FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT FOR McCLINTOCK STATION FILING NO. 1A (VOLLMER ROAD RV STORAGE)

Prepared For: Belknap Ventures LLC 3603 First Light Drive Castle Rock, CO 80109

January 2024 Project No. 25251.00

Prepared By: JR Engineering, LLC 5475 Tech Center Drive Colorado Springs, CO 80919 719-593-2593 Final Drainage Report McClintock Station Filing No. 1A (Vollmer Road RV Storage)

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT:

The attached drainage plan and report were prepared under my direction and supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Said drainage report has been prepared according to the criteria established by El Paso County for drainage reports and said report is in conformity with the master plan of the drainage basin. I accept responsibility for any liability caused by any negligent acts, errors, or omissions on my part in preparing this report.

	ORADO .	LIGEND	
	AND AVANB	UAN SON	3/26/24
Ryan Burns, Colorado For and On Behalf of J.		1 12	Date
DEVELOPER'S STA I, the developer, have report and plan.		l of the requirem	nents specified in this drainage
Business Name:	Scott Belknap		
Ву:	30		_
Title: Address:	3603 First Light Driv Castle Rock, CO 801	ve	Ventures LLC.
El Paso County: Filed in accordance wit Drainage Criteria Manu	h the requirements of the El al, Volumes 1 and 2 and Er	Paso County La	and Development Code, ia Manual, as amended.
Joshua Palmer, P.E. County Engineer/ ECM Conditions:	Administrator		Date
Conditions.			



CONTENTS

PURPOSE	2
GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION	2
LOCATION	
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY	
FLOODPLAIN STATEMENT	3
DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS	3
EXISTING MAJOR BASIN DESCRIPTIONS	3
EXISTING SUB-BASIN DRAINAGE	
PROPOSED SUB-BASIN DRAINAGE	4
DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA	6
DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA REFERENCE	6
Hydrologic Criteria	6
Hydraulic Criteria	7
DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN	7
SPECIFIC DETAILS	7
Four Step Process to Minimize Adverse Impacts of Urbanization	<i>7</i>
Water Quality	8
Erosion Control Plan	
Operation & Maintenance	
Drainage & Bridge Fees	
Construction Cost Opinion	9
SIMMADV	10

APPENDICES

- A. Vicinity Map, Soils, FEMA
- B. Hydrologic CalculationsC. Hydraulic Calculations
- D. Reference Materials
- E. Drainage Maps



PURPOSE

This document is the Final Drainage Report for McClintock Station Filing No. 1A herein known as "Vollmer Road RV Storage". The purpose of this document is to identify and analyze the on and offsite drainage patterns and to ensure that post development runoff is routed through the site safely and in a manner that satisfies the requirements set forth by the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual. The following report is an analysis of the drainage for the site and surrounding areas.

GENERAL LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

Location

Vollmer Road RV Storage herein known as "the site" is located in Section 34, Township 12 South, and Range 65 West of the 6th Principal Meridian. The site is bound on the northwest by existing Vollmer Road. Vollmer Road boarders Wildridge Subdivision II Lot 1, Blocks 1 and 2 to the northwest of Vollmer Road. The property is bound to the east by the Sterling Ranch Filing 1 and by Lots B of the McClintock Station Subdivision, as well as Vollmer Place to the south. Vollmer Road RV Storage lies within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. Flows from this site are tributary to Sand Creek. A vicinity map is presented in Appendix A.

Description of Property

Vollmer Road RV Storage consists of 6.4 acres and is presently has an existing shed as well as a greenhouse and a concrete pathway, with a majority of the property being undeveloped. Vegetation is sparse, consisting of native grasses. Existing site terrain generally slopes from north to south at grade rates that vary between 2% and 8%.

Vollmer Road RV Storage is currently zoned "I-2" for light industrial and manufacturing development. Improvements proposed for the site includes recycled asphalt drives and parking, fencing, storm drainage improvements, drainage swales, and a detention pond. A full spectrum detention pond is proposed to be constructed to provide water quality treatment and detain storm water for the development.

Soils for this project are classified as Pring Coarse Sandy Loam (71), which is characterized as Hydrologic Soil Types "B". Group B soils exhibit moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet, and consist primarily of deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. A soil map of the site can be found in Appendix A.

There are no major drainage ways or known irrigation facilities located on the project site. There are no known existing onsite utilities.



Final Drainage Report McClintock Station Filing No. 1A (Vollmer Road RV Storage) Floodplain Statement

Based on the FEMA FIRM Maps number 08041C0533G, dated December 7, 2018, all of the proposed development lies within Zone X. Zone X is defined as area outside the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) and higher than the elevation of the 0.2-percent-annual-chance (or 500-year) flood. A FIRM Map is presented in Appendix A.

DRAINAGE BASINS AND SUB-BASINS

Existing Major Basin Descriptions

The Vollmer Road RV Storage site consists of 6.4 acres and is located in the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. The site area was previously studied in the "Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study" (DBPS) prepared by Stantec, January 2021.

The Sand Creek DBPS assumed the Vollmer Road RV Storage property to have an undeveloped use for the site. However, the site is zoned I-2 for light industrial and manufacturing development. The site generally drains from northwest to southeast. Currently, the site is undeveloped. Sand Creek is located east of the site running north to south.

Downstream flow patterns have been studied in "Final Drainage Report for Barbarick Subdivision, Portions of Lots 1, 2 and Lots 3 & 4," by Matrix Design Group, June 2016, and "Woodmen Storage Final Drainage Report", by Calibre Engineering Inc, Revised February 2010. Applicable excerpts from these reports can be found in Appendix D.

A summary of peak runoff for the basins and designated design points are depicted on the Existing Conditions Drainage Map in the appendix.

Existing Sub-basin Drainage

Basin EX-1 (Q_5 =0.2 cfs, Q_{100} =1.0 cfs) is approximately 0.48 acres of open space. Runoff from this basin drains overland flows to the south east to DP1. Flows from Basins EX-1 and OS-6 combine at DP1.1 (Q_5 =0.3 cfs, Q_{100} =1.5 cfs) where flow continues onto Lot B of the McClintock Station Subdivision.

Basin EX-2 (Q_5 =0.9 cfs, Q_{100} =5.9 cfs) is approximately 3.41 acres of open space. Runoff from this basin overland flows southeast to DP 2. Flows from Basins OS-7, OS-8 and EX-2 combine at DP2.1 (Q_5 =1.5 cfs, Q_{100} =7.6 cfs) and continues onto Lot C of the McClintock Station Subdivision. Flows from DP2.1 are routed through basin OS-9 and EX-5 to DP5.1 1 (Q_5 =2.8 cfs, Q_{100} =12.8 cfs).

Basin EX-3 (Q_5 =0.2 cfs, Q_{100} =1.3 cfs) is approximately 0.56 acres of open space. Runoff from this basin overland flows east across the property line to DP3 and onto Homestead at Sterling Ranch Filing No. 1. Runoff is then captured by an existing swale. Flows from the site were not accounted for by the Homestead at Sterling Ranch Final Drainage report, however this basin flows historic drainage patterns.



Final Drainage Report

McClintock Station Filing No. 1A (Vollmer Road RV Storage)

Basin EX-4 (Q_5 =0.4 cfs, Q_{100} =1.6 cfs) is approximately 0.73 and consists of an existing shed and concrete sidewalk and native vegetation. Runoff from this basin overland flows south across the property line to DP4 and onto Lot C of the McClintock Station Subdivision. Flows from DP4 are routed through basin OS-9 and EX-5 to DP5.1 (Q_5 =2.8 cfs, Q_{100} =12.8 cfs).

Basin EX-5 (Q_5 =0.5 cfs, Q_{100} =2.8 cfs) is approximately 1.66 acres and is comprised of a shed, portions of existing Vollmer Place, road side swale and existing native vegetation. Runoff from this basin overland flows onto the site at DP5 where flow enters the roadside swale and combines with flows from DP9.1 (Q_5 =2.4 cfs, Q_{100} =10.5 cfs) at DP5.1 (Q_5 =2.8 cfs, Q_{100} =12.8 cfs). Flow in the roadside swale flows south and follows historic drainage patterns towards sand creek.

Basin OS-6 (Q_5 =0.3 cfs, Q_{100} =0.7 cfs) is approximately 0.14 acres and is comprised of the existing Vollmer Road and road side swale. Runoff from this offsite basin overland flows onto the site at DP6 where flow enters Basin EX-1.

Basin OS-7 (Q_5 =0.4 cfs, Q_{100} =1.2 cfs) is approximately 0.27 acres and is comprised of the existing Vollmer Road and native vegetation. Runoff from this offsite basin overland flows to the property line and enter the site at DP7 where flow enters Basin EX-2.

Basin OS-8 (Q_5 =0.6 cfs, Q_{100} =1.5 cfs) is approximately 0.41 acres and is comprised of the existing Vollmer Road and road side swale. Runoff from this offsite basin overland flows to the roadside ditch and then enter the site at DP8 where flow enters Basin EX-2.

Basin OS-9 (Q_5 =0.7 cfs, Q_{100} =1.7 cfs) is approximately 0.52 acres and is comprised of the existing building, concrete sidewalk, and asphalt parking. Runoff from this offsite basin overland flows southeast to the roadside ditch along Vollmer Place at DP9. Flows for DP4 (Q_5 =0.4 cfs, Q_{100} =1.6 cfs) and DP9 (Q_5 =0.7 cfs, Q_{100} =1.7 cfs) are routed together at DP9.1 (Q_5 =2.4 cfs, Q_{100} =10.5 cfs) and then enter the site into Basin EX-5.

Basin OS-11 (Q_5 =0.0 cfs, Q_{100} =0.3 cfs) is approximately 0.12 acres and is comprised of undeveloped land to the east of the site. Runoff from this offsite basin overland flows west and onto the site into Basin EX-5 at DPO11.

Proposed Sub-basin Drainage

The following is a description of the offsite and onsite basins for the developed condition. Calculations have been provided to show the proposed storm infrastructure will adequately convey flows. The following basins parameters and developed runoff were determined using the Rational Method. Calculation can be found in Appendix C.

Basin A (Q_5 =4.2 cfs, Q_{100} =8.4 cfs) is approximately 1.43 acres and consists of recycled asphalt parking and drives, and landscaping. Runoff from this basin is conveyed via sheet flow across the proposed asphalt mat to DP1, where flow enters a Type C Inlet in sump. The emergency over flow path for the inlet is to the south to Inlet B, a Type C inlet in sump. Flow is routed through the proposed storm sewer system to DP3.1 (Q_5 =15.7 cfs, Q_{100} =30.7 cfs) where flow will be captured and treated in the full spectrum detention pond.



Final Drainage Report

McClintock Station Filing No. 1A (Vollmer Road RV Storage)

Basin B (Q_5 =7.0 cfs, Q_{100} =13.5 cfs) is approximately 2.20 acres and consists of recycled asphalt parking and drives, and landscaping. Runoff from this basin is conveyed via sheet flow across the proposed asphalt mat to DP2, where flow enters a Type C Inlet in sump. The emergency overflow path for this inlet is the proposed full spectrum detention pond to the south. Flow is routed through the proposed storm sewer system to DP3.1 (Q_5 =15.7 cfs, Q_{100} =30.7 cfs) where flow will be captured and treated in the full spectrum detention pond.

Basin C (Q_5 =4.8 cfs, Q_{100} =9.5 cfs) is approximately 1.57 acres and consists of recycled asphalt parking and drives, and landscaping. Runoff from this basin is conveyed via sheet flow across the proposed asphalt mat to DP3, where flow enters a Type C Inlet in sump. The emergency overflow path for this inlet is the proposed full spectrum detention pond to the southeast. Flow is routed through the proposed storm sewer system to DP3.1 (Q_5 =15.7 cfs, Q_{100} =30.7 cfs) where flow will be captured and treated in the full spectrum detention pond.

Basin D (Q_5 =1.6 cfs, Q_{100} =3.7 cfs) is approximately 0.82 acres and consists of recycled asphalt drives and parking, landscaping, and the proposed full spectrum detention pond. Runoff for this basin is collected in the bottom of the pond at DP4 where it is treated.

Basin E (Q_5 =0.1 cfs, Q_{100} =0.5 cfs) is approximately 0.17 acres of landscaping and a small portion of the recycled asphalt drive. Runoff from this basin drains via overland flow to the south east across the site boundary and onto Homestead at Sterling Ranch Filing No. 1 at DP5. In the existing condition the site sends more water to Homestead at Sterling Ranch Filing No. 1 at existing DP3 (Q_5 =0.2 cfs, Q_{100} =1.3 cfs).

Basin F (Q_5 =0.0 cfs, Q_{100} =0.2 cfs) is approximately 0.07 acres of landscaping. Runoff from this basin drains via overland flow to the south across the site boundary and onto Homestead at Sterling Ranch Filing No. 1 offsite basin OS-11 at DP6. Flows combine at DPO11.1.

Basin G (Q_5 =0.1 cfs, Q_{100} =0.8 cfs) is approximately 0.24 acres and is comprised of landscaping and swale section B-B. Runoff from this basin overland flows to roadside swale B-B and then enters the proposed culvert under the access at DP7, flow continues to DP7.1 (Q_5 =0.8 cfs, Q_{100} =2.2 cfs) where flows from Basins G and OS-9 combine, and continues to flow through the proposed culvert to swale C-C located in Basin I.

Basin H (Q_5 =0.1 cfs, Q_{100} =0.3 cfs) is approximately 0.11 acres and is comprised of landscaping. Runoff from this basin overland flows to onto Lot B of the McClintock Station Subdivision at DP8. Flow follows existing drainage patterns to the southwest and are lower than in the existing condition at existing DP1.1 (Q_5 =0.3 cfs, Q_{100} =1.5 cfs).

Basin I (Q_5 =0.5 cfs, Q_{100} =1.2 cfs) is approximately 0.24 acres and is comprised of the existing Vollmer Place, proposed roadside swale C-C, and the drive access. Runoff from this basin overland flows to the roadside ditch DP9, flow continues to DP9.1 (Q_5 =2.0 cfs, Q_{100} =9.1 cfs) where flows from DP7.1, DPO11.1, DPP1 and DP9 combine. Flow follows existing drainage patterns to the south per Woodmen View Storage Plot Plan presented in Appendix D. Flows released from this basin are less than in the existing condition, existing DP5.1 (Q_5 =2.8 cfs, Q_{100} =12.8 cfs).



Final Drainage Report

McClintock Station Filing No. 1A (Vollmer Road RV Storage)

DPP1 (Q_5 =0.8 cfs, Q_{100} =5.7 cfs) is the outfall point for the proposed full spectrum water quality and detention pond. Flow will be routed from the pond via a proposed 18" RCP storm pipe and enter the proposed swale C-C. The outlet structure for the pond shall reduce the release rates for all storm events to less than historic rates to minimize adverse impacts to downstream stormwater facilities. Proposed swale C-C will convey concentrated flows from the pond to the end of the cul-de-sac on Vollmer Place. Flow will then follow historic drainage patterns per Woodmen View Storage Plot Plan presented in Appendix D.

Basin OS-9 (Q_5 =0.7 cfs, Q_{100} =1.7 cfs) is approximately 0.52 acres and is comprised of the existing building, concrete sidewalk, and asphalt parking. Runoff from this offsite basin overland flows southeast to the roadside ditch along Vollmer Place at DPO9. Flows for DP7 (Q_5 =0.1 cfs, Q_{100} =0.8 cfs) and DPO9 (Q_5 =0.7 cfs, Q_{100} =1.7 cfs) are routed together at DP7.1 (Q_5 =0.8 cfs, Q_{100} =2.2 cfs) and then enter the access culvert and into swale C-C located in Basin I.

Basin OS-10 (Q_5 =0.9 cfs, Q_{100} =2.4 cfs) is approximately 0.81 acres and is comprised existing Vollmer Road, proposed roadside swale A-A. Runoff from this basin overland flows to proposed swale A-A and flows south west in the swale along Vollmer Road to DPO10 where flow enters a proposed 18" access culvert for the neighboring property to south and then continues to flow in the roadside ditch.

Basin OS-11 (Q_5 =0.0 cfs, Q_{100} =0.3 cfs) is approximately 0.12 acres and is comprised of undeveloped land to the east of the site. Runoff from this offsite basin overland flows west and combines flow with DP6 at DPO11.1 (Q_5 =0.1 cfs, Q_{100} =0.5 cfs). DPO11.1 flows then enter the site and combine at DP9.1 within Basin I.

Drainage Design Criteria

Development Criteria Reference

Storm drainage analysis and design criteria for the project were taken from the "City of Colorado Spring/El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1 and 2 (EPCDCM), dated October 12, 1994, the "Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1 - 3 (USDCM) and Chapter 6 and Section 3.2.1 of Chapter 13 of the "Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual (CCSDCM), dated May 2014, as adopted by El Paso County.

Hydrologic Criteria

All hydrologic data was obtained from the "El Paso Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1 and 2, and the "Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual" Volumes 1, 2, and 3. Onsite drainage improvements were designed based on the 5 year (minor) storm event and the 100-year (major) storm event. One hour point rainfall data for the storm events is identified in the table below. Rational Method calculations were prepared, in accordance with Section 3.0 of the EPCDCM. Rational method calculations are presented in Appendix B.



Table 1: 1-hr Point Rainfall Data

Storm	Rainfall (in.)
5-year	1.50
100-year	2.52

Hydraulic Criteria

Mile High Flood District's MHFD-Detention, Version 4.05 workbook was used for pond sizing. Required detention volumes and allowable release rates were designed per USDCM and CCS/EPCDCM. Pond sizing spreadsheets are presented in Appendix C. Inlets were sized using UDFCD UD-Inlet v4.05. StormCAD was used to model the proposed storm sewer system and to analyze the proposed HGL calculations for the Construction Drawings. The Manning's equation has been utilized to size the proposed drive access culvert. Autodesk Hydraflow express was used to size the swales. Refer to Appendix C for pipe and swale capacity calculations.

Drainage Facility Design

Specific Details

Four Step Process to Minimize Adverse Impacts of Urbanization

In accordance with the El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 2, this site has implemented the four step process to minimize adverse impacts of urbanization. The four step process includes reducing runoff volumes, stabilizing drainageways, treating the water quality capture volume (WQCV), and consider the need for Industrial Commercial BMP's.

Step 1, Reducing Runoff Volumes: The development of the project site consist of recycled asphalt parking and drives and landscaped areas. Proposed landscaped areas help disconnect impervious areas.

Step 2, Stabilize Drainageways: Drainage fees were paid at the time of platting for McClintock Station Subdivision. Drainage fees go towards channel stabilization projects throughout the drainage basin. The proposed outfall for the site (DP5.1) is swale C-C. Proposed swale C-C is stable and sufficient. Velocity in the propose swale is less than 5ft/s, therefore the proposed grass lined swale is stable, see Appendix C for supporting calculations.

Step 3, Treat the WQCV: Water Quality treatment for the site is provided in a proposed full spectrum water quality detention ponds located in the south west corner of the site. In general, the runoff from this site will be routed via overland flow to the proposed. A forebay is provided and sized to hold a minimum of 2% of the WQCV. A trickle channel is also incorporated into the ponds to minimize the amount of standing water. The outlet structure has been designed to detain the water quality capture volume (WQCV) for 40 hours, and the extended urban runoff volume (EURV) for 72 hours. Flows released from the pond will be reduced to less than historic rates. The pond will facilitate pollutant removal for the site, while also reducing peak stormwater rates down stream. Per ECM 1.7.C.a up to 20% not to exceed 1 acre of the applicable development site may be excluded where it is not practical to capture runoff. Approximately 13% or 0.83 acres of the site is unable to



McClintock Station Filing No. 1A (Vollmer Road RV Storage)

be captured due to existing grades and vertical constraints. See Appendix I for supporting Water Quality Map.

Step 4, Consider the need for Industrial and Commercial BMP's: Temporary BMPs will be utilized during construction to minimize off-site contaminates and to protect the downstream receiving waters, Site specific temporary source control BMPs that will be implement include, but are not limited to, silt fencing, construction vehicle tracking pads, designated fueling areas, covered storage areas, spill containment and control, etc. The permanent erosion control BMPs include recycled asphalt parking and drives, permanent vegetation, a storm culvert under the access, and a full spectrum water quality and detention pond.

Water Quality

Water quality for the site is provided by a private full-spectrum detention and water quality pond (Pond V1) in the southeast corner of the site. Table 2 below shows the basin parameters. The proposed pond is sized so that the WQCV for the pond shall be released within 40 hours and the EURV shall be released within 72 hours. Table 3 below gives the design storm results. The proposed pond will utilize a forebay, trickle channel, and outlet structure to dissipate energy and treat flows. The outlet structure for the pond shall reduce the release rates for all storm events to less than historic rates to minimize adverse impacts to downstream stormwater facilities. A broad crested weir will be provided as an emergency spillway and will convey emergency flows to proposed swale B-B. Per ECM 1.7.C.a up to 20% not to exceed 1 acre of the applicable development site may be excluded where it is not practical to capture runoff. Basins E, H, G, F, and I are not feasible to route to propose Pond V1. These basins boarder adjacent properties and the existing grades at the property line make it so it is not feasible to capture and treat runoff from these basins. Runoff from these basins are all less in the proposed condition than in the existing condition so there are no negative downstream impacts anticipated with the development of this site. Approximately 13% or 0.83 acres of the site is unable to be captured due to existing grades and vertical constraints, which meets ECM 1.7.C.a. See Appendix E for supporting Water Quality Map.

Table 2 - Watershed Design Parameters

Watershed Area	6.02 AC
Percent Impervious	71.0%
Watershed Slope	0.021 ft/ft

Table 3 - Design Storm Results

		Design		
	Estimated	Volume		
Design Storm	Volume	(AC-	Depth	Qout 100
Period	(AC-FT)	FT)	(FT)	(CFS)
WQCV	0.14	0.14	2.61	0.1
EURV	0.33	0.36	4.42	0.2
100-YR	0.74	0.74	5.4	5.7



Erosion Control Plan

The El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual specifies an Erosion Control Plan and associated cost estimate must be submitted with each Final Drainage Report. The Erosion Control Plan for Vollmer RV Storage has been submitted with this report.

Operation & Maintenance

In order to ensure the function and effectiveness of the stormwater infrastructure, maintenance activities such as inspection, routine maintenance, restorative maintenance, rehabilitation and repair, are required. All proposed drainage structures within any platted County ROW will be owned and maintained by El Paso County. All proposed drainage structures within the property will be owned and maintained by Scott Belknap. Access to the pond bottom, forebay, and outlet structure have been provided by a 15' gravel maintenance access road. These access points have been confirmed by the property owner, Scott Belknap, to be sufficient for the expected maintenance equipment to be used. An Inspection & Maintenance Plan has been submitted concurrently with this final drainage report that details the required maintenance activities and intervals to ensure proper function of all stormwater infrastructures in the future. The full spectrum detention pond, Pond V1, and onsite storm sewer system will be owned & maintained by the property owner, Scott Belknap.

Drainage & Bridge Fees

The site lies within the Sand Creek Drainage Basin. It is assumed that all fees were paid at the time of platting for McClintock Station Filing No. 1A.

Construction Cost Opinion

Private Storm Facilities- (For Information Only):

Item	Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Cost
1	Concrete Pavement 6" Trickle Channel	100	LF	\$ 40.00	\$ 4,000.00
2	Forebay	1	EA	\$12,000.00	\$ 12,000.00
3	Outlet Structure	1	EA	\$10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
4	Emergancy Spillway-Type VL Riprap	50	CY	\$ 60.00	\$ 3,000.00
5	18" RCP	95	LF	\$ 67.00	\$ 6,365.00
6	24" RCP	186	LF	\$ 91.00	\$ 16,926.00
7	30" RCP	112	LF	\$ 114.00	\$ 12,768.00
8	36" RCP	41	LF	\$ 128.00	\$ 5,248.00
9	18" FES	1	EA	\$ 402.00	\$ 402.00
		·		Subtotal	\$ 70,709.00
	25	5% Enginee	ring &	Contingencies	\$ 17,677.25
				TOTAL	\$ 88,386.25

See FAE for proposed public improvements. JR Engineering cannot and does not guarantee that the construction cost will not vary from these opinions of probable construction costs.



