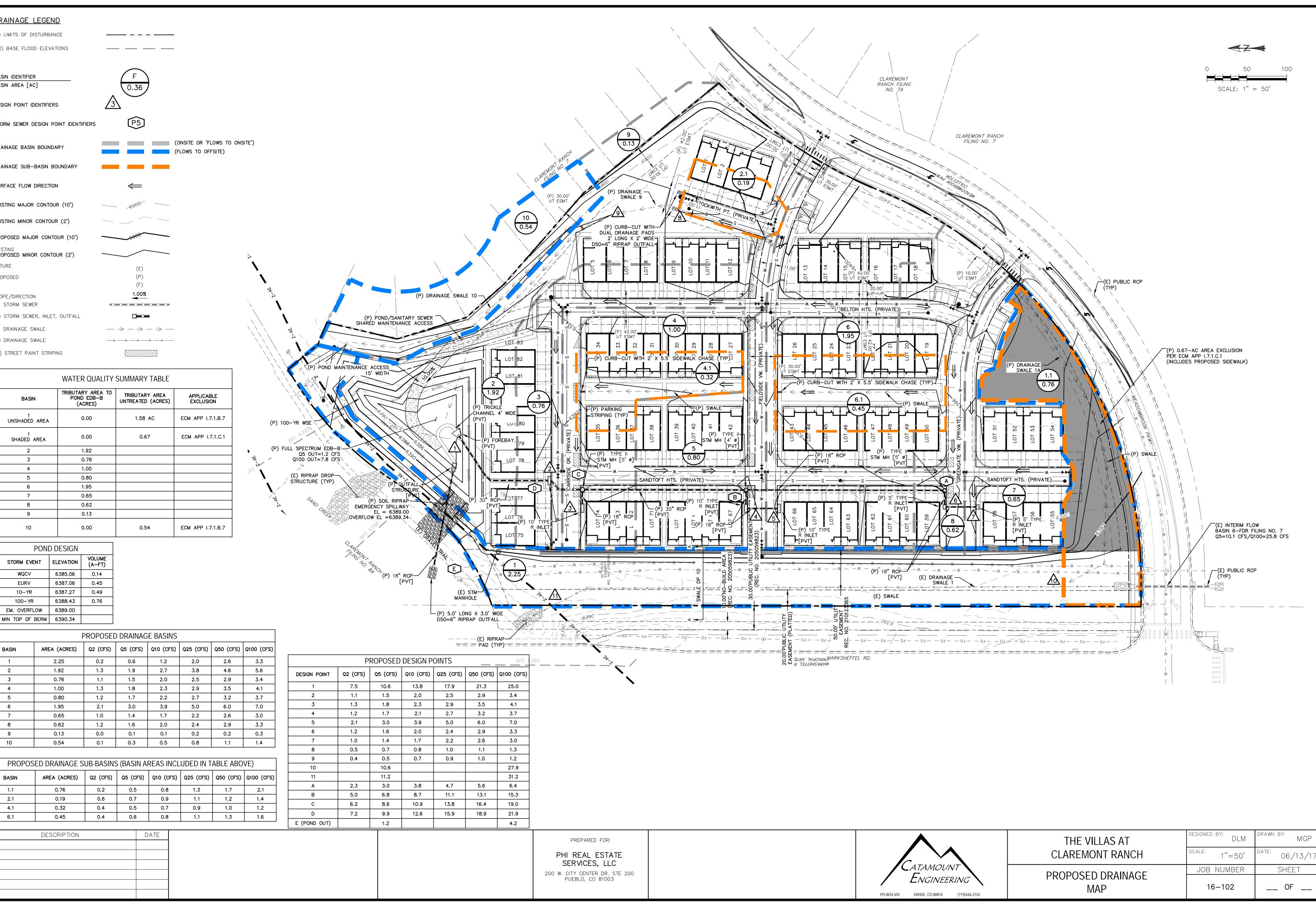
(P) STREET PAINT STRIPING

P5	
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(E) (P) (F)	\
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WATER QUALITY SUMMARY TABLE

BASIN	TRIBUTARY AREA TO POND EDB-B (ACRES)	TRIBUTARY AREA UNTREATED (ACRES)	APPLICABLE EXCLUSION
1 UNSHADED AREA	0.00	1.58 AC	ECM APP I.7.1.B.7
1 SHADED AREA	0.00	0.67	ECM APP I.7.1.C.1
2	1.92		
3	0.76		
4	1.00		
5	0.80		
6	1.95		
7	0.65		
8	0.62		
9	0.13		
10	0.00	0.54	ECM APP I.7.1.B.7





100-YR		6388.43	0.76					
EM. OVERFL	_ow	6389.00						
MIN TOP OF	BERM	6390.34						
			PROPOSE	D DRAINAG	E BASINS			
BASIN	ARE	A (ACRES)	Q2 (CFS)	Q5 (CFS)	Q10 (CFS)	Q25 (CFS)	Q50 (CFS)	Q100 (CFS)
1		2.25	0.2	0.6	1.2	2.0	2.6	3.3
2		1.92	1.3	1.9	2.7	3.8	4.6	5.6
3		0.76	1.1	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.9	3.4
4		1.00	1.3	1.8	2.3	2.9	3.5	4.1
5		0.80	1.2	1.7	2.2	2.7	3.2	3.7
6		1.95	2.1	3.0	3.9	5.0	6.0	7.0
7		0.65	1.0	1.4	1.7	2.2	2.6	3.0
8		0.62	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.9	3.3
9		0.13	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
	1							

PROPOSED DRAINAGE SUB-BASINS (BASIN AREAS INCLUDED IN TABLE ABOVE)

BASIN	AREA (ACRES)	Q2 (CFS)	Q5 (CFS)	Q10 (CFS)	Q25 (CFS)	Q50 (CFS)	Q100 (CFS)
1.1	0.76	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.3	1.7	2.1
2.1	0.19	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4
4.1	0.32	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.2
6.1	0.45	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.6

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE

PROPOSED DESIGN						
DESIGN POINT	Q2 (CFS)	Q5 (CFS)	Q10 (CFS			
1	7.5	10.6	13.8			
2	1.1	1.5	2.0			
3	1.3	1.8	2.3			
4	1.2	1.7	2.1			
5	2.1	3.0	3.9			
6	1.2	1.6	2.0			
7	1.0	1.4	1.7			
8	0.5	0.7	0.8			
9	0.4	0.5	0.7			
10		10.6				
11		11.2				
A	2.3	3.0	3.8			
В	5.0	6.8	8.7			
С	6.2	8.6	10.9			
D	7.2	9.9	12.6			
E (POND OUT)		1.2				