SUMMARY

The McClintock Station Filing No. 1A known as the Vollmer RV Storage site consists of recycled asphalt parking and drive aisles, a proposed fill spectrum water quality and detention pond, and landscaped areas. The proposed development will not adversely affect downstream drainage infrastructure as the site will provide water quality and detention for the developed flows to release below historic rates. Establishment of maintenance procedures and the implementation of temporary and permanent BMP's will insure the site has no adverse drainage impacts on adjacent properties, surrounding developments, or downstream infrastructure. This report is in conformance with the latest El Paso County Stormwater Drainage Criteria requirements for this site.

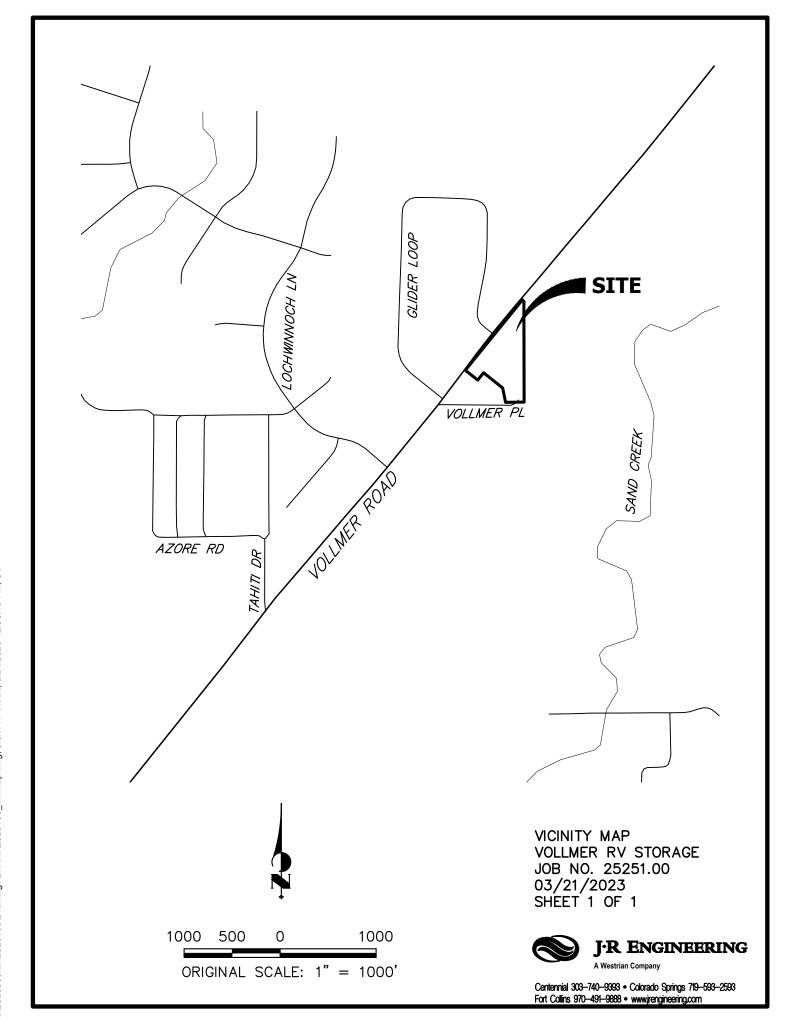


REFERENCES

- 1. City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual, Volume 1 & 2, Colorado Springs, CO, 2014.
- 2. El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1, El Paso County, CO, 1990.
- 3. El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Update (City Chapter 6), El Paso County, CO, 2015.
- 4. El Paso County Engineering Criteria Manual Revision 6, El Paso County, CO, 2016.
- 5. <u>Final Drainage Report for Barbarick Subdivision, Portions of Lots 1, 2 and Lots 3 & 4</u>, by Matrix Design Group, dated June 2016.
- 6. <u>Drainage Report for McClintock Station</u>, by Alden Surveying Co., dated March 1978.
- 7. Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study, by Stantec, dated January 2021.
- 8. <u>Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual</u>, Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, Latest Revision.

APPENDIX A

Vicinity Map, Soils, FEMA





MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:24.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. D Soil Rating Polygons Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Not rated or not available Α misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil **Water Features** line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of A/D contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Streams and Canals Transportation B/D Rails ---Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Interstate Highways C/D Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service **US Routes** Web Soil Survey URL: D Major Roads Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available -Local Roads Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Soil Rating Lines Background distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Aerial Photography Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: El Paso County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 20, Sep 2, 2022 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger. Not rated or not available Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 11, 2018—Oct 20. 2018 **Soil Rating Points** The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background A/D imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
71	Pring coarse sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	В	6.8	100.0%
Totals for Area of Inter	est		6.8	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

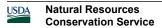
Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition



Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The **community map repository** should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations** (BFEs) and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 13. The **horizontal datum** was NAD83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/ or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242 or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by El Paso County, Colorado Springs Utilities, and Anderson Consulting Engineers, Inc. These data are current as of 2008.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date **stream channel configurations and floodplain delineations** than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map. The profile baselines depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles and Floodway Data Tables if applicable, in the FIS report. As a result, the profile baselines may deviate significantly from the new base map channel representation and may appear outside of the floodplain.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

Contact **FEMA Map Service Center** (MSC) via the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) 1-877-336-2627 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. The MSC may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at http://www.msc.fema.gov/.

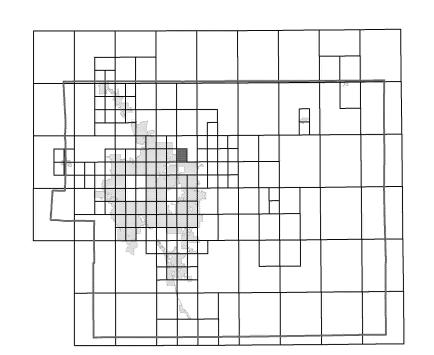
If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call **1-877-FEMA MAP** (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at http://www.fema.gov/business/nfip.

El Paso County Vertical Datum Offset Table

Flooding Source Vertical Datum
Offset (ft)

REFER TO SECTION 3.3 OF THE EL PASO COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY FOR STREAM BY STREAM VERTICAL DATUM CONVERSION INFORMATION

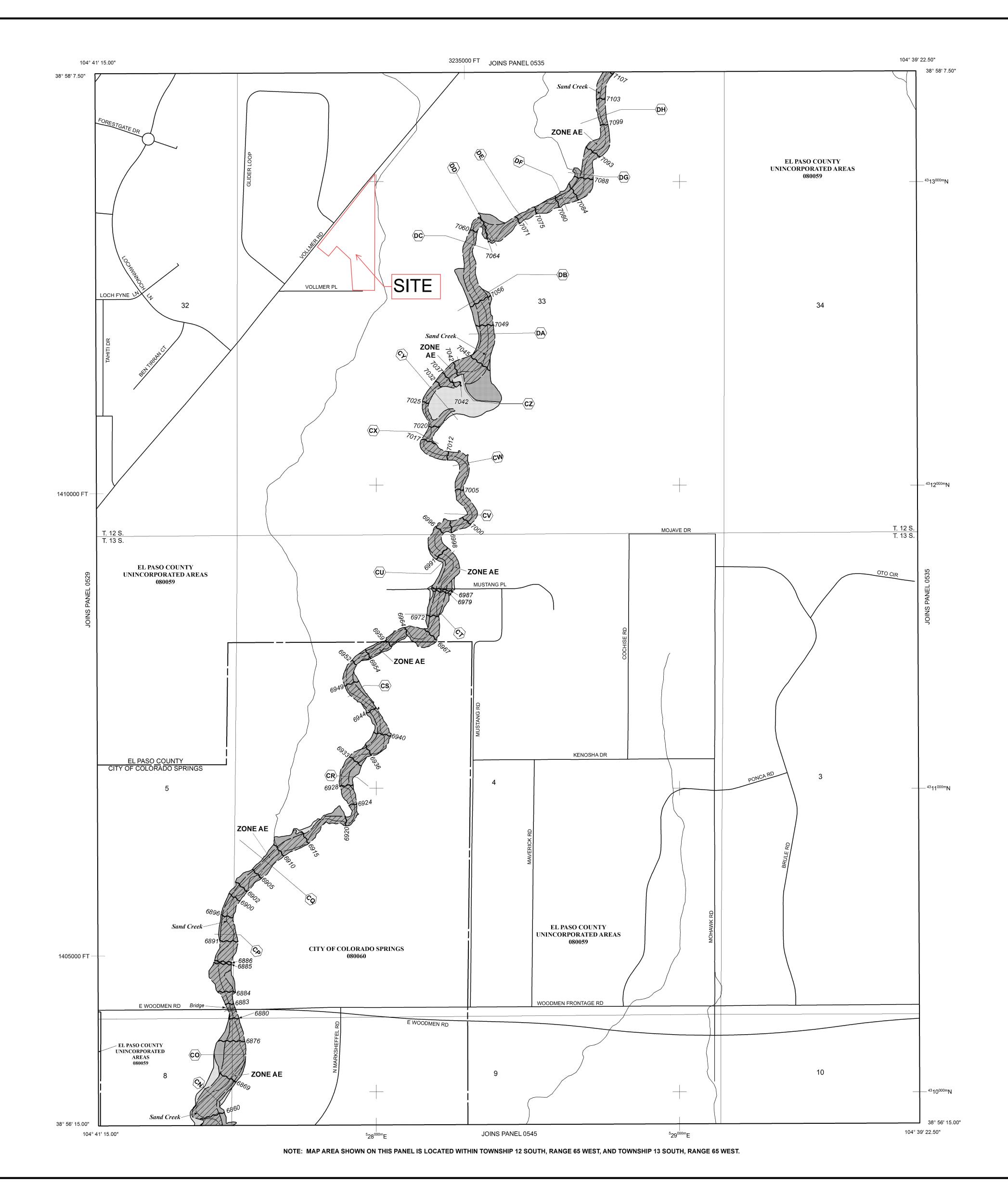
Panel Location Map



This Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) was produced through a Cooperating Technical Partner (CTP) agreement between the State of Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).



Additional Flood Hazard information and resources are available from local communities and the Colorado Water Conservation Board.



LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAS) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

ZONE A No Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE AE Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE AH Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined.

ZONE AO Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also determined.

ZONE AR Special Flood Hazard Area Formerly protected from the 1% annual chance

flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.

ZONE A99 Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood

protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations determined.

NE V Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood

ZONE VE Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

Elevations determined.

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

OTHER AREAS

Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain.

E D Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)

CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

Floodplain boundary Floodway boundary Zone D Boundary

•••••••• CBRS and OPA boundary

Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.

513 Sase Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet*

(EL 987)

Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation in feet*

* Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)

—**〈A**〉 Cross section line

-----23 Transect line

97° 07' 30.00" Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American 32° 22' 30.00" Datum of 1983 (NAD 83)

4275^{000m}N 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 13

6000000 FT 5000-foot grid ticks: Colorado State Plane coordinate system, central zone (FIPSZONE 0502),
Lambert Conformal Conic Projection

DX5510 Bench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this FIRM panel)

MAP REPOSITORIES

Refer to Map Repositories list on Map Index

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

DECEMBER 7, 2018 - to update corporate limits, to change Base Flood Elevations and Special Flood Hazard Areas, to update map format, to add roads and road names, and to incorporate previously issued Letters of Map Revision.

MARCH 17, 1997

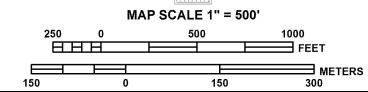
For community map revision history prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community

Map History Table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6620.

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance

MAP SCALE 1" = 500'



PA

PANEL 0533G

FIRM
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS

PANEL 533 OF 1300

(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

 COMMUNITY
 NUMBER
 PA

 COLORADO SPRINGS, CITY OF
 080060
 08

 EL PASO COUNTY
 080059
 08

Notice to User: The **Map Number** shown below should be used when placing map orders: the **Community Number** shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.



MAP REVISED DECEMBER 7, 2018

MAP NUMBER 08041C0533G

Federal Emergency Management Agency

APPENDIX B HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

COMPOSITE % IMPERVIOUS CALCULATIONS - EXISTING CONDITIONS

Subdivision: McClintock Station Filing No. 1A

Location: Colorado Springs

Project Name: Vollmer Road RV Storage

Project No.: 25251.00

Calculated By: APL

Checked By: REB

Date: 1/12/24

)rives,	/Walks (10	0% lmp.)		F	Roofs (90%))		Pastu	re/Meadov	v (2% Imp.)	Basins	Total	Basins Total
Basin ID	Total Area	C_5	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	Weighted %	C_5	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	Weighted	C_5	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	Weighted %	Weigh	nted C	Weighted %
Businib	(ac)	05	□ 100	7 ii cu (uc)	Imp.	05	9100	711 Ca (ac)	% lmp.	05	○ 100	7 ii ca (ac)	lmp.	C_5	C ₁₀₀	Imp.
EX-1	0.48	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.0%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.48	2.0%	0.09	0.36	2.0%
EX-2	3.41	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.0%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	3.41	2.0%	0.09	0.36	2.0%
EX-3	0.56	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.0%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.56	2.0%	0.09	0.36	2.0%
EX-4	0.73	0.90	0.96	0.03	3.5%	0.73	0.81	0.05	6.0%	0.09	0.36	0.66	1.8%	0.16	0.41	11.3%
EX-5	1.66	0.90	0.96	0.02	1.0%	0.73	0.81	0.02	1.1%	0.09	0.36	1.62	2.0%	0.11	0.37	4.0%
OS-6	0.14	0.90	0.96	0.05	34.3%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.09	1.3%	0.37	0.57	35.6%
OS-7	0.27	0.90	0.96	0.08	28.1%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.19	1.4%	0.32	0.53	29.5%
OS-8	0.41	0.90	0.96	0.12	30.4%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.29	1.4%	0.34	0.54	31.8%
OS-9	0.52	0.90	0.96	0.10	19.4%	0.73	0.81	0.12	20.8%	0.09	0.36	0.30	1.2%	0.40	0.58	41.3%
OS-11	0.12	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.0%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.12	2.0%	0.09	0.36	2.0%
Total (EX 1-5)	6.84		·												·	3.5%
Total	8.30															8.6%

STANDARD FORM SF-2 - EXISTING CONDITIONS TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Subdivision: McClintock Station Filing No. 1A

Location: El Paso County

Project Name: Vollmer Road RV Storage

Project No.: 25251.00

Calculated By: APL
Checked By: REB

Date: 1/12/24

		SUB-BAS		INITIA	L/OVER	LAND			RAVEL	ГІМЕ			tc CHECK				
		DATA					(T_i)				(T_t)			(U	FINAL		
BASIN	D.A.	Hydrologic	Impervious	C_5	C ₁₀₀	L	S_o	t_i	L_t	S_t	Κ	VEL.	t _t	COMP. t_c	TOTAL	Urbanized t_c	t _c
ID	(ac)	Soils Group	(%)			(ft)	(%)	(min)	(ft)	(%)		(ft/s)	(min)	(min)	LENGTH (ft)	(min)	(min)
EX-1	0.48	В	2%	0.09	0.36	136	2.8%	15.2	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	15.2	136.0	25.7	15.2
EX-2	3.41	В	2%	0.09	0.36	226	4.2%	17.0	423	2.5%	7.0	1.1	6.4	23.4	649.0	30.5	23.4
EX-3	0.56	В	2%	0.09	0.36	122	5.6%	11.4	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	11.4	121.7	25.7	11.4
EX-4	0.73	В	11%	0.16	0.41	116	1.8%	15.0	219	2.8%	7.0	1.2	3.1	18.2	335.0	26.1	18.2
EX-5	1.66	В	4%	0.11	0.37	300	2.5%	23.0	260	3.2%	7.0	1.2	3.5	26.5	560.0	27.9	26.5
OS-6	0.14	В	36%	0.37	0.57	40	5.7%	4.7	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	39.5	19.9	5.0
OS-7	0.27	В	30%	0.32	0.53	40	5.7%	5.0	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	39.5	21.0	5.0
OS-8	0.41	В	32%	0.34	0.54	22	9.0%	3.1	455	2.5%	7.0	1.1	6.9	10.0	476.9	24.2	10.0
OS-9	0.52	В	41%	0.40	0.58	150	1.8%	12.9	260	2.0%	7.0	1.0	4.4	17.3	410.0	21.1	17.3
OS-11	0.12	В	2%	0.09	0.36	25	10.0%	4.3	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	4.3	25.0	25.7	10.0

NOTES:

$$t_c = t_i + t_t$$

Where:

 t_c = computed time of concentration (minutes)

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (minutes)

 t_t = channelized flow time (minutes).

$$t_t = \frac{L_t}{60K\sqrt{S_o}} = \frac{L_t}{60V_t}$$

 $t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)}{S_o^{0.33}}$

Where:

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (minutes)

 C_5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (from Table 6-4)

 L_i = length of overland flow (ft)

 S_0 = average slope along the overland flow path (ft/ft).

Equation 6-4

Equation 6-3

Table 0-2. NRC3 Convey	ance factors, K
Type of Land Surface	Conveyance Factor, K
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

$$t_c = (26 - 17i) + \frac{L_t}{60(14i + 9)\sqrt{S_t}}$$

Where:

 t_c = minimum time of concentration for first design point when less than t_c from Equation 6-1.

 L_t = length of channelized flow path (ft) i = imperviousness (expressed as a decimal)

 S_t = slope of the channelized flow path (ft/ft).

Where:

 t_t = channelized flow time (travel time, min)

 L_t = waterway length (ft)

So = waterway slope (ft/ft)

 V_t = travel time velocity (ft/sec) = K $\sqrt{S_o}$

K = NRCS conveyance factor (see Table 6-2).

Use a minimum t_c value of 5 minutes for urbanized areas and a minimum t_c value of 10 minutes for areas that are not considered urban. Use minimum values even when calculations result in a lesser time of concentration.

Equation 6-5

STANDARD FORM SF-3 - EXISTING CONDITIONS

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

Subdivision:	McClintock Station Filing No. 1A
Location:	El Paso County
Design Storm:	5-Year

Project Name: Vollmer Road RV Storage
Project No.: 25251.00
Calculated By: APL
Checked By: REB

Date: 1/12/24

				DIF	RECT RU	INOFF			Ţ	OTAL F	RUNOFI	F	,	STREET			PI	PE		TRA'	VEL TI	ME	
STREET	Design Point	Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	${ m t_c}$ (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	O (cfs)	tc (min)	C*A (ac)	l (in/hr)	O (cfs)	O _{street} (cfs)	C*A (ac)	Slope (%)	O _{pipe} (cfs)	C*A (ac)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	t _t (min)	REMARKS
	6	OS-6	0.14	0.37	5.0	0.05	5.17	0.3															Runoff from Basin OS-6, overland flows southeast, across Vollmer Road and into the Site at DP6.
	1	EX-1	0.48	0.09	15.2	0.04	3.50	0.2															Runoff from Basin EX-1, overland flows southeast, across the property line to Lot B at DP1.
	1.1								15.2	0.09	3.50	0.3											Runoff from DP6 and DP1 combine at DP1.1 and continue onto Lot B
	7	OS-7	0.27	0.32	5.0	0.09	5.17	0.4															Runoff from Basin OS-7, overland flows southeast, across Vollmer Road and into the Site at DP7.
	8	OS-8	0.41	0.34	10.0	0.14	4.13	0.6															Runoff from Basin OS-8, overland flows southeast, across Vollmer Road and into a road side swale, flow from the swale enters the Site at DP8.
	2	EX-2	3.41	0.09	23.4	0.31	2.85	0.9															Runoff from Basin EX-2, overland flows southeast, across the property line to Lot C at DP2.
	2.1								23.4	0.53	2.85	1.5											Runoff from DP7, DP8, and DP2 combine at DP2.1 and continue onto Lot C
	3	EX-3	0.56	0.09	11.4	0.05	3.93	0.2															Runoff from Basin EX-3, overland flows east, across the property line to an exisitng swale in the Homestead at Stearling Ranch Development
	4	EX-4	0.73	0.16	18.2	0.12	3.23	0.4															Runoff from Basin EX-4, overland flows south, across the property line to Lot C at DP4. Flow contniues to DP9.1
	9	OS-9	0.52	0.40	17.3	0.21	3.31	0.7															Runoff from Basin OS-9, overland flows southeast, to a roadsideswale and into the Site at DP9.
	9.1								23.4	0.85	2.85	2.4											Runoff from DP2.1, DP4, and DP9 combine at DP9.1 and continue onto the site
	011	OS-11	0.12	0.09	10.0	0.01	4.13	0.0															Runoff from Basin OS-11, overland flows west into the Site at DP10.
	5	EX-5	1.66	0.11	26.5	0.18	2.67	0.5															Runoff from Basin EX-5, overland flows south to a roadside ditch along Vollmer PI and leaves the site at DP5
	5.1				•			_	26.5	1.04	2.67	2.8					_						Runoff from DP5, DP9.1, and DPO11 combine at DP5.1 and continue to flow in the roadside swale to the south

Street and Pipe C*A values are determined by Q/i using the catchment's intensity value.

STANDARD FORM SF-3 - EXISTING CONDITIONS STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

Subdivision:	McClintock Station Filing No. 1A
Location:	El Paso County
Design Storm:	100-Year

Project Name: Vollmer Road RV Storage

Project No.: 25251.00
Calculated By: APL

Checked By: REB

Date: 1/12/24

				DIRE	CT RUI	NOFF			T	OTAL F	RUNOFI	F	S	TREE	Γ		PI	IPE		TRA\	/EL TIN	ИE	
STREET	Design Point	Basin ID	Area (ac)	Runoff Coeff.	$t_{ m c}$ (min)	C*A (ac)	l (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	tc (min)	C*A (ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	O _{street} (cfs)	C*A (ac)	Slope (%)	O _{pipe} (cfs)	C*A (ac)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	t _t (min)	REMARKS
	6	OS-6	0.14	0.57	5.0	0.08	8.68	0.7															Runoff from Basin OS-6, overland flows southeast, across Vollmer Road and into the Site at DP6.
	1	EX-1	0.48	0.36	15.2	0.17	5.87	1.0															Runoff from Basin EX-1, overland flows southeast, across the property line to Lot B at DP1.
	1.1								15.2	0.25	5.87	1.5											Runoff from DP6 and DP1 combine at DP1.1 and continue onto Lot B
	7 OS-7 0.27 0.53 5.0 0.14 8							1.2															Runoff from Basin OS-7, overland flows southeast, across Vollmer Road and into the Site at DP7.
	8	OS-8	0.41	0.54	10.0	0.22	6.93	1.5															Runoff from Basin OS-8, overland flows southeast, across Vollmer Road and into a road side swale, flow from the swale enters the Site at DP8.
	2	EX-2					4.79																Runoff from Basin EX-2, overland flows southeast, across the property line to Lot C at DP2.
	2.1								23.4	1.59	4.79	7.6											Runoff from DP7, DP8, and DP2 combine at DP2.1 and continue onto Lot C
	3	EX-3	0.56	0.36	11.4	0.20	6.61	1.3															Runoff from Basin EX-3, overland flows east, across the property line to an exisitng swale in the Homestead at Stearling Ranch Development
	4	EX-4	0.73	0.41	18.2	0.30	5.43	1.6															Runoff from Basin EX-4, overland flows south, across the property line to Lot C at DP4. Flow contniues to DP9.1
	9	OS-9					5.55																Runoff from Basin OS-9, overland flows southeast, to a roadsideswale and into the Site at DP9.
	9.1								23.4	2.19	4.79	10.5											Runoff from DP2.1, DP4, and DP9 combine at DP9.1 and continue onto the site
		OS-11	0.12	0.36	10.0	0.04	6.93	0.3															Runoff from Basin OS-11, overland flows west into the Site at DPO11.
	5	EX-5					4.48																Runoff from Basin EX-5, overland flows south to a roadside ditch along Vollmer PI and leaves the site at DP5
	5.1									2.85	4.48	12.8											Runoff from DP5, DP9.1, and DPO11 combine at DP5.1 and continue to flow in the roadside swale to the south
Notes: Street and Pipe C*.	A value	es are d	etermir	ned by (Q/i usir	ng the c	atchme	nt's int		ı							ı	1	1		1	1	

COMPOSITE % IMPERVIOUS CALCULATIONS - PROPOSED CONDITIONS

Subdivision: McClintock Station Filing No. 1A
Location: El Paso County

Project Name: Vollmer Road RV Storage

Project No.: 25251.00

Calculated By: APL

Checked By: REB

Date: 2/8/24

			rives/Wall	ks (100% In	np.)		Roofs	(90%)		Pa	sture/Mea	dow (2% Im	p.)	Basins	s Total	Basins Total
Basin ID	Total Area (ac)	C_5	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	C_5	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	C_5	C ₁₀₀	Area (ac)	Weighted % Imp.	Weigl C₅	nted C C ₁₀₀	Weighted % Imp.
А	1.43	0.90	0.96	0.98	68.5%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.45	0.6%	0.65	0.77	69.2%
В	2.20	0.90	0.96	1.72	78.2%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.48	0.4%	0.72	0.83	78.6%
С	1.57	0.90	0.96	1.17	74.5%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.40	0.5%	0.69	0.81	75.0%
D	0.82	0.90	0.96	0.38	46.3%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.44	1.1%	0.47	0.64	47.4%
E	0.17	0.90	0.96	0.01	5.9%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.16	1.9%	0.14	0.40	7.8%
F	0.07	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.0%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.07	2.0%	0.09	0.36	2.0%
G	0.24	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.0%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.24	2.0%	0.09	0.36	2.0%
Н	0.11	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.0%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.11	2.0%	0.09	0.36	2.0%
1	0.24	0.90	0.96	0.11	45.5%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.13	1.1%	0.46	0.63	46.5%
OS-9	0.52	0.90	0.96	0.10	19.4%	0.73	0.81	0.12	20.8%	0.09	0.36	0.30	1.2%	0.40	0.58	41.3%
OS-10	0.81	0.90	0.96	0.24	29.6%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.57	1.4%	0.33	0.54	31.0%
OS-11	0.12	0.90	0.96	0.00	0.0%	0.73	0.81	0.00	0.0%	0.09	0.36	0.12	2.0%	0.09	0.36	2.0%
Total	8.30								·					·	·	58.9%
Pond Total (A-D)	6.02															71%

STANDARD FORM SF-2 - PROPOSED CONDITIONS TIME OF CONCENTRATION

Subdivision: McClintock Station Filing No. 1A
Location: El Paso County

Project Name: Vollmer Road RV Storage

Project No.: 25251.00

Calculated By: APL

Checked By: REB

Date: 2/8/24

			SUB-E	BASIN			INITI	AL/OVERL	.AND		T	RAVEL TIM	E			tc CHECK		
			DA	λTA				(T _i)				(T_t)			(L	JRBANIZED BA	SINS)	FINAL
В	BASIN	D.A.	Hydrologic	Impervious	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	L	So	t _i	L _t	S_t	Κ	VEL.	t_t	COMP. t_c	TOTAL	Urbanized t_c	t_c
	ID	(ac)	Soils Group	(%)			(ft)	(%)	(min)	(ft)	(%)		(ft/s)	(min)	(min)	LENGTH (ft)	(min)	(min)
	Α	1.43	В	69%	0.65	0.77	100	3.8%	5.3	441	2.4%	20.0	3.1	2.4	7.7	541.0	16.8	7.7
	В	2.20	В	79%	0.72	0.83	100	3.0%	4.7	515	1.5%	20.0	2.4	3.6	8.3	615.0	16.2	8.3
	С	1.57	В	75%	0.69	0.81	100	1.8%	6.0	302	1.6%	20.0	2.5	2.0	8.1	402.4	15.3	8.1
	D	0.82	В	47%	0.47	0.64	100	3.2%	7.8	129	4.7%	7.0	1.5	1.4	9.2	229.0	18.6	9.2
	E	0.17	В	8%	0.14	0.40	51	5.5%	7.1	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	50.6	24.7	7.1
	F	0.07	В	2%	0.09	0.36	27	1.7%	7.9	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	26.6	25.7	7.9
	G	0.24	В	2%	0.09	0.36	20	29.0%	2.7	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	19.5	25.7	5.0
	Н	0.11	В	2%	0.09	0.36	17	30.0%	2.5	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	17.3	25.7	5.0
	1	0.24	В	47%	0.46	0.63	58	3.1%	6.1	89	5.0%	20.0	4.5	0.3	6.4	146.8	18.5	6.4
	OS-9	0.52	В	41%	0.40	0.58	150	1.8%	12.9	260	2.0%	7.0	1.0	4.4	17.3	410.0	21.1	17.3
	OS-10	0.81	В	31%	0.33	0.54	22	10.0%	3.0	933	2.1%	7.0	1.0	15.2	18.3	954.5	28.7	18.3
(OS-11	0.12	В	2%	0.09	0.36	25	10.0%	4.3	0	0.0%	7.0	0.0	0.0	4.3	25.0	25.7	10.0

NOTES:

Where:

Where:

$$t_c = t_i + t_t$$

· c · 1 · · 1

 t_c = computed time of concentration (minutes)

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (minutes)

 t_t = channelized flow time (minutes).

$$t = \frac{L_t}{60K\sqrt{S_o}} = \frac{L_t}{60V_t}$$

Equation 6-2

$$t_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L_0}}{S_o^{0.33}}$$

Where:

 t_i = overland (initial) flow time (minutes)

C5 = runoff coefficient for 5-year frequency (from Table 6-4)

 L_i = length of overland flow (ft)

 S_0 = average slope along the overland flow path (ft/ft).

Equation 6-4 $t_c = (26 - 17i) + \frac{L_t}{60(14i + 9)\sqrt{S_t}}$

Equation 6-3

Equation 6-5

Table 6-2. NRCS Conveyance factors, K

Type of Land Surface	Conveyance Factor, K
Heavy meadow	2.5
Tillage/field	5
Short pasture and lawns	7
Nearly bare ground	10
Grassed waterway	15
Paved areas and shallow paved swales	20

Where:

 t_t = channelized flow time (travel time, min)

 L_t = waterway length (ft)

 S_o = waterway slope (ft/ft) V_t = travel time velocity (ft/sec) = $K\sqrt{S_o}$

 V_t = travel time velocity (to sec) = K vS_o K = NRCS conveyance factor (see Table 6-2). t_c = minimum time of concentration for first design point when less than t_c from Equation 6-1.

 L_t = length of channelized flow path (ft)

i = imperviousness (expressed as a decimal)

 $S_t =$ slope of the channelized flow path (ft/ft).

Use a minimum t_c value of 5 minutes for urbanized areas and a minimum t_c value of 10 minutes for areas that are not considered urban. Use minimum values even when calculations result in a lesser time of concentration.

STANDARD FORM SF-3 - PROPOSED CONDITIONS

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

Subdivision:	McClintock Station Filing No. 1A
Location:	El Paso County
Design Storm:	5-Year

Project Name: Vollmer Road RV Storage

Project No.: 25251.00 Calculated By: APL
Checked By: REB
Date: 2/8/24

				DIR	ECT RU	NOFF			TO	ΓAL RU	NOFF		STREE	Γ		PI	PE		TRA	VEL TI	ME	
STREET	Design Point	Basin ID	Area (Ac)	Runoff Coeff.	$ m t_c$ (min)	C*A (Ac)	I (in/hr)	O (cfs)	tc (min)	C*A (ac)	O (cfs)	O _{street} (cfs)	C*A (ac)	Slope (%)	O _{pipe} (cfs)	C*A (ac)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	t _t (min)	REMARKS
	1	А	1.43	0.65	7.7	0.92	4.52	4.2							4.2	0.92	1.6	18	3 139	6.6	0.4	Runoff from Basin A, overland flows south to DP1, flow enters Inlet A, a Type C inlet in sump. Flow is piped via proposed storm sewer to DP2.1.
	2	В	2.20	0.72	8.3	1.59	4.41	7.0														Runoff from Basin B, overland flows south to DP2, flow enters Inlet B a Type C inlet in sump. Flow is piped via proposed storm sewer to DP2.1.
	2.1								8.3	2.51 4	41 11.	ı			11.1	2.51	0.5	24	1 114	5.5	0.3	Flows for DP1 and DP2 combine in proposed storm sewer system. Flow is piped via proposed storm sewer to DP3.1
	3	С	1.57	0.69	8.1	1.09	4.45	4.8							4.8	1.09	0.5	18	3 47	4.4	0.2	Runoff from Basin B, overland flows to DP3, flow enters Inlet C, a Type C inlet in sump. Flow is piped via proposed sewer to DP3.1.
	3.1								8.6	3.60 4	35 15.	7										Flows for DP2.1 and DP3 combine in proposed storm sewer system. Flow is piped via proposed storm sewer to pond.
	4	D	0.82	0.47	9.2	0.38	4.25	1.6														Runoff from Basin D, overland flows to the trickle channel at the bottom of the pond.
	5	Е	0.17	0.14	7.1	0.02	4.65	0.1														Runoff from Basin E, overland flows east, across the property line to an exisitng swale in the Homestead at Sterling Ranch Development at DP5.
	6	F	0.07	0.09	7.9	0.01	4.48	0.0														Runoff from Basin F, overland flows east across the property line to the Homestead at Sterling Ranch Development at DP6. Combines flow at DP011.1.
	09	OS-9	0.52	0.40	17.3	0.21	3.31	0.7														Runoff from Basin OS-9, overland flows southeast to the roadside swale along Vollmer Place at DPO9.
	7	G	0.24	0.09	5.0		5.17	0.1														Runoff from Basin G, overland flows south to the roadside swale along Vollmer Place at DP7. Combines flow in proposed FES at DP7.1
	7.1								17.3	0.23 3	31 0.8	3										DPO9 and DP7 combine in roadside swale before entering culvert at site access. Flow continues to DP9.1.
	011	OS-11	0.12	0.09	10.0	0.01	4.13	0.0														Runoff from Basin OS-11, overland flows west into the Site at DPO11. Combines flow at DPO11.1
	011.1								10.0	0.02 4	13 0.	I										DP6 and DP011 combine sheet flowing back on-site. Flow continues to DP9.1.
	9	ı	0.24	0.46	6.4	0.11	4.80	0.5														Runoff from Basin I overland flows southeast to the roadside swale along Vollmer Place to DP9.
	P1							0.8														5 year release from the pond.
	9.1								17.3	0.35 3	31 2.0)										Flows from DP7.1, DPO11.1, and DP9 combine in the roadside swale before exiting the site at DP9.1 and following existing drainage patterns.
	8	Н	0.11	0.09	5.0	0.01	5.17	0.1														Runoff from Basin H, overland flows south, across the property line to Mc Clintock Stations B and C.
	010	OS-10	0.81	0.33	18.3	0.27	3.22	0.9														Off-site basin runoff is collected in the roadside swale along Vollmer Road to DPO10 where flow enters a proposed 18" driveway culvert.
lotes: treet and Pipe C*	A value	s are d	etermi	ned by 0	2/i using	the catc	hment's i	intensi	ty value	٠.												

STANDARD FORM SF-3 - PROPOSED CONDITIONS

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

(RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURE)

Subdivision:	McClintock Station Filing No. 1A
Location:	El Paso County

Design Storm: 100-Year

Project Name: Vollmer Road RV Storage

Project No.: 25251.00
Calculated By: APL

Checked By: REB
Date: 2/8/24

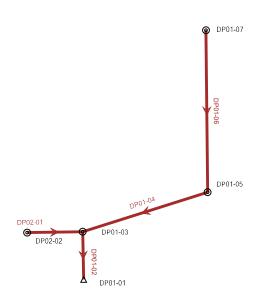
				DIRE	CT RU	NOFF			TC	TAL R	UNOFF		S	TREE	Т		PIF	PE		TRAV	VEL TIN	ЛE								
STREET	Design Point	Basin ID	Area (ac)	Runoff Coeff.	$t_{ m c}$ (min)	C*A (ac)	I (in/hr)	Q (cfs)	tc (min)	C*A (ac)	l (in/hr)	O (cfs)	O _{street} (cfs)	C*A (ac)	Slope (%)	O _{pipe} (cfs)	C*A (ac)	Slope (%)	Pipe Size (inches)	Length (ft)	Velocity (fps)	t _t (min)	REMARKS							
	1	Α	1.43	0.77	7.7	1.10	7.59	8.4								8.4			18	139	7.9	0.3	Runoff from Basin A, overland flows south to DP1, flow enters Inlet A, a Type C inlet in sump. Flow is piped via proposed storm sewer to DP2.1.							
	2	В	2.20				7.41																Runoff from Basin B, overland flows south to DP2, flow enters Inlet B a Type C inlet in sump. Flow is piped via proposed storm sewer to DP2.1.							
	2.1								8.3	2.92	7.41	21.6				21.6	2.92	0.5	24	114	6.9	0.3	Flows for DP1 and DP2 combine in proposed storm sewer system. Flow is piped via proposed storm sewer to DP3.1							
	3	С	1 57	0.81	8 1	1 27	7.48	9.5								9.5	1.27					0 .	Runoff from Basin B, overland flows to DP3, flow enters Inlet C, a Type C inlet in sump. Flow is piped via proposed sewer to DP3.1.							
	3.1	Ü		0.01	011		7110	7.0		4.19	7.33	30.7				7.0		0.0			0.1		Flows for DP2.1 and DP3 combine in proposed storm sewer system. Flow is piped via proposed storm sewer to pond.							
	4	D	0.82	0.64	9.2	0.52	7.14	3.7															Runoff from Basin D, overland flows to the trickle channel at the bottom of the pond.							
	5	E	0.17				7.81																Runoff from Basin E, overland flows east, across the property line to an exisitng swale in the Homestead at Sterling Ranch Development at DP5.							
	6	F	0.07	0.36			7.52																Runoff from Basin F, overland flows east across the property line to the Homestead at Sterling Ranch Development at DP6. Combines flow at DPO11.1.							
	09	OS-9	0.52	0.58	17.3	0.30	5.55	1.7															Runoff from Basin OS-9, overland flows southeast to the roadside swale along Vollmer Place at DPO9.							
	7	G	0.24	0.36	5.0	0.09	8.68	0.8															Runoff from Basin G, overland flows south to the roadside swale along Vollmer Place at DP7. Combines flow in proposed FES at DP7.1							
	7.1								17.3	0.39	5.55	2.2											DPO9 and DP7 combine in roadside swale before entering culvert at site access. Flow continues to DP9.1.							
	011	OS-11	0.12	0.36	10.0	0.04	6.93	0.3															Runoff from Basin OS-11, overland flows west into the Site at DPO11. Combines flow at DPO11.1							
	011.1								10.0	0.07	6.93	0.5											DP6 and DPO11 combine sheet flowing back on-site. Flow continues to DP9.1.							
	9	1	0.24	0.63	6.4	0.15	8.06	1.2															Runoff from Basin I overland flows southeast to the roadside swale along Vollmer Place to DP9.							
	P1							5.7														100 year release from the pond.								
	9.1								17.3	0.61	5.55	9.1											Flows from DP7.1, DPO11.1, and DP9 combine in the roadside swale before exiting the site at DP9.1 and following existing drainage patterns.							
	8	Н	0.11	0.36	5.0	0.04	8.68	0.3														Runoff from Basin H, overland flows south, across the property line to Mc Clintock Stations B and C.								
	010	OS-10	0.81	0.54	18.3	0.44	5.41	2.4															Off-site basin runoff is collected in the roadside swale along Vollmer Road to DPO10 where flow enters a proposed 18" driveway culvert.							

Notes:

Street and Pipe C*A values are determined by Q/i using the catchment's intensity value.

APPENDIX C HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

Scenario: 5 YEAR



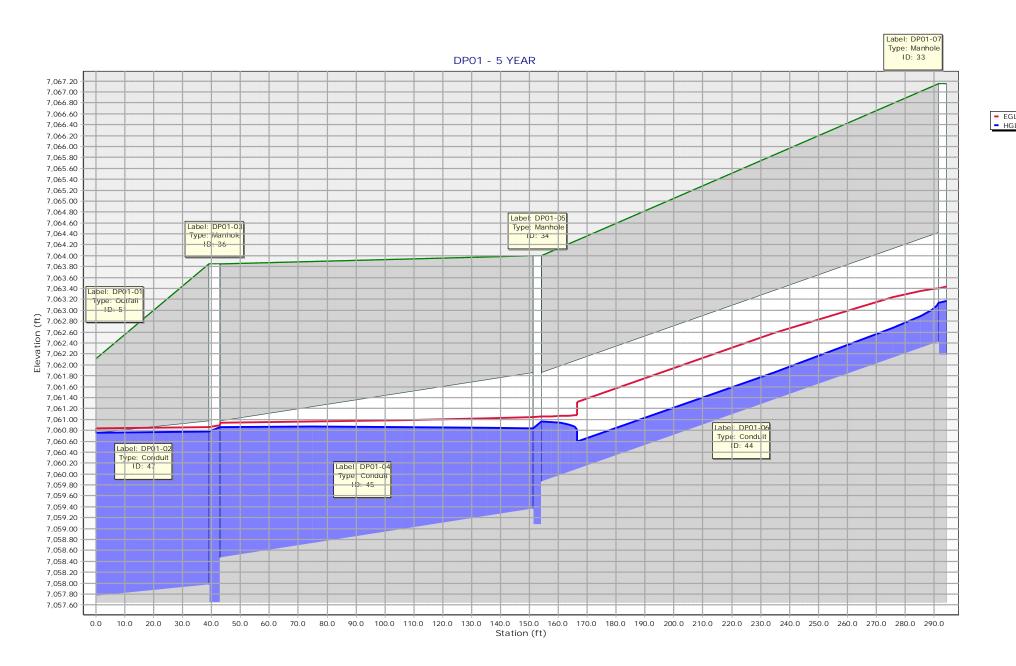


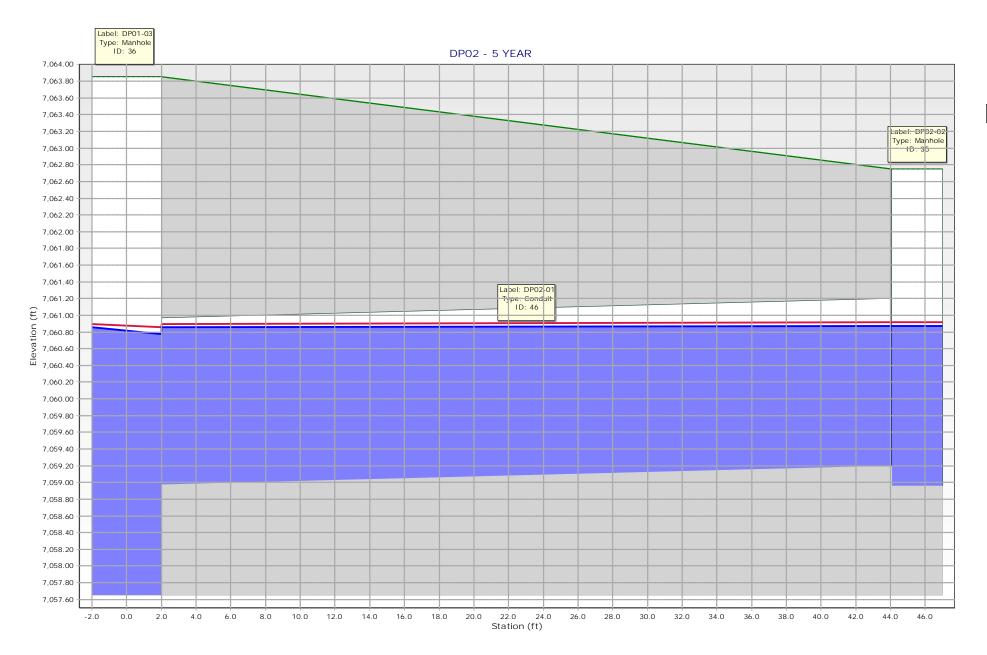
Scenario: 5 YEAR

Current Time Step: 0.000 h
Conduit FlexTable: Combined Pipe/Node Report

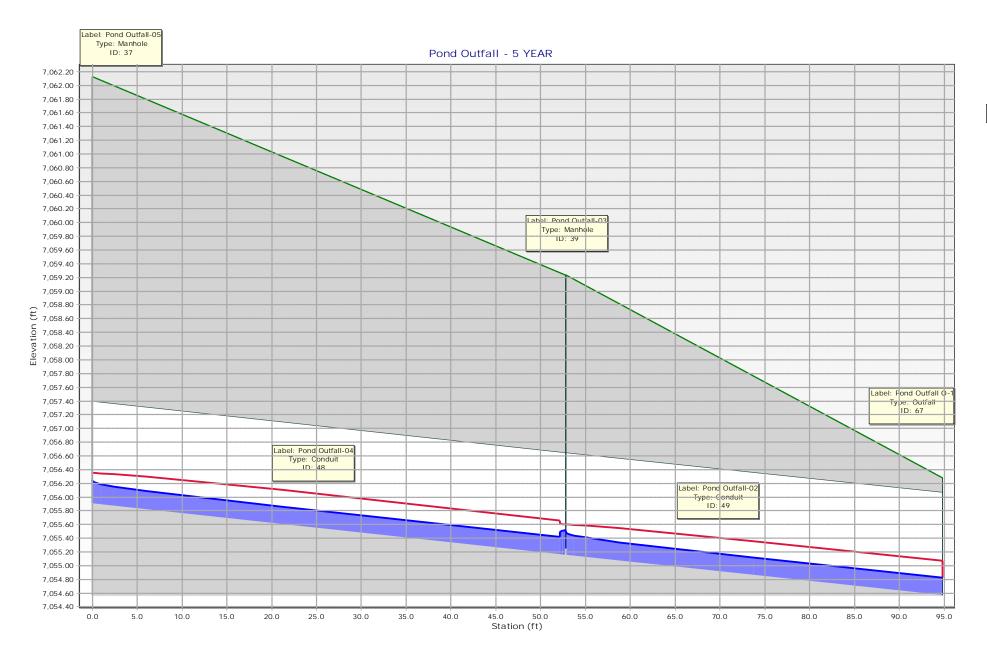
Upstream Structure	Label	Flow (cfs)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Diameter (in)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Invert (Start) (ft)	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Elevation Ground (Start) (ft)	Elevation Ground (Stop) (ft)	HGL (In) (ft)	HGL (Out) (ft)	Energy Grade Line (In) (ft)	Energy Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Upstream Structure Headloss Coefficient	Manning's n
DP01-03	DP01-02	15.70	47.73	36.0	41.0	0.005	7,057.97	7,057.76	7,063.85	7,062.12	7,060.78	7,060.76	7,060.86	7,060.84	6.05	1.000	0.013
DP01-05	DP01-04	11.10	36.60	30.0	111.7	0.008	7,059.36	7,058.47	7,064.00	7,063.85	7,060.83	7,060.86	7,061.04	7,060.94	6.54	0.630	0.013
DP01-07	DP01-06	4.20	30.57	24.0	140.1	0.018	7,062.42	7,059.86	7,067.15	7,064.00	7,063.14	7,060.97	7,063.40	7,061.05	6.82	0.100	0.013
DP02-02	DP02-01	4.80	16.08	24.0	45.5	0.005	7,059.20	7,058.97	7,062.75	7,063.85	7,060.87	7,060.86	7,060.91	7,060.90	4.47	0.100	0.013
Pond Outfall-03	Pond Outfall-02	0.80	12.36	18.0	42.0	0.014	7,055.15	7,054.57	7,059.23	7,056.28	7,055.48	7,054.83	7,055.60	7,055.07	3.94	0.300	0.013
Pond Outfall-05	Pond Outfall-04	0.80	12.52	18.0	52.8	0.014	7,055.90	7,055.15	7,062.13	7,059.23	7,056.23	7,055.52	7,056.35	7,055.61	3.97	0.100	0.013

X:\2520000.all\2525100\StormCAD\2023-04-24_STORM CAD.stsw





■ EGL ■ HGL

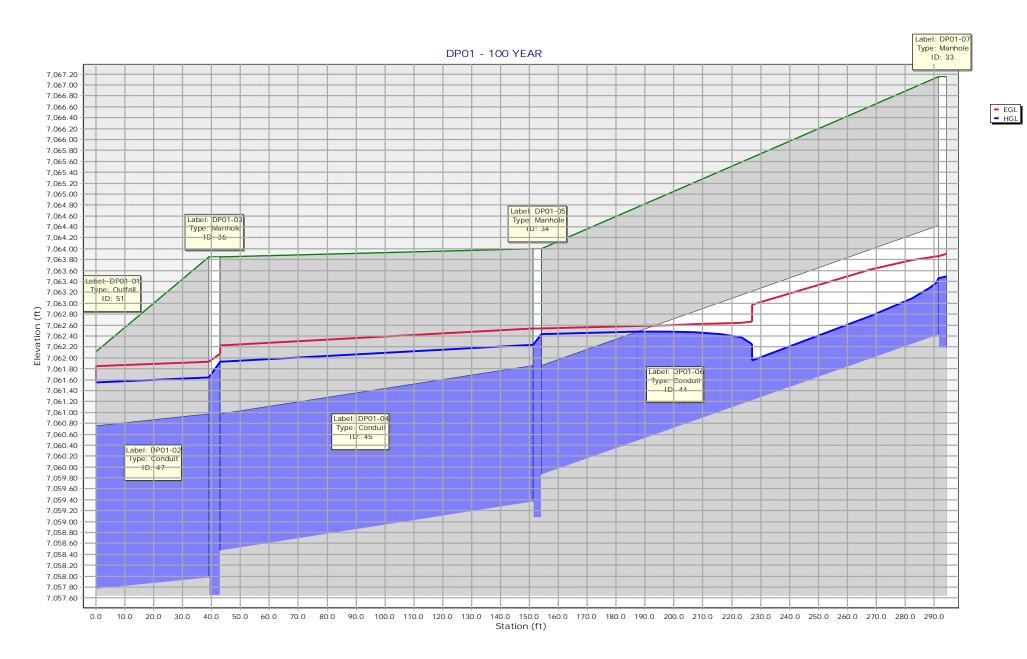


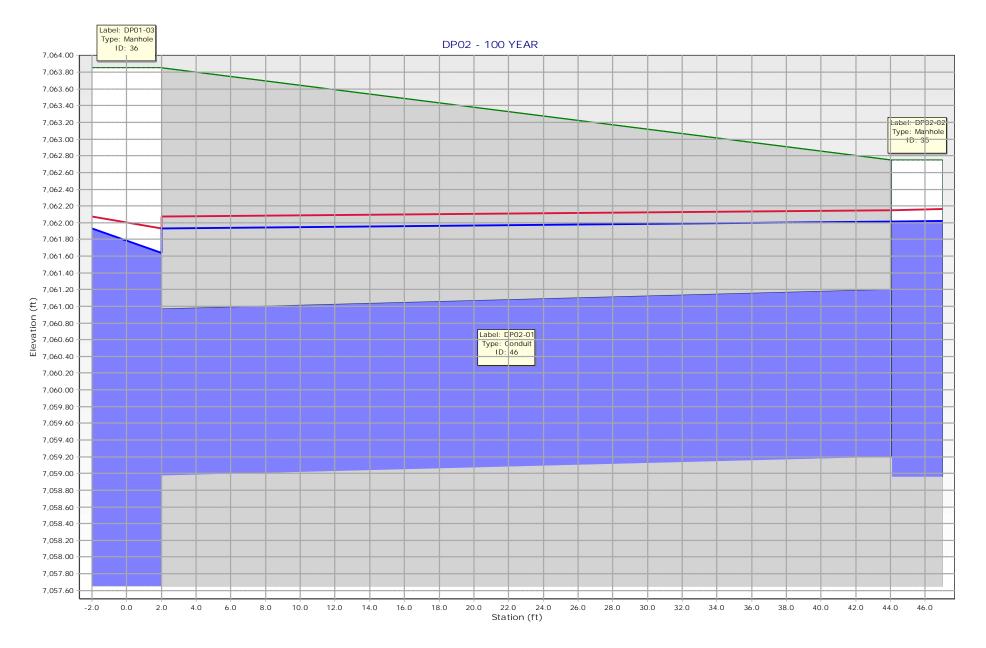
- EGL - HGL Scenario: 100 YEAR

Current Time Step: 0.000 h
Conduit FlexTable: Combined Pipe/Node Report

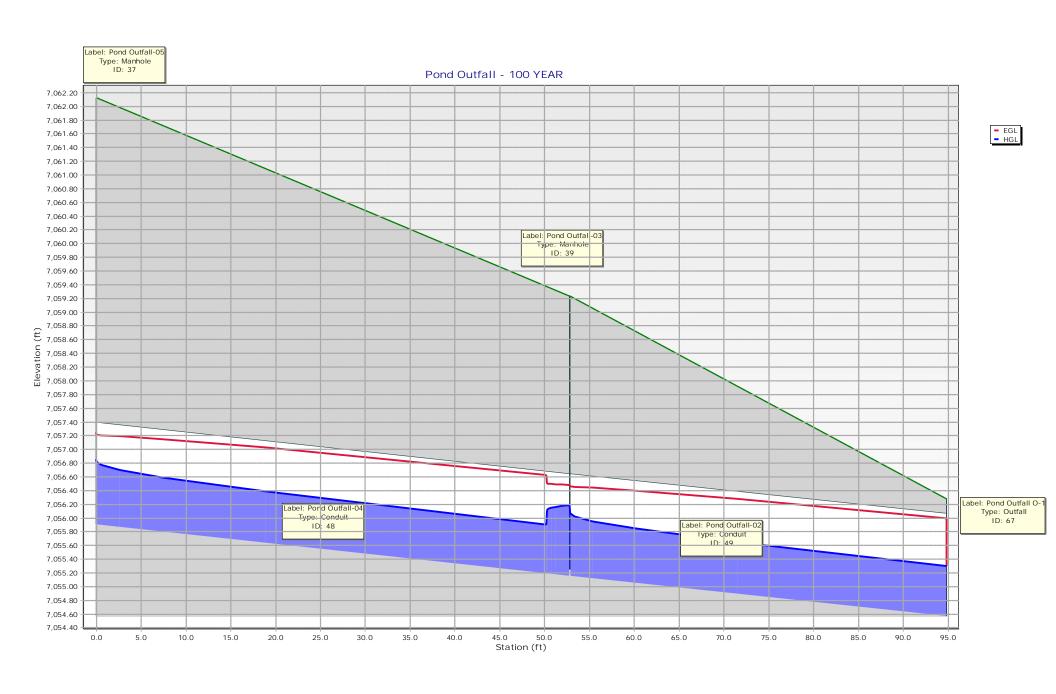
Upstream Structure	Label	Flow (cfs)	Capacity (Full Flow) (cfs)	Diameter (in)	Length (User Defined) (ft)	Slope (Calculated) (ft/ft)	Invert (Start) (ft)	Invert (Stop) (ft)	Elevation Ground (Start) (ft)	Elevation Ground (Stop) (ft)	HGL (In)	HGL (Out) (ft)	Energy Grade Line (In) (ft)	Energy Grade Line (Out) (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Upstream Structure Headloss Coefficient	Manning's n
DP01-03	DP01-02	30.70	47.73	36.0	41.0	0.005	7,057.97	7,057.76	7,063.85	7,062.12	7,061.64	7,061.55	7,061.93	7,061.84	4.34	1.000	0.013
DP01-05	DP01-04	21.60	36.60	30.0	111.7	0.008	7,059.36	7,058.47	7,064.00	7,063.85	7,062.24	7,061.93	7,062.54	7,062.23	4.40	0.630	0.013
DP01-07	DP01-06	8.40	30.57	24.0	140.1	0.018	7,062.42	7,059.86	7,067.15	7,064.00	7,063.45	7,062.43	7,063.86	7,062.54	8.30	0.100	0.013
DP02-02	DP02-01	9.50	16.08	24.0	45.5	0.005	7,059.20	7,058.97	7,062.75	7,063.85	7,062.01	7,061.93	7,062.15	7,062.07	3.02	0.100	0.013
Pond Outfall-03	Pond Outfall-02	5.70	12.36	18.0	42.0	0.014	7,055.15	7,054.57	7,059.23	7,056.28	7,056.07	7,055.30	7,056.46	7,056.00	6.85	0.300	0.013
Pond Outfall-05	Pond Outfall-04	5.70	12.52	18.0	52.8	0.014	7,055.90	7,055.15	7,062.13	7,059.23	7,056.82	7,056.19	7,057.21	7,056.48	6.92	0.100	0.013

X:\2520000.all\2525100\StormCAD\2023-04-24_STORM CAD.stsw





- EGL - HGL



MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021) INLET MANAGEMENT

1 / /	 	neet	D		-l
VV		neer	. Pr(TEC	Tec

INLET NAME

Site Type (Urban or Rural)	LIDDANI	LIDDANI	URBAN
one Type (Orban of Rufal)	URBAN	URBAN	UKDAN
Inlet Application (Street or Area)	AREA	AREA	AREA
Hydraulic Condition	Swale	Swale	Swale
Inlet Type	CDOT Type C (Depressed)	CDOT Type C (Depressed)	CDOT Type C (Depressed)
ER-DEFINED INPUT			
User-Defined Design Flows			
Minor Q _{Known} (cfs)	4.8	7.0	4.2
Major Q _{Known} (cfs)	9.5	13.5	8.4
Bypass (Carry-Over) Flow from Upstrean	1		
Receive Bypass Flow from:	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received	No Bypass Flow Received
Minor Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Major Bypass Flow Received, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Watershed Characteristics Subcatchment Area (acres)			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile Overland Slope (ft/ft)			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile Overland Slope (ft/ft) Overland Length (ft)			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile Overland Slope (ft/ft)			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile Overland Slope (ft/ft) Overland Length (ft) Channel Slope (ft/ft)			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile Overland Slope (ft/ft) Overland Length (ft) Channel Slope (ft/ft) Channel Length (ft)			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile Overland Slope (ft/ft) Overland Length (ft) Channel Slope (ft/ft) Channel Length (ft) Minor Storm Rainfall Input			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile Overland Slope (ft/ft) Overland Length (ft) Channel Slope (ft/ft) Channel Length (ft) Channel Length (ft) Channel Length (ft) Design Storm Rainfall Input Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years) One-Hour Precipitation, P ₁ (inches)			
Subcatchment Area (acres) Percent Impervious NRCS Soil Type Watershed Profile Overland Slope (ft/ft) Overland Length (ft) Channel Slope (ft/ft) Channel Length (ft) Minor Storm Rainfall Input Design Storm Return Period, T _r (years)			

Inlet B

Inlet A

Inlet C

CALCULATED OUTPUT

			T
otal Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	4.8	7.0	4.2
otal Design Peak Flow, Q (cfs)	9.5	13.5	8.4
ow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0
ow Bypassed Downstream, Q _b (cfs)	0.0	0.0	0.0
71 , es ()			0.0

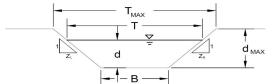
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine

Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Inlet C



Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E) A, B, C, D, or E = Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value) 0.013 Channel Invert Slope S₀ = 0.0176 ft/ft Bottom Width B = 4.00 Left Side Slope ft/ft Z1 = 25.00 Right Side Sloe Z2 = 100.00 ft/ft Check one of the following soil types: Choose One: Max. Velocity (V_{MAX}) Max Froude No. (F_{MAX}) Soil Type: Non-Cohesive Non-Cohesive 5.0 fps 0.60 Cohesive Cohesive 7.0 fps 0.80 Paved Paved N/A N/A Minor Storm Major Storm Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm T_{MAX} 25.00 50.00 Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm 0.25 0.50 Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry Minor Storm 7.8 Major Storm **51.4** MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion cfs 0.17 0.37 <u>Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow</u> Design Peak Flow Q_o = 4.8 9.5 cfs Water Depth 0.14 0.18 ft Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management' Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Inlet C Inlet Design Information (Input) CDOT Type C (Depressed) CDOT Type C (Depressed) ┰ Inlet Type = Type of Inlet Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees) 0.00 degrees Width of Grate W = 3.00 Length of Grate L: 3.00 Open Area Ratio Height of Inclined Grate Clogging Factor Grate Discharge Coefficient Orifice Coefficient 0.70 H_B 0.00 C_f : 0.50 C_d : 0.84 C_{\circ} 0.56 Weir Coefficient 1.81 MAJOR MINOR Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression) Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) d 1.18 **15.5** 1.14 **15.2** Q_a = cfs Bypassed Flow Q_b = 0.0 0.0 cfs

C%

100

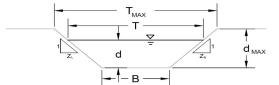
%

100

Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021) AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Inlet B



This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine Manning's n. For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

> ft/ft ft/ft ft/ft

Major Storm **50.00** 0.50 Major Storm 36.9

cfs

	1	I			
Analysis of Trapezoi	dal Grass-Lined Channel U	Ising SCS Method			
NRCS Vegetal Retarda	ince (A, B, C, D, or E)		A, B, C, D, or E =		1
Manning's n (Leave ce	ell D16 blank to manually ent	er an n value)	n =	0.013	Ī
Channel Invert Slope			S ₀ =	0.0132	ŀ
Bottom Width			B =	4.00	7
Left Side Slope			Z1 =	40.00	f
Right Side Sloe			Z2 =	100.00	ſ
C	heck one of the following soi	I types:	·	Choose One:	_
Soil Type:	Max. Velocity (V _{MAX})	Max Froude No. (F _{MAX})		Non-Cohesiv	Э
Non-Cohesive	5.0 fps	0.60		Cohesive	
Cohesive	7.0 fps	0.80		Paved	
Paved	N/A	N/A		Faveu	
				Minor Storm	
Maximum Allowable To	op Width of Channel for Mind	or & Major Storm	$T_{MAX} =$	30.00	I
Maximum Allowable W	later Depth in Channel for Mi	inor & Major Storm	$d_{MAX} =$	0.25	Ι
Allowable Channel C	Capacity Based On Channe	l Geometry		Minor Storm	
MINOR STORM Allowa	able Capacity is based on Top	Width Criterion	$Q_{allow} =$	9.3	Ι

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion	$d_{allow} =$	0.19	0.33	ft
Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow				
	_			
Design Peak Flow	Q _o =	7.0	13.5	cfs
Water Depth	d =	0.16	0.22	ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management' Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

Inlet B Inlet Design Information (Input) CDOT Type C (Depressed) CDOT Type C (Depressed) -Inlet Type = Type of Inlet Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees) 0.00 degrees Width of Grate W = 3.00 Length of Grate L: 3.00 Open Area Ratio Height of Inclined Grate Clogging Factor Grate Discharge Coefficient Orifice Coefficient 0.70 H_B 0.00 C_f : 0.50 C_d : 0.84 C_{\circ} 0.56 Weir Coefficient 1.81 MAJOR MINOR Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression) Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) d 1.16 **15.4** 1.22 **15.7** Q_a = cfs Bypassed Flow Q_b = 0.0 0.0 cfs Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo C% % 100 100

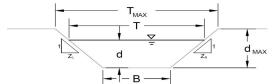
AREA INLET IN A SWALE

This worksheet uses the NRCS vegetal retardance method to determine

Manning's n.

For more information see Section 7.2.3 of the USDCM.

Inlet A



Analysis of Trapezoidal Grass-Lined Channel Using SCS Method NRCS Vegetal Retardance (A, B, C, D, or E) A, B, C, D, or E = Manning's n (Leave cell D16 blank to manually enter an n value) 0.013 Channel Invert Slope S₀ = 0.0217 ft/ft Bottom Width B = 4.00 Left Side Slope ft/ft Z1 = 50.00 Right Side Sloe Z2 = 50.00 ft/ft Check one of the following soil types: Choose One: Max. Velocity (V_{MAX}) Max Froude No. (F_{MAX}) Soil Type: Non-Cohesive Non-Cohesive 5.0 fps 0.60 Cohesive Cohesive 7.0 fps 0.80 Paved Paved N/A N/A Minor Storm Major Storm Maximum Allowable Top Width of Channel for Minor & Major Storm T_{MAX} = 20.00 30.00 Maximum Allowable Water Depth in Channel for Minor & Major Storm 0.25 0.50 Allowable Channel Capacity Based On Channel Geometry Major Storm 20.8 Minor Storm MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Top Width Criterion 6.8 cfs 0.16 0.26 <u>Water Depth in Channel Based On Design Peak Flow</u> Design Peak Flow Q_o = 4.2 8.4 cfs Water Depth 0.13 0.18 ft

Minor storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management' Major storm max. allowable capacity GOOD - greater than the design flow given on sheet 'Inlet Management'

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)

AREA INLET IN A SWALE

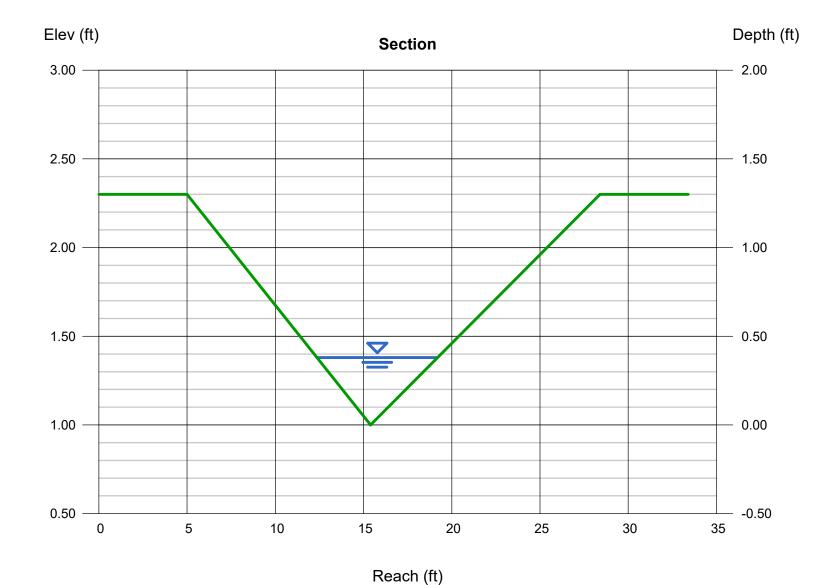
Inlet A Inlet Design Information (Input) CDOT Type C (Depressed) CDOT Type C (Depressed) -Inlet Type = Type of Inlet Angle of Inclined Grate (must be <= 30 degrees) 0.00 degrees Width of Grate W = 3.00 Length of Grate L: 3.00 Open Area Ratio Height of Inclined Grate Clogging Factor Grate Discharge Coefficient Orifice Coefficient 0.70 H_B : 0.00 C_f : 0.50 C_d : 0.84 C_{\circ} 0.56 Weir Coefficient 1.81 MAJOR MINOR Water Depth at Inlet (for depressed inlets, 1 foot is added for depression) Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition) d : 1.13 **15.1** 1.18 **15.4** Q_a = cfs Bypassed Flow Q_b = 0.0 0.0 cfs Capture Percentage = Qa/Qo C% 100 % 100

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Apr 25 2023

Swale A_A

Triangular		Highlighted	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 8.00, 10.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.38
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.30	Q (cfs)	= 2.400
		Area (sqft)	= 1.30
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.85
Slope (%)	= 2.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 6.88
N-Value	= 0.035	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.34
		Top Width (ft)	= 6.84
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.43
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 2.40		



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

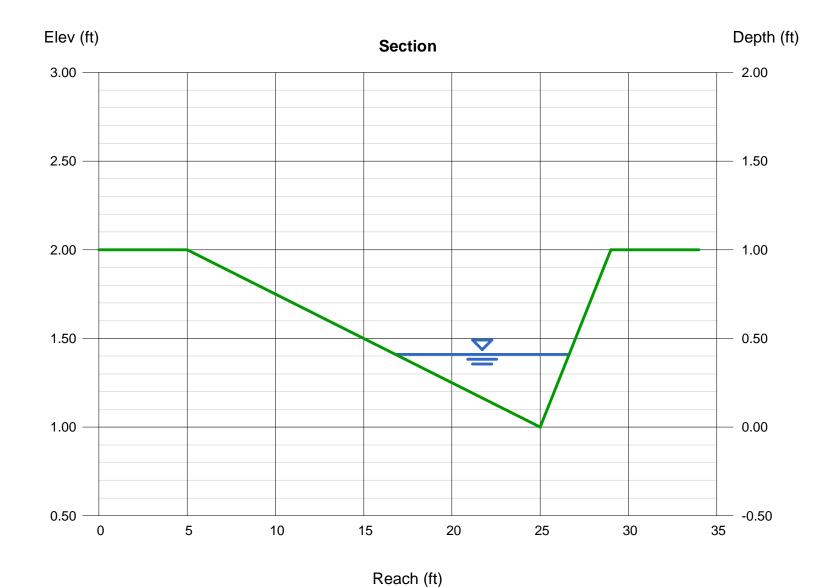
= 2.20

Monday, Jan 15 2024

SWALE B-B

Known Q (cfs)

Triangular		Highlighted	
Side Slopes (z:1)	= 20.00, 4.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.41
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.00	Q (cfs)	= 2.200
		Area (sqft)	= 2.02
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.09
Slope (%)	= 0.56	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 9.90
N-Value	= 0.035	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.30
		Top Width (ft)	= 9.84
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.43
Compute by:	Known Q		



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Nov 17 2023

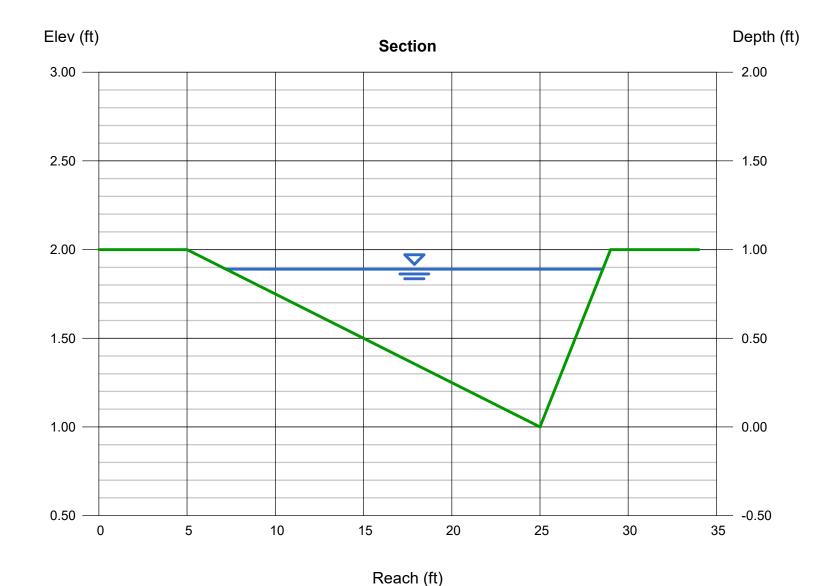
SWALE B-B EMERGENCY CONDITION

Side Slopes (z:1) Total Depth (ft)	= 20.00, 4.00 = 1.00
Invert Elev (ft) Slope (%) N-Value	= 1.00 = 0.56 = 0.035
in-value	= 0.035

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 17.10

Highlighted Depth (ft) = 0.89Q (cfs) = 17.10 Area (sqft) = 9.51Velocity (ft/s) = 1.80 Wetted Perim (ft) = 21.49Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.67Top Width (ft) = 21.36EGL (ft) = 0.94



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

= 0.035

Monday, Jan 15 2024

SWALE C-C

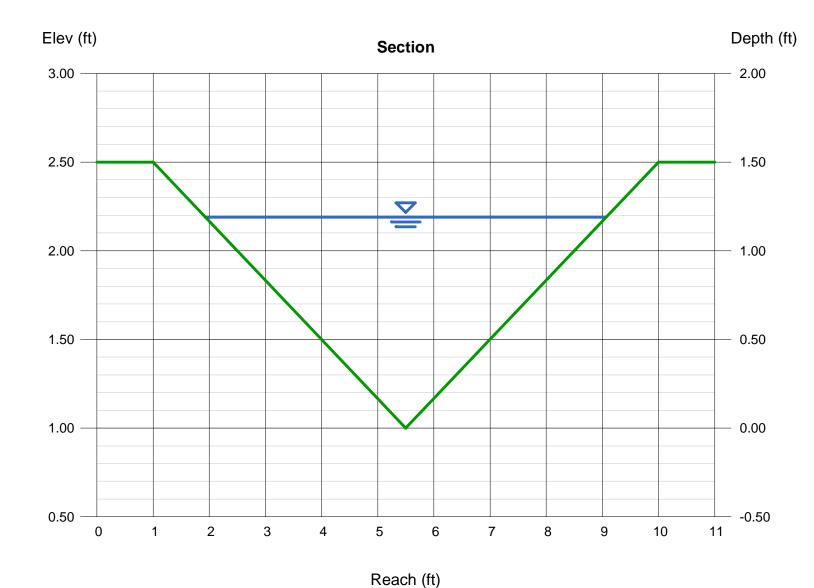
Triangular Side Slopes (z:1) Total Depth (ft)	= 3.00, 3.00 = 1.50
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00
Slope (%)	= 0.56

Calculations

N-Value

Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 9.10

Highlighted		
Depth (ft)	=	1.19
Q (cfs)	=	9.100
Area (sqft)	=	4.25
Velocity (ft/s)	=	2.14
Wetted Perim (ft)	=	7.53
Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	=	0.90
Top Width (ft)	=	7.14
EGL (ft)	=	1.26

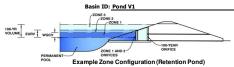


DETENTION BASIN STAGE-STORAGE TABLE BUILDER

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Depth Increment =

Project: Vollmer RV Storage



Watershed Information

ershed Information		
Selected BMP Type =	EDB	
Watershed Area =	6.02	acres
Watershed Length =	1,200	ft
Watershed Length to Centroid =	400	ft
Watershed Slope =	0.021	ft/ft
Watershed Imperviousness =	71.00%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	0.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B =	100.0%	percent
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	0.0%	percent
Target WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	hours
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =	User Input	

After providing required inputs above including 1-hour rainfall depths, click 'Run CUHP' to generate runoff hydrographs using the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure

the embedded Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure.			
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =	0.140	acre-feet	
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	0.470	acre-feet	
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.19 in.) =	0.419	acre-feet	
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.5 in.) =	0.563	acre-feet	
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.75 in.) =	0.685	acre-feet	
25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2 in.) =	0.828	acre-feet	
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.25 in.) =	0.955	acre-feet	
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.52 in.) =	1.106	acre-feet	
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 4 in.) =	1.879	acre-feet	
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	0.368	acre-feet	
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	0.489	acre-feet	
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	0.617	acre-feet	
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume =	0.662	acre-feet	
Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	0.689	acre-feet	
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	0.737	acre-feet	

Optional User Overrides						
		acre-feet				
		acre-feet				
	1.19	inches				
	1.50	inches				
	1.75	inches				
	2.00	inches				
	2.25	inches				
	2.52	inches				
	4.00	inches				
	4.00	inches				

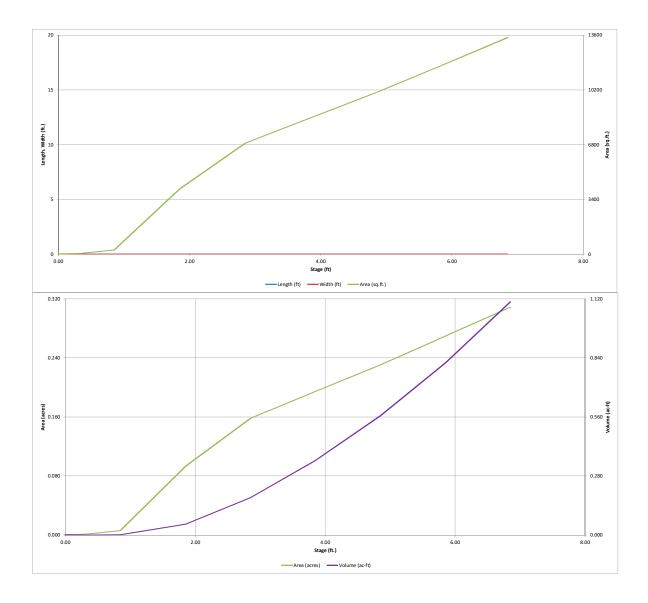
Define Zones and Basin Geometry

		Define Zones and Dasin Geomedy	=
acre-fe	0.140	Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	
acre-fe	0.330	Zone 2 Volume (EURV - Zone 1) =	
acre-fe	0.267	Zone 3 Volume (100-year - Zones 1 & 2) =	
acre-fe	0.737	Total Detention Basin Volume =	
ft ³	user	Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	
ft	user	Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	
ft	user	Total Available Detention Depth (H _{total}) =	
ft	user	Depth of Trickle Channel (H_{TC}) =	
ft/ft	user	Slope of Trickle Channel $(S_{TC}) =$	
H:V	user	Slopes of Main Basin Sides (Smain) =	
	user	Basin Length-to-Width Ratio (R _{L/W}) =	

Initial Surcharge Area $(A_{ISV}) =$	user	ft ²
Surcharge Volume Length $(L_{ISV}) =$	user	ft
Surcharge Volume Width $(W_{ISV}) =$	user	ft
Depth of Basin Floor (H_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Length of Basin Floor (L_{FLOOR}) =	user	ft
Width of Basin Floor $(W_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft
Area of Basin Floor $(A_{FLOOR}) =$		ft²
Volume of Basin Floor $(V_{FLOOR}) =$	user	ft 3
Depth of Main Basin (H _{MAIN}) =	user	ft
Length of Main Basin (LMAIN) =	user	ft
Width of Main Basin $(W_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft
Area of Main Basin $(A_{MAIN}) =$		ft²
Volume of Main Basin $(V_{MAIN}) =$	user	ft ³
Calculated Total Basin Volume $(V_{total}) =$	user	acre-feet

Sage Sage Sage Sage		Depth Increment =		Ontinual		1					
Description Chi Ch				Optional		145 111		Optional		Makasa	37.1
STOPPORT 0.00							Area			voiume	Volume
S5-68	L									(ft°)	(ac-ft)
Section 187	15	Top of Micropool		0.00	-		-	10	0.000		
\$\frac{97}{8}\$ = 185		EC 40		0.22				40	0.001	10	0.000
\$\frac{98}{99}\$ - 2.285	L										0.000
\$8		57		0.85			-	259	0.006	90	0.002
199	H										
60	L										0.052
961 - 485 10,033		59		2.85			-	6,898	0.158	7,720	0.177
961 - 485 10,033	Ī	60		3.85	_		_	8 477	0.105	15 407	0.354
Section Sect	ŀ										
63 - 6.85 -		61		4.85				10,043	0.231	24,667	0.566
63 - 6.85 -	Ī	62		5.85	_			11 736	0.260	35 557	0.816
	ŀ										
		63		6.85				13,446	0.309	48,148	1.105
	Ī				_		_				
	Į.										
	Ī				_		_				
	ŀ										
	Ī				_		-				
	ŀ										
	5				-		-				
	ı				-						
	ŀ										
	L										
					-		-				
	ı				_		_				
	ŀ										
					-		-				
	ı				-		-				
	H								l	-	l
	- 1								L		L
	- [i -	1 -	1
	ı						T .				
	- 1										
	- 1								<u></u>	L	<u></u>
	ı				-		-				
	H								-	-	-
	- 1								L		L
	ſ						-				
	H										
	L										ļ
	- 1				-		-		1		1
	ı				_		_				
	H										
	- 1								L		L
	ŀ										
	ļ				-		-				
							-				
	Ī						-				
	ŀ										
					-		-				
	ŀ										
	ļ										
					-		-				
	Ī						-				
	H										
							-				
	ŀ										
	L				-		-				
							-				
	ı										
	Ļ										
					-		-				
	Ī				_		-				
	ŀ										
	L				-						
							-				
	ı				_		_				
	ŀ										
					-		-				
	ŀ										
	L				-		-				
	ı				_		_				
	H								-		
	- 1										
	ı					-	-		1	1	1
	ı										
	ı										
	H										
	H				-		-		l		1
	ı				-		-				
	H						-				
	H				-				l		1
	H				-		-				
	H										
	H								l	-	l
	H					-	-		 		-
	H								 		-
	L										
	- 1				-	-	-				
	ŀ						-		l	-	l
	ļ						-				i e
	ļ				_		_				
			-		-		-				
					-		-				
					-		-				
					1 1 1 1		-				
			 		1 1 1 1	 					
			 		1 1 1 1	 					
					1 1 1 1	 	-				
			 		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		 				
	-		 		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		 				
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1											
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1											

M#FD-Detention_v4-06.xkm, Basin 11/16/2023, 11:49 AM

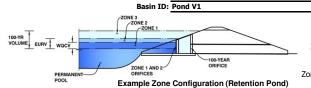


MHFD-Detention_v4-06.xism, Basin 11/16/2023, 11:49 AM

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Project: Vollmer RV Storage



	Estimated	Estimated	
	Stage (ft)	Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	2.61	0.140	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (EURV)	4.42	0.330	Circular Orifice
one 3 (100-year)	5.55	0.267	Weir&Pipe (Restrict
	Total (all zones)	0.737	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = N/A ft (distance below the filtration media surface)

Underdrain Orifice Diameter = N/A inches

Calculated Parameters for Plate

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

sq. inches

Centroid of Lowest Orifice = 0.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = 2.67 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = N/A inches

N/A

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.75	1.67					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.44	0.44	0.44					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =

	Zone 2 Circular	Not Selected	
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	2.67	N/A	ft (relat
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	5.00	N/A	ft (relat
Vertical Orifice Diameter =	1.75	N/A	inches

ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)

 Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

 Zone 2 Circular
 Not Selected

 Vertical Orifice Area =
 0.02
 N/A
 ft²

 Vertical Orifice Centroid =
 0.07
 N/A
 feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir and No Outlet Pipe)

	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	4.50	N/A	ft (relative t
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	2.50	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope =	0.00	N/A	H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	2.50	N/A	feet
Overflow Grate Type =	Type C Grate	N/A	
Debris Clogging % =	50%	N/A	%
·			

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir Zone 3 Weir Not Selected to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_t = 4.50 N/A feet Overflow Weir Slope Length : 2.50 N/A feet Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area = 8.44 N/A Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris = 4.35 N/A Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris = 2.18 N/A

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

	Zone 3 Restrictor	Not Selected	
Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	0.25	N/A	ft (dista
Outlet Pipe Diameter =	18.00	N/A	inches
Restrictor Plate Height Above Pipe Invert =	6.00		inches

ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft) inches

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

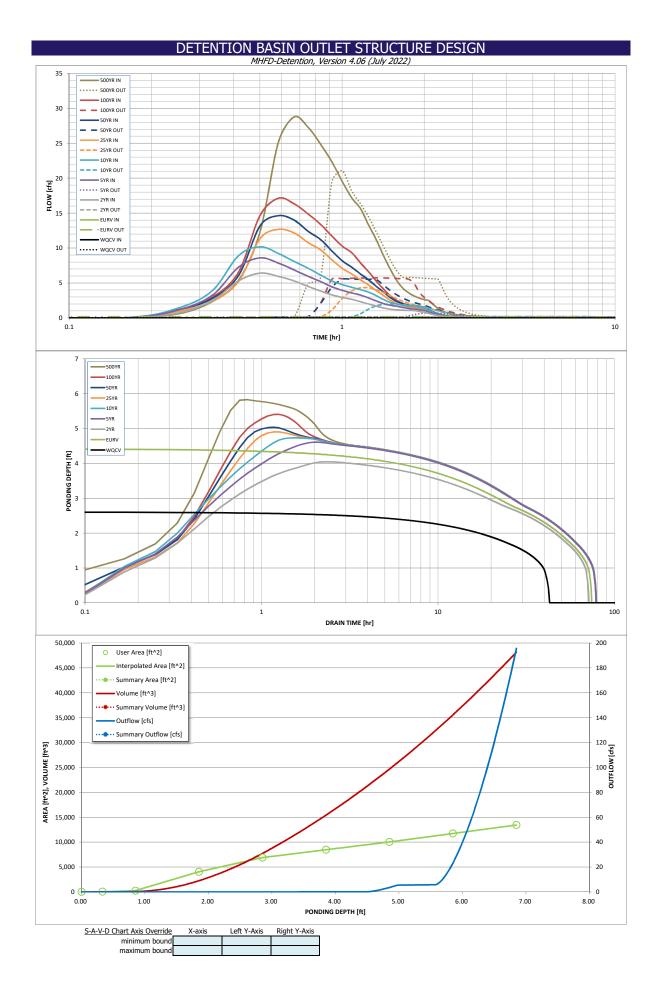
Spillway Invert Stage=	5.58	ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length =	40.00	feet
Spillway End Slopes =	4.00	H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface =	1.00	feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Design Flow Depth=	0.26	feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard =	6.84	feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard =	0.31	acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard =	1.10	acre-ft

Routed Hydrograph Results	The user can over	rride the default CUI	HP hydrographs an	d runoff volumes b	y entering new valu	ues in the Inflow Hy	vdrographs table (C	Columns W through	AF).
Design Storm Return Period =	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	N/A	1.19	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.52	4.00
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.140	0.470	0.419	0.563	0.685	0.828	0.955	1.106	1.879
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	N/A	N/A	0.419	0.563	0.685	0.828	0.955	1.106	1.879
CUHP Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	0.5	1.5	2.2	4.0	5.1	6.5	12.8
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A							
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	N/A	N/A	0.09	0.24	0.37	0.67	0.84	1.08	2.13
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	N/A	N/A	6.4	8.6	10.2	12.7	14.6	17.1	28.8
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.8	2.0	4.3	5.5	5.7	21.1
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.6
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Overflow Weir 1	Outlet Plate 1	Outlet Plate 1	Spillway
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.3
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	39	66	64	69	68	66	65	63	56
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	41	71	68	74	74	73	73	72	69
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	2.61	4.42	4.04	4.61	4.73	4.90	5.04	5.40	5.83
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.14	0.22	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.25	0.27
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.141	0.470	0.391	0.510	0.539	0.578	0.608	0.699	0.808

MHFD-Detention_v4-06.xlsm, Outlet Structure 11/16/2023, 11:57 AM



DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

Outflow Hydrograph Workbook Filename:

Inflow Hydrographs

The user can override the calculated inflow hydrographs from this workbook with inflow hydrographs developed in a separate program.

	SOURCE	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP	CUHP
Time Interval	TIME	WQCV [cfs]	EURV [cfs]	2 Year [cfs]		10 Year [cfs]		50 Year [cfs]		500 Year [cfs]
	0:00:00									
5.00 min	0:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 1.14	0.00 1.41	0.00	0.08 1.17	0.01 1.15	0.59 2.32
	0:20:00	0.00	0.00	2.46	3.22	3.86	2.38	2.76	2.96	5.39
	0:25:00	0.00	0.00	5.30	7.26	8.89	5.21	6.05	6.54	12.34
	0:30:00	0.00	0.00	6.42	8.60	10.18	11.35	13.18	14.66	25.10
	0:35:00	0.00	0.00	5.96	7.86	9.25	12.68	14.64	17.13	28.77
	0:40:00	0.00	0.00	5.31	6.88	8.10	12.16	14.00	16.34	27.29
	0:45:00	0.00	0.00	4.52	5.97	7.12	10.79	12.41	14.89	24.87
	0:50:00	0.00	0.00	3.86	5.22	6.14	9.76	11.23	13.40	22.35
	0:55:00	0.00	0.00	3.32	4.47	5.31	8.33	9.59	11.72	19.55
	1:00:00	0.00	0.00	2.95 2.69	3.96 3.60	4.78 4.40	7.11 6.30	8.19 7.27	10.29 9.35	17.20 15.67
	1:10:00	0.00	0.00	2.33	3.28	4.40	5.46	6.30	7.89	13.07
	1:15:00	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.87	3.70	4.72	5.46	6.62	11.20
	1:20:00	0.00	0.00	1.70	2.44	3.20	3.92	4.53	5.29	8.95
	1:25:00	0.00	0.00	1.44	2.07	2.64	3.23	3.72	4.15	7.01
	1:30:00	0.00	0.00	1.26	1.82	2.24	2.55	2.93	3.19	5.40
	1:35:00	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.69	2.01	2.07	2.38	2.51	4.28
	1:40:00	0.00	0.00	1.12	1.51	1.86	1.79	2.04	2.11	3.61
	1:45:00	0.00	0.00	1.10	1.37	1.75	1.60	1.83	1.84	3.16
	1:50:00 1:55:00	0.00	0.00	1.08	1.27	1.67	1.48	1.68	1.66	2.85
	2:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.95 0.84	1.19 1.10	1.58 1.43	1.39 1.33	1.58 1.51	1.53 1.44	2.63 2.47
	2:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.84	1.09	1.01	1.15	1.08	1.85
	2:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.63	0.81	0.75	0.85	0.79	1.36
	2:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.47	0.60	0.56	0.63	0.59	1.01
	2:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.34	0.44	0.41	0.46	0.44	0.75
	2:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.25	0.32	0.30	0.34	0.32	0.55
	2:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.17	0.23	0.21	0.24	0.23	0.39
	2:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.12	0.16	0.16	0.18	0.17	0.28
	2:40:00 2:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.20
	2:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.13 0.07
	2:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
	3:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
	3:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:25:00 3:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:05:00 4:10:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:10:00 4:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:20:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:30:00 4:35:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4:50:00 4:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:05:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:10:00 5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:15:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:25:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:30:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:35:00 5:40:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:45:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:50:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5:55:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6:00:00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

MHFD-Detention_v4-06.xlsm, Outlet Structure

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.06 (July 2022)

Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.

The user should graphically compare the summary S-A-V-D table to the full S-A-V-D table in the chart to confirm it captures all key transition points.

Stage - Storage Description	Stage [ft]	Area [ft ²]	Area [acres]	Volume [ft ³]	Volume [ac-ft]	Total Outflow [cfs]	
							For best results, include the
							stages of all grade slope changes (e.g. ISV and Floor)
							from the S-A-V table on
							Sheet 'Basin'.
							Also include the inverts of all
							outlets (e.g. vertical orifice.
							overflow grate, and spillway, where applicable).
							_
							_
							_
							_
							_
							-
							1
							_
							_
							1
							_
							_
							_
							_
							_
							_
							-
						-	_
							1
		-	1	1			
							_
						 	
						-	-

Design Procedure Form: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)						
		(Version 3.07, March 2018) Sheet 1 of 3				
Designer:	APL					
Company: Date:	JR Engineering November 17, 2023					
Project:	Vollmer RV Storage					
Location:	El Paso County					
1. Basin Storage	Volume					
A) Effective Imp	perviousness of Tributary Area, I _a	I _a = 71.0 %				
B) Tributary Are	ea's Imperviousness Ratio (i = I _a / 100)	i = 0.710				
	g Watershed Area	Area = 6.020 ac				
	heds Outside of the Denver Region, Depth of Average ducing Storm	$d_6 = 2.52$ in				
E) Design Con	cept	Choose One				
	V when also designing for flood control)	○ Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) ○ Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV)				
		Excess ordan kunon volume (Eokv)				
F) Design Volu	ime (WQCV) Based on 40-hour Drain Time	V _{DESIGN} =ac-ft				
	1.0 * (0.91 * i ³ - 1.19 * i ² + 0.78 * i) / 12 * Area)	<u></u>				
	heds Outside of the Denver Region,	V _{DESIGN} OTHER= ac-ft				
	ity Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume :R = (d ₆ *(V _{DESIGN} /0.43))					
H) User Input (of Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Design Volume	V _{DESIGN USER} = 0.140 ac-ft				
	fferent WQCV Design Volume is desired)	* DESIGN USER - 0.140 do 10				
	ologic Soil Groups of Tributary Watershed					
	age of Watershed consisting of Type A Soils age of Watershed consisting of Type B Soils	$HSG_A = 0$ % $HSG_B = 100$ %				
	tage of Watershed consisting of Type C/D Soils	HSG _{C/D} = 0 %				
	an Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume					
For HSG A For HSG B	:: EURV _A = 1.68 * i ^{1.28} :: EURV _B = 1.36 * i ^{1.08}	EURV _{DESIGN} = ac-f t				
	E/D : EURV _{C/D} = 1.20 * $i^{1.08}$					
	of Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) Design Volume	EURV _{DESIGN USER} = 0.330 ac-f t				
(Only if a di	fferent EURV Design Volume is desired)					
2. Basin Shape: L	ength to Width Ratio	L:W= 2.0 :1				
	to width ratio of at least 2:1 will improve TSS reduction.)					
Basin Side Slop	Des					
	num Side Slopes distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)	Z = 3.00 ft / ft DIFFICULT TO MAINTAIN, INCREASE WHERE POSSIBLE				
(**************************************	,	,				
4. Inlet						
A) Describe me	eans of providing energy dissipation at concentrated					
inflow locat						
5. Forebay						
A) Minimum Fo	orebay Volume = 2% of the WQCV)	V _{FMIN} = 0.003 ac-ft				
B) Actual Fore	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$V_F = 0.004$ ac-ft				
·		v _F - 0.00+ ac-it				
C) Forebay Dep (D _F		D _F = 12.0 in				
D) Forebay Dis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		0 - 1710 of a				
,	ed 100-year Peak Discharge	Q ₁₀₀ = 17.10 cfs				
ii) Forebay (Q _F = 0.0	Discharge Design Flow 12 * Q ₁₀₀)	$Q_F = 0.34$ cfs				
E) Forebay Dis	unange besign	Choose One Berm With Pipe Flow too small for berm w/ pipe				
		Wall with Rect. Notch				
		Wall with V-Notch Weir				
F) Discharge P	ipe Size (minimum 8-inches)	Calculated D _P = In				
G) Rectangular	Notch Width	Calculated W _N = 3.6 in				
		·				

UD-BMP_v3.07 .xlsm, EDB 11/17/2023, 11:38 AM

	Design Procedure Form: I	Extended Detention Basin (EDB)
Designer:	APL	Sheet 2 of 3
Company:	JR Engineering	
Date:	November 17, 2023	
Project: Location:	Vollmer RV Storage El Paso County	
Location:	El Paso County	
6. Trickle Channel		Choose One Concrete
A) Type of Tric	kle Channel	◯ Soft Bottom
F) Slope of Tric	ckle Channel	S = 0.0050 ft / ft
7. Micropool and 0	Dutlet Structure	
A) Depth of Mic	cropool (2.5-feet minimum)	$D_{M} = 2.5$ ft
B) Surface Are	a of Micropool (10 ft ² minimum)	$A_{M} = 10$ sq ft
C) Outlet Type		Choose One Orifice Plate Other (Describe):
D) Smallest Dir (Use UD-Deten	mension of Orifice Opening Based on Hydrograph Routing tion)	D _{orifice} = 0.74 inches
E) Total Outlet	Area	A _{ot} = 3.73 square inches
8. Initial Surcharge	e Volume	
	tial Surcharge Volume commended depth is 4 inches)	$D_{IS} = $ in
	ial Surcharge Volume lume of 0.3% of the WQCV)	V _{IS} = cu ft
C) Initial Surcha	arge Provided Above Micropool	V _s = 3.3 ou ft
9. Trash Rack		
A) Water Quali	ty Screen Open Area: A _t = A _{ot} * 38.5*(e ^{-0.095D})	A _t = 134 square inches
recommended i	een (If specifying an alternative to the materials in the USDCM, indicate "other" and enter the ratio of the total total screen are for the material specified.)	S.S. Well Screen with 60% Open Area
	Other (Y/N): N	
C) Ratio of Tota	al Open Area to Total Area (only for type 'Other')	User Ratio =
D) Total Water	Quality Screen Area (based on screen type)	$A_{total} = $ sq. in.
	sign Volume (EURV or WQCV) design concept chosen under 1E)	H= 4.56 feet
F) Height of Wa	ater Quality Screen (H _{TR})	H _{TR} = 82.72 inches
	tter Quality Screen Opening (W _{opening}) inches is recommended)	W _{opening} = 12.0 inches VALUE LESS THAN RECOMMENDED MIN. WIDTH. WIDTH HAS BEEN SET TO 12 INCHES.

UD-BMP_v3.07 .xlsm, EDB 11/17/2023, 11:38 AM

	Design Procedure Form	n: Extended Detention Basin (EDB)	
Designer:	APL		Sheet 3 of
Company:	JR Engineering		
Date:	November 17, 2023		
Project:	Vollmer RV Storage		
Location:	El Paso County		
Location.	Ell ado county		
10. Overflow Emi	bankment		
A) D "			
A) Describe	embankment protection for 100-year and greater overtopping:		
B) Slone of (Overflow Embankment	Ze = 4.00 ft / ft	
	al distance per unit vertical, 4:1 or flatter preferred)	100	
		Choose One	
11. Vegetation		○ Irrigated	
		Not Irrigated	
12. Access			
A) D "	0.111010		
A) Describe	Sediment Removal Procedures	-	
Notes:			
Notes.			

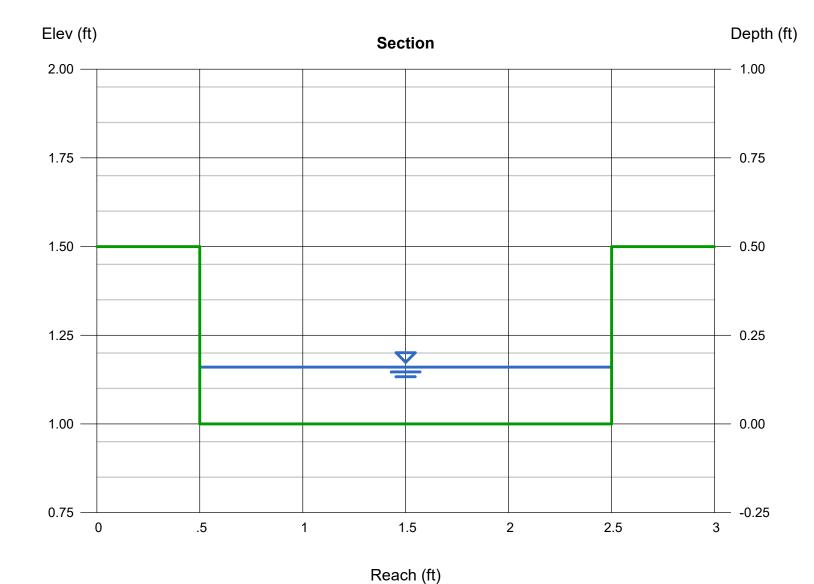
UD-BMP_v3.07 .xlsm, EDB 11/17/2023, 11:38 AM

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Nov 17 2023

Trickle Channel

Rectangular		Highlighted	
Bottom Width (ft)	= 2.00	Depth (ft)	= 0.16
Total Depth (ft)	= 0.50	Q (cfs)	= 0.680
		Area (sqft)	= 0.32
Invert Elev (ft)	= 1.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 2.13
Slope (%)	= 0.50	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 2.32
N-Value	= 0.012	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.16
		Top Width (ft)	= 2.00
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 0.23
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 0.68		



Weir Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Nov 17 2023

Forebay Weir Notch Pond V1

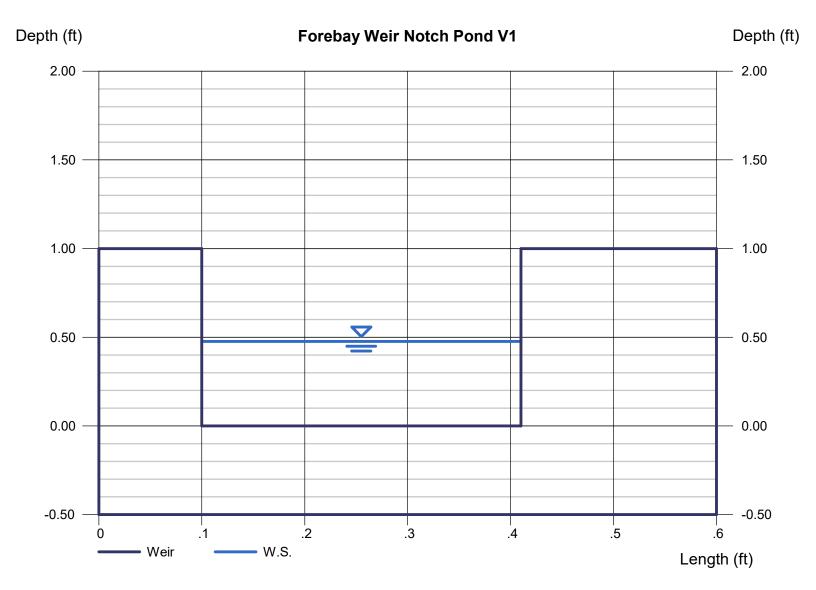
Rectangular Weir

Crest = Sharp Bottom Length (ft) = 0.31 Total Depth (ft) = 1.00

Calculations

Weir Coeff. Cw = 3.33 Compute by: Known Q Known Q (cfs) = 0.34 Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 0.48 Q (cfs) = 0.340 Area (sqft) = 0.15 Velocity (ft/s) = 2.30 Top Width (ft) = 0.31



Chapter 13 Storage

Figure 13-12c. Emergency Spillway Protection

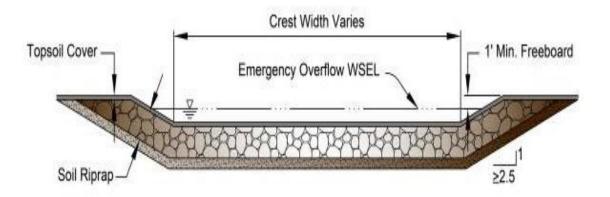
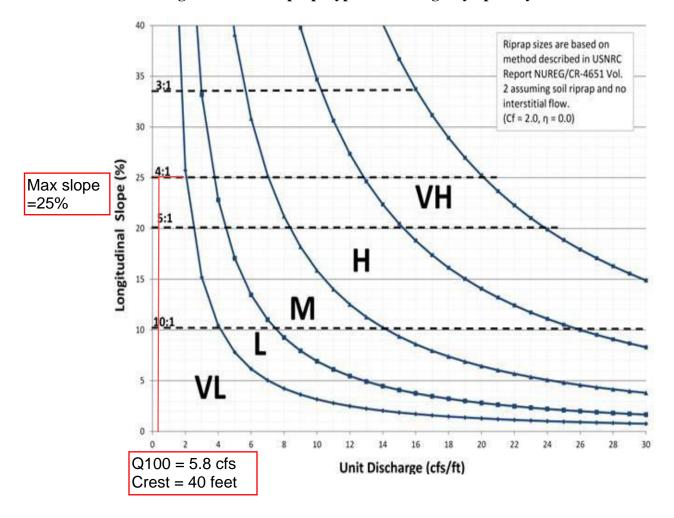


Figure 13-12d. Riprap Types for Emergency Spillway Protection



Culvert Report

Crest Width (ft)

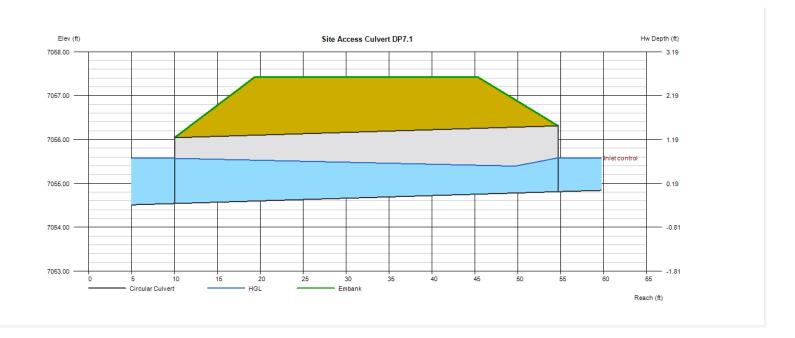
Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

= 15.00

Monday, Jan 15 2024

Site Access Culvert DP7.1

Invert Elev Dn (ft) Pipe Length (ft) Slope (%) Invert Elev Up (ft) Rise (in)	= 7054.54 = 44.67 = 0.60 = 7054.81 = 18.0	Calculations Qmin (cfs) Qmax (cfs) Tailwater Elev (ft)	= 2.20 = 2.20 = (dc+D)/2
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 18.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 2.20
No. Barrels	= 1	Qpipe (cfs)	= 2.20
n-Value	= 0.012	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	Circular Concrete	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 1.70
Culvert Entrance	= Groove end projecting (C)	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 3.66
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.2	HGL Dn (ft)	= 7055.57
		HGL Up (ft)	= 7055.37
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 7055.58
Top Elevation (ft)	= 7057.42	Hw/D (ft)	= 0.51
Top Width (ft)	= 26.00	Flow Regime	= Inlet Control



Culvert Report

Crest Width (ft)

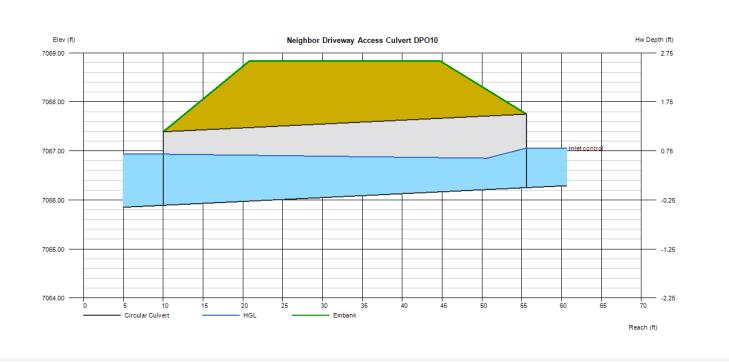
Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Thursday, May 11 2023

Neighbor Driveway Access Culvert DPO10

= 15.00

Invert Elev Dn (ft)	= 7065.89	Calculations	
Pipe Length (ft)	= 45.58	Qmin (cfs)	= 2.40
Slope (%)	= 0.79	Qmax (cfs)	= 2.40
Invert Elev Up (ft)	= 7066.25	Tailwater Elev (ft)	= (dc+D)/2
Rise (in)	= 18.0		
Shape	= Circular	Highlighted	
Span (in)	= 18.0	Qtotal (cfs)	= 2.40
No. Barrels	= 1	Qpipe (cfs)	= 2.40
n-Value	= 0.012	Qovertop (cfs)	= 0.00
Culvert Type	Circular Concrete	Veloc Dn (ft/s)	= 1.83
Culvert Entrance	= Groove end projecting (C)	Veloc Up (ft/s)	= 3.72
Coeff. K,M,c,Y,k	= 0.0045, 2, 0.0317, 0.69, 0.2	HGL Dn (ft)	= 7066.93
		HGL Up (ft)	= 7066.84
Embankment		Hw Elev (ft)	= 7067.06
Top Elevation (ft)	= 7068.83	Hw/D (ft)	= 0.54
Top Width (ft)	= 24.00	Flow Regime	= Inlet Control



PIPE OUTFALL RIPRAP SIZING CALCULATIONS

Subdivision: McClintock Station Filing No. 1A Location: El Paso County

Project Name:
Project No.:

Calculated By:
Checked By:
Date:

Vollmer Road RV Storage

25251.00

APL

GAG

1/12/24

	STORM DRAIN SYSTEM			
	DPO10	DP9.1	DP3.1	Notes
Q ₁₀₀ (cfs):	2.4	9.1	30.7	Flows are the greater of proposed vs. future
Conduit	Pipe	Pipe	Pipe	
D_c , Pipe Diameter (in):	18	18	36	
W, Box Width (ft):	N/A	N/A	N/A	
H, Box Height (ft):	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Y_t , Tailwater Depth (ft):	0.60	0.60	1.20	If unknown, use Y_t/D_c (or H)=0.4
Y_t/Dc or Y_t/H	0.40	0.40	0.40	
Q/D ^{2.5} or Q/(WH ^{3/2})	0.87	3.30	1.97	
Supercritical?	No	No	No	
Y_n , Normal Depth (ft) [Supercritical]:				
D_a , H_a (in) [Supercritical]:	N/A	N/A	N/A	$D_a = (D_c + Y_n)/2$
Riprap d_{50} (in) [Supercritical]:	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Riprap d_{50} (in) [Subcritical]:	1.08	4.11	4.90	
Required Riprap Size:	L	L	L	Fig. 9-38 or Fig. 9-36
d ₅₀ (in):	9	9	9	
Expansion Factor, $1/(2 \tan \theta)$:	6.60	4.20	5.80	Read from Fig. 9-35 or 9-36
θ :	0.08	0.12	0.09	
Erosive Soils?	No	No	No	
Area of Flow, A_t (ft ²):	0.34	1.30	4.39	$A_t = Q/V$
Length of Protection, L_p (ft):	-6.1	2.8	3.8	L=(1/(2 tan θ))(At/Yt - D)
Min Length (ft)	4.5	4.5	9.0	Min L=3D or 3H
Max Length (ft)	15.0	15.0	30.0	Max L=10D or 10H
Min Bottom Width, T (ft):	0.6	2.2	3.7	$T=2*(L_p*tan\theta)+W$
Design Length (ft)	4.5	4.5	9.0	
Design Width (ft)	0.6	2.2	3.7	
Riprap Depth (in)	18	18	18	Depth=2(d ₅₀)
Type II Bedding Depth (in)*	6	6	6	*Not used if Soil Riprap
Cutoff Wall	No	No	No	
Cutoff Wall Depth (ft)				Depth of Riprap and Base
Cutoff Wall Width (ft)				

Note: No Type II Base to be used if Soil Riprap is specified within the plans

^{*} For use when the flow in the culvert is supercritical (and less than full).

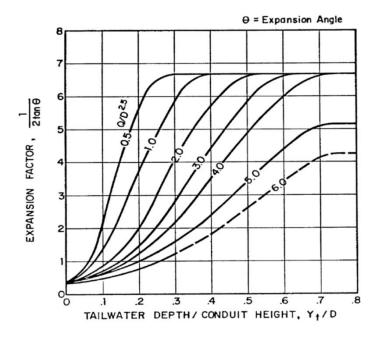


Figure 9-35. Expansion factor for circular conduits

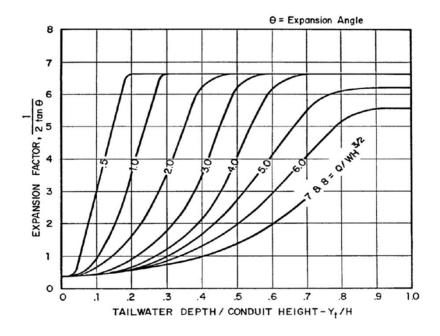
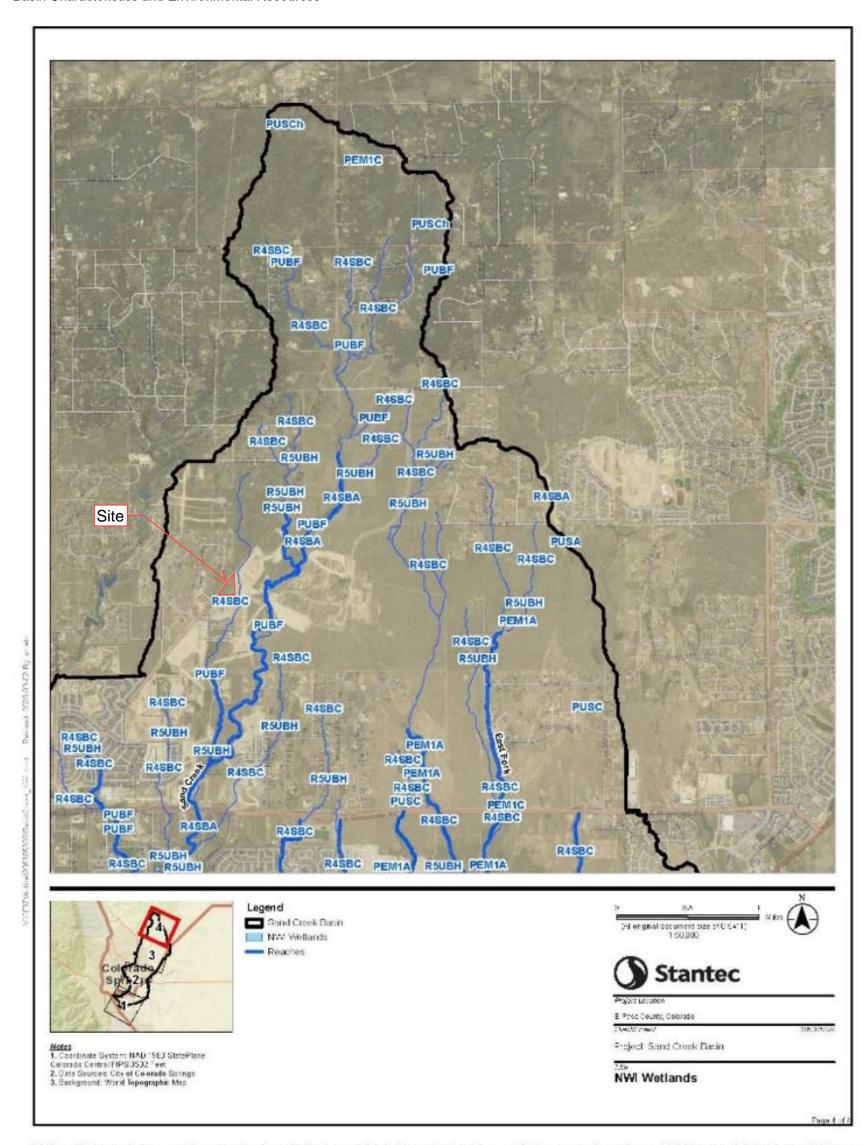


Figure 9-36. Expansion factor for rectangular conduits

APPENDIX D REFERENCE MATERIALS



Basin Characteristics and Environmental Resources



Disclaiment his document has about an intermeted based on intermeted by others as also in the Notes become distinct has not vertically entered by others as also in the responsible for new entered or omissions which may be incorporated herein as a real to address and completeness of the data.

Figure 2-7: NWI Wetlands Located in Sand Creek Drainage Basin (Page 4)

Hydrology

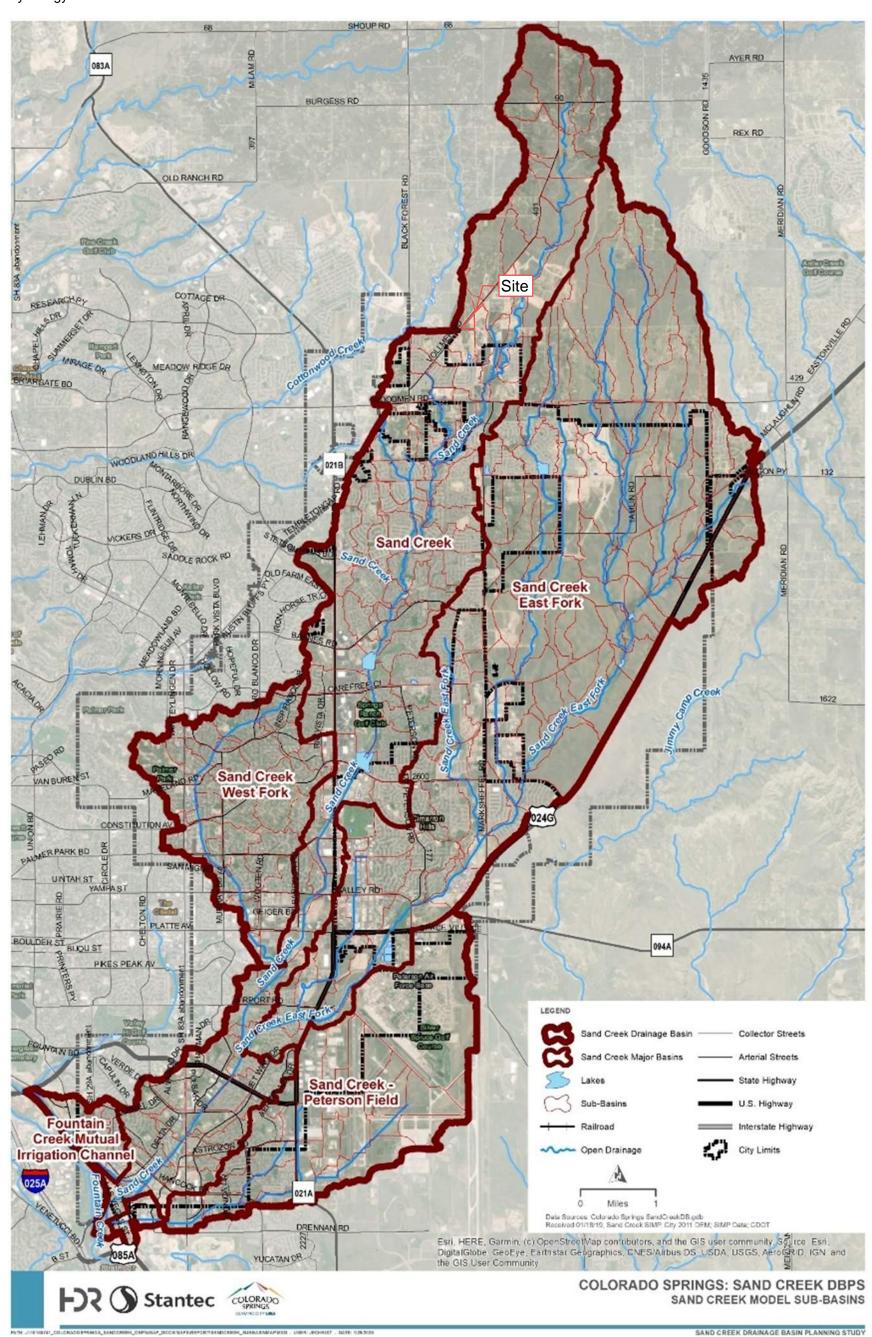


Figure 3-1. Major Sub-basin Map

Hydrology

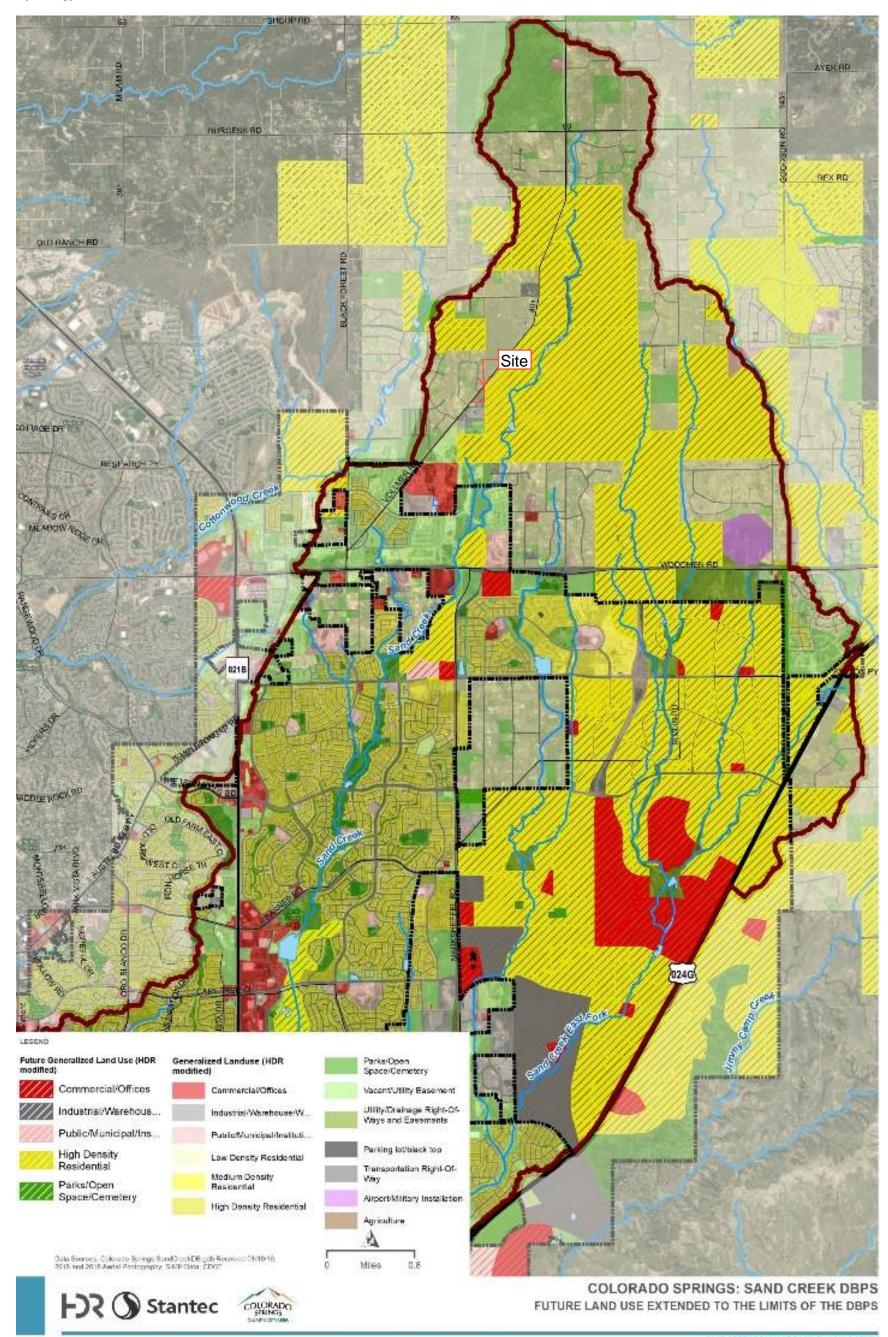


Figure 3-15. Future Land Use MapFuture Condition Model Results



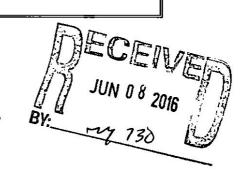
FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

BARBARICK SUBDIVISION, PORTIONS OF LOTS 1, 2 and LOTS 3 & 4

El Paso County, Colorado

Sand Creek Drainage Basin

Prepared for:
El Paso County Development Services
Engineering Division



On Behalf of:
Wykota Construction
430 Beacon Light Road, Suite 130
Monument, CO 80132

Prepared by:

Altrix

2435 Research Parkway, Suite 300 Colorado Springs, CO 80920 (719) 575-0100 Fax (719) 572-0208

June 6, 2016

15.789.001

plus the time of travel (t_l) in concentrated form, such as a swale or drainageway. A minimum T_c of 5 minutes and 10 minutes were used for the final calculations in developed and undeveloped conditions, respectively.

Storm Drain Systems

All proposed storm drain infrastructure will be located within private property and will be owned and maintained by the property owner.

The storm drain hydraulics is analyzed using *Bentley's* <u>FlowMaster</u>, CulvertMaster & <u>StormCAD</u> design software. Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) type inlets will be used where necessary.

The designated outfall locations for the proposed on-site storm drains are the natural drainage ways at the south end of the property. The proposed storm drain infrastructure will be discussed in more detail below.

EXISTING DRAINAGE REPORT DISCUSSION

The approved Barbarick Subdivision Final Drainage Report (BS-FDR) and the approved Woodmen Storage Final Drainage Report (WS-FDR) both apply to the existing general drainage conditions for this site. The off-site basins and general flow patterns in the BS-FDR and WS-FDR still apply. Excerpts from these reports are provided below for reference.

On-site and Off-Site Basin Descriptions from the BS-FDR and WS-FDR:

The following summary is taken from the Barbarick Subdivision Final Drainage Report (BS-FDR):

Off-site:

Off-site Basin O3 This basin encompasses approximately 7.03 acres and represents the area north and northwest of Lot 1. This basin drains into Lot 1 through a series of (2) 24" CMP pipes which control the flow of 14/36 cfs in the 5/100 year storm events.

Lots 1 & 2 – these lots are considered fully developed lots and drain north to south collecting at the existing concrete settling pond on Lot 2. This developed flow (20.8 cfs /57.2 cfs) combines with Off-site Basin O3 to total 30.5 cfs / 80.8 cfs in the greenbelt offsite south of Lot 2. At the time of development permit for these developed lots, a detention pond for water quality will be required, probably in the area of the existing concrete settling pond, that will accommodate Lots 1 and 2 west of the gas easement and flood plain area.

On-site:

On-site Basins A1 and B1 (for portions of Lots 1 and 2, and Lots 3 & 4) These basins encompass approximately 5.3 & 3.8 acres and represent the buildable portions of the property as described in the BS-FDR (see Basin Map from BS-FDR below). These basins were slated (in the BS-FDR) to drain into small detention ponds that would release to historic rates. These discharge rates were calculated to be 2.9/7.3 and 2.2/5.4 cfs (5/100 year). The BS-FDR does not include the drainage ways in any hydrology calculations due to the fact that this no-build drainage area was not planed on being developed. This drainage way allowed off-site flows from O1+O2 to pass-through Lots 3 & 4. The drainage way to the west of A1 passes through flows from offsite O3. Since the approval of this report, offsite tributary basins O1+O2 have been changed, and the development of the property encompasses the whole property, including the previously determined no-build area.

The following summary is taken from the Woodmen Storage Final Drainage Report (WS-FDR):

Off-site:

Design Point 5 - This design point encompasses approximately 19.69 acres and represents the tributary area north of the project site. This basin drains into a proposed detention pond near the northeast corner of the property and generates 57.4/92.7 cfs in the 10/100 year storm events, historic flows are 16.7/30.3 cfs. The releases rates from this pond are lower than historic 16.1 cfs/29.4 cfs in the 10/100-year storm events. These flows are conveyed along the east property line of the site and into the eastern natural drainage way that leaves the property to the south.

Review of the Sterling Ranch Preliminary Drainage Report (SR-PDR):

The Barbarick Subdivision is surrounded on three sides by the planned Sterling Ranch Development. The approved Sterling Ranch PDR was prepared by M&S Civil Consultants in May of 2015. This Sterling Ranch PDR re-analyzes runoff from Barbarick Subdivision and plans for storm drain improvements to convey this runoff to a full spectrum detention and water quality pond to be located down stream of Barbarick Subdivision as part of Sterling Ranch Phase One.

In summary; the Sterling Ranch PDR is planning on receiving 73.3/139.2 cfs (5/100 year) from Basin OS3. A 54" RCP is planned to convey this flow through Sterling Ranch. The Sterling Ranch PDR is planning on receiving 45/86 cfs (5/100 year) from OS2, encompasses Lots 1 & 2 and OS3 encompasses Lots 3 & 4 and the Basin north of Lot 3. A 48" RCP is planned to convey this flow through Sterling Ranch. The cumulative runoff from the northerly property and Lots 1 through 4 does not exceed the anticipated rates in the SR-PDR.

condition rangeland and generates 0.3/2.7 cfs in the 5/100 year storm events. This basin sheet flows offsite where it is captured in a small swale between the site and existing roadway and conveyed westerly to the low point south of the outfall of Basin H1.

These existing basins encompass the previously unmodelled drainage area from the BS-FDR. The total historic flow from the site is 3.8/34.6 cfs in the 5/100 year storm events. The following design point table is for combined allowable discharge rates from the property at respective locations including historic flows from the tributary upstream basins:

Design Point	5/100 Release	<u>Comments</u>
DP H1	16.7*/30.3 cfs	DP H5 WS-FDR - * is 10year
DP H2	13.7/35.5 cfs	O3 BS-FDR
DP H3	56.7 cfs	DPH1+H1+H3 (100-year)
DP H4	14.6/43.7 cfs	DPH2 + H2

Design Point H3 will release a flow lower than previously anticipated within the BS-FDR (52.9/170 cfs). It is the introduction of development within the Sterling Ranch site that has eliminated offsite flows from BS-FDR Basin O1 that significantly changed the drainage pattern. The historic release is now contained solely to the historic flows from WS-FDR design point H5 and the proposed onsite historic flows.

Design Point H4 will combine with the western half of Lots 1&2. Per the BS-FDR the combined portions of Lots 1&2 and O3 to release a combined flow of 30.5/80.8 cfs downstream. The flow anticipated in the BS-FDR appears consistent with the smaller basin analysis of this report and should be used for downstream analysis.

PROPOSED DRAINAGE DISCUSSION

Introduction

The proposed site will be developed differently than anticipated in the previous BS-FDR. The previous plan for this site maintained the existing native drainage way down the middle of Lots 1 & 2 and 3 & 4, thereby splitting the buildable area into the outer thirds of these lots. The native drainage way and "Drainage Boundary – No Build Area" (as shown on the Plat & FDR) will be eliminated with the proposed development. The proposed site and proposed drainage improvements will allow this native drainage way to be eliminated while maintaining the pass through of major flows. These modifications to the site and to the drainage patterns will allow a larger buildable area.

The existing retention pond, located just north of Lot 3, will be modified by others to become a water quality/detention pond pursuant to the WS-FDR. A new outlet works and a storm drain pipe will convey runoff from this detention pond (16.1/29.4 cfs in the 10/100 year storm events) discharging at the property line. This development is proposing a CDOT Type D inlet to capture the discharged flow and pipe it downstream along the east side of Lots 3 & 4 to discharge into the proposed Full Spectrum Extended

Detention Basin (EDB) in Lot 4. The EDB is designed to pass through, and not treat or detain, these offsite flows.

A new EDB will be provided in Lot 4. This detention basin will provide water quality treatment for portions of Lots 1 & 2, and Lots 3 & 4. In the approved Barbarick FDR there were to be two separate ponds. The new site development has been planned for a single pond to treat the developed flows. Tributary water sheet flow across the site to shallow swales that will direct runoff to the proposed EDB. The EDB will have a forebay at the confluence of the two pipe outfalls, a concrete trickle channel that terminates at a micropool structure, and is designed to treat the WQCV, EURV and 100-year detention.

A second SFB water quality with detention catchment basin will be provided at the south east/downstream end of Lot 2. This SFB will not have an outlet structure to release flows due to requirements from the gas main utility ownership of no structure to be built within the existing easements. There will be a small spillway to allow the release of large storm events. Runoff will be directed to the proposed SFB where possible.

Flow from the area north of Lot 1 (Basin O3) will pass through the site via two 24" culverts and will be discharged at the southern boundary of Lot 2, as historically done. An earthen channel will run north-south along the east side of the existing Lot 1 and Lot 2 developments. The channel is approximately 1-ft deep with 4:1 side slopes and will capture and convey any westerly flowing nuisance runoff from the proposed improvements to the sand filter detention pond as discussed in the original Barbarick Subdivision FDR, instead of the existing Lot 1 and 2 improved areas.

Runoff from the property is at historic flows and will not exceed the anticipated runoff as determined in the Sterling Ranch PDR. This is described in more detail below. The Sterling Ranch PDR includes an analysis of future drainage conditions and includes recommended infrastructure to convey this runoff. Since the Sterling Ranch surrounds the Barbarick Subdivision, it is appropriate to include the recommendations from the SR-PDR in this Proposed Drainage Discussion.

Proposed On-Site Basin Descriptions: (See Basin Map in the pocket)

On-site Basin D1 (D for Developed condition) - This developed basin encompasses approximately 11.4 acres - the majority of Lots 3 & 4 and small portions of Lots 1 & 2. This basin generates 19.7/56.0 cfs in the 5/100 year storm events and sheet flows into shallow swales that direct the runoff into the proposed EDB to be located in Lot 4. Lot 3 is based on Owner provided information for a gravel parking/vehicle storage area, and Lot 4 has been based on proposed building site improvements as identified in the rezoning application. Any changes to the land use will require an update to the Final Drainage Report; much like the original Barbarick Subdivision Final Drainage Report is being updated with the grading and Lot 4 development application.

On-site Basin D2 This undeveloped basin encompasses 1.2 acres and represents the south portion of Lot 4, below and south of the two detention ponds. This basin is historic in nature and generates 0.8/3.0 cfs and drains directly into a road side ditch within the Sterling Ranch development.

On-site Basin D3 This developed basin encompasses approximately 3.13 acres - the remaining proposed infill portions of Lots 1 and 2 (east of the currently built out Lots 1&2). As discussed in the original Barbarick Subdivision FDR, development of these areas will require a detention water quality pond. This basin generates 4.1/11.6 cfs in the 5/100 year storm events and sheet flows southerly to the proposed SFB located at the southern-most portion of Lot 2.

The following design point table is for combined allowable discharge rates from the property at respective locations including historic flows from the tributary upstream basins:

Design Point	5/100 Year	Comments
DP D1	85.4 cfs (100)	D1+O2 Pass Through
DP D2	48.9 cfs (100)	Pond Release+D2
DP D3	4.1/11.6 cfs	D3
DP D4	13.8/39.1 cfs	Pond Release +03 Pass Through

All release flows downstream are at or below historic levels.

RECOMMENDED DESIGN

Off-site Detention Facility:

This shallow pond will be modified for the proposed development to the north as part of the WS-FDR. This will eliminate the retention properties in this pond, will provide detention for off-site flows, will provide a suitable outlet structure, and will remove accumulated sediment. The modified pond will store up to 1.52 acft (66,211 cuft) to the principal spillway (elevation = 7048.05). A summary of flows into and out of this pond:

Off-site Pond Flow Summary (cfs)	<u>5 year</u>	<u>100 year</u>
Proposed Flow into offsite pond (Basin G/DP 5)	<u>57.4</u>	92.7
Increase in peak flow due to development	46.2	51.3
Proposed flow out of modified pond Reduction in peak flow	<u>16.1</u> 41.3	29.4 63.3

For complete pond design, refer to the WS-FDR.

Proposed 30" HDPE Storm Drain from Modified Off-site Detention Pond:

This storm drain will capture flows from the discharged offsite pond and route them along the perimeter of the property daylighting into the EDB in Lot 4. 4' precast concrete manholes will be used for maintenance access at all bends and grade breaks. A grouted riprap forebay will help dissipate energy at the outlet of the pipe, and allow for settling prior to entering the pond. See the Appendix for the hydraulic analysis of this storm drain (StormCAD).

In the event of an emergency and the offsite pond fails, developed flow (Q100=93.0 cfs) will overtop the pond and be collected between the proposed roadway and pond berm. Flow not captured by the proposed inlet will bypass easterly to the proposed offsite swale between this property and the Sterling Ranch property and conveyed southerly.

Proposed 18" HDPE Storm Drain Culvert:

A 18" HDPE culvert will convey collected runoff from Lot 3 (Developed Q100 = 15.90cfs) through Lot 4 to the FSD Pond and join sheet flow from Lot 4 and the 30" piped bypass flow from basin O2. This culvert will be privately owned and maintained by the property owners. See the Appendix for open channel calculations.

On-site FSD - EDB Pond in Lot 4 (Basin D1):

This On-site Full Spectrum Extended Detention Basin Pond provides water quality, EURV and 100-year detention. Onsite flows will combine with the 30-inch bypass flows from the north and pass through the EDB. The pond has been sized for the release of historic flows from Basin D1, as well as provides capacity for pass through conveyance of historic flows from the north.

The following table outlines the onsite existing and developed flow, required detention, and modifications to required detention utilizing the upstream over detention.

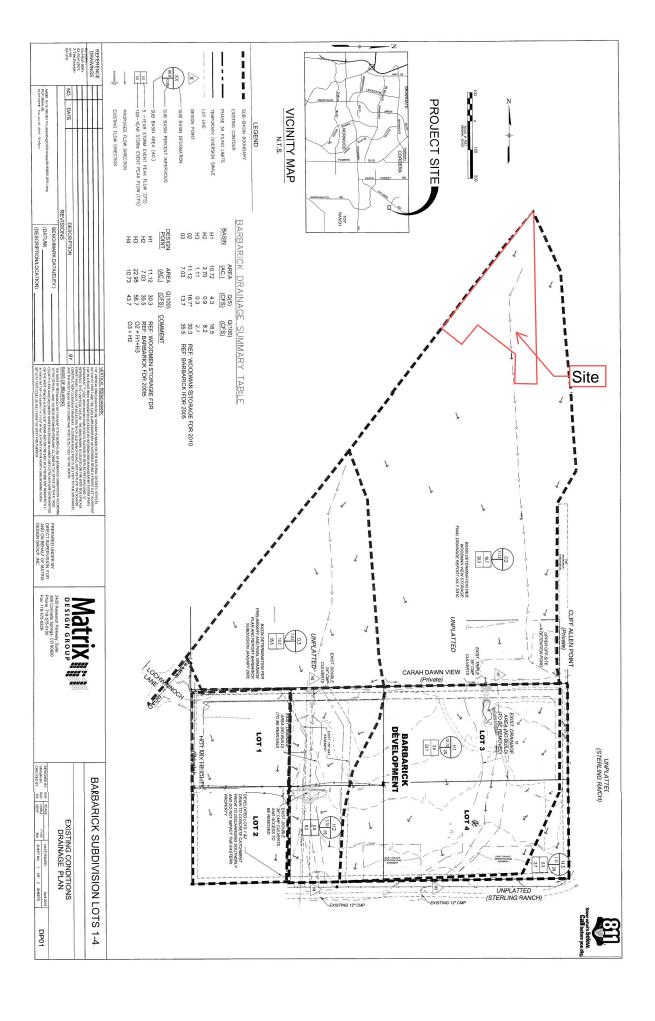
On-site Basin Flow Summary (cfs) Existing On-site Flow at Pond	<u>5 year</u> 2.2	100 year 16.5
Developed On-site Flow (Basin D1) Increase in peak flow due to development	19.7 17.5	<u>56.0</u> 39.5
Proposed Pass Through Flow from Off-Site Pond	<u>16.1*</u>	<u>29.4</u>
Proposed total flow out of EDB pond	<u>0.3</u>	45.9**

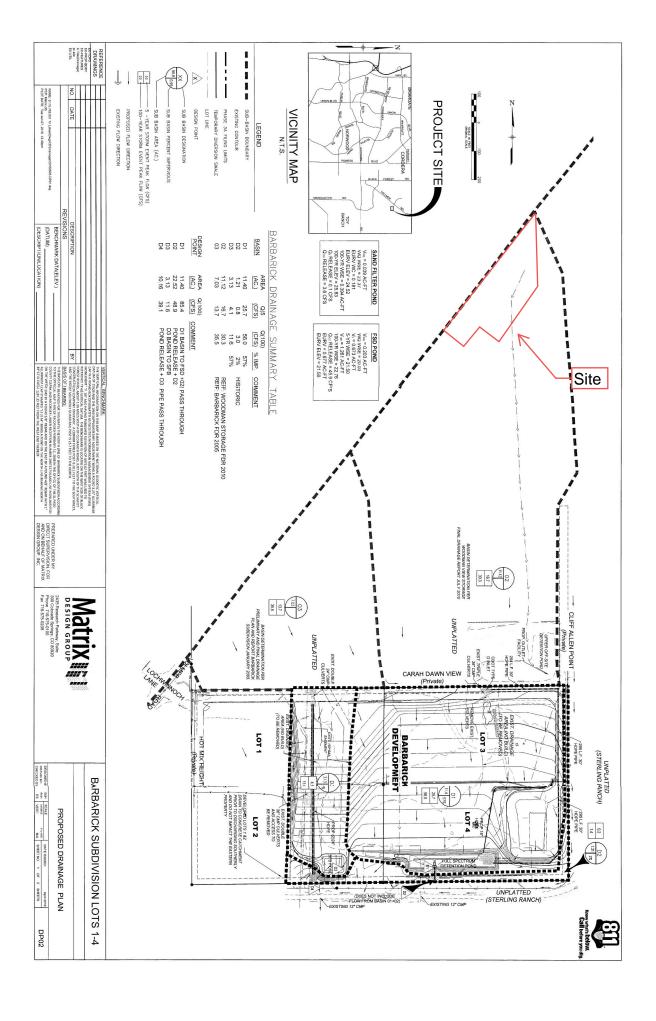
^{*}Includes 10 year from WS-FDR

^{**}Includes Pass Through flow of 29.4 cfs



Final Design for Full Spectrum Detention Basins Project: Barbarick Subdivision Basin ID: Lot 3 FSD Pond User Input: Watershed Perameters User Defined User Defined User Defined Watershed Area = 1140 Area (ft^2) Stage [ft] Volume [st-ft] See Outlet Structure Figure on Initial Design Worksheet Watershed Length 1,250 0.020 ft/ft Watershed Slope 0 50 4,076 0 03 Watershed Imperviousness 57.0% percent 1.50 10,413 0.19 Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A 15,584 2.50 0 49 Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group 8 = Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/O = 95% percent 3 00 17,528 0.68 percent 3.50 19,472 0.89 Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths = the Iron • 4 50 73,488 1.38 4.70 5.50 24,472 27,426 User Input: Detention Basin Parameters Depth of Initial Surcharge Volume = 0.33 6.50 31,603 2 64 Depth of Trickle Channel 0.50 Trickle Channel Stope = Available EURV Ponding Depth = 0 005 3 00 ft (2.99 ft recommended) Calculated Outlet Discharge Parameters User Input: Outlet Structure Parameters Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ha = Height of Grate Upper Edge H_c = Overflow Weir Front Edge Length 6.0 Over Flow Well Slope Length : Overflow Weir Slope Grate Open Area /100-yr Orifice Area H:V (enter zero for flat grate) 0 9.3 Horizontal Length of the Overflow Weir Sides Overflow Grate Area w/o Debris = Overflow Grate Open Area % : 70× %, grate open area / total area Debris Clogging % = User Input: Water Quality Orifices Inumbered from lowest to highest! Row 1 Raw 2 Row 3 Area [sq inch] 1.55 155 3 80 Stage [ft] 0.00 100 2 00 Row 7 Row 8 Row 9 Area (sq inch) User Input: 100-Year Orifice Parameters Calculated 100-yr Orifice Parameters 100-yr Restrictor Plate Type = Crase Orice 100-Year Orifice Invert Depth = 1.2 100-Year Orifice Area ft (below the lowest WQ ortfice) 100-Year Orifice Centroid 0.71 100-Year Orifice Diameter = Half-Central Angle of Plate on Pipe **Calculated Spillway Parameters** User Input: Emergency Spillway Parameters Spillway Design Flow Depth= 08 Spiltway Invert Stages 4.7 ft (relative to lowest WQ orrfice) Stage at Top of Freeboard = Spillway Crest Length Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = 23 0.63 Spillway End Slopes Freeboard above Spillway = 1.0







WOODMAN VIEW STORAGE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT

JULY 2004 REVISED FEBRUARY 2010 REVISED MAY 2010 REVISED JULY 2010

For:

Woodmen View Storage 2720 Meridian Road Peyton, CO 80831

WOODMAN VIEW STORAGE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT PAGE 2 of 5

2.2 Sub-Basin Description

- Historically, the runoff sheet-flows across the site to the south where it enters one of two draws to Sand Creek.
- A large upstream basin sheet-flows across the site.
- The offsite basin will continue to sheet-flow through the site in the developed conditions and is routed through the onsite detention pond.
- A swale is provided along the west property line to covey the discharge from the existing culvert under Vollmer Place.

3.0 DRAINAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

3.1 Development Criteria Reference and Constraints

- Previous studies for the proposed site or the surrounding areas are not available.
- The Sand Creek Drainage Basin Planning Study does not affect the proposed site.
- This study is in compliance with the following Standards except where stated herein:
 - City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1 & 2
- The simplicity and proposed use of the site do not create any drainage constraints.
- The proposed detention pond and outlet works must be constructed within the proposed site.

3.2 Hydrological Criteria

- Design rainfall is from the City/County's Criteria.
- The rational method was used to calculate peak runoff rates for the development.
- The 10-year storm was used as the minor event.
- The 100-year storm was used as the major event.
- Detention storage requirements were calculated using the Rational Stored Rate Method.



WOODMAN VIEW STORAGE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT PAGE 3 of 5

- The Water Quality Capture Volume was calculated using the City/County's criteria.
- The combined runoff from the detention pond and developed undetained basins will be less than or equal to the total historic runoff rate from the site.

4.0 DRAINAGE FACILITY DESIGN

4.1 General Concepts

The following are concepts and typical drainage patterns of the proposed drainage system:

- Runoff generated in both the minor and major storm events will sheet-flow overland to the onsite detention pond.
- A swale is graded along the west property line to convey runoff from the north side of Vollmer Place and to keep onsite runoff from leaving the site.
- The proposed development is divided into seven basins (A, B, C, D, E, F, and G).
- Basins A-D are offsite basins. The offsite basins will continue to flow through the site and will be routed through the onsite detention pond.
- Basins E-G are made up entirely of the proposed development.
- Basin E will sheet-flow to the onsite detention pond.
- Basins F and G will be released from the site undetained.

Offsite runoff will be handled in the following ways:

 Offsite flows entering the site are conveyed through the site and proposed detention pond.

The following tables, charts, and figures are presented in the appendix of this report:

- Vicinity Map and Soils Map
- ¹FIRM Map
- Runoff computation sheets
- Detention Pond calculations
- Water Quality Capture Volume calculations
- ¹Pond Outfall Sizing spreadsheet
- ¹Restrictor Plate Sizing
- ¹Weir Design Spreadsheet
- ²Culvert Calculations



WOODMAN VIEW STORAGE FINAL DRAINAGE REPORT PAGE 4 of 5

- ²Riprap Sizing Calculations
- Tables and charts from City of Colorado Springs and El Paso County Drainage Criteria Manual

4.2 Specific Details

- It is anticipated the site will be developed in two phases.
- The detention facility must be constructed with the first phase.
- The flows released from the detention pond (16.1 cfs and 29.4 cfs) during the 10-year and 100-year events respectively, are equal to the historic flow rates at Design Point H5 (16.7 cfs and 30.3 cfs) less the developed flows released from the site undetained at Design Point 7 (0.6 cfs and 0.9 cfs).
- The detention volume was calculated using the City/County's Criteria.
- The WQCV was calculated using the City/County's Criteria.
- The outlet structure for the detention pond consists of a Modified Type D inlet. The rim of the inlet is set at the water quality water surface elevation and will collect the 10-year flow.
- The 100-year flow will outfall over a weir directly to one of the draws that drain to Sand Creek.
- An 18" HDPE culvert is provided at DP3 to convey the 100-year flow,
 12.5cfs, from the onsite swale along the west property line to the onsite detention pond.
- Maintenance access to the detention pond will be provided via proposed drive aisles within the development and a gentle slope to the bottom of the pond per the City/Counties criteria.
- It is the responsibility of the property owner to maintain all drainage facilities.
- There are no immediate adverse impacts on downstream properties. The flows released from the site are equal to the historic flow rates through the site.



DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

Woodman View Storage El Paso County, CO

DETENTION POND CRITERIA

Peak release rate for the developed 10-yr and 100-yr events shall not exceed the historic rate for the drainage area

Criteria References:

El Paso County/City of Colorado Springs Drainage Criteria Manual

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District Criteria Manual

DETENTION POND RELEASE RATE CALCULATION

10-yr Historic Runoff (cfs)

Design Point H5 = 16.7

Design Point H7 = 15.3

100-yr Historic Runoff (cfs)

Design Point H5 = 30.3

Design Point H7 = 30.0

10-yr Developed Runoff (cfs)

Design Point 5 = 57.4

Design Point 6 = 2.3

Design Point 7 = 0.6

100-yr Developed Runoff (cfs)

Design Point 5 = 92.7

Design Point 6 = 3.7

Design Point 7 = 0.9

Allowable Release Rate at DP 5 (cfs)

10-yr = 16.1(DP H5 - DP 7)

100-yr = 29.4(DP H5 - DP 7)

Allowable Release Rate at DP 6 (cfs)

10-yr = 15.3(Developed < Historic therefore no detention

100-yr = 30.0at this location)

DETENTION POND VOLUME CALCULATION

Water Quality Capture Volume (VQCV) = 0.30 AC-FT **UDFCD WQCV Calculation** 7045.74

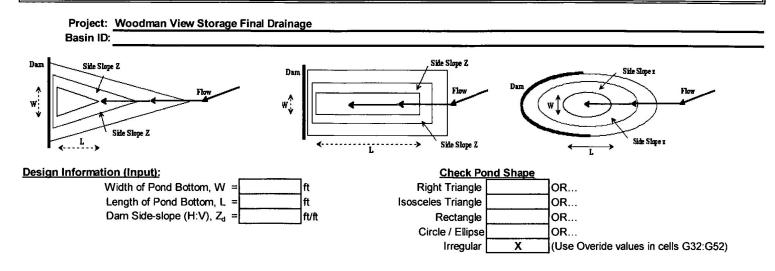
> 10-yr Volume = 0.85 AC-FT Rational Storage Rate Method

10-yr Volume + WQVC = 1.15 AC-FT 7047.47

100-yr Volume = 1.37 AC-FT Rational Storage Rate Method

100-yr Volume + WQVC/2 = 1.52 AC-FT 7048.05

STAGE-STORAGE SIZING FOR POLYGONAL, ELLIPTICAL, OR IRREGULAR PONDS



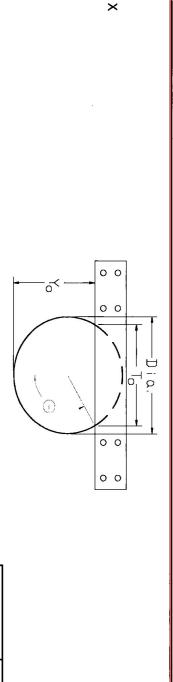
		MINOR	MAJOR	_
	Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Modified FAA':			acre-ft.
Stage-Storage Relationship:	Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Hydrograph':			acre-ft.
	Storage Requirement from Sheet 'Full-Spectrum':			acre-ft.

Labels	Stage	Side	Pond	Pond	Surface	Surface	Volume	Surface	Volume	Target Volumes
for WQCV, Minor,	17300	Slope	Width at	Length at	Area at	Area at	Below	Area at	Below	for WQCV, Minor,
& Major Storage		(H:V)	Stage	Stage	Stage	Stage	Stage	Stage	Stage	& Major Storage
Stages	ft	ft/ft	ft	ft	ft²	ft ² User	ft ³	acres	acre-ft	Volumes
(input)	(input)	Below El.	(output)	(output)	(output)	Overide	(output)	(output)	(output)	(for goal seek)
	7043.00	(input)				0		0.000	0.000	
	7043.20		0.00	0.00		85	8	0.002	0.000	
	7043.40		0.00	0.00		541	71	0.012	0.002	
	7043.60		0.00	0.00		1,206	246	0.028	0.006	
	7043.80		0.00	0.00		1,802	547	0.041	0.013	
	7044.00		0.00	0.00		2,468	974	0.057	0.022	
	7044.20		0.00	0.00		3,221	1,542	0.074	0.035	
	7044.40		0.00	0.00		4,074	2,272	0.094	0.052	
	7044.60		0.00	0.00		5,029	3,182	0.115	0.073	
	7044.80		0.00	0.00		6,067	4,292	0.139	0.099	
	7045.00		0.00	0.00		7,256	5,624	0.167	0.129	
	7045.20		0.00	0.00	is C	8,604	7,210	0.198	0.166	
	7045.40		0.00	0.00		10,126	9,083	0.232	0.209	-
	7045.60		0.00	0.00		11,774	11,273	0.270	0.259	
WQCV	7045.80		0.00	0.00		13,756	13,826	0.316	0.317	0.30 REQUIRED
	7046.00		0.00	0.00		16,086	16,810	0.369	0.386	
	7046.20		0.00	0.00		18,669	20,286	0.429	0.466	
	7046.40		0.00	0.00		21,153	24,268	0.486	0.557	
	7046.60		0.00	0.00		22,506	28,634	0.517	0.657	
	7046.80		0.00	0.00		23,692	33,254	0.544	0.763	
	7047.00		0.00	0.00		24,730	38,096	0.568	0.875	
	7047.20		0.00	0.00		25,577	43,127	0.587	0.990	
	7047.40		0.00	0.00		26,259	48,310	0.603	1.109	
10-YR WSEL	7047.60		0.00	0.00		26,971	53,633	0.619	1.231	1.15 REQUIRED
	7047.80		0.00	0.00		27,873	59,118	0.640	1.357	
	7048.00		0.00	0.00	ont .	28,982	64,803	0.665	1.488	
100-YR WSEL	7048.20		0.00	0.00		30,276	70,729	0.695	1.624	1.52 REQUIRED
	7048.40		0.00	0.00		31,774	76,934	0.729	1.766	

RESTRICTOR PLATE SIZING FOR CIRCULAR VERTICAL ORIFICES

Project: Woodman View Storage Final Drainage

Basin ID:



Sizing the Restrictor Plate for Circular Vertical Orifices or Pipes (Input)

Elev: WS =

Orifice 7,047.74

feet

#1 Vertica

#2 Vertical Orifice

Water Surface Elevation at Design Depth
Pipe/Vertical Orifice Entrance Invert Elevation
Required Peak Flow through Orifice at Design Depth
Pipe/Vertical Orifice Diameter (inches)

Orifice Coefficient

Full-flow Capacity (Calculated)

Full-flow area

Qf =	Theta =	Af =	1		င့ =	Dia =	Ω =	Elev: Invert =
19.2	3.14	1.77			0.65	18.0	8.05	1,042.67
cfs	rad	sq ft		•		inches	cfs	teet

Percent of Design Flow =

238%

Half Central Angle in Radians Full-flow capacity

Calculation of Orifice Flow Condition

Half Central Angle (0<Theta<3.1416)

Flow area

Top width of Orifice (inches)

Height from Invert of Orifice to Bottom of Plate (feet)

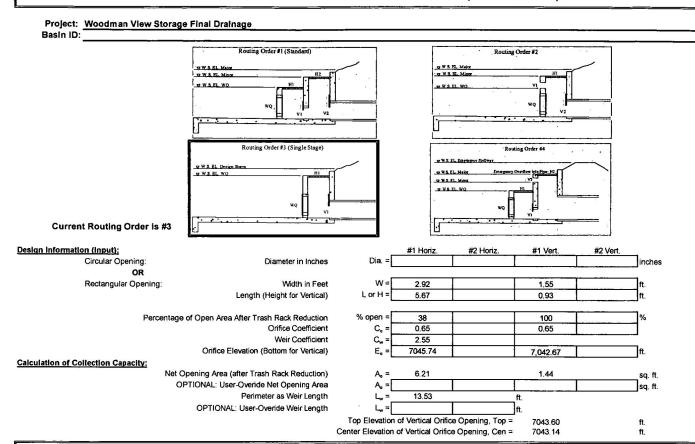
Elevation of Bottom of Plate

Resultant Peak Flow Through Orifice at Design Depth

Width of Equivalent Rectangular Vertical Orifice Centroid Elevation of Equivalent Rectangular Vertical Orifice

Equivalent Width = Equiv. Centroid El. =	Theta = A _o = T _o = Y _o = Elev Plate Bottom Edge = Q _o =
1.13 7,042.99	1.42 0.71 17.78 0.63 7,043.30 8.1
feet	rad sq ft inches feet crs

STAGE-DISCHARGE SIZING OF THE WEIRS AND ORIFICES (INLET CONTROL)



Routing 3: Single Stage - Water flows through WQCV plate and #1 horizontal opening into #1 vertical opening. This flow will be applied to culvert sheet (#2 vertical & horizontal openings is not used).

			Horizontal Orific	es			Vertical Orifices			
Labels	Water	wqcv	#1 Horiz.	#1 Horiz.	#2 Horiz.	#2 Horiz.	#1 Vert.	#2 Vert.	Total	Target Volumes
for WQCV, Minor,	Surface	Plate/Riser	Weir	Orifice	Weir	Orifice	Collection	Collection	Collection	for WQCV, Minor,
& Major Storage	Elevation	Flow	Flow	Flow	Flow	Flow	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	& Major Storage
W.S. Elevations	ft	cfs	cfs	cfs	cfs	cfs	cfs	cfs	cfs	Volumes
(input)	(linked)	(User-linked)	(output)	(output)	(output)	(output)	(output)	(output)	(output)	(link for goal seek)
	7043.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	
	7043.20	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.20	0.00	0.01	
	7043.40	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.56	0.00	0.02	
	7043.60	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.12	0.00	0.03	
	7043.80	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.13	0.00	0.04	
	7044.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.99	0.00	0.05	
	7044.20	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.75	0.00	0.07	
	7044.40	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.45	0.00	0.09	
	7044.60	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.09	0.00	0.11	
	7044.80	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.69	0.00	0.13	
	7045.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.26	0,00	0.14	
	7045.20	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.79	0.00	0.17	
	7045.40	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.30	0.00	0.19	
	7045.60	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.79	0.00	0.21	-
WQCV	7045.80	0.23	0.51	7.93	0.00	0.00	12.26	0.00	0.74	.30 REQUIRED
	7046.00	0.24	4.57	16.51	0.00	0.00	12.71	0,00	4.81	
	7046.20	0.25	10.76	21.97	0.00	0.00	13.15	0.00	11.01	
	7046.40	0.27	18.50	26.31	0.00	0.00	13.57	0.00	13.57	
	7046.60	0.28	27.52	30.03	0.00	0.00	13.98	0.00	13.98	
	7046.80	0.29	37.65	33.34	0.00	0.00	14.38	0.00	14.38	
	7047.00	0.30	48.80	36.35	0.00	0.00	14.77	0.00	14.77	
	7047.20	0.31	60.86	39.13	0.00	0.00	15.14	0.00	15.14	
	7047.40	0.33	73.79	41.73	0.00	0.00	15.51	0.00	15.51	
	7047.60	0.34	87.52	44.17	0.00	0.00	15.87	0.00	15.87	
10-YR WSEL	7047.80	0.35	102.01	46.48	0.00	0.00	16.22	0.00	16.22	1.15 REQUIRED
	7048.00	0.35	117.22	48.69	0.00	0.00	16.57	0.00	16.57	
100-YR	7048.20	0.36	133.12	50.80	0.00	0.00	16.90	0.00	16.90	1.52 REQUIRED
	7048.40	0.37	149.68	52.82	0.00	0.00	17.24	0.00	17.24	

"Calibre

STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

WEIR DESIGN SPREADSHEET

PROJECT:

Woodman View Storage

CITY/COUNTY: Colorado Springs/El Paso

DATE: 7-May-10

DESIGNER: JLT

REVIEWER: TAJ

100 Year Weir must pass:

12.5 cfs Q = 100 year flow (29.4) - 100 year inlet capacity (16.9*)

Emergency Weir must pass:

93.0 cfs Q = 100 year flow

Bottom of weir elevation = 7047.74

100-yr Available head = 0.31 feet

100 Year water elev. = 7048.05

Emergency Overflow Available head= 1.26 feet

Top of pond = 7049.00

Weir Coefficient = 3.1

Length of Rectangular Weir

Side Slope 1 Side Slope 2 22.8 FEET

25% Angle 1 25% Angle 2

75.96 DEGREES 75.96 DEGREES

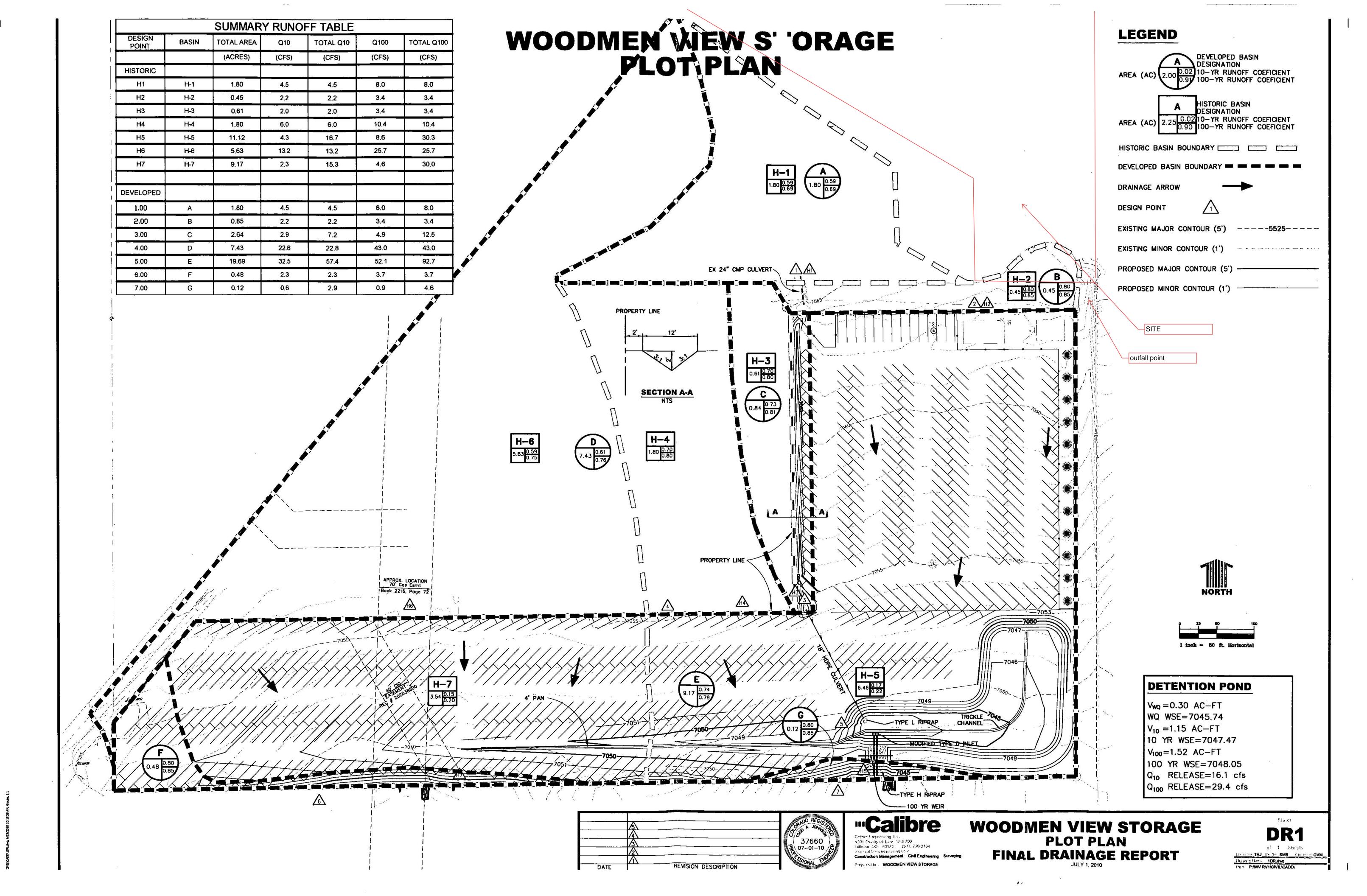
Total Angle For V-notch Weir

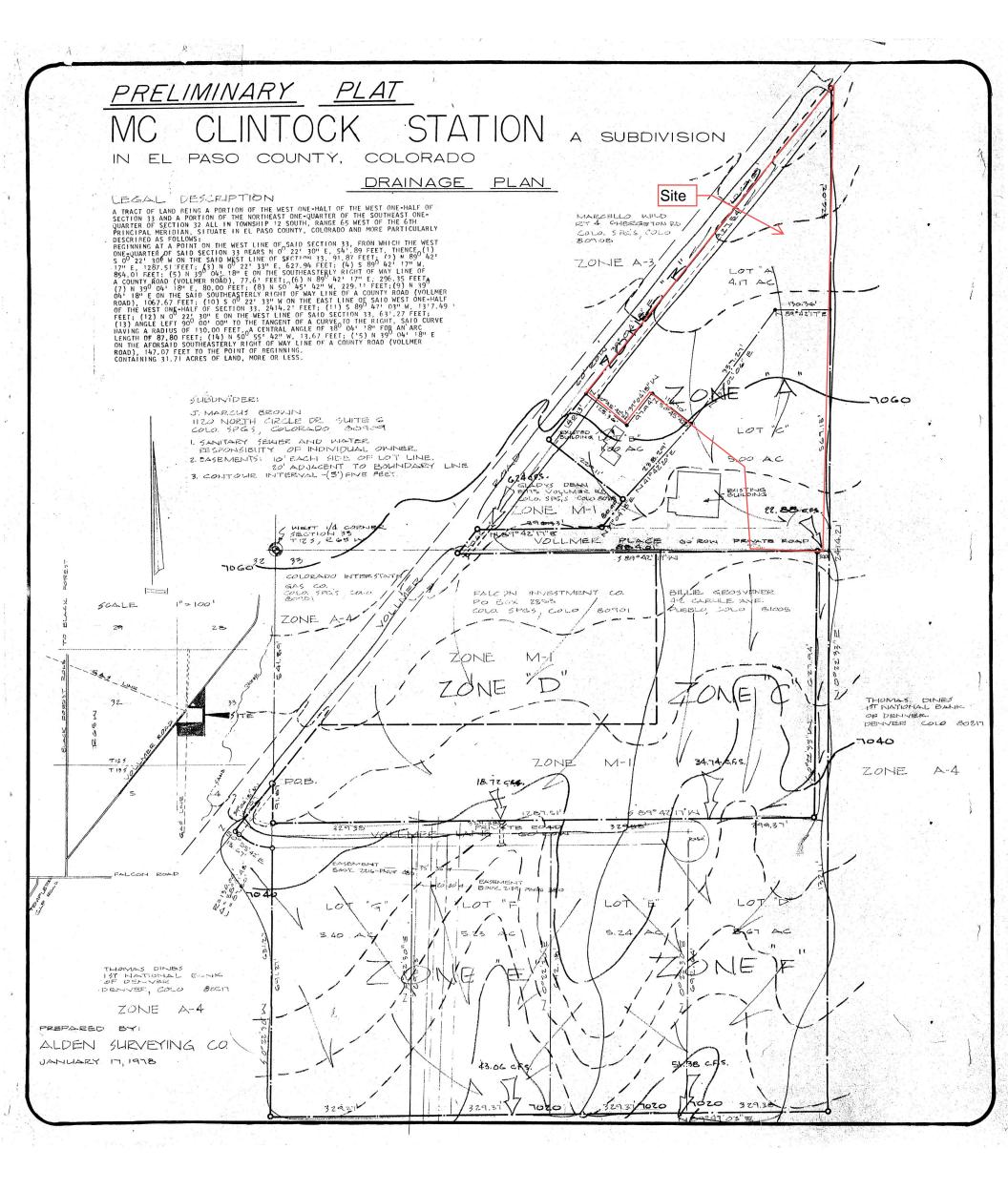
151.93

WSE	head (ft.)	Freeboard (ft.)	Rect weir (cfs)	v-notch (cfs)	total Q (cfs)	
7048.05	0.3	0.9	12.2	0.3	12.5	₹<
7049.00	1.3	0.0	100.0	9.8	109.8	<

<----Q(100) Flow <----Q(Emergency) Flow

Total Collection Capacity at 100-yr WSEL (see inlet control spreadsheet)





APPENDIX E DRAINAGE MAPS & PLANS

